### **CPD Outcome Performance Measurement System**

#### BACKGROUND

A working group, established by and composed of representatives from national housing and community development associations as well as HUD and the Office of Management and Budget (OMB), began holding monthly meetings in June 2004 for the purpose of developing an outcome performance measurement system for key HUD housing and community development programs. The working group was made up of grantee representatives from the Council of State Community Development Agencies (COSCDA), the National Community Development Association (NCDA), the National Association for County Community Economic Development (NACCED), the National Association of Housing and Redevelopment Officials (NAHRO), the National Council of State Housing Agencies (NCSHA), HUD's Offices of Community Planning and Development (CPD) and Policy Development and Research (PD&R), and the Office of Management and Budget (OMB).

The members of this working group finalized their work and reached agreement on an outcome performance measurement system to propose for grantees that receive funding from the Community Development Block Grant program (CDBG), the HOME Investment Partnerships Program (HOME), the Emergency Shelter Grant program (ESG), and the Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS program (HOPWA) formula grants. The proposed Outcome Performance Measurement System was published in the Federal Register on June 10, 2005 (70 FR 34044). The final outcome performance measurement system includes objectives, outcome measures, and indicators that describe outputs. The objectives are: Creating Suitable Living Environments, Providing Decent Affordable Housing, and Creating Economic Opportunities. The outcome categories are: Accessibility/Availability, Affordability, and Sustainability. There is a standardized list of output indicators that grantees will report on as appropriate for their chosen objectives and outcomes. Although the system is not designed to capture every activity, HUD is confident that the list is broad enough that the results of a significant amount of activities of each of the programs will be reported. Most of the output indicators required by the system do not require additional data collection or reporting.

Grantees shall incorporate performance measurements into consolidated plans or annual action plans prepared for Fiscal Year (FY) 2007 CDBG, HOME, ESG, and HOPWA funding. This will include the determination of an objective and selection of an outcome for each activity, based on the type of activity and its purpose. HUD realizes that some grantees have already completed preparation of their FY2006 plans, while others are well into the planning and development process. However, where possible, grantees should **immediately** incorporate the new performance measurements approach into consolidated plans or annual action plans that are being prepared for FY2006 funds. This will allow grantees to have a better capability to enter the expected data into IDIS, as discussed below. If a grantee has already submitted its FY2006 consolidated plan or action plan to HUD and the plan has been approved, adding new performance measurement features to the plan does not constitute an amendment under \$91.505(a); however, the grantee should determine whether this addition is an amendment under its citizen participation plan.

IDIS will begin accepting data in Spring 2006 and HUD is strongly encouraging every grantee to begin to enter data at that time for all completed activities, based on information that is available. The objectives and indicators reported in IDIS will reflect the rationale for funding that activity. The outcome will be based on the result the grantee hoped to achieve by funding the activity. The indicators will describe, in numerical terms, any particular benefit that the activity produced. In Fall 2006, it will become mandatory for all formula grantees to enter the required performance measurement data (objectives, outcomes, and indicators) into IDIS for all existing activities with a status of budgeted or underway as of the beginning of FY2007, as well as for all new activities.

Grantees are only required to report the indicators that appear for each activity; however, if a jurisdiction has activities that are not covered by these indicators, grantees can manually report any objectives, outcomes, and indicators in the narrative section of the Consolidated Annual Performance and Evaluation Report (CAPER) or State Performance Evaluation Report (PER), or HOPWA Annual Performance Report (APR).

The system has been designed to enable grantees and HUD to inform Congress, OMB, and the public of many of the outcomes of the covered programs. The goal is to begin focusing on more outcome-oriented information and be able to aggregate results across the broad spectrum of programs funded by these block grants at the city, county, and state level.

#### HOW WILL IT WORK?

Based on the intent when funding an activity, grantees will determine which of the three <u>objectives</u> best describes the purpose of the activity. The objectives will appear on an IDIS screen and the grantee will choose from the options presented. The three objectives are:

**Suitable Living Environment** - In general, this objective relates to activities that are designed to benefit communities, families, or individuals by addressing issues in their living environment.

**Decent Housing** - The activities that typically would be found under this objective are designed to cover the wide range of housing possible under HOME, CDBG, HOPWA or ESG. This objective focuses on housing programs where the purpose of the program is to meet individual family or community needs and not programs where housing is an element of a larger effort, since such programs would be more appropriately reported under Suitable Living Environment.

**Creating Economic Opportunities** - This objective applies to the types of activities related to economic development, commercial revitalization, or job creation.

Similarly, once the objective for the activity is selected, the grantee will then choose which of the three <u>outcome</u> categories best reflects what they are seeking to achieve by funding that activity, and then enter the outcome on the appropriate IDIS screen. It is important that the data are not diluted by too much information. Therefore, grantees are encouraged to report which one of the three outcomes is most appropriate for their activity. However, if the grantee believes that two outcomes of equal importance will be realized, then a second outcome may also be selected. The three outcome categories are:

**Availability**/**Accessibility**. This outcome category applies to activities that make services, infrastructure, public services, public facilities, housing, or shelter available or accessible to low-and moderate-income people, including persons with disabilities. In this category, accessibility does not refer only to physical barriers, but also to making the affordable basics of daily living available and accessible to low and moderate income people where they live.

**Affordability**. This outcome category applies to activities that provide affordability in a variety of ways in the lives of low- and moderate-income people. It can include the creation or maintenance of affordable housing, basic infrastructure hook-ups, or services such as transportation or day care.

**Sustainability: Promoting Livable or Viable Communities**. This outcome applies to projects where the activity or activities are aimed at improving communities or neighborhoods, helping to make them livable or viable by providing benefit to persons of low- and moderate-income or by removing or eliminating slums or blighted areas, through multiple activities or services that sustain communities or neighborhoods.

Each outcome category can be connected to each of the overarching objectives, resulting in a total of nine groups of outcome/objective statements under which grantees would report the activity or project data to document the results of their activities or projects. Each activity will provide one of the following statements, although sometimes an adjective such as new, improved, or corrective may be appropriate to refine the outcome statement.

- Accessibility for the purpose of creating suitable living environments
- Accessibility for the purpose of providing decent affordable housing
- Accessibility for the purpose of creating economic opportunities
- Affordability for purpose of creating suitable living environments
- Affordability for the purpose of providing decent affordable housing
- Affordability for the purpose of creating economic opportunities
- Sustainability for the purpose of creating suitable living environments
- Sustainability for the purpose of providing decent affordable housing
- Sustainability for the purpose of creating economic opportunity

Based on the objectives and outcomes selected, and, in the case of CDBG activities the national objective selected, IDIS will identify the specific <u>indicators</u> for each activity. Only the specific indicators appropriate for that activity will be available for grantees to report. Thus, the process of identifying and selecting indicators will be minimized. The objective and outcomes will combine with the activity indicator data to produce statements of national significance regarding the results of the activity.

The specific indicators are described in this notice. Grantees are reminded that these indicators will be incorporated into IDIS and, therefore, will appear on screens and not in the written format shown here. Grantees will only report this data if the indicator is a requirement of the program from which the activity is funded.

There are certain data elements commonly reported by all programs, although each of the four programs may require different specificity or may not require each element listed below. Grantees will only report the information required for each program, as currently required. No new reporting requirements are being imposed for program activities that do not currently collect these data elements. The elements include:

- Amount of money leveraged (from other federal, state, local, and private sources) per activity;
- Number of persons, households, units, or beds assisted, as appropriate;
- Income levels of persons or households by: 30 percent, 50 percent, 60 percent, or 80 percent of area median income, per applicable program requirements. However, if a CDBG activity benefits a target area, that activity will show the total number of persons served and the percentage of low/mod persons served. Note that this requirement is not applicable for economic development activities awarding funding on a "made available basis;"
- Race, ethnicity, and disability (for activities in programs that currently report these data elements)

HUD will combine the objectives, outcomes, and data reported for the indicators to produce outcome narratives that will be comprehensive and will demonstrate the benefits that result from the expenditure of these federal funds.

This system maintains the flexibility of the block grant programs, as the objectives, outcomes, and indicators will be determined by the grantees, based on the intent of the activities they choose to fund. The standardized format provides that reporting will be uniform, and therefore the achievements of these programs can be aggregated for each grantee locally and for all grantees at the national level.

# **Specific Outcome Indicators**

# 1) Public facility or infrastructure activities

Number of persons assisted:

- with new access to a facility or infrastructure benefit
- with improved access to a facility or infrastructure benefit
- where activity was used to meet a quality standard or measurably improved quality, report the number that no longer only have access to a substandard facility or infrastructure

# 2) Public service activities

Number of persons assisted:

- with new access to a service
- with improved access to a service
- where activity was used to meet a quality standard or measurably improved quality, report the number that no longer only have access to substandard service

# 3) Activities are part of a geographically targeted revitalization effort (Y/N)?

- If Yes (check one)
  - a) Comprehensive
  - b) Commercial
  - c) Housing
  - d) Other

Choose all the indicators that apply, or at least 3 indicators if the effort is (a) Comprehensive.

- Number of new businesses assisted
- Number of businesses retained
- Number of jobs created or retained in target area
- Amount of money leveraged (from other public or private sources)
- Number of low- or moderate-income (LMI) persons served
- Slum/blight demolition
- Number of LMI households assisted
- Number of acres of remediated brownfields
- Number of households with new or improved access to public facilities/services
- Number of commercial façade treatment/business building rehab
- Optional indicators a grantee may elect to use include crime rates, property value change, housing code violations, business occupancy rates, employment rates, homeownership rates (optional)

# 4) Number of commercial façade treatment/business building rehab (site, not target area based)

# 5) Number of acres of brownfields remediated (site, not target area based)

#### 6) New rental units constructed per project or activity

#### Total number of units:

Of total:

Number affordable Number section 504 accessible Number qualified as Energy Star

Of the affordable units:

- Number occupied by elderly
- Number subsidized with project-based rental assistance (federal, state, or local program)
- Number of years of affordability
- Number of housing units designated for persons with HIV/AIDS, including those units receiving assistance for operations

Of those, number of units for the chronically homeless

Number of units of permanent housing designated for homeless persons and families, including those units receiving assistance for operations Of those, number of units for the chronically homeless

#### 7) Rental units rehabilitated

#### Total number of units:

Of total:

Number affordable
Number section 504 accessible
Number of units created through conversion of nonresidential buildings to residential buildings
Number brought from substandard to standard condition (HQS or local code)
Number qualified as Energy Star
Number brought into compliance with lead safe housing rule (24 CFR part 35)

Of those affordable:

Number occupied by elderly
Number subsidized with project-based rental assistance (federal, state or local program)
Number of years of affordability
Number of housing units designated for persons with HIV/AIDS, including those units receiving assistance for operations

Of those, the number of units for the chronically homeless

Number of units of permanent housing for homeless persons and families, including those units receiving assistance for operations

Of those, number of units for the chronically homeless

# 8) Homeownership Units Constructed, Acquired, and/or Acquired with Rehabilitation (per project or activity)

#### Total number of units

Of those:

Number of affordable units Number of years of affordability Number qualified as Energy Star Number section 504 accessible Number of households previously living in subsidized housing

Of those affordable:

Number occupied by elderly Number specifically designated for persons with HIV/AIDS Of those, the number specifically for chronically homeless Number specifically designated for homeless Of those, number specifically for chronically homeless

### 9) Owner occupied units rehabilitated or improved

#### Total number of units:

Number occupied by elderly Number of units brought from substandard to standard condition (HQS or local code) Number qualified as Energy Star Number of units brought into compliance with lead safe housing rule (24 CFR part 35) Number of units made accessible for persons with disabilities

#### 10) Direct Financial Assistance to homebuyers

Number of first-time homebuyers Of those, number receiving housing counseling

Number receiving down-payment assistance/closing costs

#### 11) Tenant-Based Rental Assistance

#### Total Number of Households

#### Of those:

Number with short-term rental assistance (less than 12 months) Number of homeless households Of those, number of chronically homeless households

#### 12) Number of homeless persons given overnight shelter

#### 13) Number of beds created in overnight shelter or other emergency housing

#### 14) Homelessness Prevention

- Number of households that received emergency financial assistance to prevent homelessness
- Number of households that received emergency legal assistance to prevent homelessness

#### 15) Jobs created

#### Total number of jobs

Employer-sponsored health care (Y/N) Type of jobs created (use existing Economic Development Administration (EDA) classification) Employment status before taking job created:

Number of unemployed \_\_\_\_\_

#### 16) Jobs retained

#### Total number of jobs

Employer-sponsored health care benefits

#### 17) Businesses assisted

#### Total businesses assisted

New businesses assisted

Existing businesses assisted Of those: Business expansions Business relocations

DUNS number(s) of businesses assisted

(HUD will use the DUNS numbers to track number of new businesses that remain operational for 3 years after assistance)

**18)** Does assisted business provide a good or service to meet needs of service area/neighborhood/community (to be determined by community)?