STRIKEOUT ORDINANCE

OLD LANGUAGE: Struck Out

NEW LANGUAGE: <u>Double Underline</u>

ORDINANCE NUMBER O	(NEW SERIES)
DATE OF FINAL PASSAGE	

AN ORDINANCE AMENDING CHAPTER 11, ARTICLE 3, DIVISION 1 OF THE SAN DIEGO MUNICIPAL CODE BY AMENDING SECTION 113.0103; AMENDING CHAPTER 12, ARTICLE 5, DIVISION 4 BY AMENDING SECTION 125.0431; AMENDING CHAPTER 13, ARTICLE 1, DIVISION 3 BY AMENDING SECTION 131.0322; AMENDING CHAPTER 14, ARTICLE 1, DIVISION 3 BY RETITLING AND AMENDING SECTION 141.0302; AMENDING CHAPTER 14, ARTICLE 3, DIVISION 8 BY AMENDING SECTION 143.0815; AND AMENDING CHAPTER 14, ARTICLE 4, DIVISION 5 BY AMENDING SECTION 144.0501, RELATING TO THE AMENDMENT TO THE ACCESSORY DWELLING UNIT AND JUNIOR ACCESSORY DWELLING UNIT REGULATIONS.

§113.0103 Definitions

Abutting property through Accessory building [No change in text.]

Accessory Dwelling Unit (ADU) means an attached or detached residential dwelling unit that is 1,200 square feet in size or less, provides complete independent living facilities for one or more persons including permanent provisions for living, sleeping, eating, cooking, and sanitation, and is located on a lot with a the same premises as the proposed or existing single dwelling unit or multiple dwelling unit.

Accessory structure through Surface Mining [No change in text.]

Sustainable Development Area means the area within a defined walking distance along a pedestrian path of travel <u>using sidewalks</u> from a major transit stop that is

existing or planned, if the planned *major transit stop* is included in a transportation improvement program or applicable regional transportation plan, as follows:

- (a) [No change in text.]
- (b) Within Mobility Zone 4, as defined in Section 143.1103, the defined walking distance is <u>0</u>.75 mile.
- (c) [No change in text.]

In addition, an adopted specific plan prepared in accordance with <u>section Section</u>
122.0107(a), shall be within the *Sustainable Development Area* if the *Sustainable Development Area* is within a portion of the adopted specific plan.

Target population through Yard [No change in text.]

§125.0431 Additional Notice for a Condominium Conversion Map

- (a) For a *tentative map* for a *condominium conversion* project, the *subdivider* shall provide the following notices in addition to the notice provided for in Chapter 11, Article 2, Division 3 (Notice):
 - (1) [No change in text.]
 - (2) Notice to each person applying for the rental of a <u>unit dwelling unit</u> or <u>Accessory Dwelling Unit</u> in the proposed project required in Chapter 11, Article 2, Division 3 (Notice) and <u>Subdivision Map Act</u> section 66452.17;
 - (3) through (5) [No change in text.]
- (b) through (c) [No change in text.]

§131.0322 Use Regulations Table for Agricultural Zones

The uses allowed in the agricultural zones are shown in Table 131.03B.

Legend for Table 131-03B

[No change in text.]

Table 131-03B Use Regulations Table for Agricultural Zones

Use Categories/Subcategories [See Section 131.0112 for an explanation and	Zone Designator	Zones				
descriptions of the Use Categories, Subcategories, and Separately Regulated Uses]	1st & 2nd	AG		AR		
	3rd >>	1-		1-		
	4th >>	1	2	1	2	
Open Space through Residential, Separately Regulated Residential Uses, Interim Ground Floor Residential [No change in text.]			[No change in text.]			
Junior Accessory Dwelling Units			- <u>L</u> [No charin text		_	
			[No change in text.]			

Footnotes for Table 131-03B

§141.0302 Accessory Dwelling Units (ADUs) and Junior Accessory Dwelling Units (JADUs)

Section 141.0302 provides for the construction of Accessory Dwelling Units (ADUs) and Junior Accessory Dwelling Units (JADUs), consistent with the requirements of state law, and is intended to encourage the construction of ADUs and JADUs through several local regulatory provisions, including eliminating parking requirements for ADUs and JADUs, and providing an affordable housing bonus of one additional ADU for every deed restricted affordable ADU

¹ through ¹³ [No change in text.]

constructed on the *premises*, as specified in the regulations below. *ADUs* are permitted in all zones allowing residential uses, and *JADUs* are permitted in all Single Dwelling Unit Zones by right as a limited use decided in accordance with Process One, indicated with an "L" in the Use Regulations Tables in Chapter 13, Article 1 (Base Zones), subject to the following regulations.

- (a) The following definitions apply to this section: Regulations for ADUs and <u>JADUs.</u>
 - (1) Single Dwelling Unit Zone means a zone that permits single

 dwelling units but does not permit multiple dwelling units Guest

 Quarters. Guest quarters and non-habitable accessory structures

 shall be permitted in addition to ADUs and JADUs, if permitted by
 the base zone.
 - (2) Multiple Dwelling Unit Zone means a zone that permits multiple

 dwelling units Development Impact Fees. Development Impact

 Fees for ADUs and JADUs shall be paid in accordance with

 Section 142.0640(b).
 - Multi-Dwelling Unit and Urban Lot Split Regulations. An ADU or

 JADU shall not be permitted to be constructed on any premises

 that has utilized the provisions of Chapter 14, Article 3, Division

 13, Multi-Dwelling Unit and Urban Lot Split Regulations for

 Single Family Zones, except as provided in Section

 143.1305(c)(1).

- (4) Previously Conforming. Construction of an ADU or JADU shall not require correction of previously conforming conditions on the premises.
- (5) Conversion. An ADU or JADU that is converted from an existing

 dwelling unit or accessory structure, or is constructed in the same

 location and within the same building envelope as an existing

 dwelling unit or accessory structure, may continue to observe the

 same setbacks as the existing dwelling unit or accessory structure

 and they shall not be subject to the setback requirements in Section

 141.0302(b)(9).
- (6) Fire Sprinklers.
 - (A) An ADU or JADU shall not be required to provide

 automatic fire sprinklers if they are not required for the

 primary dwelling unit.
 - (B) An ADU or JADU shall be required to provide an automatic

 fire sprinkler system when located on a premises where the

 primary dwelling unit is protected with an automatic fire

 sprinkler system in accordance with the California Building

 Standards Code.
 - (C) The construction of a detached ADU shall not trigger a

 requirement for automatic fire sprinklers to be installed in
 the existing primary dwelling unit or multiple dwelling unit

unless required in accordance with the California Building
Standards Code.

- (7) Within the Coastal Overlay Zone.
 - (A) An existing *structure* may only be converted or reconstructed as an *ADU* or *JADU* if the *structure* conforms to all the following regulations:
 - (i) The wetland regulations in Section 143.0141(b);
 - (ii) The sensitive coastal bluffs regulations in Section 143.0143;
 - (iii) The coastal beaches regulations in Section
 143.0144; and
 - (iv) The Supplemental Regulations of the Coastal
 Overlay Zone in Section 132.0403.
 - (B) <u>ADUs or JADUs constructed within areas of future sea</u>
 <u>level rise shall comply with the regulations in Section</u>
 132.0404.
 - (C) <u>ADUs or JADUs shall comply with all the following regulations:</u>
 - (i) The wetland regulations in Section 143.0141(b);
 - (ii) The sensitive coastal bluffs regulations in Section 143.0143;
 - (iii) The coastal beaches regulations in Section
 143.0144; and

- (iv) The Supplemental Regulations of the Coastal

 Overlay Zone in Section 132.0403.
- (8) An *ADU* shall not be used for a rental term of less than 31 consecutive days. *JADUs* are not subject to rental term limitations.
- (b) The following regulations are applicable to both ADUs and JADUs: <u>ADU</u>

 <u>Development Regulations.</u>
 - (1) Use RegulationsOn a *premises* with an existing or proposed *single*dwelling unit, the following is permitted:
 - (A) One ADU and one JADU are permitted on a premises

 located within a Single Dwelling Unit Zone with an

 existing or proposed single dwelling unit. One ADU that is

 within an existing or proposed single dwelling unit or

 within an existing accessory structure, subject to the

 following:
 - (i) Construction of the ADU may expand the gross

 floor area of an existing accessory structure up to

 150 square feet to only allow for ingress and egress;

 and
 - (ii) The ADU shall have a separate exterior entry from the single dwelling unit.
 - (B) An ADU or JADU shall not be used for a rental term of less than 31 consecutive daysOne attached or detached ADU.

- (C) Guest quarters and non-habitable accessory structures shall be permitted in addition to ADUs and JADUs.
- (D) An Accessory Dwelling Unit or Junior Accessory

 Dwelling Unit shall not be permitted to be constructed on any premises that has utilized the provisions of Chapter

 14, Article 3, Division 13, Multi-Dwelling Unit and Urban

 Lot Split Regulations for Single Family Zones, except as provided in Section 143.1305(c)(1).
- (2) Development Regulations The maximum number of ADUs on a premises with a proposed multiple dwelling unit structure shall not exceed two detached ADUs.
 - (A) A minimum *lot* size is not required for the construction of an *ADU* or *JADU*.
 - (B) ADUs and JADUs are not subject to the density limitations for the premises.
 - (C) The gross floor area of an ADU and JADU shall be included in the floor area ratio for the premises.
 - (D) An ADU or JADU that is converted from an existing

 dwelling unit or accessory structure or is constructed in the

 same location and within the same building envelope as an

 existing dwelling unit or accessory structure may continue

 to observe the same setbacks as the existing dwelling unit

 or accessory structure. An existing structure may not be

converted or reconstructed as an ADU or JADU if the structure does not conform to the wetlands regulations in Section 143.0141(b), the sensitive coastal bluffs regulations in Section 143.0143, the coastal beaches regulations in Section 143.0144, or the Supplemental Regulations of the Coastal Overlay Zone in Section 132.0403.

- (E) The following landscape regulations shall apply to the construction of an ADU or JADU:
 - (i) If the construction of an ADU or JADU brings the number of ADUs and any JADU on the premises to a total of two or more, two trees shall be provided on the premises for every 5,000 square feet of lot area, with a minimum of one tree per premises. If planting of a new tree is required to comply with this Section, the tree shall be selected in accordance with the Landscape Standards of the Land Development Manual and the City's Street Tree Selection Guide. If the premises is located in the OR Zone, the lot area used to determine the tree requirement shall be based on the allowable development area as described in Section 131.0250. If the premises contains environmentally sensitive lands, the lot area used to determine the tree

- requirement shall be based on the allowable

 development area as described in Chapter 14,

 Article 3, Division 1.
- (ii) ADUs constructed in accordance with Section

 141.0302(c)(2)(C) shall comply with the street tree

 requirements in Section 142.0409(a).
- (F) ADUs and JADUs shall not be required to provide fire sprinklers if they are not required for the primary dwelling unit. When located on a premises where the primary dwelling unit is protected with an automatic fire sprinkler system in accordance with Section R313 of the California Residential Code, an ADU or JADU shall be protected with an automatic fire sprinkler system.
- (G) Construction of an ADU or JADU shall not require the correction of previously conforming conditions on the premises.
- (H) ADUs and JADUs constructed within Areas of Future Sea

 Level Rise must comply with the regulations in

 Section 132.0404.
- (I) Within the Coastal Overlay Zone, ADUs and JADUs shall comply with the wetlands regulations in Section

 143.0141(b), the sensitive coastal bluffs regulations in Section 143.0143, the coastal beaches regulations in

- Section 143.0144, and the Supplemental Regulations of the Coastal Overlay Zone in Section 132.0403.
- (3) Parking Regulations On a premises with an existing multiple

 dwelling unit structure, the following applies:
 - (A) No on-street parking spaces or off street parking spaces are required for ADUs and JADUs except as specified in Section 141.0302(b)(3)(B). The maximum number of ADUs that may be permitted within the existing non-livable space of an existing multiple dwelling unit structure shall not exceed 25 percent of the total number of multiple dwelling units in the structure. The minimum number of ADUs that may be permitted within the non-livable space of the existing structure is one. For example, non-livable space includes, but is not limited to, storage rooms, boiler rooms, passageways, attics, basements, or garages; and
 - (B) When an ADU or JADU is proposed on a premises located both within the Beach Impact Area of the Parking Impact

 Overlay Zone and outside of a transit priority area, one

 off street parking space located consistent with Section

 141.0302(b)(3)(D) shall be required per ADU or JADU,

 unless any of the following apply: A maximum of eight

 detached ADUs may be permitted on the premises, provided

 that the number of detached ADUs shall not exceed the

number of existing multiple dwelling units in the multiple dwelling unit structure.

- (i) The ADU or JADU is 500 square feet or less;
- (ii) The premises is located within a historical district that is a designated historical resource;
- (iii) The ADU or JADU is attached to the proposed or existing primary dwelling unit or accessory

 structure;
- (iv) The *premises* is located with a residential permit parking district;
- (v) There is a car share vehicle located within one block of the *premises*.
- When a garage, carport, or covered parking structure is

 demolished in conjunction with the construction of an ADU

 or JADU, or converted to an ADU or JADU, replacement of

 those off-street parking spaces is not required unless the

 premises is located both within the Beach Impact Area of

 the Parking Impact Overlay Zone and outside of a transit

 priority area, in which case the parking shall be replaced in
 a location consistent with Section 141.0302(b)(3)(D).
- (D) If off-street parking spaces are required in accordance with Section 141.0302(b)(3)(B) or 141.0302(b)(3)(C), or if the applicant choses to provide off-street parking spaces for

- ADUs and/or JADUs located on the premises, those spaces shall comply with the following:
- (i) Off-street parking spaces may be located in any configuration, may be within the setback areas, and may include tandem spaces or mechanical lifts.
- (ii) Off-street parking spaces shall be located within

 hardscape areas and shall comply with the minimum

 standards and guidelines to provide safe and

 efficient means of vehicular access to the lot.
- (E) Notwithstanding 141.0302(b)(2)(H), if the construction of an ADU or JADU causes an existing driveway curb cut to no longer comply with the dimensions required in Table 142.05K of Section 142.0560 for an off-street parking space, the driveway shall be closed to the satisfaction of the City Engineer.
- (4) Development Impact Fees for ADUs and JADUs shall comply with Section 142.0640(b). In accordance with Government Code section 66321(b)(3), one attached or detached ADU with a gross floor area of 800 square feet or less may be permitted in accordance with Sections 141.0302(a)(1)-(a)(3), provided that the development results in no more than one attached or detached ADU on the premises. The ADU shall not be subject to maximum lot coverage,

- maximum *floor area ratio*, a front *yard setback*, and minimum open space requirements of the underlying base zone.
- (5) Lot Size. A minimum *lot* size is not required for the construction of an *ADU*.
- (6) Density. *ADUs* are not subject to the *density* limitations of the base zone for the *premises*.
- (7) Gross Floor Area.
 - (A) The gross floor area of an ADU shall not be less than 150 square feet.
 - (B) The gross floor area of an attached or detached ADU shall not exceed 1,200 square feet.
 - (C) An ADU constructed within an existing or proposed single

 dwelling unit structure shall not have a maximum gross

 floor area requirement.
 - (D) An ADU constructed within an existing accessory structure
 on a single dwelling unit lot shall not have a maximum
 gross floor area requirement and may construct an
 additional 150 square feet to only allow for ingress and
 egress.
 - (E) <u>ADUs constructed within an existing multiple dwelling unit</u>

 <u>structure shall not have a maximum gross floor area</u>

 requirement.

(F) The gross floor area of an ADU shall be included in the floor area ratio for the premises.

(8) Height.

- (A) On *lots* that permit *single dwelling unit development* but

 not *multiple dwelling unit development*, detached *ADU*structures shall not exceed two *stories*.
- (B) On lots that permit single dwelling unit development but

 not multiple dwelling unit development, ADUs attached to

 an existing accessory structure shall not exceed two stories.
- (C) <u>ADUs</u> shall comply with the overall maximum *structure* height of the underlying base zone and overlay zone.

(9) Setbacks.

- (A) The front *yard setback* of an *ADU* shall be consistent with the base zone.
- (B) The minimum street side yard setback of an ADU shall be

 4 feet or the minimum street side yard setback of the base
 zone, whichever is less.
- (C) Interior side yard and rear yard setbacks for ADU

 structures with a structure height of 16 feet or less shall be
 provided as follows:
 - (i) For ADU structures located on a premises outside
 of a High or Very High Fire Hazard Severity Zone,
 there is no minimum interior side yard and rear

- with the California Fire Code, California Code of
 Regulations (CCR), Title 14, Section 1276.01, and
 the International Fire Code (IFC), including section
 504.1.
- High or Very High Fire Hazard Severity Zone, the minimum interior side yard and rear yard setbacks shall be 4 feet to provide defensible space between all structures on the premises and contiguous areas of native or naturalized vegetation, except that the Fire Code Official may require a greater setback to ensure compliance with the California Fire Code, California Code of Regulations (CCR), Title 14, Section 1276.01, and the International Fire Code (IFC), including section 504.1.
- (D) Interior side yard and rear yard setbacks for ADU

 structures with a structure height that exceeds 16 feet shall

 be provided as follows:
 - (i) For ADU structures located on a premises outside
 of a High or Very High Fire Hazard Severity Zone,
 there is no minimum interior side yard and rear

may require a greater setback to ensure compliance with the California Fire Code. However, if the side or rear property line abuts another premises that is residentially zoned or developed with exclusively residential uses, the minimum interior side yard and rear yard setbacks shall be 4 feet or the minimum setback of the applicable base zone, whichever is less, except that the Fire Code Official may require a greater setback to ensure compliance with the California Fire Code, California Code of Regulations (CCR), Title 14, Section 1276.01, and the International Fire Code (IFC), including section 504.1.

(ii) For ADU structures located on a premises within a

High or Very High Fire Hazard Severity Zone, the

minimum interior side yard and rear yard setbacks

shall be 4 feet to provide defensible space between

all structures on the premises and any contiguous

areas of native or naturalized vegetation or as

otherwise required, except that the Fire Code

Official may require a greater setback to ensure

compliance with the California Fire Code,

<u>California Code of Regulations (CCR), Title 14,</u>

<u>Section 1276.01, and the International Fire Code</u>

(IFC), including section 504.1.

(10) Parking.

- (A) No on-street parking spaces or off-street parking spaces are required for ADUs, except as specified in Section 141.0302(b)(10)(B).
- (B) When an ADU is proposed on a premises located both
 within the Beach Impact Area of the Parking Impact

 Overlay Zone and outside of a transit priority area, one
 off-street parking space located consistent with Section

 141.0302(b)(10)(D) shall be required per ADU, unless any
 of the following apply:
 - (i) The *ADU* is 500 square feet or less;
 - (ii) The *premises* is located within a *historical district*that is a *designated historical resource*;
 - (iii) The ADU is attached to the proposed or existing primary dwelling unit or accessory structure;
 - (iv) The *premises* is located within a residential permit parking district; or
 - (v) There is a car share vehicle located within one block of the *premises*.

- When a garage, carport, covered parking structure, or uncovered parking space is demolished in conjunction with the construction of an ADU, or converted to an ADU, replacement of those off-street parking spaces is not required unless the premises is located within the Beach Impact Area of the Parking Impact Overlay Zone and outside of the transit priority area, in which case parking shall be replaced in a location consistent with Section 141.0302(b)(10)(D).
- (D) If off-street parking spaces are required in accordance with

 Section 141.0302(b)(10)(B) or 141.0302(b)(10)(C), or if

 the applicant chooses to provide off-street parking spaces

 for ADUs located on the premises, the following applies:
 - (i) Off-street parking spaces may be located within the

 setback areas, and may include tandem spaces or

 mechanical lifts; and
 - (ii) Off-street parking spaces shall be located within

 hardscape areas and shall comply with the

 minimum standards and guidelines to provide safe

 and efficient means of vehicular access to the lot.

 Off-street parking spaces may not encroach into the

 public right-of-way.

- (E) Notwithstanding Section 141.0302(a)(4), if the construction of an *ADU* causes an existing driveway curb cut to no longer comply with the minimum *off-street parking spaces* dimensions required in Table 142-05K of Section

 142.0560, the driveway shall be closed to the satisfaction of the City Engineer.
- (11) The record owner is not required to live on the same premises of an ADU.
- (c) In addition to the requirements in Section 141.0302(a), the following additional regulations are applicable to ADUs: Development Regulations for JADUs.
 - (1) Use Regulations On a premises with an existing or proposed single dwelling unit, one JADU is permitted, subject to the following:
 - (A) The record owner is not required to live on the same

 premises as the ADU. The JADU shall be within an existing

 or proposed single dwelling unit or attached garage;
 - (B) The ADU may not be sold or conveyed separately from the primary dwelling unit unless all of the following apply: Construction of the JADU may expand the floor area of the existing single dwelling unit up to 150 square feet to only allow for ingress and egress;
 - (i) The ADU was built or developed by a qualified nonprofit corporation. For the purposes of

Section 141.0302(b)(1)(B)(i), a qualified nonprofit corporation means a nonprofit corporation organized pursuant to Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code that has received a welfare exemption under Section 214.15 of the California Revenue and Taxation Code for properties intended to be sold to low-income families who participate in a special no-interest loan program.

- (ii) There is an enforceable restriction on the use of the premises on which the ADU is located pursuant to a recorded contract between the qualified buyer and the qualified nonprofit corporation. For the purposes of Section 141.0302(b)(1)(B)(ii), a qualified buyer means very low income, low income, median income, or moderate income households, as specified in Table 141-03A.
- (iii) The lot where the ADU is located is held pursuant to a recorded tenancy in common agreement that includes an allocation to each qualified buyer of an undivided, unequal interest in the lot based on the size of the ADU each qualified buyer occupies; a repurchase option that requires the qualified buyer to first offer the qualified nonprofit corporation to

buy the property if the buyer desires to sell or convey the property; a requirement that the qualified buyer occupy the property as the qualified buyer's principal residence; and affordability restrictions on the sale and conveyance of the property that ensure the property will be preserved for very low income, low income, median income or moderate income households for 45 years for owner-occupied housing and will be sold or resold to a qualified buyer.

- (iv) A grant deed naming the grantor, grantee, and
 describing the property interests being transferred
 shall be recorded with the County. A Preliminary
 Change of Ownership Report shall be filed
 concurrently with this grant deed pursuant to
 Section 480.3 of the Revenue and Taxation Code.
- (v) If requested by a utility providing service to the primary residence, the ADU has a separate water, sewer, or electrical connection to that utility.
- (C) The JADU shall have a separate exterior entry from the existing or proposed single dwelling unit;
- (D) The JADU may not be sold or conveyed separately from the primary dwelling unit;

- (E) The record owner of the primary dwelling unit shall reside in the single dwelling unit or JADU; and
- (F) Before a Building Permit may be issued for a JADU, the

 record owner shall enter into an agreement with the City in

 a form that is approved by the City Attorney that includes

 the following provisions:
 - (i) The JADU may not be sold or conveyed separately from the primary dwelling unit;
 - (ii) The agreement may be enforced against future purchasers;
 - (iii) The record owner shall reside on the premises;
 - (iv) The agreement shall be recorded in the Office of the

 County Recorder of San Diego County; and
 - (v) The agreement shall run with the land for the life of the *JADU*.
- (G) Government agencies, land trusts, and qualified housing organizations are exempt from Section 141.0302(c)(1)(E) and Section 141.0302(c)(1)(F).
- (2) Development Regulations for ADUs Lot Size. JADUs are not subject to a minimum lot size.
 - (A) ADUs shall be permitted in all zones allowing residential uses, consistent with the Use Table of the applicable base zone.

- (B) One ADU shall be permitted in a Single Dwelling Unit

 Zone on a premises with an existing or proposed single

 dwelling unit.
- (C) On a premises located in a Single Dwelling Unit Zone with an existing multiple dwelling unit, or a premises located in a Multiple Dwelling Unit Zone with an existing or proposed dwelling unit, ADUs shall be permitted as follows:
 - (i) Two ADUs that are attached to and/or detached from an existing or proposed structure are permitted; and
 - (ii) The number of ADUs permitted within the habitable area of an existing dwelling unit structure is limited to 25 percent of the total number of existing dwelling units in the structure, but in no case shall it be less than one ADU; and
 - within the portions of existing dwelling unit

 structures and accessory structures that are not used
 as livable space, including storage rooms, boiler
 rooms, passageways, attics, basements, or garages,
 if each ADU complies with state building standards
 for dwelling units.

- (D) A maximum of one ADU with a gross floor area of 800 square feet or less shall be permitted on a premises with an existing or proposed dwelling unit regardless of maximum lot coverage, maximum floor area ratio, front yard setback, and minimum open space requirements. The development shall comply with the floor area ratio of the underlying base zone unless the development incorporates an existing structure that exceeds the allowable floor area ratio or is under the allowable floor area ratio by less than 800 square feet, in which case an ADU that does not exceed 800 square feet shall be permitted.
- (E) An ADU may be attached to, located within, or detached from an existing or proposed primary dwelling unit, including garages and habitable or non-habitable accessory structures.
- (F) The minimum gross floor area of an ADU shall not be less than 150 square feet. The maximum gross floor area of an ADU shall not exceed 1,200 square feet. An ADU constructed within an existing dwelling unit or accessory structure does not have a maximum gross floor area and may construct an additional 150 square feet for ingress and egress only.

- (G) ADU structures shall comply with the front yard and street side yard setbacks of the base zone. Interior side yard and rear yard setbacks for new ADU structures shall be provided as follows:
 - (i) One story ADU structures with a structure height

 16 feet or less may observe a zero-foot setback at
 the interior side yard and rear yard.
 - (ii) One-story ADUs with a structure height that
 exceeds 16 feet and multi-story ADU structures
 may observe zero-foot interior side yard and rear
 yard setbacks, unless the side or rear property line
 abuts another premises that is residentially zoned or
 developed with exclusively residential uses, in
 which case a 4-foot setback or the minimum setback
 of the applicable base zone, whichever is less, shall
 apply.
- (H) ADU Bonus for Affordable ADUs. One additional ADU shall be permitted for every ADU on the premises that is set aside as affordable to very low income and low income households for a period of not less than 10 years, or as affordable to moderate income households for a period of not less than 15 years, guaranteed through a written agreement and a deed of trust securing the agreement,

- entered into by the *applicant* and the President and Chief

 Executive Officer of the San Diego Housing Commission.
- (i) There is no limit on the number of bonus ADUs within a Sustainable Development Area.
- (ii) One bonus ADU is permitted outside a Sustainable

 Development Area.
- (iii) For ADUs to be counted as affordable and meet the requirements of this Section, the qualifying criteria in Table 141-03A shall be met.

Table 141-03A

Qualifying Criteria for Affordable ADU Bonus

	Rental ADUs	For-Sale ADUs ¹
	shall be affordable, including an allowance for utilities, at a rent that does not exceed:	shall be affordable at an affordable housing cost that does not exceed:
Very Low Income households	30 percent of 50 percent of the area median income, as adjusted for family size appropriate for the unit.	30 percent of 50 percent of the area median income, as adjusted for family size appropriate for the unit.
Low Income households	30 percent of 60 percent of the area median income, as adjusted for family size appropriate for the unit.	30 percent of 70 percent of the area median income, as adjusted for family size appropriate for the unit.
Moderate Income households	30 percent of 110 percent of the area median income, as adjusted for family size appropriate for the unit.	35 percent of 110 percent of the area median income, as adjusted for family size appropriate for the unit.

Footnotes for Table 141-03A

(1) For sale ADUs are subject to the requirements of Section 141.0302(c)(1)(B).

- (I) ADU Bonus for Accessible ADUs. For development

 utilizing the ADU Bonus for Affordable ADUs in

 accordance with Section 141.0302(e)(2)(H), a maximum of

 one additional accessible ADU shall be permitted if the

 development includes:
 - (i) At least two ADUs shall be affordable to very low income, low income, or moderate income

 households; and
 - (ii) The accessible ADU shall comply with the following:
 - (a) Accessibility requirements in Chapter 11A of
 the California Building Code, including at
 least one accessible bathroom, one accessible
 kitchen, and one accessible bedroom; and
 - (b) The accessible ADU shall be located on an accessible route, as defined by the California Building Code.
- (3) <u>Density. JADUs</u> are not subject to the <u>density</u> limitations for the <u>premises.</u>
- (4) Gross Floor Area.
 - (A) The gross floor area of a JADU shall not be included in the floor area ratio for the premises.

- (B) A JADU shall not be less than 150 square feet and shall not exceed 500 square feet within an existing or proposed single dwelling unit.
- (5) Exterior Entry. A JADU shall have a separate exterior entry from the primary dwelling unit.
- (6) Kitchen. A JADU shall include the following:
 - (A) A cooking facility with appliances;
 - (B) A food preparation counter of a reasonable size in relation to the size of the *JADU*; and
 - (C) Storage cabinets that are of a reasonable size in relation to the size of the *JADU*.
- (7) Parking.
 - (A) No on-street parking spaces or off-street parking spaces are required for a JADU.
 - (B) When an attached garage is converted to a JADU,

 replacement of those off-street parking spaces is not

 required unless the premises is located within the Beach

 Impact Area of the Parking Impact Overlay Zone and

 outside of a transit priority area, in which case parking

 shall be replaced in a location consistent with Section

 141.0302(c)(7)(C).
 - (C) If off-street parking spaces are required in accordance with Section 141.0302(c)(7)(B) or if the applicant chooses to

- provide off-street parking spaces for JADUs located on the premises, the following applies:
- (i) Off-street parking spaces may be located within the

 setback areas, and may include tandem spaces or

 mechanical lifts; and
- (ii) Off-street parking spaces shall be located within

 hardscape areas and shall comply with the

 minimum standards and guidelines to provide safe

 and efficient means of vehicular access to the lot.

 Off-street parking spaces may not encroach into the

 public right-of-way.
- (D) Notwithstanding Section 141.0302(a)(4), if the construction of a JADU causes an existing driveway curb cut to no longer comply with the minimum off-street parking space dimensions required in Table 142-05K of Section

 142.0560, the driveway shall be closed to the satisfaction of the City Engineer.
- (d) In addition to the requirements in Section 141.0302(b), JADUs are subject to the following additional regulations ADU Home Density Bonus. In addition to the ADUs and JADUs permitted under Sections 141.0302(b) and 141.0302(c), additional bonus ADUs and affordable ADUs shall be permitted subject to all of the following:
 - (1) Use Regulations Location Requirements.

- (A) One JADU is permitted on a premises located within a
 Single Dwelling Unit Zone with an existing or proposed
 primary single dwelling unit The premises is not located
 within any of the following base zones: RS-1-1, RS-1-2,
 RS-1-3, RS-1-4, RS-1-8, RS-1-9, RS-1-10, or RS-1-11.
- (B) The JADU may not be sold or conveyed separately from the primary dwelling unit On a premises within the Sustainable

 Development Area, one additional bonus ADU shall be permitted for every additional affordable ADU.
- (C) Before a Building Permit may be issued for a JADU, the record owner shall enter into an agreement with the City in a form that is approved by the City Attorney. The agreement shall include the following provisions: the JADU may not be sold or conveyed separately from the primary dwelling unit; the agreement may be enforced against future purchasers; and the record owner shall reside on the premises. The City shall submit the agreement to the County Recorder for recordation. The agreement shall run with the land for the life of the JADU on a premises outside of the Sustainable Development Area, a maximum of one bonus ADU and one affordable ADU shall be permitted.
- (D) When a *premises* is located in more than one base zone, only the portion of the *premises* that meets the

- requirements of Section 141.0302(d)(1)(A) shall be eligible for more than one bonus *ADU*.
- (2) Development Regulations Lot Requirements.
 - (A) One JADU is permitted on a premises located within a

 Single Dwelling Unit Zone with an existing or proposed

 primary single dwelling unit. Within High and Very High

 Fire Hazard Severity Zones, the applicant shall

 demonstrate that the lot fronts an improved public street

 with at least two evacuation routes to the satisfaction of the

 Fire Code Official; and
 - (B) A JADU of not less than 150 square feet and not more than 500 square feet is permitted within an existing or proposed single dwelling unit, or an attached garage Within High and Very High Fire Hazard Severity Zones, the lot shall not front a cul-de-sac or be located on a premises that only has one point of ingress or egress.
 - (C) A JADU shall have a separate exterior entry from the primary dwelling unit.
 - (D) The JADU shall include the following:
 - (i) A cooking facility with appliances;
 - (ii) A food preparation counter of a reasonable size in relation to the size of the *JADU*; and

- (iii) Storage cabinets that are of a reasonable size in relation to the size of the *JADU*.
- (3) Floor Area Ratio.
 - (A) Within a base zone that permits single dwelling unit

 developments, but not multiple dwelling unit developments,

 the maximum floor area ratio shall be determine as

 follows:
 - (i) Where the *lot* contains *environmentally sensitive lands*, the maximum permitted *floor area ratio* shall

 be determined using only the area of the *lot* that

 does not contain *environmentally sensitive lands*;
 - (ii) In no case shall the maximum permitted *floor area*ratio be determined using more than 8,000 square

 feet for the *lot* area; and
 - (iii) For the RS-1-5, RS-1-6, RS-1-7 base zones,

 the applicable floor area ratio shall be

 determined in accordance with Table 131-04J using

 the adjusted lot area as described in Sections

 141.0302(d)(3)(A)(i) and 141.0302(d)(3)(A)(ii).
 - (B) Within a base zone that permits multiple dwelling unit

 development where the lot contains environmentally

 sensitive lands, the maximum permitted floor area ratio

- shall be determined by using the area of the *lot* that does not contain *environmentally sensitive lands*.
- (4) Total Maximum number of permitted ADUs and JADUs on single

 dwelling unit lots. The total maximum number of ADUs and

 JADUs that may be permitted on a lot within a base zone that

 permits single dwelling unit development but not multiple dwelling

 unit development, shall be based on the lot area in accordance with

 Table 141-03A.

<u>Table 141-03A</u>

<u>Maximum Number of Permitted ADUs and JADUs on Single</u>

<u>Dwelling Unit Lots</u>

<u>Lot Area</u> (square feet)	Maximum Number of ADUs and JADUs ¹
<u>Less than 6,000</u>	<u>4</u>
<u>6,000 – 6,999</u>	<u>5</u>
7,000 to 7,999	<u>6</u>
8,000 or greater	7_

The maximum number of *ADUs* and *JADUs* is inclusive of the total number of *ADUs* and *JADUs* that are permitted in accordance with Section 141.0302.

- (5) Fire Sprinklers. All affordable ADUs and bonus ADUs in the

 development shall include an automatic fire sprinkler system in

 accordance with the California Building Standards Code.
- (6) Minimum Required Off-Street Parking Spaces. One off-street

 parking space shall be required for each affordable ADU and

 bonus ADU located outside of a transit priority area.
- (7) Landscape Requirements. Two trees shall be provided on the premises for every 5,000 square feet of lot area, with a minimum of one tree per premises. If planting of a new tree is required to comply with this Section, the tree shall be selected in accordance with the Landscape Standards of the Land Development Manual and the City's Street Tree Selection Guide. If the premises is located in the OR Zone, the lot area used to determine the tree requirement shall be based on the allowable development area as described in Section 131.0250. If the premises contains environmentally sensitive lands, the lot area used to determine the tree requirement shall be based on the allowable development area as described in Chapter 14, Article 3, Division 1.
- (8) ADU Home Density Bonus Agreement. The affordable ADUs shall

 be guaranteed through a written agreement and a deed of trust

 securing the agreement, entered into by the applicant and President

 and Chief Executive Officer of the San Diego Housing

 Commission, or their designee, prior to the issuance of a Building

Permit for the first affordable ADU or bonus ADU, whichever occurs first, that meets the following requirements:

- (A) A rental affordable *ADU* home density bonus agreement shall utilize the following qualifying criteria:
 - (i) Very Low Income ADU Home Density Bonus. One additional bonus ADU shall be permitted for every affordable ADU on the premises that is set aside as affordable to very low income households for a period of not less than 10 years at a rent that does not exceed 30 percent of 50 percent of the area median income as adjusted for household size;
 - <u>additional bonus ADU shall be permitted for every</u>

 <u>affordable ADU on the premises that is set aside as</u>

 <u>affordable to low income</u> households for a period of

 <u>not less than 10 years at a rent that does not exceed</u>

 <u>30 percent of 60 percent of the area median income</u>

 <u>as adjusted for household size;</u>
 - (iii) Moderate Income ADU Home Density Bonus. One
 additional bonus ADU shall be permitted for every
 affordable ADU on the premises that is set aside as
 affordable to moderate income households for a
 period of not less than 15 years at a rent that does

- not exceed 30 percent of 110 percent of the area

 median income as adjusted for household size; and
- (iv) The very low income, low income, and moderate

 income affordable ADUs shall be comparable in

 bedroom mix and amenities to the bonus ADUs in

 the development.
- (B) Violations. If the terms of the rental affordable *ADU* home density bonus agreement are violated by the *applicant*, the *applicant* shall be liable for a minimum penalty of \$10,000 per *ADU* per month, in addition to any fines outlined in the rental affordable *ADU* home density bonus agreement with the San Diego Housing Commission.
- (9) ADU Home Density Bonus Program Community Enhancement

 Fee. The applicant shall pay an ADU Home Density Bonus

 Program Community Enhancement Fee as established by San

 Diego Resolution, calculated based on the gross floor area of the

 affordable ADUs and bonus ADUs, except that the gross floor area

 of any affordable ADUs that meet all the following shall not be

 included in the calculation:
 - (A) The affordable ADU is deed restricted to very low income or low income households in accordance with Section

 141.0302(d)(8)(A)(i) or 141.0302(d)(8)(A)(ii); and

- (B) The *premises* is located in an area identified as a Moderate,

 High or Very High Resource California Tax Credit

 Allocation Committee (CTCAC) Opportunity Area when

 the *development application* is *deemed complete*.
- (e) <u>ADU</u> Bonus for Accessible <u>ADUs</u>. For <u>development</u> utilizing the <u>ADU</u>

 Home Density Bonus Program in accordance with Section 141.0302(d), a

 maximum of one additional accessible <u>ADU</u> shall be permitted if the

 <u>development</u> includes:
 - (1) At least two *ADUs* that are affordable to *very low income*, *low income*, or *moderate income* households; and
 - (2) The accessible *ADU* meets the following:
 - (A) Accessibility requirements in Chapter 11A of the California

 Building Code, including at least one accessible bathroom,

 one accessible *kitchen*, and one accessible *bedroom*;
 - (B) The accessible ADU shall be located on an accessible route, as defined by the California Building Code; and
 - (C) The accessible ADU shall be comparable in bedroom mix and amenities to the bonus ADUs in the development.
- (f) Sale or Conveyance of ADUs. New or existing ADUs may be converted into condominiums and shall be sold or otherwise conveyed separately from the primary residence in accordance with this Section or pursuant to Section 141.0302(g) and subject to all the following:

- All structures and buildings included as part of a condominium

 development shall conform to the requirements applicable to the

 base zone or planned district in which the development is located.

 Designation of individual condominium units shall not be deemed

 to reduce or eliminate any of the base zone or planned district

 requirements applicable to the buildings or structures. Unless

 otherwise allowed for ADUs pursuant to Section 141.0302(b);
 - (A) The condominium *subdivision* shall be created pursuant to the Davis-Stirling Common Interest Development Act Part

 5 (commencing with section 4000) of Division 4 of the California Civil Code);
 - (B) The condominium subdivision shall be created in conformance with the Subdivision Map Act (Division 2 (commencing with California Government Code section 66410));
 - (C) Neither a *subdivision map* nor a condominium plan shall be recorded without each lienholder's written consent. The following shall apply to the consent of a lienholder:
 - (i) A lienholder may refuse to give written consent; or
 - (ii) A lienholder may consent provided that any terms

 and conditions required by the lienholder are

 satisfied;

- modifications to the condominium plan, written evidence of the lienholder's consent shall be provided to the Office of the County Recorder of San Diego County along with a signed statement from each lienholder that states the following: "(Name of lienholder) hereby consents to the recording of this condominium plan in their sole and absolute discretion and the borrower has or will satisfy any additional terms and conditions the lienholder may have.";
- (E) The lienholder's written consent shall be included on the condominium plan, or attached to the condominium plan that includes the following information:
 - (i) The lienholder's signature;
 - (ii) The name of the *record owner* or ground lessee;
 - (iii) The legal description of the real property;
 - (iv) The identities of all parties with an interest in the real property as reflected in the real property records; and
 - (v) The lienholder's written consent shall be recordedin the Office of the County Recorder of San DiegoCounty.
- (2) The condominium *development* shall be subject to the Subdivision requirements in Chapter 12, Article 5.

- The condominium development shall be subject to the
 Condominium Conversion Regulations in Chapter 14, Article 4,
 Division 5 if any of the ADUs in the development were occupied.
- (4) If an *ADU* is established as a condominium, the *applicant* shall notify providers of utilities, including water, sewer, gas, and electricity, of the condominium creation and separate conveyance.
- (5) The condominium *development* shall be located on a single parcel or *lot* that was previously mapped and monumented in a manner satisfactory to the City Engineer in accordance with Subdivision Map Act Section 66428(b).
- 6) For a minimum period of 30 days from the date an ADU that is established as a condominium is first listed for sale, the record owner shall offer the ADU through at least two publicly accessible real estate websites or databases with a disclosure stating that the ADU is being offered for at least 30 days to buyers intending to use the ADU as their primary residence.
- from the San Diego Housing Commission shall not be converted
 into condominiums and shall not be sold or otherwise conveyed
 separately from the primary residence during the term specified in
 the deed restriction agreement for the duration of the deed
 restriction or affordability covenant term.

- (8) Rental ADUs that are rent restricted by law or covenant to

 persons and families of very low income, low income, or

 moderate income shall not be converted into condominiums and
 shall not be sold or otherwise conveyed separately from the

 primary residence for the duration of the deed restriction or
 affordability covenant term.
- (g) Sale or Conveyance of an ADU by a nonprofit corporation.
 - (1) An *ADU* may be sold or conveyed separately from the primary *dwelling unit* by a qualified nonprofit corporation.
 - (2) For the purpose of Section 141.0302(g), a qualified nonprofit corporation means a nonprofit corporation organized pursuant to Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code that has received a welfare exemption under the California Revenue and Taxation
 Code section 214.15 for properties intended to be sold to
 low-income families who participate in a special no-interest loan
 program.
 - (3) For an *ADU* to be sold or conveyed separately from the primary *dwelling unit* by a qualified nonprofit corporation, the following shall apply:
 - (A) There is an enforceable restriction on the use of the

 premises on which the ADU is located pursuant to a

 recorded agreement between the qualified buyer and the

 qualified nonprofit corporation. For the purposes of Section

- 141.0302(g)(3)(A), a qualified buyer means *very low*income, low income, median income, or moderate income
 households, as specified below:
- (i) Very low income ADUs shall be affordable to very low income households at an affordable housing cost that does not exceed 30 percent of 50 percent of the area median income, as adjusted for household size, appropriate for the ADU;
- (ii) Low income ADUs shall be affordable to low income households at an affordable housing cost that does not exceed 30 percent of 70 percent of the area median income, as adjusted for household size, appropriate for the ADU;
- (iii) Moderate income ADUs shall be affordable to

 moderate income households at a housing cost that

 does not exceed 35 of 110 percent of the area

 median income, as adjusted for household size,

 appropriate for the ADU.
- (B) The *lot* where the *ADU* is located is held pursuant to a recorded tenancy in common agreement that includes:
 - (i) An allocation to each qualified buyer of an undivided, unequal interest in the *lot* based on the size of the *ADU* each qualified buyer occupies;

- (ii) A repurchase option that requires the qualified

 buyer to first offer the qualified nonprofit

 corporation to buy the property if the buyer desires

 to sell or convey the property;
- (iii) A requirement that the qualified buyer occupy the

 property as the qualified buyer's principal
 residence; and
- (iv) Affordability restrictions on the sale and
 conveyance of the property that ensure the property
 will be preserved for very low income, low income,
 median income, or moderate income households for
 45 years for owner-occupied housing and will be
 sold or resold to a qualified buyer.
- (C) A grant deed naming the grantor, grantee, and describing
 the property interests being transferred shall be recorded in
 the Office of the Recorder in San Diego County.
- (D) A Preliminary Change of Ownership Report shall be filed concurrently with the grant deed pursuant to the California Revenue and Taxation Code section 480.3.
- (E) If requested by a utility providing service to the primary residence, the *ADU* has a separate water, sewer, or electrical connection to that utility.
- §143.0815 When Coastal Overlay Zone Affordable Housing Replacement Regulations Apply

(O-2025-136)

(a) [No change in text.]

(b) The following *development* types shall be reviewed for compliance with

the regulations in this Division:

(1) Conversion from rental units or <u>Accessory Dwelling Units</u> to

condominium units (cooperative or similar form of ownership);

(2) through (3) [No change in text.]

(c) [No change in text.]

§144.0501 Purpose of Condominium Conversion Regulations

The purpose of the Condominium Conversion Regulations is to allow the

conversion of apartments and Accessory Dwelling Units to condominiums while

protecting the interests of tenants by requiring that tenants receive adequate notice

of proposed *condominium conversions*, are advised of their rights with respect to

the conversion of their apartment or Accessory Dwelling Unit to a condominium,

and are afforded reasonable relocation assistance. It is also the intent of these

regulations to protect the interests of the community and prospective purchasers

by requiring the applicant to provide certain information regarding the condition

of the *structure* and to require reasonable improvements for the health, safety, and

general welfare of the public.

CLN:cm:jn2:amt

March 12, 2025

Or.Dept: City Planning

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