

**DRAINAGE STUDY  
FOR  
MAPLE CANYON RESTORATION  
PHASE I**

**(100% DESIGN SUBMITTAL)**

**Job Number 18022-F**

**April 4, 2019**

**Revised: June 21, 2019**

**RICK**  
RICK ENGINEERING COMPANY  
ENGINEERING COMPANY  
RICK ENGINEERING CO

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**FOR**  
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April 4, 2019  
**Revised: June 21, 2019**

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### Map Pockets

Map Pocket 1: Drainage Study Map for Maple Canyon Restoration – Phase I [Pre-project Condition]

Map Pocket 2: Drainage Study Map for Maple Canyon Restoration – Phase I [Post-project Condition]

**DRAINAGE STUDY  
FOR  
MAPLE CANYON RESTORATION PHASE I**

**REVISION PAGE**

**June 21, 2019**

This drainage study presents a revision (and supersedes entirely) the previous report titled: “Drainage Study for Maple Canyon Restoration Phase I,” dated April 4, 2019. This revision page has been prepared in order to address revisions made to the project following the draft submittal.

- Hydrologic and hydraulic analysis was conducted for the newly proposed Systems 16 and 17.
- Pipeflow analysis was revised for Systems 2, 5, and 13 to reflect minor updates to plans and profiles.
- Normal depth calculations were conducted to size the proposed channel and low-flow crossing downstream of System 13 as part of the stream restoration effort.
- Drainage exhibits were revised to reflect updates.

## 1.0 INTRODUCTION

### 1.1 Project Description

This design report summarizes hydrologic and hydraulic analyses for the proposed Maple Canyon Restoration Phase I (herein referred to as the “project”). This design report supersedes the previously prepared drainage study titled “Drainage Report Maple Canyon” dated December 2016 by AECOM. The project is a restoration project which involves replacement and/or relocation of thirteen (13) storm drain outfalls, analyzing hydrology and hydraulics tributary to the outfall and recommending storm drain and inlet improvements to convey the peak flow. The thirteen (13) storm drain outfall locations were identified as a part of Maple Canyon Watershed Master Plan (WMP). The thirteen (13) storm drain outfalls are categorized into seventeen (17) systems for the purpose of analysis. Refer to Table 1 for the locations of the seventeen (17) systems.

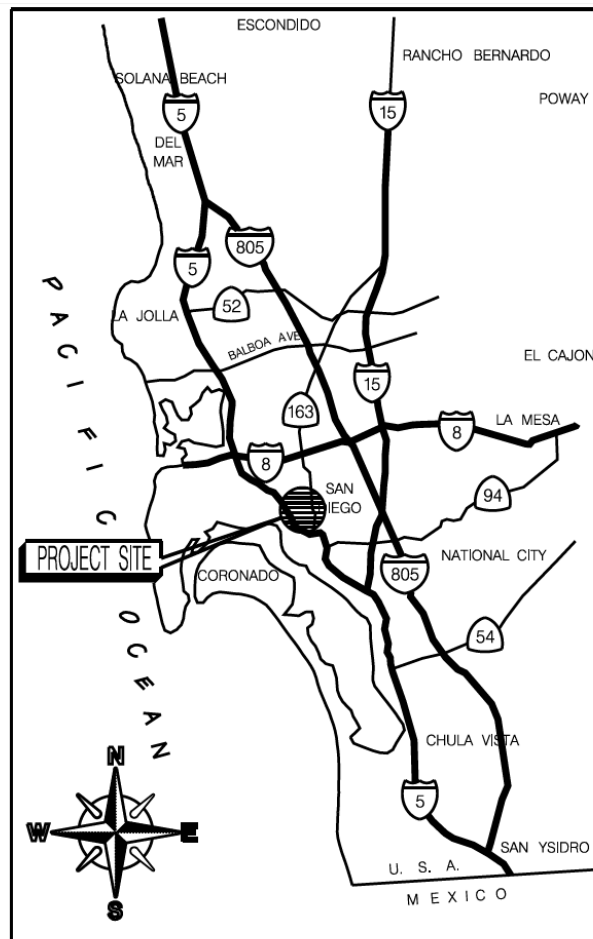
**Table 1: Summary of System Locations**

<b>System ID</b>	<b>System Location</b>
1	Brant Street and Barnson Place
2	Albatross Street and Olive Street
3	Second Avenue (south of Quince Street)
4	Third Avenue and Quince Street
5	Third Avenue (between Quince Street and Redwood Street)
6	Fourth Avenue and Redwood Street
7	Fourth Avenue and Quince Street
8	Third Avenue and Palm Street
9	Third Avenue (between Olive and Palm Street)
10	Third Avenue and Olive Street
11	Second Avenue and Olive Street
12	First Avenue Pedestrian Bridge
13	First Avenue and Nutmeg Street
14	Front Street (between Nutmeg Street and Maple Street)
15	Albatross Street and Maple Street
16	Curlew Street and Maple Canyon Trail
17	State Street and West Maple Street

## 1.2 Water Quality

The project is not subject to “Permanent Storm Water Requirements” according to the City of San Diego Storm Water Standards (SWS) Manual, (October 2018). The project does not propose any new impervious surfaces and only includes the removal and replacement of drainage infrastructure (i.e., inlets, storm drains, and outfall energy dissipation). Therefore, the project does not require a Standard Development Project Storm Water Quality Management Plan (SDP SWQMP) or Priority Development Project Storm Water Quality Management Plan (PDP SWQMP).

**Figure 1: Vicinity Map**



VICINITY MAP  
NOT TO SCALE

## 2.0 HYDROLOGY

Hydrologic conditions for the drainage areas tributary to each storm drain outfall have been analyzed for pre-project and post-project conditions.

### 2.1 Methodology

The 100-year, 6-hour post-project condition flow rates have been computed using the Modified Rational Method. The hydrologic methodology utilized for the project has been taken from the City of San Diego Drainage Design Manual, dated January 2017. The Rational Method computer program developed by Advanced Engineering Software (AES 2003) was used for this study because it satisfies the City of San Diego's design criteria.

### 2.2 AES Rational Method Computer Model

The AES hydrologic model is developed by creating independent node-link models of each interior drainage basin and linking these sub-models together at confluence points. The AES program has the capability to perform calculations for 15 hydrologic processes. These processes are assigned code numbers that appear in the results. The code numbers and their significance are as follows:

#### **Subarea Hydrologic Processes (Codes)**

Code 1:	Confluence analysis at node
Code 2:	Initial subarea analysis
Code 3:	Pipe flow travel time (computer-estimate pipe sizes)
Code 4:	Pipe flow travel time (user-specified pipe size)
Code 5:	Trapezoidal channel travel time
Code 6:	Street flow analysis through a subarea
Code 7:	User-specified information at a node
Code 8:	Addition of the subarea runoff to mainline
Code 9:	V-Gutter flow through subarea

- Code 10: Copy mainstream data onto memory bank
- Code 11: Confluence a memory bank with the mainstream memory
- Code 12: Clear a memory bank
- Code 13: Clear the mainstream memory
- Code 14: Copy a memory bank onto the mainstream memory
- Code 15: Hydrologic data bank storage functions

In order to perform the hydrologic analysis, base information for the study area is required. This information includes the existing drainage facility locations and sizes, existing land uses, flow patterns, drainage basin boundaries, and topographic elevations. Drainage basin boundaries, flow patterns, and topographic elevations are shown on the drainage exhibits located in the map pockets.

### 2.3 Design Criteria

The hydrologic conditions were analyzed in accordance with the City of San Diego's design criteria as follows:

Design Storm:	100-year, 6-hour
Runoff Coefficients:	weighted runoff coefficient
Soil Type:	D
Rainfall Intensity:	Based on time-intensity criteria per City of San Diego Drainage Design Manual, January 2017

- (1) The runoff coefficients selected are presented in, “Table A-1: Runoff Coefficient for Urban Areas” Drainage Design Manual (January 2017). A composite runoff coefficient was calculated for each site.



## 2.4 Results

The results of the Modified Rational Method analysis for the pre- and post-project  $Q_{100}$  flows are provided in Appendices A and B of this report respectively. Please refer Map Pocket 1 and Map Pocket 2 for the drainage area boundaries, nodes, and areas used in the Modified Rational Method analysis under pre-project and post-project conditions, respectively. Since this is a canyon restoration project, the existing impervious area as well as the hydrology of the basins is not anticipated to change. Hence, post-project runoff remains similar to pre-project runoff. A summary of the hydrologic results is provided below in Table 2.

**Table 2: Summary of Hydrologic Results**

<b>Rational Method Node No.</b>	<b><math>Q_{100}</math> (cfs)<sup>1</sup></b>	<b>Proposed Improvements</b>
System 1 – Node 135	8.8	New inlets are being proposed and existing 24-inch CMP is being replaced by 24-inch RCP and extended to a well-defined low point.
System 2 – Node 210	3.0	New inlet is being proposed and existing 18-inch CMP is being replaced by 18-inch RCP and extended to a well-defined low point.
System 3 – Node 315	5.9	New inlet is being proposed and existing 18-inch CMP is being replaced by 18-inch RCP and extended to a well-defined low point.
System 4 – Node 410	2.1	New inlet is being proposed and existing 12-inch CMP is being replaced by 18-inch RCP and extended to a well-defined low point.
System 5 – Node 515	1.4	New inlet is being proposed and existing 14-inch dual concrete culvert is being replaced by 18-inch RCP and extended to a well-defined low point.
System 6 – Node 685	54.7	New inlets are being proposed and existing 18-inch CMP is being replaced by 42-inch RCP and extended to a well-defined low point.
System 7 – Node 745	5.7	New inlets are being proposed and existing 15-inch Metal SD is being replaced by 18-inch RCP and extended to a well-defined low point.
System 8 – Node 850	12.9	Rip-rap of existing SDD-105 is being replaced.
System 9 – Node 910	1.1	New inlet is being proposed and existing 12-inch PVC is being replaced by 18-inch RCP and extended to a well-defined low point.
System 10 – Node 1020	4.6	New inlets are being proposed and existing 10-inch CMP is being replaced by 18-inch RCP and extended to a well-defined low point.

<b>Rational Method Node No.</b>	<b>Q<sub>100</sub> (cfs)<sup>1</sup></b>	<b>Proposed Improvements</b>
System 11 – Node 1110	1.8	Extending the existing 18-inch RCP to a well-defined low point.
System 12 – Node 1210	5.1	New inlet is being proposed and existing 12-inch PVC is being replaced by 18-inch RCP and extended to a well-defined low point.
System 13 – Node 1315 Node 1345	36.8 41.9	Inlets are being replaced and the existing 12- and 18-inch RCP are being replaced with 36-inch RCP.
System 14 – Node 1410	5.6	New inlet and 18-inch RCP storm drain are being proposed.
System 15 – Node 1530	36.9	New inlets are being proposed and existing 18-inch CMP is being replaced by 36-inch RCP and extended to a well-defined low point.
System 16 – Node 1610	8.8	Inlet is being replaced and the existing 18-inch CMP is being replaced by an 18-inch RCP.
System 17 – Node 040	186.7	New storm drain is being proposed along Maple Street and tying into the existing 36-inch RCP storm drain but is intended to tie into the ultimate condition storm drain as proposed by Maple Canyon Watershed Master Plan.

Notes

1. Q<sub>100</sub>, per AES Rational Method. Refer to Appendix A.

## 3.0 HYDRAULICS

### 3.1 Hydraulic Methodology and Criteria

The 100-year post-project peak flow rates determined using the Modified Rational Method were used for inlet sizing, storm drain sizing, energy dissipater design, and normal depth channel capacity for the proposed channel restoration downstream of System 13. AES Pipe Flow Hydraulics computer program was used to analyze hydraulic losses that occur within the proposed storm drain system to determine the hydraulic grade lines (HGLs).

### 3.2 Inlet Design

Inlet design calculations were completed using a spreadsheet based on the following equations from Chapter 3 of the City of San Diego Drainage Design Manual (January 2017) for grated inlets in a sump:

#### **Curb Inlets on Grade**

$$Q/L_T = 0.7 (a+y)^{3/2}$$

Where: Q = interception capacity of the curb inlet (cfs)  
y = depth of flow approaching the curb inlet (ft; maximum of y = 0.4)  
a = depth of depression of curb at inlet (ft; use a = 0.33)  
L<sub>T</sub> = length of clear opening of inlet for total interception (ft)

#### **Curb Inlets in Sump**

##### Curb Inlet Capacity Operating as Shallow Depth Weir

$$Q = C_w L_w d^{3/2}$$

Where: Q = inlet capacity of the curb inlet, in cubic feet per second (cfs)  
C<sub>w</sub> = weir coefficient (3.0)  
L<sub>w</sub> = weir length, in feet (ft)  
d = flow depth approaching inlet, in feet (ft)

### **Curb Inlet Capacity Operating as Orifice**

$$Q = 0.67hL(2gd_0)^{1/2}$$

$$d_0 = (y+a) - (h/2) \sin \Theta$$

Where: Q = inlet capacity of the curb inlet, in cubic feet per second (cfs)

h = curb opening height (ft)

L = curb opening length

g = gravitational acceleration (32.2 ft/s<sup>2</sup>)

d<sub>0</sub> = flow depth above inlet, in feet (ft)

y = depth of flow in adjacent gutter, in feet (ft)

a = curb inlet depression

(h/2)sinΘ = adjustment for curb inlet throat width (h) and angle of throat incline Θ

The capacity of the curb inlet on grade as a weir and orifice was calculated and the conservative of the two results were used to size the inlet. The depth of flow in the adjacent gutter (y) was calculated using Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Hydraulic Toolbox, Version 2.1 and then used as an input in the spreadsheet. Combination inlets were proposed in areas where there are utility conflicts to provide enhance the interception capacity. The combination inlets were sized using Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Hydraulic Toolbox, Version 2.1.

### **Inlet Results**

The inlet design calculations along with back-up information are provided in Appendix D. Inlets were sized for the 100-year storm event for the governing (maximum) condition. Each inlet was sized to provide 100% capture of the flow draining to the inlet (no bypass flow at any inlet), except where bypass flow occurs a downstream inlet was sized to capture the bypass flow. Bypass flows occurred in regions where the contributing area is large (System 6, 13 and 15) and the maximum opening length of 20 feet did not provide 100% capture. Refer to the drainage study map provided in Map Pocket 2 for the location of each inlet.

### 3.3 Storm Drain Design

As a part of this project, storm drain systems in the canyon were aligned perpendicular to the slope wherever feasible and would outfall near the flowline of the canyon. The jurisdictional waters are a constraint and hence efforts were made so that systems were outside the jurisdictional waters. The storm drain system in the canyon includes an additional cleanout in the middle of the slope, a cleanout near the toe of the slope with an approximate 60-degree angle and a last pipe provided at a flat slope (i.e., approximately 0.5% to 1.0%) to further reduce the velocities prior to the energy dissipater at the outfall.

The proposed storm drains conveying the 100-year storm event were analyzed using AES Pipe Flow based on 100-year peak flow rates estimated by the Modified Rational Method.

#### AES Pipe Flow

The AES Pipe Flow Hydraulics computer program was used to calculate the hydraulic and energy grade lines for the proposed storm drain systems. The program performs gradually varied flow and pressure flow profile computations. The results are provided in an incremental and summarized form, and indicate reaches of open channel and pressure flow within a given reach of pipe. The program also accounts for losses that may occur due to friction, junction structures, pipe bends, etc. The codes and an explanation of their function are as follows:

#### **Pipe Flow Hydraulic Processes (Codes)**

Code 1:	Friction Losses
Code 2:	Manhole Losses
Code 3:	Pipe-bend Losses
Code 4:	Sudden Pipe-enlargement
Code 5:	Junction Losses
Code 6:	Angle-point Losses
Code 7:	Sudden Pipe-reduction
Code 8:	Catch Basin Entrance Losses
Code 9:	Transition Losses

The storm drain system will be constructed of Reinforced Concrete (RCP) or equivalent. The Manning's roughness coefficient “n” used for the hydraulic calculations for RCP is 0.013.

### Pipe Flow Results

The AES Pipe Flow computer outputs for the post-project condition are provided in Appendix D of this report. Node numbering used in the AES Pipe Flow computer analyses corresponds to the rational method node numbering used on the drainage study map, located in Map Pocket 2.

Specifically, AES Pipe Flow analysis was completed for System 17 to reflect the immediate post project condition and the ultimate condition. The immediate post project condition proposes a 48-inch RCP along Maple Street tying into an existing 36-inch RCP. The ultimate condition, as reflected in the WMP, proposes a 48-inch RCP tying into a proposed 96-inch RCP along State Street. The results of the AES Pipe Flow analysis for both of the above described conditions are included in Appendix D.

## **3.4 Energy Dissipater Design**

### Rip-rap Energy Dissipater (SDD-104)

Energy dissipater (i.e. riprap) at the storm drain outfall will be specified using the City of San Diego – Standard Drawing Supplemental to Regional Standard Drawing (“D” Series) drawing number SDD-104, which provides rock classifications for design velocities entering riprap outfalls.

The design velocity was determined from both the AES Pipe Flow hydraulic analyses for flow in the final reach of storm drain pipe leading to the outfall, and HEC-RAS hydraulic analyses for flow across the riprap pad immediately downstream of the outfall. The AES Pipe Flow hydraulic analyses were used to determine the velocities of flow exiting the pipe at the outfall location and the HEC-RAS hydraulic analyses were used to determine the velocity of flow across the riprap pad and exiting the downstream end of the riprap pad.

HEC-RAS cross sections were taken at 1-foot intervals across the riprap pad in order to determine the location of the hydraulic jump that is expected to occur on the riprap pad. The flow regime after the hydraulic jump is subcritical flow at normal depth, and the flow velocity after the hydraulic jump is expected to be less than 5 feet per second. The riprap pad length was then specified to be 5 feet past where the velocity is less than 5 feet per second. The riprap pad width is based on City of San Diego Regional Standard Drawing Riprap Energy Dissipation, drawing number SDD-104.

### Concrete Energy Dissipater (SDD-105)

Concrete Energy dissipater at the storm drain outfalls will be specified using the City of San Diego – Standard Drawing Supplemental to Regional Standard Drawing (“D” Series) drawing number SDD-105. Please refer to civil plans for the details of the SDD-105.

The design velocity of the SDD 105 should not exceed more than 35 fps based on the City of San Diego Standard Drawing (2018). Hence, the design velocity was determined from the AES Pipe Flow hydraulic analysis for flow in the final reach of the storm drain pipes leading to the outfalls. For System 6, the velocity into the proposed SDD-105 exceeds 35 fps as listed on the standard drawings. We recommend additional coordination with the City of San Diego Transportation and Storm Water (TSW) Department to determine whether this is an acceptable approach or whether further modifications to the design and layout are required for the final design submittal.

Assuming, the flow off of all the proposed SDD-105 are subcritical and the flow weirs on to the riprap, the weir equation was used to calculate the depth (H) of the weir flow. The area of the weir (A) was then calculated and used to determine the velocity off of each of the dissipater ( $V=Q/A$ ). Based on the exit velocity, the downstream riprap rock class was estimated using Table 200-1.7 of “The Whitebook” (2018 Edition).

### Energy Dissipater Results

Rip-rap energy dissipater (SDD-104) has been proposed for majority of the systems which include Systems 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12, 15. Concrete energy dissipater (SDD-105) has been

provided for Systems 6 and 13 due to the location of the outfall. The structure will be recessed into the slope and will not plainly visible to community members using the trails within the canyon, as was expressed by community members. System 8 has an existing SDD-105 that will remain in place but the riprap pad at the end of the SDD-105 will be replaced.

The energy dissipater design calculations are presented in Appendix E. The dimensions and size of the dissipaters specified meet or exceed the requirements indicated on SDD-105. The final energy dissipater dimensions are shown on the grading plans.

### **3.5 Channel Capacity Analysis**

#### Normal Depth

Normal depth calculations were conducted to size the proposed channel downstream of System 13. The depth of flow in the channels was calculated using FHWA Hydraulic Toolbox, Version 2.1.

#### Channel Capacity Results

The results of the normal depth hydraulic calculations using Hydraulic Toolbox for the post-project condition are provided in Appendix F. An exceedance graph for the low-water crossing is also provided and reflects which storm will overtop the low-water crossing under various roughness values.



#### **4.0 FEMA FLOODPLAIN**

Portions of Maple Canyon and the surrounding streets downstream of the canyon, specifically Maple Street, Dove Street, and State Street, are identified by FEMA FIRM Panel 06073C1885G to be in a Zone A floodplain. It is understood that the improvements associated with the Phase 2 project include grading of the canyon and the installation of pre-cast concrete block grade control structures to flatten the effective slope of the canyon. It is recommended that detailed hydraulic analysis, via HECRAS or similar software, be performed for the proposed Phase 2 improvements to ensure compliance with FEMA NFIP regulations and the City of San Diego Floodplain ordinance.

## 5.0 CONCLUSION

This design report summarizes the design approach and criteria utilized to address drainage components of this storm drain replacement project. The 100-year pre- and post-project condition hydrologic analyses have been performed. The 100-year post-project peak flow rates were utilized to size the proposed drainage system. The peak discharge rates were determined using the Modified Rational Method based on the hydrologic methodology and criteria described in the City of San Diego, Drainage Design Manual January 2017 edition.

Since this is a storm drain replacement project, existing impervious area as well as the hydrology of the basins is not anticipated to change. Hence, post-project runoff remains similar to pre-project runoff.

The 100-year, post-project peak flow rates were utilized to size the proposed drainage systems. The HGLs were determined for the proposed storm drain systems. Concrete energy dissipaters (SDD-105) have been proposed at the outfall locations to help reduce exit velocities from the outfall to non-erosive conditions. The dimensions and size of riprap (downstream of SDD-105) specified meets or exceeds the requirements indicated on SDD-105.

The project is not subject to “Permanent Storm Water Requirements” according to the City of San Diego Storm Water Standards (SWS) Manual, (October 2018). There are no proposed impervious surfaces and it only includes the removal and replacement of drainage infrastructure (i.e., inlets, storm drains, and outfall energy dissipation). Therefore, the project does not require a Standard Development Project Storm Water Quality Management Plan (SDP SWQMP) or Priority Development Project Storm Water Quality Management Plan (PDP SWQMP).

## **APPENDIX A**

### **Modified Rational Method Analyses (100-year, 6-hour) [Pre-project Condition]**

\*\*\*\*\*

RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE  
Reference: SAN DIEGO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT  
2003, 1985, 1981 HYDROLOGY MANUAL

(c) Copyright 1982-2003 Advanced Engineering Software (aes)  
Ver. 1.5A Release Date: 01/01/2003 License ID 1261

Analysis prepared by:

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\*\*\*\*\* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY \*\*\*\*\*  
\* J#18022-F MAPLE CANYON RESTORATION - PHASE 1 \*  
\* PRE-PROJECT CONDITION HYDROLOGY RUN \*  
\* SYSTEM 0 CANYON HYDROLOGY \*  
\*\*\*\*\*

FILE NAME: MCPREO. RAT  
TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 14: 45 05/08/2019

-----  
USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:  
-----

USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT(YEAR) = 100.00  
SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 18.00  
SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS(DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.90  
RAINFALL-INTENSITY ADJUSTMENT FACTOR = 1.000

\*USER SPECIFIED:

NUMBER OF [TIME, INTENSITY] DATA PAIRS = 9

- 1) 5.000; 4.400
- 2) 10.000; 3.450
- 3) 15.000; 2.900
- 4) 20.000; 2.500
- 5) 25.000; 2.200
- 6) 30.000; 2.000
- 7) 40.000; 1.700
- 8) 50.000; 1.500
- 9) 60.000; 1.300

SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD

NOTE: ONLY PEAK CONFLUENCE VALUES CONSIDERED

\*USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL\*

NO.	HALF- CROWN TO		STREET-CROSSFALL:		CURB HEIGHT (FT)	GUTTER-GEOMETRIES:			MANNING FACTOR (n)
	WIDTH (FT)	CROSSFALL (FT)	IN- / SIDE	OUT- / PARK- / WAY		WIDTH (FT)	LIP (FT)	HIKE (FT)	
1	30.0	20.0	0.018/0.018/0.020		0.67	2.00	0.0313	0.167	0.0150

GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:

- 1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.10 FEET  
as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)  
2. (Depth)\*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT\*FT/S)

\*SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN  
OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.\*

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 5.00 IS CODE = 21

-----  
>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<<  
-----

MCPRE0. RES

\*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):

USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8500  
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 110.00  
 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 283.00  
 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 281.00  
 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 2.00  
 URBAN SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 3.867  
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION ASSUMED AS 6-MIN.  
 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 4.210  
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.36  
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.36

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 5.00 TO NODE 695.00 IS CODE = 51

>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<<<  
 >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<<

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 281.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 221.00  
 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 360.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.1667  
 CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 3.00 "Z" FACTOR = 2.000  
 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 20.00  
 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.973

\*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):

USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4500  
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 1.98  
 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.81  
 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.13 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.25  
 Tc(MIN.) = 7.25  
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 1.80 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 3.22  
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 1.90 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 3.58

END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:

DEPTH(FEET) = 0.18 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 5.90  
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 695.00 = 470.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 695.00 TO NODE 695.00 IS CODE = 1

>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<<

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2  
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:  
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 7.25  
 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.97  
 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 1.90  
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 3.58

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 695.00 TO NODE 695.00 IS CODE = 7

>>>>USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY INFORMATION AT NODE<<<<<<

USER-SPECIFIED VALUES ARE AS FOLLOWS:  
 TC(MIN) = 16.92 RAIN INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.75  
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 21.60 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 54.72

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 695.00 TO NODE 695.00 IS CODE = 1

>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<<

MCPREO. RES

>>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<<

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 16.92
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 2.75
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 21.60
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 54.72

\*\* CONFLUENCE DATA \*\*

Table with 5 columns: STREAM NUMBER, RUNOFF (CFS), Tc (MIN.), INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR), AREA (ACRE). Rows for streams 1 and 2.

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.

\*\* PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE \*\*

Table with 4 columns: STREAM NUMBER, RUNOFF (CFS), Tc (MIN.), INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR). Rows for streams 1 and 2.

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:

PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 57.19 Tc(MIN.) = 16.92
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 23.50
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 695.00 = 470.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 695.00 TO NODE 525.00 IS CODE = 51

>>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<<<
>>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<<

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 221.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 213.00
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 115.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0696
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 3.50 "Z" FACTOR = 2.000
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 10.00
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.732

\*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):

USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4500
S. C. S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 57.62
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 10.31
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 1.01 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.19
Tc(MIN.) = 17.11
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.70 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.86
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 24.20 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 58.05

END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:

DEPTH(FEET) = 1.02 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 10.31
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 525.00 = 585.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 525.00 TO NODE 525.00 IS CODE = 1

>>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<<

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 17.11
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 2.73

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TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 24.20  
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 58.05

\*\*\*\*\*  
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 525.00 TO NODE 525.00 IS CODE = 7

-----  
 >>>>USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY INFORMATION AT NODE<<<<<<

=====

USER-SPECIFIED VALUES ARE AS FOLLOWS:  
 TC(MIN) = 6.54 RAIN INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 4.11  
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.40 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.41

\*\*\*\*\*  
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 525.00 TO NODE 525.00 IS CODE = 1

-----  
 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<<  
 >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<<

=====

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2  
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:  
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 6.54  
 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 4.11  
 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 0.40  
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 1.41

\*\* CONFLUENCE DATA \*\*

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)	AREA (ACRE)
1	58.05	17.11	2.732	24.20
2	1.41	6.54	4.107	0.40

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO  
 CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.

\*\* PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE \*\*

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)
1	40.02	6.54	4.107
2	58.99	17.11	2.732

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:  
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 58.99 Tc(MIN.) = 17.11  
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 24.60  
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 525.00 = 585.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 525.00 TO NODE 755.00 IS CODE = 51

-----  
 >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<<<  
 >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 213.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 199.00  
 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 174.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0805  
 CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 5.00 "Z" FACTOR = 2.000  
 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 20.00  
 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.709  
 \*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):  
 USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4500  
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 59.66  
 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 10.48  
 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.85 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.28  
 Tc(MIN.) = 17.38

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 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 1.10 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.34  
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 25.70 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 60.33

END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:  
 DEPTH(FEET) = 0.85 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 10.57  
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 755.00 = 759.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 755.00 TO NODE 755.00 IS CODE = 1

-----  
 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<<

-----  
 TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2  
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:  
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 17.38  
 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 2.71  
 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 25.70  
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 60.33

\*\*\*\*\*  
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 755.00 TO NODE 755.00 IS CODE = 7

-----  
 >>>>USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY INFORMATION AT NODE<<<<<<

-----  
 USER-SPECIFIED VALUES ARE AS FOLLOWS:  
 TC(MIN) = 9.14 RAIN INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.61  
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 1.80 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 5.63

\*\*\*\*\*  
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 755.00 TO NODE 755.00 IS CODE = 1

-----  
 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<<  
 >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<<

-----  
 TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2  
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:  
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 9.14  
 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.61  
 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 1.80  
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 5.63

\*\* CONFLUENCE DATA \*\*

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)	AREA (ACRE)
1	60.33	17.38	2.709	25.70
2	5.63	9.14	3.613	1.80

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO  
 CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.

\*\* PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE \*\*

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)
1	50.87	9.14	3.613
2	64.55	17.38	2.709

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:  
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 64.55 Tc(MIN.) = 17.38  
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 27.50  
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 755.00 = 759.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 755.00 TO NODE 430.00 IS CODE = 51



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>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<<  
 >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 199.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 195.00  
 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 133.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0301  
 CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 6.00 "Z" FACTOR = 2.000  
 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 20.00  
 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.686  
 \*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):  
 USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4500  
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 65.04  
 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 7.46  
 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 1.07 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.30  
 Tc(MIN.) = 17.68  
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.80 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.97  
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 28.30 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 65.52

END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:  
 DEPTH(FEET) = 1.08 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 7.45  
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 430.00 = 892.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 430.00 TO NODE 430.00 IS CODE = 1

>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2  
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:  
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 17.68  
 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 2.69  
 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 28.30  
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 65.52

\*\*\*\*\*  
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 430.00 TO NODE 430.00 IS CODE = 7

>>>>USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY INFORMATION AT NODE<<<<<

USER-SPECIFIED VALUES ARE AS FOLLOWS:  
 TC(MIN) = 6.76 RAIN INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 4.07  
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.60 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 2.10

\*\*\*\*\*  
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 430.00 TO NODE 430.00 IS CODE = 1

>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<  
 >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2  
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:  
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 6.76  
 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 4.07  
 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 0.60  
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 2.10

\*\* CONFLUENCE DATA \*\*

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)	AREA (ACRE)
1	65.52	17.68	2.686	28.30
2	2.10	6.76	4.066	0.60

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RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO  
 CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.

\*\* PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE \*\*

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)
1	45.38	6.76	4.066
2	66.91	17.68	2.686

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:

PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 66.91 Tc(MIN.) = 17.68  
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 28.90  
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 430.00 = 892.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 430.00 TO NODE 925.00 IS CODE = 51

>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<<  
 >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 195.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 168.00  
 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 395.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0684  
 CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 5.00 "Z" FACTOR = 2.000  
 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 20.00  
 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.635

\*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):

USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4500  
 S. C. S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 68.86  
 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 10.39  
 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.96 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.63  
 Tc(MIN.) = 18.31  
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 3.30 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 3.91  
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 32.20 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 70.82

END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:

DEPTH(FEET) = 0.97 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 10.47  
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 925.00 = 1287.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 925.00 TO NODE 925.00 IS CODE = 1

>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2  
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:  
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 18.31  
 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 2.63  
 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 32.20  
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 70.82

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 925.00 TO NODE 925.00 IS CODE = 7

>>>>USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY INFORMATION AT NODE<<<<<

USER-SPECIFIED VALUES ARE AS FOLLOWS:  
 TC(MIN) = 6.82 RAIN INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 4.05  
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.30 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.10

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 925.00 TO NODE 925.00 IS CODE = 1

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>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<
>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 6.82
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 4.05
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 0.30
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 1.10

\*\* CONFLUENCE DATA \*\*

Table with 5 columns: STREAM NUMBER, RUNOFF (CFS), Tc (MIN.), INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR), AREA (ACRE). Rows for stream 1 and 2.

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.

\*\* PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE \*\*

Table with 4 columns: STREAM NUMBER, RUNOFF (CFS), Tc (MIN.), INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR). Rows for stream 1 and 2.

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 71.53 Tc(MIN.) = 18.31
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 32.50
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 925.00 = 1287.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 925.00 TO NODE 335.00 IS CODE = 51

>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<<
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 168.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 164.00
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 75.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0533
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 5.00 "Z" FACTOR = 2.000
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 20.00
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.625
\*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4500
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 71.89
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 9.64
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 1.05 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.13
Tc(MIN.) = 18.44
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.60 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.71
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 33.10 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 72.24

END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:
DEPTH(FEET) = 1.06 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 9.62
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 335.00 = 1362.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 335.00 TO NODE 335.00 IS CODE = 1

>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 18.44

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 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 2.62  
 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 33.10  
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 72.24

\*\*\*\*\*  
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 335.00 TO NODE 335.00 IS CODE = 7

-----  
 >>>>USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY INFORMATION AT NODE<<<<<

=====

USER-SPECIFIED VALUES ARE AS FOLLOWS:  
 TC(MIN) = 11.67 RAIN INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.27  
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 2.00 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 5.86

\*\*\*\*\*  
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 335.00 TO NODE 335.00 IS CODE = 1

-----  
 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<  
 >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<

=====

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2  
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:  
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 11.67  
 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.27  
 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 2.00  
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 5.86

\*\* CONFLUENCE DATA \*\*

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)	AREA (ACRE)
1	72.24	18.44	2.625	33.10
2	5.86	11.67	3.266	2.00

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO  
 CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.

\*\* PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE \*\*

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)
1	63.91	11.67	3.266
2	76.95	18.44	2.625

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:  
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 76.95 Tc(MIN.) = 18.44  
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 35.10  
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 335.00 = 1362.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 335.00 TO NODE 1045.00 IS CODE = 51

-----  
 >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<<  
 >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 164.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 161.00  
 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 80.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0375  
 CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 5.00 "Z" FACTOR = 1.500  
 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 20.00  
 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.613  
 \*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):  
 USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4500  
 S. C. S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 77.66  
 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 8.98  
 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 1.26 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.15

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Tc(MIN.) = 18.59
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 1.20 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.41
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 36.30 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 78.36

END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:
DEPTH(FEET) = 1.26 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 9.01
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 1045.00 = 1442.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1045.00 TO NODE 1045.00 IS CODE = 1

>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<

=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 18.59
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 2.61
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 36.30
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 78.36

\*\*\*\*\*
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1045.00 TO NODE 1045.00 IS CODE = 7

>>>>USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY INFORMATION AT NODE<<<<<

=====
USER-SPECIFIED VALUES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
TC(MIN) = 9.70 RAIN INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.51
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 1.50 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 4.53

\*\*\*\*\*
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1045.00 TO NODE 1045.00 IS CODE = 1

>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<
>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<

=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 9.70
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.51
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 1.50
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 4.53

\*\* CONFLUENCE DATA \*\*

Table with 5 columns: STREAM NUMBER, RUNOFF (CFS), Tc (MIN.), INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR), AREA (ACRE). Rows for stream 1 and 2.

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.

\*\* PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE \*\*

Table with 4 columns: STREAM NUMBER, RUNOFF (CFS), Tc (MIN.), INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR). Rows for stream 1 and 2.

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 81.74 Tc(MIN.) = 18.59
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 37.80
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 1045.00 = 1442.00 FEET.

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FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1045.00 TO NODE 1125.00 IS CODE = 51

>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<<
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 161.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 151.00
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 182.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0549
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 7.00 "Z" FACTOR = 2.000
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 20.00
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.588
\*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4500
S. C. S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 82.79
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 9.69
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.96 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.31
Tc(MIN.) = 18.90
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 1.80 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 2.10
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 39.60 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 83.83

END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:
DEPTH(FEET) = 0.97 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 9.72
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 1125.00 = 1624.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1125.00 TO NODE 1125.00 IS CODE = 1

>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 18.90
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 2.59
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 39.60
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 83.83

\*\*\*\*\*
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1125.00 TO NODE 1125.00 IS CODE = 7

>>>>USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY INFORMATION AT NODE<<<<<

USER-SPECIFIED VALUES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
TC(MIN) = 6.27 RAIN INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 4.16
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.50 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 7.77

\*\*\*\*\*
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1125.00 TO NODE 1125.00 IS CODE = 1

>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<
>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 6.27
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 4.16
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 0.50
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 7.77

\*\* CONFLUENCE DATA \*\*

Table with 5 columns: STREAM NUMBER, RUNOFF (CFS), Tc (MIN.), INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR), AREA (ACRE). Rows 1 and 2.

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RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO  
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.

\*\* PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE \*\*

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)
1	59.93	6.27	4.159
2	88.67	18.90	2.588

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:

PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 88.67 Tc(MIN.) = 18.90  
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 40.10  
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 1125.00 = 1624.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1125.00 TO NODE 1230.00 IS CODE = 51

>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<<<  
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 151.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 136.00  
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 332.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0452  
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 6.00 "Z" FACTOR = 2.000  
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 20.00  
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.541  
\*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):  
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4500  
S. C. S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 91.01  
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 9.48  
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 1.15 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.58  
Tc(MIN.) = 19.49  
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 4.10 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 4.69  
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 44.20 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 93.36

END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:  
DEPTH(FEET) = 1.17 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 9.57  
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 1230.00 = 1956.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1230.00 TO NODE 1230.00 IS CODE = 1

>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<<

=====

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2  
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:  
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 19.49  
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 2.54  
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 44.20  
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 93.36

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1230.00 TO NODE 1230.00 IS CODE = 7

>>>>USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY INFORMATION AT NODE<<<<<<

=====

USER-SPECIFIED VALUES ARE AS FOLLOWS:  
TC(MIN) = 8.51 RAIN INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.73  
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 1.60 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 5.12

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1230.00 TO NODE 1230.00 IS CODE = 1

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-----  
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<<  
>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<<  
=====

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2  
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:  
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 8.51  
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.73  
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 1.60  
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 5.12

\*\* CONFLUENCE DATA \*\*

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)	AREA (ACRE)
1	93.36	19.49	2.541	44.20
2	5.12	8.51	3.733	1.60

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO  
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.

\*\* PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE \*\*

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)
1	68.66	8.51	3.733
2	96.84	19.49	2.541

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:

PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 96.84 Tc(MIN.) = 19.49  
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 45.80  
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 1230.00 = 1956.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1230.00 TO NODE 225.00 IS CODE = 51  
-----

>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<<<  
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<<  
=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 136.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 128.00  
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 388.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0206  
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 4.00 "Z" FACTOR = 3.000  
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 20.00  
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.476

\*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):

USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4500  
S. C. S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 100.07  
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 7.11  
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 1.60 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.91  
Tc(MIN.) = 20.40  
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 5.80 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 6.46  
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 51.60 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 103.30

END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:

DEPTH(FEET) = 1.63 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 7.14  
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 225.00 = 2344.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 225.00 TO NODE 225.00 IS CODE = 1  
-----

>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<<  
=====

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2  
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:



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TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 20.40  
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 2.48  
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 51.60  
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 103.30

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 225.00 TO NODE 225.00 IS CODE = 7

-----  
>>>>USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY INFORMATION AT NODE<<<<<

=====

USER-SPECIFIED VALUES ARE AS FOLLOWS:  
TC(MIN) = 10.58 RAIN INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.39  
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 1.00 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 2.95

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 225.00 TO NODE 225.00 IS CODE = 1

-----  
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<  
>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<

=====

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2  
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:  
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 10.58  
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.39  
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 1.00  
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 2.95

\*\* CONFLUENCE DATA \*\*

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)	AREA (ACRE)
1	103.30	20.40	2.476	51.60
2	2.95	10.58	3.386	1.00

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO  
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.

\*\* PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE \*\*

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)
1	78.49	10.58	3.386
2	105.46	20.40	2.476

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:  
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 105.46 Tc(MIN.) = 20.40  
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 52.60  
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 225.00 = 2344.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 225.00 TO NODE 1355.00 IS CODE = 51

-----  
>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<<  
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 128.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 121.00  
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 190.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0368  
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 2.00 "Z" FACTOR = 1.000  
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 20.00  
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.458  
\*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):  
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4500  
S. C. S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 108.28  
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 10.63

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 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 2.35 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.30  
 Tc(MIN.) = 20.70  
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 5.10 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 5.64  
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 57.70 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 111.10

END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:  
 DEPTH(FEET) = 2.38 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 10.69  
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 1355.00 = 2534.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1355.00 TO NODE 1355.00 IS CODE = 1

-----  
 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<<

=====

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2  
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:  
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 20.70  
 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 2.46  
 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 57.70  
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 111.10

\*\*\*\*\*  
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1355.00 TO NODE 1355.00 IS CODE = 7

-----  
 >>>>USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY INFORMATION AT NODE<<<<<<

=====

USER-SPECIFIED VALUES ARE AS FOLLOWS:  
 TC(MIN) = 11.16 RAIN INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.32  
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 14.60 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 41.93

\*\*\*\*\*  
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1355.00 TO NODE 1355.00 IS CODE = 1

-----  
 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<<  
 >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<<

=====

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2  
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:  
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 11.16  
 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.32  
 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 14.60  
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 41.93

\*\* CONFLUENCE DATA \*\*

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)	AREA (ACRE)
1	111.10	20.70	2.458	57.70
2	41.93	11.16	3.322	14.60

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO  
 CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.

\*\* PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE \*\*

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)
1	124.14	11.16	3.322
2	142.13	20.70	2.458

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:  
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 142.13 Tc(MIN.) = 20.70  
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 72.30  
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 1355.00 = 2534.00 FEET.

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\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1355.00 TO NODE 1570.00 IS CODE = 51

-----  
>>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<<<  
>>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) =	121.00	DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =	102.00
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) =	561.00	CHANNEL SLOPE =	0.0339
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) =	6.00	"Z" FACTOR =	2.000
MANNING'S FACTOR =	0.030	MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) =	20.00
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) =	2.401		

\*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):

USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	.4500		
S. C. S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) =	0		
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) =	145.31		
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) =	9.83		
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) =	1.61	TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) =	0.95
Tc(MIN.) =	21.65		
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) =	5.90	SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =	6.38
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =	78.20	PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =	148.50

END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:  
DEPTH(FEET) = 1.62 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 9.90  
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 1570.00 = 3095.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1570.00 TO NODE 1570.00 IS CODE = 1

-----  
>>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<<

=====

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS =	3		
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:			
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) =	21.65		
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) =	2.40		
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) =	78.20		
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =	148.50		

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1570.00 TO NODE 1570.00 IS CODE = 7

-----  
>>>>>USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY INFORMATION AT NODE<<<<<<

=====

USER-SPECIFIED VALUES ARE AS FOLLOWS:			
TC(MIN) =	11.89	RAIN INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) =	3.24
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =	12.90	TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =	36.94

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1570.00 TO NODE 1570.00 IS CODE = 1

-----  
>>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<<

=====

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS =	3		
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:			
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) =	11.89		
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) =	3.24		
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) =	12.90		
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =	36.94		

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 145.00 TO NODE 1570.00 IS CODE = 7

-----  
>>>>>USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY INFORMATION AT NODE<<<<<<

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USER-SPECIFIED VALUES ARE AS FOLLOWS:

TC(MIN) = 14.45 RAIN INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.96  
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 3.30 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 8.79

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1570.00 TO NODE 1570.00 IS CODE = 1

>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<  
>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<

=====

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 3  
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 3 ARE:  
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 14.45  
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 2.96  
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 3.30  
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 8.79

\*\* CONFLUENCE DATA \*\*

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)	AREA (ACRE)
1	148.50	21.65	2.401	78.20
2	36.94	11.89	3.242	12.90
3	8.79	14.45	2.961	3.30

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO  
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 3 STREAMS.

\*\* PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE \*\*

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)
1	154.95	11.89	3.242
2	162.97	14.45	2.961
3	182.99	21.65	2.401

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:

PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 182.99 Tc(MIN.) = 21.65  
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 94.40  
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 1570.00 = 3095.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1570.00 TO NODE 10.00 IS CODE = 51

>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<<  
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 102.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 91.00  
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 242.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0455  
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 4.50 "Z" FACTOR = 2.000  
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 20.00  
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.381

\*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):

USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4500  
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 184.12  
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 11.93  
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 1.87 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.34  
Tc(MIN.) = 21.98  
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 2.10 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 2.25  
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 96.50 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 185.24

END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:

DEPTH(FEET) = 1.88 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 11.93  
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 10.00 = 3337.00 FEET.

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\*\*\*\*\*  
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 10.00 TO NODE 1615.00 IS CODE = 41

-----  
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<  
 >>>>USING USER-SPECIFIED PIPESIZE (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 91.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 90.00  
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 100.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013  
 ASSUME FULL-FLOWING PIPELINE  
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 14.74  
 PIPE FLOW VELOCITY = (TOTAL FLOW)/(PIPE CROSS SECTION AREA)  
 GIVEN PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 48.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1  
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 185.24  
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.11 Tc(MIN.) = 22.10  
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 1615.00 = 3437.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1615.00 TO NODE 1615.00 IS CODE = 1

-----  
 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<

=====

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2  
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:  
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 22.10  
 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 2.37  
 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 96.50  
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 185.24

\*\*\*\*\*  
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1615.00 TO NODE 1615.00 IS CODE = 7

-----  
 >>>>USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY INFORMATION AT NODE<<<<<

=====

USER-SPECIFIED VALUES ARE AS FOLLOWS:  
 TC(MIN) = 7.10 RAIN INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 4.00  
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.70 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 2.40

\*\*\*\*\*  
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1615.00 TO NODE 1615.00 IS CODE = 1

-----  
 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<  
 >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<

=====

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2  
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:  
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 7.10  
 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 4.00  
 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 0.70  
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 2.40

\*\* CONFLUENCE DATA \*\*

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)	AREA (ACRE)
1	185.24	22.10	2.374	96.50
2	2.40	7.10	4.001	0.70

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO  
 CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.

\*\* PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE \*\*

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)
1	185.24	22.10	2.374
2	2.40	7.10	4.001

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1	112.32	7.10	4.001
2	186.66	22.10	2.374

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:

PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 186.66 Tc(MIN.) = 22.10

TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 97.20

LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 1615.00 = 3437.00 FEET.

=====

END OF STUDY SUMMARY:

TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 97.20 TC(MIN.) = 22.10

PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 186.66

=====

END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

‡

\*\*\*\*\*

RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE  
 Reference: SAN DIEGO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT  
 2003, 1985, 1981 HYDROLOGY MANUAL

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 Ver. 1.5A Release Date: 01/01/2003 License ID 1261

Analysis prepared by:

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\*\*\*\*\* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY \*\*\*\*\*  
 \* J#18022-F MAPLE CANYON RESTORATION - PHASE 1 \*  
 \* PRE-PROJECT CONDITION HYDROLOGY RUN \*  
 \* SYSTEM 1 \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*

FILE NAME: MCPRE1. RAT  
 TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 10:29 11/16/2018

-----  
 USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:  
 -----

USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT(YEAR) = 100.00  
 SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 18.00  
 SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS(DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.90  
 RAINFALL-INTENSITY ADJUSTMENT FACTOR = 1.000

\*USER SPECIFIED:

NUMBER OF [TIME, INTENSITY] DATA PAIRS = 9

- 1) 5.000; 4.400
- 2) 10.000; 3.450
- 3) 15.000; 2.900
- 4) 20.000; 2.500
- 5) 25.000; 2.200
- 6) 30.000; 2.000
- 7) 40.000; 1.700
- 8) 50.000; 1.500
- 9) 60.000; 1.300

SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD

NOTE: ONLY PEAK CONFLUENCE VALUES CONSIDERED

\*USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL\*

NO.	HALF- WIDTH (FT)	CROWN TO CROSSFALL (FT)	STREET-CROSSFALL: IN- / OUT- / PARK- SIDE / SIDE / WAY	CURB HEIGHT (FT)	GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: WIDTH LIP HIKE (FT) (FT) (FT)	MANNING FACTOR (n)
1	30.0	20.0	0.018/0.018/0.020	0.67	2.00 0.0313 0.167	0.0150
2	30.0	25.0	0.020/0.020/ ---	0.50	1.50 0.0100 0.125	0.0160
3	25.0	20.0	0.020/0.020/0.020	0.50	1.50 0.0100 0.125	0.0160
4	15.0	10.0	0.020/0.020/0.020	0.50	1.50 0.0100 0.125	0.0180

GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:

- 1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET  
 as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)
- 2. (Depth)\*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT\*FT/S)

\*SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN  
 OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.\*

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 100.00 TO NODE 105.00 IS CODE = 21

-----  
 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<<  
 -----

\*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):  
 USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8500  
 S. C. S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 85.00  
 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 252.00  
 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 250.00  
 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 2.00  
 URBAN SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 3.119  
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION ASSUMED AS 6-MIN.  
 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 4.210  
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.36  
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.36

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 105.00 TO NODE 110.00 IS CODE = 62  
 -----

>>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<<  
 >>>>(STREET TABLE SECTION # 4 USED)<<<<<<  
 -----

UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 250.00 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 196.00  
 STREET LENGTH(FEET) = 1079.00 CURB HEIGHT(INCHES) = 6.0  
 STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 15.00

DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK(FEET) = 10.00  
 INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020  
 OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020

SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 2  
 STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020  
 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curbs-to-curbs) = 0.0180  
 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200

\*\*TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 2.16  
 STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW:  
 STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.21  
 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 5.20  
 AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 3.03  
 PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT\*FT/SEC.) = 0.63  
 STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 5.93 Tc(MIN.) = 11.93  
 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.238

\*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):  
 USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8500  
 S. C. S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 1.30 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 3.58  
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 1.40 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 3.94

END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS:  
 DEPTH(FEET) = 0.24 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 6.99  
 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 3.42 DEPTH\*VELOCITY(FT\*FT/SEC.) = 0.84  
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 100.00 TO NODE 110.00 = 1164.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 110.00 TO NODE 115.00 IS CODE = 62  
 -----

>>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<<  
 >>>>(STREET TABLE SECTION # 4 USED)<<<<<<  
 -----

UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 196.00 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 191.00  
 STREET LENGTH(FEET) = 323.00 CURB HEIGHT(INCHES) = 6.0  
 STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 15.00



MCPRE1. RES

DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK(FEET) = 10.00  
INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020  
OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020

SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 2  
STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020  
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curb-to-curb) = 0.0180  
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200

\*\*TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 4.70  
STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW:  
STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.30  
HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 9.73  
AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.27  
PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT\*FT/SEC.) = 0.68  
STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 2.37 Tc(MIN.) = 14.30  
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.978

\*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):  
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8500  
S. C. S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.60 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.52  
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 2.00 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 5.45

END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS:  
DEPTH(FEET) = 0.31 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 10.35  
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.36 DEPTH\*VELOCITY(FT\*FT/SEC.) = 0.73  
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 100.00 TO NODE 115.00 = 1487.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 115.00 TO NODE 140.00 IS CODE = 41

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<<  
>>>>USING USER-SPECIFIED PIPESIZE (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 188.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 155.00  
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 102.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013  
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 3.8 INCHES  
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 20.29  
GIVEN PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 18.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1  
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 5.45  
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.08 Tc(MIN.) = 14.38  
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 100.00 TO NODE 140.00 = 1589.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 140.00 TO NODE 140.00 IS CODE = 1

>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<<

=====

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2  
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:  
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 14.38  
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 2.97  
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 2.00  
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 5.45

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 120.00 TO NODE 125.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<<

=====

\*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):  
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8500  
Page 3

MCPRE1. RES

S. C. S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 95.00  
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 209.00  
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 207.00  
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 2.00  
URBAN SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 3.422  
TIME OF CONCENTRATION ASSUMED AS 6-MIN.  
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 4.210  
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.36  
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.36

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 125.00 TO NODE 135.00 IS CODE = 62  
-----

>>>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<<  
>>>>>(STREET TABLE SECTION # 4 USED)<<<<<<

-----  
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 207.00 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 191.00  
STREET LENGTH(FEET) = 477.00 CURB HEIGHT(INCHES) = 6.0  
STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 15.00

DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK(FEET) = 10.00  
INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020  
OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020

SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 2  
STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020  
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curbs-to-curbs) = 0.0180  
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200

\*\*TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 2.21  
STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW:  
STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.22  
HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 5.82  
AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.61  
PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT\*FT/SEC.) = 0.58  
STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 3.05 Tc(MIN.) = 9.05  
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.630

\*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):  
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8500  
S. C. S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 1.20 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 3.70  
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 1.30 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 4.06

END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS:  
DEPTH(FEET) = 0.26 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 7.77  
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.94 DEPTH\*VELOCITY(FT\*FT/SEC.) = 0.77  
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 120.00 TO NODE 135.00 = 572.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 135.00 TO NODE 140.00 IS CODE = 41  
-----

>>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<<  
>>>>>USING USER-SPECIFIED PIPESIZE (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<<

-----  
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 188.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 155.00  
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 78.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013  
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 3.1 INCHES  
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 20.44  
GIVEN PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 18.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1  
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 4.06  
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.06 Tc(MIN.) = 9.12  
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 120.00 TO NODE 140.00 = 650.00 FEET.

MCPRE1. RES

\*\*\*\*\*  
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 140.00 TO NODE 140.00 IS CODE = 1

-----  
 >>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<<  
 >>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<<  
 =====

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2  
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:  
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 9.12  
 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.62  
 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 1.30  
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 4.06

\*\* CONFLUENCE DATA \*\*

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)	AREA (ACRE)
1	5.45	14.38	2.968	2.00
2	4.06	9.12	3.618	1.30

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO  
 CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.

\*\* PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE \*\*

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)
1	8.54	9.12	3.618
2	8.79	14.38	2.968

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:

PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 8.79 Tc(MIN.) = 14.38  
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 3.30  
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 100.00 TO NODE 140.00 = 1589.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 140.00 TO NODE 145.00 IS CODE = 41

-----  
 >>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<<  
 >>>>>USING USER-SPECIFIED PIPESIZE (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<<  
 =====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 155.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 103.00  
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 118.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013  
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 4.4 INCHES  
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 26.00  
 GIVEN PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 18.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1  
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 8.79  
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.08 Tc(MIN.) = 14.45  
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 100.00 TO NODE 145.00 = 1707.00 FEET.

-----  
 END OF STUDY SUMMARY:

TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 3.30 TC(MIN.) = 14.45  
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 8.79

-----  
 END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

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RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE
Reference: SAN DIEGO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT
2003, 1985, 1981 HYDROLOGY MANUAL

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Ver. 1.5A Release Date: 01/01/2003 License ID 1261

Analysis prepared by:

RICK ENGINEERING COMPANY
5620 Friars Road
San Diego, California 92110
619-291-0707 Fax 619-291-4165

\*\*\*\*\* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY \*\*\*\*\*
\* J#18022-F MAPLE CANYON RESTORATION - PHASE 1 \*
\* PRE-PROJECT CONDITION HYDROLOGY RUN \*
\* SYSTEM 2 \*
\*\*\*\*\*

FILE NAME: MCPRE2. RAT
TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 10:39 11/16/2018

-----
USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:
-----

USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT(YEAR) = 100.00
SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 18.00
SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS(DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.90
RAINFALL-INTENSITY ADJUSTMENT FACTOR = 1.000

\*USER SPECIFIED:

NUMBER OF [TIME, INTENSITY] DATA PAIRS = 9

- 1) 5.000; 4.400
2) 10.000; 3.450
3) 15.000; 2.900
4) 20.000; 2.500
5) 25.000; 2.200
6) 30.000; 2.000
7) 40.000; 1.700
8) 50.000; 1.500
9) 60.000; 1.300

SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD

NOTE: ONLY PEAK CONFLUENCE VALUES CONSIDERED

\*USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL\*

Table with 9 columns: NO., HALF-WIDTH (FT), CROWN TO CROSSFALL (FT), STREET-CROSSFALL: IN- / OUT- / PARK- SIDE / SIDE / WAY, CURB HEIGHT (FT), GUTTER-WIDTH (FT), GUTTER-LIP (FT), GUTTER-HIKE (FT), MANNING FACTOR (n). Rows 1-4.

GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:

- 1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET
as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)
2. (Depth)\*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT\*FT/S)

\*SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.\*

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 200.00 TO NODE 205.00 IS CODE = 21

-----  
 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<<

=====

\*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):  
 USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8500  
 S. C. S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 85.00  
 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 252.00  
 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 250.00  
 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 2.00  
 URBAN SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 3.119  
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION ASSUMED AS 6-MIN.  
 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 4.210  
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.36  
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.36

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 205.00 TO NODE 210.00 IS CODE = 62

-----  
 >>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<<

>>>>(STREET TABLE SECTION # 4 USED)<<<<<<

=====

UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 250.00 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 209.00  
 STREET LENGTH(FEET) = 795.00 CURB HEIGHT(INCHES) = 6.0  
 STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 15.00

DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK(FEET) = 10.00  
 INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020  
 OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020

SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 2  
 STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020  
 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curbs-to-curbs) = 0.0180  
 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200

\*\*TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 1.66  
 STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW:  
 STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.19  
 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 4.48  
 AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.89  
 PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT\*FT/SEC.) = 0.56  
 STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 4.58 Tc(MIN.) = 10.58  
 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.386

\*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):

USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8500  
 S. C. S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.90 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 2.59  
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 1.00 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 2.95

END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS:

DEPTH(FEET) = 0.23 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 6.05  
 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 3.26 DEPTH\*VELOCITY(FT\*FT/SEC.) = 0.74  
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 200.00 TO NODE 210.00 = 880.00 FEET.

-----  
 END OF STUDY SUMMARY:

TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 1.00 TC(MIN.) = 10.58  
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 2.95

-----  
 END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

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RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE  
Reference: SAN DIEGO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT  
2003, 1985, 1981 HYDROLOGY MANUAL

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Ver. 1.5A Release Date: 01/01/2003 License ID 1261

Analysis prepared by:

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5620 Fri ars Road  
San Di ego, Cal i forni a 92110  
619-291-0707 Fax 619-291-4165

\*\*\*\*\* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY \*\*\*\*\*  
\* J#18022-F MAPLE CANYON RESTORATION - PHASE 1 \*  
\* PRE-PROJECT CONDITION HYDROLOGY RUN \*  
\* SYSTEM 3 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*

FILE NAME: MCPRE3. RAT  
TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 10: 48 10/25/2018

-----  
USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:  
-----

USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT(YEAR) = 100.00  
SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 18.00  
SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS(DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.90  
RAINFALL-INTENSITY ADJUSTMENT FACTOR = 1.000

\*USER SPECIFIED:  
NUMBER OF [TIME, INTENSITY] DATA PAIRS = 9  
1) 5.000; 4.400  
2) 10.000; 3.450  
3) 15.000; 2.900  
4) 20.000; 2.500  
5) 25.000; 2.200  
6) 30.000; 2.000  
7) 40.000; 1.700  
8) 50.000; 1.500  
9) 60.000; 1.300

SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD  
NOTE: ONLY PEAK CONFLUENCE VALUES CONSIDERED

\*USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL\*

NO.	HALF- WIDTH (FT)	CROWN TO CROSSFALL (FT)	STREET-CROSSFALL: IN- / OUT- / PARK- SIDE / SIDE / WAY	CURB HEIGHT (FT)	GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: WIDTH LIP HIKE (FT) (FT) (FT)	MANNING FACTOR (n)
1	30.0	20.0	0.018/0.018/0.020	0.67	2.00 0.0313 0.167	0.0150
2	30.0	25.0	0.020/0.020/ ---	0.50	1.50 0.0100 0.125	0.0160
3	25.0	20.0	0.020/0.020/ ---	0.50	1.50 0.0100 0.125	0.0160

GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:

- Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET  
as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)
- (Depth)\*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT\*FT/S)

\*SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN  
OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.\*

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 300.00 TO NODE 305.00 IS CODE = 21  
-----

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<

=====
\*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):

USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8500
S. C. S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 82.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 277.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 274.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 3.00
URBAN SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 2.645
\*CAUTION: SUBAREA SLOPE EXCEEDS COUNTY NOMOGRAPH
DEFINITION. EXTRAPOLATION OF NOMOGRAPH USED.
TIME OF CONCENTRATION ASSUMED AS 6-MIN.
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 4.210
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.36
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.36

\*\*\*\*\*
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 305.00 TO NODE 310.00 IS CODE = 62

>>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>(STREET TABLE SECTION # 2 USED)<<<<<

=====
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 274.00 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 270.00
STREET LENGTH(FEET) = 460.00 CURB HEIGHT(INCHES) = 6.0
STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 30.00

DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK(FEET) = 25.00
INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020
OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020

SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 1
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curbs-to-curbs) = 0.0160

\*\*TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 2.29
STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW:
STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.31
HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 10.38
AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.97
PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT\*FT/SEC.) = 0.62
STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 3.89 Tc(MIN.) = 9.89
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.471

\*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):

USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8500
S. C. S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 1.30 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 3.84
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 1.40 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 4.19

END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS:

DEPTH(FEET) = 0.37 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 13.22
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.29 DEPTH\*VELOCITY(FT\*FT/SEC.) = 0.84
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 300.00 TO NODE 310.00 = 542.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 310.00 TO NODE 315.00 IS CODE = 62

>>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>(STREET TABLE SECTION # 2 USED)<<<<<

=====
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 270.00 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 268.00
STREET LENGTH(FEET) = 220.00 CURB HEIGHT(INCHES) = 6.0
STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 30.00

MCPRE3.RES

DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK(FEET) = 25.00  
INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020  
OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020

SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 2  
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curbs-to-curbs) = 0.0160

\*\*TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 5.03  
STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW:  
STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.32  
HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 10.66  
AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.06  
PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT\*FT/SEC.) = 0.65  
STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.78 Tc(MIN.) = 11.67  
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.266

\*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):

USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8500  
S. C. S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.60 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.67  
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 2.00 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 5.86

END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS:

DEPTH(FEET) = 0.33 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 11.38  
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.12 DEPTH\*VELOCITY(FT\*FT/SEC.) = 0.71  
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 300.00 TO NODE 315.00 = 762.00 FEET.

=====

END OF STUDY SUMMARY:

TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 2.00 TC(MIN.) = 11.67  
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 5.86

=====

END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

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 2003, 1985, 1981 HYDROLOGY MANUAL

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Analysis prepared by:

RI CK ENGINEERING COMPANY  
 5620 Fri ars Road  
 San Di ego, Cal i forni a 92110  
 619-291-0707 Fax 619-291-4165

\*\*\*\*\* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY \*\*\*\*\*  
 \* J#18022-F MAPLE CANYON RESTORATION - PHASE 1 \*  
 \* PRE-PROJECT CONDITION HYDROLOGY RUN \*  
 \* SYSTEM 4 \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*

FILE NAME: MCPRE4. RAT  
 TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 10: 57 10/25/2018

-----  
 USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:  
 -----

USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT(YEAR) = 100.00  
 SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 18.00  
 SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS(DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.90  
 RAINFALL-INTENSITY ADJUSTMENT FACTOR = 1.000

\*USER SPECIFIED:

NUMBER OF [TIME, INTENSITY] DATA PAIRS = 9

- 1) 5.000; 4.400
- 2) 10.000; 3.450
- 3) 15.000; 2.900
- 4) 20.000; 2.500
- 5) 25.000; 2.200
- 6) 30.000; 2.000
- 7) 40.000; 1.700
- 8) 50.000; 1.500
- 9) 60.000; 1.300

SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD

NOTE: ONLY PEAK CONFLUENCE VALUES CONSIDERED

\*USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL\*

NO.	HALF- WIDTH	CROWN TO CROSSFALL	STREET-CROSSFALL: IN- / OUT-/PARK- SIDE / SIDE/ WAY	CURB HEIGHT	GUTTER-GEOMETRIES:			MANNING
	(FT)	(FT)		(FT)	WIDTH (FT)	LIP (FT)	HIKE (FT)	FACTOR (n)
1	30.0	20.0	0.018/0.018/0.020	0.67	2.00	0.0313	0.167	0.0150
2	30.0	25.0	0.020/0.020/ ---	0.50	1.50	0.0100	0.125	0.0160
3	25.0	20.0	0.020/0.020/ ---	0.50	1.50	0.0100	0.125	0.0160

GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:

- 1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET  
 as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)
- 2. (Depth)\*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT\*FT/S)

\*SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN  
 OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.\*

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 400.00 TO NODE 405.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<

=====
\*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):

USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8500
S. C. S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 81.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 276.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 272.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 4.00
URBAN SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 2.378
\*CAUTION: SUBAREA SLOPE EXCEEDS COUNTY NOMOGRAPH
DEFINITION. EXTRAPOLATION OF NOMOGRAPH USED.
TIME OF CONCENTRATION ASSUMED AS 6-MIN.
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 4.210
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.36
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.36

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 405.00 TO NODE 410.00 IS CODE = 62

>>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>(STREET TABLE SECTION # 3 USED)<<<<<

UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 272.00 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 266.60
STREET LENGTH(FEET) = 140.00 CURB HEIGHT(INCHES) = 6.0
STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 25.00

DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK(FEET) = 20.00
INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020
OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020

SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 1
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curbs-to-curbs) = 0.0160

\*\*TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 1.22
STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW:
STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.22
HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 5.58
AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 3.07
PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT\*FT/SEC.) = 0.66
STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.76 Tc(MIN.) = 6.76
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 4.066

\*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):

USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8500
S. C. S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.50 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.73
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.60 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 2.09

END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS:

DEPTH(FEET) = 0.25 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 7.24
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 3.42 DEPTH\*VELOCITY(FT\*FT/SEC.) = 0.85
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 400.00 TO NODE 410.00 = 221.00 FEET.

END OF STUDY SUMMARY:

TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.60 TC(MIN.) = 6.76
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 2.09

=====
END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

\*\*\*\*\*

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 2003, 1985, 1981 HYDROLOGY MANUAL

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Analysis prepared by:

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 619-291-0707 Fax 619-291-4165

\*\*\*\*\* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY \*\*\*\*\*  
 \* J#18022-F MAPLE CANYON RESTORATION - PHASE 1 \*  
 \* PRE-PROJECT CONDITION HYDROLOGY RUN \*  
 \* SYSTEM 5 \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*

FILE NAME: MCPRE5. RAT  
 TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 10:47 11/16/2018

-----  
 USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:  
 -----

USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT(YEAR) = 100.00  
 SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 18.00  
 SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS(DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.90  
 RAINFALL-INTENSITY ADJUSTMENT FACTOR = 1.000

\*USER SPECIFIED:

NUMBER OF [TIME, INTENSITY] DATA PAIRS = 9

- 1) 5.000; 4.400
- 2) 10.000; 3.450
- 3) 15.000; 2.900
- 4) 20.000; 2.500
- 5) 25.000; 2.200
- 6) 30.000; 2.000
- 7) 40.000; 1.700
- 8) 50.000; 1.500
- 9) 60.000; 1.300

SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD

NOTE: ONLY PEAK CONFLUENCE VALUES CONSIDERED

\*USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL\*

NO.	HALF-CROWN TO		STREET-CROSSFALL:		CURB HEIGHT (FT)	GUTTER-GEOMETRIES:			MANNING FACTOR (n)
	WIDTH (FT)	CROSSFALL (FT)	IN- / SIDE	OUT- / PARK- / WAY		WIDTH (FT)	LIP (FT)	HIKE (FT)	
1	30.0	20.0	0.018/0.018/0.020	0.020	0.67	2.00	0.0313	0.167	0.0150
2	30.0	25.0	0.020/0.020/---	---	0.50	1.50	0.0100	0.125	0.0160
3	25.0	20.0	0.020/0.020/0.020	0.020	0.50	1.50	0.0100	0.125	0.0160
4	15.0	10.0	0.020/0.020/0.020	0.020	0.50	1.50	0.0100	0.125	0.0180

GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:

- 1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET  
 as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)
- 2. (Depth)\*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT\*FT/S)

\*SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.\*

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 500.00 TO NODE 505.00 IS CODE = 21

-----  
 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<<

=====

\*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):  
 USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8500  
 S. C. S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 75.00  
 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 277.00  
 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 274.00  
 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 3.00  
 URBAN SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 2.455  
 \*CAUTION: SUBAREA SLOPE EXCEEDS COUNTY NOMOGRAPH  
 DEFINITION. EXTRAPOLATION OF NOMOGRAPH USED.  
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION ASSUMED AS 6-MIN.  
 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 4.210  
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.36  
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.36

\*\*\*\*\*  
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 505.00 TO NODE 510.00 IS CODE = 62

-----  
 >>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<<  
 >>>>(STREET TABLE SECTION # 4 USED)<<<<<<

=====

UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 274.00 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 268.00  
 STREET LENGTH(FEET) = 97.00 CURB HEIGHT(INCHES) = 6.0  
 STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 15.00

DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK(FEET) = 10.00  
 INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020  
 OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020

SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 2  
 STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020  
 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curb-to-curb) = 0.0180  
 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200

\*\*TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 0.88  
 STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW:  
 STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.15  
 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 2.46  
 AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 3.01  
 PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT\*FT/SEC.) = 0.46  
 STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.54 Tc(MIN.) = 6.54  
 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 4.108

\*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):  
 USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8500  
 S. C. S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.30 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.05  
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.40 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 1.41

END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS:  
 DEPTH(FEET) = 0.18 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 3.77  
 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 3.08 DEPTH\*VELOCITY(FT\*FT/SEC.) = 0.56  
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 500.00 TO NODE 510.00 = 172.00 FEET.

=====

END OF STUDY SUMMARY:  
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.40 TC(MIN.) = 6.54  
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 1.41

-----  
 END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS



\*\*\*\*\*

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Analysis prepared by:

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\*\*\*\*\* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY \*\*\*\*\*  
 \* J#18022-F MAPLE CANYON RESTORATION - PHASE 1 \*  
 \* POST-PROJECT CONDITION HYDROLOGY RUN \*  
 \* SYSTEM 6 \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*

FILE NAME: MCPRE6. RAT  
 TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 14: 46 03/27/2019

-----  
 USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:  
 -----

USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT(YEAR) = 100.00  
 SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 18.00  
 SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS(DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.90  
 RAINFALL-INTENSITY ADJUSTMENT FACTOR = 1.000

\*USER SPECIFIED:

NUMBER OF [TIME, INTENSITY] DATA PAIRS = 9

- 1) 5.000; 4.400
- 2) 10.000; 3.450
- 3) 15.000; 2.900
- 4) 20.000; 2.500
- 5) 25.000; 2.200
- 6) 30.000; 2.000
- 7) 40.000; 1.700
- 8) 50.000; 1.500
- 9) 60.000; 1.300

SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD

NOTE: ONLY PEAK CONFLUENCE VALUES CONSIDERED

\*USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL\*

NO.	HALF- CROWN TO		STREET-CROSSFALL:		CURB HEIGHT (FT)	GUTTER-GEOMETRIES:			MANNING FACTOR (n)
	WIDTH (FT)	CROSSFALL (FT)	IN- / SIDE	OUT- / PARK- / WAY		WIDTH (FT)	LIP (FT)	HIKE (FT)	
1	30.0	20.0	0.018/0.018/0.020	0.020	0.67	2.00	0.0313	0.167	0.0150
2	30.0	25.0	0.020/0.020/---	---	0.50	1.50	0.0100	0.125	0.0160
3	25.0	20.0	0.020/0.020/0.020	0.020	0.50	1.50	0.0100	0.125	0.0160
4	15.0	10.0	0.020/0.020/0.020	0.020	0.50	1.50	0.0100	0.125	0.0180

GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:

- 1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET  
 as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)
- 2. (Depth)\*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT\*FT/S)

\*SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN  
 OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE. \*

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 600.00 TO NODE 605.00 IS CODE = 21

MCPST6. RES

-----  
>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<

=====

\*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):  
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8500  
S. C. S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 96.00  
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 296.00  
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 295.00  
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 1.00  
URBAN SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 4.350  
TIME OF CONCENTRATION ASSUMED AS 6-MIN.  
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 4.210  
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.36  
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.36

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 605.00 TO NODE 610.00 IS CODE = 62

-----  
>>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<  
>>>>(STREET TABLE SECTION # 3 USED)<<<<<

=====

UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 295.00 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 287.00  
STREET LENGTH(FEET) = 893.00 CURB HEIGHT(INCHES) = 6.0  
STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 25.00

DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK(FEET) = 20.00  
INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020  
OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020

SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 2  
STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020  
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curbs-to-curbs) = 0.0160  
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200

\*\*TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 7.30  
STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW:  
STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.35  
HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 12.46  
AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.23  
PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT\*FT/SEC.) = 0.79  
STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 6.68 Tc(MIN.) = 12.68  
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.155

\*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):  
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8500  
S. C. S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 5.10 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 13.68  
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 5.20 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 14.03

END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS:  
DEPTH(FEET) = 0.43 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 16.13  
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.61 DEPTH\*VELOCITY(FT\*FT/SEC.) = 1.12  
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 600.00 TO NODE 610.00 = 989.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 610.00 TO NODE 615.00 IS CODE = 62

-----  
>>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<  
>>>>(STREET TABLE SECTION # 3 USED)<<<<<

=====

UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 287.00 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 286.00  
STREET LENGTH(FEET) = 347.00 CURB HEIGHT(INCHES) = 6.0  
STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 25.00

MCPST6. RES

DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK(FEET) = 20.00  
INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020  
OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020

SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 2  
STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020  
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curbs-to-curbs) = 0.0160  
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200

\*\*TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 17.04  
STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW:  
STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.54  
HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 23.45  
AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.78  
PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT\*FT/SEC.) = 0.96  
STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 3.25 Tc(MIN.) = 15.93  
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.826

\*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):  
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8500  
S. C. S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 2.50 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 6.00  
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 7.70 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 20.04

END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS:  
DEPTH(FEET) = 0.56 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 26.11  
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.84 DEPTH\*VELOCITY(FT\*FT/SEC.) = 1.04  
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 600.00 TO NODE 615.00 = 1336.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 615.00 TO NODE 675.00 IS CODE = 62

>>>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<<  
>>>>>(STREET TABLE SECTION # 3 USED)<<<<<<

UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 286.00 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 276.00  
STREET LENGTH(FEET) = 263.00 CURB HEIGHT(INCHES) = 6.0  
STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 25.00

DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK(FEET) = 20.00  
INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020  
OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020

SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 1  
STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020  
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curbs-to-curbs) = 0.0160  
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200

\*\*TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 21.10  
STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW:  
STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.48  
HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 18.63  
AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 5.93  
PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT\*FT/SEC.) = 2.83  
STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.74 Tc(MIN.) = 16.67  
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.766

\*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):  
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8500  
S. C. S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.90 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 2.12  
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 8.60 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 22.16

END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS:



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DEPTH(FEET) = 0.49 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 19.02  
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 5.98 DEPTH\*VELOCITY(FT\*FT/SEC.) = 2.90  
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 600.00 TO NODE 675.00 = 1599.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 675.00 TO NODE 675.00 IS CODE = 1

-----  
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<

=====

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2  
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:  
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 16.67  
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 2.77  
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 8.60  
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 22.16

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 620.00 TO NODE 621.00 IS CODE = 21

-----  
>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<

=====

\*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):  
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8500  
S. C. S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 100.00  
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 292.00  
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 290.00  
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 2.00  
URBAN SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 3.572  
TIME OF CONCENTRATION ASSUMED AS 6-MIN.  
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 4.210  
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.36  
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.36

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 621.00 TO NODE 622.00 IS CODE = 62

-----  
>>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<  
>>>>(STREET TABLE SECTION # 3 USED)<<<<<

=====

UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 290.00 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 280.00  
STREET LENGTH(FEET) = 867.00 CURB HEIGHT(INCHES) = 6.0  
STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 25.00

DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK(FEET) = 20.00  
INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020  
OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020

SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 1  
STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020  
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curbs-to-curbs) = 0.0160  
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200

\*\*TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 7.23  
STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW:  
STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.42  
HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 15.51  
AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.90  
PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT\*FT/SEC.) = 1.21  
STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 4.98 Tc(MIN.) = 10.98  
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.343

\*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):  
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8500

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MCPST6. RES

S. C. S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 4.80 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 13.64
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 4.90 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 14.00

END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS:
DEPTH(FEET) = 0.51 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 20.33
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 3.41 DEPTH\*VELOCITY(FT\*FT/SEC.) = 1.73
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 620.00 TO NODE 622.00 = 967.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 622.00 TO NODE 675.00 IS CODE = 62

>>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>(STREET TABLE SECTION # 3 USED)<<<<<

UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 280.00 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 276.00
STREET LENGTH(FEET) = 330.00 CURB HEIGHT(INCHES) = 6.0
STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 25.00

DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK(FEET) = 20.00
INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020
OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020

SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 1
STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curbs-to-curbs) = 0.0160
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200

\*\*TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 16.02
STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW:
STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.52
HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 22.05
AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 3.59
PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT\*FT/SEC.) = 1.88
STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.53 Tc(MIN.) = 12.51
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.174

\*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8500
S. C. S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 1.50 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 4.05
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 6.40 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 18.04

END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS:
DEPTH(FEET) = 0.54 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 24.08
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 3.66 DEPTH\*VELOCITY(FT\*FT/SEC.) = 1.99
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 620.00 TO NODE 675.00 = 1297.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 675.00 TO NODE 675.00 IS CODE = 1

>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<
>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 12.51
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.17
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 6.40
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 18.04

\*\* CONFLUENCE DATA \*\*
STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY AREA
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE)

			MCPST6. RES	
1	22.16	16.67	2.766	8.60
2	18.04	12.51	3.174	6.40

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO  
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.

\*\* PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE \*\*

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)
1	37.35	12.51	3.174
2	37.88	16.67	2.766

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:

PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 37.88 Tc(MIN.) = 16.67  
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 15.00  
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 600.00 TO NODE 675.00 = 1599.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 675.00 TO NODE 680.00 IS CODE = 41

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<<  
>>>>USING USER-SPECIFIED PIPESIZE (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 276.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 275.50  
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 76.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013  
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 36.0 INCH PIPE IS 23.0 INCHES  
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 7.94  
GIVEN PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 36.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1  
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 37.88  
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.16 Tc(MIN.) = 16.83  
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 600.00 TO NODE 680.00 = 1675.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 680.00 TO NODE 680.00 IS CODE = 81

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<<

=====

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.754  
\*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):  
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8500  
S. C. S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.70 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.64  
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 15.70 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 39.52  
TC(MIN.) = 16.83

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 680.00 TO NODE 685.00 IS CODE = 41

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<<  
>>>>USING USER-SPECIFIED PIPESIZE (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 275.50 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 275.00  
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 50.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013  
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 36.0 INCH PIPE IS 20.6 INCHES  
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 9.44  
GIVEN PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 36.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1  
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 39.52  
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.09 Tc(MIN.) = 16.92  
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 600.00 TO NODE 685.00 = 1725.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 685.00 TO NODE 685.00 IS CODE = 1

MCPST6. RES

>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 16.92
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 2.75
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 15.70
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 39.52

\*\*\*\*\*
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 630.00 TO NODE 631.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<

\*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8500
S. C. S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 115.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 291.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 290.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 1.00
URBAN SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 5.056
TIME OF CONCENTRATION ASSUMED AS 6-MIN.
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 4.210
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.36
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.36

\*\*\*\*\*
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 631.00 TO NODE 635.00 IS CODE = 62

>>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>(STREET TABLE SECTION # 3 USED)<<<<<

UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 290.00 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 278.00
STREET LENGTH(FEET) = 615.00 CURB HEIGHT(INCHES) = 6.0
STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 25.00

DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK(FEET) = 20.00
INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020
OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020

SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 1
STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curbs-to-curbs) = 0.0160
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200

\*\*TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 7.88
STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW:
STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.39
HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 14.49
AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 3.61
PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT\*FT/SEC.) = 1.42
STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 2.84 Tc(MIN.) = 8.84
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.670

\*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8500
S. C. S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 4.80 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 14.97
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 4.90 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 15.33

END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS:
DEPTH(FEET) = 0.48 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 18.79
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.24 DEPTH\*VELOCITY(FT\*FT/SEC.) = 2.04

MCPST6. RES  
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 630.00 TO NODE 635.00 = 730.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 635.00 TO NODE 685.00 IS CODE = 62

-----  
>>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<  
>>>>(STREET TABLE SECTION # 3 USED)<<<<<

=====

UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 278.00 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 276.00  
STREET LENGTH(FEET) = 411.00 CURB HEIGHT(INCHES) = 6.0  
STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 25.00

DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK(FEET) = 20.00  
INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020  
OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020

SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 1  
STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020  
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curbs-to-curbs) = 0.0160  
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200

\*\*TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 16.72  
\*\*\*STREET FLOW SPLITS OVER STREET-CROWN\*\*\*  
FULL DEPTH(FEET) = 0.61 FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 30.25  
FULL HALF-STREET VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.48  
SPLIT DEPTH(FEET) = 0.20 SPLIT FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 4.70  
SPLIT FLOW(CFS) = 0.31 SPLIT VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.02  
STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW:  
STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.61  
HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 30.25  
AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.48  
PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT\*FT/SEC.) = 1.50  
STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 2.76 Tc(MIN.) = 11.60  
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.274

\*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):  
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8500  
S. C. S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 1.00 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 2.78  
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 5.90 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 18.11

END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS:  
DEPTH(FEET) = 0.61 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 30.25  
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.48 DEPTH\*VELOCITY(FT\*FT/SEC.) = 1.50  
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 630.00 TO NODE 685.00 = 1141.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 685.00 TO NODE 685.00 IS CODE = 1

-----  
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<  
>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<

=====

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2  
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:  
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 11.60  
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.27  
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 5.90  
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 18.11

\*\* CONFLUENCE DATA \*\*

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)	AREA (ACRE)
1	39.52	16.92	2.747	15.70
2	18.11	11.60	3.274	5.90

MCPST6. RES

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO  
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.

\*\* PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE \*\*

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)
1	51.27	11.60	3.274
2	54.72	16.92	2.747

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:

PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 54.72 Tc(MIN.) = 16.92

TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 21.60

LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 600.00 TO NODE 685.00 = 1725.00 FEET.

=====

END OF STUDY SUMMARY:

TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 21.60 TC(MIN.) = 16.92

PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 54.72

=====

END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

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RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE  
Reference: SAN DIEGO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT  
2003, 1985, 1981 HYDROLOGY MANUAL

(c) Copyright 1982-2003 Advanced Engineering Software (aes)  
Ver. 1.5A Release Date: 01/01/2003 License ID 1261

Analysis prepared by:

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San Diego, California 92110  
619-291-0707 Fax 619-291-4165

\*\*\*\*\* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY \*\*\*\*\*  
\* J#18022-F MAPLE CANYON RESTORATION - PHASE 1 \*  
\* PRE-PROJECT CONDITION HYDROLOGY RUN \*  
\* SYSTEM 7 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*

FILE NAME: MCPRE7. RAT  
TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 11:14 11/16/2018

-----  
USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:  
-----

USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT(YEAR) = 100.00  
SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 18.00  
SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS(DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.90  
RAINFALL-INTENSITY ADJUSTMENT FACTOR = 1.000

\*USER SPECIFIED:

NUMBER OF [TIME, INTENSITY] DATA PAIRS = 9

- 1) 5.000; 4.400
- 2) 10.000; 3.450
- 3) 15.000; 2.900
- 4) 20.000; 2.500
- 5) 25.000; 2.200
- 6) 30.000; 2.000
- 7) 40.000; 1.700
- 8) 50.000; 1.500
- 9) 60.000; 1.300

SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD

NOTE: ONLY PEAK CONFLUENCE VALUES CONSIDERED

\*USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL\*

NO.	HALF-CROWN TO		STREET-CROSSFALL:		CURB HEIGHT (FT)	GUTTER-GEOMETRIES:			MANNING FACTOR (n)
	WIDTH (FT)	CROSSFALL (FT)	IN-SIDE /	OUT-SIDE / PARK-WAY		WIDTH (FT)	LIP (FT)	HIKE (FT)	
1	30.0	20.0	0.018/0.018/0.020	0.020	0.67	2.00	0.0313	0.167	0.0150
2	30.0	25.0	0.020/0.020/---	---	0.50	1.50	0.0100	0.125	0.0160
3	25.0	20.0	0.020/0.020/0.020	0.020	0.50	1.50	0.0100	0.125	0.0160
4	15.0	10.0	0.020/0.020/0.020	0.020	0.50	1.50	0.0100	0.125	0.0180

GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:

- 1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET  
as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)
- 2. (Depth)\*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT\*FT/S)

\*SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN  
OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.\*

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 700.00 TO NODE 705.00 IS CODE = 21

-----  
 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<<

=====

\*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):  
 USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8500  
 S. C. S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 98.00  
 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 286.00  
 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 285.00  
 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 1.00  
 URBAN SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 4.425  
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION ASSUMED AS 6-MIN.  
 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 4.210  
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.36  
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.36

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 705.00 TO NODE 710.00 IS CODE = 62

-----  
 >>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<<

>>>>(STREET TABLE SECTION # 3 USED)<<<<<<

=====

UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 285.00 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 276.00  
 STREET LENGTH(FEET) = 422.00 CURB HEIGHT(INCHES) = 6.0  
 STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 25.00

DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK(FEET) = 20.00  
 INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020  
 OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020

SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 2  
 STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020  
 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curbs-to-curbs) = 0.0160  
 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200

\*\*TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 2.23  
 STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW:  
 STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.23  
 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 6.21  
 AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.36  
 PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT\*FT/SEC.) = 0.54  
 STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 2.98 Tc(MIN.) = 8.98  
 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.643

\*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):

USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8500  
 S. C. S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 1.20 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 3.72  
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 1.30 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 4.07

END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS:

DEPTH(FEET) = 0.27 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 8.16  
 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.71 DEPTH\*VELOCITY(FT\*FT/SEC.) = 0.73  
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 700.00 TO NODE 710.00 = 520.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 710.00 TO NODE 730.00 IS CODE = 41

-----  
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<<

>>>>USING USER-SPECIFIED PIPESIZE (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 273.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 272.50  
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 25.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013  
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 6.6 INCHES



MCPRE7. RES  
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 6.91  
GIVEN PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 18.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1  
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 4.07  
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.06 Tc(MIN.) = 9.04  
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 700.00 TO NODE 730.00 = 545.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 730.00 TO NODE 730.00 IS CODE = 1

>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<

=====

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2  
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:  
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 9.04  
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.63  
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 1.30  
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 4.07

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 715.00 TO NODE 720.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<

=====

\*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):  
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8500  
S. C. S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 92.00  
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 276.00  
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 275.00  
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 1.00  
URBAN SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 4.198  
TIME OF CONCENTRATION ASSUMED AS 6-MIN.  
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 4.210  
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.36  
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.36

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 720.00 TO NODE 725.00 IS CODE = 62

>>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<  
>>>>(STREET TABLE SECTION # 3 USED)<<<<<

=====

UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 275.00 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 274.00  
STREET LENGTH(FEET) = 215.00 CURB HEIGHT(INCHES) = 6.0  
STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 25.00

DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK(FEET) = 20.00  
INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020  
OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020

SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 2  
STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020  
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curbs-to-curbs) = 0.0160  
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200

\*\*TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 0.66  
STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW:  
STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.20  
HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 4.92  
AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.00  
PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT\*FT/SEC.) = 0.20  
STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 3.57 Tc(MIN.) = 9.57  
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.532

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\*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):

USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8500
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.20 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.60
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.30 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 0.96

END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS:

DEPTH(FEET) = 0.22 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 5.98
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.08 DEPTH\*VELOCITY(FT\*FT/SEC.) = 0.24
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 715.00 TO NODE 725.00 = 307.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 725.00 TO NODE 730.00 IS CODE = 41

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>USING USER-SPECIFIED PIPESIZE (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 273.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 272.50
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 15.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 2.8 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 5.46
GIVEN PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 18.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 0.96
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.05 Tc(MIN.) = 9.61
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 715.00 TO NODE 730.00 = 322.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 730.00 TO NODE 730.00 IS CODE = 1

>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<
>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 9.61
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.52
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 0.30
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 0.96

\*\* CONFLUENCE DATA \*\*

Table with 5 columns: STREAM NUMBER, RUNOFF (CFS), Tc (MIN.), INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR), AREA (ACRE). Rows for stream 1 and 2.

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.

\*\* PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE \*\*

Table with 4 columns: STREAM NUMBER, RUNOFF (CFS), Tc (MIN.), INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR). Rows for stream 1 and 2.

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 5.00 Tc(MIN.) = 9.04
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 1.60
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 700.00 TO NODE 730.00 = 545.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 730.00 TO NODE 745.00 IS CODE = 41

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<

>>>>USING USER-SPECIFIED PIPESIZE (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 272.50 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 272.00
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 38.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 8.3 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 6.25
GIVEN PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 18.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 5.00
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.10 Tc(MIN.) = 9.14
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 700.00 TO NODE 745.00 = 583.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 745.00 TO NODE 745.00 IS CODE = 1

>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 9.14
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.61
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 1.60
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 5.00

\*\*\*\*\*
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 735.00 TO NODE 740.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<

\*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8500
S. C. S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 92.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 276.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 275.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 1.00
URBAN SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 4.198
TIME OF CONCENTRATION ASSUMED AS 6-MIN.
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 4.210
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.36
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.36

\*\*\*\*\*
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 740.00 TO NODE 745.00 IS CODE = 62

>>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>(STREET TABLE SECTION # 3 USED)<<<<<

UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 275.00 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 274.00
STREET LENGTH(FEET) = 224.00 CURB HEIGHT(INCHES) = 6.0
STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 25.00

DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK(FEET) = 20.00
INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020
OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020

SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 2
STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curbs-to-curbs) = 0.0160
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200

\*\*TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 0.51
STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW:
STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.19

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HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 4.26  
 AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 0.94  
 PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT\*FT/SEC.) = 0.18  
 STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 3.96 Tc(MIN.) = 9.96  
 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.458  
 \*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):  
 USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8500  
 S. C. S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.29  
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.20 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 0.65

END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS:  
 DEPTH(FEET) = 0.20 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 4.92  
 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 0.99 DEPTH\*VELOCITY(FT\*FT/SEC.) = 0.20  
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 735.00 TO NODE 745.00 = 316.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 745.00 TO NODE 745.00 IS CODE = 1

>>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<<  
 >>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<<

=====  
 TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2  
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:  
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 9.96  
 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.46  
 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 0.20  
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 0.65

\*\* CONFLUENCE DATA \*\*

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)	AREA (ACRE)
1	5.00	9.14	3.613	1.60
2	0.65	9.96	3.458	0.20

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO  
 CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.

\*\* PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE \*\*

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)
1	5.63	9.14	3.613
2	5.44	9.96	3.458

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:  
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 5.63 Tc(MIN.) = 9.14  
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 1.80  
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 700.00 TO NODE 745.00 = 583.00 FEET.

=====  
 END OF STUDY SUMMARY:  
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 1.80 TC(MIN.) = 9.14  
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 5.63  
 =====

END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

♀

\*\*\*\*\*

RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE  
 Reference: SAN DIEGO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT  
 2003, 1985, 1981 HYDROLOGY MANUAL

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 Ver. 1.5A Release Date: 01/01/2003 License ID 1261

Analysis prepared by:

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\*\*\*\*\* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY \*\*\*\*\*  
 \* J#18022-F MAPLE CANYON RESTORATION - PHASE 1 \*  
 \* PRE-PROJECT CONDITION HYDROLOGY RUN \*  
 \* SYSTEM 8 \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*

FILE NAME: MCPRE8. RAT  
 TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 11:24 11/16/2018

-----  
 USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:  
 -----

USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT(YEAR) = 100.00  
 SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 18.00  
 SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS(DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.90  
 RAINFALL-INTENSITY ADJUSTMENT FACTOR = 1.000

\*USER SPECIFIED:

NUMBER OF [TIME, INTENSITY] DATA PAIRS = 9

- 1) 5.000; 4.400
- 2) 10.000; 3.450
- 3) 15.000; 2.900
- 4) 20.000; 2.500
- 5) 25.000; 2.200
- 6) 30.000; 2.000
- 7) 40.000; 1.700
- 8) 50.000; 1.500
- 9) 60.000; 1.300

SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD

NOTE: ONLY PEAK CONFLUENCE VALUES CONSIDERED

\*USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL\*

NO.	HALF- CROWN TO		STREET-CROSSFALL:		CURB HEIGHT (FT)	GUTTER-GEOMETRIES:			MANNING FACTOR (n)
	WIDTH (FT)	CROSSFALL (FT)	IN- / SIDE	OUT- / PARK- / WAY		WIDTH (FT)	LIP (FT)	HIKE (FT)	
1	30.0	20.0	0.018/0.018/0.020	0.020	0.67	2.00	0.0313	0.167	0.0150
2	30.0	25.0	0.020/0.020/---	---	0.50	1.50	0.0100	0.125	0.0160
3	25.0	20.0	0.020/0.020/0.020	0.020	0.50	1.50	0.0100	0.125	0.0160
4	15.0	10.0	0.020/0.020/0.020	0.020	0.50	1.50	0.0100	0.125	0.0180

GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:

- 1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET  
 as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)
- 2. (Depth)\*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT\*FT/S)

\*SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.\*

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 800.00 TO NODE 805.00 IS CODE = 21

-----  
 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<<

=====

\*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):  
 USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8500  
 S. C. S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 92.00  
 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 285.00  
 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 284.00  
 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 1.00  
 URBAN SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 4.198  
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION ASSUMED AS 6-MIN.  
 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 4.210  
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.36  
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.36

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 805.00 TO NODE 810.00 IS CODE = 62

-----  
 >>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<<

>>>>(STREET TABLE SECTION # 3 USED)<<<<<<

=====

UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 284.00 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 273.00  
 STREET LENGTH(FEET) = 495.00 CURB HEIGHT(INCHES) = 6.0  
 STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 25.00

DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK(FEET) = 20.00  
 INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020  
 OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020

SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 2  
 STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020  
 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curbs-to-curbs) = 0.0160  
 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200

\*\*TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 3.93  
 STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW:  
 STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.26  
 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 7.93  
 AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.75  
 PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT\*FT/SEC.) = 0.72  
 STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 3.00 Tc(MIN.) = 9.00  
 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.640

\*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):

USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8500  
 S. C. S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 2.30 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 7.12  
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 2.40 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 7.47

END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS:

DEPTH(FEET) = 0.31 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 10.43  
 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 3.18 DEPTH\*VELOCITY(FT\*FT/SEC.) = 1.00  
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 800.00 TO NODE 810.00 = 587.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 810.00 TO NODE 820.00 IS CODE = 41

-----  
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<<

>>>>USING USER-SPECIFIED PIPE SIZE (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 271.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 270.50  
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 50.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013  
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 11.6 INCHES

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MCPRE8. RES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 6.19
GIVEN PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 18.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 7.47
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.13 Tc(MIN.) = 9.14
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 800.00 TO NODE 820.00 = 637.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 815.00 TO NODE 820.00 IS CODE = 81
-----
>>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<
=====
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.614
*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8500
S. C. S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.30 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.92
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 2.70 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 8.40
TC(MIN.) = 9.14
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 820.00 TO NODE 830.00 IS CODE = 41
-----
>>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>>USING USER-SPECIFIED PIPESIZE (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<
=====
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 270.50 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 269.50
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 94.00 MANNING' S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 12.4 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 6.48
GIVEN PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 18.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 8.40
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.24 Tc(MIN.) = 9.38
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 800.00 TO NODE 830.00 = 731.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 825.00 TO NODE 830.00 IS CODE = 81
-----
>>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<
=====
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.568
*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8500
S. C. S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.60 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.82
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 3.30 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 10.21
TC(MIN.) = 9.38
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 830.00 TO NODE 850.00 IS CODE = 41
-----
>>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>>USING USER-SPECIFIED PIPESIZE (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<
=====
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 269.50 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 268.50
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 90.00 MANNING' S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 14.3 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 6.77
GIVEN PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 18.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 10.21
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.22 Tc(MIN.) = 9.60
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 800.00 TO NODE 850.00 = 821.00 FEET.
*****

```

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 835.00 TO NODE 850.00 IS CODE = 81

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<

=====

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.526

\*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):

USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8500

S. C. S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0

SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.60 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.80

TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 3.90 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 12.01

TC(MIN.) = 9.60

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 840.00 TO NODE 850.00 IS CODE = 81

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<

=====

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.526

\*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):

USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8500

S. C. S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0

SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.30 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.90

TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 4.20 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 12.91

TC(MIN.) = 9.60

=====

END OF STUDY SUMMARY:

TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 4.20 TC(MIN.) = 9.60

PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 12.91

=====

END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

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RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE  
 Reference: SAN DIEGO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT  
 2003, 1985, 1981 HYDROLOGY MANUAL

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\*\*\*\*\* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY \*\*\*\*\*  
 \* J#18022-F MAPLE CANYON RESTORATION - PHASE 1 \*  
 \* PRE-PROJECT CONDITION HYDROLOGY RUN \*  
 \* SYSTEM 9 \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*

FILE NAME: MCPRE9. RAT  
 TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 11:28 11/16/2018

-----  
 USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:  
 -----

USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT(YEAR) = 100.00  
 SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 18.00  
 SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS(DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.90  
 RAINFALL-INTENSITY ADJUSTMENT FACTOR = 1.000

\*USER SPECIFIED:

NUMBER OF [TIME, INTENSITY] DATA PAIRS = 9

- 1) 5.000; 4.400
- 2) 10.000; 3.450
- 3) 15.000; 2.900
- 4) 20.000; 2.500
- 5) 25.000; 2.200
- 6) 30.000; 2.000
- 7) 40.000; 1.700
- 8) 50.000; 1.500
- 9) 60.000; 1.300

SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD

NOTE: ONLY PEAK CONFLUENCE VALUES CONSIDERED

\*USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL\*

NO.	HALF- WIDTH	CROWN TO CROSSFALL	STREET-CROSSFALL: IN- / OUT-/PARK- SIDE / SIDE/ WAY	CURB HEIGHT	GUTTER-GEOMETRIES:			MANNING
	(FT)	(FT)		(FT)	WIDTH (FT)	LIP (FT)	HIKE (FT)	FACTOR (n)
1	30.0	20.0	0.018/0.018/0.020	0.67	2.00	0.0313	0.167	0.0150
2	30.0	25.0	0.020/0.020/ ---	0.50	1.50	0.0100	0.125	0.0160
3	25.0	20.0	0.020/0.020/0.020	0.50	1.50	0.0100	0.125	0.0160
4	15.0	10.0	0.020/0.020/0.020	0.50	1.50	0.0100	0.125	0.0180

GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:

- 1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET  
 as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)
- 2. (Depth)\*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT\*FT/S)

\*SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN  
 OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.\*

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 900.00 TO NODE 905.00 IS CODE = 21

-----  
 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<<

=====

\*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):  
 USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8500  
 S. C. S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 94.00  
 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 272.00  
 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 271.00  
 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 1.00  
 URBAN SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 4.274  
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION ASSUMED AS 6-MIN.  
 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 4.210  
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.36  
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.36

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 905.00 TO NODE 910.00 IS CODE = 62

-----  
 >>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<<

>>>>(STREET TABLE SECTION # 4 USED)<<<<<<

=====

UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 271.00 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 268.00  
 STREET LENGTH(FEET) = 102.00 CURB HEIGHT(INCHES) = 6.0  
 STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 15.00

DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK(FEET) = 10.00  
 INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020  
 OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020

SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 2  
 STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020  
 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curbs-to-curbs) = 0.0180  
 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200

\*\*TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 0.70  
 STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW:  
 STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.16  
 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 2.89  
 AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.07  
 PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT\*FT/SEC.) = 0.34  
 STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.82 Tc(MIN.) = 6.82  
 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 4.054

\*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):

USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8500  
 S. C. S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.20 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.69  
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.30 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 1.05

END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS:

DEPTH(FEET) = 0.18 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 3.99  
 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.13 DEPTH\*VELOCITY(FT\*FT/SEC.) = 0.39  
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 900.00 TO NODE 910.00 = 196.00 FEET.

=====

END OF STUDY SUMMARY:  
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.30 TC(MIN.) = 6.82  
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 1.05

-----  
 END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

♀

\*\*\*\*\*

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 2003, 1985, 1981 HYDROLOGY MANUAL

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Analysis prepared by:

RI CK ENGINEERING COMPANY  
 5620 Fri ars Road  
 San Di ego, Cal i forni a 92110  
 619-291-0707 Fax 619-291-4165

\*\*\*\*\* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY \*\*\*\*\*  
 \* J#18022-F MAPLE CANYON RESTORATION - PHASE 1 \*  
 \* PRE-PROJECT CONDITION HYDROLOGY RUN \*  
 \* SYSTEM 10 \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*

FILE NAME: MCPRE10. RAT  
 TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 11:03 10/25/2018

-----  
 USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:  
 -----

USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT(YEAR) = 100.00  
 SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 18.00  
 SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS(DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.90  
 RAINFALL-INTENSITY ADJUSTMENT FACTOR = 1.000

\*USER SPECIFIED:

NUMBER OF [TIME, INTENSITY] DATA PAIRS = 9

- 1) 5.000; 4.400
- 2) 10.000; 3.450
- 3) 15.000; 2.900
- 4) 20.000; 2.500
- 5) 25.000; 2.200
- 6) 30.000; 2.000
- 7) 40.000; 1.700
- 8) 50.000; 1.500
- 9) 60.000; 1.300

SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD

NOTE: ONLY PEAK CONFLUENCE VALUES CONSIDERED

\*USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL\*

NO.	HALF-	CROWN TO	STREET-CROSSFALL:		CURB HEIGHT (FT)	GUTTER-GEOMETRIES:			MANNING FACTOR (n)
	WIDTH (FT)	CROSSFALL (FT)	IN- / SIDE	OUT- / PARK- / WAY		WIDTH (FT)	LIP (FT)	HIKE (FT)	
1	30.0	20.0	0.018/0.018/0.020		0.67	2.00	0.0313	0.167	0.0150
2	30.0	25.0	0.020/0.020/---		0.50	1.50	0.0100	0.125	0.0160
3	25.0	20.0	0.020/0.020/---		0.50	1.50	0.0100	0.125	0.0160

GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:

- 1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET  
 as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)
- 2. (Depth)\*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT\*FT/S)

\*SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.\*

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1000.00 TO NODE 1005.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<

```

=====
*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8500
S. C. S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 98.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 273.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 272.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 1.00
URBAN SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 4.425
TIME OF CONCENTRATION ASSUMED AS 6-MIN.
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 4.210
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.36
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.36
    
```

```

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1005.00 TO NODE 1010.00 IS CODE = 62
    
```

>>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<  
>>>>(STREET TABLE SECTION # 3 USED)<<<<<

```

=====
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 272.00 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 268.00
STREET LENGTH(FEET) = 449.00 CURB HEIGHT(INCHES) = 6.0
STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 25.00
    
```

```

DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK(FEET) = 20.00
INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020
OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020
    
```

```

SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 1
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curb-to-curb) = 0.0160
    
```

```

**TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 2.46
STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW:
STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.32
HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 10.63
AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.02
PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 0.64
STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 3.70 Tc(MIN.) = 9.70
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.507
    
```

```

*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8500
S. C. S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 1.40 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 4.17
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 1.50 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 4.53
    
```

```

END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS:
DEPTH(FEET) = 0.38 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 13.57
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.35 DEPTH*VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 0.88
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1000.00 TO NODE 1010.00 = 547.00 FEET.
    
```

```

=====
END OF STUDY SUMMARY:
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 1.50 TC(MIN.) = 9.70
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 4.53
=====
    
```

END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

\*\*\*\*\*

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2003, 1985, 1981 HYDROLOGY MANUAL

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Analysis prepared by:

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5620 Fri ars Road  
San Di ego, Cal i forni a 92110  
619-291-0707 Fax 619-291-4165

\*\*\*\*\* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY \*\*\*\*\*  
\* J#18022-F MAPLE CANYON RESTORATION - PHASE 1 \*  
\* PRE-PROJECT CONDITION HYDROLOGY RUN \*  
\* SYSTEM 11 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*

FILE NAME: MCPRE11. RAT  
TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 17: 59 12/06/2018

-----  
USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:  
-----

USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT(YEAR) = 100.00  
SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 18.00  
SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS(DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.90  
RAINFALL-INTENSITY ADJUSTMENT FACTOR = 1.000

\*USER SPECIFIED:  
NUMBER OF [TIME, INTENSITY] DATA PAIRS = 9  
1) 5.000; 4.400  
2) 10.000; 3.450  
3) 15.000; 2.900  
4) 20.000; 2.500  
5) 25.000; 2.200  
6) 30.000; 2.000  
7) 40.000; 1.700  
8) 50.000; 1.500  
9) 60.000; 1.300

SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD  
NOTE: ONLY PEAK CONFLUENCE VALUES CONSIDERED

\*USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL\*

NO.	HALF- WIDTH	CROWN TO CROSSFALL	STREET-CROSSFALL: IN- / OUT-/PARK- SIDE / SIDE/ WAY	CURB HEIGHT	GUTTER-GEOMETRIES:			MANNING
	(FT)	(FT)		(FT)	WIDTH (FT)	LIP (FT)	HIKE (FT)	FACTOR (n)
1	30.0	20.0	0.018/0.018/0.020	0.67	2.00	0.0313	0.167	0.0150
2	30.0	25.0	0.020/0.020/ ---	0.50	1.50	0.0100	0.125	0.0160
3	25.0	20.0	0.020/0.020/0.020	0.50	1.50	0.0100	0.125	0.0160

GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:

1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET  
as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)
2. (Depth)\*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT\*FT/S)

\*SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN  
OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.\*

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1100.00 TO NODE 1105.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<

```

=====
*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8500
S. C. S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 70.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 256.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 255.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 1.00
URBAN SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 3.343
TIME OF CONCENTRATION ASSUMED AS 6-MIN.
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 4.210
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.36
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.36
    
```

```

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1105.00 TO NODE 1110.00 IS CODE = 62
    
```

>>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<  
>>>>(STREET TABLE SECTION # 2 USED)<<<<<

```

=====
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 255.00 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 254.00
STREET LENGTH(FEET) = 40.00 CURB HEIGHT(INCHES) = 6.0
STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 30.00
    
```

```

DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK(FEET) = 25.00
INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020
OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020
    
```

```

SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 1
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curbs-to-curbs) = 0.0160
    
```

```

**TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 1.06
STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW:
STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.22
HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 5.81
AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.51
PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 0.56
STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.27 Tc(MIN.) = 6.27
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 4.160
    
```

```

*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8500
S. C. S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.40 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.41
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.50 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 1.77
    
```

```

END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS:
DEPTH(FEET) = 0.25 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 7.43
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.78 DEPTH*VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 0.70
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1100.00 TO NODE 1110.00 = 110.00 FEET.
    
```

```

=====
END OF STUDY SUMMARY:
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.50 TC(MIN.) = 6.27
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 1.77
=====
    
```

END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

\*\*\*\*\*

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Analysis prepared by:

RI CK ENGINEERING COMPANY  
 5620 Fri ars Road  
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 619-291-0707 Fax 619-291-4165

\*\*\*\*\* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY \*\*\*\*\*  
 \* J#18022-F MAPLE CANYON RESTORATION - PHASE 1 \*  
 \* PRE-PROJECT CONDITION HYDROLOGY RUN \*  
 \* SYSTEM 12 \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*

FILE NAME: MCPRE12. RAT  
 TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 17:56 12/06/2018

-----  
 USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:  
 -----

USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT(YEAR) = 100.00  
 SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 18.00  
 SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS(DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.90  
 RAINFALL-INTENSITY ADJUSTMENT FACTOR = 1.000

\*USER SPECIFIED:

NUMBER OF [TIME, INTENSITY] DATA PAIRS = 9

- 1) 5.000; 4.400
- 2) 10.000; 3.450
- 3) 15.000; 2.900
- 4) 20.000; 2.500
- 5) 25.000; 2.200
- 6) 30.000; 2.000
- 7) 40.000; 1.700
- 8) 50.000; 1.500
- 9) 60.000; 1.300

SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD

NOTE: ONLY PEAK CONFLUENCE VALUES CONSIDERED

\*USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL\*

NO.	HALF- WIDTH	CROWN TO CROSSFALL	STREET-CROSSFALL: IN- / OUT-/PARK- SIDE / SIDE/ WAY	CURB HEIGHT	GUTTER-GEOMETRIES:			MANNING
	(FT)	(FT)		(FT)	WIDTH (FT)	LIP (FT)	HIKE (FT)	FACTOR (n)
1	30.0	20.0	0.018/0.018/0.020	0.67	2.00	0.0313	0.167	0.0150
2	30.0	25.0	0.020/0.020/---	0.50	1.50	0.0100	0.125	0.0160
3	25.0	20.0	0.020/0.020/0.020	0.50	1.50	0.0100	0.125	0.0160

GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:

- 1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET  
 as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)
- 2. (Depth)\*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT\*FT/S)

\*SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN  
 OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.\*

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1200.00 TO NODE 1205.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<

```

=====
*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8500
S. C. S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 87.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 253.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 250.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 3.00
URBAN SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 2.778
*CAUTION: SUBAREA SLOPE EXCEEDS COUNTY NOMOGRAPH
DEFINITION. EXTRAPOLATION OF NOMOGRAPH USED.
TIME OF CONCENTRATION ASSUMED AS 6-MIN.
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 4.210
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.36
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.36

```

```

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1205.00 TO NODE 1210.00 IS CODE = 62
-----

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```

>>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>(STREET TABLE SECTION # 3 USED)<<<<<
-----

```

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UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 250.00 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 236.00
STREET LENGTH(FEET) = 410.00 CURB HEIGHT(INCHES) = 6.0
STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 25.00

```

```

DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK(FEET) = 20.00
INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020
OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020

```

```

SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 2
STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curbs-to-curbs) = 0.0160
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200

```

```

**TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 1.79
STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW:
STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.20
HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 4.92
AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.73
PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 0.55
STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 2.51 Tc(MIN.) = 8.51
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.734

```

```

*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8500
S. C. S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.90 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 2.86
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 1.00 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 3.21

```

```

END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS:
DEPTH(FEET) = 0.24 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 6.60
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 3.08 DEPTH*VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 0.73
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1200.00 TO NODE 1210.00 = 497.00 FEET.

```

```

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1210.00 TO NODE 1210.00 IS CODE = 81
-----

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```

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<
-----

```

```

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.734
*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8500

```



MCPRE12. RES

S. C. S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.60 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.90  
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 1.60 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 5.12  
TC(MIN.) = 8.51

=====

END OF STUDY SUMMARY:

TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 1.60 TC(MIN.) = 8.51  
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 5.12

=====

=====

END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

=====

†

\*\*\*\*\*

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Analysis prepared by:

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 5620 Fri ars Road  
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\*\*\*\*\* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY \*\*\*\*\*  
 \* J#18022-F MAPLE CANYON RESTORATION - PHASE 1 \*  
 \* PRE-PROJECT CONDITION HYDROLOGY RUN \*  
 \* SYSTEM 13, 14 \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*

FILE NAME: MCPRE14. RAT  
 TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 13: 54 03/31/2019

-----  
 USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:  
 -----

USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT(YEAR) = 100.00  
 SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 18.00  
 SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS(DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.90  
 RAINFALL-INTENSITY ADJUSTMENT FACTOR = 1.000

\*USER SPECIFIED:

NUMBER OF [TIME, INTENSITY] DATA PAIRS = 9

- 1) 5.000; 4.400
- 2) 10.000; 3.450
- 3) 15.000; 2.900
- 4) 20.000; 2.500
- 5) 25.000; 2.200
- 6) 30.000; 2.000
- 7) 40.000; 1.700
- 8) 50.000; 1.500
- 9) 60.000; 1.300

SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD

NOTE: ONLY PEAK CONFLUENCE VALUES CONSIDERED

\*USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL\*

NO.	HALF- WIDTH (FT)	CROWN TO CROSSFALL (FT)	STREET-CROSSFALL: IN- / OUT- / PARK- SIDE / SIDE / WAY	CURB HEIGHT (FT)	GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: WIDTH LIP HIKE (FT) (FT) (FT)	MANNING FACTOR (n)
1	30.0	20.0	0.018/0.018/0.020	0.67	2.00 0.0313 0.167	0.0150
2	30.0	25.0	0.020/0.020/ ---	0.50	1.50 0.0100 0.125	0.0160
3	25.0	20.0	0.020/0.020/0.020	0.50	1.50 0.0100 0.125	0.0160

GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:

- 1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET  
 as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)
- 2. (Depth)\*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT\*FT/S)

\*SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN  
 OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.\*

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1300.00 TO NODE 1305.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<

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=====
*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8500
S. C. S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 97.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 271.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 270.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 1.00
URBAN SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 4.387
TIME OF CONCENTRATION ASSUMED AS 6-MIN.
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 4.210
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.36
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.36

```

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*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1305.00 TO NODE 1310.00 IS CODE = 62
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>>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>(STREET TABLE SECTION # 3 USED)<<<<<

```

```

=====
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 270.00 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 236.00
STREET LENGTH(FEET) = 1001.00 CURB HEIGHT(INCHES) = 6.0
STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 25.00

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DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK(FEET) = 20.00
INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020
OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020

```

```

SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 1
STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curb-to-curb) = 0.0160
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200

```

```

**TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 7.38
STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW:
STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.36
HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 12.62
AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.40
PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 1.57
STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 3.79 Tc(MIN.) = 9.79
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.489

```

```

*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8500
S. C. S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 4.70 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 13.94
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 4.80 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 14.30

```

```

END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS:
DEPTH(FEET) = 0.43 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 16.45
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 5.12 DEPTH*VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 2.22
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1300.00 TO NODE 1310.00 = 1098.00 FEET.

```

```

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1310.00 TO NODE 1310.00 IS CODE = 81
-----

```

```

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<

```

```

=====
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.489
*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8500
S. C. S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.70 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 2.08

```

TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 5.50 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 16.37  
TC(MIN.) = 9.79

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1310.00 TO NODE 1315.00 IS CODE = 41

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<  
>>>>USING USER-SPECIFIED PIPE SIZE (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 236.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 217.83  
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 121.27 MANNING'S N = 0.013  
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 24.0 INCH PIPE IS 7.2 INCHES  
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 20.56  
GIVEN PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 24.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1  
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 16.37  
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.10 Tc(MIN.) = 9.89  
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1300.00 TO NODE 1315.00 = 1219.27 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1315.00 TO NODE 1315.00 IS CODE = 1

>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<

=====

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2  
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:  
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 9.89  
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.47  
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 5.50  
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 16.37

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1320.00 TO NODE 1325.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<

=====

\*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):  
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8500  
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 87.00  
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 268.00  
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 266.00  
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 2.00  
URBAN SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 3.180  
TIME OF CONCENTRATION ASSUMED AS 6-MIN.  
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 4.210  
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.36  
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.36

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1325.00 TO NODE 1330.00 IS CODE = 62

>>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<  
>>>>(STREET TABLE SECTION # 3 USED)<<<<<

=====

UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 266.00 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 230.00  
STREET LENGTH(FEET) = 1250.00 CURB HEIGHT(INCHES) = 6.0  
STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 25.00

DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK(FEET) = 20.00  
INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020  
OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020

SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 1

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STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020  
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curbs-to-curbs) = 0.0160  
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200

\*\*TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 9.89  
STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW:  
STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.40  
HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 14.65  
AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.43  
PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT\*FT/SEC.) = 1.76  
STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 4.70 Tc(MIN.) = 10.70  
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.373  
\*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):  
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8500  
S. C. S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 6.60 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 18.92  
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 6.70 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 19.28

END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS:  
DEPTH(FEET) = 0.49 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 19.02  
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 5.20 DEPTH\*VELOCITY(FT\*FT/SEC.) = 2.53  
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1320.00 TO NODE 1330.00 = 1337.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1330.00 TO NODE 1335.00 IS CODE = 41

-----  
>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<  
>>>>USING USER-SPECIFIED PIPESIZE (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 230.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 218.50  
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 55.32 MANNING'S N = 0.013  
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 36.0 INCH PIPE IS 6.3 INCHES  
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 23.18  
GIVEN PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 36.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1  
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 19.28  
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.04 Tc(MIN.) = 10.74  
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1320.00 TO NODE 1335.00 = 1392.32 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1335.00 TO NODE 1335.00 IS CODE = 81

-----  
>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<

=====

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.368  
\*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):  
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8500  
S. C. S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.60 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.72  
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 7.30 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 21.00  
TC(MIN.) = 10.74

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1335.00 TO NODE 1315.00 IS CODE = 41

-----  
>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<  
>>>>USING USER-SPECIFIED PIPESIZE (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 218.50 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 217.83  
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 100.83 MANNING'S N = 0.013  
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 36.0 INCH PIPE IS 16.0 INCHES  
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 6.92  
GIVEN PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 36.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1  
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 21.00

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PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.24      Tc(MIN.) = 10.99  
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1320.00 TO NODE 1315.00 = 1493.15 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1315.00 TO NODE 1315.00 IS CODE = 1

>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<  
 >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<

=====

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2  
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:  
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 10.99  
 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.34  
 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 7.30  
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 21.00

\*\* CONFLUENCE DATA \*\*

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)	AREA (ACRE)
1	16.37	9.89	3.470	5.50
2	21.00	10.99	3.342	7.30

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO  
 CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.

\*\* PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE \*\*

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)
1	36.59	9.89	3.470
2	36.76	10.99	3.342

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:  
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 36.76      Tc(MIN.) = 10.99  
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 12.80  
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1320.00 TO NODE 1315.00 = 1493.15 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1315.00 TO NODE 1355.00 IS CODE = 41

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<  
 >>>>USING USER-SPECIFIED PIPESIZE (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 217.83      DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 137.35  
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 309.24      MANNING'S N = 0.013  
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 36.0 INCH PIPE IS 8.2 INCHES  
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 30.33  
 GIVEN PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 36.00      NUMBER OF PIPES = 1  
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 36.76  
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.17      Tc(MIN.) = 11.16  
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1320.00 TO NODE 1355.00 = 1802.39 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1355.00 TO NODE 1355.00 IS CODE = 1

>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<

=====

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2  
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:  
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 11.16  
 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.32  
 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 12.80  
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 36.76

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\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1400.00 TO NODE 1405.00 IS CODE = 21

-----  
>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<

=====

\*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):  
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8500  
S. C. S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 55.10  
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 232.00  
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 226.00  
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 6.00  
URBAN SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 1.507  
\*CAUTION: SUBAREA SLOPE EXCEEDS COUNTY NOMOGRAPH  
DEFINITION. EXTRAPOLATION OF NOMOGRAPH USED.  
TIME OF CONCENTRATION ASSUMED AS 6-MIN.  
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 4.210  
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.36  
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.36

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1405.00 TO NODE 1410.00 IS CODE = 62

-----  
>>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<  
>>>>(STREET TABLE SECTION # 3 USED)<<<<<

=====

UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 226.00 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 211.00  
STREET LENGTH(FEET) = 485.00 CURB HEIGHT(INCHES) = 6.0  
STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 25.00

DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK(FEET) = 20.00  
INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020  
OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020

SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 2  
STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020  
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curb-to-curb) = 0.0160  
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200

\*\*TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 1.75  
STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW:  
STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.20  
HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 4.97  
AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.62  
PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT\*FT/SEC.) = 0.54  
STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 3.08 Tc(MIN.) = 9.08  
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.625

\*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):  
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8500  
S. C. S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.90 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 2.77  
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 1.00 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 3.13

END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS:  
DEPTH(FEET) = 0.24 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 6.68  
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.94 DEPTH\*VELOCITY(FT\*FT/SEC.) = 0.70  
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1400.00 TO NODE 1410.00 = 540.10 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1410.00 TO NODE 1410.00 IS CODE = 81

-----  
>>>>ADDIT ION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<

MCPRE14. RES

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.625
\*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8500
S. C. S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.80 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 2.46
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 1.80 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 5.60
TC(MIN.) = 9.08

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1410.00 TO NODE 1355.00 IS CODE = 41

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>USING USER-SPECIFIED PIPESIZE (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 211.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 137.35
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 162.97 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 36.0 INCH PIPE IS 2.9 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 21.00
GIVEN PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 36.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 5.60
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.13 Tc(MIN.) = 9.21
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1400.00 TO NODE 1355.00 = 703.07 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1355.00 TO NODE 1355.00 IS CODE = 1

>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<
>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 9.21
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.60
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 1.80
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 5.60

\*\* CONFLUENCE DATA \*\*

Table with 5 columns: STREAM NUMBER, RUNOFF (CFS), Tc (MIN.), INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR), AREA (ACRE). Rows for stream 1 and 2.

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.

\*\* PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE \*\*

Table with 4 columns: STREAM NUMBER, RUNOFF (CFS), Tc (MIN.), INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR). Rows for stream 1 and 2.

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 41.93 Tc(MIN.) = 11.16
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 14.60
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1320.00 TO NODE 1355.00 = 1802.39 FEET.

END OF STUDY SUMMARY:
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 14.60 TC(MIN.) = 11.16
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 41.93

END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS





\*\*\*\*\*

RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE  
 Reference: SAN DIEGO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT  
 2003, 1985, 1981 HYDROLOGY MANUAL

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 Ver. 1.5A Release Date: 01/01/2003 License ID 1261

Analysis prepared by:

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\*\*\*\*\* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY \*\*\*\*\*  
 \* J#18022-F MAPLE CANYON RESTORATION - PHASE 1 \*  
 \* PRE-PROJECT CONDITION HYDROLOGY RUN \*  
 \* SYSTEM 15 \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*

FILE NAME: MCPRE15. RAT  
 TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 11:21 10/25/2018

-----  
 USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:  
 -----

USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT(YEAR) = 100.00  
 SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 18.00  
 SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS(DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.90  
 RAINFALL-INTENSITY ADJUSTMENT FACTOR = 1.000

\*USER SPECIFIED:

NUMBER OF [TIME, INTENSITY] DATA PAIRS = 9

- 1) 5.000; 4.400
- 2) 10.000; 3.450
- 3) 15.000; 2.900
- 4) 20.000; 2.500
- 5) 25.000; 2.200
- 6) 30.000; 2.000
- 7) 40.000; 1.700
- 8) 50.000; 1.500
- 9) 60.000; 1.300

SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD

NOTE: ONLY PEAK CONFLUENCE VALUES CONSIDERED

\*USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL\*

NO.	HALF- WIDTH	CROWN TO CROSSFALL	STREET-CROSSFALL: IN- / OUT-/PARK- SIDE / SIDE/ WAY	CURB HEIGHT	GUTTER-GEOMETRIES:			MANNING FACTOR (n)
	(FT)	(FT)		(FT)	WIDTH (FT)	LIP (FT)	HIKE (FT)	
1	30.0	20.0	0.018/0.018/0.020	0.67	2.00	0.0313	0.167	0.0150
2	30.0	25.0	0.020/0.020/ ---	0.50	1.50	0.0100	0.125	0.0160
3	25.0	20.0	0.020/0.020/0.020	0.50	1.50	0.0100	0.125	0.0160

GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:

- 1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET  
 as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)
- 2. (Depth)\*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT\*FT/S)

\*SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN  
 OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.\*

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1500.00 TO NODE 1505.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<

=====
\*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):

USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8500
S. C. S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 123.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 259.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 256.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 3.00
URBAN SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 3.708
TIME OF CONCENTRATION ASSUMED AS 6-MIN.
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 4.210
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.36
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.36

\*\*\*\*\*
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1505.00 TO NODE 1510.00 IS CODE = 62
-----

>>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>(STREET TABLE SECTION # 3 USED)<<<<<

=====
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 256.00 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 189.00
STREET LENGTH(FEET) = 1580.00 CURB HEIGHT(INCHES) = 6.0
STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 25.00

DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK(FEET) = 20.00
INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020
OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020

SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 1
STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curb-to-curb) = 0.0160
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200

\*\*TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 15.87
STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW:
STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.43
HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 16.37
AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 5.74
PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT\*FT/SEC.) = 2.48
STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 4.59 Tc(MIN.) = 10.59
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.385

\*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):

USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8500
S. C. S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 10.70 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 30.79
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 10.80 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 31.15

END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS:

DEPTH(FEET) = 0.53 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 22.67
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 6.76 DEPTH\*VELOCITY(FT\*FT/SEC.) = 3.58
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1500.00 TO NODE 1510.00 = 1703.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1510.00 TO NODE 1515.00 IS CODE = 62
-----

>>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>(STREET TABLE SECTION # 3 USED)<<<<<

=====
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 189.00 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 184.00
STREET LENGTH(FEET) = 338.00 CURB HEIGHT(INCHES) = 6.0
STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 25.00

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DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK(FEET) = 20.00  
INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020  
OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020

SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 1  
STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020  
Manning' s FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curbs-to-curbs) = 0.0160  
Manning' s FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200

\*\*TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 34.04

\*\*\*STREET FLOW SPLITS OVER STREET-CROWN\*\*\*

FULL DEPTH(FEET) = 0.61 FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 30.25

FULL HALF-STREET VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.33

SPLIT DEPTH(FEET) = 0.37 SPLIT FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 13.24

SPLIT FLOW(CFS) = 5.43 SPLIT VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.95

STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW:

STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.61

HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 30.25

AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.33

PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT\*FT/SEC.) = 2.62

STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.30 Tc(MIN.) = 11.89

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.242

\*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):

USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8500

S. C. S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0

SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 2.10 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 5.79

TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 12.90 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 36.94

END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS:

DEPTH(FEET) = 0.61 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 30.25

FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.33 DEPTH\*VELOCITY(FT\*FT/SEC.) = 2.62

LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1500.00 TO NODE 1515.00 = 2041.00 FEET.

=====

END OF STUDY SUMMARY:

TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 12.90 TC(MIN.) = 11.89

PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 36.94

=====

END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

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\*\*\*\*\*

RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE  
 Reference: SAN DIEGO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT  
 2003, 1985, 1981 HYDROLOGY MANUAL

(c) Copyright 1982-2003 Advanced Engineering Software (aes)  
 Ver. 1.5A Release Date: 01/01/2003 License ID 1261

Analysis prepared by:

RICK ENGINEERING COMPANY  
 5620 Friars Road  
 San Diego, California 92110  
 619-291-0707 Fax 619-291-4165

\*\*\*\*\* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY \*\*\*\*\*  
 \* J#18022-F MAPLE CANYON RESTORATION - PHASE 1 \*  
 \* PRE-PROJECT CONDITION HYDROLOGY RUN \*  
 \* SYSTEM 16 \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*

FILE NAME: MCPRE16. RAT  
 TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 11:37 05/08/2019

-----  
 USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:  
 -----

USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT(YEAR) = 100.00  
 SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 18.00  
 SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS(DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.90  
 RAINFALL-INTENSITY ADJUSTMENT FACTOR = 1.000

\*USER SPECIFIED:

NUMBER OF [TIME, INTENSITY] DATA PAIRS = 9

- 1) 5.000; 4.400
- 2) 10.000; 3.450
- 3) 15.000; 2.900
- 4) 20.000; 2.500
- 5) 25.000; 2.200
- 6) 30.000; 2.000
- 7) 40.000; 1.700
- 8) 50.000; 1.500
- 9) 60.000; 1.300

SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD

NOTE: ONLY PEAK CONFLUENCE VALUES CONSIDERED

\*USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL\*

NO.	HALF- WIDTH (FT)	CROWN TO CROSSFALL (FT)	STREET-CROSSFALL: IN- / OUT- / PARK- SIDE / SIDE / WAY	CURB HEIGHT (FT)	GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: WIDTH LIP HIKE (FT) (FT) (FT)	MANNING FACTOR (n)
1	30.0	20.0	0.018/0.018/0.020	0.67	2.00 0.0313 0.167	0.0150
2	20.0	15.0	0.020/0.020/ ---	0.50	1.50 0.0100 0.125	0.0160

GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:

- 1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.10 FEET  
 as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)
- 2. (Depth)\*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT\*FT/S)

\*SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN  
 OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.\*

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1600.00 TO NODE 1605.00 IS CODE = 21

-----  
 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<

=====

\*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):

USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8500  
 S. C. S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 103.00  
 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 190.00  
 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 176.00  
 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 14.00  
 URBAN SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 1.914  
 \*CAUTION: SUBAREA SLOPE EXCEEDS COUNTY NOMOGRAPH  
 DEFINITION. EXTRAPOLATION OF NOMOGRAPH USED.  
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION ASSUMED AS 6-MIN.  
 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 4.210  
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.36  
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.36

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1605.00 TO NODE 1610.00 IS CODE = 62

-----

>>>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<<  
 >>>>>(STREET TABLE SECTION # 2 USED)<<<<<<

=====

UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 176.00 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 138.00  
 STREET LENGTH(FEET) = 320.00 CURB HEIGHT(INCHES) = 6.0  
 STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 20.00

DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK(FEET) = 15.00  
 INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020  
 OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020

SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 1  
 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curbs-to-curbs) = 0.0160

\*\*TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 1.38  
 STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW:  
 STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.19  
 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 4.43  
 AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.89  
 PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT\*FT/SEC.) = 0.95  
 STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.09 Tc(MIN.) = 7.09  
 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 4.003

\*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):

USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8500  
 S. C. S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.60 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 2.04  
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.70 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 2.40

END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS:

DEPTH(FEET) = 0.22 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 5.94  
 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 5.46 DEPTH\*VELOCITY(FT\*FT/SEC.) = 1.22  
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1600.00 TO NODE 1610.00 = 423.00 FEET.

-----

END OF STUDY SUMMARY:

TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.70 TC(MIN.) = 7.09  
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 2.40

-----

END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

♀

## **APPENDIX B**

### **Modified Rational Method Analyses (100-year, 6-hour)**

**[Post-project Condition]**

**Refer to Appendix A. Post-project runoff remains similar to pre-project runoff**

## **APPENDIX C**

### **Hydraulic Analyses – Inlet Sizing [Post-project Condition]**



**Curb Inlets in Sag Sizing**

Solve for Length using both weir and orifice equations and use the larger length for sizing purposes.

**Inlet Sizing as Weir Equation**  
**Equation 3-3. Shallow Depth Weir** (City of San Diego, Drainage Design Manual (Jan 2018))

Equation 3-3 is valid only if flow depth,  $d <$  curb height,  $h$  or else use Equation 3-5

$$Q = C_w L_w d^{3/2}$$

Where,  
 $Q$  = inlet capacity (cfs)  
 $C_w$  = weir discharge coefficient  
 $L_w$  = weir length  
 $d$  = flow depth

**Inlet Sizing as Orifice Equation**  
**Equation 3-4. Higher Flow Depth Curb Inlet (City of San Diego, Drainage Design Manual (Jan 2018))**

$$Q = 0.67hL(2gd_0)^{1/2}$$

Where,  
 $Q$  = inlet capacity (cfs)  
 $h$  = curb opening height (ft)  
 $L$  = curb opening length (ft)  
 $g$  = gravitational acceleration ( $32.2 \text{ ft/s}^2$ )  
 $d_0$  = effective depth of flow at curb face (ft)

**Equation 3-5. Effective Depth of Flow at Curb Face (City of San Diego, Drainage Design Manual (Jan 2018))**

$$d_0 = (y+a) - (h/2) \sin \Theta$$

Where,  
 $y$  = depth of flow in adjacent gutter (ft)  
 $a$  = curb inlet depression  
 $(h/2) \sin \Theta$  = adjustment for curb inlet throat width ( $h$ ) and angle of throat incline ( $\Theta$ ). For a standard 6-inch curb inlet opening with a 4-inch depression (SD-RSD No. SDD 102),  $(h/2) \sin \Theta = 3.1$  inches (0.26 ft)

Inlet ID	Depth of Flow in Adjacent Gutter, $y$ (ft)	Curb Inlet Depression, $a$ (ft)	$(h/2) \sin \Theta$ (ft)	Effective Depth of Flow at Curb Face, $d_0$ (ft)	Inlet Flow, $Q$ (cfs)	Curb Opening Height, $h$ (ft)	Clogging Factor (%)	Curb Opening Length w/ Clogging <sup>1</sup>
System 1- Node 135	0.314	0.33	0.26	0.384	4.1	0.5	0%	5.7
System 3- Node 315	0.307	0.33	0.26	0.377	6.0	0.5	0%	8.6
System 4- Node 410	0.253	0.33	0.26	0.323	2.1	0.5	0%	4.0
System 10- Node 1010	0.313	0.33	0.26	0.383	4.5	0.5	0%	6.3
System 11- Node 1110	0.224	0.33	0.26	0.294	1.8	0.5	0%	4.0
System 14- Node 1410	0.353	0.33	0.26	0.423	5.6	0.6	0%	6.8

Note:

1. A minimum curb opening length of 4ft is used when the equations yield a opening length less than 4ft.

**Curb Inlets on Grade Sizing****Equation 3-2. Capacity of Curb Inlet** (City of San Diego, Drainage Design Manual (Jan 2018))

$$Q/L_T = 0.7 (a+y)^{3/2}$$

Where,

Q = interception capacity of the curb inlet (cfs)

y = depth of flow approaching the curb inlet (ft; maximum of y = 0.4)

a = depth of depression of curb at inlet (ft; use a = 0.33)

L<sub>T</sub> = length of clear opening of inlet for total interception (ft)

Inlet ID	Inlet Flow, Q (cfs)	Depth of Depression of Curb at Inlet, a (ft)	Depth of Flow Approaching the Curb Inlet, y (ft)	Length of Curb Inlet Opening, L <sub>T</sub> , (ft) <sup>1</sup>
System 1- Node 115	5.5	0.33	0.335	14.5
System 2- Node 210	3	0.33	0.173	12.0
System 7- Node 710	4.1	0.33	0.258	13.0
System 7- Node 725	1	0.33	0.246	4.0
System 7- Node 745	0.7	0.33	0.205	4.0

Note:

1. A minimum curb opening length of 4ft is used when the equations yield a opening length less than 4ft.

# Hydraulic Analysis Report

## Project Data

Project Title: System 1  
Designer:  
Project Date: Monday, March 04, 2019  
Project Units: U.S. Customary Units  
Notes:

## Curb and Gutter Analysis: System1\_Node115

Notes:

## Gutter Input Parameters

Longitudinal Slope of Road: 0.0139 ft/ft  
Cross-Slope of Pavement: 0.0200 ft/ft  
Depressed Gutter Geometry  
Cross-Slope of Gutter: 0.0830 ft/ft  
Manning's n: 0.0150  
Gutter Width: 1.5000 ft  
Design Flow: 5.5000 cfs

## Gutter Result Parameters

Width of Spread: 12.0340 ft  
Gutter Depression: 1.1340 in  
Area of Flow: 1.5191 ft<sup>2</sup>  
Eo (Gutter Flow to Total Flow): 0.3717  
Gutter Depth at Curb: 4.0222 in

## Inlet Input Parameters

Inlet Location: Inlet on Grade  
Inlet Type: Curb Opening  
Length of Inlet: 15.0000 ft  
Local Depression: 4.0000 in

## Inlet Result Parameters

Intercepted Flow: 5.5000 cfs  
Bypass Flow: 0.0000 cfs  
Efficiency: 1.0000

## **Curb and Gutter Analysis: System1\_Node135**

Notes:

### **Gutter Input Parameters**

Longitudinal Slope of Road: 0.0120 ft/ft

Cross-Slope of Pavement: 0.0200 ft/ft

Depressed Gutter Geometry

Cross-Slope of Gutter: 0.0830 ft/ft

Manning's n: 0.0150

Gutter Width: 1.5000 ft

Design Flow: 4.1000 cfs

### **Gutter Result Parameters**

Width of Spread: 10.9937 ft

Gutter Depression: 1.1340 in

Area of Flow: 1.2795 ft<sup>2</sup>

Eo (Gutter Flow to Total Flow): 0.4066

Gutter Depth at Curb: 3.7725 in

### **Inlet Input Parameters**

Inlet Location: Inlet in Sag

Percent Clogging: 0.0000 %

Inlet Type: Curb Opening

Length of Inlet: 6.0000 ft

Curb opening height: 6.0000 in

Local Depression: 4.0000 in

### **Inlet Result Parameters**

Perimeter: 8.7000 ft

Effective Perimeter: 8.7000 ft

Area: 5.0000 ft<sup>2</sup>

Effective Area: 5.0000 ft<sup>2</sup>

Depth at curb face (upstream of local depression): 0.3476 ft

Computed Width of Spread at Sag: 12.6528 ft

Flow type: Weir Flow

Efficiency: 1.0000

# Hydraulic Analysis Report

## Project Data

Project Title: System 2  
Designer:  
Project Date: Monday, March 04, 2019  
Project Units: U.S. Customary Units  
Notes:

## Curb and Gutter Analysis: System2\_Node210

Notes:

## Gutter Input Parameters

Longitudinal Slope of Road: 0.0300 ft/ft  
Cross-Slope of Pavement: 0.0200 ft/ft  
Depressed Gutter Geometry  
Cross-Slope of Gutter: 0.0830 ft/ft  
Manning's n: 0.0150  
Gutter Width: 1.5000 ft  
Width of Spread: 7.8935 ft

## Gutter Result Parameters

Design Flow: 3.0000 cfs  
Gutter Depression: 1.1340 in  
Area of Flow: 0.6939 ft<sup>2</sup>  
Eo (Gutter Flow to Total Flow): 0.5534  
Gutter Depth at Curb: 3.0284 in

## Inlet Input Parameters

Inlet Location: Inlet on Grade  
Inlet Type: Curb Opening  
Length of Inlet: 12.0000 ft  
Local Depression: 4.0000 in

## Inlet Result Parameters

Intercepted Flow: 3.0000 cfs  
Bypass Flow: 0.0000 cfs  
Efficiency: 1.0000

# Hydraulic Analysis Report

## Project Data

Project Title: System 3  
Designer:  
Project Date: Monday, March 04, 2019  
Project Units: U.S. Customary Units  
Notes:

## Curb and Gutter Analysis: System3\_Node315

Notes:

## Gutter Input Parameters

Longitudinal Slope of Road: 0.0140 ft/ft  
Cross-Slope of Pavement: 0.0200 ft/ft  
Depressed Gutter Geometry  
Cross-Slope of Gutter: 0.0830 ft/ft  
Manning's n: 0.0150  
Gutter Width: 1.5000 ft  
Design Flow: 4.1000 cfs

## Gutter Result Parameters

Width of Spread: 10.6475 ft  
Gutter Depression: 1.1340 in  
Area of Flow: 1.2046 ft<sup>2</sup>  
Eo (Gutter Flow to Total Flow): 0.4195  
Gutter Depth at Curb: 3.6894 in

## Inlet Input Parameters

Inlet Location: Inlet in Sag  
Percent Clogging: 0.0000 %  
Inlet Type: Curb Opening  
Length of Inlet: 9.0000 ft  
Curb opening height: 6.0000 in  
Local Depression: 4.0000 in

## Inlet Result Parameters

Perimeter: 11.7000 ft  
Effective Perimeter: 11.7000 ft  
Area: 7.5000 ft<sup>2</sup>

Effective Area: 7.5000 ft<sup>2</sup>

Depth at curb face (upstream of local depression): 0.2853 ft

Computed Width of Spread at Sag: 9.5382 ft

Flow type: Weir Flow

Efficiency: 1.0000

# Hydraulic Analysis Report

## Project Data

Project Title: System 4  
Designer:  
Project Date: Monday, March 04, 2019  
Project Units: U.S. Customary Units  
Notes:

## Curb and Gutter Analysis: System4\_Node410

Notes:

## Gutter Input Parameters

Longitudinal Slope of Road: 0.0142 ft/ft  
Cross-Slope of Pavement: 0.0200 ft/ft  
Depressed Gutter Geometry  
Cross-Slope of Gutter: 0.0830 ft/ft  
Manning's n: 0.0150  
Gutter Width: 1.5000 ft  
Design Flow: 2.1000 cfs

## Gutter Result Parameters

Width of Spread: 7.9552 ft  
Gutter Depression: 1.1340 in  
Area of Flow: 0.7037 ft<sup>2</sup>  
Eo (Gutter Flow to Total Flow): 0.5497  
Gutter Depth at Curb: 3.0432 in

## Inlet Input Parameters

Inlet Location: Inlet in Sag  
Percent Clogging: 0.0000 %  
Inlet Type: Curb Opening  
Length of Inlet: 4.0000 ft  
Curb opening height: 6.0000 in  
Local Depression: 4.0000 in

## Inlet Result Parameters

Perimeter: 6.7000 ft  
Effective Perimeter: 6.7000 ft  
Area: 3.3333 ft<sup>2</sup>



Effective Area: 3.3333 ft<sup>2</sup>

Depth at curb face (upstream of local depression): 0.2648 ft

Computed Width of Spread at Sag: 8.5158 ft

Flow type: Weir Flow

Efficiency: 1.0000

## Grate Inlet Sizing (Weir vs. Orifice)

Weir coefficient,  $C_w$

3.0

Orifice coefficient,  $C_o$

0.60

Available head,  $h$  (feet)

0.30

Inlet Type	Width (inches)	Capacity based on Weir Equation <sup>3,4</sup> , $Q_{cap}$ (cfs <sup>5</sup> )	Capacity based on Orifice Equation <sup>3,4</sup> , $Q_{cap}$ (cfs <sup>5</sup> )	Governing Equation
1212 Series - 12"x12" Catch Basin <sup>1</sup>	14.4375	1.05	1.47	Weir
1218 Series - 12"x18" Catch Basin <sup>1</sup>	19.1875	1.22	1.96	Weir
1818 Series - 18"x18" Catch Basin <sup>1</sup>	19.2500	1.38	2.50	Weir
2424 Series - 24"x24" Catch Basin <sup>1</sup>	25.1875	<b>1.78</b>	4.18	Weir
3636 Series - 36"x36" Catch Basin <sup>1</sup>	34.9375	<b>2.60</b>	8.72	Weir
Type 'I' Catch Basin <sup>2</sup>	22.5000	2.27	6.41	Weir

Note:

1. Based on Brooks Products, Inc. - H 20-44 Traffic, Steel Grate, not Parkway, Cast-iron grate
2. Based on Drawing Number D-13 & D-15 in the City of San Diego Regional Standard Drawings, dated April 2003
3. A reduction factor of 50% assumed for clogging.
4. Weir equation,  $Q = C_w L_e (h)^{3/2}$ ; Orifice equation,  $Q = C_o A_e (2gh)^{1/2}$
5. "cfs" = cubic feet per second

# Hydraulic Analysis Report

## Project Data

Project Title: System 6

Designer:

Project Date: Thursday, January 03, 2019

Project Units: U.S. Customary Units

Notes:

## Curb and Gutter Analysis: Node\_675

Notes:

## Gutter Input Parameters

Longitudinal Slope of Road: 0.0450 ft/ft

Cross-Slope of Pavement: 0.0200 ft/ft

Depressed Gutter Geometry

Cross-Slope of Gutter: 0.0830 ft/ft

Manning's n: 0.0150

Gutter Width: 2.0000 ft

Design Flow: 18.1000 cfs

## Gutter Result Parameters

Width of Spread: 15.0067 ft

Gutter Depression: 1.5120 in

Area of Flow: 2.3780 ft<sup>2</sup>

Eo (Gutter Flow to Total Flow): 0.3973

Gutter Depth at Curb: 5.1136 in

## Inlet Input Parameters

Inlet Location: Inlet on Grade

Inlet Type: Curb Opening

Length of Inlet: 20.0000 ft

Local Depression: 4.0000 in

## Inlet Result Parameters

Intercepted Flow: 13.6200 cfs

Bypass Flow: 4.4800 cfs

Efficiency: 0.7525

## **Curb and Gutter Analysis: Node\_665**

Notes:

### **Gutter Input Parameters**

Longitudinal Slope of Road: 0.0150 ft/ft

Cross-Slope of Pavement: 0.0200 ft/ft

Depressed Gutter Geometry

Cross-Slope of Gutter: 0.0830 ft/ft

Manning's n: 0.0150

Gutter Width: 2.0000 ft

Design Flow: 22.2000 cfs

### **Gutter Result Parameters**

Width of Spread: 20.3251 ft

Gutter Depression: 1.5120 in

Area of Flow: 4.2571 ft<sup>2</sup>

Eo (Gutter Flow to Total Flow): 0.2920

Gutter Depth at Curb: 6.3900 in

### **Inlet Input Parameters**

Inlet Location: Inlet on Grade

Inlet Type: Curb Opening

Length of Inlet: 18.0000 ft

Local Depression: 4.0000 in

### **Inlet Result Parameters**

Intercepted Flow: 16.6057 cfs

Bypass Flow: 5.5943 cfs

Efficiency: 0.7480

## **Curb and Gutter Analysis: Node\_680**

Notes:

### **Gutter Input Parameters**

Longitudinal Slope of Road: 0.0070 ft/ft

Cross-Slope of Pavement: 0.0200 ft/ft

Depressed Gutter Geometry

Cross-Slope of Gutter: 0.0830 ft/ft

Manning's n: 0.0150

Gutter Width: 2.0000 ft

Design Flow: 12.8000 cfs

### **Gutter Result Parameters**

Width of Spread: 19.0036 ft

Gutter Depression: 1.5120 in

Area of Flow: 3.7374 ft<sup>2</sup>

E<sub>o</sub> (Gutter Flow to Total Flow): 0.3130

Gutter Depth at Curb: 6.0729 in

### **Inlet Input Parameters**

Inlet Location: Inlet on Grade

Inlet Type: Curb Opening

Length of Inlet: 10.0000 ft

Local Depression: 4.0000 in

### **Inlet Result Parameters**

Intercepted Flow: 8.9403 cfs

Bypass Flow: 3.8597 cfs

Efficiency: 0.6985

## **Curb and Gutter Analysis: Node\_685**

Notes:

### **Gutter Input Parameters**

Longitudinal Slope of Road: 0.0070 ft/ft

Cross-Slope of Pavement: 0.0200 ft/ft

Depressed Gutter Geometry

Cross-Slope of Gutter: 0.0830 ft/ft

Manning's n: 0.0150

Gutter Width: 2.0000 ft

Width of Spread: 21.7909 ft

### **Gutter Result Parameters**

Design Flow: 18.1000 cfs

Gutter Depression: 1.5120 in

Area of Flow: 4.8744 ft<sup>2</sup>

E<sub>o</sub> (Gutter Flow to Total Flow): 0.2716

Gutter Depth at Curb: 6.7418 in

### **Inlet Input Parameters**

Inlet Location: Inlet on Grade

Inlet Type: Curb Opening

Length of Inlet: 20.0000 ft

Local Depression: 4.0000 in

### **Inlet Result Parameters**

Intercepted Flow: 16.9862 cfs

Bypass Flow: 1.1138 cfs

Efficiency: 0.9385

# Hydraulic Analysis Report

## Project Data

Project Title: System 7  
Designer:  
Project Date: Monday, March 04, 2019  
Project Units: U.S. Customary Units  
Notes:

## Curb and Gutter Analysis: System7\_Node710

Notes:

## Gutter Input Parameters

Longitudinal Slope of Road: 0.0470 ft/ft  
Cross-Slope of Pavement: 0.0200 ft/ft  
Depressed Gutter Geometry  
Cross-Slope of Gutter: 0.0830 ft/ft  
Manning's n: 0.0150  
Gutter Width: 1.5000 ft  
Width of Spread: 8.1835 ft

## Gutter Result Parameters

Design Flow: 4.0700 cfs  
Gutter Depression: 1.1340 in  
Area of Flow: 0.7406 ft<sup>2</sup>  
Eo (Gutter Flow to Total Flow): 0.5362  
Gutter Depth at Curb: 3.0980 in

## Inlet Input Parameters

Inlet Location: Inlet on Grade  
Inlet Type: Curb Opening  
Length of Inlet: 14.0000 ft  
Local Depression: 4.0000 in

## Inlet Result Parameters

Intercepted Flow: 4.0159 cfs  
Bypass Flow: 0.0541 cfs  
Efficiency: 0.9867

## **Curb and Gutter Analysis: System7\_Node725**

Notes:

### **Gutter Input Parameters**

Longitudinal Slope of Road: 0.0040 ft/ft

Cross-Slope of Pavement: 0.0200 ft/ft

Depressed Gutter Geometry

Cross-Slope of Gutter: 0.0830 ft/ft

Manning's n: 0.0150

Gutter Width: 1.5000 ft

Width of Spread: 7.5736 ft

### **Gutter Result Parameters**

Design Flow: 1.0000 cfs

Gutter Depression: 1.1340 in

Area of Flow: 0.6445 ft<sup>2</sup>

E<sub>o</sub> (Gutter Flow to Total Flow): 0.5734

Gutter Depth at Curb: 2.9517 in

### **Inlet Input Parameters**

Inlet Location: Inlet on Grade

Inlet Type: Curb Opening

Length of Inlet: 4.0000 ft

Local Depression: 4.0000 in

### **Inlet Result Parameters**

Intercepted Flow: 1.0000 cfs

Bypass Flow: 0.0000 cfs

Efficiency: 1.0000



## **Curb and Gutter Analysis: System7\_Node745**

Notes:

### **Gutter Input Parameters**

Longitudinal Slope of Road: 0.0070 ft/ft

Cross-Slope of Pavement: 0.0200 ft/ft

Depressed Gutter Geometry

Cross-Slope of Gutter: 0.0830 ft/ft

Manning's n: 0.0150

Gutter Width: 1.5000 ft

Width of Spread: 5.5540 ft

### **Gutter Result Parameters**

Design Flow: 0.7000 cfs

Gutter Depression: 1.1340 in

Area of Flow: 0.3793 ft<sup>2</sup>

Eo (Gutter Flow to Total Flow): 0.7259

Gutter Depth at Curb: 2.4670 in

### **Inlet Input Parameters**

Inlet Location: Inlet on Grade

Inlet Type: Curb Opening

Length of Inlet: 4.0000 ft

Local Depression: 4.0000 in

### **Inlet Result Parameters**

Intercepted Flow: 0.7000 cfs

Bypass Flow: 0.0000 cfs

Efficiency: 1.0000

## Grate Inlet Sizing (Weir vs. Orifice)

Weir coefficient,  $C_w$

3.0

Orifice coefficient,  $C_o$

0.60

Available head,  $h$  (feet)

0.30

Inlet Type	Width (inches)	Capacity based on Weir Equation <sup>3,4</sup> , $Q_{cap}$ (cfs <sup>5</sup> )	Capacity based on Orifice Equation <sup>3,4</sup> , $Q_{cap}$ (cfs <sup>5</sup> )	Governing Equation
1212 Series - 12"x12" Catch Basin <sup>1</sup>	14.4375	1.05	1.47	Weir
1218 Series - 12"x18" Catch Basin <sup>1</sup>	19.1875	1.22	1.96	Weir
1818 Series - 18"x18" Catch Basin <sup>1</sup>	19.2500	1.38	2.50	Weir
2424 Series - 24"x24" Catch Basin <sup>1</sup>	25.1875	<b>1.78</b>	4.18	Weir
3636 Series - 36"x36" Catch Basin <sup>1</sup>	34.9375	<b>2.60</b>	8.72	Weir
Type 'I' Catch Basin <sup>2</sup>	22.5000	2.27	6.41	Weir

Note:

1. Based on Brooks Products, Inc. - H 20-44 Traffic, Steel Grate, not Parkway, Cast-iron grate
2. Based on Drawing Number D-13 & D-15 in the City of San Diego Regional Standard Drawings, dated April 2003
3. A reduction factor of 50% assumed for clogging.
4. Weir equation,  $Q = C_w L_e (h)^{3/2}$ ; Orifice equation,  $Q = C_o A_e (2gh)^{1/2}$
5. "cfs" = cubic feet per second

# Hydraulic Analysis Report

## Project Data

Project Title: System 10

Designer:

Project Date: Thursday, January 03, 2019

Project Units: U.S. Customary Units

Notes:

## Curb and Gutter Analysis: System10\_Node1010

Notes:

## Gutter Input Parameters

Longitudinal Slope of Road: 0.0150 ft/ft

Cross-Slope of Pavement: 0.0200 ft/ft

Depressed Gutter Geometry

Cross-Slope of Gutter: 0.0830 ft/ft

Manning's n: 0.0150

Gutter Width: 1.5000 ft

Width of Spread: 10.9099 ft

## Gutter Result Parameters

Design Flow: 4.5000 cfs

Gutter Depression: 1.1340 in

Area of Flow: 1.2611 ft<sup>2</sup>

E<sub>o</sub> (Gutter Flow to Total Flow): 0.4096

Gutter Depth at Curb: 3.7524 in

## Inlet Input Parameters

Inlet Location: Inlet in Sag

Percent Clogging: 0.0000 %

Inlet Type: Curb Opening

Length of Inlet: 13.0000 ft

Curb opening height: 6.0000 in

Local Depression: 4.0000 in

## Inlet Result Parameters

Perimeter: 13.0000 ft

Effective Perimeter: 13.0000 ft

Area: 10.8333 ft<sup>2</sup>

Effective Area: 10.8333 ft<sup>2</sup>

Depth at curb face (upstream of local depression): 0.2370 ft

Computed Width of Spread at Sag: 7.1255 ft

Flow type: Weir Flow

Efficiency: 1.0000

# Hydraulic Analysis Report

## Project Data

Project Title: System 11

Designer:

Project Date: Thursday, January 03, 2019

Project Units: U.S. Customary Units

Notes:

## Curb and Gutter Analysis: System11\_Node1110

Notes:

## Gutter Input Parameters

Longitudinal Slope of Road: 0.0250 ft/ft

Cross-Slope of Pavement: 0.0200 ft/ft

Depressed Gutter Geometry

Cross-Slope of Gutter: 0.0830 ft/ft

Manning's n: 0.0150

Gutter Width: 1.5000 ft

Width of Spread: 6.4883 ft

## Gutter Result Parameters

Design Flow: 1.8000 cfs

Gutter Depression: 1.1340 in

Area of Flow: 0.4919 ft<sup>2</sup>

E<sub>o</sub> (Gutter Flow to Total Flow): 0.6496

Gutter Depth at Curb: 2.6912 in

## Inlet Input Parameters

Inlet Location: Inlet in Sag

Percent Clogging: 0.0000 %

Inlet Type: Curb Opening

Length of Inlet: 13.0000 ft

Curb opening height: 6.0000 in

Local Depression: 4.0000 in

## Inlet Result Parameters

Perimeter: 13.0000 ft

Effective Perimeter: 13.0000 ft

Area: 10.8333 ft<sup>2</sup>

Effective Area: 10.8333 ft<sup>2</sup>

Depth at curb face (upstream of local depression): 0.1287 ft

Computed Width of Spread at Sag: 1.7084 ft

Flow type: Weir Flow

Efficiency: 1.0000

# Hydraulic Analysis Report

## Project Data

Project Title: System 12

Designer:

Project Date: Thursday, January 03, 2019

Project Units: U.S. Customary Units

Notes:

## Curb and Gutter Analysis: System12\_Node1210\_Combolnlet

Notes:

## Gutter Input Parameters

Longitudinal Slope of Road: 0.0320 ft/ft

Cross-Slope of Pavement: 0.0200 ft/ft

Depressed Gutter Geometry

Cross-Slope of Gutter: 0.0830 ft/ft

Manning's n: 0.0150

Gutter Width: 1.5000 ft

Design Flow: 5.2000 cfs

## Gutter Result Parameters

Width of Spread: 9.8908 ft

Gutter Depression: 1.1340 in

Area of Flow: 1.0492 ft<sup>2</sup>

Eo (Gutter Flow to Total Flow): 0.4504

Gutter Depth at Curb: 3.5078 in

## Inlet Input Parameters

Inlet Location: Inlet in Sag

Percent Clogging: 0.0000 %

Inlet Type: Curb Opening

Length of Inlet: 10.0000 ft

Curb opening height: 6.0000 in

Local Depression: 4.0000 in

## Inlet Result Parameters

Perimeter: 12.7000 ft

Effective Perimeter: 12.7000 ft

Area: 8.3333 ft<sup>2</sup>

Effective Area: 8.3333 ft<sup>2</sup>

Depth at curb face (upstream of local depression): 0.3165 ft

Computed Width of Spread at Sag: 11.0978 ft

Flow type: Weir Flow

Efficiency: 1.0000



## **Curb and Gutter Analysis: System13\_Node1310\_Combolnlet**

Notes:

### **Gutter Input Parameters**

Longitudinal Slope of Road: 0.0420 ft/ft

Cross-Slope of Pavement: 0.0200 ft/ft

Depressed Gutter Geometry

Cross-Slope of Gutter: 0.0830 ft/ft

Manning's n: 0.0150

Gutter Width: 1.5000 ft

Design Flow: 14.3000 cfs

### **Gutter Result Parameters**

Width of Spread: 14.1514 ft

Gutter Depression: 1.1340 in

Area of Flow: 2.0735 ft<sup>2</sup>

Eo (Gutter Flow to Total Flow): 0.3153

Gutter Depth at Curb: 4.5303 in

### **Inlet Input Parameters**

Inlet Location: Inlet on Grade

Inlet Type: Sweeper Combo

Grate Type: P - 1-7/8

Grate Width: 1.5000 ft

Grate Length: 3.0000 ft

Length of Inlet: 20.0000 ft

Local Depression: 4.0000 in

### **Inlet Result Parameters**

Intercepted Flow: 12.6159 cfs

Bypass Flow: 1.6841 cfs

Approach Velocity: 5.2121 ft/s

Splash-over Velocity: 9.9703 ft/s

Efficiency: 0.8822

## **Curb and Gutter Analysis: System13\_Node1311\_Combolnlet**

Notes:

### **Gutter Input Parameters**

Longitudinal Slope of Road: 0.0420 ft/ft

Cross-Slope of Pavement: 0.0200 ft/ft

Depressed Gutter Geometry

Cross-Slope of Gutter: 0.0830 ft/ft

Manning's n: 0.0150

Gutter Width: 1.5000 ft

Design Flow: 4.3200 cfs

### **Gutter Result Parameters**

Width of Spread: 8.6132 ft

Gutter Depression: 1.1340 in

Area of Flow: 0.8128 ft<sup>2</sup>

Eo (Gutter Flow to Total Flow): 0.5122

Gutter Depth at Curb: 3.2012 in

### **Inlet Input Parameters**

Inlet Location: Inlet on Grade

Inlet Type: Sweeper Combo

Grate Type: P - 1-7/8

Grate Width: 0.8000 ft

Grate Length: 1.5000 ft

Length of Inlet: 10.0000 ft

Local Depression: 4.0000 in

### **Inlet Result Parameters**

Intercepted Flow: 3.5392 cfs

Bypass Flow: 0.7808 cfs

Approach Velocity: 4.3045 ft/s

Splash-over Velocity: 6.9924 ft/s

Efficiency: 0.8193

## **Curb and Gutter Analysis: System13\_Node1330\_Combolnlet**

Notes:

### **Gutter Input Parameters**

Longitudinal Slope of Road: 0.0100 ft/ft

Cross-Slope of Pavement: 0.0200 ft/ft

Depressed Gutter Geometry

Cross-Slope of Gutter: 0.0830 ft/ft

Manning's n: 0.0150

Gutter Width: 2.0000 ft

Design Flow: 14.0000 cfs

### **Gutter Result Parameters**

Width of Spread: 18.3429 ft

Gutter Depression: 1.5120 in

Area of Flow: 3.4906 ft<sup>2</sup>

Eo (Gutter Flow to Total Flow): 0.3245

Gutter Depth at Curb: 5.9143 in

### **Inlet Input Parameters**

Inlet Location: Inlet in Sag

Percent Clogging: 0.0000 %

Inlet Type: Curb Opening

Length of Inlet: 9.0000 ft

Curb opening height: 6.0000 in

Local Depression: 4.0000 in

### **Inlet Result Parameters**

Perimeter: 12.6000 ft

Effective Perimeter: 12.6000 ft

Area: 7.5000 ft<sup>2</sup>

Effective Area: 7.5000 ft<sup>2</sup>

Depth at curb face (upstream of local depression): 0.6157 ft

Computed Width of Spread at Sag: 24.4839 ft

Flow type: Weir Flow

Efficiency: 1.0000

# Hydraulic Analysis Report

## Project Data

Project Title: System 13  
Designer:  
Project Date: Monday, March 04, 2019  
Project Units: U.S. Customary Units  
Notes:

## Curb and Gutter Analysis: System13\_Node1331

Notes:

## Gutter Input Parameters

Longitudinal Slope of Road: 0.0440 ft/ft  
Cross-Slope of Pavement: 0.0200 ft/ft  
Uniform Gutter Geometry  
Manning's n: 0.0150  
Gutter Width: 1.5000 ft  
Design Flow: 9.7000 cfs

## Gutter Result Parameters

Width of Spread: 12.4943 ft  
Gutter Depression: 0.0000 in  
Area of Flow: 1.5611 ft<sup>2</sup>  
Eo (Gutter Flow to Total Flow): 0.2893  
Gutter Depth at Curb: 2.9986 in

## Inlet Input Parameters

Inlet Location: Inlet in Sag  
Percent Clogging: 0.0000 %  
Inlet Type: Curb Opening  
Length of Inlet: 9.0000 ft  
Curb opening height: 6.0000 in  
Local Depression: 4.0000 in

## Inlet Result Parameters

Perimeter: 11.7000 ft  
Effective Perimeter: 11.7000 ft  
Area: 7.5000 ft<sup>2</sup>  
Effective Area: 7.5000 ft<sup>2</sup>

Depth at curb face (upstream of local depression): 0.5065 ft

Computed Width of Spread at Sag: 25.3246 ft

Flow type: Weir Flow

Efficiency: 1.0000

# Hydraulic Analysis Report

## Project Data

Project Title: System 14  
Designer:  
Project Date: Monday, March 04, 2019  
Project Units: U.S. Customary Units  
Notes:

## Curb and Gutter Analysis: System14\_Node1410

Notes:

## Gutter Input Parameters

Longitudinal Slope of Road: 0.0100 ft/ft  
Cross-Slope of Pavement: 0.0200 ft/ft  
Depressed Gutter Geometry  
Cross-Slope of Gutter: 0.0830 ft/ft  
Manning's n: 0.0150  
Gutter Width: 1.5000 ft  
Design Flow: 5.6000 cfs

## Gutter Result Parameters

Width of Spread: 12.9582 ft  
Gutter Depression: 1.1340 in  
Area of Flow: 1.7500 ft<sup>2</sup>  
Eo (Gutter Flow to Total Flow): 0.3449  
Gutter Depth at Curb: 4.2440 in

## Inlet Input Parameters

Inlet Location: Inlet in Sag  
Percent Clogging: 0.0000 %  
Inlet Type: Curb Opening  
Length of Inlet: 7.0000 ft  
Curb opening height: 6.0000 in  
Local Depression: 4.0000 in

## Inlet Result Parameters

Perimeter: 9.7000 ft  
Effective Perimeter: 9.7000 ft  
Area: 5.8333 ft<sup>2</sup>

Effective Area: 5.8333 ft<sup>2</sup>

Depth at curb face (upstream of local depression): 0.3979 ft

Computed Width of Spread at Sag: 15.1708 ft

Flow type: Weir Flow

Efficiency: 1.0000

# Hydraulic Analysis Report

## Project Data

Project Title: System 15

Designer:

Project Date: Wednesday, February 13, 2019

Project Units: U.S. Customary Units

Notes:

## Curb and Gutter Analysis: System 15\_Node1520

Notes:

## Gutter Input Parameters

Longitudinal Slope of Road: 0.0800 ft/ft

Cross-Slope of Pavement: 0.0200 ft/ft

Depressed Gutter Geometry

Cross-Slope of Gutter: 0.0830 ft/ft

Manning's n: 0.0150

Gutter Width: 1.5000 ft

Design Flow: 31.0000 cfs

## Gutter Result Parameters

Width of Spread: 16.9110 ft

Gutter Depression: 1.1340 in

Area of Flow: 2.9307 ft<sup>2</sup>

E<sub>o</sub> (Gutter Flow to Total Flow): 0.2621

Gutter Depth at Curb: 5.1926 in

## Inlet Input Parameters

Inlet Location: Inlet on Grade

Inlet Type: Curb Opening

Length of Inlet: 20.0000 ft

Local Depression: 4.0000 in

## Inlet Result Parameters

Intercepted Flow: 15.8833 cfs

Bypass Flow: 15.1167 cfs

Efficiency: 0.5124



## **Curb and Gutter Analysis: System 15\_Node1530\_Combo**

Notes:

### **Gutter Input Parameters**

Longitudinal Slope of Road: 0.0050 ft/ft

Cross-Slope of Pavement: 0.0200 ft/ft

Depressed Gutter Geometry

Cross-Slope of Gutter: 0.0830 ft/ft

Manning's n: 0.0150

Gutter Width: 1.5000 ft

Design Flow: 21.1000 cfs

### **Gutter Result Parameters**

Width of Spread: 24.8983 ft

Gutter Depression: 1.1340 in

Area of Flow: 6.2701 ft<sup>2</sup>

Eo (Gutter Flow to Total Flow): 0.1745

Gutter Depth at Curb: 7.1096 in

### **Inlet Input Parameters**

Inlet Location: Inlet in Sag

Percent Clogging: 0.0000 %

Inlet Type: Sweeper Combo

Grate Type: P - 1-7/8

Grate Width: 1.5000 ft

Grate Length: 3.0000 ft

Length of Inlet: 20.0000 ft

Curb opening height: 7.2000 in

Local Depression: 4.0000 in

### **Inlet Result Parameters**

Perimeter: 23.0000 ft

Effective Perimeter: 23.0000 ft

Area: 22.7167 ft<sup>2</sup>

Effective Area: 22.7167 ft<sup>2</sup>

Depth at curb face (upstream of local depression): 0.4255 ft

Computed Width of Spread at Sag: 16.5516 ft

Flow type: Weir Flow

Efficiency: 1.0000

# Hydraulic Analysis Report

## Project Data

Project Title: System 16  
Designer:  
Project Date: Thursday, June 20, 2019  
Project Units: U.S. Customary Units  
Notes:

## Curb and Gutter Analysis: System 16\_Node1610

Notes:

## Gutter Input Parameters

Longitudinal Slope of Road: 0.0080 ft/ft  
Cross-Slope of Pavement: 0.0200 ft/ft  
Depressed Gutter Geometry  
Cross-Slope of Gutter: 0.0830 ft/ft  
Manning's n: 0.0150  
Gutter Width: 1.5000 ft  
Design Flow: 2.4000 cfs

## Gutter Result Parameters

Width of Spread: 9.5602 ft  
Gutter Depression: 1.1340 in  
Area of Flow: 0.9848 ft<sup>2</sup>  
Eo (Gutter Flow to Total Flow): 0.4651  
Gutter Depth at Curb: 3.4284 in

## Inlet Input Parameters

Inlet Location: Inlet in Sag  
Percent Clogging: 0.0000 %  
Inlet Type: Curb Opening  
Length of Inlet: 4.0000 ft  
Curb opening height: 6.0000 in  
Local Depression: 4.0000 in

## Inlet Result Parameters

Perimeter: 6.7000 ft  
Effective Perimeter: 6.7000 ft  
Area: 3.3333 ft<sup>2</sup>

Effective Area: 3.3333 ft<sup>2</sup>

Depth at curb face (upstream of local depression): 0.2895 ft

Computed Width of Spread at Sag: 9.7486 ft

Flow type: Weir Flow

Efficiency: 1.0000

## **APPENDIX D**

### **Hydraulic Analyses – AES Pipeflow [Post-project Condition]**

\*\*\*\*\*

PIPE-FLOW HYDRAULICS COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE  
 (Reference: LACFCD, LACRD, AND OCEMA HYDRAULICS CRITERION)  
 (c) Copyright 1982-2014 Advanced Engineering Software (aes)  
 Ver. 21.0 Release Date: 06/01/2014 License ID 1261

Analysis prepared by:

RI CK ENGINEERING COMPANY  
 5620 Friars Road  
 San Diego, California 92110  
 619-291-0707 Fax 619-291-4165

\*\*\*\*\* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY \*\*\*\*\*  
 \* J#18022-F MAPLE CANYON STORM RESTORATION PHASE 1 \*  
 \* SYSTEM 1 - MAINLINE RUN FROM NODES 145 TO 115 \*  
 \* TAILWATER ASSUMED TO BE TOP OF THE PIPE \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*

FILE NAME: 145.PIP  
 TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 20:36 03/26/2019

\*\*\*\*\*

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW ANALYSIS FOR PIPE SYSTEM  
 NODAL POINT STATUS TABLE

(Note: "\*" indicates nodal point data used.)

NODE NUMBER	MODEL PROCESS	UPSTREAM RUN		DOWNSTREAM RUN	
		PRESSURE HEAD(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)	FLOW DEPTH(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
145.00-		1.50*	167.62	0.88	165.07
	} FRICTION		} HYDRAULIC JUMP		
140.00-		1.43	161.21	0.82*	174.11
	} JUNCTION				
140.00-		1.86	206.90	0.40*	404.13
	} FRICTION				
135.00-		1.15*Dc	150.14	1.15*Dc	150.14
	} JUNCTION				
135.00-		1.81*	149.52	0.78	82.53
	} FRICTION				
115.00-		1.55*	121.33	0.90 Dc	79.82
	} CATCH BASIN				
115.00-		1.73*	108.06	0.90 Dc	27.15

-----  
 MAXIMUM NUMBER OF ENERGY BALANCES USED IN EACH PROFILE = 25  
 -----

NOTE: STEADY FLOW HYDRAULIC HEAD-LOSS COMPUTATIONS BASED ON THE MOST CONSERVATIVE FORMULAE FROM THE CURRENT LACRD, LACFCD, AND OCEMA DESIGN MANUALS.

\*\*\*\*\*

DOWNSTREAM PIPE FLOW CONTROL DATA:

NODE NUMBER = 145.00 FLOWLINE ELEVATION = 101.16  
 PIPE FLOW = 8.80 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
 ASSUMED DOWNSTREAM CONTROL HGL = 102.660 FEET

-----  
 NODE 145.00 : HGL = < 102.660>; EGL = < 103.045>; FLOWLINE = < 101.160>  
 -----

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 145.00 TO NODE 140.00 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 140.00 ELEVATION = 101.32 (HYDRAULIC JUMP OCCURS)

-----  
 CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):  
 PIPE FLOW = 8.80 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES

PIPE LENGTH = 16.00 FEET 145. RES  
MANNING'S N = 0.01300

-----  
HYDRAULIC JUMP: DOWNSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS RESULTS  
-----

NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 1.05 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 1.15  
-----

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.82  
=====

GRADUALLY VARI ED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:  
-----

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECI FIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	0.816	8.951	2.061	174.11
2.348	0.826	8.826	2.036	172.54
4.725	0.835	8.704	2.012	171.05
7.133	0.844	8.585	1.990	169.62
9.576	0.854	8.470	1.968	168.26
12.058	0.863	8.358	1.948	166.96
14.581	0.872	8.249	1.930	165.72
16.000	0.878	8.191	1.920	165.07

-----  
HYDRAULIC JUMP: UPSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS RESULTS  
-----

DOWNSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED PRESSURE HEAD(FT) = 1.50  
=====

GRADUALLY VARI ED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:  
-----

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECI FIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	1.500	4.978	1.885	167.62
3.900	1.486	4.986	1.872	166.20
7.191	1.472	5.000	1.860	164.90
10.186	1.458	5.018	1.849	163.66
12.971	1.444	5.040	1.838	162.50
15.593	1.430	5.064	1.828	161.39
16.000	1.427	5.069	1.826	161.21

-----  
END OF HYDRAULIC JUMP ANALYSIS  
-----

PRESSURE+MOMENTUM BALANCE OCCURS AT 3.04 FEET UPSTREAM OF NODE 145.00  
DOWNSTREAM DEPTH = 1.489 FEET, UPSTREAM CONJUGATE DEPTH = 0.866 FEET  
-----

NODE 140.00 : HGL = < 102.136>; EGL= < 103.381>; FLOWLINE= < 101.320>  
-----

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 140.00 TO NODE 140.00 IS CODE = 5  
UPSTREAM NODE 140.00 ELEVATI ON = 101.32 (FLOW IS SUPERCRI TI CAL)  
-----

CALCULATE JUNCTI ON LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DI AMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLI NE ELEVATI ON	CRITI CAL DEPTH(FT. )	VELOCIT Y (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	8.80	18.00	60.00	101.32	1.15	23.474
DOWNSTREAM	8.80	18.00	-	101.32	1.15	8.954
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000

Q5 0.00===Q5 EQUALS BASI N INPUT===

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTI ON FORMULAE USED:

$$DY = (Q2 \cdot V2 - Q1 \cdot V1 \cdot \cos(\Delta A1) - Q3 \cdot V3 \cdot \cos(\Delta A3) - Q4 \cdot V4 \cdot \cos(\Delta A4)) / ((A1 + A2) \cdot 16.1) + \text{FRI CTI ON LOSSES}$$

UPSTREAM: MANNING' S N = 0.01300; FRI CTI ON SLOPE = 0.29736

DOWNSTREAM: MANNING' S N = 0.01300; FRI CTI ON SLOPE = 0.02118

AVERAGED FRI CTI ON SLOPE I N JUNCTI ON ASSUMED AS 0.15927

JUNCTI ON LENGTH = 4.00 FEET

FRI CTI ON LOSSES = 0.637 FEET

ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET

145. RES

JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY+HV1-HV2)+(ENTRANCE LOSSES)  
JUNCTION LOSSES = ( 6.892)+( 0.000) = 6.892

NODE 140.00 : HGL = < 101.717>; EGL= < 110.274>; FLOWLINE= < 101.320>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 140.00 TO NODE 135.00 IS CODE = 1  
UPSTREAM NODE 135.00 ELEVATION = 184.15 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 8.80 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
PIPE LENGTH = 201.42 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.37 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 1.15

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 1.15

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	1.148	6.061	1.719	150.14
0.005	1.117	6.235	1.721	150.30
0.019	1.086	6.423	1.727	150.81
0.045	1.054	6.629	1.737	151.68
0.084	1.023	6.852	1.753	152.94
0.137	0.992	7.096	1.774	154.63
0.209	0.960	7.361	1.802	156.79
0.300	0.929	7.652	1.839	159.45
0.415	0.898	7.969	1.885	162.66
0.559	0.867	8.317	1.941	166.49
0.737	0.835	8.699	2.011	170.99
0.956	0.804	9.120	2.096	176.25
1.224	0.773	9.586	2.201	182.35
1.554	0.741	10.102	2.327	189.42
1.961	0.710	10.677	2.482	197.57
2.464	0.679	11.320	2.670	206.98
3.091	0.648	12.042	2.901	217.82
3.881	0.616	12.858	3.185	230.35
4.889	0.585	13.784	3.537	244.86
6.199	0.554	14.843	3.977	261.73
7.942	0.523	16.063	4.531	281.42
10.345	0.491	17.479	5.238	304.56
13.837	0.460	19.139	6.152	331.94
19.390	0.429	21.107	7.350	364.64
30.145	0.397	23.466	8.953	404.12
201.420	0.397	23.466	8.954	404.13

NODE 135.00 : HGL = < 185.298>; EGL= < 185.869>; FLOWLINE= < 184.150>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 135.00 TO NODE 135.00 IS CODE = 5  
UPSTREAM NODE 135.00 ELEVATION = 184.48 (FLOW UNSEALS IN REACH)

CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	5.50	18.00	57.30	184.48	0.90	3.112
DOWNSTREAM	8.80	18.00	-	184.15	1.15	6.063
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	3.30===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===					

145. RES

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$DY = (Q2*V2 - Q1*V1 * \cos(\Delta 1) - Q3*V3 * \cos(\Delta 3) -$

$Q4*V4 * \cos(\Delta 4)) / ((A1+A2) * 16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00274

DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00806

AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.00540

JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET

FRICTION LOSSES = 0.022 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.114 FEET

JUNCTION LOSSES =  $(DY + HV1 - HV2) + (\text{ENTRANCE LOSSES})$

JUNCTION LOSSES =  $(0.452) + (0.114) = 0.567$

-----  
NODE 135.00 : HGL = < 186.285>; EGL = < 186.436>; FLOWLINE = < 184.480>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 135.00 TO NODE 115.00 IS CODE = 1

UPSTREAM NODE 115.00 ELEVATION = 184.83 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

-----  
CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 5.50 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES

PIPE LENGTH = 34.41 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

$SF = (Q/K)^{**2} = ((5.50) / (105.046))^{**2} = 0.00274$

$HF = L * SF = (34.41) * (0.00274) = 0.094$

-----  
NODE 115.00 : HGL = < 186.379>; EGL = < 186.530>; FLOWLINE = < 184.830>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 115.00 TO NODE 115.00 IS CODE = 8

UPSTREAM NODE 115.00 ELEVATION = 184.83 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

-----  
CALCULATE CATCH BASIN ENTRANCE LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 5.50 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES

CATCH VELOCITY = 3.11 FEET/SEC. VELOCITY HEAD = 0.150 FEET

CATCH BASIN ENERGY LOSS =  $.2 * (\text{VELOCITY HEAD}) = .2 * (0.150) = 0.030$

-----  
NODE 115.00 : HGL = < 186.560>; EGL = < 186.560>; FLOWLINE = < 184.830>

\*\*\*\*\*

UPSTREAM PIPE FLOW CONTROL DATA:

NODE NUMBER = 115.00 FLOWLINE ELEVATION = 184.83

ASSUMED UPSTREAM CONTROL HGL = 185.73 FOR DOWNSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS

=====  
END OF GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW ANALYSIS

♀



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\*\*\*\*\* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY \*\*\*\*\*

- \* J#18022-F MAPLE CANYON STORM RESTORATION PHASE 1 \*
- \* SYSTEM 2 - MAINLINE RUN FROM NODES 225 TO 210 \*
- \* TAILWATER ASSUMED TO BE TOP OF THE PIPE \*

FILE NAME: 225.PIP  
 TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 16:31 06/13/2019

\*\*\*\*\*

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW ANALYSIS FOR PIPE SYSTEM  
 NODAL POINT STATUS TABLE

(Note: "\*" indicates nodal point data used.)

NODE NUMBER	MODEL PROCESS	UPSTREAM RUN		DOWNSTREAM RUN	
		PRESSURE HEAD(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)	FLOW DEPTH(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
225.00-		1.50*	92.57	0.49	40.89
	} FRICTION				
220.00-		1.35*	76.55	0.45	44.62
	} JUNCTION				
220.00-		1.06	52.41	0.22*	107.23
	} FRICTION				
215.00-		0.66 Dc	36.26	0.25*	93.80
	} JUNCTION				
215.00-		0.66 Dc	36.26	0.22*	112.18
	} FRICTION				
210.00-		0.66*Dc	36.26	0.66*Dc	36.26
	} CATCH BASIN				
210.00-		0.63	12.29	0.66*Dc	12.89

-----  
 MAXIMUM NUMBER OF ENERGY BALANCES USED IN EACH PROFILE = 25  
 -----

NOTE: STEADY FLOW HYDRAULIC HEAD-LOSS COMPUTATIONS BASED ON THE MOST CONSERVATIVE FORMULAE FROM THE CURRENT LACRD, LACFCD, AND OCEMA DESIGN MANUALS.

\*\*\*\*\*

DOWNSTREAM PIPE FLOW CONTROL DATA:

NODE NUMBER = 225.00 FLOWLINE ELEVATION = 128.09  
 PIPE FLOW = 3.00 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
 ASSUMED DOWNSTREAM CONTROL HGL = 129.590 FEET

-----  
 NODE 225.00 : HGL = < 129.590>; EGL= < 129.635>; FLOWLINE= < 128.090>  
 -----

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 225.00 TO NODE 220.00 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 220.00 ELEVATION = 128.25 (FLOW SEALS IN REACH)

-----  
 CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):  
 PIPE FLOW = 3.00 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES

PIPE LENGTH = 16.00 FEET 225. RES MANNING'S N = 0.01300

NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.55 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.66

DOWNSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED PRESSURE HEAD(FT) = 1.50

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	1.500	1.697	1.545	92.57
3.588	1.466	1.707	1.512	88.92
7.112	1.433	1.725	1.479	85.36
10.598	1.399	1.748	1.446	81.86
14.056	1.365	1.776	1.414	78.45
16.000	1.346	1.794	1.396	76.55

NODE 220.00 : HGL = < 129.596>; EGL= < 129.646>; FLOWLINE= < 128.250>

\*\*\*\*\*  
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 220.00 TO NODE 220.00 IS CODE = 5  
 UPSTREAM NODE 220.00 ELEVATION = 128.58 (FLOW IS SUBCRITICAL)  
 (NOTE: POSSIBLE JUMP IN OR UPSTREAM OF STRUCTURE)

CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	3.00	18.00	60.00	128.58	0.66	18.286
DOWNSTREAM	3.00	18.00	-	128.25	0.66	1.794
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00	18.00	60.00	128.58	0.66	18.286

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$DY = (Q2 \cdot V2 - Q1 \cdot V1 \cdot \cos(\Delta A1) - Q3 \cdot V3 \cdot \cos(\Delta A3) - Q4 \cdot V4 \cdot \cos(\Delta A4)) / ((A1 + A2) \cdot 16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$   
 UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.35831  
 DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00072  
 AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.17952  
 JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET  
 FRICTION LOSSES = 0.718 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET  
 JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY + HV1 - HV2) + (ENTRANCE LOSSES)  
 JUNCTION LOSSES = (4.349) + (0.000) = 4.349

NODE 220.00 : HGL = < 128.803>; EGL= < 133.995>; FLOWLINE= < 128.580>

\*\*\*\*\*  
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 220.00 TO NODE 215.00 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 215.00 ELEVATION = 156.94 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 3.00 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
 PIPE LENGTH = 78.00 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.22 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.66

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.25

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	0.245	15.929	4.188	93.80

225. RES

0. 353	0. 244	16. 016	4. 230	94. 30
0. 723	0. 243	16. 104	4. 273	94. 80
1. 112	0. 242	16. 192	4. 316	95. 30
1. 522	0. 242	16. 282	4. 360	95. 81
1. 954	0. 241	16. 372	4. 405	96. 33
2. 411	0. 240	16. 463	4. 451	96. 85
2. 895	0. 239	16. 555	4. 497	97. 37
3. 410	0. 238	16. 648	4. 544	97. 90
3. 960	0. 237	16. 742	4. 592	98. 44
4. 548	0. 236	16. 836	4. 640	98. 98
5. 181	0. 235	16. 932	4. 690	99. 52
5. 865	0. 234	17. 028	4. 740	100. 07
6. 608	0. 233	17. 126	4. 790	100. 63
7. 420	0. 232	17. 224	4. 842	101. 19
8. 315	0. 231	17. 324	4. 895	101. 76
9. 310	0. 230	17. 424	4. 948	102. 34
10. 429	0. 230	17. 526	5. 002	102. 92
11. 706	0. 229	17. 628	5. 057	103. 50
13. 187	0. 228	17. 732	5. 113	104. 09
14. 950	0. 227	17. 836	5. 170	104. 69
17. 121	0. 226	17. 942	5. 228	105. 30
19. 935	0. 225	18. 049	5. 286	105. 91
23. 926	0. 224	18. 156	5. 346	106. 52
30. 801	0. 223	18. 265	5. 407	107. 15
78. 000	0. 223	18. 280	5. 415	107. 23

-----  
 NODE 215. 00 : HGL = < 157. 185>; EGL= < 161. 128>; FLOWLINE= < 156. 940>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 215. 00 TO NODE 215. 00 IS CODE = 5  
 UPSTREAM NODE 215. 00 ELEVATION = 157. 27 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT. )	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	3. 00	18. 00	0. 00	157. 27	0. 66	19. 149
DOWNSTREAM	3. 00	18. 00	-	156. 94	0. 66	15. 934
LATERAL #1	0. 00	0. 00	0. 00	0. 00	0. 00	0. 000
LATERAL #2	0. 00	0. 00	0. 00	0. 00	0. 00	0. 000
Q5	0. 00===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===					

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$DY = (Q2 \cdot V2 - Q1 \cdot V1 \cdot \cos(\Delta A1) - Q3 \cdot V3 \cdot \cos(\Delta A3) - Q4 \cdot V4 \cdot \cos(\Delta A4)) / ((A1 + A2) \cdot 16. 1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$   
 UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0. 01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0. 40867  
 DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0. 01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0. 24216  
 AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0. 32542  
 JUNCTION LENGTH = 4. 00 FEET  
 FRICTION LOSSES = 1. 302 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0. 000 FEET  
 JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY + HV1 - HV2) + (ENTRANCE LOSSES)  
 JUNCTION LOSSES = ( 2. 053) + ( 0. 000) = 2. 053

-----  
 NODE 215. 00 : HGL = < 157. 486>; EGL= < 163. 180>; FLOWLINE= < 157. 270>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 215. 00 TO NODE 210. 00 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 210. 00 ELEVATION = 205. 79 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 3. 00 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18. 00 INCHES  
 PIPE LENGTH = 82. 03 FEET MANNING'S N = 0. 01300

-----  
 NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0. 20 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 0. 66

=====

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.66

=====

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

-----

DISTANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	0.658	4.017	0.909	36.26
0.002	0.640	4.170	0.910	36.30
0.007	0.622	4.335	0.914	36.45
0.018	0.603	4.512	0.919	36.70
0.033	0.585	4.703	0.928	37.06
0.054	0.566	4.910	0.941	37.55
0.083	0.548	5.135	0.958	38.17
0.120	0.529	5.379	0.979	38.93
0.167	0.511	5.646	1.006	39.86
0.226	0.493	5.938	1.040	40.96
0.299	0.474	6.258	1.083	42.25
0.390	0.456	6.611	1.135	43.77
0.503	0.437	7.001	1.199	45.53
0.642	0.419	7.434	1.278	47.57
0.815	0.400	7.918	1.374	49.93
1.031	0.382	8.460	1.494	52.67
1.302	0.363	9.072	1.642	55.83
1.646	0.345	9.765	1.827	59.50
2.089	0.327	10.558	2.059	63.76
2.669	0.308	11.470	2.352	68.76
3.449	0.290	12.529	2.729	74.62
4.533	0.271	13.769	3.217	81.57
6.125	0.253	15.238	3.861	89.88
8.681	0.234	17.000	4.725	99.91
13.679	0.216	19.143	5.910	112.18
82.030	0.216	19.143	5.910	112.18

-----

NODE 210.00 : HGL = < 206.448>; EGL= < 206.699>; FLOWLINE= < 205.790>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 210.00 TO NODE 210.00 IS CODE = 8  
 UPSTREAM NODE 210.00 ELEVATION = 206.12 (FLOW IS SUBCRITICAL)  
 (NOTE: POSSIBLE JUMP IN OR UPSTREAM OF STRUCTURE)

-----

CALCULATE CATCH BASIN ENTRANCE LOSSES(LACFCD):  
 PIPE FLOW = 3.00 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
 FLOW VELOCITY = 5.05 FEET/SEC. VELOCITY HEAD = 0.396 FEET  
 CATCH BASIN ENERGY LOSS = .2\*(VELOCITY HEAD) = .2\*( 0.396) = 0.079

-----

NODE 210.00 : HGL = < 206.778>; EGL= < 206.778>; FLOWLINE= < 206.120>

\*\*\*\*\*

UPSTREAM PIPE FLOW CONTROL DATA:  
 NODE NUMBER = 210.00 FLOWLINE ELEVATION = 206.12  
 ASSUMED UPSTREAM CONTROL HGL = 206.78 FOR DOWNSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS

=====

END OF GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW ANALYSIS

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\*\*\*\*\* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY \*\*\*\*\*

- \* J#18022-F MAPLE CANYON RESTORATION - PHASE 1 \*
- \* SYSTEM 3 - MAINLINE RUN FROM NODES 335 TO 315 \*
- \* TAILWATER ASSUMED TO BE TOP OF PIPE \*

FILE NAME: 335.PIP  
 TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 11:26 04/02/2019

\*\*\*\*\*

GRADUALLY VARI ED FLOW ANALYSI S FOR PI PE SYSTEM  
 NODAL POINT STATUS TABLE

(Note: "\*" indicates nodal point data used.)

NODE NUMBER	MODEL PROCESS	UPSTREAM RUN		DOWNSTREAM RUN	
		PRESSURE HEAD(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)	FLOW DEPTH(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
335.00-		1.50*	120.88	0.74	95.02
	} FRI CTI ON		} HYDRAULI C JUMP		
330.00-		1.07	90.05	0.59*	113.57
	} JUNCTI ON				
330.00-		1.07	89.86	0.31*	254.25
	} FRI CTI ON				
320.00-		0.94 Dc	87.58	0.32*	246.31
	} JUNCTI ON				
320.00-		0.94 Dc	87.58	0.29*	281.65
	} FRI CTI ON				
315.00-		0.94*Dc	87.58	0.94*Dc	87.58
	} CATCH BASI N				
315.00-		1.42*	49.55	0.94 Dc	29.54

-----  
 MAXIMUM NUMBER OF ENERGY BALANCES USED IN EACH PROFILE = 25  
 -----

NOTE: STEADY FLOW HYDRAULI C HEAD-LOSS COMPUTATI ONS BASED ON THE MOST CONSERVATI VE FORMULAE FROM THE CURRENT LACRD, LACFCD, AND OCEMA DESIGN MANUALS.

\*\*\*\*\*

DOWNSTREAM PI PE FLOW CONTROL DATA:

NODE NUMBER = 335.00 FLOWLI NE ELEVATI ON = 170.72  
 PI PE FLOW = 5.90 CFS PI PE DIAMETER = 18.00 I NCHES  
 ASSUMED DOWNSTREAM CONTROL HGL = 172.220 FEET

-----  
 NODE 335.00 : HGL = < 172.220>; EGL= < 172.393>; FLOWLI NE= < 170.720>  
 -----

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 335.00 TO NODE 330.00 I S CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 330.00 ELEVATI ON = 171.16 (HYDRAULI C JUMP OCCURS)

-----  
 CALCULATE FRI CTI ON LOSSES(LACFCD):  
 PI PE FLOW = 5.90 CFS PI PE DIAMETER = 18.00 I NCHES

PIPE LENGTH = 44.00 FEET 335. RES MANNING'S N = 0.01300

-----  
 HYDRAULIC JUMP: DOWNSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS RESULTS  
 -----

NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.80 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.94  
 -----

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.59  
 -----

GRADUALLY VARI ED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:  
 -----

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECI FIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	0.595	9.046	1.866	113.57
2.129	0.603	8.878	1.828	111.99
4.289	0.611	8.717	1.792	110.49
6.483	0.620	8.560	1.758	109.06
8.716	0.628	8.409	1.727	107.69
10.990	0.636	8.263	1.697	106.39
13.311	0.645	8.121	1.670	105.15
15.684	0.653	7.984	1.644	103.96
18.115	0.662	7.851	1.619	102.84
20.611	0.670	7.723	1.597	101.76
23.182	0.678	7.599	1.575	100.74
25.837	0.687	7.478	1.556	99.77
28.591	0.695	7.361	1.537	98.85
31.458	0.703	7.247	1.520	97.98
34.459	0.712	7.137	1.503	97.15
37.620	0.720	7.030	1.488	96.36
40.977	0.729	6.927	1.474	95.61
44.000	0.736	6.842	1.463	95.02

-----  
 HYDRAULIC JUMP: UPSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS RESULTS  
 -----

DOWNSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED PRESSURE HEAD(FT) = 1.50  
 -----

GRADUALLY VARI ED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:  
 -----

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECI FIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	1.500	3.338	1.673	120.88
3.049	1.478	3.348	1.652	118.52
5.902	1.455	3.367	1.631	116.27
8.648	1.433	3.392	1.611	114.10
11.311	1.410	3.421	1.592	112.01
13.906	1.388	3.455	1.573	109.99
16.440	1.365	3.493	1.555	108.04
18.918	1.343	3.535	1.537	106.17
21.344	1.320	3.581	1.519	104.36
23.718	1.298	3.631	1.502	102.63
26.041	1.275	3.684	1.486	100.98
28.311	1.253	3.741	1.470	99.41
30.527	1.230	3.803	1.455	97.92
32.685	1.208	3.869	1.440	96.51
34.780	1.185	3.939	1.426	95.19
36.808	1.163	4.013	1.413	93.96
38.761	1.140	4.092	1.400	92.83
40.629	1.118	4.177	1.389	91.79
42.400	1.095	4.266	1.378	90.85
44.000	1.074	4.358	1.369	90.05

-----END OF HYDRAULIC JUMP ANALYSIS-----

PRESSURE+MOMENTUM BALANCE OCCURS AT 24.36 FEET UPSTREAM OF NODE 335.00  
 DOWNSTREAM DEPTH = 1.291 FEET, UPSTREAM CONJUGATE DEPTH = 0.667 FEET  
 -----

335. RES

NODE 330.00 : HGL = < 171.755>; EGL= < 173.026>; FLOWLINE= < 171.160>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 330.00 TO NODE 330.00 IS CODE = 5  
 UPSTREAM NODE 330.00 ELEVATION = 171.49 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH (FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	5.90	18.00	60.00	171.49	0.94	22.050
DOWNSTREAM	5.90	18.00	-	171.16	0.94	9.049
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$$DY = (Q2*V2 - Q1*V1*\cos(\Delta A1) - Q3*V3*\cos(\Delta A3) - Q4*V4*\cos(\Delta A4)) / ((A1+A2)*16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$$

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.34569  
 DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.02874

AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.18721  
 JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET

FRICTION LOSSES = 0.749 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET

JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY + HV1 - HV2) + (ENTRANCE LOSSES)

JUNCTION LOSSES = (6.327) + (0.000) = 6.327

-----  
 NODE 330.00 : HGL = < 171.803>; EGL= < 179.353>; FLOWLINE= < 171.490>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 330.00 TO NODE 320.00 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 320.00 ELEVATION = 209.64 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 5.90 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
 PIPE LENGTH = 110.00 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

-----  
 NORMAL DEPTH (FT) = 0.31 CRITICAL DEPTH (FT) = 0.94

-----  
 UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH (FT) = 0.32

=====

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL (FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY (FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM (POUNDS)
0.000	0.320	21.339	7.396	246.31
0.601	0.320	21.368	7.414	246.63
1.228	0.320	21.396	7.433	246.96
1.884	0.320	21.425	7.452	247.28
2.571	0.319	21.453	7.470	247.60
3.293	0.319	21.482	7.489	247.92
4.053	0.319	21.511	7.508	248.25
4.855	0.318	21.540	7.527	248.57
5.704	0.318	21.568	7.546	248.90
6.606	0.318	21.597	7.565	249.22
7.567	0.317	21.626	7.584	249.55
8.597	0.317	21.655	7.604	249.88
9.703	0.317	21.685	7.623	250.20
10.901	0.317	21.714	7.642	250.53
12.204	0.316	21.743	7.662	250.86
13.633	0.316	21.773	7.681	251.19
15.215	0.316	21.802	7.701	251.53
16.986	0.315	21.832	7.721	251.86
18.997	0.315	21.861	7.741	252.19

335. RES

21.321	0.315	21.891	7.760	252.53
24.074	0.314	21.920	7.780	252.86
27.448	0.314	21.950	7.800	253.20
31.803	0.314	21.980	7.820	253.53
37.951	0.314	22.010	7.841	253.87
48.493	0.313	22.040	7.861	254.21
110.000	0.313	22.043	7.863	254.25

NODE 320.00 : HGL = < 209.960>; EGL= < 217.036>; FLOWLINE= < 209.640>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 320.00 TO NODE 320.00 IS CODE = 5  
 UPSTREAM NODE 320.00 ELEVATION = 209.97 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	5.90	18.00	0.00	209.97	0.94	24.477
DOWNSTREAM	5.90	18.00	-	209.64	0.94	21.346
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===					

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$$DY = (Q2*V2 - Q1*V1 * \cos(\Delta A1) - Q3*V3 * \cos(\Delta A3) - Q4*V4 * \cos(\Delta A4)) / ((A1+A2)*16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$$

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.46457

DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.31537

AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.38997

JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET  
 FRICTION LOSSES = 1.560 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET  
 JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY + HV1 - HV2) + (ENTRANCE LOSSES)  
 JUNCTION LOSSES = ( 2.529 ) + ( 0.000 ) = 2.529

NODE 320.00 : HGL = < 210.261>; EGL= < 219.565>; FLOWLINE= < 209.970>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 320.00 TO NODE 315.00 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 315.00 ELEVATION = 262.11 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 5.90 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
 PIPE LENGTH = 80.00 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.27 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.94

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.94

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	0.938	5.075	1.338	87.58
0.002	0.911	5.251	1.339	87.69
0.010	0.884	5.442	1.344	88.03
0.024	0.857	5.649	1.353	88.62
0.045	0.831	5.873	1.367	89.47
0.074	0.804	6.117	1.385	90.61
0.112	0.777	6.383	1.410	92.07
0.162	0.750	6.673	1.442	93.88
0.226	0.723	6.991	1.483	96.07
0.306	0.697	7.340	1.534	98.69
0.406	0.670	7.725	1.597	101.78



335. RES

0. 530	0. 643	8. 151	1. 675	105. 40
0. 683	0. 616	8. 623	1. 772	109. 63
0. 873	0. 589	9. 150	1. 890	114. 55
1. 110	0. 563	9. 741	2. 037	120. 26
1. 406	0. 536	10. 407	2. 219	126. 90
1. 780	0. 509	11. 161	2. 444	134. 61
2. 256	0. 482	12. 021	2. 727	143. 59
2. 871	0. 455	13. 008	3. 085	154. 10
3. 681	0. 429	14. 152	3. 541	166. 45
4. 775	0. 402	15. 489	4. 129	181. 07
6. 306	0. 375	17. 067	4. 901	198. 51
8. 568	0. 348	18. 952	5. 929	219. 53
12. 227	0. 321	21. 236	7. 329	245. 16
19. 445	0. 295	24. 047	9. 280	276. 87
80. 000	0. 291	24. 470	9. 595	281. 65

-----  
 NODE 315. 00 : HGL = < 263. 048>; EGL= < 263. 448>; FLOWLINE= < 262. 110>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 315. 00 TO NODE 315. 00 IS CODE = 8  
 UPSTREAM NODE 315. 00 ELEVATION = 262. 11 (FLOW IS SUBCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE CATCH BASIN ENTRANCE LOSSES(LACFCD):  
 PIPE FLOW = 5. 90 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18. 00 INCHES  
 FLOW VELOCITY = 5. 08 FEET/SEC. VELOCITY HEAD = 0. 400 FEET  
 CATCH BASIN ENERGY LOSS = . 2\*(VELOCITY HEAD) = . 2\*( 0. 400) = 0. 080

-----  
 NODE 315. 00 : HGL = < 263. 528>; EGL= < 263. 528>; FLOWLINE= < 262. 110>

\*\*\*\*\*

UPSTREAM PIPE FLOW CONTROL DATA:  
 NODE NUMBER = 315. 00 FLOWLINE ELEVATION = 262. 11  
 ASSUMED UPSTREAM CONTROL HGL = 263. 05 FOR DOWNSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS

-----  
 END OF GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW ANALYSIS

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PIPE-FLOW HYDRAULICS COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE  
 (Reference: LACFCD, LACRD, AND OCEMA HYDRAULICS CRITERION)  
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\*\*\*\*\* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY \*\*\*\*\*

- \* J#18022-F MAPLE CANYON STORM RESTORATION PHASE 1 \*
- \* SYSTEM 4 - MAINLINE RUN FROM NODES 430 TO 410 \*
- \* TAILWATER ASSUMED TO BE THE TOP OF PIPE \*

FILE NAME: 430.PIP  
 TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 13:45 03/23/2019

\*\*\*\*\*

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW ANALYSIS FOR PIPE SYSTEM  
 NODAL POINT STATUS TABLE

(Note: "\*" indicates nodal point data used.)

NODE NUMBER	MODEL PROCESS	UPSTREAM RUN		DOWNSTREAM RUN	
		PRESSURE HEAD(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)	FLOW DEPTH(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
430.00-		1.50*	87.54	0.45	24.32
	} FRI CTI ON				
425.00-		1.12*	50.46	0.40	26.51
	} JUNCTI ON				
425.00-		0.82	30.28	0.19*	65.98
	} FRI CTI ON				
420.00-		0.55 Dc	22.94	0.20*	60.21
	} JUNCTI ON				
420.00-		0.55 Dc	22.94	0.17*	76.04
	} FRI CTI ON				
415.00-		0.55 Dc	22.94	0.19*	66.49
	} JUNCTI ON				
415.00-		0.55 Dc	22.94	0.15*	95.12
	} FRI CTI ON				
410.00-		0.55*Dc	22.94	0.55*Dc	22.94
	} CATCH BASI N				
410.00-		0.79*	12.23	0.55 Dc	8.27

-----  
 MAXIMUM NUMBER OF ENERGY BALANCES USED IN EACH PROFILE = 25  
 -----

NOTE: STEADY FLOW HYDRAULIC HEAD-LOSS COMPUTATIONS BASED ON THE MOST CONSERVATIVE FORMULAE FROM THE CURRENT LACRD, LACFCD, AND OCEMA DESIGN MANUALS.

\*\*\*\*\*

DOWNSTREAM PIPE FLOW CONTROL DATA:

NODE NUMBER = 430.00 FLOWLINE ELEVATI ON = 195.37  
 PIPE FLOW = 2.10 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
 ASSUMED DOWNSTREAM CONTROL HGL = 196.870 FEET

-----  
 NODE 430.00 : HGL = < 196.870>; EGL= < 196.892>; FLOWLI NE= < 195.370>  
 -----

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 430.00 TO NODE 425.00 IS CODE = 1

430. RES

UPSTREAM NODE 425.00 ELEVATION = 195.75 (FLOW SEALS IN REACH)

CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 2.10 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES
PIPE LENGTH = 38.00 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.45 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.55

DOWNSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED PRESSURE HEAD(FT) = 1.50

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

Table with 6 columns: DISTANCE FROM CONTROL (FT), FLOW DEPTH (FT), VELOCITY (FT/SEC), SPECIFIC ENERGY (FT), PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM (POUNDS). Rows show data points from 0.000 to 38.000.

NODE 425.00 : HGL = < 196.872>; EGL= < 196.906>; FLOWLINE= < 195.750>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 425.00 TO NODE 425.00 IS CODE = 5
UPSTREAM NODE 425.00 ELEVATION = 196.08 (FLOW IS SUBCRITICAL)
(NOTE: POSSIBLE JUMP IN OR UPSTREAM OF STRUCTURE)

CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

Table with 7 columns: PIPE, FLOW (CFS), DIAMETER (INCHES), ANGLE (DEGREES), FLOWLINE ELEVATION, CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.), VELOCITY (FT/SEC). Rows include UPSTREAM, DOWNSTREAM, LATERAL #1, LATERAL #2, and Q5.

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

DY=(Q2\*V2-Q1\*V1\*COS(DELTA1)-Q3\*V3\*COS(DELTA3)-Q4\*V4\*COS(DELTA4))/((A1+A2)\*16.1)+FRICTION LOSSES

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.33515

DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00048

AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.16782

JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET

FRICTION LOSSES = 0.671 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET

JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY+HV1-HV2)+(ENTRANCE LOSSES)

JUNCTION LOSSES = ( 3.368)+( 0.000) = 3.368

NODE 425.00 : HGL = < 196.271>; EGL= < 200.274>; FLOWLINE= < 196.080>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 425.00 TO NODE 420.00 IS CODE = 1
UPSTREAM NODE 420.00 ELEVATION = 205.91 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 2.10 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES
PIPE LENGTH = 29.00 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

430. RES

NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.19

CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.55

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.20

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DISTANCE FROM CONTROL (FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY (FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM (POUNDS)
0.000	0.204	14.609	3.520	60.21
0.304	0.203	14.664	3.544	60.43
0.622	0.202	14.720	3.569	60.65
0.956	0.202	14.777	3.595	60.88
1.307	0.201	14.834	3.620	61.11
1.676	0.201	14.891	3.646	61.33
2.066	0.200	14.948	3.672	61.56
2.478	0.200	15.006	3.699	61.79
2.916	0.199	15.064	3.725	62.03
3.382	0.199	15.123	3.752	62.26
3.881	0.198	15.182	3.780	62.50
4.416	0.198	15.241	3.807	62.73
4.992	0.197	15.301	3.835	62.97
5.618	0.197	15.362	3.863	63.21
6.300	0.196	15.422	3.892	63.46
7.051	0.196	15.483	3.920	63.70
7.884	0.195	15.545	3.950	63.95
8.818	0.195	15.607	3.979	64.19
9.882	0.194	15.669	4.009	64.44
11.116	0.193	15.732	4.039	64.69
12.580	0.193	15.795	4.069	64.95
14.379	0.192	15.858	4.100	65.20
16.709	0.192	15.922	4.131	65.46
20.005	0.191	15.987	4.162	65.71
25.673	0.191	16.052	4.194	65.97
29.000	0.191	16.052	4.194	65.98

NODE 420.00 : HGL = < 206.114>; EGL= < 209.430>; FLOWLINE= < 205.910>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 420.00 TO NODE 420.00 IS CODE = 5  
UPSTREAM NODE 420.00 ELEVATION = 206.24 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	2.10	18.00	0.00	206.24	0.55	18.563
DOWNSTREAM	2.10	18.00	-	205.91	0.55	14.613
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$DY = (Q2*V2 - Q1*V1*\cos(\Delta A1) - Q3*V3*\cos(\Delta A3) - Q4*V4*\cos(\Delta A4)) / ((A1+A2)*16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.50718

DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.25613

AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.38166

JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET

FRICTION LOSSES = 1.527 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET

JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY+HV1-HV2)+(ENTRANCE LOSSES)

JUNCTION LOSSES = ( 2.334)+( 0.000) = 2.334

NODE 420.00 : HGL = < 206.413>; EGL= < 211.764>; FLOWLINE= < 206.240>

430. RES

\*\*\*\*\*  
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 420.00 TO NODE 415.00 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 415.00 ELEVATION = 234.55 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 2.10 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
 PIPE LENGTH = 55.00 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

-----  
 NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.17 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.55

=====

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.19

=====

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	0.190	16.180	4.258	66.49
0.258	0.189	16.268	4.301	66.84
0.529	0.188	16.357	4.346	67.20
0.813	0.188	16.447	4.391	67.56
1.112	0.187	16.538	4.436	67.92
1.428	0.186	16.629	4.483	68.29
1.762	0.186	16.721	4.530	68.66
2.115	0.185	16.814	4.578	69.03
2.491	0.184	16.908	4.626	69.41
2.893	0.183	17.003	4.676	69.79
3.322	0.183	17.099	4.726	70.17
3.784	0.182	17.196	4.776	70.56
4.283	0.181	17.294	4.828	70.95
4.825	0.181	17.392	4.881	71.35
5.418	0.180	17.492	4.934	71.75
6.070	0.179	17.592	4.988	72.16
6.796	0.178	17.694	5.043	72.56
7.612	0.178	17.797	5.099	72.98
8.542	0.177	17.900	5.156	73.39
9.623	0.176	18.005	5.213	73.81
10.907	0.176	18.111	5.272	74.24
12.489	0.175	18.217	5.331	74.67
14.540	0.174	18.325	5.392	75.10
17.447	0.174	18.434	5.453	75.54
22.455	0.173	18.544	5.516	75.98
55.000	0.173	18.558	5.524	76.04

-----  
 NODE 415.00 : HGL = < 234.740>; EGL= < 238.808>; FLOWLINE= < 234.550>

\*\*\*\*\*  
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 415.00 TO NODE 415.00 IS CODE = 5  
 UPSTREAM NODE 415.00 ELEVATION = 234.88 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	2.10	18.00	20.00	234.88	0.55	23.290
DOWNSTREAM	2.10	18.00	-	234.55	0.55	16.185
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===					

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$$DY = (Q2*V2 - Q1*V1*\cos(\Delta A1) - Q3*V3*\cos(\Delta A3) - Q4*V4*\cos(\Delta A4)) / ((A1+A2)*16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$$

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.97050  
 DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.34285

430. RES

AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.65667

JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET

FRICTION LOSSES = 2.627 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET

JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY+HV1-HV2)+(ENTRANCE LOSSES)

JUNCTION LOSSES = ( 4.643)+( 0.000) = 4.643

NODE 415.00 : HGL = < 235.028>; EGL= < 243.451>; FLOWLINE= < 234.880>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 415.00 TO NODE 410.00 IS CODE = 1

UPSTREAM NODE 410.00 ELEVATION = 259.36 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 2.10 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES

PIPE LENGTH = 25.23 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.15 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.55

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.55

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DISTANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	0.547	3.603	0.749	22.94
0.001	0.531	3.751	0.750	22.97
0.004	0.515	3.911	0.753	23.07
0.010	0.499	4.083	0.758	23.25
0.018	0.483	4.269	0.766	23.51
0.030	0.467	4.472	0.778	23.86
0.046	0.451	4.692	0.793	24.30
0.067	0.435	4.933	0.813	24.84
0.094	0.419	5.197	0.839	25.50
0.128	0.403	5.487	0.871	26.29
0.170	0.387	5.807	0.911	27.22
0.222	0.371	6.161	0.961	28.32
0.288	0.355	6.556	1.023	29.59
0.370	0.339	6.997	1.100	31.08
0.472	0.323	7.493	1.196	32.81
0.601	0.308	8.053	1.315	34.82
0.764	0.292	8.691	1.465	37.17
0.974	0.276	9.422	1.655	39.92
1.247	0.260	10.266	1.897	43.14
1.610	0.244	11.250	2.210	46.95
2.105	0.228	12.409	2.620	51.49
2.803	0.212	13.788	3.166	56.94
3.844	0.196	15.452	3.906	63.58
5.544	0.180	17.492	4.934	71.75
8.931	0.164	20.037	6.402	82.00
25.230	0.148	23.283	8.571	95.12

NODE 410.00 : HGL = < 259.907>; EGL= < 260.109>; FLOWLINE= < 259.360>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 410.00 TO NODE 410.00 IS CODE = 8

UPSTREAM NODE 410.00 ELEVATION = 259.36 (FLOW IS SUBCRITICAL)

CALCULATE CATCH BASIN ENTRANCE LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 2.10 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES

FLOW VELOCITY = 3.60 FEET/SEC. VELOCITY HEAD = 0.202 FEET

CATCH BASIN ENERGY LOSS = .2\*(VELOCITY HEAD) = .2\*( 0.202) = 0.040

NODE 410.00 : HGL = < 260.149>; EGL= < 260.149>; FLOWLINE= < 259.360>

430. RES

\*\*\*\*\*

UPSTREAM PIPE FLOW CONTROL DATA:

NODE NUMBER = 410.00      FLOWLINE ELEVATION = 259.36  
ASSUMED UPSTREAM CONTROL HGL = 259.91 FOR DOWNSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS

=====

END OF GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW ANALYSIS

⊕

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PIPE-FLOW HYDRAULICS COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE  
 (Reference: LACFCD, LACRD, AND OCEMA HYDRAULICS CRITERION)  
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 Ver. 21.0 Release Date: 06/01/2014 License ID 1261

Analysis prepared by:

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\*\*\*\*\* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY \*\*\*\*\*  
 \* J#18022-F MAPLE CANYON STORM RESTORATION PHASE 1 \*  
 \* SYSTEM 5 - MAINLINE RUN FROM NODES 525 TO 510 \*  
 \* TAILWATER ASSUMED TO BE THE TOP OF PIPE \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*

FILE NAME: 525.PIP  
 TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 17:39 06/13/2019

\*\*\*\*\*

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW ANALYSIS FOR PIPE SYSTEM  
 NODAL POINT STATUS TABLE

(Note: "\*" indicates nodal point data used.)

NODE NUMBER	MODEL PROCESS	UPSTREAM RUN		DOWNSTREAM RUN	
		PRESSURE HEAD(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)	FLOW DEPTH(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
525.00-		1.50*	84.85	0.26	19.64
	} FRICTION				
520.00-		1.40*	74.12	0.22	24.89
	} JUNCTION				
520.00-		1.07*	42.96	0.15	41.93
	} FRICTION		} HYDRAULIC JUMP		
515.00-		0.44 Dc	13.68	0.31*	16.37
	} JUNCTION				
515.00-		0.44 Dc	13.68	0.37*	14.32
	} FRICTION				
510.00-		0.44*Dc	13.68	0.44*Dc	13.68
	} CATCH BASIN				
510.00-		0.36	4.07	0.44*Dc	4.98

-----  
 MAXIMUM NUMBER OF ENERGY BALANCES USED IN EACH PROFILE = 25  
 -----

NOTE: STEADY FLOW HYDRAULIC HEAD-LOSS COMPUTATIONS BASED ON THE MOST CONSERVATIVE FORMULAE FROM THE CURRENT LACRD, LACFCD, AND OCEMA DESIGN MANUALS.

\*\*\*\*\*

DOWNSTREAM PIPE FLOW CONTROL DATA:

NODE NUMBER = 525.00 FLOWLINE ELEVATION = 214.14  
 PIPE FLOW = 1.40 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
 ASSUMED DOWNSTREAM CONTROL HGL = 215.640 FEET

-----  
 NODE 525.00 : HGL = < 215.640>; EGL = < 215.650>; FLOWLINE = < 214.140>  
 -----

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 525.00 TO NODE 520.00 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 520.00 ELEVATION = 214.24 (FLOW SEALS IN REACH)

-----  
 CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 1.40 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES



PIPE LENGTH = 9.67 FEET 525. RES MANNING'S N = 0.01300

NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.37 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.44

DOWNSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED PRESSURE HEAD(FT) = 1.50

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECI FIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	1.500	0.792	1.510	84.85
4.138	1.458	0.798	1.468	80.22
8.258	1.415	0.810	1.426	75.66
9.670	1.401	0.815	1.411	74.12

NODE 520.00 : HGL = < 215.641>; EGL= < 215.651>; FLOWLINE= < 214.240>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 520.00 TO NODE 520.00 IS CODE = 5  
 UPSTREAM NODE 520.00 ELEVATION = 214.57 (FLOW IS SUBCRITICAL)

CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	1.40	18.00	40.00	214.57	0.44	1.035
DOWNSTREAM	1.40	18.00	-	214.24	0.44	0.816
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$$DY = (Q2 \cdot V2 - Q1 \cdot V1 \cdot \cos(\Delta A1) - Q3 \cdot V3 \cdot \cos(\Delta A3) - Q4 \cdot V4 \cdot \cos(\Delta A4)) / ((A1 + A2) \cdot 16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$$

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00024

DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00015

AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.00020

JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET

FRICTION LOSSES = 0.001 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET

JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY + HV1 - HV2) + (ENTRANCE LOSSES)

JUNCTION LOSSES = (0.008) + (0.000) = 0.008

NODE 520.00 : HGL = < 215.643>; EGL= < 215.659>; FLOWLINE= < 214.570>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 520.00 TO NODE 515.00 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 515.00 ELEVATION = 261.27 (HYDRAULIC JUMP OCCURS)

CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 1.40 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES

PIPE LENGTH = 100.75 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

HYDRAULIC JUMP: DOWNSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS RESULTS

NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.15 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.44

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.31

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECI FIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	0.312	5.250	0.741	16.37
0.046	0.306	5.415	0.761	16.71

525. RES

0.099	0.299	5.589	0.784	17.07
0.157	0.292	5.772	0.810	17.47
0.223	0.286	5.967	0.839	17.90
0.297	0.279	6.173	0.871	18.36
0.381	0.272	6.391	0.907	18.86
0.475	0.266	6.624	0.947	19.40
0.582	0.259	6.871	0.993	19.99
0.703	0.252	7.135	1.043	20.62
0.841	0.246	7.417	1.100	21.30
0.998	0.239	7.718	1.165	22.04
1.179	0.232	8.041	1.237	22.85
1.387	0.226	8.388	1.319	23.72
1.629	0.219	8.762	1.412	24.66
1.912	0.212	9.165	1.517	25.69
2.245	0.206	9.601	1.638	26.81
2.643	0.199	10.074	1.776	28.04
3.125	0.192	10.588	1.934	29.38
3.719	0.186	11.148	2.117	30.84
4.468	0.179	11.761	2.328	32.46
5.447	0.172	12.434	2.574	34.23
6.795	0.166	13.174	2.862	36.20
8.822	0.159	13.994	3.201	38.38
12.532	0.152	14.903	3.603	40.81
100.750	0.149	15.324	3.798	41.93

-----  
 HYDRAULIC JUMP: UPSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS RESULTS  
 -----

DOWNSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 1.07  
 -----

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:  
 -----

DISTANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	1.073	1.035	1.089	42.96
0.052	1.048	1.062	1.065	40.93
0.105	1.022	1.091	1.041	38.97
0.157	0.997	1.122	1.017	37.06
0.209	0.972	1.155	0.993	35.22
0.260	0.947	1.191	0.969	33.44
0.311	0.922	1.229	0.945	31.73
0.362	0.897	1.270	0.922	30.08
0.413	0.871	1.314	0.898	28.50
0.463	0.846	1.362	0.875	26.98
0.512	0.821	1.414	0.852	25.54
0.561	0.796	1.470	0.829	24.17
0.610	0.771	1.530	0.807	22.86
0.657	0.746	1.596	0.785	21.63
0.704	0.720	1.668	0.764	20.48
0.749	0.695	1.746	0.743	19.41
0.793	0.670	1.832	0.722	18.41
0.836	0.645	1.927	0.702	17.50
0.876	0.620	2.031	0.684	16.67
0.915	0.594	2.147	0.666	15.93
0.950	0.569	2.275	0.650	15.28
0.982	0.544	2.419	0.635	14.73
1.009	0.519	2.580	0.622	14.29
1.031	0.494	2.762	0.612	13.96
1.046	0.469	2.968	0.605	13.75
1.052	0.443	3.204	0.603	13.68
100.750	0.443	3.204	0.603	13.68

-----END OF HYDRAULIC JUMP ANALYSIS-----

PRESSURE+MOMENTUM BALANCE OCCURS AT 0.03 FEET UPSTREAM OF NODE 520.00  
 DOWNSTREAM DEPTH = 1.060 FEET, UPSTREAM CONJUGATE DEPTH = 0.149 FEET

-----  
 NODE 515.00 : HGL = < 261.582>; EGL= < 262.011>; FLOWLINE= < 261.270>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 515.00 TO NODE 515.00 IS CODE = 5  
 UPSTREAM NODE 515.00 ELEVATION = 261.60 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	1.40	18.00	35.00	261.60	0.44	4.063
DOWNSTREAM	1.40	18.00	-	261.27	0.44	5.252
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===					

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$DY = (Q2 \cdot V2 - Q1 \cdot V1 \cdot \cos(\Delta A1) - Q3 \cdot V3 \cdot \cos(\Delta A3) - Q4 \cdot V4 \cdot \cos(\Delta A4)) / ((A1 + A2) \cdot 16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$   
 UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00954  
 DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.01967  
 AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.01460

JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET  
 FRICTION LOSSES = 0.058 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET  
 JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY + HV1 - HV2) + (ENTRANCE LOSSES)  
 JUNCTION LOSSES = (0.220) + (0.000) = 0.220

-----  
 NODE 515.00 : HGL = < 261.974>; EGL= < 262.231>; FLOWLINE= < 261.600>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 515.00 TO NODE 510.00 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 510.00 ELEVATION = 261.97 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 1.40 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
 PIPE LENGTH = 37.69 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

-----  
 NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.37 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.44

-----  
 UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.44

-----  
 GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	0.443	3.204	0.603	13.68
0.008	0.440	3.233	0.603	13.68
0.031	0.438	3.263	0.603	13.68
0.072	0.435	3.293	0.603	13.69
0.132	0.432	3.324	0.604	13.69
0.213	0.429	3.355	0.604	13.70
0.317	0.426	3.386	0.604	13.71
0.447	0.423	3.418	0.605	13.73
0.606	0.420	3.451	0.605	13.74
0.797	0.418	3.484	0.606	13.76
1.025	0.415	3.518	0.607	13.78
1.294	0.412	3.552	0.608	13.80
1.610	0.409	3.587	0.609	13.83
1.983	0.406	3.623	0.610	13.85
2.420	0.403	3.659	0.611	13.88
2.936	0.400	3.696	0.613	13.92
3.545	0.397	3.733	0.614	13.95
4.271	0.395	3.772	0.616	13.99

			525. RES		
5.145	0.392	3.810		0.617	14.03
6.213	0.389	3.850		0.619	14.07
7.546	0.386	3.890		0.621	14.11
9.263	0.383	3.931		0.623	14.16
11.587	0.380	3.973		0.625	14.21
15.021	0.377	4.016		0.628	14.26
21.174	0.374	4.060		0.631	14.32
37.690	0.374	4.062		0.631	14.32

-----  
 NODE 510.00 : HGL = < 262.413>; EGL= < 262.573>; FLOWLINE= < 261.970>

\*\*\*\*\*  
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 510.00 TO NODE 510.00 IS CODE = 8  
 UPSTREAM NODE 510.00 ELEVATION = 262.24 (FLOW IS SUBCRITICAL)  
 (NOTE: POSSIBLE JUMP IN OR UPSTREAM OF STRUCTURE)

-----  
 CALCULATE CATCH BASIN ENTRANCE LOSSES(LACFCD):  
 PIPE FLOW = 1.40 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
 FLOW VELOCITY = 5.96 FEET/SEC. VELOCITY HEAD = 0.552 FEET  
 CATCH BASIN ENERGY LOSS = .2\*(VELOCITY HEAD) = .2\*( 0.552) = 0.110

-----  
 NODE 510.00 : HGL = < 262.683>; EGL= < 262.683>; FLOWLINE= < 262.240>

\*\*\*\*\*  
 UPSTREAM PIPE FLOW CONTROL DATA:  
 NODE NUMBER = 510.00 FLOWLINE ELEVATION = 262.24  
 ASSUMED UPSTREAM CONTROL HGL = 262.68 FOR DOWNSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS

-----  
 END OF GRADUALLY VARI ED FLOW ANALYSI S

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\*\*\*\*\* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY \*\*\*\*\*

- \* J#18022-F MAPLE CANYON RESTORATION - PHASE 1 \*
- \* SYSTEM 6 - MAINLINE RUN FROM NODES 695 TO 665 \*
- \* TAILWATER ASSUMED TO BE TOP OF PIPE \*

FILE NAME: 695.PIP  
 TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 10:53 04/02/2019

\*\*\*\*\*

GRADUALLY VARI ED FLOW ANALYSI S FOR PI PE SYSTE M  
 NODAL POI NT STATU S TABL E

(Note: "\*" i ndi cates nodal poi nt data used.)

NODE NUMBER	MODEL PROCESS	UPSTREAM RUN		DOWNSTREAM RUN	
		PRESSURE HEAD(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)	FLOW DEPTH(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
695.00-		3.50	1653.29	0.78*	3628.24
	} FRI CTI ON				
690.00-		3.41	1601.06	0.74*	3933.09
	} JUNCTI ON				
690.00-		3.00	1421.95	0.72*	4106.40
	} FRI CTI ON				
685.00-		2.31*Dc	1285.72	2.31*Dc	1285.72
	} JUNCTI ON				
685.00-		3.11*	1139.11	1.74	910.27
	} FRI CTI ON				
680.00-		2.73*	991.82	2.05 Dc	877.18
	} JUNCTI ON				
680.00-		3.44*	1249.45	1.67	870.12
	} FRI CTI ON				
675.00-		2.92*	1021.30	2.00 Dc	829.90
	} JUNCTI ON				
675.00-		3.56*	978.26	1.06	274.77
	} FRI CTI ON				
665.00-		3.33*	874.31	1.26 Dc	262.39
	} CATCH BASI N				
665.00-		3.42*	847.28	1.26 Dc	93.64

-----  
 MAXI MUM NUMBER OF ENER GY BALANCES USED I N EACH PROFI L E = 25  
 -----

NOTE: STEADY FLOW HYDRAULI C HEAD-LOSS COMPUTATI ONS BASED ON THE MOST  
 CONSERVATI VE FORMULAE FROM THE CURRENT LACRD, LACFCD, AND OCEMA  
 DESI GN MANU ALS.

\*\*\*\*\*

DOWNSTRE AM PI PE FLOW CONTROL DATA:

NODE NUMBER = 695.00 FLOWLI NE ELEVATI ON = 224.31  
 PI PE FLOW = 54.70 CFS PI PE DIAMETER = 42.00 I NCHES  
 ASSUMED DOWNSTRE AM CONTROL HGL = 227.810 FEET

-----

695. RES

NODE 695.00 : HGL = < 225.095>; EGL= < 242.964>; FLOWLINE= < 224.310>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 695.00 TO NODE 690.00 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 690.00 ELEVATION = 224.43 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 54.70 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 42.00 INCHES  
 PIPE LENGTH = 12.00 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

-----  
 NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 1.84 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 2.31

-----  
 UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.74

=====

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DISTANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	0.741	36.828	21.814	3933.09
11.941	0.785	33.926	18.668	3629.61
12.000	0.785	33.913	18.654	3628.24

-----  
 NODE 690.00 : HGL = < 225.171>; EGL= < 246.244>; FLOWLINE= < 224.430>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 690.00 TO NODE 690.00 IS CODE = 5  
 UPSTREAM NODE 690.00 ELEVATION = 224.76 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	54.70	42.00	0.00	224.76	2.31	38.494
DOWNSTREAM	54.70	42.00	-	224.43	2.31	36.839
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000

-----  
 LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$DY = (Q2 \cdot V2 - Q1 \cdot V1 \cdot \cos(\Delta 1) - Q3 \cdot V3 \cdot \cos(\Delta 3) - Q4 \cdot V4 \cdot \cos(\Delta 4)) / ((A1 + A2) \cdot 16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$   
 UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.34747  
 DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.30688  
 AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.32718  
 JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET  
 FRICTION LOSSES = 1.309 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET  
 JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY + HV1 - HV2) + (ENTRANCE LOSSES)  
 JUNCTION LOSSES = (2.243) + (0.000) = 2.243

-----  
 NODE 690.00 : HGL = < 225.478>; EGL= < 248.487>; FLOWLINE= < 224.760>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 690.00 TO NODE 685.00 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 685.00 ELEVATION = 264.86 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 54.70 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 42.00 INCHES  
 PIPE LENGTH = 77.80 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

-----  
 NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.65 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 2.31

-----  
 UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 2.31

=====

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECI FIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	2.315	8.099	3.334	1285.72
0.008	2.248	8.374	3.338	1287.32
0.032	2.182	8.672	3.350	1292.28
0.076	2.115	8.995	3.372	1300.86
0.142	2.049	9.347	3.406	1313.37
0.234	1.982	9.729	3.453	1330.14
0.357	1.916	10.147	3.515	1351.57
0.517	1.849	10.604	3.596	1378.11
0.720	1.783	11.105	3.698	1410.31
0.975	1.716	11.656	3.827	1448.78
1.292	1.649	12.264	3.986	1494.27
1.687	1.583	12.937	4.184	1547.66
2.176	1.516	13.686	4.427	1610.00
2.783	1.450	14.522	4.727	1682.57
3.539	1.383	15.461	5.097	1766.92
4.485	1.317	16.519	5.557	1864.95
5.680	1.250	17.721	6.129	1979.05
7.204	1.184	19.093	6.848	2112.18
9.176	1.117	20.671	7.756	2268.13
11.777	1.051	22.502	8.918	2451.78
15.296	0.984	24.647	10.423	2669.51
20.232	0.918	27.184	12.400	2929.82
27.537	0.851	30.225	15.045	3244.26
39.384	0.785	33.918	18.660	3628.83
62.808	0.718	38.482	23.727	4106.40
77.800	0.718	38.482	23.727	4106.40

NODE 685.00 : HGL = < 267.175>; EGL= < 268.194>; FLOWLINE= < 264.860>

\*\*\*\*\*  
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 685.00 TO NODE 685.00 IS CODE = 5  
 UPSTREAM NODE 685.00 ELEVATION = 265.36 (FLOW UNSEALS IN REACH)

CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	39.50	36.00	19.65	265.36	2.05	5.588
DOWNSTREAM	54.70	42.00	-	264.86	2.31	8.101
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	15.20===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===					

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$DY = (Q2 \cdot V2 - Q1 \cdot V1 \cdot \cos(\Delta A1) - Q3 \cdot V3 \cdot \cos(\Delta A3) - Q4 \cdot V4 \cdot \cos(\Delta A4)) / ((A1 + A2) \cdot 16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$   
 UPSTREAM: MANNING' S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00351  
 DOWNSTREAM: MANNING' S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00492  
 AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.00421  
 JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET  
 FRICTION LOSSES = 0.017 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.204 FEET  
 JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY + HV1 - HV2) + (ENTRANCE LOSSES)  
 JUNCTION LOSSES = (0.560) + (0.204) = 0.764

NODE 685.00 : HGL = < 268.473>; EGL= < 268.958>; FLOWLINE= < 265.360>

\*\*\*\*\*  
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 685.00 TO NODE 680.00 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 680.00 ELEVATION = 265.86 (FLOW SEALS IN REACH)

CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

695. RES

PIPE FLOW = 39.50 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 36.00 INCHES  
PIPE LENGTH = 49.95 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

DOWNSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED PRESSURE HEAD(FT) = 3.11

PRESSURE FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	PRESSURE HEAD(FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECI FIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	3.113	5.588	3.598	1139.11
17.340	3.000	5.588	3.485	1089.37

NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 1.66 CRITI CAL DEPTH(FT) = 2.05

ASSUMED DOWNSTREAM PRESSURE HEAD(FT) = 3.00

GRADUALLY VARI ED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECI FIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
17.340	3.000	5.586	3.485	1089.37
22.698	2.962	5.600	3.449	1073.59
27.630	2.924	5.625	3.415	1058.74
32.321	2.886	5.657	3.383	1044.54
36.827	2.847	5.696	3.351	1030.92
41.176	2.809	5.740	3.321	1017.84
45.385	2.771	5.789	3.292	1005.29
49.466	2.733	5.843	3.263	993.25
49.950	2.728	5.850	3.260	991.82

NODE 680.00 : HGL = < 268.588>; EGL= < 269.120>; FLOWLINE= < 265.860>

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 680.00 TO NODE 680.00 IS CODE = 5  
UPSTREAM NODE 680.00 ELEVATI ON = 266.19 (FLOW UNSEALS IN REACH)

CALCULATE JUNCTI ON LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DI AMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATI ON	CRITI CAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITI Y (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	37.90	36.00	82.70	266.19	2.00	5.362
DOWNSTREAM	39.50	36.00	-	265.86	2.05	5.851
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	1.60	Q5	EQUALS	BASIN INPUT	===	

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTI ON FORMULAE USED:

$DY = (Q2 \cdot V2 - Q1 \cdot V1 \cdot \cos(\Delta A1) - Q3 \cdot V3 \cdot \cos(\Delta A3) - Q4 \cdot V4 \cdot \cos(\Delta A4)) / ((A1 + A2) \cdot 16.1) + \text{FRICTI ON LOSSES}$

UPSTREAM: MANNING' S N = 0.01300; FRICTI ON SLOPE = 0.00323

DOWNSTREAM: MANNING' S N = 0.01300; FRICTI ON SLOPE = 0.00306

AVERAGED FRICTI ON SLOPE IN JUNCTI ON ASSUMED AS 0.00315

JUNCTI ON LENGTH = 4.00 FEET

FRICTI ON LOSSES = 0.013 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.106 FEET

JUNCTI ON LOSSES = (DY + HV1 - HV2) + (ENTRANCE LOSSES)

JUNCTI ON LOSSES = (0.850) + (0.106) = 0.956

NODE 680.00 : HGL = < 269.630>; EGL= < 270.076>; FLOWLINE= < 266.190>

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 680.00 TO NODE 675.00 IS CODE = 1  
UPSTREAM NODE 675.00 ELEVATI ON = 266.95 (FLOW SEALS IN REACH)

CALCULATE FRICTI ON LOSSES(LACFCD):



695. RES

PIPE FLOW = 37.90 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 36.00 INCHES  
 PIPE LENGTH = 76.00 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

DOWNSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED PRESSURE HEAD(FT) = 3.44

PRESSURE FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	PRESSURE HEAD(FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECI FIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	3.440	5.362	3.886	1249.45
64.967	3.000	5.362	3.446	1055.42

NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 1.62 CRITI CAL DEPTH(FT) = 2.00

ASSUMED DOWNSTREAM PRESSURE HEAD(FT) = 3.00

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECI FIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
64.967	3.000	5.360	3.446	1055.42
70.380	2.960	5.374	3.409	1038.87
75.392	2.920	5.400	3.373	1023.24
76.000	2.915	5.403	3.369	1021.30

NODE 675.00 : HGL = < 269.865>; EGL= < 270.319>; FLOWLINE= < 266.950>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 675.00 TO NODE 675.00 IS CODE = 5  
 UPSTREAM NODE 675.00 ELEVATI ON = 267.28 (FLOW UNSEALS IN REACH)

CALCULATE JUNCTI ON LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DI AMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATI ON	CRITI CAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCI TY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	15.70	36.00	81.90	267.28	1.26	2.221
DOWNSTREAM	37.90	36.00	-	266.95	2.00	5.405
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	22.20===Q5 EQUALS BASI N INPUT===					

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTI ON FORMULAE USED:

$DY = (Q2*V2 - Q1*V1 * \cos(\Delta A1) - Q3*V3 * \cos(\Delta A3) - Q4*V4 * \cos(\Delta A4)) / ((A1+A2) * 16.1) + \text{FRICTI ON LOSSES}$   
 UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTI ON SLOPE = 0.00055  
 DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTI ON SLOPE = 0.00285  
 AVERAGED FRICTI ON SLOPE IN JUNCTI ON ASSUMED AS 0.00170

JUNCTI ON LENGTH = 4.00 FEET  
 FRICTI ON LOSSES = 0.007 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.091 FEET  
 JUNCTI ON LOSSES = (DY+HV1-HV2)+(ENTRANCE LOSSES)  
 JUNCTI ON LOSSES = (0.512)+(0.091) = 0.602

NODE 675.00 : HGL = < 270.845>; EGL= < 270.921>; FLOWLINE= < 267.280>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 675.00 TO NODE 665.00 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 665.00 ELEVATI ON = 267.53 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

CALCULATE FRICTI ON LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 15.70 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 36.00 INCHES  
 PIPE LENGTH = 25.85 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300  
 $SF = (Q/K)**2 = ((15.70)/(666.509))**2 = 0.00055$   
 $HF = L * SF = (25.85) * (0.00055) = 0.014$

695. RES

NODE 665.00 : HGL = < 270.859>; EGL = < 270.936>; FLOWLINE = < 267.530>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 665.00 TO NODE 665.00 IS CODE = 8  
UPSTREAM NODE 665.00 ELEVATION = 267.53 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

-----  
CALCULATE CATCH BASIN ENTRANCE LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 15.70 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 36.00 INCHES  
FLOW VELOCITY = 2.22 FEET/SEC. VELOCITY HEAD = 0.077 FEET  
CATCH BASIN ENERGY LOSS = .2\*(VELOCITY HEAD) = .2\*( 0.077) = 0.015

-----  
NODE 665.00 : HGL = < 270.951>; EGL = < 270.951>; FLOWLINE = < 267.530>

\*\*\*\*\*

UPSTREAM PIPE FLOW CONTROL DATA:

NODE NUMBER = 665.00 FLOWLINE ELEVATION = 267.53  
ASSUMED UPSTREAM CONTROL HGL = 268.79 FOR DOWNSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS

=====  
END OF GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW ANALYSIS

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PIPE-FLOW HYDRAULICS COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE  
 (Reference: LACFCD, LACRD, AND OCEMA HYDRAULICS CRITERION)  
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\*\*\*\*\* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY \*\*\*\*\*

- \* J#18022-F MAPLE CANYON RESTORATION - PHASE 1 \*
- \* SYSTEM 7 - MAINLINE VELOCITY RUN FROM NODES 755 TO 710 \*
- \* TAILWATER ASSUMED TO BE THE TOP OF PIPE \*

FILE NAME: 755.PIP  
 TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 21: 34 04/02/2019

\*\*\*\*\*

GRADUALLY VARI ED FLOW ANALYSI S FOR PI PE SYSTE M  
 NODAL POI NT STATU S TABL E

(Note: "\*" indi cates nodal poi nt data used.)

NODE NUMBER	MODEL PROCESS	UPSTREAM RUN		DOWNSTREAM RUN	
		PRESSURE HEAD(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)	FLOW DEPTH(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
755.00-		1.50	118.33	0.42*	158.25
	} FRI CTI ON				
750.00-		1.29	99.66	0.30*	248.21
	} JUNCTI ON				
750.00-		0.92 Dc	83.68	0.27*	287.40
	} FRI CTI ON				
745.00-		0.92 Dc	83.68	0.59*	107.64
	} JUNCTI ON				
745.00-		1.09	78.43	0.45*	119.54
	} FRI CTI ON				
730.00-		0.87 Dc	72.26	0.83*	72.52
	} JUNCTI ON				
730.00-		0.78 Dc	54.33	0.67*	56.15
	} FRI CTI ON				
710.00-		0.78*Dc	54.33	0.78*Dc	54.33
	} CATCH BASI N				
710.00-		1.14*	29.55	0.78 Dc	18.98

-----  
 MAXI MU M NU MBER OF ENER GY BALAN CES US ED I N EACH PROFI L E = 25  
 -----

NOTE: STEADY FLOW HYDRAULIC HEAD-LOSS COMPUTATIONS BASED ON THE MOST CONSERVATIVE FORMULAE FROM THE CURRENT LACRD, LACFCD, AND OCEMA DESIGN MANUALS.

\*\*\*\*\*

DOWNSTREAM PI PE FLOW CONTROL DATA:

NODE NUMBER = 755.00 FLOWLINE ELEVATI ON = 201.97  
 PI PE FLOW = 5.70 CFS PI PE DIAMETER = 18.00 I NCHES  
 ASSUMED DOWNSTREAM CONTROL HGL = 203.470 FEET

-----  
 NODE 755.00 : HGL = < 202.393>; EGL= < 205.404>; FLOWLI NE= < 201.970>  
 -----

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 755.00 TO NODE 750.00 I S CODE = 1

755. RES

UPSTREAM NODE 750.00 ELEVATION = 202.21 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 5.70 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES
PIPE LENGTH = 24.89 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.80 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.92

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.30

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

Table with 5 columns: DISTANCE FROM CONTROL (FT), FLOW DEPTH (FT), VELOCITY (FT/SEC), SPECIFIC ENERGY (FT), PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM (POUNDS). Rows show data points from 0.000 to 24.890 feet distance.

NODE 750.00 : HGL = < 202.513>; EGL= < 210.230>; FLOWLINE= < 202.210>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 750.00 TO NODE 750.00 IS CODE = 5
UPSTREAM NODE 750.00 ELEVATION = 202.54 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

Table with 7 columns: PIPE, FLOW (CFS), DIAMETER (INCHES), ANGLE (DEGREES), FLOWLINE ELEVATION, CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.), VELOCITY (FT/SEC). Rows include UPSTREAM, DOWNSTREAM, LATERAL #1, LATERAL #2, and Q5.

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

DY=(Q2\*V2-Q1\*V1\*COS(DELTA1)-Q3\*V3\*COS(DELTA3)-Q4\*V4\*COS(DELTA4))/((A1+A2)\*16.1)+FRICTION LOSSES
UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.55997
DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.36687
AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.46342
JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET
FRICTION LOSSES = 1.854 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET
JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY+HV1-HV2)+(ENTRANCE LOSSES)
JUNCTION LOSSES = ( 2.984)+( 0.000) = 2.984

NODE 750.00 : HGL = < 202.813>; EGL= < 213.214>; FLOWLINE= < 202.540>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 750.00 TO NODE 745.00 IS CODE = 1
UPSTREAM NODE 745.00 ELEVATION = 266.28 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 5.70 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES
PIPE LENGTH = 96.27 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.26 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.92

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.59

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL (FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY (FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM (POUNDS)
0.000	0.589	8.847	1.805	107.64
0.099	0.576	9.117	1.868	110.11
0.208	0.563	9.403	1.937	112.77
0.331	0.550	9.707	2.014	115.63
0.468	0.537	10.028	2.099	118.72
0.622	0.524	10.371	2.195	122.04
0.794	0.511	10.735	2.301	125.62
0.988	0.498	11.123	2.420	129.49
1.207	0.485	11.537	2.553	133.65
1.454	0.472	11.980	2.701	138.15
1.736	0.458	12.455	2.869	143.02
2.057	0.445	12.964	3.057	148.29
2.425	0.432	13.513	3.269	153.99
2.849	0.419	14.104	3.510	160.19
3.342	0.406	14.743	3.783	166.93
3.919	0.393	15.435	4.095	174.27
4.601	0.380	16.187	4.451	182.28
5.416	0.367	17.006	4.860	191.05
6.405	0.354	17.901	5.333	200.67
7.626	0.341	18.882	5.880	211.25
9.172	0.328	19.961	6.518	222.94
11.198	0.315	21.152	7.267	235.88
13.997	0.302	22.474	8.149	250.27
18.227	0.289	23.945	9.198	266.33
25.999	0.275	25.593	10.453	284.34
96.270	0.273	25.872	10.674	287.40

NODE 745.00 : HGL = < 266.869>; EGL= < 268.085>; FLOWLINE= < 266.280>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 745.00 TO NODE 745.00 IS CODE = 5  
 UPSTREAM NODE 745.00 ELEVATION = 266.61 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH (FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	5.10	18.00	0.00	266.61	0.87	11.584
DOWNSTREAM	5.70	18.00	-	266.28	0.92	8.849
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.60===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===					

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$$DY = (Q2*V2 - Q1*V1*\cos(\Delta A1) - Q3*V3*\cos(\Delta A3) - Q4*V4*\cos(\Delta A4)) / ((A1+A2)*16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$$

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.06368

DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.02773

AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.04571

JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET

FRICTION LOSSES = 0.183 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.243 FEET

JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY+HV1-HV2)+(ENTRANCE LOSSES)

JUNCTION LOSSES = (0.811)+(0.243) = 1.054

NODE 745.00 : HGL = < 267.056>; EGL= < 269.139>; FLOWLINE= < 266.610>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 745.00 TO NODE 730.00 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 730.00 ELEVATION = 269.83 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 5.10 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
 PIPE LENGTH = 43.90 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.43 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.87

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.83

GRADUALLY VARI ED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	0.828	5.093	1.232	72.52
0.059	0.812	5.217	1.235	72.76
0.143	0.797	5.348	1.241	73.09
0.253	0.781	5.485	1.248	73.51
0.392	0.765	5.630	1.257	74.03
0.566	0.749	5.783	1.268	74.65
0.777	0.733	5.944	1.282	75.38
1.032	0.717	6.114	1.298	76.22
1.335	0.701	6.294	1.316	77.18
1.696	0.685	6.485	1.338	78.28
2.121	0.669	6.688	1.364	79.51
2.623	0.653	6.902	1.393	80.89
3.214	0.637	7.131	1.427	82.42
3.910	0.621	7.374	1.466	84.13
4.734	0.605	7.634	1.511	86.02
5.711	0.589	7.911	1.562	88.11
6.878	0.573	8.208	1.620	90.41
8.285	0.557	8.526	1.687	92.95
9.999	0.542	8.867	1.763	95.74
12.123	0.526	9.235	1.851	98.82
14.814	0.510	9.632	1.951	102.20
18.337	0.494	10.060	2.066	105.92
23.189	0.478	10.525	2.199	110.02
30.486	0.462	11.030	2.352	114.54
43.817	0.446	11.580	2.529	119.54
43.900	0.446	11.580	2.529	119.54

NODE 730.00 : HGL = < 270.658>; EGL= < 271.061>; FLOWLINE= < 269.830>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 730.00 TO NODE 730.00 IS CODE = 5  
 UPSTREAM NODE 730.00 ELEVATION = 270.16 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	4.10	18.00	0.00	270.16	0.78	5.386
DOWNSTREAM	5.10	18.00	-	269.83	0.87	5.095
LATERAL #1	1.00	18.00	66.80	270.12	0.37	1.440
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$$DY = (Q2*V2 - Q1*V1*\cos(\Delta1) - Q3*V3*\cos(\Delta3) - Q4*V4*\cos(\Delta4)) / ((A1+A2)*16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$$

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00910

DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00678

AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.00794

JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET

FRICTION LOSSES = 0.032 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET

JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY+HV1-HV2)+(ENTRANCE LOSSES)

JUNCTION LOSSES = ( 0.217)+( 0.000) = 0.217

NODE 730.00 : HGL = < 270.828>; EGL= < 271.279>; FLOWLINE= < 270.160>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 730.00 TO NODE 710.00 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 710.00 ELEVATION = 270.35 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):  
 PIPE FLOW = 4.10 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
 PIPE LENGTH = 18.98 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.65 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.78

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.78

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	0.775	4.448	1.083	54.33
0.014	0.770	4.484	1.083	54.33
0.057	0.765	4.521	1.083	54.34
0.132	0.760	4.559	1.083	54.36
0.242	0.755	4.597	1.084	54.38
0.391	0.750	4.636	1.084	54.42
0.582	0.745	4.675	1.085	54.46
0.820	0.740	4.716	1.086	54.50
1.111	0.735	4.757	1.087	54.56
1.461	0.730	4.798	1.088	54.62
1.879	0.725	4.841	1.090	54.70
2.373	0.720	4.884	1.091	54.78
2.954	0.715	4.928	1.093	54.87
3.638	0.710	4.973	1.095	54.96
4.442	0.705	5.018	1.097	55.07
5.389	0.700	5.064	1.099	55.18
6.510	0.695	5.112	1.101	55.31
7.845	0.690	5.160	1.104	55.44
9.453	0.685	5.208	1.107	55.58
11.419	0.681	5.258	1.110	55.74
13.872	0.676	5.309	1.113	55.90
17.034	0.671	5.361	1.117	56.07
18.980	0.668	5.385	1.119	56.15

NODE 710.00 : HGL = < 271.125>; EGL= < 271.433>; FLOWLINE= < 270.350>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 710.00 TO NODE 710.00 IS CODE = 8  
 UPSTREAM NODE 710.00 ELEVATION = 270.35 (FLOW IS SUBCRITICAL)

CALCULATE CATCH BASIN ENTRANCE LOSSES(LACFCD):  
 PIPE FLOW = 4.10 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
 FLOW VELOCITY = 4.45 FEET/SEC. VELOCITY HEAD = 0.307 FEET  
 CATCH BASIN ENERGY LOSS = .2\*(VELOCITY HEAD) = .2\*( 0.307) = 0.061

NODE 710.00 : HGL = < 271.494>; EGL= < 271.494>; FLOWLINE= < 270.350>

\*\*\*\*\*

UPSTREAM PIPE FLOW CONTROL DATA:  
 NODE NUMBER = 710.00 FLOWLINE ELEVATION = 270.35  
 ASSUMED UPSTREAM CONTROL HGL = 271.13 FOR DOWNSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS

755. RES  
END OF GRADUALLY VARI ED FLOW ANALYSI S  
‡



\*\*\*\*\*  
 PIPE-FLOW HYDRAULICS COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE  
 (Reference: LACFCD, LACRD, AND OCEMA HYDRAULICS CRITERION)  
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 Ver. 21.0 Release Date: 06/01/2014 License ID 1261

Analysis prepared by:

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 619-291-0707 Fax 619-291-4165

\*\*\*\*\* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY \*\*\*\*\*  
 \* J#18022-F MAPLE CANYON RESTORATION - PHASE 1 \*  
 \* LATERAL RUN FROM NODES 730 TO 725 \*  
 \* STARTING HGL = 271.274' \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*

FILE NAME: 730.LAT  
 TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 20:32 03/25/2019

\*\*\*\*\*  
 GRADUALLY VARI ED FLOW ANALYSI S FOR PI PE SYSTE M  
 NODAL POI NT STATU S TABL E

(Note: "\*" indicates nodal point data used.)

NODE NUMBER	MODEL PROCESS	UPSTREAM RUN PRESSURE HEAD(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)	DOWNSTREAM RUN FLOW DEPTH(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
730.00-	} FRI CTI ON	1.27*	59.95	0.32	9.31
725.00-		1.15*	48.59	0.37 Dc	8.92
725.00-	} CAT CH BASI N	1.16*	47.70	0.37 Dc	3.27

-----  
 MAXI MU M NU MBER OF ENER GY BALANCE S USE D I N EACH PROFI L E = 25  
 -----

NOTE: STEADY FLOW HYDRAULIC HEAD-LOSS COMPUTATIONS BASED ON THE MOST CONSERVATIVE FORMULAE FROM THE CURRENT LACRD, LACFCD, AND OCEMA DESIGN MANUALS.

\*\*\*\*\*  
 DOWNSTREAM PI PE FLOW CONTROL DATA:

NODE NUMBER = 730.00 FLOWLINE ELEVATION = 270.00  
 PIPE FLOW = 1.00 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
 ASSUMED DOWNSTREAM CONTROL HGL = 271.274 FEET

-----  
 NODE 730.00 : HGL = < 271.274>; EGL = < 271.280>; FLOWLINE = < 270.000>  
 -----

\*\*\*\*\*  
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 730.00 TO NODE 725.00 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 725.00 ELEVATION = 270.12 (FLOW IS SUBCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE FRI CTI ON LOSSE S(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 1.00 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
 PIPE LENGTH = 12.00 FEET MANNING' S N = 0.01300

-----  
 NORMA L DEPT H(FT) = 0.31 CRIT I CA L DEPT H(FT) = 0.37  
 -----

DOWNSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 1.27  
 =====

GRADUALLY VARI ED FLOW PROFI L E COMPUTE D I NFORMATI ON:  
 -----

730. RES

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL (FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECI FIC ENERGY (FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM (POUNDS)
0.000	1.274	0.625	1.280	59.95
3.605	1.238	0.641	1.244	56.43
7.206	1.202	0.659	1.209	53.00
10.805	1.166	0.678	1.173	49.67
12.000	1.154	0.685	1.161	48.59

-----  
 NODE 725.00 : HGL = < 271.274>; EGL= < 271.281>; FLOWLINE= < 270.120>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 725.00 TO NODE 725.00 IS CODE = 8  
 UPSTREAM NODE 725.00 ELEVATION = 270.12 (FLOW IS SUBCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE CATCH BASIN ENTRANCE LOSSES(LACFCD):  
 PIPE FLOW = 1.00 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
 FLOW VELOCITY = 0.69 FEET/SEC. VELOCITY HEAD = 0.007 FEET  
 CATCH BASIN ENERGY LOSS = .2\*(VELOCITY HEAD) = .2\*( 0.007) = 0.001

-----  
 NODE 725.00 : HGL = < 271.283>; EGL= < 271.283>; FLOWLINE= < 270.120>

\*\*\*\*\*

UPSTREAM PIPE FLOW CONTROL DATA:  
 NODE NUMBER = 725.00 FLOWLINE ELEVATION = 270.12  
 ASSUMED UPSTREAM CONTROL HGL = 270.49 FOR DOWNSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS

=====  
 END OF GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW ANALYSIS

♀

\*\*\*\*\*  
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Analysis prepared by:

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 619-291-0707 Fax 619-291-4165

\*\*\*\*\* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY \*\*\*\*\*  
 \* J#18022-F MAPLE CANYON RESTORATION - PHASE 1 \*  
 \* SYSTEM 9 - MAINLINE RUN FROM NODES 925 TO 910 \*  
 \* TAILWATER ASSUMED TO BE TOP OF PIPE \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*

FILE NAME: 925.PIP  
 TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 19:00 03/31/2019

\*\*\*\*\*  
 GRADUALLY VARI ED FLOW ANALYSI S FOR PI PE SYSTE M  
 NODAL POI NT STATU S TABL E

(Note: "\*" indicates nodal point data used.)

NODE NUMBER	MODEL PROCESS	UPSTREAM RUN		DOWNSTREAM RUN	
		PRESSURE HEAD(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)	FLOW DEPTH(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
925.00-		1.50*	84.03	0.33	10.55
	} FRI CTI ON				
920.00-		1.32*	64.91	0.39 Dc	10.07
	} JUNCTI ON				
920.00-		1.00*	35.88	0.13	31.24
	} FRI CTI ON		} HYDRAULI C JUMP		
915.00-		0.39 Dc	10.07	0.16*	24.01
	} JUNCTI ON				
915.00-		0.39 Dc	10.07	0.13*	33.30
	} FRI CTI ON				
910.00-		0.39*Dc	10.07	0.39*Dc	10.07
	} CATCH BASI N				
910.00-		0.56*	5.33	0.39 Dc	3.68

-----  
 MAXI MU M NU MBER OF ENER GY BALANCE S USE D I N EACH PROFI L E = 25  
 -----

NOTE: STEADY FLOW HYDRAULI C HEAD-LOSS COMPUTATI ONS BASE D ON THE MOST CONSERVATI VE FORMULAE FROM THE CURRENT LACRD, LACFCD, AND OCEMA DESI GN MANU ALS.

\*\*\*\*\*  
 DOWNSTRE AM PI PE FLOW CONTROL DATA:  
 NODE NU MBER = 925.00 FLOWLI NE ELEVATI ON = 172.93  
 PI PE FLOW = 1.10 CFS PI PE DI AMETER = 18.00 I NCHES  
 ASSUMED DOWNSTRE AM CONTROL HGL = 174.430 FEET  
 -----

NODE 925.00 : HGL = < 174.430>; EGL= < 174.436>; FLOWLI NE= < 172.930>

\*\*\*\*\*  
 FLOW PROCE SS FROM NODE 925.00 TO NODE 920.00 I S CODE = 1  
 UPSTRE AM NODE 920.00 ELEVATI ON = 173.11 (FLOW SEALS I N REACH)  
 -----

CALCULATE FRI CTI ON LOSSE S(LACFCD):  
 PI PE FLOW = 1.10 CFS PI PE DI AMETER = 18.00 I NCHES

925. RES

PIPE LENGTH = 18.00 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.33 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.39

DOWNSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED PRESSURE HEAD(FT) = 1.50

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECI FIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	1.500	0.622	1.506	84.03
4.468	1.456	0.628	1.462	79.17
8.925	1.411	0.638	1.418	74.38
13.374	1.367	0.651	1.374	69.68
17.818	1.323	0.667	1.330	65.09
18.000	1.321	0.667	1.328	64.91

NODE 920.00 : HGL = < 174.431>; EGL= < 174.438>; FLOWLINE= < 173.110>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 920.00 TO NODE 920.00 IS CODE = 5  
UPSTREAM NODE 920.00 ELEVATION = 173.44 (FLOW IS SUBCRITICAL)

CALCULATE JUNCTI ON LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	1.10	18.00	60.00	173.44	0.39	0.882
DOWNSTREAM	1.10	18.00	-	173.11	0.39	0.667
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTI ON FORMULAE USED:

$DY = (Q2 \cdot V2 - Q1 \cdot V1 \cdot \cos(\Delta 1) - Q3 \cdot V3 \cdot \cos(\Delta 3) - Q4 \cdot V4 \cdot \cos(\Delta 4)) / ((A1 + A2) \cdot 16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$   
 UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00018  
 DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00010  
 AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTI ON ASSUMED AS 0.00014  
 JUNCTI ON LENGTH = 4.00 FEET  
 FRICTION LOSSES = 0.001 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET  
 JUNCTI ON LOSSES = (DY + HV1 - HV2) + (ENTRANCE LOSSES)  
 JUNCTI ON LOSSES = (0.011) + (0.000) = 0.011

NODE 920.00 : HGL = < 174.437>; EGL= < 174.449>; FLOWLINE= < 173.440>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 920.00 TO NODE 915.00 IS CODE = 1  
UPSTREAM NODE 915.00 ELEVATION = 226.08 (HYDRAULIC JUMP OCCURS)

CALCULATE FRI CTI ON LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 1.10 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
PIPE LENGTH = 117.89 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

HYDRAULIC JUMP: DOWNSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS RESULTS

NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.13 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.39

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.16

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECI FIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
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925. RES

0.000	0.158	11.076	2.064	24.01
0.157	0.157	11.188	2.102	24.25
0.322	0.156	11.302	2.141	24.48
0.497	0.155	11.419	2.181	24.72
0.682	0.154	11.537	2.222	24.97
0.878	0.153	11.658	2.264	25.22
1.087	0.152	11.781	2.308	25.48
1.309	0.150	11.906	2.353	25.74
1.548	0.149	12.033	2.399	26.00
1.803	0.148	12.163	2.447	26.27
2.079	0.147	12.295	2.496	26.55
2.377	0.146	12.429	2.546	26.83
2.700	0.145	12.566	2.598	27.11
3.054	0.144	12.706	2.652	27.41
3.443	0.143	12.848	2.708	27.70
3.874	0.142	12.993	2.765	28.01
4.357	0.141	13.140	2.824	28.32
4.902	0.140	13.291	2.884	28.63
5.528	0.138	13.444	2.947	28.95
6.259	0.137	13.601	3.012	29.28
7.133	0.136	13.760	3.078	29.62
8.216	0.135	13.923	3.147	29.96
9.629	0.134	14.089	3.219	30.31
11.644	0.133	14.259	3.292	30.66
15.135	0.132	14.432	3.368	31.03
117.890	0.131	14.533	3.413	31.24

-----  
 HYDRAULIC JUMP: UPSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS RESULTS  
 -----

DOWNSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 1.00  
 =====

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:  
 -----

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECI FIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	0.997	0.882	1.009	35.88
0.053	0.973	0.907	0.986	34.08
0.105	0.949	0.934	0.962	32.33
0.158	0.924	0.962	0.939	30.63
0.210	0.900	0.993	0.916	29.00
0.262	0.876	1.026	0.892	27.42
0.313	0.852	1.062	0.869	25.91
0.365	0.828	1.100	0.846	24.45
0.416	0.803	1.141	0.824	23.06
0.467	0.779	1.186	0.801	21.72
0.517	0.755	1.234	0.779	20.45
0.566	0.731	1.287	0.756	19.24
0.615	0.706	1.344	0.734	18.10
0.664	0.682	1.406	0.713	17.03
0.711	0.658	1.474	0.692	16.02
0.758	0.634	1.549	0.671	15.08
0.803	0.610	1.631	0.651	14.21
0.847	0.585	1.722	0.631	13.41
0.889	0.561	1.823	0.613	12.68
0.928	0.537	1.935	0.595	12.04
0.965	0.513	2.061	0.579	11.47
0.999	0.488	2.202	0.564	10.99
1.028	0.464	2.362	0.551	10.61
1.051	0.440	2.544	0.541	10.32
1.067	0.416	2.753	0.534	10.13
1.073	0.392	2.995	0.531	10.07
117.890	0.392	2.995	0.531	10.07

-----END OF HYDRAULIC JUMP ANALYSIS-----

PRESSURE+MOMENTUM BALANCE OCCURS AT 0.14 FEET UPSTREAM OF NODE 920.00  
 DOWNSTREAM DEPTH = 0.933 FEET, UPSTREAM CONJUGATE DEPTH = 0.131 FEET

NODE 915.00 : HGL = < 226.238>; EGL= < 228.144>; FLOWLINE= < 226.080>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 915.00 TO NODE 915.00 IS CODE = 5  
 UPSTREAM NODE 915.00 ELEVATION = 226.41 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	1.10	18.00	0.00	226.41	0.39	15.518
DOWNSTREAM	1.10	18.00	-	226.08	0.39	11.079
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$DY = (Q2 \cdot V2 - Q1 \cdot V1 \cdot \cos(\Delta A1) - Q3 \cdot V3 \cdot \cos(\Delta A3) - Q4 \cdot V4 \cdot \cos(\Delta A4)) / ((A1 + A2) \cdot 16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$   
 UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.53056  
 DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.20211  
 AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.36634  
 JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET  
 FRICTION LOSSES = 1.465 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET  
 JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY + HV1 - HV2) + (ENTRANCE LOSSES)  
 JUNCTION LOSSES = (2.131) + (0.000) = 2.131

NODE 915.00 : HGL = < 226.536>; EGL= < 230.275>; FLOWLINE= < 226.410>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 915.00 TO NODE 910.00 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 910.00 ELEVATION = 258.07 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 1.10 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
 PIPE LENGTH = 44.61 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.12 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.39

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.39

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECI FIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	0.392	2.995	0.531	10.07
0.001	0.381	3.117	0.532	10.08
0.004	0.370	3.248	0.534	10.13
0.009	0.359	3.389	0.537	10.20
0.017	0.348	3.542	0.543	10.31
0.027	0.337	3.707	0.550	10.45
0.042	0.326	3.886	0.560	10.64
0.061	0.315	4.080	0.573	10.86
0.084	0.304	4.292	0.590	11.13
0.114	0.293	4.524	0.611	11.46
0.152	0.282	4.779	0.637	11.84
0.198	0.271	5.059	0.669	12.28
0.255	0.260	5.370	0.708	12.80
0.326	0.249	5.714	0.756	13.40
0.415	0.238	6.099	0.816	14.09
0.525	0.227	6.530	0.890	14.89

925. RES

0.663	0.216	7.017	0.981	15.82
0.839	0.205	7.569	1.095	16.89
1.066	0.194	8.200	1.239	18.14
1.364	0.183	8.927	1.421	19.60
1.765	0.172	9.770	1.655	21.32
2.322	0.161	10.759	1.960	23.36
3.141	0.150	11.931	2.362	25.79
4.456	0.139	13.338	2.903	28.73
7.029	0.128	15.050	3.648	32.33
44.610	0.126	15.513	3.865	33.30

-----  
 NODE 910.00 : HGL = < 258.462>; EGL= < 258.601>; FLOWLINE= < 258.070>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 910.00 TO NODE 910.00 IS CODE = 8  
 UPSTREAM NODE 910.00 ELEVATION = 258.07 (FLOW IS SUBCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE CATCH BASIN ENTRANCE LOSSES(LACFCD):  
 PIPE FLOW = 1.10 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
 FLOW VELOCITY = 3.00 FEET/SEC. VELOCITY HEAD = 0.139 FEET  
 CATCH BASIN ENERGY LOSS = .2\*(VELOCITY HEAD) = .2\*( 0.139) = 0.028

-----  
 NODE 910.00 : HGL = < 258.629>; EGL= < 258.629>; FLOWLINE= < 258.070>

\*\*\*\*\*

UPSTREAM PIPE FLOW CONTROL DATA:  
 NODE NUMBER = 910.00 FLOWLINE ELEVATION = 258.07  
 ASSUMED UPSTREAM CONTROL HGL = 258.46 FOR DOWNSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS

=====  
 END OF GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW ANALYSIS

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PIPE-FLOW HYDRAULICS COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE  
 (Reference: LACFCD, LACRD, AND OCEMA HYDRAULICS CRITERION)  
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 Ver. 21.0 Release Date: 06/01/2014 License ID 1261

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\*\*\*\*\* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY \*\*\*\*\*

- \* J#18022-F MAPLE CANYON RESTORATION - PHASE 1 \*
  - \* SYSTEM 10 - MAINLINE RUN FROM NODES 1045 TO 1010 \*
  - \* TAILWATER ASSUMED TO BE TOP OF PIPE \*
- \*\*\*\*\*

FILE NAME: 1045.PIP  
 TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 18:41 03/31/2019

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GRADUALLY VARI ED FLOW ANALYSI S FOR PI PE SYSTE M  
 NODAL POI NT STATU S TABL E

(Note: "\*" indi cates nodal poi nt data used.)

NODE NUMBER	MODEL PROCESS	UPSTREAM RUN		DOWNSTREAM RUN	
		PRESSURE HEAD(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)	FLOW DEPTH(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
1045.00-		1.50*	105.91	0.66	68.00
	} FRI CTI ON				
1040.00-		1.32*	88.10	0.61	71.29
	} JUNCTI ON				
1040.00-		1.11	72.57	0.33*	146.60
	} FRI CTI ON				
1035.00-		0.82 Dc	63.12	0.31*	156.94
	} JUNCTI ON				
1035.00-		0.82 Dc	63.12	0.28*	182.92
	} FRI CTI ON				
1030.00-		0.82 Dc	63.12	0.29*	174.25
	} JUNCTI ON				
1030.00-		0.82 Dc	63.12	0.26*	202.64
	} FRI CTI ON				
1025.00-		0.82 Dc	63.12	0.75*	63.91
	} JUNCTI ON				
1025.00-		0.82 Dc	63.12	0.70*	65.44
	} FRI CTI ON				
1020.00-		0.82*Dc	63.12	0.82*Dc	63.12
	} JUNCTI ON				
1020.00-		0.88	63.55	0.68*	66.46
	} FRI CTI ON				
1015.00-		0.82 Dc	63.12	0.61*	71.51
	} JUNCTI ON				
1015.00-		0.82 Dc	63.12	0.72*	64.93
	} FRI CTI ON				
1010.00-		0.82*Dc	63.12	0.82*Dc	63.12
	} CATCH BASI N				
1010.00-		1.22*	34.60	0.82 Dc	21.85

-----  
 MAXI MU M NU MBER OF ENER GY BALAN CES USE D I N EACH PROFI LE = 25  
 -----

NOTE: STEADY FLOW HYDRAULI C HEAD-LOSS COMPUTATI ONS BASED ON THE MOST



1045. RES

CONSERVATIVE FORMULAE FROM THE CURRENT LACRCD, LACFCD, AND OCEMA DESIGN MANUALS.

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DOWNSTREAM PIPE FLOW CONTROL DATA:

NODE NUMBER = 1045.00 FLOWLINE ELEVATION = 166.71  
 PIPE FLOW = 4.60 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
 ASSUMED DOWNSTREAM CONTROL HGL = 168.210 FEET

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 NODE 1045.00 : HGL = < 168.210>; EGL= < 168.315>; FLOWLINE= < 166.710>

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FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1045.00 TO NODE 1040.00 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1040.00 ELEVATION = 166.91 (FLOW SEALS IN REACH)

-----  
 CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 4.60 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
 PIPE LENGTH = 20.00 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

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 NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.69 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.82

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 DOWNSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED PRESSURE HEAD(FT) = 1.50

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GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL (FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECI FIC ENERGY (FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM (POUNDS)
0.000	1.500	2.602	1.605	105.91
3.195	1.473	2.613	1.579	103.02
6.262	1.446	2.633	1.554	100.24
9.257	1.419	2.658	1.529	97.53
12.195	1.392	2.689	1.504	94.90
15.086	1.365	2.724	1.480	92.34
17.934	1.338	2.764	1.456	89.87
20.000	1.318	2.796	1.439	88.10

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 NODE 1040.00 : HGL = < 168.228>; EGL= < 168.349>; FLOWLINE= < 166.910>

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FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1040.00 TO NODE 1040.00 IS CODE = 5  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1040.00 ELEVATION = 167.24 (FLOW IS SUBCRITICAL)  
 (NOTE: POSSIBLE JUMP IN OR UPSTREAM OF STRUCTURE)

-----  
 CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DI AMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATI ON	CRITI CAL DEPTH(FT. )	VELOCI TY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	4.60	18.00	60.00	167.24	0.82	16.180
DOWNSTREAM	4.60	18.00	-	166.91	0.82	2.797
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$DY = (Q2 \cdot V2 - Q1 \cdot V1 \cdot \cos(\Delta A1) - Q3 \cdot V3 \cdot \cos(\Delta A3) - Q4 \cdot V4 \cdot \cos(\Delta A4)) / ((A1 + A2) \cdot 16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$   
 UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.17704  
 DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00173  
 AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.08938

JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET  
 FRICTION LOSSES = 0.358 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET  
 JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY + HV1 - HV2) + (ENTRANCE LOSSES)  
 JUNCTION LOSSES = ( 3.283) + ( 0.000) = 3.283

-----  
 NODE 1040.00 : HGL = < 167.567>; EGL= < 171.632>; FLOWLINE= < 167.240>

1045. RES

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FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1040.00 TO NODE 1035.00 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1035.00 ELEVATION = 178.83 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 4.60 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
 PIPE LENGTH = 66.00 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

-----  
 NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.33 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.82

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UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.31

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GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECI FIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	0.311	17.365	4.996	156.94
0.695	0.312	17.312	4.968	156.48
1.417	0.312	17.260	4.941	156.03
2.170	0.313	17.208	4.914	155.57
2.955	0.314	17.156	4.887	155.12
3.775	0.314	17.105	4.860	154.68
4.636	0.315	17.054	4.834	154.23
5.540	0.316	17.003	4.807	153.79
6.493	0.316	16.952	4.781	153.35
7.502	0.317	16.902	4.755	152.91
8.572	0.318	16.851	4.730	152.47
9.712	0.318	16.802	4.704	152.04
10.933	0.319	16.752	4.679	151.61
12.249	0.320	16.703	4.654	151.18
13.675	0.320	16.654	4.629	150.75
15.232	0.321	16.605	4.605	150.33
16.948	0.322	16.556	4.580	149.91
18.861	0.322	16.508	4.556	149.49
21.023	0.323	16.460	4.532	149.07
23.512	0.323	16.412	4.508	148.65
26.446	0.324	16.364	4.485	148.24
30.028	0.325	16.317	4.461	147.83
34.632	0.325	16.270	4.438	147.42
41.102	0.326	16.223	4.415	147.02
52.148	0.327	16.176	4.392	146.61
66.000	0.327	16.175	4.392	146.60

-----  
 NODE 1035.00 : HGL = < 179.141>; EGL= < 183.826>; FLOWLINE= < 178.830>

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FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1035.00 TO NODE 1035.00 IS CODE = 5  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1035.00 ELEVATION = 179.16 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	4.60	18.00	12.00	179.16	0.82	20.340
DOWNSTREAM	4.60	18.00	-	178.83	0.82	17.370
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===					

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$$DY = (Q2*V2 - Q1*V1*\cos(\Delta A1) - Q3*V3*\cos(\Delta A3) -$$

$$Q4*V4*\cos(\Delta A4)) / ((A1+A2)*16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$$

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.33831

1045. RES

DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.21636  
AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.27733  
JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET  
FRICTION LOSSES = 1.109 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET  
JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY+HV1-HV2)+(ENTRANCE LOSSES)  
JUNCTION LOSSES = ( 2.036)+( 0.000) = 2.036

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NODE 1035.00 : HGL = < 179.439>; EGL= < 185.863>; FLOWLINE= < 179.160>

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FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1035.00 TO NODE 1030.00 IS CODE = 1  
UPSTREAM NODE 1030.00 ELEVATION = 215.88 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

-----  
CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):  
PIPE FLOW = 4.60 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
PIPE LENGTH = 108.00 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

-----  
NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.28 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.82

=====

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.29

-----  
GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	0.288	19.346	6.104	174.25
0.511	0.288	19.386	6.127	174.60
1.045	0.288	19.425	6.150	174.94
1.604	0.287	19.464	6.174	175.29
2.190	0.287	19.504	6.197	175.64
2.806	0.286	19.544	6.221	175.99
3.455	0.286	19.584	6.245	176.34
4.141	0.285	19.624	6.269	176.69
4.867	0.285	19.664	6.293	177.04
5.639	0.285	19.705	6.317	177.39
6.462	0.284	19.745	6.342	177.75
7.344	0.284	19.786	6.366	178.11
8.294	0.283	19.827	6.391	178.47
9.321	0.283	19.867	6.416	178.82
10.440	0.283	19.909	6.441	179.18
11.669	0.282	19.950	6.466	179.55
13.030	0.282	19.991	6.491	179.91
14.555	0.281	20.033	6.517	180.27
16.287	0.281	20.074	6.542	180.64
18.290	0.281	20.116	6.568	181.01
20.665	0.280	20.158	6.594	181.38
23.577	0.280	20.200	6.620	181.75
27.340	0.279	20.243	6.646	182.12
32.656	0.279	20.285	6.673	182.49
41.778	0.279	20.328	6.699	182.87
108.000	0.278	20.334	6.703	182.92

-----  
NODE 1030.00 : HGL = < 216.168>; EGL= < 221.984>; FLOWLINE= < 215.880>

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FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1030.00 TO NODE 1030.00 IS CODE = 5  
UPSTREAM NODE 1030.00 ELEVATION = 216.21 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

-----  
CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	4.60	18.00	0.00	216.21	0.82	22.582
DOWNSTREAM	4.60	18.00	-	215.88	0.82	19.352

1045. RES  
 LATERAL #1 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.000  
 LATERAL #2 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.000  
 Q5 0.00===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:  
 $DY = (Q2 \cdot V2 - Q1 \cdot V1 \cdot \cos(\Delta A1) - Q3 \cdot V3 \cdot \cos(\Delta A3) - Q4 \cdot V4 \cdot \cos(\Delta A4)) / ((A1 + A2) \cdot 16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$   
 UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.45519  
 DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.29379  
 AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.37449  
 JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET  
 FRICTION LOSSES = 1.498 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET  
 JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY + HV1 - HV2) + (ENTRANCE LOSSES)  
 JUNCTION LOSSES = (2.404) + (0.000) = 2.404

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 NODE 1030.00 : HGL = < 216.469>; EGL = < 224.387>; FLOWLINE = < 216.210>

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FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1030.00 TO NODE 1025.00 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1025.00 ELEVATION = 260.03 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):  
 PIPE FLOW = 4.60 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
 PIPE LENGTH = 72.00 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

-----  
 NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.24 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.82

-----  
 UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.75

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 GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	0.752	5.187	1.170	63.91
0.017	0.732	5.373	1.180	64.46
0.039	0.711	5.572	1.194	65.17
0.068	0.691	5.787	1.211	66.04
0.105	0.670	6.018	1.233	67.11
0.151	0.650	6.267	1.260	68.38
0.206	0.629	6.537	1.293	69.87
0.275	0.609	6.830	1.334	71.61
0.357	0.589	7.149	1.383	73.61
0.457	0.568	7.496	1.441	75.91
0.577	0.548	7.877	1.512	78.54
0.722	0.527	8.294	1.596	81.53
0.897	0.507	8.754	1.698	84.95
1.109	0.486	9.263	1.819	88.83
1.368	0.466	9.827	1.966	93.25
1.685	0.446	10.457	2.145	98.29
2.078	0.425	11.163	2.361	104.04
2.570	0.405	11.959	2.627	110.63
3.195	0.384	12.861	2.954	118.20
4.003	0.364	13.891	3.362	126.95
5.074	0.343	15.075	3.875	137.10
6.546	0.323	16.449	4.527	148.98
8.679	0.303	18.057	5.369	162.97
12.061	0.282	19.959	6.472	179.63
18.592	0.262	22.238	7.945	199.67
72.000	0.259	22.575	8.177	202.64

-----  
 NODE 1025.00 : HGL = < 260.782>; EGL = < 261.200>; FLOWLINE = < 260.030>

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1045. RES

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1025.00 TO NODE 1025.00 IS CODE = 5  
UPSTREAM NODE 1025.00 ELEVATION = 260.36 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

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CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	4.60	18.00	47.00	260.36	0.82	5.643
DOWNSTREAM	4.60	18.00	-	260.03	0.82	5.189
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===					

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$DY = (Q2*V2 - Q1*V1*\cos(\Delta A1) - Q3*V3*\cos(\Delta A3) -$

$Q4*V4*\cos(\Delta A4)) / ((A1+A2)*16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00952

DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00760

AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.00856

JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET

FRICTION LOSSES = 0.034 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET

JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY+HV1-HV2)+(ENTRANCE LOSSES)

JUNCTION LOSSES = (0.359)+(0.000) = 0.359

-----  
NODE 1025.00 : HGL = < 261.064>; EGL = < 261.559>; FLOWLINE = < 260.360>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1025.00 TO NODE 1020.00 IS CODE = 1  
UPSTREAM NODE 1020.00 ELEVATION = 260.68 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

-----  
CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 4.60 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES

PIPE LENGTH = 32.17 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

-----  
NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.70 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.82

-----  
UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.82

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GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECI FIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	0.823	4.628	1.156	63.12
0.014	0.818	4.664	1.156	63.13
0.059	0.813	4.700	1.157	63.14
0.138	0.808	4.737	1.157	63.16
0.253	0.803	4.775	1.157	63.18
0.408	0.798	4.813	1.158	63.22
0.608	0.793	4.852	1.159	63.26
0.857	0.788	4.892	1.159	63.31
1.161	0.783	4.932	1.161	63.37
1.526	0.777	4.973	1.162	63.44
1.962	0.772	5.015	1.163	63.52
2.478	0.767	5.057	1.165	63.60
3.085	0.762	5.100	1.166	63.70
3.799	0.757	5.144	1.168	63.80
4.638	0.752	5.188	1.170	63.92
5.626	0.747	5.234	1.172	64.04
6.796	0.742	5.280	1.175	64.17
8.189	0.736	5.327	1.177	64.31
9.867	0.731	5.375	1.180	64.46
11.918	0.726	5.423	1.183	64.63
14.477	0.721	5.473	1.186	64.80
17.776	0.716	5.523	1.190	64.98

			1045. RES		
22.242	0.711	5.574		1.194	65.17
28.843	0.706	5.627		1.198	65.38
32.170	0.704	5.642		1.199	65.44

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 NODE 1020.00 : HGL = < 261.503>; EGL= < 261.836>; FLOWLINE= < 260.680>

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FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1020.00 TO NODE 1020.00 IS CODE = 5  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1020.00 ELEVATION = 261.01 (FLOW IS SUBCRITICAL)  
 (NOTE: POSSIBLE JUMP IN OR UPSTREAM OF STRUCTURE)

-----  
 CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	4.60	18.00	60.50	261.01	0.82	5.882
DOWNSTREAM	4.60	18.00	-	260.68	0.82	4.629
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===					

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$DY = (Q2 \cdot V2 - Q1 \cdot V1 \cdot \cos(\Delta 1) - Q3 \cdot V3 \cdot \cos(\Delta 3) -$

$Q4 \cdot V4 \cdot \cos(\Delta 4)) / ((A1 + A2) \cdot 16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.01065

DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00562

AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.00814

JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET

FRICTION LOSSES = 0.033 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET

JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY + HV1 - HV2) + (ENTRANCE LOSSES)

JUNCTION LOSSES = (0.393) + (0.000) = 0.393

-----  
 NODE 1020.00 : HGL = < 261.692>; EGL= < 262.229>; FLOWLINE= < 261.010>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1020.00 TO NODE 1015.00 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1015.00 ELEVATION = 261.51 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 4.60 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES

PIPE LENGTH = 49.42 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

-----  
 NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.69 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.82

=====

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.61

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 GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DISTANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	0.610	6.814	1.331	71.51
1.238	0.613	6.765	1.324	71.21
2.508	0.617	6.717	1.318	70.93
3.812	0.620	6.670	1.311	70.65
5.153	0.623	6.624	1.305	70.37
6.536	0.626	6.578	1.299	70.10
7.964	0.630	6.532	1.293	69.84
9.443	0.633	6.487	1.287	69.59
10.979	0.636	6.443	1.281	69.34
12.578	0.640	6.399	1.276	69.10
14.248	0.643	6.356	1.271	68.86
15.999	0.646	6.314	1.266	68.63
17.845	0.649	6.272	1.261	68.40
19.799	0.653	6.230	1.256	68.18

1045. RES

21.880	0.656	6.189	1.251	67.97
24.114	0.659	6.149	1.247	67.76
26.533	0.663	6.109	1.242	67.56
29.179	0.666	6.069	1.238	67.36
32.114	0.669	6.030	1.234	67.17
35.429	0.672	5.992	1.230	66.99
39.260	0.676	5.954	1.227	66.80
43.843	0.679	5.916	1.223	66.63
49.420	0.682	5.880	1.219	66.46

-----  
 NODE 1015.00 : HGL = < 262.120>; EGL= < 262.841>; FLOWLINE= < 261.510>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1015.00 TO NODE 1015.00 IS CODE = 5  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1015.00 ELEVATION = 261.84 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	4.60	18.00	24.30	261.84	0.82	5.512
DOWNSTREAM	4.60	18.00	-	261.51	0.82	6.816
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===					

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$DY = (Q2 \cdot V2 - Q1 \cdot V1 \cdot \cos(\Delta 1) - Q3 \cdot V3 \cdot \cos(\Delta 3) - Q4 \cdot V4 \cdot \cos(\Delta 4)) / ((A1 + A2) \cdot 16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$   
 UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00894  
 DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.01589  
 AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.01242  
 JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET  
 FRICTION LOSSES = 0.050 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET  
 JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY + HV1 - HV2) + (ENTRANCE LOSSES)  
 JUNCTION LOSSES = (0.188) + (0.000) = 0.188

-----  
 NODE 1015.00 : HGL = < 262.557>; EGL= < 263.029>; FLOWLINE= < 261.840>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1015.00 TO NODE 1010.00 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1010.00 ELEVATION = 262.02 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 4.60 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
 PIPE LENGTH = 18.33 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

-----  
 NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.70 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.82

=====

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.82

=====

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	0.823	4.628	1.156	63.12
0.014	0.818	4.663	1.156	63.13
0.059	0.813	4.699	1.157	63.14
0.136	0.808	4.735	1.157	63.16
0.250	0.803	4.772	1.157	63.18
0.404	0.798	4.810	1.158	63.22
0.601	0.793	4.848	1.159	63.26
0.847	0.788	4.886	1.159	63.31
1.148	0.783	4.926	1.160	63.36

1045. RES					
1. 510	0. 778	4. 966	1. 161	63. 43	
1. 941	0. 773	5. 006	1. 163	63. 50	
2. 450	0. 768	5. 048	1. 164	63. 59	
3. 051	0. 763	5. 090	1. 166	63. 68	
3. 757	0. 758	5. 132	1. 168	63. 78	
4. 586	0. 753	5. 176	1. 170	63. 88	
5. 563	0. 748	5. 220	1. 172	64. 00	
6. 719	0. 743	5. 265	1. 174	64. 13	
8. 097	0. 738	5. 311	1. 176	64. 26	
9. 755	0. 733	5. 357	1. 179	64. 41	
11. 782	0. 728	5. 404	1. 182	64. 56	
14. 312	0. 723	5. 453	1. 185	64. 73	
17. 572	0. 718	5. 502	1. 188	64. 90	
18. 330	0. 717	5. 510	1. 189	64. 93	

-----  
 NODE 1010. 00 : HGL = < 262. 843>; EGL= < 263. 176>; FLOWLINE= < 262. 020>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1010. 00 TO NODE 1010. 00 IS CODE = 8  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1010. 00 ELEVATION = 262. 02 (FLOW IS SUBCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE CATCH BASIN ENTRANCE LOSSES(LACFCD):  
 PIPE FLOW = 4. 60 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18. 00 INCHES  
 FLOW VELOCITY = 4. 63 FEET/SEC. VELOCITY HEAD = 0. 333 FEET  
 CATCH BASIN ENERGY LOSS = . 2\*(VELOCITY HEAD) = . 2\*( 0. 333) = 0. 067

-----  
 NODE 1010. 00 : HGL = < 263. 243>; EGL= < 263. 243>; FLOWLINE= < 262. 020>

\*\*\*\*\*

UPSTREAM PIPE FLOW CONTROL DATA:  
 NODE NUMBER = 1010. 00 FLOWLINE ELEVATION = 262. 02  
 ASSUMED UPSTREAM CONTROL HGL = 262. 84 FOR DOWNSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS

=====  
 END OF GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW ANALYSIS

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\*\*\*\*\* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY \*\*\*\*\*

- \* J#18022-F MAPLE CANYON RESTORATION PHASE 1 \*
  - \* SYSTEM 11 - MAINLINE CAPACITY RUN FROM NODES 1125 TO 1115 \*
  - \* TAILWATER ASSUMED TO BE TOP OF PIPE \*
- \*\*\*\*\*

FILE NAME: 1125.PIP  
 TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 18:16 03/31/2019

\*\*\*\*\*

GRADUALLY VARI ED FLOW ANALYSI S FOR PI PE SYSTE M  
 NODAL POI NT STATU S TABL E

(Note: "\*" indicates nodal point data used.)

NODE NUMBER	MODEL PROCESS	UPSTREAM RUN		DOWNSTREAM RUN	
		PRESSURE HEAD(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)	FLOW DEPTH(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
1125.00-	} FRICTI ON	1.50*	86.26	0.41	20.15
1120.00-		1.32*	67.44	0.38	21.09
1120.00-	} JUNCTI ON	1.01	39.91	0.18*	51.20
1150.00-					
1150.00-	} CATCH BASI N	0.73*	10.02	0.50 Dc	6.82

-----  
 MAXI MU M NU MBER OF ENER GY BALAN CES US ED I N EACH PROFI L E = 25  
 -----

NOTE: STEADY FLOW HYDRAULIC HEAD-LOSS COMPUTATIONS BASED ON THE MOST CONSERVATIVE FORMULAE FROM THE CURRENT LACRD, LACFCD, AND OCEMA DESIGN MANUALS.

\*\*\*\*\*

DOWNSTREAM PIPE FLOW CONTROL DATA:

NODE NUMBER = 1125.00 FLOWLINE ELEVATION = 154.55  
 PIPE FLOW = 1.80 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
 ASSUMED DOWNSTREAM CONTROL HGL = 156.050 FEET

-----  
 NODE 1125.00 : HGL = < 156.050>; EGL= < 156.066>; FLOWLINE= < 154.550>  
 -----

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1125.00 TO NODE 1120.00 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1120.00 ELEVATION = 154.73 (FLOW SEALS IN REACH)

-----  
 CALCULATE FRICTI ON LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 1.80 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
 PIPE LENGTH = 18.00 FEET MANNING' S N = 0.01300

-----  
 NORMA L DEPT H(FT) = 0.42 CRIT I CAL DEPT H(FT) = 0.50  
 =====

1125. RES

DOWNSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED PRESSURE HEAD(FT) = 1.50

GRADUALLY VARI ED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECI FIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	1.500	1.018	1.516	86.26
4.068	1.460	1.026	1.477	81.90
8.108	1.420	1.040	1.437	77.62
12.132	1.381	1.058	1.398	73.42
16.143	1.341	1.080	1.359	69.31
18.000	1.322	1.091	1.341	67.44

NODE 1120.00 : HGL = < 156.052>; EGL= < 156.071>; FLOWLINE= < 154.730>

\*\*\*\*\*  
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1120.00 TO NODE 1120.00 IS CODE = 5  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1120.00 ELEVATION = 155.06 (FLOW IS SUBCRITICAL)  
 (NOTE: POSSIBLE JUMP IN OR UPSTREAM OF STRUCTURE)

CALCULATE JUNCTI ON LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DI AMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRI TICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCIT Y (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	1.80	18.00	60.00	155.06	0.50	14.513
DOWNSTREAM	1.80	18.00	-	154.73	0.50	1.091
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===					

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTI ON FORMULAE USED:

$DY = (Q2*V2 - Q1*V1 * \cos(\Delta A1) - Q3*V3 * \cos(\Delta A3) - Q4*V4 * \cos(\Delta A4)) / ((A1+A2)*16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$   
 UPSTREAM: MANNING' S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.28649  
 DOWNSTREAM: MANNING' S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00026  
 AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTI ON ASSUMED AS 0.14338  
 JUNCTI ON LENGTH = 4.00 FEET  
 FRICTION LOSSES = 0.574 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET  
 JUNCTI ON LOSSES = (DY+HV1-HV2)+(ENTRANCE LOSSES)  
 JUNCTI ON LOSSES = ( 2.444)+( 0.000) = 2.444

NODE 1120.00 : HGL = < 155.244>; EGL= < 158.515>; FLOWLINE= < 155.060>

\*\*\*\*\*  
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1120.00 TO NODE 1150.00 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1150.00 ELEVATION = 202.18 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

CALCULATE FRI CTI ON LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 1.80 CFS PIPE DI AMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
 PIPE LENGTH = 140.78 FEET MANNING' S N = 0.01300

NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.18 CRIT I CAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.50

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.50

GRADUALLY VARI ED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECI FIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	0.505	3.444	0.689	18.84
0.002	0.492	3.570	0.690	18.86
0.009	0.479	3.706	0.692	18.93
0.021	0.466	3.850	0.696	19.04
0.038	0.452	4.006	0.702	19.21

1125. RES				
0.063	0.439	4.173	0.710	19.43
0.096	0.426	4.352	0.721	19.71
0.138	0.413	4.546	0.734	20.06
0.192	0.400	4.756	0.752	20.48
0.258	0.387	4.984	0.773	20.97
0.340	0.374	5.232	0.799	21.55
0.441	0.361	5.502	0.831	22.21
0.564	0.348	5.798	0.870	22.99
0.715	0.334	6.124	0.917	23.87
0.901	0.321	6.482	0.974	24.89
1.129	0.308	6.879	1.043	26.05
1.413	0.295	7.320	1.128	27.39
1.767	0.282	7.812	1.230	28.91
2.216	0.269	8.365	1.356	30.66
2.794	0.256	8.989	1.511	32.66
3.557	0.243	9.698	1.704	34.98
4.598	0.230	10.508	1.945	37.66
6.092	0.217	11.443	2.251	40.79
8.438	0.203	12.530	2.643	44.46
12.917	0.190	13.806	3.152	48.80
140.780	0.184	14.508	3.455	51.20

-----  
 NODE 1150.00 : HGL = < 202.685>; EGL= < 202.869>; FLOWLINE= < 202.180>

\*\*\*\*\*  
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1150.00 TO NODE 1150.00 IS CODE = 8  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1150.00 ELEVATION = 202.18 (FLOW IS SUBCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE CATCH BASIN ENTRANCE LOSSES(LACFCD):  
 PIPE FLOW = 1.80 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
 FLOW VELOCITY = 3.44 FEET/SEC. VELOCITY HEAD = 0.184 FEET  
 CATCH BASIN ENERGY LOSS = .2\*(VELOCITY HEAD) = .2\*( 0.184) = 0.037

-----  
 NODE 1150.00 : HGL = < 202.906>; EGL= < 202.906>; FLOWLINE= < 202.180>

\*\*\*\*\*  
 UPSTREAM PIPE FLOW CONTROL DATA:  
 NODE NUMBER = 1150.00 FLOWLINE ELEVATION = 202.18  
 ASSUMED UPSTREAM CONTROL HGL = 202.68 FOR DOWNSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS

=====

END OF GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW ANALYSIS

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\*\*\*\*\* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY \*\*\*\*\*  
 \* J#18022-F MAPLE CANYON RESTORATION PHASE 1 \*  
 \* SYSTEM 12 - MAINLINE CAPACITY RUN FROM NODES 1230 TO 1210 \*  
 \* TAILWATER ASSUMED TO BE TOP OF PIPE \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*

FILE NAME: 1230. RAT  
 TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 17: 40 03/31/2019

\*\*\*\*\*

GRADUALLY VARI ED FLOW ANALY SI S FOR PI PE SY ST EM  
 NODAL POI NT STATU S TAB LE

(Note: "\*" indi cates nodal poi nt data used.)

NODE NUMBER	MODEL PROCESS	UPSTREAM RUN		DOWNSTREAM RUN	
		PRESSURE HEAD(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)	FLOW DEPTH(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
1230. 00-		1. 50*	112. 36	0. 59	90. 71
}	FRI CTI ON	}	HYDRAULI C JUMP		
1225. 00-		1. 36	98. 79	0. 53*	101. 26
}	JUNCTI ON				
1225. 00-		1. 18	85. 08	0. 27*	238. 15
}	FRI CTI ON				
1220. 00-		0. 88 Dc	74. 13	0. 32*	191. 12
}	JUNCTI ON				
1220. 00-		0. 88 Dc	74. 13	0. 29*	225. 48
}	FRI CTI ON				
1215. 00-		0. 88*Dc	74. 13	0. 88*Dc	74. 13
}	JUNCTI ON				
1215. 00-		1. 19	85. 40	0. 36*	163. 80
}	FRI CTI ON				
1210. 00-		0. 88*Dc	74. 13	0. 88*Dc	74. 13
}	CATCH BASI N				
1210. 00-		1. 31*	41. 13	0. 88 Dc	25. 37

-----  
 MAXI MU M NU MBER OF ENER GY BALAN CES US ED I N EACH PROFI LE = 25  
 -----

NOTE: STEADY FLOW HYDRAULI C HEAD-LOSS COMPUTATI ONS BASED ON THE MOST  
 CONSERVATI VE FORMULAE FROM THE CURRENT LACRD, LACFCD, AND OCEMA  
 DESI GN MANU ALS.

\*\*\*\*\*

DOWNSTRE AM PI PE FLOW CONTROL DATA:

NODE NU MBER = 1230. 00 FLOWLI NE ELEVATI ON = 138. 54  
 PI PE FLOW = 5. 20 CFS PI PE DIAMETER = 18. 00 I NCHES  
 ASSUMED DOWNSTRE AM CONTROL HGL = 140. 040 FEET

-----  
 NODE 1230. 00 : HGL = < 140. 040>; EGL= < 140. 174>; FLOWLI NE= < 138. 540>  
 -----

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCE SS FROM NODE 1230. 00 TO NODE 1225. 00 I S CODE = 1

1230. RES  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1225.00 ELEVATION = 138.70 (HYDRAULIC JUMP OCCURS)

-----  
 CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):  
 PIPE FLOW = 5.20 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
 PIPE LENGTH = 16.00 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300  
 -----

HYDRAULIC JUMP: DOWNSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS RESULTS

-----  
 NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.75 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.88  
 -----  
 UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.53  
 -----

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECI FIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	0.531	9.280	1.869	101.26
2.115	0.540	9.080	1.821	99.55
4.260	0.548	8.888	1.776	97.92
6.438	0.557	8.704	1.734	96.38
8.653	0.566	8.526	1.695	94.91
10.909	0.574	8.355	1.659	93.51
13.209	0.583	8.190	1.625	92.19
15.558	0.591	8.031	1.593	90.93
16.000	0.593	8.003	1.588	90.71

-----  
 HYDRAULIC JUMP: UPSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS RESULTS

-----  
 DOWNSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED PRESSURE HEAD(FT) = 1.50  
 -----

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECI FIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	1.500	2.942	1.634	112.36
3.107	1.475	2.952	1.611	109.72
6.058	1.450	2.972	1.587	107.19
8.920	1.425	2.997	1.565	104.75
11.715	1.400	3.028	1.543	102.37
14.454	1.376	3.063	1.521	100.08
16.000	1.361	3.085	1.509	98.79

-----END OF HYDRAULIC JUMP ANALYSIS-----

-----  
 PRESSURE+MOMENTUM BALANCE OCCURS AT 14.50 FEET UPSTREAM OF NODE 1230.00  
 DOWNSTREAM DEPTH = 1.375 FEET, UPSTREAM CONJUGATE DEPTH = 0.537 FEET  
 -----

NODE 1225.00 : HGL = < 139.231>; EGL= < 140.569>; FLOWLINE= < 138.700>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1225.00 TO NODE 1225.00 IS CODE = 5  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1225.00 ELEVATION = 139.03 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	5.20	18.00	60.00	139.03	0.88	23.480
DOWNSTREAM	5.20	18.00	-	138.70	0.88	9.283
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===					

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:  
 $DY = (Q2*V2 - Q1*V1 * \cos(\Delta A1) - Q3*V3 * \cos(\Delta A3) - Q4*V4 * \cos(\Delta A4)) / ((A1+A2) * 16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$

1230. RES

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.45880  
 DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.03390  
 AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.24635  
 JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET  
 FRICTION LOSSES = 0.985 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET  
 JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY+HV1-HV2)+(ENTRANCE LOSSES)  
 JUNCTION LOSSES = ( 7.296)+( 0.000) = 7.296

-----  
 NODE 1225.00 : HGL = < 139.304>; EGL= < 147.865>; FLOWLINE= < 139.030>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1225.00 TO NODE 1220.00 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1220.00 ELEVATION = 204.71 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):  
 PIPE FLOW = 5.20 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
 PIPE LENGTH = 140.00 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

-----  
 NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.27 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.88

-----  
 UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.32

=====

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DISTANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	0.321	18.735	5.775	191.12
0.414	0.319	18.896	5.867	192.72
0.850	0.317	19.061	5.962	194.34
1.310	0.315	19.228	6.060	195.99
1.796	0.314	19.397	6.159	197.66
2.311	0.312	19.569	6.262	199.37
2.857	0.310	19.744	6.366	201.09
3.439	0.308	19.921	6.474	202.85
4.061	0.306	20.101	6.584	204.64
4.726	0.304	20.284	6.697	206.45
5.442	0.302	20.470	6.813	208.29
6.215	0.300	20.659	6.931	210.17
7.053	0.298	20.851	7.053	212.07
7.967	0.296	21.046	7.178	214.01
8.971	0.294	21.244	7.307	215.98
10.082	0.292	21.446	7.439	217.98
11.322	0.290	21.651	7.574	220.02
12.722	0.288	21.859	7.713	222.09
14.325	0.286	22.071	7.855	224.20
16.193	0.285	22.287	8.002	226.34
18.426	0.283	22.506	8.152	228.52
21.185	0.281	22.728	8.307	230.74
24.779	0.279	22.955	8.466	233.00
29.895	0.277	23.186	8.630	235.29
38.745	0.275	23.420	8.798	237.63
140.000	0.274	23.473	8.835	238.15

-----  
 NODE 1220.00 : HGL = < 205.031>; EGL= < 210.485>; FLOWLINE= < 204.710>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1220.00 TO NODE 1220.00 IS CODE = 5  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1220.00 ELEVATION = 205.04 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:  
 PIPE FLOW DIAMETER ANGLE FLOWLINE CRITICAL VELOCITY  
 (CFS) (INCHES) (DEGREES) ELEVATION DEPTH(FT.) (FT/SEC)  
 UPSTREAM 5.20 18.00 15.00 205.04 0.88 22.207

1230. RES

DOWNSTREAM	5.20	18.00	-	204.71	0.88	18.740
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===					

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$$DY = (Q2*V2 - Q1*V1*\cos(\Delta A1) - Q3*V3*\cos(\Delta A3) - Q4*V4*\cos(\Delta A4)) / ((A1+A2)*16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$$

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.39172

DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.24231

AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.31702

JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET

FRICTION LOSSES = 1.268 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET

JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY+HV1-HV2)+(ENTRANCE LOSSES)

JUNCTION LOSSES = (2.498)+(0.000) = 2.498

-----  
 NODE 1220.00 : HGL = < 205.325>; EGL = < 212.983>; FLOWLINE = < 205.040>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1220.00 TO NODE 1215.00 IS CODE = 1

UPSTREAM NODE 1215.00 ELEVATION = 225.16 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 5.20 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES

PIPE LENGTH = 36.00 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

-----  
 NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.26 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.88

-----  
 UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.88

-----  
 GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	0.878	4.837	1.242	74.13
0.003	0.853	5.007	1.243	74.22
0.011	0.829	5.191	1.247	74.51
0.025	0.804	5.389	1.255	74.99
0.047	0.779	5.604	1.267	75.70
0.077	0.755	5.837	1.284	76.65
0.118	0.730	6.090	1.306	77.85
0.170	0.705	6.365	1.335	79.34
0.236	0.681	6.666	1.371	81.15
0.320	0.656	6.996	1.417	83.30
0.423	0.631	7.359	1.473	85.84
0.552	0.607	7.759	1.542	88.82
0.711	0.582	8.201	1.627	92.28
0.907	0.557	8.694	1.732	96.30
1.151	0.533	9.244	1.860	100.95
1.455	0.508	9.862	2.019	106.33
1.836	0.483	10.559	2.216	112.58
2.321	0.459	11.350	2.460	119.82
2.945	0.434	12.255	2.768	128.27
3.763	0.409	13.298	3.157	138.15
4.862	0.385	14.509	3.656	149.79
6.392	0.360	15.930	4.303	163.58
8.638	0.335	17.616	5.157	180.09
12.248	0.311	19.640	6.304	200.07
19.318	0.286	22.106	7.879	224.55
36.000	0.285	22.200	7.943	225.48

-----  
 NODE 1215.00 : HGL = < 226.038>; EGL = < 226.402>; FLOWLINE = < 225.160>

1230. RES

\*\*\*\*\*  
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1215.00 TO NODE 1215.00 IS CODE = 5  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1215.00 ELEVATION = 225.49 (FLOW IS SUBCRITICAL)  
 (NOTE: POSSIBLE JUMP IN OR UPSTREAM OF STRUCTURE)

-----  
 CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	5.20	18.00	90.00	225.49	0.88	15.958
DOWNSTREAM	5.20	18.00	-	225.16	0.88	4.839
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===					

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$DY = (Q2*V2 - Q1*V1*\cos(\Delta A1) - Q3*V3*\cos(\Delta A3) - Q4*V4*\cos(\Delta A4)) / ((A1+A2)*16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$   
 UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.15397  
 DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00586  
 AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.07992  
 JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET  
 FRICTION LOSSES = 0.320 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET  
 JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY+HV1-HV2)+(ENTRANCE LOSSES)  
 JUNCTION LOSSES = (3.402)+(0.000) = 3.402

-----  
 NODE 1215.00 : HGL = < 225.850>; EGL = < 229.804>; FLOWLINE = < 225.490>

\*\*\*\*\*  
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1215.00 TO NODE 1210.00 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1210.00 ELEVATION = 229.08 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 5.20 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
 PIPE LENGTH = 6.42 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

-----  
 NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.26 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.88

=====

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.88

=====

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECI FIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	0.878	4.837	1.242	74.13
0.003	0.853	5.008	1.243	74.22
0.011	0.829	5.191	1.247	74.51
0.025	0.804	5.389	1.255	74.99
0.047	0.779	5.604	1.267	75.70
0.077	0.755	5.837	1.284	76.65
0.117	0.730	6.090	1.306	77.85
0.170	0.705	6.365	1.335	79.35
0.236	0.681	6.666	1.371	81.15
0.320	0.656	6.996	1.417	83.31
0.423	0.631	7.359	1.473	85.85
0.552	0.607	7.759	1.542	88.82
0.710	0.582	8.202	1.627	92.28
0.907	0.557	8.694	1.732	96.30
1.150	0.533	9.244	1.861	100.95
1.454	0.508	9.862	2.019	106.34
1.836	0.483	10.559	2.216	112.58
2.320	0.459	11.351	2.461	119.83
2.944	0.434	12.256	2.768	128.28
3.762	0.409	13.299	3.157	138.16



			1230. RES		
4. 860	0. 385	14. 511		3. 656	149. 80
6. 390	0. 360	15. 932		4. 304	163. 60
6. 420	0. 360	15. 953		4. 314	163. 80

-----  
 NODE 1210. 00 : HGL = < 229. 958>; EGL= < 230. 322>; FLOWLINE= < 229. 080>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1210. 00 TO NODE 1210. 00 IS CODE = 8  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1210. 00 ELEVATION = 229. 08 (FLOW IS SUBCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE CATCH BASIN ENTRANCE LOSSES(LACFCD):  
 PIPE FLOW = 5. 20 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18. 00 INCHES  
 FLOW VELOCITY = 4. 84 FEET/SEC. VELOCITY HEAD = 0. 364 FEET  
 CATCH BASIN ENERGY LOSS = . 2\*(VELOCITY HEAD) = . 2\*( 0. 364) = 0. 073

-----  
 NODE 1210. 00 : HGL = < 230. 394>; EGL= < 230. 394>; FLOWLINE= < 229. 080>

\*\*\*\*\*

UPSTREAM PIPE FLOW CONTROL DATA:  
 NODE NUMBER = 1210. 00 FLOWLINE ELEVATION = 229. 08  
 ASSUMED UPSTREAM CONTROL HGL = 229. 96 FOR DOWNSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS

=====

END OF GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW ANALYSIS

†

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PIPE-FLOW HYDRAULICS COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE  
 (Reference: LACFCD, LACRD, AND OCEMA HYDRAULICS CRITERION)  
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\*\*\*\*\* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY \*\*\*\*\*  
 \* J#18022-F MAPLE CANYON RESTORATION PHASE 1 \*  
 \* SYSTEM 13 - MAINLINE CAPACITY RUN FROM NODES 1350 TO 1330 \*  
 \* TAILWATER ASSUMED TO BE TOP OF PIPE \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*

FILE NAME: 1350.PIP  
 TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 16:16 06/13/2019

\*\*\*\*\*

GRADUALLY VARI ED FLOW ANALYSI S FOR PI PE SYSTE M  
 NODAL POI NT STATU S TABL E

(Note: "\*" indicates nodal point data used.)

NODE NUMBER	MODEL PROCESS	UPSTREAM RUN		DOWNSTREAM RUN	
		PRESSURE HEAD(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)	FLOW DEPTH(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
1350.00-		3.00	1142.93	0.78*	2357.83
}	FRICTI ON				
1345.00-		2.89	1100.75	0.72*	2615.56
}	JUNCTI ON				
1345.00-		2.84	970.88	0.58*	2770.06
}	FRICTI ON				
1342.50-		1.97 Dc	797.87	0.65*	2352.18
}	JUNCTI ON				
1342.50-		1.97 Dc	797.87	0.62*	2503.68
}	FRICTI ON				
1340.00-		1.97 Dc	797.87	1.54*	868.19
}	JUNCTI ON				
1340.00-		1.97*Dc	797.87	1.97*Dc	797.87
}	FRICTI ON				
1335.00-		2.03*	798.73	1.97 Dc	797.87
}	JUNCTI ON				
1335.00-		2.80*	697.80	1.40	383.38
}	FRICTI ON				
1332.00-		2.24*	503.91	1.47 Dc	381.99
}	JUNCTI ON				
1332.00-		2.22	455.41	0.76*	601.45
}	FRICTI ON				
1330.00-		1.49*Dc	359.10	1.49*Dc	359.10
}	CATCH BASI N				
1330.00-		1.31	105.89	1.49*Dc	122.46

-----  
 MAXI MU M NU MBER OF ENER GY BALAN CES US ED I N EACH PROFI L E = 25  
 -----

NOTE: STEADY FLOW HYDRAULI C HEAD-LOSS COMPUTATI ONS BASED ON THE MOST  
 CONSERVATI VE FORMULAE FROM THE CURRENT LACRD, LACFCD, AND OCEMA  
 DESI GN MANU ALS.

\*\*\*\*\*

DOWNSTRE AM PI PE FLOW CONTROL DATA:

1350. RES  
 NODE NUMBER = 1350.00 FLOWLINE ELEVATION = 138.62  
 PIPE FLOW = 41.90 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 36.00 INCHES  
 ASSUMED DOWNSTREAM CONTROL HGL = 141.620 FEET

-----  
 NODE 1350.00 : HGL = < 139.400>; EGL= < 152.171>; FLOWLINE= < 138.620>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1350.00 TO NODE 1345.00 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1345.00 ELEVATION = 138.77 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):  
 PIPE FLOW = 41.90 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 36.00 INCHES  
 PIPE LENGTH = 15.00 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

-----  
 NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 1.72 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 2.11

=====

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.72

-----  
 GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	0.723	31.904	16.538	2615.56
10.507	0.763	29.569	14.348	2429.35
15.000	0.780	28.670	13.551	2357.83

-----  
 NODE 1345.00 : HGL = < 139.493>; EGL= < 155.308>; FLOWLINE= < 138.770>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1345.00 TO NODE 1345.00 IS CODE = 5  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1345.00 ELEVATION = 139.10 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	36.80	36.00	7.82	139.10	1.97	38.647
DOWNSTREAM	41.90	36.00	-	138.77	2.11	31.913
LATERAL #1	5.10	18.00	90.00	140.60	0.87	4.804
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00==Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT==					

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:  
 $DY = (Q2*V2 - Q1*V1 * \cos(\Delta A1) - Q3*V3 * \cos(\Delta A3) - Q4*V4 * \cos(\Delta A4)) / ((A1+A2) * 16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$   
 UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.46438  
 DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.24293  
 AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.35365  
 JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET  
 FRICTION LOSSES = 1.415 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET  
 JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY+HV1-HV2)+(ENTRANCE LOSSES)  
 JUNCTION LOSSES = ( 7.562)+( 0.000) = 7.562

-----  
 NODE 1345.00 : HGL = < 139.677>; EGL= < 162.870>; FLOWLINE= < 139.100>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1345.00 TO NODE 1342.50 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1342.50 ELEVATION = 188.05 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):  
 PIPE FLOW = 36.80 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 36.00 INCHES  
 PIPE LENGTH = 102.94 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

-----  
 NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.57 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 1.97

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.65

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECI FIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	0.649	32.712	17.275	2352.18
1.187	0.646	32.928	17.492	2367.36
2.434	0.643	33.146	17.714	2382.72
3.746	0.640	33.367	17.939	2398.27
5.129	0.637	33.591	18.168	2414.00
6.589	0.634	33.817	18.402	2429.92
8.136	0.631	34.045	18.640	2446.03
9.778	0.628	34.277	18.883	2462.33
11.527	0.625	34.511	19.130	2478.83
13.395	0.622	34.748	19.382	2495.54
15.398	0.619	34.987	19.639	2512.44
17.555	0.616	35.230	19.900	2529.56
19.888	0.613	35.476	20.167	2546.89
22.427	0.610	35.724	20.439	2564.43
25.207	0.607	35.976	20.717	2582.19
28.274	0.604	36.231	20.999	2600.17
31.689	0.601	36.489	21.288	2618.38
35.534	0.598	36.750	21.582	2636.82
39.925	0.595	37.014	21.882	2655.49
45.031	0.592	37.282	22.188	2674.40
51.113	0.589	37.553	22.500	2693.56
58.612	0.586	37.827	22.819	2712.96
68.351	0.583	38.105	23.144	2732.61
82.179	0.580	38.387	23.475	2752.52
102.940	0.577	38.635	23.770	2770.06

NODE 1342.50 : HGL = < 188.699>; EGL= < 205.325>; FLOWLINE= < 188.050>

\*\*\*\*\*  
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1342.50 TO NODE 1342.50 IS CODE = 5  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1342.50 ELEVATION = 188.38 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	36.80	36.00	8.50	188.38	1.97	34.874
DOWNSTREAM	36.80	36.00	-	188.05	1.97	32.723
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===					

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$$DY = (Q2 \cdot V2 - Q1 \cdot V1 \cdot \cos(\Delta 1) - Q3 \cdot V3 \cdot \cos(\Delta 3) - Q4 \cdot V4 \cdot \cos(\Delta 4)) / ((A1 + A2) \cdot 16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$$

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.34719  
 DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.29000

AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.31859  
 JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET

FRICTION LOSSES = 1.274 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET

JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY + HV1 - HV2) + (ENTRANCE LOSSES)

JUNCTION LOSSES = (2.560) + (0.000) = 2.560

NODE 1342.50 : HGL = < 189.000>; EGL= < 207.885>; FLOWLINE= < 188.380>

\*\*\*\*\*  
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1342.50 TO NODE 1340.00 IS CODE = 1

1350. RES  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1340.00 ELEVATION = 214.96 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):  
 PIPE FLOW = 36.80 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 36.00 INCHES  
 PIPE LENGTH = 50.03 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.56 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 1.97

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 1.54

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DISTANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	1.538	10.082	3.118	868.19
0.130	1.499	10.418	3.185	883.35
0.283	1.460	10.777	3.264	900.45
0.460	1.421	11.161	3.356	919.65
0.666	1.381	11.573	3.462	941.11
0.905	1.342	12.015	3.585	965.04
1.183	1.303	12.491	3.727	991.67
1.505	1.264	13.005	3.892	1021.26
1.879	1.225	13.560	4.082	1054.10
2.315	1.185	14.162	4.302	1090.53
2.823	1.146	14.816	4.557	1130.95
3.420	1.107	15.528	4.853	1175.81
4.121	1.068	16.306	5.199	1225.65
4.951	1.029	17.158	5.603	1281.09
5.940	0.990	18.096	6.077	1342.86
7.126	0.950	19.131	6.637	1411.85
8.563	0.911	20.278	7.300	1489.10
10.326	0.872	21.554	8.091	1575.87
12.519	0.833	22.982	9.039	1673.69
15.299	0.794	24.588	10.187	1784.42
18.913	0.754	26.403	11.586	1910.39
23.780	0.715	28.469	13.308	2054.49
30.688	0.676	30.837	15.451	2220.37
41.423	0.637	33.572	18.149	2412.72
50.030	0.620	34.863	19.505	2503.68

NODE 1340.00 : HGL = < 216.498>; EGL = < 218.078>; FLOWLINE = < 214.960>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1340.00 TO NODE 1340.00 IS CODE = 5  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1340.00 ELEVATION = 215.29 (FLOW IS AT CRITICAL DEPTH)

CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	36.80	36.00	0.00	215.29	1.97	7.466
DOWNSTREAM	36.80	36.00	-	214.96	1.97	7.466
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000

Q5 0.00===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$$DY = (Q2*V2 - Q1*V1*\cos(\Delta A1) - Q3*V3*\cos(\Delta A3) - Q4*V4*\cos(\Delta A4)) / ((A1+A2)*16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$$

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00515

DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00515

AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.00515

JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET

FRICTION LOSSES = 0.021 FEET

ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET

1350. RES

JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY+HV1-HV2)+(ENTRANCE LOSSES)  
 JUNCTION LOSSES = ( 0.330)+( 0.000) = 0.330

-----  
 NODE 1340.00 : HGL = < 217.263>; EGL= < 218.128>; FLOWLINE= < 215.290>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1340.00 TO NODE 1335.00 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1335.00 ELEVATION = 215.69 (FLOW IS SUBCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFD):  
 PIPE FLOW = 36.80 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 36.00 INCHES  
 PIPE LENGTH = 84.00 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

-----  
 NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 2.03 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 1.97

-----  
 DOWNSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 1.97

-----  
 GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	1.973	7.464	2.838	797.87
0.013	1.975	7.454	2.838	797.87
0.054	1.977	7.445	2.838	797.88
0.126	1.980	7.435	2.838	797.88
0.230	1.982	7.425	2.838	797.89
0.371	1.984	7.416	2.839	797.91
0.552	1.986	7.406	2.839	797.92
0.778	1.989	7.397	2.839	797.94
1.054	1.991	7.387	2.839	797.97
1.385	1.993	7.378	2.839	797.99
1.779	1.995	7.369	2.839	798.02
2.245	1.997	7.359	2.839	798.05
2.793	2.000	7.350	2.839	798.09
3.436	2.002	7.341	2.839	798.12
4.191	2.004	7.331	2.839	798.16
5.080	2.006	7.322	2.839	798.21
6.131	2.009	7.313	2.840	798.25
7.382	2.011	7.304	2.840	798.30
8.886	2.013	7.295	2.840	798.36
10.722	2.015	7.285	2.840	798.41
13.011	2.018	7.276	2.840	798.47
15.958	2.020	7.267	2.841	798.53
19.944	2.022	7.258	2.841	798.59
25.828	2.024	7.249	2.841	798.66
36.364	2.027	7.240	2.841	798.73
84.000	2.027	7.240	2.841	798.73

-----  
 NODE 1335.00 : HGL = < 217.717>; EGL= < 218.531>; FLOWLINE= < 215.690>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1335.00 TO NODE 1335.00 IS CODE = 5  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1335.00 ELEVATION = 216.06 (FLOW IS SUBCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	21.00	36.00	90.00	216.06	1.47	3.060
DOWNSTREAM	36.80	36.00	-	215.69	1.97	7.242
LATERAL #1	14.30	24.00	48.30	216.69	1.36	5.317
LATERAL #2	1.50	18.00	14.80	217.19	0.46	1.083

Q5 0.00===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===

1350. RES

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$$DY = (Q2*V2 - Q1*V1*\cos(\Delta A1) - Q3*V3*\cos(\Delta A3) - Q4*V4*\cos(\Delta A4)) / ((A1+A2)*16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$$

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00086

DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00478

AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.00282

JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET

FRICTION LOSSES = 0.011 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET

JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY+HV1-HV2)+(ENTRANCE LOSSES)

JUNCTION LOSSES = (0.472)+(0.000) = 0.472

NODE 1335.00 : HGL = < 218.857>; EGL = < 219.003>; FLOWLINE = < 216.060>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1335.00 TO NODE 1332.00 IS CODE = 1

UPSTREAM NODE 1332.00 ELEVATION = 216.67 (FLOW IS SUBCRITICAL)

CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 21.00 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 36.00 INCHES

PIPE LENGTH = 121.44 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 1.40 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 1.47

DOWNSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 2.80

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	2.797	3.059	2.943	697.80
11.856	2.744	3.097	2.893	676.79
23.612	2.691	3.140	2.845	656.27
35.283	2.638	3.188	2.796	636.27
46.878	2.585	3.241	2.748	616.80
58.403	2.532	3.298	2.701	597.89
69.863	2.479	3.360	2.655	579.57
81.262	2.426	3.428	2.609	561.85
92.600	2.373	3.500	2.564	544.76
103.877	2.320	3.579	2.519	528.32
115.091	2.267	3.663	2.476	512.57
121.440	2.237	3.714	2.451	503.91

NODE 1332.00 : HGL = < 218.907>; EGL = < 219.121>; FLOWLINE = < 216.670>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1332.00 TO NODE 1332.00 IS CODE = 5

UPSTREAM NODE 1332.00 ELEVATION = 217.17 (FLOW IS SUBCRITICAL)

(NOTE: POSSIBLE JUMP IN OR UPSTREAM OF STRUCTURE)

CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	19.30	30.00	90.00	217.17	1.49	15.431
DOWNSTREAM	21.00	36.00	-	216.67	1.47	3.715
LATERAL #1	1.70	36.00	58.70	217.00	0.40	0.518
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===					

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$$DY = (Q2*V2 - Q1*V1*\cos(\Delta A1) - Q3*V3*\cos(\Delta A3) - Q4*V4*\cos(\Delta A4)) / ((A1+A2)*16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$$

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.05618

DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00121

1350. RES

AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.02869

JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET

FRICTION LOSSES = 0.115 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET

JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY+HV1-HV2)+(ENTRANCE LOSSES)

JUNCTION LOSSES = ( 2.501)+( 0.000) = 2.501

NODE 1332.00 : HGL = < 217.925>; EGL= < 221.623>; FLOWLINE= < 217.170>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1332.00 TO NODE 1330.00 IS CODE = 1

UPSTREAM NODE 1330.00 ELEVATION = 220.17 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 19.30 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 30.00 INCHES

PIPE LENGTH = 19.54 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.58 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 1.49

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 1.49

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DISTANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	1.490	6.325	2.111	359.10
0.012	1.454	6.515	2.113	359.43
0.049	1.417	6.718	2.119	360.44
0.116	1.381	6.935	2.129	362.17
0.216	1.345	7.168	2.143	364.68
0.354	1.309	7.416	2.163	368.01
0.536	1.273	7.683	2.190	372.23
0.768	1.237	7.971	2.224	377.40
1.060	1.200	8.280	2.266	383.61
1.420	1.164	8.614	2.317	390.95
1.862	1.128	8.975	2.380	399.51
2.401	1.092	9.367	2.455	409.42
3.056	1.056	9.793	2.546	420.80
3.850	1.019	10.257	2.654	433.82
4.817	0.983	10.765	2.784	448.66
5.996	0.947	11.321	2.938	465.53
7.444	0.911	11.934	3.124	484.69
9.236	0.875	12.610	3.345	506.44
11.482	0.838	13.360	3.612	531.14
14.341	0.802	14.195	3.933	559.22
18.066	0.766	15.130	4.323	591.21
19.540	0.755	15.426	4.453	601.45

NODE 1330.00 : HGL = < 221.660>; EGL= < 222.281>; FLOWLINE= < 220.170>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1330.00 TO NODE 1330.00 IS CODE = 8

UPSTREAM NODE 1330.00 ELEVATION = 221.10 (FLOW IS SUBCRITICAL)

(NOTE: POSSIBLE JUMP IN OR UPSTREAM OF STRUCTURE)

CALCULATE CATCH BASIN ENTRANCE LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 19.30 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 30.00 INCHES

FLOW VELOCITY = 9.96 FEET/SEC. VELOCITY HEAD = 1.542 FEET

CATCH BASIN ENERGY LOSS = .2\*(VELOCITY HEAD) = .2\*( 1.542) = 0.308

NODE 1330.00 : HGL = < 222.590>; EGL= < 222.590>; FLOWLINE= < 221.100>

\*\*\*\*\*

UPSTREAM PIPE FLOW CONTROL DATA:



1350.RES  
NODE NUMBER = 1330.00 FLOWLINE ELEVATION = 221.10  
ASSUMED UPSTREAM CONTROL HGL = 222.59 FOR DOWNSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS

=====  
END OF GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW ANALYSIS  
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\*\*\*\*\* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY \*\*\*\*\*

- \* J#18022-F MAPLE CANYON RESTORATION PHASE 1 \*
- \* SYSTEM 13 - LATERAL RUN FROM NODES 1335 TO 1310 (SYSTEM 13A) \*
- \* TAILWATER HGL = 218.9 FT. AT NODE 1335 FROM MAINLINE RUN \*

FILE NAME: 1335NE.LAT  
 TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 16:55 03/31/2019

\*\*\*\*\*

GRADUALLY VARI ED FLOW ANALYSI S FOR PI PE SYSTEM  
 NODAL POINT STATUS TABLE

(Note: "\*" indicates nodal point data used.)

NODE NUMBER	MODEL PROCESS	UPSTREAM RUN		DOWNSTREAM RUN	
		PRESSURE HEAD(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)	FLOW DEPTH(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
1335.00-	} FRI CTI ON	2.21	363.34	0.55*	574.33
1310.00-		1.36*Dc	259.08	1.36*Dc	259.08
1310.00-	} CAT CH BASI N	2.10*	214.82	1.36 Dc	85.20

-----  
 MAXIMUM NUMBER OF ENERGY BALANCES USED IN EACH PROFILE = 25  
 -----

NOTE: STEADY FLOW HYDRAULIC HEAD-LOSS COMPUTATIONS BASED ON THE MOST CONSERVATIVE FORMULAE FROM THE CURRENT LACRD, LACFCD, AND OCEMA DESIGN MANUALS.

\*\*\*\*\*  
 DOWNSTREAM PIPE FLOW CONTROL DATA:

NODE NUMBER = 1335.00 FLOWLINE ELEVATION = 216.69  
 PIPE FLOW = 14.30 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 24.00 INCHES  
 ASSUMED DOWNSTREAM CONTROL HGL = 218.900 FEET

-----  
 NODE 1335.00 : HGL = < 217.240>; EGL= < 223.682>; FLOWLINE= < 216.690>  
 -----

\*\*\*\*\*  
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1335.00 TO NODE 1310.00 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1310.00 ELEVATION = 227.54 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)  
 -----

CALCULATE FRI CTI ON LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 14.30 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 24.00 INCHES  
 PIPE LENGTH = 57.77 FEET MANNING' S N = 0.01300  
 -----

NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.52 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 1.36  
 -----

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 1.36  
 -----

GRADUALLY VARI ED FLOW PROFI LE COMPUTED I NFORMATI ON:  
 -----

1335NE. RES

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL (FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECI FIC ENERGY (FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM (POUNDS)
0.000	1.362	6.272	1.974	259.08
0.009	1.328	6.452	1.975	259.32
0.039	1.295	6.645	1.981	260.05
0.092	1.261	6.852	1.990	261.32
0.172	1.227	7.075	2.005	263.15
0.282	1.193	7.314	2.024	265.60
0.427	1.159	7.573	2.050	268.70
0.613	1.125	7.851	2.083	272.50
0.846	1.091	8.153	2.124	277.08
1.134	1.058	8.479	2.175	282.50
1.487	1.024	8.833	2.236	288.83
1.919	0.990	9.219	2.310	296.17
2.444	0.956	9.639	2.400	304.63
3.083	0.922	10.100	2.507	314.32
3.861	0.888	10.604	2.636	325.40
4.813	0.855	11.160	2.790	338.02
5.984	0.821	11.774	2.975	352.41
7.437	0.787	12.455	3.197	368.78
9.262	0.753	13.213	3.466	387.45
11.594	0.719	14.062	3.791	408.76
14.642	0.685	15.016	4.189	433.13
18.761	0.651	16.096	4.677	461.12
24.622	0.618	17.325	5.281	493.38
33.738	0.584	18.733	6.037	530.75
50.976	0.550	20.361	6.992	574.33
57.770	0.550	20.361	6.992	574.33

-----  
 NODE 1310.00 : HGL = < 228.902>; EGL= < 229.514>; FLOWLINE= < 227.540>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1310.00 TO NODE 1310.00 IS CODE = 8  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1310.00 ELEVATION = 227.54 (FLOW UNSEALS IN REACH)

-----  
 CALCULATE CATCH BASIN ENTRANCE LOSSES(LACFCD):  
 PIPE FLOW = 14.30 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 24.00 INCHES  
 FLOW VELOCITY = 6.27 FEET/SEC. VELOCITY HEAD = 0.611 FEET  
 CATCH BASIN ENERGY LOSS = .2\*(VELOCITY HEAD) = .2\*( 0.611) = 0.122

-----  
 NODE 1310.00 : HGL = < 229.636>; EGL= < 229.636>; FLOWLINE= < 227.540>

\*\*\*\*\*

UPSTREAM PIPE FLOW CONTROL DATA:  
 NODE NUMBER = 1310.00 FLOWLINE ELEVATION = 227.54  
 ASSUMED UPSTREAM CONTROL HGL = 228.90 FOR DOWNSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS

=====  
 END OF GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW ANALYSIS

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\*\*\*\*\* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY \*\*\*\*\*  
 \* J#18022-F MAPLE CANYON RESTORATION PHASE 1 \*  
 \* SYSTEM 13 - LATERAL RUN FROM NODES 1335 TO 1311 (SYSTEM 13B) \*  
 \* TAILWATER HGL = 218.9 FT. AT NODE 1335 FROM MAINLINE RUN \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*

FILE NAME: 1335SE.LAT  
 TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 17:00 03/31/2019

\*\*\*\*\*

GRADUALLY VARI ED FLOW ANALYSIS FOR PIPE SYSTEM  
 NODAL POINT STATUS TABLE

(Note: "\*" indicates nodal point data used.)

NODE NUMBER	MODEL PROCESS	UPSTREAM RUN		DOWNSTREAM RUN	
		PRESSURE HEAD(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)	FLOW DEPTH(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
1335.00-		1.71*	110.69	0.21	57.48
	} FRI CTION		} HYDRAULIC JUMP		
1311.00-		0.55*Dc	22.94	0.55*Dc	22.94
	} CATCH BASIN				
1311.00-		0.79*	12.23	0.55 Dc	8.27

-----  
 MAXIMUM NUMBER OF ENERGY BALANCES USED IN EACH PROFILE = 25  
 -----

NOTE: STEADY FLOW HYDRAULIC HEAD-LOSS COMPUTATIONS BASED ON THE MOST CONSERVATIVE FORMULAE FROM THE CURRENT LACRD, LACFCD, AND OCEMA DESIGN MANUALS.

\*\*\*\*\*

DOWNSTREAM PIPE FLOW CONTROL DATA:

NODE NUMBER = 1335.00 FLOWLINE ELEVATION = 217.19  
 PIPE FLOW = 2.10 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
 ASSUMED DOWNSTREAM CONTROL HGL = 218.900 FEET

-----  
 NODE 1335.00 : HGL = < 218.900>; EGL= < 218.922>; FLOWLINE= < 217.190>  
 -----

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1335.00 TO NODE 1311.00 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1311.00 ELEVATION = 229.62 (HYDRAULIC JUMP OCCURS)

-----  
 CALCULATE FRI CTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 2.10 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
 PIPE LENGTH = 42.98 FEET MANNING' S N = 0.01300  
 -----

HYDRAULIC JUMP: DOWNSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS RESULTS

-----  
 NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.20 CRITI CAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.55  
 -----

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.55  
 =====

## GRADUALLY VARI ED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL (FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECI FIC ENERGY (FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM (POUNDS)
0.000	0.547	3.603	0.749	22.94
0.003	0.533	3.732	0.749	22.96
0.011	0.519	3.870	0.752	23.04
0.025	0.505	4.017	0.756	23.18
0.047	0.491	4.174	0.762	23.37
0.076	0.477	4.344	0.770	23.63
0.116	0.463	4.526	0.781	23.96
0.167	0.449	4.722	0.795	24.36
0.231	0.435	4.934	0.813	24.84
0.311	0.421	5.163	0.835	25.42
0.409	0.407	5.413	0.862	26.09
0.530	0.393	5.684	0.895	26.86
0.677	0.379	5.981	0.935	27.75
0.857	0.365	6.306	0.983	28.78
1.078	0.351	6.664	1.041	29.95
1.349	0.337	7.059	1.111	31.29
1.684	0.323	7.496	1.196	32.82
2.102	0.309	7.984	1.300	34.57
2.630	0.295	8.529	1.426	36.57
3.308	0.281	9.142	1.580	38.86
4.199	0.268	9.836	1.771	41.49
5.411	0.254	10.626	2.008	44.53
7.144	0.240	11.533	2.306	48.05
9.856	0.226	12.581	2.685	52.17
15.014	0.212	13.804	3.172	57.01
42.980	0.210	13.922	3.222	57.48

## HYDRAULIC JUMP: UPSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS RESULTS

DOWNSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED PRESSURE HEAD (FT) = 1.71

## PRESSURE FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL (FT)	PRESSURE HEAD (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECI FIC ENERGY (FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM (POUNDS)
0.000	1.710	1.188	1.732	110.69
0.727	1.500	1.188	1.522	87.54

ASSUMED DOWNSTREAM PRESSURE HEAD (FT) = 1.50

## GRADUALLY VARI ED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL (FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECI FIC ENERGY (FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM (POUNDS)
0.727	1.500	1.188	1.522	87.54
0.858	1.462	1.196	1.484	83.38
0.988	1.424	1.211	1.447	79.29
1.118	1.386	1.231	1.409	75.28
1.246	1.347	1.255	1.372	71.36
1.375	1.309	1.283	1.335	67.53
1.502	1.271	1.315	1.298	63.82
1.629	1.233	1.351	1.261	60.21
1.755	1.195	1.391	1.225	56.73
1.880	1.157	1.435	1.189	53.38
2.004	1.119	1.485	1.153	50.16
2.128	1.081	1.540	1.117	47.08
2.249	1.042	1.601	1.082	44.15
2.369	1.004	1.669	1.048	41.37
2.488	0.966	1.745	1.014	38.75

1335SE. RES				
2. 604	0. 928	1. 828	0. 980	36. 29
2. 717	0. 890	1. 922	0. 947	34. 01
2. 827	0. 852	2. 027	0. 916	31. 90
2. 933	0. 814	2. 144	0. 885	29. 98
3. 034	0. 776	2. 277	0. 856	28. 26
3. 128	0. 737	2. 428	0. 829	26. 75
3. 214	0. 699	2. 599	0. 804	25. 46
3. 289	0. 661	2. 796	0. 783	24. 41
3. 350	0. 623	3. 024	0. 765	23. 62
3. 393	0. 585	3. 290	0. 753	23. 11
3. 409	0. 547	3. 603	0. 749	22. 94
42. 980	0. 547	3. 603	0. 749	22. 94

-----END OF HYDRAULIC JUMP ANALYSIS-----

PRESSURE+MOMENTUM BALANCE OCCURS AT 1.73 FEET UPSTREAM OF NODE 1335.00  
 DOWNSTREAM DEPTH = 1.203 FEET, UPSTREAM CONJUGATE DEPTH = 0.210 FEET

NODE 1311.00 : HGL = < 230.167>; EGL= < 230.369>; FLOWLINE= < 229.620>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1311.00 TO NODE 1311.00 IS CODE = 8  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1311.00 ELEVATION = 229.62 (FLOW IS SUBCRITICAL)

CALCULATE CATCH BASIN ENTRANCE LOSSES(LACFCD):  
 PIPE FLOW = 2.10 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
 FLOW VELOCITY = 3.60 FEET/SEC. VELOCITY HEAD = 0.202 FEET  
 CATCH BASIN ENERGY LOSS = .2\*(VELOCITY HEAD) = .2\*( 0.202) = 0.040

NODE 1311.00 : HGL = < 230.409>; EGL= < 230.409>; FLOWLINE= < 229.620>

\*\*\*\*\*

UPSTREAM PIPE FLOW CONTROL DATA:  
 NODE NUMBER = 1311.00 FLOWLINE ELEVATION = 229.62  
 ASSUMED UPSTREAM CONTROL HGL = 230.17 FOR DOWNSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS

-----END OF GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW ANALYSIS

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\*\*\*\*\* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY \*\*\*\*\*  
 \* J#18022-F MAPLE CANYON RESTORATION PHASE 1 \*  
 \* SYSTEM 13 - LATERAL RUN FROM NODES 1335 TO 1331 (SYSTEM 13) \*  
 \* TAILWATER HGL = 218.9 FT. AT NODE 1332 FROM MAINLINE RUN \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*

FILE NAME: 1332.LAT  
 TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 17:10 03/31/2019

\*\*\*\*\*

GRADUALLY VARI ED FLOW ANALYSI S FOR PI PE SYSTEM  
 NODAL POINT STATUS TABLE

(Note: "\*" indicates nodal point data used.)

NODE NUMBER	MODEL PROCESS	UPSTREAM RUN		DOWNSTREAM RUN	
		PRESSURE HEAD(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)	FLOW DEPTH(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
1332.00-		1.90*	244.69	0.18	32.61
	} FRI CTION		} HYDRAULI C JUMP		
1331.00-		0.40*Dc	15.66	0.40*Dc	15.66
	} CATCH BASIN				
1331.00-		0.57*	8.25	0.40 Dc	5.81

-----  
 MAXIMUM NUMBER OF ENERGY BALANCES USED IN EACH PROFILE = 25  
 -----

NOTE: STEADY FLOW HYDRAULIC HEAD-LOSS COMPUTATIONS BASED ON THE MOST CONSERVATIVE FORMULAE FROM THE CURRENT LACRD, LACFCD, AND OCEMA DESIGN MANUALS.

\*\*\*\*\*

DOWNSTREAM PIPE FLOW CONTROL DATA:

NODE NUMBER = 1332.00 FLOWLINE ELEVATION = 217.00  
 PIPE FLOW = 1.70 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 36.00 INCHES  
 ASSUMED DOWNSTREAM CONTROL HGL = 218.900 FEET

-----  
 NODE 1332.00 : HGL = < 218.900>; EGL= < 218.902>; FLOWLINE= < 217.000>  
 -----

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1332.00 TO NODE 1331.00 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1331.00 ELEVATION = 220.60 (HYDRAULIC JUMP OCCURS)

-----  
 CALCULATE FRI CTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 1.70 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 36.00 INCHES  
 PIPE LENGTH = 23.54 FEET MANNING' S N = 0.01300  
 -----

HYDRAULI C JUMP: DOWNSTREAM RUN ANALYSI S RESULTS

-----  
 NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.17 CRITI CAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.40  
 -----

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.40  
 =====

## GRADUALLY VARI ED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL (FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECI FIC ENERGY (FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM (POUNDS)
0. 000	0. 404	2. 989	0. 543	15. 66
0. 003	0. 395	3. 091	0. 543	15. 67
0. 012	0. 386	3. 200	0. 545	15. 72
0. 029	0. 376	3. 315	0. 547	15. 80
0. 053	0. 367	3. 437	0. 551	15. 91
0. 087	0. 358	3. 568	0. 556	16. 06
0. 132	0. 349	3. 707	0. 562	16. 25
0. 188	0. 339	3. 855	0. 570	16. 48
0. 259	0. 330	4. 014	0. 581	16. 75
0. 347	0. 321	4. 185	0. 593	17. 08
0. 454	0. 312	4. 368	0. 608	17. 45
0. 584	0. 302	4. 565	0. 626	17. 88
0. 742	0. 293	4. 778	0. 648	18. 37
0. 932	0. 284	5. 008	0. 674	18. 93
1. 162	0. 275	5. 257	0. 704	19. 56
1. 442	0. 265	5. 529	0. 740	20. 27
1. 783	0. 256	5. 825	0. 783	21. 08
2. 202	0. 247	6. 149	0. 834	21. 98
2. 724	0. 238	6. 504	0. 895	23. 00
3. 384	0. 229	6. 896	0. 967	24. 14
4. 237	0. 219	7. 329	1. 054	25. 43
5. 376	0. 210	7. 810	1. 158	26. 89
6. 976	0. 201	8. 347	1. 283	28. 53
9. 428	0. 192	8. 950	1. 436	30. 41
13. 996	0. 182	9. 629	1. 623	32. 54
23. 540	0. 182	9. 652	1. 630	32. 61

## HYDRAULIC JUMP: UPSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS RESULTS

DOWNSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH (FT) = 1. 90

## GRADUALLY VARI ED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL (FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECI FIC ENERGY (FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM (POUNDS)
0. 000	1. 900	0. 360	1. 902	244. 69
0. 390	1. 840	0. 374	1. 842	227. 43
0. 780	1. 780	0. 389	1. 783	210. 84
1. 170	1. 720	0. 405	1. 723	194. 90
1. 560	1. 661	0. 423	1. 663	179. 64
1. 950	1. 601	0. 443	1. 604	165. 04
2. 339	1. 541	0. 465	1. 544	151. 12
2. 728	1. 481	0. 489	1. 485	137. 88
3. 117	1. 421	0. 515	1. 425	125. 32
3. 505	1. 361	0. 545	1. 366	113. 44
3. 892	1. 302	0. 578	1. 307	102. 23
4. 279	1. 242	0. 615	1. 248	91. 71
4. 665	1. 182	0. 657	1. 189	81. 85
5. 050	1. 122	0. 704	1. 130	72. 68
5. 434	1. 062	0. 759	1. 071	64. 17
5. 815	1. 002	0. 821	1. 013	56. 33
6. 194	0. 943	0. 894	0. 955	49. 16
6. 570	0. 883	0. 979	0. 898	42. 65
6. 940	0. 823	1. 079	0. 841	36. 80
7. 304	0. 763	1. 200	0. 785	31. 62
7. 658	0. 703	1. 347	0. 731	27. 10
7. 998	0. 643	1. 528	0. 680	23. 27
8. 314	0. 584	1. 757	0. 632	20. 14
8. 593	0. 524	2. 053	0. 589	17. 77



		1332. RES		
8.808	0.464	2.446	0.557	16.22
8.901	0.404	2.989	0.543	15.66
23.540	0.404	2.989	0.543	15.66

-----END OF HYDRAULIC JUMP ANALYSIS-----

| PRESSURE+MOMENTUM BALANCE OCCURS AT 7.24 FEET UPSTREAM OF NODE 1332.00 |  
 | DOWNSTREAM DEPTH = 0.774 FEET, UPSTREAM CONJUGATE DEPTH = 0.182 FEET |

NODE 1331.00 : HGL = < 221.004>; EGL= < 221.143>; FLOWLINE= < 220.600>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1331.00 TO NODE 1331.00 IS CODE = 8  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1331.00 ELEVATION = 220.60 (FLOW IS SUBCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE CATCH BASIN ENTRANCE LOSSES(LACFCD):  
 PIPE FLOW = 1.70 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 36.00 INCHES  
 FLOW VELOCITY = 2.99 FEET/SEC. VELOCITY HEAD = 0.139 FEET  
 CATCH BASIN ENERGY LOSS = .2\*(VELOCITY HEAD) = .2\*( 0.139) = 0.028

NODE 1331.00 : HGL = < 221.171>; EGL= < 221.171>; FLOWLINE= < 220.600>

\*\*\*\*\*

UPSTREAM PIPE FLOW CONTROL DATA:  
 NODE NUMBER = 1331.00 FLOWLINE ELEVATION = 220.60  
 ASSUMED UPSTREAM CONTROL HGL = 221.00 FOR DOWNSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS

-----  
 END OF GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW ANALYSIS

♀

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\*\*\*\*\* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY \*\*\*\*\*

- \* J#18022-F MAPLE CANYON RESTORATION PHASE 1 \*
  - \* SYSTEM 15 - MAINLINE CAPACITY RUN FROM NODES 1570 TO 1520 \*
  - \* TAILWATER ASSUMED TO BE TOP OF PIPE \*
- \*\*\*\*\*

FILE NAME: 1570.PIP  
 TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 11:22 03/31/2019

\*\*\*\*\*

GRADUALLY VARI ED FLOW ANALYSI S FOR PI PE SYST EM  
 NODAL POI NT STATU S TABL E

(Note: "\*" indi cates nodal poi nt data used.)

NODE NUMBER	MODEL PROCESS	UPSTREAM RUN		DOWNSTREAM RUN	
		PRESSURE HEAD(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)	FLOW DEPTH(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
1570.00-		3.00*	1034.91	1.50	888.73
	} FRI CTI ON				
1565.00-		2.87*	984.18	1.47	897.98
	} JUNCTI ON				
1565.00-		2.96	1017.89	0.81*	1745.62
	} FRI CTI ON				
1560.00-		2.73	935.57	0.71*	2076.68
	} JUNCTI ON				
1560.00-		2.42	851.28	0.64*	2395.34
	} FRI CTI ON				
1555.00-		1.98 Dc	800.77	0.69*	2159.48
	} JUNCTI ON				
1555.00-		1.98 Dc	800.77	0.65*	2340.69
	} FRI CTI ON				
1535.00-		1.98 Dc	800.77	1.93*	801.51
	} JUNCTI ON				
1535.00-		1.98 Dc	800.77	1.87*	804.38
	} FRI CTI ON				
1530.00-		1.98*Dc	800.77	1.97*Dc	800.77
	} JUNCTI ON				
1530.00-		2.59*	894.13	1.64	839.60
	} FRI CTI ON				
			} HYDRAULI C JUMP		
1525.00-		1.98 Dc	800.77	1.81*	809.96
	} JUNCTI ON				
1525.00-		1.98 Dc	800.77	1.73*	820.91
	} FRI CTI ON				
1520.00-		1.98*Dc	800.77	1.98*Dc	800.77
	} CATCH BASI N				
1520.00-		3.02*	668.95	1.98 Dc	266.27

-----  
 MAXI MU M NU MBER OF ENER GY BALAN CES US ED I N EACH PROFI L E = 25  
 -----

NOTE: STEADY FLOW HYDRAULI C HEAD-LOSS COMPUTATI ONS BASED ON THE MOST

1570. RES

CONSERVATIVE FORMULAE FROM THE CURRENT LACRCD, LACFCD, AND OCEMA DESIGN MANUALS.

\*\*\*\*\*

DOWNSTREAM PIPE FLOW CONTROL DATA:

NODE NUMBER = 1570.00 FLOWLINE ELEVATION = 99.75  
 PIPE FLOW = 36.90 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 36.00 INCHES  
 ASSUMED DOWNSTREAM CONTROL HGL = 102.750 FEET

-----  
 NODE 1570.00 : HGL = < 102.750>; EGL= < 103.173>; FLOWLINE= < 99.750>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1570.00 TO NODE 1565.00 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1565.00 ELEVATION = 99.91 (FLOW SEALS IN REACH)

-----  
 CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 36.90 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 36.00 INCHES  
 PIPE LENGTH = 16.00 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

-----  
 NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 1.59 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 1.98

-----  
 DOWNSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED PRESSURE HEAD(FT) = 3.00

=====

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL (FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECI FIC ENERGY (FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM (POUNDS)
0.000	3.000	5.219	3.423	1034.91
5.448	2.959	5.233	3.384	1017.87
10.513	2.918	5.259	3.348	1001.73
15.359	2.877	5.292	3.312	986.26
16.000	2.871	5.297	3.307	984.18

-----  
 NODE 1565.00 : HGL = < 102.781>; EGL= < 103.217>; FLOWLINE= < 99.910>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1565.00 TO NODE 1565.00 IS CODE = 5  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1565.00 ELEVATION = 100.28 (FLOW IS SUBCRITICAL)  
 (NOTE: POSSIBLE JUMP IN OR UPSTREAM OF STRUCTURE)

-----  
 CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITI CAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITI Y (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	36.90	36.00	60.00	100.28	1.98	23.964
DOWNSTREAM	36.90	36.00	-	99.91	1.98	5.299
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===					

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$DY = (Q2 \cdot V2 - Q1 \cdot V1 \cdot \cos(\Delta 1) - Q3 \cdot V3 \cdot \cos(\Delta 3) - Q4 \cdot V4 \cdot \cos(\Delta 4)) / ((A1 + A2) \cdot 16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$   
 UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.12039  
 DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00266  
 AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.06153  
 JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET  
 FRICTION LOSSES = 0.246 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET  
 JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY + HV1 - HV2) + (ENTRANCE LOSSES)  
 JUNCTION LOSSES = ( 6.790) + ( 0.000) = 6.790

-----  
 NODE 1565.00 : HGL = < 101.090>; EGL= < 110.007>; FLOWLINE= < 100.280>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1565.00 TO NODE 1560.00 IS CODE = 1

1570. RES

UPSTREAM NODE 1560.00 ELEVATION = 100.54 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 36.90 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 36.00 INCHES
PIPE LENGTH = 26.00 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 1.59 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 1.98

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.71

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

Table with 5 columns: DISTANCE FROM CONTROL (FT), FLOW DEPTH (FT), VELOCITY (FT/SEC), SPECIFIC ENERGY (FT), PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM (POUNDS). Rows show data at 0.000, 9.294, 18.691, and 26.000 feet.

NODE 1560.00 : HGL = < 101.252>; EGL= < 114.055>; FLOWLINE= < 100.540>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1560.00 TO NODE 1560.00 IS CODE = 5
UPSTREAM NODE 1560.00 ELEVATION = 100.87 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

Table with 7 columns: PIPE, FLOW (CFS), DIAMETER (INCHES), ANGLE (DEGREES), FLOWLINE ELEVATION, CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.), VELOCITY (FT/SEC). Rows include UPSTREAM, DOWNSTREAM, LATERAL #1, LATERAL #2, and Q5.

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

DY=(Q2\*V2-Q1\*V1\*COS(DELTA1)-Q3\*V3\*COS(DELTA3)-Q4\*V4\*COS(DELTA4))/((A1+A2)\*16.1)+FRICTION LOSSES
UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.30255
DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.20013
AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.25134

JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET
FRICTION LOSSES = 1.005 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET
JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY+HV1-HV2)+(ENTRANCE LOSSES)
JUNCTION LOSSES = ( 4.618)+( 0.000) = 4.618

NODE 1560.00 : HGL = < 101.513>; EGL= < 118.673>; FLOWLINE= < 100.870>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1560.00 TO NODE 1555.00 IS CODE = 1
UPSTREAM NODE 1555.00 ELEVATION = 130.70 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 36.90 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 36.00 INCHES
PIPE LENGTH = 96.00 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.64 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 1.98

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.69

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

Table with 5 columns: DISTANCE FROM CONTROL (FT), FLOW DEPTH (FT), VELOCITY (FT/SEC), SPECIFIC ENERGY (FT), PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM (POUNDS).

1570. RES

0.000	0.692	29.885	14.569	2159.48
1.428	0.690	30.018	14.691	2168.83
2.924	0.688	30.152	14.814	2178.25
4.494	0.686	30.287	14.938	2187.74
6.145	0.684	30.423	15.065	2197.31
7.884	0.682	30.560	15.192	2206.97
9.722	0.679	30.698	15.322	2216.69
11.669	0.677	30.838	15.453	2226.50
13.736	0.675	30.978	15.586	2236.39
15.939	0.673	31.120	15.720	2246.36
18.296	0.671	31.263	15.856	2256.41
20.828	0.669	31.406	15.994	2266.54
23.560	0.666	31.551	16.134	2276.76
26.525	0.664	31.698	16.276	2287.07
29.764	0.662	31.845	16.419	2297.45
33.329	0.660	31.994	16.564	2307.93
37.288	0.658	32.144	16.711	2318.49
41.736	0.656	32.295	16.861	2329.15
46.802	0.653	32.447	17.012	2339.89
52.679	0.651	32.601	17.165	2350.72
59.662	0.649	32.755	17.320	2361.64
68.251	0.647	32.912	17.477	2372.66
79.377	0.645	33.069	17.636	2383.77
95.137	0.643	33.228	17.798	2394.98
96.000	0.643	33.233	17.803	2395.34

-----  
 NODE 1555.00 : HGL = < 131.392>; EGL= < 145.269>; FLOWLINE= < 130.700>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1555.00 TO NODE 1555.00 IS CODE = 5  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1555.00 ELEVATION = 131.03 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	36.90	36.00	15.10	131.03	1.98	32.469
DOWNSTREAM	36.90	36.00	-	130.70	1.98	29.894
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===					

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$DY = (Q2*V2 - Q1*V1 * \cos(\Delta A1) - Q3*V3 * \cos(\Delta A3) - Q4*V4 * \cos(\Delta A4)) / ((A1+A2) * 16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$   
 UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.28305  
 DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.22419  
 AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.25362  
 JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET  
 FRICTION LOSSES = 1.014 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET  
 JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY+HV1-HV2)+(ENTRANCE LOSSES)  
 JUNCTION LOSSES = ( 2.784)+( 0.000) = 2.784

-----  
 NODE 1555.00 : HGL = < 131.683>; EGL= < 148.053>; FLOWLINE= < 131.030>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1555.00 TO NODE 1535.00 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1535.00 ELEVATION = 174.49 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 36.90 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 36.00 INCHES  
 PIPE LENGTH = 109.11 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

-----  
 NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.60 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 1.98

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 1.93

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECI FIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	1.926	7.692	2.846	801.51
0.022	1.873	7.946	2.854	804.07
0.062	1.820	8.220	2.870	808.56
0.124	1.767	8.516	2.894	815.14
0.209	1.714	8.836	2.927	823.98
0.322	1.661	9.183	2.972	835.27
0.468	1.608	9.561	3.028	849.22
0.653	1.555	9.971	3.100	866.08
0.883	1.502	10.419	3.189	886.15
1.167	1.449	10.910	3.298	909.76
1.516	1.396	11.448	3.432	937.32
1.943	1.343	12.040	3.595	969.28
2.467	1.290	12.694	3.794	1006.21
3.109	1.237	13.420	4.035	1048.75
3.899	1.184	14.228	4.329	1097.72
4.878	1.131	15.132	4.689	1154.07
6.098	1.078	16.149	5.130	1218.98
7.636	1.025	17.299	5.674	1293.91
9.602	0.972	18.607	6.351	1380.69
12.161	0.919	20.106	7.200	1481.62
15.575	0.866	21.838	8.275	1599.64
20.292	0.812	23.855	9.654	1738.57
27.165	0.759	26.228	11.448	1903.45
38.129	0.706	29.053	13.821	2101.05
59.429	0.653	32.458	17.023	2340.68
109.110	0.653	32.458	17.023	2340.69

NODE 1535.00 : HGL = < 176.416>; EGL= < 177.336>; FLOWLINE= < 174.490>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1535.00 TO NODE 1535.00 IS CODE = 5  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1535.00 ELEVATION = 174.78 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	36.90	36.00	30.00	174.78	1.98	7.971
DOWNSTREAM	36.90	36.00	-	174.49	1.98	7.694
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$$DY = (Q2*V2 - Q1*V1 * \cos(\Delta 1) - Q3*V3 * \cos(\Delta 3) - Q4*V4 * \cos(\Delta 4)) / ((A1+A2) * 16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$$

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00606

DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00554

AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.00580

JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET

FRICTION LOSSES = 0.023 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET

JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY+HV1-HV2)+(ENTRANCE LOSSES)

JUNCTION LOSSES = (0.300)+(0.000) = 0.300

NODE 1535.00 : HGL = < 176.649>; EGL= < 177.635>; FLOWLINE= < 174.780>

\*\*\*\*\*

1570. RES

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1535.00 TO NODE 1530.00 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1530.00 ELEVATION = 174.82 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 36.90 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 36.00 INCHES  
 PIPE LENGTH = 4.81 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

-----  
 NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 1.69 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 1.98

-----  
 UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 1.97

-----  
 GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	1.975	7.475	2.843	800.77
0.047	1.963	7.525	2.843	800.81
0.185	1.952	7.576	2.844	800.94
0.421	1.940	7.628	2.844	801.15
0.765	1.929	7.681	2.845	801.44
1.228	1.917	7.734	2.847	801.82
1.822	1.906	7.788	2.848	802.29
2.560	1.894	7.844	2.850	802.84
3.461	1.883	7.900	2.852	803.49
4.544	1.871	7.957	2.855	804.22
4.810	1.869	7.969	2.855	804.38

-----  
 NODE 1530.00 : HGL = < 176.795>; EGL= < 177.663>; FLOWLINE= < 174.820>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1530.00 TO NODE 1530.00 IS CODE = 5  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1530.00 ELEVATION = 175.19 (FLOW IS SUBCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	36.90	36.00	61.50	175.19	1.98	5.684
DOWNSTREAM	36.90	36.00	-	174.82	1.98	7.475
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===					

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$$DY = (Q2*V2 - Q1*V1*\cos(\Delta A1) - Q3*V3*\cos(\Delta A3) - Q4*V4*\cos(\Delta A4)) / ((A1+A2)*16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$$

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00282

DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00516

AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.00399

JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET

FRICTION LOSSES = 0.016 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET

JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY+HV1-HV2)+(ENTRANCE LOSSES)

JUNCTION LOSSES = (0.621)+(0.000) = 0.621

-----  
 NODE 1530.00 : HGL = < 177.782>; EGL= < 178.284>; FLOWLINE= < 175.190>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1530.00 TO NODE 1525.00 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1525.00 ELEVATION = 175.81 (HYDRAULIC JUMP OCCURS)

-----  
 CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 36.90 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 36.00 INCHES  
 PIPE LENGTH = 61.90 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

## HYDRAULIC JUMP: DOWNSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS RESULTS

NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 1.59 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 1.98

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 1.81

## GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECI FIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	1.807	8.289	2.875	809.96
1.108	1.799	8.337	2.879	810.96
2.322	1.790	8.384	2.883	812.02
3.652	1.782	8.433	2.887	813.14
5.108	1.773	8.482	2.891	814.31
6.703	1.764	8.532	2.896	815.55
8.451	1.756	8.582	2.900	816.84
10.369	1.747	8.633	2.905	818.19
12.477	1.739	8.685	2.911	819.61
14.798	1.730	8.737	2.916	821.08
17.359	1.722	8.790	2.922	822.62
20.194	1.713	8.844	2.928	824.22
23.345	1.704	8.899	2.935	825.89
26.861	1.696	8.954	2.941	827.62
30.807	1.687	9.010	2.948	829.42
35.264	1.679	9.066	2.956	831.28
40.343	1.670	9.124	2.963	833.21
46.189	1.661	9.182	2.971	835.21
53.008	1.653	9.241	2.980	837.28
61.102	1.644	9.301	2.988	839.43
61.900	1.644	9.306	2.989	839.60

## HYDRAULIC JUMP: UPSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS RESULTS

DOWNSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 2.59

## GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECI FIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	2.592	5.682	3.094	894.13
2.317	2.568	5.727	3.077	887.42
4.591	2.543	5.774	3.061	880.92
6.822	2.518	5.823	3.045	874.63
9.007	2.494	5.874	3.030	868.56
11.146	2.469	5.927	3.015	862.72
13.237	2.444	5.982	3.000	857.10
15.278	2.420	6.038	2.986	851.71
17.265	2.395	6.097	2.973	846.56
19.197	2.370	6.158	2.959	841.65
21.070	2.346	6.221	2.947	836.99
22.880	2.321	6.287	2.935	832.57
24.624	2.296	6.354	2.924	828.42
26.298	2.272	6.424	2.913	824.52
27.895	2.247	6.496	2.903	820.90
29.410	2.222	6.571	2.893	817.54
30.838	2.198	6.648	2.884	814.47
32.169	2.173	6.728	2.876	811.69
33.396	2.148	6.810	2.869	809.21
34.509	2.124	6.896	2.862	807.02
35.497	2.099	6.984	2.857	805.15
36.347	2.074	7.075	2.852	803.60
37.044	2.050	7.169	2.848	802.37



		1570. RES		
37.570	2.025	7.267	2.845	801.49
37.904	2.000	7.368	2.844	800.95
38.022	1.976	7.472	2.843	800.77
61.900	1.976	7.472	2.843	800.77

-----END OF HYDRAULIC JUMP ANALYSIS-----

PRESSURE+MOMENTUM BALANCE OCCURS AT 22.81 FEET UPSTREAM OF NODE 1530.00  
 DOWNSTREAM DEPTH = 2.322 FEET, UPSTREAM CONJUGATE DEPTH = 1.672 FEET

NODE 1525.00 : HGL = < 177.617>; EGL= < 178.685>; FLOWLINE= < 175.810>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1525.00 TO NODE 1525.00 IS CODE = 5  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1525.00 ELEVATION = 176.14 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	36.90	36.00	30.00	176.14	1.98	8.734
DOWNSTREAM	36.90	36.00	-	175.81	1.98	8.292
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00	==Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT==				

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$DY = (Q2 \cdot V2 - Q1 \cdot V1 \cdot \cos(\Delta A1) - Q3 \cdot V3 \cdot \cos(\Delta A3) -$

$Q4 \cdot V4 \cdot \cos(\Delta A4)) / ((A1 + A2) \cdot 16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00765

DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00670

AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.00718

JUNCTION LENGTH = 5.00 FEET

FRICTION LOSSES = 0.036 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET

JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY + HV1 - HV2) + (ENTRANCE LOSSES)

JUNCTION LOSSES = (0.371) + (0.000) = 0.371

-----  
 NODE 1525.00 : HGL = < 177.871>; EGL= < 179.056>; FLOWLINE= < 176.140>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1525.00 TO NODE 1520.00 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1520.00 ELEVATION = 176.36 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 36.90 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 36.00 INCHES

PIPE LENGTH = 21.53 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

-----  
 NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 1.58 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 1.98

=====

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 1.98

=====

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	1.976	7.472	2.843	800.77
0.049	1.960	7.541	2.843	800.84
0.202	1.944	7.611	2.844	801.07
0.470	1.928	7.682	2.845	801.45
0.861	1.913	7.755	2.847	801.99
1.390	1.897	7.830	2.850	802.69
2.071	1.881	7.906	2.853	803.56
2.920	1.866	7.984	2.856	804.59
3.958	1.850	8.064	2.860	805.80
5.207	1.834	8.145	2.865	807.18
6.696	1.819	8.229	2.871	808.74

		1570. RES		
8.459	1.803	8.314	2.877	810.49
10.536	1.787	8.402	2.884	812.42
12.980	1.771	8.491	2.892	814.54
15.854	1.756	8.583	2.900	816.86
19.242	1.740	8.677	2.910	819.38
21.530	1.731	8.731	2.916	820.91

-----  
 NODE 1520.00 : HGL = < 178.336>; EGL= < 179.203>; FLOWLINE= < 176.360>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1520.00 TO NODE 1520.00 IS CODE = 8  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1520.00 ELEVATION = 176.36 (FLOW UNSEALS IN REACH)

-----  
 CALCULATE CATCH BASIN ENTRANCE LOSSES(LACFCD):  
 PIPE FLOW = 36.90 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 36.00 INCHES  
 FLOW VELOCITY = 7.47 FEET/SEC. VELOCITY HEAD = 0.868 FEET  
 CATCH BASIN ENERGY LOSS = .2\*(VELOCITY HEAD) = .2\*( 0.868) = 0.174

-----  
 NODE 1520.00 : HGL = < 179.377>; EGL= < 179.377>; FLOWLINE= < 176.360>

\*\*\*\*\*

UPSTREAM PIPE FLOW CONTROL DATA:  
 NODE NUMBER = 1520.00 FLOWLINE ELEVATION = 176.36  
 ASSUMED UPSTREAM CONTROL HGL = 178.34 FOR DOWNSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS

-----  
 END OF GRADUALLY VARI ED FLOW ANALYSIS

♀

\*\*\*\*\*  
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\*\*\*\*\* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY \*\*\*\*\*  
 \* 18022-F Maple Canyon \*  
 \* System 16 Q100 Proposed \*  
 \* Tailwater from System 0000.pip node 20 \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*

FILE NAME: 1610.PIP  
 TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 08:19 06/19/2019

\*\*\*\*\*  
 GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW ANALYSIS FOR PIPE SYSTEM  
 NODAL POINT STATUS TABLE

(Note: "\*" indicates nodal point data used.)

NODE NUMBER	MODEL PROCESS	UPSTREAM RUN		DOWNSTREAM RUN	
		PRESSURE HEAD(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)	FLOW DEPTH(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
1620.00-		10.21*	1049.47	0.19	83.53
	} FRICTION		} HYDRAULIC JUMP		
1610.00-		0.59*Dc	27.21	0.59*Dc	27.21
	} CATCH BASIN				
1610.00-		0.52	8.59	0.59*Dc	9.77

-----  
 MAXIMUM NUMBER OF ENERGY BALANCES USED IN EACH PROFILE = 25  
 -----

NOTE: STEADY FLOW HYDRAULIC HEAD-LOSS COMPUTATIONS BASED ON THE MOST CONSERVATIVE FORMULAE FROM THE CURRENT LACRD, LACFCD, AND OCEMA DESIGN MANUALS.

\*\*\*\*\*  
 DOWNSTREAM PIPE FLOW CONTROL DATA:

NODE NUMBER = 1620.00 FLOWLINE ELEVATION = 70.69  
 PIPE FLOW = 2.40 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
 ASSUMED DOWNSTREAM CONTROL HGL = 80.900 FEET

-----  
 NODE 1620.00 : HGL = < 80.900>; EGL = < 80.929>; FLOWLINE = < 70.690>  
 -----

\*\*\*\*\*  
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1620.00 TO NODE 1610.00 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1610.00 ELEVATION = 131.70 (HYDRAULIC JUMP OCCURS)  
 -----

CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 2.40 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
 PIPE LENGTH = 151.64 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300  
 -----

HYDRAULIC JUMP: DOWNSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS RESULTS

-----  
 NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.19 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.59  
 -----

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.59  
 =====

1610. RES

GRADUALLY VARI ED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED I NFORMATI ON:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL (FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECI FIC ENERGY (FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM (POUNDS)
0.000	0.586	3.750	0.805	27.21
0.002	0.570	3.889	0.806	27.25
0.009	0.555	4.038	0.808	27.35
0.021	0.539	4.198	0.813	27.52
0.039	0.524	4.370	0.820	27.77
0.065	0.508	4.555	0.830	28.11
0.098	0.492	4.755	0.843	28.54
0.142	0.477	4.971	0.860	29.06
0.197	0.461	5.206	0.882	29.69
0.265	0.445	5.461	0.909	30.44
0.350	0.430	5.740	0.942	31.32
0.455	0.414	6.046	0.982	32.34
0.584	0.398	6.381	1.031	33.53
0.742	0.383	6.751	1.091	34.89
0.937	0.367	7.161	1.164	36.46
1.178	0.351	7.617	1.253	38.26
1.478	0.336	8.126	1.362	40.33
1.855	0.320	8.698	1.495	42.71
2.336	0.304	9.344	1.661	45.46
2.959	0.289	10.078	1.867	48.63
3.786	0.273	10.918	2.125	52.32
4.921	0.257	11.887	2.453	56.62
6.564	0.242	13.015	2.874	61.68
9.162	0.226	14.341	3.421	67.67
14.162	0.210	15.916	4.146	74.85
151.640	0.195	17.813	5.125	83.53

HYDRAULIC JUMP: UPSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS S RESULTS

DOWNSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED PRESSURE HEAD (FT) = 10.21

PRESSURE FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED I NFORMATI ON:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL (FT)	PRESSURE HEAD (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECI FIC ENERGY (FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM (POUNDS)
0.000	10.210	1.358	10.239	1049.47
21.677	1.500	1.358	1.529	89.02

ASSUMED DOWNSTREAM PRESSURE HEAD (FT) = 1.50

GRADUALLY VARI ED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED I NFORMATI ON:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL (FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECI FIC ENERGY (FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM (POUNDS)
21.677	1.500	1.358	1.529	89.02
21.767	1.463	1.366	1.492	85.04
21.856	1.427	1.383	1.457	81.13
21.945	1.390	1.404	1.421	77.30
22.033	1.354	1.429	1.386	73.56
22.121	1.317	1.459	1.350	69.90
22.208	1.281	1.493	1.315	66.35
22.294	1.244	1.531	1.281	62.91
22.380	1.208	1.574	1.246	59.58
22.465	1.171	1.621	1.212	56.37
22.550	1.134	1.673	1.178	53.29
22.633	1.098	1.731	1.144	50.35
22.715	1.061	1.795	1.111	47.54
22.796	1.025	1.865	1.079	44.87
22.876	0.988	1.943	1.047	42.36

1610. RES				
22.954	0.952	2.029	1.016	40.00
23.029	0.915	2.125	0.985	37.81
23.103	0.879	2.231	0.956	35.79
23.173	0.842	2.349	0.928	33.95
23.239	0.805	2.482	0.901	32.30
23.301	0.769	2.631	0.876	30.85
23.357	0.732	2.799	0.854	29.61
23.405	0.696	2.990	0.835	28.61
23.444	0.659	3.209	0.819	27.86
23.470	0.623	3.459	0.809	27.38
23.480	0.586	3.750	0.805	27.21
151.640	0.586	3.750	0.805	27.21

-----END OF HYDRAULIC JUMP ANALYSIS-----

PRESSURE+MOMENTUM BALANCE OCCURS AT 21.83 FEET UPSTREAM OF NODE 1620.00  
 DOWNSTREAM DEPTH = 1.436 FEET, UPSTREAM CONJUGATE DEPTH = 0.197 FEET

NODE 1610.00 : HGL = < 132.286>; EGL= < 132.505>; FLOWLINE= < 131.700>

\*\*\*\*\*  
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1610.00 TO NODE 1610.00 IS CODE = 8  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1610.00 ELEVATION = 132.03 (FLOW IS SUBCRITICAL)  
 (NOTE: POSSIBLE JUMP IN OR UPSTREAM OF STRUCTURE)

-----  
 CALCULATE CATCH BASIN ENTRANCE LOSSES(LACFCD):  
 PIPE FLOW = 2.40 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
 FLOW VELOCITY = 5.99 FEET/SEC. VELOCITY HEAD = 0.557 FEET  
 CATCH BASIN ENERGY LOSS = .2\*(VELOCITY HEAD) = .2\*( 0.557) = 0.111

NODE 1610.00 : HGL = < 132.616>; EGL= < 132.616>; FLOWLINE= < 132.030>

\*\*\*\*\*  
 UPSTREAM PIPE FLOW CONTROL DATA:  
 NODE NUMBER = 1610.00 FLOWLINE ELEVATION = 132.03  
 ASSUMED UPSTREAM CONTROL HGL = 132.62 FOR DOWNSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS

=====

END OF GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW ANALYSIS

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\*\*\*\*\*

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\*\*\*\*\* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY \*\*\*\*\*

- \* 18022-F Maple Canyon \*
  - \* System 0 Q100 Proposed \*
  - \* Tailwater assumed to be top of 36" pipe at end of system. \*
- \*\*\*\*\*

FILE NAME: 0000.PIP  
 TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 17:00 06/18/2019

\*\*\*\*\*

GRADUALLY VARI ED FLOW ANALYSIS FOR PIPE SYSTEM  
 NODAL POINT STATUS TABLE

(Note: "\*" indicates nodal point data used.)

NODE NUMBER	MODEL PROCESS	UPSTREAM RUN		DOWNSTREAM RUN	
		PRESSURE HEAD(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)	FLOW DEPTH(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
1.00-		3.00*Dc	10213.72	2.99*Dc	10212.41
	} FRI CTI ON				
0.00-		10.23*	13403.57	2.99 Dc	10212.41
	} JUNCTI ON				
0.00-		25.68*	23945.30	2.56	8552.22
	} FRI CTI ON				
10.00-		19.86*	19379.20	2.26	9649.55
	} JUNCTI ON				
10.00-		20.01*	19497.40	2.14	10245.46
	} FRI CTI ON				
20.00-		13.08*	14058.69	2.18	10047.70
	} JUNCTI ON				
20.00-		12.99*	13990.59	2.13	10317.31
	} FRI CTI ON				
30.00-		6.83*	9161.86	2.80	7916.98
	} JUNCTI ON				
30.00-		7.49*	9675.91	2.43	8975.12
	} FRI CTI ON				
40.00-		3.80*Dc	6888.04	3.80*Dc	6888.04
	} CATCH BASI N				
40.00-		8.07*	4758.94	3.80 Dc	1414.30

-----  
 MAXIMUM NUMBER OF ENERGY BALANCES USED IN EACH PROFILE = 25  
 -----

NOTE: STEADY FLOW HYDRAULIC HEAD-LOSS COMPUTATIONS BASED ON THE MOST CONSERVATIVE FORMULAE FROM THE CURRENT LACRD, LACFCD, AND OCEMA DESIGN MANUALS.

\*\*\*\*\*

DOWNSTREAM PIPE FLOW CONTROL DATA:

NODE NUMBER = 1.00 FLOWLINE ELEVATI ON = 43.27  
 PIPE FLOW = 186.66 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 36.00 INCHES  
 ASSUMED DOWNSTREAM CONTROL HGL = 46.270 FEET

-----

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NODE 1.00 : HGL = < 46.270>; EGL= < 57.098>; FLOWLINE= < 43.270>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.00 TO NODE 0.00 IS CODE = 1  
UPSTREAM NODE 0.00 ELEVATION = 43.87 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

-----  
CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 186.66 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 36.00 INCHES  
PIPE LENGTH = 100.00 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300  
SF=(Q/K)\*\*2 = (( 186.66)/( 666.985))\*\*2 = 0.07832  
HF=L\*SF = ( 100.00)\*(0.07832) = 7.832

-----  
NODE 0.00 : HGL = < 54.102>; EGL= < 64.930>; FLOWLINE= < 43.870>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 0.00 IS CODE = 5  
UPSTREAM NODE 0.00 ELEVATION = 44.20 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

-----  
CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	186.66	48.00	90.00	44.20	3.80	14.854
DOWNSTREAM	186.66	36.00	-	43.87	2.99	26.407
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

DY=(Q2\*V2-Q1\*V1\*COS(DELTA1)-Q3\*V3\*COS(DELTA3)-

Q4\*V4\*COS(DELTA4))/((A1+A2)\*16.1)+FRICTION LOSSES

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.01688

DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.07831

AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.04760

JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET

FRICTION LOSSES = 0.190 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET

JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY+HV1-HV2)+(ENTRANCE LOSSES)

JUNCTION LOSSES = ( 8.381)+( 0.000) = 8.381

-----  
NODE 0.00 : HGL = < 69.885>; EGL= < 73.311>; FLOWLINE= < 44.200>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 10.00 IS CODE = 1  
UPSTREAM NODE 10.00 ELEVATION = 57.52 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

-----  
CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 186.66 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 48.00 INCHES  
PIPE LENGTH = 443.97 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300  
SF=(Q/K)\*\*2 = (( 186.66)/( 1436.437))\*\*2 = 0.01689  
HF=L\*SF = ( 443.97)\*(0.01689) = 7.497

-----  
NODE 10.00 : HGL = < 77.382>; EGL= < 80.808>; FLOWLINE= < 57.520>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 10.00 TO NODE 10.00 IS CODE = 5  
UPSTREAM NODE 10.00 ELEVATION = 57.85 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

-----  
CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	186.66	48.00	20.00	57.85	3.80	14.854
DOWNSTREAM	186.66	48.00	-	57.52	3.80	14.854
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000

0000. RES  
 Q5 0.00===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:  
 $DY = (Q2 \cdot V2 - Q1 \cdot V1 \cdot \cos(\Delta 1) - Q3 \cdot V3 \cdot \cos(\Delta 3) - Q4 \cdot V4 \cdot \cos(\Delta 4)) / ((A1 + A2) \cdot 16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$   
 UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.01688  
 DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.01688  
 AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.01688  
 JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET  
 FRICTION LOSSES = 0.068 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET  
 JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY + HV1 - HV2) + (ENTRANCE LOSSES)  
 JUNCTION LOSSES = (0.481) + (0.000) = 0.481

-----  
 NODE 10.00 : HGL = < 77.862>; EGL = < 81.289>; FLOWLINE = < 57.850>

\*\*\*\*\*  
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 10.00 TO NODE 20.00 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 20.00 ELEVATION = 67.86 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

-----  
 CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):  
 PIPE FLOW = 186.66 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 48.00 INCHES  
 PIPE LENGTH = 182.05 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300  
 $SF = (Q/K)^{**2} = ((186.66) / (1436.438))^{**2} = 0.01689$   
 $HF = L \cdot SF = (182.05) \cdot (0.01689) = 3.074$

-----  
 NODE 20.00 : HGL = < 80.937>; EGL = < 84.363>; FLOWLINE = < 67.860>

\*\*\*\*\*  
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 20.00 TO NODE 20.00 IS CODE = 5  
 UPSTREAM NODE 20.00 ELEVATION = 68.19 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

-----  
 CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:  

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH (FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	186.66	48.00	13.00	68.19	3.80	14.854
DOWNSTREAM	186.66	48.00	-	67.86	3.80	14.854
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000

 Q5 0.00===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:  
 $DY = (Q2 \cdot V2 - Q1 \cdot V1 \cdot \cos(\Delta 1) - Q3 \cdot V3 \cdot \cos(\Delta 3) - Q4 \cdot V4 \cdot \cos(\Delta 4)) / ((A1 + A2) \cdot 16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$   
 UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.01688  
 DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.01688  
 AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.01688  
 JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET  
 FRICTION LOSSES = 0.068 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET  
 JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY + HV1 - HV2) + (ENTRANCE LOSSES)  
 JUNCTION LOSSES = (0.243) + (0.000) = 0.243

-----  
 NODE 20.00 : HGL = < 81.180>; EGL = < 84.606>; FLOWLINE = < 68.190>

\*\*\*\*\*  
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 20.00 TO NODE 30.00 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 30.00 ELEVATION = 75.26 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

-----  
 CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):  
 PIPE FLOW = 186.66 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 48.00 INCHES  
 PIPE LENGTH = 54.01 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300  
 $SF = (Q/K)^{**2} = ((186.66) / (1436.437))^{**2} = 0.01689$   
 $HF = L \cdot SF = (54.01) \cdot (0.01689) = 0.912$



0000. RES

NODE 30.00 : HGL = < 82.092>; EGL= < 85.518>; FLOWLINE= < 75.260>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 30.00 TO NODE 30.00 IS CODE = 5  
 UPSTREAM NODE 30.00 ELEVATION = 75.59 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

-----  
 CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	186.66	48.00	30.00	75.59	3.80	14.854
DOWNSTREAM	186.66	48.00	-	75.26	3.80	14.854
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===					

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$$DY = (Q2*V2 - Q1*V1*\cos(\Delta A1) - Q3*V3*\cos(\Delta A3) - Q4*V4*\cos(\Delta A4)) / ((A1+A2)*16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$$

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.01688  
 DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.01688

AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.01688  
 JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET

FRICTION LOSSES = 0.068 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET

$$\text{JUNCTION LOSSES} = (DY + HV1 - HV2) + (\text{ENTRANCE LOSSES})$$

$$\text{JUNCTION LOSSES} = (0.986) + (0.000) = 0.986$$

-----  
 NODE 30.00 : HGL = < 83.077>; EGL= < 86.503>; FLOWLINE= < 75.590>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 30.00 TO NODE 40.00 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 40.00 ELEVATION = 80.00 (HYDRAULIC JUMP OCCURS)

-----  
 CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 186.66 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 48.00 INCHES  
 PIPE LENGTH = 33.57 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

-----  
 HYDRAULIC JUMP: DOWNSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS RESULTS

NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 1.66 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 3.80

=====

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 3.80

=====

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	3.802	15.128	7.358	6888.04
0.086	3.716	15.330	7.368	6895.73
0.340	3.630	15.571	7.397	6918.00
0.760	3.545	15.847	7.446	6954.25
1.353	3.459	16.158	7.515	7004.35
2.133	3.373	16.505	7.605	7068.54
3.115	3.287	16.888	7.718	7147.27
4.324	3.201	17.309	7.856	7241.19
5.787	3.115	17.771	8.022	7351.17
7.542	3.029	18.275	8.219	7478.24
9.633	2.943	18.826	8.450	7623.64
12.115	2.858	19.427	8.722	7788.83
15.060	2.772	20.083	9.038	7975.50
18.556	2.686	20.799	9.407	8185.62
22.718	2.600	21.581	9.837	8421.49
27.697	2.514	22.437	10.336	8685.76
33.570	2.430	23.355	10.905	8975.12

-----  
 HYDRAULIC JUMP: UPSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS RESULTS  
 -----

DOWNSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED PRESSURE HEAD(FT) = 7.49  
 -----

-----  
 PRESSURE FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:  
 -----

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	PRESSURE HEAD(FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECI FIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	7.487	14.854	10.913	9675.91
30.462	4.000	14.854	7.426	6941.34

-----  
 ASSUMED DOWNSTREAM PRESSURE HEAD(FT) = 4.00  
 -----

-----  
 GRADUALLY VARI ED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:  
 -----

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECI FIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
30.462	4.000	14.849	7.426	6941.34
30.522	3.992	14.852	7.419	6935.94
30.575	3.984	14.856	7.413	6931.20
30.622	3.976	14.861	7.408	6926.90
30.666	3.968	14.867	7.403	6922.94
30.706	3.960	14.874	7.398	6919.30
30.744	3.953	14.882	7.394	6915.92
30.778	3.945	14.890	7.390	6912.80
30.810	3.937	14.899	7.386	6909.90
30.839	3.929	14.909	7.383	6907.22
30.867	3.921	14.919	7.379	6904.75
30.892	3.913	14.930	7.376	6902.48
30.915	3.905	14.941	7.374	6900.39
30.936	3.897	14.953	7.371	6898.49
30.955	3.889	14.965	7.369	6896.76
30.972	3.881	14.978	7.367	6895.20
30.988	3.873	14.991	7.365	6893.80
31.001	3.865	15.005	7.364	6892.56
31.013	3.858	15.019	7.362	6891.48
31.023	3.850	15.033	7.361	6890.55
31.032	3.842	15.048	7.360	6889.77
31.039	3.834	15.063	7.359	6889.14
31.044	3.826	15.079	7.359	6888.66
31.048	3.818	15.095	7.358	6888.31
31.051	3.810	15.111	7.358	6888.10
31.051	3.802	15.128	7.358	6888.04
33.570	3.802	15.128	7.358	6888.04

-----  
 END OF HYDRAULIC JUMP ANALYSIS  
 -----

-----  
 PRESSURE+MOMENTUM BALANCE OCCURS AT 19.98 FEET UPSTREAM OF NODE 30.00  
 DOWNSTREAM DEPTH = 5.200 FEET, UPSTREAM CONJUGATE DEPTH = 2.815 FEET  
 -----

NODE 40.00 : HGL = < 83.802>; EGL= < 87.358>; FLOWLINE= < 80.000>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 40.00 TO NODE 40.00 IS CODE = 8  
 UPSTREAM NODE 40.00 ELEVATION = 80.00 (FLOW UNSEALS IN REACH)

-----  
 CALCULATE CATCH BASIN ENTRANCE LOSSES(LACFCD):  
 PIPE FLOW = 186.66 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 48.00 INCHES  
 FLOW VELOCITY = 15.13 FEET/SEC. VELOCITY HEAD = 3.556 FEET  
 CATCH BASIN ENERGY LOSS = .2\*(VELOCITY HEAD) = .2\*( 3.556) = 0.711  
 -----

NODE 40.00 : HGL = < 88.069>; EGL= < 88.069>; FLOWLINE= < 80.000>

\*\*\*\*\*

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UPSTREAM PIPE FLOW CONTROL DATA:

NODE NUMBER = 40.00

FLOWLINE ELEVATION = 80.00

ASSUMED UPSTREAM CONTROL HGL =

83.80 FOR DOWNSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS

=====  
END OF GRADUALLY VARI ED FLOW ANALYSI S

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**FOR REFERENCE ONLY**

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PIPE-FLOW HYDRAULICS COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE  
(Reference: LACFCD, LACRD, AND OCEMA HYDRAULICS CRITERION)  
(c) Copyright 1982-2014 Advanced Engineering Software (aes)  
Ver. 21.0 Release Date: 06/01/2014 License ID 1261

Analysis prepared by:

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\*\*\*\*\* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY \*\*\*\*\*

- \* 18022-F Maple Canyon \*
  - \* System 0 Q100 Proposed \*
  - \* Ultimate condition: tailwater assumed from max depth from WMP 8' pipe \*
- \*\*\*\*\*

FILE NAME: 0000\_ULT.PIP  
TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 09:13 06/19/2019

\*\*\*\*\*

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW ANALYSIS FOR PIPE SYSTEM  
NODAL POINT STATUS TABLE

(Note: "\*" indicates nodal point data used.)

NODE NUMBER	MODEL PROCESS	UPSTREAM RUN		DOWNSTREAM RUN	
		PRESSURE HEAD(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)	FLOW DEPTH(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
2.00-		16.30*	16586.28	2.60	8408.75
	} FRI CTI ON				
0.00-		14.93*	15508.25	2.54	8609.40
	} JUNCTI ON				
0.00-		14.66*	15302.43	2.56	8552.22
	} FRI CTI ON				
10.00-		8.84*	10736.30	2.26	9649.55
	} JUNCTI ON				
10.00-		8.99*	10854.53	2.14	10245.46
	} FRI CTI ON				
20.00-		3.80 Dc	6888.04	2.18*	10047.70
	} JUNCTI ON				
20.00-		3.80 Dc	6888.04	2.13*	10317.31
	} FRI CTI ON				
30.00-		3.80 Dc	6888.04	2.80*	7916.98
	} JUNCTI ON				
30.00-		4.59	7405.01	2.43*	8975.12
	} FRI CTI ON				
40.00-		3.80*Dc	6888.04	3.80*Dc	6888.04
	} CATCH BASI N				
40.00-		8.07*	4758.94	3.80 Dc	1414.30

-----  
MAXIMUM NUMBER OF ENERGY BALANCES USED IN EACH PROFILE = 25  
-----

NOTE: STEADY FLOW HYDRAULIC HEAD-LOSS COMPUTATIONS BASED ON THE MOST CONSERVATIVE FORMULAE FROM THE CURRENT LACRD, LACFCD, AND OCEMA DESIGN MANUALS.

\*\*\*\*\*

DOWNSTREAM PIPE FLOW CONTROL DATA:

NODE NUMBER = 2.00 FLOWLINE ELEVATION = 40.30  
PIPE FLOW = 186.66 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 48.00 INCHES  
ASSUMED DOWNSTREAM CONTROL HGL = 56.600 FEET

-----

# FOR REFERENCE ONLY

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NODE 2.00 : HGL = < 56.600>; EGL= < 60.026>; FLOWLINE= < 40.300>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2.00 TO NODE 0.00 IS CODE = 1  
UPSTREAM NODE 0.00 ELEVATION = 43.87 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

-----  
CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 186.66 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 48.00 INCHES  
PIPE LENGTH = 130.00 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300  
 $SF=(Q/K)**2 = ((186.66)/(1436.438))**2 = 0.01689$   
 $HF=L*SF = (130.00)*(0.01689) = 2.195$

-----  
NODE 0.00 : HGL = < 58.795>; EGL= < 62.221>; FLOWLINE= < 43.870>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 0.00 IS CODE = 5  
UPSTREAM NODE 0.00 ELEVATION = 44.20 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

-----  
CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	186.66	48.00	0.00	44.20	3.80	14.854
DOWNSTREAM	186.66	48.00	-	43.87	3.80	14.854
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000

Q5 0.00===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$DY=(Q2*V2-Q1*V1*COS(DELTA1)-Q3*V3*COS(DELTA3)-$

$Q4*V4*COS(DELTA4))/((A1+A2)*16.1)+FRICTION LOSSES$

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.01688

DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.01688

AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.01688

JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET

FRICTION LOSSES = 0.068 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET

JUNCTION LOSSES =  $(DY+HV1-HV2)+(ENTRANCE LOSSES)$

JUNCTION LOSSES =  $(0.068)+(0.000) = 0.068$

-----  
NODE 0.00 : HGL = < 58.863>; EGL= < 62.289>; FLOWLINE= < 44.200>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 10.00 IS CODE = 1  
UPSTREAM NODE 10.00 ELEVATION = 57.52 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

-----  
CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 186.66 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 48.00 INCHES  
PIPE LENGTH = 443.97 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300  
 $SF=(Q/K)**2 = ((186.66)/(1436.437))**2 = 0.01689$   
 $HF=L*SF = (443.97)*(0.01689) = 7.497$

-----  
NODE 10.00 : HGL = < 66.360>; EGL= < 69.786>; FLOWLINE= < 57.520>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 10.00 TO NODE 10.00 IS CODE = 5  
UPSTREAM NODE 10.00 ELEVATION = 57.85 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

-----  
CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	186.66	48.00	20.00	57.85	3.80	14.854
DOWNSTREAM	186.66	48.00	-	57.52	3.80	14.854
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000

# FOR REFERENCE ONLY

0000\_UL.T. RES  
 Q5 0.00===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:  
 $DY = (Q2 \cdot V2 - Q1 \cdot V1 \cdot \cos(\Delta 1) - Q3 \cdot V3 \cdot \cos(\Delta 3) - Q4 \cdot V4 \cdot \cos(\Delta 4)) / ((A1 + A2) \cdot 16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$   
 UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.01688  
 DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.01688  
 AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.01688  
 JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET  
 FRICTION LOSSES = 0.068 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET  
 JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY + HV1 - HV2) + (ENTRANCE LOSSES)  
 JUNCTION LOSSES = (0.481) + (0.000) = 0.481

-----  
 NODE 10.00 : HGL = < 66.840>; EGL = < 70.266>; FLOWLINE = < 57.850>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 10.00 TO NODE 20.00 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 20.00 ELEVATION = 67.86 (HYDRAULIC JUMP OCCURS)

-----  
 CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):  
 PIPE FLOW = 186.66 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 48.00 INCHES  
 PIPE LENGTH = 182.05 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

-----  
 HYDRAULIC JUMP: DOWNSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS RESULTS

-----  
 NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 2.13 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 3.80

-----  
 UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 2.18

-----  
 GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	2.180	26.642	13.209	10047.70
5.871	2.178	26.675	13.234	10058.56
12.003	2.176	26.707	13.259	10069.44
18.418	2.174	26.740	13.284	10080.37
25.144	2.172	26.773	13.309	10091.32
32.210	2.170	26.806	13.334	10102.30
39.652	2.168	26.839	13.360	10113.31
47.510	2.165	26.872	13.385	10124.36
55.832	2.163	26.905	13.411	10135.44
64.673	2.161	26.938	13.436	10146.54
74.102	2.159	26.972	13.462	10157.69
84.199	2.157	27.005	13.488	10168.86
95.064	2.155	27.039	13.514	10180.07
106.820	2.153	27.072	13.540	10191.31
119.621	2.150	27.106	13.566	10202.58
133.667	2.148	27.140	13.593	10213.88
149.222	2.146	27.174	13.619	10225.22
166.640	2.144	27.208	13.646	10236.58
182.050	2.142	27.234	13.666	10245.46

-----  
 HYDRAULIC JUMP: UPSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS RESULTS

-----  
 DOWNSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED PRESSURE HEAD(FT) = 8.99

-----  
 PRESSURE FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	PRESSURE HEAD(FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	8.990	14.854	12.416	10854.53
130.986	4.000	14.854	7.426	6941.34

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=====

ASSUMED DOWNSTREAM PRESSURE HEAD(FT) = 4.00

=====

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECI FIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
130.986	4.000	14.849	7.426	6941.34
131.166	3.992	14.852	7.419	6935.94
131.322	3.984	14.856	7.413	6931.20
131.462	3.976	14.861	7.408	6926.90
131.591	3.968	14.867	7.403	6922.94
131.709	3.960	14.874	7.398	6919.30
131.819	3.953	14.882	7.394	6915.92
131.920	3.945	14.890	7.390	6912.80
132.013	3.937	14.899	7.386	6909.90
132.099	3.929	14.909	7.383	6907.22
132.179	3.921	14.919	7.379	6904.75
132.252	3.913	14.930	7.376	6902.48
132.319	3.905	14.941	7.374	6900.39
132.380	3.897	14.953	7.371	6898.49
132.435	3.889	14.965	7.369	6896.76
132.485	3.881	14.978	7.367	6895.20
132.530	3.873	14.991	7.365	6893.80
132.570	3.865	15.005	7.364	6892.56
132.605	3.858	15.019	7.362	6891.48
132.634	3.850	15.033	7.361	6890.55
132.659	3.842	15.048	7.360	6889.77
132.680	3.834	15.063	7.359	6889.14
132.695	3.826	15.079	7.359	6888.66
132.706	3.818	15.095	7.358	6888.31
132.713	3.810	15.111	7.358	6888.10
132.715	3.802	15.128	7.358	6888.04
182.050	3.802	15.128	7.358	6888.04

-----END OF HYDRAULIC JUMP ANALYSIS-----

PRESSURE+MOMENTUM BALANCE OCCURS AT 20.80 FEET UPSTREAM OF NODE 10.00  
 DOWNSTREAM DEPTH = 8.198 FEET, UPSTREAM CONJUGATE DEPTH = 2.145 FEET

NODE 20.00 : HGL = < 70.040>; EGL= < 81.069>; FLOWLINE= < 67.860>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 20.00 TO NODE 20.00 IS CODE = 5  
 UPSTREAM NODE 20.00 ELEVATION = 68.19 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	186.66	48.00	13.00	68.19	3.80	27.457
DOWNSTREAM	186.66	48.00	-	67.86	3.80	26.650
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$$DY = (Q2*V2 - Q1*V1*\cos(\Delta A1) - Q3*V3*\cos(\Delta A3) - Q4*V4*\cos(\Delta A4)) / ((A1+A2)*16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$$

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.05481

DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.05067

AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.05274

JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET

FRICTION LOSSES = 0.211 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET

JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY+HV1-HV2)+(ENTRANCE LOSSES)

JUNCTION LOSSES = (0.956)+(0.000) = 0.956

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 NODE 20.00 : HGL = < 70.319>; EGL= < 82.025>; FLOWLINE= < 68.190>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 20.00 TO NODE 30.00 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 30.00 ELEVATION = 75.26 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 186.66 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 48.00 INCHES  
 PIPE LENGTH = 54.01 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

-----  
 NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 1.66 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 3.80

=====

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 2.80

-----  
 GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	2.798	19.880	8.938	7916.98
1.700	2.752	20.242	9.118	8021.77
3.562	2.706	20.622	9.314	8133.32
5.605	2.661	21.021	9.526	8251.96
7.847	2.615	21.439	9.756	8378.07
10.311	2.569	21.877	10.006	8512.05
13.025	2.524	22.336	10.276	8654.34
16.019	2.478	22.819	10.569	8805.41
19.330	2.433	23.326	10.886	8965.78
23.002	2.387	23.858	11.231	9136.00
27.088	2.341	24.419	11.606	9316.70
31.651	2.296	25.008	12.013	9508.52
36.769	2.250	25.629	12.456	9712.21
42.541	2.204	26.283	12.938	9928.56
49.091	2.159	26.974	13.464	10158.44
54.010	2.129	27.448	13.835	10317.31

-----  
 NODE 30.00 : HGL = < 78.058>; EGL= < 84.198>; FLOWLINE= < 75.260>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 30.00 TO NODE 30.00 IS CODE = 5  
 UPSTREAM NODE 30.00 ELEVATION = 75.59 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	186.66	48.00	30.00	75.59	3.80	23.362
DOWNSTREAM	186.66	48.00	-	75.26	3.80	19.886
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$$DY = (Q2 \cdot V2 - Q1 \cdot V1 \cdot \cos(\Delta A1) - Q3 \cdot V3 \cdot \cos(\Delta A3) - Q4 \cdot V4 \cdot \cos(\Delta A4)) / ((A1 + A2) \cdot 16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$$

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.03602  
 DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.02415

AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.03008

JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET  
 FRICTION LOSSES = 0.120 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET

JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY + HV1 - HV2) + (ENTRANCE LOSSES)

JUNCTION LOSSES = (2.297) + (0.000) = 2.297

-----  
 NODE 30.00 : HGL = < 78.020>; EGL= < 86.495>; FLOWLINE= < 75.590>



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FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 30.00 TO NODE 40.00 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 40.00 ELEVATION = 80.00 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 186.66 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 48.00 INCHES  
 PIPE LENGTH = 33.57 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

-----  
 NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 1.66 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 3.80

=====

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 3.80

=====

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECI FIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	3.802	15.128	7.358	6888.04
0.086	3.716	15.330	7.368	6895.73
0.340	3.630	15.571	7.397	6918.00
0.760	3.545	15.847	7.446	6954.25
1.353	3.459	16.158	7.515	7004.35
2.133	3.373	16.505	7.605	7068.54
3.115	3.287	16.888	7.718	7147.27
4.324	3.201	17.309	7.856	7241.19
5.787	3.115	17.771	8.022	7351.17
7.542	3.029	18.275	8.219	7478.24
9.633	2.943	18.826	8.450	7623.64
12.115	2.858	19.427	8.722	7788.83
15.060	2.772	20.083	9.038	7975.50
18.556	2.686	20.799	9.407	8185.62
22.718	2.600	21.581	9.837	8421.49
27.697	2.514	22.437	10.336	8685.76
33.570	2.430	23.355	10.905	8975.12

-----  
 NODE 40.00 : HGL = < 83.802>; EGL= < 87.358>; FLOWLINE= < 80.000>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 40.00 TO NODE 40.00 IS CODE = 8  
 UPSTREAM NODE 40.00 ELEVATION = 80.00 (FLOW UNSEALS IN REACH)

-----  
 CALCULATE CATCH BASIN ENTRANCE LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 186.66 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 48.00 INCHES  
 FLOW VELOCITY = 15.13 FEET/SEC. VELOCITY HEAD = 3.556 FEET  
 CATCH BASIN ENERGY LOSS = .2\*(VELOCITY HEAD) = .2\*( 3.556) = 0.711

-----  
 NODE 40.00 : HGL = < 88.069>; EGL= < 88.069>; FLOWLINE= < 80.000>

\*\*\*\*\*

UPSTREAM PIPE FLOW CONTROL DATA:

NODE NUMBER = 40.00 FLOWLINE ELEVATION = 80.00  
 ASSUMED UPSTREAM CONTROL HGL = 83.80 FOR DOWNSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS

=====

END OF GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW ANALYSIS

♀

## **APPENDIX E**

### **Energy Dissipater Design**

RIP RAP PAD AT NODE 145  
SYSTEM 4 MAPLE CAYON RESTORATION PHASE 1

HEC-RAS Plan: 18-inch\_SDD104 River: River01 Reach: Reach01 Profile: PF 1

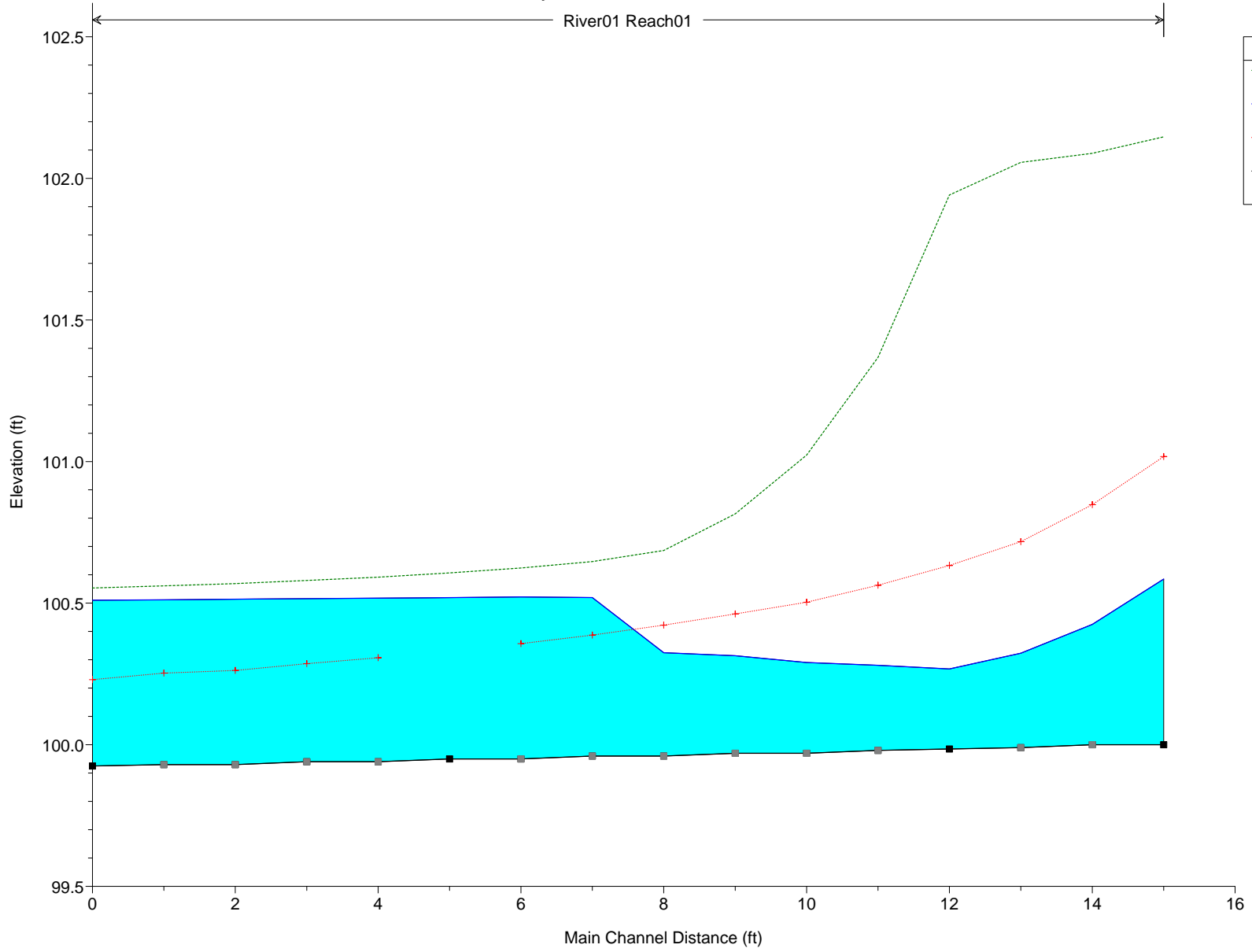
Reach	River Sta	Profile	Q Total (cfs)	Min Ch El (ft)	W.S. Elev (ft)	Crit W.S. (ft)	E.G. Elev (ft)	E.G. Slope (ft/ft)	Vel Chnl (ft/s)	Flow Area (sq ft)	Top Width (ft)	Froude # Chl
Reach01	100	PF 1	8.80	100.00	100.59	101.02	102.15	0.107622	10.03	0.88	6.51	2.31
Reach01	99.*	PF 1	8.80	100.00	100.43	100.85	102.09	0.025645	10.35	0.85	6.05	2.80
Reach01	98.*	PF 1	8.80	99.99	100.32	100.72	102.06	0.036989	10.57	0.83	6.00	3.23
Reach01	97	PF 1	8.80	99.99	100.27	100.63	101.94	0.509679	10.38	0.85	6.20	3.44
Reach01	96.*	PF 1	8.80	99.98	100.28	100.56	101.37	0.305081	8.37	1.05	6.93	2.69
Reach01	95.*	PF 1	8.80	99.97	100.29	100.50	101.02	0.188718	6.87	1.28	7.66	2.14
Reach01	94.*	PF 1	8.80	99.97	100.31	100.46	100.82	0.117142	5.68	1.55	8.38	1.71
Reach01	93.*	PF 1	8.80	99.96	100.33	100.42	100.69	0.078038	4.82	1.83	9.07	1.41
Reach01	92.*	PF 1	8.80	99.96	100.52	100.39	100.65	0.015531	2.86	3.08	10.32	0.67
Reach01	91.*	PF 1	8.80	99.95	100.52	100.36	100.62	0.012151	2.56	3.43	10.85	0.60
Reach01	90	PF 1	8.80	99.95	100.52		100.61	0.010521	2.38	3.70	11.33	0.56
Reach01	89.*	PF 1	8.80	99.94	100.52	100.31	100.59	0.008612	2.17	4.05	11.35	0.50
Reach01	88.*	PF 1	8.80	99.94	100.52	100.29	100.58	0.007613	2.04	4.32	11.34	0.47
Reach01	87.*	PF 1	8.80	99.93	100.51	100.26	100.57	0.006371	1.88	4.67	11.36	0.43
Reach01	86.*	PF 1	8.80	99.93	100.51	100.25	100.56	0.005716	1.78	4.95	11.36	0.41
Reach01	85	PF 1	8.80	99.93	100.51	100.23	100.55	0.005001	1.67	5.27	11.37	0.38

End of Wing Wall  
Start of 1/4 Ton

Hydraulic Jump

End of 1/4 Ton

River01 Reach01



\*\*\*\*\*

PIPE-FLOW HYDRAULICS COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE  
 (Reference: LACFCD, LACRD, AND OCEMA HYDRAULICS CRITERION)  
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 Ver. 21.0 Release Date: 06/01/2014 License ID 1261

Analysis prepared by:

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\*\*\*\*\* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY \*\*\*\*\*

- \* J#18022-F MAPLE CANYON STORM RESTORATION PHASE 1 \*
- \* SYSTEM 1 - MAINLINE VELOCITY RUN FROM NODES 145 TO 115 \*
- \* TAILWATER ASSUMED TO BE FLOWLINE OF THE PIPE \*

FILE NAME: 145\_V.PIP  
 TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 20:39 03/26/2019

\*\*\*\*\*

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW ANALYSIS FOR PIPE SYSTEM  
 NODAL POINT STATUS TABLE

(Note: "\*" indicates nodal point data used.)

NODE NUMBER	MODEL PROCESS	UPSTREAM RUN		DOWNSTREAM RUN	
		PRESSURE HEAD(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)	FLOW DEPTH(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
145.00-		1.15 Dc	150.14	0.88*	165.07
	} FRICTION				
140.00-		1.15 Dc	150.14	0.82*	174.11
	} JUNCTION				
140.00-		1.79	199.06	0.40*	404.13
	} FRICTION				
135.00-		1.15*Dc	150.14	1.15*Dc	150.14
	} JUNCTION				
135.00-		1.81*	149.52	0.78	82.53
	} FRICTION				
115.00-		1.55*	121.33	0.90 Dc	79.82
	} CATCH BASIN				
115.00-		1.73*	108.06	0.90 Dc	27.15

-----  
 MAXIMUM NUMBER OF ENERGY BALANCES USED IN EACH PROFILE = 25  
 -----

NOTE: STEADY FLOW HYDRAULIC HEAD-LOSS COMPUTATIONS BASED ON THE MOST CONSERVATIVE FORMULAE FROM THE CURRENT LACRD, LACFCD, AND OCEMA DESIGN MANUALS.

\*\*\*\*\*

DOWNSTREAM PIPE FLOW CONTROL DATA:

NODE NUMBER = 145.00 FLOWLINE ELEVATION = 101.16  
 PIPE FLOW = 8.80 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
 ASSUMED DOWNSTREAM CONTROL HGL = 101.160 FEET

\*NOTE: ASSUMED DOWNSTREAM CONTROL DEPTH( 0.00 FT.)  
 IS LESS THAN CRITICAL DEPTH( 1.15 FT.)

====> CRITICAL DEPTH IS ASSUMED AS DOWNSTREAM CONTROL DEPTH  
 FOR UPSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS

-----  
 NODE 145.00 : HGL = < 102.038>; EGL= < 103.080>; FLOWLINE= < 101.160>  
 -----

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 145.00 TO NODE 140.00 IS CODE = 1

UPSTREAM NODE 140.00 ELEVATION = 101.32 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 8.80 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
 PIPE LENGTH = 16.00 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

-----  
 NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 1.05 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 1.15  
 =====

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.82  
 =====

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DISTANCE FROM CONTROL (FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY (FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM (POUNDS)
0.000	0.816	8.951	2.061	174.11
2.348	0.826	8.826	2.036	172.54
4.725	0.835	8.704	2.012	171.05
7.133	0.844	8.585	1.990	169.62
9.576	0.854	8.470	1.968	168.26
12.058	0.863	8.358	1.948	166.96
14.581	0.872	8.249	1.930	165.72
16.000	0.878	8.191	1.920	165.07

-----  
 NODE 140.00 : HGL = < 102.136>; EGL= < 103.381>; FLOWLINE= < 101.320>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 140.00 TO NODE 140.00 IS CODE = 5  
 UPSTREAM NODE 140.00 ELEVATION = 101.32 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	8.80	18.00	60.00	101.32	1.15	23.474
DOWNSTREAM	8.80	18.00	-	101.32	1.15	8.954
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===					

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

DY=(Q2\*V2-Q1\*V1\*COS(DELTA1)-Q3\*V3\*COS(DELTA3)-Q4\*V4\*COS(DELTA4))/((A1+A2)\*16.1)+FRICTION LOSSES  
 UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.29736  
 DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.02118  
 AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.15927  
 JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET  
 FRICTION LOSSES = 0.637 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET  
 JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY+HV1-HV2)+(ENTRANCE LOSSES)  
 JUNCTION LOSSES = ( 6.892)+( 0.000) = 6.892

-----  
 NODE 140.00 : HGL = < 101.717>; EGL= < 110.274>; FLOWLINE= < 101.320>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 140.00 TO NODE 135.00 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 135.00 ELEVATION = 184.15 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 8.80 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
 PIPE LENGTH = 201.42 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

-----  
 NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.37 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 1.15  
 =====

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 1.15  
 =====

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL (FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY (FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM (POUNDS)
0.000	1.148	6.061	1.719	150.14
0.005	1.117	6.235	1.721	150.30
0.019	1.086	6.423	1.727	150.81
0.045	1.054	6.629	1.737	151.68
0.084	1.023	6.852	1.753	152.94
0.137	0.992	7.096	1.774	154.63
0.209	0.960	7.361	1.802	156.79
0.300	0.929	7.652	1.839	159.45
0.415	0.898	7.969	1.885	162.66
0.559	0.867	8.317	1.941	166.49
0.737	0.835	8.699	2.011	170.99
0.956	0.804	9.120	2.096	176.25
1.224	0.773	9.586	2.201	182.35
1.554	0.741	10.102	2.327	189.42
1.961	0.710	10.677	2.482	197.57
2.464	0.679	11.320	2.670	206.98
3.091	0.648	12.042	2.901	217.82
3.881	0.616	12.858	3.185	230.35
4.889	0.585	13.784	3.537	244.86
6.199	0.554	14.843	3.977	261.73
7.942	0.523	16.063	4.531	281.42
10.345	0.491	17.479	5.238	304.56
13.837	0.460	19.139	6.152	331.94
19.390	0.429	21.107	7.350	364.64
30.145	0.397	23.466	8.953	404.12
201.420	0.397	23.466	8.954	404.13

NODE 135.00 : HGL = < 185.298>; EGL= < 185.869>; FLOWLINE= < 184.150>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 135.00 TO NODE 135.00 IS CODE = 5  
 UPSTREAM NODE 135.00 ELEVATION = 184.48 (FLOW UNSEALS IN REACH)

CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH (FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	5.50	18.00	57.30	184.48	0.90	3.112
DOWNSTREAM	8.80	18.00	-	184.15	1.15	6.063
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	3.30===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===					

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$DY = (Q2*V2 - Q1*V1*\cos(\Delta1) - Q3*V3*\cos(\Delta3) - Q4*V4*\cos(\Delta4)) / ((A1+A2)*16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$   
 UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00274  
 DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00806  
 AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.00540  
 JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET  
 FRICTION LOSSES = 0.022 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.114 FEET  
 JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY+HV1-HV2)+(ENTRANCE LOSSES)  
 JUNCTION LOSSES = (0.452)+(0.114) = 0.567

NODE 135.00 : HGL = < 186.285>; EGL= < 186.436>; FLOWLINE= < 184.480>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 135.00 TO NODE 115.00 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 115.00 ELEVATION = 184.83 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

145\_V. RES

CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 5.50 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
PIPE LENGTH = 34.41 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300  
 $SF=(Q/K)**2 = ((5.50)/(105.046))**2 = 0.00274$   
 $HF=L*SF = (34.41)*(0.00274) = 0.094$

-----  
NODE 115.00 : HGL = < 186.379>; EGL= < 186.530>; FLOWLINE= < 184.830>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 115.00 TO NODE 115.00 IS CODE = 8  
UPSTREAM NODE 115.00 ELEVATION = 184.83 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

-----  
CALCULATE CATCH BASIN ENTRANCE LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 5.50 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
FLOW VELOCITY = 3.11 FEET/SEC. VELOCITY HEAD = 0.150 FEET  
CATCH BASIN ENERGY LOSS = .2\*(VELOCITY HEAD) = .2\*( 0.150) = 0.030

-----  
NODE 115.00 : HGL = < 186.560>; EGL= < 186.560>; FLOWLINE= < 184.830>

\*\*\*\*\*

UPSTREAM PIPE FLOW CONTROL DATA:

NODE NUMBER = 115.00 FLOWLINE ELEVATION = 184.83  
ASSUMED UPSTREAM CONTROL HGL = 185.73 FOR DOWNSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS

=====  
END OF GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW ANALYSIS

♀



RIP RAP PAD AT NODE 225  
SYSTEM 4 MAPLE CAYON RESTORATION PHASE 1

HEC-RAS Plan: 18-inch\_SDD104 River: River01 Reach: Reach01 Profile: PF 1

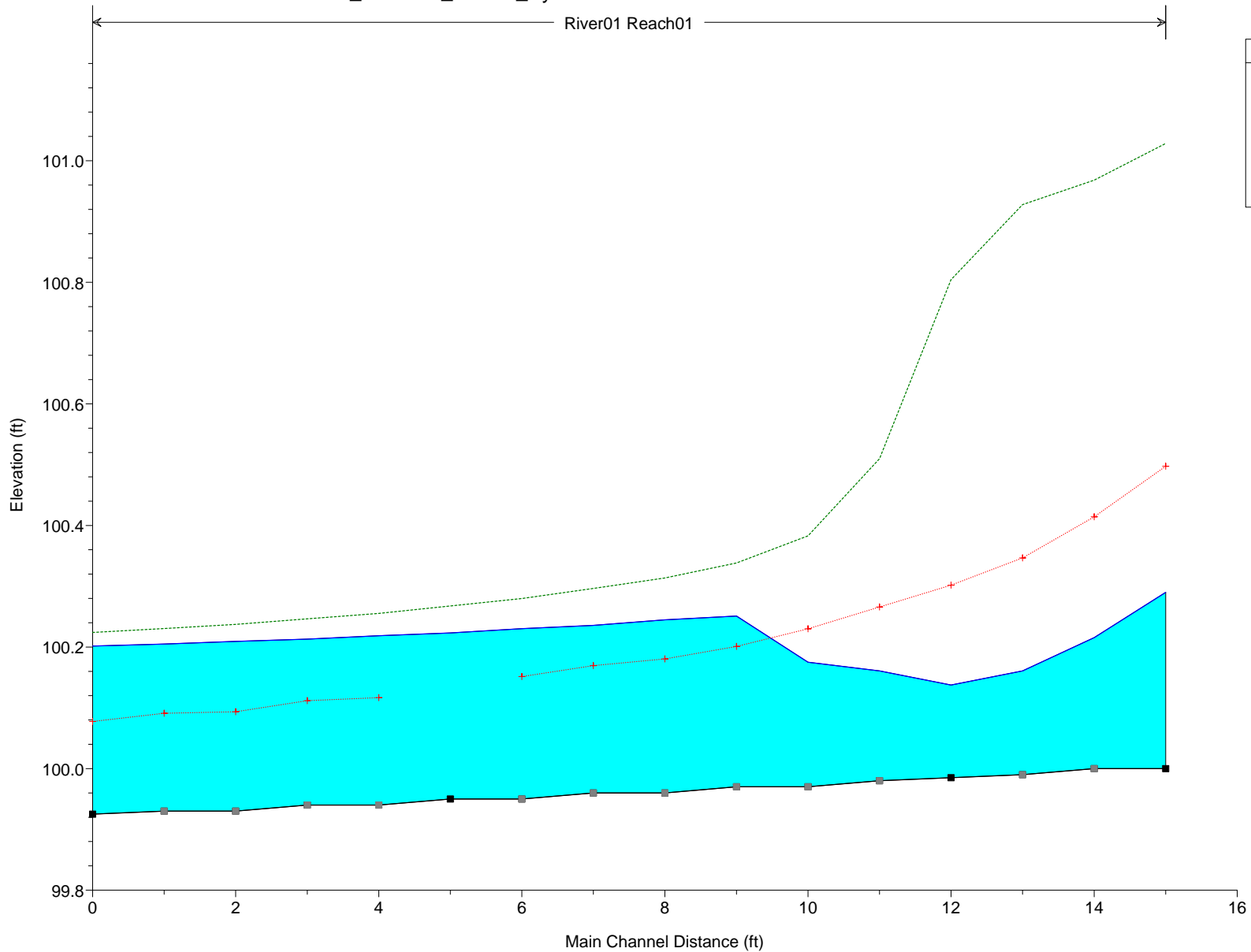
Reach	River Sta	Profile	Q Total (cfs)	Min Ch El (ft)	W.S. Elev (ft)	Crit W.S. (ft)	E.G. Elev (ft)	E.G. Slope (ft/ft)	Vel Chnl (ft/s)	Flow Area (sq ft)	Top Width (ft)	Froude # Chl
Reach01	100	PF 1	3.00	100.00	100.29	100.50	101.03	0.129727	6.90	0.44	4.74	2.26
Reach01	99.*	PF 1	3.00	100.00	100.22	100.41	100.97	0.028720	6.96	0.43	4.79	2.64
Reach01	98.*	PF 1	3.00	99.99	100.16	100.35	100.93	0.039929	7.03	0.43	5.02	3.00
Reach01	97	PF 1	3.00	99.99	100.14	100.30	100.80	0.326543	6.55	0.46	5.42	2.96
Reach01	96.*	PF 1	3.00	99.98	100.16	100.27	100.51	0.136286	4.74	0.63	6.27	1.96
Reach01	95.*	PF 1	3.00	99.97	100.18	100.23	100.38	0.068698	3.66	0.82	7.09	1.42
Reach01	94.*	PF 1	3.00	99.97	100.25	100.20	100.34	0.018969	2.37	1.26	8.10	0.79
Reach01	93.*	PF 1	3.00	99.96	100.24	100.18	100.31	0.014707	2.11	1.42	8.75	0.70
Reach01	92.*	PF 1	3.00	99.96	100.24	100.17	100.30	0.013553	1.98	1.52	9.35	0.66
Reach01	91.*	PF 1	3.00	99.95	100.23	100.15	100.28	0.010753	1.78	1.68	10.02	0.59
Reach01	90	PF 1	3.00	99.95	100.22		100.27	0.009985	1.69	1.78	10.64	0.57
Reach01	89.*	PF 1	3.00	99.94	100.22	100.12	100.26	0.008062	1.54	1.95	10.65	0.51
Reach01	88.*	PF 1	3.00	99.94	100.21	100.11	100.25	0.007510	1.46	2.05	10.64	0.49
Reach01	87.*	PF 1	3.00	99.93	100.21	100.09	100.24	0.006126	1.34	2.23	10.65	0.45
Reach01	86.*	PF 1	3.00	99.93	100.20	100.09	100.23	0.005718	1.28	2.34	10.64	0.43
Reach01	85	PF 1	3.00	99.93	100.20	100.08	100.22	0.005001	1.21	2.49	10.65	0.40

End of Wing Wall  
Start of No.2 Backing

Hydraulic Jump

End of No.2 Backing

River01 Reach01



\*\*\*\*\*

PIPE-FLOW HYDRAULICS COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE  
 (Reference: LACFCD, LACRD, AND OCEMA HYDRAULICS CRITERION)  
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\*\*\*\*\* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY \*\*\*\*\*  
 \* J#18022-F MAPLE CANYON STORM RESTORATION PHASE 1 \*  
 \* SYSTEM 2 - VELOCITY RUN FROM NODES 225 TO 210 \*  
 \* TAILWATER ASSUMED TO BE FLOWLINE OF THE PIPE \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*

FILE NAME: 225\_V.PIP  
 TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 21:55 03/26/2019

\*\*\*\*\*

GRADUALLY VARI ED FLOW ANALYSI S FOR PI PE SYSTEM  
 NODAL POINT STATUS TABLE

(Note: "\*" indicates nodal point data used.)

NODE NUMBER	MODEL PROCESS	UPSTREAM RUN		DOWNSTREAM RUN	
		PRESSURE HEAD(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)	FLOW DEPTH(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
225.00-	} FRI CTI ON	0.66 Dc	36.26	0.49*	41.07
220.00-		0.66 Dc	36.26	0.44*	45.00
220.00-	} JUNCTI ON	0.66 Dc	36.26	0.22*	109.76
220.00-	} FRI CTI ON				
215.00-	} JUNCTI ON	0.66 Dc	36.26	0.25*	93.80
215.00-		} FRI CTI ON	0.66 Dc	36.26	0.22*
210.00-	} CATCH BASI N	0.66*Dc	36.26	0.66*Dc	36.26
210.00-		0.96*	19.47	0.66 Dc	12.89

-----  
 MAXIMUM NUMBER OF ENERGY BALANCES USED IN EACH PROFILE = 25  
 -----

NOTE: STEADY FLOW HYDRAULIC HEAD-LOSS COMPUTATIONS BASED ON THE MOST CONSERVATIVE FORMULAE FROM THE CURRENT LACRD, LACFCD, AND OCEMA DESIGN MANUALS.

\*\*\*\*\*

DOWNSTREAM PIPE FLOW CONTROL DATA:

NODE NUMBER = 225.00 FLOWLINE ELEVATION = 126.02  
 PIPE FLOW = 3.00 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
 ASSUMED DOWNSTREAM CONTROL HGL = 126.020 FEET

\*NOTE: ASSUMED DOWNSTREAM CONTROL DEPTH( 0.00 FT.)  
 IS LESS THAN CRITICAL DEPTH( 0.66 FT.)

====> CRITICAL DEPTH IS ASSUMED AS DOWNSTREAM CONTROL DEPTH  
 FOR UPSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS

-----  
 NODE 225.00 : HGL = < 126.511>; EGL= < 127.064>; FLOWLINE= < 126.020>  
 -----

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 225.00 TO NODE 220.00 IS CODE = 1

225\_V.RES

UPSTREAM NODE 220.00 ELEVATION = 126.18 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 3.00 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
 PIPE LENGTH = 16.00 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.55 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.66

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.44

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DISTANCE FROM CONTROL (FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY (FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM (POUNDS)
0.000	0.443	6.884	1.179	45.00
1.224	0.447	6.794	1.164	44.58
2.473	0.451	6.705	1.150	44.19
3.750	0.455	6.619	1.136	43.80
5.057	0.460	6.534	1.123	43.43
6.397	0.464	6.452	1.110	43.07
7.774	0.468	6.371	1.099	42.73
9.191	0.472	6.292	1.087	42.39
10.653	0.476	6.215	1.077	42.07
12.167	0.481	6.139	1.066	41.76
13.738	0.485	6.065	1.057	41.46
15.374	0.489	5.993	1.047	41.17
16.000	0.491	5.967	1.044	41.07

NODE 220.00 : HGL = < 126.623>; EGL= < 127.359>; FLOWLINE= < 126.180>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 220.00 TO NODE 220.00 IS CODE = 5  
 UPSTREAM NODE 220.00 ELEVATION = 126.51 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	3.00	18.00	60.00	126.51	0.66	18.726
DOWNSTREAM	3.00	18.00	-	126.18	0.66	6.887
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===					

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$DY = (Q2 \cdot V2 - Q1 \cdot V1 \cdot \cos(\Delta A1) - Q3 \cdot V3 \cdot \cos(\Delta A3) - Q4 \cdot V4 \cdot \cos(\Delta A4)) / ((A1 + A2) \cdot 16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$   
 UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.38345  
 DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.02270  
 AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.20307  
 JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET  
 FRICTION LOSSES = 0.812 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET  
 JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY + HV1 - HV2) + (ENTRANCE LOSSES)  
 JUNCTION LOSSES = (4.816) + (0.000) = 4.816

NODE 220.00 : HGL = < 126.729>; EGL= < 132.174>; FLOWLINE= < 126.510>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 220.00 TO NODE 215.00 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 215.00 ELEVATION = 156.94 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 3.00 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
 PIPE LENGTH = 78.00 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

225\_V. RES

NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.22 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.66

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.25

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECI FIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	0.245	15.929	4.188	93.80
0.337	0.244	16.030	4.237	94.38
0.691	0.243	16.132	4.287	94.96
1.063	0.242	16.236	4.338	95.55
1.456	0.241	16.340	4.390	96.15
1.870	0.240	16.446	4.442	96.75
2.309	0.239	16.553	4.496	97.36
2.774	0.238	16.661	4.551	97.98
3.270	0.237	16.770	4.606	98.60
3.799	0.236	16.881	4.663	99.23
4.366	0.235	16.993	4.721	99.87
4.977	0.233	17.106	4.780	100.51
5.638	0.232	17.220	4.840	101.17
6.356	0.231	17.336	4.901	101.83
7.143	0.230	17.453	4.963	102.50
8.010	0.229	17.571	5.026	103.17
8.976	0.228	17.691	5.091	103.86
10.062	0.227	17.812	5.157	104.55
11.303	0.226	17.935	5.224	105.26
12.745	0.225	18.059	5.292	105.97
14.463	0.224	18.184	5.362	106.69
16.580	0.223	18.312	5.433	107.41
19.328	0.222	18.440	5.505	108.15
23.229	0.221	18.570	5.579	108.90
29.956	0.220	18.702	5.654	109.65
78.000	0.219	18.720	5.664	109.76

NODE 215.00 : HGL = < 157.185>; EGL= < 161.128>; FLOWLINE= < 156.940>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 215.00 TO NODE 215.00 IS CODE = 5  
 UPSTREAM NODE 215.00 ELEVATION = 157.27 (FLOW IS SUPERCRI TICAL)

CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DI AMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITI CAL DEPTH(FT. )	VELOCIT Y (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	3.00	18.00	0.00	157.27	0.66	19.149
DOWNSTREAM	3.00	18.00	-	156.94	0.66	15.934
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$$DY = (Q2 \cdot V2 - Q1 \cdot V1 \cdot \cos(\Delta A1) - Q3 \cdot V3 \cdot \cos(\Delta A3) - Q4 \cdot V4 \cdot \cos(\Delta A4)) / ((A1 + A2) \cdot 16.1) + \text{FRIC TION LOSSES}$$

UPSTREAM: MANNING' S N = 0.01300; FRIC TION SLOPE = 0.40867

DOWNSTREAM: MANNING' S N = 0.01300; FRIC TION SLOPE = 0.24216

AVERAGED FRIC TION SLOPE IN JUNCTI ON ASSUMED AS 0.32542

JUNCTI ON LENGTH = 4.00 FEET

FRIC TION LOSSES = 1.302 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET

JUNCTI ON LOSSES = (DY + HV1 - HV2) + (ENTRANCE LOSSES)

JUNCTI ON LOSSES = ( 2.053) + ( 0.000) = 2.053

NODE 215.00 : HGL = < 157.486>; EGL= < 163.180>; FLOWLINE= < 157.270>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 215.00 TO NODE 210.00 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 210.00 ELEVATION = 205.79 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 3.00 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
 PIPE LENGTH = 82.03 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

-----  
 NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.20 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.66

=====

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.66

=====

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECI FIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	0.658	4.017	0.909	36.26
0.002	0.640	4.170	0.910	36.30
0.007	0.622	4.335	0.914	36.45
0.018	0.603	4.512	0.919	36.70
0.033	0.585	4.703	0.928	37.06
0.054	0.566	4.910	0.941	37.55
0.083	0.548	5.135	0.958	38.17
0.120	0.529	5.379	0.979	38.93
0.167	0.511	5.646	1.006	39.86
0.226	0.493	5.938	1.040	40.96
0.299	0.474	6.258	1.083	42.25
0.390	0.456	6.611	1.135	43.77
0.503	0.437	7.001	1.199	45.53
0.642	0.419	7.434	1.278	47.57
0.815	0.400	7.918	1.374	49.93
1.031	0.382	8.460	1.494	52.67
1.302	0.363	9.072	1.642	55.83
1.646	0.345	9.765	1.827	59.50
2.089	0.327	10.558	2.059	63.76
2.669	0.308	11.470	2.352	68.76
3.449	0.290	12.529	2.729	74.62
4.533	0.271	13.769	3.217	81.57
6.125	0.253	15.238	3.861	89.88
8.681	0.234	17.000	4.725	99.91
13.679	0.216	19.143	5.910	112.18
82.030	0.216	19.143	5.910	112.18

-----  
 NODE 210.00 : HGL = < 206.448>; EGL= < 206.699>; FLOWLINE= < 205.790>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 210.00 TO NODE 210.00 IS CODE = 8  
 UPSTREAM NODE 210.00 ELEVATION = 205.79 (FLOW IS SUBCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE CATCH BASIN ENTRANCE LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 3.00 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
 FLOW VELOCITY = 4.02 FEET/SEC. VELOCITY HEAD = 0.251 FEET  
 CATCH BASIN ENERGY LOSS = .2\*(VELOCITY HEAD) = .2\*( 0.251) = 0.050

-----  
 NODE 210.00 : HGL = < 206.749>; EGL= < 206.749>; FLOWLINE= < 205.790>

\*\*\*\*\*

UPSTREAM PIPE FLOW CONTROL DATA:

NODE NUMBER = 210.00 FLOWLINE ELEVATION = 205.79  
 ASSUMED UPSTREAM CONTROL HGL = 206.45 FOR DOWNSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS

=====

END OF GRADUALLY VARI ED FLOW ANALYSI S

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RIP RAP PAD AT NODE 335  
SYSTEM 4 MAPLE CAYON RESTORATION PHASE 1

HEC-RAS Plan: 18-inch\_SDD104 River: River01 Reach: Reach01 Profile: PF 1

Reach	River Sta	Profile	Q Total (cfs)	Min Ch El (ft)	W.S. Elev (ft)	Crit W.S. (ft)	E.G. Elev (ft)	E.G. Slope (ft/ft)	Vel Chnl (ft/s)	Flow Area (sq ft)	Top Width (ft)	Froude # Chl
Reach01	100	PF 1	5.90	100.00	100.42	100.78	101.81	0.151935	9.48	0.62	5.49	2.59
Reach01	99.*	PF 1	5.90	100.00	100.31	100.65	101.74	0.033898	9.59	0.62	5.35	3.05
Reach01	98.*	PF 1	5.90	99.99	100.23	100.55	101.69	0.047246	9.69	0.61	5.46	3.46
Reach01	97	PF 1	5.90	99.99	100.20	100.48	101.55	0.432094	9.34	0.63	5.76	3.59
Reach01	96.*	PF 1	5.90	99.98	100.20	100.42	101.09	0.260393	7.55	0.78	6.50	2.81
Reach01	95.*	PF 1	5.90	99.97	100.21	100.38	100.81	0.161794	6.20	0.95	7.26	2.24
Reach01	94.*	PF 1	5.90	99.97	100.23	100.34	100.63	0.097794	5.09	1.16	8.00	1.77
Reach01	93.*	PF 1	5.90	99.96	100.23	100.31	100.52	0.065413	4.32	1.36	8.71	1.46
Reach01	92.*	PF 1	5.90	99.96	100.36	100.29	100.47	0.015380	2.70	2.19	9.77	0.75
Reach01	91.*	PF 1	5.90	99.95	100.36	100.26	100.45	0.012039	2.42	2.44	10.38	0.67
Reach01	90	PF 1	5.90	99.95	100.35		100.43	0.010640	2.26	2.61	10.94	0.63
Reach01	89.*	PF 1	5.90	99.94	100.35	100.22	100.42	0.008586	2.05	2.87	10.96	0.57
Reach01	88.*	PF 1	5.90	99.94	100.35	100.21	100.40	0.007699	1.93	3.05	10.95	0.53
Reach01	87.*	PF 1	5.90	99.93	100.34	100.19	100.39	0.006342	1.78	3.32	10.97	0.49
Reach01	86.*	PF 1	5.90	99.93	100.34	100.18	100.39	0.005750	1.69	3.50	10.96	0.46
Reach01	85	PF 1	5.90	99.93	100.34	100.16	100.38	0.005007	1.58	3.73	10.97	0.43

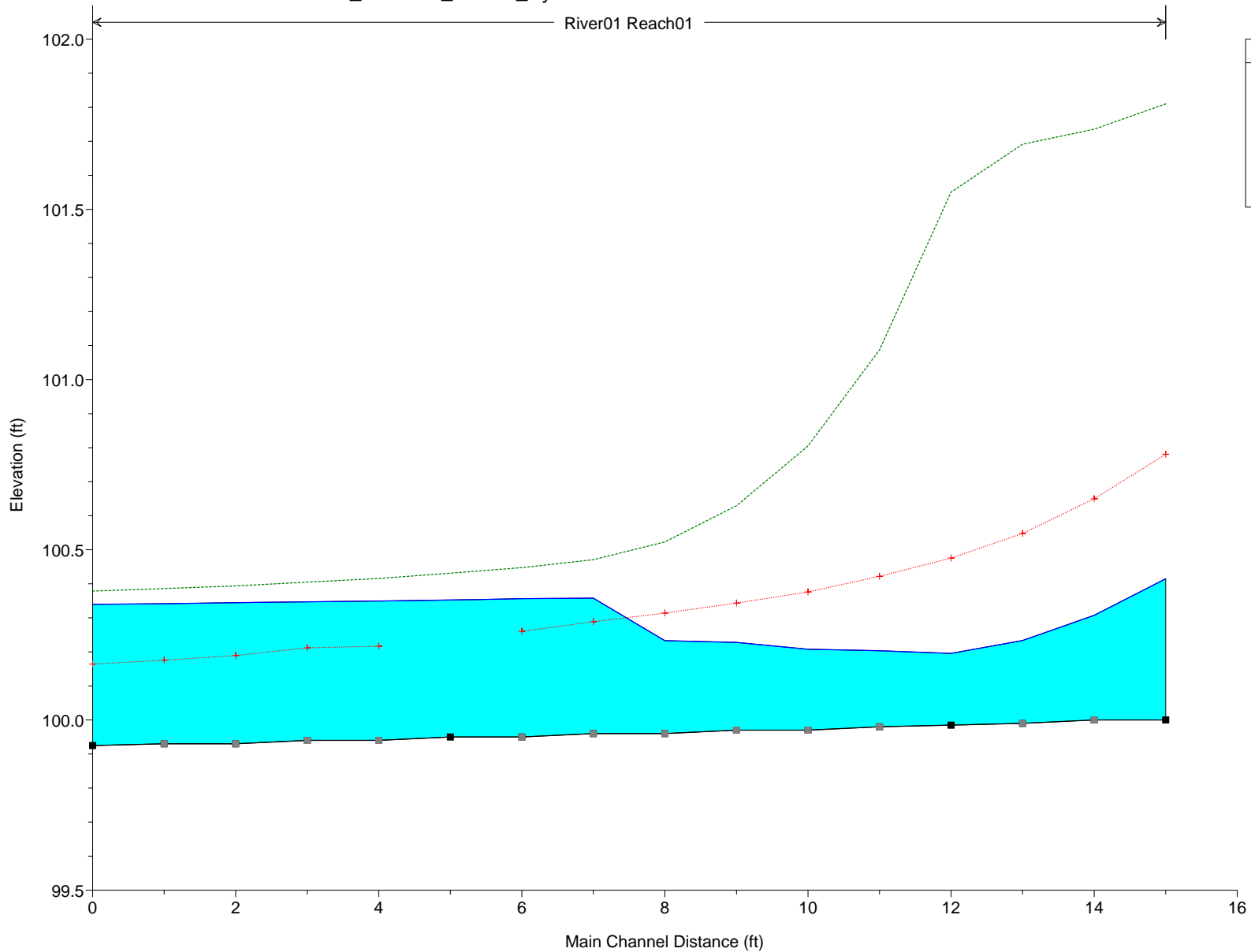
End of Wing Wall  
Start of Facing Class

Hydraulic Jump

End of Facing Class



River01 Reach01



\*\*\*\*\*

PIPE-FLOW HYDRAULICS COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE  
 (Reference: LACFCD, LACRD, AND OCEMA HYDRAULICS CRITERION)  
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 Ver. 21.0 Release Date: 06/01/2014 License ID 1261

Analysis prepared by:

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\*\*\*\*\* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY \*\*\*\*\*  
 \* J#18022-F MAPLE CANYON RESTORATION PHASE 1 \*  
 \* SYSTEM 3 - VELOCITY RUN FROM NODES 335 TO 315 \*  
 \* TAILWATER ASSUMED TO BE FLOWLINE OF PIPE \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*

FILE NAME: 335\_V.PIP  
 TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 11:28 04/02/2019

\*\*\*\*\*

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW ANALYSIS FOR PIPE SYSTEM  
 NODAL POINT STATUS TABLE

(Note: "\*" indicates nodal point data used.)

NODE NUMBER	MODEL PROCESS	UPSTREAM RUN		DOWNSTREAM RUN	
		PRESSURE HEAD(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)	FLOW DEPTH(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
335.00-		0.94 Dc	87.58	0.74*	95.02
	} FRICTION				
330.00-		0.94 Dc	87.58	0.59*	113.57
	} JUNCTION				
330.00-		1.07	89.90	0.31*	254.25
	} FRICTION				
320.00-		0.94 Dc	87.58	0.32*	246.31
	} JUNCTION				
320.00-		0.94 Dc	87.58	0.29*	281.65
	} FRICTION				
315.00-		0.94*Dc	87.58	0.94*Dc	87.58
	} CATCH BASIN				
315.00-		1.42*	49.55	0.94 Dc	29.54

-----  
 MAXIMUM NUMBER OF ENERGY BALANCES USED IN EACH PROFILE = 25  
 -----

NOTE: STEADY FLOW HYDRAULIC HEAD-LOSS COMPUTATIONS BASED ON THE MOST CONSERVATIVE FORMULAE FROM THE CURRENT LACRD, LACFCD, AND OCEMA DESIGN MANUALS.

\*\*\*\*\*

DOWNSTREAM PIPE FLOW CONTROL DATA:

NODE NUMBER = 335.00 FLOWLINE ELEVATION = 170.72  
 PIPE FLOW = 5.90 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
 ASSUMED DOWNSTREAM CONTROL HGL = 170.720 FEET

\*NOTE: ASSUMED DOWNSTREAM CONTROL DEPTH( 0.00 FT.)  
 IS LESS THAN CRITICAL DEPTH( 0.94 FT.)

====> CRITICAL DEPTH IS ASSUMED AS DOWNSTREAM CONTROL DEPTH  
 FOR UPSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS

-----  
 NODE 335.00 : HGL = < 171.456>; EGL= < 172.183>; FLOWLINE= < 170.720>  
 -----

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 335.00 TO NODE 330.00 IS CODE = 1

UPSTREAM NODE 330.00 ELEVATION = 171.16 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 5.90 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
 PIPE LENGTH = 44.00 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.80 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.94

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.59

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DISTANCE FROM CONTROL (FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY (FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM (POUNDS)
0.000	0.595	9.046	1.866	113.57
2.129	0.603	8.878	1.828	111.99
4.289	0.611	8.717	1.792	110.49
6.483	0.620	8.560	1.758	109.06
8.716	0.628	8.409	1.727	107.69
10.990	0.636	8.263	1.697	106.39
13.311	0.645	8.121	1.670	105.15
15.684	0.653	7.984	1.644	103.96
18.115	0.662	7.851	1.619	102.84
20.611	0.670	7.723	1.597	101.76
23.182	0.678	7.599	1.575	100.74
25.837	0.687	7.478	1.556	99.77
28.591	0.695	7.361	1.537	98.85
31.458	0.703	7.247	1.520	97.98
34.459	0.712	7.137	1.503	97.15
37.620	0.720	7.030	1.488	96.36
40.977	0.729	6.927	1.474	95.61
44.000	0.736	6.842	1.463	95.02

NODE 330.00 : HGL = < 171.755>; EGL= < 173.026>; FLOWLINE= < 171.160>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 330.00 TO NODE 330.00 IS CODE = 5  
 UPSTREAM NODE 330.00 ELEVATION = 171.49 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	5.90	18.00	60.00	171.49	0.94	22.050
DOWNSTREAM	5.90	18.00	-	171.16	0.94	9.049
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===					

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

DY=(Q2\*V2-Q1\*V1\*COS(DELTA1)-Q3\*V3\*COS(DELTA3)-Q4\*V4\*COS(DELTA4))/((A1+A2)\*16.1)+FRICTION LOSSES  
 UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.34569  
 DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.02874  
 AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.18721

JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET  
 FRICTION LOSSES = 0.749 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET  
 JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY+HV1-HV2)+(ENTRANCE LOSSES)  
 JUNCTION LOSSES = ( 6.327)+( 0.000) = 6.327

NODE 330.00 : HGL = < 171.803>; EGL= < 179.353>; FLOWLINE= < 171.490>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 330.00 TO NODE 320.00 IS CODE = 1

UPSTREAM NODE 320.00 ELEVATION = 209.64 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 5.90 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
 PIPE LENGTH = 110.00 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.31 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.94

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.32

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DISTANCE FROM CONTROL (FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY (FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM (POUNDS)
0.000	0.320	21.339	7.396	246.31
0.601	0.320	21.368	7.414	246.63
1.228	0.320	21.396	7.433	246.96
1.884	0.320	21.425	7.452	247.28
2.571	0.319	21.453	7.470	247.60
3.293	0.319	21.482	7.489	247.92
4.053	0.319	21.511	7.508	248.25
4.855	0.318	21.540	7.527	248.57
5.704	0.318	21.568	7.546	248.90
6.606	0.318	21.597	7.565	249.22
7.567	0.317	21.626	7.584	249.55
8.597	0.317	21.655	7.604	249.88
9.703	0.317	21.685	7.623	250.20
10.901	0.317	21.714	7.642	250.53
12.204	0.316	21.743	7.662	250.86
13.633	0.316	21.773	7.681	251.19
15.215	0.316	21.802	7.701	251.53
16.986	0.315	21.832	7.721	251.86
18.997	0.315	21.861	7.741	252.19
21.321	0.315	21.891	7.760	252.53
24.074	0.314	21.920	7.780	252.86
27.448	0.314	21.950	7.800	253.20
31.803	0.314	21.980	7.820	253.53
37.951	0.314	22.010	7.841	253.87
48.493	0.313	22.040	7.861	254.21
110.000	0.313	22.043	7.863	254.25

NODE 320.00 : HGL = < 209.960>; EGL= < 217.036>; FLOWLINE= < 209.640>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 320.00 TO NODE 320.00 IS CODE = 5  
 UPSTREAM NODE 320.00 ELEVATION = 209.97 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	5.90	18.00	0.00	209.97	0.94	24.477
DOWNSTREAM	5.90	18.00	-	209.64	0.94	21.346
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000

Q5 0.00===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$$DY = (Q2*V2 - Q1*V1*\cos(\Delta A1) - Q3*V3*\cos(\Delta A3) - Q4*V4*\cos(\Delta A4)) / ((A1+A2)*16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$$

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.46457  
 DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.31537  
 AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.38997  
 JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET

335\_V.RES

FRICTION LOSSES = 1.560 FEET                      ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET  
 JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY+HV1-HV2)+(ENTRANCE LOSSES)  
 JUNCTION LOSSES = ( 2.529)+( 0.000) = 2.529

NODE 320.00 : HGL = < 210.261>; EGL= < 219.565>; FLOWLINE= < 209.970>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 320.00 TO NODE 315.00 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 315.00 ELEVATION = 262.11 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):  
 PIPE FLOW = 5.90 CFS                      PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
 PIPE LENGTH = 80.00 FEET                      MANNING'S N = 0.01300

NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.27                      CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.94

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.94

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	0.938	5.075	1.338	87.58
0.002	0.911	5.251	1.339	87.69
0.010	0.884	5.442	1.344	88.03
0.024	0.857	5.649	1.353	88.62
0.045	0.831	5.873	1.367	89.47
0.074	0.804	6.117	1.385	90.61
0.112	0.777	6.383	1.410	92.07
0.162	0.750	6.673	1.442	93.88
0.226	0.723	6.991	1.483	96.07
0.306	0.697	7.340	1.534	98.69
0.406	0.670	7.725	1.597	101.78
0.530	0.643	8.151	1.675	105.40
0.683	0.616	8.623	1.772	109.63
0.873	0.589	9.150	1.890	114.55
1.110	0.563	9.741	2.037	120.26
1.406	0.536	10.407	2.219	126.90
1.780	0.509	11.161	2.444	134.61
2.256	0.482	12.021	2.727	143.59
2.871	0.455	13.008	3.085	154.10
3.681	0.429	14.152	3.541	166.45
4.775	0.402	15.489	4.129	181.07
6.306	0.375	17.067	4.901	198.51
8.568	0.348	18.952	5.929	219.53
12.227	0.321	21.236	7.329	245.16
19.445	0.295	24.047	9.280	276.87
80.000	0.291	24.470	9.595	281.65

NODE 315.00 : HGL = < 263.048>; EGL= < 263.448>; FLOWLINE= < 262.110>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 315.00 TO NODE 315.00 IS CODE = 8  
 UPSTREAM NODE 315.00 ELEVATION = 262.11 (FLOW IS SUBCRITICAL)

CALCULATE CATCH BASIN ENTRANCE LOSSES(LACFCD):  
 PIPE FLOW = 5.90 CFS                      PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
 FLOW VELOCITY = 5.08 FEET/SEC.                      VELOCITY HEAD = 0.400 FEET  
 CATCH BASIN ENERGY LOSS = .2\*(VELOCITY HEAD) = .2\*( 0.400) = 0.080

NODE 315.00 : HGL = < 263.528>; EGL= < 263.528>; FLOWLINE= < 262.110>

\*\*\*\*\*

335\_V.RES

UPSTREAM PIPE FLOW CONTROL DATA:

NODE NUMBER = 315.00

ASSUMED UPSTREAM CONTROL HGL =

FLOWLINE ELEVATION = 262.11

263.05 FOR DOWNSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS

=====  
END OF GRADUALLY VARI ED FLOW ANALYSI S

♀

RIP RAP PAD AT NODE 430  
SYSTEM 4 MAPLE CAYON RESTORATION PHASE 1

HEC-RAS Plan: 18-inch\_SDD104 River: River01 Reach: Reach01 Profile: PF 1

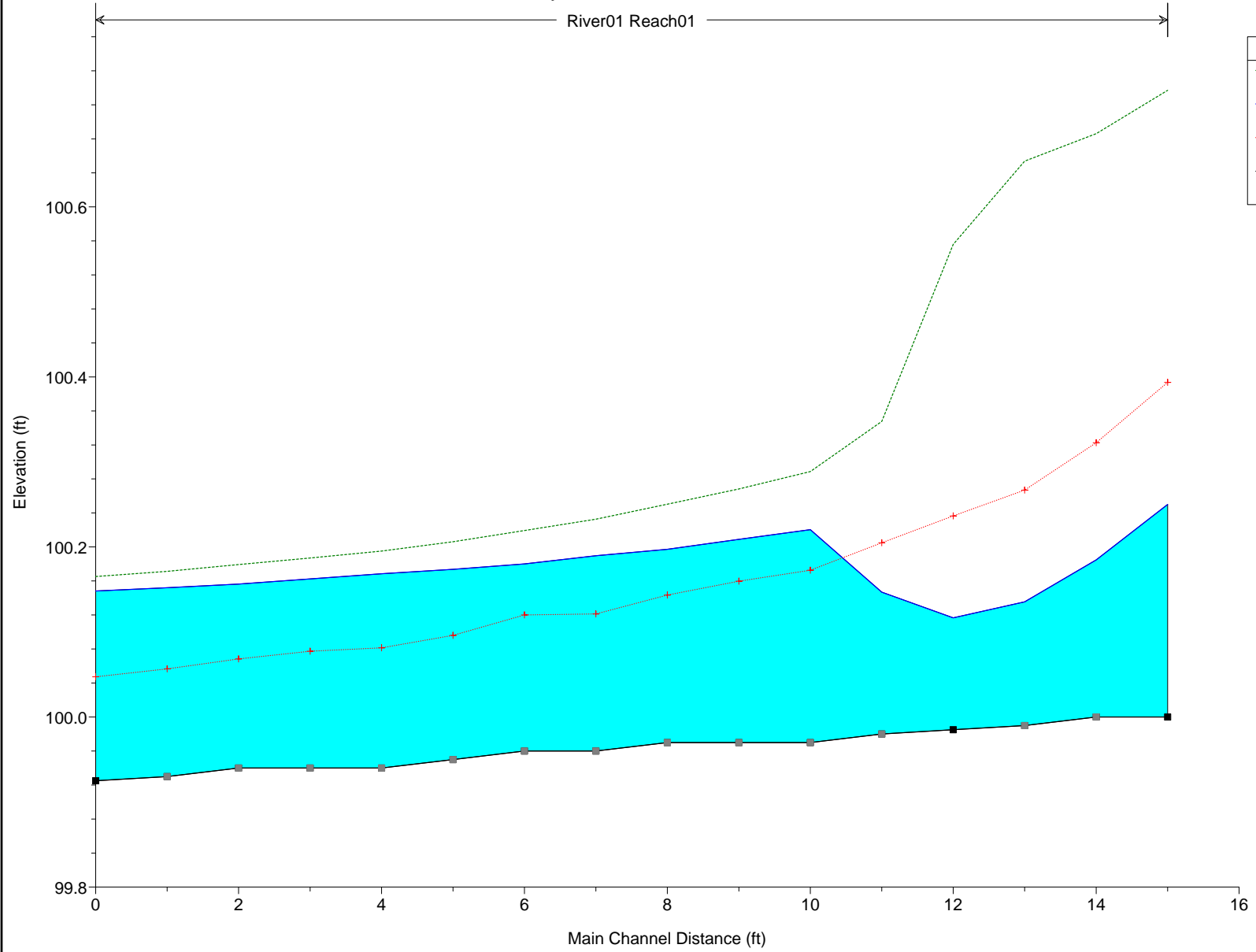
Reach	River Sta	Profile	Q Total (cfs)	Min Ch El (ft)	W.S. Elev (ft)	Crit W.S. (ft)	E.G. Elev (ft)	E.G. Slope (ft/ft)	Vel Chnl (ft/s)	Flow Area (sq ft)	Top Width (ft)	Froude # Chl
Reach01	100	PF 1	2.10	100.00	100.25	100.39	100.74	0.104253	5.60	0.38	4.50	1.97
Reach01	99.*	PF 1	2.10	100.00	100.18	100.32	100.69	0.023478	5.68	0.37	4.61	2.33
Reach01	98.*	PF 1	2.10	99.99	100.14	100.27	100.65	0.033417	5.78	0.36	4.87	2.67
Reach01	97	PF 1	2.10	99.99	100.12	100.24	100.56	0.261976	5.32	0.39	5.29	2.58
Reach01	96.*	PF 1	2.10	99.98	100.15	100.21	100.35	0.087228	3.60	0.58	5.98	1.55
Reach01	95.*	PF 1	2.10	99.97	100.22	100.17	100.29	0.017295	2.10	1.00	6.91	0.74
Reach01	94.*	PF 1	2.10	99.97	100.21	100.16	100.27	0.015957	1.95	1.08	7.30	0.70
Reach01	93.*	PF 1	2.10	99.97	100.20	100.14	100.25	0.015289	1.85	1.14	7.70	0.68
Reach01	92.*	PF 1	2.10	99.96	100.19	100.12	100.23	0.012183	1.66	1.26	8.17	0.61
Reach01	91.*	PF 1	2.10	99.96	100.18	100.12	100.22	0.011806	1.59	1.32	8.58	0.60
Reach01	90.*	PF 1	2.10	99.95	100.17	100.10	100.21	0.009526	1.44	1.45	9.07	0.54
Reach01	89.*	PF 1	2.10	99.94	100.17	100.08	100.20	0.007657	1.31	1.60	9.54	0.48
Reach01	88.*	PF 1	2.10	99.94	100.16	100.08	100.19	0.007298	1.26	1.67	9.98	0.47
Reach01	87.*	PF 1	2.10	99.94	100.16	100.07	100.18	0.007021	1.21	1.73	10.44	0.46
Reach01	86.*	PF 1	2.10	99.93	100.15	100.06	100.17	0.005704	1.11	1.89	10.91	0.42
Reach01	85	PF 1	2.10	99.93	100.15	100.05	100.17	0.005001	1.05	2.01	11.37	0.39

End of Wing Wall  
Start of No.2 Backing  
Hydraulic Jump

End of No.2 Backing

River01 Reach01

Legend	
EG PF 1	
WS PF 1	
Crit PF 1	
Ground	





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PIPE-FLOW HYDRAULICS COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE  
 (Reference: LACFCD, LACRD, AND OCEMA HYDRAULICS CRITERION)  
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 Ver. 21.0 Release Date: 06/01/2014 License ID 1261

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\*\*\*\*\* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY \*\*\*\*\*  
 \* J#18022-F MAPLE CANYON STORM RESTORATION PHASE 1 \*  
 \* SYSTEM 4 - MAINLINE RUN FROM NODES 430 TO 410 \*  
 \* TAILWATER ASSUMED TO BE FLOWLINE OF THE PIPE \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*

FILE NAME: 430\_V.PIP  
 TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 14:47 03/25/2019

\*\*\*\*\*

GRADUALLY VARI ED FLOW ANALY SI S FOR PI PE SY ST EM  
 NODAL POI NT STAT US TAB LE

(Note: "\*" indicates nodal point data used.)

NODE NUMBER	MODEL PROCESS	UPSTREAM RUN		DOWNSTREAM RUN	
		PRESSURE HEAD(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)	FLOW DEPTH(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
430.00-		0.55 Dc	22.94	0.45*	24.32
	} FRI CTI ON				
425.00-		0.55 Dc	22.94	0.40*	26.51
	} JUNCTI ON				
425.00-		0.55 Dc	22.94	0.19*	65.98
	} FRI CTI ON				
420.00-		0.55 Dc	22.94	0.20*	60.21
	} JUNCTI ON				
420.00-		0.55 Dc	22.94	0.17*	76.04
	} FRI CTI ON				
415.00-		0.55 Dc	22.94	0.19*	66.49
	} JUNCTI ON				
415.00-		0.55 Dc	22.94	0.15*	95.12
	} FRI CTI ON				
410.00-		0.55*Dc	22.94	0.55*Dc	22.94
	} CAT CH BASI N				
410.00-		0.79*	12.23	0.55 Dc	8.27

-----  
 MAXI MU M NU MBER OF ENER GY BALAN CES US ED I N EACH PROFI LE = 25  
 -----

NOTE: STEADY FLOW HYDRAULIC HEAD-LOSS COMPUTATIONS BASED ON THE MOST CONSERVATIVE FORMULAE FROM THE CURRENT LACRD, LACFCD, AND OCEMA DESIGN MANUALS.

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DOWNSTREAM PIPE FLOW CONTROL DATA:

NODE NUMBER = 430.00 FLOWLINE ELEVATI ON = 195.37  
 PIPE FLOW = 2.10 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
 ASSUMED DOWNSTREAM CONTROL HGL = 195.370 FEET

\*NOTE: ASSUMED DOWNSTREAM CONTROL DEPTH( 0.00 FT.)  
 IS LESS THAN CRITICAL DEPTH( 0.55 FT.)

====> CRITICAL DEPTH IS ASSUMED AS DOWNSTREAM CONTROL DEPTH  
 FOR UPSTREAM RUN ANALY SI S

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430\_V. RES

NODE 430.00 : HGL = < 195.820>; EGL= < 196.164>; FLOWLINE= < 195.370>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 430.00 TO NODE 425.00 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 425.00 ELEVATION = 195.75 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 2.10 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
 PIPE LENGTH = 38.00 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

-----  
 NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.45 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.55

-----  
 UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.40

-----  
 GRADUALLY VARI ED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	0.399	5.562	0.880	26.51
0.808	0.402	5.519	0.875	26.38
1.637	0.404	5.477	0.870	26.26
2.488	0.406	5.435	0.865	26.15
3.365	0.408	5.393	0.860	26.03
4.269	0.410	5.353	0.856	25.92
5.204	0.413	5.312	0.851	25.81
6.172	0.415	5.273	0.847	25.70
7.178	0.417	5.233	0.843	25.60
8.226	0.419	5.195	0.839	25.50
9.322	0.422	5.157	0.835	25.40
10.471	0.424	5.119	0.831	25.30
11.683	0.426	5.082	0.827	25.21
12.968	0.428	5.045	0.824	25.12
14.337	0.430	5.009	0.820	25.03
15.807	0.433	4.973	0.817	24.94
17.400	0.435	4.938	0.814	24.85
19.144	0.437	4.903	0.811	24.77
21.080	0.439	4.869	0.808	24.69
23.268	0.442	4.835	0.805	24.61
25.800	0.444	4.801	0.802	24.54
28.831	0.446	4.768	0.799	24.46
32.649	0.448	4.735	0.797	24.39
37.907	0.450	4.703	0.794	24.32
38.000	0.450	4.702	0.794	24.32

-----  
 NODE 425.00 : HGL = < 196.149>; EGL= < 196.630>; FLOWLINE= < 195.750>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 425.00 TO NODE 425.00 IS CODE = 5  
 UPSTREAM NODE 425.00 ELEVATION = 196.08 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	2.10	18.00	60.00	196.08	0.55	16.057
DOWNSTREAM	2.10	18.00	-	195.75	0.55	5.564
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===					

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$$DY = (Q2*V2 - Q1*V1 * \cos(\Delta A1) - Q3*V3 * \cos(\Delta A3) -$$

$$Q4*V4 * \cos(\Delta A4)) / ((A1+A2) * 16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$$

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.33515

430\_V.RES

DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.01662  
 AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.17588  
 JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET  
 FRICTION LOSSES = 0.704 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET  
 JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY+HV1-HV2)+(ENTRANCE LOSSES)  
 JUNCTION LOSSES = ( 3.644)+( 0.000) = 3.644

NODE 425.00 : HGL = < 196.271>; EGL= < 200.274>; FLOWLINE= < 196.080>

\*\*\*\*\*  
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 425.00 TO NODE 420.00 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 420.00 ELEVATION = 205.91 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):  
 PIPE FLOW = 2.10 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
 PIPE LENGTH = 29.00 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.19 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.55

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.20

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	0.204	14.609	3.520	60.21
0.304	0.203	14.664	3.544	60.43
0.622	0.202	14.720	3.569	60.65
0.956	0.202	14.777	3.595	60.88
1.307	0.201	14.834	3.620	61.11
1.676	0.201	14.891	3.646	61.33
2.066	0.200	14.948	3.672	61.56
2.478	0.200	15.006	3.699	61.79
2.916	0.199	15.064	3.725	62.03
3.382	0.199	15.123	3.752	62.26
3.881	0.198	15.182	3.780	62.50
4.416	0.198	15.241	3.807	62.73
4.992	0.197	15.301	3.835	62.97
5.618	0.197	15.362	3.863	63.21
6.300	0.196	15.422	3.892	63.46
7.051	0.196	15.483	3.920	63.70
7.884	0.195	15.545	3.950	63.95
8.818	0.195	15.607	3.979	64.19
9.882	0.194	15.669	4.009	64.44
11.116	0.193	15.732	4.039	64.69
12.580	0.193	15.795	4.069	64.95
14.379	0.192	15.858	4.100	65.20
16.709	0.192	15.922	4.131	65.46
20.005	0.191	15.987	4.162	65.71
25.673	0.191	16.052	4.194	65.97
29.000	0.191	16.052	4.194	65.98

NODE 420.00 : HGL = < 206.114>; EGL= < 209.430>; FLOWLINE= < 205.910>

\*\*\*\*\*  
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 420.00 TO NODE 420.00 IS CODE = 5  
 UPSTREAM NODE 420.00 ELEVATION = 206.24 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	2.10	18.00	0.00	206.24	0.55	18.563
DOWNSTREAM	2.10	18.00	-	205.91	0.55	14.613

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LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===					

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$$DY = (Q2 \cdot V2 - Q1 \cdot V1 \cdot \cos(\Delta 1) - Q3 \cdot V3 \cdot \cos(\Delta 3) - Q4 \cdot V4 \cdot \cos(\Delta 4)) / ((A1 + A2) \cdot 16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$$

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.50718  
 DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.25613

AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.38166

JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET  
 FRICTION LOSSES = 1.527 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET  
 JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY + HV1 - HV2) + (ENTRANCE LOSSES)  
 JUNCTION LOSSES = (2.334) + (0.000) = 2.334

-----  
 NODE 420.00 : HGL = < 206.413>; EGL = < 211.764>; FLOWLINE = < 206.240>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 420.00 TO NODE 415.00 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 415.00 ELEVATION = 234.55 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 2.10 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
 PIPE LENGTH = 55.00 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

-----  
 NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.17 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.55

-----  
 UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.19  
 -----

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	0.190	16.180	4.258	66.49
0.258	0.189	16.268	4.301	66.84
0.529	0.188	16.357	4.346	67.20
0.813	0.188	16.447	4.391	67.56
1.112	0.187	16.538	4.436	67.92
1.428	0.186	16.629	4.483	68.29
1.762	0.186	16.721	4.530	68.66
2.115	0.185	16.814	4.578	69.03
2.491	0.184	16.908	4.626	69.41
2.893	0.183	17.003	4.676	69.79
3.322	0.183	17.099	4.726	70.17
3.784	0.182	17.196	4.776	70.56
4.283	0.181	17.294	4.828	70.95
4.825	0.181	17.392	4.881	71.35
5.418	0.180	17.492	4.934	71.75
6.070	0.179	17.592	4.988	72.16
6.796	0.178	17.694	5.043	72.56
7.612	0.178	17.797	5.099	72.98
8.542	0.177	17.900	5.156	73.39
9.623	0.176	18.005	5.213	73.81
10.907	0.176	18.111	5.272	74.24
12.489	0.175	18.217	5.331	74.67
14.540	0.174	18.325	5.392	75.10
17.447	0.174	18.434	5.453	75.54
22.455	0.173	18.544	5.516	75.98
55.000	0.173	18.558	5.524	76.04

-----  
 NODE 415.00 : HGL = < 234.740>; EGL = < 238.808>; FLOWLINE = < 234.550>

\*\*\*\*\*

430\_V.RES

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 415.00 TO NODE 415.00 IS CODE = 5  
 UPSTREAM NODE 415.00 ELEVATION = 234.88 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	2.10	18.00	20.00	234.88	0.55	23.290
DOWNSTREAM	2.10	18.00	-	234.55	0.55	16.185
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===					

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$DY = (Q2*V2 - Q1*V1*\cos(\Delta1) - Q3*V3*\cos(\Delta3) - Q4*V4*\cos(\Delta4)) / ((A1+A2)*16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$   
 UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.97050  
 DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.34285  
 AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.65667  
 JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET  
 FRICTION LOSSES = 2.627 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET  
 JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY + HV1 - HV2) + (ENTRANCE LOSSES)  
 JUNCTION LOSSES = (4.643) + (0.000) = 4.643

NODE 415.00 : HGL = < 235.028>; EGL = < 243.451>; FLOWLINE = < 234.880>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 415.00 TO NODE 410.00 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 410.00 ELEVATION = 259.36 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 2.10 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
 PIPE LENGTH = 25.23 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.15 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.55

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.55

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECI FIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	0.547	3.603	0.749	22.94
0.001	0.531	3.751	0.750	22.97
0.004	0.515	3.911	0.753	23.07
0.010	0.499	4.083	0.758	23.25
0.018	0.483	4.269	0.766	23.51
0.030	0.467	4.472	0.778	23.86
0.046	0.451	4.692	0.793	24.30
0.067	0.435	4.933	0.813	24.84
0.094	0.419	5.197	0.839	25.50
0.128	0.403	5.487	0.871	26.29
0.170	0.387	5.807	0.911	27.22
0.222	0.371	6.161	0.961	28.32
0.288	0.355	6.556	1.023	29.59
0.370	0.339	6.997	1.100	31.08
0.472	0.323	7.493	1.196	32.81
0.601	0.308	8.053	1.315	34.82
0.764	0.292	8.691	1.465	37.17
0.974	0.276	9.422	1.655	39.92
1.247	0.260	10.266	1.897	43.14
1.610	0.244	11.250	2.210	46.95
2.105	0.228	12.409	2.620	51.49
2.803	0.212	13.788	3.166	56.94

		430_V. RES		
3.844	0.196	15.452	3.906	63.58
5.544	0.180	17.492	4.934	71.75
8.931	0.164	20.037	6.402	82.00
25.230	0.148	23.283	8.571	95.12

-----  
 NODE 410.00 : HGL = < 259.907>; EGL= < 260.109>; FLOWLINE= < 259.360>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 410.00 TO NODE 410.00 IS CODE = 8  
 UPSTREAM NODE 410.00 ELEVATION = 259.36 (FLOW IS SUBCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE CATCH BASIN ENTRANCE LOSSES(LACFCD):  
 PIPE FLOW = 2.10 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
 FLOW VELOCITY = 3.60 FEET/SEC. VELOCITY HEAD = 0.202 FEET  
 CATCH BASIN ENERGY LOSS = .2\*(VELOCITY HEAD) = .2\*( 0.202) = 0.040

-----  
 NODE 410.00 : HGL = < 260.149>; EGL= < 260.149>; FLOWLINE= < 259.360>

\*\*\*\*\*

UPSTREAM PIPE FLOW CONTROL DATA:  
 NODE NUMBER = 410.00 FLOWLINE ELEVATION = 259.36  
 ASSUMED UPSTREAM CONTROL HGL = 259.91 FOR DOWNSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS

=====

END OF GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW ANALYSIS

♀

RIP RAP PAD AT NODE 525  
SYSTEM 5 MAPLE CAYON RESTORATION PHASE 1

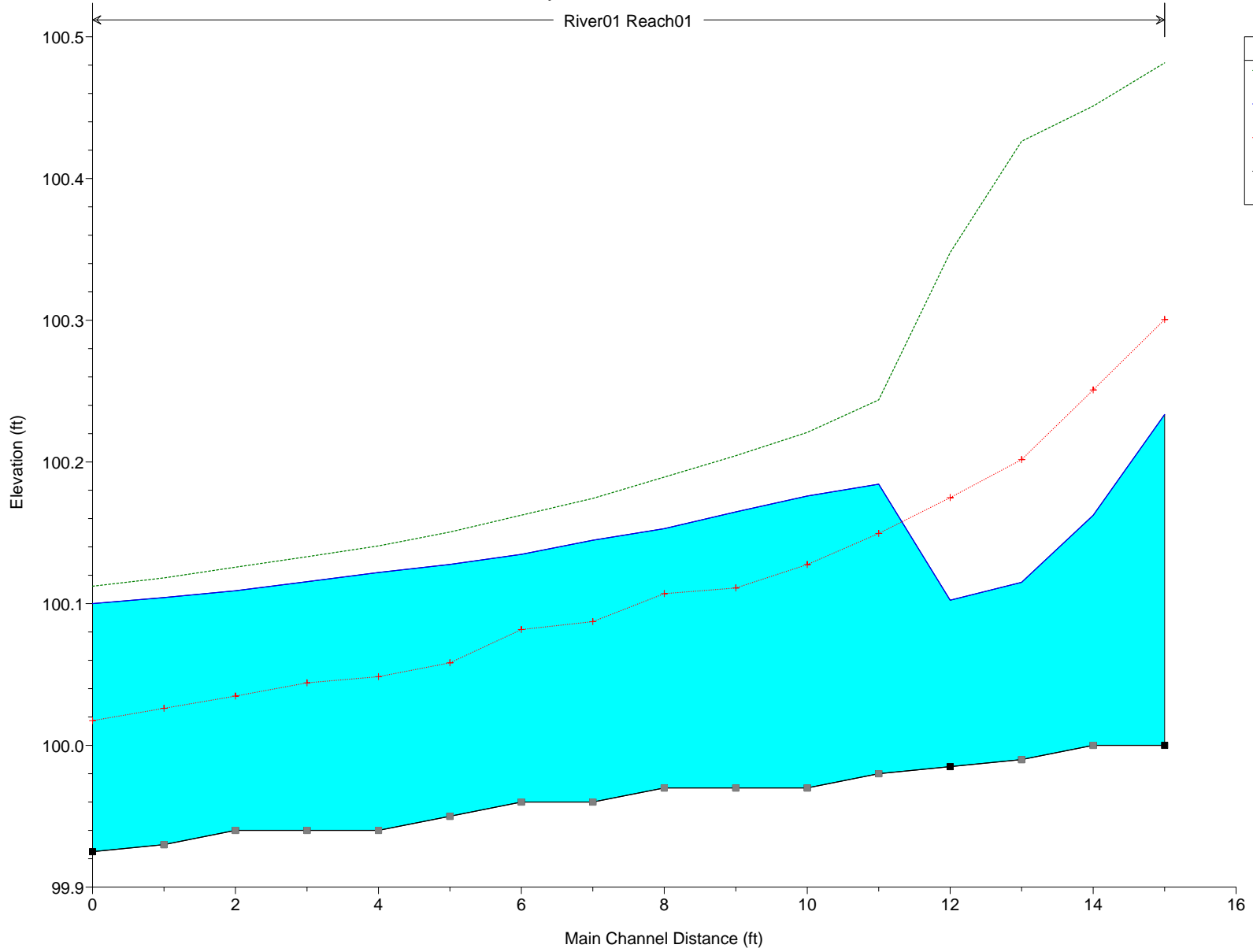
HEC-RAS Plan: 18-inch\_SDD104 River: River01 Reach: Reach01 Profile: PF 1

Reach	River Sta	Profile	Q Total (cfs)	Min Ch El (ft)	W.S. Elev (ft)	Crit W.S. (ft)	E.G. Elev (ft)	E.G. Slope (ft/ft)	Vel Chnl (ft/s)	Flow Area (sq ft)	Top Width (ft)	Froude # Chl
Reach01	100	PF 1	1.40	100.00	100.23	100.30	100.48	0.058179	4.00	0.35	4.40	1.46
Reach01	99.*	PF 1	1.40	100.00	100.16	100.25	100.45	0.016075	4.31	0.32	4.47	1.89
Reach01	98.*	PF 1	1.40	99.99	100.12	100.20	100.43	0.024520	4.48	0.31	4.75	2.23
Reach01	97	PF 1	1.40	99.99	100.10	100.17	100.35	0.170420	3.97	0.35	5.20	2.04
Reach01	96.*	PF 1	1.40	99.98	100.18	100.15	100.24	0.019766	1.96	0.71	6.19	0.76
Reach01	95.*	PF 1	1.40	99.97	100.18	100.13	100.22	0.014715	1.70	0.82	6.68	0.66
Reach01	94.*	PF 1	1.40	99.97	100.16	100.11	100.20	0.014016	1.60	0.88	7.09	0.64
Reach01	93.*	PF 1	1.40	99.97	100.15	100.11	100.19	0.013993	1.53	0.91	7.50	0.63
Reach01	92.*	PF 1	1.40	99.96	100.14	100.09	100.17	0.011180	1.38	1.02	7.98	0.56
Reach01	91.*	PF 1	1.40	99.96	100.13	100.08	100.16	0.011311	1.34	1.05	8.41	0.56
Reach01	90.*	PF 1	1.40	99.95	100.13	100.06	100.15	0.009122	1.21	1.15	8.91	0.51
Reach01	89.*	PF 1	1.40	99.94	100.12	100.05	100.14	0.007266	1.10	1.27	9.40	0.45
Reach01	88.*	PF 1	1.40	99.94	100.12	100.04	100.13	0.007134	1.06	1.32	9.85	0.45
Reach01	87.*	PF 1	1.40	99.94	100.11	100.03	100.13	0.007104	1.03	1.35	10.32	0.44
Reach01	86.*	PF 1	1.40	99.93	100.10	100.03	100.12	0.005687	0.94	1.48	10.81	0.40
Reach01	85	PF 1	1.40	99.93	100.10	100.02	100.11	0.005001	0.89	1.58	11.29	0.37

End of Wing Wall  
Start of No.2  
Backing  
Hydraulic Jump

End of No.2 Backing

River01 Reach01



Legend	
EG PF 1	(Green dashed line)
WS PF 1	(Blue solid line)
Crit PF 1	(Red dotted line with '+' markers)
Ground	(Black solid line with square markers)



\*\*\*\*\*

PIPE-FLOW HYDRAULICS COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE  
 (Reference: LACFCD, LACRD, AND OCEMA HYDRAULICS CRITERION)  
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 Ver. 21.0 Release Date: 06/01/2014 License ID 1261

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\*\*\*\*\* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY \*\*\*\*\*  
 \* J#18022-F MAPLE CANYON STORM RESTORATION PHASE 1 \*  
 \* SYSTEM 5 - MAINLINE RUN FROM NODES 525 TO 510 \*  
 \* TAILWATER ASSUMED TO BE FLOWLINE OF PIPE \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*

FILE NAME: 525\_V.PIP  
 TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 14:59 03/25/2019

\*\*\*\*\*

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW ANALYSIS FOR PIPE SYSTEM  
 NODAL POINT STATUS TABLE

(Note: "\*" indicates nodal point data used.)

NODE NUMBER	MODEL PROCESS	UPSTREAM RUN		DOWNSTREAM RUN	
		PRESSURE HEAD(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)	FLOW DEPTH(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
525.00-		0.44 Dc	13.68	0.38*	14.24
	} FRI CTI ON				
520.00-		0.44*Dc	13.68	0.44*Dc	13.68
	} JUNCTI ON				
520.00-		0.44 Dc	13.68	0.15*	42.25
	} FRI CTI ON				
515.00-		0.44 Dc	13.68	0.31*	16.37
	} JUNCTI ON				
515.00-		0.44 Dc	13.68	0.37*	14.32
	} FRI CTI ON				
510.00-		0.44*Dc	13.68	0.44*Dc	13.68
	} CATCH BASI N				
510.00-		0.63*	7.26	0.44 Dc	4.98

-----  
 MAXIMUM NUMBER OF ENERGY BALANCES USED IN EACH PROFILE = 25  
 -----

NOTE: STEADY FLOW HYDRAULIC HEAD-LOSS COMPUTATIONS BASED ON THE MOST CONSERVATIVE FORMULAE FROM THE CURRENT LACRD, LACFCD, AND OCEMA DESIGN MANUALS.

\*\*\*\*\*

DOWNSTREAM PIPE FLOW CONTROL DATA:

NODE NUMBER = 525.00 FLOWLINE ELEVATION = 213.03  
 PIPE FLOW = 1.40 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
 ASSUMED DOWNSTREAM CONTROL HGL = 213.030 FEET

\*NOTE: ASSUMED DOWNSTREAM CONTROL DEPTH( 0.00 FT.)  
 IS LESS THAN CRITICAL DEPTH( 0.44 FT.)

====> CRITICAL DEPTH IS ASSUMED AS DOWNSTREAM CONTROL DEPTH  
 FOR UPSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS

-----  
 NODE 525.00 : HGL = < 213.408>; EGL= < 213.657>; FLOWLINE= < 213.030>  
 -----

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 525.00 TO NODE 520.00 IS CODE = 1

UPSTREAM NODE 520.00 ELEVATION = 213.15 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 1.40 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
 PIPE LENGTH = 12.00 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.37 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.44

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.44

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DISTANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	0.442	3.217	0.603	13.68
0.014	0.439	3.246	0.603	13.68
0.044	0.436	3.276	0.603	13.68
0.092	0.433	3.307	0.603	13.69
0.159	0.431	3.338	0.604	13.70
0.247	0.428	3.369	0.604	13.71
0.359	0.425	3.401	0.605	13.72
0.497	0.422	3.434	0.605	13.73
0.664	0.419	3.467	0.606	13.75
0.864	0.416	3.501	0.607	13.77
1.100	0.413	3.535	0.607	13.79
1.379	0.410	3.570	0.608	13.82
1.706	0.407	3.605	0.609	13.84
2.089	0.405	3.642	0.611	13.87
2.538	0.402	3.678	0.612	13.90
3.066	0.399	3.716	0.613	13.93
3.690	0.396	3.754	0.615	13.97
4.431	0.393	3.793	0.616	14.01
5.322	0.390	3.832	0.618	14.05
6.410	0.387	3.873	0.620	14.09
7.765	0.384	3.914	0.622	14.14
9.510	0.381	3.955	0.625	14.19
11.869	0.379	3.998	0.627	14.24
12.000	0.378	4.000	0.627	14.24

NODE 520.00 : HGL = < 213.592>; EGL= < 213.753>; FLOWLINE= < 213.150>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 520.00 TO NODE 520.00 IS CODE = 5  
 UPSTREAM NODE 520.00 ELEVATION = 213.48 (FLOW IS SUBCRITICAL)  
 (NOTE: POSSIBLE JUMP IN OR UPSTREAM OF STRUCTURE)

CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	1.40	18.00	60.00	213.48	0.44	15.449
DOWNSTREAM	1.40	18.00	-	213.15	0.44	3.205
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===					

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$$DY = (Q2 \cdot V2 - Q1 \cdot V1 \cdot \cos(\Delta A1) - Q3 \cdot V3 \cdot \cos(\Delta A3) - Q4 \cdot V4 \cdot \cos(\Delta A4)) / ((A1 + A2) \cdot 16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$$

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.42521

DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00491

AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.21506

JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET

FRICTION LOSSES = 0.860 FEET

ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET

525\_V.RES

JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY+HV1-HV2)+(ENTRANCE LOSSES)  
 JUNCTION LOSSES = ( 3.582)+( 0.000) = 3.582

NODE 520.00 : HGL = < 213.628>; EGL= < 217.335>; FLOWLINE= < 213.480>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 520.00 TO NODE 515.00 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 515.00 ELEVATION = 261.27 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 1.40 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
 PIPE LENGTH = 100.75 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.14 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.44

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.31

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	0.312	5.250	0.741	16.37
0.046	0.306	5.416	0.761	16.71
0.097	0.299	5.590	0.785	17.08
0.154	0.292	5.775	0.810	17.47
0.219	0.286	5.971	0.839	17.90
0.292	0.279	6.178	0.872	18.37
0.374	0.272	6.398	0.908	18.87
0.467	0.265	6.632	0.949	19.42
0.572	0.259	6.881	0.994	20.01
0.691	0.252	7.147	1.046	20.65
0.827	0.245	7.431	1.103	21.34
0.982	0.239	7.735	1.168	22.08
1.160	0.232	8.060	1.241	22.89
1.366	0.225	8.411	1.324	23.77
1.604	0.218	8.788	1.418	24.73
1.883	0.212	9.195	1.526	25.77
2.213	0.205	9.636	1.648	26.90
2.606	0.198	10.114	1.788	28.14
3.083	0.192	10.634	1.949	29.50
3.670	0.185	11.201	2.134	30.98
4.412	0.178	11.822	2.350	32.62
5.382	0.172	12.505	2.601	34.42
6.718	0.165	13.257	2.895	36.42
8.728	0.158	14.089	3.242	38.63
12.410	0.151	15.014	3.654	41.10
100.750	0.148	15.444	3.855	42.25

NODE 515.00 : HGL = < 261.582>; EGL= < 262.011>; FLOWLINE= < 261.270>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 515.00 TO NODE 515.00 IS CODE = 5  
 UPSTREAM NODE 515.00 ELEVATION = 261.60 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	1.40	18.00	35.00	261.60	0.44	4.063
DOWNSTREAM	1.40	18.00	-	261.27	0.44	5.252
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000

0.00===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===

525\_V.RES

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$$DY = (Q2*V2 - Q1*V1*\cos(\Delta A1) - Q3*V3*\cos(\Delta A3) - Q4*V4*\cos(\Delta A4)) / ((A1+A2)*16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$$

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00954

DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.01967

AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.01460

JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET

FRICTION LOSSES = 0.058 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET

JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY+HV1-HV2)+(ENTRANCE LOSSES)

JUNCTION LOSSES = (0.220)+(0.000) = 0.220

NODE 515.00 : HGL = < 261.974>; EGL = < 262.231>; FLOWLINE = < 261.600>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 515.00 TO NODE 510.00 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 510.00 ELEVATION = 261.97 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 1.40 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES

PIPE LENGTH = 37.69 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.37 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.44

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.44

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECI FIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	0.443	3.204	0.603	13.68
0.008	0.440	3.233	0.603	13.68
0.031	0.438	3.263	0.603	13.68
0.072	0.435	3.293	0.603	13.69
0.132	0.432	3.324	0.604	13.69
0.213	0.429	3.355	0.604	13.70
0.317	0.426	3.386	0.604	13.71
0.447	0.423	3.418	0.605	13.73
0.606	0.420	3.451	0.605	13.74
0.797	0.418	3.484	0.606	13.76
1.025	0.415	3.518	0.607	13.78
1.294	0.412	3.552	0.608	13.80
1.610	0.409	3.587	0.609	13.83
1.983	0.406	3.623	0.610	13.85
2.420	0.403	3.659	0.611	13.88
2.936	0.400	3.696	0.613	13.92
3.545	0.397	3.733	0.614	13.95
4.271	0.395	3.772	0.616	13.99
5.145	0.392	3.810	0.617	14.03
6.213	0.389	3.850	0.619	14.07
7.546	0.386	3.890	0.621	14.11
9.263	0.383	3.931	0.623	14.16
11.587	0.380	3.973	0.625	14.21
15.021	0.377	4.016	0.628	14.26
21.174	0.374	4.060	0.631	14.32
37.690	0.374	4.062	0.631	14.32

NODE 510.00 : HGL = < 262.413>; EGL = < 262.573>; FLOWLINE = < 261.970>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 510.00 TO NODE 510.00 IS CODE = 8  
 UPSTREAM NODE 510.00 ELEVATION = 261.97 (FLOW IS SUBCRITICAL)

CALCULATE CATCH BASIN ENTRANCE LOSSES(LACFCD):

525\_V.RES  
PIPE FLOW = 1.40 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
FLOW VELOCITY = 3.20 FEET/SEC. VELOCITY HEAD = 0.159 FEET  
CATCH BASIN ENERGY LOSS = .2\*(VELOCITY HEAD) = .2\*( 0.159) = 0.032

-----  
NODE 510.00 : HGL = < 262.605>; EGL= < 262.605>; FLOWLINE= < 261.970>

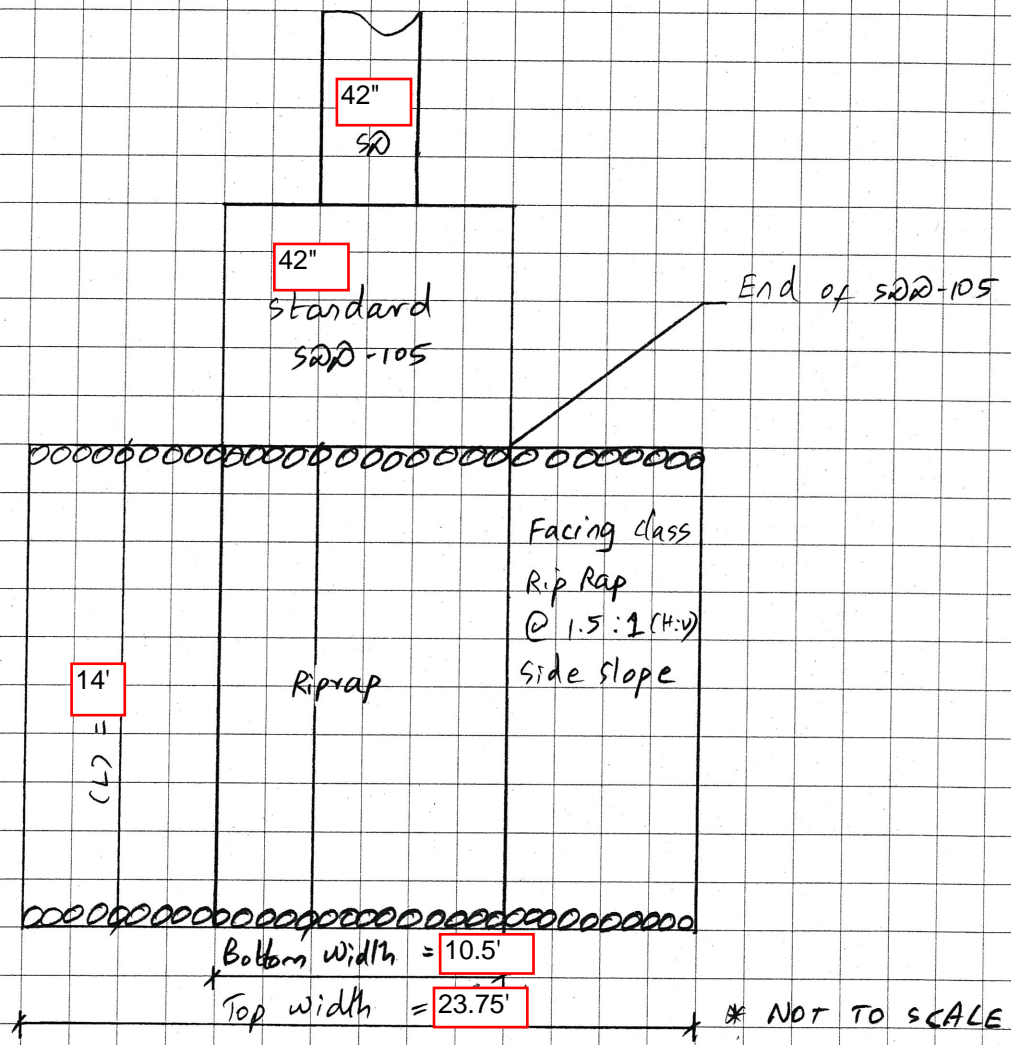
\*\*\*\*\*

UPSTREAM PIPE FLOW CONTROL DATA:  
NODE NUMBER = 510.00 FLOWLINE ELEVATION = 261.97  
ASSUMED UPSTREAM CONTROL HGL = 262.41 FOR DOWNSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS

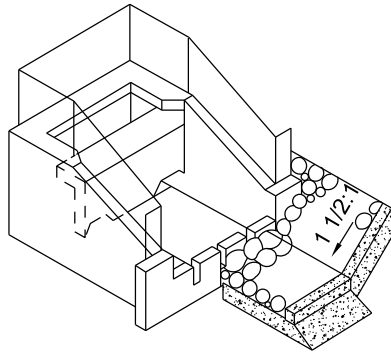
=====  
END OF GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW ANALYSIS

♀

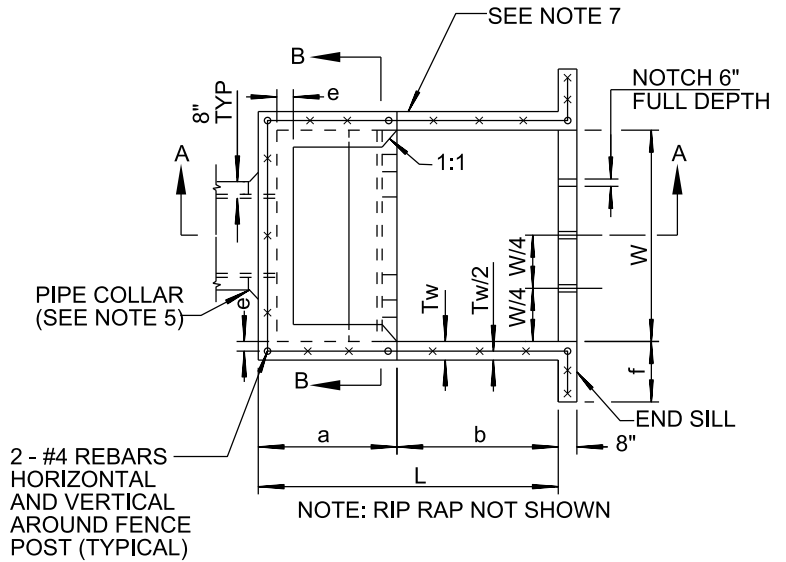
Energy Dissipater @ Node 695 System 6



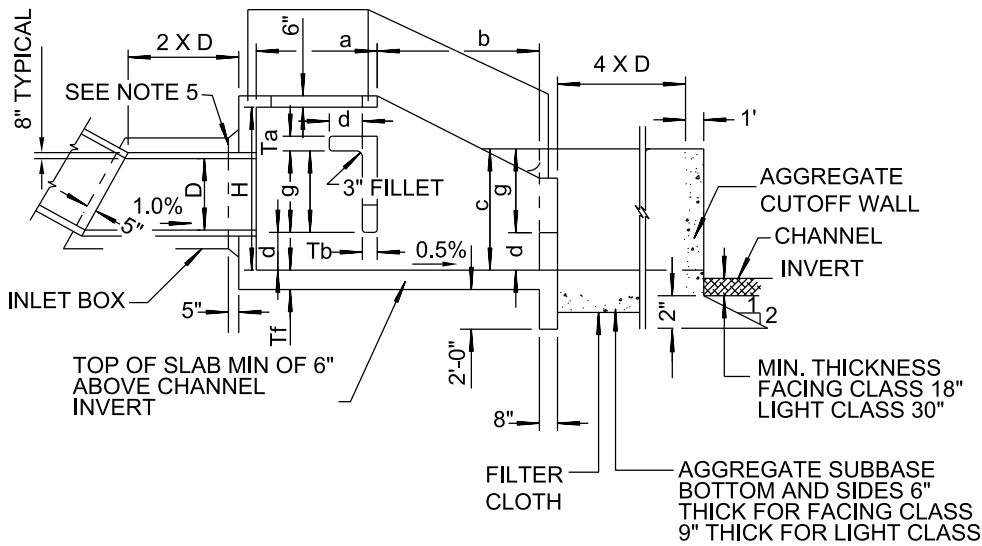
∴ Install Facing class 23.75' (w) x 14' (L) x 14' (T) with filter blanket material per geotechnical engineer's recommendation.



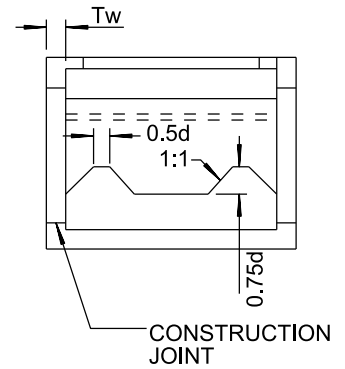
**PICTORIAL VIEW**



**PLAN**



**SECTION A-A**



**SECTION B-B**

**NOTES**

SEE TABLE ON SHEET 2 FOR DIMENSIONS, SEE NOTES ON SHEET 2.

SHEET 1 OF 2

REVISION	BY	APPROVED	DATE
ORIGINAL*	KA	J. NAGELVOORT	01/12
UPDATED	BD	J. NAGELVOORT	08/15
UPDATED	AB	J. NAGELVOORT	02/16
REDRAFTED	CD	J. NAGELVOORT	09/18

CITY OF SAN DIEGO – STANDARD DRAWING

**CONCRETE ENERGY DISSIPATOR**

RECOMMENDED BY THE CITY OF SAN DIEGO STANDARDS COMMITTEE

*Chung* 9/10/18  
COORDINATOR R.C.E. 56523 DATE

DRAWING NUMBER **SDD-105**

**CONCRETE ENERGY DISSIPATOR DIMENSIONS**

Pipe Dia, Inch (D)	18	24	30	36	42	48	54	60	72	
Area (sq ft)	1.77	3.14	4.91	7.07	9.62	12.57	15.90	19.63	28.27	
Max Q (cfs)	21	38	59	85	115	151	191	236	339	
W	5'-6"	6'-9"	8'-0"	9'-3"	10'-6"	11'-9"	13'-0"	14'-3"	16'-6"	
H	4'-3"	5'-3"	6'-3"	7'-3"	8'-0"	9'-0"	9'-9"	10'-9"	12'-3"	
L	7'-4"	9'-0"	10'-8"	12'-4"	14'-0"	15'-8"	17'-4"	19'-0"	22'-0"	
a	3'-3"	3'-11"	4'-7"	5'-3"	6'-0"	6'-9"	7'-4"	8'-0"	9'-3"	
b	4'-1"	5'-1"	6'-1"	7'-1"	8'-0"	8'-11"	10'-0"	11'-0"	12'-9"	
c	2'-4"	2'-10"	3'-4"	3'-10"	4'-5"	4'-11"	5'-5"	5'-11"	6'-11"	
d	0'-11"	1'-2"	1'-4"	1'-7"	1'-9"	2'-0"	2'-2"	2'-5"	2'-9"	
e	0'-6"	0'-6"	0'-8"	0'-8"	0'-10"	0'-10"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-3"	
f	1'-6"	2'-0"	2'-6"	3'-0"	3'-0"	3'-0"	3'-0"	3'-0"	3'-0"	
g	2'-1"	2'-6"	3'-0"	3'-6"	3'-11"	4'-5"	4'-11"	5'-4"	6'-2"	
Tf		8"		10"		12"				
Tb		7"		9 1/2"		10 1/2"				
Tw		7"		9 1/2"		10 1/2"				
Ta		7"		8"						

**NOTES**

- DESIGN EQUIVALENT FLUID PRESSURE (EARTH LOADING) = 60 pcf MAXIMUM OUTLET VELOCITY = 35 ft / s
- CONCRETE SHALL BE 560-C-3250
- REINFORCING SHALL CONFORM TO ASTM DESIGNATION A615 AND MAY BE GRADE 40 OR 60. REINFORCING SHALL BE PLACED WITH 2" CLEAR CONCRETE COVER UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE. SPLICES SHALL NOT BE PERMITTED EXCEPT AS INDICATED ON THE PLANS.
- FOR PIPE GRADES NOT EXCEEDING 20%, INLET BOX MAY BE OMITTED.
- IF INLET BOX IS OMITTED, CONSTRUCT PIPE COLLAR AS SHOWN.
- UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE, ALL REINFORCING BAR BENDS SHALL BE FABRICATED WITH STANDARD HOOKS. FOR STRUCTURAL DETAILS, **SEE D-42** FOR PIPELINE SIZES FROM 18" TO 30" AND **SEE D-43** FOR PIPELINE SIZES FROM 36" TO 72".
- 5' HIGH CHAIN LINK FENCING, EMBED POST 18" DEEP IN WALLS AND ENCASE WITH CLASS B MORTAR.
- IN SANDY AND SILTY SOIL:
  - RIP RAP AND AGGREGATE BASE CUTOFF WALL REQUIRED AT THE END OF ROCK APRON.
  - FILTER CLOTH (POLYFILTER X OR EQUIVALENT) SHALL BE INSTALLED ON NATIVE SOIL BASE, MINIMUM OF 1' OVERLAPS AT JOINTS
- RIP RAP AND SUBBASE CLASSIFICATION SHALL BE **AS SHOWN ON PLANS**.
- FOR RIP RAP SELECTION SEE TABLE 200-1.7 OF THE WHITEBOOK.

SHEET 2 OF 2

REVISION	BY	APPROVED	DATE	CITY OF SAN DIEGO – STANDARD DRAWING  <b>CONCRETE ENERGY DISSIPATOR</b>	RECOMMENDED BY THE CITY OF SAN DIEGO STANDARDS COMMITTEE   9/10/18 COORDINATOR R.C.E. 56523 DATE
ORIGINAL*	KA	J. NAGELVOORT	01/12		
UPDATED	BD	J. NAGELVOORT	08/15		
UPDATED	AB	J. NAGELVOORT	02/16		
REDRAFTED	CD	J. NAGELVOORT	09/18		
					DRAWING NUMBER <b>SDD-105</b>



### SDD-105 Rip-Rap Sizing

**Outfall Location:** 695

**Proposed pipe size:** 42 inches

#### STEP 1

**Velocity off of proposed pipe:** 36.8 feet/second

From AES Pipeflow output for SITE 1 storm drain system.

Please refer to Appendix D - Node 695

Therefore, Design Velocity: 36.8 ft/sec.

**Design Velocity exceeds 35 ft/sec**

#### STEP 2

Max Discharge from storm drain pipe, 115 cfs From SDD-105 Standard Detail

Design Discharge,  $Q_{\text{design}}$  54.7 cfs From AES Pipeflow Run

**OK Design Discharge < Max Discharge**

Therefore, assuming the flow off of SDD-105 is subcritical and weirs on to the rip-rap

#### STEP 3

Weir Equation  $Q = CLH^{3/2}$

$Q_{\text{design}}$  54.7 cfs

C 3

L 14 feet From SDD-105 standard detail

Solving for H, depth of weir flow

H depth of weir flow 1.19 feet

Area, A = Length \* Height 16.7 square-feet

Velocity, V 3.3 feet/second

**OK Velocity < 5 ft/sec. Hence, non-erosive**

#### STEP 4

Check for depth of weir flow,  $H < d + (g/2)$

From SDD-105 standard detail

d 1.8 feet

g 3.9 feet

$d + (g/2)$  3.7 feet

**Depth of weir flow off of SDD-105 is less than  $d + (g/2)$**

Since,  $V = 3.3 \text{ feet/sec}$  (< 5 feet/sec), install Facing class riprap, based on Table 200-1.7 off the Whitebook.

Please refer to the end of this Appendix for rip-rap details.

\*\*\*\*\*

PIPE-FLOW HYDRAULICS COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE  
 (Reference: LACFCD, LACRD, AND OCEMA HYDRAULICS CRITERION)  
 (c) Copyright 1982-2014 Advanced Engineering Software (aes)  
 Ver. 21.0 Release Date: 06/01/2014 License ID 1261

Analysis prepared by:

RI CK ENGINEERING COMPANY  
 5620 Friars Road  
 San Diego, California 92110  
 619-291-0707 Fax 619-291-4165

\*\*\*\*\* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY \*\*\*\*\*

- \* J#18022-F MAPLE CANYON RESTORATION PHASE 1 \*
- \* SYSTEM 6 - VELOCITY RUN FROM NODES 695 TO 665 \*
- \* TAILWATER ASSUMED TO BE FLOWLINE OF PIPE \*

FILE NAME: 695\_V.PIP  
 TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 11:03 04/02/2019

\*\*\*\*\*

GRADUALLY VARI ED FLOW ANALYSIS FOR PIPE SYSTEM  
 NODAL POINT STATUS TABLE

(Note: "\*" indicates nodal point data used.)

NODE NUMBER	MODEL PROCESS	UPSTREAM RUN		DOWNSTREAM RUN	
		PRESSURE HEAD(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)	FLOW DEPTH(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
695.00-	} FRI CTI ON	2.31 Dc	1285.72	0.78*	3628.24
690.00-		2.31 Dc	1285.72	0.74*	3933.09
690.00-	} JUNCTI ON	2.32 Dc	1285.72	0.72*	4106.40
685.00-		2.31*Dc	1285.72	2.31*Dc	1285.72
685.00-	} JUNCTI ON	3.11*	1139.11	1.74	910.27
680.00-		2.73*	991.82	2.05 Dc	877.18
680.00-	} JUNCTI ON	3.44*	1249.45	1.67	870.12
675.00-		2.92*	1021.30	2.00 Dc	829.90
675.00-	} FRI CTI ON	3.56*	978.26	1.06	274.77
665.00-		3.33*	874.31	1.26 Dc	262.39
665.00-	} CATCH BASI N	3.42*	847.28	1.26 Dc	93.64

-----  
 MAXIMUM NUMBER OF ENERGY BALANCES USED IN EACH PROFILE = 25  
 -----

NOTE: STEADY FLOW HYDRAULIC HEAD-LOSS COMPUTATIONS BASED ON THE MOST  
 CONSERVATIVE FORMULAE FROM THE CURRENT LACRD, LACFCD, AND OCEMA  
 DESIGN MANUALS.

\*\*\*\*\*

DOWNSTREAM PIPE FLOW CONTROL DATA:

NODE NUMBER = 695.00 FLOWLINE ELEVATI ON = 224.31  
 PIPE FLOW = 54.70 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 42.00 INCHES

ASSUMED DOWNSTREAM CONTROL HGL = 224.310 FEET  
 \*NOTE: ASSUMED DOWNSTREAM CONTROL DEPTH( 0.00 FT.)

695\_V.RES

IS LESS THAN CRITICAL DEPTH( 2.31 FT.)  
====> CRITICAL DEPTH IS ASSUMED AS DOWNSTREAM CONTROL DEPTH  
FOR UPSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS

-----  
NODE 695.00 : HGL = < 225.095>; EGL= < 242.964>; FLOWLINE= < 224.310>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 695.00 TO NODE 690.00 IS CODE = 1  
UPSTREAM NODE 690.00 ELEVATION = 224.43 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

-----  
CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):  
PIPE FLOW = 54.70 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 42.00 INCHES  
PIPE LENGTH = 12.00 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

-----  
NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 1.84 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 2.31

=====

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.74

-----  
GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	0.741	36.828	21.814	3933.09
11.941	0.785	33.926	18.668	3629.61
12.000	0.785	33.913	18.654	3628.24

-----  
NODE 690.00 : HGL = < 225.171>; EGL= < 246.244>; FLOWLINE= < 224.430>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 690.00 TO NODE 690.00 IS CODE = 5  
UPSTREAM NODE 690.00 ELEVATION = 224.76 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

-----  
CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	54.70	42.00	0.00	224.76	2.31	38.494
DOWNSTREAM	54.70	42.00	-	224.43	2.31	36.839
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$DY = (Q2 \cdot V2 - Q1 \cdot V1 \cdot \cos(\Delta A1) - Q3 \cdot V3 \cdot \cos(\Delta A3) -$

$Q4 \cdot V4 \cdot \cos(\Delta A4)) / ((A1 + A2) \cdot 16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.34747

DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.30688

AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.32718

JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET

FRICTION LOSSES = 1.309 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET

JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY + HV1 - HV2) + (ENTRANCE LOSSES)

JUNCTION LOSSES = (2.243) + (0.000) = 2.243

-----  
NODE 690.00 : HGL = < 225.478>; EGL= < 248.487>; FLOWLINE= < 224.760>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 690.00 TO NODE 685.00 IS CODE = 1  
UPSTREAM NODE 685.00 ELEVATION = 264.86 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

-----  
CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):  
PIPE FLOW = 54.70 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 42.00 INCHES  
PIPE LENGTH = 77.80 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

-----  
NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.65 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 2.31

=====

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 2.31

=====

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECI FIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	2.315	8.099	3.334	1285.72
0.008	2.248	8.374	3.338	1287.32
0.032	2.182	8.672	3.350	1292.28
0.076	2.115	8.995	3.372	1300.86
0.142	2.049	9.347	3.406	1313.37
0.234	1.982	9.729	3.453	1330.14
0.357	1.916	10.147	3.515	1351.57
0.517	1.849	10.604	3.596	1378.11
0.720	1.783	11.105	3.698	1410.31
0.975	1.716	11.656	3.827	1448.78
1.292	1.649	12.264	3.986	1494.27
1.687	1.583	12.937	4.184	1547.66
2.176	1.516	13.686	4.427	1610.00
2.783	1.450	14.522	4.727	1682.57
3.539	1.383	15.461	5.097	1766.92
4.485	1.317	16.519	5.557	1864.95
5.680	1.250	17.721	6.129	1979.05
7.204	1.184	19.093	6.848	2112.18
9.176	1.117	20.671	7.756	2268.13
11.777	1.051	22.502	8.918	2451.78
15.296	0.984	24.647	10.423	2669.51
20.232	0.918	27.184	12.400	2929.82
27.537	0.851	30.225	15.045	3244.26
39.384	0.785	33.918	18.660	3628.83
62.808	0.718	38.482	23.727	4106.40
77.800	0.718	38.482	23.727	4106.40

-----

NODE 685.00 : HGL = < 267.175>; EGL= < 268.194>; FLOWLINE= < 264.860>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 685.00 TO NODE 685.00 IS CODE = 5  
 UPSTREAM NODE 685.00 ELEVATION = 265.36 (FLOW UNSEALS IN REACH)

-----

CALCULATE JUNCTI ON LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRI TI CAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCI TY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	39.50	36.00	19.65	265.36	2.05	5.588
DOWNSTREAM	54.70	42.00	-	264.86	2.31	8.101
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	15.20===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===					

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTI ON FORMULAE USED:

$$DY = (Q2 \cdot V2 - Q1 \cdot V1 \cdot \cos(\Delta 1) - Q3 \cdot V3 \cdot \cos(\Delta 3) - Q4 \cdot V4 \cdot \cos(\Delta 4)) / ((A1 + A2) \cdot 16.1) + \text{FRI CTI ON LOSSES}$$

UPSTREAM: MANNI NG' S N = 0.01300; FRI CTI ON SLOPE = 0.00351

DOWNSTREAM: MANNI NG' S N = 0.01300; FRI CTI ON SLOPE = 0.00492

AVERAGED FRI CTI ON SLOPE I N JUNCTI ON ASSUMED AS 0.00421

JUNCTI ON LENGTH = 4.00 FEET

FRI CTI ON LOSSES = 0.017 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.204 FEET

JUNCTI ON LOSSES = (DY + HV1 - HV2) + (ENTRANCE LOSSES)

JUNCTI ON LOSSES = (0.560) + (0.204) = 0.764

-----

NODE 685.00 : HGL = < 268.473>; EGL= < 268.958>; FLOWLINE= < 265.360>

\*\*\*\*\*

695\_V.RES

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 685.00 TO NODE 680.00 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 680.00 ELEVATION = 265.86 (FLOW SEALS IN REACH)

-----  
 CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 39.50 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 36.00 INCHES  
 PIPE LENGTH = 49.95 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

-----  
 DOWNSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED PRESSURE HEAD(FT) = 3.11  
 -----

PRESSURE FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	PRESSURE HEAD(FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECI FIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	3.113	5.588	3.598	1139.11
17.340	3.000	5.588	3.485	1089.37

-----  
 NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 1.66 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 2.05  
 -----

ASSUMED DOWNSTREAM PRESSURE HEAD(FT) = 3.00  
 -----

GRADUALLY VARI ED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECI FIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
17.340	3.000	5.586	3.485	1089.37
22.698	2.962	5.600	3.449	1073.59
27.630	2.924	5.625	3.415	1058.74
32.321	2.886	5.657	3.383	1044.54
36.827	2.847	5.696	3.351	1030.92
41.176	2.809	5.740	3.321	1017.84
45.385	2.771	5.789	3.292	1005.29
49.466	2.733	5.843	3.263	993.25
49.950	2.728	5.850	3.260	991.82

-----  
 NODE 680.00 : HGL = < 268.588>; EGL= < 269.120>; FLOWLINE= < 265.860>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 680.00 TO NODE 680.00 IS CODE = 5  
 UPSTREAM NODE 680.00 ELEVATION = 266.19 (FLOW UNSEALS IN REACH)

-----  
 CALCULATE JUNCTI ON LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITI CAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCIT Y (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	37.90	36.00	82.70	266.19	2.00	5.362
DOWNSTREAM	39.50	36.00	-	265.86	2.05	5.851
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	1.60===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===					

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTI ON FORMULAE USED:

$$DY = (Q2 \cdot V2 - Q1 \cdot V1 \cdot \cos(\Delta 1) - Q3 \cdot V3 \cdot \cos(\Delta 3) - Q4 \cdot V4 \cdot \cos(\Delta 4)) / ((A1 + A2) \cdot 16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$$

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRI CTI ON SLOPE = 0.00323

DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRI CTI ON SLOPE = 0.00306

AVERAGED FRI CTI ON SLOPE IN JUNCTI ON ASSUMED AS 0.00315

JUNCTI ON LENGTH = 4.00 FEET

FRI CTI ON LOSSES = 0.013 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.106 FEET

JUNCTI ON LOSSES = (DY + HV1 - HV2) + (ENTRANCE LOSSES)

JUNCTI ON LOSSES = (0.850) + (0.106) = 0.956

-----  
 NODE 680.00 : HGL = < 269.630>; EGL= < 270.076>; FLOWLINE= < 266.190>

\*\*\*\*\*

695\_V. RES

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 680.00 TO NODE 675.00 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 675.00 ELEVATION = 266.95 (FLOW SEALS IN REACH)

-----  
 CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 37.90 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 36.00 INCHES  
 PIPE LENGTH = 76.00 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

-----  
 DOWNSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED PRESSURE HEAD(FT) = 3.44  
 -----

PRESSURE FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	PRESSURE HEAD(FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	3.440	5.362	3.886	1249.45
64.967	3.000	5.362	3.446	1055.42

-----  
 NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 1.62 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 2.00  
 -----

ASSUMED DOWNSTREAM PRESSURE HEAD(FT) = 3.00  
 -----

GRADUALLY VARI ED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
64.967	3.000	5.360	3.446	1055.42
70.380	2.960	5.374	3.409	1038.87
75.392	2.920	5.400	3.373	1023.24
76.000	2.915	5.403	3.369	1021.30

-----  
 NODE 675.00 : HGL = < 269.865>; EGL= < 270.319>; FLOWLINE= < 266.950>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 675.00 TO NODE 675.00 IS CODE = 5  
 UPSTREAM NODE 675.00 ELEVATION = 267.28 (FLOW UNSEALS IN REACH)

-----  
 CALCULATE JUNCTI ON LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	15.70	36.00	81.90	267.28	1.26	2.221
DOWNSTREAM	37.90	36.00	-	266.95	2.00	5.405
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	22.20	==Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT==				

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTI ON FORMULAE USED:

$DY = (Q2 \cdot V2 - Q1 \cdot V1 \cdot \cos(\Delta A1) - Q3 \cdot V3 \cdot \cos(\Delta A3) - Q4 \cdot V4 \cdot \cos(\Delta A4)) / ((A1 + A2) \cdot 16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$   
 UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00055  
 DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00285  
 AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTI ON ASSUMED AS 0.00170  
 JUNCTI ON LENGTH = 4.00 FEET  
 FRICTION LOSSES = 0.007 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.091 FEET  
 JUNCTI ON LOSSES = (DY + HV1 - HV2) + (ENTRANCE LOSSES)  
 JUNCTI ON LOSSES = (0.512) + (0.091) = 0.602

-----  
 NODE 675.00 : HGL = < 270.845>; EGL= < 270.921>; FLOWLINE= < 267.280>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 675.00 TO NODE 665.00 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 665.00 ELEVATION = 267.53 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

-----  
 CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 15.70 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 36.00 INCHES

695\_V.RES  
 PIPE LENGTH = 25.85 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300  
 $SF = (Q/K)^{**2} = ((15.70)/(666.509))^{**2} = 0.00055$   
 $HF = L * SF = (25.85) * (0.00055) = 0.014$

-----  
 NODE 665.00 : HGL = < 270.859>; EGL = < 270.936>; FLOWLINE = < 267.530>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 665.00 TO NODE 665.00 IS CODE = 8  
 UPSTREAM NODE 665.00 ELEVATION = 267.53 (FLOW IS UNDER PRESSURE)

-----  
 CALCULATE CATCH BASIN ENTRANCE LOSSES(LACFCD):  
 PIPE FLOW = 15.70 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 36.00 INCHES  
 FLOW VELOCITY = 2.22 FEET/SEC. VELOCITY HEAD = 0.077 FEET  
 CATCH BASIN ENERGY LOSS = .2\*(VELOCITY HEAD) = .2\*(0.077) = 0.015

-----  
 NODE 665.00 : HGL = < 270.951>; EGL = < 270.951>; FLOWLINE = < 267.530>

\*\*\*\*\*

UPSTREAM PIPE FLOW CONTROL DATA:  
 NODE NUMBER = 665.00 FLOWLINE ELEVATION = 267.53  
 ASSUMED UPSTREAM CONTROL HGL = 268.79 FOR DOWNSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS

-----  
 END OF GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW ANALYSIS

†

**RIP RAP PAD AT NODE 755**  
**SYSTEM 7 MAPLE CAYON RESTORATION PHASE 1**

HEC-RAS Plan: 18-inch\_SDD104 River: River01 Reach: Reach01 Profile: PF 1

Reach	River Sta	Profile	Q Total (cfs)	Min Ch El (ft)	W.S. Elev (ft)	Crit W.S. (ft)	E.G. Elev (ft)	E.G. Slope (ft/ft)	Vel Chnl (ft/s)	Flow Area (sq ft)	Top Width (ft)	Froude # Chl
Reach01	100	PF 1	5.70	100.00	100.17	100.76	107.93	2.777926	22.35	0.25	4.02	9.55
Reach01	99.*	PF 1	5.70	100.00	100.14	100.63	106.64	0.444287	20.47	0.28	4.34	9.67
Reach01	98.*	PF 1	5.70	99.99	100.11	100.54	105.98	0.504799	19.45	0.29	4.70	10.01
Reach01	97	PF 1	5.70	99.99	100.10	100.47	104.39	4.359633	16.61	0.34	5.19	8.66
Reach01	96.*	PF 1	5.70	99.98	100.14	100.42	101.73	1.021041	10.11	0.56	6.16	4.44
Reach01	95.*	PF 1	5.70	99.97	100.18	100.37	100.92	0.347085	6.93	0.82	7.10	2.69
Reach01	94.*	PF 1	5.70	99.97	100.22	100.34	100.61	0.136956	5.00	1.14	7.98	1.75
Reach01	93.*	PF 1	5.70	99.96	100.41	100.30	100.51	0.016583	2.55	2.24	9.39	0.67
Reach01	92.*	PF 1	5.70	99.96	100.40	100.28	100.49	0.014393	2.35	2.43	9.91	0.62
Reach01	91.*	PF 1	5.70	99.95	100.40	100.26	100.47	0.011511	2.12	2.69	10.50	0.56
Reach01	90	PF 1	5.70	99.95	100.39		100.45	0.010204	1.98	2.88	11.03	0.52
Reach01	89.*	PF 1	5.70	99.94	100.39	100.21	100.44	0.008368	1.81	3.15	11.05	0.48
Reach01	88.*	PF 1	5.70	99.94	100.39	100.20	100.43	0.007525	1.71	3.34	11.04	0.45
Reach01	87.*	PF 1	5.70	99.93	100.38	100.18	100.42	0.006278	1.58	3.62	11.05	0.41
Reach01	86.*	PF 1	5.70	99.93	100.38	100.17	100.41	0.005705	1.49	3.81	11.05	0.39
Reach01	85	PF 1	5.70	99.93	100.38	100.15	100.41	0.005003	1.40	4.06	11.05	0.37

End of Wing Wall  
Start of 1/4 Ton

Hydraulic Jump

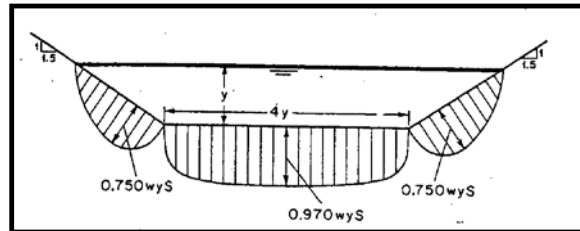
End of 1/4 Ton

Decimal Slope of EGL =  $(107.93-104.39)/3 = 1.2 \text{ ft/ft}$   
 (Used for tractive force calculations)



Cross Section Number: **X-sec 97 - D40 HEC-RAS**

Flow Depth: **0.11** feet (including S.Elev)  
 Flow Velocity: **16.61** fps  
 bottom width: **4.5** feet  
 z: **3** :1  
 $S_{EGL} = 1.18$  Decimal Slope of EGL



**Required Riprap Size from Greenbook: No. 3 Backing -  $D_{50} = 0.4$  feet (or larger)**

### Tractive Force Calculations

#### Channel Bottom:

$b/y = 40.909$   
 $X_{\text{bottom}} = 1$  from figure 1

$T_{\text{bottom}} = X_{\text{bottom}} (Y_W) D S_{EGL}$

**$T_{\text{bottom}} = 8.0995 \text{ lb/ft}^3$**

$T_{\text{permissible}} = 0.04 (Y_S - Y_W) D_{50}$

$T_{\text{permissible}} = 0.04 (165 - 62.4 \text{ lb/ft}^3) D_{50}$

$T_{\text{bottom}} = T_{\text{permissible}} = 4.1 D_{50}$

**$D_{50} = 1.975 \text{ feet}$**

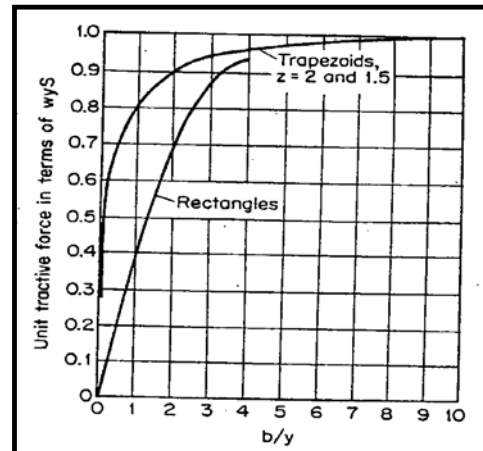


Figure 1: On bottom of Channels

#### Channel Sides:

$b/y = 40.909$   
 $X_{\text{side}} = 0.78$  from figure 2

$T_{\text{side}} = X_{\text{side}} (Y_W) D S_{EGL}$

**$T_{\text{side}} = 6.3176 \text{ lb/ft}^3$**

$T_{\text{perm-side}} = T_{\text{side}} [(1 - (\sin^2 \Phi / \sin^2 \theta))^{0.5}] = 4.1 D_{50}$

$\Phi = 18.43$  degrees  
 $\theta = 40$  degrees (angle of repose of rock)

**$T_{\text{perm-side}} = 7.2565 \text{ lb/ft}^3$**

$T_{\text{side}} = T_{\text{perm-side}} = 4.1 D_{50}$

**$D_{50} = 1.770 \text{ feet}$**

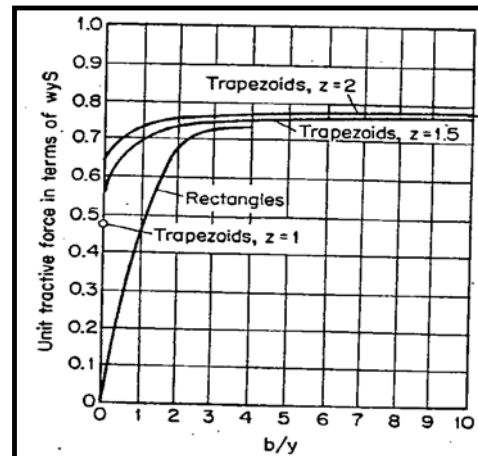


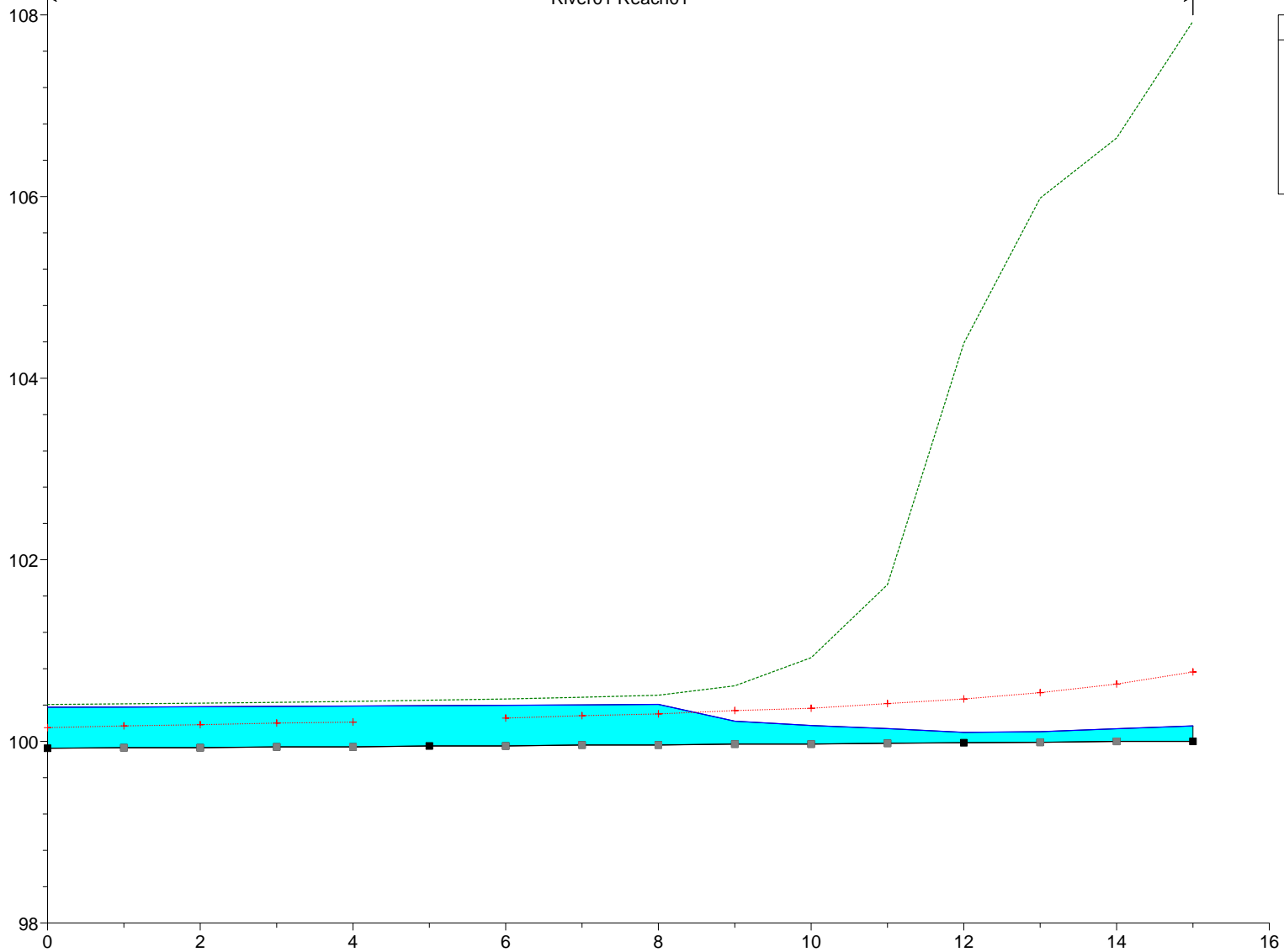
Figure 2: On sides of Channels

#### Design Specifications:

Required Rock Size: **1/4 Ton -  $D_{50} = 1.8$  feet (or larger)**  
 Minimum Rock Thickness: **0.6 Feet (or  $1.5 \times D_{50}$ )**  
 Filter Material: **Per Geotechnical Engineers Specifications**

River01 Reach01

Elevation (ft)



Legend	
EG PF 1	Green dotted line
WS PF 1	Blue solid line
Crit PF 1	Red dotted line with '+' markers
Ground	Black solid line with square markers

\*\*\*\*\*

PIPE-FLOW HYDRAULICS COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE  
 (Reference: LACFCD, LACRD, AND OCEMA HYDRAULICS CRITERION)  
 (c) Copyright 1982-2014 Advanced Engineering Software (aes)  
 Ver. 21.0 Release Date: 06/01/2014 License ID 1261

Analysis prepared by:

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\*\*\*\*\* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY \*\*\*\*\*

- \* J#18022-F MAPLE CANYON RESTORATION - PHASE 1 \*
  - \* VELOCITY RUN FOR MAINLINE FROM NODES 755 TO 710 \*
  - \* TAILWATER ASSUMED TO BE THE FLOWLINE OF PIPE \*
- \*\*\*\*\*

FILE NAME: 755\_V.PIP  
 TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 20:14 03/25/2019

\*\*\*\*\*

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW ANALYSIS FOR PIPE SYSTEM  
 NODAL POINT STATUS TABLE

(Note: "\*" indicates nodal point data used.)

NODE NUMBER	MODEL PROCESS	UPSTREAM RUN		DOWNSTREAM RUN	
		PRESSURE HEAD(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)	FLOW DEPTH(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
755.00-		0.92 Dc	83.68	0.42*	158.25
	} FRI CTI ON				
750.00-		0.92 Dc	83.68	0.30*	248.21
	} JUNCTI ON				
750.00-		0.92 Dc	83.68	0.27*	287.40
	} FRI CTI ON				
745.00-		0.92 Dc	83.68	0.59*	107.64
	} JUNCTI ON				
745.00-		1.09	78.43	0.45*	119.54
	} FRI CTI ON				
730.00-		0.87 Dc	72.26	0.83*	72.52
	} JUNCTI ON				
730.00-		0.78 Dc	54.33	0.67*	56.15
	} FRI CTI ON				
710.00-		0.78*Dc	54.33	0.78*Dc	54.33
	} CATCH BASI N				
710.00-		1.14*	29.55	0.78 Dc	18.98

-----  
 MAXIMUM NUMBER OF ENERGY BALANCES USED IN EACH PROFILE = 25  
 -----

NOTE: STEADY FLOW HYDRAULIC HEAD-LOSS COMPUTATIONS BASED ON THE MOST CONSERVATIVE FORMULAE FROM THE CURRENT LACRD, LACFCD, AND OCEMA DESIGN MANUALS.

\*\*\*\*\*

DOWNSTREAM PIPE FLOW CONTROL DATA:

NODE NUMBER = 755.00 FLOWLINE ELEVATI ON = 201.97  
 PIPE FLOW = 5.70 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
 ASSUMED DOWNSTREAM CONTROL HGL = 201.970 FEET

\*NOTE: ASSUMED DOWNSTREAM CONTROL DEPTH( 0.00 FT.)  
 IS LESS THAN CRITICAL DEPTH( 0.92 FT.)

====> CRITICAL DEPTH IS ASSUMED AS DOWNSTREAM CONTROL DEPTH  
 FOR UPSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS

-----

755\_V. RES

NODE 755.00 : HGL = < 202.393>; EGL= < 205.404>; FLOWLINE= < 201.970>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 755.00 TO NODE 750.00 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 750.00 ELEVATION = 202.21 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 5.70 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
 PIPE LENGTH = 24.89 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

-----  
 NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.80 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.92

-----  
 UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.30

=====

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DISTANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	0.303	22.285	8.020	248.21
3.982	0.323	20.371	6.771	227.39
8.009	0.343	18.726	5.791	209.57
12.080	0.363	17.300	5.013	194.21
16.195	0.382	16.055	4.387	180.87
20.353	0.402	14.960	3.879	169.22
24.558	0.422	13.991	3.463	159.00
24.890	0.423	13.920	3.434	158.25

-----  
 NODE 750.00 : HGL = < 202.513>; EGL= < 210.230>; FLOWLINE= < 202.210>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 750.00 TO NODE 750.00 IS CODE = 5  
 UPSTREAM NODE 750.00 ELEVATION = 202.54 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	5.70	18.00	0.00	202.54	0.92	25.880
DOWNSTREAM	5.70	18.00	-	202.21	0.92	22.292
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===					

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$$DY = (Q2*V2 - Q1*V1*\cos(\Delta A1) - Q3*V3*\cos(\Delta A3) - Q4*V4*\cos(\Delta A4)) / ((A1+A2)*16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$$

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.55997

DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.36687

AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.46342

JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET

FRICTION LOSSES = 1.854 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET

JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY+HV1-HV2)+(ENTRANCE LOSSES)

JUNCTION LOSSES = ( 2.984)+( 0.000) = 2.984

-----  
 NODE 750.00 : HGL = < 202.813>; EGL= < 213.214>; FLOWLINE= < 202.540>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 750.00 TO NODE 745.00 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 745.00 ELEVATION = 266.28 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 5.70 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
 PIPE LENGTH = 96.27 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.26 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.92

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.59

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DISTANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	0.589	8.847	1.805	107.64
0.099	0.576	9.117	1.868	110.11
0.208	0.563	9.403	1.937	112.77
0.331	0.550	9.707	2.014	115.63
0.468	0.537	10.028	2.099	118.72
0.622	0.524	10.371	2.195	122.04
0.794	0.511	10.735	2.301	125.62
0.988	0.498	11.123	2.420	129.49
1.207	0.485	11.537	2.553	133.65
1.454	0.472	11.980	2.701	138.15
1.736	0.458	12.455	2.869	143.02
2.057	0.445	12.964	3.057	148.29
2.425	0.432	13.513	3.269	153.99
2.849	0.419	14.104	3.510	160.19
3.342	0.406	14.743	3.783	166.93
3.919	0.393	15.435	4.095	174.27
4.601	0.380	16.187	4.451	182.28
5.416	0.367	17.006	4.860	191.05
6.405	0.354	17.901	5.333	200.67
7.626	0.341	18.882	5.880	211.25
9.172	0.328	19.961	6.518	222.94
11.198	0.315	21.152	7.267	235.88
13.997	0.302	22.474	8.149	250.27
18.227	0.289	23.945	9.198	266.33
25.999	0.275	25.593	10.453	284.34
96.270	0.273	25.872	10.674	287.40

NODE 745.00 : HGL = < 266.869>; EGL= < 268.085>; FLOWLINE= < 266.280>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 745.00 TO NODE 745.00 IS CODE = 5  
 UPSTREAM NODE 745.00 ELEVATION = 266.61 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	5.10	18.00	0.00	266.61	0.87	11.584
DOWNSTREAM	5.70	18.00	-	266.28	0.92	8.849
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.60===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===					

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$$DY = (Q2*V2 - Q1*V1*\cos(\Delta A1) - Q3*V3*\cos(\Delta A3) - Q4*V4*\cos(\Delta A4)) / ((A1+A2)*16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$$

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.06368  
 DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.02773

AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.04571

JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET  
 FRICTION LOSSES = 0.183 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.243 FEET  
 JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY+HV1-HV2)+(ENTRANCE LOSSES)  
 JUNCTION LOSSES = (0.811)+(0.243) = 1.054

NODE 745.00 : HGL = < 267.056>; EGL= < 269.139>; FLOWLINE= < 266.610>

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\*\*\*\*\*  
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 745.00 TO NODE 730.00 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 730.00 ELEVATION = 269.83 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 5.10 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
 PIPE LENGTH = 43.90 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

-----  
 NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.43 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.87

=====

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.83

=====

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	0.828	5.093	1.232	72.52
0.059	0.812	5.217	1.235	72.76
0.143	0.797	5.348	1.241	73.09
0.253	0.781	5.485	1.248	73.51
0.392	0.765	5.630	1.257	74.03
0.566	0.749	5.783	1.268	74.65
0.777	0.733	5.944	1.282	75.38
1.032	0.717	6.114	1.298	76.22
1.335	0.701	6.294	1.316	77.18
1.696	0.685	6.485	1.338	78.28
2.121	0.669	6.688	1.364	79.51
2.623	0.653	6.902	1.393	80.89
3.214	0.637	7.131	1.427	82.42
3.910	0.621	7.374	1.466	84.13
4.734	0.605	7.634	1.511	86.02
5.711	0.589	7.911	1.562	88.11
6.878	0.573	8.208	1.620	90.41
8.285	0.557	8.526	1.687	92.95
9.999	0.542	8.867	1.763	95.74
12.123	0.526	9.235	1.851	98.82
14.814	0.510	9.632	1.951	102.20
18.337	0.494	10.060	2.066	105.92
23.189	0.478	10.525	2.199	110.02
30.486	0.462	11.030	2.352	114.54
43.817	0.446	11.580	2.529	119.54
43.900	0.446	11.580	2.529	119.54

-----  
 NODE 730.00 : HGL = < 270.658>; EGL= < 271.061>; FLOWLINE= < 269.830>

\*\*\*\*\*  
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 730.00 TO NODE 730.00 IS CODE = 5  
 UPSTREAM NODE 730.00 ELEVATION = 270.16 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	4.10	18.00	0.00	270.16	0.78	5.386
DOWNSTREAM	5.10	18.00	-	269.83	0.87	5.095
LATERAL #1	1.00	18.00	66.80	270.12	0.37	1.440
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===					

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$$DY = (Q2*V2 - Q1*V1 * \cos(\Delta A1) - Q3*V3 * \cos(\Delta A3) - Q4*V4 * \cos(\Delta A4)) / ((A1+A2) * 16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$$

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00910  
 DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00678

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AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.00794

JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET

FRICTION LOSSES = 0.032 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET

JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY+HV1-HV2)+(ENTRANCE LOSSES)

JUNCTION LOSSES = ( 0.217)+( 0.000) = 0.217

NODE 730.00 : HGL = < 270.828>; EGL= < 271.279>; FLOWLINE= < 270.160>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 730.00 TO NODE 710.00 IS CODE = 1

UPSTREAM NODE 710.00 ELEVATION = 270.35 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 4.10 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES

PIPE LENGTH = 18.98 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.65 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.78

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.78

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DISTANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	0.775	4.448	1.083	54.33
0.014	0.770	4.484	1.083	54.33
0.057	0.765	4.521	1.083	54.34
0.132	0.760	4.559	1.083	54.36
0.242	0.755	4.597	1.084	54.38
0.391	0.750	4.636	1.084	54.42
0.582	0.745	4.675	1.085	54.46
0.820	0.740	4.716	1.086	54.50
1.111	0.735	4.757	1.087	54.56
1.461	0.730	4.798	1.088	54.62
1.879	0.725	4.841	1.090	54.70
2.373	0.720	4.884	1.091	54.78
2.954	0.715	4.928	1.093	54.87
3.638	0.710	4.973	1.095	54.96
4.442	0.705	5.018	1.097	55.07
5.389	0.700	5.064	1.099	55.18
6.510	0.695	5.112	1.101	55.31
7.845	0.690	5.160	1.104	55.44
9.453	0.685	5.208	1.107	55.58
11.419	0.681	5.258	1.110	55.74
13.872	0.676	5.309	1.113	55.90
17.034	0.671	5.361	1.117	56.07
18.980	0.668	5.385	1.119	56.15

NODE 710.00 : HGL = < 271.125>; EGL= < 271.433>; FLOWLINE= < 270.350>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 710.00 TO NODE 710.00 IS CODE = 8

UPSTREAM NODE 710.00 ELEVATION = 270.35 (FLOW IS SUBCRITICAL)

CALCULATE CATCH BASIN ENTRANCE LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 4.10 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES

FLOW VELOCITY = 4.45 FEET/SEC. VELOCITY HEAD = 0.307 FEET

CATCH BASIN ENERGY LOSS = .2\*(VELOCITY HEAD) = .2\*( 0.307) = 0.061

NODE 710.00 : HGL = < 271.494>; EGL= < 271.494>; FLOWLINE= < 270.350>

\*\*\*\*\*

UPSTREAM PIPE FLOW CONTROL DATA:

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NODE NUMBER = 710.00 FLOWLINE ELEVATION = 270.35  
ASSUMED UPSTREAM CONTROL HGL = 271.13 FOR DOWNSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS

=====  
END OF GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW ANALYSIS

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# Hydraulic Analysis Report

## Project Data

Project Title: System8  
Designer:  
Project Date: Tuesday, April 02, 2019  
Project Units: U.S. Customary Units  
Notes:

## Channel Analysis: Channel Analysis

Notes:

## Input Parameters

Channel Type: Rectangular  
Channel Width: 5.5000 ft  
Longitudinal Slope: 0.0050 ft/ft  
Manning's n: 0.0150  
Flow: 12.9000 cfs

## Result Parameters

Depth: 0.5586 ft  
Area of Flow: 3.0725 ft<sup>2</sup>  
Wetted Perimeter: 6.6173 ft  
Hydraulic Radius: 0.4643 ft  
Average Velocity: 4.1985 ft/s  
Top Width: 5.5000 ft  
Froude Number: 0.9899  
Critical Depth: 0.5549 ft  
Critical Velocity: 4.2270 ft/s  
Critical Slope: 0.0051 ft/ft  
Critical Top Width: 5.50 ft  
Calculated Max Shear Stress: 0.1743 lb/ft<sup>2</sup>  
Calculated Avg Shear Stress: 0.1449 lb/ft<sup>2</sup>

RIP RAP PAD AT NODE 925  
SYSTEM 5 MAPLE CAYON RESTORATION PHASE 1

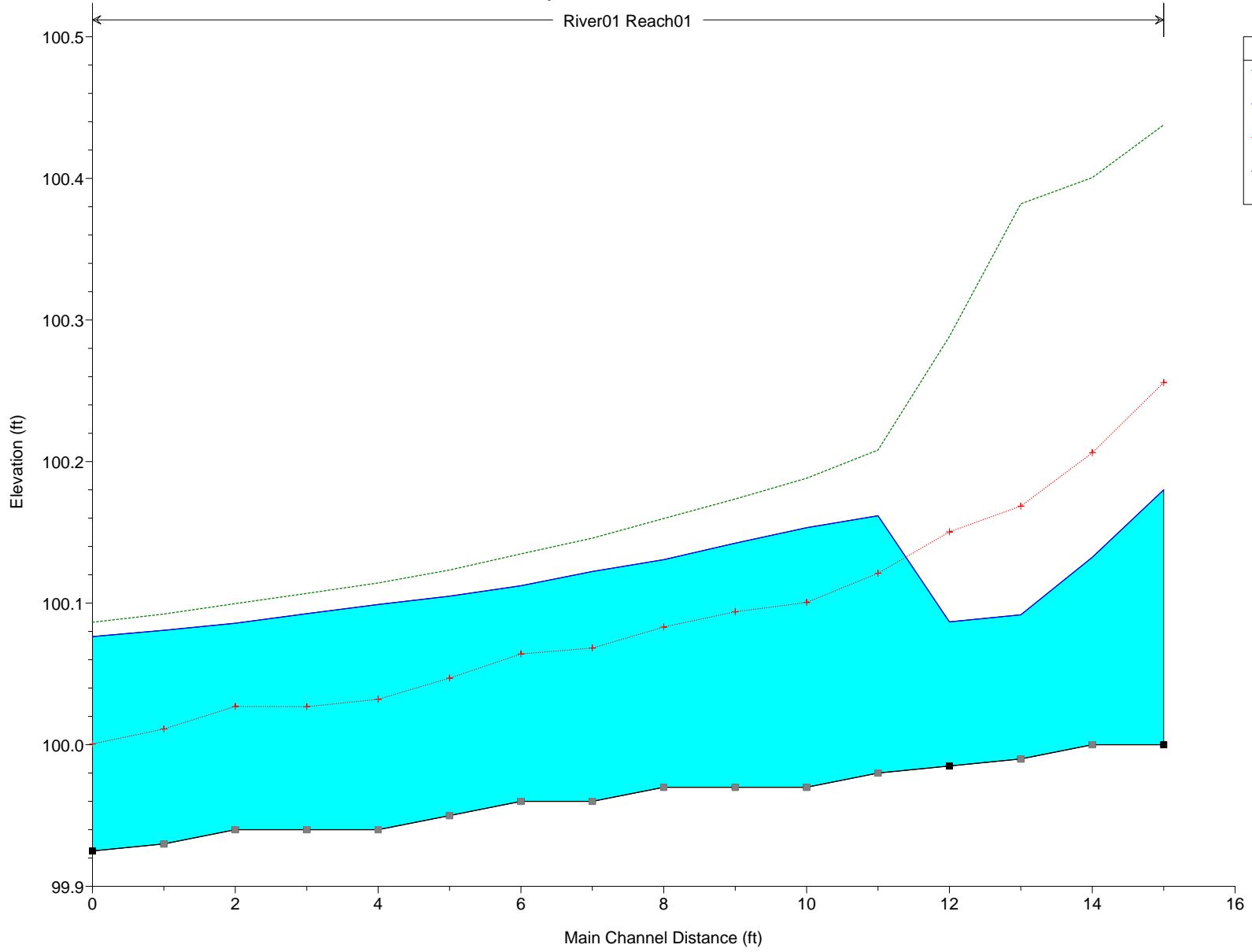
HEC-RAS Plan: 18-inch\_SDD104 River: River01 Reach: Reach01 Profile: PF 1

Reach	River Sta	Profile	Q Total (cfs)	Min Ch El (ft)	W.S. Elev (ft)	Crit W.S. (ft)	E.G. Elev (ft)	E.G. Slope (ft/ft)	Vel Chnl (ft/s)	Flow Area (sq ft)	Top Width (ft)	Froude # Chl
Reach01	100	PF 1	1.10	100.00	100.18	100.26	100.44	0.085505	4.07	0.27	4.08	1.69
Reach01	99.*	PF 1	1.10	100.00	100.13	100.21	100.40	0.019596	4.16	0.26	4.29	2.01
Reach01	98.*	PF 1	1.10	99.99	100.09	100.17	100.38	0.030121	4.32	0.25	4.61	2.39
Reach01	97	PF 1	1.10	99.99	100.09	100.15	100.29	0.169442	3.60	0.31	5.11	1.99
Reach01	96.*	PF 1	1.10	99.98	100.16	100.12	100.21	0.018020	1.73	0.64	6.06	0.71
Reach01	95.*	PF 1	1.10	99.97	100.15	100.10	100.19	0.013410	1.50	0.73	6.56	0.62
Reach01	94.*	PF 1	1.10	99.97	100.14	100.09	100.17	0.013002	1.42	0.78	6.98	0.60
Reach01	93.*	PF 1	1.10	99.97	100.13	100.08	100.16	0.013312	1.37	0.80	7.40	0.60
Reach01	92.*	PF 1	1.10	99.96	100.12	100.07	100.15	0.010624	1.23	0.89	7.89	0.54
Reach01	91.*	PF 1	1.10	99.96	100.11	100.06	100.13	0.011051	1.20	0.91	8.32	0.54
Reach01	90.*	PF 1	1.10	99.95	100.10	100.05	100.12	0.008893	1.09	1.01	8.83	0.49
Reach01	89.*	PF 1	1.10	99.94	100.10	100.03	100.11	0.007024	0.99	1.11	9.33	0.44
Reach01	88.*	PF 1	1.10	99.94	100.09	100.03	100.11	0.007033	0.96	1.14	9.79	0.43
Reach01	87.*	PF 1	1.10	99.94	100.09	100.03	100.10	0.007179	0.94	1.17	10.27	0.44
Reach01	86.*	PF 1	1.10	99.93	100.08	100.01	100.09	0.005684	0.86	1.28	10.77	0.39
Reach01	85	PF 1	1.10	99.93	100.08	100.00	100.09	0.005009	0.81	1.36	11.25	0.37

End of Wing Wall  
Start of No.2 Backing  
Hydraulic Jump

End of No.2 Backing

River01 Reach01



\*\*\*\*\*

PIPE-FLOW HYDRAULICS COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE  
 (Reference: LACFCD, LACRD, AND OCEMA HYDRAULICS CRITERION)  
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 Ver. 21.0 Release Date: 06/01/2014 License ID 1261

Analysis prepared by:

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 619-291-0707 Fax 619-291-4165

\*\*\*\*\* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY \*\*\*\*\*  
 \* J#18022-F MAPLE CANYON RESTORATION PHASE 1 \*  
 \* SYSTEM 9 - VELOCITY RUN FROM NODES 925 TO 910 \*  
 \* TAILWATER ASSUMED TO BE FLOWLINE OF PIPE \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*

FILE NAME: 925\_V.PIP  
 TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 19:02 03/31/2019

\*\*\*\*\*

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW ANALYSIS FOR PIPE SYSTEM  
 NODAL POINT STATUS TABLE

(Note: "\*" indicates nodal point data used.)

NODE NUMBER	MODEL PROCESS	UPSTREAM RUN		DOWNSTREAM RUN	
		PRESSURE HEAD(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)	FLOW DEPTH(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
925.00-		0.39 Dc	10.07	0.33*	10.55
	} FRI CTI ON				
920.00-		0.39*Dc	10.07	0.39*Dc	10.07
	} JUNCTI ON				
920.00-		0.39 Dc	10.07	0.13*	31.24
	} FRI CTI ON				
915.00-		0.39 Dc	10.07	0.16*	24.01
	} JUNCTI ON				
915.00-		0.39 Dc	10.07	0.13*	33.30
	} FRI CTI ON				
910.00-		0.39*Dc	10.07	0.39*Dc	10.07
	} CATCH BASI N				
910.00-		0.56*	5.33	0.39 Dc	3.68

-----  
 MAXIMUM NUMBER OF ENERGY BALANCES USED IN EACH PROFILE = 25  
 -----

NOTE: STEADY FLOW HYDRAULIC HEAD-LOSS COMPUTATIONS BASED ON THE MOST CONSERVATIVE FORMULAE FROM THE CURRENT LACRD, LACFCD, AND OCEMA DESIGN MANUALS.

\*\*\*\*\*

DOWNSTREAM PIPE FLOW CONTROL DATA:

NODE NUMBER = 925.00 FLOWLINE ELEVATION = 172.93  
 PIPE FLOW = 1.10 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
 ASSUMED DOWNSTREAM CONTROL HGL = 172.930 FEET

\*NOTE: ASSUMED DOWNSTREAM CONTROL DEPTH( 0.00 FT.)  
 IS LESS THAN CRITICAL DEPTH( 0.39 FT.)

====> CRITICAL DEPTH IS ASSUMED AS DOWNSTREAM CONTROL DEPTH  
 FOR UPSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS

-----  
 NODE 925.00 : HGL = < 173.261>; EGL= < 173.486>; FLOWLINE= < 172.930>  
 -----

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 925.00 TO NODE 920.00 IS CODE = 1

UPSTREAM NODE 920.00 ELEVATION = 173.11 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 1.10 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
 PIPE LENGTH = 18.00 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.33 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.39

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.39

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	0.392	2.995	0.531	10.07
0.007	0.389	3.022	0.531	10.07
0.027	0.387	3.050	0.531	10.07
0.063	0.384	3.079	0.531	10.08
0.115	0.381	3.108	0.531	10.08
0.185	0.379	3.138	0.532	10.09
0.276	0.376	3.168	0.532	10.10
0.388	0.374	3.198	0.533	10.11
0.526	0.371	3.229	0.533	10.12
0.692	0.369	3.261	0.534	10.13
0.889	0.366	3.293	0.535	10.15
1.123	0.364	3.326	0.535	10.16
1.398	0.361	3.359	0.536	10.18
1.721	0.358	3.393	0.537	10.20
2.101	0.356	3.427	0.538	10.23
2.548	0.353	3.462	0.540	10.25
3.077	0.351	3.498	0.541	10.28
3.707	0.348	3.535	0.542	10.30
4.466	0.346	3.572	0.544	10.33
5.392	0.343	3.609	0.546	10.36
6.548	0.341	3.648	0.547	10.40
8.038	0.338	3.687	0.549	10.43
10.054	0.335	3.727	0.551	10.47
13.033	0.333	3.768	0.553	10.51
18.000	0.331	3.806	0.556	10.55

NODE 920.00 : HGL = < 173.502>; EGL= < 173.641>; FLOWLINE= < 173.110>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 920.00 TO NODE 920.00 IS CODE = 5  
 UPSTREAM NODE 920.00 ELEVATION = 173.44 (FLOW IS SUBCRITICAL)  
 (NOTE: POSSIBLE JUMP IN OR UPSTREAM OF STRUCTURE)

CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	1.10	18.00	60.00	173.44	0.39	14.538
DOWNSTREAM	1.10	18.00	-	173.11	0.39	2.996
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===					

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

DY=(Q2\*V2-Q1\*V1\*COS(DELTA1)-Q3\*V3\*COS(DELTA3)-Q4\*V4\*COS(DELTA4))/((A1+A2)\*16.1)+FRICTION LOSSES  
 UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.44006  
 DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00492  
 AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.22249  
 JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET

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FRICTION LOSSES = 0.890 FEET                      ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET  
 JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY+HV1-HV2)+(ENTRANCE LOSSES)  
 JUNCTION LOSSES = ( 3.212)+( 0.000) = 3.212

NODE 920.00 : HGL = < 173.571>; EGL= < 176.853>; FLOWLINE= < 173.440>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 920.00 TO NODE 915.00 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 915.00 ELEVATION = 226.08 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 1.10 CFS                      PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
 PIPE LENGTH = 117.89 FEET                      MANNING'S N = 0.01300

NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.13                      CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.39

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.16

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	0.158	11.076	2.064	24.01
0.157	0.157	11.188	2.102	24.25
0.322	0.156	11.302	2.141	24.48
0.497	0.155	11.419	2.181	24.72
0.682	0.154	11.537	2.222	24.97
0.878	0.153	11.658	2.264	25.22
1.087	0.152	11.781	2.308	25.48
1.309	0.150	11.906	2.353	25.74
1.548	0.149	12.033	2.399	26.00
1.803	0.148	12.163	2.447	26.27
2.079	0.147	12.295	2.496	26.55
2.377	0.146	12.429	2.546	26.83
2.700	0.145	12.566	2.598	27.11
3.054	0.144	12.706	2.652	27.41
3.443	0.143	12.848	2.708	27.70
3.874	0.142	12.993	2.765	28.01
4.357	0.141	13.140	2.824	28.32
4.902	0.140	13.291	2.884	28.63
5.528	0.138	13.444	2.947	28.95
6.259	0.137	13.601	3.012	29.28
7.133	0.136	13.760	3.078	29.62
8.216	0.135	13.923	3.147	29.96
9.629	0.134	14.089	3.219	30.31
11.644	0.133	14.259	3.292	30.66
15.135	0.132	14.432	3.368	31.03
117.890	0.131	14.533	3.413	31.24

NODE 915.00 : HGL = < 226.238>; EGL= < 228.144>; FLOWLINE= < 226.080>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 915.00 TO NODE 915.00 IS CODE = 5  
 UPSTREAM NODE 915.00 ELEVATION = 226.41 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	1.10	18.00	0.00	226.41	0.39	15.518
DOWNSTREAM	1.10	18.00	-	226.08	0.39	11.079
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===					

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LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$$DY = (Q2*V2 - Q1*V1*\cos(\Delta A1) - Q3*V3*\cos(\Delta A3) - Q4*V4*\cos(\Delta A4)) / ((A1+A2)*16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$$

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.53056

DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.20211

AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.36634

JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET

FRICTION LOSSES = 1.465 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET

JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY + HV1 - HV2) + (ENTRANCE LOSSES)

JUNCTION LOSSES = (2.131) + (0.000) = 2.131

NODE 915.00 : HGL = < 226.536>; EGL = < 230.275>; FLOWLINE = < 226.410>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 915.00 TO NODE 910.00 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 910.00 ELEVATION = 258.07 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 1.10 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES

PIPE LENGTH = 44.61 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.12 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.39

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.39

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	0.392	2.995	0.531	10.07
0.001	0.381	3.117	0.532	10.08
0.004	0.370	3.248	0.534	10.13
0.009	0.359	3.389	0.537	10.20
0.017	0.348	3.542	0.543	10.31
0.027	0.337	3.707	0.550	10.45
0.042	0.326	3.886	0.560	10.64
0.061	0.315	4.080	0.573	10.86
0.084	0.304	4.292	0.590	11.13
0.114	0.293	4.524	0.611	11.46
0.152	0.282	4.779	0.637	11.84
0.198	0.271	5.059	0.669	12.28
0.255	0.260	5.370	0.708	12.80
0.326	0.249	5.714	0.756	13.40
0.415	0.238	6.099	0.816	14.09
0.525	0.227	6.530	0.890	14.89
0.663	0.216	7.017	0.981	15.82
0.839	0.205	7.569	1.095	16.89
1.066	0.194	8.200	1.239	18.14
1.364	0.183	8.927	1.421	19.60
1.765	0.172	9.770	1.655	21.32
2.322	0.161	10.759	1.960	23.36
3.141	0.150	11.931	2.362	25.79
4.456	0.139	13.338	2.903	28.73
7.029	0.128	15.050	3.648	32.33
44.610	0.126	15.513	3.865	33.30

NODE 910.00 : HGL = < 258.462>; EGL = < 258.601>; FLOWLINE = < 258.070>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 910.00 TO NODE 910.00 IS CODE = 8  
 UPSTREAM NODE 910.00 ELEVATION = 258.07 (FLOW IS SUBCRITICAL)

925\_V.RES

CALCULATE CATCH BASIN ENTRANCE LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 1.10 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES

FLOW VELOCITY = 3.00 FEET/SEC. VELOCITY HEAD = 0.139 FEET

CATCH BASIN ENERGY LOSS =  $.2 * (\text{VELOCITY HEAD}) = .2 * (0.139) = 0.028$

-----  
NODE 910.00 : HGL = < 258.629>; EGL= < 258.629>; FLOWLINE= < 258.070>

\*\*\*\*\*

UPSTREAM PIPE FLOW CONTROL DATA:

NODE NUMBER = 910.00 FLOWLINE ELEVATION = 258.07

ASSUMED UPSTREAM CONTROL HGL = 258.46 FOR DOWNSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS

=====  
END OF GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW ANALYSIS

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RIP RAP PAD AT NODE 1045  
SYSTEM 5 MAPLE CAYON RESTORATION PHASE 1

HEC-RAS Plan: 18-inch\_SDD104 River: River01 Reach: Reach01 Profile: PF 1

Reach	River Sta	Profile	Q Total (cfs)	Min Ch El (ft)	W.S. Elev (ft)	Crit W.S. (ft)	E.G. Elev (ft)	E.G. Slope (ft/ft)	Vel Chnl (ft/s)	Flow Area (sq ft)	Top Width (ft)	Froude # Chl
Reach01	100	PF 1	4.60	100.00	100.45	100.66	101.18	0.073187	6.89	0.67	5.67	1.82
Reach01	99.*	PF 1	4.60	100.00	100.32	100.55	101.13	0.018568	7.25	0.63	5.40	2.27
Reach01	98.*	PF 1	4.60	99.99	100.24	100.46	101.10	0.027720	7.47	0.62	5.48	2.65
Reach01	97	PF 1	4.60	99.99	100.19	100.40	101.03	0.267084	7.32	0.63	5.76	2.82
Reach01	96.*	PF 1	4.60	99.98	100.20	100.36	100.74	0.158267	5.88	0.78	6.50	2.19
Reach01	95.*	PF 1	4.60	99.97	100.21	100.31	100.57	0.097140	4.82	0.95	7.26	1.74
Reach01	94.*	PF 1	4.60	99.97	100.24	100.29	100.46	0.052656	3.82	1.20	8.04	1.30
Reach01	93.*	PF 1	4.60	99.96	100.32	100.26	100.42	0.016552	2.59	1.78	9.03	0.77
Reach01	92.*	PF 1	4.60	99.96	100.31	100.24	100.40	0.014665	2.41	1.91	9.60	0.72
Reach01	91.*	PF 1	4.60	99.95	100.30	100.21	100.38	0.011550	2.16	2.13	10.23	0.64
Reach01	90	PF 1	4.60	99.95	100.30		100.36	0.010387	2.03	2.27	10.81	0.61
Reach01	89.*	PF 1	4.60	99.94	100.30	100.18	100.35	0.008391	1.85	2.49	10.83	0.55
Reach01	88.*	PF 1	4.60	99.94	100.29	100.17	100.34	0.007623	1.75	2.63	10.82	0.52
Reach01	87.*	PF 1	4.60	99.93	100.29	100.15	100.33	0.006263	1.60	2.87	10.84	0.47
Reach01	86.*	PF 1	4.60	99.93	100.29	100.14	100.32	0.005733	1.52	3.02	10.83	0.45
Reach01	85	PF 1	4.60	99.93	100.28	100.13	100.31	0.005000	1.43	3.22	10.83	0.42

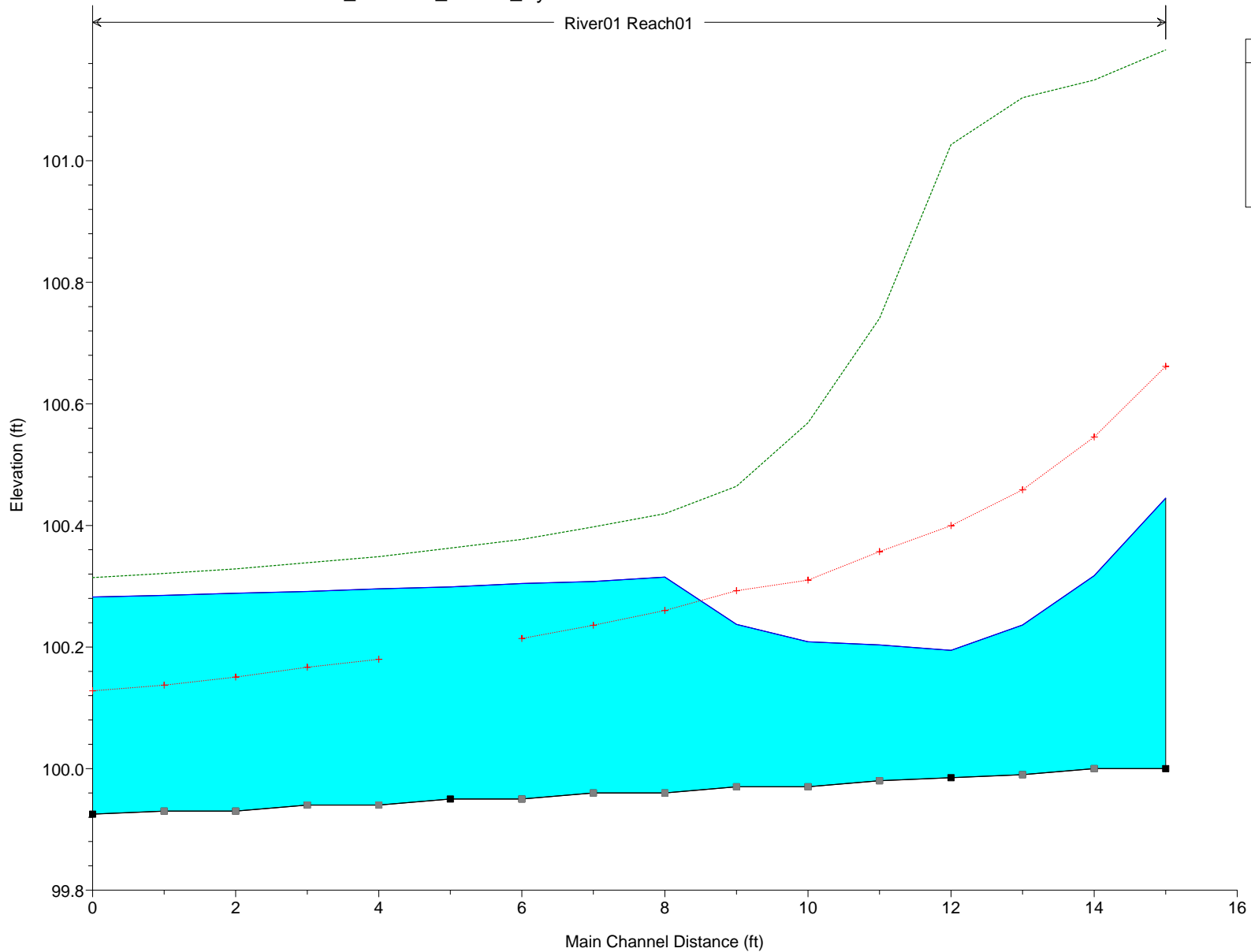
End of Wing Wall  
Start of No.2 Backing

Hydraulic Jump

End of No.2 Backing

River01 Reach01

Legend	
EG PF 1	
WS PF 1	
Crit PF 1	
Ground	



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PIPE-FLOW HYDRAULICS COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE  
 (Reference: LACFCD, LACRD, AND OCEMA HYDRAULICS CRITERION)  
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\*\*\*\*\* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY \*\*\*\*\*  
 \* J#18022-F MAPLE CANYON RESTORATION PHASE 1 \*  
 \* SYSTEM 10 - VELOCITY RUN FROM NODES 1045 TO 1010 \*  
 \* TAILWATER ASSUMED TO BE FLOWLINE OF PIPE \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*

FILE NAME: 1045\_V.PIP  
 TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 18:42 03/31/2019

\*\*\*\*\*

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW ANALYSIS FOR PIPE SYSTEM  
 NODAL POINT STATUS TABLE

(Note: "\*" indicates nodal point data used.)

NODE NUMBER	MODEL PROCESS	UPSTREAM RUN		DOWNSTREAM RUN	
		PRESSURE HEAD(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)	FLOW DEPTH(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
1045.00-		0.82 Dc	63.12	0.66*	68.00
}	FRI CTI ON				
1040.00-		0.82 Dc	63.12	0.61*	71.29
}	JUNCTI ON				
1040.00-		0.87	63.48	0.33*	146.60
}	FRI CTI ON				
1035.00-		0.82 Dc	63.12	0.31*	156.94
}	JUNCTI ON				
1035.00-		0.82 Dc	63.12	0.28*	182.92
}	FRI CTI ON				
1030.00-		0.82 Dc	63.12	0.29*	174.25
}	JUNCTI ON				
1030.00-		0.82 Dc	63.12	0.26*	202.64
}	FRI CTI ON				
1025.00-		0.82 Dc	63.12	0.75*	63.91
}	JUNCTI ON				
1025.00-		0.82 Dc	63.12	0.70*	65.44
}	FRI CTI ON				
1020.00-		0.82*Dc	63.12	0.82*Dc	63.12
}	JUNCTI ON				
1020.00-		0.88	63.55	0.68*	66.46
}	FRI CTI ON				
1015.00-		0.82 Dc	63.12	0.61*	71.51
}	JUNCTI ON				
1015.00-		0.82 Dc	63.12	0.72*	64.93
}	FRI CTI ON				
1010.00-		0.82*Dc	63.12	0.82*Dc	63.12
}	CATCH BASI N				
1010.00-		1.22*	34.60	0.82 Dc	21.85

-----  
 MAXIMUM NUMBER OF ENERGY BALANCES USED IN EACH PROFILE = 25  
 -----

NOTE: STEADY FLOW HYDRAULIC HEAD-LOSS COMPUTATIONS BASED ON THE MOST

1045\_V.RES

CONSERVATIVE FORMULAE FROM THE CURRENT LACRD, LACFCD, AND OCEMA DESIGN MANUALS.

\*\*\*\*\*

DOWNSTREAM PIPE FLOW CONTROL DATA:

NODE NUMBER = 1045.00 FLOWLINE ELEVATION = 166.71  
 PIPE FLOW = 4.60 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
 ASSUMED DOWNSTREAM CONTROL HGL = 166.710 FEET  
 \*NOTE: ASSUMED DOWNSTREAM CONTROL DEPTH( 0.00 FT.)  
 IS LESS THAN CRITICAL DEPTH( 0.82 FT.)  
 ==> CRITICAL DEPTH IS ASSUMED AS DOWNSTREAM CONTROL DEPTH  
 FOR UPSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS

-----  
 NODE 1045.00 : HGL = < 167.366>; EGL= < 167.962>; FLOWLINE= < 166.710>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1045.00 TO NODE 1040.00 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1040.00 ELEVATION = 166.91 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 4.60 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
 PIPE LENGTH = 20.00 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

-----  
 NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.69 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.82

=====

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.61

-----  
 GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECI FIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	0.612	6.778	1.326	71.29
1.233	0.616	6.730	1.320	71.00
2.496	0.619	6.683	1.313	70.72
3.794	0.622	6.636	1.307	70.45
5.129	0.626	6.590	1.300	70.18
6.505	0.629	6.544	1.294	69.91
7.926	0.632	6.499	1.289	69.66
9.397	0.635	6.455	1.283	69.41
10.924	0.639	6.411	1.277	69.16
12.513	0.642	6.368	1.272	68.92
14.174	0.645	6.325	1.267	68.69
15.915	0.649	6.283	1.262	68.47
17.748	0.652	6.242	1.257	68.25
19.689	0.655	6.201	1.253	68.03
20.000	0.656	6.194	1.252	68.00

-----  
 NODE 1040.00 : HGL = < 167.522>; EGL= < 168.236>; FLOWLINE= < 166.910>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1040.00 TO NODE 1040.00 IS CODE = 5  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1040.00 ELEVATION = 167.24 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE JUNCTI ON LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITI CAL DEPTH(FT. )	VELOCI TY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	4.60	18.00	60.00	167.24	0.82	16.180
DOWNSTREAM	4.60	18.00	-	166.91	0.82	6.780
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTI ON FORMULAE USED:  
 DY=(Q2\*V2-Q1\*V1\*COS(DELTA1)-Q3\*V3\*COS(DELTA3)-

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Q4\*V4\*COS(DELTA4))/((A1+A2)\*16.1)+FRICTION LOSSES  
 UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.17704  
 DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.01567  
 AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.09635  
 JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET  
 FRICTION LOSSES = 0.385 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET  
 JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY+HV1-HV2)+(ENTRANCE LOSSES)  
 JUNCTION LOSSES = ( 3.396)+( 0.000) = 3.396

NODE 1040.00 : HGL = < 167.567>; EGL= < 171.632>; FLOWLINE= < 167.240>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1040.00 TO NODE 1035.00 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1035.00 ELEVATION = 178.83 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):  
 PIPE FLOW = 4.60 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
 PIPE LENGTH = 66.00 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.33 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.82

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.31

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	0.311	17.365	4.996	156.94
0.695	0.312	17.312	4.968	156.48
1.417	0.312	17.260	4.941	156.03
2.170	0.313	17.208	4.914	155.57
2.955	0.314	17.156	4.887	155.12
3.775	0.314	17.105	4.860	154.68
4.636	0.315	17.054	4.834	154.23
5.540	0.316	17.003	4.807	153.79
6.493	0.316	16.952	4.781	153.35
7.502	0.317	16.902	4.755	152.91
8.572	0.318	16.851	4.730	152.47
9.712	0.318	16.802	4.704	152.04
10.933	0.319	16.752	4.679	151.61
12.249	0.320	16.703	4.654	151.18
13.675	0.320	16.654	4.629	150.75
15.232	0.321	16.605	4.605	150.33
16.948	0.322	16.556	4.580	149.91
18.861	0.322	16.508	4.556	149.49
21.023	0.323	16.460	4.532	149.07
23.512	0.323	16.412	4.508	148.65
26.446	0.324	16.364	4.485	148.24
30.028	0.325	16.317	4.461	147.83
34.632	0.325	16.270	4.438	147.42
41.102	0.326	16.223	4.415	147.02
52.148	0.327	16.176	4.392	146.61
66.000	0.327	16.175	4.392	146.60

NODE 1035.00 : HGL = < 179.141>; EGL= < 183.826>; FLOWLINE= < 178.830>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1035.00 TO NODE 1035.00 IS CODE = 5  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1035.00 ELEVATION = 179.16 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:  
 PIPE FLOW DIAMETER ANGLE FLOWLINE CRITICAL VELOCITY  
 (CFS) (INCHES) (DEGREES) ELEVATION DEPTH(FT.) (FT/SEC)

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UPSTREAM	4.60	18.00	12.00	179.16	0.82	20.340
DOWNSTREAM	4.60	18.00	-	178.83	0.82	17.370
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000

Q5 0.00===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$$DY = (Q2*V2 - Q1*V1*\cos(\Delta A1) - Q3*V3*\cos(\Delta A3) -$$

$$Q4*V4*\cos(\Delta A4)) / ((A1+A2)*16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$$

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.33831

DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.21636

AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.27733

JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET

FRICTION LOSSES = 1.109 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET

JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY+HV1-HV2)+(ENTRANCE LOSSES)

JUNCTION LOSSES = ( 2.036)+( 0.000) = 2.036

-----  
 NODE 1035.00 : HGL = < 179.439>; EGL = < 185.863>; FLOWLINE = < 179.160>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1035.00 TO NODE 1030.00 IS CODE = 1

UPSTREAM NODE 1030.00 ELEVATION = 215.88 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 4.60 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES

PIPE LENGTH = 108.00 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

-----  
 NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.28 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.82

-----  
 UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.29

-----  
 GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECI FIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	0.288	19.346	6.104	174.25
0.511	0.288	19.386	6.127	174.60
1.045	0.288	19.425	6.150	174.94
1.604	0.287	19.464	6.174	175.29
2.190	0.287	19.504	6.197	175.64
2.806	0.286	19.544	6.221	175.99
3.455	0.286	19.584	6.245	176.34
4.141	0.285	19.624	6.269	176.69
4.867	0.285	19.664	6.293	177.04
5.639	0.285	19.705	6.317	177.39
6.462	0.284	19.745	6.342	177.75
7.344	0.284	19.786	6.366	178.11
8.294	0.283	19.827	6.391	178.47
9.321	0.283	19.867	6.416	178.82
10.440	0.283	19.909	6.441	179.18
11.669	0.282	19.950	6.466	179.55
13.030	0.282	19.991	6.491	179.91
14.555	0.281	20.033	6.517	180.27
16.287	0.281	20.074	6.542	180.64
18.290	0.281	20.116	6.568	181.01
20.665	0.280	20.158	6.594	181.38
23.577	0.280	20.200	6.620	181.75
27.340	0.279	20.243	6.646	182.12
32.656	0.279	20.285	6.673	182.49
41.778	0.279	20.328	6.699	182.87
108.000	0.278	20.334	6.703	182.92

-----  
 NODE 1030.00 : HGL = < 216.168>; EGL = < 221.984>; FLOWLINE = < 215.880>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1030.00 TO NODE 1030.00 IS CODE = 5  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1030.00 ELEVATION = 216.21 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	4.60	18.00	0.00	216.21	0.82	22.582
DOWNSTREAM	4.60	18.00	-	215.88	0.82	19.352
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===					

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$DY = (Q2*V2 - Q1*V1 * \cos(\Delta 1) - Q3*V3 * \cos(\Delta 3) - Q4*V4 * \cos(\Delta 4)) / ((A1+A2) * 16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$   
 UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.45519  
 DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.29379  
 AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.37449  
 JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET  
 FRICTION LOSSES = 1.498 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET  
 JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY+HV1-HV2)+(ENTRANCE LOSSES)  
 JUNCTION LOSSES = ( 2.404)+( 0.000) = 2.404

-----  
 NODE 1030.00 : HGL = < 216.469>; EGL= < 224.387>; FLOWLINE= < 216.210>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1030.00 TO NODE 1025.00 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1025.00 ELEVATION = 260.03 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 4.60 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
 PIPE LENGTH = 72.00 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

-----  
 NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.24 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.82

=====

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.75

=====

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECI FIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	0.752	5.187	1.170	63.91
0.017	0.732	5.373	1.180	64.46
0.039	0.711	5.572	1.194	65.17
0.068	0.691	5.787	1.211	66.04
0.105	0.670	6.018	1.233	67.11
0.151	0.650	6.267	1.260	68.38
0.206	0.629	6.537	1.293	69.87
0.275	0.609	6.830	1.334	71.61
0.357	0.589	7.149	1.383	73.61
0.457	0.568	7.496	1.441	75.91
0.577	0.548	7.877	1.512	78.54
0.722	0.527	8.294	1.596	81.53
0.897	0.507	8.754	1.698	84.95
1.109	0.486	9.263	1.819	88.83
1.368	0.466	9.827	1.966	93.25
1.685	0.446	10.457	2.145	98.29
2.078	0.425	11.163	2.361	104.04
2.570	0.405	11.959	2.627	110.63
3.195	0.384	12.861	2.954	118.20
4.003	0.364	13.891	3.362	126.95

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5.074	0.343	15.075	3.875	137.10
6.546	0.323	16.449	4.527	148.98
8.679	0.303	18.057	5.369	162.97
12.061	0.282	19.959	6.472	179.63
18.592	0.262	22.238	7.945	199.67
72.000	0.259	22.575	8.177	202.64

-----  
 NODE 1025.00 : HGL = < 260.782>; EGL= < 261.200>; FLOWLINE= < 260.030>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1025.00 TO NODE 1025.00 IS CODE = 5  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1025.00 ELEVATION = 260.36 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	4.60	18.00	47.00	260.36	0.82	5.643
DOWNSTREAM	4.60	18.00	-	260.03	0.82	5.189
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===					

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$DY = (Q2*V2 - Q1*V1 * \cos(\Delta A1) - Q3*V3 * \cos(\Delta A3) - Q4*V4 * \cos(\Delta A4)) / ((A1+A2) * 16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$   
 UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00952  
 DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00760  
 AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.00856

JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET  
 FRICTION LOSSES = 0.034 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET  
 JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY+HV1-HV2)+(ENTRANCE LOSSES)  
 JUNCTION LOSSES = (0.359)+(0.000) = 0.359

-----  
 NODE 1025.00 : HGL = < 261.064>; EGL= < 261.559>; FLOWLINE= < 260.360>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1025.00 TO NODE 1020.00 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1020.00 ELEVATION = 260.68 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 4.60 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
 PIPE LENGTH = 32.17 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

-----  
 NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.70 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.82

-----  
 UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.82

-----  
 GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	0.823	4.628	1.156	63.12
0.014	0.818	4.664	1.156	63.13
0.059	0.813	4.700	1.157	63.14
0.138	0.808	4.737	1.157	63.16
0.253	0.803	4.775	1.157	63.18
0.408	0.798	4.813	1.158	63.22
0.608	0.793	4.852	1.159	63.26
0.857	0.788	4.892	1.159	63.31
1.161	0.783	4.932	1.161	63.37
1.526	0.777	4.973	1.162	63.44
1.962	0.772	5.015	1.163	63.52
2.478	0.767	5.057	1.165	63.60



1045\_V. RES

3.085	0.762	5.100	1.166	63.70
3.799	0.757	5.144	1.168	63.80
4.638	0.752	5.188	1.170	63.92
5.626	0.747	5.234	1.172	64.04
6.796	0.742	5.280	1.175	64.17
8.189	0.736	5.327	1.177	64.31
9.867	0.731	5.375	1.180	64.46
11.918	0.726	5.423	1.183	64.63
14.477	0.721	5.473	1.186	64.80
17.776	0.716	5.523	1.190	64.98
22.242	0.711	5.574	1.194	65.17
28.843	0.706	5.627	1.198	65.38
32.170	0.704	5.642	1.199	65.44

-----  
 NODE 1020.00 : HGL = < 261.503>; EGL= < 261.836>; FLOWLINE= < 260.680>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1020.00 TO NODE 1020.00 IS CODE = 5  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1020.00 ELEVATION = 261.01 (FLOW IS SUBCRITICAL)  
 (NOTE: POSSIBLE JUMP IN OR UPSTREAM OF STRUCTURE)

-----  
 CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	4.60	18.00	60.50	261.01	0.82	5.882
DOWNSTREAM	4.60	18.00	-	260.68	0.82	4.629
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===					

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$DY = (Q2 \cdot V2 - Q1 \cdot V1 \cdot \cos(\Delta A1) - Q3 \cdot V3 \cdot \cos(\Delta A3) - Q4 \cdot V4 \cdot \cos(\Delta A4)) / ((A1 + A2) \cdot 16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$   
 UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.01065  
 DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00562  
 AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.00814  
 JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET  
 FRICTION LOSSES = 0.033 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET  
 JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY + HV1 - HV2) + (ENTRANCE LOSSES)  
 JUNCTION LOSSES = (0.393) + (0.000) = 0.393

-----  
 NODE 1020.00 : HGL = < 261.692>; EGL= < 262.229>; FLOWLINE= < 261.010>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1020.00 TO NODE 1015.00 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1015.00 ELEVATION = 261.51 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 4.60 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
 PIPE LENGTH = 49.42 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

-----  
 NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.69 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.82

-----  
 UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.61

-----  
 GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	0.610	6.814	1.331	71.51
1.238	0.613	6.765	1.324	71.21
2.508	0.617	6.717	1.318	70.93
3.812	0.620	6.670	1.311	70.65

1045\_V. RES

5. 153	0. 623	6. 624	1. 305	70. 37
6. 536	0. 626	6. 578	1. 299	70. 10
7. 964	0. 630	6. 532	1. 293	69. 84
9. 443	0. 633	6. 487	1. 287	69. 59
10. 979	0. 636	6. 443	1. 281	69. 34
12. 578	0. 640	6. 399	1. 276	69. 10
14. 248	0. 643	6. 356	1. 271	68. 86
15. 999	0. 646	6. 314	1. 266	68. 63
17. 845	0. 649	6. 272	1. 261	68. 40
19. 799	0. 653	6. 230	1. 256	68. 18
21. 880	0. 656	6. 189	1. 251	67. 97
24. 114	0. 659	6. 149	1. 247	67. 76
26. 533	0. 663	6. 109	1. 242	67. 56
29. 179	0. 666	6. 069	1. 238	67. 36
32. 114	0. 669	6. 030	1. 234	67. 17
35. 429	0. 672	5. 992	1. 230	66. 99
39. 260	0. 676	5. 954	1. 227	66. 80
43. 843	0. 679	5. 916	1. 223	66. 63
49. 420	0. 682	5. 880	1. 219	66. 46

-----  
 NODE 1015.00 : HGL = < 262.120>; EGL= < 262.841>; FLOWLINE= < 261.510>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1015.00 TO NODE 1015.00 IS CODE = 5  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1015.00 ELEVATION = 261.84 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	4.60	18.00	24.30	261.84	0.82	5.512
DOWNSTREAM	4.60	18.00	-	261.51	0.82	6.816
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===					

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$DY = (Q2 \cdot V2 - Q1 \cdot V1 \cdot \cos(\Delta A1) - Q3 \cdot V3 \cdot \cos(\Delta A3) - Q4 \cdot V4 \cdot \cos(\Delta A4)) / ((A1 + A2) \cdot 16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$   
 UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00894  
 DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.01589  
 AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.01242  
 JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET  
 FRICTION LOSSES = 0.050 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET  
 JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY + HV1 - HV2) + (ENTRANCE LOSSES)  
 JUNCTION LOSSES = (0.188) + (0.000) = 0.188

-----  
 NODE 1015.00 : HGL = < 262.557>; EGL= < 263.029>; FLOWLINE= < 261.840>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1015.00 TO NODE 1010.00 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1010.00 ELEVATION = 262.02 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 4.60 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
 PIPE LENGTH = 18.33 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

-----  
 NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.70 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.82

-----  
 UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.82

-----  
 GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

-----  
 DISTANCE FROM FLOW DEPTH VELOCITY SPECIFIC PRESSURE+

CONTROL (FT)	(FT)	1045_V. RES (FT/SEC)	ENERGY (FT)	MOMENTUM (POUNDS)
0.000	0.823	4.628	1.156	63.12
0.014	0.818	4.663	1.156	63.13
0.059	0.813	4.699	1.157	63.14
0.136	0.808	4.735	1.157	63.16
0.250	0.803	4.772	1.157	63.18
0.404	0.798	4.810	1.158	63.22
0.601	0.793	4.848	1.159	63.26
0.847	0.788	4.886	1.159	63.31
1.148	0.783	4.926	1.160	63.36
1.510	0.778	4.966	1.161	63.43
1.941	0.773	5.006	1.163	63.50
2.450	0.768	5.048	1.164	63.59
3.051	0.763	5.090	1.166	63.68
3.757	0.758	5.132	1.168	63.78
4.586	0.753	5.176	1.170	63.88
5.563	0.748	5.220	1.172	64.00
6.719	0.743	5.265	1.174	64.13
8.097	0.738	5.311	1.176	64.26
9.755	0.733	5.357	1.179	64.41
11.782	0.728	5.404	1.182	64.56
14.312	0.723	5.453	1.185	64.73
17.572	0.718	5.502	1.188	64.90
18.330	0.717	5.510	1.189	64.93

-----  
 NODE 1010.00 : HGL = < 262.843>; EGL= < 263.176>; FLOWLINE= < 262.020>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1010.00 TO NODE 1010.00 IS CODE = 8  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1010.00 ELEVATION = 262.02 (FLOW IS SUBCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE CATCH BASIN ENTRANCE LOSSES(LACFCD):  
 PIPE FLOW = 4.60 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
 FLOW VELOCITY = 4.63 FEET/SEC. VELOCITY HEAD = 0.333 FEET  
 CATCH BASIN ENERGY LOSS = .2\*(VELOCITY HEAD) = .2\*( 0.333) = 0.067

-----  
 NODE 1010.00 : HGL = < 263.243>; EGL= < 263.243>; FLOWLINE= < 262.020>

\*\*\*\*\*

UPSTREAM PIPE FLOW CONTROL DATA:  
 NODE NUMBER = 1010.00 FLOWLINE ELEVATION = 262.02  
 ASSUMED UPSTREAM CONTROL HGL = 262.84 FOR DOWNSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS

=====

END OF GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW ANALYSIS

♀

RIP RAP PAD AT NODE 1125  
SYSTEM 5 MAPLE CAYON RESTORATION PHASE 1

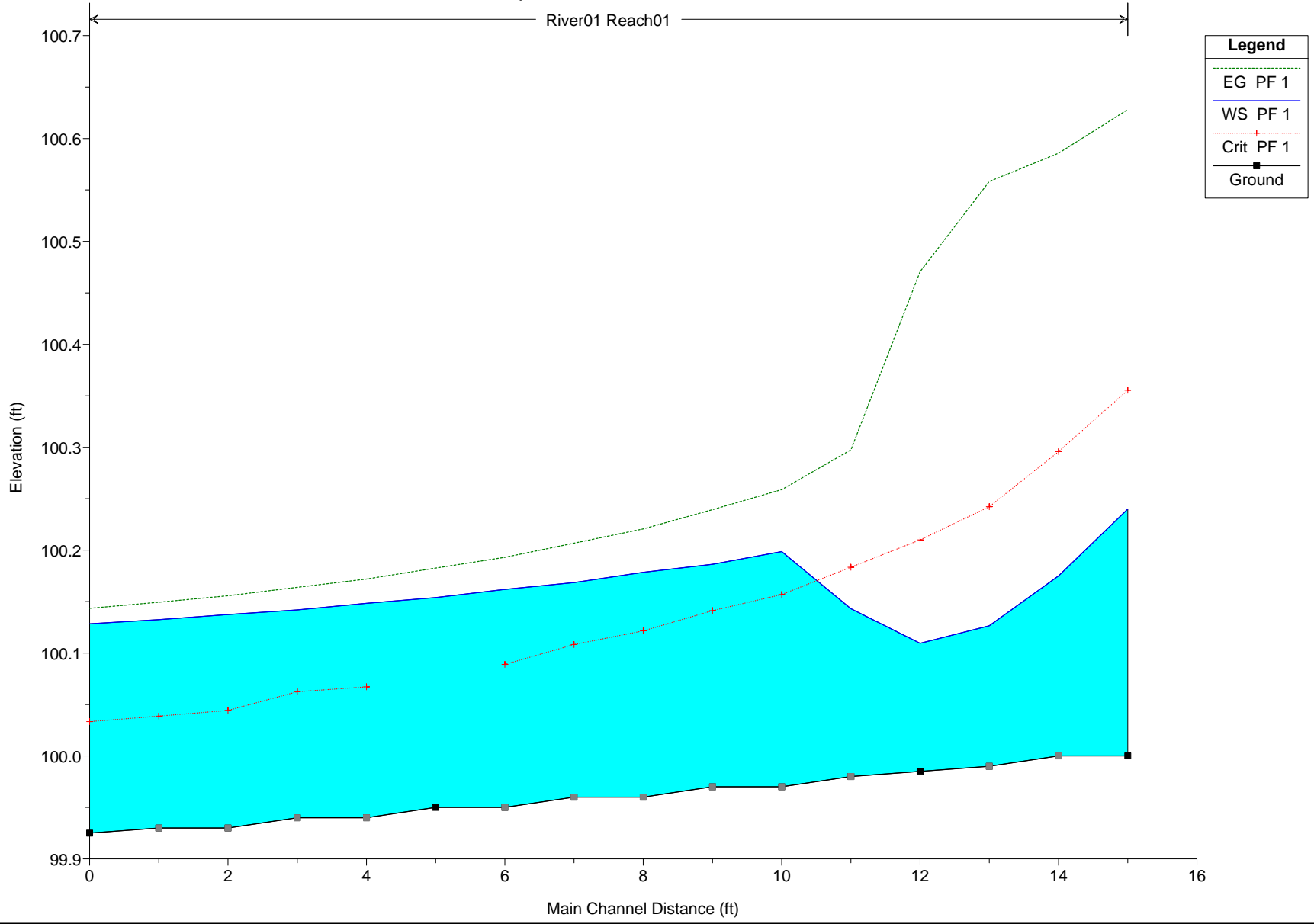
HEC-RAS Plan: 18-inch\_SDD104 River: River01 Reach: Reach01 Profile: PF 1

Reach	River Sta	Profile	Q Total (cfs)	Min Ch El (ft)	W.S. Elev (ft)	Crit W.S. (ft)	E.G. Elev (ft)	E.G. Slope (ft/ft)	Vel Chnl (ft/s)	Flow Area (sq ft)	Top Width (ft)	Froude # Chl
Reach01	100	PF 1	1.80	100.00	100.24	100.36	100.63	0.087762	5.00	0.36	4.44	1.80
Reach01	99.*	PF 1	1.80	100.00	100.18	100.30	100.59	0.020690	5.14	0.35	4.55	2.17
Reach01	98.*	PF 1	1.80	99.99	100.13	100.24	100.56	0.030263	5.27	0.34	4.82	2.51
Reach01	97	PF 1	1.80	99.99	100.11	100.21	100.47	0.232233	4.82	0.37	5.25	2.41
Reach01	96.*	PF 1	1.80	99.98	100.14	100.18	100.30	0.069102	3.15	0.57	6.17	1.38
Reach01	95.*	PF 1	1.80	99.97	100.20	100.16	100.26	0.017183	1.97	0.91	7.21	0.73
Reach01	94.*	PF 1	1.80	99.97	100.19	100.14	100.24	0.016327	1.85	0.97	7.82	0.70
Reach01	93.*	PF 1	1.80	99.96	100.18	100.12	100.22	0.012793	1.65	1.09	8.49	0.62
Reach01	92.*	PF 1	1.80	99.96	100.17	100.11	100.21	0.012363	1.57	1.15	9.13	0.61
Reach01	91.*	PF 1	1.80	99.95	100.16	100.09	100.19	0.009837	1.42	1.27	9.82	0.54
Reach01	90	PF 1	1.80	99.95	100.15		100.18	0.009530	1.36	1.33	10.48	0.53
Reach01	89.*	PF 1	1.80	99.94	100.15	100.07	100.17	0.007651	1.23	1.46	10.49	0.48
Reach01	88.*	PF 1	1.80	99.94	100.14	100.06	100.16	0.007386	1.19	1.51	10.47	0.47
Reach01	87.*	PF 1	1.80	99.93	100.14	100.04	100.16	0.005942	1.08	1.66	10.48	0.42
Reach01	86.*	PF 1	1.80	99.93	100.13	100.04	100.15	0.005705	1.05	1.72	10.47	0.41
Reach01	85	PF 1	1.80	99.93	100.13	100.03	100.14	0.005008	0.98	1.83	10.47	0.38

End of Wing Wall  
Start of No.2 Backing  
Hydraulic Jump

End of No.2 Backing

River01 Reach01



\*\*\*\*\*

PIPE-FLOW HYDRAULICS COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE  
 (Reference: LACFCD, LACRD, AND OCEMA HYDRAULICS CRITERION)  
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 Ver. 21.0 Release Date: 06/01/2014 License ID 1261

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\*\*\*\*\* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY \*\*\*\*\*

- \* J#18022-F MAPLE CANYON RESTORATION PHASE 1 \*
  - \* SYSTEM 11 - MAINLINE VELOCITY RUN FROM NODES 1125 TO 1115 \*
  - \* TAILWATER ASSUMED TO BE FLOWLINE OF PIPE \*
- \*\*\*\*\*

FILE NAME: 1125\_V.PIP  
 TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 18:17 03/31/2019

\*\*\*\*\*

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW ANALYSIS FOR PIPE SYSTEM  
 NODAL POINT STATUS TABLE

(Note: "\*" indicates nodal point data used.)

NODE NUMBER	MODEL PROCESS	UPSTREAM RUN		DOWNSTREAM RUN	
		PRESSURE HEAD(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)	FLOW DEPTH(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
1125.00-	} FRICTION	0.50 Dc	18.84	0.41*	20.15
1120.00-		0.50 Dc	18.84	0.38*	21.09
1120.00-	} JUNCTION	0.51 Dc	18.84	0.18*	51.20
1150.00-		0.50*Dc	18.84	0.50*Dc	18.84
1150.00-	} CATCH BASIN	0.73*	10.02	0.50 Dc	6.82

-----  
 MAXIMUM NUMBER OF ENERGY BALANCES USED IN EACH PROFILE = 25  
 -----

NOTE: STEADY FLOW HYDRAULIC HEAD-LOSS COMPUTATIONS BASED ON THE MOST CONSERVATIVE FORMULAE FROM THE CURRENT LACRD, LACFCD, AND OCEMA DESIGN MANUALS.

\*\*\*\*\*

DOWNSTREAM PIPE FLOW CONTROL DATA:

NODE NUMBER = 1125.00 FLOWLINE ELEVATION = 154.55  
 PIPE FLOW = 1.80 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
 ASSUMED DOWNSTREAM CONTROL HGL = 154.550 FEET

\*NOTE: ASSUMED DOWNSTREAM CONTROL DEPTH( 0.00 FT.)  
 IS LESS THAN CRITICAL DEPTH( 0.50 FT.)

====> CRITICAL DEPTH IS ASSUMED AS DOWNSTREAM CONTROL DEPTH  
 FOR UPSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS

-----  
 NODE 1125.00 : HGL = < 154.960>; EGL = < 155.288>; FLOWLINE = < 154.550>  
 -----

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1125.00 TO NODE 1120.00 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1120.00 ELEVATION = 154.73 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):  
 PIPE FLOW = 1.80 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES

PIPE LENGTH = 18.00 FEET 1125\_V. RES MANNING'S N = 0.01300

NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.42 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.50

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.38

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	0.384	5.040	0.779	21.09
0.654	0.385	5.013	0.776	21.03
1.327	0.387	4.987	0.773	20.97
2.021	0.388	4.961	0.771	20.92
2.738	0.390	4.935	0.768	20.86
3.480	0.391	4.909	0.766	20.80
4.250	0.393	4.883	0.763	20.75
5.051	0.394	4.858	0.761	20.69
5.886	0.395	4.833	0.758	20.64
6.759	0.397	4.808	0.756	20.58
7.677	0.398	4.784	0.754	20.53
8.643	0.400	4.759	0.752	20.48
9.667	0.401	4.735	0.750	20.43
10.756	0.403	4.711	0.748	20.38
11.923	0.404	4.688	0.746	20.34
13.183	0.406	4.664	0.744	20.29
14.554	0.407	4.641	0.742	20.24
16.064	0.409	4.618	0.740	20.20
17.749	0.410	4.595	0.738	20.15
18.000	0.410	4.592	0.738	20.15

NODE 1120.00 : HGL = < 155.114>; EGL= < 155.509>; FLOWLINE= < 154.730>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1120.00 TO NODE 1120.00 IS CODE = 5  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1120.00 ELEVATION = 155.06 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	1.80	18.00	60.00	155.06	0.50	14.513
DOWNSTREAM	1.80	18.00	-	154.73	0.50	5.041
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===					

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$$DY = \frac{(Q2*V2 - Q1*V1*\cos(\Delta1) - Q3*V3*\cos(\Delta3) - Q4*V4*\cos(\Delta4))}{((A1+A2)*16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}}$$

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.28649

DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.01427

AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.15038

JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET

FRICTION LOSSES = 0.602 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET

JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY+HV1-HV2)+(ENTRANCE LOSSES)

JUNCTION LOSSES = (3.006)+(0.000) = 3.006

NODE 1120.00 : HGL = < 155.244>; EGL= < 158.515>; FLOWLINE= < 155.060>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1120.00 TO NODE 1150.00 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1150.00 ELEVATION = 202.18 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

1125\_V. RES

CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 1.80 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
 PIPE LENGTH = 140.78 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.18 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.50

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.50

GRADUALLY VARI ED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECI FIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	0.505	3.444	0.689	18.84
0.002	0.492	3.570	0.690	18.86
0.009	0.479	3.706	0.692	18.93
0.021	0.466	3.850	0.696	19.04
0.038	0.452	4.006	0.702	19.21
0.063	0.439	4.173	0.710	19.43
0.096	0.426	4.352	0.721	19.71
0.138	0.413	4.546	0.734	20.06
0.192	0.400	4.756	0.752	20.48
0.258	0.387	4.984	0.773	20.97
0.340	0.374	5.232	0.799	21.55
0.441	0.361	5.502	0.831	22.21
0.564	0.348	5.798	0.870	22.99
0.715	0.334	6.124	0.917	23.87
0.901	0.321	6.482	0.974	24.89
1.129	0.308	6.879	1.043	26.05
1.413	0.295	7.320	1.128	27.39
1.767	0.282	7.812	1.230	28.91
2.216	0.269	8.365	1.356	30.66
2.794	0.256	8.989	1.511	32.66
3.557	0.243	9.698	1.704	34.98
4.598	0.230	10.508	1.945	37.66
6.092	0.217	11.443	2.251	40.79
8.438	0.203	12.530	2.643	44.46
12.917	0.190	13.806	3.152	48.80
140.780	0.184	14.508	3.455	51.20

NODE 1150.00 : HGL = < 202.685>; EGL= < 202.869>; FLOWLINE= < 202.180>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1150.00 TO NODE 1150.00 IS CODE = 8  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1150.00 ELEVATI ON = 202.18 (FLOW IS SUBCRI TICAL)

CALCULATE CATCH BASIN ENTRANCE LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 1.80 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
 FLOW VELOCITY = 3.44 FEET/SEC. VELOCITY HEAD = 0.184 FEET  
 CATCH BASIN ENERGY LOSS = .2\*(VELOCITY HEAD) = .2\*( 0.184) = 0.037

NODE 1150.00 : HGL = < 202.906>; EGL= < 202.906>; FLOWLINE= < 202.180>

\*\*\*\*\*

UPSTREAM PIPE FLOW CONTROL DATA:

NODE NUMBER = 1150.00 FLOWLINE ELEVATI ON = 202.18  
 ASSUMED UPSTREAM CONTROL HGL = 202.68 FOR DOWNSTREAM RUN ANALYSI S

END OF GRADUALLY VARI ED FLOW ANALYSI S

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**RIP RAP PAD AT NODE 1230**  
**SYSTEM 5 MAPLE CAYON RESTORATION PHASE 1**

HEC-RAS Plan: 18-inch\_SDD104 River: River01 Reach: Reach01 Profile: PF 1

Reach	River Sta	Profile	Q Total (cfs)	Min Ch El (ft)	W.S. Elev (ft)	Crit W.S. (ft)	E.G. Elev (ft)	E.G. Slope (ft/ft)	Vel Chnl (ft/s)	Flow Area (sq ft)	Top Width (ft)	Froude # Chl
Reach01	100	PF 1	5.10	100.00	100.37	100.71	101.71	0.174164	9.32	0.55	5.19	2.72
Reach01	99.*	PF 1	5.10	100.00	100.27	100.58	101.63	0.038011	9.36	0.54	5.13	3.16
Reach01	98.*	PF 1	5.10	99.99	100.21	100.49	101.59	0.052795	9.45	0.54	5.30	3.58
Reach01	97	PF 1	5.10	99.99	100.17	100.44	101.44	0.465908	9.01	0.57	5.63	3.66
Reach01	96.*	PF 1	5.10	99.98	100.19	100.38	100.95	0.249892	7.03	0.73	6.42	2.72
Reach01	95.*	PF 1	5.10	99.97	100.19	100.34	100.69	0.145952	5.67	0.90	7.19	2.11
Reach01	94.*	PF 1	5.10	99.97	100.22	100.31	100.54	0.078093	4.49	1.14	7.98	1.57
Reach01	93.*	PF 1	5.10	99.96	100.33	100.28	100.45	0.017048	2.72	1.87	9.10	0.78
Reach01	92.*	PF 1	5.10	99.96	100.33	100.26	100.43	0.014964	2.52	2.02	9.67	0.73
Reach01	91.*	PF 1	5.10	99.95	100.33	100.24	100.40	0.011758	2.27	2.25	10.29	0.65
Reach01	90	PF 1	5.10	99.95	100.32		100.39	0.010498	2.12	2.40	10.86	0.61
Reach01	89.*	PF 1	5.10	99.94	100.32	100.20	100.38	0.008478	1.93	2.64	10.88	0.55
Reach01	88.*	PF 1	5.10	99.94	100.31	100.18	100.36	0.007660	1.82	2.80	10.87	0.53
Reach01	87.*	PF 1	5.10	99.93	100.31	100.16	100.35	0.006301	1.67	3.05	10.89	0.48
Reach01	86.*	PF 1	5.10	99.93	100.31	100.16	100.35	0.005745	1.59	3.21	10.88	0.46
Reach01	85	PF 1	5.10	99.93	100.31	100.14	100.34	0.005008	1.49	3.42	10.89	0.43

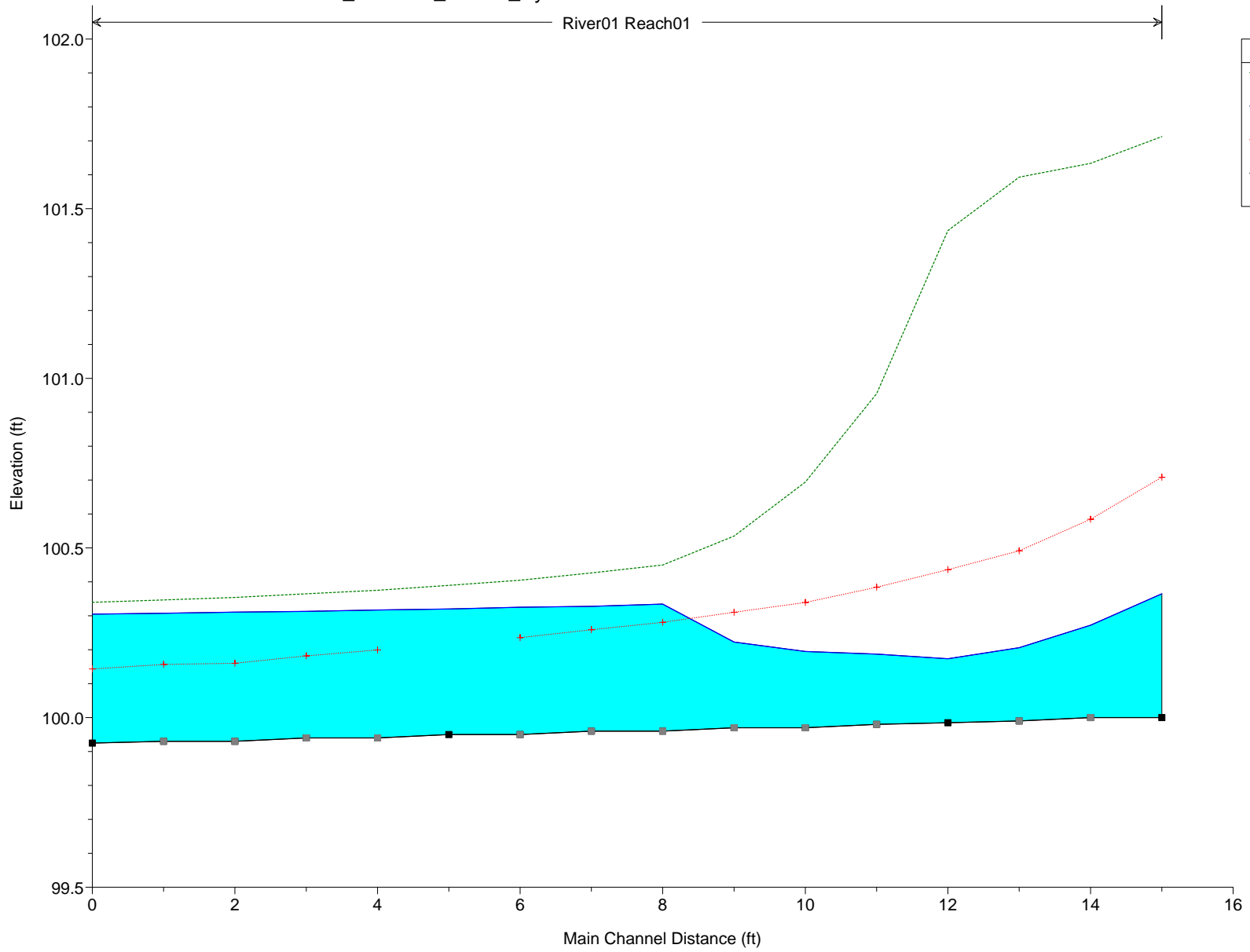
End of Wing Wall Facing Class

Hydraulic Jump

End of Facing Class

River01 Reach01

Legend	
EG PF 1	
WS PF 1	
Crit PF 1	
Ground	



\*\*\*\*\*

PIPE-FLOW HYDRAULICS COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE  
 (Reference: LACFCD, LACRD, AND OCEMA HYDRAULICS CRITERION)  
 (c) Copyright 1982-2014 Advanced Engineering Software (aes)  
 Ver. 21.0 Release Date: 06/01/2014 License ID 1261

Analysis prepared by:

RI CK ENGINEERING COMPANY  
 5620 Friars Road  
 San Diego, California 92110  
 619-291-0707 Fax 619-291-4165

\*\*\*\*\* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY \*\*\*\*\*  
 \* J#18022-F MAPLE CANYON RESTORATION PHASE 1 \*  
 \* SYSTEM 12 - MAINLINE VELOCITY RUN FROM NODES 1230 TO 1210 \*  
 \* TAILWATER ASSUMED TO BE FLOWLINE OF PIPE \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*

FILE NAME: 1230\_V. RAT  
 TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 17:42 03/31/2019

\*\*\*\*\*

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW ANALYSIS FOR PIPE SYSTEM  
 NODAL POINT STATUS TABLE

(Note: "\*" indicates nodal point data used.)

NODE NUMBER	MODEL PROCESS	UPSTREAM RUN		DOWNSTREAM RUN	
		PRESSURE HEAD(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)	FLOW DEPTH(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
1230.00-		0.88 Dc	74.13	0.59*	90.71
}	FRI CTI ON				
1225.00-		0.88 Dc	74.13	0.53*	101.26
}	JUNCTI ON				
1225.00-		0.97	75.18	0.27*	238.15
}	FRI CTI ON				
1220.00-		0.88 Dc	74.13	0.32*	191.12
}	JUNCTI ON				
1220.00-		0.88 Dc	74.13	0.29*	225.48
}	FRI CTI ON				
1215.00-		0.88*Dc	74.13	0.88*Dc	74.13
}	JUNCTI ON				
1215.00-		1.19	85.40	0.36*	163.80
}	FRI CTI ON				
1210.00-		0.88*Dc	74.13	0.88*Dc	74.13
}	CATCH BASI N				
1210.00-		1.31*	41.13	0.88 Dc	25.37

-----  
 MAXIMUM NUMBER OF ENERGY BALANCES USED IN EACH PROFILE = 25  
 -----

NOTE: STEADY FLOW HYDRAULIC HEAD-LOSS COMPUTATIONS BASED ON THE MOST CONSERVATIVE FORMULAE FROM THE CURRENT LACRD, LACFCD, AND OCEMA DESIGN MANUALS.

\*\*\*\*\*

DOWNSTREAM PIPE FLOW CONTROL DATA:

NODE NUMBER = 1230.00 FLOWLINE ELEVATI ON = 138.54  
 PIPE FLOW = 5.20 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
 ASSUMED DOWNSTREAM CONTROL HGL = 138.540 FEET

\*NOTE: ASSUMED DOWNSTREAM CONTROL DEPTH( 0.00 FT.)  
 IS LESS THAN CRITICAL DEPTH( 0.88 FT.)  
 ==> CRITICAL DEPTH IS ASSUMED AS DOWNSTREAM CONTROL DEPTH  
 FOR UPSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS

-----

1230\_V. RES

NODE 1230.00 : HGL = < 139.133>; EGL= < 140.128>; FLOWLINE= < 138.540>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1230.00 TO NODE 1225.00 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1225.00 ELEVATION = 138.70 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 5.20 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
 PIPE LENGTH = 16.00 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

-----  
 NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.75 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.88

-----  
 UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.53

-----  
 GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DISTANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	0.531	9.280	1.869	101.26
2.115	0.540	9.080	1.821	99.55
4.260	0.548	8.888	1.776	97.92
6.438	0.557	8.704	1.734	96.38
8.653	0.566	8.526	1.695	94.91
10.909	0.574	8.355	1.659	93.51
13.209	0.583	8.190	1.625	92.19
15.558	0.591	8.031	1.593	90.93
16.000	0.593	8.003	1.588	90.71

-----  
 NODE 1225.00 : HGL = < 139.231>; EGL= < 140.569>; FLOWLINE= < 138.700>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1225.00 TO NODE 1225.00 IS CODE = 5  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1225.00 ELEVATION = 139.03 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	5.20	18.00	60.00	139.03	0.88	23.480
DOWNSTREAM	5.20	18.00	-	138.70	0.88	9.283
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===					

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$DY = (Q2*V2 - Q1*V1 * \cos(\Delta 1) - Q3*V3 * \cos(\Delta 3) - Q4*V4 * \cos(\Delta 4)) / ((A1+A2) * 16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$   
 UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.45880  
 DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.03390  
 AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.24635  
 JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET  
 FRICTION LOSSES = 0.985 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET  
 JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY+HV1-HV2)+(ENTRANCE LOSSES)  
 JUNCTION LOSSES = ( 7.296)+( 0.000) = 7.296

-----  
 NODE 1225.00 : HGL = < 139.304>; EGL= < 147.865>; FLOWLINE= < 139.030>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1225.00 TO NODE 1220.00 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1220.00 ELEVATION = 204.71 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 5.20 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
 PIPE LENGTH = 140.00 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.27 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.88

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.32

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECI FIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	0.321	18.735	5.775	191.12
0.414	0.319	18.896	5.867	192.72
0.850	0.317	19.061	5.962	194.34
1.310	0.315	19.228	6.060	195.99
1.796	0.314	19.397	6.159	197.66
2.311	0.312	19.569	6.262	199.37
2.857	0.310	19.744	6.366	201.09
3.439	0.308	19.921	6.474	202.85
4.061	0.306	20.101	6.584	204.64
4.726	0.304	20.284	6.697	206.45
5.442	0.302	20.470	6.813	208.29
6.215	0.300	20.659	6.931	210.17
7.053	0.298	20.851	7.053	212.07
7.967	0.296	21.046	7.178	214.01
8.971	0.294	21.244	7.307	215.98
10.082	0.292	21.446	7.439	217.98
11.322	0.290	21.651	7.574	220.02
12.722	0.288	21.859	7.713	222.09
14.325	0.286	22.071	7.855	224.20
16.193	0.285	22.287	8.002	226.34
18.426	0.283	22.506	8.152	228.52
21.185	0.281	22.728	8.307	230.74
24.779	0.279	22.955	8.466	233.00
29.895	0.277	23.186	8.630	235.29
38.745	0.275	23.420	8.798	237.63
140.000	0.274	23.473	8.835	238.15

NODE 1220.00 : HGL = < 205.031>; EGL= < 210.485>; FLOWLINE= < 204.710>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1220.00 TO NODE 1220.00 IS CODE = 5  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1220.00 ELEVATION = 205.04 (FLOW IS SUPERCRI TICAL)

CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DI AMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITI CAL DEPTH(FT. )	VELOCIT Y (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	5.20	18.00	15.00	205.04	0.88	22.207
DOWNSTREAM	5.20	18.00	-	204.71	0.88	18.740
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$$DY = (Q2 \cdot V2 - Q1 \cdot V1 \cdot \cos(\Delta 1) - Q3 \cdot V3 \cdot \cos(\Delta 3) - Q4 \cdot V4 \cdot \cos(\Delta 4)) / ((A1 + A2) \cdot 16.1) + \text{FRIC TION LOSSES}$$

UPSTREAM: MANNING' S N = 0.01300; FRIC TION SLOPE = 0.39172

DOWNSTREAM: MANNING' S N = 0.01300; FRIC TION SLOPE = 0.24231

AVERAGED FRIC TION SLOPE IN JUNCTI ON ASSUMED AS 0.31702

JUNCTI ON LENGTH = 4.00 FEET

FRIC TION LOSSES = 1.268 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET

JUNCTI ON LOSSES = (DY + HV1 - HV2) + (ENTRANCE LOSSES)

JUNCTI ON LOSSES = ( 2.498) + ( 0.000) = 2.498

NODE 1220.00 : HGL = < 205.325>; EGL= < 212.983>; FLOWLINE= < 205.040>

1230\_V. RES

\*\*\*\*\*  
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1220.00 TO NODE 1215.00 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1215.00 ELEVATION = 225.16 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 5.20 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
 PIPE LENGTH = 36.00 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

-----  
 NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.26 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.88

=====

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.88

=====

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECI FIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	0.878	4.837	1.242	74.13
0.003	0.853	5.007	1.243	74.22
0.011	0.829	5.191	1.247	74.51
0.025	0.804	5.389	1.255	74.99
0.047	0.779	5.604	1.267	75.70
0.077	0.755	5.837	1.284	76.65
0.118	0.730	6.090	1.306	77.85
0.170	0.705	6.365	1.335	79.34
0.236	0.681	6.666	1.371	81.15
0.320	0.656	6.996	1.417	83.30
0.423	0.631	7.359	1.473	85.84
0.552	0.607	7.759	1.542	88.82
0.711	0.582	8.201	1.627	92.28
0.907	0.557	8.694	1.732	96.30
1.151	0.533	9.244	1.860	100.95
1.455	0.508	9.862	2.019	106.33
1.836	0.483	10.559	2.216	112.58
2.321	0.459	11.350	2.460	119.82
2.945	0.434	12.255	2.768	128.27
3.763	0.409	13.298	3.157	138.15
4.862	0.385	14.509	3.656	149.79
6.392	0.360	15.930	4.303	163.58
8.638	0.335	17.616	5.157	180.09
12.248	0.311	19.640	6.304	200.07
19.318	0.286	22.106	7.879	224.55
36.000	0.285	22.200	7.943	225.48

-----  
 NODE 1215.00 : HGL = < 226.038>; EGL= < 226.402>; FLOWLINE= < 225.160>

\*\*\*\*\*  
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1215.00 TO NODE 1215.00 IS CODE = 5  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1215.00 ELEVATION = 225.49 (FLOW IS SUBCRITICAL)  
 (NOTE: POSSIBLE JUMP IN OR UPSTREAM OF STRUCTURE)

-----  
 CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	5.20	18.00	90.00	225.49	0.88	15.958
DOWNSTREAM	5.20	18.00	-	225.16	0.88	4.839
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===					

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:  
 $DY = (Q2 \cdot V2 - Q1 \cdot V1 \cdot \cos(\Delta 1) - Q3 \cdot V3 \cdot \cos(\Delta 3) - Q4 \cdot V4 \cdot \cos(\Delta 4)) / ((A1 + A2) \cdot 16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$

1230\_V.RES

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.15397  
 DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00586  
 AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.07992  
 JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET  
 FRICTION LOSSES = 0.320 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET  
 JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY+HV1-HV2)+(ENTRANCE LOSSES)  
 JUNCTION LOSSES = ( 3.402)+( 0.000) = 3.402

-----  
 NODE 1215.00 : HGL = < 225.850>; EGL= < 229.804>; FLOWLINE= < 225.490>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1215.00 TO NODE 1210.00 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1210.00 ELEVATION = 229.08 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):  
 PIPE FLOW = 5.20 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
 PIPE LENGTH = 6.42 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

-----  
 NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.26 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.88

-----  
 UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.88

=====

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECI FIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	0.878	4.837	1.242	74.13
0.003	0.853	5.008	1.243	74.22
0.011	0.829	5.191	1.247	74.51
0.025	0.804	5.389	1.255	74.99
0.047	0.779	5.604	1.267	75.70
0.077	0.755	5.837	1.284	76.65
0.117	0.730	6.090	1.306	77.85
0.170	0.705	6.365	1.335	79.35
0.236	0.681	6.666	1.371	81.15
0.320	0.656	6.996	1.417	83.31
0.423	0.631	7.359	1.473	85.85
0.552	0.607	7.759	1.542	88.82
0.710	0.582	8.202	1.627	92.28
0.907	0.557	8.694	1.732	96.30
1.150	0.533	9.244	1.861	100.95
1.454	0.508	9.862	2.019	106.34
1.836	0.483	10.559	2.216	112.58
2.320	0.459	11.351	2.461	119.83
2.944	0.434	12.256	2.768	128.28
3.762	0.409	13.299	3.157	138.16
4.860	0.385	14.511	3.656	149.80
6.390	0.360	15.932	4.304	163.60
6.420	0.360	15.953	4.314	163.80

-----  
 NODE 1210.00 : HGL = < 229.958>; EGL= < 230.322>; FLOWLINE= < 229.080>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1210.00 TO NODE 1210.00 IS CODE = 8  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1210.00 ELEVATION = 229.08 (FLOW IS SUBCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE CATCH BASIN ENTRANCE LOSSES(LACFCD):  
 PIPE FLOW = 5.20 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 18.00 INCHES  
 FLOW VELOCITY = 4.84 FEET/SEC. VELOCITY HEAD = 0.364 FEET  
 CATCH BASIN ENERGY LOSS = .2\*(VELOCITY HEAD) = .2\*( 0.364) = 0.073

-----  
 NODE 1210.00 : HGL = < 230.394>; EGL= < 230.394>; FLOWLINE= < 229.080>

1230\_V. RES

\*\*\*\*\*

UPSTREAM PIPE FLOW CONTROL DATA:

NODE NUMBER = 1210.00

FLOWLINE ELEVATION = 229.08

ASSUMED UPSTREAM CONTROL HGL = 229.96 FOR DOWNSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS

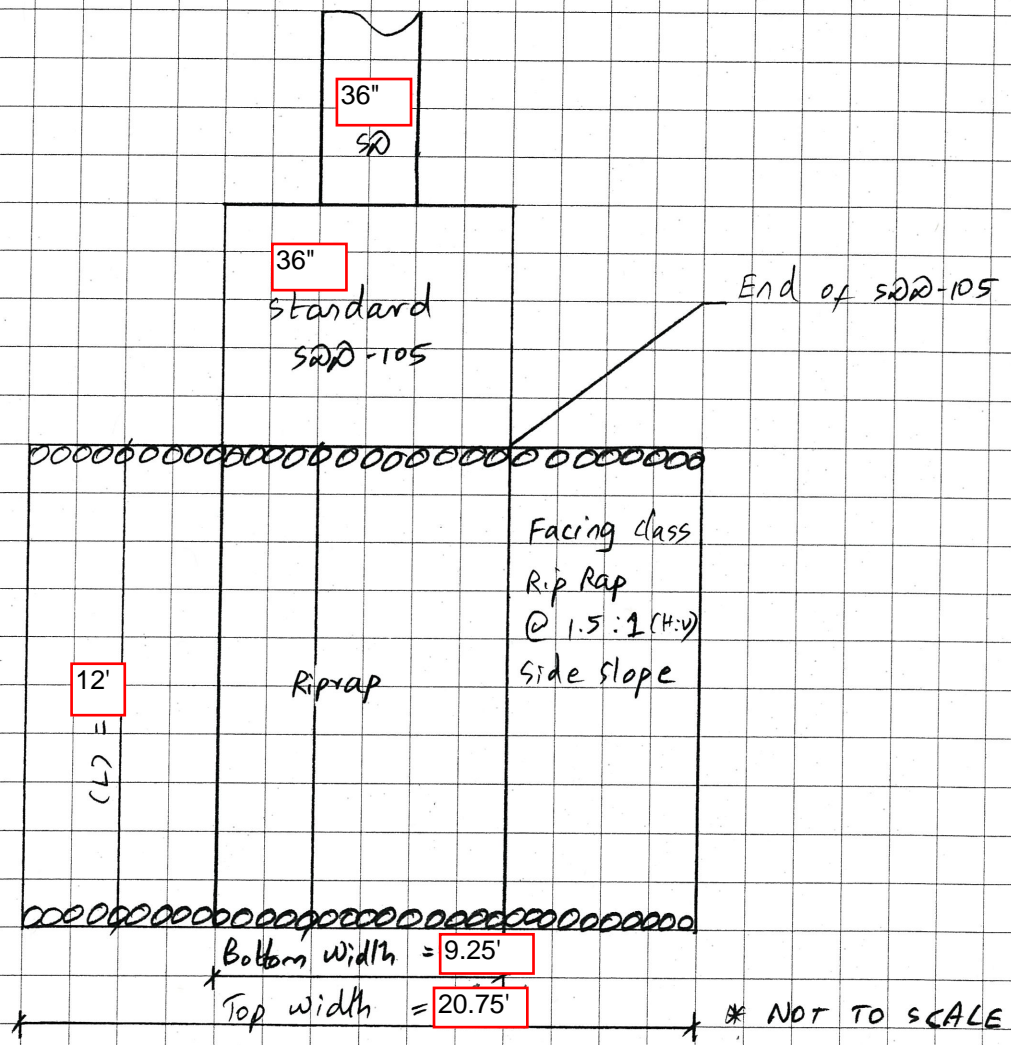
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END OF GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW ANALYSIS

♀



Energy Dissipater @ Node 1350 System 13



∴ Install Facing class  $20.75'$  (w)  $\times$   $12'$  (L)  $\times$   $1.4'$  (T) with filter blanket material per geotechnical engineer's recommendation. For last 5 ft install double thickness rip-rap - T = 2.8'

### SDD-105 Rip-Rap Sizing

**Outfall Location:** 1350

**Proposed pipe size:** 36 inches

#### **STEP 1**

**Velocity off of proposed pipe:** 31.9 feet/second

From AES Pipeflow output for SITE 1 storm drain system.

Please refer to Appendix D - Node 1350

Therefore, Design Velocity: 31.9 ft/sec.

**OK Design Velocity < 35 ft/sec**

#### **STEP 2**

Max Discharge from storm drain pipe, 85 cfs From SDD-105 Standard Detail

Design Discharge,  $Q_{\text{design}}$  41.9 cfs From AES Pipeflow Run

**OK Design Discharge < Max Discharge**

Therefore, assuming the flow off of SDD-105 is subcritical and weirs on to the rip-rap

#### **STEP 3**

Weir Equation  $Q = CLH^{3/2}$

$Q_{\text{design}}$  41.9 cfs

C 3

L 12.33 feet From SDD-105 standard detail

Solving for H, depth of weir flow

H depth of weir flow 1.09 feet

Area, A = Length \* Height 13.4 square-feet

Velocity, V 3.1 feet/second

**OK Velocity < 5 ft/sec. Hence, non-erosive**

#### **STEP 4**

Check for depth of weir flow,  $H < d + (g/2)$

From SDD-105 standard detail

d 1.6 feet

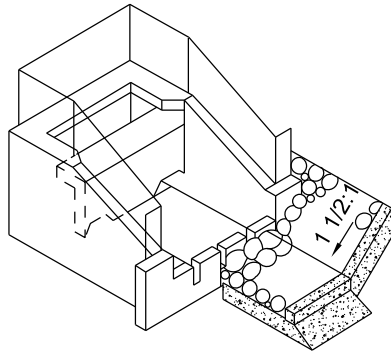
g 3.5 feet

$d + (g/2)$  3.3 feet

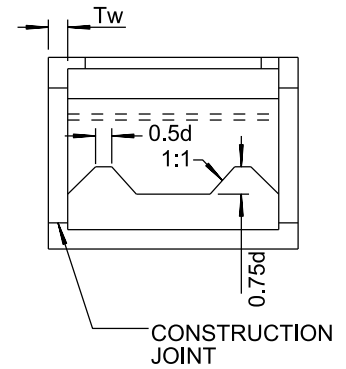
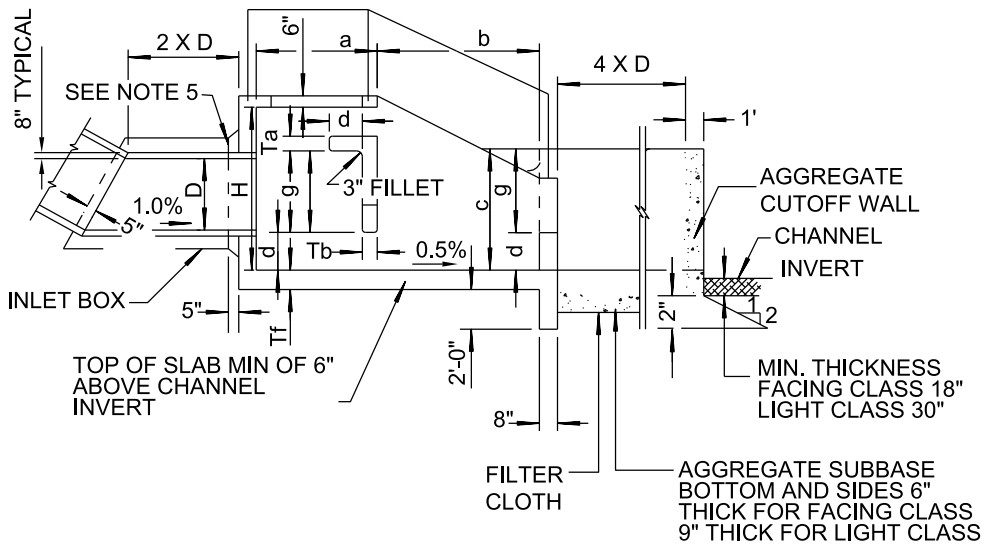
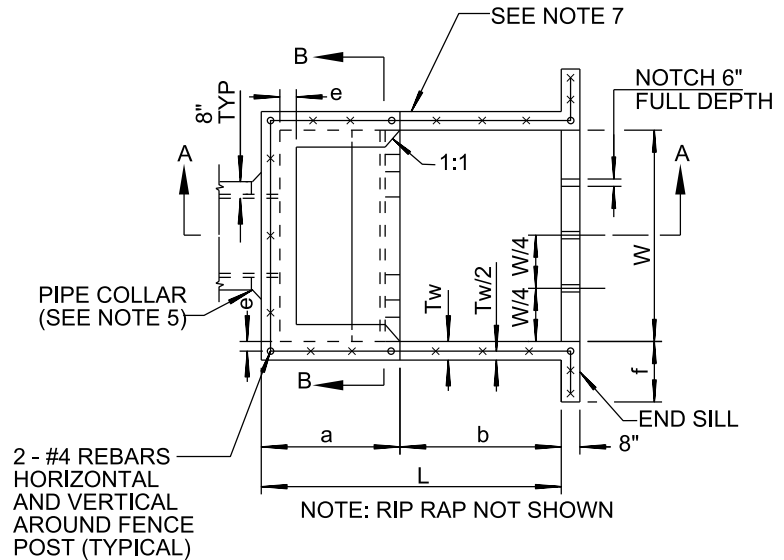
**Depth of weir flow off of SDD-105 is less than  $d + (g/2)$**

Since,  $V = 3.1 \text{ feet/sec}$  (< 5 feet/sec), install Facing class riprap, based on Table 200-1.7 off the Whitebook.

Please refer to the end of this Appendix for rip-rap details.



**PICTORIAL VIEW**



**NOTES**

SEE TABLE ON SHEET 2 FOR DIMENSIONS, SEE NOTES ON SHEET 2.

REVISION	BY	APPROVED	DATE
ORIGINAL*	KA	J. NAGELVOORT	01/12
UPDATED	BD	J. NAGELVOORT	08/15
UPDATED	AB	J. NAGELVOORT	02/16
REDRAFTED	CD	J. NAGELVOORT	09/18

CITY OF SAN DIEGO - STANDARD DRAWING

**CONCRETE ENERGY DISSIPATOR**

RECOMMENDED BY THE CITY OF SAN DIEGO STANDARDS COMMITTEE

*Chungee* 9/10/18  
COORDINATOR R.C.E. 56523 DATE

DRAWING NUMBER **SDD-105**


**CONCRETE ENERGY DISSIPATOR DIMENSIONS**

Pipe Dia, Inch (D)	18	24	30	36	42	48	54	60	72
Area (sq ft)	1.77	3.14	4.91	7.07	9.62	12.57	15.90	19.63	28.27
Max Q (cfs)	21	38	59	85	115	151	191	236	339
W	5'-6"	6'-9"	8'-0"	9'-3"	10'-6"	11'-9"	13'-0"	14'-3"	16'-6"
H	4'-3"	5'-3"	6'-3"	7'-3"	8'-0"	9'-0"	9'-9"	10'-9"	12'-3"
L	7'-4"	9'-0"	10'-8"	12'-4"	14'-0"	15'-8"	17'-4"	19'-0"	22'-0"
a	3'-3"	3'-11"	4'-7"	5'-3"	6'-0"	6'-9"	7'-4"	8'-0"	9'-3"
b	4'-1"	5'-1"	6'-1"	7'-1"	8'-0"	8'-11"	10'-0"	11'-0"	12'-9"
c	2'-4"	2'-10"	3'-4"	3'-10"	4'-5"	4'-11"	5'-5"	5'-11"	6'-11"
d	0'-11"	1'-2"	1'-4"	1'-7"	1'-9"	2'-0"	2'-2"	2'-5"	2'-9"
e	0'-6"	0'-6"	0'-8"	0'-8"	0'-10"	0'-10"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-3"
f	1'-6"	2'-0"	2'-6"	3'-0"	3'-0"	3'-0"	3'-0"	3'-0"	3'-0"
g	2'-1"	2'-6"	3'-0"	3'-6"	3'-11"	4'-5"	4'-11"	5'-4"	6'-2"
Tf		8"		10"			12"		
Tb		7"		9 1/2"			10 1/2"		
Tw		7"		9 1/2"			10 1/2"		
Ta		7"					8"		

**NOTES**

- DESIGN EQUIVALENT FLUID PRESSURE (EARTH LOADING) = 60 pcf MAXIMUM OUTLET VELOCITY = 35 ft / s
- CONCRETE SHALL BE 560-C-3250
- REINFORCING SHALL CONFORM TO ASTM DESIGNATION A615 AND MAY BE GRADE 40 OR 60. REINFORCING SHALL BE PLACED WITH 2" CLEAR CONCRETE COVER UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE. SPLICES SHALL NOT BE PERMITTED EXCEPT AS INDICATED ON THE PLANS.
- FOR PIPE GRADES NOT EXCEEDING 20%, INLET BOX MAY BE OMITTED.
- IF INLET BOX IS OMITTED, CONSTRUCT PIPE COLLAR AS SHOWN.
- UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE, ALL REINFORCING BAR BENDS SHALL BE FABRICATED WITH STANDARD HOOKS. FOR STRUCTURAL DETAILS, **SEE D-42** FOR PIPELINE SIZES FROM 18" TO 30" AND **SEE D-43** FOR PIPELINE SIZES FROM 36" TO 72".
- 5' HIGH CHAIN LINK FENCING, EMBED POST 18" DEEP IN WALLS AND ENCASE WITH CLASS B MORTAR.
- IN SANDY AND SILTY SOIL:
  - RIP RAP AND AGGREGATE BASE CUTOFF WALL REQUIRED AT THE END OF ROCK APRON.
  - FILTER CLOTH (POLYFILTER X OR EQUIVALENT) SHALL BE INSTALLED ON NATIVE SOIL BASE, MINIMUM OF 1' OVERLAPS AT JOINTS
- RIP RAP AND SUBBASE CLASSIFICATION SHALL BE **AS SHOWN ON PLANS**.
- FOR RIP RAP SELECTION SEE TABLE 200-1.7 OF THE WHITEBOOK.

SHEET 2 OF 2

REVISION	BY	APPROVED	DATE	CITY OF SAN DIEGO – STANDARD DRAWING	RECOMMENDED BY THE CITY OF SAN DIEGO STANDARDS COMMITTEE
ORIGINAL*	KA	J. NAGELVOORT	01/12		
UPDATED	BD	J. NAGELVOORT	08/15		
UPDATED	AB	J. NAGELVOORT	02/16		
REDRAFTED	CD	J. NAGELVOORT	09/18		
				<b>CONCRETE ENERGY DISSIPATOR</b>	 COORDINATOR R.C.E. 56523
					DRAWING NUMBER <b>SDD-105</b>

\*\*\*\*\*

PIPE-FLOW HYDRAULICS COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE  
 (Reference: LACFCD, LACRD, AND OCEMA HYDRAULICS CRITERION)  
 (c) Copyright 1982-2014 Advanced Engineering Software (aes)  
 Ver. 21.0 Release Date: 06/01/2014 License ID 1261

Analysis prepared by:

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\*\*\*\*\* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY \*\*\*\*\*

- \* J#18022-F MAPLE CANYON RESTORATION PHASE 1 \*
- \* SYSTEM 13 - MAINLINE VELOCITY RUN FROM NODES 1350 TO 1330 \*
- \* TAILWATER ASSUMED TO BE FLOWLINE OF PIPE \*

FILE NAME: 1350\_V.PIP  
 TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 16:26 03/31/2019

\*\*\*\*\*

GRADUALLY VARI ED FLOW ANALY SIS FOR PI PE SY STE M  
 NODAL POI NT STATU S TAB LE

(Note: "\*" indicates nodal point data used.)

NODE NUMBER	MODEL PROCESS	UPSTREAM RUN		DOWNSTREAM RUN	
		PRESSURE HEAD(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)	FLOW DEPTH(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
1350.00-		2.11 Dc	949.68	0.76*	2437.75
	} FRICTI ON				
1345.00-		2.11 Dc	949.68	0.72*	2615.56
	} JUNCTI ON				
1345.00-		2.42	848.63	0.58*	2770.06
	} FRICTI ON				
1342.50-		1.97 Dc	797.87	0.65*	2352.18
	} JUNCTI ON				
1342.50-		1.97 Dc	797.87	0.62*	2503.68
	} FRICTI ON				
1340.00-		1.97 Dc	797.87	1.54*	868.19
	} JUNCTI ON				
1340.00-		1.97*Dc	797.87	1.97*Dc	797.87
	} FRICTI ON				
1335.00-		2.03*	798.73	1.97 Dc	797.87
	} JUNCTI ON				
1335.00-		2.79*	694.33	1.42	382.71
	} FRICTI ON				
1332.00-		2.24*	505.94	1.47 Dc	381.99
	} JUNCTI ON				
1332.00-		2.38	496.74	0.74*	621.45
	} FRICTI ON				
1330.00-		1.49*Dc	359.10	1.49*Dc	359.10
	} CATCH BASI N				
1330.00-		2.24*	200.08	1.49 Dc	122.46

-----  
 MAXI MU M NU MBER OF ENER GY BALAN CES US ED I N EA CH PROFI LE = 25  
 -----

NOTE: STEADY FLOW HYDRAULIC HEAD-LOSS COMPUTATIONS BASED ON THE MOST CONSERVATIVE FORMULAE FROM THE CURRENT LACRD, LACFCD, AND OCEMA DESIGN MANUALS.

\*\*\*\*\*

DOWNSTREAM PIPE FLOW CONTROL DATA:

1350\_V.RES

NODE NUMBER = 1350.00 FLOWLINE ELEVATION = 138.67  
 PIPE FLOW = 41.90 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 36.00 INCHES  
 ASSUMED DOWNSTREAM CONTROL HGL = 138.670 FEET  
 \*NOTE: ASSUMED DOWNSTREAM CONTROL DEPTH( 0.00 FT. )  
 IS LESS THAN CRITICAL DEPTH( 2.11 FT. )  
 ==> CRITICAL DEPTH IS ASSUMED AS DOWNSTREAM CONTROL DEPTH  
 FOR UPSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS

-----  
 NODE 1350.00 : HGL = < 139.431>; EGL= < 153.113>; FLOWLINE= < 138.670>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1350.00 TO NODE 1345.00 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1345.00 ELEVATION = 138.77 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):  
 PIPE FLOW = 41.90 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 36.00 INCHES  
 PIPE LENGTH = 10.00 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

-----  
 NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 1.72 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 2.11

-----  
 UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.72

=====

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECI FIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	0.723	31.904	16.538	2615.56
10.000	0.761	29.674	14.443	2437.75

-----  
 NODE 1345.00 : HGL = < 139.493>; EGL= < 155.308>; FLOWLINE= < 138.770>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1345.00 TO NODE 1345.00 IS CODE = 5  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1345.00 ELEVATION = 139.10 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE JUNCTI ON LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DI AMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITI CAL DEPTH(FT. )	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	36.80	36.00	7.82	139.10	1.97	38.647
DOWNSTREAM	41.90	36.00	-	138.77	2.11	31.913
LATERAL #1	5.10	18.00	90.00	140.60	0.87	4.804
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000

Q5 0.00==Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT==

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTI ON FORMULAE USED:  
 $DY = (Q2*V2 - Q1*V1 * \cos(\Delta 1) - Q3*V3 * \cos(\Delta 3) - Q4*V4 * \cos(\Delta 4)) / ((A1+A2) * 16.1) + \text{FRI CTI ON LOSSES}$   
 UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRI CTI ON SLOPE = 0.46438  
 DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRI CTI ON SLOPE = 0.24293  
 AVERAGED FRI CTI ON SLOPE IN JUNCTI ON ASSUMED AS 0.35365  
 JUNCTI ON LENGTH = 4.00 FEET  
 FRI CTI ON LOSSES = 1.415 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET  
 JUNCTI ON LOSSES = (DY+HV1-HV2)+(ENTRANCE LOSSES)  
 JUNCTI ON LOSSES = ( 7.562)+( 0.000) = 7.562

-----  
 NODE 1345.00 : HGL = < 139.677>; EGL= < 162.870>; FLOWLINE= < 139.100>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1345.00 TO NODE 1342.50 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1342.50 ELEVATION = 188.05 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):  
 PIPE FLOW = 36.80 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 36.00 INCHES

1350\_V.RES  
 PIPE LENGTH = 102.94 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.57 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 1.97

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.65

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	0.649	32.712	17.275	2352.18
1.187	0.646	32.928	17.492	2367.36
2.434	0.643	33.146	17.714	2382.72
3.746	0.640	33.367	17.939	2398.27
5.129	0.637	33.591	18.168	2414.00
6.589	0.634	33.817	18.402	2429.92
8.136	0.631	34.045	18.640	2446.03
9.778	0.628	34.277	18.883	2462.33
11.527	0.625	34.511	19.130	2478.83
13.395	0.622	34.748	19.382	2495.54
15.398	0.619	34.987	19.639	2512.44
17.555	0.616	35.230	19.900	2529.56
19.888	0.613	35.476	20.167	2546.89
22.427	0.610	35.724	20.439	2564.43
25.207	0.607	35.976	20.717	2582.19
28.274	0.604	36.231	20.999	2600.17
31.689	0.601	36.489	21.288	2618.38
35.534	0.598	36.750	21.582	2636.82
39.925	0.595	37.014	21.882	2655.49
45.031	0.592	37.282	22.188	2674.40
51.113	0.589	37.553	22.500	2693.56
58.612	0.586	37.827	22.819	2712.96
68.351	0.583	38.105	23.144	2732.61
82.179	0.580	38.387	23.475	2752.52
102.940	0.577	38.635	23.770	2770.06

NODE 1342.50 : HGL = < 188.699>; EGL= < 205.325>; FLOWLINE= < 188.050>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1342.50 TO NODE 1342.50 IS CODE = 5  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1342.50 ELEVATION = 188.38 (FLOW IS SUPERCRI TICAL)

CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	36.80	36.00	8.50	188.38	1.97	34.874
DOWNSTREAM	36.80	36.00	-	188.05	1.97	32.723
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$$DY = (Q2*V2 - Q1*V1*\cos(\Delta A1) - Q3*V3*\cos(\Delta A3) - Q4*V4*\cos(\Delta A4)) / ((A1+A2)*16.1) + \text{FRI CTION LOSSES}$$

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRI CTION SLOPE = 0.34719  
 DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRI CTION SLOPE = 0.29000

AVERAGED FRI CTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.31859

JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET

FRI CTION LOSSES = 1.274 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET

JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY+HV1-HV2)+(ENTRANCE LOSSES)

JUNCTION LOSSES = ( 2.560)+( 0.000) = 2.560

NODE 1342.50 : HGL = < 189.000>; EGL= < 207.885>; FLOWLINE= < 188.380>

1350\_V. RES

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1342.50 TO NODE 1340.00 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1340.00 ELEVATION = 214.96 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 36.80 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 36.00 INCHES  
 PIPE LENGTH = 50.03 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

-----  
 NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.56 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 1.97

=====

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 1.54

=====

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECI FIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	1.538	10.082	3.118	868.19
0.130	1.499	10.418	3.185	883.35
0.283	1.460	10.777	3.264	900.45
0.460	1.421	11.161	3.356	919.65
0.666	1.381	11.573	3.462	941.11
0.905	1.342	12.015	3.585	965.04
1.183	1.303	12.491	3.727	991.67
1.505	1.264	13.005	3.892	1021.26
1.879	1.225	13.560	4.082	1054.10
2.315	1.185	14.162	4.302	1090.53
2.823	1.146	14.816	4.557	1130.95
3.420	1.107	15.528	4.853	1175.81
4.121	1.068	16.306	5.199	1225.65
4.951	1.029	17.158	5.603	1281.09
5.940	0.990	18.096	6.077	1342.86
7.126	0.950	19.131	6.637	1411.85
8.563	0.911	20.278	7.300	1489.10
10.326	0.872	21.554	8.091	1575.87
12.519	0.833	22.982	9.039	1673.69
15.299	0.794	24.588	10.187	1784.42
18.913	0.754	26.403	11.586	1910.39
23.780	0.715	28.469	13.308	2054.49
30.688	0.676	30.837	15.451	2220.37
41.423	0.637	33.572	18.149	2412.72
50.030	0.620	34.863	19.505	2503.68

-----  
 NODE 1340.00 : HGL = < 216.498>; EGL= < 218.078>; FLOWLINE= < 214.960>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1340.00 TO NODE 1340.00 IS CODE = 5  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1340.00 ELEVATION = 215.29 (FLOW IS AT CRITICAL DEPTH)

-----  
 CALCULATE JUNCTI ON LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DI AMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITI CAL DEPTH(FT. )	VELOCI TY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	36.80	36.00	0.00	215.29	1.97	7.466
DOWNSTREAM	36.80	36.00	-	214.96	1.97	7.466
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===					

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTI ON FORMULAE USED:

$$DY = \frac{(Q2*V2 - Q1*V1*\cos(\Delta A1) - Q3*V3*\cos(\Delta A3) - Q4*V4*\cos(\Delta A4))}{((A1+A2)*16.1) + \text{FRI CTI ON LOSSES}}$$

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRI CTI ON SLOPE = 0.00515  
 DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRI CTI ON SLOPE = 0.00515



1350\_V.RES

AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.00515

JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET

FRICTION LOSSES = 0.021 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET

JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY+HV1-HV2)+(ENTRANCE LOSSES)

JUNCTION LOSSES = ( 0.330)+( 0.000) = 0.330

NODE 1340.00 : HGL = < 217.263>; EGL= < 218.128>; FLOWLINE= < 215.290>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1340.00 TO NODE 1335.00 IS CODE = 1

UPSTREAM NODE 1335.00 ELEVATION = 215.69 (FLOW IS SUBCRITICAL)

CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 36.80 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 36.00 INCHES

PIPE LENGTH = 84.00 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 2.03 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 1.97

DOWNSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 1.97

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	1.973	7.464	2.838	797.87
0.013	1.975	7.454	2.838	797.87
0.054	1.977	7.445	2.838	797.88
0.126	1.980	7.435	2.838	797.88
0.230	1.982	7.425	2.838	797.89
0.371	1.984	7.416	2.839	797.91
0.552	1.986	7.406	2.839	797.92
0.778	1.989	7.397	2.839	797.94
1.054	1.991	7.387	2.839	797.97
1.385	1.993	7.378	2.839	797.99
1.779	1.995	7.369	2.839	798.02
2.245	1.997	7.359	2.839	798.05
2.793	2.000	7.350	2.839	798.09
3.436	2.002	7.341	2.839	798.12
4.191	2.004	7.331	2.839	798.16
5.080	2.006	7.322	2.839	798.21
6.131	2.009	7.313	2.840	798.25
7.382	2.011	7.304	2.840	798.30
8.886	2.013	7.295	2.840	798.36
10.722	2.015	7.285	2.840	798.41
13.011	2.018	7.276	2.840	798.47
15.958	2.020	7.267	2.841	798.53
19.944	2.022	7.258	2.841	798.59
25.828	2.024	7.249	2.841	798.66
36.364	2.027	7.240	2.841	798.73
84.000	2.027	7.240	2.841	798.73

NODE 1335.00 : HGL = < 217.717>; EGL= < 218.531>; FLOWLINE= < 215.690>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1335.00 TO NODE 1335.00 IS CODE = 5

UPSTREAM NODE 1335.00 ELEVATION = 216.07 (FLOW IS SUBCRITICAL)

CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	21.00	36.00	90.00	216.07	1.47	3.066
DOWNSTREAM	36.80	36.00	-	215.69	1.97	7.242
LATERAL #1	14.30	24.00	48.30	216.69	1.36	5.315

1350\_V. RES  
 LATERAL #2      1.50    18.00    14.80    217.19    0.46    1.082  
 Q5            0.00===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

DY=(Q2\*V2-Q1\*V1\*COS(DELTA1)-Q3\*V3\*COS(DELTA3)-  
 Q4\*V4\*COS(DELTA4))/((A1+A2)\*16.1)+FRICTION LOSSES  
 UPSTREAM:    MANNING'S N = 0.01300;    FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00086  
 DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300;    FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00478  
 AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.00282  
 JUNCTION LENGTH =    4.00 FEET  
 FRICTION LOSSES =    0.011 FEET            ENTRANCE LOSSES =    0.000 FEET  
 JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY+HV1-HV2)+(ENTRANCE LOSSES)  
 JUNCTION LOSSES = ( 0.473)+( 0.000) =    0.473

-----  
 NODE 1335.00 : HGL = < 218.859>; EGL= < 219.005>; FLOWLINE= < 216.070>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1335.00 TO NODE 1332.00 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1332.00    ELEVATION = 216.67 (FLOW IS SUBCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW    =    21.00 CFS            PIPE DIAMETER = 36.00 INCHES  
 PIPE LENGTH =    125.44 FEET            MANNING'S N = 0.01300

-----  
 NORMAL DEPTH(FT) =    1.42                      CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) =    1.47

-----  
 DOWNSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) =    2.79

=====

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	2.789	3.065	2.935	694.33
12.481	2.736	3.104	2.886	673.54
24.862	2.683	3.147	2.837	653.23
37.158	2.631	3.195	2.789	633.44
49.379	2.578	3.248	2.742	614.17
61.533	2.525	3.306	2.695	595.46
73.626	2.473	3.368	2.649	577.33
85.661	2.420	3.436	2.603	559.80
97.640	2.367	3.509	2.559	542.90
109.564	2.315	3.587	2.515	526.64
121.434	2.262	3.672	2.471	511.06
125.440	2.244	3.702	2.457	505.94

-----  
 NODE 1332.00 : HGL = < 218.914>; EGL= < 219.127>; FLOWLINE= < 216.670>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1332.00 TO NODE 1332.00 IS CODE = 5  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1332.00    ELEVATION = 217.00 (FLOW IS SUBCRITICAL)  
 (NOTE: POSSIBLE JUMP IN OR UPSTREAM OF STRUCTURE)

-----  
 CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	19.30	30.00	90.00	217.00	1.49	16.006
DOWNSTREAM	21.00	36.00	-	216.67	1.47	3.703
LATERAL #1	1.70	36.00	58.70	217.00	0.40	0.565
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===					

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

DY=(Q2\*V2-Q1\*V1\*COS(DELTA1)-Q3\*V3\*COS(DELTA3)-  
 Page 6

1350\_V.RES

Q4\*V4\*COS(DELTA4))/((A1+A2)\*16.1)+FRICTION LOSSES  
 UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.06222  
 DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00120  
 AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.03171  
 JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET  
 FRICTION LOSSES = 0.127 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET  
 JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY+HV1-HV2)+(ENTRANCE LOSSES)  
 JUNCTION LOSSES = ( 2.587)+( 0.000) = 2.587

NODE 1332.00 : HGL = < 217.736>; EGL= < 221.714>; FLOWLINE= < 217.000>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1332.00 TO NODE 1330.00 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1330.00 ELEVATION = 220.72 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):  
 PIPE FLOW = 19.30 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 30.00 INCHES  
 PIPE LENGTH = 29.57 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.61 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 1.49

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 1.49

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	1.490	6.325	2.111	359.10
0.014	1.455	6.509	2.113	359.41
0.057	1.420	6.705	2.118	360.35
0.133	1.385	6.913	2.127	361.97
0.247	1.350	7.136	2.141	364.30
0.405	1.315	7.374	2.160	367.40
0.612	1.280	7.629	2.184	371.31
0.876	1.245	7.902	2.215	376.11
1.206	1.210	8.196	2.254	381.86
1.614	1.175	8.512	2.301	388.64
2.112	1.140	8.852	2.358	396.53
2.718	1.105	9.221	2.426	405.64
3.452	1.070	9.619	2.508	416.08
4.340	1.035	10.052	2.605	428.00
5.417	1.000	10.524	2.721	441.53
6.726	0.965	11.038	2.858	456.87
8.327	0.930	11.602	3.021	474.22
10.301	0.895	12.220	3.215	493.84
12.763	0.860	12.903	3.447	516.02
15.884	0.825	13.658	3.724	541.11
19.932	0.790	14.498	4.056	569.53
25.355	0.755	15.436	4.457	601.80
29.570	0.736	16.001	4.714	621.45

NODE 1330.00 : HGL = < 222.210>; EGL= < 222.831>; FLOWLINE= < 220.720>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1330.00 TO NODE 1330.00 IS CODE = 8  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1330.00 ELEVATION = 220.72 (FLOW IS SUBCRITICAL)

CALCULATE CATCH BASIN ENTRANCE LOSSES(LACFCD):  
 PIPE FLOW = 19.30 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 30.00 INCHES  
 FLOW VELOCITY = 6.33 FEET/SEC. VELOCITY HEAD = 0.622 FEET  
 CATCH BASIN ENERGY LOSS = .2\*(VELOCITY HEAD) = .2\*( 0.622) = 0.124

NODE 1330.00 : HGL = < 222.956>; EGL= < 222.956>; FLOWLINE= < 220.720>

1350\_V. RES

\*\*\*\*\*

UPSTREAM PIPE FLOW CONTROL DATA:

NODE NUMBER = 1330.00      FLOWLINE ELEVATION = 220.72  
ASSUMED UPSTREAM CONTROL HGL = 222.21 FOR DOWNSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS

=====

END OF GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW ANALYSIS

♀

RIP RAP PAD AT NODE 1570  
SYSTEM 5 MAPLE CAYON RESTORATION PHASE 1

HEC-RAS Plan: 36-inch\_SDD104 River: River01 Reach: Reach01 Profile: PF 1

Reach	River Sta	Profile	Q Total (cfs)	Min Ch El (ft)	W.S. Elev (ft)	Crit W.S. (ft)	E.G. Elev (ft)	E.G. Slope (ft/ft)	Vel Chnl (ft/s)	Flow Area (sq ft)	Top Width (ft)	Froude # Chl
Reach01	100	PF 1	36.90	100.00	101.15	101.67	102.93	0.007267	10.70	3.45	12.90	1.76
Reach01	99.*	PF 1	36.90	100.00	100.94	101.51	102.90	0.010549	11.25	3.28	12.62	2.05
Reach01	98.*	PF 1	36.90	99.99	100.79	101.37	102.87	0.013961	11.60	3.18	12.75	2.29
Reach01	97	PF 1	36.90	99.99	100.68	101.26	102.83	0.196878	11.77	3.13	13.16	2.49
Reach01	96.*	PF 1	36.90	99.98	100.64	101.17	102.57	0.189386	11.16	3.31	13.19	2.42
Reach01	95.*	PF 1	36.90	99.97	100.61	101.09	102.32	0.175760	10.50	3.51	13.30	2.32
Reach01	94.*	PF 1	36.90	99.97	100.60	101.03	102.09	0.157861	9.82	3.76	13.48	2.19
Reach01	93.*	PF 1	36.90	99.96	100.58	100.96	101.89	0.141231	9.20	4.01	13.67	2.06
Reach01	92.*	PF 1	36.90	99.96	100.58	100.91	101.71	0.121776	8.54	4.32	13.91	1.92
Reach01	91.*	PF 1	36.90	99.96	100.58	100.87	101.55	0.102139	7.88	4.68	14.19	1.76
Reach01	90.*	PF 1	36.90	99.95	100.57	100.82	101.42	0.089770	7.39	4.99	14.45	1.65
Reach01	89.*	PF 1	36.90	99.94	101.12	100.78	101.33	0.009503	3.68	10.03	17.56	0.60
Reach01	88.*	PF 1	36.90	99.94	101.13	100.74	101.31	0.008306	3.45	10.69	17.79	0.56
Reach01	87.*	PF 1	36.90	99.93	101.14	100.71	101.30	0.007099	3.22	11.45	18.06	0.52
Reach01	86.*	PF 1	36.90	99.93	101.14	100.68	101.28	0.006350	3.05	12.09	18.27	0.49
Reach01	85.*	PF 1	36.90	99.92	101.14	100.65	101.27	0.005530	2.87	12.85	18.52	0.46
Reach01	84	PF 1	36.90	99.92	101.15	100.62	101.26	0.005001	2.74	13.49	18.72	0.44

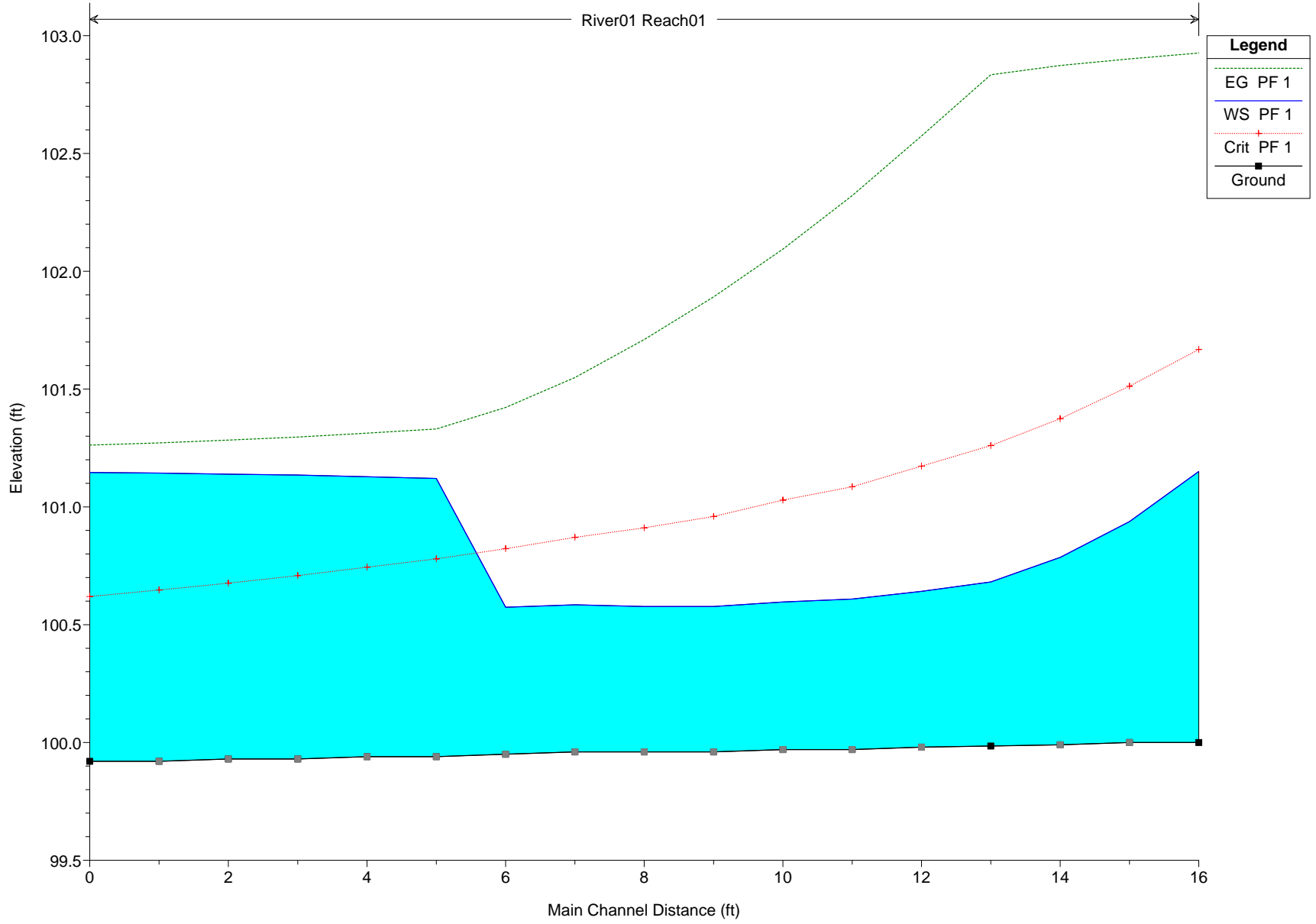
End of Wing Wall  
Start of 1/4 Ton

Hydraulic Jump

End of 1/4 Ton

18022F\_SDD104\_36Inch Plan: 42-inch Standard SDD-104 4/1/2019

River01 Reach01



\*\*\*\*\*

PIPE-FLOW HYDRAULICS COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE  
 (Reference: LACFCD, LACRD, AND OCEMA HYDRAULICS CRITERION)  
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Analysis prepared by:

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\*\*\*\*\* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY \*\*\*\*\*

- \* J#18022-F MAPLE CANYON RESTORATION PHASE 1 \*
  - \* SYSTEM 15 - MAINLINE VELOCITY RUN FROM NODES 1570 TO 1520 \*
  - \* TAILWATER ASSUMED TO BE FLOWLINE OF PIPE \*
- \*\*\*\*\*

FILE NAME: 1570\_V.PIP  
 TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 11:26 03/31/2019

\*\*\*\*\*

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW ANALYSIS FOR PIPE SYSTEM  
 NODAL POINT STATUS TABLE

(Note: "\*" indicates nodal point data used.)

NODE NUMBER	MODEL PROCESS	UPSTREAM RUN		DOWNSTREAM RUN	
		PRESSURE HEAD(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)	FLOW DEPTH(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
1570.00-		1.98 Dc	800.77	1.50*	888.73
	} FRI CTI ON				
1565.00-		1.98 Dc	800.77	1.47*	897.98
	} JUNCTI ON				
1565.00-		2.57	886.96	0.81*	1745.62
	} FRI CTI ON				
1560.00-		2.24	819.73	0.71*	2076.68
	} JUNCTI ON				
1560.00-		1.98 Dc	800.77	0.64*	2395.34
	} FRI CTI ON				
1555.00-		1.98 Dc	800.77	0.69*	2159.48
	} JUNCTI ON				
1555.00-		1.98 Dc	800.77	0.65*	2340.69
	} FRI CTI ON				
1535.00-		1.98 Dc	800.77	1.93*	801.51
	} JUNCTI ON				
1535.00-		1.98 Dc	800.77	1.87*	804.38
	} FRI CTI ON				
1530.00-		1.98*Dc	800.77	1.97*Dc	800.77
	} JUNCTI ON				
1530.00-		2.59*	894.13	1.64	839.60
	} FRI CTI ON				
			} HYDRAULI C JUMP		
1525.00-		1.98 Dc	800.77	1.81*	809.96
	} JUNCTI ON				
1525.00-		1.98 Dc	800.77	1.73*	820.91
	} FRI CTI ON				
1520.00-		1.98*Dc	800.77	1.98*Dc	800.77
	} CATCH BASI N				
1520.00-		3.02*	668.95	1.98 Dc	266.27

-----  
 MAXIMUM NUMBER OF ENERGY BALANCES USED IN EACH PROFILE = 25  
 -----

NOTE: STEADY FLOW HYDRAULIC HEAD-LOSS COMPUTATIONS BASED ON THE MOST

1570\_V.RES

CONSERVATIVE FORMULAE FROM THE CURRENT LACRCD, LACFCD, AND OCEMA DESIGN MANUALS.

\*\*\*\*\*

DOWNSTREAM PIPE FLOW CONTROL DATA:

NODE NUMBER = 1570.00 FLOWLINE ELEVATION = 99.75  
 PIPE FLOW = 36.90 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 36.00 INCHES  
 ASSUMED DOWNSTREAM CONTROL HGL = 99.750 FEET  
 \*NOTE: ASSUMED DOWNSTREAM CONTROL DEPTH( 0.00 FT.)  
 IS LESS THAN CRITICAL DEPTH( 1.98 FT.)  
 ==> CRITICAL DEPTH IS ASSUMED AS DOWNSTREAM CONTROL DEPTH  
 FOR UPSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS

-----  
 NODE 1570.00 : HGL = < 101.246>; EGL= < 102.951>; FLOWLINE= < 99.750>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1570.00 TO NODE 1565.00 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1565.00 ELEVATION = 99.91 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 36.90 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 36.00 INCHES  
 PIPE LENGTH = 16.00 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

-----  
 NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 1.59 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 1.98

-----  
 UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 1.47

-----  
 GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	1.474	10.669	3.243	897.98
3.353	1.479	10.625	3.233	895.87
6.813	1.484	10.582	3.224	893.79
10.390	1.489	10.539	3.214	891.74
14.093	1.493	10.496	3.205	889.72
16.000	1.496	10.475	3.201	888.73

-----  
 NODE 1565.00 : HGL = < 101.384>; EGL= < 103.153>; FLOWLINE= < 99.910>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1565.00 TO NODE 1565.00 IS CODE = 5  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1565.00 ELEVATION = 100.28 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	36.90	36.00	60.00	100.28	1.98	23.964
DOWNSTREAM	36.90	36.00	-	99.91	1.98	10.673
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$$DY = (Q2*V2 - Q1*V1 * \cos(\Delta A1) - Q3*V3 * \cos(\Delta A3) - Q4*V4 * \cos(\Delta A4)) / ((A1+A2) * 16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$$

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.12039

DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.01298

AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.06669

JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET

FRICTION LOSSES = 0.267 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET

JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY+HV1-HV2)+(ENTRANCE LOSSES)

JUNCTION LOSSES = ( 6.854)+( 0.000) = 6.854



1570\_V. RES

NODE 1565.00 : HGL = < 101.090>; EGL= < 110.007>; FLOWLINE= < 100.280>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1565.00 TO NODE 1560.00 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1560.00 ELEVATION = 100.54 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 36.90 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 36.00 INCHES  
 PIPE LENGTH = 26.00 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

-----  
 NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 1.59 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 1.98

-----  
 UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.71

=====

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DISTANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	0.712	28.705	13.515	2076.68
9.294	0.748	26.812	11.918	1944.21
18.691	0.783	25.129	10.594	1826.92
26.000	0.810	23.957	9.727	1745.62

-----  
 NODE 1560.00 : HGL = < 101.252>; EGL= < 114.055>; FLOWLINE= < 100.540>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1560.00 TO NODE 1560.00 IS CODE = 5  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1560.00 ELEVATION = 100.87 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	36.90	36.00	25.00	100.87	1.98	33.243
DOWNSTREAM	36.90	36.00	-	100.54	1.98	28.714
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===					

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:  
 $DY = (Q2*V2 - Q1*V1 * \cos(\Delta 1) - Q3*V3 * \cos(\Delta 3) - Q4*V4 * \cos(\Delta 4)) / ((A1+A2) * 16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$   
 UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.30255  
 DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.20013  
 AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.25134  
 JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET  
 FRICTION LOSSES = 1.005 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET  
 JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY+HV1-HV2)+(ENTRANCE LOSSES)  
 JUNCTION LOSSES = ( 4.618)+( 0.000) = 4.618

-----  
 NODE 1560.00 : HGL = < 101.513>; EGL= < 118.673>; FLOWLINE= < 100.870>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1560.00 TO NODE 1555.00 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1555.00 ELEVATION = 130.70 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 36.90 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 36.00 INCHES  
 PIPE LENGTH = 96.00 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

-----  
 NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.64 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 1.98

-----  
 UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 0.69

=====

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL (FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY (FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM (POUNDS)
0.000	0.692	29.885	14.569	2159.48
1.428	0.690	30.018	14.691	2168.83
2.924	0.688	30.152	14.814	2178.25
4.494	0.686	30.287	14.938	2187.74
6.145	0.684	30.423	15.065	2197.31
7.884	0.682	30.560	15.192	2206.97
9.722	0.679	30.698	15.322	2216.69
11.669	0.677	30.838	15.453	2226.50
13.736	0.675	30.978	15.586	2236.39
15.939	0.673	31.120	15.720	2246.36
18.296	0.671	31.263	15.856	2256.41
20.828	0.669	31.406	15.994	2266.54
23.560	0.666	31.551	16.134	2276.76
26.525	0.664	31.698	16.276	2287.07
29.764	0.662	31.845	16.419	2297.45
33.329	0.660	31.994	16.564	2307.93
37.288	0.658	32.144	16.711	2318.49
41.736	0.656	32.295	16.861	2329.15
46.802	0.653	32.447	17.012	2339.89
52.679	0.651	32.601	17.165	2350.72
59.662	0.649	32.755	17.320	2361.64
68.251	0.647	32.912	17.477	2372.66
79.377	0.645	33.069	17.636	2383.77
95.137	0.643	33.228	17.798	2394.98
96.000	0.643	33.233	17.803	2395.34

NODE 1555.00 : HGL = < 131.392>; EGL= < 145.269>; FLOWLINE= < 130.700>

\*\*\*\*\*  
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1555.00 TO NODE 1555.00 IS CODE = 5  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1555.00 ELEVATION = 131.03 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH (FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	36.90	36.00	15.10	131.03	1.98	32.469
DOWNSTREAM	36.90	36.00	-	130.70	1.98	29.894
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===					

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$DY = (Q2*V2 - Q1*V1*\cos(\Delta A1) - Q3*V3*\cos(\Delta A3) - Q4*V4*\cos(\Delta A4)) / ((A1+A2)*16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$   
 UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.28305  
 DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.22419  
 AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.25362  
 JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET  
 FRICTION LOSSES = 1.014 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET  
 JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY+HV1-HV2)+(ENTRANCE LOSSES)  
 JUNCTION LOSSES = ( 2.784)+( 0.000) = 2.784

NODE 1555.00 : HGL = < 131.683>; EGL= < 148.053>; FLOWLINE= < 131.030>

\*\*\*\*\*  
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1555.00 TO NODE 1535.00 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1535.00 ELEVATION = 174.49 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

1570\_V.RES  
 PIPE FLOW = 36.90 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 36.00 INCHES  
 PIPE LENGTH = 109.11 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 0.60 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 1.98

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 1.93

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECI FIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	1.926	7.692	2.846	801.51
0.022	1.873	7.946	2.854	804.07
0.062	1.820	8.220	2.870	808.56
0.124	1.767	8.516	2.894	815.14
0.209	1.714	8.836	2.927	823.98
0.322	1.661	9.183	2.972	835.27
0.468	1.608	9.561	3.028	849.22
0.653	1.555	9.971	3.100	866.08
0.883	1.502	10.419	3.189	886.15
1.167	1.449	10.910	3.298	909.76
1.516	1.396	11.448	3.432	937.32
1.943	1.343	12.040	3.595	969.28
2.467	1.290	12.694	3.794	1006.21
3.109	1.237	13.420	4.035	1048.75
3.899	1.184	14.228	4.329	1097.72
4.878	1.131	15.132	4.689	1154.07
6.098	1.078	16.149	5.130	1218.98
7.636	1.025	17.299	5.674	1293.91
9.602	0.972	18.607	6.351	1380.69
12.161	0.919	20.106	7.200	1481.62
15.575	0.866	21.838	8.275	1599.64
20.292	0.812	23.855	9.654	1738.57
27.165	0.759	26.228	11.448	1903.45
38.129	0.706	29.053	13.821	2101.05
59.429	0.653	32.458	17.023	2340.68
109.110	0.653	32.458	17.023	2340.69

NODE 1535.00 : HGL = < 176.416>; EGL= < 177.336>; FLOWLINE= < 174.490>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1535.00 TO NODE 1535.00 IS CODE = 5  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1535.00 ELEVATION = 174.78 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	36.90	36.00	30.00	174.78	1.98	7.971
DOWNSTREAM	36.90	36.00	-	174.49	1.98	7.694
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$$DY = (Q2*V2 - Q1*V1*\cos(\Delta1) - Q3*V3*\cos(\Delta3) - Q4*V4*\cos(\Delta4)) / ((A1+A2)*16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$$

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00606

DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00554

AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.00580

JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET

FRICTION LOSSES = 0.023 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET

JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY+HV1-HV2)+(ENTRANCE LOSSES)

JUNCTION LOSSES = (0.300)+(0.000) = 0.300

1570\_V. RES

-----  
 NODE 1535.00 : HGL = < 176.649>; EGL= < 177.635>; FLOWLINE= < 174.780>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1535.00 TO NODE 1530.00 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1530.00 ELEVATION = 174.82 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 36.90 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 36.00 INCHES  
 PIPE LENGTH = 4.81 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

-----  
 NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 1.69 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 1.98

=====

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 1.97

-----  
 GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	1.975	7.475	2.843	800.77
0.047	1.963	7.525	2.843	800.81
0.185	1.952	7.576	2.844	800.94
0.421	1.940	7.628	2.844	801.15
0.765	1.929	7.681	2.845	801.44
1.228	1.917	7.734	2.847	801.82
1.822	1.906	7.788	2.848	802.29
2.560	1.894	7.844	2.850	802.84
3.461	1.883	7.900	2.852	803.49
4.544	1.871	7.957	2.855	804.22
4.810	1.869	7.969	2.855	804.38

-----  
 NODE 1530.00 : HGL = < 176.795>; EGL= < 177.663>; FLOWLINE= < 174.820>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1530.00 TO NODE 1530.00 IS CODE = 5  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1530.00 ELEVATION = 175.19 (FLOW IS SUBCRITICAL)

-----  
 CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	36.90	36.00	61.50	175.19	1.98	5.684
DOWNSTREAM	36.90	36.00	-	174.82	1.98	7.475
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00	Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT				

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$$DY = \frac{(Q2 \cdot V2 - Q1 \cdot V1 \cdot \cos(\Delta A1) - Q3 \cdot V3 \cdot \cos(\Delta A3) - Q4 \cdot V4 \cdot \cos(\Delta A4))}{((A1 + A2) \cdot 16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}}$$

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00282

DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00516

AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.00399

JUNCTION LENGTH = 4.00 FEET

FRICTION LOSSES = 0.016 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET

JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY + HV1 - HV2) + (ENTRANCE LOSSES)

JUNCTION LOSSES = (0.621) + (0.000) = 0.621

-----  
 NODE 1530.00 : HGL = < 177.782>; EGL= < 178.284>; FLOWLINE= < 175.190>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1530.00 TO NODE 1525.00 IS CODE = 1  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1525.00 ELEVATION = 175.81 (HYDRAULIC JUMP OCCURS)

1570\_V. RES

CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 36.90 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 36.00 INCHES  
 PIPE LENGTH = 61.90 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

HYDRAULIC JUMP: DOWNSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS RESULTS

NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 1.59 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 1.98

UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 1.81

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL (FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECI FIC ENERGY (FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM (POUNDS)
0.000	1.807	8.289	2.875	809.96
1.108	1.799	8.337	2.879	810.96
2.322	1.790	8.384	2.883	812.02
3.652	1.782	8.433	2.887	813.14
5.108	1.773	8.482	2.891	814.31
6.703	1.764	8.532	2.896	815.55
8.451	1.756	8.582	2.900	816.84
10.369	1.747	8.633	2.905	818.19
12.477	1.739	8.685	2.911	819.61
14.798	1.730	8.737	2.916	821.08
17.359	1.722	8.790	2.922	822.62
20.194	1.713	8.844	2.928	824.22
23.345	1.704	8.899	2.935	825.89
26.861	1.696	8.954	2.941	827.62
30.807	1.687	9.010	2.948	829.42
35.264	1.679	9.066	2.956	831.28
40.343	1.670	9.124	2.963	833.21
46.189	1.661	9.182	2.971	835.21
53.008	1.653	9.241	2.980	837.28
61.102	1.644	9.301	2.988	839.43
61.900	1.644	9.306	2.989	839.60

HYDRAULIC JUMP: UPSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS RESULTS

DOWNSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 2.59

GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL (FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECI FIC ENERGY (FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM (POUNDS)
0.000	2.592	5.682	3.094	894.13
2.317	2.568	5.727	3.077	887.42
4.591	2.543	5.774	3.061	880.92
6.822	2.518	5.823	3.045	874.63
9.007	2.494	5.874	3.030	868.56
11.146	2.469	5.927	3.015	862.72
13.237	2.444	5.982	3.000	857.10
15.278	2.420	6.038	2.986	851.71
17.265	2.395	6.097	2.973	846.56
19.197	2.370	6.158	2.959	841.65
21.070	2.346	6.221	2.947	836.99
22.880	2.321	6.287	2.935	832.57
24.624	2.296	6.354	2.924	828.42
26.298	2.272	6.424	2.913	824.52
27.895	2.247	6.496	2.903	820.90
29.410	2.222	6.571	2.893	817.54
30.838	2.198	6.648	2.884	814.47
32.169	2.173	6.728	2.876	811.69
33.396	2.148	6.810	2.869	809.21

1570\_V. RES

34.509	2.124	6.896	2.862	807.02
35.497	2.099	6.984	2.857	805.15
36.347	2.074	7.075	2.852	803.60
37.044	2.050	7.169	2.848	802.37
37.570	2.025	7.267	2.845	801.49
37.904	2.000	7.368	2.844	800.95
38.022	1.976	7.472	2.843	800.77
61.900	1.976	7.472	2.843	800.77

-----END OF HYDRAULIC JUMP ANALYSIS-----

PRESSURE+MOMENTUM BALANCE OCCURS AT 22.81 FEET UPSTREAM OF NODE 1530.00  
DOWNSTREAM DEPTH = 2.322 FEET, UPSTREAM CONJUGATE DEPTH = 1.672 FEET

NODE 1525.00 : HGL = < 177.617>; EGL= < 178.685>; FLOWLINE= < 175.810>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1525.00 TO NODE 1525.00 IS CODE = 5  
UPSTREAM NODE 1525.00 ELEVATION = 176.14 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

-----  
CALCULATE JUNCTION LOSSES:

PIPE	FLOW (CFS)	DIAMETER (INCHES)	ANGLE (DEGREES)	FLOWLINE ELEVATION	CRITICAL DEPTH(FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)
UPSTREAM	36.90	36.00	30.00	176.14	1.98	8.734
DOWNSTREAM	36.90	36.00	-	175.81	1.98	8.292
LATERAL #1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
LATERAL #2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
Q5	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000

Q5 0.00===Q5 EQUALS BASIN INPUT===

LACFCD AND OCEMA FLOW JUNCTION FORMULAE USED:

$$DY = (Q2*V2 - Q1*V1*\cos(\Delta A1) - Q3*V3*\cos(\Delta A3) - Q4*V4*\cos(\Delta A4)) / ((A1+A2)*16.1) + \text{FRICTION LOSSES}$$

UPSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00765

DOWNSTREAM: MANNING'S N = 0.01300; FRICTION SLOPE = 0.00670

AVERAGED FRICTION SLOPE IN JUNCTION ASSUMED AS 0.00718

JUNCTION LENGTH = 5.00 FEET

FRICTION LOSSES = 0.036 FEET ENTRANCE LOSSES = 0.000 FEET

JUNCTION LOSSES = (DY + HV1 - HV2) + (ENTRANCE LOSSES)

JUNCTION LOSSES = (0.371) + (0.000) = 0.371

-----  
NODE 1525.00 : HGL = < 177.871>; EGL= < 179.056>; FLOWLINE= < 176.140>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1525.00 TO NODE 1520.00 IS CODE = 1  
UPSTREAM NODE 1520.00 ELEVATION = 176.36 (FLOW IS SUPERCRITICAL)

-----  
CALCULATE FRICTION LOSSES(LACFCD):

PIPE FLOW = 36.90 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 36.00 INCHES

PIPE LENGTH = 21.53 FEET MANNING'S N = 0.01300

-----  
NORMAL DEPTH(FT) = 1.58 CRITICAL DEPTH(FT) = 1.98

-----  
UPSTREAM CONTROL ASSUMED FLOWDEPTH(FT) = 1.98

-----  
GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW PROFILE COMPUTED INFORMATION:

DI STANCE FROM CONTROL(FT)	FLOW DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	SPECIFIC ENERGY(FT)	PRESSURE+ MOMENTUM(POUNDS)
0.000	1.976	7.472	2.843	800.77
0.049	1.960	7.541	2.843	800.84
0.202	1.944	7.611	2.844	801.07
0.470	1.928	7.682	2.845	801.45
0.861	1.913	7.755	2.847	801.99
1.390	1.897	7.830	2.850	802.69
2.071	1.881	7.906	2.853	803.56

			1570_V. RES		
2. 920	1. 866	7. 984		2. 856	804. 59
3. 958	1. 850	8. 064		2. 860	805. 80
5. 207	1. 834	8. 145		2. 865	807. 18
6. 696	1. 819	8. 229		2. 871	808. 74
8. 459	1. 803	8. 314		2. 877	810. 49
10. 536	1. 787	8. 402		2. 884	812. 42
12. 980	1. 771	8. 491		2. 892	814. 54
15. 854	1. 756	8. 583		2. 900	816. 86
19. 242	1. 740	8. 677		2. 910	819. 38
21. 530	1. 731	8. 731		2. 916	820. 91

-----  
 NODE 1520. 00 : HGL = < 178. 336>; EGL= < 179. 203>; FLOWLINE= < 176. 360>

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1520. 00 TO NODE 1520. 00 IS CODE = 8  
 UPSTREAM NODE 1520. 00 ELEVATION = 176. 36 (FLOW UNSEALS IN REACH)

-----  
 CALCULATE CATCH BASIN ENTRANCE LOSSES(LACFCD):  
 PIPE FLOW = 36. 90 CFS PIPE DIAMETER = 36. 00 INCHES  
 FLOW VELOCITY = 7. 47 FEET/SEC. VELOCITY HEAD = 0. 868 FEET  
 CATCH BASIN ENERGY LOSS = . 2\*(VELOCITY HEAD) = . 2\*( 0. 868) = 0. 174

-----  
 NODE 1520. 00 : HGL = < 179. 377>; EGL= < 179. 377>; FLOWLINE= < 176. 360>

\*\*\*\*\*

UPSTREAM PIPE FLOW CONTROL DATA:  
 NODE NUMBER = 1520. 00 FLOWLINE ELEVATION = 176. 36  
 ASSUMED UPSTREAM CONTROL HGL = 178. 34 FOR DOWNSTREAM RUN ANALYSIS

=====  
 END OF GRADUALLY VARIED FLOW ANALYSIS

♀

## **APPENDIX F**

### **Channel Capacity – Normal Depth**



# Hydraulic Analysis Report

## Project Data

Project Title: 18022-F Main Channel  
Designer:  
Project Date: Monday, June 17, 2019  
Project Units: U.S. Customary Units  
Notes:

## Channel Analysis: 8'\_Trap\_b=8\_n=0.03\_s=0.005

Notes:

## Input Parameters

Channel Type: Trapezoidal  
Side Slope 1 (Z1): 2.0000 ft/ft  
Side Slope 2 (Z2): 2.0000 ft/ft  
Channel Width: 8.0000 ft  
Longitudinal Slope: 0.0050 ft/ft  
Manning's n: 0.0300  
Flow: 37.0000 cfs

## Result Parameters

Depth: 1.1211 ft  
Area of Flow: 11.4822 ft<sup>2</sup>  
Wetted Perimeter: 13.0136 ft  
Hydraulic Radius: 0.8823 ft  
Average Velocity: 3.2224 ft/s  
Top Width: 12.4843 ft  
Froude Number: 0.5921  
Critical Depth: 0.8127 ft  
Critical Velocity: 4.7298 ft/s  
Critical Slope: 0.0155 ft/ft  
Critical Top Width: 11.25 ft  
Calculated Max Shear Stress: 0.3498 lb/ft<sup>2</sup>  
Calculated Avg Shear Stress: 0.2753 lb/ft<sup>2</sup>

## Channel Analysis: 8'\_Trap\_b=8\_n=0.06\_s=0.005

Notes:

### Input Parameters

Channel Type: Trapezoidal

Side Slope 1 (Z1): 2.0000 ft/ft

Side Slope 2 (Z2): 2.0000 ft/ft

Channel Width: 8.0000 ft

Longitudinal Slope: 0.0050 ft/ft

Manning's n: 0.0600

Flow: 37.0000 cfs

### Result Parameters

Depth: 1.6467 ft

Area of Flow: 18.5976 ft<sup>2</sup>

Wetted Perimeter: 15.3645 ft

Hydraulic Radius: 1.2104 ft

Average Velocity: 1.9895 ft/s

Top Width: 14.5870 ft

Froude Number: 0.3105

Critical Depth: 0.8129 ft

Critical Velocity: 4.7288 ft/s

Critical Slope: 0.0619 ft/ft

Critical Top Width: 11.25 ft

Calculated Max Shear Stress: 0.5138 lb/ft<sup>2</sup>

Calculated Avg Shear Stress: 0.3777 lb/ft<sup>2</sup>

## Channel Analysis: 8'\_Trap\_b=8\_n=0.1\_s=0.005

Notes:

### Input Parameters

Channel Type: Trapezoidal

Side Slope 1 (Z1): 2.0000 ft/ft

Side Slope 2 (Z2): 2.0000 ft/ft

Channel Width: 8.0000 ft

Longitudinal Slope: 0.0050 ft/ft

Manning's n: 0.1000

Flow: 37.0000 cfs

### Result Parameters

Depth: 2.1674 ft

Area of Flow: 26.7348 ft<sup>2</sup>

Wetted Perimeter: 17.6930 ft

Hydraulic Radius: 1.5110 ft

Average Velocity: 1.3840 ft/s

Top Width: 16.6697 ft

Froude Number: 0.1926

Critical Depth: 0.8128 ft

Critical Velocity: 4.7295 ft/s

Critical Slope: 0.1720 ft/ft

Critical Top Width: 11.25 ft

Calculated Max Shear Stress: 0.6762 lb/ft<sup>2</sup>

Calculated Avg Shear Stress: 0.4714 lb/ft<sup>2</sup>

# Hydraulic Analysis Report

## Project Data

Project Title: 18022-F System 13/14 Low-water crossing

Designer:

Project Date: Monday, June 17, 2019

Project Units: U.S. Customary Units

Notes:

## Channel Analysis: 12'\_Rectangle\_b=12\_h=1\_n=0.02\_s=0.005

Notes:

## Input Parameters

Channel Type: Rectangular

Channel Width: 12.0000 ft

Longitudinal Slope: 0.0050 ft/ft

Manning's n: 0.0200

Depth: 1.0000 ft

## Result Parameters

Flow: 56.8884 cfs

Area of Flow: 12.0000 ft<sup>2</sup>

Wetted Perimeter: 14.0000 ft

Hydraulic Radius: 0.8571 ft

Average Velocity: 4.7407 ft/s

Top Width: 12.0000 ft

Froude Number: 0.8354

Critical Depth: 0.8870 ft

Critical Velocity: 5.3444 ft/s

Critical Slope: 0.0073 ft/ft

Critical Top Width: 12.00 ft

Calculated Max Shear Stress: 0.3120 lb/ft<sup>2</sup>

Calculated Avg Shear Stress: 0.2674 lb/ft<sup>2</sup>

## Channel Analysis: 12' Rectangle\_b=12\_h=0.5\_n=0.02\_s=0.005

Notes:

### Input Parameters

Channel Type: Rectangular

Channel Width: 12.0000 ft

Longitudinal Slope: 0.0050 ft/ft

Manning's n: 0.0200

Depth: 0.5000 ft

### Result Parameters

Flow: 18.8262 cfs

Area of Flow: 6.0000 ft<sup>2</sup>

Wetted Perimeter: 13.0000 ft

Hydraulic Radius: 0.4615 ft

Average Velocity: 3.1377 ft/s

Top Width: 12.0000 ft

Froude Number: 0.7820

Critical Depth: 0.4244 ft

Critical Velocity: 3.6967 ft/s

Critical Slope: 0.0085 ft/ft

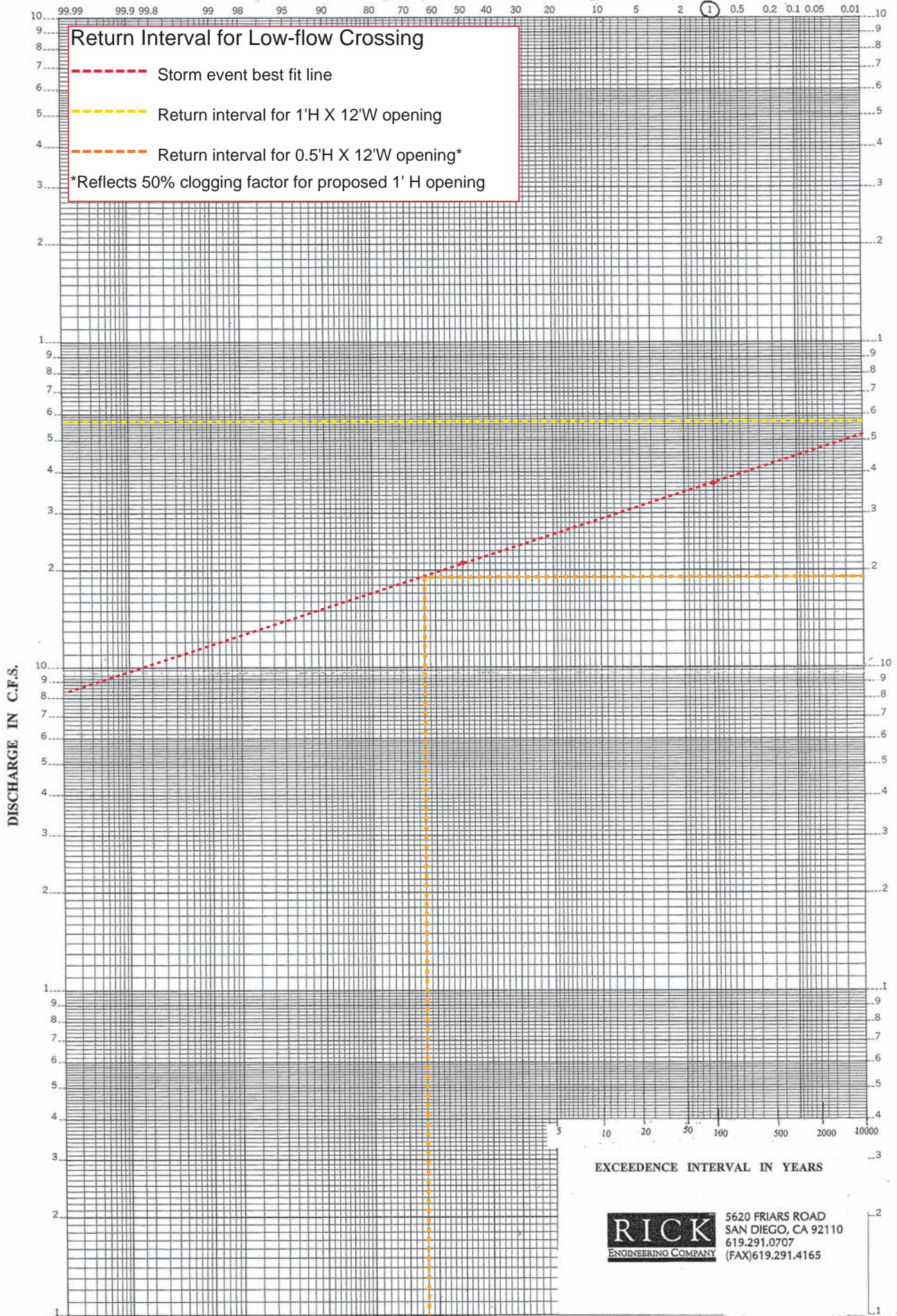
Critical Top Width: 12.00 ft

Calculated Max Shear Stress: 0.1560 lb/ft<sup>2</sup>

Calculated Avg Shear Stress: 0.1440 lb/ft<sup>2</sup>

EXCEEDENCE PER HUNDRED YEARS

% CHANCE A STORM EVENT WILL OCCUR  
(IE: THERE IS A 1% CHANCE A 100-YEAR  
STORM WILL OCCUR IN A YEAR)

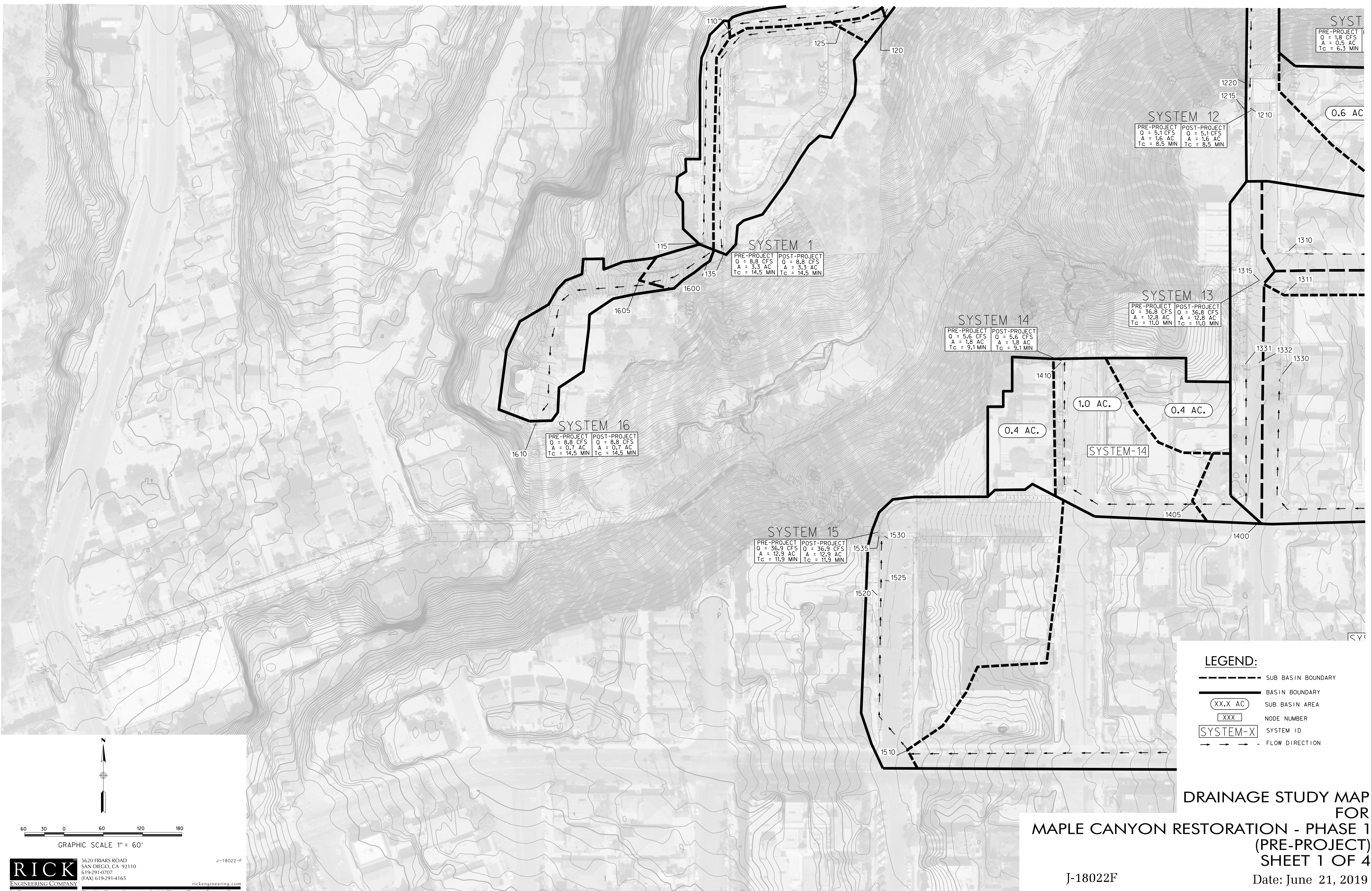


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**MAP POCKET 1**

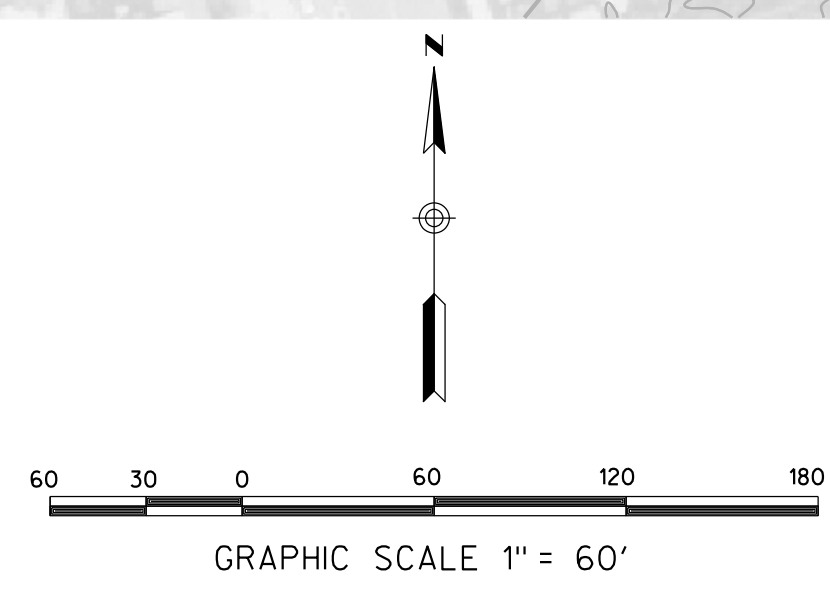
**Drainage Study Map  
for  
Maple Canyon Restoration – Phase I  
[Pre-project Condition]**



- LEGEND:**
- SUB BASIN BOUNDARY
  - BASIN BOUNDARY
  - SUB BASIN AREA
  - NODE NUMBER
  - SYSTEM ID
  - FLOW DIRECTION

**DRAINAGE STUDY MAP FOR  
MAPLE CANYON RESTORATION - PHASE 1  
(PRE-PROJECT)  
SHEET 1 OF 4**

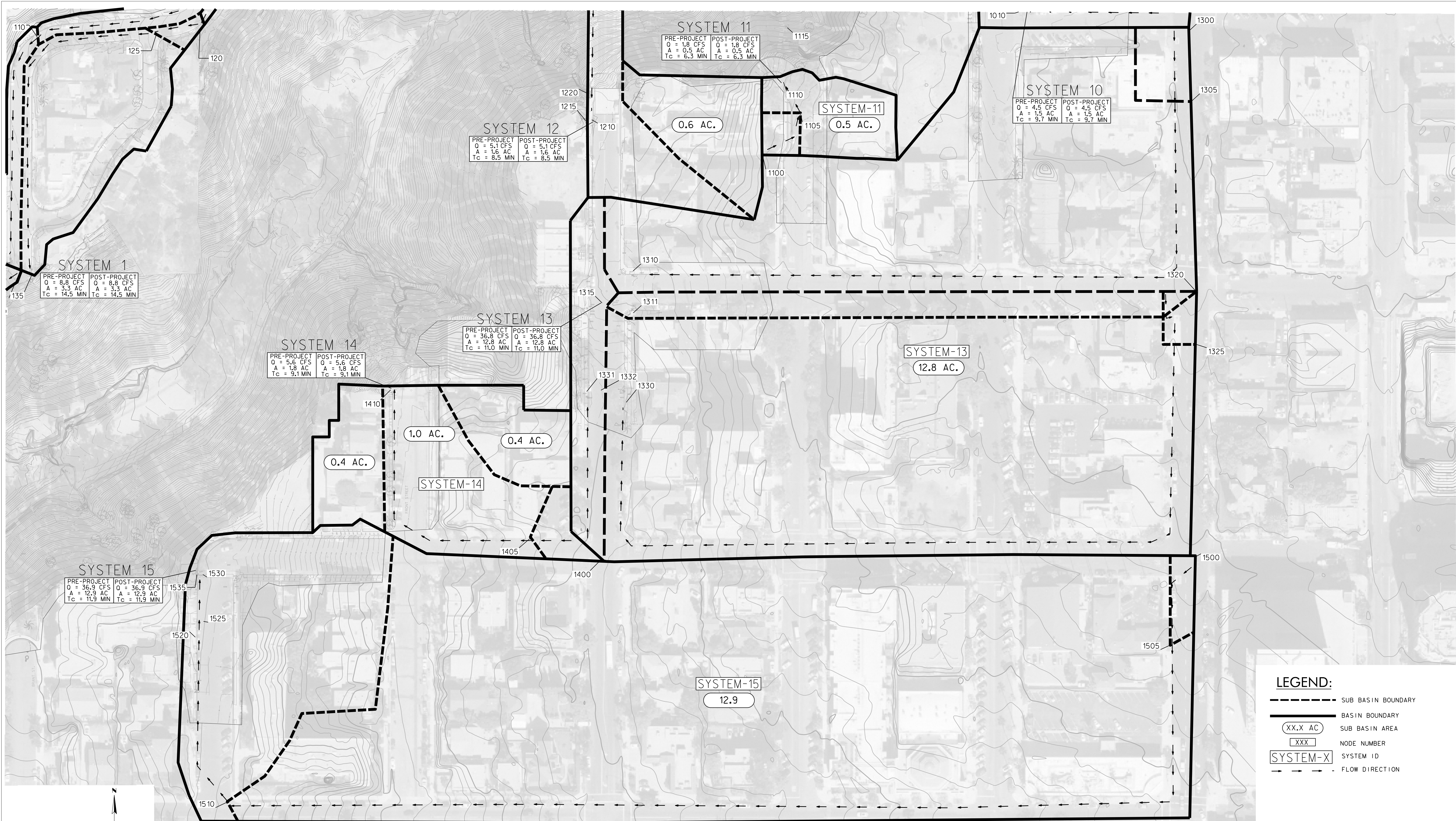
J-18022F  
Date: June 21, 2019



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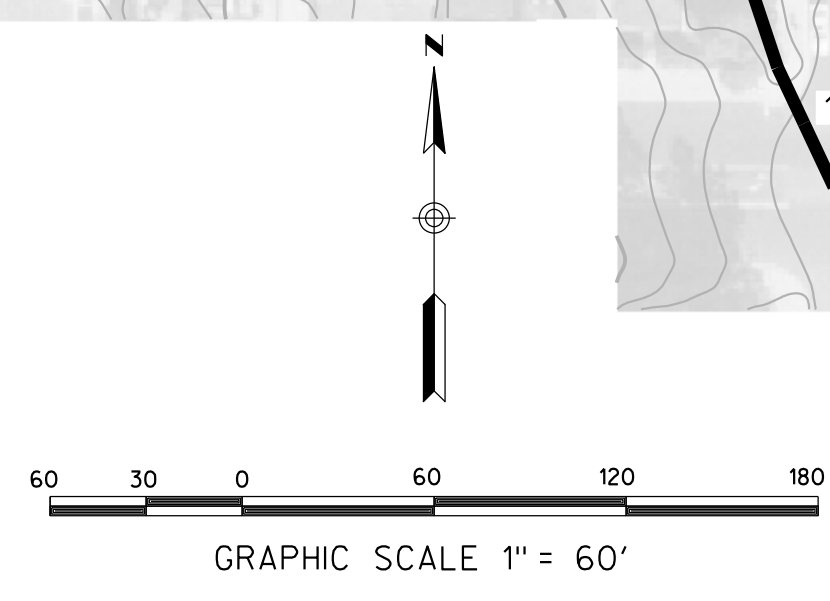
J-18022-F





- LEGEND:**
- SUB BASIN BOUNDARY
  - BASIN BOUNDARY
  - SUB BASIN AREA
  - NODE NUMBER
  - SYSTEM ID
  - FLOW DIRECTION

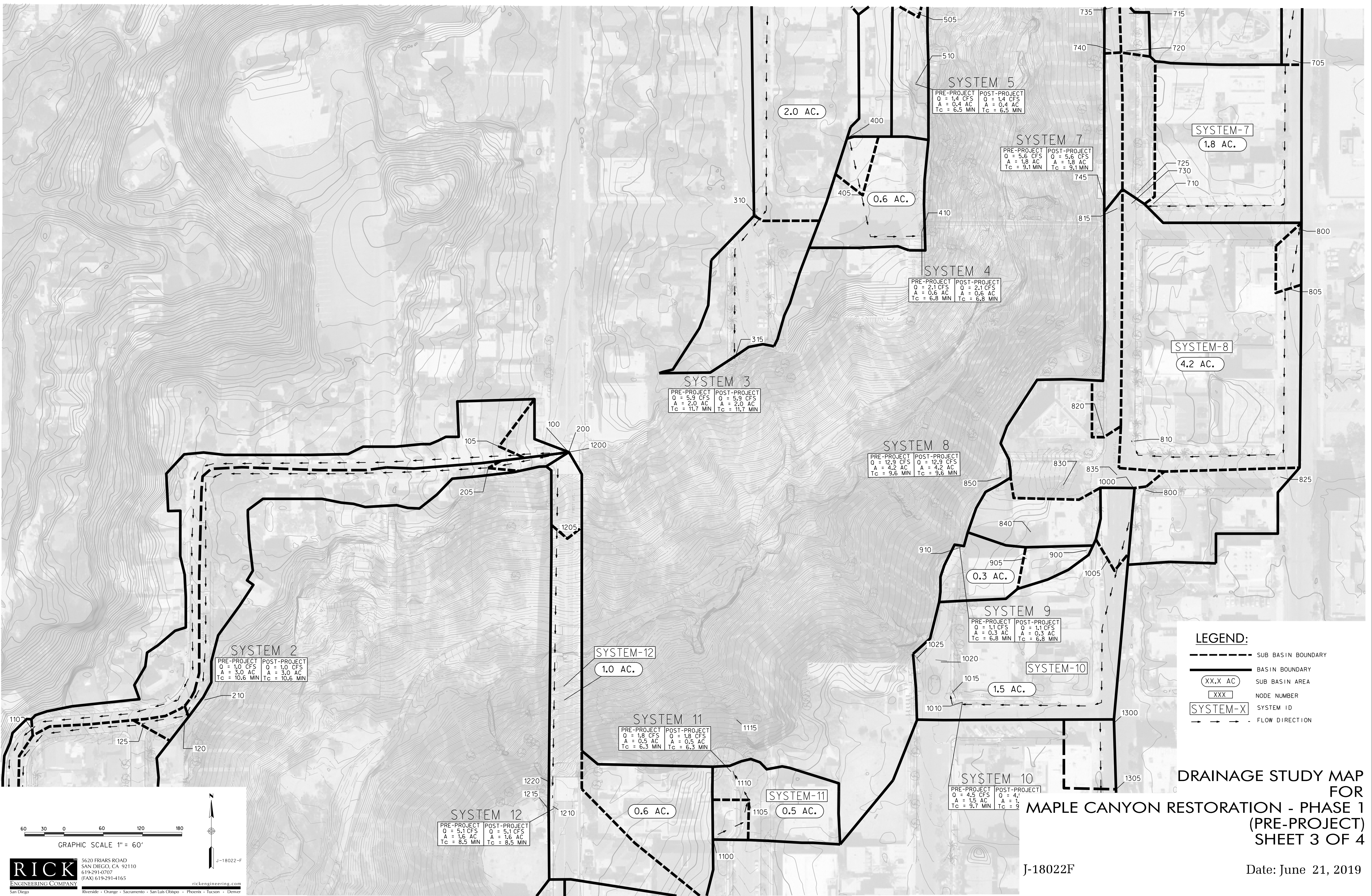
**DRAINAGE STUDY MAP FOR MAPLE CANYON RESTORATION - PHASE 1 (PRE-PROJECT) SHEET 2 OF 4**



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J-18022F

Date: June 21, 2019



**LEGEND:**

- SUB BASIN BOUNDARY
- BASIN BOUNDARY
- SUB BASIN AREA
- NODE NUMBER
- SYSTEM ID
- FLOW DIRECTION

**DRAINAGE STUDY MAP FOR MAPLE CANYON RESTORATION - PHASE 1 (PRE-PROJECT) SHEET 3 OF 4**

J-18022F

Date: June 21, 2019

GRAPHIC SCALE 1" = 60'

J-18022-F

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**LEGEND:**

- SUB BASIN BOUNDARY
- BASIN BOUNDARY
- SUB BASIN AREA
- NODE NUMBER
- SYSTEM ID
- FLOW DIRECTION

**DRAINAGE STUDY MAP  
FOR  
MAPLE CANYON RESTORATION - PHASE 1  
(PRE-PROJECT)  
SHEET 4 OF 4**

J-18022F

Date: June 21, 2019

N

60 30 0 60 120 180

GRAPHIC SCALE 1" = 60'

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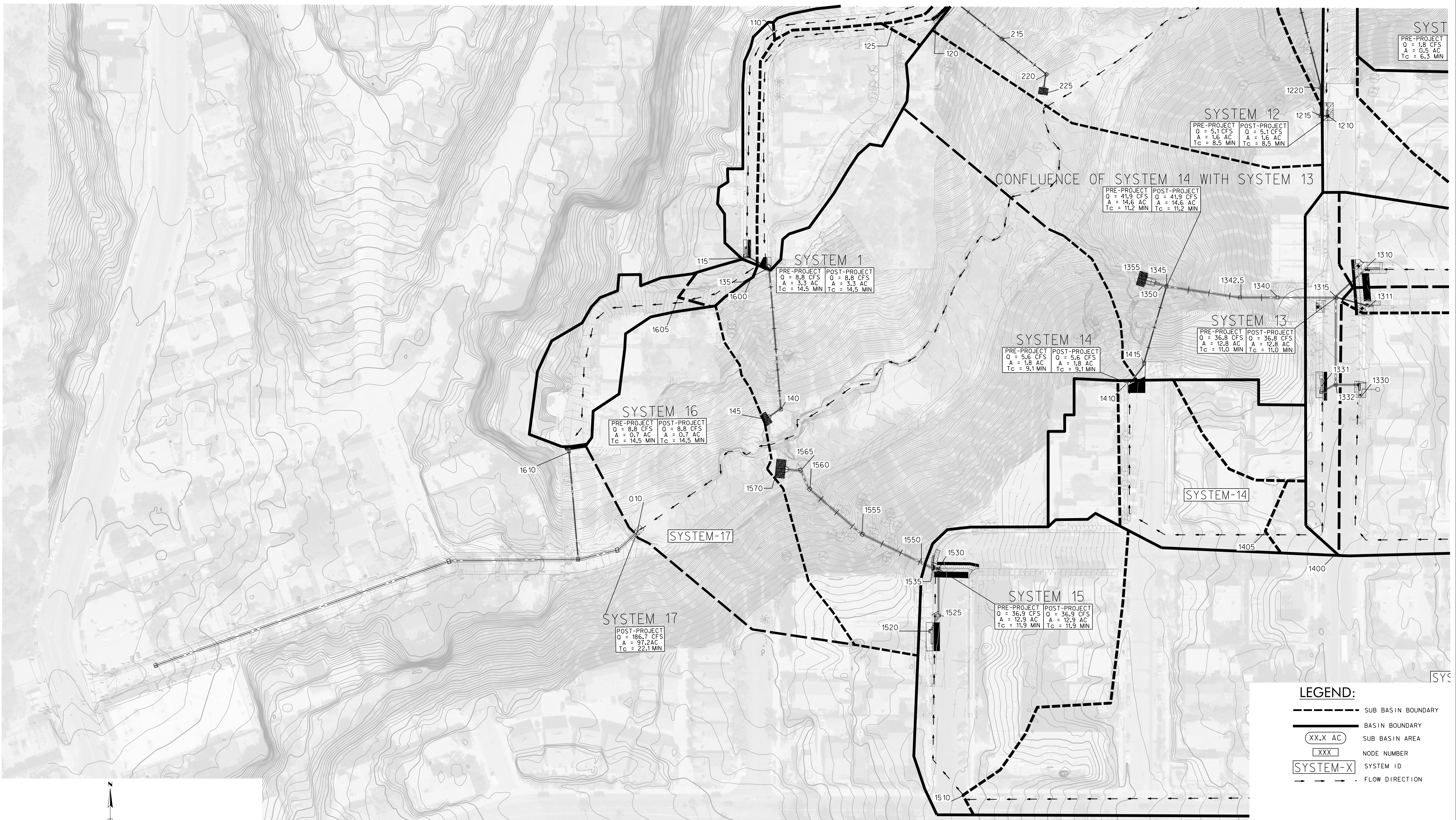
**MAP POCKET 2**

**Drainage Study Map**

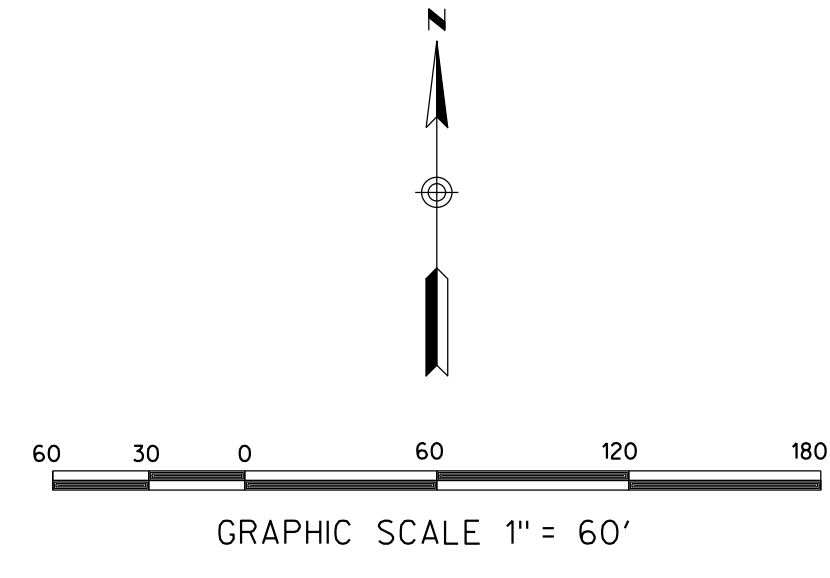
**for**

**Maple Canyon Restoration – Phase I**

**[Post-project Condition]**



- LEGEND:**
- SUB BASIN BOUNDARY
  - BASIN BOUNDARY
  - XX.X AC SUB BASIN AREA
  - XXX NODE NUMBER
  - SYSTEM-X SYSTEM ID
  - FLOW DIRECTION

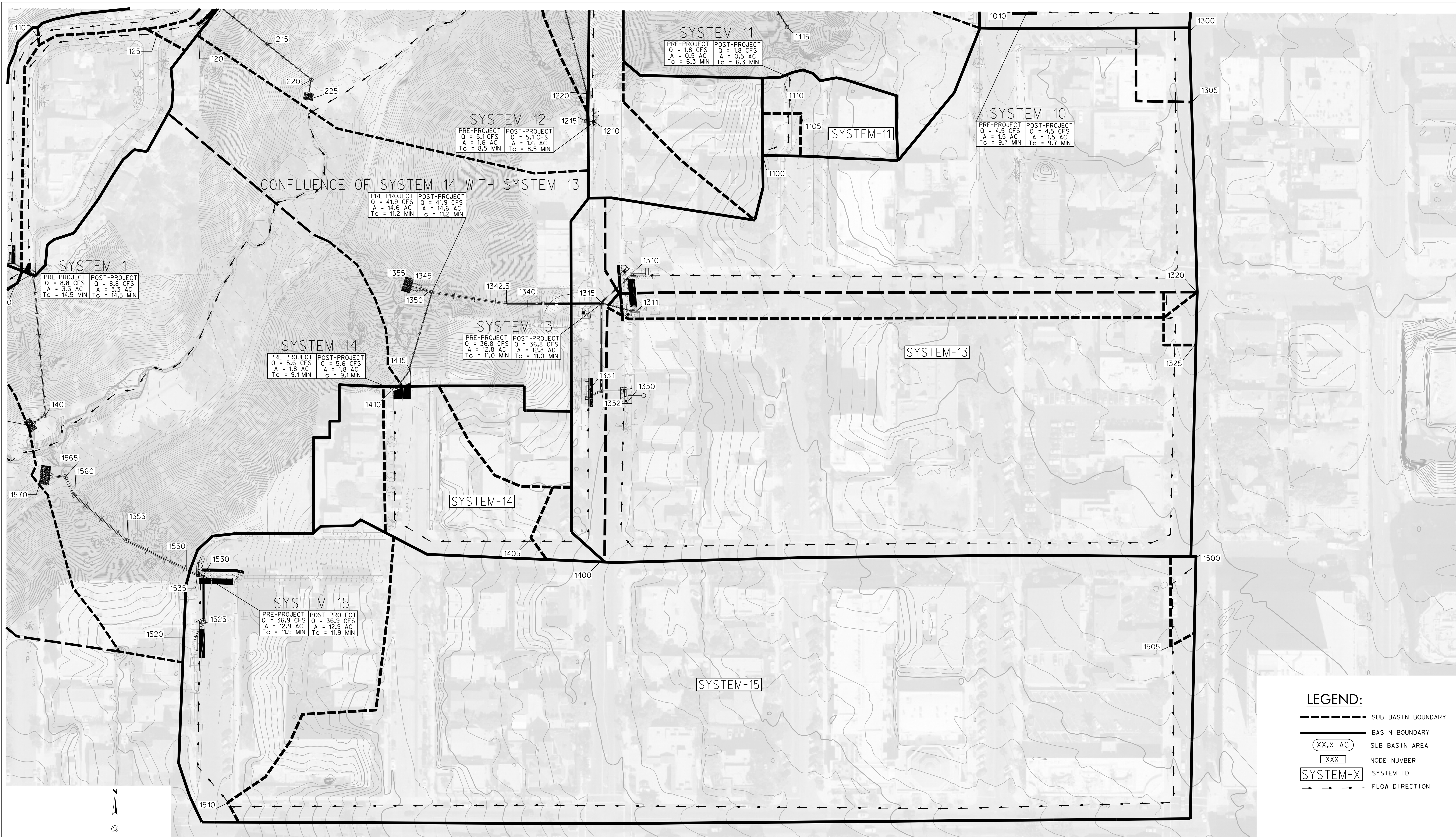


**DRAINAGE STUDY MAP FOR  
 MAPLE CANYON RESTORATION - PHASE 1  
 (POST-PROJECT)  
 SHEET 1 OF 4**

J-18022F  
 Date: June 21, 2019

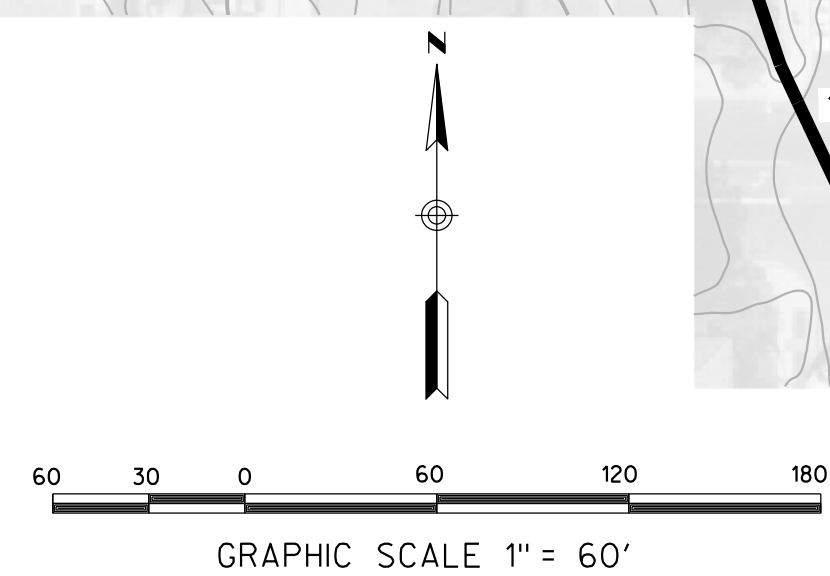
**RICK ENGINEERING COMPANY**  
 5620 FRIARS ROAD  
 SAN DIEGO, CA 92110  
 619-291-0707  
 (FAX) 619-291-4165  
 rickengineering.com  
 San Diego  
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J-18022-F  
 J-18022-F-MapleCanyonRestorationPhase1-DrainageStudyReport-06212019.dwg, 06/21/2019, 10:10:10 AM  
 J-18022-F-MapleCanyonRestorationPhase1-DrainageStudyReport-06212019.dwg, 06/21/2019, 10:10:10 AM



CONFLUENCE OF SYSTEM 14 WITH SYSTEM 13

- LEGEND:**
- SUB BASIN BOUNDARY
  - BASIN BOUNDARY
  - XX.X AC SUB BASIN AREA
  - XXX NODE NUMBER
  - SYSTEM-X SYSTEM ID
  - FLOW DIRECTION

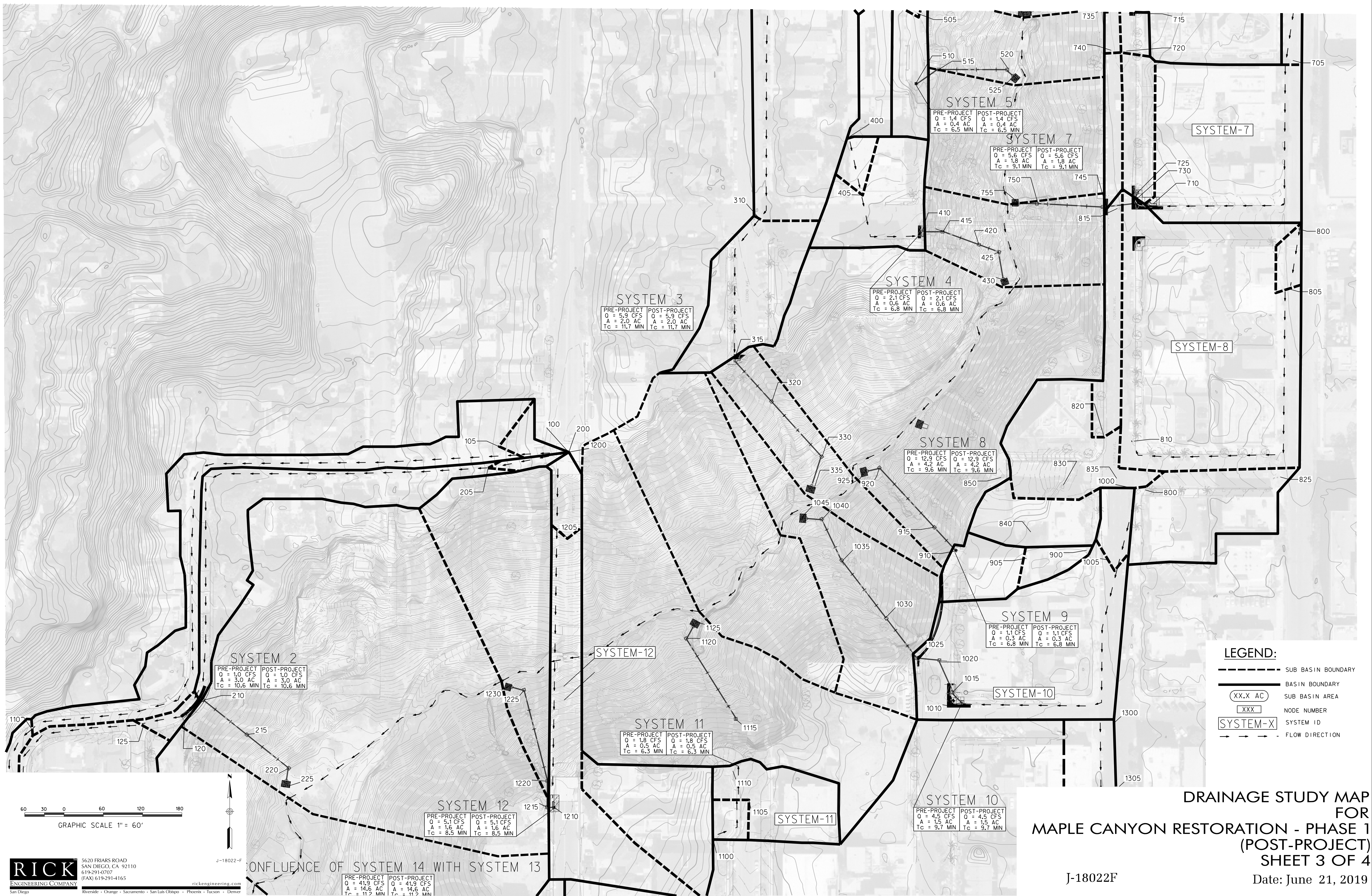


**DRAINAGE STUDY MAP FOR  
MAPLE CANYON RESTORATION - PHASE 1  
(POST-PROJECT)  
SHEET 2 OF 4**

J-18022F  
Date: June 21, 2019

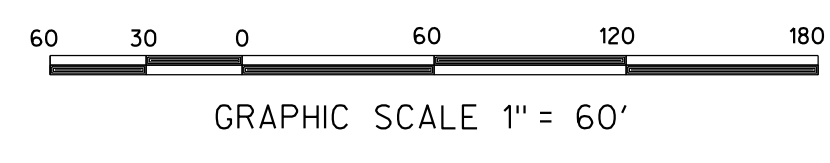
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**LEGEND:**

- SUB BASIN BOUNDARY
- BASIN BOUNDARY
- SUB BASIN AREA
- NODE NUMBER
- SYSTEM ID
- FLOW DIRECTION



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 CONFLUENCE OF SYSTEM 14 WITH SYSTEM 13

**DRAINAGE STUDY MAP FOR MAPLE CANYON RESTORATION - PHASE 1 (POST-PROJECT) SHEET 3 OF 4**  
 J-18022F  
 Date: June 21, 2019



- LEGEND:**
- SUB BASIN BOUNDARY
  - BASIN BOUNDARY
  - XX.X AC SUB BASIN AREA
  - XXX NODE NUMBER
  - SYSTEM-X SYSTEM ID
  - FLOW DIRECTION

**DRAINAGE STUDY MAP FOR MAPLE CANYON RESTORATION - PHASE 1 (POST-PROJECT) SHEET 4 OF 4**

J-18022F

Date: June 21, 2019

GRAPHIC SCALE 1" = 60'

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