

MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION

Project No. 610681 SCH No. N/A

SUBJECT:

Arroyo Sorrento TM The project requests a TENTATIVE MAP (TM), COASTAL DEVELOPMENT PERMIT (CDP), SITE DEVELOPMENT PERMIT (SDP), and PLANNED DEVELOPMENT PERMIT (PDP) to subdivide a 101,470-square-foot lot into two parcels and construct a 3,328-square-foot single-family residence and a 900-square-foot companion unit on the second parcel. Parcel 1, comprising of 56,820-square-feet, contains an existing 2,888-square-foot single-family residence to remain. Parcel 2, comprising of 44,650-square-feet, contains an existing sand volleyball court, storage shed, retaining walls, and undeveloped features that will be removed with the construction of the new residence. The 2.33-acre site is located at 3790 Arroyo Sorrento Road and is designated Spaced Rural Residential (1 DU/AC) in Neighborhood 8/8b of the Carmel Valley Community Plan and is subject to the AR-1-2 zoning requirements. The project is also subject to Environmentally Sensitive Lands (ESL) - Steep Hillsides, Coastal Overlay Zone - Non-appealable Area 1, Fire Brush Management - 100' Setback, Fire - 300' Buffer Zone, Very High Fire Hazard Severity zone, and Transit Priority Area, and Council District 1. (LEGAL DESCRIPTION: Portion of Northeast Quarter of Section 30, Township 14 South, Range 3 West, San Bernardino Base and Meridian, City of San Diego, County of San Diego)

Update November 3, 2020

Minor revisions have been made to the draft Mitigated Negative Declaration (MND). Revisions to the language would appear in strikeout and underline format. An item in the "Document Submittal/Inspection Checklist" table, in Section V (B) of the MMRP, not related to this project was removed. The update to the language in the MMRP would not result in any changes to the environmental impacts associated with the project. As such, no recirculation of the MND is required. In accordance with the California Environmental Quality Act, Section 15073.5 (c)(4), the addition of new information that clarifies, amplifies, or makes insignificant modification does not require recirculation as there are no new impacts and no new mitigation identified. An environmental document need only be recirculated where there is identification of new significant environmental impact or the addition or a new mitigation measure required to avoid a significant environmental impact.

I. PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

See attached Initial Study.

II. ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING:

See attached Initial Study.

III. DETERMINATION:

The City of San Diego conducted an Initial Study which determined that the proposed project could have a significant environmental effect in the following areas(s): **CULTURAL RESOURCES** (**ARCHAEOLOGY**), **TRIBAL CULTURAL RESOURCES**. Subsequent revisions in the project proposal create the specific mitigation identified in Section V of this Mitigated Negative Declaration. The project as revised now avoids or mitigates the potentially significant environmental effects previously identified, and the preparation of an Environmental Impact Report will not be required.

IV. DOCUMENTATION:

The attached Initial Study documents the reasons to support the above Determination.

V. MITIGATION, MONITORING AND REPORTING PROGRAM:

A. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS – PART I Plan Check Phase (prior to permit issuance)

- 1. Prior to the issuance of a Notice To Proceed (NTP) for a subdivision, or any construction permits, such as Demolition, Grading or Building, or beginning any construction related activity on-site, the Development Services Department (DSD) Director's Environmental Designee (ED) shall review and approve all Construction Documents (CD), (plans, specification, details, etc.) to ensure the MMRP requirements are incorporated into the design.
- In addition, the ED shall verify that the MMRP Conditions/Notes that apply ONLY to the construction phases of this project are included VERBATIM, under the heading, "ENVIRONMENTAL/MITIGATION REQUIREMENTS."
- 3. These notes must be shown within the first three (3) sheets of the construction documents in the format specified for engineering construction document templates as shown on the City website:

https://www.sandiego.gov/development-services/forms-publications/design-guidelines-templates

4. The **TITLE INDEX SHEET** must also show on which pages the "Environmental/Mitigation Requirements" notes are provided.

- 5. SURETY AND COST RECOVERY The Development Services Director or City Manager may require appropriate surety instruments or bonds from private Permit Holders to ensure the long-term performance or implementation of required mitigation measures or programs. The City is authorized to recover its cost to offset the salary, overhead, and expenses for City personnel and programs to monitor qualifying projects.
- B. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS PART II

 Post Plan Check (After permit issuance/Prior to start of construction)
 - PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING IS REQUIRED TEN (10) WORKING DAYS PRIOR TO
 BEGINNING ANY WORK ON THIS PROJECT. The PERMIT HOLDER/OWNER is responsible
 to arrange and perform this meeting by contacting the CITY RESIDENT ENGINEER (RE) of
 the Field Engineering Division and City staff from MITIGATION MONITORING
 COORDINATION (MMC). Attendees must also include the Permit holder's
 Representative(s), Job Site Superintendent and the following consultants:

Qualified Archaeologist

Qualified Native American Monitor

Note: Failure of all responsible Permit Holder's representatives and consultants to attend shall require an additional meeting with all parties present.

CONTACT INFORMATION:

- a) The PRIMARY POINT OF CONTACT is the **RE** at the **Field Engineering Division 858-627-3200**
- b) For Clarification of ENVIRONMENTAL REQUIREMENTS, it is also required to call **RE and MMC at 858-627-3360**
- 2. MMRP COMPLIANCE: This Project, Project Tracking System (PTS) #610681 and /or Environmental Document #610681, shall conform to the mitigation requirements contained in the associated Environmental Document and implemented to the satisfaction of the DSD's Environmental Designee (MMC) and the City Engineer (RE). The requirements may not be reduced or changed but may be annotated (i.e. to explain when and how compliance is being met and location of verifying proof, etc.). Additional clarifying information may also be added to other relevant plan sheets and/or specifications as appropriate (i.e., specific locations, times of monitoring, methodology, etc.

Note: Permit Holder's Representatives must alert RE and MMC if there are any discrepancies in the plans or notes, or any changes due to field conditions. All conflicts must be approved by RE and MMC BEFORE the work is performed.

3. OTHER AGENCY REQUIREMENTS: Evidence of compliance with all other agency requirements or permits shall be submitted to the RE and MMC for review and acceptance prior to the beginning of work or within one week of the Permit Holder obtaining documentation of those permits or requirements. Evidence shall include copies of permits, letters of resolution or other documentation issued by the responsible agency.

None Required

4. MONITORING EXHIBITS

All consultants are required to submit, to RE and MMC, a monitoring exhibit on a 11x17 reduction of the appropriate construction plan, such as site plan, grading, landscape, etc., marked to clearly show the specific areas including the LIMIT OF WORK, scope of that discipline's work, and notes indicating when in the construction schedule that work will be performed. When necessary for clarification, a detailed methodology of how the work will be performed shall be included.

NOTE: Surety and Cost Recovery – When deemed necessary by the Development Services Director or City Manager, additional surety instruments or bonds from the private Permit Holder may be required to ensure the long-term performance or implementation of required mitigation measures or programs. The City is authorized to recover its cost to offset the salary, overhead, and expenses for City personnel and programs to monitor qualifying projects.

5. OTHER SUBMITTALS AND INSPECTIONS:

The Permit Holder/Owner's representative shall submit all required documentation, verification letters, and requests for all associated inspections to the RE and MMC for approval per the following schedule:

Document Submi	ttal/Inspection Checklist	
Issue Area	Document Submittal	Associated Inspection/Approvals/ Notes
General	Consultant Qualification Letters	Prior to Preconstruction Meeting
General	Consultant Construction Monitoring Exhibits	Prior to Preconstruction Meeting
Biology	Biologist Limit of Work Verification	Limit of Work Inspection
Cultural Resources (Archaeology)	Monitoring Report(s)	Archaeology/Historic Site Observation
Bond Release	Request for Bond Release Letter	Final MMRP Inspections Prior to Bond Release Letter

C. SPECIFIC MMRP ISSUE AREA CONDITIONS/REQUIREMENTS

HISTORICAL RESOURCES ARCHAEOLOGICAL and NATIVE AMERICAN MONITORING

I. Prior to Permit Issuance or Bid Opening/Bid Award

- A. Entitlements Plan Check
 - 1. Prior to permit issuance or Bid Opening/Bid Award, whichever is applicable, the Assistant Deputy Director (ADD) Environmental designee shall verify that the

requirements for Archaeological Monitoring and Native American monitoring have been noted on the applicable construction documents through the plan check process.

- B. Letters of Qualification have been submitted to ADD
 - 1. Prior to Bid Award, the applicant shall submit a letter of verification to Mitigation Monitoring Coordination (MMC) identifying the Principal Investigator (PI) for the project and the names of all persons involved in the archaeological monitoring program, as defined in the City of San Diego Historical Resources Guidelines (HRG). If applicable, individuals involved in the archaeological monitoring program must have completed the 40-hour HAZWOPER training with certification documentation.
 - 2. MMC will provide a letter to the applicant confirming the qualifications of the PI and all persons involved in the archaeological monitoring of the project meet the qualifications established in the HRG.
 - 3. Prior to the start of work, the applicant must obtain written approval from MMC for any personnel changes associated with the monitoring program.

II. Prior to Start of Construction

- A. Verification of Records Search
 - 1. The PI shall provide verification to MMC that a site-specific records search (1/4-mile radius) has been completed. Verification includes but is not limited to a copy of a confirmation letter from South Coastal Information Center, or, if the search was inhouse, a letter of verification from the PI stating that the search was completed.
 - 2. The letter shall introduce any pertinent information concerning expectations and probabilities of discovery during trenching and/or grading activities.
 - 3. The PI may submit a detailed letter to MMC requesting a reduction to the ¼ mile radius.
- B. PI Shall Attend Precon Meetings
 - 1. Prior to beginning any work that requires monitoring; the Applicant shall arrange a Precon Meeting that shall include the PI, Native American consultant/monitor (where Native American resources may be impacted), Construction Manager (CM) and/or Grading Contractor, Resident Engineer (RE), Building Inspector (BI), if appropriate, and MMC. The qualified Archaeologist and Native American Monitor shall attend any grading/excavation related Precon Meetings to make comments and/or suggestions concerning the Archaeological Monitoring program with the Construction Manager and/or Grading Contractor.
 - a. If the PI is unable to attend the Precon Meeting, the Applicant shall schedule a focused Precon Meeting with MMC, the PI, RE, CM or BI, if appropriate, prior to the start of any work that requires monitoring.
 - 2. Acknowledgement of Responsibility for Curation (CIP or Other Public Projects)
 The applicant shall submit a letter to MMC acknowledging their responsibility for the cost of curation associated with all phases of the archaeological monitoring program.
 - 3. Identify Areas to be Monitored Prior to the start of any work that requires monitoring, the PI shall submit an Archaeological Monitoring Exhibit (AME) (with verification that the AME has been reviewed and approved by the Native American consultant/monitor when Native American resources may be impacted) based on the appropriate construction documents (reduced to 11x17) to MMC identifying the areas to be monitored

including the delineation of grading/excavation limits.

The AME shall be based on the results of a site-specific records search as well as information regarding the age of existing pipelines, laterals and associated appurtenances and/or any known soil conditions (native or formation).

MMC shall notify the PI that the AME has been approved.

- 4. When Monitoring Will Occur
 - a. Prior to the start of any work, the PI shall also submit a construction schedule to MMC through the RE indicating when and where monitoring will occur.
 - b. The PI may submit a detailed letter to MMC prior to the start of work or during construction requesting a modification to the monitoring program. This request shall be based on relevant information such as review of final construction documents which indicate conditions such as age of existing pipe to be replaced, depth of excavation and/or site graded to bedrock, etc., which may reduce or increase the potential for resources to be present.
- 5. Approval of AME and Construction Schedule After approval of the AME by MMC, the PI shall submit to MMC written authorization of the AME and Construction Schedule from the CM.

During Construction III.

- A. Monitor Shall be Present During Grading/Excavation/Trenching
 - 1. The Archaeological Monitor shall be present full-time during all soil disturbing and grading/excavation/trenching activities which could result in impacts to archaeological resources as identified on the AME. The Construction Manager is responsible for notifying the RE, PI, and MMC of changes to any construction activities such as in the case of a potential safety concern within the area being monitored. In certain circumstances OSHA safety requirements may necessitate modification of the AME.
 - 2. The Native American consultant/monitor shall determine the extent of their presence during soil disturbing and grading/excavation/trenching activities based on the AME and provide that information to the PI and MMC. If prehistoric resources are encountered during the Native American consultant/monitor's absence, work shall stop and the Discovery Notification Process detailed in Section III.B-C and IV.A-D shall commence.
 - 3. The PI may submit a detailed letter to MMC during construction requesting a modification to the monitoring program when a field condition such as modern disturbance post-dating the previous grading/trenching activities, presence of fossil formations, or when native soils are encountered that may reduce or increase the potential for resources to be present.
 - 4. The archaeological and Native American consultant/monitor shall document field activity via the Consultant Site Visit Record (CSVR). The CSVR's shall be faxed by the CM to the RE the first day of monitoring, the last day of monitoring, monthly (Notification of Monitoring Completion), and in the case of ANY discoveries. The RE shall forward copies to MMC.
- B. Discovery Notification Process
 - 1. In the event of a discovery, the Archaeological Monitor shall direct the contractor to temporarily divert all soil disturbing activities, including but not limited to digging, trenching, excavating or grading activities in the area of discovery and in the area

- reasonably suspected to overlay adjacent resources and immediately notify the RE or BI, as appropriate.
- 2. The Monitor shall immediately notify the PI (unless Monitor is the PI) of the discovery.
- 3. The PI shall immediately notify MMC by phone of the discovery and shall also submit written documentation to MMC within 24 hours by fax or email with photos of the resource in context, if possible.
- 4. No soil shall be exported off-site until a determination can be made regarding the significance of the resource specifically if Native American resources are encountered.

C. Determination of Significance

- 1. The PI and Native American consultant/monitor, where Native American resources are discovered shall evaluate the significance of the resource. If Human Remains are involved, follow protocol in Section IV below.
 - a. The PI shall immediately notify MMC by phone to discuss significance determination and shall also submit a letter to MMC indicating whether additional mitigation is required.
 - b. If the resource is significant, the PI shall submit an Archaeological Data Recovery Program (ADRP) and obtain written approval of the program from MMC, CM and RE. ADRP and any mitigation must be approved by MMC, RE and/or CM before ground disturbing activities in the area of discovery will be allowed to resume.
 Note: If a unique archaeological site is also an historical resource as defined in CEQA Section 15064.5, then the limits on the amount(s) that a project applicant may be required to pay to cover mitigation costs as indicated in CEQA Section 21083.2 shall not apply.
 - (1). Note: For pipeline trenching and other linear projects in the public Right-of-Way, the PI shall implement the Discovery Process for Pipeline Trenching projects identified below under "D."
 - c. If the resource is not significant, the PI shall submit a letter to MMC indicating that artifacts will be collected, curated, and documented in the Final Monitoring Report. The letter shall also indicate that that no further work is required.
 - (1). Note: For Pipeline Trenching and other linear projects in the public Rightof-Way, if the deposit is limited in size, both in length and depth; the information value is limited and is not associated with any other resource; and there are no unique features/artifacts associated with the deposit, the discovery should be considered not significant.
 - (2). Note, for Pipeline Trenching and other linear projects in the public Right-of-Way, if significance cannot be determined, the Final Monitoring Report and Site Record (DPR Form 523A/B) shall identify the discovery as Potentially Significant.
- D. Discovery Process for Significant Resources Pipeline Trenching and other Linear Projects in the Public Right-of-Way
 - The following procedure constitutes adequate mitigation of a significant discovery encountered during pipeline trenching activities or for other linear project types within the Public Right-of-Way including but not limited to excavation for jacking pits, receiving pits, laterals, and manholes_to reduce impacts to below a level of significance:
 - 1. Procedures for documentation, curation and reporting

- a. One hundred percent of the artifacts within the trench alignment and width shall be documented in-situ, to include photographic records, plan view of the trench and profiles of side walls, recovered, photographed after cleaning and analyzed and curated. The remainder of the deposit within the limits of excavation (trench walls) shall be left intact.
- b. The PI shall prepare a Draft Monitoring Report and submit to MMC via the RE as indicated in Section VI-A.
- c. The PI shall be responsible for recording (on the appropriate State of California Department of Park and Recreation forms-DPR 523 A/B) the resource(s) encountered during the Archaeological Monitoring Program in accordance with the City's Historical Resources Guidelines. The DPR forms shall be submitted to the South Coastal Information Center for either a Primary Record or SDI Number and included in the Final Monitoring Report.
- d. The Final Monitoring Report shall include a recommendation for monitoring of any future work in the vicinity of the resource.

IV. Discovery of Human Remains

If human remains are discovered, work shall halt in that area and no soil shall be exported off-site until a determination can be made regarding the provenance of the human remains; and the following procedures as set forth in CEQA Section 15064.5(e), the California Public Resources Code (Sec. 5097.98) and State Health and Safety Code (Sec. 7050.5) shall be undertaken:

A. Notification

- 1. Archaeological Monitor shall notify the RE or BI as appropriate, MMC, and the PI, if the Monitor is not qualified as a PI. MMC will notify the appropriate Senior Planner in the Environmental Analysis Section (EAS) of the Development Services Department to assist with the discovery notification process.
- 2. The PI shall notify the Medical Examiner after consultation with the RE, either in person or via telephone.

B. Isolate discovery site

- Work shall be directed away from the location of the discovery and any nearby area reasonably suspected to overlay adjacent human remains until a determination can be made by the Medical Examiner in consultation with the PI concerning the provenience of the remains.
- 2. The Medical Examiner, in consultation with the PI, will determine the need for a field examination to determine the provenience.
- 3. If a field examination is not warranted, the Medical Examiner will determine with input from the PI, if the remains are or are most likely to be of Native American origin.

C. If Human Remains ARE determined to be Native American

- 1. The Medical Examiner will notify the Native American Heritage Commission (NAHC) within 24 hours. By law, **ONLY** the Medical Examiner can make this call.
- 2. NAHC will immediately identify the person or persons determined to be the Most Likely Descendent (MLD) and provide contact information.

- 3. The MLD will contact the PI within 24 hours or sooner after the Medical Examiner has completed coordination, to begin the consultation process in accordance with CEQA Section 15064.5(e), the California Public Resources and Health & Safety Codes.
- 4. The MLD will have 48 hours to make recommendations to the property owner or representative, for the treatment or disposition with proper dignity, of the human remains and associated grave goods.
- 5. Disposition of Native American Human Remains will be determined between the MLD and the PI, and, if:
 - a. The NAHC is unable to identify the MLD, OR the MLD failed to make a recommendation within 48 hours after being granted access to the site, OR;
 - b. The landowner or authorized representative rejects the recommendation of the MLD and mediation in accordance with PRC 5097.94 (k) by the NAHC fails to provide measures acceptable to the landowner, the landowner shall reinter the human remains, and items associated with Native American human remains with appropriate dignity on the property in a location not subject to further and future subsurface disturbance, THEN
 - c. To protect these sites, the landowner shall do one or more of the following:
 - (1) Record the site with the NAHC;
 - (2) Record an open space or conservation easement; or
 - (3) Record a document with the County. The document shall be titled "Notice of Reinternment of Native American Remains" and shall include a legal description of the property, the name of the property owner, and the owner's acknowledged signature, in addition to any other information required by PRC 5097.98. The document shall be indexed as a notice under the name of the owner.
 - d. Upon the discovery of multiple Native American human remains during a ground disturbing land development activity, the landowner may agree that additional conferral with descendants is necessary to consider culturally appropriate treatment of multiple Native American human remains. Culturally appropriate treatment of such a discovery may be ascertained from review of the site utilizing cultural and archaeological standards. Where the parties are unable to agree on the appropriate treatment measures the human remains and items associated and buried with Native American human remains shall be reinterred with appropriate dignity, pursuant to Section 5.c., above.

D. If Human Remains are **NOT** Native American

- 1. The PI shall contact the Medical Examiner and notify them of the historic era context of the burial.
- 2. The Medical Examiner will determine the appropriate course of action with the PI and City staff (PRC 5097.98).
- 3. If the remains are of historic origin, they shall be appropriately removed and conveyed to the San Diego Museum of Man for analysis. The decision for internment of the human remains shall be made in consultation with MMC, EAS, the applicant/landowner, any known descendant group, and the San Diego Museum of Man.

V. Night and/or Weekend Work

- A. If night and/or weekend work is included in the contract
 - 1. When night and/or weekend work is included in the contract package, the extent and timing shall be presented and discussed at the precon meeting.

- 2. The following procedures shall be followed.
 - a. No Discoveries In the event that no discoveries were encountered during night and/or weekend work, the PI shall record the information on the CSVR and submit to MMC via fax by 8AM of the next business day.
 - Discoveries
 All discoveries shall be processed and documented using the existing procedures detailed in Sections III During Construction, and IV Discovery of Human Remains. Discovery of human remains shall always be treated as a significant discovery.
 - c. Potentially Significant Discoveries If the PI determines that a potentially significant discovery has been made, the procedures detailed under Section III - During Construction and IV-Discovery of Human Remains shall be followed.
 - d. The PI shall immediately contact the RE and MMC, or by 8AM of the next business day to report and discuss the findings as indicated in Section III-B, unless other specific arrangements have been made.
 - B. If night and/or weekend work becomes necessary during the course of construction
 - 1. The Construction Manager shall notify the RE, or BI, as appropriate, a minimum of 24 hours before the work is to begin.
 - 2. The RE, or BI, as appropriate, shall notify MMC immediately.
 - C. All other procedures described above shall apply, as appropriate.

VI. Post Construction

- A. Submittal of Draft Monitoring Report
 - 1. The PI shall submit two copies of the Draft Monitoring Report (even if negative), prepared in accordance with the Historical Resources Guidelines (Appendix C/D) which describes the results, analysis, and conclusions of all phases of the Archaeological Monitoring Program (with appropriate graphics) to MMC via the RE for review and approval within 90 days following the completion of monitoring. It should be noted that if the PI is unable to submit the Draft Monitoring Report within the allotted 90-day timeframe as a result of delays with analysis, special study results or other complex issues, a schedule shall be submitted to MMC establishing agreed due dates and the provision for submittal of monthly status reports until this measure can be met.
 - a. For significant archaeological resources encountered during monitoring, the Archaeological Data Recovery Program or Pipeline Trenching Discovery Process shall be included in the Draft Monitoring Report.
 - b. Recording Sites with State of California Department of Parks and Recreation The PI shall be responsible for recording (on the appropriate State of California Department of Park and Recreation forms-DPR 523 A/B) any significant or potentially significant resources encountered during the Archaeological Monitoring Program in accordance with the City's Historical Resources Guidelines, and submittal of such forms to the South Coastal Information Center with the Final Monitoring Report.

- 2. MMC shall return the Draft Monitoring Report to the PI via the RE for revision or, for preparation of the Final Report.
- 3. The PI shall submit revised Draft Monitoring Report to MMC via the RE for approval.
- 4. MMC shall provide written verification to the PI of the approved report.
- 5. MMC shall notify the RE or BI, as appropriate, of receipt of all Draft Monitoring Report submittals and approvals.

B. Handling of Artifacts

- 1. The PI shall be responsible for ensuring that all cultural remains collected are cleaned and catalogued
- 2. The PI shall be responsible for ensuring that all artifacts are analyzed to identify function and chronology as they relate to the history of the area; that faunal material is identified as to species; and that specialty studies are completed, as appropriate.

C. Curation of artifacts: Accession Agreement and Acceptance Verification

- 1. The PI shall be responsible for ensuring that all artifacts associated with the survey, testing and/or data recovery for this project are permanently curated with an appropriate institution. This shall be completed in consultation with MMC and the Native American representative, as applicable.
- 2. When applicable to the situation, the PI shall include written verification from the Native American consultant/monitor indicating that Native American resources were treated in accordance with state law and/or applicable agreements. If the resources were reinterred, verification shall be provided to show what protective measures were taken to ensure no further disturbance occurs in accordance with Section IV Discovery of Human Remains, Subsection C.
- 3. The PI shall submit the Accession Agreement and catalogue record(s) to the RE or BI, as appropriate for donor signature with a copy submitted to MMC.
- 4. The RE or BI, as appropriate shall obtain signature on the Accession Agreement and shall return to PI with copy submitted to MMC.
- 5. The PI shall include the Acceptance Verification from the curation institution in the Final Monitoring Report submitted to the RE or BI and MMC.

D. Final Monitoring Report(s)

- 1. The PI shall submit one copy of the approved Final Monitoring Report to the RE or BI as appropriate, and one copy to MMC (even if negative), within 90 days after notification from MMC of the approved report.
- 2. The RE shall, in no case, issue the Notice of Completion until receiving a copy of the approved Final Monitoring Report from MMC which includes the Acceptance Verification from the curation institution.

VI. PUBLIC REVIEW DISTRIBUTION:

Draft copies or notice of this Mitigated Negative Declaration were distributed to:

CITY OF SAN DIEGO
Mayor's Office
Councilmember Barbara Bry, Council District 1
Development Services:
Development Project Manager
Engineering Review

Environmental Review

Fire

Geology

Landscaping

Long-Range Planning

MSCP

Planning Review

Transportation

MMC (77A)

City Attorney's Office (93C)

OTHER ORGANIZATIONS AND INTERESTED PARTIES

Historical Resources Board (87)

Carmen Lucas (206)

South Coastal Information Center (210)

San Diego Archaeological Center (212)

Save Our Heritage Organization (214)

Ron Christman (215)

Clint Linton (215B)

Frank Brown – Inter-Tribal Cultural Resources Council (216)

Campo Band of Mission Indians (217)

San Diego County Archaeological Society, Inc. (218)

Kumeyaay Cultural Heritage Preservation (223)

Kumeyaay Cultural Repatriation Committee (225)

Arroyo Sorrento Homeowners Assn, Cecelia Kemper (356)

City of Del Mar Planning Department (358)

Arroyo Sorrento Property Owners, Jill McCarthy (359)

VII. RESULTS OF PUBLIC REVIEW:

- () No comments were received during the public input period.
- () Comments were received but did not address the accuracy or completeness of the draft environmental document. No response is necessary and the letters are incorporated herein.
- (X) Comments addressing the accuracy or completeness of the draft environmental document were received during the public input period. The letters and responses are incorporated herein.

Copies of the draft Mitigated Negative Declaration, the Mitigation, Monitoring and Reporting Program and any Initial Study material are available in the office of the Development Services Department for review, or for purchase at the cost of reproduction.

Sara Osborn, AICP

Senior Planner

Development Services Department

Analyst: Rachael Ferrell

Attachments: Comment Letter

Initial Study Checklist Figure 1 – Location Map Figure 2 – Site Plan 9-24-2020

Date of Draft Report

Date of Final Report

Comment Letter



San Diego County Archaeological Society, Inc.

Environmental Review Committee

15 October 2020

To:

Ms. Rachael Ferrell

Development Services Department

City of San Diego

1222 First Avenue, Mail Station 501 San Diego, California 92101

Subject:

Draft Mitigated Negative Declaration

Arroyo Sorrento TM Project No. 610681

Dear Ms. Ferrell:

I have reviewed the subject DMND on behalf of this committee of the San Diego County Archaeological Society.

Α

Based on the information contained in the DMND and the cultural resources survey report, we concur with the impact analysis and with the mitigation program defined in the DMND.

Thank you for the opportunity to review and comment upon this project's environmental documents.

Sincerely,

James W. Royle, Jr., Chairperson

Environmental Review Committee

cc: Laguna Mountain Environmental

SDCAS President

File

Response

A. Comment noted.

INITIAL STUDY CHECKLIST

- 1. Project title/Project number: Arroyo Sorrento TM / 610681
- 2. Lead agency name and address: City of San Diego, 1222 First Avenue, MS-501, San Diego, California 92101
- 3. Contact person and phone number: Rachael Ferrell / (619) 446-5129
- 4. Project location: 3790 Arroyo Sorrento Road, San Diego, CA 92130
- 5. Project Applicant/Sponsor's name and address: Cole Stafford, 4340 Viewridge Ave, Ste B, San Diego, CA 92123, (858) 634-8620
- 6. General/Community Plan designation: Residential/ Spaced Rural Residential (0-1 DU/AC)
- 7. Zoning: AR-1-2
- 8. Description of project (Describe the whole action involved, including but not limited to, later phases of the project, and any secondary, support, or off-site features necessary for its implementation.):

The project requests a TENTATIVE MAP (TM), COASTAL DEVELOPMENT PERMIT (CDP), SITE DEVELOPMENT PERMIT (SDP), and PLANNED DEVELOPMENT PERMIT (PDP) to subdivide a 101,470-square-foot lot into two parcels and construct a 3,328-square-foot single-family residence and a 900-square-foot companion unit on the second parcel. Parcel 1, comprising of 56,820-square-feet, contains an existing 2,888-square-foot single-family residence to remain, and Parcel 2, comprising of 44,650-square-feet, contains developed and undeveloped features.

The upper lot, proposed as Parcel 1, contains an existing residential structure with associated hardscape and landscape features to remain, and a portion of the concrete driveway pad. The lower lot, proposed as Parcel 2, contains a sand volleyball court, retaining walls, and landscape features to be removed for the construction of the residence and companion unit. Additionally, City Multi-Habitat Planning Area (MHPA) is located upslope from proposed Parcel 1, and away from the development area.

The project's landscaping has been reviewed by staff and would comply with all applicable City of San Diego Landscape ordinances and standards. Drainage would be directed into appropriate storm drain systems designated to carry surface runoff, which has been reviewed and accepted by City Engineering staff. Ingress to the project site would be via Arroyo Sorrento Road. All parking would be provided on-site.

9. Surrounding land uses and setting:

The 2.33-acre site is located at 3790 Arroyo Sorrento Road and is designated Spaced Rural Residential (1 DU/AC) in Neighborhood 8/8b of the Carmel Valley Community Plan, and is subject to the AR-1-2 zoning requirements. The project is also subject to Environmentally

Sensitive Lands (ESL) - Steep Hillsides, Coastal Overlay Zone - Non-appealable Area 1, Fire Brush Management - 100' Setback, Fire - 300' Buffer Zone, Very High Fire Hazard Severity zone, and Transit Priority Area, and Council District 1.

The project site is situated East of Carmel Country Road, West of Interstate-5, South of State Route-56, and North of Carmel Mountain Road. The project is located in a residential area of similar residential development.

- Other public agencies whose approval is required (e.g., permits, financing approval, or participation agreement):
 List or None required.
- 11. Have California Native American tribes traditionally and culturally affiliated with the project area requested consultation pursuant to Public Resources Code section 21080.3.1? If so, has consultation begun?

Note: Conducting consultation early in the CEQA process allows tribal governments, lead agencies, and project proponents to discuss the level of environmental review, identify and address potential adverse impacts to tribal cultural resources, and reduce the potential for delay and conflict in the environmental review process. (See Public Resources Code section 21083.3.2.) Information may also be available from the California Native American Heritage Commission's Sacred Lands File per Public Resources Code section 5097.96 and the California Historical Resources Information System administered by the California Office of Historic Preservation. Please also note that Public Resources Code section 21082.3(c) contains provisions specific to confidentiality.

In accordance with the requirements of Assembly Bill (AB) 52, the City of San Diego sent Notifications via email to the Native American Tribes traditionally and culturally affiliated with the project area. Both tribes responded within the 30-day time period requesting consultation. Consultation began on March 19, 2019 and concluded via email on March 21, 2019. Please see Section XVII of the Initial Study for more detail.

ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:

The environmental factors checked below would be potentially affected by this project, involving at least one impact that is a "Potentially Significant Impact" as indicated by the checklist on the following pages.						
	Aesthetics		Greenhouse Gas Emissions		Population/Housing	
	Agriculture and Forestry Resources		Hazards & Hazardous Materials		Public Services	
	Air Quality		Hydrology/Water Quality		Recreation	
	Biological Resources		Land Use/Planning		Transportation/Traffic	
\boxtimes	Cultural Resources		Mineral Resources	\boxtimes	Tribal Cultural Resources	
	Energy		Noise		Utilities/Service System	
	Geology/Soils		Mandatory Findings Significance		Wildfire	
DETER	MINATION: (To be com	pleted l	oy Lead Agency)			
On the b	pasis of this initial evaluation:					
	The proposed project COUL be prepared.	D NOT ha	ve a significant effect on the	environme	ent, and a NEGATIVE DECLARATION will	
		evisions ir	n the project have been made		ment, there will not be a significant reed to by the project proponent. A	
	The proposed project MAY I is required.	nave a sig	nificant effect on the environi	ment, and	an ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT	
	on the environment, but at applicable legal standards, a	least one and (b) ha	effect (a) has been adequatel	y analyzed on measu	ally significant unless mitigated" impact d in an earlier document pursuant to res based on the earlier analysis as ired.	
	Although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, because all potentially significant effects (a) have been analyzed adequately in an earlier EIR or (MITIGATED) NEGATIVE DECLARATION pursuant to applicable standards, and (b) have been avoided or mitigated pursuant to that earlier EIR or (MITIGATED) NEGATIVE DECLARATION, including revisions or mitigation measures that are imposed upon the proposed project, nothing further is required.					

EVALUATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS:

- 1) A brief explanation is required for all answers except "No Impact" answers that are adequately supported by the information sources a lead agency cites in the parentheses following each question. A "No Impact" answer is adequately supported if the referenced information sources show that the impact simply does not apply to projects like the one involved (e.g., the project falls outside a fault rupture zone). A "No Impact answer should be explained where it is based on project specific factors as well as general standards (e.g., the project will not expose sensitive receptors to pollutants, based on a project-specific screening analysis.)
- 2) All answers must take account of the whole action involved, including off-site as well as on-site, cumulative as well as project-level, indirect as well as direct, and construction as well as operational impacts.
- 3) Once the lead agency has determined that a particular physical impact may occur, then the checklist answers must indicate whether the impact is potentially significant, less than significant with mitigation, or less than significant. "Potentially Significant Impact" is appropriate if there is substantial evidence that an effect may be significant. If there are one or more "Potentially Significant Impact" entries when the determination is made, an EIR is required.
- 4) "Negative Declaration: Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated" applies where the incorporation of mitigation measures has reduced an effect from "Potentially Significant Impact" to a "Less Than Significant Impact." The lead agency must describe the mitigation measures, and briefly explain how they reduce the effect to a less than significant level (mitigation measures from "Earlier Analyses", as described in (5) below, may be cross-referenced).
- 5) Earlier analyses may be used where, pursuant to the tiering, program EIR, or other CEQA process, an effect has been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or (mitigated) negative declaration. *Section 15063(c)(3)(D).* In this case, a brief discussion should identify the following:
 - a. Earlier Analysis Used. Identify and state where they are available for review.
 - b. Impacts Adequately Addressed. Identify which effects from the above checklist were within the scope of and adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and state whether such effects were addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis.
 - c. Mitigation Measures. For effects that are "Less Than Significant With Mitigation Measures Incorporated", describe the mitigation measures that were incorporated or refined from the earlier document and the extent to which they address site-specific conditions for the project.
- 6) Lead agencies are encouraged to incorporate into the checklist references to information sources for potential impacts (e.g., general plans, zoning ordinances). Reference to a previously prepared or outside document should, where appropriate, include a reference to the page or pages where the statement is substantiated.
- 7) Supporting Information Sources: A source list should be attached, and other sources used or individuals contacted should be cited in the discussion.
- 8) This is only a suggested form, and lead agencies are free to use different formats; however, lead agencies should normally address the questions from this checklist that are relevant to a project's environmental effects in whatever format is selected.
- 9) The explanation of each issue should identify:
 - a. The significance criteria or threshold, if any, used to evaluate each question; and
 - b. The mitigation measure identified, if any, to reduce the impact to less than significant.

ı	ssue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact	
I. AES	THETICS – Would the project:					
a)	Have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista?			\boxtimes		
The project proposes to split one parcel into two parcels and construct a single-family residence and companion unit on the second parcel, in a residential neighborhood with similar development. The project would meet all required setbacks and height requirements; additionally, there are no designated scenic vistas or view corridors identified on-site per the Carmel Valley Community Plan. Therefore, the project would not have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista. Impacts would be less than significant.						
b	Substantially damage scenic resources, including but not limited to, trees, rock outcroppings, and historic buildings within a state scenic highway?			\boxtimes		
within	oject is situated within a developed re or adjacent to a state scenic highway resources. Therefore, impacts would	and therefor	e would not subst	•		
c)	Substantially degrade the existing visual character or quality of the site and its surroundings?					
The project site contains an existing single-family residence and would construct another single-family residence and companion unit on the second parcel, located in a neighborhood of similar development. The project is compatible with the surrounding development and permitted by the community plan and zoning designation. The project would not degrade the existing visual character or quality of the site and its surroundings; therefore, impacts would be less than significant.						
ď	Create a new source of substantial light or glare that would adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area?					

The project would comply with the outdoor lighting standards contained in Municipal Code Section 142.0740 (Outdoor Lighting Regulations) that require all outdoor lighting be installed, shielded, and adjusted so that the light is directed in a manner that minimizes negative impacts from light pollution, including trespass, glare, and to control light from falling onto surrounding properties. Therefore, lighting installed with the project would not adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area, resulting in a less than significant lighting impact.

The project would comply with Municipal Code Section 142.0730 (Glare Regulations) that requires exterior materials utilized for proposed structures be limited to specific reflectivity ratings. The structure would consist of tempered glass, stucco, and concrete. The project would have a less than significant glare impact.

II. AGRICULTURAL AND FOREST RESOURCES: In determining whether impacts to agricultural resources are significant environmental effects, lead agencies may refer to the California Agricultural Land Evaluation and Site Assessment Model (1997) prepared by the California Department of Conservation as an optional model to use in assessing

Issue	Significant Impact	Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Significant Impact	No Impact
impacts on agriculture and farmland. In det significant environmental effects, lead agen Forestry and Fire Protection regarding the s Project and the Forest Legacy Assessment p Protocols adopted by the California Air Reso	icies may refer to info state's inventory of fo project; and forest cal	ormation compiled by rest land, including the bon measurement m	the California Depo e Forest and Range	artment of Assessment
a) Converts Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance (Farmland), as shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency, to non-agricultural use?				
The project is consistent with the comm developed residential neighborhood. As to, any lands identified as Farmland, Un (Farmland), as show on maps prepared of the California Resource Agency. There lands to non-agricultural use. No significate required.	s such, the projec ique Farmland, o pursuant to the F efore, the project	t site does not coor r Farmland of Sta Farmland Mapping would not result	ntain, and is no tewide Importa g and Monitori in the conversi	t adjacent ince ng Program on of such
b) Conflict with existing zoning for agricultural use, or a Williamson Act Contract?				\boxtimes
Refer to response ll (a), above. There are the project. The project is consistent wit would not conflict with any properties zo Contract. Therefore, no impacts would r	h the existing lar oned for agricult	d use and the un	derlying zone.	The project
c) Conflict with existing zoning for, or cause rezoning of, forest land (as defined in Public Resources Code section 1220(g)), timberland (as defined by Public Resources Code section 4526), or timberland zoned Timberland Production (as defined by Government Code section 51104(g))?	∟ d			
The project would not conflict with exist or timberland zoned Timberland Product as the project is consistent with the compresult.	ction. No designa	ted forest land or	timberland oc	cur onsite
d) Result in the loss of forest land or conversion of forest land to non-forest use?	: 🗆			\boxtimes

Less Than

Refer to response II (c) above. Additionally, the project would not contribute to the conversion of any forested land to non-forest use, as surrounding properties are developed and land uses are generally built out. No impacts would result.

	lss	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	e)	Involve other changes in the existing environment, which, due to their location or nature, could result in conversion of Farmland to nonagricultural use or conversion of forest land to non-forest use?				
farm	llan	response II (a) and II (c), above. The d or forest land. No changes to any re, no impact would result.		•		-
III.		QUALITY – Where available, the significance lution control district may be relied on to ma				ment or air
	a)	Conflict with or obstruct implementation of the applicable air quality plan?				
The San Diego Air Pollution Control District (SDAPCD) and San Diego Association of Governments (SANDAG) are responsible for developing and implementing the clean air plan for attainment and maintenance of the ambient air quality standards in the San Diego Air Basin (SDAB). The County						

The San Diego Air Pollution Control District (SDAPCD) and San Diego Association of Governments (SANDAG) are responsible for developing and implementing the clean air plan for attainment and maintenance of the ambient air quality standards in the San Diego Air Basin (SDAB). The County Regional Air Quality Strategy (RAQS) was initially adopted in 1991, and is updated on a triennial basis (most recently in 2009). The RAQS outlines the SDAPCD's plans and control measures designed to attain the state air quality standards for ozone (O3). The RAQS relies on information from the California Air Resources Board (CARB) and SANDAG, including mobile and area source emissions, as well as information regarding projected growth in San Diego County and the cities in the county, to project future emissions and then determine the strategies necessary for the reduction of emissions through regulatory controls. CARB mobile source emission projections and SANDAG growth projections are based on population, vehicle trends, and land use plans developed by San Diego County and the cities in the county as part of the development of their general plans.

The RAQS relies on SANDAG growth projections based on population, vehicle trends, and land use plans developed by the cities and by the county as part of the development of their general plans. As such, projects that propose development that is consistent with the growth anticipated by local plans would be consistent with the RAQS. However, if a project proposes development that is greater than that anticipated in the local plan and SANDAG's growth projections, the project might be in conflict with the RAQS and may contribute to a potentially significant cumulative impact on air quality.

The project would split one parcel into two parcels and construct a single-family residence and companion unit on the second parcel within a developed neighborhood of similar residential uses. The project is consistent with the General Plan, community plan, and the underlying zoning for single-family residential development. Therefore, the project would be consistent at a sub-regional level with the underlying growth forecasts in the RAQS and would not obstruct implementation of the RAQS. As such, no impacts would result.

b)	Violate any air quality standard or			
-,	contribute substantially to an existing		\boxtimes	
	or projected air quality violation?			

Potentially Less Than
Potentially Significant with Less Than
Issue Significant Mitigation Impact
Impact Incorporated

Short-Term (Construction) Emissions

Construction-related activities are temporary, short-term sources of air emissions. Sources of construction-related air emissions include fugitive dust from grading activities; construction equipment exhaust; construction-related trips by workers, delivery trucks, and material-hauling trucks; and construction-related power consumption.

Variables that factor into the total construction emissions potentially generated include the level of activity, length of construction period, number of pieces and types of equipment in use, site characteristics, weather conditions, number of construction personnel, and the amount of materials to be transported on or offsite.

Fugitive dust emissions are generally associated with land-clearing and grading operations. Construction operations would include standard measures as required by City of San Diego grading permit to limit potential air quality impacts. Any impacts associated with fugitive dust are considered less than significant and would not violate an air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation. No mitigation measures are required.

Long-Term (Operational) Emissions

Long-term air emission impacts are those associated with stationary sources and mobile sources related to any change caused by a project. The project would produce minimal stationary sources emissions. The project is compatible with the surrounding development and is permitted by the community plan and zone designation. Based on the residential land use, project emissions over the long-term are not anticipated to violate any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation. Impacts would be less than significant, and no mitigation measures are required.

Result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is non-attainment under an applicable federal or state ambient air quality standard (including releasing emissions which exceed quantitative thresholds for ozone precursors)?		
ozone precursors):		

As described in III (b) above, construction operations could temporarily increase the emissions of dust and

other pollutants. However, construction emissions would be temporary and short-term in duration; implementation of Best Management Practices (BMPs) would reduce potential impacts related to construction activities to a less than significant level. Therefore, the project would not result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is a nonattainment under applicable federal or state ambient air quality standards. Impacts would be less than significant.

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
d) Create objectionable odors affecting a substantial number of people?			\boxtimes	

Short-term (Construction)

Odors would be generated from vehicles and/or equipment exhaust emissions during construction of the project. Odors produced during construction would be attributable to concentrations of unburned hydrocarbons from tailpipes of construction equipment and architectural coatings. Such odors are temporary and generally occur at magnitudes that would not affect a substantial number of people. Therefore, impacts would be less than significant.

Long-term (Operational)

Typical long-term operational characteristics of the project are not associated with the creation of such odors nor anticipated to generate odors affecting a substantial number of people. The project would construct a single-family residence. Residential units, in the long-term operation, are not typically associated with the creation of such odors nor are they anticipated to generate odors affecting a substantial number or people. Therefore, project operations would result in less than significant impacts.

IV. BIOL	OGICAL RESOURCES – Would the project:		
a)	Have substantial adverse effects, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special status species in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?		

Direct Impacts

A Biological Resource Letter Report (BLR) was prepared by Ryan Quilley (September 15, 2018) for the Arroyo Sorrento Project. The report analyzed the impacts of the proposed project on the biological resources located in the vicinity of the project. The BLR indicated that MHPA lands do not exist onsite but are adjacent north of the site, and away from the proposed development, and that the site contains 1.5-acres of Tier IV habitat (developed lands, disturbed land, ornamental landscaping). Additionally, the site contains 0.13-acres of Coastal sage scrub and 0.02-acres of Southern mixed chaparral, but from the survey it was determined that both were very disturbed and located outside of the development footprint. In conclusion, the project would not directly impact any biological resources, and no mitigation would be required.

Indirect Impacts

The BLR identified that the project would be conditioned to comply with the City's Land Use Adjacency Guidelines (LUAG) to avoid any indirect impacts to the adjacent MHPA. Please see section IV (e) below.

Special Status Species

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
The project was found to not have suitable he California gnatcatcher were observed during determined that non-suitable habitat exists was observed outside of the MHPA, which is Therefore, the project would not impact spec	g the field su on-site for C protected u	urvey, but both were Cooper's hawk. The under the Migratory	e located off-s California gna Bird Treaty A	ite. It was tcatcher .ct (MBTA).
b) Have a substantial adverse effect on any riparian habitat or other community identified in local or regional plans, policies, and regulations or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?				\boxtimes
The BLR did not identify any sensitive riparia regional plans, policies, and regulations. The required.		-		
c) Have a substantial adverse effect on federally protected wetlands as defined by section 404 of the Clean Water Act (including but not limited to marsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc.) through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, or other means?				\boxtimes
Wetlands or waters do not occur on-site. We Corps of Engineers (USACE), the Regional Wa Department of Fish and Wildlife (CDFW) do n the project. No impacts would occur, and no	ater Quality not occur on	Control Board (RW0 -site and therefore	QCB) or the Ca will not be im	alifornia
d) Interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or with established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors, or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites?				
The project site is surrounded by existing resestablished wildlife corridor and would not in wildlife nursery sites. Therefore, no impact w	mpede the	movement of any w	vildlife or the u	use of any
e) Conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources, such as a tree preservation policy or ordinance?				

Less Than

The project site is adjacent to the City's MHPA and therefore is subject to the City's MSCP Subarea Plan. The project is conditioned to comply with the City's Land Use Adjacency Guidelines to protect any habitat within the MHPA that might be indirectly impacted by the project. Land Use Adjacency Guidelines address indirect impacts caused by drainage, toxics, lighting, noise, barriers, invasive species, brush management, grading, and bird strikes. Any impacts would be less than significant.

Iss	ue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
f)	Conflict with the provisions of an adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Community Conservation Plan, or other approved local, regional, or state habitat conservation plan?				
	efer to IV (e) above. The project doe conservation plan.	s not conflict	with any other loc	al, regional, c	or state
V. CULTU	JRAL RESOURCES – Would the project:				
a)	Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an historical resource as defined in §15064.5?				\boxtimes
(Chapter historica of San D projects environi adverse environi demoliti (sectioni Register	pose and intent of the Historical Restr 14, Division 3, and Article 2) is to pall resources of San Diego. The regulatego when historical resources are , CEQA requires the Lead Agency to mental effects which may result from change in the significance of a historical (sections 15064.5(b)) and 2108 ion, destruction, relocation, or alterates 15064.5(b)(1)). Any historical resources for Historical Resources, including a rally significant.	rotect, preser lations apply present on the identify and on that project orical resource 4.1). A substation activities urce listed in,	rve and, where dar to all proposed de le premises. Befor examine the signif t. A project that m e may have a signi antial adverse char s, which would imp or eligible to be lis	maged, restor evelopment we re approving ficant adverse hay cause a su ificant effect on nge is defined bair historical sted in the Ca	re the vithin the City discretionary e ubstantial on the d as l significance alifornia
evaluate uniquen modifica	of San Diego criteria for determina ed based upon age (over 45 years), l ness, or structural integrity of the bu ation of structures that are 45 years orical resource.	ocation, conte uilding. Projec	ext, association wit ts requiring the de	th an importa emolition and	ant event, /or
	ject site is constructing a single-fam	-	•		•

as a result of a lot split, therefore the project would not be demolishing any existing structures over 45 years old which could impact a significant historical resource. No impacts would result.

b)	Cause a substantial adverse change in		
	the significance of an archaeological	\boxtimes	
	resource pursuant to §15064.5?		

Many areas of San Diego County, including mesas and the coast, are known for intense and diverse prehistoric occupation and important archaeological and historical resources. The region has been inhabited by various cultural groups spanning 10,000 years or more. The project area is located within an area identified as sensitive on the City of San Diego's Historical Resources Sensitivity Maps.

Therefore, a record search of the California Historic Resources Information System (CHRIS) digital database was reviewed to determine presence or absence of potential resources within the project

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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site by qualified archaeological City staff. Previously recorded historic and prehistoric sites have been identified in the near project vicinity. Due to the close proximity of the recorded resources and undeveloped nature of the site, a Cultural Resources Survey and report was required.

Mounta resourd souther any unk	Itural Resources Survey and Report fain Environmental Inc., January 2019 tes present in the project area, and refer portion of the project area include known buried resources. As such, are to during all grading activities in orderance.	e) summarized no artifacts or ed alluvial soi n archaeologid	l that even thoug other cultural mals Is which could ha al and Native Am	h there were n aterial were ob ve the potentia perican monito	o cultural oserved, the all to contain must be
Negativ	ation Monitoring and Reporting Progre To Declaration would be implemente eology) to below a level of significanc	ed to reduce in			
c)	Directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleontological resource or site or unique geologic feature?				
Quadra 2019), t Sandstoresource grading exceeds formati which v	ing to the "Geology of the San Diego angle Maps" (Kennedy and Peterson, the project site is mostly underlain wone formations, which have a higher ces. The City's Significance Determin- g activities may be required if it is de is the Paleontological threshold (if gr ions with a high sensitivity rating and ions with a moderate sensitivity rating would exceed the grading thresholds is would remain less than significant.	, 1975), and the vith the highly reprobability of ation Threshot termined that reater than 1,0 d if greater theng). The project in a moderar	ne Geotechnical Ir sensitive bedroc f containing impo olds state paleont the project's ear 2000 cubic yards an an 2,000 cubic ya ct does not propo	nvestigation (All k Bay point and ortant paleonto ological monito th movement of nd ten feet dee rds and ten fee ose any grading	ugust 5, d Torrey blogical bring during quantity ep for et deep for g activities
d)	Disturb human remains, including those interred outside of dedicated cemeteries?		\boxtimes		
contain shall ha regardi Section Code (S	o response V (b) above. Section V of its provisions for the discovery of hur alt in that area and no soil shall be exing the provenance of the human relation 15064.5(e), the California Public Resection 7050.5) shall be undertaken. Basthan significant.	man remains. xported off-si mains; and th sources Code	If human remain te until a determi e following proce (Sec. 5097.98) an	s are discovere nation can be dures as set fo d State Health	ed, work made orth in CEQA and Safety

I. EINEF	RGY – Would the project:		
a)	Result in potentially significant environmental impact due to wasteful, inefficient or unnecessary		

Potentially Less Than
Issue Significant Mitigation Impact
Impact Incorporated

consumption of energy resources, during project construction or operation?

The project would be required to meet mandatory energy standards of the current California energy code. Construction of the single-family residence would require operation of heavy equipment but would be temporary and short-term in duration. Additionally, long-term energy usage from the building would be reduced through design measures that incorporate energy conservation features in heating, ventilation and air conditioning systems, lighting and window treatments, and insulation and weather stripping. The project would also incorporate cool-roofing materials. Development of the project would not result in a significant environmental impact due to wasteful, inefficient, or unnecessary consumption of energy resources. Impacts would remain less than significant.

and we the pro	ng, ventilation and air conditioning s ather stripping. The project would als ject would not result in a significant e ssary consumption of energy resour	so incorporatenvironment	te cool-roofing mal impact due to	naterials. Devel wasteful, ineff	lopment o icient, or
b)	Conflict with or obstruct a state or local plan for renewable energy or energy efficiency?				
designa implem local pla	oject is consistent with the General Plation. The project is required in composition. The project is required in composition genergy reducing design meas an for renewable energy or energy efology AND SOILS - Would the project:	ly with the C ures, therefo	ity's Climate Actions it its action its action its action in the project we have a constant at the constant in	on Plan (CAP) k ould not obstri	ру
a)	Expose people or structures to potential sul involving:	ostantial advers	e effects, including th	ne risk of loss, inju	ry, or death
	i) Rupture of a known earthquake fault, as delineated on the most recent Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Map issued by the State Geologist for the area or based on other substantial evidence of a known fault? Refer to Division of Mines and Geology Special Publication 42.				

or

According to the Geotechnical Investigation Report (August 5, 2019), the closest known active faults are the Rose Canyon fault located 5 miles southwest of the site and the Elsinore (Julian) fault located 29 miles northeast of the site. The site is not located in an Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zone. No active faults are known to underlie or project toward the site. Therefore, the probability of fault rupture is considered low. Additionally, the project would be required to comply with seismic requirement of the California Building Code, utilize proper engineering design and utilization of standard construction practices, to be verified at the building permit stage, in order to ensure that potential impacts based on regional geologic hazards would remain less than significant.

ii)	Strong seismic ground shaking?			\boxtimes	
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The site could be affected by seismic activity as a result of earthquakes on major active faults located throughout the Southern California area. The project would utilize proper engineering design and utilization of standard construction practices, to be verified at the building permit stage,

Issue		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
in order to significant.	ensure that potential impacts fro	m regional g	geologic hazards wo	ould remain l	ess than
iii)	Seismic-related ground failure, including liquefaction?				
causing the the dense r required to structures t utilization o	n generally occurs when loose, un soils to lose cohesion. The poter lature of the underlying bedrock comply with the California Buildi o an acceptable level of risk. Imp if standard construction practices the potential for impacts from re	ntial for soil l materials be ing Code tha llementation s, to be verifi	iquefaction at the seneath the site. The twould reduce import of proper engineers at the building parts.	ubject site is project wou pacts to peop ring design a permit stage,	low due to ld be ble or nd would
iv)	Landslides?			\boxtimes	
slope instak problems a constructio	o the Geotechnical Investigation bilities were observed on-site. The the site is low. Implementation in practices, to be verified at the knowld be reduced to an accepta	erefore, the of proper er ouilding perr	possibility of deep- igineering design a nit stage, would en	seated slope nd utilizatior sure that the	stability of standard potential
	sult in substantial soil erosion or the s of topsoil?			\boxtimes	
potential. T requires the within the s the Storm V than signific postconstru	and construction activities would he project would be required to e implementation of appropriate ite would be required to comply Vater Standards, which would en cant levels. Furthermore, perman action consistent with the City's re soils erosion or loss of topsoil, the	comply with Best Manag with the City sure soil eronent storm wegulations. T	the City's Storm Wa ement Practices (Bl of San Diego Grad sion and topsoil lo rater BMPs would a herefore, the proje	ater Standard MPs). Gradin ing Ordinand ss is minimiz Iso be requin ct would not	ds which g activities ce as well as ed to less red result in
tha uns pot lan	located on a geologic unit or soil t is unstable, or that would become stable as a result of the project, and tentially result in on- or off-site dslide, lateral spreading, subsidence,				

As discussed in Section VII (a) and VII (b), the project site is not likely to be subject to landslides, and the potential for liquefaction and subsidence is low. The soils and geologic units underlying the site are considered to have a "low" expansion potential. The project design would be required to comply with the requirements of the California Building Code, ensuring hazards associated with expansive soils would be reduced to an acceptable level of risk. As such, impacts are expected to be less than significant.

Iss	ue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
d)	Be located on expansive soil, as defined in Table 18-1-B of the Uniform Building Code (1994), creating substantial risks to life or property?			\boxtimes	
required impacts Impleme be verifie	ect site is considered to have very lo I to comply with seismic requirement to people or structures due to local entation of proper engineering designed at the building permit stage, wou hazards would remain less than sign	nts of the Ca seismic eve gn and utiliza ald ensure th	lifornia Building Co nts to an acceptabl ation of standard c	de that would e level of risk. onstruction pi	ractices, to
e)	Have soils incapable of adequately supporting the use of septic tanks or alternative waste water disposal systems where sewers are not available for the disposal of waste water?				
water ar require t serve the	ect site is located within an area thand sewer lines) and does not proposithe construction of any new facilities e project. No impact would occur.	se any septic s as it relate	system. In addition	n, the project	does not
VIII. GRE	ENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS – Would the proje	ect:			
a)	Generate greenhouse gas emissions, either directly or indirectly, that may have a significant impact on the environment?				
proporti is part of project is project is zoning d	s Climate Action Plan (CAP) outlines onal share of State greenhouse gas f the CAP and contains measures the casis to ensure that the specified ensistent with the General Plan a lesignations. Further, based upon ret, the project is consistent with the a	(GHG) emist lat are requinission targe and the Carmeview and ev	sion reductions. A or red to be implements identified in the nel Valley Commun raluation of the con	CAP Consisten nted on a proj CAP are achie ity Plan's land npleted CAP C	icy Checklist ect-by- eved. The use and
to cumu	n the project's consistency with the lative statewide emissions would be direct and cumulative GHG emissio	e less than c	umulatively conside	erable. Theref	ore, the
b)	Conflict with an applicable plan, policy, or regulation adopted for the purpose of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gases?				

The project would not conflict with an applicable plan, policy, or regulation adopted for the purposes of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gasses. The project is consistent with the existing General Plan and Community Plan land use and zoning designations. Further based upon review and evaluation of the completed CAP Consistency Checklist for the project, the project is consistent with

		Impact	Incorporated	Impact	
assump	licable strategies and actions of the tions for relevant CAP strategies tov are considered less than significant	vard achieving			
IX. HAZA	RDS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS – Would t	he project:			
a)	Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials?				
Althoug anticipa the rout	ject would construct a single-family h minimal amounts of such substan ted to create a significant public haz ine transport, use, or disposal of ha ted. Therefore, impacts would be le	ices may be p zard. Once co zardous mate	resent during cornstructed, due to erials on or through	nstruction, they the nature of	, are not the project,
b)	Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment?				
Refer to	response IX (a) above. Impacts wou	ıld be less tha	n significant.		
c)	Emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste within one-quarter mile of an existing or proposed school?				
of releas anticipa hazardo lubrican the proj	response IX (a) above. The project ses of hazardous substances would ted that future on-site operations wous materials. Construction of the protes, solvents, etc.), which would requect would be required to comply with a cardous materials; therefore, impact	not occur as occur as occur ould not reque oject may rec ire proper sto th all federal,	a result of project lire the routine us luire the use of horage, handling, u state and local re	operations be se or transport azardous mate se and disposa quirements as	ecause it is of acutely erials (fuels, al. Further,
d)	Be located on a site which is included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code section 65962.5 and, as a result, would it create a significant hazard to the public or the environment?				\boxtimes

Potentially

Significant

Issue

Less Than

Significant with

Less Than

Significant

No Impact

A hazardous waste site record search was completed in August 2018 using Geo Tracker, an online website which discloses any type of hazardous clean-up site pursuant to Government Code section 65962.5: http://geotracker.waterboards.ca.gov/ The records search identified that no hazardous waste sites exist onsite or in the surrounding area. No Impacts would result.

ls	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact	
e)	For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two mile of a public airport or public use airport, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?				\boxtimes	
-	posed project is not located within a or public use airport. No impacts wo	•	d use plan, or with	in two miles	of a public	
f)	For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?				\boxtimes	
•	eject site is not located within the vici nazard for people residing or working					
g)	Impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan?				\boxtimes	
emerge	eject would not impair the implement ency response plan or evacuation pla e with circulation or access, and all c	n. No roadw	ay improvements a	re proposed	that would	
h)	Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires, including where wildlands are adjacent to urbanized areas or where residences are intermixed with wildlands?					
follow of have brineighbor	The project is located within a Very High Fire Severity Zone. The project would be conditioned to follow design guidelines and standards with fire resistant building materials, and conditioned to have brush management plans. Additionally, the project is located in a developed residential neighborhood. Further discussion can be found in Section XX below. Any impacts would be less than significant.					
X. HYDR	COLOGY AND WATER QUALITY - Would the pro	ject:				
a)	Violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements?					

The project would comply with the City's Storm Water Regulations during and after construction, and appropriate best management practices (BMP's) would be utilized. Implementation of project specific BMP's would preclude violations of any existing water quality standards or discharge requirements. Impacts would be less than significant.

Iss	ue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact		
b)	Substantially deplete groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that there would be a net deficit in aquifer volume or a lowering of the local groundwater table level (e.g., the production rate of pre-existing nearby wells would drop to a level which would not support existing land uses or planned uses for which permits have been granted)?						
The project does not require the construction of wells or the use of groundwater. Furthermore, the project would include pervious design features and appropriate drainage. Therefore, the project would not introduce a significant amount of new impervious surfaces that could interfere with groundwater recharge. The project as designed was reviewed by qualified City staff and would not substantially deplete groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge. The project is located in a residential neighborhood where all infrastructures exist. The project would connect to the existing public water system. Impacts would be less than significant.							
c)	Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, in a manner, which would result in substantial erosion or siltation on- or off-site?						
adjacent therefor impleme	andscaping would prevent substant to the site, all runoff would be rout e not substantially alter existing dra ent BMPs to ensure that substantial s would not occur. Impacts would be	ted to the exi ainage patteri erosion or si	sting storm drain s ns. The project woo ltation on or off-sit	system and wuld be require	ould ed to		
d)	Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, or substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner, which would result in flooding on- or off-site?						
Refer to	response X (c) above. No flooding w	vould occur. I	mpacts would be l	ess than sign	ificant.		
e)	Create or contribute runoff water, which would exceed the capacity of existing or planned stormwater drainage systems or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff?						

The project would be required to comply with all City storm water standards during and after construction. Appropriate BMPs would be implemented to ensure that water quality is not degraded; therefore, ensuring that project runoff is directed to appropriate drainage systems. Any

lss	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
provide	rom the site is not anticipated to exc substantial additional sources of po gation measures are required.	•		-	
f)	Otherwise substantially degrade water quality?			\boxtimes	
standar	response X (a) above. The project we do both during and after constructions not degraded. Impacts would be less	n, using app	ropriate BMP's tha	•	
g)	Place housing within a 100-year flood hazard area as mapped on a federal Flood Hazard Boundary or Flood Insurance Rate Map or other flood hazard delineation map?				\boxtimes
	ject site is not located within a 100-yre, no impacts would occur.	ear flood ha	zard area or any ot	her known flo	ood area.
h)	Place within a 100-year flood hazard area, structures that would impede or redirect flood flows?				\boxtimes
•	ject site is not located within a 100-y re, no impacts would occur.	ear flood ha	zard area or any ot	her known flo	ood area.
XI. LAND	USE AND PLANNING – Would the project:				
a)	Physically divide an established community?				\boxtimes
split. Th use des access t and sur nature o	ject would construct a new single-fare project is consistent with the General Residential, 1 to a public roadway. The project site rounded by similar residential develof the surrounding area and would rolly divide the community. No impact	eral Plan and du/ac) and i is located wi opment. The not introduce	the Carmel Valley is within a previous thin a developed reproject would not any barriers or pr	Community P sly developed esidential neig substantially	lan's land lot with ghborhood change the
b)	Conflict with any applicable land use plan, policy, or regulation of an agency with jurisdiction over the project (including but not limited to the general plan, specific plan, local coastal program, or zoning ordinance) adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect?				\boxtimes

As a result of the proposed lot split, the project requires a Planned Development Permit (PDP) to deviate from the 100-foot street frontage for Parcel 1 to meet the development regulations for AR-1-

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
2, per the Land Development Code. Permit (PDP) for this deviation, there The project is consistent with the Godesignation which allows up to 1 dwallows for 1 dwelling unit per lot, an split allows up to 2 dwelling units where plan, policy, or regulations and the splan policy, or regulations and the splan policy, or regulations.	efore, the project do eneral Plan and the C velling unit per acre. d the project is prop hich is proposed. The	es not conflict wit Carmel Valley Com The project site is osing a lot split. T ere are no conflict	h the zoning or nmunity Plan's 2.33 acres. Th herefore, the 2 s with the app	rdinance. land use le AR-1-2 2.33-acre lo icable land
 c) Conflict with any applicable habite conservation plan or natural community conservation plan? 	at \Box			
Please refer to section IV (e) above. neighborhood and would not confliction plan. The parties of MSCP, and the project would order to avoid indirect impacts to the project would receive the avoid indirect impacts to the project would be a secure of the project would be a secure of the project would be a secure of the project which we will be a secure of the project would be a secure of the project which we will be a secure of the project which we will be a secure of the project wi	ct with any applicable oroject site is adjacer ld be conditioned to	e habitat conservant to MHPA land a follow Land Use A	ation plan or na nd is therefore Adjacency Guid	subject to
XII. MINERAL RESOURCES – Would the proje	ect:			
 Result in the loss of availability of known mineral resource that wou of value to the region and the res of the state? 	ıld be			\boxtimes
There are no known mineral resour nature of the project site and vicinit impacts would result.	·			•
b) Result in the loss of availability of locally important mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan or other use plan?	e I 🔲			\boxtimes
See XII (a), above. The project site hause plan as a locally important mine affected with project implementation	eral resource recover	y site, and no suc	h resources wo	
XIII. NOISE – Would the project result in:				
 a) Generation of, noise levels in excession standards established in the local general plan or noise ordinance, applicable standards of other age 	or \square		\boxtimes	

Short-term (Construction)

Short-term noise impacts would be associated with onsite grading, and construction activities of the project. Construction-related short-term noise levels would be higher than existing ambient noise levels in the project area but would no longer occur once construction is completed. Sensitive receptors (e.g. residential uses) occur in the immediate area and may be temporarily affected by

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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construction noise; however, construction activities would be required to comply with the construction hours specified in the City's Municipal Code (Section 59.5.0404, Construction Noise) which are intended to reduce potential adverse effects resulting from construction noise. Additionally, the project is adjacent to the City's MHPA, but would be conditioned to follow noise reducing measures outlined in the City's LUAG mentioned in Section IV (e) above. With compliance to the City's noise ordinance and LUAG, project construction noise levels would be reduced to less than significant, and no mitigation measures are required

sigililica	int, and no midgation measures are rec	quii eu.			
For the l project v result in	rm (Operation) long-term, typical noise levels associate would not result in an increase in the e noise levels in excess of standards est rdinance. Impacts would remain below	existing ambient tablished in the (noise level. The City of San Diego	project would	l not
b)	Generation of, excessive ground borne vibration or ground borne noise levels?				
Potential effects from construction noise would be reduced through compliance with the City restrictions. Pile driving activities that would potentially result in ground borne vibration or ground borne noise are not anticipated with construction of the project. Impacts would be less than significant.					
c)	A substantial permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project?				
introduc construc existing	ject would not significantly increase lor ce a new land use or significantly increa ction noise levels and traffic would be a residential use. Therefore, no substan ted. Impacts would be less than signific	ase the intensity generally unchar tial permanent i	of the allowed l	and use. Post ed to noise wi	th the
d)	A substantial temporary or periodic increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above existing without the project?				

The project would not expose people to a substantial increase in temporary or periodic ambient noise levels. Construction noise would result during construction activities but would be temporary in nature. Construction-related noise impacts from the project would generally be higher than existing ambient noise levels in the project area but would no longer occur once construction is completed. In addition, the project would be required to comply with the San Diego Municipal Code, Article 9.5 "Noise Abatement and Control." Implementation of these standard measures would reduce potential impacts from an increase in ambient noise level during construction to a less than significant level.

e)	For a project located within an airport			\boxtimes
	land use plan, or, where such a plan	Ш	Ш	

l:	ssue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport would the project expose people residing or working in the area to excessive noise levels?				
-	oject site is not located within an airp two miles of a public airport or publi				located
f)	For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?				\boxtimes
The pro	oject site is not located within the vic	cinity of a priva	ate airstrip. No im	pacts would r	esult.
XIV. PO	PULATION AND HOUSING – Would the project	ct:			
a)	Induce substantial population growth in an area, either directly (for example, by proposing new homes and businesses) or indirectly (for example, through extension of roads or other infrastructure)?				
result of Carme received require	oject would develop a single-family rof a lot split. The project is consisten I Valley Community Plan. The project water and sewer service from the Ced. As such, the project would not sull or oadway improvements are proportions.	t with the und t site is curren City, and no ex obstantially inc	erlying zone and i tly developed with tension of infrastr rease housing or	s consistent wanth the connecting to the connecting to new population groups of the contraction of the contr	vith the ons to vareas is owth in the
b)	Displace substantial numbers of existing housing, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?				
neighb	oject would construct one new single orhood of similar residential develo s would result.	-	•		
c)	Displace substantial numbers of people, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?				
Refer t	o response XIV (b) above. No impact	s would result	t.		
XV. PUI	BLIC SERVICES				
a)	Would the project result in substantial adv physically altered governmental facilities, r				

Issue		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	nstruction of which could cause significan ions, response times or other performan				ole service
i)	Fire protection			\boxtimes	
already pro the area, ar	site is located in an urbanized ar ovided. The project would not adv nd would not require the constru- npacts would be less than signific	ersely affect ction of new	existing levels of fi	ire protection	services to
ii)	Police protection			\boxtimes	
police prote of police pr	site is located in an urbanized ar ection services are already provid otection services or create a new n of new or expansion of existing	led. The proj significant o	ect would not adve demand, and would	ersely affect e I not require	existing levels the
iii)	Schools				
or expansion where public so	would not affect existing levels on of a school facility. The project ic school services are available. To chools over that which currently demand for public educational services.	site is locate he project w exists and is	ed in an urbanized of the could not significant not anticipated to the court of the	and develope tly increase the result in a sig	ed area he demand nificant
iv)	Parks			\boxtimes	
available. T regional pa to result in	site is located in an urbanized ar he project would not significantly rks or other recreational facilities a significant increase in demand ess than significant.	increase the over that w	e demand on existi hich presently exis	ng neighborh ts and is not	nood or anticipated
v)	Other public facilities				

The project site is located in an urbanized and developed area where City services are already available. The project would not adversely affect existing levels of public services and not require the construction or expansion of an existing governmental facility. Therefore, no new public facilities beyond existing conditions would be required. Impacts would be less than significant.

Iss	ue	Potentially Significant Impact	Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
XVI. RECI	REATION		·		
a)	Would the project increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be accelerated?				
recreation would not would not recreated or facilit	ject would not adversely affect the a onal resources. The project would no ot require the construction or expar ot significantly increase the use of e onal facilities. Therefore, the project ies such that substantial deterioration on of recreational facilities to satisfy nt.	ot adversely on an expension of an expension of an expension of anticipation occurs, or	affect existing leve kisting park facility borhood or region pated to result in th that would require	ls of public se The project al parks or ot ne use of avai e the constru	crvices and ther lable parks ction or
b)	Does the project include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities, which might have an adverse physical effect on the environment?				
	XVI (a) above. The project does not nsion of any such facilities. As such,			•	construction
XVII. TRA	NSPORTATION/TRAFFIC – Would the project?				
a)	Would the project or plan/policy conflict with an adopted program, plan, ordinance or policy addressing the transportation system, including transit, roadways, bicycle and pedestrian facilities?				\boxtimes
split, in a	ject proposes to construct a single-fa a neighborhood with similar develop es that would conflict with existing p rtation. No impacts would result.	oment, there	fore, the project w	ould not resu	lt in design
b)	Would the project or plan/policy result in VMT exceeding thresholds identified in the City of San Diego Transportation Study Manual?			\boxtimes	

On September 27, 2013, Governor Edmund G. Brown, Jr. signed SB-743 into law, starting a process that fundamentally changes the way transportation impact analysis is conducted under CEQA. Related revisions to the State's CEQA Guidelines include elimination of auto delay, level of service (LOS), and similar measurements of vehicular roadway capacity and traffic congestion as the basis for determining significant impacts.

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact	

In December 2018, the California Resources Agency certified and adopted revised CEQA Guidelines, including new section 15064.3. Under the new section, vehicle miles traveled (VMT), which includes the amount and distance of automobile traffic attributable to a project, is identified as the "most appropriate measure of transportation impacts." As of July 1, 2020, all CEQA lead agencies must analyze a project's transportation impacts using VMT.

The Draft City of San Diego Transportation Study Manual (TSM) dated June 10, 2020 is consistent with the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) guidelines and utilizes VMT as a metric for evaluating transportation-related impacts. Based on these guidelines, all projects shall go through a screening process to determine the level of transportation analysis that is required.

The project would construct a single-family residence and a companion unit in a neighborhood which serves similar development. A "Small Project" is defined as a project generating less than 300 daily unadjusted driveway trips using the City of San Diego trip generation rates/procedures.

Based upon the screening criteria identified above, the project qualifies as a "Small Project" and is

	ed out from further VMT analysis. The 10, 2020, the project would have	=		ne City of San I	Diego Draft
c)	Would the project or plan/policy substantially increase hazards due to a design feature (e.g., sharp curves or dangerous intersections) or incompatible uses (e.g., farm equipment)?				
in a nei Commu	oject would construct a single-family ghborhood with similar residential unity Plan and is consistent with the ot include any design features that v	development. land use and	The project compunderlying zoning	llies with the C g, therefore, th	Carmel Valley ne project
d)	Result in inadequate emergency access?			\boxtimes	
Adequa	ate emergency access would be pro	vided during b	oth short-term co	nstruction (wi	ith

Adequate emergency access would be provided during both short-term construction (with construction operating protocols) and long-term operations of the project. Emergency access to the site would be provided from the driveway entrance on Arroyo Sorrento Road. As such, the project would not impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan. Impacts would be less than significant.

XVIII. TRIBAL CULTURAL RESOURCES - Would the project cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a tribal cultural resource, defined in Public Resources Code section 21074 as either a site, feature, place, cultural landscape that is geographically defined in terms of the size and scope of the landscape, sacred place, or object with cultural value to a California Native American tribe, and that is:

a)	Listed or eligible for listing in the		
	California Register of Historical		\boxtimes
	Resources, or in a local register of		

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
		Incorporated		

historical resources as defined in Public Resources Code section 5020.1(k), or

The project site is not listed nor is it eligible for listing in the California Register of Historical Resources, or in a local register of historical resources as defined in Public Resources Code section 5020.1 (k). In addition, please see section V (b) above.

b)	A resource determined by the lead agency, in its discretion and supported by substantial evidence, to be significant pursuant to criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Public Resources Code section 5024.1. In applying the	П	\bowtie	П	П
	criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of				ш
	Public Resource Code section 5024.1,				
	the lead agency shall consider the				
	significance of the resource to a				
	California Native American tribe.				

Tribal Cultural Resources include sites, features, places, cultural landscapes, and sacred places or objects that have cultural value or significance to a Native American Tribe. Tribal Cultural Resources include "non-unique archaeological resources" that, instead of being important for "scientific" value as a resource, can also be significant because of the sacred and/or cultural tribal value of the resource. Tribal representatives are considered experts appropriate for providing substantial evidence regarding the locations, types, and significance of tribal cultural resources within their traditionally and cultural affiliated geographic area (PRC § 21080.3.1(a)).

In accordance with the requirements of Assembly Bill (AB) 52, The City of San Diego sent notification to the Native American Tribes traditionally and culturally affiliated with the project area. The Jamul Indian Village and the lipay Nation of Santa Ysabel responded requesting consultation. Consultation began on May 19, 2019 and concluded via email on March 21, 2019. It was determined that there are no sites, features, places or cultural landscapes that would be substantially adversely impacted by the proposed project. Although no Tribal Cultural Resources were identified within the project site, there is a potential for the construction of the project to impact buried and unknown Tribal Cultural Resources due to its location to known recorded resources in the near vicinity, and the alluvial soil that exists in the southwest corner of the development footprint. Therefore, it was agreed upon that archaeological and Native American monitoring should be included in the MMRP. The Jamul Indian Village identified that no further evaluation was required and concluded consultation. Mitigation in the form of archaeological and Native American monitoring would reduce all impacts to Tribal Cultural Resources to below a level of significance. See section V of the MND and the Mitigation, Monitoring and Reporting Program (MMRP) for further details.

XIX. UTILITIES AND SERVICE SYSTEMS – Would the project:

a)	Exceed wastewater treatment			
	requirements of the applicable			
	Regional Water Quality Control Board?	 	 -	

Implementation of the project would not interrupt existing sewer service to the project site or other surrounding uses. No significant increase in demand for wastewater disposal or treatment would be created by the project, as compared to current conditions. The project is not anticipated to generate

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
significant amounts of wastewater. Wa accordance with the applicable wastew Control Board (RWQCB). Additionally, the Adequate services are already available significance.	rater treatment rec he project site is lo	quirements of the ocated in an urba	e Regional Wate nized and deve	er Quality loped area.
b) Require or result in the construction of new water or wastewater treatment facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmenta effects?				
Refer to response XIX (a) above. Adequ Additionally, the project would not sign treatment services and thus, would not would result.	ificantly increase	the demand for w	vater or wastev	vater
c) Require or result in the construction of new storm water drainage facilities of expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?				
The project would not exceed the capa therefore, would not require construct facilities of which could cause significar qualified City staff who determined that the proposed development. No impact	ion of new or expant of environmental e of the existing facil	ension of existing effects. The proje	storm water d ct was reviewed	rainage d by
d) Have sufficient water supplies available to serve the project from existing entitlements and resources, or are no or expanded entitlements needed?				
The 2015 City Urban Water Manageme document for the City's residents, busing the current and future water supply an result in new or expanded water entitle consistent with existing demand project allowed land uses for the project site). If generated from recycled water, local supproximately 20 percent of the total water from the San Diego County Water Auth and local supplies (City of San Diego 20 expanded entitlements. No impacts wo	nesses, interest gr d needs for the Ci ements from the w ctions contained in The Public Utilities urface supply, and vater requirement ority to make up to	oups, and public ty. Implementation vater service proventhe UWMP (which is Department local groundwater, whe s for the City. The he difference bet	officials. The Union of the project	WMP assess at would not bject is a the is bor s water er demands
e) Result in a determination by the wastewater treatment provider which serves or may serve the project that in has adequate capacity to serve the	1 1			\boxtimes

ls	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	project's projected demand in addition to the provider's existing commitments?				
-	oject would not adversely affect exist ilable to serve the project site withouresult.	_		•	
f)	Be served by a landfill with sufficient permitted capacity to accommodate the project's solid waste disposal needs?				
constru would h operation with res Code re phase a	uction debris and waste would be generation waste from the project site wo have sufficient permitted capacity to on of the residential use is anticipate sidential uses. Furthermore, the project equirement for diversion of both contain and solid waste during the long-term gnificant.	uld be transpaced to generated to generate to	orted to an appro enerated by the p e typical amounts required to comp ste during the sho	opriate facility, roject. Long-to of solid waste ly with the Cit rt-term, const	which erm e associated y's Municipal ruction
g)	Comply with federal, state, and local statutes and regulation related to solid waste?				
waste. or requivalent during the	oject would comply with all Federal, So The project would not result in the go the project would not result in the go the transport of hazardous wasted the construction phase. All demolition ments for diversion of both construction of both construction of both constructions. Imports - Would the project:	eneration of e materials, o on activities w ction waste d	arge amounts of s ther than minimal ould comply with uring the demoliti	solid waste, no amounts ger any City of Sa on phase and	or generate ierated n Diego
a)	Substantially impair an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan?			\boxtimes	

The City of San Diego participates in the San Diego County Multi-Jurisdictional Hazard Mitigation Plan. The project complies with the General Plan and is consistent with the Carmel Valley Community Plan's land use and the Land Development Code's zoning designation. The project is located in an urbanized area of San Diego and construction of a single-family residence and companion unit would not disrupt any emergency evacuation routes as identified in the Hazard Mitigation Plan. Therefore, the project would have a less-than-significant impact on an emergency response and evacuation plan during construction and operation.

Issi	ue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
b)	Due to slope, prevailing winds, and other factors, exacerbate wildfire risks, and thereby expose project occupants to, pollutant concentrations from a wildfire or the uncontrolled spread of wildfire?				
developi City's Bru 1 and a 6 material natural v project c	ect is located in a Very High Fire Sevenent. The project would provide de ush Management Plan (SDMC 142.055-foot zone 2, additionally the project. The project would be increasing to regetation. Therefore, the project woccupants to pollutant concentration	fensible space 412) which co ect would be he pervious a ould have a l	e from a wildfire bonditions the projections the projection conditioned to use area of the site and ess-than-significan	y complying vect to have a 3 e fire-resistan d decreasing t t impact on e	with the 85-foot zone t building the on-site xposing
c)	Require the installation or maintenance of associated infrastructure (such as roads, fuel breaks, emergency water sources, power lines or other utilities) that may exacerbate fire risk or that may result in temporary or ongoing impacts to the environment?				
serviced new con	ect is located in a residential neighb by existing infrastructure which wo struction of roads, fuel breaks, eme e constructed that would exacerbatent.	uld service the rgency water	ne site after constr sources, power lii	uction is com nes, or other (pleted. No utilities
d)	Expose people or structures to significant risks, including downslope or downstream flooding or landslides, as a result of runoff, post-fire slope instability, or drainage changes?				
and app people o	response XX (b) above. The project ropriate Best Management Practices or structures to significant risks as a . Therefore, less-than-significant imp	s (BMP) for d result of run	rainage and theref	ore would no	t expose
XXI. MAN	DATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE -				
a)	Does the project have the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory?				

No Impact
Less Than Significant Impact
Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated
Potentially Significant Impact
Issue

This analysis has determined that, although there is the potential of significant impacts related to included in this document would reduce these potential impacts to a less than significant level as Cultural Resources (Archaeology) and Tribal Cultural Resources. As such, mitigation measures outlined within the Mitigated Negative Declaration.

Q

Does the project have impacts that are		
individually limited but cumulatively		
considerable ("cumulatively		
considerable" means that the		
incremental effects of a project are		
considerable when viewed in	⅓	
connection with the effects of past		
projects, the effects of other current		
projects, and the effects of probable		
future projects)?		

surrounding neighborhood or community would be required to comply with applicable local, State, Resources, which may have cumulatively considerable impacts. As such, mitigation measures have As documented in this Initial Study, the project may have the potential to degrade the quality of and Federal regulations to reduce the potential impacts to less than significant, or to the extent possible. As such, the project is not anticipated to contribute potentially significant cumulative the environment, notably with respect to Cultural Resources (Archaeology) and Tribal Cultural been incorporated to reduce impacts to less than significant. Other future projects within the environmental impacts.

		₃	
Does the project have environmental	effects that will cause substantial	adverse effects on human beings,	either directly or indirectly?
Û			

The project would construct a single-family residence and a companion unit as a result of a lot split. The project is consistent with the environmental setting and with the use as anticipated by the City. Based on the analysis presented above, implementation of the mitigation measures would reduce environmental impacts such that no substantial adverse effects on humans would occur.

INITIAL STUDY CHECKLIST

REFERENCES

I. _X _X	Aesthetics / Neighborhood Character City of San Diego General Plan Community Plans: Carmel Valley
II. _X	Agricultural Resources & Forest Resources City of San Diego General Plan U.S. Department of Agriculture, Soil Survey - San Diego Area, California, Part I and II, 1973 California Agricultural Land Evaluation and Site Assessment Model (1997) Site Specific Report:
III. 	Air Quality California Clean Air Act Guidelines (Indirect Source Control Programs) 1990 Regional Air Quality Strategies (RAQS) - APCD Site Specific Report:
X X X — — — — 2018)	City of San Diego, Multiple Species Conservation Program (MSCP), Subarea Plan, 1997 City of San Diego, MSCP, "Vegetation Communities with Sensitive Species and Vernal Pools" Maps, 1996 City of San Diego, MSCP, "Multiple Habitat Planning Area" maps, 1997 Community Plan - Resource Element California Department of Fish and Game, California Natural Diversity Database, "State and Federally-listed Endangered, Threatened, and Rare Plants of California," January 2001 California Department of Fish and Game, California Natural Diversity Database, "State and Federally-listed Endangered and Threatened Animals of California, "January 2001 City of San Diego Land Development Code Biology Guidelines Site Specific Report: <i>Biological Survey for MSCP</i> , prepared by Ryan Quilley (December 15,
V. _X _X _X _X	Cultural Resources (includes Historical Resources) City of San Diego Historical Resources Guidelines City of San Diego Archaeology Library Historical Resources Board List Community Historical Survey: Site Specific Report: Cultural Resources Survey for the Arroyo Sorrento Lot Split, prepared by Laguna Mountain Environmental, Inc. (January 2019)
VI. XX	Energy City of San Diego Climate Action Plan (CAP), (City of San Diego 2015) City of San Diego Climate Action Plan Consistency Checklist – Arroyo Sorrento TM Project
VII. <u>X</u>	Geology/Soils City of San Diego Seismic Safety Study

U.S. Department of Agriculture Soil Survey - San Diego Area, California, Part I and II, X December 1973 and Part III, 1975 Site Specific Report: Preliminary Geotechnical Investigation, prepared by Martin R. Owen, Geotechnical Engineer (March 2, 2019) VIII. **Greenhouse Gas Emissions** X City of San Diego Climate Action Plan (CAP), (City of San Diego 2015) City of San Diego Climate Action Plan Consistency Checklist – Arroyo Sorrento TM Project X IX. **Hazards and Hazardous Materials** San Diego County Hazardous Materials Environmental Assessment Listing _X__ San Diego County Hazardous Materials Management Division _X_ **FAA Determination** X State Assessment and Mitigation, Unauthorized Release Listing, Public Use Authorized, GeoTracker: https://geotracker.waterboards.ca.gov/ State Assessment and Mitigation, Unauthorized Release Listing, Public Use Authorized Χ Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan Site Specific Report: X. Hydrology/Drainage Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) Χ Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA), National Flood Insurance Program-Flood Boundary and Floodway Map Clean Water Act Section 303(b) list, http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/tmdl/303d_lists.html Site Specific Report: XI. **Land Use and Planning** City of San Diego General Plan Χ Community Plan: Carmel Valley Χ Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan City of San Diego Zoning Maps X **FAA Determination** Other Plans: XII. **Mineral Resources** _X__ City of San Diego General Plan Χ California Department of Conservation - Division of Mines and Geology, Mineral Land Division of Mines and Geology, Special Report 153 - Significant Resources Maps Site Specific Report: XIII. **Noise** _X__ City of San Diego General Plan Χ Community Plan: Carmel Valley San Diego International Airport - Lindbergh Field CNEL Maps Brown Field Airport Master Plan CNEL Maps

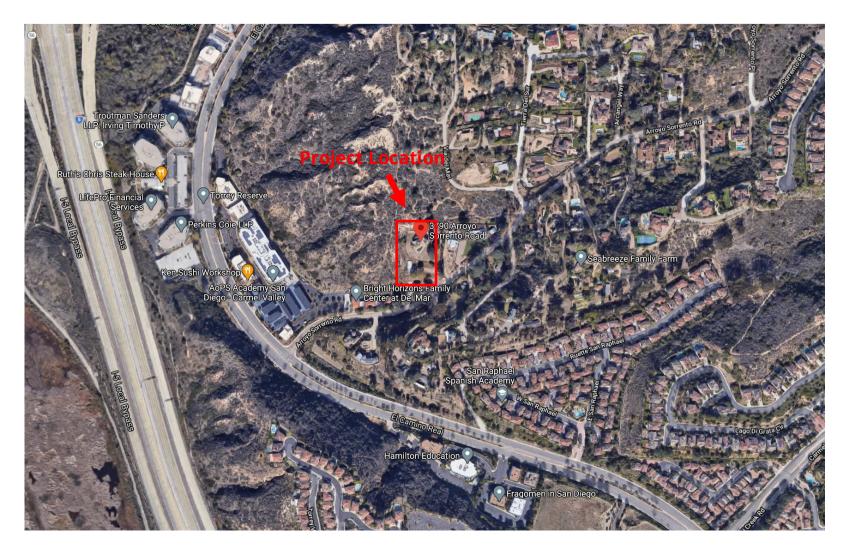
Montgomery Field CNEL Maps

<u>X</u> _X	San Diego Association of Governments - San Diego Regional Average Weekday Traffic Volumes San Diego Metropolitan Area Average Weekday Traffic Volume Maps, SANDAG Site Specific Report:
XIV. _X 	Paleontological Resources City of San Diego Paleontological Guidelines Deméré, Thomas A., and Stephen L. Walsh, "Paleontological Resources City of San Diego," Department of Paleontology San Diego Natural History Museum, 1996 Kennedy, Michael P., and Gary L. Peterson, "Geology of the San Diego Metropolitan Area, California. Del Mar, La Jolla, Point Loma, La Mesa, Poway, and SW 1/4 Escondido 7 1/2 Minute Quadrangles," <i>California Division of Mines and Geology Bulletin</i> 200, Sacramento, 1975 Kennedy, Michael P., and Siang S. Tan, "Geology of National City, Imperial Beach and Otay Mesa Quadrangles, Southern San Diego Metropolitan Area, California," Map Sheet 29, 1977 Site Specific Report:
XV. X X	Population / Housing City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan: Carmel Valley Series 11/Series 12 Population Forecasts, SANDAG Other:
XVI. <u>X</u> <u>X</u>	Public Services City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan: Carmel Valley
XVII.	Recreational Resources City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan: Carmel Valley Department of Park and Recreation City of San Diego - San Diego Regional Bicycling Map Additional Resources:
XVIII.	Transportation / Circulation City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan: Carmel Valley San Diego Metropolitan Area Average Weekday Traffic Volume Maps, SANDAG San Diego Region Weekday Traffic Volumes, SANDAG City of San Diego Draft Transportation Manual Site Specific Report:
XIX. _X _X	Utilities City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan: Carmel Valley Site Specific Report:

XX.

Water Conservation

	Sunset Magazine, New Western Garden Book, Rev. ed. Menlo Park, CA: Sunset Magazine
XXI. <u>X</u>	Water Quality Clean Water Act Section 303(b) list, http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/tmdl/303d lists.html Site Specific Report:
XXII.	Wildfire
<u>X</u>	City of San Diego General Plan
X	Community Plan: Carmel Valley
<u>X</u>	San Diego County Multi-Jurisdictional Hazard Mitigation Plan
<u>X</u>	Very High Fire Severity Zone Map, City of San Diego
<u>X</u>	City of San Diego Brush Management Regulations, Landscape Regulations (SDMC 142.0412)
	Site Specific Report:





Location Map

<u>Arroyo Sorrento TM - Project No. 610681</u> 3790 Arroyo Sorrento Road



Figure 1

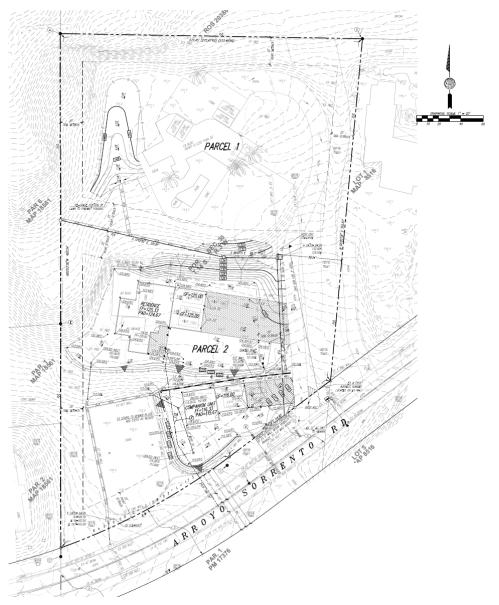




Figure 2