

### MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION

Project No. 603740 SCH No. N/A

#### SUBJECT:

Hershfield Residence CDP/SDP: The project requests a Coastal Development Permit (CDP) and a Site Development Permit (SDP) to demolish an existing single-family residence and construct a new one-story single-family residence over a basement located at 8230 Prestwick Drive. The newly constructed residence would contain 10,757 sq. ft. of habitable area including a main floor area of 5,228 sq. ft. and a lower level area of 5,529 sq. ft. The project would also contain 1,667 square feet of non-habitable area including a garage (611 sq. ft.), a lower level garage (596 sq. ft.), and a pool equipment room (460 sq. ft.). The 0.44-acre site is designated Residential per the La Jolla Community Plan and Local Coastal Program and is subject to the La Jolla Shores Planned District (SF Zone) zoning requirements. The project is also subject to Coastal Height Limitation Overlay Zone, Parking Impact Overlay Zone (COASTAL), Coastal Overlay Zone (Non-appealable), Very High Fire Severity Zone, Fire Brush Zone – 300 Foot Buffer, and Council District 1. (LEGAL DESCRIPTION: Lot 66 of Prestwick Estates, Map No. 4392)

I. PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

See attached Initial Study.

II. ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING:

See attached Initial Study.

#### III. DETERMINATION:

The City of San Diego conducted an Initial Study which determined that the proposed project could have a significant environmental effect in the following areas(s): **CULTURAL RESOURCES** (**PALEONTOLOGY**). Subsequent revisions in the project proposal create the specific mitigation identified in Section V of this Mitigated Negative Declaration. The project as revised now avoids or mitigates the potentially significant environmental effects previously identified, and the preparation of an Environmental Impact Report will not be required.

#### IV. DOCUMENTATION:

The attached Initial Study documents the reasons to support the above Determination.

V. MITIGATION, MONITORING AND REPORTING PROGRAM:

## A. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS - PART I Plan Check Phase (prior to permit issuance)

- 1. Prior to the issuance of a Notice To Proceed (NTP) for a subdivision, or any construction permits, such as Demolition, Grading or Building, or beginning any construction related activity on-site, the Development Services Department (DSD) Director's Environmental Designee (ED) shall review and approve all Construction Documents (CD), (plans, specification, details, etc.) to ensure the MMRP requirements are incorporated into the design.
- In addition, the ED shall verify that the MMRP Conditions/Notes that apply ONLY to the construction phases of this project are included VERBATIM, under the heading, "ENVIRONMENTAL/MITIGATION REQUIREMENTS."
- 3. These notes must be shown within the first three (3) sheets of the construction documents in the format specified for engineering construction document templates as shown on the City website:

http://www.sandiego.gov/development-services/industry/standtemp.shtml

- 4. The **TITLE INDEX SHEET** must also show on which pages the "Environmental/Mitigation Requirements" notes are provided.
- 5. SURETY AND COST RECOVERY The Development Services Director or City Manager may require appropriate surety instruments or bonds from private Permit Holders to ensure the long-term performance or implementation of required mitigation measures or programs. The City is authorized to recover its cost to offset the salary, overhead, and expenses for City personnel and programs to monitor qualifying projects.

# B. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS - PART II Post Plan Check (After permit issuance/Prior to start of construction)

 PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING IS REQUIRED TEN (10) WORKING DAYS PRIOR TO BEGINNING ANY WORK ON THIS PROJECT. The PERMIT HOLDER/OWNER is responsible to arrange and perform this meeting by contacting the CITY RESIDENT ENGINEER (RE) of the Field Engineering Division and City staff from MITIGATION MONITORING COORDINATION (MMC). Attendees must also include the Permit holder's Representative(s), Job Site Superintendent and the following consultants:

**Qualified Paleontologist** 

Note: Failure of all responsible Permit Holder's representatives and consultants to attend shall require an additional meeting with all parties present.

#### CONTACT INFORMATION:

- a) The PRIMARY POINT OF CONTACT is the **RE** at the **Field Engineering Division 858-627-3200**
- b) For Clarification of ENVIRONMENTAL REQUIREMENTS, it is also required to call **RE and MMC at 858-627-3360**
- 2. MMRP COMPLIANCE: This Project, Project Tracking System (PTS) #603740 and /or Environmental Document #603740, shall conform to the mitigation requirements contained in the associated Environmental Document and implemented to the satisfaction of the DSD's Environmental Designee (MMC) and the City Engineer (RE). The requirements may not be reduced or changed but may be annotated (i.e. to explain when and how compliance is being met and location of verifying proof, etc.). Additional clarifying information may also be added to other relevant plan sheets and/or specifications as appropriate (i.e., specific locations, times of monitoring, methodology, etc.)

Note: Permit Holder's Representatives must alert RE and MMC if there are any discrepancies in the plans or notes, or any changes due to field conditions. All conflicts must be approved by RE and MMC BEFORE the work is performed.

3. OTHER AGENCY REQUIREMENTS: Evidence of compliance with all other agency requirements or permits shall be submitted to the RE and MMC for review and acceptance prior to the beginning of work or within one week of the Permit Holder obtaining documentation of those permits or requirements. Evidence shall include copies of permits, letters of resolution or other documentation issued by the responsible agency.

#### None Required

#### 4. MONITORING EXHIBITS

All consultants are required to submit, to RE and MMC, a monitoring exhibit on a 11x17 reduction of the appropriate construction plan, such as site plan, grading, landscape, etc., marked to clearly show the specific areas including the LIMIT OF WORK, scope of that discipline's work, and notes indicating when in the construction schedule that work will be performed. When necessary for clarification, a detailed methodology of how the work will be performed shall be included.

NOTE: Surety and Cost Recovery - When deemed necessary by the Development Services Director or City Manager, additional surety instruments or bonds from the private Permit Holder may be required to ensure the long-term performance or implementation of required mitigation measures or programs. The City is authorized to recover its cost to offset the salary, overhead, and expenses for City personnel and programs to monitor qualifying projects.

#### 5. OTHER SUBMITTALS AND INSPECTIONS:

The Permit Holder/Owner's representative shall submit all required documentation, verification letters, and requests for all associated inspections to the RE and MMC for approval per the following schedule:

<b>Document Submitta</b>	Document Submittal/Inspection Checklist					
Issue Area	Document Submittal	Associated Inspection/Approvals/ Notes				
General	Consultant Qualification Letters	Prior to Preconstruction Meeting				
General	Consultant Construction Monitoring Exhibits	Prior to Preconstruction Meeting				
Cultural Resources (Paleontology)	Monitoring Report(s)	Paleontological Site Observation				
Bond Release	Request for Bond Release Letter	Final MMRP Inspections Prior to Bond Release Letter				

### C. SPECIFIC MMRP ISSUE AREA CONDITIONS/REQUIREMENTS

#### PALEONTOLOGICAL MONITORING PROGRAM

#### I. Prior to Permit Issuance

- A. Entitlements Plan Check
  - 1. Prior to issuance of any construction permits, including but not limited to, the first Grading Permit, Demolition Plans/Permits and Building Plans/Permits or a Notice to Proceed for Subdivisions, but prior to the first preconstruction meeting, whichever is applicable, the Assistant Deputy Director (ADD) Environmental designee shall verify that the requirements for Paleontological Monitoring have been noted on the appropriate construction documents.
- B. Letters of Qualification have been submitted to ADD
  - The applicant shall submit a letter of verification to Mitigation Monitoring Coordination (MMC) identifying the Principal Investigator (PI) for the project and the names of all persons involved in the paleontological monitoring program, as defined in the City of San Diego Paleontology Guidelines.
  - 2. MMC will provide a letter to the applicant confirming the qualifications of the PI and all persons involved in the paleontological monitoring of the project.
  - 3. Prior to the start of work, the applicant shall obtain approval from MMC for any personnel changes associated with the monitoring program.

#### II. Prior to Start of Construction

- A. Verification of Records Search
  - 1. The PI shall provide verification to MMC that a site-specific records search has been completed. Verification includes but is not limited to a copy of a confirmation letter from San Diego Natural History Museum, other institution or, if the search was inhouse, a letter of verification from the PI stating that the search was completed.
  - 2. The letter shall introduce any pertinent information concerning expectations and

probabilities of discovery during trenching and/or grading activities.

#### B. PI Shall Attend Precon Meetings

- Prior to beginning any work that requires monitoring; the Applicant shall arrange a
  Precon Meeting that shall include the PI, Construction Manager (CM) and/or Grading
  Contractor, Resident Engineer (RE), Building Inspector (BI), if appropriate, and MMC.
  The qualified paleontologist shall attend any grading/excavation related Precon
  Meetings to make comments and/or suggestions concerning the Paleontological
  Monitoring program with the Construction Manager and/or Grading Contractor.
  - a. If the PI is unable to attend the Precon Meeting, the Applicant shall schedule a focused Precon Meeting with MMC, the PI, RE, CM or BI, if appropriate, prior to the start of any work that requires monitoring.
- 2. Identify Areas to be Monitored Prior to the start of any work that requires monitoring, the PI shall submit a Paleontological Monitoring Exhibit (PME) based on the appropriate construction documents (reduced to 11x17) to MMC identifying the areas to be monitored including the delineation of grading/excavation limits. The PME shall be based on the results of a site-specific records search as well as information regarding existing known soil conditions (native or formation).
- 3. When Monitoring Will Occur
  - a. Prior to the start of any work, the PI shall also submit a construction schedule to MMC through the RE indicating when and where monitoring will occur.
  - b. The PI may submit a detailed letter to MMC prior to the start of work or during construction requesting a modification to the monitoring program. This request shall be based on relevant information such as review of final construction documents which indicate conditions such as depth of excavation and/or site graded to bedrock, presence or absence of fossil resources, etc., which may reduce or increase the potential for resources to be present.

#### III. During Construction

- A. Monitor Shall be Present During Grading/Excavation/Trenching
  - 1. The monitor shall be present full-time during grading/excavation/trenching activities as identified on the PME that could result in impacts to formations with high and moderate resource sensitivity. The Construction Manager is responsible for notifying the RE, PI, and MMC of changes to any construction activities such as in the case of a potential safety concern within the area being monitored. In certain circumstances OSHA safety requirements may necessitate modification of the PME.
  - 2. The PI may submit a detailed letter to MMC during construction requesting a modification to the monitoring program when a field condition such as trenching activities that do not encounter formational soils as previously assumed, and/or when unique/unusual fossils are encountered, which may reduce or increase the potential for resources to be present.
  - 3. The monitor shall document field activity via the Consultant Site Visit Record (CSVR). The CSVR's shall be faxed by the CM to the RE the first day of monitoring, the last day of monitoring, monthly (Notification of Monitoring Completion), and in the case of ANY discoveries. The RE shall forward copies to MMC.

#### B. Discovery Notification Process

- 1. In the event of a discovery, the Paleontological Monitor shall direct the contractor to temporarily divert trenching activities in the area of discovery and immediately notify the RE or BI, as appropriate.
- 2. The Monitor shall immediately notify the PI (unless Monitor is the PI) of the discovery.
- 3. The PI shall immediately notify MMC by phone of the discovery and shall also submit written documentation to MMC within 24 hours by fax or email with photos of the resource in context, if possible.

#### C. Determination of Significance

- 1. The PI shall evaluate the significance of the resource.
  - a. The PI shall immediately notify MMC by phone to discuss significance determination and shall also submit a letter to MMC indicating whether additional mitigation is required. The determination of significance for fossil discoveries shall be at the discretion of the PI.
  - b. If the resource is significant, the PI shall submit a Paleontological Recovery Program (PRP) and obtain written approval from MMC. Impacts to significant resources must be mitigated before ground disturbing activities in the area of discovery will be allowed to resume.
  - c. If resource is not significant (e.g., small pieces of broken common shell fragments or other scattered common fossils) the PI shall notify the RE, or BI as appropriate, that a non-significant discovery has been made. The Paleontologist shall continue to monitor the area without notification to MMC unless a significant resource is encountered.
  - d. The PI shall submit a letter to MMC indicating that fossil resources will be collected, curated, and documented in the Final Monitoring Report. The letter shall also indicate that no further work is required.

#### IV. Night and/or Weekend Work

- A. If night and/or weekend work is included in the contract
  - 1. When night and/or weekend work is included in the contract package, the extent and timing shall be presented and discussed at the precon meeting.
  - 2. The following procedures shall be followed.
    - a. No Discoveries In the event that no discoveries were encountered during night and/or weekend work, The PI shall record the information on the CSVR and submit to MMC via fax by 8AM on the next business day.
    - Discoveries
       All discoveries shall be processed and documented using the existing procedures detailed in Sections III - During Construction.
    - c. Potentially Significant Discoveries If the PI determines that a potentially significant discovery has been made, the procedures detailed under Section III - During Construction shall be followed.
    - d. The PI shall immediately contact MMC, or by 8AM on the next business day to report and discuss the findings as indicated in Section III-B, unless other specific arrangements have been made.
- B. If night work becomes necessary during the course of construction

- 1. The Construction Manager shall notify the RE, or BI, as appropriate, a minimum of 24 hours before the work is to begin.
- 2. The RE, or BI, as appropriate, shall notify MMC immediately.
- C. All other procedures described above shall apply, as appropriate.

#### V. Post Construction

- A. Preparation and Submittal of Draft Monitoring Report
  - The PI shall submit two copies of the Draft Monitoring Report (even if negative),
    prepared in accordance with the Paleontological Guidelines which describes the
    results, analysis, and conclusions of all phases of the Paleontological Monitoring
    Program (with appropriate graphics) to MMC for review and approval within 90 days
    following the completion of monitoring,
    - For significant paleontological resources encountered during monitoring, the Paleontological Recovery Program shall be included in the Draft Monitoring Report.
    - b. Recording Sites with the San Diego Natural History Museum The PI shall be responsible for recording (on the appropriate forms) any significant or potentially significant fossil resources encountered during the Paleontological Monitoring Program in accordance with the City's Paleontological Guidelines, and submittal of such forms to the San Diego Natural History Museum with the Final Monitoring Report.
  - 2. MMC shall return the Draft Monitoring Report to the PI for revision or, for preparation of the Final Report.
  - 3. The PI shall submit revised Draft Monitoring Report to MMC for approval.
  - 4. MMC shall provide written verification to the PI of the approved report.
  - 5. MMC shall notify the RE or BI, as appropriate, of receipt of all Draft Monitoring Report submittals and approvals.
- B. Handling of Fossil Remains
  - 1. The PI shall be responsible for ensuring that all fossil remains collected are cleaned and catalogued.
  - The PI shall be responsible for ensuring that all fossil remains are analyzed to identify function and chronology as they relate to the geologic history of the area; that faunal material is identified as to species; and that specialty studies are completed, as appropriate
- C. Curation of fossil remains: Deed of Gift and Acceptance Verification
  - 1. The PI shall be responsible for ensuring that all fossil remains associated with the monitoring for this project are permanently curated with an appropriate institution.
  - 2. The PI shall include the Acceptance Verification from the curation institution in the Final Monitoring Report submitted to the RE or BI and MMC.
- D. Final Monitoring Report(s)
  - The PI shall submit two copies of the Final Monitoring Report to MMC (even if negative), within 90 days after notification from MMC that the draft report has been approved.
  - 2. The RE shall, in no case, issue the Notice of Completion until receiving a copy of the approved Final Monitoring Report from MMC which includes the Acceptance Verification from the curation institution.

#### VI. PUBLIC REVIEW DISTRIBUTION:

Draft copies or notice of this Mitigated Negative Declaration were distributed to:

#### CITY OF SAN DIEGO

Mayor's Office

Councilmember Barbara Bry - District 1

Development Services:

Development Project Manager

Environmental Review

Engineering Review

Landscape Review

Planning Review

Geology Review

MMC (77A)

San Diego Central Library (81A)

La Jolla/Riford Branch Library (81L)

City Attorney's Office (93C)

#### OTHER ORGANIZATIONS AND INTERESTED PARTIES

San Diego Natural History Museum (166)

La Jolla Village News (271)

La Jolla Shores Association (272)

La Jolla Town Council (273)

La Jolla Historical Society (274)

La Jolla Community Planning Association (275)

La Jolla Light (280)

Patricia K. Miller (283)

#### VII. RESULTS OF PUBLIC REVIEW:

- (X) No comments were received during the public input period.
- ( ) Comments were received but did not address the accuracy or completeness of the draft environmental document. No response is necessary and the letters are incorporated herein.
- () Comments addressing the accuracy or completeness of the draft environmental document were received during the public input period. The letters and responses are incorporated herein.

Copies of the draft Mitigated Negative Declaration, the Mitigation, Monitoring and Reporting Program and any Initial Study material are available in the office of the Development Services Department for review, or for purchase at the cost of reproduction.

Chris Tracy, AICP
Senior Planner
Development Services Department

Analyst: Rachael Lindquist

Attachments: Initial Study Checklist

Figure 1 – Location Map

Figure 2 – Site Plan (Main Level) Figure 3 – Site Plan (Lower Level) 1-2-19 Date of Draft Report

1-28-19 Date of Final Report

#### INITIAL STUDY CHECKLIST

- 1. Project title/Project number: Hershfield Residence CDP/SDP / 603740
- Lead agency name and address: City of San Diego, 1222 First Avenue, MS-501, San Diego, CA 92101
- 3. Contact person and phone number: Rachael Lindquist / (619) 446-5129
- 4. Project location: 8230 Prestwick Drive, La Jolla, CA 92037
- 5. Project Applicant/Sponsor's name and address: Chandra Slaven, 4525 Ohio Street, San Diego, CA 92116
- 6. General/Community Plan designation: Residential/ Very Low Density Residential (0-5 DU/AC)
- 7. Zoning: LJSPD-SF (La Jolla Shores Planned District Single Family)
- 8. Description of project (Describe the whole action involved, including but not limited to, later phases of the project, and any secondary, support, or off-site features necessary for its implementation.):

The project requests a Coastal Development Permit (CDP) and a Site Development Permit (SDP) to demolish an existing single-family residence and construct a new one-story single-family residence over a basement. The newly constructed residence would contain 10,757 sq. ft. of habitable area including a main floor area of 5,228 sq. ft. and a lower level area of 5,529 sq. ft. The project would also contain 1,667 square feet of non-habitable area including a garage (611 sq. ft.), a lower level garage (596 sq. ft.), and a pool equipment room (460 sq. ft.). Various site improvements would also be constructed including associated hardscape and landscape.

The project's landscaping has been reviewed by City Landscape staff and would comply with all applicable City of San Diego Landscape ordinances and standards. Drainage would be directed into appropriate storm drain systems designated to carry surface runoff, which has been reviewed and accepted by City Engineering staff. Ingress to the project site would be via Prestwick Drive. All parking would be provided on-site.

9. Surrounding land uses and setting:

The 0.44-acre site is located at 8230 Prestwick Drive. The land use designation is Very Low Density Residential (0-5 dwelling units per acre) per the La Jolla Community Plan is located in the LJSPD-SF Zone (La Jolla Shores Planned District – Single Family) and is subject to the Coastal Height Limitation Overlay Zone, Parking Impact Overlay Zone (COASTAL), Coastal Overlay Zone (Non-appealable), Very High Fire Severity Zone, and Fire Brush Zone – 300 Foot Buffer.

The project site is currently developed with a single-family residence. The project site is situated East of La Jolla Shores Drive, West of Torrey Pines Road, and North of La Jolla

Parkway. Vegetation on-site is varied and consists of non-native landscaping flora. The project is located in a residential neighborhood of similar development.

- Other public agencies whose approval is required (e.g., permits, financing approval, or participation agreement):
   List or None required.
- 11. Have California Native American tribes traditionally and culturally affiliated with the project area requested consultation pursuant to Public Resources Code section 21080.3.1? If so, has consultation begun?

Note: Conducting consultation early in the CEQA process allows tribal governments, lead agencies, and project proponents to discuss the level of environmental review, identify and address potential adverse impacts to tribal cultural resources, and reduce the potential for delay and conflict in the environmental review process. (See Public Resources Code section 21083.3.2.) Information may also be available from the California Native American Heritage Commission's Sacred Lands File per Public Resources Code section 5097.96 and the California Historical Resources Information System administered by the California Office of Historic Preservation. Please also note that Public Resources Code section 21082.3(c) contains provisions specific to confidentiality.

In accordance with the requirements of Assembly Bill (AB) 52, the City of San Diego sent notifications to two Native American Tribes traditionally and culturally affiliated with the project area. Both the lipay Nation of Santa Ysabel and the Jamul Indian Village responded within the 30-day period requesting consultation and additional information. Consultation began in August 2018 and concluded on September 14, 2018. Please see Section XVII of the Initial Study for more detail.

### **ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:**

			d be potentially affected by the checklist on the following		t, involving at least one impact that is a		
	Aesthetics		Greenhouse Gas Emissions		Population/Housing		
	Agriculture and Forestry Resources		Hazards & Hazardous Materials		Public Services		
	Air Quality		Hydrology/Water Quality		Recreation		
	Biological Resources		Land Use/Planning		Transportation/Traffic		
$\boxtimes$	Cultural Resources		Mineral Resources		Tribal Cultural Resources		
	Geology/Soils		Noise		Utilities/Service System		
				$\boxtimes$	Mandatory Findings Significance		
DETER	MINATION: (To be com	pleted l	oy Lead Agency)				
On the b	pasis of this initial evaluation:						
	The proposed project COUL be prepared.	D NOT ha	ve a significant effect on the	environm	ent, and a NEGATIVE DECLARATION will		
$\boxtimes$		evisions ir	n the project have been made		ment, there will not be a significant reed to by the project proponent. A		
	The proposed project MAY has required.	nave a sig	nificant effect on the environi	ment, and	an ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT		
	The proposed project MAY have a "potentially significant impact" or "potentially significant unless mitigated" impact on the environment, but at least one effect (a) has been adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and (b) has been addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis as described on attached sheets. An ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required.						
	Although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, because all potentially significant effects (a) have been analyzed adequately in an earlier EIR or (MITIGATED) NEGATIVE DECLARATION pursuant to applicable standards, and (b) have been avoided or mitigated pursuant to that earlier EIR or (MITIGATED) NEGATIVE DECLARATION, including revisions or mitigation measures that are imposed upon the proposed project, nothing further is required.						

#### **EVALUATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS:**

- 1) A brief explanation is required for all answers except "No Impact" answers that are adequately supported by the information sources a lead agency cites in the parentheses following each question. A "No Impact" answer is adequately supported if the referenced information sources show that the impact simply does not apply to projects like the one involved (e.g., the project falls outside a fault rupture zone). A "No Impact answer should be explained where it is based on project specific factors as well as general standards (e.g., the project will not expose sensitive receptors to pollutants, based on a project-specific screening analysis.)
- 2) All answers must take account of the whole action involved, including off-site as well as on-site, cumulative as well as project-level, indirect as well as direct, and construction as well as operational impacts.
- 3) Once the lead agency has determined that a particular physical impact may occur, then the checklist answers must indicate whether the impact is potentially significant, less than significant with mitigation, or less than significant. "Potentially Significant Impact" is appropriate if there is substantial evidence that an effect may be significant. If there are one or more "Potentially Significant Impact" entries when the determination is made, an EIR is required.
- 4) "Negative Declaration: Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated" applies where the incorporation of mitigation measures has reduced an effect from "Potentially Significant Impact" to a "Less Than Significant Impact." The lead agency must describe the mitigation measures, and briefly explain how they reduce the effect to a less than significant level (mitigation measures from "Earlier Analyses", as described in (5) below, may be cross-referenced).
- 5) Earlier analyses may be used where, pursuant to the tiering, program EIR, or other CEQA process, an effect has been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or (mitigated) negative declaration. *Section 15063(c)(3)(D).* In this case, a brief discussion should identify the following:
  - a. Earlier Analysis Used. Identify and state where they are available for review.
  - b. Impacts Adequately Addressed. Identify which effects from the above checklist were within the scope of and adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and state whether such effects were addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis.
  - c. Mitigation Measures. For effects that are "Less Than Significant With Mitigation Measures Incorporated", describe the mitigation measures that were incorporated or refined from the earlier document and the extent to which they address site-specific conditions for the project.
- 6) Lead agencies are encouraged to incorporate into the checklist references to information sources for potential impacts (e.g., general plans, zoning ordinances). Reference to a previously prepared or outside document should, where appropriate, include a reference to the page or pages where the statement is substantiated.
- 7) Supporting Information Sources: A source list should be attached, and other sources used or individuals contacted should be cited in the discussion.
- 8) This is only a suggested form, and lead agencies are free to use different formats; however, lead agencies should normally address the questions from this checklist that are relevant to a project's environmental effects in whatever format is selected.
- 9) The explanation of each issue should identify:
  - a. The significance criteria or threshold, if any, used to evaluate each question; and
  - b. The mitigation measure identified, if any, to reduce the impact to less than significant.

Iss	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact		
I. AESTH	HETICS – Would the project:						
a)	Have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista?						
Local Co	re no designated scenic vistas or view pastal Program Land Use Plan on the tial adverse effect on a scenic vista.	project site	. Therefore, the pro	=	-		
b)	Substantially damage scenic resources, including but not limited to, trees, rock outcroppings, and historic buildings within a state scenic highway?						
within o	ject is situated within a developed re r adjacent to a state scenic highway esources. Therefore, no impacts wou	and therefo		-			
c)	Substantially degrade the existing visual character or quality of the site and its surroundings?						
The project site is developed with an existing single-family residence and is surrounded by similar single-family residences. The project is compatible with the surrounding development and permitted by the community plan and zoning designation. The project would not degrade the existing visual character or quality of the site and its surroundings; therefore, impacts would be less than significant.							
d)	Create a new source of substantial light or glare that would adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area?						

The project would comply with the outdoor lighting standards contained in Municipal Code Section 142.0740 (Outdoor Lighting Regulations) that require all outdoor lighting be installed, shielded, and adjusted so that the light is directed in a manner that minimizes negative impacts from light pollution, including trespass, glare, and to control light from falling onto surrounding properties. Therefore, lighting installed with the project would not adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area, resulting in a less than significant lighting impact.

The project would comply with Municipal Code Section 142.0730 (Glare Regulations) that requires exterior materials utilized for proposed structures be limited to specific reflectivity ratings. The structure would consist of wood siding, concrete roof tiles, black steel and poured in place concrete, and stucco. The project would have a less than significant glare impact.

II. AGRICULTURAL AND FOREST RESOURCES: In determining whether impacts to agricultural resources are significant environmental effects, lead agencies may refer to the California Agricultural Land Evaluation and Site Assessment Model (1997) prepared by the California Department of Conservation as an optional model to use in assessing impacts on agriculture and farmland. In determining whether impacts to forest resources, including timberland, are significant environmental effects, lead agencies may refer to information compiled by the California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection regarding the state's inventory of forest land, including the Forest and Range Assessment

	Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact		
	Project and the Forest Legacy Assessment project Protocols adopted by the California Air Resource			thodology provid	led in Forest		
	a) Converts Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance (Farmland), as shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency, to non-agricultural use?						
The project is consistent with the community plan's land use designation and is located within a developed residential neighborhood. As such, the project site does not contain, and is not adjacent to, any lands identified as Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance (Farmland), as show on maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resource Agency. Therefore, the project would not result in the conversion of such lands to non-agricultural use. No significant impacts would occur, and no mitigation measures are required.							
	b) Conflict with existing zoning for agricultural use, or a Williamson Act Contract?						
the p	r to response ll (a), above. There are no project. The project is consistent with the d not conflict with any properties zoned ract. Therefore, no impacts would resul	e existing lar d for agriculti	d use and the und	erlying zone.	The project		
	c) Conflict with existing zoning for, or cause rezoning of, forest land (as defined in Public Resources Code section 1220(g)), timberland (as defined by Public Resources Code section 4526), or timberland zoned Timberland Production (as defined by Government Code section 51104(g))?						
or tir	The project would not conflict with existing zoning for, or cause rezoning of, forest land, timberland, or timberland zoned Timberland Production. No designated forest land or timberland occur onsite as the project is consistent with the community plan, and the underlying zone. No impacts would result.						
	d) Result in the loss of forest land or conversion of forest land to non-forest use?						
	r to response II (c) above. Additionally, t sted land to non-forest use, as surround				-		
	e) Involve other changes in the existing environment, which, due to their location or nature, could result in				$\boxtimes$		

Less Than Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant Impact Significant with No Impact Issue Mitigation Incorporated

conversion of Farmland to nonagricultural use or conversion of forest land to non-forest use?

farm	nlan	response II (a) and II (c), above. T d or forest land. No changes to ar re, no impact would result.		_		-	
III.	<ol> <li>AIR QUALITY – Where available, the significance criteria established by the applicable air quality management or air pollution control district may be relied on to make the following determinations – Would the project:</li> </ol>						
	a)	Conflict with or obstruct implementation of the applicable air quality plan?					
(SAN mair Regired (SAN mair Re	NDAG nten ona st re in th forni as i ect f ugh ection to s de s de s, pr s wo tter in	Diego Air Pollution Control Districts  G) are responsible for developing sance of the ambient air quality stance (RAQS) was incently in 2009). The RAQS outlines at a state air quality standards for one at a fir Resources Board (CARB) and information regarding projected gruture emissions and then determine regulatory controls. CARB mobile ons are based on population, we had the cities in the county as particles and by the cojects that propose development outly be consistent with the RAQS, than that anticipated in the local profiles with the RAQS and may consistent with the RAQS.	and implement andards in the initially adopted is the SDAPCD's izone (O3). The id SANDAG, included in the stratege is source emissically and it of the developed in the stratege is that is consisted. However, if a polan and SAND.	ting the clean air San Diego Air Ba I in 1991, and is a plans and control RAQS relies on ir uding mobile and iego County and ies necessary for on projections ar land use plans doment of their gent with the grow project proposes AG's growth project	plan for attain sin (SDAB). The updated on a trool measures do not measures do not measure entre cities in the the cities in the developed by Seneral plans. The int of their genth anticipated development to ections, the processing since the	e County riennial basis esigned to m the emissions, as e county, to of emissions owth an Diego ad land use eral plans. As by local that is oject might	
sing proj resid und	le-fa ect i dent erlyi	ect would consist of the demolition in the demolition in the place within some stent with the General Plantial development. Therefore, the plant growth forecasts in the RAQS, impacts would result.	a developed ne n, community p project would b	eighborhood of si lan, and the und e consistent at a	milar resident erlying zoning sub-regional le	ial uses. The for evel with the	
	b)	Violate any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation?			$\boxtimes$		

Potentially Less Than
Potentially Significant with Less Than
Issue Significant Mitigation Impact
Impact Incorporated

#### **Short-Term (Construction) Emissions**

Construction-related activities are temporary, short-term

sources of air emissions. Sources of construction-related air emissions include fugitive dust from grading activities; construction equipment exhaust; construction-related trips by workers, delivery trucks, and material-hauling trucks; and construction-related power consumption.

Variables that factor into the total construction emissions potentially generated include the level of activity, length of construction period, number of pieces and types of equipment in use, site characteristics, weather conditions, number of construction personnel, and the amount of materials to be transported on or offsite.

Fugitive dust emissions are generally associated with land-clearing and grading operations. Construction operations would include standard measures as required by City of San Diego grading permit to limit potential air quality impacts. Therefore, impacts associated with fugitive dust are considered less than significant, and would not violate an air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation. No mitigation measures are required.

#### Long-Term (Operational) Emissions

Long-term air emission impacts are those associated with stationary sources and mobile sources related to any change caused by a project. The project would produce minimal stationary sources emissions. The project is compatible with the surrounding development and is permitted by the community plan and zone designation. Based on the residential land use, project emissions over the long-term are not anticipated to violate any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation. Impacts would be less than significant and no mitigation measures are required.

c)	Result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is non-attainment under an applicable federal or state ambient air quality standard (including releasing emissions which exceed quantitative thresholds for		$\boxtimes$	
	ozone precursors)?			

As described above, construction operations could temporarily increase the emissions of dust and other pollutants. However, construction emissions would be temporary and short-term in duration; implementation of Best Management Practices (BMPs) would reduce potential impacts related to construction activities to a less than significant level. Therefore, the project would not result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is a nonattainment under applicable federal or state ambient air quality standards. Impacts would be less than significant.

			Lasa Than				
Iss	ue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact		
d)	Create objectionable odors affecting a substantial number of people?			$\boxtimes$			
Short-term (Construction) Odors would be generated from vehicles and/or equipment exhaust emissions during construction of the project. Odors produced during construction would be attributable to concentrations of unburned hydrocarbons from tailpipes of construction equipment and architectural coatings. Such odors are temporary and generally occur at magnitudes that would not affect a substantial number of people. Therefore, impacts would be less than significant.							
Typical I such od would conot typic affecting	rm (Operational) ong-term operational characteristic ors nor anticipated to generate odo onstruct a single-family residence. Feally associated with the creation of g a substantial number or people. To nt impacts.	rs affecting a Residential un such odors r	substantial numbolits, in the long-termon or are they anticip	er of people. m operation, lated to gene	The project are rate odors		
IV. BIOLO	OGICAL RESOURCES – Would the project:						
a)	Have substantial adverse effects, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special status species in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?						
landsca <sub>l</sub> biologic	lect site is currently developed with be. Onsite landscaping is non-native al resources on site nor does it cont would occur, and no mitigation me	e, and the pro cain any candi	ject site does not o date, sensitive or s	contain any s	ensitive		
b)	Have a substantial adverse effect on any riparian habitat or other community identified in local or regional plans, policies, and regulations or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?						
near the	ect site is within an urbanized deve e project site. Refer to Response IV ( or other identified community, as th would occur, and no mitigation me	a), above. The ne site curren	e project site does tly supports non-n	not contain a	ny riparian		
c)	Have a substantial adverse effect on federally protected wetlands as defined by section 404 of the Clean Water Act (including but not limited to marsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc.) through direct				$\boxtimes$		

Issue	Significant Impact	Mitigation Incorporated	Significant Impact	No Impact
removal, filling, hydrological interruption, or other means?				
The project site is developed with a single within an urban setting. Additionally, ther the site. No impacts would occur, and no	e are no wetla	nds or water of the	United States	•
d) Interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or with established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors, or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites?				
The project site is surrounded by existing established wildlife corridor and would no wildlife nursery sites. Therefore, no impac	ot impede the i	movement of any v	wildlife or the	use of any
e) Conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources, such as a tree preservation policy or ordinance?				$\boxtimes$
Refer to response IV (a), above. The project Jolla Community Plan and Local Coastal Placated on a developed residential site and biological resources that apply to the project.	rogram Land U d there are no	lse Plan and zoned local policies or or	l LJSPD-SF. The rdinances prot	e project is
f) Conflict with the provisions of an adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Community Conservation Plan, or other approved local, regional, or state habitat conservation plan?				$\boxtimes$
The project is located in a developed urba Habitat Planning Area (MHPA) and no oth project would not conflict with any local condition no mitigation measures are required.	er adopted cor	nservation plans af	fect the subje	ct site. The
V. CULTURAL RESOURCES – Would the project:				
<ul> <li>cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an historical resource as defined in §15064.5?</li> </ul>				
The purpose and intent of the Historical R (Chapter 14, Division 3, and Article 2) is to historical resources of San Diego. The reg of San Diego when historical resources ar projects, CEQA requires the Lead Agency	protect, prese gulations apply e present on tl	rve and, where da to all proposed de ne premises. Befo	maged, restor evelopment wi re approving o	e the thin the City liscretionary

Potentially

Less Than

Significant with

Less Than

environmental effects which may result from that project. A project that may cause a substantial

Less Than Significant with Mitigation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	Significant with	Significant with Significant Mitigation Impact

adverse change in the significance of a historical resource may have a significant effect on the environment (sections 15064.5(b) and 21084.1). A substantial adverse change is defined as demolition, destruction, relocation, or alteration activities, which would impair historical significance (sections 15064.5(b)(1)). Any historical resource listed in, or eligible to be listed in the California Register of Historical Resources, including archaeological resources, is considered to be historically or culturally significant.

The City of San Diego criteria for determination of historic significance, pursuant to CEQA, is evaluated based upon age (over 45 years), location, context, association with an important event, uniqueness, or structural integrity of the building. Projects requiring the demolition and/or modification of structures that are 45 years or older have the potential to result in potential impacts to a historical resource. The existing structure was identified as being under 45 years old. Furthermore, the property does not meet designation criteria as a significant resource under any adopted criteria. No impact would result.

b)	Cause a substantial adverse change in		
	the significance of an archaeological		$\boxtimes$
	resource pursuant to §15064.5?		

Many areas of San Diego County, including mesas and the coast, are known for intense and diverse prehistoric occupation and important archaeological and historical resources. The region has been inhabited by various cultural groups spanning 10,000 years or more. The project area is located within an area identified as sensitive on the City of San Diego's Historical Resources Sensitivity Maps.

Therefore, a record search of the California Historic Resources Information System (CHRIS) digital database was reviewed to determine presence or absence of potential resources within the project site by qualified archaeological City staff. The CHRIS search resulted negative for any cultural resources on or adjacent to the site. Staff concluded that due to the negative search results and the characteristics of the site (manufactured slopes), no impacts to archaeological resources would result, and no monitoring would be required.

c)	Directly or indirectly destroy a unique		
	paleontological resource or site or	$\boxtimes$	
	unique geologic feature?		

According to the "Geology of the San Diego Metropolitan Area, California, La Jolla, 7.5 Minute Quadrangle Maps" (Kennedy and Peterson, 1975) and the Preliminary Geotechnical Investigation (Hershfield Residence, November 2016), the project site is partly underlain with the highly sensitive Ardath Shale formation, which has a high probability of containing important paleontological resources. Grading operations would entail approximately 3,300 cubic yards of cut with a maximum cut depth of eleven feet. The City's Significance Determination Thresholds state paleontological monitoring during grading activities may be required if it is determined that the project's earth movement quantity exceeds the Paleontological threshold (if greater than 1,000 cubic yards and ten feet deep for formations with a high sensitivity rating and if greater than 2,000 cubic yards and ten feet deep for formations with a moderate sensitivity rating). Therefore, in accordance with the City of San Diego's Significance Determination Thresholds, the project would have the potential to impact paleontological resources.

Issu	ue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
Negative	tion Monitoring and Reporting Progr e Declaration, would be implemente ology) to below a level of significanc	d to reduce ir		_	
d)	Disturb and human remains, including those interred outside of dedicated cemeteries?				$\boxtimes$
	an remains have been documented have been identified onsite.	within the pr	oject area. No cen	neteries, form	nal or
VI. GEOL	OGY AND SOILS – Would the project:				
a)	Expose people or structures to potential subinvolving:	ostantial adverse	e effects, including the	risk of loss, injur	y, or death
	i) Rupture of a known earthquake fault, as delineated on the most recent Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Map issued by the State Geologist for the area or based on other substantial evidence of a known fault? Refer to Division of Mines and Geology Special Publication 42.				
Consulting southwe the Coro and New Jacinto a lidentify a	ng the to the site specific Preliminarying Group, Inc. (July 2018), Rose Canyinst of the site. Other active fault zone ando Bank, San Diego Trough, and suport Ingelwood Fault Zones to the rand San Andreas Fault Zones to the rany active known faults that traverse would be low. Any impacts would	on Zone is lo es in the region San Clemento northwest, an northeast. The e the site and	cated approximate on that could posse Fault Zones to the distance, Ear of the irdings of the irdinged that rise	ely one-half r ibly affect the e west, the P thquake Valle evestigation d	nile e site include alos Verdes ey, San id not
	ii) Strong seismic ground shaking?			$\boxtimes$	
located t design a	could be affected by seismic activity throughout the Southern California nd utilization of standard constructi to ensure that potential impacts fro nt.	area. The pro on practices,	ject would utilize p to be verified at th	oroper enginene building pe	eering ermit stage,
	iii) Seismic-related ground failure, including liquefaction?				

Liquefaction generally occurs when loose, unconsolidated, water-laden soils are subject to shaking, causing the soils to lose cohesion. According to the site specific geotechnical investigation, the potential for soil liquefaction at the subject site is low due to the geologic structure and the Geologic Hazard Category Designation 26. The project would be required to comply with the California Building Code that would reduce impacts to people or structures to an acceptable

Issue		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
level of risk. Implementation of practices, to be verified at the l from regional geologic hazards	ouilding perm	it stage, wou	ld ensure that the		
iv) Landslides?				$\boxtimes$	
According to the site specific G Inc. (July 2018), the possibility of Implementation of proper engi be verified at the building pern reduced to an acceptable level	of deep seated ineering desig nit stage, wou	d slope stabil n and utiliza ld ensure tha	ity problems at th tion of standard c at the potential fo	e site is low. onstruction pr r impacts wou	actices, to
b) Result in substantial soil eroloss of topsoil?	osion or the				
potential. The project would be requires the implementation o within the site would be requir the Storm Water Standards, whathan significant levels. Further postconstruction consistent wi substantial soils erosion or loss	f appropriate ed to comply nich would en more, perman th the City's re	best managowith the City sure soil ero ent storm wegulations. T	ement practices (E of San Diego Grad sion and topsoil lo ater BMPs would herefore, the proj	BMPs). Grading ding Ordinancoss is minimize also be require ect would not	g activities e as well as ed to less ed result in
c) Be located on a geologic ur that is unstable, or that wo					
unstable as a result of the p potentially result in on- or o landslide, lateral spreading liquefaction or collapse?	off-site			$\boxtimes$	

According to the site specific geotechnical investigation, the project site is considered to have very low expansive soil potential. The project would be required to comply with seismic requirements of the California Building Code that would reduce impacts to people or structures due to local seismic events to an acceptable level of risk. Implementation of proper engineering design and utilization of

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
standard construction practices, to be potential for impacts from regional g				e that the
e) Have soils incapable of adequately supporting the use of septic tanks alternative waste water disposal systems where sewers are not ava for the disposal of waste water?	or			
The project site is located within an a water and sewer lines) and does not require the construction of any new serve the project. No impact would of	propose any septic facilities as it relates	system. In additio	on, the project o	does not
VII. GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS - Would	the project:			
a) Generate greenhouse gas emissio either directly or indirectly, that m have a significant impact on the environment?				
The City's Climate Action Plan (CAP) of proportional share of State greenhous part of the CAP and contains means project basis to ensure that the specific project is consistent with the General with allowable deviations. Further backconsistency Checklist, the project is	use gas (GHG) emiss sures that are requir cified emission targe al Plan and Commun ased upon review an	sion reductions. A red to be implements identified in the ity Plan land use and evaluation of the	CAP Consisten ented on a proj e CAP are achie and zoning des ne completed C	ncy Checklist ect-by- eved. The signations CAP
Based on the project's consistency w to cumulative statewide emissions w projects direct and cumulative GHG	vould be less than cu	ımulatively consic	lerable. Theref	ore, the
b) Conflict with an applicable plan, poor regulation adopted for the purpof reducing the emissions of greenhouse gases?	-			

The project would not conflict with an applicable plan, policy, or regulation adopted for the purposes of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gasses. The project is consistent with the existing General Plan and Community Plan land use and zoning designations. Further based upon review and evaluation of the completed CAP Consistency Checklist for the project, the project is consistent with the applicable strategies and actions of the CAP. Therefore, the project is consistent with the assumptions for relevant CAP strategies toward achieving the identified GHG reduction targets. Impacts are considered less than significant.

Is	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact		
VIII. HA	ZARDS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS – Would	the project:					
a)	Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials?			$\boxtimes$			
residen are not project	The project proposes to demolish a single-family residence and construct a new single-family residence. Although minimal amounts of such substances may be present during construction, they are not anticipated to create a significant public hazard. Once constructed, due to the nature of the project, the routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials on or through the subject site is not anticipated. Therefore, impacts would be less than significant.						
b)	Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment?						
Refer to	o response VIII (a) above. Impacts wo	ould be less th	nan significant.				
c)	Emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste within one-quarter mile of an existing or proposed school?			$\boxtimes$			
risk of r is antic acutely (fuels, l Further	o response VIII (a) above. The project releases of hazardous substances we ipated that future on-site operations hazardous materials. Construction of ubricants, solvents, etc.), which would the project would be required to content to the project would be required to content the project would be required to the project the project would be required to the project would be required to the project the project would be required to the project the project would be required to t	ould not occu would not re of the project d require pro omply with al	r as a result of pro equire the routine may require the u oper storage, hand I federal, state and	ject operatior use or transpose of hazardo ling, use and o local require	ns because it ort of us materials disposal.		
d)	Be located on a site which is included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code section 65962.5 and, as a result, would it create a significant hazard to the public or the environment?						
website 65962.5	rdous waste site record search was ce which discloses any type of hazardos:						

lss	ue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?				
	posed project is not located within a or public use airport. No impacts wo		d us plan, or withir	n two miles o	f a public
f)	For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?				$\boxtimes$
nor wou	response VII (e) above. The project all the project result in a safety haza would result.				•
g)	Impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan?				
emergei	ect would not impair the implement ncy response plan or evacuation pla e with circulation or access, and all c	n. No roadwa	ay improvements a	are proposed	that would
h)	Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires, including where wildlands are adjacent to urbanized areas or where residences are intermixed with wildlands?				
areas pr	ject is located within a developed recone to wildfire within the vicinity of or structures to wildland fires. No imb.	the project si	te. Therefore, the	project would	d not expose
IX. HYDR	OLOGY AND WATER QUALITY - Would the pro	oject:			
a)	Violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements?				

The project would comply with the City's Storm Water Regulations during and after construction, and appropriate best management practices (BMP's) would be utilized. Implementation of project specific BMP's would preclude violations of any existing water quality standards or discharge requirements. Impacts would be less than significant.

Iss	ue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
b)	Substantially deplete groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that there would be a net deficit in aquifer volume or a lowering of the local groundwater table level (e.g., the production rate of pre-existing nearby wells would drop to a level which would not support existing land uses or planned uses for which permits have been granted)?				
project v groundv project v groundv	ect does not require the construction would not introduce significant new water recharge, as the site is already would not substantially deplete grouwater recharge. The project is locate a project would connect to the exist	impervious s developed v indwater sup d in an urbar	surfaces that could with impervious su oplies or interfere so n neighborhood wl	interfere wit rfaces. There substantially v nere all infras	h fore, the with tructures
c)	Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, in a manner, which would result in substantial erosion or siltation on- or off-site?			$\boxtimes$	
are no si propose impleme	ect would not substantially alter the treams or rivers located on-site and d grading activities. Although gradir ent BMPs to ensure that substantial would be less than significant, and i	thus, no suc ng would be r erosion or si	h resources would equired for the pr ltation on or off-si	be impacted oject, the pro te would not	through the ject would
d)	Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, or substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner, which would result in flooding on- or off-site?				
volumes be disch drainage	ect would not alter the existing drai i. The project would not substantiall arged into the storm drain system. e pattern for the site or area, or substant aner that would result in flooding on	y alter the im Thus, the pro stantially incr	pervious area and ject would not sig ease the rate or a	l runoff would nificantly alte mount of sur	d continue to r the overall face runoff
e)	Create or contribute runoff water, which would exceed the capacity of existing or planned stormwater drainage systems or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff?				

ls	ssue	Potentially Significant Impact	Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
construdegrad runoff provide	oject would be required to comply winction. Appropriate BMPs would be included; therefore, ensuring that project refrom the site is not anticipated to excessubstantial additional sources of pogation measures are required.	nplemented unoff is directed teed the capa	rm water standard to ensure that wat ted to appropriate acity of existing sto	ter quality is no e drainage syst orm water syste	ot ems. Any ems or
f)	Otherwise substantially degrade water quality?			$\boxtimes$	
both dı	o Section IX (a). The project would be uring and after construction, using ap graded. Impacts would be less than s	propriate BN	MP's that would en	sure that wate	r quality is
g)	Place housing within a 100-year flood hazard area as mapped on a federal Flood Hazard Boundary or Flood Insurance Rate Map or other flood hazard delineation map?				$\boxtimes$
-	oject site is not located within a 100-y ore, no impacts would occur.	ear flood ha	zard area or any o	ther known flo	od area.
h)	Place within a 100-year flood hazard area, structures that would impede or redirect flood flows?				
	oject site is not located within a 100-y ore, no impacts would occur.	ear flood ha	zard area or any o	ther known flo	od area.
X. LANI	O USE AND PLANNING – Would the project:				
a)	Physically divide an established community?				
The pro The pro resider area ar	oject would demolish a single-family opject is consistent with the General Ploject site is located within a develope opical development. The project would not would not introduce any barriers of unity. No impacts would result.	an's and Con d residential not substant	nmunity Plan's lan neighborhood and tially change the n	d use designat d surrounded k ature of the su	ion. by similar rrounding
b)	Conflict with any applicable land use plan, policy, or regulation of an agency with jurisdiction over the project (including but not limited to the general plan, specific plan, local coastal program, or zoning ordinance) adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect?				

lss	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
Refer to	response X (a). No impacts would re	esult.			
c)	Conflict with any applicable habitat conservation plan or natural community conservation plan?				
applicat conflict within o	ject is located within a developed resole habitat conservation plan or natuwith the City's Multiple Species Consor adjacent to the Multi-habitat Plannmitigation measures are required.	ıral communi ervation Plar	ty conservation plants (MSCP). The site i	an. The proje s not located	ct would not
XI. MINE	RAL RESOURCES – Would the project:				
a)	Result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region and the residents of the state?				$\boxtimes$
nature o	re no known mineral resources locat of the project site and vicinity would would result.	•	-		•
b)	Result in the loss of availability of a locally important mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan or other land use plan?				
use plar	a), above. The project site has not be n as a locally important mineral reso l with project implementation. There	urce recovery	site, and no such	resources w	
XII. NOIS	SE – Would the project result in:				
a)	Generation of, noise levels in excess of standards established in the local general plan or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies?				

#### **Short-term (Construction)**

Short-term noise impacts would be associated with onsite grading, and construction activities of the project. Construction-related short-term noise levels would be higher than existing ambient noise levels in the project area but would no longer occur once construction is completed. Sensitive receptors (e.g. residential uses) occur in the immediate area and may be temporarily affected by construction noise; however, construction activities would be required to comply with the construction hours specified in the City's Municipal Code (Section 59.5.0404, Construction Noise) which are intended to reduce potential adverse effects resulting from construction noise. With compliance to the City's noise ordinance, project construction noise levels would be reduced to less than significant, and no mitigation measures are required.

ls	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
Long-te	erm (Operation)				
For the project result ir	long-term, typical noise levels assoc would not result in an increase in th n noise levels in excess of standards Ordinance. No significant long-term in	ie existing am established i	bient noise level. <sup>.</sup> n the City of San D	The project wo	ould not Plan or
b)	Generation of, excessive ground borne vibration or ground borne noise levels?				
restricti	al effects from construction noise wo ions. Pile driving activities that would noise are not anticipated with constr	d potentially r	esult in ground bo	rne vibration	or ground
c)	A substantial permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project?				
introdu constru existing	oject would not significantly increase ce a new land use or significantly ind action noise levels and traffic would b g residential use. Therefore, no substated. Impacts would be less than sign	crease the int be generally u tantial perma	ensity of the allow inchanged as com	ed land use. F pared to nois	Post e with the
d)	A substantial temporary or periodic increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above existing without the project?				
noise le tempor than ex comple Article S reduce	oject would not expose people to a sevels. Construction noise would resurary in nature. Construction-related resisting ambient noise levels in the proted. In addition, the project would be 9.5 "Noise Abatement and Control." I potential impacts from an increase is ant level.	It during grac noise impacts oject area but e required to Implementati	ling and construction from the project was would no longer of comply with the Son of these standa	ion activities to would general occur once co an Diego Mur ard measures	out would be lly be higher nstruction is nicipal Code, would
e)	For a project located within an airport land use plan, or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport would the project expose people residing or working in the area to				

The project site is not located within an airport land use plan. The project site is also not located within two miles of a public airport or public use airport. No impacts would result.

Iss	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact	
f)	For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?				$\boxtimes$	
The pro	ject site is not located within the vici	inity of a priv	ate airstrip. No imp	acts would r	esult.	
XIII. POP	PULATION AND HOUSING – Would the project	t:				
a)	Induce substantial population growth in an area, either directly (for example, by proposing new homes and businesses) or indirectly (for example, through extension of roads or other infrastructure)?				$\boxtimes$	
resident receives required	The project site is located in a developed residential neighborhood and is surrounded by similar residential development. The project site is currently developed with a single-family residence and receives water and sewer service from the City, and no extension of infrastructure to new areas is required. As such, the project would not substantially increase housing or population growth in the area. No roadway improvements are proposed as part of the project. No impacts would result.					
b)	Displace substantial numbers of existing housing, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?					
	ject site is currently developed and displacement would occur. No imp			y residence;	therefore,	
c)	Displace substantial numbers of people, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?					
Refer to	response XIII (b) above. No impacts	would resul	t.			
XIV. PUE	BLIC SERVICES					
a)	Would the project result in substantial adverse physically altered governmental facilities, no construction of which could cause significant rations, response times or other performance.	eed for new or p nt environmenta	physically altered governal impacts, in order to m	nmental facilities aintain acceptal	s, the	
	i) Fire protection					
The nro	iect site is located in an urhanized a	nd develope	d area where fire n	rotection ser	vices are	

The project site is located in an urbanized and developed area where fire protection services are already provided. The project would not adversely affect existing levels of fire protection services to the area, and would not require the construction of new or expansion of existing governmental facilities. No impacts would occur, and no mitigation measures are required.

Issue		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
ii)	Police protection				$\boxtimes$
police prote of police pr constructio	site is located in an urbanized a ection services are already provi otection services or create signi n of new or expansion of existin on measures are required.	ided. The pro ficant new si	ject would not advo	ersely affect e and would not	xisting levels require the
iii)	Schools				$\boxtimes$
or expansion where public so public so increase in	would not affect existing levels on of a school facility. The project ic school services are available. It chools over that which currently demand for public educational or, and no mitigation measures a	ct site is locate The project v exists and is services. As s	ed in an urbanized vould not significar not anticipated to	and develope of the state of th	ed area ne demand nificant
iv)	Parks				
available. T regional pa to result in	site is located in an urbanized a he project would not significant rks or other recreational facilitie a significant increase in demand related to parks would occur, a	ly increase thes over that we do not not the second the	e demand on exist hich presently exist other offsite recre	ing neighborh sts and is not a ational faciliti	nood or anticipated
v)	Other public facilities				
available. T constructio beyond exi	site is located in an urbanized a he project would not adversely n or expansion of an existing go sting conditions would be requi gation measures are required.	affect existing	g levels of public se acility. Therefore, r	ervices and no no new public	t require the facilities
XV. RECREAT	TION				
exi pa su de	ould the project increase the use of sting neighborhood and regional rks or other recreational facilities ch that substantial physical terioration of the facility would occur be accelerated?				$\boxtimes$

The project would not adversely affect the availability of and/or need for new or expanded recreational resources. The project would not adversely affect existing levels of public services and would not require the construction or expansion of an existing governmental facility. The project would not significantly increase the use of existing neighborhood or regional parks or other recreational facilities. Therefore, the project is not anticipated to result in the use of available parks or facilities such that substantial deterioration occurs, or that would require the construction or

lss	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
•	on of recreational facilities to satisfy onal facilities have been identified, a			•	ated to
b)	Does the project include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities, which might have an adverse physical effect on the environment?				$\boxtimes$
or expa	o XV (a) above. The project does not pro	no significar	it impacts related t	•	
XVI. TRA	NSPORTATION/TRAFFIC – Would the project?				
a)	Conflict with an applicable plan, ordinance or policy establishing measures of effectiveness for the performance of the circulation system, taking into account all modes of transportation including mass transit and non-motorized travel and relevant components of the circulation system, including but not limited to intersections, streets, highways and freeways, pedestrian and bicycle paths, and mass transit?				
howeve would n effective significa	action of the project would not changer, a temporary minor increase in transfer to conflict with any applicable plan, eness for the performance of the cirent short term or long-term increase levels of service along area roadway.  Conflict with an applicable congestion	ffic may occu ordinance, c culation syst in traffic vol	ur during construct or policy establishir em. The project is umes, and thus, w	ion activities. ng measures o not expected ould not adve	The project  f  to cause a  rsely affect
5)	management program, including, but not limited to level of service standards and travel demand measures, or other standards established by the county congestion management agency for designated roads or highways?				
policy e	response XVI (a). The project would stablishing measures of effectivenes be less than significant.				
c)	Result in a change in air traffic patterns, including either an increase in traffic levels or a change in location that results in substantial safety risks?				$\boxtimes$

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
The project would not result in a chang residential structure. Provided this bac project site is not located within any Air airstrips. No impacts would result.	kground, the proje	ect would not crea	ite a safety ris	k. The
d) Substantially increase hazards due to design feature (e.g., sharp curves or dangerous intersections) or incompatible uses (e.g., farm equipment)?	a			
The project would not alter existing circ incompatible uses are proposed that we emergency access to the project site or site from Prestwick Drive. Driveway des requirements to ensure safe ingress/eg located within an existing residential ne create hazardous conditions. No impac	rould increase poto adjacent properti sign for the projec gress from the pro eighborhood and i	ential hazards. Th es. Access would t is consistent witl perties. Additiona	e project wou be provided to h City design ally, the projec	ld not affect of the project the site is
e) Result in inadequate emergency access?				
Adequate emergency access would be construction operating protocols) and l site would be provided from the drivew not impair implementation of or physicemergency evacuation plan. Impacts w	ong-term operation on Properation on	ons of the project. estwick Drive. As an adopted emei	Emergency as such, the proj	ccess to the ect would
f) Conflict with adopted policies, plans, programs regarding public transit, bicycle, or pedestrian facilities, or otherwise decrease the performance safety of such facilities?				
The project would not alter the existing regard to alternative transportation. Coor circulation features that would conflalternative transportation. No impacts	onstruction of the ict with existing po	project would not	result in desig	gn measures
XVII. TRIBAL CULTURAL RESOURCES – Would to cultural resource, defined in Public Resources C geographically defined in terms of the size and California Native American tribe, and that is:	Code section 21074 as	either a site, feature, p	olace, cultural land	dscape that is
<ul> <li>a) Listed or eligible for listing in the California Register of Historical Resources, or in a local register of historical resources as defined in Pub Resources Code section 5020.1(k), or</li> </ul>	lic			

Potentially Less Than
Issue Significant Mitigation Impact
Impact Incorporated

At the project site, there are no listed or eligible for listing in the California Register of Historical Resources, or in a local register, sites recorded. A record search of the California Historic Resources Information System (CHRIS) digital database was performed and reviewed to determine presence or absence of potential cultural resources within the project site by a qualified archaeological City staff. The CHRIS search resulted negative for any cultural resources on or adjacent to the site. Staff concluded that no impacts would result, and no mitigation is required.

b)	A resource determined by the lead agency, in its discretion and supported by substantial evidence, to be significant pursuant to criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Public Resources		
	Code section 5024.1. In applying the criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of		$\boxtimes$
	Public Resource Code section 5024.1,		
	the lead agency shall consider the		
	significance of the resource to a California Native American tribe.		

Tribal Cultural Resources include sites, features, places, cultural landscapes, and sacred places or objects that have cultural value or significance to a Native American Tribe. Tribal Cultural Resources include "non-unique archaeological resources" that, instead of being important for "scientific" value as a resource, can also be significant because of the sacred and/or cultural tribal value of the resource. Tribal representatives are considered experts appropriate for providing substantial evidence regarding the locations, types, and significance of tribal cultural resources within their traditionally and cultural affiliated geographic area (PRC § 21080.3.1(a)).

Assembly Bill (AB) 52 in-person consultation occurred on September 14, 2018 where both Native American Tribes affiliated with the project site agreed that due to the negative CHRIS search results and the sloped nature of the site, the potential to impact Tribal Cultural Resources on-site would be very low. Consultation closed on September 17, 2018. Staff concluded that there would be no impacts with respect to this issue area and no Tribal Cultural Resource monitoring would be required.

A) Exceed wastewater treatment requirements of the applicable Regional Water Quality Control Board?

Implementation of the project would not interrupt existing sewer service to the project site or other surrounding uses. No increase in demand for wastewater disposal or treatment would be created by the project, as compared to current conditions. The project is not anticipated to generate significant amounts of wastewater. Wastewater facilities used by the project would be operated in accordance with the applicable wastewater treatment requirements of the Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB). Additionally, the project site is located in an urbanized and developed area. Adequate services are already available to serve the project. No impacts would result.

b)	Require or result in the construction of				$\square$
	new water or wastewater treatment	Ш	Ш	Ш	

			Less Than		
lss	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?				
Addition	response XVII (a) above. Adequate s nally, the project would not significal ent services and thus, would not trigg esult.	ntly increase t	he demand for wa	ater or waste	water
c)	Require or result in the construction of new storm water drainage facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?				
therefore facilities qualified	The project would not exceed the capacity of the existing storm water drainage systems and therefore, would not require construction of new or expansion of existing storm water drainage facilities of which could cause significant environmental effects. The project was reviewed by qualified City staff who determined that the existing facilities are adequately sized to accommodate the proposed development. No impacts would result.				
d)	Have sufficient water supplies available to serve the project from existing entitlements and resources, or are new or expanded entitlements needed?				
The 2015 City Urban Water Management Plan (UWMP) serves as the water resources planning document for the City's residents, businesses, interest groups, and public officials. The UWMP assess the current and future water supply and needs for the City. Implementation of the project would not result in new or expanded water entitlements from the water service provider, as the project is consistent with existing demand projections contained in the UWMP (which are based on the allowed land uses for the project site). The Public Utilities Department local water supply is generated from recycled water, local surface supply, and groundwater, which accounts for approximately 20 percent of the total water requirements for the City. The City purchases water from the San Diego County Water Authority to make up the difference between total water demands and local supplies (City of San Diego 2015). Therefore, the project would not require new or expanded entitlements. No impacts would result.					
e)	Result in a determination by the wastewater treatment provider which serves or may serve the project that it has adequate capacity to serve the project's projected demand in addition to the provider's existing commitments?				

The project would not adversely affect existing wastewater treatment services. Adequate services are available to serve the project site without requiring new or expanded entitlements. No impacts would result.

ls	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
f)	Be served by a landfill with sufficient permitted capacity to accommodate the project's solid waste disposal needs?			$\boxtimes$	
constru would h operati with res Code re phase a	uction debris and waste would be genetion waste from the project site wo nave sufficient permitted capacity to on of the residential use is anticipat sidential uses. Furthermore, the pro- equirement for diversion of both cor- and solid waste during the long-term gnificant.	ould be transpoaccept that good to generate to generate ject would be nstruction wa	ported to an approgenerated by the perested by the perested to the perested to compersted to compersted during the sho	opriate facility project. Long-t of solid waste bly with the Cit prt-term, const	, which erm e associated cy's Municipa truction
g)	Comply with federal, state, and local statutes and regulation related to solid waste?				
waste. or requ during require	oject would comply with all Federal, in the groject would not result in the grife the transport of hazardous wast the construction phase. All demolition ments for diversion of both construthe long-term, operational phase. In	generation of e materials, c on activities w ction waste d	large amounts of the than minima would comply with uring the demoliti	solid waste, n l amounts ger any City of Sa on phase and	or generate nerated in Diego
	NDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE -				
a)	Does the project have the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory?		$\boxtimes$		

As designed, the project would not adversely impact any sensitive plants, plant communities, fish, wildlife or habitat for any sensitive species, as discussed in Section IV, Biological Resources. As such, there is no evidence to support a finding that the project would have the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animals. As documented in this Initial Study, the project may have the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, notably with respect to Cultural Resources (Paleontology). As such, mitigation measures have been incorporated to reduce impacts to less than significant as outlined within the Initial Study.

ls	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
b)	Does the project have impacts that are individually limited but cumulatively considerable ("cumulatively considerable" means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable future projects)?		$\boxtimes$		

As documented in this Initial Study, the project may have the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, notably with respect to Cultural Resources (Paleontology), which may have cumulatively considerable impacts. As such, mitigation measures have been incorporated to reduce impacts to less than significant. Other future projects within the surrounding neighborhood or community would be required to comply with applicable local, State, and Federal regulations to reduce the potential impacts to less than significant, or to the extent possible. As such, the project is not anticipated to contribute potentially significant cumulative environmental impacts.

c)	Does the project have environmental			
	effects that will cause substantial		$\square$	
	adverse effects on human beings,	Ш	$\boxtimes$	Ш
	either directly or indirectly?			

The project proposes to demolish an existing single-family residence and construct a new single-family residence on a previously developed site. The project is consistent with the environmental setting and with the use as anticipated by the City. It is not anticipated that demolition or construction activities would create conditions that would significantly, directly, or indirectly impact human beings. Impacts would be less than significant.

# INITIAL STUDY CHECKLIST REFERENCES

I.	Aesthetics / Neighborhood Character
_X _X	City of San Diego General Plan Community Plans: La Jolla
II. _X	Agricultural Resources & Forest Resources City of San Diego General Plan U.S. Department of Agriculture, Soil Survey - San Diego Area, California, Part I and II, 1973 California Agricultural Land Evaluation and Site Assessment Model (1997) Site Specific Report:
III. X	Air Quality California Clean Air Act Guidelines (Indirect Source Control Programs) 1990 Regional Air Quality Strategies (RAQS) - APCD Site Specific Report:
IV. _X _X	<b>Biology</b> City of San Diego, Multiple Species Conservation Program (MSCP), Subarea Plan, 1997 City of San Diego, MSCP, "Vegetation Communities with Sensitive Species and Vernal Pools Maps, 1996
<u>X</u> —	City of San Diego, MSCP, "Multiple Habitat Planning Area" maps, 1997 Community Plan - Resource Element California Department of Fish and Game, California Natural Diversity Database, "State and Federally-listed Endangered, Threatened, and Rare Plants of California," January 2001 California Department of Fish and Game, California Natural Diversity Database, "State and Federally-listed Endangered and Threatened Animals of California, "January 2001 City of San Diego Land Development Code Biology Guidelines Site Specific Report:
<b>V.</b>	Cultural Resources (includes Historical Resources) City of San Diego Historical Resources Guidelines City of San Diego Archaeology Library Historical Resources Board List Community Historical Survey: Site Specific Report:
VI. <u>X</u> <u>X</u> <u>X</u>	Geology/Soils City of San Diego Seismic Safety Study U.S. Department of Agriculture Soil Survey - San Diego Area, California, Part I and II, December 1973 and Part III, 1975 Site Specific Report: <i>Update Geotechnical Investigation and Basis for Design</i> , prepared by TerraCosta Consulting Group, Inc. (July 12, 2018)
VII.	Greenhouse Gas Emissions Site Specific Report:

VIII.	Hazards and Hazardous Materials
<u>X</u>	San Diego County Hazardous Materials Environmental Assessment Listing
<u>X</u>	San Diego County Hazardous Materials Management Division
	FAA Determination
<u>X</u>	State Assessment and Mitigation, Unauthorized Release Listing, Public Use Authorized, GeoTracker: https://geotracker.waterboards.ca.gov/
<u>X</u>	State Assessment and Mitigation, Unauthorized Release Listing, Public Use Authorized Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan
	Site Specific Report:
IX.	Hydrology/Drainage
	Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM)
<u>X</u>	Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA), National Flood Insurance Program-Flood Boundary and Floodway Map
	Clean Water Act Section 303(b) list, <a href="http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/tmdl/303d_lists.html">http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/tmdl/303d_lists.html</a>
<u>X</u>	Site Specific Report: <i>Hydrology Report for 8230 Prestwick Drive</i> , prepared by San Diego Land Surveying and Engineering Inc. (November 8, 2018)
х.	Land Use and Planning
<u>X</u>	City of San Diego General Plan
<u>X</u>	Community Plan: La Jolla
	Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan
<u>X</u>	City of San Diego Zoning Maps  FAA Determination
	Other Plans:
	Other Haris.
XI.	Mineral Resources
<u>X</u>	City of San Diego General Plan
<u>X</u>	California Department of Conservation - Division of Mines and Geology, Mineral Land Classification
	Division of Mines and Geology, Special Report 153 - Significant Resources Maps
	Site Specific Report:
XII.	Noise
X	City of San Diego General Plan
<u>X</u>	Community Plan: La Jolla
	San Diego International Airport - Lindbergh Field CNEL Maps
	Brown Field Airport Master Plan CNEL Maps
	Montgomery Field CNEL Maps
<u>X</u>	San Diego Association of Governments - San Diego Regional Average Weekday Traffic Volumes
<u>X</u>	San Diego Metropolitan Area Average Weekday Traffic Volume Maps, SANDAG Site Specific Report:
XIII.	Paleontological Resources
<u>X</u>	City of San Diego Paleontological Guidelines

	Deméré, Thomas A., and Stephen L. Walsh, "Paleontological Resources City of San Diego," Department of Paleontology San Diego Natural History Museum, 1996 Kennedy, Michael P., and Gary L. Peterson, "Geology of the San Diego Metropolitan Area, California. Del Mar, La Jolla, Point Loma, La Mesa, Poway, and SW 1/4 Escondido 7 1/2 Minute Quadrangles," <i>California Division of Mines and Geology Bulletin</i> 200, Sacramento, 1975 Kennedy, Michael P., and Siang S. Tan, "Geology of National City, Imperial Beach and Otay Mesa Quadrangles, Southern San Diego Metropolitan Area, California," Map Sheet 29, 1977 Site Specific Report:
XIV. <u>X</u> <u>X</u>	Population / Housing City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan: La Jolla Series 11/Series 12 Population Forecasts, SANDAG Other:
XV. _X _X	Public Services City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan: La Jolla
XVI. _X _X	Recreational Resources City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan: La Jolla Department of Park and Recreation City of San Diego - San Diego Regional Bicycling Map Additional Resources:
XVII.	Transportation / Circulation City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan: La Jolla San Diego Metropolitan Area Average Weekday Traffic Volume Maps, SANDAG San Diego Region Weekday Traffic Volumes, SANDAG Site Specific Report:
XVIII. <u>X</u> <u>X</u>	Utilities City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan: La Jolla Site Specific Report:
XIX.	<b>Water Conservation</b> Sunset Magazine, <i>New Western Garden Book</i> , Rev. ed. Menlo Park, CA: Sunset Magazine
<b>XX.</b> _X	Water Quality Clean Water Act Section 303(b) list, <a href="http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/tmdl/303d_lists.html">http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/tmdl/303d_lists.html</a> Site Specific Report:



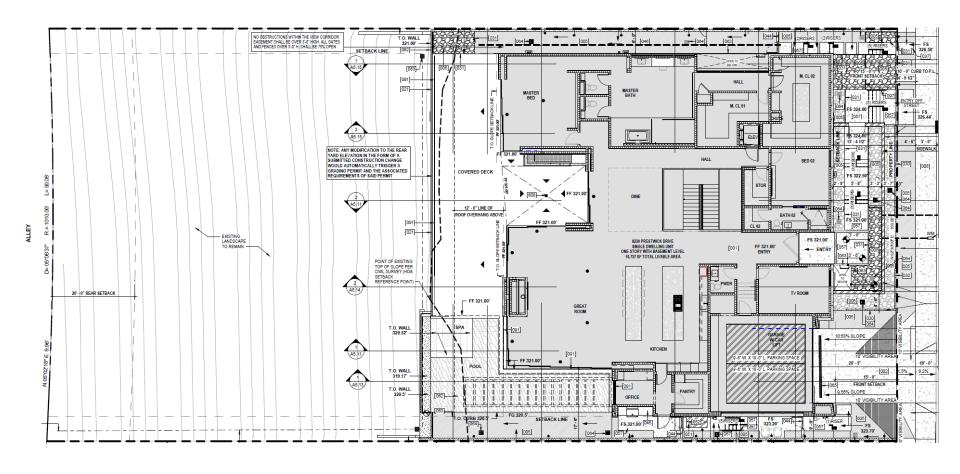


## **Location Map**

<u>Hershfield Residence CDP/SDP - Project No. 607340</u> 8230 Prestwick Drive



Figure 1



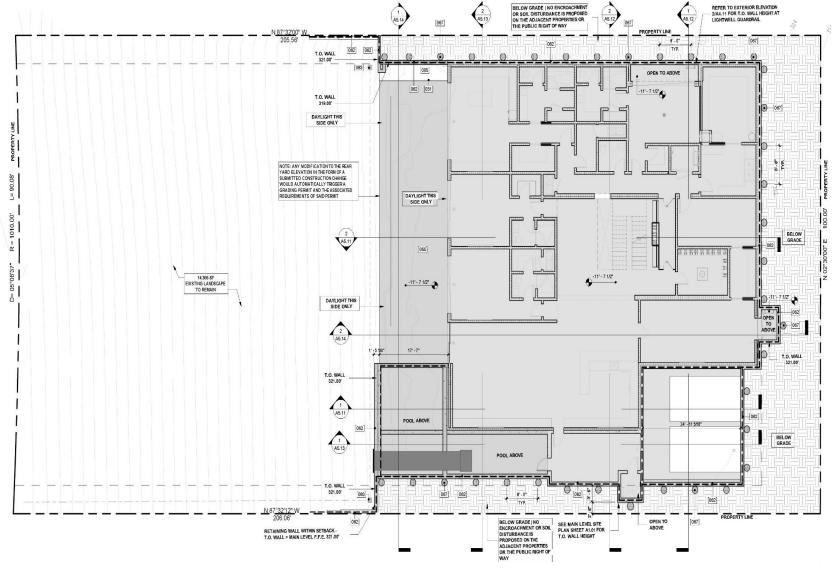


## Site Plan (Main Level)

<u>Hershfield Residence CDP/SDP - Project No. 607340</u> 8230 Prestwick Drive



Figure 2





## **Site Plan (Lower Level)**

<u>Hershfield Residence CDP/SDP - Project No. 607340</u> 8230 Prestwick Drive



Figure 3