

FINAL

NEGATIVE DECLARATION

Project No. 488139 I.O. No. 24006680 SCH No. N/A

SUBIECT:

2936 Copley Avenue SDP/TM/PDP: A Site Development Permit (SDP), Tentative Map (TM), and Planned Development Permit (PDP) to subdivide one existing parcel into four residential parcels, and to create one access lot. An existing 1,383 square-foot residential dwelling unit and detached garage would also be demolished. The project also includes the future construction of one single-family residence on each proposed parcel for a total of 4 single-family residences. Deviations from applicable regulations for lot width and street frontage are also being requested. The 4.232-acre site is located at 2936 Copley Avenue. The project site is designated Open Space and Low Density Residential (5 to 10 dwelling unit per net residential acre) in the RS-1-7 and RS-1-1 zones within the Greater North Park Community Plan. The project is also located in the Transit Area Overlay Zone, the Very High Fire Hazard Severity Zones, the Brush Management Zones, the Airport Land Use Compatibility Overlay Zone for Montgomery Field Airport, the Airport Influence Area (Review Area 2) for Montgomery Field Airport and San Diego International Airport (SDIA), and the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) Part 77 Notification area for Montgomery Field Airport and SDIA. (Legal Description: A portion of Villa Lot Seventy (70) of University Heights in the City of San Diego, County, State of California According to Map Thereof No. 951, Filed in the Office of the County Recorder of San Diego County of June 1, 1905, as described in Grant Deed Recorded March 5, 2015 as Document 2015-0103043.) Applicant: Cole Stafford

I. PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

See attached Initial Study.

II. ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING:

See attached Initial Study.

III. DETERMINATION:

The City of San Diego has conducted an Initial Study and determined that the proposed project will not have a significant environmental effect and the preparation of an Environmental Impact Report will not be required.

IV. DOCUMENTATION:

The attached Initial Study documents the reasons to support the above Determination.

V. MITIGATION, MONITORING AND REPORTING PROGRAM:

None required.

VI. PUBLIC REVIEW DISTRIBUTION:

Draft copies or notice of this Negative Declaration were distributed to:

City of San Diego

Mayor's Office

City Attorney's Office

Councilmember Ward, District 3

Development Services Department

LDR-Planning Review

LDR-EAS

LDR-Landscaping

LDR-Engineering Review

LDR-Geology

LDR-Plan-Historic

LDR-Transportation

PUD-Water and Services

Fire-Plan Review

Planning Department

Plan-Long Range Planning

Park and Recreation

Facilities Financing

Water Review

San Diego Central Library

North Park Branch Library

Other Organizations and Interested Parties

Sierra Club

San Diego Audubon Society

Mr. Jim Peugh

California Native Plant Society

Endangered Habitat League

North Park Planning Committee

North Park Community Association

Cole Stafford, Applicant

VII. RESULTS OF PUBLIC REVIEW:

- (X) No comments were received during the public input period.
- () Comments were received but did not address the accuracy or completeness of the draft environmental document. No response is necessary and the letters are incorporated herein.
- () Comments addressing the accuracy or completeness of the draft environmental document were received during the public input period. The letters and responses are incorporated herein.

Copies of the draft Negative Declaration and any Initial Study material are available in the office of the Development Services Department for review, or for purchase at the cost of reproduction.

Mark Brunette Senior Planner

Development Services Department

October 11, 2018

Date of Draft Report

November 13, 2018

Date of Final Report

Analyst: R. Benally

Attachments: Initial Study Checklist

Figure 1: Location Map Figure 2: Site Plan

INITIAL STUDY CHECKLIST

- 1. Project title/Project number: 2936 Copley Avenue SDP/TM/PDP/488139
- Lead agency name and address: City of San Diego, 1222 First Avenue, MS-501, San Diego, CA 92101
- 3. Contact person and phone number: Rhonda Benally/(619) 446-5468
- 4. Project location: 2936 Copley Avenue, San Diego, CA 92116
- 5. Project Applicant/Sponsor's name and address: Cole Stafford, Omega Engineering Consultants, 4340 Viewridge Avenue, Suite B, San Diego, CA 92123
- 6. General/Community Plan designation: General Plan: Residential/Greater North Park Community Plan: Open Space and Low Density Residential (5 to 10 dwelling unit per net residential acre)
- 7. Zoning: RS-1-7 (Residential Single-Unit) and RS-1-1 (Residential Single-Unit) Zones
- 8. Description of project (Describe the whole action involved, including but not limited to, later phases of the project, and any secondary, support, or off-site features necessary for its implementation.):

A Tentative Map (TM), Site Development Permit (SDP), and Planned Development Permit (PDP) to subdivide one existing parcel into four residential parcels, and to create one access lot. An existing 1,383-square-foot residential dwelling unit and detached garage would also be demolished. The project also includes the future construction of one single-family residence on each proposed parcel for a total of 4 single family residences. Parcels 1 and 4 would each have a 2,227 square-foot residence, and Parcels 2 and 3 would have 2,374 square-foot residence. The steep hillsides within portions of the RS-1-1 zone would remain as open space.

Parcel 1 would be 48,490 square-feet, Parcel 2 would be 44,618 square-feet, Parcel 3 would be 45,260 square-feet and Parcel 4 would be 45,994 square-feet for a total of 184,362 square-feet.

The San Diego Municipal Code (SDMC), Section 126.0602 (b)(1) allows projects to request deviations pursuant to a Planned Development Permit (PDP) decided in accordance with a Process 4, provided that the findings in SDMC Section 126.0604(a) are made. The requested deviations are from the SDMC Table 131-04D, Development Regulations for RS Zones. Deviations requested by the project include:

- 1. Lot Width A deviation for the minimum lot width of 35 feet, where 50 feet is required for Parcels 1, 2, and 3.
- 2. Street Frontage A deviation to the Street Frontage requirement for Parcels 2, 3 and 4. Access would be provided via a public access easement.

Project implementation would require grading of approximately of 0.597 acres, that would include 230 cubic yards of cut at a maximum depth of cut of 5 feet, and 3,200 cubic yards of fill at a maximum depth of fill of 16 feet. Parcel 1 would have one retaining wall north of the proposed

residence that would range from 3 feet to 9.8 feet. Parcel 4 would have 3 retaining walls that would range from 0.5 feet to 7 feet in height.

The project proposes to remove the public storm drain system and construct a new public storm drain system within Parcel 1 and Parcel 2. Other improvements include a new driveway, curb, gutter and sidewalk, and a 20-foot wide access easement adjacent to Copley Avenue.

Parcel 2 and 3 would have a rectangular shaped biofiltration basin north of the proposed residence that would be 21 inches in height. A rectangular biofiltration basin on Parcel 4 is also proposed and would be 21 inches in height.

9. Surrounding land uses and setting:

The 4.232-acre site is located at 2936 Copley Avenue. The project site is zoned RS-1-7 and RS-1-1 within the Greater North Park Community Plan area and also located within the Protected Single-Family Neighborhood area. The community plan designates the site as Open Space and Low Density Residential, 5 to 10 dwelling units per net residential acre. The project site is also located within the Brush Management Zones, the Transit Area Overlay Zone, the Very High Fire Hazard Severity Zones, the Airport Land Use Compatibility Overlay Zone for Montgomery Field Airport, the Airport Influence Area (Review Area 2) for Montgomery Field Airport and San Diego International Airport (SDIA), and the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) Part 77 Notification area for Montgomery Field Airport and SDIA. The site is located in a developed area currently served by existing public services and utilities.

Vegetation consists of a few scattered trees, bushes and shrubs around the existing residence with native vegetation present along the moderate to steep slopes of the property. The steep hillsides within the zoned RS-1-1 portions of each lot would remain as open space. Surrounding land uses consist of single family residences to the west and south, and Interstate 805 to the east. To the northwest are single family residences, open space and commercial development beyond the open space and Interstate 8.

The majority of the property is undeveloped except for a single-story residence and a detached 2-car garage located in the southwestern portion of the site that would be demolished. An existing 1-inch storm drain is located along the western boundary of the site that flows to the north.

Topographically, the site is characterized as relatively flat to gently sloping within the buildable southwestern portion of the site and moderately steep sloping within the remaining undeveloped areas of the property. The elevations range from 395 feet Mean Sea Level (MSL) located in the southwestern portion of the property to approximately 365 feet MSL within the northeastern portion of the site.

Other public agencies whose approval is required (e.g., permits, financing approval, or participation agreement):
 None required.

11. Have California Native American tribes traditionally and culturally affiliated with the project area requested consultation pursuant to Public Resources Code section 21080.3.1? If so, has consultation begun?

In accordance with the requirements of Public Resources Code 21080.3.1, the City of San Diego engaged the lipay Nation of Santa Isabel and the Jamul Indian Village, both traditionally and culturally affiliated with the project area. These tribes were notified via email on February 6, 2018. Although neither Native American tribe submitted a formal request for consultation during the 30-day notification period, the tribes informed staff via email on February 7, 2018 that they concurred with staff's determination that archaeological monitoring would not be required.

Note: Conducting consultation early in the CEQA process allows tribal governments, lead agencies, and project proponents to discuss the level of environmental review, identify and address potential adverse impacts to tribal cultural resources, and reduce the potential for delay and conflict in the environmental review process. (See Public Resources Code section 21083.3.2.) Information may also be available from the California Native American Heritage Commission's Sacred Lands File per Public Resources Code section 5097.96 and the California Historical Resources Information System administered by the California Office of Historic Preservation. Please also note that Public Resources Code section 21082.3(c) contains provisions specific to confidentiality.

ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:

			d be potentially affected by the checklist on the following		t, involving at least one impact that is a
	Aesthetics		Greenhouse Gas Emissions		Population/Housing
	Agriculture and Forestry Resources		Hazards & Hazardous Materials		Public Services
	Air Quality		Hydrology/Water Quality		Recreation
	Biological Resources		Land Use/Planning		Transportation/Traffic
	Cultural Resources		Mineral Resources		Tribal Cultural Resources
	Geology/Soils		Noise		Utilities/Service System
				\boxtimes	Mandatory Findings Significance
DETER	MINATION: (To be com	ipleted l	oy Lead Agency)		
On the b	asis of this initial evaluation:				
	The proposed project COUL be prepared.	D NOT ha	ve a significant effect on the o	environme	ent, and a NEGATIVE DECLARATION will
		evisions ir	n the project have been made		ment, there will not be a significant eed to by the project proponent. A
	The proposed project MAY has required.	nave a sigi	nificant effect on the environr	ment, and	an ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT
	The proposed project MAY have a "potentially significant impact" or "potentially significant unless mitigated" impact on the environment, but at least one effect (a) has been adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and (b) has been addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis as described on attached sheets. An ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required.				
	Although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, because all potentially significant effects (a) have been analyzed adequately in an earlier EIR or (MITIGATED) NEGATIVE DECLARATION pursuant to applicable standards, and (b) have been avoided or mitigated pursuant to that earlier EIR or (MITIGATED) NEGATIVE DECLARATION, including revisions or mitigation measures that are imposed upon the proposed project, nothing further is required.				

EVALUATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS:

- 1) A brief explanation is required for all answers except "No Impact" answers that are adequately supported by the information sources a lead agency cites in the parentheses following each question. A "No Impact" answer is adequately supported if the referenced information sources show that the impact simply does not apply to projects like the one involved (e.g., the project falls outside a fault rupture zone). A "No Impact answer should be explained where it is based on project specific factors as well as general standards (e.g., the project will not expose sensitive receptors to pollutants, based on a project-specific screening analysis.)
- 2) All answers must take account of the whole action involved, including off-site as well as on-site, cumulative as well as project-level, indirect as well as direct, and construction as well as operational impacts.
- 3) Once the lead agency has determined that a particular physical impact may occur, then the checklist answers must indicate whether the impact is potentially significant, less than significant with mitigation, or less than significant. "Potentially Significant Impact" is appropriate if there is substantial evidence that an effect may be significant. If there are one or more "Potentially Significant Impact" entries when the determination is made, an EIR is required.
- 4) "Negative Declaration: Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated" applies where the incorporation of mitigation measures has reduced an effect from "Potentially Significant Impact" to a "Less Than Significant Impact." The lead agency must describe the mitigation measures, and briefly explain how they reduce the effect to a less than significant level (mitigation measures from "Earlier Analyses", as described in (5) below, may be cross-referenced).
- 5) Earlier analyses may be used where, pursuant to the tiering, program EIR, or other CEQA process, an effect has been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or (mitigated) negative declaration. *Section 15063(c)(3)(D).* In this case, a brief discussion should identify the following:
 - a. Earlier Analysis Used. Identify and state where they are available for review.
 - b. Impacts Adequately Addressed. Identify which effects from the above checklist were within the scope of and adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and state whether such effects were addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis.
 - c. Mitigation Measures. For effects that are "Less Than Significant With Mitigation Measures Incorporated", describe the mitigation measures that were incorporated or refined from the earlier document and the extent to which they address site-specific conditions for the project.
- 6) Lead agencies are encouraged to incorporate into the checklist references to information sources for potential impacts (e.g., general plans, zoning ordinances). Reference to a previously prepared or outside document should, where appropriate, include a reference to the page or pages where the statement is substantiated.
- 7) Supporting Information Sources: A source list should be attached, and other sources used or individuals contacted should be cited in the discussion.
- 8) This is only a suggested form, and lead agencies are free to use different formats; however, lead agencies should normally address the questions from this checklist that are relevant to a project's environmental effects in whatever format is selected.
- 9) The explanation of each issue should identify:
 - a. The significance criteria or threshold, if any, used to evaluate each question; and
 - b. The mitigation measure identified, if any, to reduce the impact to less than significant.

lss	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
I. AESTH	HETICS – Would the project:				
a)	Have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista?				
exist on	ic views and/or scenic corridors des the site. Therefore, the project wou o impacts would result.	•			-
b)	Substantially damage scenic resources, including but not limited to, trees, rock outcroppings, and historic buildings within a state scenic highway?				
within o	ject is situated within a developed re r adjacent to state scenic highway. T to any scenic resources, trees, rock v. No impacts would result.	herefore, th	e project would no	t result in sub	ostantial
c)	Substantially degrade the existing visual character or quality of the site and its surroundings?				
lot, and the propresident Neighbothe surr designa propose zone. T	ject would subdivide one existing pactonstruct 4 single-family residences cosed project site for Open Space artial acre. The site is located within the prhood Area, and within a residential ounding residential development, action and zone. The project would not be project would not be project would not substantially dings. No such impacts, therefore, very construction and such impacts, therefore, very construction and substantially dings.	The Greate and Low Dens ne communit I neighborho nd is consist ot adversely mum building egrade the v	r North Park Comrity Residential 5 to by plan's Protected bod. The project woent with the commimpact the adjacer gheight of 30 feet	munity Plan de 10 dwelling u Single-Family ould be compo unity plan lan at properties. allowed by th	esignates inits per net atible with nd use Overall, the e underlying
d)	Create a new source of substantial light or glare that would adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area?				

The project would not be expected to create new and/or cause substantial light or glare. The project would comply with the outdoor lighting standards contained in Municipal Code Section 142.0740 (*Outdoor Lighting Regulations*) that require all outdoor lighting be installed, shielded, and adjusted so that the light is directed in a manner that minimizes negative impacts from light pollution, including trespass, glare, and to control light from falling onto surrounding properties. Therefore, lighting installed with the project would not adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area, resulting in a less than significant lighting impact.

The project would comply with Municipal Code Section 142.0730 (Glare Regulations) that require exterior materials utilized for proposed structures be limited to specific reflectivity ratings. The

	Iss	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
		es would be constructed in accordar ly have impacts for glare. The projec		•		
II.	env Mod imp sigr Fore Pro	RICULTURAL AND FOREST RESOURCES: In det vironmental effects, lead agencies may refer to del (1997) prepared by the California Departn pacts on agriculture and farmland. In determin nificant environmental effects, lead agencies r estry and Fire Protection regarding the state's ject and the Forest Legacy Assessment project tocols adopted by the California Air Resource	o the California A nent of Conserva ning whether imp may refer to infor s inventory of for ct; and forest carl	gricultural Land Evalu- tion as an optional mo pacts to forest resourc rmation compiled by th est land, including the pon measurement me	ation and Site As: odel to use in asso es, including timb he California Dep Forest and Rang	sessment essing perland, are artment of e Assessment
	a)	Converts Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance (Farmland), as shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency, to non-agricultural use?				
deve the n map, does orim	lop nos do no e fa	ject is consistent with the community ed residential neighborhood. The prost recent Department of Conservation bes not contain any forest land as destructed to the contain any active agricultural operarmland, unique farmland, or farmla esult.	roject site is cl n Farmland M fined by Publi rations. The p	assified as 'Urban lapping and Moni ic Resources Code roject would not r	and Built Up toring Progra Section 1222 result in the co	Land' on m (FMMP) .0(g), and onversion of
	b)	Conflict with existing zoning for agricultural use, or a Williamson Act Contract?				
exist	ing	Ila. The site is not designated or zor land use and underlying zone. Agric nity. No impacts would result.	_	•	-	
	c)	Conflict with existing zoning for, or cause rezoning of, forest land (as defined in Public Resources Code section 1220(g)), timberland (as defined by Public Resources Code section 4526), or timberland zoned Timberland Production (as defined by Government Code section 51104(g))?				
Code	se	ject would not result in rezoning of f ection 51104(g)). Forest land is not pr eccur.				
	d)	Result in the loss of forest land or	_	_	_	_

conversion of forest land to non-forest

use?

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Issue	Significant Impact	Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Significant Impact	No Impact
Refer to llc. The project would not invo				loss of
e) Involve other changes in the existing environment, which, due to their location or nature, could result in conversion of Farmland to nonagricultural use or conversion of fore land to non-forest use?				\boxtimes
Refer to lla and c. The project would no conversion of Farmland or forestland t result.				
III. AIR QUALITY – Where available, the signification pollution control district may be relied on				ment or air
 a) Conflict with or obstruct implementation of the applicable air quality plan? 				
The San Diego Air Pollution Control Dis San Diego Air Basin, in which the project Quality Strategy (RAQS) in response to (CAA) Assembly Bill (AB) 2595 (SDAPCE applicable regional air quality plan that Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS). The growth projections used by the SE the population, vehicle trends, and land Diego Association of Governments (SAPlan (RTP) and Sustainable Communiting that is consistent with the growth anticolor plan would not conflict with the RAQS.	ect site is located. To the requirements of 1992) and the fect sets forth the SD and the California of the California of the California of the California of the SD and the California of the SD and the California of the SD and the development of the SD and the development of the SD and	The SDAPCD prep set forth in the Cleral CAA. As such APCD's strategies in Ambient Air Quanthe RAQS emission oped in general pelopment of the RAS such, projects G's growth projectity plan, and the interpretation of the RAS such projection of the RAS such projection of the RAS such projects	ared the Regio alifornia Clean the RAQS is to for achieving to ality Standards are lans and used legional Transpothat propose detions and/or the underlying zon-	nal Air Air Act he the National s (CAAQS). e based on by the San fortation levelopment e general e. As such,
the project would be consistent with the RAQS. Therefore, the project would no their implementation and no impact w	ot conflict with the			
 b) Violate any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existin or projected air quality violation? 	g 🗆		\boxtimes	

Less Than

Short-Term (Construction) Emissions. Construction-related activities are temporary, short-term sources of air emissions. Sources of construction-related air emissions include fugitive dust from grading activities; construction equipment exhaust; construction-related trips by workers, delivery trucks, and material-hauling trucks; and construction-related power consumption.

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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Variables that factor into the total construction emissions potentially generated include the level of activity, length of construction period, number of pieces and types of equipment in use, site characteristics, weather conditions, number of construction personnel, and the amount of materials to be transported on or offsite.

Fugitive dust emissions are generally associated with land-clearing and grading operations. Construction operations would include standard measures as required by City of San Diego grading permit to limit potential air quality impacts. Therefore, impacts associated with fugitive dust are considered less than significant, and would not violate an air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation. No mitigation measures are required.

Long-Term (Operational) Emissions. Long-term air emission impacts are those associated with stationary sources and mobile sources related to any change caused by a project. The project would produce minimal stationary sources emissions. The project is compatible with the surrounding development and is permitted by the community plan and zone designation. Based on the residential land use, project emissions over the long-term are not anticipated to violate any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation. Impacts would be less than significant and no mitigation measures are required.

c)	Result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is non-attainment under an applicable federal or state ambient air quality standard (including releasing emissions which exceed quantitative thresholds for		\boxtimes	
	exceed quantitative thresholds for ozone precursors)?			

As described above, construction operations could temporarily increase the emissions of dust and other pollutants. However, construction emissions would be temporary and short-term in duration; implementation of Best Management Practices (BMPs) would reduce potential impacts related to construction activities to a less than significant level. Therefore, the project would not result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is a non-attainment under applicable federal or state ambient air quality standards. Impacts would be less than significant.

d)	Create objectionable odors affecting a		\bowtie	
	substantial number of people?			Ш

Short-term (Construction)

Odors would be generated from vehicles and/or equipment exhaust emissions during construction of the project. Odors produced during construction would be attributable to concentrations of unburned hydrocarbons from tailpipes of construction equipment and architectural coatings. Such odors are temporary and generally occur at magnitudes that would not affect a substantial number of people. Therefore, impacts would be less than significant.

Long-term (Operational)

Typical long-term operational characteristics of the project are not associated with the creation of such odors nor anticipated to generate odors affecting a substantial number of people. The project would construct four single-family residences. Residential dwelling units, in the long-term operation,

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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are not typically associated with the creation of such odors nor are they anticipated to generate odors affecting a substantial number or people. Therefore, project operations would result in less than significant impacts.

than sig	nificant impacts.		-, ,		
IV. BIOLO	DGICAL RESOURCES – Would the project:				
a)	Have substantial adverse effects, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special status species in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?				\boxtimes
Septeml landscap contains Chaparr 0.057 ac Based o uplands	pecific Biological Letter Report for the per 25, 2018. The parcel is in a partial ped yard area. The project site is not a 2.1 acres of Diegan Coastal Sage Scal (SMC) (Tier IIIA), and 0.7 acres of Eres of DCSS, 0.611 acres of disturbed in the City's Biology Guidelines, the particle (Tier I-IIIB), therefore, impacts would ot be required.	ally developed located with rub (DCSS) (1 Disturbed/De d/developed roject would	d condition with 1 in or adjacent to Tier II), 1.4 acres o veloped (Tier IV). vegetation, and w impact less than	residence an the MHPA. Tho f Southern Mi The project wo yould not impo a 0.10-acre of	d e site xed ould impact act the SMC. total
not obsection crowned portion impacte comply. The Biol based o land use Lands (E	ject would not affect any potential juerved and two sensitive bird species, disparrow were identified as having roof the site. While there is a moderated portion of the site, the potential fowith applicable local, state and federogical Letter Report determined that in site visits, historical mapping, the ces. As a condition of approval, and costs. Regulations, 3.5 acres would be as. No mitigation would be required.	Bell's sage s moderate po e potential fo or these speci ral regulation t no impacts developed co ompliance wi	parrow and South tential to occur wor these species to less to occur is low s, such as the Mig to sensitive plant andition of the site th the City's Environment	nern California ithin the non-i o occur within . The project w gratory Bird Tr or animal spe e, and the surr onmentally Se	a rufous- impacted the non- would reaty Act. cies occur rounding
b)	Have a substantial adverse effect on any riparian habitat or other community identified in local or regional plans, policies, and regulations or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?				\boxtimes
	response IV(a) above. The project si effects would result. No such impac			n habitat, the	refore no
c)	Have a substantial adverse effect on federally protected wetlands as defined by section 404 of the Clean Water Act				\boxtimes

Less Than Potentially **Less Than** Significant with Issue Significant Significant No Impact Mitigation Impact Impact Incorporated (including but not limited to marsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc.) through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, or other means? According to the Biological Letter Report, the site is in an urban setting and west of Interstate 805. The project has potential Waters of the U.S./Streambed. However, the project would not impact any area that would be considered jurisdictional by the Army Corps of Engineers, California Department of Fish & Wildlife, Regional Water Quality Control Board, and the City. Therefore, no permits or City wetland deviation findings are required. There are no federally protected wetlands on or adjacent to the project site, therefore no impacts would occur. d) Interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or with П П П \boxtimes established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors, or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites? No formal and/or informal wildlife corridors are on or near the site, as the project site is located within a developed residential neighborhood. Therefore, no impacts would occur. Conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological \boxtimes resources, such as a tree preservation policy or ordinance? The project is located in an urban neighborhood and is not adjacent to the Multi-Habitat Planning Area (MHPA) as established by the City's MSCP Subarea Plan. Therefore, the project would not conflict with any local policies and/or ordinances protecting biological resources, such as tree preservation policy or ordinance. No impacts would result. Conflict with the provisions of an adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, \boxtimes \Box Natural Community Conservation Plan, or other approved local, regional, or state habitat conservation plan? The project is located in an urban neighborhood and it is not adjacent to the MHPA. Therefore, the project would not conflict with any adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Community Conservation Plan, or other local, regional, or state habitat conservation plan. V. CULTURAL RESOURCES - Would the project: Cause a substantial adverse change in

The purpose and intent of the Historical Resources Regulations of the Land Development Code (Chapter 14, Division 3, and Article 2) is to protect, preserve and, where damaged, restore the historical resources of San Diego. The regulations apply to all proposed development within the City of San Diego when historical resources are present on the premises. Before approving discretionary

the significance of an historical resource as defined in §15064.5?

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Potentially Less Than
Issue Significant Mitigation Impact
Impact Incorporated

projects, CEQA requires the Lead Agency to identify and examine the significant adverse environmental effects which may result from that project. A project that may cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource may have a significant effect on the environment (sections 15064.5(b) and 21084.1). A substantial adverse change is defined as demolition, destruction, relocation, or alteration activities, which would impair historical significance (sections 15064.5(b)(1)). Any historical resource listed in, or eligible to be listed in the California Register of Historical Resources, including archaeological resources, is considered to be historically or culturally significant.

The City of San Diego criteria for determination of historic significance, pursuant to CEQA, is evaluated based upon age (over 45 years), location, context, association with an important event, uniqueness, or structural integrity of the building. Projects requiring the demolition and/or modification of structures that are 45 years or older have the potential to result in potential impacts to a historical resource. The existing structure that is proposed for demolition was constructed in 1934 and was identified as being over 45 years of age. Therefore Assessor's Building Records, chain of title, and a photograph survey were submitted and reviewed by Qualified Plan-Historic staff. City staff determined that the property and/or structure is not individually designated resource and is not located within a designated historic district. Furthermore, the property does not meet designation criteria as a significant resource under any adopted criteria. No impact would result.

Cause a substantial adverse change in

unique geologic feature?

S)	the significance of an archaeological resource pursuant to \$15064.5?				
a record reviewed resource recorded recomm location on site.	ect site is located on the City of San search of the California Historic Red by qualified archaeological City states within the project site. The CHRIST within or adjacent to the project sended by qualified archaeological Cof the project site outside of sensit Therefore, there is no potential to inwould result.	sources Infor aff to determ S search did r ite. No additi City staff base ive archaeolo	mation System (Cline the presence on the presence on the identify any arcitional archaeological on the CHRIS sendical areas, and the control of the control	HRIS) digital dor absence of chaeological sale evaluation arch, site phoe amount of chaeological do amount of chaeological	atabase was potential ites was tographs, disturbance
c)	Directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleontological resource or site or	П	П	\bowtie	П

Fossils (paleontological resources) are the remains and/or traces of prehistoric life and represent an important and nonrenewable natural resource. Impacts to paleontological resources may occur during grading activities associated with project construction where excavation would be done in previously undisturbed geologic deposits/formations/rock units. According the Geotechnical Investigation prepared by GEOCON Incorporated (January 6, 2017), the subject site is underlain by Very Old Paralic Deposits, the San Diego Formation and undocumented Fill. Very Old Paralic Deposits and the San Diego Formations are considered moderate to highly sensitive for paleontological resources. Undocumented fill in not sensitive for paleontological resources. Project implementation would require grading of approximately of 0.597 acres, that would include 230 cubic yards of cut at a maximum depth of cut of 5 feet, and 3,200 cubic yards of fill at a maximum

Iss	ue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
greater to potentian Determi or greate could ocimpacts	fill of 16 feet. The City' CEC than 1,000 cubic yards and I impact to paleontological nation Thresholds also stat er in moderately sensitive f cur. The project would not to paleontological resource han significant.	10 feet deep or gre resources could oc es if grading is grea ormations then a p	ater in high sensit cur. The City' CEQ ter than 2,000 cul otential impact to QA Significance De	tive formations, for A Significance oic yards and 10 paleontological etermination Thr	feet deep resources resholds fo
d)	Disturb and human remains, incl those interred outside of dedicat cemeteries?				\boxtimes
remains	V a. above. No cemeteries, have been documented wi	thin the project are			
a)	Expose people or structures to p involving:		erse effects, including t	the risk of loss, injur	,, or death
	i) Rupture of a known earthque fault, as delineated on the mercent Alquist-Priolo Earthque Fault Zoning Map issued by State Geologist for the area based on other substantial evidence of a known fault? For Division of Mines and Geolo Special Publication 42.	nost uake the or Refer to			
The projunfavorathe site Calificanyon or geolorecomm seismic structure engineer permit s	ecific Geotechnical Investig ect is assigned geologic risk able geologic structure, low not located on any known a ornia Geological Survey. The Faults located approximate gic conditions were encour endations within the repor- requirements of the Califor es due to local seismic ever- ring design and utilization of tage, would ensure that the in significant.	c category 53, which to moderate risk. active, or potentially ne nearest known ally 3.4 miles west of atered that would put are followed. The nia Building Code that to an acceptable of standard construct potential for impared.	n is characterized of According to the good active or inactive ctive faults are New the site. The analytes are the site the development would be not would reduce level of risk. Implotion practices, to	as level or sloping as level or sloping as level or sloping as central investigation of particular investigation of particular investigation of particular investigation of particular investigation inves	og terrain, estigation, lefined by d and Rose hat no soil d the ply with le or roper e building
	ii) Strong seismic ground shak	ing?		\boxtimes	

Refer to VI a(i). The project would be required to comply with seismic requirements of the California Building Code. Implementation of proper engineering design and utilization of standard

Iss	ue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact		
	ction practices, to be verified at the from regional geologic hazards wou			at the potenti	al for		
	iii) Seismic-related ground failure, including liquefaction?						
See VI.a. Liquefaction typically occurs when a site is located in the zone with seismic activity, onsite soils are cohesionless, groundwater is encountered within 50 feet of the surface, and soil densities are less than 70 percent of the maximum dry densities. According to the geotechnical investigation, the potential for liquefaction at the site is considered negligible due to the dense material encountered and the lack of a shallow groundwater condition. The potential for impacts as a result of seismic ground failure, including liquefaction is less than significant. Implementation of proper engineering design and utilization of standard construction practices, to be verified at the building stage, would ensure that the potential for impacts from regional geologic hazards would be less than significant.							
	iv) Landslides?			\boxtimes			
site. Imp to be ve geologic	n the geotechnical investigation, no plementation of proper engineering rified at the building stage, would en thazards would be less than signific	design and เ ารure that th	utilization of standa	ard constructi	on practices,		
b)	Result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil?						
Demolition and construction activities would temporarily expose soils to increased erosion potential. The project would be required to comply with the City's Storm Water Standards which requires the implementation of appropriate best management practices (BMPs). Grading activities within the site would be required to comply with the City of San Diego Grading Ordinance as well as the Storm Water Standards, which would ensure soil erosion and topsoil loss is minimized to less than significant levels. Furthermore, permanent storm water BMPs would also be required post-construction consistent with the City's regulations. Therefore, the project would not result in substantial soils erosion or loss of topsoil, therefore impacts would be less than significant.							
c)	Be located on a geologic unit or soil that is unstable, or that would become unstable as a result of the project, and potentially result in on- or off-site landslide, lateral spreading, subsidence, liquefaction or collapse?			\boxtimes			

As discussed in Section VI(a) and VI(b), the project site is not likely to be subject to landslides, and the potential for liquefaction and subsidence is low. The soils and geologic units underlying the site are considered to have a "high" expansion potential. The project design would be required to comply with the requirements of the California Building Code, ensuring hazards associated with expansive soils would be reduced to an acceptable level of risk. As such, impacts due to expansive soils are expected to be less than significant. Implementation of proper engineering design and utilization of

Iss	ue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	d construction practices, to be verifing the construction practices, to be verificated from regional geologic hazards of the construction of the c			ensure that th	ne potential
d)	Be located on expansive soil, as defined in Table 18-1-B of the Uniform Building Code (1994), creating substantial risks to life or property?				
Paralic D Heights construc	ng to the geotechnical report, the sit Deposits, and the San Diego Formati Mudstone." Implementation of prop ction practices, to be verified at the from geologic hazards would be les	ion. The tops per engineer building peri	oil resembles the ing design and util mit stage, would en	highly expansi ization of stan	ve "Normal dard
e)	Have soils incapable of adequately supporting the use of septic tanks or alternative waste water disposal systems where sewers are not available for the disposal of waste water?				\boxtimes
in an are	ic system or alternative wastewater ea that is already developed with ex would result.	-		-	
VII. GREI	ENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS – Would the proje	ect:			
a)	Generate greenhouse gas emissions, either directly or indirectly, that may have a significant impact on the environment?				

Climate Action Plan

The City adopted the Climate Action Plan (CAP) in December 2015 (City of San Diego 2015). With implementation of the CAP, the City aims to reduce emissions 15% below the baseline to approximately 11.1 million metric tons of carbon dioxide equivalent (MMT CO2E) by 2020, 40% below the baseline to approximately 7.8 MMT CO2E by 2030, and 50% below the baseline to approximately 6.5 MMT CO2E by 2035. The City has identified the following five CAP strategies to reduce GHG emissions to achieve the 2020 and 2035 targets: (1) energy- and water-efficient buildings; (2) clean and renewable energy; (3) bicycling, walking, transit, and land use; (4) zero waste (gas and waste management); and (5) climate resiliency. The City's CAP Consistency Checklist, adopted June 2017, is the primary document used by the City to ensure project-by-project consistency with the underlying assumptions in the CAP and thereby to ensure that the City would achieve the emission reduction targets identified in its CAP.

The CAP Consistency Checklist is the City's significance threshold utilized to ensure project-by-project consistency with the underlying assumptions in the CAP and to ensure that the City would achieve its emission reduction targets identified in the CAP. The CAP Consistency Checklist includes a three-step process to determine if the project would result in a GHG impact. Step 1 consists of an evaluation to determine the project's consistency with existing General Plan, Community Plan, and

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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zoning designations for the site. Step 2 consists of an evaluation of the project's design features compliance with the CAP strategies. Step 3 is only applicable if a project is not consistent with the land use and/or zone, but is also in a transit priority area to allow for more intensive development than assumed in the CAP.

Under Step 1 of the CAP Checklist, the project is consistent with the existing General Plan, Community Plan designations as well as zoning for the site. Therefore, the project is consistent with the growth projections and land use assumptions used in the CAP. Furthermore, completion of Step 2 of the CAP Checklist demonstrates that the project would be consistent with applicable strategies and actions for reducing GHG emissions. This includes project features consistent with the energy and water efficient buildings strategy. These project features would be assured as a condition of project approval. Thus, the project is consistent with the CAP. Step 3 of the CAP Consistency Checklist would not be applicable, as the project is not proposing a land use amendment or a rezone.

Based on the project's consistency with the City's CAP Checklist, the project's contribution of GHG emissions to cumulative statewide emissions would be less than cumulatively considerable. Therefore, the project's direct and cumulative GHG emissions would have a less than significant impact.

impact		3 3113 211113		2 1033 triair 318	
re; re	onflict with an applicable plan, policy, or gulation adopted for the purpose of ducing the emissions of greenhouse uses?				
conflict	o VII.a, above. The project is consistent t with an applicable plan, policy or regu ons. Impacts would be less than signifi	ulation adop	•		
VIII. HA	ZARDS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS – Would t	he project:			
a)	Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials?			\boxtimes	
C = 1= = +111	ustice of the project require the		doug materials (for	مام ایرامین مصدم	

Construction of the project may require the use of hazardous materials (fuels, lubricants, solvents, etc.), which would require proper storage, handling, use and disposal. Although minimal amounts of such substances may be present during the construction, they are not anticipated to create a significant public hazard. Once constructed, the routine transport, use of hazardous materials on or through the project site is not anticipated. Impacts would be less than significant.

b)	Create a significant hazard to the public		
	or the environment through reasonably		
	foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the		
	environment?		

ls	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
ranspo	o VIII(a) above. The project does not port, use, or disposal of significant hazaant impact.				
c)	Emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste within one-quarter mile of an existing or proposed school?				
would r materia	ting or proposed school is not located not emit hazardous emissions or invo als, substances or waste. In addition, I Board Geotracker database for haza	olve the hand the site is no	ling of hazardous of t listed on the Stat	or acutely ha e Water Reso	zardous ources
d)	Be located on a site which is included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code section 65962.5 and, as a result, would it create a significant hazard to the public or the environment?				
55962.5 ncludir State W nazardo no cont dentifio	th of potential hazardous materials sing was completed for the project site. In the Department of Toxic Substance I ater Resources Control Board GeoTrous materials sites available on the Cotaminated sites are on or adjacent to ed on the DTSC Cortese List. Thereforblic or the environment. No impacts we	Several datakes Control (Dacker databa alifornia EPA the project s	pases and resource TSC) EnviroStor da se, and other sour website. Based or ite. Furthermore, t	es were cons itabase, the C ces of poten in the searche ithe project si	ulted California tial s conducted, te was not
e)	For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two mile of a public airport or public use airport, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?				
Airport determ Commi	oject site is located within an Airport I Influence Area (Review Area 2). How ination by the San Diego Regional Air ssion. The project is consistent with t for people residing or working in the	ever, the proj rport Authori the ALUCP. Th	ect did not require ty, serving as the A ne project would n	e a consisten Airport Land l	cy Jse
f)	For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?				\boxtimes

ls	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	o VIII(e). The project site is not located would result.	d within the	vicinity of a private	airstrip. Ther	efore, no
g)	Impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan?				\boxtimes
or phys roadwa	oject was reviewed by the City Fire Strically interfere with, an adopted emony improvements are proposed that we tion would take place onsite. No imple.	ergency resp would interfe	onse plan or emer ere with circulation	gency evacuat or access, an	tion plan. No d all
h)	Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires, including where wildlands are adjacent to urbanized areas or where residences are intermixed with wildlands?				
minimu reviewe	oject would be required to adhere to im that 35-ft wide Zone One with cor ed by qualified City Landscape staff. or or structures to a significant risk of le result.	responding The project, t	65-ft wide Zone Tw herefore, would n	o which has bot significantly	een / expose
IX. HYDF	ROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY - Would the pi	roject:			
a)	Violate any water quality standards or			\boxtimes	

A Storm Water Quality Management Plan (dated October 30, 2017) was prepared by Omega Engineering Consulting, Inc. The proposed development would result in decrease in runoff flowrates. The project would be constructed with a storm drain system that would route runoff from the disturbed area of the project either to the southerly or northern biofiltration areas. Stormwater would be conveyed via surface flow and a private storm drain system. Biofiltration areas would be used to treat runoff as well as store it for flow attenuation for hydromodification. There is no offsite runoff that flows across the site. An existing storm drain conveys water from Copley Avenue under the westerly portion of the site to a headwall north of the site. The project would not have adverse effects to the downstream facilities or receiving waters. The project is required to comply with all storm water quality standards during and after construction, and appropriate Best Management Practices (BMPs) (Source Control, Site Design and Structural) would be implemented. Implementation of project specific BMPs preclude violations of any existing water quality standards or discharge requirements. Impacts would be less than significant.

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact		
b) Substantially deplete groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that there would be a net deficit in aquifer volume or a lowering of the local groundwater table level (e.g., the production rate of pre-existing nearby wells would drop to a level which would not support existing land uses or planned uses for which permits have been granted)?						
The project would not substantially deplete groundwater supplies or interfere with groundwater recharge such that there would be a net deficit in aquifer volume or a lowering of the local groundwater table level in that the project does not require the construction of wells or the use of groundwater. The project is located in an urban neighborhood with existing public water supply infrastructure. No impact would result.						
c) Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, in a manner, which would result in substantial erosion or siltation on- or off-site?						
The project would not substantially alter the are no streams or rivers located on-site and proposed grading activities. Although gradimplement BMPs to ensure that substantial occur. Impacts would be less than signification.	d thus, no suc ing would be I erosion or si	h resources would required for the p ltation on or off-si	l be impacted roject, the pro te would not	through the oject would		
d) Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, or substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner, which would result in flooding on- or off-site?						
The project would implement low impact development principles ensuring that a substantial increase in the rate or amount of surface runoff resulting in flooding on or off-site, or a substantial alteration to the existing drainage pattern would not occur. Streams or rivers do not occur on or adjacent to the project site. Impacts would be less than significant, and no mitigation measures are required.						
e) Create or contribute runoff water, which would exceed the capacity of existing or planned stormwater drainage systems or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff?						

The project would subdivide one existing parcel into four residential parcels, and create one access lot. The project proposes to remove the public storm drain system and construct a new public storm

ls	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact	
drain system within Parcel 1 and Parcel 2. The project would be required to comply with all storm water quality standards during and after construction. Appropriate BMPs would be utilized to ensure that water quality is not degraded; therefore, ensuring that the project runoff is directed to appropriate drainage systems. Any runoff from the project site is not anticipated to exceed existing or planned storm water systems or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff that would require new or expanded facilities. Impacts would less than significant, and no mitigation measures are required.						
f)	Otherwise substantially degrade water quality?			\boxtimes		
Approp	eject would be required to comply wit riate BMPs would be utilized to ensu than significant.		• •	_		
g)	Place housing within a 100-year flood hazard area as mapped on a federal Flood Hazard Boundary or Flood Insurance Rate Map or other flood hazard delineation map?					
Hazard	oject site is not located within a 100-y Boundary or Flood Insurance Rate M not place housing within a 100-year fl	lap or other	flood hazard deline	eation map. T		
h)	Place within a 100-year flood hazard area, structures that would impede or redirect flood flows?					
•	oject site is not located within a 100-y would result.	ear flood ha	zard area or any kr	nown flood ar	ea. No	
X. LAND	USE AND PLANNING – Would the project:					
a)	Physically divide an established community?					
lot. The for a to Genera develop Constru surrour	oject would subdivide one existing pa project also includes the future constal of 4 single family homes. The proj I Plan land use designation, and the used residential neighborhood and surection of 4 residential homes would reading land uses. Therefore, the project would occur.	struction of o ect is consis underlying z rrounded by not affect adj	one single-family re tent with the adopt one. The project sit similar residential acent properties a	esidence on ea ted communit e is located w development nd is consiste	ach parcel, cy plan, rithin a c. nt with the	
b)	Conflict with any applicable land use plan, policy, or regulation of an agency with jurisdiction over the project (including but not limited to the general plan, specific plan, local coastal					

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
		Incorporated		

program, or zoning ordinance) adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect?

See response X(a) above. The project would subdivide one existing parcel into four residential parcels, and create one access lot, and construct 4 single family residences. The project contains one single family residence and detached garage that would be demolished. Further, the project proposes improvements that include a new driveway, curb, gutter, and sidewalk, adjacent to Copley Avenue. The project would occur within an urbanized neighborhood with similar residential development. The project would be compatible with the land use designation of the City's General Plan and community plan, and is consistent with the underlying zone and surrounding land uses with allowable deviations.

The San Diego Municipal Code (SDMC), Section 126.0602 (b)(1) allows projects to request deviations pursuant a Planned Development Permit (PDP) decided in accordance with a Process 4, provided that the findings in SDMC Section 126.0604(a) are made. The requested deviations are from the SDMC Table 131-04D, Development Regulations for RS Zones. Deviations requested by the project include:

- 1. Lot Width A deviation for the minimum lot width of 35 feet, where 50 feet is required for Parcels 1, 2, and 3.
- 2. Street Frontage A deviation to the Street Frontage requirement for Parcels 2, 3 and 4. Access would be provided via a public access easement.

The project would not conflict any applicable land use plan, policy, or regulation of any agency with jurisdiction over the project (including but not limited to the General Plan, community plan, or zoning ordinances) adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect. No conflict would occur and thus, no impacts would result.

c)	Conflict with any applicable habitat conservation plan or natural community conservation plan?				
Habitat not con	e is located in an urban neighborhood Planning area, as established in the offlict with any applicable habitat cons eact would occur.	City's MSCP	Subarea Plan. The	erefore, the pi	roject would
XI. MINI	ERAL RESOURCES – Would the project:				
a)	Result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region and the residents of the state?				

The project site is located in an urban neighborhood. There are no known minerals located on the project site. The urbanized and developed nature of the project site would preclude the extraction of any such resources. No impacts would occur.

Issue		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact		
loo reo ge	esult in the loss of availability of a cally important mineral resource covery site delineated on a local eneral plan, specific plan or other land be plan?						
as a locally	e project site has not been deline important mineral resource reco plementation. Therefore, no impa	very site, and	d no such resource		•		
XII. NOISE –	Would the project result in:						
sta ge	eneration of, noise levels in excess of andards established in the local eneral plan or noise ordinance, or eplicable standards of other agencies?			\boxtimes			
the project noise levels receptors (construction construction are intended to the City's	Short-term noise impacts would occur from the demolition, grading and construction activities from the project. Construction-related short-term noise levels would be higher than existing ambient noise levels in the project area, but would no longer occur once construction is completed. Sensitive receptors (e.g. residential uses) occur in the immediate area and may be temporarily affected by construction noise; however, construction activities would be required to comply with the construction hours specified in City's Municipal Code, (Section 59.5.0404, Construction Noise), which are intended to reduce potential adverse effects resulting from construction noise. With compliance to the City's construction noise requirements, project construction noise levels would be reduced to less than significant, and no mitigation measures are required.						
and the pro in noise lev	g-term, typical noise levels associonics in the expelsion of the standards est in the expelsion of the standards est. No significant long-term impacts	isting ambie ablished in t	nt noise level. The he City of San Dieg	project would go General Pla	d not result an or Noise		
	eneration of, excessive ground borne oration or ground borne noise levels?						
The project site is located in the southwest portion of the site and is not immediately located in close proximity to any vibrating producing uses (i.e. freeway, airport, truck routes, and railways). No impacts, therefore, would occur. Potential effects from construction noise would be reduced through compliance with Section 59.5.0404 of the City's Municipal Code. Pile driving activities that would potentially result in ground borne vibration or ground borne noise are not anticipated with construction of the project. No impacts would result. Therefore, the project would not expose people to excessive generation of ground bourne vibration or noise levels. No impacts would occur. c) A substantial permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the project							
	cinity above levels existing without e project?		Ш				

Refer to XIIa.

Iss	ue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
d)	A substantial temporary or periodic increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above existing without the project?			\boxtimes	
associat resident	Xlla. Temporary construction noise ed with the excavation activities for ial lots, and the creation of one acc 59.5.0404 of the Municipal Code wo icance.	the subdivis ess lot. The p	ion of one existing roject's required co	parcel into fo ompliance wit	ur th the
e)	For a project located within an airport land use plan, or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport would the project expose people residing or working in the area to excessive noise levels?				\boxtimes
the proj	ject is not located within two miles of ect would not expose people residing would occur.	•	•	•	
f)	For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?				
	ject is not located within the vicinity residing or working the area to exce	•			•
XIII. POP	ULATION AND HOUSING – Would the projec	t:			
a)	Induce substantial population growth in an area, either directly (for example, by proposing new homes and businesses) or indirectly (for example, through extension of roads or other infrastructure)?				\boxtimes
resident extensio	ject site is located in a developed re cial. The project site currently receiv on of infrastructure to new areas is thousing or population growth in a	es water and required. As	sewer service fror such, the project w	n the City, and ould not subs	d no
b)	Displace substantial numbers of existing housing, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?				

	Issue		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact		
The p	The project would subdivide one existing parcel into four residential lots, and create one access lot. The project would also construct 4 single-family residences in an urban residential neighborhood. The project would not result in the displacement of substantial numbers of people. No impacts would result.							
C	pec	place substantial numbers of ople, necessitating the construction eplacement housing elsewhere?						
See re	espons	se XIII(b) above.						
XIV. P	UBLIC S	SERVICES						
ć	phy con	uld the project result in substantial adve rsically altered governmental facilities, ne estruction of which could cause significar ons, response times or other performan	eed for new or p nt environmenta	hysically altered gover I impacts, in order to m	nmental facilities naintain acceptab	, the		
	i)	Fire protection				\boxtimes		
provio servic	The project is located in an urbanized and developed area where fire protection services are already provided. Construction of the project would not adversely affect existing levels of fire protection services to the area, and would not require the construction of new, or expansion of, existing governmental facilities. No impacts would result.							
	ii)	Police protection				\boxtimes		
The project site is located in an urbanized and developed area within the City of San Diego where police protection services area already provided. Construction of the project would not adversely affect existing levels of police protection services to the area or create significant new demand for such services. Additionally, the project would not require the construction of new, or expansion of, existing governmental facilities. No impacts would result.								
	iii)	Schools				\boxtimes		
The project site is located in an urbanized and developed area within the City of San Diego where public school services are available. The project would not significantly increase demand on public schools over that which currently exists. Construction of the project is not anticipated to result in significant increase in demand for public educational services. No impacts would result.								
	iv)	Parks				\boxtimes		
proje	The project is located in an urbanized developed area where City-operated parks are available. The project would not significantly increase the demand on existing neighborhood or regional parks, or other recreational facilities. No impacts would result.							
	v)	Other public facilities				\boxtimes		

Less Than Significant with

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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The project is consistent with the adopted community plan and would not affect existing levels of public services; therefore the project would not require the construction of a new or the expansion of existing public facilities. No impacts would result.

XV. REC	REATION				
a)	Would the project increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be accelerated?				
recreati would r would r recreati or facili expansi	oject would not adversely affect the average on all resources. The project would not require the construction or expand to significantly increase the use of expanding facilities. Therefore, the project ties such that substantial deterioration of recreational facilities to satisfy tonal facilities have been identified, and	ot adversely asion of an existing neigh is not anticipon occurs, or demand. As	affect existing lev xisting government borhood or regio pated to result in that would requisuch, no significa	els of public se ntal facility. The nal parks or ot the use of avai re the construe int impacts rela	rvices and e project her lable parks ction or
b)	Does the project include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities, which might have an adverse physical effect on the environment?				\boxtimes
expansi on the e	Va. The project does not propose recision of recreational facilities, therefore environment. No impact would occur	e the project			
a)	Conflict with an applicable plan, ordinance or policy establishing measures of effectiveness for the performance of the circulation system, taking into account all modes of transportation including mass transit and non-motorized travel and relevant components of the circulation system, including but not limited to intersections, streets, highways and freeways, pedestrian and bicycle paths, and mass transit?				

The project is consistent with the General Plan and Community Plan land use and zoning designations. The project would not change existing circulation patterns on area roadways. The project would not conflict with any applicable plan, ordinance, or policy establishing measures of effectiveness for the performance of the circulation system. The project is not expected to cause a

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact		
significant short-term or long-term increas affect existing levels of service along area i significant, and no mitigation measures ar	oadways. The			-		
b) Conflict with an applicable congestion management program, including, but not limited to level of service standards and travel demand measures, or other standards established by the county congestion management agency for designated roads or highways?						
Refer to XVIa. The project is expected to ge AM peak hour trips and 4 PM peak hour tr new vehicular trips nor would it adversely the project would not result in conflict with of service standards or travel demand mean most mitigation measures are required.	ips. As such, th affect any moon any applicab	ne project would n de of transportation le congestion man	ot generate su on in the area. agement prog	ibstantial Therefore, ram, level		
c) Result in a change in air traffic patterns, including either an increase in traffic levels or a change in location that results in substantial safety risks?						
The project is located within an adopted Ai Montgomery Field Airport. Although the pr 2) for the Montgomery Field Airport and Sa a consistency determination. Therefore, th patterns nor result in substantial safety ris	roject is locate an Diego Interi e project wou	d in the Airport In national Airport, th	fluence Area (I ne project did	Review Area not require		
d) Substantially increase hazards due to a design feature (e.g., sharp curves or dangerous intersections) or incompatible uses (e.g., farm equipment)?						
e) Result in inadequate emergency access?				\boxtimes		

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
The project is consistent with communication in inadequate emergency access. The for consistency with all design require impediments to emergency access wo	project design woul ements at the buildir	d be subject to 0 ng permit phase	City review and to ensure that	approval
f) Conflict with adopted policies, plans programs regarding public transit, bicycle, or pedestrian facilities, or otherwise decrease the performanc safety of such facilities?				\boxtimes
See XVI(a). Rapid Bus Route 215 is curbicycling are other forms of non-moto project would not result in any conflictransit, bicycle, pedestrian facilities, or impacts would result. XVII. TRIBAL CULTURAL RESOURCES - Would	orized transportation ts regarding plans, p r decrease the perfo	n that are viable policies or progra rmance or safet	in the commun ams regarding p y of such faciliti	ity. The oublic es. No
cultural resource, defined in Public Resources geographically defined in terms of the size an California Native American tribe, and that is:	Code section 21074 as e	ither a site, feature,	place, cultural land	scape that is
 a) Listed or eligible for listing in the California Register of Historical Resources, or in a local register of historical resources as defined in Pu Resources Code section 5020.1(k), o 				
The project would not cause a substar recorded sites listed or sites eligible for a local register of historical resources impact would result.	or listing on the Calif	ornia Register o	f Historical Res	ources, or ir
b) A resource determined by the lead agency, in its discretion and support by substantial evidence, to be significant pursuant to criteria set for in subdivision (c) of Public Resource Code section 5024.1. In applying the criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Public Resource Code section 5024. the lead agency shall consider the significance of the resource to a California Native American tribe.	orth s e			

Tribal Cultural Resources include sites, features, places, cultural landscapes, and sacred places or objects that have cultural value or significance to a Native American Tribe. Tribal Cultural Resources include "non-unique archaeological resources" that, instead of being important for "scientific" value as a resource, can also be significant because of the sacred and/or cultural tribal value of the resource. Tribal representatives are considered experts appropriate for providing substantial evidence regarding the locations, types, and significance of tribal cultural resources within their traditionally and cultural affiliated geographic area (PRC § 21080.3.1(a)).

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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In accordance with the requirements of Public Resources Code 21080.3.1, the City of San Diego engaged the lipay Nation of Santa Isabel and the Jamul Indian Village, both traditionally and culturally affiliated with the project area. These tribes were notified via email on February 6, 2018. Although neither Native American tribe submitted a formal request for consultation during the 30-day notification period, the tribes informed staff via email on February 7, 2018 that they concurred with staff's determination that archaeological monitoring would not be required. No impact would result.

	red with staff's determination that a would result.	rchaeological	monitoring woul	d not be requir	ed. No
XVIII. UT	TILITIES AND SERVICE SYSTEMS – Would the I	oroject:			
a)	Exceed wastewater treatment requirements of the applicable Regional Water Quality Control Board?			\boxtimes	
surrour wastew applical (RWQCI	entation of the project would not in nding development. The project is nater. Wastewater facilities used by ble wastewater treatment requirem B). Existing sewer infrastructure exist te services are available to serve th	ot anticipated the project wo lents of the Ro sts within roa	I to generate sign ould be operated egional Water Qu dways surroundir	ificant amount in accordance v ality Control Bong the project s	of with the pard ite and
b)	Require or result in the construction of new water or wastewater treatment facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?				
constru	ite services are available to serve th ction of new water or wastewater t n impacts, therefore, would occur.			•	
c)	Require or result in the construction of new storm water drainage facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?				
foot wid of the C and req qualifie	ndition of approval, the proposed pole easement to the City of San Dieg City Engineer. The project would no puire the construction of new or exped City staff who determined that the ject. No such impacts, therefore, wo	o for storm d t exceed the co panded treatn e existing faci	rain purposes wo apacity of the exinent facilities. The	uld be subject t sting storm wa project was re	to approval ter system viewed by
d)	Have sufficient water supplies available to serve the project from existing entitlements and resources, or are new or expanded entitlements needed?				\boxtimes

' Significant with	ls	ssue				No Impac
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The project does not meet the City's Significance Thresholds requiring the need for the project to prepare a water supply assessment. Adequate services are available to serve the site without requiring new or expanded entitlements. No impacts would occur.

e)	Result in a determination by the wastewater treatment provider which serves or may serve the project that it has adequate capacity to serve the project's projected demand in addition to the provider's existing commitments?			\boxtimes
	ject was reviewed by the Public Utilit		•	

The project was reviewed by the Public Utilities staff who determined that adequate services are available to serve the site without requiring new or expanded facilities. No such impacts, therefore, would occur.

f)	Be served by a landfill with sufficient		
	permitted capacity to accommodate the project's solid waste disposal		\boxtimes
	needs?		

The project would be served by a landfill with sufficient permitted capacity to accommodate the project's disposal needs. Construction debris and waste would be generated from the demolition of the existing single-family residence and the construction of four single-family residences. All construction waste from the project site would be transported to an appropriate facility, which would have adequate capacity to accept the limited amount of waste that would be generated by the project. Long-term operation of the proposed residential units is anticipated to generate typical amounts of solid waste associated with residential use. Furthermore, the project would be required to comply with the City's Municipal Code (including the Refuse and Recyclable Materials Storage Regulations (Municipal Code Chapter 14, Article 2, Division 8), Recycling Ordinance (Municipal Code Chapter 6, Article 6, Division 7), and the Construction and Demolition (C&D) Debris Deposit Ordinance (Municipal Code Chapter 6, Article 6, Division 6)) for diversion of both construction waste during the demolition phase and solid waste during the long-term, operational phase. Impacts are considered to be less than significant, and no mitigation measures are required.

g)	Comply with federal, state, and local			
	statutes and regulation related to		\boxtimes	
	solid waste?			

The project would comply with all Federal, State and local statutes and regulations related to solid waste. The project would not result in the generation of large amounts of solid waste, nor generate or require the transport of hazardous waste materials, other than minimal amounts generated during construction of the proposed improvements within the access lot. All activities would comply with the City of San Diego requirements for diversion of both construction waste during the construction of the proposed improvements within the access lot and solid waste during the long-term, operational phase of the existing structures. Impacts would be less than significant, and no mitigation measures are required.

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact			
a) Does the project have the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory?							
As documented in this Initial Study, the project would not have the potential to degrade the quality of the environment. As such, no mitigation measures would be incorporated as all impacts are less than significant.							
b) Does the project have impacts that are individually limited but cumulatively considerable ("cumulatively considerable" means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable future projects)?							
As documented in this Initial Study, the project would not have the potential to degrade the quality of the environment. As such, no mitigation measures would be required. Other future projects within the surrounding neighborhood or community would be required to comply with applicable local, State, and Federal regulations to reduce the potential impacts to less than significant, or to the extent possible. Therefore, the project would not contribute potentially significant cumulative environmental impacts.							
c) Does the project have environmental effects that will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly?				\boxtimes			

As discussed throughout this document, it is not anticipated that implementation of the project and construction activities associated with the with construction of 4 residential units would create conditions that would significantly directly or indirectly impact human beings. No mitigation measures have been required because all impacts are less than significant. For this reason, environmental effects fall below the thresholds established by CEQA and the City and therefore, would not result in significant impacts. Impacts would be less than significant.

INITIAL STUDY CHECKLIST REFERENCES

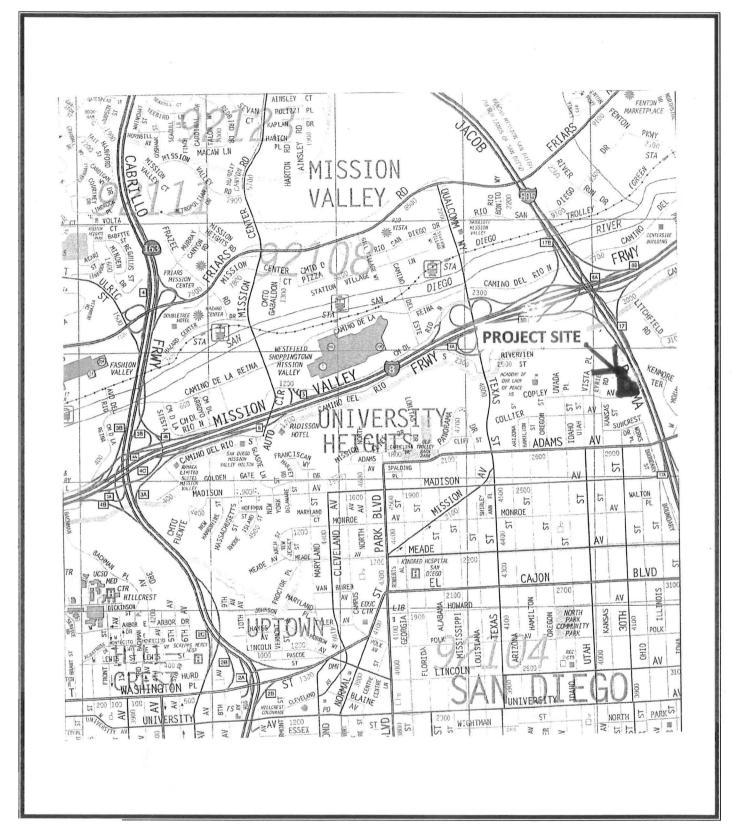
I. 	Aesthetics / Neighborhood Character City of San Diego General Plan Community Plans: Greater North Park Community Plan
II. _X	Agricultural Resources & Forest Resources City of San Diego General Plan U.S. Department of Agriculture, Soil Survey - San Diego Area, California, Part I and II, 1973 California Agricultural Land Evaluation and Site Assessment Model (1997) Site Specific Report:
III. — —	Air Quality California Clean Air Act Guidelines (Indirect Source Control Programs) 1990 Regional Air Quality Strategies (RAQS) - APCD Site Specific Report:
X X X	Biology City of San Diego, Multiple Species Conservation Program (MSCP), Subarea Plan, 1997 City of San Diego, MSCP, "Vegetation Communities with Sensitive Species and Vernal Pools" Maps, 1996 City of San Diego, MSCP, "Multiple Habitat Planning Area" maps, 1997 Community Plan - Resource Element California Department of Fish and Game, California Natural Diversity Database, "State and Federally-listed Endangered, Threatened, and Rare Plants of California," January 2001
X	California Department of Fish and Game, California Natural Diversity Database, "State and Federally-listed Endangered and Threatened Animals of California, "January 2001 City of San Diego Land Development Code Biology Guidelines Site Specific Report: Biological Letter Report for 2936 Copley Avenue Property, prepared by Alden Environmental, Inc., dated September 25, 2018.
v. <u>X</u>	Cultural Resources (includes Historical Resources) City of San Diego Historical Resources Guidelines City of San Diego Archaeology Library Historical Resources Board List Community Historical Survey: Site Specific Report:
VI. 	Geology/Soils City of San Diego Seismic Safety Study U.S. Department of Agriculture Soil Survey - San Diego Area, California, Part I and II, December 1973 and Part III, 1975 Site Specific Report: Geotechnical Investigation 2936 Copley Avenue San Diego, California, prepared by GEOCON, Incorporated, April 22, 2016.

Site Specific Report: A Response to LDR-Geology Review Comments, prepared by GEOCON, Χ Incorporated, January 10, 2017. Site Specific Report: A Response to LDR-Geology Review Comments, prepared by GEOCON, _X_ Incorporated, January 10, 2017. VII. **Greenhouse Gas Emissions** Χ Site Specific Report: Climate Action Plan Consistency Checklist, VIII. **Hazards and Hazardous Materials** __X_ San Diego County Hazardous Materials Environmental Assessment Listing, GEOTRACKER database San Diego County Hazardous Materials Management Division FAA Determination <u>X</u> State Assessment and Mitigation, Unauthorized Release Listing, Public Use Authorized Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan: Site Specific Report: IX. **Hydrology/Water Quality** Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA), National Flood Insurance Program-Flood Boundary and Floodway Map Clean Water Act Section 303(b) list, http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/tmdl/303d_lists.html Χ Site Specific Report: A Priority Development Project Storm Water Quality Management Plan (SWQMP) for Copley Avenue, prepared by OMEGA Engineering Consultants, October 30, 2018. X. **Land Use and Planning** X City of San Diego General Plan X Community Plan X Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan: City of San Diego Zoning Maps Χ **FAA** Determination Other Plans: XI. **Mineral Resources** California Department of Conservation - Division of Mines and Geology, Mineral Land Classification Division of Mines and Geology, Special Report 153 - Significant Resources Maps Site Specific Report: XII. Noise Χ City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan San Diego International Airport - Lindbergh Field CNEL Maps Brown Field Airport Master Plan CNEL Maps Montgomery Field CNEL Maps

XIX.	Water Conservation Support Magazine New Western Garden Book, Poy, ed. Manlo Park, CA: Support Magazine
XVIII.	Utilities Site Specific Report
XVIIX	Transportation / Circulation City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan San Diego Metropolitan Area Average Weekday Traffic Volume Maps, SANDAG San Diego Region Weekday Traffic Volumes, SANDAG Site Specific Report:
XVI.	Recreational Resources City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan Department of Park and Recreation City of San Diego - San Diego Regional Bicycling Map Additional Resources:
XV. <u>X</u>	Public Services City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan
XIV. <u>X</u>	Population / Housing City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan Series 11/Series 12 Population Forecasts, SANDAG Other:
XIII. 	Paleontological Resources City of San Diego Paleontological Guidelines Deméré, Thomas A., and Stephen L. Walsh, "Paleontological Resources City of San Diego," Department of Paleontology San Diego Natural History Museum, 1996 Kennedy, Michael P., and Gary L. Peterson, "Geology of the San Diego Metropolitan Area, California. Del Mar, La Jolla, Point Loma, La Mesa, Poway, and SW 1/4 Escondido 7 1/2 Minute Quadrangles," <i>California Division of Mines and Geology Bulletin</i> 200, Sacramento, 1975 Kennedy, Michael P., and Siang S. Tan, "Geology of National City, Imperial Beach and Otay Mesa Quadrangles, Southern San Diego Metropolitan Area, California," Map Sheet 29, 1977 Site Specific Report:
<u> </u>	San Diego Association of Governments - San Diego Regional Average Weekday Traffic Volumes San Diego Metropolitan Area Average Weekday Traffic Volume Maps, SANDAG Site Specific Report

XX.	Water Quality
	Clean Water Act Section 303(b) list, http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/tmdl/303d_lists.html
	Site Specific Report:

Revised: February 2018



2936 Copley Avenue SDP/TM/PDP

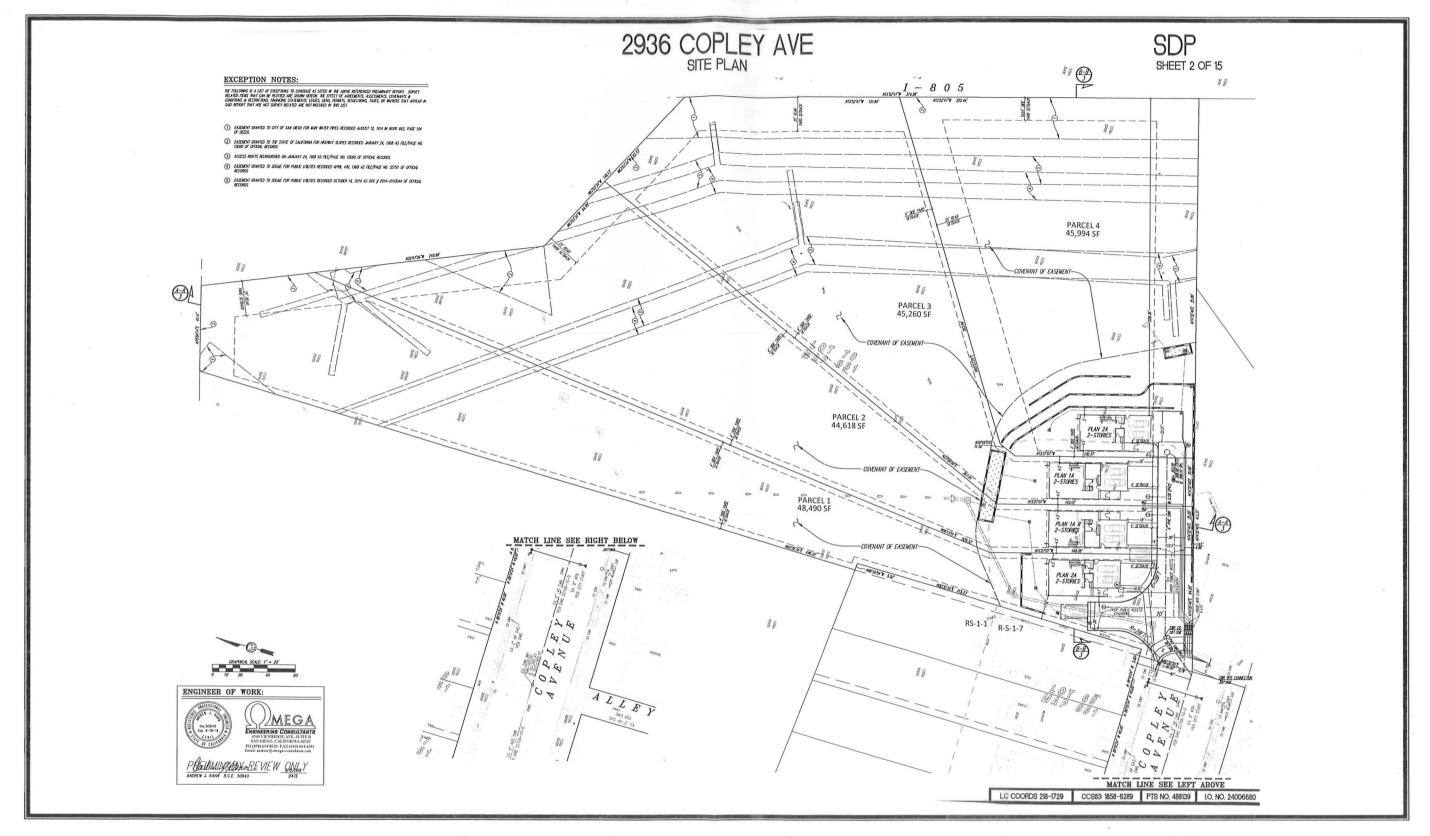


Location Map

Environmental Analysis Section Project No. 488139
CITY OF SAN DIEGO · DEVELOPMENT SERVICES

Figure

1



2936 Copley Avenue SDP/TM/PDP

