

MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION

Project No. 631632 SCH No. N/A

SUBJECT:

Ocean Beach Dog Beach Accessibility Improvements SDP: A Site Development Permit (SDP) for impacts to environmentally sensitive lands, to construct Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) upgrades to an existing path of travel between the beach and existing public parking lot located in the Coastal Overlay Zone (Deferred Certification), within the Ocean Beach Community Plan Area, Mission Bay Park Master Plan area, and Council District 2. APPLICANT: City of San Diego Public Works Department

I. PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

See attached Initial Study.

II. ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING:

See attached Initial Study.

III. DETERMINATION:

The City of San Diego conducted an Initial Study which determined that the proposed project could have a significant environmental effect in the following areas(s): **Archaeological Resources and Tribal Cultural Resources.** Subsequent revisions in the project proposal create the specific mitigation identified in Section V of this Mitigated Negative Declaration. The project as revised now avoids or mitigates the potentially significant environmental effects previously identified, and the preparation of an Environmental Impact Report will not be required.

IV. DOCUMENTATION:

The attached Initial Study documents the reasons to support the above Determination.

V. MITIGATION, MONITORING AND REPORTING PROGRAM:

A. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS – PART I Plan Check Phase (prior to permit issuance)

- 1. Prior to the issuance of a Notice To Proceed (NTP) for a subdivision, or any construction permits, such as Demolition, Grading or Building, or beginning any construction related activity on-site, the Development Services Department (DSD) Director's Environmental Designee (ED) shall review and approve all Construction Documents (CD), (plans, specification, details, etc.) to ensure the MMRP requirements are incorporated into the design.
- 2. In addition, the ED shall verify that the MMRP Conditions/Notes that apply ONLY to the construction phases of this project are included VERBATIM, under the heading, "ENVIRONMENTAL/MITIGATION REQUIREMENTS."
- 3. These notes must be shown within the first three (3) sheets of the construction documents in the format specified for engineering construction document templates as shown on the City website:

http://www.sandiego.gov/development-services/industry/standtemp.shtml

- 4. The **TITLE INDEX SHEET** must also show on which pages the "Environmental/Mitigation Requirements" notes are provided.
- B. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS PART II

 Post Plan Check (After permit issuance/Prior to start of construction)
- 1. PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING IS REQUIRED TEN (10) WORKING DAYS PRIOR TO BEGINNING ANY WORK ON THIS PROJECT. The PERMIT HOLDER/OWNER is responsible to arrange and perform this meeting by contacting the CITY RESIDENT ENGINEER (RE) of the Field Engineering Division and City staff from MITIGATION MONITORING COORDINATION (MMC). Attendees must also include the Permit holder's Representative(s), Job Site Superintendent and the following consultants:

Qualified Archaeologist
Qualified Native American Monitor

Note: Failure of all responsible Permit Holder's representatives and consultants to attend shall require an additional meeting with all parties present.

CONTACT INFORMATION:

- a) The PRIMARY POINT OF CONTACT is the **RE** at the **Field Engineering Division 858-627-3200**
- b) For Clarification of ENVIRONMENTAL REQUIREMENTS, it is also required to call **RE and MMC at 858-627-3360**
- **2. MMRP COMPLIANCE:** This Project, Project Tracking System (PTS) #631632, shall conform to the mitigation requirements contained in the associated Environmental Document and implemented to the satisfaction of the DSD's Environmental Designee (MMC) and the City Engineer (RE). The requirements may not be reduced or changed but may be annotated (i.e. to explain when and how compliance is being met and location of verifying proof, etc.).

Additional clarifying information may also be added to other relevant plan sheets and/or specifications as appropriate (i.e., specific locations, times of monitoring, methodology, etc.

Note: Permit Holder's Representatives must alert RE and MMC if there are any discrepancies in the plans or notes, or any changes due to field conditions. All conflicts must be approved by RE and MMC BEFORE the work is performed.

- 3. OTHER AGENCY REQUIREMENTS: Evidence of compliance with all other agency requirements or permits shall be submitted to the RE and MMC for review and acceptance prior to the beginning of work or within one week of the Permit Holder obtaining documentation of those permits or requirements. Evidence shall include copies of permits, letters of resolution or other documentation issued by the responsible agency. California Coastal Commission Coastal Development Permit or CDP exemption
- 4. MONITORING EXHIBITS: All consultants are required to submit, to RE and MMC, a monitoring exhibit on a 11x17 reduction of the appropriate construction plan, such as site plan, grading, landscape, etc., marked to clearly show the specific areas including the LIMIT OF WORK, scope of that discipline's work, and notes indicating when in the construction schedule that work will be performed. When necessary for clarification, a detailed methodology of how the work will be performed shall be included.

NOTE: Surety and Cost Recovery – When deemed necessary by the Development Services Director or City Manager, additional surety instruments or bonds from the private Permit Holder may be required to ensure the long-term performance or implementation of required mitigation measures or programs. The City is authorized to recover its cost to offset the salary, overhead, and expenses for City personnel and programs to monitor qualifying projects.

5. OTHER SUBMITTALS AND INSPECTIONS: The Permit Holder/Owner's representative shall submit all required documentation, verification letters, and requests for all associated inspections to the RE and MMC for approval per the following schedule:

7	DOCUMENT SUBMITTAL/INSPECTION CHECKLIST						
Issue Area	Document Submittal	Associated Inspection/Approvals	Notes				
General	Consultant Qualification Letters	Prior to Preconstruction Meeting	3 Days Prior to Pre-con. meeting				
General	Consultant Construction Monitoring Exhibits	MMC Approval	Prior to or at Preconstruction Meeting				
Archaeology	Archaeology Reports	Archaeology/Historic Site Observation	Completion of Archaeological Site Observation				

B. SPECIFIC MMRP ISSUE AREA CONDITIONS/REQUIREMENTS

HISTORICAL (ARCHAEOLOGICAL) RESOURCES

I. Prior to Permit Issuance or Bid Opening/Bid Award

- A. Entitlements Plan Check
 - Prior to permit issuance or Bid Opening/Bid Award, whichever is applicable, the
 Assistant Deputy Director (ADD) Environmental designee shall verify that the
 requirements for Archaeological Monitoring and Native American monitoring have
 been noted on the applicable construction documents through the plan check
 process.
- B. Letters of Qualification have been submitted to ADD
 - Prior to Bid Award, the applicant shall submit a letter of verification to Mitigation
 Monitoring Coordination (MMC) identifying the Principal Investigator (PI) for the
 project and the names of all persons involved in the archaeological monitoring
 program, as defined in the City of San Diego Historical Resources Guidelines (HRG). If
 applicable, individuals involved in the archaeological monitoring program must have
 completed the 40-hour HAZWOPER training with certification documentation.
 - MMC will provide a letter to the applicant confirming the qualifications of the PI and all persons involved in the archaeological monitoring of the project meet the qualifications established in the HRG.
 - 3. Prior to the start of work, the applicant must obtain written approval from MMC for any personnel changes associated with the monitoring program.

II. Prior to Start of Construction

- A. Verification of Records Search
 - 1. The PI shall provide verification to MMC that a site-specific records search (1/4-mile radius) has been completed. Verification includes, but is not limited to a copy of a confirmation letter from South Coastal Information Center, or, if the search was inhouse, a letter of verification from the PI stating that the search was completed.
 - 2. The letter shall introduce any pertinent information concerning expectations and probabilities of discovery during trenching and/or grading activities.
 - 3. The PI may submit a detailed letter to MMC requesting a reduction to the ¼ mile radius.
- B. PI Shall Attend Precon Meetings
 - 1. Prior to beginning any work that requires monitoring; the Applicant shall arrange a Precon Meeting that shall include the PI, Native American consultant/monitor (where Native American resources may be impacted), Construction Manager (CM) and/or Grading Contractor, Resident Engineer (RE), Building Inspector (BI), if appropriate, and MMC. The qualified Archaeologist and Native American Monitor shall attend any grading/excavation related Precon Meetings to make comments and/or suggestions concerning the Archaeological Monitoring program with the Construction Manager and/or Grading Contractor.
 - a. If the PI is unable to attend the Precon Meeting, the Applicant shall schedule a focused Precon Meeting with MMC, the PI, RE, CM or BI, if appropriate, prior to the start of any work that requires monitoring.
 - 2. Acknowledgement of Responsibility for Curation (CIP or Other Public Projects)

The applicant shall submit a letter to MMC acknowledging their responsibility for the cost of curation associated with all phases of the archaeological monitoring program.

3. Identify Areas to be Monitored

Prior to the start of any work that requires monitoring, the PI shall submit an Archaeological Monitoring Exhibit (AME) (with verification that the AME has been reviewed and approved by the Native American consultant/monitor when Native American resources may be impacted) based on the appropriate construction documents (reduced to 11x17) to MMC identifying the areas to be monitored including the delineation of grading/excavation limits.

The AME shall be based on the results of a site-specific records search as well as information regarding the age of existing pipelines, laterals and associated appurtenances and/or any known soil conditions (native or formation).

MMC shall notify the PI that the AME has been approved.

- 4. When Monitoring Will Occur
 - a. Prior to the start of any work, the PI shall also submit a construction schedule to MMC through the RE indicating when and where monitoring will occur.
 - b. The PI may submit a detailed letter to MMC prior to the start of work or during construction requesting a modification to the monitoring program. This request shall be based on relevant information such as review of final construction documents which indicate conditions such as age of existing pipe to be replaced, depth of excavation and/or site graded to bedrock, etc., which may reduce or increase the potential for resources to be present.
- Approval of AME and Construction Schedule
 After approval of the AME by MMC, the PI shall submit to MMC written authorization of the AME and Construction Schedule from the CM.

III. During Construction

- A. Monitor Shall be Present During Grading/Excavation/Trenching
 - The Archaeological Monitor shall be present full-time during all soil disturbing and grading/excavation/trenching activities which could result in impacts to archaeological resources as identified on the AME. The Construction Manager is responsible for notifying the RE, PI, and MMC of changes to any construction activities such as in the case of a potential safety concern within the area being monitored. In certain circumstances OSHA safety requirements may necessitate modification of the AME.
 - 2. The Native American consultant/monitor shall determine the extent of their presence during soil disturbing and grading/excavation/trenching activities based on the AME and provide that information to the PI and MMC. If prehistoric resources are encountered during the Native American consultant/monitor's absence, work shall stop and the Discovery Notification Process detailed in Section III.B-C and IV.A-D shall commence.
 - 3. The PI may submit a detailed letter to MMC during construction requesting a modification to the monitoring program when a field condition such as modern disturbance post-dating the previous grading/trenching activities, presence of fossil formations, or when native soils are encountered that may reduce or increase the potential for resources to be present.

4. The archaeological and Native American consultant/monitor shall document field activity via the Consultant Site Visit Record (CSVR). The CSVR's shall be faxed by the CM to the RE the first day of monitoring, the last day of monitoring, monthly (Notification of Monitoring Completion), and in the case of ANY discoveries. The RE shall forward copies to MMC.

B. Discovery Notification Process

- In the event of a discovery, the Archaeological Monitor shall direct the contractor to temporarily divert all soil disturbing activities, including but not limited to digging, trenching, excavating or grading activities in the area of discovery and in the area reasonably suspected to overlay adjacent resources and immediately notify the RE or BI, as appropriate.
- 2. The Monitor shall immediately notify the PI (unless Monitor is the PI) of the discovery.
- The PI shall immediately notify MMC by phone of the discovery, and shall also submit written documentation to MMC within 24 hours by fax or email with photos of the resource in context, if possible.
- 4. No soil shall be exported off-site until a determination can be made regarding the significance of the resource specifically if Native American resources are encountered.

C. Determination of Significance

- 1. The PI and Native American consultant/monitor, where Native American resources are discovered shall evaluate the significance of the resource. If Human Remains are involved, follow protocol in Section IV below.
 - a. The PI shall immediately notify MMC by phone to discuss significance determination and shall also submit a letter to MMC indicating whether additional mitigation is required.
 - b. If the resource is significant, the PI shall submit an Archaeological Data Recovery Program (ADRP) and obtain written approval of the program from MMC, CM and RE. ADRP and any mitigation must be approved by MMC, RE and/or CM before ground disturbing activities in the area of discovery will be allowed to resume. Note: If a unique archaeological site is also an historical resource as defined in CEQA Section 15064.5, then the limits on the amount(s) that a project applicant may be required to pay to cover mitigation costs as indicated in CEQA Section 21083.2 shall not apply.
 - (1). Note: For pipeline trenching and other linear projects in the public Right-of-Way, the PI shall implement the Discovery Process for Pipeline Trenching projects identified below under "D."
 - c. If the resource is not significant, the PI shall submit a letter to MMC indicating that artifacts will be collected, curated, and documented in the Final Monitoring Report. The letter shall also indicate that that no further work is required.
 - (1). Note: For Pipeline Trenching and other linear projects in the public Right-of-Way, if the deposit is limited in size, both in length and depth; the information value is limited and is not associated with any other resource; and there are no unique features/artifacts associated with the deposit, the discovery should be considered not significant.
 - (2). Note, for Pipeline Trenching and other linear projects in the public Right-of-Way, if significance cannot be determined, the Final Monitoring Report and

Site Record (DPR Form 523A/B) shall identify the discovery as Potentially Significant.

D. Discovery Process for Significant Resources - Pipeline Trenching and other Linear Projects in the Public Right-of-Way

The following procedure constitutes adequate mitigation of a significant discovery encountered during pipeline trenching activities or for other linear project types within the Public Right-of-Way including but not limited to excavation for jacking pits, receiving pits, laterals, and manholes_to reduce impacts to below a level of significance:

- 1. Procedures for documentation, curation and reporting
 - a. One hundred percent of the artifacts within the trench alignment and width shall be documented in-situ, to include photographic records, plan view of the trench and profiles of side walls, recovered, photographed after cleaning and analyzed and curated. The remainder of the deposit within the limits of excavation (trench walls) shall be left intact.
 - b. The PI shall prepare a Draft Monitoring Report and submit to MMC via the RE as indicated in Section VI-A.
 - c. The PI shall be responsible for recording (on the appropriate State of California Department of Park and Recreation forms-DPR 523 A/B) the resource(s) encountered during the Archaeological Monitoring Program in accordance with the City's Historical Resources Guidelines. The DPR forms shall be submitted to the South Coastal Information Center for either a Primary Record or SDI Number and included in the Final Monitoring Report.
 - d. The Final Monitoring Report shall include a recommendation for monitoring of any future work in the vicinity of the resource.

IV. Discovery of Human Remains

If human remains are discovered, work shall halt in that area and no soil shall be exported off-site until a determination can be made regarding the provenance of the human remains; and the following procedures as set forth in CEQA Section 15064.5(e), the California Public Resources Code (Sec. 5097.98) and State Health and Safety Code (Sec. 7050.5) shall be undertaken:

A. Notification

- Archaeological Monitor shall notify the RE or BI as appropriate, MMC, and the PI, if
 the Monitor is not qualified as a PI. MMC will notify the appropriate Senior Planner
 in the Environmental Analysis Section (EAS) of the Development Services Department
 to assist with the discovery notification process.
- 2. The PI shall notify the Medical Examiner after consultation with the RE, either in person or via telephone.

B. Isolate discovery site

- Work shall be directed away from the location of the discovery and any nearby area reasonably suspected to overlay adjacent human remains until a determination can be made by the Medical Examiner in consultation with the PI concerning the provenience of the remains.
- 2. The Medical Examiner, in consultation with the PI, will determine the need for a field examination to determine the provenience.

- 3. If a field examination is not warranted, the Medical Examiner will determine with input from the PI, if the remains are or are most likely to be of Native American origin.
- C. If Human Remains ARE determined to be Native American
 - 1. The Medical Examiner will notify the Native American Heritage Commission (NAHC) within 24 hours. By law, **ONLY** the Medical Examiner can make this call.
 - 2. NAHC will immediately identify the person or persons determined to be the Most Likely Descendent (MLD) and provide contact information.
 - The MLD will contact the PI within 24 hours or sooner after the Medical Examiner has completed coordination, to begin the consultation process in accordance with CEQA Section 15064.5(e), the California Public Resources and Health & Safety Codes.
 - 4. The MLD will have 48 hours to make recommendations to the property owner or representative, for the treatment or disposition with proper dignity, of the human remains and associated grave goods.
 - 5. Disposition of Native American Human Remains will be determined between the MLD and the PI, and, if:
 - a. The NAHC is unable to identify the MLD, OR the MLD failed to make a recommendation within 48 hours after being granted access to the site, OR;
 - b. The landowner or authorized representative rejects the recommendation of the MLD and mediation in accordance with PRC 5097.94 (k) by the NAHC fails to provide measures acceptable to the landowner, the landowner shall reinter the human remains and items associated with Native American human remains with appropriate dignity on the property in a location not subject to further and future subsurface disturbance, THEN
 - c. To protect these sites, the landowner shall do one or more of the following:
 - (1) Record the site with the NAHC;
 - (2) Record an open space or conservation easement; or
 - (3) Record a document with the County. The document shall be titled "Notice of Reinterment of Native American Remains" and shall include a legal description of the property, the name of the property owner, and the owner's acknowledged signature, in addition to any other information required by PRC 5097.98. The document shall be indexed as a notice under the name of the owner.
 - d. Upon the discovery of multiple Native American human remains during a ground disturbing land development activity, the landowner may agree that additional conferral with descendants is necessary to consider culturally appropriate treatment of multiple Native American human remains. Culturally appropriate treatment of such a discovery may be ascertained from review of the site utilizing cultural and archaeological standards. Where the parties are unable to agree on the appropriate treatment measures the human remains and items associated and buried with Native American human remains shall be reinterred with appropriate dignity, pursuant to Section 5.c., above.
- D. If Human Remains are **NOT** Native American
 - 1. The PI shall contact the Medical Examiner and notify them of the historic era context of the burial.
 - 2. The Medical Examiner will determine the appropriate course of action with the PI and City staff (PRC 5097.98).

 If the remains are of historic origin, they shall be appropriately removed and conveyed to the San Diego Museum of Man for analysis. The decision for internment of the human remains shall be made in consultation with MMC, EAS, the applicant/landowner, any known descendant group, and the San Diego Museum of Man.

V. Night and/or Weekend Work

- A. If night and/or weekend work is included in the contract
 - 1. When night and/or weekend work is included in the contract package, the extent and timing shall be presented and discussed at the precon meeting.
 - 2. The following procedures shall be followed.
 - a. No Discoveries In the event that no discoveries were encountered during night and/or weekend work, the PI shall record the information on the CSVR and submit to MMC via fax by 8AM of the next business day.
 - Discoveries
 All discoveries shall be processed and documented using the existing procedures detailed in Sections III - During Construction, and IV - Discovery of Human Remains. Discovery of human remains shall always be treated as a significant discovery.
 - c. Potentially Significant Discoveries If the PI determines that a potentially significant discovery has been made, the procedures detailed under Section III - During Construction and IV-Discovery of Human Remains shall be followed.
 - d. The PI shall immediately contact the RE and MMC, or by 8AM of the next business day to report and discuss the findings as indicated in Section III-B, unless other specific arrangements have been made.
- B. If night and/or weekend work becomes necessary during the course of construction
 - 1. The Construction Manager shall notify the RE, or BI, as appropriate, a minimum of 24 hours before the work is to begin.
 - 2. The RE, or BI, as appropriate, shall notify MMC immediately.
- C. All other procedures described above shall apply, as appropriate.

VI. Post Construction

- A. Submittal of Draft Monitoring Report
 - 1. The PI shall submit two copies of the Draft Monitoring Report (even if negative), prepared in accordance with the Historical Resources Guidelines (Appendix C/D) which describes the results, analysis, and conclusions of all phases of the Archaeological Monitoring Program (with appropriate graphics) to MMC via the RE for review and approval within 90 days following the completion of monitoring. It should be noted that if the PI is unable to submit the Draft Monitoring Report within the allotted 90-day timeframe as a result of delays with analysis, special study results or other complex issues, a schedule shall be submitted to MMC establishing agreed due dates and the provision for submittal of monthly status reports until this measure can be met.

- a. For significant archaeological resources encountered during monitoring, the Archaeological Data Recovery Program or Pipeline Trenching Discovery Process shall be included in the Draft Monitoring Report.
- b. Recording Sites with State of California Department of Parks and Recreation The PI shall be responsible for recording (on the appropriate State of California Department of Park and Recreation forms-DPR 523 A/B) any significant or potentially significant resources encountered during the Archaeological Monitoring Program in accordance with the City's Historical Resources Guidelines, and submittal of such forms to the South Coastal Information Center with the Final Monitoring Report.
- 2. MMC shall return the Draft Monitoring Report to the PI via the RE for revision or, for preparation of the Final Report.
- 3. The PI shall submit revised Draft Monitoring Report to MMC via the RE for approval.
- 4. MMC shall provide written verification to the PI of the approved report.
- 5. MMC shall notify the RE or BI, as appropriate, of receipt of all Draft Monitoring Report submittals and approvals.

B. Handling of Artifacts

- The PI shall be responsible for ensuring that all cultural remains collected are cleaned and catalogued
- 2. The PI shall be responsible for ensuring that all artifacts are analyzed to identify function and chronology as they relate to the history of the area; that faunal material is identified as to species; and that specialty studies are completed, as appropriate.

C. Curation of artifacts: Accession Agreement and Acceptance Verification

- The PI shall be responsible for ensuring that all artifacts associated with the survey, testing and/or data recovery for this project are permanently curated with an appropriate institution. This shall be completed in consultation with MMC and the Native American representative, as applicable.
- 2. When applicable to the situation, the PI shall include written verification from the Native American consultant/monitor indicating that Native American resources were treated in accordance with state law and/or applicable agreements. If the resources were reinterred, verification shall be provided to show what protective measures were taken to ensure no further disturbance occurs in accordance with Section IV – Discovery of Human Remains, Subsection C.
- 3. The PI shall submit the Accession Agreement and catalogue record(s) to the RE or BI, as appropriate for donor signature with a copy submitted to MMC.
- 4. The RE or BI, as appropriate shall obtain signature on the Accession Agreement and shall return to PI with copy submitted to MMC.
- The PI shall include the Acceptance Verification from the curation institution in the Final Monitoring Report submitted to the RE or BI and MMC.

D. Final Monitoring Report(s)

- The PI shall submit one copy of the approved Final Monitoring Report to the RE or BI as appropriate, and one copy to MMC (even if negative), within 90 days after notification from MMC of the approved report.
- The RE shall, in no case, issue the Notice of Completion until receiving a copy of the approved Final Monitoring Report from MMC which includes the Acceptance Verification from the curation institution.

TRIBAL CULTURAL RESOURCES

Impacts to Tribal Cultural Resources would be reduced to below a level of significance with the implementation of mitigation measures outlined under Archaeology.

VI. PUBLIC REVIEW DISTRIBUTION:

Draft copies or notice of this Mitigated Negative Declaration were distributed to:

City of San Diego

Councilmember Campbell - District 2

Mayor's Office

City Attorney's Office (MS 59)

Development Services (501)

Mark Brunette, EAS

Helene Deisher, Project Management

Suzanne Segur, Historic

Karen Vera, Engineering

Ismail Elhamad, Transportation

Planning

Kristy Forburger, MSCP

Park and Recreation

Oscar Galvez III

Public Works

Gretchen Eichar

Library Dept. - Government Documents (81)

San Diego Central Library (81A)

Ocean Beach Branch Library (81V)

Archaeology

Historical Resources Board (87)

Carmen Lucas (206)

South Coastal Information Center (210)

San Diego Archaeological Center (212)

Save Our Heritage Organisation (214)

Ron Christman (215)

Clint Linton (215B)

Frank Brown - Inter-Tribal Cultural Resources Council (216)

Campo Band of Mission Indians (217)

San Diego County Archaeological Society, Inc. (218)

Kumeyaay Cultural Heritage Preservation (223)

Kumeyaay Cultural Repatriation Committee (225)

Native American Distribution (225 A-S) (Public Notice & Location Map Only)

Others

Ocean Beach Planning Board (367)
Ocean Beach Town Council, Inc. (367A)
Ocean Beach Merchants Association (367B)
The Peninsula Beacon (367C)
Mission Bay Park Committee (318A)
California Coastal Commission (47)

VII. RESULTS OF PUBLIC REVIEW:

- () No comments were received during the public input period.
- Comments were received but did not address the accuracy or completeness of the draft environmental document. No response is necessary and the letters are incorporated herein.
- (X) Comments addressing the accuracy or completeness of the draft environmental document were received during the public input period. The letters and responses are incorporated herein.

Copies of the draft Mitigated Negative Declaration, the Mitigation, Monitoring and Reporting Program and any Initial Study material are available in the office of the Development Services Department for review, or for purchase at the cost of reproduction.

Mark Brunette, Senior Planner
Development Services Department

August 8, 2019
Date of Draft Report

September 11, 2019
Date of Final Report

Analyst: Mark Brunette

Attachments: Initial Study Checklist

Figure 1 - Location Map Figure 2 - Site Plan





PO Box 908 Alpine, CA 91903 #1 Viejas Grade Road Alpine, CA 91901

> Phone: 6194453810 Fax: 6194455337 viejas.com

08/15/2019

Gary Geiler Development Services Department City of San Diego 1222 First Avenue, MS 501 San Diego, Ca 92101

RE: Ocean Beach Dog Beach Accessibility Improvement Project

Dear Mr. Geiler.

In reviewing the above referenced project the Viejas Band of Kumeyaay Indians ("Viejas") would like to comment at this time.

The project area may contain many sacred sites to the Kumeyaay people. We request that these sacred sites be avoided with adequate buffer zones.

Additionally, Viejas is requesting, as appropriate, the following:

A-2

- All NEPA/CEQA/NAGPRA laws be followed
- · Immediately contact Viejas on any changes or inadvertent discoveries.

Thank you for your collaboration and support in preserving our Tribal cultural resources. I look forward to hearing from you. Please call me at 619-659-2312 or Ernest Pingleton at 619-659-2314, or email, rteran@viejas-nsn.gov or epingleton@viejas-nsn.gov, for scheduling. Thank you.

Sincerely

Ray Terah, Resource Management VIEJAS BAND OF KUMEYAAY INDIANS Letter A - Response

- **A-1:** As described in Section V of the MND, City of San Diego standard mitigation and monitoring measures for archaeological resources will be implemented for the proposed project which would reduce potentially significant impacts to archaeological resources to below a level of significance.
- A-2: The project will comply with all applicable NEPA/CEQA/NAGPRA laws. Notification will occur in accordance with the City of San Diego standard mitigation and monitoring measures for archaeological resources as described in Section V of the MND.

LETTER B

From: To: Destiny Colocho

DSD EAS

Cc: Chervi Madrigal; Deneen Pelton

Subject: Ocean Beach Dog Beach Accessibility Improvements SDP - Project No. 631632/SCH No. N/A

Date: Wednesday, August 28, 2019 10:45:20 PM

Dear Mr. Mark Brunette,

Thank you for providing the Rincon Band of Luiseño Indians (Rincon) with the Mitigated Negative Declaration (MND) for the above referenced project. The proposed project location is within the territory of the Luiseño people and within Rincon's area of historic interest. As such, Rincon is traditionally and culturally affiliated to the project area.

We have reviewed the provided MND and are in agreement with most of the recommended mitigation measures I through VI, which include archaeological and Native American monitoring, a pre-construction meeting, protocols for cultural discoveries including human remains, and a final monitoring report. However, we have the following concerns and requests pertaining to some of the measures:

- As the proposed project area is within the Luiseño Territory and within Rincon's area of
 Historic interest, we ask that Rincon be afforded the opportunity to provide Luiseño tribal
 monitoring services for this project.
- B-2
 2. Section I(B)1 Pre-Construction Meeting Rincon recommends that the preconstruction meeting include a cultural sensitivity training by the principal archaeologist and Native monitor to discuss laws and protocols pertaining to cultural resource discoveries.
- 2. Section VI(C) Curation of Artifacts this section mentions that discovered artifacts will be "permanently curated within appropriate institution." It is the custom of the Rincon Luiseño people to leave discovered cultural items in place. Therefore, Rincon requests that any cultural items discovered during the proposed construction project be reinterred within or in close proximity to the area of discovery, in an area within the project site that is protected from future developments and disturbances (i.e reburial area within an open space easement). Can a reburial area be identified within the project site?
- **B-4**3. Section VI(A) discusses a monitoring report. We'd like to request that a copy of the Final Monitoring Report be provided to Rincon when completed.

Should you have any questions, please contact me.

Thanks,

Destiny Colocho, RPA

Tribal Historic Preservation Officer Cultural Resource Department Rincon Band of Luiseño Indians 1 West Tribal Road | Valley Center, CA 92082 Office: 760-297-2635 | Cell: 760-705-7171

Fax: 760-692-1498

Email: dcolocho@rincon-nsn.gov

Letter B - Response

- **B-1:** As described in Section V of the MND, City of San Diego standard mitigation and monitoring measures for archaeological and tribal cultural resources require that the applicant submit the names of all persons involved in the archaeological monitoring program, including Native American monitors, to the Mitigation Monitoring Coordination (MMC) Section of the Development Services Department (DSD) for approval. The City does not determine which Native American monitor will be retained by the applicant. However, it is the City's business practice that the Native American monitor retained have a local regional knowledge of the area. The standard mitigation measures do not preclude any qualified Native American monitors from consideration by the applicant or the City.
- B-2: The City of San Diego standard mitigation and monitoring measures for archaeological and tribal cultural resources do no specifically require cultural sensitivity training at the preconstruction meeting. However, standard mitigation measures do not preclude such training. Standard City mitigation requires a pre-construction meeting between the DSD MMC section, the archaeologist and Native American monitor. Standard City mitigation states that the archaeologist and Native American monitor can make comments and/or suggestions concerning the Archaeological Monitoring program at the pre-construction meeting.
- **B-3:** Standard City mitigation measures do not require that any cultural items that are discovered be reinterred within or in close proximity to the area of discovery, but also do not preclude such reinterrment. The disposition of any discovered artifacts will be determined by consultation between MMC staff, the project archaeologist, and project Native American monitor, in the context of the City's standard archaeological resources mitigation measures.
- **B-4:** A copy of the Final Monitoring Report can be requested from DSD MMC staff upon completion of required monitoring for the project.

INITIAL STUDY CHECKLIST

- 1. Project title/Project number: Ocean Beach Dog Beach Accessibility Improvements SDP / 631632
- 2. Lead agency name and address: City of San Diego, 1222 First Avenue, MS-501, San Diego, California 92101
- 3. Contact person and phone number: Mark Brunette / (619) 446-5379
- 4. Project location: Adjacent to the existing public parking lot located northwest of the intersection of Voltaire Street and West Point Loma Boulevard in the Ocean Beach Community Plan area and Council District 2. (See attached location map).
- 5. Project Applicant/Sponsor's name and address: City of San Diego Public Works Department, 600 B Street #800, San Diego, CA 92101
- 6. General/Community Plan designation: Ocean Beach Community Plan: Resource-Based Park.
 Mission Bay Park Master Plan: No explicit land use designation for the project site. General Plan: Park, Open Space and Recreation
- 7. Zoning: Un-zoned
- 8. Description of project (Describe the whole action involved, including but not limited to, later phases of the project, and any secondary, support, or off-site features necessary for its implementation.):

A Site Development Permit (SDP) for impacts to environmentally sensitive lands, to construct Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) upgrades to an existing path of travel between the beach and existing public parking lot. Key project features include replacement of approximately 5,500 square feet of concrete ADA accessible ramps connecting the parking lot to the beach and a concrete plaza, replacement of adjacent concrete sidewalk and asphalt, replacement and enlargement of a concrete pad adjacent to benches, replacement of trash cans, curbs, gutters, and ADA signs, restriping of existing parking stalls. The project does not propose any additional parking capacity. The site is located in the Coastal Overlay Zone (Deferred Certification).

9. Surrounding land uses and setting:

The project site is located at the northern edge of an existing public parking lot adjacent to the Dog Beach public beach. The project site is surrounded by an existing public parking lot to the south and a public beach to the north, east and west. The grade elevation of the site rises gradually to the north from the parking lot to beach area north and west of the project site. The existing San Diego River pathway bisects the existing ADA accessible pathway proposed for replacement in an easterly direction from the project site.

10. Other public agencies whose approval is required (e.g., permits, financing approval, or participation agreement):

California Coastal Commission – Coastal Development Permit or CDP Exemption

11. Have California Native American tribes traditionally and culturally affiliated with the project area requested consultation pursuant to Public Resources Code section 21080.3.1? If so, has consultation begun?

In accordance with the requirements of Public Resources Code21080.3.1, the City of San Diego engaged in consultation with the lipay Nation of Santa Ysabel and the Jamul Indian Village, both traditionally and culturally affiliated with the project area. Both Native American communities were notified via email of the opportunity for consultation with the City on April 11, 2019. Both Native American communities concurred, via email on April 12, 2019, with staff's determination to require archaeological and Native American monitoring during the project's ground-disturbing activities. Furthermore, both Native American communities agreed that no further consultation was required and concluded the consultation process.

Note: Conducting consultation early in the CEQA process allows tribal governments, lead agencies, and project proponents to discuss the level of environmental review, identify and address potential adverse impacts to tribal cultural resources, and reduce the potential for delay and conflict in the environmental review process. (See Public Resources Code section 21083.3.2.) Information may also be available from the California Native American Heritage Commission's Sacred Lands File per Public Resources Code section 5097.96 and the California Historical Resources Information System administered by the California Office of Historic Preservation. Please also note that Public Resources Code section 21082.3(c) contains provisions specific to confidentiality.

ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:

			d be potentially affected by the checklist on the following		t, involving at least one impact that is a
	Aesthetics		Greenhouse Gas Emissions		Paleontological Resources
	Agriculture and Forestry Resources		Hazards & Hazardous Materials		Public Services
	Air Quality		Hydrology/Water Quality		Recreation
	Biological Resources		Land Use/Planning		Transportation/Traffic
\boxtimes	Cultural Resources		Mineral Resources	\boxtimes	Tribal Cultural Resources
	Geology/Soils		Noise		Utilities/Service System
					Mandatory Findings Significance
DETER	MINATION: (To be com	pleted l	oy Lead Agency)		
On the b	asis of this initial evaluation:				
	The proposed project COUL be prepared.	D NOT ha	ve a significant effect on the	environme	ent, and a NEGATIVE DECLARATION will
		evisions ir	n the project have been made		ment, there will not be a significant reed to by the project proponent. A
	The proposed project MAY has required.	nave a sig	nificant effect on the environi	ment, and	an ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT
	on the environment, but at applicable legal standards, a	least one and (b) ha	effect (a) has been adequatel	y analyzed on measu	ally significant unless mitigated" impact d in an earlier document pursuant to res based on the earlier analysis as ired.
	Although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, because all potentially significant effects (a) have been analyzed adequately in an earlier EIR or (MITIGATED) NEGATIVE DECLARATION pursuant to applicable standards, and (b) have been avoided or mitigated pursuant to that earlier EIR or (MITIGATED) NEGATIVE DECLARATION, including revisions or mitigation measures that are imposed upon the proposed project, nothing further is required.				

EVALUATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS:

- 1) A brief explanation is required for all answers except "No Impact" answers that are adequately supported by the information sources a lead agency cites in the parentheses following each question. A "No Impact" answer is adequately supported if the referenced information sources show that the impact simply does not apply to projects like the one involved (e.g., the project falls outside a fault rupture zone). A "No Impact answer should be explained where it is based on project specific factors as well as general standards (e.g., the project will not expose sensitive receptors to pollutants, based on a project-specific screening analysis.)
- 2) All answers must take account of the whole action involved, including off-site as well as on-site, cumulative as well as project-level, indirect as well as direct, and construction as well as operational impacts.
- 3) Once the lead agency has determined that a particular physical impact may occur, then the checklist answers must indicate whether the impact is potentially significant, less than significant with mitigation, or less than significant. "Potentially Significant Impact" is appropriate if there is substantial evidence that an effect may be significant. If there are one or more "Potentially Significant Impact" entries when the determination is made, an EIR is required.
- 4) "Negative Declaration: Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated" applies where the incorporation of mitigation measures has reduced an effect from "Potentially Significant Impact" to a "Less Than Significant Impact." The lead agency must describe the mitigation measures, and briefly explain how they reduce the effect to a less than significant level (mitigation measures from "Earlier Analyses", as described in (5) below, may be cross-referenced).
- 5) Earlier analyses may be used where, pursuant to the tiering, program EIR, or other CEQA process, an effect has been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or (mitigated) negative declaration. *Section 15063(c)(3)(D).* In this case, a brief discussion should identify the following:
 - a. Earlier Analysis Used. Identify and state where they are available for review.
 - b. Impacts Adequately Addressed. Identify which effects from the above checklist were within the scope of and adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and state whether such effects were addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis.
 - c. Mitigation Measures. For effects that are "Less Than Significant With Mitigation Measures Incorporated", describe the mitigation measures that were incorporated or refined from the earlier document and the extent to which they address site-specific conditions for the project.
- 6) Lead agencies are encouraged to incorporate into the checklist references to information sources for potential impacts (e.g., general plans, zoning ordinances). Reference to a previously prepared or outside document should, where appropriate, include a reference to the page or pages where the statement is substantiated.
- 7) Supporting Information Sources: A source list should be attached, and other sources used or individuals contacted should be cited in the discussion.
- 8) This is only a suggested form, and lead agencies are free to use different formats; however, lead agencies should normally address the questions from this checklist that are relevant to a project's environmental effects in whatever format is selected.
- 9) The explanation of each issue should identify:
 - a. The significance criteria or threshold, if any, used to evaluate each question; and
 - b. The mitigation measure identified, if any, to reduce the impact to less than significant.

	Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
I. AES	STHETICS – Would the project:				
ā	a) Have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista?				\boxtimes
location existing	roject proposes to replace an existing on and same grade elevation. Since th ng sidewalk, the project will not impac ng sidewalk.	here is no exp	ansion, relocation	, or height inc	rease of the
t	Substantially damage scenic resources, including but not limited to, trees, rock outcroppings, and historic buildings within a state scenic highway?				
or his	roject is not located within or adjacer toric buildings. Therefore, it would no pacts would result.				
C	c) Substantially degrade the existing visual character or quality of the site and its surroundings?				
Refer	to I.a. No impacts would result.				
C	d) Create a new source of substantial light or glare that would adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area?				\boxtimes
projed	to I.a. above. The proposed concrete ct would be subject to the City's Outdo 740. Therefore, no impacts would res	oor Lighting R	_	-	
e M ii S F F	AGRICULTURAL AND FOREST RESOURCES: In deen in the control of the c	to the California tment of Conserv nining whether in s may refer to infe e's inventory of fo ect; and forest ca	Agricultural Land Evaluation as an optional managed in pacts to forest resource ormation compiled by the prest land, including the rbon measurement me	uation and Site As odel to use in ass ces, including tim the California Dep e Forest and Rang	sessment lessing berland, are partment of ge Assessment
ē	Converts Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance (Farmland), as shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency, to non-agricultural use?				\boxtimes

The project site does not contain, and is not adjacent to, any lands identified as Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance (Farmland), as show on maps prepared pursuant to

ls	ssue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
project	mland Mapping and Monitoring Prog would not result in the conversion of s would result.				
b)	Conflict with existing zoning for agricultural use, or a Williamson Act Contract?				\boxtimes
the pro	o response II (a), above. There are no eject. The project is consistent with the ation and the underlying zone. The pr cural use or be affected by a Williams	e Resource-E oject would	Based Park communot conflict with ar	inity plan land ny properties	d use zoned for
c)	Conflict with existing zoning for, or cause rezoning of, forest land (as defined in Public Resources Code section 1220(g)), timberland (as defined by Public Resources Code section 4526), or timberland zoned Timberland Production (as defined by Government Code section 51104(g))?				
or timb	oject would not conflict with existing a perland zoned Timberland Production project is consistent with the commu	ı. No designa	ted forest land or	timberland o	ccur onsite
d)	Result in the loss of forest land or conversion of forest land to non-forest use?				\boxtimes
foreste	o response II (c) above. Additionally, t d land to non-forest use, as there is r s would result.				_
e)	Involve other changes in the existing environment, which, due to their location or nature, could result in conversion of Farmland to nonagricultural use or conversion of forest land to non-forest use?				
farmlar	o response II (a) and II (c), above. The nd or forest land. No changes to any s ore, no impact would result.		_		-
	R QUALITY – Where available, the significance of lution control district may be relied on to mak				ement or air
a)	Conflict with or obstruct implementation of the applicable air quality plan?				

Issue Signifi	tentially Less Than Ificant Significant with Significant No Impact Pact Incorporated Impact
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The San Diego Air Pollution Control District (SDAPCD) and San Diego Association of Governments (SANDAG) are responsible for developing and implementing the clean air plan for attainment and maintenance of the ambient air quality standards in the San Diego Air Basin (SDAB). The County Regional Air Quality Strategy (RAQS) was initially adopted in 1991 and is updated on a triennial basis (most recently in 2009). The RAQS outlines the SDAPCD's plans and control measures designed to attain the state air quality standards for ozone (O3). The RAQS relies on information from the California Air Resources Board (CARB) and SANDAG, including mobile and area source emissions, as well as information regarding projected growth in San Diego County and the cities in the county, to project future emissions and then determine the strategies necessary for the reduction of emissions through regulatory controls. CARB mobile source emission projections and SANDAG growth projections are based on population, vehicle trends, and land use plans developed by San Diego County and the cities in the county as part of the development of their general plans.

The RAQS relies on SANDAG growth projections based on population, vehicle trends, and land use plans developed by the cities and by the county as part of the development of their general plans. As such, projects that propose development that is consistent with the growth anticipated by local plans would be consistent with the RAQS. However, if a project proposes development that is greater than that anticipated in the local plan and SANDAG's growth projections, the project might be in conflict with the RAQS and may contribute to a potentially significant cumulative impact on air quality.

The project would construct replacement concrete sidewalk in the same location and alignment as the existing sidewalk. The project would not generate operational air pollutants. Furthermore, the project is consistent with the General Plan, the zoning designation, and the community plan. Therefore, the project would be consistent at a sub-regional level with the underlying growth forecasts in the RAQS and would not obstruct implementation of the RAQS. As such, no impacts would result.

b)	Violate any air quality standard or			
	contribute substantially to an existing		\boxtimes	
	or projected air quality violation?			

Short-Term (Construction) Emissions. Construction-related activities are temporary, short-term sources of air emissions. Sources of construction-related air emissions include fugitive dust from grading activities; construction equipment exhaust; construction-related trips by workers, delivery trucks, and material-hauling trucks; and construction-related power consumption.

Variables that factor into the total construction emissions potentially generated include the level of activity, length of construction period, number of pieces and types of equipment in use, site characteristics, weather conditions, number of construction personnel, and the amount of materials to be transported on or offsite.

Fugitive dust emissions are generally associated with land-clearing and grading operations. Construction operations would include standard measures as required by City of San Diego grading permit to limit potential air quality impacts. Therefore, impacts associated with fugitive dust are

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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considered less than significant and would not violate an air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation. No mitigation measures are required.

Long-Term (Operational) Emissions. Long-term air emission impacts are those associated with stationary sources and mobile sources related to any change caused by a project. The project would produce no operational emissions. The project is compatible with the surrounding development and is permitted by the community plan and zone designation. Based on the scope of constructing a replacement concrete sidewalk, project emissions over the long-term are not anticipated to violate any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation. The

There w	ould be no impacts.	-			
c)	Result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is non-attainment under an applicable federal or state ambient air quality standard (including releasing emissions which exceed quantitative thresholds for ozone precursors)?			\boxtimes	
other po implema constru	ribed above, construction operations ollutants. However, construction em entation of Best Management Practi ction activities to a less than significa tively considerable net increase of ar	issions would ces (BMPs) w ant level. The	d be temporary ar rould reduce pote refore, the projec	nd short-term ntial impacts r t would not re	in duration; elated to sult in a

d)	Create objectionable odors affecting a			\triangleright
	substantial number of people?		Ш	

attainment under applicable federal or state ambient air quality standards. Impacts would be less

Short-term (Construction)

than significant.

Odors would be generated from vehicles and/or equipment exhaust emissions during construction of the project. Odors produced during construction would be attributable to concentrations of unburned hydrocarbons from tailpipes of construction equipment and architectural coatings. Such odors are temporary and generally occur at magnitudes that would not affect a substantial number of people. Therefore, impacts would be less than significant.

Long-term (Operational)

Typical long-term operational characteristics of the project are not associated with the creation of such odors nor anticipated to generate odors affecting a substantial number of people. The project would construct a replacement ADA accessible concrete sidewalk. An ADA path of travel would not generate odors affecting a substantial number or people. Therefore, project operations would result in no impacts.

lss	ue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a)	Have substantial adverse effects, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special status species in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?				
The Summary of Results from biological Field Assessment for Ocean Beach Dog Beach Accessibility Improvements memorandum dated February 26, 2019, by Maya Mazon, Biologist III, City of San Diego Public Works Department concludes that the proposed project would not directly impact sensitive upland or wetland habitat as no such habitat is presents within the project' ground disturbance footprint. The memorandum also concludes that there would be no direct impacts to sensitive flora or fauna (including state or federally listed wildlife species) as not were observed on site.					
The memorandum recommends that the MSCP Multi-Habitat Planner Area (MHPA) Land Use Adjacency Guidelines be implemented to reduce potentially significant impacts to sensitive biological resources within the MHPA north of the project site. The Land Use Adjacency Guidelines will be required to be implemented as a condition of approval of the Site Development Permit for this project. As such, the adjacency guidelines are a design feature of the proposed project and no mitigation is required for indirect impacts to sensitive biological resources. Therefore, impacts would be less than significant.					
b)	Have a substantial adverse effect on any riparian habitat or other community identified in local or regional plans, policies, and regulations or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?				\boxtimes
commur	IV (a) above. The project site does r nity, as the site currently contains do would occur.		- '		
c)	Have a substantial adverse effect on federally protected wetlands as defined by section 404 of the Clean Water Act (including but not limited to marsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc.) through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, or other means?				\boxtimes
	IV (a) and (b) above. Additionally, th n or near the site. No impacts would		etlands or waters o	of the State o	r United
d)	Interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or				

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
migratory fish or wildlife species or with established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors, or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites?				
Refer to IV (a) and (b) above. The proposed	. ,	•	O	

Refer to IV (a) and (b) above. The proposed project would replace an existing concrete ADA accessible path of travel with a new concrete ADA path of travel with approximately the same alignment, the same location, and same grade elevation. Since there is no proposed expansion or change in location of the sidewalk, the project would not interfere with an established wildlife corridor and would not impede the movement of any wildlife or the use of any wildlife nursery sites. Therefore, no impact would occur.

e)	Conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources, such as a tree preservation policy or ordinance?				
Ocean I	o IV (a), (b) and (d) above. The project Beach Community Plan and the prop to Dog Beach is consistent with the c	osed sidewa	lk replacement to	maintain exis	ting publi
f)	Conflict with the provisions of an adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Community Conservation Plan, or other approved local, regional, or state habitat conservation plan?			\boxtimes	
Refer to	IV(a) above. Impacts would be less	than signific	ant.		
V. CULT	URAL RESOURCES – Would the project:				
a)	Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an historical resource as defined in §15064.5?		\boxtimes		

The purpose and intent of the Historical Resources Regulations of the Land Development Code (Chapter 14, Division 3, and Article 2) is to protect, preserve and, where damaged, restore the historical resources of San Diego. The regulations apply to all proposed development within the City of San Diego when historical resources are present on the premises. Before approving discretionary projects, CEQA requires the Lead Agency to identify and examine the significant adverse environmental effects which may result from that project. A project that may cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource may have a significant effect on the environment (sections 15064.5(b) and 21084.1). A substantial adverse change is defined as demolition, destruction, relocation, or alteration activities, which would impair historical significance (sections 15064.5(b)(1)). Any historical resource listed in, or eligible to be listed in the California Register of Historical Resources, including archaeological resources, is considered to be historically or culturally significant.

Archaeological Resources

Many areas of San Diego County, including mesas and the coast, are known for intense and diverse prehistoric occupation and important archaeological and historical resources. The region has been inhabited by various cultural groups spanning 10,000 years or more.

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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A qualified Development Services Department (DSD) archaeologist reviewed the proposed project and conducted a California Historical Resources Information System (CHRIS) records search of the project site and surrounding area. The results of the search indicate that there are no recorded archaeological sites within the project's Area of Potential Effect, but there are recorded sites within one-half mile of the project site. The archaeologist determined that due to the proximity of recorded archaeological sites in the vicinity, there is the potential for unknown archaeological resources to be present in within the APE that could be impacted by the project's ground disturbance. Therefore, the DSD archaeologist recommends that the project implement archaeological and Native American monitoring during all ground disturbing activities to reduce potentially significant impacts to archaeological resources to below a level of significance.

A Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program that includes archaeological and Native American monitoring, as detailed within Section V of the Mitigated Negative Declaration, will be implemented for this project to reduce impacts related to Historical Resources (archaeology) to below a level of significance.

Built Environment

The City of San Diego criteria for determination of historic significance, pursuant to CEQA, is evaluated based upon age (over 45 years), location, context, association with an important event, uniqueness, or structural integrity of the building. Projects requiring the demolition and/or modification of structures that are 45 years or older have the potential to result in potential impacts to a historical resource. The proposed project was reviewed by qualified DSD historical resources staff that determined the project site is located within the Ocean Beach Historic District and is a noncontributing resource to that district. Historical resources staff determined that the proposed project complies with the City's Historical Resources Regulations and the U.S. Secretary of the Interior's Standards as they related to development of non-contributing resources and new development. As such the proposed project would have a less than significant impact on built-environment historical resources.

b)	Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an archaeological resource pursuant to §15064.5?		
Refer to	V (a) above.		
c)	Directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleontological resource or site or unique geologic feature?		

The project site is underlain by the artificial fill material as indicated by City of the City of San Diego Development Service Department geological maps. Since artificial fill is not a type of sedimentary material that would potentially contain paleontological resources, and has been imported from other locations, the fill material is unlikely to contain paleontological resources. Furthermore, the maximum proposed project excavation depth is 2.5 feet which is less than the 10-foot excavation depth threshold in the San Diego Municipal Code Grading Regulations that would require paleontological monitoring during the project's ground disturbing activities.

Issue		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	no paleontological monitoring wi gical resources would be less tha	•	for the project ar	nd impacts to	
tho	turb and human remains, including se interred outside of dedicated neteries?		\boxtimes		
surrounding archaeologi	a) above. At this time, there is nog the project site. The project site cal resources and has the potentican monitor will be required to .	e is located w tial to disturb	ithin an area that i human remains.	is sensitive fo An archaeolo	r gist and
VI. GEOLOGY	AND SOILS – Would the project:				
	oose people or structures to potential sul olving:	bstantial adverse	effects, including the	risk of loss, injur	y, or death
i)	Rupture of a known earthquake fault, as delineated on the most recent Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Map issued by the State Geologist for the area or based on other substantial evidence of a known fault? Refer to Division of Mines and Geology Special Publication 42.				
liquefaction project site or inactive f utilize prope impacts in t	site is located within the Geolog The site is not located within a and adjacent properties are not aults on the City of San Diego Geer engineering design and standhis hazard category based on reconstruction.	State of Califo mapped as beologic Hazaro ard construct gional geolog	ornia Earthquake I eing underlain by ds Maps. In additi ion practices to er ic hazards would r	Fault Zone, ar active, poten ion, the proje nsure that po remain less th	nd the tially active, ct would tential nan
ii)	Strong seismic ground shaking?			\boxtimes	
standard co	a)(i) above. The project would alsonstruction practices to ensure the level of significance.				
iii)	Seismic-related ground failure, including liquefaction?			\boxtimes	
Refer to VI (a)(i) above.				
iv)	Landslides?			\boxtimes	

lss	sue	Significant Impact	Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Significant Impact	No Impact
	o VI (a)(i) above. In addition, landslide ements based on local geologic map		apped in the vicinit	cy of the propo	sed
b)	Result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil?			\boxtimes	
potentia requires requires Standar levels. F consiste	cion and construction activities would al. The project would be required to so the implementation of appropriated to comply with the City of San Diegral, which would ensure soil erosion furthermore, permanent storm water with the City's regulations. Therefore impacts	comply with BMPs. Grad go Grading C and topsoil er BMPs wou fore, the pro	the City's Storm Waling activities within Ordinance as well a loss is minimized to the also be required bject would not res	Vater Standard In the site woul Is the Storm Work It less than sig It post-construct It in substant	s which ld be ater nificant ction
c)	Be located on a geologic unit or soil that is unstable, or that would become unstable as a result of the project, and potentially result in on- or off-site landslide, lateral spreading, subsidence, liquefaction or collapse?				
require liquefac	o Section VI(a) and VI(b). The project ments of the California Building Coc ction would be reduced to an accept defaction are expected to be less tha	le, ensuring able level of	hazards associated risk. As such, impa	with expansiv	
d)	Be located on expansive soil, as defined in Table 18-1-B of the Uniform Building Code (1994), creating substantial risks to life or property?				
Refer to	VI (a) above.				
e)	Have soils incapable of adequately supporting the use of septic tanks or alternative waste water disposal systems where sewers are not available for the disposal of waste water?				
path an	ject would replace an existing concr d does not require or propose any s k would not generate wastewater. N	septic system	n. In addition, cons		
	ENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS – Would the proje	ect:			
a)	Generate greenhouse gas emissions, either directly or indirectly, that may have a significant impact on the environment?			\boxtimes	

Potentially

Less Than

Less Than

Potentially Less Than
Potentially Significant with Less Than
Issue Significant Mitigation Impact
Impact Incorporated

Climate Action Plan

The City adopted the Climate Action Plan (CAP) in December 2015 (City of San Diego 2015). With implementation of the CAP, the City aims to reduce emissions 15% below the baseline to approximately 11.1 million metric tons of carbon dioxide equivalent (MMT CO2E) by 2020, 40% below the baseline to approximately 7.8 MMT CO2E by 2030, and 50% below the baseline to approximately 6.5 MMT CO2E by 2035. The City has identified the following five CAP strategies to reduce GHG emissions to achieve the 2020 and 2035 targets: (1) energy- and water-efficient buildings; (2) clean and renewable energy; (3) bicycling, walking, transit, and land use; (4) zero waste (gas and waste management); and (5) climate resiliency. The City's CAP Consistency Checklist, adopted July 12, 2016, is the primary document used by the City to ensure project-by-project consistency with the underlying assumptions in the CAP and thereby to ensure that the City would achieve the emission reduction targets identified in its CAP.

CAP Consistency Checklist

The CAP Consistency Checklist is the City's significance threshold utilized to ensure project-by-project consistency with the underlying assumptions in the CAP and to ensure that the City would achieve its emission reduction targets identified in the CAP. The CAP Consistency Checklist includes a three-step process to determine project if the project would result in a GHG impact. Step 1 consists of an evaluation to determine the project's consistency with existing General Plan, Community Plan, and zoning designations for the site. Step 2 consists of an evaluation of the project's design features compliance with the CAP strategies. Step 3 is only applicable if a project is not consistent with the land use and/or zone, but is also in a transit priority area to allow for more intensive development than assumed in the CAP.

The project would not result in operational greenhouse gas emissions. Under Step 1 of the CAP Checklist the proposed project is consistent with the existing General Plan and Community Plan land use designations, and zoning designations for the project site because these designations allow for public access to a public beach and require the maintenance of existing public access. Therefore, the proposed project is consistent with the growth projections and land use assumptions used in the CAP.

Furthermore, the strategies under Step 2 of the CAP Checklist are not required for the project because the proposed sidewalk replacement does not require a certificate of occupancy. Step 3 of the CAP Consistency Checklist would not be applicable, as the project is not proposing a land use amendment or a rezone.

Therefore, the project has been determined to be consistent with the City of San Diego Climate Action Plan, would result in a less than significant impact on the environment with respect to Greenhouse Gas Emissions, and further GHG emissions analysis and mitigation would not be required.

b)	Conflict with an applicable plan, policy,				
	or regulation adopted for the purpose			\bowtie	
	of reducing the emissions of		_		
	greenhouse gases?				

Iss	ue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
Refer to	Section VII (a) above.				
VIII. HAZ	ARDS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS – Would	the project:			
a)	Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials?			\boxtimes	
etc.), wh such sub create a transpor	ction of the project may require the nich would require proper storage, h bstances may be present during con significant public hazard. Once cons rt, use, or disposal of hazardous ma re, impacts would be less than signif	andling, use a struction of th structed, due terials on or t	and disposal. Altho ne project, they ar to the nature of th	ough minimal e not anticipa ne project, the	amounts of ated to e routine
b)	Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment?				
disposal	d in previous response VIII (a), no he l of hazardous materials would resu ot be associated with such impacts.	lt from the im	plementation of tl	ne project. Th	ne project
c)	Emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste within one-quarter mile of an existing or proposed school?				\boxtimes
	re no existing or proposed schools lo would not emit hazardous materials		•		
d)	Be located on a site which is included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code section 65962.5 and, as a result, would it create a significant hazard to the public or the environment?				

A search of potential hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5 was completed for the project site. Several databases and resources were consulted including the Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC) EnviroStor database, the California State Water Resources Control Board GeoTracker database, and other sources of potential hazardous materials sites available on the California EPA website. Based on the searches conducted, no contaminated sites are on or adjacent to the project site. Furthermore, the project site was not

1	Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	ied on the DTSC Cortese List. Therefor blic or the environment. No impacts w		ct would not create	a significant	hazard to
e)	For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two mile of a public airport or public use airport, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?				
project areas s interfe	es associated with the necessary grad t would not increase the potential to re surrounding the project site. Continue are with the operations of any airport. tion measures are required.	esult in a saf d operation	fety hazard for peop of the replacement	ole residing of sidewalk wo	or working in ould not
f)	For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?				\boxtimes
	o response VIII(e) above. The project s nificant impacts will occur, and no miti			vate airstrip	. Therefore,
g)	Impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan?				\boxtimes
Area o would Theref	ruction of the proposed project may te f Potential Effect (APE) and its adjoinin be implemented during construction fore, the project would not physically in ency evacuation plan.	ng roads. How which would	wever, an approved l allow emergency p	Traffic Cont lans to be e	trol Plan mployed.
h)	Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires, including where wildlands are adjacent to urbanized areas or where residences are intermixed with wildlands?				
wildlar would	oject is located at the between of an ends or other areas prone to wildfire winot expose people or structures to wines are required.	thin the vicir	nity of the project si	te. Therefor	e, the project
IX. HYD	DROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY - Would the pro	oject:			
a)	Violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements?				

The project would comply with the City's Storm Water Regulations during and after construction, and appropriate BMP's would be utilized. Implementation of project specific BMP's would preclude violations of any existing water quality standards or discharge requirements. Impacts would be less than significant.

b) Substantially deplete groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that there would be a net deficit in aquifer volume or a lowering of the local groundwater table level (e.g., the production rate of pre-existing nearby wells would drop to a level which would not support existing land uses or planned uses for which permits have been granted)?			\boxtimes
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Refer to IX (a) above. The project does not require the construction of wells or the use of groundwater. Furthermore, the project would not introduce significant new impervious surfaces that could interfere with groundwater recharge. Therefore, the project would not substantially deplete groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge. No impact would result.

c)	Substantially alter the existing drainage			
	pattern of the site or area, including			
	through the alteration of the course of		\bowtie	
	a stream or river, in a manner, which	Ш		
	would result in substantial erosion or			
	siltation on- or off-site?			

The project would not substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or the area. There are no streams or rivers located on-site and thus, no such resources would be impacted through the proposed grading activities. Although grading would be required for the project, the project would implement BMPs to ensure that substantial erosion or siltation on or off-site would not occur. Impacts would be less than significant, and no mitigation measures are required.

d)	Substantially alter the existing drainage			
	pattern of the site or area, including			
	through the alteration of the course of			
	a stream or river, or substantially		\boxtimes	
	increase the rate or amount of surface			
	runoff in a manner, which would result			
	in flooding on- or off-site?			

Refer to IX (a). The project would not alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or significantly alter runoff volumes. The project would not substantially alter the impervious area and runoff would continue to be discharged into the storm drain system. Thus, the project would not significantly alter the overall drainage pattern for the site or area, or substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner that would result in flooding on- or off-site. Impacts would be less than significant.

Iss	ue	Potentially Significant Impact	Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
e)	Create or contribute runoff water, which would exceed the capacity of existing or planned stormwater drainage systems or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff?				
Refer to	IX (a)(c)(d) above.				
f)	Otherwise substantially degrade water quality?			\boxtimes	
water qu	IX (a) above. The project would be regality standards during construction and degraded.	•		_	
g)	Place housing within a 100-year flood hazard area as mapped on a federal Flood Hazard Boundary or Flood Insurance Rate Map or other flood hazard delineation map?				
The proj	ect does not propose new housing.	Therefore, r	no impacts would	occur.	
h)	Place within a 100-year flood hazard area, structures that would impede or redirect flood flows?				
Refer to	IX(g), above. The proposed replacen	nent sidewalk	would not imped	e or redirect	flood flows.
X. LAND	USE AND PLANNING – Would the project:				
a)	Physically divide an established community?				\boxtimes
with the public ac surround divide th	ect would construct a replacement A General Plan's and Community Plan ccess to a public beach. The project of ding area and would not introduce a se community. Thus, the project wou ned community	n's land use do would not sub any barriers o	esignations and po ostantially change r project features	olicies for ma the nature o that could ph	intaining f the nysically
b)	Conflict with any applicable land use plan, policy, or regulation of an agency with jurisdiction over the project (including but not limited to the general plan, specific plan, local coastal program, or zoning ordinance) adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect?				

Issue	Significant Impact	Mitigation Incorporated	Significant Impact	No Impact
See response X(a) above. The project is condesignates the site for park and recreation Coastal Development Permit for the project with the Coastal Act. Therefore, the projecticy, or regulation of an agency with jurgeneral plan, community plan, or zoning mitigating an environmental effect. No continuation of the projection of the project is considered and project of the projec	on land use. The ect from the Cali ect would not co risdiction over the ordinance) adop	applicant will be fornia Coastal Co nflict with any ap ne project (includi oted for the purpo	required to ob ommission in co plicable land u ng but not limi ose of avoiding	tain a onformance se plan, ted to the or
 c) Conflict with any applicable habitat conservation plan or natural community conservation plan? 			\boxtimes	
Refer to IV above. The project would not natural community conservation plan be Adjacent Guidelines as a condition of SDI requirements of the City's Multiple Speci- significant and no mitigation measures a	cause the project P approval. As su es Conservation	t will implement uch, the project w	the MHPA Land ould conform t	d Use to the
XI. MINERAL RESOURCES – Would the project:				
a) Result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region and the residents of the state?				\boxtimes
The areas around the proposed project a resources and are not designed by the G mineral resources recovery; therefore, th	eneral Plan or of	ther local, state o	r federal land ເ	ıse plan for
b) Result in the loss of availability of a locally important mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan or other land use plan?				
Refer to X (e), above. The project site has land use plan as a locally important mine affected with project implementation. Th	eral resource rec	overy site, and no	such resource	
XII. NOISE – Would the project result in:				
 Generation of, noise levels in excess of standards established in the local general plan or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies? 				

Potentially

Less Than

Significant with

Less Than

Short Term (Construction)

Noise impacts would be associated with onsite grading, and construction activities of the project. Construction-related short-term noise levels would be higher than existing ambient noise levels in the project area but would no longer occur once construction is completed. Sensitive receptors (e.g.

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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residential uses) occur in the immediate area and may be temporarily affected by construction noise; however, construction activities would be required to comply with the construction hours specified in the City's Municipal Code (Section 59.5.0404, Construction Noise) which are intended to reduce potential adverse effects resulting from construction noise. With compliance to the City's noise ordinance, project construction noise levels would be reduced to less than significant, and no mitigation measures are required.

No char replace standar	rm (Operational) nge in existing noise operational noise an existing concrete path of travel. The ds established in the City of San Diego pacts would occur, and no mitigation r	e project v General F	would not result in i Plan or Noise Ordin	noise levels ir	n excess of
b)	Generation of, excessive ground borne vibration or ground borne noise levels?				\boxtimes
are not potentia	ring activities that would potentially rest anticipated with construction of the propertion of the properties of the pro	oject. As o	described in Respor	nse to XII (a) a	ibove,
c)	A substantial permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project?				
The pro	iect would not significantly increase lo	ng-term n	oise levels. The pro	iect would no	nt introduce

The project would not significantly increase long-term noise levels. The project would not introduce a new land use, or significantly increase the intensity of the allowed land use. Post-construction noise levels and traffic would not increase as compared to the existing conditions at the project site. Therefore, no substantial permanent increase in ambient noise levels is anticipated. A less than significant impact would occur.

d)	A substantial temporary or periodic			
	increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above existing without		\boxtimes	
	the project?			

The project would not expose people to a substantial increase in temporary or periodic ambient noise levels. Construction noise would result during construction activities but would be temporary in nature. Construction-related noise impacts from the project would generally be higher than existing ambient noise levels in the project area but would no longer occur once construction is completed. In addition, the project would be required to comply with the San Diego Municipal Code, Article 9.5, Noise Abatement and Control. Implementation of these standard measures would reduce potential impacts from an increase in ambient noise level during construction to a less than significant level, and no mitigation measures are required.

e)	For a project located within an airport		
	land use plan, or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles		\boxtimes
	of a public airport or public use airport		

	Issue		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	re	ould the project expose people siding or working in the area to cessive noise levels?				
be no travel	char , to e	project would replace an existing conge in the exposure of people residual excessive noise levels from existing tigation measures are required.	ding or work	ing in the area, or	people using	the path of
f	pı ex th	or a project within the vicinity of a rivate airstrip, would the project kpose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise wels?				\boxtimes
Refer	to XI	l(e), above.				
XIII. P	OPUL	ATION AND HOUSING – Would the project:				
ć	ar pi oi ex	duce substantial population growth in n area, either directly (for example, by roposing new homes and businesses) rindirectly (for example, through ktension of roads or other frastructure)?				\boxtimes
would	d not	t proposes to replace an existing p substantially increase housing or rastructure extensions. No impact	population g	rowth in the area		
k	ex	isplace substantial numbers of kisting housing, necessitating the onstruction of replacement housing sewhere?				
		acement would not result, in that t vel in the same location where no			•	
(р	isplace substantial numbers of eople, necessitating the construction replacement housing elsewhere?				
Refer	to re	sponse XIII(b) above. No impacts	would result	•		
XIV. P	UBLIC	SERVICES				
ć	pl co	ould the project result in substantial adver nysically altered governmental facilities, ne onstruction of which could cause significan tions, response times or other performand	ed for new or p t environmenta	hysically altered gover l impacts, in order to n	nmental facilities naintain acceptab	, the
	i)	Fire protection				\boxtimes

Issue		Significant Impact	Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Significant Impact	No Impact
	t would not result in adverse phy e services. No impacts would occ	•		-	_
ii)	Police protection				
	t would not affect existing levels on or expansion of a police facilityed.				•
iii)	Schools				
or expansion	t would not affect existing levels on of a school facility. As such, no measures are required.	•		•	
iv)	Parks				\boxtimes
	t would not affect existing levels on of a park facility. No impacts v	•	vices and would no	t require the o	onstruction
v)	Other public facilities				
	t would not affect existing levels nt facilities would be required.	of public ser	vices; therefore, no	new or altere	d
XV. RECREAT	TION				
ex pa su de	ould the project increase the use of cisting neighborhood and regional arks or other recreational facilities and that substantial physical eterioration of the facility would occur be accelerated?				
recreational would not a would not a recreational or facilities expansion	t would not adversely affect the a al resources. The project would need to require the construction or expansion significantly increase the use of eact facilities. Therefore, the project such that substantial deterioration of recreational facilities to satisfy al facilities have been identified, and	not adversely nsion of an e existing neigh t is not antici on occurs, o demand. As	affect existing lever existing government aborhood or region pated to result in the r that would requir s such, no significar	els of public se tal facility. The nal parks or otl he use of avail e the construc nt impacts rela	rvices and e project ner able parks ction or
fao ex wh	pes the project include recreational cilities or require the construction or pansion of recreational facilities, nich might have an adverse physical fect on the environment?				

Potentially

Less Than

Less Than

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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Refer to XV (a) above. The project does not propose recreation facilities nor require the construction or expansion of any such facilities.

от схра	note of any sacrificancies.				
XVI. TRA	NSPORTATION/TRAFFIC – Would the project?				
a)	Conflict with an applicable plan, ordinance or policy establishing measures of effectiveness for the performance of the circulation system, taking into account all modes of transportation including mass transit and non-motorized travel and relevant components of the circulation system, including but not limited to intersections, streets, highways and freeways, pedestrian and bicycle paths, and mass transit?				
project conflict	ject is consistent with the General Plawould not change existing circulation with any applicable plan, ordinance, chance of the circulation system.	patterns or	n area roadways. ٦	he project wo	uld not
project . Plan wo substan	er, construction of the proposed project. APE and its adjoining roads. To addrest uld be implemented during constructially impacted. Therefore, the project generation or level of service.	ess these ter tion such th	nporary affects, a at traffic circulatio	n approved Tr n would not b	affic Control e
b)	Conflict with an applicable congestion management program, including, but not limited to level of service standards and travel demand measures, or other standards established by the county congestion management agency for designated roads or highways?			\boxtimes	
Refer to	response XVI (a) above.				
c)	Result in a change in air traffic patterns, including either an increase in traffic levels or a change in location that				\boxtimes

The project would not result in a change in air traffic patterns, including either an increase in traffic levels or a change in location that results in substantial safety risks in that the project would be consistent with applicable land use plans, and replacement structures would not exceed 5 feet in height above existing grade. No impacts would result.

results in substantial safety risks?

Iss	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
d)	Substantially increase hazards due to a design feature (e.g., sharp curves or dangerous intersections) or incompatible uses (e.g., farm equipment)?				
would r	ject would not create a permanent in educe temporary hazards due to con Plan. The project does not propose the area.	nstruction to	a less than signific	cant level thro	ugh a Traffi
e) access?	Result in inadequate emergency				\boxtimes
Refer to	response XVI (a) above.				
f)	Conflict with adopted policies, plans, or programs regarding public transit, bicycle, or pedestrian facilities, or otherwise decrease the performance or safety of such facilities?			\boxtimes	
pedestr	ject may temporarily impact circulat ians, public transit and bicycles. How that any disruption to these services	vever, the pre	paration of a Traf		
cultural geograp	IBAL CULTURAL RESOURCES – Would the pro resource, defined in Public Resources Code so hically defined in terms of the size and scope ia Native American tribe, and that is:	ection 21074 as e	either a site, feature, p	olace, cultural land	dscape that is
a)	Listed or eligible for listing in the California Register of Historical Resources, or in a local register of historical resources as defined in Public Resources Code section 5020.1(k), or				

Refer to Section V (b). The project site is not listed on the California Register of Historical Resources or in a local register. However, a CHRIS records search determined that, due to the presence of nearby recorded archaeological sites, there is the potential for sensitive archaeological resources to be present at the site. Therefore, as described under Section V (b) of the MND, archaeological and Native American monitoring is required to reduce potentially significant impacts to archaeological resources.

Notification, as required by Public Resources Code section 21074, was provided to the lipay Nation of Santa Ysabel and Jamul Indian Village of Kumeyaay Nation on April 11, 2019. On April 12, 2019, the Native American communities responded to the City that they concur with the City's determination to require archaeological and Native American monitoring for the proposed project and do not require further consultation. Historical resources (archaeology) mitigation, included in the Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program under Section V of the MND, would reduce potentially significant impacts to tribal cultural resources to below a level of significance.

Issue		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
age by sign in s Coo crit Pub the sign	esource determined by the lead ency, in its discretion and supported substantial evidence, to be nificant pursuant to criteria set forth subdivision (c) of Public Resources de section 5024.1. In applying the teria set forth in subdivision (c) of blic Resource Code section 5024.1, e lead agency shall consider the nificance of the resource to a lifornia Native American tribe.		\boxtimes		

Tribal Cultural Resources include sites, features, places, cultural landscapes, and sacred places or objects that have cultural value or significance to a Native American Tribe. Tribal Cultural Resources include "non-unique archaeological resources" that, instead of being important for "scientific" value as a resource, can also be significant because of the sacred and/or cultural tribal value of the resource. Tribal representatives are considered experts appropriate for providing substantial evidence regarding the locations, types, and significance of tribal cultural resources within their traditionally and cultural affiliated geographic area (PRC § 21080.3.1(a)).

Tribal Cultural Resources could potentially be impacted through project implementation. Therefore, to determine significance of the Tribal Cultural Resources, staff consulted with the lipay Nation of Santa Isabel and the Jamul Indian Village, tribes traditionally and culturally affiliated with the project area in accordance with the requirements of Public Resources Code 21080.3.1. These tribes were notified via email on April 11, 2019 of the opportunity for consultation with the City. Both Native American Tribes responded via email concurring with staff's determination, that an archaeological and Native American monitor be present during ground-disturbing activities (as described in Section V(b), Cultural Resources). Furthermore, the Native American communities determined that additional mitigation measures were not necessary; thus, concluding the consultation process.

Therefore, a Mitigation, Monitoring, and Reporting Program, as detailed within Section V of the Mitigated Negative Declaration would be implemented. With implementation of the monitoring program, potential impacts on tribal cultural resources would be reduced to a less than significant level.

XVIII. UTILITIES AND SERVICE SYSTEMS - Would the project: a) Exceed wastewater treatment \boxtimes \Box requirements of the applicable Regional Water Quality Control Board? Proposed replacement of an existing concrete path of travel would not interrupt existing sewer service to the project site or other surrounding development. The project would not generate any wastewater. Thus, there would be no impacts. Require or result in the construction of new water or wastewater treatment \boxtimes \Box facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which

Issu	ue	Potentially Significant Impact	Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	could cause significant environmental effects?				
See XVII	(a) above. There would be no impa	icts.			
c)	Require or result in the construction of new storm water drainage facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?				\boxtimes
the cons environr existing would re	ect would not exceed the capacity of truction of new or expanded treatn mental effects. The project was revious facilities are adequately sized to accession. Have sufficient water supplies available	nent facilities ewed by qual	of which would ca ified City staff who	use significar determined	nt that the
	to serve the project from existing entitlements and resources, or are new or expanded entitlements needed?				
	ect does not increase the demand f here would be no impacts.	for water as it	t would replace an	existing conc	rete path of
e)	Result in a determination by the wastewater treatment provider which serves or may serve the project that it has adequate capacity to serve the project's projected demand in addition to the provider's existing commitments?				\boxtimes
	ction of the project would not adver e services are available to serve the	-	-		
f)	Be served by a landfill with sufficient permitted capacity to accommodate the project's solid waste disposal needs?				\boxtimes
pertainir Demoliti and Dem is genera	vaste would be disposed of in accorng to solid waste including the permon or construction materials which nolition Debris Ordinance. Operation ated by existing concrete path of transfer of the landfill serving the project ar	nitted capacit can be recyc on of the proje avel, and, the	y of the landfill sen led shall comply wi ect would not gene	ving the proje th the City's (rate waste be	ect area. Construction eyond what
g)	Comply with federal, state, and local statutes and regulation related to solid waste?				\boxtimes

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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Refer to XVII (d) above. Any solid waste generated during construction related activities would be recycled or disposed of in accordance with all applicable local, state and federal regulations.

, ccy c.cc	a or disposed or in decordance with	an applicable	rocar, state arrain	eacrai regalativ	J.1.5.
XIX. MAI	NDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE -				
a)	Does the project have the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory?				
environ such, m	mented in this Initial Study, the proment, notably with respect to Archaitigation measures have been incorned within the Initial Study.	aeological Res	sources and Triba	l Cultural Reso	urces. As
b)	Does the project have impacts that are individually limited but cumulatively considerable ("cumulatively considerable" means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable future projects)?				
as a res cumulat project's neighbo regulati	mented in this Initial Study, the proult of impacts to Archaeological Restively considerable impacts. As such impacts to a less than significant lephood or community would be requent to reduce potential impacts to lect is not anticipated to contribute.	sources and T n, mitigation r evel. Other fu uired to comp less than sign	ribal Cultural Res neasures have be ture projects with ply with applicable ificant, or to the e	ources, which ren proposed to him the surround local, State, as extent possible.	may have o reduce the ding nd Federal As such,
c)	Does the project have environmental effects that will cause substantial			\boxtimes	

As evidenced by the Initial Study Checklist, no other substantial adverse effects on human beings, either indirectly or directly, would occur as a result of project implementation.

adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly?

INITIAL STUDY CHECKLIST

REFERENCES

I. ⊠ ⊠	City of San Diego General Plan Community Plans: Ocean Beach; Mission Bay Park Master Plan
II. ⊠ ⊠ □	Agricultural Resources & Forest Resources City of San Diego General Plan U.S. Department of Agriculture, Soil Survey - San Diego Area, California, Part I and II, 1973 California Agricultural Land Evaluation and Site Assessment Model (1997) Site Specific Report:
III. □ ⊠	Air Quality California Clean Air Act Guidelines (Indirect Source Control Programs) 1990 Regional Air Quality Strategies (RAQS) - APCD Site Specific Report:
IV. ⊠ ⊠	Biology City of San Diego, Multiple Species Conservation Program (MSCP), Subarea Plan, 1997 City of San Diego, MSCP, "Vegetation Communities with Sensitive Species and Vernal Pools" Maps, 1996
	City of San Diego, MSCP, "Multiple Habitat Planning Area" maps, 1997 Community Plan - Resource Element California Department of Fish and Game, California Natural Diversity Database, "State and Federally-listed Endangered, Threatened, and Rare Plants of California," January 2001
	California Department of Fish and Game, California Natural Diversity Database, "State and Federally-listed Endangered and Threatened Animals of California, "January 2001 City of San Diego Land Development Code Biology Guidelines
	Site Specific Report: Summary of Results from Biological Field Assessment for Ocean Beach Dog Beach Accessibility Improvements dated February 26, 2019, by Maya Mazon, Biologist III City of San Diego Public Works Department
V. ⊠ ⊠ □	Cultural Resources (includes Historical Resources and Built Environment) City of San Diego Historical Resources Guidelines City of San Diego Archaeology Library Historical Resources Board List Community Historical Survey: Site Specific Report:
VI. ⊠	Geology/Soils City of San Diego Seismic Safety Study

	U.S. Department of Agriculture Soil Survey - San Diego Area, California, Part I and II, December 1973 and Part III, 1975 Site Specific Report:
VII.	Greenhouse Gas Emissions Site Specific Report:
VIII. □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □	Hazards and Hazardous Materials San Diego County Hazardous Materials Environmental Assessment Listing San Diego County Hazardous Materials Management Division FAA Determination State Assessment and Mitigation, Unauthorized Release Listing, Public Use Authorized Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan Site Specific Report:
IX. ⊠ ⊠	Hydrology/Drainage Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA), National Flood Insurance Program-Flood Boundary and Floodway Map Clean Water Act Section 303(b) list, http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/tmdl/303d_lists.html Site Specific Report:
x. \(\times \)	Land Use and Planning City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan City of San Diego Zoning Maps FAA Determination: Other Plans:
XI.	Mineral Resources California Department of Conservation - Division of Mines and Geology, Mineral Land Classification Division of Mines and Geology, Special Report 153 - Significant Resources Maps City of San Diego General Plan: Conservation Element Site Specific Report:
XII.	Noise City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan San Diego International Airport - Lindbergh Field CNEL Maps Brown Field Airport Master Plan CNEL Maps Montgomery Field CNEL Maps San Diego Association of Governments - San Diego Regional Average Weekday Traffic Volumes San Diego Metropolitan Area Average Weekday Traffic Volume Maps, SANDAG

	Site Specific Report:
XIII.	Paleontological Resources City of San Diego Paleontological Guidelines Deméré, Thomas A., and Stephen L. Walsh, "Paleontological Resources City of San Diego," Department of Paleontology San Diego Natural History Museum, 1996 Kennedy, Michael P., and Gary L. Peterson, "Geology of the San Diego Metropolitan Area, California. Del Mar, La Jolla, Point Loma, La Mesa, Poway, and SW 1/4 Escondido 7 1/2 Miguto Quadrangles." California Division of Migus and Caplesy Bulletin 200, Sagramento, 1975
	Minute Quadrangles," <i>California Division of Mines and Geology Bulletin</i> 200, Sacramento, 1975 Kennedy, Michael P., and Siang S. Tan, "Geology of National City, Imperial Beach and Otay Mesa Quadrangles, Southern San Diego Metropolitan Area, California," Map Sheet 29, 1977 Site Specific Report:
XIV. ⊠ □	Population / Housing City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan Series 11/Series 12 Population Forecasts, SANDAG Other:
XV. ⊠	Public Services City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan
XVI.	Recreational Resources City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan Department of Park and Recreation City of San Diego - San Diego Regional Bicycling Map Additional Resources:
XVII. ⊠ □ □	Transportation / Circulation City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan: Ocean Beach San Diego Metropolitan Area Average Weekday Traffic Volume Maps, SANDAG San Diego Region Weekday Traffic Volumes, SANDAG Site Specific Report:
XVIII.	Utilities Site Specific Report:
XIX. □	Water Conservation Sunset Magazine, New Western Garden Book, Rev. ed. Menlo Park, CA: Sunset Magazine
xx . □	Water Quality Clean Water Act Section 303(b) list, http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/tmdl/303d_lists.html Site Specific Report:

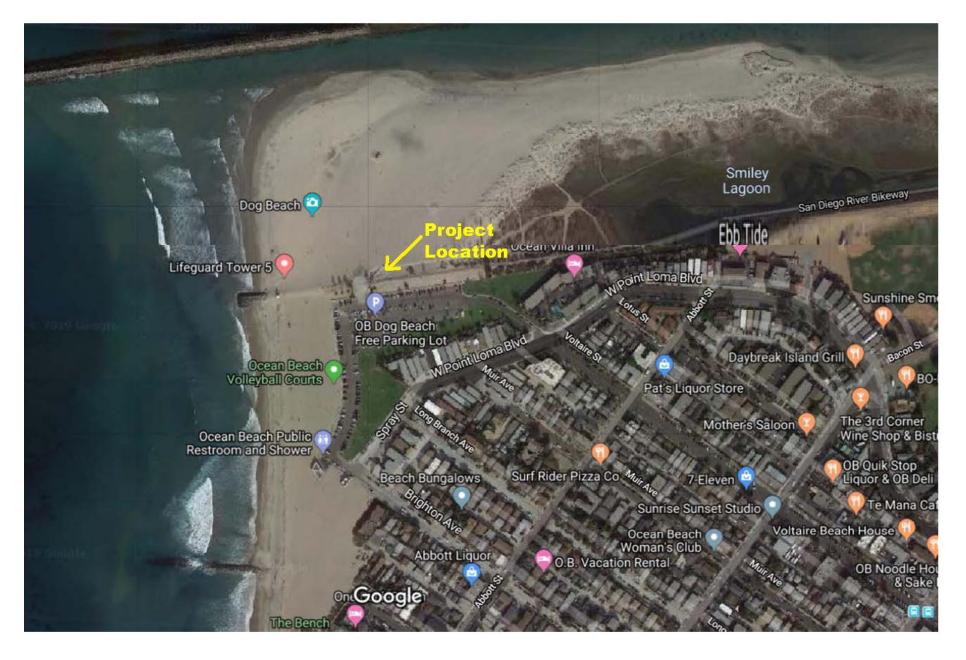
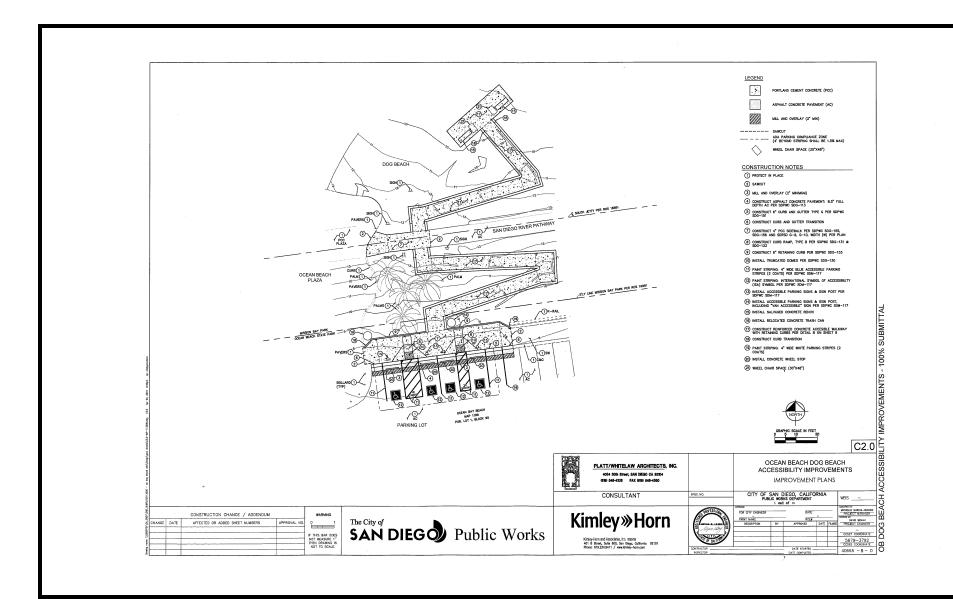




Figure 1: Location Map

Ocean Beach Dog Beach Accessibility Improvements SDP / Project No. 631632 City of San Diego – Development Services Department







Site Plan

Ocean Beach Dog Beach Accessibility Improvements SDP/Project No. 631632 Location: Northwest of the intersection of West Pt. Loma Blvd. & Voltaire St.

FIGURE

No. 2