SD

CITY OF SAN DIEGO PROPOSITIONS

ONE GENERAL OBLIGATION BOND ISSUE, NINE PROPOSED CHARTER AMENDMENTS, TOGETHER WITH ARGUMENTS.

To Be Submitted to the Qualified Voters of The City of San Diego at the

SPECIAL MUNICIPAL ELECTION TO BE HELD ON TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 4, 1975

The arguments in support or opposition of the propositions are the opinions of the authors.

EDWARD NIELSEN City Clerk



PROPOSITION A

(THIS PROPOSITION WILL APPEAR ON THE BALLOT IN THE FOLLOWING FORM)

PROPOSITION A. CITY OF SAN DIEGO BOND PROPOSAL FOR THE PURCHASE OF CERTAIN COMMUNITY CONCOURSE PROPERTIES:	YES	
To achieve savings in overall financing costs and to increase funds		· · ·
available for capital projects, shall the City incur a bonded in		
debtedness in the principal amount of Eleven Million Six Hundred		
Fifty Thousand Dollars to accomplish the immediate purchase from		
bond funds of certain Community Concourse properties which consti-	NO	
tute a City Plan?	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	· ·
This proposition requires a two-thirds vote.		

TAX RATE STATEMENT

The estimated tax rate necessary to pay the principal and interest on the proposed bond issue for the purchase of Certain Community Concourse properties during the first fiscal year 1976-77 is two and five one-hundredths cents (\$0.0205) on each one hundred dollars of the assessed valuation of the real and personal property within the City. The highest tax rate which would be required to pay the principal and interest on this bond issue is estimated to be four and seventy-eight one-hundredths cents (\$0.0478) on each one hundred dollars of the assessed valuation of the real and personal property within the City which will occur in the fiscal year 1977-78. The tax rate will be progressively less thereafter over the remaining life of bond issue.

W. G. SAGE

City Auditor and Comptroller

ARGUMENT FOR PROPOSITION A

This proposition for the authorization to sell bonds to finance the purchase of the Community Concourse is a refinancing plan which will benefit all taxpayers of the City of San Diego.

The current financing of the downtown Community Concourse properties is through a lease arrangement with the City Employees' Retirement System. The City has the opportunity to purchase the lease using proceeds from this bond issue and thus save between \$1,300,000 and \$2,000,000 over a 10 year period, depending on the interest rates when the bonds are sold. The saving is possible because the bonds will carry a lower interest rate than the present lease does.

The savings can be used for the benefit of San Diego's citizens rather than being used to pay interest. We believe Proposition A merits your support because it is a sound business decision which will benefit all taxpayers.

PETE WILSON Mayor GIL JOHNSON Deputy Mayor MICHAEL BABUNAKIS Legislative Analyst HUGH McKINLEY

ARGUMENT AGAINST PROPOSITION A

YES

NO

No argument against this proposition was filed in the Office of the City Clerk.

PROPOSITION B

(THIS PROPOSITION WILL APPEAR ON THE BALLOT IN THE FOLLOWING FORM)

PROPOSITION B. CITY OF SAN DIEGO CHARTER AMENDMENT. AMENDS SECTIONS 10, 12, AND 40 OF THE CHARTER OF THE CITY OF SAN DIEGO.

Provides that commencing in 1984, elections to the office of Mayor and City Attorney shall be held every four years at the same time as the California State primary and general elections. Extends the term of the office of Mayor elected in 1979 to five (5) years and the term of the office of City Attorney elected in 1977 to seven (7) years.

This proposition amends the Charter of The City of San Diego by amending Sections 10, 12, and 40 respectively. The portions to be deleted are printed in STRIKE-OUT TYPE and the portions to be added are underlined.

This proposition requires a majority vote.

SECTION 10. ELECTIONS.

The regular municipal primary election shall be held on the third Tuesday in September in each odd numbered year, and the general municipal election shall be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November of the same year, or, if either of these days falls on a legal holiday, then the election shall be held on the next succeeding day which is not a legal holiday; provided, however, that commencing with the year 1984 the elections to the offices of Mayor and City Attorney shall be held every four (4) years. The municipal primary election for these offices shall be held on the same date in each election year as the California State primary election, and the general municipal election for these offices shall be held on the same day as the California State general election for that year. All other municipal elections which may be held under this charter shall be known as special municipal elections.

At the municipal primary election there shall be chosen by the electors of each Council-D district two condidates for the office of any councilman from a district whose term expires the succeeding December.

There shall be chosen by all of the electors of the City not more than twice the number of candidates necessary to fill any office of any other officer whose term expires the succeeding December.

In the event that any candidate, other than council candidates, for nomination to any office for which only one person is to be elected, shall receive a majority of the votes cast for all the candidates for nomination to such office at such primary election, the candidate so receiving

such majority of all votes shall be deemed to be, and declared by the Council to be, elected to such office.

At the general municipal election the electors of the whole City shall select from among the candidates chosen at the primary election in each district one candidate for the office of the Councilman whose term expires the succeeding December, and there shall be chosen by all of the electors of the whole City from among the candidates chosen at the primary one candidate to succeed any other elective officer whose term expires in December succeeding the election.

After the result of an election for any office is declared, or when an appointment is made, the City Clerk, under his hand and official seal, shall issue a certificate therefor, and shall deliver the same immediately to the person elected or appointed, and such person must within ten days after receiving such certificate file his official bond; if one be required for his office, and take and subscribe to the oath of office required of him by this Charter, which oath must be filed with the City Clerk.

Section 12. THE COUNCIL.

The Council shall be composed of nine (9) Councilmen, including the Mayor, and shall be the legislative body of the City, each of the members of which, including the Mayor, shall have the right to vote upon all questions before it.

At the municipal primary and general election in 1979, a Mayor shall be chosen by the electors for a term of five (5) years. A Mayor shall thereafter be elected for a term of four (4) years in the manner prescribed by Section 10 of this charter. The Mayor shall hold office for the term prescribed from and after 10 a.m. the first Monday after the first day of December next succeeding his election and until his successor is elected and gualified.

Councilmen, including the Mayor, shall be elected at a general municipal election held in the odd numbered years and, except as hereinafter provided, shall hold office for the term of four [4] years from and after 10 a.m. the first Monday after the first day of December next succeeding their election and until their successors are elected and qualified. Upon any redistricting pursuant to the provisions of this Charter, incumbent councilmen will continue to represent the district in which they reside, unless as a result of such redistricting more than one incumbent councilman resides within any one district, in which case the City Council may determine by lot which councilman shall represent each district. At the next municipal primary and general elections following a redistricting, councilmen shall be elected from those districts not represented and from those districts represented by incumbent councilmen whose terms expire as of the general election in said year. If as a result of any redistricting more than a simple majority of the City Council as redistricted shall be elected at the general election next following any such redistricting, the City Council prior to any such election shall designate one or more new districts for which the initial councilmanic term shall be two (2) years in order to retain staggered terms for councilmen.

The one-year district residency requirement of Section 7 of this Charter shall not apply to a person, herein called "prospective candidate," who seeks to be a candidate for election or appointment to the office, of councilman and is otherwise eligible for the office, if all of the following conditions apply: a redistricting has occurred less than one year before prospective candidate, if elected or appointed, would take office; as a result of the redistricting, the district of prospective candidate's residence has changed to a district in which no councilmanic election will be held at the next succeeding municipal election; prior to filing his candidacy for election.

or appointment, prospective candidate moves his residence into a district bordering upon the district into which prospective candidate's residence has been placed by the redistricting.

Any vacancy occurring in the Council shall be filled from the District in which the vacancy occurs by appointment by the remaining Councilmen; but in the event that said remaining Councilmen fail to fill such vacancy by appointment within thirty (30) days after the vacancy occurs, they must immediately cause an election to be held to fill such vacancy; provided, however, that any person appointed to fill such vacancy shall hold office only until the next regular municipal election, at which date a person shall be elected to serve for the remainder of such unexpired term.

It is the duty of councilmen to attend all Council meetings. The Council shall vacate the seat of any councilman who is absent from eight (8) consecutive meetings or fifty percent (50%) of any scheduled meetings within a month unless the absence thereof is excused by resolution of the Council.

Council members, including the Mayor, shall devote full time to the duties of their office and not engage in any outside employment, trade, business, or profession which interferes or conflicts with those duties.

The rate of pay of each Councilman shall be Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00) a year.

No Councilman shall be eligible during the term for which he was appointed or elected to hold any other office or employment with the City, except as Mayor or <u>City Attorney</u> and <u>as</u> a member of any Board, Commission or Committee thereof, of which he is constituted such a member by general law or by this Charter.

Section 40. CITY ATTORNEY.

At the municipal primary and general election in 1963 1977, a City Attorney shall be elected by the people for a term of six seven (7) years. A City Attorney shall thereafter be elected for a term of four <u>(4)</u> years, provided that the election of the City Attorney to a regular term of office of four years shall not occur at the same time that the Mayor is being elected to a regular term of office of four years. in the manner prescribed by Section 10 of this Charter. The City Attorney shall be the chief legal adviser of, and attorney for the City and all Departments and offices thereof in matters relating to their official powers and duties. The attorney and his deputies shall devote their full time to the duties of the office and shall not engage in private legal practice during the term for which they are employed by the City, except to carry to a conclusion any matters for which they have been retained prior to taking office.

The City Attorney shall appoint such deputies, assistants, and employees to serve him, as may be provided by ordinance of the Council, but all appointments of subordinates other than deputies and assistants shall be subject to the Civil Service provisions of this Charter.

It shall be his duty, either personally or by such assistants as he may designate, to perform all services incident to the legal department; to give advice in writing when so requested, to the Council, its Committees, the Manager, the Commissions, or Directors of any department, but all such advice shall be in writing with the citation of authorities in support of the conclusions expressed in said written opinions; to prosecute or defend, as the case may be, all suits or

cases to which the City may be a party; to prosecute for all offenses against the ordinances of the City and for such offenses against the laws of the State as may be required of him by law; to prepare in writing all ordinances, resolutions, contracts, bonds, or other instruments in which the City is concerned, and to endorse on each his approval of the form or correctness thereof; to preserve in his office a docket of all cases in which the City is interested in any of the courts and keep a record of all proceedings of said cases; to preserve in his office copies of all written opinions furnished by him to the Council, Manager, Commission, or any officer. Such docket, copies and papers shall be the property of the City, and the City Attorney shall on retiring from office, deliver the same, together with all books, accounts, vouchers, and necessary information, to his successor in office.

He shall have charge and custody of all legal papers, books, and dockets belonging to the City pertaining to his office, and, upon a receipt therefor, may demand and receive from any officer of the City any book, paper, documents, or evidence necessary to be used in any suit, or required for the purpose of his office.

He shall apply, upon order of the Council, in the name of the City, to a court of competent jurisdiction for an order or injunction to restrain the misapplication of funds of the City or the abuse of corporate powers, or the execution or performance of any contract made in behalf of the City which may be in contravention of the law or ordinances governing it, or which was procured by fraud or corruption. He shall apply, upon order of the Council, to a court of competent jurisdiction for a writ of mandamus to compet the performance of duties of any officer or commission which fails to perform any duty expressly enjoined by law or ordinance.

The City Attorney shall perform such other duties of a legal nature as the Council may by ordinance require or as are provided by the Constitution and general laws of the State.

The Council shall have authority to employ additional competent technical legal attorneys to investigate or prosecute matters connected with the departments of the City when such assistance or advice is necessary in connection therewith. The Council shall provide sufficient funds in the annual appropriation ordinance for such purposes and shall charge such additional legal service against the appropriation of the respective Departments.

The salary of the City Attorney shall be fixed by the Council and set forth in the annual apropriation ordinance, provided that the salary of the City Attorney may not be decreased during his term of office, but in no event shall said salary be less than \$15,000.00 per year.

In the event of a vacancy occurring in the office of the City Attorney by reason of any cause, the Council shall have authority to fill such vacancy, which said authority shall be exercised within thirty (30) days after the vacancy occurs. Any person appointed to fill such vacancy shall hold office until the next regular municipal election, at which time a person shall be elected to serve the unexpired term. Said appointee shall remain in office until his successor is elected and gualified.

ARGUMENT FOR PROPOSITION B

Proposition B recognizes the importance of the City's top elective office-the Mayor.

Proposition B would have the Mayor and also the City Attorney elected at the same time as the President of the United States and other major offices. It will give more people a voice in the selection of Mayor and City Attorney because voter registration and turnout are substantially higher in Presidential election years.

Proposition B will end the special advantage enjoyed by certain Council districts to seek election to these offices without risking their council seat. According to the City Charter, elections are now held for Representatives in Districts 1, 3, 5, and 7, and for City Attorney in one year, and for Districts 2, 4, 6, B, and Mayor in another year.





This special advantage represents a substantial bias against the people who are in Districts 2, 4, 6, and 8 who want their candidate to run for mayor and for the people in Districts 1, 3, 5, and 7 who want their candidate to run for City Attorney.

In summary, Proposition B will:

- Increase voter participation in the election of Mayor and City Attorney
- End special advantages to certain Council members
- Result in a one-time savings in election costs with no increased costs over time
- Equalize the opportunity for all San Diegans to seek election to and be represented by the offices of Mayor and City Attorney.
- Raise the level of voter interest in City Council races.

LEON L. WILLIAMS Councilman—Fourth District JESS D. HARO Councilman—Eighth District

NO

01626

ROBERT L. VARNER

ARGUMENT AGAINST PROPOSITION B

No argument against this proposition was filed in the Office of the City Clerk.

PROPOSITION C

(THIS PROPOSITION WILL APPEAR ON THE BALLOT IN THE FOLLOWING FORM)

PROPOSITION C. CITY OF SAN DIEGO CHARTER AMENDMENT. AMENDS SECTIONS 16 AND 75 OF THE CHARTER OF THE CITY OF SAN DIEGO. Provides that the ordinances making the annual tax levy may be passed by the City Council on the day of their introduction and

passed by the City Council on the day of their introduction, and may be adopted on the last day in August instead of the last Tues day in August.

This proposition amends the Charter of The City of San Diego by amending Sections 16 and 75 respectively. The portions to be deleted are printed in STRIKE-OUT TYPE and the portions to be added are underlined.

This proposition requires a majority vote.

Section 16. INTRODUCTION AND PASSAGE OF ORDINANCES AND RESOLUTIONS.

Ordinances shall be introduced in the Council only in written or printed form. All ordinances, except annual appropriation ordinances and ordinances codifying or re-arranging rearranging existing ordinances, shall be confined to one subject, and the subject or subjects

of all ordinances shall be clearly expressed in the title. Ordinances making the annual tax levy, I the annual appropriation ordinance, any ordinance calling or relating to elections, ordinances recommended by the City Manager or other independent department heads transferring or appropriating moneys already appropriated by the annual appropriation ordinance, ordinances establishing or changing the grade of a public highway, and emergency ordinances as defined by Section 17 of this Charter, may be passed by the Council on the day of their introduction. Other ordinances, however, shall be passed only after twelve (12) calendar days have elapsed between the day of their introduction and the day of their final passage. Each ordinance shall be read in full prior to the final passage of such ordinance, unless such reading shall be dispensed with by a vote of not less than a majority of the members elected to the Council, and not then unless there shall have been available for the consideration of each member of the Council and the public prior to the day of its final passage a written or printed copy of said ordinance. The yeas and nays shall be taken upon the passage of all ordinances and entered upon the journal of the proceedings of the Council. The yeas and nays shall be taken and entered upon the passage of all resolutions receiving a split vote, or upon the request of two or more members of the Council. The enacting clause of ordinances passed by the Council shall be "Be it ordained by the Council of The City of San Diego." The enacting clause of ordinances submitted by the initiative shall be "Be it ordained by the $_{
m P}$ People of The City of San Diego.'

Section 75: ANNUAL TAX LEVY.

The Council shall finally adopt, not later than the last Tuesday day in August of each year, an ordinance levying upon the assessed valuation of all property in the City, a rate of taxation sufficient to raise the amount estimated to be required in the annual budget and as herein provided, less the amounts estimated to be received from fines, licenses, and other sources of revenue, using as a basis the value of the property as assessed by the County Assessor, as the same may be equalized and returned to the <u>-c</u> Council by the County Auditor as provided by general law. The Council shall immediately thereafter transmit to the County Auditor of the County of San Diego, a statement of such rate or rates so fixed by it.

ARGUMENT FOR PROPOSITION C

The two related City Charter amendments in Proposition C are intended to enable the City Council to adopt the annual appropriation ordinance, or budget, and to establish the necessary tax levy at the same time.

Of equal importance in an orderly budget process, this amendment would resolve a problem created by recent state legislation in that it would afford the Council a few additional days to study assessment figures provided by the County prior to the required Council action on the tax levy ordinance.

We believe these changes will streamline the existing procedures, will in no way add to costs, and will continue to provide for the needed citizen involvement in establishing levels of municipal services.

PETE WILSON Mayor GIL JOHNSON Deputy Mayor L. R. "LEE" HUBBARD, JR. Councilman—Third District HUGH McKINLEY

01627



ARGUMENT AGAINST PROPOSITION C

No argument against this proposition was filed in the Office of the City Clerk.

PROPOSITION D

(THIS PROPOSITION WILL APPEAR ON THE BALLOT IN THE FOLLOWING FORM)

PROPOSITION D. CITY OF SAN DIEGO CHARTER AMENDMENT. AMENDS SECTION 35 OF THE CHARTER OF THE CITY OF SAN DIEGO. Deletes the dollar limits for the purchasing of supplies, materials, equipment and insurance without advertising for sealed proposals	• .
and substitutes limits to be established by ordinance of the City Council. Specifically authorizes the City Council to allow the City Purchasing Agent to participate in joint and cooperative purchasing with other public agencies.	 · . ·

This proposition amends the Charter of The City of San Diego by amending Section 35. The portions to be deleted are printed in STRIKE-OUT TYPE and the portions to be added are underlined.

This proposition requires a majority vote.

Section 35. PURCHASING AGENT.

The Purchasing Agent shall make all purchases of supplies, materials, equipment, and insurance required by the various Departments or offices of the City, except as may be otherwise provided by the Council or this Charter. He shall prepare in consultation with the administrative officers of the City standard specifications for all supplies, materials, equipment, and insurance necessary for use by the various Departments or offices of the City.

In purchasing any supplies, materials, equipment and insurance required by various Departments or offices of the City, if the cost of said supplies, materials, equipment and insurance exceeds in amount the sum of \$5,000.00 a sum to be established by ordinance of the City Council, no such purchase shall be made without advertising for sealed proposals therefor. Notices calling for such sealed proposals shall be published for one day in the official newspaper of the City, and a contract let for such purpose only after the expiration of ten days following said advertising. If the cost of the said supplies, materials, equipment and insurance required by said City exceeds the sum of \$1,000.00, but is not in excess of \$5,000.00 falls within a dollar range also established by ordinance of the City Council, the said purchase may be made by said Purchasing Agent without advertising for sealed proposals, but not until said Purchasing Agent has secured competitive prices from merchants or other persons interested in making the sale to said City and not until the Purchasing Agent has been authorized by the Council to make such purchase. Purchases of supplies, materials, equipment and insurance required by the various Departments or offices of the City which do not exceed the sum of \$1,000.00 in cost

NON. 4, 1975



a sum established by ordinance of the City Council may be made by the Purchasing Agent directly upon the request of the department interested.

The Council shall by ordinance provide for the sale, exchange or other disposal by the Purchasing Agent of any surplus, used, obsolete or depreciated personal property belonging to the City.

The Council by resolution may order the purchase without advertising for bids of surplus commodities from the United States of America, or any agency thereof, or from any other public corporation, state or municipal, or any agency thereof. The Council may authorize the Purchasing Agent to participate in joint and cooperative purchasing with any other public corporation, state or municipal, or agencies thereof. The Council may also authorize said Purchasing Agent to sell to any other public corporation, state or municipal, any supplies, material and equipment which said City may have been able to purchase in guantity at a reduced price.

Supplies shall be furnished upon requisition either from the stores under the control of the Purchasing Agent or by purchase, and whenever so purchased shall be paid for by the Department or office furnished therewith. It shall be the duty of the Purchasing Agent to inspect or cause to be inspected all purchases, and reject any of those which are not up to the standard specifications provided therefor, and he shall not approve any bid or voucher for articles which are not in conformity with specifications, or which are at variance with any contract. The Purchasing Agent shall not furnish supplies to any Department or office unless there be to the credit thereof an available unencumbered balance sufficient to pay for such supplies.

Materials, supplies or equipment not needed by a Department or office, but necessary to another Department or office, may be transferred by the Purchasing Agent and a proper record made of the transaction. He shall have charge of such storerooms and warehouses of the City as the Manager may provide or the Council by ordinance may authorize. The Council may, upon recommendation of the Manager, authorize the Purchasing Agent to purchase materials, supplies, or equipment in common use by the Departments and offices in large quantities and store the same until requisitioned by the Departments or offices for use. The Council shall provide a sufficient revolving fund in the annual appropriation ordinance of an adequate amount for the purpose of creating a store's account and stock for future supply of the Departments and offices when needed.

The Purchasing Agent shall keep a record of all sources of supply, of all quotations received, of all awards made, of all inspections, of all requisitions filed, and of all vendors furnishing commodities to the City. He shall perform such other duties as may be prescribed by general law or ordinance or by the Manager.

ARGUMENT FOR PROPOSITION D

Proposition D will enable the City Council to set the rules and regulations under which the Purchasing Agent shall make all purchases, and will allow cooperative purchases with the State of California and other agencies.

If the City could have joined with the State in cooperative purchases last year, \$30,000 could have been saved in electric light bulb purchases alone.

As Section 35 of the Charter now stands, the Council is required to authorize all purchases over \$1,000 and formal advertising is required on all purchases over \$5,000. This procedure is

cumbersome and costly both in terms of dollars and time. For example, a burned-out sewage pump motor needing more than \$1,000 in repairs had to wait for the weekly Council meeting before a contract for repairs could be let—increasing the risk of a sewage spill.

To allow the Council to take advantage of the lower prices afforded by volume purchasing through cooperation with the State and other agencies, and to streamline the City's ability to deal with emergency situations, we urge a "Yes" vote on Proposition D.

ED BUTLER Former City Attorney

VINCE CITY ALLOTIC

YES

NO

ARGUMENT AGAINST PROPOSITION D

No argument against this proposition was filed in the Office of the City Clerk.

PROPOSITION E

(THIS PROPOSITION WILL APPEAR ON THE BALLOT IN THE FOLLOWING FORM)

PROPOSITION E. CITY OF SAN DIEGO CHARTER AMENDMENT. AMENDS SECTION 55 OF THE CHARTER OF THE CITY OF SAN DIEGO. Reduces the amount presently being set aside in the Mt. Hope Cemetery Perpetuity Fund from fifty percent (50%) of the revenue from sales to twenty percent (20%) of the revenue from sales, and requires the City Council to set aside sufficient funds to defray maintenance costs if the income from the Perpetuity Fund proves insufficient.

This proposition amends the Charter of The City of San Diego by amending Section 55. The portions to be deleted are printed in STRIKE-OUT TYPE and the portions to be added are underlined.

This proposition requires a majority vote.

Section 55. PARK AND RECREATION.

The City Manager shall have the control and management of parks, parkways, plazas, beaches, cemeteries, street trees, landscaping of \leftarrow City owned property, golf courses, playgrounds, recreation centers, recreation camps and recreation activities held on any \leftarrow City playgrounds, parks, beaches and piers, which may be owned, controlled or operated by the City. The City Council shall by ordinance adopt regulations for the proper use and protection of said park property, cemeteries, playgrounds and recreation facilities, and provide penalties for violations thereof. The Manager is charged with the enforcement of such regulations.

All real property owned in fee by the City heretofore or hereafter formally dedicated in perpetuity by ordinance of the Council or by statute of the State Legislature for park, recrea-

tion or cemetery purposes shall not be used for any but park, recreation or cemetery purposes without such changed use or purpose having been first authorized or later ratified by a vote of two thirds of the qualified electors of the City voting at an election for such purpose. However, real property which has been heretofore or which may hereafter be set aside without the formality of an ordinance or statute dedicating such lands for park, recreation or cemetery purposes may be used for any public purpose deemed necessary by the Council.

Whenever the City Manager recommends it, and the City Council finds that the public interest demands it, the City Council may, without a vote of the people, authorize the opening and maintenance of streets and highways over, through and across City fee owned land which has heretofore or hereafter been formally dedicated in perpetuity by ordinance or statute for park, recreation and cemetery purposes.

The City Manager shall also have charge of the management, control, preservation, regulation, improvement and embellishment of all public burial grounds and cemeteries belonging to the City, and the sale of lots therein. At least fifty twenty percent of the net proceeds from the sale of all cemetery lots shall be deposited with the City Treasurer and be kept in a fund to be known as the Cemetery Perpetuity Fund. This fund shall be administered by the Funds Commission and shall be invested in such income-producing securities as the Funds Commission may decide. The principal of the perpetuity fund (subject to such accretion or diminution as may result from investing the same) shall not be available for meeting expenses for maintenance or upkeep of the cemeteries in any manner whatsoever. All income derived from the investment of the moneys in said perpetuity fund, together with the balance of the sale price of said lots not placed in the perpetuity fund, shall be expended in the maintenance and upkeep of the cemeteries and the perpetual care and upkeep of all graves and lots in said cemeteries; provided, however, that if in any one year such income is more than needed for the purpose of such maintenance, upkeep and perpetual care the Council may direct that the excess over and above that needed as above provided may be used for any other municipal purpose. Until If the income from said investments of said perpetuity fund and the balance of the sale price of said lots each year are not sufficient to maintain the cemeteries and to provide perpetual care and upkeep of all graves and lots in said cemeteries the Council shall annually appropriate from other revenues an amount sufficient to enable the City to provide perpetual care and upkeep of all graves and lots in the cemeteries.

ARGUMENT FOR PROPOSITION E

Perpetuity funds are established for cemeteries by State law to insure that the grounds will be maintained properly for all time. More than one hundred years ago it was decided that the City's cemetery, Mount Hope, would contribute one hundred percent (100%) of the revenue from lot sales into a Perpetuity Fund. As the Perpetuity Fund grew and the yearly interest in creased accordingly, the amount contributed from lot sales was reduced to fifty percent (50%). This came about by popular vote in 1947. Even at this reduced rate the principal continued to grow and now amounts to \$1,323,900.

Inflation has increased the cost of operating and maintaining the cemetery to the point where a subsidy has been required from the City's General Fund tax revenues. By reducing the amount deposited in the Perpetuity Fund to twenty percent (20%) through the passage of Proposition E, fewer tax dollars will be required.

At the new twenty percent (20%) figure, it is estimated that the Perpetuity Fund will contain more than \$35,000,000 before the cemetery is retired from use. Even assuming a continuing rise in all costs through inflation for the next fifty years, the Perpetuity Fund should insure the future maintenance of Mount Hope Cemetery grounds.

Vote "Yes" on Proposition E to reduce the need for tax revenues.

WALLACE FEATHERINGILL

HARTWELL W. RAGSDALE

REV. G. JAMES WASHINGTON MILTON R. CHEVERTON

ARGUMENT AGAINST PROPOSITION E

No argument against this proposition was filed in the Office of the City Clerk.

PROPOSITION F

(THIS PROPOSITION WILL APPEAR ON THE BALLOT IN THE FOLLOWING FORM)

PROPOSITION F. CITY OF SAN DIEGO CHARTER AMENDMENT. AMENDS SECTION 94 OF THE CHARTER OF THE CITY OF SAN DIEGO. Deletes the requirement that a surety bond insuring faithful per-		
formance of City contracts be furnished on contracts less than Twenty-five Thousand Dollars (\$25,000).	NO	

This proposition amends the Charter of The City of San Diego by amending Section 94. The portions to be deleted are printed in STRIKE OUT TYPE and the portions to be added are underlined.

This proposition requires a majority vote.

Section 94. CONTRACTS.

In the construction, reconstruction or repair of public buildings, streets, utilities and other public works, and in furnishing supplies, materials, equipment or contractual services for the same, when the expenditure therefor shall exceed the sum of \$2,500.00, the same shall be done by written contract, except as otherwise provided in this Charter, and the Council, on the recommendation of the Manager or the head of the Department in charge if not under the Manager's jurisdiction, shall let the same to the lowest responsible and reliable bidder, not less than ten days after advertising for one day in the official newspaper of the City for sealed proposals for the work contemplated. If the cost of said public contract work exceeds the sum of \$1,000.00, but is not in excess of \$2,500.00, the City shall have secured competitive prices from contractors interested, which shall be taken under consideration by said Council

before said contract is let. The Council may, however, upon the recommendation of the Manager and by a vote of two-thirds of the members elected to the Council, order the performance of any such construction and reconstruction or repair work by appropriate – <u>C</u>ity forces when the estimates submitted as part of the Manager's recommendation indicate that the work can be done by the <u>C</u>ity forces more economically than if let by contract.

In case of a great public calamity, such as extraordinary fire, flood, storm, epidemic or other disaster the Council may, by resolution passed by a vote of two-thirds of the members elected to the Council, determine and declare that the public interest or necessity demands the immediate expenditure of public money to safeguard life, health or property, and thereupon they may proceed, without advertising for bids or receiving the same, to expend, or enter into a contract involving the expenditure of any sum required in such emergency, on hand in the City treasury and available for such purpose. All contracts before execution shall be approved as to form and legality by the City Attorney.

Each bidder shall furnish with his bid such security or deposit insuring the execution of the contract by him as shall be specified by the Council or as provided by general law.

For contracts exceeding \$25,000.00,—T the Council shall require each contractor <u>under this</u> Section to insure the faithful performance of his contract by delivering to the City a surety bond in an amount specified by the Council, executed by a surety company authorized to do business in the State of California, and in addition thereton; provided, however, that in all contracts the Council shall require the retention of sufficient payments under the contract to insure the protection of the City against labor or material liens.

The Council, on the recommendation of the Manager, or the <u>H</u> head of the Department not under the jurisdiction of the Manager, may reject any and all bids and readvertise for bids. The Council may provide that no contract shall be awarded to any person, firm or corporation if prison or alien labor is to be employed in performing such contract, or if the wage schedule for employees engaged in performing such contract is based on more than eight hours of labor per day. Any contract may be let for a gross price or on a unit basis and may provide for liquidated damages to the City for every day the contract is uncompleted beyond a specified date. It shall be competent in awarding any contract to compare bids on the basis of time completion, provided that when any award has been made in consideration, in whole or in part, of the relative time estimates of bidders for the completion of the work, the performance in accordance with such time limits shall be secured by a surety bond as hereinabove provided with adequate sureties and penalties, and provided further, that for any contract awarded solely or partially on a specified time for completion the Council shall not extend such time limits unless such extension be recommended by the Manager and the <u>H</u> head of the Department concerned.

No officer, whether elected or appointed, of The City of San Diego shall be or become directly or indirectly interested in, or in the performance of, any contract with or for The City of San Diego, or in the purchase or lease of any property, real or personal, belonging to or taken by said City or which shall be sold for taxes or assessments or by virtue of legal process or suit of said City. Any person wilfully violating this section of the Charter shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall immediately forfeit his office and be thereafter forever barred and disqualified from holding any elective or appointive office in the service of the City. No officer, whether elected or appointed, shall be construed to have an interest within the meaning of this section unless the contract, purchase, lease, or sale shall be with or for the benefit of the office, board, department, bureau or division with which said officer is directly connected in the

14

01634

performance of his duties and in which he or the office, board, department, bureau or division he represents exercises legislative, administrative or quasi-judicial authority in the letting of or performance under said contract, purchase, lease or sale.

All contracts entered into in violation of this <u>S</u> section shall be void and shall not be enforceable against said City; provided, however, that officers of this municipality may own stock in public utility service corporations and the City permitted to contract for public utility service when the rates for such service are fixed by law or by virtue of the Public Utilities Commission of the State of California; and provided further, that no officer shall be prohibited from purchasing the services of any utility whether publicly or privately owned, whether or not the rates are fixed by law or by the Public Utilities Commission of the State of California; and provided further, that in designating any bank as a depository for the funds of said City, any officer interested as a stockholder or otherwise in such bank shall not be deemed to have an interest in such City contract within the meaning of this section, and in each of the cases enumerated herein such contracts shall be valid and enforceable obligations against the municipality.

ARGUMENT FOR PROPOSITION F

Presently all construction contracts involving more than \$1,000 require a surety bond be submitted by the successful (low bid) contractor. Many small contractors or minority contractors have the experience and equipment to meet the City's needs, but because of the surety bond requirement they are unable to compete against larger organizations for the City's business. Proposition F would delete the requirement of a surety bond on contracts of less than \$25,000. Adequate safeguards of performance through requirements of licensing by the California Contractors Licensing Board, financial statements and inventories of experience and equipment available will remain in the City's process of letting contracts.

A "Yes" vote on Proposition F will allow more small construction businesses to bid on City contracts. Passage of Proposition F will benefit small and minority owned business, and it will benefit the taxpayer by increasing the competition for City contracts.

GIL JOHNSON. Deputy Mayor

LEON L. WILLIAMS Councilman—Fourth District

JESS D. HARO Councilman—Eighth District

ARGUMENT AGAINST PROPOSITION F

No arguments against this proposition was filed in the Office of the City Clerk.

PROPOSITION G

(THIS PROPOSITION WILL APPEAR ON THE BALLOT IN THE FOLLOWING FORM)

PROPOSITION G. CITY OF SAN DIEGO CHARTER AMENDMENT. AMENDS SECTION 98 OF THE CHARTER OF THE CITY OF SAN DIEGO.	
Deletes the Five Hundred Dollars (\$500) limit on alterations in	
contracts without specific Council authorization and substitutes a limit to be established by ordinance of the City Council.	NO

This proposition amends the Charter of The City of San Diego by amending Section 98. The portions to be deleted are printed in STRIKE-OUT TYPE and the portions to be added are underlined.

This proposition requires a majority vote.

Section 98. ALTERATION IN CONTRACTS.

Whenever it becomes necessary in the opinion of the <u>City</u> Manager to make alterations, the cost of which exceeds five hundred dollars (\$500.00), in any contract entered into by the City, such alterations shall be made only when authorized by the Council upon written recommendation of the Manager, whenever the cost of such alterations increases the amount of the contract by more than the amount authorized by ordinance passed by the Council. No such alterations, the cost of which exceeds five hundred dollars (\$500.00) the amount authorized by ordinance, shall be valid unless the new price to be paid for any supplies, materials, or work under the altered contract shall have been agreed upon in writing and signed by the contractor and the Manager prior to such authorization by the Council. All other alterations shall be made by agreement in writing between the contractor and the Manager.

ARGUMENT FOR PROPOSITION G

In the original City Charter of 1931, Section 98 called for Council to approve all alterations in City contracts by formal resolution. As the City increased in size it sometimes happened that more was spent in paperwork and time for a necessary contract change than the change itself was worth.

In 1966 voters approved a Charter amendment which left minor changes in contracts (under \$500) to the discretion of the City Manager. But in just nine years inflation has had the effect of returning the Charter to its original and costly rigidity since few, if any, changes in construction work cost less than \$500 in 1975.

Proposition G will allow your elected representatives to establish realistic limitations by ordinance, taking into consideration the extent and importance of requested alterations, yet insuring that contracts can be completed in a timely and economical manner. The important

safeguard of Council control of funds for City contracts will be maintained as the original Charter intended.

GIL JOHNSON Deputy Mayor

JOYCE BEERS

Member, Charter Revision Committee 1973

J. P. EKSTRAND President, Sim J. Harris Company J. GARY DENNIS Secretary, V. R. Dennis Construction Company

R. B. WOOLLEY, JR. Owner, Continental Properties

ARGUMENT AGAINST PROPOSITION G

No argument against this proposition was filed in the Office of the City Clerk.

PROPOSITION H

(THIS PROPOSITION WILL APPEAR ON THE BALLOT IN THE FOLLOWING FORM)

PROPOSITION H. CITY OF SAN DIEGO CHARTER AMENDMENT. AMENDS SECTION 129 OF THE CHARTER OF THE CITY OF SAN DIEGO.	YES	
Grants to the Civil Service Commission authority to establish pro-		
cedures for hearing appeals of classified employees who have been suspended from office for cause and to establish rules and regula- tions governing layoffs for lack of funds or work.	NO	

This proposition amends the Charter of The City of San Diego by amending Section 129. The portions to be deleted are printed in STRIKE OUT TYPE and the portions to be added are underlined.

This proposition requires a majority vote.

Section 129. REMOVALS, SUSPENSION AND LAYOFFS.

Any officer or employee of the City in the classified service may be laid off, suspended or removed from office or employment for cause by the appointing authority. Written notice of lay off, suspension or removal given to any officer or employee, or written notice left at or mailed to his or her usual place of residence, shall be sufficient to put any such lay off, suspension or removal into effect. The person so notified may, within five days after such notice, demand a written statement of the reasons therefor and the right to be heard before the Civil Service Commission. Upon such demand the officer making the lay off, suspension or appointing authority ordering the removal shall supply the person notified thereof and the Civil Service Commission with a written statement of the reasons therefor, and the Commission shall fix a time and place

for a public hearing. Following the public hearing, and such investigation as the Civil Services. Commission may see fit to make, the Commission shall report its findings and recommendations to the authority responsible for the lay off, suspension or removal as specified in the notice. Thereupon the authority making the lay off, suspension or removal shall make such final disposition of the matter as may be determined by the Civil Service Commission. The decision of the Civil Service Commission in any such case shall be final. A copy of the written statement of reasons given for any lay off, suspension or removal, and a copy of any written reply thereto by the officer or employee involved, together with a copy of the decision of the Civil Service Commission shall be filed as a public record in the office of the Civil Service Commission.

Any officer or employee of the City in the classified service may be suspended from office or employment for cause by the appointing authority. Written notice of suspension given to any officer or employee, or written notice left at or mailed to his or her place of residence, shall be sufficient to put any such suspension into effect. The person so notified may, within five days after such notice, demand a written statement of the reasons therefor and a right to appeal said suspension. Upon such demand the officer making the suspension shall supply the person notified thereof and the Civil Service Commission with a written statement of the reasons therefor. The appellant shall be accorded all rights and privileges pursuant to law. The Civil Service Commission shall by rules or regulations, establish procedures for conducting hearings and/or investigations, and reporting findings and recommendations to the appointing authority. All findings and recommendations in any such case shall be final.

<u>The Civil Service Commission shall promulgate rules and regulations necessary to govern</u> layoffs for lack of funds, lack of work, or insufficient appropriation to meet the salary requirements necessary to maintain existing personnel in any office or department of the City of San Diego.

ARGUMENT FOR PROPOSITION H

The City Charter, as adopted in 1931, provided that all City employees have the right to a public hearing before the Civil Service Commission to appeal any significant disciplinary action, specifically terminations and suspensions, taken against them. This protection was and continues to be an important element of the City's merit system.

The Charter as adopted could not have foreseen the tremendous population growth and social change San Diego would experience in the next 44 years. Since then the number of appeals received by the Commission, comprised of uncompensated appointees from the community, has grown ten times from an average of four per year to over fifty. During the last year, the Commission devoted 584 hours to hearing appeals.

As a result of this increase, the Commission cannot provide a timely hearing in each case. Currently, a delay of several months is not unusual. Delays such as this are not consistent with the Charter's and the Commission's goal of providing a timely resolution of conflicts regarding discipline.

Proposition H will help solve this problem by making it possible for the Commission to establish additional procedures for conducting hearings on disciplinary suspensions (approximately 90% of the appeals received). It would then be possible to have suspension appeals heard by less than a majority of the Commission. We would then have the ability to conduct several hearings concurrently. This proposal would not in any way change the procedures for termina-



<u>tion appeals.</u> This is similar to the types of hearing procedures which have been successfully " adopted by many other large California cities and counties.

Proposition H will also provide some needed wording changes which will clarify the present Charter.

These changes will result in more efficient City operation without any corresponding increase in costs to the taxpayer. We urge you to vote yes on Proposition H.

San Diego City Civil Service Commission

ARMON L. HENDERSON

LA DONNA HATCH

NICK S. ATMA VIRA WILLIAMS

YES

N0

ARGUMENT AGAINST PROPOSITION H

No argument against this proposition was filed in the Office of the City Clerk.

PROPOSITION J

(THIS PROPOSITION WILL APPEAR ON THE BALLOT IN THE FOLLOWING FORM)

PROPOSITION J. CITY OF SAN DIEGO CHARTER AMENDMENT. ADDS SECTION 77C TO THE CHARTER OF THE CITY OF SAN DIEGO. Grants the City Council power to levy annually a special tax not to exceed five cents (\$0.05) on each One Hundred Dollars (\$100) of assessed valuation of real and personal property to be used solely and exclusively for public transportation for the elderly and handicapped.

This proposition adds Section 77c to the Charter of The City of San Diego. The portions to be added are underlined.

This proposition requires a majority vote.

Section 77c. PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION FOR THE ELDERLY AND HANDICAPPED.

The Council may levy, in addition to all other taxes provided for in this Charter, a special tax in an amount not to exceed five cents (\$0.05) on each one hundred dollars (\$100.00) of the assessed valuation of all real and personal property within the City, to be used for discharging any obligations undertaken by the City to acquire, develop, operate and maintain a public transportation system for the elderly and handicapped as those persons may be defined from time to time by resolution of the Council. The method of operating said public transportation system for the elderly shall be determined by the Council from time to time by resolution of the Council.

19

The enumerated powers in this section are in aid of public transportation and shall not be limited by any other provisions of this Charter.

ARGUMENT FOR PROPOSITION J

The City of San Diego operates a specialized transportation program for senior citizens (60 + years) and handicapped persons. The program is currently providing specialized transportation service to approximately 79% of the senior citizens and 65% of the handicapped persons in the City. At present, mass transit does not adequately meet the transportation needs of these citizens, and without this program, their mobility would be severely restricted. There is a proven need for this service, and it should be expanded to serve the entire City.

The funding for the program is provided by the fares charged for the service (\$.25 per trip standard fare) and the City's Public Transportation Fund. The source of this fund is the \$.10 per \$100 of assessed valuation special property tax, which was approved by the voters in 1966 for public transportation purposes. However, the major portion of this fund goes to support the operations of the San Diego Transit Corporation. As the Transit Corporation expands bus service in the City, its need for additional financial support, particularly from the Public Transportation Fund, will grow. The funds available for the specialized transportation program for the elderly and handicapped will be greatly reduced and possibly eliminated.

Recognizing the special transportation needs of senior citizens and handicapped persons, it is necessary to provide continuing funds specifically designated for programs to meet these needs. This is the purpose of the proposed \$.05 per \$100 of assessed valuation special property tax on your ballot. We urge your "yes" vote.

L. R. "LEE" HUBBARD, JR. Councilman—Third District LEON L. WILLIAMS Councilman—Fourth District JESS D. HARO Councilman—Eighth District

01639

ARGUMENT AGAINST PROPOSITION J

The San Diego Taxpayers Association recommends a NO vote on the City's request for a 5ϕ special property tax override for public, transportation for the elderly and handicapped. This tax authority will be capable of producing in excess of \$1.2 million in 1976-77 for unspecified purposes. With the exception of recent Dial-A-Ride decisions, costing approximately \$500,000, neither the City Council or the City Manager has prepared a specific expenditure proposal of these funds for consideration by the electorate. The taxpayers of San Diego are being asked to authorize an increase in their taxes without being told how these funds will be spent.

All San Diegans are sympathetic with the transportation needs of the handicapped and the elderly. However, the property tax is no longer an appropriate source of revenue for the transportation needs of any segment of the San Diego community. It is a tax that is already creating burdens too great for many San Diego citizens to bear. In addition, we question whether or not



the solution of this problem, whatever that solution may be, properly belongs with the City of San Diego. The San Diego Transit Corporation is supposed to be responsible for public transportation within the metropolitan area. It should be their responsibility to determine and meet the transportation needs of the community within the resources presently available to them.

Failure of Proposition J will NOT leave the elderly and the handicapped out of the transportation picture. On the contrary, it will result in their inclusion in any meaningful discussion of the community's total transportation needs. Public officials will be forced to concern themselves, in a comprehensive manner, with all of the transportation requirements of the metropolitan area.

VOTE NO ON PROPOSITION J.

NORMAN C. ROBERTS President, San Diego Taxpayers Association

PROPOSITION K

(THIS PROPOSITION WILL APPEAR ON THE BALLOT IN THE FOLLOWING FORM)

PROPOSITION K. CITY OF SAN DIEGO CHARTER AMENDMENT. ADDS SECTION 77D TO THE CHARTER OF THE CITY OF SAN DIEGO. Grants the City Council power to levy annually a special tax not to exceed fifteen cents (S0.15) on each One Hundred Dollars (S100) of assessed valuation of real and personal property for the fiscal year commencing 1976, and a special tax not to exceed ten cents (S0.10) on each One Hundred Dollars (S100) of assessed valuation of real and personal property for each year thereafter commencing July 1, 1977, to be used solely and exclusively for operation and funding of a paramedic services program within the City of San Diego.

This proposition adds Section 77d to the Charter of The City of San Diego. The portions to be added are underlined.

This proposition requires a majority vote. <u>Section 77d. PARAMEDIC SERVICES.</u>

The Council may levy, in addition to all other taxes provided for in this Charter, a special tax in an amount not to exceed fifteen cents (\$0.15) on each one hundred dollars (\$100.00) of the assessed valuation of all real and personal property within the City for the fiscal year commencing July 1, 1976, and a special tax in an amount not to exceed ten cents (\$0.10) on each one hundred dollars (\$100.00) of the assessed valuation of all real and personal property within the City for the fiscal year commencing July 1, 1976, and a special tax in an amount not to exceed ten cents (\$0.10) on each one hundred dollars (\$100.00) of the assessed valuation of all real and personal property within the City for each year thereafter commencing July 1, 1977, to be used solely and exclusively for the operation and funding of a paramedic services program within the City of San Diego.



The organization and level of operation of the paramedic services program shall be establisked by ordinance of the Council upon recommendation of the City Manager.

ARGUMENT FOR PROPOSITION K

Last year, approximately 32,700 San Diegans required immediate emergency medical care one of every 24 residents; one of every nine families.

Emergency medical care experts agree that many lives can be saved, and extended hospitalization can be reduced, by the establishment of a modern, mobile emergency medical care program composed of highly trained paramedics operating vehicles with advanced life saving equipment 24 hours a day.

Proposition K will, if adopted, give thousands of San Diegans a better change of surviving medical emergencies.

A paramedic program will extend the highly sophisticated techniques, equipment and medical knowledge of the hospital emergency room to the scene of a medical emergency within minutes —and will continue the service en route to the hospital.

Paramedics can provide treatment for a wide variety of medical emergencies such as heart attacks, traffic accidents, poisoning, drowning, stroke, childbirth, burns and other trauma. Instant two-way communication between the paramedic and physician allow on the scene diagnosis, treatment and stabilization within the first critical minutes.

The paramedic program would cost the average home-owning San Diego family less than 90ϕ a month the first year and less than 60ϕ a month after that. You will note on your ballot that the tax rate for the paramedic program must be reduced from a maximum of 15 cents the first year to a 10 cent ceiling in future years. The first year rate is required to offset the start up costs that will be incurred before any revenues are received under Proposition K. A fee for actual transport in a paramedic unit will be comparable to the current municipal ambulance fee and will help defray the cost of the paramedic program.

San Diego needs a modern mobile paramedic service now. Your vote for Proposition K can provide it.

GIL JOHNSON Deputy Mayor

LAWRENCE M. CUSHMAN President of Board of Directors, Institute for Burn Medicine

REV. CLEVELAND S. THORNHILL II Pastor of Logan Temple African Methodist Episcopal Zion Church

DOROTHY Y. MOSES Professor of Nursing, SDSU Member of Advisory Committee on Senior Citizens Affairs, San Diego County

> R. R. RICHARDSON Secretary Treasurer, San Diego Imperial Counties Labor Committee

ARGUMENT AGAINST PROPOSITION K

The San Diego Taxpayers Association recommends a NO vote on the City's request for a special property tax authority to implement a paramedic emergency medical care program. The

22

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proposed program will cost the local taxpayer a minimum of \$2.5 million annually and the City is unable to identify the specific increased benefits provided by the program for the taxpayer.

San Diego presently has an excellent emergency public ambulance service. The Police Department operates 16 ambulances strategically placed throughout the City with a mean response time of 5.9 minutes. Each of these ambulances is manned by two police officers, one with Emergency Medical Technical training and one with first aid training. The existing program cost approximately \$277,750 in 1974.75 and experienced 8030 ambulance runs; a per run cost of \$34.59. The proposed paramedic service would have 20 ambulance units with a 5 minute response time, more sophisticated equipment and better trained attendants; it would also cost in excess of \$300 per ambulance run.

Claims that 25% (600) of those lives presently lost in emergency situations will be saved are not applicable to San Diego. They are based on the experience of other cities, communities which did not enjoy a comparable level of emergency medical service prior to their implementation of a paramedic program. San Diego already has a high level of emergency medical service —at a cost we can afford.

The City is presently facing a \$12 million deficit in 1976-77, based upon its present scope of municipal services. Compounding the projected deficit with a new taxing authority guarantees that San Diego taxes, will escalate next year. Emergency medical care is important and requires public attention. However, we must maintain a balance between cost and benefit. VOTE NO ON PROPOSITION K.

23

NORMAN C. ROBERTS President, San Diego Taxpayers Association

NOV. 4, 1975

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CITY COUNCIL

CITY OF SAN DIEGO GENERAL MUNICIPAL ELECTION NOVEMBER 4, 1975

CANDIDATES' STATEMENTS OF QUALIFICATIONS

San Diego Municipal Code on Elections Section 27.2204 provides that each candidate for elective office in the City of San Diego, the San Diego Unified School District, and the San Diego Community College District may prepare a Statement of Qualifications to be submitted to all voters of each district. The following statements have been prepared and filed by the Candidates and are distributed at the candidate's expense.

NOV. 4,1975

COUNCIL DISTRICT NO. 2



MAUREEN O'CONNOR COUNCILWOMAN GRADUATE SAN DIEGO STATE

01651

In 1971, a policy statement accompanied the sample ballots. Those policies guided my work on the City Council. Please evaluate, with your vote, my performance according to that 1971 statement:

As a native San Diegan, I am committed to protecting our environment, equitably distributing the tax burden caused by indiscriminate development and population increases, and supporting realistic, sensiblyregulated city growth programs. I have been active in civic, church, and community organizations. I shall work toward establishing effective programs for senior citizens, implementing recreational facilities, and providing convenient economical public transportation. I shall continue to motivate young people toward involvement in community responsibilities. I will encourage participation in government through clearer communication and fiscal accountability. I am an independent candidate, dedicated to representing the people and devoting my time to improving San Diego.

With your support, I will continue working for these concerns.

NOV. 4, 1975

COUNCIL DISTRICT NO. 2



LOU RIDGEWAY

Residence

Self-employed Sales Management

Masters Degree Public Administration

My positions:

Oppose absences (incumbent missed 50% Council meetings first quarter)

Oppose strong Mayor — instead favor strong council who votes convictions resulting from research — public input — attendance at meetings

Support freezing residence tax when citizen retires — adjusting later when sold

Support Lindbergh Field with strict noise enforcement — oppose relocation to Otay Mesa

Oppose pettyness --- empire-building politicians

Oppose **public** nudity

Support revitalization of economy — jobs — cooperation of governmental agencies for common good

Support police & firemen in overcoming crime and improving response time

Support sheriff retention of jail

Support cleanup — revitalization downtown

Community Involvement

Board of Trustees: San Diego Community Colleges Board Directors: Navy League — Boy Scouts Americ

Directors: Navy League — Boy Scouts America Salvation Army — Neighborhood House

Lou & Carolyn Ridgeway Support:

Fine Arts — Opera

San Diego Symphony — Zoological Society

Globe Guilders — Museum Man — Shriners — Toastmasters Education:

2

San Diego State — U. S. Maritime Academy University Northern Colorado

NOV.4,1975

COUNCIL DISTRICT NO. 4



JESSE ALBRITTEN

Jesse Albritten is running for this seat because the needs of the people are not being served by the incumbent!

Albritten has been a Tax Consultant for 16 years and a Certified Employment Consultant for 6 years. He is licensed to operate own employment agency. He received accounting training from LaSalle Extension University.

Jesse will fight hard for the people of San Diego:

----To reconcile the claim of Environmentalist with resonable growth and necessary jobs.

-Commitment to remain visible to the individual, accessible and accountable to the people.

01653

Jesse knows there is no such thing as a "free meal". Someone always pays. He believes in individual rights and responsibility. Albritten is for limited government, limited spending and limited taxes. Jesse believes before taxes can be reduced, we must reduce spending.

Albritten will be available to you, year around everyday, not just at election time.

ELECT JESSE ALBRITTEN COUNCILMAN!

NOV. 4, 1975



COUNCIL DISTRICT NO. 4

COUNCILMAN LEON L. WILLIAMS

is a full-time Councilman who isn't afraid to work overtime to get things done, an advocate of all people.

His accomplishments as Councilman from the dynamic Fourth District, as executive director of the Neighborhood Youth Corps and the Urban League, and as Principal Assistant to the Sheriff have earned him countless commendations.

He's been an effective Councilman; Deputy Mayor, 1974; Chairman, Public Facilities and Recreation Committee, 1974; Chairman, Transportation and Land Use Committee, 1975; Member, National and California Leagues of Cities Community Development Committees.

He's currently completing his doctorate in Urban Development.

Leon:

-Got the City to plan three major industrial parks-South San Diego.

-Led campaign to promote healthy environment.

---Recognized as a major consumer advocate.

---Fought for transportation---seniors and handicapped.

The list goes on.

Leon is an action person, able administrator—warm, sensitive to needs of individuals; concerned and devoted to better government.

NON. 4, 1975

COUNCIL DISTRICT NO. 6



Name:	TOM GADE
Age:	43 years
Education:	Juris Doctor Degree, Bachelor of Civil Engineering Degree
Military:	Navy Veteran
Employment:	Attorney
	· .

Tom Gade is the best qualified, most mature and experienced candidate in District Six.

Gade is now in the private practice of law in San Diego. Previously he practiced civil engineering for the State of California.

Tom has served as volunteer legal counsel for Senior Citizens, Youth, and other San Diegans. He has been active in Eagle Scouts, Boy Scouts, and Little League.

Tom is a member of numerous professional and civic organizations, including the American Society of Civil Engineers, Society of American Military Engineers and the American, California, and San Diego County Bar Associations.

Gade's combination of practical experience in engineering, law, and community service provides the basis for solving the problems facing San Diego.

Tom Gade won't let San Diego become another Los Angeles or New York with all their problems, including ever higher taxes.

POR FAVOR, VEASE A LA VUELTA LA TRADUCCION EN ESPAÑOL

NOV. 4, 1975

COUNCIL DISTRICT NO. 6



RAY LUSSA

32

Businessman

Veteran .

Marketing Degree, San Diego State Accounting Degree, City College

RAY LUSSA **won** the primary election, with the most votes among ten candidates.

A homeowner and businessman involved in community affairs, LUSSA will be a Councilman who **listens** — **then decides** — A tough, effective Councilman fighting for **your** interests!

TAXES

"First order of business — find relief for **all** by re-examining priorities, consolidating programs, eliminating waste, work to increase tax exemptions for seniors."

CRIME

"A comprehensive crime prevention program including police walking beats and more effective use of reserve officers." (ALL law enforcement groups that endorse are **supporting LUSSA**).

GROWTH

"Rational land use policies will guide growth and prevent sprawling development that is detrimental to our city's charm and beauty."

MEMBERSHIPS:

State Attorney General's Council on Crime San Diego Jaycees Save Our Heritage Organization City College Advisory Board

l will **listen** to you, the voter. Call me —

COUNCIL DISTRICT NO. 8



JOHN FLOWERS

Because of my experience as a college instructor of business law, a Deputy District Attorney of Napa County, and an attorney in private practice in San Diego for six years, I believe I can make a positive contribution to the future of San Diego.

I have been a member of Common Cause since 1971 and have participated in drafting local ordinances concerning conflicts of interest for public officials and better methods of filling vacancies in elected offices.

If elected, I will discontinue my law practice and devote full time to my duties as Councilman.

I also pledge to act in a totally open manner—seeking maximum participation from the people of San Diego. City government should be operated for the benefit of all citizens—not just for the convenience of politicians and special interest groups.

I would appreciate your vote and your participation in city government.

NOV. 4, 1975

COUNCIL DISTRICT NO. 8



JESS D. HARO

Jess, Councilman of the Eighth District, received nearly twice as many votes as his challenger in the September 16 primary.

As Councilman he serves on the Transportation and Land Use and Public Services and Safety committees. He serves also on the San Diego Housing Authority and Redevelopment Agency.

Jess established an Advisory Committee of residents of the Eighth District. He believes in mass public transit, innovation in law enforcement, economic development and increased productivity in city operations. Jess believes that we must carefully plan for and control residential growth in San Diego.

Jess is a native Californian, and the first in his family to attend college. He worked his way through college and graduated in economics and foreign languages. In 1959 he was commissioned in the U.S. Marines, and in 1962 promoted to Captain.

In 1967 Jess established his own business which he operated fulltime until becoming Councilman.

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