

MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION

Project No. 669397 SCH No. 2022020415

SUBJECT:

Haines Street CDP/TM/SDP: A COASTAL DEVELOPMENT PERMIT, SITE DEVELOPMENT PERMIT, TENTATIVE MAP and RIGHT-OF-WAY VACATION to demolish an existing single family dwelling unit to subdivide an existing lot into three lots and construct a single-dwelling unit, Companion Unit, and Junior Unit on each lot. In addition, various site improvements would also be constructed including associated hardscape and landscape. The 0.16-acre project site is located at 3903 Haines Street. The project site is designated residential and zoned RM-1-1 per the Pacific Beach Community Plan area. The project site is also within the Coastal Height Limitation Overlay Zone, the Coastal Overlay Zone (Non-Appealable 2 Area), the Parking Impact Overlay Zone (Beach and Coastal Impact), and the Residential Tandem Parking Overlay Zone. (LEGAL DESCRIPTION: Map 895, Block 12, Lot 23 and 24.) APPLICANT: Matthew DeVincenzo.

I. PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

See attached Initial Study.

II. ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING:

See attached Initial Study.

III. DETERMINATION:

The City of San Diego conducted an Initial Study which determined that the proposed project could have a significant environmental effect in the following areas(s): **Tribal Cultural Resources**. Subsequent revisions in the project proposal create the specific mitigation identified in Section V of this Mitigated Negative Declaration. The project as revised now avoids or mitigates the potentially significant environmental effects previously identified, and the preparation of an Environmental Impact Report will not be required.

IV. DOCUMENTATION:

The attached Initial Study documents the reasons to support the above Determination.

V. MITIGATION, MONITORING AND REPORTING PROGRAM:

A. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS – PART I: Plan Check Phase (prior to permit issuance)

- 1. Prior to the issuance of a Notice To Proceed (NTP) for a subdivision, or any construction permits, such as Demolition, Grading or Building, or beginning any construction related activity on-site, the Development Services Department (DSD) Director's Environmental Designee (ED) shall review and approve all Construction Documents (CD), (plans, specification, details, etc.) to ensure the MMRP requirements are incorporated into the design.
- 2. In addition, the ED shall verify that the MMRP Conditions/Notes that apply ONLY to the construction phases of this project are included VERBATIM, under the heading, "ENVIRONMENTAL/MITIGATION REQUIREMENTS."
- 3. These notes must be shown within the first three (3) sheets of the construction documents in the format specified for engineering construction document templates as shown on the City website:
 - https://www.sandiego.gov/development-services/forms-publications/design-guidelines-templates
- 4. The **TITLE INDEX SHEET** must also show on which pages the "Environmental/Mitigation Requirements" notes are provided.
- 5. **SURETY AND COST RECOVERY –** The Development Services Director or City Manager may require appropriate surety instruments or bonds from private Permit Holders to ensure the long-term performance or implementation of required mitigation measures or programs. The City is authorized to recover its cost to offset the salary, overhead, and expenses for City personnel and programs to monitor qualifying projects.

B. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS – PART II: Post Plan Check (After permit issuance/Prior to start of construction)

1. PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING IS REQUIRED TEN (10) WORKING DAYS PRIOR TO BEGINNING ANY WORK ON THIS PROJECT. The PERMIT HOLDER/OWNER is responsible to arrange and perform this meeting by contacting the CITY RESIDENT ENGINEER (RE) of the Field Engineering Division and City staff from MITIGATION MONITORING COORDINATION (MMC). Attendees must also include the Permit holder's Representative(s), Job Site Superintendent and the following consultants:

Qualified Archaeologist
Native American Monitor

Note: Failure of all responsible Permit Holder's representatives and consultants to attend shall require an additional meeting with all parties present.

CONTACT INFORMATION:

- a) The PRIMARY POINT OF CONTACT is the **RE** at the **Field Engineering Division (858) 627-3200**
- b) For Clarification of ENVIRONMENTAL REQUIREMENTS, it is also required to call **RE and MMC at (858) 627-3360**
- 2. **MMRP COMPLIANCE:** This Project, Project Tracking System (PTS) No. 669397 and/or Environmental Document No. 669397 shall conform to the mitigation requirements contained in the associated Environmental Document and implemented to the satisfaction of the DSD's Environmental Designee (MMC) and the City Engineer (RE). The requirements may not be reduced or changed but may be annotated (i.e. to explain when and how compliance is being met and location of verifying proof, etc.). Additional clarifying information may also be added to other relevant plan sheets and/or specifications as appropriate (i.e., specific locations, times of monitoring, methodology, etc.

Note: Permit Holder's Representatives must alert RE and MMC if there are any discrepancies in the plans or notes, or any changes due to field conditions. All conflicts must be approved by RE and MMC BEFORE the work is performed.

- 3. **OTHER AGENCY REQUIREMENTS:** Evidence of compliance with all other agency requirements or permits shall be submitted to the RE and MMC for review and acceptance prior to the beginning of work or within one week of the Permit Holder obtaining documentation of those permits or requirements. Evidence shall include copies of permits, letters of resolution or other documentation issued by the responsible agency: Not Applicable.
- 4. **MONITORING EXHIBITS:** All consultants are required to submit, to RE and MMC, a monitoring exhibit on a 11x17 reduction of the appropriate construction plan, such as site plan, grading, landscape, etc., marked to clearly show the specific areas including the **LIMIT OF WORK**, scope of that discipline's work, and notes indicating when in the construction schedule that work will be performed. When necessary for clarification, a detailed methodology of how the work will be performed shall be included.

Note: Surety and Cost Recovery – When deemed necessary by the Development Services Director or City Manager, additional surety instruments or bonds from the private Permit Holder may be required to ensure the long-term performance or implementation of required mitigation measures or programs. The City is authorized to recover its

cost to offset the salary, overhead, and expenses for City personnel and programs to monitor qualifying projects.

5. **OTHER SUBMITTALS AND INSPECTIONS:** The Permit Holder/Owner's representative shall submit all required documentation, verification letters, and requests for all associated inspections to the RE and MMC for approval per the following schedule:

DOCUMENT SUBMITTAL/INSPECTION CHECKLIST					
Issue Area	Document Submittal	Associated Inspection/Approvals/Notes			
General	Consultant Qualification Letters	Prior to Preconstruction Meeting			
General	Consultant Construction Monitoring Exhibits	Prior to or at Preconstruction Meeting			
Tribal Cultural Resources	Archaeology Reports	Archaeology/Historic Site Observation			
Bond Release	Request for Bond Release Letter	Final MMRP Inspections Prior to Bond Release Letter			

C. SPECIFIC MMRP ISSUE AREA CONDITIONS/REQUIREMENTS

TRIBAL CULTURAL RESOURCES

I. Prior to Permit Issuance

A. Entitlements Plan Check

 Prior to issuance of any construction permits, including but not limited to, the first Grading Permit, Demolition Plans/Permits and Building Plans/Permits or a Notice to Proceed for Subdivisions, but prior to the first preconstruction meeting, whichever is applicable, the Assistant Deputy Director (ADD) Environmental designee shall verify that the requirements for Archaeological Monitoring and Native American monitoring have been noted on the applicable construction documents through the plan check process.

B. Letters of Qualification have been submitted to ADD

 The applicant shall submit a letter of verification to Mitigation Monitoring Coordination (MMC) identifying the Principal Investigator (PI) for the project and the names of all persons involved in the archaeological monitoring program, as defined in the City of San Diego Historical Resources Guidelines (HRG). If applicable, individuals involved in the archaeological monitoring program must have completed the 40-hour HAZWOPER training with certification documentation.

- 2. MMC will provide a letter to the applicant confirming the qualifications of the PI and all persons involved in the archaeological monitoring of the project meet the qualifications established in the HRG.
- 3. Prior to the start of work, the applicant must obtain written approval from MMC for any personnel changes associated with the monitoring program.

II. Prior to Start of Construction

A. Verification of Records Search

- The PI shall provide verification to MMC that a site-specific records search (quarter-mile radius) has been completed. Verification includes but is not limited to a copy of a confirmation letter from South Coastal Information Center, or, if the search was inhouse, a letter of verification from the PI stating that the search was completed.
- 2. The letter shall introduce any pertinent information concerning expectations and probabilities of discovery during trenching and/or grading activities.
- 3. The PI may submit a detailed letter to MMC requesting a reduction to the ¼ mile radius.

B. PI Shall Attend Precon Meetings

- Prior to beginning any work that requires monitoring; the Applicant shall arrange a
 Precon Meeting that shall include the Pl, Native American consultant/monitor (where
 Native American resources may be impacted), Construction Manager (CM) and/or
 Grading Contractor, Resident Engineer (RE), Building Inspector (BI), if appropriate,
 and MMC. The qualified Archaeologist and Native American Monitor shall attend any
 grading/excavation related Precon Meetings to make comments and/or suggestions
 concerning the Archaeological Monitoring program with the Construction Manager
 and/or Grading Contractor.
 - a. If the PI is unable to attend the Precon Meeting, the Applicant shall schedule a focused Precon Meeting with MMC, the PI, RE, CM or BI, if appropriate, prior to the start of any work that requires monitoring.

2. Identify Areas to be Monitored

a. Prior to the start of any work that requires monitoring, the PI shall submit an Archaeological Monitoring Exhibit (AME) (with verification that the AME has been reviewed and approved by the Native American consultant/monitor when Native American resources may be impacted) based on the appropriate construction documents (reduced to 11x17) to MMC identifying the areas to be monitored including the delineation of grading/excavation limits. b. The AME shall be based on the results of a site-specific records search as well as information regarding existing known soil conditions (native or formation).

3. When Monitoring Will Occur

- a. Prior to the start of any work, the PI shall also submit a construction schedule to MMC through the RE indicating when and where monitoring will occur.
- b. The PI may submit a detailed letter to MMC prior to the start of work or during construction requesting a modification to the monitoring program. This request shall be based on relevant information such as review of final construction documents which indicate site conditions such as depth of excavation and/or site graded to bedrock, etc., which may reduce or increase the potential for resources to be present.

III. During Construction

- A. Monitor(s) Shall be Present During Grading/Excavation/Trenching
 - 1. The Archaeological Monitor shall be present full-time during all soil disturbing and grading/excavation/trenching activities which could result in impacts to archaeological resources as identified on the AME. The Construction Manager is responsible for notifying the RE, PI, and MMC of changes to any construction activities such as in the case of a potential safety concern within the area being monitored. In certain circumstances OSHA safety requirements may necessitate modification of the AME.
 - 2. The Native American consultant/monitor shall determine the extent of their presence during soil disturbing and grading/excavation/trenching activities based on the AME and provide that information to the Pl and MMC. If prehistoric resources are encountered during the Native American consultant/monitor's absence, work shall stop and the Discovery Notification Process detailed in Section III.B-C and IV.A-D shall commence.
 - 3. The PI may submit a detailed letter to MMC during construction requesting a modification to the monitoring program when a field condition such as modern disturbance post-dating the previous grading/trenching activities, presence of fossil formations, or when native soils are encountered that may reduce or increase the potential for resources to be present.
 - 4. The archaeological and Native American consultant/monitor shall document field activity via the Consultant Site Visit Record (CSVR). The CSVR's shall be faxed by the CM to the RE the first day of monitoring, the last day of monitoring, monthly (Notification of Monitoring Completion), and in the case of ANY discoveries. The RE shall forward copies to MMC.
- B. Discovery Notification Process

- In the event of a discovery, the Archaeological Monitor shall direct the contractor to temporarily divert all soil disturbing activities, including but not limited to digging, trenching, excavating or grading activities in the area of discovery and in the area reasonably suspected to overlay adjacent resources and immediately notify the RE or Bl, as appropriate.
- 3. The Monitor shall immediately notify the PI (unless Monitor is the PI) of the discovery.
- 4. The PI shall immediately notify MMC by phone of the discovery, and shall also submit written documentation to MMC within 24 hours by fax or email with photos of the resource in context, if possible.
- 5. No soil shall be exported off-site until a determination can be made regarding the significance of the resource specifically if Native American resources are encountered.

B. Determination of Significance

- 1. The PI and Native American consultant/monitor, where Native American resources are discovered shall evaluate the significance of the resource. If Human Remains are involved, follow protocol in Section IV below.
 - a. The PI shall immediately notify MMC by phone to discuss significance determination and shall also submit a letter to MMC indicating whether additional mitigation is required.
 - b. If the resource is significant, the PI shall submit an Archaeological Data Recovery Program (ADRP) which has been reviewed by the Native American consultant/monitor, and obtain written approval from MMC. Impacts to significant resources must be mitigated before ground disturbing activities in the area of discovery will be allowed to resume. Note: If a unique archaeological site is also an historical resource as defined in CEQA, then the limits on the amount(s) that a project applicant may be required to pay to cover mitigation costs as indicated in CEQA Section 21083.2 shall not apply.
 - c. If the resource is not significant, the PI shall submit a letter to MMC indicating that artifacts will be collected, curated, and documented in the Final Monitoring Report. The letter shall also indicate that that no further work is required.

IV. Discovery of Human Remains

If human remains are discovered, work shall halt in that area and no soil shall be exported off-site until a determination can be made regarding the provenance of the human remains; and the following procedures as set forth in CEQA Section 15064.5(e), the California Public Resources Code (Sec. 5097.98) and State Health and Safety Code (Sec. 7050.5) shall be undertaken:

A. Notification

- 1. Archaeological Monitor shall notify the RE or BI as appropriate, MMC, and the PI, if the Monitor is not qualified as a PI. MMC will notify the appropriate Senior Planner in the Environmental Analysis Section (EAS) of the Development Services Department to assist with the discovery notification process.
- 2. The PI shall notify the Medical Examiner after consultation with the RE, either in person or via telephone.

B. Isolate discovery site

- 1. Work shall be directed away from the location of the discovery and any nearby area reasonably suspected to overlay adjacent human remains until a determination can be made by the Medical Examiner in consultation with the PI concerning the provenance of the remains.
- 2. The Medical Examiner, in consultation with the PI, will determine the need for a field examination to determine the provenance.
- 3. If a field examination is not warranted, the Medical Examiner will determine with input from the PI, if the remains are or are most likely to be of Native American origin.

C. If Human Remains ARE determined to be Native American

- 1. The Medical Examiner will notify the Native American Heritage Commission (NAHC) within 24 hours. By law, ONLY the Medical Examiner can make this call.
- 2. NAHC will immediately identify the person or persons determined to be the Most Likely Descendent (MLD) and provide contact information.
- 3. The MLD will contact the PI within 24 hours or sooner after the Medical Examiner has completed coordination, to begin the consultation process in accordance with CEQA Section 15064.5(e), the California Public Resources and Health & Safety Codes.
- 4. The MLD will have 48 hours to make recommendations to the property owner or representative, for the treatment or disposition with proper dignity, of the human remains and associated grave goods.
- 5. Disposition of Native American Human Remains will be determined between the MLD and the PI, and, if:
 - a. The NAHC is unable to identify the MLD, OR the MLD failed to make a recommendation within 48 hours after being granted access to the site, OR;
 - b. The landowner or authorized representative rejects the recommendation of the

MLD and mediation in accordance with PRC 5097.94 (k) by the NAHC fails to provide measures acceptable to the landowner, the landowner shall reinter the human remains and items associated with Native American human remains with appropriate dignity on the property in a location not subject to further and future subsurface disturbance, THEN

- c. To protect these sites, the landowner shall do one or more of the following:
 - (1) Record the site with the NAHC;
 - (2) Record an open space or conservation easement; or
 - (3) Record a document with the County. The document shall be titled "Notice of Reinterment of Native American Remains" and shall include a legal description of the property, the name of the property owner, and the owner's acknowledged signature, in addition to any other information required by PRC 5097.98. The document shall be indexed as a notice under the name of the owner.

V. Night and/or Weekend Work

- A. If night and/or weekend work is included in the contract
 - When night and/or weekend work is included in the contract package, the extent and timing shall be presented and discussed at the precon meeting.
 - 2. The following procedures shall be followed.
 - a. No Discoveries In the event that no discoveries were encountered during night and/or weekend work, the PI shall record the information on the CSVR and submit to MMC via fax by 8AM of the next business day.
 - b. Discoveries
 - All discoveries shall be processed and documented using the existing procedures detailed in Sections III During Construction, and IV Discovery of Human Remains. Discovery of human remains shall always be treated as a significant discovery.
 - c. Potentially Significant Discoveries If the PI determines that a potentially significant discovery has been made, the procedures detailed under Section III - During Construction and IV-Discovery of Human Remains shall be followed.
 - d. The PI shall immediately contact MMC, or by 8AM of the next business day to report and discuss the findings as indicated in Section III-B, unless other specific arrangements have been made.

- B. If night and/or weekend work becomes necessary during the course of construction
 - 1. The Construction Manager shall notify the RE, or BI, as appropriate, a minimum of 24 hours before the work is to begin.
 - 2. The RE, or BI, as appropriate, shall notify MMC immediately.
- C. All other procedures described above shall apply, as appropriate.

VI. Post Construction

- A. Preparation and Submittal of Draft Monitoring Report
 - 1. The PI shall submit two copies of the Draft Monitoring Report (even if negative), prepared in accordance with the Historical Resources Guidelines (Appendix C/D) which describes the results, analysis, and conclusions of all phases of the Archaeological Monitoring Program (with appropriate graphics) to MMC for review and approval within 90 days following the completion of monitoring. It should be noted that if the PI is unable to submit the Draft Monitoring Report within the allotted 90-day timeframe resulting from delays with analysis, special study results or other complex issues, a schedule shall be submitted to MMC establishing agreed due dates and the provision for submittal of monthly status reports until this measure can be met.
 - a. For significant archaeological resources encountered during monitoring, the Archaeological Data Recovery Program shall be included in the Draft Monitoring Report.
 - b. Recording Sites with State of California Department of Parks and Recreation The PI shall be responsible for recording (on the appropriate State of California Department of Park and Recreation forms-DPR 523 A/B) any significant or potentially significant resources encountered during the Archaeological Monitoring Program in accordance with the City's Historical Resources Guidelines, and submittal of such forms to the South Coastal Information Center with the Final Monitoring Report.
 - 2. MMC shall return the Draft Monitoring Report to the PI for revision or, for preparation of the Final Report.
 - 3. The PI shall submit revised Draft Monitoring Report to MMC for approval.
 - 4. MMC shall provide written verification to the PI of the approved report.
 - 5. MMC shall notify the RE or BI, as appropriate, of receipt of all Draft Monitoring Report submittals and approvals.

B. Handling of Artifacts

- 1. The PI shall be responsible for ensuring that all cultural remains collected are cleaned and catalogued
- 2. The PI shall be responsible for ensuring that all artifacts are analyzed to identify function and chronology as they relate to the history of the area; that faunal material is identified as to species; and that specialty studies are completed, as appropriate.
- 3. The cost for curation is the responsibility of the property owner.
- C. Curation of artifacts: Accession Agreement and Acceptance Verification
 - The PI shall be responsible for ensuring that all artifacts associated with the survey, testing and/or data recovery for this project are permanently curated with an appropriate institution. This shall be completed in consultation with MMC and the Native American representative, as applicable.
 - 2. The PI shall include the Acceptance Verification from the curation institution in the Final Monitoring Report submitted to the RE or BI and MMC.
 - 3. When applicable to the situation, the PI shall include written verification from the Native American consultant/monitor indicating that Native American resources were treated in accordance with state law and/or applicable agreements. If the resources were reinterred, verification shall be provided to show what protective measures were taken to ensure no further disturbance occurs in accordance with Section IV Discovery of Human Remains, Subsection 5.

D. Final Monitoring Report(s)

- 1. The PI shall submit one copy of the approved Final Monitoring Report to the RE or BI as appropriate, and one copy to MMC (even if negative), within 90 days after notification from MMC that the draft report has been approved.
- The RE shall, in no case, issue the Notice of Completion and/or release of the Performance Bond for grading until receiving a copy of the approved Final Monitoring Report from MMC which includes the Acceptance Verification from the curation institution.

VI. PUBLIC REVIEW DISTRIBUTION:

Draft copies or notice of this Mitigated Negative Declaration were distributed to:

<u>City of San Diego</u> Mayor's Office (91) Councilmember Campbell, District 2 **Development Services Department**

DPM

EAS

Fire-Plan Review

Engineering

Geology

Landscaping

Map Check

Planning Review

Transportation

Planning Department

Long-Range

Park and Recreation

PUD Water & Sewer

MMC (77A)

Library Department - Government Documents (81)

San Diego Central Library (81A)

Pacific Beach/Taylor Branch Library (81X)

City Attorney's Office (93C)

Other Organizations, Groups, and Interested Individuals

Public Notice Journal (144)

Historical Resources Board (87)

Carmen Lucas (206)

South Coastal Information Center (210)

San Diego History Center (211)

San Diego Archaeological Center (212)

Save Our Heritage Organization (214)

Ron Christman (215)

Clint Linton (215 B)

Frank Brown- Inter-Tribal Cultural Resources Council (216)

Campo Band of Mission Indians (217)

San Diego County Archaeological Society, Inc. (218)

Native American Heritage Commission (222)

Kumeyaay Cultural Heritage Preservation (223)

Kumeyaay Cultural Repatriation Committee (225)

Native American Distribution (225 A-S)

Clint Linton, lipay Nation of Santa Ysabel

Lisa Cumper, Jamul Indian Village

Jesse Pinto, Jamul Indian Village

Angelina Gutierrez, San Pasqual Tribe

Richard Drury

Stacey Oborne

Lozeau Drury LLP

John Stump

Beach and Bay Press (372)

Pacific Beach Town Council (374)

Pacific Beach Planning Group (375) Crown Point Association (376) Pacific Beach Historical Society (377) Catherine Hartley

VII. RESULTS OF PUBLIC REVIEW:

- () No comments were received during the public input period.
- (X) Comments were received but did not address the accuracy or completeness of the draft environmental document. No response is necessary and the letters are incorporated herein.
- () Comments addressing the accuracy or completeness of the draft environmental document were received during the public input period. The letters and responses are incorporated herein.

Copies of the draft Mitigated Negative Declaration, the Mitigation, Monitoring and Reporting Program and any Initial Study material are available in the office of the Development Services Department for review, or for purchase at the cost of reproduction.

E. Shearer-Nguyen

Senior

Development Services Department

February 18, 2022

Date of Draft Report

June 21, 2022

Date of Final Report

Analyst: M. Dresser

Attachments: Initial Study Checklist

Figure 1: Location Map Figure 2: Site Plan



San Diego County Archaeological Society, Inc.

Environmental Review Committee

19 February 2022

To:

Ms. Morgan Dresser

Development Services Department

City of San Diego

1222 First Avenue, Mail Station 501 San Diego, California 92101

Subject:

Draft Mitigated Negative Declaration

Haines Street CDP/TM/SDP

Project No. 669397

Dear Ms. Dresser:

I have reviewed the subject DMND on behalf of this committee of the San Diego County Archaeological Society.

Based on the information contained in the DMND and initial study for the project, we agree with the described archaeological monitoring program.

Thank you for the opportunity to review and comment upon this DMND.

Sincerely,

James W. Royle, Jr., Charperson Environmental Review Committee

CC:

SDCAS President

File

P.O. Box 81106 San Diego, CA 92138-1106 (858) 538-0935

City staff response(s) to the San Diego County Archaeological Society, Inc. comment(s) letter for Haines Street CDP/TM/SDP, Project No. 669397

 Comment noted. The comment does not address the adequacy of the draft Mitigated Negative Declaration (MND). No further response is required.

INITIAL STUDY CHECKLIST

- 1. Project title/Project number: Haines Street CDP/TM/SDP / 669397
- 2. Lead agency name and address: City of San Diego, 1222 First Avenue, MS-501, San Diego, California 92101
- 3. Contact person and phone number: Morgan Dresser / (619) 446-5404
- 4. Project location: 3903 Haines Street, San Diego, California 92109
- 5. Project Applicant/Sponsor's name and address: Matthew DeVincenzo, 5190 Governor Drive, Suite 205, San Diego, California 92122
- 6. General/Community Plan designation: Residential / Multi-Family Residential
- 7. Zoning: RM-1-1
- 8. Description of project (Describe the whole action involved, including but not limited to, later phases of the project, and any secondary, support, or off-site features necessary for its implementation.):

A COASTAL DEVELOPMENT PERMIT, SITE DEVELOPMENT PERMIT, TENTATIVE MAP and RIGHT-OF-WAY VACATION to demolish an existing single family dwelling unit to subdivide an existing lot into three lots and construct a single-dwelling unit, Companion Unit, and Junior Unit on each lot. Lot 1 would contain a 960-square foot two-bedroom single family dwelling unit, a 646-square foot Companion Unit, and a 419-square foot Junior Unit. Lot 2 would contain a 850-square foot two-bedroom single family dwelling unit, a 663-square foot Companion Unit, and a 489-square foot Junior Unit. Lot 3 would contain a 886-square foot two-bedroom single family dwelling unit, a 688-square foot Companion Unit, and a 499-square foot Junior Unit. Six parking spaces would be provided on site, accessible from the adjacent alley. In addition, various site improvements would also be constructed including associated hardscape and landscape.

The project landscaping has been reviewed by City Landscape staff and would comply with all applicable City Landscape ordinances and standards. Drainage would be directed into appropriate storm drain systems designated to carry surface runoff, which has been reviewed and accepted by City Engineering staff.

Grading would entail approximately 22 cubic yards of cut to a depth of approximately 1 foot nine inches. Ingress and egress would be via a private driveway with access from the alley east of the project site. All parking would be provided on-site.

9. Surrounding land uses and setting:

The 0.16-acre project site is located at 3903 Haines Street. The project site is bounded by residential development to the north, south, east and west. The site contains a single dwelling unit and associated hardscape and landscape. Vegetation on-site consists of

ornamental landscaping. Site topography is relatively flat, sloping gently down towards the south and west. Elevations range from approximately 47.5 feet mean sea level (msl) near the northern property line to 44 feet msl near the southwest corner of the site.

The project site is designated residential and zoned RM-1-1 per the Pacific Beach Community Plan area. The project site is also within the Coastal Height Limitation Overlay Zone, the Coastal Overlay Zone (Non-Appealable 2 Area), the Parking Impact Overlay Zone (Beach and Coastal Impact), and the Residential Tandem Parking Overlay Zone.

- Other public agencies whose approval is required (e.g., permits, financing approval, or participation agreement):
 None required.
- 11. Have California Native American tribes traditionally and culturally affiliated with the project area requested consultation pursuant to Public Resources Code section 21080.3.1? If so, has consultation begun?

In accordance with the requirements of Public Resources Code 21080.3.1, the City of San Diego provided formal notifications to the lipay Nation of Santa Ysabel, the Jamul Indian Village, and the San Pasqual Band of Mission Indians which are traditionally and culturally affiliated with the project area; requesting consultation on April 5, 2021. A request for project consultation was not received from either the San Pasqual Band of Mission Indians or lipay Nation of Santa Ysabel Native American Tribes within the notification period, and therefore consultation was concluded. The Jamul Indian Village responded on April 26, 2021, requesting consultation on the project and implementation of Native American monitoring during the project's ground-disturbing activities. Therefore, the consultation process was concluded.

Note: Conducting consultation early in the CEQA process allows tribal governments, lead agencies, and project proponents to discuss the level of environmental review, identify and address potential adverse impacts to tribal cultural resources, and reduce the potential for delay and conflict in the environmental review process. (See Public Resources Code section 21083.3.2.) Information may also be available from the California Native American Heritage Commission's Sacred Lands File per Public Resources Code section 5097.96 and the California Historical Resources Information System administered by the California Office of Historic Preservation. Please also note that Public Resources Code section 21082.3(c) contains provisions specific to confidentiality.

ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:

			ld be potentially affected by t the checklist on the following		ct, involving at least one impact that is a	
	Aesthetics		Greenhouse Gas Emissions		Public Services	
	Agriculture and Forestry Resources		Hazards & Hazardous Materials		Recreation	
	Air Quality		Hydrology/Water Quality		Transportation	
	Biological Resources		Land Use/Planning	\boxtimes	Tribal Cultural Resources	
	Cultural Resources		Mineral Resources		Utilities/Service System	
	Energy		Noise		Wildfire	
	Geology/Soils		Population/Housing	\boxtimes	Mandatory Findings Significance	
	MINATION: (To be con		by Lead Agency)			
On the b			ave a significant effect on the	environm	ent, and a NEGATIVE DECLARATION will	
	be prepared.					
		revisions i	n the project have been made		nment, there will not be a significant reed to by the project proponent. A	
	The proposed project MAY is required.	have a sig	nificant effect on the environ	ment, and	d an ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT	
	The proposed project MAY have a "potentially significant impact" or "potentially significant unless mitigated" impact on the environment, but at least one effect (a) has been adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and (b) has been addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis as described on attached sheets. An ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required, but must analyze only the effects that remain to be addressed.					
	Although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, because all potentially significant effects (a) have been analyzed adequately in an earlier EIR or (MITIGATED) NEGATIVE DECLARATION pursuant to applicable standards, and (b) have been avoided or mitigated pursuant to that earlier EIR or (MITIGATED) NEGATIVE DECLARATION, including revisions or mitigation measures that are imposed upon the proposed project, nothing further is required.					

EVALUATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS:

- 1) A brief explanation is required for all answers except "No Impact" answers that are adequately supported by the information sources a lead agency cites in the parentheses following each question. A "No Impact" answer is adequately supported if the referenced information sources show that the impact simply does not apply to projects like the one involved (e.g., the project falls outside a fault rupture zone). A "No Impact answer should be explained where it is based on project specific factors as well as general standards (e.g., the project will not expose sensitive receptors to pollutants, based on a project-specific screening analysis.)
- 2) All answers must take account of the whole action involved, including off-site as well as on-site, cumulative as well as project-level, indirect as well as direct, and construction as well as operational impacts.
- 3) Once the lead agency has determined that a particular physical impact may occur, then the checklist answers must indicate whether the impact is potentially significant, less than significant with mitigation, or less than significant. "Potentially Significant Impact" is appropriate if there is substantial evidence that an effect may be significant. If there are one or more "Potentially Significant Impact" entries when the determination is made, an EIR is required.
- 4) "Negative Declaration: Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated" applies where the incorporation of mitigation measures has reduced an effect from "Potentially Significant Impact" to a "Less Than Significant Impact." The lead agency must describe the mitigation measures, and briefly explain how they reduce the effect to a less than significant level (mitigation measures from "Earlier Analyses", as described in (5) below, may be cross-referenced).
- 5) Earlier analyses may be used where, pursuant to the tiering, program EIR, or other CEQA process, an effect has been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or (mitigated) negative declaration. *Section 15063(c)(3)(D).* In this case, a brief discussion should identify the following:
 - a. Earlier Analysis Used. Identify and state where they are available for review.
 - b. Impacts Adequately Addressed. Identify which effects from the above checklist were within the scope of and adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and state whether such effects were addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis.
 - c. Mitigation Measures. For effects that are "Less Than Significant With Mitigation Measures Incorporated", describe the mitigation measures that were incorporated or refined from the earlier document and the extent to which they address site-specific conditions for the project.
- 6) Lead agencies are encouraged to incorporate into the checklist references to information sources for potential impacts (e.g., general plans, zoning ordinances). Reference to a previously prepared or outside document should, where appropriate, include a reference to the page or pages where the statement is substantiated.
- 7) Supporting Information Sources: A source list should be attached, and other sources used or individuals contacted should be cited in the discussion.
- 8) This is only a suggested form, and lead agencies are free to use different formats; however, lead agencies should normally address the questions from this checklist that are relevant to a project's environmental effects in whatever format is selected.
- 9) The explanation of each issue should identify:
 - a. The significance criteria or threshold, if any, used to evaluate each question; and
 - b. The mitigation measure identified, if any, to reduce the impact to less than significant.

Iss	ue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact		
	ETICS – Except as provided in Public es Code Section 21099, would the						
a)	Have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista?						
identifie	ect site is not located within, or adja d in the Pacific Beach Community Pl effect on a scenic vista. No impact v	lan. Therefore	-				
b)	Substantially damage scenic resources, including but not limited to, trees, rock outcroppings, and historic buildings within a state scenic highway?				\boxtimes		
scenic re project v symbol o	The project is situated within a developed neighborhood comprised of residential uses. There are no scenic resources (trees, rock outcroppings, or historic buildings) located on the project site. The project would not result in the physical loss, isolation, or degradation of a community identification symbol or landmark, as none are identified by the General Plan or community plan as occurring in the project vicinity. Therefore, no impact would result.						
c)	In non-urbanized areas, substantially degrade the existing visual character or quality of public views of the site and its surroundings? (Public views are those that are experienced from publicly accessible vantage point). If the project is in an urbanized area, would the project conflict with applicable zoning and other regulations governing scenic quality?				\boxtimes		
be consi project v degrade	ect site is located within a neighbork stent with the General Plan, communould be compatible with the surrouthe existing visual character or quate vould result.	inity plan land unding develo	d use and zoning oppment and would	esignations. not substan	Overall, the tially		
d)	Create a new source of substantial light or glare which would adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area?						

Lighting

The project would comply with the outdoor lighting standards in Municipal Code Section 142.0740 (Outdoor Lighting Regulations) that require all outdoor lighting be installed, shielded, and adjusted so that the light is directed in a manner that minimizes negative impacts from light pollution, including trespass, glare, and to control light from falling onto surrounding properties. Therefore, lighting installed with the project would not adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area, resulting in a less than significant lighting impact.

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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Glare

The project would comply with Municipal Code Section 142.0730 (Glare Regulations) that require exterior materials utilized for proposed structures be limited to specific reflectivity ratings. The structures would consist of wood siding, wood shingles, adobe and concrete blocks, brick, stuce

		es would consist of wood siding, wo e, or natural stone. The project wou	•			k, Stucco,
		the project would not create a new ay or nighttime views in the area; im				ld adversely
II.	env Mod imp sigr Fore Pro	RICULTURAL AND FOREST RESOURCES: In de ironmental effects, lead agencies may refer to del (1997) prepared by the California Departivacts on agriculture and farmland. In determificant environmental effects, lead agencies estry and Fire Protection regarding the state ject and the Forest Legacy Assessment projectocols adopted by the California Air Resource	to the California ment of Consendining whether in may refer to infoliations of forces cit; and forest ca	Agricultural Land Evaluation as an optional managed managed by the properties of the	uation and Site As odel to use in ass ces, including tim the California Dep e Forest and Rang	sessment essing berland, are partment of te Assessment
	a)	Converts Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance (Farmland), as shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency, to non-agricultural use?				\boxtimes
does Farm Map	no nlan pin	ject site is located within a develope t contain nor is it adjacent to any land of Statewide Importance (Farmlan g and Monitoring Program of the Ca alt in the conversion of such lands to	nds identified nd) as show d alifornia Reso	d as Farmland, Uni on maps prepared ource Agency. Ther	que Farmland pursuant to th efore, the proj	, or ne Farmlanc ject would
	b)	Conflict with existing zoning for agricultural use, or a Williamson Act Contract?				\boxtimes
of th affeo is no	e si cted ot pr	response II (a), above. There are note. Furthermore, the project would by a Williamson Act Contract, as the seent on the site or in the general would result. No in	not affect an ere are none vicinity of the	y properties zoned within the project site; therefore, no	l for agricultur vicinity. Agric	al use or ultural land
	c)	Conflict with existing zoning for, or cause rezoning of, forest land (as defined in Public Resources Code section 1220(g)), timberland (as defined by Public Resources Code section 4526), or timberland zoned Timberland Production (as defined by Government Code section 51104(g))?				

	Iss	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
or ti	mbe	ject would not conflict with existing erland zoned Timberland Production acts would result.	_	_		
	d)	Result in the loss of forest land or conversion of forest land to non-forest use?				\boxtimes
		response II (c) above. Additionally, t d land to non-forest use, as surround				-
	e)	Involve other changes in the existing environment, which, due to their location or nature, could result in conversion of Farmland to nonagricultural use or conversion of forest land to non-forest use?				\boxtimes
farm	llan	response II (a) and II (c), above. The d or forest land. No changes to any re, no impact would result.		_		-
III.		QUALITY – Where available, the significance air pollution control district may be relied on				
	a)	Conflict with or obstruct implementation of the applicable air quality plan?				

The project site is located in the San Diego Air Basin (SDAB) and is under the jurisdiction of the San Diego Air Pollution Control District (SDAPCD) and the California Air Resources Board (CARB). Both the State of California and the Federal government have established health-based Ambient Air Quality Standards (AAQS) for the following six criteria pollutants: carbon monoxide (CO); ozone (O3); nitrogen oxides (NOx); sulfur oxides (SOx); particulate matter up to 10 microns in diameter (PM10); and lead (Pb). O₃ (smog) is formed by a photochemical reaction between NOx and reactive organic compounds (ROCs). Thus, impacts from O₃ are assessed by evaluating impacts from NOx and ROCs. A new increase in pollutant emissions determines the impact on regional air quality as a result of a proposed project. The results also allow the local government to determine whether a proposed project would deter the region from achieving the goal of reducing pollutants in accordance with the Air Quality Management Plan (AQMP) in order to comply with Federal and State AAQS.

The SDAPCD and San Diego Association of Governments (SANDAG) are responsible for developing and implementing the clean air plan for attainment and maintenance of the ambient air quality standards in the SDAB. The County Regional Air Quality Strategy (RAQS) was initially adopted in 1991 and is updated on a triennial basis (most recently in 2009). The RAQS outlines the SDAPCD's plans and control measures designed to attain the state air quality standards for ozone (O₃). The RAQS relies on information from the CARB and SANDAG, including mobile and area source emissions, as well as information regarding projected growth in San Diego County and the cities in the county, to project future emissions and then determine the strategies necessary for the reduction of emissions

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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through regulatory controls. CARB mobile source emission projections and SANDAG growth projections are based on population, vehicle trends, and land use plans developed by San Diego County and the cities in the county as part of the development of their general plans.

The RAQS relies on SANDAG growth projections based on population, vehicle trends, and land use plans developed by the cities and by the county as part of the development of their general plans. As such, projects that propose development that is consistent with the growth anticipated by local plans would be consistent with the RAQS. However, if a project proposes development that is greater than that anticipated in the local plan and SANDAG's growth projections, the project might be in conflict with the RAQS and may contribute to a potentially significant cumulative impact on air quality.

The project would be consistent with the General Plan, Community Plan, and the underlying zone designation. Therefore, the project would be consistent with forecasts in the RAQS and would not obstruct implementation of the RAQS. As such, no impact would occur.

b)	Result in a cumulatively considerable		
	net increase of any criteria pollutant for		
	which the project region is non-		
	attainment under an applicable federal		
	or state ambient air quality standard?		

Short-Term (Construction) Emissions. Construction-related activities are temporary, short-term sources of air emissions. Sources of construction-related air emissions include fugitive dust from grading activities; construction equipment exhaust; construction-related trips by workers, delivery trucks, and material-hauling trucks; and construction-related power consumption.

Variables that factor into the total construction emissions potentially generated include the level of activity, length of construction period, number of pieces and types of equipment in use, site characteristics, weather conditions, number of construction personnel, and the amount of materials to be transported on or offsite.

Fugitive dust emissions are generally associated with land-clearing and grading operations. Construction operations would include standard measures as required by the City of San Diego to limit potential air quality impacts. Construction activities will be required to comply with the City's Best Management Practices (BMPs) which are enforceable under San Diego Municipal Code (SDMC) Section 142.0710. Therefore, impacts associated with fugitive dust are considered less than significant and would not violate an air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation.

Long-Term (Operational) Emissions.

Operational emissions include emissions from natural gas combustion, vehicle trips, area sources and landscape equipment. Based on the estimated operational emissions, the project would not exceed any screening-level criteria. Therefore, project operation would not violate any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation, nor would the project result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the region is in non-attainment.

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
Construction emissions would be to Management Practices (BMPs) wou less than significant level. Therefore increase of any criteria pollutant fo federal or state ambient air quality	old reduce potential im e, the project would no r which the project reg	pacts related to c it result in a cum ion is a non-attai	onstruction aculatively consiculatively consiculatively consiculatively consiculatively acused acuse	tivities to a lerable net
 c) Expose sensitive receptors to substantial pollutant concentrati 	ons?			
As described above, construction o other pollutants. However, construimplementation of Best Manageme construction activities to a less than the project would not exceed any sthe exposure of sensitive receptors than significant.	ction emissions would ent Practices (BMPs) wo n significant level. Base creening-level criteria.	be temporary an ould reduce pote d on the estimat Therefore, the pi	d short-term in ntial impacts re ed operational roject would no	n duration; elated to emissions, ot result in
d) Result in other emissions (such a those leading to odors) adversely affecting a substantial number o people?	У			
Short-term (Construction) Odors would be generated from ve of the project. Odors produced dur unburned hydrocarbons from tailp odors are temporary and generally of people. Therefore, impacts would	ing construction would ipes of construction ec occur at magnitudes t	l be attributable juipment and arc hat would not aff	to concentration hitectural coat	ons of ings. Such
Long-term (Operational) Residential dwelling units, in the lor creation of such odors nor are they people. Therefore, project operation	anticipated to genera	te odors affecting	g a substantial	
IV. BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES – Would the p				
 a) Have substantial adverse effects, directly or through habitat modifications, on any species ide as a candidate, sensitive, or spec status species in local or regiona policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish an Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Se 	entified cial			

The project site is surrounded by residential development. The project site does not contain sensitive biological resources on site or adjacent to the site. Onsite vegetation is non-native, and the project site does not contain any sensitive biological resources on site, nor does it contain any candidate, sensitive or special status species. No impacts would occur.

l:	ssue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact	
b)	Have a substantial adverse effect on any riparian habitat or other sensitive natural community identified in local or regional plans, policies, and regulations or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?					
Refer t	oject site is developed within an urba o Response IV (a), above. The project ied community, as the site currently s	site does not	contain any ripari	an habitat or	other	
c)	Have a substantial adverse effect on federally protected wetlands (including but not limited to marsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc.) through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, or other means?					
There a	are no wetlands or water of the Unite	d States on c	or near the site. No	impacts wou	ld occur.	
d)	Interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or with established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors, or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites?					
	oject site is urban developed within a nent of any wildlife or the use of any v				•	
e)	Conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources, such as a tree preservation policy or ordinance?				\boxtimes	
within	Refer to response IV (a), above. The project site is designated Residential. The site is developed and within a residential setting. The project would not conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources. Therefore, no impacts would occur.					
f)	Conflict with the provisions of an adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Community Conservation Plan, or other approved local, regional, or state habitat conservation plan?					

The project is located in a developed urban area and is not adjacent to the City's Multi-Habitat Planning Area (MHPA). The project would not conflict with the provisions of an adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Community Conservation Plan or other approved local, regional, or state habitat conservation plan. Therefore, no impacts would occur.

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
V. CULTURAL RESOURCES – Would the project:				
 Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an historical resource as defined in §15064.5? 				\boxtimes

The purpose and intent of the Historical Resources Regulations of the Land Development Code (Chapter 14, Division 3, and Article 2) is to protect, preserve and, where damaged, restore the historical resources of San Diego. The regulations apply to all proposed development within the City of San Diego when historical resources are present on the premises. Before approving discretionary projects, CEQA requires the Lead Agency to identify and examine the significant adverse environmental effects which may result from that project. A project that may cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource may have a significant effect on the environment (sections 15064.5(b) and 21084.1). A substantial adverse change is defined as demolition, destruction, relocation, or alteration activities, which would impair historical significance (sections 15064.5(b)(1)). Any historical resource listed in, or eligible to be listed in the California Register of Historical Resources, including archaeological resources, is considered to be historically or culturally significant.

The City of San Diego criteria for determination of historic significance, pursuant to CEQA, is evaluated based upon age (over 45 years), location, context, association with an important event, uniqueness, or structural integrity of the building. Projects requiring the demolition and/or modification of structures that are 45 years or older can result in potential impacts to a historical resource. The existing structure was identified as being over 45 years in age. Consequently, photographic documentation, Assessor's Building Records, description of property, and water and sewer records for the project site were submitted and reviewed by Plan-Historic staff. City staff determined that the property and/or structure are not individually designated resources and are not located within a designated historic district. In addition, the property does not meet designation criteria as a significant resource under any adopted criteria. No impact would result.

b)	Cause a substantial adverse change in		
	the significance of an archaeological		\boxtimes
	resource pursuant to §15064 5?		

Many areas of San Diego County, including mesas and the coast, are known for intense and diverse prehistoric occupation and important archaeological and historical resources. The region has been inhabited by various cultural groups spanning 10,000 years or more. The project area is located within an area identified as sensitive on the City of San Diego Historical Resources Sensitivity Maps. Therefore, a record search of the California Historic Resources Information System (CHRIS) digital database was reviewed to determined presence or absence of potential resources within and/or adjacent to the project site by qualified archaeological City staff. Based on the CHRIS records search, recorded historical resources were not identified within or adjacent to the project site. Furthermore, the project site has been previously graded to allow for the existing development. Therefore, it was determined there is no potential to impact any unique or non-unique historical resources and no further work would be required. No impact would result.

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
 Disturb any human remains, including those interred outside of dedicated cemeteries? 				\boxtimes

The area to be impacted by the project has been disturbed by grading for the original construction, and the potential for subsurface deposits to remain in these areas is extremely low. While there is a very low possibility of encountering human remains during subsequent project construction activities, it is noted that activities would be required to comply with state regulations that are intended to preclude impacts to human remains. Per CEQA Section 15064.5(e), the California Public Resources Code (Section 5097.98) and State Health and Safety Code (Section 7050.5), if human remains are discovered during construction, work would be required to halt in that area, and no soil would be exported off-site until a determination could be made regarding the provenance of the human remains via the County Coroner and other authorities as required.

VI. ENE	RGY – Would the project:			
a)	Result in potentially significant environmental impact due to wasteful, inefficient, or unnecessary consumption of energy resources, during project construction or operation?		\boxtimes	

The project would be required to meet mandatory energy standards of the current California energy code. Construction of the residential units would require operation of heavy equipment but would be temporary and short-term in duration. Additionally, long-term energy usage from the building would be reduced through design measures that incorporate energy conservation features in heating, ventilation and air conditioning systems, lighting and window treatments, and insulation and weather stripping. The project would also incorporate cool-roofing materials and solar panels. Development of the project would not result in a significant environmental impact due to wasteful, inefficient, or unnecessary consumption of energy resources. Impacts would remain less than significant.

b)	Conflict with or obstruct a state or local		
	plan for renewable energy or energy		\boxtimes
	efficiency?		

Refer to IV. a. above. The project is consistent with the General Plan and the Pacific Beach Community Plan's land use designation. The project is also required in comply with the City's Climate Action Plan (CAP) by implementing energy reducing design measures, therefore the project would not obstruct a state or local plan for renewable energy or energy efficiency. No impacts would result.

Issu	ue		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
VII. GEOL	OGY AND	SOILS – Would the project:		·		
a)	Directly involving	or indirectly cause potential substa g:	ntial adverse effe	ects, including the risk o	f loss, injury, or	death
	fau rec Fau Sta bas evid Div	oture of a known earthquake lt, as delineated on the most ent Alquist-Priolo Earthquake lt Zoning Map issued by the te Geologist for the area or ed on other substantial dence of a known fault? Refer to ision of Mines and Geology ecial Publication 42.			\boxtimes	
27, 2021 miles so inactive faults or motion a requiren construc	the clouthwes fault and from of the pnent of this macks	e site-specific Geotechnical II sest known active fault, the It of the project site. The site d is not within an Alquist-Prither faults within southern Croject site. However, the prothe California Building Code actices, to be verified at the It to people or structures to accant.	Rose Canyon is not travers olo Fault Zon California are ject would be utilize prope ouilding perm	Fault Zone is located by an active, pose. Earthquakes that potential generator required to compler engineering designit stage, in order to	ed approxim tentially acti t generate fr rs of significa y with seism gn and stand o ensure tha	ately 1.7 ve, or com these ant ground ic lard t would
	ii) Stro	ong seismic ground shaking?			\boxtimes	
Refer to	VII (a)(i)					
		smic-related ground failure, uding liquefaction?			\boxtimes	
causing t would ha formatio	the soil ave a ve anal soil	nerally occurs when loose, us to lose cohesion. According ery low risk for liquefaction does not the likelihood of the liquefaction is considered	g to the site-s lue to the pro ne proposed p	pecific geotechnica posed grading and project exposing pe	l investigation dense natural dense natural dense natural dense natural dense	on, the site re of the mic related

According to the site-specific geotechnical investigation, evidence of landslides or slope instability was not observed on or in the vicinity of the project site. Due to the relatively flat topography and the underlying competent materials landslide hazards do not appear to present a significant risk. Implementation of proper engineering design and utilization of standard construction practices, to be verified at the building permit stage, would ensure that the potential for impacts would be reduced to an acceptable level of risk. Impacts would be less than significant.

iv) Landslides?

 \boxtimes

ls	ssue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
b)	Result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil?				
The proimplem require Standa levels. consist	ition and construction activities would be required to comply with the city of San Diegods, which would ensure soil erosion Furthermore, permanent storm water and with the City's regulations. There in or loss of topsoil; therefore, impact	ith the City's ement practi go Grading O and topsoil er BMPs wou fore, the pro	Storm Water Stand ices (BMPs). Gradin ordinance as well as loss is minimized to ld also be required ject would not resu	ards, which r g activities w the Storm W o less than sig post-constru llt in substan	requires the could be Vater gnificant uction
c)	Be located on a geologic unit or soil that is unstable, or that would become unstable as a result of the project, and potentially result in on- or off-site landslide, lateral spreading, subsidence, liquefaction or collapse?				
landslid units u would l hazard	ussed in Section VI(a) and VI(b), the podes, and the potential for liquefaction nderlying the site are considered to be required to comply with the requist associated with expansive soils works due to expansive soils are expected.	n and subside have a "low" of frements of touch and be reduced	ence is negligible. T expansion potentia he California Buildii ed to an acceptable	he soils and I. The project ng Code ensi	geologic t design uring
d)	Be located on expansive soil, as defined in Table 18-1-B of the Uniform Building Code (1994), creating substantial direct or indirect risks to life or property?				
require impacts Implem be veri	oject site is considered to have very led to comply with seismic requirements to people or structures due to local nentation of proper engineering designed at the building permit stage, would remain less than significal hazards would remain less than significal signification.	nts of the Call I seismic ever gn and utiliza uld ensure th	lifornia Building Coonts to an acceptable ation of standard co	de that would e level of risk onstruction p	d reduce oractices, to
e)	Have soils incapable of adequately supporting the use of septic tanks or alternative waste water disposal systems where sewers are not available for the disposal of waste water?				

The project site is located within an area that is already developed with existing infrastructure (i.e., water and sewer lines) and does not propose any septic system. In addition, the project does not require the construction of any new facilities as it relates to wastewater, as services are available to serve the project. No impact would occur.

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
f) Directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleontological resource or site or unique geologic feature?				\boxtimes

According to the site-specific Geotechnical Investigation prepared by SB Consultants, Inc. dated July 27, 2021, the project site is underlain by undocumented fill, and Old Paralic Deposits Currently fill layers across the site ranging from approximately two to two and a half feet in depth. Old Paralic Deposits have a high sensitivity and undocumented fill has a low sensitivity for paleontological resources.

According to the City of San Diego's Significance Determination Thresholds, more than 1,000 cubic yards of grading at depths of greater than 10 feet (less than 10 feet if the site has been graded) into formations with a high resource sensitivity rating could result in a significant impact to paleontological resources, and mitigation would be required.

Grading operations would entail approximately 22 cubic yards of cut to a depth of approximately 1 foot nine inches. Therefore, the project would not exceed the City's Significance Determination Thresholds. No impact would result.

VIII. GR	EENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS – Would the p	oroject:	
a)	Generate greenhouse gas emissions,		
	either directly or indirectly, that may		\boxtimes

have a significant impact on the

environment?

The CAP Consistency Checklist is utilized to ensure project-by-project consistency with the underlying assumptions in the CAP and to ensure that the City would achieve its emission reduction targets identified in the CAP. The CAP Consistency Checklist includes a three-step process to determine project if the project would result in a GHG impact. Step 1 consists of an evaluation to determine the project's consistency with existing General Plan, Community Plan, and zoning designations for the site. Step 2 consists of an evaluation of the project's design features compliance with the CAP strategies. Step 3 is only applicable if a project is not consistent with the land use and/or zone, but is also in a transit priority area to allow for more intensive development than assumed in the CAP.

Under Step 1 of the CAP Consistency Checklist, the project is consistent with the existing General Plan and Pacific Beach Community Plan land use designations and zoning for the site. Therefore, the project is consistent with the growth projections and land use assumptions used in the CAP. Furthermore, completion of Step 2 of the CAP Consistency Checklist demonstrates that the project would be consistent with applicable strategies and actions for reducing GHG emissions. This includes project features consistent with the energy and water efficient buildings strategy, as well as bicycling, walking, transit, and land use strategy. These project features would be assured as a condition of project approval. Thus, the project is consistent with the CAP. Step 3 of the CAP Consistency Checklist would not be applicable, as the project is not proposing a land use amendment or a rezone.

Iss	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
contribu	on the project's consistency with the ution of GHGs to cumulative statewing rable. Therefore, the project's direct ant.	de emissions	would be less tha	n cumulatively	/
b)	Conflict with an applicable plan, policy, or regulation adopted for the purpose of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gases?				
Refer to	Section VII (a). Impacts would be le	ss than signif	icant.		
IX. HAZA	ARDS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS – Would t	the project:			
a)	Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials?				
would be Compliad materiad The open includes routinely release hazardo create a nor would foreseed the envi	pritation, storage, use, and disposal of required to comply with applicable ance would ensure that human healths. Therefore, no significant impacts erational phase of the project would be residential uses that are compatible y transport, use, or dispose of hazar of hazardous materials, with the popular materials such as household and a significant hazard through the route all did a significant hazard to the public able upset and accidental conditions fronment occur. Therefore, the properties are the properties and accidental conditions of the properties are the properties.	e federal, stath and the enwould occur occur after controls material exception to the envis involving the project	te, and local staturation on the during construction is comment are not unding uses. Residuals, or present a retion of common concleaners, paint, extra use, or disposal vironment throughe likely release of would not create	tes and regular t exposed to h on activities. Inpleted. The pr ential uses do easonably fore ommercial grad tc. The project of hazardous r in the reasonab hazardous ma	roject not seeable de would not naterials, ly terials into
b)	cr the environment and any impacts Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment?	would be les		\boxtimes	
Refer to	IX (a), above. Impacts would be less	s than signific	ant.		
c)	Emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste within one-quarter mile of an existing or proposed school?			\boxtimes	

Is	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
hazardo the site materia	ined in VII (a) and (b) above, the projections materials. The Crown Point Junions Based on the described conditions als waste or substances within one-quan significant.	r Music Acad no impacts i	demy is located wit elated to emitting	hin one-quarto or handling ha	er mile of zardous
d)	Be located on a site which is included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code section 65962.5 and, as a result, would it create a significant hazard to the public or the environment?				
65962.5 identifi	h of potential hazardous materials si 5 was completed for the project site. ed on a list of hazardous materials si ant hazard to the public or environm	Based on th tes. As such,	e searches conduc	ted, the projec	t site is not
e)	For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two mile of a public airport or public use airport, would the project result in a safety hazard or excessive noise for people residing or working in the project area?				\boxtimes
-	oject is not located within an airport l use airport. No impact would result.	and use plar	n, or within two mil	es of a public	airport or
f)	Impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan?				
	o response VIII (e) above. The project acts will occur.	site is not ir	proximity to any ρ	orivate airstrip	. Therefore,
g)	Expose people or structures, either directly or indirectly, to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires?				\boxtimes
emerge	oject would not impair the implemen ency response plan or evacuation pla re with circulation or access, and all c	n. No roadw	ay improvements	are proposed t	hat would
X. HYDF	ROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY - Would the pro	oject:			
a)	Violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements or			\boxtimes	

Potentially Less Than
Potentially Significant with Less Than
Issue Significant Mitigation Impact
Impact Incorporated

otherwise substantially degrade surface or groundwater quality?

The project would comply with the City's Stormwater Management and Discharge Control Ordinance (Municipal Code Chapter 4, Article 3, Division 3), Storm Water Runoff and Drainage Regulations (LDC Section 142.02 et al.), and other applicable storm water quality standards during and after construction. Treatment control best management practices (BMPs) have been selected that would ensure pollutants are not discharged to receiving waters. Proposed BMPs as fully described in the project specific Priority Development Project Storm Water Quality Management Plan prepared by Christensen Engineering and Surveying, dated January 2021 are summarized below.

The project would employ site design, source control and structural BMPs. Site design BMPs include minimizing impervious areas, minimizing soil compaction, dispersing the impervious areas, and use of native or drought-tolerant species for landscaping purposes. Source control BMPs include the placement of trash and storage areas in unit garages to prevent dispersion by rain, run-on, run-off, and wind.

These requirements have been reviewed by qualified City staff and would be re-verified during the ministerial building permit process. Adherence to applicable water quality standards would ensure adverse impacts associated with compliance with quality standards and waste discharge requirements are avoided. Impacts would be less than significant.

b)	Substantially deplete groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that the project may impede sustainable groundwater management of the basin?				\boxtimes		
project v groundv	The project does not require the construction of wells or the use of groundwater. Therefore, the project would not substantially deplete groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge. The project is located in an urban neighborhood where all infrastructures exist. The project would connect to the existing public water system. No impact would result.						
c)	Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, or through the addition of impervious surfaces, in a manner which would:						

A site-specific Drainage Letter was prepared dated June 2021, which identified the following. Under the existing conditions, site drainage flows at 0.23 cubic feet per second (cfs) southwesterly onto the Haines Street with no drainage conveyance system or runoff treatment. Overall, development of the project site would not increase the runoff. Runoff would be directed to Haines Street at 0.23 cfs. Ultimately collection of the runoff would be in the public storm drain system at the northwest curb inlet and discharge into Mission Bay. There are no streams or rivers located on-site and thus, no such resources would be impacted through the proposed grading activities.

Issue		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	ading would be required for the atial erosion or siltation on or of		-		
i)	result in substantial erosion or siltation on- or off-site;			\boxtimes	
drainage par runoff in a n towards the), the project would not alter the ttern in the surrounding area or nanner that would result in flood existing public storm drain syst 0142(f). Impacts would be less t	substantially ding on- or off em and would	increase the rate -site. The sheet fl l comply with San	or amount of ow would be	surface directed
ii)	substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner which would result in flooding on- or off-site;				
), the project would not increase oding on or off site. Impacts wou			runoff which	would
iii)	create or contribute runoff water which would exceed the capacity of existing or planned stormwater drainage systems or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff; or				
construction quality is no systems. An	would be required to comply win. Appropriate best managemen t degraded; therefore, ensuring y runoff from the site is not antiporovide substantial additional so	t practices wo that project ru cipated to exc	uld be implemen unoff is directed t eed the capacity	ted to ensure to appropriate of existing sto	that water drainage rm water
iv)	impede or redirect flood flows?			\boxtimes	
developmen to comply w	construction would occur within at. The project would not impede ith all City storm water standarc ected to appropriate drainage sy	e or redirect floods Is during and a	ood flows. The pr after constructior	oject would be ensuring that	t project
zone	ood hazard, tsunami, or seiche es, risk release of pollutants due to ect inundation?				

The project site is not located within a flood hazard zone, and according to the site-specific geotechnical investigation, it is not likely that a tsunami or seiche could impact the site due to the site elevation. Therefore, no impact would occur.

Iss	ue	Potentially Significant Impact	Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
e)	Conflict with or obstruct implementation of a water quality control plan or sustainable groundwater management plan?				
construction construction construction construction construction construction conflict value con	ect would be required to comply we ction. Appropriate best managements not degraded; therefore, ensuring . Any runoff from the site is not ant or provide substantial additional so sire the construction of wells or the with or obstruct implementation of e less than significant.	nt practices was that project icipated to exources of poluse of groun	rould be implement runoff is directed to sceed the capacity luted runoff. Addit dwater. Therefore	ited to ensure to appropriate of existing sto ionally, the pr , the project w	that water drainage orm water oject does vould not
XI. LAND	USE AND PLANNING – Would the project: Physically divide an established community?				\boxtimes
commur nature o physical	ect is compatible with the surround nity plan land use and zoning desig of the surrounding area and would ly divide the community. Thus, the an established community. No imp	nations. The not introduce project would	project would not see any barriers or produced in no impact	substantially c oject features	hange the that could
b)	Cause a significant environmental impact due to a conflict with any applicable land use plan, policy, or regulation adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect?				\boxtimes
The proj not conf over the	ect site is designated residential an ect is consistent with the underlyin lict with any applicable land use pla project (including but not limited to lifor the purpose of avoiding or mit	g zone and th an, policy, or o the general	ne land use designaregulation of an ag plan, community	ation. The pro ency with juri olan, or zonin	ject would sdiction g ordinance)
XII. MINE	ERAL RESOURCES – Would the project:				
a)	Result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region and the residents of the state?				

There are no known mineral resources located on the project site. The urbanized and developed nature of the project site and vicinity would preclude the extraction of any such resources. No impact would result.

ls	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
b)	Result in the loss of availability of a locally important mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan or other land use plan?				
use pla	a), above. The project site has not be n as a locally important mineral reso d with project implementation. Ther	ource recover	y site, and no such	resources w	
XIII. NO	ISE – Would the project result in:				
a)	Generation of a substantial temporary or permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the vicinity of the project in excess of standards established in the local general plan or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies?				
levels ir recepto constru constru which a complia	Construction-related short-term no the project area but would no long ors (e.g. residential uses) occur in the action noise; however, construction a action hours specified in the City's Mare intended to reduce potential adv ance to the City's noise ordinance, prognificant.	ger occur onco e immediate a activities wou unicipal Code erse effects r	e construction is co area and may be te ld be required to c e (Section 59.5.0404 esulting from cons	ompleted. Ser mporarily aff omply with the A, Constructic truction noise	nsitive fected by ne on Noise) e. With
project result ir Noise C	long-term, typical noise levels associated would not result in an increase in the noise levels in excess of standards Ordinance. No significant long-term ignificant.	ne existing an established i	nbient noise level. ⁷ n the City of San D	Γhe project w iego General	ould not Plan or
b)	Generation of, excessive groundborne vibration or groundborne noise levels?				
are not potenti	ving activities that would potentially anticipated with construction of the all effects from construction noise wordinance. Impacts would be less that	e project. As could be redu	lescribed in Respor ced through compl	nse to XII (a) a	above,
c)	For a project located within the vicinity of a private airstrip or an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project expose people				\boxtimes

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?

-	-	site is not located in an Airport Influorking in the area to excessive aircu				pose			
XIV. PO	PULA ⁻	TION AND HOUSING – Would the project:							
a)	pop dire hor (for	uce substantial unplanned oulation growth in an area, either ectly (for example, by proposing new mes and businesses) or indirectly example, through extension of ds or other infrastructure)?							
develop nfrastr	omer uctu	is located within a developed resident. The project site currently receive re to new areas is required. As such the area. Impacts would be less than	es services from n, the project wo	the City, and no	extension of				
b)	exis nec	place substantial numbers of sting people or housing, tessitating the construction of lacement housing elsewhere?				\boxtimes			
unit to : and Jun	subc nior (placement would result. The proje- divide an existing lot into three lots Jnit on each of three lots. No impa	and construct a	_	-	_			
AV. PUE									
a)	phy con	Would the project result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provisions of new or physically altered governmental facilities, need for new or physically altered governmental facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, in order to maintain acceptable service rations, response times or other performance objectives for any of the public services:							
	i)	Fire protection;			\boxtimes				
would o	conti ion s	site is located in an urbanized area nue to be served by the City. The p services to the area and would not r tal facilities. Impacts to fire protecti	roject would not equire the cons	adversely affec truction of new	t existing leve or expanded				
	ii)	Police protection;			\boxtimes				
site wo	uld c	site is located in an urbanized area continue to be served by the City. T ection services to the area and woul tal facilities. Impacts to fire protecti	he project would d not require th	d not adversely a e construction o	affect existing of new or expa	levels o			
	iii)	Schools;							

Iss	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
or expai where p on publi	ject would not affect existing nsion of a school facility. The public school services are avai ic schools over that which cur e in demand for public educat	project site is located lable. The project wo rently exists and is n	in an urbanized uld not significa ot anticipated to	I and developed ntly increase the result in a sigr	d area le demand nificant
	iv) Parks;				
available regional to result	ject site is located in an urbar e. The project would not signi l parks or other recreational f t in a significant increase in do e less than significant.	ficantly increase the acilities over that wh	demand on exis ch presently exi	ting neighborh sts and is not a	ood or nticipated
	v) Other public facilities?				
available		ersely affect existing l	evels of other pu	ublic facilities a	nd not
a)	Would the project increase the use existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility would on be accelerated?	22			
recreation would no would no recreation or facility	ject would not adversely affect onal resources. The project woot require the construction of ot significantly increase the uponal facilities. Therefore, the cies such that substantial detection of recreational facilities to Does the project include recreation facilities or require the construction expansion of recreational facilities,	rould not adversely a r expansion of an exi use of existing neighb project is not anticipa erioration occurs, or to satisfy demand. Imp	ffect existing leversting government orhood or region orted to result in the hat would requi	els of public sent ntal facility. The nal parks or oth the use of avail re the construc	rvices and e project ner able parks tion or

Less Than

Refer to XV (a) above. The project does not propose recreation facilities nor require the construction or expansion of any such facilities. Impacts would be less than significant.

ls	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
XVII. TRA	ANSPORTATION-				
a)	Would the project or plan/policy conflict with an adopted program, plan, ordinance or policy addressing the transportation system, including transit, roadways, bicycle and pedestrian facilities?				\boxtimes
conflict	eject would not change existing circul with any applicable plan, ordinance, nance of the circulation system. Ther	or policy est	ablishing measure		
b)	Would the project or plan/policy result in VMT exceeding thresholds identified in the City of San Diego Transportation Study Manual?				
lots in a generat rates/pi screene	oject would construct a single-dwelling neighborhood with similar residenting less than 300 daily unadjusted distributed as Based upon the screening and out from further VMT analysis. The on Vehicle Miles Traveled (VMT). Imp	ial developm riveway trips g criteria, the e project is pi	ent. A "Small Proje using the City of S project qualifies a resumed to have a	ct" is defined an Diego trip s a "Small Pro less than sig	as a project generation oject" and is
c)	Would the project or plan/policy substantially increase hazards due to a design feature (e.g., sharp curves or dangerous intersections) or incompatible uses (e.g., farm equipment)?				\boxtimes
lots in a Pacific E Addition	eject would construct a single-dwelling neighborhood with similar residenting Beach Community Plan and is consisted and the project does not include and include and impacts would result.	ial developm tent with the	ent. Overall, the pr land use and unde	oject complie erlying zoning	es with the g.
d)	Result in inadequate emergency access?				

Adequate emergency access would be provided during both short-term construction (with construction operating protocols) and long-term operations of the project. Emergency access to the site would be provided from Haines Street. As such, the project would not impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan. Impacts would be less than significant.

XVIII. TRIBAL CULTURAL RESOURCES – Would the project cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a tribal cultural resource, defined in Public Resources Code section 21074 as either a site, feature, place, cultural landscape that is geographically defined in terms of the size and scope of the landscape, sacred place, or object with cultural value to a California Native American tribe, and that is:

Iss	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a)	Listed or eligible for listing in the California Register of Historical Resources, or in a local register of historical resources as defined in Public Resources Code section 5020.1(k), or				
recorde	ject would not cause a substantial a d sites listed or sites eligible for listi egister of historical resources as de	ng in the Calif	ornia Register of	Historical Reso	ources, or in
b)	A resource determined by the lead agency, in its discretion and supported by substantial evidence, to be significant pursuant to criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Public Resources Code section 5024.1. In applying the criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Public Resource Code section 5024.1, the lead agency shall consider the significance of the resource to a California Native American tribe.				
Tribal Cultural Resources include sites, features, places, cultural landscapes, and sacred places or objects that have cultural value or significance to a Native American Tribe. Tribal Cultural Resources include "non-unique archaeological resources" that, instead of being important for "scientific" value as a resource, can also be significant because of the sacred and/or cultural tribal value of the resource. Tribal representatives are considered experts appropriate for providing substantial evidence regarding the locations, types, and significance of tribal cultural resources within their traditionally and cultural affiliated geographic area (PRC § 21080.3.1(a)).					
In accordance with the requirements of PRC Section 21080.3.1, Assembly Bill (AB) 52, the City notified Native American tribes that are traditionally and culturally affiliated with the project area. The tribes were sent notification letters on April 5, 2021 informing them of the proposed project and asking them of any knowledge or information about tribal cultural resources they may have about the project area. A request for project consultation was not received from either the San Pasqual Band of Mission Indians or lipay Nation of Santa Ysabel Native American Tribes within the notification period, and therefore consultation was concluded. The Jamul Indian Village responded on April 26, 2021, requesting consultation on the project and implementation of Native American monitoring during the project's ground-disturbing activities. Therefore, the consultation process was concluded.					
Declara	ntion, Monitoring, and Reporting Pro tion would be required. With imple I cultural resources would be reduc	mentation of	the monitoring pr	ogram, poten	_

 \boxtimes

XIX. UTILITIES AND SERVICE SYSTEMS – Would the project:

a) Require or result in the relocation or construction of new or expanded water,

wastewater treatment or storm water

	Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	drainage, electric power, natural gas, or telecommunications facilities, the construction or relocation of which would cause significant environmental effects?				
d w th re	The project is not anticipated to generate a liscussed in VI (a), the project would not re vasteful, inefficient, or unnecessary consulate the project would be operated in accordar equirements of the Regional Water Quality exists within roadways surrounding the project. Thus, impacts would be less than	esult in a signitumption of ene nce with the ap ty Control Boar roject site and	ficant environment ergy resources. Wa oplicable wastewat rd (RWQCB). Existir	al impact du stewater faci er treatment ng sewer infr	e to lities used by astructure
	 b) Have sufficient water supplies available to serve the project and reasonably foreseeable future development during normal, dry and multiple dry years? 				
The project does not meet the CEQA significance thresholds requiring the need for the project to prepare a water supply assessment. The existing project site currently receives water service from the City, and adequate services are available to serve the site without requiring new or expanded entitlements. No impact would result.					
	c) Result in a determination by the wastewater treatment provider which serves or may serve the project that it has adequate capacity to serve the project's demand in addition to the provider's existing commitments?				\boxtimes
The project would not exceed the capacity of the existing storm water system and require the construction of new or expanded treatment facilities of which would cause significant environmental effects. The project was reviewed by qualified City staff who determined that the existing facilities are adequately sized to accommodate the proposed development. No impacts would result.					
	d) Generate solid waste in excess of State or local standards, or in excess of the capacity of local infrastructure, or otherwise impair the attainment of solid waste reduction goals?				\boxtimes
See XVII (a) above. Adequate services are available to serve the site and the project would not require the construction or expansion of existing facilities. No impact would result.					
	e) Comply with federal, state, and local management and reduction statutes and regulations related to solid waste?				
_			to the state of th		

Less Than

The project would be served by a landfill with sufficient permitted capacity to accommodate the project's disposal needs. Construction debris and waste would be generated from the construction

of the new residential and commercial units. All construction waste from the project site would be transported to an appropriate facility, which would have adequate capacity to accept the limited amount of waste that would be generated by the project. Long-term operation of the project would be anticipated to generate typical amounts of solid waste associated with residential use. Furthermore, the project would be required to comply with the City's Municipal Code (including the Refuse and Recyclable Materials Storage Regulations (Municipal Code Chapter 14, Article 2, Division 8), Recycling Ordinance (Municipal Code Chapter 6, Article 6, Division 7), and the Construction and Demolition (C&D) Debris Deposit Ordinance (Municipal Code Chapter 6, Article 6, Division 6)) for diversion of both construction waste during the demolition phase and solid waste during the long-term, operational phase. Impacts are considered to be less than significant.

Demoliti diversio	cling Ordinance (Municipal Code Chion (C&D) Debris Deposit Ordinanc n of both construction waste during perational phase. Impacts are consi	e (Municipal (g the demolit	Code Chapter 6, A ion phase and sol	rticle 6, Divisio id waste during	n 6)) for
	PFIRE – If located in or near state responsibil le project:	ity area or lands	classified as very high	ı fire hazard severi	ty zones,
a)	Substantially impair an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan?				
region's Mitigation SDHMP. The proj currently vehicles	7 San Diego County Multi-Jurisdiction plan toward greater disaster resilies on Act of 2000. The project would not per Action 1.D.6, High fire hazard a fect site is located in a previously decy serving the site. Additionally, the attraction, the project would not contain the total time.	ence in accord ot conflict with areas shall ha eveloped area project would conflict with e	lance with section th the goals, objective adequate acces with existing infi I provide adequat mergency respon	n 322 of the Distives, and actions for emerger rastructure and the access for endse and would researched	saster ons of the ncy vehicles. I facilities nergency
b)	Due to slope, prevailing winds, and other factors, exacerbate wildfire risks, and thereby expose project occupants to, pollutant concentrations from a wildfire or the uncontrolled spread of wildfire?				
resident project,	ect site is generally flat, located wit ial uses and is not located in a Very the project would not have the pot vildfire or the uncontrolled spread	/ High Fire Se ential to expo	verity Zone. Due to see occupants to p	o the location of the conce	of the entrations
c)	Require the installation or maintenance of associated infrastructure (such as roads, fuel breaks, emergency water sources, power lines or other utilities) that may exacerbate fire risk or that may result in temporary or ongoing impacts to the environment?				\boxtimes

The project is currently served by existing infrastructure which would service the site during and after construction. The project area has adequate fire hydrant services and street access. No new infrastructure is proposed to support the project that may exacerbate fire risk. No impacts would result.

ls:	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
d)	Expose people or structures to significant risks, including downslope or downstream flooding or landslides, as a result of runoff, post-fire slope instability, or drainage changes?				
Landsca structur	iject area is within developed urban in ape Regulations and Land Developm res to significant risk from flooding on a changes. Therefore, no impacts wo	ent Code. Th r landslide as	e project would no	ot expose pec	ple or
XXI. MAI	NDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE -				
a)	Does the project have the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory?				
environ	imented in this Initial Study, the proj ment, notably with respect to Tribal corporated to reduce impacts to less	Cultural Reso	ources. As such, m	itigation mea	sures have
b)	Does the project have impacts that are individually limited but cumulatively considerable ("cumulatively considerable" means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable future projects)?				

CEQA Guidelines Section 15064(i) states that a Lead Agency shall consider whether the cumulative impact of a project is significant and whether the effects of the project are cumulatively considerable. The assessment of the significance of the cumulative effects of a project must, therefore, be conducted in connection with the effects of past projects, other current projects, and probable future projects. Cumulative environmental impacts are those impacts that by themselves are not significant, but when considered with impacts occurring from other projects in the vicinity would result in a cumulative impact. Related projects considered to have the potential of creating cumulative impacts in association with the project consist of projects that are reasonably foreseeable and that would be constructed or operated during the life of the project. The project would be located in a developed area that is largely built out.

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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As documented in this Initial Study, the project may have the potential to degrade the environment as a result of Tribal Cultural Resources impacts, which may have cumulatively considerable impacts when viewed in connection with the effects of other potential projects in the area. As such, mitigation measures have been identified to fully mitigate and reduce impacts to a less than significant level. Other future projects within the surrounding area would be required to comply with applicable local, State, and Federal regulations to reduce potential impacts to less than significant, or to the extent possible. As such, the project is not anticipated to contribute to potentially significant cumulative environmental impacts. Project impacts would be less than significant.

c)	Does the project have environmental			
	effects that will cause substantial		\bowtie	
	adverse effects on human beings,	Ш		
	either directly or indirectly?			

As discussed throughout this document, it is not anticipated that the construction and operation of the project would cause environmental effects that would significantly directly or indirectly impact human beings. All impacts identified as being significant have been mitigated to below a level of significance. For this reason, all environmental effects fall below the thresholds established by the City of San Diego. Impacts would be less than significant.

INITIAL STUDY CHECKLIST REFERENCES

I.	Aesthetics / Neighborhood Character
	City of San Diego General Plan Community Plans: Pacific Beach Community Plan
II.	Agricultural Resources & Forest Resources
	City of San Diego General Plan U.S. Department of Agriculture, Soil Survey - San Diego Area, California, Part I and II, 1973 California Agricultural Land Evaluation and Site Assessment Model (1997) Site Specific Report:
III.	Air Quality
	California Clean Air Act Guidelines (Indirect Source Control Programs) 1990 Regional Air Quality Strategies (RAQS) - APCD Site Specific Report:
IV.	Biology
	City of San Diego, Multiple Species Conservation Program (MSCP), Subarea Plan, 1997 City of San Diego, MSCP, "Vegetation Communities with Sensitive Species and Vernal Pools" Maps, 1996 City of San Diego, MSCP, "Multiple Habitat Planning Area" maps, 1997 Community Plan - Resource Element California Department of Fish and Game, California Natural Diversity Database, "State and Federally-listed Endangered, Threatened, and Rare Plants of California," January 2001 California Department of Fish and Game, California Natural Diversity Database, "State and Federally-listed Endangered and Threatened Animals of California, "January 2001 City of San Diego Land Development Code Biology Guidelines Site Specific Report:
V.	Cultural Resources (includes Historical Resources and Built Environment)
	City of San Diego Historical Resources Guidelines City of San Diego Archaeology Library Historical Resources Board List Community Historical Survey: Site Specific Report:
VI.	Geology/Soils
\boxtimes	City of San Diego Seismic Safety Study

	U.S. Department of Agriculture Soil Survey - San Diego Area, California, Part I and II, December 1973 and Part III, 1975
	Site Specific Report: Limited Geotechnical Investigation, Three Detached Multi-Unit Residential Structures prepared by SB Consultants, Inc., dated July 27, 2021
VII.	Greenhouse Gas Emissions
	Site Specific Report: Climate Action Plan Consistency Checklist
VIII.	Hazards and Hazardous Materials
	San Diego County Hazardous Materials Environmental Assessment Listing San Diego County Hazardous Materials Management Division FAA Determination State Assessment and Mitigation, Unauthorized Release Listing, Public Use Authorized Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan Site Specific Report:
IX.	Hydrology/Drainage
	Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA), National Flood Insurance Program-Flood Boundary and Floodway Map Clean Water Act Section 303(b) list, http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/tmdl/303d_lists.html Site Specific Report: Drainage Letter, prepared by Leppert Engineering Corporation, dated June 24, 2021
X.	Land Use and Planning
	City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan City of San Diego Zoning Maps FAA Determination: Other Plans:
XI.	Mineral Resources
	California Department of Conservation - Division of Mines and Geology, Mineral Land Classification Division of Mines and Geology, Special Report 153 - Significant Resources Maps City of San Diego General Plan: Conservation Element Site Specific Report:

XII.	Noise
	City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan San Diego International Airport - Lindbergh Field CNEL Maps Brown Field Airport Master Plan CNEL Maps Montgomery Field CNEL Maps San Diego Association of Governments - San Diego Regional Average Weekday Traffic Volumes San Diego Metropolitan Area Average Weekday Traffic Volume Maps, SANDAG Site Specific Report:
XIII.	Paleontological Resources
	City of San Diego Paleontological Guidelines Deméré, Thomas A., and Stephen L. Walsh, "Paleontological Resources City of San Diego," Department of Paleontology San Diego Natural History Museum, 1996 Kennedy, Michael P., and Gary L. Peterson, "Geology of the San Diego Metropolitan Area, California. Del Mar, La Jolla, Point Loma, La Mesa, Poway, and SW 1/4 Escondido 7 1/2 Minute Quadrangles," <i>California Division of Mines and Geology Bulletin</i> 200, Sacramento, 1975 Kennedy, Michael P., and Siang S. Tan, "Geology of National City, Imperial Beach and Otay Mesa Quadrangles, Southern San Diego Metropolitan Area, California," Map Sheet 29, 1977
	Site Specific Report:
XIV.	Population / Housing
	City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan Series 11/Series 12 Population Forecasts, SANDAG Other:
XV.	Public Services
	City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan
XVI.	Recreational Resources
	City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan Department of Park and Recreation City of San Diego - San Diego Regional Bicycling Map Additional Resources:

XVII.	Transportation / Circulation
	City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan: San Diego Metropolitan Area Average Weekday Traffic Volume Maps, SANDAG San Diego Region Weekday Traffic Volumes, SANDAG City of San Diego Transportation Study Manual (TSM) Site Specific Report:
XVIII.	Utilities
	Site Specific Report:
XIX.	Water Conservation
	Sunset Magazine, New Western Garden Book, Rev. ed. Menlo Park, CA: Sunset Magazine
XX.	Water Quality
	Clean Water Act Section 303(b) list, http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/tmdl/303d_lists.html Site Specific Report: Storm Water Quality Management Plan, prepared by Leppert Engineering Corporation, dated June 24, 2021

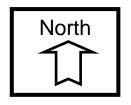
Revised: April 2021

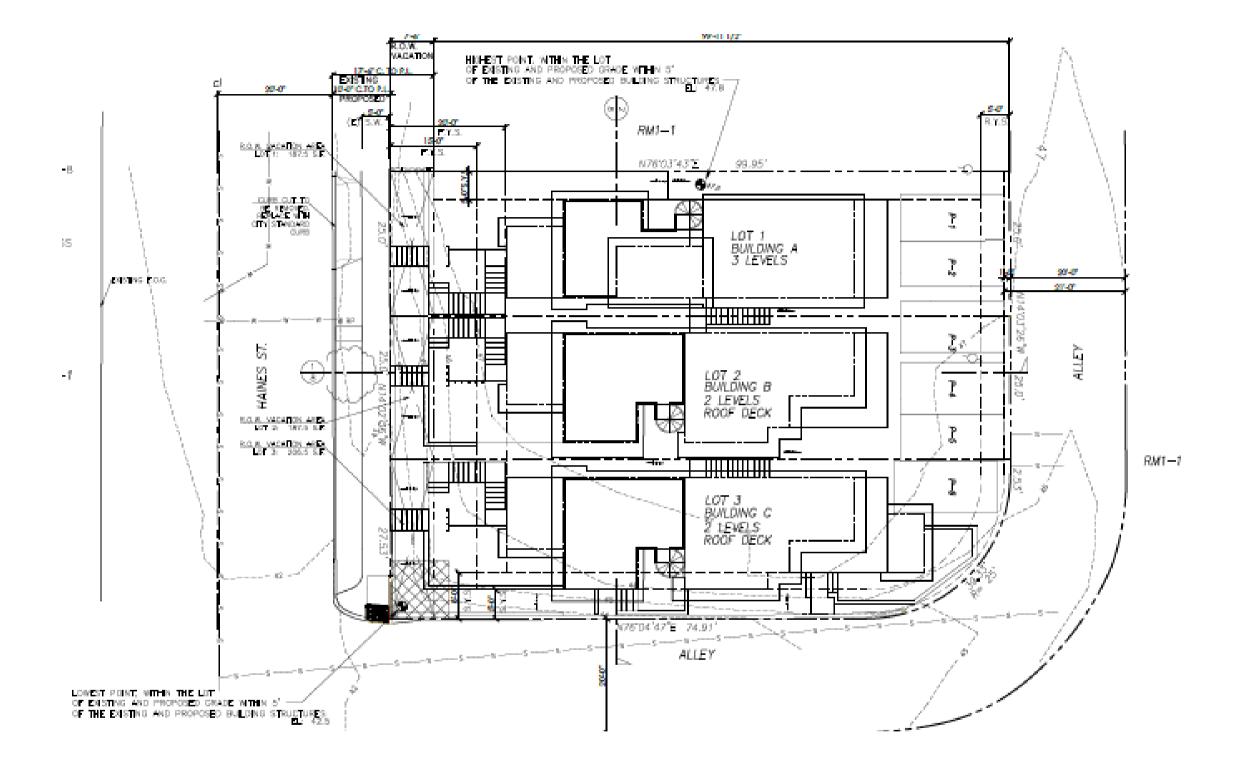




Project Location Map

<u>Haines Street CDP/TM/SDP- 3903 Haines Street</u> PROJECT NO. 669397







Site Plan

Haines Street- 3903 Haines Street PROJECT NO. 669397

