



Transitioning to Healthy and Sustainable Buildings

Cost-Effective Energy Efficiency Requirements

About the Cost-Effective Energy Efficiency Requirements

The City's [General Plan](#) calls for improved building energy efficiency and the City's [Climate Action Plan](#) includes Measure 1.2 to decarbonize new building development. The [2025 Green Building Code \(CALGreen\)](#) contains various new requirements for building construction.

In addition to these minimum mandatory building code requirements, the City has adopted supplemental cost-effective energy efficiency requirements in the [2025 Building Code Update](#).

Process for implementing cost-effective energy efficiency requirements



Timeline



2025 Building Code: Statewide 2025 Green Building Code (CALGreen)

| Measures | Applicability | Description |
|--------------------------------|--|--|
| Water Heating |  Multi-family Residential  Hotels  New Construction | Central systems are prescriptively required to be heat pumps. Gas systems must be electric-ready. |
| Space Heating |  Non-Residential  New Construction | For Single Zone up to 240,000 Btu/hr or less, heat pump are prescribed. Multi-zone systems require a heat pump* or equally efficient gas system *Exceptions: Buildings greater than 150kp sq ft. and Schools in Climate Zone 7 |
| Space and Water Heating |  Single-family Residential  New Construction | Both space and water heating: Heat pumps |
| EV-capable¹ |  Non-Residential  New Construction | 20% of parking spaces must be EV-capable; 50% of EV-capable spaces must have Electric Vehicle Supply Equipment (EVSE), except Office and Retail uses which must have 75% of EV-capable spaces with EVSE. |
| EV-ready² |  Multi-family Residential  New Construction | One parking space EV-ready (Low Power Level 2) for each dwelling unit. EVSE at 25% of spaces. |
| EV-ready² |  Hotels and Motels  New Construction | 40% of parking spaces must be EV-ready for Low Power Level 2; 25% of EV-ready spaces must have EVSE. |
| Pool/Spa Heaters |  All Buildings  New Construction | Solar thermal, heat pump pool heater (HPPH), or on-site renewable/recovered energy systems for heating pools and spas (excluding portable electric spas) with specific efficiency, sizing, and control standards. |

¹**EV-capable space:** includes the electrical capacity and conduit, but no wiring or outlet, allowing for future installation of an EV charger

²**EV-ready space:** includes the panel capacity, wiring, and conduit, but also terminates with a 240-volt outlet or junction box, requiring only the charger to become operational

2025 Building Code: Supplemental Cost-Effective Energy Efficiency Requirements

| GBC Measure | Applicability | Description |
|--|--|--|
| Cool roofs Payback 4 - 10 yrs |  Non-Residential  Alterations / Additions | Enhanced cool roof requirements when roof alterations exceed 50% of roof area or 2,000+ sq ft. |
| High-rise Hot Water Performance Payback • All-electric - At installation • Mixed fuel Systems - 30 yrs |  High-rise Residential  New Construction | New high-rise residential buildings with central hot water systems to achieve 5% enhanced energy performance beyond Title 24 requirements. |