

MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION

Project No. 670011 SCH No. N/A

SUBJECT: Digital Glockner Residence CDP: Coastal Development Permit (CDP) to demolish an existing 1,258 square-foot residence and construct a new 2,613 square-foot residence with a 1,049 square-foot basement, 882 square-foot four car basement garage, and a 410 square-foot roof deck. A 747 square-foot two-story companion unit is proposed at the rear of the site along with an existing sewer easement to be abandoned due to non-use. All new drought tolerant landscaping would be installed. Existing street trees per Pacific Beach Community Plan and Pacific Beach Eco District plan are to remain. Project would include solar panels and other green building techniques, with efficient irrigation technology to be integrated. The proposed project complies with all height and bulk regulations and can accommodate the public utilities to serve the project. LEGAL DESCRIPTION: Block 15, Lot 327 of Crown Point Map 1891.

I. PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

See attached Initial Study.

II. ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING:

See attached Initial Study.

III. DETERMINATION:

The City of San Diego conducted an Initial Study which determined that the proposed project could have a significant environmental effect in the following areas(s): **Cultural Resources** (Archaeology) and Tribal Cultural Resources. Subsequent revisions in the project proposal create the specific mitigation identified in Section V of this Mitigated Negative Declaration. The project as revised now avoids or mitigates the potentially significant environmental effects previously identified, and the preparation of an Environmental Impact Report will not be required.

IV. DOCUMENTATION:

The attached Initial Study documents the reasons to support the above Determination.

- V. MITIGATION, MONITORING AND REPORTING PROGRAM:
- A. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS PART I
 Plan Check Phase (prior to permit issuance)
- 1. Prior to the issuance of a Notice To Proceed (NTP) for a subdivision, or any construction permits, such as Demolition, Grading or Building, or beginning any construction related activity on-site, the Development Services Department (DSD) Director's Environmental Designee (ED) shall review and approve all Construction Documents (CD), (plans, specification, details, etc.) to ensure the MMRP requirements are incorporated into the design.
- 2. In addition, the ED shall verify that <u>the MMRP Conditions/Notes that apply ONLY to the construction phases of this project are included VERBATIM</u>, under the heading, "ENVIRONMENTAL/MITIGATION REQUIREMENTS."
- 3. These notes must be shown within the first three (3) sheets of the construction documents in the format specified for engineering construction document templates as shown on the City website:

http://www.sandiego.gov/development-services/industry/standtemp.shtml

- 4. The **TITLE INDEX SHEET** must also show on which pages the "Environmental/Mitigation Requirements" notes are provided.
- 5. **SURETY AND COST RECOVERY** The Development Services Director or City Manager may require appropriate surety instruments or bonds from private Permit Holders to ensure the long term performance or implementation of required mitigation measures or programs. The City is authorized to recover its cost to offset the salary, overhead, and expenses for City personnel and programs to monitor qualifying projects.
- B. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS PART II
 Post Plan Check (After permit issuance/Prior to start of construction)
- 1. PRE CONSTRUCTION MEETING IS REQUIRED TEN (10) WORKING DAYS PRIOR TO BEGINNING ANY WORK ON THIS PROJECT. The PERMIT HOLDER/OWNER is responsible to arrange and perform this meeting by contacting the CITY RESIDENT ENGINEER (RE) of the Field Engineering Division and City staff from MITIGATION MONITORING COORDINATION (MMC). Attendees must also include the Permit holder's Representative(s), Job Site Superintendent and the following consultants:

Qualified Archaeologist, Native American Monitor

Note:

Failure of all responsible Permit Holder's representatives and consultants to attend shall require an additional meeting with all parties present.

CONTACT INFORMATION:

a) The PRIMARY POINT OF CONTACT is the **RE** at the **Field Engineering Division – 858-627-3200**

- b) For Clarification of ENVIRONMENTAL REQUIREMENTS, it is also required to call **RE and MMC at 858-627-3360**
- 2. MMRP COMPLIANCE: This Project, Project Tracking System (PTS) #670011 and /or Environmental Document #670011, shall conform to the mitigation requirements contained in the associated Environmental Document and implemented to the satisfaction of the DSD's Environmental Designee (MMC) and the City Engineer (RE). The requirements may not be reduced or changed but may be annotated (i.e. to explain when and how compliance is being met and location of verifying proof, etc.). Additional clarifying information may also be added to other relevant plan sheets and/or specifications as appropriate (i.e., specific locations, times of monitoring, methodology, etc

Note:

Permit Holder's Representatives must alert RE and MMC if there are any discrepancies in the plans or notes, or any changes due to field conditions. All conflicts must be approved by RE and MMC BEFORE the work is performed.

3. OTHER AGENCY REQUIREMENTS: Evidence of compliance with all other agency requirements or permits shall be submitted to the RE and MMC for review and acceptance prior to the beginning of work or within one week of the Permit Holder obtaining documentation of those permits or requirements. Evidence shall include copies of permits, letters of resolution or other documentation issued by the responsible agency.

None Required

4. MONITORING EXHIBITS

All consultants are required to submit, to RE and MMC, a monitoring exhibit on a 11x17 reduction of the appropriate construction plan, such as site plan, grading, landscape, etc., marked to clearly show the specific areas including the **LIMIT OF WORK**, scope of that discipline's work, and notes indicating when in the construction schedule that work will be performed. When necessary for clarification, a detailed methodology of how the work will be performed shall be included.

NOTE:

Surety and Cost Recovery – When deemed necessary by the Development Services Director or City Manager, additional surety instruments or bonds from the private Permit Holder may be required to ensure the long term performance or implementation of required mitigation measures or programs. The City is authorized to recover its cost to offset the salary, overhead, and expenses for City personnel and programs to monitor qualifying projects.

5. OTHER SUBMITTALS AND INSPECTIONS:

The Permit Holder/Owner's representative shall submit all required documentation, verification letters, and requests for all associated inspections to the RE and MMC for approval per the following schedule:

DOCUMENT SUBMITTAL/INSPECTION CHECKLIST					
Issue Area	Document Submittal	Associated			
		Inspection/Approvals/Notes			
General	Consultant Qualification Letters	Prior to Preconstruction Meeting			
General	Consultant Construction	Prior to or at Preconstruction			
	Monitoring Exhibits	Meeting			
Tribal Cultural and	Monitoring Report(s)	Monitoring Report Approval			
Archaeological Resources					
Bond Release	Request for Bond Release Letter	Final MMRP Inspections Prior to			
		Bond Release Letter			

C. SPECIFIC MMRP ISSUE AREA CONDITIONS/REQUIREMENTS

TRIBAL CULTURAL RESOURCES AND CULTURAL RESOURCES (ARCHAEOLOGY) MITIGATION

I. Prior to Permit Issuance

- A. Entitlements Plan Check
 - 1.Prior to issuance of any construction permits, including but not limited to, the first Grading Permit, Demolition Plans/Permits and Building Plans/Permits or a Notice to Proceed for Subdivisions, but prior to the first preconstruction meeting, whichever is applicable, the Assistant Deputy Director (ADD) Environmental designee shall verify that the requirements for Archaeological Monitoring and Native American monitoring have been noted on the applicable construction documents through the plan check process.
- B. Letters of Qualification have been submitted to ADD
 - 1.The applicant shall submit a letter of verification to Mitigation Monitoring Coordination (MMC) identifying the Principal Investigator (PI) for the project and the names of all persons involved in the archaeological monitoring program, as defined in the City of San Diego Historical Resources Guidelines (HRG). If applicable, individuals involved in the archaeological monitoring program must have completed the 40-hour HAZWOPER training with certification documentation.
 - 2.MMC will provide a letter to the applicant confirming the qualifications of the PI and all persons involved in the archaeological monitoring of the project meet the qualifications established in the HRG.
 - 3. Prior to the start of work, the applicant must obtain written approval from MMC for any personnel changes associated with the monitoring program.

II. Prior to Start of Construction

- A. Verification of Records Search
 - 1.The PI shall provide verification to MMC that a site specific records search (1/4 mile radius) has been completed. Verification includes, but is not limited to a copy of a confirmation letter from South Coastal Information Center, or, if the search was inhouse, a letter of verification from the PI stating that the search was completed.
 - 2.The letter shall introduce any pertinent information concerning expectations and probabilities of discovery during trenching and/or grading activities.
 - 3.The PI may submit a detailed letter to MMC requesting a reduction to the ¼ mile radius.
- **B.PI Shall Attend Precon Meetings**

- 1.Prior to beginning any work that requires monitoring; the Applicant shall arrange a Precon Meeting that shall include the PI, Native American consultant/monitor (where Native American resources may be impacted), Construction Manager (CM) and/or Grading Contractor, Resident Engineer (RE), Building Inspector (BI), if appropriate, and MMC. The qualified Archaeologist and Native American Monitor shall attend any grading/excavation related Precon Meetings to make comments and/or suggestions concerning the Archaeological Monitoring program with the Construction Manager and/or Grading Contractor.
 - a. If the PI is unable to attend the Precon Meeting, the Applicant shall schedule a focused Precon Meeting with MMC, the PI, RE, CM or BI, if appropriate, prior to the start of any work that requires monitoring.

2.Identify Areas to be Monitored

- a. Prior to the start of any work that requires monitoring, the PI shall submit an Archaeological Monitoring Exhibit (AME) (with verification that the AME has been reviewed and approved by the Native American consultant/monitor when Native American resources may be impacted) based on the appropriate construction documents (reduced to 11x17) to MMC identifying the areas to be monitored including the delineation of grading/excavation limits.
- b. The AME shall be based on the results of a site specific records search as well as information regarding existing known soil conditions (native or formation).

3. When Monitoring Will Occur

- a. Prior to the start of any work, the PI shall also submit a construction schedule to MMC through the RE indicating when and where monitoring will occur.
- b. The PI may submit a detailed letter to MMC prior to the start of work or during construction requesting a modification to the monitoring program. This request shall be based on relevant information such as review of final construction documents which indicate site conditions such as depth of excavation and/or site graded to bedrock, etc., which may reduce or increase the potential for resources to be present.

III. During Construction

- A. Monitor(s) Shall be Present During Grading/Excavation/Trenching
 - 1.The Archaeological Monitor shall be present fulltime during all soil disturbing and grading/excavation/trenching activities which could result in impacts to archaeological resources as identified on the AME. The Construction Manager is responsible for notifying the RE, PI, and MMC of changes to any construction activities such as in the case of a potential safety concern within the area being monitored. In certain circumstances OSHA safety requirements may necessitate modification of the AME.
 - 2.The Native American consultant/monitor shall determine the extent of their presence during soil disturbing and grading/excavation/trenching activities based on the AME and provide that information to the PI and MMC. If prehistoric resources are encountered during the Native American consultant/monitor's absence, work shall stop and the Discovery Notification Process detailed in Section III.B-C and IV.A-D shall commence.

- 3. The PI may submit a detailed letter to MMC during construction requesting a modification to the monitoring program when a field condition such as modern disturbance post-dating the previous grading/trenching activities, presence of fossil formations, or when native soils are encountered that may reduce or increase the potential for resources to be present.
- 4. The archaeological and Native American consultant/monitor shall document field activity via the Consultant Site Visit Record (CSVR). The CSVR's shall be faxed by the CM to the RE the first day of monitoring, the last day of monitoring, monthly (Notification of Monitoring Completion), and in the case of ANY discoveries. The RE shall forward copies to MMC.

B. Discovery Notification Process

- 1.In the event of a discovery, the Archaeological Monitor shall direct the contractor to temporarily divert all soil disturbing activities, including but not limited to digging, trenching, excavating or grading activities in the area of discovery and in the area reasonably suspected to overlay adjacent resources and immediately notify the RE or BI, as appropriate.
- 2. The Monitor shall immediately notify the PI (unless Monitor is the PI) of the discovery.
- 3.The PI shall immediately notify MMC by phone of the discovery, and shall also submit written documentation to MMC within 24 hours by fax or email with photos of the resource in context, if possible.
- 4.No soil shall be exported off-site until a determination can be made regarding the significance of the resource specifically if Native American resources are encountered.

C. Determination of Significance

- 1.The PI and Native American consultant/monitor, where Native American resources are discovered shall evaluate the significance of the resource. If Human Remains are involved, follow protocol in Section IV below.
 - a. The PI shall immediately notify MMC by phone to discuss significance determination and shall also submit a letter to MMC indicating whether additional mitigation is required.
 - b. If the resource is significant, the PI shall submit an Archaeological Data Recovery Program (ADRP) which has been reviewed by the Native American consultant/monitor, and obtain written approval from MMC. Impacts to significant resources must be mitigated before ground disturbing activities in the area of discovery will be allowed to resume. Note: If a unique archaeological site is also an historical resource as defined in CEQA, then the limits on the amount(s) that a project applicant may be required to pay to cover mitigation costs as indicated in CEQA Section 21083.2 shall not apply.
 - c. If the resource is not significant, the PI shall submit a letter to MMC indicating that artifacts will be collected, curated, and documented in the Final Monitoring Report. The letter shall also indicate that that no further work is required.

IV. Discovery of Human Remains

If human remains are discovered, work shall halt in that area and no soil shall be exported off-site until a determination can be made regarding the provenance of the human remains; and the following procedures as set forth in CEQA Section 15064.5(e), the California Public Resources Code (Sec. 5097.98) and State Health and Safety Code (Sec. 7050.5) shall be undertaken:

A. Notification

- 1.Archaeological Monitor shall notify the RE or BI as appropriate, MMC, and the PI, if the Monitor is not qualified as a PI. MMC will notify the appropriate Senior Planner in the Environmental Analysis Section (EAS) of the Development Services Department to assist with the discovery notification process.
- 2.The PI shall notify the Medical Examiner after consultation with the RE, either in person or via telephone.

B. Isolate discovery site

- 1. Work shall be directed away from the location of the discovery and any nearby area reasonably suspected to overlay adjacent human remains until a determination can be made by the Medical Examiner in consultation with the PI concerning the provenance of the remains.
- 2.The Medical Examiner, in consultation with the PI, will determine the need for a field examination to determine the provenance.
- 3.If a field examination is not warranted, the Medical Examiner will determine with input from the PI, if the remains are or are most likely to be of Native American origin.

C. If Human Remains ARE determined to be Native American

- 1.The Medical Examiner will notify the Native American Heritage Commission (NAHC) within 24 hours. By law, **ONLY** the Medical Examiner can make this call.
- 2.NAHC will immediately identify the person or persons determined to be the Most Likely Descendent (MLD) and provide contact information.
- 3.The MLD will contact the PI within 24 hours or sooner after the Medical Examiner has completed coordination, to begin the consultation process in accordance with CEQA Section 15064.5(e), the California Public Resources and Health & Safety Codes.
- 4.The MLD will have 48 hours to make recommendations to the property owner or representative, for the treatment or disposition with proper dignity, of the human remains and associated grave goods.
- 5.Disposition of Native American Human Remains will be determined between the MLD and the PI, and, if:
 - a. The NAHC is unable to identify the MLD, OR the MLD failed to make a recommendation within 48 hours after being notified by the Commission; OR;
 - b. The landowner or authorized representative rejects the recommendation of the MLD and mediation in accordance with PRC 5097.94 (k) by the NAHC fails to provide measures acceptable to the landowner, THEN,
 - c. In order to protect these sites, the Landowner shall do one or more of the following:
 - (1) Record the site with the NAHC;
 - (2) Record an open space or conservation easement on the site;
 - (3) Record a document with the County.
 - d. Upon the discovery of multiple Native American human remains during a ground disturbing land development activity, the landowner may agree that additional conferral with descendants is necessary to consider culturally appropriate treatment of multiple Native American human remains. Culturally appropriate treatment of such a discovery may be ascertained from review of the site utilizing cultural and archaeological standards. Where the parties are unable to agree on the appropriate treatment measures the human remains and items

associated and buried with Native American human remains shall be reinterred with appropriate dignity, pursuant to Section 5.c., above.

- D. If Human Remains are NOT Native American
 - 1.The PI shall contact the Medical Examiner and notify them of the historic era context of the burial.
 - 2.The Medical Examiner will determine the appropriate course of action with the PI and City staff (PRC 5097.98).
 - 3.If the remains are of historic origin, they shall be appropriately removed and conveyed to the San Diego Museum of Man for analysis. The decision for internment of the human remains shall be made in consultation with MMC, EAS, the applicant/landowner, any known descendant group, and the San Diego Museum of Man.

V. Night and/or Weekend Work

- A. If night and/or weekend work is included in the contract
 - 1. When night and/or weekend work is included in the contract package, the extent and timing shall be presented and discussed at the precon meeting.
 - 2. The following procedures shall be followed.
 - a. No Discoveries
 - In the event that no discoveries were encountered during night and/or weekend work, the PI shall record the information on the CSVR and submit to MMC via fax by 8AM of the next business day.
- b. Discoveries
 - All discoveries shall be processed and documented using the existing procedures detailed in Sections III During Construction, and IV Discovery of Human Remains. Discovery of human remains shall always be treated as a significant discovery.
- c. Potentially Significant Discoveries
 - If the PI determines that a potentially significant discovery has been made, the procedures detailed under Section III During Construction and IV-Discovery of Human Remains shall be followed.
 - d. The PI shall immediately contact MMC, or by 8AM of the next business day to report and discuss the findings as indicated in Section III-B, unless other specific arrangements have been made.
 - B. If night and/or weekend work becomes necessary during the course of construction

 1.The Construction Manager shall notify the RE, or BI, as appropriate, a minimum of 24 hours before the work is to begin.
 - 2.The RE, or BI, as appropriate, shall notify MMC immediately.
 - C. All other procedures described above shall apply, as appropriate.

VI. Post Construction

- A. Preparation and Submittal of Draft Monitoring Report
 - 1.The PI shall submit two copies of the Draft Monitoring Report (even if negative), prepared in accordance with the Historical Resources Guidelines (Appendix C/D) which describes the results, analysis, and conclusions of all phases of the Archaeological Monitoring Program (with appropriate graphics) to MMC for review and approval within 90 days following the completion of monitoring. It should be noted that if the PI is unable to submit the Draft Monitoring Report within the allotted 90-day timeframe resulting from delays with analysis, special study results

or other complex issues, a schedule shall be submitted to MMC establishing agreed due dates and the provision for submittal of monthly status reports until this measure can be met.

- a. For significant archaeological resources encountered during monitoring, the Archaeological Data Recovery Program shall be included in the Draft Monitoring Report.
- b. Recording Sites with State of California Department of Parks and Recreation
 The PI shall be responsible for recording (on the appropriate State of California Department of Park and Recreation forms-DPR 523 A/B) any significant or potentially significant resources encountered during the Archaeological Monitoring Program in accordance with the City's Historical Resources
 Guidelines, and submittal of such forms to the South Coastal Information Center with the Final Monitoring Report.
- 2.MMC shall return the Draft Monitoring Report to the PI for revision or, for preparation of the Final Report.
- 3. The PI shall submit revised Draft Monitoring Report to MMC for approval.
- 4.MMC shall provide written verification to the PI of the approved report.
- 5.MMC shall notify the RE or BI, as appropriate, of receipt of all Draft Monitoring Report submittals and approvals.

B. Handling of Artifacts

- 1.The PI shall be responsible for ensuring that all cultural remains collected are cleaned and catalogued
- 2.The PI shall be responsible for ensuring that all artifacts are analyzed to identify function and chronology as they relate to the history of the area; that faunal material is identified as to species; and that specialty studies are completed, as appropriate.
- 3. The cost for curation is the responsibility of the property owner.
- C. Curation of artifacts: Accession Agreement and Acceptance Verification
 - 1.The PI shall be responsible for ensuring that all artifacts associated with the survey, testing and/or data recovery for this project are permanently curated with an appropriate institution. This shall be completed in consultation with MMC and the Native American representative, as applicable.
 - 2.The PI shall include the Acceptance Verification from the curation institution in the Final Monitoring Report submitted to the RE or BI and MMC.
 - 3. When applicable to the situation, the PI shall include written verification from the Native American consultant/monitor indicating that Native American resources were treated in accordance with state law and/or applicable agreements. If the resources were reinterred, verification shall be provided to show what protective measures were taken to ensure no further disturbance occurs in accordance with Section IV – Discovery of Human Remains, Subsection 5.

D. Final Monitoring Report(s)

- 1.The PI shall submit one copy of the approved Final Monitoring Report to the RE or BI as appropriate, and one copy to MMC (even if negative), within 90 days after notification from MMC that the draft report has been approved.
- 2.The RE shall, in no case, issue the Notice of Completion and/or release of the Performance Bond for grading until receiving a copy of the approved Final Monitoring Report from MMC which includes the Acceptance Verification from the curation institution.

VI. PUBLIC REVIEW DISTRIBUTION:

Draft copies or notice of this Mitigated Negative Declaration were distributed to:

City of San Diego

City Attorney

Corrine Neuffer

Planning Department

Plan Facilities Financing

Water Review

PUD Water and Sewer

Wastewaster Review

Development Services Department

Courtney Holowach, EAS

Jeff Szymanski, EAS

Matha Blake, Project Manager

Noha Abdelmottaleb, LDR-Engineering

Jacob Washburn, LDR-Geology

Sarah Hatinen, LDR-Planning

Historical Resources Board

Other

Carmen Lucas

South Coastal Information Center

San Diego Archaeological Center

San Diego Natural History Museum

Save Our Heritage Organization

Ron Christman

Clint Linton

Frank Brown - Inter-Tribal Cultural Resources Council

Campo Band of Mission Indians

San Diego County Archaeological Society, Inc.

Native American Heritage Commission

Kumeyaay Cultural Heritage Preservation

Kumeyaay Repatriation Committee

Native American Distribution

Beach Bay Press

Pacific Beach Town Council

Pacific Beach Planning Group

Crown Point Association

Pacific Beach Historical Society

John and Sondra Albini

Komalpreet Toor

Stacey Oborne

Richard Drury

VII. **RESULTS OF PUBLIC REVIEW:**

- () No comments were received during the public input period.
- (x) Comments were received but did not address the accuracy or completeness of the draft environmental document. No response is necessary and the letters are incorporated herein.
- () Comments addressing the accuracy or completeness of the draft environmental document were received during the public input period. The letters and responses are incorporated herein.

Copies of the draft Mitigated Negative Declaration, the Mitigation, Monitoring and Reporting Program and any Initial Study material are available in the office of the Development Services Department for review, or for purchase at the cost of reproduction.

Jeff Szymanski

Senior Planner

Development Services Department

For

Date of Draft Report

June 9, 2021

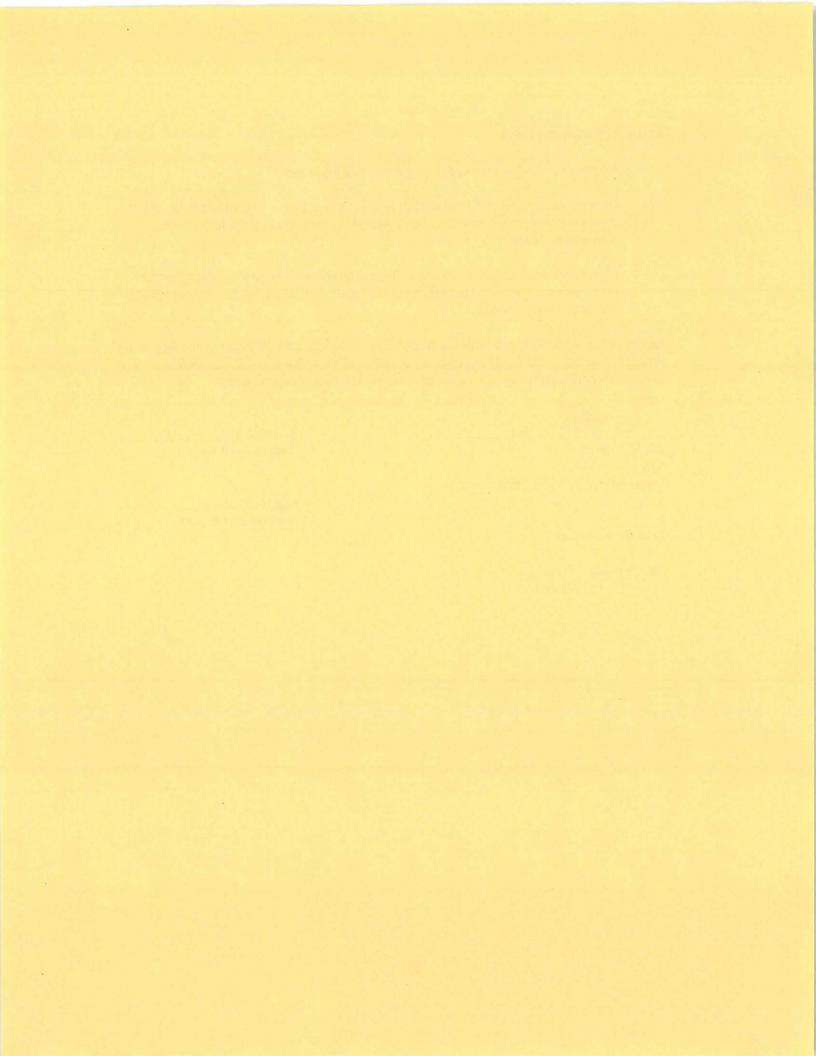
July 16, 2021

Date of Final Report

Analyst: Holowach

Attachments: Location Map

Site Plan



Rincon Band of Luiseño Indians

CULTURAL RESOURCES DEPARTMENT

One Government Center Lane | Valley Center | CA 92082 (760) 749-1092 | Fax: (760) 749-8901 | rincon-nsn.gov

June 21, 2021



Sent via email: DSDEAS@sandiego.gov

Re: Glockner Residence CDP, Project No. 670011

Dear Development Services Department,

This letter is written on behalf of Rincon Band of Luiseño Indians, ("Rincon Band" or "Band"), a federally recognized Indian Tribe and sovereign government.

The Band has received the notification for the above referenced project. The location identified within project documents is not within the Band's specific Area of Historic Interest (AHI).

At this time, we have no additional information to provide. We recommend that you directly contact a Tribe that is closer to the project and may have pertinent information.

Thank you for submitting this project for Tribal review. If you have additional questions or concerns, please do not hesitate to contact our office at your convenience at (760) 297-2635 or via electronic mail at crd@rincon-nsn.gov.

Thank you for the opportunity to protect and preserve our cultural assets.

Sincerely,

Deneen Telton

Administrative Assistant II for Cheryl Madrigal Tribal Historic Preservation Officer 1. Comment noted.

COMMENTS RESPONSES

INITIAL STUDY CHECKLIST

- 1. Project title/Project number: Digital Glockner Residence CDP / 670011
- Lead agency name and address: City of San Diego, 1222 First Avenue, MS-501, San Diego, CA, 92101
- 3. Contact person and phone number: Courtney Holowach / (619) 446-5187
- 4. Project location: 3416 Crown Point Drive, San Diego, CA 92109
- 5. Project Applicant/Sponsor's name and address: Bill and Susan Glockner, 3416 Crown Point Dr., San Diego, CA 92109
- 6. General/Community Plan designation: Pacific Beach Community Plan
- 7. Zoning: RS-1-7
- 8. Description of project (Describe the whole action involved, including but not limited to, later phases of the project, and any secondary, support, or off-site features necessary for its implementation.):

Coastal Development Permit (CDP) to demolish an existing 1,258 square-foot residence and construct a new 2,613 square-foot residence with a 1,049 square-foot basement, 882 square-foot four car basement garage, and a 410 square-foot roof deck. A 747 square-foot two-story companion unit is proposed at the rear of the site along with an existing sewer easement to be abandoned due to non-use.

Grading for the project would be 26.5 cubic yards to a depth of 8 feet. Sufficient Stormwater Quality Construction Best Management Practices (BMPs) will be installed to prevent silt, mud, or other construction debris from being tracked into the adjacent street(s) or storm water conveyance systems due to construction vehicles or any other construction activity. The contractor will be responsible for cleaning any debris in the street at the end of the workday or after a storm even that causes a breech in the installed construction BMPs. All stock piles of uncompacted soil and/or building materials that are intended to be left unprotected for a period greater than seven calendar days to be provided with erosion and sediment controls. Such soil will be protected each day when the probability of rain is 40% or greater. A concrete washout will be provided if any concrete improvements are to be poured in place on the site. Erosion and sediment control devises will be maintained. All slopes that are created or disturbed by construction activity will be always protected against erosion and sediment transport. The storage of all construction materials and equipment will be protected against any potential release of pollutants into the environment.

All new drought tolerant landscaping would be installed. Existing street trees per Pacific Beach Community Plan and Pacific Beach Eco District plan are to remain. Project would include solar panels and other green building techniques, with efficient irrigation technology to be integrated.

9. Surrounding land uses and setting:

The proposed project is located in the Pacific Beach Community Planning Area and is within the RS-1-7 zone, Airport Influence Area, Coastal Overlay Zone, Coastal Height Limitation, Parking Impact, and Residential Tandem Parking. The proposed project is surrounded by existing residential development. Crown Point Park is located approximately 0.6 miles to the north of the project site. Mission Bay is directly across the street from the project site.

10. Other public agencies whose approval is required (e.g., permits, financing approval, or participation agreement):

None required

11. Have California Native American tribes traditionally and culturally affiliated with the project area requested consultation pursuant to Public Resources Code section 21080.3.1? If so, has consultation begun?

Yes, three Native American Tribes traditionally and culturally affiliated with the project area requested consultation pursuant to Public Resources Code Section 21080.3.1. The City of San Diego sent notification to these three Native American Tribes on October 29, 2020. The lipay Nation of Santa Ysabel, the San Pasqual Band of Mission Indians and the Jamul Indian Village did not respond within the 30-day period requesting consultation and additional information. Please see Section XVII of the Initial Study for more information regarding the consultation.

Note: Conducting consultation early in the CEQA process allows tribal governments, lead agencies, and project proponents to discuss the level of environmental review, identify and address potential adverse impacts to tribal cultural resources, and reduce the potential for delay and conflict in the environmental review process. (See Public Resources Code section 21083.3.2.) Information may also be available from the California Native American Heritage Commission's Sacred Lands File per Public Resources Code section 5097.96 and the California Historical Resources Information System administered by the California Office of Historic Preservation. Please also note that Public Resources Code section 21082.3(c) contains provisions specific to confidentiality.

ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:

			uld be potentially affected by y the checklist on the following		ect, involving at least one impact that is a	
	Aesthetics		Greenhouse Gas Emissions		Population/Housing	
	Agriculture and Forestry Resources		Hazards & Hazardous Materials		Public Services	
	Air Quality		Hydrology/Water Quality		Recreation	
	Biological Resources		Land Use/Planning		Transportation/Traffic	
\boxtimes	Cultural Resources		Mineral Resources	\boxtimes	Tribal Cultural Resources	
	Energy		Noise		Utilities/Service System	
	Geology/Soils	\boxtimes	Mandatory Findings Significance		Wildfire	
DETER	RMINATION: (To be con	npleted	by Lead Agency)			
On the	basis of this initial evaluation	n:				
	The proposed project COU be prepared.	JLD NOT h	nave a significant effect on the	environi	ment, and a NEGATIVE DECLARATION will	
		revisions	in the project have been mad		onment, there will not be a significant greed to by the project proponent. A	
	The proposed project MA' is required.	Y have a si	gnificant effect on the enviror	nment, ar	nd an ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT	
	The proposed project MAY have a "potentially significant impact" or "potentially significant unless mitigated" impact on the environment, but at least one effect (a) has been adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and (b) has been addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis as described on attached sheets. An ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required.					
	Although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, because all potentially significant effects (a) have been analyzed adequately in an earlier EIR or (MITIGATED) NEGATIVE DECLARATION pursuant to applicable standards, and (b) have been avoided or mitigated pursuant to that earlier EIR or (MITIGATED) NEGATIVE DECLARATION, including revisions or mitigation measures that are imposed upon the proposed project, nothing further is required.					

EVALUATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS:

- 1) A brief explanation is required for all answers except "No Impact" answers that are adequately supported by the information sources a lead agency cites in the parentheses following each question. A "No Impact" answer is adequately supported if the referenced information sources show that the impact simply does not apply to projects like the one involved (e.g., the project falls outside a fault rupture zone). A "No Impact answer should be explained where it is based on project specific factors as well as general standards (e.g., the project will not expose sensitive receptors to pollutants, based on a project-specific screening analysis.)
- 2) All answers must take account of the whole action involved, including off-site as well as on-site, cumulative as well as project-level, indirect as well as direct, and construction as well as operational impacts.
- 3) Once the lead agency has determined that a particular physical impact may occur, then the checklist answers must indicate whether the impact is potentially significant, less than significant with mitigation, or less than significant. "Potentially Significant Impact" is appropriate if there is substantial evidence that an effect may be significant. If there are one or more "Potentially Significant Impact" entries when the determination is made, an EIR is required.
- 4) "Negative Declaration: Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated" applies where the incorporation of mitigation measures has reduced an effect from "Potentially Significant Impact" to a "Less Than Significant Impact." The lead agency must describe the mitigation measures, and briefly explain how they reduce the effect to a less than significant level (mitigation measures from "Earlier Analyses", as described in (5) below, may be cross-referenced).
- 5) Earlier analyses may be used where, pursuant to the tiering, program EIR, or other CEQA process, an effect has been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or (mitigated) negative declaration. *Section 15063(c)(3)(D).* In this case, a brief discussion should identify the following:
 - a. Earlier Analysis Used. Identify and state where they are available for review.
 - b. Impacts Adequately Addressed. Identify which effects from the above checklist were within the scope of and adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and state whether such effects were addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis.
 - c. Mitigation Measures. For effects that are "Less Than Significant With Mitigation Measures Incorporated", describe the mitigation measures that were incorporated or refined from the earlier document and the extent to which they address site-specific conditions for the project.
- 6) Lead agencies are encouraged to incorporate into the checklist references to information sources for potential impacts (e.g., general plans, zoning ordinances). Reference to a previously prepared or outside document should, where appropriate, include a reference to the page or pages where the statement is substantiated.
- 7) Supporting Information Sources: A source list should be attached, and other sources used or individuals contacted should be cited in the discussion.
- 8) This is only a suggested form, and lead agencies are free to use different formats; however, lead agencies should normally address the questions from this checklist that are relevant to a project's environmental effects in whatever format is selected.
- 9) The explanation of each issue should identify:
 - a. The significance criteria or threshold, if any, used to evaluate each question; and
 - b. The mitigation measure identified, if any, to reduce the impact to less than significan

lss	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact	
I. AESTH	HETICS – Would the project:					
a)	Have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista?					
the City block put or sceni consister Commu ocean from private professimilar coview is in project of the City block put of the City	Development of the project would introduce new permanent visual features to the community. Per the City of San Diego CEQA Significance Determination Thresholds (Thresholds) projects that would block public views from designated open space areas, roads, or parks or significant visual landmarks or scenic vistas may result in a significant impact. City staff reviewed the proposed project for consistency with all applicable zoning regulations and land use plans including the Pacific Beach Community Plan (PBCP). The PBCP addresses the need to retain and enhance public views of the ocean from identified public vantage points. These vantage points include visual access across private properties at yards and setbacks. The project proposes to demolish an existing single-family residence and construct a new single-family residence in its place with an additional companion unit, in a residential neighborhood with similar development. No scenic vista is designated on or near the property in the PBCP. A public view is identified from the road in front of the house that the proposal would not impede. The project would be required to meet all required setback and height requirements. Therefore, the project would not have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista. Impacts would be less than					
b)	Substantially damage scenic resources, including but not limited to, trees, rock outcroppings, and historic buildings within a state scenic highway?			\boxtimes		
The project is situated within a developed residential neighborhood. The project is not located within or adjacent to a state scenic highway and would be required to meet all setback and height requirements; therefore, the project would not substantially damage such scenic resources. Impacts would be less than significant.						
c)	Substantially degrade the existing visual character or quality of the site and its surroundings?					

According to the City's Thresholds projects that severely contrast with the surrounding neighborhood character may result in a significant impact. To meet this threshold one or more of the following conditions must apply: the project would have to exceed the allowable height or bulk regulations and the height or bulk of the existing patterns of development in the vicinity of the project by a substantial margin; have an architectural style or use building materials in stark contrast to adjacent development where the adjacent development follows a single or common architectural theme (e.g., Gaslamp Quarter, Old Town); result in the physical loss, isolation or degradation of a community identification symbol or landmark (e.g., a stand of trees, coastal bluff, historical landmark) which is identified in the General Plan, applicable community plan or local coastal program; be located in a highly visible area (e.g., on a canyon edge, hilltop or adjacent to an interstate highway) and would strongly contrast with the surrounding development or natural topography through excessive height, bulk signage or architectural projections; and/or the project

	Potentially	Less Than Significant	Less Than	
Issue	Significant	with Mitigation	Significant	No Impact
	Impact	Incorporated	Impact	

would have a cumulative effect by opening up a new area for development or changing the overall character of the area. None the above conditions apply to the project.

Existing development in the neighborhood does not have a unifying theme of architecture. The new development would be constructed to comply with all height and bulk regulations and is consistent with Visual Resource recommendations as outlined in the PBCP. The structure height is consistent with building envelope regulations which preserve public views through the height, setback, landscaping, and fence transparency parameters of the Land Development Code that limit the building profile and maximize view opportunities. The project would not result in the physical loss, isolation or degradation of a community identification symbol or landmark which is identified in the General Plan, applicable community plan or local coastal program.

The project site contains an existing single-family residence and would construct a new single-family residence with an additional companion unit, located in a neighborhood of similar development. The project is compatible with the surrounding development and permitted by the community plan and zoning designation. The project would not degrade the existing visual character or quality of the site and its surroundings; therefore, impacts would be less than significant.

d)	Create a new source of substantial light			
	or glare that would adversely affect day		\boxtimes	
	or nighttime views in the area?			

Per the City's Thresholds, projects that would emit or reflect a significant amount of light and glare may have a significant impact. To meet this significance threshold, one or more of the following must apply:

- a. The project would be moderate to large in scale, more than 50 percent of any single elevation of a building's exterior is built with a material with a light reflectivity greater than 30 percent (see LDC Section 142.07330(a)), and the project is adjacent to a major public roadway or public area.
- b. The project would shed substantial light onto adjacent, light-sensitive property or land use, or would emit a substantial amount of ambient light into the nighttime sky. Uses considered sensitive to nighttime light include, but are not limited to, residential, some commercial and industrial uses, and natural areas.

Neither of the above conditions apply to the proposed project.

The most prominent light sources from the proposed project would be interior lighting for the two new dwelling units, and exterior and landscaping lighting. All new lighting would be compatible with existing lighting in the project vicinity. The project would be subject to the City's Outdoor Lighting Regulations per SDMC Section 142.0740, which are intended to minimize negative impacts from light pollution, including light trespass, glare, and urban sky glow, in order to preserve enjoyment of the night sky and minimize conflict caused by unnecessary illumination. Light fixtures would be required to be directed away from adjacent properties and shielded, as necessary. Outdoor lighting would be located and arranged in a manner consistent with City requirements, to promote public safety, and minimize unnecessary light and glare effects to the surrounding community.

	Potentially	Less Than Significant	Less Than	
Issue	Significant	with Mitigation	Significant	No Impact
	Impact	Incorporated	Impact	

The project would comply with Municipal Code Section 142.0730 (Glare Regulations) that requires exterior materials utilized for proposed structures be limited to specific reflectivity ratings. No large surface areas of reflective building materials or finishes are proposed that could create glare effects on surrounding properties. Additional light or glare from the proposed project would be consistent with the other development in the area and therefore would not substantially affect day or nighttime views. Impacts would be less than significant.

II.	env Mod	RICULTURAL AND FOREST RESOURCES: In der rironmental effects, lead agencies may refer t del (1997) prepared by the California Departi pacts on agriculture and farmland. In determi	to the California ment of Conserv	Agricultural Land Eval ation as an optional m	uation and Site As nodel to use in ass	ssessment sessing
	sigr Fore	nificant environmental effects, lead agencies estry and Fire Protection regarding the state ject and the Forest Legacy Assessment proje tocols adopted by the California Air Resource	may refer to info is inventory of fo ct; and forest ca	ormation compiled by brest land, including th rbon measurement m	the California Dep e Forest and Rang	oartment of ge Assessment
	a)	Converts Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance (Farmland), as shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency, to non-agricultural use?				\boxtimes

Agricultural land is rated according to soil quality and irrigation status; the best quality land is called Prime Farmland. Unique farmland is land, other than prime farmland, that has combined conditions to produce sustained high quality and high yields of specialty crops. Farmland of Statewide Importance may include tracts of land that have been designated for agriculture by State law. In some areas that are not identified as having national or statewide importance, land is considered to be Farmland of Local Importance. The Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program (FMMP) maintained by the California Department of Conservation (CDC) is the responsible state agency for overseeing the farmland classification. In addition, the City's Thresholds state that in relation to converting designated farmland, a determination of substantial amount cannot be based on any one numerical criterion (i.e., one acre), but rather on the economic viability of the area proposed to be converted. Another factor to be considered is the location of the area proposed for conversion.

The project site is not classified as farmland by the California Department of Conservation's Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program (FMMP). No Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance occurs on site of within the area immediately surrounding the project site. Therefore, the project would not result in impacts related to the conversion of farmland to a non-agricultural use. No impact would occur.

b)	Conflict with existing zoning for		
	agricultural use, or a Williamson Act		\boxtimes
	Contract?		

The Williamson Act, also known as the California Land Conservation Act of 1965, enables local governments to enter into contracts with private landowners for the purpose of restricting specific parcels of land to agricultural or related open space use; in return, landowners receive property tax assessments which are much lower than normal because they are based upon farming and open space uses as opposed to full market value. The Williamson Act is only applicable to parcels within

	Issu	ie	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
40 acı	res	lished agricultural preserve consistion of land not designated as Prime Far re and unnecessary conversion of o	mland. The	Williamson Act is de	esigned to p	revent the
are n	o W t pro	d in response II (a) above. The propo /illiamson Act Contract lands on or w operties zoned for agricultural use c ccur.	vithin the vi	cinity of the project.	The project	would not
(c)	Conflict with existing zoning for, or cause rezoning of, forest land (as defined in Public Resources Code section 1220(g)), timberland (as defined by Public Resources Code section 4526), or timberland zoned Timberland Production (as defined by Government Code section 51104(g))?				
or tim	nbe nat	ect would not conflict with existing z rland zoned Timberland Production ed forest land or timberland occurs	. The projec	t site is zoned for re	sidential us	e; no
(d)	Result in the loss of forest land or conversion of forest land to non-forest use?				
		response II (c) above. The project wo	ould not cor	nvert forest land to r	non-forest u	se. No
•	e)	Involve other changes in the existing environment, which, due to their location or nature, could result in conversion of Farmland to nonagricultural use or conversion of forest land to non-forest use?				
proxii	mit	responses II (a) and II (c) above. No e y of the project site. No changes to a entation. No impact would occur.				in the
		QUALITY – Where available, the significance c ution control district may be relied on to mak				ement or air
ć	a)	Conflict with or obstruct implementation of the applicable air quality plan?				\boxtimes

According to the City's Thresholds, a project may have a significant air quality impact if it could conflict with or implementation of the applicable air quality plan.

	Potentially	Less Than Significant	Less Than	
Issue	Significant	with Mitigation	Significant	No Impact
	Impact	Incorporated	Impact	

The San Diego Air Pollution Control District (SDAPCD) and San Diego Association of Governments (SANDAG) are responsible for developing and implementing the clean air plan for attainment and maintenance of the ambient air quality standards in the San Diego Air Basin (SDAB). The County Regional Air Quality Strategy (RAQS) was initially adopted in 1991 and is updated on a triennial basis (most recently in 2016). The RAQS outlines the SDAPCD's plans and control measures designed to attain the state air quality standards for ozone (03). The RAQS relies on information from the California Air Resources Board (CARB) and SANDAG, including mobile and area source emissions, as well as information regarding projected growth in San Diego County and the cities in the county, to project future emissions and then determine the strategies necessary for the reduction of emissions through regulatory controls. CARB mobile source emission projections and SANDAG growth projections are based on population, vehicle trends, and land use plans developed by San Diego County and the cities in the county as part of the development of their general plans.

As such, projects that propose development that is consistent with the growth anticipated by local plans would be consistent with the RAQS. However, if a project proposes development that is greater than that anticipated in the local plan and SANDAG's growth projections, the project might conflict with the RAQS and may contribute to a potentially significant cumulative impact on air quality.

The project would develop two dwelling units in an already established neighborhood. The project is consistent with the General Plan, community plan, and the underlying zoning for residential development. Therefore, the project would be consistent at a sub-regional level with the underlying growth forecasts in the RAQs and would not obstruct implementation of the RAQs. As such no impacts would occur.

b)	Violate any air quality standard or			
	contribute substantially to an existing		\boxtimes	
	or projected air quality violation?			

The City's Thresholds state that a significant impact may occur if a project violates any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation.

Short-term Emissions (Construction)

Project construction activities would potentially generate combustion emissions from on-site heavy duty construction vehicles and motor vehicles transporting the construction crew and necessary construction materials. Exhaust emissions generated by construction activities would generally result from the use of typical construction equipment that may include excavation equipment, forklift, skip loader, and/or dump truck. Variables that factor into the total construction emissions potentially generated include the level of activity, length of construction period, number of pieces and types of equipment in use, site characteristics, weather conditions, number of construction personnel, and the amount of materials to be transported on or off site. It is anticipated that construction equipment would be used on site for four to eight hours a day; however, construction would be short-term and impacts to neighboring uses would be minimal and temporary.

	Potentially	Less Than Significant	Less Than	
Issue	Significant	with Mitigation	Significant	No Impact
	Impact	Incorporated	Impact	

Fugitive dust emissions are generally associated with land clearing and grading operations. Due to the nature and location of the project, construction activities are expected to create minimal fugitive dust, because of the disturbance associated with grading. Construction operations are subject to the requirements established in Regulation 4, Rules 52, 54, and 55 of the SDAPCD rules and regulations. The project would include standard measures as required by the City grading permit to minimize fugitive dust and air pollutant emissions during the temporary construction period. Therefore, impacts associated with fugitive dust are considered less than significant and would not violate an air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation. Impacts related to short-term emissions would be less than significant.

Long-term Emissions (Operational)

Long-term air pollutant emission impacts are those associated with stationary sources and mobile sources related to any change caused by a project. The project would produce minimal stationary source emissions. Once construction of the project is complete, long-term air emissions would potentially result from such sources as heating, ventilation, and cooling (HVAC) systems and other motorized equipment typically associated with residential uses. The project is compatible with the surrounding development and is permitted by the community plan and zone designation. Project emissions over the long term are not anticipated to violate an air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation.

Overall, the project is not expected to generate substantial short- or long-term emissions that would violate any air quality standard or contribute to an existing or projected air quality violation: therefore, impacts would be less than significant.

c)	Result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is non-attainment under an applicable federal or state ambient air quality standard (including releasing emissions which exceed quantitative thresholds for		
	ozone precursors)?		

The City's Thresholds state that a project may have a potentially significant air quality impact if it could result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is non-attainment under an applicable federal or state ambient air quality standard (including release of emissions which exceed quantitative thresholds for ozone precursors).

As described above in response III (b), construction operations may temporarily increase the emissions of dust and other pollutants; however, construction emissions would be temporary and short-term in duration. Implementation of BMPs would reduce potential impacts related to construction activities to less than significant. Operational air pollutant emissions resulting from such sources as HVAC systems, motorized equipment, and project traffic would not be generated in quantities that would result in exceedances of regulatory thresholds for criteria pollutants. Projects

	Potentially	Less Than Significant	Less Than	
Issue	Significant	with Mitigation	Significant	No Impact
	Impact	Incorporated	Impact	

that propose development consistent with the growth anticipated by applicable general plans were considered in, and therefore are consistent with, the RAQS. The proposed project is consistent with the applicable land use plans (General Plan and Pacific Beach Community Plan), and therefore, buildout of the project site has been accounted for in region-wide air quality plans. The project would not result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of criteria pollutants for which the project region is non-attainment under applicable federal or state ambient air quality standards. Impacts would be less than significant.

d)	Create objectionable odors affecting a			\square	
	substantial number of people?	Ш	Ш		Ш

The City's Thresholds state that for a project proposing placement of sensitive receptors near an existing odor source, a significant odor impact will be identified if the project site is closer to the odor source than any existing sensitive receptor where there has been more than one confirmed or three confirmed complaints per year (averaged over a three- week period) about the odor source. Moreover, for projects proposing placement of sensitive receptors near a source of odors where there are currently no nearby existing receptors, the determination of significance should be based on the distance and frequency at which odor complaints from the public have occurred in the vicinity of a similar odor source at another location. None of the above applies to the proposed project.

Short-term (Construction)

Odors would be generated from vehicles and/or equipment exhaust emissions during construction of the project. Odors produced during construction would be attributable to concentrations of the project. Odors produced during construction would be attributable to concentrations or unburned hydrocarbons from tailpipes of construction equipment and architectural coatings. Such odors are temporary and generally occur at magnitudes that would not affect a substantial number of people. Therefore, impacts related to construction-generated odors would be less than significant.

IV. BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES – Would the project: a) Have substantial adverse effects, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special status species in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?

The City's Thresholds state that significance of impacts to biological resources are assessed by City staff through the CEQA review process and through review of the project's consistency with the Environmentally Sensitive Lands (ESL) regulations, the Biology Guidelines (2018) and with the City's MSCP Subarea Plan (1997). Before a determination of the significance of an impact can be made, the presence and nature of the biological resources must be established. The City has established a two-step process that: (1) provides guidance to determine the extent of biological resources and values present on the site; and (2) based on the findings of Step 1, if significant biological resources are

	Potentially	Less Than Significant	Less Than	
Issue	Significant	with Mitigation	Significant	No Impact
	Impact	Incorporated	Impact	

present, then a survey to determine the nature and extent of the biological resources on the site is warranted.

The project proposes replacement of an existing residence. The site does not contain or support Environmentally Sensitive Lands (ESL) as defined by the Biology Guidelines of the City's Land Development Manual. The site does not contain native or sensitive plant species, wildlife species, or vegetation communities; wetlands that would be expected to support special status wildlife species; or lands classified as Tier I, Tier III, Tier IIIA, or Tier IIIB Habitats.

Due to the site lacking resources implementation of the project would not have a substantial adverse effect on candidate, sensitive, or special-status species as identified in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service. No impact would result due to implementation of the project.

b)	Have a substantial adverse effect on				
5,	any riparian habitat or other community identified in local or regional plans, policies, and regulations or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?				
riparian	ee response IV(a) above. The project habitat or other community identific alifornia Department of Fish and Gar	ed in local or	regional plans, po	olicies, and reg	gulations or
c)	Have a substantial adverse effect on federally protected wetlands as defined by section 404 of the Clean Water Act (including but not limited to marsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc.) through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, or other means?				

Please see response IV(a) above. The project would not have a substantial adverse effect on federally protected wetlands as defined by Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (including but not limited to marsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc.) through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, or other means. No impacts would occur.

d)	Interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or with established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors, or impede		\boxtimes
	the use of native wildlife nursery sites?		

Please see response IV(a) above. The project would not interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or with established native resident or

Is	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
migrato	ory wildlife corridors or impede the ι	use of native	wildlife nursery site	s. No impact	s would
e)	Conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources, such as a tree preservation policy or ordinance?				\boxtimes
•	eject is consistent with the City's Biolo Dicies or ordinances protecting biolo	0.		gulations; no	conflict with
f)	Conflict with the provisions of an adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Community Conservation Plan, or other approved local, regional, or state habitat conservation plan?				
Habitat	see response IV(a) above. The projec Conservation Plan, Natural Commu habitat conservation plan. No impa	nity Conserv	ation Plan, or other		•
V. CULT	URAL RESOURCES – Would the project:				
a)	Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an historical resource as defined in §15064.5?		\boxtimes		

The purpose and intent of the Historical Resources Regulations of the Land Development Code (Chapter 14, Division 3, and Article 2) is to protect, preserve and, where damaged, restore the historical resources of San Diego. The regulations apply to all proposed development within the City of San Diego when historical resources are present on the premises. Before approving discretionary projects, CEQA requires the Lead Agency to identify and examine the significant adverse environmental effects which may result from that project. A project that may cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource may have a significant effect on the environment (sections 15064.5(b) and 21084.1). A substantial adverse change is defined as demolition, destruction, relocation, or alteration activities, which would impair historical significance (sections 15064.5(b)(1)). Any historical resource listed in, or eligible to be listed in the California Register of Historical Resources, including archaeological resources, is considered to be historically or culturally significant.

Archaeological Resources

A record search of the California Historic Resources Information System (CHRIS) digital database was performed and reviewed by qualified archaeological City staff to determine presence or absence of potential resources within the project site. The CHRIS search showed that the proposed project is located within a known archaeological site. Therefore, mitigation measures related to Cultural Resources (Archaeology) are required. All potential impacts related to the presence of archeological resources at the site would be reduced and addressed through the purview of a qualified

	Potentially	Less Than Significant	Less Than	
Issue	Significant	with Mitigation	Significant	No Impact
	Impact	Incorporated	Impact	

Archaeologist and Native American monitor. Monitoring by this individual would occur at all stages of ground-disturbing activities at the site. Furthermore, a Mitigation, Monitoring, and Reporting Program (MMRP), as detailed within Section V of the Mitigated Negative Declaration (MND), would be implemented to address this issue specifically. With implementation of the cultural resources monitoring program, potential impacts on historical resources would be reduced to less than significant.

Built Environment

The City reviews projects requiring the demolition of structures 45 years or older for historic significance in compliance with CEQA. Historic property (built environment) surveys are required for properties which are 45 years of age or older and which have integrity of setting, location, design, materials, workmanship, feeling and association. The existing residence was built in 1942. In accordance with CEQA and San Diego Municipal Code Section 143.0212 the proposed project site underwent historic review by Plan Historic staff in June 2020.

Based on this review Plan Historic staff determined that the property does not meet local designation criteria as an individually significant resource under any adopted HRB Criteria. This determination is good for five years from this date unless new information is provided that speaks to the building's eligibility for designation. Therefore, no historical research report was required at this time and the project as proposed has no potential to impact any unique or non-unique historical resources. No impacts to the built environment would occur.

	b)	Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an archaeological resource pursuant to §15064.5?				
Refe	er to	response V (a) above.				
	c)	Directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleontological resource or site or unique geologic feature?			\boxtimes	
pale in d a de	onto	ject site is underlain by Old Paralic I ological resources. In high sensitivit n requires paleontological monitorir of 8 feet. The grading quantities do es. Impacts would be less than sign	y areas grading fo ng. Grading fo not rise to th	ng in excess of 100 r the proposed pr	00 cubic yards oject is 26.5 c	and 10 feet ubic yards to
	d)	Disturb human remains, including those interred outside of dedicated		\boxtimes		

Section IV of the MMRP contains provisions for the discovery of human remains. If human remains are discovered, work shall halt in that area and no soil shall be exported off-site until a determination can be made regarding the provenance of the human remains; and the following procedures as set forth in CEQA Section 15064.5(e), the California Public Resources Code (Sec.

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
5097.98) and State Health and Safety Code (required mitigation measure impacts would			. Based upo	on the
VI. ENERGY – Would the project:				
 Result in potentially significant environmental impact due to wasteful, inefficient, or unnecessary consumption of energy resources, during project construction or operation? 			\boxtimes	
The proposed project would be required to Code (Title 24). In addition, the proposed pr measures per City code that incorporate en HVAC systems etc). The project would also be energy reducing (cool roof, etc.). The propose have any out of the ordinary energy consum	roject would ergy conserv pe required to sed project is	be conditioned to movation features (wind to implement CAP str to two single dwelling	eet building ow treatme ategies whi units which	design ents, efficient ch are
 b) Conflict with or obstruct a state or local plan for renewable energy or energy efficiency? 				
The proposed project is consistent with the designations. Please refer to VI(b) for furthe		•		S.
VII. GEOLOGY AND SOILS – Would the project:				
 a) Expose people or structures to potential su involving: 	bstantial adver	se effects, including the ri	sk of loss, injui	ry, or death
i) Rupture of a known earthquake fault, as delineated on the most recent Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Map issued by the State Geologist for the area or based on other substantial evidence of a known fault? Refer to Division of Mines and Geology Special Publication 42.				
The project is not located within an Alquist-Geotechnical Report (Geotechnical Investigate) Point Drive, Allied Earth Technology, July 20, staff review, the geotechnical consultant has potentially affecting the proposed project. Find with seismic requirement of the California Equilization of standard construction practice ensure that potential impacts based on regional mitigation is not required.	ation, Propos 20) that has s adequately Furthermore Building Codo ss, to be verif	sed Residential Build been reviewed by Cit addressed the soil a the project would b e, utilize proper engi ied at the building p	ing Site, 341 by Geology s and geologi e required the neering des ermit stage,	6 Crown staff. Per c conditions co comply ign and in order to
ii) Strong seismic ground shaking?			\boxtimes	

İssue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact			
Refer to response V (a). The site could be affected by seismic activity as a result of earthquakes on major active faults located throughout the Southern California area. The project would utilize proper engineering design and utilization of standard construction practices, to be verified at the building permit stage, in order to ensure that potential impacts from regional geologic hazards would remain less than significant and mitigation is not required.							
iii) Seismic-related ground failure, including liquefaction?							
Refer to response V (a). Liquefaction oc subject to shaking, causing the soils to result in an increase in the potential for Impacts would be less than significant.	lose cohesion. Im	plementation of t	he project wo	uld not			
iv) Landslides?			\boxtimes				
Refer to response V (a). The project site have been identified within the site or i				ndslides			
b) Result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil?	е						
Refer to response V (a). The project incl by City staff that precludes erosion of to comply with SDMC Grading Regulations that the project would not result in a su than significant.	opsoil. In additior s (Chapter 14, Art	, standard constr cle 2, Division 1) v	uction BMPs n vould be in pla	ecessary to ice to ensure			
c) Be located on a geologic unit or soil that is unstable, or that would becom unstable as a result of the project, and potentially result in on- or off-site landslide, lateral spreading, subsiden- liquefaction or collapse?	d 🗆						
Refer to response V (a). Proper enginee would be verified at the construction pecategory would not occur.							
d) Be located on expansive soil, as defin in Table 18-1-B of the Uniform Buildin Code (1994), creating substantial risks to life or property?	^{lg} □						

The proposed project is located on Urban Land soil. This soil is not defined as expansive. No impacts would occur. Furthermore, proper engineering design and utilization of standard construction practices would be verified at the construction permitting stage and would ensure that impacts in this category would not occur.

Iss	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact		
e)	Have soils incapable of adequately supporting the use of septic tanks or alternative waste water disposal systems where sewers are not available for the disposal of waste water?				\boxtimes		
The proposed project does not propose the use of septic tanks or alternative water disposal systems. No impacts would occur.							
VIII. GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS – Would the project:							
a)	Generate greenhouse gas emissions, either directly or indirectly, that may have a significant impact on the environment?			\boxtimes			

On July 12, 2016, the City of San Diego adopted the Climate Action Plan (CAP) Consistency Checklist, which requires all projects subject to discretionary review to demonstrate consistency with the Climate Action Plan.

The CAP is a plan for the reduction of GHG emissions in accordance with CEQA Guidelines Section 15183.5. Pursuant to CEQA Guidelines Sections 15604 (h) (3), 15130 (d), and 15183 (b), a project's incremental contribution to a cumulative GHG emissions effect may be determined not to be cumulatively considerable if it complies with the requirements of the CAP.

Projects that are consistent with the CAP as determined through the use of this Checklist may rely on the CAP for the cumulative impacts of GHG emissions.

The submitted Climate Action Plan (CAP) Consistency Checklist was reviewed by EAS staff and found to be acceptable. The CAP Consistency Checklist includes a three-step process to determine project if the project would result in a GHG impact. Step 1 consists of an evaluation to determine the project's consistency with existing General Plan, Community Plan, and zoning designations for the site. Step 2 consists of an evaluation of the project's design features compliance with the CAP strategies. Step 3 is only applicable if a project is not consistent with the land use and/or zone, but is also in a transit priority area to allow for more intensive development than assumed in the CAP.

Under Step 1 of the CAP Consistency Checklist, the project is consistent with the existing General Plan and Pacific Beach Community Plan land use designations and zoning for the site. Therefore, the project is consistent with the growth projections and land use assumptions used in the CAP. Furthermore, completion of Step 2 of the CAP Consistency Checklist demonstrates that the project would be consistent with applicable strategies and actions for reducing GHG emissions. This includes project features consistent with the energy and water efficient buildings strategy, as well as bicycling, walking, transit, and land use strategy. These project features would be assured as a condition of project approval. Thus, the project is consistent with the CAP. Step 3 of the CAP Consistency Checklist would not be applicable, as the project is not proposing a land use amendment or a rezone.

Based on the project's consistency with the City's CAP Consistency Checklist, the project's contribution of GHGs to cumulative statewide emissions would be less than cumulatively considerable. Therefore, the project's direct and cumulative GHG emissions would have a less than

Issue		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
significant impact or	the environment.				
of reducing the emis Community Plan lan completed CAP Cons strategies and action	ot conflict with an appl sions of GHGs. The pro d use and zoning desig sistency Checklist for th is of the CAP. Therefor tegies toward achievin	oject is consisgnations. Furt ne project, the re, the project	tent with the existi her based upon re e project is consiste would be consiste	ng General Pl view and eval ent with the a nt with the as	lan and uation of the pplicable ssumptions
IX. HAZARDS AND HAZA	RDOUS MATERIALS – Would	the project:			
or the environ	icant hazard to the public ment through routine or disposal of hazardous				
_	s states that significant ent of hazardous mate		occur if a project p	oroposes the	handling,
including vehicle fue materials, cleaning s hazardous materials used, and disposed and local health and disposal of hazardou b) Create a signif	es for the project would ls, oils, transmission floolvents, and pesticides would be temporary, of in accordance with resafety regulations. As its materials would be licent hazard to the public ment through reasonably	uids, paint, ac s for landscap and all poten manufacturer such, impacts	lhesives, surface co ing purposes. How tially hazardous ma s' specifications, ap s associated with th	patings and or rever, the use aterials would aplicable fede ne transport, i	ther finishing of these I be stored, ral, state,
	oset and accident			\boxtimes	

The City's Thresholds state that project sites on or near known contamination sources and/ or that meet one or more of the following criteria may result in a significant impact:

• A project is located within 1,000 feet of a known contamination site;

conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the

environment?

- A project is located within 2,000 feet of a known "border zone property" (also known as a "Superfund" site) or a hazardous waste property subject to corrective action pursuant to the Health and Safety Code;
- The project has a closed Department of Environmental Health (DEH) site file;

Potentially Less Than Significant Less Than
Issue Significant With Mitigation Significant No Impact
Impact Incorporated Impact

- A project is located in Centre City San Diego, Barrio Logan, or other areas known or suspected to contain contamination sites;
- A project is located on or near an active or former landfill;
- A project is located on properties historically developed with industrial or commercial uses which involved dewatering (the removal of groundwater during excavation), in conjunction with major excavation in an area with high groundwater;
- A project is located in a designated airport influence area and where the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) has reached a determination of "hazard" through FAA Form 7460-1, "Notice of Proposed Construction or Alteration", inconsistent with an Airport's Land Use Compatibility Plan (ACLUP), within the boundaries of an Airport Land Use Plan (ALP), or two nautical miles of a public or public use airport; or
- A project is located on a site presently or previously used for agricultural purposes.

The project site does not meet any of the criteria outlined in the City's Thresholds stated above. The project site was not listed in any of the databases for hazardous materials including being listed in the State Water Resources Control Board GeoTracker system, which includes leaking underground fuel tank sites inclusive of spills, leaks, investigations, and cleanups Program or the Department of Toxic Substances Control EnviroStor Data Management System, which includes CORTESE sites. Impacts would be less than significant.

c)	Emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste within one-quarter mile of an existing or proposed school?				\boxtimes
storage, quarter emission	s Thresholds states that significant impand treatment of hazardous materials mile of an existing or proposed school as or handle hazardous or acutely hazamile of an existing or proposed school	s. The propo . Therefore, ardous mate	osed project loca , project would r erials, substance	ation is not with not emit hazard	nin one- lous
d)	Be located on a site which is included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code section 65962.5 and, as a result, would it create a significant hazard to the public or the environment?				\boxtimes

See VIII(b) above for applicable City Threshold related to listed hazardous materials sites. A hazardous waste site records search was completed in November 2020 using Geotracker https://geotracker.waterboards.ca.gov/. The records search showed that no hazardous waste sites exist onsite or in the surrounding area. No impacts would result.

lss	ue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
e)	For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two mile of a public airport or public use airport, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?				
designa through Airport's	/s Thresholds state that a project ted airport influence area and who FAA Form 7460-1, "Notice of Prop s Land Use Compatibility Plan (ACLU r two nautical miles of a public or pu	ere the FA posed Cons JP), within	A has reached a d truction or Alterati the boundaries of	etermination on", inconsis	of "hazard" tent with an
(ALUCP)	ject is not located in a Safety Zone of ; therefore, the use and density are o ety hazard for people residing or wor	consistent v	vith the ALUCP. The	project woul	d not result
f)	For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?				\boxtimes
The pro	posed project is not located within th	ne vicinity o	f a private airstrip. I	No impacts w	ould result.
g)	Impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan?				\boxtimes
impair i	posed project is residential developr mplementation of or physically inter ncy evacuation plan. No impacts wou	fere with ar			
h)	Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires, including where wildlands are adjacent to urbanized areas or where residences are intermixed with wildlands?				
wildland involving	ject site it not located adjacent to wilds. It would not expose people or str g wildland fires, including where wild ces are intermixed with wildlands. No	uctures to a llands are a	significant risk of lo	oss, injury or	death
X. HYDR	OLOGY AND WATER QUALITY - Would the pro	ject:			
a)	Violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements?				

	Potentially	Less Than Significant	Less Than	
Issue	Significant	with Mitigation	Significant	No Impact
	Impact	Incorporated	Impact	

The project would comply with all storm water quality standards during and after construction, and appropriate Best Management Practices (BMP's) will be utilized and provided for on-site. Implementation of theses BMP's would preclude any violations of existing standards and discharge regulations. This will be addressed through the project's Conditions of Approval; therefore, impacts would be less than significant, and no mitigation measures are required.

would L	be less than significant, and no mitiga	ition measur	es are required.		
b)	Substantially deplete groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that there would be a net deficit in aquifer volume or a lowering of the local groundwater table level (e.g., the production rate of pre-existing nearby wells would drop to a level which would not support existing land uses or planned uses for which permits have been granted)?				
an incre	eiject does not require the construction emental use of water, but it would no e substantially with groundwater rec or a lowering of the local groundwat	t substantia harge such t	lly deplete ground hat there would b	lwater supplies le a net deficit	s or in aquifer
c)	Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, in a manner, which would result in substantial erosion or siltation on- or off-site?				
area. St project	rject would not substantially alter the reams or rivers do not occur on or ac would implement on-site BMPs, ther ite would not occur. Impacts would b d.	djacent to the	e site. Although g ng that substantia	rading is prop al erosion or si	ltation on-
d)	Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, or substantially			\boxtimes	

The project would implement low impact development principles ensuring that a substantial increase in the rate or amount of surface runoff resulting in flooding on or off-site, or a substantial alteration to the existing drainage pattern would not occur. Streams or rivers do not occur on or adjacent to the project site. Impacts would be less than significant, and no mitigation measures are required.

a stream or river, or substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner, which would result

in flooding on- or off-site?

e) Create or contribute runoff water,	,	•			\boxtimes	
---------------------------------------	---	---	--	--	-------------	--

lss	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	existing or planned stormwater drainage systems or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff?				
which w	oject would not introduce any new co vould exceed the capacity of existing ntial additional sources of polluted re	g or planned	stormwater drainag	ge systems o	r provide
f)	Otherwise substantially degrade water quality?				
Approp	oject would comply with all City storr riate BMP's would be implemented be less than significant, and no mitig	to ensure th	at water quality is n		
g)	Place housing within a 100-year flood hazard area as mapped on a federal Flood Hazard Boundary or Flood Insurance Rate Map or other flood hazard delineation map?				
•	oject would not place housing within Boundary or Flood Insurance Rate N esult.	-	•	•	
h)	Place within a 100-year flood hazard area, structures that would impede or redirect flood flows?				
See Res	sponse (IX) (g). No impacts would re	sult.			
XI. LANI	O USE AND PLANNING – Would the project:				
a)	Physically divide an established community?				\boxtimes
designa by simil propert	oject is consistent with the General Pation. The project site is located with lar residential development. The devices and is consistent with surroundion established community. No impac	in a develop velopment o ng land uses	ed residential neigh f two dwelling units s. Therefore, the pro	borhood and would not af ject would no	l surrounded fect adjacent ot physically
b)	Conflict with any applicable land use plan, policy, or regulation of an agency with jurisdiction over the project (including but not limited to the general plan, specific plan, local coastal program, or zoning ordinance) adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect?				

Iss	sue	Significant Impact	with Mitigation Incorporated	Significant Impact	No Impact		
develop zone an neighbo applicat (includin	See response XI(a) above. The project is compatible with the area designated for residential development by the General Plan and Community Plan and is consistent with the existing underlying zone and surrounding land uses. Construction of the project would occur within an urbanized neighborhood with similar development. Furthermore, the project would not conflict with any applicable land use plan, policy, or regulation of an agency with jurisdiction over the project (including but not limited to the general plan community plan, or zoning ordinance) adopted for avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect. No conflict would occur and this, no impacts would result.						
c)	Conflict with any applicable habitat conservation plan or natural community conservation plan?						
project protecti have the project Beach C	As previously discussed in Section IV, although the proposed project is not within the MHPA, the project would be consistent with all relevant goals and policies regarding the preservation and protection of biological resources, as outlined in the City's MSCP. The proposed project does not have the potential to conflict with any habitat conservation plans. In addition, implementation of the project would be consistent with all biological resources policies outlined in the General Plan, Pacific Beach Community Plan and Local Coastal Land Use Plan. Implementation of the project would not conflict with any applicable plans, and no impact would occur.						
XII. MIN	ERAL RESOURCES – Would the project:						
a)	Result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region and the residents of the state?						
•	ject would not result in the loss of avection the region and the residents of the s	-	known mineral ro	esource that v	vould be of		
b)	Result in the loss of availability of a locally important mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan or other land use plan?						
	The project would not result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan, or other land use plan.						
XIII. NOI	SE – Would the project result in:						
a)	Generation of, noise levels in excess of standards established in the local general plan or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies?						

Potentially

Less Than Significant

Less Than

The City's Thresholds identify that a significant impact would occur if:

Traffic generated noise would result in noise levels that exceed a 45 weighted decibel (dbA) Community Noise Equivalent Level (CNEL) interior of 65 dbA CNEL exterior for single- and multi-

	Potentially	Less Than Significant	Less Than	
Issue	Significant	with Mitigation	Significant	No Impact
	Impact	Incorporated	Impact	

family land uses, 75 dbA exterior for office, churches, and professional uses, and 75 dbA exterior for commercial land uses.

- A project which would generate noise levels at the property line which exceed the City's Noise Ordinance Standards is also considered a potentially significant impact. Additionally, Temporary construction noise which exceeds 75 dB (A) L_{EQ} at a sensitive receptor would be considered significant.
- Temporary construction noise which exceeds 75 dB (A) Leq at a sensitive receptor. Construction noise levels measured at or beyond the property lines of any property zoned residential shall not exceed an average sound level greater than 75-decibles (dB) during the 12-hour period from 7:00 a.m. to 7:00 p.m. In addition, construction activity is prohibited between the hours of 7:00 p.m. of any day and 7:00 a.m. of the following day, or on legal holidays as specified in Section 21.04 of the San Diego Municipal Code, with exception of Columbus Day and Washington's Birthday, or on Sundays, that would create disturbing, excessive, or offensive noise unless a permit has been applied for and granted beforehand by the Noise Abatement and Control Administrator, in conformance with San Diego Municipal Code Section 59.5.0404.
- If noise levels during the breeding season for the California gnatcatcher, least Bell's vireo, southern willow flycatcher, least tern, cactus wren, tricolored blackbird or western snowy plover would exceed 60dB(A) or existing ambient noise level if above 60dB(A).

None of the above apply.

The project would not result in the generation of, noise levels in excess of standards established in the local general plan or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies. Any short-term noise impacts related to construction activities would be required to comply with the construction hours specified in the City's Municipal Code (Section 59.5.0404, Construction Noise), which are intended to reduce potential adverse effects resulting from construction noise. Impacts remain less than significant.

	ed to reduce potential adverse effects gnificant.	s resulting fr	om construction no	oise. Impacts	remain les
b)	Generation of, excessive ground borne vibration or ground borne noise levels?				
through	ponse XII (a) above. Potential short-to n compliance with City restrictions. N ion measures are required. Impacts r	o significant	long-term impacts		
c)	A substantial permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project?			\boxtimes	

		Impact	Incorporated	Impact	
through	oonse XII (a) above. Potential short-to compliance with City restrictions. N on measures are required. Impacts r	o significant	long-term impacts		
d)	A substantial temporary or periodic increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above existing without the project?				
through	oonse XII (a) above. Potential short-to compliance with City restrictions. N on measures are required. Impacts r	o significant	long-term impacts		
e)	For a project located within an airport land use plan, or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport would the project expose people residing or working in the area to excessive noise levels?				
project	ject is not located within an airport l site. The project would not expose p lo impacts would result from the pro	eople residi			
f)	For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?				\boxtimes
would n	posed project is not located within to tot expose people residing or working would result from the project.	-			
XIV. POP	PULATION AND HOUSING – Would the project	<u>.</u>			
a)	Induce substantial population growth in an area, either directly (for example, by proposing new homes and businesses) or indirectly (for example, through extension of roads or other infrastructure)?				

Potentially

Significant

Issue

Less Than Significant

with Mitigation

Less Than

Significant

No Impact

The project proposes to demolish an existing single-family residence and construct a new single-family residence in its place with an additional companion unit. An additional new dwelling unit would be constructed, but the construction of one new unit would not induce substantial population growth. Infrastructure already exists on the project site to account for both dwelling units. Impacts remain less than significant.

Iss	ue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact	
b)	Displace substantial numbers of existing housing, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?					
construc	posed project would not displace su tion of replacement housing elsewh nent of an existing dwelling unit and re, the result of the project is a net g	nere. The pr d developme	oposed project wou ent of an additional	ld result in th	ne	
c)	Displace substantial numbers of people, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?					
	acement of an existing dwelling unit substantial numbers of people. Nev Ir.		•			
XV. PUBL	LIC SERVICES					
a)	Would the project result in substantial adve physically altered governmental facilities, no construction of which could cause significar rations, response times or other performan	eed for new or nt environment	physically altered goverr al impacts, in order to m	nmental facilities aintain acceptab	, the	
	i) Fire protection				\boxtimes	
	ect site is located in an urbanized ar provided. The proposed project wou					
	ii) Police protection				\boxtimes	
police pi	ect site is located in an urbanized ar rotection services are already provic ction of new police protection faciliti	led. The pro		-	-	
	iii) Schools				\boxtimes	
or expar where p on publi	The project would not affect existing levels of public services and would not require the construction or expansion of a school facility. The project site is located in an urbanized and developed area where public school services are available. The project would not significantly increase the demand on public schools over that which currently exists and is not anticipated to result in a significant increase in demand for public educational services.					
	iv) Parks				\boxtimes	
The proi	ect site is located in an urhanized ar	nd develope	d area where City-o	nerated nark	s are	

The project site is located in an urbanized and developed area where City-operated parks are available. The project would not significantly increase the demand on existing neighborhood or

	Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
_	nal parks or other recreational facilities ult in a significant increase in demand		•		•
	v) Other public facilities				
availa consti	roject site is located in an urbanized an ble. The project would not adversely a ruction or expansion of an existing gov nd existing conditions would be require	ffect existing vernmental f	g levels of public se	rvices and no	t require the
XVI. R	ECREATION				
ā	Would the project increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be accelerated?				\boxtimes
recrea	roject would not increase the use of exactional facilities such that substantial perated.		_	•	
k	Does the project include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities, which might have an adverse physical effect on the environment?				
The p faciliti	roject is not construction recreational es.	facilities, no	does it require the	e expansion o	of recreation
XVII. T	TRANSPORTATION/TRAFFIC – Would the project?	,			
ē	Would the project or plan/policy conflict with an adopted program, plan, ordinance or policy addressing the transportation system, including transit, roadways, bicycle and pedestrian facilities?				

The construction of two dwelling units would not change road patterns or congestion. The project would not conflict with an applicable plan, ordinance or policy establishing measures of effectiveness for the performance of the circulation system, taking into account of all modes transportation including mass transit and non-motorized travel and relevant components of the circulation system, including but not limited to intersections, streets, highways and freeways, pedestrian and bicycle paths, and mass transit. In addition, the project would not require the redesign of streets, traffic signals, stop signs, striping or any other changes to the existing roadways or existing public transportation routes or types are necessary. No impact would result due to implementation of the project.

ls	ssue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
b)	Would the project or plan/policy result in VMT exceeding thresholds identified in the City of San Diego Transportation Study Manual?			\boxtimes	
•	oposed project is the development or ling thresholds identified in the City o		•		/MT
c)	Would the project or plan/policy substantially increase hazards due to a design feature (e.g., sharp curves or dangerous intersections) or incompatible uses (e.g., farm equipment)?				oxtimes
-	oposed project would not substantial patible uses.	lly increase h	nazards due to a des	ign feature (or
d)	Result in inadequate emergency access?				\boxtimes
The pro	oject would not result in inadequate	emergency a	access.		
cultura geogra	RIBAL CULTURAL RESOURCES – Would the pr I resource, defined in Public Resources Code s phically defined in terms of the size and scope nia Native American tribe, and that is:	section 21074 as	s either a site, feature, pla	ace, cultural lan	dscape that is
a)	Listed or eligible for listing in the California Register of Historical Resources, or in a local register of historical resources as defined in Public Resources Code section 5020.1(k), or				
family listed o	oject proposes to demolish an existir residence in its place with an addition or eligible for listing in the California F cal resources as defined in Public Res	nal compani Register of H	on unit. The existing istorical Resources,	dwelling un	it is not
b)	A resource determined by the lead agency, in its discretion and supported by substantial evidence, to be significant pursuant to criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Public Resources Code section 5024.1. In applying the criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Public Resource Code section 5024.1, the lead agency shall consider the significance of the resource to a California Native American tribe.				

	Potentially	Less Than Significant	Less Than	
Issue	Significant	with Mitigation	Significant	No Impact
	Impact	Incorporated	Impact	

Assembly Bill 52 (AB 52) requires as part of CEQA, evaluation of tribal cultural resources, notification of tribes, and opportunity for tribes to request a consultation regarding impacts to tribal cultural resources when a project is determined to require a Negative Declaration, Mitigated Negative Declaration or Environmental Impact Report under CEQA. In compliance with AB-52, the City notified all tribes that have previously requested such notification for projects within the City of San Diego on October 29, 2020. No requests for consultation were received. The proposed project includes a Mitigation, Monitoring, and Reporting Program (MMRP) that required Native American Monitoring for all ground disturbing activities. With the incorporated mitigated measures impacts would remain less than significant.

less tha	an significant.				
XIX. UTI	LITIES AND SERVICE SYSTEMS – Would the pr	oject:			
a)	Exceed wastewater treatment requirements of the applicable Regional Water Quality Control Board?				
surrour the pro amoun accorda Control Adequa	nentation of the project would not in inding uses. No increase in demand f ject, as compared to current conditi its of wastewater. Wastewater treatn ance with the applicable wastewater I Board (RWQCB). Additionally, the p ate services are already available to seed. No impact would result due to im	or wastewate ons. The proj nent facilities treatment re roject site is i serve the pro	er disposal or treat ect is not anticipat used by the proje equirements of the n an urbanized an ject and no mitiga	tment would b ted to generate ect would be op e Regional Wat ad developed a	e created be significant perated in er Quality rea.
b)	Require or result in the construction of new water or wastewater treatment facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?				
constru	oject would not result in an increase act a new water or wastewater treatr ementation of the project.		-		required to
c)	Require or result in the construction of new storm water drainage facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?				\boxtimes
therefo facilitie qualifie	oject would not exceed the capacity ore, would not require construction or soft which could cause significant ended City staff who determined that the posed development. No impact wou	of new or exp nvironmental e existing faci	ansion of existing effects. The projective lities are adequate	storm water d ct was reviewe ely sized to acc	rainage d by ommodate
d)	Have sufficient water supplies available to serve the project from existing				\boxtimes

ls:	sue	Significant Impact	with Mitigation Incorporated	Significant Impact	No Impact
	entitlements and resources, or are new or expanded entitlements needed?				
a water and ade	oject does not meet the CEQA significate supply assessment. The existing propequate services are available to serve anded entitlements. No impact would	ject site curre the propose	ently receives wa d residential proj	ter service fron ject without red	ո the City, quired new
e)	Result in a determination by the wastewater treatment provider which serves or may serve the project that it has adequate capacity to serve the project's projected demand in addition to the provider's existing commitments?				
Adequa	uction of the project would not advers ate services are available to serve the nents. Impacts would be less than sig	project site v	vithout required	new or expand	ed
f)	Be served by a landfill with sufficient permitted capacity to accommodate the project's solid waste disposal needs?				
would h the pro amount to comp demolit	struction waste from the project site waste adequate capacity to accept the ject. Long-term operation of the properts of solid waste associated with resignly with the City's Municipal Code for the propertion phase and solid waste during the gnificant.	limited amou posed resider dential use. F diversion of	unt of waste that ntial unity is antic urthermore, the poth construction	would be gene ipated to gene project would b n waste during	rated by rate typical person required the
g)	Comply with federal, state, and local statutes and regulation related to solid waste?				
waste. ⁻ generat comply demolit	oject would comply with all Federal, So The project would not result in the ge te or require the transportation of ha with City of San Diego requirements tion phase and solid waste during the implementation of the proposed proj	eneration of lazardous was for diversion e long-term, c	arge amounts of te materials. All c of both construc	solid waste, no lemolition activ ction waste dur	r would it ities would ing the
XX. WILI	DFIRE – Would the project:				
a)	Substantially impair an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan?			\boxtimes	

Potentially

Less Than Significant

Less Than

	Potentially	Less Than Significant	Less Than	
Issue	Significant	with Mitigation	Significant	No Impact
	Impact	Incorporated	Impact	

The City of San Diego participates in the San Diego County Multi-Jurisdictional Hazard Mitigation Plan. The project complies with the General Plan and is consistent with the Pacific Beach Community Plan's land use and the Land Development Code's zoning designation. The project is in an urbanized area of San Diego and construction of a single-family residence and companion unit in the place of an existing single-family residence would not disrupt any emergency evacuation routes as identified in the Hazard Mitigation Plan. Therefore, the project would have a less-than-significant impact on an emergency response and evacuation plan during construction and operation.

emerge	ency response and evacuation plan	during constru	uction and operat	ion.	
b)	Due to slope, prevailing winds, and other factors, exacerbate wildfire risks, and thereby expose project occupants to, pollutant concentrations from a wildfire or the uncontrolled spread of wildfire?				
project the pro concen	oject is in an urbanized neighborhoo is surrounded by existing developn ject, the project would not have the trations from a wildfire or the unco below a level of significance.	nent with no verpote potential to e	vildlands near the expose occupants	site. Due to the to pollutant	ne location of
c)	Require the installation or maintenance of associated infrastructure (such as roads, fuel breaks, emergency water sources, power lines or other utilities) that may exacerbate fire risk or that may result in temporary or ongoing impacts to the environment?				
by exist	oject is in a residential neighborhoo ting infrastructure which would serv action of roads, fuel breaks, emerge acted that would exacerbate fire risk	vice the site af ncy water sou	ter construction is rces, power lines,	s completed. N or other utilit	lo new ies would be
d)	Expose people or structures to				

Refer to response XX (b) above. Additionally, the project would comply with the City's appropriate Best Management Practices (BMP) for drainage and would not expose people or structures to significant risks as a result of run-off, post-fire slope instability, or drainage changes. Therefore, less than-significant impact would result.

 \boxtimes

significant risks, including downslope or downstream flooding or landslides, as a

result of runoff, post-fire slope instability, or drainage changes?

lss	ue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
XXI. MAN	NDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE –				
a)	Does the project have the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory?				
	alysis has determined that, although			•	
	Resources (Archaeology) and Tribal d in this document would reduce the				
	within the Mitigated Negative Decla	•	impacts to a less ti	ian significan	ic icvei us
b)	Does the project have impacts that are individually limited but cumulatively considerable ("cumulatively considerable" means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable future projects)?				
environi Resource been ind surroun and Fed possible	mented in this Initial Study, the project ment, notably with respect to Culturates, which may have cumulatively concorporated to reduce impacts to less ding neighborhood or community we ral regulations to reduce the potents. As such, the project is not anticipate mental impacts.	al Resource: nsiderable in than signifi rould be req tial impacts	s (Archaeology) and mpacts. As such, mi cant. Other future p uired to comply wit to less than signific	Tribal Cultur tigation meas projects withi h applicable l ant, or to the	al sures have n the local, State, e extent
c)	Does the project have environmental effects that will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly?				

The project is consistent with the environmental setting and with the use as anticipated by the City. Based on the analysis presented above, implementation of the mitigation measures would reduc

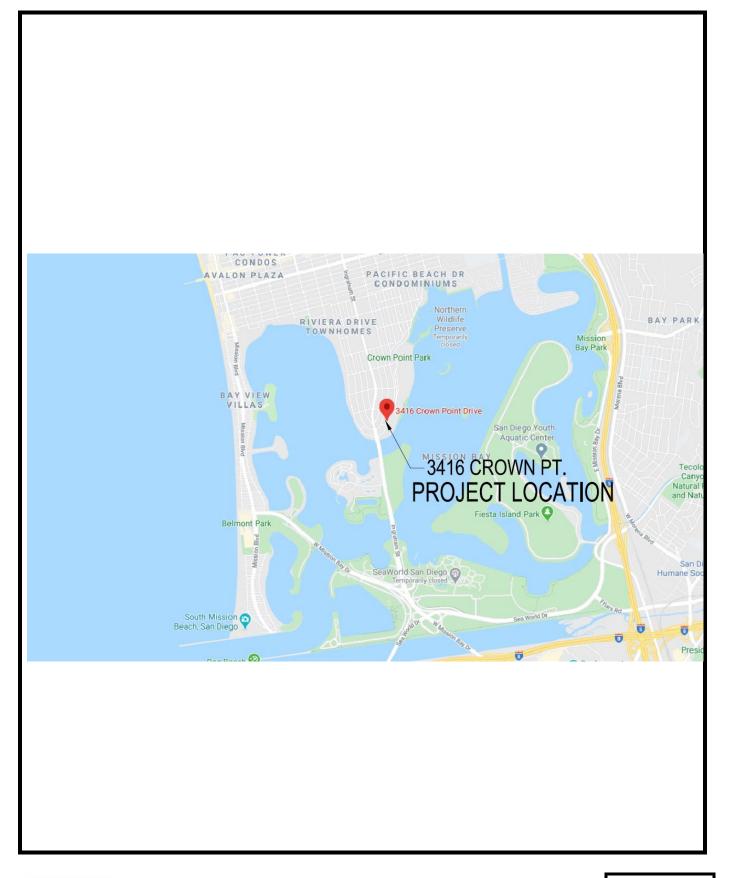
INITIAL STUDY CHECKLIST REFERENCES

I. ⊠ ⊠	Aesthetics / Neighborhood Character City of San Diego General Plan Community Plans: Pacific Community Plan
. 	Agricultural Resources & Forest Resources City of San Diego General Plan U.S. Department of Agriculture, Soil Survey - San Diego Area, California, Part I and II, 1973 California Agricultural Land Evaluation and Site Assessment Model (1997) Site Specific Report:
III. □ ⊠ □	Air Quality California Clean Air Act Guidelines (Indirect Source Control Programs) 1990 Regional Air Quality Strategies (RAQS) - APCD Site Specific Report:
IV. ⊠ ⊠	Biology City of San Diego, Multiple Species Conservation Program (MSCP), Subarea Plan, 1997 City of San Diego, MSCP, "Vegetation Communities with Sensitive Species and Vernal Pools' Maps, 1996
	City of San Diego, MSCP, "Multiple Habitat Planning Area" maps, 1997 Community Plan - Resource Element California Department of Fish and Game, California Natural Diversity Database, "State and
	Federally-listed Endangered, Threatened, and Rare Plants of California," January 2001 California Department of Fish and Game, California Natural Diversity Database, "State and Federally-listed Endangered and Threatened Animals of California, "January 2001 City of San Diego Land Development Code Biology Guidelines
	Site Specific Report:
v. ⊠ □ □ □	Cultural Resources (includes Historical Resources and Built Environment) City of San Diego Historical Resources Guidelines City of San Diego Archaeology Library Historical Resources Board List Community Historical Survey: Site Specific Report:
VI.	Geology/Soils City of San Diego Seismic Safety Study U.S. Department of Agriculture Soil Survey - San Diego Area, California, Part I and II, December 1973 and Part III, 1975 Site Specific Report:

VII.	Greenhouse Gas Emissions Site Specific Report:
VIII.	Hazards and Hazardous Materials San Diego County Hazardous Materials Environmental Assessment Listing San Diego County Hazardous Materials Management Division FAA Determination State Assessment and Mitigation, Unauthorized Release Listing, Public Use Authorized Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan Site Specific Report:
IX.	Hydrology/Drainage Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA), National Flood Insurance Program-Flood Boundary and Floodway Map Clean Water Act Section 303(b) list, http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/tmdl/303d lists.html Site Specific Report:
x. ⊠ □ □ □	Land Use and Planning City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan City of San Diego Zoning Maps FAA Determination: Other Plans:
XI.	Mineral Resources California Department of Conservation - Division of Mines and Geology, Mineral Land Classification Division of Mines and Geology, Special Report 153 - Significant Resources Maps City of San Diego General Plan: Conservation Element Site Specific Report:
XII.	Noise City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan San Diego International Airport - Lindbergh Field CNEL Maps Brown Field Airport Master Plan CNEL Maps Montgomery Field CNEL Maps San Diego Association of Governments - San Diego Regional Average Weekday Traffic Volumes San Diego Metropolitan Area Average Weekday Traffic Volume Maps, SANDAG Site Specific Report:

XIII.	Paleontological Resources City of San Diego Paleontological Guidelines Deméré, Thomas A., and Stephen L. Walsh, "Paleontological Resources City of San Diego," Department of Paleontology San Diego Natural History Museum, 1996 Kennedy, Michael P., and Gary L. Peterson, "Geology of the San Diego Metropolitan Area, California. Del Mar, La Jolla, Point Loma, La Mesa, Poway, and SW 1/4 Escondido 7 1/2 Minute Quadrangles," <i>California Division of Mines and Geology Bulletin</i> 200, Sacramento, 1975
	Kennedy, Michael P., and Siang S. Tan, "Geology of National City, Imperial Beach and Otay Mesa Quadrangles, Southern San Diego Metropolitan Area, California," Map Sheet 29, 1977 Site Specific Report:
XIV.	Population / Housing City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan Series 11/Series 12 Population Forecasts, SANDAG Other:
xv . □	Public Services City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan
XVI.	Recreational Resources City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan Department of Park and Recreation City of San Diego - San Diego Regional Bicycling Map Additional Resources:
XVII.	Transportation / Circulation City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan: San Diego Metropolitan Area Average Weekday Traffic Volume Maps, SANDAG San Diego Region Weekday Traffic Volumes, SANDAG Site Specific Report:
XVIII.	Utilities Site Specific Report:
XIX.	Water Conservation Sunset Magazine, New Western Garden Book, Rev. ed. Menlo Park, CA: Sunset Magazine
xx.	Water Quality Clean Water Act Section 303(b) list, http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/tmdl/303d lists.html Site Specific Report:

Revised: April 202



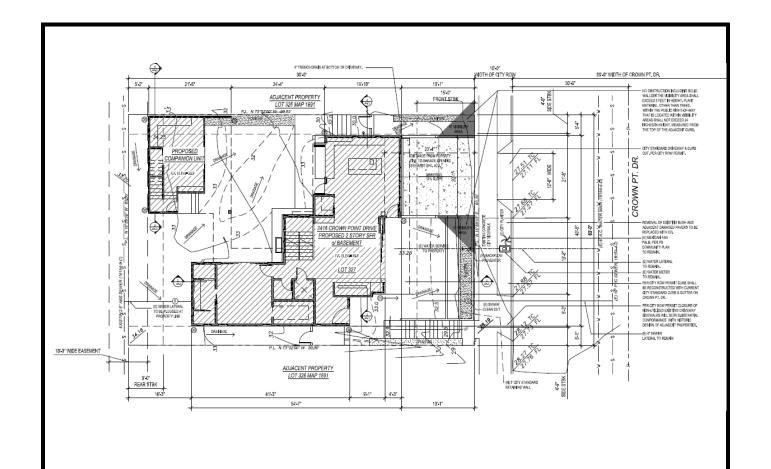


Location Map

Glockner Residence CDP/Project No. 670011
City of San Diego – Development Services Department

FIGURE

No. 1





Site Plan

Glockner Residence CDP/Project No. 670011
City of San Diego – Development Services Department

FIGURE

No. 2