

# MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION

Project No. 602107 SCH No. N/A

SUBJECT:

**BABAK CDP**: Coastal Development Permit to demolish an existing 909 square-foot one-story residential dwelling at 1271 Cave Street for the establishment of a vacant parcel for future residential development which could be reasonably anticipated to result in a maximum of two residential units at the site. The 0.18-acre site is located within the RM-1-1 Zone, Coastal (Non-Appealable) Overlay Zone, the La Jolla Community Plan area, and within Council District 1. (LEGAL DESCRIPTION: La Jolla Subdivision, Lot 11, Block 51, Map No. 352.) APPLICANT: Bakak Roboubi.

I. PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

See attached Initial Study.

II. ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING:

See attached Initial Study.

III. DETERMINATION:

The City of San Diego conducted an Initial Study which determined that the proposed project could have a significant environmental effect in the following areas(s): **CULTURAL RESOURCES** (**ARCHEAOLOGY**) **AND TRIBAL CULTURAL RESOURCES**. Subsequent revisions in the project proposal create the specific mitigation identified in Section V of this Mitigated Negative Declaration. The project as revised now avoids or mitigates the potentially significant environmental effects previously identified, and the preparation of an Environmental Impact Report will not be required.

IV. DOCUMENTATION:

The attached Initial Study documents the reasons to support the above Determination.

- V. MITIGATION, MONITORING AND REPORTING PROGRAM:
  - A. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS PART I: Plan Check Phase (prior to permit issuance)

- 1. Prior to the issuance of a Notice To Proceed (NTP) for a subdivision, or any construction permits, such as Demolition, Grading or Building, or beginning any construction related activity on-site, the Development Services Department (DSD) Director's Environmental Designee (ED) shall review and approve all Construction Documents (CD), (plans, specification, details, etc.) to ensure the MMRP requirements are incorporated into the design.
- 2. In addition, the ED shall verify that the MMRP Conditions/Notes that apply ONLY to the construction phases of this project are included VERBATIM, under the heading, "ENVIRONMENTAL/MITIGATION REQUIREMENTS."
- 3. These notes must be shown within the first three (3) sheets of the construction documents in the format specified for engineering construction document templates as shown on the City website:

http://www.sandiego.gov/development-services/industry/standtemp.shtml

- 4. The **TITLE INDEX SHEET** must also show on which pages the "Environmental/Mitigation Requirements" notes are provided.
- 5. **SURETY AND COST RECOVERY** The Development Services Director or City Manager may require appropriate surety instruments or bonds from private Permit Holders to ensure the long term performance or implementation of required mitigation measures or programs. The City is authorized to recover its cost to offset the salary, overhead, and expenses for City personnel and programs to monitor qualifying projects.
- B. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS PART II: Post Plan Check (After permit issuance/Prior to start of construction)
  - 1. PRE CONSTRUCTION MEETING IS REQUIRED TEN (10) WORKING DAYS
    PRIOR TO BEGINNING ANY WORK ON THIS PROJECT. The PERMIT
    HOLDER/OWNER is responsible to arrange and perform this meeting by
    contacting the CITY RESIDENT ENGINEER (RE) of the Field Engineering
    Division and City staff from MITIGATION MONITORING COORDINATION
    (MMC). Attendees must also include the Permit holder's Representative(s),
    Job Site Superintendent and the following consultants:

Qualified Archaeologist, Qualified Native American Monitor

Note: Failure of all responsible Permit Holder's representatives and consultants to attend shall require an additional meeting with all parties present.

CONTACT INFORMATION:

a) The PRIMARY POINT OF CONTACT is the **RE** at the **Field Engineering Division – 858-627-3200** 

b) For Clarification of ENVIRONMENTAL REQUIREMENTS, it is also required to call **RE and MMC at 858-627-3360** 

2. MMRP COMPLIANCE: This Project, Project Tracking System (PTS) #602107 and /or Environmental Document #602107, shall conform to the mitigation requirements contained in the associated Environmental Document and implemented to the satisfaction of the DSD's Environmental Designee (MMC) and the City Engineer (RE). The requirements may not be reduced or changed but may be annotated (i.e. to explain when and how compliance is being met and location of verifying proof, etc.). Additional clarifying information may also be added to other relevant plan sheets and/or specifications as appropriate (i.e., specific locations, times of monitoring, methodology, etc.

Note: Permit Holder's Representatives must alert RE and MMC if there are any discrepancies in the plans or notes, or any changes due to field conditions. All conflicts must be approved by RE and MMC BEFORE the work is performed.

- 3. **OTHER AGENCY REQUIREMENTS:** Evidence of compliance with all other agency requirements or permits shall be submitted to the RE and MMC for review and acceptance prior to the beginning of work or within one week of the Permit Holder obtaining documentation of those permits or requirements. Evidence shall include copies of permits, letters of resolution or other documentation issued by the responsible agency.
- 4. MONITORING EXHIBITS: All consultants are required to submit, to RE and MMC, a monitoring exhibit on a 11x17 reduction of the appropriate construction plan, such as site plan, grading, landscape, etc., marked to clearly show the specific areas including the LIMIT OF WORK, scope of that discipline's work, and notes indicating when in the construction schedule that work will be performed. When necessary for clarification, a detailed methodology of how the work will be performed shall be included.

NOTE: Surety and Cost Recovery – When deemed necessary by the Development Services Director or City Manager, additional surety instruments or bonds from the private Permit Holder may be required to ensure the long term performance or implementation of required mitigation measures or programs. The City is authorized to recover its cost to offset the salary, overhead, and expenses for City personnel and programs to monitor qualifying projects.

### 5. OTHER SUBMITTALS AND INSPECTIONS:

The Permit Holder/Owner's representative shall submit all required documentation, verification letters, and requests for all associated inspections to the RE and MMC for approval per the following schedule:

Document Submittal/Inspection Checklist					
Issue Area	Document Submittal	Associated Inspection/Approvals/ Notes			
General	Consultant Qualification Letters	Prior to Preconstruction Meeting			
General	Consultant Construction Monitoring Exhibits	Prior to Preconstruction Meeting			
Cultural Resources (Archaeology)	Archaeology Reports	Archaeology/Historic Site Observations			
Tribal Cultural Resources	Archaeology Reports	Archaeology/Historic Site Observations			
Bond Release	Request for a Bond Release Letter	Final MMRP Inspections Prior to Bond Release Letter			

## C. SPECIFIC MMRP ISSUE AREA CONDITIONS/REQUIREMENTS

## **CULTURAL RESOURCES (ARCHAEOLOGY)**

### I. Prior to Permit Issuance

- A. Entitlements Plan Check
  - Prior to issuance of any construction permits, including but not limited to, the first Grading Permit, Demolition Plans/Permits and Building Plans/Permits or a Notice to Proceed for Subdivisions, but prior to the first preconstruction meeting, whichever is applicable, the Assistant Deputy Director (ADD) Environmental designee shall verify that the requirements for Archaeological Monitoring and Native American monitoring have been noted on the applicable construction documents through the plan check process.
- B. Letters of Qualification have been submitted to ADD
  - The applicant shall submit a letter of verification to Mitigation Monitoring Coordination (MMC) identifying the Principal Investigator (PI) for the project and the names of all persons involved in the archaeological monitoring program, as defined in the City of San Diego Historical Resources Guidelines (HRG). If applicable, individuals involved in the archaeological monitoring program must have completed the 40-hour HAZWOPER training with certification documentation.
  - MMC will provide a letter to the applicant confirming the qualifications of the PI and all persons involved in the archaeological monitoring of the project meet the qualifications established in the HRG.
  - 3. Prior to the start of work, the applicant must obtain written approval from MMC for any personnel changes associated with the monitoring program.

## II. Prior to Start of Construction

- A. Verification of Records Search
  - 1. The PI shall provide verification to MMC that a site specific records search (1/4 mile radius) has been completed. Verification includes, but is not limited to a copy of a

- confirmation letter from South Coastal Information Center, or, if the search was inhouse, a letter of verification from the PI stating that the search was completed.
- 2. The letter shall introduce any pertinent information concerning expectations and probabilities of discovery during trenching and/or grading activities.
- 3. The PI may submit a detailed letter to MMC requesting a reduction to the ¼ mile radius.

## B. PI Shall Attend Precon Meetings

- Prior to beginning any work that requires monitoring; the Applicant shall arrange a
  Precon Meeting that shall include the PI, Native American consultant/monitor (where
  Native American resources may be impacted), Construction Manager (CM) and/or
  Grading Contractor, Resident Engineer (RE), Building Inspector (BI), if appropriate,
  and MMC. The qualified Archaeologist and Native American Monitor shall attend any
  grading/excavation related Precon Meetings to make comments and/or suggestions
  concerning the Archaeological Monitoring program with the Construction Manager
  and/or Grading Contractor.
  - a. If the PI is unable to attend the Precon Meeting, the Applicant shall schedule a focused Precon Meeting with MMC, the PI, RE, CM or BI, if appropriate, prior to the start of any work that requires monitoring.

## 2. Identify Areas to be Monitored

Prior to the start of any work that requires monitoring, the PI shall submit an Archaeological Monitoring Exhibit (AME) (with verification that the AME has been reviewed and approved by the Native American consultant/monitor when Native American resources may be impacted) based on the appropriate construction documents (reduced to 11x17) to MMC identifying the areas to be monitored including the delineation of grading/excavation limits.

The AME shall be based on the results of a site specific records search as well as information regarding existing known soil conditions (native or formation).

## 3. When Monitoring Will Occur

- a. Prior to the start of any work, the PI shall also submit a construction schedule to MMC through the RE indicating when and where monitoring will occur.
- b. The PI may submit a detailed letter to MMC prior to the start of work or during construction requesting a modification to the monitoring program. This request shall be based on relevant information such as review of final construction documents which indicate site conditions such as depth of excavation and/or site graded to bedrock, etc., which may reduce or increase the potential for resources to be present.

### III. During Construction

- A. Monitor(s) Shall be Present During Grading/Excavation/Trenching
  - The Archaeological Monitor shall be present full-time during all soil disturbing and grading/excavation/trenching activities which could result in impacts to archaeological resources as identified on the AME. The Construction Manager is responsible for notifying the RE, PI, and MMC of changes to any construction activities such as in the case of a potential safety concern within the area being monitored. In certain circumstances OSHA safety requirements may necessitate modification of the AME.
  - 2. The Native American consultant/monitor shall determine the extent of their

presence during soil disturbing and grading/excavation/trenching activities based on the AME and provide that information to the PI and MMC. If prehistoric resources are encountered during the Native American consultant/monitor's absence, work shall stop and the Discovery Notification Process detailed in Section III.B-C and IV.A-D shall commence.

- 3. The PI may submit a detailed letter to MMC during construction requesting a modification to the monitoring program when a field condition such as modern disturbance post-dating the previous grading/trenching activities, presence of fossil formations, or when native soils are encountered that may reduce or increase the potential for resources to be present.
- 4. The archaeological and Native American consultant/monitor shall document field activity via the Consultant Site Visit Record (CSVR). The CSVR's shall be faxed by the CM to the RE the first day of monitoring, the last day of monitoring, monthly (Notification of Monitoring Completion), and in the case of ANY discoveries. The RE shall forward copies to MMC.

## B. Discovery Notification Process

- In the event of a discovery, the Archaeological Monitor shall direct the contractor to temporarily divert all soil disturbing activities, including but not limited to digging, trenching, excavating or grading activities in the area of discovery and in the area reasonably suspected to overlay adjacent resources and immediately notify the RE or BI, as appropriate.
- 2. The Monitor shall immediately notify the PI (unless Monitor is the PI) of the discovery.
- 3. The PI shall immediately notify MMC by phone of the discovery, and shall also submit written documentation to MMC within 24 hours by fax or email with photos of the resource in context, if possible.
- No soil shall be exported off-site until a determination can be made regarding the significance of the resource specifically if Native American resources are encountered.

### C. Determination of Significance

- 1. The PI and Native American consultant/monitor, where Native American resources are discovered shall evaluate the significance of the resource. If Human Remains are involved, follow protocol in Section IV below.
  - a. The PI shall immediately notify MMC by phone to discuss significance determination and shall also submit a letter to MMC indicating whether additional mitigation is required.
  - b. If the resource is significant, the PI shall submit an Archaeological Data Recovery Program (ADRP) which has been reviewed by the Native American consultant/monitor, and obtain written approval from MMC. Impacts to significant resources must be mitigated before ground disturbing activities in the area of discovery will be allowed to resume. Note: If a unique archaeological site is also an historical resource as defined in CEQA, then the limits on the amount(s) that a project applicant may be required to pay to cover mitigation costs as indicated in CEQA Section 21083.2 shall not apply.
  - c. If the resource is not significant, the PI shall submit a letter to MMC indicating that artifacts will be collected, curated, and documented in the Final Monitoring Report. The letter shall also indicate that that no further work is required.

## IV. Discovery of Human Remains

If human remains are discovered, work shall halt in that area and no soil shall be exported off-site until a determination can be made regarding the provenance of the human remains; and the following procedures as set forth in CEQA Section 15064.5(e), the California Public Resources Code (Sec. 5097.98) and State Health and Safety Code (Sec. 7050.5) shall be undertaken:

#### A. Notification

- 1. Archaeological Monitor shall notify the RE or BI as appropriate, MMC, and the PI, if the Monitor is not qualified as a PI. MMC will notify the appropriate Senior Planner in the Environmental Analysis Section (EAS) of the Development Services Department to assist with the discovery notification process.
- 2. The PI shall notify the Medical Examiner after consultation with the RE, either in person or via telephone.

## B. Isolate discovery site

- Work shall be directed away from the location of the discovery and any nearby area reasonably suspected to overlay adjacent human remains until a determination can be made by the Medical Examiner in consultation with the PI concerning the provenance of the remains.
- 2. The Medical Examiner, in consultation with the PI, will determine the need for a field examination to determine the provenance.
- 3. If a field examination is not warranted, the Medical Examiner will determine with input from the PI, if the remains are or are most likely to be of Native American origin.

## C. If Human Remains ARE determined to be Native American

- The Medical Examiner will notify the Native American Heritage Commission (NAHC) within 24 hours. By law, ONLY the Medical Examiner can make this call.
- 2. NAHC will immediately identify the person or persons determined to be the Most Likely Descendent (MLD) and provide contact information.
- The MLD will contact the PI within 24 hours or sooner after the Medical Examiner has completed coordination, to begin the consultation process in accordance with CEQA Section 15064.5(e), the California Public Resources and Health & Safety Codes.
- 4. The MLD will have 48 hours to make recommendations to the property owner or representative, for the treatment or disposition with proper dignity, of the human remains and associated grave goods.
- 5. Disposition of Native American Human Remains will be determined between the MLD and the PI, and, if:
  - a. The NAHC is unable to identify the MLD, OR the MLD failed to make a recommendation within 48 hours after being notified by the Commission; OR;
  - The landowner or authorized representative rejects the recommendation of the MLD and mediation in accordance with PRC 5097.94 (k) by the NAHC fails to provide measures acceptable to the landowner, THEN,
  - c. In order to protect these sites, the Landowner shall do one or more of the following:
    - (1) Record the site with the NAHC;
    - (2) Record an open space or conservation easement on the site;
    - (3) Record a document with the County.

- d. Upon the discovery of multiple Native American human remains during a ground disturbing land development activity, the landowner may agree that additional conferral with descendants is necessary to consider culturally appropriate treatment of multiple Native American human remains. Culturally appropriate treatment of such a discovery may be ascertained from review of the site utilizing cultural and archaeological standards. Where the parties are unable to agree on the appropriate treatment measures the human remains and items associated and buried with Native American human remains shall be reinterred with appropriate dignity, pursuant to Section 5.c., above.
- D. If Human Remains are **NOT** Native American
  - 1. The PI shall contact the Medical Examiner and notify them of the historic era context of the burial.
  - 2. The Medical Examiner will determine the appropriate course of action with the PI and City staff (PRC 5097.98).
  - 3. If the remains are of historic origin, they shall be appropriately removed and conveyed to the San Diego Museum of Man for analysis. The decision for internment of the human remains shall be made in consultation with MMC, EAS, the applicant/landowner, any known descendant group, and the San Diego Museum of Man.

## V. Night and/or Weekend Work

- A. If night and/or weekend work is included in the contract
  - 1. When night and/or weekend work is included in the contract package, the extent and timing shall be presented and discussed at the precon meeting.
  - 2. The following procedures shall be followed.
    - a. No Discoveries In the event that no discoveries were encountered during night and/or weekend work, the PI shall record the information on the CSVR and submit to MMC via fax by 8AM of the next business day.
    - Discoveries
       All discoveries shall be processed and documented using the existing procedures detailed in Sections III During Construction, and IV Discovery of Human Remains. Discovery of human remains shall always be treated as a significant discovery.
    - c. Potentially Significant Discoveries

      If the PI determines that a potentially significant discovery has been made, the procedures detailed under Section III During Construction and IV-Discovery of Human Remains shall be followed.
    - d. The PI shall immediately contact MMC, or by 8AM of the next business day to report and discuss the findings as indicated in Section III-B, unless other specific arrangements have been made.
- B. If night and/or weekend work becomes necessary during the course of construction
  - 1. The Construction Manager shall notify the RE, or BI, as appropriate, a minimum of 24 hours before the work is to begin.
  - 2. The RE, or BI, as appropriate, shall notify MMC immediately.
- C. All other procedures described above shall apply, as appropriate.

### VI. Post Construction

- A. Preparation and Submittal of Draft Monitoring Report
  - 1. The PI shall submit two copies of the Draft Monitoring Report (even if negative), prepared in accordance with the Historical Resources Guidelines (Appendix C/D) which describes the results, analysis, and conclusions of all phases of the Archaeological Monitoring Program (with appropriate graphics) to MMC for review and approval within 90 days following the completion of monitoring. It should be noted that if the PI is unable to submit the Draft Monitoring Report within the allotted 90-day timeframe resulting from delays with analysis, special study results or other complex issues, a schedule shall be submitted to MMC establishing agreed due dates and the provision for submittal of monthly status reports until this measure can be met.
    - For significant archaeological resources encountered during monitoring, the Archaeological Data Recovery Program shall be included in the Draft Monitoring Report.
    - b. Recording Sites with State of California Department of Parks and Recreation The PI shall be responsible for recording (on the appropriate State of California Department of Park and Recreation forms-DPR 523 A/B) any significant or potentially significant resources encountered during the Archaeological Monitoring Program in accordance with the City's Historical Resources Guidelines, and submittal of such forms to the South Coastal Information Center with the Final Monitoring Report.
  - 2. MMC shall return the Draft Monitoring Report to the PI for revision or, for preparation of the Final Report.
  - 3. The PI shall submit revised Draft Monitoring Report to MMC for approval.
  - 4. MMC shall provide written verification to the PI of the approved report.
  - 5. MMC shall notify the RE or BI, as appropriate, of receipt of all Draft Monitoring Report submittals and approvals.
- B. Handling of Artifacts
  - 1. The PI shall be responsible for ensuring that all cultural remains collected are cleaned and catalogued
  - 2. The PI shall be responsible for ensuring that all artifacts are analyzed to identify function and chronology as they relate to the history of the area; that faunal material is identified as to species; and that specialty studies are completed, as appropriate.
  - 3. The cost for curation is the responsibility of the property owner.
- C. Curation of artifacts: Accession Agreement and Acceptance Verification
  - 1. The PI shall be responsible for ensuring that all artifacts associated with the survey, testing and/or data recovery for this project are permanently curated with an appropriate institution. This shall be completed in consultation with MMC and the Native American representative, as applicable.
  - 2. The PI shall include the Acceptance Verification from the curation institution in the Final Monitoring Report submitted to the RE or BI and MMC.
  - 3. When applicable to the situation, the PI shall include written verification from the Native American consultant/monitor indicating that Native American resources were treated in accordance with state law and/or applicable agreements. If the resources were reinterred, verification shall be provided to show what protective measures were taken to ensure no further disturbance occurs in accordance with Section IV –

Discovery of Human Remains, Subsection 5.

- D. Final Monitoring Report(s)
  - The PI shall submit one copy of the approved Final Monitoring Report to the RE or BI
    as appropriate, and one copy to MMC (even if negative), within 90 days after
    notification from MMC that the draft report has been approved.
  - 2. The RE shall, in no case, issue the Notice of Completion and/or release of the Performance Bond for grading until receiving a copy of the approved Final Monitoring Report from MMC which includes the Acceptance Verification from the curation institution.

#### VI. PUBLIC REVIEW DISTRIBUTION:

Draft copies or notice of this Mitigated Negative Declaration were distributed to: CITY OF SAN DIEGO Mayor's Office Councilmember Bry, District 1 City Attorney (59) Development Services Department/Planning LDR - Planning LDR - Engineering Planning Planning - Historic Facility Financing Water Review Central Library La Jolla/Riford Branch Library OTHER ORGANIZATIONS, GROUPS AND INTERESTED INDIVIDUALS Historical Resources Board (87) Carmen Lucas (206) South Coastal Information Center (210) San Diego History Center (211) San Diego Archaeological Center (212) Save Our Heritage Organization (214) Ron Christman (215) Frank Brown-Inter-Tribal Cultural Resources Council (216) Campo Band of Mission Indians (217) San Diego County Archaeological Society, Inc. (218) Kumeyaay Cultural Heritage Preservation (223) Kumeyaay Cultural Repatriation Committee (225) Native American Distribution (225 A-S) La Jolla Village News (271) La Jolla Town Council (273) La Jolla Historical Society (274) La Jolla Community Planning Association (275) La Jolla Light (280) Patricia K. Miller (283) Clint Linton Lisa Cumper James R. Alberts

#### VII. RESULTS OF PUBLIC REVIEW:

( ) No comments were received during the public input period.

- ( ) Comments were received but did not address the accuracy or completeness of the draft environmental document. No response is necessary and the letters are incorporated herein.
- (X) Comments addressing the accuracy or completeness of the draft environmental document were received during the public input period. The letters and responses are incorporated herein.

Copies of the draft Mitigated Negative Declaration, the Mitigation, Monitoring and Reporting Program and any Initial Study material are available in the office of the Development Services Department for review, or for purchase at the cost of reproduction.

CHRIS TRACY, AICPO SENIOR PLANNER

**Development Services Department** 

1/4/2019

Date of Draft Report

2/4/2019

Date of Final Report

Analyst: CHRIS TRACY, AICP SENIOR PLANNER

Attachments: Letter A - Response to Comments

Letter B - Response to Comments

Initial Study Checklist Figure 1: Location Map

Figure 2: Demolition Site Plan Figure 3: Improvement Site Plan

## **LETTER A**



## San Diego County Archaeological Society, Inc.

Environmental Review Committee

20 January 2019

To:

Mr. Chris Tracy

Development Services Department

City of San Diego

1222 First Avenue, Mail Station 501

San Diego, California 92101

Subject:

Draft Mitigated Negative Declaration

Babek CDP

Project No. 602107

Dear Mr. Tracy:

I have reviewed the subject DMND on behalf of this committee of the San Diego County Archaeological Society.

**A-1** 

**A-2** 

Based on the information contained in the initial study and DMND, and the historical assessment for the existing structure on the property, we agree with the impact analysis and mitigation measures, with one addition: If recovered cultural material is ultimately not to be curated, the project archaeologist should be permitted to make 3D scans of any material (other than human remains) as she/he deems necessary to preserve the scientific research potential. All such scans should be 3D printed to confirm the result and those prints and the digital files should be curated.

Thank you for the opportunity to review and comment upon this DMND.

Sincerely,

James W. Royle, Jr., Chairperson

cc:

Scott Moomjian, Esq. SDCAS President

File

P.O. Box 81106 San Diego, CA 92138-1106 (858) 538-0935

#### RESPONSES

- A-1 Comment Noted.
- A-2 In accordance with Section IV.C. of the Mitigation, Monitoring and Reporting Program, all cultural artifacts recovered from the project will be either curated at the San Diego Archaeological Center (SDAC) or will be repatriated the MLD/Kumeyaay representative. The project archaeologist would not be precluded from implementing the 3D methodology as described within the comment.

## **LETTER B**



P.O Box 908 Alpine, CA 91903 #1 Viejas Grade Road Alpine, CA 91901

> Phone: 619445.3810 Fax: 619445.5337 viejas.com

January 28, 2019

Chris Tracy, Environmental Planner City of San Diego 1222 First Avenue, MS 501 San Diego, CA 92101

RE: Babak CDP, #602107

Dear Mr. Tracy,

In reviewing the above referenced project the Viejas Band of Kumeyaay Indians ("Viejas") would like to comment at this time.

**B-1** 

The project area may contain many sacred sites to the Kumeyaay people. We request that these sacred sites be avoided with adequate buffer zones.

Additionally, Viejas is requesting, as appropriate, the following:

- All NEPA/CEQA/NAGPRA laws be followed
- · Immediately contact Viejas on any changes or inadvertent discoveries.

Thank you for your collaboration and support in preserving our Tribal cultural resources. I look forward to hearing from you. Please call me at 619-659-2312 or Ernest Pingleton at 619-659-2314, or email, <a href="mailto:retran@viejas-nsn.gov">retran@viejas-nsn.gov</a>, or <a href="mailto:epingleton@viejas-nsn.gov">epingleton@viejas-nsn.gov</a>, for scheduling. Thank you.

Sincerely

Ray Teran/ Resource Management
VIEJAS BAND OF KUMEYAAY INDIANS

## **RESPONSE**

B-1 Comment Noted, a Tribal Cultural Monitor and Archaeologist will be present on-site for excavating activities and will implement notification protocols as described in Mitigation Monitoring and Report Program.

#### INITIAL STUDY CHECKLIST

- 1. Project title/Project number: Babak CDP / 602107
- 2. Lead agency name and address: City of San Diego, 1222 First Avenue, MS-501, San Diego, California 92101
- 3. Contact person and phone number: Chris Tracy, AICP Senior Planner / (619) 446-5381
- 4. Project location: 1271 Cave Street, San Diego, CA 92037
- 5. Project Applicant/Sponsor's name and address: Babak Roboubi and Marjan Keramati, 7305 Helmsdale Road, Bethesda, MD 20817
- 6. General/Community Plan designation: Residential / Low Density Residential (5 9 dwelling units per acre)
- 7. Zoning: RM-1-1 (Residential Multi-Family)
- 8. Description of project (Describe the whole action involved, including but not limited to, later phases of the project, and any secondary, support, or off-site features necessary for its implementation.):

A request for a COASTAL DEVELOPMENT PERMIT to demolish an existing 960 square-foot one-story single-family dwelling unit for the establishment of a vacant parcel for undermined amount of time that would provide for future residential development which is currently undefined; however, future development which could be reasonable be anticipated at the site would be at maximum of two residentials units which is consistent with the underlying zone and land use designations. Subsequently this would be processed through a discretionary permit review and analyzed with respect to City's Significance Thresholds under the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) at that point in time. Off-site improvements to be constructed are inclusive installation of a new driveway approach to meet current accessibility standards and replacement of any broken sidewalk panels along Cave Street. Drainage would be directed into appropriate storm drain systems designated to carry surface runoff, which has been reviewed and accepted by City Engineering staff. Ingress to the project site would remain from Cave Street. Soil disturbance would consist approximately 6 cubic yards of cut with a maximum cut depth of one feet for the removal of the existing residential structure and on-site hardscape.

9. Surrounding land uses and setting:

The 0.18-acre project site is located at 1271 Cave Street. The land use designation is Low Density Residential (5 – 9 dwelling units per acre) per the La Jolla Community Plan. Additionally, the project site is located within the RM-1-1 zone (Residential–Multi-Family) and within the Coastal Overlay Zone (Non-Appealable 2), Coastal Height Limitation Overlay Zone, Geologic Hazard 52, Outdoor Lighting Zone 3, Parking Impact Overlay Zone (Coastal), the Residential Tandem Parking Overlay Zone, the Transit Area Overlay Zone, Transit Priority Area, Penasquitos Watershed, Scripps Sub-Area Watershed, and Council District 1.

The project site is currently developed with a single-family dwelling unit. The project site is situated generally south of Prospect Street, west of Ivanhoe Avenue, north of Silverado Street, and east of Exchange Place. Existing vegetation on-site varies and consists of non-native landscaping flora. The project site is surrounded by existing residential and commercial uses.

- Other public agencies whose approval is required (e.g., permits, financing approval, or participation agreement):
   None required.
- 11. Have California Native American tribes traditionally and culturally affiliated with the project area requested consultation pursuant to Public Resources Code section 21080.3.1? If so, has consultation begun?

In accordance with the requirements of Public Resources Code 21080.3.1, the City of San Diego engaged in consultation with the lipay Nation of Santa Ysabel and the Jamul Indian Village, both traditionally and culturally affiliated with the project area. Both tribes were notified via email on April 16, 2018 and responded within the 30-day formal notification period requesting consultation. Consultation took place on April 17-18, 2018 via email. Both Native American tribes concurred with staff's determination requiring archaeological monitoring during ground-disturbing activities with a Native American monitor present. Both Native American tribes concluded the consultation process with City.

Note: Conducting consultation early in the CEQA process allows tribal governments, lead agencies, and project proponents to discuss the level of environmental review, identify and address potential adverse impacts to tribal cultural resources, and reduce the potential for delay and conflict in the environmental review process. (See Public Resources Code section 21083.3.2.) Information may also be available from the California Native American Heritage Commission's Sacred Lands File per Public Resources Code section 5097.96 and the California Historical Resources Information System administered by the California Office of Historic Preservation. Please also note that Public Resources Code section 21082.3(c) contains provisions specific to confidentiality.

## **ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:**

			ld be potentially affected by t the checklist on the following		t, involving at least one impact that is a
	Aesthetics		Greenhouse Gas Emissions		Population/Housing
	Agriculture and Forestry Resources		Hazards & Hazardous Materials		Public Services
	Air Quality		Hydrology/Water Quality		Recreation
	Biological Resources		Land Use/Planning		Transportation/Traffic
$\boxtimes$	Cultural Resources		Mineral Resources	$\boxtimes$	Tribal Cultural Resources
	Geology/Soils		Noise		Utilities/Service System
				$\boxtimes$	Mandatory Findings Significance
DETER	MINATION: (To be con	npleted	by Lead Agency)		
On the b	pasis of this initial evaluation:				
	The proposed project COUL be prepared.	D NOT ha	ive a significant effect on the	environmo	ent, and a NEGATIVE DECLARATION will
$\boxtimes$		evisions i	n the project have been made		ment, there will not be a significant reed to by the project proponent. A
	The proposed project MAY is required.	have a sig	nificant effect on the environ	ment, and	an ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT
	on the environment, but at applicable legal standards,	least one and (b) ha	effect (a) has been adequatel s been addressed by mitigation	y analyzed on measu	ally significant unless mitigated" impact d in an earlier document pursuant to res based on the earlier analysis as ired.
	described on attached sheets. An ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required.  Although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, because all potentially significant effects (a) have been analyzed adequately in an earlier EIR or (MITIGATED) NEGATIVE DECLARATION pursuant to applicable standards, and (b) have been avoided or mitigated pursuant to that earlier EIR or (MITIGATED) NEGATIVE DECLARATION, including revisions or mitigation measures that are imposed upon the proposed project, nothing further is required.				

#### **EVALUATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS:**

- 1) A brief explanation is required for all answers except "No Impact" answers that are adequately supported by the information sources a lead agency cites in the parentheses following each question. A "No Impact" answer is adequately supported if the referenced information sources show that the impact simply does not apply to projects like the one involved (e.g., the project falls outside a fault rupture zone). A "No Impact answer should be explained where it is based on project specific factors as well as general standards (e.g., the project will not expose sensitive receptors to pollutants, based on a project-specific screening analysis.)
- 2) All answers must take account of the whole action involved, including off-site as well as on-site, cumulative as well as project-level, indirect as well as direct, and construction as well as operational impacts.
- 3) Once the lead agency has determined that a particular physical impact may occur, then the checklist answers must indicate whether the impact is potentially significant, less than significant with mitigation, or less than significant. "Potentially Significant Impact" is appropriate if there is substantial evidence that an effect may be significant. If there are one or more "Potentially Significant Impact" entries when the determination is made, an EIR is required.
- 4) "Negative Declaration: Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated" applies where the incorporation of mitigation measures has reduced an effect from "Potentially Significant Impact" to a "Less Than Significant Impact." The lead agency must describe the mitigation measures, and briefly explain how they reduce the effect to a less than significant level (mitigation measures from "Earlier Analyses", as described in (5) below, may be cross-referenced).
- 5) Earlier analyses may be used where, pursuant to the tiering, program EIR, or other CEQA process, an effect has been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or (mitigated) negative declaration. *Section 15063(c)(3)(D).* In this case, a brief discussion should identify the following:
  - a. Earlier Analysis Used. Identify and state where they are available for review.
  - b. Impacts Adequately Addressed. Identify which effects from the above checklist were within the scope of and adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and state whether such effects were addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis.
  - c. Mitigation Measures. For effects that are "Less Than Significant With Mitigation Measures Incorporated", describe the mitigation measures that were incorporated or refined from the earlier document and the extent to which they address site-specific conditions for the project.
- 6) Lead agencies are encouraged to incorporate into the checklist references to information sources for potential impacts (e.g., general plans, zoning ordinances). Reference to a previously prepared or outside document should, where appropriate, include a reference to the page or pages where the statement is substantiated.
- 7) Supporting Information Sources: A source list should be attached, and other sources used or individuals contacted should be cited in the discussion.
- 8) This is only a suggested form, and lead agencies are free to use different formats; however, lead agencies should normally address the questions from this checklist that are relevant to a project's environmental effects in whatever format is selected.
- 9) The explanation of each issue should identify:
  - a. The significance criteria or threshold, if any, used to evaluate each question; and
  - b. The mitigation measure identified, if any, to reduce the impact to less than significant.

lss	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact			
I. AESTH	HETICS – Would the project:							
a)	Have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista?							
View Va respect	There are no designated scenic vistas or view corridors as identified on Figure 9 "Identified Public View Vantage Points" of the La Jolla Community Plan and Local Coastal Program Land Use Plan with respect to the project site. Therefore, the project would not have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista. No impacts would result.							
b)	Substantially damage scenic resources, including but not limited to, trees, rock outcroppings, and historic buildings within a state scenic highway?							
within o	ject is situated within a developed re or adjacent to a state scenic highway esources. Therefore, no impacts wou	and therefor	• .	-				
c)	Substantially degrade the existing visual character or quality of the site and its surroundings?							
surroun retail/of demolit permitte project	ject site is developed with a single-farded by single-family residential unit fice building is across from subject pion and resulting vacant parcel is colled by the community plan and zoning would not degrade the existing visual re, no impacts would result.	s to east, west property alon mpatible with ag designation	st, and south and a g Cave Street to th n the surrounding n. As there are no	a three-story on the north. The development structures pr	commercial proposed and oposed, the			
d)	Create a new source of substantial light or glare that would adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area?							

The project is not proposing any structures or light fixtures as the permit is for demolition activities which results in a vacant parcel. Any lighting for construction activities would comply with the outdoor lighting standards as contained in Municipal Code Section 142.0740 (Outdoor Lighting Regulations) and Municipal Code Section 142.0730 (Glare Regulations). Any temporary outdoor lighting would be shielded and adjusted so that the light is directed in a manner that minimizes negative impacts from light pollution, including trespass, glare, and to control light from falling onto surrounding properties. Therefore, any temporary lighting installed with the project would not adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area, resulting in a less than significant lighting impact.

II. AGRICULTURAL AND FOREST RESOURCES: In determining whether impacts to agricultural resources are significant environmental effects, lead agencies may refer to the California Agricultural Land Evaluation and Site Assessment Model (1997) prepared by the California Department of Conservation as an optional model to use in assessing impacts on agriculture and farmland. In determining whether impacts to forest resources, including timberland, are significant environmental effects, lead agencies may refer to information compiled by the California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection regarding the state's inventory of forest land, including the Forest and Range Assessment

	Iss	ue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact		
		ect and the Forest Legacy Assessment projectocols adopted by the California Air Resource	ect; and forest carbon measurement methodology provided in Forest					
	a)	Converts Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance (Farmland), as shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency, to non-agricultural use?						
deve to, an (Farm of th lands	The project is consistent with the community plan's land use designation and is located within a developed residential neighborhood. As such, the project site does not contain, and is not adjacent to, any lands identified as Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance (Farmland), as show on maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resource Agency. Therefore, the project would not result in the conversion of such ands to non-agricultural use. No significant impacts would occur, and no mitigation measures are required.							
	b)	Conflict with existing zoning for agricultural use, or a Williamson Act Contract?						
the p	oroje Id n	response II (a), above. There are no ect. The project is consistent with th ot conflict with any properties zoned t. Therefore, no impacts would resul	e existing lar d for agricult	nd use and the und	lerlying zone.	The project		
	c)	Conflict with existing zoning for, or cause rezoning of, forest land (as defined in Public Resources Code section 1220(g)), timberland (as defined by Public Resources Code section 4526), or timberland zoned Timberland Production (as defined by Government Code section 51104(g))?						
or tir	nbe ie pi	ect would not conflict with existing zerland zoned Timberland Production roject is consistent with the commun	n. No designa	ited forest land or	timberland o	cur onsite		
	d)	Result in the loss of forest land or conversion of forest land to non-forest use?						
		response II(c) above. Additionally, the land to non-forest use, as surround				_		
	e)	Involve other changes in the existing environment, which, due to their location or nature, could result in						

Potentially Less Than
Issue Significant Mitigation Impact
Impact Incorporated

conversion of Farmland to nonagricultural use or conversion of forest land to non-forest use?

Refer to response II (a) and II (c), above. The project site and surrounding areas is urbanized and does not contain any farmland or forest land. No changes to any such lands would result from project implementation. Therefore, no impact would result.

III.		QUALITY – Where available, the significan ution control district may be relied on to				ement or air
	a)	Conflict with or obstruct implementation of the applicable air quality plan?				$\boxtimes$
(SAN mair Regi (mos attai Calif well projectour The plan such plan grea	NDAG nten cona sst re in th as in ect f ection nty a RAC as de ss de n, pross wo ster f	Diego Air Pollution Control Distri G) are responsible for developing ance of the ambient air quality stance (RAQS) was accently in 2009). The RAQS outlines as tate air quality standards for calcal Air Resources Board (CARB) and information regarding projected gotture emissions and then determine regulatory controls. CARB mobile ons are based on population, we hand the cities in the county as paragonal stance of the county as paragonal stance of the county and the cities and by the conjects that propose development ould be consistent with the RAQS than that anticipated in the local inflict with the RAQS and may consistent with the RAQS and may consis	and implement andards in the Sinitially adopted is the SDAPCD's ozone (O3). The lad SANDAG, including the strateging in the strateging experience emission in the developections based or county as part of that is consistent and SANDAG, including the strateging experience is the strateging experience or the	ing the clean air san Diego Air Ba in 1991 and is uplans and controllers on in RAQS relies on inding mobile and ego County and es necessary for projections are land use plans of their geoment of their geoment of their geoment with the grown oject proposes and is growth project growth groyes and is growth project growth groyes and is growth project growth groyes and is growth groyes and is growth groyes and is growth groyes and is growth groyes.	plan for attain sin (SDAB). The planted on a trolor measures deformation from the cities in the cities in the reduction of SANDAG grows and SANDAG grows are all plans. The rends, are the anticipated development rections, the processing plant of their genut of their genut of the processing the processing the processing plant of their genut of their genut of their genut of the processing the processing plant of the plant of	ement and ce County riennial basis esigned to m the emissions, as e county, to of emissions owth an Diego and land use eral plans. As by local that is oject might
simi unde two wou	lar r erlyi resi	ect would demolish an existing si esidential uses. The project is cor ng zone. Future residential devel- dential units at the site are consis e consistent at a sub-regional leve ot obstruct implementation of the	nsistent with the opment which is stent with these el with the unde	General Plan, considerated of the Genera	ommunity plar imated at a ma vell. Therefore recasts in the l	n, and the eximum of , the project
	b)	Violate any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation?			$\boxtimes$	

Short-Term (Construction) Emissions. Construction-related activities are temporary, short-term sources of air emissions. Sources of construction-related air emissions include fugitive dust from grading activities; construction equipment exhaust; construction-related trips by workers, delivery trucks,

Issue	Potentially Significant	Less Than Significant with Mitigation	Less Than Significant	No Impact
	Impact	Incorporated	Impact	

and material-hauling trucks; and construction-related power consumption. Variables that factor into the total construction emissions potentially generated include the level of activity, length of construction period, number of pieces and types of equipment in use, site characteristics, weather conditions, number of construction personnel, and the amount of materials to be transported on or offsite.

Fugitive dust emissions are generally associated with land-clearing and grading operations. Construction operations would include standard measures as required by City of San Diego grading permit to limit potential air quality impacts. Therefore, impacts associated with fugitive dust are considered less than significant and would not violate an air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation. No mitigation measures are required.

Long-Term (Operational) Emissions. Long-term air emission impacts are those associated with stationary sources and mobile sources related to any change caused by a project. The project would produce minimal stationary sources emissions. The project is compatible with the surrounding development and is permitted by the community plan and zone designation. Based on the residential land use, project emissions over the long-term are not anticipated to violate any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation. Impacts would be less than significant, and no mitigation measures are required.

c)	Result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is non-attainment under an applicable federal or state ambient air quality standard (including releasing emissions which exceed quantitative thresholds for ozone precursors)?				
other po impleme construc cumulat	ribed above, construction operations coollutants. However, construction emissicentation of Best Management Practices ation activities to a less than significant lively considerable net increase of any cent under applicable federal or state annificant.	ons would be ter (BMPs) would re level. Therefore, riteria pollutant	mporary and she educe potential the project wou for which the pr	ort-term in du impacts relate uld not result i roject region is	ration; ed to n a s a non-
d)	Create objectionable odors affecting a substantial number of people?			$\boxtimes$	

Short-term (Construction) Odors Odors would be generated from vehicles and/or equipment exhaust emissions during demolition activities. Odors produced during construction would be attributable to concentrations of unburned hydrocarbons from tailpipes of construction equipment. Such odors are temporary and generally occur at magnitudes that would not affect a substantial number of people. Therefore, impacts would be less than significant.

Long-term (Operational) Odors Typical long-term operational characteristics of the project are not associated with the creation of such odors nor anticipated to generate odors affecting a substantial number of people. The project would demolish an existing single-family residence. Vacant parcels, in

Issue	Significant Impact	Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Significant Impact	No Impact
the long-term operation, are not typically	associated wit	h the creation of s	uch odors nor	are they
anticipated to generate odors affecting a s	substantial nur	mber or people. Th	nerefore, proje	ct
operations would result in less than signif	icant impacts.			
IV. BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES – Would the project:				
<ul> <li>a) Have substantial adverse effects, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special status species in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?</li> </ul>				
The project site is currently developed wit	h a single-dwe	lling unit and asso	ciated hardsca	pe and
ornamental landscaping. Onsite landscapi sensitive biological resources on site nor o species. No impacts would occur, and no r	ing is non-nativ does it contain	ve, and the project any candidate, se	site does not nsitive or spec	contain any
b) Have a substantial adverse effect on any riparian habitat or other community identified in local or regional plans, policies, and regulations or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?				$\boxtimes$
The project site is developed within an exiche project site. Refer to Response IV (a), an abitat or other identified community, as impacts would occur, and no mitigation m	bove. The pro the site curren	ject site does not o tly supports non-r	contain any rip	arian
c) Have a substantial adverse effect on federally protected wetlands as defined by section 404 of the Clean Water Act (including but not limited to marsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc.) through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, or other means?				
The project site is developed with a single an urban setting. Additionally, there are no site. No impacts would occur, and no mitig	o wetlands or	water of the Unite	•	•
d) Interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or with established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors, or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites?				

Potentially

Less Than

Less Than

ls	sue	Significant Impact	Mitigation Incorporated	Significant Impact	No Impact
establis	eject site is surrounded by existing re shed wildlife corridor and would not nursery sites. Therefore, no impact	impede the r	novement of any v	vildlife or the	use of any
e)	Conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources, such as a tree preservation policy or ordinance?				
the La J (Reside local po	o response IV (a), above. The project olla Community Plan and Local Coas ntial–Multi-Family). The project is loc olicies or ordinances protecting biolo acts would occur.	stal Program cated on a de	Land Use Plan and veloped residentia	zoned RM-1- I site and ther	1 zone re are no
f)	Conflict with the provisions of an adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Community Conservation Plan, or other approved local, regional, or state habitat conservation plan?				$\boxtimes$
Habitat project	oject is located within a developed un Planning Area (MHPA) and no other would not conflict with any local con gation measures are required.	adopted cor	nservation plans af	fect the subje	ct site. The
V. CULT	URAL RESOURCES – Would the project:				
a)	Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an historical resource as defined in §15064.5?				

Potentially

Less Than

**Less Than** 

The purpose and intent of the Historical Resources Regulations of the Land Development Code (Chapter 14, Division 3, and Article 2) is to protect, preserve and, where damaged, restore the historical resources of San Diego. The regulations apply to all proposed development within the City of San Diego when historical resources are present on the premises. Before approving discretionary projects, CEQA requires the Lead Agency to identify and examine the significant adverse environmental effects which may result from that project. A project that may cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource may have a significant effect on the environment (sections 15064.5(b) and 21084.1). A substantial adverse change is defined as demolition, destruction, relocation, or alteration activities, which would impair historical significance (sections 15064.5(b)(1)). Any historical resource listed in, or eligible to be listed in the California Register of Historical Resources, including archaeological resources, is considered to be historically or culturally significant.

Consistent with CEQA Sections 15064.5(b), 21084.1, and analyzed under section 15064.5(b)(1), the project site is located within an area identified as sensitive on the City of San Diego's Historical Resources Sensitivity Maps. Furthermore, the project site is located within an area of just south of an area that requires special considerations due to the area's archaeological sensitivity with respect to the Spindrift archaeological site.

Therefore, a record search of the California Historic Resources Information System (CHRIS) digital database was reviewed to determine presence or absence of potential resources within the project site by qualified archaeological City staff. Several previously recorded historic and prehistoric sites

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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have been identified in the project vicinity. Due to the project's proximity to the Spindrift site and redevelopment of the site, there is a potential for the project to impact archaeological resources.

A Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program, as detailed within Section V of the Mitigated Negative Declaration, would be implemented to reduce impacts related to Historical Resources (archaeology) to below a level of significance.

Additionally, The City of San Diego reviews projects requiring the demolition of structures 45 years or older for historic significance in compliance with the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA). CEQA Section 21084.1 states that "A project that may cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an historical resource is a project that may cause a significant effect on the environment." Historic property (built environment) surveys are required for properties which are 45 years of age or older and which have integrity of setting, location, design, materials, workmanship, feeling, and association. A Historical Resources Research Report (Moomjian, Scott A. 2016) for the project site was submitted and reviewed by Plan-Historic staff. Historic staff determined the property was potentially significant for early beach cottages within the La Jolla Community and subsequently determined that it should be reviewed by the Historical Resources Board for potential historic designation. It was considered by this board on February 23, 2017 and the motion to designate the property failed. Based on the Board's actions, the property did not meet local designation criteria as an individually significant resource under any adopted Historical Resources Board Criteria. Based on this background, no impacts would occur from a built-environment perspective.

b)	Cause a substantial adverse change in		
	the significance of an archaeological	$\boxtimes$	
	resource pursuant to §15064.5?		

Refer to V(a). The project site is located within an area of just south of an area that requires special considerations due to the area's archaeological sensitivity with respect to the Spindrift archaeological site. Therefore, a record search of the California Historic Resources Information System (CHRIS) digital database was reviewed to determine presence or absence of potential resources within the project site by qualified archaeological City staff. Several previously recorded historic and prehistoric sites have been identified in the project vicinity. Due to the project's proximity to the Spindrift site and redevelopment of the site, there is a potential for the project to impact archaeological resources.

A Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program, as detailed within Section V of the Mitigated Negative Declaration, would be implemented to reduce impacts related to Historical Resources (archaeology) to below a level of significance.

c)	Directly or indirectly destroy a unique		<u> </u>	
	paleontological resource or site or		$\boxtimes$	
	unique geologic feature?			

According to the "Geology of the San Diego Metropolitan Area, California, 7.5 Minute Quadrangle Maps" (Kennedy and Tan, 2008) the project site is located at the Very Old Paralic Deposits Formation (Quop<sub>6</sub>)

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
The City's Significance Determination Thresh	nolds state th	at monitoring is re	equired when	a depth of
10 feet and 1,000 cubic yards of excavation v	would be exc	eeded when a pro	ject is located	on a
formation that has a high sensitivity rating.	The project p	roposes approxin	nately 6 cubic	yards of soil

As a guideline dependent on grading history, paleontological monitoring may be required if project grading meets or exceeds the City's Thresholds of 1,000 cubic yards to 10 feet in depth for an area with a high sensitivity rating, such as the Very Old Paralic Deposits Formation ( $Quop_6$ ). This project

disturbance with a maximum depth of approximately 1 foot.

falls be	low t	this threshold. As such, impacts wo	uld be less than	significant.		
d)	tho	turb and human remains, including se interred outside of dedicated neteries?				$\boxtimes$
informa	al ha	remains have been documented wit ve been identified onsite. As such, r			eries, formal o	r
VI. GEO	LOGY	AND SOILS – Would the project:				
a)	-	oose people or structures to potential substa olving:	intial adverse effects	s, including the risk o	of loss, injury, or o	leath
	i)	Rupture of a known earthquake fault, as delineated on the most recent Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Map issued by the State Geologist for the area or based on other substantial evidence of a known fault? Refer to Division of Mines and Geology Special Publication 42.				

The Country Club Fault Zone and the Rose Canyon Fault Zone are located northwest of the site. The Country Club Fault Zone is approximately 900 feet to the northwest of the project site, and the Rose Canyon Fault Zone is approximately 3,000 feet to the northwest. The project would be required to comply with seismic requirements of the California Building Code that would reduce impacts to people or temporary structures due to local seismic events to an acceptable level of risk. Implementation of proper engineering design and utilization of standard construction practices, to be verified at the ministerial permit review stage (demolition and minor roadway construction improvements), would ensure that the potential for impacts from regional geologic hazards would remain less than significant.

ii)	Strong seismic ground shaking?			$\boxtimes$	
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Refer to VI (i). The site could be affected by seismic activity as a result of earthquakes on major active faults located throughout the Southern California area. Implementation of standard construction practices to be verified at the ministerial permit review stage (demolition and minor roadway construction improvements), would reduce the potential impacts associated with seismic ground shaking to an acceptable level of risk. Therefore, impacts would be less than significant.

Issue		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact				
iii	Seismic-related ground failure, including liquefaction?								
causing th demolition required to structures utilization and minor	Liquefaction generally occurs when loose, unconsolidated, water-laden soils are subject to shaking, causing the soils to lose cohesion. No structures are being proposed at this time, as this is for demolition permit, therefore, risk of liquefaction would be considered low. The project would be required to comply with the California Building Code that would reduce impacts to people or structures to an acceptable level of risk. Implementation of proper engineering design and utilization of standard construction to be verified at the ministerial permit review stage (demolition and minor roadway construction improvements), would ensure that the potential for impacts would be reduced to an acceptable level of risk. Impacts would be less than significant.								
iv	) Landslides?			$\boxtimes$					
landslide f standard c minor road	cility of landslides is considered lo eatures identified. Implementation construction practices, to be verification dway construction improvements of an acceptable level of risk. Impa	on of proper of ed at the mir of would ensu	engineering design histerial permit revi re that the potentia	and utilization ew stage (dei al for impacts	on of molition and				
	esult in substantial soil erosion or the ss of topsoil?								
would be r implement would be r Water Star significant construction	n activities would temporarily exprequired to comply with the City's tation of appropriate best manag required to comply with the City or dards, which would ensure soil elevels. Furthermore, permanent son consistent with the City's regul I soils erosion or loss of topsoil, the	Storm Water ement praction of San Diego (erosion and to storm water ations. There	Standards which roces (BMPs). Grading Gradinance opsoil loss is minimals would also before, the project we	equires the g activities wi as well as the ized to less te required populd not resu	ithin the site e Storm han ost- ult in				
th ui po la	e located on a geologic unit or soil nat is unstable, or that would become instable as a result of the project, and otentially result in on- or off-site individual individual in a subsidence, quefaction or collapse?			$\boxtimes$					
As discussed in Section VI(a) and VI(b), the project site is not likely to be subject to landslides due the site's characteristics, and the potential for liquefaction and subsidence is low. The soils and geologic units underlying the site are considered to have a "low" expansion potential. The project design would be required to comply with the requirements of the California Building Code, ensuring hazards associated with expansive soils would be reduced to an acceptable level of risk. As such, impacts due to expansive soils are expected to be less than significant.									
in Co	e located on expansive soil, as defined Table 18-1-B of the Uniform Building ode (1994), creating substantial risks I life or property?								

Potentially Less Than
Issue Significant Mitigation Impact
Impact Incorporated

The project site is considered to have low expansive soil potential. The project would be required to comply with seismic requirements with demolition activities of the California Building Code that would reduce impacts to people or structures due to local seismic events to an acceptable level of risk. Implementation of proper engineering design and utilization of standard construction practices, to be verified at the demolition permit stage, would ensure that the potential for impacts from regional geologic hazards would remain less than significant.

e)	Have soils incapable of adequately		
	supporting the use of septic tanks or		
	alternative waste water disposal		$\boxtimes$
	systems where sewers are not available		
	for the disposal of waste water?		

The project site is located within an area that is already developed with existing infrastructure (i.e., water and sewer lines) and does not propose any septic system. In addition, the project does not require the construction of any new facilities as it relates to wastewater, as services are available to serve the project. No impacts would occur.

	VII.	<b>GREENHOUSE</b>	GAS	<b>EMISSIONS -</b>	Would	the	pro	iect
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a)	Generate greenhouse gas emissions, either directly or indirectly, that may have a significant impact on the		
	environment?		

## Climate Action Plan

The City adopted the Climate Action Plan (CAP) in December 2015 (City of San Diego 2015). With implementation of the CAP, the City aims to reduce emissions 15% below the baseline to approximately 11.1 million metric tons of carbon dioxide equivalent (MMT CO2E) by 2020, 40% below the baseline to approximately 7.8 MMT CO2E by 2030, and 50% below the baseline to approximately 6.5 MMT CO2E by 2035. The City has identified the following five CAP strategies to reduce GHG emissions to achieve the 2020 and 2035 targets: (1) energy- and water-efficient buildings; (2) clean and renewable energy; (3) bicycling, walking, transit, and land use; (4) zero waste (gas and waste management); and (5) climate resiliency. The City's CAP Consistency Checklist, adopted July 12, 2016, is the primary document used by the City to ensure project-by-project consistency with the underlying assumptions in the CAP and thereby to ensure that the City would achieve the emission reduction targets identified in its CAP.

#### CAP Consistency Checklist

The CAP Consistency Checklist is the City's significance threshold utilized to ensure project-by-project consistency with the underlying assumptions in the CAP and to ensure that the City would achieve its emission reduction targets identified in the CAP. The CAP Consistency Checklist includes a three-step process to determine project if the project would result in a GHG impact. Step 1 consists of an evaluation to determine the project's consistency with existing General Plan, Community Plan, and Zoning designations for the site. Step 2 consists of an evaluation of the project's design features compliance with the CAP strategies. Step 3 is only applicable if a project is not consistent with the land use and/or zone, but is also in a transit priority area to allow for more intensive development than assumed in the CAP.

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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Under Step 1 of the submitted CAP Consistency Checklist, the project is consistent with the existing General Plan and La Jolla Community Plan land use designation and zoning for the site. As this project is for demolition of an existing residential structure, Step 2 of the CAP Consistency Checklist would not be applicable as there is no permit for Certificate of Occupancy. Step 3 of the CAP Consistency Checklist would also not be applicable, as the project is not proposing a land use amendment or a rezone.

cumula	on the project's consistency with the ative statewide emissions would be lead to direct and cumulative GHG emissions.	ess than cum	ulatively considera	able. Therefore	e, the
b)	Conflict with an applicable plan, policy, or regulation adopted for the purpose of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gases?				
Refer to	o Section VII (a). Impacts would be les	ss than signif	icant.		
VIII. HA	ZARDS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS – Would	the project:			
a)	Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials?				
solvent amoun to crea use, or	tion activities at the site may require s, etc.), which would require proper s ts of such substances may be present te a significant public hazard. Once of disposal of hazardous materials on of s would be less than significant.	storage, hand nt during the lemolition act	dling, use and disp demolition phase, tivities are comple	osal. Although they are not a ete, the routine	n minimal anticipated e transport,
b)	Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment?				
disposa	ed in previous response VIII (a), no he al of hazardous materials would resu not be associated with such impacts.	It from the in	nplementation of	the project. Th	e project
c)	Emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste within one-quarter mile of an existing or proposed school?				

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact

The EC San Diego English Language School is within one-quarter mile of the project site; however, the haza g, use requ issu

the project and the demolition/construction activities of the project may require the use of hazardous materials (fuels, lubricants, solvents, etc.), which would require proper storage, handling, use and disposal. Further, the project would be required to comply with all federal, state and local requirements associated with the transportation of hazardous materials which would address this issue; therefore, impacts would be less than significant.							
d)	Be located on a site which is included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code section 65962.5 and, as a result, would it create a significant hazard to the public or the environment?						
65962.5 including State Wa hazardo no conta identifie	A search of potential hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5 was completed for the project site. Several databases and resources were consulted including the Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC) EnviroStor database, the California State Water Resources Control Board GeoTracker database, and other sources of potential hazardous materials sites available on the California EPA website. Based on the searches conducted, no contaminated sites are on or adjacent to the project site. Furthermore, the project site was not identified on the DTSC Cortese List. Therefore, the project would not create a significant hazard to the public or the environment. No impacts would result.						
e)	For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two mile of a public airport or public use airport, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?						
Activities associated with the necessary grading, demolition, and construction would not increase the potential to result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in areas surrounding the project site. Long-term operation of the vacant parcel would not interfere with the operations of any airport. The project site is not located within any airport land use plan, the airport environs overlay zone, or airport approach overlay zone. The project site is also not located within two miles of any							

Acti the proj ny zone, or airport approach overlay zone. The project site is also not located within two miles of any airport. Therefore, no significant impacts would occur, and no mitigation measures are required.

f)	For a project within the vicinity of a		
	private airstrip, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing		$\boxtimes$
	or working in the project area?		

Refer to response VIII(e) above. The project site is not in proximity to any private airstrip. Therefore, no significant impacts will occur, and no mitigation measures are required.

g)	Impair implementation of or physically		
	interfere with an adopted emergency		$\nabla$
	response plan or emergency		
	evacuation plan?		

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
The project does not have site characte with an adopted emergency response pand no mitigation measures are require	olan or emergency	•		
h) Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires, including where wildlands are adjacent to urbanized areas or where residences are intermixed with wildlands?				
The project is located within a develope or other areas prone to wildfire within the not expose people or structures to wild measures are required.	the vicinity of the	project site. There	efore, the proj	ect would
IX. HYDROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY - Would	the project:			
<ul> <li>Violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements?</li> </ul>			$\boxtimes$	
The project would comply with the City activities, and appropriate best manage project specific BMP's would preclude verguirements. As such, any impacts wo	ement practices (B riolations of any ex	BMP's) would be u xisting water qual	tilized. Implen	nentation of
b) Substantially deplete groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that there would be a net deficit in aquifer volun or a lowering of the local groundwate table level (e.g., the production rate of pre-existing nearby wells would drop a level which would not support existing land uses or planned uses for which permits have been granted)?	e ne r f to			
The project does not require the constroroject would not substantially deplete groundwater recharge. The project is longered in the project would demolition phase which would be short significant.	groundwater sup cated within an u connect to the ex	plies or interfere rbanized neighbo kisting public wate	substantially worked where er system for t	vith all he
c) Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, in a manner, which			$\boxtimes$	

would result in substantial erosion or

siltation on- or off-site?

The project would not substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or the area as the site is relatively level. There are no streams or rivers located on-site and thus, no such resources would be impacted through the proposed grading activities. Although grading would be required for the project, the project would implement BMPs to ensure that substantial erosion or siltation on or off-site would not occur. Impacts would be less than significant, and no mitigation measures are required.

require	would not occur. Impacts would be d.	iess than sigr	ilficant, and no m	itigation meas	ures are
d)	Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, or substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner, which would result in flooding on- or off-site?				
runoff v project system. area, or	oject would not substantially alter the volumes as the site would remain rewould not substantially alter runoff. Thus, the project would not signified substantially increase the rate or a gon or off-site. Impacts would be less	elatively level in the second second in the second second in the second	n comparison to ue to be discharge e overall drainage face runoff in a m	the present co ged into the sto e pattern for th	ndition. The orm drain e site or
e)	Create or contribute runoff water, which would exceed the capacity of existing or planned stormwater drainage systems or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff?				
demolit degrade runoff f provide	eject would be required to comply we sion activities. Appropriate BMPs would; therefore, ensuring that project from the site is not anticipated to expend a substantial additional sources of progation measures are required.	ould be impler runoff is direct sceed the capa	mented to ensure cted to appropria acity of existing st	that water qu te drainage sys corm water sys	ality is not stems. Any tems or
f)	Otherwise substantially degrade water quality?				
using a	o Section IX (a). The project would be opropriate BMP's that would ensure on significant, and no mitigation mea	that water q	uality is not degra		
g)	Place housing within a 100-year flood hazard area as mapped on a federal Flood Hazard Boundary or Flood Insurance Rate Map or other flood				$\boxtimes$

lss	sue	Significant Impact	Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Significant Impact	No Impact
	ject does not propose housing and s er known flood area. Therefore, no i		-	ear flood haz	ard area or
h)	Place within a 100-year flood hazard area, structures that would impede or redirect flood flows?				$\boxtimes$
not loca	ject does not propose any permane ated within a 100-year flood hazard a s would occur.		•	•	
X. LAND	USE AND PLANNING – Would the project:				
a)	Physically divide an established community?				$\boxtimes$
project any bar	tial neighborhood and surrounded be would not substantially change the priers or project features that could per no impact related to physically divident of the plant of the plant, policy, or regulation of an agency with jurisdiction over the project (including but not limited to the general	nature of the physically divi	surrounding area de the community	and would no . Thus, the pro	t introduce oject would
	plan, specific plan, local coastal program, or zoning ordinance) adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect?				
neighbo applicat (includir purpose	ponse X(a) above. Implementation or or hood with similar development. Further land use plan, policy, or regulation but not limited to the general plane of avoiding or mitigating an envirous would result.	orthermore, to on of an agen n, communit	he project would n cy with jurisdiction y plan, or zoning oı	ot conflict wit over the proj dinance) ado	h any ect pted for the
c)	Conflict with any applicable habitat conservation plan or natural community conservation plan?				

**Less Than** 

The project is located within a developed residential neighborhood and would not conflict with any applicable habitat conservation plan or natural community conservation plan. The project would not conflict with the City's Multiple Species Conservation Plan (MSCP), in that the site is not located within or adjacent to the Multi-Habitat Planning Area (MHPA). No significant impacts would occur, and no mitigation measures are required.

Iss	ue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact		
XI. MINERAL RESOURCES – Would the project:							
a)	Result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region and the residents of the state?				$\boxtimes$		
nature o	re no known mineral resources loca of the project site and vicinity would would result.	•	•		•		
b)	Result in the loss of availability of a locally important mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan or other land use plan?						
use plar	a), above. The project site has not be n as a locally important mineral reso l with project implementation. There	urce recover	y site, and no such	resources wo			
XII. NOIS	E – Would the project result in:						
a)	Generation of, noise levels in excess of standards established in the local general plan or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies?						
Short-term noise impacts would be associated with onsite grading, the minor construction activities (driveway approach/sidewalk repair) and the demolition activities of the project.  Construction/Demolition-related short-term noise levels would be higher than existing ambient noise levels in the project area but would no longer occur once construction/demolition activities are completed. Sensitive receptors (e.g. residential uses) occur in the immediate area and may be temporarily affected by construction noise; however, construction activities would be required to comply with the construction hours specified in the City's Municipal Code (Section 59.5.0404, Construction Noise) which are intended to reduce potential adverse effects resulting from construction/demolition noise. With compliance to the City's noise ordinance, project construction/demolition noise levels would be reduced to less than significant, and no mitigation measures are required.							
an incre	long-term, typical noise levels assoc ase from the existing ambient noise of standards established in the City o ant long-term impacts would occur, a	e level. The proof San Diego	roject would not re General Plan or No	sult in noise l oise Ordinanc	evels in		
b)	Generation of, excessive ground borne vibration or ground borne noise levels?				$\boxtimes$		

Pile driving activities that would potentially result in ground borne vibration or ground borne noise are not anticipated with demolition/construction of the project. As described in Response to XII (a)

Iss	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact	
above, potential effects from construction/demolition noise would be reduced through compliance with the City's Noise Ordinance. No impacts would result.						
c)	A substantial permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project?					
a new la	ject would not significantly increase and use, or significantly increase the vels and traffic would not increase a tial permanent increase in ambient	intensity of t is compared t	he allowed land us to the existing resid	e. Post-const dential use. T	truction herefore, no	
d)	A substantial temporary or periodic increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above existing without the project?			$\boxtimes$		
The project would not expose people to a substantial increase in temporary or periodic ambient noise levels. Construction noise would result during grading, demolition, and construction activities, but would be temporary in nature. Construction-related noise impacts from the project would generally be higher than existing ambient noise levels in the project area but would no longer occur once construction/demolition activities are completed. In addition, the project would be required to comply with the San Diego Municipal Code, Article 9.5, Noise Abatement and Control. Implementation of these standard measures would reduce potential impacts from an increase in ambient noise level during construction to a less than significant level, and no mitigation measures are required.						
e)	For a project located within an airport land use plan, or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport would the project expose people residing or working in the area to excessive noise levels?					
The project is not located within an airport land use plan or within two miles of a public or private use airport. No impacts would occur, and no mitigation measures are required.						
f)	For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?					

The project is not located within the vicinity of a private airstrip. No impacts would occur, and no mitigation measures are required.

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
XIII. POPULATION AND HOUSING – Would the proje	ct:			
a) Induce substantial population growth in an area, either directly (for example, by proposing new homes and businesses) or indirectly (for example, through extension of roads or other infrastructure)?				
The project site is located in an established development. The project site currently recextension of infrastructure to new areas is increase housing or population growth in to fithe project. No impacts would occur, an	ceives water a required. As s the area. No re	nd sewer service f such, the project w oadway improvem	rom the City, rould not subs ents are prop	and no stantially
b) Displace substantial numbers of existing housing, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?				
Displacement would be minimal as the pro- resulting in a vacant parcel as an interim si as it would affect a small number of person are required.	te condition.	Any Impacts would	l be less than	significant,
c) Displace substantial numbers of people, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?				
See response XIII(b) above. Any Impacts we are required.	ould be less th	nan significant, and	no mitigation	n measures
XIV. PUBLIC SERVICES				
<ul> <li>a) Would the project result in substantial adversarial physically altered governmental facilities, construction of which could cause significant rations, response times or other performance.</li> </ul>	need for new or pant environment	ohysically altered gover al impacts, in order to r	nmental facilities naintain acceptal	s, the
i) Fire protection				$\boxtimes$
The project site is located in an urbanized already provided. The project would not act the area and would not require the constructions. No impacts would occur, and no interest the construction of the contract of the construction of the contract of the	dversely affect uction of new	existing levels of too	fire protection	n services to
ii) Police protection				
The project site is located in an urbanized	and dayalana	d aroa within the C	ity of Cap Dio	go whore

The project site is located in an urbanized and developed area within the City of San Diego where police protection services are already provided. The project would not adversely affect existing levels of police protection services or create significant new significant demand and would not require the

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
construction of new or expansion of no mitigation measures are required		al facilities. No in	npacts would c	occur, and
iii) Schools				
The project would not affect existing or expansion of a school facility. The where public school services are ava increase the demand on public school result in a significant increase in dem to school services are anticipated occ	project site is located ilable. The project as ols over that which cu nand for public educa	d in an urbanized a vacant parcel v urrently exists an utional services. A	and develope would not signi d is not anticip s such, no imp	d area ficantly pated to
iv) Parks				$\boxtimes$
The project site is located in an urbanavailable. The project as a vacant parneighborhood or regional parks or onot anticipated to result in a significated facilities. As such, no impacts related	rcel would not signific ther recreational faci ant increase in demar	antly increase th lities over that w nd for parks or ot	e demand on hich presently her offsite rec	existing exists and is reational
v) Other public facilities				
The project site is located in an urbar available. The project as a vacant par and not require the construction or e new public facilities beyond existing	cel would not advers expansion of an exist	ely affect existing governmenta	g levels of pub	lic services
XV. RECREATION				
<ul> <li>a) Would the project increase the use existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility would on the accelerated?</li> </ul>	al es 🔲			
Provided the project's background, it new or expanded recreational resou public services and would not requir facility. The project would not signific parks or other recreational facilities. available parks or facilities such that construction or expansion of recreat related to recreational facilities have	rces. The project would the construction or cantly increase the use Therefore, the project substantial deteriorational facilities to satistical been identified, and	ald not adversely expansion of an se of existing neign tis not anticipation occurs, or the sty demand. As se	affect existing existing gover ghborhood or red to result in nat would requuch, no signific	levels of mental regional the use of the the tant impacts
b) Does the project include recreation facilities or require the construction	n or			$\boxtimes$

Potentially Less Than
Potentially Significant with Less Than
Issue Significant Mitigation Impact
Impact Incorporated

which might have an adverse physical effect on the environment?

Refer to XV (a) above. As a vacant parcel, the project does not propose recreation facilities nor require the construction or expansion of any such facilities.

require	the construction or expansion of an	y such facilitie	es.		
XVI. TRA	NSPORTATION/TRAFFIC – Would the project?				
a)	Conflict with an applicable plan, ordinance or policy establishing measures of effectiveness for the performance of the circulation system, taking into account all modes of transportation including mass transit and non-motorized travel and relevant components of the circulation system, including but not limited to intersections, streets, highways and freeways, pedestrian and bicycle paths, and mass transit?				
designa project effective significa therefo	ject is consistent with the General Pitions. The project would not change would not conflict with any applicabeness for the performance of the cirent short-term (during construction are, would not adversely affect existing are considered less than significant	existing circule plan, ordin culation syste activities) or long levels of se	Ilation patterns o ance, or policy es m. The project is ong-term increase rvice along area r	n area roadwa tablishing mea not expected e in traffic volu oadways. The	nys. The asures of to cause a mes, and
b)	Conflict with an applicable congestion management program, including, but not limited to level of service standards and travel demand measures, or other standards established by the county congestion management agency for designated roads or highways?				
adverse conflict	o response XVI (a). The project would ely affect any mode of transportation with any applicable congestion man d measures. Impacts are considered d.	n in the area. agement pro	Therefore, the pr gram, level of ser	oject would no vice standards	ot result in or travel
c)	Result in a change in air traffic patterns, including either an increase in traffic levels or a change in location that results in substantial safety risks?				

The project would not result in a change in air traffic patterns, including either an increase in traffic levels or a change in location that results in substantial safety risks in that the project would be consistent with land use plans and underlying zones, and structures would not exceed 30 feet in height. No impacts would result.

Issu	e	Potentially Significant Impact	Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	Substantially increase hazards due to a design feature (e.g., sharp curves or dangerous intersections) or incompatible uses (e.g., farm equipment)?				$\boxtimes$
incompare emergen site and a design re	ect would not alter existing circulati tible uses that would increase pote cy access to the project site or adja adjacent neighbor via Cave Street. T equirements to ensure safe ingress, would not create hazardous conditi	ntial hazards cent properti The driveway ⁄egress from	are proposed. The les. Access would I design for the pro the properties. Th	e project wou be provided to ject is consist	ld not affect the project ent with City
e) access?	Result in inadequate emergency				
result in a	ect is consistent with the communit inadequate emergency access. The for consistency with all design requ ccur. No impacts would result.	project desig	gn would be subjec	ct to City revie	ew and
	Conflict with adopted policies, plans, or programs regarding public transit, bicycle, or pedestrian facilities, or otherwise decrease the performance or safety of such facilities?				
regards t	ect would not alter the existing cond o alternative transportation. Project n features that would conflict with we transportation. No impacts woul	t activities we existing polic	ould not result in o	design measu	res or
cultural re geograph	AL CULTURAL RESOURCES – Would the proesource, defined in Public Resources Code so ically defined in terms of the size and scope Native American tribe, and that is:	ection 21074 as	either a site, feature, p	lace, cultural land	dscape that is
	Listed or eligible for listing in the California Register of Historical Resources, or in a local register of historical resources as defined in Public Resources Code section 5020.1(k), or				$\boxtimes$
recorded	ect would not cause a substantial ac sites listed or sites eligible for listir gister of historical resources as def	ng in the Calif	ornia Register of H	Historical Reso	ources, or in
	A resource determined by the lead agency, in its discretion and supported by substantial evidence, to be		$\boxtimes$		

Potentially Less Than
Issue Significant Mitigation Impact
Impact Incorporated

significant pursuant to criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Public Resources Code section 5024.1. In applying the criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Public Resource Code section 5024.1, the lead agency shall consider the significance of the resource to a California Native American tribe.

XVIII. UTILITIES AND SERVICE SYSTEMS – Would the project:

facilities or expansion of existing

Tribal Cultural Resources include sites, features, places, cultural landscapes, and sacred places or objects that have cultural value or significance to a Native American Tribe. Tribal Cultural Resources include "non-unique archaeological resources" that, instead of being important for "scientific" value as a resource, can also be significant because of the sacred and/or cultural tribal value of the resource. Tribal representatives are considered experts appropriate for providing substantial evidence regarding the locations, types, and significance of tribal cultural resources within their traditionally and cultural affiliated geographic area (PRC § 21080.3.1(a)).

Tribal Cultural Resources could potentially be impacted through project implementation. Therefore, to determine significance of the Tribal Cultural Resources, staff consulted with the lipay Nation of Santa Isabel and the Jamul Indian Village, tribes traditionally and culturally affiliated with the project area in accordance with the requirements of Public Resources Code 21080.3.1. These tribes were notified via email on April 16, 2018 and responded within the 30-day formal notification period requesting consultation. Consultation took place on April 17-18, 2018 via email. Both Native American tribes concurred with staff's determination requiring archaeological monitoring during ground-disturbing activities, with a Native American monitor present during ground-disturbing activities (as described in Section V(b), Cultural Resources), furthermore, supplementary mitigation measures were not necessitated; thus, concluding the consultation process.

Therefore, a Mitigation, Monitoring, and Reporting Program, as detailed within Section V of the Mitigated Negative Declaration would be implemented. With implementation of the monitoring program, potential impacts on tribal cultural resources would be reduced to a less than significant level.

a)	Exceed wastewater treatment requirements of the applicable Regional Water Quality Control Board?				
surrour wastew Wastew wastew sewer ii	nentation of the project would not in nding development. The project is no vater. Any use will be minimal and te vater facilities used by the project wo vater treatment requirements of the nfrastructure exists within roadways le to serve the project. Thus, impacts	ot anticipated emporary duri ould be opera Regional Wat s surrounding	to generate sign ng construction/oted in accordancer Quality Contro	ificant amount demolition pha e with the appl ol Board (RWQC and adequate s	of se. licable IB). Existing
b)	Require or result in the construction of				$\bowtie$

Iss	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?				
	(a) above. Adequate services are av the construction or expansion of ex				
c)	Require or result in the construction of new storm water drainage facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?				
The project would not exceed the capacity of the existing storm water system and require the construction of new or expanded treatment facilities of which would cause significant environmental effects. The project was reviewed by qualified City staff who determined that the existing facilities are adequately sized to accommodate the project. No impacts would result.					
d)	Have sufficient water supplies available to serve the project from existing entitlements and resources, or are new or expanded entitlements needed?				
As a resulting vacant parcel, the project does not meet the CEQA significance threshold of 500 residential units, requiring the need the preparation of a water supply assessment. The site currently receives water service from the City, and adequate services are available to serve the project without requiring new or expanded entitlements. No impacts would result.					
e)	Result in a determination by the wastewater treatment provider which serves or may serve the project that it has adequate capacity to serve the project's projected demand in addition to the provider's existing commitments?				
Construction/demolition activities would not adversely affect existing wastewater treatment services. Adequate services are available to serve the site without requiring new or expanded facilities. No impacts would result.					
f)	Be served by a landfill with sufficient permitted capacity to accommodate the project's solid waste disposal needs?				

The project would be served by a landfill with sufficient permitted capacity to accommodate the project's disposal needs. Project debris and waste would be generated from the demolition of the existing single-family residence and the construction of the off-site improvements. All waste from the project site would be transported to an appropriate facility, which would have adequate capacity to accept the amount of waste that would be generated by the project. Furthermore, the project would be required to comply with the City's Municipal Code (including the Refuse and Recyclable

Issue	Sign	inact	Less Than gnificant with Mitigation ncorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
Materials Storage Regulations (M (Municipal Code Chapter 6, Articl Deposit Ordinance (Municipal Co waste during the demolition pha mitigation measures are required	e 6, Division 7), de Chapter 6, A se. Impacts are	and the Constrticle 6, Divis	struction and Doion 6)) for diver	emolition (C&l sion of constr	D) Debris uction
g) Comply with federal, state, an statutes and regulation relate waste?					
The project would comply with all waste. The project would not res or require the transport of hazar during the construction/demolitican Diego requirements for diversional be less than significant, and XIX. MANDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANT.	ult in the gener dous waste ma on phases. All c rsion of constru nd no mitigation	ation of large terials, other lemolition ac action waste o	amounts of so than minimal a tivities would co during the demo	lid waste, nor mounts gener omply with any	generate rated y City of
a) Does the project have the pot degrade the quality of the envisubstantially reduce the habit fish or wildlife species, cause a wildlife population to drop be sustaining levels, threaten to a plant or animal community, the number or restrict the ran rare or endangered plant or a eliminate important examples major periods of California his prehistory?	ential to vironment, at of a a fish or low self- eliminate reduce ige of a nimal or s of the				
As documented in this Initial Studenvironment, notably with respe Resources. As such, mitigation m Significant as outlined within the	ct to Cultural Re easures have b	esources (Arc	haeology) and T	ribal Cultural	
b) Does the project have impacts individually limited but cumul considerable ("cumulatively considerable" means that the incremental effects of a project considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of projects, the effects of other connects, and the effects of profetts)?	atively ct are past current				

As documented in this Initial Study, the project may have the potential to degrade the environment as a result of impacts to Cultural Resources (Archaeology) and Tribal Cultural Resources, which may have cumulatively considerable impacts. As such, mitigation measures have been proposed to reduce impacts to less than significant. Other future projects within the surrounding neighborhood

Iss	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
reduce p	nunity would be required to comply potential impacts to less than signific ted to contribute to potentially signif	cant, or to the	e extent possible.	As such, the p	
c)	Does the project have environmental effects that will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly?			$\boxtimes$	

**Less Than** 

The demolition of the existing single-dwelling unit and resulting vacant parcel is consistent with the setting and with the use anticipated by the City. It is not anticipated that demolition or construction activities for the offsite improvements (driveway approach/sidewalk panels) would create conditions that would significantly directly or indirectly impact human beings. Any impacts as described in detail within this report (Aesthetics, Air Quality, Geology and Soils, Greenhouse Gas Emissions, Hazards and Hazardous Materials, Hydrology and Water Quality, Noise, Traffic and Transportation, Utilities and Service Systems) would be temporary in nature during the demolition/off-site construction phase and remain below a level of significance.

## INITIAL STUDY CHECKLIST REFERENCES

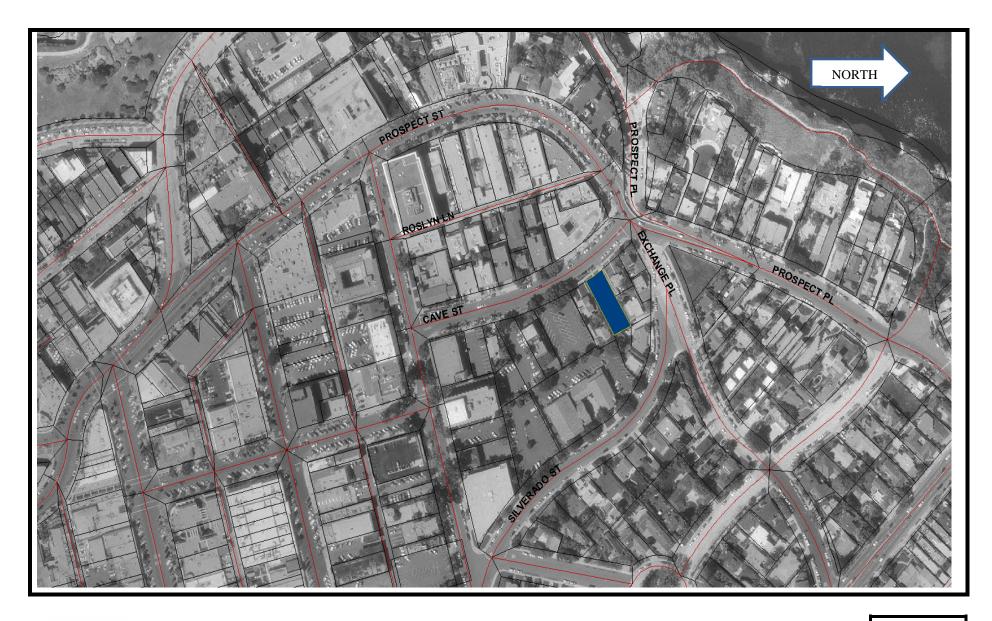
I. 	Aesthetics / Neighborhood Character City of San Diego General Plan Community Plans: La Jolla Community Plan and Local Coastal Program Land Use Plan
II. — X	Agricultural Resources & Forest Resources City of San Diego General Plan U.S. Department of Agriculture, Soil Survey - San Diego Area, California, Part I and II, 1973 California Agricultural Land Evaluation and Site Assessment Model (1997) Site Specific Report:
III. X	Air Quality California Clean Air Act Guidelines (Indirect Source Control Programs) 1990 Regional Air Quality Strategies (RAQS) - APCD Site Specific Report:
X X X X	Biology City of San Diego, Multiple Species Conservation Program (MSCP), Subarea Plan, 1997 City of San Diego, MSCP, "Vegetation Communities with Sensitive Species and Vernal Pools' Maps, 1996 City of San Diego, MSCP, "Multiple Habitat Planning Area" maps, 1997 Community Plan - Resource Element California Department of Fish and Game, California Natural Diversity Database, "State and Federally-listed Endangered, Threatened, and Rare Plants of California," January 2001 California Department of Fish and Game, California Natural Diversity Database, "State and Federally-listed Endangered and Threatened Animals of California, "January 2001 City of San Diego Land Development Code Biology Guidelines Site Specific Report:
v. _X _X _X _X	Cultural Resources (includes Historical Resources) City of San Diego Historical Resources Guidelines City of San Diego Archaeology Library Historical Resources Board List: California Historic Resources Information System (CHRIS) Community Historical Survey: Site Specific Report: Moomjian, Scott A., Attorney at Law, "Historical Resource Research Report for the 1271 Cave Street Residence La Jolla, California 92037" October 2016.
VI. _X	Geology/Soils City of San Diego Seismic Safety Maps U.S. Department of Agriculture Soil Survey - San Diego Area, California, Part I and II, December 1973 and Part III, 1975 Site Specific Report:

VII.

**Greenhouse Gas Emissions** 

<u>X</u> <u>X</u>	City of San Diego Climate Action Plan (CAP), (City of San Diego 2015) Arfaa, Bejan, City of San Diego Climate Action Plan Consistency Checklist - 1271 Cave Street Demolition (PTS 602107/Babak CDP)
VIII	Hazards and Hazardous Materials  San Diego County Hazardous Materials Environmental Assessment Listing  San Diego County Hazardous Materials Management Division  Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC) EnviroStor database, <a href="https://geotracker.waterboards.ca.gov/">https://geotracker.waterboards.ca.gov/</a> FAA Determination  State Assessment and Mitigation, Unauthorized Release Listing, Public Use Authorized Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan  Site Specific Report:
IX. 	Hydrology/Drainage Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA), National Flood Insurance Program-Flood Boundary and Floodway Map Clean Water Act Section 303(b) list, http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/tmdl/303d_lists.html Site Specific Report:
x. _X _X _X _X	Land Use and Planning City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan City of San Diego Zoning Maps FAA Determination Other Plans:
XI. —	Mineral Resources California Department of Conservation - Division of Mines and Geology, Mineral Land Classification Division of Mines and Geology, Special Report 153 - Significant Resources Maps Site Specific Report:
XII. X X —	Noise City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan San Diego International Airport - Lindbergh Field CNEL Maps Brown Field Airport Master Plan CNEL Maps Montgomery Field CNEL Maps San Diego Association of Governments - San Diego Regional Average Weekday Traffic Volumes San Diego Metropolitan Area Average Weekday Traffic Volume Maps, SANDAG Site Specific Report:

XIII.	Paleontological Resources
<u>X</u>	City of San Diego Paleontological Guidelines
	Deméré, Thomas A., and Stephen L. Walsh, "Paleontological Resources City of San Diego,"
	Department of Paleontology San Diego Natural History Museum, 1996
	Kennedy, Michael P., and Gary L. Peterson, "Geology of the San Diego Metropolitan Area,
	California. Del Mar, La Jolla, Point Loma, La Mesa, Poway, and SW 1/4 Escondido 7 1/2
	Minute Quadrangles," California Division of Mines and Geology Bulletin 200, Sacramento, 1975
	Kennedy, Michael P., and Siang S. Tan, "Geology of National City, Imperial Beach and Otay
	Mesa Quadrangles, Southern San Diego Metropolitan Area, California," Map Sheet 29, 1977
<u>X</u>	Geology of the San Diego Metropolitan Area, California, 7.5 Minute Quadrangle Maps,
	(Kennedy and Tan, 2008) https://ngmdb.usgs.gov/ngm-bin/pdp/zui_viewer.pl?id=15229
	Site Specific Report:
XIV.	Population / Housing
X	City of San Diego General Plan
X	Community Plan
	Series 11/Series 12 Population Forecasts, SANDAG
	Other:
	other.
XV.	Public Services
X	City of San Diego General Plan
Χ	Community Plan
XVI.	Recreational Resources
<u>X</u>	City of San Diego General Plan
X	Community Plan
	Department of Park and Recreation
	City of San Diego - San Diego Regional Bicycling Map
	Additional Resources:
XVII.	Transportation / Circulation
X	City of San Diego General Plan
<u>X</u>	Community Plan
	San Diego Metropolitan Area Average Weekday Traffic Volume Maps, SANDAG
	San Diego Region Weekday Traffic Volumes, SANDAG
	Site Specific Report:
XVIII.	Utilities
	Site Specific Report:
VIV	Water Conservation
XIX.	Sunset Magazine, <i>New Western Garden Book</i> , Rev. ed. Menlo Park, CA: Sunset Magazine
	Juliset Magazille, New Western Gurden Book, Nev. ed. Mellio Park, CA. Suliset Magazille
XX.	Water Quality
	Clean Water Act Section 303(b) list, http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/tmdl/303d_lists.html
	Site Specific Report



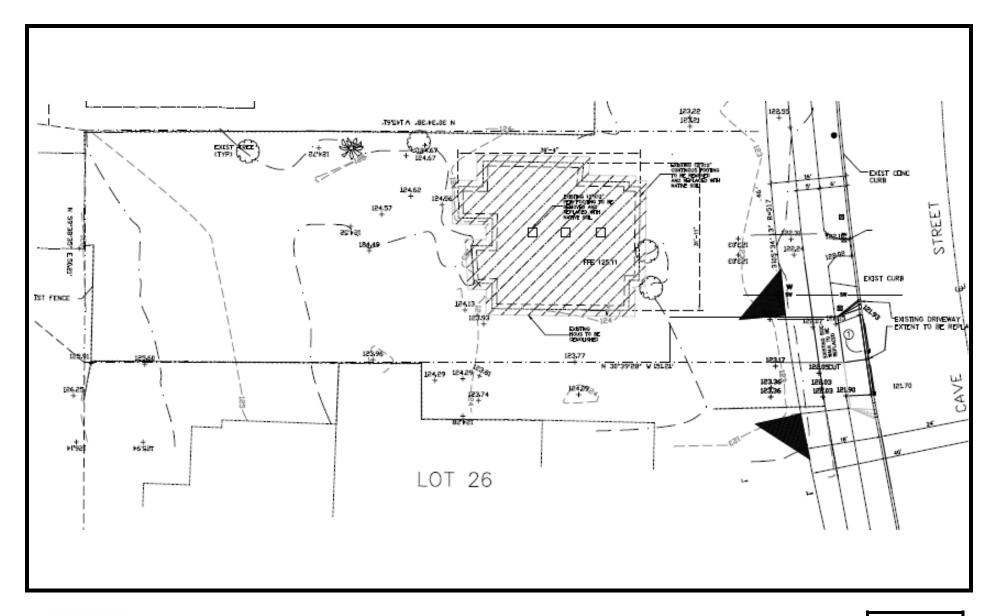


## **Location Map**

Babak CDP/Project No. 602107 Address – 1271 Cave Street
City of San Diego – Development Services Department

FIGURE

No. 1

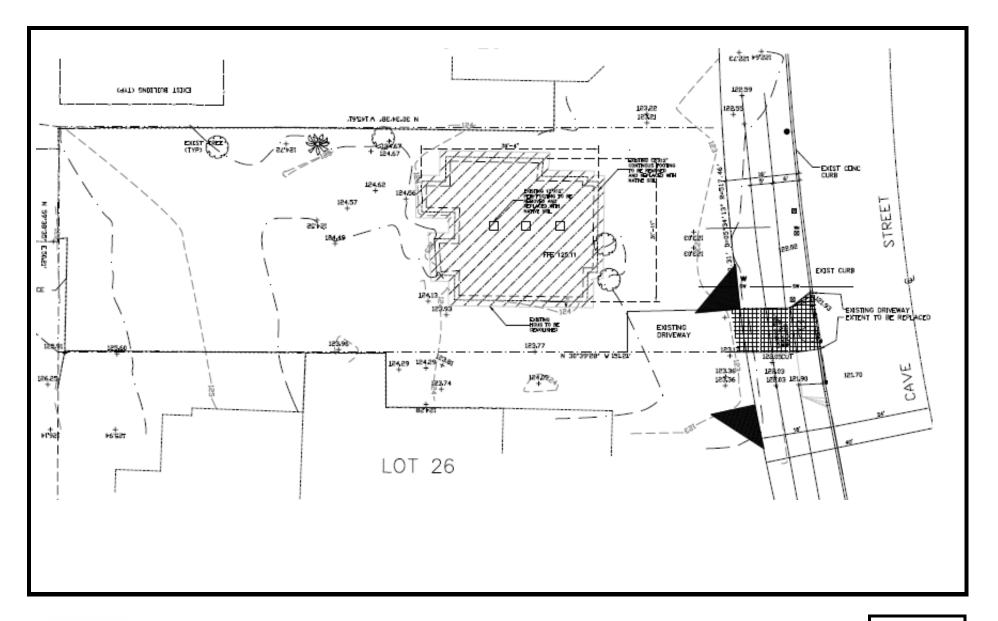




## **Demolition Site Plan**

<u>Babak CDP/Project No. 602107</u> <u>Address – 1271 Cave Street</u> City of San Diego – Development Services Department FIGURE

No. 2





## **Improvement Site Plan**

<u>Babak CDP/Project No. 602107</u> <u>Address – 1271 Cave Street</u> City of San Diego – Development Services Department **FIGURE** 

No. 3