Housing Action Package 2.0

Planning Commission August 3, 2023 Item #2 Continued from June 1, 2023



https://www.sandiego.gov/planning/work/homes-jobs-planning

Housing Action Package 2.0

Planning Commission

Workshop - May 2023

Hearing – June 1, 2023

Continued to August 3, 2023



What is the Housing Action Package 2.0?

Amendments to the Land Development Code





• Affirmatively further fair housing







https://www.sandiego.gov/planning/work/homes-jobs-planning

Why are Land Development Code amendments needed?

Adequate supply of homes to meet present and future demands that:

- Makes it easier to build more homes at all income levels and for all people
 - Does not displace residents
 - Implements goals and policies in:
 - General Plan Housing Element
 - Community Plans
 - Climate Action Plan

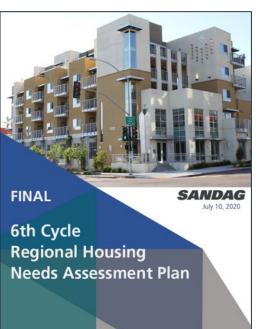






2021-2029 Regional Housing Needs Assessment

Income Type (% of AMI*)	6 th Cycle RHNA Allocation		
Very Low (<40%)	27,549		
Low (40% to 80%)	17,331		
Moderate (80% to 120%)	19,319		
Above Moderate (>120%)	43,837		
Total	108,036		



*2022 San Diego Area Median Income: \$106,900

https://www.sdhc.org/wp-content/uploads/2022/AMIIncomeRentChart-2022.pdf



Housing Capacity

Community Plan Updates – Additional <u>Capacity</u>:

- 2008 2020: capacity for 91,000 new homes
- 2021 2022: capacity for 24,000 new homes

<u>Added Capacity = 115,000</u> <u>Production = 63,865</u>



Housing Capacity

General Plan – Housing Element

• In 2021, the Housing Element identified sites with the potential for: 174,000 new homes





RHNA 5th Cycle (2010-2020): 88,000 Homes Allocated

- 44,000 homes permitted over 10 years
- 50% of City's total allocation

RHNA 6th Cycle (2021-2029): 108,000 Homes Allocated

- 10,000 homes permitted in 2021 and 2022 for 6th Cycle
- 9% of City's total allocation
- 98,000 homes needed over the next 6 years



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<u>Low Housing Supply =</u> <u>High Cost Housing</u>



https://www.sandiego.gov/planning/work/homes-jobs-planning

- Factors Affecting Production
 - Cost of Materials
 - Cost of Land
 - Financing
 - Availability of Funding Sources
 - Availability of Labor
 - Willingness to Develop



• Increased capacity is needed to open opportunities for more home production.



- Increased production is needed to meet housing needs with regulations that:
 - Streamline Approval Process
 - Incentivize Different Types of Homes
 - Remove Barriers
 - Increase Capacity
 - Address Fair Housing



Housing Action Package 2.0 Items

- 1. Implementation of AB 2097 (Remove Barriers)
- **2. Revisions To Junior Accessory Dwelling Units** (Incentivize Different Types of Homes)
- 3. Accessible ADUs (Incentivize Different Types of Homes)
- 4. Floor Area Ratio Bonus to Develop Homes On Publiclyowned Land (Increase Capacity)
- 5. Incentives To Develop Underutilized Commercial Land (Remove Barriers/Increase Capacity)
- 6. Student Housing Density Bonus Amendments (Incentivize Different Types of Homes)
- 7. Building Permit Extensions (Remove Barriers)



Housing Action Package 2.0 Items

- 8. SRO Incentives (Incentivize Different Types of Homes)
- 9. Anti-displacement Measures (Address Fair Housing)
- **10. Complete Communities: Housing Solutions Amendments** (Incentivize Different Types of Homes/Increase Capacity)
- **11. Discontinued Harmful Uses** (Address Fair Housing)
- **12. Amendments To Neighborhood Enhancement Fund Fee**
- **13. Missing Middle Housing Regulations** (Streamline Approval Process/Increase Capacity/Address Fair Housing)



HAP 2.0 Items - Amended

7. Building Permit Extensions

- May be removed
- Building permit extensions was heard by City Council August 1, 2023

10. Anti-displacement Measures

• Revised condominium conversion code language to match existing state law



Planning Commission – June 1

Planning Commission asked City Planning Department to explore Missing Middle Housing Regulation options that:

- Apply closer to existing transit stops and transit corridors
- Apply alternative development regulations
- Expand opportunity to further fair housing
- Provide option that does not utilize Senate Bill 10



Memo to the Planning Commission

Missing Middle Housing Regulation options that:

- Included Shorter Distances from Transit
- Included Existing Transit or Existing and Planned Transit
- Analyzed Fair Housing
- Provided Potential Regulatory Amendments



What is "Missing Middle" housing?

Near Commercial Corridors

Low-Density

- Townhomes
- Rowhomes
- Triplex, 4-Plexs
- Small-Scale Multifamily

Missing Middle



Why Missing Middle?

What is the need?

- Increases in rent and home prices
- Caused by a severe shortage and limited options
- Has created demand for more attainable home opportunities





Why Missing Middle? Provides more home opportunities **for all San Diegans**

Greater variety of home types

• Allows a home type that was once common

Inefficient Land Use

 80% of City is zoned for single-homes





Why Missing Middle? Provides smaller homes that use existing infrastructure

Uses Existing Infrastructure

- In areas with existing infrastructure and amenities
- Increase use of transit, pedestrian and bike infrastructure
- Concentrates missing middle homes in areas that allow for efficient delivery of additional infrastructure





Why Missing Middle?

Provides more homes in more neighborhoods

Lower Perceived Density

- Once common in neighborhoods
- Allows missing middle homes at a single home scale and context
- Two to three stories (35')





Why Missing Middle? Provides more homes near high frequency transit service

Climate Friendly

- Closer to transit, job locations, and amenities
- Reducing greenhouse gas emissions and air pollution
- Smaller carbon footprint





Why Missing Middle? Provides more homes that are lower in cost and more attainable

Home Ownership Price

- Single-Home:
 - \$1,022,000
 - \$6,500 per month (estimate)
- Multi-Home:
 - \$640,000
 - \$4,440 per month (estimate)

Median Monthly Rental

- Single-Home: \$4,900
- Multi-home: \$2,823

Median Household Income

- 4-Person Household: \$106,500
- 30% of Median Household Income (Per Month): \$2,660



Why Missing Middle?

 Provides more homes where people of all backgrounds and income levels can afford to live

Remove Barriers

- Majority single home type
 - Single Home Zoning
- Housing and social disparities
 among communities
- Addresses equity and inclusivity
 - Opportunities to reverse redlining





Why Missing Middle?

Provides more homes:

✓ opportunities for all San Diegans

- ✓in more neighborhoods
- ✓ near high frequency transit service
- \checkmark that are lower in cost and more attainable
- ✓where people of all backgrounds and income levels can afford to live
- \checkmark in areas that have existing infrastructure and amenities



Applies in:

- Sustainable Development Areas
- Areas that could not accommodate more than 10 homes
- Areas zoned to allow for only single or multi-home developments

Would not apply in:

- Existing Historic Districts
- Environmentally Sensitive Lands
- Property with existing deed-restricted affordable housing



Parcels in Single Family Zones

- 1 Home Per 1,000 Sq Ft of Lot Size
- Allows 1 ADU, 1 JADU
- Example: 5,000 Sq Ft lot could have 5 homes with 1 ADU and 1 JADU

Parcels in Multi Family Zones:

- Allowed up to 10 Homes
- Allows 2 ADUs, 2 JADUs



Projects with 5 or more Homes are required to include: Affordable Homes

- 1 Deed-Restricted Affordable Home in Moderate to Lowest Resource Areas
- 2 Deed-Restricted Affordable Home in High or Highest Resource Areas Bedrooms
- 1 Three-Bedroom Home
- 1 Two-Bedroom Home



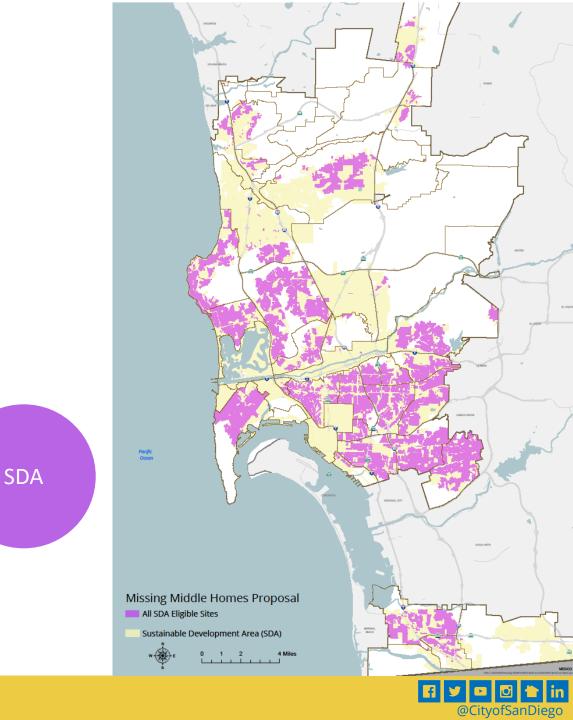
Proposed Missing Middle Housing Regulations addresses:

- General Plan Housing Element
 - Furthers Housing Production
 - Furthers Fair Housing
 - Provides Different Home Types
 - Addresses Affordability
- Climate Action Plan
 - Reduces Vehicle Miles Traveled
 - Reduces Greenhouse Gas Emissions



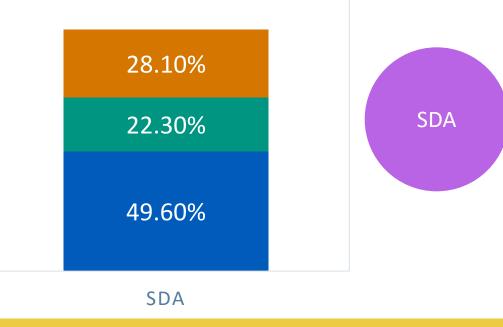
129,679 Total Parcels

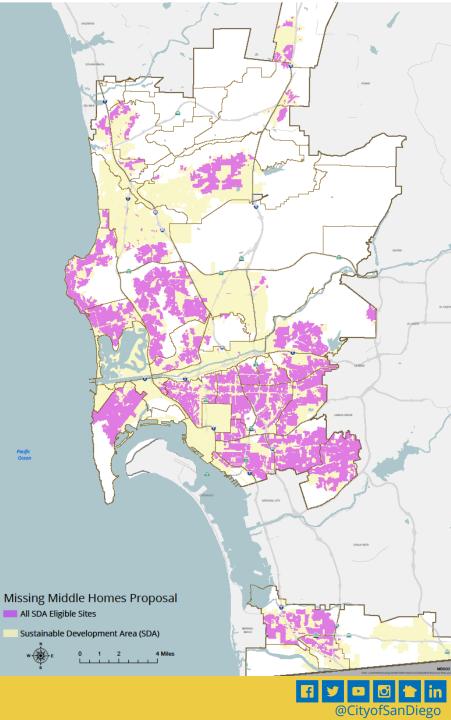
- 3/4 Mile or 1 Mile from Existing and Planned Bus Stops with High Frequency Service with Two or More Routes
- 3/4 Mile or 1 Mile from Existing and Planned Rail and Bus Rapid Transit



Missing Middle Housing Regulations Fair Housing Analysis

- Low or High Segregation and Poverty
- Moderate Resource Area
- High or Highest Resource Area





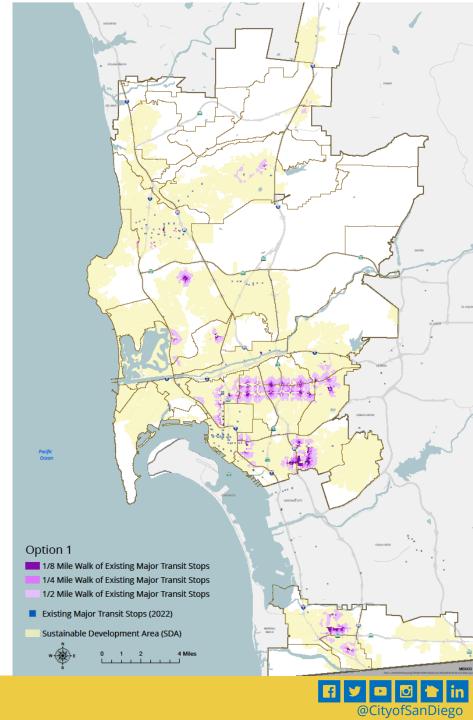
https://www.sandiego.gov/planning/work/homes-jobs-planning

Option 1 Existing Major Transit Stops

• 22,110 Total Parcels

- Existing bus stops with high frequency service with two or more routes
- Existing Rail Stations





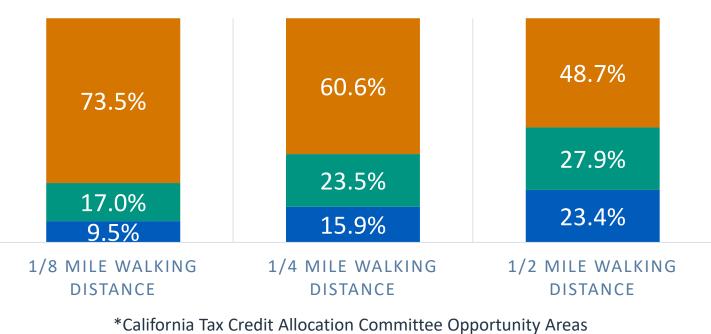
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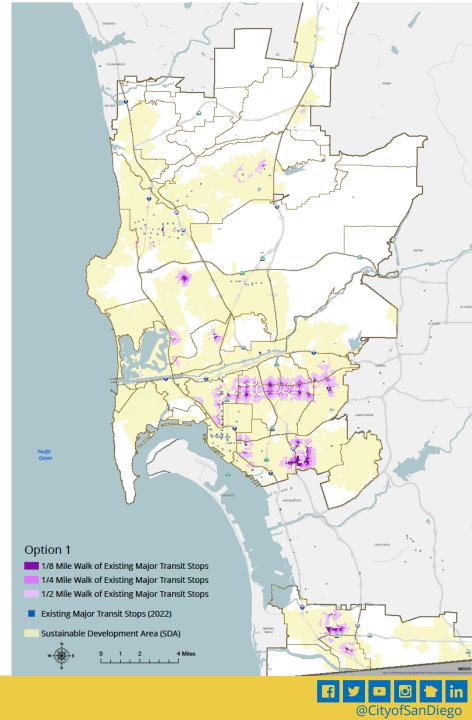
Option 1 Existing Major Transit Stops Fair Housing Analysis

Low or High Segregation and Poverty

Moderate Resource Area

High or Highest Resource Area





https://www.sandiego.gov/planning/work/homes-jobs-planning

Option 2 Existing Major Transit Stops and High-Quality Bus Corridor Stops

1/8

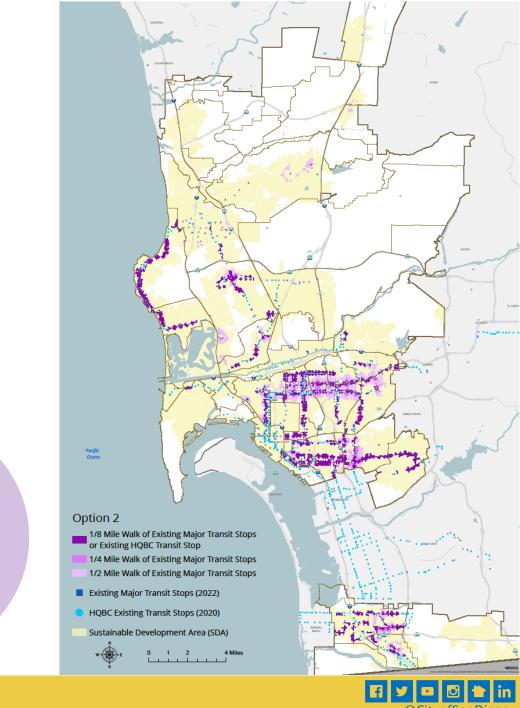
Mile

1/4 Mile

 $\frac{1}{2}$ Mile

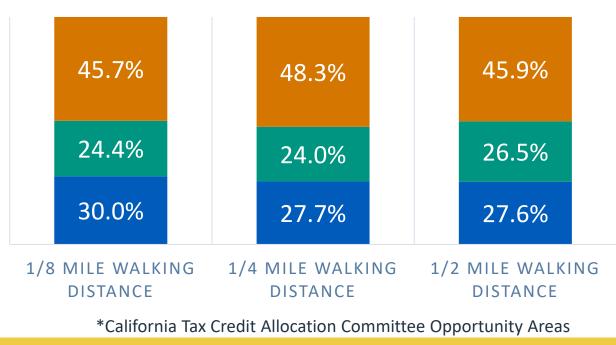
• 32,062 Total Parcels

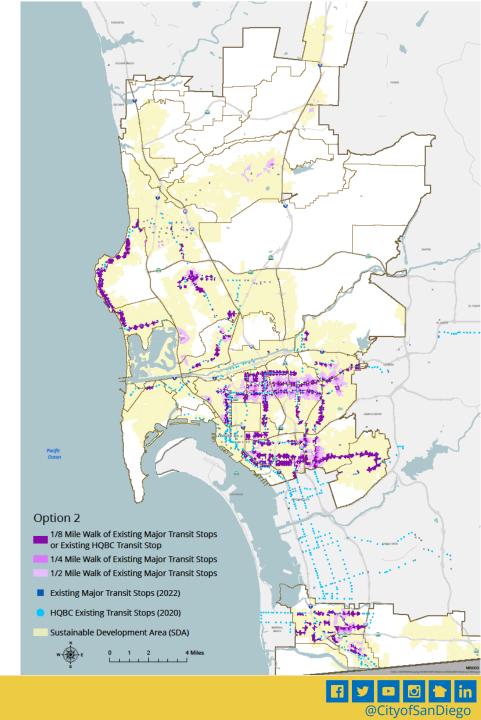
- Existing bus stops with high frequency service with two or more routes
- Existing Rail Stations
- 1/8 Mile from Existing High-Quality Bus Corridor Stops



Option 2 Existing Major Transit Stops and High-Quality Bus Corridor Stops Fair Housing Analysis

- Low or High Segregation and Poverty
- Moderate Resource Area
- High or Highest Resource Area



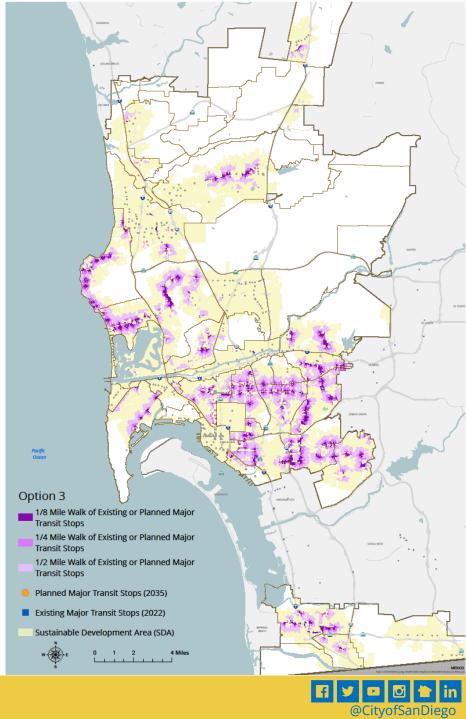


Option 3 Existing and Planned Major Transit Stops

67,529 Total Parcels

- Existing and Planned Bus Stops with High Frequency Service with Two or More Routes
- Existing and Planned Rail and Bus Rapid Transit

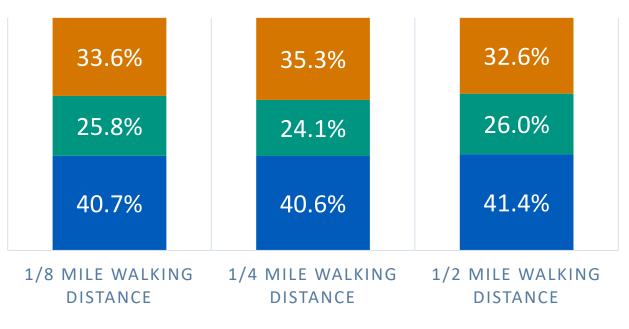


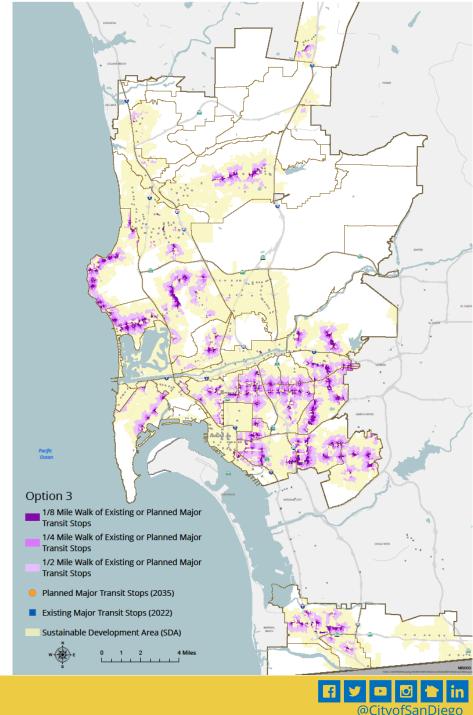


Option 3 Existing and Planned Major Transit Stops Fair Housing Analysis

Low or High Segregation and Poverty

- Moderate Resource Area
- High or Highest Resource Area





Options: Total Parcels

Option	Distance	Percent of City Residential Parcels	Cumulative Subtotal	
Proposal	Within SDA	48.9%	129,679	
Option 1: Existing Major Transit Stop	1/8 Mile	0.5%	1,279	
	1/4 Mile	2.3%	6,033	
	1/2 Mile	8.3%	22,110	
Option 2: Existing High Quality Bus Route (1/8 mile) AND Existing Major Transit Stop	1/8 Mile	6.2%	16,352	
	1/4 Mile	7.3%	19,252	
	1/2 Mile	12.1%	32,062	
Option 3:	1/8 Mile	2.6%	6,872	
Planned For Major Transit Stops (2035)	1/4 Mile	9.2%	24,415	
	1/2 Mile	25.4%	67,529	



Options: Fair Housing by Resource Areas

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Additional Considerations

Additional Regulatory Options

Distance to Major Transit Stop	Maximum Homes Allowed	Maximum Height Allowed	Floor Area Ratio	Minimum Home Size Allowed
1/8 Mile	10	40 ft	2.8	Not Applicable
1/4 Mile	8	35 ft	2.0	800 Sq Ft
1/2 Mile	6	30 ft	1.8	1,200 Sq Ft



Additional Considerations

- SB 10 Provides Streamlined Process for Increasing Housing Capacity and Meeting RHNA Goals
- Rezones or Development Regulations Without SB 10 Implementation Requires Environmental Review
- Requires More Time to Provide Additional Opportunities for New Homes During a Time of Severe Undersupply of Affordable Housing



Community Planners Committee

- Recommend that SB 10 not be implemented at the current time.
- Recommend to:
 - Increase SB 10 affordability requirement to 30 percent, with 15 percent being set aside for very low and low income households and 15 percent for moderate income households.
 - Amend SB 10 to direct Development Impact Fees generated under SB 10 to areas where projects are built.



partment

Next Steps

- Land Use & Housing Committee September 2023
- City Council October 2023



https://www.sandiego.gov/planning/work/homes-jobs-planning

Staff Recommendation

Recommend to the City Council approval of the proposed Housing Action Package 2.0.



Housing Action Package 2.0



https://www.sandiego.gov/planning/work/homes-jobs-planning