SUBJECT: ASHLEY FALLS STORM FLOW STORAGE SDP PROJECT: A SITE DEVELOPMENT PERMIT (SDP) for encroachment into Environmentally Sensitive Lands (Sensitive Biological Resources). The project consists of the construction of a large-scale storm flow storage and multi-pollutant treatment system within City right-of-way and a City owned parcel (APN# 3045021300) located at the northwest corner of the intersection of Pearlman Way and Carmel Knolls Drive. The project site is located within the Carmel Valley Community Plan Area and City Council District 1. Applicant: City of San Diego Public Works Department.

I. PROJECT DESCRIPTION: See attached Initial Study.

II. ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING: See attached Initial Study.

III. DETERMINATION:

The City of San Diego conducted an Initial Study which determined that the proposed project could have a significant environmental effect in the following area(s): Biological Resources. Subsequent revisions in the project proposal create the specific mitigation identified in Section V of this Mitigated Negative Declaration. The project as revised now avoids or mitigates the potentially significant environmental effects previously identified, and the preparation of an Environmental Impact Report will not be required.

IV. DOCUMENTATION: The attached Initial Study documents the reasons to support the above Determination.

V. MITIGATION, MONITORING AND REPORTING PROGRAM:

A. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS – PART I

Plan Check Phase (prior to permit issuance)

1. Prior to the issuance of a Notice To Proceed (NTP) for a subdivision, or any construction permits, such as Demolition, Grading or Building, or beginning any construction related activity on-site, the Development Services Department (DSD) Director's Environmental Designee (ED) shall review and
approve all Construction Documents (CD), (plans, specification, details, etc.) to ensure the MMRP requirements are incorporated into the design.

2. In addition, the ED shall verify that the MMRP Conditions/Notes that apply ONLY to the construction phases of this project are included VERBATIM, under the heading, "ENVIRONMENTAL/MITIGATION REQUIREMENTS."

3. These notes must be shown within the first three (3) sheets of the construction documents in the format specified for engineering construction document templates as shown on the City website:

   http://www.sandiego.gov/development-services/industry/standtemp.shtml

4. The TITLE INDEX SHEET must also show on which pages the “Environmental/Mitigation Requirements” notes are provided.

5. SURETY AND COST RECOVERY – The Development Services Director or City Manager may require appropriate surety instruments or bonds from private Permit Holders to ensure the long term performance or implementation of required mitigation measures or programs. The City is authorized to recover its cost to offset the salary, overhead, and expenses for City personnel and programs to monitor qualifying projects.

B. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS – PART II

Post Plan Check (After permit issuance/Prior to start of construction)

1. PRE CONSTRUCTION MEETING IS REQUIRED TEN (10) WORKING DAYS PRIOR TO BEGINNING ANY WORK ON THIS PROJECT. The PERMIT HOLDER/OWNER is responsible to arrange and perform this meeting by contacting the CITY RESIDENT ENGINEER (RE) of the Field Engineering Division and City staff from MITIGATION MONITORING COORDINATION (MMC). Attendees must also include the Permit holder's Representative(s), Job Site Superintendent and the following consultants:

   Qualified Biologist

   Note:
   Failure of all responsible Permit Holder's representatives and consultants to attend shall require an additional meeting with all parties present.

   CONTACT INFORMATION:
   a) The PRIMARY POINT OF CONTACT is the RE at the Field Engineering Division – 858-627-3200
   b) For Clarification of ENVIRONMENTAL REQUIREMENTS, it is also required to call RE and MMC at 858-627-3360

2. MMRP COMPLIANCE: This Project, Project Tracking System (PTS) #488418 and Environmental Document # 488418, shall conform to the mitigation requirements contained in the associated Environmental Document and implemented to the satisfaction of the DSD’s Environmental Designee (MMC) and the City Engineer (RE). The requirements may not be reduced or changed but may be annotated (i.e. to explain when and how compliance is being met and location of verifying proof,
etc.). Additional clarifying information may also be added to other relevant plan sheets and/or specifications as appropriate (i.e., specific locations, times of monitoring, methodology, etc.

**Note:**
Permit Holder’s Representatives must alert RE and MMC if there are any discrepancies in the plans or notes, or any changes due to field conditions. All conflicts must be approved by RE and MMC BEFORE the work is performed.

3. **OTHER AGENCY REQUIREMENTS:** Evidence of compliance with all other agency requirements or permits shall be submitted to the RE and MMC for review and acceptance prior to the beginning of work or within one week of the Permit Holder obtaining documentation of those permits or requirements. Evidence shall include copies of permits, letters of resolution or other documentation issued by the responsible agency.

None

4. **MONITORING EXHIBITS**
All consultants are required to submit, to RE and MMC, a monitoring exhibit on a 11x17 reduction of the appropriate construction plan, such as site plan, grading, landscape, etc., marked to clearly show the specific areas including the **LIMIT OF WORK**, scope of that discipline’s work, and notes indicating when in the construction schedule that work will be performed. When necessary for clarification, a detailed methodology of how the work will be performed shall be included.

5. **OTHER SUBMITTALS AND INSPECTIONS:**
The Permit Holder/Owner’s representative shall submit all required documentation, verification letters, and requests for all associated inspections to the RE and MMC for approval per the following schedule:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Issue Area</th>
<th>Document submittal</th>
<th>Assoc Inspection/Apv</th>
<th>Notes</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Pre-Con Meeting</td>
<td>Request letter</td>
<td>MMC approval</td>
<td>3 days prior to pre-con</td>
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<tr>
<td>Biology</td>
<td>Consultant Qual. Letter</td>
<td>MMC approval</td>
<td>MMC approval</td>
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<tr>
<td>Biology</td>
<td>Bio. Monitoring Exhibit.</td>
<td>MMC approval</td>
<td>MMC approval</td>
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<tr>
<td>Biology</td>
<td>Protocol or other Survey</td>
<td>MMC approval</td>
<td>MMC approval</td>
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<tr>
<td>Biology</td>
<td>Limit of Work Ver. Letter</td>
<td>MMC inspection</td>
<td>MMC inspection</td>
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<tr>
<td>Final approval</td>
<td>Request for Final</td>
<td>Final inspection</td>
<td>1 week after request</td>
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C. **SPECIFIC MMRP ISSUE AREA CONDITIONS/REQUIREMENTS**

**BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES**

**Biological Resources Protection During Construction**

1. **Prior to Construction**
   
   A. **Biologist Verification** - The owner/permittee shall provide a letter to the City's Mitigation Monitoring Coordination (MMC) section stating that a Project Biologist (Qualified Biologist) as
defined in the City of San Diego's Biological Guidelines (2012), has been retained to implement the project's biological monitoring program. The letter shall include the names and contact information of all persons involved in the biological monitoring of the project.

B. **Preconstruction Meeting** - The Qualified Biologist shall attend the preconstruction meeting, discuss the project's biological monitoring program, and arrange to perform any follow up mitigation measures and reporting including site-specific monitoring, restoration or revegetation, and additional fauna/flora surveys/salvage.

C. **Biological Documents** - The Qualified Biologist shall submit all required documentation to MMC verifying that any special mitigation reports including but not limited to, maps, plans, surveys, survey timelines, or buffers are completed or scheduled per City Biology Guidelines, Multiple Species Conservation Program (MSCP), Environmentally Sensitive Lands Ordinance (ESL), project permit conditions; California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA); endangered species acts (ESAs); and/or other local, state or federal requirements.

D. **BCME** - The Qualified Biologist shall present a Biological Construction Mitigation/Monitoring Exhibit (BCME) which includes the biological documents in C above. In addition, include: restoration/revegetation plans, plant salvage/relocation requirements (e.g., coastal cactus wren plant salvage, burrowing owl exclusions, etc.), avian or other wildlife surveys/survey schedules (including general avian nesting and USFWS protocol), timing of surveys, wetland buffers, avian construction avoidance areas/noise buffers/barriers, other impact avoidance areas, and any subsequent requirements determined by the Qualified Biologist and the City ADD/MMC. The BCME shall include a site plan, written and graphic depiction of the project's biological mitigation/monitoring program, and a schedule. The BCME shall be approved by MMC and referenced in the construction documents.

E. **Avian Protection Requirements** - To avoid any direct impacts to any species identified as a listed, candidate, sensitive, or special status species in the MSCP, including, but not limited to Cooper's Hawk, removal of habitat that supports active nests in the proposed area of disturbance should occur outside of the breeding season for these species (February 1 to September 15). If removal of habitat in the proposed area of disturbance must occur during the breeding season, the Qualified Biologist shall conduct a pre-construction survey to determine the presence or absence of nesting birds on the proposed area of disturbance. The pre-construction survey shall be conducted within 10 calendar days prior to the start of construction activities (including removal of vegetation). The applicant shall submit the results of the pre-construction survey to City DSD for review and approval prior to initiating any construction activities. If nesting birds are detected, a letter report or mitigation plan in conformance with the City's Biology Guidelines and applicable State and Federal Law (i.e. appropriate follow up surveys, monitoring schedules, construction and noise barriers/buffers, etc.) shall be prepared and include proposed measures to be implemented to ensure that take of birds or eggs or disturbance of breeding activities is avoided. The report or mitigation plan shall be submitted to the City for review and approval and implemented to the satisfaction of the City. The City's MMC Section and Biologist shall verify and approve that all measures identified in the report or mitigation plan are in place prior to and/or during construction.
F. **Resource Delineation** - Prior to construction activities, the Qualified Biologist shall supervise the placement of orange construction fencing or equivalent along the limits of disturbance adjacent to sensitive biological habitats and verify compliance with any other project conditions as shown on the BCME. This phase shall include flagging plant specimens and delimiting buffers to protect sensitive biological resources (e.g., habitats/flora & fauna species, including nesting birds) during construction. Appropriate steps/care should be taken to minimize attraction of nest predators to the site.

G. **Education** - Prior to commencement of construction activities, the Qualified Biologist shall meet with the owner/permittee or designee and the construction crew and conduct an on-site educational session regarding the need to avoid impacts outside of the approved construction area and to protect sensitive flora and fauna (e.g., explain the avian and wetland buffers, flag system for removal of invasive species or retention of sensitive plants, and clarify acceptable access routes/methods and staging areas, etc.).

II. **During Construction**

A. **Monitoring** - All construction (including access/staging areas) shall be restricted to areas previously identified, proposed for development/staging, or previously disturbed as shown on "Exhibit A" and/or the BCME. The Qualified Biologist shall monitor construction activities as needed to ensure that construction activities do not encroach into biologically sensitive areas, or cause other similar damage, and that the work plan has been amended to accommodate any sensitive species located during the pre-construction surveys. In addition, the Qualified Biologist shall document field activity via the Consultant Site Visit Record (CSVR). The CSVR shall be e-mailed to MMC on the 1st day of monitoring, the 1st week of each month, the last day of monitoring, and immediately in the case of any undocumented condition or discovery.

B. **Subsequent Resource Identification** - The Qualified Biologist shall note/act to prevent any new disturbances to habitat, flora, and/or fauna onsite (e.g., flag plant specimens for avoidance during access, etc.). If active nests or other previously unknown sensitive resources are detected, all project activities that directly impact the resource shall be delayed until species specific local, state or federal regulations have been determined and applied by the Qualified Biologist.

III. **Post Construction Measures**

A. In the event that impacts exceed previously allowed amounts, additional impacts shall be mitigated in accordance with City Biology Guidelines, ESL and MSCP, State CEQA, and other applicable local, state and federal law. The Qualified Biologist shall submit a final BCME/report to the satisfaction of the City ADD/MMC within 30 days of construction completion.
Direct Impacts to Sensitive Vegetation Communities

Prior to the start of construction the owner/permittee shall demonstrate to the satisfaction of MMC that the following mitigation measures have been satisfied:

To compensate for the loss of 0.32-acre of Diegan coastal sage scrub (Tier II), located outside the MHPA, impacts shall be mitigated through payment to the City of San Diego's Habitat Acquisition Fund or the purchase of credits at the Cornerstone Lands Bank, either of which will preserve habitat within the MHPA. Payment will be provided for 0.32-acre to achieve the required 1:1 impact to mitigation ratio.

Revegetation of Temporary Impacts

To mitigate for indirect impacts related to the potential for invasive plant species to establish within temporary disturbance areas resulting from the construction of the storm water storage basin shall be revegetated in accordance with the Landscape Plans (Sheet L-1) of the project's approved Site Development Permit Exhibit A. The revegetation areas will be monitored and maintained for 25 months to ensure adequate establishment and sustainability of the plantings/seedings in accordance with the Landscape Revegetation Notes and Criteria (Sheet L-2) of the project's approved Site Development Permit Exhibit A.

VI. PUBLIC REVIEW DISTRIBUTION:

Draft copies or notice of this Mitigated Negative Declaration were distributed to:

City of San Diego
Councilmember Bry - District 1
Mayor's Office
City Attorney's Office (MS 59)
Development Services (501)
Mark Brunette, EAS/Planning
Golsa Soraya, Project Management
Louis Shultz, Engineering
Kreg Mills, Geology
Engineering and Capital Projects (908A)
Rawsan Salha
Mark Berlin
Park and Recreation
Shannon Scoggins
Facilities Financing, Tom Tomlinson (93B)
Water Review, Medhi Rastakhiz (86A)
Library Dept. - Government Documents (81)
San Diego Central Library (81A)
Carmel Valley Branch Library (81F)
Results of Public Review:

(X) No comments were received during the public input period.

( ) Comments were received but did not address the accuracy or completeness of the draft environmental document. No response is necessary and the letters are incorporated herein.

( ) Comments addressing the accuracy or completeness of the draft environmental document were received during the public input period. The letters and responses are incorporated herein.

Copies of the draft Mitigated Negative Declaration, the Mitigation, Monitoring and Reporting Program and any Initial Study material are available in the office of the Entitlements Division for review, or for purchase at the cost of reproduction.

Mark Brunette, Senior Planner
Development Services Department

10/30/18
Date of Draft Report

12/4/18
Date of Final Report

Analyst: Mark Brunette

Attachments: Vicinity Map
Landscape Plan
Initial Study Checklist
Landscape Plan
Ashley Falls Storm Flow Storage SDP/Project No. 488148    Location:  Northwest corner of Pearlman Way and Carmel Knolls Drive, San Diego, CA 92130 (APN: 304-502-13-00)
City of San Diego – Development Services Department
INITIAL STUDY CHECKLIST

1. Project Title/Project Number: **ASHLEY FALLS STORM FLOW STORAGE SDP PROJECT/488418**

2. Lead agency name and address:

   City of San Diego  
   Department of Development Services  
   1222 First Avenue, MS 501  
   San Diego, CA 92101

3. Contact person and phone number: Mark Brunette/ (619) 446-5379

4. Project location:

   The Ashley Falls Storm Flow Storage SDP project is located within the Carmel Valley Community Planning Area within Council District 1. The site is located at the northwest corner of the intersection of Pearlman Way and Carmel Knolls Drive (See attached vicinity and landscape plan).

5. Project Applicant/Sponsor’s name and address:

   City of San Diego Public Works Department – Engineering and Capital Projects, Right of Way Design Division

6. General Plan designation:

   Open Space general and community plan designations.

7. Zoning:

   The proposed project is within the CVPD-SF1 (Carmel Valley Planned District – Single Family) zone and the public-right-of-way which does not have a zoning designation.

8. Description of project (Describe the whole action involved, including but not limited to, later phases of the project, and any secondary, support, or off-site features necessary for its implementation.):

   A **SITE DEVELOPMENT PERMIT (SDP)** for impacts to Environmentally Sensitive Lands (ESL) to construct a large-scale storm flow storage and multi-pollutant treatment system within City right-of-way and a City owned parcel (APN# 3045021300). The total project impact area of 0.71-acre would include 0.60-acre of grading for a biofiltration basin and three (3) lateral storm drain connections to direct storm water from the existing storm drain system into the basin.

   The proposed biofiltration basin would also function as an ADA-compliant passive park which would include interpretive signage for the biofiltration basin/storm water outreach, a small pedestrian footbridge, and connections to the existing sidewalk on each side of the basin. The
proposed biofiltration basin/passive park would be landscaped with 5-gallon Lemonade Berry trees, a native planting hydroseed mix, and a palette of native California grass container plants in the basin bottom. The project proposes a 25-month Maintenance, Monitoring and Reporting program for the proposed landscaping including plant establishment success criteria. The project would directly impact approximately 0.32-acre of Diegan Coastal Sage Scrub (DCSS) and disturbed DCSS (Tier II) upland habitat which is proposed to be mitigated through the purchase of credits at the Cornerstone Lands Bank or through payment into the City of San Diego’s Habitat Acquisition Fund. **The project site is not included on any Government Code listing of hazardous waste sites.**

9: Surrounding land uses and setting: Briefly describe the project’s surroundings:

The project site is a vacant City-owned parcel and adjacent public parkway that has been previously graded and contains disturbed coastal sage scrub upland habitat within an existing single family residential neighborhood. The project site is bounded by the improved public roads Carmel Knolls Drive to the northeast and Pearlman Way to the southeast. Natural open space is situated to the north, west and southwest of the project site. Existing one and two-story single-family dwellings are present on the opposite side of the adjacent public streets to the southeast and northeast, and on the opposite side of existing natural open space to the west and northwest of the project site.

The topography on the project site is relatively flat and has a slight slope in a southeasterly direction toward a storm drain opening in the southeastern corner of the site. Elevations in the project area range from 178 to 185 feet above mean sea level (AMSL). The natural open space to the west and northwest of the project site slopes steeply upward in a westerly direction to an approximate elevation of 230 feet AMSL.

10. Other public agencies whose approval is required (e.g., permits, financing approval, or participation agreement):

None

11. Have California Native American tribes traditionally and culturally affiliated with the project area requested consultation pursuant to Public Resources Code section 21080.3.1? If so, has consultation begun?

Note: Conducting consultation early in the CEQA process allows tribal governments, lead agencies, and project proponents to discuss the level of environmental review, identify and address potential adverse impacts to tribal cultural resources, and reduce the potential for delay and conflict in the environmental review process. (See Public Resources Code section 21083.3.2.) Information may also be available from the California Native American Heritage Commission’s Sacred Lands File per Public Resources Code section 5097.96 and the California Historical Resources Information System administered by the California Office of Historic Preservation. Please also note that Public Resources Code section 21082.3(c) contains provisions specific to confidentiality.

The Iipay Nation of Santa Ysabel and Jamul Indian Village of Kumeyaay Nation Native American tribes which are traditionally and culturally affiliated with the project area have requested consultation with the City of San Diego pursuant to Public Resources Code section 21082.3 (c). However, these tribes were notified of the opportunity to consult with the City of San Diego on the proposed project and they responded that they do not require consultation for this project.
ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:

The environmental factors checked below would be potentially affected by this project, involving at least one impact that is a "Potentially Significant Impact" as indicated by the checklist on the following pages.

- Aesthetics
- Greenhouse Gas Emissions
- Population/Housing
- Agriculture and Forestry Resources
- Hazards & Hazardous Materials
- Public Services
- Air Quality
- Hydrology/Water Quality
- Recreation
- Biological Resources
- Land Use/Planning
- Transportation/Traffic
- Cultural Resources
- Mineral Resources
- Tribal Cultural Resources
- Geology/Soils
- Noise
- Utilities/Service System
- Mandatory Findings Significance

DETERMINATION: (To be completed by Lead Agency)

On the basis of this initial evaluation:

- The proposed project COULD NOT have a significant effect on the environment, and a NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared.
- Although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, there will not be a significant effect in this case because revisions in the project have been made by or agreed to by the project proponent. A MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared.
- The proposed project MAY have a significant effect on the environment, and an ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required.
- The proposed project MAY have a "potentially significant impact" or "potentially significant unless mitigated" impact on the environment, but at least one effect (a) has been adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and (b) has been addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis as described on attached sheets. An ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required.
- Although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, because all potentially significant effects (a) have been analyzed adequately in an earlier EIR or (MITIGATED) NEGATIVE DECLARATION pursuant to applicable standards, and (b) have been avoided or mitigated pursuant to that earlier EIR or (MITIGATED) NEGATIVE DECLARATION, including revisions or mitigation measures that are imposed upon the proposed project, nothing further is required.

EVALUATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS:

1) A brief explanation is required for all answers except “No Impact” answers that are adequately supported by the information sources a lead agency cites in the parentheses following each question. A “No Impact” answer is adequately supported if the referenced information sources show that the impact simply does not apply to projects like the one involved (e.g., the project falls outside a fault rupture zone). A “No Impact answer should be explained where it is based
on project specific factors as well as general standards (e.g., the project will not expose sensitive receptors to pollutants, based on a project-specific screening analysis.)

2) All answers must take account of the whole action involved, including off-site as well as on-site, cumulative as well as project-level, indirect as well as direct, and construction as well as operational impacts.

3) Once the lead agency has determined that a particular physical impact may occur, the checklist answers must indicate whether the impact is potentially significant, less than significant with mitigation, or less than significant. “Potentially Significant Impact” is appropriate if there is substantial evidence that an effect may be significant. If there are one or more “Potentially Significant Impact” entries when the determination is made, an EIR is required.

4) “Negative Declaration: Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated” applies where the incorporation of mitigation measures has reduced an effect from “Potentially Significant Impact” to a “Less Than Significant Impact.” The lead agency must describe the mitigation measures, and briefly explain how they reduce the effect to a less than significant level (mitigation measures from “Earlier Analyses”, as described in (5) below, may be cross-referenced).

5) Earlier analyses may be used where, pursuant to the tiering, program EIR, or other CEQA process, an effect has been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or (mitigated) negative declaration. Section 15063(c)(3)(D). In this case, a brief discussion should identify the following:

a. Earlier Analysis Used. Identify and state where they are available for review.

b. Impacts Adequately Addressed. Identify which effects from the above checklist were within the scope of and adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and state whether such effects were addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis.

c. Mitigation Measures. For effects that are “Less Than Significant With Mitigation Measures Incorporated”, describe the mitigation measures that were incorporated or refined from the earlier document and the extent to which they address site-specific conditions for the project.

6) Lead agencies are encouraged to incorporate into the checklist references to information sources for potential impacts (e.g., general plans, zoning ordinances). Reference to a previously prepared or outside document should, where appropriate, include a reference to the page or pages where the statement is substantiated.

7) Supporting Information Sources: A source list should be attached, and other sources used or individuals contacted should be cited in the discussion. Please note, all reports and documents mentioned in this document are available for public review in the Entitlements Division on the Fifth Floor of 1222 First Avenue, San Diego.

8) This is only a suggested form, and lead agencies are free to use different formats; however, lead agencies should normally address the questions from this checklist that are relevant to a project's environmental effects in whatever format is selected.

9) The explanation of each issue should identify:

a. The significance criteria or threshold, if any, used to evaluate each question; and

b. The mitigation measure identified, if any, to reduce the impact to less than significant.
I) AESTHETICS – Would the project:

a) Have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista?

No public scenic vistas are designated by the community plan on or adjacent to the project site. Furthermore, the aesthetic appearance of the project site will be improved by revegetating it with appropriate native vegetation and using the site as a passive recreation area with educational and interpretative information about the adjacent natural habitat. Therefore, the proposed project would have no significant impacts to public scenic vistas and no mitigation would be required.

b) Substantially damage scenic resources, including but not limited to, trees, rock outcroppings, and historic buildings within a state scenic highway?

See answer to I.a. above. In addition, the project would not damage any existing scenic rock outcroppings, trees or historic buildings as none of these features are located within or adjacent to the boundaries of the proposed project. Furthermore, the project site is not located near a state scenic highway.

c) Substantially degrade the existing visual character or quality of the site and its surroundings?

See answer to I.a and I.b. above.

d) Create a new source of substantial light or glare that would adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area?

The project does not include any new or modified light sources such as new or replacement street lights, and the project would not utilize highly reflective materials. In addition, no substantial sources of light would be generated during project construction, as construction activities would occur during daylight hours. The project would also be subject to the City’s Outdoor Lighting Regulations per Municipal Code Section 142.0740.

II) AGRICULTURAL AND FOREST RESOURCES: In determining whether impacts to agricultural resources are significant environmental effects, lead agencies may refer to the California Agricultural Land Evaluation and Site Assessment Model (1997) prepared by the California Department of Conservation as an optional model to use in assessing impacts on agriculture and farmland. In determining whether impacts to forest resources, including timberland, are significant environmental effects, lead agencies may refer to information compiled by the California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection regarding the state’s inventory of forest land, including the Forest and Range Assessment Project and the Forest Legacy Assessment project; and forest carbon measurement methodology provided in Forest Protocols adopted by the California Air Resources Board. – Would the
<table>
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<tr>
<th>Issue</th>
<th>Potentially Significant Impact</th>
<th>Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated</th>
<th>Less Than Significant Impact</th>
<th>No Impact</th>
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<tr>
<td>a) Converts Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance (Farmland), as shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency, to non-agricultural use?</td>
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The project would occur on a previously disturbed vacant City parcel which is adjacent to a natural hillside and improved public roads. None of these areas are designated for agricultural use or farmland. In addition, agricultural land is not present in the vicinity of the project.

b) Conflict with existing zoning for agricultural use, or a Williamson Act Contract? | ☒ | ☒ | ☒ | ☒ |

Refer to II.a.

c) Conflict with existing zoning for, or cause rezoning of, forest land (as defined in Public Resources Code section 1220(g)), timberland (as defined by Public Resources Code section 4526), or timberland zoned Timberland Production (as defined by Government Code section 51104(g))? | ☒ | ☒ | ☒ | ☒ |

The project would occur adjacent to natural open space and within paved public roads which are not designated as forest land. In addition, forest land is not present in the vicinity of the project.

d) Result in the loss of forest land or conversion of forest land to non-forest use? | ☒ | ☒ | ☒ | ☒ |

Refer to II.c.

e) Involve other changes in the existing environment, which, due to their location or nature, could result in conversion of Farmland to non-agricultural use or conversion of forest land to non-forest use? | ☒ | ☒ | ☒ | ☒ |

The project does not propose a change in land use and would not result in the conversion of Farmland since no Farmland exists within, or in the vicinity, of the project boundaries.

III. AIR QUALITY – Where available, the significance criteria established by the applicable air quality management or air pollution control district may be relied on to make the following determinations - Would the project:

a) Conflict with or obstruct implementation of the applicable air quality plan? | ☒ | ☒ | ☒ | ☒ |
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<th>Issue</th>
<th>Potentially Significant Impact</th>
<th>Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated</th>
<th>Less Than Significant Impact</th>
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<tr>
<td>The proposed storm flow storage and treatment basin would not involve</td>
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<td>any future actions that would generate air quality emissions because</td>
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<td>of the proposed use (e.g. vehicle miles traveled). However, emissions</td>
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<td>would occur during the construction phase of the project and could</td>
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<td>increase the amount of harmful pollutants entering the air basin. The</td>
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<td>emissions would be minimal and would only occur temporarily during</td>
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<td>construction. When appropriate, dust suppression methods would be</td>
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<td>included as project components. As such, the project would not</td>
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<td>conflict with the region's air quality plan.</td>
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<td>b) Violate any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an</td>
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<tr>
<td>existing or projected air quality violation?</td>
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<td>Refer to III.b</td>
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<tr>
<td>c) Result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria</td>
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<tr>
<td>pollutant for which the project region is non-attainment under an</td>
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<tr>
<td>applicable federal or state ambient air quality standard (including</td>
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<tr>
<td>releasing emissions which exceed quantitative thresholds for ozone</td>
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<tr>
<td>precursors)?</td>
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<td>As described above, construction operations could temporarily</td>
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<td>increase the emissions of dust and other pollutants. However,</td>
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<tr>
<td>construction emissions would be temporary and implementation of</td>
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<td>Best Management Practices would reduce potential impacts related to</td>
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<td>construction activities to below a level of significance. Therefore,</td>
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<tr>
<td>the project would not result in a cumulatively considerable net</td>
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<td>increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is</td>
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<tr>
<td>non-attainment under applicable federal or state ambient air quality</td>
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<td>standards.</td>
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<tr>
<td>d) Create objectionable odors affecting a substantial number of</td>
<td>☐</td>
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<tr>
<td>people?</td>
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<tr>
<td>Operation of construction equipment and vehicles could generate</td>
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<tr>
<td>odors associated with fuel combustion. However, these odors would</td>
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<td>dissipate into the atmosphere upon release and would only remain</td>
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<tr>
<td>temporarily in proximity to the construction equipment and vehicles.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Therefore, the project would not create odors affecting a substantial</td>
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<tr>
<td>number of people.</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

IV. BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES – Would the project:

a) Have substantial adverse effects, either directly or through        | ☐                              | ☒                                               | ☐                          | ☐         |
| habitat modifications, on any species identified as a candidate,    |                                |                                                 |                            |           |
| sensitive, or special status species in local or regional plans,    |                                |                                                 |                            |           |
| policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish    |                                |                                                 |                            |           |
| and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?                         |                                |                                                 |                            |           |

Direct Impacts

A Biological Resource Letter Report for the Ashley Falls Storm Water Improvement Project (February 15, 2017) was prepared by DUDEK for the proposed project. The letter report
analyzed the impacts of the proposed project on the biological and jurisdictional resources located on or near the project site. The project area is not located within or adjacent to the Multi-Habitat Planning Area (MHPA) of the MSCP San Diego Subarea Plan. The proposed project will result in permanent direct impacts to upland habitat which is summarized in the table below.

### Mitigation for Impacts to Sensitive Vegetation Communities

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Vegetation Community</th>
<th>Impacts (acres)</th>
<th>Ratios</th>
<th>Mitigation Required</th>
<th>Proposed Mitigation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Uplands</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diegan Coastal Sage Scrub</td>
<td>0.080</td>
<td>1:1 (impact outside MHPA, mitigation inside MHPA)</td>
<td>0.080</td>
<td>0.080</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Disturbed Diegan Coastal Sage Scrub</td>
<td>0.240</td>
<td>1:1 (impact outside MHPA, mitigation inside MHPA)</td>
<td>0.240</td>
<td>0.240</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Other Cover Types</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Disturbed Land</td>
<td>0.490</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>n/a</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Developed Land</td>
<td>0.070</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>n/a</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Implementation of the mitigation and monitoring requirements identified in Section V of this Mitigated Negative Declaration would reduce potentially significant direct impacts to sensitive upland habitat to a less than significant level. These requirements include a revegetation plan and 25-month monitoring and maintenance plan to revegetate all disturbed areas with Diegan coastal sage scrub habitat of a higher quality than presently exists. Section V also includes specific mitigation measures for any potential impacts to MSCP covered species.

### Indirect Impacts

To mitigate for indirect impacts related to the potential for invasive plant species to establish within temporary disturbance areas resulting from the construction of the storm water storage and treatment basin, all temporary disturbance areas shall be revegetated with Diegan coastal sage scrub plant species. As described under Direct Impacts above, the revegetation areas will be monitored and maintained for 25 months to ensure adequate establishment and sustainability of the plantings/seedings.
Implementation of the Mitigation and Monitoring Requirements identified in Section V of this Mitigated Negative Declaration, including biological resources protection during construction, landscape revegetation, and revegetation establishment criteria, would reduce potentially significant indirect impacts to biological resources, to a less than significant level.

b) Have a substantial adverse effect on any riparian habitat or other community identified in local or regional plans, policies, and regulations or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?

Refer to IV.a regarding direct vegetation impacts. According to the project's biological resource letter report the project would not directly or indirectly impact any riparian habitat or any other community identified in local or regional plans, or by the California Department of Fish and Wildlife or the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service.

c) Have a substantial adverse effect on federally protected wetlands as defined by Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (including but not limited to marsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc.) through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, or other means?

Refer to IV.a and b.

d) Interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or with established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors, or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites?

Due to the project's relatively small scale, its location on the edge of native habitat and adjacent to improved public streets, the proposed revegetation of any ground disturbance with Diegan coastal sage scrub plant species, and revegetation monitoring and maintenance, the project is not expected to significantly impact a wildlife corridor or alter the local movement of wildlife, and thus would not be considered significant under CEQA.

e) Conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources, such as a tree preservation policy or ordinance?

Refer to IV.a. The project would comply with all local policies and ordinances protecting biological resources including satisfying mitigation requirements for impacts to sensitive biological resources in accordance with the City of San Diego Multiple Species Conservation Program and the City of San Diego Biology Guidelines. The project is not located within or adjacent to the Multi-Habitat Planning Area (MHPA) and is therefore not subject to the MSCP City of San Diego Subarea Plan MHPA land use agency guidelines.
f) Conflict with the provisions of an adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Community Conservation Plan, or other approved local, regional, or state habitat conservation plan?

Refer to IV.a, b, and e. The project would not conflict with any local conservation plans including the MSCP City of San Diego Subarea Plan. Mitigation is required for any potentially significant impacts that may occur to an MSCP listed species.

V. CULTURAL RESOURCES – Would the project:

a) Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an historical resource as defined in §15064.5?

The project involves the construction of a storm water flow storage and treatment basin on a site that is currently vacant. Since there are no structures on the project site, no designated built-environment historical resources would be impacted by the project.

b) Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an archaeological resource pursuant to §15064.5?

An Archaeological Survey Results Report (ASR) for the Ashley Falls Large-Scale Flow Storage LID project was prepared by LSA (October 6, 2017). The report concludes that, based the topographic context of the natural landform adjacent to the proposed retention basin, combined with the potential for resource transport via alluvial mechanisms or mechanical displacement, the potential for intact subsurface cultural resources within the project area is remote. The report further states that the landform upon which the proposed project is located has been modified from its original context during the creation of the surrounding neighborhoods. The report recommends no further cultural resources work and states that cultural resource monitoring by archaeologists is not recommended. Based on the conclusions and recommendations of the ASR, the project would have a less than significant impact on archaeological resources and no mitigation is required.

c) Directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleontological resource or site or unique geologic feature?

The project site is underlain by the Friars geological deposit/formation/rock unit as indicated by the project’s geotechnical investigation (Report of Geotechnical Field Exploration Vacant Parcel Located Northwest of the Intersection of Pearlman Way and Carmel Knolls Drive, Allied Geotechnical Engineers, Inc., June 14, 2011) and City of San Diego Development Services Department (DSD) geologic maps. The City of San Diego Land Development Manual General Grading Guidelines for Paleontological Resources indicate that the Friars Formation has a high potential for the discovery of paleontological resources.

San Diego Municipal Code Section 142.0501 (Paleontological Resources Requirements for
Grading Activities) requires paleontological monitoring for grading that involves 1,000 cubic yards or greater and 10 feet or greater in depth, in a High Resource Potential Geologic Deposit/Formation/Rock Unit.

Since, according to the project’s DSD PTS Review Cycle 4 Grading Plan, this project would excavate 4,300 cubic yards of soil with a maximum excavation depth of 16.8 feet, paleontological monitoring will be required during project grading. The Site Development Permit for this project will include a condition of approval that requires the project to comply with the above referenced Municipal Code section and the General Grading Guidelines for Paleontological Resources, which will ensure that the potential impact to paleontological resources is less than significant. As such, no mitigation is required.

d) Disturb any human remains, including those interred outside of formal cemeteries? □ □ ☒ □

No cemeteries, formal or informal, have been identified on or adjacent to the project site. While there is a possibility of encountering human remains during subsequent project construction activities, if remains are found monitoring would be required. In addition, per CEQA Section 15064.5(e), the California Public Resources Code (Sec. 5097.98) and State Health and Safety Code (Sec. 7050.5), if human remains are discovered during construction, work would be required to halt in that area and no soil would be exported off-site until a determination could be made regarding the provenance of the human remains via the County Coroner and other authorities as required.

VI. GEOLOGY AND SOILS – Would the project:

a) Expose people or structures to potential substantial adverse effects, including the risk of loss, injury, or death involving:

i) Rupture of a known earthquake fault, as delineated on the most recent Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Map issued by the State Geologist for the area or based on other substantial evidence of a known fault? Refer to Division of Mines and Geology Special Publication 42. □ □ ☒ □

According to the City of San Diego Seismic Safety Study maps the project site is not located on or near any known (mapped) active or potentially active faults. Therefore, the potential for fault ground rupture at the site is low. In addition, the project would utilize proper engineering design and standard construction practices in order to ensure that potential impacts in this category based on regional geologic hazards would remain less than significant. Therefore risks from rupture of a known earthquake fault would be below a level of significance.

ii) Strong seismic ground shaking? □ □ ☒ □

See VI.a.i. above. The project would also be required to utilize proper engineering design and standard construction practices to ensure that the potential for impacts from
ground shaking would be below a level of significance.

iii) Seismic-related ground failure, including liquefaction?

See VI.a above. The project’s geotechnical field exploration did not encounter groundwater in any of the borings that were completed during the field exploration of the site. The project would also be required to utilize proper engineering design and standard construction practices to ensure that the potential for impacts from ground shaking would be below a level of significance.

iv) Landslides?

See VI.a. above. The is not identified on City of San Diego DSD Seismic Safety Study maps as being on or near areas that are susceptible to landslides. Furthermore, the project site has relatively flat topography and no unstable slopes are present on the project site.

b) Result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil?

Refer to VI.a. All disturbed areas would be revegetated with appropriate non-invasive, low water use, container plants and hydroseed mix to control erosion. Additionally, appropriate Best Management Practices would be utilized during project construction to prevent soil erosion. As such, the project would not result in a substantial amount of soil erosion or loss of topsoil.

c) Be located on a geologic unit or soil that is unstable, or that would become unstable as a result of the project, and potentially result in on- or off-site landslide, lateral spreading, subsidence, liquefaction or collapse?

Refer to VI.a. The project is located within City of San Diego Geologic Hazard Category 53 which is designated as “level or sloping terrain, unfavorable geologic structure, low to moderate geologic risk.” In addition, proper engineering design and utilization of standard construction practices would ensure that the potential impacts would be less than significant.

d) Be located on expansive soil, as defined in Table 18-1-B of the Uniform Building Code (1994), creating substantial risks to life or property?

Refer to VI.a.

e) Have soils incapable of adequately supporting the use of septic tanks or alternative waste water disposal systems where sewers are not available for the disposal of waste water?
Refer to VI.a. In addition, no septic or alternative wastewater systems are proposed since the scope of the project is to construct a large-scale storm flow storage and treatment basin.

VII. GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS – Would the project:

a) Generate greenhouse gas emissions, either directly or indirectly, that may have a significant impact on the environment?

In December 2015, the City adopted a Climate Action Plan (CAP) that outlines the actions that City will undertake to achieve its proportional share of State greenhouse gas (GHG) emission reductions. The purpose of the Climate Action Plan Consistency Checklist (Checklist) is to, in conjunction with the CAP, provide a streamlined review process for proposed new development projects that are subject to discretionary review and trigger environmental review pursuant to the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA).

Analysis of GHG emissions and potential climate change impacts from new development is required under CEQA. The CAP is a plan for the reduction of GHG emissions in accordance with CEQA Guidelines Section 15183.5. Pursuant to CEQA Guidelines Sections 15064(h)(3), 15130(d), and 15183(b), a project's incremental contribution to a cumulative GHG emissions effect may be determined not to be cumulatively considerable if it complies with the requirements of the CAP.

This Checklist is part of the CAP and contains measures that are required to be implemented on a project-by-project basis to ensure that the specified emissions targets identified in the CAP are achieved. Implementation of these measures would ensure that new development is consistent with the CAP’s assumptions for relevant CAP strategies toward achieving the identified GHG reduction targets. Projects that are consistent with the CAP as determined through the use of this Checklist may rely on the CAP for the cumulative impacts analysis of GHG emissions. Projects that are not consistent with the CAP must prepare a comprehensive project-specific analysis of GHG emissions, including quantification of existing and projected GHG emissions and incorporation of the measures in this Checklist to the extent feasible. Cumulative GHG impacts would be significant for any project that is not consistent with the CAP.

The project involves a relatively small construction area of approximately 0.60-acre. In addition, the project would not result in operational greenhouse gas emissions. Under Step 1 of the CAP Checklist the proposed project is consistent with the existing General Plan and Community Plan land use designations, and zoning designations for the project site because these designations allow for the construction of public storm water storage and treatment facilities that would enhance existing public storm water drainage infrastructure. Therefore, the proposed project is consistent with the growth projections and land use assumptions used in the CAP.

Furthermore, completion of the Step 2 of the CAP Checklist for the project demonstrates that the CAP strategies for reduction in GHG emissions are not applicable to the project.
because it is a public storm water storage and treatment project with no habitable space or operational GHG emissions and does not require a building permit or certificate of occupancy.

Therefore, the project has been determined to be consistent with the City of San Diego Climate Action Plan, would result in a less than significant impact on the environment with respect to Greenhouse Gas Emissions, and further GHG emissions analysis and mitigation would not be required.

b) Conflict with an applicable plan, policy, or regulation adopted for the purpose of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gases?

Refer to VII.a.

VIII. HAZARDS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS – Would the project:

a) Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials?

Construction of the project may require the use of hazardous materials (e.g. fuels, lubricants, solvents, etc.) which would require proper storage, handling, use and disposal; however, these conditions would not occur during routine construction within or adjacent to the PROW. Construction specifications would include requirements for the contractor regarding where routine handling or disposal of hazardous materials could occur and what measures to implement in the event of a spill from equipment. Compliance with contract specifications would ensure that potential hazards are minimized to below a level of significance.

b) Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment?

Construction of the project may have the potential to traverse properties which could contain Leaking Underground Storage Tank (LUST) cleanup sites, permitted UST's, or contaminated sites located within 1,000 feet of the project alignments; however, in the event that construction activities encounter underground contamination, the contractor would be required to implement section 803 of the City's “WHITEBOOK” for “Encountering or Releasing Hazardous Substances or Petroleum Products” of the City of San Diego Standard Specifications for Public Works Construction which is included in all construction documents and would ensure the proper handling and disposal of any contaminated soils in accordance with all applicable local, state, and federal regulations. Compliance with these requirements would minimize the risk to the public and the environment; therefore, impacts would remain less than significant.

c) Emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Issue</th>
<th>Potentially Significant Impact</th>
<th>Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated</th>
<th>Less Than Significant Impact</th>
<th>No Impact</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>within one-quarter mile of an existing or proposed school?</td>
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<tr>
<td>The proposed project is not located within one-quarter mile of existing schools but would involve excavation activities that could result in the release of hazardous emissions if unanticipated contamination is encountered within or adjacent to the PROW. However, section 803 of the City's “WHITEBOOK” to ensure that appropriate protocols are followed pursuant to County DEH requirements should any hazardous conditions be encountered. As such, impacts regarding the handling or discovery of hazardous materials, substances or waste within close proximity of a school would be below a level of significance with implementation of the measures required pursuant to the contract specifications and County DEH oversight.</td>
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<td>d) Be located on a site which is included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5 and, as a result, would it create a significant hazard to the public or the environment?</td>
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<tr>
<td>See VIIIa-c above. In addition, the project site is not included on a list of hazardous materials locations.</td>
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<tr>
<td>e) For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two mile of a public airport or public use airport, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?</td>
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<tr>
<td>The project site is not located within an airport land use plan. Furthermore, since the proposed project involves construction of an at or below existing grade storm water storage and treatment basin, it would not introduce any new features that would result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the area or create a flight hazard.</td>
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<tr>
<td>f) For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?</td>
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<tr>
<td>The project site is not within proximity of a private airstrip.</td>
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<tr>
<td>g) Impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan?</td>
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<tr>
<td>Construction of the proposed project may temporarily affect traffic circulation within the project Area of Potential Effect (APE) and its adjoining roads. However, an approved Traffic Control Plan would be implemented during construction which would allow emergency plans to be employed. Therefore, the project would not physically interfere with and adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Issue</td>
<td>Potentially Significant Impact</td>
<td>Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated</td>
<td>Less Than Significant Impact</td>
<td>No Impact</td>
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<tr>
<td>h)</td>
<td>Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires, including where wildlands are adjacent to urbanized areas or where residences are intermixed with wildlands?</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

The proposed project would be located adjacent to native vegetation. However, the proposed storm water storage and treatment facility and passive recreation area would not introduce new features that would substantially increase the risk of fire beyond the risk from existing disturbed native vegetation on the project site. The site is also separated from nearby residences by existing improved public roads. Revegetation of the disturbed areas will be completed in accordance with the brush management regulations of the Municipal Code which would reduce potential impacts to a less than significant level.

IX. HYDROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY - Would the project:

a) Violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements? ☒ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐

According to the Final Design Report for Ashley Falls Large Scale Storm Flow Storage LID Project revised July 13, 2018 by Rick Engineering Company, the proposed storm water storage and treatment basin should significantly reduce the pollutant loads that are currently being conveyed to downstream channels and water bodies. The report states further that the project will follow the guidelines and requirements set forth in the City of San Diego's 2016 “Storm Water Standards.”

Furthermore, potential impacts to existing water quality standards associated with the proposed project would include minimal short-term construction-related erosion sedimentation and would only result in beneficial long term operational storm water effects. The project would be required to comply with the City’s Storm Water Standards Manual and would have to comply with either a Water Pollution Control Plan or Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan. These plans would prevent or effectively minimize short-term water quality impacts during construction activities. In addition, the project will comply with all requirements of the most current Regional Water Quality Control Board municipals storm water (MS4) permit requirements. Therefore, the proposed project would not violate any existing water quality standards or discharge requirements.

b) Substantially deplete groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that there would be a net deficit in aquifer volume or a lowering of the local groundwater table level (e.g., the production rate of pre-existing nearby wells would drop to a level which would not support existing land uses or planned uses for which permits have been granted)? ☐ ☐ ☐ ☒

The project does not use groundwater, nor would it create new impervious surfaces that would interfere with groundwater recharge.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Issue</th>
<th>Potentially Significant Impact</th>
<th>Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated</th>
<th>Less Than Significant Impact</th>
<th>No Impact</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>c)</td>
<td>Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, in a manner, which would result in substantial erosion or siltation on- or off-site?</td>
<td>☐</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

All disturbed areas would be re-vegetated with a non-irrigated native hydroseed mix and non-invasive, native container plants to minimize soil erosion. In addition, the purpose of the project is to add storm water storage capacity and provide storm water treatment so both the on and off-site drainage and water quality would be improved by the project. Thus, the project would actually reduce the potential for erosion in the future.

d) Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, or substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner, which would result in flooding on- or off-site?

Refer to IX.c.

e) Create or contribute runoff water, which would exceed the capacity of existing or planned storm water drainage systems or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff?

Refer to IX.c. The project would be required to comply with all local and regional storm water quality standards during construction using approved Best Management Practices (BMPs), which would ensure that water quality is not degraded.

f) Otherwise substantially degrade water quality?

Refer to IX.c. The project would be required to comply with all local and regional storm water quality standards during construction using approved Best Management Practices (BMPs), which would ensure that water quality is not degraded.

g) Place housing within a 100-year flood hazard area as mapped on a federal Flood Hazard Boundary or Flood Insurance Rate Map or other flood hazard delineation map?

The project does not propose any housing.

h) Place within a 100-year flood hazard area, structures that would impede or redirect flood flows?

The project would not impede or redirect flood flows as it is not located within a 100-year flood hazard area. In addition, the project would provide additional storm water storage capacity to reduce potential flooding.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Issue</th>
<th>Potentially Significant Impact</th>
<th>Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated</th>
<th>Less Than Significant Impact</th>
<th>No Impact</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>i) Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving flooding, including flooding as a result of the failure of a levee or dam?</td>
<td>☐</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The proposed project does not include any features that would increase the risk associated with flooding beyond those of existing conditions.

j) Inundation by seiche, tsunami, or mudflow? | ☐                             | ☐                                                 | ☐                            | ☒         |

The proposed project does not include any features that would increase the risk associated with inundation by seiche, tsunami, or mudflow beyond those of existing conditions.

X. LAND USE AND PLANNING – Would the project:

a) Physically divide an established community? | ☐                             | ☐                                                 | ☐                            | ☒         |

The project would involve constructing a storm water storage and water quality treatment basin on a vacant lot, and, therefore, would not introduce new features that could divide an established community.

b) Conflict with any applicable land use plan, policy, or regulation of an agency with jurisdiction over the project (including but not limited to the general plan, specific plan, local coastal program, or zoning ordinance) adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect? | ☐                             | ☐                                                 | ☐                            | ☒         |

The project would involve constructing a storm water storage and water quality treatment basin on a vacant lot and would be consistent with all applicable land use plans, policies, or regulations of an agency with jurisdiction over the project and would not conflict with any land use plans.

c) Conflict with any applicable habitat conservation plan or natural community conservation plan? | ☐                             | ☐                                                 | ☒                            | ☐         |

Refer to IV. The project is not within or adjacent to the MHPA preserve area of the City of San Diego Multiple Species Conservation Program (MSCP). Implementation of the Mitigation and Monitoring Requirements identified in Section V of this Mitigated Negative Declaration would reduce potentially significant direct and indirect impacts to sensitive biological resources, including MSCP covered species, to a less than significant level.

XI. MINERAL RESOURCES – Would the project:

a) Result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region and the residents of the state? | ☐                             | ☐                                                 | ☐                            | ☒         |

The project site and areas around the site are not being used for the recovery of mineral resources and are not designed by the General Plan or other local, state or federal land use plan for mineral resources recovery; therefore, the project would not result in the loss of
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b) Result in the loss of availability of a locally important mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan or other land use plan? ☐ ☐ ☐ ☒

Refer to X.e.

XII. NOISE – Would the project result in:

a) Generation of noise levels in excess of standards established in the local general plan or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies? ☐ ☐ ☐ ☒

The project would not result in the generation of operational noise levels in excess of existing standards or existing ambient noise levels in the vicinity of the project.

b) Generation of excessive ground borne vibration or ground borne noise levels? ☐ ☐ ☐ ☒

The project would not result in the generation of operational ground borne vibration or noise levels in excess of existing standards or ambient levels.

c) A substantial permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project? ☐ ☐ ☐ ☒

Refer to XII.a-b

d) A substantial temporary or periodic increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above existing without the project? ☐ ☐ ☒ ☐

The proposed storm water storage and water treatment basin project would result in construction noise, but would be temporary in nature; in addition, the project is required to comply with the San Diego Municipal Code, Chapter 5, Article 9.5, (§59.5.0404 Construction Noise). This section specifies that it is unlawful for any person, between the hours of 7:00 p.m. of any day and 7:00 a.m. of the following day, or on legal holidays (with exception of Columbus Day and Washington's Birthday), or on Sundays, to erect, construct, demolish, excavate for, alter or repair any building or structure in such a manner as to create disturbing, excessive or offensive noise. In addition, the project would be required to conduct any construction activity so as to not cause, at or beyond the property lines of any property zoned residential, an average sound level greater than 75 decibels during the 12-hour period from 7:00 a.m. to 7:00 p.m.

e) For a project located within an airport land use plan, or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport would the project expose people residing or working ☐ ☐ ☒ ☐
The project site is not located within an airport land use plan. The project would not generate operational noise. Furthermore, compliance with OSHA standards will ensure the project workers would not be exposed to excessive noise levels.

f) For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?

The project site is not located within the vicinity of a private airstrip.

XIII. POPULATION AND HOUSING – Would the project:

a) Induce substantial population growth in an area, either directly (for example, by proposing new homes and businesses) or indirectly (for example, through extension of roads or other infrastructure)?

The project scope does not include the construction of new or extended roads or infrastructure, or new homes and businesses. The project would add storm water storage and water treatment to existing infrastructure. Therefore, the project would not induce population growth nor require the construction of new infrastructure.

b) Displace substantial numbers of existing housing, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?

No such displacement would result. There is no existing housing within the boundaries of the proposed project.

c) Displace substantial numbers of people, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?

No such displacement would result. There is no existing housing or residents within the boundaries of the project.

XIV. PUBLIC SERVICES

a) Would the project result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provisions of new or physically altered governmental facilities, need for new or physically altered governmental facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, in order to maintain acceptable service rations, response times or other performance objectives for any of the public services:

i) Fire Protection

The project would not result in adverse physical impacts to fire facilities or adversely affect
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existing levels of fire services.

ii) Police Protection

The project would not affect existing levels of police protection service and would not require the construction or expansion of a police facility.

iii) Schools

The project would not affect existing levels of public services and would not require the construction or expansion of a school facility.

v) Parks

The project would not affect existing levels of public services and would not require the construction or expansion of a park facility.

vi) Other public facilities

The project would not affect existing levels of public services; therefore, no new or altered government facilities would be required.

XV. RECREATION -

a) Would the project increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be accelerated?

The project would not adversely affect the availability of and/or need for new or expanded recreational resources because it would create a new small public recreational facility for the surrounding community.

b) Does the project include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities, which might have an adverse physical effect on the environment?

Refer to XV.a. The project proposes the development of a small passive, interpretive recreational facility on the new storm water storage basin, which would be compatible with the surrounding residential community and the adjacent native vegetation. The new park would improve the character of the community by providing native landscaping and educational information to the public about the adjacent natural habitat. Therefore, there would be no adverse physical impact on the environment.

XVI. TRANSPORTATION/TRAFFIC – Would the project?

a) Conflict with an applicable plan, ordinance or policy

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<td>establishing measures of effectiveness for the performance of the circulation system, taking into account all modes of transportation including mass transit and non-motorized travel and relevant components of the circulation system, including but not limited to intersections, streets, highways and freeways, pedestrian and bicycle paths, and mass transit?</td>
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<tr>
<td>Construction of the proposed project may temporarily affect traffic circulation within the project Area of Potential Effect (APE) and its adjoining roads. However, an approved Traffic Control Plan would be implemented during construction such that traffic circulation would not be substantially impacted. Therefore, the project would not result in any significant permanent increase in traffic generation or level of service.</td>
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<td>b) Conflict with an applicable congestion management program, including, but not limited to level of service standards and travel demand measures, or other standards established by the county congestion management agency for designated roads or highways?</td>
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<tr>
<td>Construction of the proposed project may temporarily affect traffic circulation within the project Area of Potential Effect (APE) and its adjoining roads. However, an approved Traffic Control Plan would be implemented during construction so that existing cumulative or individual levels of service are minimally impacted. Therefore, the project would not result in any significant permanent increase in traffic generation or permanent reduction in level of service.</td>
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<td>c) Result in a change in air traffic patterns, including either an increase in traffic levels or a change in location that results in substantial safety risks?</td>
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<td>The project is not located near an airport or near any existing or proposed air traffic patterns and would not generate additional air traffic. Therefore, the project would not result in change to air traffic patterns that would cause substantial safety risks.</td>
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<td>d) Substantially increase hazards due to a design feature (e.g., sharp curves or dangerous intersections) or incompatible uses (e.g., farm equipment)?</td>
<td>☐</td>
<td>☐</td>
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<tr>
<td>The project would not create a permanent increase in hazards resulting from design features and would reduce temporary hazards due to construction to a less than significant level through a Traffic Control Plan. The project does not propose any change in land use that would affect existing land uses in the area.</td>
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<td>e) Result in inadequate emergency access?</td>
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</table>
Construction of the proposed project may temporarily affect traffic circulation within the project Area of Potential Effect (APE) and its adjoining roads. However, an approved Traffic Control Plan would be implemented during construction such that emergency access would not be substantially impacted. Therefore, the project would not result in inadequate emergency access.

f) Conflict with adopted policies, plans, or programs regarding public transit, bicycle, or pedestrian facilities, or otherwise decrease the performance or safety of such facilities?

The project may temporarily impact circulation during construction activities relative to traffic, pedestrians, public transit and bicycles. However, the preparation of a Traffic Control Plan would ensure that any disruption to these services would not be significant.

XVII. TRIBAL CULTURAL RESOURCES- Would the project cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a tribal cultural resource, defined in Public Resources Code section 21074 as either a site, feature, place, cultural landscape that is geographically defined in terms of the size and scope of the landscape, sacred place, or object with cultural value to a California Native American tribe, and that is:

a) Listed or eligible for listing in the California Register of Historical Resources, or in a local register of historical resources as defined in Public Resources Code section 5020.1(k), or

Refer to Section V.b. No tribal cultural resources as defined by Public Resources Code section 21074 have been identified on the project site. Furthermore, the project site was not determined to be eligible for listing on either the State or local register of historical resources. Notification, as required by Public Resources Code section 21074 was provided to the Iipay Nation of Santa Ysabel, Jamul Indian Village of Kumeyaay Nation on March 21, 2018. On March 21, 2018 and April 4, 2018, these two Native American communities responded to the City that they do not require consultation for this project. Therefore, the project will not impact Tribal Cultural Resources and no mitigation is required.

b) A resource determined by the lead agency, in its discretion and supported by substantial evidence, to be significant pursuant to criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Public Resources Code Section 5024.1. In applying the criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Public Resource Code Section 5024.1, the lead agency shall consider the significance of the resource to a California Native American
No significant resources pursuant to subdivision (c) of Public Resources Code Section 5024.1 have been identified on the project site. Please see discussion in XVII (a) above.

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**XVIII. UTILITIES AND SERVICE SYSTEMS – Would the project:**

<table>
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<th>a)</th>
<th>Exceed wastewater treatment requirements of the applicable Regional Water Quality Control Board?</th>
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Construction of the proposed storm water storage and treatment basin would provide additional storm water storage and treatment for the existing City storm water drainage system and, as such, would improve the wastewater system. Therefore, the project would not exceed the requirements of the Regional Quality Control Board.

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<th>b)</th>
<th>Require or result in the construction of new water or wastewater treatment facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?</th>
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Construction of the proposed project would result in improvements to the existing storm water drainage infrastructure. It would not affect the water or wastewater systems and would, therefore, not result in a significant unmitigated impact on the environment.

<table>
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<th>c)</th>
<th>Require or result in the construction of new storm water drainage facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?</th>
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Refer to XVIII a. The project would treat storm water and reduce storm water flow rates downstream from the proposed storm water storage and treatment basin. As such, it would reduce potential downstream flooding and erosion and would improve the quality of storm water flowing through the basin. Furthermore, all impacts to biological resources would be mitigated to a less than significant level as discussed under Section IV of the initial study checklist.

<table>
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<th>d)</th>
<th>Have sufficient water supplies available to serve the project from existing entitlements and resources, or are new or expanded entitlements needed?</th>
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Construction of the proposed project would not increase the demand for water as it is a storm water infrastructure improvement project.

<table>
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<th>e)</th>
<th>Result in a determination by the wastewater treatment provided which serves or may serve the project that it has adequate capacity to serve the project's projected demand in addition to the provider's existing commitments?</th>
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Refer to XVII.c

f) Be served by a landfill with sufficient permitted capacity to accommodate the project’s solid waste disposal needs?

Construction of the project would likely generate minimal waste. Project waste, including any exported soil, would be disposed of in accordance with all applicable local and state regulations pertaining to solid waste including the permitted capacity of the landfill serving the project area. Demolition or construction materials which can be recycled shall comply with the City’s Construction and Demolition Debris Ordinance. Operation of the project would not generate a substantial amount of waste and, therefore, would not affect the permitted capacity of the landfill serving the project area.

g) Comply with federal, state, and local statutes and regulation related to solid waste?

Refer to XVII.f. Any solid waste generated during construction related activities would be recycled or disposed of in accordance with all applicable local, state and federal regulations.

XIX. MANDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE -

a) Does the project have the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory?

Although the proposed project could have significant direct and indirect impacts to sensitive biological resources, these impacts would be mitigated to a less than significant level by the mitigation measures identified in the Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program in Section V of the MND. These mitigation requirements are also consistent with the MSCP City of San Diego Subarea Plan. As stated in the initial study checklist, the project would result in less than significant impacts on archaeological, tribal cultural, and paleontological resources. Historical built-environment resources would not be significantly impacted by the project as stated in the Initial Study.

b) Does the project have impacts that are individually limited, but cumulatively considerable? (“Cumulatively considerable” means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable futures projects)?

The City of San Diego MSCP Subarea Plan addresses cumulative impacts on biological
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resources throughout San Diego. Since the mitigation measures identified in Section V of the MND are consistent with the avoidance and mitigation requirements for covered species, and the mitigation ratio requirements of the Subarea Plan, the proposed project is consistent with the MSCP Subarea Plan. As a result, project implementation would not result in any individually limited, but cumulatively significant impacts to these resources. Based on the project's consistency with the Climate Action Plan it would not result in cumulatively considerable environmental impacts relative to greenhouse gas emissions.

Furthermore, when considering all potential environmental impacts of the proposed project, including impacts identified as less than significant in the Initial Study Checklist, together with the impacts of other present, past and reasonably foreseeable future projects, there would not be a cumulatively considerable impact on the environment.

c) Does the project have environmental effects, which will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly?

![☐]( □ ) ![☒]( ☒ ) ![☐]( □ )

As evidenced by the Initial Study Checklist, no other substantial adverse effects on human beings, either indirectly or directly, would occur as a result of project implementation.
INITIAL STUDY CHECKLIST

REFERENCES

I. AESTHETICS / NEIGHBORHOOD CHARACTER

X City of San Diego General Plan; City of San Diego Land Development Municipal Code
X Community Plan.
__ Local Coastal Plan.

II. AGRICULTURAL RESOURCES & FOREST RESOURCES

X City of San Diego General Plan.
__ California Agricultural Land Evaluation and Site Assessment Model (1997)
__ Site Specific Report:

III. AIR QUALITY

__ California Clean Air Act Guidelines (Indirect Source Control Programs) 1990.
X Regional Air Quality Strategies (RAQS) - APCD.
__ Site Specific Report:

IV. BIOLOGY

X City of San Diego, Multiple Species Conservation Program (MSCP), Subarea Plan, 1997
X City of San Diego, MSCP, "Vegetation Communities with Sensitive Species and Vernal Pools" Maps, 1996.
X City of San Diego, MSCP, "Multiple Habitat Planning Area" maps, 1997.
__ Community Plan - Resource Element.
__ California Department of Fish and Game, California Natural Diversity Database, "State and Federally-listed Endangered, Threatened, and Rare Plants of California," January 2001.
X City of San Diego Land Development Code Biology Guidelines.
X Site Specific Reports: Biological Resource Letter Report for the Ashley Falls Storm Water Improvement Project (February 17, 2017) by DUDEK.
V. **CULTURAL RESOURCES (INCLUDES HISTORICAL RESOURCES)**

- City of San Diego Historical Resources Guidelines.
- City of San Diego Archaeology Library.
- Historical Resources Board List.
- Community Historical Survey:
- Site Specific Reports: Archaeological Survey Results Report for the Ashley Falls Large-Scale Storm Flow Storage LID Project by LSA, dated October 6, 2017.

VI. **GEOLOGY/SOILS**

- City of San Diego Seismic Safety Study.

VII. **GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS**

- City of San Diego Climate Action Plan, Adopted 2015
- Project Specific: Climate Action Plan Consistency Checklist for the Ashley Falls Large Scale Storm Flow Storage LID Project.

VIII. **HAZARDS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS**

- San Diego County Hazardous Materials Environmental Assessment Listing,
- San Diego County Hazardous Materials Management Division
- FAA Determination
- State Assessment and Mitigation, Unauthorized Release Listing, Public Use Authorized.
- Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan.

IX. **HYDROLOGY/WATER QUALITY**

- Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM).


Site Specific Reports: Final Design Report for Ashley Falls Large Scale Storm Flow Storage LID Project revised July 13, 2018 by Rick Engineering Company.

**X. LAND USE AND PLANNING**

City of San Diego General Plan.

Community Plan.

Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan

City of San Diego Zoning Maps

FAA Determination

**XI. MINERAL RESOURCES**

California Department of Conservation - Division of Mines and Geology, Mineral Land Classification.

Division of Mines and Geology, Special Report 153 - Significant Resources Maps.

Site Specific Report:

**XII. NOISE**

Community Plan

San Diego International Airport - Lindbergh Field CNEL Maps.

Brown Field Airport Master Plan CNEL Maps.

Montgomery Field CNEL Maps.

San Diego Association of Governments - San Diego Regional Average Weekday Traffic Volumes.

San Diego Metropolitan Area Average Weekday Traffic Volume Maps, SANDAG.

City of San Diego General Plan.

Site Specific Report:

**XIII. PALEONTOLOGICAL RESOURCES**

City of San Diego Paleontological Guidelines.

Kennedy, Michael P., and Gary L. Peterson, "Geology of the San Diego Metropolitan Area, California. Del Mar, La Jolla, Point Loma, La Mesa, Poway, and SW 1/4 Escondido 7 1/2 Minute Quadrangles," California Division of Mines and Geology Bulletin 200, Sacramento, 1975.


Site Specific Report:

XIV. POPULATION / HOUSING
   City of San Diego General Plan.
   Community Plan.
   Series 11 Population Forecasts, SANDAG.
   Other:

XV. PUBLIC SERVICES
   City of San Diego General Plan.
   Community Plan.

XVI. RECREATIONAL RESOURCES
   City of San Diego General Plan.
   Community Plan.
   Department of Park and Recreation
   City of San Diego - San Diego Regional Bicycling Map
   Additional Resources:

XVII. TRANSPORTATION / CIRCULATION
   City of San Diego General Plan.
   Community Plan.
   San Diego Metropolitan Area Average Weekday Traffic Volume Maps, SANDAG.
San Diego Region Weekday Traffic Volumes, SANDAG.

Site Specific Report:

XVIII. UTILITIES

X  City of San Diego General Plan.

X  Community Plan.

XIX. WATER CONSERVATION

X  City of San Diego General Plan.

X  Community Plan.