

MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION

THE CITY OF SAN DIEGO

Project No. 381810 SCH No. N/A

SUBJECT: Cole Duplex Apartments SDP: SITE DEVELOPMENT PERMIT to allow for the demolition of a detached garage and construction of two, 2-bedroom dwelling units in a 1,836-square-foot duplex on a 5,000-square foot site. An existing 888-square-foot, 1-bedroom residence would remain. The project proposes three on-site parking spaces, two of which would be tandem. The project site is within the multi family zone of the Old Town San Diego Planned District (OTSDPD) and the Old Town San Diego Community Plan area. The project site is also within the Airport Approach Overlay Zone, FAA Part 77 Notification Area, and Airport Influence Area.

The purpose of the OTSDPD is to replicate, retain and enhance the distinctive character of the Old Town San Diego historic area that existed prior to 1871. The proposed building will be consistent with the Old Town San Diego Community Plan goals and the OTSDPD purpose and intent. The landscaping plan would consist of street trees (e.g. Tipu Tree), accent trees (e.g. strawberry tree), shrubs (e.g. Pride of Madeira), and groundcover (e.g. Garden Thyme). Legal Description (POR LOT 1 IN BLOCK 464 PER MISCELLANEOUS MAP NO. 40 FILED IN THE OFFICE OF THE COUNTY RECORDER OF SAN DIEGO COUNTY, DEC. 12, 1921) Applicant: Roger A. Reynolds

- I. PROJECT DESCRIPTION: See attached Initial Study.
- II. ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING: See attached Initial Study.
- III. DETERMINATION:

The City of San Diego conducted an Initial Study which determined that the proposed project could have a significant environmental effect in the following areas(s): **Cultural Resources (Archaeology)** Subsequent revisions in the project proposal create the specific mitigation identified in Section V of this Mitigated Negative Declaration. The project as revised now avoids or mitigates the potentially significant environmental effects previously identified, and the preparation of an Environmental Impact Report will not be required.

IV. DOCUMENTATION: The attached Initial Study documents the reasons to support the above Determination.

V. MITIGATION, MONITORING AND REPORTING PROGRAM:

A. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS – PART I Plan Check Phase (prior to permit issuance)

1. Prior to the issuance of a Notice To Proceed (NTP) for a subdivision, or any construction permits, such as Demolition, Grading or Building, or beginning any construction related activity on-site, the Development Services Department (DSD) Director's Environmental Designee (ED) shall review and approve all Construction Documents (CD), (plans, specification, details, etc.) to ensure the MMRP requirements are incorporated into the design.

2. In addition, the ED shall verify that <u>the MMRP Conditions/Notes that apply ONLY to the</u> <u>construction phases of this project are included VERBATIM</u>, under the heading, **"ENVIRONMENTAL/MITIGATION REQUIREMENTS**."

3. These notes must be shown within the first three (3) sheets of the construction documents in the format specified for engineering construction document templates as shown on the City website:

http://www.sandiego.gov/development-services/industry/standtemp.shtml

4. The **TITLE INDEX SHEET** must also show on which pages the "Environmental/Mitigation Requirements" notes are provided.

5. **SURETY AND COST RECOVERY –** The Development Services Director or City Manager may require appropriate surety instruments or bonds from private Permit Holders to ensure the long term performance or implementation of required mitigation measures or programs. The City is authorized to recover its cost to offset the salary, overhead, and expenses for City personnel and programs to monitor qualifying projects.

B. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS – PART II Post Plan Check (After permit issuance/Prior to start of construction)

1. PRE CONSTRUCTION MEETING IS REQUIRED TEN (10) WORKING DAYS PRIOR TO BEGINNING ANY WORK ON THIS PROJECT. The PERMIT HOLDER/OWNER is responsible to arrange and perform this meeting by contacting the CITY RESIDENT ENGINEER (RE) of the Field Engineering Division and City staff from MITIGATION MONITORING COORDINATION (MMC). Attendees must also include the Permit holder's Representative(s), Job Site Superintendent and the following consultants:

Archaeological Monitor

Note:

Failure of all responsible Permit Holder's representatives and consultants to attend shall require an additional meeting with all parties present.

CONTACT INFORMATION:

a) The PRIMARY POINT OF CONTACT is the **RE** at the **Field Engineering Division – 858-627-3200**

b) For Clarification of ENVIRONMENTAL REQUIREMENTS, it is also required to call **RE and MMC at 858-627-3360**

2. MMRP COMPLIANCE: This Project, Project Tracking System (PTS) #381810 and /or Environmental Document # 381810, shall conform to the mitigation requirements contained in the associated Environmental Document and implemented to the satisfaction of the DSD's Environmental Designee (MMC) and the City Engineer (RE). The requirements may not be reduced or changed but may be annotated (i.e. to explain when and how compliance is being met and location of verifying proof, etc.). Additional clarifying information may also be added to other relevant plan sheets and/or specifications as appropriate (i.e., specific locations, times of monitoring, methodology, etc

Note: Permit Holder's Representatives must alert RE and MMC if there are any discrepancies in the plans or notes, or any changes due to field conditions. All conflicts must be approved by RE and MMC BEFORE the work is performed.

3. OTHER AGENCY REQUIREMENTS: Evidence of compliance with all other agency requirements or permits shall be submitted to the RE and MMC for review and acceptance prior to the beginning of work or within one week of the Permit Holder obtaining documentation of those permits or requirements. Evidence shall include copies of permits, letters of resolution or other documentation issued by the responsible agency. **Not Applicable**

4. MONITORING EXHIBITS

All consultants are required to submit, to RE and MMC, a monitoring exhibit on a 11x17 reduction of the appropriate construction plan, such as site plan, grading, landscape, etc., marked to clearly show the specific areas including the **LIMIT OF WORK**, scope of that discipline's work, and notes indicating when in the construction schedule that work will be performed. When necessary for clarification, a detailed methodology of how the work will be performed shall be included.

NOTE:

Surety and Cost Recovery – When deemed necessary by the Development Services Director or City Manager, additional surety instruments or bonds from the private Permit Holder may be required to ensure the long term performance or implementation of required mitigation measures or programs. The City is authorized to recover its cost to offset the salary, overhead, and expenses for City personnel and programs to monitor qualifying projects.

5. OTHER SUBMITTALS AND INSPECTIONS:

The Permit Holder/Owner's representative shall submit all required documentation, verification letters, and requests for all associated inspections to the RE and MMC for approval per the following schedule:

DOCUMENT SUBMITTAL/INSPECTION CHECKLIST						
Issue Area	Document Submittal Associated					
		Inspection/Approvals/Notes				
General	Consultant Qualification Letters	Prior to Preconstruction				
		Meeting				
General	Consultant Construction	Prior to or at Preconstruction				

	Monitoring Exhibits	Meeting
Archaeological Resources	Monitoring Report(s)	Monitoring Report Approval
Bond Release	Request for Bond Release	Final MMRP Inspections Prior to
	Letter	Bond Release Letter

C. SPECIFIC MMRP ISSUE AREA CONDITIONS/REQUIREMENTS

CULTURAL RESOURCES (ARCHAEOLOGY)

I. Prior to Permit Issuance

- A. Entitlements Plan Check
 - Prior to issuance of any construction permits, including but not limited to, the first Grading Permit, Demolition Plans/Permits and Building Plans/Permits or a Notice to Proceed for Subdivisions, but prior to the first preconstruction meeting, whichever is applicable, the Assistant Deputy Director (ADD) Environmental designee shall verify that the requirements for Archaeological Monitoring and Native American monitoring have been noted on the applicable construction documents through the plan check process.
- B. Letters of Qualification have been submitted to ADD
 - 1. The applicant shall submit a letter of verification to Mitigation Monitoring Coordination (MMC) identifying the Principal Investigator (PI) for the project and the names of all persons involved in the archaeological monitoring program, as defined in the City of San Diego Historical Resources Guidelines (HRG). If applicable, individuals involved in the archaeological monitoring program must have completed the 40-hour HAZWOPER training with certification documentation.
 - 2. MMC will provide a letter to the applicant confirming the qualifications of the PI and all persons involved in the archaeological monitoring of the project meet the qualifications established in the HRG.
 - 3. Prior to the start of work, the applicant must obtain written approval from MMC for any personnel changes associated with the monitoring program.

II. Prior to Start of Construction

- A. Verification of Records Search
 - 1. The PI shall provide verification to MMC that a site specific records search (1/4 mile radius) has been completed. Verification includes, but is not limited to a copy of a confirmation letter from South Coastal Information Center, or, if the search was inhouse, a letter of verification from the PI stating that the search was completed.

- 2. The letter shall introduce any pertinent information concerning expectations and probabilities of discovery during trenching and/or grading activities.
- 3. The PI may submit a detailed letter to MMC requesting a reduction to the ¼ mile radius.
- B. PI Shall Attend Precon Meetings
 - Prior to beginning any work that requires monitoring; the Applicant shall arrange a Precon Meeting that shall include the PI, Native American consultant/monitor (where Native American resources may be impacted), Construction Manager (CM) and/or Grading Contractor, Resident Engineer (RE), Building Inspector (BI), if appropriate, and MMC. The qualified Archaeologist and Native American Monitor shall attend any grading/excavation related Precon Meetings to make comments and/or suggestions concerning the Archaeological Monitoring program with the Construction Manager and/or Grading Contractor.
 - a. If the PI is unable to attend the Precon Meeting, the Applicant shall schedule a focused Precon Meeting with MMC, the PI, RE, CM or BI, if appropriate, prior to the start of any work that requires monitoring.
 - 2. Identify Areas to be Monitored
 - a. Prior to the start of any work that requires monitoring, the PI shall submit an Archaeological Monitoring Exhibit (AME) (with verification that the AME has been reviewed and approved by the Native American consultant/monitor when Native American resources may be impacted) based on the appropriate construction documents (reduced to 11x17) to MMC identifying the areas to be monitored including the delineation of grading/excavation limits.
 - b. The AME shall be based on the results of a site specific records search as well as information regarding existing known soil conditions (native or formation).
 - 3. When Monitoring Will Occur
 - a. Prior to the start of any work, the PI shall also submit a construction schedule to MMC through the RE indicating when and where monitoring will occur.
 - b. The PI may submit a detailed letter to MMC prior to the start of work or during construction requesting a modification to the monitoring program. This request shall be based on relevant information such as review of final construction documents which indicate site conditions such as depth of excavation and/or site graded to bedrock, etc., which may reduce or increase the potential for resources to be present.

III. During Construction

- A. Monitor(s) Shall be Present During Grading/Excavation/Trenching
 - 1. The Archaeological Monitor shall be present full-time during all soil disturbing and grading/excavation/trenching activities which could result in impacts to archaeological resources as identified on the AME. The Construction Manager is responsible for notifying the RE, PI, and MMC of changes to any construction activities such as in the case of a potential safety concern within the area being monitored. In certain circumstances OSHA safety requirements may necessitate modification of the AME.
 - 2. The Native American consultant/monitor shall determine the extent of their presence during soil disturbing and grading/excavation/trenching activities based on the AME and provide that information to the PI and MMC. If prehistoric resources are encountered during the Native American consultant/monitor's absence, work shall stop and the Discovery Notification Process detailed in Section III.B-C and IV.A-D shall commence.
 - 3. The PI may submit a detailed letter to MMC during construction requesting a modification to the monitoring program when a field condition such as modern disturbance post-dating the previous grading/trenching activities, presence of fossil formations, or when native soils are encountered that may reduce or increase the potential for resources to be present.
 - 4. The archaeological and Native American consultant/monitor shall document field activity via the Consultant Site Visit Record (CSVR). The CSVR's shall be faxed by the CM to the RE the first day of monitoring, the last day of monitoring, monthly (Notification of Monitoring Completion), and in the case of ANY discoveries. The RE shall forward copies to MMC.
- B. Discovery Notification Process
 - In the event of a discovery, the Archaeological Monitor shall direct the contractor to temporarily divert all soil disturbing activities, including but not limited to digging, trenching, excavating or grading activities in the area of discovery and in the area reasonably suspected to overlay adjacent resources and immediately notify the RE or Bl, as appropriate.
 - 2. The Monitor shall immediately notify the PI (unless Monitor is the PI) of the discovery.
 - 3. The PI shall immediately notify MMC by phone of the discovery, and shall also submit written documentation to MMC within 24 hours by fax or email with photos of the resource in context, if possible.

- 4. No soil shall be exported off-site until a determination can be made regarding the significance of the resource specifically if Native American resources are encountered.
- C. Determination of Significance
 - 1. The PI and Native American consultant/monitor, where Native American resources are discovered shall evaluate the significance of the resource. If Human Remains are involved, follow protocol in Section IV below.
 - a. The PI shall immediately notify MMC by phone to discuss significance determination and shall also submit a letter to MMC indicating whether additional mitigation is required.
 - b. If the resource is significant, the PI shall submit an Archaeological Data Recovery Program (ADRP) which has been reviewed by the Native American consultant/monitor, and obtain written approval from MMC. Impacts to significant resources must be mitigated before ground disturbing activities in the area of discovery will be allowed to resume. Note: If a unique archaeological site is also an historical resource as defined in CEQA, then the limits on the amount(s) that a project applicant may be required to pay to cover mitigation costs as indicated in CEQA Section 21083.2 shall not apply.
 - c. If the resource is not significant, the PI shall submit a letter to MMC indicating that artifacts will be collected, curated, and documented in the Final Monitoring Report. The letter shall also indicate that that no further work is required.

IV. Discovery of Human Remains

If human remains are discovered, work shall halt in that area and no soil shall be exported off-site until a determination can be made regarding the provenance of the human remains; and the following procedures as set forth in CEQA Section 15064.5(e), the California Public Resources Code (Sec. 5097.98) and State Health and Safety Code (Sec. 7050.5) shall be undertaken:

A. Notification

- 1. Archaeological Monitor shall notify the RE or BI as appropriate, MMC, and the PI, if the Monitor is not qualified as a PI. MMC will notify the appropriate Senior Planner in the Environmental Analysis Section (EAS) of the Development Services Department to assist with the discovery notification process.
- 2. The PI shall notify the Medical Examiner after consultation with the RE, either in person or via telephone.
- B. Isolate discovery site

- 1. Work shall be directed away from the location of the discovery and any nearby area reasonably suspected to overlay adjacent human remains until a determination can be made by the Medical Examiner in consultation with the PI concerning the provenance of the remains.
- 2. The Medical Examiner, in consultation with the PI, will determine the need for a field examination to determine the provenance.
- 3. If a field examination is not warranted, the Medical Examiner will determine with input from the PI, if the remains are or are most likely to be of Native American origin.
- C. If Human Remains **ARE** determined to be Native American
 - 1. The Medical Examiner will notify the Native American Heritage Commission (NAHC) within 24 hours. By law, **ONLY** the Medical Examiner can make this call.
 - 2. NAHC will immediately identify the person or persons determined to be the Most Likely Descendent (MLD) and provide contact information.
 - 3. The MLD will contact the PI within 24 hours or sooner after the Medical Examiner has completed coordination, to begin the consultation process in accordance with CEQA Section 15064.5(e), the California Public Resources and Health & Safety Codes.
 - 4. The MLD will have 48 hours to make recommendations to the property owner or representative, for the treatment or disposition with proper dignity, of the human remains and associated grave goods.
 - 5. Disposition of Native American Human Remains will be determined between the MLD and the PI, and, if:
 - a. The NAHC is unable to identify the MLD, OR the MLD failed to make a recommendation within 48 hours after being notified by the Commission; OR;
 - b. The landowner or authorized representative rejects the recommendation of the MLD and mediation in accordance with PRC 5097.94 (k) by the NAHC fails to provide measures acceptable to the landowner, THEN,
 - c. In order to protect these sites, the Landowner shall do one or more of the following:
 - (1) Record the site with the NAHC;
 - (2) Record an open space or conservation easement on the site;
 - (3) Record a document with the County.

- d. Upon the discovery of multiple Native American human remains during a ground disturbing land development activity, the landowner may agree that additional conferral with descendants is necessary to consider culturally appropriate treatment of multiple Native American human remains. Culturally appropriate treatment of such a discovery may be ascertained from review of the site utilizing cultural and archaeological standards. Where the parties are unable to agree on the appropriate treatment measures the human remains and items associated and buried with Native American human remains shall be reinterred with appropriate dignity, pursuant to Section 5.c., above.
- D. If Human Remains are **NOT** Native American
 - 1. The PI shall contact the Medical Examiner and notify them of the historic era context of the burial.
 - 2. The Medical Examiner will determine the appropriate course of action with the PI and City staff (PRC 5097.98).
 - 3. If the remains are of historic origin, they shall be appropriately removed and conveyed to the San Diego Museum of Man for analysis. The decision for internment of the human remains shall be made in consultation with MMC, EAS, the applicant/landowner, any known descendant group, and the San Diego Museum of Man.

V. Night and/or Weekend Work

A. If night and/or weekend work is included in the contract

- 1. When night and/or weekend work is included in the contract package, the extent and timing shall be presented and discussed at the precon meeting.
- 2. The following procedures shall be followed.
 - a. No Discoveries

In the event that no discoveries were encountered during night and/or weekend work, the PI shall record the information on the CSVR and submit to MMC via fax by 8AM of the next business day.

b. Discoveries

All discoveries shall be processed and documented using the existing procedures detailed in Sections III - During Construction, and IV – Discovery of Human Remains. Discovery of human remains shall always be treated as a significant discovery.

c. Potentially Significant Discoveries

If the PI determines that a potentially significant discovery has been made, the procedures detailed under Section III - During Construction and IV-Discovery of Human Remains shall be followed.

- d. The PI shall immediately contact MMC, or by 8AM of the next business day to report and discuss the findings as indicated in Section III-B, unless other specific arrangements have been made.
- B. If night and/or weekend work becomes necessary during the course of construction
 - 1. The Construction Manager shall notify the RE, or BI, as appropriate, a minimum of 24 hours before the work is to begin.
 - 2. The RE, or BI, as appropriate, shall notify MMC immediately.
- C. All other procedures described above shall apply, as appropriate.

VI. Post Construction

- A. Preparation and Submittal of Draft Monitoring Report
 - 1. The PI shall submit two copies of the Draft Monitoring Report (even if negative), prepared in accordance with the Historical Resources Guidelines (Appendix C/D) which describes the results, analysis, and conclusions of all phases of the Archaeological Monitoring Program (with appropriate graphics) to MMC for review and approval within 90 days following the completion of monitoring. It should be noted that if the PI is unable to submit the Draft Monitoring Report within the allotted 90-day timeframe resulting from delays with analysis, special study results or other complex issues, a schedule shall be submitted to MMC establishing agreed due dates and the provision for submittal of monthly status reports until this measure can be met.
 - a. For significant archaeological resources encountered during monitoring, the Archaeological Data Recovery Program shall be included in the Draft Monitoring Report.
 - b. Recording Sites with State of California Department of Parks and Recreation The PI shall be responsible for recording (on the appropriate State of California Department of Park and Recreation forms-DPR 523 A/B) any significant or potentially significant resources encountered during the Archaeological Monitoring Program in accordance with the City's Historical Resources Guidelines, and submittal of such forms to the South Coastal Information Center with the Final Monitoring Report.
 - 2. MMC shall return the Draft Monitoring Report to the PI for revision or, for preparation of the Final Report.
 - 3. The PI shall submit revised Draft Monitoring Report to MMC for approval.

- 4. MMC shall provide written verification to the PI of the approved report.
- 5. MMC shall notify the RE or BI, as appropriate, of receipt of all Draft Monitoring Report submittals and approvals.
- B. Handling of Artifacts
 - 1. The PI shall be responsible for ensuring that all cultural remains collected are cleaned and catalogued
 - 2. The PI shall be responsible for ensuring that all artifacts are analyzed to identify function and chronology as they relate to the history of the area; that faunal material is identified as to species; and that specialty studies are completed, as appropriate.
 - 3. The cost for curation is the responsibility of the property owner.
- C. Curation of artifacts: Accession Agreement and Acceptance Verification
 - 1. The PI shall be responsible for ensuring that all artifacts associated with the survey, testing and/or data recovery for this project are permanently curated with an appropriate institution. This shall be completed in consultation with MMC and the Native American representative, as applicable.
 - 2. The PI shall include the Acceptance Verification from the curation institution in the Final Monitoring Report submitted to the RE or BI and MMC.
 - 3. When applicable to the situation, the PI shall include written verification from the Native American consultant/monitor indicating that Native American resources were treated in accordance with state law and/or applicable agreements. If the resources were reinterred, verification shall be provided to show what protective measures were taken to ensure no further disturbance occurs in accordance with Section IV – Discovery of Human Remains, Subsection 5.
- D. Final Monitoring Report(s)
 - 1. The PI shall submit one copy of the approved Final Monitoring Report to the RE or BI as appropriate, and one copy to MMC (even if negative), within 90 days after notification from MMC that the draft report has been approved.
 - 2. The RE shall, in no case, issue the Notice of Completion and/or release of the Performance Bond for grading until receiving a copy of the approved Final Monitoring Report from MMC which includes the Acceptance Verification from the curation institution.

The above mitigation monitoring and reporting program will require additional fees and/or deposits to be collected prior to the issuance of building permits, certificates of occupancy and/or final maps to ensure the successful completion of the monitoring program.

VI. PUBLIC REVIEW DISTRIBUTION:

Draft copies or notice of this Mitigated Negative Declaration were distributed to:

CITY OF SAN DIEGO Councilmember Todd Gloria, District 3 (MS 10A) City Attorney (MS 59) Development Services Department Sandra Teasley, Project Manager (MS 501) Jeff Szymanski, Environmental Planner (MS 501) Courtney Holowach, Environmental Planner (MS 501) Billy Church (MS 501) Khanh Huynh, Engineering (MS 501) Kamran Khaligh, Transportation (MS 501) Patrick Thomas, Geology (MS 501) Glenn Spindell, Landscaping (MS 501) Brenda Sylvester, Fire-Plan (MS 401) Jay Purdy, PUD-Water & Sewer (MS 401)

Planning Department

Craig Hooker, Parks and Recreation Victoria White, Airport Planning Oscar Galvez III, Facilities Financing Kelley Stanco, Plan Historic Jay Purdy, PUD Water and Sewer

Central Library (81A) Mission Hills Branch Library (81Q)

OTHER GROUPS, ORGANIZATIONS, AND INTERESTED INIVIDUALS

Historical Resources Board Carmen Lucas South Coastal Information Center San Diego Archaeological Center (212) Save Our Heritage Organisation (214) Ron Christman (215) Clint Linton (215B) Frank Brown – Inter-Tribal Cultural Resources Council (216) Campo Band of Mission Indians (217) San Diego County Archaeological Society, Inc. (218) Kumeyaay Cultural Heritage Preservation (223) Kumeyaay Cultural Repatriation Committee (225) Native American Distribution (225 A-S) (Public Notice & Location Map Only) Native American Heritage Commission (222) Historical Resources Board (87) South Coastal Information Center (210) San Diego History Center (211) San Diego Archaeological Center (212) Save Our Heritage Organisation (214) San Diego County Archaeological Society, Inc. (218) Old Town Community Planning Committee (368) Old Town San Diego Chamber of Commerce (369) Presidio Park Council (370)

VII. RESULTS OF PUBLIC REVIEW:

- () No comments were received during the public input period.
- () Comments were received but did not address the accuracy or completeness of the draft environmental document. No response is necessary and the letters are incorporated herein.
- (x) Comments addressing the accuracy or completeness of the draft environmental document were received during the public input period. The letters and responses are incorporated herein.

Copies of the draft Mitigated Negative Declaration, the Mitigation, Monitoring and Reporting Program and any Initial Study material are available in the office of the Entitlements Division for review, or for purchase at the cost of reproduction.

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Senior Planner Development Services Department

<u>Sept. 22, 2016</u> Date of Draft Report

Oct. 21,2016 Date of Final Report

Analyst: J. Szymanski

Attachments: Initial Study Checklist Figure 1 – Location Map Figure 2 – Site Plan

cc: SDCAS President File	Sincerely, Some Stanford Strangerson Strangerson Lannes W. Royle, Jr., Chaingerson Strangerson Environmental Review Committee	SDCAS appreciates the opportunity to participate in the public review of this DMND.	\mathcal{I} \mathcal{I} Based on the information contained in the initial study and DMND for this project, we concur with the application of the monitoring program as defined in the DMND.	I have reviewed the subject DMND on behalf of this committee of the San Diego County Archaeological Society.	Dear Mr. Szymanski:	Subject: Draft Mitigated Negative Declaration Cole Duplex SDP Project No. 381810	 To: Mr. Jeff Szymanski Development Services Department City of San Diego 1222 First Avenue, Mail Station 501 San Diego, California 92101 	مرمواد مربع 10 October 2016	San Diego County Archaeological Society, Inc.
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Response to Comments

DIEGO ARCHAEOLOGICAL SOCIETY, INC. (October 10, 2016)

Comment noted.

P.O. Box 81106 San Diego, CA 92138-1106 (858) 538-0935

INITIAL STUDY CHECKLIST

- 1. Project title/Project number: Cole Duplex Apartments SDP/381810
- 2. Lead agency name and address: City of San Diego, 1222 First Avenue, MS-501, San Diego, California 92101
- 3. Contact person and phone number: Jeff Szymanski / (619) 446-5324
- 4. Project location: The project is located at 2544 Juan Street, San Diego, CA 92110 within the Old Town San Diego Community Plan and Old Town San Diego Planned District (OTSDPD).
- 5. Project Applicant's name and address: Roger A. Reynolds, 1365 Caminito Gabaldon, Unit E, San Diego, CA 92108
- 6. General/Community Plan designation: Multi-family residential / Multi-family residential
- 7. Zoning: OTSDPD-Multi-Family
- 8. Description of project (Describe the whole action involved, including but not limited to, later phases of the project, and any secondary, support, or off-site features necessary for its implementation.):

The project proposes the demolition of a detached garage and construction of two, 2-bedroom dwelling units in a 1,836-square-foot duplex on a 5,000-square-foot site. An existing 888-square-foot, 1 bedroom residence would remain. The project proposes three on-site parking spaces, two of which would be tandem. The project site is within the multi-family zone of the OTSDPD and the Old Town San Diego Community Plan area. The project site is also within the Airport Approach Overlay Zone, FAA Part 77 Notification Area, and Airport Influence Area. (Legal Description: Por Lot 1 in Block 464 per miscellaneous map no. 40 filed in the office of the county recorder of San Diego County, Dec. 12, 1921.)

The purpose of the OTSDPD is to replicate, retain and enhance the distinctive character of the Old Town San Diego historic area that existed prior to 1871. The proposed building will be consistent with the Old Town San Diego Community Plan goals and the OTSDPD purpose and intent. The landscaping plan would consist of street trees (e.g. Tipu Tree), accent trees (e.g. strawberry tree), shrubs (e.g. Pride of Madeira), and groundcover (e.g. Garden Thyme).

9. Other public agencies whose approval is required (e.g., permits, financing approval, or participation agreement.):

None required

ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:

The environmental factors checked below would be potentially affected by this project, involving at least one impact that is a "Potentially Significant Impact" as indicated by the checklist on the following pages.

	Aesthetics	Greenhouse Gas Emissions		Population/Housing
	Agriculture and Forestry Resources	Hazards & Hazardous Materials		Public Services
	Air Quality	Hydrology/Water Quality		Recreation
	Biological Resources	Land Use/Planning		Transportation/Traffic
\square	Cultural Resources	Mineral Resources		Utilities/Service System
	Geology/Soils	Noise	\square	Mandatory Findings Significance

DETERMINATION: (To be completed by Lead Agency)

On the basis of this initial evaluation:

- The proposed project COULD NOT have a significant effect on the environment, and a NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared.
- Although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, there will not be a significant effect in this case because revisions in the project have been made by or agreed to by the project proponent. A MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared.
- The proposed project MAY have a significant effect on the environment, and an ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required.
- The proposed project MAY have a "potentially significant impact" or "potentially significant unless mitigated" impact on the environment, but at least one effect (a) has been adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and (b) has been addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis as described on attached sheets. An ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required.
- Although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, because all potentially significant effects (a) have been analyzed adequately in an earlier EIR or (MITIGATED) NEGATIVE DECLARATION pursuant to applicable standards, and (b) have been avoided or mitigated pursuant to that earlier EIR or (MITIGATED) NEGATIVE DECLARATION,

including revisions or mitigation measures that are imposed upon the proposed project, nothing further is required.

EVALUATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS:

- 1) A brief explanation is required for all answers except "No Impact" answers that are adequately supported by the information sources a lead agency cites in the parentheses following each question. A "No Impact" answer is adequately supported if the referenced information sources show that the impact simply does not apply to projects like the one involved (e.g., the project falls outside a fault rupture zone). A "No Impact answer should be explained where it is based on project specific factors as well as general standards (e.g., the project will not expose sensitive receptors to pollutants, based on a project-specific screening analysis.)
- 2) All answers must take account of the whole action involved, including off-site as well as on-site, cumulative as well as project-level, indirect as well as direct, and construction as well as operational impacts.
- 3) Once the lead agency has determined that a particular physical impact may occur, then the checklist answers must indicate whether the impact is potentially significant, less than significant with mitigation, or less than significant. "Potentially Significant Impact" is appropriate if there is substantial evidence that an effect may be significant. If there are one or more "Potentially Significant Impact" entries when the determination is made, an EIR is required.
- 4) "Negative Declaration: Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated" applies where the incorporation of mitigation measures has reduced an effect from "Potentially Significant Impact" to a "Less Than Significant Impact." The lead agency must describe the mitigation measures, and briefly explain how they reduce the effect to a less than significant level (mitigation measures from "Earlier Analyses", as described in (5) below, may be cross-referenced).
- 5) Earlier analyses may be used where, pursuant to the tiering, program EIR, or other CEQA process, an effect has been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or (mitigated) negative declaration. *Section* 15063(c)(3)(D). In this case, a brief discussion should identify the following:
 - a. Earlier Analysis Used. Identify and state where they are available for review.
 - b. Impacts Adequately Addressed. Identify which effects from the above checklist were within the scope of and adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and state whether such effects were addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis.
 - c. Mitigation Measures. For effects that are "Less Than Significant With Mitigation Measures Incorporated", describe the mitigation measures that were incorporated or refined from the earlier document and the extent to which they address site-specific conditions for the project.
- 6) Lead agencies are encouraged to incorporate into the checklist references to information sources for potential impacts (e.g., general plans, zoning ordinances). Reference to a previously prepared or outside document should, where appropriate, include a reference to the page or pages where the statement is substantiated.

- 7) Supporting Information Sources: A source list should be attached, and other sources used or individuals contacted should be cited in the discussion.
- 8) This is only a suggested form, and lead agencies are free to use different formats; however, lead agencies should normally address the questions from this checklist that are relevant to a project's environmental effects in whatever format is selected.
- 9) The explanation of each issue should identify:
 - a. The significance criteria or threshold, if any, used to evaluate each question; and
 - b. The mitigation measure identified, if any, to reduce the impact to less than significant.

	Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
I)	AESTHETICS – Would the project:				
	 a) Have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista? 			\boxtimes	

The project site is an existing developed site within an urbanized residential area. Construction of the proposed project would affect the visual environment during excavation, grading, and on-site storage of equipment and materials. Although views may be altered, construction would be short term and temporary. Temporary visual impacts would include views of large construction equipment, storage areas, and any potential signage. All construction equipment would vacate the project site upon completion of the proposed project, thus making any visual obstructions temporary.

The Old Town San Diego Community Plan has not designated a view corridor through the project site or adjacent properties. Development of the proposed project would introduce additional structures that would be permanent. However, because the proposed project site is surrounded by existing residential development, and because the property is not designated as, nor is it in proximity of, a scenic vista, the proposed project would have a less than significant impact and no mitigation is required.

b) Substantially damage scenic		
resources, including but not		
limited to, trees, rock outcroppings, and historic buildings within a state scenic highway?		

There are no designated scenic resources such as trees, rock outcroppings or historic buildings within the project's boundaries. No impact would result due to implementation of the proposed project.

c)	Substantially degrade the existing visual character or quality of the site and its		\boxtimes	
	surroundings?			

As previously mentioned the project is subject to the OTSDPD. All projects within the OTSDPD must comply with the Old San Diego Architectural and Site Development Standards and Criteria. The Standards and Criteria require that new development comply with a pre-1871 character and design aesthetic – specifically either the Spanish, Mexican, or Early American period.

Issue			Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact

The proposed building is designed to be consistent with the Pre-1871 character illustrated in the Standards and Criteria. The project required review by both the Old Town Design Review Board (OTDRB) and by the Old Town Community Planning Group (OTCPG). The OTDRB approved the project in June 2015 and the OTCPG in November 2015.

d)	Create a new source of		
	substantial light or glare that would adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area?		\boxtimes

The project would not be constructed with predominately light reflective material and all lighting would be required to be shaded and adjusted to fall on the project's site as required in the City's municipal code. In addition the project would not be located adjacent to a light-sensitive property and therefore the new residence would not create a substantial light or glare impact. No impact.

- II. AGRICULTURAL AND FOREST RESOURCES: In determining whether impacts to agricultural resources are significant environmental effects, lead agencies may refer to the California Agricultural Land Evaluation and Site Assessment Model (1997) prepared by the California Department of Conservation as an optional model to use in assessing impacts on agriculture and farmland. In determining whether impacts to forest resources, including timberland, are significant environmental effects, lead agencies may refer to information compiled by the California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection regarding the state's inventory of forest land, including the Forest and Range Assessment Project and the Forest Legacy Assessment project; and forest carbon measurement methodology provided in Forest Protocols adopted by the California Air Resources Board. Would the project:
 - a) Converts Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance (Farmland), as shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency, to non-agricultural use?

The project site is classified as Urban and Built-Up land by the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program (FMMP). Similarly, the land surrounding the project site is not in agricultural production and is not classified as farmland by the FMMP. Therefore, the proposed project would not convert farmland to non-agricultural uses. No impact.

b)	Conflict with existing zoning for		\square
	agricultural use, or a Williamson		\square

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact

Act Contract?

The proposed project is not under a Williamson Act Contract nor is any surrounding land under a Williamson Act Contract. No impacts would result due to implementation of the proposed project.

c)	Conflict with existing zoning for, or cause rezoning of, forest land (as defined in Public Resources			
	Code section 1220(g)),			
	timberland (as defined by Public	 	_	_
	Resources Code section 4526),			\bowtie
	or timberland zoned Timberland			
	Production (as defined by			
	Government Code section			
	51104(g))?			

No land within the Old Town community is designated as forest land or timberland. Therefore, the project would not conflict with existing zoning for forest land. No impact.

d)	Result in the loss of forest land		
	or conversion of forest land to		\boxtimes
	non-forest use?		

The project is located in a largely developed and urbanized area and is not designated as forest land. Therefore, the project would not convert forest land to non-forest use. No impact.

 e) Involve other changes in the existing environment, which, due to their location or nature, could result in conversion of Farmland to non-agricultural use or conversion of forest land to non-forest use?

	\boxtimes

No existing agricultural uses are located in the proximity of the project area that could be affected. Therefore, the project would not convert farmland to non-agricultural uses. Nor would the project convert forestland into non-forest use. No impacts would occur.

- III. AIR QUALITY Where available, the significance criteria established by the applicable air quality management or air pollution control district may be relied on to make the following determinations – Would the project:
 - a) Conflict with or obstruct Implementation of the

		Less Than		
Issue	Potentially	Significant	Less Than	No
lssue	Significant Impact	with Mitigation	Significant Impact	Impact
		Incorporated	-	

applicable air quality plan?

The San Diego Air Pollution Control District (SDAPCD) and San Diego Association of Governments (SANDAG) are responsible for developing and implementing the clean air plan for attainment and maintenance of the ambient air quality standards in the San Diego Air Basin (SDAB). The County Regional Air Quality Strategy (RAQS) was initially adopted in 1991, and is updated on a triennial basis (most recently in 2009). The RAQS outlines the SDAPCD's plans and control measures designed to attain the state air quality standards for ozone (03). The RAQS relies on information from the California Air Resources Board (CARB) and SANDAG, including mobile and area source emissions, as well as information regarding projected growth in San Diego County and the cities in the county, to project future emissions and then determine the strategies necessary for the reduction of emissions through regulatory controls. CARB mobile source emission projections and SANDAG growth projections are based on population, vehicle trends, and land use plans developed by San Diego County and the cities in the county as part of the development of their general plans.

As such, projects that propose development that is consistent with the growth anticipated by local plans would be consistent with the RAQS. However, if a project proposes development that is greater than that anticipated in the local plan and SANDAG's growth projections, the project might be in conflict with the RAQS and may contribute to a potentially significant cumulative impact on air quality.

The project would construct a duplex residence within a developed neighborhood of similar residential uses. The project is consistent with the General Plan, community plan, and the underlying zoning for residential development. Therefore, the project would be Consistent at a sub-regional level with the underlying growth forecasts in the RAQS, and would not obstruct implementation of the RAQS. As such, no impacts would result.

 b) Violate any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation?

Short-term Emissions (Construction)

Project construction activities would potentially generate combustion emissions from on-site heavy duty construction vehicles and motor vehicles transporting the construction crew and necessary construction materials. Exhaust emissions generated by construction activities would generally result from the use of typical construction equipment that may include excavation equipment, forklift, skip loader, and/or dump truck. Variables that factor into the total construction emissions potentially generated include the level of activity, length of construction period, number of pieces and types of equipment in use, site characteristics, weather conditions, number of construction personnel, and the amount of materials to be transported on or off-site. It is anticipated that construction equipment would be used on-site for four to eight hours a day; however, construction would be short-term and impacts to neighboring uses would be minimal and temporary. Fugitive dust emissions are generally associated with land clearing and grading operations. Due to

 \square

		Less Than		
	Potentially	Significant	Less Than	No
Issue	Significant	with	Significant	Impact
	Impact	Mitigation	Impact	impact
		Incorporated		

the nature and location of the project, construction activities are expected to create minimal fugitive dust, as a result of the disturbance associated with grading. The project would demolish an existing detached and construct a duplex residence. Construction operations would include standard measures as required by the City of San Diego grading permit to reduce potential air quality impacts to less than significant. Therefore, impacts associated with fugitive dust are considered less than significant, and would not violate an air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation. Impacts related to short term emissions would be less than significant.

Long-term Emissions (Operational)

Long-term air emission impacts are those associated with stationary sources and mobile sources related to any change caused by a project. The project would produce minimal stationary source emissions. Once construction of the project is complete, long-term air emissions would potentially result from such sources as fireplaces, heating, ventilation, and cooling (HVAC) systems, and other motorized equipment typically associated with residential uses. The project is compatible with the surrounding development and is permitted by the community plan and zone designation. Based on the residential land use, project emissions over the long-term are not anticipated to violate any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation. Impacts would be less than significant.

Overall, the project is not expected to generate substantial emissions that would violate any air quality standard or contribute to an existing or projected air quality violation; therefore, impacts would be less than significant.

c) Result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is non-attainment under an applicable federal or state ambient air quality standard (including releasing emissions which exceed quantitative thresholds for ozone precursors)?

As described above in response III (b), construction operations may temporarily increase the emissions of dust and other pollutants. However, construction emissions would be temporary and short-term in duration. Implementation of Best Management Practices (BMP's) would reduce potential impacts related to construction activities to a less than significant level. Therefore, the project would not result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is non-attainment under applicable federal or state ambient air quality standards. Impacts would be less than significant.

d) Create objectionable odors

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
affecting a substantial number				

affecting a substantial number of people?

Short-term (Construction)

Odors would be generated from vehicles and/or equipment exhaust emissions during construction of the project. Odors produced during construction would be attributable to concentrations of unburned hydrocarbons from tailpipes of construction equipment and architectural coatings. Such odors are temporary and generally occur at magnitudes that would not affect a substantial number of people. Therefore, impacts would be less than significant.

Long-term (Operational)

Typical long-term operational characteristics of the project are not associated with the creation of such odors nor anticipated to generate odors affecting a substantial number of people. The project would construct a single-family residence with attached garage. Residential dwelling units, in the long-term operation, are not typically associated with the creation of such odors nor are they anticipated to generate odors affecting a substantial number or people. Therefore, project operations would result in less than significant impacts

IV. BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES - Would the project:

and regulations or by the

a)	Have substantial adverse		
	effects, either directly or		
	through habitat modifications,		
	on any species identified as a		
	candidate, sensitive, or special		\square
	status species in local or		\square
	regional plans, policies, or		
	regulations, or by the California		
	Department of Fish and Game		
	or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?		

The project site is in an existing developed site within an urbanized residential area. Review of aerial and street level photography demonstrates that onsite landscaping is non-native and the project site does not contain any sensitive biological resources on site. Additionally, the project site does not contain nor is it adjacent to City's Multi-Habitat Planning Area (MHPA) designated lands. No impacts would occur.

b)	Have a substantial adverse		
	effect on any riparian habitat or		
	other community identified in local or regional plans, policies,		\boxtimes

Issue		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
California Depa and Game or L Wildlife Service	J.S. Fish and				
Please see IV a. riparia	n habitat does not e	exist on site and	l impacts would n	ot occur.	
404 of the Clea (including but ۱ marsh, vernal ۱	ally protected fined by Section in Water Act not limited to pool, coastal, etc.) removal, filling,				
Please see IV a., no sub	ostantial effect woul	d occur.			
movement of a resident or mig wildlife species established na migratory wildl	gratory fish or				
The site is completely s would not occur.	surrounded by deve	loped properti	es. Therefore, imp	bacts to wildlife	movement
e) Conflict with ar ordinances pro resources, sucl preservation p ordinance?	btecting biological h as a tree				
Please see IVa. no significant impacts would occur.					
adopted Habita Plan, Natural C Conservation F	Plan, or other , regional, or state				

		Less Than		
	Potentially	Significant	Less Than	No
Issue	Significant	with	Significant	Impact
	Impact	Mitigation	Impact	impact
		Incorporated		

The project is not located in or directly adjacent to the MHPA or any other conservation planning area. Therefore the project does not have the potential to conflict with any habitat conservation plans.

 \square

V. CULTURAL RESOURCES – Would the project:

 a) Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an historical resource as defined in §15064.5?

The purpose and intent of the Historical Resources Regulations of the Land Development Code (Chapter 14, Division 3, and Article 2) is to protect, preserve and, where damaged, restore the historical resources of San Diego. The regulations apply to all proposed development within the City of San Diego when historical resources are present on the premises. Before approving discretionary projects, CEQA requires the Lead Agency to identify and examine the significant adverse environmental effects which may result from that project. A project that may cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource may have a significant effect on the environment (Sections 15064.5(b) and 21084.1). A substantial adverse change is defined as demolition, destruction, relocation, or alteration activities, which would impair historical significance (Sections 15064.5(b)(1)). Any historical resource listed in, or eligible to be listed in the California Register of Historical Resources, including archaeological resources, is considered to be historically or culturally significant.

Archaeological Resources

The project is located in an area known to contain significant historical/archaeological. Therefore, the preparation of a cultural resources study was required (Helix, November 2014). The Archaeological monitoring and testing was conducted during the excavation of three trenches for geotechnical testing. Historic period bottles were encountered and collected in one area of one trenches. No artifacts or features were encountered in the other two trenches that were excavated. The report concluded that there is a high potential for encountering cultural material during grading and other ground-disturbing activities for construction of the proposed project. Therefore, monitoring would be required for all future actions that would require excavation on the project site. The archaeological monitoring will serve as mitigation to reduce potential impacts below a level of CEQA significance.

Built Environment

The project proposes the retention of an existing residence, demolition of an existing garage, and construction of a new two-story detached structure. The existing garage does not appear on the historic Sanborn maps. The work proposed would not directly impact the building, be compatible in scale, and would not adversely impact the building's eligibility as a historic resource. Therefore, a

lssue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
		meerporacea		

historic report was not required. No impacts to historical resources built environment.

As previously discussed, all projects within the OTSDPD must comply with the Old San Diego Architectural and Site Development Standards and Criteria.

The proposed building is designed to be consistent with the Pre-1871 character illustrated in the Standards and Criteria. The project required review by both the Old Town Design Review Board (OTDRB) and by the Old Town Community Planning Group (OTCPG). The OTDRB approved the project in June 2015 and the OTCPG in November 2015.

b)	Cause a substantial adverse		
	change in the significance of an		
	archaeological resource pursuant	\bowtie	
	to §15064.5?		

The project will require the implementation of archaeological monitoring. Please see V.a.

c)	Directly or indirectly destroy a		
	unique paleontological resource		\square
	or site or unique geologic feature?		\square

The proposed project site is underlain by the Bay Point Formation which is assigned a high potential for fossil resources. Paleontological monitoring during grading activities may be required if it is determined that the project's earth movement quantity exceeds the Paleontological threshold (if greater than 1,000 cubic yards and 10 feet deep for formations with a high sensitivity). In addition, monitoring may be required for shallow grading (less than ten feet) when a site has been previously graded and/or unweathered formations are present at the surface.

According to the development plans the project plans to cut a total of 61 cubic yards to create a level building pad. Therefore the proposed project would not exceed this threshold. Therefore, a significant impact will not occur.

d)	Disturb and human remains,		
	including those interred outside of	\boxtimes	
	formal cemeteries?		

Section V. of the MMRP contains provisions for the discovery of human remains. If human remains are discovered, work shall halt in that area and no soil shall be exported off-site until a determination can be made regarding the provenance of the human remains; and the following procedures as set forth in CEQA Section 15064.5(e), the California Public Resources Code (Sec. 5097.98) and State Health and Safety Code (Sec. 7050.5) shall be undertaken. Based upon the required mitigation measure impacts would be less than significant.

		Less Than		
	Potentially	Significant	Less Than	No
Issue	Significant	with	Significant	
	Impact	Mitigation	Impact	Impact
		Incorporated	-	

VI. GEOLOGY AND SOILS - Would the project:

- a) Expose people or structures to potential substantial adverse effects, including the risk of loss, injury, or death involving:
 - i) Rupture of a known earthquake fault, as delineated on the most recent Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Map issued by the State Geologist for the area or \square based on other substantial evidence of a known fault? Refer to Division of Mines and Geology Special Publication 42.

The project is not located within an Alquist-Priolo Fault Zone and would utilize proper engineering design and standard construction practices in order to ensure that potential impacts in this category would remain less than significant. Therefore, risks from rupture of a known earthquake fault would not be significant.

ii)	Strong seismic ground		\square	
	shaking?			

The project site is located within geologic hazards zones 12 and 53 as shown on the City's Seismic Safety Study Geologic Hazards Maps. Zone 12 is characterized by potentially active faulting. Zone 53 is characterized by other level or sloping terrain with unfavorable geologic structure, low to moderate risk.

The site will be affected by seismic shaking as a result of earthquakes on major local and regional active faults located throughout the southern California area. The applicant submitted a Geologic Investigation (Michael W. Hart, November 2014). According to the submitted technical report the site lies near the central portion of the Mission Bay segment of the Rose Canyon fault zone that extends from San Diego Bay on the south to La Jolla on the north. The Del Mar segment extends from La Jolla to the vicinity of Oceanside. Qualified City staff has reviewed the project and deemed that the geotechnical consultant has adequately addressed the soil and geologic conditions potentially affecting the proposed project.

iii)	Seismic-related ground			
	failure, including		\boxtimes	
	liquefaction?			

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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As mentioned in the response above the site is located in an area known to contain favorable geologic structure. Per the submitted Geologic Investigation, the proposed project site is underlain by the Bay Point Formation that consists of dense to medium dense, fine to medium-grained, silty to clayey sands that are not susceptible to seismically induced liquefaction or settlement. Proper engineering design and utilization of standard construction practices would be verified and would ensure that impacts resulting from liquefaction would not occur.

iv) Landslides?

The project would not expose people or structures to the risk of loss, injury, or death involving landslides. According to the Geologic Investigation there is possible presence of a landslide northeast of the proposed project site between Mason and Twigg Streets. This possible landslide is located such that even if its existence were to be confirmed at some future date it is oriented such that it would not affect the site. Furthermore, the design of the project would utilize proper engineering design and standard construction practices to ensure that the potential for impacts would not occur.

b) Result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil?

The project includes a landscape plan that has been reviewed and approved by City staff that precludes erosion of topsoil. In addition, standard construction BMPs would be in place to ensure that the project would not result in a substantial amount of topsoil erosion.

c) Be located on a geologic unit or soil that is unstable, or that would become unstable as a result of the project, and potentially result in on- or offsite landslide, lateral spreading, subsidence, liquefaction or collapse?

Please see Vaii, proper engineering design and utilization of standard construction practices would be verified at the construction permitting stage and would ensure that impacts in this category would not occur.

 d) Be located on expansive soil, as defined in Table 18-1-B of the Uniform Building Code (1994), creating substantial risks to life or property?

]	\boxtimes	

The soil type identified for the project is not expansive. Furthermore, the design of the project would

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact	
utilize proper engineering design and standard construction practices to ensure that the potential					

utilize proper engineering design and standard construction practices to ensure that the potential for impacts would not occur.

e)	Have soils incapable of adequately supporting the use of septic tanks or alternative waste water disposal systems where sewers are not available for the disposal of waste water?		
	for the disposal of waste water?		

The project does not propose the use of septic tanks. As a result, septic tanks or alternative wastewater systems would not be used. Therefore, no impact with regard to the capability of soils to adequately support the use of septic tanks or alternative wastewater disposal systems would result.

VII. GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS - Would the project:

a)	Generate greenhouse gas emissions, either directly or indirectly, that may have a significant impact on the		\boxtimes
	environment?		

The construction of two dwelling units is consistent with the land use and designated zone and would not be expected to have a significant impact related to greenhouse gases. Potential impacts from greenhouse gas emissions are considered less than significant. No mitigation measures are required.

 b) Conflict with an applicable plan, policy, or regulation adopted for the purpose of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gases?

The project as proposed would not conflict with any applicable plan, policy or regulation adopted for the purpose of reducing greenhouse gas emission in that it would be constructed in an established urban area with services and facilities available. In addition, the project is consistent with the underlying zone and land use designation.

VIII. HAZARDS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS – Would the project:

a) Cre	ate a significant hazard to		
	public or the environment		\boxtimes
thro	ough routine transport, use,		

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
or disposal of hazardous				

or disposal of hazardous materials?

The proposed project is residential in nature and does not propose the use or transport of any hazardous materials beyond those used for everyday household purposes. Therefore, no such impacts would occur.

Construction of the project may require the use of hazardous materials (fuels, lubricants, solvents, etc.), which would require proper storage, handling, use and disposal; however, the project would not routinely transport, use or dispose of hazardous materials. Therefore, the project would not create a significant hazard to the public or environment.

b)	Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment?				
Please	see VIIIa.				
c)	Emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste within one- quarter mile of an existing or proposed school?				
Please	see VIIIa.				
d)	Be located on a site which is included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5 and, as a result, would it create a significant hazard to the public or the environment?				\boxtimes
The project site is not included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5, known as the Cortese list.					

e) For a project located within an

 \square

Is	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two mile of a public airport or public use airport, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?				
•	oject is located within the San Diego roduce any new features that would		•	Plan. The projec	t would
f)	For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?				
This pr vicinity	oject is located in a developed neig v.	hborhood with	no private airstri	p located in the	immediate
g)	Impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan?				\boxtimes
	oject would not alter an emergency ntial community.	response or ev	acuation plan sin	ice the site is an	existing
h)	Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires, including where wildlands are adjacent to urbanized areas or				\boxtimes

where residences are

intermixed with wildlands?

This project is located in a developed neighborhood with no wildlands located directly adjacent to the site or within the adjacent neighborhood.

IX. HYDROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY - Would the project:

a)	Violate any water quality			\boxtimes	
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Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
standards or waste discharge requirements?				

All runoff would be routed to the existing City of San Diego public conveyance system (curb and gutters). Compliance with the City of San Diego's Storm Water Standards along with the recommendations of the water quality study (Jerusalem Consulting Engineers, Inc., September 2015) would ensure that water quality impacts would not occur and mitigation is not required.

b) Substantially deplete groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that there would be a net deficit in aquifer volume or a lowering of the local groundwater table level

The project would be connected to the public water supply. It would not rely directly on groundwater in the area and would not significantly deplete any resources.

c) Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, in a manner, which would result in substantial erosion or siltation on- or off-site?

Proper landscaping would prevent substantial erosion onsite. No stream or river is located on or adjacent to the site, all runoff would be routed to the existing storm drain system, and would therefore not substantially alter existing drainage patterns.

d)	Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or			
	area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, or substantially		\boxtimes	
	increase the rate or amount of			

 \square

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
surface runoff in a manner, which would result in flooding on- or off-site?				
Please see IX.c., no flooding would occur.				
e) Create or contribute runoff water, which would exceed the capacity of existing or planned stormwater drainage systems or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff?				

Based on City of San Diego review, the proposed project would be adequately served by existing municipal storm water drainage facilities, therefore no impacts would occur. Potential release of sediment or other pollutants into surface water drainages downstream from the site will be precluded by implementation of Best Management Practices (BMPs) required by City of San Diego regulations, in compliance with San Diego Regional Water Quality Control Board requirements to implement the federal Clean Water Act. Therefore, no significant surface water quality impacts are expected to result from the proposed activity. Proper irrigation and landscaping would ensure that runoff would be controlled and unpolluted.

f)	Otherwise substantially degrade water quality?		\boxtimes	
See IX.	. e)			
g)	Place housing within a 100-year flood hazard area as mapped on a federal Flood Hazard Boundary or Flood Insurance Rate Map or other flood hazard delineation map?			

The project does not propose construction of any new housing in the 100 year flood hazard area and impacts in this category would not occur.

h) Place within a 100-year flood
 hazard area, structures that
 would impede or redirect flood
 flows?

The project does not propose construction of any features that would impede or redirect flows.

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact	
X. LAND USE AND PLANNING – Would the	project:				
a) Physically divide an established community?				\boxtimes	
The project involves the construction of a established community.	new single resi	dence which woul	d complement	the	
 b) Conflict with any applicable land use plan, policy, or regulation of an agency with jurisdiction over the project (including but not limited to the general plan, specific plan, local coastal program, or zoning ordinance) adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect? 					
The proposed project is located in the OTSDPDO-Multifamily Zone of the Old Town Community Planning area. The property is also within the Airport Approach Overlay Zone, FAA Part 77 Notification Area and Airport Influence Area. The proposed new development is consistent with the land use designation of the Community Plan and complies with the zoning regulations of the OTSDPDO Multi Family Zone including setbacks, FAR and building height.					
c) Conflict with any applicable habitat conservation plan or natural community conservation plan?				\boxtimes	
The proposed development does not conflict with any applicable habitat conservation plan or natural community conservation plan.					
XI. MINERAL RESOURCES – Would the proj	ect?				
a) Result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region and the residents of the state?				\boxtimes	

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
This project site is located in a developed neighborhood not suitable for mineral extraction and is not identified in the General Plan as a mineral resource locality. Therefore, the project would not result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource.				

 b) Result in the loss of availability of a locally important mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan or other land use plan? 			
See XI a.			
XII. NOISE – Would the project result in:			
 a) Generation of, noise levels in excess of standards established in the local general plan or noise ordinance, or applicable 		\boxtimes	

<u>Short Term</u>

standards of other agencies?

Short-term noise impacts would be associated with onsite demolition, grading, and construction activities of the project. Construction-related short-term noise levels would be higher than existing ambient noise levels in the project area, but would no longer occur once construction is completed. Sensitive receptors (e.g. residential uses) occur in the immediate area and may be temporarily affected by construction noise; however, construction activities would be required to comply with the construction hours specified in the City's Municipal Code (Section 59.5.0404, Construction Noise), which are intended to reduce potential adverse effects resulting from construction noise. With compliance to the City's construction noise requirements, project construction noise levels would be reduced to less than significant, and no mitigation measures are required.

Long Term

For the long-term, typical noise levels associated with residential uses are anticipated, and the project would not result in an increase in the existing ambient noise level. The project would not result in noise levels in excess of standards established in the City of San Diego General Plan or Noise Ordinance. No significant long-term impacts would occur, and no mitigation measures are required.

b)	Generation of, excessive ground		
	borne vibration or ground borne		\boxtimes
	noise levels?		

See response XII (a) above. Potential effects from construction noise would be reduced through compliance with City restrictions. Pile driving activities that would potentially result in ground borne

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
vibration or ground borne noise are not a would result.	nticipated with o	construction of th	ne project. No ir	npacts

c)	A substantial permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project?				\boxtimes
----	---	--	--	--	-------------

See XII the project once complete would not result in any permanent noise increase.

d)	A substantial temporary or periodic increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above existing without		\boxtimes	
	the project?			

The project would not expose people to a substantial increase in temporary or periodic ambient noise levels. Construction noise would result during grading, demolition, and construction activities, but would be temporary in nature. Construction-related noise impacts from the project would generally be higher than existing ambient noise levels in the project area, but would no longer occur once construction is completed. In addition, the project would be required to comply with the San Diego Municipal Code, Article 9.5, Noise Abatement and Control. Implementation of these standard measures would reduce potential impacts from an increase in ambient noise level during construction to a less than significant level, and no mitigation measures are required.

e) For a project located within an airport land use plan, or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use
airport would the project expose people residing or working in the area to excessive noise levels?

The proposed project is located in the Airport Approach Overlay Zone, FAA Part 77 Notification Area, and Airport Influence Area. However, the project is located outside of the 60 to 65 decibel (dB) Community Noise Equivalent Level (CNEL) as depicted in the 2014 ALUCP. Therefore, residents of the new building would not be exposed to excessive noise levels from a public airport.

f)	For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the		\boxtimes
	project expose people residing		

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
or working in the project area to				

excessive noise levels?

The project is not located within the vicinity of a private airstrip; therefore, people residing or working in the area of the project would not be exposed to excessive airport noise.

XIII. POPULATION AND HOUSING – Would the project:

a)	Induce substantial population		
	growth in an area, either directly		
	(for example, by proposing new		
	homes and businesses) or		\bowtie
	indirectly (for example, through		
	extension of roads or other		
	infrastructure)?		

The project would construct one residence and would not result in an increase in substantial units of residential housing.

b)	Displace substantial numbers of		
	existing housing, necessitating		
	the construction of replacement		\boxtimes
	housing elsewhere?		

No displacement would occur as a result of this project. It is the construction of one residence.

c)	Displace substantial numbers of		
	people, necessitating the construction of replacement		\boxtimes
	housing elsewhere?		
	Housing eisewhere:		

See XIII.

XIV. PUBLIC SERVICES

a) Would the project result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provisions of new or physically altered governmental facilities, need for new or physically altered governmental facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, in order to maintain acceptable service rations, response times or other performance objectives for any of the public services:

i) Fire Protection			
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The project would construct one residence and would not require the alteration of any fire

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact	
protection facilities and would not requi	re any new or alte	ered fire protection	on services.		
ii) Police Protection				\boxtimes	
See XIV i)					
iii) Schools				\boxtimes	
The project would not physically alter ar construction of future housing or induce	•				
v) Parks				\boxtimes	
The project would not induce growth the the construction of a new park does not	•			ng park or	
vi) Other public facilities				\boxtimes	
The scope of the project would not substantially increase the demand for electricity, gas, or other public facilities.					
XV. RECREATION					
 a) Would the project increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be accelerated? 				\boxtimes	
This project would construct one residence and would not require any expansion of existing recreational facilities. There would be no increase in the use of existing facilities in the area including parks or other recreational areas.					
b) Does the project include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion or recreational facilities, which might have an adverse physical effect on the environment?	f 🗌				

The project does not include the construction of recreational facilities nor does it require the

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
construction or expansion of recreationa	l facilities.			

XVI. TRANSPORTATION/TRAFFIC – Would the project?

a) Conflict with an applicable plan, ordinance or policy establishing measures of effectiveness for the performance of the circulation system, taking into account all modes of transportation including mass transit and non-motorized travel \square \boxtimes and relevant components of the circulation system, including but not limited to intersections, streets, highways and freeways, pedestrian and bicycle paths, and mass transit?

Since the proposed project would construct one residence traffic patterns would not substantially change. The new residence would not change road patterns or congestion. In addition the project would not require the redesign of streets, traffic signals, stop signs, striping or any other changes to the existing roadways or existing public transportation routes or types are necessary.

b)	Conflict with an applicable congestion management program, including, but not limited to level of service standards and travel demand measures, or other standards established by the county congestion management agency for designated roads or highways?		
See XVI	a.		
C)	Result in a change in air traffic patterns, including either an increase in traffic levels or a change in location that results in substantial safety risks?		\boxtimes

The project is consistent with height and bulk regulations and is not at the scale which would result

Issue		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
in a change ir	n air traffic patterns.				
due te sharp inters	antially increase hazards o a design feature (e.g., o curves or dangerous sections) or incompatible (e.g., farm equipment)?				
See XVI a.					
e) Resul acces	t in inadequate emergency s?				\boxtimes
See XVI a.					
plans public pedes other	ict with adopted policies, , or programs regarding c transit, bicycle, or strian facilities, or wise decrease the rmance or safety of such ies?				

This project would demolish a detached garage and construct two, 2-bedroom dwelling units. The project is consistent with zoning and applicable land use plans. The demolition of a garage and construction of two dwelling units would not have the potential to conflict with transit, bicycle or pedestrian facilities nor would the project decrease the safety or performance of these facilities.

XVII. UTILITIES AND SERVICE SYSTEMS – Would the project:

 a) Exceed wastewater treatment requirements of the applicable Regional Water Quality Control Board?

This project would construct one residence and would neither exceed the capacity of the existing wastewater facilities nor require additional facilities to be constructed. It would have sufficient water supplies available and would not exceed or create a demand for new wastewater or stormwater facilities. Adequate services exist to serve the proposed residence and impacts would not be significant.

b)	Require or result in the		
	construction of new water or		\boxtimes
	wastewater treatment facilities		

 \square

lssue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?				
This project would not result in an incr construct a new water or wastewater t		ty of the use and v	would not be re	equired to
c) Require or result in the construction of new storm wate drainage facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmenta effects?				
See XVII a.				
 d) Have sufficient water supplies available to serve the project from existing entitlements and resources, or are new or expanded entitlements needed 				
See XVII a.				
e) Result in a determination by th wastewater treatment provider which serves or may serve the project that it has adequate capacity to serve the project's projected demand in addition t the provider's existing commitments?				
This project would construct one reside the area would adequately serve the p			-	

f)	Be served by a landfill with			
	sufficient permitted capacity to		\square	
	accommodate the project's solid			
	waste disposal needs?			

Less Than Potentially Significant Less Than No Issue Significant With Significant Impa Impact Mitigation Impact Incorporated	
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The construction of this project would likely generate waste. This waste would be disposed of in conformance with all applicable local and state regulations pertaining to solid waste including permitting capacity of the landfill serving the project area.

g) Comply with federal, state, and local statutes and regulation

Solid waste pickup would be provided at the subject site. This would include recycling and yard waste pickup.

XVIII. MANDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE -

a) Does the project have the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self- \square sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory?

The project is located in a developed neighborhood and would construct one additional residence to the area which would not degrade the quality of the surrounding environment.

With respect to the project's location and the historically sensitive areas, the excavation at the site has the potential to impact cultural resources which could incrementally contribute to a cumulative loss of non-renewable resources. Archaeological monitoring would be required and with implementation of mitigation requirements would reduce potential impacts to these resources to below a level of significance; and therefore would not result in a substantial adverse change to the significance of a historical resource or eliminate important examples of California history or prehistory.

 \square

b) Does the project have impacts that are individually limited, but cumulatively considerable?

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
("Cumulatively considerable" means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable futures projects)?				
Impacts associated with Cultural Resource	es are individua	lly significant and	when taken int	0

Impacts associated with Cultural Resources are individually significant and when taken into consideration with other past projects in the vicinity, may contribute to a cumulative impact; specifically with respect to non-renewable resources. However, with implementation of the MMRP, any information associated with these resources would be collected catalogued and included in technical reports available to researchers for use on future projects, thereby reducing the cumulative impact to below a level of significance.

c) Does the project have environmental effects, which will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly?

\bowtie	

The City of San Diego conducted an Initial Study which determined that the project could have a significant environmental effect in the following area Cultural Resources (Historical/Archaeological Resources). However, with the implementation of mitigation identified in Section V of this MND the project would not have environmental effects which would cause substantial direct or indirect adverse effects on human beings.

INITIAL STUDY CHECKLIST

REFERENCES

I. Aesthetics / Neighborhood Character

- X City of San Diego General Plan.
- X Community Plans: Old Town Community Plan

II. Agricultural Resources & Forest Resources

- _____ City of San Diego General Plan
- U.S. Department of Agriculture, Soil Survey San Diego Area, California, Part I and II, 1973
- _____ California Agricultural Land Evaluation and Site Assessment Model (1997)
- _____ Site Specific Report:

III. Air Quality

- _____ California Clean Air Act Guidelines (Indirect Source Control Programs) 1990
- _____ Regional Air Quality Strategies (RAQS) APCD
- _____ Site Specific Report:

IV. Biology

- X City of San Diego, Multiple Species Conservation Program (MSCP), Subarea Plan, 1997
- <u>X</u> City of San Diego, MSCP, "Vegetation Communities with Sensitive Species and Vernal Pools" Maps, 1996
- X City of San Diego, MSCP, "Multiple Habitat Planning Area" maps,1997
- ____ Community Plan Resource Element
- California Department of Fish and Game, California Natural Diversity Database, "State and Federally-listed Endangered, Threatened, and Rare Plants of California," January 2001
- California Department of Fish & Game, California Natural Diversity Database, "State and Federally-listed Endangered and Threatened Animals of California, "January 2001
- ____ City of San Diego Land Development Code Biology Guidelines

- V. Cultural Resources (includes Historical Resources)
- X City of San Diego Historical Resources Guidelines
- _____ City of San Diego Archaeology Library
- _____ Historical Resources Board List
- ____ Community Historical Survey:
- <u>X</u> Site Specific Report: Archaeological Monitoring of Geotechnical Testing, 2544 Juan Street (Helix, November 2014)

VI. Geology/Soils

- X City of San Diego Seismic Safety Study
- _____ U.S. Department of Agriculture Soil Survey San Diego Area, California, Part I and II, December 1973 and Part III, 1975
- <u>X</u> Site Specific Report: Geologic Investigation Juan St. Duplex Apartments, Michael W. Hart, November 2014
- _____ Site Specific Report:

VII. Greenhouse Gas Emissions

_____ Site Specific Report:

VIII. Hazards and Hazardous Materials

- X San Diego County Hazardous Materials Environmental Assessment Listing
- _____ San Diego County Hazardous Materials Management Division
- _____ FAA Determination
- _____ State Assessment and Mitigation, Unauthorized Release Listing, Public Use Authorized
- _____ Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan

IX. Hydrology/Water Quality

_____ Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM)

- <u>X</u> Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA), National Flood Insurance Program-Flood Boundary and Floodway Map
- _____ Clean Water Act Section 303(b) list, <u>http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/tmdl/303d_lists.html</u>
- <u>X</u> Site Specific Report: Water Quality Study, Jerusalem Consulting Engineers, Inc., September 2015

X. Land Use and Planning

- X City of San Diego General Plan
- <u>X</u> Community Plan
- X Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan
- X City of San Diego Zoning Maps
- _____ FAA Determination
- ____ Other Plans:

XI. Mineral Resources

- ____ California Department of Conservation Division of Mines and Geology, Mineral Land Classification
- _____ Division of Mines and Geology, Special Report 153 Significant Resources Maps
- _____ Site Specific Report:
- XII. Noise
- X City of San Diego General Plan
- ____ Community Plan
- X San Diego International Airport Lindbergh Field CNEL Maps
- _____ Brown Field Airport Master Plan CNEL Maps
- _____ Montgomery Field CNEL Maps
- ____ San Diego Association of Governments San Diego Regional Average Weekday Traffic Volumes
- _____ San Diego Metropolitan Area Average Weekday Traffic Volume Maps, SANDAG

XIII. Paleontological Resources

- X City of San Diego Paleontological Guidelines
- ____ Deméré, Thomas A., and Stephen L. Walsh, "Paleontological Resources City of San Diego," <u>Department of Paleontology</u> San Diego Natural History Museum, 1996
- X Kennedy, Michael P., and Gary L. Peterson, "Geology of the San Diego Metropolitan Area, California. Del Mar, La Jolla, Point Loma, La Mesa, Poway, and SW 1/4 Escondido 7 1/2 Minute Quadrangles," <u>California Division of Mines and Geology Bulletin</u> 200, Sacramento, 1975
- Kennedy, Michael P., and Siang S. Tan, "Geology of National City, Imperial Beach and Otay Mesa Quadrangles, Southern San Diego Metropolitan Area, California," Map Sheet 29, 1977

XIV. Population / Housing

- _____ City of San Diego General Plan
- _____ Community Plan
- _____ Series 11/Series 12 Population Forecasts, SANDAG
- ____ Other:

XV. Public Services

- _____ City of San Diego General Plan
- ____ Community Plan

XVI. Recreational Resources

- _____ City of San Diego General Plan
- ____ Community Plan
- _____ Department of Park and Recreation
- _____ City of San Diego San Diego Regional Bicycling Map
- _____ Additional Resources:

XVII. Transportation / Circulation

_____ City of San Diego General Plan

- ____ Community Plan
- _____ San Diego Metropolitan Area Average Weekday Traffic Volume Maps, SANDAG
- _____ San Diego Region Weekday Traffic Volumes, SANDAG
- _____ Site Specific Report:

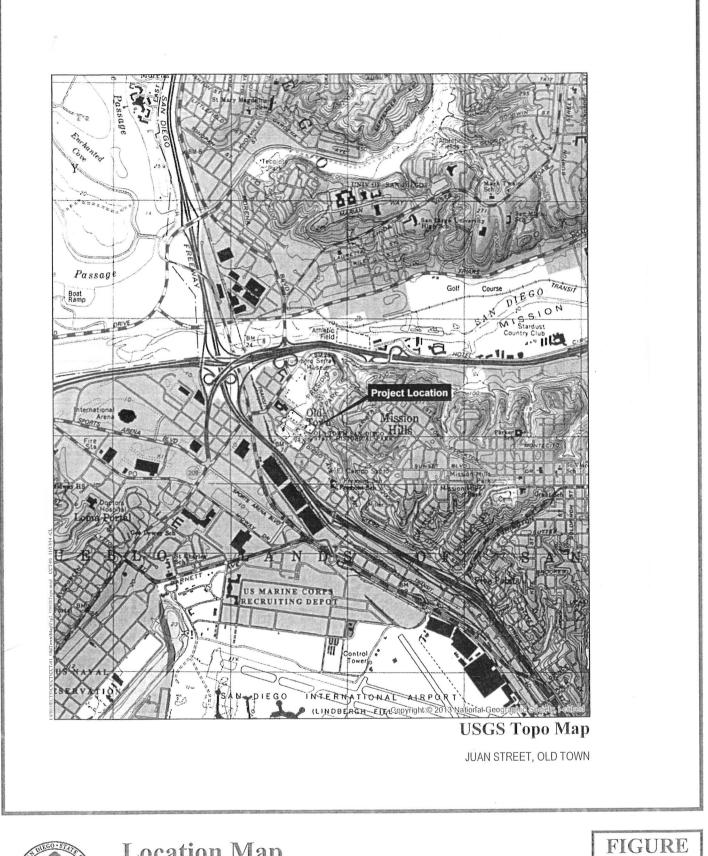
XVIII. Utilities

- <u>X</u> Site Specific Report:
- X Site Specific Report:

XIX. Water Conservation

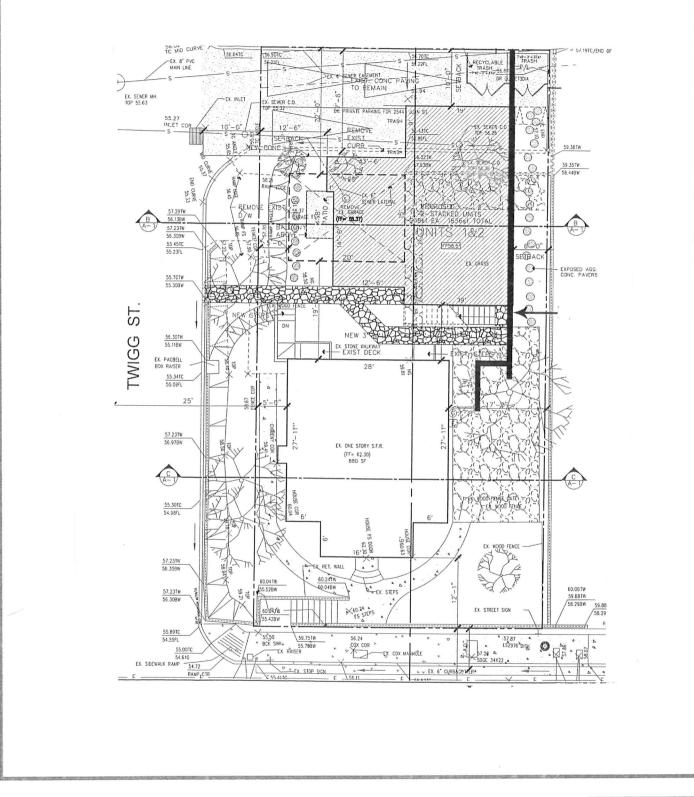
_____ Sunset Magazine, <u>New Western Garden Book</u>, Rev. ed. Menlo Park, CA: Sunset Magazine

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Location Map <u>Cole Duplex/Project No. 381810</u> City of San Diego – Development Services Department

No. 1





Site Plan <u>Cole Duplex/Project No. 381810</u> City of San Diego – Development Services Department FIGURE No. 2