NEW STADIUM, NEW OPPORTUNITIES: FACT SHEET

CURRENT STADIUM AGREEMENT

- Taxpayers 100% responsible for subsidizing stadium operations and repairs
 - Taxpayers are responsible for up to \$282 million over the next 20 years for operations, maintenance, repairs and debt payments, according to City's Chief Financial Officer
 - Qualcomm Stadium needs \$85 million or more in repairs, based on a 2011 study
 - City spends millions of dollars every year from the general fund and tourism occupancy tax for stadium operations \$12.8 million in this fiscal year alone

• No cap on public costs, no protections for taxpayers

- Taxpayers are responsible for all stadium costs related to operations, maintenance and infrastructure repairs
- Chargers essentially pay nothing in rent after deducting credits for parking, concessions, etc.

FINANCING CONCEPT FOR A JANUARY 2016 ELECTION

1. No new taxes on San Diegans

2. Two dollars from private sources for every dollar in public sources

- o 2/3 private funds, from the NFL, Chargers and personal seat licenses
- 1/3 public funds, from the City and County of San Diego

3. Protections for taxpayers: Cap on public funds, Chargers pay for cost overruns and stadium operations/maintenance

- Chargers responsible for any construction cost overruns
- Chargers pay for stadium's annual operation and maintenance
- Chargers responsible for future capital improvements
- Cap on public funds

4. Requires voter approval

- Voters will have final say if San Diego and Chargers reach an agreement
- No public money will be spent on construction unless approved by voters

Financing Concept: Funding Sources

Private Sources: \$750 million Chargers: \$362.5 million NFL: \$200 million Personal seat licenses: \$187.5 million* Public Sources: \$350 million City/County: \$350 million Total cost: \$1.1 billion

*Based on NFL analysis

COMPARISON TO OTHER STADIUMS*

NFL STADIUMS ACROSS THE COUNTRY**

Average public contribution for five newest NFL stadiums: 48% San Diego concept: 32%

AT&T Stadium, Arlington, TX: (Cowboys, 2009) Public contribution: 33% (\$325 million of \$1 billion), including a half-cent sales tax, 2 percent hotel occupancy tax and 5 percent car rental tax increase

Levi's Stadium, Santa Clara, CA (49ers, 2014) Public contribution: 9% (\$114 million of \$1.31 billion)

Lucas Oil Stadium, Indianapolis, IN (Colts, 2008)

Public contribution: 86% (\$620 million of \$720 million)

University of Phoenix Stadium, Glendale, AZ (Cardinals, 2006) Public contribution: 66% (\$308 million of \$455 million)

U.S. Bank Stadium, Minneapolis, MN (Vikings, 2016) Public contribution: 47% (\$498 million of \$1.06 billion; currently under construction)

> *Numbers rounded **Source: <u>National University</u>

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