

MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION

Project No. 658793 SCH No. 2021030074

SUBJECT:

Sewer Group Job 806: The project consists of replacement of approximately 2,400 linear feet (LF) of existing 8-inch Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) sewer main. Work also consists of rehabilitation of 2,100 LF of existing 6-inch Vitrified Clay (VC) sewer and rehabilitation of 2,500 LF of existing 8-inch VC sewer. The project includes the construction of a single lane truss bridge across a seasonal stream and the installation of trench shoring, resurfacing, and traffic controls. The entire project is generally bound by Yerba Anita Drive to the east, I-8 to the north, Fairmount Avenue to the west, and Yerba Santa Drive to the south. The project is located within the MHPA, Airport Land Use Compatibility Overlay Zone for Montgomery Field, Airport Influence Area – Review Area 2, and FAA Part 77 notification area at 582 feet elevation. The project is in right of way and City of San Diego (City) utility easements in land zoned as RS-1-1 and RS-1-2 (Single-Family Residential), within residential, open space, and right of way land uses. The location and size of the staging area(s) will be within the paved public right-of-way in a location or locations determined by the Contractor. The project is in College and Kensington-Talmadge Community Planning Areas in Council District 9. APPLICANT: City of San Diego Engineering and Capital Projects Department.

May 2021 Update: Revisions to this document have been made when compared to the Draft Mitigated Negative Declaration, dated March 3, 2021. As a response to Caltrans comments, development plans have been added as an attachment to this MND. These revisions have been incorporated into the final document and are shown in a strikeout/underline format. These revisions do not affect the environmental analysis or conclusions of the document. In accordance with CEQA Guidelines Section 15073.5 (c)(4), the revised environmental document would not be required to be recirculated.

- I. PROJECT DESCRIPTION:
 - See attached Initial Study.
- II. ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING:
 - See attached Initial Study.

III. DETERMINATION:

The City of San Diego conducted an Initial Study which determined that the proposed project could have a significant environmental effect in the following areas(s): **Biological Resources, Cultural Resources (Archaeology), and Tribal Cultural Resources.**Subsequent revisions in the project proposal create the specific mitigation identified in Section V of this Mitigated Negative Declaration. The project as revised now avoids or mitigates the potentially significant environmental effects previously identified, and the preparation of an Environmental Impact Report will not be required.

IV. DOCUMENTATION:

The attached Initial Study documents the reasons to support the above Determination.

V. MITIGATION, MONITORING AND REPORTING PROGRAM (MMRP):

A. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS – PART I Plan Check Phase (prior to permit issuance)

- 1. Prior to the issuance of a Notice To Proceed (NTP) for a subdivision, or any construction permits, such as Demolition, Grading or Building, or beginning any construction related activity on-site, the Development Services Department (DSD) Director's Environmental Designee (ED) shall review and approve all Construction Documents (CD), (plans, specification, details, etc.) to ensure the MMRP requirements are incorporated into the design.
- 2. In addition, the ED shall verify that the MMRP Conditions/Notes that apply ONLY to the construction phases of this project are included VERBATIM, under the heading, "ENVIRONMENTAL/MITIGATION REQUIREMENTS."
- 3. These notes must be shown within the first three (3) sheets of the construction documents in the format specified for engineering construction document templates as shown on the City website:

http://www.sandiego.gov/development-services/industry/standtemp.shtml

- 4. The **TITLE INDEX SHEET** must also show on which pages the "Environmental/Mitigation Requirements" notes are provided.
- B. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS PART II

 Post Plan Check (After permit issuance/Prior to start of construction)
 - 1. PRECONSTRUCTION (Precon) MEETING IS REQUIRED PRIOR TO BEGINNING ANY WORK ON THIS PROJECT. The PERMIT HOLDER/OWNER is responsible to arrange and perform this meeting by contacting the CITY RESIDENT ENGINEER (RE) of the Field Engineering Division and City staff from MITIGATION MONITORING COORDINATION (MMC). Attendees must also include the Permit holder's Representative(s), Job Site Superintendent and the following consultants:

Qualified Archaeologist Qualified Native American Monitor Qualified Biologist

Failure of all responsible Permit Holder's representatives and consultants to attend shall require an additional meeting with all parties present.

CONTACT INFORMATION:

- a) The PRIMARY POINT OF CONTACT is the **RE** at the **Field Engineering Division 858-627-3200**
- b) For Clarification of ENVIRONMENTAL REQUIREMENTS, it is also required to call **RE and MMC at 858-627-3360**
- **2. MMRP COMPLIANCE:** This Project, Project Tracking System (PTS) #658793 and /or Environmental Document # 658793, shall conform to the mitigation requirements contained in the associated Environmental Document and implemented to the satisfaction of the DSD's Environmental Designee (MMC) and the City Engineer (RE). The requirements may not be reduced or changed but may be annotated (i.e. to explain when and how compliance is being met and location of verifying proof, etc.). Additional clarifying information may also be added to other relevant plan sheets and/or specifications as appropriate (i.e., specific locations, times of monitoring, methodology, etc.)

Permit Holder's Representatives must alert RE and MMC if there are any discrepancies in the plans or notes, or any changes due to field conditions. All conflicts must be approved by RE and MMC BEFORE the work is performed.

3. OTHER AGENCY REQUIREMENTS: Evidence of compliance with all other agency requirements or permits shall be submitted to the RE and MMC for review and acceptance prior to the beginning of work or within one week of the Permit Holder obtaining documentation of those permits or requirements. Evidence shall include either copies of permits issued, letters of resolution issued by the Responsible Agency documenting compliance, or other evidence documenting compliance and deemed acceptable by the ADD Environmental Designee.

4. MONITORING EXHIBITS

All consultants are required to submit to RE and MMC a monitoring exhibit on a 11x17 reduction of the appropriate construction plan, such as site plan, grading, landscape, etc., marked to clearly show the specific areas including the **LIMIT OF WORK**, scope of that discipline's work, and notes indicating when in the construction schedule that work will be performed. When necessary for clarification, a detailed methodology of how the work will be performed shall be included.

5. OTHER SUBMITTALS AND INSPECTIONS:

The Permit Holder/Owner's representative shall submit all required documentation, verification letters, and requests for all associated inspections to the RE and MMC for approval per the following schedule:

Issue Area	Document Submittal	Associated Inspection/Approvals/Notes
General	Consultant Qualification Letters	Prior to Precon Meeting
General	Consultant Construction	Prior to or at Preconstruction
	Monitoring Exhibits	Meeting
Biological	Biologist Limit of Work	Limit of Work Inspection
Resources	Verification	
Biological	Biology Reports	Biology/Habitat Restoration
Resources	Account of the most of the second	Inspection
Archaeological	Archaeology Reports	Archaeology/Historic Site
Resources		Observation
Tribal Cultural	Archaeology Reports	Archaeology/Historic Site
Resources		Observation
Bond Release	Request for Bond Release	Final MMRP Inspections Prior to
	Letter	Bond Release Letter

C. SPECIFIC MMRP ISSUE AREA CONDITIONS/REQUIREMENTS

BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES

Prior to Construction

BIO-1: To compensate for the loss of Tier II and IIIA vegetation communities, the following mitigation is required prior to construction based on the City's mitigation ratios (City of San Diego 2018.)

	Commission.		Inside MHPA			utside N		
Vegetation	Lee William			Mitigation	70 7-15 VI		Mitigation	Total
Community/Land	Tier	Impacts		Required	Impacts		Required	Mitigation
Cover	Level	(Ac.)	Ratio*	(Ac.)	(Ac.)	Ratio*	(Ac.)	(Ac.)
Diegan coastal sage scrub	11	0.129	1:1	0.129	0.113	1:1	0.113	0.242
Diegan Coastal Sage Scrub – Disturbed	II	0.061	1:1	0.061	0.024	1:1	0.024	0.085
Southern Mixed Chaparral	IIIA	0.013	1:1	0.013		0.5:1		0.013
Total		0.203	·	0.203	0.1038	<u> </u>	0.138	0.340

^{*}Mitigation for impacts will occur within the MHPA.

Mitigation will occur at Otay Mesa Mitigation site, a City Public Utilities Department mitigation site.

CULTURAL RESOURCES (ARCHAEOLOGY)

Proposed open trenching in undisturbed soil outside of the developed right of way will require archaeological and Native American Monitoring.

CUL-1

I. Prior to Permit Issuance or Bid Opening/Bid Award

A. Entitlements Plan Check

Prior to permit issuance or Bid Opening/Bid Award, whichever is applicable, the
Assistant Deputy Director (ADD) Environmental designee shall verify that the
requirements for Archaeological Monitoring and Native American monitoring have
been noted on the applicable construction documents through the plan check
process.

B. Letters of Qualification have been submitted to ADD

- Prior to Bid Award, the applicant shall submit a letter of verification to Mitigation Monitoring Coordination (MMC) identifying the Principal Investigator (PI) for the project and the names of all persons involved in the archaeological monitoring program, as defined in the City of San Diego Historical Resources Guidelines (HRG). If applicable, individuals involved in the archaeological monitoring program must have completed the 40-hour HAZWOPER training with certification documentation.
- 2. MMC will provide a letter to the applicant confirming the qualifications of the PI and all persons involved in the archaeological monitoring of the project meet the qualifications established in the HRG.
- 3. Prior to the start of work, the applicant must obtain written approval from MMC for any personnel changes associated with the monitoring program.

II. Prior to Start of Construction

A. Verification of Records Search

- 1. The PI shall provide verification to MMC that a site-specific records search (1/4 mile radius) has been completed. Verification includes, but is not limited to, a copy of a confirmation letter from South Coastal Information Center, or, if the search was inhouse, a letter of verification from the PI stating that the search was completed.
- 2. The letter shall introduce any pertinent information concerning expectations and probabilities of discovery during trenching and/or grading activities.
- 3. The PI may submit a detailed letter to MMC requesting a reduction to the ¼ mile radius.

B. PI Shall Attend Precon Meetings

- 1. Prior to beginning any work that requires monitoring; the Applicant shall arrange a Precon Meeting that shall include the PI, Native American consultant/monitor (where Native American resources may be impacted), Construction Manager (CM) and/or Grading Contractor, Resident Engineer (RE), Building Inspector (BI), if appropriate, and MMC. The qualified Archaeologist and Native American Monitor shall attend any grading/excavation related Precon Meetings to make comments and/or suggestions concerning the Archaeological Monitoring program with the Construction Manager and/or Grading Contractor.
 - a. If the PI is unable to attend the Precon Meeting, the Applicant shall schedule a focused Precon Meeting with MMC, the PI, RE, CM or BI, if appropriate, prior to the start of any work that requires monitoring.
- 2. Acknowledgement of Responsibility for Curation (CIP or Other Public Projects)
 The applicant shall submit a letter to MMC acknowledging their responsibility for the cost of curation associated with all phases of the archaeological monitoring program.
- 3. Identify Areas to be Monitored
 Prior to the start of any work that requires monitoring, the PI shall submit an
 Archaeological Monitoring Exhibit (AME) (with verification that the AME has been

reviewed and approved by the Native American consultant/monitor when Native American resources may be impacted) based on the appropriate construction documents (reduced to 11x17) to MMC identifying the areas to be monitored including the delineation of grading/excavation limits.

The AME shall be based on the results of a site-specific records search as well as information regarding the age of existing pipelines, laterals and associated appurtenances and/or any known soil conditions (native or formation).

MMC shall notify the PI that the AME has been approved.

- 4. When Monitoring Will Occur
 - a. Prior to the start of any work, the PI shall also submit a construction schedule to MMC through the RE indicating when and where monitoring will occur.
 - b. The PI may submit a detailed letter to MMC prior to the start of work or during construction requesting a modification to the monitoring program. This request shall be based on relevant information such as review of final construction documents which indicate conditions such as age of existing pipe to be replaced, depth of excavation and/or site graded to bedrock, etc., which may reduce or increase the potential for resources to be present.
- 5. Approval of AME and Construction Schedule
 After approval of the AME by MMC, the PI shall submit to MMC written authorization
 of the AME and Construction Schedule from the CM.

III. During Construction

- A. Monitor Shall be Present During Grading/Excavation/Trenching
 - The Archaeological Monitor shall be present full-time during all soil disturbing and grading/excavation/trenching activities which could result in impacts to archaeological resources as identified on the AME. The Construction Manager is responsible for notifying the RE, PI, and MMC of changes to any construction activities such as in the case of a potential safety concern within the area being monitored. In certain circumstances OSHA safety requirements may necessitate modification of the AME.
 - 2. The Native American consultant/monitor shall determine the extent of their presence during soil disturbing and grading/excavation/trenching activities based on the AME and provide that information to the PI and MMC. If prehistoric resources are encountered during the Native American consultant/monitor's absence, work shall stop, and the Discovery Notification Process detailed in Section III.B-C and IV.A-D shall commence.
 - 3. The PI may submit a detailed letter to MMC during construction requesting a modification to the monitoring program when a field condition such as modern disturbance post-dating the previous grading/trenching activities, presence of fossil formations, or when native soils are encountered that may reduce or increase the potential for resources to be present.
 - 4. The archaeological and Native American consultant/monitor shall document field activity via the Consultant Site Visit Record (CSVR). The CSVR's shall be emailed by the CM to the RE the first day of monitoring, monthly, the last day of monitoring, (Notification of Monitoring Completion), and in the case of ANY discoveries. The RE shall forward copies to MMC.
- B. Discovery Notification Process

- 1. In the event of a discovery, the Archaeological Monitor shall direct the contractor to temporarily divert all soil disturbing activities, including but not limited to digging, trenching, excavating or grading activities in the area of discovery and in the area reasonably suspected to overlay adjacent resources and immediately notify the RE or BI, as appropriate.
- 2. The Monitor shall immediately notify the PI (unless Monitor is the PI) of the discovery.
- 3. The PI shall immediately notify MMC by phone of the discovery and shall also submit written documentation to MMC within 24 hours by email with photos of the resource in context, if possible.
- 4. No soil shall be exported off-site until a determination can be made regarding the significance of the resource specifically if Native American resources are encountered.

C. Determination of Significance

- 1. The PI and Native American consultant/monitor, where Native American resources are discovered shall evaluate the significance of the resource. If Human Remains are involved, follow protocol in Section IV below.
 - a. The PI shall immediately notify MMC by phone to discuss significance determination and shall also submit a letter to MMC indicating whether additional mitigation is required.
 - b. If the resource is significant, the PI shall submit an Archaeological Data Recovery Program (ADRP) and obtain written approval of the program from MMC, CM and RE. ADRP and any mitigation must be approved by MMC, RE and/or CM before ground disturbing activities in the area of discovery will be allowed to resume. Note: If a unique archaeological site is also an historical resource as defined in CEQA Section 15064.5, then the limits on the amount(s) that a project applicant may be required to pay to cover mitigation costs as indicated in CEQA Section 21083.2 shall not apply.
 - (1). Note: For pipeline trenching and other linear projects in the public Right-of-Way, the PI shall implement the Discovery Process for Pipeline Trenching projects identified below under "D."
 - c. If the resource is not significant, the PI shall submit a letter to MMC indicating that artifacts will be collected, curated, and documented in the Final Monitoring Report. The letter shall also indicate that that no further work is required.
 - (1). Note: For Pipeline Trenching and other linear projects in the public Rightof-Way, if the deposit is limited in size, both in length and depth; the information value is limited and is not associated with any other resource; and there are no unique features/artifacts associated with the deposit, the discovery should be considered not significant.
 - (2). Note, for Pipeline Trenching and other linear projects in the public Right-of-Way, if significance cannot be determined, the Final Monitoring Report and Site Record (DPR Form 523A/B) shall identify the discovery as Potentially Significant.
- D. Discovery Process for Significant Resources Pipeline Trenching and other Linear Projects in the Public Right-of-Way

 The following procedure constitutes adequate mitigation of a significant discovery encountered during pipeline trenching activities or for other linear project types within

the Public Right-of-Way including but not limited to excavation for jacking pits, receiving pits, laterals, and manholes to reduce impacts to below a level of significance:

- 1. Procedures for documentation, curation and reporting
 - a. One hundred percent of the artifacts within the trench alignment and width shall be documented in-situ, to include photographic records, plan view of the trench and profiles of side walls, recovered, photographed after cleaning, and analyzed and curated. The remainder of the deposit within the limits of excavation (trench walls) shall be left intact.
 - b. The PI shall prepare a Draft Monitoring Report and submit to MMC via the RE as indicated in Section VI-A.
 - c. The PI shall be responsible for recording (on the appropriate State of California Department of Park and Recreation forms-DPR 523 A/B) the resource(s) encountered during the Archaeological Monitoring Program in accordance with the City's Historical Resources Guidelines. The DPR forms shall be submitted to the South Coastal Information Center for either a Primary Record or SDI Number and included in the Final Monitoring Report.
 - d. The Final Monitoring Report shall include a recommendation for monitoring of any future work in the vicinity of the resource.

IV. Discovery of Human Remains

If human remains are discovered, work shall halt in that area and no soil shall be exported off-site until a determination can be made regarding the provenance of the human remains; and the following procedures as set forth in CEQA Section 15064.5(e), the California Public Resources Code (Sec. 5097.98) and State Health and Safety Code (Sec. 7050.5) shall be undertaken:

A. Notification

- 1. Archaeological Monitor shall notify the RE or BI as appropriate, MMC, and the PI, if the Monitor is not qualified as a PI. MMC will notify the appropriate Senior Planner in the Environmental Analysis Section (EAS) of the Development Services Department to assist with the discovery notification process.
- 2. The PI shall notify the Medical Examiner after consultation with the RE, either in person or via telephone.

B. Isolate discovery site

- 1. Work shall be directed away from the location of the discovery and any nearby area reasonably suspected to overlay adjacent human remains until a determination can be made by the Medical Examiner in consultation with the PI concerning the provenience of the remains.
- 2. The Medical Examiner, in consultation with the PI, will determine the need for a field examination to determine the provenience.
- 3. If a field examination is not warranted, the Medical Examiner will determine with input from the PI, if the remains are or are most likely to be of Native American origin.

C. If Human Remains ARE determined to be Native American

- 1. The Medical Examiner will notify the Native American Heritage Commission (NAHC) within 24 hours. By law, **ONLY** the Medical Examiner can make this call.
- 2. NAHC will immediately identify the person or persons determined to be the Most Likely Descendent (MLD) and provide contact information.

- 3. The MLD will contact the PI within 24 hours or sooner after the Medical Examiner has completed coordination, to begin the consultation process in accordance with CEQA Section 15064.5(e), the California Public Resources and Health & Safety Codes.
- 4. The MLD will have 48 hours to make recommendations to the property owner or representative, for the treatment or disposition with proper dignity, of the human remains and associated grave goods.
- 5. Disposition of Native American Human Remains will be determined between the MLD and the PI, and, if:
 - a. The NAHC is unable to identify the MLD, OR the MLD failed to make a recommendation within 48 hours after being notified by the Commission, OR;
 - b. The landowner or authorized representative rejects the recommendation of the MLD and mediation in accordance with PRC 5097.94 (k) by the NAHC fails to provide measures acceptable to the landowner, THEN
 - c. To protect these sites, the landowner shall do one or more of the following:
 - (1) Record the site with the NAHC;
 - (2) Record an open space or conservation easement; or
 - (3) Record a document with the County.
 - d. Upon the discovery of multiple Native American human remains during a ground disturbing land development activity, the landowner may agree that additional conferral with descendants is necessary to consider culturally appropriate treatment of multiple Native American human remains. Culturally appropriate treatment of such a discovery may be ascertained from review of the site utilizing cultural and archaeological standards. Where the parties are unable to agree on the appropriate treatment measures the human remains and items associated and buried with Native American human remains shall be reinterred with appropriate dignity, pursuant to Section 5.c., above.
- D. If Human Remains are **NOT** Native American
 - 1. The PI shall contact the Medical Examiner and notify them of the historic era context of the burial.
 - 2. The Medical Examiner will determine the appropriate course of action with the PI and City staff (PRC 5097.98).
 - 3. If the remains are of historic origin, they shall be appropriately removed and conveyed to the San Diego Museum of Man for analysis. The decision for internment of the human remains shall be made in consultation with MMC, EAS, the applicant/landowner, any known descendant group, and the San Diego Museum of Man.

V. Night and/or Weekend Work

- A. If night and/or weekend work is included in the contract
 - 1. When night and/or weekend work is included in the contract package, the extent and timing shall be presented and discussed at the Precon meeting.
 - 2. The following procedures shall be followed.
 - a. No Discoveries In the event that no discoveries were encountered during night and/or weekend work, the PI shall record the information on the CSVR and email to MMC by 8AM of the next business day.
 - b. Discoveries

All discoveries shall be processed and documented using the existing procedures detailed in Sections III - During Construction, and IV – Discovery of Human Remains. Discovery of human remains shall always be treated as a significant discovery.

- c. Potentially Significant Discoveries
 If the PI determines that a potentially significant discovery has been made, the procedures detailed under Section III During Construction and IV-Discovery of Human Remains shall be followed.
- d. The PI shall immediately contact the RE and MMC, or by 8AM of the next business day to report and discuss the findings as indicated in Section III-B, unless other specific arrangements have been made.
- B. If night and/or weekend work becomes necessary during the course of construction
 - 1. The Construction Manager shall notify the RE, or BI, as appropriate, a minimum of 24 hours before the work is to begin.
 - 2. The RE, or BI, as appropriate, shall notify MMC immediately.
- C. All other procedures described above shall apply, as appropriate.

VI. Post Construction

- A. Submittal of Draft Monitoring Report
 - 1. The PI shall submit two copies of the Draft Monitoring Report (even if negative), prepared in accordance with the Historical Resources Guidelines (Appendix C/D) which describes the results, analysis, and conclusions of all phases of the Archaeological Monitoring Program (with appropriate graphics) to MMC via the RE for review and approval within 90 days following the completion of monitoring. It should be noted that if the PI is unable to submit the Draft Monitoring Report within the allotted 90-day timeframe as a result of delays with analysis, special study results or other complex issues, a schedule shall be submitted to MMC establishing agreed due dates and the provision for submittal of monthly status reports until this measure can be met.
 - a. For significant archaeological resources encountered during monitoring, the Archaeological Data Recovery Program or Pipeline Trenching Discovery Process shall be included in the Draft Monitoring Report.
 - b. Recording Sites with State of California Department of Parks and Recreation The PI shall be responsible for recording (on the appropriate State of California Department of Park and Recreation forms-DPR 523 A/B) any significant or potentially significant resources encountered during the Archaeological Monitoring Program in accordance with the City's Historical Resources Guidelines, and submittal of such forms to the South Coastal Information Center with the Final Monitoring Report.
 - 2. MMC shall return the Draft Monitoring Report to the PI via the RE for revision or, for preparation of the Final Report.
 - 3. The PI shall submit revised Draft Monitoring Report to MMC via the RE for approval.
 - 4. MMC shall provide written verification to the PI of the approved report.
 - 5. MMC shall notify the RE or BI, as appropriate, of receipt of all Draft Monitoring Report submittals and approvals.
- B. Handling of Artifacts

- 1. The PI shall be responsible for ensuring that all cultural remains collected are cleaned and catalogued
- 2. The PI shall be responsible for ensuring that all artifacts are analyzed to identify function and chronology as they relate to the history of the area; that faunal material is identified as to species; and that specialty studies are completed, as appropriate.
- C. Curation of artifacts: Accession Agreement and Acceptance Verification
 - 1. The PI shall be responsible for ensuring that all artifacts associated with the survey, testing and/or data recovery for this project are permanently curated with an appropriate institution. This shall be completed in consultation with MMC and the Native American representative, as applicable.
 - 2. When applicable to the situation, the PI shall include written verification from the Native American consultant/monitor indicating that Native American resources were treated in accordance with state law and/or applicable agreements. If the resources were reinterred, verification shall be provided to show what protective measures were taken to ensure no further disturbance occurs in accordance with Section IV Discovery of Human Remains, Subsection C.
 - 3. The PI shall submit the Accession Agreement and catalogue record(s) to the RE or BI, as appropriate for donor signature with a copy submitted to MMC.
 - 4. The RE or BI, as appropriate shall obtain signature on the Accession Agreement and shall return to PI with copy submitted to MMC.
 - 5. The PI shall include the Acceptance Verification from the curation institution in the Final Monitoring Report submitted to the RE or BI and MMC.
- D. Final Monitoring Report(s)
 - 1. The PI shall submit one copy of the approved Final Monitoring Report to the RE or BI as appropriate, and one copy to MMC (even if negative), within 90 days after notification from MMC of the approved report.
 - 2. The RE shall, in no case, issue the Notice of Completion until receiving a copy of the approved Final Monitoring Report from MMC which includes the Acceptance Verification from the curation institution.

TRIBAL CULTURAL RESOURCES

Implementation of Mitigation Measure CUL-1 will reduce impacts to Tribal Cultural Resources to a less than significant level.

VI. PUBLIC REVIEW DISTRIBUTION:

Draft copies or notice of this Mitigated Negative Declaration were distributed to:

<u>Federal Government</u>
U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service

State of California
State Clearinghouse
California Department of Fish and Wildlife

<u>City of San Diego</u> Public Notice Journal Councilmember Elo-Rivera, District 9

City Attorney's Office

Development Services Department

Jamie Kennedy, EAS

Karen Howard, Project Management

Sam Johnson, MMC

Patrick Thomas, Geology

Philip Lizzi, Planning

Karen Vera, Engineering

Engineering and Capital Projects Department

Santiago Crespo

Blake McCormick

Planning Department

Nathan Causman, Community Planner, Mid-City: Kensington-Talmadge and College Area

Dan Monroe, MSCP Reviewer

Mid-City: Kensington-Talmadge

The Boulevard Business Improvement Association
Don Taylor, Chair Kensington Talmadge Community Planning Group

William D. Jones

College Area

W. Anthony Fulton, Director Facilities Planning & Management, San Diego State University Jose Reynoso, Chair, College Area Community Planning Board

Jim Jennings

V.P. Business & Financial Affairs, San Diego State University

Editor, Daily Aztec, San Diego State University

Other Interested Parties

Sierra Club

San Diego Audubon Society

Mr. Jim Peugh

California Native Plant Society

Endangered Habitats League

John Stump

Historical Resources Board

Carmen Lucas

South Coastal Information Center

San Diego Archaeological Center

Save Our Heritage Organisation

Ron Christman

Clint Linton

Frank Brown - Inter-Tribal Cultural Resources Council

Campo Band of Mission Indians

San Diego County Archaeological Society, Inc.

Kumeyaay Cultural Heritage Preservation

Kumeyaay Cultural Repatriation Committee

Native American Distribution

VII. RESULTS OF PUBLIC REVIEW:

- () No comments were received during the public input period.
- () Comments were received but did not address the accuracy or completeness of the draft environmental document. No response is necessary, and the letters are incorporated herein.
- (x) Comments addressing the accuracy or completeness of the draft environmental document were received during the public input period. The letters and responses are incorporated herein.

Copies of the draft Mitigated Negative Declaration, the Mitigation, Monitoring and Reporting Program and any Initial Study material are available in the office of the Development Services Department for review, or for purchase at the cost of reproduction.

Jamie Kennedy Senior Planner

Development Services Department

Analyst: Jamie Kennedy

Attachments:

- 1. Initial Study Checklist
- 2. Location Map
- 3. <u>Development Plans</u>

March 3, 2021

Date of Draft Report

May 27, 2021

Date of Final Report

Comment Letter A

DocuSign Envelope ID: 296D82DF-93DD-43BC-B803-224E834CFA42



GAVIN NEWSOM, Governor CHARLTON H. BONHAM, Director



April 2, 2021

Jamie Kennedy City of San Diego 1222 First Avenue, MS 501 San Diego, CA 92101 DSDEAS@sandiego.gov

Subject: Comments on the Notice of Intent to Adopt a Mitigated Negative Declaration for the Sewer Job 806 Project (SCH #2021030074)

Dear Ms. Kennedy:

The Department of Fish and Wildlife (Department) has reviewed the above-referenced Notice of Intent to adopt a Mitigated Negative Declaration (MND) for the Sewer Job 806 Project (Project) dated March 3, 2021. The City of San Diego (City) has an approved Subarea Plan (SAP) and Implementing Agreement (IA) under the Natural Community Conservation Planning (NCCP) program. The MND for the proposed project must ensure and verify that all requirements and conditions of the SAP and IA are met. The MND should also address biological issues that are not addressed in the SAP and IA, such as specific impacts to, and mitigation requirements for, wetlands or sensitive species and habitats that are not covered by the SAP and IA.

The Department is California's **Trustee Agency** for fish and wildlife resources, and holds those resources in trust by statute for all the people of the State. (Fish & G. Code, §§ 711.7, subd. (a) & 1802; Pub. Resources Code, § 21070; CEQA Guidelines § 15386, subd. (a).) The Department, in its trustee capacity, has jurisdiction over the conservation, protection, and management of fish, wildlife, native plants, and habitat necessary for biologically sustainable populations of those species. (*Id.*, § 1802.) Similarly, for purposes of the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA), the Department is charged by law to provide, as available, biological expertise during public agency environmental review efforts, focusing specifically on projects and related activities that have the potential to adversely affect fish and wildlife resources.

The Department is also submitting comments as a **Responsible Agency** under CEQA. (Pub. Resources Code, § 21069; CEQA Guidelines, § 15381.) The Department expects that it may need to exercise regulatory authority as provided by the Fish and Game Code. As proposed, for example, the Project may be subject to the Department's lake and streambed alteration regulatory authority. (Fish & G. Code, § 1600 et seq.) Likewise, to the extent implementation of the Project as proposed may result in "take" as defined by State law of any species protected under the California Endangered Species Act (Fish & G. Code, § 2050 et seq.), the project proponent may seek related take authorization as provided by the Fish and Game Code.

The proposed Project will replace approximately 2,400 linear feet (LF) of existing 8-inch sewer pipe, and rehabilitate 2,100 LF of existing 6-inch sewer pipe and 2,500 LF of existing 8-inch sewer pipe. Fourteen manholes will be replaced, eleven manholes will be rehabilitated, and three new manholes installed. Sewer pipe replacement will require trenching, while rehabilitation will not. A permanent single-lane truss bridge will be installed across an ephemeral streambed

Conserving California's Wildlife Since 1870

Responses

A-1. Comment noted. The City understands the comment is an introduction statement. No further response is required.

A-1

Ms. Jamie Kennedy City of San Diego April 2, 2021 Page 2 of 4

with footings located outside the channel. A temporary access path will be created that will widen the existing Public Utilities Department (PUD) access path from eight to ten feet. Additional activities include trench shoring and street resurfacing.

The Project is located directly south of Interstate 8 and east of Fairmount Avenue. The work will take place within a PUD right-of-way, undeveloped canyon habitat, and residential housing. The footprint currently supports seven vegetation community/land cover types: 0.24 acre of Diegan coastal sage scrub, 0.09 acre of disturbed Diegan coastal sage scrub, 0.01 acre of southern mixed chaparral (*Rhus integrifolia* dominated), 0.03 acre of ornamental vegetation, 0.03 acre of disturbed land (areas previously disturbed by human activity and do not contain any native or naturalized vegetation), 0.07 acre of bare ground, and 0.21 acre of developed land. The Project falls both outside and within the City's Multi-Habitat Planning Area (MHPA). Within the MHPA, the Project will impact 0.13 acre of Diegan coastal sage scrub, 0.06 acre of disturbed Diegan coastal sage scrub, and 0.01 acre of southern mixed chaparral. Outside the MHPA, the Project will impact 0.11 acre of Diegan coastal sage scrub and 0.02 acre of disturbed Diegan coastal sage scrub. Following Table 3 (Upland Mitigation Ratios) within the City's Biology Guidelines, the proposed impacts will be mitigated at a 1:1 ratio for Tier II (coastal sage scrub) and Tier III (mixed chaparral) habitats with a total of 0.34 acre of mitigation required.

Per the Biological Technical Report (BTR), there were no sensitive wildlife species observed within the Project footprint. However, there were four special status plant species observed within and adjacent to the footprint: Engelmann oak (*Quercus engelmannii*, California Rare Plant Rank 4.2), San Diego sunflower (*Bahiopsis laciniata*; California Rare Plant Rank 4.2), and the MSCP-covered San Diego barrel cactus (*Ferocactus viridescens*; California Rare Plant Rank 2B.1) and wart-stemmed ceanothus (*Ceanothus verrucosus*; California Rare Plant Rank 2B.2). The Engelmann oak, San Diego barrel cactus, and wart-stemmed ceanothus will be completely avoided by Project activities. Fifteen individuals of San Diego sunflower will be permanently impacted by the Project, but the City has added San Diego sunflower seed to the Diegan coastal sage scrub seed mix as part of the native plant palette being used for revegetation of temporary impacts. Indirect effects will be minimized to less than significant within the surrounding MHPA following the City's Land Use Adjacency Guidelines in the SAP.

The Department offers the following specific comments and recommendations to assist the City in avoiding, minimizing, and adequately mitigating Project-related impacts to biological resources, and to ensure that the Project is consistent with all applicable requirements of the SAP.

1. Figure 3 (Aerial Vicinity) of the BTR demonstrates that Project impacts will occur both within and outside the MHPA. The City proposes to mitigate for Project impacts at the PUD Otay Mesa Mitigation Site. Per Section III.b.2 (Upland Impacts Outside of the MHPA (Outside of the Coastal Overlay Zone)) of the City's Biology Guidelines, it states that "due to the critical nature and high biological value of the MHPA, mitigation should be directed to the MHPA." The Department does not think that off-site mitigation is the most suitable option for this Project. The City's Biology Guidelines emphasize the importance of mitigating within the MHPA where feasible and this Project is located primarily within an interconnected urban canyon network within the MHPA where possibilities for mitigation exist.

 Mitigation Measure BIO-1 in the BTR discusses an on-site revegetation plan that includes a 25-month monitoring period. Per the City's Biology Guidelines (General

Responses

A-1: See above.

A-2. The PUD Otay Mitigation Site is an appropriate mitigation site for the project's impacts. Project impacts are small, isolated, and scattered. On-site mitigation would need to have a restricted species composition, since deep-rooting species has potential to impact pipe infrastructure. Revegetation will occur onsite in addition to the project's full mitigation credits. See Response A-3 for more detail on on-site revegetation. Securing mitigation credits in the PUD Otay Mitigation Site will support restoration of higher quality, contiguous habitat rather than fragmented mitigation onsite. The PUD Otay Mitigation Site is located within the MHPA. Please reference Table 4 of the Biological Technical Report for the project (Busby Biological Services, 2020), which states, "All mitigation for significant vegetation impacts will occur within the MHPA." Mitigation Measure BIO-1 of the MND also states, "Mitigation for impacts will occur within the MHPA."

A-3: Mitigation measure BIO-1 in the BTR was incorrectly identified as a biology mitigation measure in the Biological technical Report. The 25-month revegetation period is a project feature that is required in order for the project to conform to erosion control and revegetation requirements within section \$142.0411 of the San Diego Municipal Code. Section 5.3 of the Land Development Manual, Landscape Standards, indicates a maintenance period of 25 months. No modification of the revegetation plan of temporary access impacts is required. (cont.)

A-2

A-3

Ms. Jamie Kennedy City of San Diego April 2, 2021 Page 3 of 4

A-3

Outline for Revegetation/Restoration Plans), there should be a 120-day plant establishment maintenance period, followed by a five-year monitoring period. Two years is much less than what is required in the City's Biology Guidelines. The Department recommends a minimum of five years of site monitoring. Within the MND, the only mention of the City's revegetation plan is Section XIX (Utilities and Service Systems) where it reads "the project revegetation plan revegetates all impact areas, in accordance with the City's Landscape Regulations and Land Development Code." The Department recommends expanding upon this description within the MND because discussion of the revegetation plan is an important component of the mitigation being provided for this Project.

3. The BTR contains avian protection requirements as part of their General Avoidance and Mitigation Measures section. The MND does not include any avian protection requirements. The Department recommends that the avian avoidance and impact minimization measures mentioned in the BTR be included within the MND to bring possible impacts to nesting birds to below a level of significance.

The BTR mentions preconstruction surveys within ten days of construction activity and avoiding the general migratory breeding season (February 1 to September 15). The BTR does not indicate the size of the survey area for preconstruction surveys, nor the size of the no-distance buffers around possible nests. Field surveys documented the presence of Cooper's hawk (*Accipiter cooperii*) on-site. To protect nesting raptors that may occur within or adjacent to the Project boundary, the Department recommends that construction avoidance be expanded to include an earlier window beginning January 1 through September 15.

A-4

If Project activities cannot be avoided from January 1 through September 15, the Department recommends a qualified biologist complete a preconstruction survey no more than three days prior to the beginning of any Project-related activity for nesting bird activity within the limits of disturbance and a minimum of 500 feet from the area of disturbance. The nesting bird surveys should be conducted at appropriate nesting times and concentrate on potential roosting or perch sites. If Project activities are delayed or suspended for more than five days during the breeding season, surveys should be repeated. If nesting raptors and migratory songbirds are identified, the Department generally recommends the following minimum no-disturbance buffers be implemented: 100 feet around non-listed active passerine (perching birds and songbirds) nests, 300 feet around any listed passerine nests (e.g., California gnatcatcher), and 500 feet around active non-listed raptor nests. The buffers may be reduced, if appropriate, depending on site-specific conditions such as ambient levels of human activity, presence of visually shielding vegetation between the nest and construction activities, or possibly other factors. Buffers should be maintained until the breeding season has ended or until a qualified biologist has determined that the birds have fledged and are no longer reliant upon the nest or parental care for survival.

A-5

4. The Department has regulatory authority over activities in streams and/or lakes that will divert or obstruct the natural flow, or change the bed, channel, or bank (which may include associated riparian resources) of any river, stream, or lake or use material from a river, stream, or lake. For any such activities, the Project applicant (or "entity") must provide written notification to the Department pursuant to section 1600 et seq. of the Fish and Game Code. Based on this notification and other information,

Responses

A-3. (cont.) Appropriate compensatory mitigation for all biological vegetation impacts are being provided in accordance with the Mitigation, Monitoring, and Reporting program in Section V of this MND. The Revegetation Plan implements a 120-day Plant Establishment Period (PEP) followed by a 25 month monitoring period. The Restoration Plan also identifies success criteria for 55% native vegetation cover which is the typical cover of a mature coastal sage scrub (CSS) habitat. This success standard was determined specifically in coordination with City's qualified biologist staff for optimal function of the habitat. Specific vegetation species were selected to accommodate local and sensitive species such as California gnatcatcher. As discussed in Response A-2, the PUD Otay Mitigation Site is City-managed upland mitigation bank that meets all appropriate criteria for mitigating project habitat impacts.

A-4. Avoidance and minimization measures (AMMs) are included on project plans in order to reduce the potential for impacts to sensitive nesting bird species to a level below significance, as described in Section IV Biological Resources of the Initial Study Checklist and as described in section 7.0 of the Biological Technical Report.

The proposed project could result in impacts to Cooper's hawk, coastal California gnatcatcher and other MBTA covered species if construction occurs during the nesting season (February 1 to September 15). Direct impacts to these species could result from vegetation clearing during the nesting season, which could impact active nests. In addition, indirect impacts could occur from an increase in noise resulting from construction activities, which could displace some birds and impact their breeding success. Both direct and indirect impacts to nesting Cooper's hawk, coastal California gnatcatcher and other MBTA-covered species would be considered significant. (cont.)

Ms. Jamie Kennedy City of San Diego April 2, 2021 Page 4 of 4

the Department determines whether a Lake and Streambed Alteration Agreement (LSAA) with the applicant is required prior to conducting the proposed activities. The Department's issuance of a LSAA for a Project that is subject to CEQA will require CEQA compliance actions by the Department as a Responsible Agency. To minimize additional requirements by the Department pursuant to section 1600 *et seq.* and/or under CEQA, the MND should fully identify the potential impacts to the stream or riparian resources and provide adequate avoidance, mitigation, monitoring, and reporting commitments for issuance of the LSAA.

The Project proposes eighty-seven square feet of impacts to unvegetated streambed that falls under the Department's protection. As stated in the BTR, "City staff will coordinate with USACE, RWQCB, and CDFW to determine if the agencies will require permit applications to be submitted for anticipated proposed project impacts to this unvegetated drainage." The MND acknowledges that "the project is expected to temporarily impact CDFW jurisdictional habitats based on HELIX's jurisdictional delineation and the analysis of the proposed project impact footprint." However, the MND continues to say that impacts would not be considered significant because there would be no adverse impacts to any riparian habitat and therefore no mitigation would be required. The Department recommends the City follow the guidance found within the BTR that City staff should coordinate with the respective agencies responsible for regulating water resources to determine whether additional permits are needed.

The Department appreciates the opportunity to review and comment on the MND and assisting the City in identifying Project impacts on biological resources. Questions regarding this letter or further coordination should be directed to Melissa Stepek, Senior Environmental Scientist, at (858) 637-5510 or Melissa.Stepek@wildlife.ca.gov.

Sincerely,

A-5

— DocuSigned by:

David Mayer

David Mayer

Environmental Program Manager I

South Coast Region

ec: CDFW

Karen Drewe, San Diego – <u>Karen Drewe@wildlife.ca.gov</u> Susan Howell, San Diego – Susan Howell@wildlife.ca.gov

Jennifer Ludovissy, San Diego – Jennifer Ludovissy@wildlife.ca.gov

 ${\sf CEQA\ Program\ Coordinator}, Sacramento - \underline{{\sf CEQACommentLetters}@wildlife.ca.gov}$

USFWS

Jonathan Snyder, Carlsbad - Jonathan d Snyder@fws.gov

State Clearinghouse, Sacramento – State.Clearinghouse@opr.ca.gov

Responses

A-4. (cont.) However, the project would be required to adhere to the City's Standard Specifications for Public Works Construction 2018 Edition (*Whitebook*) section 802-2, "Biological Resources Protection During Construction," which states, "In compliance with federal, state, and local regulations, to avoid any direct impacts to raptors and/or any native or migratory birds, removal of habitat that supports active nests in the proposed area of disturbance should occur outside of the breeding season for these species (February 1 to September 15)." At the time of construction, the Project Biologist would determine an appropriate-sized buffer in consultation with City's representative. The AMMs in the Biological Technical Report have been included in the project plans, as discussed in section IV of the Initial Study Checklist. Adherence to the AMMs and City's *Whitebook* would reduce impacts to covered species to a level below significance.

General avian nesting pre-construction surveys will be completed if work occurs within the nesting season and avoidance and noise buffers will be established, as necessary, as determined by the Qualified Biologist. The 10-day period is standard language for all City projects for general avian bird requirements. Surveys can occur no more than 10 days prior to construction but will be conducted at the discretion of the project biologist to ensure impacts are avoided. Any required protocol surveys shall be conducted per established protocols.

A-5. Impacts to 87 square feet of CDFW jurisdictional streambed were not considered significant in the Biological technical report because they would not result in a substantial adverse impact to wetlands. The project does not exceed the City of San Diego Significance Determination Thresholds for significant impacts to wetland resources, which is 0.01 acre.

The applicant has conducted a pre-application meeting with CDFW staff, discussed the project during a regular monthly coordination meeting, and is now preparing an application to be submitted. The City acknowledges CDFW would be a Responsible Agency.

Comment Letter B



San Diego County Archaeological Society, Inc.

Environmental Review Committee

1 April 2021

To:

Ms. Jamie Kennedy

Development Services Department

City of San Diego

1222 First Avenue, Mail Station 501 San Diego, California 92101

Subject:

Draft Mitigated Negative Declaration

Sewer Group Job 806 Project No. 658793

Dear Ms. Kennedy:

I have reviewed the subject DMND on behalf of this committee of the San Diego County Archaeological Society.

Based on the information contained in the archaeological report prepared by Helix Environmental, we agree with their conclusion that archaeological monitoring is not necessary. Given, however, the th\e DMND includes a monitoring program, we agree with the program as defined therein.

Thank you for the opportunity to offer comments on this DMND.

Sincerely,

Environmental Review Committee

CC:

B-1

Helix Environmental SDCAS President

File

900

Responses

B-1. Comments noted. No further response is required.

California Department of Transportation

4050 TAYLOR STREET, MS-240 SAN DIEGO, CA 92110 (619) 709-5152 | FAX (619) 688-4299 TTY 711 www.dot.ca.aov





April 1, 2021

11-SD-8 PM 6.3 to 7.1 Sewer Group Job 806 MND/SCH# 2021030074 Project No. 658793

Ms. Jamie Kennedy Associate Planner City of San Diego Department Services 1222 First Avenue, MS-501 San Diego, CA 92101

Dear Ms. Kennedy:

Thank you for including the California Department of Transportation (Caltrans) in the environmental review of Mitigated Negative Declaration (MND), State Clearinghouse (SCH) #2021030074 for the Sewer Group Job 806 project located near Interstate 8 (I-8), between Fairmount Avenue and Waring Road in the city of San Diego. The mission of Caltrans is to provide a safe and reliable transportation network that serves all people and respects the environment. The Local Development-Intergovernmental Review (LD-IGR) Program reviews land use projects and plans to ensure consistency with Caltrans' mission and state planning priorities.

Caltrans has the following comments:

Traffic Engineering Analysis

- Per Caltrans Encroachment Permit Manual Section 600, trenching on freeways (access- controlled highway system) is not permitted. That policy purpose is to "protect both the public and highway workers from the hazards" and "protect the public's investment in the highway system".
- Underground installations on highway right-of-way (R/W) must be performed using a trenchless technology method (Bore & Jack, Horizontal Directional Drilling, Microtunneling, Pipe Bursting or Pipe Ramming), unless specified otherwise by permit. Open trenching is authorized only when the applicant demonstrates that all

"Provide a safe and reliable transportation network that serves all people and respects the environment"

Responses

- C-1. The City understands the comment is an introduction to issues detailed further in the letter. No further response is required.
- C 2. Rehabilitation/replacement will be an open trench activity. The scope of work also calls out to replace 3 sewer manholes and install one new manhole within the areas identified the figure on page 3 of this Comment Letter, which requires excavation and open trench.

Trenchless sewer main replacement is only doable for the intent of very deep mains with depths in the order of 30 feet. Design calls out for the sewer mains to have a depth in the range between 7 and 13 feet. Invert elevations of the sewer design cannot be revised in order to keep with the existing flow of the sewer system. The replacement of sewer mains by trenchless method requires the excavation for a jacking pit and a receiving pit on both ends of the sewer main alignment to be replaced.

C-2

C-1

Ms. Jamie Kennedy, Associate Planner April 1, 2021 Page 2 alternatives have been investigated technology is not feasible.

Responses

C-2. See above.

C 3. Acknowledged. The contractor will obtain any necessary encroachment permits and will provide any necessary Traffic Control Plan (TCP) to Caltrans prior to construction. However, it is not anticipated a TCP shall be necessary as access to canyon locations adjacent to Caltrans right of way will occur by foot.

C 4. Trenching and boring plans will be submitted during the Encroachment Permit process.

C 5. Acknowledged. See also Response C 3.

C-2 alternatives have been investigated and that installation by a trenchless technology is not feasible.

- Any traffic control plan that encroaches into Caltrans R/W will require an approved Encroachment Permit.
- Please submit any preliminary Traffic Control Plan for review prior to the encroachment permit approval process.
- Provide all proposed trenching or boring plans within Caltrans R/W for review.
- Please see marked up exhibit on next page for further details on above comments.

Traffic Control Plan/Hauling

C-5

Caltrans has discretionary authority with respect to highways under its jurisdiction and may, upon application and if good cause appears, issue a special permit to operate or move a vehicle or combination of vehicles or special mobile equipment of a size or weight of vehicle or load exceeding the maximum limitations specified in the California Vehicle Code. The Caltrans Transportation Permits Issuance Branch is responsible for the issuance of these special transportation permits for oversize/overweight vehicles on the State Highway network. Additional information is provided online at: http://www.dot.ca.gov/trafficops/permits/index.html

A Traffic Control Plan is to be submitted to Caltrans District 11, including the interchange at I-8 and Fairmount Avenue, at least 30 days prior to the start of any construction. Traffic shall not be unreasonably delayed. The plan shall also outline suggested detours to use during closures, including routes and signage. Please include accommodations for pedestrians and bicycle facilities, where applicable.

Potential impacts to the highway facilities (I-8) and traveling public from the detour, demolition and other construction activities should be discussed and addressed before work begins.

[&]quot;Provide a safe and reliable transportation network that serves all people and respects the environment"



[&]quot;Provide a safe and reliable transportation network that serves all people and respects the environment"

Design

C-6

While consulting R/W maps and the Grantville Trolley Line Extension As-Built plans, as well as receiving information from District 11 Right of Way Engineering, the following information was found:

 An existing Joint Use Agreement (JUA) for the location of the proposed sewer line work that is proposed near the northbound Fairmount Avenue to I-8 ramps and existing pedestrian overcrossing. The R/W mapping stated a date of June 6, 1957.

- A text-only copy of a JUA, dated March 10, 1959, for a sewer easement between Waring Road and College Avenue.
- A sewer easement notation on the Grantville Trolley Line Extension As-Built (EA 11-054204) for the area south of the trolley rail structure and west of the Waring Road maintenance opening.

Please verify and provide copies of the current JUAs and/or other applicable easement documentation so that the Caltrans can provide more accurate guidance on potential encroachment documentation.

Hydrology

- Provide preliminary plans to show work to be done within the Caltrans R/W.
- Identify Caltrans facilities and access point next to Caltrans R/W on the preliminary plans.
- Submit preliminary grouting plans.
- Provide hydraulics studies (H&H studies), drainage and grading plans to Caltrans for review
- On all plans, show Caltrans' R/W.
- · Early coordination with Caltrans is recommended.

Environmental

C-8

C-7

Caltrans welcomes the opportunity to be a Responsible Agency under the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA), as we have some discretionary authority of a portion of the project that is in Caltrans' R/W through the form of an encroachment permit process. We look forward to the coordination of our efforts to ensure that Caltrans can adopt the alternative and/or mitigation measure for our R/W. We would appreciate meeting with you to discuss the elements of the MND that Caltrans will use for our subsequent environmental compliance.

"Provide a safe and reliable transportation network that serves all people and respects the environment"

Responses

- C 6. This comment refers to documentation for potential encroachment and does not address the adequacy of the environmental document. Staff has searched records and provided a referenced JUA record via email to Caltrans May 20, 2021. See also Response C 3.
- C 7. See Responses C3 and C 4. A drainage study has not been completed for the project and none was required for the environmental analysis pursuant to CEQA. The plans have been provided as an attachment to the MND. Caltrans Right of Way is shown on the plans. At the time of application for an encroachment permit, all necessary items shall be submitted.
- C 8. The Biological Technical Report appropriately describes all impacts caused by the project. For the areas adjacent to Caltrans facilities that propose Sewer pipe replace-in-place and upsizing, trenching (width of 10 feet) is required and would impact any slope vegetation. Sewer pipe rehabilitation would involve trenchless technology and would not affect vegetation on the surface.

Responses

C 9. See above.

C-9

An encroachment permit will be required for any work within the Caltrans' R/W prior to construction. As part of the encroachment permit process, the applicant must provide approved final environmental documents for this project, corresponding technical studies, and necessary regulatory and resource agency permits. Specifically, CEQA determination or exemption. The supporting documents must address all environmental impacts within the Caltrans' R/W and address any impacts from avoidance and/or mitigation measures.

We recommend that this project specifically identifies and assesses potential impacts caused by the project or impacts from mitigation efforts that occur within Caltrans R/W that includes impacts to the natural environment, Caltrans infrastructure including but not limited to highways, roadways, on-ramps and off-ramps, and appurtenant features including but not limited to lighting, drainage, signage, guardrail, and slopes. Caltrans is interested in any additional mitigation measures identified for the MND.

Mitigation

C-10

Caltrans endeavors that any direct and cumulative impacts to the State Highway network be eliminated or reduced to a level of insignificance pursuant to the CEQA and National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) standards.

Right-of-Way

C-11

- Per Business and Profession Code 8771, perpetuation of survey monuments by a licensed land surveyor is required, if they are being destroyed by any construction.
- Any work performed within Caltrans R/W will require discretionary review and approval by Caltrans and an encroachment permit will be required for any work within the Caltrans R/W prior to construction.
- Clearly identify the Caltrans R/W on the plans.

C-12

 Any work performed within Caltrans R/W will require discretionary review and approval by Caltrans and an encroachment permit will be required for any work within the Caltrans R/W prior to construction.

Additional information regarding encroachment permits may be obtained by contacting the Caltrans Permits Office at (619) 688-6158 or by visiting the website at https://dot.ca.gov/programs/traffic-operations/ep. Early coordination with Caltrans is strongly advised for all encroachment permits.

C 10. Comment noted. The comment does not address the adequacy of the document. All answers within the Initial Study take account of the whole action involved, including direct, indirect, and cumulative impacts. Impacts to sensitive vegetation are small, isolated, have a lower long-term conservation value, and are appropriately mitigated via credits at the City PUD Otay Mesa Mitigation Site. The project would not result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is non-attainment. GHG emissions effect may be determined not to be cumulatively considerable if it complies with the requirements of the CAP. No further response is required.

C 11. The City has an ongoing monument perpetuation program. Monuments shall be tied out before construction and perpetuated after construction by the City's survey team in accordance with the latest edition of the City of San Diego Standard Specifications for Public Works Construction ("Whitebook").

C. 12. Acknowledged. See also Response C 3 and C7.

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Right-of-Way Utilities

- The clearest document to show the work, in concept, appeared to be on page 46 of the MND. The sewer currently encroaches State R/W at two locations.
 - · Southerly at Fairmount Avenue and
 - Northernly at Waring Road off-ramp MTS/NB-15.
- Encroaching State Access Control requires an Exception. Application to after the existing arrangement needs to address removing from State R/W or submitting an Encroachment Policy Exception.

Please see attached R/W maps. From submitted documents, it appears work falls within previously approved JUA's. Please go through the Caltrans District 11 Permit Process to conduct required maintenance work within Caltrans R/W.

City of San Diego shall prepare and submit to Caltrans closure plans as part of the encroachment permit application. The plans shall require that closure or partial closure of I-8 and Fairmount Avenue be limited to times as to create the least possible inconvenience to the traveling public and that signage be posted prior to the closure to alert drivers of the closure in accordance with Caltrans requirements. Traffic shall not be unreasonably delayed. The plan shall also outline suggested detours to use during the closures, traffic, including routes and signage.

The Highway Closure Plan, as part of the encroachment permit, should be submitted to Caltrans at least 30 days prior to initiating installation of the crossings. No work shall begin in Caltrans' R/W until an encroachment permit is approved.

Any work performed within Caltrans' R/W will require discretionary review and approval by Caltrans and an encroachment permit will be required for any work within the Caltrans' R/W prior to construction. As part of the encroachment permit process, the applicant must provide an approved final environmental document including the CEQA determination addressing any environmental impacts with the Caltrans' R/W, and any corresponding technical studies.

Please see Chapter 600 of the Encroachment Permits Manual for requirements regarding utilities and state R/W:

https://dot.ca.gov/programs/traffic-operations/ep/ep-manual

"Provide a safe and reliable transportation network that serves all people and respects the environment"

Responses

C. 13. The project plans show the Caltrans right of way. The project would not encroaching into any new Caltrans area, as work would occur on existing facilities, the project will occur in existing alignment, and access would occur by foot into these canyon locations. Therefore, no alteration to the existing agreement is required. No closure of I-8 or Fairmount Avenue is proposed.

C-13

Ms. Jamie Kennedy, Associate Planner Responses April 1, 2021 Page 7 C. 13. See above. Please see Chapter 17 of the Plan Preparation Manual for requirements regarding utilities and state R/W: https://dot.ca.gov/programs/design/manual-project-development-procedures-C-13 If you have any questions, please contact Mark McCumsey at (619) 985-4957 or by email at mark.mccumsev@dot.ca.aov. Sincerely, Maurice A. Eaton MAURICE EATON Branch Chief Local Development and Intergovernmental Review **Attachments** "Provide a safe and reliable transportation network that serves all people and respects the environment"

INITIAL STUDY CHECKLIST

- 1. Project title/Project number: Sewer Group Job 806 / 658793
- 2. Lead agency name and address: City of San Diego, 1222 First Avenue, MS-501, San Diego, California 92101
- 3. Contact person and phone number: Jamie Kennedy / (619) 446-5445
- 4. Project location: The project is located in right of way and utility easements within land designated as single-family residential and open space. Affected streets are Yerba Anita Drive, Toyon Road, Fremontia Lane, and Palo Verde Terrace. The project is in College Area and Kensington-Talmadge Planning Area in Council District 9.
- 5. Project Applicant/Sponsor's name and address: Blake McCormick, Associate Planner, City of San Diego Engineering and Capital projects, 525 B Street, San Diego, CA 92101
- 6. General/Community Plan designation: Residential, Open Space
- 7. Zoning: RS-1-1, RS-1-2 (Residential-Single Unit)
- 8. Description of project (Describe the whole action involved, including but not limited to, later phases of the project, and any secondary, support, or off-site features necessary for its implementation.):

The project consists of replacement of approximately 2,361 linear feet (LF) of existing 6- and 8-inch Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) sewer main. Work also consists of rehabilitation of approximately 2,066 LF of existing 6-inch Vitrified Clay (VC) sewer and rehabilitation of 2,451 LF of existing 8-inch VC sewer. Sewer pipe replace-in-place will require trenching (width of 10 feet). Sewer pipe rehabilitation will be a trenchless activity.

A permanent single-lane truss bridge will be installed across a seasonal streambed. The bridge will be prefabricated and will feature four permanent truss bridge footings which will be located outside of the streambed. A temporary access path will be created that will widen the existing PUD access path from 8 feet to 10 feet and will extend the access path east through the Caltrans Right of Way (ROW) to terminate at Yerba Anita Drive.

The project would replace 14 manholes, install 3 new manholes, and rehabilitate 11 manholes. The project also includes installation of trench shoring, street resurfacing, traffic controls, and associated activities.

More specific descriptions of construction methods are as follow:

<u>Open Trenching</u>: The open trench method of construction will be used for complete replacement portions of the Project. Trenches are typically 3-5 feet wide and are dug with excavators and similar large construction equipment. All trenching work would occur within the public right-of-way and easements

<u>Potholing</u>: Potholing will be used to verify utility crossings. These 'potholes' are made by using vacuum type equipment to open up small holes into the street or pavement.

<u>Rehabilitation</u>: Rehabilitation will be used for a portion of the existing sewer mains, lateral pipes, and manholes. This technique would seal out runoff and groundwater seepage into structurally sound pipe. Grouts have a variety of chemical formulas that are matched to be compatible with local soil conditions and pipe materials.

Prior to installing the grouting material, the pipe is thoroughly cleaned. Once the pipe is clean the grout is applied through the inside of the pipe with a machine called a packer. The grout is injected out through the pipe defect or open joint and into the surrounding soil matrix and the pipe material. The injected material bonds with the soil and pipe material forming a waterproof seal.

Once the sewer mains are grouted a similar process is used to grout the building service laterals where they connect to the sewer main. The building service laterals are grouted in the same manner as the sewer mains. The equipment used for grouting the building lateral is specialized for this purpose and is not the same as the equipment for sewer main grouting. Grouting can be accomplished in a few hours and does not disturb the ground or paving surface. Normally there will be no interruption to service.

The contractor would comply with all applicable requirements described in the latest edition of the *Standard Specifications for Public Works Construction ("GREENBOOK")* and the latest edition of the *City of San Diego Standard Specifications for Public Works Construction ("WHITEBOOK")*.

9. Surrounding land uses and setting:

The project is located within the MHPA, Airport Land Use Compatibility Overlay Zone for Montgomery Field, Airport Influence Area – Review Area 2, FAA Part 77 notification area at 582 feet elevation. The project is in right of way and City utility easements in land zoned as RS-1-1 and RS-1-2 (Single-Family Residential), within residential, open space, and right of way land uses. Open trench work would occur through existing ROW, the existing PUD access path, and areas of native vegetation east of Yerba Santa Drive and northwest of Toyon Road. The location and size of the staging area(s) will be within the paved public right-of-way in a location or locations determined by the Contractor.

10. Other public agencies whose approval is required (e.g., permits, financing approval, or participation agreement):

United States Army Corps of Engineers Section 404 Permit, California Regional Water Quality Control Board Section 401 Certification, and California Department of Fish and Wildlife Section 1600 Permit.

11. Have California Native American tribes traditionally and culturally affiliated with the project area requested consultation pursuant to Public Resources Code section 21080.3.1? If so, has consultation begun?

City of San Diego staff sent notification to tribal representatives from the Jamul Indian Village and Iipay Nation of Santa Ysabel on April 7, 2020 to request consultation under AB 52. On April 8 and April 17, respectively, the Jamul and Iipay tribal representatives concurred with the recommendation that no cultural research survey would be required, but Archaeological and Native American monitoring would be required.

Note: Conducting consultation early in the CEQA process allows tribal governments, lead agencies, and project proponents to discuss the level of environmental review, identify and address potential adverse impacts to tribal cultural resources, and reduce the potential for delay and conflict in the environmental review process. (See Public Resources Code section 21083.3.2.) Information may also be available from the California Native American Heritage Commission's Sacred Lands File per Public Resources Code section 5097.96 and the California Historical Resources Information System administered by the California Office of Historic Preservation. Please also note that Public Resources Code section 21082.3(c) contains provisions specific to confidentiality.

ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:

			d be potentially affected by the checklist on the following		t, involving at least one impact that is a	
	Aesthetics		Greenhouse Gas Emissions		Population/Housing	
	Agriculture and Forestry Resources		Hazards & Hazardous Materials		Public Services	
	Air Quality		Hydrology/Water Quality		Recreation	
\boxtimes	Biological Resources		Land Use/Planning		Transportation/Traffic	
\boxtimes	Cultural Resources		Mineral Resources	\boxtimes	Tribal Cultural Resources	
	Energy		Noise		Utilities/Service System	
	Geology/Soils		Mandatory Findings Significance		Wildfire	
DETER	MINATION: (To be com	ıpleted l	oy Lead Agency)			
On the b	asis of this initial evaluation:					
	The proposed project COULD NOT have a significant effect on the environment, and a NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared.					
	Although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, there will not be a significant effect in this case because revisions in the project have been made by or agreed to by the project proponent. A MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared.					
	The proposed project MAY have a significant effect on the environment, and an ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required.					
The proposed project MAY have a "potentially significant impact" or "potentially significant unless mitigated" impact on the environment, but at least one effect (a) has been adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and (b) has been addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis as described on attached sheets. An ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required.						
	Although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, because all potentially significan effects (a) have been analyzed adequately in an earlier EIR or (MITIGATED) NEGATIVE DECLARATION pursuant to applicable standards, and (b) have been avoided or mitigated pursuant to that earlier EIR or (MITIGATED) NEGATIVE DECLARATION, including revisions or mitigation measures that are imposed upon the proposed project, nothing further is required.					

EVALUATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS:

- 1) A brief explanation is required for all answers except "No Impact" answers that are adequately supported by the information sources a lead agency cites in the parentheses following each question. A "No Impact" answer is adequately supported if the referenced information sources show that the impact simply does not apply to projects like the one involved (e.g., the project falls outside a fault rupture zone). A "No Impact answer should be explained where it is based on project specific factors as well as general standards (e.g., the project will not expose sensitive receptors to pollutants, based on a project-specific screening analysis.)
- 2) All answers must take account of the whole action involved, including off-site as well as on-site, cumulative as well as project-level, indirect as well as direct, and construction as well as operational impacts.
- 3) Once the lead agency has determined that a particular physical impact may occur, then the checklist answers must indicate whether the impact is potentially significant, less than significant with mitigation, or less than significant. "Potentially Significant Impact" is appropriate if there is substantial evidence that an effect may be significant. If there are one or more "Potentially Significant Impact" entries when the determination is made, an EIR is required.
- 4) "Negative Declaration: Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated" applies where the incorporation of mitigation measures has reduced an effect from "Potentially Significant Impact" to a "Less Than Significant Impact." The lead agency must describe the mitigation measures, and briefly explain how they reduce the effect to a less than significant level (mitigation measures from "Earlier Analyses", as described in (5) below, may be cross-referenced).
- 5) Earlier analyses may be used where, pursuant to the tiering, program EIR, or other CEQA process, an effect has been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or (mitigated) negative declaration. *Section 15063(c)(3)(D).* In this case, a brief discussion should identify the following:
 - a. Earlier Analysis Used. Identify and state where they are available for review.
 - b. Impacts Adequately Addressed. Identify which effects from the above checklist were within the scope of and adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and state whether such effects were addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis.
 - c. Mitigation Measures. For effects that are "Less Than Significant With Mitigation Measures Incorporated", describe the mitigation measures that were incorporated or refined from the earlier document and the extent to which they address site-specific conditions for the project.
- 6) Lead agencies are encouraged to incorporate into the checklist references to information sources for potential impacts (e.g., general plans, zoning ordinances). Reference to a previously prepared or outside document should, where appropriate, include a reference to the page or pages where the statement is substantiated.
- 7) Supporting Information Sources: A source list should be attached, and other sources used, or individuals contacted should be cited in the discussion.
- 8) This is only a suggested form, and lead agencies are free to use different formats; however, lead agencies should normally address the questions from this checklist that are relevant to a project's environmental effects in whatever format is selected.
- 9) The explanation of each issue should identify:
 - a. The significance criteria or threshold, if any, used to evaluate each question; and
 - b. The mitigation measure identified, if any, to reduce the impact to less than significant.

I. AEST	HETICS – Would the project:				
a)	Have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista?			\boxtimes	
level fo and all Southe	f the proposed work on the sewer synthem in the sewer part of the	oipes would l getated with nd container	oe filled to match a native Diegan c plants. Therefore	the adjacent na oastal sage scr e, the proposed	atural grade ub and
b)	Substantially damage scenic resources, including but not limited to, trees, rock outcroppings, and historic buildings within a state scenic highway?				\boxtimes
these for	oject would not damage any existing eatures are located within the bound not located near a state scenic highwates. No impact would occur.	laries of the	oroposed project.	Furthermore,	the project
c)	Substantially degrade the existing visual character or quality of the site and its surroundings?				
See ans	swer to I. a) and I. b) above. No impac	ct would occi	ır.		
d)	Create a new source of substantial light or glare that would adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area?				
streetlig sources occur d	oject does not include any new or moghts, and the project would not utilized of light would be generated during during daylight hours. The project wo cions per Municipal Code Section 142	e highly refle project cons ould also be s	ective materials. In truction, as constr subject to the City	n addition, no s ruction activitie 's Outdoor Ligh	substantial s would
en Mo im sig Fo Pro	RICULTURAL AND FOREST RESOURCES: In det vironmental effects, lead agencies may refer todel (1997) prepared by the California Departripacts on agriculture and farmland. In determinificant environmental effects, lead agencies or restry and Fire Protection regarding the state's object and the Forest Legacy Assessment project adopted by the California Air Resource	o the California ment of Conserv ning whether in may refer to info s inventory of fo ct; and forest ca	Agricultural Land Eval ration as an optional mapacts to forest resour ormation compiled by orest land, including the rbon measurement may	uation and Site Ass nodel to use in asso ces, including timb the California Dep e Forest and Rang	sessment essing perland, are artment of e Assessment
a)	Converts Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance (Farmland), as shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency, to non-agricultural use?				

pres	ent	in the vicinity of the project. No impact	would occur.					
	b)	Conflict with existing zoning for agricultural use, or a Williamson Act Contract?				\boxtimes		
Refe	r to	II. a). No impact would occur.						
	c)	Conflict with existing zoning for, or cause rezoning of, forest land (as defined in Public Resources Code section 1220(g)), timberland (as defined by Public Resources Code section 4526), or timberland zoned Timberland Production (as defined by Government Code section 51104(g))?						
are i	not o	ect would occur in and adjacent to a nad designated as forest land or timberland in the vicinity of the project. No impact	d. In addition, fo	•	•			
	d)	Result in the loss of forest land or conversion of forest land to non-forest use?				\boxtimes		
Refe	r to	II. c). No impact would occur.						
	e)	Involve other changes in the existing environment, which, due to their location or nature, could result in conversion of Farmland to nonagricultural use or conversion of forest land to non-forest use?						
Farn	nlan	ect does not propose a change in land d since no Farmland exists within, or ir ccur.						
III.	 AIR QUALITY – Where available, the significance criteria established by the applicable air quality management or air pollution control district may be relied on to make the following determinations – Would the project: 							
	a)	Conflict with or obstruct implementation of the applicable air quality plan?						

The project would occur adjacent to and within a natural canyon and within paved public roads which are not zoned or mapped for agricultural use or farmland. In addition, agricultural land is not

The replacement and rehabilitation of sewer infrastructure would not involve any future actions that would generate air quality emissions as a result of the proposed use (e.g. vehicle miles traveled). However, emissions would occur during the construction phase of the project and could increase the amount of harmful pollutants entering the air basin. The emissions would be minimal and would only occur temporarily during construction. Additionally, the construction equipment typically involved in sewer projects is small-scale and generates relatively few emissions. When appropriate,

not conf required	flict with the region's air quality plan; ir ત્રે.	mpacts are less	than significant,	and no mitiga	tion is		
b)	Violate any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation?						
Refer to	III. b). Impacts are less than significant	t, and no mitiga	tion is required.				
c)	Result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is non-attainment under an applicable federal or state ambient air quality standard (including releasing emissions which exceed quantitative thresholds for ozone precursors)?			\boxtimes			
other po Best Ma below a increase federal	As described above, construction operations could temporarily increase the emissions of dust and other pollutants. However, construction emissions would be temporary, and implementation of Best Management Practices would reduce potential impacts related to construction activities to below a level of significance. The project would not result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is non-attainment under applicable federal or state ambient air quality standards. Impacts are less than significant, and no mitigation is required.						
d)	Create objectionable odors affecting a substantial number of people?						
combus tempora	on of construction equipment and veh tion. These odors would dissipate into arily in proximity to the construction ed antial number of people; thus, impacts d.	o the atmospher quipment and v	re upon release a ehicles. Project	and would ren odors would n	nain		
IV. BIOLO	OGICAL RESOURCES – Would the project:						
a)	Have substantial adverse effects, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special status species in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?						
<u>Direct Ir</u>	npacts						

dust suppression methods would be included as project components. As such, the project would

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"Proposed Sewer Group Job 806 Project Biological Technical Report" (BTR) was prepared by Busby Biological Services, September 2020. The BTR analyzed the direct and indirect impacts of the

proposed project on the biological and jurisdictional resources located in the vicinity of the project.

Sensitive Habitat

The proposed project will result in the following direct impacts to upland habitat.

		ı	Inside MHPA			Outside MHPA		
Vegetation				Mitigation			Mitigation	Total
Community/Land	Tier	Impacts		Required	Impacts		Required	Mitigation
Cover	Level	(Ac.)	Ratio*	(Ac.)	(Ac.)	Ratio*	(Ac.)	(Ac.)
Diegan coastal sage	Ш	0.129	1:1	0.129	0.113	1:1	0.113	0.242
scrub								
Diegan Coastal Sage	II	0.061	1:1	0.061	0.024	1:1	0.024	0.085
Scrub – Disturbed								
Southern Mixed	IIIA	0.013	1:1	0.013	-	0.5:1	-	0.013
Chaparral								
Total		0.203	_	0.203	0.1038	_	0.138	0.340

^{*}Mitigation for impacts will occur within the MHPA.

Mitigation will occur at Otay Mesa Mitigation site, a City Public Utilities Department mitigation site. With the proposed measure BIO-1 in the MMRP of this MND, impacts to sensitive vegetation would be mitigated to a level below significant.

Sensitive Species

Three sensitive plant species – spine shrub (*Adolphia californica*), summer-holly (*Comarostaphylis diversifolia* ssp. *diversifolia*), and decumbent golden bush (*Isocoma menziesii* var. *decumbens*)– have a moderate potential to occur within the biological study area, and one sensitive plant species – Nuttall's scrub oak (*Quercus dumosa*)– has a high potential to occur within the biological study area. However, these large perennial shrub species were not observed during the survey and are not expected to occur within the proposed project footprint, because the proposed project footprint is small and has been designed to utilize the existing access paths and disturbed areas to avoid impacts to native habitats to the extent feasible. Therefore, impacts to these species are not expected.

Four sensitive plant species were observed during the biological reconnaissance survey in 2017 and during the follow up site visit in 2020 – San Diego sunflower (*Bahiopsis laciniata*, CRPR 4.2), wart-stemmed ceanothus (*Ceanothus verrucosus*, CRPR 2B.2), San Diego barrel cactus (CRPR 2B.1), and Engelmann oak (*Quercus engelmannii*, CRPR 4.2). Three of these species – wart stemmed ceanothus, San Diego barrel cactus, and Engelmann oak – are located outside of the proposed project footprint and are not anticipated to be impacted by the proposed project.

Approximately 10 San Diego sunflower individuals are located within and immediately adjacent to the proposed project footprint and would be impacted by the proposed project. Through implementation of AMMs, a biologist will be present to delineate site limits prior to construction to assist with AMMs and minimize impacts to this species. While the proposed project is anticipated to impact approximately 10 San Diego sunflower individuals, a species with relatively low sensitivity, this sensitive plant species is well preserved within other portions of the MHPA. Therefore, the proposed project is not anticipated to result in significant impacts to the sensitive plant species population.

The proposed project could result in impacts to two sensitive wildlife species that were observed during the biological reconnaissance survey in 2017 – orange throated whiptail (*Aspidoscelis hyperythra beldingi*) and Cooper's hawk (*Accipiter cooperii*). In addition, the proposed project could result in impacts to coastal California gnatcatcher (*Polioptila californica californica*) as well as other bird species covered under the MBTA.

Potential impacts to orange-throated whiptail would not be considered significant, because suitable habitat within the proposed project footprint comprises a small fraction of the habitat for the local herpetofauna populations and is contiguous with habitat extending south along the canyon slopes. The proposed project is not expected to reduce the populations of these species to below a self-sustaining level. Therefore, no significant impacts to sensitive herpetofauna species would occur, and no mitigation is required.

The proposed project could result in impacts to Cooper's hawk, coastal California gnatcatcher and other MBTA covered species if construction occurs during the nesting season (February 1 to September 15). Direct impacts to these species could result from vegetation clearing during the nesting season, which could impact active nests. In addition, indirect impacts could occur from an increase in noise resulting from construction activities, which could displace some birds and impact their breeding success. Both direct and indirect impacts to nesting Cooper's hawk, coastal California gnatcatcher and other MBTA-covered species would be considered significant. Avoidance and Minimization Measures (AMMs) have been incorporated into the project design and included in the project plans. Adherence to the AMMs would reduce impact to a level below significance.

Indirect Impacts

Sensitive Habitat

Indirect impacts to vegetation will be avoided due to the implementation of AMMs. Specifically, biological monitoring is required to ensure that sensitive resources are not impacted and that the project boundaries will be delineated prior to ground disturbing activities.

Sensitive Species

Indirect impacts to sensitive plants will be avoided due to the implementation of AMMs. Specifically, biological monitoring is required to ensure that sensitive resources are not impacted and that the project boundaries will be delineated prior to ground disturbing activities. AMMs will also ensure that any sensitive resources found during preconstruction surveys will be properly mitigated, as necessary.

Indirect impacts could occur from an increase in noise resulting from construction activities, which could displace some birds and impact their breeding success. Both direct and indirect impacts to nesting Cooper's hawk and other MBTA-covered species would be considered significant. Therefore, construction of the proposed project should occur outside of the nesting season. However, if the proposed project cannot avoid the nesting season; pre-construction nesting surveys and avoidance buffers would be required. Implementation of AMMs would assure that impacts to Cooper's hawk and other MBTA-covered species are reduced to below a level of significance.

Suitable coastal California gnatcatcher breeding habitat occurs within 300 feet of the proposed project, and the proposed project could result in impacts to this species if construction occurs during the breeding season (March 1 to August 15). Indirect impacts could occur from an increase in noise resulting from construction activities, which could displace some birds and impact their breeding success. Indirect impacts to coastal California gnatcatcher within the MHPA would be considered significant. Implementation of AMMs would assure that impacts to coastal California gnatcatcher are reduced to below a level of significance

regulations or by the California	b)	Have a substantial adverse effect on any riparian habitat or other community identified in local or regional plans, policies, and	_	_	_	_
!		9			\boxtimes	Ш
		•				

The proposed project has been designed to avoid impacts to wetlands and to minimize impacts to below the significance threshold for other jurisdictional resources. The use of trenchless pipe rehabilitation would be implemented in several locations to minimize impacts. The project will also use existing PUD access paths to minimize temporary impacts. Despite the AMMs implemented to protect wetlands, the project cannot fully avoid jurisdictional resources because a section of proposed sewer upsizing will require construction of a trench across an unvegetated ephemeral drainage. The project is expected to temporarily impact CDFW jurisdictional habitats based on HELIX's jurisdictional delineation and the analysis of the proposed project impact footprint. The project would temporarily impact approximately 0.002 acre of CDFW streambed (87 sq. ft). These impacts occur both within and outside of an established PUD access path. The proposed project will not result in any impacts to CDFW riparian habitat. Impacts to 0.002 acre of CDFW streambed are not considered significant because they would not result in a substantial adverse impact to wetlands. Therefore, no additional AMMs or mitigation would be required.

c)	Have a substantial adverse effect on				
	federally protected wetlands as defined				
	by section 404 of the Clean Water Act				
	(including but not limited to marsh,		П	\bowtie	
	vernal pool, coastal, etc.) through direct removal, filling, hydrological	Ш	Ш		Ш
	interruption, or other means?				

The proposed project has been designed to avoid impacts to wetlands and to minimize impacts to below the significance threshold for other jurisdictional resources. The use of trenchless pipe rehabilitation would be implemented in several locations to minimize impacts. The project will also use existing PUD access paths to minimize temporary impacts. Despite the AMMs implemented to protect wetlands, the project cannot fully avoid jurisdictional resources because a section of proposed sewer upsizing will require construction of a trench across an unvegetated ephemeral drainage. The project is expected to temporarily impact USACE, RWQCB jurisdictional habitats based on HELIX's jurisdictional delineation and the analysis of the proposed project impact footprint. The project would temporarily impact approximately 0.001 acre (44 sq. ft.) of USACE/RWQCB nonwetland Waters of the US or State (WoUS/WoS). These impacts occur both within and outside of an established PUD access path. The proposed project will not result in any impacts to wetland

•	·				
d)	Interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or with established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors, or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites?				
movem migrato linkages propose	project's BLR, the proposed project in ent of any native, resident, or migrated by wildlife corridors. In addition, the sas identified in the MSCP Plan or wised project may temporarily deter will be turn to normal after project completed.	ory fish or w proposed pr th use of nat dlife moveme	ildlife species or wo oject is not anticip ive wildlife nurser ent in the area, lor	ith native, res ated to interfo y sites. While ng-term use of	iident, or ere with the f the area
e)	Conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources, such as a tree preservation policy or ordinance?			\boxtimes	
San Die Environ MHPA d and ord in accor	iject is located within and adjacent to go Subarea Plan MHPA Land Use Ago mental Notes MHPA Land Use Adjac do not result with project implementa linances protecting biological resource dance with the City of San Diego Mu tiology Guidelines. Impacts would be	ency Guidelir ency require ation. The pro ces including Itiple Species	nes. Project plans ments to ensure a oject would compl measures to prot s Conservation Pro	include under dverse effects y with all loca ect California	the header to the I policies gnatcatcher
f)	Conflict with the provisions of an adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Community Conservation Plan, or other approved local, regional, or state habitat conservation plan?				
Subarea	o IV. e). The project has been reviewe a Plan. Land Use Adjacency Guideline ject does not conflict with the MSCP.	es requireme		-	-
V. CULTI	URAL RESOURCES – Would the project:				
a)	Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an historical resource as defined in §15064.5?			\boxtimes	
The pur	pose and intent of the Historical Res	ources Regu	lations of the Land	d Developmer	it Code

WoUS/WoS. Impacts to 0.001 acre of non-wetland WoUS/WoS are not considered significant because they would not result in a substantial adverse impact to wetlands. Therefore, no additional AMMs or

mitigation would be required.

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historical resources of San Diego. The regulations apply to all proposed development within the City of San Diego when historical resources are present on the premises. Any historical resource listed in,

(Chapter 14, Division 3, and Article 2) is to protect, preserve and, where damaged, restore the

or eligible to be listed in the California Register of Historical Resources, including archaeological resources, is considered to be historically or culturally significant.

<u>Archaeological Resources</u>

"Proposed Sewer Group Job 806 - Geologic Testing Archaeological Resources Report Form" was prepared by Helix Environmental Planning December 2017. In addition, the applicant's memorandum dated February 13, 2020 to Development Services Department (DSD) indicates excavation into previously undisturbed soil would be less than 1,000 cubic yards. Based on the new manholes and disturbance into previously undisturbed soil analyzed by the City's qualified archaeologist, no archaeological survey report was required in addition to that provided for the geologic testing. Archaeological and Native American monitoring is warranted. Therefore, with the implementation of mitigation measure CUL-1 in the MMRP of this MND, potential impacts to cultural resources would be less than significant.

<u>Bui</u>	lt	En	viro	onn	nent
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The pro	iect would	not impact a	ny locally	, designated	built er	vironment i	resources
	ICCL VVOGIG	mot impact a	ily locully	designated	Duiit Ci		Coourtes.

me pi	O)	rece would not impact any locally design	latea balle erryll	omment resoure	,03.	
b)	Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an archaeological resource pursuant to §15064.5?				
Refer	to	response V. a) above.				
C.)	Directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleontological resource or site or unique geologic feature?				
paleor Stadiu letter	nto im da	ject is underlain by Very old paralic depological resources. The project is also underlain by Conglomerate, with a high sensitivity fated December 16, 2019, the project with the broject with the project with the project with the broject with th	nderlain by the for paleontologic	Mission Valley F cal resources. Pe	ormation and er the project	cover
paleor areas	nto ur	nce with San Diego Municipal Code secological resources are less than signific nderlain by the Mission Valley Formatio than 1,000 CY, wherever trench depths	ant. Paleontolog n and Stadium (gical monitoring Conglomerate, a	shall be requi s total excava	tion is
d)	Disturb human remains, including those interred outside of dedicated cemeteries?			\boxtimes	

No cemeteries, formal or informal, have been identified on or adjacent to the project site. While there is a possibility of encountering human remains during project construction activities, if remains are found monitoring would be required. In addition, per CEQA Section 15064.5(e), the California Public Resources Code (Sec. 5097.98) and State Health and Safety Code (Sec. 7050.5), if human remains are discovered during construction, work would be required to halt in that area and no soil would be exported off-site until a determination could be made regarding the provenance of

the human remains via the County Coroner and other authorities as required. Compliance with state regulations would ensure impacts are less than significant and no mitigation required.

VI. ENER	GY – Would the project:				
a)	Result in potentially significant environmental impact due to wasteful, inefficient, or unnecessary consumption of energy resources, during project construction or operation?				\boxtimes
to reduce Measure 90.72 Me equipme be prohi	roject construction, the Air Resource unnecessary consumption of ent to Limit Diesel-Fueled Commercial otive Equipment Idling Reduction For the City of bited unless "mission necessary." option during construction would be	ergy under 13 (al Motor Vehiclo Policy applies to San Diego, whi Through imple	CCR § 2485, Airbe Idling. Locally, all City employ the states idling of the mentation of the	orne Toxic Con Administrative ees operating r of motive equip	trol Regulation notive ment shall
utilizatio	acement and rehabilitation of sew n during operation. Energy impact n is required.				
b) The proi	Conflict with or obstruct a state or local plan for renewable energy or energy efficiency? ect is consistent with the General I	□ Plan and Comn	□ nunity Plan's und	□ derlying land us	⊠ se and
zoning d	esignations, and appropriately imponunce VIII. Greenhouse Gas Em the Climate Action Plan, no impac	plements the C issions. Becaus	limate Action Pl	an checklist. Se	e also
VII. GEOL	OGY AND SOILS – Would the project:				
a)	Expose people or structures to potential s involving:	ubstantial adverse	effects, including th	e risk of loss, injur	y, or death
	i) Rupture of a known earthquake fault, as delineated on the most recent Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Map issued by the State Geologist for the area or based on other substantial evidence of a known fault? Refer to Division of Mines and Geology Special Publication 42.				

Per the project's Report of Geotechnical Investigation Sewer Group 806 Bridge Crossing Project (GI) prepared by Allied Geotechnical Engineers October 23, 2018, there are no known (mapped) active faults in the project study zone. The project study area is not located within an Alquist-Priolo

Earthquake Study Zone.

	ii)	Strong seismic ground shaking?				
Howeve can be i enginee require standar	er, the mitigoring men rd co	area may be subject to strong grounts hazard is common to Southern Cogated if the improvements are design practice and building codes. The post of the California Building Code, ut instruction practices, to be verified bedon regional geologic hazards wo	alifornia and the ned and constru roject would be ilize proper engi by the City Engin	e effects on the pucted in accorda required to com neering design a	oroposed pro nce with curro ply with seism and utilization ensure that p	ent nic of otential
	iii)	Seismic-related ground failure, including liquefaction?			\boxtimes	
dense, s pressur project be lique	satui e, ar stud efiab	ates seismically-induced soil liquefarated granular materials undergo modeles shear strength due to cyclic by area is underlain with dense to velle. Implementation of the project we ted ground failure, including liquefa	natrix rearrangen ground vibration ery dense forma ould not result i	ment, develop h ns induced by ea tional soils that a n an increase in	igh pore wate arthquakes. Th are not consic the potential	r ne lered to for
	iv)	Landslides?				
effects of study a landslid accorda	of a rea. le. Po ance	ation of the project would not exace landslide. Per the GI, there are no k Furthermore, the underlying forma- ost-construction, all areas of vegeta with the City's Landscape Standard evegetation, impacts would be less	nown (mapped) tional material is tion removal wo s. Through implo	ancient landslid s not considered ould require reve ementation of se	es in the proje I to be suscep egetation in	ect tible to
b)		ult in substantial soil erosion or the of topsoil?			\boxtimes	
Althoug substar	gh tre	ntion of the project would not result enching is proposed, the project wo erosion or loss of topsoil would not uld require revegetation in accorda	uld implement o occur. Post-con	on-site BMPs, the struction, all are	erefore ensur as of vegetati	ing that
c)	tha uns pot land	located on a geologic unit or soil t is unstable, or that would become table as a result of the project, and entially result in on- or off-site dslide, lateral spreading, subsidence, refaction or collapse?				

See VII. a) iii) and iv) above regarding landslides and liquefaction. In addition, The project area is underlain by competent geologic units which are not considered susceptible to seismic-induced lateral spreading. Impacts would be less than significant.

d)	Be located on expansive soil, as defined in Table 18-1-B of the Uniform Building Code (1994), creating substantial risks to life or property?				
	on visual observations and soil classi ive or have a very low expansion pot				
е)	Have soils incapable of adequately supporting the use of septic tanks or alternative waste water disposal systems where sewers are not available for the disposal of waste water?				\boxtimes
	tic or alternative water disposal systenabilitation of sewer infrastructure. N			is limited to re	eplacement
VIII. GRI	EENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS – Would the proj	ect:			
a)	Generate greenhouse gas emissions, either directly or indirectly, that may have a significant impact on the environment?				
will und The Clir for prop The CAR 15183.5 increme	ember 2015, the City adopted a Clima dertake to achieve its proportional sh mate Action Plan Consistency Checkl posed new development projects that P is a plan for the reduction of GHG of 5. Pursuant to CEQA Guidelines Section ental contribution to a cumulative Gi tively considerable if it complies with	nare of State g ist (CAP Check at are subject emissions in a ons 15064(h)(HG emissions	reenhouse gas (klist) provides a s to discretionary accordance with (3), 15130(d), and effect may be de	GHG) emission streamlined rev review. CEQA Guideline 115183(b), a pr etermined not	reductions view process es Section roject's
emissio ensure toward determ	P Checklist contains measures requirens targets identified in the CAP are a that new development is consistent achieving the identified GHG reductined through the use of this Checklist of GHG emissions.	achieved. Imp with the CAP' ion targets. P	lementation of the sassumptions for ojects that are c	nese measures or relevant CAP onsistent with	would strategies the CAP as
reduction The pro indirect	oposed project does not result in new ons could be achieved, so Step 2 of to oposed project will have a less-than-s cly, because the proposed project is of derlying land use and zoning design	the Checklist is significant imp consistent wit	s not required to pact on the envir	complete per onment, either	footnote 5. directly or
b)	Conflict with an applicable plan, policy, or regulation adopted for the purpose of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gases?				

impact v	vould occur.					
IX. HAZA	RDS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS – Would t	he project:				
a)	Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials?			\boxtimes		
includin material hazardo used, ar and loca	Construction activities for the project would involve the use of potentially hazardous materials including vehicle fuels, oils, transmission fluids, paint, adhesives, surface coatings and other finishing materials, cleaning solvents, and pesticides for landscaping purposes. However, the use of these hazardous materials would be temporary, and all potentially hazardous materials would be stored, used, and disposed of in accordance with manufacturers' specifications, applicable federal, state, and local health and safety regulations. As such, impacts associated with the transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials would be less than significant during construction.					
b)	Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment?			\boxtimes		
Geotrac	's Environmental Analysis Section (E ker database for potentially hazardo nation sources.	•			California	
Leaking however contract "ENCOU Specifica ensure t local, sta	Construction of the project may have the potential to traverse properties which could contain Leaking Underground Storage Tank (LUST) cleanup sites, permitted UST's, or contaminated sites; however, in the event that construction activities encounter underground contamination, the contractor would be required to implement section 7-22 of the City's "WHITEBOOK" for "ENCOUNTERING OR RELEASING HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES" of the City of San Diego Standard Specifications for Public Works Construction which is included in all construction documents and would ensure the proper handling and disposal of any contaminated soils in accordance with all applicable local, state, and federal regulations. Compliance with these requirements would minimize the risk to the public and the environment; therefore, impacts would remain less than significant.					
See also	response IX. a) above.					
c)	Emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste within one-quarter mile of an existing or proposed school?					

Refer to VIII. a). Because the project does not conflict with or obstruct the Climate Action Plan, no

The proposed project would not emit hazardous emissions or involve handling acutely hazardous

materials, substances, or waste. See also response to VIII a) and b).

d)	Be located on a site which is included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code section 65962.5 and, as a result, would it create a significant hazard to the public or the environment?				
	es on the list of hazardous materials (Cortese list) are located within the	•	•		
e)	For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?			\boxtimes	
Overlay North Is the proj no notic infrastru	s of the project alignment are within Zone and within the Airport Influer sland Naval Air Station. The project ect meets conditions in Notice of Pricing is required. Since the proposed acture, it would not introduce any nesiding or working in the area.	nce Area-Revi is also located roposed Cons project invol	ew Area 2. Portion d in the FAA Part 7 struction or Altera ves replacement	ns are also with 77 Noticing Are ation Section 77 and rehabilitat	nin 2 miles of a; however, 7.9(e)(1) and ion of sewer
f)	For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?				
The pro	ject site is not within proximity of a	private airstr	ip. No impacts wo	ould result.	
g)	Impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan?				
project a be imple operation	construction, the proposed project Area of Potential Effect (APE) and its emented during construction which on, sewer infrastructure would not per emergency evacuation plan. No imp	s adjoining ro n would allow physically into	ads. An approved emergency plans erfere with an add	d Traffic Contro to be employe	ol Plan would ed. During
h)	Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires, including where wildlands are adjacent to urbanized areas or where residences are intermixed with wildlands?				

The proposed project would be located within a natural canyon. However, the proposed sewer infrastructure would not introduce any new features that are combustible or would increase the risk of fire. Revegetation of the disturbed canyon areas will be completed in accordance with the brush management regulations of the San Diego Municipal Code which would reduce potential impacts to a less than significant level.

X. HYDR	OLOGY AND WATER QUALITY - Would the pro	ject:			
a)	Violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements?				
include long-ter Storm V Control Projects propose	al impacts to existing water quality standards short-term construction-relarm operational storm water impacts. Water Standards Manual and all requal Board municipals storm water (MS4 s Department would be responsible to project would not violate any existency; thus, no impact would occur.	ated erosio The projec irements of) permit. En for compliar	n sedimentation but It would be required If the most current Figineers from the En Ince with all storm w	it would not ind to comply we Regional Wate Ingineering & C Vater regulation	nclude any ith the City's r Quality Capital ons. The
b)	Substantially deplete groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that there would be a net deficit in aquifer volume or a lowering of the local groundwater table level (e.g., the production rate of pre-existing nearby wells would drop to a level which would not support existing land uses or planned uses for which permits have been granted)?				
	eject does not use groundwater, nor v		•	s surfaces tha	twould
c)	Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, in a manner, which would result in substantial erosion or siltation on- or off-site?			\boxtimes	
disturbe native h Tempor Complia	n). All areas that are trenched would bed areas, including temporary construydroseed mix and non-invasive, low rary irrigation would be provided for ance with local, state, and federal stoposion or siltation to less than signification.	ruction acce water use o a period su erm water re	ss and staging, wou container plants to fficient to establish	ıld be re-vege minimize soil plant materia	tated with a erosion. Il.
d)	Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, or substantially increase the rate or amount of surface			\boxtimes	

runoff in a manner, which would result in flooding on- or off-site?

See X. c). Since this is a sewer infrastructure project, and the majority of project features will be constructed underground, backfilled, and revegetated, existing impervious area as well as the hydrology of the basins are not anticipated to change. Hence, post-project runoff will remain similar to pre-project runoff. The proposed project does not include any features that would increase the risk associated with flooding beyond those of existing conditions; therefore, impacts would be less than significant. e) Create or contribute runoff water, which would exceed the capacity of existing or planned stormwater \boxtimes drainage systems or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff? See X. c)-d). The project would be required to comply with all local and regional storm water quality standards during construction using approved Best Management Practices (BMPs), which would ensure that water quality is not degraded. Therefore, impacts would be less than significant, and no mitigation is required. Otherwise substantially degrade water \bowtie quality? See X. c) - e). g) Place housing within a 100-year flood hazard area as mapped on a federal \boxtimes Flood Hazard Boundary or Flood Insurance Rate Map or other flood hazard delineation map?

The project does not include housing development. Therefore, no impact would occur.

h) Place within a 100-year flood hazard
area, structures that would impede or
redirect flood flows?

Per the GI, The project study area is not located within the 100- and 500-year flood zone (FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Map, 2012). Therefore, no impact would occur.

XI. LAND USE AND PLANNING - Would the project:

a)	Physically divide an established		\square
	community?	Ш	

The replacement and rehabilitation of sewer infrastructure would be primarily underground and would not introduce any permanent features that could divide an established community. No impact would occur.

b)	Conflict with any applicable land use plan, policy, or regulation of an agency with jurisdiction over the project (including but not limited to the general plan, specific plan, local coastal program, or zoning ordinance) adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect?				
•	oject would be consistent with all app with jurisdiction over the project and occur.			•	
c)	Conflict with any applicable habitat conservation plan or natural community conservation plan?				
	o responses in Section IV, Biological F mpacts would be less than significant		he project is not lo	ocated within t	he coastal
XII. MIN	NERAL RESOURCES – Would the project:				
a)	Result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region and the residents of the state?				\boxtimes
large e site is r	part of the eastern portion of the site nough to allow an economically feasil not being used for the recovery of mir oss of mineral resources of value to t	ble aggregat neral resour	e mining operations. Therefore, the	n (less than 10 e project would	acres). The
b)	Result in the loss of availability of a locally important mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan or other land use plan?				\boxtimes
	eas around the proposed project align tate or federal land use plan for mine				
XIII. NC	DISE – Would the project result in:				
a)	Generation of, noise levels in excess of standards established in the local general plan or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies?				\boxtimes
	oposed sewer project would not resu ting standards or existing ambient no	_	•		
b)	Generation of, excessive ground borne vibration or ground borne noise levels?				\boxtimes

	ject would not result in the generation s of existing standards or ambient leve			oration or nois	e levels
c)	A substantial permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project?				
Refer to	XIII. a)-b). No impact would occur.				
d)	A substantial temporary or periodic increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above existing without the project?				
The proposed sewer and storm drain project would result in temporary construction noise and is required to comply with the San Diego Municipal Code, Chapter 5, Article 9.5, (§59.5.0404 Construction Noise), which regulates construction noise levels. The project would be required to conduct any construction activity so as to not cause, at or beyond the property lines of any property zoned residential, an average sound level greater than 75 decibels during the 12–hour period from 7:00 a.m. to 7:00 p.m. Noise impacts are presumed to be less than significant.					
e)	For a project located within an airport land use plan, or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport would the project expose people residing or working in the area to excessive noise levels?				
See IX. e	e) and XIII d). Impacts would be less tha	n significant.			
f)	For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?				
The proj	ject site is not located within the vicinit	y of a private air	strip. No impact	would occur.	
XIV. POP	ULATION AND HOUSING – Would the project:				
i 	Induce substantial population growth in an area, either directly (for example, by proposing new homes and businesses) or indirectly (for example, through extension of roads or other infrastructure)?			\boxtimes	

The project scope does not include the construction of new homes and businesses or new or extended roads. The project is primarily replacement and rehabilitation of existing sewer infrastructure. Therefore, the project would not induce significant population growth.

b)	exi: cor	place substantial numbers of sting housing, necessitating the nstruction of replacement housing ewhere?				\boxtimes
No such	h dis	placement would result, and n	o impact would	d occur.		
c)	ped	place substantial numbers of opple, necessitating the construction replacement housing elsewhere?				
No such	h dis	placement would result, and n	o impact would	d occur.		
XV. PUB	BLIC S	ERVICES				
a)	phy cor	ould the project result in substantial ad ysically altered governmental facilities, astruction of which could cause signific ions, response times or other perform	need for new or p ant environmenta	hysically altered gove l impacts, in order to	rnmental facilities maintain acceptab	, the
	i)	Fire protection				
	ii)	Police protection				
	iii)	Schools				
	iv)	Parks				\boxtimes
	v)	Other public facilities				\boxtimes
result ir	n sul	would not result in adverse phostantial impacts to existing levertion or expansion of a fire, po	els of fire or p	olice services. The	e project would	d not require
XVI. REC	CREAT	TION				
a)	exist park that the f	ld the project increase the use of ing neighborhood and regional s or other recreational facilities such substantial physical deterioration of acility would occur or be lerated?				
•	•	would not adversely affect the l resources. No impact would o	-	and/or need for r	new or expand	ed
b)	fac exp wh	es the project include recreational ilities or require the construction or pansion of recreational facilities, ich might have an adverse physical ect on the environment?				\boxtimes

See XV a) and XVI a). No impact would occur. XVII. TRANSPORTATION/TRAFFIC - Would the project? a) Conflict with an adopted program, plan, ordinance or policy addressing the transportation system, including transit, \boxtimes roadways, bicycle and pedestrian facilities? The sewer infrastructure project would not conflict with an applicable plan, ordinance or policy addressing the transportation system including transit, roadway, bicycle, or pedestrian facilities, or otherwise decrease the performance or safety of such facilities. Construction of the proposed project may temporarily affect traffic circulation within the project Area of Potential Effect (APE) and its adjoining roads. However, an approved Traffic Control Plan would be implemented during construction such that traffic circulation would not be substantially impacted. Therefore, the project would not result in any significant transportation/traffic impact. b) Result in VMT exceeding thresholds \boxtimes identified in the City of San Diego Transportation Study Manual? During project construction, primarily heavy-duty trucks will be utilized. CEQA Guidelines Section 15064.3, subdivision (a), states, "For the purposes of this section, 'vehicle miles traveled' refers to the amount and distance of automobile travel attributable to a project." Here, the term "automobile" refers to on-road passenger vehicles, specifically cars and light trucks, rather than heavy construction vehicles. During project operation the project is considered a small project that will result in less than 300 daily trips. During operation minimal trips would be generated from infrequent maintenance activities. The project is not required to perform a transportation VMT CEQA analysis. Impacts from VMT are presumed to be less than significant and no mitigation is required. Substantially increase hazards due to a design feature (e.g., sharp curves or П dangerous intersections) or \Box \boxtimes incompatible uses (e.g., farm equipment)? The sewer infrastructure project would not include any design features that would substantially increase hazards or incompatible uses. Impacts would be less than significant. Result in inadequate emergency d) \boxtimes access? See XVII a). The project would not result in inadequate emergency access; impacts would be temporary and less than significant.

XVIII. TRIBAL CULTURAL RESOURCES – Would the project cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a tribal cultural resource, defined in Public Resources Code section 21074 as either a site, feature, place, cultural landscape that is geographically defined in terms of the size and scope of the landscape, sacred place, or object with cultural value to a California Native American tribe, and that is:

a)	California Register of Historical Resources, or in a local register of historical resources as defined in Public Resources Code section 5020.1(k), or		\boxtimes		
additior already	so to V. a) and b). The project site what matigation measures are needed been recommended for the project RP of this MND.	d to address H	istorical Resource	es in addition to	what has
b)	A resource determined by the lead agency, in its discretion and supported by substantial evidence, to be significant pursuant to criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Public Resources Code section 5024.1. In applying the criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Public Resource Code section 5024.1, the lead agency shall consider the significance of the resource to a California Native American tribe.				
of tribes resourc Declara	oly Bill 52 (AB 52) requires as part of s, and opportunity for tribes to reques es when a project is determined to tion or Environmental Impact Repo s that have previously requested su	uest a consult require a Neg rt under CEQ	ation regarding ir gative Declaration A. In compliance v	npacts to tribal , Mitigated Neg vith AB-52, the	cultural ative City notified
lipay Na April 17 that no monitor	San Diego staff sent notification to to ation of Santa Ysabel on April 7, 202 , respectively, the Jamul and lipay to cultural research survey would be or ring would be required. Therefore, or RP of this MND, potential impacts to	20 to request or ribal represent fequired, but with the imple	consultation unde tatives concurred Archaeological an ementation of mit	er AB 52. On Ap I with the recon d Native Ameri igation measur	ril 8 and nmendation can e CUL-1 in
XIX. UTII	LITIES AND SERVICE SYSTEMS – Would the pr	roject:			
,	Exceed wastewater treatment requirements of the applicable Regional Water Quality Control Board?				
	ject sewer improvements would be Control Board with respect to wast				ne Regional
b)	Require or result in the construction of new water or wastewater treatment facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?				

treatme	nt facilities in addition to the project.							
c)	Require or result in the construction of new storm water drainage facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?				\boxtimes			
	The project would not require the construction of new storm water drainage facilities or expansion of existing facilities. No impact would occur.							
d)	Have sufficient water supplies available to serve the project from existing entitlements and resources, or are new or expanded entitlements needed?				\boxtimes			
Constru project a	ction of the proposed project would no area.	ot increase the	demand for wat	er and within	the			
e)	Result in a determination by the wastewater treatment provider which serves or may serve the project that it has adequate capacity to serve the project's projected demand in addition to the provider's existing commitments?							
Refer to	XIV. c)							
f)	Be served by a landfill with sufficient permitted capacity to accommodate the project's solid waste disposal needs?							
Construction of the project would result in the removal of the existing outdated pipelines, but otherwise is presumed to generate minimal waste. Project waste would be disposed of in accordance with all applicable local and state regulations pertaining to solid waste including the permitted capacity of the landfill serving the project area. Demolition or construction materials which can be recycled shall comply with the City's Construction and Demolition Debris Ordinance. Operation of the project would not generate waste and, therefore, would not affect the permitted capacity of the landfill serving the project area.								
g)	Comply with federal, state, and local statutes and regulation related to solid waste?				\boxtimes			
Refer to	XIV. f). Any solid waste generated dur	ring constructio	n related activiti	es would be re	ecycled			

The proposed project would result in improvements to sewer infrastructure. It would not affect water delivery systems and would not require the construction or new water or wastewater

or disposed of in accordance with all applicable local, state and federal regulations.

XX. WILD	FIRE – Would the project:							
(Substantially impair an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan?							
region's Mitigatio	The 2017 San Diego County Multi-Jurisdictional Hazard Mitigation Plan (SDHMP) is the San Diego region's plan toward greater disaster resilience in accordance with section 322 of the Disaster Mitigation Act of 2000. The project would not conflict with the goals, objectives, and actions of the SDHMP. Per Action 1.D.6, High fire hazard areas shall have adequate access for emergency vehicles.							
The project is partially located in a Very High Fire Hazard Severity Zone (VHFHSZ). A traffic control plan would be provided per Standard Specifications for Public Works Construction, which would allow access for emergency vehicles. At least 48 hours in advance of closing, partially closing or reopening, any street, alley, or other public thoroughfare, the Police, Fire, Traffic and Engineering Departments shall be contacted. Therefore, the project would not conflict with emergency response and would not substantially impair an adopted emergency response plan. Impacts would be less than significant.								
b)	Due to slope, prevailing winds, and other factors, exacerbate wildfire risks, and thereby expose project occupants to, pollutant concentrations from a wildfire or the uncontrolled spread of wildfire?							
Standard fire risk required replacer wildfire	While the project is located partially in a VHFHSZ, implementation of fire safety procedures in the Standard Specifications for Public Works Construction would reduce the potential for exacerbating fire risk due to construction activities to a less than significant level. In addition, the project is required to implement SDMC §142.0412 Brush Management regulations. The rehabilitation, replacement, and construction of water and storm drain infrastructure would not impact the risk of wildfire during operation. The project would not significantly exacerbate wildfire risks, and no mitigation is required.							
c)	Require the installation or maintenance of associated infrastructure (such as roads, fuel breaks, emergency water sources, power lines or other utilities) that may exacerbate fire risk or that may result in temporary or ongoing impacts to the environment?							
The project is currently serviced by existing infrastructure which would service the site during and after construction. The project area has adequate fire hydrant services and street access. No new infrastructure is proposed to support the project that may exacerbate fire risk. Impacts would be less than significant, and no mitigation is required.								
d)	Expose people or structures to significant risks, including downslope or downstream flooding or landslides, as a result of runoff, post-fire slope instability, or drainage changes?							

Within areas of vegetated land cover, the project revegetation plan revegetates all impact areas, in accordance with the City's Landscape Regulations and Land Development Code. The project would not expose people or structures to significant risk from flooding or landslide as a result of runoff, post-fire instability, or drainage changes.

-					
XXI. MAI	NDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE –				
a)	Does the project have the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory?				
Tribal C mitigati	h the proposed project could have ultural Resources, these impacts w on measures identified in the MMF ent with the MSCP City of San Diego	ould be mitiga RP of this MND.	ted to a less than These mitigatio	significant lev	el by the
b)	Does the project have impacts that are individually limited but cumulatively considerable ("cumulatively considerable" means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable future projects)?				
over tim impacts included future p with app significa	tive impacts can result from individue. For the purpose of this Initial Stope. For the purpose of this Initial Stope. The Biological Resources, and Cultud in this document would reduce the projects within the surrounding neipolicable local, State, and Federal result, or to the extent possible. As sually significant cumulative environments	tudy, the projection in the projection in the project in the proje	t may have cumu Archaeology). As mpacts to a less community would duce potential im is not anticipated	llative conside such, mitigation than significared d be required spacts to less t	erable on measures nt. Other to comply han
c)	Does the project have environmental effects that will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly?		\boxtimes		

The replacement and rehabilitation of sewer infrastructure is consistent with the setting and land use anticipated by the City. Based on the analysis presented above, implementation of the

aforementioned mitigation measures would reduce environmental impacts such that no substantial adverse effects on human beings would occur.

INITIAL STUDY CHECKLIST REFERENCES

I. ⊠	Aesthetics / Neighborhood Character City of San Diego General Plan; City of San Diego Land Development Municipal Code Community Plans: College Area, Mid-City Communities
II. 	Agricultural Resources & Forest Resources City of San Diego General Plan U.S. Department of Agriculture, Soil Survey - San Diego Area, California, Part I and II, 1973 California Agricultural Land Evaluation and Site Assessment Model (1997) Site Specific Report:
. 	Air Quality California Clean Air Act Guidelines (Indirect Source Control Programs) 1990 Regional Air Quality Strategies (RAQS) - APCD Site Specific Report:
IV.	Biology City of San Diego, Multiple Species Conservation Program (MSCP), Subarea Plan, 1997 City of San Diego, MSCP, "Vegetation Communities with Sensitive Species and Vernal Pools
	Maps, 1996 City of San Diego, MSCP, "Multiple Habitat Planning Area" maps, 1997 Community Plan - Resource Element California Department of Fish and Game, California Natural Diversity Database, "State and Federally-listed Endangered, Threatened, and Rare Plants of California," January 2001 California Department of Fish and Game, California Natural Diversity Database, "State and
\boxtimes	Federally-listed Endangered and Threatened Animals of California, "January 2001 City of San Diego Land Development Code Biology Guidelines Site Specific Report: Proposed Sewer Group Job 806 Project Biological Technical Report, prepared by Busby Biological Services, September 2020
v. ⊠ ⊠ ⊠	Cultural Resources (includes Historical Resources and Built Environment) City of San Diego Historical Resources Guidelines City of San Diego Archaeology Library Historical Resources Board List Community Historical Survey: Site Specific Report: Proposed Sewer Group Job 806 - Geologic Testing Archaeological Resources Report Form, prepared by Helix Environmental Planning December 2017
VI. ⊠ ⊠	Energy City of San Diego Climate Action Plan, December 2015 CAP Consistency Checklist prepared for Sewer Group Job 806, 2020

	City of San Diego Seismic Safety Study U.S. Department of Agriculture Soil Survey - San Diego Area, California, Part I and II, December 1973 and Part III, 1975 Site Specific Report: Report of Geotechnical Investigation Sewer Group 806 Bridge Crossing Project (GI), prepared by Allied Geotechnical Engineers October 23, 2018
VIII.	Greenhouse Gas Emissions Site Specific Report: Climate Action Plan Consistency Checklist for Sewer Group Job 806, prepared by City of San Diego Engineering & Capital Projects Department
X. 	Hazards and Hazardous Materials San Diego County Hazardous Materials Environmental Assessment Listing San Diego County Hazardous Materials Management Division FAA Determination State Assessment and Mitigation, Unauthorized Release Listing, Public Use Authorized Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan Site Specific Report:
X.	Hydrology/Drainage Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA), National Flood Insurance Program-Flood Boundary and Floodway Map Clean Water Act Section 303(b) list, http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/tmdl/303d_lists.html City of San Diego Drainage Design Manual City of San Diego Storm Water Standards Manual Site Specific Report:
XI.	Land Use and Planning City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan, College Area, Mid-City Communities Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan City of San Diego Zoning Maps FAA Determination: Other Plans:
XII.	Mineral Resources California Department of Conservation - Division of Mines and Geology, Update of Mineral Land Classification: Aggregate Materials in the Western San Diego County Production Consumption Region, 1996 Division of Mines and Geology, Special Report 153 - Significant Resources Maps City of San Diego General Plan: Conservation Element Site Specific Report:
XIII.	Noise City of San Diego General Plan

	Community Plans: College Area, Mid-City Communities San Diego International Airport - Lindbergh Field CNEL Maps Brown Field Airport Master Plan CNEL Maps Montgomery Field CNEL Maps San Diego Association of Governments - San Diego Regional Average Weekday Traffic Volumes San Diego Metropolitan Area Average Weekday Traffic Volume Maps, SANDAG Site Specific Report:
XIV. □ □ □	Paleontological Resources City of San Diego Paleontological Guidelines Deméré, Thomas A., and Stephen L. Walsh, "Paleontological Resources City of San Diego," Department of Paleontology San Diego Natural History Museum, 1996 Kennedy, Michael P., and Gary L. Peterson, "Geology of the San Diego Metropolitan Area, California. Del Mar, La Jolla, Point Loma, La Mesa, Poway, and SW 1/4 Escondido 7 1/2 Minute Quadrangles," California Division of Mines and Geology Bulletin 200, Sacramento, 1975 Kennedy, Michael P., and Siang S. Tan, "Geology of National City, Imperial Beach and Otay Mesa Quadrangles, Southern San Diego Metropolitan Area, California," Map Sheet 29, 1977 Site Specific Report:
XV.	Population / Housing City of San Diego General Plan Community Plans: College Area, Mid-City Communities Series 11/Series 12 Population Forecasts, SANDAG Other:
XVI.	Public Services City of San Diego General Plan Community Plans: College Area, Mid-City Communities
XVII.	Recreational Resources City of San Diego General Plan Community Plans: College Area, Mid-City Communities Department of Park and Recreation City of San Diego - San Diego Regional Bicycling Map Additional Resources:
XVIII.	Transportation / Traffic City of San Diego General Plan Community Plans: College Area, Mid-City Communities San Diego Metropolitan Area Average Weekday Traffic Volume Maps, SANDAG San Diego Region Weekday Traffic Volumes, SANDAG Site Specific Report:
XIX.	Utilities Site Specific Report:

XX.	Water Quality
	Clean Water Act Section 303(b) list, http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/tmdl/303d_lists.html
\boxtimes	California Regional Water Quality Control Board San Diego Region Order No. R9-2013-0001
	as amended by Order Nos. R9-2015-0001 and R9-2015-0100 (NPDES permit)
	Site Specific Report:
XXI.	Wildfire
\boxtimes	San Diego County Multi-Jurisdictional Hazard Mitigation Plan, 2017

NOTIFY SDG&E AT LEAST 10 WORKING DAYS PRIOR TO EXCAVATING WITHIN 10' OF SDG&E UNDERGROUND HIGH VOLTAGE TRANSMISSION POWER LINES. (I.E., 69 KV & HIGHER)

3, LOCATE AND RECONNECT ALL SEWER LATERALS, LOCATIONS AS SHOWN ON THE PLANS ARE APPROXIMATE ONLY, LATERAL RECORDS ARE AVAILABLE TO THE CONTRACTOR AT THE WATER DEPARTMENT, 2797 CAMINTO CHOLLAS, LOCATE THE IMPROVEMENTS THAT WILL BE AFFECTED BY LATERAL

SHEET DISCIPLINE

I G-I COVER SHEET

2 G-2 KEY MAP

C-I

C-2

C-7

C-9

C-I2

5 C-3

6 C-4

ın C-B TITLE

EASEMENT BLOCK NO. 400 LOTS 69 & 70 AND PALO VERDE TERRACE

EASEMENT BLOCK NO. 410 LOTS 59-60 AND EASEMENT BLOCK NO. 400 LOTS 61-65

EASEMENT BLOCK NO. 410 LOTS 52,55

EASEMENT BLOCK NO. 410 LOTS 54,55

AND BLOCK 410 LOT 41

FREMONTIA LANE

YERBA ANITA DR

FAIRMOUNT AVE

EASEMENT BLOCK 430 LOTS 29, 30 & 31

EASEMENT BLK 410 LOTS 55, 56, 57 & 58

EASEMENT CALTRANS ROW & BLK NO. 430

EASEMENT BLOCK NO. 400 LOTS 69 & 70

FASEMENT BLOCK NO. 410 LOTS 41, 45, & 46

RIK NO 430 EASEMENT LOT 29

STREET RESURFACING SHEET

SURVEY MONUMENT SHEET

C-I3 BRIDGE GENERAL PLAN

19 C-17 TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION AREA

16 C-14 BRIDGE FOUNDATION PLAN 17 C-15 ABUTMENT LAYOUT

IB C-I6 ABUTMENT DETAILS

EASEMENT BLOCK NO. 410 LOTS 45 & 46

EASEMENT BLOCK NO. 410 LOTS 55, 56, 57, 528.41 STA 1+00 TO STA 6+68.42

THE LOCATIONS OF EXISTING BUILDINGS AS SHOWN ON THE PLAN ARE A APPROXIMATE.

STORM DRAIN INLETS SHALL REMAIN FUNCTIONAL AT ALL TIMES DURING CONSTRUCTION.

UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED AS PREVOUELY POTUNCED FIRM, ELEVATIONS SHOWN ON THE PROFILE FOR EXISTING UTLITES AND EASE. AN EASE ON A SEARCH OF THE AVAILABLE RECORD INFORMATION ONLY AND ARE SOLELY FOR THE CONTRACTORS CONVENENCE. THE CITY DOES NOT GUARANTEE THAT IT EXISTING UTLITES ETHER SHOWN ON THE PLANS OR MARKED IN THE LID IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE SPECIFICATION SECTION 5-VILLITIES.

EXISTING UTILITY CROSSING AS SHOWN ON THE PLANS ARE APPROXIMATE AND ARE NOT REPRESENTATIVE OF ACTUAL LENGTH AND LOCATION OF CONFLICT AREAS. SEE PLAN VIEW.

8. ALL ADVANCE METERING INFRASTRUCTURE (AMI) DEVICES ATTACHED TO THE WATER METER OR LOCATED IN OR NEAR WATER METER BOXES, COFFINS, OR VAULTS SHALL BE PROTECTED AT ALL TIMES IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS.

CONSTRUCTION STORM WATER PROTECTION NOTES

TOTAL SITE DISTURBANCE AREA (ACRES) 0.13 HYDROLOGIC UNIT/ WATERSHED ____SAN_DIEGO_HU/SAN_DIEGO_BAY_WATERSHED HYDROLOGIC SUBAREA NAME & NO. MISSION SAN DIEGO *907.II

2. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL COMPLY WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE IXI WPCP

THE PROJECT IS SUBJECT TO MUNICIPAL STORM WATER PERMIT NO. R9-2013-0001 AS AMENDED BY R9-2015-0001 AND R9-2015-0100

THE PROJECT IS SUBJECT TO MUNICIPAL STORM WATER PERMIT NO. R9-2013-0001 AS AMENDED BY R9-2015-0001 AND R9-2015-0100 AND CONSTRUCTION GENERAL PERMIT ORDER 2009-0009-DWO AS AMENDED BY ORDER 2010-0014-DWO AND 2012-0006-DW0

TRADITIONAL: RISK LEVEL | 2 3 3 1 LUP: RISK TYPE | 2 3 3

3. CONSTRUCTION SITE PRIORITY

☐ ASBS ☐ HIGH ☐ MEDIUM Ø LOW

EXISTING STRUCTURES

EX WATER MAIN & VALVES		EX GROUND LINE (PROFILE)	
EX WATER METER	-	EX TRAFFIC SIGNAL	O4€TS
EX FIRE HYDRANT	<u> </u>	EX STREET LIGHT	→ SL
EX SEWER MAIN & MANHOLES	O	GAS MAIN	
EX DRAINS		ELEC. COND., TEL. COND., CATV	E T C·
EX PAVEMENT (PROFILE)	7////	RAILROAD, TROLLEY TRACKS	
EX CONCRETE ENCASEMENT		EX TROLLEY CATENARY POLE	-

ABBREVIATIONS

ABAND	ABANDON	EL, ELEV	ELEVATION	OVHD	OVER HEAD
ABAND'D	ABANDONED	ELEC	ELECTRIC	PVC	POLYVINYL CHLORIDE
AC	ASBESTOS CEMENT PIPE	EX, EXIST	EXISTING	PROP	PROPOSED
AHD	AHEAD	E/0	EAST OF	RED	REDUCER
ASSY	ASSEMBLY	F	FLANGE	RT	RIGHT
BFV	BUTTERFLY VALVE	FH	FIRE HYDRANT	Ş.	SURVEY LINE
BK	BACK	FS	FIRE SERVICE	ŠD&AE	SAN DIEGO & ARIZONA
BTWN	BETWEEN	GV	GATE VALVE		EASTERN RAILROAD
CATV	CABLE TV	HDPE	HIGH-DENSITY POLYETHYLENE	SDTI	SAN DIEGO TROLLEY IN
CI	CAST IRON PIPE	HP	HIGH PRESSURE	SO	STUB OUT
Ę.	CENTER LINE	ΙE	INVERT ELEVATION	S/0	SOUTH OF
COND	CONDUIT	LT	LEFT	SWR	SEWER
CONT	CONTINUED	MJ	MECHANICAL JOINT	TEL	TELEPHONE
CONTR	CONTRACTOR	MTS	SAN DIEGO METROPOLITAN	UNK	UNKNOWN
DB	DIRECT BURIED		TRANSIT SYSTEM	VC	VITRIFIED CLAY PIPE
DI	DUCTILE IRON	MTD	MULTIPLE TELEPHONE DUCT	WM	WATER METER
EB	ENCASED BURIED	N/0	NORTH OF	WTR	WATER
				W/0	WEST OF

CONSTRUCTION CHANGE / ADDENDUM WARNING CHANGE DATE AFFECTED OR ADDED SHEET NUMBERS APPROVAL NO. نَصِ اللهِ NOT MEASURE I THEN DRAWING I

MLazovic

FIELD DATA

FOUND BENCHMARKS: TOYON RD/ TOYON RD EL 248.71, NI864390.59, E6303I6I.95 SEBP AVION/ LEBARRON EL 378.78 NI86202I.I8, E63029I8.66 SEBP TOYON/ YERBA SANTA EL 394.68 NI862504.44, E630384.64 NBP TOYON/ TOYOFF EL 389.37 NI863064.50, E6303677.IO

SEWER GROUP 806

SHEET INDEX

STA. 3+48.27 TO STA. 7+36.9

STA 1+00 TO STA 13+18.64

STA I+00 TO STA 4+29,12

STA 1+00 TO STA 7+83,26

STA I+00 TO STA 4+16.22

STA 1+00 TO STA 4+49.45

STA 1+00 TO STA 4+75,69

STA I+00 TO STA 6+08.92

STA I+00 TO STA 4+06.50

STA 4+06.50 TO STA 5+66.43

STA 1+00 TO STA 4+79.58

STA I+00 TO 3+90.95

STA 1+00 TO 3+9164

STA 4+49.45 TO STA 5+75.39

STA 4+29.12 TO STA 7+67.28

LIMITS

PIPF

6 8 SEWER 329,12

8

8 SEWER 508.92

8

TOTAL REPLACEMENT

G GENERAL

REPLACEMENT

REHAB

REHAB

REHAB

REHAB

REPLACEMENT

REPLACEMENT

REHAR

REPLACEMENT

REHAR

REHAB

REPLACEMENT

REPLACEMENT

REPLACEMENT

REHAB

SIZE (IN) MATERIAL (FT)

8 SEWER 388.69

6 SEWER 338.16

8 SEWER 568.42

8 SEWER 316.22

6 SEWER 349.45

8 SEWER 125.94

SEWER

8 SEWER 306.50

6 SEWER 159.93

8 SEWER 290,95

8" SWR REHAB 2451.76

6" SWR REHAB 2066.IB

DISCIPLINE CODE

SEWER 379.58

SEWER 291.64

2 361 44

SEWER 1,218.64

SEWER 683,26

375.69

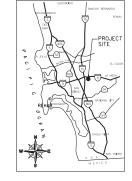
LENGTH

CITY OF SAN DIEGO SURVEY DATE: 6/03/2015 SEWER GROUP JOB 806 INDEX 220-1737

DATUM: MEAN SEA LEVEL

LE BARRON RD/ YERRBA SANTA DR EL 381,45 NI862431,41, E6303008,75 FIELD NOTES:

SAN DIEGO Public Utilities



VICINITY MAP

GROUP JOB 806 SCOPE OF WORK CONSISTS IN THE REPLACEMENT OF APPROXIMATELY 2,400 LF 10.045 MILES) OF EXISTING 8 INCH PVC SEWER MAIN. SCOPE OF WORK ALSO CONSISTS IN THE REHABILITATION OF ZIOO LF (0.40 MILES) OF EXISTING 8 IN VC SEWER, AND REHABILITATION OF EXISTING 8 IN VC SEWER, THE PROJECT INCLUDES THE CONSTRUCTION OF A SINGLE LANE TRUSS BRIDGE ACROSS SEASONAL STREAM AND INSTALLATION OF TRENCH SHORING, RESURFACING, TRAFFIC CONTROLS, AS WELL AS OTHER WORK.

REQUIRED ENVIRONMENTAL PERMIT:SITE DEVELOPMENT PERMIT

LEGAL_DESCRIPTION:
LOTS: 27,28,29,38,4,45,46,52,53,54,55,56,57,58,59,60,61,62,63,64,65,69,70;
BLOCKS 400,410,430 MAP: NO. 2823
ALVARADO ESTATES/YERBA ANITA DR

AL YARAM D S JA IL S J. (TERRI SAN I. A. D. M. + 0.0, 461-430-061-00, 461-430-

LEGEND

OWNER: CITY OF SAN DIEGO PUBLIC UTILITIES DEPARTMENT 9192 TOPAZ WAY SAN DIEGO, CA 92123

DESIGN_TEAM:
CITY OF SAN DIEGO PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT
SENIOR ENGNEER: ALEX SLEMAN
PROJECT MANAGERS SANTIAGO CRESPO
(6)9533-3627
PROJECT ENGNEERS MIRKO LAZOVIC
(6)9533-3627

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WATER N/A

SEWER B-00406

SANTIAGO CRESPO

MIRKO LAZOVIC

SEE SHEETS

SEE SHEETS

39787-01-D

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<u>IMPROVEMENTS</u>	REFERENCE	SYMBOL	
TRENCH RESURFACING	SDG-I07, SDG-I08		
SEWER MAIN	SDS-IOI, SDS-IIO (TYPE C)		
SEWER MANHOLE/PVC LINED (REPLACEMENT)	SDS-106, SDS-107, SDS-108, SDM-113, SDS-120, M-3, SM-07		
NEW SEWER MANHOLE.	SEE PLANS & SPECS		
REHAB. EX. SEWER MANHOLE	SEE PLANS & SPECS	_	
SEWER MAIN REHAB.	SEE PLANS & SPECS	REHAB	
4" SEWER LATERAL WITH C.O. UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED	SDS-I02, SDS-I03, SDS-I04, SDS-I05, SDS-II0 (TYPE C), SDS-II8	PROPOSED SEWER	
SEWER LATERAL CONNECTION	SEE PLANS & SPECS	PROPOSED SEWER	
SERVICE LATERAL CONNECTION TO REHABILITATED SEWER	SEE PLANS & SPECS	P.L. C	

PIPE SUPPORT FOR UNDERCUT AC WATER MAIN SDW-I62 CONCRETE ENCASEMENT SDS-II2 ABANDON EX MANHOLE SM-08

SDS-II6

SLURRY FILL ABANDONED SEWER MAIN SEE PLANS & SPECS MTS RIGHT OF WAY LINE

SURVEY MONUMENT M-10, M-10A, M-10B

* FOR ADDITIONAL SYMBOLS SEE RESURFACING SHEETS.

CONCRETE PROTECTION FOR EXIST

PLANS FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF SEWER GROUP 806 COVER SHEET

DIEGO, CALIFORNIA

STREETS REQUIRING 12" TRENCH CAP: N/A

GJ 806 FOR THE CITY OF SAN DIEGO
TOWILL FILE NO. (4355-15)
HORIZONTAL DATUM: CA COORDINATE SYSTEM, Zone 6
NORTH AMERICAN DATUM OF 1983 (NAD83)
VERTICAL DATUM: NATIONAL GEODETIC VERTICAL DATUM OF 1929 (NGVD29)

TOWILL SURVEYING AND MAPPING 2300 CLAYTON RD, ST 1200

CORCORD, CA 94520 GJ 806 FOR THE CITY OF SAN DIEGO

		SPEC. NO.	CITY		AN DIEGO, CALIFO
AS-BUILT INFORMATION					C WORKS DEPARTMENT T OI OF 18 SHEETS
MATERIALS	MANUFACTURER		FOR CITY E		MΔN. P.F. C
PIPE CL 235 (WATER)	-		ALEX SLEIMAN, P.E. CT		
PIPE SDR 35 (SEWER)	-		DESCRIPTION	BY	APPROVED
GATE VALVES	-		ORIGINAL	RR/SJ	
FIRE HYDRANTS	-				
SEWER MANHOLES	-				
REHABILITATE SEWER MANHOLES	-				
REHABILITATE SEWER MAIN	-	INSPECTOR			DATE STARTED DATE COMPLETED

IP PWP:d0126848\Sewer Group 806.dgr

DATE FILMED

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ONMEN

- I. A RIGHT OF ENTRY (ROE) PERMIT IS NECESSARY WHEN ENTERING MIS/SAN DEGO AND ARIZONA EASTERN (SDAAE) RIGHT-OF-MAY MITS R.YW), INCLUDING ARESPACE, FOR ANY DUMPOSE. A ROE PERMIT IS ALSO REQUIRED MIN MORNING NO HOLLE RIGHT-OF-WAY OCCUPED BY MIS/SDAEL FACILITES, INFORMATION TO GROW OF A REPORT OF A STREET OF A ROBING A REPORT OF A REPORT OF A STREET OF A STREET MIS REPORT OF A STREET MIS REPOR
- 2. CERTIFICATE OF INSURANCE FROM YOUR INSURANCE COMPANY FOR DESPETAL LIBBELTY, AUTOMOBIE LIBBUTY, POLLUTION, LIBBUTY OF APPLICABLE, PROPICES MOME, LIBBUTY OF APPLICABLE, PROPICES AND LIBBUTY OF APPLICABLE, AND MOREMAN'S COMPRESSION, MIST BE SUBMITTED AND APPROVED BY MIST BEFORE THE PERMIT MILE PROPISE TO LIBBUTANCE RECOMPRESSITES GUIDELINES CAN BE ACESSED FROM THE MIST WEBSITE NOTED ABOVE TO LIBBUTANCE.
- NOST CENERAL LIBBLITY HISIRANCE POLICES DO HOT COVER PALERBLIS, ANY EXCLUSIONE RELATING TO PREFERBANCE OF GEPERATIONS WITHIN THE VIOLINITY OF ANY RABIGROUS PRIORS, THEST LET PLACE, ROADERS, LIMINGL, ROADERS, DIVINGL, HOLDERS BY ENDORSMENT, ADDITIONALLY, A SEPERATE RAARROAD, PROCESSING MUST BE DELETED FROM ALL POLICES BY ENDORSMENT, ADDITIONALLY, A SEPERATE RAARROAD, PROCESTIVE LIBBLITY POLICY WILL MOST LIKELY BE REQUIRED ATER PROJECT REVIEW AS DEEMED
- 4. ALL PERSONNEL PERFORMING WORK ON MTS R/W, OR ENTERING MTS R/W SHALL REQUIRE PROPER MTS RAIL SAFETY TRAINING CETHEICATION PRIOR TO ENTERING MTS R/W.ANY CONTRACTORS OR SUBCONTRACTORS PERFORMING WORK ON BEHALF OF PERMITTEE, SHELL BE DEEMED AS AGENTS OF PEMITTEE AND SHELL REQUIRE SAID TRAINING AS WELL FOR TRAINING INFROMATION, EMAIL RISTSOSIMTS.COM. TRAINING CETHEICATION IS VALID FOR ONE YEAR AND IS CONNECT ON INTS/SDAKE FACILITIES ONLY.
- 5. PERMITTEE SHALL PROVIDE MTS WITH AN APPROVED SET OF TRAFFIC CONTROL PLANS THAT CONFORM TO THE MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES MUITCD) AND COMPLY IN PARTICULAR WITH PART 8 "TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR RALEDOA NO LIGHT RAIL TRANSIT GRADE CROSSINGS".
- IF PROJECT INVOLVES CASING SLEEVES UNDER RAILROAD TRACKS AND ACROSS MTS R/W, PERMITTEE SHALL ADHERE TO MTS JACK AND BORE DESIGN CRITERIA AND CONSTRUCTION NOTES.
- 7. A PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING WILL BE REQUIRED WITH MIS-STITERED TO WORK COMMENCING WITHIN MIS-RYM. A WRITTEN NOTICE OF PLANNED STATE OF WORK WIST BE SUBMITTED TO MITS A MANUAL OF FIVE (5) BUISNESS DAYS PRIOR TO WORK STATING IN MIS RYW. ALL WORK WILL BE STOPPED AND PERMITTEE WILL NOT BE ALLOWED IN MIS RYW. WITHOUT PROPER NOTIFICATION.
- PERMITTEE'S ON-SITE SUPERVISION SHALL RETAIN/MAINTAIN A FULLY EXECUTED COPY OF THE RIGHT OF ENTRY
 PERMIT AT ALL TIMES WHILE ON MTS R.W.
- 3. SDITRAIL FLAGGING WILL BE REQUIRED ANYTHE WORK IS WITHIN FIFTEN USFFEET OF ANY OPERABLE TRACK INCLUDING AMPSPACE OR A DECRED NECESSARY BY MTS. A STIFLEAFFROW/FIGHTOF WAY WORK REQUEST FORM MUST BE SUBMITTED TO SDITIA MINIMUM OF THREE (3) BUSINESS DAYS PRIOR TO ANTICIPATED WORK, FORMS ARE ATTACHED TO THE ROE PERMIT OR CAN BE REQUESTED THROUGH MTS RICHT OF WAY SERVICES.
- 10. A SDTITRACTION POWER SHUTDOWN MAY BE NECESSARY FOR THE WORK ZONE TO PROTECT AND MAINTAIN THE REQUIRED TEN 100 FOOT CLEARANCE FROM TROLLEY OVERHEAD HIGH YOLTAGE CATEMARY SYSTEM (OCS.) PERMITTEE SHALL SUBMIT A STHERE THACT/TACTION POWER REMOVAL REQUISET FORM TO SDITAT LEAST THREE (3) BUSINESS DAYS PRIOR TO THE START OF WORK, POWER SHUTDOWNS SHALL ONLEY BE ALLOWER DURING NON-OPERATION TROLLEY HOURS, FORMS ARE ATTACHED TO THE ROP EPRIMIT OR CAN BE REQUISITED THROUGH MTS RIGHT OF WAY SERVICES
- I. PERMITTE SHALL CONTACT AND SCHEDULE DIG-ALERT AND CARLE PIPE AND LEAN ("CP.") PRODE TO ANY EXCAVATION IN VISTAM PERMITTES SHALL NOTEY MIS A MANIMAN OF THEE CLIS BUSINESS DAY PRIPIR TO THE SCHEDULE UTLITY MARKOUT REQUEST AND SHALL SUBMIT A SOTIFLAGERSON/PRIGHT-OF-WAY WORK REQUEST FORM SDITERSORNEL SHALL ACCOMPANY CPL FOR ANY MARKOUT OF TROLLEY FACILITES.
- 12. PERMITTEE SHALL ADJERE TO CONSTRUCTION AND SAFETY STANDARDS REQUIRED BY MTS OF THEIR CONTRACTORS
- 13. PERMITTEE SHALL PERFORM ALL WORK IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPLICABLE CALIFONIA PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION (CPUC) AND CALIFORNIA OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH ADMINISTRATION (CAL-OSHAR REGULATIONS, MTS LRT DESIGN CHIETRIA, AMERICAN RAILWAY PENGNERING AND MAINTENANCE OF WAY ASSOCIATION (AREMA) STANDARD SPECIFICATION, MANIJAL ON LUNFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (MUTCD) GUIDELINES AND MTS, SDIT AND SOBIV OPERATIONS AND SAFETY POLICES.
- 14. PERMITTEE AGREES THAT NO WORK BY HIMSELF OR HIS ATUHORIZED AGENT WILL INTERFERE WITH RAILROAD/TROLLEY
- 15. PERMITTEE AGREES TO COORDINATE ON A DAILY BASIS A REASONABLE ACCESS TO ALL MIS/SD&AE FACILITES WITH CONTRACT OPERATIONS, SDIT, AND SDAW, SDIT IROLLEY OPERATIONS ARE GENERALLY FROM THE HOUNG 4:00 A.M. TO 2:00 A.M. THE FOLLOWING DAY, SDAW FREIGHT TRANS NORMAL OPERATIONS ARE DURING NON-
- 16. PERMITEE SHALL MAINTAIN SAFE PEDESTRIAN ACCESS TO ALL TROLLEY PLATFORMS AND BUS STOPS AT ALL TIMES. A MINIAUM FIVE GSFOOT WIDE ACCESSBELF PEDESTRIAN PATH THROUGH THE CONSTURCTION SITE SHALL BE MAINTAINED AT ALL TIMES. THE CONSTRUCTION BOUNDARY SHALL CONSTO A TOP AND BOTTOM RAIL CONSTRUCTED OF PLASTIC PIPE, OSHA PLASTIC MESH, OR APROVED EQUAL. YELLOW CAUTION TAPE IS NOT ACCEPTABLE.
- 17. PERMITTEE SHALL NOT STORE EQUIPMENT, TOOLS MATERIALS WITHIN FIFTEEN (I5) FEET FROM TROLLEY OPERABLE TRACK AND WITHIN TWENTY-FIVE (25) FEET FORM FREIGHT TRACK OPERATIONS.
- IB. PERMITTEE SHALL NOT USE OR STORE HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES, AS DEFINED BY THE COMPERHENSIVE ENVIRONMENTAL RESPONESE, COMPENSATION, AND LIABILITY ACT, AS AMENDED "CERCLA" OR PETROLEUM OR OIL AS DEFINED BY APPLICABLE ENVIRONMENTAL LAWS ON MITS F/W.
- 19. NO VEHICULAR CROSSING OVER TRACKS SHALL BE INSTALLED OR USED BY PERMITTEE WITHOUT PRIOR WRITTEN PERMISSION OF RAILROAD.
- 20. A WRITTEN NOTICE SHAL BE SUBMITTED TO MTS ONE (I) BUSINESS DAY AFTER WORK IS COMPLETED WITHIN MTS R/W, ANY ADDITIONAL MORK REQUIRED TO REPLACE OR REPAIR THE RAILROAD FACILITIES IN GOOD WORKING ORDER WILL BE THE PERMITTEE'S RESPONSIBILITY PRIOR TO RELIEF FROM MAMITEMANCE WITHIN THE PERMIT AREA.
- 21. PERMITTEE SHALL REMOVE ALL OF PERMITTEE'S TOOLS, EQUIPMETN, AND MATERIALS FROM RAILROAD PREMISES PROMPTLY UPON COMPLETION OF WORK AND SHELL RESTORE ALL FACILITES, MPROVEMENTS, LANDSCAPING, ETC., TO THEIR ORIGINAL CONDITION OR AS SHOWN ON PROJECT WORK SITE PLANS.

AMM-II, PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION UNEXPERIMITEE SHALL, PROVIDE A
BENT FER OF THE CITY MITTER TON MONITORING COORDINATION MIMO.
SECTION STATING THAT A PROJECT BIOLOGIST (MALLIFED BIOLOGIST),
AS DEFINED IN THE CITY BELOCOFY GUIDE, INSECTION, STATING THAT A PROJECT BIOLOGIST (MALLIFED BIOLOGIST),
AS DEFINED IN THE CITY BELOCOFY GUIDE, INSECTION, STATING THAT A PROJECT BIOLOGIST (MALLIFED BIOLOGIST),
AS DEFINED IN THE CITY BELOCOFY GUIDE, INSECTION, STATING THAT AND A PROJECT AND THE BIOLOGIST,
AND AND THE LETTER SHALL INCLUDE THE NAMES AND CONTACT
MORDIATION OF ALL PRESINS INVOLVED IN THE BIOLOGIST.
MORE CONSTRUCTION MEETING. THE LOUAL FED BIOLOGIST SHALL ATTEND
THE PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING. DISCUSS THE PROJECTYS SHALL ATTEND
THE PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING. DISCUSS THE PROJECTYS SHALL ATTEND
THE PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING. DISCUSS THE PROJECTYS SHALL SHAWT ALL
BIOLOGICAL MONTORING, RESTORATION OF REVECETATION, AND
ADDITIONAL FAUNDAY, LORA SURVEYS/SALVAGE.
BIOLOGICAL MONTORING, RESTORATION OF REVECETATION, AND
ADDITIONAL FAUNDAY, LORA SURVEYS/SALVAGE.
BIOLOGICAL CONSTRUCTION METING THE METING THAT AND APPLICATION.
MITCHATON REPORTS, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO MAPS, PLANS,
SURVEYS, SURVEY TIMELINES, OR BUFFERS ARE COMPLETED ORE.
PROJECT PERMIT CONDITIONS, CEOL. EASA, AND/OR OTHER LOCAL.
STATE, OR PEDERAL REQUIREMENTS.
BIOLOGICAL CONSTRUCTION MITCHATOLY AND GORGIAL CONSTRUCTION
MITCHATON MONTORING EMBERS INCLUDING CONTRIBUTION ONLY
MITCHATON MONTORING EMBERS INCLUDING CONTRIBUTION ONLY
MITCHATON MONTORING EMBERS INCLUDING CONTRIBUTION ONLY
MITCHATON MONTORING EMBERS INCLUDING CONTRIBUTION AND DESCRIPTION AND AND THE PROPOSED AREA OF D

AMM. 2. DURNIG CONSTRUCTION
MONITORING ALL CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES UNCLUDING
ACCESS/STAGNIG AREAS) SHALL BE RESTRICTED TO AREAS PREVIOUSLY
DENTIFIED, PROPOSED FOR DEVELOPMENT/STAGNIG, PREVIOUSLY
DENTIFIED, PROPOSED FOR DEVELOPMENT/STAGNIG, PREVIOUSLY
DENTIFIED PROPOSED FOR DEVELOPMENT/STAGNIG, PREVIOUSLY
ON THE PROPOSED OF THE PROPOSED FOR THE PREVIOUSLY
ON THE PREVIOUSLY STATEMENT OF THE PREVIOUSLY
AMENDED TO ACCOMMODATE ANY SENSITIVE SPECIES LOCATED DURING
HE PRE-CONSTRUCTION SUBVEYS, BY ADDITION, THE QUALIFIED BAT
SITE VISIT RECORD ICSVED, THE CSVET SHALL BE E-MALED TO MICHON
SITE VISIT RECORD ICSVED, THE CSVET SHALL BE E-MALED TO MICHON
THE FIRST DAY OF MONTORNOR, THE FIRST WEEK OF EACH MONTH, THE
LAST DAY OF MONTORNOR, THE FIRST WEEK OF EACH MONTH, THE
LAST DAY OF MONTORNOR, THE FIRST WEEK OF EACH MONTH, THE
LAST DAY OF MONTORNOR, THE FIRST WEEK OF EACH MONTH, THE
LAST DAY OF MONTORNOR, THE FIRST THE QUALIFIED BOLOGIST
SHALL NOTE ACT TO PREVENT ANY NEW DISTURBANCES TO HABITT,
SHALL NOTE ACT TO PREVENT ANY NEW DISTURBANCES TO HABITT,
AVOIDANCE DURING ACCESS. IF ACTIVE NESTS OR OTHER PREVOUSLY
UNNOWN SENSITIVE RESOURCES ARE DETECTED, ALL PROJECT
ACTIVITES THAT DETRICT IN WARCET THE RECORDER SHALL BE DELAYED
BEEN DETERMINED AND APPLIED BY THE QUALIFIED BIOLOGIST HAVE
BEEN DETERMINED AND APPLIED BY THE QUALIFIED BIOLOGIST HAVE
BEEN DETERMINED AND APPLIED BY THE QUALIFIED BIOLOGIST HAVE

AMA-3- POST-CONSTRUCTON MEASURES

A IN THE EVENT THAT IMPACTS EXCEED PREVIOUSLY ALLOWED
AMOUNTS, ADDITIONAL IMPACTS SHALL BE MITICATED IN ACCORDANC
HIT CITY BIOLOGY GUIDELINES, ESL AND MSCP, CEOA, AND OTHER
BRICAL PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY

AMA-4 COASTAL CALEDONA CHATCA THE MEASURES
PRIOR TO THE SISLANCE OF ANY CRADMO FERBILT THE CITY MANAGER
FOR AFPOINTED DESIGNEES SHALL VERBY THAT THE MIRP BOUNDARIES
AND THE PROJECT REQUIREMENTS RECADING THE COASTAL CALIFORMA
GNATCATCHER ARE SHOWN ON THE CONSTRUCTION PLANS, NO CLEARNS,
BETWEEN MARCH THAN DAUGUET IS, THE BREEDONS CASSON OF THE COASTAL CALEDONAL ONATCATCHER, UNTIL THE FOLLOWING
REQUIREMENTS HAVE BEEN MET TO THE SATISACTION OF THE CITY

REQUIREMENTS HAVE BEEN MET TO THE SATISFACTION OF THE CITY MANAGERI.

A MANAGERI.

I. BETWEEN MARCH IAND AUGUST IS, NO CLEARING, GRUBBING, OR GRADING OF OCCUPIED COASTAL CALIFORNIA CNATCATCHER HABITAT SHALL BE FERMITTED. AREAS RESTRICTED FROM SUCH ACTIVITIES SHALL BE STAKED OR FENCED UNDER THE SUPERVISION OF A UNLAIFIED BIOLOGIST; AND

SHALL BE STAKED OF FENCED UNDER THE SUPERVISION OF A DUAL ENT PRESENTATION ACTIVITIES SHALL OCCUR WITHIN ANY PORTION OF THE SITE WHERE CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES WOULD RESULT IN NOISE LEVELS SECEEDING 60 DEAD HOURY A WERACE OR ABOVE CURRENT AMBIENT MOISE ELVELS STORM OF A WEAR OF A BOVE CURRENT AMBIENT MOISE SEVELS SHOWN OF A WEAR OF A BOVE CURRENT AND A WALLYSIS SHOWN OF THAT HOUSE CENERAL THE OWNER OF A WALLYSIS SHOWN OF THAT HOUSE CENERAL THE OWNER OF A WALLYSIS SHOWN OF THAT HOUSE CENERAL THAT HOUSE CENERAL BY CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITES WOULD NOT EXCEED 60 DEBM HOUREY, A VERGE OF A BOVE CURRENT AMBIENT EXCEED 60 DEBM HOUREY, A VERGE OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITES WOULD NOT EXCEED 60 DEBM HOUREY, A VERGE OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITES OF REGISTRATION WITH MOINTORNO MOISE LEVEL EXPERIENCE WITH LISTED AND A WEEKS PRIOR TO THE COMMERCEMENT OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES DURING THE BREEDING SEASON, AREAS RESTRICTED FROM SUCH ACTIVITES SHALL BE STAKED ON FENCED UNDER THE SUPERVISION OF A SHALL SHEET OF THE COMMENCEMENT OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITES SHALL BE STAKED OF FENCED UNDER THE SUPERVISION OF A SHALL SHEET OF THE SUPERVISION OF A SHALL SHEET ON THE SUPERVISION OF A SHALL SHEET OF THE SUPERVISION OF A SHALL SHALL SHEET OF THE SUPERVISION OF A SHALL SHEET OF THE SUPERVISION OF A SHALL SHALL SHALL SHALL SHALL SHEET OF THE SUPERVISION OF A SHALL S

III. AT LEAST 2 WEEKS PRIOR TO THE COMMENCEMENT OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES, UNDER THE DIRECTION OF A QUALIFIED ACOUSTICALN, NOISE ATTENUATION MEASURES (E.G., MAY, WALLES SHALL CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES WILL NOT EXCEED SO DRIA HOURLY AVERAGE (OR ABOVE CURRENT AWBENT NOISE LEVELS IF AMBIENT NOISE LEVELS FOR AMBIENT MOISE LEVELS IF AMBIENT NOISE LEVELS IF EXCEED GOBBLA HAT HE EDGE OF HABOTAT OF CUPPED OWNERCEMENT OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES, NOISE MONTORING ON THE CONSTRUCTION OF NECESSARY NOISE ATTENUATION ACTIVITIES, NOISE MONTORING SHALL BE CONDUCTED AT THE EDGE OF THE OCCUPPED HABITAT AREA AVERAGE (OR ABOVE CURRENT AWBENT NOISE LEVELS RAMEENT NOISE LEVELS EXCEED GODBLAD, IF THE NOISE ATTENUATION NOISE LEVELS EXCEED GOBBLAD, IF THE NOISE ATTENUATION TECHNOLUSE MALE MEMBERS TO BE MADE CURRENT AWBENT NOISE LEVELS EXCEED GOBBLAD, IF THE NOISE ATTENUATION OF THE CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES SHALL CLASE UNITLIS SUCH THE THAT ADEQUATE NOISE ATTENUATION IS ACHIEVED OR UNITLI THE END OF THE BREEDING SEASON LAUGUST 16. IN VARYING DAYS, OR MORE FREDUENTLY DEPENDING ON THE CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY. TO VERRY THAT NOISE LEVELS AT THE EDGE OF COULPIED HABITAT ARE MANTAMED BELOW ALL LEAST THING WEEKLY ON NARYING DAYS, OR MORE FREDUENTLY DEPENDING ON THE CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY. TO VERRY THAT NOISE LEVELS AT THE EDGE OF COULPIED HABITAT ARE MANTAMED BELOW MEASURES SHALL BE IMPLEMENTED IN CONSTRUCTION TO THE THE HABITATION ON THE CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY. TO VERRY THAT NOISE LEVELS AT THE EDGE OF COULPIED HABITAT ARE MANTAMED BELOW MEASURES SHALL BE MEMBERS THE NOT LIMITED TO LIMITATIONS ON THE PLACEMENT OF CONSTRUCTION CURPINET AND THE MEASURES SHAY INCLUDE, BUT ARE NOT LIMITED TO LIMITATIONS ON THE PLACEMENT OF CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT AND THE SMULTANEOUS USE OF EQUIPMENT.

C. IF COASTAL CALFORNIA ONATCATCHERS ARE NOT DETECTED DURING THE PROTOCOL SURVEY, THE OUILLIFED BOLOGOST SHALL SUBMIT SUBSTANTIAL EVERENCE TO THE CITY WARAGES MAY BE SUBMIT SUBSTANTIAL EVERENCE TO THE CITY WARAGES MAY BE THE THE THE PROTOCOLOGY OF THE PROTOCOL

THE FOLLOWING MITIGATION MEASURE SHALL BE IMPLEMENTED TO REDUCE POTENTIAL PROPOSED PROJECT IMPACTS TO BELOW A LEVEL

THE PULLOWING MILL PROPOSED PROJECT MARCIST TO BELOW A LEVEL OF SCHIPCHAM ALL PROPOSED PROJECT MARCIST TO BELOW A LEVEL OF SCHIPCHAM ALL PROPOSED PROJECT MARCIST TO SCHOOL ALL PULL PROJECT AND ALL PROJECT A

ENVIRONMENTAL NOTES

MHPA LAND USE ADJACENCY REQUIREMENTS: PRIOR TO ISSUANCE OF NOTICE TO PROCEED. THE OWNER/PERMITTEE SHALL DEPICT THE FOLLOWING REQUIREMENTS WITHIN THE CONTRACT SPECIFICATIONS AND DEPICT ON CONSTRUCTION DOCUMENTS (AS NECESSARY) FOR THE PROJECT

DRANNCE - ALL STAGING AND DEVELOPED/PAYED AREAS MUST PREVENT THE RELEASE OF TOXINS, CHEMICALS, PETROLEUM PRODUCTS, EXIDITE PLANT MATERIALS, PRIOR TO RELEASE BY INCORPORATING THE USE OF FILTRATION DEVICES, PLANTED SWALES AND/OR PLANTED DETENTION/DESILITATION BASINS, OR OTHER APPROVED TEMPORARY AND PERMANENT METHODS THAT ARE DESIGNED TO MINIMIZE NEGATIVE IMPACTS, SUCH AS EXCESSIVE WATER AND TOXINS INTO THE ECOSYSTEMS OF THE MHPA.

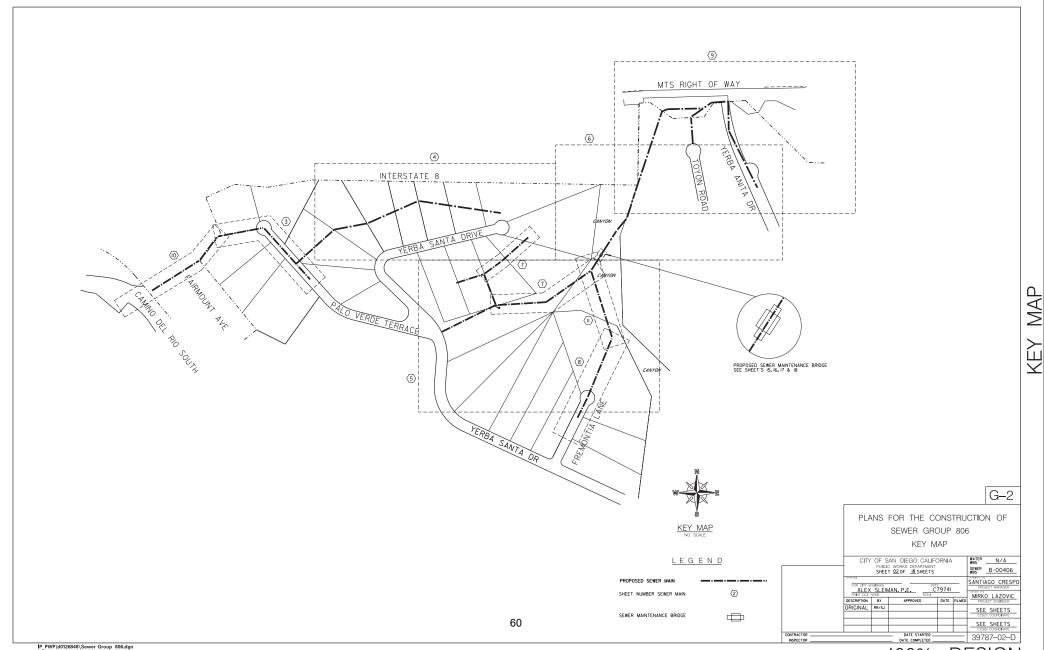
TOXICS/PROJECT STAGING AREAS/EQUIPMENT STORAGE - PROJECTS THAT USE CHEMICALS OR TOXIS/PROJECT STAINS AREAS/EDUMENT STUMAGE - PROJECTS HAT USE CHEMICALS OR GENERATE BY-PRODUCTS SUCH AS PESTICOES, REBIBLIDES, AND ANIMAL MASTE, AND OTHER SUBSTANCES THAT ARE POTENTIALLY TOXIC OR IMPACTIVE TO NATIVE HABITATS/FLORAFALDINA INCLUDING MATERS SHALL NORPORATE MEASURES TO REDUCE MPACTS CAUSED BY THE APPLICATION AND/OR DRAINAGE OF SUCH MATERIALS INTO THE MIPPA, NO TRASH, OIL, PARKING, OR OTHER CONSTRUCTION/DEVELOPMENT FEALATED MATERIAL ACTIVITIES SHALL BE ALLOWED DUTSIDE ANY APPROVED

ALL CONSTRUCTION **FIG.** TED ACTIVITY THAT MAY HAVE POTENTIAL FOR LEAKAGE OR INTRUSION SHALL BE MONITORED BY THE DUALIFIED BIOLOGIST-OWNERS REPRESENTATIVE OR RESIDENT ENGINEER TO ENSURE THERE IS NO IMPACT TO THE MIPPA.

PLANS FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF SEWER GROUP 806 KEY MAP

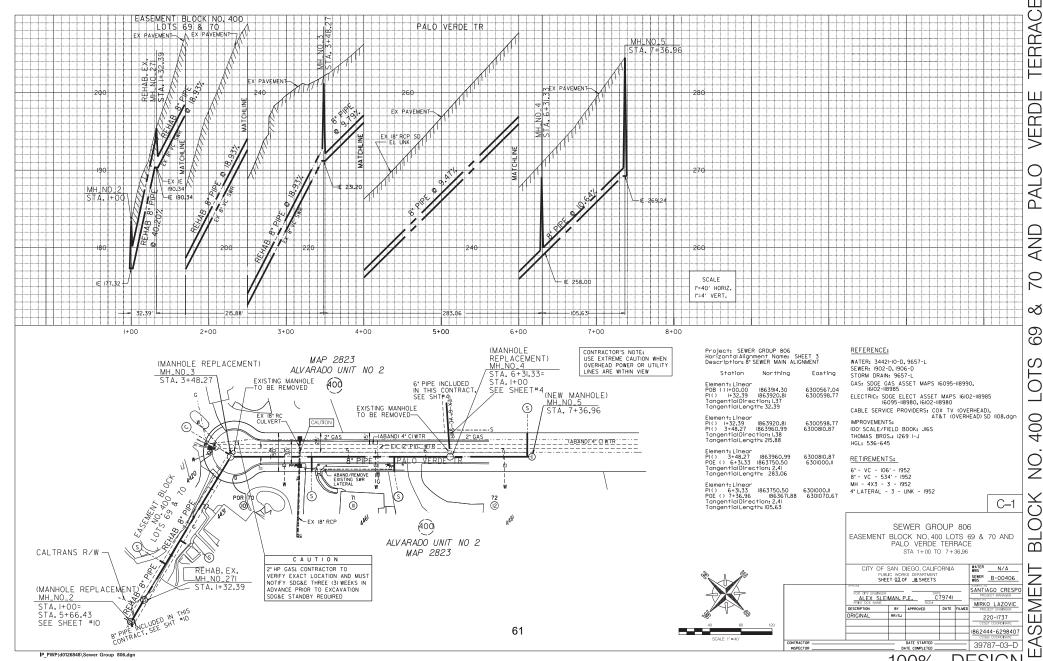
CITY OF SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA N/A SEWER B-00406 SHEET 02 OF 18 SHEETS SANTIAGO CRESPO ALEX SLEIMAN. P.E. C7974I MIRKO LAZOVIC DESCRIPTION BY ORIGINAL RR/SJ SEE SHEETS SEE SHEETS CONTRACTOR 39787-01a-D INSPECTOR DATE COMPLETED

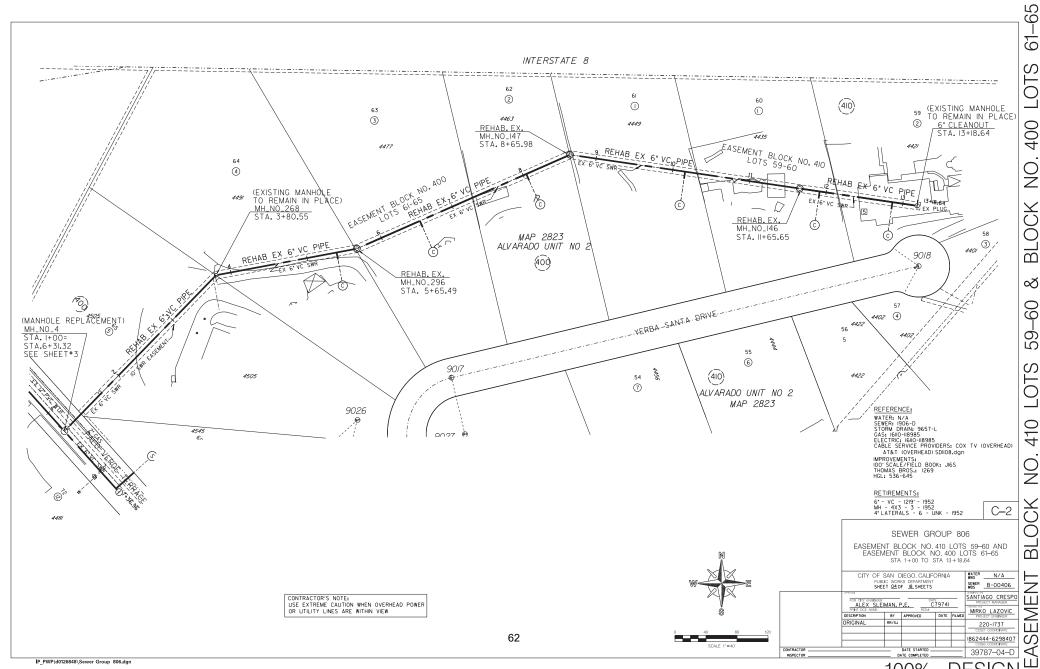
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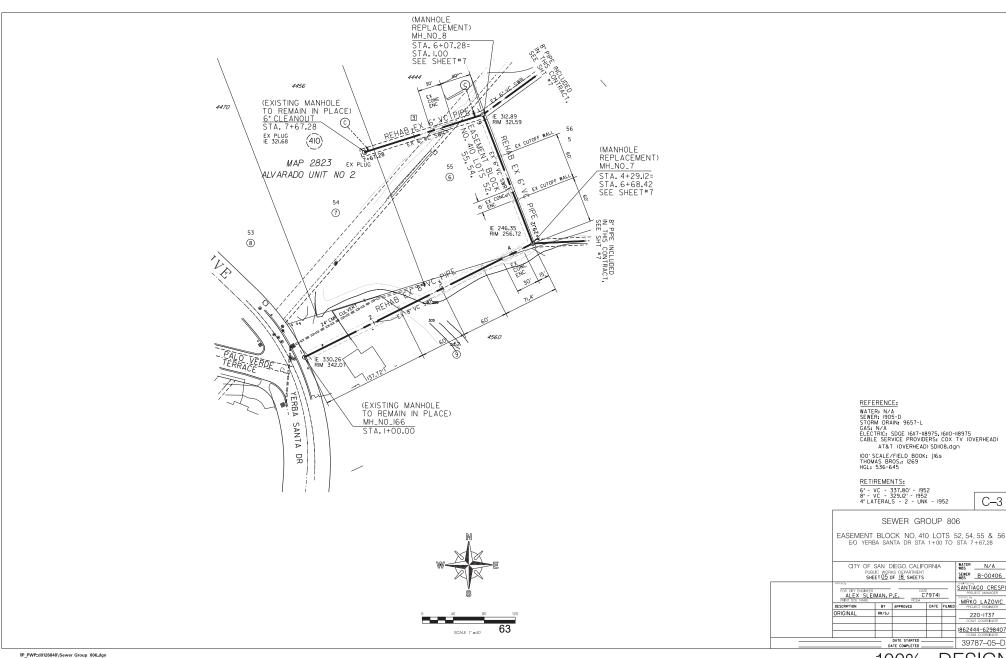
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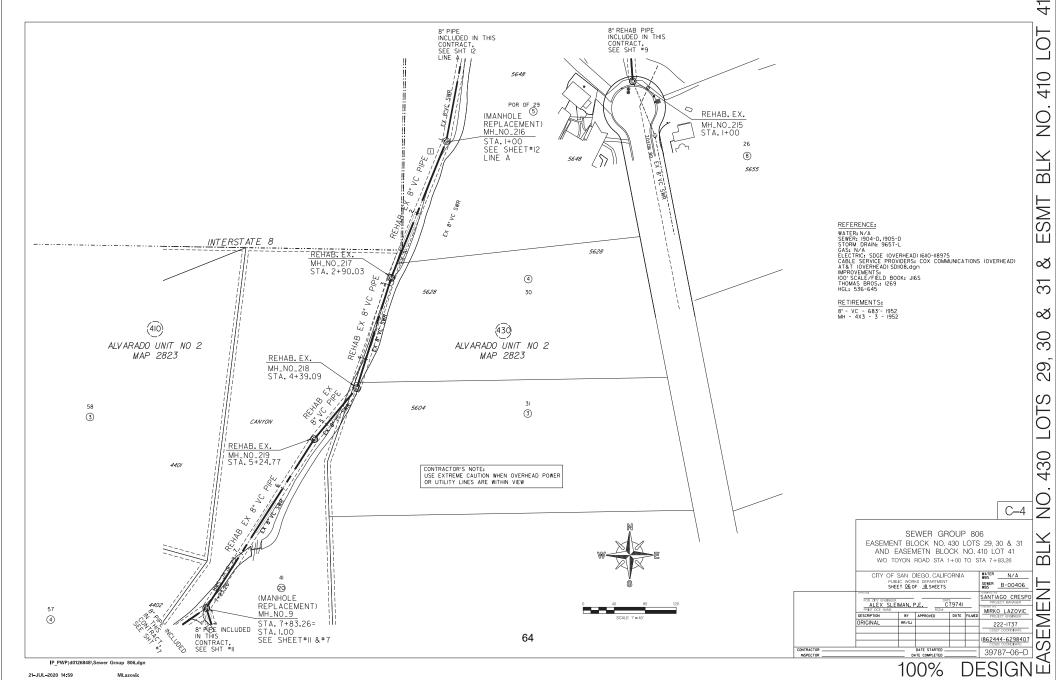
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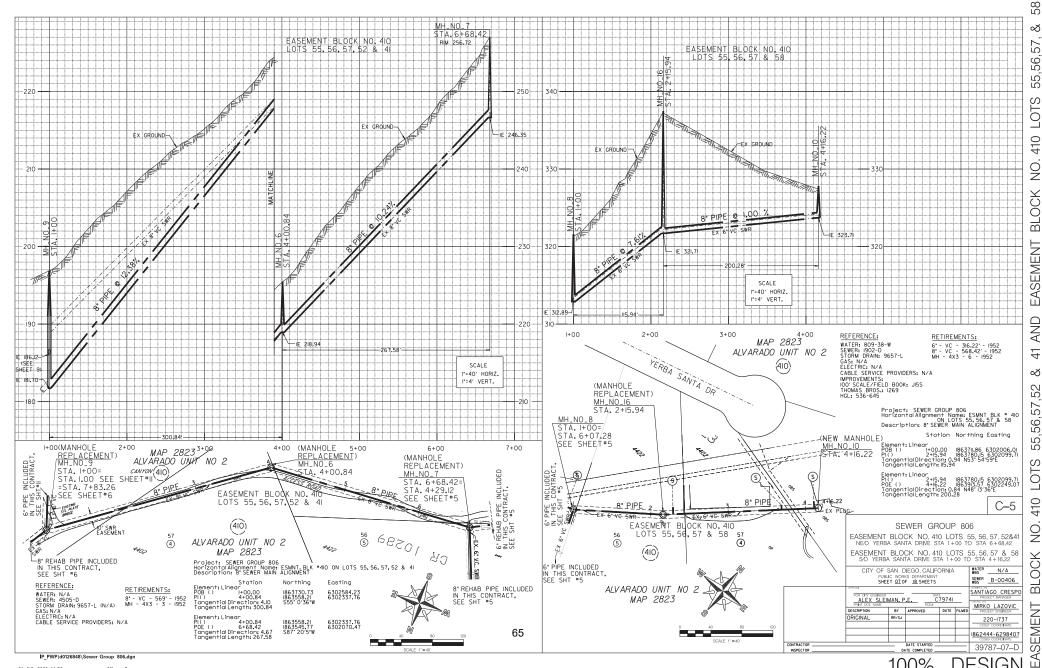
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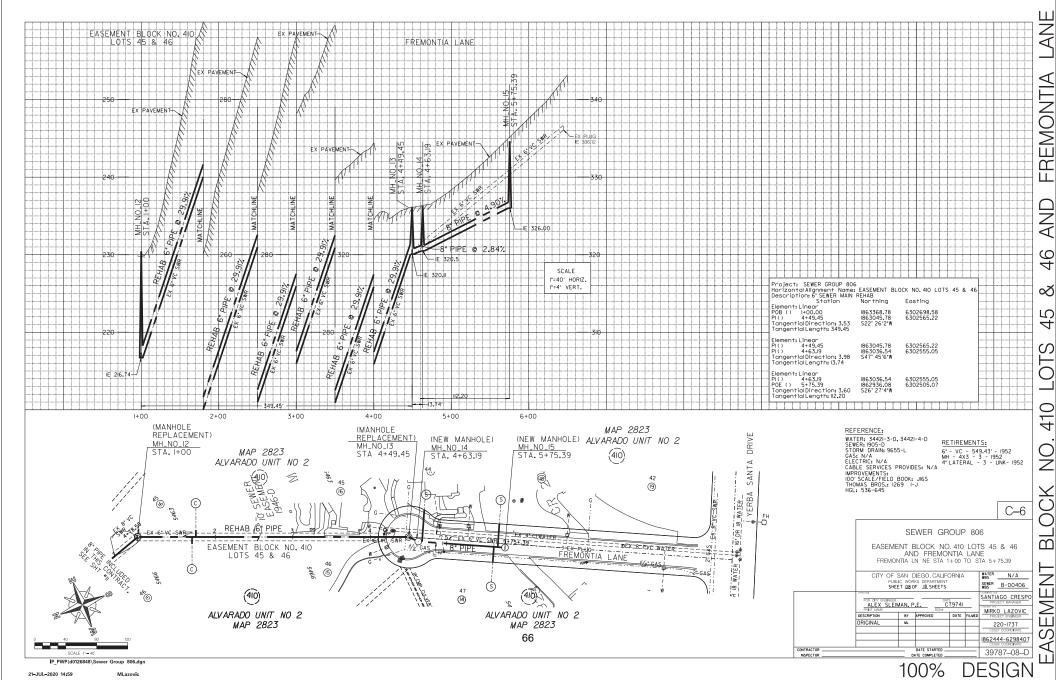
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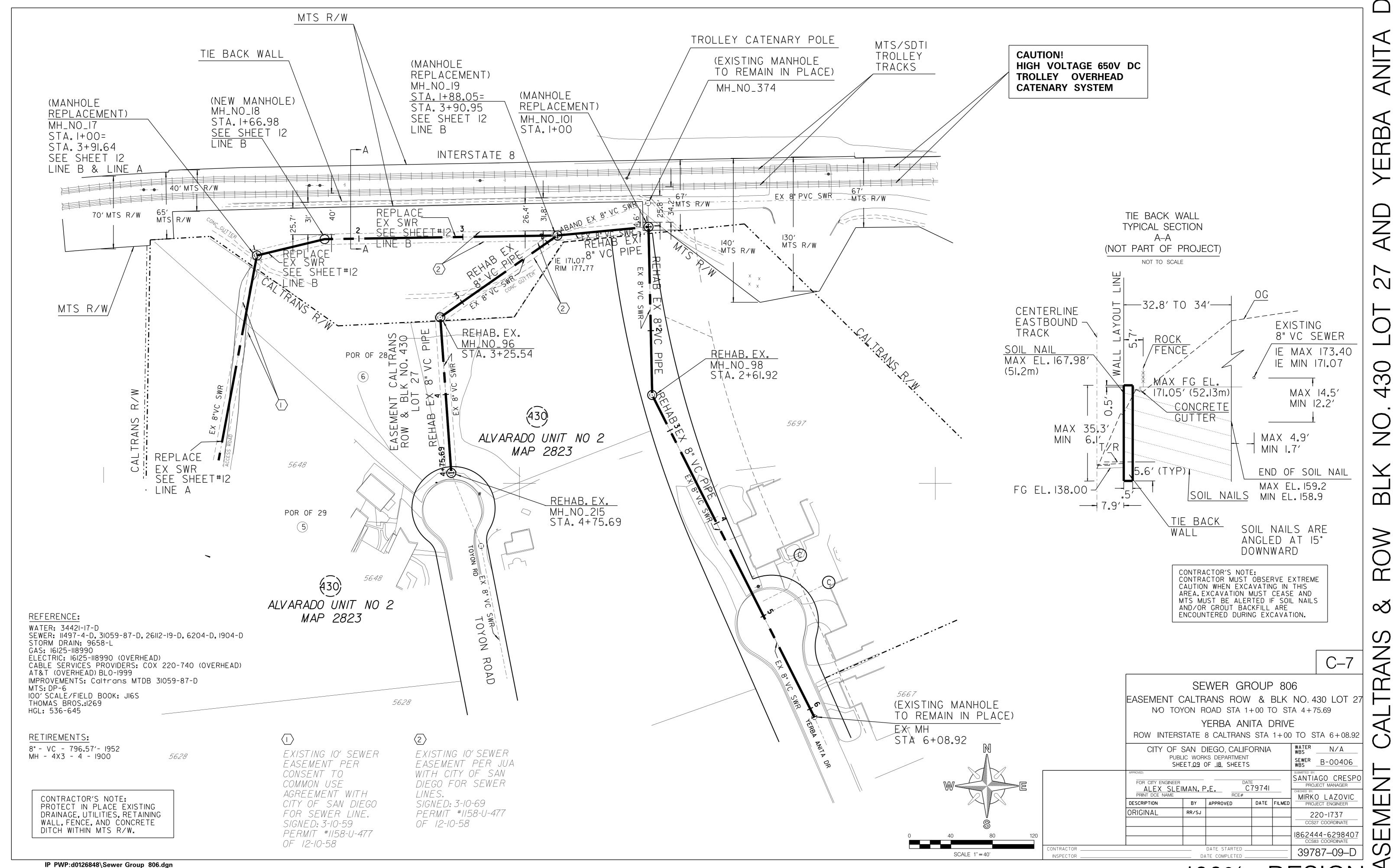
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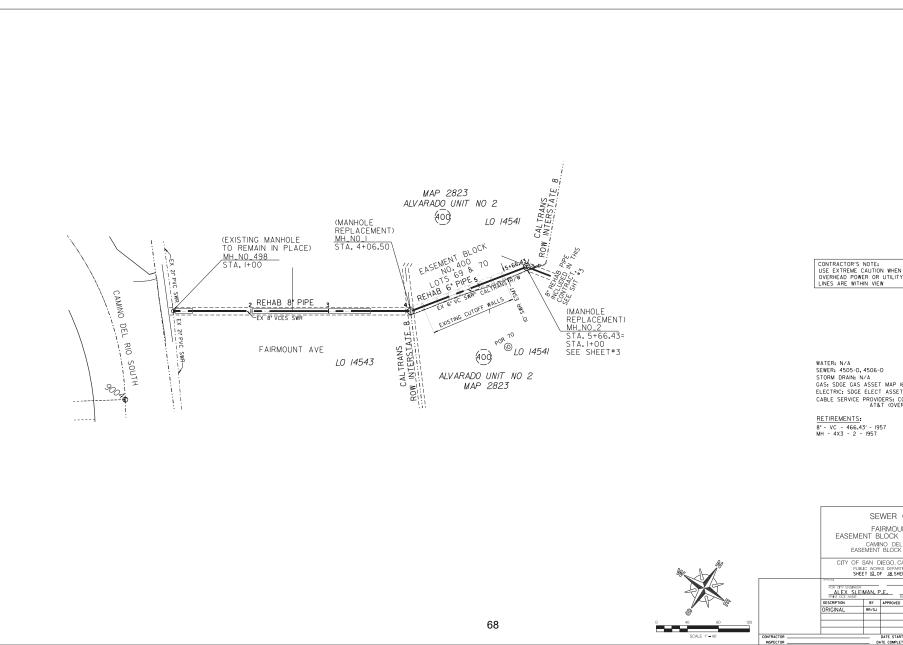
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USE EXTREME CAUTION WHEN

CAS: SDCC CAS ASSET MAP I6095-II8990
ELECTRIC: SDGE ELECT ASSET MAP I6095-II8990
CABLE SERVICE PROVIDERS: COX TV (OVERHEAD),
ATAT (OVERHEAD) SD IIOB.dgn

SEWER GROUP 806

70

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69

OTS

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BLOCK

EASEMENT

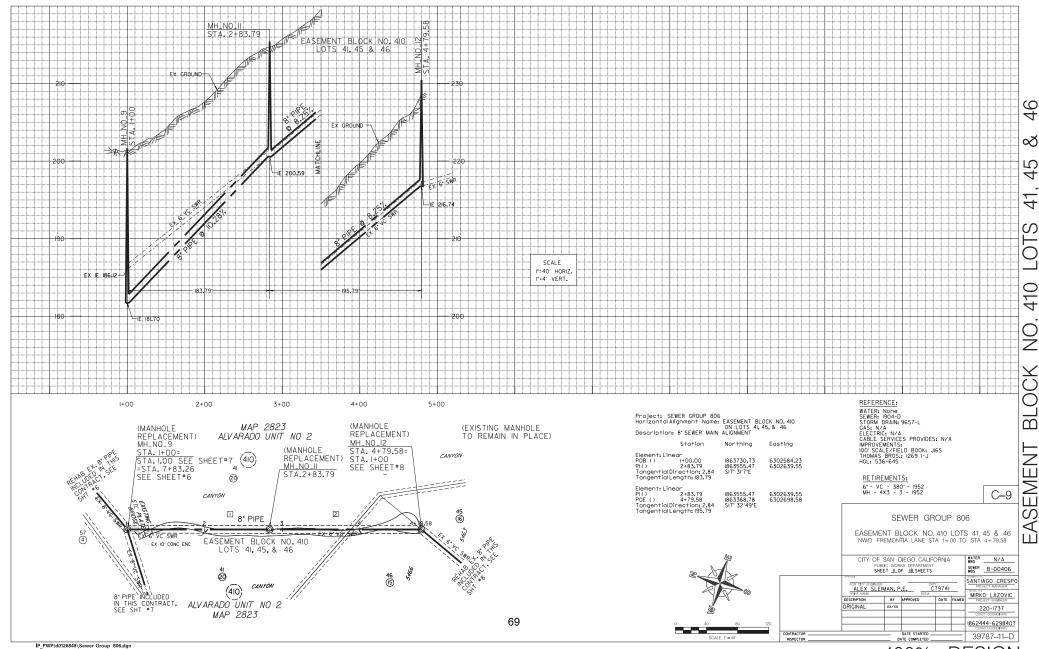
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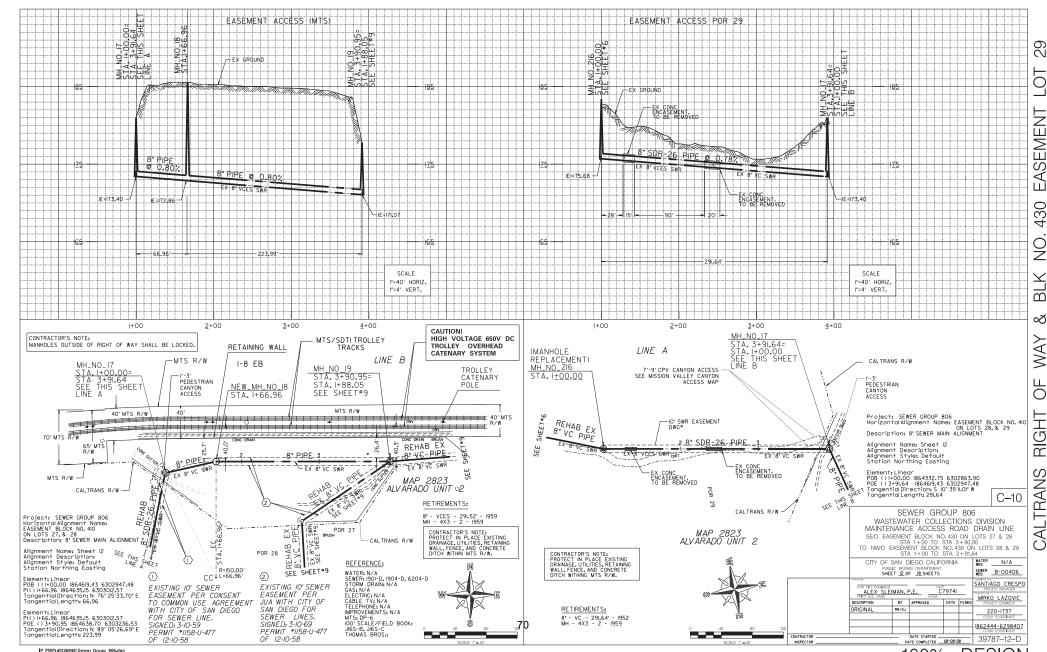
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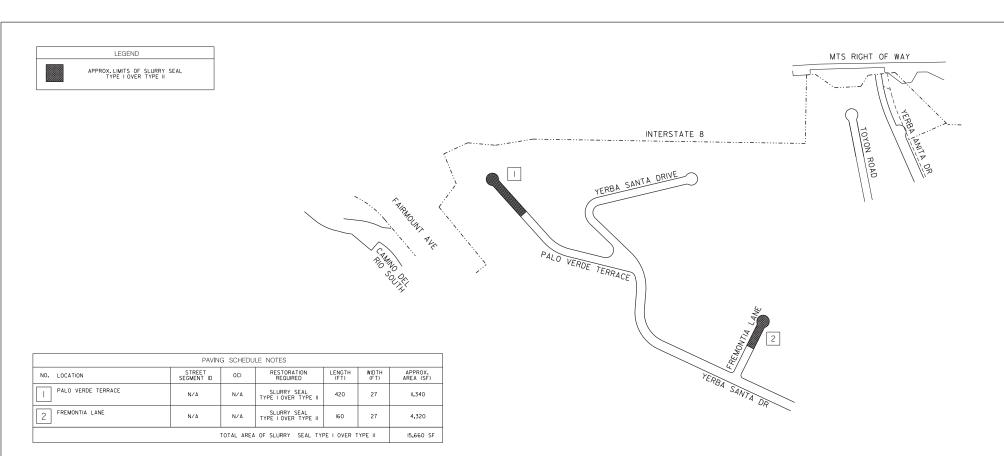
FAIRMOUNT AVE AND EASEMENT BLOCK NO. 400 LOTS 69 & 70 CAMINO DEL RIO SOUTH TO EASEMENT BLOCK NO. 400 STA. 5+66.43						JNT
CITY OF SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT SHEET ID, OF 18.5HEETS ATER B-00406						0
FOR CITY ENGINEER ALEX SLEI PRINT DCE NAME	MAN. F	.E. C	7974I	_	SANTIAGO CRESPO PROJECT MANAGER	3
DESCRIPTION	BY	APPROVED	DATE	FILMED	PROJECT ENGINEER	_
ORIGINAL	RR/SJ				220-1737 CCS27 COOPDINATE	⋖
					1862444-6298407 CCS83 COOPDINATE	ш`
	_	DATE STARTED		_	39787-10-D	

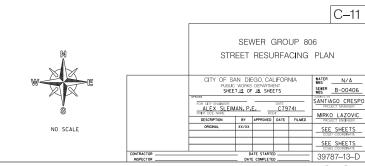
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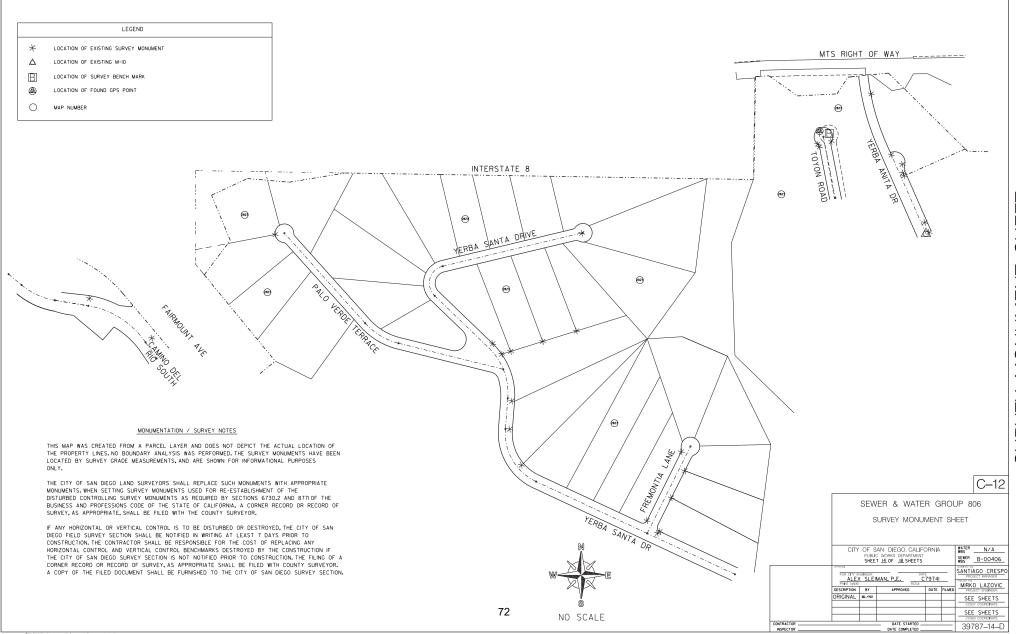






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100% DESIG



& BRIDGE

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EXISTING CREEK

SCALE 1' = 3'-0"

ABUT 1

BB) 10+01.00 EL/EV. 190.166

DATUM ELEV. 180.00

16-APR-2020 | 4:57 Susan, Michalski

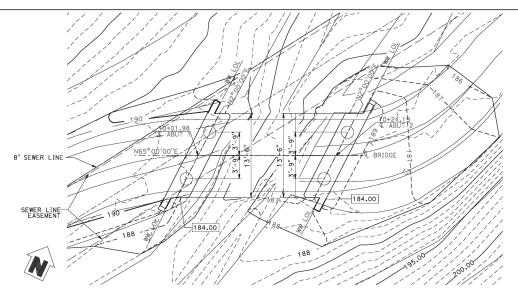
1862444-6298407 CCSSS COORDINAT 397816 D 100% DESIGN

BY APPROVED

Exp. 06-30-21 CIVIL OF CALIFORNIA

CONTRACTOR INSPECTOR

C-15



PLAN SCALE 1' = 5'

GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. ALL WORK SHALL COMPLY WITH STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR PUBLIC WORKS CONSTRUCTION, 2018 EDITION, AND THE 2018 CALTRANS STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS AND STANDARD PLANS, INCLUDING REVISED STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS (RSS) AND REVISED STANDARD PLANS (RSP), WHERE SPECIFICALLY
- STEEL TRUSS PEDESTRIAN BRIDGE IS A PREFABRICATED STRUCTURE, DESIGNED AND MANUFACTURED BY OTHERS. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR SUBMITTING SHOP DRAWINGS AND STRUCTURAL CALCULATIONS STAMPED BY A CALIFORNIA REGISTERED CIVIL OR STRUCTURAL ENGINEER, TO THE CITY OF SAN DIEGO DEVELOPMENT SERVICES DEPARTMENT FOR REVIEW.

DESIGN CRITERIA

- 1. AASHTO LRFD GUIDE SPECIFICATIONS FOR THE DESIGN OF PEDESTRIAN BRIDGES, DECEMBER 2009
- 2. AASHTO LRFD BRIDGE DESIGN SPECIFICATIONS 6TH EDITION (WITH CA AMENDMENTS)

DEAD LOAD

SELF WEIGHT OF BRIDGE PLUS 150 PCF CONCRETE DECK

H:\pda+a\160709\CADD\Struc\Merged Files\160709-BR-02merged.dgn

LIVE LOAD

HL-93

WIND LOAD

HORIZONTAL = 4 KIPS

PILE DATA TABLE

		Cut-Off Elevation (FT)	Nominal Res	Specified Tip	
Location	Pile Type		Compression (Kips)	Tension (Kips)	Elevation (FT)
Abu† 1	24" CIDH	184.25	989	0	172.25
Abu† 2	24" CIDH	184.25	989	0	172.25

PILE DATE TABLE NOTES:

1) The Specified Tip Elevation shall not be raised.

LEGEND

XXX.XX INDICATES BOTTOM OF PILE CAP ELEVATION

INDICATES 24" DIA CAST-IN-DRILLED-HOLE CONCRETE PILING

BASIS OF BEARINGS/COORDINATES

The Basis of Bearings for this project was derived from a previous STATIC GPS Survey using R.of S. 14492 NAD 83 feet, Zone 6 [epoch 1991,35], utilizing RTK/GPS field procedures with a CALVR\$ Base Station broadcast of 2014 and constraining to GPS 108\$ [PT#3012], and checking GPS 17 [PT#2017], I.E. N 50°18'41" W.

BENCHMARK

NEBP Yerba Santa Dr and Toyon Rd (PT#3018) Elev. 394.681 MSL, Based on NGVD 29 FEET as shown in the City of San Diego Bench Book

BRIDGE FOUNDATION PLAN N/O EASEMENT BLOCK NO. 410 ON LOT 41 AND 8/O EASEMENT BLOCK NO. 43 ON LOTS 29, 30 & 31 CITY OF SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA NATER N/A CONSULTANT SEWER B-00406 C7974I SUSAN MICHALSKI FOR CITY ENGINEER
ALEX SLEIMAN
PRINT DEE NAME S. Michalski DESCRIPTION

INSPECTOR

Michael Baker SONO AVENIDA ENCINAS, SUITE 280 CA 22008 CARLESAD, CA 22008 CHORE: (7800476-8183

No. C 67916 * Exp. 06-30-21 CONTRACTOR

SAL SHEIKH
PROJECT ENGINE BY APPROVED ORIGINAL 1862444-6298407 CC883 COORDINA 3978**17** D

SEWER GROUP 806

SEISMIC LOAD

Period, T (Seconds)

0.8

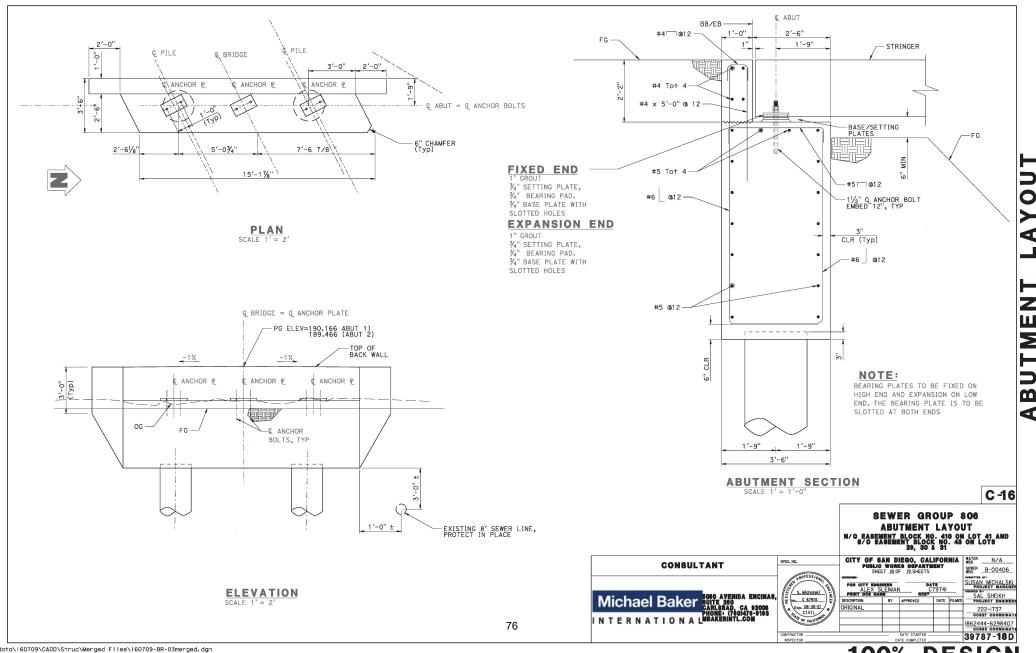
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C-17

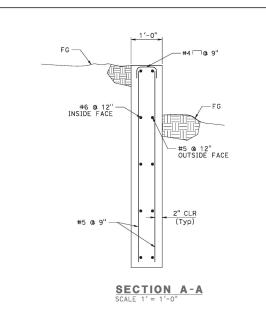
#4 SPIRAL @ 6" (SEE NOTE 2)

3" CLR (Typ)

SECTION B-B

NO SCALE & PILE -#9 To+ 6 (SEE NOTE 1)

LENGTH FOR PAYMENT DRILLED HOLE FILLED WITH CONCRETE



77

NOTES

1'-0" ±

1. NO SPLICES PERMITTED IN PILE MAIN REINFORCEMENT.

2" CLR

(Typ)

#9 Tot 2

#6 @ 12" INSIDE FACE #5 @ 12" OUTSIDE FACE

-8" SEWER LINE, PROTECT IN PLACE

#5 @ 9" EACH FACE

2. LAPPED SPLICES IN SPIRAL REINFORCEMENT SHALL BE LAPPED AT LEAST 80 BAR DIAMETERS. SPIRAL PILE
REINFORCEMENT AT SPLICES AND AT ENDS SHALL TERMINATE
WITH A 135 DEGREE HOOK WITH AN 8" TAIL HOOKED
AROUND A LONGITUDINAL BAR.

SEWER GROUP 806 ABUTMENT DETAILS N/O EASEMENT BLOCK NO. 410 ON LOT 41 AND 8/O EASEMENT BLOCK NO. 43 ON LOTS 29, 30 & 31 CITY OF SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT SHEET 19 OF 19 SHEETS WAS B-0040 SPEC. NO. CONSULTANT SEWER B-00406 C7974I SUSAN MICHALSKI
PROJECT MANAGE
CHECKER BYSAL SHEIKH
PROJECT ENGINEE FOR CITY ENGINEER
ALEX SLEIMAN
PRINT DCE NAME S. Michalski No. C 67916 BY APPROVED EXP. 06-30-21 CIVIL

BOTTOM OF FOOTING

PILE MAIN REINF (SEE NOTE 1)

Michael Baker SOSO AVENIDA ENCINAS, SUITE 280 CA 92008 CARLESAD, CA 92008 PHONE: (7505476-9193 CONTRACTOR INSPECTOR

1862444-6298407 CC888 COORDINATE 39787-19 D 100% DESIGN

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WING WALL ELEVATION

SCALE 1' = 1'-0"

4'-0"

(Typ)

A-

16-APR-2020 15:24 Susan, Michalski