

MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION

Project No. 674404 SCH No. N/A

SUBJECT:

Abatti Residence CDP: Coastal Development Permit (CDP) to demolish an existing 1,008 square foot residence and construct a new 3,918-square-foot two-story single-family residence with an attached two-car garage. The 0.15-acre site is located at 3404 Bayonne Drive, in the R-1-7 Zone, the Coastal Overlay Zone (Non-Appealable), within the Pacific Beach Community Plan area, Council District 2. (LEGAL DESCRIPTION: Lot 387 in block 19 of Crown Point, in the City of San Diego, County of San Diego, State of California, according to the map thereof No. 1891, filed in the Office of the County Recorder of San Diego County on March 2, 1926) APPLICANT: lames Abatti.

I. PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

See attached Initial Study.

II. ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING:

See attached Initial Study.

III. DETERMINATION:

The City of San Diego conducted an Initial Study which determined that the proposed project could have a significant environmental effect in the following areas(s): Cultural Resources (Archaeology) and Tribal Cultural Resources. Subsequent revisions in the project proposal create the specific mitigation identified in Section V of this Mitigated Negative Declaration. The project as revised now avoids or mitigates the potentially significant environmental effects previously identified, and the preparation of an Environmental Impact Report will not be required.

IV. DOCUMENTATION:

The attached Initial Study documents the reasons to support the above Determination.

V. MITIGATION, MONITORING AND REPORTING PROGRAM:

A. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS – PART I Plan Check Phase (prior to permit issuance)

- 1. Prior to the issuance of a Notice To Proceed (NTP) for a subdivision, or any construction permits, such as Demolition, Grading or Building, or beginning any construction related activity on-site, the Development Services Department (DSD) Director's Environmental Designee (ED) shall review and approve all Construction Documents (CD), (plans, specification, details, etc.) to ensure the MMRP requirements are incorporated into the design.
- 2. In addition, the ED shall verify that the MMRP Conditions/Notes that apply ONLY to the construction phases of this project are included VERBATIM, under the heading, "ENVIRONMENTAL/MITIGATION REQUIREMENTS."
- 3. These notes must be shown within the first three (3) sheets of the construction documents in the format specified for engineering construction document templates as shown on the City website:

http://www.sandiego.gov/development-services/industry/standtemp.shtml

- 4. The **TITLE INDEX SHEET** must also show on which pages the "Environmental/Mitigation Requirements" notes are provided.
- 5. **SURETY AND COST RECOVERY** The Development Services Director or City Manager may require appropriate surety instruments or bonds from private Permit Holders to ensure the long term performance or implementation of required mitigation measures or programs. The City is authorized to recover its cost to offset the salary, overhead, and expenses for City personnel and programs to monitor qualifying projects.
- B. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS PART II

 Post Plan Check (After permit issuance/Prior to start of construction)
- 1. PRE CONSTRUCTION MEETING IS REQUIRED TEN (10) WORKING DAYS PRIOR TO BEGINNING ANY WORK ON THIS PROJECT. The PERMIT HOLDER/OWNER is responsible to arrange and perform this meeting by contacting the CITY RESIDENT ENGINEER (RE) of the Field Engineering Division and City staff from MITIGATION MONITORING COORDINATION (MMC). Attendees must also include the Permit holder's Representative(s), Job Site Superintendent and the following consultants:

Qualified Archaeologist, Native American Monitor

Note:

Failure of all responsible Permit Holder's representatives and consultants to attend shall require an additional meeting with all parties present.

CONTACT INFORMATION:

a) The PRIMARY POINT OF CONTACT is the **RE** at the **Field Engineering Division – 858-627-3200**

- b) For Clarification of ENVIRONMENTAL REQUIREMENTS, it is also required to call **RE and MMC at 858-627-3360**
- **2. MMRP COMPLIANCE:** This Project, Project Tracking System (PTS) #674404 and /or Environmental Document #674404, shall conform to the mitigation requirements contained in the associated Environmental Document and implemented to the satisfaction of the DSD's Environmental Designee (MMC) and the City Engineer (RE). The requirements may not be reduced or changed but may be annotated (i.e. to explain when and how compliance is being met and location of verifying proof, etc.). Additional clarifying information may also be added to other relevant plan sheets and/or specifications as appropriate (i.e., specific locations, times of monitoring, methodology, etc

Note:

Permit Holder's Representatives must alert RE and MMC if there are any discrepancies in the plans or notes, or any changes due to field conditions. All conflicts must be approved by RE and MMC BEFORE the work is performed.

3. OTHER AGENCY REQUIREMENTS: Evidence of compliance with all other agency requirements or permits shall be submitted to the RE and MMC for review and acceptance prior to the beginning of work or within one week of the Permit Holder obtaining documentation of those permits or requirements. Evidence shall include copies of permits, letters of resolution or other documentation issued by the responsible agency.

None Required

4. MONITORING EXHIBITS

All consultants are required to submit, to RE and MMC, a monitoring exhibit on a 11x17 reduction of the appropriate construction plan, such as site plan, grading, landscape, etc., marked to clearly show the specific areas including the **LIMIT OF WORK**, scope of that discipline's work, and notes indicating when in the construction schedule that work will be performed. When necessary for clarification, a detailed methodology of how the work will be performed shall be included.

NOTE:

Surety and Cost Recovery – When deemed necessary by the Development Services Director or City Manager, additional surety instruments or bonds from the private Permit Holder may be required to ensure the long term performance or implementation of required mitigation measures or programs. The City is authorized to recover its cost to offset the salary, overhead, and expenses for City personnel and programs to monitor qualifying projects.

5. OTHER SUBMITTALS AND INSPECTIONS:

The Permit Holder/Owner's representative shall submit all required documentation, verification letters, and requests for all associated inspections to the RE and MMC for approval per the following schedule:

DOCUMENT SUBMITTAL/INSPECTION CHECKLIST					
Issue Area	Document Submittal	Associated			
		Inspection/Approvals/Notes			
General	Consultant Qualification Letters	Prior to Preconstruction Meeting			
General	Consultant Construction	Prior to or at Preconstruction			
	Monitoring Exhibits	Meeting			
Tribal Cultural and	Monitoring Report(s)	Monitoring Report Approval			
Archaeological Resources					
Bond Release	Request for Bond Release Letter	Final MMRP Inspections Prior to			
		Bond Release Letter			

C. SPECIFIC MMRP ISSUE AREA CONDITIONS/REQUIREMENTS

TRIBAL CULTURAL RESOURCES AND CULTURAL RESOURCES (ARCHAEOLOGY) MITIGATION I. Prior to Permit Issuance

- A. Entitlements Plan Check
 - 1.Prior to issuance of any construction permits, including but not limited to, the first Grading Permit, Demolition Plans/Permits and Building Plans/Permits or a Notice to Proceed for Subdivisions, but prior to the first preconstruction meeting, whichever is applicable, the Assistant Deputy Director (ADD) Environmental designee shall verify that the requirements for Archaeological Monitoring and Native American monitoring have been noted on the applicable construction documents through the plan check process.
- B. Letters of Qualification have been submitted to ADD
 - 1.The applicant shall submit a letter of verification to Mitigation Monitoring Coordination (MMC) identifying the Principal Investigator (PI) for the project and the names of all persons involved in the archaeological monitoring program, as defined in the City of San Diego Historical Resources Guidelines (HRG). If applicable, individuals involved in the archaeological monitoring program must have completed the 40-hour HAZWOPER training with certification documentation.
 - 2.MMC will provide a letter to the applicant confirming the qualifications of the PI and all persons involved in the archaeological monitoring of the project meet the qualifications established in the HRG.
 - 3. Prior to the start of work, the applicant must obtain written approval from MMC for any personnel changes associated with the monitoring program.

II. Prior to Start of Construction

- A. Verification of Records Search
 - 1.The PI shall provide verification to MMC that a site specific records search (1/4 mile radius) has been completed. Verification includes, but is not limited to a copy of a confirmation letter from South Coastal Information Center, or, if the search was inhouse, a letter of verification from the PI stating that the search was completed.
 - 2. The letter shall introduce any pertinent information concerning expectations and probabilities of discovery during trenching and/or grading activities.
 - 3. The PI may submit a detailed letter to MMC requesting a reduction to the ¼ mile radius.
- **B.PI Shall Attend Precon Meetings**

- 1.Prior to beginning any work that requires monitoring; the Applicant shall arrange a Precon Meeting that shall include the PI, Native American consultant/monitor (where Native American resources may be impacted), Construction Manager (CM) and/or Grading Contractor, Resident Engineer (RE), Building Inspector (BI), if appropriate, and MMC. The qualified Archaeologist and Native American Monitor shall attend any grading/excavation related Precon Meetings to make comments and/or suggestions concerning the Archaeological Monitoring program with the Construction Manager and/or Grading Contractor.
 - a. If the PI is unable to attend the Precon Meeting, the Applicant shall schedule a focused Precon Meeting with MMC, the PI, RE, CM or BI, if appropriate, prior to the start of any work that requires monitoring.

2.Identify Areas to be Monitored

- a. Prior to the start of any work that requires monitoring, the PI shall submit an Archaeological Monitoring Exhibit (AME) (with verification that the AME has been reviewed and approved by the Native American consultant/monitor when Native American resources may be impacted) based on the appropriate construction documents (reduced to 11x17) to MMC identifying the areas to be monitored including the delineation of grading/excavation limits.
- b. The AME shall be based on the results of a site specific records search as well as information regarding existing known soil conditions (native or formation).

3. When Monitoring Will Occur

- a. Prior to the start of any work, the PI shall also submit a construction schedule to MMC through the RE indicating when and where monitoring will occur.
- b. The PI may submit a detailed letter to MMC prior to the start of work or during construction requesting a modification to the monitoring program. This request shall be based on relevant information such as review of final construction documents which indicate site conditions such as depth of excavation and/or site graded to bedrock, etc., which may reduce or increase the potential for resources to be present.

III. During Construction

- A. Monitor(s) Shall be Present During Grading/Excavation/Trenching
 - 1.The Archaeological Monitor shall be present fulltime during all soil disturbing and grading/excavation/trenching activities which could result in impacts to archaeological resources as identified on the AME. The Construction Manager is responsible for notifying the RE, PI, and MMC of changes to any construction activities such as in the case of a potential safety concern within the area being monitored. In certain circumstances OSHA safety requirements may necessitate modification of the AME.
 - 2.The Native American consultant/monitor shall determine the extent of their presence during soil disturbing and grading/excavation/trenching activities based on the AME and provide that information to the PI and MMC. If prehistoric resources are encountered during the Native American consultant/monitor's absence, work shall stop and the Discovery Notification Process detailed in Section III.B-C and IV.A-D shall commence.

- 3.The PI may submit a detailed letter to MMC during construction requesting a modification to the monitoring program when a field condition such as modern disturbance post-dating the previous grading/trenching activities, presence of fossil formations, or when native soils are encountered that may reduce or increase the potential for resources to be present.
- 4.The archaeological and Native American consultant/monitor shall document field activity via the Consultant Site Visit Record (CSVR). The CSVR's shall be faxed by the CM to the RE the first day of monitoring, the last day of monitoring, monthly (Notification of Monitoring Completion), and in the case of ANY discoveries. The RE shall forward copies to MMC.

B. Discovery Notification Process

- 1.In the event of a discovery, the Archaeological Monitor shall direct the contractor to temporarily divert all soil disturbing activities, including but not limited to digging, trenching, excavating or grading activities in the area of discovery and in the area reasonably suspected to overlay adjacent resources and immediately notify the RE or BI, as appropriate.
- 2. The Monitor shall immediately notify the PI (unless Monitor is the PI) of the discovery.
- 3.The PI shall immediately notify MMC by phone of the discovery, and shall also submit written documentation to MMC within 24 hours by fax or email with photos of the resource in context, if possible.
- 4.No soil shall be exported off-site until a determination can be made regarding the significance of the resource specifically if Native American resources are encountered.

C. Determination of Significance

- 1.The PI and Native American consultant/monitor, where Native American resources are discovered shall evaluate the significance of the resource. If Human Remains are involved, follow protocol in Section IV below.
 - a. The PI shall immediately notify MMC by phone to discuss significance determination and shall also submit a letter to MMC indicating whether additional mitigation is required.
 - b. If the resource is significant, the PI shall submit an Archaeological Data Recovery Program (ADRP) which has been reviewed by the Native American consultant/monitor, and obtain written approval from MMC. Impacts to significant resources must be mitigated before ground disturbing activities in the area of discovery will be allowed to resume. Note: If a unique archaeological site is also an historical resource as defined in CEQA, then the limits on the amount(s) that a project applicant may be required to pay to cover mitigation costs as indicated in CEQA Section 21083.2 shall not apply.
 - c. If the resource is not significant, the PI shall submit a letter to MMC indicating that artifacts will be collected, curated, and documented in the Final Monitoring Report. The letter shall also indicate that that no further work is required.

IV. Discovery of Human Remains

If human remains are discovered, work shall halt in that area and no soil shall be exported off-site until a determination can be made regarding the provenance of the human remains; and the following procedures as set forth in CEQA Section 15064.5(e), the California Public Resources Code (Sec. 5097.98) and State Health and Safety Code (Sec. 7050.5) shall be undertaken:

A. Notification

- 1.Archaeological Monitor shall notify the RE or BI as appropriate, MMC, and the PI, if the Monitor is not qualified as a PI. MMC will notify the appropriate Senior Planner in the Environmental Analysis Section (EAS) of the Development Services Department to assist with the discovery notification process.
- 2.The PI shall notify the Medical Examiner after consultation with the RE, either in person or via telephone.

B. Isolate discovery site

- 1.Work shall be directed away from the location of the discovery and any nearby area reasonably suspected to overlay adjacent human remains until a determination can be made by the Medical Examiner in consultation with the PI concerning the provenance of the remains.
- 2.The Medical Examiner, in consultation with the PI, will determine the need for a field examination to determine the provenance.
- 3.If a field examination is not warranted, the Medical Examiner will determine with input from the PI, if the remains are or are most likely to be of Native American origin.

C. If Human Remains ARE determined to be Native American

- 1.The Medical Examiner will notify the Native American Heritage Commission (NAHC) within 24 hours. By law, **ONLY** the Medical Examiner can make this call.
- 2.NAHC will immediately identify the person or persons determined to be the Most Likely Descendent (MLD) and provide contact information.
- 3.The MLD will contact the PI within 24 hours or sooner after the Medical Examiner has completed coordination, to begin the consultation process in accordance with CEQA Section 15064.5(e), the California Public Resources and Health & Safety Codes.
- 4.The MLD will have 48 hours to make recommendations to the property owner or representative, for the treatment or disposition with proper dignity, of the human remains and associated grave goods.
- 5.Disposition of Native American Human Remains will be determined between the MLD and the PI, and, if:
 - a. The NAHC is unable to identify the MLD, OR the MLD failed to make a recommendation within 48 hours after being notified by the Commission; OR;
 - b. The landowner or authorized representative rejects the recommendation of the MLD and mediation in accordance with PRC 5097.94 (k) by the NAHC fails to provide measures acceptable to the landowner, THEN,
 - c. In order to protect these sites, the Landowner shall do one or more of the following:
 - (1) Record the site with the NAHC;
 - (2) Record an open space or conservation easement on the site;
 - (3)Record a document with the County.
 - d. Upon the discovery of multiple Native American human remains during a ground disturbing land development activity, the landowner may agree that additional conferral with descendants is necessary to consider culturally appropriate treatment of multiple Native American human remains. Culturally appropriate treatment of such a discovery may be ascertained from review of the site utilizing cultural and archaeological standards. Where the parties are unable to agree on the appropriate treatment measures the human remains and items

associated and buried with Native American human remains shall be reinterred with appropriate dignity, pursuant to Section 5.c., above.

- D. If Human Remains are **NOT** Native American
 - 1.The PI shall contact the Medical Examiner and notify them of the historic era context of the burial.
 - 2.The Medical Examiner will determine the appropriate course of action with the PI and City staff (PRC 5097.98).
 - 3.If the remains are of historic origin, they shall be appropriately removed and conveyed to the San Diego Museum of Man for analysis. The decision for internment of the human remains shall be made in consultation with MMC, EAS, the applicant/landowner, any known descendant group, and the San Diego Museum of Man.

V. Night and/or Weekend Work

- A. If night and/or weekend work is included in the contract
 - 1. When night and/or weekend work is included in the contract package, the extent and timing shall be presented and discussed at the precon meeting.
 - 2. The following procedures shall be followed.
 - a. No Discoveries
 - In the event that no discoveries were encountered during night and/or weekend work, the PI shall record the information on the CSVR and submit to MMC via fax by 8AM of the next business day.
- b. Discoveries
 - All discoveries shall be processed and documented using the existing procedures detailed in Sections III During Construction, and IV Discovery of Human Remains. Discovery of human remains shall always be treated as a significant discovery.
- c. Potentially Significant Discoveries
 - If the PI determines that a potentially significant discovery has been made, the procedures detailed under Section III During Construction and IV-Discovery of Human Remains shall be followed.
 - d. The PI shall immediately contact MMC, or by 8AM of the next business day to report and discuss the findings as indicated in Section III-B, unless other specific arrangements have been made.
 - B. If night and/or weekend work becomes necessary during the course of construction
 - 1.The Construction Manager shall notify the RE, or BI, as appropriate, a minimum of 24 hours before the work is to begin.
 - 2. The RE, or BI, as appropriate, shall notify MMC immediately.
 - C. All other procedures described above shall apply, as appropriate.

VI. Post Construction

- A. Preparation and Submittal of Draft Monitoring Report
 - 1.The PI shall submit two copies of the Draft Monitoring Report (even if negative), prepared in accordance with the Historical Resources Guidelines (Appendix C/D) which describes the results, analysis, and conclusions of all phases of the Archaeological Monitoring Program (with appropriate graphics) to MMC for review and approval within 90 days following the completion of monitoring. It should be noted that if the PI is unable to submit the Draft Monitoring Report within the allotted 90-day timeframe resulting from delays with analysis, special study

results or other complex issues, a schedule shall be submitted to MMC establishing agreed due dates and the provision for submittal of monthly status reports until this measure can be met.

- For significant archaeological resources encountered during monitoring, the Archaeological Data Recovery Program shall be included in the Draft Monitoring Report.
- b. Recording Sites with State of California Department of Parks and Recreation The PI shall be responsible for recording (on the appropriate State of California Department of Park and Recreation forms-DPR 523 A/B) any significant or potentially significant resources encountered during the Archaeological Monitoring Program in accordance with the City's Historical Resources Guidelines, and submittal of such forms to the South Coastal Information Center with the Final Monitoring Report.
- 2.MMC shall return the Draft Monitoring Report to the PI for revision or, for preparation of the Final Report.
- 3. The PI shall submit revised Draft Monitoring Report to MMC for approval.
- 4.MMC shall provide written verification to the PI of the approved report.
- 5.MMC shall notify the RE or BI, as appropriate, of receipt of all Draft Monitoring Report submittals and approvals.
- B. Handling of Artifacts
 - 1.The PI shall be responsible for ensuring that all cultural remains collected are cleaned and catalogued
 - 2. The PI shall be responsible for ensuring that all artifacts are analyzed to identify function and chronology as they relate to the history of the area; that faunal material is identified as to species; and that specialty studies are completed, as appropriate.
 - 3. The cost for curation is the responsibility of the property owner.
- C. Curation of artifacts: Accession Agreement and Acceptance Verification
 - 1. The PI shall be responsible for ensuring that all artifacts associated with the survey, testing and/or data recovery for this project are permanently curated with an appropriate institution. This shall be completed in consultation with MMC and the Native American representative, as applicable.
 - 2.The PI shall include the Acceptance Verification from the curation institution in the Final Monitoring Report submitted to the RE or BI and MMC.
 - 3. When applicable to the situation, the PI shall include written verification from the Native American consultant/monitor indicating that Native American resources were treated in accordance with state law and/or applicable agreements. If the resources were reinterred, verification shall be provided to show what protective measures were taken to ensure no further disturbance occurs in accordance with Section IV Discovery of Human Remains, Subsection 5.
- D. Final Monitoring Report(s)
 - 1. The PI shall submit one copy of the approved Final Monitoring Report to the RE or BI as appropriate, and one copy to MMC (even if negative), within 90 days after notification from MMC that the draft report has been approved.
 - 2.The RE shall, in no case, issue the Notice of Completion and/or release of the Performance Bond for grading until receiving a copy of the approved Final Monitoring Report from MMC which includes the Acceptance Verification from the curation institution.

VI. PUBLIC REVIEW DISTRIBUTION:

Draft copies or notice of this Mitigated Negative Declaration were distributed to:

City of San Diego

Councilmember Jennifer Campbell, District 2

City Attorney

Corrine Neuffer

Planning Department

Plan Facilities Financing

Water Review

PUD Water and Sewer

Wastewaster Review

Development Services Department_

Courtney Holowach, EAS

Jeff Szymanski, EAS

Derrick "DJ" Johnson, Project Manager

Noha Adelmottaleb, LDR-Engineering

Kyle Gossens, LDR-Planning

Nadeen Germulky, LDR-Transportation

Megan Bacik, Plan Historic

Historical Resources Board

Other

Carmen Lucas

South Coastal Information Center

San Diego Archaeological Center

San Diego Natural History Museum

Save Our Heritage Organization

Ron Christman

Clint Linton

Frank Brown - Inter-Tribal Cultural Resources Council

Campo Band of Mission Indians

San Diego County Archaeological Society, Inc.

Native American Heritage Commission

Kumeyaay Cultural Heritage Preservation

Kumeyaay Repatriation Committee

Native American Distribution

Beach Bay Press

Pacific Beach Town Council

Pacific Beach Planning Group

Crown Point Association

Pacific Beach Historical Society

Richard Drury

Stacey Oborne

VII. RESULTS OF PUBLIC REVIEW:

- (x) No comments were received during the public input period.
- () Comments were received but did not address the accuracy or completeness of the draft environmental document. No response is necessary and the letters are incorporated herein.
- () Comments addressing the accuracy or completeness of the draft environmental document were received during the public input period. The letters and responses are incorporated herein.

Copies of the draft Mitigated Negative Declaration, the Mitigation, Monitoring and Reporting Program and any Initial Study material are available in the office of the Development Services Department for review, or for purchase at the cost of reproduction.

for

Jeff Szymanski
Senior Planner
Development Services Department

Analyst: Holowach

Attachments: Location Map
Site Plan

11/10/21

Date of Draft Report

2/4/22

Date of Final Report

INITIAL STUDY CHECKLIST

- 1. Project title/Project number: Abbatti Residence CDP / 674404
- 2. Lead agency name and address: City of San Diego, 1222 First Avenue, MS-501, San Diego, California, 92101
- 3. Contact person and phone number: Courtney Holowach / (619) 446-5187
- 4. Project location: 3404 Bayonne Drive, San Diego, CA 92109
- 5. Project Applicant/Sponsor's name and address: James Abatti, 3404 Bayonne Drive, San Diego, CA 92109
- 6. General/Community Plan designation: Pacific Beach Community Plan
- 7. Zoning: RS-1-7
- 8. Description of project (Describe the whole action involved, including but not limited to, later phases of the project, and any secondary, support, or off-site features necessary for its implementation.):

Coastal Development Permit to demolish an existing 1,008 square-foot residence and construct a new 3,918-square-foot two-story single-family residence with an attached 573-square-foot two-car garage. A 405-square-foot second floor deck and 575-square-foot roof deck also would be constructed. The existing height of the current house is 12 feet. The proposed height of the new construction would be 25 feet, 11.5 inches. The 0.15-acre site is located at 3404 Bayonne Drive, in the R-1-7 Zone, the Coastal Overlay Zone (Non-Appealable), within the Pacific Beach Community Plan area, Council District 2.

Access to the site would be taken from a newly constructed driveway on Bayonne Drive. The existing driveway on Ingrahm Street would be demolished. Planned building materials include a black standing metal seam roof, vertical siding, and stone veneer.

9. Surrounding land uses and setting:

The 0.15-acre site is located at 3404 Bayonne Drive, in the R-1-7 Zone, the Coastal Overlay Zone (Non-Appealable), within the Pacific Beach Community Plan area. The project location is situated in a residential neighborhood. Crown Point is located approximately 0.3 mile to the northwest.

10. Other public agencies whose approval is required (e.g., permits, financing approval, or participation agreement):

None required

11. Have California Native American tribes traditionally and culturally affiliated with the project area requested consultation pursuant to Public Resources Code section 21080.3.1? If so, has consultation begun?

Yes, three Native American Tribes traditionally and culturally affiliated with the project area requested consultation pursuant to Public Resources Code Section 21080.3.1. The City of San Diego sent notification to these three Native American Tribes on March 11, 2021. The lipay Nation of Santa Ysabel and the Jamul Indian Village both responded within the 30-day notification period. Via email they agreed with the proposed monitoring and closed consultation. Please see Section XVII of the Initial Study for more information regarding the consultation.

Note: Conducting consultation early in the CEQA process allows tribal governments, lead agencies, and project proponents to discuss the level of environmental review, identify and address potential adverse impacts to tribal cultural resources, and reduce the potential for delay and conflict in the environmental review process. (See Public Resources Code section 21083.3.2.) Information may also be available from the California Native American Heritage Commission's Sacred Lands File per Public Resources Code section 5097.96 and the California Historical Resources Information System administered by the California Office of Historic Preservation. Please also note that Public Resources Code section 21082.3(c) contains provisions specific to confidentiality.

ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:

	ronmental factors checked be ally Significant Impact" as ind				t, involving at least one impact that is a
	Aesthetics		Greenhouse Gas Emissions		Population/Housing
	Agriculture and Forestry Resources		Hazards & Hazardous Materials		Public Services
	Air Quality		Hydrology/Water Quality		Recreation
	Biological Resources		Land Use/Planning		Transportation/Traffic
\boxtimes	Cultural Resources		Mineral Resources	\boxtimes	Tribal Cultural Resources
	Energy		Noise		Utilities/Service System
	Geology/Soils		Mandatory Findings Significance		Wildfire
DETER	MINATION: (To be com	pleted l	oy Lead Agency)		
On the b	pasis of this initial evaluation:				
	The proposed project COUL be prepared.	D NOT ha	ve a significant effect on the o	environme	ent, and a NEGATIVE DECLARATION will
	9	evisions ir	n the project have been made		ment, there will not be a significant reed to by the project proponent. A
	The proposed project MAY lis required.	nave a sig	nificant effect on the environr	ment, and	an ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT
	The proposed project MAY have a "potentially significant impact" or "potentially significant unless mitigated" impact on the environment, but at least one effect (a) has been adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and (b) has been addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis as described on attached sheets. An ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required.				
	Although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, because all potentially significant effects (a) have been analyzed adequately in an earlier EIR or (MITIGATED) NEGATIVE DECLARATION pursuant to applicable standards, and (b) have been avoided or mitigated pursuant to that earlier EIR or (MITIGATED) NEGATIVE DECLARATION, including revisions or mitigation measures that are imposed upon the proposed project, nothing further is required.				

EVALUATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS:

- 1) A brief explanation is required for all answers except "No Impact" answers that are adequately supported by the information sources a lead agency cites in the parentheses following each question. A "No Impact" answer is adequately supported if the referenced information sources show that the impact simply does not apply to projects like the one involved (e.g., the project falls outside a fault rupture zone). A "No Impact answer should be explained where it is based on project specific factors as well as general standards (e.g., the project will not expose sensitive receptors to pollutants, based on a project-specific screening analysis.)
- 2) All answers must take account of the whole action involved, including off-site as well as on-site, cumulative as well as project-level, indirect as well as direct, and construction as well as operational impacts.
- 3) Once the lead agency has determined that a particular physical impact may occur, then the checklist answers must indicate whether the impact is potentially significant, less than significant with mitigation, or less than significant. "Potentially Significant Impact" is appropriate if there is substantial evidence that an effect may be significant. If there are one or more "Potentially Significant Impact" entries when the determination is made, an EIR is required.
- 4) "Negative Declaration: Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated" applies where the incorporation of mitigation measures has reduced an effect from "Potentially Significant Impact" to a "Less Than Significant Impact." The lead agency must describe the mitigation measures, and briefly explain how they reduce the effect to a less than significant level (mitigation measures from "Earlier Analyses", as described in (5) below, may be cross-referenced).
- 5) Earlier analyses may be used where, pursuant to the tiering, program EIR, or other CEQA process, an effect has been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or (mitigated) negative declaration. Section 15063(c)(3)(D). In this case, a brief discussion should identify the following:
 - a. Earlier Analysis Used. Identify and state where they are available for review.
 - b. Impacts Adequately Addressed. Identify which effects from the above checklist were within the scope of and adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and state whether such effects were addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis.
 - c. Mitigation Measures. For effects that are "Less Than Significant With Mitigation Measures Incorporated", describe the mitigation measures that were incorporated or refined from the earlier document and the extent to which they address site-specific conditions for the project.
- 6) Lead agencies are encouraged to incorporate into the checklist references to information sources for potential impacts (e.g., general plans, zoning ordinances). Reference to a previously prepared or outside document should, where appropriate, include a reference to the page or pages where the statement is substantiated.
- 7) Supporting Information Sources: A source list should be attached, and other sources used or individuals contacted should be cited in the discussion.
- 8) This is only a suggested form, and lead agencies are free to use different formats; however, lead agencies should normally address the questions from this checklist that are relevant to a project's environmental effects in whatever format is selected.
- 9) The explanation of each issue should identify:
 - a. The significance criteria or threshold, if any, used to evaluate each question; and
 - b. The mitigation measure identified, if any, to reduce the impact to less than significant

lss	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact		
I. AESTH	HETICS – Would the project:						
a)	Have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista?			\boxtimes			
would be andmaderoject. Beach Control of the properties of the pro	er the City of San Diego CEQA Significance Determination Thresholds (Thresholds), projects that yould block public views from designated open space areas, roads, parks, or significant visual andmarks or scenic vistas may result in a significant impact. City staff reviewed the proposed project for consistency with all applicable zoning regulations and land use plans, including the Pacific reach Community Plan (PBCP). The PBCP addresses the need to retain and enhance public views of the ocean from identified public vantage points. These vantage points include visual access across rivate properties at yards and setbacks. The project proposes to demolish an existing dwelling unit and construct a new dwelling unit in its lace, in a residential neighborhood with similar development. Figure 16 of the Pacific Beach formmunity Plan identifies the public visual and access corridors to the coast. Proposed project does ot conflict nor impedes any visual or physical access to the coast. The structure height is consistent with building envelope regulations which preserve public views through the height, setback, and scaping, and fence transparency parameters of the Land Development Code that limit the uilding profile and maximize view opportunities. Therefore, the project would not have a ubstantial adverse effect on a scenic vista. Impacts would be less than significant.						
b)	Substantially damage scenic resources, including but not limited to, trees, rock outcroppings, and historic buildings within a state scenic highway?						
adjacen require	ject is within a developed residentia t to a state scenic highway and woul ments; therefore, the project would be less than significant.	ld be required	to meet all setba	ack and height	-		
c)	Substantially degrade the existing visual character or quality of the site and its surroundings?						

According to the City's Thresholds, projects that severely contrast with the surrounding neighborhood character may result in a significant impact. To meet this threshold one or more of the following conditions must apply: the project would have to exceed the allowable height or bulk regulations and the height or bulk of the existing patterns of development in the vicinity of the project by a substantial margin; have an architectural style or use building materials in stark contrast to adjacent development where the adjacent development follows a single or common architectural theme (e.g., Gaslamp Quarter, Old Town); result in the physical loss, isolation or degradation of a community identification symbol or landmark (e.g., a stand of trees, coastal bluff, historical landmark) which is identified in the General Plan, applicable community plan or local coastal program; be located in a highly visible area (e.g., on a canyon edge, hilltop or adjacent to an interstate highway) and would strongly contrast with the surrounding development or natural topography through excessive height, bulk signage or architectural projections; and/or the project

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would have a cumulative effect by opening up a new area for development or changing the overall character of the neighborhood. None of the above conditions apply to the project.

Existing development in the neighborhood does not have a unifying theme of architecture. The new development would be constructed to comply with all height and bulk regulations and is consistent with Visual Resource recommendations as outlined in the PBCB. The structure height is consistent with building envelope regulations which preserve public views through the height, setback, landscaping, and fence transparency parameters of the Land Development Code that limit the building profile and maximize view opportunities. The project would not result in the physical loss, isolation, or degradation of a community identification symbol or landmark identified in the General Plan, applicable community plan, or local coastal program.

The project would demolish an existing dwelling unit and construct a new unit located in a neighborhood of similar development. The project is compatible with the surrounding development and is consistent with the community plan and zoning designation. The project would not degrade the site's existing visual character or quality and its surroundings; therefore, impacts would be less than significant.

d)	Create a new source of substantial light			
	or glare that would adversely affect day		\boxtimes	
	or nighttime views in the area?			

Per the City's Thresholds, projects that would emit or reflect a significant amount of light and glare may have a significant impact. To meet this significance threshold, one or more of the following must apply:

- a. The project would be moderate to large in scale; more than 50 percent of any single elevation of a building's exterior is built with a material with a light reflectivity greater than 30 percent (see LDC Section 142.07330(a)), and the project is adjacent to a major public roadway or public area.
- b. The project would shed substantial light onto adjacent, light-sensitive property or land use or would emit a substantial amount of ambient light into the nighttime sky. Uses considered sensitive to nighttime light include, but are not limited to, residential, some commercial and industrial uses, and natural areas.

Neither of the above conditions applies to the proposed project.

The most prominent light sources from the proposed project would be interior lighting for the new dwelling unit and exterior and landscaping lighting. All new lighting would be compatible with existing lighting in the project vicinity. The project would be subject to the City's Outdoor Lighting Regulations per SDMC Section 142.0740, which are intended to minimize negative impacts from light pollution, including light trespass, glare, and urban sky glow, in order to preserve the enjoyment of the night sky and minimize conflict caused by unnecessary illumination. Light fixtures would be required to be directed away from adjacent properties and shielded, as necessary. Outdoor lighting would be located and arranged in a manner consistent with City requirements to promote public safety and minimize unnecessary light and glare effects to the surrounding community.

The project would comply with Municipal Code Section 142.0730 (Glare Regulations), which requires exterior materials utilized for proposed structures to be limited to specific reflectivity ratings. No large surface areas of reflective building materials or finishes are proposed that could create glare effects on surrounding properties. Additional light or glare from the proposed project would be consistent with the other development in the area and, therefore, would not substantially affect day or nighttime views. Impacts would be less than significant.

II. AGRICULTURAL AND FOREST RESOURCES: In determining whether impacts to agricultural resources are significant environmental effects, lead agencies may refer to the California Agricultural Land Evaluation and Site Assessment Model (1997) prepared by the California Department of Conservation as an optional model to use in assessing impacts on agriculture and farmland. In determining whether impacts to forest resources, including timberland, are significant environmental effects, lead agencies may refer to information compiled by the California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection regarding the state's inventory of forest land, including the Forest and Range Assessment Project and the Forest Legacy Assessment project; and forest carbon measurement methodology provided in Forest Protocols adopted by the California Air Resources Board. – Would the project: Converts Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance (Farmland), as shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the \boxtimes Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency, to non-agricultural use?

Agricultural land is rated according to soil quality and irrigation status; the best quality land is called Prime Farmland. Unique farmland is land, other than prime farmland, that has combined conditions to produce sustained high quality and high yields of specialty crops. Farmland of Statewide Importance may include tracts of land that have been designated for agriculture by State law. In some areas that are not identified as having national or statewide importance, land is considered to be Farmland of Local Importance. The Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program (FMMP) maintained by the California Department of Conservation (CDC) is the responsible state agency for overseeing the farmland classification. In addition, the City's Thresholds state that in relation to converting designated farmland, a determination of substantial amount cannot be based on any one numerical criterion (i.e., one acre), but rather on the economic viability of the area proposed to be converted. Another factor to be considered is the location of the area proposed for conversion.

The project site is not classified as farmland by the California Department of Conservation's Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program (FMMP). No Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance occurs on site of within the area immediately surrounding the project site. Therefore, the project would not result in impacts related to the conversion of farmland to a non-agricultural use. No impact would occur.

b)	Conflict with existing zoning for		
	agricultural use, or a Williamson Act		\boxtimes
	Contract?		

The Williamson Act, also known as the California Land Conservation Act of 1965, enables local governments to enter into contracts with private landowners for the purpose of restricting specific parcels of land to agricultural or related open space use; in return, landowners receive property tax

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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assessments which are much lower than normal because they are based upon farming and open space uses as opposed to full market value. The Williamson Act is only applicable to parcels within an established agricultural preserve consisting of at least 20 acres of Prime Farmland, or at least 40 acres of land not designated as Prime Farmland. The Williamson Act is designed to prevent the premature and unnecessary conversion of open space lands and agricultural areas to urban uses.

As stated in response II (a) above. The proposed project site is not zoned for agricultural use. There are no Williamson Act Contract lands on or within the vicinity of the project. The project would not affect properties zoned for agricultural use or conflict with a Williamson Act Contract. No impact would occur

woui	u o	ccur.				
	c)	Conflict with existing zoning for, or cause rezoning of, forest land (as defined in Public Resources Code section 1220(g)), timberland (as defined by Public Resources Code section 4526), or timberland zoned Timberland Production (as defined by Government Code section 51104(g))?				
or tir	nbe gnat	ect would not conflict with existing zo erland zoned Timberland Production. ed forest land or timberland occurs v	The project si	te is zoned for	residential use;	no
	d)	Result in the loss of forest land or conversion of forest land to non-forest use?				
		response ll (c) above. The project wo vould occur.	uld not conve	rt forest land t	to non-forest use	e. No
	e)	Involve other changes in the existing environment, which, due to their location or nature, could result in conversion of Farmland to nonagricultural use or conversion of forest land to non-forest use?				
prox	imit	responses II (a) and II (c) above. No e cy of the project site. No changes to a entation. No impact would occur.	-			n the
III.		QUALITY – Where available, the significance cr ution control district may be relied on to make				nent or air
	a)	Conflict with or obstruct implementation of the applicable air quality plan?				\boxtimes

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According to the City's Thresholds, a project may have a significant air quality impact if it could conflict with or implementation of the applicable air quality plan.

The San Diego Air Pollution Control District (SDAPCD) and San Diego Association of Governments (SANDAG) are responsible for developing and implementing the clean air plan for attainment and maintenance of the ambient air quality standards in the San Diego Air Basin (SDAB). The County Regional Air Quality Strategy (RAQS) was initially adopted in 1991 and is updated on a triennial basis (most recently in 2016). The RAQS outlines the SDAPCD's plans and control measures designed to attain the state air quality standards for ozone (03). The RAQS relies on information from the California Air Resources Board (CARB) and SANDAG, including mobile and area source emissions, as well as information regarding projected growth in San Diego County and the cities in the county, to project future emissions and then determine the strategies necessary for the reduction of emissions through regulatory controls. CARB mobile source emission projections and SANDAG growth projections are based on population, vehicle trends, and land use plans developed by San Diego County and the cities in the county as part of the development of their general plans.

As such, projects that propose development that is consistent with the growth anticipated by local plans would be consistent with the RAQS. However, if a project proposes development that is greater than that anticipated in the local plan and SANDAG's growth projections, the project might conflict with the RAQS and may contribute to a potentially significant cumulative impact on air quality.

The project would replace an existing dwelling unit in an already established neighborhood. The project is consistent with the General Plan, community plan, and the underlying zoning for residential development. Therefore, the project would be consistent at a sub-regional level with the underlying growth forecasts in the RAQs and would not obstruct the implementation of the RAQs. As such, no impacts would occur.

b)	Violate any air quality standard or			
	contribute substantially to an existing		\boxtimes	
	or projected air quality violation?			

The City's Thresholds state that a significant impact may occur if a project violates any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation.

Short-term Emissions (Construction)

Project construction activities would potentially generate combustion emissions from on-site heavy-duty construction vehicles and motor vehicles transporting the construction crew and necessary construction materials. Exhaust emissions generated by construction activities would generally result from the use of typical construction equipment that may include excavation equipment, forklift, skip loader, and/or dump truck. Variables that factor into the total construction emissions potentially generated include the level of activity, length of the construction period, number of pieces and types of equipment in use, site characteristics, weather conditions, number of construction personnel, and the number of materials to be transported on or off-site. It is

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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anticipated that construction equipment would be used on-site for four to eight hours a day; however, construction would be short-term, and impacts to neighboring uses would be minimal and temporary.

Fugitive dust emissions are generally associated with land clearing and grading operations. Due to the nature and location of the project, construction activities are expected to create minimal fugitive dust because of the disturbance associated with grading. Construction operations are subject to the requirements established in Regulation 4, Rules 52, 54, and 55 of the SDAPCD rules and regulations. The project would include standard measures as required by the City grading permit to minimize fugitive dust and air pollutant emissions during the temporary construction period. Therefore, impacts associated with fugitive dust are considered less than significant and would not violate an air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation. Impacts related to short-term emissions would be less than significant.

Long-term Emissions (Operational)

Long-term air pollutant emission impacts are those associated with stationary sources and mobile sources related to any change caused by a project. The project would produce minimal stationary source emissions. Once the construction of the project is complete, long-term air emissions would potentially result from such sources as heating, ventilation, and cooling (HVAC) systems and other motorized equipment typically associated with residential uses. The project is compatible with the surrounding development and is permitted by the community plan and zone designation. Project emissions over the long term are not anticipated to violate an air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation.

Overall, the project is not expected to generate substantial short- or long-term emissions that would violate any air quality standard or contribute to an existing or projected air quality violation: therefore, impacts would be less than significant.

c)	Result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is non-attainment under an applicable federal or state ambient air quality standard (including releasing emissions which exceed quantitative thresholds for ozone precursors)?		
	ozone precursors):		

The City's Thresholds state that a project may have a potentially significant air quality impact if it could result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is non-attainment under an applicable federal or state ambient air quality standard (including release of emissions which exceed quantitative thresholds for ozone precursors).

As described above in response III (b), construction operations may temporarily increase the emissions of dust and other pollutants; however, construction emissions would be temporary and short-term in duration. Implementation of BMPs would reduce potential impacts related to construction activities to less than significant. Operational air pollutant emissions resulting from

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such sources as HVAC systems, motorized equipment, and project traffic would not be generated in quantities that would result in exceedances of regulatory thresholds for criteria pollutants. Projects that propose development consistent with the growth anticipated by applicable general plans were considered in, and therefore are consistent with, the RAQS. The proposed project is consistent with the applicable land use plans (General Plan and Pacific Beach Community Plan), and therefore, buildout of the project site has been accounted for in region-wide air quality plans. The project would not result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of criteria pollutants for which the project region is non-attainment under applicable federal or state ambient air quality standards. Impacts would be less than significant.

d)	Create objectionable odors affecting a		\square	
	substantial number of people?	Ш		_

The City's Thresholds state that for a project proposing placement of sensitive receptors near an existing odor source, a significant odor impact will be identified if the project site is closer to the odor source than any existing sensitive receptor where there has been more than one confirmed or three confirmed complaints per year (averaged over a three- week period) about the odor source. Moreover, for projects proposing placement of sensitive receptors near a source of odors where there are currently no nearby existing receptors, the determination of significance should be based on the distance and frequency at which odor complaints from the public have occurred in the vicinity of a similar odor source at another location. None of the above applies to the proposed project.

Short-term (Construction)

Odors would be generated from vehicles and/or equipment exhaust emissions during the construction of the project. Odors produced during construction would be attributable to concentrations of the project. Odors produced during construction would be attributable to concentrations of unburned hydrocarbons from tailpipes of construction equipment and architectural coatings. Such odors are temporary and generally occur at magnitudes that would not affect a substantial number of people. Therefore, impacts related to construction-generated odors would be less than significant.

IV. BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES – Would the project:

a)	Have substantial adverse effects, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special status species in local or regional plans,				\boxtimes
	policies, or regulations, or by the	_	_	_	_
	California Department of Fish and				
	Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?				

The City's Thresholds state that significance of impacts to biological resources are assessed by City staff through the CEQA review process and through review of the project's consistency with the Environmentally Sensitive Lands (ESL) regulations, the Biology Guidelines (2018) and with the City's MSCP Subarea Plan (1997). Before a determination of the significance of an impact can be made, the

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presence and nature of the biological resources must be established. The City has established a twostep process that: (1) provides guidance to determine the extent of biological resources and values present on the site; and (2) based on the findings of Step 1, if significant biological resources are present, then a survey to determine the nature and extent of the biological resources on the site is warranted.

The project proposes replacement of an existing residence on a previously developed lot. The site does not contain or support Environmentally Sensitive Lands (ESL) as defined by the Biology Guidelines of the City's Land Development Manual. The site does not contain native or sensitive plant species, wildlife species, or vegetation communities; wetlands that would be expected to support special status wildlife species; or lands classified as Tier I, Tier II, Tier IIIA, or Tier IIIB Habitats.

Due to the site lacking resources, implementation of the project would not have a substantial adverse effect on candidate, sensitive, or special-status species as identified in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and

Wildlife	Service. No impact would result due	to impleme	ntation of the proje	ect.	
b)	Have a substantial adverse effect on any riparian habitat or other community identified in local or regional plans, policies, and regulations or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?				\boxtimes
riparian	see response IV(a) above. The project n habitat or other community identifie California Department of Fish and Gar	d in local or	regional plans, po	licies, and reg	gulations or
c)	Have a substantial adverse effect on federally protected wetlands as defined by section 404 of the Clean Water Act (including but not limited to marsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc.) through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, or other means?				\boxtimes
	see response IV(a) above. The project ly protected wetlands as defined by Se				

limited to marsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc.) through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, or other means. No impacts would occur.

d)	Interfere substantially with the		
	movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or with established native resident or		\boxtimes
	Cotabilorica riative resident of		

Less Than Potentially **Less Than** Significant with Issue Significant Significant No Impact Mitigation Impact Impact Incorporated migratory wildlife corridors, or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites? Please see response IV(a) above. The project would not interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or with established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites. No impacts would occur. Conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological П \boxtimes resources, such as a tree preservation policy or ordinance? The project is consistent with the City's Biology Guidelines (2018) and ESL Regulations; no conflict with local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources would occur. Conflict with the provisions of an adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, \boxtimes Natural Community Conservation Plan, or other approved local, regional, or state habitat conservation plan? Please see response IV(a) above. The project would not conflict with the provisions of an adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Community Conservation Plan, or other approved local, regional, or state habitat conservation plan. No impacts would occur. V. CULTURAL RESOURCES - Would the project: a) Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an historical \boxtimes П resource as defined in §15064.5?

The purpose and intent of the Historical Resources Regulations of the Land Development Code (Chapter 14, Division 3, and Article 2) is to protect, preserve and, where damaged, restore the historical resources of San Diego. The regulations apply to all proposed development within the City of San Diego when historical resources are present on the premises. Before approving discretionary projects, CEQA requires the Lead Agency to identify and examine the significant adverse environmental effects which may result from that project. A project that may cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource may have a significant effect on the environment (sections 15064.5(b) and 21084.1). A substantial adverse change is defined as demolition, destruction, relocation, or alteration activities, which would impair historical significance (sections 15064.5(b)(1)). Any historical resource listed in, or eligible to be listed in the California Register of Historical Resources, including archaeological resources, is considered to be historically or culturally significant.

Archaeological Resources

A record search of the California Historic Resources Information System (CHRIS) digital database was performed and reviewed by qualified archaeological City staff to determine presence or absence of potential resources within the project site. The CHRIS search showed that the proposed project is located within a known archaeological site. Therefore, mitigation measures related to Cultural Resources (Archaeology) are required. All potential impacts related to the presence of archeological resources at the site would be reduced and addressed through the purview of a qualified Archaeologist and Native American monitor. Monitoring would occur at all stages of ground-disturbing activities at the site. The Mitigation, Monitoring, and Reporting Program (MMRP), as detailed within Section V of the Mitigated Negative Declaration (MND), would be implemented to address this issue specifically. With implementation of the cultural resources monitoring program, potential impacts on historical resources would be reduced to less than significant.

Built Environment

The City reviews projects requiring the demolition of structures 45 years or older for historic significance in compliance with CEQA. Historic property (built environment) surveys are required for properties which are 45 years of age or older and which have integrity of setting, location, design, materials, workmanship, feeling and association. The existing residence was built in 1944. In accordance with CEQA and San Diego Municipal Code Section 143.0212 the proposed project site underwent historic review by Plan Historic staff in March 2021.

Based on this review Plan Historic staff determined that the property does not meet local designation criteria as an individually significant resource under any adopted HRB Criteria. This determination is good for five years from this date unless new information is provided that speaks to the building's eligibility for designation. Therefore, no historical research report was required at this time and the project as proposed has no potential to impact any unique or non-unique historical resources. No impacts to the built environment would occur.

	b)	Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an archaeological resource pursuant to §15064.5?								
Refe	Refer to response V (a) above.									
	c)	Directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleontological resource or site or unique geologic feature?								
The project site is underlain by Old Paralic Deposits formation which is assigned a high sensitivity for paleontological resources. In high sensitivity areas grading in excess of 1,000 cubic yards and 10 feet in depth requires paleontological monitoring. Grading for the proposed project is 6 cubic yards to a depth of 2 feet. The grading quantities do not rise to the level of significance for paleontological resources. Impacts would be less than significant.										
	d)	Disturb human remains, including those interred outside of dedicated cemeteries?								

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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Section IV of the MMRP contains provisions for the discovery of human remains. If human remains are discovered, work shall halt in that area and no soil shall be exported off-site until a determination can be made regarding the provenance of the human remains; and the following procedures as set forth in CEQA Section 15064.5(e), the California Public Resources Code (Sec. 5097.98) and State Health and Safety Code (Sec. 7050.5) shall be undertaken. Based upon the required mitigation measure impacts would be less than significant.

VI. ENE	RGY – Would the project:				
a)	Result in potentially significant environmental impact due to wasteful, inefficient, or unnecessary consumption of energy resources, during project construction or operation?				
Code (T measur HVAC sy energy	pposed project would be required to itle 24). In addition, the proposed preserved in a proporate expert control of the project would also reducing (cool roof, etc.). The proportion of the ordinary out of the ordinary could not have any out of the ordinary could not be the ordinary out of the ordinary or the ordinary of the ordinary or the ordinary or the ordinary of the ordinary or the ordinary of the ordinary or the ordinary	project would be nergy conserved be required to osed project is	e conditioned to ation features (w implement CAP the replacement	meet building indow treatme strategies whi	design nts, efficient ch are elling unit
b)	Conflict with or obstruct a state or local plan for renewable energy or energy efficiency?				
design <i>a</i>	posed project is consistent with the tions. Please refer to VI(b) for furtle bLOGY AND SOILS - Would the project:		•		5.
a)	Expose people or structures to potential sinvolving:	substantial adverse	e effects, including th	e risk of loss, injur	y, or death
	i) Rupture of a known earthquake fault, as delineated on the most recent Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Map issued by the State Geologist for the area or based on other substantial evidence of a known fault? Refer to Division of Mines and Geology Special Publication 42.				

The project is not located within an Alquist-Priolo Fault Zone. The project would be required to comply with seismic requirement of the California Building Code, utilize proper engineering design and utilization of standard construction practices, to be verified at the building permit stage, to ensure that potential impacts based on regional geologic hazards would remain less than significant and mitigation is not required.

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	ii)	Strong seismic ground shaking?			\boxtimes	
major a proper of building	ctive engi per	ponse V (a). The site could be affer faults located throughout the Soneering design and utilization of smit stage, in order to ensure the in less than significant and mitig	outhern Cal standard co at potential i	ifornia area. The ponstruction practice mpacts from regio	oroject would es, to be verifi	utilize ed at the
	iii)	Seismic-related ground failure, including liquefaction?			\boxtimes	
subject result in	to sl an	ponse V (a). Liquefaction occurs naking, causing the soils to lose increase in the potential for seis uld be less than significant.	cohesion. Ir	nplementation of t	he project wo	uld not
	iv)	Landslides?			\boxtimes	
		ponse V (a). The project site is no dentified within the site or in the				
b)		ult in substantial soil erosion or the of topsoil?				
by City s	staff with pro	ponse V (a). The project includes that precludes erosion of topso SDMC Grading Regulations (Cha ject would not result in a substa ant.	il. In additioi apter 14, Art	n, standard construicle 2, Division 1) w	uction BMPs n vould be in pla	ecessary to ace to ensure
c)	that uns pote land	ocated on a geologic unit or soil t is unstable, or that would become table as a result of the project, and entially result in on- or off-site dslide, lateral spreading, subsidence, efaction or collapse?				
would b	e ve	ponse V (a). Proper engineering rified at the construction permitould not occur.	_			•
d)	in T Cod	ocated on expansive soil, as defined able 18-1-B of the Uniform Building le (1994), creating substantial risks fe or property?				\boxtimes

The proposed project is located on Urban Land soil. This soil is not defined as expansive. No impacts would occur. Furthermore, proper engineering design and utilization of standard construction

Issue		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact				
practices would be verified at the construction permitting stage and would ensure that impacts in this category would not occur.									
e)	Have soils incapable of adequately supporting the use of septic tanks or alternative waste water disposal systems where sewers are not available for the disposal of waste water?				\boxtimes				
•	posed project does not propose the s. No impacts would occur.	use of septic t	anks or alternati	ve water disp	osal				
VIII. GR	EENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS – Would the proje	ect:							
a)	Generate greenhouse gas emissions, either directly or indirectly, that may have a significant impact on the environment?								

On July 12, 2016, the City of San Diego adopted the Climate Action Plan (CAP) Consistency Checklist, which requires all projects subject to discretionary review to demonstrate consistency with the Climate Action Plan.

The CAP is a plan for the reduction of GHG emissions per CEQA Guidelines Section 15183.5. According to CEQA Guidelines Sections 15604 (h) (3), 15130 (d), and 15183 (b), a project's incremental contribution to a cumulative GHG emissions effect may be determined not to be cumulatively considerable if it complies with the requirements of the CAP.

Projects that are consistent with the CAP as determined through this Checklist may rely on the CAP for the cumulative impacts of GHG emissions.

The submitted Climate Action Plan (CAP) Consistency Checklist was reviewed by EAS staff and found acceptable. The CAP Consistency Checklist includes a three-step process to determine whether the project would result in a GHG impact. Step 1 consists of an evaluation to determine the project's consistency with the existing General Plan, Community Plan, and zoning designations. Step 2 consists of an evaluation of the project's design features compliance with the CAP strategies. Step 3 is only applicable if a project is not consistent with the land use and/or zone, but is also in a transit priority area to allow for more intensive development than assumed in the CAP.

Under Step 1 of the CAP Consistency Checklist, the project is consistent with the existing General Plan and Pacific Beach Community Plan land use designations and zoning. Therefore, the project is consistent with the growth projections and land use assumptions used in the CAP. Furthermore, completion of Step 2 of the CAP Consistency Checklist demonstrates that the project would be consistent with applicable strategies and actions for reducing GHG emissions. This includes project features consistent with the energy and water-efficient buildings strategy, as well as bicycling, walking, transit, and land use strategy. These project features would be assured as a condition of project approval. Thus, the project is consistent with the CAP. Step 3 of the CAP Consistency Checklist would not apply, as the project is not proposing a land-use amendment or a rezoning.

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
Based on the project's consistency with to contribution of GHGs to cumulative state considerable. Therefore, the project's din significant impact on the environment.	ewide emissions	would be less tha	n cumulatively	/
b) Conflict with an applicable plan, policy, or regulation adopted for the purpose of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gases?				
The project would not conflict with an apof reducing the emissions of GHGs. The Community Plan land use and zoning de completed CAP Consistency Checklist for strategies and actions of the CAP. Therefor relevant CAP strategies toward achievless than significant.	project is consist signations. Furth the project, the fore, the project	tent with the exist ner based upon re project is consisto would be consiste	ing General Play view and evalue ant with the ap ant with the as	an and uation of the oplicable sumptions
IX. HAZARDS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS – Wor	uld the project:			
 a) Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials? 				
The City's Thresholds states that significa storage, and treatment of hazardous ma		occur if a project	proposes the	handling,
Construction activities for the project wovehicle fuels, oils, transmission fluids, parmaterials, cleaning solvents, and pesticion hazardous materials would be temporar used, and disposed of per manufacturer and safety regulations. As such, impacts materials would be less than significant of	int, adhesives, s les for landscap y, and all potent s' specifications, associated with	urface coatings, aling purposes. How ially hazardous mapplicable federathe transport, use	nd other finish vever, the use aterials would l, state, and lo	ning of these be stored, cal health

The City's Thresholds state that project sites on or near known contamination sources and/ or that meet one or more of the following criteria may result in a significant impact:

 \boxtimes

• A project is located within 1,000 feet of a known contamination site;

b) Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident

conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the

environment?

Issue	Potentially Significant	Less Than Significant with Mitigation	Less Than Significant	No Impact
	Impact	Incorporated	Impact	

- A project is located within 2,000 feet of a known "border zone property" (also known as a "Superfund" site) or a hazardous waste property subject to corrective action pursuant to the Health and Safety Code;
- The project has a closed Department of Environmental Health (DEH) site file;
- A project is located in Centre City San Diego, Barrio Logan, or other areas known or suspected to contain contamination sites;
- A project is located on or near an active or former landfill;

c) Emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous

- A project is located on properties historically developed with industrial or commercial uses which involved dewatering (the removal of groundwater during excavation), in conjunction with major excavation in an area with high groundwater;
- A project is located in a designated airport influence area and where the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) has reached a determination of "hazard" through FAA Form 7460-1, "Notice of Proposed Construction or Alteration", inconsistent with an Airport's Land Use Compatibility Plan (ACLUP), within the boundaries of an Airport Land Use Plan (ALP), or two nautical miles of a public or public use airport; or
- A project is located on a site presently or previously used for agricultural purposes.

The project site does not meet any of the criteria outlined in the City's Thresholds stated above. The project site was not listed in any of the databases for hazardous materials including being listed in the State Water Resources Control Board GeoTracker system, which includes leaking underground fuel tank sites inclusive of spills, leaks, investigations, and cleanups Program or the Department of Toxic Substances Control EnviroStor Data Management System, which includes CORTESE sites. Impacts would be less than significant.

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	materials, substances, or waste within one-quarter mile of an existing or proposed school?				
storage quarter emissio	systems of an existing or proposed school mile of an existing or proposed school or handle hazardous or acutely hazed of an existing or proposed school or acutely hazed of an existing or proposed school or acutely hazed or acut	s. The prop I. Therefor ardous ma	oosed project loca re, project would r aterials, substance	tion is not with	nin one- dous

d)	Be located on a site which is included on a list of hazardous materials sites		
	compiled pursuant to Government Code section 65962.5 and, as a result, would it create a significant hazard to the public or the environment?		

Potentially **Less Than** Significant with Issue Significant Significant No Impact Mitigation Impact Impact Incorporated See VIII(b) above for applicable City Threshold related to listed hazardous materials sites. A hazardous waste site records search was completed in March 2021 using Geotracker https://geotracker.waterboards.ca.gov/. The records search showed that no hazardous waste sites exist onsite or in the surrounding area. No impacts would result. e) For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two mile of a public airport or public use airport, \boxtimes would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area? The City's Thresholds state that a project may result in a significant impact if it is in a designated airport influence area and where the FAA has reached a determination of "hazard" through FAA Form 7460-1, "Notice of Proposed Construction or Alteration", inconsistent with an Airport's Land Use Compatibility Plan (ACLUP), within the boundaries of an Airport Land Use Plan (ALP), or two nautical miles of a public or public use airport. The project is not located in a Safety Zone of the adopted 2014 Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan (ALUCP); therefore, the use and density are consistent with the ALUCP. The project would not result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area. No impacts would occur. For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project result П П П \boxtimes in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area? The proposed project is not located within the vicinity of a private airstrip. No impacts would result. Impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency П П \boxtimes response plan or emergency evacuation plan? The proposed project is residential development in an established neighborhood. It would not impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan. No impacts would result. h) Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires, including \boxtimes

Less Than

The project site it not located adjacent to wildlands or where residences are intermixed with wildlands. It would not expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death

where wildlands are adjacent to urbanized areas or where residences are intermixed with wildlands?

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
involving wildland fires, including v residences are intermixed with wild		-	ed areas or wh	iere
X. HYDROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY - Wo	ould the project:			
 Violate any water quality standa waste discharge requirements? 	rds or			
The project would comply with all sappropriate Best Management Pra Implementation of theses BMP's w regulations. This will be addressed would be less than significant, and	ctices (BMP's) will be u ould preclude any viol through the project's	itilized and provic ations of existing Conditions of App	led for on-site. standards and	d discharge
b) Substantially deplete groundward supplies or interfere substantial groundwater recharge such that would be a net deficit in aquifer or a lowering of the local ground table level (e.g., the production repre-existing nearby wells would a level which would not support existing land uses or planned us which permits have been granted.	ly with there volume dwater rate of drop to			
The project does not require the co an incremental use of water, but it interfere substantially with ground volume or a lowering of the local g	would not substantial water recharge such t	ly deplete ground hat there would b	lwater supplies e a net deficit	s or in aquifer
c) Substantially alter the existing d pattern of the site or area, include through the alteration of the cou- a stream or river, in a manner, w would result in substantial erosi siltation on- or off-site?	ding urse of which			
The project would not substantially area. Streams or rivers do not occuproject would implement on-site B or off-site would not occur. Impact required.	ur on or adjacent to the MPs, therefore ensuri	e site. Although g ng that substantia	rading is propal	ltation on-
d) Substantially alter the existing d pattern of the site or area, include through the alteration of the color a stream or river, or substantiall increase the rate or amount of substantially increase the rate or amount of substantially in flooding on- or off-site?	ding urse of y urface			

Less Than

Issue Significant Significant No Impact Mitigation Impact Impact Incorporated The project would implement low impact development principles ensuring that a substantial increase in the rate or amount of surface runoff resulting in flooding on or off-site, or a substantial alteration to the existing drainage pattern would not occur. Streams or rivers do not occur on or adjacent to the project site. Impacts would be less than significant, and no mitigation measures are required. Create or contribute runoff water, which would exceed the capacity of existing or planned stormwater \boxtimes drainage systems or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff? The project would not introduce any new conditions that would create or contribute runoff water, which would exceed the capacity of existing or planned stormwater drainage systems or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff. Impacts would be less than significant. Otherwise substantially degrade water \boxtimes quality? The project would comply with all City storm water quality standards during and after construction. Appropriate BMP's would be implemented to ensure that water quality is not degraded. Impacts would be less than significant, and no mitigation measures are required. Place housing within a 100-year flood hazard area as mapped on a federal \boxtimes Flood Hazard Boundary or Flood Insurance Rate Map or other flood hazard delineation map? The project would not place housing within a 100-year flood hazard as mapped on a federal Flood Hazard Boundary or Flood Insurance Rate Map or other flood hazard delineation map. No impacts would result. h) Place within a 100-year flood hazard \boxtimes area, structures that would impede or redirect flood flows? See Response (IX) (g). No impacts would result. XI. LAND USE AND PLANNING – Would the project: Physically divide an established \boxtimes П П community?

Potentially

Less Than

Significant with

Less Than

The project is consistent with the General Plan and Pacific Beach Community Plan land use designation. The project site is located within a developed residential neighborhood and surrounded by similar residential development. The development of a replacement dwelling unit would not affect adjacent properties and is consistent with surrounding land uses. Therefore, the project

Issu	e	Significant Impact	Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Significant Impact	No Impact
	ot physically divide an established c ntation of the project.	ommunity. N	lo impact would re	esult due to	
	Conflict with any applicable land use plan, policy, or regulation of an agency with jurisdiction over the project (including but not limited to the general plan, specific plan, local coastal program, or zoning ordinance) adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect?				
developn zone and neighbor applicabl (including	onse XI(a) above. The project is connent by the General Plan and Comrol surrounding land uses. Construction of the constructio	munity Plan a on of the pro orthermore, to on of an agen on community	and is consistent woject would occur would occur would reproject would reproject would reproject would reproject would reproject on the contraction of the contractio	with the existing within an urban or conflict with over the projection adoption and or conflict with the projection and or confliction and confliction	g underlying nized h any ect oted for
c)	Conflict with any applicable habitat conservation plan or natural community conservation plan?				
project w protectio have the project w Beach Co	ously discussed in Section IV, althous yould be consistent with all relevant on of biological resources, as outline potential to conflict with any habita yould be consistent with all biologic ommunity Plan and Local Coastal La with any applicable plans, and no im	t goals and ped in the City at conservatical resources and Use Plan	olicies regarding to 's MSCP. The propon plans. In addition policies outlined in Implementation of	he preservatio osed project d on, implement n the General	n and oes not ation of the Plan, Pacific
XII. MINEF	RAL RESOURCES – Would the project:				
	Result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region and the residents of the state?				\boxtimes
	ect would not result in the loss of a the region and the residents of the		a known mineral r	esource that w	ould be of
value to i	the region and the residents of the	state.			
	Result in the loss of availability of a locally important mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan or other land use plan?				

Less Than

The project would not result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan, or other land use plan.

Issu	ie	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
XIII. NOIS	E – Would the project result in:				
ŕ	Generation of, noise levels in excess of standards established in the local general plan or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies?				

The City's Thresholds identify that a significant impact would occur if:

Traffic generated noise would result in noise levels that exceed a 45 weighted decibel (dbA) Community Noise Equivalent Level (CNEL) interior of 65 dbA CNEL exterior for single- and multifamily land uses, 75 dbA exterior for office, churches, and professional uses, and 75 dbA exterior for commercial land uses.

- A project which would generate noise levels at the property line which exceed the City's Noise Ordinance Standards is also considered a potentially significant impact. Additionally, Temporary construction noise which exceeds 75 dB (A) L_{EQ} at a sensitive receptor would be considered significant.
- Temporary construction noise which exceeds 75 dB (A) Leq at a sensitive receptor. Construction noise levels measured at or beyond the property lines of any property zoned residential shall not exceed an average sound level greater than 75-decibles (dB) during the 12-hour period from 7:00 a.m. to 7:00 p.m. In addition, construction activity is prohibited between the hours of 7:00 p.m. of any day and 7:00 a.m. of the following day, or on legal holidays as specified in Section 21.04 of the San Diego Municipal Code, with exception of Columbus Day and Washington's Birthday, or on Sundays, that would create disturbing, excessive, or offensive noise unless a permit has been applied for and granted beforehand by the Noise Abatement and Control Administrator, in conformance with San Diego Municipal Code Section 59.5.0404.
- If noise levels during the breeding season for the California gnatcatcher, least Bell's vireo, southern willow flycatcher, least tern, cactus wren, tricolored blackbird or western snowy plover would exceed 60dB(A) or existing ambient noise level if above 60dB(A).

None of the above apply.

The project would not result in the generation of, noise levels in excess of standards established in the local general plan or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies. Any short-term noise impacts related to construction activities would be required to comply with the construction hours specified in the City's Municipal Code (Section 59.5.0404, Construction Noise), which are intended to reduce potential adverse effects resulting from construction noise. Impacts remain less than significant.

	nificant.	resulting in o	m construction n	oise. Impacts	remain ie
b)	Generation of, excessive ground borne vibration or ground borne noise levels?				

		Шрасс	Incorporated	ППрасс	
through	oonse XII (a) above. Potential short-t compliance with City restrictions. Non measures are required. Impacts	lo significan	t long-term impacts		
c)	A substantial permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project?				
through	oonse XII (a) above. Potential short-t compliance with City restrictions. Non measures are required. Impacts	lo significan	t long-term impacts		
d)	A substantial temporary or periodic increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above existing without the project?				
through	oonse XII (a) above. Potential short-t compliance with City restrictions. Non measures are required. Impacts	lo significan	t long-term impacts		
e)	For a project located within an airport land use plan, or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport would the project expose people residing or working in the area to excessive noise levels?				
project :	ject is not located within an airport l site. The project would not expose p lo impacts would result from the pro	eople residi			
f)	For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?				\boxtimes

Potentially

Significant

Issue

Less Than

Significant with

Mitigation

Less Than

Significant

No Impact

The proposed project is not located within the vicinity of a private airstrip. The proposed project would not expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels. No impacts would result from the project.

lss	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
XIV. POF	PULATION AND HOUSING – Would the projec	t:			
a)	Induce substantial population growth in an area, either directly (for example, by proposing new homes and businesses) or indirectly (for example, through extension of roads or other infrastructure)?				
would n	posed project is replacing an existing of induce substantial population grous for both dwelling units. Impacts rem	owth. Infrasti	ructure already exi		-
b)	Displace substantial numbers of existing housing, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?				
constru replacei	posed project would not displace suction of replacement housing elsew ment of one dwelling unit. Therefore housing.	here. The pro	pposed project wou	uld result in th	ne
c)	Displace substantial numbers of people, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?				
lot woul	lacement of an existing dwelling uni ld not displace substantial numbers ere would not occur.			_	
XV. PUB	LIC SERVICES				
a)	Would the project result in substantial adverse physically altered governmental facilities, no construction of which could cause significal rations, response times or other performance.	eed for new or p nt environmenta	physically altered gover al impacts, in order to m	nmental facilities naintain acceptal	s, the
	i) Fire protection				\boxtimes
	ject site is located in an urbanized a provided. The proposed project wo s.	•	•		
	ii) Police protection				
	ject site is located in an urbanized a rotection services are already provid	•		-	_

37

construction of new police protection facilities.

Iss	ue	Potentially Significant Impact	Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	iii) Schools				\boxtimes
or expar where p on publi	ect would not affect existing levels nsion of a school facility. The proje ublic school services are available c schools over that which currentle in demand for public educational	ct site is locate . The project w y exists and is	ed in an urbanized ould not significar	and develope otly increase th	d area ne demand
	iv) Parks				\boxtimes
available regional	ect site is located in an urbanized e. The project would not significan parks or other recreational faciliti in a significant increase in deman	tly increase the	e demand on exist hich presently exis	ting neighborh sts and is not a	ood or anticipated
	v) Other public facilities				\boxtimes
available construc	Would the project increase the use of	affect existing overnmental f	levels of public se	ervices and no	t require the
	existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be accelerated?				
	ect would not increase the use of onal facilities such that substantial ted.		_	•	
b)	Does the project include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities, which might have an adverse physical effect on the environment?				
The proj facilities	ect is not construction recreationa	al facilities, nor	does it require th	e expansion o	f recreation
XVII. TRA	NSPORTATION/TRAFFIC – Would the project	ct?			
a)	Would the project or plan/policy conflict with an adopted program, plan, ordinance or policy addressing the transportation system, including transit,				\boxtimes

Potentially Less Than
Issue Significant Mitigation Impact
Impact Incorporated

roadways, bicycle and pedestrian facilities?

The replacement of a dwelling unit would not change road patterns or congestion. The project would not conflict with an applicable plan, ordinance or policy establishing measures of effectiveness for the performance of the circulation system, taking into account of all modes transportation including mass transit and non-motorized travel and relevant components of the circulation system, including but not limited to intersections, streets, highways and freeways, pedestrian and bicycle paths, and mass transit. In addition, the project would not require the redesign of streets, traffic signals, stop signs, striping or any other changes to the existing roadways or existing public transportation routes or types are necessary. No impact would result due to implementation of the project.

b)	Would the project or plan/policy result in VMT exceeding thresholds identified in the City of San Diego Transportation Study Manual?				\boxtimes
•	oposed project is the replacement of a dolds identified in the City of San Diego Ti	•			eding
c)	Would the project or plan/policy substantially increase hazards due to a design feature (e.g., sharp curves or dangerous intersections) or incompatible uses (e.g., farm equipment)?				
•	oposed project would not substantially in patible uses.	ncrease hazards	due to a desigr	feature or	
d)	Result in inadequate emergency access?				
The pro	oject would not result in inadequate emo	ergency access.			
cultura geogra	RIBAL CULTURAL RESOURCES – Would the project I resource, defined in Public Resources Code section phically defined in terms of the size and scope of the phia Native American tribe, and that is:	on 21074 as either a	site, feature, place,	cultural landscap	e that is
a)	Listed or eligible for listing in the California Register of Historical Resources, or in a local register of historical resources as defined in Public Resources Code section 5020.1(k), or				

The project is the replacement of an existing dwelling unit with a new dwelling. The existing dwelling unit is not listed or eligible for listing in the California Register of Historical Resources, or in a local register of historical resources as defined in Public Resources Code section 5020.1(k).

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
b) A resource determined by the lead agency, in its discretion and supported by substantial evidence, to be significant pursuant to criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Public Resources Code section 5024.1. In applying the criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Public Resource Code section 5024.1, the lead agency shall consider the significance of the resource to a California Native American tribe.				
Assembly Bill 52 (AB 52) requires as part of of tribes, and opportunity for tribes to requiresources when a project is determined to Declaration or Environmental Impact Reportal tribes that have previously requested surface March 11, 2021. No requests for consultation The proposed project includes a Mitigation required Native American Monitoring for all mitigated measures impacts would remain	reguire a Neg require a Neg rt under CEQA ich notification on were receiv , Monitoring, a ll ground distu	ation regarding impative Declaration, A. In compliance win for projects withing wed within the 30-cand Reporting Progurbing activities. W	pacts to tribal Mitigated Neg th AB-52, the n the City of S day notificatio gram (MMRP)	cultural gative City notified San Diego on n period. that
XIX. UTILITIES AND SERVICE SYSTEMS – Would the pr	oject:			
 a) Exceed wastewater treatment requirements of the applicable Regional Water Quality Control Board? 				
Implementation of the project would not in surrounding uses. No increase in demand of the project, as compared to current condition amounts of wastewater. Wastewater treatmaccordance with the applicable wastewater Control Board (RWQCB). Additionally, the particles are already available to serequired. No impact would result due to impact would	for wastewate ons. The proje ment facilities treatment re roject site is in serve the proj	r disposal or treating of the disposal or treating of the used by the project of the nan urbanized and ect and no mitigat	ment would be ded to generate it would be op Regional Wat d developed a	e created by e significant perated in er Quality rea.
b) Require or result in the construction of new water or wastewater treatment facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?				

This project would not result in an increase in the intensity of the use and would not be required to construct a new water or wastewater treatment facility. No impact would result due to implementation of the project.

Is	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
c)	Require or result in the construction of new storm water drainage facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?				\boxtimes
therefo facilities qualifie	oject would not exceed the capacity of re, would not require construction of s of which could cause significant end d City staff who determined that the posed development. No impact wou	f new or expositions or expensions of the contract of the cont	ansion of existing s effects. The project lities are adequate	storm water d t was reviewe ly sized to acc	lrainage d by commodate
d)	Have sufficient water supplies available to serve the project from existing entitlements and resources, or are new or expanded entitlements needed?				
a water	oject does not meet the CEQA significe supply assessment. The existing pro- equate services are available to serve anded entitlements. No impact would	oject site curr e the propose	rently receives wate ed residential proje	er service fror ect without re	n the City, quired new
e)	Result in a determination by the wastewater treatment provider which serves or may serve the project that it has adequate capacity to serve the project's projected demand in addition to the provider's existing commitments?				
Adequa	uction of the project would not adver ate services are available to serve the nents. Impacts would be less than sig	project site	without required n	ew or expand	ded
f)	Be served by a landfill with sufficient permitted capacity to accommodate the project's solid waste disposal needs?				
would he the programound to complete demolit	struction waste from the project site have adequate capacity to accept the ject. Long-term operation of the projects of solid waste associated with resiply with the City's Municipal Code for tion phase and solid waste during the gnificant.	e limited amo posed reside dential use. F diversion of	unt of waste that v ntial unity is anticip Furthermore, the p both construction	vould be gene pated to gene roject would l waste during	erated by rate typical be required the
g)	Comply with federal, state, and local statutes and regulation related to solid waste?				\boxtimes

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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The project would comply with all Federal, State, and local statutes and regulations related to solid waste. The project would not result in the generation of large amounts of solid waste, nor would it generate or require the transportation of hazardous waste materials. All demolition activities would comply with City of San Diego requirements for diversion of both construction waste during the demolition phase and solid waste during the long-term, operation phase. No impact would result due to implementation of the proposed project.

aac to i	implementation of the proposed pr	oject.			
XX. WILI	DFIRE – Would the project:				
a)	Substantially impair an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan?			\boxtimes	
Plan. The Plan's later area of would referenced to the Plan Plan Plan Plan Plan Plan Plan Plan	of San Diego participates in the Sane project complies with the General of the Land Development of two sand disrupt any emergency evacuatore, the project would have a less-the control of the plan during construction and control of the project would have a less-the project would have a less-the project would have a less-the plan during construction and control of the project would have a less-the project would have a less-t	al Plan and is on the code's zoning dwelling units ion routes as in an-significant	consistent with the good of the good of the good of the glace of contified in the H	ne Pacific Beach e project is in a ne existing dw Hazard Mitigatio	n Community on urbanized elling unit on Plan.
b)	Due to slope, prevailing winds, and other factors, exacerbate wildfire risks, and thereby expose project occupants to, pollutant concentrations from a wildfire or the uncontrolled spread of wildfire?				
Plan. The Plan's later area of an exist in the H	of San Diego participates in the Sane project complies with the General of the Land Development San Diego and construction of a single-family residence would relazard Mitigation Plan. Therefore, the ency response and evacuation plan	al Plan and is of t Code's zonin ngle-family res not disrupt an he project woo	consistent with the good designation. The sidence and comply emergency evalud have a less-th	ne Pacific Beach e project is in a panion unit in t cuation routes an-significant i	n Community in urbanized he place of as identified
c)	Require the installation or maintenance of associated infrastructure (such as roads, fuel breaks, emergency water sources, power lines or other utilities) that may exacerbate fire risk or that may result in temporary or ongoing impacts to the environment?				

The project is in a residential neighborhood with similar development. The site is currently serviced by existing infrastructure which would service the site after construction is completed. No new construction of roads, fuel breaks, emergency water sources, power lines, or other utilities would be constructed that would exacerbate fire risk, therefore impacts would be less-than significant.

lss	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
d)	Expose people or structures to significant risks, including downslope or downstream flooding or landslides, as a result of runoff, post-fire slope instability, or drainage changes?			\boxtimes	
Best Ma significa	response XX (b) above. Additionally nagement Practices (BMP) for drain int risks as a result of run-off, post-fi nificant impact would result.	age and wou	ıld not expose peo	ple or structu	res to
XXI. MAN	NDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE -				
a)	Does the project have the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory?				
Cultural included	alysis has determined that, although Resources (Archaeology) and Tribal d in this document would reduce the I within the Mitigated Negative Decla	Cultural Resesse potential	sources. As such, m	itigation mea	sures
b)	Does the project have impacts that are individually limited but cumulatively considerable ("cumulatively considerable" means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable future projects)?				
environ Resourd been ind	mented in this Initial Study, the proj ment, notably with respect to Cultur es, which may have cumulatively co corporated to reduce impacts to less ibute potentially significant cumulat	al Resources nsiderable in than signifi	s (Archaeology) and mpacts. As such, m cant. As such, the p	l Tribal Cultur itigation mea	al sures have
c)	Does the project have environmental effects that will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly?		\boxtimes		

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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The project is consistent with the environmental setting and with the use as anticipated by the City. Based on the analysis presented above, implementation of the mitigation measures would reduce environmental impacts such that no substantial adverse effects on humans would occur.

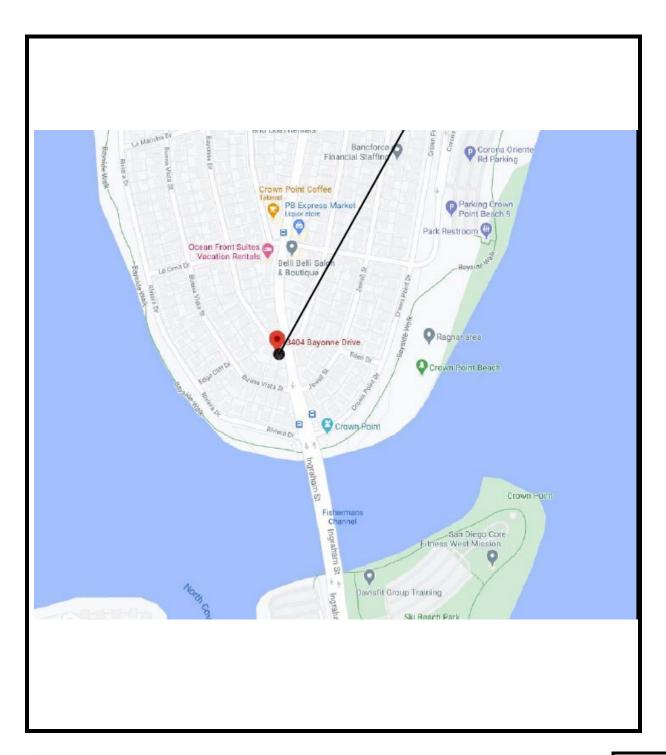
INITIAL STUDY CHECKLIST REFERENCES

II. Agricultural Resources & Forest Resources □ City of San Diego General Plan □ U.S. Department of Agriculture, Soil Survey - San Diego Area, California, Part I and II, 1 California Agricultural Land Evaluation and Site Assessment Model (1997) □ Site Specific Report: III. Air Quality □ California Clean Air Act Guidelines (Indirect Source Control Programs) 1990 Regional Air Quality Strategies (RAQS) - APCD □ Site Specific Report: IV. Biology □ City of San Diego, Multiple Species Conservation Program (MSCP), Subarea Plan, 1997 □ City of San Diego, MSCP, "Vegetation Communities with Sensitive Species and Vernal Maps, 1996 □ City of San Diego, MSCP, "Multiple Habitat Planning Area" maps, 1997 □ Community Plan - Resource Element □ California Department of Fish and Game, California Natural Diversity Database, "State Federally-listed Endangered, Threatened, and Rare Plants of California," January 2001 □ California Department of Fish and Game, California Natural Diversity Database, "State Federally-listed Endangered and Threatened Animals of California," January 2001 □ City of San Diego Land Development Code Biology Guidelines □ Site Specific Report: V. Cultural Resources (includes Historical Resources and Built Environment) □ City of San Diego Historical Resources Guidelines □ City of San Diego Archaeology Library □ Historical Resources Board List □ Community Historical Survey: □ Site Specific Report:	
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IX.	Hydrology/Drainage Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA), National Flood Insurance Program-Flood Boundary and Floodway Map Clean Water Act Section 303(b) list, http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/tmdl/303d lists.html Site Specific Report:
x. \Bigsilon \Bigsilon \B	Land Use and Planning City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan City of San Diego Zoning Maps FAA Determination: Other Plans:
XI.	Mineral Resources California Department of Conservation - Division of Mines and Geology, Mineral Land Classification Division of Mines and Geology, Special Report 153 - Significant Resources Maps City of San Diego General Plan: Conservation Element Site Specific Report:
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XIV.	Population / Housing City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan Series 11/Series 12 Population Forecasts, SANDAG Other:
xv. □	Public Services City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan
XVI.	Recreational Resources City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan Department of Park and Recreation City of San Diego - San Diego Regional Bicycling Map Additional Resources:
xVII.	Transportation / Circulation City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan: San Diego Metropolitan Area Average Weekday Traffic Volume Maps, SANDAG San Diego Region Weekday Traffic Volumes, SANDAG Site Specific Report:
XVIII.	Utilities Site Specific Report:
XIX.	Water Conservation Sunset Magazine, New Western Garden Book, Rev. ed. Menlo Park, CA: Sunset Magazine
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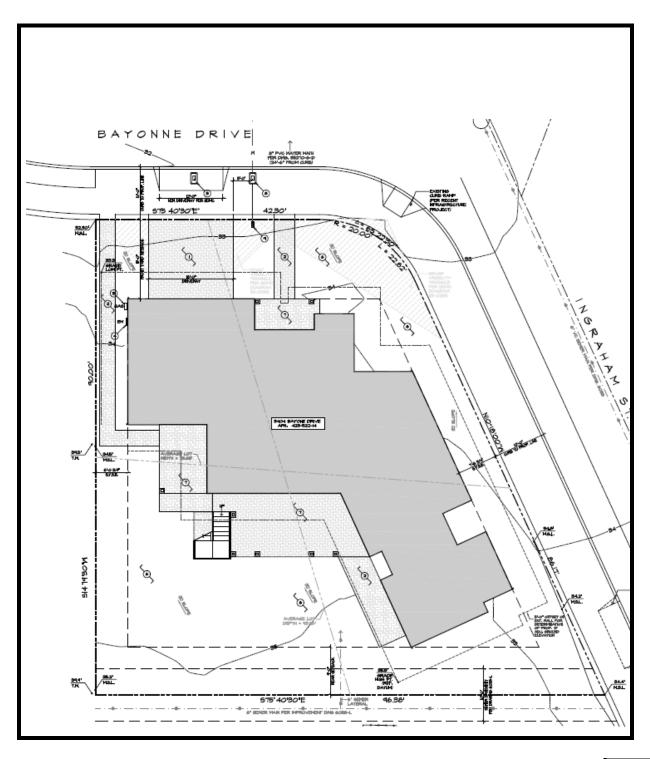




Location Map

Abatti Residence CDP/Project No. 674404 City of San Diego – Development Services Department **FIGURE**

No. 1





Site Plan

Abatti Residence CDP/Project No. 674404
City of San Diego – Development Services Department

FIGURE

No. 2