

MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION

THE CITY OF SAN DIEGO

Project No. 594706 SCH No. N/A

SUBJECT: VOLEN HOUSE CDP: A Coastal Development Permit (CDP) for a new 6,544 squarefoot, three-story, single family dwelling with detached garage, pool, spa, landscaping, retaining walls and other site improvements at 450 Tavara Place. The undeveloped 0.30-acre site is located in the RS-1-4 (Residential-Single Unit) base zone, Coastal Overlay Zone (Non-Appealable), and the Coastal Height Limitation Overlay Zone, within the Peninsula Community Plan and Council District 2. (LEGAL DESCRIPTION: A portion of the southern half of Pueblo Lot 142 in the City of San Diego, County of San Diego, State of California; APN: 532-420-07). APPLICANT: Joshua Volen.

I. **PROJECT DESCRIPTION:**

See attached Initial Study.

II. ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING:

See attached Initial Study.

III. DETERMINATION:

The City of San Diego conducted an Initial Study which determined that the proposed project could have a significant environmental effect in the following areas(s): **Tribal Cultural Resources.** Subsequent revisions in the project proposal create the specific mitigation identified in Section V of this Mitigated Negative Declaration. The project as revised now avoids or mitigates the potentially significant environmental effects previously identified, and the preparation of an Environmental Impact Report will not be required.

IV. DOCUMENTATION:

The attached Initial Study documents the reasons to support the above Determination.

V. MITIGATION, MONITORING AND REPORTING PROGRAM:

A. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS – PART I Plan Check Phase (prior to permit issuance)

1. Prior to the issuance of a Notice To Proceed (NTP) for a subdivision, or any construction permits, such as Demolition, Grading or Building, or beginning any construction related

activity on-site, the Development Services Department (DSD) Director's Environmental Designee (ED) shall review and approve all Construction Documents (CD), (plans, specification, details, etc.) to ensure the MMRP requirements are incorporated into the design.

2. In addition, the ED shall verify that <u>the MMRP Conditions/Notes that apply ONLY to the</u> <u>construction phases of this project are included VERBATIM</u>, under the heading, "ENVIRONMENTAL/MITIGATION REQUIREMENTS."

3. These notes must be shown within the first three (3) sheets of the construction documents in the format specified for engineering construction document templates as shown on the City website:

https://www.sandiego.gov/development-services/forms-publications/design-guidelinestemplates

4. The **TITLE INDEX SHEET** must also show on which pages the "Environmental/Mitigation Requirements" notes are provided.

B. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS – PART II Post Plan Check (After permit issuance/Prior to start of construction)

1. PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING IS REQUIRED TEN (10) WORKING DAYS PRIOR TO BEGINNING ANY WORK ON THIS PROJECT. The PERMIT HOLDER/OWNER is responsible to arrange and perform this meeting by contacting the CITY RESIDENT ENGINEER (RE) of the Field Engineering Division and City staff from MITIGATION MONITORING COORDINATION (MMC). Attendees must also include the Permit holder's Representative(s), Job Site Superintendent and the following consultants:

Qualified Native American Monitor

Note: Failure of all responsible Permit Holder's representatives and consultants to attend shall require an additional meeting with all parties present.

CONTACT INFORMATION:

a) The PRIMARY POINT OF CONTACT is the **RE** at the **Field Engineering Division – 858-627-**3200

b) For Clarification of ENVIRONMENTAL REQUIREMENTS, it is also required to call **RE and MMC at 858-627-3360**

2. MMRP COMPLIANCE: This Project, Project Tracking System (PTS) #594706, shall conform to the mitigation requirements contained in the associated Environmental Document and implemented to the satisfaction of the DSD's Environmental Designee (MMC) and the City Engineer (RE). The requirements may not be reduced or changed but may be annotated (i.e. to explain when and how compliance is being met and location of verifying proof, etc.). Additional clarifying information may also be added to other relevant plan sheets and/or specifications as appropriate (i.e., specific locations, times of monitoring, methodology, etc.

Note: Permit Holder's Representatives must alert RE and MMC if there are any discrepancies in the plans or notes, or any changes due to field conditions. All conflicts must be approved by RE and MMC BEFORE the work is performed.

3. OTHER AGENCY REQUIREMENTS: Evidence of compliance with all other agency requirements or permits shall be submitted to the RE and MMC for review and acceptance prior to the beginning of work or within one week of the Permit Holder obtaining documentation of those permits or requirements. Evidence shall include copies of permits, letters of resolution or other documentation issued by the responsible agency.

Not Applicable

4. MONITORING EXHIBITS: All consultants are required to submit , to RE and MMC, a monitoring exhibit on a 11x17 reduction of the appropriate construction plan, such as site plan, grading, landscape, etc., marked to clearly show the specific areas including the **LIMIT OF WORK**, scope of that discipline's work, and notes indicating when in the construction schedule that work will be performed. When necessary for clarification, a detailed methodology of how the work will be performed shall be included.

NOTE: Surety and Cost Recovery – When deemed necessary by the Development Services Director or City Manager, additional surety instruments or bonds from the private Permit Holder may be required to ensure the long-term performance or implementation of required mitigation measures or programs. The City is authorized to recover its cost to offset the salary, overhead, and expenses for City personnel and programs to monitor qualifying projects.

5. OTHER SUBMITTALS AND INSPECTIONS: The Permit Holder/Owner's representative shall submit all required documentation, verification letters, and requests for all associated inspections to the RE and MMC for approval per the following schedule:

	DOCUMENT SUBMITTAL/INSPECTION CHECKLIST					
Issue Area	Document Submittal	Associated Inspection/Approvals	Notes			
General	Consultant Qualification Letters	Prior to Preconstruction Meeting	3 Days Prior to Pre-con. meeting			
Tribal Cultural Resources	Tribal Cultural Resources Reports	Tribal Cultural Resources Site Observation	Completion of Tribal Cultural Resources Site Observation			
Bond Release	Request for Bond Release Letter	MMC Final Inspection	Prior to Bond Release Letter			

B. SPECIFIC MMRP ISSUE AREA CONDITIONS/REQUIREMENTS

TRIBAL CULTURAL RESOURCES

- I. Prior to Permit Issuance or Bid Opening/Bid Award
 - A. Entitlements Plan Check
 - 1. Prior to permit issuance or Bid Opening/Bid Award, whichever is applicable, the Assistant Deputy Director (ADD) Environmental designee shall verify that the requirements for Archaeological Monitoring and Native American monitoring have been noted on the applicable construction documents through the plan check process.

B. Letters of Qualification have been submitted to ADD

- Prior to Bid Award, the applicant shall submit a letter of verification to Mitigation Monitoring Coordination (MMC) identifying the Principal Investigator (PI) for the project and the names of all persons involved in the archaeological monitoring program, as defined in the City of San Diego Historical Resources Guidelines (HRG). If applicable, individuals involved in the archaeological monitoring program must have completed the 40-hour HAZWOPER training with certification documentation.
- 2. MMC will provide a letter to the applicant confirming the qualifications of the PI and all persons involved in the archaeological monitoring of the project meet the qualifications established in the HRG.
- 3. Prior to the start of work, the applicant must obtain written approval from MMC for any personnel changes associated with the monitoring program.

II. Prior to Start of Construction

- A. Verification of Records Search
 - The PI shall provide verification to MMC that a site-specific records search (1/4-mile radius) has been completed. Verification includes, but is not limited to a copy of a confirmation letter from South Coastal Information Center, or, if the search was inhouse, a letter of verification from the PI stating that the search was completed.
 - 2. The letter shall introduce any pertinent information concerning expectations and probabilities of discovery during trenching and/or grading activities.
 - 3. The PI may submit a detailed letter to MMC requesting a reduction to the ¼ mile radius.
- B. PI Shall Attend Precon Meetings
 - Prior to beginning any work that requires monitoring; the Applicant shall arrange a Precon Meeting that shall include the PI, Native American consultant/monitor (where Native American resources may be impacted), Construction Manager (CM) and/or Grading Contractor, Resident Engineer (RE), Building Inspector (BI), if appropriate, and MMC. The qualified Archaeologist and Native American Monitor shall attend any grading/excavation related Precon Meetings to make comments and/or suggestions concerning the Archaeological Monitoring program with the Construction Manager and/or Grading Contractor.
 - a. If the PI is unable to attend the Precon Meeting, the Applicant shall schedule a focused Precon Meeting with MMC, the PI, RE, CM or BI, if appropriate, prior to the start of any work that requires monitoring.

- 2. Acknowledgement of Responsibility for Curation (CIP or Other Public Projects) The applicant shall submit a letter to MMC acknowledging their responsibility for the cost of curation associated with all phases of the archaeological monitoring program.
- 3. Identify Areas to be Monitored
 - Prior to the start of any work that requires monitoring, the PI shall submit an Archaeological Monitoring Exhibit (AME) (with verification that the AME has been reviewed and approved by the Native American consultant/monitor when Native American resources may be impacted) based on the appropriate construction documents (reduced to 11x17) to MMC identifying the areas to be monitored including the delineation of grading/excavation limits.
 - The AME shall be based on the results of a site-specific records search as well as information regarding the age of existing pipelines, laterals and associated appurtenances and/or any known soil conditions (native or formation). MMC shall notify the PI that the AME has been approved.
- 4. When Monitoring Will Occur
 - a. Prior to the start of any work, the PI shall also submit a construction schedule to MMC through the RE indicating when and where monitoring will occur.
 - b. The PI may submit a detailed letter to MMC prior to the start of work or during construction requesting a modification to the monitoring program. This request shall be based on relevant information such as review of final construction documents which indicate conditions such as age of existing pipe to be replaced, depth of excavation and/or site graded to bedrock, etc., which may reduce or increase the potential for resources to be present.
- 5. Approval of AME and Construction Schedule After approval of the AME by MMC, the PI shall submit to MMC written authorization of the AME and Construction Schedule from the CM.

III. During Construction

- A. Monitor Shall be Present During Grading/Excavation/Trenching
 - The Archaeological Monitor shall be present full-time during all soil disturbing and grading/excavation/trenching activities which could result in impacts to archaeological resources as identified on the AME. The Construction Manager is responsible for notifying the RE, PI, and MMC of changes to any construction activities such as in the case of a potential safety concern within the area being monitored. In certain circumstances OSHA safety requirements may necessitate modification of the AME.
 - 2. The Native American consultant/monitor shall determine the extent of their presence during soil disturbing and grading/excavation/trenching activities based on the AME and provide that information to the PI and MMC. If prehistoric resources are encountered during the Native American consultant/monitor's absence, work shall stop and the Discovery Notification Process detailed in Section III.B-C and IV.A-D shall commence.
 - 3. The PI may submit a detailed letter to MMC during construction requesting a modification to the monitoring program when a field condition such as modern disturbance post-dating the previous grading/trenching activities, presence of fossil formations, or when native soils are encountered that may reduce or increase the potential for resources to be present.

- 4. The archaeological and Native American consultant/monitor shall document field activity via the Consultant Site Visit Record (CSVR). The CSVR's shall be faxed by the CM to the RE the first day of monitoring, the last day of monitoring, monthly (Notification of Monitoring Completion), and in the case of ANY discoveries. The RE shall forward copies to MMC.
- B. Discovery Notification Process
 - In the event of a discovery, the Archaeological Monitor shall direct the contractor to temporarily divert all soil disturbing activities, including but not limited to digging, trenching, excavating or grading activities in the area of discovery and in the area reasonably suspected to overlay adjacent resources and immediately notify the RE or Bl, as appropriate.
 - 2. The Monitor shall immediately notify the PI (unless Monitor is the PI) of the discovery.
 - 3. The PI shall immediately notify MMC by phone of the discovery, and shall also submit written documentation to MMC within 24 hours by fax or email with photos of the resource in context, if possible.
 - 4. No soil shall be exported off-site until a determination can be made regarding the significance of the resource specifically if Native American resources are encountered.
- C. Determination of Significance
 - 1. The PI and Native American consultant/monitor, where Native American resources are discovered shall evaluate the significance of the resource. If Human Remains are involved, follow protocol in Section IV below.
 - a. The PI shall immediately notify MMC by phone to discuss significance determination and shall also submit a letter to MMC indicating whether additional mitigation is required.
 - b. If the resource is significant, the PI shall submit an Archaeological Data Recovery Program (ADRP) and obtain written approval of the program from MMC, CM and RE. ADRP and any mitigation must be approved by MMC, RE and/or CM before ground disturbing activities in the area of discovery will be allowed to resume.
 Note: If a unique archaeological site is also an historical resource as defined in CEQA Section 15064.5, then the limits on the amount(s) that a project applicant may be required to pay to cover mitigation costs as indicated in CEQA Section 21083.2 shall not apply.
 - (1). Note: For pipeline trenching and other linear projects in the public Right-of-Way, the PI shall implement the Discovery Process for Pipeline Trenching projects identified below under "D."
 - c. If the resource is not significant, the PI shall submit a letter to MMC indicating that artifacts will be collected, curated, and documented in the Final Monitoring Report. The letter shall also indicate that that no further work is required.
 - (1). Note: For Pipeline Trenching and other linear projects in the public Rightof-Way, if the deposit is limited in size, both in length and depth; the information value is limited and is not associated with any other resource; and there are no unique features/artifacts associated with the deposit, the discovery should be considered not significant.
 - (2). Note, for Pipeline Trenching and other linear projects in the public Right-of-Way, if significance cannot be determined, the Final Monitoring Report and

Site Record (DPR Form 523A/B) shall identify the discovery as Potentially Significant.

D. Discovery Process for Significant Resources - Pipeline Trenching and other Linear Projects in the Public Right-of-Way

The following procedure constitutes adequate mitigation of a significant discovery encountered during pipeline trenching activities or for other linear project types within the Public Right-of-Way including but not limited to excavation for jacking pits, receiving pits, laterals, and manholes_to reduce impacts to below a level of significance:

- 1. Procedures for documentation, curation and reporting
 - a. One hundred percent of the artifacts within the trench alignment and width shall be documented in-situ, to include photographic records, plan view of the trench and profiles of side walls, recovered, photographed after cleaning and analyzed and curated. The remainder of the deposit within the limits of excavation (trench walls) shall be left intact.
 - b. The PI shall prepare a Draft Monitoring Report and submit to MMC via the RE as indicated in Section VI-A.
 - c. The PI shall be responsible for recording (on the appropriate State of California Department of Park and Recreation forms-DPR 523 A/B) the resource(s) encountered during the Archaeological Monitoring Program in accordance with the City's Historical Resources Guidelines. The DPR forms shall be submitted to the South Coastal Information Center for either a Primary Record or SDI Number and included in the Final Monitoring Report.
 - d. The Final Monitoring Report shall include a recommendation for monitoring of any future work in the vicinity of the resource.

IV. Discovery of Human Remains

If human remains are discovered, work shall halt in that area and no soil shall be exported off-site until a determination can be made regarding the provenance of the human remains; and the following procedures as set forth in CEQA Section 15064.5(e), the California Public Resources Code (Sec. 5097.98) and State Health and Safety Code (Sec. 7050.5) shall be undertaken:

- A. Notification
 - 1. Archaeological Monitor shall notify the RE or BI as appropriate, MMC, and the PI, if the Monitor is not qualified as a PI. MMC will notify the appropriate Senior Planner in the Environmental Analysis Section (EAS) of the Development Services Department to assist with the discovery notification process.
 - 2. The PI shall notify the Medical Examiner after consultation with the RE, either in person or via telephone.
- B. Isolate discovery site
 - Work shall be directed away from the location of the discovery and any nearby area reasonably suspected to overlay adjacent human remains until a determination can be made by the Medical Examiner in consultation with the PI concerning the provenience of the remains.
 - 2. The Medical Examiner, in consultation with the PI, will determine the need for a field examination to determine the provenience.

- 3. If a field examination is not warranted, the Medical Examiner will determine with input from the PI, if the remains are or are most likely to be of Native American origin.
- C. If Human Remains ARE determined to be Native American
 - 1. The Medical Examiner will notify the Native American Heritage Commission (NAHC) within 24 hours. By law, **ONLY** the Medical Examiner can make this call.
 - 2. NAHC will immediately identify the person or persons determined to be the Most Likely Descendent (MLD) and provide contact information.
 - 3. The MLD will contact the PI within 24 hours or sooner after the Medical Examiner has completed coordination, to begin the consultation process in accordance with CEQA Section 15064.5(e), the California Public Resources and Health & Safety Codes.
 - 4. The MLD will have 48 hours to make recommendations to the property owner or representative, for the treatment or disposition with proper dignity, of the human remains and associated grave goods.
 - 5. Disposition of Native American Human Remains will be determined between the MLD and the PI, and, if:
 - a. The NAHC is unable to identify the MLD, OR the MLD failed to make a recommendation within 48 hours after being granted access to the site, OR;
 - b. The landowner or authorized representative rejects the recommendation of the MLD and mediation in accordance with PRC 5097.94 (k) by the NAHC fails to provide measures acceptable to the landowner, the landowner shall reinter the human remains and items associated with Native American human remains with appropriate dignity on the property in a location not subject to further and future subsurface disturbance, THEN
 - c. To protect these sites, the landowner shall do one or more of the following:
 - (1) Record the site with the NAHC;
 - (2) Record an open space or conservation easement; or
 - (3) Record a document with the County. The document shall be titled "Notice of Reinterment of Native American Remains" and shall include a legal description of the property, the name of the property owner, and the owner's acknowledged signature, in addition to any other information required by PRC 5097.98. The document shall be indexed as a notice under the name of the owner.
 - d. Upon the discovery of multiple Native American human remains during a ground disturbing land development activity, the landowner may agree that additional conferral with descendants is necessary to consider culturally appropriate treatment of multiple Native American human remains. Culturally appropriate treatment of such a discovery may be ascertained from review of the site utilizing cultural and archaeological standards. Where the parties are unable to agree on the appropriate treatment measures the human remains and items associated and buried with Native American human remains shall be reinterred with appropriate dignity, pursuant to Section 5.c., above.
- D. If Human Remains are NOT Native American
 - 1. The PI shall contact the Medical Examiner and notify them of the historic era context of the burial.
 - 2. The Medical Examiner will determine the appropriate course of action with the PI and City staff (PRC 5097.98).

 If the remains are of historic origin, they shall be appropriately removed and conveyed to the San Diego Museum of Man for analysis. The decision for internment of the human remains shall be made in consultation with MMC, EAS, the applicant/landowner, any known descendant group, and the San Diego Museum of Man.

V. Night and/or Weekend Work

- A. If night and/or weekend work is included in the contract
 - 1. When night and/or weekend work is included in the contract package, the extent and timing shall be presented and discussed at the precon meeting.
 - 2. The following procedures shall be followed.
 - a. No Discoveries

In the event that no discoveries were encountered during night and/or weekend work, the PI shall record the information on the CSVR and submit to MMC via fax by 8AM of the next business day.

b. Discoveries

All discoveries shall be processed and documented using the existing procedures detailed in Sections III - During Construction, and IV – Discovery of Human Remains. Discovery of human remains shall always be treated as a significant discovery.

c. Potentially Significant Discoveries

If the PI determines that a potentially significant discovery has been made, the procedures detailed under Section III - During Construction and IV-Discovery of Human Remains shall be followed.

- d. The PI shall immediately contact the RE and MMC, or by 8AM of the next business day to report and discuss the findings as indicated in Section III-B, unless other specific arrangements have been made.
- B. If night and/or weekend work becomes necessary during the course of construction
 - 1. The Construction Manager shall notify the RE, or BI, as appropriate, a minimum of 24 hours before the work is to begin.
 - 2. The RE, or BI, as appropriate, shall notify MMC immediately.
- C. All other procedures described above shall apply, as appropriate.

VI. Post Construction

- A. Submittal of Draft Monitoring Report
 - The PI shall submit two copies of the Draft Monitoring Report (even if negative), prepared in accordance with the Historical Resources Guidelines (Appendix C/D) which describes the results, analysis, and conclusions of all phases of the Archaeological Monitoring Program (with appropriate graphics) to MMC via the RE for review and approval within 90 days following the completion of monitoring. It should be noted that if the PI is unable to submit the Draft Monitoring Report within the allotted 90-day timeframe as a result of delays with analysis, special study results or other complex issues, a schedule shall be submitted to MMC establishing agreed due dates and the provision for submittal of monthly status reports until this measure can be met.

- a. For significant archaeological resources encountered during monitoring, the Archaeological Data Recovery Program or Pipeline Trenching Discovery Process shall be included in the Draft Monitoring Report.
- b. Recording Sites with State of California Department of Parks and Recreation The PI shall be responsible for recording (on the appropriate State of California Department of Park and Recreation forms-DPR 523 A/B) any significant or potentially significant resources encountered during the Archaeological Monitoring Program in accordance with the City's Historical Resources Guidelines, and submittal of such forms to the South Coastal Information Center with the Final Monitoring Report.
- 2. MMC shall return the Draft Monitoring Report to the PI via the RE for revision or, for preparation of the Final Report.
- 3. The PI shall submit revised Draft Monitoring Report to MMC via the RE for approval.
- 4. MMC shall provide written verification to the PI of the approved report.
- 5. MMC shall notify the RE or BI, as appropriate, of receipt of all Draft Monitoring Report submittals and approvals.
- B. Handling of Artifacts
 - 1. The PI shall be responsible for ensuring that all cultural remains collected are cleaned and catalogued
 - 2. The PI shall be responsible for ensuring that all artifacts are analyzed to identify function and chronology as they relate to the history of the area; that faunal material is identified as to species; and that specialty studies are completed, as appropriate.
- C. Curation of artifacts: Accession Agreement and Acceptance Verification
 - 1. The PI shall be responsible for ensuring that all artifacts associated with the survey, testing and/or data recovery for this project are permanently curated with an appropriate institution. This shall be completed in consultation with MMC and the Native American representative, as applicable.
 - 2. When applicable to the situation, the PI shall include written verification from the Native American consultant/monitor indicating that Native American resources were treated in accordance with state law and/or applicable agreements. If the resources were reinterred, verification shall be provided to show what protective measures were taken to ensure no further disturbance occurs in accordance with Section IV Discovery of Human Remains, Subsection C.
 - 3. The PI shall submit the Accession Agreement and catalogue record(s) to the RE or BI, as appropriate for donor signature with a copy submitted to MMC.
 - 4. The RE or BI, as appropriate shall obtain signature on the Accession Agreement and shall return to PI with copy submitted to MMC.
 - 5. The PI shall include the Acceptance Verification from the curation institution in the Final Monitoring Report submitted to the RE or BI and MMC.
- D. Final Monitoring Report(s)
 - 1. The PI shall submit one copy of the approved Final Monitoring Report to the RE or BI as appropriate, and one copy to MMC (even if negative), within 90 days after notification from MMC of the approved report.
 - 2. The RE shall, in no case, issue the Notice of Completion until receiving a copy of the approved Final Monitoring Report from MMC which includes the Acceptance Verification from the curation institution.

VI. PUBLIC REVIEW DISTRIBUTION:

Draft copies or notice of this Mitigated Negative Declaration were distributed to:

City of San Diego Councilmember Campbell - District 2 Mayor's Office City Attorney's Office (MS 59) Development Services (501) Mark Brunette, EAS Karen Bucey, Project Management Library Dept. – Government Documents (81) San Diego Central Library (81A) Pt. Loma/Hervey Branch Library (81Z)

Tribal Cultural Resources

Clint Linton, lipay Nation of Santa Ysabel Lisa Cumper, Jamul Indian Village

Others

The Peninsula Beacon (389) Peninsula Community Planning Board (390) Joshua Volen, Owner Mark Silva, 505 Architecture, Applicant Grata Kindermann Ian Kindermann Carolina Finch Larry Katz Robert Antoniadis Larry Pappasarch Chuck Dahill

VII. RESULTS OF PUBLIC REVIEW:

- (X) No comments were received during the public input period.
- () Comments were received but did not address the accuracy or completeness of the draft environmental document. No response is necessary and the letters are incorporated herein.
- () Comments addressing the accuracy or completeness of the draft environmental document were received during the public input period. The letters and responses are incorporated herein.

Copies of the draft Mitigated Negative Declaration, the Mitigation, Monitoring and Reporting Program and any Initial Study material are available in the office of the Development Services Department for review, or for purchase at the cost of reproduction.

Mark Brunette, Senior Planner Development Services Department September 3, 2019 Date of Draft Report

September 24, 2019 Date of Final Report

Analyst: Mark Brunette

Attachments: Initial Study Checklist Figure 1 - Location Map Figure 2 – Site Plan Figure 3 – West and East Elevations Figure 4 – North and South Elevations Figure 5 – Site Sections

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INITIAL STUDY CHECKLIST

- 1. Project title/Project number: Volen House CDP / 594706
- 2. Lead agency name and address: City of San Diego, 1222 First Avenue, MS-501, San Diego, California 92101
- 3. Contact person and phone number: Mark Brunette / (619) 446-5379
- 4. Project location: The project is located on a 0.30-acre undeveloped site at 450 Tavara Place within the Peninsula Community Plan and City Council District 2. (See attached location map).
- 5. Project Applicant/Sponsor's name and address: Joshua Volen, 530 B Street, Suite 2050, San Diego, CA 92101.
- 6. General/Community Plan designation: General Plan: Residential. Community Plan: Single Family Residential.
- 7. Zoning: RS-1-4 (Residential-Single Unit) Base Zone, Coastal Overlay Zone (Non-Appealable), and Coastal Height Limitation Overlay Zone.
- 8. Description of project (Describe the whole action involved, including but not limited to, later phases of the project, and any secondary, support, or off-site features necessary for its implementation.):

A Coastal Development Permit (CDP) for a new 6,544 square-foot, three-story, single family dwelling with detached garage, pool, spa, landscaping, retaining walls and other site improvements at 450 Tavara Place. The first floor of the proposed single-family dwelling and the detached garage are partially subterranean.

9. Surrounding land uses and setting:

The project is located on a rectangular, 0.30 gross-acre site that is currently undeveloped. The project site is situated adjacent to and northwest of the northern terminus of Tavara Place. Grade elevations on the project site range from approximately 300 feet Above Mean Sea Level (AMSL) at the northwest corner of the lot to 248 feet AMSL at the southwest corner of the site.

The site is surrounded in all directions by existing one and two story single family homes within an established single family residential neighborhood, in the RS-1-4 (Residential-Single Unit) Base zone.

10. Other public agencies whose approval is required (e.g., permits, financing approval, or participation agreement):

N/A

11. Have California Native American tribes traditionally and culturally affiliated with the project area requested consultation pursuant to Public Resources Code section 21080.3.1? If so, has consultation begun?

In accordance with the requirements of Public Resources Code21080.3.1, the City of San Diego engaged in consultation with the lipay Nation of Santa Ysabel and the Jamul Indian Village, both traditionally and culturally affiliated with the project area. City of San Diego Development Services Department staff notified these two Native American communities of the proposed project by email on April 29, 2019. Both Native American communities requested Native American monitoring occur during the project's ground-disturbing activities and agreed that no further consultation was required and concluded the consultation process. The requested monitoring is described in Section V of this MND.

Note: Conducting consultation early in the CEQA process allows tribal governments, lead agencies, and project proponents to discuss the level of environmental review, identify and address potential adverse impacts to tribal cultural resources, and reduce the potential for delay and conflict in the environmental review process. (See Public Resources Code section 21083.3.2.) Information may also be available from the California Native American Heritage Commission's Sacred Lands File per Public Resources Code section 5097.96 and the California Historical Resources Information System administered by the California Office of Historic Preservation. Please also note that Public Resources Code section 21082.3(c) contains provisions specific to confidentiality.

ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:

The environmental factors checked below would be potentially affected by this project, involving at least one impact that is a "Potentially Significant Impact" as indicated by the checklist on the following pages.

Aesthetics	Greenhouse Gas Emissions		Paleontological Resources
Agriculture and Forestry Resources	Hazards & Hazardous Materials		Public Services
Air Quality	Hydrology/Water Quality		Recreation
Biological Resources	Land Use/Planning		Transportation/Traffic
Cultural Resources	Mineral Resources	\boxtimes	Tribal Cultural Resources
Geology/Soils	Noise		Utilities/Service System
			Mandatory Findings Significance

DETERMINATION: (To be completed by Lead Agency)

On the basis of this initial evaluation:

- The proposed project COULD NOT have a significant effect on the environment, and a NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared.
- Although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, there will not be a significant effect in this case because revisions in the project have been made by or agreed to by the project proponent. A MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared.
- The proposed project MAY have a significant effect on the environment, and an ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required.
- The proposed project MAY have a "potentially significant impact" or "potentially significant unless mitigated" impact on the environment, but at least one effect (a) has been adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and (b) has been addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis as described on attached sheets. An ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required.
- Although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, because all potentially significant effects (a) have been analyzed adequately in an earlier EIR or (MITIGATED) NEGATIVE DECLARATION pursuant to applicable standards, and (b) have been avoided or mitigated pursuant to that earlier EIR or (MITIGATED) NEGATIVE DECLARATION, including revisions or mitigation measures that are imposed upon the proposed project, nothing further is required.

EVALUATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS:

- 1) A brief explanation is required for all answers except "No Impact" answers that are adequately supported by the information sources a lead agency cites in the parentheses following each question. A "No Impact" answer is adequately supported if the referenced information sources show that the impact simply does not apply to projects like the one involved (e.g., the project falls outside a fault rupture zone). A "No Impact answer should be explained where it is based on project specific factors as well as general standards (e.g., the project will not expose sensitive receptors to pollutants, based on a project-specific screening analysis.)
- 2) All answers must take account of the whole action involved, including off-site as well as on-site, cumulative as well as project-level, indirect as well as direct, and construction as well as operational impacts.
- Once the lead agency has determined that a particular physical impact may occur, then the checklist answers must indicate whether the impact is potentially significant, less than significant with mitigation, or less than significant.
 "Potentially Significant Impact" is appropriate if there is substantial evidence that an effect may be significant. If there are one or more "Potentially Significant Impact" entries when the determination is made, an EIR is required.
- 4) "Negative Declaration: Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated" applies where the incorporation of mitigation measures has reduced an effect from "Potentially Significant Impact" to a "Less Than Significant Impact." The lead agency must describe the mitigation measures, and briefly explain how they reduce the effect to a less than significant level (mitigation measures from "Earlier Analyses", as described in (5) below, may be cross-referenced).
- 5) Earlier analyses may be used where, pursuant to the tiering, program EIR, or other CEQA process, an effect has been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or (mitigated) negative declaration. *Section* 15063(c)(3)(D). In this case, a brief discussion should identify the following:
 - a. Earlier Analysis Used. Identify and state where they are available for review.
 - b. Impacts Adequately Addressed. Identify which effects from the above checklist were within the scope of and adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and state whether such effects were addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis.
 - c. Mitigation Measures. For effects that are "Less Than Significant With Mitigation Measures Incorporated", describe the mitigation measures that were incorporated or refined from the earlier document and the extent to which they address site-specific conditions for the project.
- 6) Lead agencies are encouraged to incorporate into the checklist references to information sources for potential impacts (e.g., general plans, zoning ordinances). Reference to a previously prepared or outside document should, where appropriate, include a reference to the page or pages where the statement is substantiated.
- 7) Supporting Information Sources: A source list should be attached, and other sources used or individuals contacted should be cited in the discussion.
- 8) This is only a suggested form, and lead agencies are free to use different formats; however, lead agencies should normally address the questions from this checklist that are relevant to a project's environmental effects in whatever format is selected.
- 9) The explanation of each issue should identify:
 - a. The significance criteria or threshold, if any, used to evaluate each question; and
 - b. The mitigation measure identified, if any, to reduce the impact to less than significant.

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact			
I. AESTHETICS – Would the project:							
 a) Have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista? 				\boxtimes			

The project site is not located within, or adjacent to a public view, scenic vista, or coastal vista that is designated in Figure 27 or 27a (Coastal Views) of the Peninsula Community Plan. Therefore, the project will not impact scenic vistas.

b) Substantially damage scenic resources, including but not limited to, trees, rock outcroppings, and historic buildings within a state scenic highway?

The project is not located within or adjacent to a state scenic highway and, therefore, would not substantially damage such scenic resources. Therefore, no impacts would result.

c) Substantially degrade the existing visual character or quality of the site and its surroundings?

Neighborhood Character/Architecture

The project will not degrade the existing visual character or quality of the site and its surroundings because the project proposes to construct a new, partially subterranean, 6,544 square-foot, threestory, single family dwelling with detached garage, pool, spa, landscaping, retaining walls and other site improvements which is permitted by the underlying zone and community plan with a Site Development Permit and Coastal Development Permit. The proposed project does not exceed allowable height and bulk regulations because the project conforms to the floor area ratio, lot coverage, setback, and building height development regulations of the underlying RS-1-4 zone, the Steep Hillsides Regulations (none are present on the project site), and the 30-foot height limit of the Coastal Overlay Zone. The proposed project is similar in bulk and scale to the existing one and two-story residential structures adjacent to the project site which are also located in the RS-1-4 Residential-Single Unit zone.

Furthermore, the project site is not in a highly visible location such as a hilltop or cliff edge so the proposed project would not substantially contrast from surrounding development or natural topography.

Landform Alteration

The proposed project proposes approximately 1370 cubic yards of grading, including 1,200 cubic yards of excavation and 170 cubic yards of fill. However, this grading quantity is less than the City's 2,000 cubic yard grading significance threshold for landform alteration. Furthermore, the project grading plans clearly demonstrate that the proposed excavation is necessary to permit installation or an alternative design feature such as step-down and detached buildings consistent with the City's CEQA Significance Determination Thresholds for Visual Effects and Neighborhood Character. The project is designed to step down from west to east to correspond to the downward slope of the project site toward from west to east.

Potentially Issue Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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Development Features

One proposed 10-foot long retaining wall would be visible from Tavara Place, which is less than 50foot retaining wall length threshold that could be considered significant in the City of San Diego CEQA Significance Determination Thresholds for Visual Effects and Neighborhood Character.

Based on the previous discussion, project impacts would be less than significant.

d)	Create a new source of substantial light		
	or glare that would adversely affect day		\boxtimes
	or nighttime views in the area?		

Refer to I(c) above. The project proposes to construct a new partially subterranean, 6,544 squarefoot, three-story, single family dwelling with detached garage, pool, spa, landscaping, retaining walls and other site improvements which would not create a new source of substantial light or glare that would adversely affect day or nighttime views. In addition, the project, including all proposed exterior lighting, would be subject to the City's Outdoor Lighting Regulations per Municipal Code Section 142.0740. Therefore, no impacts would result.

II. AGRICULTURAL AND FOREST RESOURCES: In determining whether impacts to agricultural resources are significant environmental effects, lead agencies may refer to the California Agricultural Land Evaluation and Site Assessment Model (1997) prepared by the California Department of Conservation as an optional model to use in assessing impacts on agriculture and farmland. In determining whether impacts to forest resources, including timberland, are significant environmental effects, lead agencies may refer to information compiled by the California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection regarding the state's inventory of forest land, including the Forest and Range Assessment Project and the Forest Legacy Assessment project; and forest carbon measurement methodology provided in Forest Protocols adopted by the California Air Resources Board. – Would the project:

a)	Converts Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance (Farmland), as shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources		
	Agency, to non-agricultural use?		

The project site does not contain, and is not adjacent to, any lands identified as Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance (Farmland), as show on maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resource Agency. Therefore, the project would not result in the conversion of such lands to non-agricultural use. Therefore, no impacts would result.

b)	Conflict with existing zoning for		
	agricultural use, or a Williamson Act		\boxtimes
	Contract?		

Refer to response II (a), above. There are no Williamson Act Contract lands on or within the vicinity of the project. The project is consistent with the existing land use and the underlying zone. The project would not conflict with any properties zoned for agricultural use or be affected by a Williamson Act Contract. Therefore, no impacts would result.

Issue		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
cause r definec section by Publ 4526), c Produc	with existing zoning for, or ezoning of, forest land (as l in Public Resources Code 1220(g)), timberland (as defined ic Resources Code section or timberland zoned Timberland tion (as defined by Government ection 51104(g))?				

The project would not conflict with existing zoning for, or cause rezoning of, forest land, timberland, or timberland zoned Timberland Production. No designated forest land or timberland occur onsite as the project is consistent with the community plan, and the underlying zone. No impacts would result.

d)	Result in the loss of forest land or conversion of forest land to non-forest use?				\boxtimes		
Refer to	Refer to response II (c) above. No impacts would result.						
e)	Involve other changes in the existing environment, which, due to their location or nature, could result in conversion of Farmland to non- agricultural use or conversion of forest land to non-forest use?				\boxtimes		

Refer to response II (a) and II (c), above. The project and surrounding areas do not contain any farmland or forest land. No changes to any such lands would result from project implementation. Therefore, no impact would result.

III. AIR QUALITY – Where available, the significance criteria established by the applicable air quality management or air pollution control district may be relied on to make the following determinations – Would the project:

a)	Conflict with or obstruct		
	implementation of the applicable air		\boxtimes
	quality plan?		

The San Diego Air Pollution Control District (SDAPCD) and San Diego Association of Governments (SANDAG) are responsible for developing and implementing the clean air plan for attainment and maintenance of the ambient air quality standards in the San Diego Air Basin (SDAB). The County Regional Air Quality Strategy (RAQS) was initially adopted in 1991 and is updated on a triennial basis (most recently in 2009). The RAQS outlines the SDAPCD's plans and control measures designed to attain the state air quality standards for ozone (O3). The RAQS relies on information from the California Air Resources Board (CARB) and SANDAG, including mobile and area source emissions, as well as information regarding projected growth in San Diego County and the cities in the county, to project future emissions and then determine the strategies necessary for the reduction of emissions through regulatory controls. CARB mobile source emission projections and SANDAG growth projections are based on population, vehicle trends, and land use plans developed by San Diego County and the cities in the county as part of the development of their general plans.

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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The RAQS relies on SANDAG growth projections based on population, vehicle trends, and land use plans developed by the cities and by the county as part of the development of their general plans. As such, projects that propose development that is consistent with the growth anticipated by local plans would be consistent with the RAQS. However, if a project proposes development that is greater than that anticipated in the local plan and SANDAG's growth projections, the project might be in conflict with the RAQS and may contribute to a potentially significant cumulative impact on air quality.

The project would construct a new 6,544 square-foot, three-story, single family dwelling with detached garage, pool, spa, landscaping, retaining walls and other site improvements. The project is consistent with the General Plan, the zoning designation, and the community plan. Therefore, the project would be consistent at a sub-regional level with the underlying growth forecasts in the RAQS and would not obstruct implementation of the RAQS. As such, no impacts would result.

b)	Violate any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing		\boxtimes	
	or projected air quality violation?			

Short-Term (Construction) Emissions. Construction-related activities are temporary, short-term sources of air emissions. Sources of construction-related air emissions include fugitive dust from grading activities; construction equipment exhaust; construction-related trips by workers, delivery trucks, and material-hauling trucks; and construction-related power consumption.

Variables that factor into the total construction emissions potentially generated include the level of activity, length of construction period, number of pieces and types of equipment in use, site characteristics, weather conditions, number of construction personnel, and the amount of materials to be transported on or offsite.

Fugitive dust emissions are generally associated with land-clearing and grading operations. Construction operations would include standard measures as required by City of San Diego grading permit to limit potential air quality impacts. Therefore, impacts associated with fugitive dust are considered less than significant and would not violate an air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation. No mitigation measures are required.

Long-Term (Operational) Emissions. Long-term air emission impacts are those associated with stationary sources and mobile sources related to any change caused by a project. The project would produce minimal stationary sources emissions. The project is compatible with the surrounding development and is permitted by the community plan and zone designation. Based on the scope of constructing a new three-story single- family dwelling, detached garage, and pool, project emissions over the long-term are not anticipated to violate any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation. Impacts would be less than significant, and no mitigation measures are required.

C)	Result in a cumulatively considerable			
	net increase of any criteria pollutant for		\boxtimes	
	which the project region is non-			
	attainment under an applicable federal			

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Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
or state ambient air quality standard (including releasing emissions which exceed quantitative thresholds for ozone precursors)?				

As described above, construction operations could temporarily increase the emissions of dust and other pollutants. However, construction emissions would be temporary and short-term in duration; implementation of Best Management Practices (BMPs) would reduce potential impacts related to construction activities to a less than significant level. Therefore, the project would not result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is a non-attainment under applicable federal or state ambient air quality standards. Impacts would be less than significant.

d)	Create objectionable odors affecting a substantial number of people?			\boxtimes	
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Short-term (Construction)

Odors would be generated from vehicles and/or equipment exhaust emissions during construction of the project. Odors produced during construction would be attributable to concentrations of unburned hydrocarbons from tailpipes of construction equipment and architectural coatings. Such odors are temporary and generally occur at magnitudes that would not affect a substantial number of people. Therefore, impacts would be less than significant.

Long-term (Operational)

The long-term operation of a new single-family dwelling is not expected create objectionable odors affecting a substantial number of people. There would be no impact.

IV. BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES – Would the project:



The Biological Letter Survey Report (BLR) for the project site dated June 11, 2018 by Klutz Biological Consulting concluded that Disturbed Habitat and Urban/Developed Lands (both are Tier IV vegetation communities). Tier IV vegetation communities are not considered to be sensitive in the City of San Diego Biology Guidelines and do not require mitigation. The BLR also concludes that none of the sensitive species that have been recorded in the general vicinity of the project site have the potential to occur within the project site study area. The BLR states that no threatened or endangered wildlife species exist on the property and no sensitive plant species were observed at the project site. Finally, the BLR concludes that jurisdictional wetlands or water do not occur within the project site contain existing single-family development and ornamental vegetation.

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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Based upon the results and conclusions of the BLR, the project would not have substantial adverse effects on any candidate, sensitive or special status species identified by any local plans such as the City of San Diego MSCP Subarea Plan, or by the California Department of Fish and Wildlife or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service.

b)	Have a substantial adverse effect on any riparian habitat or other community identified in local or regional plans, policies, and regulations or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife		
	Service?		

Refer to IV (a) above. The project site does not contain any riparian habitat or other community identified in the City's MSCP Subarea Plan, as the site currently supports urban/disturbed land and disturbed habitat. The project site is not located within or adjacent to the Multi-Habitat Planning Area (MHPA) of the City's MSCP Subarea Plan. No impacts would occur.

c)	Have a substantial adverse effect on federally protected wetlands as defined by section 404 of the Clean Water Act (including but not limited to marsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc.) through direct removal, filling, hydrological		
	interruption, or other means?		

Refer to IV (a)(b) above. There are no wetlands or waters of the State or United States on or near the site. No impacts would occur.

d)	Interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or with established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors, or impede		
	the use of native wildlife nursery sites?		

Refer to IV (a)(b) above. In addition, the proposed project would occur on an undeveloped property that is zoned for single family development within a developed single family residential community. As such, there are no established migratory wildlife corridors or native wildlife nurseries on or near the project site. Therefore, the proposed project would not impede the movement of any wildlife or the use of any wildlife nursery sites and impacts there would be no impact.

e)	Conflict with any local policies or		
	ordinances protecting biological		
	resources, such as a tree preservation		
	policy or ordinance?		

Refer to IV (a) above. The project site is designated for single-family residential development by the Peninsula Community Plan and underlying RS-1-4 zone. In addition, the project is proposed on a property which does not contain sensitive biological resources or sensitive or protected trees. As such, there would be no impacts.

Is	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
f)	Conflict with the provisions of an adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Community Conservation Plan, or other approved local, regional, or state habitat conservation plan?			\boxtimes	

Refer top IV (a) above. The project would not conflict with any local conservation plans. Impacts would be less than significant.

V. CULTURAL RESOURCES – Would the project:

a)	Cause a substantial adverse change in			
	the significance of an historical		\boxtimes	
	resource as defined in §15064.5?			

The purpose and intent of the Historical Resources Regulations of the Land Development Code (Chapter 14, Division 3, and Article 2) is to protect, preserve and, where damaged, restore the historical resources of San Diego. The regulations apply to all proposed development within the City of San Diego when historical resources are present on the premises. Before approving discretionary projects, CEQA requires the Lead Agency to identify and examine the significant adverse environmental effects which may result from that project. A project that may cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource may have a significant effect on the environment (sections 15064.5(b) and 21084.1). A substantial adverse change is defined as demolition, destruction, relocation, or alteration activities, which would impair historical significance (sections 15064.5(b)(1)). Any historical resource listed in, or eligible to be listed in the California Register of Historical Resources, including archaeological resources, is considered to be historically or culturally significant.

Archaeological Resources

Many areas of San Diego County, including mesas and the coast, are known for intense and diverse prehistoric occupation and important archaeological and historical resources. The region has been inhabited by various cultural groups spanning 10,000 years or more.

The Phase I Cultural Resource Survey (CRS) for the Volen House Project, dated June 21, 2018 by Brian F. Smith and Associates, Inc. was prepared for the proposed project, which includes field reconnaissance of the site and a CHRIS records search for the subject property and the immediate area. The CRS determined that since no cultural resources were identified on the project site, the site has been extensively disturbed, and the steep topography of the parcel make it unlikely that any subsurface archaeological sites existing within the Area of Potential Effect. Based on this determination, the CRS did not recommend archaeological or Native American monitoring for the proposed project. A qualified City of San Diego Development Services Department archaeologist reviewed the CRS and concurred with its conclusions and recommendations. As such, cultural monitoring is not necessary for the project and the proposed project would have a less than significant impact on archaeological resources.

Built Environment

The City of San Diego criteria for determination of historic significance, pursuant to CEQA, is evaluated based upon age (over 45 years), location, context, association with an important event, uniqueness, or structural integrity of the building. Projects requiring the demolition and/or modification of structures that are 45 years or older have the potential to result in impacts to a historical resource. Since the proposed project would not demolish any structures it would have no impact on built-environment historical resources.

ls:	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact				
b)	Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an archaeological resource pursuant to §15064.5?								
Refer to	Refer to V (a) above.								
c)	Directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleontological resource or site or unique geologic feature?			\boxtimes					

The project site is underlain by the Cabrillo and Linda Vista geological deposit/formation/rock units as indicated by City of the City of San Diego Development Service Department geological maps. The City of San Diego CEQA Significance Determination Thresholds for Paleontological Resources indicate that these geologic formations have a moderate potential for the discovery of paleontological resources.

City Grading Regulations state that when a project will involve more than 2,000 cubic yards of excavation and excavation exceeding 10 feet in depth below existing grade on a site that is underlain by a moderate sensitivity geologic formation, there may be potentially significant impacts to paleontological resources and paleontological monitoring is required during the project's ground disturbing activities.

According to the project's grading plans, 1,200 cubic yards of excavation would be required for the proposed project, which does not exceed the City's 2,000 cubic yard excavation quantity significance threshold for impacts to paleontological resources. Therefore, the proposed project would have a less than significant impact on paleontological resources and paleontological monitoring will not be required during the project's ground disturbing activities.

d)	Disturb and human remains, including			
	those interred outside of dedicated		\boxtimes	
	cemeteries?			

Refer to V (a) above. In addition, there is no evidence to show that human remains are located at or surrounding the project site since a cemetery has not been located at or near the project site previously.

VI. GEOLOGY AND SOILS – Would the project:

- a) Expose people or structures to potential substantial adverse effects, including the risk of loss, injury, or death involving:
 - i) Rupture of a known earthquake fault, as delineated on the most recent Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Map issued by the State Geologist for the area or
 based on other substantial evidence of a known fault? Refer to Division of Mines and Geology Special Publication 42.

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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The Report of Preliminary Geotechnical Investigation (GI) for the Proposed Volen Residence, dated November 2, 2017 by Christian Wheeler Engineering, and the Addendum Geotechnical Report and Response to Cycle 11 LDR-Geology Review Comments, Proposed Single-Family Residence, 450 Tavara Place, dated May 28, 2019 by Christian Wheeler Engineering (collectively abbreviated as GI). indicates that the majority of the project site is located within the Geologic Hazard Category 53, level or sloping terrain with unfavorable geologic structure – low to moderate geologic risk. The northwest corner of the site is located within Geologic Hazard Category 51, level mesa area underlain by bedrock or terrace deposits – low geologic risk.

The GI concludes that there are no know active faults tat traverse the subject site, and, therefore, the risk for surface rupture at the subject site is considered low. The GI states that the subject site is located in an area where the risks due to significant geologic hazards are relatively low and that no geologic hazards of sufficient magnitude to preclude the construction of the subject project are known to exist. The preparers of the GI state that, in their professional opinion and to the best of their knowledge, the site is suitable for the proposed improvements, provided the recommendations of the GI are implemented for the proposed project.

The City of San Diego will require that these recommendations be implemented for project construction through the building and grading permit plan check and inspection process. A qualified City of San Diego Development Services Department geologist has reviewed the GI and accepted it as complete for the purpose of CEQA compliance review. In addition, the project would utilize proper engineering design and standard construction practices in order to ensure that potential impacts in this category based on regional geologic hazards would remain less than significant. Therefore, risks from rupture of a known earthquake fault would be below a level of significance.

ii)	Strong seismic ground shaking?			\boxtimes	
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Refer to VI (a)(i) above. The project would also be required to utilize proper engineering design and standard construction practices to ensure that the potential for impacts from ground shaking would be below a level of significance.

iii)	Seismic-related ground failure,		\square	
	including liquefaction?			

Refer to VI (a)(i) above. The GI concludes that the earth materials underlying the site are not considered subject to liquefaction due to such factors as soils density, grain-size distribution, and the absence of shallow groundwater conditions. Therefore, Impacts would be less than significant.



Refer to VI (a)(i) above. In addition, the GI includes a Gross Stability Analyses and Surficial Stability Analyses of the slopes on the project site. The GI states that based on the findings of the stability analyses and the proposed construction, the GI consultant's opinion is that the likelihood of slope stability problems at the project site is low. Therefore, Impacts would be less than significant.

Issi	ue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
b)	Result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil?			\boxtimes	

Demolition and construction activities would temporarily expose soils to increased erosion potential. The project would be required to comply with the City's Storm Water Standards which requires the implementation of appropriate BMPs. Grading activities within the site would be required to comply with the City of San Diego Grading Ordinance as well as the Storm Water Standards, which would ensure soil erosion and topsoil loss is minimized to less than significant levels. Furthermore, permanent storm water BMPs would also be required post-construction consistent with the City's regulations. Therefore, the project would not result in substantial soils erosion or loss of topsoil, therefore impacts would be less than significant.



As discussed in Section VI(a) and VI(b), the project site is not likely to be subject to landslides, the potential for liquefaction is low, and there is no known active fault traversing the project site. Furthermore, the project design would be required to comply with the requirements of the California Building Code and the City's grading regulations, ensuring hazards associated with expansive soils would be reduced to an acceptable level of risk. As such, impacts due to expansive soils are expected to be less than significant.

d)	Be located on expansive soil, as defined in Table 18-1-B of the Uniform Building Code (1994), creating substantial risks to life or property?		
Refer to	VI (a) above.		
e)	Have soils incapable of adequately supporting the use of septic tanks or alternative waste water disposal systems where sewers are not available for the disposal of waste water?		\boxtimes

The project site is located within an area that is already developed with existing infrastructure (i.e., water and sewer lines) and does not propose any septic system. In addition, the project does not require the construction of any new facilities as it relates to wastewater, as services are available to serve the project. No impact would occur.

 VII. GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS – Would the project:

 a) Generate greenhouse gas emissions,

 either directly or indirectly, that may

 have a significant impact on the

 environment?

Less Than Potentially Significant with Less Than Significant Mitigation Significant No Impact Impact Incorporated

Climate Action Plan

The City adopted the Climate Action Plan (CAP) in December 2015 (City of San Diego 2015). With implementation of the CAP, the City aims to reduce emissions 15% below the baseline to approximately 11.1 million metric tons of carbon dioxide equivalent (MMT CO2E) by 2020, 40% below the baseline to approximately 7.8 MMT CO2E by 2030, and 50% below the baseline to approximately 6.5 MMT CO2E by 2035. The City has identified the following five CAP strategies to reduce GHG emissions to achieve the 2020 and 2035 targets: (1) energy- and water-efficient buildings; (2) clean and renewable energy; (3) bicycling, walking, transit, and land use; (4) zero waste (gas and waste management); and (5) climate resiliency. The City's CAP Consistency Checklist, adopted July 12, 2016, is the primary document used by the City to ensure project-by-project consistency with the underlying assumptions in the CAP and thereby to ensure that the City would achieve the emission reduction targets identified in its CAP.

CAP Consistency Checklist

The CAP Consistency Checklist is the City's significance threshold utilized to ensure project-byproject consistency with the underlying assumptions in the CAP and to ensure that the City would achieve its emission reduction targets identified in the CAP. The CAP Consistency Checklist includes a three-step process to determine project if the project would result in a GHG impact. Step 1 consists of an evaluation to determine the project's consistency with existing General Plan, Community Plan, and zoning designations for the site. Step 2 consists of an evaluation of the project's design features compliance with the CAP strategies. Step 3 is only applicable if a project is not consistent with the land use and/or zone, but is also in a transit priority area to allow for more intensive development than assumed in the CAP.

Under Step 1 of the CAP Checklist the proposed project is consistent with the existing General Plan and Community Plan land use designations, and zoning designations for the project site because these designations allow for single-family residential development with a Site Development Permit and Coastal Development Permit. Therefore, the proposed project is consistent with the growth projections and land use assumptions used in the CAP.

Furthermore, completion of Step 2 of the CAP Checklist for the project demonstrates that the project is consistent with applicable strategies and actions for reducing GHG emissions. This includes project features consistent with cool/green roofs, and energy and water efficient buildings strategies. These project features would be assured as a condition of project approval. Thus, the project is consistent with the CAP. Step 3 of the CAP Consistency Checklist would not be applicable, as the project is not proposing a land use amendment or a rezone.

Therefore, the project has been determined to be consistent with the City of San Diego Climate Action Plan, would result in a less than significant impact on the environment with respect to Greenhouse Gas Emissions, and further GHG emissions analysis and mitigation would not be required.

b)	Conflict with an applicable plan, policy,		\square	
	or regulation adopted for the purpose			

lss	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact	
	of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gases?					
Refer to	Section VII (a) above.					
VIII. HAZ	ARDS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS – Would	d the project:				
a)	Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous			\boxtimes		

Construction of the project may require the use of hazardous materials (fuels, lubricants, solvents, etc.), which would require proper storage, handling, use and disposal. Although minimal amounts of such substances may be present during construction of the project, they are not anticipated to create a significant public hazard. Once constructed, due to the nature of the project, the routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials on or through the subject site is not anticipated. Any unanticipated transport, use or disposal of hazardous materials would be required to comply with all applicable laws and regulations. Therefore, impacts would be less than significant.

materials?

b)	Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the		
	environment?		

As noted in previous response VIII (a), no health risks related to the storage, transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials would result from the implementation of the project. The project would not be associated with such impacts. Therefore, impact would be less than significant.

C)	Emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste within one-quarter mile of an existing or proposed school?		
	proposed school?		

There are no schools that are located within one-quarter mile of the project site. In addition, the project would not emit or handle hazardous materials, substances, or waste. No impacts would occur.

d)	Be located on a site which is included on a list of hazardous materials sites		
	compiled pursuant to Government Code section 65962.5 and, as a result, would it create a significant hazard to		\boxtimes
	the public or the environment?		

A search of potential hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5 was completed for the project site. Several databases and resources were consulted including the Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC) EnviroStor database, the California State Water Resources Control Board GeoTracker database, and other sources of potential

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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hazardous materials sites available on the California EPA website. Based on the searches conducted, there are no active or closed hazardous materials sites on or in the vicinity of the project site. Therefore, the project would not create a significant hazard to the public or the environment. No impacts would result.

e)	For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two mile of a public airport or public use airport, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working		
	in the project area?		

The project site is located in the airport Influence Area (AIA) Review Area 2 for the San Diego International Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan. The proposed project was reviewed by qualified City Planning Department staff who determined that the project does not require a consistency determination from the San Diego Regional Airport Authority because it is located in AIA Review Area 2, provided that an No Hazard determination letter is issued by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) for the proposed project. The applicant provided the required FAA No Hazard Determination letter for the project. Qualified staff also determined that the project is not subject to any ALUCP noise policies and is not located within an airport Safety Zone. Therefore, the project would not result in a safety impact, project impacts would be less than significant, and no mitigation measures are required.

f) For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?

Refer to response VIII(e) above. The project site is not in proximity to any private airstrip. Therefore, no significant impacts will occur, and no mitigation measures are required.

g)	Impair implementation of or physically		
	interfere with an adopted emergency		
	response plan or emergency		
	evacuation plan?		

Construction of the proposed project may temporarily affect traffic circulation within the project Area of Potential Effect (APE) and its adjoining roads. However, an approved Traffic Control Plan would be implemented during construction which would allow emergency plans to be employed. Therefore, the project would not physically interfere with and adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan.

h)	Expose people or structures to a			
	significant risk of loss, injury or death			
	involving wildland fires, including where wildlands are adjacent to		\boxtimes	
	urbanized areas or where residences			
	are intermixed with wildlands?			

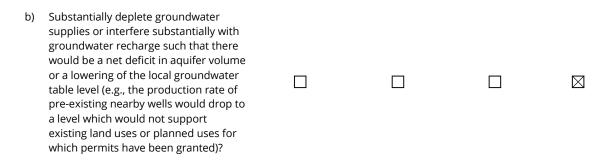
Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	Significant with Mitigation	Significant with Less Than Significant Significant Mitigation Impact

There are no wildlands adjacent to the project site as it is located in a developed single-family residential neighborhood. Therefore, the project would not expose people or structures to wildland fires and no mitigation is required.

IX. HYDROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY - Would the project:

a) Violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements?

The project would comply with the City's Storm Water Regulations during and after construction, and appropriate BMP's would be utilized. Implementation of project specific BMP's would preclude violations of any existing water quality standards or discharge requirements. Impacts would be less than significant.



Refer to IX (a) above. The project does not require the construction of wells or the use of groundwater. Furthermore, the project would not introduce significant new impervious surfaces that could interfere with groundwater recharge. Therefore, the project would not substantially deplete groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge. No impact would result.

c) Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, in a manner, which would result in substantial erosion or siltation on- or off-site?

The project would not substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or the area. There are no streams or rivers located on-site and thus, no such resources would be impacted through the proposed grading activities. Although grading would be required for the project, the project would implement BMPs to ensure that substantial erosion or siltation on or off-site would not occur. Impacts would be less than significant, and no mitigation measures are required.



Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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Refer to IX (a). The project has been reviewed by qualified City Engineering staff and they have determined that the project would not substantially alter the overall existing drainage pattern of the site or substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner that would result in flooding on- or off-site. Impacts would be less than significant.

e)	Create or contribute runoff water, which would exceed the capacity of existing or planned stormwater drainage systems or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff?			
Refer to	IX (a)(c)(d) above.			
f)	Otherwise substantially degrade water quality?		\boxtimes	

Refer to IX (a) above. The project would be required to comply with all local and regional storm water quality standards during and after construction using approved BMPs, which would ensure that water quality is not degraded.

g)	Place housing within a 100-year flood		
	hazard area as mapped on a federal		
	Flood Hazard Boundary or Flood		\boxtimes
	Insurance Rate Map or other flood		
	hazard delineation map?		

The project site is not located within a 100-year flood hazard area or any other known flood area. Therefore, no impacts would occur.

Refer to IX(g), above. The project site is not located within a 100-year flood hazard area.

X. LAND USE AND PLANNING – Would the project:

a)	Physically divide an established		
	community?		

The project would construct a new single-family dwelling, detached garage, pool and spa on an undeveloped lot that is surrounded by existing single-family development in the RS-1-4 (Residential-Single Unit) zone. The project is consistent with the General Plan's and Community Plan's land use designations, and is consistent with the zoning designation with the issuance of a Site Development Permit and Coastal Development Permit. The project would not substantially change the nature of the surrounding area and would not introduce any barriers or project features that could physically divide the community. Thus, the project would result in no impact related to physically dividing an established community.

Is	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
b)	Conflict with any applicable land use plan, policy, or regulation of an agency with jurisdiction over the project (including but not limited to the general plan, specific plan, local coastal program, or zoning ordinance) adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect?				

See response X(a) above. The project is compatible with existing one and two-story single-family dwellings and is consistent with the existing underlying RS-1-4 and CPIOZ-B zone with a Site Development Permit and Coastal Development Permit. Furthermore, the project would not conflict with any applicable land use plan, policy, or regulation of an agency with jurisdiction over the project (including but not limited to the general plan, community plan, or zoning ordinance) adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect. No conflict would occur and thus, no impacts would result.

c)	Conflict with any applicable habitat			
	conservation plan or natural		\boxtimes	
	community conservation plan?			

Refer to IV above. The project is located within a developed single-family residential area that is zoned for single-family residential development. In addition, the project would not conflict with any applicable habitat conservation plan or natural community conservation plan, or with the City's Multiple Species Conservation Program (MSCP) Subarea Plan, in that the site is not within or adjacent to the Multi-Habitat Planning Area (MHPA). Therefore, impacts would be less than significant and no mitigation measures are required.

XI. MINERAL RESOURCES – Would the project:

a)	Result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region and the residents		\boxtimes
	of the state?		

The areas around the proposed project alignment are not being used for the recovery of mineral resources and are not designated by the General Plan or other local, state or federal land use plan for mineral resources recovery; therefore, the project would not result in the loss of mineral resources.

b)	Result in the loss of availability of a locally important mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan or other land		\boxtimes
	use plan?		

Refer to X (e), above. The project site has not been delineated on a local general, specific or other land use plan as a locally important mineral resource recovery site, and no such resources would be affected with project implementation. Therefore, no impacts were identified.

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
XII. NOISE – Would the project result in:				
 Generation of, noise levels in excess of standards established in the local general plan or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies? 			\boxtimes	

Short Term (Construction)

Noise impacts would be associated with onsite grading, and construction activities of the project. Construction-related short-term noise levels would be higher than existing ambient noise levels in the project area but would no longer occur once construction is completed. Sensitive receptors (e.g. residential uses) occur in the immediate area and may be temporarily affected by construction noise; however, construction activities would be required to comply with the construction hours specified in the City's Municipal Code (Section 59.5.0404, Construction Noise) which are intended to reduce potential adverse effects resulting from construction noise. With compliance to the City's noise ordinance, project construction noise levels would be reduced to less than significant, and no mitigation measures are required.

Long Term (Operational)

Single-family development does not typically generate high operational noise levels. As such, the project would not result in noise levels in excess of standards established in the City of San Diego General Plan or Noise Ordinance. No significant long-term impacts would occur, and no mitigation measures are required.

b) Generation of, excessive ground borne vibration or ground borne noise levels?

Pile driving activities that would potentially result in ground borne vibration or ground borne noise are not anticipated with construction of the project. As described in Response to XII (a) above, potential effects from construction noise would be reduced through compliance with the City's Noise Ordinance. No impacts would result.



Refer to XII. a. above. The proposed construction of one new single-family dwelling would not significantly increase the noise levels that currently exist in the surrounding single-family residential community. The project would not introduce a new land use, or significantly increase the intensity of the allowed land use. Therefore, no substantial permanent increase in ambient noise levels is anticipated. A less than significant impact would occur.

d)	A substantial temporary or periodic							
	increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above existing without			\boxtimes				
	1, 3, 3, 0,							
	the project?							

The project would not expose people to a substantial increase in temporary or periodic ambient noise levels. Construction noise would result during construction activities but would be temporary

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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in nature. Construction-related noise impacts from the project would generally be higher than existing ambient noise levels in the project area but would no longer occur once construction is completed. In addition, the project would be required to comply with the San Diego Municipal Code, Article 9.5, Noise Abatement and Control. Implementation of these standard measures would reduce potential impacts from an increase in ambient noise level during construction to a less than significant level, and no mitigation measures are required.

e)	For a project located within an airport land use plan, or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport would the project expose people residing or working in the area to		
	excessive noise levels?		

Refer to VIII(e) and X(b). The project site is not located in an area that is subject to the SDIA Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan noise policies. Therefore, impacts would be less than significant and no mitigation is required.

f)	For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?		
Refer to	XII(e), above.		
XIII. POPU	JLATION AND HOUSING – Would the project:		
a)	Induce substantial population growth in an area, either directly (for example, by proposing new homes and businesses) or indirectly (for example, through extension of roads or other infrastructure)?		\boxtimes

The project site is an undeveloped site that is zoned for single-family residential development and is surrounded by existing single-family residential development. The project site currently receives water and sewer service from the City, and no extension of infrastructure to new areas is required. As such, the project would not substantially increase housing or population growth in the area. No roadway extensions are required as a result of the project. No impacts would occur.

b)	Displace substantial numbers of		
	existing housing, necessitating the		\boxtimes
	construction of replacement housing		
	elsewhere?		

Such displacement would not result, in that the project would not remove any existing housing. No impacts would occur.

Iss	ue		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact		
C)	peo	place substantial numbers of ple, necessitating the construction eplacement housing elsewhere?				\boxtimes		
Refer to	res	oonse XIII(b) above. No impacts	would resul	t.				
XIV. PUB	IV. PUBLIC SERVICES							
a)	phy con	uld the project result in substantial adve sically altered governmental facilities, ne struction of which could cause significan ons, response times or other performan	eed for new or p at environmenta	physically altered gover al impacts, in order to n	nmental facilities naintain acceptat	, the		
	i)	Fire protection				\boxtimes		
		would not result in adverse physes services. No impacts would occ	•		-	-		
	ii)	Police protection				\boxtimes		
	tior	would not affect existing levels on or expansion of a police facility d.	• •			•		
	iii)	Schools				\boxtimes		
or expar	nsio	would not affect existing levels on of a school facility. As such, no neasures are required.	•		•			
	iv)	Parks				\boxtimes		
		would not affect existing levels c n of a park facility. No impacts w	•	vices and would nc	ot require the	construction		
	v)	Other public facilities				\boxtimes		
		would not affect existing levels c facilities would be required.	of public serv	vices; therefore, nc	new or altere	ed		
XV. RECR	EATI	ON						
a)	exis par suc det	uld the project increase the use of ting neighborhood and regional ks or other recreational facilities h that substantial physical erioration of the facility would occur be accelerated?						

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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The project would not adversely affect the availability of and/or need for new or expanded recreational resources. The project would not adversely affect existing levels of public services and would not require the construction or expansion of an existing governmental facility. The project would not significantly increase the use of existing neighborhood or regional parks or other recreational facilities. Therefore, the project is not anticipated to result in the use of available parks or facilities such that substantial deterioration occurs, or that would require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities to satisfy demand. As such, no significant impacts related to recreational facilities have been identified, and no mitigation measures are required.

b)	Does the project include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities, which might have an adverse physical		\boxtimes
	effect on the environment?		

Refer to XV (a) above. The project does not propose recreation facilities nor require the construction or expansion of any such facilities.

XVI. TRANSPORTATION/TRAFFIC – Would the project?

a) Conflict with an applicable plan, ordinance or policy establishing measures of effectiveness for the performance of the circulation system, taking into account all modes of transportation including mass transit \boxtimes and non-motorized travel and relevant components of the circulation system, including but not limited to intersections, streets, highways and freeways, pedestrian and bicycle paths, and mass transit?

The project is consistent with the General Plan and Community Plan land use and zoning designations so it is consistent with the traffic generation assumptions of the Peninsula Community Plan. Furthermore, the project has been reviewed by qualified City staff to verify the project's conformance to applicable City traffic and parking regulations.

In addition, although construction of the proposed project may temporarily affect traffic circulation within the project APE and its adjoining roads. To address these temporary affects, an approved Traffic Control Plan would be implemented during construction such that traffic circulation would not be substantially impacted. Therefore, the project would not conflict with any applicable plan, ordinance, or policy establishing measures of effectiveness for the performance of the circulation system, and would not result in any significant permanent increase in traffic generation or decrease in level of service. Impacts would be less than significant.



ls	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact		
	congestion management agency for designated roads or highways?						
Refer to	Refer to response XVI (a) above.						
c)	Result in a change in air traffic patterns, including either an increase in traffic levels or a change in location that results in substantial safety risks?			\boxtimes			

Refer to VIII(e). The project would not result in a change in air traffic patterns, including either an increase in traffic levels or a change in location that results in substantial safety risks in that the project would be consistent with the applicable SDIA airport land use compatibility plan and underlying zones. Impacts would be less than significant.

d)			
	design feature (e.g., sharp curves or		
	dangerous intersections) or		\boxtimes
	incompatible uses (e.g., farm		
	equipment)?		

Refer to response XVI (a) above. The project would not create a permanent increase in hazards resulting from design features and would reduce temporary hazards due to construction to a less than significant level through a Traffic Control Plan. The project does not propose any change in land use that would affect existing land uses in the area.

e) access?	Result in inadequate emergency			\boxtimes
Refer to	o response XVI (a) above.			
f)	Conflict with adopted policies, plans, or programs regarding public transit, bicycle, or pedestrian facilities, or otherwise decrease the performance or safety of such facilities?		\boxtimes	

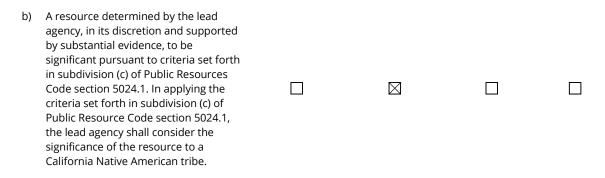
The project may temporarily impact circulation during construction activities relative to traffic, pedestrians, public transit and bicycles. However, the preparation of a Traffic Control Plan would ensure that any disruption to these services would not be significant.

XVII. TRIBAL CULTURAL RESOURCES – Would the project cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a tribal cultural resource, defined in Public Resources Code section 21074 as either a site, feature, place, cultural landscape that is geographically defined in terms of the size and scope of the landscape, sacred place, or object with cultural value to a California Native American tribe, and that is:

a)	Listed or eligible for listing in the		
	California Register of Historical		
	Resources, or in a local register of	\boxtimes	
	historical resources as defined in Public		
	Resources Code section 5020.1(k), or		

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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Refer to Section V (b). The project site is not listed on the California Register of Historical Resources or in a local register. Notification, as required by Public Resources Code section 21074, was provided to the lipay Nation of Santa Ysabel and Jamul Indian Village of Kumeyaay Nation. City of San Diego Development Services Department staff notified these two Native American communities of the proposed project by email on April 29, 2019. Both Native American communities requested implementation of Native American monitoring during the project's ground-disturbing activities and agreed that no further consultation was required and concluded the consultation process. Therefore, the project may significantly impact Tribal Cultural Resources and mitigation is required. Mitigation for potential impacts to Tribal Cultural Resources, which is included in the Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program under Section V of the MND, would reduce potentially significant impacts to Tribal Cultural Resources.



Tribal Cultural Resources include sites, features, places, cultural landscapes, and sacred places or objects that have cultural value or significance to a Native American Tribe. Tribal Cultural Resources include "non-unique archaeological resources" that, instead of being important for "scientific" value as a resource, can also be significant because of the sacred and/or cultural tribal value of the resource. Tribal representatives are considered experts appropriate for providing substantial evidence regarding the locations, types, and significance of tribal cultural resources within their traditionally and cultural affiliated geographic area (PRC § 21080.3.1(a)).

Tribal Cultural Resources could potentially be impacted through project implementation. Therefore, to determine significance of the Tribal Cultural Resources, staff consulted with the lipay Nation of Santa Isabel and the Jamul Indian Village, tribes traditionally and culturally affiliated with the project area in accordance with the requirements of Public Resources Code 21080.3.1. City of San Diego Development Services Department staff notified these two Native American communities by email on April 29, 2019. Both Native American communities requested that Native American monitoring occur during the project's ground-disturbing activities and agreed that no further consultation was required and concluded the consultation process.

Therefore, a Mitigation, Monitoring, and Reporting Program with mitigation for potential impacts to Tribal Cultural Resources, as detailed within Section V of the Mitigated Negative Declaration, will be implemented for the proposed project. With implementation of the monitoring program, potential impacts on Tribal Cultural Resources would be reduced to a less than significant level.

XVIII. UTILITIES AND SERVICE SYSTEMS - Would the project:

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a) Exceed wastewater treatment requirements of the applicable Regional Water Quality Control Board?			\boxtimes	

Implementation of the project would not interrupt existing sewer service to the project site or other surrounding development. The project is not anticipated to generate significant amount of wastewater. Wastewater facilities used by the project would be operated in accordance with the applicable wastewater treatment requirements of the Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB). Existing sewer infrastructure exists within roadways surrounding the project site and adequate services are available to serve the project. Thus, impacts would be less than significant.

b) Require or result in the construction of new water or wastewater treatment facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?

See XVII (a) above. Adequate services are available to serve the site and the project would not require the construction or expansion of existing facilities. Impacts would be less than significant.

c) Require or result in the construction of new storm water drainage facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the
 construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?

The project would not exceed the capacity of the existing storm water system and would not require the construction of new or expanded treatment facilities of which would cause significant environmental effects. The project was reviewed by qualified City staff who determined that the existing facilities are adequately sized to accommodate the proposed development. No impacts would result.

d)	Have sufficient water supplies available			
	to serve the project from existing entitlements and resources, or are new or expanded entitlements needed?		\boxtimes	

The project does not meet the CEQA significance threshold of 500 residential units, requiring the need the preparation of a water supply assessment. The site currently receives water service from the City, and adequate services are available to serve the project without requiring new or expanded entitlements. Impacts would be less than significant.

e)	Result in a determination by the wastewater treatment provider which		
	serves or may serve the project that it has adequate capacity to serve the project's projected demand in addition to the provider's existing commitments?		

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact

Construction of the project would not adversely affect existing wastewater treatment services. Adequate services are available to serve the site without requiring new or expanded facilities. Impacts would be less than significant.

f)	Be served by a landfill with sufficient			
	permitted capacity to accommodate the project's solid waste disposal needs?		\boxtimes	

Project waste would be disposed of in accordance with all applicable local and state regulations pertaining to solid waste including the permitted capacity of the landfill serving the project area. Demolition or construction materials which can be recycled shall comply with the City's Construction and Demolition Debris Ordinance. Operation of the project would not generate a substantial amount of waste beyond what is anticipated for land uses permitted by the underlying residential land use designations of the Community and General Plan and, therefore, would not affect the permitted capacity of the landfill serving the project area.

g)	Comply with federal, state, and local		
0.	statutes and regulation related to solid		\boxtimes
	waste?		

Refer to XVII (d) above. Any solid waste generated during construction related activities would be recycled or disposed of in accordance with all applicable local, state and federal regulations.

XIX. MANDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE -

a)	Does the project have the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self- sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory?		

As documented in this Initial Study, the project may have the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, notably with respect to Tribal Cultural Resources. As such, mitigation measures have been incorporated into the project implementation to reduce impacts to a less than significant level as outlined within the Initial Study.

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
 b) Does the project have impacts that are individually limited but cumulatively considerable ("cumulatively considerable" means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable future projects)? 				

As documented in this Initial Study, the project may have the potential to degrade the environment as a result of impacts to Tribal Cultural Resources, which may have cumulatively considerable impacts. As such, mitigation measures have been proposed to reduce the project's impacts to a less than significant level. Other future projects within the surrounding neighborhood or community would be required to comply with applicable local, State, and Federal regulations to reduce potential impacts to less than significant, or to the extent possible. As such, the project is not anticipated to contribute to potentially significant cumulative environmental impacts.

c)	Does the project have environmental		
	effects that will cause substantial		
	adverse effects on human beings,		
	either directly or indirectly?		

As evidenced by the Initial Study Checklist, no other substantial adverse effects on human beings, either indirectly or directly, would occur as a result of project implementation.

INITIAL STUDY CHECKLIST

REFERENCES

I. Aesthetics / Neighborhood Character

- City of San Diego General Plan
- Community Plans: Peninsula

II. Agricultural Resources & Forest Resources

- City of San Diego General Plan
- U.S. Department of Agriculture, Soil Survey San Diego Area, California, Part I and II, 1973
- California Agricultural Land Evaluation and Site Assessment Model (1997)
- Site Specific Report:

III. Air Quality

- California Clean Air Act Guidelines (Indirect Source Control Programs) 1990
- Regional Air Quality Strategies (RAQS) APCD
- Site Specific Report:

IV. Biology

- City of San Diego, Multiple Species Conservation Program (MSCP), Subarea Plan, 1997
- City of San Diego, MSCP, "Vegetation Communities with Sensitive Species and Vernal Pools" Maps, 1996
- City of San Diego, MSCP, "Multiple Habitat Planning Area" maps, 1997
- Community Plan Resource Element
- California Department of Fish and Game, California Natural Diversity Database, "State and Federally-listed Endangered, Threatened, and Rare Plants of California," January 2001
- California Department of Fish and Game, California Natural Diversity Database, "State and Federally-listed Endangered and Threatened Animals of California, "January 2001
- City of San Diego Land Development Code Biology Guidelines
- Site Specific Report: Biological Letter Survey Report for APN 532-420-07 (Volen L64A-003B) dated June 11, 2018 by Klutz Biological Consulting
- V. Cultural Resources (includes Historical Resources and Built Environment)
- City of San Diego Historical Resources Guidelines
- City of San Diego Archaeology Library
- Historical Resources Board List
- Community Historical Survey:
- Site Specific Report: Phase I Cultural Resource Survey (CRS) for the Volen House Project, dated June 21, 2018 by Brian F. Smith and Associates, Inc.

VI. Geology/Soils

- City of San Diego Seismic Safety Study
- U.S. Department of Agriculture Soil Survey San Diego Area, California, Part I and II, December 1973 and Part III, 1975
- Site Specific Report: Report of Preliminary Geotechnical Investigation (GI) for the Proposed Volen Residence, dated November 2, 2017 by Christian Wheeler Engineering, and the

Addendum Geotechnical Report and Response to Cycle 11 LDR-Geology Review Comments, Proposed Single-Family Residence, 450 Tavara Place, dated May 28, 2019 by Christian Wheeler Engineering

VII. Greenhouse Gas Emissions

Site Specific Report:

VIII. Hazards and Hazardous Materials

- San Diego County Hazardous Materials Environmental Assessment Listing
- San Diego County Hazardous Materials Management Division
- FAA Determination
- State Assessment and Mitigation, Unauthorized Release Listing, Public Use Authorized
- Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan
- Site Specific Report:

IX. Hydrology/Drainage

- Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM)
- Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA), National Flood Insurance Program-Flood Boundary and Floodway Map
- Clean Water Act Section 303(b) list, http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/tmdl/303d_lists.html
- Site Specific Report:

X. Land Use and Planning

- City of San Diego General Plan
- Community Plan
- Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan
- City of San Diego Zoning Maps
- FAA Determination:
- Other Plans:

XI. Mineral Resources

- California Department of Conservation Division of Mines and Geology, Mineral Land Classification
- Division of Mines and Geology, Special Report 153 Significant Resources Maps
- City of San Diego General Plan: Conservation Element
- Site Specific Report:

XII. Noise

- City of San Diego General Plan
- Community Plan
- San Diego International Airport Lindbergh Field CNEL Maps
- Brown Field Airport Master Plan CNEL Maps
- Montgomery Field CNEL Maps
- San Diego Association of Governments San Diego Regional Average Weekday Traffic Volumes
- San Diego Metropolitan Area Average Weekday Traffic Volume Maps, SANDAG
- Site Specific Report:

XIII. Paleontological Resources

- City of San Diego Paleontological Guidelines
- Deméré, Thomas A., and Stephen L. Walsh, "Paleontological Resources City of San Diego,"
 Department of Paleontology San Diego Natural History Museum, 1996
- Kennedy, Michael P., and Gary L. Peterson, "Geology of the San Diego Metropolitan Area, California. Del Mar, La Jolla, Point Loma, La Mesa, Poway, and SW 1/4 Escondido 7 1/2 Minute Quadrangles," *California Division of Mines and Geology Bulletin* 200, Sacramento, 1975
- Kennedy, Michael P., and Siang S. Tan, "Geology of National City, Imperial Beach and Otay Mesa Quadrangles, Southern San Diego Metropolitan Area, California," Map Sheet 29, 1977
- Site Specific Report:

XIV. Population / Housing

- City of San Diego General Plan
- Community Plan
- Series 11/Series 12 Population Forecasts, SANDAG
- Other:

XV. Public Services

- City of San Diego General Plan
- Community Plan

XVI. Recreational Resources

- City of San Diego General Plan
- Community Plan
- Department of Park and Recreation
- City of San Diego San Diego Regional Bicycling Map
- Additional Resources:

XVII. Transportation / Circulation

- City of San Diego General Plan
- Community Plan: Mid-City Communities City Heights
- San Diego Metropolitan Area Average Weekday Traffic Volume Maps, SANDAG
- San Diego Region Weekday Traffic Volumes, SANDAG
- Site Specific Report:

XVIII. Utilities

Site Specific Report:

XIX. Water Conservation

Sunset Magazine, New Western Garden Book, Rev. ed. Menlo Park, CA: Sunset Magazine

XX. Water Quality

- Clean Water Act Section 303(b) list, http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/tmdl/303d_lists.html
- Site Specific Report:

Revised: August 28

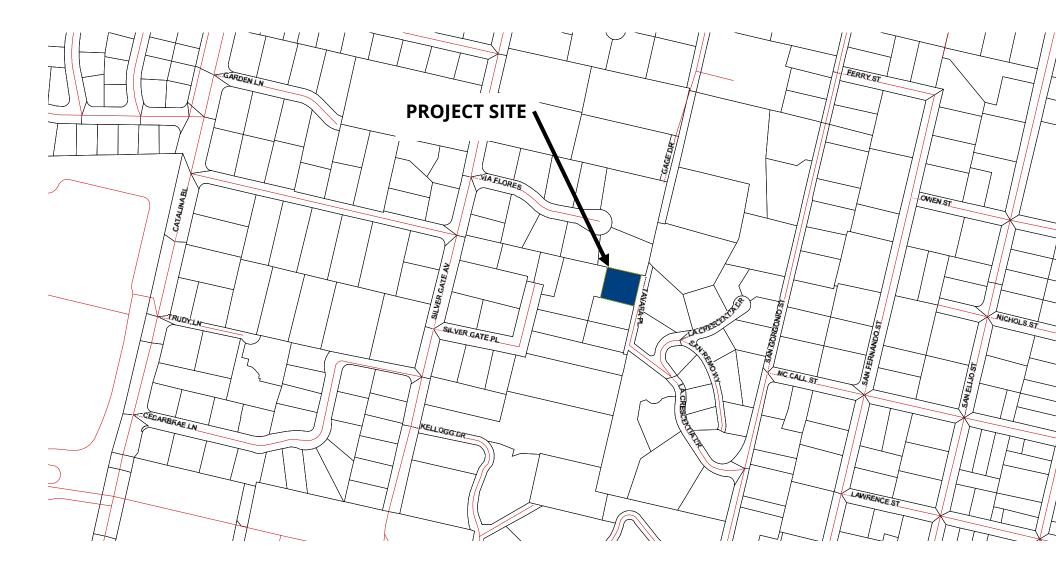
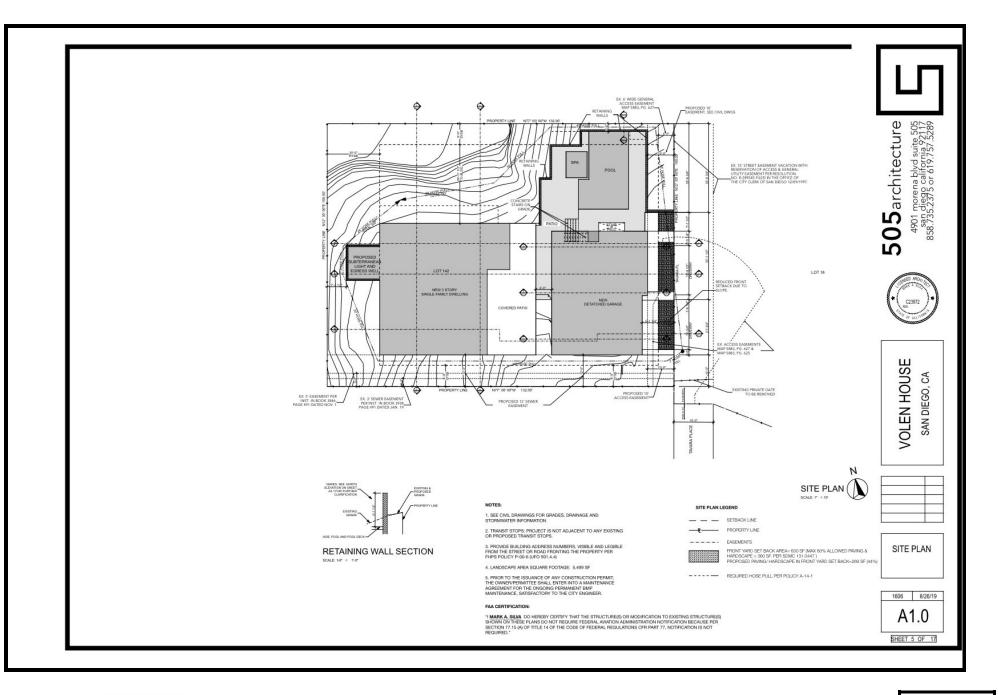




Figure 1: Location Map

<u>Volen House CDP - Project No. 594706</u> City of San Diego – Development Services Department

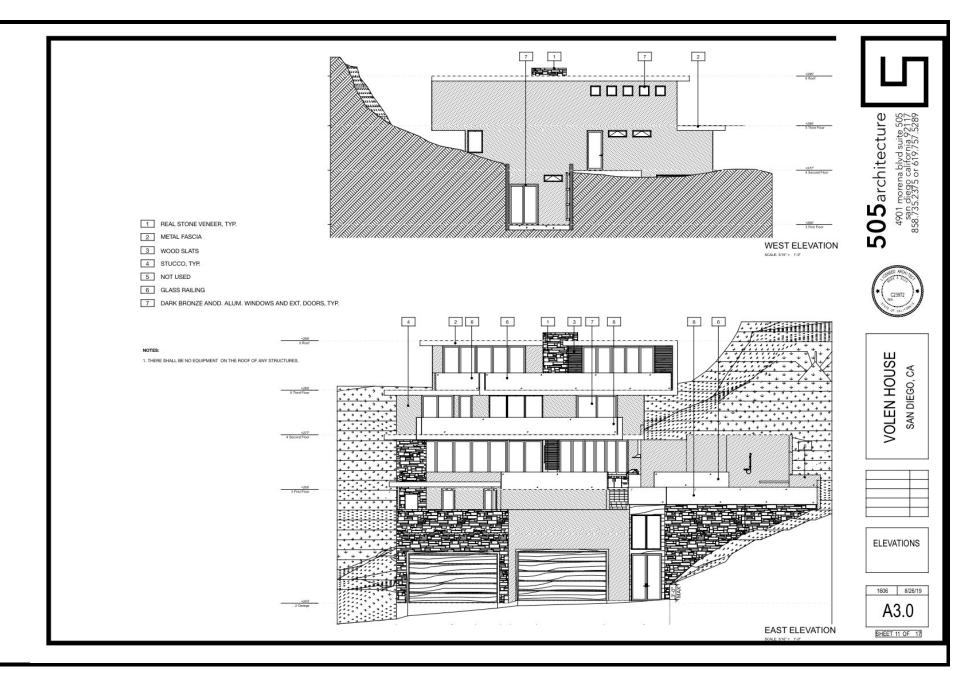






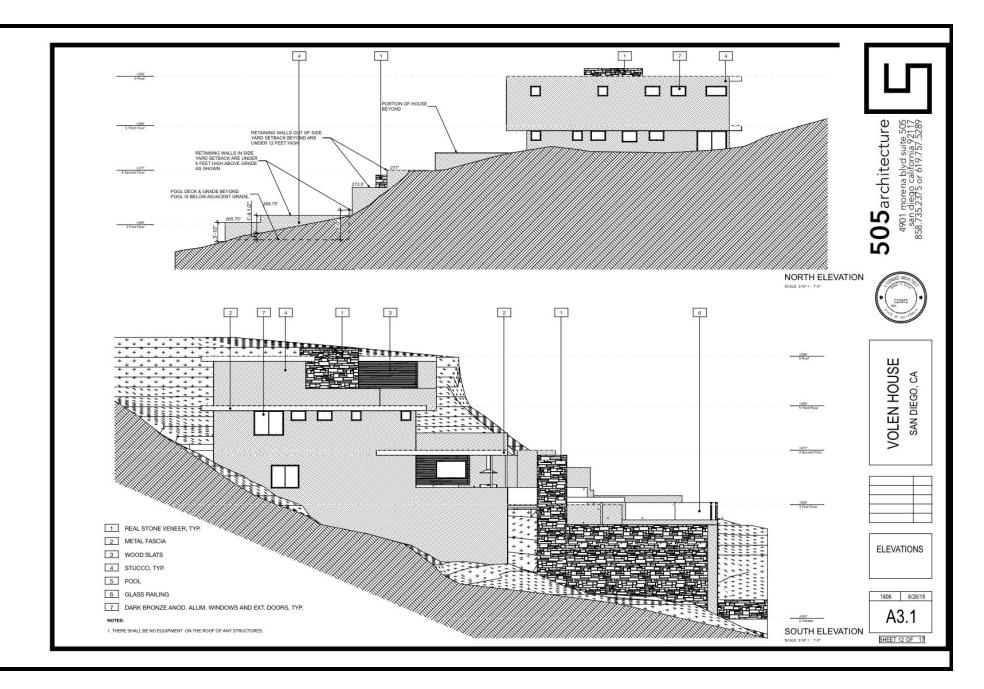
Site Plan

Volen House CDP / Project No. 594706 Location: 450 Tavara Place, San Diego CA 92106 FIGURE



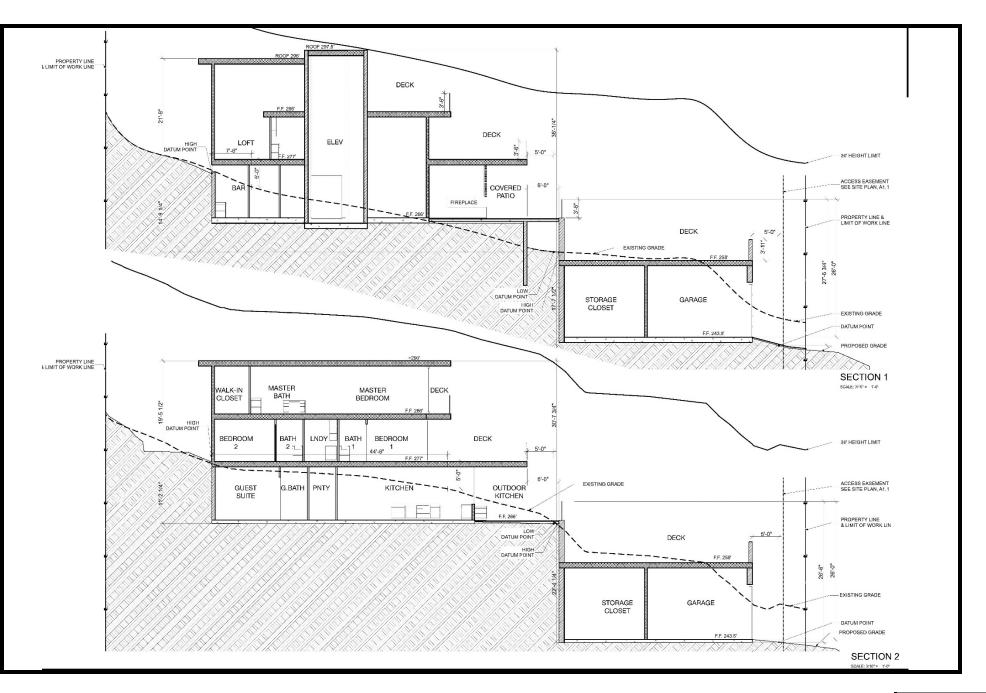
West and East Elevations

Volen House CDP / Project No. 594706 Location: 450 Tavara Place, San Diego CA 92106 FIGURE



North and South Elevations

Volen House CDP / Project No. 594706 Location: 450 Tavara Place, San Diego CA 92106 FIGURE No. 4





Site Sections

Volen House SDP CDP / Project No. 594706 Location: 450 Tavara Place, San Diego CA 92106 FIGURE No. 5