PRELIMINARY DRAINAGE REPORT FOR PLAZA LA MEDIA - NORTH

February 28, 2019



Wayne W. Chang, MS, PE 46548



P.O. Box 9496 Rancho Santa Fe, CA 92067 (858) 692-0760

-TABLE OF CONTENTS -

Introduction	1
Hydrologic Results	3
Conclusion	4
1987 City of San Diego Notice	7

APPENDIX

A. Rational Method Results

MAP POCKET

Existing Condition Rational Method Work Map

Proposed Condition Rational Method Work Map

INTRODUCTION

La Media & Airway, LLC an Arizona limited liability corporation is proposing to develop a 17.91-acre commercial site located southeast of the intersection of Otay Mesa Road and La Media Road in the city of San Diego (see the Vicinity Map). The site is bounded by Otay Mesa Road to the north, La Media Road to the west, Interstate 905 to the south, and an undeveloped Sunroad parcel to the east. The site is currently undeveloped, gently sloping, and supports natural low-lying vegetation. The potential commercial/retail tenants include major retail, small shops, a grocery store, drive-through restaurants, and a gas station. A parking lot will be constructed within the site.



Vicinity Map

Under existing conditions, the on-site storm runoff flows in two directions. The majority of the on-site runoff (combined with off-site runoff from the undeveloped area to the east) sheet flows in a southwest direction over the gently-sloping ground surface. The runoff is conveyed to a storm drain at the southwest corner of the site that connects to existing Caltrans box culverts along the westerly property boundary.

Storm runoff from a smaller on-site area along the northerly boundary is conveyed by a small natural swale to a storm drain at the northwest corner. The storm drain also connects to the existing Caltrans box culverts.

A portion of the existing runoff within the south half of Otay Mesa Road flows onto the site from small spillways along the roadway. This off-site runoff combines with the on-site runoff and is collected by the Caltrans box culverts.

After development, the overall existing condition on-site drainage patterns will be maintained by the project since the majority of the on-site and tributary off-site runoff will continue to be conveyed to the Caltrans culverts along the westerly project boundary. The project runoff will enter the Caltrans culverts through the existing storm drain near the southwest corner of the site as well as at two new connection points midway along the site. The on-site runoff will be collected and conveyed by proposed private drainage facilities (inlets, pipes, curb and gutter, parking lots, etc.). The runoff will be treated by a series of biofiltration basins before entering the Caltrans culverts.

Otay Mesa Road will be widened and improved with curb, gutter, and sidewalk along the site. The off-site runoff from the tributary portion of Otay Mesa Road will be conveyed by a proposed storm drain system in the street into the Caltrans culverts near the northwest corner of the site. The street improvements will meet the green street requirements.

There is a small area of project runoff along the easterly boundary that will be conveyed to the adjacent Sunroad site to the east. The runoff includes a portion of the project's access driveway that is on the Sunroad parcel. The project applicant has coordinated with Sunroad to identify an off-site treatment BMP for this runoff. As a result, the project proposes a temporary biofiltration basin on the adjacent undeveloped Sunroad site. Once the Sunroad site is developed, it will include a BMP to treat the small area of run-on from this project site.

Under existing conditions, storm runoff from the undeveloped Sunroad site sheet flows westerly onto the project site. This off-site area covers approximately 31.05 acres. The combined on- and off-site runoff enters the Caltrans culverts. After development, the off-site area runoff will be redirected to an existing culvert to the south. The project will detain the runoff to avoid impacting the culvert to the south. A temporary detention basin will be constructed on the adjacent Sunroad site. When the Sunroad site develops, it will replace the temporary basin will a permanent solution.

This preliminary drainage report has been prepared in support of Kettler Leweck Engineering's grading and drainage plan for the project entitlement. This report provides hydrologic analyses in order to determine preliminary flow rates and demonstrate feasibility as well as compliance with drainage regulations.

HYDROLOGIC RESULTS

The overall proposed condition study area covers 20.94 acres, so the City of San Diego's 2017 *Drainage Design Manual's* rational method procedure was the basis for the existing and proposed condition hydrologic analyses. The *Manual* states that "the underground storm drain system shall be based upon a 50-year frequency storm," and "the combination of storm drain system capacity and overflow (streets and gutter) will be able to carry the 100-year frequency storm. . . ." Both 50- and 100-year analyses are included. The project's storm runoff flows into Mexico. The City requires 5-, 10-, 25-, and 50-year analyses to also be performed for projects in the Otay area that flow into Mexico.

The CivilDesign Rational Method Hydrology Program is based on the City criteria and was used for the analyses. The rational method input parameters are summarized below and the supporting data is included in Appendix A:

- Intensity-Duration-Frequency: The City's 100-year Intensity-Duration-Frequency curve from the *Drainage Design Manual* was used.
- Drainage area: The existing condition drainage basins were delineated from the 1-foot contour interval base topographic mapping prepared for the project, and the proposed condition drainage basins were delineated using Kettler Leweck Engineering's entitlement grading plan. The project's base mapping does not cover the off-site area along Otay Mesa Road east of the site. For this area, 1-foot contour interval mapping was obtained from the Sunroad project. The overall existing condition drainage basin boundary was set equal to the overall proposed condition boundary to allow a comparison of results. The drainage basin boundaries and grading are shown on the Rational Method Work Maps in the map pocket.
 - Hydrologic soil groups: The soil group within the site is entirely 'D' according to City criteria.
 - Runoff coefficients: Under existing conditions, the site is undeveloped, so a rural land use was assumed (C=0.45).

The proposed condition on-site runoff coefficients were determined by delineating the pervious and impervious areas within the study area. The delineation is included in the accompanying SWQMP and shows that the overall impervious and pervious areas in the on-site study limits are 11.72 and 5.14 acres, respectively, i.e., the overall site is just under 70 percent impervious. For this impervious percentage, the formula given in Note 2 of Table A-1 from the *Drainage Design Manual* yields C=0.74. This C value was assigned to all of the proposed condition on-site drainage subareas for the entitlement-level analysis in this report. Furthermore, the proposed condition off-site street areas along Otay Mesa Road are mostly impervious, so these areas were assigned with an industrial land use.

• Flow lengths and elevations: The flow lengths and elevations were obtained from the topographic mapping and grading plan.

The 5- to 100-year rational method results are included in Appendix A and summarized in Table 1. The table provides the existing and proposed condition flow rates to the two receiving locations. The results show that the overall unmitigated runoff to the Caltrans culvert will decrease under all five storm events, and the overall study area runoff decreases as well. This occurs because the project will detain the 31.05 acres of off-site runoff from the east as discussed in the Introduction.

The project proposes a temporary detention basin on the adjacent Sunroad site to capture and slowly release storm runoff from the 31.05 acre off-site area. The basin has been sized to store the entire tributary 100-year storm volume. Storing the entire 100-year storm volume will essentially eliminate the outflow from the basin and avoid increasing the flow rate to the existing receiving storm drain to the south during all events between the 5- to 100-year. The 100-year flow volume at the basin is determined by multiplying the 100-year, 6-hour precipitation (2.5 inches) by the tributary area (31.05 acres) and runoff coefficient (0.45 for the primarily natural, undeveloped area). Based on these values, the volume is 126,800 cubic feet [$(2.5/12) \times (31.05 \times 43,560) \times 0.45 = 126,800$]. The temporary detention basin has been designed to store this entire volume as well as the small contribution from the on-site area. Therefore, the basin can mitigate for the 5-, 10-, 25-, 50-, and 100-year flows directed towards the southerly culvert.

CONCLUSION

This preliminary drainage report shows that the project flows are of a magnitude that can be conveyed by typical drainage facilities. The project will not increase the 100-year flow rate entering the Caltrans culverts because storm runoff from the off-site area to the east will be detained and directed to a southerly culvert. The temporary detention basin will mitigate the off-site area flows.

There is a minor amount of flow that will be discharged onto the Sunroad property east of the site. This flow will be treated by a temporary biofiltration basin and conveyed through the Sunroad site. The drainage facilities and BMP will be further coordinated with Sunroad during final engineering to verify the preferred location and method of the discharge and treatment as well as integration with Sunroad's ultimate development/timing of their site.

The slope of the project's proposed drainage system is governed by the existing Caltrans box culverts and the adjacent ground elevations. The Caltrans box culverts receive most of the project runoff and these are large facilities whose elevations cannot be changed. The existing topography at the site and surrounding area is very level and not much higher than the box culverts. These constraints require portions of the proposed storm drain systems to slope at less than 0.5 percent. For instance, the Caltrans culvert inverts and existing elevations along Otay Mesa Road allow a maximum pipe slope of 0.36 percent in the main line. Since the Caltrans culverts and Otay Mesa Road are existing major improvements, altering them is not

practically feasible. Similarly, portions of the on-site storm drain are at 0.30 percent due to the Caltrans culverts and site grading constraints. Section 4.2.1 of the 2017 *Drainage Design Manual*, specifies a 0.5 percent minimum pipe gradient, but states that "flatter grades may be approved where no other practical solution is available." This applies to the proposed pipe segments with slopes less than 0.5 percent.

An August 7, 1987 notice from the City of San Diego provides drainage requirements for Otay Mesa development projects (see attachment after this report text). The notice specifies that detention facilities shall be designed for the 5-, 10-, 25-, and 50-year storms. The project will not increase the flow rate to the Caltrans culverts, so detention is not required for these flows. On the other hand, the project will temporarily redirect the easterly off-site runoff. The conceptual detention volume analysis in this report was used to size a detention basin with enough volume to store the entire 100-year runoff. Since the detention basin can store the 100-year runoff, it will also store the smaller 5-, 10-, 25-, and 50-year runoff.

Discharge Location	5-Year Flow Rate, cfs		10-Year Flow Rate, cfs		25-Year Flow Rate, cfs		50-Year Flow Rate, cfs		100-Year Flow Rate, cfs	
_	Exist.	Prop.	Exist.	Prop.	Exist.	Prop.	Exist.	Prop.	Exist.	Prop.
To Caltrans Culvert ¹	39	28	47	33	52	36	61	42	66	44
To East ²	0	0.9	0	1.1	0	1.1	0	1.2	0	1.3
Total	39	29	47	34	52	37	61	43	66	45

¹Existing condition flow rates are from Nodes 16 and 24. Proposed condition flow rates are from Nodes 96, 102, 112, and 136. ²Proposed condition flow rates are from Nodes 202 and 212.

Table 1. Comparison of Rational Method Results

Reproduction of 1987 NOTICE from Engineering and Development Department

NOTICE

Date: August 7, 1987

To: All Private Engineers

From: Subdivision Engineer

Subject: Drainage requirements for development in Otay Mesa

In order to minimize the effects of increased storm water runoff in Mexico, due to development of property in Otay Mesa, all property in Otay Mesa that is within the water shed that drains into Mexico, shall be developed with the following requirements:

- 1. Each property owner shall provide storm water detention facilities so that there will be no increase in the rate of runoff due to development of the property.
- 2. The detention facilities shall be designed so that the rate of runoff from the property will not be greater after development than it was before development for a 5 year, 10 year, 25 year and 50 year storm.
- 3. All drainage facilities crossing four-lane major or higher classification streets shall be designed for a Q100 (existing). Other facilities, except the major channel referred to in paragraph 5, may be designed for Q50 (existing).
- 4. The Drainage Design Manual shall be used as guidelines for design of drainage facilities and computing design discharges.
- 5. The City Engineer's Office, Flood Control Section, is preparing a preliminary plan for the main north-south channel from Otay Mesa Road near La Media to the Mexican Border. The preliminary design will include the design "Q" (Q100 existing), the invert grade, and the water surface elevation at the major road crossings.

C.R. Lockhead Subdivision Engineer

APPENDIX A

RATIONAL METHOD RESULTS

APPENDIX A: RATIONAL METHOD AND MODIFIED RATIONAL METHOD

Lond Hos	Runoff Coefficient (C)		
Lanu Use	Soil Type (1)		
Residential:			
Single Family	0.55		
Multi-Units	0.70		
Mobile Homes	0.65		
Rural (lots greater than ½ acre)	0.45		
Commercial ⁽²⁾			
80% Impervious	0.85		
Industrial ⁽²⁾			
90% Impervious	0.95		

Table A-1. Runoff Coefficients for Rational Method

Note:

⁽¹⁾ Type D soil to be used for all areas.

⁽²⁾ Where actual conditions deviate significantly from the tabulated imperviousness values of 80% or 90%, the values given for coefficient C, may be revised by multiplying 80% or 90% by the ratio of actual imperviousness to the tabulated imperviousness. However, in case shall the final coefficient be less than 0.50. For example: Consider commercial property on D soil.

Actual imperviousness	=	50%
Tabulated imperviousness	=	80%
Revised C = $(50/80) \ge 0.85$	=	0.53

The values in Table A–1 are typical for urban areas. However, if the basin contains rural or agricultural land use, parks, golf courses, or other types of nonurban land use that are expected to be permanent, the appropriate value should be selected based upon the soil and cover and approved by the City.

A.1.3. Rainfall Intensity

The rainfall intensity (I) is the rainfall in inches per hour (in/hr.) for a duration equal to the T_c for a selected storm frequency. Once a particular storm frequency has been selected for design and a T_c calculated for the drainage area, the rainfall intensity can be determined from the Intensity-Duration-Frequency Design Chart (Figure A-1).





Figure A-1. Intensity-Duration-Frequency Design Chart



APPENDIX A: RATIONAL METHOD AND MODIFIED RATIONAL METHOD



Figure A-4. Rational Formula - Overland Time of Flow Nomograph

<u>Note</u>: Use formula for watercourse distances in excess of 100 feet.





San Diego County Rational Hydrology Program CIVILCADD/CIVILDESIGN Engineering Software,(c)1991-2005 Version 6.4 Rational method hydrology program based on San Diego County Flood Control Division 1985 hydrology manual Rational Hydrology Study Date: 07/26/18 _____ Plaza La Media - North Preliminary Hydrology Existing Conditions 5-Year Flow Rate _____ -----Hydrology Study Control Information ********* * * * * * * * * * Program License Serial Number 4028 _____ Rational hydrology study storm event year is 5.0 English (in-lb) input data Units used English (in) rainfall data used Standard intensity of Appendix I-B used for year and Elevation 0 - 1500 feet Factor (to multiply * intensity) = 1.000 Only used if inside City of San Diego San Diego hydrology manual 'C' values used Runoff coefficients by rational method Process from Point/Station 10.000 to Point/Station 12.000 **** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION **** Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000 Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000Decimal fraction soil group D = 1.000 [INDUSTRIAL area type 1 Initial subarea flow distance = 910.000(Ft.) Highest elevation = 514.000(Ft.) Lowest elevation = 489.000(Ft.) Elevation difference = 25.000(Ft.) Time of concentration calculated by the urban areas overland flow method (App X-C) = 5.82 min. $TC = [1.8*(1.1-C)*distance(Ft.)^{.5})/(% slope^{(1/3)}]$ $TC = [1.8*(1.1-0.9500)*(910.000^{.5})/(2.747^{(1/3)}] = 5.82$ Rainfall intensity (I) = 2.910(In/Hr) for a 5.0 year storm Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.950

Subarea runoff = 2.378(CFS) Total initial stream area = 0.860(Ac.) 12.000 to Point/Station Process from Point/Station 14.000 **** STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME + SUBAREA FLOW ADDITION **** Top of street segment elevation = 489.000(Ft.) End of street segment elevation = 485.000(Ft.) Length of street segment = 819.000(Ft.) Height of curb above gutter flowline = 6.0(In.)Width of half street (curb to crown) = 32.000(Ft.) Distance from crown to crossfall grade break = 20.000(Ft.) Slope from gutter to grade break (v/hz) = 0.020 Slope from grade break to crown (v/hz) = 0.020Street flow is on [1] side(s) of the street Distance from curb to property line = 5.000(Ft.) Slope from curb to property line (v/hz) = 0.020Gutter width = 0.000(Ft.) Gutter hike from flowline = 0.000(In.) Manning's N in gutter = 0.0150 Manning's N from gutter to grade break = 0.0180 Manning's N from grade break to crown = 0.0180 Estimated mean flow rate at midpoint of street = 4.078(CFS) Depth of flow = 0.313(Ft.), Average velocity = 1.660(Ft/s) Streetflow hydraulics at midpoint of street travel: Halfstreet flow width = 15.674(Ft.) Flow velocity = 1.66(Ft/s)Travel time = 8.22 min. TC = 14.04 min. Adding area flow to street Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000 Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000Decimal fraction soil group D = 1.000[RURAL(greater than 0.5 Ac, 0.2 ha) area type] Rainfall intensity = 1.876(In/Hr) for a 5.0 year storm Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method, Q=KCIA, C = 0.450 Subarea runoff = 1.038(CFS) for 1.230(Ac.)Total area = Total runoff = 3.416(CFS) 2.09(Ac.) Street flow at end of street = 3.416(CFS) Half street flow at end of street = 3.416(CFS) Depth of flow = 0.293(Ft.), Average velocity = 1.588(Ft/s) Flow width (from curb towards crown) = 14.666(Ft.) Process from Point/Station 14.000 to Point/Station 16.000 **** IMPROVED CHANNEL TRAVEL TIME ****

Upstream point elevation = 485.000(Ft.) Downstream point elevation = 479.700(Ft.)

```
Channel length thru subarea = 1121.000(Ft.)
Channel base width
                   =
                        10.000(Ft.)
Slope or 'Z' of left channel bank = 10.000
Slope or 'Z' of right channel bank = 10.000
Estimated mean flow rate at midpoint of channel = 42.896(CFS)
Manning's 'N'
               = 0.040
Maximum depth of channel = 0.500(Ft.)
Flow(q) thru subarea =
                      42.896(CFS)
Depth of flow = 1.026(Ft.), Average velocity = 2.380(Ft/s)
!!Warning: Water is above left or right bank elevations
Channel flow top width = 20.000(Ft.)
Flow Velocity =
                 2.38(Ft/s)
Travel time =
                 7.85 min.
Time of concentration =
                        21.89 min.
Critical depth =
                   0.648(Ft.)
ERROR - Channel depth exceeds maximum allowable depth
Adding area flow to channel
Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group D = 1.000
[RURAL(greater than 0.5 Ac, 0.2 ha) area type]
Rainfall intensity = 1.494(In/Hr) for a
                                            5.0 year storm
Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method, Q=KCIA, C = 0.450
Subarea runoff =
                 32.473(CFS) for
                                    48.310(Ac.)
Total runoff = 35.889(CFS) Total area =
                                                 50.40(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station
                               20.000 to Point/Station
                                                           22.000
**** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****
Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group D = 1.000
[INDUSTRIAL area type
                                          1
Initial subarea flow distance = 192.000(Ft.)
Highest elevation = 485.600(Ft.)
Lowest elevation = 484.500(Ft.)
Elevation difference =
                        1.100(Ft.)
Time of concentration calculated by the urban
areas overland flow method (App X-C) =
                                        4.50 min.
TC = [1.8*(1.1-C)*distance(Ft.)^{.5})/(% slope^{(1/3)}]
TC = [1.8*(1.1-0.9500)*(192.000^{.5})/(
                                     0.573^{(1/3)} = 4.50
Setting time of concentration to 5 minutes
Rainfall intensity (I) = 3.149(In/Hr) for a
                                                5.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.950
Subarea runoff =
                    2.543(CFS)
Total initial stream area =
                               0.850(Ac.)
```

Process from Point/Station 22.000 to Point/Station 24,000 **** IMPROVED CHANNEL TRAVEL TIME **** Upstream point elevation = 482.000(Ft.) Downstream point elevation = 478.800(Ft.) Channel length thru subarea = 591.000(Ft.) Channel base width = 2.000(Ft.) Slope or 'Z' of left channel bank = 2.000 Slope or 'Z' of right channel bank = 2.000 Estimated mean flow rate at midpoint of channel = 3.635(CFS) Manning's 'N' = 0.040 Maximum depth of channel = 2.000(Ft.) Flow(q) thru subarea = 3.635(CFS) Depth of flow = 0.675(Ft.), Average velocity = 1.607(Ft/s) Channel flow top width = 4.701(Ft.) Flow Velocity = 1.61(Ft/s)Travel time = 6.13 min. Time of concentration = 11.13 min. Critical depth = 0.406(Ft.) Adding area flow to channel Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000 Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000Decimal fraction soil group D = 1.000[RURAL(greater than 0.5 Ac, 0.2 ha) area type] Rainfall intensity = 2.103(In/Hr) for a 5.0 year storm Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method, Q=KCIA, C = 0.450 Subarea runoff =0.691(CFS) for0.730(Ac.)Total runoff =3.234(CFS)Total area = 1.58(Ac.) 51.980 (Ac.) End of computations, total study area =

San Diego County Rational Hydrology Program CIVILCADD/CIVILDESIGN Engineering Software,(c)1991-2005 Version 6.4 Rational method hydrology program based on San Diego County Flood Control Division 1985 hydrology manual Rational Hydrology Study Date: 07/26/18 _____ _____ Plaza La Media - North Preliminary Hydrology Existing Conditions 10-Year Flow Rate _____ * * * * * * * * * Hydrology Study Control Information ********* _____ Program License Serial Number 4028 _____ Rational hydrology study storm event year is 10.0 English (in-lb) input data Units used English (in) rainfall data used Standard intensity of Appendix I-B used for year and Elevation 0 - 1500 feet Factor (to multiply * intensity) = 1.000 Only used if inside City of San Diego San Diego hydrology manual 'C' values used Runoff coefficients by rational method Process from Point/Station 10.000 to Point/Station 12.000 **** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION **** Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000Decimal fraction soil group D = 1.000 [INDUSTRIAL area type 1 Initial subarea flow distance = 910.000(Ft.) Highest elevation = 514.000(Ft.) Lowest elevation = 489.000(Ft.) Elevation difference = 25.000(Ft.) Time of concentration calculated by the urban areas overland flow method (App X-C) = 5.82 min. $TC = [1.8*(1.1-C)*distance(Ft.)^{.5})/(% slope^{(1/3)}]$ $TC = [1.8*(1.1-0.9500)*(910.000^{.5})/(2.747^{(1/3)}] = 5.82$ Rainfall intensity (I) = 3.329(In/Hr) for a 10.0 year storm

Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.950Subarea runoff = 2.720(CFS) 0.860(Ac.) Total initial stream area = Process from Point/Station 12.000 to Point/Station 14.000 **** STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME + SUBAREA FLOW ADDITION **** Top of street segment elevation = 489.000(Ft.) End of street segment elevation = 485.000(Ft.) Length of street segment = 819.000(Ft.) Height of curb above gutter flowline = 6.0(In.) Width of half street (curb to crown) = 32.000(Ft.) Distance from crown to crossfall grade break = 20.000(Ft.) Slope from gutter to grade break (v/hz) = 0.020Slope from grade break to crown (v/hz) =0.020 Street flow is on [1] side(s) of the street Distance from curb to property line = 5.000(Ft.) Slope from curb to property line (v/hz) = 0.020Gutter width = 0.000(Ft.)Gutter hike from flowline = 0.000(In.) Manning's N in gutter = 0.0150 Manning's N from gutter to grade break = 0.0180 Manning's N from grade break to crown = 0.0180 Estimated mean flow rate at midpoint of street = 4.665(CFS) Depth of flow = 0.330(Ft.), Average velocity = 1.717(Ft/s) Streetflow hydraulics at midpoint of street travel: Halfstreet flow width = 16.485(Ft.) Flow velocity = 1.72(Ft/s)Travel time = 7.95 min. TC = 13.77 min. Adding area flow to street Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000Decimal fraction soil group D = 1.000[RURAL(greater than 0.5 Ac, 0.2 ha) area type] Rainfall intensity = 2.208(In/Hr) for a 10.0 year storm Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method, Q=KCIA, C = 0.450 Subarea runoff = 1.222(CFS) for 1.230(Ac.) Total runoff = 3.942(CFS) Total area = 2.09(Ac.) Street flow at end of street = 3.942(CFS) Half street flow at end of street = 3.942(CFS) Depth of flow = 0.310(Ft.), Average velocity = 1.646(Ft/s) Flow width (from curb towards crown) = 15.476(Ft.)

Process from Point/Station 14.000 to Point/Station 16.000 **** IMPROVED CHANNEL TRAVEL TIME ****

Upstream point elevation = 485.000(Ft.)

```
Downstream point elevation = 479.700(Ft.)
Channel length thru subarea = 1121.000(Ft.)
Channel base width
                  = 10.000(Ft.)
Slope or 'Z' of left channel bank = 10.000
Slope or 'Z' of right channel bank = 10.000
Estimated mean flow rate at midpoint of channel = 49.506(CFS)
Manning's 'N'
               = 0.040
Maximum depth of channel =
                             0.500(Ft.)
Flow(q) thru subarea = 49.506(CFS)
Depth of flow = 1.107(Ft.), Average velocity = 2.520(Ft/s)
!!Warning: Water is above left or right bank elevations
Channel flow top width = 20.000(Ft.)
Flow Velocity = 2.52(Ft/
Travel time = 7.41 min.
                2.52(Ft/s)
Time of concentration = 21.18 min.
Critical depth = 0.703(Ft.)
ERROR - Channel depth exceeds maximum allowable depth
Adding area flow to channel
Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group D = 1.000
[RURAL(greater than 0.5 Ac, 0.2 ha) area type]
Rainfall intensity = 1.786(In/Hr) for a 10.0 year storm
Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method, Q=KCIA, C = 0.450
Subarea runoff = 38.834(CFS) for 48.310(Ac.)
Total runoff = 42.777(CFS) Total area =
                                               50.40(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station 20.000 to Point/Station
                                                           22.000
**** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****
Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group D = 1.000
[INDUSTRIAL area type
                                          1
Initial subarea flow distance = 192.000(Ft.)
Highest elevation = 485.600(Ft.)
Lowest elevation = 484.500(Ft.)
Elevation difference = 1.100(Ft.)
Time of concentration calculated by the urban
areas overland flow method (App X-C) = 4.50 min.
TC = [1.8*(1.1-C)*distance(Ft.)^{.5})/(% slope^{(1/3)}]
TC = [1.8*(1.1-0.9500)*(192.000^{-5})/(0.573^{-1})] = 4.50
Setting time of concentration to 5 minutes
Rainfall intensity (I) = 3.592(In/Hr) for a 10.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.950
Subarea runoff =
                    2.901(CFS)
Total initial stream area = 0.850(Ac.)
```

```
Upstream point elevation = 482.000(Ft.)
Downstream point elevation = 478.800(Ft.)
Channel length thru subarea =
                               591.000(Ft.)
Channel base width =
                         2.000(Ft.)
Slope or 'Z' of left channel bank = 2.000
Slope or 'Z' of right channel bank = 2.000
Estimated mean flow rate at midpoint of channel = 4.147(CFS)
Manning's 'N'
               = 0.040
Maximum depth of channel = 2.000(Ft.)
Flow(q) thru subarea = 4.147(CFS)
Depth of flow = 0.722(Ft.), Average velocity = 1.666(Ft/s)
Channel flow top width = 4.890(Ft.)
                1.67(Ft/s)
Flow Velocity =
Travel time =
                5.91 min.
Time of concentration = 10.91 min.
Critical depth = 0.438(Ft.)
Adding area flow to channel
Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group D = 1.000
[RURAL(greater than 0.5 Ac, 0.2 ha) area type]
Rainfall intensity = 2.463(In/Hr) for a 10.0 year storm
Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method, Q=KCIA, C = 0.450
Subarea runoff = 0.809(CFS) for
                                    0.730(Ac.)
Total runoff =
                  3.710(CFS) Total area =
                                                 1.58(Ac.)
                                          51.980 (Ac.)
End of computations, total study area =
```

San Diego County Rational Hydrology Program CIVILCADD/CIVILDESIGN Engineering Software,(c)1991-2005 Version 6.4 Rational method hydrology program based on San Diego County Flood Control Division 1985 hydrology manual Rational Hydrology Study Date: 07/26/18 _____ _____ Plaza La Media - North Preliminary Hydrology Existing Conditions 25-Year Flow Rate _____ * * * * * * * * * Hydrology Study Control Information ********* _____ Program License Serial Number 4028 _____ Rational hydrology study storm event year is 25.0 English (in-lb) input data Units used English (in) rainfall data used Standard intensity of Appendix I-B used for year and Elevation 0 - 1500 feet Factor (to multiply * intensity) = 1.000 Only used if inside City of San Diego San Diego hydrology manual 'C' values used Runoff coefficients by rational method Process from Point/Station 10.000 to Point/Station 12.000 **** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION **** Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000Decimal fraction soil group D = 1.000 [INDUSTRIAL area type 1 Initial subarea flow distance = 910.000(Ft.) Highest elevation = 514.000(Ft.) Lowest elevation = 489.000(Ft.) Elevation difference = 25.000(Ft.) Time of concentration calculated by the urban areas overland flow method (App X-C) = 5.82 min. $TC = [1.8*(1.1-C)*distance(Ft.)^{.5})/(% slope^{(1/3)}]$ $TC = [1.8*(1.1-0.9500)*(910.000^{.5})/(2.747^{(1/3)}] = 5.82$ Rainfall intensity (I) = 3.581(In/Hr) for a 25.0 year storm

Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.950Subarea runoff = 2.926(CFS) 0.860(Ac.) Total initial stream area = Process from Point/Station 12.000 to Point/Station 14.000 **** STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME + SUBAREA FLOW ADDITION **** Top of street segment elevation = 489.000(Ft.) End of street segment elevation = 485.000(Ft.) Length of street segment = 819.000(Ft.) Height of curb above gutter flowline = 6.0(In.) Width of half street (curb to crown) = 32.000(Ft.) Distance from crown to crossfall grade break = 20.000(Ft.) Slope from gutter to grade break (v/hz) = 0.020Slope from grade break to crown (v/hz) =0.020 Street flow is on [1] side(s) of the street Distance from curb to property line = 5.000(Ft.) Slope from curb to property line (v/hz) = 0.020Gutter width = 0.000(Ft.)Gutter hike from flowline = 0.000(In.) Manning's N in gutter = 0.0150 Manning's N from gutter to grade break = 0.0180 Manning's N from grade break to crown = 0.0180 Estimated mean flow rate at midpoint of street = 5.018(CFS) Depth of flow = 0.339(Ft.), Average velocity = 1.748(Ft/s) Streetflow hydraulics at midpoint of street travel: Halfstreet flow width = 16.942(Ft.) Flow velocity = 1.75(Ft/s)Travel time = 7.81 min. TC = 13.62 min. Adding area flow to street Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000Decimal fraction soil group D = 1.000[RURAL(greater than 0.5 Ac, 0.2 ha) area type] Rainfall intensity = 2.459(In/Hr) for a 25.0 year storm Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method, Q=KCIA, C = 0.450 Subarea runoff = 1.361(CFS) for 1.230(Ac.) Total runoff = 4.287(CFS) Total area = 2.09(Ac.) Street flow at end of street = 4.287(CFS) Half street flow at end of street = 4.287(CFS) Depth of flow = 0.319(Ft.), Average velocity = 1.681(Ft/s) Flow width (from curb towards crown) = 15.970(Ft.) Process from Point/Station 14.000 to Point/Station 16.000

**** IMPROVED CHANNEL TRAVEL TIME ****

Upstream point elevation = 485.000(Ft.)

```
Downstream point elevation = 479.700(Ft.)
Channel length thru subarea = 1121.000(Ft.)
Channel base width
                  = 10.000(Ft.)
Slope or 'Z' of left channel bank = 10.000
Slope or 'Z' of right channel bank = 10.000
Estimated mean flow rate at midpoint of channel = 53.832(CFS)
Manning's 'N'
               = 0.040
Maximum depth of channel =
                             0.500(Ft.)
Flow(q) thru subarea = 53.832(CFS)
Depth of flow = 1.158(Ft.), Average velocity = 2.606(Ft/s)
!!Warning: Water is above left or right bank elevations
Channel flow top width = 20.000(Ft.)
Flow Velocity = 2.61(Ft/s)
Travel time = 7.17 min.
Time of concentration = 20.79 min.
Critical depth = 0.734(Ft.)
ERROR - Channel depth exceeds maximum allowable depth
Adding area flow to channel
Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group D = 1.000
[RURAL(greater than 0.5 Ac, 0.2 ha) area type]
Rainfall intensity = 2.023(In/Hr) for a 25.0 year storm
Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method, Q=KCIA, C = 0.450
Subarea runoff = 43.970(CFS) for 48.310(Ac.)
Total runoff = 48.257(CFS) Total area =
                                               50.40(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station 20.000 to Point/Station
                                                           22.000
**** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****
Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group D = 1.000
[INDUSTRIAL area type
                                          1
Initial subarea flow distance = 192.000(Ft.)
Highest elevation = 485.600(Ft.)
Lowest elevation = 484.500(Ft.)
Elevation difference = 1.100(Ft.)
Time of concentration calculated by the urban
areas overland flow method (App X-C) = 4.50 min.
TC = [1.8*(1.1-C)*distance(Ft.)^{.5})/(% slope^{(1/3)}]
TC = [1.8*(1.1-0.9500)*(192.000^{-5})/(0.573^{-1})] = 4.50
Setting time of concentration to 5 minutes
Rainfall intensity (I) = 3.845(In/Hr) for a 25.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.950
Subarea runoff =
                    3.105(CFS)
Total initial stream area = 0.850(Ac.)
```

```
Upstream point elevation = 482.000(Ft.)
Downstream point elevation = 478.800(Ft.)
Channel length thru subarea =
                               591.000(Ft.)
Channel base width =
                         2.000(Ft.)
Slope or 'Z' of left channel bank = 2.000
Slope or 'Z' of right channel bank = 2.000
Estimated mean flow rate at midpoint of channel = 4.438(CFS)
Manning's 'N'
               = 0.040
Maximum depth of channel = 2.000(Ft.)
Flow(q) thru subarea = 4.438(CFS)
Depth of flow = 0.748(Ft.), Average velocity = 1.697(Ft/s)
Channel flow top width = 4.992(Ft.)
                1.70(Ft/s)
Flow Velocity =
Travel time =
                 5.80 min.
Time of concentration = 10.80 min.
Critical depth = 0.457(Ft.)
Adding area flow to channel
Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group D = 1.000
[RURAL(greater than 0.5 Ac, 0.2 ha) area type]
Rainfall intensity = 2.720(In/Hr) for a 25.0 year storm
Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method, Q=KCIA, C = 0.450
Subarea runoff = 0.893(CFS) for
                                    0.730(Ac.)
Total runoff =
                 3.998(CFS) Total area =
                                                 1.58(Ac.)
                                          51.980 (Ac.)
End of computations, total study area =
```

San Diego County Rational Hydrology Program CIVILCADD/CIVILDESIGN Engineering Software,(c)1991-2005 Version 6.4 Rational method hydrology program based on San Diego County Flood Control Division 1985 hydrology manual Rational Hydrology Study Date: 07/26/18 _____ _____ Plaza La Media - North Preliminary Hydrology Existing Conditions 50-Year Flow Rate _____ * * * * * * * * * Hydrology Study Control Information ********* _____ Program License Serial Number 4028 _____ Rational hydrology study storm event year is 50.0 English (in-lb) input data Units used English (in) rainfall data used Standard intensity of Appendix I-B used for year and Elevation 0 - 1500 feet Factor (to multiply * intensity) = 1.000 Only used if inside City of San Diego San Diego hydrology manual 'C' values used Runoff coefficients by rational method 10.000 to Point/Station Process from Point/Station 12.000 **** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION **** Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000Decimal fraction soil group D = 1.000 [INDUSTRIAL area type 1 Initial subarea flow distance = 910.000(Ft.) Highest elevation = 514.000(Ft.) Lowest elevation = 489.000(Ft.) Elevation difference = 25.000(Ft.) Time of concentration calculated by the urban areas overland flow method (App X-C) = 5.82 min. $TC = [1.8*(1.1-C)*distance(Ft.)^{.5})/(% slope^{(1/3)}]$ $TC = [1.8*(1.1-0.9500)*(910.000^{.5})/(2.747^{(1/3)}] = 5.82$ Rainfall intensity (I) = 3.991(In/Hr) for a 50.0 year storm

Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.950Subarea runoff = 3.261(CFS) 0.860(Ac.) Total initial stream area = Process from Point/Station 12.000 to Point/Station 14.000 **** STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME + SUBAREA FLOW ADDITION **** Top of street segment elevation = 489.000(Ft.) End of street segment elevation = 485.000(Ft.) Length of street segment = 819.000(Ft.) Height of curb above gutter flowline = 6.0(In.) Width of half street (curb to crown) = 32.000(Ft.) Distance from crown to crossfall grade break = 20.000(Ft.) Slope from gutter to grade break (v/hz) = 0.020Slope from grade break to crown (v/hz) =0.020 Street flow is on [1] side(s) of the street Distance from curb to property line = 5.000(Ft.) Slope from curb to property line (v/hz) = 0.020Gutter width = 0.000(Ft.)Gutter hike from flowline = 0.000(In.) Manning's N in gutter = 0.0150 Manning's N from gutter to grade break = 0.0180 Manning's N from grade break to crown = 0.0180 Estimated mean flow rate at midpoint of street = 5.592(CFS) Depth of flow = 0.353(Ft.), Average velocity = 1.796(Ft/s) Streetflow hydraulics at midpoint of street travel: Halfstreet flow width = 17.644(Ft.) Flow velocity = 1.80(Ft/s) Travel time = 7.60 min. TC = 13.41 min. Adding area flow to street Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000Decimal fraction soil group D = 1.000[RURAL(greater than 0.5 Ac, 0.2 ha) area type] Rainfall intensity = 2.835(In/Hr) for a 50.0 year storm Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method, Q=KCIA, C = 0.450 Subarea runoff = 1.569(CFS) for 1.230(Ac.) Total runoff = 4.830(CFS) Total area = 2.09(Ac.) Street flow at end of street = 4.830(CFS) Half street flow at end of street = 4.830(CFS) Depth of flow = 0.334(Ft.), Average velocity = 1.732(Ft/s) Flow width (from curb towards crown) = 16.700(Ft.)

Process from Point/Station 14.000 to Point/Station 16.000 **** IMPROVED CHANNEL TRAVEL TIME ****

Upstream point elevation = 485.000(Ft.)

```
Downstream point elevation = 479.700(Ft.)
Channel length thru subarea = 1121.000(Ft.)
Channel base width
                 = 10.000(Ft.)
Slope or 'Z' of left channel bank = 10.000
Slope or 'Z' of right channel bank = 10.000
Estimated mean flow rate at midpoint of channel = 60.648(CFS)
Manning's 'N'
               = 0.040
Maximum depth of channel =
                            0.500(Ft.)
Flow(q) thru subarea = 60.648(CFS)
Depth of flow = 1.235(Ft.), Average velocity = 2.733(Ft/s)
!!Warning: Water is above left or right bank elevations
Channel flow top width = 20.000(Ft.)
Flow Velocity = 2.73(Ft/s)
Travel time = 6.84 min.
Time of concentration = 20.25 min.
Critical depth = 0.781(Ft.)
ERROR - Channel depth exceeds maximum allowable depth
Adding area flow to channel
Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group D = 1.000
[RURAL(greater than 0.5 Ac, 0.2 ha) area type]
Rainfall intensity = 2.371(In/Hr) for a 50.0 year storm
Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method, Q=KCIA, C = 0.450
Subarea runoff = 51.547(CFS) for 48.310(Ac.)
Total runoff = 56.376(CFS) Total area =
                                               50.40(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station 20.000 to Point/Station
                                                          22.000
**** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****
Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group D = 1.000
[INDUSTRIAL area type
                                          1
Initial subarea flow distance = 192.000(Ft.)
Highest elevation = 485.600(Ft.)
Lowest elevation = 484.500(Ft.)
Elevation difference = 1.100(Ft.)
Time of concentration calculated by the urban
areas overland flow method (App X-C) = 4.50 min.
TC = [1.8*(1.1-C)*distance(Ft.)^{.5})/(% slope^{(1/3)}]
TC = [1.8*(1.1-0.9500)*(192.000^{-5})/(0.573^{-1})] = 4.50
Setting time of concentration to 5 minutes
Rainfall intensity (I) = 4.265(In/Hr) for a 50.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.950
Subarea runoff =
                   3.444(CFS)
Total initial stream area = 0.850(Ac.)
```

```
Upstream point elevation = 482.000(Ft.)
Downstream point elevation = 478.800(Ft.)
Channel length thru subarea =
                               591.000(Ft.)
Channel base width =
                         2.000(Ft.)
Slope or 'Z' of left channel bank = 2.000
Slope or 'Z' of right channel bank = 2.000
Estimated mean flow rate at midpoint of channel = 4.923(CFS)
Manning's 'N'
               = 0.040
Maximum depth of channel = 2.000(Ft.)
Flow(q) thru subarea = 4.923(CFS)
Depth of flow = 0.788(Ft.), Average velocity = 1.746(Ft/s)
Channel flow top width = 5.154(Ft.)
Flow Velocity =
                1.75(Ft/s)
Travel time =
                 5.64 min.
Time of concentration = 10.64 min.
Critical depth = 0.484(Ft.)
Adding area flow to channel
Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group D = 1.000
[RURAL(greater than 0.5 Ac, 0.2 ha) area type]
Rainfall intensity = 3.112(In/Hr) for a 50.0 year storm
Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method, Q=KCIA, C = 0.450
Subarea runoff =
                    1.022(CFS) for
                                    0.730(Ac.)
Total runoff =
                 4.466(CFS) Total area =
                                                 1.58(Ac.)
                                          51.980 (Ac.)
End of computations, total study area =
```

San Diego County Rational Hydrology Program CIVILCADD/CIVILDESIGN Engineering Software,(c)1991-2005 Version 6.4 Rational method hydrology program based on San Diego County Flood Control Division 1985 hydrology manual Rational Hydrology Study Date: 09/07/17 _____ Plaza La Media - North Preliminary Hydrology Existing Conditions 100-Year Flow Rate _____ * * * * * * * * * Hydrology Study Control Information ********* Program License Serial Number 4028 _____ Rational hydrology study storm event year is 100.0 English (in-lb) input data Units used English (in) rainfall data used Standard intensity of Appendix I-B used for year and Elevation 0 - 1500 feet Factor (to multiply * intensity) = 1.000 Only used if inside City of San Diego San Diego hydrology manual 'C' values used Runoff coefficients by rational method Process from Point/Station 10.000 to Point/Station 12.000 **** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION **** Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000 Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000Decimal fraction soil group D = 1.000 [INDUSTRIAL area type 1 Initial subarea flow distance = 910.000(Ft.) Highest elevation = 514.000(Ft.) Lowest elevation = 489.000(Ft.) Elevation difference = 25.000(Ft.) Time of concentration calculated by the urban areas overland flow method (App X-C) = 5.82 min. $TC = [1.8*(1.1-C)*distance(Ft.)^{.5})/(% slope^{(1/3)}]$ $TC = [1.8*(1.1-0.9500)*(910.000^{.5})/(2.747^{(1/3)}] =$ 5.82 Rainfall intensity (I) = 4.131(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.950

Subarea runoff = 3.375(CFS) Total initial stream area = 0.860(Ac.) 12.000 to Point/Station Process from Point/Station 14.000 **** STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME + SUBAREA FLOW ADDITION **** Top of street segment elevation = 489.000(Ft.) End of street segment elevation = 485.000(Ft.) Length of street segment = 819.000(Ft.) Height of curb above gutter flowline = 6.0(In.) Width of half street (curb to crown) = 32.000(Ft.) Distance from crown to crossfall grade break = 20.000(Ft.) Slope from gutter to grade break (v/hz) =0.020 Slope from grade break to crown (v/hz) =0.020 Street flow is on [1] side(s) of the street Distance from curb to property line = 5.000(Ft.) Slope from curb to property line (v/hz) = 0.020 Gutter width = 0.000(Ft.) Gutter hike from flowline = 0.000(In.) Manning's N in gutter = 0.0150 Manning's N from gutter to grade break = 0.0180 Manning's N from grade break to crown = 0.0180 Estimated mean flow rate at midpoint of street = 5.788(CFS) Depth of flow = 0.357(Ft.), Average velocity = 1.812(Ft/s) Streetflow hydraulics at midpoint of street travel: Halfstreet flow width = 17.874(Ft.) Flow velocity = 1.81(Ft/s) Travel time = 7.53 min. TC = 13.35 min. Adding area flow to street Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000Decimal fraction soil group D = 1.000[RURAL(greater than 0.5 Ac, 0.2 ha) area type] Rainfall intensity = 3.036(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method, Q=KCIA, C = 0.450 Subarea runoff = 1.681(CFS) for 1.230(Ac.) Total runoff = 5.056(CFS) Total area = 2.09(Ac.) Street flow at end of street = 5.056(CFS) Half street flow at end of street = 5.056(CFS) Depth of flow = 0.340(Ft.), Average velocity = 1.752(Ft/s) Flow width (from curb towards crown) = 16.989(Ft.) Process from Point/Station 14.000 to Point/Station 16.000 **** IMPROVED CHANNEL TRAVEL TIME ****

```
Upstream point elevation = 485.000(Ft.)
Downstream point elevation = 479.700(Ft.)
```

```
Channel length thru subarea = 1121.000(Ft.)
Channel base width
                    =
                        10.000(Ft.)
Slope or 'Z' of left channel bank = 10.000
Slope or 'Z' of right channel bank = 10.000
Estimated mean flow rate at midpoint of channel = 63.485(CFS)
Manning's 'N'
               = 0.040
Maximum depth of channel = 0.500(Ft.)
Flow(q) thru subarea = 63.485(CFS)
Depth of flow = 1.265(Ft.), Average velocity = 2.784(Ft/s)
!!Warning: Water is above left or right bank elevations
Channel flow top width = 20.000(Ft.)
Flow Velocity =
                 2.78(Ft/s)
Travel time =
                 6.71 min.
Time of concentration =
                        20.06 min.
Critical depth =
                 0.805(Ft.)
ERROR - Channel depth exceeds maximum allowable depth
Adding area flow to channel
Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group D = 1.000
[RURAL(greater than 0.5 Ac, 0.2 ha) area type]
Rainfall intensity =
                       2.577(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method, Q=KCIA, C = 0.450
Subarea runoff = 56.021(CFS) for
                                    48.310(Ac.)
Total runoff = 61.077(CFS) Total area =
                                                 50.40(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station
                               20.000 to Point/Station
                                                           22.000
**** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****
Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group D = 1.000
[INDUSTRIAL area type
                                          1
Initial subarea flow distance = 192.000(Ft.)
Highest elevation = 485.600(Ft.)
Lowest elevation = 484.500(Ft.)
Elevation difference =
                        1.100(Ft.)
Time of concentration calculated by the urban
areas overland flow method (App X-C) =
                                        4.50 min.
TC = [1.8*(1.1-C)*distance(Ft.)^{.5})/(% slope^{(1/3)}]
TC = [1.8*(1.1-0.9500)*(192.000^{-1.5})/(
                                      0.573^{(1/3)} = 4.50
Setting time of concentration to 5 minutes
                         4.389(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
Rainfall intensity (I) =
Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.950
Subarea runoff =
                    3.544(CFS)
Total initial stream area =
                               0.850(Ac.)
```

22.000 to Point/Station Process from Point/Station 24.000 **** IMPROVED CHANNEL TRAVEL TIME **** Upstream point elevation = 482.000(Ft.) Downstream point elevation = 478.800(Ft.) Channel length thru subarea = 591.000(Ft.) Channel base width = 2.000(Ft.) Slope or 'Z' of left channel bank = 2.000 Slope or 'Z' of right channel bank = 2.000 Estimated mean flow rate at midpoint of channel = 5.066(CFS) Manning's 'N' = 0.040 Maximum depth of channel = 2.000(Ft.) Flow(q) thru subarea = 5.066(CFS) Depth of flow = 0.800(Ft.), Average velocity = 1.759(Ft/s) Channel flow top width = 5.200(Ft.) Flow Velocity = 1.76(Ft/s) Travel time = 5.60 min. Time of concentration = 10.60 min. Critical depth = 0.492(Ft.)Adding area flow to channel Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000 Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000Decimal fraction soil group D = 1.000[RURAL(greater than 0.5 Ac, 0.2 ha) area type] Rainfall intensity = 3.304(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method, Q=KCIA, C = 0.450 Subarea runoff = 1.085(CFS) for 0.730(Ac.) Total runoff = 4.629(CFS) Total area = 1.58(Ac.) End of computations, total study area = 51.980 (Ac.)

San Diego County Rational Hydrology Program CIVILCADD/CIVILDESIGN Engineering Software,(c)1991-2005 Version 6.4 Rational method hydrology program based on San Diego County Flood Control Division 1985 hydrology manual Rational Hydrology Study Date: 07/26/18 _____ Plaza La Media - North Preliminary Hydrology Proposed Conditions 5-Year Flow Rate _____ * * * * * * * * * Hydrology Study Control Information ********* Program License Serial Number 4028 _____ Rational hydrology study storm event year is 5.0 English (in-lb) input data Units used English (in) rainfall data used Standard intensity of Appendix I-B used for year and Elevation 0 - 1500 feet Factor (to multiply * intensity) = 1.000 Only used if inside City of San Diego San Diego hydrology manual 'C' values used Runoff coefficients by rational method Process from Point/Station 10.000 to Point/Station 12.000 **** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION **** User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea Initial subarea flow distance = 222.000(Ft.) Highest elevation = 491.400(Ft.) Lowest elevation = 489.000(Ft.) Elevation difference = 2.400(Ft.) Time of concentration calculated by the urban areas overland flow method (App X-C) = 9.41 min. $TC = [1.8*(1.1-C)*distance(Ft.)^{.5})/(% slope^{(1/3)}]$ $TC = [1.8*(1.1-0.7400)*(222.000^{.5})/(1.081^{(1/3)}] = 9.41$ Rainfall intensity (I) = 2.284(In/Hr) for a 5.0 year storm Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.740 Subarea runoff = 1.470(CFS) Total initial stream area = 0.870(Ac.)

13.000 to Point/Station 12.000 Process from Point/Station **** SUBAREA FLOW ADDITION **** User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea Time of concentration = 9.41 min. Rainfall intensity = 2.284(In/Hr) for a 5.0 year storm Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method, Q=KCIA, C = 0.740 Subarea runoff = 0.845(CFS) for 0.500(Ac.)Total runoff = 2.315(CFS) Total area = 1.37(Ac.) Process from Point/Station 12.000 to Point/Station 14.000 **** IMPROVED CHANNEL TRAVEL TIME **** Upstream point elevation = 485.300(Ft.) Downstream point elevation = 484.900(Ft.) Channel length thru subarea = 80.000(Ft.) Channel base width = 20.000(Ft.)Slope or 'Z' of left channel bank = 3.000 Slope or 'Z' of right channel bank = 3.000 Estimated mean flow rate at midpoint of channel = 2.501(CFS) Manning's 'N' = 0.050Maximum depth of channel = 1.000(Ft.) Flow(q) thru subarea = 2.501(CFS) Depth of flow = 0.183(Ft.), Average velocity = 0.665(Ft/s) Channel flow top width = 21.099(Ft.) Flow Velocity = 0.66(Ft/s) Travel time = 2.01 min. Time of concentration = 11.41 min. Critical depth = 0.078(Ft.)Adding area flow to channel User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea Rainfall intensity = 2.077(In/Hr) for a 5.0 year storm Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method, Q=KCIA, C = 0.740 Subarea runoff = 0.338(CFS) for 0.220(Ac.) Total runoff = 2.653(CFS) Total area = 1.59(Ac.) Process from Point/Station 14.000 to Point/Station 16.000 **** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) **** Upstream point/station elevation = 480.500(Ft.) Downstream point/station elevation = 479.600(Ft.) Pipe length = 311.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013 No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 2.653(CFS) Nearest computed pipe diameter = 15.00(In.) Calculated individual pipe flow = 2.653(CFS) Normal flow depth in pipe = 9.82(In.)

```
Flow top width inside pipe = 14.26(In.)
```
```
Critical Depth = 7.84(In.)
Pipe flow velocity = 3.12(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 1.66 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 13.08 min.
Process from Point/Station
                           14.000 to Point/Station
                                                    16.000
**** CONFLUENCE OF MAIN STREAMS ****
The following data inside Main Stream is listed:
In Main Stream number: 1
Stream flow area = 1.590(Ac.)
Runoff from this stream =
                          2.653(CFS)
Time of concentration = 13.08 min.
Rainfall intensity = 1.943(In/Hr)
Program is now starting with Main Stream No. 2
Process from Point/Station 20.000 to Point/Station
                                                     22.000
**** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
Initial subarea flow distance = 522.000(Ft.)
Highest elevation = 491.400(Ft.)
Lowest elevation = 487.000(Ft.)
Elevation difference = 4.400(Ft.)
Time of concentration calculated by the urban
areas overland flow method (App X-C) =
                                   15.67 min.
TC = [1.8*(1.1-C)*distance(Ft.)^{.5})/(% slope^{(1/3)}]
TC = [1.8*(1.1-0.7400)*(522.000^{.5})/(0.843^{(1/3)}] = 15.67
Rainfall intensity (I) =
                        1.776(In/Hr) for a 5.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.740
Subarea runoff =
                  3.588(CFS)
Total initial stream area =
                             2.730(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station
                            22.000 to Point/Station
                                                     24.000
**** IMPROVED CHANNEL TRAVEL TIME ****
Upstream point elevation = 484.300(Ft.)
Downstream point elevation = 484.000(Ft.)
Channel length thru subarea = 62.000(Ft.)
Channel base width = 18.000(Ft.)
Slope or 'Z' of left channel bank = 3.000
Slope or 'Z' of right channel bank = 3.000
Manning's 'N' = 0.050
Maximum depth of channel = 1.000(Ft.)
Flow(q) thru subarea = 3.588(CFS)
Depth of flow = 0.244(Ft.), Average velocity = 0.785(Ft/s)
```

```
Channel flow top width = 19.464(Ft.)
Flow Velocity = 0.78(Ft/s)
Travel time = 1.32 min.
Time of concentration = 16.99 min.
Critical depth = 0.106(Ft.)
Process from Point/Station 22.000 to Point/Station 24.000
**** CONFLUENCE OF MINOR STREAMS ****
Along Main Stream number: 2 in normal stream number 1
Stream flow area = 2.730(Ac.)
Runoff from this stream =
                         3.588(CFS)
Time of concentration = 16.99 min.
Rainfall intensity = 1.705(In/Hr)
Process from Point/Station
                          30.000 to Point/Station
                                                   32.000
**** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
Initial subarea flow distance = 187.000(Ft.)
Highest elevation = 488.200(Ft.)
Lowest elevation = 486.500(Ft.)
Elevation difference =
                     1.700(Ft.)
Time of concentration calculated by the urban
areas overland flow method (App X-C) = 9.15 min.
TC = [1.8*(1.1-C)*distance(Ft.)^{.5})/(% slope^{(1/3)}]
TC = [1.8*(1.1-0.7400)*(187.000^{.5})/(0.909^{(1/3)}] = 9.15
Rainfall intensity (I) = 2.315(In/Hr) for a 5.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.740
Subarea runoff = 0.565(CFS)
Total initial stream area = 0.330(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station 32.000 to Point/Station 24.000
**** IMPROVED CHANNEL TRAVEL TIME ****
Upstream point elevation = 486.500(Ft.)
Downstream point elevation = 484.100(Ft.)
Channel length thru subarea = 367.000(Ft.)
Channel base width = 18.000(Ft.)
Slope or 'Z' of left channel bank = 3.000
Slope or 'Z' of right channel bank = 3.000
Manning's 'N' = 0.050
Maximum depth of channel = 1.000(Ft.)
Flow(q) thru subarea = 0.565(CFS)
Depth of flow = 0.074(Ft.), Average velocity = 0.420(Ft/s)
Channel flow top width = 18.444(Ft.)
```

```
Flow Velocity = 0.42(Ft/s)
Travel time = 14.58 min.
Time of concentration = 23.72 min.
Critical depth = 0.031(Ft.)
Process from Point/Station
                            32.000 to Point/Station
                                                      24.000
**** CONFLUENCE OF MINOR STREAMS ****
Along Main Stream number: 2 in normal stream number 2
Stream flow area = 0.330(Ac.)
Runoff from this stream =
                          0.565(CFS)
Time of concentration = 23.72 min.
Rainfall intensity =
                    1.429(In/Hr)
Summary of stream data:
                   TC
                                Rainfall Intensity
Stream
       Flow rate
                                      (In/Hr)
No.
        (CFS)
                  (min)
1
       3.588
                16.99
                               1.705
2
       0.565
                23.72
                               1.429
Qmax(1) =
       1.000 * 1.000 *
                         3.588) +
       1.000 * 0.716 *
                          0.565) + =
                                         3.993
Qmax(2) =
               1.000 *
       0.838 *
                          3.588) +
       1.000 *
                1.000 *
                         0.565) + = 3.573
Total of 2 streams to confluence:
Flow rates before confluence point:
     3.588
                0.565
Maximum flow rates at confluence using above data:
      3.993
                  3.573
Area of streams before confluence:
      2.730
                0.330
Results of confluence:
Total flow rate = 3.993(CFS)
Time of concentration = 16.990 min.
Effective stream area after confluence =
                                       3.060(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station
                            24.000 to Point/Station
                                                      24.000
**** SUBAREA FLOW ADDITION ****
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
Time of concentration = 16.99 min.
Rainfall intensity = 1.705(In/Hr) for a 5.0 year storm
Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method, Q=KCIA, C = 0.740
Subarea runoff = 0.543(CFS) for 0.430(Ac.)
```

```
Total runoff = 4.536(CFS) Total area = 3.49(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station
                            24.000 to Point/Station
                                                      16.000
**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****
Upstream point/station elevation =
                                480.100(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 479.600(Ft.)
Pipe length = 185.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 4.536(CFS)
Nearest computed pipe diameter =
                                 18.00(In.)
Calculated individual pipe flow =
                               4.536(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 12.52(In.)
Flow top width inside pipe =
                          16.57(In.)
Critical Depth = 9.80(In.)
Pipe flow velocity =
                      3.46(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 0.89 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 17.88 min.
Process from Point/Station
                            24.000 to Point/Station
                                                      16.000
**** CONFLUENCE OF MAIN STREAMS ****
The following data inside Main Stream is listed:
In Main Stream number: 2
Stream flow area = 3.490(Ac.)
Runoff from this stream =
                           4.536(CFS)
Time of concentration = 17.88 min.
                    1.661(In/Hr)
Rainfall intensity =
Summary of stream data:
                                 Rainfall Intensity
Stream
       Flow rate
                    TC
No.
         (CFS)
                    (min)
                                       (In/Hr)
       2.653
1
                13.08
                               1.943
       4.536
                17.88
                               1.661
2
Qmax(1) =
       1.000 *
              1.000 *
                           2.653) +
       1.000 *
                0.731 *
                           4.536) + =
                                          5.970
Qmax(2) =
       0.855 *
                1.000 *
                           2.653) +
       1.000 *
                1.000 *
                           4.536) + =
                                          6.804
Total of 2 main streams to confluence:
Flow rates before confluence point:
      2.653
                4.536
Maximum flow rates at confluence using above data:
       5.970
                  6.804
Area of streams before confluence:
```

```
6
```

```
1.590 3.490
```

Results of confluence: Total flow rate = 6.804(CFS) Time of concentration = 17.882 min. Effective stream area after confluence = 5.080(Ac.)

Upstream point/station elevation = 479.600(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 479.100(Ft.)
Pipe length = 161.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 6.804(CFS)
Nearest computed pipe diameter = 21.00(In.)
Calculated individual pipe flow = 6.804(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 13.83(In.)
Flow top width inside pipe = 19.92(In.)
Critical Depth = 11.57(In.)
Pipe flow velocity = 4.05(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 0.66 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 18.54 min.

```
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea

Time of concentration = 18.54 min.

Rainfall intensity = 1.631(In/Hr) for a 5.0 year storm

Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method,Q=KCIA, C = 0.740

Subarea runoff = 0.845(CFS) for 0.700(Ac.)

Total runoff = 7.649(CFS) Total area = 5.78(Ac.)
```

```
Upstream point/station elevation = 479.100(Ft.)

Downstream point/station elevation = 478.500(Ft.)

Pipe length = 190.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013

No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 7.649(CFS)

Nearest computed pipe diameter = 21.00(In.)

Calculated individual pipe flow = 7.649(CFS)

Normal flow depth in pipe = 15.00(In.)

Flow top width inside pipe = 18.97(In.)

Critical Depth = 12.29(In.)
```

```
Pipe flow velocity = 4.16(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 0.76 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 19.31 min.
Process from Point/Station 40.000 to Point/Station
                                                   38.000
**** SUBAREA FLOW ADDITION ****
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
Time of concentration = 19.31 min.
Rainfall intensity = 1.597(In/Hr) for a 5.0 year storm
Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method, Q=KCIA, C = 0.740
Subarea runoff = 0.307(CFS) for 0.260(Ac.)
Total runoff = 7.956(CFS) Total area =
                                          6.04(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station 38.000 to Point/Station 42.000
**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****
Upstream point/station elevation = 478.500(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 478.000(Ft.)
Pipe length = 154.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow =
                                   7.956(CFS)
Nearest computed pipe diameter = 21.00(In.)
Calculated individual pipe flow = 7.956(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 15.30(In.)
Flow top width inside pipe = 18.67(In.)
Critical Depth = 12.55(In.)
Pipe flow velocity = 4.24(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 0.61 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 19.91 min.
Process from Point/Station 38.000 to Point/Station
                                                  42.000
**** CONFLUENCE OF MINOR STREAMS ****
Along Main Stream number: 1 in normal stream number 1
Stream flow area = 6.040(Ac.)
Runoff from this stream = 7.956(CFS)
Time of concentration = 19.91 min.
Rainfall intensity = 1.571(In/Hr)
Process from Point/Station 50.000 to Point/Station
                                                  52.000
**** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****
```

User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea Initial subarea flow distance = 455.000(Ft.)

```
Highest elevation = 488.400(Ft.)
Lowest elevation = 485.500(Ft.)
Elevation difference =
                       2.900(Ft.)
Time of concentration calculated by the urban
areas overland flow method (App X-C) = 16.06 min.
TC = [1.8*(1.1-C)*distance(Ft.)^{.5})/(% slope^{(1/3)}]
TC = [1.8*(1.1-0.7400)*(455.000^{-1.5})/(0.637^{-1.5})] = 16.06
Rainfall intensity (I) =
                          1.754(In/Hr) for a
                                             5.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.740
Subarea runoff =
                   3.531(CFS)
Total initial stream area =
                               2.720(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station
                             52.000 to Point/Station
                                                         54.000
**** IMPROVED CHANNEL TRAVEL TIME ****
Upstream point elevation = 483.800(Ft.)
Downstream point elevation = 483.000(Ft.)
Channel length thru subarea = 164.000(Ft.)
                       20.000(Ft.)
Channel base width
                 =
Slope or 'Z' of left channel bank = 3.000
Slope or 'Z' of right channel bank = 3.000
Estimated mean flow rate at midpoint of channel = 3.836(CFS)
Manning's 'N'
               = 0.050
Maximum depth of channel = 1.000(Ft.)
Flow(q) thru subarea = 3.836(CFS)
Depth of flow = 0.238(Ft.), Average velocity = 0.778(Ft/s)
Channel flow top width = 21.429(Ft.)
Flow Velocity = 0.78(Ft/s)
Travel time =
               3.51 min.
Time of concentration = 19.58 min.
Critical depth = 0.104(Ft.)
Adding area flow to channel
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
Rainfall intensity = 1.585(In/Hr) for a
                                            5.0 year storm
Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method, Q=KCIA, C = 0.740
Subarea runoff = 0.551(CFS) for 0.470(Ac.)
Total runoff = 4.083(CFS) Total area = 3.19(Ac.)
54.000 to Point/Station
Process from Point/Station
                                                         42.000
**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****
Upstream point/station elevation = 479.000(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 478.000(Ft.)
Pipe length = 207.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 4.083(CFS)
Nearest computed pipe diameter = 15.00(In.)
Calculated individual pipe flow = 4.083(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 11.23(In.)
```

```
9
```

```
Flow top width inside pipe = 13.02(In.)
Critical Depth = 9.81(In.)
Pipe flow velocity = 4.15(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 0.83 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 20.41 min.
Process from Point/Station 54.000 to Point/Station 42.000
**** CONFLUENCE OF MINOR STREAMS ****
Along Main Stream number: 1 in normal stream number 2
Stream flow area = 3.190(Ac.)
Runoff from this stream =
                          4.083(CFS)
Time of concentration = 20.41 min.
Rainfall intensity =
                   1.551(In/Hr)
Summary of stream data:
Stream Flow rate
                   TC
                          Rainfall Intensity
No.
        (CFS)
                  (min)
                                     (In/Hr)
1
       7.956
               19.91
                              1.571
2
       4.083
                20.41
                              1.551
Qmax(1) =
       1.000 * 1.000 *
                         7.956) +
       1.000 * 0.976 *
                          4.083) + =
                                       11.939
Qmax(2) =
       0.987 * 1.000 *
1.000 * 1.000 *
                         7.956) +
                         4.083) + =
                                     11.936
Total of 2 streams to confluence:
Flow rates before confluence point:
      7.956
               4.083
Maximum flow rates at confluence using above data:
     11.939
             11.936
Area of streams before confluence:
      6.040
                 3.190
Results of confluence:
Total flow rate = 11.939(CFS)
Time of concentration = 19.911 min.
Effective stream area after confluence = 9.230(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station 42.000 to Point/Station
                                                     60.000
**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****
Upstream point/station elevation = 478.000(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 477.000(Ft.)
Pipe length = 325.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 11.939(CFS)
```

```
10
```

```
Nearest computed pipe diameter = 24.00(In.)
Calculated individual pipe flow = 11.939(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 18.70(In.)
Flow top width inside pipe = 19.91(In.)
Critical Depth = 14.91(In.)
Pipe flow velocity = 4.55(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 1.19 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 21.10 min.
Process from Point/Station 42.000 to Point/Station 60.000
**** CONFLUENCE OF MAIN STREAMS ****
The following data inside Main Stream is listed:
In Main Stream number: 1
Stream flow area = 9.230(Ac.)
Runoff from this stream = 11.939(CFS)
Time of concentration = 21.10 min.
Rainfall intensity = 1.523(In/Hr)
Program is now starting with Main Stream No. 2
Process from Point/Station
                           70.000 to Point/Station
                                                     72.000
**** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
Initial subarea flow distance = 264.000(Ft.)
Highest elevation = 493.000(Ft.)
Lowest elevation = 490.700(Ft.)
Elevation difference =
                      2.300(Ft.)
Time of concentration calculated by the urban
areas overland flow method (App X-C) = 11.02 min.
TC = [1.8*(1.1-C)*distance(Ft.)^{.5})/(% slope^{(1/3)}]
TC = [1.8*(1.1-0.7400)*(264.000^{.5})/(0.871^{(1/3)}] = 11.02
Rainfall intensity (I) = 2.112(In/Hr) for a 5.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.740
Subarea runoff = 2.032(CFS)
Total initial stream area = 1.300(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station 72.000 to Point/Station
                                                     74.000
**** IMPROVED CHANNEL TRAVEL TIME ****
Upstream point elevation = 488.300(Ft.)
Downstream point elevation = 487.300(Ft.)
Channel length thru subarea = 180.000(Ft.)
Channel base width = 20.000(Ft.)
Slope or 'Z' of left channel bank =
                                 3.000
```

```
Slope or 'Z' of right channel bank = 3.000
```

```
Estimated mean flow rate at midpoint of channel = 2.431(CFS)
Manning's 'N' = 0.050
Maximum depth of channel = 1.000(Ft.)
Flow(q) thru subarea = 2.431(CFS)
Depth of flow = 0.174(Ft.), Average velocity = 0.679(Ft/s)
Channel flow top width = 21.047(Ft.)
Flow Velocity =
               0.68(Ft/s)
Travel time =
               4.42 min.
Time of concentration = 15.44 min.
                 0.077(Ft.)
Critical depth =
Adding area flow to channel
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
Rainfall intensity = 1.789(In/Hr) for a 5.0 year storm
Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method, Q=KCIA, C = 0.740
Subarea runoff = 0.675(CFS) for
                                 0.510(Ac.)
Total runoff = 2.707(CFS) Total area =
                                             1.81(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station 74.000 to Point/Station
                                                      76.000
**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****
Upstream point/station elevation = 483.300(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 482.400(Ft.)
Pipe length = 179.00 (Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 2.707(CFS)
Nearest computed pipe diameter = 15.00(In.)
Calculated individual pipe flow = 2.707(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 8.30(In.)
Flow top width inside pipe =
                          14.92(In.)
Critical Depth = 7.92(In.)
Pipe flow velocity = 3.89(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 0.77 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 16.21 min.
77.000 to Point/Station 76.000
Process from Point/Station
**** SUBAREA FLOW ADDITION ****
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
Time of concentration = 16.21 min.
Rainfall intensity = 1.746(In/Hr) for a 5.0 year storm
Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method, Q=KCIA, C = 0.740
Subarea runoff = 0.065(CFS) for 0.050(Ac.)
Total runoff = 2.772(CFS) Total area = 1.86(Ac.)
```

Process from Point/Station 76.000 to Point/Station 78.000 **** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****

Upstream point/station elevation = 482.400(Ft.) Downstream point/station elevation = 481.300(Ft.) Pipe length = 241.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 2.772(CFS) Nearest computed pipe diameter = 15.00(In.) Calculated individual pipe flow = 2.772(CFS) Normal flow depth in pipe = 8.68(In.) Flow top width inside pipe = 14.81(In.) Critical Depth = 8.03(In.) Pipe flow velocity = 3.77(Ft/s) Travel time through pipe = 1.07 min. Time of concentration (TC) = 17.28 min. Process from Point/Station 79.000 to Point/Station 78.000 **** SUBAREA FLOW ADDITION **** User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea Time of concentration = 17.28 min. Rainfall intensity = 1.691(In/Hr) for a 5.0 year storm Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method, Q=KCIA, C = 0.740 Subarea runoff = 0.038(CFS) for 0.030(Ac.)Total runoff = 2.810(CFS) Total area = 1.89(Ac.) Process from Point/Station 78.000 to Point/Station 80.000 **** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) **** Upstream point/station elevation = 481.300(Ft.) Downstream point/station elevation = 480.300(Ft.) Pipe length = 185.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013 No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 2.810(CFS) Nearest computed pipe diameter = 15.00(In.) Calculated individual pipe flow = 2.810(CFS) Normal flow depth in pipe = 8.30(In.) Flow top width inside pipe = 14.92(In.) Critical Depth = 8.07(In.) Pipe flow velocity = 4.03(Ft/s) Travel time through pipe = 0.76 min. Time of concentration (TC) = 18.04 min. Process from Point/Station 78.000 to Point/Station 80.000 **** CONFLUENCE OF MINOR STREAMS **** Along Main Stream number: 2 in normal stream number 1 Stream flow area = 1.890(Ac.) Runoff from this stream = 2.810(CFS) Time of concentration = 18.04 min.

Rainfall intensity = 1.654(In/Hr)

```
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
Initial subarea flow distance = 814.000(Ft.)
Highest elevation = 493.000(Ft.)
Lowest elevation = 487.800(Ft.)
Elevation difference =
                      5.200(Ft.)
Time of concentration calculated by the urban
areas overland flow method (App X-C) = 21.47 min.
TC = [1.8*(1.1-C)*distance(Ft.)^{.5})/(% slope^{(1/3)}]
TC = [1.8*(1.1-0.7400)*(814.000^{.5})/(0.639^{(1/3)}] = 21.47
Rainfall intensity (I) = 1.510(In/Hr) for a 5.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.740
Subarea runoff =
                   3.050(CFS)
Total initial stream area =
                             2.730(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station 84.000 to Point/Station 86.000
**** IMPROVED CHANNEL TRAVEL TIME ****
Upstream point elevation = 485.500(Ft.)
Downstream point elevation = 484.500(Ft.)
Channel length thru subarea = 216.000(Ft.)
Channel base width = 20.000(Ft.)
Slope or 'Z' of left channel bank = 3.000
Slope or 'Z' of right channel bank = 3.000
Estimated mean flow rate at midpoint of channel = 3.329(CFS)
Manning's 'N' = 0.050
Maximum depth of channel = 1.000(Ft.)
Flow(q) thru subarea = 3.329(CFS)
Depth of flow = 0.222(Ft.), Average velocity = 0.725(Ft/s)
Channel flow top width = 21.333(Ft.)
Flow Velocity =
               0.72(Ft/s)
Travel time =
              4.97 min.
Time of concentration = 26.43 min.
Critical depth = 0.095(Ft.)
Adding area flow to channel
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
Rainfall intensity = 1.344(In/Hr) for a
                                          5.0 year storm
Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method, Q=KCIA, C = 0.740
Subarea runoff = 0.497(CFS) for 0.500(Ac.)
Total runoff = 3.547(CFS) Total area =
                                              3.23(Ac.)
```

```
14
```

86.000 to Point/Station 80.000

Process from Point/Station

**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****

Upstream point/station elevation = 480.500(Ft.) Downstream point/station elevation = 480.300(Ft.) Pipe length = 32.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013 No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 3.547(CFS) Nearest computed pipe diameter = 15.00(In.) Calculated individual pipe flow = 3.547(CFS) Normal flow depth in pipe = 9.20(In.) Flow top width inside pipe = 14.61(In.) Critical Depth = 9.13(In.) Pipe flow velocity = 4.50(Ft/s) Travel time through pipe = 0.12 min. Time of concentration (TC) = 26.55 min. Process from Point/Station 86.000 to Point/Station 80.000 **** CONFLUENCE OF MINOR STREAMS **** Along Main Stream number: 2 in normal stream number 2 Stream flow area = 3.230(Ac.) Runoff from this stream = 3.547(CFS) Time of concentration = 26.55 min. Rainfall intensity = 1.341(In/Hr) Summary of stream data: Stream Flow rate TC Rainfall Intensity No. (CFS) (min) (In/Hr) 1.654 1 2.810 18.04 3.547 1.341 2 26.55 Qmax(1) =1.000 * 1.000 * 2.810) + 1.000 * 0.679 * 3.547) + 3.547) + =5.220 Qmax(2) =0.811 * 1.000 * 2.810) +1.000 * 1.000 * 3.547) + =5.825 Total of 2 streams to confluence: Flow rates before confluence point: 2.810 3.547 Maximum flow rates at confluence using above data: 5.220 5.825 Area of streams before confluence: 3.230 1.890 Results of confluence: Total flow rate = 5.825(CFS) Time of concentration = 26.552 min. Effective stream area after confluence = 5.120(Ac.)

```
Upstream point/station elevation = 480.300(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 478.300(Ft.)
Pipe length = 398.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 5.825(CFS)
Nearest computed pipe diameter = 18.00(In.)
Calculated individual pipe flow = 5.825(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 11.98(In.)
Flow top width inside pipe = 16.99(In.)
Critical Depth = 11.18(In.)
Pipe flow velocity = 4.66(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 1.42 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 27.98 min.
Process from Point/Station 89.000 to Point/Station
                                                      88.000
**** SUBAREA FLOW ADDITION ****
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
Time of concentration = 27.98 min.
Rainfall intensity = 1.300(In/Hr) for a 5.0 year storm
Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method, Q=KCIA, C = 0.740
Subarea runoff = 0.029(CFS) for 0.030(Ac.)
Total runoff = 5.854(CFS) Total area = 5.15(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station 88.000 to Point/Station
                                                      60.000
**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****
Upstream point/station elevation = 478.300(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 477.000(Ft.)
Pipe length = 264.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 5.854(CFS)
Nearest computed pipe diameter = 18.00(In.)
Calculated individual pipe flow = 5.854(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 12.12(In.)
Flow top width inside pipe = 16.89(In.)
Critical Depth = 11.21(In.)
Pipe flow velocity = 4.63(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 0.95 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 28.93 min.
```

Process from Point/Station 88.000 to Point/Station 60.000 **** CONFLUENCE OF MAIN STREAMS ****

```
The following data inside Main Stream is listed:
In Main Stream number: 2
Stream flow area =
                5.150(Ac.)
Runoff from this stream =
                           5.854(CFS)
Time of concentration = 28.93 min.
Rainfall intensity = 1.275(In/Hr)
Program is now starting with Main Stream No. 3
Process from Point/Station
                             90.000 to Point/Station 92.000
**** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
Initial subarea flow distance = 389.000(Ft.)
Highest elevation = 488.500(Ft.)
Lowest elevation = 484.600(Ft.)
Elevation difference =
                       3.900(Ft.)
Time of concentration calculated by the urban
areas overland flow method (App X-C) =
                                     12.77 min.
TC = [1.8*(1.1-C)*distance(Ft.)^{.5})/(% slope^{(1/3)}]
TC = [1.8*(1.1-0.7400)*(389.000^{.5})/(1.003^{(1/3)}] = 12.77
Rainfall intensity (I) = 1.966(In/Hr) for a 5.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.740
Subarea runoff =
                  2.138(CFS)
Total initial stream area =
                              1.470(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station 92.000 to Point/Station
                                                       94.000
**** IMPROVED CHANNEL TRAVEL TIME ****
Upstream point elevation = 482.700(Ft.)
Downstream point elevation = 482.000(Ft.)
Channel length thru subarea = 133.000(Ft.)
Channel base width
                = 40.000(Ft.)
Slope or 'Z' of left channel bank = 3.000
Slope or 'Z' of right channel bank = 3.000
Estimated mean flow rate at midpoint of channel = 2.313(CFS)
              = 0.040
Manning's 'N'
Maximum depth of channel = 1.000(Ft.)
Flow(q) thru subarea = 2.313(CFS)
Depth of flow = 0.100(Ft.), Average velocity = 0.576(Ft/s)
Channel flow top width = 40.598(Ft.)
Flow Velocity =
               0.58(Ft/s)
Travel time =
               3.85 min.
Time of concentration = 16.62 min.
Critical depth = 0.047(Ft.)
Adding area flow to channel
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
Rainfall intensity = 1.725(In/Hr) for a 5.0 year storm
```

```
Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method, Q=KCIA, C = 0.740
                   0.306(CFS) for
Subarea runoff =
                                   0.240(Ac.)
Total runoff =
                 2.444(CFS) Total area =
                                              1.71(Ac.)
94.000 to Point/Station
Process from Point/Station
                                                       60.000
**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****
Upstream point/station elevation = 478.000(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 477.000(Ft.)
Pipe length = 88.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow =
                                       2.444(CFS)
Nearest computed pipe diameter = 12.00(In.)
Calculated individual pipe flow = 2.444(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 7.00(In.)
Flow top width inside pipe =
                           11.83(In.)
Critical Depth =
                 8.03(In.)
Pipe flow velocity =
                      5.14(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 0.29 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 16.90 min.
Process from Point/Station
                             94.000 to Point/Station
                                                       66.000
**** CONFLUENCE OF MAIN STREAMS ****
The following data inside Main Stream is listed:
In Main Stream number: 3
Stream flow area =
                     1.710(Ac.)
Runoff from this stream =
                           2.444(CFS)
                      16.90 min.
Time of concentration =
Rainfall intensity =
                     1.710(In/Hr)
Summary of stream data:
                                 Rainfall Intensity
Stream
       Flow rate
                     TC
No.
         (CFS)
                                       (In/Hr)
                    (min)
       11.939
1
                21.10
                                1.523
2
       5.854
                28.93
                                1.275
3
       2.444
                16.90
                                1.710
Omax(1) =
       1.000 *
                1.000 *
                          11.939) +
       1.000 *
                 0.730 *
                           5.854) +
       0.891 *
                 1.000 *
                           2.444) + =
                                          18.388
Qmax(2) =
       0.837 *
                 1.000 *
                          11.939) +
                 1.000 *
       1.000 *
                           5.854) +
       0.746 *
                1.000 *
                           2.444) + =
                                        17.668
Qmax(3) =
       1.000 * 0.801 * 11.939) +
```

```
1.000 * 0.584 * 5.854) +
1.000 * 1.000 * 2.444) + = 15.429
Total of 3 main streams to confluence:
Flow rates before confluence point:
     11.939 5.854 2.444
Maximum flow rates at confluence using above data:
     18.388 17.668 15.429
Area of streams before confluence:
      9.230 5.150
                           1.710
Results of confluence:
Total flow rate = 18.388(CFS)
Time of concentration = 21.103 min.
Effective stream area after confluence = 16.090(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station 60.000 to Point/Station
                                                    96.000
**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****
Upstream point/station elevation = 477.000(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 476.680(Ft.)
Pipe length = 107.00 (Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 18.388(CFS)
Nearest computed pipe diameter = 30.00(In.)
Calculated individual pipe flow = 18.388(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 20.67(In.)
Flow top width inside pipe = 27.77(In.)
Critical Depth = 17.41(In.)
Pipe flow velocity = 5.10(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 0.35 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 21.45 min.
Process from Point/Station 60.000 to Point/Station
                                                   96.000
**** CONFLUENCE OF MINOR STREAMS ****
Along Main Stream number: 1 in normal stream number 1
Stream flow area = 16.090(Ac.)
Runoff from this stream = 18.388(CFS)
Time of concentration = 21.45 min.
Rainfall intensity = 1.510(In/Hr)
Process from Point/Station 98.000 to Point/Station 96.000
**** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
```

```
Initial subarea flow distance = 539.000(Ft.)
Highest elevation = 489.300(Ft.)
Lowest elevation = 482.700(Ft.)
Elevation difference = 6.600(Ft.)
Time of concentration calculated by the urban
areas overland flow method (App X-C) = 14.06 min.
TC = [1.8*(1.1-C)*distance(Ft.)^{.5})/(\$ slope^{(1/3)}]
TC = [1.8*(1.1-0.7400)*(539.000^{.5})/(1.224^{(1/3)}] = 14.06
Rainfall intensity (I) = 1.874(In/Hr) for a 5.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.740
Subarea runoff = 1.290(CFS)
Total initial stream area = 0.930(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station 98.000 to Point/Station
                                                      96.000
**** CONFLUENCE OF MINOR STREAMS ****
Along Main Stream number: 1 in normal stream number 2
Stream flow area = 0.930(Ac.)
Runoff from this stream =
                          1.290(CFS)
Time of concentration = 14.06 min.
Rainfall intensity = 1.874(In/Hr)
Summary of stream data:
Stream Flow rate
                   TC
                               Rainfall Intensity
No.
         (CFS)
                  (min)
                                      (In/Hr)
1
      18.388
                21.45
                               1.510
2
      1.290
                14.06
                               1.874
Omax(1) =
       1.000 *
               1.000 *
                         18.388) +
       0.806 * 1.000 *
                         1.290) + = 19.427
Qmax(2) =
       1.000 * 0.656 * 18.388) +
       1.000 *
               1.000 *
                         1.290) + =
                                       13.343
Total of 2 streams to confluence:
Flow rates before confluence point:
     18.388
                1.290
Maximum flow rates at confluence using above data:
     19.427
                13.343
Area of streams before confluence:
      16.090
                 0.930
Results of confluence:
Total flow rate = 19.427(CFS)
Time of concentration =
                       21.452 min.
Effective stream area after confluence = 17.020(Ac.)
```

```
20
```

Process from Point/Station 100.000 to Point/Station 102.000 **** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****

```
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
Initial subarea flow distance = 191.000(Ft.)
Highest elevation = 486.000(Ft.)
Lowest elevation = 483.500(Ft.)
Elevation difference =
                       2.500(Ft.)
Time of concentration calculated by the urban
areas overland flow method (App X-C) =
                                       8.19 min.
TC = [1.8*(1.1-C)*distance(Ft.)^{.5})/(% slope^{(1/3)}]
TC = [1.8*(1.1-0.7400)*(191.000^{.5})/(1.309^{(1/3)}] = 8.19
Rainfall intensity (I) =
                           2.446(In/Hr) for a 5.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.740
Subarea runoff =
                   0.543(CFS)
Total initial stream area =
                               0.300(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station
                            110.000 to Point/Station
                                                       112.000
**** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
Initial subarea flow distance = 147.000(Ft.)
Highest elevation = 486.000(Ft.)
Lowest elevation = 483.500(Ft.)
Elevation difference =
                       2.500(Ft.)
Time of concentration calculated by the urban
areas overland flow method (App X-C) =
                                       6.58 min.
TC = [1.8*(1.1-C)*distance(Ft.)^{.5})/(% slope^{(1/3)}]
TC = [1.8*(1.1-0.7400)*(147.000^{.5})/(1.701^{(1/3)}] = 6.58
Rainfall intensity (I) = 2.731(In/Hr) for a 5.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.740
Subarea runoff = 0.485(CFS)
Total initial stream area =
                              0.240(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station 120.000 to Point/Station 122.000
**** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****
Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group D = 1.000
[INDUSTRIAL area type
                                         1
Initial subarea flow distance = 229.000(Ft.)
Highest elevation = 487.100(Ft.)
Lowest elevation = 484.600(Ft.)
Elevation difference = 2.500(Ft.)
Time of concentration calculated by the urban
areas overland flow method (App X-C) = 3.97 min.
```

```
TC = [1.8*(1.1-C)*distance(Ft.)^{.5})/(\$ slope^{(1/3)}]
TC = [1.8*(1.1-0.9500)*(229.000^{.5})/(1.092^{(1/3)}] = 3.97
Setting time of concentration to 5 minutes
Rainfall intensity (I) = 3.149(In/Hr) for a 5.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.950
Subarea runoff =
                  1.915(CFS)
                         0.640(Ac.)
Total initial stream area =
Process from Point/Station 122.000 to Point/Station
                                                    124.000
**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****
Upstream point/station elevation = 481.000(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 479.800(Ft.)
Pipe length = 254.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 1.915(CFS)
Nearest computed pipe diameter =
                                12.00(In.)
Calculated individual pipe flow = 1.915(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 7.98(In.)
Flow top width inside pipe =
                          11.33(In.)
Critical Depth = 7.08(In.)
Pipe flow velocity = 3.45(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 1.23 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 6.23 min.
Process from Point/Station
                           126.000 to Point/Station
                                                    124.000
**** SUBAREA FLOW ADDITION ****
Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group D = 1.000
[INDUSTRIAL area type
                                      ]
Time of concentration =
                      6.23 min.
                     2.809(In/Hr) for a 5.0 year storm
Rainfall intensity =
Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method,Q=KCIA, C = 0.950
Subarea runoff = 1.841(CFS) for
                                 0.690(Ac.)
Total runoff =
                3.756(CFS)   Total area =
                                             1.33(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station
                          124.000 to Point/Station
                                                     128.000
**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****
Upstream point/station elevation = 479.800(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 479.100(Ft.)
Pipe length = 208.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 3.756(CFS)
Nearest computed pipe diameter = 18.00(In.)
```

```
Calculated individual pipe flow = 3.756(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 10.22(In.)
Flow top width inside pipe = 17.83(In.)
Critical Depth = 8.89(In.)
Pipe flow velocity = 3.63(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 0.96 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 7.18 min.
Process from Point/Station
                       130.000 to Point/Station 128.000
**** SUBAREA FLOW ADDITION ****
Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group D = 1.000
[INDUSTRIAL area type
                                      ]
                     7.18 min.
Time of concentration =
Rainfall intensity = 2.612(In/Hr) for a 5.0 year storm
Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method, Q=KCIA, C = 0.950
Subarea runoff = 1.489(CFS) for 0.600(Ac.)
Total runoff = 5.245(CFS) Total area =
                                            1.93(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station 128.000 to Point/Station
                                                    132.000
**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****
Upstream point/station elevation = 479.100(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 478.400(Ft.)
Pipe length = 191.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 5.245(CFS)
Nearest computed pipe diameter =
                                18.00(In.)
Calculated individual pipe flow = 5.245(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 12.46(In.)
Flow top width inside pipe = 16.62(In.)
Critical Depth = 10.59(In.)
Pipe flow velocity = 4.02(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 0.79 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 7.98 min.
Process from Point/Station
                          134.000 to Point/Station
                                                   132.000
**** SUBAREA FLOW ADDITION ****
Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group D = 1.000
[INDUSTRIAL area type
                                      ]
```

Time of concentration = 7.98 min. Rainfall intensity = 2.479(In/Hr) for a 5.0 year storm Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method,Q=KCIA, C = 0.950 Subarea runoff = 2.378(CFS) for 1.010(Ac.)Total runoff = 7.624(CFS) Total area = 2.94(Ac.) Process from Point/Station 132.000 to Point/Station 136.000 **** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) **** Upstream point/station elevation = 478.400(Ft.) Downstream point/station elevation = 476.700(Ft.) Pipe length = 455.00 (Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013 No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 7.624(CFS) Nearest computed pipe diameter = 21.00(In.) Calculated individual pipe flow = 7.624(CFS) Normal flow depth in pipe = 14.04(In.) Flow top width inside pipe = 19.77(In.) Critical Depth = 12.27(In.) Pipe flow velocity = 4.46(Ft/s) Travel time through pipe = 1.70 min. Time of concentration (TC) = 9.68 min. Process from Point/Station 132.000 to Point/Station 136.000 **** CONFLUENCE OF MAIN STREAMS **** The following data inside Main Stream is listed: In Main Stream number: 1 Stream flow area = 2.940(Ac.) Runoff from this stream = 7.624(CFS) Time of concentration = 9.68 min. Rainfall intensity = 2.252(In/Hr) Program is now starting with Main Stream No. 2 Process from Point/Station 200.000 to Point/Station 202.000 **** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION **** User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea Initial subarea flow distance = 179.000(Ft.) Highest elevation = 489.000(Ft.) Lowest elevation = 457.000(Ft.) Elevation difference = 32.000(Ft.) Time of concentration calculated by the urban areas overland flow method (App X-C) = 3.32 min. $TC = [1.8*(1.1-C)*distance(Ft.)^{.5})/(\$ slope^{(1/3)}]$ $TC = [1.8*(1.1-0.7400)*(179.000^{.5})/(17.877^{(1/3)}] = 3.32$ Setting time of concentration to 5 minutes

```
Rainfall intensity (I) = 3.149(In/Hr) for a 5.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.740
Subarea runoff = 0.606(CFS)
Total initial stream area = 0.260(Ac.)
```

```
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
Initial subarea flow distance = 215.000(Ft.)
Highest elevation = 488.200(Ft.)
Lowest elevation = 486.000(Ft.)
Elevation difference =
                         2.200(Ft.)
Time of concentration calculated by the urban
areas overland flow method (App X-C) = 9.43 min.
TC = [1.8*(1.1-C)*distance(Ft.)^{.5})/(% slope^{(1/3)}]
TC = [1.8*(1.1-0.7400)*(215.000^{-1.5})/(1.023^{-1.5})] = 9.43
Rainfall intensity (I) = 2.281(In/Hr) for a 5.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.740
Subarea runoff =
                    0.304(CFS)
Total initial stream area =
                                 0.180(Ac.)
End of computations, total study area = 20.940 (Ac.)
```

San Diego County Rational Hydrology Program CIVILCADD/CIVILDESIGN Engineering Software,(c)1991-2005 Version 6.4 Rational method hydrology program based on San Diego County Flood Control Division 1985 hydrology manual Rational Hydrology Study Date: 07/26/18 _____ Plaza La Media - North Preliminary Hydrology Proposed Conditions 10-Year Flow Rate _____ _____ Hydrology Study Control Information ********* * * * * * * * * * Program License Serial Number 4028 _____ Rational hydrology study storm event year is 10.0 English (in-lb) input data Units used English (in) rainfall data used Standard intensity of Appendix I-B used for year and Elevation 0 - 1500 feet Factor (to multiply * intensity) = 1.000 Only used if inside City of San Diego San Diego hydrology manual 'C' values used Runoff coefficients by rational method Process from Point/Station 10.000 to Point/Station 12.000 **** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION **** User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea Initial subarea flow distance = 222.000(Ft.) Highest elevation = 491.400(Ft.) Lowest elevation = 489.000(Ft.) Elevation difference = 2.400(Ft.) Time of concentration calculated by the urban areas overland flow method (App X-C) = 9.41 min. $TC = [1.8*(1.1-C)*distance(Ft.)^{.5})/(% slope^{(1/3)}]$ $TC = [1.8*(1.1-0.7400)*(222.000^{.5})/(1.081^{(1/3)}] = 9.41$ Rainfall intensity (I) = 2.640(In/Hr) for a 10.0 year storm Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.740 Subarea runoff = 1.700(CFS) Total initial stream area = 0.870(Ac.)

13.000 to Point/Station 12.000 Process from Point/Station **** SUBAREA FLOW ADDITION **** User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea Time of concentration = 9.41 min. Rainfall intensity = 2.640(In/Hr) for a 10.0 year storm Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method, Q=KCIA, C = 0.740 Subarea runoff = 0.977(CFS) for 0.500(Ac.)Total runoff = 2.676(CFS) Total area = 1.37(Ac.) Process from Point/Station 12.000 to Point/Station 14.000 **** IMPROVED CHANNEL TRAVEL TIME **** Upstream point elevation = 485.300(Ft.) Downstream point elevation = 484.900(Ft.) Channel length thru subarea = 80.000(Ft.) Channel base width = 20.000(Ft.)Slope or 'Z' of left channel bank = 3.000 Slope or 'Z' of right channel bank = 3.000 Estimated mean flow rate at midpoint of channel = 2.891(CFS) Manning's 'N' = 0.050Maximum depth of channel = 1.000(Ft.) Flow(q) thru subarea = 2.891(CFS) Depth of flow = 0.200(Ft.), Average velocity = 0.703(Ft/s) Channel flow top width = 21.198(Ft.) Flow Velocity = 0.70(Ft/s) Travel time = 1.90 min. Time of concentration = 11.30 min. Critical depth = 0.086(Ft.) Adding area flow to channel User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea Rainfall intensity = 2.422(In/Hr) for a 10.0 year storm Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method, Q=KCIA, C = 0.740 Subarea runoff = 0.394(CFS) for 0.220(Ac.)Total runoff = 3.071(CFS) Total area = 1.59(Ac.) Process from Point/Station 14.000 to Point/Station 16.000 **** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) **** Upstream point/station elevation = 480.500(Ft.) Downstream point/station elevation = 479.600(Ft.) Pipe length = 311.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013 No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 3.071(CFS) Nearest computed pipe diameter = 15.00(In.) Calculated individual pipe flow = 3.071(CFS) Normal flow depth in pipe = 10.96(In.)

Flow top width inside pipe = 13.31(In.)

```
Critical Depth = 8.46(In.)
Pipe flow velocity = 3.20(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 1.62 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 12.93 min.
Process from Point/Station
                           14.000 to Point/Station
                                                    16.000
**** CONFLUENCE OF MAIN STREAMS ****
The following data inside Main Stream is listed:
In Main Stream number: 1
Stream flow area = 1.590(Ac.)
Runoff from this stream =
                          3.071(CFS)
Time of concentration = 12.93 min.
Rainfall intensity = 2.275(In/Hr)
Program is now starting with Main Stream No. 2
Process from Point/Station 20.000 to Point/Station
                                                     22.000
**** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
Initial subarea flow distance = 522.000(Ft.)
Highest elevation = 491.400(Ft.)
Lowest elevation = 487.000(Ft.)
Elevation difference = 4.400(Ft.)
Time of concentration calculated by the urban
areas overland flow method (App X-C) =
                                   15.67 min.
TC = [1.8*(1.1-C)*distance(Ft.)^{.5})/(% slope^{(1/3)}]
TC = [1.8*(1.1-0.7400)*(522.000^{.5})/(0.843^{(1/3)}] = 15.67
Rainfall intensity (I) =
                      2.076(In/Hr) for a 10.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.740
Subarea runoff =
                  4.194(CFS)
Total initial stream area =
                             2.730(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station
                            22.000 to Point/Station
                                                     24.000
**** IMPROVED CHANNEL TRAVEL TIME ****
Upstream point elevation = 484.300(Ft.)
Downstream point elevation = 484.000(Ft.)
Channel length thru subarea = 62.000(Ft.)
Channel base width = 18.000(Ft.)
Slope or 'Z' of left channel bank = 3.000
Slope or 'Z' of right channel bank = 3.000
Manning's 'N' = 0.050
Maximum depth of channel = 1.000(Ft.)
Flow(q) thru subarea = 4.194(CFS)
Depth of flow = 0.268(Ft.), Average velocity = 0.833(Ft/s)
```

```
Channel flow top width = 19.607(Ft.)
Flow Velocity = 0.83(Ft/s)
Travel time = 1.24 min.
Time of concentration = 16.91 min.
Critical depth = 0.118(Ft.)
Process from Point/Station 22.000 to Point/Station 24.000
**** CONFLUENCE OF MINOR STREAMS ****
Along Main Stream number: 2 in normal stream number 1
Stream flow area = 2.730(Ac.)
Runoff from this stream =
                         4.194(CFS)
Time of concentration = 16.91 min.
Rainfall intensity = 2.001(In/Hr)
Process from Point/Station
                          30.000 to Point/Station
                                                   32.000
**** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
Initial subarea flow distance = 187.000(Ft.)
Highest elevation = 488.200(Ft.)
Lowest elevation = 486.500(Ft.)
Elevation difference =
                     1.700(Ft.)
Time of concentration calculated by the urban
areas overland flow method (App X-C) = 9.15 min.
TC = [1.8*(1.1-C)*distance(Ft.)^{.5})/(% slope^{(1/3)}]
TC = [1.8*(1.1-0.7400)*(187.000^{.5})/(0.909^{(1/3)}] = 9.15
Rainfall intensity (I) = 2.675(In/Hr) for a 10.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.740
Subarea runoff = 0.653(CFS)
Total initial stream area = 0.330(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station 32.000 to Point/Station 24.000
**** IMPROVED CHANNEL TRAVEL TIME ****
Upstream point elevation = 486.500(Ft.)
Downstream point elevation = 484.100(Ft.)
Channel length thru subarea = 367.000(Ft.)
Channel base width = 18.000(Ft.)
Slope or 'Z' of left channel bank = 3.000
Slope or 'Z' of right channel bank = 3.000
Manning's 'N' = 0.050
Maximum depth of channel = 1.000(Ft.)
Flow(q) thru subarea = 0.653(CFS)
Depth of flow = 0.081(Ft.), Average velocity = 0.444(Ft/s)
Channel flow top width = 18.484(Ft.)
```

```
4
```

```
Flow Velocity = 0.44(Ft/s)
Travel time = 13.77 min.
Time of concentration = 22.92 min.
Critical depth = 0.034(Ft.)
Process from Point/Station
                            32.000 to Point/Station
                                                      24.000
**** CONFLUENCE OF MINOR STREAMS ****
Along Main Stream number: 2 in normal stream number 2
Stream flow area = 0.330(Ac.)
Runoff from this stream =
                          0.653(CFS)
Time of concentration = 22.92 min.
Rainfall intensity =
                    1.713(In/Hr)
Summary of stream data:
                   TC
                                Rainfall Intensity
Stream
       Flow rate
                                      (In/Hr)
No.
        (CFS)
                  (min)
1
       4.194
                16.91
                               2.001
2
       0.653
                22.92
                               1.713
Qmax(1) =
       1.000 * 1.000 *
                         4.194) +
       1.000 * 0.738 *
                          0.653) + =
                                         4.676
Qmax(2) =
               1.000 *
       0.856 *
                          4.194) +
       1.000 *
                1.000 *
                         0.653) + =
                                     4.245
Total of 2 streams to confluence:
Flow rates before confluence point:
     4.194
               0.653
Maximum flow rates at confluence using above data:
      4.676
                  4.245
Area of streams before confluence:
      2.730
                0.330
Results of confluence:
Total flow rate = 4.676(CFS)
Time of concentration = 16.914 min.
Effective stream area after confluence =
                                       3.060(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station
                            24.000 to Point/Station
                                                      24.000
**** SUBAREA FLOW ADDITION ****
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
Time of concentration =
                     16.91 min.
Rainfall intensity =
                    2.001(In/Hr) for a 10.0 year storm
Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method, Q=KCIA, C = 0.740
Subarea runoff = 0.637(CFS) for 0.430(Ac.)
```

```
Total runoff = 5.313(CFS) Total area = 3.49(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station
                            24.000 to Point/Station
                                                       16.000
**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****
Upstream point/station elevation =
                                480.100(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 479.600(Ft.)
Pipe length = 185.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 5.313(CFS)
Nearest computed pipe diameter =
                                 18.00(In.)
Calculated individual pipe flow = 5.313(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 14.34(In.)
Flow top width inside pipe =
                          14.48(In.)
Critical Depth = 10.65(In.)
Pipe flow velocity =
                      3.52(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 0.88 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 17.79 min.
Process from Point/Station
                            24.000 to Point/Station
                                                       16.000
**** CONFLUENCE OF MAIN STREAMS ****
The following data inside Main Stream is listed:
In Main Stream number: 2
Stream flow area = 3.490(Ac.)
Runoff from this stream =
                           5.313(CFS)
Time of concentration = 17.79 min.
                     1.952(In/Hr)
Rainfall intensity =
Summary of stream data:
                                 Rainfall Intensity
Stream
       Flow rate
                     TC
No.
         (CFS)
                    (min)
                                       (In/Hr)
1
       3.071
                12.93
                               2.275
       5.313
                17.79
                               1.952
2
Qmax(1) =
       1.000 *
               1.000 *
                           3.071) +
       1.000 *
                0.727 *
                           5.313) + =
                                          6.931
Qmax(2) =
       0.858 *
                1.000 *
                           3.071) +
       1.000 *
                1.000 *
                           5.313) + =
                                          7.947
Total of 2 main streams to confluence:
Flow rates before confluence point:
      3.071
                5.313
Maximum flow rates at confluence using above data:
       6.931
                  7.947
Area of streams before confluence:
```

```
6
```

```
1.590 3.490
```

Process from Point/Station16.000 to Point/Station34.000**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size)****

Upstream point/station elevation = 479.600(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 479.100(Ft.)
Pipe length = 161.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 7.947(CFS)
Nearest computed pipe diameter = 21.00(In.)
Calculated individual pipe flow = 7.947(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 15.56(In.)
Flow top width inside pipe = 18.40(In.)
Critical Depth = 12.55(In.)
Pipe flow velocity = 4.15(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 0.65 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 18.44 min.

```
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea

Time of concentration = 18.44 min.

Rainfall intensity = 1.917(In/Hr) for a 10.0 year storm

Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method,Q=KCIA, C = 0.740

Subarea runoff = 0.993(CFS) for 0.700(Ac.)

Total runoff = 8.940(CFS) Total area = 5.78(Ac.)
```

```
Upstream point/station elevation = 479.100(Ft.)

Downstream point/station elevation = 478.500(Ft.)

Pipe length = 190.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013

No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 8.940(CFS)

Nearest computed pipe diameter = 21.00(In.)

Calculated individual pipe flow = 8.940(CFS)

Normal flow depth in pipe = 17.30(In.)

Flow top width inside pipe = 16.01(In.)

Critical Depth = 13.34(In.)
```

```
Pipe flow velocity = 4.22(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 0.75 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 19.19 min.
Process from Point/Station 40.000 to Point/Station
                                                    38.000
**** SUBAREA FLOW ADDITION ****
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
Time of concentration = 19.19 min.
Rainfall intensity = 1.879(In/Hr) for a 10.0 year storm
Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method, Q=KCIA, C = 0.740
Subarea runoff = 0.362(CFS) for 0.260(Ac.)
Total runoff = 9.302(CFS) Total area =
                                          6.04(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station 38.000 to Point/Station 42.000
**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****
Upstream point/station elevation = 478.500(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 478.000(Ft.)
Pipe length = 154.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow =
                                    9.302(CFS)
Nearest computed pipe diameter = 21.00(In.)
Calculated individual pipe flow = 9.302(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 17.86(In.)
Flow top width inside pipe = 14.98(In.)
Critical Depth = 13.60(In.)
Pipe flow velocity = 4.27(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 0.60 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 19.79 min.
Process from Point/Station 38.000 to Point/Station
                                                   42.000
**** CONFLUENCE OF MINOR STREAMS ****
Along Main Stream number: 1 in normal stream number 1
Stream flow area = 6.040(Ac.)
Runoff from this stream = 9.302(CFS)
Time of concentration = 19.79 min.
Rainfall intensity = 1.850(In/Hr)
Process from Point/Station 50.000 to Point/Station
                                                  52.000
**** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
```

User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea Initial subarea flow distance = 455.000(Ft.)

```
Highest elevation = 488.400(Ft.)
Lowest elevation = 485.500(Ft.)
Elevation difference =
                       2.900(Ft.)
Time of concentration calculated by the urban
areas overland flow method (App X-C) = 16.06 min.
TC = [1.8*(1.1-C)*distance(Ft.)^{.5})/(% slope^{(1/3)}]
TC = [1.8*(1.1-0.7400)*(455.000^{-1.5})/(0.637^{-1.5})] = 16.06
Rainfall intensity (I) =
                          2.052(In/Hr) for a
                                             10.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.740
Subarea runoff =
                   4.129(CFS)
Total initial stream area =
                               2.720(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station
                             52.000 to Point/Station
                                                         54.000
**** IMPROVED CHANNEL TRAVEL TIME ****
Upstream point elevation = 483.800(Ft.)
Downstream point elevation = 483.000(Ft.)
Channel length thru subarea = 164.000(Ft.)
                       20.000(Ft.)
Channel base width
                 =
Slope or 'Z' of left channel bank = 3.000
Slope or 'Z' of right channel bank = 3.000
Estimated mean flow rate at midpoint of channel = 4.486(CFS)
Manning's 'N'
               = 0.050
Maximum depth of channel = 1.000(Ft.)
Flow(q) thru subarea = 4.486(CFS)
Depth of flow = 0.261(Ft.), Average velocity = 0.826(Ft/s)
Channel flow top width = 21.568(Ft.)
Flow Velocity = 0.83(Ft/s)
               3.31 min.
Travel time =
Time of concentration = 19.37 min.
Critical depth = 0.115(Ft.)
Adding area flow to channel
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
Rainfall intensity = 1.870(In/Hr) for a 10.0 year storm
Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method, Q=KCIA, C = 0.740
Subarea runoff = 0.650(CFS) for 0.470(Ac.)
Total runoff = 4.780(CFS) Total area = 3.19(Ac.)
54.000 to Point/Station
Process from Point/Station
                                                         42.000
**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****
Upstream point/station elevation = 479.000(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 478.000(Ft.)
Pipe length = 207.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 4.780(CFS)
Nearest computed pipe diameter = 18.00(In.)
Calculated individual pipe flow = 4.780(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 10.62(In.)
```

```
9
```

```
Flow top width inside pipe = 17.71(In.)
Critical Depth = 10.08(In.)
Pipe flow velocity = 4.41(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 0.78 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 20.15 min.
Process from Point/Station 54.000 to Point/Station 42.000
**** CONFLUENCE OF MINOR STREAMS ****
Along Main Stream number: 1 in normal stream number 2
Stream flow area = 3.190(Ac.)
Runoff from this stream =
                          4.780(CFS)
Time of concentration = 20.15 min.
Rainfall intensity = 1.833(In/Hr)
Summary of stream data:
                   TC
Stream Flow rate
                          Rainfall Intensity
No.
        (CFS)
                  (min)
                                     (In/Hr)
       9.302
1
               19.79
                              1.850
       4.780
2
                20.15
                              1.833
Qmax(1) =
       1.000 * 1.000 *
                         9.302) +
       1.000 * 0.982 *
                          4.780) + =
                                       13.994
Qmax(2) =
       0.991 * 1.000 * 9.302) +
1.000 * 1.000 * 4.780) +
                         4.780) + = 13.994
Total of 2 streams to confluence:
Flow rates before confluence point:
      9.302
               4.780
Maximum flow rates at confluence using above data:
     13.994
             13.994
Area of streams before confluence:
      6.040
                 3.190
Results of confluence:
Total flow rate = 13.994(CFS)
Time of concentration = 20.155 min.
Effective stream area after confluence = 9.230(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station 42.000 to Point/Station
                                                     60.000
**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****
Upstream point/station elevation = 478.000(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 477.000(Ft.)
Pipe length = 325.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 13.994(CFS)
```

```
Nearest computed pipe diameter = 27.00(In.)
Calculated individual pipe flow = 13.994(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 18.52(In.)
Flow top width inside pipe = 25.07(In.)
Critical Depth = 15.61(In.)
Pipe flow velocity = 4.82(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 1.12 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 21.28 min.
Process from Point/Station 42.000 to Point/Station 60.000
**** CONFLUENCE OF MAIN STREAMS ****
The following data inside Main Stream is listed:
In Main Stream number: 1
Stream flow area = 9.230(Ac.)
Runoff from this stream = 13.994(CFS)
Time of concentration = 21.28 min.
Rainfall intensity = 1.782(In/Hr)
Program is now starting with Main Stream No. 2
Process from Point/Station
                            70.000 to Point/Station
                                                     72.000
**** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
Initial subarea flow distance = 264.000(Ft.)
Highest elevation = 493.000(Ft.)
Lowest elevation = 490.700(Ft.)
Elevation difference =
                      2.300(Ft.)
Time of concentration calculated by the urban
areas overland flow method (App X-C) = 11.02 min.
TC = [1.8*(1.1-C)*distance(Ft.)^{.5})/(% slope^{(1/3)}]
TC = [1.8*(1.1-0.7400)*(264.000^{.5})/(0.871^{(1/3)}] = 11.02
Rainfall intensity (I) = 2.451(In/Hr) for a 10.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.740
Subarea runoff = 2.358(CFS)
Total initial stream area =
                             1.300(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station 72.000 to Point/Station
                                                     74.000
**** IMPROVED CHANNEL TRAVEL TIME ****
Upstream point elevation = 488.300(Ft.)
Downstream point elevation = 487.300(Ft.)
Channel length thru subarea = 180.000(Ft.)
Channel base width = 20.000(Ft.)
Slope or 'Z' of left channel bank =
                                 3.000
```

```
Slope or 'Z' of right channel bank = 3.000
```

```
Estimated mean flow rate at midpoint of channel = 2.820(CFS)
Manning's 'N' = 0.050
Maximum depth of channel = 1.000(Ft.)
Flow(q) thru subarea = 2.820(CFS)
Depth of flow = 0.191(Ft.), Average velocity = 0.719(Ft/s)
Channel flow top width = 21.144(Ft.)
Flow Velocity =
               0.72(Ft/s)
Travel time =
               4.17 min.
Time of concentration = 15.20 min.
                 0.085(Ft.)
Critical depth =
Adding area flow to channel
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
Rainfall intensity = 2.107(In/Hr) for a 10.0 year storm
Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method, Q=KCIA, C = 0.740
Subarea runoff = 0.795(CFS) for
                                 0.510(Ac.)
Total runoff = 3.153(CFS) Total area =
                                             1.81(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station 74.000 to Point/Station
                                                      76.000
**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****
Upstream point/station elevation = 483.300(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 482.400(Ft.)
Pipe length = 179.00 (Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 3.153(CFS)
Nearest computed pipe diameter = 15.00(In.)
Calculated individual pipe flow = 3.153(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 9.14(In.)
Flow top width inside pipe =
                          14.64(In.)
Critical Depth = 8.58(In.)
Pipe flow velocity = 4.02(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 0.74 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 15.94 min.
77.000 to Point/Station
Process from Point/Station
                                                     76.000
**** SUBAREA FLOW ADDITION ****
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
Time of concentration = 15.94 min.
Rainfall intensity = 2.059(In/Hr) for a 10.0 year storm
Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method, Q=KCIA, C = 0.740
Subarea runoff = 0.076(CFS) for 0.050(Ac.)
Total runoff = 3.229(CFS) Total area = 1.86(Ac.)
```

```
Process from Point/Station 76.000 to Point/Station 78.000
**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****
```

Upstream point/station elevation = 482.400(Ft.) Downstream point/station elevation = 481.300(Ft.) Pipe length = 241.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 3.229(CFS) Nearest computed pipe diameter = 15.00(In.) Calculated individual pipe flow = 3.229(CFS) Normal flow depth in pipe = 9.60(In.) Flow top width inside pipe = 14.40(In.) Critical Depth = 8.68(In.) Pipe flow velocity = 3.89(Ft/s) Travel time through pipe = 1.03 min. Time of concentration (TC) = 16.97 min. Process from Point/Station 79.000 to Point/Station 78.000 **** SUBAREA FLOW ADDITION **** User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea Time of concentration = 16.97 min. Rainfall intensity = 1.997(In/Hr) for a 10.0 year storm Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method, Q=KCIA, C = 0.740 Subarea runoff = 0.044(CFS) for 0.030(Ac.) Total runoff = 3.273(CFS) Total area = 1.89(Ac.) Process from Point/Station 78.000 to Point/Station 80.000 **** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) **** Upstream point/station elevation = 481.300(Ft.) Downstream point/station elevation = 480.300(Ft.) Pipe length = 185.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013 No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 3.273(CFS) Nearest computed pipe diameter = 15.00(In.) Calculated individual pipe flow = 3.273(CFS) Normal flow depth in pipe = 9.15(In.) Flow top width inside pipe = 14.63(In.) Critical Depth = 8.75(In.) Pipe flow velocity = 4.17(Ft/s) Travel time through pipe = 0.74 min. Time of concentration (TC) = 17.71 min. Process from Point/Station 78.000 to Point/Station 80.000 **** CONFLUENCE OF MINOR STREAMS **** Along Main Stream number: 2 in normal stream number 1 Stream flow area = 1.890(Ac.) Runoff from this stream = 3.273(CFS) Time of concentration = 17.71 min.
Rainfall intensity = 1.956(In/Hr)

```
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
Initial subarea flow distance = 814.000(Ft.)
Highest elevation = 493.000(Ft.)
Lowest elevation = 487.800(Ft.)
Elevation difference =
                      5.200(Ft.)
Time of concentration calculated by the urban
areas overland flow method (App X-C) = 21.47 min.
TC = [1.8*(1.1-C)*distance(Ft.)^{.5})/(% slope^{(1/3)}]
TC = [1.8*(1.1-0.7400)*(814.000^{.5})/(0.639^{(1/3)}] = 21.47
Rainfall intensity (I) = 1.774(In/Hr) for a 10.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.740
Subarea runoff =
                   3.584(CFS)
Total initial stream area =
                             2.730(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station 84.000 to Point/Station 86.000
**** IMPROVED CHANNEL TRAVEL TIME ****
Upstream point elevation = 485.500(Ft.)
Downstream point elevation = 484.500(Ft.)
Channel length thru subarea = 216.000(Ft.)
Channel base width = 20.000(Ft.)
Slope or 'Z' of left channel bank = 3.000
Slope or 'Z' of right channel bank = 3.000
Estimated mean flow rate at midpoint of channel = 3.912(CFS)
Manning's 'N' = 0.050
Maximum depth of channel = 1.000(Ft.)
Flow(q) thru subarea = 3.912(CFS)
Depth of flow = 0.245(Ft.), Average velocity = 0.771(Ft/s)
Channel flow top width = 21.468(Ft.)
Flow Velocity = 0.77(Ft/s)
Travel time =
              4.67 min.
Time of concentration = 26.14 min.
Critical depth = 0.105(Ft.)
Adding area flow to channel
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
Rainfall intensity = 1.594(In/Hr) for a 10.0 year storm
Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method, Q=KCIA, C = 0.740
Subarea runoff = 0.590(CFS) for 0.500(Ac.)
Total runoff = 4.173(CFS) Total area =
                                              3.23(Ac.)
```

```
14
```

86.000 to Point/Station 80.000

Process from Point/Station

**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****

Upstream point/station elevation = 480.500(Ft.) Downstream point/station elevation = 480.300(Ft.) Pipe length = 32.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013 No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 4.173(CFS) Nearest computed pipe diameter = 15.00(In.) Calculated individual pipe flow = 4.173(CFS) Normal flow depth in pipe = 10.31(In.) Flow top width inside pipe = 13.91(In.) Critical Depth = 9.93(In.) Pipe flow velocity = 4.64(Ft/s) Travel time through pipe = 0.11 min. Time of concentration (TC) = 26.25 min. Process from Point/Station 86.000 to Point/Station 80.000 **** CONFLUENCE OF MINOR STREAMS **** Along Main Stream number: 2 in normal stream number 2 Stream flow area = 3.230(Ac.) Runoff from this stream = 4.173(CFS) Time of concentration = 26.25 min. Rainfall intensity = 1.590(In/Hr) Summary of stream data: Stream Flow rate TC Rainfall Intensity No. (CFS) (min) (In/Hr) 1.956 1 3.273 17.71 26.25 1.590 2 4.173 Qmax(1) =1.000 * 1.000 * 3.273) + 1.000 * 0.675 * 4.173) + 4.173) + = 6.089 Qmax(2) =0.813 * 1.000 * 3.273) +1.000 * 1.000 * 4.173) + =6.833 Total of 2 streams to confluence: Flow rates before confluence point: 3.273 4.173 Maximum flow rates at confluence using above data: 6.089 6.833 Area of streams before confluence: 3.230 1.890 Results of confluence: Total flow rate = 6.833(CFS) Time of concentration = 26.250 min. Effective stream area after confluence = 5.120(Ac.)

```
Upstream point/station elevation = 480.300(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 478.300(Ft.)
Pipe length = 398.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 6.833(CFS)
Nearest computed pipe diameter = 18.00(In.)
Calculated individual pipe flow = 6.833(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 13.57(In.)
Flow top width inside pipe = 15.51(In.)
Critical Depth = 12.14(In.)
Pipe flow velocity = 4.78(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 1.39 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 27.64 min.
Process from Point/Station 89.000 to Point/Station
                                                      88.000
**** SUBAREA FLOW ADDITION ****
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
Time of concentration = 27.64 min.
Rainfall intensity = 1.543(In/Hr) for a 10.0 year storm
Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method, Q=KCIA, C = 0.740
Subarea runoff = 0.034(CFS) for 0.030(Ac.)
Total runoff = 6.868(CFS) Total area = 5.15(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station 88.000 to Point/Station
                                                      60.000
**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****
Upstream point/station elevation = 478.300(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 477.000(Ft.)
Pipe length = 264.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 6.868(CFS)
Nearest computed pipe diameter = 18.00(In.)
Calculated individual pipe flow = 6.868(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 13.76(In.)
Flow top width inside pipe = 15.28(In.)
Critical Depth = 12.16(In.)
Pipe flow velocity = 4.74(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 0.93 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 28.57 min.
```

Process from Point/Station 88.000 to Point/Station 60.000 **** CONFLUENCE OF MAIN STREAMS ****

```
The following data inside Main Stream is listed:
In Main Stream number: 2
Stream flow area =
                 5.150(Ac.)
Runoff from this stream =
                           6.868(CFS)
Time of concentration = 28.57 min.
Rainfall intensity = 1.514(In/Hr)
Program is now starting with Main Stream No. 3
Process from Point/Station
                             90.000 to Point/Station 92.000
**** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
Initial subarea flow distance = 389.000(Ft.)
Highest elevation = 488.500(Ft.)
Lowest elevation = 484.600(Ft.)
Elevation difference =
                       3.900(Ft.)
Time of concentration calculated by the urban
areas overland flow method (App X-C) =
                                     12.77 min.
TC = [1.8*(1.1-C)*distance(Ft.)^{.5})/(% slope^{(1/3)}]
TC = [1.8*(1.1-0.7400)*(389.000^{.5})/(1.003^{(1/3)}] = 12.77
Rainfall intensity (I) = 2.288(In/Hr) for a 10.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.740
Subarea runoff =
                  2.489(CFS)
Total initial stream area =
                              1.470(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station 92.000 to Point/Station
                                                        94.000
**** IMPROVED CHANNEL TRAVEL TIME ****
Upstream point elevation = 482.700(Ft.)
Downstream point elevation = 482.000(Ft.)
Channel length thru subarea = 133.000(Ft.)
Channel base width
                 = 40.000(Ft.)
Slope or 'Z' of left channel bank = 3.000
Slope or 'Z' of right channel bank = 3.000
Estimated mean flow rate at midpoint of channel = 2.692(CFS)
              = 0.040
Manning's 'N'
Maximum depth of channel = 1.000(Ft.)
Flow(q) thru subarea = 2.692(CFS)
Depth of flow = 0.109(Ft.), Average velocity = 0.612(Ft/s)
Channel flow top width = 40.655(Ft.)
Flow Velocity =
               0.61(Ft/s)
Travel time =
               3.62 min.
Time of concentration = 16.39 min.
                0.052(Ft.)
Critical depth =
Adding area flow to channel
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
Rainfall intensity = 2.031(In/Hr) for a 10.0 year storm
```

```
Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method, Q=KCIA, C = 0.740
                   0.361(CFS) for
Subarea runoff =
                                   0.240(Ac.)
Total runoff =
                2.849(CFS) Total area =
                                              1.71(Ac.)
94.000 to Point/Station
Process from Point/Station
                                                       60.000
**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****
Upstream point/station elevation = 478.000(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 477.000(Ft.)
Pipe length = 88.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow =
                                       2.849(CFS)
Nearest computed pipe diameter = 12.00(In.)
Calculated individual pipe flow = 2.849(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 7.76(In.)
Flow top width inside pipe =
                           11.47(In.)
Critical Depth =
                 8.69(In.)
Pipe flow velocity =
                      5.31(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 0.28 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 16.67 min.
Process from Point/Station
                             94.000 to Point/Station
                                                       66.000
**** CONFLUENCE OF MAIN STREAMS ****
The following data inside Main Stream is listed:
In Main Stream number: 3
Stream flow area =
                     1.710(Ac.)
Runoff from this stream =
                           2.849(CFS)
Time of concentration =
                      16.67 min.
Rainfall intensity =
                     2.015(In/Hr)
Summary of stream data:
                                 Rainfall Intensity
Stream
       Flow rate
                     TC
No.
         (CFS)
                                       (In/Hr)
                    (min)
       13.994
1
                21.28
                                1.782
2
       6.868
                28.57
                                1.514
3
       2.849
                16.67
                                2.015
Omax(1) =
                1.000 *
       1.000 *
                          13.994) +
       1.000 *
                 0.745 *
                           6.868) +
       0.884 *
                 1.000 *
                           2.849) + =
                                          21.630
Qmax(2) =
       0.849 *
                 1.000 *
                          13.994) +
                 1.000 *
       1.000 *
                           6.868) +
       0.751 *
                1.000 *
                           2.849) + =
                                         20.896
Qmax(3) =
       1.000 * 0.783 * 13.994) +
```

```
18
```

```
1.000 * 0.584 * 6.868) +
1.000 * 1.000 * 2.849) + = 17.819
Total of 3 main streams to confluence:
Flow rates before confluence point:
     13.994 6.868 2.849
Maximum flow rates at confluence using above data:
     21.630 20.896 17.819
Area of streams before confluence:
      9.230 5.150 1.710
Results of confluence:
Total flow rate = 21.630(CFS)
Time of concentration = 21.280 min.
Effective stream area after confluence = 16.090(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station 60.000 to Point/Station
                                                    96.000
**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****
Upstream point/station elevation = 477.000(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 476.680(Ft.)
Pipe length = 107.00 (Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 21.630(CFS)
Nearest computed pipe diameter = 30.00(In.)
Calculated individual pipe flow = 21.630(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 23.67(In.)
Flow top width inside pipe = 24.48(In.)
Critical Depth = 18.96(In.)
Pipe flow velocity = 5.21(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 0.34 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 21.62 min.
Process from Point/Station 60.000 to Point/Station
                                                   96.000
**** CONFLUENCE OF MINOR STREAMS ****
Along Main Stream number: 1 in normal stream number 1
Stream flow area = 16.090(Ac.)
Runoff from this stream = 21.630(CFS)
Time of concentration = 21.62 min.
Rainfall intensity = 1.767(In/Hr)
Process from Point/Station 98.000 to Point/Station 96.000
**** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
```

```
Initial subarea flow distance = 539.000(Ft.)
Highest elevation = 489.300(Ft.)
Lowest elevation = 482.700(Ft.)
Elevation difference = 6.600(Ft.)
Time of concentration calculated by the urban
areas overland flow method (App X-C) = 14.06 min.
TC = [1.8*(1.1-C)*distance(Ft.)^{.5})/(\$ slope^{(1/3)}]
TC = [1.8*(1.1-0.7400)*(539.000^{.5})/(1.224^{(1/3)}] = 14.06
Rainfall intensity (I) = 2.186(In/Hr) for a 10.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.740
Subarea runoff = 1.505(CFS)
Total initial stream area =
                             0.930(Ac.)
96.000
Process from Point/Station 98.000 to Point/Station
**** CONFLUENCE OF MINOR STREAMS ****
Along Main Stream number: 1 in normal stream number 2
Stream flow area = 0.930(Ac.)
Runoff from this stream =
                          1.505(CFS)
Time of concentration = 14.06 min.
Rainfall intensity = 2.186(In/Hr)
Summary of stream data:
Stream Flow rate
                   TC
                               Rainfall Intensity
No.
         (CFS)
                   (min)
                                       (In/Hr)
1
      21.630
                21.62
                               1.767
2
       1.505
                14.06
                               2.186
Omax(1) =
       1.000 *
               1.000 *
                         21.630) +
       0.808 * 1.000 *
                          1.505) + =
                                        22.846
Qmax(2) =
       1.000 * 0.650 * 21.630) +
       1.000 *
                1.000 *
                          1.505) + =
                                        15.572
Total of 2 streams to confluence:
Flow rates before confluence point:
     21.630
                1.505
Maximum flow rates at confluence using above data:
      22.846
                15.572
Area of streams before confluence:
      16.090
                 0.930
Results of confluence:
Total flow rate = 22.846(CFS)
Time of concentration =
                       21.622 min.
Effective stream area after confluence = 17.020(Ac.)
```

```
20
```

Process from Point/Station 100.000 to Point/Station 102.000 **** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****

```
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
Initial subarea flow distance = 191.000(Ft.)
Highest elevation = 486.000(Ft.)
Lowest elevation = 483.500(Ft.)
Elevation difference =
                       2.500(Ft.)
Time of concentration calculated by the urban
areas overland flow method (App X-C) =
                                       8.19 min.
TC = [1.8*(1.1-C)*distance(Ft.)^{.5})/(% slope^{(1/3)}]
TC = [1.8*(1.1-0.7400)*(191.000^{.5})/(1.309^{(1/3)}] = 8.19
Rainfall intensity (I) =
                           2.819(In/Hr) for a 10.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.740
Subarea runoff =
                   0.626(CFS)
Total initial stream area =
                               0.300(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station
                            110.000 to Point/Station
                                                       112.000
**** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
Initial subarea flow distance = 147.000(Ft.)
Highest elevation = 486.000(Ft.)
Lowest elevation = 483.500(Ft.)
Elevation difference =
                       2.500(Ft.)
Time of concentration calculated by the urban
areas overland flow method (App X-C) =
                                       6.58 min.
TC = [1.8*(1.1-C)*distance(Ft.)^{.5})/(% slope^{(1/3)}]
TC = [1.8*(1.1-0.7400)*(147.000^{.5})/(1.701^{(1/3)}] = 6.58
Rainfall intensity (I) = 3.132(In/Hr) for a 10.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.740
Subarea runoff = 0.556(CFS)
Total initial stream area =
                              0.240(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station 120.000 to Point/Station 122.000
**** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****
Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group D = 1.000
[INDUSTRIAL area type
Initial subarea flow distance = 229.000(Ft.)
Highest elevation = 487.100(Ft.)
Lowest elevation = 484.600(Ft.)
Elevation difference = 2.500(Ft.)
Time of concentration calculated by the urban
areas overland flow method (App X-C) = 3.97 min.
```

```
TC = [1.8*(1.1-C)*distance(Ft.)^{.5})/(\$ slope^{(1/3)}]
TC = [1.8*(1.1-0.9500)*(229.000^{.5})/(1.092^{(1/3)}] = 3.97
Setting time of concentration to 5 minutes
Rainfall intensity (I) = 3.592(In/Hr) for a 10.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.950
Subarea runoff =
                  2.184(CFS)
Total initial stream area =
                            0.640(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station 122.000 to Point/Station
                                                    124.000
**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****
Upstream point/station elevation = 481.000(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 479.800(Ft.)
Pipe length = 254.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 2.184(CFS)
Nearest computed pipe diameter =
                                12.00(In.)
Calculated individual pipe flow = 2.184(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 8.84(In.)
Flow top width inside pipe =
                          10.57(In.)
Critical Depth = 7.58(In.)
Pipe flow velocity = 3.52(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 1.20 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 6.20 min.
Process from Point/Station
                           126.000 to Point/Station
                                                    124.000
**** SUBAREA FLOW ADDITION ****
Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group D = 1.000
[INDUSTRIAL area type
                                      ]
Time of concentration =
                      6.20 min.
                     3.225(In/Hr) for a 10.0 year storm
Rainfall intensity =
Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method,Q=KCIA, C = 0.950
                  2.114(CFS) for
Subarea runoff =
                                 0.690(Ac.)
Total runoff =
                4.298(CFS) Total area =
                                             1.33(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station
                          124.000 to Point/Station
                                                     128.000
**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****
Upstream point/station elevation = 479.800(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 479.100(Ft.)
Pipe length = 208.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 4.298(CFS)
Nearest computed pipe diameter = 18.00(In.)
```

```
Calculated individual pipe flow = 4.298(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 11.16(In.)
Flow top width inside pipe = 17.48(In.)
Critical Depth = 9.54(In.)
Pipe flow velocity = 3.74(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 0.93 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 7.13 min.
Process from Point/Station
                       130.000 to Point/Station 128.000
**** SUBAREA FLOW ADDITION ****
Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group D = 1.000
[INDUSTRIAL area type
                                      ]
                      7.13 min.
Time of concentration =
Rainfall intensity = 3.013(In/Hr) for a 10.0 year storm
Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method, Q=KCIA, C = 0.950
Subarea runoff = 1.717(CFS) for 0.600(Ac.)
Total runoff = 6.016(CFS) Total area =
                                            1.93(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station 128.000 to Point/Station
                                                    132.000
**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****
Upstream point/station elevation = 479.100(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 478.400(Ft.)
Pipe length = 191.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 6.016(CFS)
Nearest computed pipe diameter =
                                18.00(In.)
Calculated individual pipe flow = 6.016(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 13.95(In.)
Flow top width inside pipe = 15.04(In.)
Critical Depth = 11.38(In.)
Pipe flow velocity = 4.09(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 0.78 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 7.91 min.
Process from Point/Station
                          134.000 to Point/Station
                                                   132.000
**** SUBAREA FLOW ADDITION ****
Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group D = 1.000
[INDUSTRIAL area type
                                      ]
```

Time of concentration = 7.91 min. Rainfall intensity = 2.867(In/Hr) for a 10.0 year storm Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method, Q=KCIA, C = 0.950 Subarea runoff = 2.751(CFS) for 1.010(Ac.)Total runoff = 8.766(CFS) Total area = 2.94(Ac.) Process from Point/Station 132.000 to Point/Station 136.000 **** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) **** Upstream point/station elevation = 478.400(Ft.) Downstream point/station elevation = 476.700(Ft.) Pipe length = 455.00 (Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013 No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 8.766(CFS) Nearest computed pipe diameter = 21.00(In.) Calculated individual pipe flow = 8.766(CFS) Normal flow depth in pipe = 15.66(In.) Flow top width inside pipe = 18.29(In.) Critical Depth = 13.21(In.) Pipe flow velocity = 4.56(Ft/s) Travel time through pipe = 1.66 min. Time of concentration (TC) = 9.57 min. Process from Point/Station 132.000 to Point/Station 136.000 **** CONFLUENCE OF MAIN STREAMS **** The following data inside Main Stream is listed: In Main Stream number: 1 Stream flow area = 2.940(Ac.) Runoff from this stream = 8.766(CFS) Time of concentration = 9.57 min. Rainfall intensity = 2.619(In/Hr) Program is now starting with Main Stream No. 2 Process from Point/Station 200.000 to Point/Station 202.000 **** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION **** User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea Initial subarea flow distance = 179.000(Ft.) Highest elevation = 489.000(Ft.) Lowest elevation = 457.000(Ft.) Elevation difference = 32.000(Ft.) Time of concentration calculated by the urban areas overland flow method (App X-C) = 3.32 min. $TC = [1.8*(1.1-C)*distance(Ft.)^{.5})/(\$ slope^{(1/3)}]$ $TC = [1.8*(1.1-0.7400)*(179.000^{.5})/(17.877^{(1/3)}] = 3.32$ Setting time of concentration to 5 minutes

```
Rainfall intensity (I) = 3.592(In/Hr) for a 10.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.740
Subarea runoff = 0.691(CFS)
Total initial stream area = 0.260(Ac.)
```

```
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
Initial subarea flow distance = 215.000(Ft.)
Highest elevation = 488.200(Ft.)
Lowest elevation = 486.000(Ft.)
Elevation difference =
                         2.200(Ft.)
Time of concentration calculated by the urban
areas overland flow method (App X-C) = 9.43 min.
TC = [1.8*(1.1-C)*distance(Ft.)^{.5})/(% slope^{(1/3)}]
TC = [1.8*(1.1-0.7400)*(215.000^{-1.5})/(1.023^{-1.5})] = 9.43
Rainfall intensity (I) = 2.637(In/Hr) for a 10.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.740
Subarea runoff =
                    0.351(CFS)
Total initial stream area =
                                 0.180(Ac.)
End of computations, total study area =
                                               20.940 (Ac.)
```

San Diego County Rational Hydrology Program CIVILCADD/CIVILDESIGN Engineering Software,(c)1991-2005 Version 6.4 Rational method hydrology program based on San Diego County Flood Control Division 1985 hydrology manual Rational Hydrology Study Date: 07/26/18 _____ Plaza La Media - North Preliminary Hydrology Proposed Conditions 25-Year Flow Rate _____ _____ Hydrology Study Control Information ********* * * * * * * * * * Program License Serial Number 4028 _____ Rational hydrology study storm event year is 25.0 English (in-lb) input data Units used English (in) rainfall data used Standard intensity of Appendix I-B used for year and Elevation 0 - 1500 feet Factor (to multiply * intensity) = 1.000 Only used if inside City of San Diego San Diego hydrology manual 'C' values used Runoff coefficients by rational method Process from Point/Station 10.000 to Point/Station 12.000 **** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION **** User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea Initial subarea flow distance = 222.000(Ft.) Highest elevation = 491.400(Ft.) Lowest elevation = 489.000(Ft.) Elevation difference = 2.400(Ft.) Time of concentration calculated by the urban areas overland flow method (App X-C) = 9.41 min. $TC = [1.8*(1.1-C)*distance(Ft.)^{.5})/(% slope^{(1/3)}]$ $TC = [1.8*(1.1-0.7400)*(222.000^{.5})/(1.081^{(1/3)}] = 9.41$ Rainfall intensity (I) = 2.888(In/Hr) for a 25.0 year storm Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.740 Subarea runoff = 1.859(CFS) Total initial stream area = 0.870(Ac.)

13.000 to Point/Station 12.000 Process from Point/Station **** SUBAREA FLOW ADDITION **** User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea Time of concentration = 9.41 min. Rainfall intensity = 2.888(In/Hr) for a 25.0 year storm Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method, Q=KCIA, C = 0.740 Subarea runoff = 1.068(CFS) for 0.500(Ac.) Total runoff = 2.928(CFS) Total area = 1.37(Ac.) Process from Point/Station 12.000 to Point/Station 14.000 **** IMPROVED CHANNEL TRAVEL TIME **** Upstream point elevation = 485.300(Ft.) Downstream point elevation = 484.900(Ft.) Channel length thru subarea = 80.000(Ft.) Channel base width = 20.000(Ft.)Slope or 'Z' of left channel bank = 3.000 Slope or 'Z' of right channel bank = 3.000 Estimated mean flow rate at midpoint of channel = 3.163(CFS) Manning's 'N' = 0.050Maximum depth of channel = 1.000(Ft.) Flow(q) thru subarea = 3.163(CFS) Depth of flow = 0.211(Ft.), Average velocity = 0.728(Ft/s) Channel flow top width = 21.264(Ft.) Flow Velocity = 0.73(Ft/s) Travel time = 1.83 min. Time of concentration = 11.24 min. Critical depth = 0.092(Ft.)Adding area flow to channel User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea Rainfall intensity = 2.674(In/Hr) for a 25.0 year storm Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method, Q=KCIA, C = 0.740 Subarea runoff = 0.435(CFS) for 0.220(Ac.) Total runoff = 3.363(CFS) Total area = 1.59(Ac.) Process from Point/Station 14.000 to Point/Station 16.000 **** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) **** Upstream point/station elevation = 480.500(Ft.) Downstream point/station elevation = 479.600(Ft.) Pipe length = 311.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013 No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 3.363(CFS) Nearest computed pipe diameter = 15.00(In.) Calculated individual pipe flow = 3.363(CFS) Normal flow depth in pipe = 11.88(In.)

```
Flow top width inside pipe = 12.17(In.)
```

```
Critical Depth = 8.87(In.)
Pipe flow velocity = 3.23(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 1.61 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 12.85 min.
Process from Point/Station
                           14.000 to Point/Station
                                                    16.000
**** CONFLUENCE OF MAIN STREAMS ****
The following data inside Main Stream is listed:
In Main Stream number: 1
Stream flow area = 1.590(Ac.)
Runoff from this stream =
                          3.363(CFS)
Time of concentration = 12.85 min.
Rainfall intensity =
                    2.523(In/Hr)
Program is now starting with Main Stream No. 2
Process from Point/Station 20.000 to Point/Station
                                                     22.000
**** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
Initial subarea flow distance = 522.000(Ft.)
Highest elevation = 491.400(Ft.)
Lowest elevation = 487.000(Ft.)
Elevation difference = 4.400(Ft.)
Time of concentration calculated by the urban
areas overland flow method (App X-C) =
                                   15.67 min.
TC = [1.8*(1.1-C)*distance(Ft.)^{.5})/(% slope^{(1/3)}]
TC = [1.8*(1.1-0.7400)*(522.000^{.5})/(0.843^{(1/3)}] = 15.67
Rainfall intensity (I) =
                        2.311(In/Hr) for a 25.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.740
Subarea runoff =
                  4.668(CFS)
Total initial stream area =
                             2.730(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station
                            22.000 to Point/Station
                                                     24.000
**** IMPROVED CHANNEL TRAVEL TIME ****
Upstream point elevation = 484.300(Ft.)
Downstream point elevation = 484.000(Ft.)
Channel length thru subarea = 62.000(Ft.)
Channel base width = 18.000(Ft.)
Slope or 'Z' of left channel bank = 3.000
Slope or 'Z' of right channel bank = 3.000
Manning's 'N' = 0.050
Maximum depth of channel = 1.000(Ft.)
Flow(q) thru subarea = 4.668(CFS)
Depth of flow = 0.285(Ft.), Average velocity = 0.867(Ft/s)
```

```
Channel flow top width = 19.712(Ft.)
Flow Velocity = 0.87(Ft/s)
Travel time = 1.19 min.
Time of concentration = 16.86 min.
Critical depth = 0.127(Ft.)
Process from Point/Station 22.000 to Point/Station 24.000
**** CONFLUENCE OF MINOR STREAMS ****
Along Main Stream number: 2 in normal stream number 1
Stream flow area = 2.730(Ac.)
Runoff from this stream =
                         4.668(CFS)
Time of concentration = 16.86 min.
Rainfall intensity = 2.235(In/Hr)
Process from Point/Station
                          30.000 to Point/Station
                                                    32.000
**** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
Initial subarea flow distance = 187.000(Ft.)
Highest elevation = 488.200(Ft.)
Lowest elevation = 486.500(Ft.)
Elevation difference =
                     1.700(Ft.)
Time of concentration calculated by the urban
areas overland flow method (App X-C) = 9.15 min.
TC = [1.8*(1.1-C)*distance(Ft.)^{.5})/(% slope^{(1/3)}]
TC = [1.8*(1.1-0.7400)*(187.000^{.5})/(0.909^{(1/3)}] = 9.15
Rainfall intensity (I) = 2.923(In/Hr) for a 25.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.740
Subarea runoff = 0.714(CFS)
Total initial stream area = 0.330(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station 32.000 to Point/Station 24.000
**** IMPROVED CHANNEL TRAVEL TIME ****
Upstream point elevation = 486.500(Ft.)
Downstream point elevation = 484.100(Ft.)
Channel length thru subarea = 367.000(Ft.)
Channel base width = 18.000(Ft.)
Slope or 'Z' of left channel bank = 3.000
Slope or 'Z' of right channel bank = 3.000
Manning's 'N' = 0.050
Maximum depth of channel = 1.000(Ft.)
Flow(q) thru subarea = 0.714(CFS)
Depth of flow = 0.085(Ft.), Average velocity = 0.460(Ft/s)
Channel flow top width = 18.510(Ft.)
```

```
Flow Velocity = 0.46(Ft/s)
Travel time = 13.30 min.
Time of concentration = 22.45 min.
Critical depth = 0.037(Ft.)
Process from Point/Station
                            32.000 to Point/Station
                                                      24.000
**** CONFLUENCE OF MINOR STREAMS ****
Along Main Stream number: 2 in normal stream number 2
Stream flow area = 0.330(Ac.)
Runoff from this stream =
                          0.714(CFS)
Time of concentration = 22.45 min.
Rainfall intensity =
                    1.946(In/Hr)
Summary of stream data:
                   TC
                                Rainfall Intensity
Stream
       Flow rate
                                      (In/Hr)
No.
        (CFS)
                  (min)
1
       4.668
                16.86
                               2.235
2
       0.714
                22.45
                               1.946
Qmax(1) =
       1.000 * 1.000 *
                         4.668) +
       1.000 * 0.751 *
                          0.714) + =
                                         5.204
Qmax(2) =
               1.000 *
       0.871 *
                          4.668) +
       1.000 *
                1.000 * 0.714) + =
                                     4.778
Total of 2 streams to confluence:
Flow rates before confluence point:
     4.668
               0.714
Maximum flow rates at confluence using above data:
                  4.778
      5.204
Area of streams before confluence:
      2.730
                0.330
Results of confluence:
Total flow rate =
                   5.204(CFS)
Time of concentration = 16.864 min.
Effective stream area after confluence =
                                       3.060(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station
                            24.000 to Point/Station
                                                      24.000
**** SUBAREA FLOW ADDITION ****
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
Time of concentration = 16.86 min.
Rainfall intensity = 2.235(In/Hr) for a 25.0 year storm
Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method, Q=KCIA, C = 0.740
Subarea runoff = 0.711(CFS) for 0.430(Ac.)
```

```
5
```

```
Total runoff = 5.915(CFS) Total area = 3.49(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station
                            24.000 to Point/Station
                                                      16.000
**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****
Upstream point/station elevation =
                                480.100(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 479.600(Ft.)
Pipe length = 185.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 5.915(CFS)
Nearest computed pipe diameter =
                                 21.00(In.)
Calculated individual pipe flow =
                                5.915(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 13.17(In.)
Flow top width inside pipe =
                          20.31(In.)
Critical Depth = 10.75(In.)
Pipe flow velocity =
                      3.73(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 0.83 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 17.69 min.
Process from Point/Station
                            24.000 to Point/Station
                                                      16.000
**** CONFLUENCE OF MAIN STREAMS ****
The following data inside Main Stream is listed:
In Main Stream number: 2
Stream flow area = 3.490(Ac.)
Runoff from this stream =
                          5.915(CFS)
Time of concentration = 17.69 min.
                    2.186(In/Hr)
Rainfall intensity =
Summary of stream data:
                                Rainfall Intensity
Stream
       Flow rate
                    TC
No.
         (CFS)
                    (min)
                                       (In/Hr)
1
       3.363
                12.85
                               2.523
       5.915
                17.69
2
                               2.186
Qmax(1) =
       1.000 *
              1.000 *
                           3.363) +
       1.000 *
                0.726 *
                           5.915) + =
                                          7.658
Qmax(2) =
       0.866 *
                1.000 *
                           3.363) +
       1.000 *
                1.000 *
                           5.915) + =
                                          8.829
Total of 2 main streams to confluence:
Flow rates before confluence point:
      3.363
                5.915
Maximum flow rates at confluence using above data:
       7.658
                  8.829
```

```
Area of streams before confluence:
```

1.590 3.490

Results of confluence: Total flow rate = 8.829(CFS) Time of concentration = 17.692 min. Effective stream area after confluence = 5.080(Ac.)

Upstream point/station elevation = 479.600(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 479.100(Ft.)
Pipe length = 161.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 8.829(CFS)
Nearest computed pipe diameter = 21.00(In.)
Calculated individual pipe flow = 8.829(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 17.20(In.)
Flow top width inside pipe = 16.16(In.)
Critical Depth = 13.24(In.)
Pipe flow velocity = 4.18(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 0.64 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 18.33 min.

```
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea

Time of concentration = 18.33 min.

Rainfall intensity = 2.150(In/Hr) for a 25.0 year storm

Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method,Q=KCIA, C = 0.740

Subarea runoff = 1.113(CFS) for 0.700(Ac.)

Total runoff = 9.942(CFS) Total area = 5.78(Ac.)
```

```
Upstream point/station elevation = 479.100(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 478.500(Ft.)
Pipe length = 190.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 9.942(CFS)
Nearest computed pipe diameter = 24.00(In.)
Calculated individual pipe flow = 9.942(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 15.98(In.)
Flow top width inside pipe = 22.64(In.)
Critical Depth = 13.54(In.)
```

```
Pipe flow velocity = 4.48(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 0.71 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 19.04 min.
Process from Point/Station 40.000 to Point/Station
                                                    38.000
**** SUBAREA FLOW ADDITION ****
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
Time of concentration = 19.04 min.
Rainfall intensity = 2.111(In/Hr) for a 25.0 year storm
Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method, Q=KCIA, C = 0.740
Subarea runoff = 0.406(CFS) for 0.260(Ac.)
Total runoff = 10.348(CFS) Total area =
                                          6.04(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station 38.000 to Point/Station 42.000
**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****
Upstream point/station elevation = 478.500(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 478.000(Ft.)
Pipe length = 154.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 10.348(CFS)
Nearest computed pipe diameter = 24.00(In.)
Calculated individual pipe flow = 10.348(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 16.29(In.)
Flow top width inside pipe = 22.41(In.)
Critical Depth = 13.82(In.)
Pipe flow velocity = 4.56(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 0.56 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 19.60 min.
Process from Point/Station 38.000 to Point/Station
                                                   42.000
**** CONFLUENCE OF MINOR STREAMS ****
Along Main Stream number: 1 in normal stream number 1
Stream flow area = 6.040(Ac.)
Runoff from this stream = 10.348(CFS)
Time of concentration = 19.60 min.
Rainfall intensity = 2.082(In/Hr)
Process from Point/Station 50.000 to Point/Station
                                                   52.000
**** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
```

Initial subarea flow distance = 455.000(Ft.)

```
Highest elevation = 488.400(Ft.)
Lowest elevation = 485.500(Ft.)
Elevation difference =
                       2.900(Ft.)
Time of concentration calculated by the urban
areas overland flow method (App X-C) = 16.06 min.
TC = [1.8*(1.1-C)*distance(Ft.)^{.5})/(% slope^{(1/3)}]
TC = [1.8*(1.1-0.7400)*(455.000^{.5})/(0.637^{(1/3)}] = 16.06
Rainfall intensity (I) =
                          2.285(In/Hr) for a
                                             25.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.740
Subarea runoff =
                   4.599(CFS)
Total initial stream area =
                               2.720(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station
                             52.000 to Point/Station
                                                         54.000
**** IMPROVED CHANNEL TRAVEL TIME ****
Upstream point elevation = 483.800(Ft.)
Downstream point elevation = 483.000(Ft.)
Channel length thru subarea = 164.000(Ft.)
                       20.000(Ft.)
Channel base width
                 =
Slope or 'Z' of left channel bank = 3.000
Slope or 'Z' of right channel bank = 3.000
Estimated mean flow rate at midpoint of channel = 4.997(CFS)
Manning's 'N'
               = 0.050
Maximum depth of channel = 1.000(Ft.)
Flow(q) thru subarea = 4.997(CFS)
Depth of flow = 0.279(Ft.), Average velocity = 0.860(Ft/s)
Channel flow top width = 21.672(Ft.)
Flow Velocity = 0.86(Ft/s)
Travel time =
               3.18 min.
Time of concentration = 19.24 min.
Critical depth = 0.124(Ft.)
Adding area flow to channel
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
Rainfall intensity = 2.101(In/Hr) for a 25.0 year storm
Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method, Q=KCIA, C = 0.740
Subarea runoff = 0.731(CFS) for 0.470(Ac.)
Total runoff = 5.330(CFS) Total area = 3.19(Ac.)
54.000 to Point/Station
Process from Point/Station
                                                         42.000
**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****
Upstream point/station elevation = 479.000(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 478.000(Ft.)
Pipe length = 207.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 5.330(CFS)
Nearest computed pipe diameter = 18.00(In.)
Calculated individual pipe flow = 5.330(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 11.41(In.)
```

```
9
```

```
Flow top width inside pipe = 17.34(In.)
Critical Depth = 10.67(In.)
Pipe flow velocity = 4.51(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 0.77 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 20.00 min.
Process from Point/Station 54.000 to Point/Station 42.000
**** CONFLUENCE OF MINOR STREAMS ****
Along Main Stream number: 1 in normal stream number 2
Stream flow area = 3.190(Ac.)
Runoff from this stream =
                          5.330(CFS)
Time of concentration = 20.00 min.
Rainfall intensity = 2.061(In/Hr)
Summary of stream data:
Stream Flow rate
                   TC
                           Rainfall Intensity
No.
        (CFS)
                  (min)
                                      (In/Hr)
     10.348
1
               19.60
                              2.082
2
       5.330
                20.00
                              2.061
Qmax(1) =
       1.000 * 1.000 *
                        10.348) +
       1.000 * 0.980 *
                         5.330) + =
                                       15.572
Qmax(2) =
       0.990 * 1.000 *
1.000 * 1.000 *
                         10.348) +
                         5.330) + =
                                       15.577
Total of 2 streams to confluence:
Flow rates before confluence point:
     10.348
               5.330
Maximum flow rates at confluence using above data:
     15.572
             15.577
Area of streams before confluence:
      6.040
                 3.190
Results of confluence:
Total flow rate = 15.577(CFS)
Time of concentration = 20.003 min.
Effective stream area after confluence = 9.230(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station 42.000 to Point/Station
                                                     60.000
**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****
Upstream point/station elevation = 478.000(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 477.000(Ft.)
Pipe length = 325.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 15.577(CFS)
```

```
Nearest computed pipe diameter = 27.00(In.)
Calculated individual pipe flow = 15.577(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 20.16(In.)
Flow top width inside pipe = 23.49(In.)
Critical Depth = 16.52(In.)
Pipe flow velocity = 4.89(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 1.11 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 21.11 min.
Process from Point/Station 42.000 to Point/Station 60.000
**** CONFLUENCE OF MAIN STREAMS ****
The following data inside Main Stream is listed:
In Main Stream number: 1
Stream flow area = 9.230(Ac.)
Runoff from this stream = 15.577(CFS)
Time of concentration = 21.11 min.
Rainfall intensity = 2.007(In/Hr)
Program is now starting with Main Stream No. 2
Process from Point/Station
                            70.000 to Point/Station
                                                     72.000
**** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
Initial subarea flow distance = 264.000(Ft.)
Highest elevation = 493.000(Ft.)
Lowest elevation = 490.700(Ft.)
Elevation difference =
                      2.300(Ft.)
Time of concentration calculated by the urban
areas overland flow method (App X-C) = 11.02 min.
TC = [1.8*(1.1-C)*distance(Ft.)^{.5})/(% slope^{(1/3)}]
TC = [1.8*(1.1-0.7400)*(264.000^{.5})/(0.871^{(1/3)}] = 11.02
Rainfall intensity (I) = 2.696(In/Hr) for a 25.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.740
Subarea runoff = 2.594(CFS)
Total initial stream area =
                             1.300(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station 72.000 to Point/Station
                                                     74.000
**** IMPROVED CHANNEL TRAVEL TIME ****
Upstream point elevation = 488.300(Ft.)
Downstream point elevation = 487.300(Ft.)
Channel length thru subarea = 180.000(Ft.)
Channel base width = 20.000(Ft.)
Slope or 'Z' of left channel bank =
                                 3.000
```

```
Slope or 'Z' of right channel bank = 3.000
```

```
Estimated mean flow rate at midpoint of channel = 3.102(CFS)
Manning's 'N' = 0.050
Maximum depth of channel = 1.000(Ft.)
Flow(q) thru subarea = 3.102(CFS)
Depth of flow = 0.202(Ft.), Average velocity = 0.746(Ft/s)
Channel flow top width = 21.211(Ft.)
               0.75(Ft/s)
Flow Velocity =
Travel time =
               4.02 min.
Time of concentration = 15.05 min.
                 0.090(Ft.)
Critical depth =
Adding area flow to channel
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
Rainfall intensity = 2.353(In/Hr) for a 25.0 year storm
Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method, Q=KCIA, C = 0.740
Subarea runoff = 0.888(CFS) for
                                 0.510(Ac.)
Total runoff = 3.482(CFS) Total area =
                                             1.81(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station 74.000 to Point/Station
                                                      76.000
**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****
Upstream point/station elevation = 483.300(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 482.400(Ft.)
Pipe length = 179.00 (Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 3.482(CFS)
Nearest computed pipe diameter = 15.00(In.)
Calculated individual pipe flow = 3.482(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 9.79(In.)
Flow top width inside pipe =
                          14.29(In.)
Critical Depth = 9.04(In.)
Pipe flow velocity = 4.11(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 0.73 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 15.77 min.
77.000 to Point/Station
Process from Point/Station
                                                     76.000
**** SUBAREA FLOW ADDITION ****
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
Time of concentration = 15.77 min.
Rainfall intensity = 2.304(In/Hr) for a 25.0 year storm
Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method, Q=KCIA, C = 0.740
Subarea runoff = 0.085(CFS) for 0.050(Ac.)
Total runoff = 3.567(CFS) Total area = 1.86(Ac.)
```

Process from Point/Station 76.000 to Point/Station 78.000 **** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****

Upstream point/station elevation = 482.400(Ft.) Downstream point/station elevation = 481.300(Ft.) Pipe length = 241.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 3.567(CFS) Nearest computed pipe diameter = 15.00(In.) Calculated individual pipe flow = 3.567(CFS) Normal flow depth in pipe = 10.31(In.) Flow top width inside pipe = 13.91(In.) Critical Depth = 9.15(In.) Pipe flow velocity = 3.97(Ft/s) Travel time through pipe = 1.01 min. Time of concentration (TC) = 16.78 min. Process from Point/Station 79.000 to Point/Station 78.000 **** SUBAREA FLOW ADDITION **** User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea Time of concentration = 16.78 min. Rainfall intensity = 2.240(In/Hr) for a 25.0 year storm Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method, Q=KCIA, C = 0.740 Subarea runoff = 0.050(CFS) for 0.030(Ac.) Total runoff = 3.617(CFS) Total area = 1.89(Ac.) Process from Point/Station 78.000 to Point/Station 80.000 **** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) **** Upstream point/station elevation = 481.300(Ft.) Downstream point/station elevation = 480.300(Ft.) Pipe length = 185.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013 No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 3.617(CFS) Nearest computed pipe diameter = 15.00(In.) Calculated individual pipe flow = 3.617(CFS) Normal flow depth in pipe = 9.80(In.) Flow top width inside pipe = 14.28(In.) Critical Depth = 9.22(In.) Pipe flow velocity = 4.26(Ft/s) Travel time through pipe = 0.72 min. Time of concentration (TC) = 17.51 min. Process from Point/Station 78.000 to Point/Station 80.000 **** CONFLUENCE OF MINOR STREAMS **** Along Main Stream number: 2 in normal stream number 1 Stream flow area = 1.890(Ac.) Runoff from this stream = 3.617(CFS) Time of concentration = 17.51 min.

Rainfall intensity = 2.196(In/Hr)

```
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
Initial subarea flow distance = 814.000(Ft.)
Highest elevation = 493.000(Ft.)
Lowest elevation = 487.800(Ft.)
Elevation difference =
                      5.200(Ft.)
Time of concentration calculated by the urban
areas overland flow method (App X-C) = 21.47 min.
TC = [1.8*(1.1-C)*distance(Ft.)^{.5})/(% slope^{(1/3)}]
TC = [1.8*(1.1-0.7400)*(814.000^{.5})/(0.639^{(1/3)}] = 21.47
Rainfall intensity (I) = 1.991(In/Hr) for a 25.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.740
Subarea runoff =
                  4.021(CFS)
Total initial stream area =
                             2.730(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station 84.000 to Point/Station 86.000
**** IMPROVED CHANNEL TRAVEL TIME ****
Upstream point elevation = 485.500(Ft.)
Downstream point elevation = 484.500(Ft.)
Channel length thru subarea = 216.000(Ft.)
Channel base width = 20.000(Ft.)
Slope or 'Z' of left channel bank = 3.000
Slope or 'Z' of right channel bank = 3.000
Estimated mean flow rate at midpoint of channel = 4.390(CFS)
Manning's 'N' = 0.050
Maximum depth of channel = 1.000(Ft.)
Flow(q) thru subarea = 4.390(CFS)
Depth of flow = 0.262(Ft.), Average velocity = 0.806(Ft/s)
Channel flow top width = 21.572(Ft.)
Flow Velocity =
               0.81(Ft/s)
Travel time =
              4.47 min.
Time of concentration = 25.93 min.
Critical depth = 0.113(Ft.)
Adding area flow to channel
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
Rainfall intensity = 1.802(In/Hr) for a
                                        25.0 year storm
Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method, Q=KCIA, C = 0.740
Subarea runoff = 0.667(CFS) for 0.500(Ac.)
Total runoff = 4.688(CFS) Total area =
                                              3.23(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station
                            86.000 to Point/Station 80.000
```

```
14
```

**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****

Upstream point/station elevation = 480.500(Ft.) Downstream point/station elevation = 480.300(Ft.) Pipe length = 32.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013 No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 4.688(CFS) Nearest computed pipe diameter = 15.00(In.) Calculated individual pipe flow = 4.688(CFS) Normal flow depth in pipe = 11.32(In.) Flow top width inside pipe = 12.91(In.) Critical Depth = 10.54(In.) Pipe flow velocity = 4.72(Ft/s)Travel time through pipe = 0.11 min. Time of concentration (TC) = 26.05 min. Process from Point/Station 86.000 to Point/Station 80.000 **** CONFLUENCE OF MINOR STREAMS **** Along Main Stream number: 2 in normal stream number 2 Stream flow area = 3.230(Ac.) Runoff from this stream = 4.688(CFS) Time of concentration = 26.05 min. Rainfall intensity = 1.798(In/Hr) Summary of stream data: Stream Flow rate TC Rainfall Intensity No. (CFS) (min) (In/Hr) 1 3.617 17.51 2.196 2 4.688 26.05 1.798 Qmax(1) =1.000 * 1.000 * 3.617) + 1.000 * 0.672 * 4.688) + 4.688) + = 6.768 Qmax(2) =0.819 * 1.000 * 3.617) +1.000 * 1.000 * 4.688) + =7.649 Total of 2 streams to confluence: Flow rates before confluence point: 3.617 4.688 Maximum flow rates at confluence using above data: 6.768 7.649 Area of streams before confluence: 1.890 3.230 Results of confluence: 7.649(CFS) Total flow rate = Time of concentration = 26.047 min. Effective stream area after confluence = 5.120(Ac.)

```
Upstream point/station elevation = 480.300(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 478.300(Ft.)
Pipe length = 398.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 7.649(CFS)
Nearest computed pipe diameter = 21.00(In.)
Calculated individual pipe flow = 7.649(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 12.71(In.)
Flow top width inside pipe = 20.53(In.)
Critical Depth = 12.29(In.)
Pipe flow velocity = 5.02(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 1.32 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 27.37 min.
Process from Point/Station 89.000 to Point/Station
                                                      88.000
**** SUBAREA FLOW ADDITION ****
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
Time of concentration = 27.37 min.
Rainfall intensity = 1.749(In/Hr) for a 25.0 year storm
Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method, Q=KCIA, C = 0.740
Subarea runoff = 0.039(CFS) for 0.030(Ac.)
Total runoff = 7.687(CFS) Total area = 5.15(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station 88.000 to Point/Station
                                                      60.000
**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****
Upstream point/station elevation = 478.300(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 477.000(Ft.)
Pipe length = 264.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 7.687(CFS)
Nearest computed pipe diameter = 21.00(In.)
Calculated individual pipe flow = 7.687(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 12.84(In.)
Flow top width inside pipe = 20.47(In.)
Critical Depth = 12.32(In.)
Pipe flow velocity = 4.99(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 0.88 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 28.25 min.
```

Process from Point/Station 88.000 to Point/Station 60.000 **** CONFLUENCE OF MAIN STREAMS ****

```
The following data inside Main Stream is listed:
In Main Stream number: 2
Stream flow area =
                 5.150(Ac.)
Runoff from this stream =
                           7.687(CFS)
Time of concentration = 28.25 min.
Rainfall intensity = 1.717(In/Hr)
Program is now starting with Main Stream No. 3
Process from Point/Station
                             90.000 to Point/Station 92.000
**** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
Initial subarea flow distance = 389.000(Ft.)
Highest elevation = 488.500(Ft.)
Lowest elevation = 484.600(Ft.)
Elevation difference =
                       3.900(Ft.)
Time of concentration calculated by the urban
areas overland flow method (App X-C) =
                                     12.77 min.
TC = [1.8*(1.1-C)*distance(Ft.)^{.5})/(% slope^{(1/3)}]
TC = [1.8*(1.1-0.7400)*(389.000^{.5})/(1.003^{(1/3)}] = 12.77
Rainfall intensity (I) = 2.530(In/Hr) for a 25.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.740
Subarea runoff =
                   2.752(CFS)
Total initial stream area =
                              1.470(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station 92.000 to Point/Station
                                                        94.000
**** IMPROVED CHANNEL TRAVEL TIME ****
Upstream point elevation = 482.700(Ft.)
Downstream point elevation = 482.000(Ft.)
Channel length thru subarea = 133.000(Ft.)
Channel base width
                 = 40.000(Ft.)
Slope or 'Z' of left channel bank = 3.000
Slope or 'Z' of right channel bank = 3.000
Estimated mean flow rate at midpoint of channel = 2.976(CFS)
              = 0.040
Manning's 'N'
Maximum depth of channel = 1.000(Ft.)
Flow(q) thru subarea = 2.976(CFS)
Depth of flow = 0.116(Ft.), Average velocity = 0.637(Ft/s)
Channel flow top width = 40.695(Ft.)
Flow Velocity =
               0.64(Ft/s)
Travel time =
               3.48 min.
Time of concentration = 16.25 min.
                0.056(Ft.)
Critical depth =
Adding area flow to channel
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
Rainfall intensity = 2.273(In/Hr) for a 25.0 year storm
```

```
Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method, Q=KCIA, C = 0.740
                   0.404(CFS) for
Subarea runoff =
                                   0.240(Ac.)
Total runoff =
                 3.155(CFS) Total area =
                                              1.71(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station
                             94.000 to Point/Station
                                                        60.000
**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****
Upstream point/station elevation = 478.000(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 477.000(Ft.)
Pipe length = 88.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow =
                                       3.155(CFS)
Nearest computed pipe diameter = 12.00(In.)
Calculated individual pipe flow = 3.155(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 8.36(In.)
Flow top width inside pipe =
                           11.04(In.)
Critical Depth =
                 9.13(In.)
Pipe flow velocity =
                       5.41(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 0.27 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 16.52 min.
Process from Point/Station
                             94.000 to Point/Station
                                                        66.000
**** CONFLUENCE OF MAIN STREAMS ****
The following data inside Main Stream is listed:
In Main Stream number: 3
Stream flow area =
                     1.710(Ac.)
Runoff from this stream =
                           3.155(CFS)
Time of concentration =
                      16.52 min.
Rainfall intensity =
                     2.256(In/Hr)
Summary of stream data:
                                 Rainfall Intensity
Stream
       Flow rate
                     TC
No.
         (CFS)
                                        (In/Hr)
                    (min)
       15.577
1
                21.11
                                2.007
2
       7.687
                28.25
                                1.717
3
       3.155
                16.52
                                2.256
Omax(1) =
                1.000 *
       1.000 *
                          15.577) +
       1.000 *
                 0.747 *
                           7.687) +
                            3.155) + =
       0.890 *
                 1.000 *
                                          24.130
Qmax(2) =
       0.856 *
                 1.000 *
                           15.577) +
                 1.000 *
       1.000 *
                           7.687) +
       0.761 *
                1.000 *
                           3.155) + =
                                          23.416
Qmax(3) =
       1.000 * 0.783 * 15.577) +
```

```
18
```

```
1.000 * 0.585 * 7.687) +
1.000 * 1.000 * 3.155) + = 19.844
Total of 3 main streams to confluence:
Flow rates before confluence point:
     15.577 7.687 3.155
Maximum flow rates at confluence using above data:
      24.130 23.416 19.844
Area of streams before confluence:
      9.230 5.150
                           1.710
Results of confluence:
Total flow rate = 24.130(CFS)
Time of concentration = 21.110 min.
Effective stream area after confluence = 16.090(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station 60.000 to Point/Station
                                                    96.000
**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****
Upstream point/station elevation = 477.000(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 476.680(Ft.)
Pipe length = 107.00 (Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 24.130(CFS)
Nearest computed pipe diameter = 33.00(In.)
Calculated individual pipe flow = 24.130(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 23.04(In.)
Flow top width inside pipe = 30.30(In.)
Critical Depth = 19.52(In.)
Pipe flow velocity = 5.45(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 0.33 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 21.44 min.
Process from Point/Station 60.000 to Point/Station
                                                   96.000
**** CONFLUENCE OF MINOR STREAMS ****
Along Main Stream number: 1 in normal stream number 1
Stream flow area = 16.090(Ac.)
Runoff from this stream = 24.130(CFS)
Time of concentration = 21.44 min.
Rainfall intensity = 1.992(In/Hr)
Process from Point/Station 98.000 to Point/Station 96.000
**** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
```

```
Initial subarea flow distance = 539.000(Ft.)
Highest elevation = 489.300(Ft.)
Lowest elevation = 482.700(Ft.)
Elevation difference = 6.600(Ft.)
Time of concentration calculated by the urban
areas overland flow method (App X-C) = 14.06 min.
TC = [1.8*(1.1-C)*distance(Ft.)^{.5})/(\$ slope^{(1/3)}]
TC = [1.8*(1.1-0.7400)*(539.000^{.5})/(1.224^{(1/3)}] = 14.06
Rainfall intensity (I) = 2.425(In/Hr) for a 25.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.740
Subarea runoff = 1.669(CFS)
Total initial stream area =
                             0.930(Ac.)
96.000
Process from Point/Station 98.000 to Point/Station
**** CONFLUENCE OF MINOR STREAMS ****
Along Main Stream number: 1 in normal stream number 2
Stream flow area = 0.930(Ac.)
Runoff from this stream =
                          1.669(CFS)
Time of concentration = 14.06 min.
Rainfall intensity =
                    2.425(In/Hr)
Summary of stream data:
Stream Flow rate
                   TC
                               Rainfall Intensity
No.
         (CFS)
                   (min)
                                       (In/Hr)
1
      24.130
                21.44
                               1.992
2
       1.669
                14.06
                               2.425
Omax(1) =
       1.000 *
               1.000 *
                         24.130) +
       0.821 * 1.000 *
                          1.669) + =
                                        25.501
Qmax(2) =
       1.000 * 0.656 * 24.130) +
       1.000 *
                1.000 *
                          1.669) + =
                                        17.497
Total of 2 streams to confluence:
Flow rates before confluence point:
     24.130
                1.669
Maximum flow rates at confluence using above data:
      25.501
                17.497
Area of streams before confluence:
      16.090
                 0.930
Results of confluence:
Total flow rate = 25.501(CFS)
Time of concentration =
                       21.437 min.
Effective stream area after confluence = 17.020(Ac.)
```

```
20
```

Process from Point/Station 100.000 to Point/Station 102.000 **** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****

```
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
Initial subarea flow distance = 191.000(Ft.)
Highest elevation = 486.000(Ft.)
Lowest elevation = 483.500(Ft.)
Elevation difference =
                       2.500(Ft.)
Time of concentration calculated by the urban
areas overland flow method (App X-C) =
                                       8.19 min.
TC = [1.8*(1.1-C)*distance(Ft.)^{.5})/(% slope^{(1/3)}]
TC = [1.8*(1.1-0.7400)*(191.000^{.5})/(1.309^{(1/3)}] = 8.19
Rainfall intensity (I) =
                           3.069(In/Hr) for a 25.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.740
Subarea runoff =
                   0.681(CFS)
Total initial stream area =
                               0.300(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station
                            110.000 to Point/Station
                                                       112.000
**** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
Initial subarea flow distance = 147.000(Ft.)
Highest elevation = 486.000(Ft.)
Lowest elevation = 483.500(Ft.)
Elevation difference =
                       2.500(Ft.)
Time of concentration calculated by the urban
areas overland flow method (App X-C) =
                                       6.58 min.
TC = [1.8*(1.1-C)*distance(Ft.)^{.5})/(% slope^{(1/3)}]
TC = [1.8*(1.1-0.7400)*(147.000^{.5})/(1.701^{(1/3)}] = 6.58
Rainfall intensity (I) = 3.383(In/Hr) for a 25.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.740
Subarea runoff = 0.601(CFS)
Total initial stream area =
                               0.240(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station 120.000 to Point/Station 122.000
**** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****
Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group D = 1.000
[INDUSTRIAL area type
                                         1
Initial subarea flow distance = 229.000(Ft.)
Highest elevation = 487.100(Ft.)
Lowest elevation = 484.600(Ft.)
Elevation difference = 2.500(Ft.)
Time of concentration calculated by the urban
areas overland flow method (App X-C) = 3.97 min.
```

```
21
```

```
TC = [1.8*(1.1-C)*distance(Ft.)^{.5})/(\$ slope^{(1/3)}]
TC = [1.8*(1.1-0.9500)*(229.000^{.5})/(1.092^{(1/3)}] = 3.97
Setting time of concentration to 5 minutes
Rainfall intensity (I) = 3.845(In/Hr) for a 25.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.950
Subarea runoff =
                   2.338(CFS)
Total initial stream area =
                             0.640(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station 122.000 to Point/Station
                                                     124.000
**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****
Upstream point/station elevation = 481.000(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 479.800(Ft.)
Pipe length = 254.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 2.338(CFS)
Nearest computed pipe diameter = 12.00(In.)
Calculated individual pipe flow = 2.338(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 9.38(In.)
Flow top width inside pipe =
                           9.92(In.)
Critical Depth = 7.85(In.)
Pipe flow velocity = 3.55(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 1.19 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 6.19 min.
Process from Point/Station
                            126.000 to Point/Station
                                                     124.000
**** SUBAREA FLOW ADDITION ****
Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group D = 1.000
[INDUSTRIAL area type
                                       ]
Time of concentration =
                       6.19 min.
                     3.479(In/Hr) for a 25.0 year storm
Rainfall intensity =
Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method,Q=KCIA, C = 0.950
                   2.280(CFS) for
Subarea runoff =
                                  0.690(Ac.)
Total runoff =
                4.618(CFS) Total area =
                                              1.33(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station
                           124.000 to Point/Station
                                                      128.000
**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****
Upstream point/station elevation = 479.800(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 479.100(Ft.)
Pipe length = 208.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 4.618(CFS)
Nearest computed pipe diameter = 18.00(In.)
```

```
Calculated individual pipe flow = 4.618(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 11.72(In.)
Flow top width inside pipe = 17.16(In.)
Critical Depth = 9.90(In.)
Pipe flow velocity = 3.79(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 0.91 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 7.11 min.
Process from Point/Station
                       130.000 to Point/Station 128.000
**** SUBAREA FLOW ADDITION ****
Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group D = 1.000
[INDUSTRIAL area type
                                      ]
                     7.11 min.
Time of concentration =
Rainfall intensity = 3.268(In/Hr) for a 25.0 year storm
Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method, Q=KCIA, C = 0.950
Subarea runoff = 1.863(CFS) for 0.600(Ac.)
Total runoff = 6.481(CFS) Total area =
                                            1.93(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station 128.000 to Point/Station
                                                    132.000
**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****
Upstream point/station elevation = 479.100(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 478.400(Ft.)
Pipe length = 191.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 6.481(CFS)
Nearest computed pipe diameter =
                                21.00(In.)
Calculated individual pipe flow = 6.481(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 12.64(In.)
Flow top width inside pipe = 20.56(In.)
Critical Depth = 11.27(In.)
Pipe flow velocity = 4.28(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 0.74 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 7.85 min.
Process from Point/Station
                          134.000 to Point/Station
                                                   132.000
**** SUBAREA FLOW ADDITION ****
Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group D = 1.000
[INDUSTRIAL area type
                                      ]
```

Time of concentration = 7.85 min. Rainfall intensity = 3.126(In/Hr) for a 25.0 year storm Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method, Q=KCIA, C = 0.950 Subarea runoff = 3.000(CFS) for 1.010(Ac.) Total runoff = 9.480(CFS) Total area = 2.94(Ac.) Process from Point/Station 132.000 to Point/Station 136.000 **** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) **** Upstream point/station elevation = 478.400(Ft.) Downstream point/station elevation = 476.700(Ft.) Pipe length = 455.00 (Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013 No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 9.480(CFS) Nearest computed pipe diameter = 21.00(In.) Calculated individual pipe flow = 9.480(CFS) Normal flow depth in pipe = 16.83(In.) Flow top width inside pipe = 16.76(In.) Critical Depth = 13.75(In.) Pipe flow velocity = 4.59(Ft/s)Travel time through pipe = 1.65 min. Time of concentration (TC) = 9.50 min. Process from Point/Station 132.000 to Point/Station 136.000 **** CONFLUENCE OF MAIN STREAMS **** The following data inside Main Stream is listed: In Main Stream number: 1 Stream flow area = 2.940(Ac.) Runoff from this stream = 9.480(CFS) Time of concentration = 9.50 min. Rainfall intensity = 2.875(In/Hr) Program is now starting with Main Stream No. 2 Process from Point/Station 200.000 to Point/Station 202.000 **** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION **** User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea Initial subarea flow distance = 179.000(Ft.) Highest elevation = 489.000(Ft.) Lowest elevation = 457.000(Ft.) Elevation difference = 32.000(Ft.) Time of concentration calculated by the urban areas overland flow method (App X-C) = 3.32 min. $TC = [1.8*(1.1-C)*distance(Ft.)^{.5})/(\$ slope^{(1/3)}]$ $TC = [1.8*(1.1-0.7400)*(179.000^{.5})/(17.877^{(1/3)}] = 3.32$

Setting time of concentration to 5 minutes
```
Rainfall intensity (I) = 3.845(In/Hr) for a 25.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.740
Subarea runoff = 0.740(CFS)
Total initial stream area = 0.260(Ac.)
```

```
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
Initial subarea flow distance = 215.000(Ft.)
Highest elevation = 488.200(Ft.)
Lowest elevation = 486.000(Ft.)
Elevation difference =
                         2.200(Ft.)
Time of concentration calculated by the urban
areas overland flow method (App X-C) = 9.43 min.
TC = [1.8*(1.1-C)*distance(Ft.)^{.5})/(% slope^{(1/3)}]
TC = [1.8*(1.1-0.7400)*(215.000^{-1.5})/(1.023^{-1.5})] = 9.43
Rainfall intensity (I) = 2.885(In/Hr) for a 25.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.740
Subarea runoff =
                    0.384(CFS)
Total initial stream area =
                                 0.180(Ac.)
End of computations, total study area =
                                               20.940 (Ac.)
```

San Diego County Rational Hydrology Program CIVILCADD/CIVILDESIGN Engineering Software,(c)1991-2005 Version 6.4 Rational method hydrology program based on San Diego County Flood Control Division 1985 hydrology manual Rational Hydrology Study Date: 07/26/18 _____ Plaza La Media - North Preliminary Hydrology Proposed Conditions 50-Year Flow Rate _____ _____ * * * * * * * * * Hydrology Study Control Information ********* Program License Serial Number 4028 _____ Rational hydrology study storm event year is 50.0 English (in-lb) input data Units used English (in) rainfall data used Standard intensity of Appendix I-B used for year and Elevation 0 - 1500 feet Factor (to multiply * intensity) = 1.000 Only used if inside City of San Diego San Diego hydrology manual 'C' values used Runoff coefficients by rational method Process from Point/Station 10.000 to Point/Station 12.000 **** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION **** User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea Initial subarea flow distance = 222.000(Ft.) Highest elevation = 491.400(Ft.) Lowest elevation = 489.000(Ft.) Elevation difference = 2.400(Ft.) Time of concentration calculated by the urban areas overland flow method (App X-C) = 9.41 min. $TC = [1.8*(1.1-C)*distance(Ft.)^{.5})/(% slope^{(1/3)}]$ $TC = [1.8*(1.1-0.7400)*(222.000^{.5})/(1.081^{(1/3)}] = 9.41$ Rainfall intensity (I) = 3.269(In/Hr) for a 50.0 year storm Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.740 Subarea runoff = 2.105(CFS) Total initial stream area = 0.870(Ac.)

13.000 to Point/Station 12.000 Process from Point/Station **** SUBAREA FLOW ADDITION **** User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea Time of concentration = 9.41 min. Rainfall intensity = 3.269(In/Hr) for a 50.0 year storm Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method, Q=KCIA, C = 0.740 Subarea runoff = 1.210(CFS) for 0.500(Ac.)Total runoff = 3.315(CFS) Total area = 1.37(Ac.) Process from Point/Station 12.000 to Point/Station 14.000 **** IMPROVED CHANNEL TRAVEL TIME **** Upstream point elevation = 485.300(Ft.) Downstream point elevation = 484.900(Ft.) Channel length thru subarea = 80.000(Ft.) Channel base width = 20.000(Ft.)Slope or 'Z' of left channel bank = 3.000 Slope or 'Z' of right channel bank = 3.000 Estimated mean flow rate at midpoint of channel = 3.581(CFS) Manning's 'N' = 0.050Maximum depth of channel = 1.000(Ft.) Flow(q) thru subarea = 3.581(CFS) Depth of flow = 0.227(Ft.), Average velocity = 0.763(Ft/s) Channel flow top width = 21.361(Ft.) Flow Velocity = 0.76(Ft/s) Travel time = 1.75 min. Time of concentration = 11.15 min. Critical depth = 0.100(Ft.) Adding area flow to channel User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea Rainfall intensity = 3.054(In/Hr) for a 50.0 year storm Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method, Q=KCIA, C = 0.740 Subarea runoff = 0.497(CFS) for 0.220(Ac.) Total runoff = 3.812(CFS) Total area = 1.59(Ac.) Process from Point/Station 14.000 to Point/Station 16.000 **** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) **** Upstream point/station elevation = 480.500(Ft.) Downstream point/station elevation = 479.600(Ft.) Pipe length = 311.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013 No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 3.812(CFS) Nearest computed pipe diameter = 18.00(In.) Calculated individual pipe flow = 3.812(CFS) Normal flow depth in pipe = 10.83(In.)

Flow top width inside pipe = 17.62(In.)

```
Critical Depth = 8.96(In.)
Pipe flow velocity = 3.43(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 1.51 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 12.66 min.
Process from Point/Station
                           14.000 to Point/Station
                                                    16.000
**** CONFLUENCE OF MAIN STREAMS ****
The following data inside Main Stream is listed:
In Main Stream number: 1
Stream flow area = 1.590(Ac.)
Runoff from this stream =
                          3.812(CFS)
Time of concentration = 12.66 min.
Rainfall intensity =
                    2.902(In/Hr)
Program is now starting with Main Stream No. 2
Process from Point/Station 20.000 to Point/Station
                                                     22.000
**** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
Initial subarea flow distance = 522.000(Ft.)
Highest elevation = 491.400(Ft.)
Lowest elevation = 487.000(Ft.)
Elevation difference = 4.400(Ft.)
Time of concentration calculated by the urban
areas overland flow method (App X-C) =
                                   15.67 min.
TC = [1.8*(1.1-C)*distance(Ft.)^{.5})/(% slope^{(1/3)}]
TC = [1.8*(1.1-0.7400)*(522.000^{.5})/(0.843^{(1/3)}] = 15.67
Rainfall intensity (I) =
                        2.657(In/Hr) for a 50.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.740
Subarea runoff =
                  5.368(CFS)
Total initial stream area =
                             2.730(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station
                            22.000 to Point/Station
                                                     24.000
**** IMPROVED CHANNEL TRAVEL TIME ****
Upstream point elevation = 484.300(Ft.)
Downstream point elevation = 484.000(Ft.)
Channel length thru subarea = 62.000(Ft.)
Channel base width = 18.000(Ft.)
Slope or 'Z' of left channel bank = 3.000
Slope or 'Z' of right channel bank = 3.000
Manning's 'N' = 0.050
Maximum depth of channel = 1.000(Ft.)
Flow(q) thru subarea = 5.368(CFS)
Depth of flow = 0.310(Ft.), Average velocity = 0.914(Ft/s)
```

```
Channel flow top width = 19.861(Ft.)
Flow Velocity = 0.91(Ft/s)
Travel time = 1.13 min.
Time of concentration = 16.80 min.
Critical depth = 0.139(Ft.)
Process from Point/Station 22.000 to Point/Station 24.000
**** CONFLUENCE OF MINOR STREAMS ****
Along Main Stream number: 2 in normal stream number 1
Stream flow area = 2.730(Ac.)
Runoff from this stream =
                         5.368(CFS)
Time of concentration = 16.80 min.
Rainfall intensity = 2.579(In/Hr)
Process from Point/Station
                          30.000 to Point/Station
                                                    32.000
**** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
Initial subarea flow distance = 187.000(Ft.)
Highest elevation = 488.200(Ft.)
Lowest elevation = 486.500(Ft.)
Elevation difference =
                     1.700(Ft.)
Time of concentration calculated by the urban
areas overland flow method (App X-C) = 9.15 min.
TC = [1.8*(1.1-C)*distance(Ft.)^{.5})/(% slope^{(1/3)}]
TC = [1.8*(1.1-0.7400)*(187.000^{.5})/(0.909^{(1/3)}] = 9.15
Rainfall intensity (I) = 3.307(In/Hr) for a 50.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.740
Subarea runoff = 0.807(CFS)
Total initial stream area = 0.330(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station 32.000 to Point/Station 24.000
**** IMPROVED CHANNEL TRAVEL TIME ****
Upstream point elevation = 486.500(Ft.)
Downstream point elevation = 484.100(Ft.)
Channel length thru subarea = 367.000(Ft.)
Channel base width = 18.000(Ft.)
Slope or 'Z' of left channel bank = 3.000
Slope or 'Z' of right channel bank = 3.000
Manning's 'N' = 0.050
Maximum depth of channel = 1.000(Ft.)
Flow(q) thru subarea = 0.807(CFS)
Depth of flow = 0.092(Ft.), Average velocity = 0.483(Ft/s)
Channel flow top width = 18.549(Ft.)
```

```
Flow Velocity = 0.48(Ft/s)
Travel time = 12.67 min.
Time of concentration = 21.82 min.
Critical depth = 0.040(Ft.)
Process from Point/Station
                            32.000 to Point/Station
                                                      24.000
**** CONFLUENCE OF MINOR STREAMS ****
Along Main Stream number: 2 in normal stream number 2
Stream flow area = 0.330(Ac.)
Runoff from this stream =
                          0.807(CFS)
Time of concentration = 21.82 min.
                    2.288(In/Hr)
Rainfall intensity =
Summary of stream data:
                   TC
                                Rainfall Intensity
Stream
       Flow rate
                                      (In/Hr)
No.
        (CFS)
                   (min)
       5.368
                               2.579
1
                16.80
2
       0.807
                21.82
                               2.288
Qmax(1) =
       1.000 * 1.000 *
                         5.368) +
       1.000 *
               0.770 *
                           0.807) + =
                                          5.990
Qmax(2) =
               1.000 *
       0.887 *
                           5.368) +
       1.000 *
                1.000 *
                           0.807) + =
                                          5.569
Total of 2 streams to confluence:
Flow rates before confluence point:
      5.368
                0.807
Maximum flow rates at confluence using above data:
       5.990
                  5.569
Area of streams before confluence:
      2.730
                  0.330
Results of confluence:
Total flow rate =
                   5.990(CFS)
Time of concentration = 16.803 min.
Effective stream area after confluence =
                                       3.060(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station
                            24.000 to Point/Station
                                                      24.000
**** SUBAREA FLOW ADDITION ****
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
Time of concentration =
                      16.80 min.
                    2.579(In/Hr) for a 50.0 year storm
Rainfall intensity =
Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method, Q=KCIA, C = 0.740
Subarea runoff = 0.821(CFS) for 0.430(Ac.)
```

```
Total runoff = 6.811(CFS) Total area = 3.49(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station
                            24.000 to Point/Station
                                                      16.000
**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****
Upstream point/station elevation =
                                480.100(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 479.600(Ft.)
Pipe length = 185.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 6.811(CFS)
Nearest computed pipe diameter =
                                 21.00(In.)
Calculated individual pipe flow = 6.811(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 14.55(In.)
Flow top width inside pipe =
                          19.37(In.)
Critical Depth = 11.57(In.)
Pipe flow velocity =
                      3.83(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 0.81 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 17.61 min.
Process from Point/Station
                            24.000 to Point/Station
                                                       16.000
**** CONFLUENCE OF MAIN STREAMS ****
The following data inside Main Stream is listed:
In Main Stream number: 2
Stream flow area = 3.490(Ac.)
Runoff from this stream =
                           6.811(CFS)
Time of concentration = 17.61 min.
                    2.527(In/Hr)
Rainfall intensity =
Summary of stream data:
                                 Rainfall Intensity
Stream
       Flow rate
                    TC
No.
         (CFS)
                    (min)
                                       (In/Hr)
1
       3.812
                12.66
                               2.902
       6.811
                17.61
                               2.527
2
Qmax(1) =
       1.000 *
               1.000 *
                           3.812) +
       1.000 *
                0.719 *
                           6.811) + =
                                          8.710
Qmax(2) =
       0.871 *
                1.000 *
                           3.812) +
       1.000 *
                1.000 *
                           6.811) + = 10.130
Total of 2 main streams to confluence:
Flow rates before confluence point:
      3.812
                6.811
Maximum flow rates at confluence using above data:
       8.710
                 10.130
Area of streams before confluence:
```

```
6
```

1.590 3.490

Results of confluence: Total flow rate = 10.130(CFS) Time of concentration = 17.609 min. Effective stream area after confluence = 5.080(Ac.) Process from Point/Station 16.000 to Point/Station 34.000 **** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) **** Upstream point/station elevation = 479.600(Ft.) Downstream point/station elevation = 479.100(Ft.) Pipe length = 161.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 10.130(CFS)Nearest computed pipe diameter = 24.00(In.) Calculated individual pipe flow = 10.130(CFS) Normal flow depth in pipe = 16.29(In.) Flow top width inside pipe = 22.41(In.) Critical Depth = 13.67(In.) Pipe flow velocity = 4.46(Ft/s) Travel time through pipe = 0.60 min. Time of concentration (TC) = 18.21 min.

```
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea

Time of concentration = 18.21 min.

Rainfall intensity = 2.489(In/Hr) for a 50.0 year storm

Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method,Q=KCIA, C = 0.740

Subarea runoff = 1.290(CFS) for 0.700(Ac.)

Total runoff = 11.420(CFS) Total area = 5.78(Ac.)
```

```
Upstream point/station elevation = 479.100(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 478.500(Ft.)
Pipe length = 190.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 11.420(CFS)
Nearest computed pipe diameter = 24.00(In.)
Calculated individual pipe flow = 11.420(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 17.77(In.)
Flow top width inside pipe = 21.05(In.)
Critical Depth = 14.55(In.)
```

```
Pipe flow velocity = 4.58(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 0.69 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 18.90 min.
Process from Point/Station 40.000 to Point/Station
                                                    38.000
**** SUBAREA FLOW ADDITION ****
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
Time of concentration = 18.90 min.
Rainfall intensity = 2.448(In/Hr) for a 50.0 year storm
Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method, Q=KCIA, C = 0.740
Subarea runoff = 0.471(CFS) for 0.260(Ac.)
Total runoff = 11.891(CFS) Total area =
                                          6.04(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station 38.000 to Point/Station 42.000
**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****
Upstream point/station elevation = 478.500(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 478.000(Ft.)
Pipe length = 154.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 11.891(CFS)
Nearest computed pipe diameter = 24.00(In.)
Calculated individual pipe flow = 11.891(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 18.19(In.)
Flow top width inside pipe = 20.56(In.)
Critical Depth = 14.87(In.)
Pipe flow velocity = 4.66(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 0.55 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 19.45 min.
Process from Point/Station 38.000 to Point/Station
                                                   42.000
**** CONFLUENCE OF MINOR STREAMS ****
Along Main Stream number: 1 in normal stream number 1
Stream flow area = 6.040(Ac.)
Runoff from this stream = 11.891(CFS)
Time of concentration = 19.45 min.
Rainfall intensity = 2.416(In/Hr)
Process from Point/Station 50.000 to Point/Station
                                                   52.000
**** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
```

Initial subarea flow distance = 455.000(Ft.)

```
Highest elevation = 488.400(Ft.)
Lowest elevation = 485.500(Ft.)
Elevation difference =
                       2.900(Ft.)
Time of concentration calculated by the urban
areas overland flow method (App X-C) = 16.06 min.
TC = [1.8*(1.1-C)*distance(Ft.)^{.5})/(% slope^{(1/3)}]
TC = [1.8*(1.1-0.7400)*(455.000^{.5})/(0.637^{(1/3)}] = 16.06
Rainfall intensity (I) =
                          2.630(In/Hr) for a
                                             50.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.740
Subarea runoff =
                   5.293(CFS)
Total initial stream area =
                               2.720(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station
                             52.000 to Point/Station
                                                         54.000
**** IMPROVED CHANNEL TRAVEL TIME ****
Upstream point elevation = 483.800(Ft.)
Downstream point elevation = 483.000(Ft.)
Channel length thru subarea = 164.000(Ft.)
                       20.000(Ft.)
Channel base width
                 =
Slope or 'Z' of left channel bank = 3.000
Slope or 'Z' of right channel bank = 3.000
Estimated mean flow rate at midpoint of channel = 5.750(CFS)
Manning's 'N'
               = 0.050
Maximum depth of channel = 1.000(Ft.)
Flow(q) thru subarea = 5.750(CFS)
Depth of flow = 0.303(Ft.), Average velocity = 0.908(Ft/s)
Channel flow top width = 21.818(Ft.)
Flow Velocity = 0.91(Ft/s)
Travel time =
               3.01 min.
Time of concentration = 19.07 min.
Critical depth = 0.137(Ft.)
Adding area flow to channel
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
Rainfall intensity = 2.438(In/Hr) for a 50.0 year storm
Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method, Q=KCIA, C = 0.740
Subarea runoff = 0.848(CFS) for 0.470(Ac.)
Total runoff = 6.141(CFS) Total area =
                                              3.19(Ac.)
54.000 to Point/Station
Process from Point/Station
                                                         42.000
**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****
Upstream point/station elevation = 479.000(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 478.000(Ft.)
Pipe length = 207.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 6.141(CFS)
Nearest computed pipe diameter = 18.00(In.)
Calculated individual pipe flow = 6.141(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 12.64(In.)
```

```
9
```

```
Flow top width inside pipe = 16.46(In.)
Critical Depth = 11.49(In.)
Pipe flow velocity = 4.63(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 0.75 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 19.82 min.
Process from Point/Station 54.000 to Point/Station 42.000
**** CONFLUENCE OF MINOR STREAMS ****
Along Main Stream number: 1 in normal stream number 2
Stream flow area = 3.190(Ac.)
Runoff from this stream =
                          6.141(CFS)
Time of concentration = 19.82 min.
Rainfall intensity =
                   2.395(In/Hr)
Summary of stream data:
Stream Flow rate
                   TC
                           Rainfall Intensity
No.
        (CFS)
                  (min)
                                      (In/Hr)
     11.891
1
               19.45
                              2.416
       6.141
2
                19.82
                              2.395
Qmax(1) =
                        11.891) +
       1.000 * 1.000 *
       1.000 * 0.982 *
                         6.141) + =
                                       17.918
Qmax(2) =
       0.991 * 1.000 * 11.891) +
1.000 * 1.000 * 6.141) +
                         6.141) + =
                                     17.930
Total of 2 streams to confluence:
Flow rates before confluence point:
     11.891
            6.141
Maximum flow rates at confluence using above data:
     17.918
             17.930
Area of streams before confluence:
      6.040
                 3.190
Results of confluence:
Total flow rate = 17.930(CFS)
Time of concentration = 19.818 min.
Effective stream area after confluence = 9.230(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station 42.000 to Point/Station
                                                     60.000
**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****
Upstream point/station elevation = 478.000(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 477.000(Ft.)
Pipe length = 325.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 17.930(CFS)
```

```
10
```

```
Nearest computed pipe diameter = 27.00(In.)
Calculated individual pipe flow = 17.930(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 23.34(In.)
Flow top width inside pipe = 18.48(In.)
Critical Depth = 17.76(In.)
Pipe flow velocity = 4.90(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 1.10 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 20.92 min.
Process from Point/Station 42.000 to Point/Station 60.000
**** CONFLUENCE OF MAIN STREAMS ****
The following data inside Main Stream is listed:
In Main Stream number: 1
Stream flow area = 9.230(Ac.)
Runoff from this stream = 17.930(CFS)
Time of concentration = 20.92 min.
Rainfall intensity = 2.335(In/Hr)
Program is now starting with Main Stream No. 2
Process from Point/Station
                            70.000 to Point/Station
                                                     72.000
**** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
Initial subarea flow distance = 264.000(Ft.)
Highest elevation = 493.000(Ft.)
Lowest elevation = 490.700(Ft.)
Elevation difference =
                      2.300(Ft.)
Time of concentration calculated by the urban
areas overland flow method (App X-C) = 11.02 min.
TC = [1.8*(1.1-C)*distance(Ft.)^{.5})/(% slope^{(1/3)}]
TC = [1.8*(1.1-0.7400)*(264.000^{.5})/(0.871^{(1/3)}] = 11.02
Rainfall intensity (I) = 3.068(In/Hr) for a 50.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.740
Subarea runoff = 2.952(CFS)
Total initial stream area = 1.300(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station 72.000 to Point/Station
                                                     74.000
**** IMPROVED CHANNEL TRAVEL TIME ****
Upstream point elevation = 488.300(Ft.)
Downstream point elevation = 487.300(Ft.)
Channel length thru subarea = 180.000(Ft.)
Channel base width = 20.000(Ft.)
Slope or 'Z' of left channel bank =
                                 3.000
```

```
Slope or 'Z' of right channel bank = 3.000
```

```
Estimated mean flow rate at midpoint of channel = 3.531(CFS)
Manning's 'N' = 0.050
Maximum depth of channel = 1.000(Ft.)
Flow(q) thru subarea = 3.531(CFS)
Depth of flow = 0.218(Ft.), Average velocity = 0.784(Ft/s)
Channel flow top width = 21.308(Ft.)
Flow Velocity =
               0.78(Ft/s)
Travel time =
               3.83 min.
Time of concentration = 14.85 min.
                 0.099(Ft.)
Critical depth =
Adding area flow to channel
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
Rainfall intensity = 2.718(In/Hr) for a 50.0 year storm
Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method, Q=KCIA, C = 0.740
Subarea runoff = 1.026(CFS) for
                                 0.510(Ac.)
Total runoff = 3.978(CFS) Total area =
                                            1.81(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station 74.000 to Point/Station
                                                     76.000
**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****
Upstream point/station elevation = 483.300(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 482.400(Ft.)
Pipe length = 179.00 (Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 3.978(CFS)
Nearest computed pipe diameter = 15.00(In.)
Calculated individual pipe flow = 3.978(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 10.80(In.)
Flow top width inside pipe = 13.47(In.)
Critical Depth = 9.68(In.)
Pipe flow velocity = 4.20(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 0.71 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 15.56 min.
77.000 to Point/Station
Process from Point/Station
                                                    76.000
**** SUBAREA FLOW ADDITION ****
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
Time of concentration = 15.56 min.
Rainfall intensity = 2.665(In/Hr) for a 50.0 year storm
Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method, Q=KCIA, C = 0.740
Subarea runoff = 0.099(CFS) for
                                0.050(Ac.)
Total runoff = 4.076(CFS) Total area = 1.86(Ac.)
```

```
Process from Point/Station 76.000 to Point/Station 78.000
**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****
```

Upstream point/station elevation = 482.400(Ft.) Downstream point/station elevation = 481.300(Ft.) Pipe length = 241.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 4.076(CFS) Nearest computed pipe diameter = 15.00(In.) Calculated individual pipe flow = 4.076(CFS) Normal flow depth in pipe = 11.48(In.) Flow top width inside pipe = 12.71(In.) Critical Depth = 9.81(In.) Pipe flow velocity = 4.04(Ft/s)Travel time through pipe = 0.99 min. Time of concentration (TC) = 16.55 min. Process from Point/Station 79.000 to Point/Station 78.000 **** SUBAREA FLOW ADDITION **** User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea Time of concentration = 16.55 min. Rainfall intensity = 2.596(In/Hr) for a 50.0 year storm Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method, Q=KCIA, C = 0.740 Subarea runoff = 0.058(CFS) for 0.030(Ac.)Total runoff = 4.134(CFS) Total area = 1.89(Ac.) Process from Point/Station 78.000 to Point/Station 80.000 **** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) **** Upstream point/station elevation = 481.300(Ft.) Downstream point/station elevation = 480.300(Ft.) Pipe length = 185.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013 No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 4.134(CFS) Nearest computed pipe diameter = 15.00(In.) Calculated individual pipe flow = 4.134(CFS) Normal flow depth in pipe = 10.83(In.) Flow top width inside pipe = 13.44(In.) Critical Depth = 9.88(In.) Pipe flow velocity = 4.36(Ft/s) Travel time through pipe = 0.71 min. Time of concentration (TC) = 17.26 min. Process from Point/Station 78.000 to Point/Station 80.000 **** CONFLUENCE OF MINOR STREAMS **** Along Main Stream number: 2 in normal stream number 1 Stream flow area = 1.890(Ac.) Runoff from this stream = 4.134(CFS) Time of concentration = 17.26 min.

```
13
```

Rainfall intensity = 2.549(In/Hr)

```
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
Initial subarea flow distance = 814.000(Ft.)
Highest elevation = 493.000(Ft.)
Lowest elevation = 487.800(Ft.)
Elevation difference =
                      5.200(Ft.)
Time of concentration calculated by the urban
areas overland flow method (App X-C) = 21.47 min.
TC = [1.8*(1.1-C)*distance(Ft.)^{.5})/(% slope^{(1/3)}]
TC = [1.8*(1.1-0.7400)*(814.000^{.5})/(0.639^{(1/3)}] = 21.47
Rainfall intensity (I) = 2.306(In/Hr) for a 50.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.740
Subarea runoff =
                  4.659(CFS)
Total initial stream area =
                             2.730(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station 84.000 to Point/Station 86.000
**** IMPROVED CHANNEL TRAVEL TIME ****
Upstream point elevation = 485.500(Ft.)
Downstream point elevation = 484.500(Ft.)
Channel length thru subarea = 216.000(Ft.)
Channel base width = 20.000(Ft.)
Slope or 'Z' of left channel bank = 3.000
Slope or 'Z' of right channel bank = 3.000
Estimated mean flow rate at midpoint of channel = 5.085(CFS)
Manning's 'N' = 0.050
Maximum depth of channel = 1.000(Ft.)
Flow(q) thru subarea = 5.085(CFS)
Depth of flow = 0.286(Ft.), Average velocity = 0.852(Ft/s)
Channel flow top width = 21.716(Ft.)
Flow Velocity =
               0.85(Ft/s)
Travel time =
              4.22 min.
Time of concentration = 25.69 min.
Critical depth = 0.125(Ft.)
Adding area flow to channel
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
Rainfall intensity = 2.104(In/Hr) for a 50.0 year storm
Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method, Q=KCIA, C = 0.740
Subarea runoff = 0.779(CFS) for 0.500(Ac.)
Total runoff = 5.437(CFS) Total area =
                                              3.23(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station
                            86.000 to Point/Station 80.000
```

```
14
```

**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****

Upstream point/station elevation = 480.500(Ft.) Downstream point/station elevation = 480.300(Ft.) Pipe length = 32.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013 No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 5.437(CFS) Nearest computed pipe diameter = 18.00(In.) Calculated individual pipe flow = 5.437(CFS) Normal flow depth in pipe = 10.62(In.) Flow top width inside pipe = 17.71(In.) Critical Depth = 10.79(In.) Pipe flow velocity = 5.01(Ft/s) Travel time through pipe = 0.11 min. Time of concentration (TC) = 25.80 min. Process from Point/Station 86.000 to Point/Station 80.000 **** CONFLUENCE OF MINOR STREAMS **** Along Main Stream number: 2 in normal stream number 2 Stream flow area = 3.230(Ac.) Runoff from this stream = 5.437(CFS) Time of concentration = 25.80 min. Rainfall intensity = 2.100(In/Hr) Summary of stream data: Stream Flow rate TC Rainfall Intensity No. (CFS) (min) (In/Hr) 1 4.134 17.26 2.549 5.437 2 25.80 2.100 Qmax(1) =1.000 * 1.000 * 4.134) + 1.000 * 0.669 * 5.437) + 5.437) + =7.772 Qmax(2) =0.824 * 1.000 * 4.134) +1.000 * 1.000 * 5.437) + =8.842 Total of 2 streams to confluence: Flow rates before confluence point: 4.134 5.437 Maximum flow rates at confluence using above data: 7.772 8.842 Area of streams before confluence: 1.890 3.230 Results of confluence: Total flow rate = 8.842(CFS) 25.797 min. Time of concentration = Effective stream area after confluence = 5.120(Ac.)

```
Upstream point/station elevation = 480.300(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 478.300(Ft.)
Pipe length = 398.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 8.842(CFS)
Nearest computed pipe diameter = 21.00(In.)
Calculated individual pipe flow = 8.842(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 14.04(In.)
Flow top width inside pipe = 19.77(In.)
Critical Depth = 13.27(In.)
Pipe flow velocity = 5.17(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 1.28 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 27.08 min.
Process from Point/Station 89.000 to Point/Station
                                                      88.000
**** SUBAREA FLOW ADDITION ****
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
Time of concentration = 27.08 min.
Rainfall intensity = 2.045(In/Hr) for a 50.0 year storm
Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method, Q=KCIA, C = 0.740
Subarea runoff = 0.045(CFS) for 0.030(Ac.)
Total runoff = 8.888(CFS) Total area = 5.15(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station 88.000 to Point/Station
                                                      60.000
**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****
Upstream point/station elevation = 478.300(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 477.000(Ft.)
Pipe length = 264.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 8.888(CFS)
Nearest computed pipe diameter = 21.00(In.)
Calculated individual pipe flow = 8.888(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 14.20(In.)
Flow top width inside pipe = 19.65(In.)
Critical Depth = 13.31(In.)
Pipe flow velocity = 5.14(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 0.86 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 27.94 min.
```

Process from Point/Station 88.000 to Point/Station 60.000 **** CONFLUENCE OF MAIN STREAMS ****

```
The following data inside Main Stream is listed:
In Main Stream number: 2
Stream flow area =
                 5.150(Ac.)
Runoff from this stream =
                           8.888(CFS)
Time of concentration = 27.94 min.
Rainfall intensity = 2.010(In/Hr)
Program is now starting with Main Stream No. 3
Process from Point/Station
                             90.000 to Point/Station 92.000
**** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
Initial subarea flow distance = 389.000(Ft.)
Highest elevation = 488.500(Ft.)
Lowest elevation = 484.600(Ft.)
Elevation difference =
                       3.900(Ft.)
Time of concentration calculated by the urban
areas overland flow method (App X-C) =
                                     12.77 min.
TC = [1.8*(1.1-C)*distance(Ft.)^{.5})/(% slope^{(1/3)}]
TC = [1.8*(1.1-0.7400)*(389.000^{.5})/(1.003^{(1/3)}] = 12.77
Rainfall intensity (I) = 2.892(In/Hr) for a 50.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.740
Subarea runoff = 3.146(CFS)
Total initial stream area =
                              1.470(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station 92.000 to Point/Station
                                                        94.000
**** IMPROVED CHANNEL TRAVEL TIME ****
Upstream point elevation = 482.700(Ft.)
Downstream point elevation = 482.000(Ft.)
Channel length thru subarea = 133.000(Ft.)
Channel base width
                 = 40.000(Ft.)
Slope or 'Z' of left channel bank = 3.000
Slope or 'Z' of right channel bank = 3.000
Estimated mean flow rate at midpoint of channel = 3.403(CFS)
              = 0.040
Manning's 'N'
Maximum depth of channel = 1.000(Ft.)
Flow(q) thru subarea = 3.403(CFS)
Depth of flow = 0.126(Ft.), Average velocity = 0.671(Ft/s)
Channel flow top width = 40.753(Ft.)
               0.67(Ft/s)
Flow Velocity =
Travel time =
               3.30 min.
Time of concentration = 16.07 min.
                  0.061(Ft.)
Critical depth =
Adding area flow to channel
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
Rainfall intensity = 2.629(In/Hr) for a 50.0 year storm
```

```
Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method, Q=KCIA, C = 0.740
                   0.467(CFS) for
Subarea runoff =
                                   0.240(Ac.)
Total runoff =
                 3.613(CFS) Total area =
                                              1.71(Ac.)
94.000 to Point/Station
Process from Point/Station
                                                       60.000
**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****
Upstream point/station elevation = 478.000(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 477.000(Ft.)
Pipe length = 88.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow =
                                       3.613(CFS)
Nearest computed pipe diameter = 12.00(In.)
Calculated individual pipe flow = 3.613(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 9.35(In.)
Flow top width inside pipe =
                           9.95(In.)
Critical Depth =
                 9.73(In.)
Pipe flow velocity =
                      5.50(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 0.27 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 16.34 min.
Process from Point/Station
                             94.000 to Point/Station
                                                       66.000
**** CONFLUENCE OF MAIN STREAMS ****
The following data inside Main Stream is listed:
In Main Stream number: 3
Stream flow area =
                     1.710(Ac.)
Runoff from this stream =
                           3.613(CFS)
                      16.34 min.
Time of concentration =
Rainfall intensity =
                     2.611(In/Hr)
Summary of stream data:
                                 Rainfall Intensity
Stream
       Flow rate
                     TC
No.
         (CFS)
                                       (In/Hr)
                    (min)
       17.930
1
                20.92
                                2.335
2
       8.888
                27.94
                                2.010
3
       3.613
                16.34
                                2.611
Omax(1) =
                1.000 *
       1.000 *
                          17.930) +
       1.000 *
                 0.749 *
                           8.888) +
       0.894 *
                 1.000 *
                           3.613) + =
                                          27.817
Qmax(2) =
       0.861 *
                 1.000 *
                          17.930) +
                 1.000 *
       1.000 *
                          8.888) +
       0.770 *
                1.000 *
                           3.613) + =
                                        27.102
Qmax(3) =
       1.000 * 0.781 * 17.930) +
```

```
1.000 * 0.585 * 8.888) +
1.000 * 1.000 * 3.613) + = 22.812
Total of 3 main streams to confluence:
Flow rates before confluence point:
     17.930 8.888 3.613
Maximum flow rates at confluence using above data:
      27.817 27.102 22.812
Area of streams before confluence:
      9.230 5.150
                           1.710
Results of confluence:
Total flow rate = 27.817(CFS)
Time of concentration = 20.923 min.
Effective stream area after confluence = 16.090(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station 60.000 to Point/Station
                                                    96.000
**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****
Upstream point/station elevation = 477.000(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 476.680(Ft.)
Pipe length = 107.00 (Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 27.817(CFS)
Nearest computed pipe diameter = 33.00(In.)
Calculated individual pipe flow = 27.817(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 25.97(In.)
Flow top width inside pipe = 27.03(In.)
Critical Depth = 21.01(In.)
Pipe flow velocity = 5.55(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 0.32 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 21.24 min.
Process from Point/Station 60.000 to Point/Station
                                                   96.000
**** CONFLUENCE OF MINOR STREAMS ****
Along Main Stream number: 1 in normal stream number 1
Stream flow area = 16.090(Ac.)
Runoff from this stream = 27.817(CFS)
Time of concentration = 21.24 min.
Rainfall intensity = 2.318(In/Hr)
Process from Point/Station 98.000 to Point/Station 96.000
**** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
```

```
Initial subarea flow distance = 539.000(Ft.)
Highest elevation = 489.300(Ft.)
Lowest elevation = 482.700(Ft.)
Elevation difference = 6.600(Ft.)
Time of concentration calculated by the urban
areas overland flow method (App X-C) = 14.06 min.
TC = [1.8*(1.1-C)*distance(Ft.)^{.5})/(\$ slope^{(1/3)}]
TC = [1.8*(1.1-0.7400)*(539.000^{.5})/(1.224^{(1/3)}] = 14.06
Rainfall intensity (I) = 2.780(In/Hr) for a 50.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.740
Subarea runoff = 1.913(CFS)
Total initial stream area =
                            0.930(Ac.)
96.000
Process from Point/Station 98.000 to Point/Station
**** CONFLUENCE OF MINOR STREAMS ****
Along Main Stream number: 1 in normal stream number 2
Stream flow area = 0.930(Ac.)
Runoff from this stream =
                          1.913(CFS)
Time of concentration = 14.06 min.
Rainfall intensity = 2.780(In/Hr)
Summary of stream data:
Stream Flow rate
                   TC
                               Rainfall Intensity
No.
         (CFS)
                   (min)
                                       (In/Hr)
1
      27.817
                21.24
                               2.318
2
       1.913
                14.06
                               2.780
Omax(1) =
       1.000 *
               1.000 *
                         27.817) +
       0.834 * 1.000 *
                          1.913) + =
                                       29.412
Qmax(2) =
       1.000 * 0.662 * 27.817) +
       1.000 *
               1.000 *
                          1.913) + =
                                        20.326
Total of 2 streams to confluence:
Flow rates before confluence point:
     27.817
                1.913
Maximum flow rates at confluence using above data:
      29.412
                20.326
Area of streams before confluence:
      16.090
                 0.930
Results of confluence:
Total flow rate = 29.412(CFS)
Time of concentration =
                       21.245 min.
Effective stream area after confluence = 17.020(Ac.)
```

Process from Point/Station 100.000 to Point/Station 102.000 **** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****

```
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
Initial subarea flow distance = 191.000(Ft.)
Highest elevation = 486.000(Ft.)
Lowest elevation = 483.500(Ft.)
Elevation difference =
                       2.500(Ft.)
Time of concentration calculated by the urban
areas overland flow method (App X-C) =
                                       8.19 min.
TC = [1.8*(1.1-C)*distance(Ft.)^{.5})/(% slope^{(1/3)}]
TC = [1.8*(1.1-0.7400)*(191.000^{.5})/(1.309^{(1/3)}] = 8.19
Rainfall intensity (I) =
                           3.458(In/Hr) for a 50.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.740
Subarea runoff =
                   0.768(CFS)
Total initial stream area =
                               0.300(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station
                            110.000 to Point/Station
                                                       112.000
**** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
Initial subarea flow distance = 147.000(Ft.)
Highest elevation = 486.000(Ft.)
Lowest elevation = 483.500(Ft.)
Elevation difference =
                       2.500(Ft.)
Time of concentration calculated by the urban
areas overland flow method (App X-C) =
                                       6.58 min.
TC = [1.8*(1.1-C)*distance(Ft.)^{.5})/(% slope^{(1/3)}]
TC = [1.8*(1.1-0.7400)*(147.000^{.5})/(1.701^{(1/3)}] = 6.58
Rainfall intensity (I) = 3.785(In/Hr) for a 50.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.740
Subarea runoff = 0.672(CFS)
Total initial stream area =
                               0.240(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station 120.000 to Point/Station 122.000
**** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****
Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group D = 1.000
[INDUSTRIAL area type
                                         1
Initial subarea flow distance = 229.000(Ft.)
Highest elevation = 487.100(Ft.)
Lowest elevation = 484.600(Ft.)
Elevation difference = 2.500(Ft.)
Time of concentration calculated by the urban
areas overland flow method (App X-C) = 3.97 min.
```

```
TC = [1.8*(1.1-C)*distance(Ft.)^{.5})/(\$ slope^{(1/3)}]
TC = [1.8*(1.1-0.9500)*(229.000^{.5})/(1.092^{(1/3)}] = 3.97
Setting time of concentration to 5 minutes
Rainfall intensity (I) = 4.265(In/Hr) for a 50.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.950
Subarea runoff =
                   2.593(CFS)
Total initial stream area =
                         0.640(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station 122.000 to Point/Station
                                                     124.000
**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****
Upstream point/station elevation = 481.000(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 479.800(Ft.)
Pipe length = 254.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 2.593(CFS)
Nearest computed pipe diameter = 15.00(In.)
Calculated individual pipe flow = 2.593(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 8.24(In.)
Flow top width inside pipe =
                           14.93(In.)
Critical Depth = 7.75(In.)
Pipe flow velocity = 3.76(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 1.13 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 6.13 min.
Process from Point/Station
                            126.000 to Point/Station
                                                     124.000
**** SUBAREA FLOW ADDITION ****
Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group D = 1.000
[INDUSTRIAL area type
                                       ]
Time of concentration =
                       6.13 min.
                     3.903(In/Hr) for a 50.0 year storm
Rainfall intensity =
Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method,Q=KCIA, C = 0.950
Subarea runoff = 2.558(CFS) for
                                  0.690(Ac.)
Total runoff =
                5.151(CFS) Total area =
                                              1.33(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station
                           124.000 to Point/Station
                                                      128.000
**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****
Upstream point/station elevation = 479.800(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 479.100(Ft.)
Pipe length = 208.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 5.151(CFS)
Nearest computed pipe diameter = 18.00(In.)
```

```
Calculated individual pipe flow = 5.151(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 12.70(In.)
Flow top width inside pipe = 16.41(In.)
Critical Depth = 10.48(In.)
Pipe flow velocity = 3.87(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 0.90 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 7.02 min.
Process from Point/Station
                       130.000 to Point/Station 128.000
**** SUBAREA FLOW ADDITION ****
Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group D = 1.000
[INDUSTRIAL area type
                                      ]
                      7.02 min.
Time of concentration =
Rainfall intensity = 3.684(In/Hr) for a 50.0 year storm
Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method, Q=KCIA, C = 0.950
Subarea runoff = 2.100(CFS) for 0.600(Ac.)
Total runoff = 7.251(CFS) Total area =
                                            1.93(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station 128.000 to Point/Station
                                                    132.000
**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****
Upstream point/station elevation = 479.100(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 478.400(Ft.)
Pipe length = 191.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 7.251(CFS)
Nearest computed pipe diameter =
                                21.00(In.)
Calculated individual pipe flow = 7.251(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 13.64(In.)
Flow top width inside pipe = 20.04(In.)
Critical Depth = 11.96(In.)
Pipe flow velocity = 4.38(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 0.73 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 7.75 min.
Process from Point/Station
                          134.000 to Point/Station
                                                   132.000
**** SUBAREA FLOW ADDITION ****
Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group D = 1.000
[INDUSTRIAL area type
                                      ]
```

Time of concentration = 7.75 min. Rainfall intensity = 3.537(In/Hr) for a 50.0 year storm Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method,Q=KCIA, C = 0.950 Subarea runoff = 3.394(CFS) for 1.010(Ac.)Total runoff = 10.645(CFS) Total area = 2.94(Ac.) Process from Point/Station 132.000 to Point/Station 136.000 **** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) **** Upstream point/station elevation = 478.400(Ft.) Downstream point/station elevation = 476.700(Ft.) Pipe length = 455.00 (Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013 No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 10.645(CFS) Nearest computed pipe diameter = 24.00(In.) Calculated individual pipe flow = 10.645(CFS) Normal flow depth in pipe = 15.80(In.) Flow top width inside pipe = 22.77(In.) Critical Depth = 14.03(In.) Pipe flow velocity = 4.86(Ft/s) Travel time through pipe = 1.56 min. Time of concentration (TC) = 9.31 min. Process from Point/Station 132.000 to Point/Station 136.000 **** CONFLUENCE OF MAIN STREAMS **** The following data inside Main Stream is listed: In Main Stream number: 1 Stream flow area = 2.940(Ac.) Runoff from this stream = 10.645(CFS) Time of concentration = 9.31 min. Rainfall intensity = 3.283(In/Hr) Program is now starting with Main Stream No. 2 Process from Point/Station 200.000 to Point/Station 202.000 **** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION **** User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea Initial subarea flow distance = 179.000(Ft.) Highest elevation = 489.000(Ft.) Lowest elevation = 457.000(Ft.) Elevation difference = 32.000(Ft.) Time of concentration calculated by the urban areas overland flow method (App X-C) = 3.32 min. $TC = [1.8*(1.1-C)*distance(Ft.)^{.5})/(\$ slope^{(1/3)}]$ $TC = [1.8*(1.1-0.7400)*(179.000^{.5})/(17.877^{(1/3)}] = 3.32$ Setting time of concentration to 5 minutes

```
Rainfall intensity (I) = 4.265(In/Hr) for a 50.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.740
Subarea runoff = 0.821(CFS)
Total initial stream area = 0.260(Ac.)
```

```
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
Initial subarea flow distance = 215.000(Ft.)
Highest elevation = 488.200(Ft.)
Lowest elevation = 486.000(Ft.)
Elevation difference =
                         2.200(Ft.)
Time of concentration calculated by the urban
areas overland flow method (App X-C) = 9.43 min.
TC = [1.8*(1.1-C)*distance(Ft.)^{.5})/(% slope^{(1/3)}]
TC = [1.8*(1.1-0.7400)*(215.000^{-1.5})/(1.023^{-1.5})] = 9.43
Rainfall intensity (I) = 3.266(In/Hr) for a 50.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.740
Subarea runoff =
                    0.435(CFS)
Total initial stream area =
                                 0.180(Ac.)
End of computations, total study area =
                                               20.940 (Ac.)
```

San Diego County Rational Hydrology Program CIVILCADD/CIVILDESIGN Engineering Software,(c)1991-2005 Version 6.4 Rational method hydrology program based on San Diego County Flood Control Division 1985 hydrology manual Rational Hydrology Study Date: 07/26/18 _____ Plaza La Media - North Preliminary Hydrology Proposed Conditions 100-Year Flow Rate _____ _____ Hydrology Study Control Information ********* * * * * * * * * * Program License Serial Number 4028 _____ Rational hydrology study storm event year is 100.0 English (in-lb) input data Units used English (in) rainfall data used Standard intensity of Appendix I-B used for year and Elevation 0 - 1500 feet Factor (to multiply * intensity) = 1.000 Only used if inside City of San Diego San Diego hydrology manual 'C' values used Runoff coefficients by rational method Process from Point/Station 10.000 to Point/Station 12.000 **** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION **** User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea Initial subarea flow distance = 222.000(Ft.) Highest elevation = 491.400(Ft.) Lowest elevation = 489.000(Ft.) Elevation difference = 2.400(Ft.) Time of concentration calculated by the urban areas overland flow method (App X-C) = 9.41 min. TC = [1.8*(1.1-C)*distance(Ft.)^.5)/(% slope^(1/3)] $TC = [1.8*(1.1-0.7400)*(222.000^{.5})/(1.081^{(1/3)}] = 9.41$ Rainfall intensity (I) = 3.450(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.740 Subarea runoff = 2.221(CFS) Total initial stream area = 0.870(Ac.)

Process from Point/Station 13.000 to Point/Station 12.000 **** SUBAREA FLOW ADDITION **** User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea Time of concentration = 9.41 min. Rainfall intensity = 3.450(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method, Q=KCIA, C = 0.740 Subarea runoff = 1.276(CFS) for 0.500(Ac.)Total runoff = 3.497(CFS) Total area = 1.37(Ac.) Process from Point/Station 12.000 to Point/Station 14.000 **** IMPROVED CHANNEL TRAVEL TIME **** Upstream point elevation = 485.300(Ft.) Downstream point elevation = 484.900(Ft.) Channel length thru subarea = 80.000(Ft.) Channel base width = 20.000(Ft.)Slope or 'Z' of left channel bank = 3.000 Slope or 'Z' of right channel bank = 3.000 Estimated mean flow rate at midpoint of channel = 3.778(CFS) Manning's 'N' = 0.050Maximum depth of channel = 1.000(Ft.) Flow(q) thru subarea = 3.778(CFS) Depth of flow = 0.234(Ft.), Average velocity = 0.779(Ft/s) Channel flow top width = 21.405(Ft.) Flow Velocity = 0.78(Ft/s) Travel time = 1.71 min. Time of concentration = 11.12 min. Critical depth = 0.104(Ft.)Adding area flow to channel User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea Rainfall intensity = 3.247(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method, Q=KCIA, C = 0.740 Subarea runoff = 0.529(CFS) for 0.220(Ac.) Total runoff = 4.026(CFS) Total area = 1.59(Ac.) Process from Point/Station 14.000 to Point/Station 16.000 **** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) **** Upstream point/station elevation = 480.500(Ft.) Downstream point/station elevation = 479.600(Ft.) Pipe length = 311.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013 No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 4.026(CFS) Nearest computed pipe diameter = 18.00(In.) Calculated individual pipe flow = 4.026(CFS) Normal flow depth in pipe = 11.23(In.)

Flow top width inside pipe = 17.44(In.)

```
Critical Depth = 9.21(In.)
Pipe flow velocity = 3.47(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 1.49 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 12.61 min.
Process from Point/Station
                           14.000 to Point/Station
                                                    16.000
**** CONFLUENCE OF MAIN STREAMS ****
The following data inside Main Stream is listed:
In Main Stream number: 1
Stream flow area = 1.590(Ac.)
Runoff from this stream =
                          4.026(CFS)
Time of concentration = 12.61 min.
Rainfall intensity =
                    3.101(In/Hr)
Program is now starting with Main Stream No. 2
Process from Point/Station 20.000 to Point/Station
                                                     22.000
**** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
Initial subarea flow distance = 522.000(Ft.)
Highest elevation = 491.400(Ft.)
Lowest elevation = 487.000(Ft.)
Elevation difference = 4.400(Ft.)
Time of concentration calculated by the urban
areas overland flow method (App X-C) =
                                   15.67 min.
TC = [1.8*(1.1-C)*distance(Ft.)^{.5})/(% slope^{(1/3)}]
TC = [1.8*(1.1-0.7400)*(522.000^{.5})/(0.843^{(1/3)}] = 15.67
Rainfall intensity (I) =
                        2.856(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.740
Subarea runoff =
                  5.769(CFS)
Total initial stream area =
                             2.730(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station
                            22.000 to Point/Station
                                                     24.000
**** IMPROVED CHANNEL TRAVEL TIME ****
Upstream point elevation = 484.300(Ft.)
Downstream point elevation = 484.000(Ft.)
Channel length thru subarea = 62.000(Ft.)
Channel base width = 18.000(Ft.)
Slope or 'Z' of left channel bank = 3.000
Slope or 'Z' of right channel bank = 3.000
Manning's 'N' = 0.050
Maximum depth of channel = 1.000(Ft.)
Flow(q) thru subarea = 5.769(CFS)
Depth of flow = 0.324(Ft.), Average velocity = 0.939(Ft/s)
```

```
Channel flow top width = 19.942(Ft.)
Flow Velocity = 0.94(Ft/s)
Travel time = 1.10 min.
Time of concentration = 16.77 min.
Critical depth = 0.146(Ft.)
Process from Point/Station 22.000 to Point/Station 24.000
**** CONFLUENCE OF MINOR STREAMS ****
Along Main Stream number: 2 in normal stream number 1
Stream flow area = 2.730(Ac.)
Runoff from this stream =
                         5.769(CFS)
Time of concentration = 16.77 min.
Rainfall intensity = 2.780(In/Hr)
Process from Point/Station
                          30.000 to Point/Station
                                                    32.000
**** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
Initial subarea flow distance = 187.000(Ft.)
Highest elevation = 488.200(Ft.)
Lowest elevation = 486.500(Ft.)
Elevation difference =
                     1.700(Ft.)
Time of concentration calculated by the urban
areas overland flow method (App X-C) = 9.15 min.
TC = [1.8*(1.1-C)*distance(Ft.)^{.5})/(% slope^{(1/3)}]
TC = [1.8*(1.1-0.7400)*(187.000^{.5})/(0.909^{(1/3)}] = 9.15
Rainfall intensity (I) = 3.485(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.740
Subarea runoff = 0.851(CFS)
Total initial stream area = 0.330(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station 32.000 to Point/Station 24.000
**** IMPROVED CHANNEL TRAVEL TIME ****
Upstream point elevation = 486.500(Ft.)
Downstream point elevation = 484.100(Ft.)
Channel length thru subarea = 367.000(Ft.)
Channel base width = 18.000(Ft.)
Slope or 'Z' of left channel bank = 3.000
Slope or 'Z' of right channel bank = 3.000
Manning's 'N' = 0.050
Maximum depth of channel = 1.000(Ft.)
Flow(q) thru subarea = 0.851(CFS)
Depth of flow = 0.094(Ft.), Average velocity = 0.493(Ft/s)
Channel flow top width = 18.567(Ft.)
```

```
Flow Velocity = 0.49(Ft/s)
Travel time = 12.41 min.
Time of concentration = 21.56 min.
Critical depth = 0.041(Ft.)
Process from Point/Station
                            32.000 to Point/Station
                                                      24.000
**** CONFLUENCE OF MINOR STREAMS ****
Along Main Stream number: 2 in normal stream number 2
Stream flow area = 0.330(Ac.)
Runoff from this stream =
                          0.851(CFS)
Time of concentration = 21.56 min.
                    2.494(In/Hr)
Rainfall intensity =
Summary of stream data:
                   TC
                                Rainfall Intensity
Stream
       Flow rate
                                      (In/Hr)
No.
        (CFS)
                  (min)
1
       5.769
                16.77
                               2.780
2
       0.851
                21.56
                               2.494
Qmax(1) =
       1.000 * 1.000 *
                         5.769) +
       1.000 *
               0.778 *
                          0.851) + =
                                         6.431
Qmax(2) =
               1.000 *
       0.897 *
                           5.769) +
       1.000 *
                1.000 *
                          0.851) + = 6.027
Total of 2 streams to confluence:
Flow rates before confluence point:
      5.769
                0.851
Maximum flow rates at confluence using above data:
      6.431
                  6.027
Area of streams before confluence:
      2.730
                 0.330
Results of confluence:
Total flow rate =
                   6.431(CFS)
Time of concentration = 16.773 min.
Effective stream area after confluence =
                                       3.060(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station
                            24.000 to Point/Station
                                                      24.000
**** SUBAREA FLOW ADDITION ****
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
Time of concentration =
                      16.77 min.
Rainfall intensity =
                    2.780(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method, Q=KCIA, C = 0.740
Subarea runoff = 0.884(CFS) for 0.430(Ac.)
```

Process from Point/Station 24.000 to Point/Station 16.000 **** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) **** Upstream point/station elevation = 480.100(Ft.) Downstream point/station elevation = 479.600(Ft.) Pipe length = 185.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013 No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 7.316(CFS) Nearest computed pipe diameter = 21.00(In.) Calculated individual pipe flow = 7.316(CFS) Normal flow depth in pipe = 15.40(In.) Flow top width inside pipe = 18.57(In.) Critical Depth = 12.03(In.) Pipe flow velocity = 3.87(Ft/s) Travel time through pipe = 0.80 min. Time of concentration (TC) = 17.57 min. Process from Point/Station 24.000 to Point/Station 16.000 **** CONFLUENCE OF MAIN STREAMS **** The following data inside Main Stream is listed: In Main Stream number: 2 Stream flow area = 3.490(Ac.)Runoff from this stream = 7.316(CFS) Time of concentration = 17.57 min. Rainfall intensity = 2.727(In/Hr) Summary of stream data: Rainfall Intensity Stream Flow rate TC No. (CFS) (min) (In/Hr) 1 4.026 12.61 3.101 7.316 17.57 2.727 2 Qmax(1) =1.000 * 1.000 * 4.026) +1.000 * 0.718 * 7.316) + =9.277 Qmax(2) =0.880 * 1.000 * 4.026) +1.000 * 1.000 * 7.316) + = 10.857Total of 2 main streams to confluence: Flow rates before confluence point: 4.026 7.316 Maximum flow rates at confluence using above data: 9.277 10.857

Total runoff = 7.316(CFS) Total area = 3.49(Ac.)

Area of streams before confluence:

1.590 3.490

Results of confluence: Total flow rate = 10.857(CFS) Time of concentration = 17.570 min. Effective stream area after confluence = 5.080(Ac.)

Upstream point/station elevation = 479.600(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 479.100(Ft.)
Pipe length = 161.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 10.857(CFS)
Nearest computed pipe diameter = 24.00(In.)
Calculated individual pipe flow = 10.857(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 17.18(In.)
Flow top width inside pipe = 21.65(In.)
Critical Depth = 14.18(In.)
Pipe flow velocity = 4.51(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 0.59 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 18.16 min.

```
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea

Time of concentration = 18.16 min.

Rainfall intensity = 2.690(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm

Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method,Q=KCIA, C = 0.740

Subarea runoff = 1.393(CFS) for 0.700(Ac.)

Total runoff = 12.250(CFS) Total area = 5.78(Ac.)
```

```
Upstream point/station elevation = 479.100(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 478.500(Ft.)
Pipe length = 190.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 12.250(CFS)
Nearest computed pipe diameter = 24.00(In.)
Calculated individual pipe flow = 12.250(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 18.94(In.)
Flow top width inside pipe = 19.58(In.)
Critical Depth = 15.09(In.)
```

```
Pipe flow velocity = 4.61(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 0.69 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 18.85 min.
Process from Point/Station 40.000 to Point/Station
                                                    38.000
**** SUBAREA FLOW ADDITION ****
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
Time of concentration = 18.85 min.
Rainfall intensity = 2.648(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method, Q=KCIA, C = 0.740
Subarea runoff = 0.509(CFS) for 0.260(Ac.)
Total runoff = 12.759(CFS) Total area =
                                          6.04(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station 38.000 to Point/Station 42.000
**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****
Upstream point/station elevation = 478.500(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 478.000(Ft.)
Pipe length = 154.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 12.759(CFS)
Nearest computed pipe diameter = 24.00(In.)
Calculated individual pipe flow = 12.759(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 19.45(In.)
Flow top width inside pipe = 18.81(In.)
Critical Depth = 15.41(In.)
Pipe flow velocity = 4.68(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 0.55 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 19.40 min.
Process from Point/Station 38.000 to Point/Station
                                                   42.000
**** CONFLUENCE OF MINOR STREAMS ****
Along Main Stream number: 1 in normal stream number 1
Stream flow area = 6.040(Ac.)
Runoff from this stream = 12.759(CFS)
Time of concentration = 19.40 min.
Rainfall intensity = 2.615(In/Hr)
Process from Point/Station 50.000 to Point/Station
                                                  52.000
**** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****
```

User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea Initial subarea flow distance = 455.000(Ft.)

```
Highest elevation = 488.400(Ft.)
Lowest elevation = 485.500(Ft.)
Elevation difference =
                       2.900(Ft.)
Time of concentration calculated by the urban
areas overland flow method (App X-C) = 16.06 min.
TC = [1.8*(1.1-C)*distance(Ft.)^{.5})/(% slope^{(1/3)}]
TC = [1.8*(1.1-0.7400)*(455.000^{-1.5})/(0.637^{-1.5})] = 16.06
Rainfall intensity (I) =
                          2.828(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.740
Subarea runoff =
                    5.693(CFS)
Total initial stream area =
                               2.720(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station
                             52.000 to Point/Station
                                                         54.000
**** IMPROVED CHANNEL TRAVEL TIME ****
Upstream point elevation = 483.800(Ft.)
Downstream point elevation = 483.000(Ft.)
Channel length thru subarea = 164.000(Ft.)
                       20.000(Ft.)
Channel base width
                 =
Slope or 'Z' of left channel bank = 3.000
Slope or 'Z' of right channel bank = 3.000
Estimated mean flow rate at midpoint of channel = 6.185(CFS)
Manning's 'N'
               = 0.050
Maximum depth of channel = 1.000(Ft.)
Flow(q) thru subarea = 6.185(CFS)
Depth of flow = 0.316(Ft.), Average velocity = 0.933(Ft/s)
Channel flow top width = 21.899(Ft.)
Flow Velocity = 0.93(Ft/s)
Travel time =
                2.93 min.
Time of concentration = 18.99 min.
Critical depth = 0.143(Ft.)
Adding area flow to channel
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
Rainfall intensity = 2.639(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method, Q=KCIA, C = 0.740
Subarea runoff = 0.918(CFS) for 0.470(Ac.)
Total runoff = 6.611(CFS) Total area =
                                              3.19(Ac.)
54.000 to Point/Station
Process from Point/Station
                                                         42.000
**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****
Upstream point/station elevation = 479.000(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 478.000(Ft.)
Pipe length = 207.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 6.611(CFS)
Nearest computed pipe diameter = 18.00(In.)
Calculated individual pipe flow = 6.611(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 13.43(In.)
```

```
9
```

```
Flow top width inside pipe = 15.67(In.)
Critical Depth = 11.94(In.)
Pipe flow velocity = 4.68(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 0.74 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 19.73 min.
Process from Point/Station 54.000 to Point/Station 42.000
**** CONFLUENCE OF MINOR STREAMS ****
Along Main Stream number: 1 in normal stream number 2
Stream flow area = 3.190(Ac.)
Runoff from this stream =
                          6.611(CFS)
Time of concentration = 19.73 min.
Rainfall intensity =
                    2.596(In/Hr)
Summary of stream data:
Stream Flow rate
                   TC
                          Rainfall Intensity
No.
        (CFS)
                  (min)
                                      (In/Hr)
     12.759
1
               19.40
                              2.615
       6.611
2
                19.73
                              2.596
Qmax(1) =
                        12.759) +
       1.000 * 1.000 *
       1.000 * 0.983 *
                         6.611) + =
                                       19.260
Qmax(2) =
       0.993 * 1.000 * 12.759) +
1.000 * 1.000 * 6.611) +
                         6.611) + =
                                       19.277
Total of 2 streams to confluence:
Flow rates before confluence point:
     12.759 6.611
Maximum flow rates at confluence using above data:
     19.260
             19.277
Area of streams before confluence:
      6.040
                 3.190
Results of confluence:
Total flow rate = 19.277(CFS)
Time of concentration = 19.729 min.
Effective stream area after confluence = 9.230(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station 42.000 to Point/Station
                                                     60.000
**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****
Upstream point/station elevation = 478.000(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 477.000(Ft.)
Pipe length = 325.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 19.277(CFS)
```
```
Nearest computed pipe diameter = 30.00(In.)
Calculated individual pipe flow = 19.277(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 21.19(In.)
Flow top width inside pipe = 27.33(In.)
Critical Depth = 17.88(In.)
Pipe flow velocity = 5.20(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 1.04 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 20.77 min.
Process from Point/Station 42.000 to Point/Station 60.000
**** CONFLUENCE OF MAIN STREAMS ****
The following data inside Main Stream is listed:
In Main Stream number: 1
Stream flow area = 9.230(Ac.)
Runoff from this stream = 19.277(CFS)
Time of concentration = 20.77 min.
Rainfall intensity = 2.537(In/Hr)
Program is now starting with Main Stream No. 2
Process from Point/Station
                            70.000 to Point/Station
                                                     72.000
**** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
Initial subarea flow distance = 264.000(Ft.)
Highest elevation = 493.000(Ft.)
Lowest elevation = 490.700(Ft.)
Elevation difference =
                      2.300(Ft.)
Time of concentration calculated by the urban
areas overland flow method (App X-C) = 11.02 min.
TC = [1.8*(1.1-C)*distance(Ft.)^{.5})/(% slope^{(1/3)}]
TC = [1.8*(1.1-0.7400)*(264.000^{.5})/(0.871^{(1/3)}] = 11.02
Rainfall intensity (I) = 3.257(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.740
Subarea runoff = 3.133(CFS)
Total initial stream area = 1.300(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station 72.000 to Point/Station
                                                     74.000
**** IMPROVED CHANNEL TRAVEL TIME ****
Upstream point elevation = 488.300(Ft.)
Downstream point elevation = 487.300(Ft.)
Channel length thru subarea = 180.000(Ft.)
Channel base width = 20.000(Ft.)
Slope or 'Z' of left channel bank =
                                 3.000
```

```
Slope or 'Z' of right channel bank = 3.000
```

```
Estimated mean flow rate at midpoint of channel = 3.748(CFS)
Manning's 'N' = 0.050
Maximum depth of channel = 1.000(Ft.)
Flow(q) thru subarea = 3.748(CFS)
Depth of flow = 0.226(Ft.), Average velocity = 0.802(Ft/s)
Channel flow top width = 21.355(Ft.)
               0.80(Ft/s)
Flow Velocity =
Travel time =
               3.74 min.
Time of concentration = 14.76 min.
                 0.103(Ft.)
Critical depth =
Adding area flow to channel
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
Rainfall intensity = 2.923(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method, Q=KCIA, C = 0.740
Subarea runoff = 1.103(CFS) for
                                 0.510(Ac.)
Total runoff = 4.236(CFS) Total area =
                                            1.81(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station 74.000 to Point/Station
                                                     76.000
**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****
Upstream point/station elevation = 483.300(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 482.400(Ft.)
Pipe length = 179.00 (Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 4.236(CFS)
Nearest computed pipe diameter = 15.00(In.)
Calculated individual pipe flow = 4.236(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 11.39(In.)
Flow top width inside pipe = 12.82(In.)
Critical Depth = 10.00(In.)
Pipe flow velocity = 4.24(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 0.70 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 15.47 min.
77.000 to Point/Station
Process from Point/Station
                                                    76.000
**** SUBAREA FLOW ADDITION ****
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
Time of concentration = 15.47 min.
Rainfall intensity = 2.871(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method, Q=KCIA, C = 0.740
Subarea runoff = 0.106(CFS) for
                                0.050(Ac.)
Total runoff = 4.343(CFS) Total area = 1.86(Ac.)
```

```
Process from Point/Station 76.000 to Point/Station 78.000
**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****
```

Upstream point/station elevation = 482.400(Ft.) Downstream point/station elevation = 481.300(Ft.) Pipe length = 241.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 4.343(CFS) Nearest computed pipe diameter = 15.00(In.) Calculated individual pipe flow = 4.343(CFS) Normal flow depth in pipe = 12.23(In.) Flow top width inside pipe = 11.63(In.) Critical Depth = 10.14(In.) Pipe flow velocity = 4.05(Ft/s)Travel time through pipe = 0.99 min. Time of concentration (TC) = 16.46 min. Process from Point/Station 79.000 to Point/Station 78.000 **** SUBAREA FLOW ADDITION **** User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea Time of concentration = 16.46 min. Rainfall intensity = 2.801(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method, Q=KCIA, C = 0.740 0.030(Ac.) Subarea runoff = 0.062(CFS) for Total runoff = 4.405(CFS) Total area = 1.89(Ac.) Process from Point/Station 78.000 to Point/Station 80.000 **** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) **** Upstream point/station elevation = 481.300(Ft.) Downstream point/station elevation = 480.300(Ft.) Pipe length = 185.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013 No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 4.405(CFS) Nearest computed pipe diameter = 15.00(In.) Calculated individual pipe flow = 4.405(CFS) Normal flow depth in pipe = 11.41(In.) Flow top width inside pipe = 12.80(In.) Critical Depth = 10.21(In.) Pipe flow velocity = 4.39(Ft/s) Travel time through pipe = 0.70 min. Time of concentration (TC) = 17.16 min. Process from Point/Station 78.000 to Point/Station 80.000 **** CONFLUENCE OF MINOR STREAMS **** Along Main Stream number: 2 in normal stream number 1 Stream flow area = 1.890(Ac.) Runoff from this stream = 4.405(CFS) Time of concentration = 17.16 min.

```
13
```

Rainfall intensity = 2.754(In/Hr)

```
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
Initial subarea flow distance = 814.000(Ft.)
Highest elevation = 493.000(Ft.)
Lowest elevation = 487.800(Ft.)
Elevation difference =
                      5.200(Ft.)
Time of concentration calculated by the urban
areas overland flow method (App X-C) = 21.47 min.
TC = [1.8*(1.1-C)*distance(Ft.)^{.5})/(% slope^{(1/3)}]
TC = [1.8*(1.1-0.7400)*(814.000^{.5})/(0.639^{(1/3)}] = 21.47
Rainfall intensity (I) = 2.499(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.740
Subarea runoff =
                   5.048(CFS)
Total initial stream area =
                             2.730(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station 84.000 to Point/Station 86.000
**** IMPROVED CHANNEL TRAVEL TIME ****
Upstream point elevation = 485.500(Ft.)
Downstream point elevation = 484.500(Ft.)
Channel length thru subarea = 216.000(Ft.)
Channel base width = 20.000(Ft.)
Slope or 'Z' of left channel bank = 3.000
Slope or 'Z' of right channel bank = 3.000
Estimated mean flow rate at midpoint of channel = 5.511(CFS)
Manning's 'N' = 0.050
Maximum depth of channel = 1.000(Ft.)
Flow(q) thru subarea = 5.511(CFS)
Depth of flow = 0.300(Ft.), Average velocity = 0.879(Ft/s)
Channel flow top width = 21.801(Ft.)
Flow Velocity =
               0.88(Ft/s)
Travel time =
              4.10 min.
Time of concentration = 25.56 min.
Critical depth = 0.133(Ft.)
Adding area flow to channel
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
Rainfall intensity = 2.294(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method, Q=KCIA, C = 0.740
Subarea runoff = 0.849(CFS) for 0.500(Ac.)
Total runoff = 5.897(CFS) Total area =
                                              3.23(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station
                            86.000 to Point/Station 80.000
```

```
14
```

**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****

Upstream point/station elevation = 480.500(Ft.) Downstream point/station elevation = 480.300(Ft.) Pipe length = 32.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013 No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 5.897(CFS) Nearest computed pipe diameter = 18.00(In.) Calculated individual pipe flow = 5.897(CFS) Normal flow depth in pipe = 11.20(In.) Flow top width inside pipe = 17.45(In.) Critical Depth = 11.25(In.) Pipe flow velocity = 5.10(Ft/s) Travel time through pipe = 0.10 min. Time of concentration (TC) = 25.67 min. Process from Point/Station 86.000 to Point/Station 80.000 **** CONFLUENCE OF MINOR STREAMS **** Along Main Stream number: 2 in normal stream number 2 Stream flow area = 3.230(Ac.) Runoff from this stream = 5.897(CFS) Time of concentration = 25.67 min. Rainfall intensity = 2.289(In/Hr) Summary of stream data: Stream Flow rate TC Rainfall Intensity No. (CFS) (min) (In/Hr) 1 4.405 17.16 2.754 25.67 2 5.897 2.289 Qmax(1) =1.000 * 1.000 * 4.405) + 1.000 * 0.669 * 5.897) + 5.897) + = 8.347 Qmax(2) =0.831 * 1.000 * 4.405) +1.000 * 1.000 * 5.897) + = 9.558 Total of 2 streams to confluence: Flow rates before confluence point: 4.405 5.897 Maximum flow rates at confluence using above data: 8.347 9.558 Area of streams before confluence: 3.230 1.890 Results of confluence: Total flow rate = 9.558(CFS) Time of concentration = 25.668 min. Effective stream area after confluence = 5.120(Ac.)

```
Upstream point/station elevation = 480.300(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 478.300(Ft.)
Pipe length = 398.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 9.558(CFS)
Nearest computed pipe diameter = 21.00(In.)
Calculated individual pipe flow = 9.558(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 14.88(In.)
Flow top width inside pipe = 19.08(In.)
Critical Depth = 13.80(In.)
Pipe flow velocity = 5.24(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 1.27 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 26.93 min.
Process from Point/Station 89.000 to Point/Station
                                                         88.000
**** SUBAREA FLOW ADDITION ****
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
Time of concentration = 26.93 min.
Rainfall intensity = 2.231(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method, Q=KCIA, C = 0.740
Subarea runoff = 0.050(CFS) for 0.030(Ac.)
Total runoff = 9.607(CFS) Total area = 5.15(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station 88.000 to Point/Station
                                                         60.000
**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****
Upstream point/station elevation = 478.300(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 477.000(Ft.)
Pipe length = 264.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 9.607(CFS)
Nearest computed pipe diameter = 21.00(In.)
Calculated individual pipe flow = 9.607(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 15.07(In.)
Flow top width inside pipe = 18.91(In.)
Critical Depth = 13.83(In.)
Pipe flow velocity = 5.20(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 0.85 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 27.78 min.
```

```
The following data inside Main Stream is listed:
In Main Stream number: 2
Stream flow area =
                 5.150(Ac.)
Runoff from this stream =
                           9.607(CFS)
Time of concentration = 27.78 min.
Rainfall intensity = 2.194(In/Hr)
Program is now starting with Main Stream No. 3
Process from Point/Station
                             90.000 to Point/Station 92.000
**** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
Initial subarea flow distance = 389.000(Ft.)
Highest elevation = 488.500(Ft.)
Lowest elevation = 484.600(Ft.)
Elevation difference =
                       3.900(Ft.)
Time of concentration calculated by the urban
areas overland flow method (App X-C) =
                                     12.77 min.
TC = [1.8*(1.1-C)*distance(Ft.)^{.5})/(% slope^{(1/3)}]
TC = [1.8*(1.1-0.7400)*(389.000^{.5})/(1.003^{(1/3)}] = 12.77
Rainfall intensity (I) = 3.087(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.740
Subarea runoff =
                  3.358(CFS)
Total initial stream area =
                              1.470(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station 92.000 to Point/Station
                                                        94.000
**** IMPROVED CHANNEL TRAVEL TIME ****
Upstream point elevation = 482.700(Ft.)
Downstream point elevation = 482.000(Ft.)
Channel length thru subarea = 133.000(Ft.)
Channel base width
                 = 40.000(Ft.)
Slope or 'Z' of left channel bank = 3.000
Slope or 'Z' of right channel bank = 3.000
Estimated mean flow rate at midpoint of channel = 3.632(CFS)
               = 0.040
Manning's 'N'
Maximum depth of channel = 1.000(Ft.)
Flow(q) thru subarea = 3.632(CFS)
Depth of flow = 0.131(Ft.), Average velocity = 0.689(Ft/s)
Channel flow top width = 40.783(Ft.)
Flow Velocity =
               0.69(Ft/s)
Travel time =
               3.22 min.
Time of concentration = 15.99 min.
                0.063(Ft.)
Critical depth =
Adding area flow to channel
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
Rainfall intensity = 2.833(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
```

```
Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method, Q=KCIA, C = 0.740
                   0.503(CFS) for
Subarea runoff =
                                   0.240(Ac.)
Total runoff =
                 3.861(CFS) Total area =
                                              1.71(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station
                             94.000 to Point/Station
                                                        60.000
**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****
Upstream point/station elevation = 478.000(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 477.000(Ft.)
Pipe length = 88.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow =
                                       3.861(CFS)
Nearest computed pipe diameter = 15.00(In.)
Calculated individual pipe flow = 3.861(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 8.03(In.)
Flow top width inside pipe =
                           14.96(In.)
Critical Depth =
                 9.53(In.)
Pipe flow velocity =
                       5.77(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 0.25 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 16.24 min.
94.000 to Point/Station
Process from Point/Station
                                                        66.000
**** CONFLUENCE OF MAIN STREAMS ****
The following data inside Main Stream is listed:
In Main Stream number: 3
Stream flow area =
                     1.710(Ac.)
Runoff from this stream =
                           3.861(CFS)
                      16.24 min.
Time of concentration =
Rainfall intensity =
                     2.816(In/Hr)
Summary of stream data:
                                 Rainfall Intensity
Stream
       Flow rate
                     TC
No.
         (CFS)
                                        (In/Hr)
                    (min)
1
       19.277
                20.77
                                2.537
2
       9.607
                27.78
                                2.194
3
       3.861
                16.24
                                2.816
Omax(1) =
       1.000 *
                1.000 *
                          19.277) +
       1.000 *
                 0.748 *
                           9.607) +
       0.901 *
                 1.000 *
                            3.861) + =
                                          29.939
Qmax(2) =
       0.865 *
                 1.000 *
                           19.277) +
                 1.000 *
       1.000 *
                           9.607) +
       0.779 *
                1.000 *
                           3.861) + =
                                          29.283
Qmax(3) =
       1.000 * 0.782 * 19.277) +
```

```
1.000 * 0.585 * 9.607) +
1.000 * 1.000 * 3.861) + = 24.553
Total of 3 main streams to confluence:
Flow rates before confluence point:
     19.277 9.607 3.861
Maximum flow rates at confluence using above data:
      29.939 29.283 24.553
Area of streams before confluence:
      9.230 5.150 1.710
Results of confluence:
Total flow rate = 29.939(CFS)
Time of concentration = 20.770 min.
Effective stream area after confluence = 16.090(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station 60.000 to Point/Station
                                                    96.000
**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****
Upstream point/station elevation = 477.000(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 476.680(Ft.)
Pipe length = 107.00 (Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 29.939(CFS)
Nearest computed pipe diameter = 33.00(In.)
Calculated individual pipe flow = 29.939(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 28.22(In.)
Flow top width inside pipe = 23.23(In.)
Critical Depth = 21.84(In.)
Pipe flow velocity = 5.53(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 0.32 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 21.09 min.
Process from Point/Station 60.000 to Point/Station
                                                   96.000
**** CONFLUENCE OF MINOR STREAMS ****
Along Main Stream number: 1 in normal stream number 1
Stream flow area = 16.090(Ac.)
Runoff from this stream = 29.939(CFS)
Time of concentration = 21.09 min.
Rainfall intensity = 2.519(In/Hr)
Process from Point/Station 98.000 to Point/Station 96.000
**** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
```

19

```
Initial subarea flow distance = 539.000(Ft.)
Highest elevation = 489.300(Ft.)
Lowest elevation = 482.700(Ft.)
Elevation difference = 6.600(Ft.)
Time of concentration calculated by the urban
areas overland flow method (App X-C) = 14.06 min.
TC = [1.8*(1.1-C)*distance(Ft.)^{.5})/(% slope^{(1/3)}]
TC = [1.8*(1.1-0.7400)*( 539.000^.5)/( 1.224^(1/3)]= 14.06
Rainfall intensity (I) = 2.978(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.740
Subarea runoff = 2.049(CFS)
Total initial stream area =
                             0.930(Ac.)
96.000
Process from Point/Station 98.000 to Point/Station
**** CONFLUENCE OF MINOR STREAMS ****
Along Main Stream number: 1 in normal stream number 2
Stream flow area = 0.930(Ac.)
Runoff from this stream =
                          2.049(CFS)
Time of concentration = 14.06 min.
Rainfall intensity =
                    2.978(In/Hr)
Summary of stream data:
Stream Flow rate
                   TC
                               Rainfall Intensity
                   (min)
No.
         (CFS)
                                       (In/Hr)
1
      29.939
                21.09
                               2.519
2
       2.049
                14.06
                               2.978
Omax(1) =
       1.000 *
               1.000 *
                         29.939) +
       0.846 *
               1.000 *
                          2.049) + =
                                        31.672
Qmax(2) =
       1.000 * 0.667 * 29.939) +
       1.000 *
                1.000 *
                          2.049) + =
                                        22.009
Total of 2 streams to confluence:
Flow rates before confluence point:
     29.939
                2.049
Maximum flow rates at confluence using above data:
      31.672
                22.009
Area of streams before confluence:
      16.090
                 0.930
Results of confluence:
Total flow rate = 31.672(CFS)
Time of concentration =
                      21.092 min.
Effective stream area after confluence = 17.020(Ac.)
```

```
20
```

Process from Point/Station 100.000 to Point/Station 102.000 **** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****

```
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
Initial subarea flow distance = 191.000(Ft.)
Highest elevation = 486.000(Ft.)
Lowest elevation = 483.500(Ft.)
Elevation difference =
                       2.500(Ft.)
Time of concentration calculated by the urban
areas overland flow method (App X-C) =
                                       8.19 min.
TC = [1.8*(1.1-C)*distance(Ft.)^{.5})/(% slope^{(1/3)}]
TC = [1.8*(1.1-0.7400)*(191.000^{.5})/(1.309^{(1/3)}] = 8.19
Rainfall intensity (I) =
                           3.629(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.740
Subarea runoff =
                   0.806(CFS)
Total initial stream area =
                               0.300(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station
                            110.000 to Point/Station
                                                       112.000
**** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
Initial subarea flow distance = 147.000(Ft.)
Highest elevation = 486.000(Ft.)
Lowest elevation = 483.500(Ft.)
Elevation difference =
                       2.500(Ft.)
Time of concentration calculated by the urban
areas overland flow method (App X-C) =
                                       6.58 min.
TC = [1.8*(1.1-C)*distance(Ft.)^{.5})/(% slope^{(1/3)}]
TC = [1.8*(1.1-0.7400)*(147.000^{.5})/(1.701^{(1/3)}] =
                                                  6.58
Rainfall intensity (I) = 3.937(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.740
Subarea runoff = 0.699(CFS)
Total initial stream area =
                               0.240(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station
                            120.000 to Point/Station 122.000
**** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****
Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group D = 1.000
[INDUSTRIAL area type
Initial subarea flow distance = 229.000(Ft.)
Highest elevation = 487.100(Ft.)
Lowest elevation = 484.600(Ft.)
Elevation difference = 2.500(Ft.)
Time of concentration calculated by the urban
areas overland flow method (App X-C) = 3.97 min.
```

```
TC = [1.8*(1.1-C)*distance(Ft.)^{.5})/(% slope^{(1/3)}]
TC = [1.8*(1.1-0.9500)*(229.000^{.5})/(1.092^{(1/3)}] = 3.97
Setting time of concentration to 5 minutes
Rainfall intensity (I) = 4.389(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.950
Subarea runoff =
                   2.669(CFS)
Total initial stream area =
                         0.640(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station 122.000 to Point/Station
                                                     124.000
**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****
Upstream point/station elevation = 481.000(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 479.800(Ft.)
Pipe length = 254.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 2.669(CFS)
Nearest computed pipe diameter = 15.00(In.)
Calculated individual pipe flow = 2.669(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 8.38(In.)
Flow top width inside pipe =
                           14.90(In.)
Critical Depth = 7.86(In.)
Pipe flow velocity = 3.78(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 1.12 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 6.12 min.
Process from Point/Station
                            126.000 to Point/Station
                                                     124.000
**** SUBAREA FLOW ADDITION ****
Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group D = 1.000
[INDUSTRIAL area type
                                       ]
Time of concentration =
                       6.12 min.
                     4.049(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
Rainfall intensity =
Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method,Q=KCIA, C = 0.950
                2.654(CFS) for
Subarea runoff =
                                  0.690(Ac.)
Total runoff =
                5.323(CFS) Total area =
                                              1.33(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station
                           124.000 to Point/Station
                                                      128.000
**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****
Upstream point/station elevation = 479.800(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 479.100(Ft.)
Pipe length = 208.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 5.323(CFS)
Nearest computed pipe diameter = 18.00(In.)
```

```
Calculated individual pipe flow = 5.323(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 13.03(In.)
Flow top width inside pipe = 16.09(In.)
Critical Depth = 10.67(In.)
Pipe flow velocity = 3.89(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 0.89 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 7.01 min.
Process from Point/Station
                       130.000 to Point/Station 128.000
**** SUBAREA FLOW ADDITION ****
Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group D = 1.000
[INDUSTRIAL area type
                                      ]
                     7.01 min.
Time of concentration =
Rainfall intensity = 3.844(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method, Q=KCIA, C = 0.950
Subarea runoff = 2.191(CFS) for 0.600(Ac.)
Total runoff = 7.514(CFS) Total area =
                                            1.93(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station 128.000 to Point/Station
                                                    132.000
**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****
Upstream point/station elevation = 479.100(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 478.400(Ft.)
Pipe length = 191.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 7.514(CFS)
Nearest computed pipe diameter =
                                21.00(In.)
Calculated individual pipe flow = 7.514(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 13.99(In.)
Flow top width inside pipe = 19.80(In.)
Critical Depth = 12.19(In.)
Pipe flow velocity = 4.41(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 0.72 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 7.73 min.
Process from Point/Station
                          134.000 to Point/Station
                                                   132.000
**** SUBAREA FLOW ADDITION ****
Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group D = 1.000
[INDUSTRIAL area type
                                      ]
```

Time of concentration = 7.73 min. Rainfall intensity = 3.706(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm Runoff coefficient used for sub-area, Rational method, Q=KCIA, C = 0.950 Subarea runoff = 3.556(CFS) for 1.010(Ac.)Total runoff = 11.070(CFS) Total area = 2.94(Ac.) Process from Point/Station 132.000 to Point/Station 136.000 **** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) **** Upstream point/station elevation = 478.400(Ft.) Downstream point/station elevation = 476.700(Ft.) Pipe length = 455.00 (Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013 No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 11.070(CFS) Nearest computed pipe diameter = 24.00(In.) Calculated individual pipe flow = 11.070(CFS) Normal flow depth in pipe = 16.24(In.) Flow top width inside pipe = 22.45(In.) Critical Depth = 14.31(In.) Pipe flow velocity = 4.89(Ft/s)Travel time through pipe = 1.55 min. Time of concentration (TC) = 9.28 min. Process from Point/Station 132.000 to Point/Station 136.000 **** CONFLUENCE OF MAIN STREAMS **** The following data inside Main Stream is listed: In Main Stream number: 1 Stream flow area = 2.940(Ac.) Runoff from this stream = 11.070(CFS) Time of concentration = 9.28 min. Rainfall intensity = 3.466(In/Hr) Program is now starting with Main Stream No. 2 Process from Point/Station 200.000 to Point/Station 202.000 **** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION **** User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea Initial subarea flow distance = 179.000(Ft.) Highest elevation = 489.000(Ft.) Lowest elevation = 457.000(Ft.) Elevation difference = 32.000(Ft.) Time of concentration calculated by the urban areas overland flow method (App X-C) = 3.32 min. $TC = [1.8*(1.1-C)*distance(Ft.)^{.5})/(\$ slope^{(1/3)}]$ $TC = [1.8*(1.1-0.7400)*(179.000^{.5})/(17.877^{(1/3)}] = 3.32$ Setting time of concentration to 5 minutes

```
Rainfall intensity (I) = 4.389(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.740
Subarea runoff = 0.844(CFS)
Total initial stream area = 0.260(Ac.)
```

```
User specified 'C' value of 0.740 given for subarea
Initial subarea flow distance = 215.000(Ft.)
Highest elevation = 488.200(Ft.)
Lowest elevation = 486.000(Ft.)
Elevation difference =
                         2.200(Ft.)
Time of concentration calculated by the urban
areas overland flow method (App X-C) = 9.43 min.
TC = [1.8*(1.1-C)*distance(Ft.)^{.5})/(% slope^{(1/3)}]
TC = [1.8*(1.1-0.7400)*(215.000^{.5})/(1.023^{(1/3)}] =
                                                     9.43
Rainfall intensity (I) = 3.447(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.740
Subarea runoff =
                    0.459(CFS)
Total initial stream area =
                                 0.180(Ac.)
End of computations, total study area =
                                               20.940 (Ac.)
```





PLAZA LA MEDIA NORTH - INDUSTRIAL ALTERNATIVE

PTS 334235

Drainage Addendum for Preliminary Drainage Report for Plaza La Media North by Chang Consultants dated 2/28/2019

> OTAY MESA ROAD AT LA MEDIA ROAD SAN DIEGO, CA 92154 APN: 646-121-34-00

> > MARCH 20, 2020

Applicant:

LAS VEGAS SUNSET PROPERTIES 2700 W. SAHARA AVE LAS VEGAS NV 89102

Prepared By:



KIMLEY-HORN AND ASSOCIATES, INC. 401 B STREET, SUITE 600 SAN DIEGO, CA 92101 (619)234-9411 This Drainage Addendum has been prepared by Kimley-Horn and Associates, Inc. under the direct supervision of the following Registered Civil engineer. The undersigned attests to the technical data contained in this study, and to the qualifications of technical specialists providing engineering computations upon which the recommendations and conclusions are based.



Registered Civil Engineer

Date

Contents

1	Introduction1	-1
	1.1 Summary	-1
2	Rational Method Calculations2	-1
3	Detention Calculations	3-1
4	Proposed Hydrology Map4	1-2

1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 SUMMARY

This addendum is prepared to study the Industrial land use alternative for the La Media North project, in conjunction with that study prepared by Chang Consultants, dated 2/28/2019 for the Retail land use of the project. The Industrial Alternative is a proposed 2-building development for industrial distribution centers along with parking areas, loading docks, driveways, and other supporting infrastructure. The substantial difference between the Industrial and Retail land uses is in the amount of impervious area for infiltration. Through the use of biofiltration areas and detention basins, the resulting flow from the Industrial alternative is compliant with the Otay Mesa drainage directive which is that the post-developed flow not exceed the pre-developed flow in the 5, 10, 25 and 50-year storm event. The 100-year storm event will pass the emergency spillway of the detention basins, however the peak 100-year flow rate will be less than the existing condition so as not to increase runoff to the Caltrans culvert system.

The methodology used for hydrology peak flow rates is the Modified Rational Method (MRM), utilizing the AES Software package pre-loaded with County of San Diego time of concertation parameters. Hydrographs of the proposed storm events are then derived using the RickRat Hydro program adopted by the County of San Diego which the inputs are taken from the MRM time of concentration, 6-hour runoff rates per the County Hydrology Isopluvial Maps, and MRM peak flow rates. These hydrographs were then routed through the basin geometry using the Hydraflow Hydrographs analysis package with outlet works sized and located to attenuate storm peaks to the City criteria for Otay Mesa.

Storm Event	Existing Runoff ¹	Site Existing Runoff ²	Un-detained Runoff	Mitigated Runoff	Watershed Area
(yr)	Q (cfs)	Q (cfs)	Q (cfs)	Q (cfs)	Acres
5	39.0	15.6	39.0	13.2	20.8
10	47.0	18.8	45.5	15.1	20.8
25	52.0	20.8	52.1	16.9	20.8
50	61.0	24.4	62.0	19.6	20.8
100	66.0	26.4	67.8	21.3	20.8

Proposed Discharge Summary

1 - From Plaza La Media North Commercial Report

2 - Existing Runoff from note 1 factored as a portion of the existing tributary area (20.80 / 51.98 = 40%)

2 PROPOSED RATIONAL METHOD CALCULATIONS

RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE Reference: SAN DIEGO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT 2003,1985,1981 HYDROLOGY MANUAL (c) Copyright 1982-2011 Advanced Engineering Software (aes) Ver. 18.0 Release Date: 07/01/2011 License ID 1499 Analysis prepared by: * PLAZA LA MEDIA NORTH * PROPOSED 5YR RATIONAL METHOD * * MARCH 2020 - MJS FILE NAME: PR5LMR.DAT TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 14:20 03/26/2020 _____ USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION: _____ 2003 SAN DIEGO MANUAL CRITERIA USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT(YEAR) = 5.00 6-HOUR DURATION PRECIPITATION (INCHES) = 1.400 SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 12.00 SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS (DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.95 SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD NOTE: USE MODIFIED RATIONAL METHOD PROCEDURES FOR CONFLUENCE ANALYSIS *USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL* HALF- CROWN TO STREET-CROSSFALL: CURB GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: MANNING WIDTH CROSSFALL IN- / OUT-/PARK- HEIGHT WIDTH LIP HIKE FACTOR (FT) SIDE / SIDE/ WAY (FT) (FT) (FT) NO. (FT) (下丁) (n) 1 30.0 20.0 0.018/0.020 0.50 1.50 0.0313 0.125 0.0150 GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS: 1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.50 FEET as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb) 2. (Depth) * (Velocity) Constraint = 10.0 (FT*FT/S) *SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.* FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 300.00 TO NODE 301.00 IS CODE = 21 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS< _____ GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 75.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 491.62 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 490.10 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 1.52 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 2.742 WARNING: INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW PATH LENGTH IS GREATER THAN THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH = 70.27 (Reference: Table 3-1B of Hydrology Manual) THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH IS USED IN TC CALCULATION! 5 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 3.689 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON TC = 5-MINUTE. SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =0.32TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =0.10TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =0.32

```
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 301.00 TO NODE 302.00 IS CODE = 51
_____
 >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<
 >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<<
_____
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 490.10 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 488.60
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 431.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0035
 CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 0.00 "Z" FACTOR = 99.000
 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.015 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) =
                                      0.50
  5 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.321
 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97
 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) =
                                        1.71
 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 0.96
 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.13 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) =
                                           7.51
 T_{C}(MTN_{*}) = 10.25
                  1.30
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) =
                           SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 2.63
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.870
                         PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                    1.4
                                                 2.83
 END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:
 DEPTH(FEET) = 0.16 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.07
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 300.00 TO NODE 302.00 =
                                             506.00 FEET.
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 302.00 TO NODE 303.00 IS CODE = 31
     _____
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<<
_____
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 485.10 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 484.40
 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 140.00 MANNING'S N = 0.012
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 15.0 INCH PIPE IS 8.3 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 4.08
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 15.00
                              NUMBER OF PIPES =
                                             1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) =
                2.83
                          Tc(MIN.) = 10.82
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.57
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 300.00 TO NODE 303.00 =
                                             646.00 FEET.
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 303.00 TO NODE 303.00 IS CODE = 81
_____
 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<
_____
  5 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.242
 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.8700
 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) =0.40SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =0.78TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =1.8TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =3.5
                                           3.51
 TC(MIN.) = 10.82
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 303.00 TO NODE 304.00 IS CODE = 31
_____
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<<
_____
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 484.40 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 484.00
 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 73.00 MANNING'S N = 0.012
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 15.0 INCH PIPE IS 9.2 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 4.45
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 15.00
                               NUMBER OF PIPES =
                                              1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 3.51
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.27
                          Tc(MIN.) = 11.10
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 300.00 TO NODE 304.00 =
                                            719.00 FEET.
```

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 304.00 TO NODE 304.00 IS CODE = 81 _____ ----->>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<< _____ 5 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.206 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.8700 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) =0.10SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =0.19TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =1.9TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =3.6 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 3.65 TC(MIN.) = 11.10 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 304.00 TO NODE 305.00 IS CODE = 31 _____ >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<< _____ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 484.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 483.30 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 149.00 MANNING'S N = 0.012 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 15.0 INCH PIPE IS 10.0 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 4.21 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 15.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 3.65 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.59 Tc(MIN.) = 11.69 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 300.00 TO NODE 305.00 = 868.00 FEET. ***** FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 305.00 TO NODE 305.00 IS CODE = 81 _____ >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW< _____ 5 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.133 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.8700 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) =0.30SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) =0.56TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =2.2TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) =4.0 4.08 TC(MIN.) = 11.69 ***** FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 305.00 TO NODE 306.00 IS CODE = 31 _____ >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<< >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<< _____ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 483.30 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 482.10 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 229.00 MANNING'S N = 0.012 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 15.0 INCH PIPE IS 10.4 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 4.50 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 15.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 4.08 PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.85 Tc (MIN.) = 12.54 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 300.00 TO NODE 306.00 = 1097.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 306.00 TO NODE 306.00 IS CODE = 81 _____ >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW< _____ 5 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.039 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.8700 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) =1.40SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =2.48TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =3.6TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =6.3 6.39 TC(MIN.) = 12.54

```
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 306.00 TO NODE 307.00 IS CODE = 31
_____
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<<
_____
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 482.10 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 481.70
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 85.00 MANNING'S N = 0.012
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 12.6 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) =
                        4.82
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 18.00
                              NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 6.39
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.29 Tc(MIN.) = 12.83
                     300.00 TO NODE 307.00 = 1182.00 FEET.
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 307.00 TO NODE 307.00 IS CODE = 81
    _____
>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<
_____
   5 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.009
 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.8700
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 1.40 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 2.45
 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =
                  5.0 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =
                                        8.74
 TC(MIN.) = 12.83
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 307.00 TO NODE 307.00 IS CODE = 1
_____
                                    _____
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE <<<<
_____
 TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 12.83
 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) =
                       2.01
 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 5.00
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =
                            8.74
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 200.00 TO NODE 201.00 IS CODE = 21
_____
 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<
_____
 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) =
                            75.00
 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 491.12
 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 489.60
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 1.52
                        1.52
 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) =
                            2.742
 WARNING: INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW PATH LENGTH IS GREATER THAN
       THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH = 70.27
       (Reference: Table 3-1B of Hydrology Manual)
       THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH IS USED IN TC CALCULATION!
   5 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 3.689
 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON TC = 5-MINUTE.
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =
                  0.32
                 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =
                                       0.32
 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 201.00 TO NODE 202.00 IS CODE = 51
 >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<
 >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<<
_____
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 489.60 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 483.90
 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET) = 989.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0058
```

```
CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 0.00 "Z" FACTOR = 99.000
 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.015 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 0.50
  5 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 1.955
 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97
 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 5.75
 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 1.55
 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.19 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 10.64
 Tc(MIN.) = 13.38
 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 5.90
                             SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 10.03
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.870
 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =
                   6.0
                           PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
                                                    10.20
 END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:
 DEPTH(FEET) = 0.24 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.80
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 200.00 TO NODE
                                      202.00 =
                                                 1064.00 FEET.
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 202.00 TO NODE 202.00 IS CODE = 81
 _____
 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<
5 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 1.955
 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.8700
 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 0.40 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 0.68
 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 6.4 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) =
                                              10.88
 TC(MIN.) = 13.38
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 202.00 TO NODE
                                  307.00 IS CODE = 51
_____
 >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<
 >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<<
_____
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 483.90 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 481.70
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 236.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0093
 CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 3.00 "Z" FACTOR = 0.000
 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.015 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) =
                                         2.00
   5 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 1.892
 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97
 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) =
                                          10.97
 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 5.66
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.65 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.69
 Tc(MIN.) = 14.08
                            SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.16
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.10
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.870
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                      6.5
                               PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
                                                     10.88
 END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:
 DEPTH(FEET) = 0.65 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 5.62
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 200.00 TO NODE
                                      307.00 =
                                               1300.00 FEET.
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 307.00 TO NODE 307.00 IS CODE = 1
_____
 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<
 >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<
_____
 TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 14.08
 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 1.89
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 6.50
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =
                                10.88
```

** CONFLUENCE DATA ** STREAM RUNOFF TC INTENSITY AREA (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE) NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) 8.74 12.83 2.009 10.88 14.08 1.892 5.00 1 2 6.50 RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS. ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE ** STREAM RUNOFF TC INTENSITY
 (CFS)
 (MIN.)
 (INCH/HOUR)

 18.66
 12.83
 2.009

 19.11
 14.08
 1.892
 NUMBER 1 2 19.11 COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS: PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 19.11 Tc(MIN.) = 14.08 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 11.5 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 200.00 TO NODE 307.00 = 1300.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 100.00 TO NODE 101.00 IS CODE = 21 _____ >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS< _____ GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 75.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 491.12 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 489.60 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 1.52 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 2.742 WARNING: INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW PATH LENGTH IS GREATER THAN THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH = 70.27 (Reference: Table 3-1B of Hydrology Manual) THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH IS USED IN TC CALCULATION! 5 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 3.689 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON TC = 5-MINUTE. SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.320.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 0.32 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 101.00 TO NODE 102.00 IS CODE = 51 _____ >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW< >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<< ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 489.60 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 483.80 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 751.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0077 CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 0.00 "Z" FACTOR = 99.000 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.015 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 0.50 5 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.068GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 1.85 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 1.31AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH (FEET) = 0.12 TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 9.52Tc(MIN.) = 12.27SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 2.88 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 1.60 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.870 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 1.7 3.06 END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.14 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.53 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 100.00 TO NODE 102.00 =826.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 102.00 TO NODE 102.00 IS CODE = 81 _____

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW< _____ 5 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.068 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.8700 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 2.40 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 4.32 4.1 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 7.38 TC(MIN.) = 12.27 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 102.00 TO NODE 103.00 IS CODE = 51 _____ >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW< >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<< _____ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 483.80 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 477.50 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 32.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.1969 CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 0.00 "Z" FACTOR = 99.000 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 0 50 5 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.052 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 7.47 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 3.73 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.14 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.14 Tc(MIN.) = 12.41 0.10 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.18 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.870 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 7.50 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 4.2 END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.14 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 3.75 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 100.00 TO NODE 103.00 = 858.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 103.00 TO NODE 103.00 IS CODE = 81 _____ >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW< _____ 5 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.052 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.8700 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) =0.90SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =1.61TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =5.1TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =9.11 TC(MIN.) = 12.41 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 400.00 TO NODE 401.00 IS CODE = 21 _____ >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS< _____ GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97 75.00 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 485.70 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 485.40 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 0.30 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 3.688 WARNING: INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW PATH LENGTH IS GREATER THAN THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH = 50.00 (Reference: Table 3-1B of Hydrology Manual) THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH IS USED IN Tc CALCULATION! 5 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 3.689 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON TC = 5-MINUTE. SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.32

```
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =
                 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =
                                       0.32
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 401.00 TO NODE 401.00 IS CODE = 81
_____
 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<
_____
  5 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 3.689
 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON Tc = 5-MINUTE.
 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.8700
 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 0.90 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 2.89
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                  1.0 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =
                                        3.21
 TC(MIN.) =
         3.69
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 401.00 TO NODE 402.00 IS CODE = 31
  _____
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<<
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 480.40 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 479.60
 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 235.00 MANNING'S N = 0.012
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 15.0 INCH PIPE IS 10.2 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 3.60
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 15.00
                            NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 3.21
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.09 Tc(MIN.) =
                                  4 77
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 400.00 TO NODE
                                  402.00 =
                                           310.00 FEET.
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 402.00 TO NODE 402.00 IS CODE = 81
_____
 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<
_____
  5 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 3.689
 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON Tc = 5-MINUTE.
 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.8700
 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) =1.20SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =3.85TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =2.2TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =7.0
                                         7.06
          4.77
 TC(MIN.) =
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 402.00 TO NODE 403.00 IS CODE = 31
      -----
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<<
_____
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 479.60 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 478.20
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 408.00 MANNING'S N = 0.012
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 21.0 INCH PIPE IS 13.2 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 4.43
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 21.00
                            NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) =
              7.06
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 1.53 TC (MIN.) =
                                 6.31
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 400.00 TO NODE 403.00 =
                                          718.00 FEET.
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 403.00 TO NODE 403.00 IS CODE = 81
_____
 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<
_____
   5 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 3.175
 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
```

S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97

```
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.8700
 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) =0.70SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) =1.93TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =2.9TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) =8.0
                                               8.01
 TC(MIN.) = 6.31
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 403.00 TO NODE 404.00 IS CODE = 31
_____
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<<
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 478.20 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 476.70
 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 457.00 MANNING'S N = 0.012
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 21.0 INCH PIPE IS 14.7 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 4.46
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) = 21.00
                                  NUMBER OF PIPES =
                                                  1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 8.01
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.71 Tc(MIN.) = 8.02
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 400.00 TO NODE 404.00 = 1175.00 FEET.
*****
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 500.00 TO NODE 501.00 IS CODE = 21
_____
 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<
_____
 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) =
                                 75.00
 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 488.90
 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 486.60
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 2.30
                           2.30
 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 2.468
    5 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 3.689
 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON TC = 5-MINUTE.
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.32
                   0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =
                                               0.32
 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 501.00 TO NODE 603.00 IS CODE = 62
    _____
 >>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
 >>>> (STREET TABLE SECTION # 1 USED) <<<<<
_____
 UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 486.60 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 482.90
 STREET LENGTH (FEET) = 436.00 CURB HEIGHT (INCHES) = 6.0
 STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 30.00
 DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK (FEET) = 20.00
 INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018
 OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018
 SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 2
 STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020
 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curb-to-curb) = 0.0150
 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200
   **TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) =
                                                1.35
   STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW:
   STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.24
   HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH (FEET) =
                             5.92
   AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 1.56
   PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 0.37
 STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 4.65 Tc (MIN.) = 7.11
   5 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.938
 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.870
 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) =0.80SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) =2.05TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =0.9PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) =
                                                      2.30
```

END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.27 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 7.84 FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 1.72 DEPTH*VELOCITY (FT*FT/SEC.) = 0.46 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 500.00 TO NODE 603.00 = 511.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 603.00 TO NODE 603.00 IS CODE = 1 _____ >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<< TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE: TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 7.11 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 2.94 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 0.90 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 2.30 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 600.00 TO NODE 601.00 IS CODE = 21 _____ >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS< GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 75.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 488.30 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 486.10 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 2.20 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 2.505 5 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 3.689 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON Tc = 5-MINUTE. SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.32 0.10 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.32 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 601.00 TO NODE 602.00 IS CODE = 51 _____ >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW< >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<< _____ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 486.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 483.20 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET) = 334.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0084 CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 0.00 "Z" FACTOR = 99.000 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 0.50 5 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.106 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 0.61 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 0.59 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.10 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 9.42 Tc(MIN.) = 11.920.30 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.55 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.870 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 0.4 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 0.73 END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.11 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 0.62 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 600.00 TO NODE 602.00 = 409.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 602.00 TO NODE 603.00 IS CODE = 31 _____ >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<< _____ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 480.20 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 477.40 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 57.00 MANNING'S N = 0.012 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) INCREASED TO 12.000

DEPTH OF FLOW IN 12.0 INCH PIPE IS 2.4 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 6.53 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 12.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 0.73PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.15 Tc(MIN.) = 12.07 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 600.00 TO NODE 603.00 = 466.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 603.00 TO NODE 603.00 IS CODE = 1 _____ >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<< >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<< _____ TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE: TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 12.07 RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 2.09 TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 0.40 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 0.73 ** CONFLUENCE DATA ** STREAM RUNOFF Тс INTENSITY AREA NUMBER (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE) (CFS) 1 2.30 7.11 2.938 0.90 2 0.73 12.07 2.090 0.40 RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS. ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE ** STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) NUMBER (CFS) 2.938 1 2.73 7.11 12.07 2 2.37 2.090 COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS: PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 2.73 Tc(MIN.) = 7.11 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 1.3 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 500.00 TO NODE 603.00 = 511.00 FEET. _____ END OF STUDY SUMMARY: = 1.3 TC(MIN.) = TOTAL AREA (ACRES) 7.11 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 1.3PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 2.73_____ _____ END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE Reference: SAN DIEGO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT 2003,1985,1981 HYDROLOGY MANUAL (c) Copyright 1982-2011 Advanced Engineering Software (aes) Ver. 18.0 Release Date: 07/01/2011 License ID 1499 Analysis prepared by: * PLAZA LA MEDIA NORTH * PROPOSED 10YR RATIONAL METHOD * MARCH 2020 - MJS FILE NAME: PR10LMR.DAT TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 14:18 03/26/2020 USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION: _____ 2003 SAN DIEGO MANUAL CRITERIA USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT(YEAR) = 10.00 6-HOUR DURATION PRECIPITATION (INCHES) = 1.600 SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE (INCH) = 12.00SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS (DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.95 SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD NOTE: USE MODIFIED RATIONAL METHOD PROCEDURES FOR CONFLUENCE ANALYSIS *USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL* HALF- CROWN TO STREET-CROSSFALL: CURB GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: MANNING WIDTH CROSSFALL IN- / OUT-/PARK- HEIGHT WIDTH LIP HIKE FACTOR (FT) SIDE / SIDE/ WAY (FT) (FT) (FT) NO. (FT) (下丁) (n) 1 30.0 20.0 0.018/0.020 0.50 1.50 0.0313 0.125 0.0150 GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS: 1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.50 FEET as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb) 2. (Depth) * (Velocity) Constraint = 10.0 (FT*FT/S) *SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.* FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 300.00 TO NODE 301.00 IS CODE = 21 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS< _____ GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 75.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 491.62 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 490.10 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 1.52 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 2.742 WARNING: INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW PATH LENGTH IS GREATER THAN THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH = 70.27 (Reference: Table 3-1B of Hydrology Manual) THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH IS USED IN TC CALCULATION! 10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 4.216 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON TC = 5-MINUTE. SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =0.37TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =0.10TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =0.37

```
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 301.00 TO NODE 302.00 IS CODE = 51
_____
 >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<
 >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<<
_____
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 490.10 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 488.60
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 431.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0035
 CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 0.00 "Z" FACTOR = 99.000
 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.015 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) =
                                      0.50
  10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.698
 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97
 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) =
                                        1.98
 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 0.99
 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.14 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) =
                                           7.25
 T_{C}(MTN_{*}) = 9.99
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 1.30
                         SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 3.05
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.870
                         PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                    1.4
                                                 3.29
 END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:
 DEPTH(FEET) = 0.17 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.14
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 300.00 TO NODE 302.00 =
                                             506.00 FEET.
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 302.00 TO NODE 303.00 IS CODE = 31
     _____
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<<
_____
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 485.10 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 484.40
 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 140.00 MANNING'S N = 0.012
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 15.0 INCH PIPE IS 9.1 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.23
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 15.00
                              NUMBER OF PIPES =
                                             1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) =
                3.29
                          Tc(MIN.) = 10.54
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.55
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 300.00 TO NODE 303.00 =
                                             646.00 FEET.
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 303.00 TO NODE 303.00 IS CODE = 81
_____
 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<
_____
  10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.606
 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.8700
 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) =0.40SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =0.91TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =1.8TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =4.
                                           4.08
 TC(MIN.) = 10.54
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 303.00 TO NODE 304.00 IS CODE = 31
_____
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<<
_____
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 484.40 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 484.00
 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 73.00 MANNING'S N = 0.012
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 15.0 INCH PIPE IS 10.2 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 4.58
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 15.00
                               NUMBER OF PIPES =
                                              1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 4.08
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.27
                          Tc(MIN.) = 10.80
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 300.00 TO NODE 304.00 =
                                            719.00 FEET.
```

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 304.00 TO NODE 304.00 IS CODE = 81 ----------->>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<< _____ 10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.565 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.8700 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) =0.10SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =0.22TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =1.9TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =4.2 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 4.24 TC(MIN.) = 10.80 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 304.00 TO NODE 305.00 IS CODE = 31 _____ >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<< _____ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 484.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 483.30 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 149.00 MANNING'S N = 0.012 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 15.0 INCH PIPE IS 11.2 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 4.31 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 15.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 4.24 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.58 Tc(MIN.) = 11.38 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 300.00 TO NODE 305.00 = 868.00 FEET. ***** FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 305.00 TO NODE 305.00 IS CODE = 81 _____ >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW< _____ 10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.480 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.8700 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) =0.30SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) =0.65TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =2.2TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) =4.75 TC(MIN.) = 11.38 ***** FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 305.00 TO NODE 306.00 IS CODE = 31 _____ >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<< >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<< _____ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 483.30 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 482.10 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 229.00 MANNING'S N = 0.012 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 15.0 INCH PIPE IS 11.8 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 4.59 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 15.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 4.75 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.83 Tc(MIN.) = 12.21 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 300.00 TO NODE 306.00 = 1097.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 306.00 TO NODE 306.00 IS CODE = 81 _____ >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<< _____ 10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.370 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.8700 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) =1.40SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) =2.89TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =3.6TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) =7.4 7.42 TC(MIN.) = 12.21
```
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 306.00 TO NODE 307.00 IS CODE = 31
_____
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<<
_____
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 482.10 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 481.70
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 85.00 MANNING'S N = 0.012
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 14.4 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 4.90
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 18.00
                              NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 7.42
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.29 Tc(MIN.) = 12.50
                     300.00 TO NODE 307.00 = 1182.00 FEET.
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 307.00 TO NODE 307.00 IS CODE = 81
    _____
>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<
_____
  10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.334
 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.8700
 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 1.40 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 2.84
 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =
                  5.0 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =
                                        10.15
 TC(MIN.) = 12.50
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 307.00 TO NODE 307.00 IS CODE = 1
_____
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE <<<<
_____
 TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 12.50
 RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) =
                       2.33
 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 5.00
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =
                            10.15
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 200.00 TO NODE 201.00 IS CODE = 21
_____
 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<
_____
 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) =
                            75.00
 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 491.12
 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 489.60
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 1.52
                        1.52
 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) =
                            2.742
 WARNING: INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW PATH LENGTH IS GREATER THAN
       THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH = 70.27
       (Reference: Table 3-1B of Hydrology Manual)
       THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH IS USED IN TC CALCULATION!
  10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 4.216
 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON TC = 5-MINUTE.
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =
                   0.37
                 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =
                                        0.37
 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 201.00 TO NODE 202.00 IS CODE = 51
 >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<
 >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<<
_____
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 489.60 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 483.90
 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET) = 989.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0058
```

```
CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 0.00 "Z" FACTOR = 99.000
 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.015 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 0.50
  10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.289
 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97
 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 6.64
 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 1.63
 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.20 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 10.14
 Tc(MIN.) = 12.88
 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 5.90
                             SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 11.75
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.870
 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =
                                                    11.95
                   6.0
                           PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
 END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:
 DEPTH(FEET) = 0.25 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.86
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 200.00 TO NODE
                                      202.00 =
                                                 1064.00 FEET.
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 202.00 TO NODE 202.00 IS CODE = 81
 _____
 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<
10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.289
 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.8700
 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 0.40 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 0.80
 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 6.4 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) =
                                              12.75
 TC(MIN.) = 12.88
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 202.00 TO NODE 307.00 IS CODE = 51
_____
 >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<
 >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<<
_____
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 483.90 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 481.70
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 236.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0093
 CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 3.00 "Z" FACTOR = 0.000
 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.015 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) =
                                         2.00
  10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.216
 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97
 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 12.84
 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 5.93
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.72 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.66
 Tc(MIN.) = 13.55
                            SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.19
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.10
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.870
                                                     12.75
 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =
                      6.5
                               PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
 END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:
 DEPTH(FEET) = 0.72 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 5.90
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 200.00 TO NODE
                                      307.00 =
                                               1300.00 FEET.
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 307.00 TO NODE 307.00 IS CODE = 1
_____
 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<
 >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<
_____
 TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 13.55
 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 2.22
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 6.50
                                12.75
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =
```

** CONFLUENCE DATA ** STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY AREA (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE) (CFS) (MIN.) (1100-1, 10.15 12.50 2.334 10.55 2.216 NUMBER 5.00 1 2 12.75 13.55 6.50 RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS. ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE ** STREAM RUNOFF TC INTENSITY
 (CFS)
 (MIN.)
 (INCH/HOUR)

 21.92
 12.50
 2.334

 22.39
 13.55
 2.216
 NUMBER 1 2 COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS: PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 22.39 Tc(MIN.) = 13.55 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 11.5 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 200.00 TO NODE 307.00 = 1300.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 100.00 TO NODE 101.00 IS CODE = 21 _____ >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS< _____ GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 75.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 491.12 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 489.60 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 1.52 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 2.742 WARNING: INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW PATH LENGTH IS GREATER THAN THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH = 70.27 (Reference: Table 3-1B of Hydrology Manual) THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH IS USED IN TC CALCULATION! 10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 4.216 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON TC = 5-MINUTE. SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.370.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 0.37 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 101.00 TO NODE 102.00 IS CODE = 51 _____ >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW< >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<< ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 489.60 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 483.80 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 751.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0077 CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 0.00 "Z" FACTOR = 99.000 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.015 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 0.50 10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.424GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 2.14 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.38AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.12 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 9.05Tc(MIN.) = 11.79SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 3.37 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 1.60 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.870 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 1.7 3.58 END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.15 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.62 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 100.00 TO NODE 102.00 =826.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 102.00 TO NODE 102.00 IS CODE = 81 _____

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<< _____ 10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.424 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.8700 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 2.40 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 5.06 4.1 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 8.65 TC(MIN.) = 11.79 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 102.00 TO NODE 103.00 IS CODE = 51 _____ >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW< >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<< _____ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 483.80 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 477.50 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 32.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.1969 CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 0.00 "Z" FACTOR = 99.000 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 0 50 10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.406 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 8.75 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 3.94 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.15 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.14 Tc(MIN.) = 11.93 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.21 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.870 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 8.79 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 4.2 END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.15 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 3.96 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 100.00 TO NODE 103.00 = 858.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 103.00 TO NODE 103.00 IS CODE = 81 _____ >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW< _____ 10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.406 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.8700 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) =0.90SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =1.88TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =5.1TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =10.68 TC(MIN.) = 11.93 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 400.00 TO NODE 401.00 IS CODE = 21 _____ >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS< _____ GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97 75.00 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 485.70 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 485.40 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 0.30 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 3.688 WARNING: INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW PATH LENGTH IS GREATER THAN THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH = 50.00 (Reference: Table 3-1B of Hydrology Manual) THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH IS USED IN Tc CALCULATION! 10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 4.216 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON TC = 5-MINUTE. SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.37

```
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =
                                0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =
                                                                           0.37
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 401.00 TO NODE 401.00 IS CODE = 81
_____
  >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<
_____
    10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 4.216
  NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON Tc = 5-MINUTE.
  GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700
  SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
  S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97
  AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.8700
  SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 0.90 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 3.30
  TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                                  1.0 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =
                                                                             3.67
  TC(MIN.) =
                  3.69
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 401.00 TO NODE 402.00 IS CODE = 31
     _____
  >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
  >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<<
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 480.40 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 479.60
  FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 235.00 MANNING'S N = 0.012
  DEPTH OF FLOW IN 15.0 INCH PIPE IS 11.3 INCHES
  PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 3.68
  ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 15.00
                                                      NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
  PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 3.67
  PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.06 Tc(MIN.) =
                                                                 4 75
  LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 400.00 TO NODE
                                                                402.00 =
                                                                                 310.00 FEET.
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 402.00 TO NODE 402.00 IS CODE = 81
_____
  >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<
_____
   10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 4.216
  NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON Tc = 5-MINUTE.
  GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700
  SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
  S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97
  AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.8700
  \begin{array}{rcl} \text{AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT} & \text{SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS)} = & 4.40 \\ \text{SUBAREA AREA (ACRES)} = & 1.20 & \text{SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS)} = & 4.40 \\ \text{SUBAREA AREA (ACRES)} = & 2.2 & \text{TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS)} = & 8.6 \\ \text{SUBAREA AREA (ACRES)} = & 2.2 & \text{TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS)} = & 8.6 \\ \text{SUBAREA AREA (ACRES)} = & 2.2 & \text{TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS)} = & 8.6 \\ \text{SUBAREA AREA (ACRES)} = & 2.2 & \text{TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS)} = & 8.6 \\ \text{SUBAREA AREA (ACRES)} = & 3.6 & \text{SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS)} = & 8.6 \\ \text{SUBAREA AREA (ACRES)} = & 3.6 & \text{SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS)} = & 8.6 & \text{SUBAREA RUNOFF(C
  TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                                  2.2 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =
                                                                              8.07
  TC(MIN.) =
                   4.75
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 402.00 TO NODE 403.00 IS CODE = 31
                   -----
  >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
  >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<<
_____
  ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 479.60 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 478.20
  FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 408.00 MANNING'S N = 0.012
  DEPTH OF FLOW IN 21.0 INCH PIPE IS 14.5 INCHES
  PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.55
  ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 21.00
                                                      NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
  PIPE-FLOW(CFS) =
                             8.07
  PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.50 Tc(MIN.) =
                                                               6.25
  LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 400.00 TO NODE 403.00 =
                                                                                718.00 FEET.
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 403.00 TO NODE 403.00 IS CODE = 81
_____
  >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<
_____
    10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 3.652
  GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700
  SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
```

S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97

```
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.8700
 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) =0.70SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) =2.22TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =2.9TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) =9.2TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =2.9TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) =9.2
                                                 9.21
 TC(MIN.) = 6.25
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 403.00 TO NODE 404.00 IS CODE = 31
_____
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<<
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 478.20 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 476.70
 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 457.00 MANNING'S N = 0.012
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 21.0 INCH PIPE IS 16.5 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 4.54
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) = 21.00
                                  NUMBER OF PIPES =
                                                   1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 9.21
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.68 Tc(MIN.) = 7.93
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 400.00 TO NODE 404.00 = 1175.00 FEET.
*****
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 500.00 TO NODE 501.00 IS CODE = 21
_____
 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<
_____
 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) =
                                 75.00
 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 488.90
 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 486.60
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 2.30
                            2.30
 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 2.468
  10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 4.216
 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON TC = 5-MINUTE.
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.37
                    0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =
                                               0.37
 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 501.00 TO NODE 603.00 IS CODE = 62
    _____
 >>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
 >>>> (STREET TABLE SECTION # 1 USED) <<<<<
_____
 UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 486.60 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 482.90
 STREET LENGTH (FEET) = 436.00 CURB HEIGHT (INCHES) = 6.0
 STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 30.00
 DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK (FEET) = 20.00
 INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018
 OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018
 SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 2
 STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020
 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curb-to-curb) = 0.0150
 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200
   **TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) =
                                                 1.56
   STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW:
   STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.24
   HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH (FEET) =
                              6.45
   AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 1.59
   PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 0.39
 STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 4.58 Tc (MIN.) = 7.04
   10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 3.380
 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.870
 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) =0.80SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) =2.35TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =0.9PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) =
                                                       2.65
```

END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.28 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 8.37 FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 1.77 DEPTH*VELOCITY (FT*FT/SEC.) = 0.49 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 500.00 TO NODE 603.00 = 511.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 603.00 TO NODE 603.00 IS CODE = 1 _____ >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<< TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE: TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 7.04 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.38 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 0.90 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 2.65 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 600.00 TO NODE 601.00 IS CODE = 21 _____ >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS< GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 75.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 488.30 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 486.10 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 2.20 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 2.505 10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 4.216 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON TC = 5-MINUTE. SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.37 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.37 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 601.00 TO NODE 602.00 IS CODE = 51 _____ >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW< >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<< _____ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 486.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 483.20 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET) = 334.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0084 CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 0.00 "Z" FACTOR = 99.000 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 0.50 10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.537 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 0.70 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 0.66 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.10 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 8.48 Tc(MIN.) = 10.990.30 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.66 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.870 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.4 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 0.88 END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.12 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 0.65 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 600.00 TO NODE 602.00 = 409.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 602.00 TO NODE 603.00 IS CODE = 31 _____ >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<< _____ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 480.20 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 477.40 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 57.00 MANNING'S N = 0.012 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) INCREASED TO 12.000

DEPTH OF FLOW IN 12.0 INCH PIPE IS 2.6 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 6.91 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 12.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 0.88 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.14 Tc(MIN.) = 11.12 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 600.00 TO NODE 603.00 = 466.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 603.00 TO NODE 603.00 IS CODE = 1 _____ >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<< >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<< _____ TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE: TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 11.12 RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 2.52 TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 0.40 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 0.88 ** CONFLUENCE DATA ** STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY AREA NUMBER (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE) (CFS) 1 2.65 7.04 3.380 0.90 11.12 2 0.88 2.517 0.40 RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS. ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE ** STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) NUMBER (CFS) 1 3.21 7.04 3.380 11.12 2 2.85 2.517 COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS: PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 3.21 Tc(MIN.) = 7.04 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 1.3 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 500.00 TO NODE 603.00 = 511.00 FEET. _____ END OF STUDY SUMMARY: = TOTAL AREA (ACRES) 1.3 TC(MIN.) = 7.04 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 3.21_____ _____ END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE Reference: SAN DIEGO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT 2003,1985,1981 HYDROLOGY MANUAL (c) Copyright 1982-2011 Advanced Engineering Software (aes) Ver. 18.0 Release Date: 07/01/2011 License ID 1499 Analysis prepared by: * PLAZA LA MEDIA NORTH * PROPOSED 25YR RATIONAL METHOD * * MARCH 2020 - MJS FILE NAME: PR25LMR.DAT TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 14:17 03/26/2020 USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION: _____ 2003 SAN DIEGO MANUAL CRITERIA USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT(YEAR) = 25.00 6-HOUR DURATION PRECIPITATION (INCHES) = 1.800 SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE (INCH) = 12.00SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS (DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.95 SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD NOTE: USE MODIFIED RATIONAL METHOD PROCEDURES FOR CONFLUENCE ANALYSIS *USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL* HALF- CROWN TO STREET-CROSSFALL: CURB GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: MANNING WIDTH CROSSFALL IN- / OUT-/PARK- HEIGHT WIDTH LIP HIKE FACTOR (FT) SIDE / SIDE/ WAY (FT) (FT) (FT) NO. (FT) (下丁) (n) 1 30.0 20.0 0.018/0.020 0.50 1.50 0.0313 0.125 0.0150 GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS: 1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.50 FEET as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb) 2. (Depth) * (Velocity) Constraint = 10.0 (FT*FT/S) *SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.* FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 300.00 TO NODE 301.00 IS CODE = 21 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS< _____ GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 75.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 491.62 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 490.10 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 1.52 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 2.742 WARNING: INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW PATH LENGTH IS GREATER THAN THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH = 70.27 (Reference: Table 3-1B of Hydrology Manual) THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH IS USED IN TC CALCULATION! 25 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 4.743 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON TC = 5-MINUTE. SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =0.41TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =0.10TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.41

```
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 301.00 TO NODE 302.00 IS CODE = 51
_____
 >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<
 >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<<
_____
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 490.10 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 488.60
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 431.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0035
 CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 0.00 "Z" FACTOR = 99.000
 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.015 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) =
                                      0.50
  25 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 3.103
 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97
 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) =
                                        2.25
 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.04
 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.15 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) =
                                           6.91
 T_{C}(MIN_{*}) = 9.65
                  1.30
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) =
                           SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 3.51
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.870
                         PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                    1.4
                                                 3.78
 END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:
 DEPTH(FEET) = 0.18 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.17
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 300.00 TO NODE 302.00 =
                                             506.00 FEET.
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 302.00 TO NODE 303.00 IS CODE = 31
     _____
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<<
_____
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 485.10 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 484.40
 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 140.00 MANNING'S N = 0.012
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 15.0 INCH PIPE IS 10.0 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 4.35
                              NUMBER OF PIPES =
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 15.00
                                             1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) =
                3.78
                          Tc(MIN.) = 10.19
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.54
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 300.00 TO NODE 303.00 =
                                             646.00 FEET.
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 303.00 TO NODE 303.00 IS CODE = 81
_____
 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<
_____
  25 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.996
 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.8700
 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) =0.40SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =1.04TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =1.8TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =4.6
                                           4.69
 TC(MIN.) = 10.19
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 303.00 TO NODE 304.00 IS CODE = 31
_____
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<<
_____
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 484.40 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 484.00
 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 73.00 MANNING'S N = 0.012
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 15.0 INCH PIPE IS 11.4 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 4.68
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 15.00
                               NUMBER OF PIPES =
                                              1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 4.69
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.26
                          Tc(MIN.) = 10.45
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 300.00 TO NODE 304.00 =
                                            719.00 FEET.
```

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 304.00 TO NODE 304.00 IS CODE = 81 _____ ----->>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<< _____ 25 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.948 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.8700 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) =0.10SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =0.26TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =1.9TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =4.8 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 4.87 TC(MIN.) = 10.45 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 304.00 TO NODE 305.00 IS CODE = 31 _____ >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<< _____ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 484.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 483.30 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 149.00 MANNING'S N = 0.012 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 10.5 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.56 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 18.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 4.87 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.54 Tc(MIN.) = 10.99 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 300.00 TO NODE 305.00 = 868.00 FEET. ***** FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 305.00 TO NODE 305.00 IS CODE = 81 _____ >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW< _____ 25 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.853 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.8700 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) =0.30SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =0.74TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =2.2TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =5.4 5.46 $TC(MTN_{\star}) = 10.99$ ***** FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 305.00 TO NODE 306.00 IS CODE = 31 _____ >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<< >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<< _____ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 483.30 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 482.10 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 229.00 MANNING'S N = 0.012 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 10.9 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 4.88 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 18.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 5.46 PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.78 Tc (MIN.) = 11.78 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 300.00 TO NODE 306.00 = 1097.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 306.00 TO NODE 306.00 IS CODE = 81 _____ >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<< _____ 25 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.729 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.8700 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) =1.40SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =3.32TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =3.6TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =8.5 8.55 TC(MIN.) = 11.78

```
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 306.00 TO NODE 307.00 IS CODE = 31
_____
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<<
_____
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 482.10 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 481.70
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 85.00 MANNING'S N = 0.012
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 21.0 INCH PIPE IS 13.5 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 5.23
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 21.00
                              NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 8.55
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.27 Tc(MIN.) = 12.05
                     300.00 TO NODE 307.00 = 1182.00 FEET.
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 307.00 TO NODE 307.00 IS CODE = 81
    _____
>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<
_____
  25 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.690
 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.8700
 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 1.40 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 3.28
 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =
                  5.0 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =
                                        11.70
 TC(MIN.) = 12.05
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 307.00 TO NODE 307.00 IS CODE = 1
_____
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE <<<<
_____
 TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 12.05
 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) =
                       2.69
 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 5.00
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =
                            11.70
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 200.00 TO NODE 201.00 IS CODE = 21
_____
 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<
_____
 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) =
                            75.00
 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 491.12
 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 489.60
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 1.52
                        1.52
 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) =
                            2.742
 WARNING: INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW PATH LENGTH IS GREATER THAN
       THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH = 70.27
       (Reference: Table 3-1B of Hydrology Manual)
       THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH IS USED IN TC CALCULATION!
  25 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 4.743
 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON TC = 5-MINUTE.
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =
                   0.41
                 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =
                                        0.41
 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 201.00 TO NODE 202.00 IS CODE = 51
 >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<
 >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<<
_____
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 489.60 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 483.90
 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET) = 989.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0058
```

```
CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 0.00 "Z" FACTOR = 99.000
 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.015 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 0.50
  25 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.659
 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97
 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 7.62
 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.73
 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.21 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 9.52
 Tc(MIN.) = 12.26
 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 5.90
                             SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 13.65
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.870
 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =
                                                    13.88
                   6.0
                           PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
 END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:
 DEPTH(FEET) = 0.27 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.92
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 200.00 TO NODE
                                      202.00 =
                                                 1064.00 FEET.
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 202.00 TO NODE 202.00 IS CODE = 81
 _____
 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<
25 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.659
 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.8700
 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 0.40 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 0.93
 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 6.4 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) =
                                              14.81
 TC(MIN.) = 12.26
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 202.00 TO NODE 307.00 IS CODE = 51
_____
 >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<
 >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<<
_____
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 483.90 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 481.70
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 236.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0093
 CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 3.00 "Z" FACTOR = 0.000
 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.015 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) =
                                         2.00
  25 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.574
 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97
 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 14.92
 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 6.19
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH (FEET) = 0.80 TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.64
 Tc(MIN.) = 12.90
                            SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.22
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.10
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.870
 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =
                      6.5
                               PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
                                                     14.81
 END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:
 DEPTH(FEET) = 0.80 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 6.18
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 200.00 TO NODE
                                      307.00 =
                                               1300.00 FEET.
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 307.00 TO NODE 307.00 IS CODE = 1
_____
 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<
 >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<
_____
 TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 12.90
 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 2.57
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 6.50
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =
                                14.81
```

** CONFLUENCE DATA ** STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY AREA (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE) NUMBER (CFS)
 (CFS)
 (MIN.)
 (INCH/HOUR)

 11.70
 12.05
 2.690

 14.81
 12.90
 2.574
 5.00 1 2 6.50 RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS. ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE ** STREAM RUNOFF TC INTENSITY (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) NUMBER (CFS) 12.05 2.690 12.90 2.574 1 25.53 2 26.00 COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS: PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 26.00 Tc(MIN.) = 12.90 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 11.5 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 200.00 TO NODE 307.00 = 1300.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 100.00 TO NODE 101.00 IS CODE = 21 _____ >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS< _____ GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 75.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 491.12 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 489.60 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 1.52 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 2.742 WARNING: INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW PATH LENGTH IS GREATER THAN THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH = 70.27 (Reference: Table 3-1B of Hydrology Manual) THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH IS USED IN TC CALCULATION! 25 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 4.743 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON TC = 5-MINUTE. SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.41 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 0.41 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 101.00 TO NODE 102.00 IS CODE = 51 _____ >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW< >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<< ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 489.60 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 483.80 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 751.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0077 CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 0.00 "Z" FACTOR = 99.000 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.015 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 0.50 25 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.735 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 2.42 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.39AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.13 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 9.00Tc(MIN.) = 11.74SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 3.81 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 1.60 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.870 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 1.7 4.04 END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.16 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.65 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 100.00 TO NODE 102.00 =826.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 102.00 TO NODE 102.00 IS CODE = 81 _____

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<< _____ 25 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.735 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.8700 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 2.40 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 5.71 4.1 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 9.76 TC(MIN.) = 11.74 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 102.00 TO NODE 103.00 IS CODE = 51 _____ >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW< >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<< _____ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 483.80 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 477.50 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 32.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.1969 CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 0.00 "Z" FACTOR = 99.000 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 0.50 25 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.715 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 9.87 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.03 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.16 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.13 Tc(MIN.) = 11.87 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.24 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.870 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 9.92 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 4.2 END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.16 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.05 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 100.00 TO NODE 103.00 = 858.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 103.00 TO NODE 103.00 IS CODE = 81 _____ >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW< _____ 25 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.715 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.8700 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) =0.90SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =2.13TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =5.1TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =12.05 TC(MIN.) = 11.87 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 400.00 TO NODE 401.00 IS CODE = 21 _____ >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS< _____ GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97 75.00 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 485.70 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 485.40 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 0.30 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 3.688 WARNING: INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW PATH LENGTH IS GREATER THAN THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH = 50.00 (Reference: Table 3-1B of Hydrology Manual) THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH IS USED IN Tc CALCULATION! 25 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 4.743 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON TC = 5-MINUTE. SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.41

```
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =
                0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =
                                      0.41
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 401.00 TO NODE 401.00 IS CODE = 81
_____
 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<
_____
  25 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 4.743
 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON Tc = 5-MINUTE.
 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.8700
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.90 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 3.71
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                 1.0 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =
                                       4.13
 TC(MIN.) =
         3.69
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 401.00 TO NODE 402.00 IS CODE = 31
  _____
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<<
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 480.40 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 479.60
 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 235.00 MANNING'S N = 0.012
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 10.4 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 3.88
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 18.00
                           NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 4.13
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.01 Tc(MIN.) =
                                 4 70
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 400.00 TO NODE
                                402.00 =
                                         310.00 FEET.
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 402.00 TO NODE 402.00 IS CODE = 81
_____
 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<
_____
 25 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 4.743
 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON TC = 5-MINUTE.
 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.8700
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                 2.2 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =
                                        9.08
 TC(MIN.) =
         4.70
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 402.00 TO NODE 403.00 IS CODE = 31
         -----
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<<
_____
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 479.60 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 478.20
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 408.00 MANNING'S N = 0.012
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 21.0 INCH PIPE IS 16.0 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 4.63
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 21.00
                           NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) =
               9.08
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.47
                       Tc(MIN.) =
                                6.17
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 400.00 TO NODE 403.00 =
                                         718.00 FEET.
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 403.00 TO NODE 403.00 IS CODE = 81
_____
 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<
_____
  25 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 4.142
 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97
```

```
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.8700
 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) =0.70SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) =2.52TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =2.9TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) =10.4
                                               10.45
 TC(MIN.) = 6.17
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 403.00 TO NODE 404.00 IS CODE = 31
_____
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<<
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 478.20 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 476.70
 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 457.00 MANNING'S N = 0.012
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 24.0 INCH PIPE IS 15.7 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 4.80
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 24.00
                                  NUMBER OF PIPES =
                                                  1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 10.45
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.59 Tc(MIN.) = 7.76
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 400.00 TO NODE 404.00 = 1175.00 FEET.
*****
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 500.00 TO NODE 501.00 IS CODE = 21
_____
 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<
_____
 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) =
                                 75.00
 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 488.90
 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 486.60
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 2.30
                           2.30
 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 2.468
   25 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 4.743
 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON TC = 5-MINUTE.
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.41
                    0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =
 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =
                                               0.41
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 501.00 TO NODE 603.00 IS CODE = 62
    _____
 >>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
 >>>> (STREET TABLE SECTION # 1 USED) <<<<<
_____
 UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 486.60 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 482.90
 STREET LENGTH (FEET) = 436.00 CURB HEIGHT (INCHES) = 6.0
 STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 30.00
 DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK (FEET) = 20.00
 INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018
 OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018
 SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 2
 STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020
 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curb-to-curb) = 0.0150
 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200
   **TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) =
                                                1.77
   STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW:
   STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.25
   HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH (FEET) =
                              6.85
   AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 1.64
   PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 0.41
 STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 4.44 Tc (MIN.) = 6.90
   25 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 3.851
 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.870
 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) =0.80SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) =2.68TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =0.9PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) =
                                                      3.02
```

END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.29 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 8.90 FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 1.82 DEPTH*VELOCITY (FT*FT/SEC.) = 0.52 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 500.00 TO NODE 603.00 = 511.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 603.00 TO NODE 603.00 IS CODE = 1 _____ >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<< TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE: TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 6.90 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.85 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 0.90 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 3.02 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 600.00 TO NODE 601.00 IS CODE = 21 _____ >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS< GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 75.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 488.30 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 486.10 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 2.20 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 2.505 25 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 4.743 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON Tc = 5-MINUTE. SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.41 0.10 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.41 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 601.00 TO NODE 602.00 IS CODE = 51 _____ >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW< >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<< _____ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 486.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 483.20 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET) = 334.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0084 CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 0.00 "Z" FACTOR = 99.000 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 0.50 25 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.849 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97 0.81 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 0.65 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.11 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 8.51 Tc(MIN.) = 11.020.30 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.74 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.870 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 0.4 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 0.99 END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.12 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 0.70 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 600.00 TO NODE 602.00 = 409.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 602.00 TO NODE 603.00 IS CODE = 31 _____ >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<< _____ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 480.20 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 477.40 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 57.00 MANNING'S N = 0.012 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) INCREASED TO 12.000

DEPTH OF FLOW IN 12.0 INCH PIPE IS 2.8 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 7.12 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 12.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 0.99 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.13 Tc(MIN.) = 11.15 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 600.00 TO NODE 603.00 = 466.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 603.00 TO NODE 603.00 IS CODE = 1 _____ >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<< >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<< _____ TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE: TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 11.15 RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 2.83 TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 0.40 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 0.99 ** CONFLUENCE DATA ** RUNOFF Тс INTENSITY STREAM AREA NUMBER (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE) (CFS) 1 3.02 6.903.85111.152.827 0.90 11.15 2 0.99 0.40 RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS. ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE ** STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) NUMBER (CFS) 1 3.63 6.90 3.851 2 3.20 11.15 2.827 COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS: PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 3.63 Tc(MIN.) = 6.90 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 1.3 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 500.00 TO NODE 603.00 = 511.00 FEET. _____ END OF STUDY SUMMARY: = TOTAL AREA (ACRES) 1.3 TC(MIN.) = 6.90 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 3.63_____ _____ END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE Reference: SAN DIEGO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT 2003,1985,1981 HYDROLOGY MANUAL (c) Copyright 1982-2011 Advanced Engineering Software (aes) Ver. 18.0 Release Date: 07/01/2011 License ID 1499 Analysis prepared by: * PLAZA LA MEDIA NORTH * PROPOSED 50YR RATIONAL METHOD * * MARCH 2020 - MJS FILE NAME: PR50LMR.DAT TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 14:13 03/26/2020 USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION: _____ 2003 SAN DIEGO MANUAL CRITERIA USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT(YEAR) = 50.00 6-HOUR DURATION PRECIPITATION (INCHES) = 2.100 SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE (INCH) = 12.00SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS (DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.95 SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD NOTE: USE MODIFIED RATIONAL METHOD PROCEDURES FOR CONFLUENCE ANALYSIS *USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL* HALF- CROWN TO STREET-CROSSFALL: CURB GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: MANNING WIDTH CROSSFALL IN- / OUT-/PARK- HEIGHT WIDTH LIP HIKE FACTOR (FT) SIDE / SIDE/ WAY (FT) (FT) (FT) NO. (FT) (下丁) (n) 1 30.0 20.0 0.018/0.020 0.50 1.50 0.0313 0.125 0.0150 GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS: 1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.50 FEET as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb) 2. (Depth) * (Velocity) Constraint = 10.0 (FT*FT/S) *SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.* FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 300.00 TO NODE 301.00 IS CODE = 21 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS< _____ GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 75.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 491.62 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 490.10 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 1.52 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 2.742 WARNING: INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW PATH LENGTH IS GREATER THAN THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH = 70.27 (Reference: Table 3-1B of Hydrology Manual) THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH IS USED IN TC CALCULATION! 50 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 5.533 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON TC = 5-MINUTE. SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =0.48TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =0.10TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =0.48

```
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 301.00 TO NODE 302.00 IS CODE = 51
_____
 >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<
 >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<<
_____
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 490.10 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 488.60
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 431.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0035
 CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 0.00 "Z" FACTOR = 99.000
 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.015 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) =
                                      0.50
  50 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 3.668
 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97
 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) =
                                        2.62
 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.07
 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.16 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) =
                                           6.72
 T_{C}(MTN_{*}) = 9.46
                  1.30
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) =
                           SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 4.15
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.870
                         PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                    1.4
                                                 4.47
 END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:
 DEPTH(FEET) = 0.19 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.20
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 300.00 TO NODE 302.00 =
                                             506.00 FEET.
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 302.00 TO NODE 303.00 IS CODE = 31
     _____
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<<
_____
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 485.10 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 484.40
 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 140.00 MANNING'S N = 0.012
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 15.0 INCH PIPE IS 11.4 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 4.46
                              NUMBER OF PIPES =
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 15.00
                                             1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) =
                 4.47
                          Tc(MIN.) =
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.52
                                     9.98
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 300.00 TO NODE 303.00 =
                                             646.00 FEET.
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 303.00 TO NODE 303.00 IS CODE = 81
_____
 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<
_____
  50 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 3.543
 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.8700
 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) =0.40SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =1.23TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =1.8TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =5.5
                                           5.55
 TC(MIN.) = 9.98
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 303.00 TO NODE 304.00 IS CODE = 31
_____
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<<
_____
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 484.40 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 484.00
 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 73.00 MANNING'S N = 0.012
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 10.8 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 4.99
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 18.00
                               NUMBER OF PIPES =
                                             1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 5.55
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.24
                          Tc(MIN.) = 10.23
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 300.00 TO NODE 304.00 =
                                            719.00 FEET.
```

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 304.00 TO NODE 304.00 IS CODE = 81 _____ ----->>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<< _____ 50 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 3.488 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.8700 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) =0.10SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =0.30TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =1.9TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =5.7 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 5.77 TC(MIN.) = 10.23 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 304.00 TO NODE 305.00 IS CODE = 31 _____ >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<< _____ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 484.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 483.30 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 149.00 MANNING'S N = 0.012 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 11.7 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 4.73 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 18.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 5.77 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.52 Tc(MIN.) = 10.75LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 300.00 TO NODE 305.00 = 868.00 FEET. ***** FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 305.00 TO NODE 305.00 IS CODE = 81 _____ >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW< _____ 50 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 3.377 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.8700 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) =0.30SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) =0.88TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =2.2TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) =6.4 6.46 $TC(MTN_{\star}) = 10.75$ ***** FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 305.00 TO NODE 306.00 IS CODE = 31 _____ >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<< >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<< _____ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 483.30 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 482.10 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 229.00 MANNING'S N = 0.012 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 12.2 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 5.05 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 18.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 6.46 PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.76 Tc (MIN.) = 11.51 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 300.00 TO NODE 306.00 = 1097.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 306.00 TO NODE 306.00 IS CODE = 81 _____ >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<< _____ 50 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 3.232 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.8700 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) =1.40SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =3.94TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =3.6TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =10.3 10.12 TC(MIN.) = 11.51

```
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 306.00 TO NODE 307.00 IS CODE = 31
_____
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<<
_____
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 482.10 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 481.70
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 85.00 MANNING'S N = 0.012
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 21.0 INCH PIPE IS 15.3 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 5.39
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 21.00
                              NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 10.12
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.26 Tc(MIN.) = 11.77
                     300.00 TO NODE 307.00 =
                                         1182.00 FEET.
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 307.00 TO NODE 307.00 IS CODE = 81
    _____
>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<
_____
  50 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.186
 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.8700
 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 1.40 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 3.88
 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =
                  5.0 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =
                                        13.86
 TC(MIN.) = 11.77
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 307.00 TO NODE 307.00 IS CODE = 1
_____
                                     _____
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE <<<<
_____
 TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 11.77
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.19
 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 5.00
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =
                            13.86
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 200.00 TO NODE 201.00 IS CODE = 21
_____
 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<
_____
 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) =
                            75.00
 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 491.12
 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 489.60
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 1.52
                        1.52
 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) =
                            2.742
 WARNING: INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW PATH LENGTH IS GREATER THAN
       THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH = 70.27
       (Reference: Table 3-1B of Hydrology Manual)
       THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH IS USED IN TC CALCULATION!
  50 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 5.533
 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON TC = 5-MINUTE.
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =
                   0.48
                 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =
                                        0.48
 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 201.00 TO NODE 202.00 IS CODE = 51
 >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<
 >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<<
_____
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 489.60 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 483.90
 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET) = 989.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0058
```

```
CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 0.00 "Z" FACTOR = 99.000
 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.015 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 0.50
  50 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 3.153
 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97
 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 9.04
 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.79
 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.23 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 9.22
 Tc(MIN.) = 11.96
 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 5.90
                             SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 16.18
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.870
 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =
                   6.0
                                                    16.46
                           PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
 END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:
 DEPTH(FEET) = 0.29 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.04
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 200.00 TO NODE
                                      202.00 =
                                                 1064.00 FEET.
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 202.00 TO NODE 202.00 IS CODE = 81
 _____
 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<
50 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 3.153
 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.8700
 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 0.40 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 1.10
 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 6.4 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) =
                                               17.55
 TC(MIN.) = 11.96
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 202.00 TO NODE 307.00 IS CODE = 51
_____
 >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<
 >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<<
_____
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 483.90 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 481.70
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 236.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0093
 CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 3.00 "Z" FACTOR = 0.000
 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.015 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) =
                                         2.00
   50 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 3.054
 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97
 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) =
                                          17.69
 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 6.53
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.90 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.60
 Tc(MIN.) = 12.56
                            SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.27
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.10
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.870
                                                     17.55
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                      6.5
                               PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
 END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:
 DEPTH(FEET) = 0.90 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 6.52
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 200.00 TO NODE
                                      307.00 =
                                               1300.00 FEET.
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 307.00 TO NODE 307.00 IS CODE = 1
_____
 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<
 >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<
_____
 TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 12.56
 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.05
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 6.50
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =
                               17.55
```

** CONFLUENCE DATA ** STREAM RUNOFF TC INTENSITY AREA (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE) NUMBER (CFS)
 (CFS)
 (MIN.)
 (INCH/HOUR)

 13.86
 11.77
 3.186

 17.55
 12.56
 3.054
 5.00 1 2 6.50 RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS. ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE ** STREAM RUNOFF TC INTENSITY
 (CFS)
 (MIN.)
 (INCH/HOUR)

 30.30
 11.77
 3.186

 30.84
 12.56
 3.054
 NUMBER 1 2 30.84 COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS: PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 30.84 Tc(MIN.) = 12.56 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 11.5 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 200.00 TO NODE 307.00 = 1300.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 100.00 TO NODE 101.00 IS CODE = 21 _____ >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS< _____ GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 75.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 491.12 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 489.60 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 1.52 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 2.742 WARNING: INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW PATH LENGTH IS GREATER THAN THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH = 70.27 (Reference: Table 3-1B of Hydrology Manual) THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH IS USED IN TC CALCULATION! 50 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 5.533 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON TC = 5-MINUTE. SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.48 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 0.48 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 101.00 TO NODE 102.00 IS CODE = 51 _____ >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW< >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<< ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 489.60 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 483.80 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 751.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0077 CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 0.00 "Z" FACTOR = 99.000 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.015 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 0.50 50 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 3.295GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 2.89 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.49AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.14 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 8.43Tc(MIN.) = 11.17SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 4.59 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 1.60 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.870 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 1.7 4.87 END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.17 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.69 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 100.00 TO NODE 102.00 =826.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 102.00 TO NODE 102.00 IS CODE = 81 _____

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<< _____ 50 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 3.295 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.8700 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 2.40 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 6.88 4.1 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 11.75 TC(MIN.) = 11.17 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 102.00 TO NODE 103.00 IS CODE = 51 _____ >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW< >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<< _____ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 483.80 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 477.50 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 32.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.1969 CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 0.00 "Z" FACTOR = 99.000 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 0.50 50 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 3.270 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 11.89 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.12 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.17 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.13 Tc(MIN.) = 11.30 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.28 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.870 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 4.2 11.95 END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.17 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.14 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 100.00 TO NODE 103.00 = 858.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 103.00 TO NODE 103.00 IS CODE = 81 _____ >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<< _____ 50 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 3.270 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.8700 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) =0.90SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =2.56TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =5.1TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =14.51 TC(MIN.) = 11.30 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 400.00 TO NODE 401.00 IS CODE = 21 _____ >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS< _____ GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97 75.00 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 485.70 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 485.40 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 0.30 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 3.688 WARNING: INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW PATH LENGTH IS GREATER THAN THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH = 50.00 (Reference: Table 3-1B of Hydrology Manual) THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH IS USED IN Tc CALCULATION! 50 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 5.533 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON TC = 5-MINUTE. SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.48

```
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =
                 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =
                                       0.48
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 401.00 TO NODE 401.00 IS CODE = 81
_____
 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<
_____
  50 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 5.533
 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON Tc = 5-MINUTE.
 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.8700
 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 0.90 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 4.33
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                  1.0 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =
                                        4.81
 TC(MIN.) =
         3.69
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 401.00 TO NODE 402.00 IS CODE = 31
  _____
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<<
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 480.40 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 479.60
 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 235.00 MANNING'S N = 0.012
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 11.6 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 4.01
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 18.00
                            NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 4.81
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.98 Tc(MIN.) =
                                  4 66
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE
                    400.00 TO NODE
                                 402.00 =
                                           310.00 FEET.
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 402.00 TO NODE 402.00 IS CODE = 81
_____
 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<
_____
 50 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 5.533
 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON Tc = 5-MINUTE.
 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.8700
 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) =1.20SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =5.78TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =2.2TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =10.5
                                        10.59
 TC(MIN.) =
         4.66
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 402.00 TO NODE 403.00 IS CODE = 31
      -----
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<<
_____
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 479.60 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 478.20
 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 408.00 MANNING'S N = 0.012
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 24.0 INCH PIPE IS 15.6 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.90
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 24.00
                            NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) =
             10.59
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.39
                       Tc(MIN.) =
                                 6.05
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 400.00 TO NODE 403.00 =
                                          718.00 FEET.
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 403.00 TO NODE 403.00 IS CODE = 81
_____
 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<
_____
  50 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 4.891
 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97
```

```
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.8700
 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) =0.70SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) =2.98TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =2.9TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) =12.3TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =0.7010.7010.70
                                               12.34
 TC(MIN.) = 6.05
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 403.00 TO NODE 404.00 IS CODE = 31
_____
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<<
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 478.20 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 476.70
 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 457.00 MANNING'S N = 0.012
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 24.0 INCH PIPE IS 17.8 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 4.93
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 24.00
                                  NUMBER OF PIPES =
                                                   1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 12.34
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.54 Tc(MIN.) = 7.60
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 400.00 TO NODE 404.00 = 1175.00 FEET.
*****
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 500.00 TO NODE 501.00 IS CODE = 21
_____
 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<
_____
 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) =
                                 75.00
 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 488.90
 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 486.60
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 2.30
                            2.30
 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 2.468
   50 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 5.533
 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON TC = 5-MINUTE.
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.48
                    0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =
 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =
                                               0.48
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 501.00 TO NODE 603.00 IS CODE = 62
    _____
 >>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
 >>>> (STREET TABLE SECTION # 1 USED) <<<<<
_____
 UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 486.60 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 482.90
 STREET LENGTH (FEET) = 436.00 CURB HEIGHT (INCHES) = 6.0
 STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 30.00
 DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK (FEET) = 20.00
 INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018
 OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018
 SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 2
 STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020
 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curb-to-curb) = 0.0150
 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200
   **TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) =
                                                 2.09
   STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW:
   STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.26
   HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH (FEET) =
                              7.44
   AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 1.70
   PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 0.45
 STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 4.28 Tc (MIN.) = 6.75
   50 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 4.558
 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.870
 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) =0.80SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) =3.17TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =0.9PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) =
                              PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
                                                      3.57
```

END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.30 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 9.57 FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 1.90 DEPTH*VELOCITY (FT*FT/SEC.) = 0.57 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 500.00 TO NODE 603.00 = 511.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 603.00 TO NODE 603.00 IS CODE = 1 _____ >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<< TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE: TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 6.75 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 4.56 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 0.90 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 3.57 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 600.00 TO NODE 601.00 IS CODE = 21 _____ >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS< GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 75.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 488.30 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 486.10 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 2.20 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 2.505 50 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 5.533 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON TC = 5-MINUTE. SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.48 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.48 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 601.00 TO NODE 602.00 IS CODE = 51 _____ >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW< >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<< _____ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 486.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 483.20 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET) = 334.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0084 CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 0.00 "Z" FACTOR = 99.000 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 0.50 50 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.426 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 0.95 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 0.70 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.12 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 8.01 Tc(MIN.) = 10.510.30 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.89 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.870 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 0.4 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 1.19 END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.13 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 0.75 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 600.00 TO NODE 602.00 = 409.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 602.00 TO NODE 603.00 IS CODE = 31 _____ >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<< _____ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 480.20 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 477.40 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 57.00 MANNING'S N = 0.012 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) INCREASED TO 12.000

DEPTH OF FLOW IN 12.0 INCH PIPE IS 3.1 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 7.54 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 12.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 1.19 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.13 Tc(MIN.) = 10.64 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 600.00 TO NODE 603.00 = 466.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 603.00 TO NODE 603.00 IS CODE = 1 _____ >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<< >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<< _____ TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE: TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 10.64 RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 3.40 TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 0.40 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 1.19 ** CONFLUENCE DATA ** RUNOFF Тс INTENSITY STREAM AREA NUMBER (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE) (CFS) 1 3.57 6.75 4.558 0.90 2 1.19 10.64 3.400 0.40 RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS. ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE ** STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) NUMBER (CFS) 4.336.754.5583.8510.643.400 1 2 3.85 COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS: PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 4.33 Tc(MIN.) = 6.75 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 1.3 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 500.00 TO NODE 603.00 = 511.00 FEET. _____ END OF STUDY SUMMARY: = 1.3 TC(MIN.) = TOTAL AREA (ACRES) 6.75 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 1.3PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 4.33_____ _____ END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE Reference: SAN DIEGO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT 2003,1985,1981 HYDROLOGY MANUAL (c) Copyright 1982-2011 Advanced Engineering Software (aes) Ver. 18.0 Release Date: 07/01/2011 License ID 1499 Analysis prepared by: * PLAZA LA MEDIA NORTH * PROPOSED 100YR RATIONAL METHOD * MARCH 2020 - MJS FILE NAME: PR100LMR.DAT TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 13:54 03/26/2020 _____ USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION: _____ 2003 SAN DIEGO MANUAL CRITERIA USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT(YEAR) = 100.00 6-HOUR DURATION PRECIPITATION (INCHES) = 2.300 SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE (INCH) = 12.00SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS (DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.95 SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD NOTE: USE MODIFIED RATIONAL METHOD PROCEDURES FOR CONFLUENCE ANALYSIS *USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL* HALF- CROWN TO STREET-CROSSFALL: CURB GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: MANNING WIDTH CROSSFALL IN- / OUT-/PARK- HEIGHT WIDTH LIP HIKE FACTOR (FT) SIDE / SIDE/ WAY (FT) (FT) (FT) NO. (FT) (下丁) (n) 1 30.0 20.0 0.018/0.020 0.50 1.50 0.0313 0.125 0.0150 GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS: 1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.50 FEET as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb) 2. (Depth) * (Velocity) Constraint = 10.0 (FT*FT/S) *SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.* FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 300.00 TO NODE 301.00 IS CODE = 21 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS< _____ GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 75.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 491.62 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 490.10 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 1.52 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 2.742 WARNING: INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW PATH LENGTH IS GREATER THAN THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH = 70.27 (Reference: Table 3-1B of Hydrology Manual) THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH IS USED IN TC CALCULATION! 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 6.060 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON TC = 5-MINUTE. SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =0.53TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =0.10TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.53

```
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 301.00 TO NODE 302.00 IS CODE = 51
_____
 >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<
 >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<<
_____
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 490.10 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 488.60
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 431.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0035
 CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 0.00 "Z" FACTOR = 99.000
 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.015 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) =
                                      0.50
 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 4.058
 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97
 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) =
                                        2.88
 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.09
 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.16 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) =
                                           6.57
 T_{C}(MTN_{*}) = 9.31
                  1.30
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) =
                           SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 4.59
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.870
                         PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                    1.4
                                                 4.94
 END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:
 DEPTH(FEET) = 0.20 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.23
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 300.00 TO NODE 302.00 =
                                             506.00 FEET.
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 302.00 TO NODE 303.00 IS CODE = 31
     _____
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<<
_____
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 485.10 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 484.40
 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 140.00 MANNING'S N = 0.012
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 10.4 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 4.69
                              NUMBER OF PIPES =
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 18.00
                                             1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) =
                 4.94
                          Tc(MIN.) =
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.50
                                     9.81
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 300.00 TO NODE 303.00 =
                                             646.00 FEET.
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 303.00 TO NODE 303.00 IS CODE = 81
_____
 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<
_____
 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 3.924
 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.8700
 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) =0.40SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =1.37TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =1.8TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =6.
                                           6.14
 TC(MIN.) = 9.81
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 303.00 TO NODE 304.00 IS CODE = 31
_____
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<<
_____
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 484.40 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 484.00
 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 73.00 MANNING'S N = 0.012
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 11.6 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 5.10
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 18.00
                               NUMBER OF PIPES =
                                             1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 6.14
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.24
                          Tc(MIN.) = 10.05
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 300.00 TO NODE 304.00 =
                                            719.00 FEET.
```

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 304.00 TO NODE 304.00 IS CODE = 81 _____ ----->>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<< _____ 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 3.864 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.8700 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) =0.10SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =0.34TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =1.9TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =6.3 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 6.39 TC(MIN.) = 10.05 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 304.00 TO NODE 305.00 IS CODE = 31 _____ >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<< _____ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 484.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 483.30 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 149.00 MANNING'S N = 0.012 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 12.6 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 4.82 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 18.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 6.39 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.52 Tc(MIN.) = 10.56 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 300.00 TO NODE 305.00 = 868.00 FEET. ***** FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 305.00 TO NODE 305.00 IS CODE = 81 _____ >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<< _____ 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 3.741 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.8700 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) =0.30SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) =0.98TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =2.2TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) =7.1 7.16 $TC(MTN_{\star}) = 10.56$ ***** FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 305.00 TO NODE 306.00 IS CODE = 31 _____ >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<< >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<< _____ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 483.30 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 482.10 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 229.00 MANNING'S N = 0.012 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 13.3 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 5.13 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 18.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 7.16 PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.74 Tc (MIN.) = 11.31 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 300.00 TO NODE 306.00 = 1097.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 306.00 TO NODE 306.00 IS CODE = 81 _____ >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<< _____ 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 3.580 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.8700 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) =1.40SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =4.36TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =3.6TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =11.2 11.21 TC(MIN.) = 11.31

```
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 306.00 TO NODE 307.00 IS CODE = 31
_____
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<<
_____
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 482.10 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 481.70
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 85.00 MANNING'S N = 0.012
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 21.0 INCH PIPE IS 16.8 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 5.44
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 21.00
                              NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 11.21
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.26 Tc(MIN.) = 11.57
                     300.00 TO NODE 307.00 = 1182.00 FEET.
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 307.00 TO NODE 307.00 IS CODE = 81
    _____
>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<
_____
 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.528
 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.8700
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 1.40 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 4.30
 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =
                  5.0 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =
                                        15.35
 TC(MIN.) = 11.57
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 307.00 TO NODE 307.00 IS CODE = 1
_____
                                     _____
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<
_____
 TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 11.57
 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) =
                       3.53
 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 5.00
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =
                            15.35
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 200.00 TO NODE 201.00 IS CODE = 21
_____
 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<
_____
 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) =
                            75.00
 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 491.12
 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 489.60
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 1.52
                        1.52
 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) =
                            2.742
 WARNING: INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW PATH LENGTH IS GREATER THAN
       THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH = 70.27
       (Reference: Table 3-1B of Hydrology Manual)
       THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH IS USED IN TC CALCULATION!
 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 6.060
 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON TC = 5-MINUTE.
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =
                   0.53
                 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =
                                        0.53
 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 201.00 TO NODE 202.00 IS CODE = 51
 >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<
 >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<<
_____
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 489.60 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 483.90
 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET) = 989.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0058
```

```
CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 0.00 "Z" FACTOR = 99.000
 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.015 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 0.50
 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 3.440
 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97
 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 10.07
 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.77
 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.24 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 9.29
 Tc(MIN.) = 12.03
 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 5.90
                             SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 17.66
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.870
 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =
                                                    17.96
                   6.0
                           PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
 END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:
 DEPTH(FEET) = 0.29 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.09
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 200.00 TO NODE
                                      202.00 =
                                                 1064.00 FEET.
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 202.00 TO NODE 202.00 IS CODE = 81
 _____
 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 3.440
 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.8700
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.40 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.20
 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 6.4 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) =
                                               19.15
 TC(MIN.) = 12.03
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 202.00 TO NODE 307.00 IS CODE = 51
_____
 >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<
 >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<<
_____
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 483.90 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 481.70
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 236.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0093
 CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 3.00 "Z" FACTOR = 0.000
 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.015 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) =
                                         2.00
 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 3.336
 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97
 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) =
                                          19.30
 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 6.71
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.96 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.59
 Tc(MIN.) = 12.62
                            SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.29
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.10
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.870
                                                     19.15
 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =
                      6.5
                               PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
 END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:
 DEPTH(FEET) = 0.96 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 6.67
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 200.00 TO NODE
                                      307.00 =
                                               1300.00 FEET.
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 307.00 TO NODE 307.00 IS CODE = 1
_____
 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<
 >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<
_____
 TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 12.62
 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.34
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 6.50
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =
                                19.15
```

** CONFLUENCE DATA ** STREAM RUNOFF TC INTENSITY AREA (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE) NUMBER
 (CFS)
 (MIN.)
 (INC.)

 15.35
 11.57
 3.528

 10.62
 3.336
 (CFS) 5.00 1 2 19.15 12.62 6.50 RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS. ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE ** STREAM RUNOFF TC INTENSITY
 (CFS)
 (MIN.)
 (INCH/HOUR)

 32.91
 11.57
 3.528

 33.66
 12.62
 3.336
 NUMBER 1 2 COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS: PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 33.66 Tc(MIN.) = 12.62 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 11.5 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 200.00 TO NODE 307.00 = 1300.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 100.00 TO NODE 101.00 IS CODE = 21 _____ >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS< _____ GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 75.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 491.12 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 489.60 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 1.52 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 2.742 WARNING: INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW PATH LENGTH IS GREATER THAN THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH = 70.27 (Reference: Table 3-1B of Hydrology Manual) THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH IS USED IN TC CALCULATION! 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 6.060 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON TC = 5-MINUTE. SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.53 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 0.53 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 101.00 TO NODE 102.00 IS CODE = 51 _____ >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW< >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<< ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 489.60 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 483.80 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 751.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0077 CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 0.00 "Z" FACTOR = 99.000 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.015 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 0.50 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 3.582 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 3.16 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.46AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.15 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 8.56Tc(MIN.) = 11.30SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 4.99 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 1.60 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.870 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 1.7 5.30 END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.18 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.68 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 100.00 TO NODE 102.00 =826.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 102.00 TO NODE 102.00 IS CODE = 81 _____
>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW< _____ 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 3.582 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.8700 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 2.40 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 7.48 4.1 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 12.78 TC(MIN.) = 11.30 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 102.00 TO NODE 103.00 IS CODE = 51 _____ >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW< >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<< _____ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 483.80 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 477.50 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 32.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.1969 CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 0.00 "Z" FACTOR = 99.000 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 0.50 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 3.557 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 12.93 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.38 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.17 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.12 Tc(MIN.) = 11.42 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.31 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.870 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 4.2 13.00 END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.17 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.41 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 100.00 TO NODE 103.00 = 858.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 103.00 TO NODE 103.00 IS CODE = 81 _____ >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<< _____ 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 3.557 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.8700 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) =0.90SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =2.79TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =5.1TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =15.78 TC(MIN.) = 11.42 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 400.00 TO NODE 401.00 IS CODE = 21 _____ >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS< _____ GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97 75.00 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 485.70 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 485.40 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 0.30 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 3.688 WARNING: INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW PATH LENGTH IS GREATER THAN THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH = 50.00 (Reference: Table 3-1B of Hydrology Manual) THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH IS USED IN Tc CALCULATION! 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 6.060 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON TC = 5-MINUTE. SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.53

```
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =
                0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =
                                      0.53
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 401.00 TO NODE 401.00 IS CODE = 81
_____
 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<
_____
 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 6.060
 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON Tc = 5-MINUTE.
 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.8700
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.90 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 4.74
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                  1.0 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =
                                       5.27
 TC(MIN.) =
         3.69
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 401.00 TO NODE 402.00 IS CODE = 31
  _____
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<<
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 480.40 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 479.60
 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 235.00 MANNING'S N = 0.012
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 12.3 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 4.08
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 18.00
                            NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 5.27
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.96 Tc(MIN.) =
                                 4 65
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE
                    400.00 TO NODE
                                 402.00 =
                                          310.00 FEET.
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 402.00 TO NODE 402.00 IS CODE = 81
_____
 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<
_____
 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 6.060
 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON TC = 5-MINUTE.
 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.8700
 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 1.20 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 6.33
                  2.2 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =
 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =
                                        11.60
 TC(MIN.) =
         4.65
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 402.00 TO NODE 403.00 IS CODE = 31
         -----
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<<
_____
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 479.60 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 478.20
 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 408.00 MANNING'S N = 0.012
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 24.0 INCH PIPE IS 16.7 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.98
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 24.00
                            NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) =
             11.60
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.37
                       Tc(MIN.) =
                                6.01
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 400.00 TO NODE 403.00 =
                                         718.00 FEET.
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 403.00 TO NODE 403.00 IS CODE = 81
_____
 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<
_____
 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 5.380
 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
```

S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97

```
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.8700
 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) =0.70SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) =3.28TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =2.9TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) =13.5TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =0.11.31.3
                                               13.57
 TC(MIN.) = 6.01
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 403.00 TO NODE 404.00 IS CODE = 31
_____
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<<
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 478.20 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 476.70
 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 457.00 MANNING'S N = 0.012
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 24.0 INCH PIPE IS 19.5 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 4.97
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 24.00
                                  NUMBER OF PIPES =
                                                   1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 13.57
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.53 Tc(MIN.) = 7.55
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 400.00 TO NODE 404.00 = 1175.00 FEET.
*****
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 500.00 TO NODE 501.00 IS CODE = 21
_____
 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<
_____
 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) =
                                 75.00
 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 488.90
 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 486.60
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 2.30
                            2.30
 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 2.468
  100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 6.060
 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON TC = 5-MINUTE.
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.53
                    0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =
 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =
                                               0.53
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 501.00 TO NODE 603.00 IS CODE = 62
    _____
 >>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
 >>>> (STREET TABLE SECTION # 1 USED) <<<<<
_____
 UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 486.60 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 482.90
 STREET LENGTH (FEET) = 436.00 CURB HEIGHT (INCHES) = 6.0
 STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 30.00
 DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK (FEET) = 20.00
 INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018
 OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018
 SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 2
 STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020
 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curb-to-curb) = 0.0150
 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200
   **TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) =
                                                 2.29
   STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW:
   STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.27
   HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH (FEET) =
                             7.84
   AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 1.71
   PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 0.46
 STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 4.24 Tc (MIN.) = 6.71
  100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 5.011
 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.870
 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) =0.80SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) =3.49TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =0.9PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) =
                             PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
                                                      3.92
```

END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.31 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 9.97 FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 1.95 DEPTH*VELOCITY (FT*FT/SEC.) = 0.60 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 500.00 TO NODE 603.00 = 511.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 603.00 TO NODE 603.00 IS CODE = 1 _____ >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<< TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE: TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 6.71 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 5.01 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 0.90 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 3.92 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 600.00 TO NODE 601.00 IS CODE = 21 _____ _____ >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS< GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 75.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 488.30 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 486.10 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 2.20 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 2.505 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 6.060 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON TC = 5-MINUTE. SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.53 0.10 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.53 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 601.00 TO NODE 602.00 IS CODE = 51 _____ >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW< >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<< _____ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 486.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 483.20 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET) = 334.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0084 CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 0.00 "Z" FACTOR = 99.000 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 0.50 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 3.850 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 1.03 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 0.73AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.12 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 7.60Tc(MIN.) = 10.100.30 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.00 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.870 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.4 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 1.34 END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.13 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 0.75 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 600.00 TO NODE 602.00 = 409.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 602.00 TO NODE 603.00 IS CODE = 31 _____ >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<< _____ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 480.20 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 477.40 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 57.00 MANNING'S N = 0.012 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) INCREASED TO 12.000

DEPTH OF FLOW IN 12.0 INCH PIPE IS 3.2 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 7.80 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 12.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 1.34 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.12 Tc(MIN.) = 10.22 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 600.00 TO NODE 603.00 = 466.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 603.00 TO NODE 603.00 IS CODE = 1 _____ >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<< >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<< _____ TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE: TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 10.22 RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 3.82 TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 0.40 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 1.34 ** CONFLUENCE DATA ** RUNOFF Тс INTENSITY STREAM AREA NUMBER (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE) (CFS) 1 3.92 6.71 5.011 0.90 10.22 2 1.34 3.820 0.40 RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS. ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE ** STREAM RUNOFF TC INTENSITY (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) NUMBER (CFS) 5.011 1 4.80 6.71 2 4.33 10.22 3.820 COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS: PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 4.80 Tc(MIN.) = 6.71 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 1.3 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 500.00 TO NODE 603.00 = 511.00 FEET. _____ END OF STUDY SUMMARY: = 1.3 TC(MIN.) = TOTAL AREA (ACRES) 6.71 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 4.80_____ _____ END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

3 DETENTION CALCULATIONS

RUN DATE 3/26/2020 HYDROGRAPH FILE NAME Text1 TIME OF CONCENTRATION 5 MIN. 6 HOUR RAINFALL 1.4 INCHES BASIN AREA 5.1 ACRES RUNOFF COEFFICIENT 0.87 PEAK DISCHARGE 9.1 CFS

TIME (MIN) = 0	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0
TIME (MIN) = 5	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.4
TIME(MIN) = 10	DISCHARGE $(CFS) = 0.4$
TIME (MIN) - 15	DISCHARGE (CES) $= 0.4$
TIME (MIN) = 20	DISCHARCE (CES) = 0.4
TIME (MIN) = 20	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.4
IIIVIE (IVIIN) = 25	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.4
TIME (MIN) = 30	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.4
TIME (MIN) = 35	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.4
TIMF(MIN) = 40	DISCHARGE $(CES) = 0.4$
TIME (MIN) = 45	DISCHARGE (CES) $= 0.4$
	DISCHARCE (OF S) = 0.4
TIVE (VIIN) = 50	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.4
IIME (MIN) = 55	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.4
TIME (MIN) = 60	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.4
TIME (MIN) = 65	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.4
TIME(MIN) = 70	DISCHARGE $(CFS) = 0.5$
TIME (MIN) = 75	DISCHARGE (CES) $= 0.5$
TIME (MINI) = 90	DISCHARCE (CES) = 0.5
	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.5
IIIVIE (IVIIN) = 85	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.5
TIME (MIN) = 90	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.5
TIME (MIN) = 95	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.5
TIME(MIN) = 100	DISCHARGE $(CFS) = 0.5$
TIME (MIN) = 105	DISCHARGE (CES) = 0.5
TIME (MIN) = 110	DISCHARGE (CES) = 0.5
	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.5
IIME (MIN) = 115	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.6
TIME (MIN) = 120	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.6
TIME (MIN) = 125	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.6
TIME(MIN) = 130	DISCHARGE $(CFS) = 0.6$
TIME (MIN) = 135	DISCHARGE (CES) = 0.6
TIME $(MIN) = 140$	DISCHARCE (CES) = 0.6
TIVE (VIIN) = 140	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.0
IIIVIE (IVIIN) = 145	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.7
TIME (MIN) = 150	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.7
TIME (MIN) = 155	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.7
TIME(MIN) = 160	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.7
TIME(MIN) = 165	DISCHARGE (CES) = 0.8
TIME (MIN) = 170	DISCHARGE (CES) = 0.8
TIVE (VIIN) = 170	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.0
TIME(MIN) = 175	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.8
TIME (MIN) = 180	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.9
TIME (MIN) = 185	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.9
TIME (MIN) = 190	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1
TIMF(MIN) = 195	DISCHARGE $(CES) = 1$
TIME (MIN) = 200	DISCHARGE (CES) $= 1.1$
TIME (MIN) = 200	DISCHARCE (CFS) = 1.1
TIVE (VIIN) = 205	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.2
IIME (MIN) = 210	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3
TIME (MIN) = 215	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.5
TIME (MIN) = 220	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.6
TIMF(MIN) = 225	DISCHARGE (CES) = 1.9
TIME (MINI) = 220	DISCHARGE (CES) = 2.2
TIME (MIN) = 230	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.2
IIVIE (IVIIN) = 235	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 3.2
IIME (MIN) = 240	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 11.8
TIME (MIN) = 245	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 9.1
TIME (MIN) = 250	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.6
TIME(MIN) = 255	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.7
TIME (MIN) = 260	DISCHARGE (CES) = 1.4
TIME (MINI) = 265	DISCHARCE (CES) = 1.1
TIME (MIN) = 203	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1
TIME (MIN) = 270	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1
TIME (MIN) = 275	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.9
TIME (MIN) = 280	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.8
TIME(MIN) = 285	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.7
TIMF(MIN) = 290	DISCHARGE (CES) = 0.7
TIME (MINI) = 200	DISCHARGE (CES) = 0.6
TIME (MIN) = 200	Discurrent OE (OF S) = 0.0
100 = 300	
IIME (MIN) = 305	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.6
TIME (MIN) = 310	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.5
TIME (MIN) = 315	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.5
TIME $(MIN) = 320$	DISCHARGE $(CFS) = 0.5$
TIME (MIN) = 325	DISCHARGE (CES) $= 0.5$
TIME (MIN) = 323	Discurrence (CEO) = 0.3
V = 330	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.5
I IME (MIN) = 335	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.4
TIME (MIN) = 340	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.4
TIME (MIN) = 345	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.4
TIMF(MIN) = 350	DISCHARGE (CES) $= 0.4$
TIME (MIN) = 255	DISCHARGE (CES) $= 0.4$
TIME (IVIIN) = 355	
IIIVIE (IVIIIN) = 360	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.4

Basin 1 - 5 Year Storm Event

RUN DATE 3/26/2020 HYDROGRAPH FILE NAME Text1 TIME OF CONCENTRATION 5 MIN. 6 HOUR RAINFALL 1.6 INCHES BASIN AREA 5.1 ACRES RUNOFF COEFFICIENT 0.87 PEAK DISCHARGE 10.7 CFS

TIME (MIN) = 0	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0
TIME(MIN) = 5	DISCHARGE $(CES) = 0.4$
TIME (MIN) = 10	DISCHARGE (CES) $= 0.4$
TIME (MIN) = 10	DOCHAROE(CFO) = 0.4
IIME(MIN) = 15	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.4
TIME (MIN) = 20	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.4
TIMF(MIN) = 25	DISCHARGE $(CES) = 0.4$
TIME (MIN) = 20	DISCHARCE (CES) = 0.1
TIVE(VIIN) = 30	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.5
TIME (MIN) = 35	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.5
TIME (MIN) = 40	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.5
TIME(MIN) = 45	DISCHARGE (CES) $= 0.5$
TIME $(MIN) = 45$	DOCHAROE(CFO) = 0.5
IIME(MIN) = 50	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.5
TIME (MIN) = 55	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.5
TIMF(MIN) = 60	DISCHARGE $(CES) = 0.5$
TIME (MIN) = 65	
TIME $(MIN) = 0.5$	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.5
IIME (MIN) = 70	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.5
TIME (MIN) = 75	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.5
TIME (MINÍ – 80	DISCHARGE (CES) - 0.5
TIME (MIN) = 00	
IIIVIE (IVIIIN) = 85	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.6
TIME (MIN) = 90	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.6
TIMF(MIN) = 95	DISCHARGE $(CES) = 0.6$
TIME (MIN) = 000	
	DISCHARGE (UFS) = 0.6
IIME (MIN) = 105	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.6
TIME (MIN) = 110	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.6
TIME (MINI) = 115	DISCHARGE (CES) = 0.6
$T_{\text{INVIE}}(N(N)) = T_{\text{INVIE}}$	DOCUMPOE(OFS) = 0.0
IIVIE (IVIIN) = 120	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.6
TIME (MIN) = 125	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.7
TIME (MINÍ – 130	DISCHARGE (CES) - 0.7
IIIVIE (IVIIIN) = 135	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.7
TIME (MIN) = 140	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.7
TIME(MIN) = 145	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.7
TIME (MIN) = 150	DISCHARGE (CES) = 0.8
TIME $(MIN) = 150$	DOCHAROE(CFO) = 0.0
IIME(MIN) = 155	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.8
TIME (MIN) = 160	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.8
TIME (MIN) = 165	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.9
TIME(MIN) = 170	DISCHARGE (CES) - 0.9
TIME (MIN) = 170	DISCULADOE(OFC) = 0.5
TIME(IMIN) = 175	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.9
TIME (MIN) = 180	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1
TIME (MIN) = 185	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1
TIMF(MIN) = 190	DISCHARGE $(CES) = 1.1$
TIME (MIN) = 150	DOCHARCE(OFC) = 1.1
TIME(IMIN) = 195	DISCHARGE(CFS) = 1.2
TIME (MIN) = 200	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.2
TIME (MIN) = 205	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.4
TIME (MIN) = 210	DISCHARGE (CES) = 1.5
TIME (MIN) = 210	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3
IIME (MIN) = 215	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.7
TIME (MIN) = 220	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.8
TIME (MIN) = 225	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.2
TIME (MIN) = 220	DISCHARGE (CES) = 25
TIME $(MIN) = 230$	DISCHARGE (CF3) = 2.3
IIME (MIN) = 235	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 3.7
TIME (MIN) = 240	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 13.2
TIMF(MIN) = 245	DISCHARGE $(CES) = 10.7$
TIME (MIN) = 250	DISCHARGE (CES) = 3
$T_{\text{INVIL}}(\text{IVIIN}) = 250$	Discriminate (0F3) = 3
TIME (MIN) = 255	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2
TIME (MIN) = 260	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.6
TIME $(MIN) = 265$	DISCHARGE (CES) - 13
TIME (MIN) = 200	DOCUMPOE(OFO) = 1.3
v = 270	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1
TIME (MIN) = 275	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1
TIMF(MIN) = 280	DISCHARGE $(CES) = 0.9$
TIME (MINI) = 200	
$1001 \equiv (1000) = 285$	DISCHARGE (UFS) = 0.8
I IME (MIN) = 290	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.8
TIME (MIN) = 295	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.7
TIME $(MIN) = 300$	DISCHARGE $(CES) = 0.7$
TIME (MIN) = 205	
IIME (MIN) = 310	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.6
TIME (MIN) = 315	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.6
TIMF(MIN) = 320	DISCHARGE (CES) - 0.6
TIME (MINI) = 020	
1 IIVIE (IVIIN) = 325	DISCHARGE (UFS) = 0.5
IIME (MIN) = 330	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.5
TIME (MIN) = 335	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.5
TIME $(MIN) = 340$	DISCHARGE $(CES) = 0.5$
TIME (MIN) = 345	DISCHARGE(CES) = OF
$T_{\text{INVIL}}(\text{IVIIIN}) = 343$	Discritched (0F3) = 0.3
$ v \in (V v) = 350$	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.5
TIME (MIN) = 355	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.4
TIME $(MIN) = 360$	DISCHARGE $(CFS) = 0.4$

Basin 1 - 10 Year Storm Event

RUN DATE 3/26/2020 HYDROGRAPH FILE NAME Text1 TIME OF CONCENTRATION 5 MIN. 6 HOUR RAINFALL 1.8 INCHES BASIN AREA 5.1 ACRES RUNOFF COEFFICIENT 0.87 PEAK DISCHARGE 12.1 CFS

	Discritication (0, 0) = 0
TIME (MIN) = 5	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.5
TIME $(MIN) = 10$	DISCHARGE $(CFS) = 0.5$
TIME (MIN) = 15	DISCHARGE (CES) = 0.5
TIME (MIN) = 20	DISCHARGE (CES) = 0.5
TIME $(MIN) = 20$	DISCHARGE (CF3) = 0.3
IIIVIE (IVIIN) = 25	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.5
TIME (MIN) = 30	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.5
TIME (MIN) = 35	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.5
TIME(MIN) = 40	DISCHARGE $(CFS) = 0.5$
TIME (MIN) = 45	DISCHARGE (CES) = 0.5
TIME (MIN) = 40	DISCHARCE (CES) = 0.5
TIME (IVIIN) = 50	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.3
IIME (MIN) = 55	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.6
TIME (MIN) = 60	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.6
TIME (MIN) = 65	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.6
TIME(MIN) = 70	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.6
TIME(MIN) = 75	DISCHARGE (CES) = 0.6
TIME (MIN) = 80	DISCHARGE (CES) = 0.6
	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.0
IIIVIE (IVIIN) = 85	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.6
TIME (MIN) = 90	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.6
TIME (MIN) = 95	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.6
TIMF(MIN) = 100	DISCHARGE $(CES) = 0.7$
TIME (MINI) = 105	DISCHARGE (CES) = 0.7
	DISCHARCE (CFS) = 0.7
1101 = 110	DISCHARGE (UFS) = 0.7
IIME (MIN) = 115	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.7
TIME (MIN) = 120	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.7
TIME (MIN) = 125	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.7
TIMF(MIN) = 130	DISCHARGE (CES) = 0.8
TIME (MINI) = 125	DISCHARCE (CES) = 0.8
TIME (IVIIN) = 133	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.0
TIME(MIN) = 140	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.8
TIME (MIN) = 145	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.8
TIME (MIN) = 150	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.9
TIME(MIN) = 155	DISCHARGE $(CFS) = 0.9$
TIME(MIN) = 160	DISCHARGE (CES) = 0.9
TIME (MINI) = 166	DISCHARCE (CES) = 1
TIME(IMIN) = T05	DISCHARGE $(CFS) = 1$
IIME (MIN) = 170	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1
TIME (MIN) = 175	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1
TIME (MIN) = 180	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1
TIME(MIN) = 185	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.2
TIMF(MIN) = 190	DISCHARGE (CES) = 1.2
TIME (MIN) = 100	DISCHARGE (CES) $= 1.2$
	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3
TIME (MIN) = 200	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.4
TIME (MIN) = 205	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.5
TIME (MIN) = 210	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.6
TIMF(MIN) = 215	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.9
TIME (MIN) = 220	DISCHARGE (CES) = 2
TIME (MIN) = 220 TIME (MIN) = 220	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2
TIME $(MIN) = 220$ TIME $(MIN) = 220$ TIME $(MIN) = 225$	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.5
TIME $(MIN) = 220$ TIME $(MIN) = 225$ TIME $(MIN) = 230$	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.8
TIME (MIN) = 220 TIME (MIN) = 225 TIME (MIN) = 230 TIME (MIN) = 235	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.2
TIME (MIN) = 220 TIME (MIN) = 225 TIME (MIN) = 230 TIME (MIN) = 235 TIME (MIN) = 240	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 14.8
TIME (MIN) = 220 TIME (MIN) = 225 TIME (MIN) = 230 TIME (MIN) = 235 TIME (MIN) = 240 TIME (MIN) = 245	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 14.8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 12.1
TIME (MIN) = 220 $TIME (MIN) = 225$ $TIME (MIN) = 230$ $TIME (MIN) = 235$ $TIME (MIN) = 240$ $TIME (MIN) = 245$ $TIME (MIN) = 250$	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 14.8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 12.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 3.3
TIME (MIN) = 220 $TIME (MIN) = 225$ $TIME (MIN) = 230$ $TIME (MIN) = 235$ $TIME (MIN) = 240$ $TIME (MIN) = 245$ $TIME (MIN) = 250$ $TIME (MIN) = 255$	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 14.8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 12.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 3.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 3.2
TIME (MIN) = 220 $TIME (MIN) = 225$ $TIME (MIN) = 230$ $TIME (MIN) = 235$ $TIME (MIN) = 240$ $TIME (MIN) = 245$ $TIME (MIN) = 255$ $TIME (MIN) = 255$	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 14.8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 12.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 3.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.2
TIME (MIN) = 220 $TIME (MIN) = 225$ $TIME (MIN) = 230$ $TIME (MIN) = 235$ $TIME (MIN) = 240$ $TIME (MIN) = 245$ $TIME (MIN) = 255$ $TIME (MIN) = 255$ $TIME (MIN) = 260$	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 14.8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 12.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 3.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.7
TIME (MIN) = 220 TIME (MIN) = 225 TIME (MIN) = 230 TIME (MIN) = 235 TIME (MIN) = 240 TIME (MIN) = 245 TIME (MIN) = 255 TIME (MIN) = 255 TIME (MIN) = 260 TIME (MIN) = 265	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 14.8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 12.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 3.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.5
TIME (MIN) = 220 TIME (MIN) = 225 TIME (MIN) = 230 TIME (MIN) = 235 TIME (MIN) = 240 TIME (MIN) = 245 TIME (MIN) = 255 TIME (MIN) = 255 TIME (MIN) = 260 TIME (MIN) = 265 TIME (MIN) = 270	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 14.8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 12.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 3.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3
TIME (MIN) = 220 TIME (MIN) = 220 TIME (MIN) = 230 TIME (MIN) = 235 TIME (MIN) = 240 TIME (MIN) = 245 TIME (MIN) = 255 TIME (MIN) = 265 TIME (MIN) = 265 TIME (MIN) = 270 TIME (MIN) = 275	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 14.8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 12.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 3.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1
TIME (MIN) = 210 TIME (MIN) = 220 TIME (MIN) = 225 TIME (MIN) = 230 TIME (MIN) = 240 TIME (MIN) = 240 TIME (MIN) = 245 TIME (MIN) = 250 TIME (MIN) = 260 TIME (MIN) = 265 TIME (MIN) = 275 TIME (MIN) = 280	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 14.8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 12.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1
TIME (MIN) = 210 TIME (MIN) = 220 TIME (MIN) = 225 TIME (MIN) = 230 TIME (MIN) = 240 TIME (MIN) = 240 TIME (MIN) = 245 TIME (MIN) = 255 TIME (MIN) = 255 TIME (MIN) = 265 TIME (MIN) = 270 TIME (MIN) = 275 TIME (MIN) = 280 TIME (MIN) = 285	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 14.8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 12.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 12.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1
TIME (MIN) = 210 TIME (MIN) = 220 TIME (MIN) = 225 TIME (MIN) = 230 TIME (MIN) = 235 TIME (MIN) = 240 TIME (MIN) = 245 TIME (MIN) = 255 TIME (MIN) = 255 TIME (MIN) = 265 TIME (MIN) = 270 TIME (MIN) = 275 TIME (MIN) = 280 TIME (MIN) = 280 TIME (MIN) = 280 TIME (MIN) = 280	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 14.8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 12.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 3.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.0 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.9
TIME (MIN) = 220 TIME (MIN) = 220 TIME (MIN) = 225 TIME (MIN) = 235 TIME (MIN) = 240 TIME (MIN) = 240 TIME (MIN) = 250 TIME (MIN) = 255 TIME (MIN) = 265 TIME (MIN) = 270 TIME (MIN) = 275 TIME (MIN) = 280 TIME (MIN) = 285 TIME (MIN) = 290	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 14.8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 12.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.9
IIME (MIN) = 210 $IIME (MIN) = 220$ $IIME (MIN) = 225$ $IIME (MIN) = 230$ $IIME (MIN) = 240$ $IIME (MIN) = 245$ $IIME (MIN) = 255$ $IIME (MIN) = 260$ $IIME (MIN) = 265$ $IIME (MIN) = 270$ $IIME (MIN) = 275$ $IIME (MIN) = 280$ $IIME (MIN) = 285$ $IIME (MIN) = 290$ $IIME (MIN) = 295$	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 14.8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 12.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 3.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.8
TIME (MIN) = 210 TIME (MIN) = 220 TIME (MIN) = 225 TIME (MIN) = 230 TIME (MIN) = 235 TIME (MIN) = 240 TIME (MIN) = 245 TIME (MIN) = 250 TIME (MIN) = 255 TIME (MIN) = 260 TIME (MIN) = 265 TIME (MIN) = 275 TIME (MIN) = 275 TIME (MIN) = 280 TIME (MIN) = 285 TIME (MIN) = 290 TIME (MIN) = 295 TIME (MIN) = 300	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 12.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 12.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.8
TIME (MIN) = 210 TIME (MIN) = 220 TIME (MIN) = 225 TIME (MIN) = 230 TIME (MIN) = 235 TIME (MIN) = 240 TIME (MIN) = 245 TIME (MIN) = 255 TIME (MIN) = 255 TIME (MIN) = 265 TIME (MIN) = 270 TIME (MIN) = 275 TIME (MIN) = 285 TIME (MIN) = 285 TIME (MIN) = 290 TIME (MIN) = 295 TIME (MIN) = 300 TIME (MIN) = 305	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 14.8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 12.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 12.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.8
TIME (MIN) = 220 TIME (MIN) = 220 TIME (MIN) = 225 TIME (MIN) = 235 TIME (MIN) = 240 TIME (MIN) = 240 TIME (MIN) = 250 TIME (MIN) = 255 TIME (MIN) = 265 TIME (MIN) = 265 TIME (MIN) = 270 TIME (MIN) = 270 TIME (MIN) = 285 TIME (MIN) = 285 TIME (MIN) = 290 TIME (MIN) = 295 TIME (MIN) = 295 TIME (MIN) = 300 TIME (MIN) = 310	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 14.8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 12.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.7
TIME (MIN) = 210 TIME (MIN) = 220 TIME (MIN) = 225 TIME (MIN) = 235 TIME (MIN) = 240 TIME (MIN) = 245 TIME (MIN) = 255 TIME (MIN) = 265 TIME (MIN) = 265 TIME (MIN) = 270 TIME (MIN) = 275 TIME (MIN) = 275 TIME (MIN) = 280 TIME (MIN) = 280 TIME (MIN) = 290 TIME (MIN) = 295 TIME (MIN) = 300 TIME (MIN) = 310 TIME (MIN) = 310 TIME (MIN) = 310 TIME (MIN) = 315	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 14.8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 12.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.7
TIME (MIN) = 210 TIME (MIN) = 220 TIME (MIN) = 225 TIME (MIN) = 230 TIME (MIN) = 235 TIME (MIN) = 240 TIME (MIN) = 245 TIME (MIN) = 255 TIME (MIN) = 265 TIME (MIN) = 265 TIME (MIN) = 275 TIME (MIN) = 275 TIME (MIN) = 285 TIME (MIN) = 285 TIME (MIN) = 290 TIME (MIN) = 295 TIME (MIN) = 300 TIME (MIN) = 310 TIME (MIN) = 315 TIME (MIN) = 315 TIME (MIN) = 322	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 12.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 12.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.7
TIME (MIN) = 210 TIME (MIN) = 220 TIME (MIN) = 225 TIME (MIN) = 230 TIME (MIN) = 235 TIME (MIN) = 240 TIME (MIN) = 245 TIME (MIN) = 255 TIME (MIN) = 260 TIME (MIN) = 265 TIME (MIN) = 275 TIME (MIN) = 275 TIME (MIN) = 285 TIME (MIN) = 285 TIME (MIN) = 290 TIME (MIN) = 295 TIME (MIN) = 300 TIME (MIN) = 310 TIME (MIN) = 315 TIME (MIN) = 320	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 14.8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 12.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 12.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.7
IIME (MIN) = 210 TIME (MIN) = 225 TIME (MIN) = 230 TIME (MIN) = 230 TIME (MIN) = 235 TIME (MIN) = 240 TIME (MIN) = 245 TIME (MIN) = 255 TIME (MIN) = 255 TIME (MIN) = 265 TIME (MIN) = 265 TIME (MIN) = 270 TIME (MIN) = 275 TIME (MIN) = 280 TIME (MIN) = 290 TIME (MIN) = 300 TIME (MIN) = 300 TIME (MIN) = 310 TIME (MIN) = 315 TIME (MIN) = 320 TIME (MIN) = 325	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 14.8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 12.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 12.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.6 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.6
TIME (MIN) = 220 TIME (MIN) = 220 TIME (MIN) = 225 TIME (MIN) = 235 TIME (MIN) = 240 TIME (MIN) = 240 TIME (MIN) = 245 TIME (MIN) = 255 TIME (MIN) = 265 TIME (MIN) = 275 TIME (MIN) = 275 TIME (MIN) = 285 TIME (MIN) = 285 TIME (MIN) = 290 TIME (MIN) = 295 TIME (MIN) = 300 TIME (MIN) = 310 TIME (MIN) = 315 TIME (MIN) = 325 TIME (MIN) = 325 TIME (MIN) = 330	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 14.8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 12.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.6 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.6
TIME (MIN) = 210 TIME (MIN) = 220 TIME (MIN) = 225 TIME (MIN) = 230 TIME (MIN) = 235 TIME (MIN) = 240 TIME (MIN) = 245 TIME (MIN) = 255 TIME (MIN) = 265 TIME (MIN) = 265 TIME (MIN) = 270 TIME (MIN) = 270 TIME (MIN) = 275 TIME (MIN) = 275 TIME (MIN) = 280 TIME (MIN) = 280 TIME (MIN) = 295 TIME (MIN) = 295 TIME (MIN) = 300 TIME (MIN) = 310 TIME (MIN) = 315 TIME (MIN) = 325 TIME (MIN) = 325 TIME (MIN) = 330 TIME (MIN) = 330 TIME (MIN) = 330 TIME (MIN) = 330	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 14.8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 12.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 3.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.6 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.6 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.6
TIME (MIN) = 210 TIME (MIN) = 220 TIME (MIN) = 225 TIME (MIN) = 230 TIME (MIN) = 235 TIME (MIN) = 240 TIME (MIN) = 245 TIME (MIN) = 255 TIME (MIN) = 260 TIME (MIN) = 260 TIME (MIN) = 275 TIME (MIN) = 275 TIME (MIN) = 285 TIME (MIN) = 285 TIME (MIN) = 290 TIME (MIN) = 295 TIME (MIN) = 300 TIME (MIN) = 315 TIME (MIN) = 315 TIME (MIN) = 325 TIME (MIN) = 325 TIME (MIN) = 335 TIME (MIN) = 335 TIME (MIN) = 335 TIME (MIN) = 335 TIME (MIN) = 340	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 14.8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 12.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 12.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.6 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.6
TIME (MIN) = 210 TIME (MIN) = 220 TIME (MIN) = 225 TIME (MIN) = 230 TIME (MIN) = 235 TIME (MIN) = 240 TIME (MIN) = 245 TIME (MIN) = 255 TIME (MIN) = 260 TIME (MIN) = 265 TIME (MIN) = 275 TIME (MIN) = 275 TIME (MIN) = 285 TIME (MIN) = 285 TIME (MIN) = 290 TIME (MIN) = 295 TIME (MIN) = 300 TIME (MIN) = 310 TIME (MIN) = 315 TIME (MIN) = 325 TIME (MIN) = 325 TIME (MIN) = 335 TIME (MIN) = 335 TIME (MIN) = 335 TIME (MIN) = 335 TIME (MIN) = 340 TIME (MIN) = 345	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 14.8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 12.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 12.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.6 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.6 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.6 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.6 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.5
TIME (MIN) = 220 TIME (MIN) = 220 TIME (MIN) = 230 TIME (MIN) = 235 TIME (MIN) = 240 TIME (MIN) = 240 TIME (MIN) = 245 TIME (MIN) = 250 TIME (MIN) = 265 TIME (MIN) = 265 TIME (MIN) = 270 TIME (MIN) = 270 TIME (MIN) = 270 TIME (MIN) = 285 TIME (MIN) = 285 TIME (MIN) = 295 TIME (MIN) = 300 TIME (MIN) = 310 TIME (MIN) = 315 TIME (MIN) = 325 TIME (MIN) = 330 TIME (MIN) = 335 TIME (MIN) = 340 TIME (MIN) = 345 TIME (MIN) =	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 14.8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 12.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 12.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.6 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.5
TIME (MIN) = 210 TIME (MIN) = 220 TIME (MIN) = 225 TIME (MIN) = 230 TIME (MIN) = 235 TIME (MIN) = 240 TIME (MIN) = 245 TIME (MIN) = 255 TIME (MIN) = 265 TIME (MIN) = 265 TIME (MIN) = 270 TIME (MIN) = 270 TIME (MIN) = 275 TIME (MIN) = 280 TIME (MIN) = 280 TIME (MIN) = 290 TIME (MIN) = 290 TIME (MIN) = 300 TIME (MIN) = 315 TIME (MIN) = 315 TIME (MIN) = 322 TIME (MIN) = 325 TIME (MIN) = 325 TIME (MIN) = 325 TIME (MIN) = 335 TIME (MIN) = 340 TIME (MIN) = 345 TIME (MIN) = 355 TIME (MIN) = 355 TIME (MIN) = 345 TIME (MIN) = 355	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 12.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 12.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.6 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.6 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.6 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.6 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.5
TIME (MIN) = 210 TIME (MIN) = 220 TIME (MIN) = 225 TIME (MIN) = 230 TIME (MIN) = 235 TIME (MIN) = 240 TIME (MIN) = 245 TIME (MIN) = 255 TIME (MIN) = 265 TIME (MIN) = 270 TIME (MIN) = 270 TIME (MIN) = 275 TIME (MIN) = 275 TIME (MIN) = 280 TIME (MIN) = 285 TIME (MIN) = 295 TIME (MIN) = 295 TIME (MIN) = 300 TIME (MIN) = 310 TIME (MIN) = 315 TIME (MIN) = 325 TIME (MIN) = 325 TIME (MIN) = 340 TIME (MIN) = 355 TIME (MIN) = 355 TIME (MIN) = 355	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 14.8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 12.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 12.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.6 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.6 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.6 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.6 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.5

Basin 1 - 25 Year Storm Event

RUN DATE 3/26/2020 HYDROGRAPH FILE NAME Text1 TIME OF CONCENTRATION 5 MIN. 6 HOUR RAINFALL 2.1 INCHES BASIN AREA 5.1 ACRES RUNOFF COEFFICIENT 0.87 PEAK DISCHARGE 14.5 CFS

TIME (MIN) = 0	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0
TIME(MIN) = 5	DISCHARGE $(CES) = 0.6$
TIME (MIN) = 10	DISCHARGE (CES) = 0.6
TIME (MIN) = 10	DOCHAROE(CFO) = 0.0
IIIVIE (IVIIIN) = 15	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.6
TIME (MIN) = 20	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.6
TIMF(MIN) = 25	DISCHARGE $(CES) = 0.6$
TIME (MIN) = 20	
TIVE(VIIN) = 30	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.6
TIME (MIN) = 35	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.6
TIME (MIN) = 40	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.6
TIME(MIN) = 45	DISCHARGE (CES) = 0.6
TIME $(MIN) = 45$	DOCHAROE(CFO) = 0.0
IIIVIE (IVIIIN) = 50	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.6
TIME (MIN) = 55	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.6
TIMF(MIN) = 60	DISCHARGE (CES) = 0.7
TIME (MIN) = 65	
	DISCHARGE (CI 3) = 0.7
IIME (MIN) = 70	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.7
TIME (MIN) = 75	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.7
TIMF(MIN) = 80	DISCHARGE $(CES) = 0.7$
IIIVIE (IVIIIN) = 85	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.7
TIME (MIN) = 90	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.7
TIMF(MIN) = 95	DISCHARGE (CES) = 0.8
TIME (MIN) = 100	DISCHARGE(CES) = 0.0
100 = 100	DISCHARGE (UFS) = 0.8
IIME (MIN) = 105	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.8
TIME (MIN) = 110	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.8
TIME(MIN) = 115	DISCHARGE (CES) $= 0.9$
TIME (MIN) = TIJ	D(O(1A)OC (O(3) = 0.0)
v = v v = 120	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.8
TIME (MIN) = 125	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.9
TIMF(MIN) = 130	DISCHARGE $(CFS) = 0.9$
TIME (MIN) = 100	
TIVE(IVIIN) = 135	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.9
TIME (MIN) = 140	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.9
TIME (MIN) = 145	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1
TIME(MIN) = 150	DISCHARGE (CES) $= 1$
TIME (MIN) = 150	D(C) = 1
IIIVIE (IVIIIN) = 155	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1
TIME (MIN) = 160	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1
TIMF(MIN) = 165	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1
TIME (MIN) = 170	DISCHARGE (CES) = 1.2
TIME(NIN) = 170	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.2
IIME (MIN) = 175	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.2
TIME (MIN) = 180	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3
TIMF(MIN) = 185	DISCHARGE $(CES) = 1.4$
TIME (MIN) = 100	DISCHARGE (CES) $= 1.4$
TIME(IMIN) = T90	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.4
IIME (MIN) = 195	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.6
TIME (MIN) = 200	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.6
TIME(MIN) = 205	DISCHARGE $(CES) = 1.8$
TIME (MIN) = 200	
TIME (IVIIN) = 210	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.9
TIME (MIN) = 215	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.2
TIME(MIN) = 220	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.4
TIME (MIN) = 225	
TIME(IMIN) = 223	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.9
IIME (MIN) = 230	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 3.3
TIME (MIN) = 235	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.9
TIME(MIN) = 240	DISCHARGE $(CES) = 16.9$
TIME (MIN) = 2.10	DECHARCE (CES) = 14.6
TIME (IVIIIV) = 240	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 14.5
$ v \in (V N) = 250$	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 3.9
TIME (MIN) = 255	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.6
TIME(MIN) = 260	DISCHARGE $(CES) = 2$
TIME (MINI) = 265	DISCHARGE (CES) = 1.7
$\frac{1}{100} = 203$	DISCHARGE $(CFS) = 1.7$
1 IME (MIN) = 270	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.5
TIME (MIN) = 275	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3
TIME $(MIN) = 280$	DISCHARGE (CES) $= 1.2$
TIME (MIN) = 200	
$ v \in (v v) = 285$	DISCHARGE (UFS) = 1.1
TIME (MIN) = 290	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1
TIME(MIN) = 295	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1
TIME (MIN) = 300	DISCHARGE (CES) $= 0.0$
TIME (MIN) = 300	Discussion (OF C) = 0.9
$ v \in (v v) = 305$	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.9
TIME (MIN) = 310	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.8
TIME(MIN) = 315	DISCHARGE $(CFS) = 0.8$
TIME (MIN) = 320	DISCHARGE(CES) = 0.7
$T_{\text{INVIL}}(\text{IVIIN}) = 320$	Discritched (CF3) = 0.7
IIME (MIN) = 325	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.7
TIME (MIN) = 330	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.7
TIME(MIN) = 335	DISCHARGE $(CFS) = 0.7$
TIME (MIN) = 340	DISCHARGE(CES) = OE
100 = (100 = 340)	
IIME (MIN) = 345	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.6
TIME (MIN) = 350	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.6
	· · · · · ·
IIME(MIN) = 355	DISCHARGE (CES) = 0.6
IIME (MIN) = 355	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.6

Basin 1 - 50 Year Storm Event

RUN DATE 3/26/2020 HYDROGRAPH FILE NAME Text1 TIME OF CONCENTRATION 5 MIN. 6 HOUR RAINFALL 2.3 INCHES BASIN AREA 5.1 ACRES RUNOFF COEFFICIENT 0.87 PEAK DISCHARGE 15.8 CFS

TIME (MIN) = 0	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0
	DISCHARGE (CES) = 0.6
TIME (MINI) = 10	DISCHARCE (CES) = 0.6
	DISCHARGE (CF3) = 0.0
IIME(MIN) = 15	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.6
TIME (MIN) = 20	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.6
TIME (MIN) = 25	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.6
TIME(MIN) = .30	DISCHARGE $(CES) = 0.6$
TIME (MINI) = 25	DISCHARCE (CES) = 0.7
TIME(NIN) = 35	DISCHARGE (CF3) = 0.7
IIME (MIN) = 40	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.7
TIME (MIN) = 45	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.7
TIME (MIN) = 50	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.7
TIME(MIN) = 55	DISCHARGE $(CES) = 0.7$
TIME (MIN) = 60	DISCHARGE (CES) = 0.7
	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.7
IIIVIE (IVIIN) = 65	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.7
TIME (MIN) = 70	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.7
TIME (MIN) = 75	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.8
TIME(MIN) = 80	DISCHARGE $(CFS) = 0.8$
TIME (MIN) = 85	DISCHARGE (CES) = 0.8
	DISCHARCE (CFS) = 0.0
TIVE(IVIIN) = 90	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.8
TIME (MIN) = 95	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.8
TIME (MIN) = 100	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.8
TIME (MIN) = 105	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.9
TIMF(MIN) = 110	DISCHARGE $(CES) = 0.9$
TIME (MIN) = 115	DISCHARGE(CES) = 0.0
TIME (MIN) = 113	Discritched (0F3) = 0.9
1101E (1011N) = 120	DISCHARGE (UFS) = 0.9
TIME (MIN) = 125	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1
TIME (MIN) = 130	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1
TIME(MIN) = 135	DISCHARGE $(CFS) = 1$
TIMF(MIN) = 140	DISCHARGE (CES) - 1
TIME (MINI) = 140	Discurrence (CES) = 1
1101E(1011N) = 145	DISCHARGE $(CFS) = 1.1$
IIVIE (MIN) = 150	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1
TIME (MIN) = 155	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.2
TIME (MIN) = 160	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.2
TIME(MIN) = 165	DISCHARGE $(CES) = 1.2$
TIME (MIN) = 170	DISCHARGE (CES) $= 1.3$
TIME (MINI) = 175	DISCHARCE (CES) = 1.4
TIVE (IVIIN) = 175	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.4
TIME(MIN) = 180	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.4
TIME (MIN) = 185	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.5
TIME (MIN) = 190	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.6
TIME (MIN) = 195	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.7
TIMF(MIN) = 200	DISCHARGE $(CES) = 1.8$
TIME (MINI) = 205	DISCHARGE (CES) = 2
	DISCHARCE (CFS) = 2
TIME(MIN) = 210	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.1
IIME (MIN) = 215	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.4
TIME (MIN) = 220	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.6
TIME (MIN) = 225	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 3.2
TIMF(MIN) = 230	DISCHARGE $(CES) = 3.6$
TIME (MIN) = 235	DISCHARGE (CES) $= 5.2$
TIME (MIN) = 233	Discusper (OF 0) = 0.3
v = (v v) = 240	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 18.6
IIME (MIN) = 245	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 15.8
TIME (MIN) = 250	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.3
TIME (MIN) = 255	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.9
TIME $(MIN) = 260$	DISCHARGE $(CFS) = 22$
TIME (MIN) = 265	DISCHARGE (CES) $= 1.0$
TIME (MINI) = 200	Discurrent O = (0,0) = 1.9
v = (v v) = 270	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.6
IIME (MIN) = 275	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.5
TIME (MIN) = 280	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3
TIME (MIN) = 285	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.2
TIME $(MIN) = 290$	DISCHARGE $(CFS) = 1.1$
TIME (MIN) = 295	DISCHARGE (CES) $= 1.1$
TIME (MIN) = 200	DISCHARGE (CES) = 1
TIME (NIN) = 300	
IIIVIE (IVIIN) = 305	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.9
TIME (MIN) = 310	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.9
TIME (MIN) = 315	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.9
TIME $(MIN) = 320$	DISCHARGE $(CFS) = 0.8$
TIME $(MIN) = 325$	DISCHARGE (CES) = 0.8
TIME (MIN) = 320	DISCHARCE (CES) = 0.0
TIME (NIN) = 330	DISCHARGE (UFS) = 0.8
IIVIE (IVIIN) = 335	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.7
TIME (MIN) = 340	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.7
TIME (MIN) = 345	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.7
TIME $(MIN) = 350$	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.7
TIMF(MIN) = 355	DISCHARGE (CES) = 0.6
TIME (MIN) = 260	
v = 300	DIGUTARGE (UPG) = 0.0

Basin 1 - 100 Year Storm Event

RUN DATE 3/26/2020 HYDROGRAPH FILE NAME Text1 TIME OF CONCENTRATION 5 MIN. 6 HOUR RAINFALL 1.4 INCHES BASIN AREA 11.5 ACRES RUNOFF COEFFICIENT 0.87 PEAK DISCHARGE 19.1 CFS

TIME (MIN) = 0	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0
TIME (MIN) = 5	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.8
TIME(MIN) = 10	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.8
TIME $(MIN) = 15$	DISCHARGE $(CFS) = 0.9$
TIME (MIN) = 20	DISCHARGE (CES) = 0.9
TIME (MIN) $= 25$	DISCHARGE (CES) = 0.9
TIME $(MIN) = 20$	DISCHARCE(CES) = 0.9
TIME (MIN) = 30	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.9
IIME (MIN) = 35	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.9
TIME (MIN) = 40	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.9
TIME (MIN) = 45	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.9
TIME (MIN) = 50	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.9
TIME(MIN) = 55	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1
TIMF(MIN) = 60	DISCHARGE (CES) = 1
TIME (MIN) = 65	DISCHARGE (CES) = 1
TIME (MIN) = 70	DISCHARGE (CES) = 1
TIME (MIN) = 70	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1
TIME(IMIN) = 75	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1
TIME(MIN) = 80	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1
TIME (MIN) = 85	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1
TIME (MIN) = 90	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1
TIME (MIN) = 95	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1
TIME(MIN) = 100	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1
TIMF(MIN) = 105	DISCHARGE (CES) = 1.2
TIME (MIN) = 110	DISCHARGE (CES) $= 1.2$
TIME (MIN) = 115	DISCHARGE (CES) = 1.2
TIME (MIN) = 113	
$\frac{1}{100} = \frac{120}{120}$	DISCHARGE (UFS) = 1.3
1101E (1011N) = 125	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3
IIME (MIN) = 130	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3
TIME (MIN) = 135	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.4
TIME (MIN) = 140	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.4
TIME (MIN) = 145	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.5
TIME $(MIN) = 150$	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.5
TIMF(MIN) = 155	DISCHARGE (CES) = 1.6
TIME (MIN) = 160	DISCHARGE (CES) $= 1.6$
TIME (MIN) = 166	DISCHARCE (CFS) = 1.0
TIME (MIN) = 105	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.7
IIME(MIN) = 170	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.8
IIME (MIN) = 175	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.9
TIME (MIN) = 180	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.9
TIME (MIN) = 185	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.1
TIME (MIN) = 190	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.1
TIME (MIN) = 195	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.3
TIME (MIN) = 200	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.4
TIME $(MIN) = 205$	DISCHARGE $(CFS) = 2.7$
TIMF(MIN) = 210	DISCHARGE (CES) = 2.9
TIME (MIN) = 215	DISCHARGE (CES) = 3.3
TIME $(MIN) = 220$	DISCHARGE (CES) $= 3.6$
TIME (MIN) = 220	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 3.0
IIME (MIN) = 225	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.4
IIME (MIN) = 230	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 5
TIME (MIN) = 235	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 7.3
TIME (MIN) = 240	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 28.1
TIME (MIN) = 245	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 19.1
TIME (MIN) = 250	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 5.9
TIME $(MIN) = 255$	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 3.9
TIME $(MIN) = 260$	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 3.1
TIMF(MIN) = 265	DISCHARGE (CES) = 2.6
TIME (MIN) = 270	DISCHARGE (CES) $= 22$
TIME (MIN) = 270	
$\frac{1}{100} = \frac{215}{100}$	DISCHARGE (UFS) = 2
$ v \in (V v) = 280$	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.8
IIME (MIN) = 285	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.7
TIME (MIN) = 290	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.5
TIME (MIN) = 295	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.4
TIME(MIN) = 300	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.4
TIME $(MIN) = 305$	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3
TIME $(MIN) = 310$	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.2
TIMF(MIN) = 315	DISCHARGE (CES) = 12
TIME (MINI) = 320	DISCHARGE (CES) = 1.2
TIME (MIN) = 320	
11111E(11111) = 325	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1
IIVIE (IVIIN) = 330	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1
IIME (MIN) = 335	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1
TIME (MIN) = 340	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1
TIME (MIN) = 345	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.9
TIME (MIN) = 350	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.9
TIME (MIN) = 355	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.9
TIME $(MIN) = 360$	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.8
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

Basin 2 - 5 Year Storm Event

RUN DATE 3/26/2020 HYDROGRAPH FILE NAME Text1 TIME OF CONCENTRATION 5 MIN. 6 HOUR RAINFALL 1.6 INCHES BASIN AREA 11.5 ACRES RUNOFF COEFFICIENT 0.87 PEAK DISCHARGE 22.4 CFS

TIME (MIN) = 0	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0
TIME (MINÍ) – 5	DISCHARGE $(CES) = 1$
IIME (MIN) = 10	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1
TIMF(MIN) = 15	DISCHARGE (CES) = 1
IIIVIE (IVIIIN) = 20	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1
TIME (MIN) = 25	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1
TIME (MINÍ) - 30	DISCHARGE $(CES) = 1$
TIME (MIN) = 35	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1
TIMF(MIN) = 40	DISCHARGE (CES) = 1.1
IIME (MIN) = 45	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1
TIME (MIN) = 50	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1
	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1
IIME (MIN) = 60	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1
TIMF(MIN) = 65	DISCHARGE (CES) = 1.1
IIIVIE (IVIIIN) = 70	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.2
TIME (MIN) = 75	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.2
TIME (MINÍ) – 80	DISCHARGE $(CES) = 1.2$
	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.2
IIME (MIN) = 85	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.2
TIMF(MIN) = 90	DISCHARGE (CES) = 1.3
IIIVIE (IVIIIN) = 95	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3
TIME (MIN) = 100	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3
TIME $(MIN) = 105$	DISCHARGE $(CES) = 1.4$
	$D_{100} = 0.000 = 0.000 = 0.0000 = 0.0000 = 0.00000 = 0.00000000$
v = 110	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.4
TIME (MIN) = 115	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.4
TIME $(MIN) = 120$	
v = 20	1.4
IIME (MIN) = 125	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.5
TIMF(MIN) = 130	DISCHARGE (CES) = 1.5
TIME (MIN) = 425	
100 = 135	DISCHARGE (UFS) = 1.0
TIME (MIN) = 140	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.6
TIMF(MIN) = 145	DISCHARGE $(CFS) = 1.7$
IIIVIE (IVIIIN) = 150	DISCHARGE $(CFS) = 1.7$
TIME (MIN) = 155	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.8
TIMF(MIN) = 160	DISCHARGE $(CES) = 1.9$
IIME(MIN) = 165	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2
TIME (MIN) = 170	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2
TIME (MIN) - 175	DISCHARGE $(CES) = 21$
IIIVIE (IVIIIN) = 180	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.2
TIME (MIN) = 185	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.4
TIME (MIN) - 190	DISCHARGE (CES) - 25
TIME $(MIN) = 150$	DIOOIIAROE (010) = 2.3
IIME (MIN) = 195	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.7
TIME (MIN) = 200	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.8
THE (MIN) = 200	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 3.1
IIME (MIN) = 210	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 3.3
TIME (MIN) = 215	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 3.8
TIME (MIN) = 220	DISCHARGE (CES) = 4.1
TIME(IMIN) = 220	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.1
TIME (MIN) = 225	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 5
TIME (MINI) = 220	
1 v = (v v) = 230	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 5.7
TIME (MIN) = 230 TIME (MIN) = 225	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 5.7
TIME (MIN) = 235 $TIME (MIN) = 235$	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 5.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 8.4
TIME $(MIN) = 235$ TIME $(MIN) = 235$ TIME $(MIN) = 240$	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 5.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 8.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 31.5
TIME $(MIN) = 230$ TIME $(MIN) = 235$ TIME $(MIN) = 240$ TIME $(MIN) = 245$	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 5.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 8.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 31.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 22.4
TIME (MIN) = 235 TIME (MIN) = 235 TIME (MIN) = 240 TIME (MIN) = 245 TIME (MIN) = 250	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 5.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 8.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 31.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 22.4
TIME (MIN) = 235 TIME (MIN) = 235 TIME (MIN) = 240 TIME (MIN) = 245 TIME (MIN) = 250	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 5.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 8.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 31.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 22.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 6.7
TIME (MIN) = 235 TIME (MIN) = 240 TIME (MIN) = 245 TIME (MIN) = 250 TIME (MIN) = 255	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 5.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 8.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 31.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 22.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 6.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.5
TIME (MIN) = 235 TIME (MIN) = 240 TIME (MIN) = 245 TIME (MIN) = 250 TIME (MIN) = 255 TIME (MIN) = 260	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 5.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 8.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 31.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 22.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 6.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 3.5
TIME (MIN) = 230 TIME (MIN) = 235 TIME (MIN) = 240 TIME (MIN) = 245 TIME (MIN) = 250 TIME (MIN) = 255 TIME (MIN) = 260 TIME (MIN) = 265	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 5.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 8.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 31.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 22.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 6.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 3.5
TIME (MIN) = 235 TIME (MIN) = 240 TIME (MIN) = 245 TIME (MIN) = 250 TIME (MIN) = 255 TIME (MIN) = 260 TIME (MIN) = 265	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 5.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 8.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 31.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 22.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 6.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 3.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.9
TIME (MIN) = 235 TIME (MIN) = 240 TIME (MIN) = 245 TIME (MIN) = 250 TIME (MIN) = 255 TIME (MIN) = 260 TIME (MIN) = 265 TIME (MIN) = 270	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 5.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 8.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 31.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 22.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 6.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 3.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.6
TIME (MIN) = 230 TIME (MIN) = 235 TIME (MIN) = 240 TIME (MIN) = 245 TIME (MIN) = 255 TIME (MIN) = 260 TIME (MIN) = 265 TIME (MIN) = 270 TIME (MIN) = 275	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 5.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 8.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 31.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 22.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 6.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 3.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.3
TIME (MIN) = 235 TIME (MIN) = 240 TIME (MIN) = 245 TIME (MIN) = 255 TIME (MIN) = 255 TIME (MIN) = 260 TIME (MIN) = 265 TIME (MIN) = 270 TIME (MIN) = 275	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 5.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 8.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 31.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 22.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 6.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 3.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.6 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.3
TIME (MIN) = 235 TIME (MIN) = 240 TIME (MIN) = 245 TIME (MIN) = 255 TIME (MIN) = 255 TIME (MIN) = 260 TIME (MIN) = 265 TIME (MIN) = 270 TIME (MIN) = 275 TIME (MIN) = 280	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 5.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 8.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 31.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 22.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 6.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 3.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.6 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.1
TIME (MIN) = 230 TIME (MIN) = 240 TIME (MIN) = 240 TIME (MIN) = 245 TIME (MIN) = 250 TIME (MIN) = 255 TIME (MIN) = 260 TIME (MIN) = 265 TIME (MIN) = 275 TIME (MIN) = 280 TIME (MIN) = 285	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 5.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 8.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 31.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 22.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 6.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 3.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.6 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.1
TIME (MIN) = 235 TIME (MIN) = 240 TIME (MIN) = 240 TIME (MIN) = 245 TIME (MIN) = 255 TIME (MIN) = 260 TIME (MIN) = 265 TIME (MIN) = 270 TIME (MIN) = 275 TIME (MIN) = 280 TIME (MIN) = 285 TIME (MIN) = 290	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 5.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 8.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 31.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 22.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 6.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 3.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.0 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.9
TIME (MIN) = 235 TIME (MIN) = 240 TIME (MIN) = 245 TIME (MIN) = 255 TIME (MIN) = 255 TIME (MIN) = 260 TIME (MIN) = 265 TIME (MIN) = 270 TIME (MIN) = 275 TIME (MIN) = 280 TIME (MIN) = 285 TIME (MIN) = 295	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 5.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 8.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 31.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 22.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 6.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 3.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.6 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.8
TIME (MIN) = 235 TIME (MIN) = 240 TIME (MIN) = 240 TIME (MIN) = 245 TIME (MIN) = 255 TIME (MIN) = 265 TIME (MIN) = 265 TIME (MIN) = 275 TIME (MIN) = 275 TIME (MIN) = 280 TIME (MIN) = 285 TIME (MIN) = 290 TIME (MIN) = 295	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 5.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 8.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 31.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 22.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 6.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 3.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.6 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.7
TIME (MIN) = 235 TIME (MIN) = 240 TIME (MIN) = 245 TIME (MIN) = 255 TIME (MIN) = 255 TIME (MIN) = 265 TIME (MIN) = 265 TIME (MIN) = 275 TIME (MIN) = 275 TIME (MIN) = 285 TIME (MIN) = 290 TIME (MIN) = 295 TIME (MIN) = 300	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 5.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 8.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 31.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 22.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.6 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.7
TIME (MIN) = 235 TIME (MIN) = 240 TIME (MIN) = 240 TIME (MIN) = 245 TIME (MIN) = 255 TIME (MIN) = 265 TIME (MIN) = 265 TIME (MIN) = 270 TIME (MIN) = 275 TIME (MIN) = 280 TIME (MIN) = 285 TIME (MIN) = 295 TIME (MIN) = 295 TIME (MIN) = 300 TIME (MIN) = 305	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 5.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 8.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 31.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 22.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 22.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.6 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.6
TIME (MIN) = 235 TIME (MIN) = 240 TIME (MIN) = 240 TIME (MIN) = 245 TIME (MIN) = 255 TIME (MIN) = 260 TIME (MIN) = 265 TIME (MIN) = 275 TIME (MIN) = 275 TIME (MIN) = 285 TIME (MIN) = 285 TIME (MIN) = 295 TIME (MIN) = 295 TIME (MIN) = 300 TIME (MIN) = 305 TIME (MIN) = 305 TIME (MIN) = 305	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 5.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 8.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 31.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 22.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 6.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.0 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.6 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.6
TIME (MIN) = 235 TIME (MIN) = 240 TIME (MIN) = 245 TIME (MIN) = 255 TIME (MIN) = 255 TIME (MIN) = 265 TIME (MIN) = 265 TIME (MIN) = 275 TIME (MIN) = 275 TIME (MIN) = 285 TIME (MIN) = 290 TIME (MIN) = 295 TIME (MIN) = 300 TIME (MIN) = 310	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 5.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 8.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 31.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 22.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.0 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.6 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.4
TIME (MIN) = 235 TIME (MIN) = 240 TIME (MIN) = 240 TIME (MIN) = 245 TIME (MIN) = 255 TIME (MIN) = 265 TIME (MIN) = 265 TIME (MIN) = 270 TIME (MIN) = 275 TIME (MIN) = 275 TIME (MIN) = 285 TIME (MIN) = 295 TIME (MIN) = 295 TIME (MIN) = 300 TIME (MIN) = 310 TIME (MIN) = 315	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 5.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 8.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 31.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 22.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 22.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 3.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.6 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.4
TIME (MIN) = 235 TIME (MIN) = 240 TIME (MIN) = 240 TIME (MIN) = 245 TIME (MIN) = 255 TIME (MIN) = 260 TIME (MIN) = 265 TIME (MIN) = 270 TIME (MIN) = 275 TIME (MIN) = 285 TIME (MIN) = 285 TIME (MIN) = 295 TIME (MIN) = 295 TIME (MIN) = 300 TIME (MIN) = 310 TIME (MIN) = 315 TIME (MIN) = 320	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 5.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 8.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 31.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 22.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.0 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.6 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.6 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.6 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3
TIME (MIN) = 235 TIME (MIN) = 240 TIME (MIN) = 245 TIME (MIN) = 255 TIME (MIN) = 255 TIME (MIN) = 260 TIME (MIN) = 265 TIME (MIN) = 275 TIME (MIN) = 275 TIME (MIN) = 285 TIME (MIN) = 285 TIME (MIN) = 290 TIME (MIN) = 295 TIME (MIN) = 300 TIME (MIN) = 310 TIME (MIN) = 315 TIME (MIN) = 320 TIME (MIN) = 320	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 5.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 8.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 31.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 22.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.6 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.6 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3
TIME (MIN) = 235 TIME (MIN) = 240 TIME (MIN) = 240 TIME (MIN) = 245 TIME (MIN) = 255 TIME (MIN) = 265 TIME (MIN) = 265 TIME (MIN) = 270 TIME (MIN) = 275 TIME (MIN) = 285 TIME (MIN) = 285 TIME (MIN) = 295 TIME (MIN) = 300 TIME (MIN) = 310 TIME (MIN) = 315 TIME (MIN) = 325	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 5.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 8.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 22.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 22.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.6 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.6 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3
TIME (MIN) = 235 TIME (MIN) = 240 TIME (MIN) = 240 TIME (MIN) = 245 TIME (MIN) = 255 TIME (MIN) = 265 TIME (MIN) = 265 TIME (MIN) = 270 TIME (MIN) = 275 TIME (MIN) = 285 TIME (MIN) = 285 TIME (MIN) = 295 TIME (MIN) = 300 TIME (MIN) = 310 TIME (MIN) = 315 TIME (MIN) = 325 TIME (MIN) = 325 TIME (MIN) = 330	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 5.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 8.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 31.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 22.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.0 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.6 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.6 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.6 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.2
TIME (MIN) = 235 TIME (MIN) = 240 TIME (MIN) = 245 TIME (MIN) = 255 TIME (MIN) = 255 TIME (MIN) = 260 TIME (MIN) = 265 TIME (MIN) = 275 TIME (MIN) = 275 TIME (MIN) = 285 TIME (MIN) = 285 TIME (MIN) = 290 TIME (MIN) = 295 TIME (MIN) = 300 TIME (MIN) = 310 TIME (MIN) = 315 TIME (MIN) = 325 TIME (MIN) = 325 TIME (MIN) = 325 TIME (MIN) = 330 TIME (MIN) = 330	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 5.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 8.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 31.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 22.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.0 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.6 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.6 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.2
TIME (MIN) = 235 TIME (MIN) = 240 TIME (MIN) = 240 TIME (MIN) = 245 TIME (MIN) = 255 TIME (MIN) = 260 TIME (MIN) = 265 TIME (MIN) = 270 TIME (MIN) = 275 TIME (MIN) = 285 TIME (MIN) = 285 TIME (MIN) = 295 TIME (MIN) = 300 TIME (MIN) = 310 TIME (MIN) = 315 TIME (MIN) = 325 TIME (MIN) = 325 TIME (MIN) = 335 TIME (MIN) = 335	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 5.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 8.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 31.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 22.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 22.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 3.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.6 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.6 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1
TIME (MIN) = 235 TIME (MIN) = 240 TIME (MIN) = 240 TIME (MIN) = 245 TIME (MIN) = 255 TIME (MIN) = 265 TIME (MIN) = 265 TIME (MIN) = 270 TIME (MIN) = 275 TIME (MIN) = 275 TIME (MIN) = 280 TIME (MIN) = 285 TIME (MIN) = 290 TIME (MIN) = 295 TIME (MIN) = 300 TIME (MIN) = 310 TIME (MIN) = 315 TIME (MIN) = 315 TIME (MIN) = 325 TIME (MIN) = 325 TIME (MIN) = 335 TIME (MIN) = 340	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 5.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 8.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 31.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 22.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.0 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.6 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.6 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1
TIME (MIN) = 235 TIME (MIN) = 240 TIME (MIN) = 245 TIME (MIN) = 255 TIME (MIN) = 255 TIME (MIN) = 260 TIME (MIN) = 265 TIME (MIN) = 275 TIME (MIN) = 275 TIME (MIN) = 285 TIME (MIN) = 285 TIME (MIN) = 295 TIME (MIN) = 300 TIME (MIN) = 310 TIME (MIN) = 315 TIME (MIN) = 315 TIME (MIN) = 325 TIME (MIN) = 325 TIME (MIN) = 325 TIME (MIN) = 335 TIME (MIN) = 335 TIME (MIN) = 340 TIME (MIN) = 345	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 5.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 8.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 31.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 22.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.0 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.6 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.6 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.6 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.6 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1
TIME (MIN) = 235 TIME (MIN) = 240 TIME (MIN) = 240 TIME (MIN) = 245 TIME (MIN) = 255 TIME (MIN) = 260 TIME (MIN) = 265 TIME (MIN) = 275 TIME (MIN) = 275 TIME (MIN) = 280 TIME (MIN) = 285 TIME (MIN) = 295 TIME (MIN) = 300 TIME (MIN) = 310 TIME (MIN) = 315 TIME (MIN) = 325 TIME (MIN) = 325 TIME (MIN) = 335 TIME (MIN) = 345 TIME (MIN) = 345 TIME (MIN) = 350	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 5.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 8.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 31.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 22.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 22.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.6 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.6 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.6 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1
TIME (MIN) = 235 TIME (MIN) = 240 TIME (MIN) = 240 TIME (MIN) = 245 TIME (MIN) = 255 TIME (MIN) = 265 TIME (MIN) = 265 TIME (MIN) = 270 TIME (MIN) = 275 TIME (MIN) = 275 TIME (MIN) = 285 TIME (MIN) = 290 TIME (MIN) = 295 TIME (MIN) = 300 TIME (MIN) = 310 TIME (MIN) = 315 TIME (MIN) = 315 TIME (MIN) = 325 TIME (MIN) = 325 TIME (MIN) = 335 TIME (MIN) = 340 TIME (MIN) = 345 TIME (MIN) = 350 TIME (MIN) = 350	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 5.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 8.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 31.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 22.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.0 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1
TIME (MIN) = 235 TIME (MIN) = 240 TIME (MIN) = 245 TIME (MIN) = 255 TIME (MIN) = 255 TIME (MIN) = 260 TIME (MIN) = 265 TIME (MIN) = 275 TIME (MIN) = 275 TIME (MIN) = 285 TIME (MIN) = 285 TIME (MIN) = 295 TIME (MIN) = 300 TIME (MIN) = 305 TIME (MIN) = 315 TIME (MIN) = 315 TIME (MIN) = 335 TIME (MIN) = 340 TIME (MIN) = 345 TIME (MIN) = 355	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 5.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 8.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 31.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 22.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.0 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.6 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.6 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.6 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1

Basin 2 - 10 Year Storm Event

RUN DATE 3/26/2020 HYDROGRAPH FILE NAME Text1 TIME OF CONCENTRATION 5 MIN. 6 HOUR RAINFALL 1.8 INCHES BASIN AREA 11.5 ACRES RUNOFF COEFFICIENT 0.87 PEAK DISCHARGE 26 CFS

TIME (MIN) = 0	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0
TIMF(MIN) = 5	DISCHARGE $(CES) = 1.1$
TIME (MIN) = 0	DISCHARCE (CES) = 1.1
TIME(IMIN) = 10	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1
TIME (MIN) = 15	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1
TIME (MIN) = 20	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1
TIME (MIN) = 25	DISCHARGE (CES) $= 1.1$
TIME $(MIN) = 25$	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1
TIME (MIN) = 30	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1
TIMF(MIN) = 35	DISCHARGE (CES) = 1.2
TIME (MIN) = 00	D(SCHARCE (CES) = 1.2)
TIVE(VIIN) = 40	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.2
TIME (MIN) = 45	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.2
TIMF(MIN) = 50	DISCHARGE (CES) = 1.2
TIME (MIN) = 55	DISCHARGE (CES) $= 1.2$
TIME $(MIN) = 35$	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.2
IIME (MIN) = 60	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3
TIME (MIN) = 65	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3
TIME(MIN) = 70	DISCHARGE (CES) - 13
T = T = T = T = T = T = T = T = T = T =	D(O(1)AROE(O(0)) = 1.5)
IIIVIE (IVIIIN) = 75	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3
TIME (MIN) = 80	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.4
TIMF(MIN) = 85	DISCHARGE $(CES) = 1.4$
	DISCHARCE (CES) = 1.1
TIME(IMIN) = 90	DISCHARGE(CFS) = 1.4
TIME (MIN) = 95	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.5
TIME (MIN) = 100	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.5
TIME (MIN) = 105	DISCHARGE (CES) = 15
$T_{\text{INVIL}}(\text{IVIIN}) = 103$	Discrimination (CF3) = 1.3
$ V \ge 110$	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.5
TIME (MIN) = 115	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.6
TIME(MIN) = 120	DISCHARGE (CES) - 1.6
1 IIVIE (IVIIN) = 125	DISCHARGE $(CFS) = 1.7$
TIME (MIN) = 130	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.7
TIME(MIN) = 135	DISCHARGE $(CFS) = 1.8$
TIME (MIN) = 140	DISCUARCE (CES) = 1.9
	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.0
TIME (MIN) = 145	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.9
TIME (MIN) = 150	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.9
TIME (MIN) = 155	DISCHARGE (CES) = 2
TIME $(MIN) = 155$	DISCHARGE $(013) = 2$
IIME (MIN) = 160	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.1
TIME (MIN) = 165	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.2
TIMF(MIN) = 170	DISCHARGE $(CES) = 2.3$
TINE(NIN) = 170	DECHARCE (CES) = 2.0
TIME(IMIN) = 175	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.4
IIME (MIN) = 180	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.5
TIME (MIN) = 185	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.7
TIMF(MIN) = 190	DISCHARGE $(CES) = 2.8$
TIME (MIN) = 105	
TIME $(MIN) = 195$	
IIME (MIN) = 200	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 3.1
TIME (MIN) = 205	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 3.5
TIME $(MIN) = 210$	DISCHARGE $(CES) = 3.7$
TIME (MIN) = 210	D(SCHARCE (CES) = 0.1
TIME(IMIN) = 215	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.2
TIME (MIN) = 220	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.6
TIME (MIN) = 225	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 5.6
	DISCHARGE (CES) - 64
TIME $(MIN) = 230$	
IIME (MIN) = 235	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 9.4
TIME (MIN) = 240	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 34.7
TIMF(MIN) = 245	DISCHARGE $(CES) = 26$
TIME (MIN) = 250	DISCHARGE (CES) = 75
TIME $(MIN) = 250$	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 7.5
IIME (MIN) = 255	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 5
TIME (MIN) = 260	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 3.9
TIME (MINÍ) - 265	DISCHARGE (CES) - 33
TIME (MIN) = 200	
IIIVIE (IVIIIN) = 270	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.9
TIME (MIN) = 275	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.6
TIMF(MIN) = 280	DISCHARGE $(CES) = 2.3$
TIME (MIN) = 200	
$1001 \equiv (1000) = 200$	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.1
I IME (MIN) = 290	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2
TIME (MIN) = 295	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.9
TIME $(MIN) = 300$	DISCHARGE (CES) $= 1.7$
TIME (MIN) $= 300$	$D_{100} = 1.7$
$ v \in (v v) = 305$	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.7
TIME (MIN) = 310	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.6
TIME(MIN) = 315	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.5
TIME (MIN) = 320	
$T_{\text{INVIL}}(\text{IVIIN}) = 320$	DISCHARCE CESS - 14
IIME (MIN) = 325	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.4
TIME (MINI) = 330	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.4
(10110) = 330	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3
TIME (MIN) = 335	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3
TIME (MIN) = 335 $TIME (MIN) = 335$	DISCHARGE $(CFS) = 1.4$ DISCHARGE $(CFS) = 1.4$ DISCHARGE $(CFS) = 1.3$ DISCHARGE $(CFS) = 1.3$
TIME (MIN) = 335 TIME (MIN) = 335 TIME (MIN) = 340	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.2
TIME (MIN) = 335 TIME (MIN) = 335 TIME (MIN) = 340 TIME (MIN) = 345	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.2
TIME (MIN) = 335 TIME (MIN) = 340 TIME (MIN) = 345 TIME (MIN) = 350	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.2
TIME (MIN) = 335 TIME (MIN) = 340 TIME (MIN) = 345 TIME (MIN) = 350 TIME (MIN) = 355	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1
TIME (MIN) = 335 TIME (MIN) = 340 TIME (MIN) = 345 TIME (MIN) = 355 TIME (MIN) = 355	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1

Basin 2 - 25 Year Storm Event

RUN DATE 3/26/2020 HYDROGRAPH FILE NAME Text1 TIME OF CONCENTRATION 5 MIN. 6 HOUR RAINFALL 2.1 INCHES BASIN AREA 11.5 ACRES RUNOFF COEFFICIENT 0.87 PEAK DISCHARGE 30.8 CFS

TIME (MIN) = 0	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0
TIME(MIN) = 5	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3
TIMF(MIN) = 10	DISCHARGE $(CES) = 1.3$
TIME (MIN) = 15	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3
TIME (MIN) = 20	DISCHARCE (CES) = 1.3
TIME $(MIN) = 20$	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3
IIME(MIN) = 25	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3
TIME (MIN) = 30	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3
TIME (MIN) = 35	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.4
TIME(MIN) = 40	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.4
TIMF(MIN) = 45	DISCHARGE (CES) = 1.4
TIME (MIN) = 50	DISCHARGE (CES) $= 1.4$
IIVIE (IVIIN) = 55	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.5
IIME (MIN) = 60	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.5
TIME (MIN) = 65	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.5
TIME (MIN) = 70	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.5
TIME(MIN) = 75	DISCHARGE $(CFS) = 1.6$
TIME (MIN) = 80	DISCHARGE (CES) $= 1.6$
TIME (MINI) = 95	DISCHARCE (CES) = 1.6
TIME (IVIIN) = 00	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.0
IIME(MIN) = 90	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.7
TIME (MIN) = 95	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.7
TIME (MIN) = 100	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.7
TIME(MIN) = 105	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.8
TIME $(MIN) = 110$	DISCHARGE $(CFS) = 1.8$
TIME (MIN) = 115	DISCHARGE (CES) = 1.9
TIME (MINI) = 120	DISCHARGE (CES) = 1.9
TIME(NIN) = 120	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.9
IIME(MIN) = 125	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2
TIME (MIN) = 130	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2
TIME (MIN) = 135	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.1
TIME(MIN) = 140	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.1
TIMF(MIN) = 145	DISCHARGE (CES) = 22
TIME $(MIN) = 150$	DISCHARGE (CES) = 2.2
TIME (MIN) = 150	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.3
IIIVIE (IVIIIN) = 155	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.4
TIME (MIN) = 160	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.4
TIME (MIN) = 165	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.6
TIME (MIN) = 170	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.6
TIME $(MIN) = 175$	DISCHARGE $(CFS) = 2.8$
TIME (MIN) = 180	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.9
TIME (MIN) = 185	DISCHARGE (CES) $= 3.1$
TIME (MIN) = 100	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 3.1
TIME(NIIN) = 190	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 3.2
IIME (MIN) = 195	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 3.5
TIME (MIN) = 200	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 3.7
TIME (MIN) = 205	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.1
TIME $(MIN) = 210$	DISCHARGE $(CFS) = 4.3$
TIME (MIN) = 215	DISCHARGE (CES) $= 4.9$
TIME (MIN) = 270	DISCHARCE (CES) = 5.4
TIME (IVIIN) = 220	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 5.4
IIME (MIN) = 225	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 6.6
TIME (MIN) = 230	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 7.5
TIME (MIN) = 235	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 11
TIME (MIN) = 240	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 40
TIMF(MIN) = 245	DISCHARGE $(CES) = 30.8$
TIME (MIN) = 250	DISCHARGE (CES) = 8.8
TIME (MINI) = 250	DISCHARCE (CES) = 5.0
TIME (MIN) = 200	Discussion (CF3) = 3.9
IIIVIE (IVIIN) = 260	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.6
IIME (MIN) = 265	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 3.9
TIME (MIN) = 270	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 3.4
TIME (MIN) = 275	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 3
TIME $(MIN) = 280$	DISCHARGE $(CFS) = 2.7$
TIME (MIN) = 285	DISCHARGE (CES) $= 25$
TIME (MIN) $= 200$	Discurrent OE (OF S) = 2.5
TIVE(VIIN) = 290	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.3
1101E (1011N) = 295	DISCHARGE (UFS) = 2.2
IIME (MIN) = 300	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2
TIME (MIN) = 305	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.9
TIME(MIN) = 310	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.8
TIME $(MIN) = 315$	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.8
TIME (MIN) $= 320$	DISCHARGE (CES) $= 1.7$
TIME (MINI) = 325	Discusp c (0,0) = 1.7
TIME (IVIIN) = 323	DISCHARGE $(CFS) = 1.0$
$ v \in (V N) = 330$	DISCHARGE (UFS) = 1.5
I IME (MIN) = 335	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.5
TIME (MIN) = 340	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.4
TIME(MIN) = 345	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.4
TIMF(MIN) = 350	DISCHARGE (CES) = 1.4
TIME (MIN) = 255	DISCHARGE (CES) = 1.2
TIME (MIN) = 300	Discussion (OF3) = 1.3
$ v \equiv (v v) = 360$	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3

Basin 2 - 50 Year Storm Event

RUN DATE 3/26/2020 HYDROGRAPH FILE NAME Text1 TIME OF CONCENTRATION 5 MIN. 6 HOUR RAINFALL 2.3 INCHES BASIN AREA 11.5 ACRES RUNOFF COEFFICIENT 0.87 PEAK DISCHARGE 33.7 CFS

TIME (MIN) = 0	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0
TIME(MIN) = 5	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.4
TIMF(MIN) = 10	DISCHARGE (CES) = 1.4
TIME (MINI) = 15	DISCHARGE (CES) $= 1.1$
	DISCHARCE (CFS) $= 1.4$
TIVE(VIIN) = 20	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.4
IIME (MIN) = 25	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.5
TIME (MIN) = 30	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.5
TIME (MIN) = 35	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.5
TIME $(MIN) = 40$	DISCHARGE $(CFS) = 1.5$
TIME (MIN) = 45	DISCHARGE (CES) = 1.5
TIME $(MIN) = 50$	DISCHARGE (CES) = 1.6
TIME (MIN) = 50	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.0
IIIVIE (IVIIN) = 55	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.6
TIME (MIN) = 60	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.6
TIME (MIN) = 65	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.7
TIME(MIN) = 70	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.7
TIME(MIN) = 75	DISCHARGE $(CES) = 1.7$
TIME (MIN) = 80	DISCHARGE (CES) $= 1.7$
	DISCHARCE (OF S) = 1.7
	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.0
IIME (MIN) = 90	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.8
TIME (MIN) = 95	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.9
TIME (MIN) = 100	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.9
TIMF(MIN) = 105	DISCHARGE $(CES) = 1.9$
TIMF(MIN) = 110	DISCHARGE (CES) $= 2$
TIME (MINI) = 115	DISCHARGE (CES) = 2
TIME (MIN) = 113	Discrimining (0F3) = 2
1101E (1011N) = 120	DISCHARGE (UFS) = 2.1
IIME (MIN) = 125	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.2
TIME (MIN) = 130	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.2
TIME (MIN) = 135	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.3
TIMF(MIN) = 140	DISCHARGE $(CES) = 2.3$
TIME (MINI) $= 145$	DISCHARGE (CES) $= 2.0$
	DISCHARCE (CFS) 2.4
TIME(IMIN) = 150	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.5
TIME (MIN) = 155	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.6
TIME (MIN) = 160	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.7
TIME (MIN) = 165	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.8
TIMF(MIN) = 170	DISCHARGE $(CES) = 2.9$
TIME (MIN) = 175	DISCHARGE (CES) $= 3.1$
TIME (MIN) = 180	DISCHARGE (CES) $= 3.2$
	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 3.2
TIVE(IVIIN) = 185	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 3.4
TIME (MIN) = 190	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 3.5
TIME (MIN) = 195	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 3.8
TIME (MIN) = 200	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4
TIMF(MIN) = 205	DISCHARGE (CES) = 4.5
TIME (MINI) = 210	DISCHARGE (CES) $= 4.7$
	DISCHARCE (CFS) = 4.7
TIVE(IVIIN) = 215	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 5.4
IIME (MIN) = 220	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 5.9
TIME (MIN) = 225	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 7.2
TIME (MIN) = 230	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 8.2
TIME(MIN) = 235	DISCHARGE $(CFS) = 12$
TIME (MIN) = 240	DISCHARGE (CES) = 43.8
TIME (MINI) = 240	DISCHARCE (CES) = 22.7
TIME $(MIN) = 243$	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 33.7
TIVE(VIIN) = 250	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 9.6
IIVIE (MIN) = 255	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 6.4
TIME (MIN) = 260	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 5
TIME (MIN) = 265	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.2
TIME(MIN) = 270	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 3.7
TIMF(MIN) = 275	DISCHARGE (CES) = 33
TIME (MIN) = 280	DISCHARGE (CES) = 3
TIME (MIN) = 200	Discusper (OF 0) = 3
IIIVIE (IVIIN) = 285	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.7
TIME (MIN) = 290	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.5
TIME (MIN) = 295	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.4
TIME (MIN) = 300	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.2
TIME $(MIN) = 305$	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.1
TIMF(MIN) = 310	DISCHARGE (CES) = 2
TIME (MINI) = 215	DISCHARGE (CES) = 10
TIME (IVIIN) = 313	DISCHARGE $(CFS) = 1.9$
IIIVIE (MIN) = 320	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.8
I IME (MIN) = 325	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.8
TIME (MIN) = 330	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.7
TIME (MIN) = 335	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.6
TIMF(MIN) = .340	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.6
TIME (MIN) = 245	DISCHARGE (CES) = 1.5
TIME (MIN) = 343	
$\frac{1}{100} = 350$	DISCHARGE (UFS) = 1.5
TIVIE(IVIIN) = 355	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.4

Basin 2 - 100 Year Storm Event

Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

Hyd. No. 1

Basin 1 Inflow

Hydrograph type=Storm frequency=Time interval=	= Manual = 5 yrs = 5 min	Peak discharge Time to peak Hyd. volume	= 11.80 cfs= 4.00 hrs= 22,440 cuft
Time interval =	5 1111	Hya. volume	= 22,440 Cull



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

Hyd. No. 2

Basin 2 Inflow

Hydrograph type	= Manual	Peak discharge	= 28.10 cfs
Storm frequency	= 5 yrs	Time to peak	= 4.00 hrs
Time interval	= 5 min	Hyd. volume	= 50,490 cuft



Thursday, 03 / 26 / 2020

2

Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

Hyd. No. 3

Basin 2 Routing

Hydrograph type =	Reservoir	Peak discharge	= 1.709 cfs
Storm frequency =	5 yrs	Time to peak	= 4.75 hrs
Time interval =	5 min	Hyd. volume	= 47,867 cuft
Inflow hyd. No. =	2 - Basin 2 Inflow	Max. Elevation	= 482.04 ft
Reservoir name =	Basin 2	Max. Storage	= 36,800 cuft

Storage Indication method used.



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

Hyd. No. 4

Basin 1 Routing

Hydrograph type	= Reservoir	Peak discharge	= 0.744 cfs
Storm frequency	= 5 yrs	Time to peak	= 4.75 hrs
Time interval	= 5 min	Hyd. volume	= 21,077 cuft
Inflow hyd. No.	= 1 - Basin 1 Inflow	Max. Elevation	= 478.44 ft
Reservoir name	= Basin 1	Max. Storage	= 16,352 cuft

Storage Indication method used.



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

Hyd. No. 5

Combined Basin 1 + Basin 2 Outflow

Inflow hyds. = 3, 4 Contrib. drain. area = 0.000 ac	Hydrograph type Storm frequency Time interval Inflow hyds.	= Combine = 5 yrs = 5 min = 3, 4	Peak discharge Time to peak Hyd. volume Contrib. drain. area	 = 2.454 cfs = 4.75 hrs = 68,944 cuft = 0.000 ac
---	---	---	---	--



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

Hyd. No. 1

Basin 1 Inflow

Hydrograph type	= Manual	Peak discharge	= 13.20 cfs
Storm frequency	= 10 vrs	Time to peak	= 4 00 hrs
Time interval	= 5 min	Hyd. volume	= 25,590 cuft



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

Hyd. No. 2

Basin 2 Inflow

Hydrograph type	= Manual	Peak discharge	= 31.50 cfs
Storm frequency	= 10 yrs	Time to peak	= 4.00 hrs
Time interval	= 5 min	Hyd. volume	= 57,900 cuft



7

Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

Hyd. No. 3

Basin 2 Routing

Hydrograph type	= Reservoir	Peak discharge	= 1.851 cfs
Storm frequency	= 10 yrs	Time to peak	= 4.75 hrs
Time interval	= 5 min	Hyd. volume	= 55,277 cuft
Inflow hyd. No.	= 2 - Basin 2 Inflow	Max. Elevation	= 482.43 ft
Reservoir name	= Basin 2	Max. Storage	= 42,113 cuft

Storage Indication method used.



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

Hyd. No. 4

Basin 1 Routing

Hydrograph type =	Reservoir	Peak discharge	= 0.819 cfs
Storm frequency =	= 10 yrs	Time to peak	= 4.75 hrs
Time interval =	= 5 min	Hyd. volume	= 24,227 cuft
Inflow hyd. No. =	= 1 - Basin 1 Inflow	Max. Elevation	= 478.82 ft
Reservoir name =	Basin 1	Max. Storage	= 18,620 cuft

Storage Indication method used.



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

Hyd. No. 5

Combined Basin 1 + Basin 2 Outflow

Hydrograph type	= Combine	Peak discharge	 = 2.670 cfs = 4.75 hrs = 79,504 cuft = 0.000 ac
Storm frequency	= 10 yrs	Time to peak	
Time interval	= 5 min	Hyd. volume	
Inflow hyds.	= 3, 4	Contrib. drain. area	
innow nyus.	- 3, 4	Contrib. drain. area	- 0.000 ac



10

Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

Hyd. No. 1

Basin 1 Inflow

= Manual = 25 yrs = 5 min	Peak discharge Time to peak Hvd. volume	 = 14.80 cfs = 4.00 hrs = 28,710 cuft
- 5 11111	riyu. volume	= 20,7 10 cuit
	= Manual = 25 yrs = 5 min	= ManualPeak discharge= 25 yrsTime to peak= 5 minHyd. volume



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

Hyd. No. 2

Basin 2 Inflow

Hydrograph type =	Manual	Peak discharge	= 34.70 cfs
Storm frequency =	25 yrs	Time to peak	= 4.00 hrs
Time interval =	5 min	Hvd_volume	= 64 890 cuft
	5 11111	nyu. volume	- 04,090 Cult



Thursday, 03 / 26 / 2020

12

Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

Hyd. No. 3

Basin 2 Routing

Hydrograph type =	= Reservoir	Peak discharge	= 1.899 cfs
Storm frequency =	= 25 yrs	Time to peak	= 4.92 hrs
Time interval	= 5 min	Hyd. volume	= 62,267 cuft
Inflow hyd. No.	= 2 - Basin 2 Inflow	Max. Elevation	= 482.56 ft
Reservoir name	= Basin 2	Max. Storage	= 47,494 cuft

Storage Indication method used.



13

Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

Hyd. No. 4

Basin 1 Routing

Hydrograph type	= Reservoir	Peak discharge	= 0.888 cfs
Storm frequency	= 25 yrs	Time to peak	= 4.83 hrs
Time interval	= 5 min	Hyd. volume	= 27,347 cuft
Inflow hyd. No.	= 1 - Basin 1 Inflow	Max. Elevation	= 479.20 ft
Reservoir name	= Basin 1	Max. Storage	= 20,891 cuft

Storage Indication method used.



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

Hyd. No. 5

Combined Basin 1 + Basin 2 Outflow

Hydrograph type= CombinePeak dischargeStorm frequency= 25 yrsTime to peakTime interval= 5 minHyd. volumeInflow hyds.= 3, 4Contrib. drain. area	 = 2.787 cfs = 4.83 hrs = 89,614 cuft = 0.000 ac
--	--



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

Hyd. No. 1

Basin 1 Inflow

Hydrograph type	= Manual	Peak discharge	= 16.90 cfs= 4.00 hrs= 33,660 cuft
Storm frequency	= 50 yrs	Time to peak	
Time interval	= 5 min	Hyd. volume	
Time interval	= 50 yrs = 5 min	Hyd. volume	= 33,660 cuft



16

Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

Hyd. No. 2

Basin 2 Inflow

Hydrograph type	= Manual	Peak discharge	= 40.00 cfs
Storm frequency	= 50 yrs	Пте то реак	= 4.00 nrs
Time interval	= 5 min	Hyd. volume	= 75,930 cuft



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

Hyd. No. 3

Basin 2 Routing

Hydrograph type	= Reservoir	Peak discharge	= 1.973 cfs
Storm frequency	= 50 yrs	Time to peak	= 5.00 hrs
Time interval	= 5 min	Hyd. volume	= 73,307 cuft
Inflow hyd. No.	= 2 - Basin 2 Inflow	Max. Elevation	= 482.78 ft
Reservoir name	= Basin 2	Max. Storage	= 56,193 cuft

Storage Indication method used.



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

Hyd. No. 4

Basin 1 Routing

Hydrograph type	= Reservoir	Peak discharge	= 0.918 cfs
Storm frequency	= 50 yrs	Time to peak	= 5.00 hrs
Time interval	= 5 min	Hyd. volume	= 32,297 cuft
Inflow hyd. No.	= 1 - Basin 1 Inflow	Max. Elevation	= 479.37 ft
Reservoir name	= Basin 1	Max. Storage	= 24,719 cuft

Storage Indication method used.



19

Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

Hyd. No. 5

Combined Basin 1 + Basin 2 Outflow

Hydrograph type	= Combine	Peak discharge	= 2.891 cfs
Storm frequency	= 50 yrs	Time to peak	= 5.00 hrs
Inflow hyds.	= 5 min = 3, 4	Ryd. volume Contrib. drain. area	= 0.000 ac


Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

Hyd. No. 1

Basin 1 Inflow

Hydrograph type	= Manual	Peak discharge	= 18.60 cfs= 4.00 hrs= 36,870 cuft
Storm frequency	= 100 yrs	Time to peak	
Time interval	= 5 min	Hyd. volume	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

Hyd. No. 2

Basin 2 Inflow

Hydrograph type	= Manual	Peak discharge	= 43.80 cfs
Storm frequency	= 100 yrs	Time to peak	= 4.00 hrs
Time interval	= 5 min	Hyd. volume	= 83,010 cuft
	8 11111	riya. velame	00,010 001



Thursday, 03 / 26 / 2020

Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

Hyd. No. 3

Basin 2 Routing

Hydrograph type =	= Reservoir	Peak discharge	= 2.017 cfs
Storm frequency =	= 100 yrs	Time to peak	= 5.17 hrs
Time interval	= 5 min	Hyd. volume	= 80,387 cuft
Inflow hyd. No.	= 2 - Basin 2 Inflow	Max. Elevation	= 482.92 ft
Reservoir name	= Basin 2	Max. Storage	= 61,878 cuft

Storage Indication method used.



23

Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

Hyd. No. 4

Basin 1 Routing

Hydrograph type	= Reservoir	Peak discharge	= 0.937 cfs
Storm frequency	= 100 yrs	Time to peak	= 5.08 hrs
Time interval	= 5 min	Hyd. volume	= 35,507 cuft
Inflow hyd. No.	= 1 - Basin 1 Inflow	Max. Elevation	= 479.49 ft
Reservoir name	= Basin 1	Max. Storage	= 27,308 cuft

Storage Indication method used.



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

Hyd. No. 5

Combined Basin 1 + Basin 2 Outflow

Inflow hyds. = 3, 4 Contrib. drain. area = 0.000 ac	rs)4 cuft ac
Inflow hyds. = 3, 4 Contrib. drain. area = 0.000 ac	rs)4 cı ac



Thursday, 03 / 26 / 2020

4 PROPOSED HYDROLOGY MAP



Kimley»Horn



12 March 2020 PROPOSED DRAINAGE EXHIBIT PLAZA LA MEDIA NORTH - SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA



LEGEND

PROJECT BOUNDARY DRAINAGE AREA BOUNDARY (OFFSITE) DRAINAGE AREA BOUNDARY (BASIN 1) DRAINAGE AREA BOUNDARY BASIN 2 POC 🔴 DISCHARGE/POINT OF COMPLIANCE 400 NODE RUNOFF FLOW PATH ≽·· ___ · · __> · · ___ · · _ STORM DRAIN EXISTING CONTOUR PROPOSED CONTOUR -(XXXX)-DA X DRAINAGE AREA LABEL

