

## MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION

Project No. 668517 SCH No. N/A

#### SUBJECT:

**Bonair Companion Unit**: A request for a COASTAL DEVELOPMENT PERMIT to demolish an existing garage and carport and construct an 873-square foot two car garage and workshop, a carport, and a 1,118-square foot companion unit over the garage. The 0.06-acre project site is located at 420 Bonair Street. The site is zoned RM-1-1 and designated Low Medium Residential (9-15 Dwelling Units Per Acre) within the La Jolla Community Plan and Local Coastal Program Land Use Plan. Additionally, the project site is within the Coastal Zone Boundary, the Coastal Height Limitation Overlay Zone, the Coastal Overlay Zone (Non-Appealable 2), the Parking Impact Overlay Zone (Beach and Coastal Zone), the residential Tandem Parking Overlay Zone, the Transit Area Overlay Zone, and the Transit Priority Area. (LEGAL DESCRIPTION: Lot 33 and Westerly 15 feet of Lot 34 of Block C TR 887.) APPLICANT: Joshua Renner.

#### I. PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

See attached Initial Study.

#### II. ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING:

See attached Initial Study.

#### III. DETERMINATION:

The City of San Diego conducted an Initial Study which determined that the proposed project could have a significant environmental effect in the following areas(s): **Tribal Cultural Resources**. Subsequent revisions in the project proposal create the specific mitigation identified in Section V of this Mitigated Negative Declaration. The project as revised now avoids or mitigates the potentially significant environmental effects previously identified, and the preparation of an Environmental Impact Report will not be required.

#### IV. DOCUMENTATION:

The attached Initial Study documents the reasons to support the above Determination.

## V. MITIGATION, MONITORING AND REPORTING PROGRAM:

#### A. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS - PART I: Plan Check Phase (prior to permit issuance)

- 1. Prior to the issuance of a Notice To Proceed (NTP) for a subdivision, or any construction permits, such as Demolition, Grading or Building, or beginning any construction related activity on-site, the Development Services Department (DSD) Director's Environmental Designee (ED) shall review and approve all Construction Documents (CD), (plans, specification, details, etc.) to ensure the MMRP requirements are incorporated into the design.
- In addition, the ED shall verify that the MMRP Conditions/Notes that apply ONLY to the construction phases of this project are included VERBATIM, under the heading, "ENVIRONMENTAL/MITIGATION REQUIREMENTS."
- 3. These notes must be shown within the first three (3) sheets of the construction documents in the format specified for engineering construction document templates as shown on the City website:

http://www.sandiego.gov/development-services/industry/standtemp.shtml

- 4. The **TITLE INDEX SHEET** must also show on which pages the "Environmental/Mitigation Requirements" notes are provided.
- SURETY AND COST RECOVERY The Development Services Director or City Manager may require appropriate surety instruments or bonds from private Permit Holders to ensure the long-term performance or implementation of required mitigation measures or programs. The City is authorized to recover its cost to offset the salary, overhead, and expenses for City personnel and programs to monitor qualifying projects.

# B. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS – PART II: Post Plan Check (After permit issuance/Prior to start of construction)

1. PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING IS REQUIRED TEN (10) WORKING DAYS PRIOR TO BEGINNING ANY WORK ON THIS PROJECT. The PERMIT HOLDER/OWNER is responsible to arrange and perform this meeting by contacting the CITY RESIDENT ENGINEER (RE) of the Field Engineering Division and City staff from MITIGATION MONITORING COORDINATION (MMC). Attendees must also include the Permit holder's Representative(s), Job Site Superintendent and the following consultants:

Qualified Archaeologist
Native American Monitor

Note: Failure of all responsible Permit Holder's representatives and consultants to attend shall require an additional meeting with all parties present.

#### CONTACT INFORMATION:

- a) The PRIMARY POINT OF CONTACT is the **RE** at the **Field Engineering Division (858) 627-3200**
- b) For Clarification of ENVIRONMENTAL REQUIREMENTS, it is also required to call **RE and MMC at (858) 627-3360**
- 2. MMRP COMPLIANCE: This Project, Project Tracking System (PTS) No. 668517 and/or Environmental Document No. 668517 shall conform to the mitigation requirements contained in the associated Environmental Document and implemented to the satisfaction of the DSD's Environmental Designee (MMC) and the City Engineer (RE). The requirements may not be reduced or changed but may be annotated (i.e. to explain when and how compliance is being met and location of verifying proof, etc.). Additional clarifying information may also be added to other relevant plan sheets and/or specifications as appropriate (i.e., specific locations, times of monitoring, methodology, etc

Note: Permit Holder's Representatives must alert RE and MMC if there are any discrepancies in the plans or notes, or any changes due to field conditions. All conflicts must be approved by RE and MMC BEFORE the work is performed.

- 3. OTHER AGENCY REQUIREMENTS: Evidence of compliance with all other agency requirements or permits shall be submitted to the RE and MMC for review and acceptance prior to the beginning of work or within one week of the Permit Holder obtaining documentation of those permits or requirements. Evidence shall include copies of permits, letters of resolution or other documentation issued by the responsible agency: Not Applicable.
- 4. MONITORING EXHIBITS: All consultants are required to submit, to RE and MMC, a monitoring exhibit on a 11x17 reduction of the appropriate construction plan, such as site plan, grading, landscape, etc., marked to clearly show the specific areas including the LIMIT OF WORK, scope of that discipline's work, and notes indicating when in the construction schedule that work will be performed. When necessary for clarification, a detailed methodology of how the work will be performed shall be included.

Note: Surety and Cost Recovery – When deemed necessary by the Development Services Director or City Manager, additional surety instruments or bonds from the private Permit Holder may be required to ensure the long-term performance or implementation of required mitigation measures or programs. The City is authorized to recover its

cost to offset the salary, overhead, and expenses for City personnel and programs to monitor qualifying projects.

5. **OTHER SUBMITTALS AND INSPECTIONS:** The Permit Holder/Owner's representative shall submit all required documentation, verification letters, and requests for all associated inspections to the RE and MMC for approval per the following schedule:

DOCUMENT SUBMITTAL/INSPECTION CHECKLIST					
Issue Area	Document Submittal	Associated Inspection/Approvals/Notes			
General	Consultant Qualification Letters	Prior to Preconstruction Meeting			
General	Consultant Construction Monitoring Exhibits	Prior to or at Preconstruction Meeting			
Tribal Cultural Resources	Archaeology Reports	Archaeology/Historic Site Observation			
Bond Release	Request for Bond Release Letter	Final MMRP Inspections Prior to Bond Release Letter			

#### C. SPECIFIC MMRP ISSUE AREA CONDITIONS/REQUIREMENTS

#### TRIBAL CULTURAL RESOURCES

#### I. Prior to Permit Issuance

## A. Entitlements Plan Check

- Prior to issuance of any construction permits, including but not limited to, the first Grading Permit, Demolition Plans/Permits and Building Plans/Permits or a Notice to Proceed for Subdivisions, but prior to the first preconstruction meeting, whichever is applicable, the Assistant Deputy Director (ADD) Environmental designee shall verify that the requirements for Archaeological Monitoring and Native American monitoring have been noted on the applicable construction documents through the plan check process.
- B. Letters of Qualification have been submitted to ADD
  - The applicant shall submit a letter of verification to Mitigation Monitoring Coordination (MMC) identifying the Principal Investigator (PI) for the project and the names of all persons involved in the archaeological monitoring program, as defined in the City of San Diego Historical Resources Guidelines (HRG). If applicable, individuals involved in the archaeological monitoring program must have completed the 40-hour HAZWOPER training with certification documentation.

- 2. MMC will provide a letter to the applicant confirming the qualifications of the PI and all persons involved in the archaeological monitoring of the project meet the qualifications established in the HRG.
- 3. Prior to the start of work, the applicant must obtain written approval from MMC for any personnel changes associated with the monitoring program.

#### II. Prior to Start of Construction

#### A. Verification of Records Search

- 1. The PI shall provide verification to MMC that a site-specific records search (quarter-mile radius) has been completed. Verification includes but is not limited to a copy of a confirmation letter from South Coastal Information Center, or, if the search was inhouse, a letter of verification from the PI stating that the search was completed.
- 2. The letter shall introduce any pertinent information concerning expectations and probabilities of discovery during trenching and/or grading activities.
- 3. The PI may submit a detailed letter to MMC requesting a reduction to the ¼ mile radius.

#### B. PI Shall Attend Precon Meetings

- Prior to beginning any work that requires monitoring; the Applicant shall arrange a
  Precon Meeting that shall include the PI, Native American consultant/monitor (where
  Native American resources may be impacted), Construction Manager (CM) and/or
  Grading Contractor, Resident Engineer (RE), Building Inspector (BI), if appropriate,
  and MMC. The qualified Archaeologist and Native American Monitor shall attend any
  grading/excavation related Precon Meetings to make comments and/or suggestions
  concerning the Archaeological Monitoring program with the Construction Manager
  and/or Grading Contractor.
  - a. If the PI is unable to attend the Precon Meeting, the Applicant shall schedule a focused Precon Meeting with MMC, the PI, RE, CM or BI, if appropriate, prior to the start of any work that requires monitoring.

## 2. Identify Areas to be Monitored

a. Prior to the start of any work that requires monitoring, the PI shall submit an Archaeological Monitoring Exhibit (AME) (with verification that the AME has been reviewed and approved by the Native American consultant/monitor when Native American resources may be impacted) based on the appropriate construction documents (reduced to 11x17) to MMC identifying the areas to be monitored including the delineation of grading/excavation limits. b. The AME shall be based on the results of a site-specific records search as well as information regarding existing known soil conditions (native or formation).

#### 3. When Monitoring Will Occur

- a. Prior to the start of any work, the PI shall also submit a construction schedule to MMC through the RE indicating when and where monitoring will occur.
- b. The PI may submit a detailed letter to MMC prior to the start of work or during construction requesting a modification to the monitoring program. This request shall be based on relevant information such as review of final construction documents which indicate site conditions such as depth of excavation and/or site graded to bedrock, etc., which may reduce or increase the potential for resources to be present.

#### III. During Construction

- A. Monitor(s) Shall be Present During Grading/Excavation/Trenching
  - The Archaeological Monitor shall be present full-time during all soil disturbing and grading/excavation/trenching activities which could result in impacts to archaeological resources as identified on the AME. The Construction Manager is responsible for notifying the RE, PI, and MMC of changes to any construction activities such as in the case of a potential safety concern within the area being monitored. In certain circumstances OSHA safety requirements may necessitate modification of the AME.
  - The Native American consultant/monitor shall determine the extent of their
    presence during soil disturbing and grading/excavation/trenching activities based on
    the AME and provide that information to the PI and MMC. If prehistoric resources are
    encountered during the Native American consultant/monitor's absence, work shall
    stop and the Discovery Notification Process detailed in Section III.B-C and IV.A-D shall
    commence.
  - 3. The PI may submit a detailed letter to MMC during construction requesting a modification to the monitoring program when a field condition such as modern disturbance post-dating the previous grading/trenching activities, presence of fossil formations, or when native soils are encountered that may reduce or increase the potential for resources to be present.
  - 4. The archaeological and Native American consultant/monitor shall document field activity via the Consultant Site Visit Record (CSVR). The CSVR's shall be faxed by the CM to the RE the first day of monitoring, the last day of monitoring, monthly (Notification of Monitoring Completion), and in the case of ANY discoveries. The RE shall forward copies to MMC.

## B. Discovery Notification Process

- In the event of a discovery, the Archaeological Monitor shall direct the contractor to temporarily divert all soil disturbing activities, including but not limited to digging, trenching, excavating or grading activities in the area of discovery and in the area reasonably suspected to overlay adjacent resources and immediately notify the RE or BI, as appropriate.
- 3. The Monitor shall immediately notify the PI (unless Monitor is the PI) of the discovery.
- 4. The PI shall immediately notify MMC by phone of the discovery, and shall also submit written documentation to MMC within 24 hours by fax or email with photos of the resource in context, if possible.
- 5. No soil shall be exported off-site until a determination can be made regarding the significance of the resource specifically if Native American resources are encountered.

#### B. Determination of Significance

- 1. The PI and Native American consultant/monitor, where Native American resources are discovered shall evaluate the significance of the resource. If Human Remains are involved, follow protocol in Section IV below.
  - a. The PI shall immediately notify MMC by phone to discuss significance determination and shall also submit a letter to MMC indicating whether additional mitigation is required.
  - b. If the resource is significant, the PI shall submit an Archaeological Data Recovery Program (ADRP) which has been reviewed by the Native American consultant/monitor, and obtain written approval from MMC. Impacts to significant resources must be mitigated before ground disturbing activities in the area of discovery will be allowed to resume. Note: If a unique archaeological site is also an historical resource as defined in CEQA, then the limits on the amount(s) that a project applicant may be required to pay to cover mitigation costs as indicated in CEQA Section 21083.2 shall not apply.
  - c. If the resource is not significant, the PI shall submit a letter to MMC indicating that artifacts will be collected, curated, and documented in the Final Monitoring Report. The letter shall also indicate that that no further work is required.

#### IV. Discovery of Human Remains

If human remains are discovered, work shall halt in that area and no soil shall be exported off-site until a determination can be made regarding the provenance of the human remains; and the following procedures as set forth in CEQA Section 15064.5(e), the California Public Resources Code (Sec. 5097.98) and State Health and Safety Code (Sec. 7050.5) shall be undertaken:

#### A. Notification

- 1. Archaeological Monitor shall notify the RE or Bl as appropriate, MMC, and the Pl, if the Monitor is not qualified as a Pl. MMC will notify the appropriate Senior Planner in the Environmental Analysis Section (EAS) of the Development Services Department to assist with the discovery notification process.
- 2. The PI shall notify the Medical Examiner after consultation with the RE, either in person or via telephone.

#### B. Isolate discovery site

- Work shall be directed away from the location of the discovery and any nearby area reasonably suspected to overlay adjacent human remains until a determination can be made by the Medical Examiner in consultation with the PI concerning the provenance of the remains.
- 2. The Medical Examiner, in consultation with the PI, will determine the need for a field examination to determine the provenance.
- 3. If a field examination is not warranted, the Medical Examiner will determine with input from the PI, if the remains are or are most likely to be of Native American origin.

## C. If Human Remains ARE determined to be Native American

- 1. The Medical Examiner will notify the Native American Heritage Commission (NAHC) within 24 hours. By law, ONLY the Medical Examiner can make this call.
- 2. NAHC will immediately identify the person or persons determined to be the Most Likely Descendent (MLD) and provide contact information.
- 3. The MLD will contact the PI within 24 hours or sooner after the Medical Examiner has completed coordination, to begin the consultation process in accordance with CEQA Section 15064.5(e), the California Public Resources and Health & Safety Codes.
- 4. The MLD will have 48 hours to make recommendations to the property owner or representative, for the treatment or disposition with proper dignity, of the human remains and associated grave goods.
- 5. Disposition of Native American Human Remains will be determined between the MLD and the PI, and, if:
  - a. The NAHC is unable to identify the MLD, OR the MLD failed to make a recommendation within 48 hours after being granted access to the site, OR;
  - b. The landowner or authorized representative rejects the recommendation of the

MLD and mediation in accordance with PRC 5097.94 (k) by the NAHC fails to provide measures acceptable to the landowner, the landowner shall reinter the human remains and items associated with Native American human remains with appropriate dignity on the property in a location not subject to further and future subsurface disturbance, THEN

- c. To protect these sites, the landowner shall do one or more of the following:
  - (1) Record the site with the NAHC;
  - (2) Record an open space or conservation easement; or
  - (3) Record a document with the County. The document shall be titled "Notice of Reinterment of Native American Remains" and shall include a legal description of the property, the name of the property owner, and the owner's acknowledged signature, in addition to any other information required by PRC 5097.98. The document shall be indexed as a notice under the name of the owner.

## V. Night and/or Weekend Work

- A. If night and/or weekend work is included in the contract
  - 1. When night and/or weekend work is included in the contract package, the extent and timing shall be presented and discussed at the precon meeting.
  - 2. The following procedures shall be followed.
    - a. No Discoveries In the event that no discoveries were encountered during night and/or weekend work, the PI shall record the information on the CSVR and submit to MMC via fax by 8AM of the next business day.
    - Discoveries
       All discoveries shall be processed and documented using the existing procedures detailed in Sections III During Construction, and IV Discovery of Human Remains. Discovery of human remains shall always be treated as a significant discovery.
    - Potentially Significant Discoveries
       If the PI determines that a potentially significant discovery has been made, the procedures detailed under Section III During Construction and IV-Discovery of Human Remains shall be followed.
    - d. The PI shall immediately contact MMC, or by 8AM of the next business day to report and discuss the findings as indicated in Section III-B, unless other specific arrangements have been made.

- B. If night and/or weekend work becomes necessary during the course of construction
  - 1. The Construction Manager shall notify the RE, or BI, as appropriate, a minimum of 24 hours before the work is to begin.
  - 2. The RE, or BI, as appropriate, shall notify MMC immediately.
- C. All other procedures described above shall apply, as appropriate.

#### VI. Post Construction

- A. Preparation and Submittal of Draft Monitoring Report
  - 1. The PI shall submit two copies of the Draft Monitoring Report (even if negative), prepared in accordance with the Historical Resources Guidelines (Appendix C/D) which describes the results, analysis, and conclusions of all phases of the Archaeological Monitoring Program (with appropriate graphics) to MMC for review and approval within 90 days following the completion of monitoring. It should be noted that if the PI is unable to submit the Draft Monitoring Report within the allotted 90-day timeframe resulting from delays with analysis, special study results or other complex issues, a schedule shall be submitted to MMC establishing agreed due dates and the provision for submittal of monthly status reports until this measure can be met.
    - For significant archaeological resources encountered during monitoring, the Archaeological Data Recovery Program shall be included in the Draft Monitoring Report.
    - b. Recording Sites with State of California Department of Parks and Recreation The PI shall be responsible for recording (on the appropriate State of California Department of Park and Recreation forms-DPR 523 A/B) any significant or potentially significant resources encountered during the Archaeological Monitoring Program in accordance with the City's Historical Resources Guidelines, and submittal of such forms to the South Coastal Information Center with the Final Monitoring Report.
  - 2. MMC shall return the Draft Monitoring Report to the PI for revision or, for preparation of the Final Report.
  - 3. The PI shall submit revised Draft Monitoring Report to MMC for approval.
  - 4. MMC shall provide written verification to the PI of the approved report.
  - 5. MMC shall notify the RE or BI, as appropriate, of receipt of all Draft Monitoring Report submittals and approvals.

## B. Handling of Artifacts

- 1. The PI shall be responsible for ensuring that all cultural remains collected are cleaned and catalogued
- 2. The PI shall be responsible for ensuring that all artifacts are analyzed to identify function and chronology as they relate to the history of the area; that faunal material is identified as to species; and that specialty studies are completed, as appropriate.
- 3. The cost for curation is the responsibility of the property owner.
- C. Curation of artifacts: Accession Agreement and Acceptance Verification
  - The PI shall be responsible for ensuring that all artifacts associated with the survey, testing and/or data recovery for this project are permanently curated with an appropriate institution. This shall be completed in consultation with MMC and the Native American representative, as applicable.
  - 2. The PI shall include the Acceptance Verification from the curation institution in the Final Monitoring Report submitted to the RE or BI and MMC.
  - 3. When applicable to the situation, the PI shall include written verification from the Native American consultant/monitor indicating that Native American resources were treated in accordance with state law and/or applicable agreements. If the resources were reinterred, verification shall be provided to show what protective measures were taken to ensure no further disturbance occurs in accordance with Section IV Discovery of Human Remains, Subsection 5.

#### D. Final Monitoring Report(s)

- 1. The PI shall submit one copy of the approved Final Monitoring Report to the RE or BI as appropriate, and one copy to MMC (even if negative), within 90 days after notification from MMC that the draft report has been approved.
- 2. The RE shall, in no case, issue the Notice of Completion and/or release of the Performance Bond for grading until receiving a copy of the approved Final Monitoring Report from MMC which includes the Acceptance Verification from the curation institution.

#### VI. PUBLIC REVIEW DISTRIBUTION:

Draft copies or notice of this Mitigated Negative Declaration were distributed to:

<u>City of San Diego</u> Mayor's Office (91) Councilmember LaCava, District 1 **Development Services Department** 

Development Project Manager

**EAS** 

Engineering

Planning Review

Plan-Historic

MMC (77A)

Library Department - Government Documents (81)

San Diego Central Library (81A)

La Jolla-Rifodrd Branch Library (81L)

City Attorney's Office (93C)

#### Other Organizations, Groups and Interested Individuals

Public Notice Journal (144)

Historical Resources Board (87)

Carmen Lucas (206)

South Coastal Information Center (210)

San Diego History Center (211)

San Diego Archaeological Center (212)

Save Our Heritage Organization (214)

Ron Christman (215)

Clint Linton (215 B)

Frank Brown- Inter-Tribal Cultural Resources Council (216)

Campo Band of Mission Indians (217)

San Diego County Archaeological Society, Inc. (218)

Native American Heritage Commission (222)

Kumeyaay Cultural Heritage Preservation (223)

Kumeyaay Cultural Repatriation Committee (225)

Native American Distribution (225 A-S)

Clint Linton, lipay Nation of Santa Ysabel

Lisa Cumper, Jamul Indian Village

Jesse Pinto, Jamul Indian Village

Angelina Gutierrez, San Pasqual Tribe

Richard Drury

Komalpreet Toor

Stacey Oborne

Lozeau Drury LLP

John Stump

La Jolla Village News (271)

La Jolla Shores Association (272)

La Jolla Town Council (273)

La Jolla Historical Society (274)

La Jolla Community Planning (275)

UCSD Physical and Community Planning (277)

La Jolla Shores PDO Advisory Board (279)

La Jolla Light (280)

Patricia K. Miller (283)

Jiandong Wei Applicant: Joshua Renner

#### VII. RESULTS OF PUBLIC REVIEW:

- ( ) No comments were received during the public input period.
- ( ) Comments were received but did not address the accuracy or completeness of the draft environmental document. No response is necessary, and the letters are incorporated herein.
- ( ) Comments addressing the accuracy or completeness of the draft environmental document were received during the public input period. The letters and responses are incorporated herein.

Copies of the Mitigated Negative Declaration, the Mitigation, Monitoring and Reporting Program and any associated project-specific technical appendices may be accessed on the City's CEQA webpage.

E. Shearer-Nguyen Senior Planner

**Development Services Department** 

Analyst: M. Dresser

Attachments: Initial Study Checklist

Figure 1: Location Map Figure 2: Site Plan May 25, 2021

Date of Draft Report

July 7, 2021

Date of Final Report



## San Diego County Archaeological Society, Inc.

**Environmental Review Committee** 

10 June 2021

To:

Ms. Morgan Dresser

Development Services Department

City of San Diego

1222 First Avenue, Mail Station 501 San Diego, California 92101

Subject:

Draft Mitigated Negative Declaration

Bonair Companion Unit Project No. 668517

Dear Ms. Dresser:

I have reviewed the subject DMND on behalf of this committee of the San Diego County Archaeological Society.

Based on the information contained in the DMND, we agree with the included cultural resources mitigation program of archaeological and Native American monitoring.

Thank you for the opportunity to review the DMND and offer our comments as part of the public review period.

Environmental Review Committee

SDCAS President

File

P.O. Box 81106 San Diego, CA 92138-1106 (858) 538-0935

City staff response(s) to the San Diego County Archaeological Society, Inc. comment(s) letter for Bonair Companion Unit, Project No. 668517

1. Comment noted. The comment does not address the adequacy of the draft Mitigated Negative Declaration. No further response is required.

## Rincon Band of Luiseño Indians

#### CULTURAL RESOURCES DEPARTMENT

One Government Center Lane | Valley Center | CA 92082 (760) 749-1092 | Fax: (760) 749-8901 | rincon-nsn.gov

June 8, 2021



Sent via email: DSDEAS@Sandiego.gov

Re: Bonair Companion Unit, Project No. 668517

Dear Development Services Department,

This letter is written on behalf of Rincon Band of Luiseño Indians, ("Rincon Band" or "Band"), a federally recognized Indian Tribe and sovereign government.

The Band has received the notification for the above referenced project. The location identified within project documents is not within the Band's specific Area of Historic Interest (AHI).

At this time, we have no additional information to provide. We recommend that you directly contact a Tribe that is closer to the project and may have pertinent information.

Thank you for submitting this project for Tribal review. If you have additional questions or concerns, please do not hesitate to contact our office at your convenience at (760) 297-2635 or via electronic mail at crd@rincon-nsn.gov.

Thank you for the opportunity to protect and preserve our cultural assets.

Sincerely,

Deneen Pelton Administrative Assistant II for Cheryl Madrigal Tribal Historic Preservation Officer City staff response(s) to the Rincon Band of Luiseno Indians comment(s) letter for Bonair Companion Unit, Project No. 668517

2. Comment noted. The City acknowledges that the project area is not within the Luiseño Aboriginal Territory and has provided the Draft MND to all Tribal groups in San Diego County. The comment does not address the adequacy of the draft Mitigated Negative Declaration. No further response is required.

Joseph Linton Council Member

John Constantino

Council Member

#### INITIAL STUDY CHECKLIST

- 1. Project title/Project number: Bonair Companion Unit / 668517
- 2. Lead agency name and address: City of San Diego, 1222 First Avenue, MS-501, San Diego, California 92101
- 3. Contact person and phone number: Morgan Dresser / (619) 446-5404
- 4. Project location: 420 Bonair Street, San Diego, California 92037
- 5. Project Applicant/Sponsor's name and address: Joshua Renner PO Box 600455 San Diego, California 92160
- 6. General/Community Plan designation: Residential / Low Medium Residential (9-15 Dwelling Units Per Acre)
- 7. Zoning: RM-1-1
- 8. Description of project (Describe the whole action involved, including but not limited to, later phases of the project, and any secondary, support, or off-site features necessary for its implementation.):

The project is requesting a COASTAL DEVELOPMENT PERMIT to demolish an existing garage and carport and construct a 873-square foot two car garage and workshop, a carport, and a 1,118-square foot companion unit over the garage. Various site improvements would also be constructed that include associated hardscape and landscape.

The project landscaping has been reviewed by City Landscape staff and would comply with all applicable City Landscape ordinances and standards. Drainage would be directed into appropriate storm drain systems designated to carry surface runoff, which has been reviewed and accepted by City Engineering staff. Ingress and egress would be via a private driveway with access from the unnamed alley to the north. All parking would be provided on-site.

Grading would entail approximately 15.5 cubic yards of cut with a maximum cut depth of one and a half feet.

9. Surrounding land uses and setting:

The 0.06-acre project site is located at 420 Bonair Street. The project site is bounded by residential development to the north, east and west, and Bonair Street to the south.

The site is zoned RM-1-1 and designated Low-Medium Residential (9-15 Dwelling Units Per Acre) within the La Jolla Community Plan and Local Coastal Program Land Use Plan.

The project site is also within the Coastal Zone Boundary, the Coastal Height Limitation Overlay Zone, the Coastal Overlay Zone (Non-Appealable 2), the Parking Impact Overlay

Zone (Beach and Coastal Zone), the residential Tandem Parking Overlay Zone, the Transit Area Overlay Zone, and the Transit Priority Area.

- Other public agencies whose approval is required (e.g., permits, financing approval, or participation agreement):
   None required.
- 11. Have California Native American tribes traditionally and culturally affiliated with the project area requested consultation pursuant to Public Resources Code section 21080.3.1? If so, has consultation begun?

In accordance with the requirements of Public Resources Code 21080.3.1, the City of San Diego provided formal notifications to the lipay Nation of Santa Ysabel, the Jamul Indian Village and San Pasqual Band of Mission Indians, all traditionally and culturally affiliated with the project area; requesting consultation on November 15, 2020. Jamul Indian Village responded within the 30-day notification period requesting consultation.

Note: Conducting consultation early in the CEQA process allows tribal governments, lead agencies, and project proponents to discuss the level of environmental review, identify and address potential adverse impacts to tribal cultural resources, and reduce the potential for delay and conflict in the environmental review process. (See Public Resources Code section 21083.3.2.) Information may also be available from the California Native American Heritage Commission's Sacred Lands File per Public Resources Code section 5097.96 and the California Historical Resources Information System administered by the California Office of Historic Preservation. Please also note that Public Resources Code section 21082.3(c) contains provisions specific to confidentiality.

## **ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:**

	ironmental factors checked be ally Significant Impact" as ind				t, involving at least one impact that is a	
	Aesthetics		Greenhouse Gas Emissions		Population/Housing	
	Agriculture and Forestry Resources		Hazards & Hazardous Materials		Public Services	
	Air Quality		Hydrology/Water Quality		Recreation	
	Biological Resources		Land Use/Planning		Transportation/Traffic	
	Cultural Resources		Mineral Resources	$\boxtimes$	Tribal Cultural Resources	
	Energy		Noise		Utilities/Service System	
	Geology/Soils		Mandatory Findings Significance		Wildfire	
DETER	MINATION: (To be com	pleted l	oy Lead Agency)			
On the b	pasis of this initial evaluation:					
	The proposed project COUL be prepared.	D NOT ha	ve a significant effect on the	environmo	ent, and a NEGATIVE DECLARATION will	
		evisions i	n the project have been made		ment, there will not be a significant reed to by the project proponent. A	
	The proposed project MAY lis required.	nave a sig	nificant effect on the environ	ment, and	an ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT	
	on the environment, but at applicable legal standards, a	least one and (b) ha	effect (a) has been adequatel	y analyzed on measu	ally significant unless mitigated" impact d in an earlier document pursuant to res based on the earlier analysis as ired.	
	Although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, because all potentially significant effects (a) have been analyzed adequately in an earlier EIR or (MITIGATED) NEGATIVE DECLARATION pursuant to applicable standards, and (b) have been avoided or mitigated pursuant to that earlier EIR or (MITIGATED) NEGATIVE DECLARATION, including revisions or mitigation measures that are imposed upon the proposed project, nothing further is required.					

#### **EVALUATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS:**

- 1) A brief explanation is required for all answers except "No Impact" answers that are adequately supported by the information sources a lead agency cites in the parentheses following each question. A "No Impact" answer is adequately supported if the referenced information sources show that the impact simply does not apply to projects like the one involved (e.g., the project falls outside a fault rupture zone). A "No Impact answer should be explained where it is based on project specific factors as well as general standards (e.g., the project will not expose sensitive receptors to pollutants, based on a project-specific screening analysis.)
- 2) All answers must take account of the whole action involved, including off-site as well as on-site, cumulative as well as project-level, indirect as well as direct, and construction as well as operational impacts.
- 3) Once the lead agency has determined that a particular physical impact may occur, then the checklist answers must indicate whether the impact is potentially significant, less than significant with mitigation, or less than significant. "Potentially Significant Impact" is appropriate if there is substantial evidence that an effect may be significant. If there are one or more "Potentially Significant Impact" entries when the determination is made, an EIR is required.
- 4) "Negative Declaration: Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated" applies where the incorporation of mitigation measures has reduced an effect from "Potentially Significant Impact" to a "Less Than Significant Impact." The lead agency must describe the mitigation measures, and briefly explain how they reduce the effect to a less than significant level (mitigation measures from "Earlier Analyses", as described in (5) below, may be cross-referenced).
- 5) Earlier analyses may be used where, pursuant to the tiering, program EIR, or other CEQA process, an effect has been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or (mitigated) negative declaration. *Section 15063(c)(3)(D).* In this case, a brief discussion should identify the following:
  - a. Earlier Analysis Used. Identify and state where they are available for review.
  - b. Impacts Adequately Addressed. Identify which effects from the above checklist were within the scope of and adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and state whether such effects were addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis.
  - c. Mitigation Measures. For effects that are "Less Than Significant With Mitigation Measures Incorporated", describe the mitigation measures that were incorporated or refined from the earlier document and the extent to which they address site-specific conditions for the project.
- 6) Lead agencies are encouraged to incorporate into the checklist references to information sources for potential impacts (e.g., general plans, zoning ordinances). Reference to a previously prepared or outside document should, where appropriate, include a reference to the page or pages where the statement is substantiated.
- 7) Supporting Information Sources: A source list should be attached, and other sources used or individuals contacted should be cited in the discussion.
- 8) This is only a suggested form, and lead agencies are free to use different formats; however, lead agencies should normally address the questions from this checklist that are relevant to a project's environmental effects in whatever format is selected.
- 9) The explanation of each issue should identify:
  - a. The significance criteria or threshold, if any, used to evaluate each question; and
  - b. The mitigation measure identified, if any, to reduce the impact to less than significant.

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
I. AESTHETICS – Would the project:				
<ul> <li>a) Have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista?</li> </ul>				
The project site is adjacent to a view corrid Coastal Program Land Use Plan however, t would not have a substantial adverse effec	he project wo	ould comply with es	tablished set	
b) Substantially damage scenic resources, including but not limited to, trees, rock outcroppings, and historic buildings within a state scenic highway?				$\boxtimes$
The project is situated within a developed is scenic resources (trees, rock outcroppings, project would not result in the physical loss symbol or landmark, as none are identified the project vicinity. Therefore, no impact w	or historic bus, isolation, or discolation, or discolation, or discolation, or discolation	uildings) located on degradation of a c	the project s community id	ite. The entification
c) Substantially degrade the existing visual character or quality of the site and its surroundings?				$\boxtimes$
The project site is located within a neighbo would be minimally altered to allow for the surrounding development and permitted be designations. The project would not substathe site and its surroundings; therefore, no	e developmen by the Genera antially degra	t. The project is co l Plan, community de the existing visu	mpatible with plan land use	the and zoning
d) Create a new source of substantial light or glare that would adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area?			$\boxtimes$	

#### Lighting

The project would comply with the outdoor lighting standards in Municipal Code Section 142.0740 (Outdoor Lighting Regulations) that require all outdoor lighting be installed, shielded, and adjusted so that the light is directed in a manner that minimizes negative impacts from light pollution, including trespass, glare, and to control light from falling onto surrounding properties. Therefore, lighting installed with the project would not adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area, resulting in a less than significant lighting impact.

#### Glare

The project would comply with Municipal Code Section 142.0730 (Glare Regulations) that require exterior materials utilized for proposed structures be limited to specific reflectivity ratings. The structures would consist of wood siding, wood shingles, adobe and concrete blocks, brick, stucco, concrete or natural stone. The project would have a less than significant glare impact.

Potentially Less Than
Potentially Significant with Less Than
Issue Significant Mitigation Impact
Impact Incorporated

As such, the project would not create a new source of substantial light or glare that would adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area; impacts would be less than significant.

J11000 0	ay or riightenine views in the area, ii	inpaces would	be less than sign	ricaric.	
II. AGRICULTURAL AND FOREST RESOURCES: In determining whether impacts to agricultural resources are significant environmental effects, lead agencies may refer to the California Agricultural Land Evaluation and Site Assessment Model (1997) prepared by the California Department of Conservation as an optional model to use in assessing impacts on agriculture and farmland. In determining whether impacts to forest resources, including timberland, are significant environmental effects, lead agencies may refer to information compiled by the California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection regarding the state's inventory of forest land, including the Forest and Range Assessment Project and the Forest Legacy Assessment project; and forest carbon measurement methodology provided in Forest Protocols adopted by the California Air Resources Board. – Would the project:					
a)	Converts Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance (Farmland), as shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency, to non-agricultural use?				
does no armla Mappir	oject site is located within a develop ot contain nor is it adjacent to any la nd of Statewide Importance (Farmla ng and Monitoring Program of the C ult in the conversion of such lands t	ands identifiec and) as show c California Reso	l as Farmland, Un In maps prepared Urce Agency. The	ique Farmland I pursuant to th refore, the proj	, or ne Farmland ject would
b)	Conflict with existing zoning for agricultural use, or a Williamson Act Contract?				$\boxtimes$
of the saffected so not p	o response II (a), above. There are nite. Furthermore, the project would by a Williamson Act Contract, as the general son Act Contract. When the general son Act Contract would result. No in	l not affect any here are none vicinity of the	r properties zone within the projec site; therefore, no	d for agricultur t vicinity. Agric	al use or ultural land
c)	Conflict with existing zoning for, or cause rezoning of, forest land (as defined in Public Resources Code section 1220(g)), timberland (as defined by Public Resources Code section 4526), or timberland zoned Timberland Production (as defined by Government Code section 51104(g))?				

The project would not conflict with existing zoning for, or cause rezoning of, forest land, timberland, or timberland zoned Timberland Production. No designated forest land or timberland occur onsite. No impacts would result.

ls	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact		
d)	Result in the loss of forest land or conversion of forest land to non-forest use?				$\boxtimes$		
	Refer to response II (c) above. Additionally, the project would not contribute to the conversion of any forested land to non-forest use, as surrounding land uses are built out. No impacts would result.						
e)	Involve other changes in the existing environment, which, due to their location or nature, could result in conversion of Farmland to nonagricultural use or conversion of forest land to non-forest use?						
farmlar	Refer to response II (a) and II (c), above. The project and surrounding areas do not contain any farmland or forest land. No changes to any such lands would result from project implementation. Therefore, no impact would result.						
III. AIR QUALITY – Where available, the significance criteria established by the applicable air quality management or air pollution control district may be relied on to make the following determinations – Would the project:							
a)	Conflict with or obstruct implementation of the applicable air quality plan?						

The project site is located in the San Diego Air Basin (SDAB) and is under the jurisdiction of the San Diego Air Pollution Control District (SDAPCD) and the California Air Resources Board (CARB). Both the State of California and the Federal government have established health-based Ambient Air Quality Standards (AAQS) for the following six criteria pollutants: carbon monoxide (CO); ozone (O3); nitrogen oxides (NOx); sulfur oxides (SOx); particulate matter up to 10 microns in diameter (PM10); and lead (Pb). O<sub>3</sub> (smog) is formed by a photochemical reaction between NOx and reactive organic compounds (ROCs). Thus, impacts from O<sub>3</sub> are assessed by evaluating impacts from NOx and ROCs. A new increase in pollutant emissions determines the impact on regional air quality as a result of a proposed project. The results also allow the local government to determine whether a proposed project would deter the region from achieving the goal of reducing pollutants in accordance with the Air Quality Management Plan (AQMP) in order to comply with Federal and State AAQS.

The SDAPCD and San Diego Association of Governments (SANDAG) are responsible for developing and implementing the clean air plan for attainment and maintenance of the ambient air quality standards in the SDAB. The County Regional Air Quality Strategy (RAQS) was initially adopted in 1991 and is updated on a triennial basis (most recently in 2009). The RAQS outlines the SDAPCD's plans and control measures designed to attain the state air quality standards for ozone (O<sub>3</sub>). The RAQS relies on information from the CARB and SANDAG, including mobile and area source emissions, as well as information regarding projected growth in San Diego County and the cities in the county, to project future emissions and then determine the strategies necessary for the reduction of emissions through regulatory controls. CARB mobile source emission projections and SANDAG growth

Potentially Less Than
Potentially Significant with Less Than
Issue Significant Mitigation Impact
Impact Incorporated

projections are based on population, vehicle trends, and land use plans developed by San Diego County and the cities in the county as part of the development of their general plans.

The RAQS relies on SANDAG growth projections based on population, vehicle trends, and land use plans developed by the cities and by the county as part of the development of their general plans. As such, projects that propose development that is consistent with the growth anticipated by local plans would be consistent with the RAQS. However, if a project proposes development that is greater than that anticipated in the local plan and SANDAG's growth projections, the project might be in conflict with the RAQS and may contribute to a potentially significant cumulative impact on air quality.

The project would be consistent with the General Plan, Community Plan, and the underlying zone designation. Therefore, the project would be consistent with forecasts in the RAQS and would not obstruct implementation of the RAQS. As such, no impact would occur.

b)	Violate any air quality standard or		
	contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation?		

**Short-Term (Construction) Emissions.** Construction-related activities are temporary, short-term sources of air emissions. Sources of construction-related air emissions include fugitive dust from grading activities; construction equipment exhaust; construction-related trips by workers, delivery trucks, and material-hauling trucks; and construction-related power consumption.

Variables that factor into the total construction emissions potentially generated include the level of activity, length of construction period, number of pieces and types of equipment in use, site characteristics, weather conditions, number of construction personnel, and the amount of materials to be transported on or offsite.

Fugitive dust emissions are generally associated with land-clearing and grading operations. Construction operations would include standard measures as required by the City of San Diego to limit potential air quality impacts. Therefore, impacts associated with fugitive dust are considered less than significant and would not violate an air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation.

#### Long-Term (Operational) Emissions.

Operational emissions include emissions from natural gas combustion, vehicle trips, area sources and landscape equipment. Based on the estimated operational emissions, the project would not exceed any screening-level criteria. Therefore, project operation would not violate any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation, nor would the project result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the region is in non-attainment. Impacts would be less than significant.

c)	Result in a cumulatively considerable			
	net increase of any criteria pollutant for		$\boxtimes$	
	which the project region is non-			

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
attainment under an applicable fed or state ambient air quality standar (including releasing emissions whic exceed quantitative thresholds for ozone precursors)?	<sup>-</sup> d			
As described above, construction operather pollutants. However, construction of Best Management construction activities to a less than struction activities to a less than struction activities at less than struction activities at less than struction activities to a less than struction activities activities to a less than struction activities a	on emissions would t Practices (BMPs) wo significant level. There se of any criteria poll	be temporary ar ould reduce pote efore, the project utant for which t	nd short-term ntial impacts r t would not re he project reg	in duration; elated to esult in a gion is a non
d) Create objectionable odors affectin substantial number of people?	g a		$\boxtimes$	
Short-term (Construction) Odors would be generated from vehicle the project. Odors produced during unburned hydrocarbons from tailpiped odors are temporary and generally of people. Therefore, impacts would be congeterm (Operational) Residential dwelling units, in the long creation of such odors nor are they a people. Therefore, project operations  IV. BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES - Would the pro-	g construction would es of construction eq ccur at magnitudes the be less than significant e-term operation, are nticipated to generate s would result in less	be attributable uipment and arc nat would not affint.  not uses typicall te odors affecting	to concentrati chitectural coa fect a substan y associated w g a substantial	ions of itings. Such tial number vith the
a) Have substantial adverse effects, ei directly or through habitat modifications, on any species ident as a candidate, sensitive, or special status species in local or regional p policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Serv	ified lans,			$\boxtimes$
The project site is surrounded by resisensitive biological resources on site project site does not contain any sensitandidate, sensitive or special status	or adjacent to the sit sitive biological resou	e. Onsite vegeta irces on site nor	tion is non-nat	tive and the
b) Have a substantial adverse effect o any riparian habitat or other	n 🗆			$\boxtimes$

community identified in local or regional plans, policies, and regulations

Less Than Potentially **Less Than** Significant with Issue Significant Significant No Impact Mitigation Impact Impact Incorporated or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service? The project site is developed within an urban area. No such habitats exists on or near the project site. Refer to Response IV (a), above. The project site does not contain any riparian habitat or other identified community, as the site currently supports non-native vegetation. No impacts would occur. Have a substantial adverse effect on federally protected wetlands as defined by section 404 of the Clean Water Act  $\Box$  $\Box$  $\boxtimes$ (including but not limited to marsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc.) through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, or other means? There are no wetlands or water of the United States on or near the site. No impacts would occur. d) Interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or with  $\boxtimes$ П established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors, or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites? The project site is urban developed within a residential setting. The project would not impede the movement of any wildlife or the use of any wildlife nursery sites. Therefore, no impacts would occur. Conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological  $\boxtimes$ resources, such as a tree preservation policy or ordinance? Refer to response IV (a), above. The project site is designated Residential. The site is developed and

within a residential setting. The project would not conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources. Therefore, no impacts would occur.

Conflict with the provisions of an adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Community Conservation Plan, or other approved local, regional, or state habitat conservation plan?

 $\boxtimes$ 

The project is located in a developed urban area and is not adjacent to the City's Multi-Habitat Planning Area (MHPA). The project would not conflict with the provisions of an adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Community Conservation Plan or other approved local, regional or state habitat conservation plan. Therefore, no impacts would occur.

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
V. CULTURAL RESOURCES – Would the project:				
a) Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an historical resource as defined in §15064.5?				

The purpose and intent of the Historical Resources Regulations of the Land Development Code (Chapter 14, Division 3, and Article 2) is to protect, preserve and, where damaged, restore the historical resources of San Diego. The regulations apply to all proposed development within the City of San Diego when historical resources are present on the premises. Before approving discretionary projects, CEQA requires the Lead Agency to identify and examine the significant adverse environmental effects which may result from that project. A project that may cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource may have a significant effect on the environment (sections 15064.5(b) and 21084.1). A substantial adverse change is defined as demolition, destruction, relocation, or alteration activities, which would impair historical significance (sections 15064.5(b)(1)). Any historical resource listed in, or eligible to be listed in the California Register of Historical Resources, including archaeological resources, is considered to be historically or culturally significant.

The City of San Diego criteria for determination of historic significance, pursuant to CEQA, is evaluated based upon age (over 45 years), location, context, association with an important event, uniqueness, or structural integrity of the building. Projects requiring the demolition and/or modification of structures that are 45 years or older can result in potential impacts to a historical resource. The existing structure was identified as being over 45 years in age. Consequently, photographic documentation, architectural descriptions, building permit and Assessor's Building Records, City Directory Research and Occupant History, and A Notice of Completion letter for the project site were submitted and reviewed by Plan-Historic staff. City staff determined that the property and/or structures are not individually designated resources and are not located within a designated historic district. In addition, the property does not meet designation criteria as a significant resource under any adopted criteria. No impact would result.

b)	Cause a substantial adverse change in		
	the significance of an archaeological		$\boxtimes$
	resource pursuant to §15064.5?		

Many areas of San Diego County, including mesas and the coast, are known for intense and diverse prehistoric occupation and important archaeological and historical resources. The region has been inhabited by various cultural groups spanning 10,000 years or more. The project area is located within an area identified as sensitive on the City of San Diego Historical Resources Sensitivity Maps. Therefore, a record search of the California Historic Resources Information System (CHRIS) digital database was reviewed to determined presence or absence of potential resources within and/or adjacent to the project site by qualified archaeological City staff. Based on the CHRIS records search, recorded historical resources were not identified within or adjacent to the project site. Furthermore, the project site has been previously graded to allow for the existing development. Therefore, it was determined there is no potential to impact any unique or non-unique historical resources and no further work would be required. No impact would result.

lss	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact			
c)	Directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleontological resource or site or unique geologic feature?				$\boxtimes$			
Californ Deposit	According to the Geology of the San Diego Metropolitan Area, California (1975) published by the California Division of Mines and Geology, the project site appears to be underlain by Old Paralic Deposits (Baypoint Formation), which is assigned a high sensitivity rating for paleontological resources.							
(approx cemento generall unknow marine also bee natural extreme vertebra Accordii yards of formatio	Point Formation is a nearshore mare imately 220,000 years old). Typical eled, fine- to course-grained, massive ally exposed at sea level, so its total the result of the Bay Point formation has proceinvertebrate fossils, primarily mollusten recovered from this rock unit. Received as well as construction-really diverse and well-preserved assentate fossils in the Bay Point Formation of the City of San Diego's Significated for the City of San Diego's Significated as with a high resource sensitivity rological resources, and mitigation wellogical resources, and mitigation wellogical resources.	xposures cor and cross-be lickness and r duced large a sks. However, corded collect elated excava ablages of ma it is assigne ance Determi ofeet (less the	usist of light gray, for dded sandstones. The lationship with use assemble remains of fossilutions. Based upon the invertebrate dahigh resource mation Thresholds an 10 feet if the sesult in a significal	Triable to partion The formation inderlying for blages of well-marine vertebermation include the occurren fossils and rasensitivity.	ially in is mations is preserved brates have de both ces of re			
inches.	grading would require approximatel Therefore, the project would not exc would result.	-			•			
d)	Disturb human remains, including those interred outside of dedicated cemeteries?							
The area to be impacted by the project has been heavily disturbed by grading for the original construction, and the potential for subsurface deposits to remain in these areas is extremely low. While there is a very low possibility of encountering human remains during subsequent project construction activities, it is noted that activities would be required to comply with state regulations that are intended to preclude impacts to human remains. Per CEQA Section 15064.5(e), the California Public Resources Code (Section 5097.98) and State Health and Safety Code (Section 7050.5), if human remains are discovered during construction, work would be required to halt in that area, and no soil would be exported off-site until a determination could be made regarding the provenance of the human remains via the County Coroner and other authorities as required.								
VI. ENEF	RGY – Would the project:							
a)	Result in potentially significant environmental impact due to wasteful,			$\boxtimes$				

Potentially Less Than
Potentially Significant with Less Than
Issue Significant Mitigation Impact
Impact Incorporated

inefficient, or unnecessary consumption of energy resources, during project construction or operation?

The project would be required to meet mandatory energy standards of the current California energy code. Construction of the accessory dwelling unit would require operation of heavy equipment but would be temporary and short-term in duration. Additionally, long-term energy usage from the building would be reduced through design measures that incorporate energy conservation features in heating, ventilation and air conditioning systems, lighting and window treatments, and insulation and weather stripping. The project would also incorporate cool-roofing materials and solar panels. Development of the project would not result in a significant environmental impact due to wasteful, inefficient, or unnecessary consumption of energy resources. Impacts would remain less than significant.

signific		or armecessary consumption or e	inergy resour	rees. Impacts wou	ind remain les	3 chan
b)	pla	nflict with or obstruct a state or local n for renewable energy or energy iciency?				
Plan's la (CAP) b state o	and y im r loc	a., above. The project is consister use designation. The project is als plementing energy reducing desi al plan for renewable energy or e	so required i gn measures	n comply with the s, therefore the pr	City's Climate oject would n	e Action Plan
a)		pose people or structures to potential sub olving:	ostantial adverse	e effects, including the	risk of loss, injur	y, or death
	i)	Rupture of a known earthquake fault, as delineated on the most recent Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Map issued by the State Geologist for the area or based on other substantial evidence of a known fault? Refer to Division of Mines and Geology Special Publication 42.				

The project site is located within a seismically active southern California region, and is potentially subject to moderate to strong seismic ground shaking along major earthquake faults. Seismic shaking at the site could be generated by any number of known active and potentially active faults in the region. The project would be required to comply with seismic requirement of the California Building Code, utilize proper engineering design and standard construction practices, to be verified at the building permit stage, in order to ensure that would reduce impacts to people or structures to an acceptable level of risk. Therefore, impacts would be less than significant.

Issue		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
ii)	Strong seismic ground shaking?			$\boxtimes$	
located throutilization o reduce the	old be affected by seismic activity oughout the Southern California of standard construction practice potential impacts associated with mpacts would be less than signif	area. Impler s, to be verif h seismic gro	nentation of propelied at the building	r engineering permit stage,	design and would
iii)	Seismic-related ground failure, including liquefaction?				
causing the Building Coo Implementa be verified a	n generally occurs when loose, u soils to lose cohesion. The proje de that would reduce impacts to ation of proper engineering design at the building permit stage, wou gards would remain less than sig	ect would be people or s gn and utiliza Ild ensure th	required to comply tructures to an acce ation of standard co	with the Cali eptable level onstruction p	ifornia of risk. ractices, to
iv)	Landslides?			$\boxtimes$	
grading, the design and would ensu	copography, the absence of signic potential for landslides is considutilization of standard constructive that the potential for impacts as than significant.	dered neglig	ible. Implementations, to be verified at the	on of proper one building po	engineering ermit stage,
,	ult in substantial soil erosion or the sof topsoil?				
The project implementa required to Standards, viewels. Furth consistent vierosion or least terms of the project	and construction activities would would be required to comply wintion of appropriate best manage comply with the City of San Diegwhich would ensure soil erosion permore, permanent storm wate with the City's regulations. There was of topsoil, therefore impacts	th the City's ement pract go Grading C and topsoil r BMPs wou fore, the pro	Storm Water Stand ices (BMPs). Gradin ordinance as well as loss is minimized to ld also be required ject would not resu	ards, which r g activities wo the Storm W b less than sig post-constru	equires the ould be /ater gnificant ction
tha uns pot lan	located on a geologic unit or soil t is unstable, or that would become stable as a result of the project, and entially result in on- or off-site dslide, lateral spreading, subsidence, lefaction or collapse?			$\boxtimes$	

As discussed in Section VI(a) and VI(b), the project site has a negligible potential to be subject to landslides, and the potential for liquefaction and subsidence is negligible. The project design would

Issue		Significant Impact	Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Significant Impact	No Impact
be required to comply wi associated with expansiv due to expansive soils are	e soils would be re	duced to an a	cceptable level of	•	
d) Be located on expar in Table 18-1-B of th Code (1994), creatin to life or property?	e Uniform Building			$\boxtimes$	
The project site is considerable comply with requirement structures due to local seengineering design and upermit stage, would ensuremain less than signification.	s of the California ismic events to an tilization of standare that the potenti	Building Code acceptable le rd construction	that would reduction that would reduction that would reduce the that would reduce the that would reduce the the the that would reduce the the the that would reduce the the the the the the the the the th	te impacts to presentation of preserving tentation of preserving the	people or roper e building
e) Have soils incapable supporting the use of alternative waste was systems where sewe for the disposal of w	of septic tanks or ater disposal ers are not available			$\boxtimes$	
The project site is located water and sewer lines) ar require the construction serve the project. No imp	nd does not propos of any new facilitie: act would occur.	se any septic s s as it relates	system. In addition	n, the project o	does not
a) Generate greenhous	se gas emissions,				

**Potentially** 

Less Than

**Less Than** 

The CAP Consistency Checklist is utilized to ensure project-by-project consistency with the underlying assumptions in the CAP and to ensure that the City would achieve its emission reduction targets identified in the CAP. The CAP Consistency Checklist includes a three-step process to determine project if the project would result in a GHG impact. Step 1 consists of an evaluation to determine the project's consistency with existing General Plan, Community Plan, and zoning designations for the site. Step 2 consists of an evaluation of the project's design features compliance with the CAP strategies. Step 3 is only applicable if a project is not consistent with the land use and/or zone, but is also in a transit priority area to allow for more intensive development than assumed in the CAP.

П

П

 $\bowtie$ 

either directly or indirectly, that may

have a significant impact on the

environment?

Under Step 1 of the CAP Consistency Checklist, the project is consistent with the existing General Plan and La Jolla Community Plan land use designations and zoning for the site. Therefore, the project is consistent with the growth projections and land use assumptions used in the CAP. Furthermore, completion of Step 2 of the CAP Consistency Checklist demonstrates that the project

Potentially Less Than
Potentially Significant with Less Than
Issue Significant Mitigation Impact
Impact Incorporated

would be consistent with applicable strategies and actions for reducing GHG emissions. This includes project features consistent with the energy and water efficient buildings strategy, as well as bicycling, walking, transit, and land use strategy. These project features would be assured as a condition of project approval. Thus, the project is consistent with the CAP. Step 3 of the CAP Consistency Checklist would not be applicable, as the project is not proposing a land use amendment or a rezone.

Based on the project's consistency with the City's CAP Consistency Checklist, the project's contribution of GHGs to cumulative statewide emissions would be less than cumulatively considerable. Therefore, the project's direct and cumulative GHG emissions would have a less than significant impact on the environment.

b)	Conflict with an applicable plan, policy, or regulation adopted for the purpose of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gases?			
Refer to	Section VII (a). Impacts would be les	s than signif	icant.	
IX. HAZA	ARDS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS – Would th	ne project:		
a)	Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials?			

Project construction activities may involve the use and transport of hazardous materials. These materials may include fuels, oils, mechanical fluids, and other chemicals used during construction. Transportation, storage, use, and disposal of hazardous materials during construction activities would be required to comply with applicable federal, state, and local statutes and regulations. Compliance would ensure that human health and the environment are not exposed to hazardous materials. Therefore, no significant impacts would occur during construction activities.

The operational phase of the project would occur after construction is completed. The project includes residential uses that are compatible with surrounding uses. Residential uses do not routinely transport, use, or dispose of hazardous materials, or present a reasonably foreseeable release of hazardous materials, with the potential exception of common commercial grade hazardous materials such as household and commercial cleaners, paint, etc. The project would not create a significant hazard through the routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials, nor would a significant hazard to the public or to the environment through the reasonably foreseeable upset and accidental conditions involving the likely release of hazardous materials into the environment occur. Therefore, the proposed project would not create a significant hazard to the public or the environment and any impacts would be less than significant.

b)	Create a significant hazard to the public			
	or the environment through reasonably		$\bowtie$	
	foreseeable upset and accident			
	conditions involving the release of			

Is	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	hazardous materials into the environment?				
Refer to	o IX (a), above. Impacts would be less	s than signifi	cant.		
c)	Emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste within one-quarter mile of an existing or proposed school?				
hazardo describ	ned in VII (a) and (b) above, the projous materials. La Jolla High School is ed conditions no impacts related to nees within one-quarter mile of a schant.	located with emitting or h	nin one-quarter mile nandling hazardous	e of the site. E materials wa	Based on the ste or
d)	Be located on a site which is included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code section 65962.5 and, as a result, would it create a significant hazard to the public or the environment?				
65962.5 identifie	h of potential hazardous materials s 5 was completed for the project site. ed on a list of hazardous materials s ant hazard to the public or environm	Based on th ites. As such	e searches conduct	ted, the proje	ct site is not
e)	For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two mile of a public airport or public use airport, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?				
	oject is not located within an airport use airport. No impact would result.	land use pla	n, or within two mil	es of a public	airport or
f)	For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?				$\boxtimes$
	o response VIII (e) above. The project	t site is not ir	n proximity to any p	rivate airstrip	. Therefore,
g)	Impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency				$\boxtimes$

**Less Than** Potentially **Less Than** Significant with Issue Significant Significant No Impact Mitigation Impact Impact Incorporated response plan or emergency evacuation plan? The project would not impair the implementation of, or physically interfere with, an adopted emergency response plan or evacuation plan. No roadway improvements are proposed that would interfere with circulation or access, and all construction would take place on-site. No impacts would occur. Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires, including  $\boxtimes$ where wildlands are adjacent to urbanized areas or where residences are intermixed with wildlands? The project is located within a developed neighborhood. There are no wildlands on or adjacent to the project site. No impact would occur. X. HYDROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY - Would the project: Violate any water quality standards or П П  $\boxtimes$ waste discharge requirements? The project was reviewed for all applicable water quality standards and water discharge requirements by City Engineering staff. In addition, all runoff would be routed to the existing City of San Diego public conveyance system (curb and gutters). Compliance with the City of San Diego's Storm Water Standards and Best Management Practices would ensure that water quality impacts would remain below a level of significance. b) Substantially deplete groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that there would be a net deficit in aquifer volume or a lowering of the local groundwater  $\boxtimes$ table level (e.g., the production rate of pre-existing nearby wells would drop to a level which would not support existing land uses or planned uses for which permits have been granted)? The project does not require the construction of wells or the use of groundwater. Therefore, the project would not substantially deplete groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge. The project is located in an urban neighborhood where all infrastructures exist. The project would connect to the existing public water system. No impact would result. Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of  $\bowtie$ a stream or river, in a manner, which would result in substantial erosion or

siltation on- or off-site?

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact

There are no streams or rivers located on-site and thus, no such resources would be impacted through the proposed grading activities. The project would not substantially increase the amount of discharge and would not alter the overall drainage pattern. Although grading would be required for the project, the project would implement BMPs to ensure that substantial erosion or siltation on or off-site would not occur. Impacts would be less than significant.

OII-SILE	would not occur. Impacts would be	iess triair signi	ilcaric.		
d)	Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, or substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner, which would result in flooding on- or off-site?			$\boxtimes$	
area, or flooding away to	o XI(c), the project would not significe substantially increase the rate or a gon- or off-site. Although site draing owards the existing City of San Diego Municipal Code Section 143.0142(f).	mount of surfa age would be a public convey	ice runoff in a m litered slightly, t vance system an	anner that wou he flows would d would compl	uld result in be directed
e)	Create or contribute runoff water, which would exceed the capacity of existing or planned stormwater drainage systems or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff?				
constru quality systems	oject would be required to comply wattion. Appropriate best management is not degraded; therefore, ensuring s. Any runoff from the site is not and sor provide substantial additional sant.	nt practices wo g that project r icipated to exc	ould be impleme unoff is directed seed the capacity	nted to ensure to appropriate of existing sto	that water drainage rm water
f)	Otherwise substantially degrade water quality?				
both du	o Section IX (a). The project would be uring and after construction, using a that water quality is not degraded.	ppropriate bes	t management	practices that w	
g)	Place housing within a 100-year flood hazard area as mapped on a federal Flood Hazard Boundary or Flood Insurance Rate Map or other flood hazard delineation map?				$\boxtimes$

The project site is not located within a 100-year flood hazard area or any other known flood area. Therefore, no impacts would occur.

Iss	ue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact		
h)	Place within a 100-year flood hazard area, structures that would impede or redirect flood flows?						
	The project site is not located within a 100-year flood hazard area or any other known flood area. Therefore, no impacts would occur.						
XI. LAND	USE AND PLANNING – Would the project:						
a)	Physically divide an established community?				$\boxtimes$		
commun nature of physical	The project is compatible with the surrounding development and permitted by the General Plan, community plan land use and zoning designations. The project would not substantially change the nature of the surrounding area and would not introduce any barriers or project features that could physically divide the community. Thus, the project would result in no impact related to physically dividing an established community. No impact would occur.						
b)	Conflict with any applicable land use plan, policy, or regulation of an agency with jurisdiction over the project (including but not limited to the general plan, specific plan, local coastal program, or zoning ordinance) adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect?						
not conf	The project is consistent with the underlying zone and the land use designation. The project would not conflict with any applicable land use plan, policy, or regulation of an agency with jurisdiction over the project (including but not limited to the general plan, community plan, or zoning ordinance) adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect. No impact would result.						
c)	Conflict with any applicable habitat conservation plan or natural community conservation plan?						
The project is located within a developed neighborhood and would not conflict with any applicable habitat conservation plan or natural community conservation plan. No impact would occur.							
XII. MINE	RAL RESOURCES – Would the project:						
a)	Result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region and the residents of the state?						

There are no known mineral resources located on the project site. The urbanized and developed nature of the project site and vicinity would preclude the extraction of any such resources. No impact would result.

lss	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
b)	Result in the loss of availability of a locally important mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan or other land use plan?				$\boxtimes$
use plar	a), above. The project site has not be n as a locally important mineral reso I with project implementation. Ther	ource recover	y site, and no such	resources w	
XIII. NOI	SE – Would the project result in:				
a)	Generation of, noise levels in excess of standards established in the local general plan or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies?			$\boxtimes$	
levels in recepto constru constru which a complia	Construction-related short-term no the project area but would no long rs (e.g. residential uses) occur in the ction noise; however, construction a ction hours specified in the City's M re intended to reduce potential adv ince to the City's noise ordinance, proficiant.	er occur once immediate a activities woul unicipal Code erse effects re	construction is core rea and may be te d be required to core (Section 59.5.040 esulting from cons	ompleted. Ser emporarily aff comply with the 4, Construction ctruction noise	esitive ected by ne n Noise) e. With
project result ir Noise O	long-term, typical noise levels assoc would not result in an increase in th n noise levels in excess of standards ordinance. No significant long-term i nificant.	ne existing am established in	bient noise level. In the City of San D	The project w iego General	ould not Plan or
b)	Generation of, excessive ground borne vibration or ground borne noise levels?				
are not potentia	ring activities that would potentially anticipated with construction of the al effects from construction noise wordinance. Impacts would be less that	project. As dould be reduc	escribed in Respo	nse to XII (a) a	bove,
c)	A substantial permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project?			$\boxtimes$	

The project would not significantly increase long-term noise levels. The project would not introduce a new land use, or significantly increase the intensity of the allowed land use. Post-construction

ı	ssue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
Theref	evels and traffic would not substantia ore, no substantial permanent increas cant impact would occur.				
d)	A substantial temporary or periodic increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above existing without the project?				
noise l but wo genera once c Diego Code v	oject would not expose people to a suevels. Construction noise would result ould be temporary in nature. Construction be higher than existing ambient not onstruction is completed. In addition, Municipal Code, Article 9.5, Noise Abayould reduce potential impacts from a stan significant level.	t during grad tion-related bise levels in the project v tement and (	ing, demolition, ar noise impacts fror the project area b vould be required Control. Complian	nd construction the project was the project would no lot to comply with the Mu	n activities, vould onger occur h the San unicipal
e)	For a project located within an airport land use plan, or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport would the project expose people residing or working in the area to excessive noise levels?				
airport	are no airports located within two miles being Marine Corps Air Station (MCA ated with the implementation of the p	S) Miramar. ٦	The risk of aircraft	related noise	exposure
f)	For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?				
The pr	oject is not located within the vicinity	of a private a	irstrip. No impact	would occur.	
XIV. PC	DPULATION AND HOUSING – Would the project:	:			
a)	Induce substantial population growth in an area, either directly (for example, by proposing new homes and businesses) or indirectly (for example, through extension of roads or other infrastructure)?				

Less Than

The project is located within a developed residential neighborhood and is surrounded by similar development. The project site currently receives services from the City, and no extension of

		Impact	Incorporated	impact	
	ucture to new areas is required. As su in the area. Impacts would be less tha			ice substantia	l population
b)	Displace substantial numbers of existing housing, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?				
	n displacement would result. The proj d a companion unit would be constru		-		sidential
c)	Displace substantial numbers of people, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?				$\boxtimes$
	n displacement would result. The proj d a companion unit would be constru		-		sidential
XV. PUB	LIC SERVICES				
a)	Would the project result in substantial adver physically altered governmental facilities, nec construction of which could cause significant rations, response times or other performance	ed for new or phy t environmental i	sically altered gover mpacts, in order to m	nmental facilities, naintain acceptab	the
	i) Fire protection			$\boxtimes$	
would c protecti	ject site is located in an urbanized are ontinue to be served by the City. The on services to the area and would no nental facilities. Impacts to fire prote	project would t require the	d not adversely a construction of n	ffect existing l ew or expand	evels of fire
	ii) Police protection			$\boxtimes$	
site wou police p	ject site is located in an urbanized are uld continue to be served by the City. rotection services to the area and wo nental facilities. Impacts to fire protec	The project vould not requi	vould not advers	ely affect exist on of new or e	ting levels of
	iii) Schools				

Potentially

Significant

Impact

Issue

Less Than

Significant with

Mitigation

**Less Than** 

Significant

Impact

No Impact

The project would not affect existing levels of public services and would not require the construction or expansion of a school facility. The project site is located in an urbanized and developed area where public school services are available. The project would not significantly increase the demand on public schools over that which currently exists and is not anticipated to result in a significant increase in demand for public educational services. Impacts would be less than significant.

Iss	ue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	iv) Parks			$\boxtimes$	
available regional to result	ject site is located in an urbanized a e. The project would not significantly parks or other recreational facilities t in a significant increase in demand e less than significant.	y increase the s over that w	e demand on exist hich presently exis	ing neighborh ts and is not a	ood or inticipated
	v) Other public facilities			$\boxtimes$	
available	ject site is located in an urbanized a e. The project would not adversely a the construction or expansion of an nificant.	iffect existing	levels of other pu	blic facilities a	nd not
XVI. REC	REATION				
a)	Would the project increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be accelerated?				
recreation would not would not recreation or facility	ject would not adversely affect the a onal resources. The project would n ot require the construction or expan ot significantly increase the use of e onal facilities. Therefore, the project ies such that substantial deteriorati on of recreational facilities to satisfy	ot adversely nsion of an e existing neigh is not antici on occurs, or	affect existing leve xisting governmen borhood or region pated to result in the that would require	ls of public se tal facility. The al parks or ot ne use of avai e the construe	rvices and e project her able parks ction or
5)	facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities, which might have an adverse physical effect on the environment?				
	XV (a) above. The project does not nsion of any such facilities.	propose reci	eation facilities no	r require the	construction
XVII. TRA	NSPORTATION/TRAFFIC – Would the project:	?			
a)	Would the project or plan/policy conflict with an adopted program, plan, ordinance or policy addressing the transportation system, including transit, roadways, bicycle and pedestrian facilities?				

Potentially Less Than
Issue Significant Mitigation Significant No Impact
Impact Incorporated

conflict	ject would not change existing circula with any applicable plan, ordinance, c nance of the circulation system. There	or policy es	tablishing measure		
b)	Would the project or plan/policy result in VMT exceeding thresholds identified in the City of San Diego Transportation Study Manual?				
develop drivewa screenir analysis	ject would construct a single-family rement. A "Small Project" is defined as a y trips using the City of San Diego triping criteria, the project qualifies as a "Soft The project is presumed to have a lempacts would be less than significant	a project ge o generation Small Project ess than sig	enerating less than n rates/procedures ct" and is screened	300 daily una s. Based upon out from furt	djusted the her VMT
c)	Would the project or plan/policy substantially increase hazards due to a design feature (e.g., sharp curves or dangerous intersections) or incompatible uses (e.g., farm equipment)?				$\boxtimes$
develop the land	ject would construct a companion un ment. Overall, the project complies w I use and underlying zoning. Addition uld substantially increase hazards. No	ith the La J ally, the pro	olla Community Pla oject does not inclu	an and is cons	sistent with
d)	Result in inadequate emergency access?				
constru site wou or physi	te emergency access would be provided the providenction operating protocols) and long-teally be provided from Bonair Street. As it cally interfere with an adopted emergonal would be less than significant.	erm operati s such, the	ions of the project. project would not	Emergency a mpair implen	ccess to the nentation of
cultural geograp	RIBAL CULTURAL RESOURCES – Would the proj resource, defined in Public Resources Code sec hically defined in terms of the size and scope of ia Native American tribe, and that is:	ction 21074 as	either a site, feature, p	lace, cultural lan	dscape that is
a)	Listed or eligible for listing in the California Register of Historical Resources, or in a local register of historical resources as defined in Public Resources Code section 5020.1(k), or				$\boxtimes$

Potentially Less Than
Potentially Significant with Less Than
Issue Significant Mitigation Impact
Impact Incorporated

The project would not cause a substantial adverse effect to tribal cultural resources, as there are no recorded sites listed or sites eligible for listing in the California Register of Historical Resources, or in a local register of historical resources as defined by the Public Resources Code. No impact would result.

b)	A resource determined by the lead agency, in its discretion and supported by substantial evidence, to be significant pursuant to criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Public Resources Code section 5024.1. In applying the criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of	$\boxtimes$	
	Public Resource Code section 5024.1, the lead agency shall consider the		
	significance of the resource to a California Native American tribe.		

Tribal Cultural Resources include sites, features, places, cultural landscapes, and sacred places or objects that have cultural value or significance to a Native American Tribe. Tribal Cultural Resources include "non-unique archaeological resources" that, instead of being important for "scientific" value as a resource, can also be significant because of the sacred and/or cultural tribal value of the resource. Tribal representatives are considered experts appropriate for providing substantial evidence regarding the locations, types, and significance of tribal cultural resources within their traditionally and cultural affiliated geographic area (PRC § 21080.3.1(a)).

In accordance with the requirements of PRC Section 21080.3.1, Assembly Bill (AB) 52, the City notified Native American tribes that are traditionally and culturally affiliated with the project area. The tribes were sent notification letters on November 15, 2020 informing them of the proposed project and asking them of any knowledge or information about tribal cultural resources they may have about the project area. One Tribe requested implementation of Native American monitoring during the project's ground-disturbing activities. No additional Tribal Cultural Resources were identified during consultation.

A Mitigation, Monitoring, and Reporting Program as detailed in Section V of the Mitigated negative Declaration would be required. With implementation of the monitoring program, potential impacts on tribal cultural resources would be reduced to below a level of significance.

XIX. UTILIT	TIES AND SERVICE SYSTEMS – Would the pr	oject:		
,	Exceed wastewater treatment requirements of the applicable Regional Water Quality Control Board?			

Implementation of the project would not interrupt existing sewer service to the project site or other surrounding development. The project is not anticipated to generate significant amount of wastewater. Wastewater facilities used by the project would be operated in accordance with the applicable wastewater treatment requirements of the Regional Water Quality Control Board

ls	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
-	B). Existing sewer infrastructure exist te services are available to serve the				
b)	Require or result in the construction of new water or wastewater treatment facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?				
	l (a) above. Adequate services are av the construction or expansion of exi				ld not
c)	Require or result in the construction of new storm water drainage facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?				
constru effects.	oject would not exceed the capacity of ection of new or expanded treatment The project was reviewed by qualifie equately sized to accommodate the p	facilities of vertex of vertex for the facilities of vertex for the facili	which would cause who determined the	significant er at the existing	nvironmental g facilities
d)	Have sufficient water supplies available to serve the project from existing entitlements and resources, or are new or expanded entitlements needed?				$\boxtimes$
prepare the City	oject does not meet the CEQA significate a water supply assessment. The exist, and adequate services are available nents. No impact would result.	sting project	site currently rece	ives water se	rvice from
e)	Result in a determination by the wastewater treatment provider which serves or may serve the project that it has adequate capacity to serve the project's projected demand in addition to the provider's existing commitments?				
Adequa	uction of the project would not adversore services are available to serve the swould result.	-	_		
f)	Be served by a landfill with sufficient permitted capacity to accommodate the project's solid waste disposal needs?			$\boxtimes$	

Potentially Less Than
Potentially Significant with Significant No Impact
Impact Impact
Incorporated

The project would be served by a landfill with sufficient permitted capacity to accommodate the project's disposal needs. Construction debris and waste would be generated from the construction of the new residential unit. All construction waste from the project site would be transported to an appropriate facility, which would have adequate capacity to accept the limited amount of waste that would be generated by the project. Long-term operation of the proposed residential unit would be anticipated to generate typical amounts of solid waste associated with residential use. Furthermore, the project would be required to comply with the City's Municipal Code (including the Refuse and Recyclable Materials Storage Regulations (Municipal Code Chapter 14, Article 2, Division 8), Recycling Ordinance (Municipal Code Chapter 6, Article 6, Division 7), and the Construction and Demolition (C&D) Debris Deposit Ordinance (Municipal Code Chapter 6, Article 6, Division 6)) for diversion of both construction waste during the demolition phase and solid waste during the long-term, operational phase. Impacts are considered to be less than significant.

Ordinar (C&D) D both co	nce (Municipal Code Chapter 6, Art lebris Deposit Ordinance (Municipa nstruction waste during the demo onal phase. Impacts are considere	icle 6, Division al Code Chapte lition phase an	7), and the Const r 6, Article 6, Div d solid waste dui	cruction and De ision 6)) for dive	molition ersion of
g)	Comply with federal, state, and local statutes and regulation related to solid waste?				
waste. I or requi during t required during t	ject would comply with all Federal, The project would not result in the ire the transport of hazardous was the construction phase. All demolitments for diversion of both construction phase. It he long-term, operational phase. It	generation of ste materials, o sion activities w uction waste d	large amounts of ther than minimon ould comply with uring the demoli	solid waste, no al amounts gen any City of Sa	or generate erated n Diego
XX. WILE	DFIRE – Would the project:				
a)	Substantially impair an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan?				
region's Mitigation SDHMP The pro currently vehicles	7 San Diego County Multi-Jurisdict plan toward greater disaster resil on Act of 2000. The project would . Per Action 1.D.6, High fire hazard ject site is located in a previously of serving the site. Additionally, the straightful the project would not it it is located emergence.	ience in accord not conflict wit areas shall had developed area project would conflict with e	ance with section  h the goals, object  ve adequate acces  with existing inf  provide adequate  mergency respon	n 322 of the Discitives, and actions of a constant of the Cons	saster ons of the ncy vehicles. I facilities nergency

b) Due to slope, prevailing winds, and other factors, exacerbate wildfire risks, and thereby expose project occupants to, pollutant concentrations from a wildfire or the uncontrolled spread of wildfire?

The project site is generally flat, located within an existing urban neighborhood surrounded by residential uses and is not located in a Very High Fire Severity Zone. Due to the location of the

izzne	Impact	Mitigation Incorporated	Impact	No impact
project, the project would not have the po from a wildfire or the uncontrolled spread	•			
c) Require the installation or maintenance of associated infrastructure (such as roads, fuel breaks, emergency water sources, power lines or other utilities) that may exacerbate fire risk or that may result in temporary or ongoing impacts to the environment?				
The project is currently served by existing after construction. The project area has ac infrastructure is proposed to support the result.	dequate fire hyd	drant services ar	d street access.	. No new
d) Expose people or structures to significant risks, including downslope or downstream flooding or landslides, as a result of runoff, post-fire slope instability, or drainage changes?				$\boxtimes$
The project area is within developed urban Landscape Regulations and Land Develop structures to significant risk from flooding drainage changes. Therefore, no impacts w	ment Code. The or landslide as	project would r	not expose peop	ole or
XXI. MANDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE -				
a) Does the project have the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory?				

Potentially

Significant

Issue

**Less Than** 

Significant with

**Less Than** 

Significant

No Impact

As documented in this Initial Study, the project may have the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, notably with respect to Tribal Cultural Resources. As such, mitigation measures have been incorporated to reduce impacts to less than significant as outlined within the Initial Study.

ls	ssue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
b)	Does the project have impacts that are individually limited but cumulatively considerable ("cumulatively considerable" means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable future projects)?				

CEQA Guidelines Section 15064(i) states that a Lead Agency shall consider whether the cumulative impact of a project is significant and whether the effects of the project are cumulatively considerable. The assessment of the significance of the cumulative effects of a project must, therefore, be conducted in connection with the effects of past projects, other current projects, and probable future projects. Cumulative environmental impacts are those impacts that by themselves are not significant, but when considered with impacts occurring from other projects in the vicinity would result in a cumulative impact. Related projects considered to have the potential of creating cumulative impacts in association with the project consist of projects that are reasonably foreseeable and that would be constructed or operated during the life of the project. The project would be located in a developed area that is largely built out. No other construction projects are anticipated in the immediate area of the project.

As documented in this Initial Study, the project may have the potential to degrade the environment as a result of Tribal Cultural Resources impacts, which may have cumulatively considerable impacts when viewed in connection with the effects of other potential projects in the area. As such, mitigation measures have been identified to fully mitigate and reduce impacts to a less than significant level. Other future projects within the surrounding area would be required to comply with applicable local, State, and Federal regulations to reduce potential impacts to less than significant, or to the extent possible. As such, the project is not anticipated to contribute to potentially significant cumulative environmental impacts. Project impacts would be less than significant.

c)	Does the project have environmental		
	effects that will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings,		
	either directly or indirectly?		

As discussed throughout this document, it is not anticipated that the construction and operation of the project would cause environmental effects that would significantly directly or indirectly impact human beings. All impacts identified as being significant have been mitigated to below a level of significance. For this reason, all environmental effects fall below the thresholds established by the City of San Diego. Impacts would be less than significant.

## INITIAL STUDY CHECKLIST REFERENCES

I. □ ⊠	Aesthetics / Neighborhood Character City of San Diego General Plan Community Plans: La Jolla Community Plan and Local Coastal Program Land Use Plan
<b>II.</b> ⊠ □ □	Agricultural Resources & Forest Resources City of San Diego General Plan U.S. Department of Agriculture, Soil Survey - San Diego Area, California, Part I and II, 1973 California Agricultural Land Evaluation and Site Assessment Model (1997) Site Specific Report:
.       	Air Quality California Clean Air Act Guidelines (Indirect Source Control Programs) 1990 Regional Air Quality Strategies (RAQS) - APCD Site Specific Report:
IV.	Biology City of San Diego, Multiple Species Conservation Program (MSCP), Subarea Plan, 1997 City of San Diego, MSCP, "Vegetation Communities with Sensitive Species and Vernal Pools' Maps, 1996 City of San Diego, MSCP, "Multiple Habitat Planning Area" maps, 1997 Community Plan - Resource Element California Department of Fish and Game, California Natural Diversity Database, "State and Federally-listed Endangered, Threatened, and Rare Plants of California," January 2001 California Department of Fish and Game, California Natural Diversity Database, "State and Federally-listed Endangered and Threatened Animals of California, "January 2001 City of San Diego Land Development Code Biology Guidelines Site Specific Report:
<b>v.</b> ⊠ □ □	Historical Resources City of San Diego Historical Resources Guidelines City of San Diego Archaeology Library Historical Resources Board List Community Historical Survey: Site Specific Report:
<b>VI.</b> ⊠ □	Geology/Soils City of San Diego Seismic Safety Study U.S. Department of Agriculture Soil Survey - San Diego Area, California, Part I and II, December 1973 and Part III, 1975 Site Specific Report:
VII. ⊠	Greenhouse Gas Emissions Site Specific Report: Climate Action Plan Consistency Checklist

	San Diego County Hazardous Materials Environmental Assessment Listing San Diego County Hazardous Materials Management Division FAA Determination State Assessment and Mitigation, Unauthorized Release Listing, Public Use Authorized Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan Site Specific Report:
IX.	Hydrology/Drainage Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA), National Flood Insurance Program-Flood Boundary and Floodway Map Clean Water Act Section 303(b) list, http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/tmdl/303d_lists.html Site Specific Report:
<b>x.</b>	Land Use and Planning City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan City of San Diego Zoning Maps FAA Determination: Other Plans:
<b>XI.</b>	Mineral Resources California Department of Conservation - Division of Mines and Geology, Mineral Land Classification Division of Mines and Geology, Special Report 153 - Significant Resources Maps City of San Diego General Plan: Conservation Element Site Specific Report:
XII.	Noise City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan San Diego International Airport - Lindbergh Field CNEL Maps Brown Field Airport Master Plan CNEL Maps Montgomery Field CNEL Maps San Diego Association of Governments - San Diego Regional Average Weekday Traffic Volumes San Diego Metropolitan Area Average Weekday Traffic Volume Maps, SANDAG Site Specific Report:
XIII. ⊠ □	Paleontological Resources City of San Diego Paleontological Guidelines Deméré, Thomas A., and Stephen L. Walsh, "Paleontological Resources City of San Diego," Department of Paleontology San Diego Natural History Museum, 1996

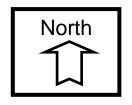
	Kennedy, Michael P., and Gary L. Peterson, "Geology of the San Diego Metropolitan Area, California. Del Mar, La Jolla, Point Loma, La Mesa, Poway, and SW 1/4 Escondido 7 1/2 Minute Quadrangles," <i>California Division of Mines and Geology Bulletin</i> 200, Sacramento, 1975 Kennedy, Michael P., and Siang S. Tan, "Geology of National City, Imperial Beach and Otay Mesa Quadrangles, Southern San Diego Metropolitan Area, California," Map Sheet 29, 1977 Site Specific Report:
<b>XIV.</b>	Population / Housing City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan Series 11/Series 12 Population Forecasts, SANDAG Other:
<b>XV.</b> □	Public Services City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan
<b>xvi.</b>	Recreational Resources City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan Department of Park and Recreation City of San Diego - San Diego Regional Bicycling Map Additional Resources:
<b>XVII.</b>	Transportation / Circulation City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan: San Diego Metropolitan Area Average Weekday Traffic Volume Maps, SANDAG San Diego Region Weekday Traffic Volumes, SANDAG Site Specific Report:
XVIII.	<b>Utilities</b> Site Specific Report:
XIX.	<b>Water Conservation</b> Sunset Magazine, <i>New Western Garden Book</i> , Rev. ed. Menlo Park, CA: Sunset Magazine
<b>xx.</b>	Water Quality Clean Water Act Section 303(b) list, http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/tmdl/303d_lists.html Site Specific Report:

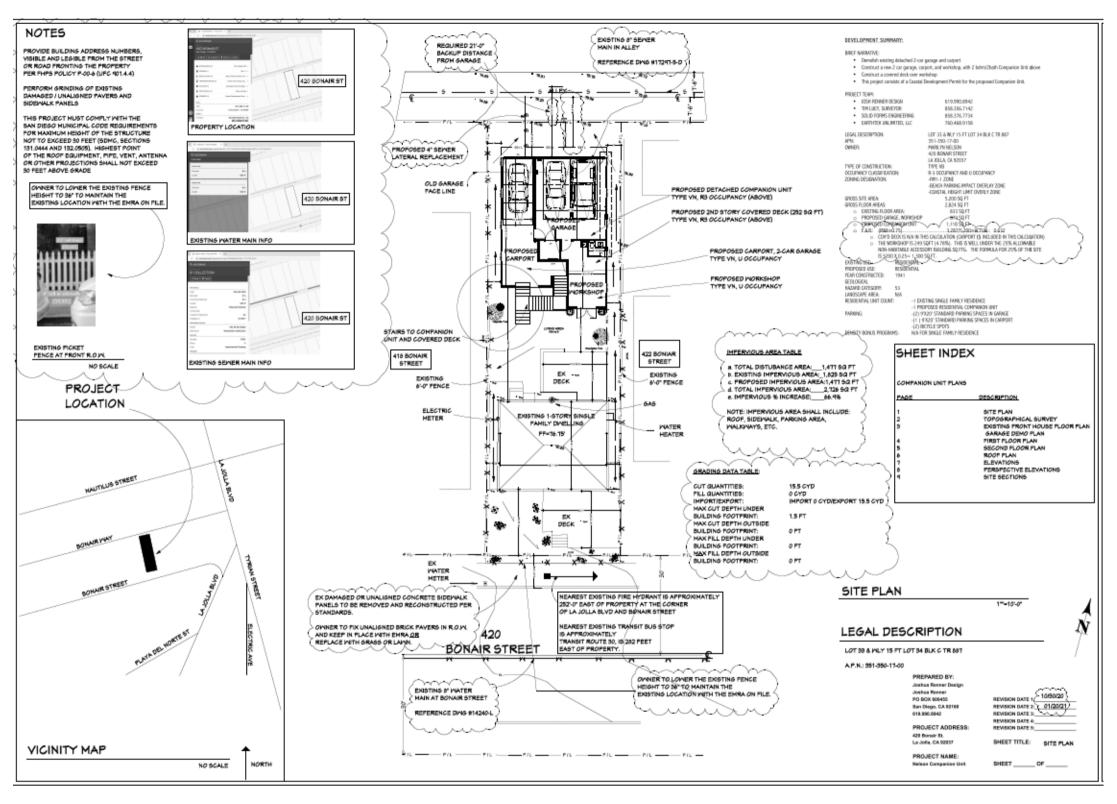




## **Project Location Map**

**Bonair Companion Unit – 420 Bonair Street PROJECT NO. 668517** 







## Site Plan

Bonair Companion Unit- 420 Bonair Street PROJECT NO. 668517

