

# MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION

Project No. 663879 SCH No. N/A

# SUBJECT:

Westbourne Small Lot: The project proposes a Coastal Development Permit, Site Development Permit, and Tentative Map to demolish an existing single dwelling unit, vacate an existing sewer easement, subdivide existing two lots into four single lots, and construct four two-story single dwelling units (each ranging 3,814 - 4,120 SF) over full basements with attached garages located at 460-462 Westbourne Street. The 0.3-acre site is in the RM-1-1 zone, Coastal Overlay Zone (Non-Appealable Area 2), Coastal Height Limitation Overlay Zone, Parking Impact Overlay Zone (Coastal Impact and Beach Impact) within the La Jolla Community Plan area. (LEGAL DESCRIPTION: : Parcel 1: The land hereinafter referred to is situated in the City of La Jolla, County of San Diego, State of California, and is described as follows: Parcel A: All that portion of Lots 22 and 24 in Block 6 of First Addition to South La Jolla, in the City of San Diego, County of San Diego, State of California, according to Map thereof No. 891, filed in the Office of the County Recorder of San Diego County March 31, 1903, lying Easterly of a line that is parallel to and distant 55 Easterly at right angles from the Westerly line of said Lot 22; also that portion of the Northerly 10 feet of Westbourne Street adjoining said lot on the South as closed to public use. Parcel 2: The land hereinafter referred to is situated in the City of La Jolla, County of San Diego, State of California, and is described as follows: Parcel B: All that portion of Lots 22 and 24 in Block 6 of First Addition to South La Jolla, in the City of San Diego, County of San Diego, State of California, according to Map thereof No. 891, filed in the Office of the County Recorder of San Diego County March 31, 1903, lying Westerly of a line that is parallel to and distant 55 feet Easterly at right angles from Westerly line of said Lot 22; also that portion of the Northerly 10 feet of Westbourne Street adjoining said lot on the South as closed to public use.) The site is not included on any Government Code listing of hazardous waste sites.

I. PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

See attached Initial Study.

II. ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING:

See attached Initial Study.

### III. DETERMINATION:

The City of San Diego conducted an Initial Study which determined that the proposed project could have a significant environmental effect in the following areas(s): **CULTURAL RESOURCES (ARCHAEOLOGY), TRIBAL CULTURAL RESOURCES.** Subsequent revisions in the project proposal create the specific mitigation identified in Section V of this Mitigated Negative Declaration. The project as revised now avoids or mitigates the potentially significant environmental effects previously identified, and the preparation of an Environmental Impact Report will not be required.

# IV. DOCUMENTATION:

The attached Initial Study documents the reasons to support the above Determination.

V. MITIGATION, MONITORING AND REPORTING PROGRAM:

# A. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS - PART I Plan Check Phase (prior to permit issuance)

- 1. Prior to the issuance of a Notice To Proceed (NTP) for a subdivision, or any construction permits, such as Demolition, Grading or Building, or beginning any construction related activity on-site, the Development Services Department (DSD) Director's Environmental Designee (ED) shall review and approve all Construction Documents (CD), (plans, specification, details, etc.) to ensure the MMRP requirements are incorporated into the design.
- In addition, the ED shall verify that the MMRP Conditions/Notes that apply ONLY to the construction phases of this project are included VERBATIM, under the heading, "ENVIRONMENTAL/MITIGATION REQUIREMENTS."
- 3. These notes must be shown within the first three (3) sheets of the construction documents in the format specified for engineering construction document templates as shown on the City website:

https://www.sandiego.gov/development-services/forms-publications/design-guidelines-templates

- 4. The **TITLE INDEX SHEET** must also show on which pages the "Environmental/Mitigation Requirements" notes are provided.
- 5. SURETY AND COST RECOVERY The Development Services Director or City Manager may require appropriate surety instruments or bonds from private Permit Holders to ensure the long-term performance or implementation of required mitigation measures or programs. The City is authorized to recover its cost to offset the salary, overhead, and expenses for City personnel and programs to monitor qualifying projects.

# B. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS - PART II

# Post Plan Check (After permit issuance/Prior to start of construction)

 PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING IS REQUIRED TEN (10) WORKING DAYS PRIOR TO BEGINNING ANY WORK ON THIS PROJECT. The PERMIT HOLDER/OWNER is responsible to arrange and perform this meeting by contacting the CITY RESIDENT ENGINEER (RE) of the Field Engineering Division and City staff from MITIGATION MONITORING COORDINATION (MMC). Attendees must also include the Permit holder's Representative(s), Job Site Superintendent and the following consultants:

Qualified Archaeologist
Qualified Native American Monitor

Note: Failure of all responsible Permit Holder's representatives and consultants to attend shall require an additional meeting with all parties present.

#### CONTACT INFORMATION:

- a) The PRIMARY POINT OF CONTACT is the **RE** at the **Field Engineering Division 858-627-3200**
- b) For Clarification of ENVIRONMENTAL REQUIREMENTS, it is also required to call **RE and MMC at 858-627-3360**
- 2. MMRP COMPLIANCE: This Project, Project Tracking System (PTS) #655382 and /or Environmental Document #655382, shall conform to the mitigation requirements contained in the associated Environmental Document and implemented to the satisfaction of the DSD's Environmental Designee (MMC) and the City Engineer (RE). The requirements may not be reduced or changed but may be annotated (i.e. to explain when and how compliance is being met and location of verifying proof, etc.). Additional clarifying information may also be added to other relevant plan sheets and/or specifications as appropriate (i.e., specific locations, times of monitoring, methodology, etc.

Note: Permit Holder's Representatives must alert RE and MMC if there are any discrepancies in the plans or notes, or any changes due to field conditions. All conflicts must be approved by RE and MMC BEFORE the work is performed.

3. OTHER AGENCY REQUIREMENTS: Evidence of compliance with all other agency requirements or permits shall be submitted to the RE and MMC for review and acceptance prior to the beginning of work or within one week of the Permit Holder obtaining documentation of those permits or requirements. Evidence shall include copies of permits, letters of resolution or other documentation issued by the responsible agency.

#### None Required

#### 4. MONITORING EXHIBITS

All consultants are required to submit, to RE and MMC, a monitoring exhibit on a 11x17 reduction of the appropriate construction plan, such as site plan, grading, landscape, etc., marked to clearly show the specific areas including the LIMIT OF WORK, scope of that

discipline's work, and notes indicating when in the construction schedule that work will be performed. When necessary for clarification, a detailed methodology of how the work will be performed shall be included.

NOTE: Surety and Cost Recovery – When deemed necessary by the Development Services Director or City Manager, additional surety instruments or bonds from the private Permit Holder may be required to ensure the long-term performance or implementation of required mitigation measures or programs. The City is authorized to recover its cost to offset the salary, overhead, and expenses for City personnel and programs to monitor qualifying projects.

# 5. OTHER SUBMITTALS AND INSPECTIONS:

The Permit Holder/Owner's representative shall submit all required documentation, verification letters, and requests for all associated inspections to the RE and MMC for approval per the following schedule:

Document Submittal/Inspection Checklist						
Issue Area	Document Submittal	Associated Inspection/Approvals/ Notes				
General	Consultant Qualification Letters	Prior to Preconstruction Meeting				
General	Consultant Construction Monitoring Exhibits	Prior to Preconstruction Meeting				
Cultural Resources (Archaeology)	Monitoring Report(s)	Archaeology/Historic Site Observation				
Tribal Cultural Resources	Monitoring Report(s)	Archaeology/Historic Site Observation				
Bond Release	Request for Bond Release Letter	Final MMRP Inspections Prior to Bond Release Letter				

# C. SPECIFIC MMRP ISSUE AREA CONDITIONS/REQUIREMENTS

# HISTORICAL RESOURCES ARCHAEOLOGICAL and NATIVE AMERICAN MONITORING

# I. Prior to Permit Issuance or Bid Opening/Bid Award

- A. Entitlements Plan Check
  - Prior to permit issuance or Bid Opening/Bid Award, whichever is applicable, the
    Assistant Deputy Director (ADD) Environmental designee shall verify that the
    requirements for Archaeological Monitoring and Native American monitoring have
    been noted on the applicable construction documents through the plan check
    process.
- B. Letters of Qualification have been submitted to ADD
  - 1. Prior to Bid Award, the applicant shall submit a letter of verification to Mitigation Monitoring Coordination (MMC) identifying the Principal Investigator (PI) for the project and the names of all persons involved in the archaeological monitoring

- program, as defined in the City of San Diego Historical Resources Guidelines (HRG). If applicable, individuals involved in the archaeological monitoring program must have completed the 40-hour HAZWOPER training with certification documentation.
- MMC will provide a letter to the applicant confirming the qualifications of the PI and all persons involved in the archaeological monitoring of the project meet the qualifications established in the HRG.
- 3. Prior to the start of work, the applicant must obtain written approval from MMC for any personnel changes associated with the monitoring program.

# II. Prior to Start of Construction

- A. Verification of Records Search
  - 1. The PI shall provide verification to MMC that a site-specific records search (1/4-mile radius) has been completed. Verification includes but is not limited to a copy of a confirmation letter from South Coastal Information Center, or, if the search was inhouse, a letter of verification from the PI stating that the search was completed.
  - 2. The letter shall introduce any pertinent information concerning expectations and probabilities of discovery during trenching and/or grading activities.
  - 3. The PI may submit a detailed letter to MMC requesting a reduction to the ¼ mile radius.

# B. PI Shall Attend Precon Meetings

- Prior to beginning any work that requires monitoring; the Applicant shall arrange a
  Precon Meeting that shall include the PI, Native American consultant/monitor (where
  Native American resources may be impacted), Construction Manager (CM) and/or
  Grading Contractor, Resident Engineer (RE), Building Inspector (BI), if appropriate,
  and MMC. The qualified Archaeologist and Native American Monitor shall attend any
  grading/excavation related Precon Meetings to make comments and/or suggestions
  concerning the Archaeological Monitoring program with the Construction Manager
  and/or Grading Contractor.
  - a. If the PI is unable to attend the Precon Meeting, the Applicant shall schedule a focused Precon Meeting with MMC, the PI, RE, CM or BI, if appropriate, prior to the start of any work that requires monitoring.
- 2. Acknowledgement of Responsibility for Curation (CIP or Other Public Projects)
  The applicant shall submit a letter to MMC acknowledging their responsibility for the cost of curation associated with all phases of the archaeological monitoring program.
- 3. Identify Areas to be Monitored
  - Prior to the start of any work that requires monitoring, the PI shall submit an Archaeological Monitoring Exhibit (AME) (with verification that the AME has been reviewed and approved by the Native American consultant/monitor when Native American resources may be impacted) based on the appropriate construction documents (reduced to 11x17) to MMC identifying the areas to be monitored including the delineation of grading/excavation limits.
  - The AME shall be based on the results of a site-specific records search as well as information regarding the age of existing pipelines, laterals and associated appurtenances and/or any known soil conditions (native or formation).
- MMC shall notify the PI that the AME has been approved.
- 4. When Monitoring Will Occur

- a. Prior to the start of any work, the PI shall also submit a construction schedule to MMC through the RE indicating when and where monitoring will occur.
- b. The PI may submit a detailed letter to MMC prior to the start of work or during construction requesting a modification to the monitoring program. This request shall be based on relevant information such as review of final construction documents which indicate conditions such as age of existing pipe to be replaced, depth of excavation and/or site graded to bedrock, etc., which may reduce or increase the potential for resources to be present.
- Approval of AME and Construction Schedule
   After approval of the AME by MMC, the PI shall submit to MMC written authorization of the AME and Construction Schedule from the CM.

# III. During Construction

- A. Monitor Shall be Present During Grading/Excavation/Trenching
  - The Archaeological Monitor shall be present full-time during all soil disturbing and grading/excavation/trenching activities which could result in impacts to archaeological resources as identified on the AME. The Construction Manager is responsible for notifying the RE, PI, and MMC of changes to any construction activities such as in the case of a potential safety concern within the area being monitored. In certain circumstances OSHA safety requirements may necessitate modification of the AME.
  - The Native American consultant/monitor shall determine the extent of their
    presence during soil disturbing and grading/excavation/trenching activities based on
    the AME and provide that information to the PI and MMC. If prehistoric resources are
    encountered during the Native American consultant/monitor's absence, work shall
    stop and the Discovery Notification Process detailed in Section III.B-C and IV.A-D shall
    commence.
  - 3. The PI may submit a detailed letter to MMC during construction requesting a modification to the monitoring program when a field condition such as modern disturbance post-dating the previous grading/trenching activities, presence of fossil formations, or when native soils are encountered that may reduce or increase the potential for resources to be present.
  - 4. The archaeological and Native American consultant/monitor shall document field activity via the Consultant Site Visit Record (CSVR). The CSVR's shall be faxed by the CM to the RE the first day of monitoring, the last day of monitoring, monthly (Notification of Monitoring Completion), and in the case of ANY discoveries. The RE shall forward copies to MMC.

# B. Discovery Notification Process

- In the event of a discovery, the Archaeological Monitor shall direct the contractor to temporarily divert all soil disturbing activities, including but not limited to digging, trenching, excavating or grading activities in the area of discovery and in the area reasonably suspected to overlay adjacent resources and immediately notify the RE or Bl, as appropriate.
- 2. The Monitor shall immediately notify the PI (unless Monitor is the PI) of the discovery.

- 3. The PI shall immediately notify MMC by phone of the discovery and shall also submit written documentation to MMC within 24 hours by fax or email with photos of the resource in context, if possible.
- No soil shall be exported off-site until a determination can be made regarding the significance of the resource specifically if Native American resources are encountered.

# C. Determination of Significance

- The PI and Native American consultant/monitor, where Native American resources
  are discovered shall evaluate the significance of the resource. If Human Remains are
  involved, follow protocol in Section IV below.
  - The PI shall immediately notify MMC by phone to discuss significance determination and shall also submit a letter to MMC indicating whether additional mitigation is required.
  - b. If the resource is significant, the PI shall submit an Archaeological Data Recovery Program (ADRP) and obtain written approval of the program from MMC, CM and RE. ADRP and any mitigation must be approved by MMC, RE and/or CM before ground disturbing activities in the area of discovery will be allowed to resume. Note: If a unique archaeological site is also an historical resource as defined in CEQA Section 15064.5, then the limits on the amount(s) that a project applicant may be required to pay to cover mitigation costs as indicated in CEQA Section 21083.2 shall not apply.
    - (1). Note: For pipeline trenching and other linear projects in the public Right-of-Way, the PI shall implement the Discovery Process for Pipeline Trenching projects identified below under "D."
  - c. If the resource is not significant, the PI shall submit a letter to MMC indicating that artifacts will be collected, curated, and documented in the Final Monitoring Report. The letter shall also indicate that that no further work is required.
    - (1). Note: For Pipeline Trenching and other linear projects in the public Rightof-Way, if the deposit is limited in size, both in length and depth; the information value is limited and is not associated with any other resource; and there are no unique features/artifacts associated with the deposit, the discovery should be considered not significant.
    - (2). Note, for Pipeline Trenching and other linear projects in the public Right-of-Way, if significance cannot be determined, the Final Monitoring Report and Site Record (DPR Form 523A/B) shall identify the discovery as Potentially Significant.
- D. Discovery Process for Significant Resources Pipeline Trenching and other Linear Projects in the Public Right-of-Way
  - The following procedure constitutes adequate mitigation of a significant discovery encountered during pipeline trenching activities or for other linear project types within the Public Right-of-Way including but not limited to excavation for jacking pits, receiving pits, laterals, and manholes\_to reduce impacts to below a level of significance:
  - 1. Procedures for documentation, curation and reporting
    - a. One hundred percent of the artifacts within the trench alignment and width shall be documented in-situ, to include photographic records, plan view of the trench and profiles of side walls, recovered, photographed after cleaning and analyzed

- and curated. The remainder of the deposit within the limits of excavation (trench walls) shall be left intact.
- b. The PI shall prepare a Draft Monitoring Report and submit to MMC via the RE as indicated in Section VI-A.
- c. The PI shall be responsible for recording (on the appropriate State of California Department of Park and Recreation forms-DPR 523 A/B) the resource(s) encountered during the Archaeological Monitoring Program in accordance with the City's Historical Resources Guidelines. The DPR forms shall be submitted to the South Coastal Information Center for either a Primary Record or SDI Number and included in the Final Monitoring Report.
- d. The Final Monitoring Report shall include a recommendation for monitoring of any future work in the vicinity of the resource.

# IV. Discovery of Human Remains

If human remains are discovered, work shall halt in that area and no soil shall be exported off-site until a determination can be made regarding the provenance of the human remains; and the following procedures as set forth in CEQA Section 15064.5(e), the California Public Resources Code (Sec. 5097.98) and State Health and Safety Code (Sec. 7050.5) shall be undertaken:

#### A. Notification

- 1. Archaeological Monitor shall notify the RE or BI as appropriate, MMC, and the PI, if the Monitor is not qualified as a PI. MMC will notify the appropriate Senior Planner in the Environmental Analysis Section (EAS) of the Development Services Department to assist with the discovery notification process.
- 2. The PI shall notify the Medical Examiner after consultation with the RE, either in person or via telephone.

# B. Isolate discovery site

- Work shall be directed away from the location of the discovery and any nearby area reasonably suspected to overlay adjacent human remains until a determination can be made by the Medical Examiner in consultation with the PI concerning the provenience of the remains.
- 2. The Medical Examiner, in consultation with the PI, will determine the need for a field examination to determine the provenience.
- 3. If a field examination is not warranted, the Medical Examiner will determine with input from the PI, if the remains are or are most likely to be of Native American origin.

# C. If Human Remains ARE determined to be Native American

- 1. The Medical Examiner will notify the Native American Heritage Commission (NAHC) within 24 hours. By law, **ONLY** the Medical Examiner can make this call.
- 2. NAHC will immediately identify the person or persons determined to be the Most Likely Descendent (MLD) and provide contact information.
- The MLD will contact the PI within 24 hours or sooner after the Medical Examiner has completed coordination, to begin the consultation process in accordance with CEQA Section 15064.5(e), the California Public Resources and Health & Safety Codes.

- 4. The MLD will have 48 hours to make recommendations to the property owner or representative, for the treatment or disposition with proper dignity, of the human remains and associated grave goods.
- 5. Disposition of Native American Human Remains will be determined between the MLD and the PI, and, if:
  - a. The NAHC is unable to identify the MLD, OR the MLD failed to make a recommendation within 48 hours after being granted access to the site, OR;
  - b. The landowner or authorized representative rejects the recommendation of the MLD and mediation in accordance with PRC 5097.94 (k) by the NAHC fails to provide measures acceptable to the landowner, the landowner shall reinter the human remains, and items associated with Native American human remains with appropriate dignity on the property in a location not subject to further and future subsurface disturbance, THEN
  - c. To protect these sites, the landowner shall do one or more of the following:
    - (1) Record the site with the NAHC;
    - (2) Record an open space or conservation easement; or
    - (3) Record a document with the County. The document shall be titled "Notice of Reinternment of Native American Remains" and shall include a legal description of the property, the name of the property owner, and the owner's acknowledged signature, in addition to any other information required by PRC 5097.98. The document shall be indexed as a notice under the name of the owner.
  - d. Upon the discovery of multiple Native American human remains during a ground disturbing land development activity, the landowner may agree that additional conferral with descendants is necessary to consider culturally appropriate treatment of multiple Native American human remains. Culturally appropriate treatment of such a discovery may be ascertained from review of the site utilizing cultural and archaeological standards. Where the parties are unable to agree on the appropriate treatment measures the human remains and items associated and buried with Native American human remains shall be reinterred with appropriate dignity, pursuant to Section 5.c., above.
- D. If Human Remains are **NOT** Native American
  - 1. The PI shall contact the Medical Examiner and notify them of the historic era context of the burial.
  - 2. The Medical Examiner will determine the appropriate course of action with the PI and City staff (PRC 5097.98).
  - If the remains are of historic origin, they shall be appropriately removed and conveyed to the San Diego Museum of Man for analysis. The decision for internment of the human remains shall be made in consultation with MMC, EAS, the applicant/landowner, any known descendant group, and the San Diego Museum of Man.

# V. Night and/or Weekend Work

- A. If night and/or weekend work is included in the contract
  - 1. When night and/or weekend work is included in the contract package, the extent and timing shall be presented and discussed at the precon meeting.
  - 2. The following procedures shall be followed.
    - a. No Discoveries

In the event that no discoveries were encountered during night and/or weekend work, the PI shall record the information on the CSVR and submit to MMC via fax by 8AM of the next business day.

- b. Discoveries
  - All discoveries shall be processed and documented using the existing procedures detailed in Sections III During Construction, and IV Discovery of Human Remains. Discovery of human remains shall always be treated as a significant discovery.
- Potentially Significant Discoveries
   If the PI determines that a potentially significant discovery has been made, the procedures detailed under Section III During Construction and IV-Discovery of Human Remains shall be followed.
- d. The PI shall immediately contact the RE and MMC, or by 8AM of the next business day to report and discuss the findings as indicated in Section III-B, unless other specific arrangements have been made.
- B. If night and/or weekend work becomes necessary during the course of construction
  - 1. The Construction Manager shall notify the RE, or BI, as appropriate, a minimum of 24 hours before the work is to begin.
  - 2. The RE, or BI, as appropriate, shall notify MMC immediately.
- C. All other procedures described above shall apply, as appropriate.

# VI. Post Construction

- A. Submittal of Draft Monitoring Report
  - 1. The PI shall submit two copies of the Draft Monitoring Report (even if negative), prepared in accordance with the Historical Resources Guidelines (Appendix C/D) which describes the results, analysis, and conclusions of all phases of the Archaeological Monitoring Program (with appropriate graphics) to MMC via the RE for review and approval within 90 days following the completion of monitoring. It should be noted that if the PI is unable to submit the Draft Monitoring Report within the allotted 90-day timeframe as a result of delays with analysis, special study results or other complex issues, a schedule shall be submitted to MMC establishing agreed due dates and the provision for submittal of monthly status reports until this measure can be met.
    - a. For significant archaeological resources encountered during monitoring, the Archaeological Data Recovery Program or Pipeline Trenching Discovery Process shall be included in the Draft Monitoring Report.
    - b. Recording Sites with State of California Department of Parks and Recreation The PI shall be responsible for recording (on the appropriate State of California Department of Park and Recreation forms-DPR 523 A/B) any significant or potentially significant resources encountered during the Archaeological Monitoring Program in accordance with the City's Historical Resources Guidelines, and submittal of such forms to the South Coastal Information Center with the Final Monitoring Report.
  - 2. MMC shall return the Draft Monitoring Report to the PI via the RE for revision or, for preparation of the Final Report.
  - 3. The PI shall submit revised Draft Monitoring Report to MMC via the RE for approval.

- 4. MMC shall provide written verification to the PI of the approved report.
- 5. MMC shall notify the RE or BI, as appropriate, of receipt of all Draft Monitoring Report submittals and approvals.

# B. Handling of Artifacts

- 1. The PI shall be responsible for ensuring that all cultural remains collected are cleaned and catalogued
- 2. The PI shall be responsible for ensuring that all artifacts are analyzed to identify function and chronology as they relate to the history of the area; that faunal material is identified as to species; and that specialty studies are completed, as appropriate.
- C. Curation of artifacts: Accession Agreement and Acceptance Verification
  - The PI shall be responsible for ensuring that all artifacts associated with the survey, testing and/or data recovery for this project are permanently curated with an appropriate institution. This shall be completed in consultation with MMC and the Native American representative, as applicable.
  - 2. When applicable to the situation, the PI shall include written verification from the Native American consultant/monitor indicating that Native American resources were treated in accordance with state law and/or applicable agreements. If the resources were reinterred, verification shall be provided to show what protective measures were taken to ensure no further disturbance occurs in accordance with Section IV – Discovery of Human Remains, Subsection C.
  - 3. The PI shall submit the Accession Agreement and catalogue record(s) to the RE or BI, as appropriate for donor signature with a copy submitted to MMC.
  - 4. The RE or BI, as appropriate shall obtain signature on the Accession Agreement and shall return to PI with copy submitted to MMC.
  - 5. The PI shall include the Acceptance Verification from the curation institution in the Final Monitoring Report submitted to the RE or BI and MMC.

#### D. Final Monitoring Report(s)

- The PI shall submit one copy of the approved Final Monitoring Report to the RE or BI
  as appropriate, and one copy to MMC (even if negative), within 90 days after
  notification from MMC of the approved report.
- The RE shall, in no case, issue the Notice of Completion until receiving a copy of the approved Final Monitoring Report from MMC which includes the Acceptance Verification from the curation institution.

### VI. PUBLIC REVIEW DISTRIBUTION:

Draft copies or notice of this Mitigated Negative Declaration were distributed to:

#### CITY OF SAN DIEGO

Mayor's Office Councilmember Joe LaCava, Council District 1 Development Services - Reviews:

Development Project Manager Engineering Review Environmental Review Landscaping Planning Review Plan-Historic
Fire Plan Review
Geology
Map Check
Transportation
Park and Recreation
Public Utilities
Public Facilities

MMC (77A)

City Attorney's Office (93C)

OTHER ORGANIZATIONS AND INTERESTED PARTIES

Historical Resources Board (87)

Carmen Lucas (206)

South Coastal Information Center (210)

San Diego Archaeological Center (212)

Save Our Heritage Organization (214)

Ron Christman (215)

Clint Linton (215B)

Frank Brown - Inter-Tribal Cultural Resources Council (216)

Campo Band of Mission Indians (217)

San Diego County Archaeological Society, Inc. (218)

Kumeyaay Cultural Heritage Preservation (223)

Kumeyaay Cultural Repatriation Committee (225)

La Jolla Community Planning Association (275)

La Jolla Village News (271)

La Jolla Town Council (273)

La Jolla Historical Society (274)

La Jolla Light (280)

Richard Drury

Komalpreet Toor

Stacey Oborne

John Stump

# VII. RESULTS OF PUBLIC REVIEW:

- ( ) No comments were received during the public input period.
- Comments were received but did not address the accuracy or completeness of the draft environmental document. No response is necessary and the letters are incorporated herein.
- (X) Comments addressing the accuracy or completeness of the draft environmental document were received during the public input period. The letters and responses are incorporated herein.

Copies of the draft Mitigated Negative Declaration, the Mitigation, Monitoring and Reporting Program and any Initial Study material are available in the office of the Development Services Department for review, or for purchase at the cost of reproduction.

Sara Osborn

Sara Osborn Senior Planner Development Services Department

Analyst: Sara Osborn

Attachments: Initial Study Checklist
Figure 1 – Location Map
Figure 2 – Site Plan

4/19/2021

Date of Draft Report

5/17/2021

Date of Final Report



# San Diego County Archaeological Society, Inc.

Environmental Review Committee

23 April 2021

To:

Ms. Sara Osborn

Development Services Department

City of San Diego

1222 First Avenue, Mail Station 501 San Diego, California 92101

Subject:

Draft Mitigated Negative Declaration Westbourne Small Lot Subdivision

Project No. 663879

Dear Ms. Osborn:

I have reviewed the subject DMND on behalf of this committee of the San Diego County Archaeological Society.

A-1

Based on the information contained in the DMND and the Brian F. Smith & Associates (BFSA) cultural resources report, we are in agreement with the results of the BFSA report and the recommended mitigation program as defined in the DMND.

Thank you for the opportunity to review and comment upon this project's environmental documents.

Sincerely.

James W. Royle, Jr., Chairperson Environmental Review Committee

cc;

Brian F. Smith & Associates SDCAS President

File

P.O. Box 81106 San Diego, CA 92138-1106 (858) 538-0935

City staff response(s) to the San Diego County Archaeological Society, Inc. comment(s) letter for
Westbourne Small Lot Project No. 663879

A-1. Comment noted. The comment does not address the adequacy of the draft Mitigated Negative Declaration. No further response is required.

#### INITIAL STUDY CHECKLIST

- 1. Project title/Project number: Westbourne Small Lot Sub / 663879
- Lead agency name and address: City of San Diego, 1222 First Avenue, MS-501, San Diego, California 92014
- 3. Contact person and phone number: Sara Osborn / (619) 446-5381
- 4. Project location: 460-462 Westbourne Street, San Diego, CA 92037
- 5. Project Applicant/Sponsor's name and address: Shani Sparks, 7542 Fay Avenue, San Diego, CA 92037, (858) 459-0575
- 6. General/Community Plan designation: Residential/ Low-Medium Density Residential (9-15 du/ac)
- 7. Zoning: RM-1-1 (Residential)
- 8. Description of project (Describe the whole action involved, including but not limited to, later phases of the project, and any secondary, support, or off-site features necessary for its implementation.):

The project proposes a Coastal Development Permit, Site Development Permit, and Tentative Map to demolish an existing single dwelling unit, vacate an existing sewer easement, subdivide existing two lots into four single lots, and construct four two-story single dwelling units (each ranging 3,814 - 4,120 SF) over full basements with attached garages located on a 0.3-acre site.

The small lot subdivision would create four lots: Lot A (southwest lot) - 3,486 square foot lot; Lot B (northwest lot) - 3,230 square foot lot; Lot C (southeast lot) - 3,278 square foot lot; Lot D (northeast lot) - 3,233 square foot lot. The project proposes to construct a new single-family residence (including basement, garage, and roof deck) with associated hardscape and landscape on each lot: Lot A (4,120 square foot house), Lot B (4,074 square foot house), and Lot C (3,814 square foot house), and Lot D (4,035 square foot house).

Project implementation would require grading of approximately 13,228 square feet, that would include 2,209 cubic yards of cut at a maximum depth of 9.83 feet onsite. The project's landscaping has been reviewed by staff and would comply with applicable City of San Diego landscape ordinances and standards. Drainage would be directed into appropriate storm drain systems designated to carry surface runoff, which has been reviewed and accepted by City Engineering staff. All parking would be provided on-site.

9. Surrounding land uses and setting:

The 0.30-acre (13,228 square feet) site is located on two lots at 460-462 Westbourne Street on the northwest corner of La Jolla Blvd (Figure 1). The project is within a developed residential neighborhood surrounded by similar existing single-family residences. The project is designated Low-Medium Density Residential (9-15 du/ac) and is subject to the RM-

1-1 zoning regulations pursuant to the La Jolla Community Plan (LJCP) and Local Coastal Plan (LCP). The project is also subject to the Coastal Overlay Zone (Non-Appealable Area 2), Coastal Height Limitation Overlay Zone, Parking Impact Overlay Zone (Coastal Impact and Beach Impact) within the La Jolla Community Plan area and is within Council District 1.

- Other public agencies whose approval is required (e.g., permits, financing approval, or participation agreement):
   None required.
- 11. Have California Native American tribes traditionally and culturally affiliated with the project area requested consultation pursuant to Public Resources Code section 21080.3.1? If so, has consultation begun?

Note: Conducting consultation early in the CEQA process allows tribal governments, lead agencies, and project proponents to discuss the level of environmental review, identify and address potential adverse impacts to tribal cultural resources, and reduce the potential for delay and conflict in the environmental review process. (See Public Resources Code section 21083.3.2.) Information may also be available from the California Native American Heritage Commission's Sacred Lands File per Public Resources Code section 5097.96 and the California Historical Resources Information System administered by the California Office of Historic Preservation. Please also note that Public Resources Code section 21082.3(c) contains provisions specific to confidentiality.

In accordance with the requirements of Assembly Bill (AB) 52, the City of San Diego sent Notifications via email to the Native American Tribes traditionally and culturally affiliated with the project area. The Notifications were distributed to the local Kumeyaay community for consultation on November 16, 2020 for 60 days concluding on January 15, 2021. The tribes did not respond within the 60 day consultation period. Please see Section XVII of the Initial Study for more detail.

# **ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:**

The environmental factors checked below would be potentially affected by this project, involving at least one impact that is a "Potentially Significant Impact" as indicated by the checklist on the following pages.						
	Aesthetics		Greenhouse Gas Emissions		Population/Housing	
	Agriculture and Forestry Resources		Hazards & Hazardous Materials		Public Services	
	Air Quality		Hydrology/Water Quality		Recreation	
	Biological Resources		Land Use/Planning		Transportation/Traffic	
$\boxtimes$	Cultural Resources		Mineral Resources	$\boxtimes$	Tribal Cultural Resources	
	Energy		Noise		Utilities/Service System	
	Geology/Soils	$\boxtimes$	Mandatory Findings Significance		Wildfire	
DETER	RMINATION: (To be cor	npleted	by Lead Agency)			
On the l	pasis of this initial evaluation	:				
	The proposed project COU be prepared.	LD NOT h	ave a significant effect on the	environr	nent, and a NEGATIVE DECLARATION will	
		revisions	in the project have been mad		nment, there will not be a significant greed to by the project proponent. A	
	The proposed project MAY is required.	have a sig	gnificant effect on the enviror	iment, ar	d an ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT	
The proposed project MAY have a "potentially significant impact" or "potentially significant unless mitigated" impact on the environment, but at least one effect (a) has been adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and (b) has been addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis as described on attached sheets. An ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required.						
	Although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, because all potentially significant effects (a) have been analyzed adequately in an earlier EIR or (MITIGATED) NEGATIVE DECLARATION pursuant to applicable standards, and (b) have been avoided or mitigated pursuant to that earlier EIR or (MITIGATED) NEGATIVE DECLARATION, including revisions or mitigation measures that are imposed upon the proposed project, nothing further is required.					

#### **EVALUATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS:**

- 1) A brief explanation is required for all answers except "No Impact" answers that are adequately supported by the information sources a lead agency cites in the parentheses following each question. A "No Impact" answer is adequately supported if the referenced information sources show that the impact simply does not apply to projects like the one involved (e.g., the project falls outside a fault rupture zone). A "No Impact answer should be explained where it is based on project specific factors as well as general standards (e.g., the project will not expose sensitive receptors to pollutants, based on a project-specific screening analysis.)
- 2) All answers must take account of the whole action involved, including off-site as well as on-site, cumulative as well as project-level, indirect as well as direct, and construction as well as operational impacts.
- 3) Once the lead agency has determined that a particular physical impact may occur, then the checklist answers must indicate whether the impact is potentially significant, less than significant with mitigation, or less than significant. "Potentially Significant Impact" is appropriate if there is substantial evidence that an effect may be significant. If there are one or more "Potentially Significant Impact" entries when the determination is made, an EIR is required.
- 4) "Negative Declaration: Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated" applies where the incorporation of mitigation measures has reduced an effect from "Potentially Significant Impact" to a "Less Than Significant Impact." The lead agency must describe the mitigation measures, and briefly explain how they reduce the effect to a less than significant level (mitigation measures from "Earlier Analyses", as described in (5) below, may be cross-referenced).
- 5) Earlier analyses may be used where, pursuant to the tiering, program EIR, or other CEQA process, an effect has been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or (mitigated) negative declaration. *Section 15063(c)(3)(D)*. In this case, a brief discussion should identify the following:
  - a. Earlier Analysis Used. Identify and state where they are available for review.
  - b. Impacts Adequately Addressed. Identify which effects from the above checklist were within the scope of and adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and state whether such effects were addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis.
  - c. Mitigation Measures. For effects that are "Less Than Significant With Mitigation Measures Incorporated", describe the mitigation measures that were incorporated or refined from the earlier document and the extent to which they address site-specific conditions for the project.
- 6) Lead agencies are encouraged to incorporate into the checklist references to information sources for potential impacts (e.g., general plans, zoning ordinances). Reference to a previously prepared or outside document should, where appropriate, include a reference to the page or pages where the statement is substantiated.
- 7) Supporting Information Sources: A source list should be attached, and other sources used or individuals contacted should be cited in the discussion.
- 8) This is only a suggested form, and lead agencies are free to use different formats; however, lead agencies should normally address the questions from this checklist that are relevant to a project's environmental effects in whatever format is selected.
- 9) The explanation of each issue should identify:
  - a. The significance criteria or threshold, if any, used to evaluate each question; and
  - b. The mitigation measure identified, if any, to reduce the impact to less than significant.

lss	ue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact		
I. AESTH	IETICS – Would the project:						
a)	Have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista?			$\boxtimes$			
four res develop setbacks The proj Plan des "unobsti located with the of the fr encroac is 6'-0" in the allow of the W this first	The project proposes to demolish one existing residential single-family dwelling unit and construct our residential single-family dwelling units, two-stories over basements within the allowable development footprint of the four small lot subdivision and would be conditioned to meet required detbacks and height requirements pursuant to the Land Development Code (LDC).  The project site is located within the La Jolla Community Planning area and the La Jolla Community Plan designates Westbourne Street as a Public Vantage Point, View Corridor defined as an unobstructed framed view down a public right-of-way." Lot A and Lot C front Westbourne Street are exacted on the first lot of the public vantage point. The two residences along this frontage comply with the allowable front setbacks, which includes a minimum 15-foot setback of no more than 50% of the frontage and a standard setback of 20 feet. The entry roof is allowed a standard encroachment per the LDC Section 131.0461(a)(6). The fence and gate proposed within the frontage is 6'-0" in height with 75% opened to light per LDC Section 142.0310(c)(3). The residences are within the allowable development footprint, outside of the public right-of-way, and located on the first lot of the Westbourne Street public vantage point and will not affect the view corridor extending from this first lot down to the ocean. Therefore, the project would not have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista and impacts would be less than significant.						
b)	Substantially damage scenic resources, including but not limited to, trees, rock outcroppings, and historic buildings within a state scenic highway?						
Refer to response I (a) above. The project is situated within a developed residential neighborhood and is located within the La Jolla Community Planning area and the La Jolla Community Plan designates Westbourne Street as a Public Vantage Point, View Corridor defined as an "unobstructed ramed view down a public right-of-way." The site is not adjacent to a historic building and is not adjacent to a significant landmark. The project is not located within or adjacent to a state scenic highway and would be required to meet all setback and height requirements. No impacts would result.							
c)	Substantially degrade the existing visual character or quality of the site and its surroundings?			$\boxtimes$			

Refer to response I (a) above. The project would not substantially degrade the existing visual character or quality of the project site because the proposed project will replace the existing structure with new structures with updated architectural design and landscaping that complies with current City standards.

All proposed structures would not exceed 30 feet in height in conformance with the San Diego Municipal Code Section 113.0270, which keep in scale with the surrounding existing structures. The project would include four two-story structures and are within the development regulations pertaining to rear-yard setbacks, side-yard setbacks, floor area ratio, and building envelope

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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requirements. Exterior finishes would generally use soft-tone colors, which would not substantially contrast with the surround visual character. New landscaping, consistent with the Landscape Regulations (Chapter 14, Article 02, Division 04), would be planted around the proposed structures providing visual relief and softening. The proposed landscape, architectural design, and building scale would be consistent with the existing visual character of the surrounding area. The project is also within a 2035 Transit Priority Area. It should be noted that, pursuant to CEQA Statue Section 21099 (d)(1) aesthetic impacts related to projects located on infill sites within a Transit Priority Area (TPA) shall not be considered a significant impact on the environment. Thus, impacts related to visual character or quality would be less than significant.

d)	Create a new source of substantial light			
	or glare that would adversely affect day		$\boxtimes$	
	or nighttime views in the area?			

The project would not include large walls or expanses of glass or other highly reflective materials. Outdoor lighting would be utilized as needed for parking areas, sidewalks, and security within the project site, similar to the existing structures on-site. In addition, outdoor lighting within the project site would be required to conform to Section 142.0740 of the San Diego Municipal Code (Outdoor Lighting Regulations). Therefore, lighting installed with the project would not adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area, resulting in a less than significant impact.

The project would comply with SDMC Section 142.0730 (Glare Regulations) that requires exterior materials utilized for proposed structures be limited to specific reflectivity ratings. The project would have a less than significant impact.

- II. AGRICULTURAL AND FOREST RESOURCES: In determining whether impacts to agricultural resources are significant environmental effects, lead agencies may refer to the California Agricultural Land Evaluation and Site Assessment Model (1997) prepared by the California Department of Conservation as an optional model to use in assessing impacts on agriculture and farmland. In determining whether impacts to forest resources, including timberland, are significant environmental effects, lead agencies may refer to information compiled by the California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection regarding the state's inventory of forest land, including the Forest and Range Assessment Project and the Forest Legacy Assessment project; and forest carbon measurement methodology provided in Forest Protocols adopted by the California Air Resources Board. Would the project:
  - a) Converts Prime Farmland, Unique
    Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide
    Importance (Farmland), as shown on
    the maps prepared pursuant to the
    Farmland Mapping and Monitoring
    Program of the California Resources
    Agency, to non-agricultural use?

The project is consistent with the La Jolla Community Plan land use designation Low-Medium Density Residential (9-15 du/ac), the RM-1-1 zoning regulations and is located within a developed residential neighborhood. As such, the project site does not contain, and is not adjacent to, any lands identified as Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance (Farmland), as show on maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resource Agency. Therefore, the project would not result in the conversion of such lands to non-agricultural use. No impacts would result.

ls	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
b)	Conflict with existing zoning for agricultural use, or a Williamson Act Contract?				
the pro would r	o response ll (a), above. There are no ject. The project is consistent with th not conflict with any properties zone ct. Therefore, no impacts would resu	e existing land	nd use and the und	lerlying zone.	The project
c)	Conflict with existing zoning for, or cause rezoning of, forest land (as defined in Public Resources Code section 1220(g)), timberland (as defined by Public Resources Code section 4526), or timberland zoned Timberland Production (as defined by Government Code section 51104(g))?				$\boxtimes$
or timb	oject would not conflict with existing erland zoned Timberland Production oroject is consistent with the commu	n. No designa	ated forest land or	timberland o	ccur onsite
d)	Result in the loss of forest land or conversion of forest land to non-forest use?				
foreste	o response ll (c) above. Additionally, t d land to non-forest use, as surround lly built out. No impacts would result	ding propert			-
e)	Involve other changes in the existing environment, which, due to their location or nature, could result in conversion of Farmland to nonagricultural use or conversion of forest land to non-forest use?				$\boxtimes$
Farmlaı	o response II (a) and II (c), above. The nds or forest land. No changes to an ore, no impact would result.		_		
	R QUALITY – Where available, the significance Ilution control district may be relied on to ma				ement or air
a)	Conflict with or obstruct implementation of the applicable air quality plan?				

The San Diego Air Pollution Control District (SDAPCD) and San Diego Association of Governments (SANDAG) are responsible for developing and implementing the clean air plan for attainment and maintenance of the ambient air quality standards in the San Diego Air Basin (SDAB). The County

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
Issue		Mitigation Incorporated		No Impa

Regional Air Quality Strategy (RAQS) was initially adopted in 1991, and is updated on a triennial basis (most recently in 2016). The RAQS outlines the SDAPCD's plans and control measures designed to attain the state air quality standards for ozone (O3). The RAQS relies on information from the California Air Resources Board (CARB) and SANDAG, including mobile and area source emissions, as well as information regarding projected growth in San Diego County and the cities in the county, to project future emissions and then determine the strategies necessary for the reduction of emissions through regulatory controls. CARB mobile source emission projections and SANDAG growth projections are based on population, vehicle trends, and land use plans developed by San Diego County and the cities in the county as part of the development of their general plans.

The RAQS relies on SANDAG growth projections based on population, vehicle trends, and land use plans developed by the cities and by the county as part of the development of their general plans. As such, projects that propose development that is consistent with the growth anticipated by local plans would be consistent with the RAQS. However, if a project proposes development that is greater than that anticipated in the local plan and SANDAG's growth projections, the project might be in conflict with the RAQS and may contribute to a potentially significant cumulative impact on air quality.

The project would demolish an existing residential single-family dwelling unit on two lots and construct four residential single-family dwelling units within the allowable development footprint of four new lots. The site is zoned RM-1-1 (Residential- Multiple Units) and permits a maximum density of 1 dwelling for each 3,000 square feet of lot area. The project would be consistent with the existing zoning and land use designation for the site; therefore, planned development for the site is considered to be anticipated in the SIP and RAQS. Because the proposed land uses are considered anticipated in local air quality plans, the project would be consistent at a sub-regional level with the underlying growth forecasts in the RAQS and would not obstruct implementation of the RAQS. As such, no impacts would result.

b)	Violate any air quality standard or			
	contribute substantially to an existing		$\boxtimes$	
	or projected air quality violation?			

#### **Short-Term (Construction) Emissions**

Construction-related activities are temporary, short-term sources of air emissions. Sources of construction-related air emissions include fugitive dust from grading activities; construction equipment exhaust; construction-related trips by workers, delivery trucks, and material-hauling trucks; and construction-related power consumption.

Construction of the project would include demolition of the existing structure on-site and the construction of four new single-family residences. Variables that factor into the total construction emissions potentially generated include the level of activity, length of construction period, number of pieces and types of equipment in use, site characteristics, weather conditions, number of construction personnel, and the amount of materials to be transported on or offsite.

Fugitive dust emissions are generally associated with land-clearing and grading operations. Construction operations would include standard measures as required by City of San Diego grading permit to limit potential air quality impacts. Impacts associated with fugitive dust are considered less

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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than significant and would not violate an air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation. No mitigation measures are required.

Long-Te	erm (Operational) Emissions				
Long-te related minima and is p project contribu	rm air emission impacts are those a to any change caused by a project. I stationary sources emissions. The ermitted by the community plan ar emissions over the long-term are no ute substantially to an existing or pront, and no mitigation measures are	Operation of project is con design to anticipated or anticipated or great air question of the control of the co	four single-family npatible with the s nation. Based on t I to violate any air	residences wo surrounding do the residential quality standa	ould produce evelopment land use, ard or
c)	Result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is non-attainment under an applicable federal or state ambient air quality standard (including releasing emissions which exceed quantitative thresholds for ozone precursors)?				
dust and duration related result in region is	ribed in III (b) above, construction od other pollutants. However, construction; implementation of Best Managento construction activities to a less that a cumulatively considerable net in a a nonattainment under applicable be less than significant.	ruction emissi nent Practice: nan significan crease of any	ons would be tem s (BMPs) would re t level. Therefore, criteria pollutant	nporary and sh duce potential the project wo for which the	ort-term in impacts ould not project
d)	Create objectionable odors affecting a substantial number of people?			$\boxtimes$	
Odors wof the punburned	erm (Construction)  vould be generated from vehicles as roject. Odors produced during consed hydrocarbons from tailpipes of conset temporary and generally occur a le. Therefore, impacts would be less	struction wou construction e t magnitudes	ld be attributable equipment and ard that would not af	to concentrati chitectural coa	ons of tings. Such
Typical l such od units, in they ant	rm (Operational)  long-term operational characteristic  lors nor anticipated to generate ode  the long-term operation, are not ty  ticipated to generate odors affecting  ons would result in less than signific	ors affecting a pically associ g a substantia	substantial numl ated with the crea	per of people. ation of such o	Residential dors nor are
IV. BIOL	OGICAL RESOURCES – Would the project:				
a)	Have substantial adverse effects, either directly or through habitat				$\boxtimes$

22

Iss	ue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact		
	modifications, on any species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special status species in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?						
sensitive develop demolis landscap nor doe not have	The project site is categorized as Urban Developed, which is not considered environmentally sensitive lands and is located in a developed residential neighborhood. The site is currently developed with a single-family residence next to an undeveloped lot. The project proposes to demolish an existing residential structure and construct four new residential dwelling units. On-site landscaping is non-native, and the project site does not contain any sensitive biological resources, nor does it contain any candidate, sensitive or special status species. Therefore, the project would not have substantial adverse effects on any species identified by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service. No impacts would occur.						
b)	Have a substantial adverse effect on any riparian habitat or other community identified in local or regional plans, policies, and regulations or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?						
near the	ject site is within an urbanized devel e project site. Refer to Response IV (a or other identified community, as th would occur, and no mitigation mea	a), above. The e site currentl	project site does y supports non-n	not contain a	ny riparian		
c)	Have a substantial adverse effect on federally protected wetlands as defined by section 404 of the Clean Water Act (including but not limited to marsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc.) through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, or other means?						
The project site does not contain federally protected wetlands as defined by Section 404 of the Clean Water Act. Wetlands or waters as regulated by the United States Army Corps of Engineers (USACE), the Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB) or the California Department of Fish and Wildlife (CDFW) do not occur on-site and therefore will not be impacted by the project. The project site is located within a developed residential neighborhood and is currently developed with structures, hardscape, and landscaping. No impacts would occur, and no mitigation measures are required.							
d)	Interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or with established native resident or				$\boxtimes$		

migratory wildlife corridors, or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites?

**Less Than** Potentially **Less Than** Significant with Issue Significant Significant No Impact Mitigation Impact Impact Incorporated Wildlife movement corridors are defined as areas that connect suitable wildlife habitat areas in a region otherwise fragmented by rugged terrain, changes in vegetation, or human disturbance. Natural features such as canyon drainages, ridgelines, or areas with vegetation cover provide corridors for wildlife travel. The project site is surrounded by existing residential development and is not located adjacent to an established wildlife corridor and would not impede the movement of any wildlife or the use of any wildlife nursery sites. Therefore, no impact would occur, and no mitigation measures are required. e) Conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological  $\boxtimes$ resources, such as a tree preservation policy or ordinance? Refer to response IV (a), above. The project site is designated for Residential/ Low-Medium Density Residential (9-15 du/ac) pursuant to the La Jolla Community Plan and zoned RM-1-1. The project is located on a developed residential site and the project does not conflict with local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources. Therefore, no impacts would occur. Conflict with the provisions of an adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, П  $\boxtimes$ Natural Community Conservation Plan, or other approved local, regional, or state habitat conservation plan? Please refer to IV (e) above. The project is located in a developed urban area and is not within or

directly adjacent to the City's Multi-Habitat Planning Area (MHPA) and no other adopted conservation plans affect the subject site. The project does not conflict with any other local, regional, or state habitat conservation plan. No impacts would result.

V. CULTURAL RESOURCES - Would the project:

a)	Cause a substantial adverse change in			
	the significance of an historical		$\boxtimes$	
	resource as defined in §15064.5?			

The purpose and intent of the Historical Resources Regulations of the Land Development Code (Chapter 14, Division 3, and Article 2) is to protect, preserve and, where damaged, restore the historical resources of San Diego. The regulations apply to all proposed development within the City of San Diego when historical resources are present on the premises. Before approving discretionary projects, CEQA requires the Lead Agency to identify and examine the significant adverse environmental effects which may result from that project. A project that may cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource may have a significant effect on the environment (sections 15064.5(b) and 21084.1). A substantial adverse change is defined as demolition, destruction, relocation, or alteration activities, which would impair historical significance (sections 15064.5(b)(1)). Any historical resource listed in, or eligible to be listed in the California Register of Historical Resources, including archaeological resources, is considered to be historically or culturally significant.

The City of San Diego criteria for determination of historic significance, pursuant to CEQA, is

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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evaluated based upon age (over 45 years), location, context, association with an important event, uniqueness, or structural integrity of the building. Projects requiring the demolition and/or modification of structures that are 45 years or older have the potential to result in potential impacts to a historical resource.

The project site contains a single-family residence over 45 years old. The existing residence on the project site at 460 Westbourne Street was reviewed by Historic staff and according to their review, the property does not meet the local designation criteria as individually significant resources under the adopted Historical Resource Board criteria. As such, impacts would be less than significant.

b)	Cause a substantial adverse change in		
	the significance of an archaeological	$\boxtimes$	
	resource pursuant to §15064.5?		

Many areas of San Diego County, including mesas and the coast, are known for intense and diverse prehistoric occupation and important archaeological and historical resources. The region has been inhabited by various cultural groups spanning 10,000 years or more. The project area is located within an area identified as sensitive on the City of San Diego's Historical Resources Sensitivity Maps.

Therefore, a record search of the California Historic Resources Information System (CHRIS) digital database was reviewed to determine presence or absence of potential resources within the project site by qualified archaeological City staff. Previously recorded historic and prehistoric sites have been identified in the near project vicinity.

The project proposes to demolish an existing single-family residence and construct four single-family residences over basements. The project is located in the La Jolla Community Planning area which is a location in the City that has been known to contain sensitive cultural resources. Additionally, A Phase I Cultural Resource Survey for the Westbourne Small Lot Subdivision Project (Brian F. Smith and Assoc., April 24, 2020) was prepared for the site. The survey assessed the potential for cultural resources on the property and a visual inspection for the presence of cultural resources. No evidence of any archaeological resources was identified within the property during the survey. However, due to the historic development of the surrounding neighborhood, including within the western half of the project site, the presence of both historic and prehistoric archaeological resources within a quarter-mile radius, and the limited visibility encountered during the survey, there remains a possibility of encountering buried archaeological deposits similar to those identified during the records search. Therefore, because the property is located within an area that is sensitive for cultural resources, archaeological monitoring of all earth-moving activities is recommended.

Due to the scope of work in this location of La Jolla, impacts to any unknown resources buried beneath the surface could rise to a level of significance, according to the City of San Diego's Cultural Resources Guidelines. As such, an archaeological and Native American monitor must be present during all grading activities in order to reduce any potential impacts to a level below significance. A Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program, as detailed within Section V of the Mitigated Negative Declaration would be implemented to reduce impacts related to Historical Resources (archaeology) to below a level of significance.

Issi	ue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact			
c)	Directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleontological resource or site or unique geologic feature?							
County S Old Para Colluvium onsite. P	ng to site-specific analysis, Geotechn Soil Consultation and Engineering, Ir Ilic Deposits (Bay Point Formation) b m. The project proposes to grade 2 er the City of San Diego's Significan eontological sensitivity in this area c	nc., April 2, 20 pelow approx ,209 cubic ya ce Determina	020), the project si timately 1 foot of t ords of cut at a ma	ite is mostly ui cop soil and 3 t ximum depth	nderlain by to 6 feet of of 9.83 feet			
Activities and 10 for grading of 2,209 cu	San Diego Municipal Code Section 142.0501 (Paleontological Resources Requirements for Grading Activities) requires paleontological monitoring for grading that involves 1,000 cubic yards or greater and 10 feet or greater in depth, in a High Resource Potential Geologic Deposit/Formation/Rock Unit, grading on a fossil recovery site. Since this project proposes grading to a depth of 9.83 feet and 2,209 cubic yards of excavation, the proposed grading will not exceed thresholds and impacts to paleontological resources will be less than significant.							
d)	Disturb human remains, including those interred outside of dedicated cemeteries?							
contains shall hal- regardin Section Code (Se	Refer to response V (b) above. Section V of the Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program contains provisions for the discovery of human remains. If human remains are discovered, work shall halt in that area and no soil shall be exported off-site until a determination can be made regarding the provenance of the human remains; and the following procedures as set forth in CEQA Section 15064.5(e), the California Public Resources Code (Sec. 5097.98) and State Health and Safety Code (Sec. 7050.5) shall be undertaken. Based upon the required mitigation measure impacts would be less than significant.							
VI. ENER	GY – Would the project:							
a)	Result in potentially significant environmental impact due to wasteful, inefficient, or unnecessary consumption of energy resources, during project construction or operation?							

The project would be required to meet mandatory energy standards of the current California energy code. Construction of four single-family residences would require operation of heavy equipment but would be temporary and short-term in duration. Additionally, long-term energy usage from the buildings would be reduced through design measures that incorporate energy conservation features in heating, ventilation and air conditioning systems, lighting and window treatments, and insulation and weather stripping. The project would also incorporate cool-roofing materials. Development of the project would not result in a significant environmental impact due to wasteful, inefficient, or unnecessary consumption of energy resources. Impacts would remain less than significant.

lss	ue		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
b)	pla	nflict with or obstruct a state or local n for renewable energy or energy ciency?				
designati impleme local pla	tion entii n fo	is consistent with the General Pl . The project is required in comp ng energy reducing design meas or renewable energy or energy e	oly with the C sures, therefo	City's Climate Action ore the project wo	n Plan (CAP) b uld not obstru	у
a)		ose people or structures to potential sul plving:	bstantial advers	se effects, including the	risk of loss, injur	y, or death
	i)	Rupture of a known earthquake fault, as delineated on the most recent Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Map issued by the State Geologist for the area or based on other substantial evidence of a known fault? Refer to Division of Mines and Geology Special Publication 42.				
462 Wes Zone. Th Building construc	tbo ne p Coo	Soil Consultation and Engineeri urne Street (April 2, 2020 and th roject would be required to com de. Implementation of proper en n practices, to be verified at the l from regional geologic hazards	e project is raply with the origineering debuilding perroulling perrounding pe	not located within a seismic requireme esign and utilizatio mit stage, would en	an Alquist-Pricents of the Calents of the Calendard of standard on the the calendare that the	olo Fault ifornia
	ii)	Strong seismic ground shaking?			$\boxtimes$	
subject the shaking the region practice	to m at th on. I s, to	site is located within a seismical noderate to strong seismic grour he site could be generated by ar implementation of proper engin be verified at the building permal al geologic hazards would remai	nd shaking a ny number o eering desig nit stage, woo	long major earthq f known active and n and utilization o uld ensure that the	uake faults. Se d potentially ac f standard cor	eismic ctive faults ir nstruction
	iii)	Seismic-related ground failure, including liquefaction?				
The site	is la	ocated within a City of San Diego	Seismic Safe	ety Zone Geologic	Hazard Cateo	ory 53

The site is located within a City of San Diego Seismic Safety Zone, Geologic Hazard Category 53 which indicates a level or sloping terrain, unfavorable geologic structure with low to moderate risk. The Geotechnical Investigation for 460-462 Westbourne Street (East County Soil Consultation and Engineering, Inc., April 2, 2020) identifies the project will excavating for basements. Liquefaction generally occurs when loose, unconsolidated, water-laden soils are subject to shaking, causing the soils to lose cohesion. The potential for soil liquefaction at the subject site is low to moderate due to the geologic structure and the Geologic Hazard Category Designation 53. The geological investigation found the foundation soils are low to non-expansive.

Issi	ue	Significant Impact	Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Significant Impact	No Impact
impacts design a	ect would be required to comply wi to people or structures to an accep nd utilization of standard construct nsure that the potential for impacts nt.	table level of ion practices	risk. Implementat , to be verified at t	ion of proper of the building pe	engineering rmit stage,
	iv) Landslides?				
is flat an of prope building	sibility of deep-seated slope stability of consists of removing a residence er engineering design and utilization permit stage, would ensure that the ole level of risk. Impacts would be le	and construction of standard e potential fo	cting four new resi construction prac or impacts would b	dences. Impler tices, to be ver	mentation ified at the
b)	Result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil?				
potentia requires within th the Storr than sign postcons	ion and construction activities would il. The project would be required to the implementation of appropriate ne site would be required to comply m Water Standards, which would er nificant levels. Furthermore, permanatruction consistent with the City's rect would not result in substantial soult.	comply with Best Manag with the City sure soil erc nent storm w egulations, a	the City's Storm Wement Practices (For San Diego Gransion and topsoil lowater BMPs would along with landsca	later Standards BMPs). Grading ding Ordinance oss is minimize also be require oe regulations.	s which activities e as well as d to less ed Therefore,
c)	Be located on a geologic unit or soil that is unstable, or that would become unstable as a result of the project, and potentially result in on- or off-site landslide, lateral spreading, subsidence, liquefaction or collapse?				
the pote residenc comply v expansiv	ssed in Section VII (a) and VII (b), the ential for liquefaction and subsidence on flat lots and constructing four with the requirements of the Califor we soils would be reduced to an access a significant.	e is low to m new residen nia Building	oderate. The project deces. The project deces. The project deces code, ensuring ha	ect consists of i esign would be zards associate	removing a required to ed with
d)	Be located on expansive soil, as defined in Table 18-1-B of the Uniform Building Code (1994), creating substantial risks to life or property?				

Potentially

**Less Than** 

**Less Than** 

According to the geotechnical investigation, based on the soil types encountered during field investigation, the on-site soils are expected to be non-expansive as defined by the California

Issue		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact			
Building Code acceptable leve construction p	Building Code. The project would be required to comply with seismic requirements of the California Building Code that would reduce impacts to people or structures due to local seismic events to an acceptable level of risk. Implementation of proper engineering design and utilization of standard construction practices, to be verified at the building permit stage, would ensure that the potential or impacts from regional geologic hazards would remain less than significant.							
suppor alterna system	oils incapable of adequately ting the use of septic tanks or tive waste water disposal s where sewers are not available disposal of waste water?							
water and sew require the cor	e is located within an area that er lines) and does not propos nstruction of any new facilitie ect. No impact would occur.	se a septic sys	tem. In addition,	the project do	es not			
VIII. GREENHOU	SE GAS EMISSIONS – Would the proje	ect:						
either (	ate greenhouse gas emissions, directly or indirectly, that may significant impact on the nment?			$\boxtimes$				
proportional si is part of the C project basis to project is cons designations. F	ate Action Plan (CAP) outlines hare of State greenhouse gas AP and contains measures the ensure that the specified ensistent with the General Plan a Further, based upon review and project is consistent with the actions.	(GHG) emissi lat are require nission target and the La Joll and evaluation	on reductions. A ( ed to be implement is identified in the a Community Plar of the completed	CAP Consisten nted on a proj CAP are achie n's land use an CAP Consiste	cy Checklist ect-by- ved. The Id zoning			
to cumulative	oroject's consistency with the statewide emissions would be and cumulative GHG emissio	e less than cui	mulatively conside	erable. Theref	ore, the			
or regu	t with an applicable plan, policy, llation adopted for the purpose icing the emissions of							

The project would not conflict with an applicable plan, policy, or regulation adopted for the purposes of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gasses. The project is consistent with the existing General Plan and Community Plan land use and zoning designations. Further based upon review and evaluation of the completed CAP Consistency Checklist for the project, the project is consistent with the applicable strategies and actions of the CAP. Therefore, the project is consistent with the assumptions for relevant CAP strategies toward achieving the identified GHG reduction targets. Impacts are considered less than significant.

IX. HAZARDS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS – Would the project:

greenhouse gases?

Iss	ue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a)	Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials?				
residence (fuels, lu Although they are the proje	ject would demolish a single-family inces in its place. Construction of the publicants, solvents, etc.), which would have minimal amounts of such substant and anticipated to create a significated, the routine transport, use, or disput anticipated. Therefore, impacts we	oroject may r d require pro ces may be p int public had sposal of had	require the use of hoper storage, hand oresent during con zard. Once constru zardous materials	nazardous ma ling, use and struction of th cted, due to t	iterials disposal. ne project, he nature of
b)	Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment?				
	response IX (a) above. No health ris us materials would result from the i nificant.		_	•	•
c)	Emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste within one-quarter mile of an existing or proposed school?				
above, c solvents project v emit haz	High School is within one-quarter meanstruction of the project may require, etc.), which would require proper swould not routinely transport, use, cardous materials that would affect us emissions would be less than sign	ire the use of storage, hand or dispose of the nearby s	f hazardous mater dling, use, and disp hazardous materi	rials (fuels, luk oosal; howeve als, nor would	oricants, r, the I the project
d)	Be located on a site which is included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code section 65962.5 and, as a result, would it create a significant hazard to the public or the environment?				

A search of potential hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5 was completed for the project site. Several databases and resources were consulted including the Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC) EnviroStor database, the California State Water Resources Control Board GeoTracker database, and other sources of potential hazardous materials sites available on the California EPA website. The records search identified that no hazardous waste sites exist onsite or in the surrounding area. No Impacts would result.

lss	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
e)	For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two mile of a public airport or public use airport, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?				
-	posed project is not located within a or public use airport. No impacts wo	•	d use plan, or with	in two miles o	of a public
f)	For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?				$\boxtimes$
	ject site is not located within the vic azard for people residing or workin		•		
g)	Impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan?				
emerge through	ject would not impair the implemen ncy response plan or evacuation pla none shared driveway. The project working area and would maintain acces	an. The four r	new residential uniodify the existing ro	ts would acce adway netwo	ss the site ork in the
h)	Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires, including where wildlands are adjacent to urbanized areas or where residences are intermixed with wildlands?				
project wildland	ject is located within a developed un would not expose people or structu d fires because the project is not adj on XX below. Any impacts would be	res to a signi acent to any	ficant loss, injury, o wildlands. Further	or death invol	ving
X. HYDR	OLOGY AND WATER QUALITY - Would the pr	oject:			
a)	Violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements?				
The pro	iact was reviewed by City Engineering	og stoff Thou	aroject was review	nd for applica	blo water

The project was reviewed by City Engineering staff. The project was reviewed for applicable water quality standards and water discharge requirements. The proposed project will not have a significant impact on downstream properties and the drainage system is engineered to adequately manage site stormwater.

Iss	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
after co Implem	ject would be conditioned to comply nstruction, and appropriate Best Ma entation of project specific BMP's wo ds or discharge requirements. Impac	nagement Pr ould preclude	actices (BMP's) wo violations of any	ould be utilize existing water	d.
b)	Substantially deplete groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that there would be a net deficit in aquifer volume or a lowering of the local groundwater table level (e.g., the production rate of pre-existing nearby wells would drop to a level which would not support existing land uses or planned uses for which permits have been granted)?			$\boxtimes$	
geotech of 12 fee and end impervi Howeve ground project	ject does not require the construction inical investigation (refer to VI, Geolo et and 16 feet during the investigation countering groundwater is not anticipous groundcover on the project site, et, the project would include drainage water recharge on site and proper suits located in a residential neighborhout to the existing public water system.	gy and Soils) on. The project pated. The project potentially a e features and urface and su pod where all	, groundwater was et proposes to grad oject would result ltering the rate of d landscape to col bsurface drainage infrastructures ex	s encountered de to a depth in a change i groundwater ntinue to allow will be requi kist. The proje	d at a depth of 9.83 feet n amount of recharge. w for red. The
c)	Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, in a manner, which would result in substantial erosion or			$\boxtimes$	

The project would redevelop a site that is undeveloped on the east containing grass, shrubs and trees and on the west includes a single-family residence. The project would not alter the course of a stream or rover as no such features occur on or adjacent to the project site. According to the geotechnical investigation, the project site slopes gently to the west. The project would include improve drainage features with source and treatment control BMPs to control for erosion. Surface runoff would continue to flow to existing storm drains around the project site. While the project would result in an increase in impervious surfaces compared to the existing conditions, proposed drainage features would adequately flow runoff while incorporating BMPs to control for erosion and siltation. These drainage features would be adequately designed and sized for anticipated storm events to prevent on or off-site flooding. Additionally, the project would include landscaped areas to allow for infiltration. Impacts to drainage would be less than significant.

siltation on- or off-site?

d)	Substantially alter the existing drainage			
	pattern of the site or area, including			
	through the alteration of the course of		$\boxtimes$	
	a stream or river, or substantially			
	increase the rate or amount of surface			

ls	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	runoff in a manner, which would result in flooding on- or off-site?				
Refer to	response X (c) above. No flooding	would occur.	mpacts would be	less than sign	ificant.
e)	Create or contribute runoff water, which would exceed the capacity of existing or planned stormwater drainage systems or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff?				
downsti stormw after co degrade runoff f provide	o response X (a) and (c) above. The pream properties and the drainage stater. The project would be required instruction. Appropriate BMPs would; therefore, ensuring that project from the site is not anticipated to expend the site is not anticipated to expend the site is additional sources of participated.	system is enging to comply with the implement of the runoff is direct of the capa	neered to adequate th all City storm wented to ensure the cted to appropriate acity of existing store.	tely manage si vater standard at water quali e drainage sys orm water sys	ite s during and ty is not stems. Any tems or
f)	Otherwise substantially degrade water quality?			$\boxtimes$	
standar	o response X (a) above. The project ds both during and after construct is not degraded. Impacts would be	ion, using app	ropriate BMP's tha	-	
g)	Place housing within a 100-year flood hazard area as mapped on a federal Flood Hazard Boundary or Flood Insurance Rate Map or other flood hazard delineation map?				
project	pject site is not located within a 100- has been reviewed by the proper e g construction guidelines to avoid fl ance.	ngineering sta	aff and would be c	onditioned to	follow
h)	Place within a 100-year flood hazard area, structures that would impede or redirect flood flows?				
	o X (g) above. The project site is not flood area. Impacts would remain b		_	hazard area o	r any other
XI. LAND	O USE AND PLANNING – Would the project:				
a)	Physically divide an established community?				$\boxtimes$

Less Than Potentially **Less Than** Significant with Issue Significant Significant No Impact Mitigation Impact Impact Incorporated

The project would be consistent with the General Plan land use designation of Residential as well as the La Jolla Community Plan land use designation of Low-Medium Density Residential (9-15 du/ac). As described, the project site contains one existing residence to be replaced with four new residences and is located within a developed residential neighborhood, and therefore, would not physically divide an established community. The project would not substantially change the nature of the surrounding area and would not introduce any barriers or project features that could physically divide the community. No impacts would result.

b)	Conflict with any applicable land use plan, policy, or regulation of an agency with jurisdiction over the project (including but not limited to the general plan, specific plan, local coastal program, or zoning ordinance) adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect?				
designa regulati residen RM-1-1, More sp permitti Constru develop	ject is consistent with the General Pl tion which allows up to 9-15 dwelling ons. The project is located on a 0.30- ce and construct four new residence which permits a maximum density of pecifically, the purpose of the RM zor ing lower density multiple dwelling us action of the project would occur with ment. Since there are no conflicts we swould remain below a level of signi-	g units per a -acre site an es on four in- of one dwell ne is to prov Inits with so hin an urbar ith the appli	cre and is subject d proposes to den dividual lots. The u ing for each 3,000 ide for developme me characteristics nized neighborhoo	to the RM-1-1 nolish a single inderlying bas square feet of nt at varying coff single dweld with similar	zoning -family e zone is f lot area. densities, lling units.
c)	Conflict with any applicable habitat conservation plan or natural community conservation plan?			$\boxtimes$	
neighbo commu Conserv	refer to section IV (e) above. The projorhood and would not conflict with a nity conservation plan. The project wation Plan (MSCP). The site is not located HPA). Impacts would be less than signal.	ny applicabl vould not co cated within	e habitat conserva nflict with the City'	ition plan or n 's Multiple Spe	atural ecies
XII. MIN	ERAL RESOURCES – Would the project:				
a)	Result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region and the residents				$\boxtimes$

of the state?

There are no known mineral resources located on the project site. The urbanized and developed nature of the project site and vicinity would preclude the extraction of any such resources. No impacts would result.

Issue		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
b)	Result in the loss of availability of a locally important mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan or other land use plan?				$\boxtimes$
use plan	a), above. The project site has not be as a locally important mineral reso with project implementation. There	urce recover	y site, and no such	resources w	
XIII. NOIS	SE – Would the project result in:				
a)	Generation of, noise levels in excess of standards established in the local general plan or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies?				
receptor construct which are would result in	the project area but would no longers (e.g. residential uses) occur in the ction noise; however, construction a ction hours specified in the City's Muste intended to reduce potential adversarian below a level of significance.  Im (Operation)  ong-term, typical noise levels associated and the could not result in an increase in the noise levels in excess of standards.	immediate a ctivities woul inicipal Code erse effects re ated with res e existing am established i	irea and may be te ld be required to c (Section 59.5.0404 esulting from cons sidential uses are a bient noise level. To n the City of San D	emporarily aff comply with th 4, Constructio struction noise anticipated, an The project w	fected by ne on Noise) e. Impacts and the ould not
Noise O	rdinance. Impacts would remain bel	ow a level of	significance.		
b)	Generation of, excessive ground borne vibration or ground borne noise levels?				
restriction	l effects from construction noise wo ons. Pile driving activities that would oise are not anticipated with constru nt.	potentially r	esult in ground bo	rne vibration	or ground
c)	A substantial permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project?				

The project would not significantly increase long-term (ambient) noise levels. The project would not introduce a new land use or significantly increase the intensity of the allowed land use. Post construction noise levels and traffic would be generally unchanged as compared to noise with the

ls	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
_	residential use. Therefore, no substanted. Impacts would be less than sign	•	nent increase in ar	mbient noise	evels is
d)	A substantial temporary or periodic increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above existing without the project?			$\boxtimes$	
noise le in natur existing comple Article S reduce	iject would not expose people to a suvels. Construction noise would resulte. Construction-related noise impact ambient noise levels in the project ated. In addition, the project would be 2.5 "Noise Abatement and Control." In potential impacts from an increase in ant level.	t during consists from the parea but would to required to mplementati	struction activities broject would generall no longer occur comply with the Son of these standa	but would be rally be highe once construan Diego Murard measures	temporary r than ction is iicipal Code, would
e)	For a project located within an airport land use plan, or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport would the project expose people residing or working in the area to excessive noise levels?				$\boxtimes$
•	ject site is not located within an airpowo wo miles of a public airport or public				located
f)	For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?				
The pro	ject site is not located within the vici	nity of a priv	ate airstrip. No imp	oacts would re	esult.
XIV. POF	PULATION AND HOUSING – Would the project	:			
a)	Induce substantial population growth in an area, either directly (for example, by proposing new homes and businesses) or indirectly (for example, through extension of roads or other infrastructure)?				

The project is located on a 0.30-acre site and proposes to demolish a single-family residence and construct four new residences. The project is consistent with the underlying zone and is consistent with the La Jolla Community Plan Residential land use designation. The project site is located in an established residential neighborhood and is surrounded by similar development. The project site currently receives water and sewer service from the City, and no extension of infrastructure to new areas is required. As such, the project would not substantially increase housing or population

Iss	ue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact			
growth i would re	n the area. No roadway improveme esult.	nts are propo	osed as part of the	project. No ii	npacts			
b)	Displace substantial numbers of existing housing, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?							
	antial displacement would not result I construct four new single-family dv		-		g dwelling			
c)	Displace substantial numbers of people, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?							
Refer to	response XIV (b) above. No impacts	would result	<b>.</b> .					
XV. PUBL	LIC SERVICES							
a)	a) Would the project result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provisions of new or physically altered governmental facilities, need for new or physically altered governmental facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, in order to maintain acceptable service rations, response times or other performance objectives for any of the public services:							
	i) Fire protection			$\boxtimes$				
currently Commulthe area	The project site is located in an urbanized and developed area where fire protection services are currently provided. The project is consistent with the land use designation pursuant to the La Jolla Community Plan. The project would not adversely affect existing levels of fire protection services to the area and would not require the construction of new or expansion of existing governmental facilities. Impacts would be less than significant.							
	ii) Police protection							
police police police designate levels of	ect site is located in an urbanized ar rotection services are already provic tion pursuant to the La Jolla Commu police protection services or create ction of new or expansion of existing nt.	led. The proj nity Plan. Th a new signifi	ect is consistent w e project would no cant demand and	ith the land us ot adversely at would not red	se ffect existing quire the			
	iii) Schools							

The project would not affect existing levels of public services and would not require the construction or expansion of a school facility. The project site is located in an urbanized and developed area where public school services are available. The project is consistent with the land use designation pursuant to the La Jolla Community Plan. The project would not significantly increase the demand

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
on public schools over that which current increase in demand for public education	-	•	_	
iv) Parks			$\boxtimes$	
The project site is located in an urbanize available. The project is consistent with Plan. The project would not significantly parks or other recreational facilities ove significant.	the land use desi increase the der	gnation pursuant nand on existing	to the La Jolla neighborhood	Community or regional
v) Other public facilities			$\boxtimes$	
The project site is located in an urbanize available. The project is consistent with Plan. The project would not adversely at construction or expansion of an existing significant.  XVI. RECREATION  a) Would the project increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional	the land use desi ffect existing leve	gnation pursuant ls of public servic	to the La Jolla es and not req	Community uire the
parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be accelerated?	ır			
The project is consistent with the under pursuant to the General Plan and the La affect the availability of and/or need for not adversely affect existing levels of pu expansion of an existing park facility. The neighborhood or regional parks or othe anticipated to result in the use of availal occurs, or that would require the construction demand. As such, impacts would remain	a Jolla Community new or expande ablic services and ne project would a rer recreational fact ble parks or facili fuction or expans	Plan. The project of recreational result of required to the significantly in the subsection of recreations of recreations of the subsection of recreations of the subsection of recreations of the recreati	t would not ad cources. The properties the construction of the construction of the use the project is restantial deterior.	versely roject would tion or e of existing not oration
b) Does the project include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities, which might have an adverse physical effect on the environment?				

Refer to XVI (a) above. The project does not propose recreation facilities nor require the construction or expansion of any such facilities. As such, impacts would remain less than significant.

XVII. TRANSPORTATION/TRAFFIC – Would the project?

ls	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact	
a)	Would the project or plan/policy conflict with an adopted program, plan, ordinance or policy addressing the transportation system, including transit, roadways, bicycle and pedestrian facilities?				$\boxtimes$	
The project proposes to demolish an existing residence and construct four new single-family residences in a neighborhood with similar development. The project would not alter or adversely affect public transit, bicycle, or pedestrian facilities. The project would not conflict with adopted policies regarding the provision of these services. Therefore, no impact would occur.						
b)	Would the project or plan/policy result in VMT exceeding thresholds identified in the City of San Diego Transportation Study Manual?					
On September 27, 2013, Governor Edmund G. Brown, Jr. signed SB-743 into law, starting a process that fundamentally changes the way transportation impact analysis is conducted under CEQA. Related revisions to the State's CEQA Guidelines include elimination of auto delay, level of service (LOS), and similar measurements of vehicular roadway capacity and traffic congestion as the basis for determining significant impacts.						

for determining significant impacts.

In December 2018, the California Resources Agency certified and adopted revised CEQA Guidelines, including new section 15064.3. Under the new section, vehicle miles traveled (VMT), which includes the amount and distance of automobile traffic attributable to a project, is identified as the "most appropriate measure of transportation impacts." As of July 1, 2020, all CEQA lead agencies must analyze a project's transportation impacts using VMT.

The City of San Diego Transportation Study Manual (TSM) dated September 29, 2020 is consistent with the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) guidelines and utilizes VMT as a metric for evaluating transportation-related impacts. Based on these guidelines, all projects shall go through a screening process to determine the level of transportation analysis that is required.

The project would create four lots from two and construct four new single-family residence in the place of one single-family residence in a neighborhood which serves similar residential development. A "Small Project" is defined as a project generating less than 300 daily unadjusted driveway trips using the City of San Diego trip generation rates/procedures.

Based upon the screening criteria identified above, the project qualifies as a "Small Project" and is screened out from further VMT analysis. Therefore, as recommended in the City of San Diego TSM, September 29, 2020, the project would have a less than significant impact.

c)	Would the project or plan/policy substantially increase hazards due to a design feature (e.g., sharp curves or dangerous intersections) or incompatible uses (e.g., farm.		$\boxtimes$
	incompatible uses (e.g., farm		
	equipment)?		

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact

The project would construct four new single-family residences in the place of an existing single-S

family residence, in a neinclude roadway improves for safety and site distantially increase has	rements and the drince, Therefore, the p	veway would oroject does i	conform to City	of San Diego re	quirements
d) Result in inadequa access?	te emergency				
Adequate emergency acconstruction operating pairs would be provided to would not impair impler plan or emergency evactivity. TRIBAL CULTURAL REScultural resource, defined in geographically defined in terms and the California Native American to	protocols) and long- from the driveway e mentation of or phy uation plan. Impact: OURCES - Would the pro Public Resources Code s ms of the size and scope	term operation intrance on Wisically interfess would be lessing to be besting the subject cause a subjection 21074 as	ons of the project lestbourne Stree re with an adoptous ss than significar estantial adverse char either a site, feature,	t. Emergency act. As such, the ped emergency ret.  It.  Ige in the significan place, cultural land	ccess to the project response accept the design of a tribal descape that is
a) Listed or eligible for California Register Resources, or in a historical resource Resources Code se	of Historical local register of s as defined in Public				$\boxtimes$
The project site is not lis Resources, or in a local is	register of historical	resources as	defined in Publi	Resources Co	

b) A resource determined by the lead agency, in its discretion and supported by substantial evidence, to be significant pursuant to criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Public Resources Code section 5024.1. In applying the  $\boxtimes$ criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Public Resource Code section 5024.1, the lead agency shall consider the significance of the resource to a California Native American tribe.

Tribal Cultural Resources include sites, features, places, cultural landscapes, and sacred places or objects that have cultural value or significance to a Native American Tribe. Tribal Cultural Resources include "non-unique archaeological resources" that, instead of being important for "scientific" value as a resource, can also be significant because of the sacred and/or cultural tribal value of the resource. Tribal representatives are considered experts appropriate for providing substantial evidence regarding the locations, types, and significance of tribal cultural resources within their traditionally and cultural affiliated geographic area (PRC § 21080.3.1(a)).

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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Tribal Cultural Resources could potentially be impacted through project implementation. Therefore, to determine significance of the resources and in accordance with the requirements of Assembly Bill (AB) 52, staff consulted with the lipay Nation of Santa Isabel, Jamul Indian Village and San Pasqual Band of Mission Indians, tribes traditionally and culturally affiliated with the project area. The Notifications were distributed to the local Kumeyaay community for consultation on November 16, 2020 for 60 days concluding on January 15, 2021. The tribes did not respond within the consultation period and no additional Tribal Cultural Resources were identified during consultation.

It was determined that there are no sites, features, places or cultural landscapes that would be substantially adversely impacted by the proposed project. Although no Tribal Cultural Resources were identified within the project site, there is a potential for the construction of the project to impact buried and unknown Tribal Cultural Resources due to its location to known recorded resources in the near vicinity. Therefore, it was agreed upon that archaeological and Native American monitoring should be included in the MMRP. Mitigation in the form of archaeological and Native American monitoring would reduce all impacts to Tribal Cultural Resources to below a level of significance. See section V of the MND and the Mitigation, Monitoring and Reporting Program (MMRP) for further details.

XIX. UTI	LITIES AND SERVICE SYSTEMS – Would the p	oroject:			
a)	Exceed wastewater treatment requirements of the applicable Regional Water Quality Control Board?				
surrour created significa accorda Control	nentation of the project would not inding uses. No significant increase by the project, as compared to curant amounts of wastewater. Wastewance with the applicable wastewater Board (RWQCB). Additionally, the pate services are already available to ance.	in demand for rrent condition water facilities er treatment re project site is lo	wastewater disp as. The project is used by the proj quirements of th ocated in an urba	osal or treatmenot anticipated ect would be one Regional Warnized and dev	ent would be I to generate perated in ter Quality eloped area.
b)	Require or result in the construction of new water or wastewater treatment facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?			$\boxtimes$	

Refer to response XIX (a) above. The proposed project to replace one single-family residence and construct four residences would increase demand for water and would produce wastewater. Additionally, the project would vacant an abandoned sewer easement along the north property line. The proposed project would include private connections to existing water and wastewater lines that currently connect to the project site to serve the existing land uses. Existing water and sewer facilities are currently available to the existing development. Improvements would be limited to extension of or rerouting of pipes and relocation of sewer lines within the project site. Sewer and water capacity fees would be due and collected at the issuance of building permits. Thus, impacts would be less than significant.

Is	ssue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact		
c)	Require or result in the construction of new storm water drainage facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?						
The proposed project will not have a significant impact on downstream properties and the drainage system is engineered to adequately manage site stormwater. The project would not exceed the capacity of the existing storm water drainage systems and therefore, would not require construction of new or expansion of existing storm water drainage facilities of which could cause significant environmental effects. The project was reviewed by qualified City staff who determined that the existing facilities are adequately sized to accommodate the proposed development. No impacts would result.							
d)	Have sufficient water supplies available to serve the project from existing entitlements and resources, or are new or expanded entitlements needed?				$\boxtimes$		
docum the cur result in consist allowed general approx from the	The 2015 City Urban Water Management Plan (UWMP) serves as the water resources planning document for the City's residents, businesses, interest groups, and public officials. The UWMP assess the current and future water supply and needs for the City. Implementation of the project would not result in new or expanded water entitlements from the water service provider, as the project is consistent with existing demand projections contained in the UWMP (which are based on the allowed land uses for the project site). The Public Utilities Department local water supply is generated from recycled water, local surface supply, and groundwater, which accounts for approximately 20 percent of the total water requirements for the City. The City purchases water from the San Diego County Water Authority to make up the difference between total water demands and local supplies (City of San Diego 2015). Therefore, the project would not require new or expanded entitlements. No impacts would result.						
e)	Result in a determination by the wastewater treatment provider which serves or may serve the project that it has adequate capacity to serve the project's projected demand in addition to the provider's existing commitments?						
•	oject would not adversely affect exist illable to serve the project site withou result.	•		•			
f)	Be served by a landfill with sufficient permitted capacity to accommodate the project's solid waste disposal needs?			$\boxtimes$			

Construction debris and waste would be generated from the construction of the project. All construction waste from the project site would be transported to an appropriate facility, which

Issue		Significant Impact	Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Significant Impact	No Impact		
would have sufficient permitted capacity to accept that generated by the project. Long-term operation of the residential use is anticipated to generate typical amounts of solid waste associated with residential uses. Furthermore, the project would be required to comply with the City's Municip Code requirement for diversion of both construction waste during the short-term, construction phase and solid waste during the long-term, operational phase. Impacts are considered to be less than significant.							
	with federal, state, and local and regulation related to solid						
The project would comply with all Federal, State, and local statutes and regulations related to solid waste. The project would not result in the generation of large amounts of solid waste, nor generate or require the transport of hazardous waste materials, other than minimal amounts generated during the construction phase. All demolition activities would comply with any City of San Diego requirements for diversion of both construction waste during the demolition phase and solid waste during the long-term, operational phase. Impacts would be less than significant.  XX. WILDFIRE - Would the project:							
emerge	tially impair an adopted ncy response plan or ncy evacuation plan?						
Plan. The project land use and the area of San Die single-family re Hazard Mitigati	Diego participates in the Sanct complies with the General e Land Development Code z go and construction of four residence would not disrupt aron Plan. Therefore, the projectors and evacuation plan d	Plan and is co oning designa new single-fan ny emergency ect would have	onsistent with the ation. The project nily residence in texacuation routed a less-than-signi	La Jolla Commis located in another located in another lace of another located in a second control of the located in the locate	nunity Plan n urbanized existing in the		
other fa and the to, pollu	clope, prevailing winds, and ctors, exacerbate wildfire risks, reby expose project occupants tant concentrations from a or the uncontrolled spread of						
located in a Ver	ocated in an urbanized neigh y High Fire Severity Zone. Du cial to expose occupants to p oread of wildfire. Therefore, i	ie to the locat ollutant conce	ion of the project entrations from a	, the project w wildfire or the	ould not		
of assoc roads, fo sources that ma may res	the installation or maintenance iated infrastructure (such as uel breaks, emergency water power lines or other utilities) y exacerbate fire risk or that ult in temporary or ongoing to the environment?						

**Less Than** 

Iss	ue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
serviced	ect is located in a residential neighb by existing infrastructure which wo struction of roads, fuel breaks, eme e constructed that would exacerbat nt.	ould service t ergency wate	he site after constr r sources, power lii	uction is com nes, or other	pleted. No utilities
d)	Expose people or structures to significant risks, including downslope or downstream flooding or landslides, as a result of runoff, post-fire slope instability, or drainage changes?				
Best Ma significa	response XX (b) above. Additionally nagement Practices (BMP) for drain nt risks as a result of run-off, post-fi n significant impact would result.	age and wou	ıld not expose peor	ole or structu	res to
XXI. MAN	IDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE –				
a)	Does the project have the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory?				
Cultural included	lysis has determined that, although Resources (Archaeology) and Tribal I in this document would reduce the within the Mitigated Negative Decla	Cultural Res ese potential	ources. As such, m	itigation mea	sures
b)	Does the project have impacts that are individually limited but cumulatively considerable ("cumulatively considerable" means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable future projects)?				

As documented in this Initial Study, the project may have the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, notably with respect to Cultural Resources (Archaeology) and Tribal Cultural Resources, which may have cumulatively considerable impacts. As such, mitigation measures have been incorporated to reduce impacts to less than significant. Other future projects within the

Iss	ue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
surrounding neighborhood or community would be required to comply with applicable local, State, and Federal regulations to reduce the potential impacts to less than significant, or to the extent possible. As such, the project is not anticipated to contribute potentially significant cumulative environmental impacts.					
c)	Does the project have environmental effects that will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly?				

The project would demolish an existing single-family residence and construct four single-family residences. The project is consistent with the environmental setting and with the use as anticipated by the City. Based on the analysis presented above, implementation of the mitigation measures would reduce environmental impacts such that no substantial adverse effects on humans would occur.

## **INITIAL STUDY CHECKLIST**

## **REFERENCES**

1. _X	City of San Diego General Plan
_X_	Community Plans: La Jolla
II.	Agricultural Resources & Forest Resources
<u>X</u>	City of San Diego General Plan U.S. Department of Agriculture, Soil Survey - San Diego Area, California, Part I and II, 1973
	California Agricultural Land Evaluation and Site Assessment Model (1997)
—	Site Specific Report:
III.	Air Quality
	California Clean Air Act Guidelines (Indirect Source Control Programs) 1990
<u>X</u>	Regional Air Quality Strategies (RAQS) - APCD Site Specific Report:
IV.	<b>Biology</b> City of San Diego, Multiple Species Conservation Program (MSCP), Subarea Plan, 1997
<u>X</u> <u>X</u>	City of San Diego, MSCP, "Vegetation Communities with Sensitive Species and Vernal Pools"
	Maps, 1996
<u>X</u>	City of San Diego, MSCP, "Multiple Habitat Planning Area" maps, 1997
	Community Plan - Resource Element California Department of Fish and Game, California Natural Diversity Database, "State and
-	Federally-listed Endangered, Threatened, and Rare Plants of California," January 2001
	California Department of Fish and Game, California Natural Diversity Database, "State and
	Federally-listed Endangered and Threatened Animals of California, "January 2001 City of San Diego Land Development Code Biology Guidelines
	Site Specific Report:
V.	Cultural Resources (includes Historical Resources)
X	City of San Diego Historical Resources Guidelines
<u>X</u>	City of San Diego Archaeology Library
<u>X</u>	Historical Resources Board List Community Historical Survey:
X	Site Specific Report: Phase I Cultural Resource Survey for the Westbourne Small Lot
	Subdivision Project (Brian F. Smith and Assoc., April 24, 2020)
VI.	Energy
X_	City of San Diego Climate Action Plan (CAP), (City of San Diego 2015)
<u>X</u>	City of San Diego Climate Action Plan Consistency Checklist – Westbourne Small Lot Sub
VII.	Geology/Soils
<u>X</u>	City of San Diego Seismic Safety Study

U.S. Department of Agriculture Soil Survey - San Diego Area, California, Part I and II, X December 1973 and Part III, 1975 Χ Site Specific Report: Geotechnical Investigation for 460-462 Westbourne Street (East County Soil Consultation and Engineering, Inc., April 2, 2020 VIII. **Greenhouse Gas Emissions** X City of San Diego Climate Action Plan (CAP), (City of San Diego 2015) City of San Diego Climate Action Plan Consistency Checklist - Westbourne Small Lot Sub X IX. **Hazards and Hazardous Materials** San Diego County Hazardous Materials Environmental Assessment Listing \_X\_ San Diego County Hazardous Materials Management Division \_X\_ **FAA Determination** X State Assessment and Mitigation, Unauthorized Release Listing, Public Use Authorized, GeoTracker: https://geotracker.waterboards.ca.gov/ State Assessment and Mitigation, Unauthorized Release Listing, Public Use Authorized Χ Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan Site Specific Report: Χ. Hydrology/Drainage Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) Χ Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA), National Flood Insurance Program-Flood Boundary and Floodway Map Clean Water Act Section 303(b) list, http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/tmdl/303d\_lists.html Χ Site Specific Report: XI. **Land Use and Planning** City of San Diego General Plan Χ Χ Community Plan: La Jolla Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan City of San Diego Zoning Maps X **FAA** Determination Other Plans: XII. **Mineral Resources** \_X\_\_ City of San Diego General Plan Χ California Department of Conservation - Division of Mines and Geology, Mineral Land Division of Mines and Geology, Special Report 153 - Significant Resources Maps Site Specific Report: XIII. **Noise** \_X\_\_ City of San Diego General Plan Χ Community Plan: La Jolla San Diego International Airport - Lindbergh Field CNEL Maps Brown Field Airport Master Plan CNEL Maps

Montgomery Field CNEL Maps

_X	San Diego Association of Governments - San Diego Regional Average Weekday Traffic Volumes San Diego Metropolitan Area Average Weekday Traffic Volume Maps, SANDAG Site Specific Report:
XIV. _X _X 	Paleontological Resources City of San Diego Paleontological Guidelines Deméré, Thomas A., and Stephen L. Walsh, "Paleontological Resources City of San Diego," Department of Paleontology San Diego Natural History Museum, 1996 Kennedy, Michael P., and Gary L. Peterson, "Geology of the San Diego Metropolitan Area, California. Del Mar, La Jolla, Point Loma, La Mesa, Poway, and SW 1/4 Escondido 7 1/2 Minute Quadrangles," California Division of Mines and Geology Bulletin 200, Sacramento, 1975 Kennedy, Michael P., and Siang S. Tan, "Geology of National City, Imperial Beach and Otay Mesa Quadrangles, Southern San Diego Metropolitan Area, California," Map Sheet 29, 1977 Site Specific Report: see Geology/Soils section above
XV. X X	Population / Housing City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan: La Jolla Series 11/Series 12 Population Forecasts, SANDAG Other:
XVI.  X X	Public Services City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan: La Jolla
XVII.	Recreational Resources City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan: La Jolla Department of Park and Recreation City of San Diego - San Diego Regional Bicycling Map Additional Resources:
XVIII.	Transportation / Circulation City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan: La Jolla San Diego Metropolitan Area Average Weekday Traffic Volume Maps, SANDAG San Diego Region Weekday Traffic Volumes, SANDAG City of San Diego Transportation Study Manual (September 29,2020) Site Specific Report:
XIX. _X _X	Utilities City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan: La Jolla Site Specific Report:

XX.

**Water Conservation** 

	Sunset Magazine, New Western Garden Book, Rev. ed. Menlo Park, CA: Sunset Magazine
<b>XXI.</b> <u>X</u> <u>X</u>	Water Quality Clean Water Act Section 303(b) list, <a href="http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/tmdl/303d lists.html">http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/tmdl/303d lists.html</a> Site Specific Report: Storm Water Requirements Applicability Checklist
<b>XXII.</b> <u>X</u>	<b>Wildfire</b> City of San Diego General Plan
X	Community Plan: La Jolla
_X_	San Diego County Multi-Jurisdictional Hazard Mitigation Plan
<u>X</u>	Very High Fire Severity Zone Map, City of San Diego
	City of San Diego Brush Management Regulations, Landscape Regulations (SDMC 142.0412)
	Site Specific Report:





## Location

<u>460-462 Westbourne Street / Project No. 663879</u> City of San Diego – Development Services Department FIGURE

No.1

B: COASTAL ZONE LOW POINT 81.00 FT AMSL 19 20 27 TYP. -PLASTIC FENCE ` 29 6 \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ 31 CL OF THE STREET TO PL PARCEL UNIT B (4,070SF) \_--/---------19 20 19 20 DRAIN, WATER, SEWER AND ACCESS TO BE GRANTED TO FRONT SETBACK COASTAL ZONE LOW POINT 15'-0" MINIMUM 🛶 **」┌────**┵ 20'-0" STÄNDARD
FRONT SETBACK
15'-0" MINIMUM \_\_\_\_\_ FRONT SETBACK 33 A S P H A L T S U R F A C E \% <sub>i</sub> ∓,09£ 7,19 SITE PLAN

LINE OF EXISTING RESIDENCE TO BE DEMOLISHED 5 LINE OF PROPOSED RESIDENCE BASEMENT BELOW 6 LINE OF PROPOSED RESIDENCE SECOND FLOOR ABOVE PROPOSED FENCE AND GATE TO BE MAX HEIGHT 6'-0". FENCE PER SDMC ARCHITECT All ideas, designs, and arrangements indicated these drawings are the properly of EOS Architect. Inc. and are intended to be used in connection w. this specific project only and shall not otherwise I used for any purpose whatsoever without the with consent of the architect. There shall be no chang or deviations from these drawings or fl accompanying specifications without the writted consent of the architect. 19 RECYCLABLE MATERIAL STORAGE LOCATION, 12 SF MINIMUM. PER SDMC REMOVE AND REPLACE WITH NEW CURB AND GUTTER PER SDG-151 REMOVE AND REPLACE WITH NEW 5FT WIDE SIDEWALK PER SDG-155 EXISTING 15FT DRIVEWAY TO BE REPLACED WITH NEW 12 FT DRIVEWAY PER SDG-159, TO COMPLY WITH TABLE SDMC TABLE 142-05M BEACH AND 32 EXISTING 4" SEWER LATERAL TO REMAIN MAKE PRIVATE AND RECORD EMRA, 33 KILL EXISTING 3/4" WATER SERVICE AT MAIN, PER CIVIL 36 VISIBILITY AREA PER SDMC 113.0273. NO OBJECT HIGHER THAN 24" WILL BE 6'-0" HEIGHT FENCE SCREENING FOR TRASH AREA 2020.04.15 2020.06.18 2020.08.21 2020.09.18 2020.01.11 CDP/SDP/TM 3RD REVIEW PRIOR TO ISSUANCE OF ANY CONSTRUCTION PERMIT, THE OWNER/PERMITTEE SHALL INCORPORATE ANY CONSTRUCTION BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES NECESSARY TO COMPLY WITH CHAPTER 14, ARTICLE 2, DIVISION 1 (GRADING REGULATIONS) OF THE SAN DIEGO MUNICIPAL CODE, IN THE CONSTRUCTION PLANS OF SPECIFICATIONS. PRIOR TO ISSUANCE OF ANY CONSTRUCTION PERMIT THE OWNER/PERMITEE SHAL SUBMIT A WATER POLLUTION CONTROL PLAN (WPCP). THE WPCP SHALL BE PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE GUIDELINES IN PART 2 CONSTRUCTION BMP STANDARDS CHAPTER 4 OF THE CITY'S PHASE

REVISIONS COMPLETENESS CHECK CDP/SDP/TM FIRST REVIEW PLAN REVISION CDP/SDP/TM 2ND REVIEW

ALL EXISTING AND PROPOSED WATER LINES SERVING THIS DEVELOPMENT (INCLUDING DOMESTIC, IRRIGATION, AND FIRE) MUST PASS THROUGH A PERMITTED PRIVATE, ABOVE GROUND, BACKFLOW PREVENTION DEVICE (BFPD)

NEAREST BUS STOP 350 FT FROM PROPERTY

KEYNOTES

7 LINE OF ROOF / DECK ABOVE

9 DECK

10 LIGHTWELL

14 ROOF DRAIN

142.0805

15 STAIR AT GRADE LEVEL

LINE OF PROPOSED RESIDENCE FIRST FLOOR

8 CONCRETE PAVER DRIVEWAY, PERMEABLE

42" GUARDRAIL OPEN WROUGHT IRON

EXISTING NEAREST FIRE HYDRANT

LANDSCAPE PER LANDSCAPE PLANS

WALKWAY TO BE BRICK, PERMEABLE

20 TRASH STORAGE LOCATION

21 6" WIDE TRENCH DRAIN PER CIVIL

COASTAL PARKING IMPACT

26 EASEMENT PER CIVIL DRAWINGS

30 SITE UTILITY PER CIVIL TO REMAIN

31 EXISTING 8" PVC WATER MAIN PER 14922-D

EXISTING 4" SEWER LATERAL TO REMAIN

38 EXISTING 4" PVC SEWER LATERAL TO REMAIN

NEW 1" WATER SERVICE PER CIVIL

PROPOSED IN THIS AREA

BACKFLOW PREVENTER

NEW 1" WATER METER PER CIVIL

41 NEW 4" SEWER LATERAL PER CIVIL

NEW CURB RAMP PER SDG-132

NOTES

PROPOSED STREET TREE PER LANDSCAPE

2 FT STREET DEDICATION PER CIVIL DRAWINGS

27 NEW WOOD FENCE

28 ADJACENT NAP, TYP.

PER CIVIL

29 CENTER LINE OF STREET

PROPOSED STORM DRAIN PER CIVIL

PERFORATED METAL GRADE OVER LIGHTWELL

142.0310(c)(3), TO BE 75% OPENED TO LIGHT

PROPERTY LINE, TYP.

SETBACK LINE, TYP.

## GRADING

STORM WATER STANDARDS.

TOTAL SITE AREA: 13,228 SF (0.3037 AC.) DISTURBED AREA: 15,585 SF (0.3578 AC.) GRADING TABULATION: TOTAL AMOUNT OF SITE TO BE GRADED 13,228 SF 100.0% 0.0% 0.0% O SF AMOUNT OF SITE WITH 25 PERCENT SLOPE OR > O SF AMOUNT OF SITE WITH SLOPES SUBJECT TO ESL 0 CY AMOUNT OF CUT 2,209 CY DEPTH REMOVE AND REPLACE 3 FT MAX. DEPTH OF CUT 9.83 FT MAX. HEIGHT OF FILL SLOPE 0 FT MAX. HEIGHT OF CUT SLOPE O FT

EXPORT SOIL 2,209 CY

**RETAINING WALLS:** O FT LENGTH Max Height O FT



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JENNIFER BOLYN

PROJECT NUMBER #663879

PLANNING **DOCUMENTS** DATE

2020-03-11

JOB NO. 19-11

PLAN

SHEET 3 OF 31