STRIKEOUT ORDINANCE

OLD LANGUAGE: Struck Out NEW LANGUAGE: <u>Underlined</u>

ORDINANCE NUMBER O	(NEW SERIES)
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AN ORDINANCE AMENDING CHAPTER 9, ARTICLE 8, DIVISION 7 OF THE SAN DIEGO MUNICIPAL CODE BY AMENDING SECTION 98.0720; AMENDING CHAPTER 11. ARTICLE 2, DIVISION 1 BY AMENDING SECTION 112.0102; AMENDING CHAPTER 11, ARTICLE 2, DIVISION 3 BY AMENDING SECTIONS 112.0301 AND 112.0302; AMENDING CHAPTER 11, ARTICLE 2, DIVISION 5 BY AMENDING SECTIONS 112.0504 AND 112.0520; AMENDING CHAPTER 11, ARTICLE 3, DIVISION 1 BY AMENDING SECTION 113.0103; AMENDING CHAPTER 11, ARTICLE 3, DIVISION 2 BY AMENDING SECTIONS 113.0234, 113.0246, 113.0249, 113.0252, 113.0255, 113.0258 AND RENUMBERING DIAGRAM 113-02DD TO 113-02EE. BY AMENDING SECTION 113.0261 AND RENUMBERING DIAGRAM 113-02EE TO 113.02FF, BY AMENDING SECTION 113.0264 AND RENUMBERING DIAGRAMS 113-02FF TO 113-02GG AND 113-02GG TO 113-02HH, BY AMENDING SECTION 113.0267 AND RENUMBERING DIAGRAM 113-02HH TO 113-02II, BY AMENDING SECTION 113.0270 AND RENUMBERING DIAGRAMS 113-02II TO 113-02JJ, DIAGRAM 113-02JJ TO 113-02KK, DIAGRAM 113-02KK TO 113-02LL, DIAGRAM 113-02LL TO 113-02MM, DIAGRAM 113-02MM TO 113-02NN, DIAGRAM 113-02NN TO 113-02OO, DIAGRAM 113-0200 TO 113-02PP, DIAGRAM 113-02PP TO 113-0200, AND DIAGRAM 113-0200 TO 113-02RR; BY AMENDING SECTION 113.0273 AND RENUMBERING DIAGRAM 113-02RR TO 113-02SS, AND BY AMENDING SECTION 113.0276 AND RENUMBERING DIAGRAM 113-02SS TO 113-02TT; AMENDING CHAPTER 12, ARTICLE 5. DIVISION 1 BY RENUMBERING SECTION 125.0121 TO SECTION 125.0122, BY ADDING A NEW SECTION 125.0121, BY RENUMBERING SECTION 125.0122 TO 125.0123, AND BY ADDING NEW SECTIONS 125.0124 AND 125.0150; AMENDING CHAPTER 12, ARTICLE 5, DIVISION 3 BY AMENDING SECTION 125.0310; AMENDING CHAPTER 12, ARTICLE 5, DIVISION 4 BY AMENDING SECTIONS

125.0420, 125.0431, 125.0440, AND 125.0461; AMENDING CHAPTER 12, ARTICLE 5, DIVISION 9 BY AMENDING SECTIONS 125.0910, 125.0940, 125.0941, AND 125.0950; AMENDING CHAPTER 12, ARTICLE 5, DIVISION 10 BY AMENDING SECTIONS 125,1001, 125,1010, 125,1020, 125.1030, 125.1040, AND 125.1050; AMENDING CHAPTER 12, ARTICLE 6. DIVISION 1 BY AMENDING SECTIONS 126.0111, 126.0113, AND BY ADDING A NEW SECTION 126.0115; AMENDING CHAPTER 12, ARTICLE 6, DIVISION 2 BY AMENDING SECTIONS 126.0203 AND 126.0205; AMENDING CHAPTER 12, ARTICLE 6, DIVISION 3 BY AMENDING SECTIONS 126.0303 AND 126.0305; AMENDING CHAPTER 12, ARTICLE 6, DIVISION 4 BY AMENDING SECTION 126.0404: AMENDING CHAPTER 12, ARTICLE 6 **DIVISION 5 BY AMENDING SECTIONS 126.0502 AND** 126.0504: AMENDING CHAPTER 12, ARTICLE 6, DIVISION 6 BY AMENDING SECTIONS 126.0602 AND 126.0604; AMENDING CHAPTER 12, ARTICLE 6, DIVISION 7 BY AMENDING SECTION 126.0708; AMENDING CHAPTER 12, ARTICLE 9, DIVISION 1 BY AMENDING SECTION 129.0119; AMENDING CHAPTER 12, ARTICLE 9, DIVISION 2 BY AMENDING SECTIONS 129.0203 AND 129.0218; AMENDING CHAPTER 12, ARTICLE 9, DIVISION 6 BY AMENDING SECTIONS 129.0643 AND 129.0650; AMENDING CHAPTER 12. ARTICLE 9. DIVISION 7 BY AMENDING SECTIONS 129.0710, 129.0744 AND 129.0750; AMENDING CHAPTER 13, ARTICLE 1, DIVISION 1 BY AMENDING SECTION 131.0112 AND BY ADDING A NEW SECTION 131.0145; AMENDING CHAPTER 13, ARTICLE 1, DIVISION 2 BY AMENDING SECTION 131.0222; AMENDING CHAPTER 13, ARTICLE 1. DIVISION 3 BY AMENDING SECTION 131.0322; AMENDING CHAPTER 13. ARTICLE 1, DIVISION 4 BY AMENDING SECTIONS 131.0422, 131.0431, 131.0443, 131.0446, 131.0448, AND 131.0461, AND BY RENUMBERING DIAGRAM 131-04S TO 131-04T, DIAGRAM 131-04T TO 131-04U, DIAGRAM 131-04U TO 131-04V, AND DIAGRAM 131-04V TO 131-04W, AND DELETING DIAGRAM 131-04K; AMENDING CHAPTER 13. ARTICLE 1, DIVISION 5 BY AMENDING SECTIONS 131.0522, 131.0531, AND 131.0543; AMENDING CHAPTER 13, ARTICLE 1, DIVISION 6 BY AMENDING SECTIONS 131.0622, 131.0631, AND DELETING SECTION 131.0660, AND DIAGRAM 131-06C; AMENDING CHAPTER 13, ARTICLE 2, DIVISION 14 BY AMENDING SECTION 132.1402: AMENDING CHAPTER 14, ARTICLE 1, DIVISION 3 BY AMENDING SECTIONS 141.0302, 141.0304, AND 141.0306; AMENDING CHAPTER 14, ARTICLE I, DIVISION 4 BY AMENDING SECTIONS 141.0404 AND 141.0407; AMENDING CHAPTER 14, ARTICLE 1, DIVISION 6 BY AMENDING

SECTIONS 141.0604, 141.0613, 141.0617, 141.0625, AND REPEALING SECTION 141.0612; AMENDING CHAPTER 14. ARTICLE 1, DIVISION 11 BY AMENDING SECTION 141.1103; AMENDING CHAPTER 14, ARTICLE 2, DIVISION 4 BY AMENDING SECTIONS 142.0402 AND 142.0412: AMENDING CHAPTER 14, ARTICLE 2, DIVISION 5 BY AMENDING SECTIONS 142.0510, 142.0530, AND 142.0560; AMENDING CHAPTER 14, ARTICLE 2, DIVISION 6 BY AMENDING SECTION 142.0650; AMENDING CHAPTER 14, ARTICLE 2, DIVISION 10 BY AMENDING SECTION 142.1030: AMENDING CHAPTER 14. ARTICLE 2. DIVISION 12 BY AMENDING SECTIONS 142.1205, 142.1215, AND 142.1260: AMENDING CHAPTER 14, ARTICLE 3, DIVISION 1 BY AMENDING SECTION 143.0110, 143.0126, 143.0142, AND 143.0146: AMENDING CHAPTER 14. ARTICLE 3. DIVISION 2 BY AMENDING SECTION 143.0212; AMENDING CHAPTER 14. ARTICLE 3. DIVISION 4 BY AMENDING SECTION 143.0402; AMENDING CHAPTER 14, ARTICLE 4, DIVISION 3 BY ADDING NEW SECTION 144.0350; AMENDING CHAPTER 15, ARTICLE 1, DIVISION 1 BY AMENDING SECTION 151.0103; AMENDING CHAPTER 15, ARTICLE 1, DIVISION 2 BY AMENDING SECTIONS 151.0201, 151.0202 AND REPEALING SECTION 151.0203; AMENDING CHAPTER 15, ARTICLE 1, DIVISION 4 BY AMENDING SECTION 151.0401; AMENDING CHAPTER 15, ARTICLE 3, DIVISION 1 BY AMENDING SECTION 153.0103; AMENDING CHAPTER 15, ARTICLE 9, DIVISION 3 BY AMENDING SECTION 159.0307; AMENDING CHAPTER 15, ARTICLE 10, DIVISION 1 BY AMENDING SECTION 1510.0107; AMENDING CHAPTER 15, ARTICLE 10, DIVISION 3 BY AMENDING SECTIONS 1510.0303 AND 1510.0309; AMENDING CHAPTER 15, ARTICLE 12, DIVISION 3 BY AMENDING SECTION 1512.0303; AMENDING CHAPTER 15, ARTICLE 16, DIVISION 3 BY AMENDING SECTION 1516.0302; BY AMENDING CHAPTER 15, ARTICLE 19, **DIVISION 2 BY AMENDING SECTIONS 1519.0202, 1519.0205** AND APPENDIX C.1; ALL RELATED TO THE 7TH UPDATE TO THE LAND DEVELOPMENT CODE.

Chapter 9: Building, Housing and Sign Regulations

Article 8: Housing

Division 7: Tenants' Right to Know Regulations

§98.0720 Definitions

The following definitions apply to the administration and enforcement of this division:

"Condominium" means the same as defined in sections 783 and 1357 1351(f) of the California Civil Code.

"Landlord" through "Tenancy" [No change in text.]

Chapter 11: Land Development Procedures

Article 2: Required Steps in Processing

Division 1: Applications

§112.0102 Application Process

An application for a permit, map, or other matter shall be filed with the City Manager in accordance with the following requirements:

- (a) through (c) [No change in text.]
- (d) Expiration of Application.
 - (1) Applications for construction permits and Process One map

 approvals expire 2 years from the date the application is deemed

 complete, unless otherwise stated in the Land Development Code.
 - (2) The application may be extended for a period not exceeding 180

 calendar days, if the City Manager determines that circumstances

 beyond the control of the applicant prevented issuance of the

 permit or approval of the Process One map. In such cases, the

- existing application shall be automatically extended until a decision is made regarding the request for extension.
- Once expired, the application, plans, and other data submitted for review may be returned to the applicant or destroyed by the City

 Manager.
- (4) To reapply, the applicant shall submit a new application with required submittal materials and shall be subject to all applicable fees and regulations in effect on the date the new application is deemed complete.

Division 3: Notice

§112.0301 Types of Notice

- (a) through (c) [No change in text.]
- (d) Notice of Availability of Local Coastal Program Amendment. A Notice of Availability is a written notice to advise of the availability of supporting materials for an action that will be taken by the City Council at a future date. A Notice of Availability is required as part of the certification process for Local Coastal Program Amendments in accordance with Section 122.0106.
 - (1) Content. The Notice of Availability of Local Coastal Program

 Amendment shall include the following:
 - (A) A general description of the project;
 - (B) The location of the property that is the subject of the application:
 - (C) The applicable community planning area(s);

- (D) The name, telephone number, and city address of the City staff person to contact for additional information;
- (E) The name of the applicant and, with the consent of the

 applicant, the applicant's address and telephone number;

 and
- (F) An explanation that the final decision by the City Council

 will occur no sooner than 6 weeks after the date of mailing
 the Notice of Availability.

(2) <u>Distribution.</u>

- (A) The City Manager shall distribute the Notice of Availability

 at least 6 weeks prior to the City Council hearing to

 approve or deny an amendment to the Local Coastal

 Program.
- (B) The City Manager shall distribute the Notice of Availability

 to the persons described in Section 112.0302(b) and to the

 public agencies required in accordance with the applicable

 provisions of the California Coastal Act and Guidelines for

 Local Coastal Program certification.
- (C) The Notice of Availability may be combined into a single

 notice document with the Notice of Planning Commission

 Hearing.
- (3) A subsequent Notice of Public Hearing shall be provided in accordance with Section 112.0301(c) prior to final decision by the City Council.

§112.0302 Notice by Mail

- (a) [No change in text.]
- (b) Persons Entitled to Notice. Except as provided in Section 112.0302(c), the Notice of Application, Notice of Future Decision, and Notice of Public Hearing shall be mailed to the following:
 - (1) [No change in text.]
 - (2) All <u>tenant</u> addresses located <u>on the subject property and all</u>

 <u>addresses</u> within 300 feet of the boundary of the real property that
 is the subject of the application, including each <u>tenant</u> address
 within a condominium or apartment complex;
 - (3) through (5) [No change in text.]
- (c) through (d) [No change in text.]

Division 5: Decision Process

§112.0504 Process Two Appeal Hearing

The Planning Commission shall hear appeals of Process Two decisions subject to the following requirements.

- (a) through (b) [No change in text.]
- (c) Grounds for Appeal. A Process Two decision may be appealed on any of the following grounds:
 - (1) Factual Error. The statements or evidence relied upon by

 the decision maker when approving, conditionally

 approving, or denying a permit, map, or other matter were

 inaccurate;

- (2) New Information. New information is available to the

 applicant or the interested person that was not available

 through reasonable efforts or due diligence at the time of

 the decision;
- (3) Findings Not Supported. The decision maker's stated

 findings to approve, conditionally approve, or deny the

 permit, map, or other matter are not supported by the

 information provided to the decision maker; or
- (4) Conflicts. The decision to approve, conditionally approve,
 or deny the permit is in conflict with a land use plan, a City
 Council policy, or the Municipal Code.
- (e)(d) Scheduling an Appeal Hearing. The City Manager shall assign a date for an appeal hearing before the Planning Commission no later than 10 calendar days after the date on which an application for the appeal hearing is filed with the City Manager. The appeal hearing shall generally be held within 60 calendar days following the filing of the application for the hearing. The appeal hearing shall be noticed in accordance with Section 112.0308.
- (d)(e) Power to Act on the Decision at Appeal Hearing. At the conclusion of the appeal hearing, the Planning Commission may affirm, reverse, or modify the staff decision.

§112.0520 Environmental Determination Appeals

(a) Persons Who Can Appeal

- (1) Notwithstanding other provisions of this Code, any person may appeal an environmental determination by the City Manager not made by the City Council.
- (2) Notwithstanding other provisions of this Code, any interested

 person may appeal to the City Council, a decision by the Planning

 Commission, to approve a negative declaration, mitigated negative

 declaration or an environmental impact report, provided that:
 - (A) The decision is associated with a Process Two or Three decision.
 - (B) All available administrative appeals of the project decision have been exhausted.
- (b) Time for Filing an Appeal
 - (1) An application to appeal a decision described in section

 112.0520(a)(1) shall be filed in the Office of the City Clerk within

 the earlier of 10 business days from the date of the posting of the

 Notice of Right to Appeal Environmental Determination. or 15

 business days from the date of the environmental determination.
 - (2) An application to appeal a decision described in section

 112.0520(a)(2) shall be filed in the Office of the City Clerk within

 10 business days from the date of the Planning Commission's

 decision.
- (c) <u>Scheduling Appeal Hearings</u>. The appeal hearing before the City Council shall be held, or the City Clerk shall set a date for the appeal hearing, no later than 30 calendar days after the date on which the application for an

- appeal is filed. The appeal hearing shall be noticed in accordance with sSection 112.0308.
- (d) <u>Power to Act on Appeal</u>. The City Council shall consider the appeal and shall, by a majority vote:
 - (1) Deny the appeal, uphold approve the environmental determination and adopt the CEQA findings and statement of overriding considerations of the previous decision-maker, where appropriate; or
 - (2) Grant the appeal and make a superceding environmental determination or CEQA findings; or
 - Grant the appeal, and set aside the environmental determination, and remand the matter to the previous decision-maker, in accordance with section 112.0520(f)(e), to reconsider the environmental determination that incorporates any direction or instruction the City Council deems appropriate.
- (e) If the City Council denies the appeal or grants the appeal under section

 112.0520(d)(2), the lower decision maker's decision to grant the

 entitlements, approval or City authorization, shall become effective

 immediately.
- (f)(e) If the City Council grants the appeal under sSection 112.0520(d)(3)(d)(2):
 - (1) the <u>The</u> lower decision-maker's decision to grant the entitlements,

 approval or City authorization approve the project shall be deemed

 vacated held in abeyance. The City Council shall retain jurisdiction

 to act on the revised environmental document and associated

project at a subsequent public hearing, and the lower decision maker shall reconsider its environmental determination and its decision to grant the entitlements, approval or City authorization, in view of the action and, where appropriate, any direction or instruction from the City Council.

- (1)(2) If the environmental determination was a decision that the activity was not subject to CEQA, the matter shall be remanded to the The Development Services Director to prepare a revised shall reconsider the environmental determination in accordance with section 128.0103 and prepare a revised environmental document as appropriate, in consideration of any direction from the City Council.
- (2) If the environmental determination was the certification of an environmental impact report or adoption of a negative declaration or mitigated negative declaration, associated with a Process Two or Three decision, the matter shall be remanded to the Planning Commission for consideration of a revised environmental determination.
- (3) If the environmental determination was the certification of an environmental impact report or adoption of a negative declaration or mitigated negative declaration, associated with a decision by the City Manager, the matter shall be remanded to the City Manager for consideration.

- At a subsequent hearing, the City Council shall again consider the

 environmental determination and associated project, and take

 action in accordance with Section 112.0520(e)(3)(A), (B), or (C)

 to:
 - (A) Certify or adopt the environmental document; adopt CEQA

 findings and statement of overriding considerations as

 appropriate; and affirm the previous decision to approve the

 associated project;
 - (B) Certify or adopt the environmental document; adopt CEQA

 findings and statement of overriding considerations as

 appropriate; condition and approve the associated project as

 modified; or
 - (C) Find that the environmental document is insufficient, in

 which case the document shall not be certified. The

 associated project shall be denied and the decision shall be

 deemed the final administrative action.
- (g) If the decision on remand, in accordance with section 112.0520(d)(3),
 results in the same type of environmental document, such decision shall be
 deemed the final action.

Article 3: Land Development Terms

Division 1: Definitions

§113.0103 Definitions

Abutting property through Accessory use [No change in text.]

Advertising display sign means a sign where the sign copy does not pertain to the use of the property, a product sold, or the sale or lease of the property on which the sign is displayed and which does not identify the place of business as purveyor of the merchandise or services advertised on the sign. Such signs include vehicle-mounted signs and billboards and billboards.

Affiliate through Yard [No change in text.]

Article 3: Land Development Procedures

Division 2: Rules for Calculation and Measurement

§113.0234 Calculating Gross Floor Area

[No change in text.]

- (a) [No change in text.]
 - (1) through (2) [No change in text.]
 - (3) Gross floor area for underground parking structures and subterranean garages shall be measured in accordance with Section 113.0234(a)(2), except that the vertical measurement between grade and the finished floor above shall not include subterranean vehicular access openings (up to a maximum of 25 foot width). In order to determine which portion of the underground parking structure counts as gross floor area, the vertical distance to the finished floor above shall be measured from the imaginary plane

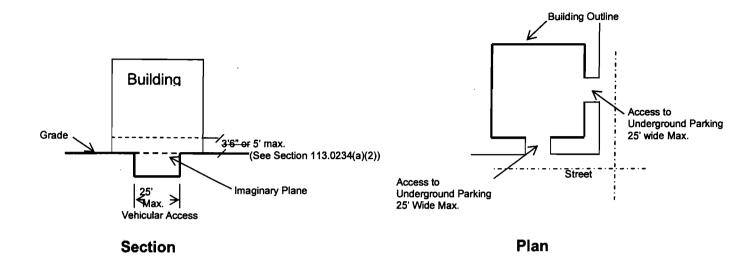
perpendicular to the driveway access that connects the adjacent grades on each side as shown in Diagram 113-02K. Where vehicular access openings are greater than 25 feet in width (as measured at the point of entry to the structure), the entire floor shall be counted as gross floor area. includes the following, except where the parking structure design meets the exemptions identified in Section 113.0234(d)(3):

- (A) All portions of the *structure* where the vertical distance

 between adjacent *grade* and the finished *floor* elevation

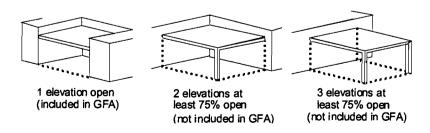
 above exceeds 5 feet.
- (B) The vertical measurement between adjacent grade and the finished floor above shall not include subterranean vehicular access openings (up to a maximum of 25 foot width). Instead, the vertical distance measurement shall be measured from the imaginary plane perpendicular to the driveway access that connects the adjacent grades to the finished floor above.

Diagram 113-02K Underground Parking Structures



- (4) through (5) [No change in text.]
- (6) Gross floor area includes on- or above-grade grade parking structures, garages, and carports that are constructed and maintained with less than two elevations of the element that are at least 75 percent completely open, as shown in Diagram 113-02M, except where the parking structure design meets the exemptions identified in Section 113.0234(d)(3).

Diagram 113-02M
Parking Structures
Garages/Carports



(7) [No change in text.]

- (b) through (c) [No change in text.]
- (d) Elements Not Included in Gross Floor Area
 - (1) Interior Courts, as defined in Section 113.0103; and
 - (2) Interior modifications, including additions of actual *floor* areas that do not affect the outer limits of the existing *structural envelope*.

(3) Parking Structures

- (A) The intent of this section is to facilitate the development of

 parking facilities for multiple dwelling unit and commercial

 development. This exclusion from gross floor area does not

 apply to garages or carports that serve single dwelling unit

 or duplex development.
- (B) In order to exclude a parking structure from the calculation

 of gross floor area, a combination of at least two of the

 following shall be incorporated into project design as

 follows:
 - subterranean floor where the vertical distance

 between adjacent grade and the finished floor

 elevation above is 5 feet or less. Elevations that

 provide vehicular access to a subterranean parking

 level may still meet this provision where the vertical

 distance is 5 feet or less as measured in accordance

 with Section 113.0234(a)(3)(B);

- (ii) The parking structure is part of a wrapped design to screen parked vehicles within the structure from the adjacent public right-of-way;
- (iii) The parking structure is screened from the adjacent public right-of-way on at least two elevations; or
- (iv) The parking structure is at least 40 percent open on at least two elevations.

§113.0246 Determining Property Lines

The property lines define the perimeter of a lot or premises and separate one lot or premises from any other lot or premises or from the public right-of-way. These rules for determining property lines are for purposes of applying and interpreting development regulations only and are not intended to affect ownership rights or responsibilities. These rules apply regardless of ownership of property extending into the public right-of-way.

- (a) through (d) [No change in text.]
- (e) Property Lines that Abut an Alley. A property line that abuts an alley shall be determined in accordance with Section 113.0237 113.0246 (a) through (d). However, the property line that abuts an alley shall not be considered a street property line for the purpose of determining setbacks or street yards as indicated below:
 - (1) A<u>A</u>lley adjacent to front property line. A setback equivalent to a rear yard shall be applied when a lot abuts an alley as a front property line.

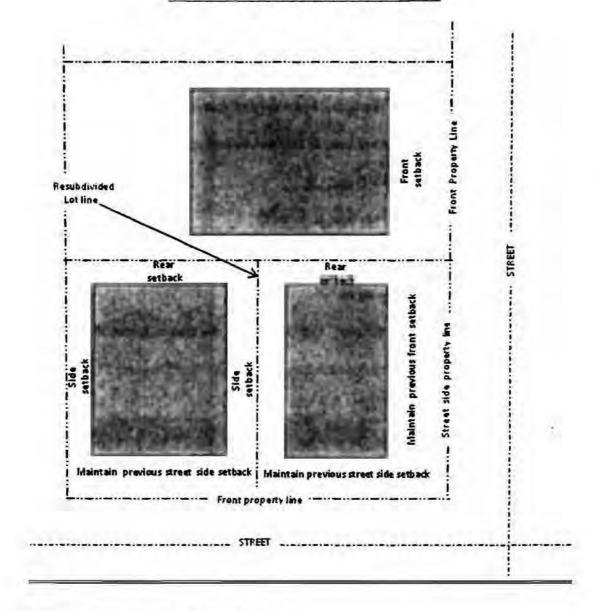
- (2) A<u>A</u>lley adjacent to side property line. A setback equivalent to an interior side yard shall be applied when a lot abuts an alley as a street side property line.
- (3) Alley adjacent to rear property line. A setback equivalent to a rear yard shall be applied when a lot abuts an alley as a rear property line.

Diagram 113-02CC Alley Setbacks [No change in text.]

(f) Resubdivided Corner Lots in Residential Zones.

In residential zones, property lines for resubdivided corner lots shall be determined in accordance with Section 113.0246 (a) through (d); however, the setbacks along the front property line and street side property line shall observe the setback requirements placed on the original lot configuration, as shown in Diagram 113-02DD.

<u>Diagram 113-02DD</u> <u>Setbacks for Resubdivided Corner Lots</u>



§113.0249 Determining Setback Line

(a) The setback line is a line that runs parallel to the nearest property line at a distance inward from the property line equal to the setback. The area between the setback line and the parallel property line is the required yard.
A continuous line connecting all setback lines defines the boundaries of

the *building envelope* at ground level. <u>See also Sections 113.0246</u>
(Determining Property Lines) and 113.0252 (Measuring Setbacks).

(b) through (d) [No change in text.]

§113.0252 Measuring Setbacks

- (a) The distance of the *setback* is measured inward from and perpendicular to the nearest *property line*, as follows, except as otherwise indicated in Section 113.0246(e) and (f):
 - (1) through (4) [No change in text.]
- (b) through (c) [No change in text.]

§113.0255 Calculating Sign Copy Area

- (a) For wall signs, the copy area of a sign is the area of the smallest geometric figure that can enclose the actual sign copy. See Diagram 113.02DEE.
- (b) [No change in text.]

§113.0258 Calculating Sign Face

The *sign face*, as shown in Diagram 113-02DD<u>EE</u>, is calculated by multiplying the length of the *sign* by the width of the *sign*.

(a) through (d) [No change in text.]

Diagram 113-02DDEE

Sign Face and Sign Copy Area

[No change to diagram.]

§113.0261 Determining a Story

A story is that portion of a building between finish-floor elevations, between finish-floor and roof elevations, and between grade and finish-floor elevations.

(a) through (c) [No change in text.]

(d) Underground Parking Structures Underground Parking Structures and

Basements

Underground parking structures Underground parking structures and basements are stories if there is a vertical distance, at any point, of 6 feet or more between existing grade or proposed grade, whichever is lower, and the finish-floor elevation immediately above. See Diagram 113-02EEFF.

Diagram 113-02EEFF

Underground Parking Structures and Basements

[No change to diagram.]

113.0264 Determining Street Wall

(a) The *street wall* is made is made up of the outer surfaces of all walls in all planes along that portion of the building that is between the limits of the building facade. The *street wall* follows all indentations along the building facade, as shown in Diagram 113-02FFGG.

Diagram 113-02FFGG

Street Wall

[No change to diagram]

- (b) The *street wall* is determined in accordance with the following:
 - (1) [No change in text.]
 - (2) The length of the *street wall* is the sum of the lengths of all walls along that portion of the building that is between the limits of the building facade, as shown in Diagram 113-02GGHH.

Diagram 113-02GGHH

Length of Street Wall

[No change to diagram.]

(c) [No change in text.]

§113.0267 Determining Street Wall Line

The street wall line is used to delineate the street yard. The street wall line includes the street wall plus a line extending outward from the limits of the street wall, as shown in Diagram 113-02HHII. The extension lines shall be parallel to the street or single plane used to determined the building facade. Porches more than 3 feet above grade and site walls that are integral in material, design, and placement with the building and which maintain a minimum height of 4 feet may be included in determining the street wall line. For a corner let lot, the street wall line street wall line includes the street walls for both frontages.

Diagram 113-02HHII

Street Wall Line

[No change to diagram.]

§113.0270 Measuring Structure Height

- (a) Structure Height of Buildings and Structures (Excluding Fences,

 Retaining Walls, or Signs)
 - (1) The maximum permitted structure height is specified in the applicable zone and defines the upper limits of the building envelope for a premises. It is measured vertically from the existing grade or proposed grade, whichever is lower, to form an imaginary plane that is parallel to grade, below which all buildings

and structures must be located, except as otherwise described in 113.0270(a)(4). This is illustrated in Diagram 113-02HJJ.

Diagram 113-02HJJ

Maximum Permitted Structure Height

Maximum Permitted Structure Height

[No change to diagram.]

- (2) A two part calculation is required to measure a *structure height* including:
 - (A) Plumb line measurement. The *structure height* is measured from all points on top of a *structure to existing grade* or *proposed grade*, whichever is lower, directly below each point, except as described in Section 113.0270(a)(4). This measurement is taken vertically through the *structure* at each point where *structure height* is being measured, as shown in Diagram 113-02JJKK.

Diagram 113-02JJKK

Measurement of Structure Height

Measurement of Structure Height

[No change to diagram.]

(B) Overall Height Measurement. The overall structure height is measured from the lowest point of existing grade or proposed grade within 5 feet of the structure's perimeter (building wall, balcony, bay window, or similar architectural projection) or at the property line, whichever

is closer, to the highest point of the *structure*, projected horizontally to directly above this lowest point of *grade*. The overall *structure height* shall not exceed the maximum permitted *structure height* of the applicable zone plus an amount equal to either the maximum *grade* differential within the *structure's structure's* footprint or 10 feet, whichever is less. In no case may t he structure height shall not exceed the maximum allowed by the applicable zone at any one point. This is illustrated in Diagram 113-02KKLL.

Diagram 113-02KKLL

Overall Structure Height

[No change to diagram.]

- (3) [No change in text.]
- (4) Special Circumstances
 - (A) Extreme Topographic Variation. Where there is an extreme natural topographic variation on a *premises* that covers 10 percent or less of the proposed *structure* 's footprint, as shown in Diagram 113-02LLMM, overall *structure height* is measured from an imaginary plane made by connecting the perimeter points of the topographic variation, so that the imaginary plane above and parallel to *grade* will not reflect the extreme natural topographic variation.

Diagram 113-02LLMM

Structure Height at Basement

Structure Height at Basement

[No change to diagram.]

- (B) Measuring Structure Height Height for Subterranean Areas
 - (i) Interior Subterranean Areas. Where a basement, underground parking structure, interior court, or other similar interior subterranean area is proposed, the plumb line measurement to the lower of existing grade or proposed grade shall be measured to an imaginary plane through the building that connects the adjacent grade elevations on both sides of the structure as shown in Diagram 113-02MMNN.

Diagram 113-02MMNN

Imaginary Plane and Plumb Line

[No change to diagram.]

(ii) Exterior Subterranean Areas. The overall structure height measurement shall not include subterranean vehicular access, exterior subterranean pedestrian access or ventilation to a basement. Overall structure height height shall instead be measured from an imaginary plane connecting to the lowest adjacent grade immediately above the exterior

subterranean space, as shown in Diagram 113-02NNOO.

Diagram 113-02-NNOO

Access and Ventilation to Basement

[No change to diagram.]

(C) When a pool is located within 5 feet of the *structure*, the overall *structure height* shall not include the pool. This is illustrated in Diagram 113-02OOPP.

Diagram 113-02-OOPP

Overall Structure Height With Pool

[No change to diagram.]

- (D) Structure Height Height of Buildings subject to Coastal
 Height Limit in accordance with Section 132.0505
 (i) through (ii) [No change in text.]
 - (iii) Structure height of buildings subject to the Coastal

 Height Limit shall also comply with the height

 measurement calculations for plumb line in Section

 113.0270(a)(2)(A) and overall height in Section

 113.0270(a)(2)(B).
- (b) Structure Height of Fences, Walls, and Retaining Walls
 - (1) Fence and Wall Height
 - (A) No height of any portion of a *fence* or wall is measured from the lowest *grade* abutting the *fence* or wall to the top of the *fence* or wall, except that the height of a *fence* or wall

on top of a *retaining wall* is measured from *grade* on the higher side of the *retaining wall*, as shown in Diagram 113-02PPQQ.

Diagram 113-02-PPQQ

Height of Fence or Wall on Retaining Wall

[No change in diagram.]

- (B) [No change in text.]
- (2) Retaining Wall Height

The height of a retaining wall is measured from grade on the lower side of the retaining wall to the top of the retaining wall, as shown in Diagram 113-02QQRR.

Diagram 113-02QQRR

Retaining Wall Height

Retaining Wall Height

[No change in diagram.]

(c) [No change in text.]

§113.0273 Measuring Visibility Area

The visibility area is a triangular portion of a premises premises formed by drawing one line perpendicular to and one line parallel to the property line or public right-of-way for a specified length and one line diagonally joining the other two lines, as shown in Diagram 113-02RRSS. No structures may be located within a visibility area unless otherwise provided by the applicable zone or the regulations in Chapter 14, Article 2 (General Development Regulations).

(a) through (d) [No change in text.]

Diagram 113-02RRSS

Visibility Area

[No change in diagram.]

§113.0276 Determining Yards

- (a) Yards are determined in the hierarchy described below and shown in Diagram 113-02SSTT:
 - (1) through (4) [No change in text.]

Diagram 113-02SSTT

Yards

[No change in diagram.]

Chapter 12: Land Development Reviews

Article 5: Subdivision Procedures

Division 1: General Rules

§125.0121 How to Apply for a Map Waiver

- (a) An applicant shall apply for a Map Waiver in accordance with Section

 112.0102. The content and form for the submittal shall be as specified by
 the Land Development Manual and the Subdivision Map Act.
- (b) If the applicant fails to submit or resubmit requested materials,

 information, fees, or deposits, the application file may be closed after 90

 calendar days from the date the application was deemed complete or from

 the date of the last written request by the City.

§125.01212 Decision Process for Map Waivers

[No change in text.]

§125.01223 Findings for Map Waivers

[No change in text.]

§125.0124 Extension of Time for a Map Waiver

The expiration date of a Map Waiver may be extended as follows:

- if the extensions do not exceed a total of 72 months in accordance with the

 Subdivision Map Act. This time frame does not include any legislative

 extensions enacted pursuant to state law.
- Waiver shall be filed before the expiration date of the Map Waiver, but not more than 60 calendar days before the expiration date, in accordance with Section 112.0102. When an application for Extension of Time is filed, the Map Waiver shall be automatically extended for a period of 60 calendar days from the expiration date or until the Extension of Time is approved, conditionally approved, or denied, whichever occurs first.
- (c) Decision Process. An application for Extension of Time for a Map Waiver shall be acted upon in accordance with Process Two.
 - (1) The decision maker shall approve the application for Extension of

 Time unless a finding to conditionally approve or deny the

 application is made in accordance with Section 125.0124(d).
 - (2) Expiration of a Map Waiver shall not preclude the decision maker

 from approving, conditionally approving or denying an Extension

 of Time when the application has been filed prior to the Map

 Waiver expiration.

- (d) Findings to Conditionally Approve or Deny an Application for Extension

 of Time. The decision maker may only conditionally approve or deny a

 request for Extension of Time if the decision maker makes one of the

 following findings:
 - (1) The failure to conditionally approve or deny the request would

 place the residents of the subdivision or the immediate community

 in a condition dangerous to their health or safety; or
 - (2) The condition or denial is required to comply with state or federal law.
- (e) If granted, the time period for the Extension of Time shall begin from the date of expiration of the previously approved Map Waiver.

§125.0150 Tolling of Tentative Maps and Associated Development Permits

- request a tolling of the expiration of an approved or conditionally

 approved tentative map for up to 5 years while a lawsuit involving the

 approval or conditional approval of the tentative map is or was pending in

 a court of competent jurisdiction. Associated development permits may

 also be tolled in accordance with Sections 125.0150 and 126.0115.
- (b) A request to toll the expiration must be submitted prior to expiration of the tentative map and associated development permits.
- (c) A decision regarding a request to toll the expiration of a tentative map and associated development permits shall be made in accordance with Process

 One.

- (d) A request to toll the expiration of a tentative map and associated

 development permits shall be granted within 40 days of the date of application if it can be demonstrated to the satisfaction of the City

 Manager that:
 - (1) A lawsuit was filed that is related to the processing of an approved or conditionally approved tentative map and associated development permits; and
 - would allow time for the applicant to address associated court

 orders or procedures related to processing the tentative map and
 associated development permits.
- (e) Upon resolution of the lawsuit, the applicant shall contact the City

 Manager to confirm the adjusted expiration dates for the approved or

 conditionally approved tentative map and associated development permits

 as applicable. The adjusted expiration dates shall allow tolling of the

 expiration dates as follows:
 - The credited time for the tolling period shall be limited to the time period between the date the petition or complaint in the lawsuit was filed and the date the lawsuit was officially resolved.
 - (2) The credited time for the tolling period shall not exceed 5 years.

Article 5: Subdivision Procedures

Division 3: Lot Line Adjustments

§125.0310 When a Lot Line Adjustment Is Required

A Lot Line Adjustment is required when land is taken from one or more parcels and added to one or more adjacent adjoining parcels, provided that the adjustment would not result in the creation of an additional parcel.

Division 4: Tentative Maps

§125.0420 How to Apply for a Tentative Map

- (a) An applicant shall apply for a tentative map in accordance with Section 112.0102. The content and form for tentative maps and the associated data submitted shall be as specified by the Land Development Manual and the Subdivision Map Act.
- (b) If the applicant fails to submit or resubmit requested materials,

 information, fees, or deposits, the application file may be closed after 90

 calendar days from the date the application was deemed complete or from the date of the last written request by the City.

§125.0431 Additional Notice for a Condominium Conversion Map

- (a) For a tentative map for a condominium conversion project, the subdivider shall provide the following notices in addition to the notice provided for in Chapter 11, Article 2, Division 3 (Notice):
 - (1) [No change in text.]
 - (2) Notice to each person applying for the rental of a unit in the proposed project required in Chapter 11, Article 2, Division 3 (Notice) and Subdivision Map Act section 66452.8 66452.17;

- (3) through (5) [No change in text.]
- (b) Following approval of a tentative map for condominium conversion, a 180

 Day Notice of Intention to Convert shall be provided to each tenant prior

 to termination of tenancy due to condominium conversion pursuant to

 Subdivision Map Act section 66452.19.
- (b)(c) [No change in text.]

§125.0440 Findings for a Tentative Map

A tentative map may be approved or conditionally approved only if the decision maker makes the following findings in accordance with the Subdivision Map Act and the Land Development Code:

- (a) The proposed *subdivision* and its design or improvements are consistent with the policies, goals, and objectives of the applicable *land use plan*;
- (b) The proposed *subdivision* complies with the applicable zoning and development regulations of the Land Development Code <u>including any</u> allowable deviations pursuant to the Land Development Code;
- (c) through (h) [No change in text.]

§125.0461 Extension of Time for a Tentative Map

The expiration date of a tentative map may be extended as follows:

- (a) The expiration date of a *tentative map* may be extended one or more times if the extensions do not exceed a total of 60 72 months in accordance with the Subdivision Map Act. This time frame does not include any legislative extensions enacted pursuant to state law.
 - (1) Request for Extension. An application for Extension of Time for a tentative map shall be filed before the expiration date of the

tentative map, but not more than 60 calendar days before the expiration date, in accordance with Section 112.0102. When an application for Extension of Time is filed, the tentative map shall be automatically extended for a period of 60 calendar days from the expiration date or until a decision on the Extension of Time has been made, is approved, conditionally approved, or denied, whichever occurs last first.

- (2) Decision Process. An application for Extension of Time for a

 tentative map shall be approved, conditionally approved, or denied

 acted upon in accordance with Process Three for tentative parcel

 maps or with Process Four for tentative final maps Process Two.
 - (A) The decision maker shall approve the application for

 Extension of Time unless a *finding* to conditionally approve

 or deny the application is made in accordance with Section

 125.0461(a)(3).
 - (B) Expiration of a tentative map shall not preclude the

 decision maker from approving, conditionally approving or

 denying an Extension of Time when the application has

 been filed prior to the tentative map expiration.
- (3) Findings to Conditionally Approve or Deny an Application for

 Extension of Time. The decision maker may only conditionally approve or deny a request for extension of time if the decision maker makes one of the following findings:

- (A) The failure to conditionally approve or deny the request would place the residents of the *subdivision* or the immediate community in a condition dangerous to their health or safety; or
- (B) The condition or denial is required to comply with state or federal law.
- (4) If granted, the time period for the Extension of Time shall begin from the date of expiration of the previously approved tentative map.
- (b) [No change in text.]

Division 9: Public Right-of-Way Vacations

§125.0910 When a Public Right-of-Way Vacation May Be Initiated

- (a) The vacation of a *public right-of-way* may be initiated by resolution of the City Council or by petition or request of any person <u>pursuant to the California Streets and Highway Code.</u> A *public right-of-way* also may be vacated by filing a *tentative map* and a *parcel map* or <u>final map</u> pursuant to the *Subdivision Map Act*; Sections 66434(g), 66445(j), 66499.20 1/4 or 66499.20 1/2, and in accordance with the provisions of this article.
- (b) A public right-of-way may be summarily vacated if it does not contain public utility facilities, does not contain active public utility facilities, or contains public utility facilities that would not be affected by the vacation and if any of the following applies:
 - (1) through (5) [No change in text.]

- (6) The public right-of-way vacation does not terminate a public

 service easement, unless the easement vacation satisfies the

 requirements of the California Streets and Highways Code section

 8333.
- (c) A public street, highway or public service easement may not be summarily

 vacated if there are existing public utility facilities that are in use and

 would be affected by the vacation.
- (e)(d) Public facilities within the *public right-of-way* shall be deemed unaffected by the vacation if they are to be relocated with no impact on service or if an appropriate easement is reserved from the vacation <u>pursuant to</u>

 <u>California Streets and Highways Code section 8340</u> to provide for the continued use and maintenance of the public facility.

§125.0940 Decision Process for a Public Right-of-Way Vacation

A decision on an application to vacate a *public right-of-way* shall be made in accordance with Process Five with the following exceptions to Process Five procedures:

(a) The Notice of Public Hearing required by Section 112.0301(c) shall be distributed 14 calendar days before the date of the public hearing, and shall be published in a newspaper of general daily circulation for at least two successive weeks prior to the hearing in accordance with California Streets and Highways Code Section 8322. The Notice of Public Hearing shall be posted in accordance with California Streets and Highways Code Section 8323. Where the vacation of a public right-of-way occurs in

- conjunction with an application for a tentative map, notice in accordance with this section shall not be required.
- (b) Before a City Council hearing to vacate a public right-of-way, the City

 Council shall approve a Resolution of Intention that specifies the time and

 place of the hearing in accordance with California Streets and Highways

 Code Section 8320.
- (e)(b) A summary vacation of a *public right-of-way* pursuant to Section

 125.0910(b) does not require a Resolution of Intention as specified in

 Section 125.0940(b) or a recommendation by the Planning Commission.

§125.0941 Findings for Public Right-of-Way Vacation Approval

A *public right-of-way* may be vacated only if the decision maker makes the following *findings*:

- (a) through (b) [No change in text.]
- (c) The vacation does not adversely affect any applicable land use plan or; and
- (d) [No change in text.]

§125.0950 Recording of a Public Right-of-Way Vacation

If the vacation is approved, the City shall provide the resolution and any accompanying documents to the County Recorder for recordation. If the resolution contains conditions, it shall not be provided to the County Recorder for recordation until the City Engineer has determined that all conditions have been met. The filing for recordation of a subdivision map pursuant to Subdivision Map Act Sections 66434(g), 66445(j), 66499.20 1/4 or 66499.20 1/2 shall have the same effect.

Division 10: Easement Abandonments Vacations

§125.1001 Purpose of Easement Abandonment Vacation Procedures

The purpose of these procedures is to establish the process to abandon vacate public service easements and other easements granted to the public or the City of San Diego and to supplement the provisions of California Streets and Highways Code Sections 8300 through 8363.

§125.1010 When an Easement Abandonment Vacation May Be Initiated

- (a) The abandonment <u>vacation</u> of a <u>public service easement</u> or other easement may be initiated by resolution of the City Council or by petition or request by any person who has a property interest in the abandonment <u>pursuant to</u> the California Streets and Highway Code.
- (b) A public service easement or other easement may also be abandoned vacated by filing a tentative map and a parcel map or final map final map pursuant to the Subdivision Map Act, Sections 66434(g), 66445(j), 66499.20 1/4 or 66499.20 1/2, and in accordance with the provisions of this article.
- (c) A public service easement or other easement may be summarily

 abandoned vacated if it does not contain public utility facilities or does not contain active public utility facilities that would be affected by the

 abandonment vacation and if any one of the following applies:
 - (1) The easement has not been used for the purpose for which it was dedicated or acquired for 5 consecutive years immediately proceeding preceding the proposed abandonment vacation;

- (2) The date of *dedication* or acquisition is less than 5 years and more than 1 year immediately proceeding preceding the proposed abandonment vacation, and the easement has not been used continuously since the date of *dedication*; or
- (3) The easement has been superseded by relocation or determined to be excess by the easement holder, and there are no other public facilities located within the easement.

§125.1020 How to Apply for an Easement Abandonment Vacation

An application for abandonment <u>vacation</u> of a *public service easement* or other easement shall be filed in accordance with Section 112.0102.

§125.1030 Decision Process for an Easement Abandonment Vacation

A decision on an application to abandon <u>vacate</u> a *public service easement* or other easement shall be made in accordance with Process Five, with the following exceptions to Process Five procedures.

(a) The Notice of Public Hearing required by Section 112.0301(c) shall be distributed 14 calendar days before the date of the public hearing, and shall be published in a newspaper of general daily circulation for at least two successive weeks prior to the hearing in accordance with California Streets and Highways Code Section 8322. The Notice of Public Hearing shall be posted in accordance with California Streets and Highways Code Section 8323. Where the vacation of a public service easement occurs in conjunction with an application for a tentative map, notice in accordance with this section shall not be required.

- (b) Before a City Council hearing to abandon a public service easement or
 other easement, the City Council shall approve a Resolution of Intention
 that specifies the time and place of the hearing in accordance with
 California Streets and Highways Code Section 8320.
- (e)(b) A summary abandonment <u>vacation</u> of a public service easement or other easement pursuant to Section 125.1010(c) does not require a Resolution of <u>Intention as specified in Section 125.1030(b) or</u> a recommendation by the Planning Commission.

§125.1040 Findings for a Public Service Easement Abandonment Vacation

A public service easement or other easement may be abandoned vacated only if the decision maker makes the following findings:

- (a) There is no present or prospective public use for the easement, either for the facility or purpose for which it was originally acquired or for any other public use of a like nature that can be anticipated;
- (b) The public will benefit from the action through improved utilization of the land made available by the abandonment vacation;
- (c) The abandonment <u>vacation</u> is consistent with any applicable *land use plan*; and
- (d) The public facility or purpose for which the easement was originally acquired will not be detrimentally affected by the abandonment vacation or the purpose for which the easement was acquired no longer exists.

§125.1050 Recording of Easement Abandonments Vacations

If the abandonment <u>vacation</u> is approved, the City shall provide the resolution and any accompanying documents to the County Recorder for recordation. If the

resolution contains conditions, it shall not be provided to the County Recorder for recordation until the City Engineer has determined that all conditions have been met. The filing for recordation of a *subdivision map* pursuant to *Subdivision Map*Act Sections 66434(g), 66445(j), 66499.20 1/4 or 66499.20 1/2 shall have the same effect as filing a resolution of abandonment vacation.

Article 6: Development Permits

Division 1: General Development Permit Procedures

§126.0111 Extension of Time of a Development Permit

- (a) Expiration Date. The expiration date of an approved development permit may be extended one or more times, provided the extensions do not exceed a total of 36 months beyond the expiration of the initial utilization period. When a development permit is associated with a tentative map, any map extensions granted pursuant to state law shall automatically extend the expiration of associated development permits to coincide with the expiration of the tentative map. This extension of time shall not be subject to the 36 month restriction.
- (b) through (h) [No change in text.]

§126.0113 Amendments to a Development Permit

- (a) through (b) [No change in text.]
- (c) An application for an amendment to a *development permit* shall be acted upon in accordance with the same process as would a new application for the same permit. When a *development permit* includes existing land uses that would not be permitted as new uses by the underlying base zone, the amendment application shall nevertheless be acted upon in accordance

- with the same process as the original development permit. The application is subject to environmental review and will be evaluated in accordance with the State California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Guidelines, Sections 15162-215164. The decision maker may revise existing conditions or impose new conditions.
- (d) An amendment to an existing development permit does will not affect the original expiration date of the permit, unless a change is specifically requested. In such cases, the application must be deemed complete prior to the development permit expiration date and the development permit will automatically be extended until a decision on the amendment request is final and all available administrative appeals of the project decision have been exhausted.
- (e) [No change in text.]

§126.0115 Tolling of a Development Permit

- (a) An applicant may request a tolling of the expiration of an approved or

 conditionally approved development permit for up to 5 years while a

 lawsuit involving the approval or conditional approval of the development

 permit is or was pending in a court of competent jurisdiction.
- (b) A request to toll the process must be submitted prior to expiration of the development permit.
- (c) A decision regarding a request to toll the expiration date for a development

 permit shall be made in accordance with Process One.

- (d) A request to toll the expiration date for a development permit shall be granted within 40 days of the date of application if it can be demonstrated to the satisfaction of the City Manager that:
 - (1) A lawsuit was filed that is related to the processing of an approved or conditionally approved development permit; and
 - (2) Tolling of the expiration date for up to 5 years during the lawsuit

 would allow time for the applicant to address associated court

 orders or procedures related to processing of the development

 permit.
- (e) Upon resolution of the lawsuit, the applicant shall contact the City

 Manager to request the adjusted expiration date for the approved or

 conditionally approved development permit. The adjusted expiration date
 shall allow tolling as follows:
 - The credited time for the tolling period shall be limited to the time period between the date the petition or complaint in the lawsuit was filed and the date the lawsuit was officially resolved.
 - (2) The credited time for the tolling period shall not exceed 5 years.Division 2: Neighborhood Use Permit Procedures

§126.0203 When a Neighborhood Use Permit Is Required

(a) An application for the following uses in certain zones may require a

Neighborhood Use Permit. To determine whether a Neighborhood Use

Permit is required in a particular zone, refer to the applicable Use

Regulation Table in Chapter 13.

Automobile service stations through Bed and breakfast establishments [No change in text.]

Boarding kennels/pet day care facilities

Community Gardens [No change in text.]

Community identification signs

Comprehensive sign plans

Eating and drinking establishments through Employee Housing [No change in text.]

Guest quarters

Home occupations (under circumstances described in Section 141.0308)

Neighborhood identification signs

Outpatient medical clinics

Parking facilities as a primary use through Pushcarts [No change in text.]

Reallocation of sign area allowance

Recycling facilities through Theater marquees marquees [No change in text.]

Urgent care facilities

Veterinary clinics and animal hospitals

Wireless communication facilities (under certain circumstances described in Section 141.0420)

(b) [No change in text.]

§126.0205 Findings for Neighborhood Use Permit Approval

A Neighborhood Use Permit may be approved or conditionally approved only if the decision maker makes the following *findings*:

- (a) The proposed *development* will not adversely affect the applicable *land* use plan;
- (b) The proposed *development* will not be detrimental to the public health, safety, and welfare; and
- (c) The proposed *development* will comply with the regulations of the Land

 Development Code <u>including any allowable deviations pursuant to the</u>

 Land Development Code.

Division 3: Conditional Use Permit Procedures

§126.0303 When a Conditional Use Permit Is Required

An application for the following types of uses in certain zones may require a Conditional Use Permit. To determine whether a Conditional Use Permit is required in a particular zone, refer to the applicable Use Regulation Table in Chapter 13. The decision process is described in Section 126.0304.

(a) Conditional Use Permits Decided by Process Three

Agricultural equipment repair shops through Bed and breakfast
establishments [No change in text.]

Boarding kennels

Child Care Centers through Impound storage yards [No change in text.]

Instructional studios

Major transmission, relay, or communication switching station through

Swap meets and other large outdoor retail facilities [No change in text.]

Veterinary clinics and animal hospitals

Wireless communication facilities (under circumstances described in Section 141.0420)

(b) through (c) [No change in text.]

§126.0305 Findings for Conditional Use Permit Approval

An application for a Conditional Use Permit may be approved or conditionally approved only if the decision maker makes the following *findings*:

- (a) through (b) [No change in text.]
- (c) The proposed *development* will comply to the maximum extent feasible with the regulations of the Land Development Code <u>including any</u>

 <u>allowable deviations pursuant to the Land Development Code</u>; and
- (d) The proposed use is appropriate at the proposed location.

Division 4: Neighborhood Development Permit Procedures

§126.0404 Findings for Neighborhood Development Permit Approval

A Neighborhood Development Permit may be approved or conditionally approved only if the decision maker makes all of the *findings* in Section 126.0404(a) and the supplemental *findings* in Section 126.0404(b) through (d) that are applicable to the proposed *development* as specified in this section.

- (a) Findings for all Neighborhood Development Permits
 - (1) through (2) [No change in text.]
 - (3) The proposed *development* will comply with the applicable regulations of the Land Development Code <u>including any</u> allowable deviations pursuant to the Land Development Code.
- (b) through (d) [No change in text.]

Division 5: Site Development Permit Procedures

§126.0502 When a Site Development Permit is Required

- (a) A Site Development Permit decided in accordance with Process Three is required where *environmentally sensitive lands* are present for the following types of development development.
 - (1) [No change in text.]
 - (2) Single dwelling unit development that involves any of the following:
 - (A) [No change in text.]
 - (B) Development on lots greater than 15,000 square feet containing sensitive biological resources, or steep hillsides, or Special Flood Hazard Areas as described in Section 143.0110; or
 - (C) Development on lots less than or equal to 15,000 square feet that are joined in ownership to a contiguous lot so that the total area of contiguous ownership exceeds 15,000 square feet where sensitive biological resources, or steep hillsides, or floodplains are present, as described in Section 143.0110.
 - (3) through (5) [No change in text.]
- (b) through (e) [No change in text.]

§126.0504 Findings for Site Development Permit Approval

A Site Development Permit may be approved or conditionally approved only if the decision maker makes all of the *findings* in Section 126.0504(a) and the

supplemental findings in Section 126.0504(b) through (n)(o)that are applicable to the proposed development as specified in this section.

- (a) Findings for all Site Development Permits
 - (1) through (2) [No change in text.]
 - (3) The proposed *development* will comply with the regulations of the Land Development Code <u>including any allowable deviations</u>

 pursuant to the Land Development Code.
- (b) through (c) [No change in text.]
- (d) Supplemental Findings-Environmentally Sensitive Lands Deviation from Federal Emergency Management Agency Regulations

 A Site Development Permit required in accordance with Section 143.0110 because of potential impacts to environmentally sensitive lands where a deviation is requested from the Special Flood Hazard Area regulations as specified in Section 143.0150(b) may be approved or conditionally approved only if the decision maker makes the following supplemental findings in addition to the findings in Section 126.0504(a) and the supplemental findings in Sections 126.0504(b) and 126.0504(c):
 - The City Engineer has determined that the proposed development; within any designated floodway will not result in an increase in flood levels during the base flood discharge except as allowed under Code of Federal Regulations Title 44, Chapter 1, Part 60.3(c)(13);
 - (2) [No change in text.]
- (e) through (k) [No change in text.]

- (l) Supplemental Findings Deviation for Affordable Housing
 [No change in text.]
 - (1) through (2) [No change in text.]
 - (3) The deviation is necessary to make it economically feasible for the applicant to utilize an density bonus authorized for the development pursuant to Section 143.0730 143.0725.
- (m) through (n) [No change in text.]
- (o) Supplemental Findings- Public Right-of-Way Encroachments. A Site Development Permit in accordance with Section 126.0502(d)(6)(7) for any encroachment or object which is erected, placed, constructed, established or maintained in the public right-of-way when the applicant is not the record owner of the property on which the proposed encroachment will be located may be approved or conditionally approved only if the decision maker makes the following supplemental findings in addition to the findings in Section 126.0504(a):
- (1) through (5) [No Change in text.]

Division 6: Planned Development Permit Procedures

§126.0602 When a Planned Development Permit May Be Requested

- (a) The following types of *development* may be requested with a Planned

 Development Permit decided in accordance with Process Three.
 - (1) Residential development within the areas described in this section

 when <u>Development</u> in accordance with Section 143.0465 where the

 applicable community plan <u>land use plan</u> recommends a Planned

 Development Permit in conjunction with be processed if another

- requested discretionary <u>action is also requested</u>, as described in Section 143.0402: <u>; or</u>
- (A) Within the Carmel Mountain Ranch Community Plan area,
 residential development within certain areas as identified in
 the community plan;
- (B) Within the Midway-Pacific Highway Corridor Community

 Plan area, mixed-use residential and commercial

 development;
- (C) Within the Mira Mesa Community Plan area, residential development that includes a rezone or subdivision;
- (D) Within the Miramar Ranch North Community Plan area, all proposed residential development;
- (E) Within the Rancho Penasquitos Community Plan area,

 subdivisions creating 5,000 square foot lots consistent with

 the low density residential land use category;
- (F) Within the Sabre Springs Community Plan area, residential development on those parcels identified in Section 4.4 of the community plan;
- (G) Within the Scripps Miramar Ranch Community Plan area,
 residential development in Areas C or E as identified in the
 community plan; and
- (H) Within the Torrey Pines Community Plan area, all new multiple-dwelling unit development.

- (2) Commercial development within the areas listed below when the community plan recommends a Planned Development Permit in conjunction with another requested discretionary action, as described in Section 143.0402:
 - (A) Within the Carmel Mountain Ranch Community Plan area,
 commercial development located within the area designated
 for planned commercial development on Figure 35 of the
 community plan;
 - (B) Within the Kearny Mesa Community Plan area, any visitor accommodation facilities;
 - (C) Within the Midway-Pacific Highway Corridor Community

 Plan area, all commercial and residential mixed-use

 development;
 - (D) Within the Mira Mesa Community Plan area, commercial development that includes a rezone or subdivision;
 - (E) Within the Miramar Ranch North Community Plan area, all commercial development;
 - (F) Within the Navajo Community Plan area, commercial development that includes a rezone or subdivision;
 - (G) Within the Otay Mesa Nestor Community Plan area,
 commercial development of property identified by the
 Plan's Commercial Land Use Map as requiring
 discretionary review;

- (H) Within the Peninsula Community Plan, commercial

 development on the block bounded by Lowell Street, Keats

 Street, Rosecrans Street, and Locust Street; and
- (I) Within the Rancho Penasquitos Community Plan area, commercial development located in the Towne Centre.
- (3) Industrial development within the areas listed below when the community plan recommends a Planned Development Permit in conjunction with another requested discretionary action, as described in Section 143.0402:
 - (A) Within the Kearny Mesa Community Plan area, industrial development in the area known as Allred Collins East;
 - (B) Within the Mira Mesa Community Plan area, industrial development that includes a rezone or subdivision;
 - (C) Within the Navajo Community Plan area, industrial development that includes a rezone or subdivision;
 - (D) Within the Sabre Springs Community Plan area,

 development on parcels 3 and 9 of the Sabre Springs

 Industrial Park;
 - (E) Within the Scripps Miramar Ranch Community Plan area,

 development of a 3.7-acre storage facility as identified in
 the community plan and all development in the Scripps

 Business Park; and

- (F) Within the Torrey Pines Community Plan area,

 development in the Carrol Canyon Corridor as identified in the community plan.
- (2) Development in accordance with Section 143.0403(a) that

 complies with the applicable land use plan, but contains uses that

 are not permitted in the underlying base zone.
- (b) The following types of *development* may be requested with a Planned Development Permit to be decided in accordance with Process Four.
 - (1) Development that does not comply with all base zone regulations or all development regulations (except as permitted in accordance with Section 126.0602(a)(2)), or that proposes to exceed limited deviations allowed by the regulations in Chapter 14, as described in Section 143.0402, 143.0410; or
 - (2) Rural Cluster *development* in the OR and AR zones, as described in Section 143.0402.
 - (3) Developments involving a Planned Development Permit within RS zones in Urbanized Communities as described in Section 143.0402.
- (c) [No change in text.]

§126.0604 Findings for Planned Development Approval

A Planned Development Permit may be approved or conditionally approved only if the decision maker makes all of the *findings* in Section 126.0604(a) and the supplemental *findings* in Section 126.0604(b) that are applicable to the proposed *development* as specified in this section.

(a) Findings for all Planned Development Permits

- (1) [No change in text.]
- (2) The proposed *development* will not be detrimental to the public health, safety, and welfare; and
- (3) The proposed *development* will comply with the regulations of the Land Development Code <u>including</u>;
- (4) The proposed development, when considered as a whole, will be beneficial to the community; and
- Agny proposed deviations pursuant to Section 126.0602(b)(1) that are appropriate for this location and will result in a more desirable project than would be achieved if designed in strict conformance with the development regulations of the applicable zone, and any allowable deviations that are otherwise authorized pursuant to the Land Development Code.
- (b) [No change in text.]

Division 7: Coastal Development Permit Procedures

§126.0708 Findings for Coastal Development Permit Approval

An application for a Coastal Development Permit may be approved or conditionally approved only if the decision maker makes all of the *findings* in Section 126.0708(a) and the supplemental *findings* in Section 126.0708(b) that are applicable to the proposed *development*.

- (a) [No change in text.]
- (b) Supplemental Findings <u>Deviations to Environmentally Sensitive Lands</u>
 Within the Coastal Overlay Zone

When a deviation is requested from the Environmentally Sensitive Lands
Regulations because the applicant applicant contends that application of the regulations would result in denial of all economically viable use, the Coastal Development Permit shall include a determination of economically viable use.

A Coastal Development Permit, or a Site Development Permit in the Coastal Overlay Zone, required in accordance with Section 143.0110 because of potential impacts to environmentally sensitive lands where a deviation is requested in accordance with Section 143.0150 may be approved or conditionally approved only if the decision maker makes the following supplemental findings in addition to the findings in Section 126.0708(a), (b), (e) and (d) and the supplemental findings in Section 126.0504 (b):

The decision maker shall hold a public hearing on any application on a Coastal

Development Permit that includes a deviation from the Environmentally Sensitive

Lands Regulations in the Coastal Overlay Zone.

Such hearing shall address the economically viable use determination. Prior to approving a Coastal Development Permit for development within the Coastal Overlay Zone that requires a deviation from the Environmentally Sensitive Lands Regulations, the decision maker shall make all of the following *findings*:

(1) through (5) [No change in text.]

The *findings* adopted by the decision making authority shall identify the evidence supporting the *findings*.

Article 9: Construction Permits

Division 1: General Construction Permit Authority and Procedures

§129.0119 Bond Required for Construction Permit for Grading or Public Improvements

- (a) Persons performing work under Public Right-of-Way or Grading Permits issued in accordance with this article shall furnish a bond in accordance with the following provisions:
 - (1) though (5) [No change in text.]
 - (6) The amount of the bond covering a specific project shall be approved by the City Manager based on the amount of the estimate of the cost of work and the following schedule:
 - (A) through (E) [No change in text.]
 - (F) Shoring Restoration: 100 percent of the estimated cost of restoring site to the original condition, together with removal of all tie backs and shoring.
- (b) through (f) [No change in text.]

Division 2: Building Permit Procedures

§129.0203 Exemptions from a Building Permit

- (a) through (c) [No change in text.]
- (d) The exemptions in Section 129.0203(a) do not apply to proposed

 development on a premises containing environmentally sensitive lands that

 requires a development permit in accordance with section 143.0110.
- (d)(e) Exemption from the permit requirements of the Building Regulations does not authorize any work to be done in any manner in violation of the

provisions of the Building Regulations or any other applicable local or state regulations.

§129.0218 Expiration of a Building Permit

- (a) [No change in text.]
- (b) If the building or work authorized by a Building Permit has not received final inspection approval by the permit expiration date, all work shall stop until a new permit is issued or an extension of time is approved in accordance with Section 129.0219. All Electrical, Plumbing, or Plumbing/Mechanical, Public Right-of-Way, and Grading Permits associated with a Building Permit shall expire concurrently with the Building Permit.

Division 6: Grading Permit Procedures

§129.0643 Maintaining Utilization of Grading Permit

A Grading Permit shall become void if, at any time after the work has begun, the grading or other work authorized by the Grading Permit is suspended or abandoned for a continuous period of 180 calendar days, unless the Grading Permit is associated with a valid Building Permit.

§129.0650 Expiration of a Grading Permit

- (a) A Grading Permit shall expire by limitation and become void 24 months after the date of permit issuance, unless an exception is granted in one of the following ways:
 - (1) through (2) [No change in text.]
 - (3) A Grading Permit associated with a valid Building Permit shall expire concurrently with the Building Permit.

(b) [No change in text.]

Division 7: Public Right-of-Way Permits

§129.0710 How to Apply for a Public Right-of-Way Permit

An application for a Public Right-of-Way Permit shall be submitted in accordance with Sections 112.0102 and 129.0105. The submittal requirements for Public Right-of-Way Permits are listed in the Land Development Manual. A development permit or other discretionary approval is required prior to issuance of a Public Right-of-Way Permit for the following:

- (a) [No change in text.]
- (b) If the proposed *encroachment* is erected, placed, constructed, established or maintained in the *public right-of-way* when the applicant is not the *record owner* of the property on which the *encroachment* will be located, a Site Development Permit is required in accordance with Section 126.0502(d)(7), except for the following:
 - (1) through (2) [No change in text.]
 - (3) Temporary monitoring wells in the *public right-of-way*.
- (c) [No change in text.]

§129.0744 Maintaining Utilization of a Public Right-of-Way Permit

A Public Right-of-Way Permit shall become void if, at any time after the work has begun, the work authorized by the permit is suspended or abandoned for a period of 180 calendar days, unless the Public Right-of-Way Permit is associated with a valid Building Permit.

§129.0750 Expiration of a Public Right-of-Way Permit

- (a) A Public Right-of-Way Permit shall expire by limitation and become void 24 months after the date of permit issuance, unless an exception is granted in one of the following ways:
 - (1) through (2) [No change in text.]
 - (3) A Public Right-of-Way Permit associated with a valid Building

 Permit shall expire concurrently with the Building Permit.
- (b) [No change in text.]

Chapter 13: Zones

Article 1: Base Zones

Division 1: General Rules for Base Zones

Commercial Services Use Category

§131.0112 Descriptions of Use Categories and Subcategories

(a) [No change in text.]

(6)

(1) through (5) [No change in text.]

subcategories are:

- This category includes uses that provide for consumer or business services, for the repair and maintenance of a wide variety of products, and for entertainment. The commercial services
 - (A) through (E) [No change in text.]
 - (F) Instructional Studios Uses that provide a place where

 skills including dance, art, and martial arts are taught to

 individuals or groups. Instructional studios do not include
 educational facilities.

- (F)(G) Maintenance and Repair Uses that provide maintenance, cleaning and repair services for consumer goods.
- (G)(H) Off-Site Services Uses that provide for deliveries of a
 wide variety of products and that provide services that are
 used at a location separate from the business providing the
 delivery or service.
- (H)(I) Personal Services Uses that provide a variety of services associated with personal grooming and the maintenance of health and well-being.
- (I)(I) Assembly and Entertainment Uses that provide gathering places for large numbers of people for recreation, physical fitness, entertainment, or other assembly.
- (J)(K) Radio and Television Studios Uses that provide for the production, recording, and broadcasting of radio and television shows and motion pictures.
- (K)(L) Visitor Accommodations Uses that provide lodging, or a combination of lodging, food, and entertainment, primarily to visitors and tourists. (Outside the Coastal Overlay Zone, includes single room occupancy hotels.)
- (7) through (11) [No change in text.]
- (b) [No change in text.]

§131.0145 Applicability of Chapter 14 Regulations

The following regulations in Chapter 14 apply to development in all base zones:

General Development Regulations (Chapter 14, Article 2)

Supplemental Development Regulations (Chapter 14, Article 3)

Subdivision Regulations (Chapter 14, Article 4)

Building Regulations (Chapter 14, Article 5)

Electrical Regulations (Chapter 14, Article 6)

Plumbing Regulations (Chapter 14, Article 7)

Mechanical Regulations (Chapter 14, Article 8)

Division 2: Open Space Base Zones

§131.0222 Use Regulations Table for Open Space Zones

The uses allowed in the open space zones are shown in Table 131-02B.

Legend for Table 131-02B [No change in text.]

Table 131-02B
Use Regulations Table for Open Space Zones

Use Categories/Subcategories	Zone Designator										
[See Section 131.0112 for an explanation and descriptions of the Use Categories,	1st & 2nd >>	0	P-	OC-	0	R ⁽¹⁾ -	OF ⁽¹¹⁾ -				
Subcategories, and Separately Regulated	3rd >>	1-	2-	1-		1-	1-				
Uses]	4th >>	1	1	1	1	2	1				
Open Space through Funeral & Mortual [No change in text.]	ry Services										
Instructional Studios		,	-	_		-	_				
Maintenance & Repair through Separate Commercial Services Uses, Bed and Brea Establishments [No change in text.]				D. 1							
Boarding Kennels/Pet Day Care				[No chang	ge ın	text.]					
Camping Parks through Helicopter Landin [No change in text.]	g Facilities										
Instructional Studios		•	3	C		-	-				

Use Categories/Subcategories	Zone Designator		-	Z	ones		
[See Section 131.0112 for an explanation and descriptions of the Use Categories, Subcategories, and Separately Regulated Uses]	1st & 2nd >>	0	P-	OC-	О	R ⁽¹⁾ -	OF ⁽¹¹⁾ -
	3rd >>	1-	2-	1-		1-	1-
Oscs	4th >>	1	1	1	1	2	1
Massage Establishments, Specialized Prace Signs [No change in text.]	tice through						

Footnotes for Table 131-02B [No change in text.]

Division 3: Agricultural Base Zones

§131.0322 Use Regulations Table for Agricultural Zones

The uses allowed in the agricultural zones are shown in Table 131-03B.

Legend for Table 131-03B [No change in text.]

Table 131-03B
Use Regulations Table of Agricultural Zones

Use Categories/Subcategories [See Section 131.0112 for an explanation	Zone Designator		Zo	nes		
and descriptions of the Use Categories, Subcategories, and Separately Regulated	1st & 2nd >>	1- 1 2			AR	
Uses]	3rd >>			1-		
	4th >>			1	2	
Open Space through Funeral & Mortuary Serchange in text.]	rvices [No					
Instructional Studios			<u> </u>		П	

Use Categories/Subcategories [See Section 131.0112 for an explanation	Zone Designator		Zo	nes	
and descriptions of the Use Categories, Subcategories, and Separately Regulated	1st & 2nd >>	AG		A	AR.
Uses]	3rd >>	1-		1-	
	4th >>	1 2 1			2
Commercial Services Uses, Bed and Breakfast Establishments [No change in text.] Boarding Kennels/Pet Day Care Camping Parks through Helicopter Landing Fac.	ilities [No	[No	chang	ge in te	ext.]
change in text.]	-				
Instructional Studios	-			-	
Massage Establishments, Specialized Practice th Signs [No change in text.]	rough				

Footnotes for Table 131-03B [No change in text.]

Division 4: Residential Base Zones

§131.0422 Use Regulations Table for Residential Zones

The uses allowed in the residential zones are shown in Table 131-04B.

Legend for Table 131-04B [No change in text.]

Table 131-04B Use Regulations Table of Residential Zones

Use Categories/ Subcategories [See Section 131.0112 for an	Zone Designator								2	Zon	es				-				
explanation and descriptions of the Use Categories,	1 st & 2nd >>	RE	<u> </u>	RS-							RX-			F	T-				
Subcategories, and Separately	3rd >>	1.		1-								1-		1-					
Regulated Uses]	4th >>	1 2	3	1 2 3	4	5 6	7	9	10	11	12	13	3 1	1 1	2	1	2	3	4
Open Space through Institution Separately Regulated Institutio	nal Uses,																		
Airports through Major Transmis or Communications Switching St change in text.]																			
Satellite Satellite Antennas							[]	No	cha	ange	in	te	xt.]						
Social Service Institutions through Commercial Services, Funeral Commercial Services [No change in text.]																			
Instructional Studios		=						Ξ							=			=	
Maintenance & Repair, Separa Regulated Commercial Services Entertainment Establishments thr Breakfast Establishments [No cha	S Uses, Adult ough Bed and																		
Boarding Kennels/Pet Day Care							[No	ch	ang	e ir	ı te	ext.]	_				
Camping Parks through Helicopte Facilities [No change in text.]	er Landing									_									
Instructional Studios		-						-		_					-		•	•	
Massage Establishments, Speciali through Signs [No change in text.									·					•					

Use Categories/	Zone							7 .0	nes					
Subcategories	Designator	1												
[See Section 131.0112	1st & 2nd >>							D)	M-					4
for an explanation and	ļ				,						·		·	
descriptions of the Use	3rd >>		1-			2-			3-		4-			5-
Categories,	4th >>											1		
Subcategories, and Separately Regulated	·	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	l	12
Uses]									ļ					
Open Space through Sepa	rately		<u> </u>				L		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	 			-
Regulated Residential Us	•													
Yard, & Estate Sales [No c	. • .													
text.]														
0 10 1			- 11											
Guest Quarters			$\overline{\Gamma_{II}}$						-			-		
Home Occupations through										_				
Commercial Services, Fu	,										l			
Mortuary Services [No ch	nange in text.]										ļ <u>.</u>			
Instructional Studios			<u>P</u>		<u>P</u> <u>P</u>					<u>P</u>			<u>P</u>	
Maintenance & Repair th	rough			\neg										
Separately Regulated Con	mmercial													
Uses, Adult Entertainment	•			}										
Establishments through Be	i													
Breakfast Establishments [No change in													
posting Konnels/Bet Day	C						ΓNIα	-1	:	44	<u></u>			
Boarding Kennels/Pet Day	Care						[MO	cnan	ge in	text.]			
Camping Parks through He	licopter						•							
Landing Facilities [No char]												
Instructional Studios			•					-				T -		-
Massage Establishments, S	• !							······································						
Practice through Signs [No	change in													
text.]														

Footnotes for Table 131-04B

Footnotes 1 through 10 [No change in text.]

A guest quarters or habitable accessory building is permitted in accordance with Section 141.0306 only as an accessory use to a single dwelling unit.

§131.0431 Development Regulations Table of Residential Zones

The following development regulations apply in the residential zones as shown in the Table 131-04C, 131-04D, 131-04E, and 131-04F and 131-04G.

(a) RE Zones

Table 131-04C
Development Regulations of RE Zones

Development Regulations [See Section 131.0430 for	Zone designator		Zones	
Development Regulations of Residential Zones	1st & 2nd >>		RE-	
	3rd >>	1-	1-	1-
	4th >>	1	2	3
Max permitted density through Max paving hardscape [No change in text.]	g/			
Accessory uses and structures [See Sections (a),(b) and 141.0306]	3 131.0448	applies	applies	applies
Garage regulations through Refuse and Remarkable Material Storage [No change in text.]	ecyclable			

(b) RS Zones

Table 131-04D Development Regulations of RS Zones

Development	Zone				Zones		_	
Regulations	Designator							
[See Section 131.0430 for								
Development Regulations								
of Residential Zones]								
	1st & 2nd >>				RS-			
	3rd >>	1-	1-	1-	1-	1-	1-	1-
	4th >>	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Max permitted density thro paving/hardscape [No cha	_							
Accessory uses and structu	res							
[See Sections 131.0448 (a), 141.0306]	(b) and			[No	change ir	text.]		
Garage regulations through	h Refuse and							
Recyclable Material Stora	ge [No change							
in text.]								

Development Regulations [See Section 131.0430 for Development Regulations of Residential Zones]	Zone Designator				Zones			
	1^{st} & $2nd >>$				RS-			
	3rd >>	1-	1-	1-	1-	1-	1-	1-
	4th >>	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Max permitted density throug paving/hardscape [No change	*							
Accessory uses and structures Sections 131.0448 (a),(b) and 1		applies						
Garage regulations through R Recyclable Material Storage in text.]								

Footnotes for Table 131-04D

- 1 [No change in text.]
- The required side setbacks may be reallocated where the combined dimension of each side setback would meet or exceed the combined total required in Table 131-04D. In no case shall a A side setback shall not be reduced to less than 4 feet, and a street side setback shall not be reduced to less than 10 feet. Once a side setback is established, all additions to the primary structure thereafter shall maintain the established side setback.

Footnotes 3 through 7 [No change in text.]

(c) RX Zones

Table 131-04E
Development Regulations of RX Zones

Development Regulations [See Section 131.0430 for Development	Zone designator	Z	Cones			
Regulations of Residential Zones]	1st & 2nd >>		RX-			
	3rd >>	1-	1-			
	4th >>	1	2			
Maximum permitted density through Max floor area ratio [No change in text.]						
Accessory uses and structures [See Sections 131.0448 (a),(b) and 141.0306]	[No change in text.]					
Garage regulations through Refuse and Recyclable Material Storage [No change in text.]						

Footnote for Table 131-04E [No change in text.]

(d) RT Zones

Table 131-04F
Development Regulations of RT Zones

Development Regulations [See Section 131.0430 for	Zone Designator				
Development Regulations of	1st & 2nd >>				
Residential Zones]	3rd >>	1-	1-		
	4th >>	1	2	3	4
Maximum permitted density the floor area ratio [No change in to Accessory uses and structures [131.0448 (a),(b) and 141.0306]	ext.]		[No cl	hange in te	ext.]
Garage regulations through Re Recyclable Material Storage [Itext.]					

(e) RM Zones

Table 131-04G Development Regulations of RM Zones

Development Regulations	Zone Designator	,			Zones		
[See Section 131.0430 for	1st & 2nd >>			RM-			
Development	3rd >>	1-	1-,	1-	2-	2-	2-
Regulations of Residential Zones]	4th >>	1	2	3	4	5	6
Maximum pe	rmitted				1		
density throug							
area ratio [No	change in						
text.]							
Accessory use				F3.7 1			
structures [Se	e Section			[No cha	ange in text.]		
131.0448(a)] Lot consolida	tion		_				
regulations th							
Refuse and R	_						
Material Stor	•						
change in text	-						

Development Regulations	Zone Designator	Zones					
[See Section	1st & 2nd >>	RM					
131.0430 for Development	3rd >>	3-	3-	3-	4-	4-	5
Regulations of	4th >>	7	8	9	10	11	12
Residential							
Zones]	•						
Maximum permitted density through Max floor area ratio [No change in text.] Accessory uses and structures [See Section 131.0448(a)]		[No change in text.]					
Lot consolidation regulations through Refuse and Recyclable Material Storage [No change in text.]							

Footnotes for Table 131-04G

1 through 16 [No change in text.]

17 See Section 131.0444(f)(e)

18 See Section 131.0444(g)(f)

19 though 36 [No change in text.]

§131.0443 Setback Requirements in Residential Zones

- (a) through (h) [No change in text.]
- (i) Setbacks for Resubdivided Corner Lots in the RE, RS, and RM Zones

 Corner lots that have been resubdivided shall maintain the front setback

 and street side setback in compliance with the requirements placed on the

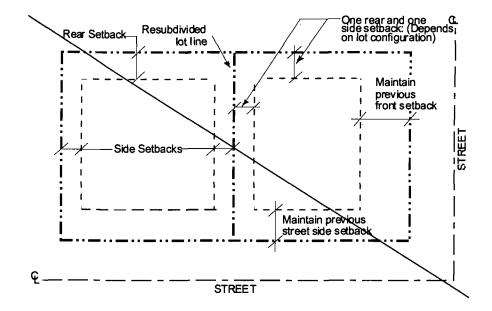
 original lot configuration, as shown in Diagram 131-04K. The rear yards

 of the resubdivided lots shall be adjacent to the property line located

 opposite the front property line of the resubdivided lots.

Diagram 131-04K

Setbacks for Resubdivided Corner Lots



§131.0446 Maximum Floor Area Ratio in Residential Zones

- (a) through (d) [No change in text.]
- (e) In the RM-1-2, RM-1-3, RM-2-4, RM-2-5, and RM-2-6 zones, a minimum of one-fourth of the permitted *floor area ratio* shall be reserved for required parking. If underground parking is provided, an area equal to the *gross floor area* of the underground parking may be added to the maximum *gross floor area* permitted for non-parking uses. The maximum *floor area ratio* for all *structures* on the *premises*, excluding *underground* parking structures underground parking structures, shall not exceed the maximum permitted *floor area ratio* for the zone as identified in Table 131-04G.
- (f) In the RM-3-7, RM-3-8, RM-3-9, RM-4-10, RM-4-11, and RM-5-12 zones, a minimum of one-third of the permitted *floor area ratio* shall be reserved for required parking. If underground parking is provided, an area equal to the *gross floor area* of the underground parking may be added to the maximum *gross floor area* permitted for non-parking uses. The maximum *floor area ratio* for all *structures* on the *premises*, excluding *underground parking structures* <u>underground parking structures</u>, shall not exceed the maximum permitted *floor area ratio* for the zone as identified in Table 131-04G.
- (g) [No change in text.]

§131.0448 Accessory Buildings Structures in Residential Zones

This section is intended to clarify the regulations applicable to non-habitable accessory buildings in residential zones.

- (a) Multiple accessory buildings are permitted on a premises. However, the square footage of all non-habitable accessory buildings excluding garages cannot exceed 25 percent of the allowable gross floor area of the premises.
- (b) No Non-habitable accessory buildings or garages may not be used for living or sleeping purposes. An non-habitable accessory building or garage may have electrical, gas, and water, and sewer connections to provide the following activities:
 - (1) Lighting, washing machines, dryers, laundry tubs, and hot water heater;
 - (2) A one-half bathroom, limited to a water closet and a lavatory sink; and
 - (3) A shower, provided the property owner signs an agreement recorded with the County Recorder and processed through the City Manager stating that the building will not be used for living or sleeping purposes.
- (c) <u>Non-habitable Aaccessory buildings or detached garages</u> may encroach into required yards subject to the requirements in Section 131.0461.
- (d) Structures containing uses regulated by Chapter 14, Article 1 (Separately Regulated Uses) are not subject to Section 131.0448.
- (d) Habitable accessory buildings may be permitted as follows:
 - (1) As an accessory building to a single dwelling unit in accordance with Sections 141.0302 or 141.0306, or

(2) As an accessory building to a multiple dwelling unit development

to provide common area facilities for the property owners, tenants,

and their guests in accordance with the underlying base zone.

§131.0461 Architectural Projections and Encroachments in Residential Zones

- (a) The following are permitted architectural projections and encroachments into required yards and the angled building envelope plane for RS and RX zones and the RM-1-1, RM-1-2, and RM-1-3 zones. These projections and encroachments are not permitted in the required yards within view corridors that are designated by land use plans in the Coastal Overlay Zone and may not be located in a required visibility area or a required turning radius or vehicle back-up area except where development regulations may allow.
 - (1) Roof projections such as Eeave, cornice, and eyebrow projections may extend into the required yard or into the space above the angled building envelope subject to the following:
 - (A) through (C) [No change in text.]
 - (D) The projection into the space above the angled building

 envelope is limited to a maximum of 33 percent of the

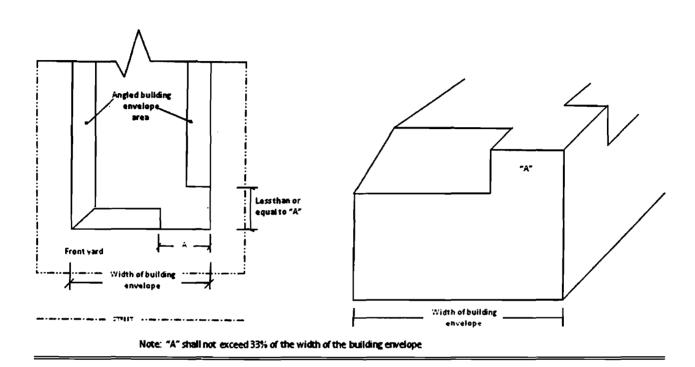
 width of the building envelope facing the front yard, and a

 maximum depth equal to or less than its width. See

 Diagram 131-04S.

Diagram 131-04S

Exception for Angled Building Envelope Area



- (2) Openly supported architectural projections, including trellises, may encroach into required yards, as shown in Diagram 131-04ST, subject to the following:
 - (A) through (F) [No change in text.]

Diagram 131-04ST

Openly Supported Architectural Projections

[No change to diagram.]

(3) Bay windows may project into required yards, as shown in Diagram 131-04<u>TU</u>, subject to the following requirements:

(A) through (E) [No change in text.]

Diagram 131-04T<u>U</u>

Bay Window Yard Projections

[No change to diagram.]

- (4) [No change in text.]
- (5) Mechanical equipment such as air conditioner units, gas meters, electrical fuse boxes, or pool equipment and associated utility enclosures may encroach into required side and rear *yards* subject to the following requirements:
 - (A) through (B) [No change in text.]
 - (C) Except that no setback shall be required for air conditioner

 units within a side or rear yard where sound attenuation

 features are incorporated and demonstrated to comply with

 applicable sound level limits in accordance with Section

 59.5.0401.
- (6) Entry roofs and porches may encroach into the required front and street street side yards subject to the following requirements:
 - (A) The *encroachment* shall not exceed 6 feet or 50 percent of the width of the required *yard*, whichever is less;
 - (B) The height of the entry roof shall not exceed 10 15 feet for flat roofs, 12 feet for pitched roofs, or 12 feet at the apex of an arched roof with 10 feet at the springline above grade;
 - (C) The width of the *encroachment* shall not exceed 10 feet or 50 percent of the width of the habitable portion of the building elevation, whichever is greater; and

- (D) Porches shall be maintained with at least two elevations that are at least 40 percent open.
- (7) Entry arbors may encroach into required front and street <u>street</u> side yards, as shown in Diagram 131-04<u>UV</u>, subject to the following requirements:
 - (A) through (H) [No change in text.]

Diagram 131-04UV

Entry Arbor Yard Projections

[No change to diagram.]

Diagram 131-04VW

Dormer Projection into Angled Building Envelope Plane

[No change to diagram.]

- (8) through (11) [No change in text.]
- (12) Detached garages or <u>non-habitable</u> accessory buildings may encroach into a required side or rear yard as follows:
 - (A) through (D) [No change in text.]
- (b) through (c) [No change in text.]

Article 1: Base Zones

Division 5: Commercial Base Zones

§131.0522 Use Regulations Table of Commercial Zones

The uses allowed in the commercial zones are shown in Table 131-05B.

Legend of Table 131-05B

[No change in text.]

Table 131-05B Use Regulations Table for Commercial Zones

Use Categories/Subcategories	Zone Designator				Zones						
[See Section 131.0112 for an explanation and descriptions of the Use Categories,	1st & 2nd >>	C	CN ⁽¹⁾ -		CR-		CO-		CV-		CP-
Subcategories, and Separately Regulated Uses]	3rd >>		1-		1-	2-	1	-	1	-	1-
Uscsj	4th >>	1	2	3	1	1	1	2	1	2	1
Open Space through Retail Sales, Food, B Groceries [No change in text.]	everages and										
Consumer Goods, Furniture, Appliances, Equipment			P ⁽¹¹⁾		P ⁽¹¹⁾	P ⁽¹¹⁾	P ⁽³	,11)	<u>-P</u> (13)	-
Pets & Pet Supplies through Commercial Funeral & Mortuary Services [No change	•										
Instructional Studios			<u>P</u>		<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u> <u>P</u> (12)	=	
Commercial Services, Bed & Breakfast Est 6+ Guest Rooms [No change in text.] Boarding Kennels/Pet Day Care Facilities Camping Parks through Helicopter Landing			- <u>L</u>		<u> </u>	€ <u>L</u>	E	<u>N</u>	€ <u>N</u>	(10)	-
change in text.]											
Instructional Studios			P		₽	₽	€	.	€		-
Massage Establishments, Specialized Practic	ce		L		L	L	-		- <u>L</u>	(14)	-
Nightclubs & Bars over 5,000 square feet in Urgent Care Facilities [No change in text.]	size through										
Veterinary Clinics & Animal Hospitals			- <u>L</u>		<u>C</u> <u>L</u>	<u>€</u> <u>L</u>	C	Й	-		-
Zoological Parks [No change in text.]											
Offices through Signs [No change in text.]											

Use Categories/Subcategories	Zone Designator	or						
[See Section 131.0112 for an explanation and descriptions of the Use Categories, Subcategories, and Separately Regulated	1st & 2nd >>			CC-				
Uses]	3rd >>	1-	2-	3-	4-	5-		
	4th >>	123	1 2 3	4 5	1 2 3 4 5	1 2 3 4 5		
Open Space through Commercial Services, Fu Mortuary Services [No change in text.]	ineral &				_			
Maintenance & Repair through Separately Re Commercial Services, Bed & Breakfast Establi 6+ Guest Rooms [No change in text.]	-				_			
Instructional Studios		<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>		
Boarding Kennels/Pet Day Care Facilities		<u>€</u> <u>L</u>	€ <u>L</u>	<u>€</u> <u>L</u>	<u>€ L</u>	<u>€ L</u>		
Camping Parks through Helicopter Landing Fac change in text.]	ilities [No			•				
Instructional Studios		€	E	E	E	E		
Massage Establishments, Specialized Practice	_	L	L	- <u>L</u>	- <u>L</u>	L		
Nightclubs & Bars over 5,000 square feet in size Urgent Care Facilities [No change in text.]	through							
Veterinary Clinics & Animal Hospitals		€ <u>L</u>	<u>E</u>	<u>E L</u>	€ <u>L</u>	€ <u>L</u>		
Zoological Parks through Signs [No change in to	ext.]					·		

Footnotes to Table 131-05B

Footnotes 1 through 11 [No change in text.]

- Within the Coastal Overlay Zone, instructional studios are not permitted on the ground *floor* in the CV-1-1 or CV-1-2 zone.
- Permitted in CV zones where the *gross floor area* occupied by an individual retail sales establishment would not exceed 2,500 square feet.
- Specialized practice massage establishments are permitted only as an *accessory use* in the CV-1-1 and CV-1-2 zones.

131.0531 Development Regulations Tables of Commercial Zones

The following development regulations apply in each of the commercial zones as shown in Tables 131-05C, 131-05D, and 131-05E.

(a) CN Zones

Table 131-05C
Development Regulations of CN Zones

Development Regulations	Zone designator		Zones					
[See Section 131.0530 for Development Regulations of	1st & 2nd >>		CN-					
Commercial Zones]	3rd >>	1-	1-	1-				
	4th >>	1	2	3				
Max permitted residential density throu Recyclable Material Storage [No change	- 1							
Loading Dock and Overhead Door Screen Regulations [See Section 142.1030]	eening	applies	applies	applies				

Footnotes for Table 131-05C

Footnotes 1 through 3 [No change in text.]

(b) CR, CO, CV and CP Zones

Table 131-05D

Development Regulations of CR, CO, CV, CP Zones

Development Regulations	Zone Designator			Z	Zones				
[See Section 131.0530	1st & 2nd >>	CR-	C	CO- CV		V-	СР-		
for Development Regulations of	3rd >>	1- 2-		1-	1		1-		
Commercial Zones]	4th >>	1	1	2	1	2	1		
Max permitted residentian through Refuse and Recymaterial Storage [No content of the content of	clable								
Loading Dock and Overl Screening Regulations [S 142.1030]		<u>applies</u>	<u>applies</u>	applies	applies	applies	<u>applies</u>		

Footnotes For Table 131-05D

Footnotes 1 through 4 [No change in text.]

(c) CC Zones

Table 131-05E
Development Regulations of CC Zones

Development Regulation	Zone Designator			Zones		
[See Section 131.0530 for	1st & 2nd >>			CC-		
Development Regulations of	3rd >>	1- 2- 4- 5-	1- 2- 4- 5-	1- 2- 4- 5-	3- 4- 5-	3- 4- 5-
Commercial Zones]	4th >>	1	2	3	4	5
Max permitted residential density thr and Recyclable Material Storage [N text.]						
Loading Dock and Overhead Door So	reening	<u>applies</u>	applies	<u>applies</u>	<u>applies</u>	<u>applies</u>
Regulations [See Section 142.1030]	_					

Footnotes for Table 131-05E

Footnotes 1 through 4 [No change in text.]

§131.0543 Setback Requirements for Commercial Zones

[No change in text.]

- (a) [No change in text.]
 - (1) [No change in text.]
 - (2) In the CN, CO, CV, and CC zones with a maximum front or street side setback as shown in Tables 131-05C, 131-05D, and 131-05E, the maximum setback shall apply to only 70 percent of the street frontage. There is no maximum setback for the remaining 30 percent. The remaining 30 percent is not required to observe the maximum setback and may be located farther from the property line. See Diagram 131-05B.

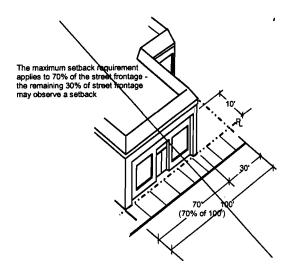
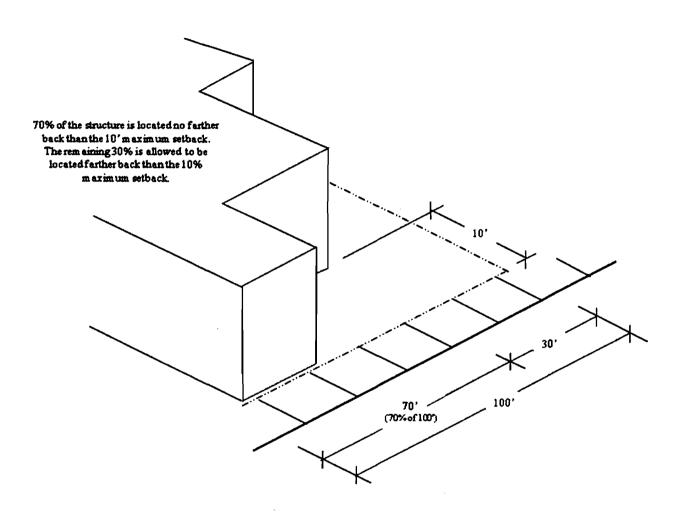


Diagram 131-05B

Maximum Setback Requirement



(3) [No change in text.]

(b) through (c) [No change in text.]

Division 6: Industrial Base Zones

§131.0622 Use Regulations Table for Industrial Zones

The uses allowed in the industrial zones are shown in Table 131-06B.

Legend for Table 131-06B

[No change in text.]

Table 131-06B Use Regulations Table for Industrial Zones

Use Categories/ Subcategories	Zone Designator	ı			Z	ones			_
[See Section 131.0112 for an explanation and descriptions of the Use Categories,	1st & 2nd >	I	P-		IL-		I	H-	IS-
Subcategories, and Separately Regulated	3rd >>	1-	2-	1-	2-	3-	1-	2-	1-
Uses]	4th >>	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Open Space through Separately Regulated Inst Uses, Cemeteries, Mausoleums, Crematories [No text.]			•						
Churches & Places of Religious Assembly		C =	C	-	С	L	-	-	C
Correctional Placement Centers through Comme Services, Funeral & Mortuary Services [No ch text.]									
Instructional Studios		=	=	=	=	P (16)	=	=	<u>P</u>
Maintenance & Repair through Personal Servi change in text.]	ces [No			_					
Assembly & Entertainment		-	-	-	P(11 16)	P(16	-	-	P ^{(12,} 16)
Radio & Television Studios through Separately Commercial Services; Bed & Breakfast Establis Guest Rooms [No change in text.]	-				L		<u> </u>	•	•
Boarding Kennels/Pet Day Care Facilities		-	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>€</u> <u>L</u>	<u>€ N</u>	<u>ей</u>	<u>C N</u>
Camping Parks through Helicopter Landing Facil change in text.]	ities [No	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С
Instructional Studios		-	-	-	ı	₽	-	-	P
Massage Establishments, Specialized Practice thr Temporary Parking Facilities [No change in text.]									
Private Clubs, Lodges and Fraternal Organization	ıs	æ	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>

Use Categories/ Subcategories	Zone Designator				Z	ones		_	
[See Section 131.0112 for an explanation ar descriptions of the Use Categories,	1st & 2nd >	I	IP-		IL-			IH-	
Subcategories, and Separately Regulated	3rd >>	1-	2-	1-	2-	3-	1-	2-	1-
Uses]	4th >>	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Privately Operated, Outdoor Recreation Facilities 40,000 square feet in size through Urgent Care Fachange in text.]									
Veterinary Clinics & Animal Hospitals		-	€ N	C N	E L	E L	€ N	€ N	€ N
Zoological Parks through Signs [No change in te	xt.]								

Footnotes for Table 131-06B

Footnotes 1 through 15 [No change in text.]

Instructional Studios and Assembly and Entertainment facilities are not permitted on a premises that is identified as Prime Industrial Land in a land use plan.

§131.0631 Development Regulations Table for Industrial Zones

The following development regulations apply in the industrial zones as shown in Table 131-06C.

Table 131-06C Development Regulations for Industrial Zones

Development Regulations [See Section 131.0630 for Development	Zone Designator	_				
Regulations of Industrial Zones]	1st & 2nd >>	IP-	IL-	IH-	IS-	
	3rd >>	1- 2	- 1- 2- 3-	1- 2-	1	
	4th >>	1	1	1	1	
Lot Area through Refuse and Recyclable Material Storage [No change in text.]				-		
Loading Dock and Overhead Door Screen Regulations [See Section 142.1030]	ening	applie:	<u>applies</u>	applies	applies	

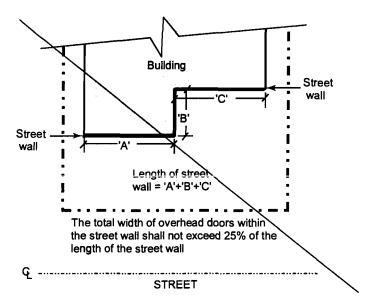
Footnotes for Table 131-06C

Footnotes 1 through 9 [No change in text.]

§131.0660 Street Wall Requirements for Industrial Zones

In the IL and IH zones, a maximum of two loading docks or overhead doors may be located in the *street wall*. The total width of the loading docks or overhead doors shall not occupy more than 25 percent of the length of the *street wall*. See Diagram 131-06C.

Diagram 131-06C
Street Wall Loading Docks in the IL and IH Zones



Article 2: Overlay Zones

Division 14: Community Plan Implementation Overlay Zone

§132.1402 Where the Community Plan Implementation Overlay Zone Applies

(a) [No change in text.]

Table 132-14A

Community Plans with Property in the Community Plan Implementation Overlay Zone

Community Plans with Property in the Community Plan Implementation Overlay Zone

Community Plan	Map Number Showing Boundaries of CPIOZ Area
Clairemont Mesa (See Diagram 132.14A)	C-771.1, B-3951
College Area	<u>C-761.1</u>
Linda Vista (See Diagram 132-14C)	C-750
Midway/Pacific Highway Corridor (See	C-782
Diagram 132-14D	
Navajo (See Diagram 132-14E)	C-779
Pacific Beach (See Diagram 132-14F)	B-37371. B-3857
Peninsula (See Diagram 132-14G)	C-744, C-781
Rancho Bernardo (See Diagram 132-14H)	C-773.1
Rancho Penasquitos (See Diagram 132-14I)	B-4025
Skyline Paradise Hills (See Diagram 132-14L)	B-4272
Southeastern San Diego (See Diagram 132-14M)	B-4272
University (See Diagram 132-14J)	C-725, C-751.2
Uptown (See Diagram 132.14K)	C-780.2

(b) [No change in text.]

Table 132-14B [No change in text.]

Chapter 14: General Regulations

Article 1: Separately Regulated Use Regulations

Division 3: Residential Use Category-Separately Regulated Uses

§141.0302 Companion Units

A companion unit is a dwelling unit that is an accessory use for a single dwelling unit on a residential lot that provides complete living facilities, including a kitchen, independent of the primary dwelling unit. Companion units are permitted as a limited use in accordance with Process One in the zones indicated with an "L" in the Use Regulations Tables in Chapter 13, Article 1 (Base Zones) and Chapter 15, Article 1, Division 4 (General and Supplemental Regulations), subject to the following regulations: in Section 141.0302. Within the Coastal Overlay Zone, companion units are subject to the provisions of Chapter 12, Article 6, Division 7.

Limited Use Regulations. Companion units are permitted as a limited use subject to the following regulations:

(a) Before a Building Permit may be issued for a companion unit, the property record owner shall enter into an agreement with the City in a form that is acceptable to the City Attorney. The agreement shall include the following provisions: That if the property owner does not occupy either the primary dwelling unit or the companion unit, only one of the units may be rented; that neither the primary dwelling unit nor the companion unit may be sold or conveyed separately; and that the property owner shall reside in the primary dwelling unit dwelling unit or the companion unit. The ecity will submit the agreement to the County Recorder for recordation. The

- agreement shall run with the land and be coterminous with the life of the companion unit.
- (b) Within single family residential zones, a companion unit is allowed where the existing lot area is equal to or greater than two times the minimum lot area required for the zone.
- on property that would otherwise allow only one single dwelling unit
 based on the size of the premises, provided there is an existing single
 dwelling unit. If the premises are modified by area or zone to permit
 additional dwelling units, the companion unit shall then be considered an
 additional dwelling unit and shall not be restricted by the applicable
 companion unit regulations.
- (d) A primary dwelling unit must exist on the premises. Concurrent

 construction of the primary dwelling unit and companion unit is not

 allowed.
- (e)(b) No more than one companion unit is permitted on a *premises*.
- (c) Within a multiple dwelling unit zone, a companion unit is permitted on any premises that would otherwise be limited to a maximum of one single dwelling unit based on the allowable density and existing area of the premises. Dwelling units on a premises that can accommodate density for multiple dwelling units shall be regulated in accordance with applicable zoning and not subject to Section 141.0302.
- $(\frac{1}{2})$ A companion unit may be attached to or detached from the primary dwelling unit on the premises.

- (g)(e) If access from an improved abutting alley exists, vehicular access to parking spaces for the companion unit shall be from the alley unless the premises has a garage that accommodates all off-street parking required in accordance with this section, except for premises located in the Beach Impact Area or any other zones in which vehicular access from the alley is required.
- (h)(\underline{f}) If an existing garage is converted to a companion unit, another garage shall be provided on the *premises* to replace the converted parking spaces.
- (i)(g) Parking for the entire *premises* shall be brought into compliance with Chapter 14, Article 2, Division 5 (Parking Regulations) and with this section.
- (j)(h) One standard off-street parking space is required for each bedroom in the companion unit, with a minimum requirement of one parking space per companion unit.
- (k)(i) Off-street parking required by this section shall not be located in the area between the street wall and the front property line.
- (1)(j) Access to the off-street parking from an unimproved alley is not permitted.
- (m)(k) The gross floor area of the companion unit shall be included in the floor area ratio calculation for the premises.
- (n)(1) The gross floor area of the companion unit shall not exceed 700 square feet.
- (θ)(m) One 24-inch box tree shall be planted in the required front yard of the premises or in the abutting parkway. Existing trees that are at least 15 feet high and 15 feet in width may be used to satisfy this requirement.

- (p)(n) Maximum structure height for companion units:
 - (1) For companion units located above a garage or other accessory building:
 - (1<u>A</u>) <u>*The maximum structure height for flat-roofed structures is 21 feet; and</u>
 - (2B) *The maximum structure height is 30 feet for sloped-roofed structures with a roof pitch of at least 3:12 (3 vertical feet to 12 horizontal feet).
 - (2) For detached companion units, not above a garage or other accessory building:
 - (A) 15 feet without a chimney or flue, or
 - (B) 17 feet with a chimney or flue.
- (q)(Q) Companion unit entrances shall not be located on the building street wall or within the front fifty 50 percent of the structure.
- (#)(p) The companion unit shall be constructed with the same siding and roofing materials as the primary dwelling unit.
- (s) For detached companion units, the maximum structure height is:
 - (1) 15 feet without a chimney or flue, or
 - (2) ——17 feet with a chimney or flue.
- (q) Within the Coastal Overlay Zone, companion units are subject to the provisions of Chapter 12, Article 6, Division 7.
- §141.0304 Fraternity Houses, Sorority Houses, and Student Dormitories

 [No change in text.]

- (a) Fraternity houses, sorority houses, and student dormitories may be permitted only in the following locations:
 - (1) Within an area specifically designated for these facilities by the applicable *land use plan*, or
 - (2) When the applicable land use plan does not contain a designated

 area, such facilities may be located Wwithin a 1-mile radius of the

 boundary of a college or university campus, in any of the following

 zones: RM-3-7, RM-3-8, RM-3-9, RM-4-10, and RM-4-11.
- (b) through (e) [No change in text.]

§141.0306 Guest Quarters or Habitable Accessory Buildings

Guest quarters or habitable accessory buildings are attached or detached accessory living quarters developed of habitable construction, and located on a lot with a single dwelling unit that do not provide complete, independent living facilities and do not have direct access to the primary dwelling unit dwelling unit.

A guest Guest quarters or habitable accessory buildings is are solely for the use of the occupants of the primary dwelling unit dwelling unit or their guests or employees.

Guest quarters or habitable accessory buildings may be permitted accessory to a single dwelling unit as a limited use in accordance with Process One in the zones indicated with an "L" in the Use Regulations Tables in Chapter 13, Article 1 (Base Zones) subject to the following regulations.

(a) A primary dwelling unit dwelling unit must exist on the premises.
 Concurrent construction of the primary dwelling unit dwelling unit and the guest quarters or habitable accessory building is permitted.

- (b) No more than one guest quarters may be permitted on a premises. Guest quarters or habitable accessory buildings may occupy a maximum of 25 percent of the allowable gross floor area of the premises.
- (c) Guest quarters or habitable accessory buildings may be attached to or detached from the primary dwelling unit dwelling unit on the premises.
- (d) The gross floor area of the guest quarters shall not exceed 20 percent of the maximum gross floor area for the premises that is permitted in the zone.
- (e)(d) The gross floor area of the guest quarters or habitable accessory buildings shall be included in the floor area ratio calculation for the premises.
- (f)(e) The guest quarters or habitable accessory buildings shall not contain a kitchen or facilities for the storage and preparation of food. A bar sink and miniature refrigerator may be permitted.
- (g)(f) For guest quarters or habitable accessory buildings located above a garage or other accessory building, the maximum structure height for flat-roofed structures is 21 feet. For sloped-roofed structures with a roof pitch of at least 3:12 (3 vertical feet to 12 horizontal feet), the maximum structure height is 30 feet.
- (h)(g) For detached guest quarters or habitable accessory buildings, the maximum structure height is 15 feet without a chimney or flue, or 17 feet with a chimney or flue.
- (i)(h) Decks and staircases of not more than 3 feet in height may encroach into required yards.

- (j)(i) Roof decks, including railings, shall not exceed the height limits in Section 141.0306(gf) and (hg).
- (k) One 24-inch box tree shall be planted in the required front yard of the premises or in the abutting parkway. Existing trees may be used to satisfy this requirement.
- (1) Off-street parking and access for a premises containing a guest quarters shall be provided as follows:
 - (1) Parking for the entire premises shall be brought into compliance with Chapter 14, Article 2, Division 5 (Parking Regulations).
 - (2) Off-street parking shall be provided at a rate of 1 space for each bedroom in the guest quarters.
 - (3) Off-street parking required for guest quarters shall not be located in the area between the street wall and the front property line.
 - (4) Access to the off-street parking from an unimproved alley is not permitted.
- (m)(j) Occupancy of a *premises* containing guest quarters or habitable *accessory*buildings shall be subject to the following:
 - (1) Guest quarters or habitable accessory buildings shall not be rented, leased, or sold as a separate dwelling unit dwelling unit.
 - (2) Before a Building Permit is issued for a guest quarters or habitable accessory building, the property owner record owner shall submit a signed agreement with the City that specifies that the guest quarters or habitable accessory building shall not be used as, or converted to, a companion unit or any other dwelling unit dwelling

<u>unit</u>. The agreement shall include a stipulation that neither the primary dwelling unit <u>dwelling unit</u> nor the guest quarters <u>or</u>

<u>habitable accessory building</u> shall be sold or conveyed separately.

The City will provide the agreement to the County Recorder for recordation.

(3) The guest Guest quarters or habitable accessory buildings shall be used solely by the occupants of the primary dwelling unit dwelling unit, their guests, or their employees.

Division 4: Institutional Use Category—Separately Regulated Uses §141.0404 Churches and Places of Religious Assembly

Churches and places of religious assembly are permitted as a limited use in the zones indicated with an "L" in the Use Regulations Tables in Chapter 13, Article 1 (Base Zones) subject to Section 141.0404(a). Churches and places of religious assembly that do not comply with Section 141.0404(a) may be permitted with a Conditional Use Permit decided in accordance with Process Three subject to Section 141.0404(b). Churches and places of religious assembly may also be permitted with a Conditional Use Permit decided in accordance with Process Three in the zones indicated with a "C" in the Use Regulations Tables in Chapter 13, Article 1 (Base Zones) subject to Section 141.0404(b).

- (a) Limited Use Regulations
 - (1) Churches and places of religious assembly are not permitted:
 - (A) within the MHPA; or
 - (B) within in floodplains located in the Coastal Overlay Zone;

 or

- (C) on a premises that is identified as Prime Industrial Land in a land use plan.
- (2) through (4) [No change in text.]
- (b) Conditional Use Permit Regulations
 - (1) Churches and places of religious assembly are not permitted:
 - (A) within the MHPA; or
 - (B) within in floodplains located in the Coastal Overlay Zone;

 or
 - (C) on a premises that is identified as Prime Industrial Land in a land use plan.
 - (2) through (5) [No change in text.]

§141.0407 Educational Facilities—Schools for Kindergarten to Grade 12 and Colleges/Universities

Educational facilities may be permitted with a Conditional Use Permit decided in accordance with Process Three in the zones indicated with a "C" in the Use Regulations Tables in Chapter 13, Article 1 (Base Zones) subject to the following regulations.

- (a) Educational facilities are not permitted on a premises that is identified as

 Prime Industrial Land in a land use plan. Permanent development

 associated with educational facilities is not permitted in agricultural zones
 in Proposition A Lands or within floodplains located in the Coastal

 Overlay Zone.
- (b) through (f) [No change in text.]

Division 6: Commercial Services Use Category--Separately Regulated Use §141.0604 Boarding Kennels/Pet Day Care Facilities

Boarding kennels and pet day care facilities for the boarding, training and care of household pets are permitted as a limited use in the zones indicated with an "L" in the Use Regulations Tables in Chapter 13, Article 1 (Base Zones) subject to Section 141.0604(a): and (b). Boarding kennels and pet day care facilities may be permitted with a Conditional Neighborhood Use Permit decided in accordance with Process Three Two in the zones indicated with an "CN" in the Use Regulations Tables in Chapter 13, Article 1 (Base Zones) subject to Section 141.0604(b): (a) and (c).

(a) General Rules

- (1) Boarding kennels and pet day care facilities shall be operated and maintained in accordance with the health and sanitation regulations for health regulated businesses in Chapter 4, Article 2, Division 7 (Animals and Poultry).
- (2) Boarding kennels and pet day care facilities shall be maintained in a sanitary condition to minimize the impacts of odors on surrounding development.

(a)(b) Limited Use Regulations

(1) Maintaining, raising, feeding, or keeping of 6 or more domestic animals requires a premises of at least 5 acres. All boarding, training, and pet care activities shall be conducted within an enclosed building. Exterior boarding, training, and exercise facilities are not permitted as a limited use.

- (2) Kennels and associated *structures* shall not be located any closer than 50 feet to any *property line*, unless the *structures* are sound-proofed.
- (3) Off-street parking shall be provided at a rate of 2.5 spaces for every 1,000 square feet of floor floor area.
- (4) Boarding kennels and pet day care facilities shall not be located on

 a premises that is identified as Prime Industrial Land in a land use

 plan.
- (5) Deviations from Section 146.0604(b) may be permitted with a

 Neighborhood Use Permit decided in accordance with Process

 Two, with the exception of outdoor facilities in CN zones which are not permitted.

(b)(c) Conditional Neighborhood Use Permit Regulations

- (1) [No change in text.]
- (2) Exterior boarding, training, and exercise facilities shall be screened from adjacent development by a 6-foot solid fence or wall.
- (3) The facility shall be maintained in a sanitary condition to minimize the impacts of odors on surrounding development.
- (4)(3) Off-street parking shall be provided in accordance with Table 142.05D 142-05D.

§141.0612 Instructional Studios

Instructional studios are establishments in which skills including dance, art, and martial arts are taught to individuals or groups. Instructional studios do not include educational facilities.

Instructional studios may be permitted with a Conditional Use Permit decided in accordance with Process Three in the zones indicated with a "C" in the Use Regulations Tables in Chapter 13, Article 1 (Base Zones) subject to the following regulations.

- (a) The number of students using the studio at any one time may be limited based on the following:
 - (1) The intensity of existing surrounding uses that are allowed in the zone; and
 - (2) The amount of parking available on the premises.
- (b) The hours of operation of the studio may be limited.
- (e) Within the Coastal Overlay Zone, instructional studios are not permitted on the ground floor in the CV-1-1 or CV-1-2 zone.

§141.0613 Massage Establishments, Specialized Practice

Specialized practice massage establishments are <u>police regulated businesses</u>

<u>subject to Chapter 3, Article 3, Division 35 and are permitted as a limited use in the zones indicated with an "L" in the Use Regulations Tables in Chapter 13, Article 1 (Base Zones) subject to the following regulations.</u>

(a) Any sign advertising the establishment shall contain the full name of the operator and may contain words that identify the specialized field of practice in which the operator engages.

- (b) The letters of any words identifying the operator's specialized field of practice shall not exceed one-half of the height of the capital letters in the name of the operator, and the words shall be uniform in height.
- (c) The phrase "massage parlor" or "massage establishment" shall not be used on any sign or any other form of advertising. The word "massage" shall not be used on any sign or any other form of advertising unless preceded by words identifying the specialized field of practice.
- (d) The owner of the establishment <u>applicant</u> shall submit scale drawings of all signs that will be displayed on the <u>premises</u> to the City Manager to determine compliance with this section.
- (e) The owner of the establishment shall submit proof of proficiency of the operator in the specialized field of practice. Proficiency may be established by completion of a course of instruction in the specialized field of practice at a school authorized to provide such instruction by the State of California, or proof of actual practice in the field of specialization for a period of three years. The period of practice shall be attested to, in writing, by no less than three persons who meet the educational qualifications described in this section or are members of a professional organization that is incorporated in the State of California, and which fosters or promotes the specialized field of practice.
- (e)(f) The application and business license tax certificate for the establishment shall identity identify the business as a "Massage Establishment,

 Specialized Practice, pursuant to Municipal Code Section 141.0613."

§141.0617 Private Clubs, Lodges, and Fraternal Organizations

Private clubs, lodges, and fraternal organizations are associations of persons, whether incorporated or unincorporated, for the promotion of some common social, cultural, educational, religious, or recreational objective. This use does not include *churches* or any group whose primary objective is a business customarily carried on for a profit.

Private clubs, lodges, and fraternal organizations may be permitted with a Conditional Use Permit decided in accordance with Process Three in the zones indicated with a "C" in the Use Regulations Tables in Chapter 13, Article 1 (Base Zones) subject to the following regulations.

- (a) through (d) [No change in text.]
- (e) Private clubs, lodges, and fraternal organizations are not permitted on a premises that is identified as Prime Industrial Land in a land use plan.

§141.0625 Veterinary Clinics and Animal Hospitals

Veterinary clinics and <u>animal</u> hospitals <u>are permitted as a limited use in the zones</u> indicated with an "L" and may be permitted with a Conditional Neighborhood

Use Permit decided in accordance with Process Three <u>Two</u> in the zones indicated with an "CN" in the Use Regulations Tables in Chapter 13, Article 1 (Base Zones) subject to the following regulations.

(a) General Rules

(1) Veterinary clinics and <u>animal</u> hospitals are not permitted in agricultural zones in *Proposition A Lands*, except as an accessory use within a zoological park, or within *floodplains* located in the Coastal Overlay Zone.

- (2) Veterinary clinics and animal hospitals shall be operated and

 maintained in accordance with the health and sanitation regulations

 for health regulated businesses in Chapter 4, Article 2, Division 7

 (Animals and Poultry).
- (3) Veterinary clinics and animal hospitals shall be maintained in a

 sanitary condition to minimize the impacts of odors on surrounding

 development.

(b) Limited Use Regulations

- (1) Veterinary clinics and animal hospitals shall not be located on a

 premises that is identified as Prime Industrial Land in a land use

 plan.
- (2) Outdoor exercise areas are not permitted as a limited use, except as an accessory use within a zoological park.
- (3) Off-street parking shall be provided in accordance with Table 142-05D.
- (4) Deviations from Section 146.0625(a) may be permitted with a

 Neighborhood Use Permit decided in accordance with Process

 Two.

(c) Neighborhood Use Permit Regulations

- (b1) Noise resulting from outdoor exercise or treatment areas shall be minimized. Noise emanating from the facility shall be kept at minimum levels through the following methods:
 - (A) <u>Limitations on the number of animals permitted in exterior</u>

 areas at any one time;

- (B) Limitations on the hours that animals are permitted in exterior areas;
- (C) Locating exterior boarding and exercise areas on those portions of the site where noise impacts on surrounding development will be minimized;
- (D) The use of walls or *fences* to minimize noise impacts to surrounding *development*; and
- (E) Sound-proofing of interior kennel areas.
- (e) The facility shall be maintained in a sanitary condition to minimize impact of odors on surrounding development.
 - (2) Exterior boarding, training, and exercise facilities shall be screened from adjacent development by a 6-foot solid fence or wall.

Division 11: Sign Use Category--Separately Regulated Uses

§141.1103 Reallocation of Sign Area Allowance Comprehensive Sign Plans

Reallocation of sign area allowance Comprehensive sign plans may be permitted with a Neighborhood Use Permit in the zones indicated with an "N" in the Use Regulations Tables in Chapter 13, Article 1 (Base Zones). Comprehensive sign plans may be requested to modify applicable sign requirements if the proposed signs, as a whole, are in conformance with the intent of the sign regulations and if the exceptions result in an improved relationship among the signs and building facades on the premises.

Article 2: General Development Regulations

Division 4: Landscape Regulations

§142.0402 When Landscape Regulations Apply

(a) through (b) [No change in text.]

Table 142-04A Landscape Regulations Applicability Landscape Regulations Applicability

Тур	pe of <i>Development</i> Proposal		Applicable Regulations	Required Permit Type/Decision Process
Column A	Column B	Column C ⁽¹⁾		
1. through 2. [No change in text.]				
3. New permanent parking and vehicular use area for four or more vehicles including access to the spaces, excluding parking for single dwelling unit uses on a single lot in single dwelling unit zones			142.0403, 142.0406- 142.0409, and 142.0413	Building Construction Permit/ Process One
4. New temporary parking and vehicular use area for four or more vehicles including access to the spaces, excluding parking for single dwelling unit uses on a single lot in single dwelling unit zones			142.0403, 142.0408, 142.0409, and 142.0413	Building Construction Permit/ Process One
5. Additions or modifications to existing permanent or temporary parking and vehicular use area that increase the number of parking spaces by four			142.0403, 142.0408, 142.0409, 142.0410(b), and 142.0413	Building Construction Permit/ Process One

	<u> </u>	1		
or more				
6. Single dwelling unit residential use projects proposing new private or public rights-of-way			142.0403, 142.0409, and 142.0413	Building Construction Permit/ Process One
7. Projects proposing slopes with gradients steeper than 4:1 (4 horizontal feet to 1 vertical foot) that are 5 feet or greater in height			142.0403, 142.0411, and 142.0413	Building Construction Permit/ Process One
8. Projects creating disturbed areas of bare soils, or projects with existing disturbed areas [No change in text.]				
9. All City owned property, dedicated in perpetuity for park or recreation purposes, within 100 feet of a structure.			142.0403 142.0412 142.0413	No permit required by this division if work is performed in accordance with applicable regulations
10. through 11. [No change in text.]				
12. New Trees or shrubs planted in the public right-of-way			62.0603, 129.0702, 142.0403, and 144.0409 142.0409 and 142.0610	Public Right-of- Way Permit or Street Tree Permit/ Process One
13. [No change in text.]				

Footnote to Table 142-04A

Footnotes 1 [No change in text.]

§142.0412 Brush Management

Brush management is required in all base zones on publicly or privately owned *premises* that are within 100 feet of a *structure* and contain native or naturalized vegetation.

- (a) through (f) [No change in text.]
- (g) Zone One Requirements
 - (1) [No change in text.]
 - (2) Zone One shall contain no habitable structures, structures that are directly attached to habitable structures, or other combustible construction that provides a means for transmitting fire to the habitable structures. Structures such as fences, walls, palapas, play structures, and non-habitable gazebos that are located within brush management Zone One shall be of noncombustible, one hour fire-rated or heavy timber construction.
 - (3) through (7) [No change in text.]
- (h) through (o) [No change in text.]

Division 5: Parking Regulations

§142.0510 General Parking Regulations

- (a) through (c) [No change in text.]
- (d) Previously Conforming Premises <u>Previously Conforming Premises</u>.

 Enlargement or change in use, or resumption of a discontinued use, for a
 premises that is previously conforming for the reason that it does not
 provide the number of off-street parking spaces required by this <u>dD</u>ivision
 shall be required to provide parking as follows:

- (1) through (3) [No change in text.]
- (4) A discontinued use may resume on a premises with previously conforming parking if:
 - (A) The use is permitted in accordance with the underlying

 base zone; and
 - (B) The premises is not located within the Parking Impact

 Overlay Zone; or
 - (C) The premises is located within the Parking Impact Overlay
 Zone, but the use has been discontinued for less than 2
 years as determined in accordance with Section
 142.0510(d)(5).
- (4)(5) Within the Parking Impact Overlay Zone, When a use is proposed on a premises for which if the previous use has been discontinued for a period of 2 or more consecutive years, parking shall be required as provided in this dDivision for the new use, unless a property owner has obtained a Neighborhood Development Permit.

 (A) through (B) [No change in text.]
- (e) through (g) [No change in text.]

§142.0530 Nonresidential Uses — Parking Ratios

- (a) through (b) [No change in text.]
- (c) [No change in text.]

Table 142-05F Parking Ratios for Specified Non-Residential Uses

Use	Parking Spaces Required per 1,000 Square Feet of Floor Area Unless Otherwis Noted (Floor Area Includes Gross Floor Area plus below Grade Floor Area, and Excludes Floor Area Devoted to Parking)								
	Required Automobile Parking Spaces								
	Minimum Required Outside a Transit Area	Minimum Required Within a Transit Area ⁽¹⁾	Maximum Permitted	Carpool Minimum	Minimum				
	Commercial Services, Vis	itor Accommodat	ions [No cha	nge in text.]					
Separately Regulated Uses									
Child Care Facilities through Funeral parlors & Mortuaries [No change in text.]									
Clinic Modical	1.0	3.5	<i></i>	0.4	lockers with shower				
Private clubs, lodges, fraternal organizations (except fraternities and sororities) through Veterinary clinics & hospitals [No change in text.]			<u> </u>						

Footnotes for Table 142-05F

Footnotes 1 through 7 [No change in text.]

(d) through (h) [No change in text.]

§142.0560 Development and Design Regulations for Parking Facilities

- (a) through (i) [No change in text.]
- (j) Driveway and Access Regulations

- (1) [No change in text.]
- when redevelopment occurs, after the demolition of the primary

 structures on a premises, existing driveways shall be modified to

 comply with this section when redevelopment occurs after

 demolition of the primary structure on a premises, or when

 otherwise required by the Land Development Code.
- (3) through (10) [No change in text.]
- (k) Parking Structure Design Regulations. Parking structures are subject to the following design regulations:
 - (1) The perimeter of each parking garage <u>structure</u> floor above <u>street</u> level shall have an opaque <u>screen</u> or other <u>screening</u> mechanism to shield automobiles from public view. The <u>screen</u> shall be at least 3½ feet high measured from the finished floor elevation.
 - (2) An architectural treatment, such as a finished fascia, shall be provided to shield any unfinished structural elements (including electrical elements, exposed metal beams, and fireproofing material) or mechanical appurtenances from a viewing position at grade from the opposite side of the street.
 - (3) Lights visible from the exterior of the structure shall comply with

 Section 142.0740, be covered or screened with a diffusing lens and
 oriented to minimize the visual impact from a viewing position at
 grade from the opposite side of the street.

- The top *floor* of parking *structures* that are open to the sky are subject to the vehicular use area requirements of the Landscape Regulations (Chapter 14, Article 2, Division 4).
- (2)(5) The maximum gradient in any direction within a parking structure is 6 percent, except that where unusual or special circumstances warrant, the City Manager may approve steeper gradients according to accepted engineering practices.

§142.0650 Requirements for Park and Recreational Facilities

The provision of park facilities and the payment of park fees are required in accordance with Municipal Code Chapter 6, Article 3, Division 4 Chapter 9, Article 6, Division 4 (Development of Park and Recreational Facilities).

Division 10: Loading Area Regulations

§142.1030 Loading Dock and Overhead Door Screening Regulations

(a) through (c) [No change in text.]

Diagram 142-10A

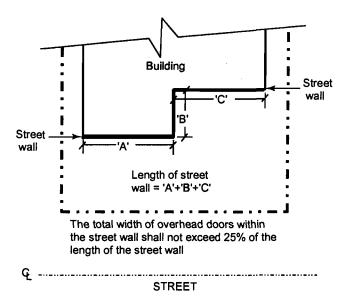
Wall Requirement in the IP Zone

[No change in text.]

doors may be visible when projected perpendicularly to a single plane that is most parallel to the closest abutting public right-of-way. The total width of the loading docks or overhead doors shall not occupy more than 25 percent of the length of the street wall. See Diagram 142-10B.

Diagram 142-10B

Street Wall Loading Docks in the IL and IH Zones



Division 12: Sign Regulations

§142.1205 When Sign Regulations Apply

This <u>dDivision</u> applies to all *signs* within the City unless otherwise specifically regulated. This <u>dDivision</u> applies to all construction within the City whether or not a permit or other approval is required. In addition, discretionary permits may also contain conditions that regulate *signs* on certain properties.

Table 142-12A shows the applicable regulations and type of permit required by this <u>dD</u>ivision, if any, for specific types of *signs*.

Table 142-12A Sign Regulations Applicability

Type of Sign or Development Proposal	Applicable Sections	Required Permit Type/Decision Process					
Changing the copy of a sign and sign maintenance that does not involve structural and electrical changes through Any proposal to erect a sign with automatic changing copy [No change in text.]							
Any proposal to erect a eommunity neighborhood identification sign	142.1210 and 142.1260	Neighborhood Use Permit/Process Two					
Any proposal to erect a secondary type of sign through Any proposal to erect a sign in an open space zone. [No change in text.]							

§142.1215 Types of Signs

- (a) through (b) [No change in text.]
- (c) Signs Permitted by Higher Process

The following are the types of signs that may be permitted with a Neighborhood Use Permit in accordance with Chapter 12, Article 6, Division 2.

- (1) through (3) [No change in text.]
- (4) Community Neighborhood identification signs
- (5) [No change in text.]

§142.1260 Signs Permitted by Higher Process

The following *signs* may be permitted with a Neighborhood Use Permit in accordance with Chapter 12, Article 6, Division 2 and Chapter 14, Article 1, Division 11:

- (a) through (d) [No change in text.]
- (e) Reallocation of sign area allowance Comprehensive sign plans.

Article 3: Supplemental Development Regulations

Division 1: Environmentally Sensitive Lands Regulations

§143.0110 When Environmentally Sensitive Lands Regulations Apply

This <u>dD</u>ivision applies to all proposed development when environmentally sensitive lands are present on the premises.

- (a) through (b) [No change in text.]
- (c) A Neighborhood Development Permit or Site Development Permit is not required for the following *development* activity:
 - (1) Outside the Coastal Overlay Zone, development on a premises

 containing environmentally sensitive lands when the development
 will not encroach into the environmentally sensitive lands during
 or after construction, if the property owner signs an
 acknowledgment that further development on the property is not
 permitted unless the development is reviewed and approved
 pursuant to this division and if the development proposal provides
 for the following:
 - (A) A 100-foot setback from sensitive biological resources;
 - (B) A 40-foot setback from the top of slope of steep hillsides;
 - (C) A 100-foot setback from floodplains.
 - (2)(1) Development on a premises containing environmentally sensitive

 <u>lands</u> that is limited to interior modifications or repairs, or any
 exterior repairs, alterations or maintenance that does not increase
 the footprint of an existing building or accessory structure, and
 will not encroach into the environmentally sensitive lands during

or after construction. For a premises containing a sensitive coastal bluff, any addition shall observe a minimum 40-foot setback from the coastal bluff edge.

- (2) Development on a premises containing environmentally sensitive lands where the development:
 - (A) Would not encroach into environmentally sensitive lands
 during or after construction;
 - (B) Would not expand brush management Zone One into environmentally sensitive lands;
 - (C) Would comply with the MHPA adjacency guidelines as applicable;
 - (D) Would maintain a minimum 40 foot setback from the coastal bluff edge of a sensitive coastal bluff; and
 - (E) Would either:
 - (i) Maintain at least a 100 foot separation distance

 from sensitive biological resources and at least a 40

 foot separation distance from the top of slope of

 steep hillsides; or
 - (ii) Locate development in a legally graded or

 developed portion of the premises separated from

 environmentally sensitive lands by an existing fence
 or other physical barrier.
- (3) through (8) [No change in text.]

(9) Development in a Special Flood Hazard Area that is permitted in accordance with the underlying base zone and complies with the regulations in Sections 143.0145 and 143.0146.

§143.0126 <u>Procedures for Emergency Authorization to Impact Environmentally</u> Sensitive Lands

Whenever development activity within environmentally sensitive lands is deemed necessary by order of the City Manager to protect the public health or safety, the City Manager may authorize, without a public hearing, the minimum amount of impact necessary to protect the public health or safety, subject to the following:

- Application. When an emergency exists, an applicant may use the

 procedures of this section instead of the standard application and decision

 procedures for a Site Development Permit. The applicant may apply for

 an emergency Site Development Permit in person, by letter to the City

 Manager, or by telephone.
- (b) Contents of Application. The application for an emergency Site

 Development Permit shall include the following information:
 - (1) The nature of the emergency:
 - (2) The cause of the emergency;
 - (3) The location of the emergency;
 - (4) The remedial, protective, or preventive work required to deal with the emergency;
 - (5) The circumstances during the emergency that justify the course of action taken or to be taken, including the probable consequences of failing to take emergency action; and

- (6) Identification of options for addressing the emergency, including the least environmentally damaging alternative.
- (c) Verification. The City Manager shall verify the facts, including the existence and nature of the emergency, to the extent that time allows.
- (d) Decision on Permit. A decision to approve, conditionally approve, or deny

 an emergency Site Development Permit shall be made by the City

 Manager.
- (e) Findings. An emergency Site Development Permit may be approved or conditionally approved only if the City Manager makes the following findings:
 - (1) An emergency exists that requires action more quickly than would

 be permitted by the normal procedures for acquiring a Site

 Development Permit and the development can and will be

 completed within 30 days unless otherwise specified in the permit;

 and
 - (2) Public comment on the proposed emergency action has been solicited and reviewed to the extent feasible.
- (f) Conditions. The City Manager may approve an emergency Site

 Development Permit with conditions, including an expiration date for any work authorized by the City Manager.
 - (1) All emergency Site Development Permits shall authorize only the minimum development necessary to stabilize the emergency.
 - (2)(a) If the emergency work involves only temporary impacts to environmentally sensitive lands, a subsequent Neighborhood

Development Permit or Site Development Permit is not required provided the *environmentally sensitive lands* are restored; in a timely manner to their natural state, to the satisfaction of the City Manager. Restoration shall be in accordance with a restoration plan that conforms with the Biology Guidelines and is approved by the City Manager. The restoration plan shall be submitted to the City Manager within 60 days of completion of the emergency work and work on the approved restoration plan shall be initiated within 90 days of project completion or prior to the beginning of the next rainy season, whichever is greater.

- (3)(b) If the emergency work results in permanent impacts to

 environmentally sensitive lands, a subsequent Neighborhood

 Development Permit or Site Development Permit is required

 through the regular process in accordance with all regulations of
 this dDivision. The application for the Neighborhood Development

 Permit or Site Development Permit shall be submitted within 60
 days of completion of the emergency work.
- (g)(e) Within the Coastal Overlay Zone, a Coastal Development Permit is required for any emergency *coastal development* in accordance with Section 126.0718.

§143.0142 Development Regulations for Steep Hillsides

Development that proposes encroachment into steep hillsides or that does not qualify for an exemption pursuant to Section 143.0110(c) is subject to the following regulations and the Steep Hillside Guidelines in the Land Development Manual.

- (a) Allowable Development Area
 - (1) through (3) [No change in text.]
 - (4) [No change in text.]
 - (A) through (D) [No change in text.]
 - (E) In the approval of any Coastal Development Permit for a subdivision, and any other division of land, including lot splits, no encroachment into steep hillsides containing sensitive biological resources, or mapped as Viewshed or Geologic Hazard on Map C-720 shall be permitted, and the The decision maker shall require a minimum 30 foot setback for Zone 1 One brush management for coastal development from such steep hillsides consistent with Section 142.0142.

§143.0146 Supplemental Regulations for Special Flood Hazard Areas

All proposed development within a Special Flood Hazard Area is subject to the following requirements and all other applicable requirements and regulations of FEMA.

- (a) Development and Permit Review
 - (1) through (6) [No change in text.]

- (7) In all *floodways*, any *encroachment*, including *fill*, new construction, significant modifications, and other *development* is prohibited unless *certification* by a registered professional engineer is provided demonstrating that *encroachments* will not result in any increase in *flood* levels during the occurrence of the *base flood* discharge <u>except as allowed under Code of Federal Regulations</u>

 Title 44, Chapter 1, Part 60.3(c)(13).
- (b) through (f) [No change in text.]

Division 2: Historical Resources Regulations

§143.0212 Need for Site Specific Survey and Determination of Location of Historical Resources

- (a) The City Manager shall determine the need for a site-specific survey for the purposes of obtaining a construction permit or development permit for development proposed for any parcel containing a structure that is 45 or more years old and not located within any area identified as exempt in the Historical Resources Guidelines of the Land Development Manual or for any parcel identified as sensitive on the Historical Resource Sensitivity Maps. Interior development and any modifications or repairs that are limited in scope to an electrical or plumbing/mechanical permit shall be exempt from the requirement to obtain a site specific survey prior to approval of the applicable construction permit where the development would include no change to the exterior of existing structures.
- (b) through (d) [No change in text.]

Division 4: Planned Development Permit Regulations

§143.0402 When Planned Development Permit Regulations Apply

This dDivision applies to all *development* proposals for which a Planned Development Permit is requested, in accordance with Table 143-04A.

Table 143-04A
Supplemental Planned Development Permit Regulations Applicability

Type of Development Proposal	Applicable Sections	Required Development Permit/Decision Process ⁽¹⁾
Residential development requesting deviations from applicable zone regulations ⁽²⁾	143.0403, 143.0410, 143.0420	PDP/Process 4
Commercial and Industrial development requesting deviations from applicable zone regulations	143.0403, 143.0410, 143.0460	PDP/Process 4
Developments within land use plans where a Planned Development Permit is recommended when other discretionary actions are requested	143.0403, 143.0465	PDP/Process 3
Development that complies with the applicable land use plan designation, but contains uses that are not permitted in the underlying base zone	143.0403	PDP/Process 3
Rural cluster development in the AR and OR zones	143.0403, 143.0410, 143.0420, 143.0440	PDP/Process 4
Rural cluster development with increased density in the AR-1-1 and OR-1-2 zones within Proposition A Lands (3)	143.0403, 143.0410, 143.0420, 143.0450	PDP/Process 5
Residential development in RS zones of Urbanized Communities where a Planned Development Permit is requested	143.0403, 143.0410 143.0420, 143.0430	PDP/Process 4

Footnotes to Table 143-04A

Footnotes 1 through 3 [No change in text.]

Chapter 14: General Regulations

Article 4: Subdivision Regulations

Division 3: Parcel Map Regulations

§144.0350 Recordation of Ownership Interest for Parcel Maps

- (a) When no dedications or offers of dedication are required, a parcel map for the division of land into four or fewer parcels shall be signed and acknowledged only by the applicant pursuant to Government Code Section 66445(e).
- (b) Concurrent with the recordation of a parcel map for the division of land into four of fewer parcels, an applicant shall record a Statement of

 Ownership Interest to the satisfaction of the City Engineer indicating that any persons or entities having record title interest in the property, including but not limited to trustees and beneficiaries, consent to the proposed subdivision.

Chapter 15: Planned Districts

Article 1: Planned Districts

Division 1: General Provisions for Planned Districts

§151.0103 Applicable Regulations

- (a) [No change in text.]
- (b) The following regulations apply in all planned districts:
 - (1) Land Development Code, Chapter 11 (Land Development Procedures);

- (2) Land Development Code, Chapter 12 (Land Development Reviews); except Chapter 12, Article 6, Division 6, where specifically excluded in the planned district regulations;
- (3) Land Development Code, Chapter 13, Article 2 (Overlay Zones);
- (4) Alcoholic beverage outlets regulations contained in Land

 Development Code Section 141.0502;
- (5) Adult entertainment establishments regulations contained in Land

 Development Code Section 141.0601;
- (3)(6) Child care facilities regulations contained in Land Development

 Code Section 141.0606; and
- (4)(7) Medical marijuana consumer cooperative regulations contained in section 141.0614. In addition, in planned districts where planned district-specific zones are applied, medical marijuana consumer cooperatives may be permitted as follows:
 - (A) In any planned district zone, subdistrict, district or overlay that allows commercial use and, except for watchkeeper's quarters, prohibits residential uses; and
 - (B) In any planned district zone, subdistrict, district or overlay that allows light industrial uses; and
- (5) Land Development Code, Chapter 13, Article 2 (Overlay Zones).

Division 2: Permits and Procedures for Planned Districts

§151.0201 Processing of Planned District Permits

Planned district permits will be processed in accordance with the Land Development Code as follows:

- (a) through (c) [No change in text.]
- (d) Where Section 151.0105 151.0401 requires a Neighborhood Use Permit, an applicant shall apply for a Neighborhood Use Permit in accordance with Land Development Code Chapter 12, Article 6, Division 1 (General Development Permit Procedures) and Division 2 (Neighborhood Use Permit Procedures). The findings required for approval will be the general findings for Neighborhood Use Permits in Land Development Code Section 126.0205 and any additional findings provided in the planned district.
- (e) Where Section 151.0105 151.0401 or the planned district requires a Conditional Use Permit, an applicant shall apply for a Conditional Use Permit in accordance with Land Development Code Chapter 12, Article 6, Division 1 (General Development Permit Procedures) and Division 3 (Conditional Use Permit Procedures). The findings required for approval will be the general findings for Conditional Use Permits in Land Development Code Section 126.0305 and any additional findings provided in the planned district.

- §151.0202 Initiation of <u>a</u> Planned District Amendments Zoning or Rezoning Action

 The establishment, repeal, change in boundaries or change in development

 controls of a planned district may be initiated as follows:
 - (a) The City Council or the Planning Commission may initiate the matters listed above by resolution.
 - (b) Property owners that may be affected by the planned district
 regulations may file a petition with the City Manager. The petition
 must contain the signatures of the owners of at least 50 percent of
 the land located within the proposed or existing planned district.

A proposed action to designate a zone on a property or change an existing zone in a planned district may be commenced in the following manner:

- (a) By Resolution. The City Council or the Planning Commission

 may initiate a zoning or rezoning action by resolution; or
- (b) By Application. A property owner may commence a zoning or rezoning action by filing an application in accordance with Sections 112.0102 and 123.0105.

§151.0203 Additional Notice

In addition to the persons entitled to be mailed notice as set forth in Section 111.0302(b), the City shall mail a Notice of Public Hearing to the owner of each parcel of land within the boundaries of the proposed planned district in accordance with Section 111.0302, no later than ten (10) working days before the date of the public hearing.

Division 4: General and Supplemental Regulations

§151.0401 Uses Permitted in the Planned Districts

(a) Where not otherwise specified the planned district, \$\frac{T}{I}\$ he uses identified in Section 151.0401 Chapter 14, Article 1 (Separately Regulated Uses) may be permitted in planned districts as limited uses subject to supplemental regulations, or conditional uses requiring a Neighborhood Use Permit or Conditional Use Permit in accordance with the rules and procedures in Chapter 14, Article 1. for Neighborhood Use Permits and Conditional Use Permits in Land Development Code Chapters 11 and 12. In addition to the uses listed in this section, other uses may be approved with a Conditional Use Permit as provided in each planned district.

(b) Limited Uses

- (1) The following uses, when permitted by the applicable planned district, are subject to the regulations for limited uses in the Land Development Code section specified for each use.
 - (A) Adult entertainment establishments, subject to Land

 Development Code Section 141.0601
 - (B) Alcoholic beverage outlets, subject to Land Development

 Code Section 141.0502
 - (C) Pushcarts on private property, subject to Land

 Development Code Section 141.0619.
- (2) The following uses are permitted in the planned districts subject to
 the regulations for limited uses in the Land Development Code
 section specified for each use and the location restrictions specified
 for each use.

- (A) Companion units in single dwelling unit and multiple

 dwelling unit residential zones, subject to Land

 Development Code Section 141.0302
- (B) Garage and yard sales in residential zones, subject to Land

 Development Code Section 141.0305
- (C) Home occupations in residential zones, subject to Land

 Development Code Section 141.0308
- (D) Large family day care homes in zones where residential use is permitted, except in agricultural zoned areas of the Coastal Overlay Zone that contain the 100-year floodplain, subject to Land Development Code Section 141.0606
- (E) Recycling facilities as follows:
 - (i) Drop off facilities in all commercial and industrial zones; subject to Land Development Code Section 141.0620;
 - (ii) Reverse vending machines in all industrial zones,
 subject to Land Development Code Section
 141.0620;
 - (iii) Small collection facilities in all industrial zones,
 subject to Land Development Code Section
 141.0620;
 - (iv) Small processing facilities accepting at least 98

 percent of total annual weight of recyclables from

 commercial and industrial traffic in general

- industrial zones, subject to Land Development Code
 Section 141.0620; and
- (v) Large processing facilities accepting at least 98

 percent of total annual weight of recyclables from

 commercial and industrial traffic in general

 industrial zones, subject to Land Development Code

 Section 141.0620.

(c) Neighborhood Use Permits

Except as otherwise provided in the planned district, the following uses

may be permitted with a Neighborhood Use Permit decided in accordance

with Process Two, subject to the location restrictions and the Land

Development Code section specified for each use.

- (1) Pushcarts in the public right-of-way, subject to Land Development

 Code Section 141.0619
- (2) Recycling facilities as follows:
 - (A) Large collection facilities in all commercial and industrial zones, subject to Land Development Code Section

 141.0620;
 - (B) Small processing facilities in general industrial zones, subject to Land Development Code Section 141.0620;
 - (C) Large processing facilities in general industrial zones,
 subject to Land Development Code Section 141.0620; and

- (D) Green materials composting facilities in general industrial

 zones, subject to Land Development Code Section

 141.0620:
- (3) Sidewalk cafes, subject to Land Development Code Section
 141.0621
- (d) Conditional Use Permits/Process Three

Except as otherwise provided in the planned district, the following uses may be permitted with a Conditional Use Permit decided in accordance with Process Three, subject to the location restrictions and the Land Development Code section specified for each use.

- (1) Alcoholic beverage outlets, subject to Land Development Code

 Section 141.0502
- (2) Automobile service stations, except in single dwelling unit

 residential zones or in the agricultural zoned areas of the Coastal

 Overlay Zone, subject to Land Development Code Section

 141.0801
- (3) Bed and breakfast facilities in residential zones, subject to Land

 Development Code Section 141.0603
- (4) Boarding kennels in any agricultural, commercial, or industrial zone, subject to Land Development Code Section 141.0604
- (5) Child care facilities in residential zones, except in the agricultural zoned areas of the Coastal Overlay Zone that contain the 100-year floodplain, subject to Land Development Code Section 141.0606

- (6) Churches and places of religious ceremony, except in agricultural zoned areas of the Coastal Overlay Zone that are in the 100-year floodplain, subject to Land Development Code Section 141.0404
- (7) Communication antennas, subject to Land Development Code

 Section 141.0405
- (8) Community identification signs, subject to Land Development

 Code Section subject to Land Development Code Section

 141.1104
- (9) Educational facilities—schools for kindergarten to grade 12 and colleges/universities, except in the agricultural zoned areas of the Coastal Overlay Zone that contain the 100-year floodplain, subject to Land Development Code Section 141.0407
- (10) Energy generation and distribution stations and communications switching stations, subject to Land Development Code Section 141.0408
- (11) Fraternity houses, sorority houses, and student dormitories, subject to Land Development Code Section 141.0304
- (12) Guest quarters in a single dwelling unit residential zone, subject to

 Land Development Code Section 141.0306
- (13) Historical buildings occupied by uses not otherwise allowed,
 subject to Land Development Code Section 141.0411
- (14) Housing for senior citizens in any residential or commercial zone,
 subject to Land Development Code Section 141.0310

- (15) Impound storage yards except in zones that permit residential development, subject to Land Development Code Section 141.0901
- (16) Instructional studios, except in the agricultural zoned areas of the

 Coastal Overlay Zone that contain the 100-year floodplain, subject
 to Land Development Code Section 141.0612
- (17) Newspaper publishing plants, except in the agricultural zoned

 areas of the Coastal Overlay Zone, subject to Land Development

 Code Section 141.1006
- (18) Outdoor storage and display of new, unregistered motor vehicles as
 a primary use, except in the agricultural zoned areas of the Coastal

 Overlay Zone that contain the 100-year floodplain, subject to Land

 Development Code Section 141.0802
- (19) Parking facilities as a primary use, except in the agricultural zoned areas of the Coastal Overlay Zone, subject to Land Development

 Code Section 141.0616
- (20) Private clubs, lodges, and fraternal organizations, except in the agricultural zoned areas of the Coastal Overlay Zone that contain the 100 year floodplain, subject to Land Development Code Section 141.0617
- (21) Radio and television broadcasting, microwave relay or similar systems facilities, subject to Land Development Code Section 141.0416
- (22) Recycling facilities as follows:

- (A) Mixed organics composting facilities in general industrial zones, subject to Land Development Code Section

 141.0620:
- (B) Tire processing facilities in general industrial zones, subject to Land Development Code Section 141.0620
- (23) Residential care facilities for 12 or fewer persons in any zone that permits residential use, except in the agricultural zoned areas of the Coastal Overlay Zone that contain the 100-year floodplain, subject to Land Development Code Section 141.0312
- (24) Revolving projecting signs subject to Land Development Code

 Section 141.1101
- (25) Swap meets and other large outdoor retail facilities, except in the agricultural zoned areas of the Coastal Overlay Zone, subject to

 Land Development Code Section 141.0504
- (26) Theater marquees subject to Land Development Code Section
 141.1103
- (27) Transitional housing facilities for 12 or fewer persons in any zone that permits residential use, except in the agricultural zoned areas of the Coastal Overlay Zone that contain the 100-year floodplain, subject to Land Development Code Section 141.0313
- (28) Veterinary clinics and hospitals in any agricultural, commercial, or industrial zone, except in the agricultural zoned areas of the Coastal Overlay Zone that contain the 100-year floodplain, subject to Land Development Code Section 141.0624

- (29) Watchkeeper's quarters, subject to Land Development Code

 Section 141.0314
- Except as otherwise provided in the planned district, the following uses may be permitted with a Conditional Use Permit decided in accordance with Process Four, subject to the location restrictions and the Land

Development Code section specified for each use.

Conditional Use Permits/Process Four

- (1) Camping parks in commercial zones, industrial zones except IP-1
 1, and agricultural zones, subject to Land Development Code

 Section 141.0605
- (2) Cemeteries, mausoleums, and crematories, except in the agricultural zoned areas of the Coastal Overlay Zone that are in the 100-year floodplain, subject to Land Development Code Section 141.0403
- (3) Correctional placement centers in any zone except residential zones, neighborhood commercial zones, agricultural zoned areas of the Coastal Overlay Zone, or in the beach impact area of the Parking Impact Overlay Zone subject to Land Development Code Section 141.0406
- (4) Exhibit halls and convention facilities, except in the agricultural

 zoned areas of the Coastal Overlay Zone, subject to Land

 Development Code Section 141.0409
- (5) Golf courses, driving ranges, and pitch and putt courses, subject to

 Land Development Code Section 141.0609

- (6) Hazardous waste research facilities in any agricultural or industrial zone, subject to Land Development Code Section 141.1003
- (7) Homeless facilities in any zone that permits residential use subject to Land Development Code Section 141.0412
- (8) Hospitals, intermediate care facilities, and nursing facilities, except
 in the agricultural zoned areas of the Coastal Overlay Zone that are
 in the 100-year floodplain, subject to Land Development Code
 Section 141.0413
- (9) Junk yards in any agricultural or industrial zone, except in the Coastal Overlay Zone, subject to Land Development Code Section 141.0902
- (10) Marine-related uses in the Coastal Overlay Zone in any
 commercial zone except the CO and CN zones, subject to Land
 Development Code Section 141.1005
- (11) Mining and extractive industries, subject to Land Development

 Code Section 141.1001
- (12) Museums, except in the agricultural zoned areas of the Coastal

 Overlay Zone, subject to Land Development Code Section

 141.0415
- (13) Nightclubs and bars over 5,000 square feet, except in the

 agricultural zoned areas of the Coastal Overlay Zone, subject to

 Land Development Code Section 141.0614
- (14) Privately operated recreational facilities over 10,000 square feet in size in zones that permit similar uses under 10,000 square feet in

- size, except in the agricultural zoned areas of the Coastal Overlay

 Zone, subject to Land Development Code Section 141.0618
- (15) Residential care facilities for 12 or more persons in any zone that

 permits residential use, subject to Land Development Code Section

 141.0312
- (16) Social service institutions, except in the agricultural zoned areas of the Coastal Overlay Zone that are in the 100-year floodplain, subject to Land Development Code Section 141.0417
- (17) Theaters that are outdoors or over 5,000 square feet, except in the agricultural zoned areas of the Coastal Overlay Zone, subject to

 Land Development Code Section 141.0623
- (18) Transitional housing facilities for 12 or more persons in any zone
 that permits residential use, subject to Land Development Code
 Section 141.0313
- (19) Wrecking and dismantling of motor vehicles in any agricultural or industrial zone, except in the Coastal Overlay Zone, subject to

 Land Development Code Section 141.1008
- (f) Conditional Use Permits/Process Five

Except as otherwise provided in the planned district, the following uses may be permitted with a Conditional Use Permit decided in accordance with Process Five, subject to the location restrictions and the Land Development Code section specified for each use.

- (1) Airports, except in agricultural zoned areas of the Coastal Overlay

 Zone that are in the 100-year floodplain, subject to Land

 Development Code Section 141.0401
- (2) Amusement parks, except in the agricultural zoned areas of the

 Coastal Overlay Zone that are in the 100-year floodplain, subject
 to Land Development Code Section 141.0602
- (3) Fairgrounds subject to Land Development Code Section 141.0608
- (4) Hazardous waste treatment facilities in any agricultural or industrial zone, subject to Land Development Code Section

 141.1002
- (5) Helicopter landing facilities, except in agricultural zoned areas of the Coastal Overlay Zone that are in the 100-year floodplain, subject to Land Development Code Section 141.0610
- (6) Sports arenas and stadiums except in the agricultural zoned areas
 of the Coastal Overlay Zone, subject to Land Development Code
 Section 141.0622
- (7) Very heavy industrial uses, subject to Land Development Code

 Section 141.1007
- (b) The permit process for a separately regulated use shall be determined in accordance with applicable planned district use regulations.
- where the use and accompanying permit process for a separately regulated

 use is not provided for within a planned district, but upon request of the

 applicant, the City Manager determines a separately regulated use,

 identified in Chapter 14, Article 1, meets the purpose and intent of the

applicable planned district zone, that separately regulated use may be processed in accordance with the zone in the Use Regulations Tables in Chapter 13, Article 1 (Base Zones) that most closely meets the purpose and intent of the applicable planned district zone in terms of permitted uses within the zone and the allowable intensity of those uses.

(d) In case of conflict between Section 151.0401 and regulations for a planned district, the planned district regulations shall apply.

Article 3: Carmel Valley Planned District

Division 1: General Rules

§153.0103 Applicable Regulations

Where not otherwise specified or inconsistent with the Carmel Valley Planned District Ordinance, the following provisions of the Land Development Code apply:

Chapter 11 (Land Development Procedures);

Chapter 12 (Land Development Reviews);

Chapter 13, Article 2 (Overlay Zone);

Chapter 14, Article 1 (Separately Regulated Use Regulations);

Chapter 14, Article 2, Division 1 (Grading Regulations);

Chapter 14, Article 2, Division 2 (Drainage Regulations);

Chapter 14, Article 2, Division 4 (Landscape Regulations);

Chapter 14, Article 2, Division 5 (Parking Regulations);

Chapter 14, Article 2, Division 6 (Public Facility Regulations);

Chapter 14, Article 2, Division 8 (Refuse and Recyclable Materials Storage Regulations);

Chapter 14, Article 3 (Supplemental Development Regulations);

Chapter 14, Article 4 (Subdivision Regulations);

Chapter 14, Article 5 (Building Regulations);

Chapter 14, Article 6 (Electrical Regulations); and

Chapter 14, Article 7 (Plumbing and Mechanical Regulations).

Where there is a conflict between the Land Development Code and the Carmel Valley Planned District Ordinance, the Planned District Ordinance applies.

Article 9: La Jolla Planned District

Division 3: Zones

§159.0307 Property Development Regulations

No building or portion thereof shall be erected, constructed, converted, established, altered or enlarged, nor shall any premises be used unless the lot or premises and buildings shall comply with the applicable development regulations. Please refer to Appendices B and C for illustrations of the development regulations.

- (a) through (c) [No change in text.]
- (d) Maximum Height
 - (1) The maximum height of any point on any structure shall be 30 feet.

 Height shall be measured in accordance with Land Development

 Code Section 113.0270 with the exception of Section

 113.0270(a)(4)(B)(i) and (5) 113.0270(a)(2)(B). See Appendix B

 of the La Jolla Planned District.
 - (2) through (3) [No change in text.]
- (e) through (f) [No change in text.]

Article 10: La Jolla Shores Planned District

Division 1: General Rules

§1510.0107 Applicable Regulations

- (a) [No change in text.]
- Where there is a conflict between the Land Development Code and the La

 Jolla Shores Planned District Ordinance, the Planned District Ordinance
 applies. In addition, Municipal Code Section 151.0401(b), which provides
 regulations for limited uses, applies in the La Jolla Shores Planned

 District, but Section 151.0401(c), (d), (e), and (f), which permits

 Neighborhood Use Permits and Conditional Use Permits, does not apply.

Division 3: Zones

§1510.0303 Single-Family Zone - Permitted Uses

In the Single-Family (SF) Zone, designated on that certain map referenced in Section 1510.0102, no building or improvement or portion thereof shall be erected, constructed, converted, established, altered, or enlarged, nor shall any premises be used except for one or more of the following uses:

- (a) [No change in text.]
- (b) Accessory uses and buildings customarily incidental to the foregoing permitted use including the following:
 - (1) Not more than two lodgers or boarders.
 - (2) Not more than one guest house on any premises.
- (e<u>b</u>) Public parks, <u>and</u> public playgrounds and golf courses.
- (c) Boarder and lodger accommodations; Companion units; Family day care
 homes; Garage, yard and estate sales; Guest quarters and habitable

- accessory buildings; Home occupations; Community gardens; and

 Temporary real estate sales offices and model homes as a limited use in

 accordance with the applicable regulations in Chapter 14, Article 1

 (Separately Regulated Use Regulations).
- (d) Schools limited to primary, elementary, junior and senior high schools <u>as a conditional use subject to a Process Three Conditional Use Permit in accordance with Land Development Code Section141.0407 (Separately Regulated Use Regulations).</u>
- (e) Churches, temples or buildings of a permanent nature, used primarily for religious purposes as a conditional use subject to a Process Three
 Conditional Use Permit in accordance with Land Development Code
 Section 141.0404 (Separately Regulated Use Regulations).
- (f) Electric distribution and gas regulating stations as a conditional use

 subject to a Process Three Conditional Use Permit in accordance with

 Land Development Code Section 141.0408 (Separately Regulated Use Regulations).
- (g) Golf courses as a conditional use subject to a Process Four Conditional

 Use Permit in accordance with Land Development Code Section 141.0609

 (Separately Regulated Use Regulations).
- (g) Temporary real estate sales offices and model homes in new subdivisions under the following conditions:
 - (1) Within the boundaries of a subdivision where lots are offered for sale to the public for the first time, buildings and structures erected in compliance with the provisions of the prevailing area may be

used as follows: one building for a temporary real estate sales

office and not more than 4 dwelling units for temporary

demonstration or model home purposes. Such temporary uses shall

be maintained only in conjunction with the sale or rent of land or

buildings within such subdivision and such uses shall terminate 2

years after the filing in the office of the County Recorder of the

final subdivision map which includes the lots on which the uses are

located.

(2) No use authorized by the preceding paragraph shall be established eloser than 200 feet from any occupied dwelling unit not in the same subdivision.

§1510.0309 Commercial Center Zone-Permitted Uses

In the Commercial Center (CC), designated on that certain map referenced in Section 1510.0102, no building or improvement or portion thereof shall be erected, constructed, converted, established, altered or enlarged, nor shall any premises be used except for one or more of the following purposes provided that the ground floor area of any establishment does not exceed 6,000 square feet. The minimum floor area for each dwelling unit or apartment is 400 square feet.

- (a) Retailing of consumer goods and dispensing of consumer services from the following establishments:
 - (1) through (22) [No change in text.]
 - (23) Liquor stores <u>subject to Section 141.0502</u>
 - (24) through (36) [No change in text.]
- (b) through (c) [No change in text.]

- (d) Community gardens; Pushcarts on private property; and Recycling

 facilities (limited to Drop-off facilities or Reverse vending machines) as a

 limited use in accordance with the applicable regulations in Chapter 14,

 Article 1 (Separately Regulated Use Regulations).
- (e) Sidewalk cafes as a conditional use subject to a Process Two

 Neighborhood Use Permit in accordance with Land Development Code

 Section 141.0621 (Separately Regulated Use Regulations).
- (d)(f) Any other use which the Planning Commission may find, in accordance with Process Four, to be similar in character to the uses enumerated above and consistent with the purpose and intent of the Commercial Center Area (CC) and the La Jolla Shores Planned District. The adopted resolution embodying such finding shall be filed in the office of the City Clerk.

Article 12: Mid-City Communities Planned District

Division 3: Zoning

§1512.0303 Residential Development Regulations

- (a) through (b) [No change in text.]
- (c) Residential Density. One dwelling unit is permitted for each "X" square feet of lot area shown in the third column in Table 1512-03C.

Table 1512-03C Residential Density

Zone	Lot Size	One Unit per "X" Sq. Ft.
MR-3000	any size legal lot	3,000
MR-2500	any size legal lot	2,500
MR-1750	any size legal lot	1,750
MR-1500	any size legal lot	1,500
MR-1500B	less than 10,000 s.f.	1,500(1)
MR-1500B	10,000 s.f. or more	1,250 ⁽²⁾
MR-1250B	less than 10,000 s.f.	1,250(2)(1)
MR-1250B	10,000 s.f. or more	1,000(2)
MR-1000	any size legal lot	1,000
MR-1000B	less than 10,000 s.f.	1,000
MR-1000B	10,000 s.f. or more	800(2)
MR-800B	less than 15,000 s.f.	800 ⁽³⁾
MR-800B	15,000 s.f. or more	600 ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾
MR-400	-	400

Footnotes for Table 1512-03C

Footnotes 1 through 3 [No change in text.]

- (d) [No change in text.]
- (e) through (l) [No change in text.]

Article 16: Old Town San Diego Planned District

Division 3: Zoning and Subdistricts

§1516.0302 Property Development Regulations

- (a) through (e) [No change in text.]
- (f) Yard and Setbacks
 - (1) through (2) [No change in text.]

Table 1516-03D Yards and Setbacks

	Street (1,2)		Side	_	
Subarea	Front Yard (2) ft.	Street Yard ⁽¹⁾ (linear ft)	Yard ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾ (ft)	Rear Yard ⁽⁴⁾ (ft)	
Single- Family	15	10	4	4	
Multi- Family	5	15	1-story <u>5</u> 2-story <u>10</u> 3-story 15	1-story <u>5</u> 2-story <u>10</u> 3-story 15	
Rosecrans	15	20	1-story <u>5</u> 2-story <u>10</u> 3-story 15	1-story <u>5</u> 2-story <u>10</u> 3-story 15	
Jefferson, Hortensia	10	0	1-story <u>5</u> 2-story <u>10</u> 3-story <u>15</u>	$ \begin{array}{c ccc} 1\text{-story} & \underline{5} \\ 2\text{-story} & \underline{10} \\ 3\text{-story} & \underline{15} \end{array} $	
Core	0 (2)	0(2)	1-story <u>5</u> 2-story <u>10</u> 3-story 15	1-story $\underline{\underline{5}}$ 2-story $\underline{\underline{10}}$ 3-story $\underline{15}$	

Footnotes for Table 1516-03D

- 1 Street Yard Defined: The street yard is that area of a lot which lies between the property line abutting a dedicated public street and the street wall line. The street wall line is drawn along the first building wall that parallels the street frontage. The street yard area is calculated by multiplying the street frontage times the linear foot requirement specified herein (see Figure 1).
- 2 through 4 [No change in text.]
- 5 Street Wall Continuity: Along the minimum setback, paralleling the public right-of-way, 65 percent of this area shall be building wall.

(h)(g) Hillsides/bluffs

No building shall be located on an existing grade 30 percent or greater. Hillsides 30 percent or greater in slope shall not be disturbed by construction nor obstructed by building, within 15 feet of the toe of the slope, of more than 20 feet in height (as shown in Figure 2). Development on slopes between 25 and 30 percent may be permitted consistent with

Land Development Code Chapter 14, Article 3, Division 1 (Environmentally Sensitive Lands Regulations).

Article 19: Southeastern San Diego Planned District

Division 2: Permits and Procedures

§1519.0202 Southeastern San Diego Development Permit

- (a) through (c) [No change in text.]
- (d) A Southeastern San Diego Development Permit may not be granted for the development of a site with existing Municipal Code violations or to an applicant cited for Municipal Code violations, until said violations are remedied.
- (e)(d) The Hearing Officer's decision on an application for a Southeastern San

 Diego Development Permit may be appealed to the Planning Commission
 in accordance with Land Development Code Section 112.0506.

§1519.0205 Alcoholic Beverage Establishments

- (a) [No change in text.]
- (b) Alcoholic Beverage Sales for Off-Site Consumption
 Establishments for which a Type 20 Beer and Wine License or a Type 21
 General Liquor License has been obtained from, or for which an
 application has been submitted to, the California Department of <u>Alcohol</u>
 Beverage Control, for permission to sell alcoholic beverages for off-site
 consumption are regulated by Section <u>151.0105</u> <u>151.0401</u> and Land
 Development Code Section 141.0502.
- (c) [No change in text.]

Article 19: Southeastern San Diego Planned District Appendix C.1: Alcoholic Beverage Establishments

A. [No change in text.]

B. ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGE SALES FOR OFF-SITE CONSUMPTION

Establishments for which a Type 20 Beer and Wine License or a Type 21

General Liquor License has been obtained from, or for which an application has been submitted to, the California Department of <u>Alcohol</u>

Beverage Control, for permission to sell alcoholic beverages for off-site consumption are regulated by Section 103.0105 151.0401 and Land Development Code Section 141.0502.

C. [No change in text.]

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