

*Drainage Study
for the Otay Mesa
Community Plan Update*

April, 2007

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April, 2007





Chuck Spinks Exp. Date 03/31/08

R.C.E. 30894

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I. BACKGROUND

This report has been prepared as an appendix to the Otay Mesa Community Plan update EIR. Its purpose is to provide a summary of the existing drainage situation and facilities and proposed future facilities, including alternatives for draining the large central watershed. In addition, this report presents recommendations for drainage design criteria and storm water quality requirements for each of the watersheds on the Mesa. A detailed pre-design report to be approved by the City of San Diego will be required before initiating the design.

For most of its early history, Otay Mesa was used for agriculture and farming was the primary land use. As industrial and commercial development started taking place in the 1960s, the City of San Diego recognized the need for a comprehensive drainage Master Plan for the Mesa. Because most of the Mesa drains to the South into Mexico, there was concern that the new development would increase the runoff crossing the border. The City needed to establish criteria for the new development such that there was no increase in runoff as a result of the new construction.

In May of 1987, the City Council approved a contract to prepare the Otay Mesa Drainage Master Plan. In August of 1987, the City published a Notice to “All Private Engineers” that established “Drainage Requirements for Development in Otay Mesa” (attached). The Master Plan was published in January, 1988, and included a proposed concrete Channel from Airway Road to Siempre Viva Road that followed the existing drainage channel.

The Master Plan was updated with the “Otay Mesa Drainage Study” published in August, 1999. The most significant recommendation change was moving the proposed new channel from the creek alignment to a new location directly adjacent to La Media Road and Siempre Viva Road. This report utilizes the hydrologic models and analyses prepared for the 1999 Master Plan.

Reproduction of 1987 NOTICE from Engineering and Development Department

NOTICE

Date: August 7, 1987

To: All Private Engineers

From: Subdivision Engineer

Subject: Drainage requirements for development in Otay Mesa

In order to minimize the effects of increased storm water runoff in Mexico, due to development of property in Otay Mesa, all property in Otay Mesa that is within the water shed that drains into Mexico, shall be developed with the following requirements:

1. Each property owner shall provide storm water detention facilities so that there will be no increase in the rate of runoff due to development of the property.
2. The detention facilities shall be designed so that the rate of runoff from the property will not be greater after development than it was before development for a 5 year, 10 year, 25 year and 50 year storm.
3. All drainage facilities crossing four-lane major or higher classification streets shall be designed for a Q100 (existing). Other facilities, except the major channel referred to in paragraph 5, may be designed for Q50 (existing).
4. The Drainage Design Manual shall be used as guidelines for design of drainage facilities and computing design discharges.
5. The City Engineer's Office, Flood Control Section, is preparing a preliminary plan for the main north-south channel from Otay Mesa Road near La Media to the Mexican Border. The preliminary design will include the design "Q" (Q100 existing), the invert grade, and the water surface elevation at the major road crossings.

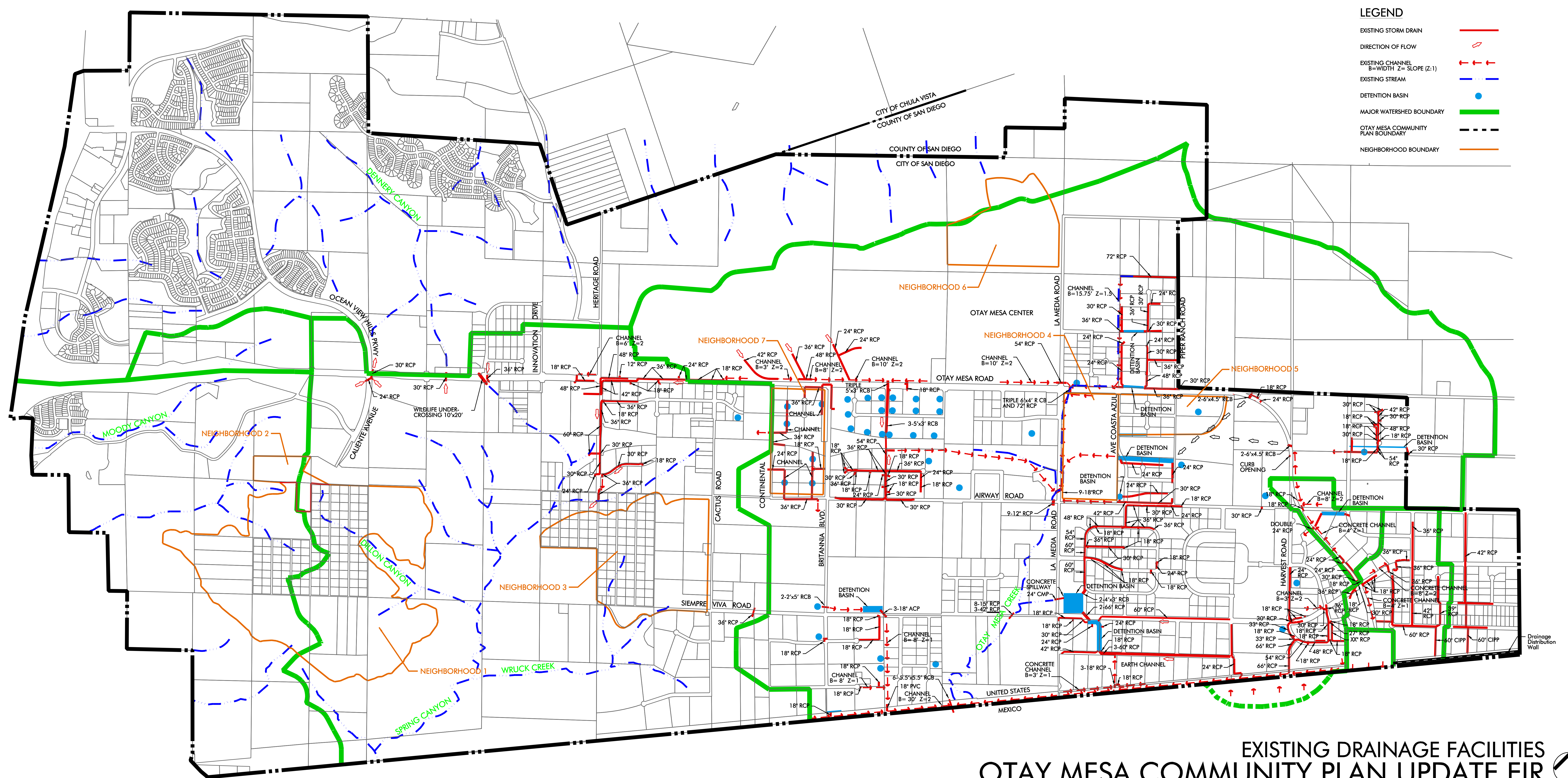
C.R. Lockhead
Subdivision Engineer

II. EXISTING DRAINAGE FACILITIES

Information was collected for existing drainage and flood control facilities on Otay Mesa through as-built plans, SanGIS maps, and site visits. Most of the existing drainage facilities were constructed as part of the private development that is taking place on the Mesa. Many of these facilities are not continuous because of the piecemeal nature of the development. This creates challenges for the subsequent developers that need to tie into the existing facilities. Many of the existing facilities are temporary. We were not able to obtain details on the drainage facilities in Mexico that receive most of the runoff.

Most of the development to-date has occurred in the East Watershed, which therefore includes most of the existing drainage facilities on the Mesa. The existing system is a combination of storm drains, improved channels, and detention basins, which in many areas discharge to natural drainage paths that do not have adequate hydraulic capacity.

The “Existing Drainage Facilities” drawing shows the facilities as-of the date of this report. The area is developing rapidly, and therefore new facilities are continuously being constructed. There are currently no dedicated drainage rights-of-way on the Mesa. Many of the projects, as they were mapped and constructed, dedicated portions of the properties to the city as drainage easements or flood water storage easements. Eventually, the systems and their easements will be continuous.



EXISTING DRAINAGE FACILITIES
OTAY MESA COMMUNITY PLAN UPDATE EIR

Scale: 1"=1000'
September 2006

III. HYDROLOGIC ANALYSIS

The Otay Mesa Study area is shown on the Watershed Map, and includes all of the Mesa area within the City of San Diego divided into five watersheds (with the exception of the far northwest arm of the Mesa, which is fully developed).

Watersheds	Acres	mi ²
West Perimeter Watershed	258	0.40
West Watershed	2,190	3.42
North Perimeter Watershed	590	0.92
East Watershed	3,864	6.04
Border Crossing Watershed	<u>223</u>	<u>0.35</u>
TOTAL	7,125	11.13

Most of the Mesa slopes from North to South, with the flow entering Mexico at several points. The northern and western perimeters of the Mesa flow into the adjacent Canyons. These perimeter watersheds are divided into several independent smaller watersheds. The watershed boundaries on the Mesa are not well defined because the Mesa is so flat. There are very few defined natural drainage paths, with much of the runoff sheet-flowing across the Mesa. The watershed boundaries shown are based on field investigations and best available mapping, but the actual drainage boundaries may be very different.

The only watershed that has been studied significantly from a drainage perspective is the East Watershed. Hydrologic models have been prepared for both of the previous drainage studies. The peak flows calculated in the two studies are different, primarily because of different assumptions relative to developed area, proposed drainage facilities, and watershed areas. The East Watershed includes a large area of unincorporated County property. The hydrologic model assumed the same industrial development for the unincorporated area. If land uses change in the County area, it may change the runoff rates. The differences for the concentration point at the border are shown below.

Q100 at Border East Watershed		
	Area (mi ²)	Q100(cfs)
1988 Study	5.72	5,050
1999 Study	6.63	3,529
2004 CPU	6.78	3,673

As part of this study, new hydrologic models have been prepared for the main watersheds which flow into the Tijuana River. For the East Watershed, HEC-1 has been used, since both previous studies used this model. For the other watersheds, the standard City of San Diego Modified Rational Method (AES) has been used. The results of these analyses are shown in the table below.

Hydrologic Analysis Summary			
	Area (mi ²)	Q50(cfs)	Q100(cfs)
West Perimeter Watershed	0.40	170	444
West Watershed	3.42	672	1,676
East Watershed	6.78	1,280	3,673
	10.60	2,122	5,793

In addition to the above flows, the Spring Canyon open space area contributes 109 cfs (Q50) and 257 cfs (Q100) from 1.2 mi². Since the Tijuana River Watershed is a water-quality impacted watershed, the quality and quantity of flow will need to be addressed before additional development takes place.

WATERSHED	CONCENTRATION POINT	AREA (ACRES)	Q ₅₀	Q ₁₀₀
WEST PERIMETER	OT3-1	19.4	18.3	51.4
	OT3-1A	14.8	12.0	32.1
	OT3-2	47.1	26.7	67.3
	OT3-3	11.8	10.6	29.3
	OT3-4	35.0	22.4	57.5
	OT3-5	16.5	13.3	35.8
	OT3-6	12.2	10.9	30.3
	OT3-7	46.1	27.7	70.4
	OT3-8	51.4	27.7	69.4
		254.3	169.5	443.5
WEST	OT2-1	33.3	17.1	42.6
	OT2-2	126.2	41.4	99.5
	OT2-18	97.1	47.7	118.2
	OT2-19	27.7	22.3	60.1
	OT2-3	20.1	14.6	38.4
	OT2-4	67.8	38.5	96.9
	OT2-5	40.8	20.1	49.7
	OT2-6	34.8	17.1	42.4
	OT2-7	14.9	17.9	43.2
	OT2-8	81.3	43.0	108.7
	OT2-9	36.9	23.6	60.6
	OT2-9A	12.9	11.5	31.8
	OT2-10	128.4	43.1	103.8
	OT2-11	275.6	112.2	279.9
	OT2-12	23.6	17.5	46.0
	OT2-13	61.5	42.1	109.3
	OT2-14	48.4	26.1	65.3
	OT2-15	153.8	57.2	138.8
	OT2-16	121.7	40.8	98.4
	OT2-17	60.3	17.8	42.5
		1467.1	671.6	1676.1
MEXICO	Canyon Area	774.8	109.3	257.0

May 23, 2005

IV. HYDRAULIC ANALYSIS

Most of the Mesa is very flat, resulting in local flooding during storms at the low points and along some drainage ditches. The only significant creek on the Mesa is the main channel in the East Watershed, Otay Mesa Creek, which flows from North to South along La Media Road and crosses the border into Mexico just north of the Tijuana Airport.

A HEC-RAS hydraulic model was prepared for this channel from the border north to Otay Mesa Road. The purpose of this model was to identify the 100-year floodplain for this reach for present conditions. The proposed future drainage project along this alignment will be designed to contain the 100-year flow, reducing or eliminating flooding impacts to adjacent properties.

The HEC-RAS model was also used to size the proposed new channel from Airway Road to just south of Siempre Viva Road. Several alternative cross-sections were modeled to reflect input on the environmental aspects of the channel.

A significant tributary to the main channel enters just upstream of the Siempre Viva Road crossing. This tributary conveys flow from the De La Fuente Business Park and the Siempre Viva Business Park. The existing channel from La Media Road to the proposed main channel is approximately 15 feet wide and 4 feet deep, with a hydraulic capacity of approximately 120 cfs. The 100 year flow in this channel is 1116 cfs. A proposed new channel has a 50 ft bottom width with 1.5:1.0 side slopes and will convey the 100 year flow. A double 10' x 4.5' RCB will also be required for the flow under La Media Road. The cost estimate does not include these facilities.

OTAY MESA CPU 1-4-05

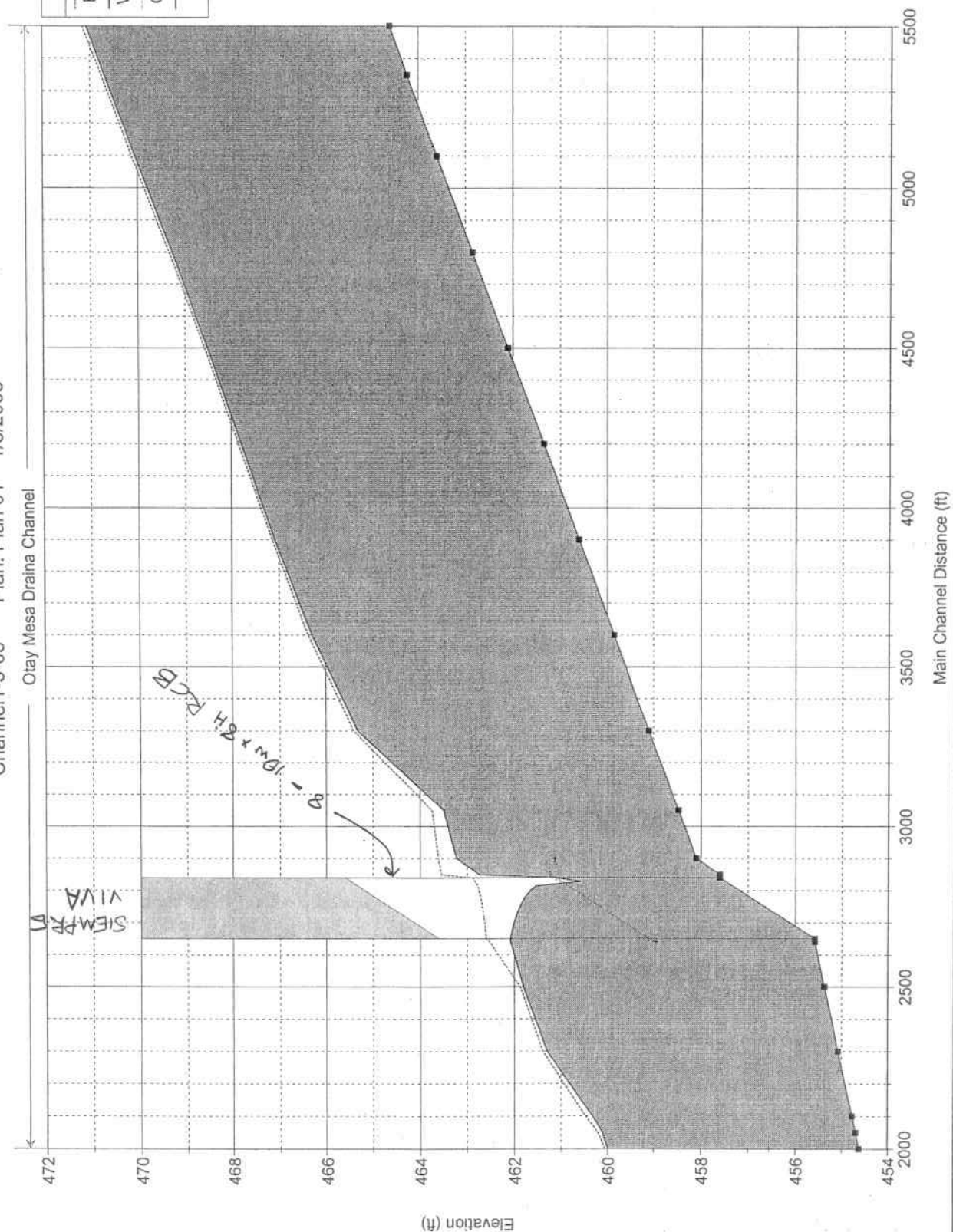
HEC-RAS Plan: Plan 01 River: Otay Mesa Draina Reach: Channel Profile: PF 1

Reach	River Sta	Profile	Q Total (cfs)	Min Chl El (ft)	W.S. Elev (ft)	Crit W.S. (ft)	E.G. Elev (ft)	E.G. Slope (ft/ft)	Vel Chnl (ft/s)	Flow Area (sq ft)	Top Width (ft)	Froude # Chl
Channel	5500	PF 1	2500.00	464.60	471.08		471.16	0.002743	2.33	1073.59	200.00	0.18
Channel	5350	PF 1	2500.00	464.23	470.69		470.76	0.002572	2.16	1279.19	335.44	0.17
Channel	5100	PF 1	2500.00	463.60	470.06		470.12	0.002591	2.17	1275.99	335.16	0.17
Channel	4800	PF 1	2500.00	462.85	469.27		469.33	0.002666	2.19	1263.56	334.04	0.18
Channel	4500	PF 1	2500.00	462.10	468.51		468.56	0.002430	2.08	1358.84	378.24	0.17
Channel	4200	PF 1	2500.00	461.35	467.79		467.85	0.002365	2.07	1371.79	379.61	0.17
Channel	3900	PF 1	2500.00	460.60	467.09		467.15	0.002266	2.04	1392.50	381.79	0.16
Channel	3600	PF 1	2500.00	459.85	466.30		466.37	0.002969	2.32	1153.04	281.59	0.19
Channel	3300	PF 1	2500.00	459.10	465.33		465.42	0.003423	2.41	1109.99	285.62	0.20
Channel	3050	PF 1	3000.00	458.48	463.50		463.74	0.014532	4.06	777.90	261.33	0.39
Channel	2900	PF 1	3000.00	458.10	463.23	461.14	463.61	0.000245	4.97	603.31	222.92	0.41
Channel	2850	PF 1	3000.00	457.60	462.74	461.24	463.55	0.000521	7.22	415.32	168.05	0.58
Channel	2750		Culvert									
Channel	2640	PF 1	3000.00	455.59	462.07	458.95	462.52	0.011957	5.38	557.46	183.64	0.37
Channel	2500	PF 1	3000.00	455.38	461.81		461.87	0.001846	2.07	1492.22	277.64	0.15
Channel	2300	PF 1	3000.00	455.08	461.31		461.40	0.003272	2.45	1261.91	277.98	0.19
Channel	2100	PF 1	3000.00	454.78	460.34		460.48	0.006864	3.05	1006.36	275.43	0.27
Channel	2050	PF 1	3000.00	454.70	460.11		460.21	0.003838	2.56	1191.75	275.37	0.21
Channel	2000	PF 1	3000.00	454.63	460.00	456.55	460.06	0.002196	2.06	1582.39	378.00	0.16

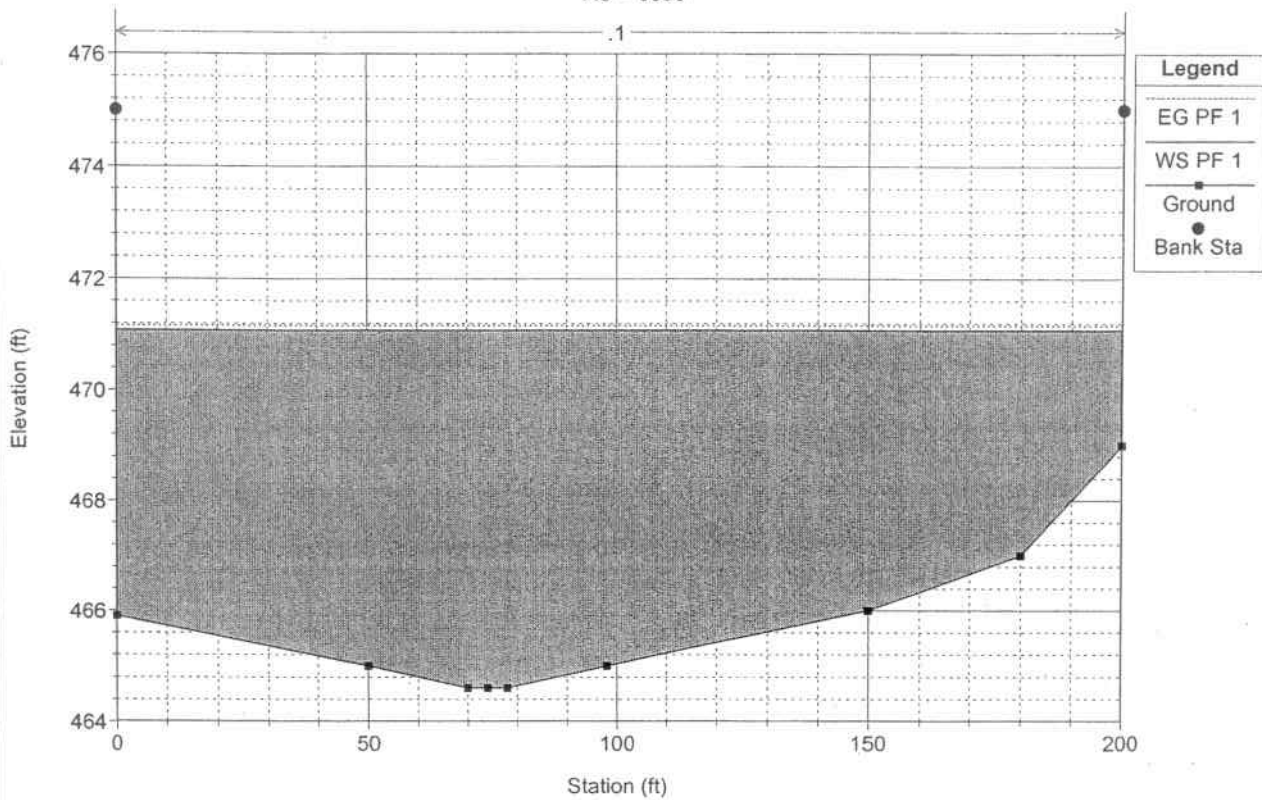
Channel1-3-05 Plan: Plan 01 1/3/2005

Olay Mesa Drains Channel

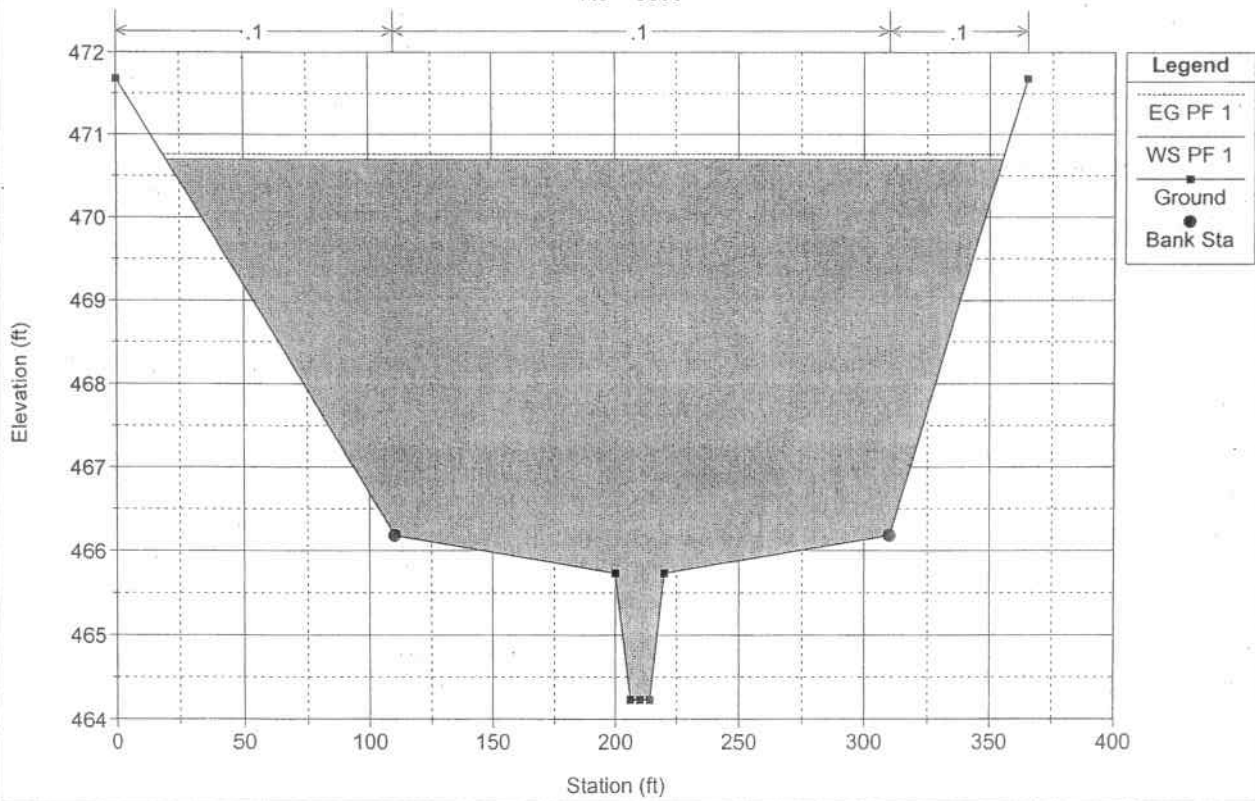
Legend	
EG PF 1	
WS PF 1	
Crit PF 1	
Ground	



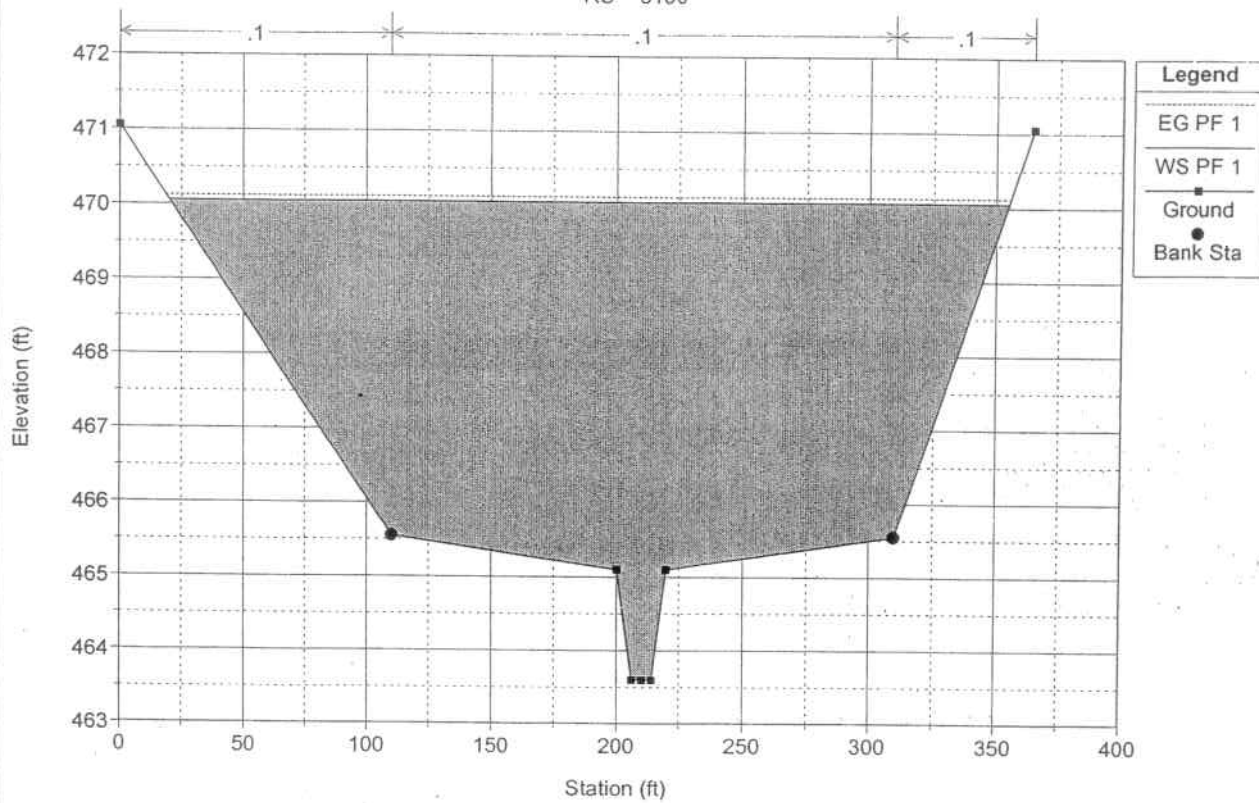
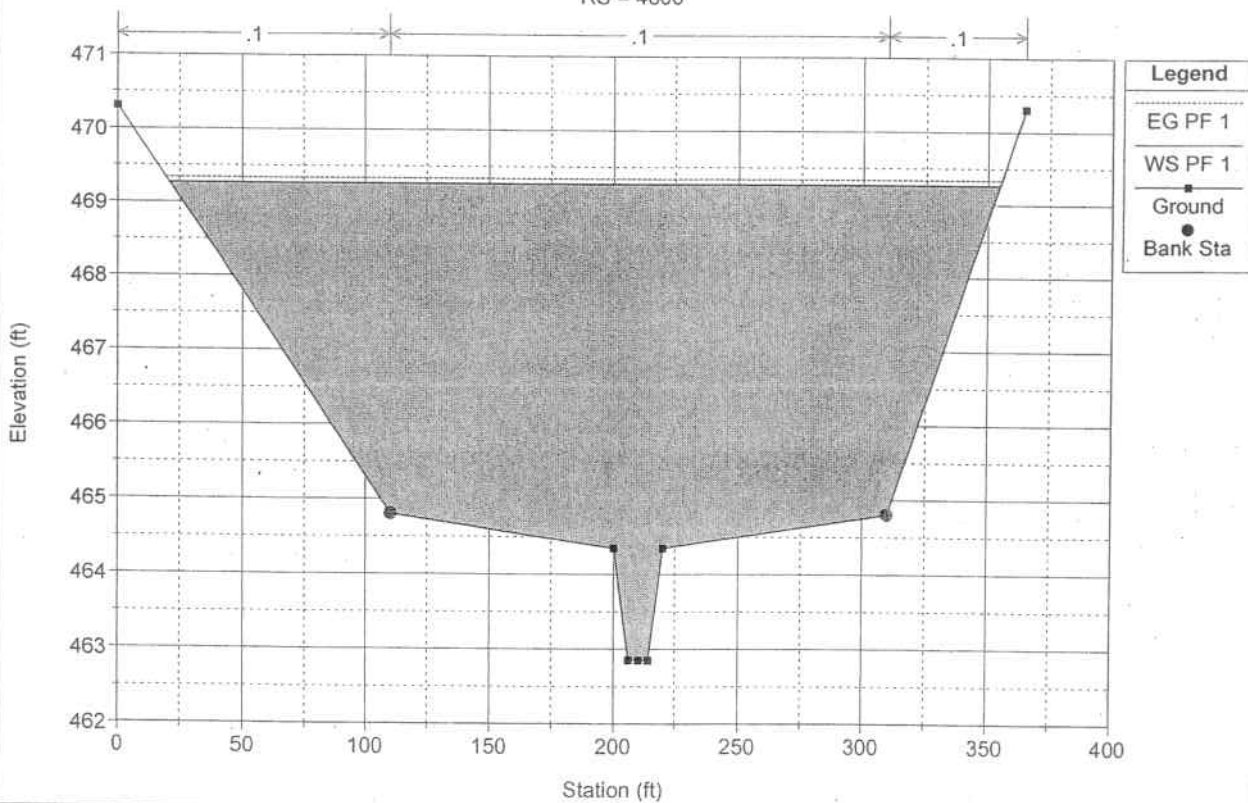
Channel1-3-05 Plan: Plan 01 1/4/2005
RS = 5500



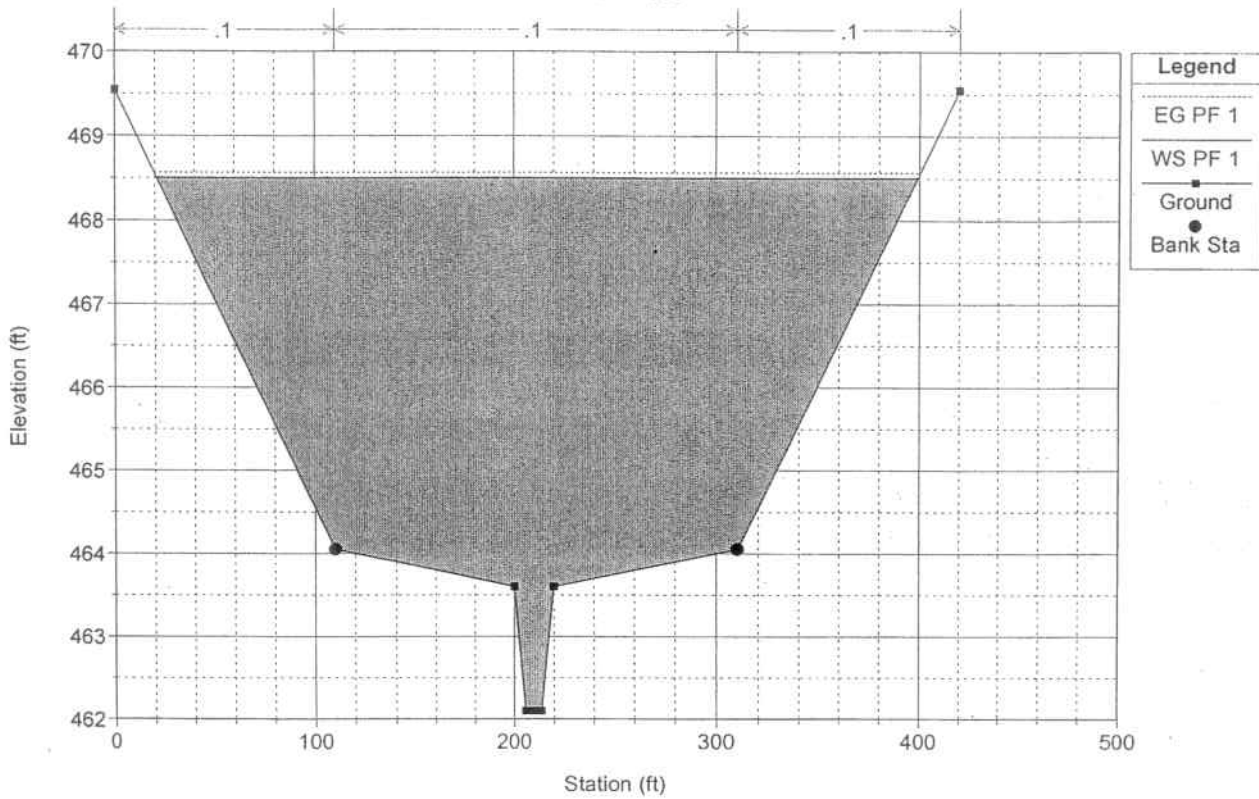
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RS = 5350



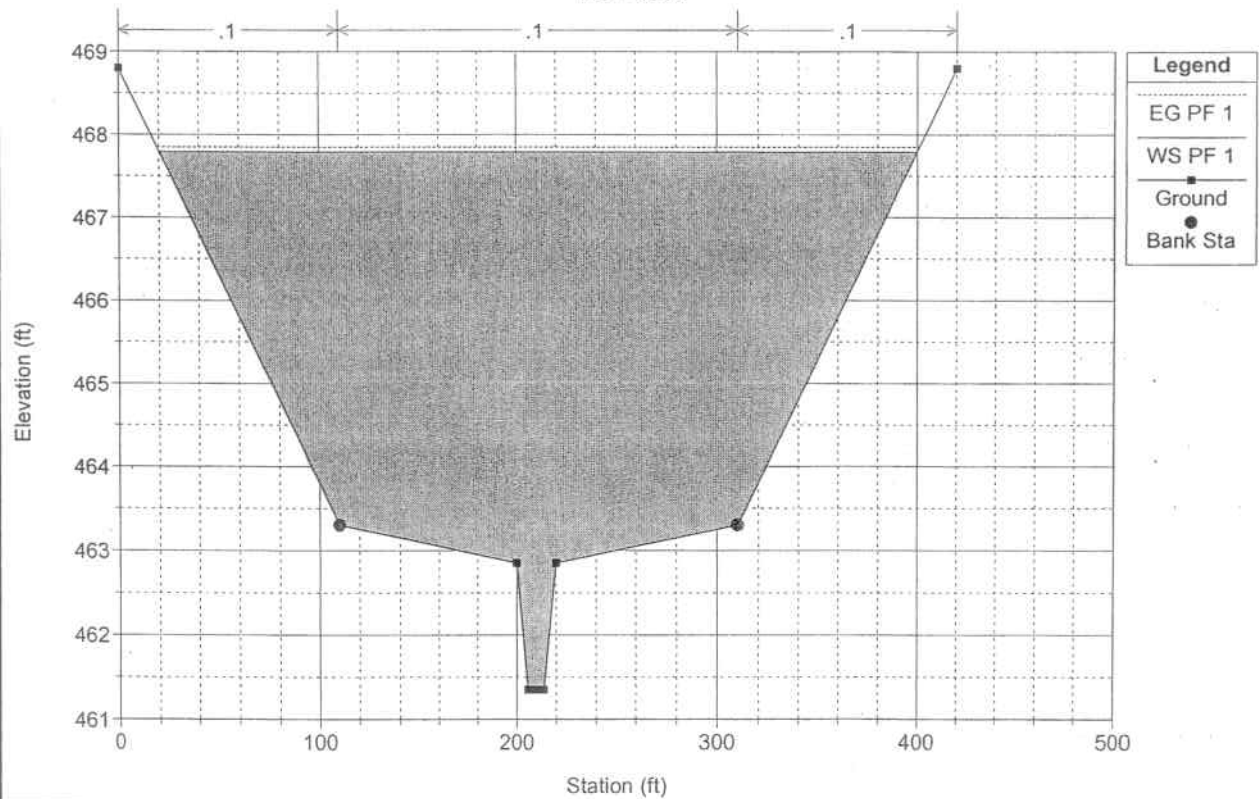
RS = 5100


$$RS = 4800$$


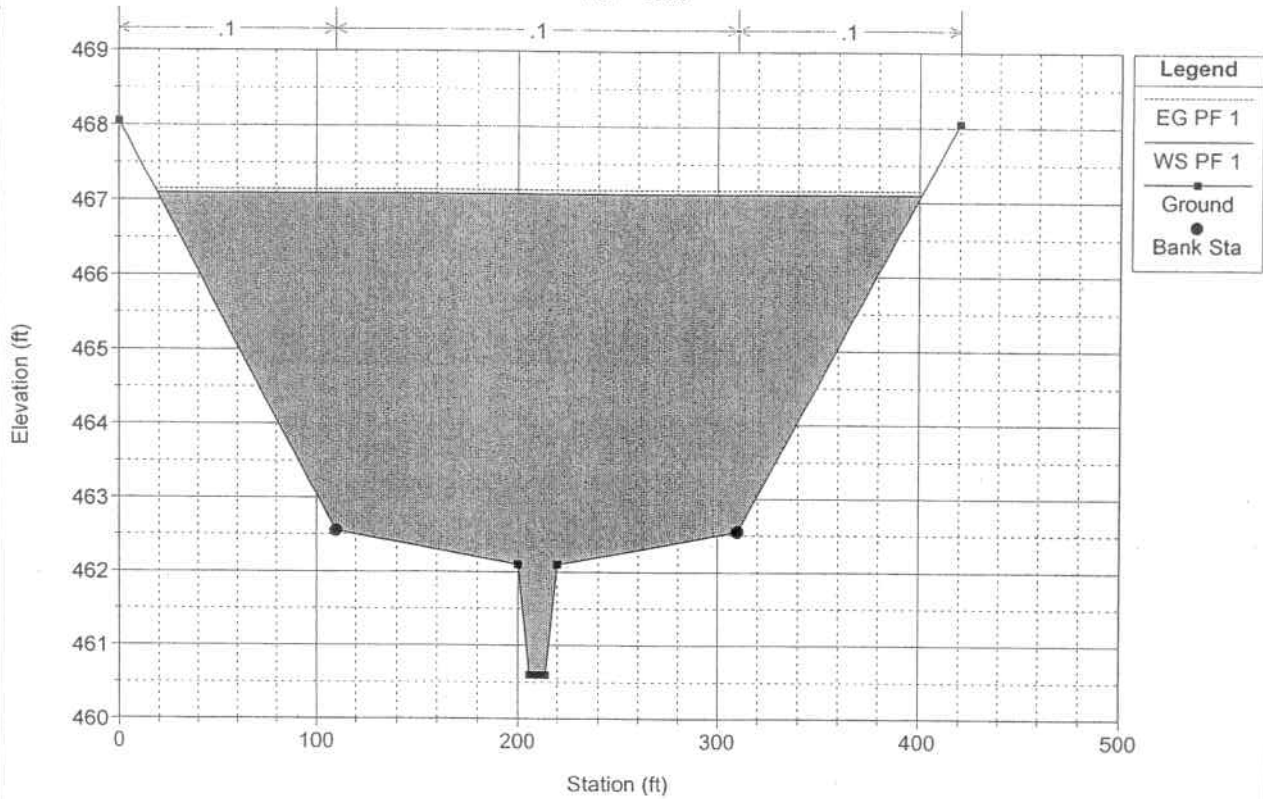
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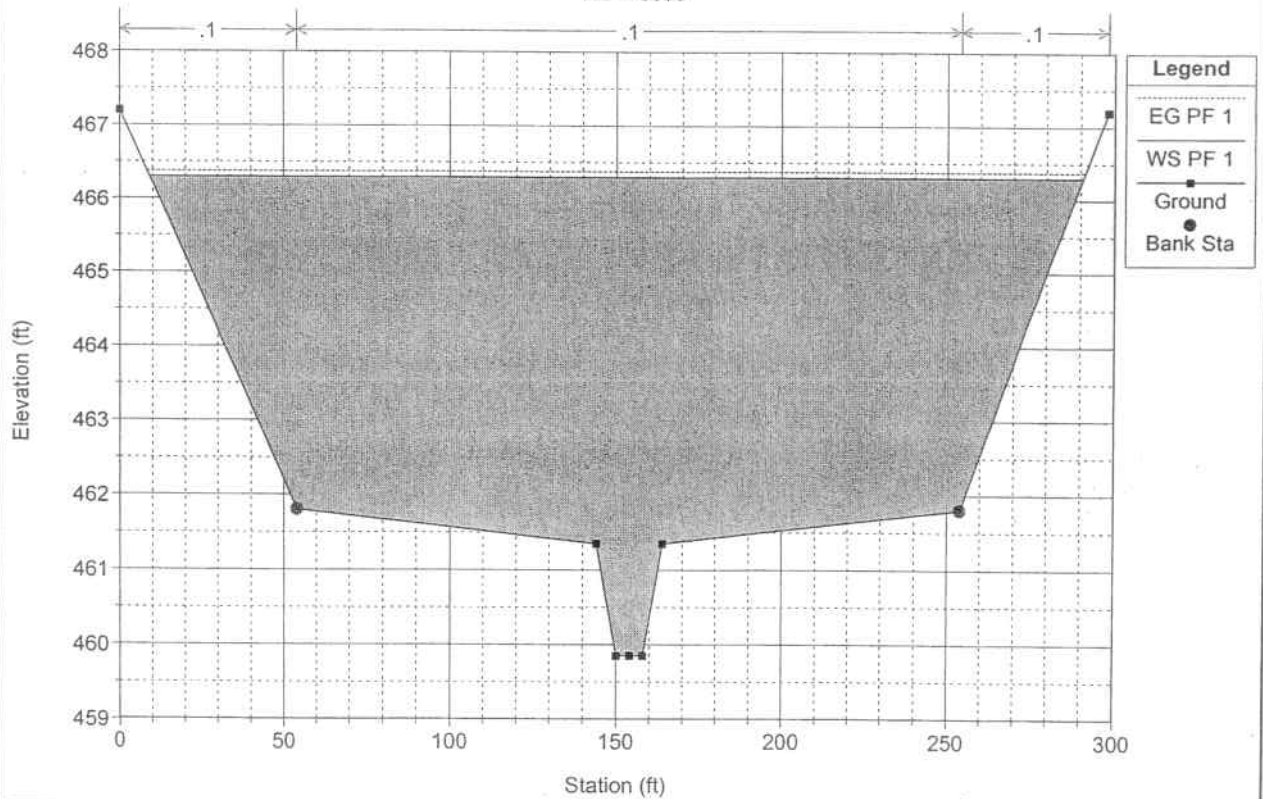
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RS = 4200



Channel1-3-05 Plan: Plan 01 1/4/2005
RS = 3900

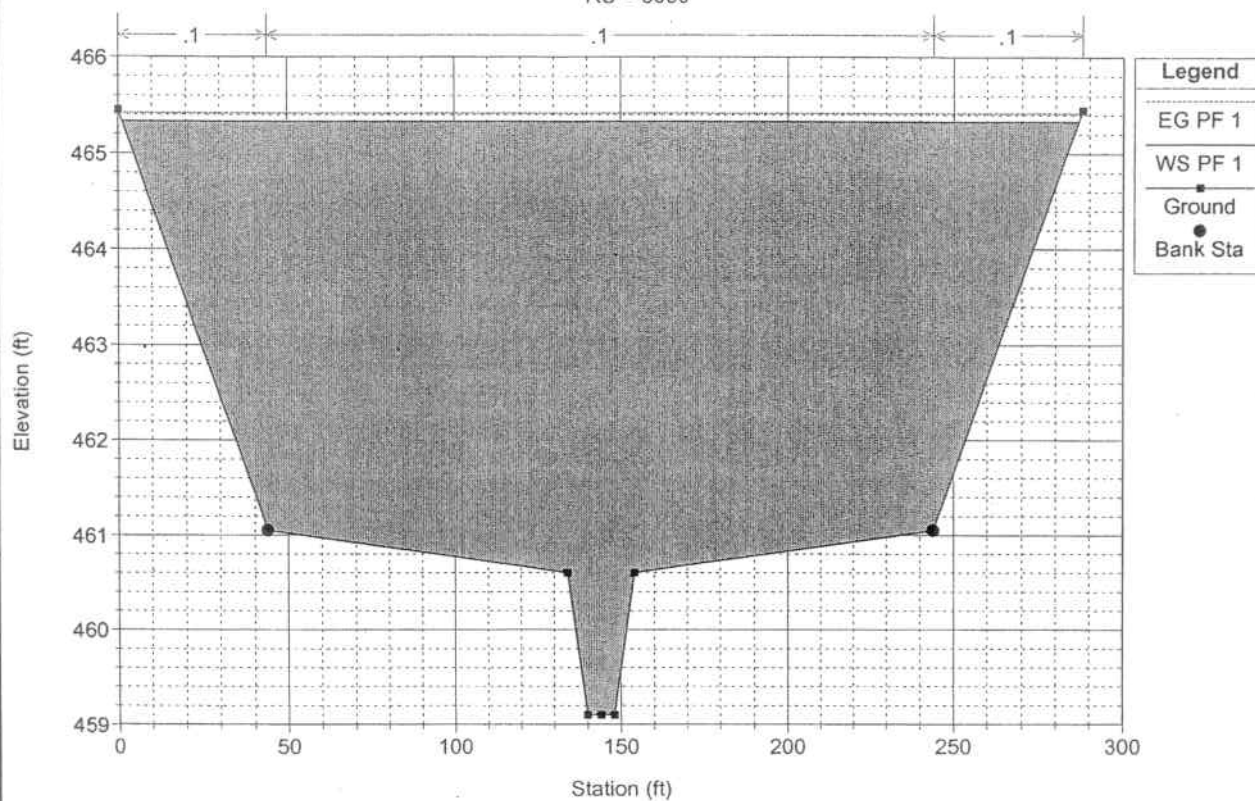


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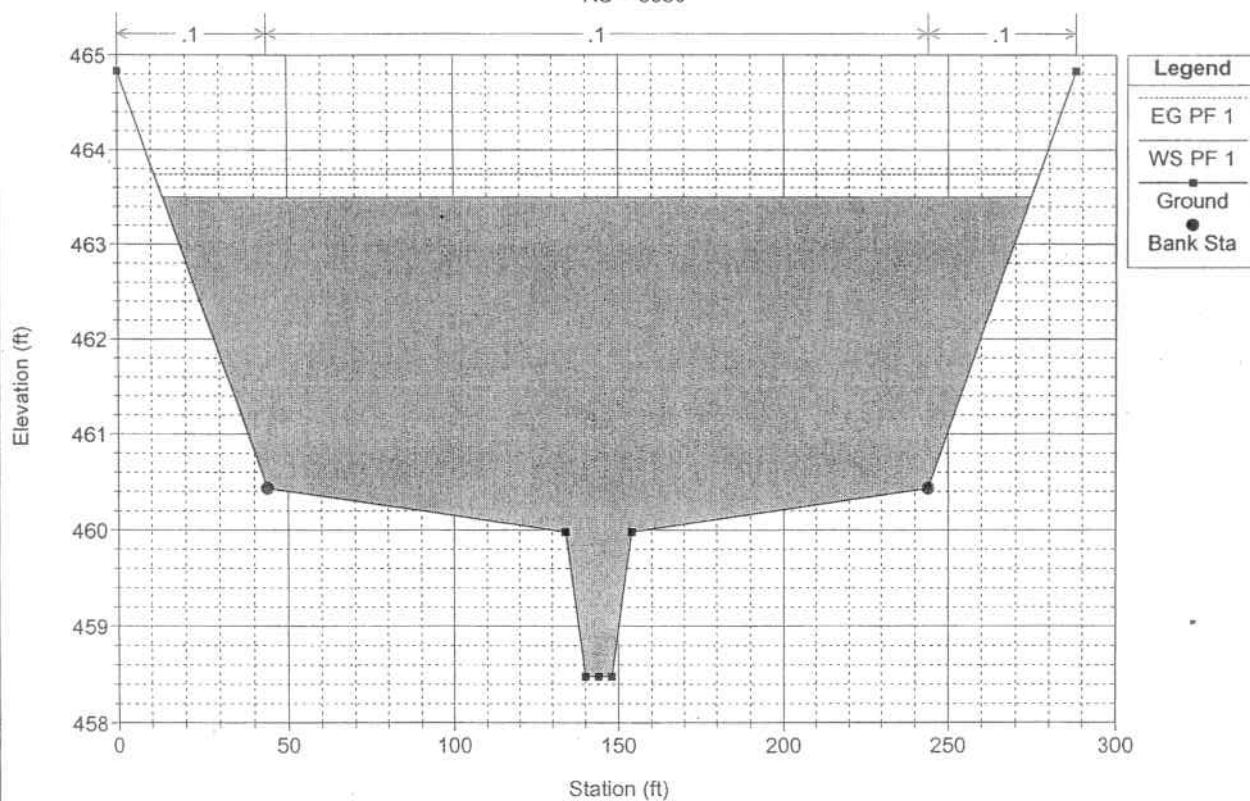
Channel1-3-05 Plan: Plan 01 1/4/2005

RS = 3300

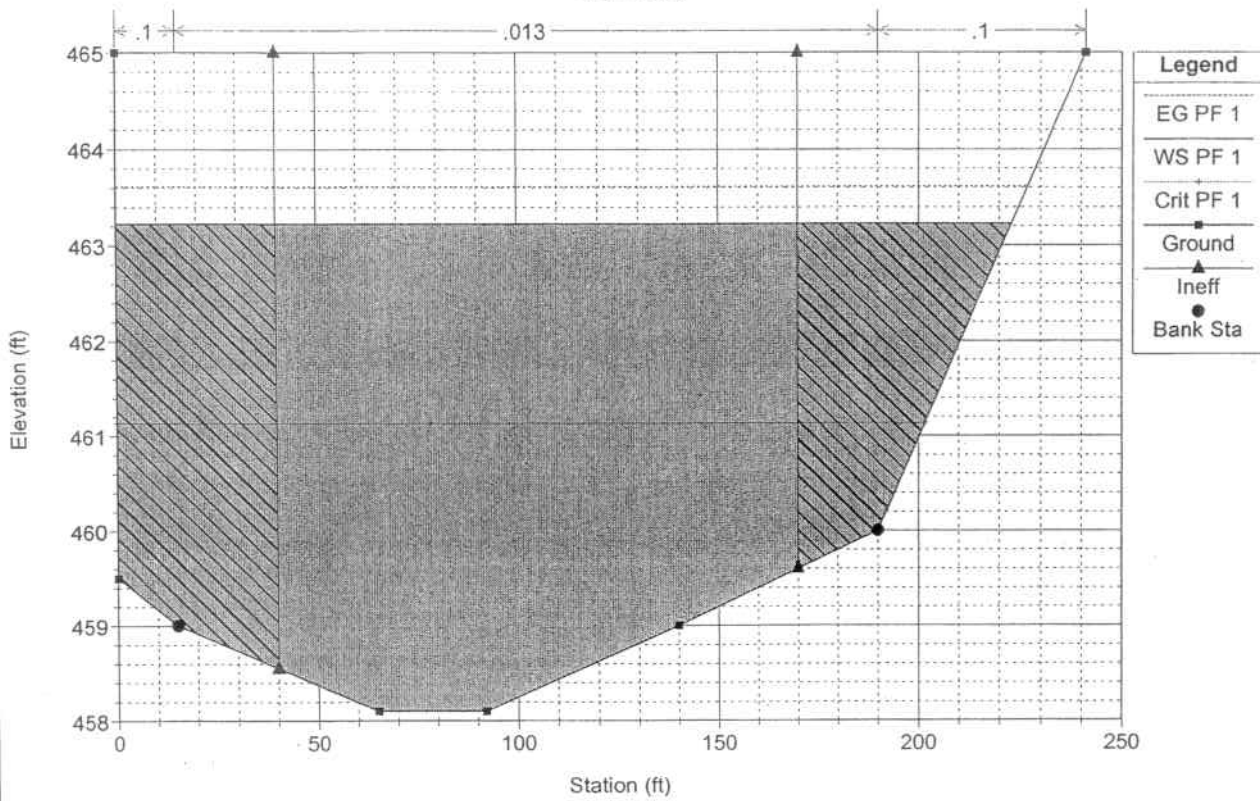


Channel1-3-05 Plan: Plan 01 1/4/2005

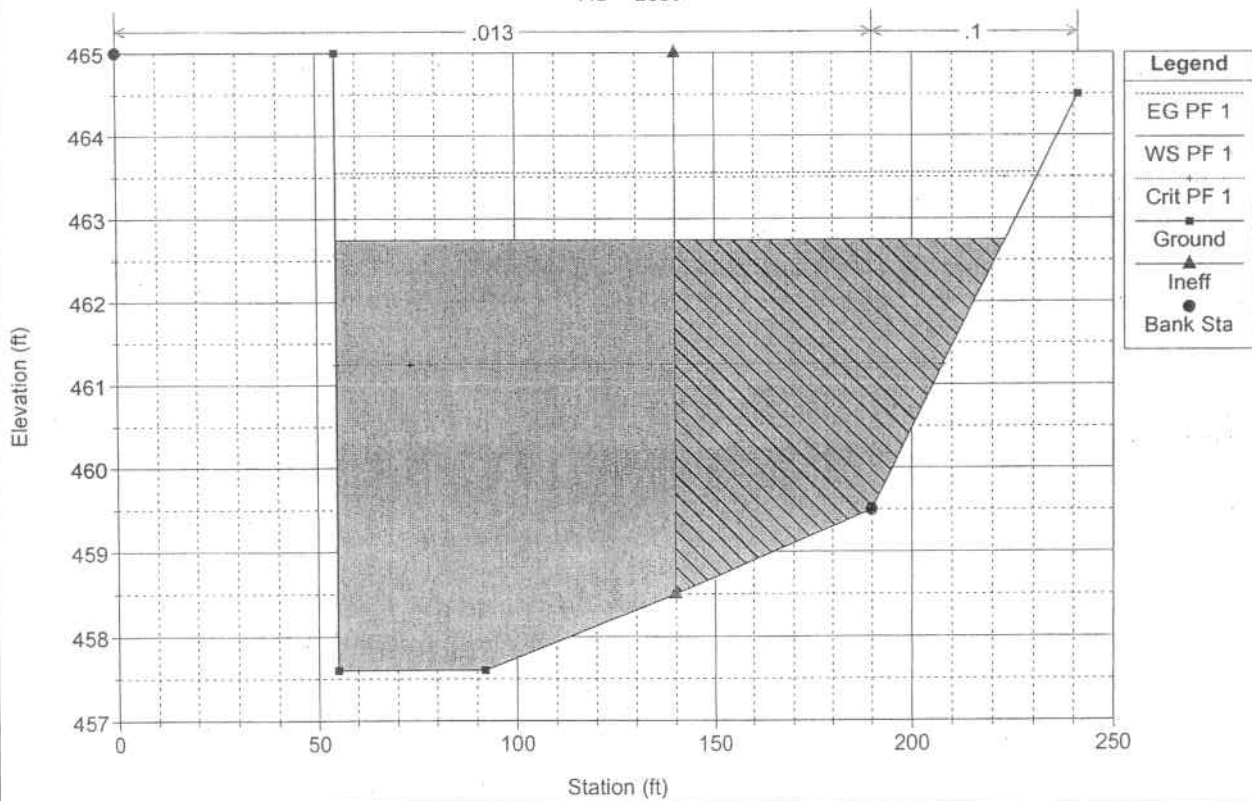
RS = 3050



Channel1-3-05 Plan: Plan 01 1/4/2005
RS = 2900

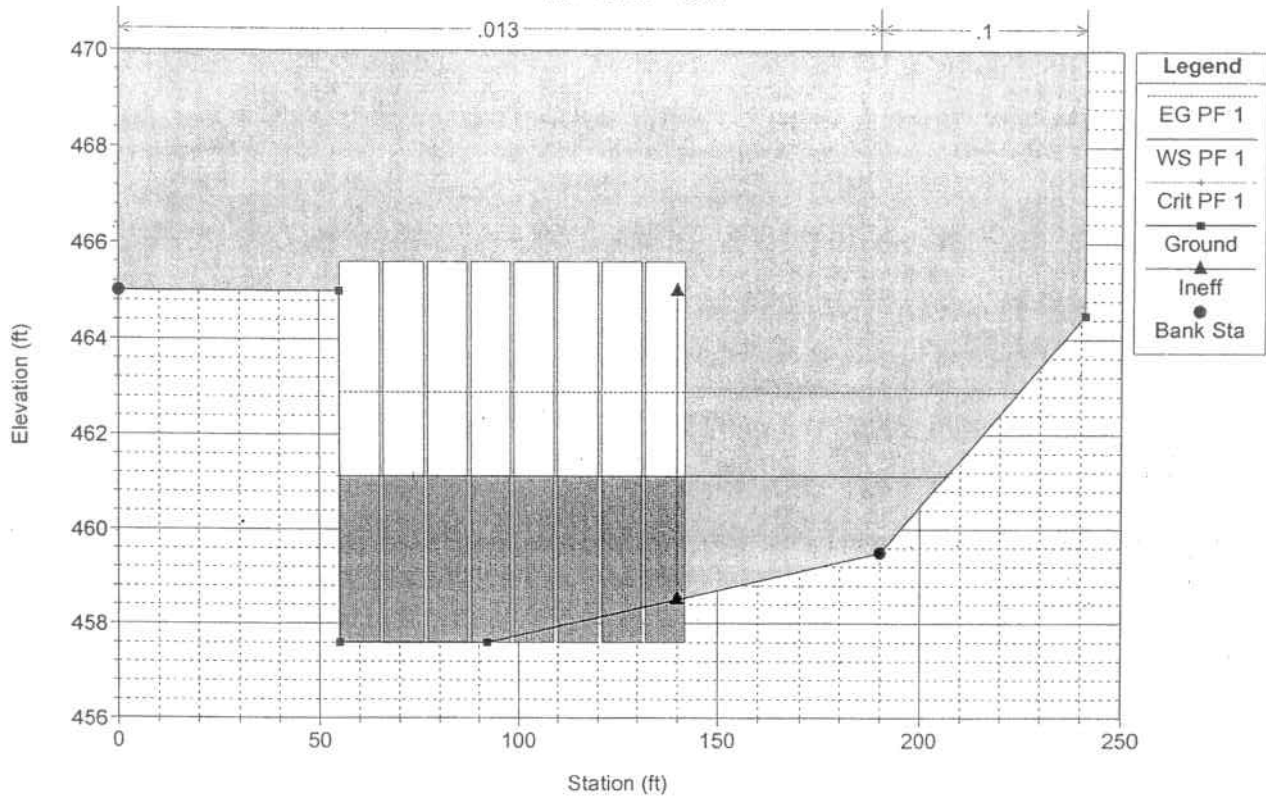


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RS = 2850



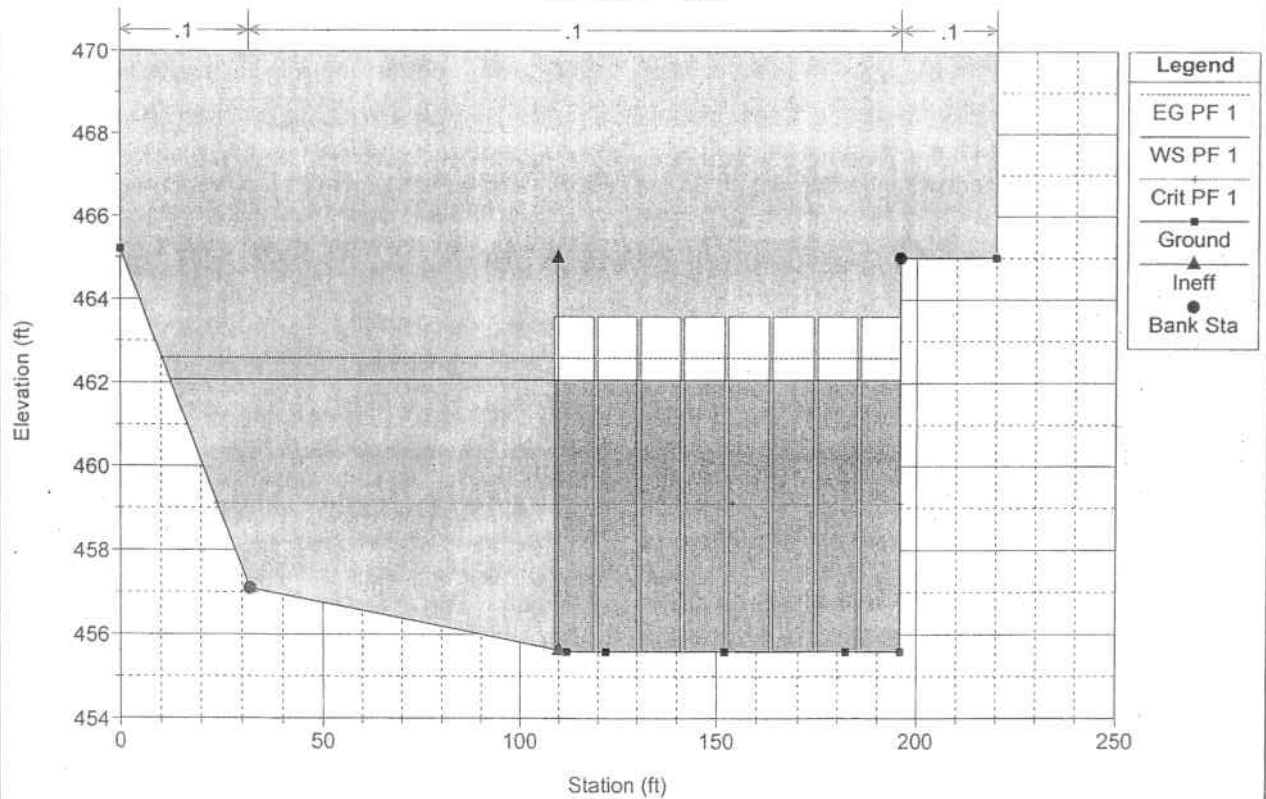
Channel1-3-05 Plan: Plan 01 1/4/2005

RS = 2750 Culv

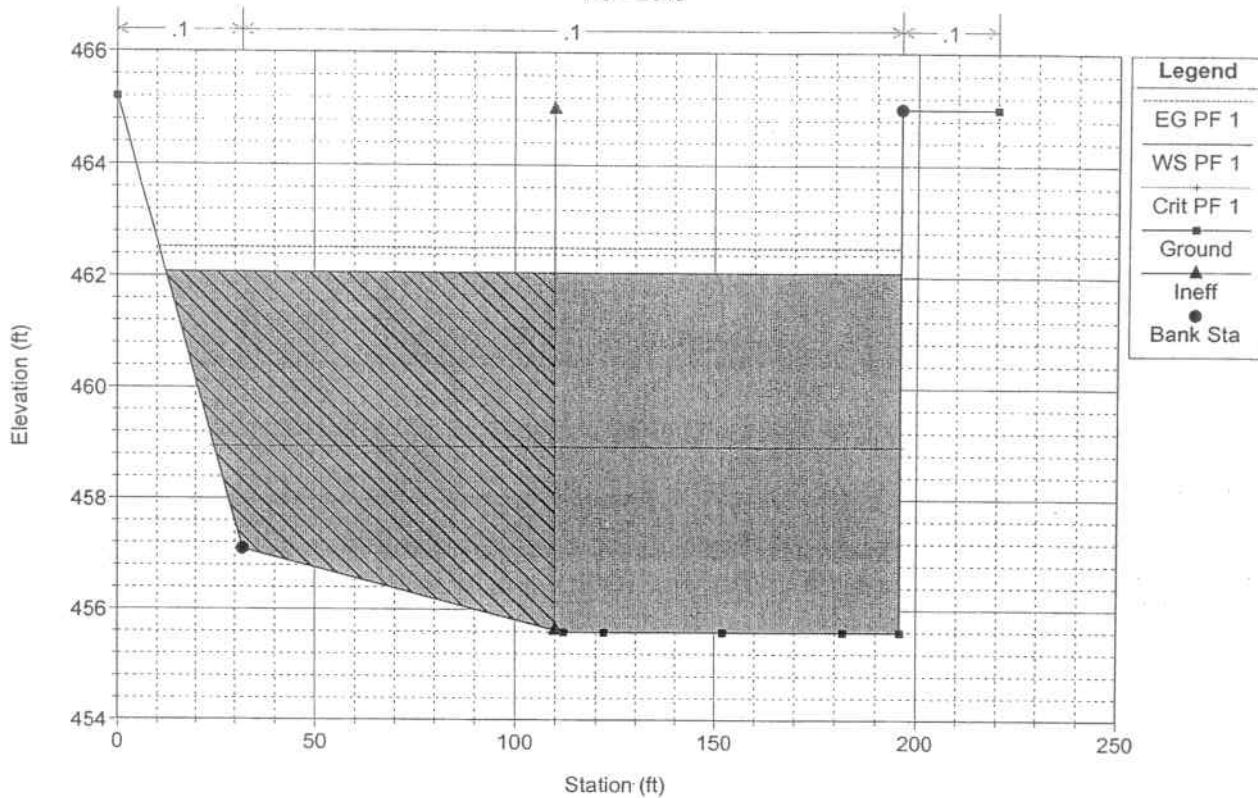


Channel1-3-05 Plan: Plan 01 1/4/2005

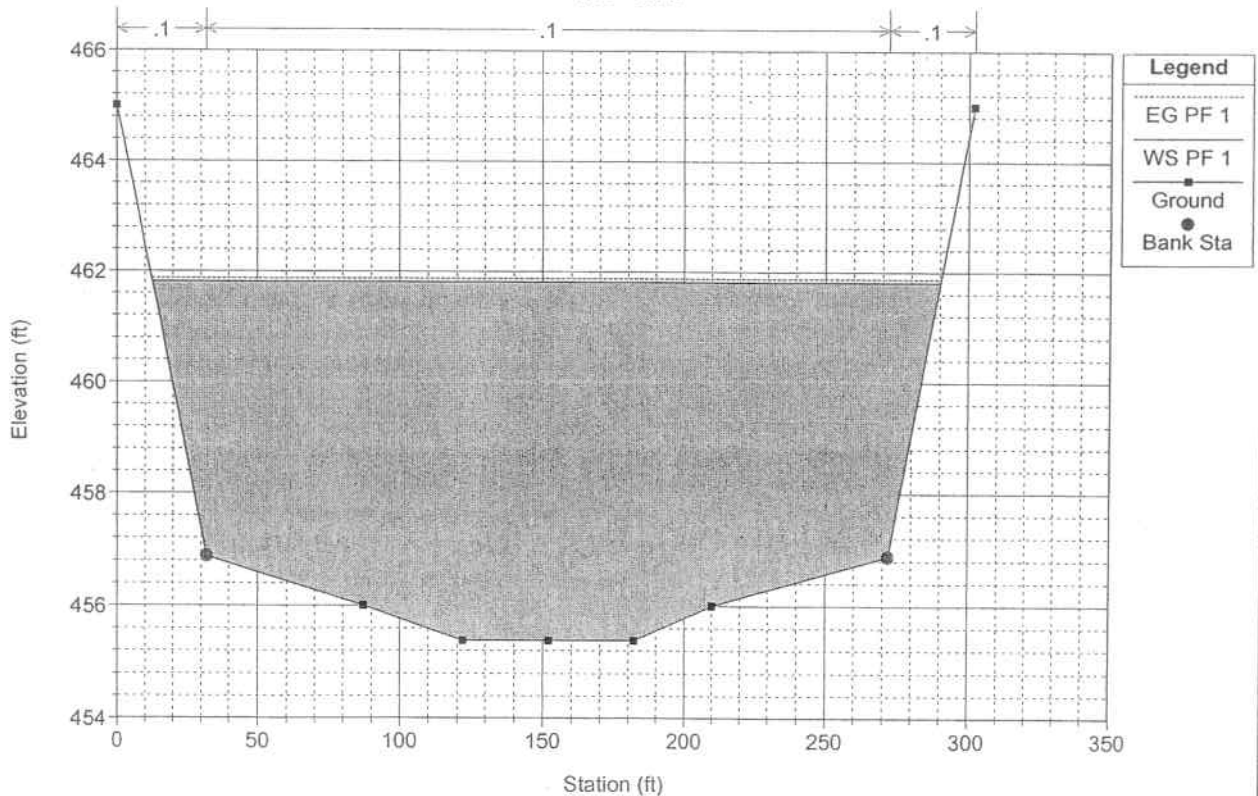
RS = 2750 Culv



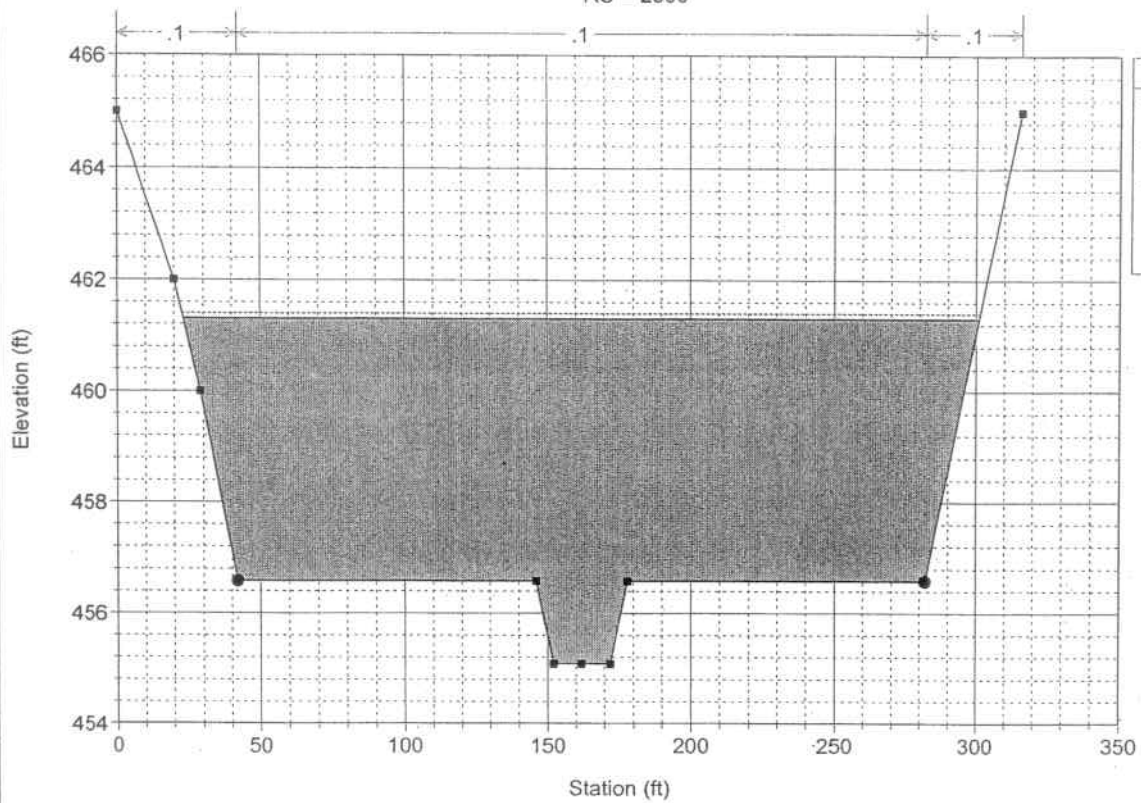
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RS = 2640



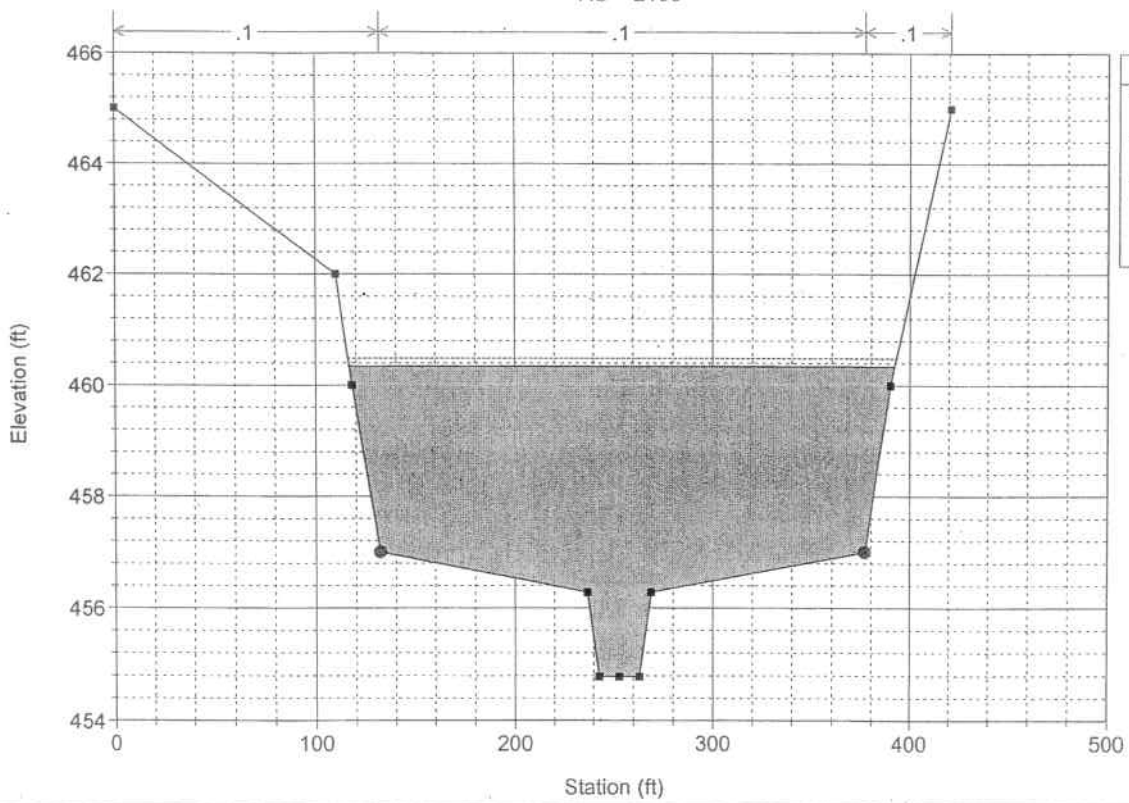
Channel1-3-05 Plan: Plan 01 1/4/2005
RS = 2500



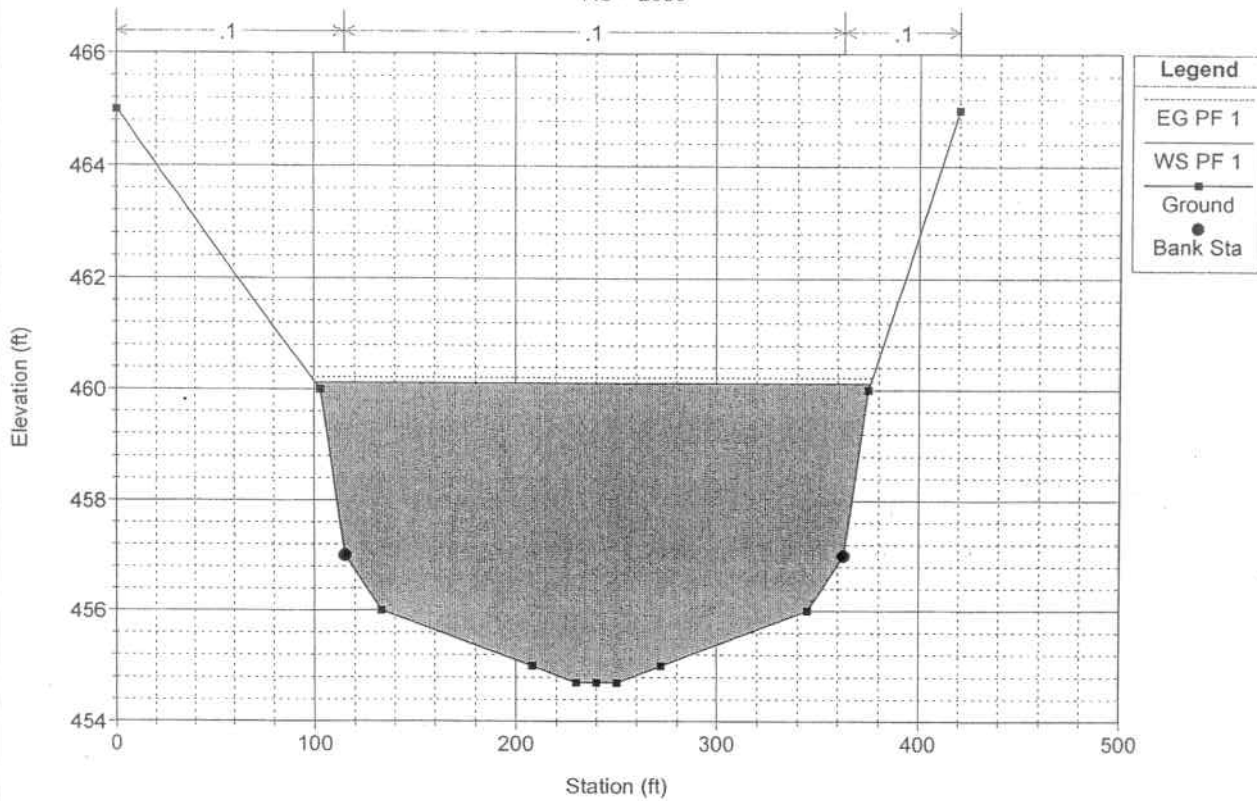
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RS = 2300



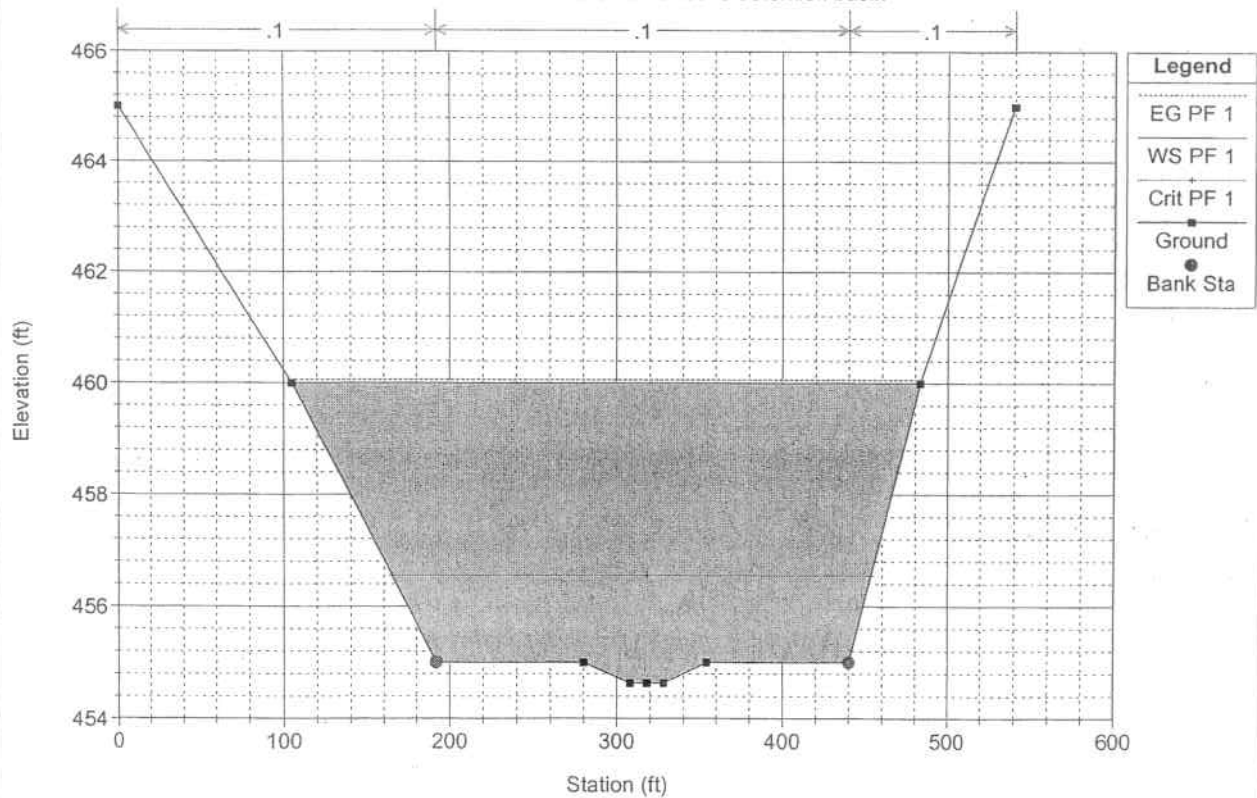
Channel1-3-05 Plan: Plan 01 1/4/2005
RS = 2100



Channel1-3-05 Plan: Plan 01 1/4/2005
RS = 2050



Channel1-3-05 Plan: Plan 01 1/4/2005
RS = 2000 Channel at entrance to detention basin



Worksheet

Worksheet for Trapezoidal Channel

Project Description	
Worksheet	Trapezoidal Channel - 1
Flow Element	Trapezoidal Channel
Method	Manning's Formula
Solve For	Discharge

Input Data	
Mannings Coefficient	0.045
Slope	-0.006150 ft/ft
Depth	4.00 ft
Left Side Slope	1.50 H : V
Right Side Slope	1.50 H : V
Bottom Width	50.00 ft

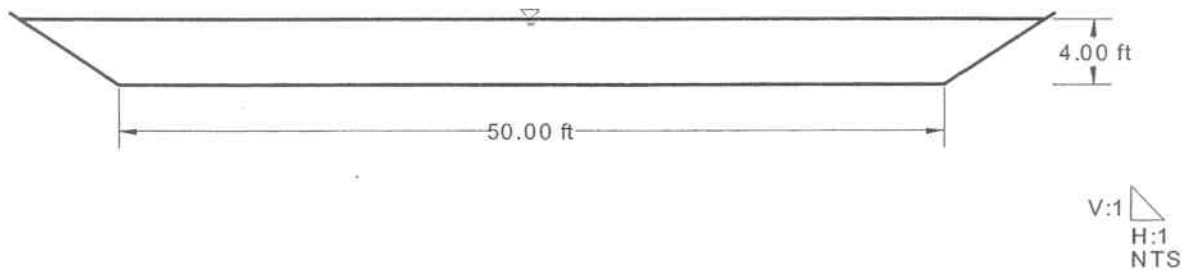
Results	
Discharge	1,331.30 cfs
Flow Area	224.0 ft ²
Wetted Perimeter	64.42 ft
Top Width	62.00 ft
Critical Depth	2.73 ft
Critical Slope	0.022466 ft/ft
Velocity	5.94 ft/s
Velocity Head	0.55 ft
Specific Energy	4.55 ft
Froude Number	0.55
Flow Type	Subcritical

Cross Section

Cross Section for Trapezoidal Channel

Project Description	
Worksheet	Trapezoidal Channel - 1
Flow Element	Trapezoidal Channel
Method	Manning's Formula
Solve For	Discharge

Section Data	
Mannings Coefficient	0.045
Slope	0.006150 ft/ft
Depth	4.00 ft
Left Side Slope	1.50 H : V
Right Side Slope	1.50 H : V
Bottom Width	50.00 ft
Discharge	1,331.30 cfs



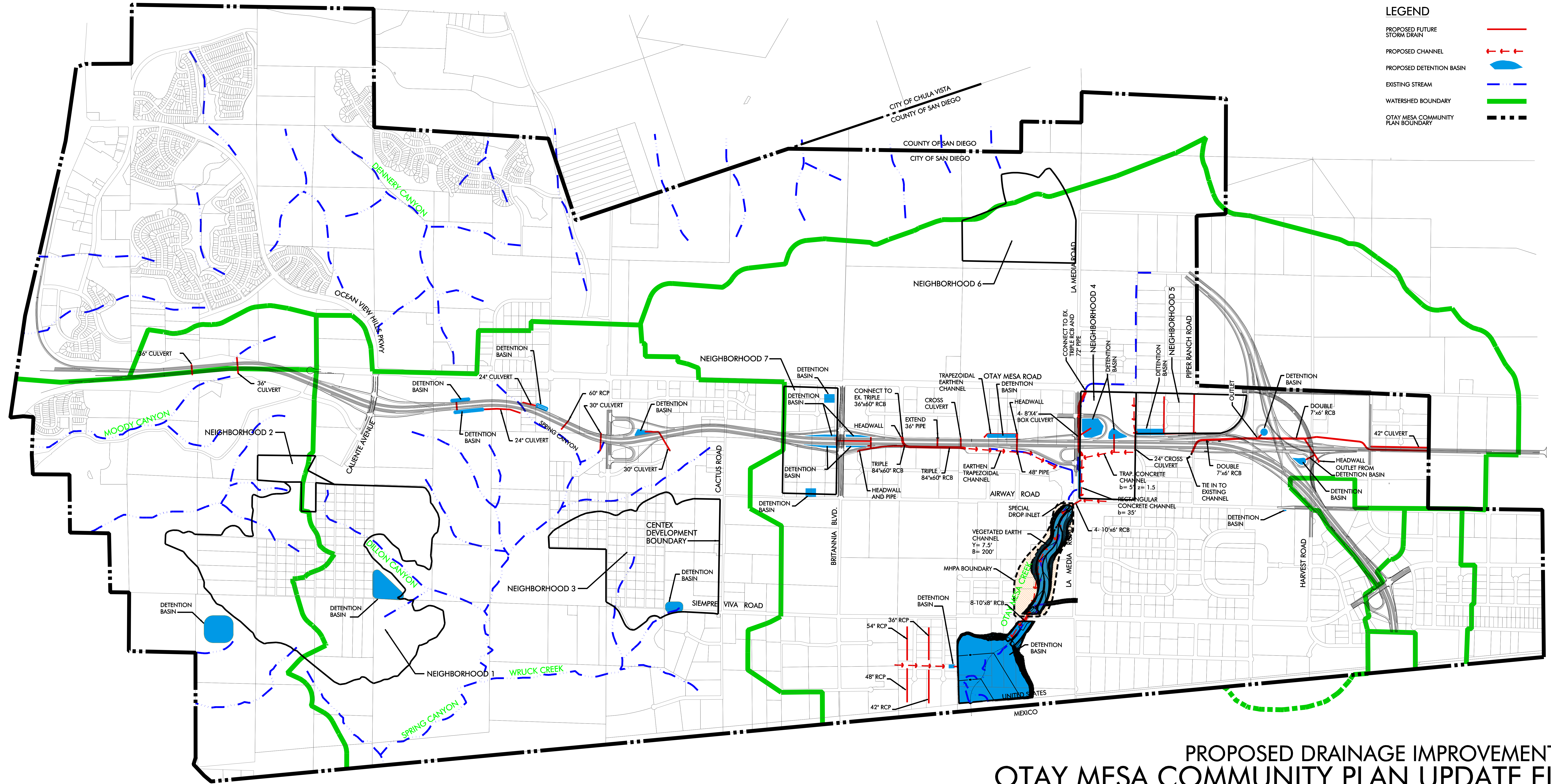
V. PROPOSED DRAINAGE FACILITIES

For most of the Mesa, drainage facilities are constructed as part of development or road projects, and include only facilities in the immediate vicinity of the projects. For the proposed future private development, no designs are available to show these future facilities. Caltrans has prepared plans for their SR-905 project, and those facilities are shown on the attached map.

The only Master Planned facility which needs to be constructed before development takes place is the Main Channel and Detention basin in the East Watershed. Details of this system are presented in Section VI.

LEGEND

- PROPOSED FUTURE STORM DRAIN
- PROPOSED CHANNEL
- PROPOSED DETENTION BASIN
- EXISTING STREAM
- WATERSHED BOUNDARY
- OTAY MESA COMMUNITY PLAN BOUNDARY



PROPOSED DRAINAGE IMPROVEMENTS
OTAY MESA COMMUNITY PLAN UPDATE EIR

VI. PROPOSED DRAINAGE ALTERNATIVES

The historical drainage on the Mesa, with its flat terrain and shallow swales for drainage paths, did not become a problem until development started taking place in the 1960s. This development started concentrating flows in culverts under roads and redefined some of the historical drainage paths. Some of the development solved problems in some areas, but impacted other areas by moving the problem downstream. One of these areas is the existing creek that parallels La Media Road and eventually crosses the border into Mexico. The frequent flooding along portions of this channel is a constraint to future development for some of the areas along the creek.

1. NO PROJECT

The alternative of doing nothing to improve the drainage along the main creek channel would prevent future development from taking place along portions of La Media Road. The existing creek is not deep enough to allow the adjacent properties to drain effectively. To provide continued access along the truck route during storms, if the channel is not constructed, the roads will need to be raised or alternative routes identified. The existing intersection of Airway Road and La Media Road floods after any significant precipitation. The adjacent roads are too low to allow significant flows to pass under them, so they flood frequently. If the roads are raised to allow more flow to pass under them, they will impact the already-developed adjacent property, parts of which would now be lower than the roads, creating even more difficult drainage issues for the properties.

2. CONCRETE CHANNEL

The 1999 Otay Mesa Drainage Study recommended a concrete channel from Otay Mesa Road to the Border Detention Basin. The recommended plan was a concrete channel along the east side of La Media Road until reaching Siempre Viva Road, where it crossed under La Media and followed on the north side of Siempre Viva to box culverts under Siempre Viva that connected to the Border Detention Basin. All of the concrete channel alternatives assumed that the existing creek with its habitat would continue to carry low flows. The 1999 cost for this alternative was \$10.6 million, which would be approximately \$14.9 million in 2005 dollars without land acquisition.

3. LA MEDIA CHANNEL AND BORDER DETENTION BASIN

The largest watershed on the Mesa is the East Watershed, which covers an area at 6.78 square miles (4,340 Acres). All of the flow from this watershed collects at a concentration point at a large culvert where it crosses the border with Mexico and flows under the airport access road and airport runway before flowing into the Tijuana River.

This portion at the Mesa is extremely flat, and the adjacent properties can not effectively drain into the existing small creek channel without raising the elevations of the roads and developments near the creek. To allow for future development and to accommodate runoff from proposed future projects, a new channel is required with inverts from 3 to 5 feet below the existing creek channel.

The proposed channel has a bottom width that varies from 240 feet at the new border detention basin to 200 feet from north of Siempre Viva Road to the Airway Road/La Media Road intersection. The side slopes will vary between 4:1 to 10:1. Heavy riparian vegetation will be allowed to grow in the channel and no annual maintenance will be required. Once the vegetation has matured, maintenance of dead or fallen trees may be required every few years. There will be a 12 foot wide access road on each bank. The Channel will contain the 100 year flood flow with mature vegetation growth.

From the Airway Road/La Media Road intersection, a 35 foot wide concrete channel along the east side of La Media Road will connect with the proposed Caltrans culverts which will be constructed with SR 905. The RCB culverts under the intersection will need to accommodate existing utilities in both roads, which may impact the intersection and the utilities.

The Border Detention Basin will be designed to attenuate the peak post-development flows down to their pre-development levels for flows from 5 year through 100 year storms. The outlet structure will be less than six feet high, and will not be under the jurisdiction of the State of California DSOD. The design of the outlet structure will be prepared with final plans for the project. The Detention Basin will be approximately 1700' by 1500' and cover an area of approximately 58 acres.

Border Detention Basin

Area:	58 Acres
Max. Water Depth:	6.0 Feet
Max. Storage Volume:	308 AF

The basin will be graded to appear natural. Natural vegetation will be allowed to grow in the basin and no annual maintenance will be required. A low-flow stream will be created through the basin. A Maintenance Assessment District may be created for maintaining the channel and detention basin.

The basin and channel will require the removal of approximately 915,000 CY of soil. It is assumed that this export will be used on adjacent properties to raise the building pad grades thereby limiting the haul distance. A preliminary cost estimate was prepared which reflects both the construction costs and the land acquisition costs. A Property Ownership Map which shows the ownership within the East Watershed is attached.

La Media Channel and Border Detention Basin

Preliminary Opinion of Probable Construction Cost

2/8/2005

Kimley-Horn and Associates

Construction Items

Item No.	Description	Quantity	Units	Unit Price	Cost
1	Excavation	822,500	CY	\$2	\$1,645,000
2	Airway Road culvert (6~5'wx5'h)	300	CY	\$1,500	\$450,000
3	La Media/Airway Road intersection culvert (6~10'wx6'h)	1,500	CY	\$1,500	\$2,250,000
4	Siempre Viva Road culvert (8~10'wx8'h)	1,490	CY	\$1,500	\$2,235,000
5	Detention Basin Outlet Structure	1	LS	\$100,000	\$100,000
6	Traffic Control	1	LS	\$100,000	\$100,000
7	Utility Relocation	1	LS	\$150,000	\$150,000
8	Street Repair	1	LS	\$50,000	\$50,000
9	Erosion Control	1	LS	\$50,000	\$50,000
10	Revegetation	1	LS	\$600,000	\$600,000
		Subtotal			\$7,630,000
		Contingency	20%		\$1,526,000
		Total			\$9,156,000

Land Acquisition

1	Land Acquisition (outside MHPA)*	2,610,000	SF	\$4	\$10,440,000
2	Land Acquisition (inside MHPA)**	1,820,000	SF	\$1	\$1,820,000
		Subtotal			\$12,260,000
		Contingency	20%		\$2,452,000
		Total			\$14,712,000

Total Cost (Construction and Land Acquisition)

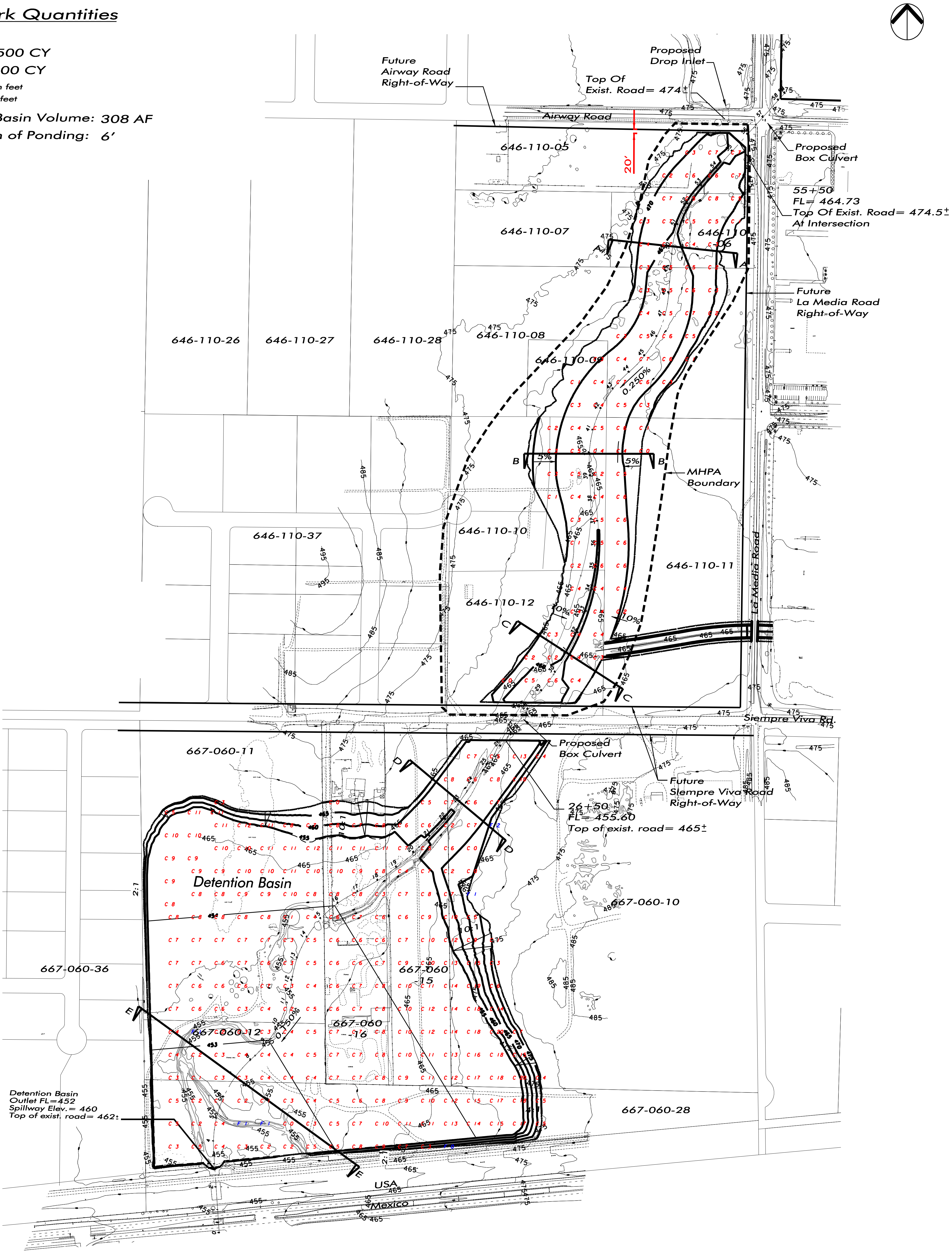
\$23,868,000

Notes: * Includes area of detention basin and channel south of Siempre Viva
 ** Includes entire area within MHPA boundary
 *** Estimate does not include engineering, environmental, geotechnical, surveying, etc.

OTAY MESA CPU

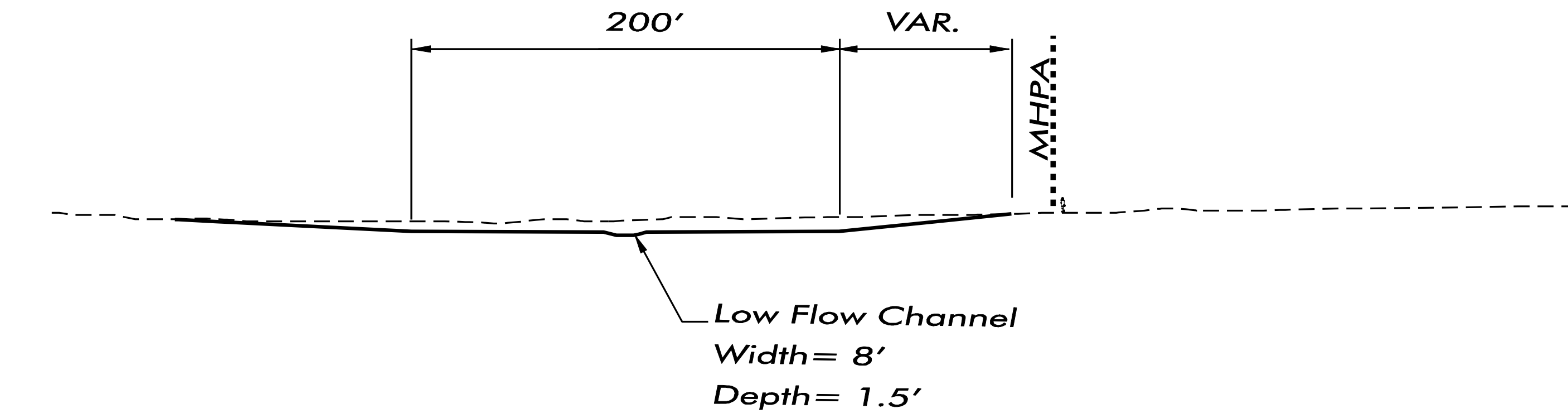
Earthwork Quantities

Cut: 822,500 CY
 Fill: 900 CY
 C = Cut depth in feet
 F = Fill depth in feet
 Detention Basin Volume: 308 AF
 Max. Depth of Ponding: 6'

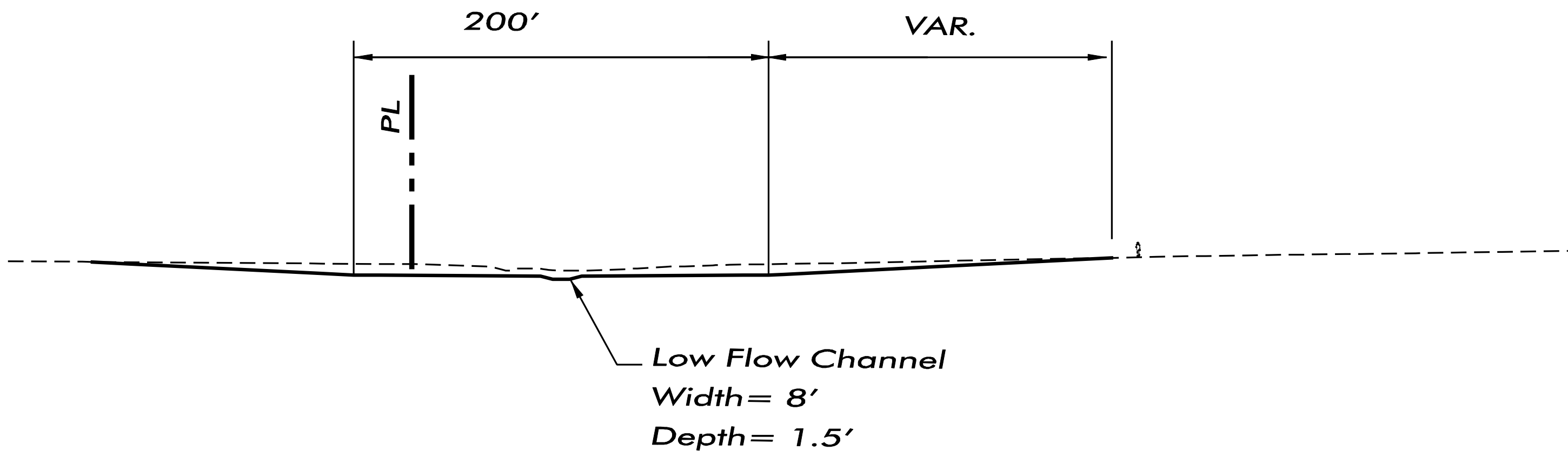


0 100 200 400
 SCALE: 1" = 200'

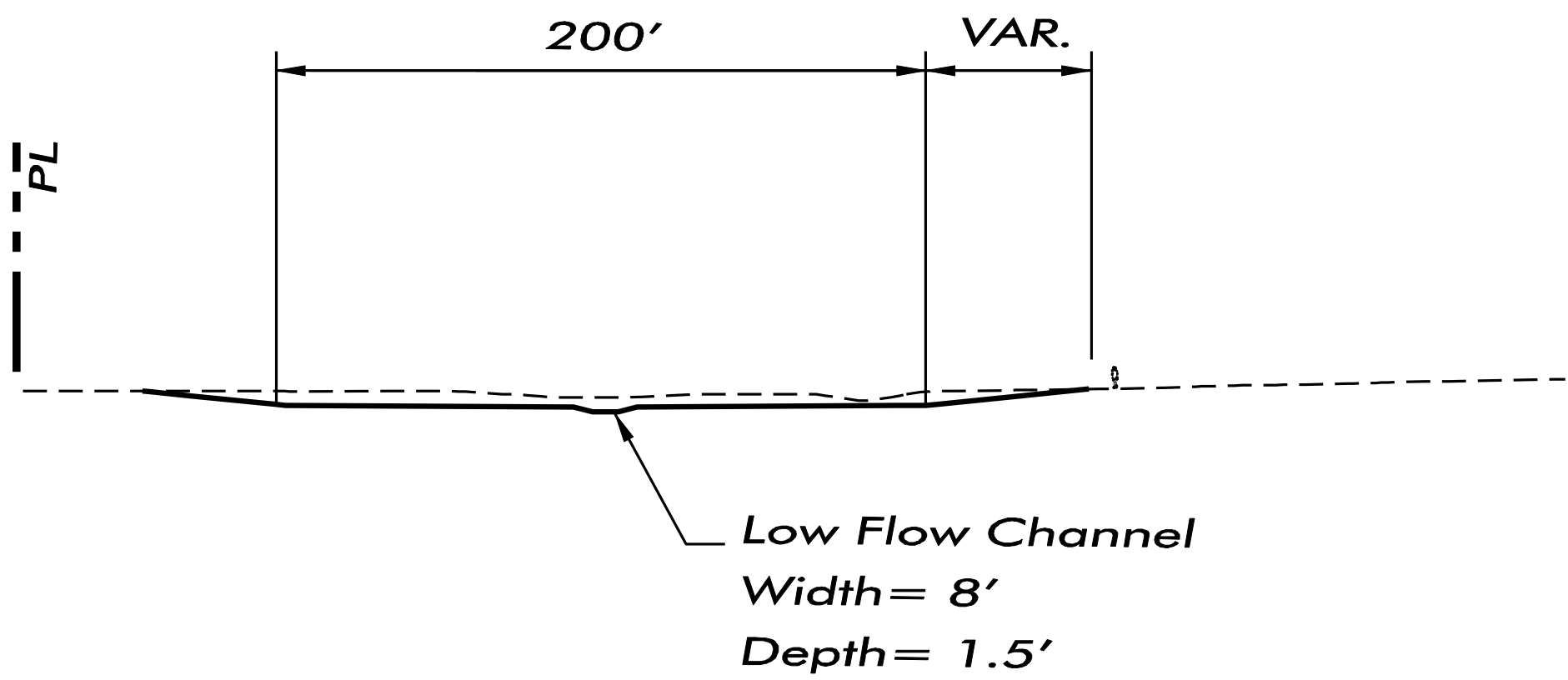
OTAY MESA CPU



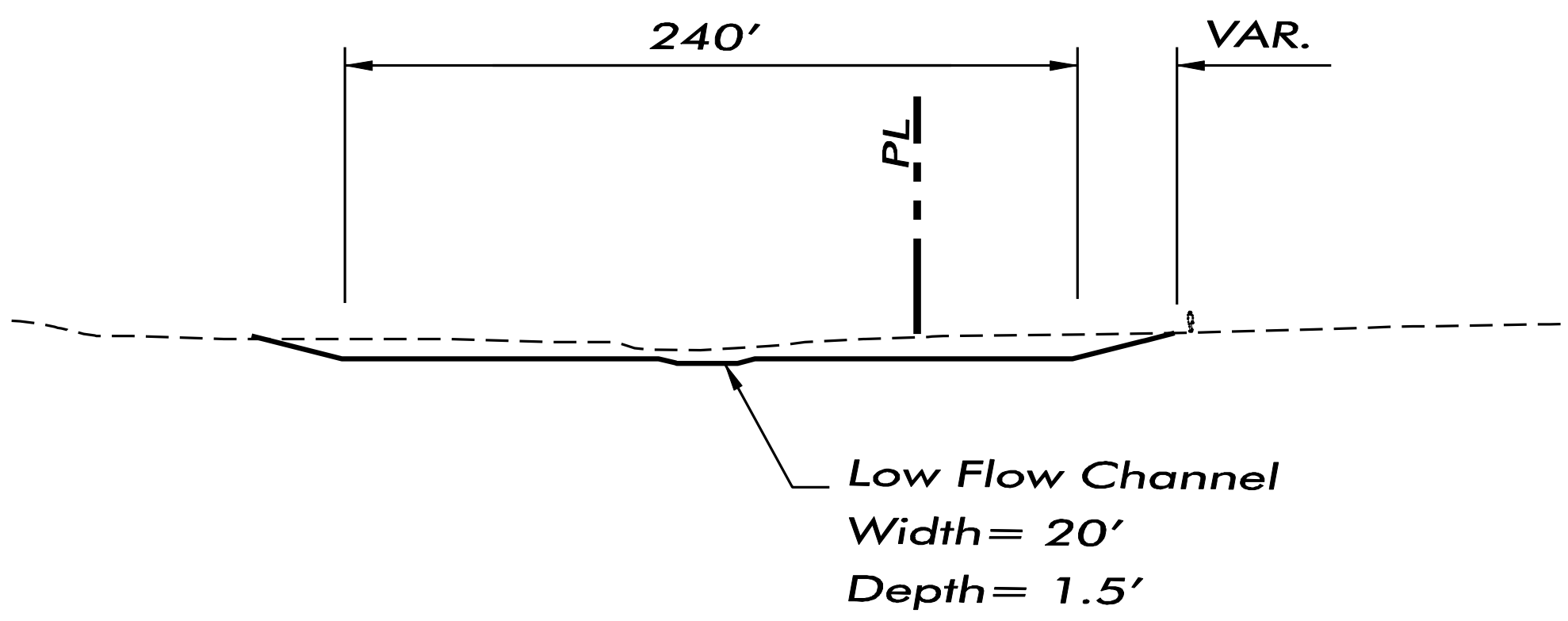
SECTION A-A



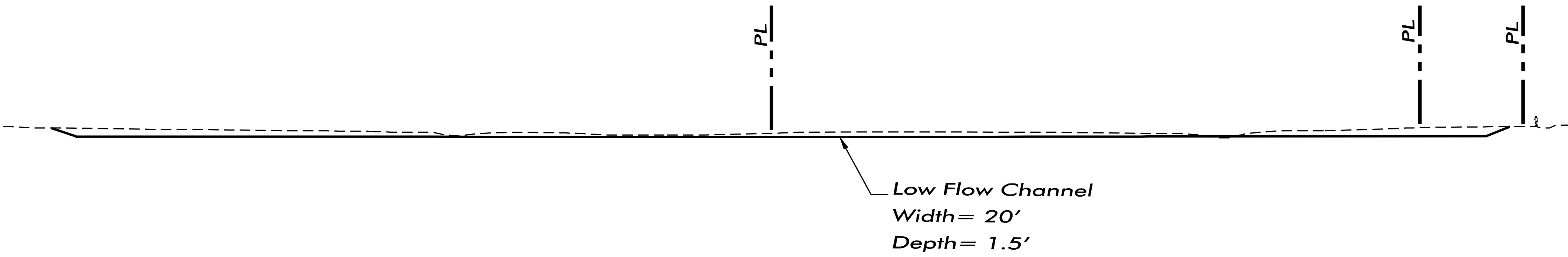
SECTION B-B



SECTION C-C

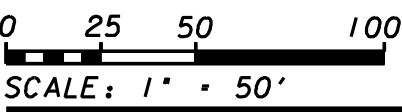


SECTION D-D



SECTION E-E

Note: No Vertical Exaggeration On Sections



JUNE 2006



VII. RECOMMENDED DRAINAGE DESIGN CRITERIA

Since the five watershed areas on the Mesa flow in every direction except east, they flow into different watersheds with different constraints and impacts. The runoff from the five watersheds will have different criteria for design of drainage facilities.

West Perimeter Watershed

This watershed consists of smaller Mesa-top watersheds with a total area of approximately 254 acres that drain to the west to three separate creeks in canyons and gullies. These creeks are carried under the SD&AE and Trolley tracks and through San Ysidro in buried storm drain systems. The storm drains under the tracks have hydraulic capacities of 30 cfs (18" RCP) and 125 cfs (36" RCP) based on the San Ysidro Boulevard Area Master Drainage plan prepared by BSI Consultants, February 15, 1996. Sub-basins OT3-7 and OT3-8 combine downstream into a single creek that flows to the 36" RCP. The current study estimates 140 cfs (Q100) will flow off of the Mesa into this sub-basin. This study does not address the capacity of the downstream system or include the hydrologic analysis for areas to the west of the Mesa, but clearly the 125 cfs capacity of the existing system will be exceeded. This area will need to be addressed in more detail during design of the upstream tributary development. Detention Basins are recommended which will reduce peak flows in the sub-basin to minimize impacts on the downstream system. These detention basins will reduce the peak, 50-year, and 100-year flow to predevelopment levels. Because of the unstable soils in this area, care should be taken that the proposed detention basins and relocated drainage facilities do not contribute to an increase in the risk of slides through increased saturation of the soil.

West Watershed

The West Watershed consists of smaller Mesa-top watersheds that drain into the tributary canyons of Spring Canyon. All of the flow from the watershed flows into Mexico at the Spring Canyon concentration point. Detention basins will be required to reduce the post-development peak flows to predevelopment levels for the 50-year and 100-year storm. If the detention basins concentrate flows at the upper edge of canyons, care must be taken to ensure that erosion potential is not increased downstream.

East Watershed

The East Watershed flows to Mexico at a single concentration point between Britannia and La Media roads. Requirements for the control of peak runoff from development in this watershed already exist. The "Notice" dated August 7, 1987 (page 2), sets criteria for detention basins and for storm drain sizing. As part of the future storm drain project in this watershed, a single detention basin will be constructed at the border. The construction of this basin will eliminate the need for individual on-site detention basins for subsequent development.

North Perimeter Watershed

These small watersheds along the northern edge of the Mesa flow into small canyons that flow into the Otay River. There are no peak flow attenuation requirements for flows from these watersheds. There may be water quality issues with the Otay River, and there may be erosion issues from storm drains on the Mesa. Only approximately 14 acres of Neighborhood 6 are in this watershed.

VIII. STORM WATER QUALITY REQUIREMENTS

Because of problems related to the poor water quality of storm water runoff from urban conveyance systems, the City requires that storm water Best Management Practices (BMPs) be constructed for all new projects. The storm water discharge contains pollution such as chemicals, trash, sediment, bacteria, metals, oil and grease. Construction projects which add impervious areas and change drainage patterns increase the discharge of these pollutants.

The Municipal Storm Water National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Permit (NPDES Municipal Permit), approved February 21, 2001 by the San Diego Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB), requires the City to implement regulations for constructing storm water BMPs for development projects.

In 2003, as part of the San Diego Municipal Code, the City published “Storm Water Standards – A Manual for Construction & Permanent Storm Water Best Management Practices Requirements.” This manual is the reference document for all of the storm water issues encountered in development, including BMPs. Included in this report are Appendix C – Example Permanent Storm Water Best Management Practices, and the Storm Water Requirements Applicability Checklist from the City’s Manual. Before preparing a drainage study, the “Storm Water Requirements Applicability Checklist” is completed. This checklist is used to determine the priority level of the project. Most of the projects on the Mesa will require Priority Project Permanent Storm Water BMPs and High Priority Construction Storm Water BMPs.

All projects subject to the priority permanent BMP requirements must include a “Water Quality Technical Report.” From the manual, the report will include:

1. A drainage study report prepared by a civil engineer, hydrologist, or hydrogeologist registered in the State of California, with experience in the science of stream and river generated surface features (i.e., fluvial geomorphology) and water resources management, satisfactory to the City Engineer. The report shall consider the project area’s location (from the larger watershed perspective), topography, soil and vegetation conditions, percent impervious area, natural and infrastructure drainage features, and any other relevant hydrologic and environmental factors to be protected specific to the project area’s watershed.
2. A field reconnaissance to observe and report on downstream conditions, including undercutting erosion, slope stability, vegetative stress (due to flooding, erosion, water quality degradation, or loss of water supplies) and the area’s susceptibility to erosion or habitat alteration as a result of any future upstream development.
3. A hydrologic analysis to include rainfall runoff characteristics from the project area including at a minimum, peak runoff, time of concentration, and detention volume (if appropriate). These characteristics shall be developed for the two-year and ten-year frequency, six-hour or 24-hour, type B storm for the coastal areas of San Diego County. The largest peak flow should be included in the report. The report shall also report the project’s conditions of concern based on the hydrologic and downstream conditions discussed above. Where downstream conditions of concern have been identified, the drainage study shall establish that pre-project hydrologic conditions that minimize impacts on those downstream conditions of concern would be either improved or maintained by the proposed project, satisfactory to the City Engineer, by incorporating the permanent BMP requirements.

Appendix D of the Manual includes detailed guidelines for the Water Quality Technical Report.

There are numerous alternative permanent BMPs that can be used for each project. The alternatives include Site Design BMPs, Source Control BMPs, and Treatment Control BMPs. The Site Design BMPs are primary ways to reduce storm water runoff through means such as increased pervious areas, increased infiltration, use of natural channels, and appropriate landscaping. All of these except dry wells are applicable to the Mesa. Source Control BMPs are meant to control pollutants at their source before they enter storm water, and are all applicable to the Mesa. Treatment Control BMPs treat the storm water before it leaves the property, and include natural methods such as biofilters, detention basins, wetlands, and porous pavement, and mechanical methods such as filters and separators. The one Treatment Control BMP that is not applicable to the Mesa is infiltration, which is not very effective on the Mesa because of the clay soils.

Most of Otay Mesa drains to the south across the border with Mexico and eventually into the Tijuana River. A small portion flows north into the Otay River, and the far western part of the Mesa flows to the west through San Ysidro and then into the Tijuana River. The Tijuana River has been identified by the 2002 Clean Water Act as a “Section 303(d) Water Quality Limited” river. The pollutants of concern which are included in the attached pages from the USEPA, need to be listed, and the new development project’s potential impacts on these pollutants need to be included in the project’s drainage report.

Recommended Storm Water Policies

- 1. Apply water quality protection measures to land development projects during project design, permitting, construction, and operations in order to minimize the quantity of runoff generated on-site, the disruption of natural water flows and the contamination of storm water runoff.**
 - a. Increase on-site infiltration, and preserve, restore or incorporate natural drainage systems into site design
 - b. Reduce the amount of impervious surfaces through selection of materials, site planning, and narrowing street widths where possible.
 - c. Increase the use of natural vegetation and landscaping in drainage design.
 - d. Avoid conversion of areas particularly susceptible to erosion and sediment loss (e.g.: steep slopes), and where unavoidable, enforce regulations that minimize these impacts.
 - e. Avoid land use, site development, and zoning regulations that limit impacts on, and protect the natural integrity of topography, drainage systems, and water bodies.
 - f. Maintain landscape design standards that minimize the use of pesticides and herbicides.
 - g. Enforce maintenance requirements in development permit conditions.
- 2. Require construction contractors to comply with accepted storm water pollution prevention planning practices for all projects.**
 - a. Minimize the amount of graded land surface exposed to erosion and enforce control ordinances
 - b. Continue routine inspection practices to check for proper erosion control methods and housekeeping practices during construction.
 - c. Ensure that contractors are aware of and implement urban runoff control programs.
- 3. Encourage measures to promote the proper collection and disposal of pollutants at the source, rather than allowing them to enter the storm drain system.**
 - a. Promote the provision of used oil recycling and/or hazardous waste recycling facilities and drop-off locations.
 - b. Follow up on complaints of illegal discharges and accidental spills to storm drains, waterways, and canyons.

APPENDIX C

EXAMPLE PERMANENT STORM WATER BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES

The following are a list of BMPs may be used to minimize the introduction of pollutants of concern that may result in significant impacts to receiving waters. Other BMPs approved by the Development Services Department as being equal or more effective in pollutant reduction than comparable BMPs identified below are acceptable. All BMPs must comply with local zoning and building codes and other applicable regulations.

Site Design BMPs

Minimizing Impervious Areas

- Reduce sidewalk widths
- Incorporate landscaped buffer areas between sidewalks and streets.
- Design residential streets for the minimum required pavement widths
- Minimize the number of residential street cul-de-sacs and incorporate landscaped areas to reduce their impervious cover.
- Use open space development that incorporates smaller lot sizes
- Increase building density while decreasing the building footprint
- Reduce overall lot imperviousness by promoting alternative driveway surfaces and shared driveways that connect two or more homes together
- Reduce overall imperviousness associated with parking lots by providing compact car spaces, minimizing stall dimensions, incorporating efficient parking lanes, and using pervious materials in spillover parking areas

Increase Rainfall Infiltration

- Use permeable materials for private sidewalks, driveways, parking lots, and interior roadway surfaces (examples: hybrid lots, parking groves, permeable overflow parking, etc.)
- Direct rooftop runoff to pervious areas such as yards, open channels, or vegetated areas, and avoid routing rooftop runoff to the roadway or the urban runoff conveyance system

Maximize Rainfall Interception

- Maximizing canopy interception and water conservation by preserving existing native trees and shrubs, and planting Additional native or drought tolerant trees and large shrubs.

Minimize Directly Connected Impervious Areas (DCIAs)

- Draining rooftops into adjacent landscaping prior to discharging to the storm water conveyance system

- Draining parking lots into landscape areas co-designed as biofiltration areas
- Draining roads, sidewalks, and impervious trails into adjacent landscaping

Slope and Channel Protection

Use of natural drainage systems to the maximum extent practicable

- Stabilized permanent channel crossings
- Planting native or drought tolerant vegetation on slopes
- Energy dissipaters, such as riprap, at the outlets of new storm drains, culverts, conduits, or channels that enter unlined Channels

Maximize Rainfall Interception

- Cisterns
- Foundation planting

Increase Rainfall Infiltration

- Dry wells

Source Control BMPs

- Storm water conveyance system stenciling and signage
- Outdoor material and trash storage area designed to reduce or control rainfall runoff
- Efficient irrigation system

Treatment Control BMPs

Biofilters

- Grass swale
- Grass strip
- Wetland vegetation swale
- Bioretention

Detention Basins

- Extended/dry detention basin with grass lining
- Extended/dry detention basin with impervious lining

Infiltration

- Infiltration basin
- Infiltration trench

Pervious Paving

- Porous asphalt
- Porous concrete
- Porous modular concrete block

Wet Ponds and Wetlands

- Wet pond (permanent pool)
- Constructed wetland

Drainage Inserts

- Catch basin/storm drain inserts
- Catch basin screens

Filtration Systems

- Media filtration
- Sand filtration

Hydrodynamic Separation Systems

- Swirl concentrator
- Cyclone separator
- Baffle boxes



City of San Diego
Development Services
1222 First Ave., MS-302
San Diego, CA 92101
(619) 446-5000 for information

Storm Water Requirements Applicability Checklist

THE CITY OF SAN DIEGO

Project Address:	Assessor Parcel Number(s):	Project Number (for City Use Only)
------------------	----------------------------	------------------------------------

Complete Sections 1 and 2 of the following checklist to determine your project's permanent and construction storm water best management practices requirements. This form must be completed and submitted with your permit application.

Section 1 - Permanent Storm Water BMP Requirements:

If any answers to Part A are answered "Yes," your project is subject to the "Priority Project Permanent Storm Water BMP Requirements," and "Standard Permanent Storm Water BMP Requirements" of the Storm Water Standards Manual, Section III, "Permanent Storm Water BMP Selection Procedure." If all answers to Part A are "No," and any answers to Part B are "Yes," your project is only subject to the Standard Permanent Storm Water BMP Requirements. If every question in Part A and B is answered "No," your project is exempt from permanent storm water requirements.

Part A: Determine Priority Project Permanent Storm Water BMP Requirements.

Does the project meet the definition of one or more of the priority project categories?*

- | | | |
|--|-----|----|
| 1. Detached residential development of 10 or more units | Yes | No |
| 2. Attached residential development of 10 or more units | Yes | No |
| 3. Commercial development greater than 100,000 square feet | Yes | No |
| 4. Automotive repair shop | Yes | No |
| 5. Restaurant | Yes | No |
| 6. Steep hillside development greater than 5,000 square feet | Yes | No |
| 7. Project discharging to receiving waters within Water Quality Sensitive Areas | Yes | No |
| 8. Parking lots greater than or equal to 5,000 square feet or with at least 15 parking spaces, and potentially exposed to urban runoff | Yes | No |
| 9. Streets, roads, highways, and freeways which would create a new paved surface that is 5,000 square feet or greater | Yes | No |
| 10. Significant redevelopment over 5,000 square feet | Yes | No |

* Refer to the definitions section in the Storm Water Standards for expanded definitions of the priority project categories.

Limited Exclusion: *Trenching and resurfacing work associated with utility projects are not considered priority projects. Parking lots, buildings and other structures associated with utility projects are priority projects if one or more of the criteria in Part A is met. If all answers to Part A are "No", continue to Part B.*

Part B: Determine Standard Permanent Storm Water Requirements.

Does the project propose:

- | | | |
|--|-----|----|
| 1. New impervious areas, such as rooftops, roads, parking lots, driveways, paths and sidewalks? | Yes | No |
| 2. New pervious landscape areas and irrigation systems? | Yes | No |
| 3. Permanent structures within 100 feet of any natural water body? | Yes | No |
| 4. Trash storage areas? | Yes | No |
| 5. Liquid or solid material loading and unloading areas? | Yes | No |
| 6. Vehicle or equipment fueling, washing, or maintenance areas? | Yes | No |
| 7. Require a General NPDES Permit for Storm Water Discharges Associated with Industrial Activities (Except construction)?* | Yes | No |
| 8. Commercial or industrial waste handling or storage, excluding typical office or household waste? | Yes | No |
| 9. Any grading or ground disturbance during construction? | Yes | No |
| 10. Any new storm drains, or alteration to existing storm drains? | Yes | No |

*To find out if your project is required to obtain an individual General NPDES Permit for Storm Water Discharges Associated with Industrial Activities, visit the State Water Resources Control Board web site at, www.swrcb.ca.gov/stormwtr/industrial.html

OVER

Printed on recycled paper. This information is available in alternative formats for persons with disabilities.

To request this document in alternative format, call (619) 446-5446 or (800) 735-2929 (TT).

Be sure to see us on the WorldWide Web at www.sandiego.gov/development-services

Section 2. Construction Storm Water BMP Requirements:

If the answer to question 1 of Part C is answered "Yes," your project is subject to Section IV of the Storm Water Standards Manual, "Construction Storm Water BMP Performance Standards," and must prepare a Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP). If the answer to question 1 of Part C is "No," but the answer to any of the remaining questions is "Yes," your project is subject to Section IV of the Storm Water Standards Manual, "Construction Storm Water BMP Performance Standards," and must prepare a Water Pollution Control Plan (WPCP). If every question in Part C is answered "No," your project is exempt from any construction storm water BMP requirements. If any of the answers to the questions in Part C are "Yes," complete the construction site prioritization in Part D below.

Part C: Determine Construction Phase Storm Water Requirements.

Would the project meet any of these criteria during construction?

1. Is the project subject to California's statewide General NPDES Permit for Storm Water Discharges Associated With Construction Activities? Yes No
2. Does the project propose grading or soil disturbance? Yes No
3. Would storm water or urban runoff have the potential to contact any portion of the construction area, including washing and staging areas? Yes No
4. Would the project use any construction materials that could negatively affect water quality if discharged from the site (such as, paints, solvents, concrete, and stucco)? Yes No

Part D: Determine Construction Site Priority

In accordance with the Municipal Permit, each construction site with construction storm water BMP requirements must be designated with a priority: high, medium or low. This prioritization must be completed with this form, noted on the plans, and included in the SWPPP or WPCP. Indicate the project's priority in one of the check boxes using the criteria below, and existing and surrounding conditions of the project, the type of activities necessary to complete the construction and any other extenuating circumstances that may pose a threat to water quality. The City reserves the right to adjust the priority of the projects both before and during construction. [Note: The construction priority does NOT change construction BMP requirements that apply to projects; all construction BMP requirements must be identified on a case-by-case basis. The construction priority does affect the frequency of inspections that will be conducted by City staff. See Section IV.1 for more details on construction BMP requirements.]

☐ 1) High Priority

- a) Projects where the site is 50 acres or more and grading will occur during the wet season
- b) Projects 5 acres or more and tributary to an impaired water body for sediment (e.g., Peñasquitos watershed)
- c) Projects 5 acres or more within or directly adjacent to or discharging directly to a coastal lagoon or other receiving water within an environmentally sensitive area
- d) Projects, active or inactive, adjacent or tributary to sensitive water bodies

☐ 2) Medium Priority

- a) Capital Improvement Projects where grading occurs, however a Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) is not required under the State General Construction Permit (i.e., water and sewer replacement projects, intersection and street re-alignments, widening, comfort stations, etc.)
- b) Permit projects in the public right-of-way where grading occurs, however SWPPPs are not required, such as installation of sidewalk, substantial retaining walls, curb and gutter for an entire street frontage, etc.
- c) Permit projects on private property where grading permits are required (i.e., cuts over 5 feet, fills over 3 feet), however, Notice Of Intent (NOIs) and SWPPPs are not required.

☐ 3) Low Priority

- a) Capital Projects where minimal to no grading occurs, such as signal light and loop installations, street light installations, etc.
- b) Permit projects in the public right-of-way where minimal to no grading occurs, such as pedestrian ramps, driveway additions, small retaining walls, etc.
- c) Permit projects on private property where grading permits are not required, such as small retaining walls, single-family homes, small tenant improvements, etc.

Name of Owner or Agent (Please Print):

Title:

Signature:

Date:

APPENDICES

Appendix A

- AES Hydrology Calculations

RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE

Reference: SAN DIEGO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT

2003, 1985, 1981 HYDROLOGY MANUAL

(c) Copyright 1982-2003 Advanced Engineering Software (aes)

Ver. 1.5A Release Date: 01/01/2003 License ID 1499

Analysis prepared by:

Kimley-Horn and Associates San Diego

517 4th Avenue Suite 301

San Diego, California 92101

(619) 234-9411 Fax (619) 234-9433

***** DESCRIPTION OF STUDY *****

* Otay Mesa Watershed Analysis *

* 50 Year Storm Event P=1.70 *

* 5/12/05 AMC *

FILE NAME: C:\Drainage\407000\OT3-1.DAT

TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 08:03 05/12/2005

USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:

1985 SAN DIEGO MANUAL CRITERIA

USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT(YEAR) = 50.00

6-HOUR DURATION PRECIPITATION (INCHES) = 1.700

SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 18.00

SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS(DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 1.00

SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD

NOTE: ONLY PEAK CONFLUENCE VALUES CONSIDERED

USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL

	HALF- WIDTH	CROWN TO CROSSFALL	STREET-CROSSFALL: IN- / OUT- / PARK- SIDE / SIDE / WAY	CURB HEIGHT (FT)	GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: WIDTH (FT)	LIP (FT)	HIKE (FT)	MANNING FACTOR (n)
NO.	(FT)	(FT)						
1	30.0	20.0	0.018/0.018/0.020	0.67	2.00	0.0312	0.167	0.0150

GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:

1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET

as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)

2. (Depth)*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT*FT/S)

*SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN

OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 3100.00 TO NODE 3101.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<

=====

GRASS FAIR COVER RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4500

SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"

S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 84

NATURAL WATERSHED NOMOGRAPH TIME OF CONCENTRATION (APPENDIX X-A)
 WITH 10-MIN. ADDED = 10.86(MIN.)
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 70.00
 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 106.00
 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 104.32
 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 1.68
 NATURAL WATERSHED TIME OF CONCENTRATION = 10.86
 50 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.715
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.12
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.12

 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 3101.00 TO NODE 3102.00 IS CODE = 51

>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<
 >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<

=====
 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 180.00
 REPRESENTATIVE CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0240
 CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 10.00 "Z" FACTOR = 50.000
 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 2.00
 CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA(CFS) = 0.12
 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 0.55 FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.02
 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 5.41 Tc(MIN.) = 16.27
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 3100.00 TO NODE 3102.00 = 250.00 FEET.

 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 3102.00 TO NODE 3103.00 IS CODE = 81

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<

=====
 50 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.092
 GRASS FAIR COVER RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4500
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 84
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 19.30 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 18.17
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 19.40 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 18.29
 TC(MIN.) = 16.27

 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 0.00 IS CODE = 13

>>>>CLEAR THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<<<<

 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 3110.00 TO NODE 3111.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<

=====
 GRASS FAIR COVER RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4500
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 84
 NATURAL WATERSHED NOMOGRAPH TIME OF CONCENTRATION (APPENDIX X-A)
 WITH 10-MIN. ADDED = 10.85(MIN.)
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 70.00
 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 110.00

DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 108.25
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 1.75
NATURAL WATERSHED TIME OF CONCENTRATION = 10.85
50 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.717
SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 0.12
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 0.12

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 3111.00 TO NODE 3112.00 IS CODE = 51

>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<

=====

CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET)	=	330.00
REPRESENTATIVE CHANNEL SLOPE	=	0.0250
CHANNEL BASE (FEET)	=	10.00 "Z" FACTOR = 50.000
MANNING'S FACTOR	=	0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH (FEET) = 2.00
CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA (CFS)	=	0.12
FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.)	=	0.55 FLOW DEPTH (FEET) = 0.02
TRAVEL TIME (MIN.)	=	9.91 Tc (MIN.) = 20.76
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE	3110.00 TO NODE	3112.00 = 400.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 3112.00 TO NODE 3113.00 IS CODE = 81

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<

=====

50 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)	=	1.788
GRASS FAIR COVER RUNOFF COEFFICIENT	=	.4500
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS	"D"	
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II)	=	84
SUBAREA AREA (ACRES)	=	14.70 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 11.83
TOTAL AREA (ACRES)	=	14.80 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 11.95
TC (MIN.)	=	20.76

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 0.00 IS CODE = 13

>>>>CLEAR THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<<<<

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 3200.00 TO NODE 3201.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<

=====

GRASS FAIR COVER RUNOFF COEFFICIENT	=	.4500
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS	"D"	
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II)	=	84
NATURAL WATERSHED NOMOGRAPH TIME OF CONCENTRATION (APPENDIX X-A)		
WITH 10-MIN. ADDED	=	10.86 (MIN.)
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET)	=	70.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET)	=	122.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET)	=	120.29
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET)	=	1.71
NATURAL WATERSHED TIME OF CONCENTRATION	=	10.86
50 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)	=	2.716

SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.12
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.12

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 3201.00 TO NODE 3202.00 IS CODE = 51

>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<

=====

CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET)	=	830.00
REPRESENTATIVE CHANNEL SLOPE	=	0.0240
CHANNEL BASE(FEET)	=	10.00 "Z" FACTOR = 50.000
MANNING'S FACTOR	=	0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 2.00
CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA(CFS)	=	0.12
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.)	=	0.55 FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.02
TRAVEL TIME(MIN.)	=	24.94 Tc(MIN.) = 35.80
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE	3200.00 TO NODE	3202.00 = 900.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 3202.00 TO NODE 3203.00 IS CODE = 81

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<

=====

50 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR)	=	1.258
GRASS FAIR COVER RUNOFF COEFFICIENT	=	.4500
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS	"D"	
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II)	=	84
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES)	=	47.00 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 26.61
TOTAL AREA(ACRES)	=	47.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 26.74
TC(MIN.)	=	35.80

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 0.00 IS CODE = 13

>>>>CLEAR THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<<<<

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 3300.00 TO NODE 3301.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<

=====

GRASS FAIR COVER RUNOFF COEFFICIENT	=	.4500
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS	"D"	
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II)	=	84
NATURAL WATERSHED NOMOGRAPH TIME OF CONCENTRATION (APPENDIX X-A)		
WITH 10-MIN. ADDED	=	10.83 (MIN.)
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET)	=	70.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET)	=	108.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET)	=	106.13
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET)	=	1.87
NATURAL WATERSHED TIME OF CONCENTRATION	=	10.83
50 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR)	=	2.721
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS)	=	0.12
TOTAL AREA(ACRES)	=	0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.12

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 3201.00 TO NODE 3202.00 IS CODE = 51

>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<

=====

CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET)	=	230.00
REPRESENTATIVE CHANNEL SLOPE	=	0.0267
CHANNEL BASE(FEET)	=	10.00
"Z" FACTOR	=	50.000
MANNING'S FACTOR	=	0.030
MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET)	=	2.00
CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA(CFS)	=	0.12
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.)	=	0.56
FLOW DEPTH(FEET)	=	0.02
TRAVEL TIME(MIN.)	=	6.90
Tc(MIN.)	=	17.73
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 3300.00 TO NODE 3202.00	=	300.00 FEET

=====

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 3302.00 TO NODE 3303.00 IS CODE = 81

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<

=====

50 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR)	=	1.980
GRASS FAIR COVER RUNOFF COEFFICIENT	=	.4500
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"		
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II)	=	84
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES)	=	11.70
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS)	=	10.42
TOTAL AREA(ACRES)	=	11.80
TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS)	=	10.55
TC(MIN.)	=	17.73

=====

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 0.00 IS CODE = 13

>>>>CLEAR THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<<<<

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 3400.00 TO NODE 3401.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<

=====

GRASS FAIR COVER RUNOFF COEFFICIENT	=	.4500
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"		
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II)	=	84
NATURAL WATERSHED NOMOGRAPH TIME OF CONCENTRATION (APPENDIX X-A)		
WITH 10-MIN. ADDED	=	10.84(MIN.)
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET)	=	70.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET)	=	118.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET)	=	116.20
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET)	=	1.80
NATURAL WATERSHED TIME OF CONCENTRATION	=	10.84
50 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR)	=	2.719
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS)	=	0.12
TOTAL AREA(ACRES)	=	0.10
TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS)	=	0.12

=====

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 3401.00 TO NODE 3402.00 IS CODE = 51

>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<


```

=====
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 630.00
REPRESENTATIVE CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0257
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 10.00 "Z" FACTOR = 50.000
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 2.00
CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA(CFS) = 0.12
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 0.56 FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.02
TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 18.91 Tc(MIN.) = 29.75
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 3400.00 TO NODE 3402.00 = 700.00 FEET.

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 3402.00 TO NODE 3403.00 IS CODE = 81
-----
>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<
=====
50 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 1.418
GRASS FAIR COVER RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4500
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 84
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 34.90 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 22.27
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 35.00 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 22.39
TC(MIN.) = 29.75

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 0.00 IS CODE = 13
-----
>>>>CLEAR THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<<<<
=====

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 3500.00 TO NODE 3501.00 IS CODE = 21
-----
>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<
=====
GRASS FAIR COVER RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4500
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 84
NATURAL WATERSHED NOMOGRAPH TIME OF CONCENTRATION (APPENDIX X-A)
WITH 10-MIN. ADDED = 10.85(MIN.)
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 70.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 110.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 108.25
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 1.75
NATURAL WATERSHED TIME OF CONCENTRATION = 10.85
50 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.717
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.12
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.12

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 3501.00 TO NODE 3502.00 IS CODE = 51
-----
>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<
=====
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 330.00
REPRESENTATIVE CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0250
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 10.00 "Z" FACTOR = 50.000

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MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH (FEET) = 2.00
 CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA (CFS) = 0.12
 FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 0.55 FLOW DEPTH (FEET) = 0.02
 TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 9.91 Tc (MIN.) = 20.76
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 3500.00 TO NODE 3502.00 = 400.00 FEET.

 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 3502.00 TO NODE 3503.00 IS CODE = 81

>>>> ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<

=====
 50 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 1.788
 GRASS FAIR COVER RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4500
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 84
 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 16.40 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 13.20
 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 16.50 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 13.32
 TC (MIN.) = 20.76

 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 0.00 IS CODE = 13

>>>> CLEAR THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<<<<<

 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 3600.00 TO NODE 3601.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>> RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<

=====
 GRASS FAIR COVER RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4500
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 84
 NATURAL WATERSHED NOMOGRAPH TIME OF CONCENTRATION (APPENDIX X-A)
 WITH 10-MIN. ADDED = 10.83 (MIN.)
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 70.00
 UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 108.00
 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 106.13
 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 1.87
 NATURAL WATERSHED TIME OF CONCENTRATION = 10.83
 50 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.721
 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 0.12
 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 0.12

 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 3601.00 TO NODE 3602.00 IS CODE = 51

>>>> COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<<

>>>> TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<

=====
 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET) = 230.00
 REPRESENTATIVE CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0267
 CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 10.00 "Z" FACTOR = 50.000
 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH (FEET) = 2.00
 CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA (CFS) = 0.12
 FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 0.56 FLOW DEPTH (FEET) = 0.02
 TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 6.90 Tc (MIN.) = 17.73

LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 3600.00 TO NODE 3602.00 = 300.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 3602.00 TO NODE 3603.00 IS CODE = 81

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<

=====

50 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR)	=	1.980
GRASS FAIR COVER RUNOFF COEFFICIENT	=	.4500
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"		
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II)	=	84
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES)	=	12.10
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS)	=	10.78
TOTAL AREA(ACRES)	=	12.20
TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS)	=	10.90
TC(MIN.)	=	17.73

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 0.00 IS CODE = 13

>>>>CLEAR THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<<<<

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 3700.00 TO NODE 3701.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<

=====

GRASS FAIR COVER RUNOFF COEFFICIENT	=	.4500
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"		
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II)	=	84
NATURAL WATERSHED NOMOGRAPH TIME OF CONCENTRATION (APPENDIX X-A)		
WITH 10-MIN. ADDED	=	10.85(MIN.)
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET)	=	70.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET)	=	120.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET)	=	118.25
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET)	=	1.75
NATURAL WATERSHED TIME OF CONCENTRATION	=	10.85
50 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR)	=	2.717
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS)	=	0.12
TOTAL AREA(ACRES)	=	0.10
TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS)	=	0.12

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 3701.00 TO NODE 3702.00 IS CODE = 51

>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<

>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<

=====

CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET)	=	730.00
REPRESENTATIVE CHANNEL SLOPE	=	0.0250
CHANNEL BASE(FEET)	=	10.00
"Z" FACTOR	=	50.000
MANNING'S FACTOR	=	0.030
MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET)	=	2.00
CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA(CFS)	=	0.12
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.)	=	0.55
FLOW DEPTH(FEET)	=	0.02
TRAVEL TIME(MIN.)	=	21.92
Tc(MIN.)	=	32.77
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 3700.00 TO NODE 3702.00	=	800.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 3702.00 TO NODE 3703.00 IS CODE = 81

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-----
>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<
=====
50 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 1.332
GRASS FAIR COVER RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4500
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 84
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 46.00 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 27.57
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 46.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 27.69
TC(MIN.) = 32.77

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 0.00 IS CODE = 13
-----

>>>>CLEAR THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<<<<
=====

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 3800.00 TO NODE 3801.00 IS CODE = 21
-----

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<
=====
GRASS FAIR COVER RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4500
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 84
NATURAL WATERSHED NOMOGRAPH TIME OF CONCENTRATION (APPENDIX X-A)
WITH 10-MIN. ADDED = 10.85(MIN.)
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 70.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 125.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 123.25
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 1.75
NATURAL WATERSHED TIME OF CONCENTRATION = 10.85
50 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.717
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.12
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.12

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 3801.00 TO NODE 3802.00 IS CODE = 51
-----

>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<
=====
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 930.00
REPRESENTATIVE CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0250
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 10.00 "Z" FACTOR = 50.000
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 2.00
CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA(CFS) = 0.12
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 0.55 FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.02
TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 27.93 Tc(MIN.) = 38.78
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 3800.00 TO NODE 3802.00 = 1000.00 FEET.

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 3802.00 TO NODE 3803.00 IS CODE = 81
-----

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<
=====
50 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 1.195

```

GRASS FAIR COVER RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4500
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 84
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 51.30 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 27.59
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 51.40 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 27.71
 TC(MIN.) = 38.78

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 0.00 IS CODE = 13

>>>>CLEAR THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<<<<<

=====

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2100.00 TO NODE 2101.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<

=====

GRASS FAIR COVER RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4500
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 84
 NATURAL WATERSHED NOMOGRAPH TIME OF CONCENTRATION (APPENDIX X-A)
 WITH 10-MIN. ADDED = 10.85(MIN.)
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 70.00
 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 128.00
 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 126.22
 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 1.78
 NATURAL WATERSHED TIME OF CONCENTRATION = 10.85
 50 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.718
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.12
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.12

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2101.00 TO NODE 2102.00 IS CODE = 51

>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<<

>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<

=====

CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 1030.00
 REPRESENTATIVE CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0255
 CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 10.00 "Z" FACTOR = 50.000
 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 2.00
 CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA(CFS) = 0.12
 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 0.56 FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.02
 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 30.92 Tc(MIN.) = 41.77
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 2100.00 TO NODE 2102.00 = 1100.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2102.00 TO NODE 2103.00 IS CODE = 81

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<

=====

50 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 1.139
 GRASS FAIR COVER RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4500
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 84
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 33.20 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 17.02

TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 33.30 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 17.14
TC(MIN.) = 41.77

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 0.00 IS CODE = 13

>>>>CLEAR THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<<<<<

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2200.00 TO NODE 2201.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<

GRASS FAIR COVER RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4500

SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"

S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 84

NATURAL WATERSHED NOMOGRAPH TIME OF CONCENTRATION (APPENDIX X-A)

WITH 10-MIN. ADDED = 10.85(MIN.)

INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 70.00

UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 163.00

DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 161.24

ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 1.76

NATURAL WATERSHED TIME OF CONCENTRATION = 10.85

50 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.718

SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.12

TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.12

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2201.00 TO NODE 2202.00 IS CODE = 51

>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<<

>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<

CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 2430.00

REPRESENTATIVE CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0252

CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 10.00 "Z" FACTOR = 50.000

MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 2.00

CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA(CFS) = 0.12

FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 0.56 FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.02

TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 72.97 Tc(MIN.) = 83.82

LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 2200.00 TO NODE 2202.00 = 2500.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2202.00 TO NODE 2203.00 IS CODE = 81

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<

50 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 0.727

GRASS FAIR COVER RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4500

SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"

S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 84

SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 126.10 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 41.25

TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 126.20 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 41.37

TC(MIN.) = 83.82

```

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE      0.00 TO NODE      0.00 IS CODE =  13
-----
>>>>CLEAR THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<<<<
=====

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE      2180.00 TO NODE      2181.00 IS CODE =  21
-----
>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<
=====
GRASS FAIR COVER RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4500
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) =  84
NATURAL WATERSHED NOMOGRAPH TIME OF CONCENTRATION (APPENDIX X-A)
WITH 10-MIN. ADDED = 10.85 (MIN.)
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) =      70.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) =      130.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) =      128.25
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) =        1.75
NATURAL WATERSHED TIME OF CONCENTRATION =  10.85
  50 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) =  2.717
SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) =        0.12
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =      0.10  TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) =        0.12
:
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE      2181.00 TO NODE      2182.00 IS CODE =  51
-----
>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<
=====
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET) =  1130.00
REPRESENTATIVE CHANNEL SLOPE =  0.0250
CHANNEL BASE (FEET) =  10.00  "Z" FACTOR =  50.000
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030  MAXIMUM DEPTH (FEET) =  2.00
CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA (CFS) =        0.12
FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) =  0.55  FLOW DEPTH (FEET) =  0.02
TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) =  33.94  Tc (MIN.) =  44.79
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE      2180.00 TO NODE      2182.00 =  1200.00 FEET.
:
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE      2182.00 TO NODE      2183.00 IS CODE =  81
-----
>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<
=====
  50 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) =  1.089
GRASS FAIR COVER RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4500
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) =  84
SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) =  97.00  SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) =  47.54
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =  97.10  TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) =  47.66
TC (MIN.) =  44.79
:
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE      0.00 TO NODE      0.00 IS CODE =  13
-----
>>>>CLEAR THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<<<<
=====

```

S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 84
 NATURAL WATERSHED NOMOGRAPH TIME OF CONCENTRATION (APPENDIX X-A)
 WITH 10-MIN. ADDED = 10.86(MIN.)
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 70.00
 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 122.00
 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 120.29
 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 1.71
 NATURAL WATERSHED TIME OF CONCENTRATION = 10.86
 50 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.716
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.12
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.12

 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2401.00 TO NODE 2402.00 IS CODE = 51

>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<
 >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<

=====
 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 830.00
 REPRESENTATIVE CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0244
 CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 10.00 "Z" FACTOR = 50.000
 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 2.00
 CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA(CFS) = 0.12
 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 0.55 FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.02
 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 24.94 Tc(MIN.) = 35.80
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 2400.00 TO NODE 2402.00 = 900.00 FEET.

 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2402.00 TO NODE 2403.00 IS CODE = 81

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<

=====
 50 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 1.258
 GRASS FAIR COVER RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4500
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 84
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 67.70 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 38.34
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 67.80 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 38.46
 TC(MIN.) = 35.80

 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 0.00 IS CODE = 13

>>>>CLEAR THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<<<<

 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2500.00 TO NODE 2501.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<

=====
 GRASS FAIR COVER RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4500
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 84
 NATURAL WATERSHED NOMOGRAPH TIME OF CONCENTRATION (APPENDIX X-A)
 WITH 10-MIN. ADDED = 10.85(MIN.)
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 70.00

UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 130.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 128.25
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 1.75
NATURAL WATERSHED TIME OF CONCENTRATION = 10.85
50 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.717
SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 0.12
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 0.12

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2501.00 TO NODE 2502.00 IS CODE = 51

>>>> COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<
>>>> TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<

=====

CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET)	=	1130.00
REPRESENTATIVE CHANNEL SLOPE	=	0.0250
CHANNEL BASE (FEET)	=	10.00 "Z" FACTOR = 50.000
MANNING'S FACTOR	=	0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH (FEET) = 2.00
CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA (CFS)	=	0.12
FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.)	=	0.55 FLOW DEPTH (FEET) = 0.02
TRAVEL TIME (MIN.)	=	33.94 Tc (MIN.) = 44.79
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE	2500.00 TO NODE	2502.00 = 1200.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2502.00 TO NODE 2503.00 IS CODE = 81

>>>> ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<

=====

50 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)	=	1.089
GRASS FAIR COVER RUNOFF COEFFICIENT	=	.4500
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS	"D"	
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II)	=	84
SUBAREA AREA (ACRES)	=	40.70 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 19.95
TOTAL AREA (ACRES)	=	40.80 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 20.07
TC (MIN.)	=	44.79

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 0.00 IS CODE = 13

>>>> CLEAR THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<<<<

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2600.00 TO NODE 2601.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>> RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<

=====

GRASS FAIR COVER RUNOFF COEFFICIENT	=	.4500
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS	"D"	
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II)	=	84
NATURAL WATERSHED NOMOGRAPH TIME OF CONCENTRATION (APPENDIX X-A)		
WITH 10-MIN. ADDED	=	10.85 (MIN.)
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET)	=	70.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET)	=	130.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET)	=	128.25
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET)	=	1.75
NATURAL WATERSHED TIME OF CONCENTRATION	=	10.85

```

50 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.717
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.12
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.12
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2601.00 TO NODE 2602.00 IS CODE = 51
-----
>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<
=====
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 1130.00
REPRESENTATIVE CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0250
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 10.00 "Z" FACTOR = 50.000
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 2.00
CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA(CFS) = 0.12
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 0.55 FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.02
TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 33.94 Tc(MIN.) = 44.79
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 2600.00 TO NODE 2602.00 = 1200.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2602.00 TO NODE 2603.00 IS CODE = 81
-----
>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<
=====
50 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 1.089
GRASS FAIR COVER RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4500
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 84
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 34.70 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 17.00
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 34.80 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 17.13
TC(MIN.) = 44.79
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 0.00 IS CODE = 13
-----
>>>>CLEAR THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<<<<
=====
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2700.00 TO NODE 2701.00 IS CODE = 21
-----
>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<
=====
GRASS FAIR COVER RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4500
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 84
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 70.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 105.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 103.25
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 1.75
URBAN SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 7.213
50 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.536
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.16
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.16
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2701.00 TO NODE 2702.00 IS CODE = 51

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-----
>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<
=====
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 130.00
REPRESENTATIVE CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0250
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 10.00 "Z" FACTOR = 50.000
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 2.00
CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA(CFS) = 0.16
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 0.55 FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.03
TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 3.96 Tc(MIN.) = 11.17
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 2700.00 TO NODE 2702.00 = 200.00 FEET.

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2702.00 TO NODE 2703.00 IS CODE = 81
-----
>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<
=====
50 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.667
GRASS FAIR COVER RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4500
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 84
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 14.80 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 17.76
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 14.90 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 17.92
TC(MIN.) = 11.17

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 0.00 IS CODE = 13
-----
>>>>CLEAR THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<<<<
=====
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2800.00 TO NODE 2801.00 IS CODE = 21
-----
>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<
=====
GRASS FAIR COVER RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4500
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 84
NATURAL WATERSHED NOMOGRAPH TIME OF CONCENTRATION (APPENDIX X-A)
WITH 10-MIN. ADDED = 10.18(MIN.)
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 70.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 128.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 26.22
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 101.78
NATURAL WATERSHED TIME OF CONCENTRATION = 10.18
50 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.832
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.13
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.13

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2801.00 TO NODE 2802.00 IS CODE = 51
-----
>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<
=====

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CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 1030.00
REPRESENTATIVE CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0250
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 10.00 "Z" FACTOR = 50.000
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 2.00
CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA(CFS) = 0.13
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 0.58 FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.02
TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 29.68 Tc(MIN.) = 39.86
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 2800.00 TO NODE 2802.00 = 1100.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2802.00 TO NODE 2803.00 IS CODE = 81

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<

=====

50 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 1.174
GRASS FAIR COVER RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4500
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 84
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 81.20 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 42.90
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 81.30 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 43.03
TC(MIN.) = 39.86

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 0.00 IS CODE = 13

>>>>CLEAR THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<<<<

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2900.00 TO NODE 2901.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<

=====

GRASS FAIR COVER RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4500
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 84
NATURAL WATERSHED NOMOGRAPH TIME OF CONCENTRATION (APPENDIX X-A)
WITH 10-MIN. ADDED = 10.84(MIN.)
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 70.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 118.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 116.20
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 1.80
NATURAL WATERSHED TIME OF CONCENTRATION = 10.84
50 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.719
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.12
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.12

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2901.00 TO NODE 2902.00 IS CODE = 51

>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<

>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<

=====

CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 630.00
REPRESENTATIVE CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0250
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 10.00 "Z" FACTOR = 50.000
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 2.00

CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA(CFS) = 0.12
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 0.56 FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.02
TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 18.91 Tc(MIN.) = 29.75
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 2900.00 TO NODE 2902.00 = 700.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2902.00 TO NODE 2903.00 IS CODE = 81

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<

=====

50 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 1.418
GRASS FAIR COVER RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4500
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 84
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 36.80 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 23.48
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 36.90 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 23.60
TC(MIN.) = 29.75

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 0.00 IS CODE = 13

>>>>CLEAR THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<<<<

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2910.00 TO NODE 2911.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<

=====

GRASS FAIR COVER RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4500
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 84
NATURAL WATERSHED NOMOGRAPH TIME OF CONCENTRATION (APPENDIX X-A)
WITH 10-MIN. ADDED = 10.85(MIN.)
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 70.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 108.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 106.25
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 1.75
NATURAL WATERSHED TIME OF CONCENTRATION = 10.85
50 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.717
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.12
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.12

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2911.00 TO NODE 2912.00 IS CODE = 51

>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<

>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<

=====

CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 230.00
REPRESENTATIVE CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0250
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 10.00 "Z" FACTOR = 50.000
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 2.00
CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA(CFS) = 0.12
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 0.55 FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.02
TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 6.91 Tc(MIN.) = 17.76
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 2910.00 TO NODE 2912.00 = 300.00 FEET.

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*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE    2912.00 TO NODE    2913.00 IS CODE =   81
-----
>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<
=====
    50 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) =   1.978
    GRASS FAIR COVER RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =   .4500
    SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
    S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) =   84
    SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) =   12.80    SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =   11.39
    TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =   12.90    TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =   11.51
    TC(MIN.) =   17.76
    i
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE      0.00 TO NODE      0.00 IS CODE =   13
-----
>>>>CLEAR THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<<<<
=====
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE    2100.00 TO NODE    2101.00 IS CODE =   21
-----
>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<
=====
    GRASS FAIR COVER RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =   .4500
    SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
    S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) =   84
    NATURAL WATERSHED NOMOGRAPH TIME OF CONCENTRATION (APPENDIX X-A)
    WITH 10-MIN. ADDED =   10.85(MIN.)
    INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) =   70.00
    UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) =   160.00
    DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) =   158.25
    ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) =   1.75
    NATURAL WATERSHED TIME OF CONCENTRATION =   10.85
    50 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) =   2.717
    SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =   0.12
    TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =   0.10    TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =   0.12
    i
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE    2101.00 TO NODE    2102.00 IS CODE =   51
-----
>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<
=====
    CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) =  2330.00
    REPRESENTATIVE CHANNEL SLOPE =   0.0250
    CHANNEL BASE(FEET) =   10.00    "Z" FACTOR =  50.000
    MANNING'S FACTOR =  0.030    MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) =   2.00
    CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA(CFS) =   0.12
    FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) =   0.55    FLOW DEPTH(FEET) =   0.02
    TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) =  69.97    Tc(MIN.) =  80.82
    LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE    2100.00 TO NODE    2102.00 =  2400.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE    2102.00 TO NODE    2103.00 IS CODE =   81
-----

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>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<
=====
50 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 0.744
GRASS FAIR COVER RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4500
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 84
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 128.30 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 42.96
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 128.40 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 43.09
TC(MIN.) = 80.82

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 0.00 IS CODE = 13
-----
>>>>CLEAR THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<<<<
=====

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2110.00 TO NODE 2111.00 IS CODE = 21
-----
>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<
=====
GRASS FAIR COVER RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4500
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 84
NATURAL WATERSHED NOMOGRAPH TIME OF CONCENTRATION (APPENDIX X-A)
WITH 10-MIN. ADDED = 10.85(MIN.)
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 70.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 143.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 141.25
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 1.75
NATURAL WATERSHED TIME OF CONCENTRATION = 10.85
50 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.717
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.12
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.12

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2111.00 TO NODE 2112.00 IS CODE = 51
-----
>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<
=====
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 1630.00
REPRESENTATIVE CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0250
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 10.00 "Z" FACTOR = 50.000
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 2.00
CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA(CFS) = 0.12
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 0.55 FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.02
TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 48.95 Tc(MIN.) = 59.80
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 2110.00 TO NODE 2112.00 = 1700.00 FEET.

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2112.00 TO NODE 2113.00 IS CODE = 81
-----
>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<
=====
50 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 0.904
GRASS FAIR COVER RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4500

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SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"

S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 84

SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 275.50 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 112.04

TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 275.60 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 112.16

TC(MIN.) = 59.80

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 0.00 IS CODE = 13

>>>>CLEAR THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<<<<<

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2120.00 TO NODE 2121.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<

GRASS FAIR COVER RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4500

SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"

S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 84

NATURAL WATERSHED NOMOGRAPH TIME OF CONCENTRATION (APPENDIX X-A)

WITH 10-MIN. ADDED = 10.85 (MIN.)

INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 70.00

UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 113.00

DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 111.25

ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 1.75

NATURAL WATERSHED TIME OF CONCENTRATION = 10.85

50 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.717

SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.12

TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.12

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2121.00 TO NODE 2122.00 IS CODE = 51

>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<<

>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<

CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 430.00

REPRESENTATIVE CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0250

CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 10.00 "Z" FACTOR = 50.0000

MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 2.00

CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA(CFS) = 0.12

FLOW VELOCITY(FT/SEC.) = 0.55 FLOW DEPTH(FT) = 0.02

TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 12.91 Tc(MIN.) = 23.76

LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 2120.00 TO NODE 2122.00 = 500.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2122.00 TO NODE 2123.00 IS CODE = 81

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<

50 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 1.639

GRASS FAIR COVER RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4500

SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"

S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 84

SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 23.50 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 17.33

TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 23.60 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 17.45

TC(MIN.) = 23.76

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 0.00 IS CODE = 13

>>>>CLEAR THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<<<<
=====

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2130.00 TO NODE 2131.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<
=====

GRASS FAIR COVER RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4500
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 84
NATURAL WATERSHED NOMOGRAPH TIME OF CONCENTRATION (APPENDIX X-A)
WITH 10-MIN. ADDED = 10.85 (MIN.)
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 70.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 115.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 113.25
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 1.75
NATURAL WATERSHED TIME OF CONCENTRATION = 10.85
50 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.717
SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 0.12
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 0.12

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2131.00 TO NODE 2132.00 IS CODE = 51

>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<
=====

CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET) = 530.00
REPRESENTATIVE CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0250
CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 10.00 "Z" FACTOR = 50.000
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH (FEET) = 2.00
CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA (CFS) = 0.12
FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 0.55 FLOW DEPTH (FEET) = 0.02
TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 15.92 Tc (MIN.) = 26.77
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 2130.00 TO NODE 2132.00 = 600.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2132.00 TO NODE 2133.00 IS CODE = 81

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<
=====

50 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 1.518
GRASS FAIR COVER RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4500
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 84
SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 61.40 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 41.94
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 61.50 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 42.06
TC (MIN.) = 26.77

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 0.00 IS CODE = 13

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-----
>>>>CLEAR THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<<<<
=====
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE    2140.00 TO NODE    2141.00 IS CODE =  21
-----
>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<
=====
GRASS FAIR COVER RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4500
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) =  84
NATURAL WATERSHED NOMOGRAPH TIME OF CONCENTRATION (APPENDIX X-A)
WITH 10-MIN. ADDED =  10.85 (MIN.)
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) =    70.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) =    125.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) =    123.25
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) =     1.75
NATURAL WATERSHED TIME OF CONCENTRATION =  10.85
50 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) =  2.717
SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) =      0.12
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =      0.10  TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) =      0.12
-----
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE    2141.00 TO NODE    2142.00 IS CODE =  51
-----
>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<
=====
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET) =  930.00
REPRESENTATIVE CHANNEL SLOPE =  0.0250
CHANNEL BASE (FEET) =  10.00  "Z" FACTOR =  50.000
MANNING'S FACTOR =  0.030  MAXIMUM DEPTH (FEET) =  2.00
CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA (CFS) =      0.12
FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) =  0.55  FLOW DEPTH (FEET) =  0.02
TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) =  27.93  Tc (MIN.) =  38.78
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE    2140.00 TO NODE    2142.00 =  1000.00 FEET.
-----
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE    2142.00 TO NODE    2143.00 IS CODE =  81
-----
>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<
=====
50 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) =  1.195
GRASS FAIR COVER RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4500
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) =  84
SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) =  48.30  SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) =  25.97
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =  48.40  TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) =  26.10
TC (MIN.) =  38.78
-----
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE      0.00 TO NODE      0.00 IS CODE =  13
-----
>>>>CLEAR THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<<<<
=====

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FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2150.00 TO NODE 2151.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<

=====

GRASS FAIR COVER RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	.4500
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS	"D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) =	84
NATURAL WATERSHED NOMOGRAPH TIME OF CONCENTRATION (APPENDIX X-A)	
WITH 10-MIN. ADDED =	10.85 (MIN.)
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) =	7000
UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) =	150.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) =	148.25
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) =	1.75
NATURAL WATERSHED TIME OF CONCENTRATION =	10.85
50 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) =	2.717
SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) =	0.12
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =	0.10
TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) =	0.12

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2151.00 TO NODE 2152.00 IS CODE = 51

>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<<
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<

=====

CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET) =	1930.00
REPRESENTATIVE CHANNEL SLOPE =	0.0250
CHANNEL BASE (FEET) =	10.00
"Z" FACTOR =	50.000
MANNING'S FACTOR =	0.030
MAXIMUM DEPTH (FEET) =	2.00
CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA (CFS) =	0.12
FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) =	0.55
FLOW DEPTH (FEET) =	0.02
TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) =	57.96
Tc (MIN.) =	68.81
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 2150.00 TO NODE 2152.00 =	2000.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2152.00 TO NODE 2153.00 IS CODE = 81

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<

=====

50 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) =	0.826
GRASS FAIR COVER RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	.4500
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS	"D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) =	84
SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) =	153.70
SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) =	57.10
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =	153.80
TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) =	57.22
TC (MIN.) =	68.81

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 0.00 IS CODE = 13

>>>>CLEAR THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<<<<<

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2160.00 TO NODE 2161.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<

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=====
GRASS FAIR COVER RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4500
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 84
NATURAL WATERSHED NOMOGRAPH TIME OF CONCENTRATION (APPENDIX X-A)
WITH 10-MIN. ADDED = 10.85(MIN.)
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 70.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 160.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 158.25
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 1.75
NATURAL WATERSHED TIME OF CONCENTRATION = 10.85
50 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.717
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.12
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.12
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*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2161.00 TO NODE 2162.00 IS CODE = 51
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>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<
=====

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CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 2330.00
REPRESENTATIVE CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0250
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 10.00 "Z" FACTOR = 50.000
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 2.00
CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA(CFS) = 0.12
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 0.55 FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.02
TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 69.97 Tc(MIN.) = 80.82
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 2160.00 TO NODE 2162.00 = 2400.00 FEET.
=====

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*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2162.00 TO NODE 2163.00 IS CODE = 81
=====

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>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<
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50 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 0.744
GRASS FAIR COVER RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4500
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 84
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 121.60 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 40.72
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 121.70 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 40.84
TC(MIN.) = 80.82
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*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 0.00 IS CODE = 13
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>>>>CLEAR THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<<<<
=====

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*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2170.00 TO NODE 2171.00 IS CODE = 21
=====

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>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<
=====

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GRASS FAIR COVER RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4500
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 84

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NATURAL WATERSHED NOMOGRAPH TIME OF CONCENTRATION (APPENDIX X-A)
 WITH 10-MIN. ADDED = 10.85 (MIN.)
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 70.00
 UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 175.00
 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 173.25
 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 1.75
 NATURAL WATERSHED TIME OF CONCENTRATION = 10.85
 50 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.717
 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 0.12
 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 0.12

 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2171.00 TO NODE 2172.00 IS CODE = 51

>>>> COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<
 >>>> TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<

=====
 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET) = 2930.00
 REPRESENTATIVE CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0250
 CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 10.00 "Z" FACTOR = 50.000
 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH (FEET) = 2.00
 CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA (CFS) = 0.12
 FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 0.55 FLOW DEPTH (FEET) = 0.02
 TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 87.99 Tc (MIN.) = 98.84
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 2170.00 TO NODE 2172.00 = 3000.00 FEET.

 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2172.00 TO NODE 2173.00 IS CODE = 81

>>>> ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<

=====
 50 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 0.654
 GRASS FAIR COVER RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4500
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 84
 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 60.20 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 17.70
 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 60.30 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 17.83
 TC (MIN.) = 98.84

 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 0.00 IS CODE = 13

>>>> CLEAR THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<<<<

 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 9990.00 TO NODE 9991.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>> RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<

=====
 GRASS FAIR COVER RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4500
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 84
 NATURAL WATERSHED NOMOGRAPH TIME OF CONCENTRATION (APPENDIX X-A)
 WITH 10-MIN. ADDED = 10.85 (MIN.)
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 70.00
 UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1300.00

DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1298.25
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 1.75
NATURAL WATERSHED TIME OF CONCENTRATION = 10.85
50 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.717
SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 0.12
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 0.12

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 9991.00 TO NODE 9992.00 IS CODE = 51

>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<

>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<

CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET) = 9930.00

REPRESENTATIVE CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0300

CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 10.00 "Z" FACTOR = 50.000

MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH (FEET) = 2.00

CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA (CFS) = 0.12

FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 0.55 FLOW DEPTH (FEET) = 0.02

TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 298.21 Tc (MIN.) = 309.06

LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 9990.00 TO NODE 9992.00 = 10000.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 9992.00 TO NODE 9993.00 IS CODE = 81

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<

50 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 0.313

GRASS FAIR COVER RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4500

SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"

S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 84

SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 774.70 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 109.22

TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 774.80 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 109.34

TC (MIN.) = 309.06

END OF STUDY SUMMARY:

TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 774.80 TC (MIN.) = 309.06

PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 109.34

END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE
Reference: SAN DIEGO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT
2003,1985,1981 HYDROLOGY MANUAL

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Ver. 1.5A Release Date: 01/01/2003 License ID 1499

Analysis prepared by:

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***** DESCRIPTION OF STUDY *****

* Otay Mesa Watershed Analysis *
* 100 Year Storm Event P=1.90 *
* 5/20/05 AMC *

FILE NAME: C:\Drainage\407000\CPU100yr.DAT
TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 11:16 05/20/2005

USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:

2003 SAN DIEGO MANUAL CRITERIA

USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT(YEAR) = 100.00
6-HOUR DURATION PRECIPITATION (INCHES) = 1.900
SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 18.00
SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS(DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 1.00
SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD
NOTE: USE MODIFIED RATIONAL METHOD PROCEDURES FOR CONFLUENCE ANALYSIS
USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL

NO.	HALF- WIDTH (FT)	CROWN TO CROSSFALL (FT)	STREET-CROSSFALL: IN- / OUT- / PARK- SIDE / SIDE/ WAY	CURB HEIGHT (FT)	GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: WIDTH (FT)	LIP (FT)	HIKE (FT)	MANNING FACTOR (n)
1	30.0	20.0	0.018/0.018/0.020	0.67	2.00	0.0312	0.167	0.0150

GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:

1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET
as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)
 2. (Depth)*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT*FT/S)
- *SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN
OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 3100.00 TO NODE 3101.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<

STREETS & ROADS (DITCHES) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .7100
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 93

INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 70.00
 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 106.00
 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 104.32
 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 1.68
 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 4.387
 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 5.006
 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON Tc = 5-MINUTE.
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.36
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.36

 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 3101.00 TO NODE 3102.00 IS CODE = 51

>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<
 >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<

=====
 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 180.00
 REPRESENTATIVE CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0240
 CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 10.00 "Z" FACTOR = 50.000
 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 2.00
 CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA(CFS) = 0.36
 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 0.86 FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.04
 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 3.50 Tc(MIN.) = 7.89
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 3100.00 TO NODE 3102.00 = 250.00 FEET.

 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 3102.00 TO NODE 3103.00 IS CODE = 81

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<

=====
 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.730
 STREETS & ROADS (DITCHES) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .7100
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 93
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.7100
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 19.30 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 51.11
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 19.40 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 51.37
 TC(MIN.) = 7.89

 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 0.00 IS CODE = 13

>>>>CLEAR THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<<<<

 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 3110.00 TO NODE 3111.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<

=====
 STREETS & ROADS (DITCHES) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .7100
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 93
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 70.00
 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 110.00
 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 108.25
 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 1.75

SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 4.328
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 5.006
NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON Tc = 5-MINUTE.
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.36
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.36

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 3111.00 TO NODE 3112.00 IS CODE = 51

>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<<
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<

=====

CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET)	=	330.00
REPRESENTATIVE CHANNEL SLOPE	=	0.0250
CHANNEL BASE(FEET)	=	10.00 "Z" FACTOR = 50.000
MANNING'S FACTOR	=	0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 2.00
CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA(CFS)	=	0.36
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.)	=	0.86 FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.04
TRAVEL TIME(MIN.)	=	6.42 Tc(MIN.) = 10.75
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE	3110.00 TO NODE	3112.00 = 400.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 3112.00 TO NODE 3113.00 IS CODE = 81

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<

=====

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR)	=	3.055
STREETS & ROADS (DITCHES) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT	=	.7100
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS	"D"	
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II)	=	93
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT	=	0.7100
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES)	=	14.70 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 31.89
TOTAL AREA(ACRES)	=	14.80 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 32.10
TC(MIN.)	=	10.75

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 0.00 IS CODE = 13

>>>>CLEAR THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<<<<<

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 3200.00 TO NODE 3201.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<

=====

STREETS & ROADS (DITCHES) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT	=	.7100
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS	"D"	
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II)	=	93
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET)	=	70.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET)	=	122.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET)	=	120.29
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET)	=	1.71
SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.)	=	4.361
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR)	=	5.006
NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON Tc	=	5-MINUTE.
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS)	=	0.36

TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.36

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 3201.00 TO NODE 3202.00 IS CODE = 51

>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<

=====

CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET)	=	830.00
REPRESENTATIVE CHANNEL SLOPE	=	0.0240
CHANNEL BASE (FEET)	=	10.00
"Z" FACTOR	=	50.000
MANNING'S FACTOR	=	0.030
MAXIMUM DEPTH (FEET)	=	2.00
CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA (CFS)	=	0.36
FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.)	=	0.86
FLOW DEPTH (FEET)	=	0.04
TRAVEL TIME (MIN.)	=	16.16
Tc (MIN.)	=	20.52
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 3200.00 TO NODE 3202.00	=	900.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 3202.00 TO NODE 3203.00 IS CODE = 81

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<

=====

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)	=	2.014
STREETS & ROADS (DITCHES) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT	=	.7100
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS	=	"D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II)	=	93
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT	=	0.7100
SUBAREA AREA (ACRES)	=	47.00
SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS)	=	67.20
TOTAL AREA (ACRES)	=	47.10
TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS)	=	67.34
TC (MIN.)	=	20.52

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 0.00 IS CODE = 13

>>>>CLEAR THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<<<<

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 3300.00 TO NODE 3301.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<

=====

STREETS & ROADS (DITCHES) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT	=	.7100
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS	=	"D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II)	=	93
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET)	=	70.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET)	=	108.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET)	=	106.13
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET)	=	1.87
SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW (MIN.)	=	4.233
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)	=	5.006
NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON Tc = 5-MINUTE.		
SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS)	=	0.36
TOTAL AREA (ACRES)	=	0.10
TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS)	=	0.36

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 3201.00 TO NODE 3202.00 IS CODE = 51


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-----
>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<
=====
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 230.00
REPRESENTATIVE CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0267
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 10.00 "Z" FACTOR = 50.000
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 2.00
CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA(CFS) = 0.36
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 0.86 FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.04
TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 4.48 Tc(MIN.) = 8.71
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 3300.00 TO NODE 3202.00 = 300.00 FEET.

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 3302.00 TO NODE 3303.00 IS CODE = 81
-----
>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<
=====
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.500
STREETS & ROADS (DITCHES) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .7100
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 93
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.7100
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 11.70 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 29.07
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 11.80 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 29.32
TC(MIN.) = 8.71

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 0.00 IS CODE = 13
-----
>>>>CLEAR THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<<<<
=====
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 3400.00 TO NODE 3401.00 IS CODE = 21
-----
>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<
=====
STREETS & ROADS (DITCHES) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .7100
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 93
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 70.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 118.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 116.20
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 1.80
SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 4.287
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 5.006
NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON Tc = 5-MINUTE.
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.36
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.36

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 3401.00 TO NODE 3402.00 IS CODE = 51
-----
>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<
=====

```

CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET) = 630.00
 REPRESENTATIVE CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0257
 CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 10.00 "Z" FACTOR = 50.000
 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH (FEET) = 2.00
 CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA (CFS) = 0.36
 FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 0.86 FLOW DEPTH (FEET) = 0.04
 TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 12.26 Tc (MIN.) = 16.55
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 3400.00 TO NODE 3402.00 = 700.00 FEET.

 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 3402.00 TO NODE 3408.00 IS CODE = 81

>>>> ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW <<<<

=====
 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.313
 STREETS & ROADS (DITCHES) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .7100
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 93
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.7100
 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 34.90 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 57.32
 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 35.00 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 57.48
 TC (MIN.) = 16.55

 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 0.00 IS CODE = 13

>>>> CLEAR THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY <<<<

 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 3500.00 TO NODE 3501.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>> RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS <<<<

=====
 STREETS & ROADS (DITCHES) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .7100
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 93
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 70.00
 UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 110.00
 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 108.25
 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 1.75
 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW (MIN.) = 4.328
 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 5.006
 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON Tc = 5-MINUTE.
 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 0.36
 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 0.36

 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 3501.00 TO NODE 3502.00 IS CODE = 51

>>>> COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW <<<<

>>>> TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<

=====
 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET) = 330.00
 REPRESENTATIVE CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0250
 CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 10.00 "Z" FACTOR = 50.000
 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH (FEET) = 2.00

CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA(CFS) = 0.36
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 0.86 FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.04
TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 6.42 Tc(MIN.) = 10.75
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 3500.00 TO NODE 3502.00 = 400.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 3502.00 TO NODE 3503.00 IS CODE = 81

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<
=====

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.055
STREETS & ROADS (DITCHES) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .7100
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 93
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.7100
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 16.40 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 35.57
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 16.50 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 35.79
TC(MIN.) = 10.75

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 0.00 IS CODE = 13

>>>>CLEAR THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<<<<
=====

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 3600.00 TO NODE 3601.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<
=====

STREETS & ROADS (DITCHES) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .7100
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 93
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 70.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 108.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 106.13
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 1.87
SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 4.233
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 5.006
NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON Tc = 5-MINUTE.
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.36
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.36

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 3601.00 TO NODE 3602.00 IS CODE = 51

>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<
=====

CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 230.00
REPRESENTATIVE CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0267
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 10.00 "Z" FACTOR = 50.000
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 2.00
CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA(CFS) = 0.36
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 0.86 FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.04
TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 4.48 Tc(MIN.) = 8.71
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 3600.00 TO NODE 3602.00 = 300.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 3602.00 TO NODE 3603.00 IS CODE = 81

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<
=====

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.500
STREETS & ROADS (DITCHES) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .7100
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 93
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.7100
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 12.10 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 30.06
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 12.20 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 30.31
TC(MIN.) = 8.71

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 0.00 IS CODE = 13

>>>>CLEAR THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<<<<
=====

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 3700.00 TO NODE 3701.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<
=====

STREETS & ROADS (DITCHES) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .7100
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 93
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 70.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 120.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 118.25
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 1.75
SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 4.328
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 5.006
NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON Tc = 5-MINUTE.
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.36
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.36

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 3701.00 TO NODE 3702.00 IS CODE = 51

>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<
=====

CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 730.00
REPRESENTATIVE CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0250
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 10.00 "Z" FACTOR = 50.000
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 2.00
CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA(CFS) = 0.36
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 0.86 FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.04
TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 14.21 Tc(MIN.) = 18.54
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 3700.00 TO NODE 3702.00 = 800.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 3702.00 TO NODE 3703.00 IS CODE = 81

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<

=====

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.150
STREETS & ROADS (DITCHES) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .7100
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 93
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.7100
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 46.00 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 70.22
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 46.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 70.37
TC(MIN.) = 18.54

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 0.00 IS CODE = 13

>>>>CLEAR THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<<<<

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 3800.00 TO NODE 3801.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<

=====

STREETS & ROADS (DITCHES) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .7100
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 93
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 70.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 125.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 123.25
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 1.75
SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 4.328
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 5.006
NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON Tc = 5-MINUTE.
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.36
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.36

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 3801.00 TO NODE 3802.00 IS CODE = 51

>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<

>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<

=====

CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 930.00
REPRESENTATIVE CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0250
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 10.00 "Z" FACTOR = 50.000
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 2.00
CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA(CFS) = 0.36
FLOW VELOCITY(FT/SEC.) = 0.86 FLOW DEPTH(FT) = 0.04
TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 18.10 Tc(MIN.) = 22.43
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 3800.00 TO NODE 3802.00 = 1000.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 3802.00 TO NODE 3803.00 IS CODE = 81

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<

=====

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 1.901
STREETS & ROADS (DITCHES) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .7100

SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 93
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.7100
 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 51.30 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 69.25
 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 51.40 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 69.38
 TC (MIN.) = 22.43

 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 0.00 IS CODE = 13

>>>>CLEAR THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<<<<<
 =====

 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2100.00 TO NODE 2101.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<
 =====

STREETS & ROADS (DITCHES) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .7100
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 93
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 70.00
 UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 128.00
 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 126.22
 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 1.78
 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW (MIN.) = 4.303
 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 5.006
 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON Tc = 5-MINUTE.
 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 0.36
 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 0.36

 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2101.00 TO NODE 2102.00 IS CODE = 51

>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<<
 >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<
 =====

CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET) = 1030.00
 REPRESENTATIVE CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0255
 CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 10.00 "Z" FACTOR = 50.000
 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH (FEET) = 2.00
 CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA (CFS) = 0.36
 FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 0.86 FLOW DEPTH (FEET) = 0.04
 TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 20.05 Tc (MIN.) = 24.35
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 2100.00 TO NODE 2102.00 = 1100.00 FEET.

 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2102.00 TO NODE 2103.00 IS CODE = 81

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<
 =====

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 1.803
 STREETS & ROADS (DITCHES) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .7100
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 93
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.7100
 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 33.20 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 42.50

TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 33.30 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 42.63
TC(MIN.) = 24.35

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 0.00 IS CODE = 13

>>>>CLEAR THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<<<<

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2200.00 TO NODE 2201.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<

STREETS & ROADS (DITCHES) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .7100
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 93
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 70.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 163.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 161.24
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 1.76
SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 4.319
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 5.006
NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON Tc = 5-MINUTE.
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.36
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.36

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2201.00 TO NODE 2202.00 IS CODE = 51

>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<

CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 2430.00
REPRESENTATIVE CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0252
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 10.00 "Z" FACTOR = 50.000
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 2.00
CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA(CFS) = 0.36
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 0.86 FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.04
TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 47.30 Tc(MIN.) = 51.62
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 2200.00 TO NODE 2202.00 = 2500.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2202.00 TO NODE 2203.00 IS CODE = 81

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 1.111
STREETS & ROADS (DITCHES) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .7100
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 93
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.7100
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 126.10 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 99.43
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 126.20 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 99.51
TC(MIN.) = 51.62

```

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE      0.00 TO NODE      0.00 IS CODE =  13
-----
>>>>>CLEAR THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<<<<<
=====
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE      2180.00 TO NODE      2181.00 IS CODE =  21
-----
>>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<
=====
STREETS & ROADS (DITCHES) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .7100
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) =  93
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) =      70.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) =      130.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) =      128.25
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) =       1.75
SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) =      4.328
  100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) =  5.006
NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON Tc = 5-MINUTE.
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =       0.36
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =       0.10   TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =       0.36
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE      2181.00 TO NODE      2182.00 IS CODE =  51
-----
>>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<<
>>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<
=====
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) =  1130.00
REPRESENTATIVE CHANNEL SLOPE =  0.0250
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) =  10.00   "Z" FACTOR =  50.000
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030   MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) =  2.00
CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA(CFS) =       0.36
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) =  0.86   FLOW DEPTH(FEET) =  0.04
TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) =  22.00   Tc(MIN.) =  26.32
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE      2180.00 TO NODE      2182.00 =  1200.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE      2182.00 TO NODE      2183.00 IS CODE =  81
-----
>>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<
=====
  100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) =  1.715
STREETS & ROADS (DITCHES) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .7100
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) =  93
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.7100
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) =  97.00   SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =  118.10
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =  97.10   TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =  118.22
TC(MIN.) =  26.32
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE      0.00 TO NODE      0.00 IS CODE =  13
-----
>>>>>CLEAR THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<<<<<
=====

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FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2190.00 TO NODE 2191.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<

=====

STREETS & ROADS (DITCHES) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT	=	.7100
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"		
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II)	=	93
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET)	=	70.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET)	=	110.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET)	=	108.25
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET)	=	1.75
SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW (MIN.)	=	4.328
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)	=	5.006
NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON Tc	=	5-MINUTE.
SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS)	=	0.36
TOTAL AREA (ACRES)	=	0.10
TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS)	=	0.36

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2191.00 TO NODE 2192.00 IS CODE = 51

>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<<
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<

=====

CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET)	=	330.00
REPRESENTATIVE CHANNEL SLOPE	=	0.0250
CHANNEL BASE (FEET)	=	10.00
"Z" FACTOR	=	50.000
MANNING'S FACTOR	=	0.030
MAXIMUM DEPTH (FEET)	=	2.00
CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA (CFS)	=	0.36
FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.)	=	0.86
FLOW DEPTH (FEET)	=	0.04
TRAVEL TIME (MIN.)	=	6.42
Tc (MIN.)	=	10.75
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 2190.00 TO NODE 2192.00	=	400.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2192.00 TO NODE 2193.00 IS CODE = 81

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<

=====

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)	=	3.055
STREETS & ROADS (DITCHES) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT	=	.7100
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"		
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II)	=	93
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT	=	0.7100
SUBAREA AREA (ACRES)	=	27.60
SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS)	=	59.87
TOTAL AREA (ACRES)	=	27.70
TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS)	=	60.09
TC (MIN.)	=	10.75

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 0.00 IS CODE = 13

>>>>CLEAR THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<<<<<

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2300.00 TO NODE 2301.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<

```
=====
STREETS & ROADS (DITCHES) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .7100
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 93
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 70.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 113.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 111.25
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 1.75
SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 4.328
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 5.006
NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON Tc = 5-MINUTE.
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.36
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.36
=====
```

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2301.00 TO NODE 2302.00 IS CODE = 51

>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<<
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<

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=====
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 450.00
REPRESENTATIVE CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0250
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 10.00 "Z" FACTOR = 50.000
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 2.00
CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA(CFS) = 0.36
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 0.86 FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.04
TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 8.76 Tc(MIN.) = 13.09
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 2300.00 TO NODE 2302.00 = 520.00 FEET.
=====
```

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2302.00 TO NODE 2303.00 IS CODE = 81

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<

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=====
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.691
STREETS & ROADS (DITCHES) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .7100
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 93
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.7100
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 20.00 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 38.22
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 20.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 38.41
TC(MIN.) = 13.09
=====
```

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 0.00 IS CODE = 13

>>>>CLEAR THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<<<<<

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2400.00 TO NODE 2401.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<

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=====
STREETS & ROADS (DITCHES) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .7100
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
=====
```


S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 93
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 70.00
 UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 122.00
 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 120.29
 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 1.71
 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW (MIN.) = 4.361
 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 5.006
 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON Tc = 5-MINUTE.
 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 0.36
 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 0.36

 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2401.00 TO NODE 2402.00 IS CODE = 51

>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<
 >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<

=====
 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET) = 830.00
 REPRESENTATIVE CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0244
 CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 10.00 "Z" FACTOR = 50.000
 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH (FEET) = 2.00
 CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA (CFS) = 0.36
 FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 0.86 FLOW DEPTH (FEET) = 0.04
 TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 16.16 Tc (MIN.) = 20.52
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 2400.00 TO NODE 2402.00 = 900.00 FEET.
 :

 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2402.00 TO NODE 2403.00 IS CODE = 81

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<

=====
 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.014
 STREETS & ROADS (DITCHES) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .7100
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 93
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.7100
 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 67.70 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 96.79
 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 67.80 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 96.94
 TC (MIN.) = 20.52

 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 0.00 IS CODE = 13

>>>>CLEAR THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<<<<

 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2500.00 TO NODE 2501.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<

=====
 STREETS & ROADS (DITCHES) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .7100
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 93
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 70.00
 UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 130.00
 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 128.25

ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 1.75
SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW (MIN.) = 4.328
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 5.006
NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON Tc = 5-MINUTE.
SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 0.36
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 0.36

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2501.00 TO NODE 2502.00 IS CODE = 51

>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<

=====

CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET)	=	1130.00
REPRESENTATIVE CHANNEL SLOPE	=	0.0250
CHANNEL BASE (FEET)	=	10.00 "Z" FACTOR = 50.000
MANNING'S FACTOR	=	0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH (FEET) = 2.00
CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA (CFS)	=	0.36
FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.)	=	0.86 FLOW DEPTH (FEET) = 0.04
TRAVEL TIME (MIN.)	=	22.00 Tc (MIN.) = 26.32
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE	2500.00 TO NODE	2502.00 = 1200.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2502.00 TO NODE 2503.00 IS CODE = 81

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<

=====

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)	=	1.715
STREETS & ROADS (DITCHES) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT	=	.7100
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS	"D"	
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II)	=	93
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT	=	0.7100
SUBAREA AREA (ACRES)	=	40.70 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 49.55
TOTAL AREA (ACRES)	=	40.80 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 49.67
TC (MIN.)	=	26.32

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 0.00 IS CODE = 13

>>>>CLEAR THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<<<<

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2600.00 TO NODE 2601.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<

=====

STREETS & ROADS (DITCHES) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT	=	.7100
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS	"D"	
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II)	=	93
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET)	=	70.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET)	=	130.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET)	=	128.25
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET)	=	1.75
SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW (MIN.)	=	4.328
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)	=	5.006
NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON Tc	=	5-MINUTE.

SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.36
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.36

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2601.00 TO NODE 2602.00 IS CODE = 51

>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<

=====

CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 1130.00
REPRESENTATIVE CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0250
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 10.00 "Z" FACTOR = 50.000
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 2.00
CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA(CFS) = 0.36
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 0.86 FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.04
TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 22.00 Tc(MIN.) = 26.32
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 2600.00 TO NODE 2602.00 = 1200.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2602.00 TO NODE 2603.00 IS CODE = 81

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<

=====

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 1.715
STREETS & ROADS (DITCHES) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .7100
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 93
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.7100
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 34.70 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 42.25
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 34.80 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 42.37
TC(MIN.) = 26.32

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 0.00 IS CODE = 13

>>>>CLEAR THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<<<<

=====

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2700.00 TO NODE 2701.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<

=====

STREETS & ROADS (DITCHES) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .7100
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 93
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 70.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 105.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 103.25
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 1.75
SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 4.328
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 5.006
NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON Tc = 5-MINUTE.
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.36
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.36

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2701.00 TO NODE 2702.00 IS CODE = 51

>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<<
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<

=====

CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET)	=	130.00
REPRESENTATIVE CHANNEL SLOPE	=	0.0250
CHANNEL BASE (FEET)	=	10.00
"Z" FACTOR	=	50.000
MANNING'S FACTOR	=	0.030
MAXIMUM DEPTH (FEET)	=	2.00
CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA (CFS)	=	0.36
FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.)	=	0.86
FLOW DEPTH (FEET)	=	0.04
TRAVEL TIME (MIN.)	=	2.53
Tc (MIN.)	=	6.86
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 2700.00 TO NODE 2702.00	=	200.00 FEET.

i

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2702.00 TO NODE 2703.00 IS CODE = 81

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<

=====

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)	=	4.083
STREETS & ROADS (DITCHES) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT	=	.7100
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS	=	"D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II)	=	93
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT	=	0.7100
SUBAREA AREA (ACRES)	=	14.80
SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS)	=	42.90
TOTAL AREA (ACRES)	=	14.90
TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS)	=	43.19
TC (MIN.)	=	6.86

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 0.00 IS CODE = 13

>>>>CLEAR THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<<<<<

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2800.00 TO NODE 2801.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<

=====

STREETS & ROADS (DITCHES) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT	=	.7100
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS	=	"D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II)	=	93
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET)	=	70.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET)	=	128.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET)	=	26.22
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET)	=	101.78
SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW (MIN.)	=	2.726
WARNING: THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW SLOPE, 10.%, IS USED IN Tc CALCULATION!		
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)	=	5.006
NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON Tc = 5-MINUTE.		
SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS)	=	0.36
TOTAL AREA (ACRES)	=	0.10
TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS)	=	0.36

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2801.00 TO NODE 2802.00 IS CODE = 51

>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<<

>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<

=====

CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET) = 1030.00
REPRESENTATIVE CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0250
CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 10.00 "Z" FACTOR = 50.000
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH (FEET) = 2.00
CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA (CFS) = 0.36
FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 0.86 FLOW DEPTH (FEET) = 0.04
TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 20.05 Tc (MIN.) = 22.78
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 2800.00 TO NODE 2802.00 = 1100.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2802.00 TO NODE 2803.00 IS CODE = 81

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<

=====

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 1.883
STREETS & ROADS (DITCHES) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .7100
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 93
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.7100
SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 81.20 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 108.53
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 81.30 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 108.67
TC (MIN.) = 22.78

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 0.00 IS CODE = 13

>>>>CLEAR THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<<<<<

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2900.00 TO NODE 2901.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<

=====

STREETS & ROADS (DITCHES) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .7100
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 93
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 70.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 118.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 116.20
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 1.80
SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW (MIN.) = 4.287
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 5.006
NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON Tc = 5-MINUTE.
SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 0.36
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 0.36

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2901.00 TO NODE 2902.00 IS CODE = 51

>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<<

>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<

=====

CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET) = 630.00
REPRESENTATIVE CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0250

CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 10.00 "Z" FACTOR = 50.000
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 2.00
CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA(CFS) = 0.36
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 0.86 FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.04
TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 12.26 Tc(MIN.) = 16.55
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 2900.00 TO NODE 2902.00 = 700.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2902.00 TO NODE 2903.00 IS CODE = 81

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<

=====

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR)	=	2.313
STREETS & ROADS (DITCHES) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT	=	.7100
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"		
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II)	=	93
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT	=	0.7100
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES)	=	36.80
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS)	=	60.44
TOTAL AREA(ACRES)	=	36.90
TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS)	=	60.60
TC(MIN.)	=	16.55

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 0.00 IS CODE = 13

>>>>CLEAR THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<<<<

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2910.00 TO NODE 2911.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<

=====

STREETS & ROADS (DITCHES) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT	=	.7100
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"		
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II)	=	93
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET)	=	70.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET)	=	108.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET)	=	106.25
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET)	=	1.75
SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.)	=	4.328
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR)	=	5.006
NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON Tc = 5-MINUTE.		
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS)	=	0.36
TOTAL AREA(ACRES)	=	0.10
TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS)	=	0.36

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2911.00 TO NODE 2912.00 IS CODE = 51

>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<

=====

CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET)	=	230.00
REPRESENTATIVE CHANNEL SLOPE	=	0.0250
CHANNEL BASE(FEET)	=	10.00
"Z" FACTOR	=	50.000
MANNING'S FACTOR	=	0.030
MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET)	=	2.00
CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA(CFS)	=	0.36
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.)	=	0.86
FLOW DEPTH(FEET)	=	0.04

TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 4.48 Tc(MIN.) = 8.80
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 2910.00 TO NODE 2912.00 = 300.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2912.00 TO NODE 2913.00 IS CODE = 81

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<

=====

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR)	=	3.475
STREETS & ROADS (DITCHES) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT	=	.7100
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"		
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II)	=	93
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT	=	0.7100
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES)	=	12.80
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS)	=	31.58
TOTAL AREA(ACRES)	=	12.90
TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS)	=	31.83
TC(MIN.)	=	8.80

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 0.00 IS CODE = 13

>>>>CLEAR THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<<<<<

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2100.00 TO NODE 2101.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<

=====

STREETS & ROADS (DITCHES) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT	=	.7100
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"		
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II)	=	93
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET)	=	70.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET)	=	160.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET)	=	158.25
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET)	=	1.75
SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.)	=	4.328
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR)	=	5.006
NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON Tc = 5-MINUTE.		
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS)	=	0.36
TOTAL AREA(ACRES)	=	0.10
TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS)	=	0.36

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2101.00 TO NODE 2102.00 IS CODE = 51

>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<<
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<

=====

CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET)	=	2330.00
REPRESENTATIVE CHANNEL SLOPE	=	0.0250
CHANNEL BASE(FEET)	=	10.00
"Z" FACTOR	=	50.000
MANNING'S FACTOR	=	0.030
MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET)	=	2.00
CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA(CFS)	=	0.36
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.)	=	0.86
FLOW DEPTH(FEET)	=	0.04
TRAVEL TIME(MIN.)	=	45.35
Tc(MIN.)	=	49.68
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 2100.00 TO NODE 2102.00	=	2400.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2102.00 TO NODE 2103.00 IS CODE = 81

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 1.138
STREETS & ROADS (DITCHES) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .7100
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 93
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.7100
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 128.30 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 103.70
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 128.40 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 103.78
TC(MIN.) = 49.68

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 0.00 IS CODE = 13

>>>>CLEAR THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<<<<

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2110.00 TO NODE 2111.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<

STREETS & ROADS (DITCHES) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .7100
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 93
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(Feet) = 70.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(Feet) = 143.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(Feet) = 141.25
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(Feet) = 1.75
SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 4.328
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 5.006
NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON Tc = 5-MINUTE.
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.36
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.36

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2111.00 TO NODE 2112.00 IS CODE = 51

>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<

>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<

CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(Feet) = 1630.00
REPRESENTATIVE CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0250
CHANNEL BASE(Feet) = 10.00 "Z" FACTOR = 50.000
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(Feet) = 2.00
CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA(CFS) = 0.36
FLOW VELOCITY(Feet/Sec.) = 0.86 FLOW DEPTH(Feet) = 0.04
TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 31.73 Tc(MIN.) = 36.06
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 2110.00 TO NODE 2112.00 = 1700.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2112.00 TO NODE 2113.00 IS CODE = 81

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 1.400
 STREETS & ROADS (DITCHES) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .7100
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 93
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.7100
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 275.50 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 273.81
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 275.60 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 273.91
 TC(MIN.) = 36.06

 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 0.00 IS CODE = 13

>>>>CLEAR THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<<<<
 =====

 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2120.00 TO NODE 2121.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<
 =====

STREETS & ROADS (DITCHES) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .7100
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 93
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 70.00
 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 113.00
 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 111.25
 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 1.75
 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 4.328
 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 5.006
 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON Tc = 5-MINUTE.
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.36
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.36
 ;

 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2121.00 TO NODE 2122.00 IS CODE = 51

>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<
 >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<
 =====

CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 430.00
 REPRESENTATIVE CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0250
 CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 10.00 "Z" FACTOR = 50.000
 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 2.00
 CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA(CFS) = 0.36
 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 0.86 FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.04
 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 8.37 Tc(MIN.) = 12.70
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 2120.00 TO NODE 2122.00 = 500.00 FEET.

 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2122.00 TO NODE 2123.00 IS CODE = 81

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<
 =====

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.744
 STREETS & ROADS (DITCHES) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .7100
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 93

AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.7100
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 23.50 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 45.79
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 23.60 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 45.98
TC(MIN.) = 12.70

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 0.00 IS CODE = 13

>>>>CLEAR THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<<<<
=====

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2130.00 TO NODE 2131.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<
=====

STREETS & ROADS (DITCHES) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .7100
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 93
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 70.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 115.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 113.25
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 1.75
SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 4.328
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 5.006
NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON Tc = 5-MINUTE.
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.36
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.36

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2131.00 TO NODE 2132.00 IS CODE = 51

>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<
=====

CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 530.00
REPRESENTATIVE CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0250
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 10.00 "Z" FACTOR = 50.000
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 2.00
CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA(CFS) = 0.36
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 0.86 FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.04
TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 10.32 Tc(MIN.) = 14.64
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 2130.00 TO NODE 2132.00 = 600.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2132.00 TO NODE 2133.00 IS CODE = 81

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<
=====

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.503
STREETS & ROADS (DITCHES) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .7100
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 93
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.7100
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 61.40 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 109.12
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 61.50 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 109.30
TC(MIN.) = 14.64


```

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE      0.00 TO NODE      0.00 IS CODE =  13
-----
>>>>>CLEAR THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<<<<<
=====

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE      2140.00 TO NODE      2141.00 IS CODE =  21
-----
>>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<
=====
STREETS & ROADS (DITCHES) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .7100
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) =  93
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) =      70.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) =      125.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) =      123.25
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) =        1.75
SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) =      4.328
  100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) =  5.006
NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON Tc = 5-MINUTE.
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =        0.36
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =        0.10  TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =        0.36

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE      2141.00 TO NODE      2142.00 IS CODE =  51
-----
>>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<<
>>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<
=====
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) =  930.00
REPRESENTATIVE CHANNEL SLOPE =  0.0250
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) =  10.00  "Z" FACTOR =  50.000
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030  MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) =  2.00
CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA(CFS) =        0.36
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) =  0.86  FLOW DEPTH(FEET) =  0.04
TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) =  18.10  Tc(MIN.) =  22.43
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE  2140.00 TO NODE  2142.00 =  1000.00 FEET.

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE      2142.00 TO NODE      2143.00 IS CODE =  81
-----
>>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<
=====
  100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) =  1.901
STREETS & ROADS (DITCHES) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .7100
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) =  93
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.7100
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) =  48.30  SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =  65.20
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =  48.40  TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =  65.33
TC(MIN.) =  22.43

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE      0.00 TO NODE      0.00 IS CODE =  13
-----

```

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2160.00 TO NODE 2161.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<

STREETS & ROADS (DITCHES) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .7100
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 93
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 70.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 160.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 158.25
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 1.75
SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 4.328
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 5.006
NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON Tc = 5-MINUTE.
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.36
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.36

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2161.00 TO NODE 2162.00 IS CODE = 51

>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<

CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 2330.00
REPRESENTATIVE CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0250
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) := 10.00 "Z" FACTOR = 50.000
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 2.00
CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA(CFS) = 0.36
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 0.86 FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.04
TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 45.35 Tc(MIN.) = 49.68
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 2160.00 TO NODE 2162.00 = 2400.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2162.00 TO NODE 2163.00 IS CODE = 81

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 1.138
STREETS & ROADS (DITCHES) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .7100
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 93
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.7100
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 121.60 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 98.28
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 121.70 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 98.36
TC(MIN.) = 49.68

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 0.00 IS CODE = 13

>>>>CLEAR THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<<<<

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2170.00 TO NODE 2171.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<

STREETS & ROADS (DITCHES) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .7100
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 93
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 70.00
 UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 175.00
 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 173.25
 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 1.75
 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW (MIN.) = 4.328
 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 5.006
 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON Tc = 5-MINUTE.
 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 0.36
 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 0.36

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2171.00 TO NODE 2172.00 IS CODE = 51

>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<
 >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<

=====

CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET) = 2930.00
 REPRESENTATIVE CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0250
 CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 10.00 "Z" FACTOR = 50.000
 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH (FEET) = 2.00
 CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA (CFS) = 0.36
 FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 0.86 FLOW DEPTH (FEET) = 0.04
 TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 57.03 Tc (MIN.) = 61.36
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 2170.00 TO NODE 2172.00 = 3000.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2172.00 TO NODE 2173.00 IS CODE = 81

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<

=====

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 0.993
 STREETS & ROADS (DITCHES) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .7100
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 93
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.7100
 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 60.20 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 42.46
 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 60.30 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 42.53
 TC (MIN.) = 61.36

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 0.00 IS CODE = 13

>>>>CLEAR THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<<<<

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 9990.00 TO NODE 9991.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<

=====

STREETS & ROADS (DITCHES) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .7100
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 93
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 70.00

UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1300.00
 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1298.25
 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 1.75
 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW (MIN.) = 4.328
 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 5.006
 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON T_c = 5-MINUTE.
 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 0.36
 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 0.36

 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 9991.00 TO NODE 9992.00 IS CODE = 51

>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<
 >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<

=====
 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET) = 9930.00
 REPRESENTATIVE CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0300
 CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 10.00 "Z" FACTOR = 50.000
 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH (FEET) = 2.00
 CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA (CFS) = 0.36
 FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 0.86 FLOW DEPTH (FEET) = 0.04
 TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 193.29 T_c (MIN.) = 197.62
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 9990.00 TO NODE 9992.00 = 10000.00 FEET.

 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 9992.00 TO NODE 9993.00 IS CODE = 81

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<

=====
 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 0.467
 STREETS & ROADS (DITCHES) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .7100
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 93
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.7100
 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 774.70 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 256.98
 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 774.80 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 257.02
 T_c (MIN.) = 197.62

=====

END OF STUDY SUMMARY:
 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 774.80 T_c (MIN.) = 197.62
 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 257.02

=====

END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

Appendix B

- HEC-1 Model


```

*****
*
* FLOOD HYDROGRAPH PACKAGE (HEC-1)
* ENGINEERS
* JUN 1998
* CENTER
* VERSION 4.1
* STREET
* 95616
* RUN DATE 21DEC04 TIME 07:23:00
*
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*
* U.S. ARMY CORPS OF
* HYDROLOGIC ENGINEERING
* 609 SECOND
* DAVIS, CALIFORNIA
* (916) 756-1104
*

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X X XXXXXXX XXXXX X
X X X X X XX
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XXXXXX XXXX X XXXXX X
X X X X X X
X X X X X X
X X XXXXXXX XXXXX XXX

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THIS PROGRAM REPLACES ALL PREVIOUS VERSIONS OF HEC-1 KNOWN AS HEC1 (JAN 73), HEC1GS, HEC1DB, AND HEC1KW.

THE DEFINITIONS OF VARIABLES -RTIMP- AND -RTIOR- HAVE CHANGED FROM THOSE USED WITH THE 1973-STYLE INPUT

STRUCTURE. THE DEFINITION OF -AMSK- ON RM-CARD WAS CHANGED WITH REVISIONS DATED 28 SEP 81. THIS IS THE FORTRAN77

VERSION

NEW OPTIONS: DAMBREAK OUTFLOW SUBMERGENCE, SINGLE EVENT DAMAGE CALCULATION, DSS:WRITE STAGE FREQUENCY,
 DSS:READ TIME SERIES AT DESIRED CALCULATION INTERVAL. LOSS RATE:GREEN AND AMPT INFILTRATION
 KINEMATIC WAVE: NEW FINITE DIFFERENCE ALGORITHM

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1
*
* HEC-1 INPUT
*
* BINE ID.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10
*
* *DIAGRAM
* ID .....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10
* ID
* ID *****
* ID OTAY MESA HYDROLOGY *****
* ID
* ID KIMLEY-HORN AND ASSOCIATES, INC.
* ID 100 YEAR, 6 HOUR STORM EVENT
* ID FILE: IN*9300WDB-SD-IN2.TXT OUT 9300WDB-015
* ID LSM 8-31-98, MODIFIED 7-27-99 BY SLM
* ID
* IT 2 300
* IO 0
*
* 14 KK A1 RUNOFF HYDROGRAPH
* 15 BA 0.075
* 16 PB 2.95
* 17 PI 0.0024 0.0024 0.0024 0.0024 0.0024 0.0024 0.0024 0.0024 0.0024 0.0024
* 18 PI 0.0024 0.0024 0.0024 0.0024 0.0024 0.0031 0.0031 0.0031 0.0031 0.0031
* 19 PI 0.0031 0.0031 0.0031 0.0031 0.0031 0.0031 0.0031 0.0031 0.0031 0.0031
* 20 PI 0.0037 0.0037 0.0037 0.0037 0.0037 0.0037 0.0037 0.0037 0.0037 0.0037
* 21 PI 0.0037 0.0037 0.0037 0.0037 0.0037 0.0047 0.0047 0.0047 0.0053 0.0053
* 22 PI 0.0053 0.0057 0.0057 0.0057 0.0057 0.0067 0.0067 0.0067 0.0083 0.0083
* 23 PI 0.0150 0.0180 0.0270 0.0380 0.0440 0.0420 0.0360 0.0280 0.0220 0.0220
* 24 PI 0.0200 0.0180 0.0160 0.0140 0.0110 0.0083 0.0083 0.0083 0.0077 0.0077
* 25 PI 0.0077 0.0073 0.0073 0.0073 0.0067 0.0067 0.0067 0.0053 0.0053 0.0053
* 26 PI 0.0048 0.0048 0.0048 0.0048 0.0048 0.0048 0.0048 0.0048 0.0048 0.0048
* 27 PI 0.0048 0.0048 0.0048 0.0048 0.0048 0.0038 0.0038 0.0038 0.0038 0.0038
* 28 PI 0.0038 0.0038 0.0038 0.0038 0.0038 0.0038 0.0038 0.0038 0.0038 0.0038
* 29 PI 0.0032 0.0032 0.0032 0.0032 0.0032 0.0032 0.0032 0.0032 0.0032 0.0032
* 30 PI 0.0032 0.0032 0.0032 0.0032 0.0032 0.0028 0.0028 0.0028 0.0028 0.0028
* 31 PI 0.0028 0.0028 0.0028 0.0028 0.0028 0.0028 0.0028 0.0028 0.0028 0.0028
* 32 PI 0.0025 0.0025 0.0025 0.0025 0.0025 0.0025 0.0025 0.0025 0.0025 0.0025
* 33 PI 0.0025 0.0025 0.0025 0.0025 0.0025 0.0025 0.0025 0.0025 0.0025 0.0025
* 34 PI 0.0024 0.0024 0.0024 0.0024 0.0024 0.0024 0.0024 0.0024 0.0024 0.0024
* 35 LS 83.9
* 36 UD 0.140
*
* 37 KK A7 RUNOFF HYDROGRAPH
* 38 BA 0.033
* 39 PB 2.90
* 40 LS 88.8
* 41 UD 0.062
*
* 42 KK 01 RUNOFF HYDROGRAPH
* 43 BA 0.228
* 44 PB 2.90
* 45 LS 83.9
* 46 UD 0.262

```

LINE	ID	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
47	KK	CP-01	COMBINE HYDROGRAPHS FROM A1, A7, AND 01									
48	HC	3										
49	KK	CP-A15	ROUTE FROM CP 01									
50	RK	1800	0.009	0.20		TRAP	100	20				
51	KK	A5	RUNOFF HYDROGRAPH									
52	BA	0.062										
53	PB	3.00										
54	LS		83.9									
55	UD	0.062										
56	KK	CP-A10	ROUTE FROM A5									
57	RK	1320	0.003	0.013		TRAP	35	0				
58	KK	A10	RUNOFF HYDROGRAPH									
59	BA	0.082										
60	PB	2.90										
61	LS		88.8									
62	UD	0.042										
63	KK	CP-A10	COMBINE HYDROGRAPHS FROM A5 AND A10									
64	HC	2										
65	KK	CP-A15	ROUTE FROM CP A10									
66	RK	1320	0.011	0.017		TRAP	50	20				
67	KK	A15	RUNOFF HYDROGRAPH									
68	BA	0.098										
69	PB	2.80										
70	LS		89.9									
71	UD	0.087										
72	KK	CP-A15	COMBINE HYDROGRAPHS FROM CP-01, CP-A10, AND A15									
73	HC	3										
74	KK	CP-A20	ROUTE FROM CP-A15									
75	RK	3400	0.006	0.020		TRAP	200	20				
76	KK	05	RUNOFF HYDROGRAPH FROM 05									
77	BA	0.097										
78	PB	2.75										
79	LS		83.9									
80	UD	0.080										
81	KK	CP-A20	ROUTE FROM 05									
82	RK	3500	0.006	0.020		TRAP	200	20				
83	KK	A20	RUNOFF HYDROGRAPH									
84	BA	0.254										
85	PB	2.75										
86	LS		88.4									
87	UD	0.184										

HEC-1 INPUT

PAGE 3

LINE	ID	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
88	KK	A25	RUNOFF FROM A25									
89	BA	0.030										
90	PB	2.60										
91	LS		88.4									
92	UD	0.076										
93	KK	A27	RUNOFF HYDROGRAPH									
94	BA	0.021										
95	PB	2.60										
96	LS		93.8									
97	UD	0.041										
98	KK	CP-A20	COMBINE HYDROGRAPHS FROM CP-A15, 05, A25, A27, AND A20									
99	HC	5										
100	KK	CP-A25	ROUTE FROM CP-A20									
101	RK	1200	0.005	0.02		TRAP	20	2				
102	KK	A23	RUNOFF HYDROGRAPH FROM A23									
103	BA	0.051										
104	PB	2.60										
105	LS		93.8									
106	UD	0.058										
107	KK	CP-A25	ROUTE FROM A23									
108	RK	525	0.005	0.013		CIRC	3.5					
109	KK	CP-A25	COMBINE HYDROGRAPHS FROM A23, CP-A20									
110	HC	2										
111	KK	CP-A30	ROUTE FROM CP-A25									
112	RK	1100	0.005	0.020		TRAP	20	2				
113	KK	025	RUNOFF HYDROGRAPH									
114	BA	0.134										
115	PB	2.60										
116	LS		83.9									
117	UD	0.228										
118	KK	020	RUNOFF HYDROGRAPH									

119 BA 0.263
 120 PB 2.70
 121 LS 83.9
 122 UD 0.294
 123 KK CP-030 ROUTE FROM 020
 124 RK 900 0.001 0.020 TRAP 200 20
 125 KK 030 RUNOFF HYDROGRAPH
 126 BA 0.129
 127 PB 2.50
 128 LS 83.9
 129 UD 0.258

HEC-1 INPUT

PAGE 4

LINE ID.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10

130 KK CP-030 COMBINE HYDROGRAPHS FROM 025, 020 AND 030
 131 HC 3
 132 KK CP-045 ROUTE FROM 030
 133 RK 600 0.007 0.030 TRAP 70 0
 134 KK 045 RUNOFF HYDROGRAPH
 135 BA 0.079
 136 PB 2.50
 137 LS 93.8
 138 UD 0.137
 139 KK CP-045 COMBINE HYDROGRAPHS FROM 045, CP-030
 140 HC 2
 141 KK CP-050 ROUTE FROM CP-045
 142 RK 2100 0.007 0.015 TRAP 70 0
 143 KK 057 RUNOFF HYDROGRAPH
 144 BA 0.527
 145 PB 2.45
 146 LS 93.8
 147 UD 0.171
 148 KK CP-050
 149 RK 5900 0.007 0.015 TRAP 70 0
 150 KK 050 RUNOFF HYDROGRAPH
 151 BA 0.463
 152 PB 2.45
 153 LS 93.8
 154 UD 0.185
 155 KK CP-050 COMBINE HYDROGRAPHS FROM CP-045, 057, 050
 156 HC 3
 157 KK CP-010 ROUTE FROM CP-050
 158 RK 1000 0.007 0.015
 159 KK 010 RUNOFF HYDROGRAPH
 160 BA 0.081
 161 PB 2.75
 162 LS 83.9
 163 UD 0.087
 164 KK CP-010 COMBINE HYDROGRAPHS FROM 010, CP-050
 165 HC 83.9
 166 KK CP-036 ROUTE FROM CP-010
 167 RK 2100 0.007 0.015 TRAP 70 0

HEC-1 INPUT

PAGE 5

LINE ID.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10

168 KK 036 RUNOFF HYDROGRAPH
 169 BA 0.116
 170 PB 2.60
 171 LS 93.8
 172 UD 0.088
 173 KK 060
 174 BA 0.146
 175 PB 2.40
 176 LS 84.2
 177 UD 0.086
 178 KK CP-036 ROUTE FROM CP-060
 179 RK 500 0.007 0.015 TRAP 30 0
 180 KK CP-036 COMBINE HYDROGRAPHS FROM 060, 036, CP-010
 181 HC 3
 182 KK CP-A30 ROUTE FROM CP-036
 183 RK 1700 0.002 0.002 0.040 TRAP 30 0
 184 KK A30 RUNOFF HYDROGRAPH
 185 BA 0.070
 186 PB 2.50
 187 LS 90.5
 188 UD 0.083
 189 KK CP-A30 COMBINE HYDROGRAPHS FROM A30, CP-036, CP-A25

190 HC 3

191 KK CP-A31 ROUTE FROM CP-A30

192 RK 1000 0.002 0.040 TRAP 30 0

193 KK A28 RUNOFF HYDROGRAPH

194 BA 0.021

195 PB 2.60

196 LS 93.8

197 UD 0.041

198 KK CP-A31 RUNOFF HYDROGRAPH

199 RK 1200 0.005 0.02 TRAP 10 2

200 KK A31 RUNOFF HYDROGRAPH

201 BA 0.047

202 PB 2.60

203 LS 93.8

204 UD 0.063

205 KK CP-A31 COMBINE HYDROGRAPHS FROM CP-A30, A28, A31

206 HC 3

1 HEC-1 INPUT PAGE 6

LINE ID.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10

207 KK CP-S1A ROUTE FROM CP-A31

208 RK 2600 0.002 0.040 TRAP 30 2

209 KK B10

210 KM BASIN 10

211 BA .0067

212 PB 2.0

213 LS 0 91 61

214 UD .004

215 KK B20

216 KM BASIN 20

217 BA .0055

218 LS 0 89 52

219 UD .007

220 KK C12 COMBINE B10 & B20

221 HC 2

222 KK C2 ROUTE CHANNEL NUMBER 2

223 UK 150 .020 .08 100

224 RK 620 .005 .035 TRAP 30 4

225 KK B30

226 KM BASIN 30

227 BA .0052

228 LS 0 89 43

229 UD .005

230 KK C23 COMBINE B20 OUT & B30

231 HC 2

232 KK C3 ROUTE CHANNEL NUMBER 3

233 RK 1100 .005 .035 TRAP 30 4

234 KK B40

235 KP 1

236 KM BASIN 40

237 BA .0942

238 LS 0 91 60

239 UD .024

240 KK SD43 ROUTE B40 THROUGH B30: STORM DRAIN

241 UK 1050 .020 .08 100

242 RK 800 .015 .015 CIRC 5.5

243 KK B50

244 KP 1

245 KM BASIN 50

246 BA .0781

247 LS 0 90 60

248 UD .019

1 HEC-1 INPUT PAGE 7

LINE ID.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10

249 KK C45 COMBINE B40 & B50 @ B30

250 HC 2

251 KK CP4

252 BA .032

253 UK 250 .012 .08 100

254 RK 1320 .015 .015 CIRC 6 YES

255 KK CCP4

256 KM COMBINE AT CONC. PT. 4

257 HC 2

258 KK CP3

259 KM ROUTE TO CONC. PT. 3

260 BA .040

261 UK 650 .011 .08 100

262 RK 1320 .015 .015 CIRC 6 YES

263	KK	CCP3					
264	KM	COMBINE AT CONC. PT. 3					
265	HC	2					
266	KK	MX1					
267	KM	MEXICO BASIN 1					
268	BA	.0316					
269	LS	0	90	60			
270	UD	.007					
271	KK	MX2					
272	KM	MEXICO BASIN 2					
273	BA	.0781					
274	LS	0	89	50			
275	UD	.019					
276	KK	MX12					
277	KM	COMBINE MEXICO AND BORDER AREA					
278	HC	2					
279	KK	MX123					
280	KM	ROUTE TO CP3A					
281	RK	600	.015	.015	CIRC	5	
282	KK	MX3					
283	KM	BORDER CORRIDOR					
284	BA	.0215					
285	LS	0	88	30			
286	UD	.005					
287	KK	CP3A					
288	KM	COMBINE AT CONC. PT. 3A					
289	HC	2					

HEC-1 INPUT

PAGE 8

LINE	ID	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
------	----	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	----

290	KK	RCP3									
291	KM	ROUTE TO CONC. PT. 3A									
292	RK	750	.015	.015	CIRC	5					
293	KK	CCP3									
294	KM	COMBINE AT CONC. PT. 3									
295	HC	2									
296	KK	RCP2									
297	KM	ROUTE TO CONC. PT. 2									
298	RK	400	.015	.015	CIRC	7					
299	KK	RP2									
300	KM	RUNOFF TO CONC. PT. 2									
301	BA	.0473									
302	UK	550	.012	.08	100						
303	RK	1200	.015	.015	CIRC	4					
304	KK	CCP2									
305	KM	COMBINEAT CONC. PT. 2									
306	HC	2									
307	KK	SVRW									
308	KM	SIEMPRE VIVA RD WATSHED									
309	BA	.0646									
310	UK	450	.015	.08	100						
311	RK	3000	.015	.015	CIRC	5					
312	KK	EB									
313	KM	WATSHED EAST OF PREVIOUS DET. BASIN									
314	BA	.0102									
315	UK	250	.010	.08	100						
316	RK	100	.015	.015	CIRC	2					
317	KK	WB									
318	KM	WATSHED WEST OF PREVIOUS DET. BASIN									
319	BA	.0158									
320	UK	400	.010	.08	100						
321	RK	100	.015	.015	CIRC	2					
322	KK	WSVR									
323	KM	WEST SIEMPRE VIVA RD.									
324	BA	.0108									
325	UK	350	.012	.08	100						
326	RK	600	.015	.015	CIRC	4					
327	KK	CP1									
328	HC	5									

HEC-1 INPUT

PAGE 9

LINE	ID	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
------	----	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	----

329	KK	S1	RUNOFF HYDROGRAPH								
330	BA	0.516									
331	PB	2.70									
332	LS		93.8								
333	UD	0.143									
334	KK	CP-S1	COMBINE HYDROGRAPHS FROM B10, CP1 AND S1								
335	HC	3									

336 KK CP-S1A COMBINE HYDROGRAPHS FROM CP-S1, CP-A31
 337 HC 2
 338 KK CP-S10 ROUTE FROM CP-S1A
 339 RK 1300 0.004 0.004 TRAP 30 0
 340 KK A60 RUNOFF HYDROGRAPH
 341 BA 0.033
 342 PB 2.30
 343 LS 93.8
 344 UD 0.039
 345 KK CP-A50 ROUTE FROM A60
 346 RK 3000 0.005 0.013 CIRC 2
 347 KK 055 RUNOFF HYDROGRAPH
 348 BA 0.482
 349 PB 2.35
 350 LS 91.7
 351 UD 0.140
 352 KK CP-A50 ROUTE FROM 055
 353 RK 2900 0.004 0.013 TRAP 15 0
 354 KK A50 RUNOFF HYDROGRAPH
 355 BA 0.250
 356 PB 2.35
 357 LS 93.8
 358 UD 0.121
 359 KK CP-A50 COMBINE HYDROGRAPHS FROM A60, 055, AND A50
 360 HC 3
 361 KK A50
 362 DT A50
 363 DI 0 615 1000
 364 DQ 0 0.01 385
 365 KK A42 RUNOFF HYDROGRAPH
 366 BA 0.032
 367 PB 2.40
 368 LS 93.8
 369 UD 0.046

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PAGE 10

LINE ID.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10

370 KK CP-A50 COMBINE HYDROGRAPHS FROM A50 AND A42
 371 HC 2
 372 KK CP-A45 ROUTE FROM CP-A50
 373 RK 3000 0.002 0.040 TRAP 40 1
 374 KK A40 RUNOFF HYDROGRAPH
 375 BA 0.032
 376 PB 2.40
 377 LS 93.8
 378 UD 0.057
 379 KK CP-A45 ROUTE FROM A40
 380 RK 2380 0.006 0.040 TRAP 40 1
 381 KK A35 RUNOFF HYDROGRAPH
 382 BA 0.065
 383 PB 2.50
 384 LS 93.8
 385 UD 0.076
 386 KK CP-A45 ROUTE FROM A35
 387 RK 2000 0.001 0.040 TRAP 5 1
 388 KK A45 RUNOFF HYDROGRAPH
 389 BA 0.122
 390 PB 2.45
 391 LS 94.0
 392 UD 0.112
 393 KK CP-A45 COMBINE HYDROGRAPHS FROM CP-A50, A40 AND A45
 394 HC 4
 395 KK A45
 396 DT A45
 397 DI 0 60 1000
 398 DQ 0 0.01 940
 399 KK CP-S10 ROUTE FROM CP-A45
 400 RK 2900 0.003 0.040 TRAP 25 0.8
 401 KK S10 RUNOFF FROM HYDROGRAPH
 402 BA 0.263
 403 PB 2.50
 404 LS 94.4
 405 UD 0.235
 406 KK CP-S10 COMBINE HYDROGRAPHS FROM S1-DET, CP-A45, AND S10
 407 HC 3

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LINE ID.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10

408	KK	CP-B30	ROUTE FROM CP-S10				
409	RD	2400	0.004	0.040	TRAP	50	0.8
410	KK	A65	RUNOFF HYDROGRAPH FROM A65				
411	BA	0.055					
412	PB	2.30					
413	LS		93.8				
414	UD	0.037					
415	KK	CP-S25	ROUTE FROM A65				
416	RK	2910	0.010	0.040	TRAP	200	20
417	KK	S25	RUNOFF HYDROGRAPH				
418	BA	0.082					
419	PB	2.30					
420	LS		83.9				
421	UD	0.202					
422	KK	CP-S25	COMBINE HYDROGRAPHS FROM A65 AND S25				
423	HC	2					
424	KK	CP-S20	ROUTE FROM CP-S25				
425	RK	1460	0.004	0.020	TRAP	15	1.1
426	KK	S20	RUNOFF HYDROGRAPH				
427	BA	0.136					
428	PB	2.30					
429	LS		83.9				
430	UD	0.176					
431	KK	CP-S20	COMBINE HYDROGRAPHS FROM CP-S25, AND S20				
432	HC	2					
433	KK	CP-B30	ROUTE FROM CP-S20				
434	RK	3500	0.004	0.040	TRAP	15	1.1
435	KK	S15	RUNOFF HYDROGRAPH				
436	BA	0.128					
437	PB	2.40					
438	LS		93.8				
439	UD	0.083					
440	KK	CP-B30	ROUTE FROM S15				
441	RK	2800	0.004	0.040	TRAP	15	1.1
442	KK	B20	RUNOFF HYDROGRAPH				
443	BA	0.040					
444	PB	2.30					
445	LS		93.8				
446	UD	0.051					

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PAGE 12

1

LINE	ID	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
447	KK	CP-B25	ROUTE FROM B20								
448	RK	1320	0.002	0.020	TRAP	8					
449	KK	B25	RUNOFF HYDROGRAPH								
450	BA	0.127									
451	PB	2.30									
452	LS		93.8								
453	UD	0.070									
454	KK	CP-B25	COMBINE HYDROGRAPHS FROM B20 AND B25								
455	HC	2									
456	KK	CP-B25	ROUTE FROM CP-B25								
457	RK	2700	0.001	0.040	TRAP	15					
458	KK	B15	RUNOFF HYDROGRAPH								
459	BA	0.074									
460	PB	2.50									
461	LS		94.5								
462	UD	0.078									
463	KK	CP-B30	ROUTE FROM CP-B25								
464	RK	1000	0.015	0.040	TRAP	15					
465	KK	B30	RUNOFF HYDROGRAPH								
466	BA	0.228									
467	PB	2.45									
468	LS		84.8								
469	UD	0.465									
470	KK	CP-B30	COMBINE HYDROGRAPHS FROM CP-S10, CP-S20, S15, CP-B25, B15 AND B30								
471	KO	1									
472	HC	6									
473	KK	DB-030	DETENTION BASIN AT BORDER								
474	RS	1	STOR								
475	SV	0	11	71	166	268	319				
476	SE	0	2	4	6	8	9				
477	SQ	0	20	150	350	1000	2200				
478	ZZ										

1

SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM OF STREAM NETWORK

INPUT
LINE

(V) ROUTING

(--->) DIVERSION OR PUMP FLOW

NO. (..) CONNECTOR (<---) RETURN OF DIVERTED OR PUMPED FLOW

```

14      A1
      .
37      .      A7
      .
42      .      .      01
      .
47      CP-01.....
      V
      V
49      CP-A15
      .
51      .      A5
      .      V
      .      V
56      .      CP-A10
      .
58      .      .      A10
      .
63      .      CP-A10.....
      .      V
      .      V
65      .      CP-A15
      .
67      .      .      A15
      .
72      CP-A15.....
      V
      V
74      CP-A20
      .
76      .      05
      .      V
      .      V
81      .      CP-A20
      .
83      .      .      A20
      .
88      .      .      .      A25
      .
93      .      .      .      .      A27
      .
98      CP-A20.....
      V
      V
100     CP-A25
      .
102     .      A23
      .      V
      .      V
107     .      CP-A25
      .
109     CP-A25.....
      V
      V
111     CP-A30
      .
113     .      025
      .
118     .      .      020
      .      .      V
      .      .      V
123     .      .      CP-030
      .
125     .      .      .      030
      .
130     .      CP-030.....
      .      V
      .      V
132     .      CP-045
      .
134     .      .      045
      .
139     .      CP-045.....
      .      V
      .      V
141     .      CP-050
      .

```

143
148
150
155
157
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164
166
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182
184
189
191
193
198
200
205
207
209
215
220
222
225
230
232
234
240
243
249
251
255

057
V
CP-050

OTI-2

050

CP-050
V
CP-010

010

CP-010
V
CP-036

036

060
V
CP-036

OTI-4

CP-036
V
CP-A30

OTI-5

A30

CP-A30
V
CP-A31

A28
V
CP-A31

A31

CP-A31
V
CP-S1A

OTI-(8+9)

B10

B20

C12

C2

B30

C23
V
C3

B40

SD43

B50

C45
V
CP4 ***

CCP4
V

258			V	
			CP3 ***	
263		CCP3		
266			MX1	
271				MX2
276			MX12	
			V	
			V	
279			MX123	
282				MX3
287			CP3A	
			V	
			V	
290			RCP3	
293		CCP3		
			V	
			V	
296		RCP2		
299			RP2	
304		CCP2		
307			SVRW	
312				EB
317				WB
322				WSVR
327		CP1		
329			S1	
334		CP-S1		
336	CP-S1A			
			V	
			V	
338	CP-S10			
340		A60		
			V	
345		CP-A50		
347			055	
			V	
			V	
352		CP-A50		
354			A50	
359		CP-A50		
362			A50	
361		A50		
365			A42	
370		CP-A50		
			V	
			V	
372		CP-A45		
374			A40	
			V	
			V	

Sempre Viva BP

OT1-3

379 CP-A45

381 A35
V
V

386 CP-A45

388 A45

393 CP-A45

396 A45

395 A45
V
V

399 CP-S10

401 S10

406 CP-S10
V
V

408 CP-B30

410 A65
V
V

415 CP-S25

417 S25

422 CP-S25
V
V

424 CP-S20

426 S20

431 CP-S20
V
V

433 CP-B30

435 S15
V
V

440 CP-B30

442 B20
V
V

447 CP-B25

449 B25

454 CP-B25
V
V

456 CP-B25

458 B15
V
V

463 CP-B30

465 B30

470 CP-B30
V
V

473 DB-030

OTI-12

OTI-11

OTI-14

(***) RUNOFF ALSO COMPUTED AT THIS LOCATION

FLOOD HYDROGRAPH PACKAGE (HEC-1)
ENGINEERS
JUN 1998
CENTER
VERSION 4.1
STREET

U.S. ARMY CORPS OF
HYDROLOGIC ENGINEERING
609 SECOND

95616
 * RUN DATE 21DEC04 TIME 07:23:00

DAVIS, CALIFORNIA
 (916) 756-1104

.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10

 OTAY MESA HYDROLOGY

 KIMLEY-HORN AND ASSOCIATES, INC.
 100 YEAR, 6 HOUR STORM EVENT
 FILE: IN*9300WDB-SD-IN2.TXT OUT 9300WDB-015
 LSM 8-31-98, MODIFIED 7-27-99 BY SLM

13 IO OUTPUT CONTROL VARIABLES
 IPRNT 0 PRINT CONTROL
 IPLOT 0 PLOT CONTROL
 QSCAL 0. HYDROGRAPH PLOT SCALE
 IT HYDROGRAPH TIME DATA
 NMIN 2 MINUTES IN COMPUTATION INTERVAL
 IDATE 1 0 STARTING DATE
 ITIME 0000 STARTING TIME
 NQ 300 NUMBER OF HYDROGRAPH ORDINATES
 NDDATE 1 0 ENDING DATE
 NDTIME 0958 ENDING TIME
 ICENT 19 CENTURY MARK
 * COMPUTATION INTERVAL .03 HOURS
 TOTAL TIME BASE 9.97 HOURS
 ENGLISH UNITS
 DRAINAGE AREA SQUARE MILES
 PRECIPITATION DEPTH INCHES
 LENGTH, ELEVATION FEET
 FLOW CUBIC FEET PER SECOND
 STORAGE VOLUME ACRE-FEET
 SURFACE AREA ACRES
 TEMPERATURE DEGREES FAHRENHEIT

473 KK *****
 * DB-030 DETENTION BASIN AT BORDER

HYDROGRAPH ROUTING DATA

474 RS STORAGE ROUTING
 NSTPS 1 NUMBER OF SUBREACHES
 ITYP STOR TYPE OF INITIAL CONDITION
 RSVRIC .00 INITIAL CONDITION
 X .00 WORKING R AND D COEFFICIENT
 475 SV STORAGE .0 11.0 71.0 166.0 268.0 319.0
 476 SE ELEVATION .00 2.00 4.00 6.00 8.00 9.00
 477 SQ DISCHARGE 0. 20. 150. 350. 1000. 2200.

HYDROGRAPH AT STATION DB-030

DA	MON	HRMN	ORD	OUTFLOW	STORAGE	STAGE	DA	MON	HRMN	ORD	OUTFLOW	STORAGE	STAGE	DA	MON	HRMN	ORD	OUTFLOW
STORAGE		STAGE																
1	0000	1	0.	.0	.0	* 1	0320	101	667.	215.7	7.0	* 1	0640	201	695.			
220.1	7.1																	
1	0002	2	0.	.0	.0	* 1	0322	102	682.	218.1	7.0	* 1	0642	202	688.			
219.0	7.0																	
1	0004	3	0.	.0	.0	* 1	0324	103	696.	220.2	7.1	* 1	0644	203	681.			
217.9	7.0																	
1	0006	4	0.	.0	.0	* 1	0326	104	708.	222.2	7.1	* 1	0646	204	674.			
216.8	7.0																	
1	0008	5	0.	.0	.0	* 1	0328	105	720.	224.1	7.1	* 1	0648	205	666.			

[illegible]

1	0150	56	12.	6.4	1.2 * 1	0510 156	839.	242.7	7.5 * 1	0830 256	338.
160.1	5.9										
1	0152	57	12.	6.8	1.2 * 1	0512 157	837.	242.4	7.5 * 1	0832 257	336.
159.2	5.9										
1	0154	58	13.	7.3	1.3 * 1	0514 158	835.	242.1	7.5 * 1	0834 258	334.
158.3	5.8										
1	0156	59	14.	7.8	1.4 * 1	0516 159	833.	241.8	7.5 * 1	0836 259	332.
157.5	5.8										
1	0158	60	15.	8.4	1.5 * 1	0518 160	831.	241.4	7.5 * 1	0838 260	330.
156.6	5.8										
1	0200	61	17.	9.1	1.7 * 1	0520 161	829.	241.1	7.5 * 1	0840 261	328.
155.8	5.8										
1	0202	62	18.	9.9	1.8 * 1	0522 162	826.	240.8	7.5 * 1	0842 262	327.
154.9	5.8										
1	0204	63	19.	10.7	1.9 * 1	0524 163	824.	240.4	7.5 * 1	0844 263	325.
154.1	5.7										
1	0206	64	21.	11.7	2.0 * 1	0526 164	822.	240.1	7.5 * 1	0846 264	323.
153.2	5.7										
1	0208	65	24.	12.8	2.1 * 1	0528 165	820.	239.7	7.4 * 1	0848 265	321.
152.4	5.7										
1	0210	66	27.	14.2	2.1 * 1	0530 166	817.	239.3	7.4 * 1	0850 266	320.
151.5	5.7										
1	0212	67	31.	16.0	2.2 * 1	0532 167	815.	238.9	7.4 * 1	0852 267	318.
150.7	5.7										
1	0214	68	36.	18.5	2.2 * 1	0534 168	812.	238.6	7.4 * 1	0854 268	316.
149.9	5.7										
1	0216	69	43.	21.7	2.4 * 1	0536 169	810.	238.2	7.4 * 1	0856 269	314.
149.0	5.6										
1	0218	70	52.	25.8	2.5 * 1	0538 170	808.	237.8	7.4 * 1	0858 270	313.
148.2	5.6										
1	0220	71	63.	30.8	2.7 * 1	0540 171	805.	237.4	7.4 * 1	0900 271	311.
147.4	5.6										
1	0222	72	76.	36.8	2.9 * 1	0542 172	803.	237.0	7.4 * 1	0902 272	309.
146.6	5.6										
1	0224	73	91.	43.7	3.1 * 1	0544 173	800.	236.7	7.4 * 1	0904 273	307.
145.8	5.6										
1	0226	74	108.	51.5	3.3 * 1	0546 174	798.	236.3	7.4 * 1	0906 274	306.
145.0	5.6										
1	0228	75	126.	59.9	3.6 * 1	0548 175	795.	235.9	7.4 * 1	0908 275	304.
144.1	5.5										
1	0230	76	145.	68.7	3.9 * 1	0550 176	793.	235.5	7.4 * 1	0910 276	302.
143.3	5.5										
1	0232	77	165.	77.9	4.1 * 1	0552 177	790.	235.1	7.4 * 1	0912 277	301.
142.5	5.5										
1	0234	78	185.	87.4	4.3 * 1	0554 178	788.	234.7	7.3 * 1	0914 278	299.
141.7	5.5										
1	0236	79	205.	97.0	4.5 * 1	0556 179	786.	234.3	7.3 * 1	0916 279	297.
141.0	5.5										
1	0238	80	225.	106.4	4.7 * 1	0558 180	783.	234.0	7.3 * 1	0918 280	296.
140.2	5.5										
1	0240	81	244.	115.6	4.9 * 1	0600 181	781.	233.6	7.3 * 1	0920 281	294.
139.4	5.4										
1	0242	82	262.	124.3	5.1 * 1	0602 182	778.	233.2	7.3 * 1	0922 282	292.
138.6	5.4										
1	0244	83	280.	132.7	5.3 * 1	0604 183	776.	232.8	7.3 * 1	0924 283	291.
137.8	5.4										
1	0246	84	296.	140.5	5.5 * 1	0606 184	773.	232.4	7.3 * 1	0926 284	289.
137.0	5.4										
1	0248	85	312.	147.8	5.6 * 1	0608 185	771.	232.1	7.3 * 1	0928 285	287.
136.3	5.4										
1	0250	86	326.	154.5	5.8 * 1	0610 186	768.	231.6	7.3 * 1	0930 286	286.
135.5	5.4										
1	0252	87	339.	160.9	5.9 * 1	0612 187	765.	231.2	7.3 * 1	0932 287	284.
134.8	5.3										
1	0254	88	355.	166.7	6.0 * 1	0614 188	762.	230.7	7.3 * 1	0934 288	283.
134.0	5.3										
1	0256	89	389.	172.2	6.1 * 1	0616 189	759.	230.1	7.3 * 1	0936 289	281.
133.2	5.3										
1	0258	90	421.	177.2	6.2 * 1	0618 190	755.	229.6	7.2 * 1	0938 290	279.
132.5	5.3										
1	0300	91	451.	181.8	6.3 * 1	0620 191	751.	228.9	7.2 * 1	0940 291	278.
131.7	5.3										
1	0302	92	478.	186.1	6.4 * 1	0622 192	747.	228.2	7.2 * 1	0942 292	276.
131.0	5.3										
1	0304	93	504.	190.2	6.5 * 1	0624 193	742.	227.5	7.2 * 1	0944 293	275.
130.3	5.2										
1	0306	94	529.	194.1	6.6 * 1	0626 194	737.	226.7	7.2 * 1	0946 294	273.
129.5	5.2										
1	0308	95	552.	197.8	6.6 * 1	0628 195	732.	225.9	7.2 * 1	0948 295	272.
128.8	5.2										
1	0310	96	575.	201.3	6.7 * 1	0630 196	726.	225.0	7.2 * 1	0950 296	270.
128.1	5.2										
1	0312	97	596.	204.6	6.8 * 1	0632 197	720.	224.1	7.1 * 1	0952 297	269.
127.3	5.2										
1	0314	98	615.	207.7	6.8 * 1	0634 198	714.	223.1	7.1 * 1	0954 298	267.
126.6	5.2										
1	0316	99	634.	210.5	6.9 * 1	0636 199	708.	222.1	7.1 * 1	0956 299	266.
125.9	5.2										
1	0318	100	651.	213.2	6.9 * 1	0638 200	701.	221.1	7.1 * 1	0958 300	264.
125.2	5.1										

PEAK FLOW	TIME		MAXIMUM AVERAGE FLOW			
(CFS)	(HR)		6-HR	24-HR	72-HR	9.97-HR
859.	4.53	(CFS)	658.	441.	441.	441.
		(INCHES)	.954	1.061	1.061	1.061

+		O20	147.	2.57	36.	22.	22.	.26
+	ROUTED TO	CP-030	146.	2.67	36.	22.	22.	.26
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	O30	65.	2.53	15.	9.	9.	.13
+	3 COMBINED AT	CP-030	276.	2.60	68.	41.	41.	.53
+	ROUTED TO	CP-045	275.	2.60	68.	41.	41.	.53
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	O45	95.	2.33	16.	9.	9.	.08
+	2 COMBINED AT	CP-045	329.	2.57	84.	51.	51.	.61
+	ROUTED TO	CP-050	328.	2.60	84.	51.	51.	.61
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	O57	575.	2.37	102.	62.	62.	.53
+	ROUTED TO	CP-050	570.	2.47	102.	62.	62.	.53
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	O50	493.	2.40	90.	54.	54.	.46
+	3 COMBINED AT	CP-050	1301.	2.47	275.	166.	166.	1.60
+	ROUTED TO	CP-010	1299.	2.50	275.	166.	166.	1.60
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	O10	68.	2.30	11.	7.	7.	.08
+	2 COMBINED AT	CP-010	1346.	2.50	286.	173.	173.	1.68
+	ROUTED TO	CP-036	1345.	2.50	287.	173.	173.	1.68
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	O36	166.	2.27	24.	15.	15.	.12
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	O60	95.	2.30	17.	10.	10.	.15
+	ROUTED TO	CP-036	94.	2.30	17.	10.	10.	.15
+	3 COMBINED AT	CP-036	1508.	2.50	327.	198.	198.	1.94
+	ROUTED TO	CP-A30	1507.	2.50	327.	198.	198.	1.94
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	A30	78.	2.27	12.	7.	7.	.07
+	3 COMBINED AT	CP-A30	2150.	2.50	514.	312.	312.	3.04
+	ROUTED TO	CP-A31	2145.	2.50	514.	312.	312.	3.04
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	A28	34.	2.23	4.	3.	3.	.02
+	ROUTED TO	CP-A31	33.	2.27	4.	3.	3.	.02
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	A31	71.	2.27	10.	6.	6.	.05
+	3 COMBINED AT	CP-A31	2196.	2.50	528.	321.	321.	3.11
+	ROUTED TO	CP-S1A	2184.	2.57	527.	320.	320.	3.11
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	B10	9.	2.20	1.	1.	1.	.01
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	B20	7.	2.20	1.	1.	1.	.01
+	2 COMBINED AT	C12	16.	2.20	2.	1.	1.	.01
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	C2	5.	2.33	1.	1.	1.	.01
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	B30	6.	2.20	1.	0.	0.	.01

+	2 COMBINED AT	C23	9.	2.27	2.	1.	1.	.01
+	ROUTED TO	C3	9.	2.40	2.	1.	1.	.01
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	B40	127.	2.20	17.	10.	10.	.09
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	SD43	64.	2.47	16.	10.	10.	.09
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	B50	104.	2.20	14.	8.	8.	.08
+	2 COMBINED AT	C45	139.	2.20	29.	18.	18.	.17
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	CP4	163.	2.23	35.	22.	22.	.20
+	2 COMBINED AT	CCP4	283.	2.20	52.	32.	32.	.30
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	CP3	302.	2.23	58.	36.	36.	.34
+	2 COMBINED AT	CCP3	304.	2.23	60.	37.	37.	.35
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	MX1	42.	2.20	6.	3.	3.	.03
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	MX2	95.	2.20	13.	8.	8.	.08
+	2 COMBINED AT	MX12	137.	2.20	18.	11.	11.	.11
+	ROUTED TO	MX123	136.	2.20	18.	11.	11.	.11
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	MX3	22.	2.20	3.	2.	2.	.02
+	2 COMBINED AT	CP3A	158.	2.20	21.	13.	13.	.13
+	ROUTED TO	RCP3	155.	2.20	21.	13.	13.	.13
+	2 COMBINED AT	CCP3	455.	2.23	81.	50.	50.	.48
+	ROUTED TO	RCP2	454.	2.23	81.	50.	50.	.48
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	RP2	26.	2.50	6.	4.	4.	.05
+	2 COMBINED AT	CCP2	468.	2.23	87.	54.	54.	.53
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	SVRW	40.	2.47	9.	5.	5.	.06
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	EB	7.	2.37	1.	1.	1.	.01
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	WB	10.	2.47	2.	1.	1.	.02
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	WSVR	7.	2.40	1.	1.	1.	.01
+	5 COMBINED AT	CP1	503.	2.23	100.	62.	62.	.63
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	S1	679.	2.33	113.	68.	68.	.52
+	3 COMBINED AT	CP-S1	1116.	2.33	216.	132.	132.	1.16
+	2 COMBINED AT	CP-S1A	2955.	2.53	736.	452.	452.	4.26
+	ROUTED TO	CP-S10	2950.	2.53	736.	452.	452.	4.26
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	A60	45.	2.23	6.	4.	4.	.03
+	ROUTED TO	CP-A50	44.	2.30	6.	4.	4.	.03
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	055	463.	2.33	79.	48.	48.	.48
+	ROUTED TO	CP-A50	462.	2.37	79.	48.	48.	.48

La Media

+	HYDROGRAPH AT	A50	287.	2.33	46.	28.	28.	.25
+	3 COMBINED AT	CP-A50	771.	2.33	131.	79.	79.	.76
+	DIVERSION TO	A50	156.	2.33	4.	2.	2.	.76
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	A50	615.	2.33	127.	77.	77.	.76
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	A42	46.	2.23	6.	4.	4.	.03
+	2 COMBINED AT	CP-A50	658.	2.27	133.	80.	80.	.80
+	ROUTED TO	CP-A45	653.	2.40	133.	80.	80.	.80
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	A40	45.	2.23	6.	4.	4.	.03
+	ROUTED TO	CP-A45	44.	2.43	6.	4.	4.	.03
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	A35	92.	2.27	13.	8.	8.	.06
+	ROUTED TO	CP-A45	90.	2.43	13.	8.	8.	.06
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	A45	154.	2.30	24.	14.	14.	.12
+	4 COMBINED AT	CP-A45	915.	2.40	176.	106.	106.	1.02
+	DIVERSION TO	A45	855.	2.37	126.	76.	76.	1.02
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	A45	60.	2.37	50.	31.	31.	1.02
+	ROUTED TO	CP-S10	60.	2.60	50.	30.	30.	1.02
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	S10	273.	2.47	54.	32.	32.	.26
+	3 COMBINED AT	CP-S10	3270.	2.53	839.	515.	515.	5.54
+	ROUTED TO	CP-B30	3217.	2.60	838.	514.	514.	5.54
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	A65	76.	2.23	10.	6.	6.	.05
+	ROUTED TO	CP-S25	74.	2.53	10.	6.	6.	.05
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	S25	38.	2.47	8.	5.	5.	.08
+	2 COMBINED AT	CP-S25	111.	2.53	19.	11.	11.	.14
+	ROUTED TO	CP-S20	108.	2.57	19.	11.	11.	.14
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	S20	66.	2.43	14.	8.	8.	.14
+	2 COMBINED AT	CP-S20	166.	2.57	33.	20.	20.	.27
+	ROUTED TO	CP-B30	162.	2.73	32.	20.	20.	.27
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	S15	167.	2.27	24.	15.	15.	.13
+	ROUTED TO	CP-B30	163.	2.37	24.	15.	15.	.13
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	B20	54.	2.23	7.	4.	4.	.04
+	ROUTED TO	CP-B25	52.	2.30	7.	4.	4.	.04
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	B25	162.	2.27	23.	14.	14.	.13
+	2 COMBINED AT	CP-B25	212.	2.27	30.	18.	18.	.17
+	ROUTED TO							

		Hk Alan	L60	6	24	72	Aves
+	CP-B25	209.	2.43	30.	18.	18.	.17
+	HYDROGRAPH AT B15	108.	2.27	15.	9.	9.	.07
+	ROUTED TO CP-B30	107.	2.30	15.	9.	9.	.07
+	HYDROGRAPH AT B30	90.	2.80	28.	17.	17.	.23
+	6 COMBINED AT CP-B30	3673.	2.60	967.	593.	593.	6.41
+	ROUTED TO DB-030	859.	4.53	658.	441.	441.	6.41

6.78 m²