

THE CITY OF SAN DIEGO

Report to the Hearing Officer

DATE ISSUED:	February 3, 2021	REPORT NO. HO-21-002
HEARING DATE:	February 10, 2021	
SUBJECT:	8423 EL PASEO GRANDE CDP/SDP. Process Three Decision	
PROJECT NUMBER:	<u>661815</u>	
OWNER/APPLICANT:	8423 EL PASEO GRANDE LLC, Owner and Nick	Wilson, Applicant

<u>SUMMARY</u>

<u>Issue</u>: Should the Hearing Officer approve the demolition of an existing single dwelling unit and detached garage, and the construction of a new two-story single dwelling unit with attached garage and attached companion unit?

Staff Recommendations:

- 1. ADOPT Mitigated Negative Declaration No. 661815 and ADOPT the Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program;
- 2. APPROVE Coastal Development Permit No. 2424435; and
- 3. APPROVE Site Development Permit No. 2429037

<u>Community Planning Group Recommendation</u>: On August 6, 2020, the La Jolla Community Planning Association voted 15-0-1 to recommend denial of the proposed project.

Other Recommendation: On July 20, 2020, the La Jolla Shores Planned District Advisory Board voted 4-0-0 to recommend denial of the proposed project.

<u>Environmental Review</u>: A Mitigated Negative Declaration No. 661815 has been prepared for the project in accordance with State of California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Guidelines. A Mitigation, Monitoring Reporting Program has been prepared and will be implemented to reduce, to a level below significance, potential impacts identified in the environmental review process.

BACKGROUND

The project site is located at 8423 El Paseo Grande within the La Jolla Community Plan and Local Coastal Program Land Use Plan area (Attachment 1). The 0.12-acre site is in the La Jolla Shores Planned District – Single Family Zone and designated for Low Density Residential with 5 to 9 dwelling units per acre (DU/AC) (Attachment 2). The project site is also located within the Coastal Height Limitation Overlay Zone, Coastal Overlay Zone (Appealable), Parking Impact Overlay Zone (Beach Impact and Coastal Impact), Residential Tandem Parking Overlay Zone, and Geologic Hazard Category 52. The rectangular lot is bordered by residential development to the north, east, and south, and El Paseo Grande to the west (Attachment 3).

The project site currently contains one single dwelling unit and a detached garage. A review of the existing site was conducted by City staff to determine if potential significant historic resources exist on the site in accordance to San Diego Municipal Code (SDMC) section <u>143.0212</u>. Based on the documentation provided, staff determined the property does not meet local designation criteria as an individually significant historic resource under any adopted Historic Resources Board criteria.

The project site is not within or adjacent to the Multiple Species Conservation Program (MSCP), or the Multiple Habitat Planning Area (MHPA), and does not contain any other type of Environmentally Sensitive Lands (ESL) as defined in SDMC section <u>113.0103</u>. The project site is approximately 300 linear feet away from the Pacific Ocean and is not located within the First Public Roadway. There are no public view corridors, vantage points, or physical access routes from the project site, as identified in the La Jolla Community Plan and Local Coastal Program Land Use Plan (LJCP/LCP).

DISCUSSION

The project is within the Coastal Overlay Zone and requires a Coastal Development Permit pursuant to SDMC section <u>126.0702</u>. Pursuant to SDMC <u>1510.0201(a)</u>, a La Jolla Shores Planned District Permit (Site Development Permit) shall be issued for commencement of any work in the erection of any new building or structure, or remodeling, alteration, addition, or demolition of any existing structure within the La Jolla Shores Planned District.

The project proposes the demolition of a one-story 1,528 square-foot single dwelling unit and detached garage, and construction of a new 3,528 square-foot two-story single dwelling unit with a 461 square-foot attached garage and a 1,090 square-foot attached companion unit for a total Gross Floor Area of 5,079 square feet.

The project is consistent with the land use designation of single-family residential development (maximum of 9 dwelling units/acre) in the LJCP/LCP. The 0.12-acre site could accommodate one unit on the lot pursuant to SDMC <u>1510.0304</u>. The project is not located within the First Public Roadway, and there are no public view corridors, vantage points, or physical access routes from the project site, as identified in the LJCP/LCP. The project will not encroach upon any existing physical way legally used by the public or any proposed public accessway identified in the LJCP/LCP (Figure 9, Pages 35-36).

The La Jolla Shores Planned District Ordinance requires all buildings and structure setbacks to be in general conformity with those in the vicinity. City staff has reviewed and accepted a survey from the Applicant which contains lot sizes, gross floor areas, floor area ratios, and setback dimensions for building structures within the vicinity of the project site. Front yard setbacks in the vicinity range from 1 feet 4 inches to 31 feet, side yard setbacks within the vicinity range from 1 feet 6 inches to 24 feet, rear yard setbacks within the vicinity range from 1 feet six inches to 30 feet, and floor area ratios within the vicinity range from 0.29 to 1.07.

The project proposes a north side yard setback to the main house that ranges from 4 to 6 feet with a 0-foot side setback adjacent to the attached companion unit, and south side yard setbacks ranging from 4 to 24 feet. The proposed development observes a front yard setback of 15 feet along the west property line, and a rear yard setback of 6 feet along the east property line. The floor area ratio for the proposed project is 0.97. Per SDMC <u>141.0302(a)(2)(D)(ii)</u>, new accessory dwelling unit structures may encroach into the required interior side yard and rear yard setbacks up to the property line to accommodate construction of the accessory dwelling unit. The project contains setbacks and a floor area ratio to be in general conformity with the Land Development Code and properties within in the vicinity.

The City has conducted an Initial Study which determined that the proposed project could have a significant environmental effect in the following areas: Cultural Resources (Archaeology), and Tribal Cultural resources. A Mitigated Negative Declaration (MND) and a Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program (MMRP) have been prepared for the project, which indicates there are no significant environmental effects due to revisions in the project being made and agreed to by the project proponent (Attachment 6).

In addition, City Staff has reviewed and accepted a Geotechnical Investigation Report prepared by Christian Wheeler Engineering, dated March 11, 2020, and has determined the consultant has adequately addressed the soil and geologic conditions for the project. A condition of approval requires a geotechnical investigation report or update letter that specifically addresses the proposed construction plans.

The project permits contain specific requirements to ensure compliance with the regulations of the Land Development Code. Permit requirements include assuring by permit and bond the closure of the non-utilized portion of the existing driveway and installation of a new 12-foot wide City standard driveway adjacent to the site along El Paseo Grande; implementing construction best management practices (BMPs); and entering into an Encroachment Maintenance and Removal Agreement for the sidewalk underdrains, landscape and irrigation in the El Paseo Grande right of way.

The project complies with the development standards required by Land Development Code and the underlying La Jolla Shores Planned District – Single Family Zone including height, density, building setbacks, floor area ratio, and lot coverage. In addition, the project is not requesting any deviations or variances from the applicable regulations.

Community Planning Group Recommendation

The La Jolla Shores Planned District Advisory Board and La Jolla Community Planning Association recommended denial of the proposed project for the following reasons:

- 1.) The bulk and scale of the project is significantly greater than the average size of other structures within the vicinity.
- 2.) The proposed floor area ratio of 0.96 is greater than the average floor area ratio of 0.55 of other properties within the area.
- 3.) The project violates design principles in SDMC 1510.0301(b).
- 4.) The second story rear yard setback of 10 feet from the property line is insufficient.
- 5.) The second story on the north side yard does not step back from the property line to provide a transition from the older adjacent property sufficiently.
- 6.) The data the Applicant used for the survey of the properties within the vicinity is misleading, incorrect, and does not reflect the correct floor area ratios.

In response to the Community Planning Group Recommendation and reasons for denial, City staff has determined that the bulk and scale of the proposed structure when viewed from the public right-of-way is compatible with other structures in the neighborhood and would be consistent with the purpose and intent of the La Jolla Shores Planned District Ordinance. Therefore, the bulk and scale of the project is consistent with the other structures within the vicinity and the SDMC.

The La Jolla Shores Planned District Ordinance does not specify a minimum or maximum floor area ratio requirement. According to the survey from the Applicant, floor area ratios within the vicinity range from 0.29 to 1.07. The project contains a floor area ratio of 0.96 which is greater than average but still within range of the minimum and maximum floor area ratios within the vicinity. Therefore, the floor area of the project is consistent with other structures within the vicinity.

Per SDMC <u>1510.0301(b)</u>, the "Design Principle" theme is "unity with variety", directing that no adjacent homes should be substantially alike nor should two adjacent homes be so different as to disrupt the architectural unity of the area. The proposed development has setbacks, step backs, and articulated building heights that respect the guidelines outlined the La Jolla Shores Design Manual. The proposed exterior construction materials would be compatible with the neighborhood as specified in the La Jolla Shores Planned District Ordinance and the La Jolla Shores Design Manual. Specifically, the proposed project is oriented to relate to adjacent homes, while preserving all public views and enhancing community character with visually compatible architecture, form, style, and scale. The project will not encroach into any existing designated view. As designed, the project will not obstruct coastal or scenic views from any public vantage point and will preserve all public views toward the ocean. The proposed project is not substantially like any other structure located on an adjacent parcel. In addition, the proposed project is not so different in quality, form, materials, color, and relationship as to disrupt the architectural unity of the area. Therefore, the project does not violate the design principles in SDMC <u>1510.0301(b)</u>.

Per SDMC <u>1510.0304(b)(4)</u>, building and structure setbacks shall be in general conformity to those within the vicinity. The neighboring property located at 8405 El Paseo Grande contains a solid wall of two stories with no variety and a side yard setback of only 5 feet. The adjacent single dwelling unit located at 8415 El Paseo Grande which lies between the project site and 8405 El Paseo Grande contains a solid wall of two stories with a side yard setback of only 5 feet as well and a chimney on the southern side of the single dwelling unit to break the bulk. The project proposes a north side yard setback to the main house that ranges from 4 to 6 feet with a 0-foot side setback adjacent to the attached companion unit. Per SDMC <u>141.0302(a)(2)(D)(ii)</u>, new accessory dwelling unit structures may encroach into the required interior side yard and rear yard setbacks up to the property line to accommodate construction of the accessory dwelling unit. Therefore, the rear and side yard setbacks are in conformity to those within the vicinity and provide sufficient transitions to adjacent properties.

Neighborhood surveys are used by staff as a guide for determining conformance of a proposed project with surrounding development. It is an established DSD review method and practice for City staff to consider all development within the survey area when determining character of the area, and bulk and scale. City staff have no reason to believe the data the Applicant used for the survey of the properties within the vicinity is misleading and incorrect.

CONCLUSION

City staff has reviewed this application for a Coastal Development Permit and Site Development Permit and has determined that the project is consistent with the recommended land use and development standards in effect for the site. Staff has provided draft findings (Attachment 4) and conditions (Attachment 5) to support approval of the project. Therefore, staff recommends that the Hearing Officer approve Coastal Development Permit No. 2424435 and Site Development Permit No. 2429037.

ALTERNATIVES

- 1. Approve Coastal Development Permit No. 2424435 and Site Development Permit No. 2429037, with modifications.
- 2. Deny Coastal Development Permit No. 2424435 and Site Development Permit No. 2429037, if the findings required to approve the project cannot be affirmed.

Respectfully submitted,

Bur HJ

Benjamin Hafertepe, Development Project Manager

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Attachments:

- 1. Project Location Map
- 2. Community Plan Land Use Map
- 3. Aerial Photograph
- 4. Draft Resolution with Findings
- 5. Draft Permit with Conditions
- 6. Draft Environmental Resolution with MMRP (MND)
- 7. Community Planning Group Recommendation
- 8. Ownership Disclosure Statement
- 9. Project Plans





Project Location Map

<u>8423 El Paseo Grande CDP/SDP</u> Project No. 661815 – 8423 El Paseo Grande









Aerial Photograph

8423 El Paseo Grande CDP/SDP Project No. 661815 – 8423 El Paseo Grande



HEARING OFFICER RESOLUTION NO. _____ COASTAL DEVELOPMENT PERMIT NO. 2424435 SITE DEVELOPMENT PERMIT NO. 2429037 8423 EI PASEO GRANDE CDP/SDP - PROJECT NO. 661815 [MMRP]

WHEREAS, 8423 EL PASEO GRANDE, LLC, Owner/Permittee, filed an application with the City of San Diego for a permit to demolish an existing single dwelling unit and detached garage, and to construct a new single dwelling unit with an attached garage and an attached companion unit (as described in and by reference to the approved Exhibits "A" and corresponding conditions of approval for the associated Coastal Development Permit No. 2424435 and Site Development Permit No. 2429037 on portions of a 0.12-acre site;

WHEREAS, the project site is located at 8423 El Paseo Grande in the La Jolla Shores Planned District Single Family Zone, Coastal Height Limitation Overlay Zone, Coastal (Appealable) Overlay Zone, Parking Impact Overlay Zone (Beach & Coastal Impact), Residential Tandem Parking Overlay Zone, and Geo Hazard 52 Zone within the La Jolla Community Plan area;

WHEREAS, the project site is legally described as Lot 3 in Block 38 of La Jolla Shores Unit No. 6, in the City of San Diego, County of San Diego, State of California, according to Map thereof No. 2147, filed in the Office of the County Recorder of San Diego County, February 26, 1929;

WHEREAS, on February 10, 2021, the Hearing Officer of the City of San Diego considered Coastal Development Permit No. 2424435 and Site Development Permit No. 2429037 pursuant to the Land Development Code of the City of San Diego;

BE IT RESOLVED by the Hearing Officer of the City of San Diego, that it adopts the following findings with respect to Coastal Development Permit No. 2424435 and Site Development Permit No. 2429037:

A. COASTAL DEVELOPMENT PERMIT [SDMC Section 126.0708]

1. <u>Findings for all Coastal Development Permits:</u>

a. The proposed coastal development will not encroach upon any existing physical accessway that is legally used by the public or any proposed public accessway identified in a Local Coastal Program land use plan; and the proposed coastal development will enhance and protect public views to and along the ocean and other scenic coastal areas as specified in the Local Coastal Program land use plan.

The project site is located at 8423 El Paseo Grande within the La Jolla Community Plan and Local Coastal Program Land Use Plan (LJCP/LCP) area. The project site is developed with a one-story 1,528 square-foot single dwelling unit and a detached garage within an established residential area. The project includes demolition of the existing single dwelling unit and detached garage, and construction of a new 3,528 square-foot two-story single dwelling unit with a 461 square-foot attached garage and a 1,090 square-foot attached companion unit for a total Gross Floor Area of 5,079 square feet.

The project site, which is located less than 300 feet east of the Pacific Ocean, is not located within the First Public Roadway or within a visual access corridor, as identified within the LJCP/LCP. Furthermore, the site is not located near any existing or proposed physical accessway that is legally utilized by the public or within or adjacent to any public vantage points as identified in Figure 9, Pages 35-36 of the LJCP/LCP. All of the proposed development will be contained within the existing disturbed and developed site and has been designed in conformance with all applicable development regulations, including required setbacks, floor area ratio, lot coverage, and structure height. The highest ridge of the new home is 25 feet 10 inches with the chimney measuring at 30 feet, and is in conformance with the maximum 30-foot height limit.

Due to project site's location, and the proposed development contained on private property and designed in conformance with all applicable development regulations, the proposed coastal development will not affect any existing or proposed physical accessway that is legally used by the public, or degrade, eliminate, or detract any protected public views to and along the ocean and other scenic coastal areas as identified in the LJCP/LCP. Based on the above, the proposed coastal development will not encroach upon any existing physical accessway that is legally used by the public or any proposed public accessway identified in the Local Coastal Program Land Use Plan; and the proposed coastal development will enhance and protect public views to and along the ocean and other scenic coastal areas as specified in the Local Coastal Program land use plan.

b. The proposed development will not adversely affect environmentally sensitive lands.

The project site is located at 8423 El Paseo Grande within the La Jolla Community Plan and Local Coastal Program Land Use Plan (LJCP/LCP) area. The project site is developed with a one-story 1,528 square-foot single dwelling unit and a detached garage within an established residential area. The project includes demolition of the existing single dwelling unit and detached garage, and construction of a new 3,528 square-foot two-story single dwelling unit with a 461 square-foot attached garage and a 1,090 square-foot attached companion unit for a total Gross Floor Area of 5,079 square feet.

Review of resource maps, aerial and street photography shows that the project site does not contain any Environmentally Sensitive Lands as defined in San Diego Municipal Code section 113.0103. The project site does not contain and is not adjacent to any sensitive biological resources, sensitive coastal bluffs, steep hillsides, or special flood hazard areas, and is not located within or adjacent to the City's Multiple Species Conservation Program/Multiple Habitat Planning Area. Therefore, the project will not adversely affect environmentally sensitive lands.

c. The proposed coastal development is in conformity with the certified Local Coastal Program land use plan and complies with all regulations of the certified Implementation Program.

The project site is located at 8423 El Paseo Grande within the La Jolla Community Plan and Local Coastal Program Land Use Plan (LJCP/LCP) area. The project site is developed with a one-story 1,528 square-foot single dwelling unit and a detached garage within an established residential area. The project includes demolition of the existing single dwelling unit and detached garage, and construction of a new 3,528 square-foot two-story single dwelling unit with a 461 square-foot attached garage and a 1,090 square-foot attached companion unit for a total Gross Floor Area of 5,079 square feet.

The City reviewed the existing single dwelling unit and detached garage to determine whether a potential historical resource exists on site. On July 6, 2020, City Staff concluded the property does not meet local designation criteria as an individually significant resource under any adopted Historical Resources Board Criteria.

The project has been designed in conformance with all applicable development regulations per the SDMC. The project site is in the La Jolla Shores Planned District Ordinance – Single Family Zone (LJSPDO – SF) Zone and complies with the development standards required by the underlying LJSPDO – SF Zone including height, density, building setbacks, floor area ratio, lot coverage, and off-street parking. Based on a submitted neighborhood survey of the existing development patterns within the neighborhood, the proposed project was determined to be in general conformance with other buildings as specified in the LJSPDO – SF Zone. In addition, the project has been designed in conformance with the maximum 30-foot height limit. The highest ridge of the new home measures 25 feet 10 inches, and 30 feet at the top of the chimney.

The LJCP designates the project site Low Density Residential with a density range of 5 to 9 dwelling units per acre. The density range is characterized by single dwelling unit residential homes on 5,000 to 7,000 square-foot lots. The LJSPDO – SF Zone allows one dwelling unit per lot. The proposed dwelling unit on the 0.12-acre site is in conformance with the prescribed density per the underlying zone, and the LJCP/LCP land use designation.

LJSPDO requires all buildings and structure setbacks to be in general conformity with those in the vicinity. City staff has reviewed and accepted a survey from the Applicant which contains lot sizes, gross floor areas, floor area ratios, and setback dimensions for building structures within the vicinity of the project site. Front yard setbacks in the vicinity range from 1 feet 4 inches to 31 feet, side yard setbacks within the vicinity range from 1 feet 6 inches to 24 feet, rear yard setbacks within the vicinity range from 1 feet 6 inches to 30 feet, and floor area ratios within the vicinity range from 0.29 to 1.07.

The project proposes a north side yard setback to the main house that ranges from 4 to 6 feet with a 0-foot side setback adjacent to the attached companion unit, and south side yard setbacks ranging from 4 to 24 feet. The proposed development observes a front yard setback of 15 feet along the west property line, and a rear yard setback of 6 feet along the east property line. The floor area ratio for the proposed project is 0.97. Per San Diego Municipal Code Section 141.0302(a)(2)(D)(ii), new accessory dwelling unit structures may encroach into the required interior side yard and rear yard setbacks up to the property line to accommodate construction of the accessory dwelling unit. The project contains setbacks and a floor area ratio to be in general conformity with the Land Development Code and properties within in the vicinity.

Additionally, the project proposes a lot coverage of 49 percent, which is below the maximum 60 percent lot coverage allowed per the LJSPDO – SF Zone.

The proposed development has been oriented to relate to adjacent homes, while enhancing community character with visually compatible architecture, form, style, and scale. The project's height, scale, design, and proposed building materials are consistent with the varied architecture, design, and character of the low-density residential development in the surrounding area and in conformance with the LJCP/LCP residential policies related to density, bulk and scale, and materials.

Furthermore, the project site is located less than 300 feet east of the Pacific Ocean and is not located between the sea and the First Public Roadway. The project site is not located with or adjacent to any public coastal access or public vantage points as identified in the LJCP/LCP Figure 9, Pages 35-36). Due to the location of the project site, the project will not encroach upon any existing physical way used by the public or any proposed access as identified in the LJCP/LCP.

The project is not requesting any deviations or variances from the applicable regulations and has been designed in conformance with all applicable development

regulations set forth in the SDMC, and the LJCP/LCP land use plan. Therefore, based upon the above analysis, the proposed project is in conformity with the Local Coastal Program land use plan and complies with all regulations of the certified implementation program.

d. For every Coastal Development Permit issued for any coastal development between the nearest public road and the sea or the shoreline of any body of water located within the Coastal Overlay Zone the coastal development is in conformity with the public access and public recreation policies of Chapter 3 of the California Coastal Act.

The project site is located at 8423 El Paseo Grande within the La Jolla Community Plan and Local Coastal Program Land Use Plan (LJCP/LCP) area. The project site is developed with a one-story 1,528 square-foot single dwelling unit and a detached garage within an established residential area. The project includes demolition of the existing single dwelling unit and detached garage, and construction of a new 3,528 square-foot two-story single dwelling unit with a 461 square-foot attached garage and 1,090 square-foot attached companion unit for a total Gross Floor Area of 5,079 square feet. The project site, which is located less than 300 feet from the Pacific Ocean, is not located between the sea and the First Public Roadway or within a visual access corridor, as identified in the LJCP/LCP. The project will be developed entirely within private property and will not adversely impact any public recreation opportunities. Therefore, the project conforms with the public access and public recreation policies of Chapter 3 of the California Coastal Act.

B. SITE DEVELOPMENT PERMIT [SDMC Section 126.0505]

1. <u>Findings for all Site Development Permits</u>:

a. The proposed development will not adversely affect the applicable land use plan.

The project site is located at 8423 El Paseo Grande within the La Jolla Community Plan and Local Coastal Program Land Use Plan (LJCP/LCP) area. The project site is developed with a one-story 1,528 square-foot single dwelling unit and a detached garage within an established residential area. The project includes demolition of the existing single dwelling unit and detached garage, and construction of a new 3,528 square-foot two-story single dwelling unit with a 461 square-foot attached garage and a 1,090 square-foot attached companion unit for a total Gross Floor Area of 5,079 square feet.

The existing single dwelling unit and detached garage were reviewed to determine whether any potential historical resources exist on site. On July 6, 2020, City Staff concluded the property does not meet local designation criteria as an individually significant resource under any adopted Historical Resources Board Criteria.

The project has been designed in conformance with all applicable development regulations per the SDMC. The project site is in the La Jolla Shores Planned District

Ordinance – Single Family Zone (LJSPDO – SF) Zone and complies with the development standards required by the underlying LJSPDO – SF Zone including height, density, building setbacks, floor area ratio, lot coverage, and off-street parking. Based on a submitted neighborhood survey of the existing development patterns within the neighborhood, the proposed project was determined to be in general conformance with other buildings as specified in the LJSPDO – SF Zone. In addition, the project has been designed in conformance with the maximum 30-foot height limit.

The highest ridge of the new home measures 25 feet 10 inches, and 30 feet at the top of the chimney.

The LJCP designates the project site Low Density Residential with a density range of 5 to 9 dwelling units per acre. The density range is characterized by single dwelling unit residential homes on 5,000 to 7,000 square foot lots. The LJSPDO – SF Zone allows one dwelling unit per lot. The proposed dwelling unit on the 0.12-acre site is in conformance with the prescribed density per the underlying zone, and the LJCP/LCP land use designation.

The LJSPDO requires all buildings and structure setbacks to be in general conformity with those in the vicinity. City staff has reviewed and accepted a survey from the Applicant which contains lot sizes, gross floor areas, floor area ratios, and setback dimensions for building structures within the vicinity of the project site. Front yard setbacks in the vicinity range from 1 feet 4 inches to 31 feet, side yard setbacks within the vicinity range from 1 feet 6 inches to 24 feet, rear yard setbacks within the vicinity range from 1 feet six inches to 30 feet, and floor area ratios within the vicinity range from 0.29 to 1.07.

The project proposes a north side yard setback to the main house that ranges from 4 to 6 feet with a 0-foot side setback adjacent to the attached companion unit, and south side yard setbacks ranging from 4 to 24.5 feet. The proposed development observes a front yard setback of 15 feet, and a rear yard setback of 6 feet along the east property line. The floor area ratio for the proposed project is 0.97. The project contains setbacks and a floor area ration to be in general conformity with those in the vicinity.

Additionally, the project proposes a lot coverage of 49 percent, which is below the maximum 60 percent lot coverage allowed per the LJSPDO – SF Zone.

The proposed development has been oriented to relate to adjacent homes, while enhancing community character with visually compatible architecture, form, style, and scale. The project's height, scale, design, and proposed building materials are consistent with the varied architecture, design, and character of the low density residential development in the surrounding area and in conformance with the LJCP/LCP residential policies related to density, bulk and scale, and materials. Furthermore, the project site is located less than 300 feet east of the Pacific Ocean and is not located between the sea and the First Public Roadway. The project site is not located with or adjacent to any public coastal access or public vantage points as identified in the LJCP/LCP Figure 9, Pages 35-36). Due to the location of the project site, the project will not encroach upon any existing physical way used by the public or any proposed access as identified in the LJCP/LCP.

The project is not requesting any deviations or variances from the applicable regulations and has been designed in conformance with all applicable development regulations set forth in the SDMC, and the LJCP/LCP land use plan. Therefore, based upon the above analysis, the proposed project will not adversely affect the applicable land use plan.

b. The proposed development will not be detrimental to the public health, safety, and welfare.

The project site is located at 8423 El Paseo Grande within the La Jolla Community Plan and Local Coastal Program Land Use Plan (LJCP/LCP) area. The project site is developed with a one-story 1,528 square-foot single dwelling unit and a detached garage within an established residential area. The project includes demolition of the existing single dwelling unit and detached garage, and construction of a new 3,528 square-foot two-story single dwelling unit with a 461 square-foot attached garage and 1,090 square-foot attached companion unit for a total Gross Floor Area of 5,079 square feet.

The project will not be detrimental to the public health, safety, and welfare. A condition of approval requires a geotechnical investigation report or update letter that specifically addresses the proposed construction plans. City staff has reviewed and accepted a preliminary geotechnical report prepared for the site project, which concludes the site's soil and geologic conditions have been adequately addressed.

The project permit also contains specific requirements to ensure compliance with the regulations of the Land Development Code, including those adopted to protect the public health, safety and welfare. Permit requirements include assuring by permit and bond the closure of the non-utilized portion of the existing driveway and installation of a new 12-foot wide City standard driveway adjacent to the site along El Paseo Grande; implementing construction best management practices (BMPs); and entering into an Encroachment Maintenance and Removal Agreement for the sidewalk underdrains, landscape and irrigation in the El Paseo Grande right of way. Therefore, the project will not be detrimental to the public health, safety, and welfare.

c. The proposed development will comply with the regulations of the Land Development Code including any allowable deviations pursuant to the Land Development Code.

The project site is located at 8423 El Paseo Grande within the La Jolla Community Plan and Local Coastal Program Land Use Plan (LJCP/LCP) area. The project site is

developed with a one-story 1,528 square-foot single dwelling unit and a detached garage within an established residential area. The project includes demolition of the existing single dwelling unit and detached garage, and construction of a new 3,528 square-foot two-story single dwelling unit with a 461 square-foot attached garage and 1,090 square-foot attached companion unit for a total of 5,079 square feet. The project site, which is located less than 300 feet east of the Pacific Ocean, is not located between the sea or the First Public Roadway or within a Visual Resources Corridor as identified in the LJCP/LCP. The project has been designed in conformance with all applicable development regulations of the San Diego Municipal Code, including the La Jolla Shores Planned District Ordinance – Single Family Zone and the Coastal Overlay Zone. The project conforms to the maximum 30-foot height limit and 60 percent coverage requirements.

LJSPDO requires all buildings and structure setbacks to be in general conformity with those in the vicinity. City staff has reviewed and accepted a survey from the Applicant which contains lot sizes, gross floor areas, floor area ratios, and setback dimensions for building structures within the vicinity of the project site. Front yard setbacks in the vicinity range from 1 feet 4 inches to 31 feet, side yard setbacks within the vicinity range from 1 feet 6 inches to 24 feet, rear yard setbacks within the vicinity range from 1 feet six inches to 30 feet, and floor area ratios within the vicinity range from 0.29 to 1.07.

The project proposes a north side yard setback to the main house that ranges from 4 to 6 feet with a 0-foot side setback adjacent to the attached companion unit, and south side yard setbacks ranging from 4 to 24 feet. The proposed development observes a front yard setback of 15 feet along the west property line, and a rear yard setback of 6 feet along the east property line. The floor area ratio for the proposed project is 0.97. Per San Diego Municipal Code Section 141.0302(a)(2)(D)(ii), new accessory dwelling unit structures may encroach into the required interior side yard and rear yard setbacks up to the property line to accommodate construction of the accessory dwelling unit. The project contains setbacks and a floor area ratio to be in general conformity with the Land Development Code and properties within in the vicinity.

The project does not require or request any deviations. Therefore, the proposed development will comply with the regulations of the Land Development Code.

The above findings are supported by the minutes, maps and exhibits, all of which are

incorporated herein by this reference.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that, based on the findings hereinbefore adopted by the Hearing

Officer, Coastal Development Permit No. 2424435 and Site Development Permit No. 2429037 is

hereby GRANTED by the Hearing Officer to the referenced Owner/Permittee, in the form, exhibits,

terms and conditions as set forth in Coastal Development Permit No. 2424435 and Site

Development Permit No. 2429037, a copy of which is attached hereto and made a part hereof.

Benjamin Hafertepe Development Project Manager Development Services

Adopted on: DATE OF APPROVAL

IO#: 24008591

RECORDING REQUESTED BY CITY OF SAN DIEGO DEVELOPMENT SERVICES PERMIT INTAKE, MAIL STATION 501

WHEN RECORDED MAIL TO PROJECT MANAGEMENT PERMIT CLERK MAIL STATION 501

INTERNAL ORDER NUMBER: 24008591

SPACE ABOVE THIS LINE FOR RECORDER'S USE

COASTAL DEVELOPMENT PERMIT NO. 2424435 SITE DEVELOPMENT PERMIT NO. 2429037 8423 EL PASEO GRANDE CDP/SDP PROJECT NO. 661815 [MMRP] HEARING OFFICER

This Coastal Development Permit No. 2424435 and Site Development Permit No. 2429037 is granted by the Hearing Officer of the City of San Diego to 8423 El Paseo Grande, LLC, Owner/Permittee, pursuant to San Diego Municipal Code [SDMC] section 126.0505 and 126.0708. The 0.12-acre site is located at 8423 El Paseo Grande in the La Jolla Shores Planned District Single Family Zone, Coastal Height Limitation Overlay Zone, Coastal (Appealable) Overlay Zone, Parking Impact Overlay Zone (Beach & Coastal Impact), Residential Tandem Parking Overlay Zone, and Geo Hazard 52 Zone within the La Jolla Community Plan area. The project site is legally described as: Lot 3 in Block 38 of La Jolla Shores Unit No. 6, in the City of San Diego, County of San Diego, State of California, according to Map thereof No. 2147, filed in the Office of the County Recorder of San Diego County, February 26, 1929.

Subject to the terms and conditions set forth in this Permit, permission is granted to Owner/Permittee to demolish and existing single dwelling and to construct a new single dwelling unit with an attached garage and attached companion unit described and identified by size, dimension, quantity, type, and location on the approved exhibits [Exhibit "A"] dated [INSERT Approval Date], on file in the Development Services Department.

The project shall include:

- a. Demolition of an existing 1,528 square-foot single dwelling unit and detached garage;
- b. Construction of a new 3,528 square-foot two-story single dwelling unit with a 461 square-foot attached garage;
- c. Construction of a new 1,090 square-foot attached companion unit;
- d. Off-street parking; and

e. Public and private accessory improvements determined by the Development Services Department to be consistent with the land use and development standards for this site in accordance with the adopted community plan, the California Environmental Quality Act [CEQA] and the CEQA Guidelines, the City Engineer's requirements, zoning regulations, conditions of this Permit, and any other applicable regulations of the SDMC.

STANDARD REQUIREMENTS:

1. This permit must be utilized within thirty-six (36) months after the date on which all rights of appeal have expired. If this permit is not utilized in accordance with Chapter 12, Article 6, Division 1 of the SDMC within the 36 month period, this permit shall be void unless an Extension of Time has been granted. Any such Extension of Time must meet all SDMC requirements and applicable guidelines in effect at the time the extension is considered by the appropriate decision maker. This permit must be utilized by [ENTER DATE typically 3 years, including the appeal time].

2. This Coastal Development Permit shall become effective on the eleventh working day following receipt by the California Coastal Commission of the Notice of Final Action, or following all appeals.

3. No permit for the construction, occupancy, or operation of any facility or improvement described herein shall be granted, nor shall any activity authorized by this Permit be conducted on the premises until:

- a. The Owner/Permittee signs and returns the Permit to the Development Services Department; and
- b. The Permit is recorded in the Office of the San Diego County Recorder.

4. While this Permit is in effect, the subject property shall be used only for the purposes and under the terms and conditions set forth in this Permit unless otherwise authorized by the appropriate City decision maker.

5. This Permit is a covenant running with the subject property and all of the requirements and conditions of this Permit and related documents shall be binding upon the Owner/Permittee and any successor(s) in interest.

6. The continued use of this Permit shall be subject to the regulations of this and any other applicable governmental agency.

7. Issuance of this Permit by the City of San Diego does not authorize the Owner/Permittee for this Permit to violate any Federal, State or City laws, ordinances, regulations or policies including, but not limited to, the Endangered Species Act of 1973 [ESA] and any amendments thereto (16 U.S.C. § 1531 et seq.).

8. The Owner/Permittee shall secure all necessary building permits. The Owner/Permittee is informed that to secure these permits, substantial building modifications and site improvements

may be required to comply with applicable building, fire, mechanical, and plumbing codes, and State and Federal disability access laws.

9. Construction plans shall be in substantial conformity to Exhibit "A." Changes, modifications, or alterations to the construction plans are prohibited unless appropriate application(s) or amendment(s) to this Permit have been granted.

10. All of the conditions contained in this Permit have been considered and were determined necessary to make the findings required for approval of this Permit. The Permit holder is required to comply with each and every condition in order to maintain the entitlements that are granted by this Permit.

If any condition of this Permit, on a legal challenge by the Owner/Permittee of this Permit, is found or held by a court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid, unenforceable, or unreasonable, this Permit shall be void. However, in such an event, the Owner/Permittee shall have the right, by paying applicable processing fees, to bring a request for a new permit without the "invalid" conditions(s) back to the discretionary body which approved the Permit for a determination by that body as to whether all of the findings necessary for the issuance of the proposed permit can still be made in the absence of the "invalid" condition(s). Such hearing shall be a hearing de novo, and the discretionary body shall have the absolute right to approve, disapprove, or modify the proposed permit and the condition(s) contained therein.

ENVIRONMENTAL/MITIGATION REQUIREMENTS:

11. Mitigation requirements in the Mitigation, Monitoring, and Reporting Program [MMRP] shall apply to this Permit. These MMRP conditions are hereby incorporated into this Permit by reference.

12. The mitigation measures specified in the MMRP and outlined in Mitigated Negative Declaration No. 661815 shall be noted on the construction plans and specifications under the heading ENVIRONMENTAL MITIGATION REQUIREMENTS.

13. The Owner/Permittee shall comply with the MMRP as specified in Mitigated Negative Declaration No. 661815 to the satisfaction of the Development Services Department and the City Engineer. Prior to issuance of any construction permit, all conditions of the MMRP shall be adhered to, to the satisfaction of the City Engineer. All mitigation measures described in the MMRP shall be implemented for the following issue areas:

Cultural Resources (Archaeology) Tribal Cultural Resources

CLIMATE ACTION PLAN REQUIREMENTS:

14. Owner/Permittee shall comply with the Climate Action Plan (CAP) Consistency Checklist stamped as Exhibit "A." Prior to issuance of any construction permit, all CAP strategies shall be noted within the first three (3) sheets of the construction plans under the heading "Climate Action Plan

Requirements" and shall be enforced and implemented to the satisfaction of the Development Services Department.

ENGINEERING REQUIREMENTS:

15. Prior to the issuance of any building permit, the Owner/Permittee shall assure by permit and bond the closure of the non-utilized portion of existing driveway with current city standard sidewalk/parkway, curb and gutter, adjacent to the site on El Paseo Grande, satisfactory to the City Engineer.

16. Prior to the issuance of any building permit, the Owner/Permittee shall assure by permit and bond, the construction of a new current city standard 12-foot wide driveway, adjacent to the site on El Paseo Grande, satisfactory to the City Engineer.

17. Prior to the issuance of any building permit, the Owner/Permittee shall obtain an Encroachment Maintenance Removal Agreement for the sidewalk underdrains, landscape and irrigation in the El Paseo Grande right of way, satisfactory to the City Engineer.

18. Prior to the issuance of any construction permit, the Owner/Permittee shall incorporate any construction Best Management Practices necessary to comply with Chapter 14, Article 2, Division 1 (Grading Regulations) of the SDMC, into the construction plans or specifications.

19. Prior to the issuance of any construction permit, the Owner/Permittee shall submit a Water Pollution Control Plan (WPCP). The WPCP shall be prepared in accordance with the guidelines in Part 2 Construction BMP Standards Chapter 4 of the City's Storm Water Standards.

LANDSCAPE REQUIREMENTS:

20. Prior to issuance of any construction permits, the Owner/Permittee shall submit to the Development Services Department for approval complete landscape and irrigation construction documents. Construction documents shall comply with the La Jolla Shores Planned District Ordinance, the La Jolla Community Plan, and the Land Development Manual - Landscape Standards. Unplanted areas, including those consisting of recreational areas, walks (areas used for access whether paved, mulched, stepping stone, or similar), and driveways may not count towards the minimum landscape area required by the LJSPDO.

21. The Owner/Permittee shall be responsible for the maintenance of all landscape improvements, including in the right-of-way, unless long-term maintenance of said landscaping will be the responsibility of a Landscape Maintenance District or other approved entity. All required landscape shall be maintained consistent with the Landscape Standards in a disease, weed, and litter free condition at all times. Severe pruning or "topping" of trees is not permitted.

22. If any required landscape (including existing or new plantings, hardscape, landscape features, etc.) indicated on the approved construction document plans is damaged or removed, it shall be repaired and/or replaced in kind and equivalent size per the approved documents to the satisfaction of the Development Services Department within 30 days of damage.

GEOLOGY REQUIREMENTS:

23. The Owner/Permittee shall submit a geotechnical investigation report or update letter that specifically addresses the proposed construction plans. The geotechnical investigation report or update letter shall be reviewed for adequacy by the Geology Section of the Development Services Department prior to issuance of any construction permits.

PLANNING/DESIGN REQUIREMENTS:

24. The automobile, motorcycle and bicycle parking spaces must be constructed in accordance with the requirements of the SDMC. All on-site parking stalls and aisle widths shall be in compliance with requirements of the City's Land Development Code and shall not be converted and/or utilized for any other purpose, unless otherwise authorized in writing authorized by the appropriate City decision maker in accordance with the SDMC.

25. A topographical survey conforming to the provisions of the SDMC may be required if it is determined, during construction, that there may be a conflict between the building(s) under construction and a condition of this Permit or a regulation of the underlying zone. The cost of any such survey shall be borne by the Owner/Permittee.

26. Pursuant to SDMC 126.0707 Conditions may be imposed by the decision maker when approving a Coastal Development Permit. Conditions may include a provision for public access, open space, or conservation easements or the relocation or redesign of proposed site improvements. In any subdivision or other land division, such conditions shall be imposed at the time of the subdivision or other land division, rather than through subsequent development permits.

27. All private outdoor lighting shall be shaded and adjusted to fall on the same premises where such lights are located and in accordance with the applicable regulations in the SDMC.

INFORMATION ONLY:

- The issuance of this discretionary permit alone does not allow the immediate commencement or continued operation of the proposed use on site. Any operation allowed by this discretionary permit may only begin or recommence after all conditions listed on this permit are fully completed and all required ministerial permits have been issued and received final inspection.
- Any party on whom fees, dedications, reservations, or other exactions have been imposed as conditions of approval of this Permit, may protest the imposition within ninety days of the approval of this development permit by filing a written protest with the City Clerk pursuant to California Government Code-section 66020.
- This development may be subject to impact fees at the time of construction permit issuance.

APPROVED by the Hearing Officer of the City of San Diego on [INSERT Approval Date] and [Approved Resolution Number].

Permit Type/PTS Approval No.: Coastal Development Permit No. 2424435 Site Development Permit No. 2429037 Date of Approval: XX

AUTHENTICATED BY THE CITY OF SAN DIEGO DEVELOPMENT SERVICES DEPARTMENT

Benjamin Hafertepe Development Project Manager

NOTE: Notary acknowledgment must be attached per Civil Code section 1189 et seq.

The undersigned Owner/Permittee, by execution hereof, agrees to each and every condition of this Permit and promises to perform each and every obligation of Owner/Permittee hereunder.

8423 El PASEO GRANDE, LLC Owner/Permittee

By_

Mark Richter

NOTE: Notary acknowledgments must be attached per Civil Code section 1189 et seq.

RESOLUTION NUMBER R-_____

ADOPTED ON _____

WHEREAS, on April 13, 2020, Nick Wilson submitted an application to the Development Services Department for a Coastal Development Permit and Site Development Permit for the 8423 El Paseo Grande (Project); and

WHEREAS, the matter was set for a public hearing to be conducted by the Hearing Officer of the City of San Diego; and

WHEREAS, the issue was heard by the Hearing Officer on February 10, 2021; and WHEREAS, the Hearing Officer considered the issues discussed in Mitigated Negative Declaration No. 661815 (Declaration) prepared for this Project; NOW THEREFORE,

BE IT RESOLVED, by the Hearing Officer that it is certified that the Declaration has been completed in compliance with the California Environmental Quality Act of 1970 (CEQA) (Public Resources Code Section 21000 et seq.), as amended, and the State CEQA Guidelines thereto (California Code of Regulations, Title 14, Chapter 3, Section 15000 et seq.), that the Declaration reflects the independent judgment of the City of San Diego as Lead Agency and that the information contained in said Declaration, together with any comments received during the public review process, has been reviewed and considered by the Hearing Officer in connection with the approval of the Project.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the Hearing Officer finds on the basis of the entire record that project revisions now mitigate potentially significant effects on the environment previously identified in the Initial Study, that there is no substantial evidence that the Project will have a significant effect on the environment, and therefore, that said Declaration is hereby adopted.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that pursuant to CEQA Section 21081.6, the Hearing Officer hereby adopts the Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program, or alterations to implement the changes to the Project as required by this Hearing Officer in order to mitigate or avoid significant effects on the environment, which is attached hereto as Exhibit A.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the Declaration and other documents constituting the record of proceedings upon which the approval is based are available to the public at the office of the Development Services Department, 1222 First Avenue, San Diego, CA 92101 or City Clerk, 202 C Street, San Diego, CA 92101.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that Development Services Department is directed to file a Notice of Determination with the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors for the County of San Diego regarding the Project.

By: [NAME], [DEPUTY CITY ATTORNEY or DEVELOPMENT PROJECT MANAGER]

ATTACHMENT(S): Exhibit A, Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program

EXHIBIT A

MITIGATION MONITORING AND REPORTING PROGRAM

Coastal Development Permit No. 2424435 Site Development Permit No. 2429037

PROJECT NO. 661815

This Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program is designed to ensure compliance with Public Resources Code Section 21081.6 during implementation of mitigation measures. This program identifies at a minimum: the department responsible for the monitoring, what is to be monitored, how the monitoring shall be accomplished, the monitoring and reporting schedule, and completion requirements. A record of the Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program will be maintained at the offices of the Entitlements Division, 1222 First Avenue, Fifth Floor, San Diego, CA, 92101. All mitigation measures contained in the Mitigated Negative Declaration No. 661815 shall be made conditions of Coastal Development Permit No. 2424435 and Site Development Permit No. 2429037 as may be further described below.

V. MITIGATION, MONITORING AND REPORTING PROGRAM:

A. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS – PART I

Plan Check Phase (prior to permit issuance)

1. Prior to the issuance of a Notice To Proceed (NTP) for a subdivision, or any construction permits, such as Demolition, Grading or Building, or beginning any construction related activity on-site, the Development Services Department (DSD) Director's Environmental Designee (ED) shall review and approve all Construction Documents (CD), (plans, specification, details, etc.) to ensure the MMRP requirements are incorporated into the design.

- 2. In addition, the ED shall verify that <u>the MMRP Conditions/Notes that apply ONLY to the</u> <u>construction phases of this project are included VERBATIM</u>, under the heading, "ENVIRONMENTAL/MITIGATION REQUIREMENTS."
- 3. These notes must be shown within the first three (3) sheets of the construction documents in the format specified for engineering construction document templates as shown on the City website:

https://www.sandiego.gov/development-services/forms-publications/design-guidelines-templates

- 4. The **TITLE INDEX SHEET** must also show on which pages the "Environmental/Mitigation Requirements" notes are provided.
- 5. **SURETY AND COST RECOVERY –** The Development Services Director or City Manager may require appropriate surety instruments or bonds from private Permit Holders to ensure the long-term performance or implementation of required mitigation measures or

programs. The City is authorized to recover its cost to offset the salary, overhead, and expenses for City personnel and programs to monitor qualifying projects.

B. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS – PART II Post Plan Check (After permit issuance/Prior to start of construction)

 PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING IS REQUIRED TEN (10) WORKING DAYS PRIOR TO BEGINNING ANY WORK ON THIS PROJECT. The PERMIT HOLDER/OWNER is responsible to arrange and perform this meeting by contacting the CITY RESIDENT ENGINEER (RE) of the Field Engineering Division and City staff from MITIGATION MONITORING COORDINATION (MMC). Attendees must also include the Permit holder's Representative(s), Job Site Superintendent and the following consultants:

Qualified Archaeologist Qualified Native American Monitor

Note: Failure of all responsible Permit Holder's representatives and consultants to attend shall require an additional meeting with all parties present.

CONTACT INFORMATION:

- a) The PRIMARY POINT OF CONTACT is the **RE** at the **Field Engineering Division 858-**627-3200
- b) For Clarification of ENVIRONMENTAL REQUIREMENTS, it is also required to call **RE and MMC at 858-627-3360**
- 2. MMRP COMPLIANCE: This Project, Project Tracking System (PTS) #661815 and /or Environmental Document #661815, shall conform to the mitigation requirements contained in the associated Environmental Document and implemented to the satisfaction of the DSD's Environmental Designee (MMC) and the City Engineer (RE). The requirements may not be reduced or changed but may be annotated (i.e. to explain when and how compliance is being met and location of verifying proof, etc.). Additional clarifying information may also be added to other relevant plan sheets and/or specifications as appropriate (i.e., specific locations, times of monitoring, methodology, etc.

Note: Permit Holder's Representatives must alert RE and MMC if there are any discrepancies in the plans or notes, or any changes due to field conditions. All conflicts must be approved by RE and MMC BEFORE the work is performed.

3. OTHER AGENCY REQUIREMENTS: Evidence of compliance with all other agency requirements or permits shall be submitted to the RE and MMC for review and acceptance prior to the beginning of work or within one week of the Permit Holder obtaining documentation of those permits or requirements. Evidence shall include copies of permits, letters of resolution or other documentation issued by the responsible agency.

None Required

4. MONITORING EXHIBITS

All consultants are required to submit, to RE and MMC, a monitoring exhibit on a 11x17 reduction of the appropriate construction plan, such as site plan, grading, landscape, etc., marked to clearly show the specific areas including the LIMIT OF WORK, scope of that discipline's work, and notes indicating when in the construction schedule that work will be performed. When necessary for clarification, a detailed methodology of how the work will be performed shall be included.

NOTE: Surety and Cost Recovery – When deemed necessary by the Development Services Director or City Manager, additional surety instruments or bonds from the private Permit Holder may be required to ensure the long-term performance or implementation of required mitigation measures or programs. The City is authorized to recover its cost to offset the salary, overhead, and expenses for City personnel and programs to monitor qualifying projects.

5. OTHER SUBMITTALS AND INSPECTIONS:

The Permit Holder/Owner's representative shall submit all required documentation, verification letters, and requests for all associated inspections to the RE and MMC for approval per the following schedule:

Document Submittal/Inspection Checklist			
Issue Area	Document Submittal	Associated Inspection/Approvals/	
		Notes	
General	Consultant Qualification	Prior to Preconstruction Meeting	
	Letters		
General	Consultant Construction	Prior to Preconstruction Meeting	
	Monitoring Exhibits		
Cultural Resources	Monitoring Report(s)	Archaeology/Historic Site Observation	
(Archaeology)			
Bond Release	Request for Bond Release	Final MMRP Inspections Prior to Bond	
	Letter	Release Letter	

C. SPECIFIC MMRP ISSUE AREA CONDITIONS/REQUIREMENTS

HISTORICAL RESOURCES ARCHAEOLOGICAL and NATIVE AMERICAN MONITORING

I. Prior to Permit Issuance or Bid Opening/Bid Award

- A. Entitlements Plan Check
 - 1. Prior to permit issuance or Bid Opening/Bid Award, whichever is applicable, the Assistant Deputy Director (ADD) Environmental designee shall verify that the

requirements for Archaeological Monitoring and Native American monitoring have been noted on the applicable construction documents through the plan check process.

- B. Letters of Qualification have been submitted to ADD
 - 1. Prior to Bid Award, the applicant shall submit a letter of verification to Mitigation Monitoring Coordination (MMC) identifying the Principal Investigator (PI) for the project and the names of all persons involved in the archaeological monitoring program, as defined in the City of San Diego Historical Resources Guidelines (HRG). If applicable, individuals involved in the archaeological monitoring program must have completed the 40-hour HAZWOPER training with certification documentation.
 - 2. MMC will provide a letter to the applicant confirming the qualifications of the PI and all persons involved in the archaeological monitoring of the project meet the qualifications established in the HRG.
 - 3. Prior to the start of work, the applicant must obtain written approval from MMC for any personnel changes associated with the monitoring program.

II. Prior to Start of Construction

- A. Verification of Records Search
 - 1. The PI shall provide verification to MMC that a site-specific records search (1/4-mile radius) has been completed. Verification includes but is not limited to a copy of a confirmation letter from South Coastal Information Center, or, if the search was inhouse, a letter of verification from the PI stating that the search was completed.
 - 2. The letter shall introduce any pertinent information concerning expectations and probabilities of discovery during trenching and/or grading activities.
 - 3. The PI may submit a detailed letter to MMC requesting a reduction to the ¼ mile radius.
- B. PI Shall Attend Precon Meetings
 - Prior to beginning any work that requires monitoring; the Applicant shall arrange a Precon Meeting that shall include the PI, Native American consultant/monitor (where Native American resources may be impacted), Construction Manager (CM) and/or Grading Contractor, Resident Engineer (RE), Building Inspector (BI), if appropriate, and MMC. The qualified Archaeologist and Native American Monitor shall attend any grading/excavation related Precon Meetings to make comments and/or suggestions concerning the Archaeological Monitoring program with the Construction Manager and/or Grading Contractor.
 - a. If the PI is unable to attend the Precon Meeting, the Applicant shall schedule a focused Precon Meeting with MMC, the PI, RE, CM or BI, if appropriate, prior to the start of any work that requires monitoring.
 - 2. Acknowledgement of Responsibility for Curation (CIP or Other Public Projects) The applicant shall submit a letter to MMC acknowledging their responsibility for the cost of curation associated with all phases of the archaeological monitoring program.
 - 3. Identify Areas to be Monitored
 - Prior to the start of any work that requires monitoring, the PI shall submit an Archaeological Monitoring Exhibit (AME) (with verification that the AME has been reviewed and approved by the Native American consultant/monitor when Native American resources may be impacted) based on the appropriate construction documents (reduced to 11x17) to MMC identifying the areas to be monitored

including the delineation of grading/excavation limits.

- The AME shall be based on the results of a site-specific records search as well as information regarding the age of existing pipelines, laterals and associated appurtenances and/or any known soil conditions (native or formation). MMC shall notify the PI that the AME has been approved.
- 4. When Monitoring Will Occur
 - a. Prior to the start of any work, the PI shall also submit a construction schedule to MMC through the RE indicating when and where monitoring will occur.
 - b. The PI may submit a detailed letter to MMC prior to the start of work or during construction requesting a modification to the monitoring program. This request shall be based on relevant information such as review of final construction documents which indicate conditions such as age of existing pipe to be replaced, depth of excavation and/or site graded to bedrock, etc., which may reduce or increase the potential for resources to be present.
- 5. Approval of AME and Construction Schedule After approval of the AME by MMC, the PI shall submit to MMC written authorization of the AME and Construction Schedule from the CM.

III. During Construction

- A. Monitor Shall be Present During Grading/Excavation/Trenching
 - The Archaeological Monitor shall be present full-time during all soil disturbing and grading/excavation/trenching activities which could result in impacts to archaeological resources as identified on the AME. The Construction Manager is responsible for notifying the RE, PI, and MMC of changes to any construction activities such as in the case of a potential safety concern within the area being monitored. In certain circumstances OSHA safety requirements may necessitate modification of the AME.
 - The Native American consultant/monitor shall determine the extent of their presence during soil disturbing and grading/excavation/trenching activities based on the AME and provide that information to the PI and MMC. If prehistoric resources are encountered during the Native American consultant/monitor's absence, work shall stop and the Discovery Notification Process detailed in Section III.B-C and IV.A-D shall commence.
 - 3. The PI may submit a detailed letter to MMC during construction requesting a modification to the monitoring program when a field condition such as modern disturbance post-dating the previous grading/trenching activities, presence of fossil formations, or when native soils are encountered that may reduce or increase the potential for resources to be present.
 - 4. The archaeological and Native American consultant/monitor shall document field activity via the Consultant Site Visit Record (CSVR). The CSVR's shall be faxed by the CM to the RE the first day of monitoring, the last day of monitoring, monthly (Notification of Monitoring Completion), and in the case of ANY discoveries. The RE shall forward copies to MMC.
- B. Discovery Notification Process
 - 1. In the event of a discovery, the Archaeological Monitor shall direct the contractor to temporarily divert all soil disturbing activities, including but not limited to digging, trenching, excavating or grading activities in the area of discovery and in the area

reasonably suspected to overlay adjacent resources and immediately notify the RE or Bl, as appropriate.

- 2. The Monitor shall immediately notify the PI (unless Monitor is the PI) of the discovery.
- 3. The PI shall immediately notify MMC by phone of the discovery and shall also submit written documentation to MMC within 24 hours by fax or email with photos of the resource in context, if possible.
- 4. No soil shall be exported off-site until a determination can be made regarding the significance of the resource specifically if Native American resources are encountered.
- C. Determination of Significance
 - 1. The PI and Native American consultant/monitor, where Native American resources are discovered shall evaluate the significance of the resource. If Human Remains are involved, follow protocol in Section IV below.
 - a. The PI shall immediately notify MMC by phone to discuss significance determination and shall also submit a letter to MMC indicating whether additional mitigation is required.
 - b. If the resource is significant, the PI shall submit an Archaeological Data Recovery Program (ADRP) and obtain written approval of the program from MMC, CM and RE. ADRP and any mitigation must be approved by MMC, RE and/or CM before ground disturbing activities in the area of discovery will be allowed to resume.
 Note: If a unique archaeological site is also an historical resource as defined in CEQA Section 15064.5, then the limits on the amount(s) that a project applicant may be required to pay to cover mitigation costs as indicated in CEQA Section 21083.2 shall not apply.
 - (1). Note: For pipeline trenching and other linear projects in the public Right-of-Way, the PI shall implement the Discovery Process for Pipeline Trenching projects identified below under "D."
 - c. If the resource is not significant, the PI shall submit a letter to MMC indicating that artifacts will be collected, curated, and documented in the Final Monitoring Report. The letter shall also indicate that that no further work is required.
 - (1). Note: For Pipeline Trenching and other linear projects in the public Rightof-Way, if the deposit is limited in size, both in length and depth; the information value is limited and is not associated with any other resource; and there are no unique features/artifacts associated with the deposit, the discovery should be considered not significant.
 - (2). Note, for Pipeline Trenching and other linear projects in the public Right-of-Way, if significance cannot be determined, the Final Monitoring Report and Site Record (DPR Form 523A/B) shall identify the discovery as Potentially Significant.
- D. Discovery Process for Significant Resources Pipeline Trenching and other Linear Projects in the Public Right-of-Way

The following procedure constitutes adequate mitigation of a significant discovery encountered during pipeline trenching activities or for other linear project types within the Public Right-of-Way including but not limited to excavation for jacking pits, receiving pits, laterals, and manholes_to reduce impacts to below a level of significance:

1. Procedures for documentation, curation and reporting

- a. One hundred percent of the artifacts within the trench alignment and width shall be documented in-situ, to include photographic records, plan view of the trench and profiles of side walls, recovered, photographed after cleaning and analyzed and curated. The remainder of the deposit within the limits of excavation (trench walls) shall be left intact.
- b. The PI shall prepare a Draft Monitoring Report and submit to MMC via the RE as indicated in Section VI-A.
- c. The PI shall be responsible for recording (on the appropriate State of California Department of Park and Recreation forms-DPR 523 A/B) the resource(s) encountered during the Archaeological Monitoring Program in accordance with the City's Historical Resources Guidelines. The DPR forms shall be submitted to the South Coastal Information Center for either a Primary Record or SDI Number and included in the Final Monitoring Report.
- d. The Final Monitoring Report shall include a recommendation for monitoring of any future work in the vicinity of the resource.

IV. Discovery of Human Remains

If human remains are discovered, work shall halt in that area and no soil shall be exported off-site until a determination can be made regarding the provenance of the human remains; and the following procedures as set forth in CEQA Section 15064.5(e), the California Public Resources Code (Sec. 5097.98) and State Health and Safety Code (Sec. 7050.5) shall be undertaken:

- A. Notification
 - 1. Archaeological Monitor shall notify the RE or BI as appropriate, MMC, and the PI, if the Monitor is not qualified as a PI. MMC will notify the appropriate Senior Planner in the Environmental Analysis Section (EAS) of the Development Services Department to assist with the discovery notification process.
 - 2. The PI shall notify the Medical Examiner after consultation with the RE, either in person or via telephone.
- B. Isolate discovery site
 - 1. Work shall be directed away from the location of the discovery and any nearby area reasonably suspected to overlay adjacent human remains until a determination can be made by the Medical Examiner in consultation with the PI concerning the provenience of the remains.
 - 2. The Medical Examiner, in consultation with the PI, will determine the need for a field examination to determine the provenience.
 - 3. If a field examination is not warranted, the Medical Examiner will determine with input from the PI, if the remains are or are most likely to be of Native American origin.
- C. If Human Remains **ARE** determined to be Native American
 - 1. The Medical Examiner will notify the Native American Heritage Commission (NAHC) within 24 hours. By law, **ONLY** the Medical Examiner can make this call.
 - 2. NAHC will immediately identify the person or persons determined to be the Most Likely Descendent (MLD) and provide contact information.

- 3. The MLD will contact the PI within 24 hours or sooner after the Medical Examiner has completed coordination, to begin the consultation process in accordance with CEQA Section 15064.5(e), the California Public Resources and Health & Safety Codes.
- 4. The MLD will have 48 hours to make recommendations to the property owner or representative, for the treatment or disposition with proper dignity, of the human remains and associated grave goods.
- 5. Disposition of Native American Human Remains will be determined between the MLD and the PI, and, if:
 - a. The NAHC is unable to identify the MLD, OR the MLD failed to make a recommendation within 48 hours after being granted access to the site, OR;
 - b. The landowner or authorized representative rejects the recommendation of the MLD and mediation in accordance with PRC 5097.94 (k) by the NAHC fails to provide measures acceptable to the landowner, the landowner shall reinter the human remains, and items associated with Native American human remains with appropriate dignity on the property in a location not subject to further and future subsurface disturbance, THEN
 - c. To protect these sites, the landowner shall do one or more of the following:
 - (1) Record the site with the NAHC;
 - (2) Record an open space or conservation easement; or

(3) Record a document with the County. The document shall be titled "Notice of Reinternment of Native American Remains" and shall include a legal description of the property, the name of the property owner, and the owner's acknowledged signature, in addition to any other information required by PRC 5097.98. The document shall be indexed as a notice under the name of the owner.

- d. Upon the discovery of multiple Native American human remains during a ground disturbing land development activity, the landowner may agree that additional conferral with descendants is necessary to consider culturally appropriate treatment of multiple Native American human remains. Culturally appropriate treatment of such a discovery may be ascertained from review of the site utilizing cultural and archaeological standards. Where the parties are unable to agree on the appropriate treatment measures the human remains and items associated and buried with Native American human remains shall be reinterred with appropriate dignity, pursuant to Section 5.c., above.
- D. If Human Remains are **NOT** Native American
 - 1. The PI shall contact the Medical Examiner and notify them of the historic era context of the burial.
 - 2. The Medical Examiner will determine the appropriate course of action with the PI and City staff (PRC 5097.98).
 - 3. If the remains are of historic origin, they shall be appropriately removed and conveyed to the San Diego Museum of Man for analysis. The decision for internment of the human remains shall be made in consultation with MMC, EAS, the applicant/landowner, any known descendant group, and the San Diego Museum of Man.

V. Night and/or Weekend Work

- A. If night and/or weekend work is included in the contract
 - 1. When night and/or weekend work is included in the contract package, the extent and timing shall be presented and discussed at the precon meeting.

- 2. The following procedures shall be followed.
 - a. No Discoveries

In the event that no discoveries were encountered during night and/or weekend work, the PI shall record the information on the CSVR and submit to MMC via fax by 8AM of the next business day.

b. Discoveries

All discoveries shall be processed and documented using the existing procedures detailed in Sections III - During Construction, and IV – Discovery of Human Remains. Discovery of human remains shall always be treated as a significant discovery.

- c. Potentially Significant Discoveries If the PI determines that a potentially significant discovery has been made, the procedures detailed under Section III - During Construction and IV-Discovery of Human Remains shall be followed.
- d. The PI shall immediately contact the RE and MMC, or by 8AM of the next business day to report and discuss the findings as indicated in Section III-B, unless other specific arrangements have been made.
- B. If night and/or weekend work becomes necessary during the course of construction
 - 1. The Construction Manager shall notify the RE, or BI, as appropriate, a minimum of 24 hours before the work is to begin.
 - 2. The RE, or BI, as appropriate, shall notify MMC immediately.
- C. All other procedures described above shall apply, as appropriate.

VI. Post Construction

A. Submittal of Draft Monitoring Report

- 1. The PI shall submit two copies of the Draft Monitoring Report (even if negative), prepared in accordance with the Historical Resources Guidelines (Appendix C/D) which describes the results, analysis, and conclusions of all phases of the Archaeological Monitoring Program (with appropriate graphics) to MMC via the RE for review and approval within 90 days following the completion of monitoring. It should be noted that if the PI is unable to submit the Draft Monitoring Report within the allotted 90-day timeframe as a result of delays with analysis, special study results or other complex issues, a schedule shall be submitted to MMC establishing agreed due dates and the provision for submittal of monthly status reports until this measure can be met.
 - a. For significant archaeological resources encountered during monitoring, the Archaeological Data Recovery Program or Pipeline Trenching Discovery Process shall be included in the Draft Monitoring Report.
 - b. Recording Sites with State of California Department of Parks and Recreation The PI shall be responsible for recording (on the appropriate State of California Department of Park and Recreation forms-DPR 523 A/B) any significant or potentially significant resources encountered during the Archaeological Monitoring Program in accordance with the City's Historical Resources Guidelines, and submittal of such forms to the South Coastal Information Center with the Final Monitoring Report.
- 2. MMC shall return the Draft Monitoring Report to the PI via the RE for revision or, for preparation of the Final Report.
- 3. The PI shall submit revised Draft Monitoring Report to MMC via the RE for approval.
- 4. MMC shall provide written verification to the PI of the approved report.
- 5. MMC shall notify the RE or BI, as appropriate, of receipt of all Draft Monitoring Report submittals and approvals.
- B. Handling of Artifacts
 - 1. The PI shall be responsible for ensuring that all cultural remains collected are cleaned and catalogued
 - 2. The PI shall be responsible for ensuring that all artifacts are analyzed to identify function and chronology as they relate to the history of the area; that faunal material is identified as to species; and that specialty studies are completed, as appropriate.
- C. Curation of artifacts: Accession Agreement and Acceptance Verification
 - 1. The PI shall be responsible for ensuring that all artifacts associated with the survey, testing and/or data recovery for this project are permanently curated with an appropriate institution. This shall be completed in consultation with MMC and the Native American representative, as applicable.
 - When applicable to the situation, the PI shall include written verification from the Native American consultant/monitor indicating that Native American resources were treated in accordance with state law and/or applicable agreements. If the resources were reinterred, verification shall be provided to show what protective measures were taken to ensure no further disturbance occurs in accordance with Section IV – Discovery of Human Remains, Subsection C.
 - 3. The PI shall submit the Accession Agreement and catalogue record(s) to the RE or BI, as appropriate for donor signature with a copy submitted to MMC.
 - 4. The RE or BI, as appropriate shall obtain signature on the Accession Agreement and shall return to PI with copy submitted to MMC.
 - 5. The PI shall include the Acceptance Verification from the curation institution in the Final Monitoring Report submitted to the RE or BI and MMC.
- D. Final Monitoring Report(s)
 - 1. The PI shall submit one copy of the approved Final Monitoring Report to the RE or BI as appropriate, and one copy to MMC (even if negative), within 90 days after notification from MMC of the approved report.

The above mitigation monitoring and reporting program will require additional fees and/or deposits to be collected prior to the issuance of building permits, certificates of occupancy and/or final maps to ensure the successful completion of the monitoring program.



MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION

THE CITY OF SAN DIEGO

Project No. 661815 SCH No. 2020100370

SUBJECT: 8423 El Paseo Grande CDP SDP: The project requests a Coastal Development Permit (CDP) and Site Development Permit (SDP) to demolish an existing 1,528 square-foot single-family residence, and to construct a new 3,989 square-foot two-story singlefamily residence with a new attached 1,090 square-foot companion unit located at 8423 El Paseo Grande. The 0.12-acre site is designated Low Density Residential (5-9 du/ac) and is subject to the La Jolla Shores Planned District Single-Family Zone (LJSPD-SF) pursuant to the La Jolla Community Plan area. The project is also subject to the Coastal (Appealable) Overlay Zone, Coastal Height Limit Overlay Zone, Parking Impact Overlay Zone (Beach & Coastal Impact), Residential Tandem Parking Overlay Zone, and Council District 1. (LEGAL DESCRIPTION: Lot 3, Block 38, Map No. 2147 of La Jolla Shores Subdivision)

Update January 12, 2021

Minor revisions have been made to the draft Mitigated Negative Declaration (MND). Revisions to the language would appear in strikeout and <u>underline</u> format. An item in the "Document Submittal/Inspection Checklist" table, in Section V (B) of the MMRP, not related to this project was removed. The update to the language in the MMRP would not result in any changes to the environmental impacts associated with the project. As such, no recirculation of the MND is required. In accordance with the California Environmental Quality Act, Section 15073.5 (c)(4), the addition of new information that clarifies, amplifies, or makes insignificant modification does not require recirculation as there are no new impacts and no new mitigation identified. An environmental document need only be recirculated where there is identification of new significant environmental impact or the addition or a new mitigation measure required to avoid a significant environmental impact.

I. PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

See attached Initial Study.

II. ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING:

See attached Initial Study.

III. DETERMINATION:

The City of San Diego conducted an Initial Study which determined that the proposed project could have a significant environmental effect in the following areas(s): **CULTURAL RESOURCES (ARCHAEOLOGY), TRIBAL CULTURAL RESOURCES**. Subsequent revisions in the project proposal create the specific mitigation identified in Section V of this Mitigated Negative Declaration. The project as revised now avoids or mitigates the potentially significant environmental effects previously identified, and the preparation of an Environmental Impact Report will not be required.

IV. DOCUMENTATION:

The attached Initial Study documents the reasons to support the above Determination.V. MITIGATION, MONITORING AND REPORTING PROGRAM:

A. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS – PART I

Plan Check Phase (prior to permit issuance)

1. Prior to the issuance of a Notice To Proceed (NTP) for a subdivision, or any construction permits, such as Demolition, Grading or Building, or beginning any construction related activity on-site, the Development Services Department (DSD) Director's Environmental Designee (ED) shall review and approve all Construction Documents (CD), (plans, specification, details, etc.) to ensure the MMRP requirements are incorporated into the design.

- In addition, the ED shall verify that <u>the MMRP Conditions/Notes that apply ONLY to the</u> <u>construction phases of this project are included VERBATIM</u>, under the heading, "ENVIRONMENTAL/MITIGATION REQUIREMENTS."
- 3. These notes must be shown within the first three (3) sheets of the construction documents in the format specified for engineering construction document templates as shown on the City website:

https://www.sandiego.gov/development-services/forms-publications/design-guidelinestemplates

- 4. The **TITLE INDEX SHEET** must also show on which pages the "Environmental/Mitigation Requirements" notes are provided.
- 5. SURETY AND COST RECOVERY The Development Services Director or City Manager may require appropriate surety instruments or bonds from private Permit Holders to ensure the long-term performance or implementation of required mitigation measures or programs. The City is authorized to recover its cost to offset the salary, overhead, and expenses for City personnel and programs to monitor qualifying projects.

B. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS – PART II Post Plan Check (After permit issuance/Prior to start of construction)

 PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING IS REQUIRED TEN (10) WORKING DAYS PRIOR TO BEGINNING ANY WORK ON THIS PROJECT. The PERMIT HOLDER/OWNER is responsible to arrange and perform this meeting by contacting the CITY RESIDENT ENGINEER (RE) of the Field Engineering Division and City staff from MITIGATION MONITORING COORDINATION (MMC). Attendees must also include the Permit holder's Representative(s), Job Site Superintendent and the following consultants:

Qualified Archaeologist Qualified Native American Monitor

Note: Failure of all responsible Permit Holder's representatives and consultants to attend shall require an additional meeting with all parties present.

CONTACT INFORMATION:

- a) The PRIMARY POINT OF CONTACT is the RE at the Field Engineering Division 858-627-3200
- b) For Clarification of ENVIRONMENTAL REQUIREMENTS, it is also required to call RE and MMC at 858-627-3360
- 2. MMRP COMPLIANCE: This Project, Project Tracking System (PTS) #661815 and /or Environmental Document #661815, shall conform to the mitigation requirements contained in the associated Environmental Document and implemented to the satisfaction of the DSD's Environmental Designee (MMC) and the City Engineer (RE). The requirements may not be reduced or changed but may be annotated (i.e. to explain when and how compliance is being met and location of verifying proof, etc.). Additional clarifying information may also be added to other relevant plan sheets and/or specifications as appropriate (i.e., specific locations, times of monitoring, methodology, etc.

Note: Permit Holder's Representatives must alert RE and MMC if there are any discrepancies in the plans or notes, or any changes due to field conditions. All conflicts must be approved by RE and MMC BEFORE the work is performed.

3. OTHER AGENCY REQUIREMENTS: Evidence of compliance with all other agency requirements or permits shall be submitted to the RE and MMC for review and acceptance prior to the beginning of work or within one week of the Permit Holder obtaining documentation of those permits or requirements. Evidence shall include copies of permits, letters of resolution or other documentation issued by the responsible agency.

None Required

4. MONITORING EXHIBITS

All consultants are required to submit, to RE and MMC, a monitoring exhibit on a 11x17 reduction of the appropriate construction plan, such as site plan, grading, landscape, etc., marked to clearly show the specific areas including the LIMIT OF WORK, scope of that discipline's work, and notes indicating when in the construction schedule that work will be

performed. When necessary for clarification, a detailed methodology of how the work will be performed shall be included.

NOTE: Surety and Cost Recovery – When deemed necessary by the Development Services Director or City Manager, additional surety instruments or bonds from the private Permit Holder may be required to ensure the long-term performance or implementation of required mitigation measures or programs. The City is authorized to recover its cost to offset the salary, overhead, and expenses for City personnel and programs to monitor qualifying projects.

5. OTHER SUBMITTALS AND INSPECTIONS:

The Permit Holder/Owner's representative shall submit all required documentation, verification letters, and requests for all associated inspections to the RE and MMC for approval per the following schedule:

Document Submitta	al/Inspection Checklist			
Issue Area	Document Submittal	Associated Inspection/Approvals/ Notes		
General	Consultant Qualification Letters	Prior to Preconstruction Meeting		
General	Consultant Construction Monitoring Exhibits	Prior to Preconstruction Meeting		
Biology	Biologist Limit of Work Verification	Limit of Work Inspection		
Cultural Resources (Archaeology)	Monitoring Report(s)	Archaeology/Historic Site Observation		
Bond Release	Request for Bond Release Letter	Final MMRP Inspections Prior to Bond Release Letter		

C. SPECIFIC MMRP ISSUE AREA CONDITIONS/REQUIREMENTS

HISTORICAL RESOURCES ARCHAEOLOGICAL and NATIVE AMERICAN MONITORING

I. Prior to Permit Issuance or Bid Opening/Bid Award

- A. Entitlements Plan Check
 - Prior to permit issuance or Bid Opening/Bid Award, whichever is applicable, the Assistant Deputy Director (ADD) Environmental designee shall verify that the requirements for Archaeological Monitoring and Native American monitoring have been noted on the applicable construction documents through the plan check process.
- B. Letters of Qualification have been submitted to ADD
 - 1. Prior to Bid Award, the applicant shall submit a letter of verification to Mitigation Monitoring Coordination (MMC) identifying the Principal Investigator (PI) for the project and the names of all persons involved in the archaeological monitoring

program, as defined in the City of San Diego Historical Resources Guidelines (HRG). If applicable, individuals involved in the archaeological monitoring program must have completed the 40-hour HAZWOPER training with certification documentation.

- 2. MMC will provide a letter to the applicant confirming the qualifications of the PI and all persons involved in the archaeological monitoring of the project meet the qualifications established in the HRG.
- 3. Prior to the start of work, the applicant must obtain written approval from MMC for any personnel changes associated with the monitoring program.

II. Prior to Start of Construction

- A. Verification of Records Search
 - The PI shall provide verification to MMC that a site-specific records search (1/4-mile radius) has been completed. Verification includes but is not limited to a copy of a confirmation letter from South Coastal Information Center, or, if the search was inhouse, a letter of verification from the PI stating that the search was completed.
 - 2. The letter shall introduce any pertinent information concerning expectations and probabilities of discovery during trenching and/or grading activities.
 - 3. The PI may submit a detailed letter to MMC requesting a reduction to the ¼ mile radius.
- B. PI Shall Attend Precon Meetings
 - Prior to beginning any work that requires monitoring; the Applicant shall arrange a Precon Meeting that shall include the PI, Native American consultant/monitor (where Native American resources may be impacted), Construction Manager (CM) and/or Grading Contractor, Resident Engineer (RE), Building Inspector (BI), if appropriate, and MMC. The qualified Archaeologist and Native American Monitor shall attend any grading/excavation related Precon Meetings to make comments and/or suggestions concerning the Archaeological Monitoring program with the Construction Manager and/or Grading Contractor.
 - a. If the PI is unable to attend the Precon Meeting, the Applicant shall schedule a focused Precon Meeting with MMC, the PI, RE, CM or BI, if appropriate, prior to the start of any work that requires monitoring.
 - 2. Acknowledgement of Responsibility for Curation (CIP or Other Public Projects) The applicant shall submit a letter to MMC acknowledging their responsibility for the cost of curation associated with all phases of the archaeological monitoring program.
 - 3. Identify Areas to be Monitored
 - Prior to the start of any work that requires monitoring, the PI shall submit an Archaeological Monitoring Exhibit (AME) (with verification that the AME has been reviewed and approved by the Native American consultant/monitor when Native American resources may be impacted) based on the appropriate construction documents (reduced to 11x17) to MMC identifying the areas to be monitored including the delineation of grading/excavation limits.
 - The AME shall be based on the results of a site-specific records search as well as information regarding the age of existing pipelines, laterals and associated appurtenances and/or any known soil conditions (native or formation).
 - MMC shall notify the PI that the AME has been approved.
 - 4. When Monitoring Will Occur

- a. Prior to the start of any work, the PI shall also submit a construction schedule to MMC through the RE indicating when and where monitoring will occur.
- b. The PI may submit a detailed letter to MMC prior to the start of work or during construction requesting a modification to the monitoring program. This request shall be based on relevant information such as review of final construction documents which indicate conditions such as age of existing pipe to be replaced, depth of excavation and/or site graded to bedrock, etc., which may reduce or increase the potential for resources to be present.
- Approval of AME and Construction Schedule After approval of the AME by MMC, the PI shall submit to MMC written authorization of the AME and Construction Schedule from the CM.

III. During Construction

- A. Monitor Shall be Present During Grading/Excavation/Trenching
 - The Archaeological Monitor shall be present full-time during all soil disturbing and grading/excavation/trenching activities which could result in impacts to archaeological resources as identified on the AME. The Construction Manager is responsible for notifying the RE, PI, and MMC of changes to any construction activities such as in the case of a potential safety concern within the area being monitored. In certain circumstances OSHA safety requirements may necessitate modification of the AME.
 - The Native American consultant/monitor shall determine the extent of their presence during soil disturbing and grading/excavation/trenching activities based on the AME and provide that information to the PI and MMC. If prehistoric resources are encountered during the Native American consultant/monitor's absence, work shall stop and the Discovery Notification Process detailed in Section III.B-C and IV.A-D shall commence.
 - 3. The PI may submit a detailed letter to MMC during construction requesting a modification to the monitoring program when a field condition such as modern disturbance post-dating the previous grading/trenching activities, presence of fossil formations, or when native soils are encountered that may reduce or increase the potential for resources to be present.
 - 4. The archaeological and Native American consultant/monitor shall document field activity via the Consultant Site Visit Record (CSVR). The CSVR's shall be faxed by the CM to the RE the first day of monitoring, the last day of monitoring, monthly (Notification of Monitoring Completion), and in the case of ANY discoveries. The RE shall forward copies to MMC.
- B. Discovery Notification Process
 - In the event of a discovery, the Archaeological Monitor shall direct the contractor to temporarily divert all soil disturbing activities, including but not limited to digging, trenching, excavating or grading activities in the area of discovery and in the area reasonably suspected to overlay adjacent resources and immediately notify the RE or Bl, as appropriate.
 - 2. The Monitor shall immediately notify the PI (unless Monitor is the PI) of the discovery.

- 3. The PI shall immediately notify MMC by phone of the discovery and shall also submit written documentation to MMC within 24 hours by fax or email with photos of the resource in context, if possible.
- 4. No soil shall be exported off-site until a determination can be made regarding the significance of the resource specifically if Native American resources are encountered.
- C. Determination of Significance
 - The PI and Native American consultant/monitor, where Native American resources are discovered shall evaluate the significance of the resource. If Human Remains are involved, follow protocol in Section IV below.
 - a. The PI shall immediately notify MMC by phone to discuss significance determination and shall also submit a letter to MMC indicating whether additional mitigation is required.
 - b. If the resource is significant, the PI shall submit an Archaeological Data Recovery Program (ADRP) and obtain written approval of the program from MMC, CM and RE. ADRP and any mitigation must be approved by MMC, RE and/or CM before ground disturbing activities in the area of discovery will be allowed to resume.
 Note: If a unique archaeological site is also an historical resource as defined in CEQA Section 15064.5, then the limits on the amount(s) that a project applicant may be required to pay to cover mitigation costs as indicated in CEQA Section 21083.2 shall not apply.
 - (1). Note: For pipeline trenching and other linear projects in the public Right-of-Way, the PI shall implement the Discovery Process for Pipeline Trenching projects identified below under "D."
 - c. If the resource is not significant, the PI shall submit a letter to MMC indicating that artifacts will be collected, curated, and documented in the Final Monitoring Report. The letter shall also indicate that that no further work is required.
 - (1). Note: For Pipeline Trenching and other linear projects in the public Rightof-Way, if the deposit is limited in size, both in length and depth; the information value is limited and is not associated with any other resource; and there are no unique features/artifacts associated with the deposit, the discovery should be considered not significant.
 - (2). Note, for Pipeline Trenching and other linear projects in the public Right-of-Way, if significance cannot be determined, the Final Monitoring Report and Site Record (DPR Form 523A/B) shall identify the discovery as Potentially Significant.
- D. Discovery Process for Significant Resources Pipeline Trenching and other Linear Projects in the Public Right-of-Way

The following procedure constitutes adequate mitigation of a significant discovery encountered during pipeline trenching activities or for other linear project types within the Public Right-of-Way including but not limited to excavation for jacking pits, receiving pits, laterals, and manholes_to reduce impacts to below a level of significance:

- 1. Procedures for documentation, curation and reporting
 - a. One hundred percent of the artifacts within the trench alignment and width shall be documented in-situ, to include photographic records, plan view of the trench and profiles of side walls, recovered, photographed after cleaning and analyzed

and curated. The remainder of the deposit within the limits of excavation (trench walls) shall be left intact.

- b. The PI shall prepare a Draft Monitoring Report and submit to MMC via the RE as indicated in Section VI-A.
- c. The PI shall be responsible for recording (on the appropriate State of California Department of Park and Recreation forms-DPR 523 A/B) the resource(s) encountered during the Archaeological Monitoring Program in accordance with the City's Historical Resources Guidelines. The DPR forms shall be submitted to the South Coastal Information Center for either a Primary Record or SDI Number and included in the Final Monitoring Report.
- d. The Final Monitoring Report shall include a recommendation for monitoring of any future work in the vicinity of the resource.

IV. Discovery of Human Remains

If human remains are discovered, work shall halt in that area and no soil shall be exported off-site until a determination can be made regarding the provenance of the human remains; and the following procedures as set forth in CEQA Section 15064.5(e), the California Public Resources Code (Sec. 5097.98) and State Health and Safety Code (Sec. 7050.5) shall be undertaken:

- A. Notification
 - Archaeological Monitor shall notify the RE or BI as appropriate, MMC, and the PI, if the Monitor is not qualified as a PI. MMC will notify the appropriate Senior Planner in the Environmental Analysis Section (EAS) of the Development Services Department to assist with the discovery notification process.
 - 2. The PI shall notify the Medical Examiner after consultation with the RE, either in person or via telephone.
- B. Isolate discovery site
 - Work shall be directed away from the location of the discovery and any nearby area reasonably suspected to overlay adjacent human remains until a determination can be made by the Medical Examiner in consultation with the PI concerning the provenience of the remains.
 - 2. The Medical Examiner, in consultation with the PI, will determine the need for a field examination to determine the provenience.
 - If a field examination is not warranted, the Medical Examiner will determine with input from the PI, if the remains are or are most likely to be of Native American origin.
- C. If Human Remains ARE determined to be Native American
 - The Medical Examiner will notify the Native American Heritage Commission (NAHC) within 24 hours. By law, **ONLY** the Medical Examiner can make this call.
 - 2. NAHC will immediately identify the person or persons determined to be the Most Likely Descendent (MLD) and provide contact information.
 - The MLD will contact the PI within 24 hours or sooner after the Medical Examiner has completed coordination, to begin the consultation process in accordance with CEQA Section 15064.5(e), the California Public Resources and Health & Safety Codes.

- 4. The MLD will have 48 hours to make recommendations to the property owner or representative, for the treatment or disposition with proper dignity, of the human remains and associated grave goods.
- 5. Disposition of Native American Human Remains will be determined between the MLD and the PI, and, if:
 - a. The NAHC is unable to identify the MLD, OR the MLD failed to make a recommendation within 48 hours after being granted access to the site, OR;
 - b. The landowner or authorized representative rejects the recommendation of the MLD and mediation in accordance with PRC 5097.94 (k) by the NAHC fails to provide measures acceptable to the landowner, the landowner shall reinter the human remains, and items associated with Native American human remains with appropriate dignity on the property in a location not subject to further and future subsurface disturbance, THEN
 - c. To protect these sites, the landowner shall do one or more of the following:
 - (1) Record the site with the NAHC;
 - (2) Record an open space or conservation easement; or

(3) Record a document with the County. The document shall be titled "Notice of Reinternment of Native American Remains" and shall include a legal description of the property, the name of the property owner, and the owner's acknowledged signature, in addition to any other information required by PRC 5097.98. The document shall be indexed as a notice under the name of the owner.

- d. Upon the discovery of multiple Native American human remains during a ground disturbing land development activity, the landowner may agree that additional conferral with descendants is necessary to consider culturally appropriate treatment of multiple Native American human remains. Culturally appropriate treatment of such a discovery may be ascertained from review of the site utilizing cultural and archaeological standards. Where the parties are unable to agree on the appropriate treatment measures the human remains and items associated and buried with Native American human remains shall be reinterred with appropriate dignity, pursuant to Section 5.c., above.
- D. If Human Remains are NOT Native American
 - 1. The PI shall contact the Medical Examiner and notify them of the historic era context of the burial.
 - The Medical Examiner will determine the appropriate course of action with the PI and City staff (PRC 5097.98).
 - If the remains are of historic origin, they shall be appropriately removed and conveyed to the San Diego Museum of Man for analysis. The decision for internment of the human remains shall be made in consultation with MMC, EAS, the applicant/landowner, any known descendant group, and the San Diego Museum of Man.

V. Night and/or Weekend Work

- A. If night and/or weekend work is included in the contract
 - 1. When night and/or weekend work is included in the contract package, the extent and timing shall be presented and discussed at the precon meeting.
 - 2. The following procedures shall be followed.
 - a. No Discoveries

In the event that no discoveries were encountered during night and/or weekend work, the PI shall record the information on the CSVR and submit to MMC via fax by 8AM of the next business day.

b. Discoveries

All discoveries shall be processed and documented using the existing procedures detailed in Sections III - During Construction, and IV – Discovery of Human Remains. Discovery of human remains shall always be treated as a significant discovery.

- c. Potentially Significant Discoveries If the PI determines that a potentially significant discovery has been made, the procedures detailed under Section III - During Construction and IV-Discovery of Human Remains shall be followed.
- d. The PI shall immediately contact the RE and MMC, or by 8AM of the next business day to report and discuss the findings as indicated in Section III-B, unless other specific arrangements have been made.
- B. If night and/or weekend work becomes necessary during the course of construction
 - 1. The Construction Manager shall notify the RE, or BI, as appropriate, a minimum of 24 hours before the work is to begin.
 - 2. The RE, or BI, as appropriate, shall notify MMC immediately.
- C. All other procedures described above shall apply, as appropriate.

VI. Post Construction

- A. Submittal of Draft Monitoring Report
 - 1. The PI shall submit two copies of the Draft Monitoring Report (even if negative), prepared in accordance with the Historical Resources Guidelines (Appendix C/D) which describes the results, analysis, and conclusions of all phases of the Archaeological Monitoring Program (with appropriate graphics) to MMC via the RE for review and approval within 90 days following the completion of monitoring. It should be noted that if the PI is unable to submit the Draft Monitoring Report within the allotted 90-day timeframe as a result of delays with analysis, special study results or other complex issues, a schedule shall be submitted to MMC establishing agreed due dates and the provision for submittal of monthly status reports until this measure can be met.
 - a. For significant archaeological resources encountered during monitoring, the Archaeological Data Recovery Program or Pipeline Trenching Discovery Process shall be included in the Draft Monitoring Report.
 - b. Recording Sites with State of California Department of Parks and Recreation The PI shall be responsible for recording (on the appropriate State of California Department of Park and Recreation forms-DPR 523 A/B) any significant or potentially significant resources encountered during the Archaeological Monitoring Program in accordance with the City's Historical Resources Guidelines, and submittal of such forms to the South Coastal Information Center with the Final Monitoring Report.
 - 2. MMC shall return the Draft Monitoring Report to the PI via the RE for revision or, for preparation of the Final Report.
 - 3. The PI shall submit revised Draft Monitoring Report to MMC via the RE for approval.

- 4. MMC shall provide written verification to the PI of the approved report.
- 5. MMC shall notify the RE or BI, as appropriate, of receipt of all Draft Monitoring Report submittals and approvals.
- B. Handling of Artifacts
 - 1. The PI shall be responsible for ensuring that all cultural remains collected are cleaned and catalogued
 - 2. The PI shall be responsible for ensuring that all artifacts are analyzed to identify function and chronology as they relate to the history of the area; that faunal material is identified as to species; and that specialty studies are completed, as appropriate.
- C. Curation of artifacts: Accession Agreement and Acceptance Verification
 - The PI shall be responsible for ensuring that all artifacts associated with the survey, testing and/or data recovery for this project are permanently curated with an appropriate institution. This shall be completed in consultation with MMC and the Native American representative, as applicable.
 - When applicable to the situation, the PI shall include written verification from the Native American consultant/monitor indicating that Native American resources were treated in accordance with state law and/or applicable agreements. If the resources were reinterred, verification shall be provided to show what protective measures were taken to ensure no further disturbance occurs in accordance with Section IV – Discovery of Human Remains, Subsection C.
 - 3. The PI shall submit the Accession Agreement and catalogue record(s) to the RE or BI, as appropriate for donor signature with a copy submitted to MMC.
 - 4. The RE or BI, as appropriate shall obtain signature on the Accession Agreement and shall return to PI with copy submitted to MMC.
 - 5. The PI shall include the Acceptance Verification from the curation institution in the Final Monitoring Report submitted to the RE or BI and MMC.
- D. Final Monitoring Report(s)
 - The PI shall submit one copy of the approved Final Monitoring Report to the RE or BI as appropriate, and one copy to MMC (even if negative), within 90 days after notification from MMC of the approved report.
 - 2. The RE shall, in no case, issue the Notice of Completion until receiving a copy of the approved Final Monitoring Report from MMC which includes the Acceptance Verification from the curation institution.
- VI. PUBLIC REVIEW DISTRIBUTION:

Draft copies or notice of this Mitigated Negative Declaration were distributed to:

STATE AGENCIES California Coastal Commission

CITY OF SAN DIEGO Mayor's Office Councilmember Barbara Bry, Council District 1 Development Services: Development Project Manager Engineering Review Environmental Review Fire Geology Landscaping Long-Range Planning MSCP Planning Review Transportation

MMC (77A) City Attorney's Office (93C)

OTHER ORGANIZATIONS AND INTERESTED PARTIES

Historical Resources Board (87) Carmen Lucas (206) South Coastal Information Center (210) San Diego Archaeological Center (212) Save Our Heritage Organization (214) Ron Christman (215) Clint Linton (215B) Frank Brown - Inter-Tribal Cultural Resources Council (216) Campo Band of Mission Indians (217) San Diego County Archaeological Society, Inc. (218) Kumeyaay Cultural Heritage Preservation (223) Kumeyaay Cultural Repatriation Committee (225) La Jolla Village News (271) La Jolla Shores Association (272) La Jolla Town Council (273) La Jolla Historical Society (274) La Jolla Community Planning (275) La Jolla Shores PDO Advisory Board (279) La Jolla Light (280) Patricia K. Miller (283) Jeff Davis Peggy Davis Ayelet Gneezy Uri Gneezy Kristine McNamara

VII. RESULTS OF PUBLIC REVIEW:

- () No comments were received during the public input period.
- () Comments were received but did not address the accuracy or completeness of the draft environmental document. No response is necessary, and the letters are incorporated herein.
- (X) Comments addressing the accuracy or completeness of the draft environmental document were received during the public input period. The letters and responses are incorporated herein.

Copies of the draft Mitigated Negative Declaration, the Mitigation, Monitoring and Reporting Program and any Initial Study material are available in the office of the Development Services Department for review, or for purchase at the cost of reproduction.

Sara Osborn, AICP Senior Planner Development Services Department

10-15-2020 Date of Draft Report

1.26.2021

Date of Final Report

Analyst: Rachael Ferrell

Attachments: Comment Letters and Responses Initial Study Checklist Figure 1 – Location Map Figure 2 – Site Plan

Draft MND 8423 El Paseo Grande CDP – Response to Comments

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Comment Letter A

		1236 MUIRLANDS VI	STA WAY LA JOLL	A CALIFORNIA 9203	7 PHONE 858-4	59-4756 Phile	MertenArchitect.com	
No	ember	15, 2020						
City Dev Env 122 an	of San relopme ironme 2 First Diego, 0	el Ferrell, Enviro Diego ent Services Dep ntal Analysis Se Avenue, MS 501 CA 92101 DSDEAS@sanc	partment ction					
Re:	84	AFT Mitigated N 23 El Paseo Gra oject No. 66181	nde	ation				
Dea	r Ms. F	errell and Ladie	s and Gentleme	n of the Develop	ment Services	Department,		
	I represent Doctors Uri and Ayelet Gneezy who reside immediately east and adjacent to the project referenced above.							
	On the Gneezy's behalf please consider the following reasons why certain conclusions in the DRAFT Mitigated Negative Declaration are erroneous.							
				paragraph b) of) the 'No Impact'			t (Page 32 of	
	XI, LAN	D USE AND PLANNIN	G - Would the projec	t				
	а)	Physically divide an community?	n established					
	existing Commo previou develop project	g single-family re unity Plan's land usly developed lo ped residential n would not subst	sidence. The proj use designation (t with access to a eighborhood and antially change t	e-family residence ject is consistent w Low Density Resid public roadway. T surrounded by si ne nature of the si d physically divide	vith the Genera lential, 5-9 du/a l'he project site milar residenti urrounding are	I Plan and the ac) and is withi is located with al developmen a and would n	La Jolla n a nin a nt. The ot introduce	
	b)	with jurisdiction of	ulation of an agency ver the project					
		plan, specific plan, program, or zonin	limited to the genera local coastal g ordinance) adoptec avoiding or	Ц				

requirements. Since there are no conflicts with the applicable land use plan, policy, or regulations,

impacts would remain below a level of significance.

A-1 The comment is introductory in nature and does not address the adequacy of the environmental document.

A-2 Comment noted. See responses to comments A-4 through A-11 below.

1

Ms. Rachael Ferrell, Environmental Analyst November 15, 2020 Page 2

A-6

A-2

A-3

A-4

The section states: 'The project complies with the LJSPD-SF zoning requirements. Since there are no conflicts with the applicable land use plan, policy or regulations ...

The Initial Study analysis and conclusion are incorrect because the proposed project does not comply with the LJSPDO and does conflict with applicable Land Development Code Regulations in the following ways:

A. INSUFFICIENT SETBACKS:

The La Jolla Shores Planned District Ordinance states: 'Building and structure setbacks shall be in general conformity with those in the vicinity.' Vicinity is defined in Black's Law Dictionary as: "Quality or state on being near, or not remote: nearness; propinguity; proximity; a region about or adjacent;"

The existing development on the subject site as well as the existing adjacent development on both sides of the subject site have one story garage structures that come to within a few feet of their rear property lines. The Gneezy's home directly behind the subject property is set back 20 feet from common rear property line. The neighboring home directly north of the project is setback 11'-5" from the common side property line as depicted on the applicant's Site Plan drawing.

Insufficient North Side Yard Setback A1.

Contrary to the existing side setback in the vicinity, the project proposes a two story Companion Unit, with a 0 and 4 foot side setback at the ground floor level and 4 foot and 6 foot side setback at the upper floor level; compared to 11'-5" on the adjacent property. The difference between the large existing setback on the north adjacent property and the very small proposed setback are clearly depicted in the perspective rendering on PDF pages 7, 11 and 13.

Contrary to the La Jolla Shores Planned District Ordinance, the proposed north side setbacks are clearly NOT in conformity with those in the vicinity (adjacent property).

Insufficient Rear Yard Setback at Second Floor Level A2.

The existing one story garage is setback from the rear property line approximately one foot, which is the established rear yard setback. Contrary to the existing second story rear setbacks in the vicinity, the project proposes a two story Companion Unit, with an upper level rear setback of just 10 feet; compared to 20 feet for the two story dwelling on adjacent property in the vicinity. The significant difference between the large existing rear yard setback on the east adjacent property and the substantially smaller proposed rear setbacks are clearly depicted in the applicant's Site Plan and South Elevation drawings.

Contrary to the La Jolla Shores Planned District Ordinance, the proposed east rear yard second story setback is half of the existing setback in the vicinity (adjacent property), and therefore not in conformity with those in the vicinity.

The proposed zero and 4 foot side setbacks and 6 foot north side yard setbacks and 10 foot rear setback for the two story companion unit are not in general conformity with those in the vicinity, and therefore not in compliance with the La Jolla Shores Planned District Ordinance.

CHARACTER OF THE AREA в

The General Design Regulations of the the La Jolla Shored Planned District Ordinance describe the:

Character of the Area (a)

In this primarily single-family residential community, a typical home is characterized by extensive use of glass, shake or shingle overhanging roof, and a low, rambling silhouette. Patios, the atrium or enclosed courtyard, and

Response

- A-3 The commenter provides a definition of vicinity and a description of the existing conditions on site and adjacent to the site. Staff acknowledges the current conditions of the site and surrounding area.
- A-4 The La Jolla Community Plan (LJCP Page 76) states, in order to regulate the scale of new development, apply the applicable development regulations which includes the LJSPDO (Coverage 60%, Structure height 30ft, Landscape 30%). There is also mention of regulating the scale of new development by applying setbacks requirements, building articulation, second story step backs, roofline treatment and variations within front yard setback requirements. These features are implemented within the proposal.

The La Jolla Shores Planned District Ordinance (LJSPDO) does not have an established minimum required front, side, or rear yard setback. Instead, the LJSPDO Municipal Code Section 1510.0304(b)(4) in the "Siting of Buildings" section states "Building & Structure setbacks shall be in general conformity with those in the vicinity." The project's front yard setback is 15 feet to 20 feet. The project proposes side yard setbacks within the area range from 1.5 – 9.5 feet within a minimum "average" of 3.5 feet for side yards. The project proposes a north side vard setback to the main house that ranges from 4.0 to 6.0 feet and a 0-foot side setback adjacent to the attached companion unit on the first floor. Section 1510.0304(b)(2) of the LJSPDO allows zero (0) foot side yard setbacks and the project would comply with this criteria. The proposed south side yard setbacks range from 4.0 to 24.3 feet, which is consistent with LJSPDO Municipal Code Section 1510.0304(b)(4). 2

Response

The attached Accessory Dwelling Unit (ADU) is single story with no part of the primary dwelling above it. The second story of the primary residence is stepped back 10', adhering to the step back regulations of the LISPDO. The proposed project complies with the regulations of the LISPDO, and applicable land use plan policies and goals.

- A-5 See response to comment A-4 above.
- A-6 The comment is introductory in nature. The commenter provides descriptions of the design principles and the existing conditions. Please see response to comment A-7 below for how the project conforms to the design principles.

Ms. Rachael Ferrell, Environmental Analyst November15, 2020 Page 3

B CHARACTER OF THE AREA (continued)

The existing one story home to be demolished does have a low rambling silhouette and currently conforms with the LJSPDO. But as depicted on applicant's PDF pages 7 and 11 the proposed silhouette is definitely **not low and rambling**.

(b) Design Principle

Within the limitations implied above, originality and diversity in architecture are encouraged. The theme "unity with variety" shall be a guiding principle. Unity without variety means simple monotony; variety by itself is chaos. No structure shall be approved which is substantially like any other structure located on an adjacent parcel. Conversely, no structure will be approved that is so different in quality, form, materials, color, and relationship as to disrupt the architectural unity of the area.

The Design Principal Section of the LJSPDO which says: The proposed silhouette as viewed from the public right-of-way and from the public park across the street is high and box like, and so different in it's high box like form and relationship to adjacent structures (height and side setbacks) that it will disrupt the architectural unity of the area. <u>The proposed project does not conform to the Design Principal Section of the La Jolla Shores Planned District Ordinance.</u>

C. EXCESSIVE BULK AND SCALE

The Design Principal Section General Design Regulations of the La Jolla Shores Planned District Ordinance says: "... no structure will be approved that is so different in quality, form, materials, color, and <u>relationship</u> as to disrupt the architectural unity of the area." But contrary to that regulation, the project proposes a Floor Area Ratio (FAR) of 0.96, considerably greater in size than the existing FARs of properties in the vicinity. The maximum allowed FAR for a single family zoned parcel outside of the LJSPD is 0.60. The proposed **FAR of 0.96 is 60 percent greater** than would be allowed anywhere outside of the La Jolla Shores Planned District.

The applicant prepared a *Floor Area Ratio* exhibit (PDF page 17). The exhibit is an aerial view of La Jolla Shores neighborhood west of La Jolla Shores Drive. According to the exhibit the range of *Floor Area Ratios* depicted by the colored dots is based on 'DATA RECORDED FROM SCOUTRED WEBSITE ON 7/14/2020'. Unfortunately, the data from the SCOUTRED WEBSITE is **not accurate**, and the calculated FARs based on SCOUTRED data are **not accurate**.

For example, according to Island Architect's exhibit titled FAR LEGEND, the northern most beach front property on the list has a FAR greater than 1.0; <u>which is patently false</u>. I know this because I designed the remodel of the home at 8542 EI Paseo Grande in the early 1990's. The existing property has an actual REAL gross floor area (GFA), measured in accordance with the SDMC, of 4,944 s.f. and a site area of 9,313 s.f. for a FAR of 0.53, definitely not greater than 1.0 as indicated on Island Architect's exhibit.

SCOUTRED's data likely comes from the San Diego County Assessor's Office. Unfortunately the County Assessor makes no distinction between below grade basement Livable Area, which is excluded from gross floor area by the SDMC, and above grade Livable Area. The Assessor combines both below grade and above grade areas into one Livable Area total. When SCOUTRED's data comes for the County Assessor, projects with basements will show a Livable Area far in excess of the actual gross floor area on the property per SDMC Sect. 113.0234; and the resultant Floor Area Ratios for projects with basements will be inflated above the REAL Floor Area Ratios per SDMC Sect. 113.0234.

<u>Response</u>

A-7 Staff conducted a comprehensive review of the proposed development as it relates to bulk and scale to determine community character and compatibility with existing residential development. The La Jolla Shores Planned District Ordinance (LJSPDO) does not specify FAR or required setbacks, only maximum lot coverage (60 percent, 1510.0304). The new structure would result in a 49% coverage of the lot. A survey of the neighborhood shows a comparison of similar gross floor areas and building setbacks to the current proposal. Neighborhood surveys are used by staff as a guide for determining conformance of a proposed project with surrounding development. It is an established DSD review method/practice for Staff to consider all development within the survey area when determining character of the area, and bulk and scale. The survey is not a requirement of the LJSPDO or Community Plan and is to be used as a guide only. The development regulations and the Community Plan policies are the determining factors in the projects conformance.

> Staff considers many factors when determining projects conformance, such as lot coverage, structure height, building setbacks, second story step backs, building articulation and offsetting plans.

The La Jolla Community Plan (LJCP Page 76) states, in order to regulate the scale of new development, apply the applicable development regulations which includes the LJSPDO (Coverage 60%, Structure height 30ft, Landscape 30%). There is also mention of regulating the scale of new development by applying setbacks requirements, building articulation, second story step backs, roofline treatment and variations within front yard setback requirements. These features are implemented within the proposal.

Response

The bulk and scale of the proposed structure when viewed from the public right-of-way was also evaluated by staff. Staff determined the proposed structure is compatible in terms of bulk and scale with other structures in the neighborhood and would be consistent with the purpose and intent of the LJSPDO. The proposed exterior construction materials would be compatible with the neighborhood, as specified in the LJSPDO and the La Jolla Shores Design Manual.

The LJSPDO "Design Principle" theme is "unity with variety", directing that no adjacent homes should be substantially alike nor should two adjacent homes be so different as to disrupt the architectural unity of the area. Unity and variety should not become monotonous or chaotic. The La Jolla Shores neighborhood is very diverse and comprised of structures with varied bulk, scale, forms, materials and color. The proposed structure's overall form, bulk scale, exterior material and colors when viewed from the public right-of-away would be compatible with the varied architecture of the La Jolla Shores neighborhood.

The proposed project complies with the regulations of the LJSPDO, and applicable land use plan policies and goals.

Ms. Rachael Ferrell, Environmental Analyst November 15, 2020 Page 4

C. EXCESSIVE BULK AND SCALE (continued)

There are other existing homes with basements or partial basements in La Jolla Shores. The existing three homes at 8356, 8368, and 8374 Paseo Del Ocaso (green dots) some of which have partial basements and therefore have inflated SCOUTRED Livable Areas. Based on the few researched properties and the discrepancies between REAL data and SCOUTRED inflated data, the applicant's FAR exhibit is extremely misleading and should not be used in comparing or assessing the appropriateness of the proposed 0.96 FAR.

According to a tabulation submitted by the Applicant to the La Jolla Community Planning Association, of the 42 listed properties only 6 properties had Floor Area Ratios in excess of 0.70; and 5 of those properties are on Paseo Del Ocaso, away from La Jolla Shores Park. The sixth property in excess of FAR 0.70 is at 8405 El Paseo Grande with a FAR of 0.87. The proposed project has a FAR more than 10 percent greater than the largest FAR on El Paseo Grande.

Of the 13 properties listed on El Paseo Grande, the average FAR is 0.54.

Of the 42 properties listed the average FAR is 0.55.

Yet, the applicant proposes a revised project with a Floor Area Ratio (FAR) of 0.96, which is 74.5% greater that the average FAR listed.

Based on the information contained in the applicant's tabulation, it is reasonable to conclude that the current project is significantly larger in size relationship (FAR) that it will "disrupt the architectural unity of the area."

The proposed project with a FAR of 0.96 significantly exceeds the FARs of other projects in the area, and in combination with it's closeness to the side and rear property lines, is so different in 'form' and 'relationship' that it will definitely disrupt the architectural unity of the area. If approved, the 0.96 FAR will set a dangerous precedent for all future projects in La Jolla Shores.

Unfortunately LDR-Planning Staff relied on incorrect Floor Area Ratio data provided by the architect when evaluating the project.

The bulk and scale of the proposed project is not in compliance with General Design Regulations of the La Jolla Shores Planned District Ordinance.

D. INADEQUATE PARKING

The project fails to provide the required number of off-street parking spaces. The project only provides 2 offstreet parking spaces where a total of 3 off-street parking spaces (2 spaces for the dwelling, and 1 space for the companion unit) is the minimum required. As currently proposed the project provides 2 off-street parking spaces within an enclosed garage, and the third required off-street parking space in the driveway blocking access to the 2 enclosed required parking spaces.

SDMC Sec. 141.0103 Applicable Regulations for Separately Regulated Uses including Companion Units specifically incorporates 'All applicable regulations of Chapter 14 (General Regulations)' which include Chapter 14, Article 2, Division 5 (Parking Regulations). SDMC Sec. 142.0510e)(2)(A) specifically states: '... the use of a driveway to satisfy off-street parking space requirements is not permitted.' Therefore, the proposed project fails to provide required parking for the Companion Unit in accordance with the Parking Regulations for Companion Units, and the La Jolla Shores Planned District Ordinance.

The project's failure to provide all required on-site parking in conformance with the SDMC in the Coastal Overlay Zone reduces the amount of on-street public parking for visitors to the coastline and La Jolla Shores Park (Kellogg Park).

Response

A-8 The project is located in the Parking Impact Beach Overlay Zone and has provided two off-street parking in the garage, as required for the primary residence. Pursuant to ADU Parking regulations, SDMC 141.0302(a)(3) No on-street parking spaces or offstreet parking spaces are required for ADUs. If the applicant chooses to provide off-street parking spaces for ADUs located on the premises, those spaces shall comply with the following: (i) Off-street parking spaces may be located in any configuration, may be within the setback areas, and may include tandem spaces (ii) Off-street parking spaces shall be located within hardscape areas and shall comply with the minimum standards and guidelines to provide safe and efficient means of vehicular access to the lot. Pursuant to 141.0103(b) Where there is a conflict between the regulations in the separately regulated article (for Companion Units) and other regulations in the Land Development Code, separately regulated article shall apply. The project is providing adequate parking.

Ms. Rachael Ferrell, Environmental Analyst November 15, 2020 Page 5

E. INSUFFICIENT TRANSITION IN BULK AND SCALE

The Residential Element of the La Jolla Community Plan and Local Coastal Program states:

 Maintain the character of La Jolla's residential areas by ensuring that redevelopment occurs in a manner that protects natural features, preserves existing streetscape themes and allows a harmonious visual relationship to exist between the bulk and scale of new and older structures.

The Residential Community Character recommendations of the La Jolla Community Plan and Local Coastal Program states:

a. In order to maintain and enhance the existing neighborhood character and ambiance, and to promote good design and visual harmony in the transitions between new and existing structures, preserve the following elements:

- Bulk and scale with regard to surrounding structures or land form conditions as viewed from the public right-of-way and from parks and open space;
 - e. In order to address transitions between the bulk and scale of new and older development in residential areas, maintain the existing 30-foot height limit of the single dwelling unit zones and Proposition D. Structures with front and side yard facades that exceed one story should slope or step back additional stories, up to the 30-foot height limit, in order to allow flexibility while maintaining the integrity of the streetscape and providing adequate amounts of light and air.

Contrary to the Residential Land Use Element of the La Jolla Community Plan and Local Coastal Program, and as depicted on the applicant's drawings, a significant portion of the upper level north side exterior wall and provides <u>no setback from the lower level exterior wall</u>. Other portions of the upper level north side exterior wall are setback only 2 feet from the lower level exterior wall, and <u>do not provide a sufficient step</u> back transition in the bulk of the new two story building from that of the adjacent existing single story home.

The proposed project is not in conformity with the Residential Community Character recommendations of the La Jolla Community Plan and Local Coastal Program.

CONCLUSION:

As the proposed project neither conforms to the requirements of the La Jolla Shores Planned District Ordinance, nor the Parking Regulations for the City of San Diego, nor the recommendations of the La Jolla Community Plan and Local Coastal Program, Section XI LAND USE AND PLANNING, paragraph b) of the Initial Study Checklist (Page 32 of dsd_mitigated_negative_declaration_4.pdf) should be revised from 'No Impact' to 'Significant Impact'.

Response

A-9 See response to comment A-4 regarding setbacks and response to comment A-7 regarding the conformity with the applicable policies and regulations.

A-10 See response to comments A-4 through A-8 above. The project conforms with the La Jolla Community Plan and the requirements of the LJSPDO. As shown in the Initial Study, all impacts have been mitigated to below a level of significance.

A-9

A-10

7

Ms. Rachael Ferrell, Environmental Analyst November 15, 2020 Page 6

A-11

Thank you for your consideration of these import issues. The Draft Mitigated Negative Declaration should be revised to correctly identify these significant environmental concerns regarding the proposed project and its impact on the environment and the community.

Respectfully,

Philip A. Merten AIA

ec: Uri Gneezy ugneezy@ucsd.edu Ayelet Gneezt <u>AGneezy@ucsd.edu</u> Everett Delano Tyler Hee <u>tyler@delanoanddelano.com</u>

Response

A-11 There is no substantial evidence in the record that shows a significant impact would result.
 As shown in the Initial Study, all impacts have been mitigated to below a level of significance.

Comment Letter B

<u>Response</u>

- B-1 There is no substantial evidence in the record that shows a significant impact would result. As shown in the Initial Study, all impacts have been mitigated to below a level of significance.
- The project is located in the Parking Impact Beach Overlay B-2 Zone and has provided two off-street parking in the garage, as required for the primary residence. Pursuant to ADU Parking regulations, SDMC 141.0302(a)(3) No on-street parking spaces or off-street parking spaces are required for ADUs. If the applicant chooses to provide off-street parking spaces for ADUs located on the premises, those spaces shall comply with the following: (i) Off-street parking spaces may be located in any configuration, may be within the setback areas, and may include tandem spaces (ii) Off-street parking spaces shall be located within hardscape areas and shall comply with the minimum standards and guidelines to provide safe and efficient means of vehicular access to the lot. Pursuant to 141.0103(b) Where there is a conflict between the regulations in the separately regulated article (for Companion Units) and other regulations in the Land Development Code, separately regulated article shall apply. The project is providing adequate parking.

As stated in the MND Section III (a) Air Quality and Section XI (a) Land Use and Planning, the proposed project, a single-family home with attached companion unit, is consistent with the land use designation of the La Jolla Community Plan and the zoning of the LJSPDO and would not be expected to conflict with or obstruct an applicable air quality plan. Impacts to air quality would remain less than significant.

November 20, 2020

Ms. Rachael Ferrell, Environmental Analyst Environmental Analysis Section Development Services Department City of San Diego 1222 First Avenue, MS 501 San Diego, CA 92101

Via Email: DSDEAS@sandiego.gov

Re: DRAFT Mitigated Negative Declaration, 8423 El Paseo Grande, Project 661815

Dear Ms. Ferrell and Members of the Development Services Department:

I would like to comment on the Draft Mitigated Negative Declaration provided for 8423 El Paseo Grande in La Jolla. I disagree with the MND Findings that the project will not have a significant impact in the following areas:

Sec. XI. Land Use and Planning.

The project conflicts with the City of San Diego Separately Regulated Use Parking Regulations for Companion Units, La Jolla Community Plan and Local Coastal Program, and the La Jolla Shores Planned District Ordinance in the following areas:

Inadequate Parking. The project only provides 2 off-street parking space where a total of 3 off-street parking spaces (2 spaces for the dwelling, and 1 space for the companion unit) is the minimum required. As currently proposed the project does not comply with the Separately Regulated Use Parking Regulations for Companion Units, and the City of San Diego's General Regulations (Chapter 14) would not exempt this project from the Companion Unit's parking requirement. This project is located in a Beach Parking Impact Overlay Zone and by definition CEQA applies to parking in this situation – cars looking to park will circle the area causing added air pollution among other things. Regardless of any arguments as to the definition of location of parking on a lot, the added burden of the Companion Unit obviously will increase the environmental impact. The project creates parking demand that it does not satisfy on-site and causes an environmental impact. Because this lot is not in a TPA (as shown on the City's TPA arcgis website), an additional parking space for the Companion Unit is required. CEQA requires the City show findings for why it has not required mitigation, which this MND does not.

Excessive Bulk and Scale. The proposed FAR of 0.96 is 74.5% greater than the average FAR of 55% of 42
properties on El Paseo Grande reviewed by the La Jolla Shores Permit Review Committee during its
meetings of 15 June 2020 and 20 July 2020 (relevant excerpts from meeting minutes attached).

• Neighborhood Character. In its high, boxy silhouette, the proposed project does not conform to the Design Principle Section of the LJ Shores Planned District Ordinance, which calls for architectural unity through low, rambling silhouettes.

B-2 -

B-3

B-4

Response

B-3 Staff conducted a comprehensive review of the proposed development as it relates to bulk and scale to determine community character and compatibility with existing residential development. The La Jolla Shores Planned District Ordinance (LJSPDO) does not specify FAR or required setbacks, only maximum lot coverage (60 percent, 1510.0304). The new structure would result in a 49% coverage of the lot. A survey of the neighborhood shows a comparison of similar gross floor areas and building setbacks to the current proposal. Neighborhood surveys are used by staff as a guide for determining conformance of a proposed project with surrounding development. It is an established DSD review method/practice for Staff to consider all development within the survey area when determining character of the area, and bulk and scale.

The La Jolla Community Plan (LJCP Pg.76) states, in order to regulate the scale of new development, apply the applicable development regulations which includes the LJSPDO (Coverage 60%, Structure height 30ft, Landscape 30%). There is also mention of regulating the scale of new development by applying setbacks requirements, building articulation, second story step backs, roofline treatment and variations within front yard setback requirements. These features are implemented within the proposal.

The bulk and scale of the proposed structure when viewed from the public right-of-way was also evaluated by staff. Staff determined the proposed structure is compatible in terms of bulk and scale with other structures in the neighborhood and would be consistent with the purpose and intent of the LJSPDO. The proposed exterior construction materials would be compatible with the neighborhood, as specified in the LJSPDO and the La Jolla Shores Design Manual.

Response

The LJSPDO "Design Principle" theme is "unity with variety", directing that no adjacent homes should be substantially alike nor should two adjacent homes be so different as to disrupt the architectural unity of the area. Unity and variety should not become monotonous or chaotic. The La Jolla Shores neighborhood is very diverse and comprised of structures with varied bulk, scale, forms, materials and color. The proposed structure's overall form, bulk scale, exterior material and colors when viewed from the public right-of-away would be compatible with the varied architecture of the La Jolla Shores neighborhood.

The proposed project complies with the regulations of the LJSPDO, and applicable land use plan policies and goals.

B-4 See response to comment B-3 above regarding conformity to the design principles.

Page 2



B-6

B-7

B-8

 Insufficient Setbacks. The proposed 0- and 4-foot side setbacks, 6-foot north side yard setbacks, and 10-foot rear setback for the two-story companion unit are not in general conformity with the substantially larger setbacks in the vicinity.

Transition Between New and Existing Structures. The large size, boxy massing and inadequate setbacks
preclude a gracious transition between this project and its adjacent single-story neighbors, as envisioned
in the Residential Community Character recommendations of the La Jolla Community Plan and Local
Coastal Program.

I request that 8423 El Paseo Grande (Project No 661815) be redesigned to conform to requirements of the CEQA, the City of San Diego and the La Jolla Shores Planned District Ordinance and returned to the La Jolla Shores Permit Review Committee for further review.

Sincerely,

/s/ Kathleen Neil

2050 Torrey Pines Road, La Jolla, CA 92037

Attachments:

(1) La Jolla Shores Permit Review Committee minutes excerpt

Response

The La Jolla Shores Planned District Ordinance (LJSPDO) B-5 does not have an established minimum required front, side, or rear yard setback. Instead, the LJSPDO Municipal Code Section 1510.0304(b)(4) in the "Siting of Buildings" section states "Building & Structure setbacks shall be in general conformity with those in the vicinity." The project's front yard setback is 15 feet to 20 feet. The project proposes side yard setbacks within the area range from 1.5 - 9.5 feet within a minimum "average" of 3.5 feet for side yards. The project proposes a north side yard setback to the main house that ranges from 4.0 to 6.0 feet and a 0foot side setback adjacent to the attached companion unit on the first floor. Section 1510.0304(b)(2) of the LJSPDO allows zero (0) foot side yard setbacks and the project would comply with this criteria. The proposed south side vard setbacks range from 4.0 to 24.3 feet, which is consistent with Municipal Code Section 1510.0304(b)(4). The attached ADU is single story with no part of the primary dwelling above it. The second story of the primary residence is stepped back 10', adhering to the step back regulations of the LJSPDO.

B-6 See response to comments B-3 and B-5 above.

B-7 The project has been reviewed by qualified City staff and found to be consistent with the policies and zoning. The project meets all the requirements according to the LJSPD-SF zoning regulations within the LJSPDO and the La Jolla Community Plan. There is no substantial evidence in the record that shows a significant impact would result. As shown in the Initial Study, all impacts have been mitigated to below a level of significance.

ATTACHMENT to 11/20/2020 Letter to City of San Diego

La Jolla Shores Permit Review Committee Minutes Excerpt

20 July 2020 Re: 8423 El Paseo Grande

(2nd Review) Island Architects (representing applicants):

"There have been some modifications to the project - 10' set back on the 2nd story, 2 1/2' N. side set back, grasscrete in driveway and move the N. fence to S. of property line. Public Comment Merten: discusses the FARs in the neighborhood using inaccurate numbers from Scoutred. Setbacks in the N. & E. not in conformity with the neighborhood. U Community Plan (UCP) requires a 2' set back on the 2nd story and none here. Total FAR of .96 (.76 house & .2 CPU). States LISPDAC rejected the project because not consistent with neighbors and setbacks. Davis: 33 of 60 homes are within FAR of .7. Also mentions the counting of basements. Uri Gnezy (neighbor behind): Project is a huge wall 10' from property line so no sunlight nor air. All the area have basements and still stay under the FAR standard. Kris McNanara (N neighbor): Wants to clarify that Me. Brad (applicant) takes pride in his business as a good neighbor. Needs to do the same here. If built, this will be a 2 story wall without articulation all along the S. of her home. Calls it "Elephant on a postage stamp" without charm nor character. Way too large for lot and area. Jung: States ADU county description requires if connected to primary residence must comply with regular set backs. Nick: Muni Code 1510-0304 sect. 3.2 from LIPDO provide "see thru". Also notes Ch 1510.0301c. Committee Comments Consensus is that the project is too large, bulk and scale are an issue, and the FAR is excessive. MOTION to deny the project due to Bulk & Scale and excessive FAR of .96 as incompatible with the neighborhood. Motion by M. Naegle, 2nd D. Courtney, Vote 6-0-1"

Response

B-8

The Committee issues regarding bulk and scale incompatibility have been responded to in comment B-3 and B-5 above.

Comment Letter C

Joseph J. Manno Nancy Anne Manno 2329 Rue de Anne La Jolla, CA 92037

858.454.0998 jma2jma@san.rr.com

November 20, 2020

C-1

C-2

C-3

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Ms. Rachael Ferrell, Environmental Analyst City of San Diego Development Services Department Environmental Analysis Section 1222 First Avenue, MS 501 San Diego, CA 92101

Via Email: DSDEAS@sandiego.gov

Re: DRAFT Mitigated Negative Declaration 8423 El Paseo Grande Project No. 661815

Dear Ms. Ferrell and Members of the Development Services Department:

We are residents of La Jolla and will appreciate you considering our comments on the Draft Mitigated Negative Declaration provided for 8423 El Paseo Grande in La Jolla. We very strongly disagree with the MND Findings on this proposed project. This project, 8423 El Paseo Grande, La Jolla, will, in our considered opinion, have a significant adverse impact in the following areas:

Sec. XI. Land Use and Planning. The project conflicts with the La Jolla Community Plan and Local Coastal Program and the La Jolla Shores Planned District Ordinance in the following areas:

- Excessive Bulk and Scale. The proposed FAR of 0.96 is 74.5% greater than the average FAR of .55% of 42 properties on El Paseo Grande reviewed by the La Jolla Shores Permit Review Committee.
- Neighborhood Character. In its excessively tall and, square silhouette, the proposed project does not conform to the Design Principal Section of the LJ Shores Planned District Ordinance, that features architectural unity through low, rambling silhouettes.

Response

- C-1 The comment is introductory in nature and does not address the adequacy of the environmental document.
- Staff conducted a comprehensive review of the proposed C-2 development as it relates to bulk and scale to determine community character and compatibility with existing residential development. The La Jolla Shores Planned District Ordinance (LJSPDO) does not specify FAR or required setbacks, only maximum lot coverage (60 percent, 1510.0304). The new structure would result in a 49% coverage of the lot. A survey of the neighborhood shows a comparison of similar gross floor areas and building setbacks to the current proposal. Neighborhood surveys are used by staff as a guide for determining conformance of a proposed project with surrounding development. It is an established DSD review method/practice for Staff to consider all development within the survey area when determining character of the area, and bulk and scale.

The La Jolla Community Plan (LICP Pg.76) states, in order to regulate the scale of new development, apply the applicable development regulations which includes the LISPDO (Coverage 60%, Structure height 30ft, Landscape 30%). There is also mention of regulating the scale of new development by applying setbacks requirements, building articulation, second story step backs, roofline treatment and variations within front yard setback requirements. These features are implemented within the proposal.

Response

The bulk and scale of the proposed structure when viewed from the public right-of-way was also evaluated by staff. Staff determined the proposed structure is compatible in terms of bulk and scale with other structures in the neighborhood and would be consistent with the purpose and intent of the LJSPDO. The proposed exterior construction materials would be compatible with the neighborhood, as specified in the LJSPDO and the La Jolla Shores Design Manual.

The LISPDO "Design Principle" theme is "unity with variety", directing that no adjacent homes should be substantially alike nor should two adjacent homes be so different as to disrupt the architectural unity of the area. Unity and variety should not become monotonous or chaotic. The La Jolla Shores neighborhood is very diverse and comprised of structures with varied bulk, scale, forms, materials and color. The proposed structure's overall form, bulk scale, exterior material and colors when viewed from the public right-of-away would be compatible with the varied architecture of the La Jolla Shores neighborhood.

The proposed project complies with the regulations of the LJSPDO, and applicable land use plan policies and goals.

C-3 See response to comment C-2 above regarding conformity to the design principles.

<u>Response</u>

- C-4 Insufficient Setbacks. The proposed zero and 4-foot side setbacks, 6-foot north side yard setbacks, and 10-foot rear setback for the two-story companion unit are not in general conformity with those in the immediate vicinity.
 - Transition Between New and Existing Structures. The projects excessive size, square massing and inadequate setbacks preclude a gracious transition between this project and its <u>adjacent single story neighbors</u>, as envisioned in the Residential Community Character recommendations of the La Jolla Community Plan and Local Coastal Program.
 - Inadequate Parking. The project provides just 2 off-street parking spaces where a total of 3 off-street parking spaces, (2 spaces for the dwelling, and 1 space for the companion unit), is the <u>minimum required</u>. As currently proposed the project does not comply with the Parking Regulations of the La Jolla Shores Planned District Ordinance.

We respectfully request that the 8423 El Paseo Grande project be redesigned to conform to requirements of the La Jolla Shores Planned District Ordinance and returned to the La Jolla Shores Permit Review Committee for further review.

Sincerely,

C-5

C-6

C-7

Joseph J. Manno Nancy Anne Manno C-4 The La Jolla Shores Planned District Ordinance (LJSPDO) does not have an established minimum required front, side, or rear yard setback. Instead, the LJSPDO Municipal Code Section 1510.0304(b)(4) in the "Siting of Buildings" section states "Building & Structure setbacks shall be in general conformity with those in the vicinity." The project's front yard setback is 15 feet to 20 feet. The project proposes side yard setbacks within the area range from 1.5 – 9.5 feet within a minimum "average" of 3.5 feet for side yards. The project proposes a north side yard setback to the main house that ranges from 4.0 to 6.0 feet and a 0-foot side setback adjacent to the attached companion unit. Section 1510.0304(b)(2) of the LJSPDO allows zero (0) foot side yard setbacks and the project would comply with this criteria. The proposed south side vard setbacks range from 4.0 to 24.3 feet, which is consistent with Municipal Code Section 1510.0304(b)(4). The comment calls out a two-story companion unit which is inaccurate. The proposed companion unit is one-story.

C-5 See response to comments C-2 and C-4 above.

- The project is located in the Parking Impact Beach Overlay C-6 Zone and has provided two off-street parking in the garage, as required for the primary residence. Pursuant to ADU Parking regulations, SDMC 141.0302(a)(3) No on-street parking spaces or off-street parking spaces are required for ADUs. If the applicant chooses to provide off-street parking spaces for ADUs located on the premises, those spaces shall comply with the following: (i) Off-street parking spaces may be located in any configuration, may be within the setback areas, and may include tandem spaces (ii) Off-street parking spaces shall be located within hardscape areas and shall comply with the minimum standards and guidelines to provide safe and efficient means of vehicular access to the lot. Pursuant to 141.0103(b) Where there is a conflict between the regulations in the separately regulated article (for Companion Units) and other regulations in the Land Development Code, separately regulated article shall apply. The project is providing adequate parking.
 - 16

Response

C-7 The project has been reviewed by qualified City staff. The project meets all the requirements according to the LJPD-SF zoning regulations and the La Jolla Community Plan.

Comment Letter D

Response

DELANO & DELANO

November 23, 2020

VIA E-MAIL

D-1

D-2

D-3

Development Services Department City of San Diego 1222 First Ave., MS 501 San Diego, CA 92101 DSDEAS/@sandiego.gov

Re: Draft Mitigated Negative Declaration for 8423 El Paseo Grande Coastal Development Permit and Site Development Permit, Project No. 661815

Dear Development Services Department:

This letter is submitted on behalf of Ayelet and Uri Gneezy in connection with the 8423 El Paseo Grande Coastal Development Permit and Site Development Permit Project No. 661815 ("Project") and related Draft Mitigated Negative Declaration ("Draft MND").

I. The City Should Prepare an Environmental Impact Report

CEQA requires the preparation of an Environmental Impact Report ("EIR") whenever substantial evidence in the record supports a "fair argument" that significant environmental impacts may occur. Pub. Res. Code § 21080(d); No Oil, Inc. v. City of Los Angeles (1975) 13 Cal.3d 68. If there is "substantial evidence that the project might have [a significant impact on the environment], but the agency failed to secure preparation of the required EIR, the agency's action is to be set aside because the agency abused its discretion by failing to proceed in a 'manner required by law." Friends of "B" Street v. City of Hayward (1980) 106 Cal.App.3d 988, 1002. Here, the City should prepare an EIR before proceeding: the Project is likely to lead to several significant impacts.

A. The Project Will Lead to Significant Impacts to Air Quality

Discussing the Project's potential construction-related air quality impacts, the Draft MND states: "Construction-related activities are temporary, short-term sources of air emissions." Draft MND at 21. It acknowledges: "Sources of construction-related air emissions include fugitive dust from grading activities; construction equipment exhaust; construction-related trips by workers, delivery trucks, and material-hauling trucks; and EVERETT L. DELANO III Admitted in California and Colorado

M. DARE DELANO Admitted in California and New York

TYLER T. HEE Admitted in California and Hawaii

- D-1 The comment is introductory in nature and does not address the adequacy of the environmental document.
- D-2 The City of San Diego conducted an Initial Study in accordance with CEQA and found that the project could have a significant environmental effect to Cultural Resources and Tribal Cultural Resources. Implementation of mitigation measures would reduce impacts to below a level of significance. In accordance with CEQA Guidelines Section 15070, an MND was prepared. Therefore, an EIR was not required.
- D-3 As described in the MND Section III (b) Air Quality, construction related activities are temporary in nature. Fugitive dust emissions are generally associated with land-clearing and grading operations. Construction operations would include standard measures as required by City of San Diego grading permit to limit potential air quality impacts. Construction activities will be required to comply with the City's Best Management Practices (BMPs) which are enforceable under San Diego Municipal Code (SDMC) Section 142.0710. Therefore, impacts associated with fugitive dust are considered less than significant and would not violate an air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation.

Office: (760) 741-1200 www.delanoanddelano.com 104 W. Grand Avenue. Suite A • Escondido, CA 92025

Comment Letter D

Response

As stated in the MND Section III a Air Quality and Section XI a Land Use and Planning, the proposed project, a single-family home with attached companion unit, is consistent with the land use designation of the La Jolla Community Plan and the zoning of the LJSPDO and would not be expected to conflict with or obstruct an applicable air quality plan. As identified in the City's CEQA Significance Thresholds, projects that would typically result in significant air quality impacts would produce 9,500 Average Daily Trips (ADT) or contain a few hundred single family units. The addition of the companion unit does not exceed the City's Significance Determination Thresholds for Air Quality and the project is not expected to result in impacts. Impacts to air quality would remain less than significant.

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D-3

D-4

D-5

D-6

construction-related power consumption." Draft MND at 21. The Draft MND then reasons: "Any impacts associated with fugitive dust are considered less than significant and would not violate an air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation. No mitigation measures are required." Draft MND at 21.

It is improper to ignore an impact merely because it might be "temporary" in nature. Berkeley Keep Jets Over the Bay Comm. v. Board of Port Commissioners (2001) 91 Cal.App.4th 1344, 1380 – 81; see also Taxpayers for Accountable School Bond Spending v. San Diego Unified School Dist. (2013) 215 Cal.App.4th 1013, 1049 (emissions should be calculated as they will actually occur, not averaged over a longer period of time). Among other things, the Draft MND fails to adequately consider construction-related air quality impacts. The Draft MND only considers fugitive dust associated with land-clearing and grading. It improperly ignores potential impacts from other sources of air emissions, including construction equipment exhaust, constructionrelated trips by workers, delivery trucks, and material-hauling trucks, and constructionrelated power consumption. The Project site is adjacent to a number of potential sensitive receptors, single-family residences, and La Jolla Shores Beach and Kellogg Park. Construction activities will expose residents and beach and park users to related air emissions that must be addressed before the Project may be approved.

In addition, the Project will have significant impacts to greenhouse The California Environmental Quality Act ("CEQA") is premised in part on "a belief that citizens can make important contributions to environmental protection and ... notions of democratic decision-making ...," *Concerned Citizens of Costa Mesa, Inc. v. 32nd Agricultural Assoc.* (1986) 42 Cal.3d 929, 936. "Environmental review derives its vitality from public participation." *Ocean View Estates Homeowners Assn. v. Montecito Water Dist.* (2004) 116 Cal.App.4th 396, 400.

B. The Project Will Lead to Significant Impacts to Land Use and Planning

The Draft MND incorrectly claims the Project would have no impact to land use and planning. Draft MND at 32. The Draft MND claims the Project would not conflict with any applicable land use plan, policy, or regulations. Draft MND at 32. As explained in the November 15, 2020 submitted by architect Philip A. Merten in connection with the Project's Draft MND ("Merten Letter"), the Project is inconsistent with various applicable land use plans, policies, and regulations including provisions concerning setbacks, character, bulk and scale, parking, and transitions in bulk and scale. The Merten Letter is herein incorporated by reference. In addition, the Project is inconsistent with provisions concerning, among other things, public access to beaches and coastline, transportation systems, and residential land use.

"The propriety of virtually any local decision affecting land use and development depends upon consistency with the applicable general plan and its elements." *Citizens of Goleta Valley v. Bd. of Supervisors* (1990) 52 Cal.3d 553, 570 (citation omitted). "Because of its broad scope, long-range perspective, and primacy over subsidiary land

<u>Response</u>

- D-4 As noted in the Draft MND, the City's Climate Action Plan (CAP) outlines the actions that the City will undertake to achieve its proportional share of State greenhouse gas (GHG) emission reductions. A CAP Consistency Checklist is part of the CAP and contains measures that are required to be implemented on a project-by-project basis to ensure that the specified emission targets identified in the CAP are achieved. The project is consistent with the General Plan and the La Jolla Community Plan's land use and zoning designations. Further, based upon review and evaluation of the completed CAP Consistency Checklist, the project is consistent with the applicable strategies and actions of the CAP. Based on the project's consistency with the City's CAP Checklist, provided as a technical appendix to the Draft MND, the project's contribution of GHG's to cumulative statewide emissions would be less than cumulatively considerable. Therefore, the projects direct and cumulative GHG emissions would have a less than significant impact.
- D-5 Comments made in reference to Mr. Phil Merten's letter are fully addressed in response to comments A-4 through A-11. The project has been reviewed by qualified City staff and determined to be consistent with the LJSPD-SF zoning requirements and the La Jolla Community Plan. The project proposes to demolish and existing single-family residence and construct a new single-family residence and companion unit in its place. The site was reviewed and found to be adequately served with existing public facilities in the nearby vicinity and would not trigger the need for new facilities to be constructed. The project is fully within a private site and would not affect public access.
- D-6 The comment is general in nature and does not address the adequacy of the environmental document.

City of San Diego Development Service Dept. November 23, 2020 Page 3 of 7

D-6

D-7

D-8

D-9

use decisions, the 'general plan has been aptly described as the 'constitution for all future developments' within the city or county.'" *Orange Citizens for Parks and Recreation v. Sup. Ct.* (2016) 2 Cal.5th 141, 152 (citation omitted). If a Project "will frustrate the General Plan's goals and policies, it is inconsistent with the County's General Plan unless it also includes definite affirmative commitments to mitigate the adverse effect or effects." *Napa Citizens for Honest Government v. Napa County Board of Supervisors* (2001) 91 Cal.App.4th 342, 379. The La Jolla Shores Community Plan and Local Coastal Program Land Use Plan ("Community Plan") are part of the City's General Plan. Community Plan at 117 (Appendix C).

The Project violates and is inconsistent with provisions of the General Plan, Community Plan, and San Diego Municipal Code ("SDMC"). Among other things, the Project violates Community Plan and SDMC provisions concerning Natural Resources and Open Space Systems, Transportation Systems, and public parking in the Community Plan area.

A goal of the Community Plan's Natural Resources and Open Space Systems Element provides: "Enhance existing public access to La Jolla's beaches and coastline areas (for example La Jolla Shores Beach and Children's Pool areas) in order to facilitate greater public use and enjoyment of these and other coastal resources." Community Plan at 29. To accomplish its goals, Natural Resources and Open Space Systems Element Public Access Policy c. requires: "The City shall maintain, and where feasible, enhance and restore existing parking areas, public stairways, pathways and railings along the shoreline to preserve vertical access (to the beach and coast), to allow lateral access (along the shore), and to increase public safety at the beach and shoreline areas." Community Plan at 41.

In addition, the Community Plan's Transportation Systems Element provides the following goal: "Improve the availability of public parking in those areas closest to the coastline as well as in the village core through a program of incentives (such as peripheral and central parking facilities, parking programs and improved transit)." Community Plan at 55. Transportation Systems Policy 9 requires: "The City should require parking for all proposed projects that adequately addresses the increased demand on some areas of the Coastal Zone." Community Plan at 58. Additionally, the Community Plan requires:

Require that all proposed development maintain and enhance public access to the coast by providing adequate parking per the Coastal Parking regulations of the Land Development Code. This required parking includes higher parking ratios for multiple-dwelling units in the Beach Impact Areas, as well as the required prohibition of curb cuts where there is alley access, in order to retain and enhance publicly-accessible street parking for beach visitors.

Response

- D-7 See response to comment D-5 above.
- D-8 This comment is an introduction to comments further provided in D-9 through D-11.
- The project is located in the Parking Impact Beach Overlay D-9 Zone and has provided two off-street parking in the garage, as required for the primary residence. Pursuant to ADU Parking regulations, SDMC 141.0302(a)(3) No on-street parking spaces or off-street parking spaces are required for ADUs. If the applicant chooses to provide off-street parking spaces for ADUs located on the premises, those spaces shall comply with the following: (i) Off-street parking spaces may be located in any configuration, may be within the setback areas, and may include tandem spaces (ii) Off-street parking spaces shall be located within hardscape areas and shall comply with the minimum standards and guidelines to provide safe and efficient means of vehicular access to the lot. Pursuant to 141.0103(b) Where there is a conflict between the regulations in the separately regulated article (for Companion Units) and other regulations in the Land Development Code, separately regulated article shall apply. The project is providing adequate parking.
Response

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D-9

D-10

D-11

D-12

Community Plan at 61. The Project violates these goals and policies of the Community Plan. The Project proposes to provide two-off street parking spaces where three are required. *See* Merten Letter at 4. The Project's failure to provide the required number of off-street parking spaces violates the Community Plan's goal and policies concerning transportation and protecting and enhancing public access to the beach and coastline.

In addition, City staff has reasoned the parking provisions of the Land Development Code's Separately Regulated Uses article apply to the Project in claiming the required parking for the Project's proposed companion unit may be located in the Project's proposed driveway. This is incorrect. The Draft MND acknowledges the Project is in the Community Plan Single Family Zone. Draft MND at 1. Pursuant to the La Jolla Shores Planned District Ordinance, for development in the single family zone, "[p]arking shall be provided in accordance with Land Development Code Chapter 14, Article 2, Division 5 (Parking Regulations)." SDMC § 1510.0304 (f)(1). Among other things, the use of a driveway to satisfying off-street parking requirements in not permitted under Chapter 14, Article 2, Division 5. SDMC § 142.0510(e)(2)(A).

The Project also violates goals and policies of the Community Plan's Residential Land Use Element concerning community character. Among other things, Residential Land Use Element Policy 2.a. requires:

In order to promote development compatible with the existing residential scale:

The City should apply the development recommendations that are contained in this plan to all properties in La Jolla in order avoid extreme and intrusive changes to the residential scale of La Jolla's neighborhoods and to promote good design and harmony within the visual relationships and transitions between new and older structures.

Community Plan at 70. As discussed in the Merten Letter, the Project violates this policy and is inconsistent with the Community Plan's development recommendations. Merten Letter at 5.

C. <u>The Project Will Lead to Significant Impacts to Aesthetics and</u> <u>Neighborhood Character</u>

The Draft MND claims: "The [P]roject is compatible with the surrounding development and permitted by the community plan and zoning designation. The project would not degrade the existing visual character or quality of the site and its surroundings; therefore, impacts would be less than significant." Draft MND at 18.

The City's CEQA Significance Determination Thresholds ("CEQA Thresholds") provide a list of conditions, one or more of which must apply, to determine a project

- D-10 The companion unit does not require a parking space. See response to D-9 above.
- D-11 Staff conducted a comprehensive review of the proposed development as it relates to bulk and scale to determine community character and compatibility with existing residential development. The La Jolla Shores Planned District Ordinance (LJSPDO) does not specify FAR or required setbacks, only maximum lot coverage (60 percent, 1510.0304). The new structure would result in a 49% coverage of the lot. A survey of the neighborhood shows a comparison of similar gross floor areas and building setbacks to the current proposal. Neighborhood surveys are used by staff as a guide for determining conformance of a proposed project with surrounding development. It is an established DSD review method/practice for Staff to consider all development within the survey area when determining character of the area, and bulk and scale.

The La Jolla Community Plan (LJCP Pg.76) states, in order to regulate the scale of new development, apply the applicable development regulations which includes the LJSPDO (Coverage 60%, Structure height 30ft, Landscape 30%). There is also mention of regulating the scale of new development by applying setbacks requirements, building articulation, second story step backs, roofline treatment and variations within front yard setback requirements. These features are implemented within the proposal.

The bulk and scale of the proposed structure when viewed from the public right-of-way was also evaluated by staff. Staff determined the proposed structure is compatible in terms of bulk and scale with other structures in the neighborhood and would be consistent with the purpose and intent of the LJSPDO. The proposed exterior construction materials would be compatible with the neighborhood, as specified in the LJSPDO and the La Jolla Shores Design Manual.

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meets the significance threshold for neighborhood character of: "Projects that severely contrast with the surrounding neighborhood character." CEQA Thresholds at 76. Among other things, a project may have a significant impact to neighborhood character if: "The project exceeds the allowable height or bulk regulations and the height and bulk of the existing patterns of development in the vicinity of the project by a substantial margin." CEQA Thresholds at 76. As detailed in the November 15, 2020 Merten Letter, the Project's proposed bulk and scale are excessive in relation to the existing pattern of development and are not in compliance with the General Design Regulations of the La Jolla Shores Planned District Ordinance. Merten Letter at 3-4. Accordingly, the Project will have significant impacts to neighborhood character and the Draft MND's proposed determinations are not supported by the evidence.

D. <u>The Project Will Lead to Significant Noise Impacts</u>

The Draft MND claims the Project will have a less than significant impact to noise. Draft MND at 33. It acknowledges: "Short-term noise impacts would be associated with onsite grading, and construction activities of the project." Draft MND at 33. The Draft MND claims:

Sensitive receptors (e.g. residential uses) occur in the immediate area and may be temporarily affected by construction noise; however, <u>construction</u> activities would be required to comply with the construction hours specified in the City's Municipal Code (Section 59.5.0404, Construction Noise) which are intended to reduce potential adverse effects resulting from construction noise. Impacts would remain below a level of significance.

Draft MND at 33 (underlining added). The Draft MND's discussion and conclusion concerning construction-related noise impacts are inadequate.

The CEQA Thresholds state: "Temporary construction noise which exceeds 75 dB(A) Leq at a sensitive receptor would be considered significant. Construction noise levels measured at or beyond the property lines of any property zoned residential shall not exceed an average sound level greater than 75-decibles (dB) during the 12-hour period from 7:00 a.m. to 7:00 p.m." CEQA Thresholds at 54. The CEQA Thresholds closely follow the provisions of the City's Construction Noise ordinance, which provides: "[I] shall be unlawful for any person, including The City of San Diego, to conduct any construction activity so as to cause, at or beyond the property lines of any property zoned residential, an average sound level greater than 75 decibels during the 12-hour period from 7:00 a.m. to 7:00 p.m." SDMC § 59.5.0404(b).

The Draft MND fails to adequately address noise-levels associated with the Project's construction activities. The Project site and surrounding properties are designated low-density residential under the Community Plan. Community Plan at 73 (Figure 16). Yet, there is no analysis concerning whether the Project's construction-

Response

The LJSPDO "Design Principle" theme is "unity with variety", directing that no adjacent homes should be substantially alike nor should two adjacent homes be so different as to disrupt the architectural unity of the area. Unity and variety should not become monotonous or chaotic. The La Jolla Shores neighborhood is very diverse and comprised of structures with varied bulk, scale, forms, materials and color. The proposed structure's overall form, bulk scale, exterior material and colors when viewed from the public right-ofaway would be compatible with the varied architecture of the La Jolla Shores neighborhood.

The proposed project complies with the regulations of the LJSPDO, and applicable land use plan policies and goals.

- D-12 See response to comment D-11 above. The project would cause a less than significant impact to Aesthetics and Neighborhood Character.
- D-13 The project is consistent with the land use and underlying zone, therefore is consistent with the Community Noise Equivalency Level (CNEL). Any impacts would be less than significant. The project is located in a neighborhood with similar development. Any construction related noise is regulated by the Land Development Code and is temporary in nature. Any impacts from noise would not exceed the City's thresholds for temporary construction generated noise.

D-13

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D-13

D-15

D-16

related noise levels would exceed the 75 dBA standard beyond the adjacent, residential property lines. The Draft MND claims the Project "would be required to comply with the construction hours" specified by SDMC Section 59.5.0404 to reduce construction noise impacts. Draft MND at 33. There is no evidence to support the Draft MND's claim the Project will have less than significant impacts to noise. The City improperly ignored this requirement. *Berkeley Keep Jets Over the Bay Comm.*, 91 Cal.App.4th at 1380 – 81 (it is improper to ignored noise impacts mere because it might be "temporary" in nature).

E. The Project's Impacts to Greenhouse Gas Emissions are Inadequately Analyzed and the City Failed to Ensure Public Participation

CEQA is premised in part on "a belief that citizens can make important contributions to environmental protection and ... notions of democratic decision-making ...," Concerned Citizens of Costa Mesa, Inc. v. 32nd Agricultural Assoc. (1986) 42 Cal.3d 929, 936. "Environmental review derives its vitality from public participation." Ocean View Estates Homeowners Assn. v. Montecito Water Dist. (2004) 116 Cal.App.4th 396, 400. The Draft MND claims the Project's potential impacts to greenhouse gas emissions will be less than significant. Draft MND at 28. The Draft MND references the City's Climate Action Plan ("CAP") Checklist completed for the Project in supporting its claim. Draft MND at 28. However, the Project's completed CAP Checklist was not made available with the Draft MND. The City's failure to provide all documents and evidence upon which its proposed determinations are based precludes public participation and violates CEQA.

In addition, the Draft MND does not discuss the Project's construction-related greenhouse gas emission impacts. Draft MND at 28. Under CEQA: ""Project' means the whole of an action, which has a potential for resulting in either a direct physical change in the environment." CEQA Guidelines § 15378(a). Accordingly, a lead agency must review all greenhouse gas emissions from a project, including construction-related emissions. Natural Resources Agency, Final Statement of Reasons for Regulatory Action: Amendments to the State CEQA Guidelines Addressing Analysis and Mitigation of Greenhouse Gas Emissions Pursuant to SB97 (December 2009), page 24, available at: https://resources.ca.gov/CNRALegacyFiles/ceqa/docs/Final_Statement_of_Reasons.pdf. The City's review of the Project's potential impacts to greenhouse gas emissions is inadequate and the City must ensure public participation.

II. The Required Findings Cannot be Made

The Public Notice for the Draft MND recommends the following finding: "The recommended finding that the project will not have a significant effect on the environment is based on an Initial Study and project revisions/conditions which now mitigate potentially significant environmental impacts in the following area(s): Cultural Resources (Archaeology) and Tribal Cultural Resources." The Project will lead to significant impacts to, among other things, air quality, greenhouse gas, land use and planning, neighborhood character, and noise. Accordingly, the required findings cannot

Response

D-14 The CAP Checklist was provided as an Appendix to the Draft MND which was posted on the City's CEQA page and will be posted with the final document.

D-15 See response to comment D-4 above.

D-16 See responses to comment D-3 in reference to Air Quality, D-4 in reference to Greenhouse Gas Emissions, D-5 in reference to Land Use, D-11 in reference to Neighborhood Character, and D-13 in reference to Noise.

Response

City of San Diego Development Service Dept. November 23, 2020 Page 7 of 7

D-16

D-17 -

be made and the City must adequately review the Project's potential environmental impacts before proceeding.

III. Conclusion

For the foregoing reasons, Ayelet and Uri Gneezy urge the Development Services Department to reject the Draft MND and require an EIR be prepared for the Project. Thank you for your consideration of these concerns.

Sincerely, JA 2. Har Her T. Hee

Enc.

cc: Benjamin Hafertepe, Development Services, Project Manager Philip A. Merten, AIA, Merten Architect D-17 See response to comment D-2 above.

Comment Letter E

Re: Draft Mitigated Negative Declaration 8423 El Paseo Grande Project Number 661815 Dear Ms. Ferrell and Members of the Development Services Department, The proposed construction for 8423 El Paseo Grande should be examined further as the findings in the DRAFT Mitigated Negative Declaration (MND) are inaccurate. I am in agreement with all of the factual information in the report submitted to you on November E-1 15, 2020 by Phillip Merten, Architect. As a La Jolla Shores resident for nearly 50 years and a real estate agent since 1980. I have a wealth of personal knowledge regarding properties and development in La Jolla. The initial study analysis and conclusion are incorrect because the proposed project does not comply with the La Jolla Shores Planned District Ordinance. This project was NOT approved by the La Jolla Planning Association or the La Jolla Shores Permit Review Committee. T E-2 -I am submitting 20 pages from the Mitigated Negative Declaration where I have noted my handwritten comments. Also, I have included some maps and documents from other sources. If you require additional formation, please contact me. The proposed project neither conforms to the requirements of the La Jolla Shores Planned E-3 District Ordinance nor many of the San Diego Municipal Codes.

Thank you for your consideration.

Sincerely, Peggy Davis 8387 Paseo Del Ocaso La Jolla, California 92037 peggydavislajolla@gmail.com

858-459-4844

Response

- E-1 The comment is introductory in nature and does not address the adequacy of the environmental document.
- E-2 Comment Noted. The project has been reviewed by qualified City staff. The project meets all the requirements according to the LJSPD-SF zoning regulations and the La Jolla Community Plan. Response to attachments can be found in A-4 through E-36.

E-3 See response to comment E-2 above.

RE: 8 Project	ENVIRO The em	S EI Pases G 661815 DIMENTAL FACTORS POT vironmental factors checke dally significant impact" as	ENTIALLY A	AFFECTED: La Joll	this proje	in and comments from 1:8387 Pases Del Ocaso 992037: peggydavis layalla ect. involving at least one imbat thagis a gmail. com
		Aesthetics		Greenhouse Gas Emissions		Population/Housing
		Agriculture and Forestry Resources		Hazards & Hazardous Materials		Public Services
		Air Quality		Hydrology/Water Quality		Recreation
		Biological Resources		Land Use/Planning		Transportation/Traffic
	\boxtimes	Cultural Resources		Mineral Resources	\boxtimes	Tribal Cultural Resources
		Energy		Noise		Utilities/Service System
		Geology/Soils	\boxtimes	Mandatory Findings Significance		Wildfire

DETERMINATION: (To be completed by Lead Agency)

On the basis of this initial evaluation:

PK.

E-4

The proposed project COULD NOT have a significant effect on the environment, and a NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared. Proposed project will have significant effect on the avvironment. FAR Environment and a significant effect of the environment, there will not be a significant.

- Although the proposed project could have a significant effect of the environment, there will not be a significant effect in this case because revisions in the project have been made by or agreed to by the project proponent. A MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared.
- The proposed project MAY have a significant effect on the environment, and an ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required.
- The proposed project MAY have a "potentially significant impact" or "potentially significant unless mitigated" impact on the environment, but at least one effect (a) has been adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and (b) has been addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis as described on attached sheets, An ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required.
- Although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, because all potentially significant effects (a) have been analyzed adequately in an earlier EIR or (MITIGATED) NEGATIVE DECLARATION pursuant to applicable standards, and (b) have been avoided or mitigated pursuant to that earlier EIR or (MITIGATED) NEGATIVE DECLARATION, including revisions or mitigation measures that are imposed upon the proposed project, nothing further is required.

Response

E-4 The City of San Diego conducted an Initial Study in accordance with CEQA and found that the project could have a significant environmental effect to Cultural Resources and Tribal Cultural Resources. Implementation of mitigation measures would reduce impacts to below a level of significance. In accordance with CEQA Guidelines Section 15070, an MND was prepared. Therefore, an EIR was not required.



Response

E-5 Comment noted. This has been addressed in the Initial Study under Aesthetics (Section I (a)). Impacts would be less than significant.

E-6 The project was reviewed by qualified City staff and found to be consistent with the designated land use and LJSPD-SF zone. Impacts to scenic resources would be less than significant.

F-7 Staff conducted a comprehensive review of the proposed development as it relates to bulk and scale to determine community character and compatibility with existing residential development. The La Jolla Shores Planned District Ordinance (LJSPDO) does not specify FAR or required setbacks, only maximum lot coverage (60 percent, 1510.0304). The new structure would result in a 49% coverage of the lot. A survey of the neighborhood shows a comparison of similar gross floor areas and building setbacks to the current proposal. Neighborhood surveys are used by staff as a guide for determining conformance of a proposed project with surrounding development. It is an established DSD review method/practice for Staff to consider all development within the survey area when determining character of the area, and bulk and scale.

<u>Response</u>

The La Jolla Community Plan (LJCP Pg.76) states, in order to regulate the scale of new development, apply the applicable development regulations which includes the LJSPDO (Coverage 60%, Structure height 30ft, Landscape 30%). There is also mention of regulating the scale of new development by applying setbacks requirements, building articulation, second story step backs, roofline treatment and variations within front yard setback requirements. These features are implemented within the proposal.

The bulk and scale of the proposed structure when viewed from the public right-of-way was also evaluated by staff. Staff determined the proposed structure is compatible in terms of bulk and scale with other structures in the neighborhood and would be consistent with the purpose and intent of the LJSPDO. The proposed exterior construction materials would be compatible with the neighborhood, as specified in the LJSPDO and the La Jolla Shores Design Manual.

The LJSPDO "Design Principle" theme is "unity with variety", directing that no adjacent homes should be substantially alike nor should two adjacent homes be so different as to disrupt the architectural unity of the area. Unity and variety should not become monotonous or chaotic. The La Jolla Shores neighborhood is very diverse and comprised of structures with varied bulk, scale, forms, materials and color. The proposed structure's overall form, bulk scale, exterior material and colors when viewed from the public right-of-away would be compatible with the varied architecture of the La Jolla Shores neighborhood.

The proposed project complies with the regulations of the LJSPDO, and applicable land use plan policies and goals.

E-8 Comment noted. Light and Glare has been addressed in the Initial Study under Aesthetics (Section I (d)). Impacts would be less than significant.

Tasue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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agricultural use or conversion of forest land to non-forest use?				
Refer to response ll (a) and ll (c), above. T	be project and	constant and and and a		
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Therefore, no impact would result.	ny such lands w	ould result from (project implen	nentation,
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The project would demolish an existing single-family residence and construct a new single-family residence and companion unit in its place, within a developed neighborhood of similar residential uses. The project is consistent with the General Plan, community plan, and the underlying zoning for single-family residential development. Therefore, the project would be consistent at a sub-regional

Response

E-9 As stated in the MND Section III (a) Air Quality and Section XI (a) Land Use and Planning, the proposed project, a singlefamily home with attached companion unit, is consistent with the land use designation of the La Jolla Community Plan and the zoning of the LJSPDO and would not be expected to conflict with or obstruct an applicable air quality plan. The addition of the companion unit does not exceed the City's Significance Determination Thresholds for Air Quality and the project is not expected to result in impacts. Impacts to air quality would remain less than significant.

Response

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
level with the underlying growth forecast the RAQS. As such, no impacts would rest		nd would not obs	truct impleme	ntation of

b) Violate any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation?

(1) □ ∞ □ prevent proper our flow to adjacent files

Short-Term (Construction) Emissions

E-10

Construction-related activities are temporary, short-term sources of air emissions. Sources of construction-related air emissions include fugitive dust from grading activities; construction equipment exhaust; construction-related trips by workers, delivery trucks, and material-hauling trucks; and construction-related power consumption.

Variables that factor into the total construction emissions potentially generated include the level of activity, length of construction period, number of pieces and types of equipment in use, site characteristics, weather conditions, number of construction personnel, and the amount of materials to be transported on or offsite.

Fugitive dust emissions are generally associated with land-clearing and grading operations. Construction operations would include standard measures as required by City of San Diego grading permit to limit potential air quality impacts. Any impacts associated with fugitive dust are considered less than significant and would not violate an air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation. No mitigation measures are required.

Long-Term (Operational) Emissions

Long-term air emission impacts are those associated with stationary sources and mobile sources related to any change caused by a project. The project would produce minimal stationary sources emissions. The project is compatible with the surrounding development and is permitted by the community plan and zone designation. Based on the residential land use, project emissions over the long-term are not anticipated to violate any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation. Impacts would be less than significant, and no mitigation measures are required.



As described in III (b) above, construction operations could temporarily increase the emissions of dust and

other pollutants. However, construction emissions would be temporary and short-term in duration; implementation of Best Management Practices (BMPs) would reduce potential impacts related to construction activities to a less than significant level. Therefore, the project would not result in a E-10 See response to comment E-9 above.

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Thân Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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(Chapter 14, Division 3, and Article 2) is to protect, preserve and, where damaged, restore the historical resources of San Diego. The regulations apply to all proposed development within the City of San Diego when historical resources are present on the premises. Before approving discretionary projects, CEQA requires the Lead Agency to identify and examine the significant adverse environmental effects which may result from that project. A project that may cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource may have a significant effect on the environment (sections 15064.5(b) and 21084.1). A substantial adverse change is defined as demolition, destruction, relocation, or alteration activities, which would impair historical significance (sections 15064.5(b)(1)). Any historical resource listed in, or eligible to be listed in the California Register of Historical Resources, including archaeological resources, is considered to be historically or culturally significant.

The City of San Diego criteria for determination of historic significance, pursuant to CEQA, is evaluated based upon age (over 45 years), location, context, association with an important event, uniqueness, or structural integrity of the building. Projects requiring the demolition and/or modification of structures that are 45 years or older have the potential to result in potential impacts to a historical resource.

The project site contains a single-family residence over 45 years old. The project site was reviewed by Historic staff and according to their review, the property does not meet the local designation criteria as an individually significant resource under any of the adopted Historical Resource Board criteria. Their determination was made on July 6, 2020 and is good for five years. As such, any impacts would be less than significant. Quing construction of lifequard stations in 2013 Wathie American artifacts discovered. Inderground b) Cause a substantial adverse change in

the significance of an archaeological

F-11 -

resource pursuant to \$15064.5? Water 2054 to surface. Hopet 800 lest from lifegy and towe Many areas of San Diego County, including mesas and the coast, are known for intense and diverse prehistoric occupation and important archaeological and historical resources. The region has been inhabited by various cultural groups spanning 10,000 years or more. The project area is located within an area identified as sensitive on the City of San Diego's Historical Resources Sensitivity Maps.

Therefore, a record search of the California Historic Resources Information System (CHRIS) digital database was reviewed to determine presence or absence of potential resources within the project site by qualified archaeological City staff. Previously recorded historic and prehistoric sites have been identified in the near project vicinity.

The project is located in La Jolla Shores, in an area called Spindrift, that has been known to contain sensitive cultural resources in the soil at shallow depths. The project proposes to demolish an existing single-family residence and construct a new residence in its place. Due to the scope of work in this location of La Jolla, impacts to any unknown resources buried beneath the surface could rise to a level of significance, according to the City of San Diego's Cultural Resources Guidelines. As such, an archaeological and Native American monitor must be present during all grading activities in order to reduce any potential impacts to a level below significance.

A Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program, as detailed within Section V of the Mitigated Negative Declaration would be implemented to reduce impacts related to Historical Resources

Response

F-11 The Draft MND addresses potentially significant impacts to Cultural and Tribal Cultural Resources and has a Mitigation, Monitoring, and Reporting Program (MMRP) in place to mitigate impacts to below a level of significance.

E-12

Less Than Potentially Less Than Significant with Issue Significant Significant No Impact Mitigation Impact Impact Incorporated (archaeology) to below a level of significance. or a MAT FOUNDATION. rading on proper structure c) Directly or indirectly destroy a unique Square DOT paleontological resource or site or, unique geologic feature? excavation not listed Amoust 0 According to the "Geology of the San Diego Metropolitan Area, California, La Jolla, 7.5 Minute Quadrangle Maps" (Kennedy and Peterson, 1975), the project site is mostly underlain with the low sensitive rating Young Colluvial formation, which has a low probability of containing important paleontological resources. The City's Significance Determination Thresholds state paleontological monitoring during grading activities may be required if it is determined that the project's earth movement quantity exceeds the Paleontological threshold (if greater than 1,000 cubic yards and ten feet deep for formations with a high sensitivity rating and if greater than 2,000 cubic yards and ten feet deep for formations with a moderate sensitivity rating). The project does not propose any grading activities which would exceed the grading thresholds in a moderate or high sensitive formation. Therefore, impacts would remain less than significant. d) Disturb human remains, including those interred outside of dedicated \boxtimes cemeteries? Refer to response V (b) above. Section V of the Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program contains provisions for the discovery of human remains. If human remains are discovered, work shall halt in that area and no soil shall be exported off-site until a determination can be made regarding the provenance of the human remains; and the following procedures as set forth in CEQA Section 15064.5(e), the California Public Resources Code (Sec. 5097.98) and State Health and Safety Code (Sec. 7050.5) shall be undertaken. Based upon the required mitigation measure impacts would be less than significant. VI. ENERGY - Would the project: a) Result in potentially significant environmental impact due to wasteful, inefficient, or unnecessary \boxtimes consumption of energy resources, during project construction or operation? The project would be required to meet mandatory energy standards of the current California energy code. Construction of the single-family residence would require operation of heavy equipment but would be temporary and short-term in duration. Additionally, long-term energy usage from the

would be temporary and short-term in duration. Additionally, long-term energy usage from the building would be reduced through design measures that incorporate energy conservation features in heating, ventilation and air conditioning systems, lighting and window treatments, and insulation and weather stripping. The project would also incorporate cool-roofing materials and solar panels. Development of the project would not result in a significant environmental impact due to wasteful, inefficient, or unnecessary consumption of energy resources. Impacts would remain less than significant.

Response

E-12 The project proposes to grade 3 CY of soil in a low sensitive rating Young Colluvial formation which has a low probability of containing paleontological resources according to the City's thresholds; therefore, grading in this formation is not considered significant. The thresholds have been outlined in Section V(c) of the Initial Study.

ls	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
b)	Conflict with or obstruct a state or local plan for renewable energy or energy efficiency?				

The project is consistent with the General Plan and the La Jolla Community Plan's land use designation. The project is required in comply with the City's Climate Action Plan (CAP) by implementing energy reducing design measures, therefore the project would not obstruct a state or local plan for renewable energy or energy efficiency. No impacts would result.

VII. GEOLOGY AND SOILS - Would the project:

ILOGY AND SOILS - Would the project: Fill at these inactive fourths wan in a northwest to southeast Expose people or structures to potential substantial adverse effects, including the risk of loss, injury, or death directed involving: Geological Hazards, City of San Diego Saismit Study Rupture of a known earthquake (1995) identified active and inactive recent Aquist Priolo Earthquake geological Paults that are located in La Jalla State Geologist for the area or X based on other substantial evidence of a known faultz Refer to The faults are classified as POTENTIDLLY Division of Mines and Geology ACTIVE include the SCRIPPS FAULT. The Special Publication 42 CHOWHT SOLEDAD FAULT, The Muirlands Fault And the Country Club Fouth According to the Preliminary Geotechnical Investigation Report (March 11, 2020), the closest known active fault is the Rose Canyon fault located 0.6 miles south of the site. The site is not located in an Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zone. No active faults are known to underlie or project toward the site. Therefore, the probability of fault rupture is considered low. Additionally, the project would be required to comply with seismic requirement of the California Building Code, utilize proper engineering design and utilization of standard construction practices, to be verified at the building permit stage, in order to ensure that potential impacts based on regional geologic hazards would remain less than significant. ii) Strong seismic ground shaking?

The site could be affected by seismic activity as a result of earthquakes on major active faults located throughout the Southern California area. The project would utilize proper engineering design and utilization of standard construction practices, to be verified at the building permit stage, in order to ensure that potential impacts from regional geologic hazards would remain less than significant.

iii) Seismic-related ground failure, X including liquefaction?

Liquefaction generally occurs when loose, unconsolidated, water-laden soils are subject to shaking, causing the soils to lose cohesion. The potential for soil liquefaction at the subject site is low to moderate due to presence of shallow groundwater. The project would be required to comply with the California Building Code that would reduce impacts to people or structures to an acceptable level of risk. Implementation of proper engineering design and utilization of standard construction practices, to be verified at the building permit stage, would ensure that the potential for impacts from regional geologic hazards would remain less than significant.

26

Response

E-13 This has been addressed in the Initial Study under Geology and Soils, Section VII (a(i)). No active faults are known to underline or project toward the site according to the Preliminary Geotechnical Investigation Report (March 11, 2020) included as an appendix. Impacts would be less than significant.



According to the Preliminary Geotechnical Investigation Report (March 11, 2020), no evidence of landslides or slope instabilities were observed on-site. The report concluded that due to the relatively level terrain of the site, the possibility of deep-seated slope stability problems at the site is low. Implementation of proper engineering design and utilization of standard construction practices, to be verified at the building permit stage, would ensure that the potential for impacts would be reduced to an acceptable level of risk. Impacts would be less than significant.

b) Result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil?

Demolition and construction activities would temporarily expose soils to increased erosion potential. The project would be required to comply with the City's Storm Water Standards which requires the implementation of appropriate Best Management Practices (BMPs). Grading activities within the site would be required to comply with the City of San Diego Grading Ordinance as well as the Storm Water Standards, which would ensure soil erosion and topsoil loss is minimized to less than significant levels. Furthermore, permanent storm water BMPs would also be required postconstruction consistent with the City's regulations, along with landscape regulations. Therefore, the project would not result in substantial soils erosion or loss of topsoil. Impacts would be less than significant. There is an underground water dramage problem at 8455 Paseo Grande with a drain on 8449 El Paseo Grande, 100 feet Be located on a geologic unit or soil that would become from 8403 El Paseo Grande . Water from unstable as a result of the project, and potentially result in on- or off-site 9 and 8455 landslide, lateral spreading, subsidence, 844 EL Pases Grandedrains liquefaction or collapse? into street

As discussed in Section VII (a) and VII (b), the project site is not likely to be subject to landslides, and the potential for liquefaction and subsidence is low. The soils and geologic units underlying the site are considered to have a "low" expansion potential. The project design would be required to comply with the requirements of the California Building Code, ensuring hazards associated with expansive soils would be reduced to an acceptable level of risk. As such, impacts are expected to be less than significant. Appendices IDD feet from 8423. El Paseo Grande have

 Be located on expansive soil, as defined in Table 18-1-B of the Uniform Building

E-14

E-15 -

According to the Generating substantial risks to life or property? 3433 CP Passes Grands heighbor has concerns for safety at her property and prastition of residence expansive soil potential. The project would be required to comply with seismic requirements of the California Building Code that would reduce impacts to people or structures due to local seismic events to an acceptable level of risk. Implementation of proper engineering design and utilization of standard construction practices, to be verified at the building permit stage, would ensure that the potential for impacts from regional geologic hazards would remain less than significant.

Response

F-14 The proposed development is located on a previously developed urbanized lot. As confirmed in the February 12, 2020 Drainage Study for the proposed home included as a technical appendix, runoff from the proposed residence will be collected by a series of roof drains that discharge into adjacent landscaped areas. An on-site private storm drain will collect runoff and discharge it into the gutter along El Paseo Grande via a proposed dual sidewalk underdrain system. Runoff will then drain southerly to the confluence at Camino del Oro, drain westerly across the roadway, and then be collected within the same grate inlet as in pre-project conditions. City engineering staff reviewed the drainage study and agreed with the report findings that the proposed drainage patterns would not be substantially altered and the drainage patterns are adequate. This development does not propose to encroach into any undisturbed or natural areas. Impacts would be less than significant.

E-15 See response to comment E-14 above.



The project does not require the construction of wells or the use of groundwater. Furthermore, the project would include pervious design features and appropriate drainage. Therefore, the project would not introduce a significant amount of new impervious surfaces that could interfere with groundwater recharge. The project as designed was reviewed by qualified City staff and would not substantially deplete groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge. The project is located in a residential neighborhood where all infrastructures exist. The project would connect to the existing public water system. Impacts would be less than significant.

c) Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of \boxtimes a stream or river, in a manner, which would result in substantial erosion or siltation on- or off-site?

Proper landscaping would prevent substantial erosion onsite. No stream or river is located on or adjacent to the site, all runoff would be routed to the existing storm drain system and would therefore not substantially alter existing drainage patterns. The project would be required to implement BMPs to ensure that substantial erosion or siltation on or off-site during construction

activities would not occur. Impacts would be less than significant.

E

Response

E-16 The project would be conditioned to comply with all applicable regulations regarding drainage and runoff. Impacts would be less than significant.

E-17.18 See response to comment E-16 above.

	Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No impact
	Refer to response X (a) above. The project standards both during and after construct quality is not degraded. Impacts would be	tion, using app	propriate BMP's th		
	g) Place housing within a 100-year flood hazard area as mapped on a federal Flood Hazard Boundary or Flood Insurance Rate Map or other flood hazard delineation map?				۵
	The project site is not located within a 100 The project has been reviewed by the pro building construction guidelines to avoid 1 significance.	per engineerir flooding. Any ii	ng staff and would mpacts would rem	be conditione	ed to follow
Γ	h) Place within a 100-year flood hazard	stal Com	mission - h	igher ti	des in
	area, structures that would impede or redirect flood flows?	₩.		\boxtimes	
E-19 –		the futu	ve.		
	Refer to X (g) above. The project site is not known flood area. Impacts would remain	below a level o		hazard area o	or any other
٢	XI. LAND USE AND PLANNING - Would the project:				
F-20 →	 Physically divide an established community? 				\boxtimes
	The project would construct a new single- existing single-family residence. The projec community Plan's land use designation (L previously developed lot with access to a developed residential neighborhood and project would not substantially change the any barriers or project features that could	ct is consisten ow Density Re public roadway surrounded by e nature of the	t with the General sidential, 5-9 du/a y. The project site y similar residentia surrounding area	Plan and the c) and is withi is located with l developmen and would ne	La Jolla n a hin a t. The ot introduce
	b) Conflict with any applicable land use plan, policy, or regulation of an agency with jurisdiction over the project				
Г	(including but not limited to the general plan, specific plan, local coastal	(B)			
	program, or zoning ordinance) adopted for the purpose of avoiding or	Notcans	Istent with	Gener	1 Pho
E-21 -{		ere one Plan and the L og units per act istent. The pro with the appli	Conflucts w a Jolla Community re. The project is k ject also complies	The apple Plan's land u ocated on a 0. with the LJSP	se 12-acre lot D-SF zoning
		32			

<u>Response</u>

E-19 This comment is general in nature does not refer to the adequacy of the environmental document.

E-20,21 See response to comment E-2 above.



Response

- E-22 See response to comment E-2 above.
- E-23 The project is allowed to construct an ADU per San Diego Municipal Code Section 141.0302. The project would not displace substantial numbers of people. Impacts would not result.
- E-24 The proposed project is consistent with applicable setback regulations. The La Jolla Shores Planned District Ordinance (LISPDO) does not have an established minimum required front, side, or rear yard setback. Instead, the PDO Municipal Code Section 1510.0304(b)(4) in the "Siting of Buildings" section states "Building & Structure setbacks shall be in general conformity with those in the vicinity."

Please refer to section XV(a(i)) of the Initial Study. Replacement of an existing single-family residence would not impact fire-protection services. The project would be conditioned to comply with all fire and building codes.

38

Is	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
neighbo recreat or facili	ion of an existing park facility. The p orhood or regional parks or other ional facilities. Therefore, the projecties such that substantial deteriora- ion of recreational facilities to satisf ant.	ct is not antici tion occurs, or	pated to result in that would requi	the use of avai re the constru	ilable parks ction or
b)	Does the project include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities, which might have an adverse physical effect on the environment?				
	o XVI (a) above. The project does no insion of any such facilities. As such				construction
XVII. TR	ANSPORTATION/TRAFFIC – Would the project	t?			
	Would the project or plan/policy conflict with an adopted program, plan,				

E-25

Would the project or plan/policy result WML City of b) in VMT exceeding thresholds identified in the City of San Diego Transportation Study Manual?

supporting alternative transportation. No impacts would result.

Adjacent properties are not San Diego Transpor tation thaual

On September 27, 2013, Governor Edmund G. Brown, Jr. signed SB-743 into law, starting a process that fundamentally changes the way transportation impact analysis is conducted under CEQA. Related revisions to the State's CEQA Guidelines include elimination of auto delay, level of service (LOS), and similar measurements of vehicular roadway capacity and traffic congestion as the basis for determining significant impacts.

In December 2018, the California Resources Agency certified and adopted revised CEQA Guidelines, including new section 15064.3. Under the new section, vehicle miles traveled (VMT), which includes the amount and distance of automobile traffic attributable to a project, is identified as the "most appropriate measure of transportation impacts." As of July 1, 2020, all CEQA lead agencies must analyze a project's transportation impacts using VMT.

The Draft City of San Diego Transportation Study Manual (TSM) dated June 10, 2020 is consistent with the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) guidelines and utilizes VMT as a metric for evaluating transportation-related impacts. Based on these guidelines, all projects shall go through a

Response

This comment is referencing adjacent properties. E-25 VMT for the project was found to be less than significant.

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No impact
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screening process to determine the level of transportation analysis that is required.

The project would construct a single-family residence and a companion unit in the place of an existing single-family residence in a neighborhood which serves similar residential development. A "Small Project" is defined as a project generating less than 300 daily unadjusted driveway trips using the City of San Diego trip generation rates/procedures.

Based upon the screening criteria identified above, the project qualifies as a "Small Project" and is screened out from further VMT analysis. Therefore, as recommended in the City of San Diego Draft TSM, June 10, 2020, the project would have a less than significant impact.



The project would construct a single-family residence and a companion unit in the place of an existing single-family residence, in a neighborhood with similar residential development. The project complies with the La Jolla Community Plan and is consistent with the land use and underlying zoning, therefore, the project does not include any design features that would substantially increase hazards. No impacts would result. This pasidance

d) Result in ina access?

E-26

E-27

Adequate emergency access would be provided during both short-term construction (with construction operating protocols) and long-term operations of the project. Emergency access to the site would be provided from the driveway entrance on El Paseo Grande. As such, the project would not impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan. Impacts would be less than significant.

XVIII. TRIBAL CULTURAL RESOURCES - Would the project cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a tribal cultural resource, defined in Public Resources Code section 21074 as either a site, feature, place, cultural landscape that is geographically defined in terms of the size and scope of the landscape, sacred place, or object with cultural value to a California Native American tribe, and that is:

Listed or eligible for listing in the California Register of Historical Resources, or in a local register of historical resources as defined in Public Resources Code section 5020.1(k), or



The project site is not listed nor is it eligible for listing in the California Register of Historical Resources, or in a local register of historical resources as defined in Public Resources Code section 5020.1 (k). In addition, please see section V (b) above. Impacts would not result.

b) A resource determined by the lead agency, in its discretion and supported		\boxtimes	
	38		62)

Response

- E-26 See response to comment E-7 above.
- E-27 See response to comment E-11 above.

Response

by substantial evidence, to be significant pursuant to criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Public Resources Code section 5024.1. In applying the the lead agency shall consider the significance of the resource to a California Native American tribe.

Issue

Less Than Potentially Less Than Significant with Significant Significant No Impact Mitigation Impact Impact Incorporated There were Notice American artifacts land in 2015 during construction criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Public Resource Code section 5024.1, of drain 2 on Averida de Playa and at the construction of La Jolla Shores Beach Lifeguard Tower

Tribal Cultural Resources include sites, features, places, cultural landscapes, and sacred places or objects that have cultural value or significance to a Native American Tribe. Tribal Cultural Resources include "non-unique archaeological resources" that, instead of being important for "scientific" value as a resource, can also be significant because of the sacred and/or cultural tribal value of the resource. Tribal representatives are considered experts appropriate for providing substantial evidence regarding the locations, types, and significance of tribal cultural resources within their traditionally and cultural affiliated geographic area (PRC § 21080.3.1(a)).

In accordance with the requirements of Assembly Bill (AB) 52, The City of San Diego sent notification to the Native American Tribes traditionally and culturally affiliated with the project area on May 20, 2020. The Jamul Indian Village and the lipay Nation of Santa Ysabel responded requesting consultation. Consultation took place and concluded via email on June 18, 2020. It was determined that there are no sites, features, places or cultural landscapes that would be substantially adversely impacted by the proposed project. Although no Tribal Cultural Resources were identified within the project site, there is a potential for the construction of the project to impact buried and unknown Tribal Cultural Resources due to its location to known recorded resources in the near vicinity, and location within the Spindrift area of La Jolla Shores. Therefore, it was agreed upon that archaeological and Native American monitoring should be included in the MMRP. The Jamul Indian Village identified that no further evaluation was required and concluded consultation. Mitigation in the form of archaeological and Native American monitoring would reduce all impacts to Tribal Cultural Resources to below a level of significance. See section V of the MND and the Mitigation, Monitoring and Reporting Program (MMRP) for further details.

XIX. UTILITIES AND SERVICE SYSTEMS - Would the project:

a)	Exceed wastewater treatment			
	requirements of the applicable Regional Water Quality Control Board?		\boxtimes	

Implementation of the project would not interrupt existing sewer service to the project site or other surrounding uses. No significant increase in demand for wastewater disposal or treatment would be created by the project, as compared to current conditions. The project is not anticipated to generate significant amounts of wastewater. Wastewater facilities used by the project would be operated in accordance with the applicable wastewater treatment requirements of the Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB). Additionally, the project site is located in an urbanized and developed area. Adequate services are already available to serve the project. Impacts would remain below a level of significance.

b)	Require or result in the construction of	-	-	
	new water or wastewater treatment			\boxtimes

E-28 See response to comment E-11 above.

Response

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?				
c) Require or result in the construction of new storm water drainage facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause	antly increase gger the need result in - Water ntersuction pro per perting of new or exp nvironmental	the demand for w for new treatmen accumula an of EIF I Dra due i es an C g storm water drai ansion of existing effects. The project	rater or waste t facilities. No tian of tas autor tas autor t	water impacts starm w y day in ande and whage Grande and drainage id by
e proposed development. No impacts we	ould result.			
 d) Have sufficient water supplies available to serve the project from existing entitlements and resources, or are new or expanded entitlements needed? 	ould result.			
e) proposed development. M impacts we d) Have sufficient water supplies available to serve the project from existing entitlements and resources, or are new or expanded entitlements needed? the 2015 City Urban Water Management P ocument for the City's residents, business he current and future water supply and ne sult in new or expanded water entitleme nosistent with existing demand projection lowed land uses for the project site). The enerated from recycled water, local surfac oproximately 20 percent of the total wate om the San Diego County Water Authority d local supplies (City of San Diego 2015).	lan (UWMP) si ses, interest gr eeds for the C nts from the v is contained if Public Utilities ce supply, and r requirement y to make up t Therefore, th	erves as the water oups, and public of ty. Implementatio vater service provi the UWMP (which Department loca groundwater, wh s for the City. The che difference bet	resources pla officials. The U n of the proje der, as the pr h are based ou l water supply ich accounts f City purchase ween total water	Imming WMP assess ct would not oject is n the r is or rs water ter demands
 he proposed development. b6 impacts with the properties available to serve the project from existing entitlements and resources, or are new 	lan (UWMP) si ses, interest gr eeds for the C nts from the v is contained if Public Utilities ce supply, and r requirement y to make up t Therefore, th	erves as the water oups, and public of ty. Implementatio vater service provi the UWMP (which Department loca groundwater, wh s for the City. The che difference bet	resources pla officials. The U n of the proje der, as the pr h are based ou l water supply ich accounts f City purchase ween total water	Summing WMP assess ct would not oject is n the r is or rs water ter demands

E-29 -

The project would not adversely affect existing wastewater treatment services. Adequate services are available to serve the project site without requiring new or expanded entitlements. No impacts would result.

15

E-29 See response to comment E-14 above.

Is	ssue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
f)	Be served by a landfill with sufficient permitted capacity to accommodate the project's solid waste disposal needs?				

Construction debris and waste would be generated from the construction of the project. All construction waste from the project site would be transported to an appropriate facility, which would have sufficient permitted capacity to accept that generated by the project. Long-term operation of the residential use is anticipated to generate typical amounts of solid waste associated with residential uses. Furthermore, the project would be required to comply with the City's Municipal Code requirement for diversion of both construction waste during the short-term, construction phase and solid waste during the long-term, operational phase. Impacts are considered to be less than significant.

Comply with federal, state, and local statutes and regulation related to solid		
waste?		

The project would comply with all Federal, State, and local statutes and regulations related to solid waste. The project would not result in the generation of large amounts of solid waste, nor generate or require the transport of hazardous waste materials, other than minimal amounts generated during the construction phase. All demolition activities would comply with any City of San Diego requirements for diversion of both construction waste during the demolition phase and solid waste during the long-term, operational phase. Impacts would be less than significant.

XX. WILDFIRE - Would the project:

The City of San Diego participates in the San Diego County Multi-Jurisdictional Hazard Mitigation Plan. The project complies with the General Plan and is consistent with the La Jolla Community Plan's land use and the Land Development Code's zoning designation. The project is located in an urbanized area of San Diego and construction of a single-family residence and companion unit in the place of an existing single-family residence would not disrupt any emergency evacuation routes as identified in the Hazard Mitigation Plan. Therefore, the project would have a less-than-significant impact on an emergency response and evacuation plan during construction and operation.

b) Due to slope, prevailing winds, and other factors, exacerbate wildfire risks, a problem with a fire and thereby expose project occupants to, pollutant concentrations from a wildfire or the uncontrolled spread of Dccupants are limited for enough wildfire?

The project is located in an urbanized neighborhood of similar residential development and is not located in a Very High Fire Severity Zone. Due to the location of the project, the project would not have the potential to expose occupants to pollutant concentrations from a wildfire or the uncontrolled spread of wildfire. Therefore, impacts would remain below a level of significance. Response

E-30



Response

- E-31 See response to comment E-24 above.
- E-32 See response to comment E-14 and E-24 above.

42

This analysis has determined that, although there is the potential of significant impacts related to Cultural Resources (Archaeology) and Tribal Cultural Resources. As such, mitigation measures included in this document would reduce these potential impacts to a less than significant level as

eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or

outlined within the Mitigated Negative Declaration.

prehistory?





and with the use as anticipated by the City. Based on the analysis presented above, implementation of the mitigation measures would reduce environmental impacts such that no substantial adverse effects on humans would occur.

- E-33 Comment contains information referencing other projects. Comment does not address adequacy of the environmental document.
- E-34 See response to comment E-2 above. The project could result in potential impacts to Cultural Resources and Tribal Cultural Resources, but they would be mitigated to below a level of significance.

<u>Response</u>

		Loge Exist				Cal A SPTS	SC4 Soluble Sulfates Con Consolidation SA Sieve Analysis Ei Expansion Index IIA Hydrometer R Val Resistance Value SE Sand Lauvalent Chl Soluble Chlorides						
	DEPTH (6)	ELEVATION	GRAPHIC LOG	USCS SYMBOL	SUMMARY OF SUBSU (based on Unified Suil		PENETRATION (blows)	SAMPLE TYPE	BULK	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)	DRY DENSITY	SATURATION	FABORATORY TESTS
	0	13		SM	Slopewash (Osw): Medium brown roots in upper 2 feet, medium-graine	a, moist, loose, SILTY SAND with d, mottled.	14	Cal	Alter County	5,0	110.6		
	+ -	-9		SM	Old Paralic Deposits (Oop): Medi medium dense, SIL/IY SAND, medi of iron staining.	um orangish-brown and tan, moist, am-grained, mortled, with zones	53	Cal		52	124.1		SA, MI SO4, DS
	8	-5 -¥			At 8 feet becomes very moist. At 9 feet becomes saturated. Boring terminated at 10½ feet due to		30	Cal					Con.
5-35-	20-				Catto R. 8368 B:	be Dal Caso 12/16/08 s using moist as Saturated aved in							
		ymbol roundw pparent o Samp ourepre	Legend	eny : Blow	AVORTION 8368 BSA	PROPOSED SIN 8365	JGLE-F Paseo Jolla, C	AMII	Po Y Ri taso	ESIDE	Gre		fran

E- 35-36

These comments do not address the adequacy of this document. Reference material shown are boring logs for a different property located at 8368 Paseo Del Ocaso. The Preliminary Geotechnical Investigation Report completed for 8423 El Paseo Grande, by Christian Wheeler Engineering (March 2020) has been included as a technical appendix.

<u>Response</u>

Date Logge	Excava ed by:	ted:	OG OF T 12/16/08 AKN	L BORING B-1 Equipment Tripod Backer Size: N/A					****mple Type and Laboratory Test Legend Col so-dified California Sampler 4:K. Ostak Sample SPT Standard Protection Test DR Density Ring ST Shelp' Undersity DS Direct Shear MD Matahami Density DS Direct Shear SO1 8 solidble Solitates Long Consoliation							
		cation: evation:			e Weight: h to Water:	140 lbs. 9 feet.		SA	Sieve 2 Hydros Sand I. Plastici	inalysi neter quival	ent	tion El R-Val Chi Res	Resistance Soluble (noiser Index tince Value de Chlorides t Resistore		
DEPTH (f) ELEVATION	ERAPHIC LOG	USCS SYMBOL	ទបរ (৮	IMARY OF SUBSU	RFACE COP Classificatio	IDITIONS a System)		PENETRATION (blows)	SAMPLE TYPE	BULK	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)	DRY DENSITY	(Pet) SATURATION	ÉABORATORY TESTS		
		SM	Slopewash (Os- rosits in upper 2	x): Medium brown feet, medium-graine	n, moist, loo al, mortled.	se, SILTY SANI) wirh	14	tial	100 A. 100	5,8	110.6				
4 -9		SM	Old Paralic De medium dense, 9 of iron staining. At 8 feet become	oosits (Qop): Med	ium orangish ium-grained,	-brown and ran, mortled, with ze	moist, ones	53	Cal	A STATE AND A STATE	5.2	124,1		SA, M SO4 155		
±₹			At 9 feet become					30	Gi	9.6						
12-1				d at 10½ feet due to countered at 9 feet.	o caving.								C			
16			\$368 Caved	Rope Pases D in 18 Y	s fee	+-										
24-11 			Proper 8423	ty so El Pa	s fee	et from Sreerede		1								
Symbol Symbol Groundw Mpparent	ater Scepage		URBIA	N WHEELER		PROPOS	8368 P		del O	caso	ESIDE	NCE	f			
			L I R J M r, BY: SHV [OB NG: 2080718.02				DATE: January 2009 PLATE NO.: 2									
				F		Del.		1 14	6310			2	6	D		

E-36-

E- 35-36 See resp

See response to comment E-35 above.

Comment Letter F

Response

- F-1 The City of San Diego conducted an Initial Study in accordance with CEQA and found that the project could have a significant environmental effect to Cultural Resources and Tribal Cultural Resources. However, with implementation of mitigation measures, the project would reduce impacts to below a level of significance.
- The project has been reviewed by gualified City staff. The F-2 project meets all the requirements according to the LJSPD-SF zoning regulations and the La Jolla Community Plan. The project does not need a Community Planning Group recommendation to move forward with a hearing. The Initial Study and the Draft MND was prepared in accordance with CEQA and was found that there could be significant environmental effects to Cultural Resources and Tribal Cultural Resources. However, with implementation of mitigation measures, the project would reduce impacts to below a level of significance.
- F-3 The La Jolla Shores Planned District Ordinance (LJSPDO) does not have an established minimum required front, side, or rear yard setback. Instead, the LJSPDO Municipal Code Section 1510.0304(b)(4) in the "Siting of Buildings" section states "Building & Structure setbacks shall be in general conformity with those in the vicinity." The project's front yard setback is 15 feet to 20 feet. The project proposes side yard setbacks within the area range from 1.5 – 9.5 feet within a minimum "average" of 3.5 feet for side yards. The project proposes a north side yard setback to the main house that ranges from 4.0 to 6.0 feet and a 0-foot side setback adjacent to the attached companion unit. Section 1510.0304(b)(2) of the PDO specifically allows zero (0) foot side yard setbacks and the project would comply with this criteria. The proposed south side yard setbacks range from 4.0 to 24.3 feet, which is consistent with Municipal Code Section 1510.0304(b)(4).

November 23, 2020

F-1

F-2

F-3

F-4

F-5

F-6

F-7

F-8

Rachael Ferrell - Environmental Analyst City of San Diego Development Services Department - Environmental Analyst Section 1222 First Avenue, MS 501 San Diego, California 92101

Email : DSDEAS@sandiego.gov

Re: Draft Mitigated Negative Declaration 8423 El Paseo Grande Project Number 661815

Dear Ms. Ferrell and Members of the Development Services Department, The proposed construction for 8423 El Paseo Grande should be examined further as the findings in the DRAFT Mitigated Negative Declaration (MND) are not factual.

The initial study analysis and conclusion are incorrect because the proposed project does not comply with the La Jolla Shores Planned District Ordinance. This project was NOT approved by the La Jolla Planning Association or the La Jolla Shores Permit Review Committee. The personnel at Island Architects have not made suggested changes in the plans and are soon seeking approval from you.

The facts show that there are insufficient setbacks in front of the property, the North side yard, and the rear yard. In addition, the proposed structure does not conform with the character of the area and the proposed structure is excessive in both bulk and scale. To my knowledge there are not any ADU's in the area. This requested construction requires additional off-street parking which is not in the plan.

This home is directly across from Kellogg Park and should reflect the neighborhood character of La Jolla Shores. It does not.

Lastly, it seems that the drainage in that most immediate crosswalk is already inadequate. The crosswalk is normally slippery or partially obscured with water. Additional large construction in that area should be closely examined before being approved due to groundwater and drainage issues.

Thank you for your consideration.

Sincerely, Mila Vujovich-La Barre milavu@hotmail.com 805-441-5818

Response

F-4 Staff conducted a comprehensive review of the proposed development as it relates to bulk and scale to determine community character and compatibility with existing residential development. The La Jolla Shores Planned District Ordinance (LJSPDO) does not specify FAR or required setbacks, only maximum lot coverage (60 percent, 1510.0304). The new structure would result in a 49% coverage of the lot. A survey of the neighborhood shows a comparison of similar gross floor areas and building setbacks to the current proposal. Neighborhood surveys are used by staff as a guide for determining conformance of a proposed project with surrounding development. It is an established DSD review method/practice for Staff to consider all development within the survey area when determining character of the area, and bulk and scale.

The La Jolla Community Plan (LICP Pg.76) states, in order to regulate the scale of new development, apply the applicable development regulations which includes the LISPDO (Coverage 60%, Structure height 30ft, Landscape 30%). There is also mention of regulating the scale of new development by applying setbacks requirements, building articulation, second story step backs, roofline treatment and variations within front yard setback requirements. These features are implemented within the proposal.

The bulk and scale of the proposed structure when viewed from the public right-of-way was also evaluated by staff. Staff determined the proposed structure is compatible in terms of bulk and scale with other structures in the neighborhood and would be consistent with the purpose and intent of the LJSPDO. The proposed exterior construction materials would be compatible with the neighborhood, as specified in the LJSPDO and the La Jolla Shores Design Manual.

Response

The LJSPDO "Design Principle" theme is "unity with variety", directing that no adjacent homes should be substantially alike nor should two adjacent homes be so different as to disrupt the architectural unity of the area. Unity and variety should not become monotonous or chaotic. The La Jolla Shores neighborhood is very diverse and comprised of structures with varied bulk, scale, forms, materials and color. The proposed structure's overall form, bulk scale, exterior material and colors when viewed from the public right-of-away would be compatible with the varied architecture of the La Jolla Shores neighborhood.

The proposed project complies with the regulations of the LJSPDO, and applicable land use plan policies and goals.

- **F-5** Comment is informational in nature, but a response has been provided. The project is allowed to construct an ADU per San Diego Municipal Code Section 141.0302.
- F-6 The project is located in the Parking Impact Beach Overlay Zone and has provided two off-street parking in the garage, as required for the primary residence. Pursuant to ADU Parking regulations, SDMC 141.0302(a)(3) No on-street parking spaces or off-street parking spaces are required for ADUs. If the applicant chooses to provide off-street parking spaces for ADUs located on the premises, those spaces shall comply with the following: (i) Offstreet parking spaces may be located in any configuration, may be within the setback areas, and may include tandem spaces (ii) Offstreet parking spaces shall be located within hardscape areas and shall comply with the minimum standards and guidelines to provide safe and efficient means of vehicular access to the lot. Pursuant to 141.0103(b) Where there is a conflict between the regulations in the separately regulated article (for Companion Units) and other regulations in the Land Development Code, separately regulated article shall apply. The project is providing adequate parking.

Response

- **F-7** See response to comment F-4 above.
- F-8 The proposed development is located on a previously developed urbanized lot. As confirmed in the February 12, 2020 Drainage Study for the proposed home included as a technical appendix, runoff from the proposed residence will be collected by a series of roof drains that discharge into adjacent landscaped areas. An on-site private storm drain will collect runoff and discharge it into the gutter along El Paseo Grande via a proposed dual sidewalk underdrain system. Runoff will then drain southerly to the confluence at Camino del Oro, drain westerly across the roadway, and then be collected within the same grate inlet as in pre-project conditions. City engineering staff reviewed the drainage study and agreed with the report findings that the proposed drainage patterns would not be substantially altered and drainage patterns are adequate. This development does not propose to encroach into any undisturbed or natural areas. Impacts would be less than significant.

Comment Letter G

Response

FROM THE DESK OF

Kristine M. McNamara

G-1 The comment is introductory in nature and does not address the adequacy of the environmental document.

November 23, 2020

G-1

Ms. Rachael Ferrell, Environmental Analyst City of San Diego Development Services Department Environmental Analysis Section 1222 First Avenue, MS 501 San Diego, CA 92101

Via Email: DSDEAS@sandiego.gov

Re: DRAFT Mitigated Negative Declaration 8423 El Paseo Grande Project No. 6661815

Dear Ms. Ferrell and Ladies and Gentlemen of the Development Services Department,

I am writing to you as the property owner who is directly north of this proposed project referenced above at \$433 El Paseo Grande. I ask that you please review the letter that was also sent by Phil Merten, as he very concisely summaries the issues of this project — both as to the impacts to Drs. Uri and Ayelet Gneezy (property owners east of the project), to the community and to my home.

In addition, I would like to bring to your attention, Mr. Broe, the owner of 8423 El Paseo Grande, is the founder and CEO of the Denver-based multi-million dollar company, The Broe Group - composed of real estate, transportation, and investment assets. His website so <u>eloquently</u> states: "Our goal is to invest in the communities in which we operate. We live here too. We recognize that there's more than one kind of value—including the value of being good neighbors...Which means that doing good business starts with doing good." In 1983, they invested in the Tabor Center, it "showed all the weathered years of Denver's history, but none of its charm." Due to their creative team, they "Reimagined the Center" — it was reopened in 1984 and is an anchor landmark for the city of Denver.

Response

We, his neighbors in The Shores, have spoken against this project and challenged Mr. Broe to rethink and apply his companies philosophy to his own personal G-1 project - to apply that same concern of being neighborly and using creativity just as he did with The Tabor Center. The over "mansionazation" needs to stop and who better than Mr. Broe to be the G-2 one who steps up and does it? He and Island Architects have heard from several of the neighbors regarding several concerns for his project: inconsistent set backs or lack of, over sized FAR, the reduced air flow, lack of shared space and it lists G-3 1,102 square feet as a "companion unit" which sits right on the North property line. How can they refer to this as an ADU or companion unit - this space has no outside access, is only accessible inside the house from both levels, is not intended to be rented, it especially will not be used as low-income housing and is G-4 not a separate dwelling unit? Be honest - it's an additional 1,102 square feet that makes this a 5,096 square foot house on a 5,241 square foot lot with a 0.98% FAR. It's an elephant on a postage stamp! As for the additional 1,102 square feet - it is positioned right on the North property line - that is changing the environment, impacts air flow, has NO set back, is in immediate line of our G-5 garage and would be a safety issue if a car would back into the wall, it dramatically impacts the green and open space and most importantly, changing the norm for everyone, which therefore requires CEQA review. Mr. Broe says he cares about space and being a good neighbor - but his proposed plan only cares about his space and what he wants. What happened to his philosophy of being a good neighbor and doing good? As concerned neighbors we appeal to you, our City of San Diego Development Servies Department. Both the La Jolla Shores Permit Review Committee and the La Jolla Planned District G-6 Advisory Board said no to this project as it is currently proposed and to any future purposed "mansionazation." As the city code describes, new projects are "To preserve the seaside character of the community - designed and built to protect public views." Let's help developers and new owners protect the village seaside charm known as La Jolla Shores - just as Mr. Broe did with the Tabor Center!

- G-1 The comment is introductory in nature and does not address the adequacy of the environmental document.
- G-2 The comment is introductory in nature and does not address the adequacy of the environmental document.
- G-3 The comment is introductory in nature and does not address the adequacy of the environmental document.
- G-4 Staff conducted a comprehensive review of the proposed development as it relates to bulk and scale to determine community character and compatibility with existing residential development. The La Jolla Shores Planned District Ordinance (LJSPDO) does not specify FAR or required setbacks, only maximum lot coverage (60 percent, 1510.0304). The new structure would result in a 49% coverage of the lot. A survey of the neighborhood shows a comparison of similar gross floor areas and building setbacks to the current proposal. Neighborhood surveys are used by staff as a guide for determining conformance of a proposed project with surrounding development. It is an established DSD review method/practice for Staff to consider all development within the survey area when determining character of the area, and bulk and scale.

The La Jolla Community Plan (LICP Pg.76) states, in order to regulate the scale of new development, apply the applicable development regulations which includes the LISPDO (Coverage 60%, Structure height 30ft, Landscape 30%). There is also mention of regulating the scale of new development by applying setbacks requirements, building articulation, second story step backs, roofline treatment and variations within front yard setback requirements. These features are implemented within the proposal.

Response

The bulk and scale of the proposed structure when viewed from the public right-of-way was also evaluated by staff. Staff determined the proposed structure is compatible in terms of bulk and scale with other structures in the neighborhood and would be consistent with the purpose and intent of the LJSPDO. The proposed exterior construction materials would be compatible with the neighborhood, as specified in the LJSPDO and the La Jolla Shores Design Manual.

The LISPDO "Design Principle" theme is "unity with variety", directing that no adjacent homes should be substantially alike nor should two adjacent homes be so different as to disrupt the architectural unity of the area. Unity and variety should not become monotonous or chaotic. The La Jolla Shores neighborhood is very diverse and comprised of structures with varied bulk, scale, forms, materials and color. The proposed structure's overall form, bulk scale, exterior material and colors when viewed from the public right-of-away would be compatible with the varied architecture of the La Jolla Shores neighborhood.

The proposed project complies with the regulations of the LJSPDO, and applicable land use plan policies and goals.

G-5 The La Jolla Shores Planned District Ordinance (LISPDO) does not have an established minimum required front, side, or rear yard setback. Instead, the LISPDO Municipal Code Section 1510.0304(b)(4) in the "Siting of Buildings" section states "Building & Structure setbacks shall be in general conformity with those in the vicinity." The project's front yard setback is 15 feet to 20 feet. The project proposes side yard setbacks within the area range from 1.5 – 9.5 feet within a minimum "average" of 3.5 feet for side yards.

Response

The project proposes a north side yard setback to the main house that ranges from 4.0 to 6.0 feet and a 0-foot side setback adjacent to the attached companion unit. Section 1510.0304(b)(2) of the LJSPDO specifically allows zero (0) foot side yard setbacks and the project would comply with this criteria. The proposed south side yard setbacks range from 4.0 to 24.3 feet, which is consistent with Municipal Code Section 1510.0304(b)(4).

The project was reviewed by qualified City staff and would not encroach or impact any open space areas. The Draft MND prepared in accordance with CEQA addressed all impact areas and any potentially significant impacts have been mitigated.

G-6 The comment is general in nature and does not address the adequacy of the environmental document.

Response

As a side note, Mr. Broe owns several homes — so this will be one of many. The Gneezy's and my home are our main residence. I am not an architect or a builder - I am a widow who is a homeowner who has lived here for over thirty years. I care about our community and our property. Help us protect our homes and the future of this area. If La Jolla is called the Crown Jewel of San Diego - then we need your help and support in protecting it's name and integrity! Thank you for your time and consideration with these important issues regarding the proposed project and its impact on the environment and the community.

Sincerely yours,

G-7 -

Kristine M. McNamara

cc: Drs. Uri and Ayelet Gneezy

Philip A. Merten, AIA

G-7 The comment is general in nature and does not address the adequacy of the environmental document.

Comment Letter H

La Inila SHORES ASSOCIATION

November 23, 2020

Ms. Rachael Ferrell, Environmental Analyst City of San Diego **Development Services Department Environmental Analysis Section** 1222 First Avenue, MS 501 San Diego, CA 92101

Via Email: DSDEAS@sandiego.gov

DRAFT Mitigated Negative Declaration -Re: 8423 El Paseo Grande (Project No. 661815)

Dear Ms. Ferrell and Members of the Development Services Department:

The La Jolla Shores Association (LJSA) disagree with the Draft Mitigated Negative Declaration (MND) Findings on the project at 8423 El Paseo Grande, La Jolla. This project will have a significant impact on the Shores especially location directly across from the Beach at Kellogg Park.

The La Jolla Shores Permit Review Committee (LJSPRC), which has 5 of 8 total members appointed by LJSA, determined that this project conflicts with the La Jolla Community Plan and Local Coastal Program plus the La Jolla Shores Planned District Ordinance (LJSPDO). On July 20,2020 at their 2nd hearing of this project, the LJSPRC voted 6-0-1 to deny the project for the following reasons:

H-3	The proposed FAR of 0.96 is 74.5% greater than the average FAR of .55% of 42 properties on El Paseo Grande. This excessive bilk and scale violates the requirements in this area.
H-4 {	The high, boxy silhouette of the proposed project does not conform to the Design Principal Section of the LJSPDO, which requires architectural unity for project in the Shores.
H-5	The setbacks proposed are: Side setbacks of 0 & 4', North Side setbacks of 6', and Rear setback of 10'. Setbacks in the vicinity are substantially larger. These setbacks are not in conformity.
H-6 [The LJSPDO requires smooth transitions between projects. This large, boxy project does not do that with the single story residence next to it. The La Jolla Community Plan and Local Coastal
H-7	 Program further shows these requirements in a series of diagrams. This does not comply. A total of 3 off-street parking spaces (2 for the dwelling plus 1 for the companion unit) is the required minimum for this area. The current proposal only provides 2 off-street parking spaces. This does not comply with the Parking Regulations of the LJSPDO.
H-8 -	The La Jolla Community Planning Association has requested that 8423 El Paseo Grande be redesigned o conform to requirements of the LJSPDO and returned to the LJSPRC for further modifications to

to conform to requirements of the LJSPDO and returned to the LJSPRC for further modifications to comply with those requirements. The LJSA fully endorses this position and urges to City to so order.

Sincerely

H-2

Janie Emerson, President La Jolla Shores Association Vice Chair La Jolla Shores Permit Review Committee

Response

- H-1 The City of San Diego conducted an Initial Study in accordance with CEQA and found that the project could have a significant environmental effect to Cultural Resources and Tribal Cultural Resources. Implementation of mitigation measures would reduce impacts to below a level of significance. In accordance with CEQA Guidelines Section 15070, an MND was prepared.
- H-2 The comment is introductory and general in nature does not address the adequacy of the environmental document.
- H-3 Staff conducted a comprehensive review of the proposed development as it relates to bulk and scale to determine community character and compatibility with existing residential development. The La Jolla Shores Planned District Ordinance (LJSPDO) does not specify FAR or required setbacks, only maximum lot coverage (60 percent, 1510.0304). The new structure would result in a 49% coverage of the lot. A survey of the neighborhood shows a comparison of similar gross floor areas and building setbacks to the current proposal. Neighborhood surveys are used by staff as a guide for determining conformance of a proposed project with surrounding development. It is an established DSD review method/practice for Staff to consider all development within the survey area when determining character of the area, and bulk and scale.

The La Jolla Community Plan (LJCP Pg.76) states, in order to regulate the scale of new development, apply the applicable development regulations which includes the LJSPDO (Coverage 60%, Structure height 30ft, Landscape 30%). There is also mention of regulating the scale of new development by applying setbacks requirements, building articulation, second story step backs, roofline treatment and variations within front yard setback requirements. These features are implemented within the proposal.
Comment Letter H (cont.)

Response

The bulk and scale of the proposed structure when viewed from the public right-of-way was also evaluated by staff. Staff determined the proposed structure is compatible in terms of bulk and scale with other structures in the neighborhood and would be consistent with the purpose and intent of the LJSPDO. The proposed exterior construction materials would be compatible with the neighborhood, as specified in the LJSPDO and the La Jolla Shores Design Manual.

The LJSPDO "Design Principle" theme is "unity with variety", directing that no adjacent homes should be substantially alike nor should two adjacent homes be so different as to disrupt the architectural unity of the area. Unity and variety should not become monotonous or chaotic. The La Jolla Shores neighborhood is very diverse and comprised of structures with varied bulk, scale, forms, materials and color. The proposed structure's overall form, bulk scale, exterior material and colors when viewed from the public right-of-away would be compatible with the varied architecture of the La Jolla Shores neighborhood.

The proposed project complies with the regulations of the LJSPDO, and applicable land use plan policies and goals.

H-4 See response to comment H-3 above in regards to how the project meets the design principles.

Response

H-5 The La Jolla Shores Planned District Ordinance (LJSPDO) does not have an established minimum required front, side, or rear yard setback. Instead, the PDO Municipal Code Section 1510.0304(b)(4) in the "Siting of Buildings" section states "Building & Structure setbacks shall be in general conformity with those in the vicinity." The project's front yard setback is 15 feet to 20 feet. The project proposes side yard setbacks within the area range from 1.5 – 9.5 feet within a minimum "average" of 3.5 feet for side yards. The project proposes a north side yard setback to the main house that ranges from 4.0 to 6.0 feet and a 0-foot side setback adjacent to the attached companion unit. Section 1510.0304(b)(2) of the PDO specifically allows zero (0) foot side yard setbacks and the project would comply with this criteria. The proposed south side yard setbacks range from 4.0 to 24.3 feet, which is consistent with Municipal Code Section 1510.0304(b)(4).

H-6 See response to comment H-3 above.

Response

- H-7 The project is located in the Parking Impact Beach Overlay Zone and has provided two off-street parking in the garage, as required for the primary residence. Pursuant to ADU Parking regulations, SDMC 141.0302(a)(3) No on-street parking spaces or off-street parking spaces are required for ADUs. If the applicant chooses to provide off-street parking spaces for ADUs located on the premises, those spaces shall comply with the following: (i) Off-street parking spaces may be located in any configuration, may be within the setback areas, and may include tandem spaces (ii) Off-street parking spaces shall be located within hardscape areas and shall comply with the minimum standards and guidelines to provide safe and efficient means of vehicular access to the lot. Pursuant to 141.0103(b) Where there is a conflict between the regulations in the separately regulated article (for Companion Units) and other regulations in the Land Development Code, separately regulated article shall apply. The project is providing adequate parking.
- H-8 Comment noted. See response to comments H-3 through H-7 above with how the project conforms with the LJSPDO.

Comment Letter I

SUZANNE WEISSMAN 1857 Spindrift Dr. La Jolla, CA 92037

1-1

November 23, 2020

1-1

I-2

1-3

1-4

Ms. Rachael Ferrell, Environmental Analyst Development Services Department City of San Diego

Via Email: DSDEAS@sandiego.gov

Re: Draft mitigated Negative Declaration, Project 661815, 8423 El Paseo Grande

Comments on the above Draft MMD.

Sec. XI, b) Land Use and Planning needs to be revised to "Significant Impact"

This project conflicts with the San Diego Municipal Code Sec. 141.0302(a)(7), parking requirements for companion units because it does not include an additional parking space for the companion unit. The parking space for the companion unit is in the driveway and does not qualify as an additional parking space. SDMC Sec.142.0510(e)(2)(A) clearly states: '... the use of a driveway to satisfy off-street parking space requirements is not permitted."

This is especially important as the property is located in the Beach Parking Overlay Zone where parking is limited and necessary for beach access.

In addition, the bulk and scale – the size of the structure relative to the size of the lot – is excessive. The La Jolla Shores Planned Ordinance states that "... no structure will be approved that is so different in quality, form, materials, color, and relationship as to disrupt the architectural unity of the area." The USPDO provides no numerical guidelines to measure the size relationship of a project to others in the area, but the size relationship of one project to another in the area can be judged by the relative Floor Ratio Areas of structures in the area. With a FAR of .96 this project is larger than any other project in the area. The FAR of projects in the area presented by the applicant were based on data from the SCOUTRED website; this data is incorrect because it likely includes living area in basements which inflates the FAR percentage with footage that is not included in the FAR calculated according to SDMC Sec. 113.0234 which does not include basements in the gross floor area. Even the largest new structures in the area have FAR under .80. This project is significantly larger than any other in the area and will have a significant impact. This section of the MND should be revised to "Significant Impact."

The impact is also greater as the size of structures in La Jolla Shores continue to increase eroding the unique architectural character of the area that the La Jolla Shores Planned District Ordinance intended to protect.

Thank you for your consideration of this matter,

/s/ Suzanne Weissman

Response

The project is located in the Parking Impact Beach Overlay Zone and has provided two off-street parking in the garage, as required for the primary residence. Pursuant to ADU Parking regulations, SDMC 141.0302(a)(3) No on-street parking spaces or off-street parking spaces are required for ADUs. If the applicant chooses to provide offstreet parking spaces for ADUs located on the premises, those spaces shall comply with the following: (i) Off-street parking spaces may be located in any configuration, may be within the setback areas, and may include tandem spaces (ii) Off-street parking spaces shall be located within hardscape areas and shall comply with the minimum standards and guidelines to provide safe and efficient means of vehicular access to the lot. Pursuant to 141.0103(b) Where there is a conflict between the regulations in the separately regulated article (for Companion Units) and other regulations in the Land Development Code, separately regulated article shall apply. The project is providing adequate parking.

1-2 Staff conducted a comprehensive review of the proposed development as it relates to bulk and scale to determine community character and compatibility with existing residential development. The La Jolla Shores Planned District Ordinance (LJSPDO) does not specify FAR or required setbacks, only maximum lot coverage (60 percent, 1510.0304). The new structure would result in a 49% coverage of the lot. A survey of the neighborhood shows a comparison of similar gross floor areas and building setbacks to the current proposal. Neighborhood surveys are used by staff as a guide for determining conformance of a proposed project with surrounding development. It is an established DSD review method/practice for Staff to consider all development within the survey area when determining character of the area, and bulk and scale.

The La Jolla Community Plan (LJCP Pg.76) states, in order to regulate the scale of new development, apply the applicable development regulations which includes the LJSPDO (Coverage 60%, Structure height 30ft, Landscape 30%). 61

Comment Letter I (cont.)

<u>Response</u>

There is also mention of regulating the scale of new development by applying setbacks requirements, building articulation, second story step backs, roofline treatment and variations within front yard setback requirements. These features are implemented within the proposal.

The bulk and scale of the proposed structure when viewed from the public right-of-way was also evaluated by staff. Staff determined the proposed structure is compatible in terms of bulk and scale with other structures in the neighborhood and would be consistent with the purpose and intent of the LJSPDO. The proposed exterior construction materials would be compatible with the neighborhood, as specified in the LJSPDO and the La Jolla Shores Design Manual.

The LJSPDO "Design Principle" theme is "unity with variety", directing that no adjacent homes should be substantially alike nor should two adjacent homes be so different as to disrupt the architectural unity of the area. Unity and variety should not become monotonous or chaotic. The La Jolla Shores neighborhood is very diverse and comprised of structures with varied bulk, scale, forms, materials and color. The proposed structure's overall form, bulk scale, exterior material and colors when viewed from the public right-of-away would be compatible with the varied architecture of the La Jolla Shores neighborhood.

The proposed project complies with the regulations of the LJSPDO, and applicable land use plan policies and goals.

Response

I-3 See response to comment I-2 above. The project has been reviewed by qualified City staff. The project meets all the requirements according to the LJSPD-SF zoning regulations and the La Jolla Community Plan. Any impacts would remain below a level of significance.

I-4 Comment is speculation in nature. The project complies with the LJSPD-SF zoning requirements and is consistent with the General Plan and the La Jolla Community Plan's land use designation.

Comment Letter J

<u>Response</u>



La Jolla Community Planning Association

20 Nov 2020

Ms. Rachael Ferrell, Environmental Analyst Environmental Analysis Section, Development Services Department City of San Diego 1222 First Avenue, MS 501 San Diego, CA 92101

Via Email: DSDEAS@sandiego.gov

J-2

J-3

J-5

Re: DRAFT Mitigated Negative Declaration, 8423 El Paseo Grande, Project 661815

Dear Ms. Ferrell and Members of the Development Services Department:

The La Jolla Community Planning Association would like to comment on the Draft Mitigated Negative Declaration provided for 8423 El Paseo Grande in La Jolla. We disagree with the MND Findings that the project will not have a significant impact in the following areas:

Sec. XI. Land Use and Planning. The project conflicts with the La Jolla Community Plan and Local Coastal Program and the La Jolla Shores Planned District Ordinance in the following areas:

- Excessive Bulk and Scale. The proposed FAR of 0.96 is 74.5% greater than the average FAR
 of 55% of 42 properties on EI Paseo Grande reviewed by the La Jolla Shores Permit Review
 Committee during its meetings of 15 June 2020 and 20 July 2020 (relevant excerpts from
 meeting minutes attached).
 - Neighborhood Character. In its high, boxy silhouette, the proposed project does not conform to the Design Principle Section of the LI Shores Planned District Ordinance, which calls for architectural unity through low, rambling silhouettes.
 - Insufficient Setbacks. The proposed 0- and 4-foot side setbacks, 6-foot north side yard setbacks, and 10-foot rear setback for the two-story companion unit are not in general conformity with the substantially larger setbacks in the vicinity.
 - Transition Between New and Existing Structures. The large size, boxy massing and inadequate setbacks preclude a gracious transition between this project and its adjacent single-story neighbors, as envisioned in the Residential Community Character recommendations of the La Jolla Community Plan and Local Coastal Program.
 - Inadequate Parking, The project only provides 2 off-street parking space where a total of 3 of-street parking spaces (2 spaces for the dwelling, and 1 space for the companion unit) is the minimum required. As currently proposed the project does not comply with the Parking Regulations of the La Jolla Shores Planned District Ordinance.

J-1 The comment is introductory and general in nature and does not address the adequacy of the environmental document.

J-2

Staff conducted a comprehensive review of the proposed development as it relates to bulk and scale to determine community character and compatibility with existing residential development.
The La Jolla Shores Planned District Ordinance (LJSPDO) does not specify FAR or required setbacks, only maximum lot coverage (60 percent, 1510.0304). The new structure would result in a 49% coverage of the lot. A survey of the neighborhood shows a comparison of similar gross floor areas and building setbacks to the current proposal. Neighborhood surveys are used by staff as a guide for determining conformance of a proposed project with surrounding development. It is an established DSD review method/practice for Staff to consider all development within the survey area when determining character of the area, and bulk and scale.

The La Jolla Community Plan (LICP Pg.76) states, in order to regulate the scale of new development, apply the applicable development regulations which includes the LISPDO (Coverage 60%, Structure height 30ft, Landscape 30%). There is also mention of regulating the scale of new development by applying setbacks requirements, building articulation, second story step backs, roofline treatment and variations within front yard setback requirements. These features are implemented within the proposal.

The bulk and scale of the proposed structure when viewed from the public right-of-way was also evaluated by staff. Staff determined the proposed structure is compatible in terms of bulk and scale with other structures in the neighborhood and would be consistent with the purpose and intent of the LJSPDO. The proposed exterior construction materials would be compatible with the neighborhood, as specified in the LJSPDO and the La Jolla Shores Design Manual.

Comment Letter J (cont.)

Response

The LJSPDO "Design Principle" theme is "unity with variety", directing that no adjacent homes should be substantially alike nor should two adjacent homes be so different as to disrupt the architectural unity of the area. Unity and variety should not become monotonous or chaotic. The La Jolla Shores neighborhood is very diverse and comprised of structures with varied bulk, scale, forms, materials and color. The proposed structure's overall form, bulk scale, exterior material and colors when viewed from the public right-of-away would be compatible with the varied architecture of the La Jolla Shores neighborhood.

The proposed project complies with the regulations of the LJSPDO, and applicable land use plan policies and goals.

- J-3 See response to comment J-2 above in regards to conformity with the design principles.
- The La Jolla Shores Planned District Ordinance (LJSPDO) does not have J-4 an established minimum required front, side, or rear yard setback. Instead, the LJSPDO Municipal Code Section 1510.0304(b)(4) in the "Siting of Buildings" section states "Building & Structure setbacks shall be in general conformity with those in the vicinity." The project's front yard setback is 15 feet to 20 feet. The project proposes side yard setbacks within the area range from 1.5 - 9.5 feet within a minimum "average" of 3.5 feet for side yards. The project proposes a north side yard setback to the main house that ranges from 4.0 to 6.0 feet and a 0-foot side setback adjacent to the attached companion unit. Section 1510.0304(b)(2) of the LJSPDO specifically allows zero (0) foot side vard setbacks and the project would comply with this criteria. The proposed south side vard setbacks range from 4.0 to 24.3 feet, which is consistent with Municipal Code Section 1510.0304(b)(4). The comment incorrectly called out that the companion unit has two-floors. The attached ADU is single story with no part of the primary dwelling above it. The second story of the primary residence is stepped back 10', adhering to the step back regulations of the LJSPDO.

Comment Letter J (cont.)

Page 2

J-7 -

J-9

The La Jolla Community Planning Association requests that 8423 El Paseo Grande be redesigned to conform to requirements of the La Jolla Shores Planned District Ordinance and returned to the La Jolla Shores Permit Review Committee for further review.

Sincerely,

/s/

Diane Kane, President La Jolla Community Planning Association

Attachments:

- J-8 -{ · ·
 - La Jolla Shores Permit Review Committee minutes excerpt
 Draft MND Comments, Phil Merten, AIA

- Response
- The project is located in the Parking Impact Beach Overlay Zone J-6 and has provided two off-street parking in the garage, as required for the primary residence. Pursuant to ADU Parking regulations, SDMC 141.0302(a)(3) No on-street parking spaces or off-street parking spaces are required for ADUs. If the applicant chooses to provide off-street parking spaces for ADUs located on the premises, those spaces shall comply with the following: (i) Off-street parking spaces may be located in any configuration, may be within the setback areas, and may include tandem spaces (ii) Off-street parking spaces shall be located within hardscape areas and shall comply with the minimum standards and guidelines to provide safe and efficient means of vehicular access to the lot. Pursuant to 141.0103(b) Where there is a conflict between the regulations in the separately regulated article (for Companion Units) and other regulations in the Land Development Code, separately regulated article shall apply. The project is providing adequate parking.
- J-7 See response to comments J-2 through J-6 above with how the project conforms with the LJSPDO.
- J-8 The Committee issues regarding FAR and conformity with neighborhood setbacks have been responded to in comments J-2 through J-6 above.
- J-9 Mr. Merten's letter has been included in the response to comments under Letter A.

Comment Letter J (cont.)

Response

Page 3

Excerpt from Minutes La Jolla Shores Permit Review Committee 20 July 2020

8423 El Paseo Grande - (2nd Review)

Island Architects (representing applicants): There have been some \square modifications to the project - 10' set back on the 2nd story, 2 1/2' N. side set back, grasscrete in driveway and move the N. fence to S. of property line.

Public Comment

J-8

Merten: discusses the FARs in the neighborhood using inaccurate numbers from Scoutred. Setbacks in the N. & E. not in conformity with the neighborhood. LI Community Plan (LICP) requires a 2' set back on the 2nd story and none here. Total FAR of .96 (.76 house & .2 CPU). States LISPDAC rejected the project because not consistent with neighbors and setbacks.

Davis: 33 of 60 homes are within FAR of .7. Also mentions the counting of basements.

Uri Gnezy (neighbor behind): Project is a huge wall 10' from property line so no sunlight nor air. All the area have basements and still stay under the FAR standard.

Kris McNanara (N neighbor): Wants to clarify that Me. Brad (applicant) takes pride in his business as a good neighbor. Needs to do the same here. If built, this will be a 2 story wall without articulation all along the S. of her home. Calls it "Elephant on a postage stamp" without charm nor character. Way too large for lot and area.

Jung: States ADU county description requires if connected to primary residence must comply with regular set backs.

Nick: Muni Code 1510-0304 sect. 3.2 from LIPDO provide "see thru". Also notes Ch 1510.0301c.

Committee Comments

Consensus is that the project is too large, bulk and scale are an issue, and the FAR is excessive.

MOTION to deny the project due to Bulk & Scale and excessive FAR of .96 as incompatible with the neighborhood. Motion by M. Naegle, 2nd D. Courtney, Vote 6-0-1

Comment Letter K

Environmental Review Committee

28 October 2020

Response

K-1 The comment is introductory and general in nature and does not address the adequacy of the environmental document.

K-2 Comment noted.

To: Ms. Rachael Ferrell Development Services Department City of San Diego 1222 First Avenue, Mail Station 50) San Diego, California 92101

Subject: Draft Mitigated Negative Declaration 8423 El Paseo Grande CDP SDP Project No. 661815

Dear Ms. Ferrell:

PARECO CO

CHTEO

K-1

I have reviewed the subject DMND on behalf of this committee of the San Diego County Archaeological Society.

K-2

Based on the information contained in the DMND and initial study, we agree with the included monitoring program to be required as mitigation for potential impacts to cultural resources.

Thank you for the opportunity to review this project's environmental documents and to offer our comments.

Sincerely,

San Diego County Archaeological Society, Inc.

James W. Royle, Jr. Chairgerson Environmental Review Committee

cc: SDCAS President File

INITIAL STUDY CHECKLIST

- 1. Project title/Project number: 8423 El Paseo Grande CDP SDP / 661815
- 2. Lead agency name and address: City of San Diego, 1222 First Avenue, MS-501, San Diego, California 92101
- 3. Contact person and phone number: Rachael Ferrell / (619) 446-5129
- 4. Project location: 8423 El Paseo Grande, San Diego, CA 92037
- 5. Project Applicant/Sponsor's name and address: Nick Wilson, 7632 Herschel Ave, San Diego, CA 92037, (858) 459-9291
- 6. General/Community Plan designation: Residential/ Low Density Residential (5-9 du/ac)
- 7. Zoning: La Jolla Shores Planned District Single Family (LJSPD-SF)
- 8. Description of project (Describe the whole action involved, including but not limited to, later phases of the project, and any secondary, support, or off-site features necessary for its implementation.):

The project requests a Coastal Development Permit (CDP) and Site Development Permit (SDP) to demolish an existing 1,528 square-foot single-family residence, and to construct a new 3,989 square-foot two-story single-family residence with a new attached 1,090 square-foot companion unit located at 8423 El Paseo Grande.

The project's landscaping has been reviewed by staff and would comply with all applicable City of San Diego Landscape ordinances and standards. Drainage would be directed into appropriate storm drain systems designated to carry surface runoff, which has been reviewed and accepted by City Engineering staff. Ingress to the project site would be via El Paseo Grande. All parking would be provided on-site.

9. Surrounding land uses and setting:

The 0.12-acre site is designated Low Density Residential (5-9 du/ac) and is subject to the La Jolla Shores Planned District Single-Family Zone (LJSPD-SF) pursuant to the La Jolla Community Plan area. The project is also subject to the Coastal (Appealable) Overlay Zone, Coastal Height Limit Overlay Zone, Parking Impact Overlay Zone (Beach & Coastal Impact), Residential Tandem Parking Overlay Zone, and Council District 1.

The project site is situated East of La Jolla Shores Drive, West of La Jolla Shores/Kellogg Park, South of Camino Del Collado, and North of Camino Del Oro. The project is located in a residential area of similar residential development.

10. Other public agencies whose approval is required (e.g., permits, financing approval, or participation agreement):

List or None required.

11. Have California Native American tribes traditionally and culturally affiliated with the project area requested consultation pursuant to Public Resources Code section 21080.3.1? If so, has consultation begun?

Note: Conducting consultation early in the CEQA process allows tribal governments, lead agencies, and project proponents to discuss the level of environmental review, identify and address potential adverse impacts to tribal cultural resources, and reduce the potential for delay and conflict in the environmental review process. (See Public Resources Code section 21083.3.2.) Information may also be available from the California Native American Heritage Commission's Sacred Lands File per Public Resources Code section 5097.96 and the California Historical Resources Information System administered by the California Office of Historic Preservation. Please also note that Public Resources Code section 21082.3(c) contains provisions specific to confidentiality.

In accordance with the requirements of Assembly Bill (AB) 52, the City of San Diego sent Notifications via email to the Native American Tribes traditionally and culturally affiliated with the project area. Both tribes responded within the 30-day time period requesting consultation. Consultation began on May 20, 2020 and concluded via email on June 18, 2020. Please see Section XVII of the Initial Study for more detail.

ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:

The environmental factors checked below would be potentially affected by this project, involving at least one impact that is a "Potentially Significant Impact" as indicated by the checklist on the following pages.

	Aesthetics		Greenhouse Gas Emissions		Population/Housing
	Agriculture and Forestry Resources		Hazards & Hazardous Materials		Public Services
	Air Quality		Hydrology/Water Quality		Recreation
	Biological Resources		Land Use/Planning		Transportation/Traffic
\boxtimes	Cultural Resources		Mineral Resources	\boxtimes	Tribal Cultural Resources
	Energy		Noise		Utilities/Service System
	Geology/Soils	\boxtimes	Mandatory Findings Significance		Wildfire

DETERMINATION: (To be completed by Lead Agency)

On the basis of this initial evaluation:

- The proposed project COULD NOT have a significant effect on the environment, and a NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared.
- Although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, there will not be a significant effect in this case because revisions in the project have been made by or agreed to by the project proponent. A MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared.
- The proposed project MAY have a significant effect on the environment, and an ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required.
- The proposed project MAY have a "potentially significant impact" or "potentially significant unless mitigated" impact on the environment, but at least one effect (a) has been adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and (b) has been addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis as described on attached sheets. An ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required.
- Although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, because all potentially significant effects (a) have been analyzed adequately in an earlier EIR or (MITIGATED) NEGATIVE DECLARATION pursuant to applicable standards, and (b) have been avoided or mitigated pursuant to that earlier EIR or (MITIGATED) NEGATIVE DECLARATION, including revisions or mitigation measures that are imposed upon the proposed project, nothing further is required.

EVALUATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS:

- 1) A brief explanation is required for all answers except "No Impact" answers that are adequately supported by the information sources a lead agency cites in the parentheses following each question. A "No Impact" answer is adequately supported if the referenced information sources show that the impact simply does not apply to projects like the one involved (e.g., the project falls outside a fault rupture zone). A "No Impact answer should be explained where it is based on project specific factors as well as general standards (e.g., the project will not expose sensitive receptors to pollutants, based on a project-specific screening analysis.)
- 2) All answers must take account of the whole action involved, including off-site as well as on-site, cumulative as well as project-level, indirect as well as direct, and construction as well as operational impacts.
- Once the lead agency has determined that a particular physical impact may occur, then the checklist answers must indicate whether the impact is potentially significant, less than significant with mitigation, or less than significant.
 "Potentially Significant Impact" is appropriate if there is substantial evidence that an effect may be significant. If there are one or more "Potentially Significant Impact" entries when the determination is made, an EIR is required.
- 4) "Negative Declaration: Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated" applies where the incorporation of mitigation measures has reduced an effect from "Potentially Significant Impact" to a "Less Than Significant Impact." The lead agency must describe the mitigation measures, and briefly explain how they reduce the effect to a less than significant level (mitigation measures from "Earlier Analyses", as described in (5) below, may be cross-referenced).
- 5) Earlier analyses may be used where, pursuant to the tiering, program EIR, or other CEQA process, an effect has been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or (mitigated) negative declaration. *Section* 15063(c)(3)(D). In this case, a brief discussion should identify the following:
 - a. Earlier Analysis Used. Identify and state where they are available for review.
 - b. Impacts Adequately Addressed. Identify which effects from the above checklist were within the scope of and adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and state whether such effects were addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis.
 - c. Mitigation Measures. For effects that are "Less Than Significant With Mitigation Measures Incorporated", describe the mitigation measures that were incorporated or refined from the earlier document and the extent to which they address site-specific conditions for the project.
- 6) Lead agencies are encouraged to incorporate into the checklist references to information sources for potential impacts (e.g., general plans, zoning ordinances). Reference to a previously prepared or outside document should, where appropriate, include a reference to the page or pages where the statement is substantiated.
- 7) Supporting Information Sources: A source list should be attached, and other sources used or individuals contacted should be cited in the discussion.
- 8) This is only a suggested form, and lead agencies are free to use different formats; however, lead agencies should normally address the questions from this checklist that are relevant to a project's environmental effects in whatever format is selected.
- 9) The explanation of each issue should identify:
 - a. The significance criteria or threshold, if any, used to evaluate each question; and
 - b. The mitigation measure identified, if any, to reduce the impact to less than significant.

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact		
I. AESTHETICS – Would the project:						
 a) Have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista? 			\boxtimes			

The project proposes to demolish an existing single-family residence and construct a new single-family residence and companion unit in its place, in a residential neighborhood with similar development. The project is located on El Paseo Grande, which is categorized as a road from which a coastal body of water can be seen, according to the La Jolla Community Plan. The project is also located in the La Jolla Beach View Corridor with an unobstructed framed view down the El Paseo Grande public right-of-way. The project would be required to meet all required setback and height requirements. Additionally, the project must comply with any design guidelines that are in the La Jolla Shores Planned District Ordinance. Therefore, the project would not have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista. Impacts would be less than significant.

 b) Substantially damage scenic resources, including but not limited to, trees, rock outcroppings, and historic buildings within a state scenic highway?

The project is situated within a developed residential neighborhood. The project is not located within or adjacent to a state scenic highway and would be required to meet all setback and height requirements; therefore, the project would not substantially damage such scenic resources. Impacts would be less than significant.

c)	Substantially degrade the existing visual			
	character or quality of the site and its		\boxtimes	
	surroundings?			

The project site contains an existing single-family residence and would construct a new single-family residence and companion unit in its place, located in a neighborhood of similar development. The project is compatible with the surrounding development and permitted by the community plan and zoning designation. The project would not degrade the existing visual character or quality of the site and its surroundings; therefore, impacts would be less than significant.

d)	Create a new source of substantial light			
	or glare that would adversely affect day		\boxtimes	
	or nighttime views in the area?			

The project would comply with the outdoor lighting standards contained in Municipal Code Section 142.0740 (Outdoor Lighting Regulations) that requires all outdoor lighting be installed, shielded, and adjusted so that the light is directed in a manner that minimizes negative impacts from light pollution, including trespass, glare, and to control light from falling onto surrounding properties. Therefore, lighting installed with the project would not adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area, resulting in a less than significant lighting impact.

The project would comply with Municipal Code Section 142.0730 (Glare Regulations) that requires exterior materials utilized for proposed structures be limited to specific reflectivity ratings. The project would have a less than significant glare impact.

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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- II. AGRICULTURAL AND FOREST RESOURCES: In determining whether impacts to agricultural resources are significant environmental effects, lead agencies may refer to the California Agricultural Land Evaluation and Site Assessment Model (1997) prepared by the California Department of Conservation as an optional model to use in assessing impacts on agriculture and farmland. In determining whether impacts to forest resources, including timberland, are significant environmental effects, lead agencies may refer to information compiled by the California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection regarding the state's inventory of forest land, including the Forest and Range Assessment Project and the Forest Legacy Assessment project; and forest carbon measurement methodology provided in Forest Protocols adopted by the California Air Resources Board. – Would the project:
 - a) Converts Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance (Farmland), as shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency, to non-agricultural use?

	\boxtimes

The project is consistent with the community plan's land use designation and is located within a developed residential neighborhood. As such, the project site does not contain, and is not adjacent to, any lands identified as Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance (Farmland), as show on maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resource Agency. Therefore, the project would not result in the conversion of such lands to non-agricultural use. No significant impacts would occur, and no mitigation measures are required.

b) Conflict with existing zoning for agricultural use, or a Williamson Act Contract?

Refer to response II (a), above. There are no Williamson Act Contract lands on or within the vicinity of the project. The project is consistent with the existing land use and the underlying zone. The project would not conflict with any properties zoned for agricultural use or be affected by a Williamson Act Contract. Therefore, no impacts would result.

c)	Conflict with existing zoning for, or cause rezoning of, forest land (as defined in Public Resources Code section 1220(g)), timberland (as defined by Public Resources Code section 4526), or timberland zoned Timberland Production (as defined by Government		
	Code section 51104(g))?		

The project would not conflict with existing zoning for, or cause rezoning of, forest land, timberland, or timberland zoned Timberland Production. No designated forest land or timberland occur onsite as the project is consistent with the community plan, and the underlying zone. No impacts would result.

d) Result in the loss of forest land or conversion of forest land to non-forest use?				\boxtimes
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Potential Issue Significat Impact	nt Significant with Significant No Impact	
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Refer to response II (c) above. Additionally, the project would not contribute to the conversion of any forested land to non-forest use, as surrounding properties are developed and land uses are generally built out. No impacts would result.

e) Involve other changes in the existing environment, which, due to their location or nature, could result in conversion of Farmland to non- agricultural use or conversion of forest land to non-forest use?				\boxtimes
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Refer to response II (a) and II (c), above. The project and surrounding areas do not contain any farmland or forest land. No changes to any such lands would result from project implementation. Therefore, no impact would result.

- III. AIR QUALITY Where available, the significance criteria established by the applicable air quality management or air pollution control district may be relied on to make the following determinations Would the project:

The San Diego Air Pollution Control District (SDAPCD) and San Diego Association of Governments (SANDAG) are responsible for developing and implementing the clean air plan for attainment and maintenance of the ambient air quality standards in the San Diego Air Basin (SDAB). The County Regional Air Quality Strategy (RAQS) was initially adopted in 1991, and is updated on a triennial basis (most recently in 2009). The RAQS outlines the SDAPCD's plans and control measures designed to attain the state air quality standards for ozone (O3). The RAQS relies on information from the California Air Resources Board (CARB) and SANDAG, including mobile and area source emissions, as well as information regarding projected growth in San Diego County and the cities in the county, to project future emissions and then determine the strategies necessary for the reduction of emissions through regulatory controls. CARB mobile source emission projections and SANDAG growth projections are based on population, vehicle trends, and land use plans developed by San Diego County and the cities in the county as part of the development of their general plans.

The RAQS relies on SANDAG growth projections based on population, vehicle trends, and land use plans developed by the cities and by the county as part of the development of their general plans. As such, projects that propose development that is consistent with the growth anticipated by local plans would be consistent with the RAQS. However, if a project proposes development that is greater than that anticipated in the local plan and SANDAG's growth projections, the project might be in conflict with the RAQS and may contribute to a potentially significant cumulative impact on air quality.

The project would demolish an existing single-family residence and construct a new single-family residence and companion unit in its place, within a developed neighborhood of similar residential uses. The project is consistent with the General Plan, community plan, and the underlying zoning for single-family residential development. Therefore, the project would be consistent at a sub-regional

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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level with the underlying growth forecasts in the RAQS and would not obstruct implementation of the RAQS. As such, no impacts would result.

b)	Violate any air quality standard or			
	contribute substantially to an existing		\boxtimes	
	or projected air quality violation?			

Short-Term (Construction) Emissions

Construction-related activities are temporary, short-term sources of air emissions. Sources of construction-related air emissions include fugitive dust from grading activities; construction equipment exhaust; construction-related trips by workers, delivery trucks, and material-hauling trucks; and construction-related power consumption.

Variables that factor into the total construction emissions potentially generated include the level of activity, length of construction period, number of pieces and types of equipment in use, site characteristics, weather conditions, number of construction personnel, and the amount of materials to be transported on or offsite.

Fugitive dust emissions are generally associated with land-clearing and grading operations. Construction operations would include standard measures as required by City of San Diego grading permit to limit potential air quality impacts. Any impacts associated with fugitive dust are considered less than significant and would not violate an air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation. No mitigation measures are required.

Long-Term (Operational) Emissions

Long-term air emission impacts are those associated with stationary sources and mobile sources related to any change caused by a project. The project would produce minimal stationary sources emissions. The project is compatible with the surrounding development and is permitted by the community plan and zone designation. Based on the residential land use, project emissions over the long-term are not anticipated to violate any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation. Impacts would be less than significant, and no mitigation measures are required.



As described in III (b) above, construction operations could temporarily increase the emissions of dust and

other pollutants. However, construction emissions would be temporary and short-term in duration; implementation of Best Management Practices (BMPs) would reduce potential impacts related to construction activities to a less than significant level. Therefore, the project would not result in a

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is a nonattainment under applicable federal or state ambient air quality standards. Impacts would be less than significant.

d)	Create objectionable odors affecting a		\square	
	substantial number of people?			

Short-term (Construction)

Odors would be generated from vehicles and/or equipment exhaust emissions during construction of the project. Odors produced during construction would be attributable to concentrations of unburned hydrocarbons from tailpipes of construction equipment and architectural coatings. Such odors are temporary and generally occur at magnitudes that would not affect a substantial number of people. Therefore, impacts would be less than significant.

Long-term (Operational)

Typical long-term operational characteristics of the project are not associated with the creation of such odors nor anticipated to generate odors affecting a substantial number of people. The project would construct a single-family residence. Residential units, in the long-term operation, are not typically associated with the creation of such odors nor are they anticipated to generate odors affecting a substantial number or people. Therefore, project operations would result in less than significant impacts.

IV. BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES – Would the project:

 a) Have substantial adverse effects, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special status species in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?

The project site is located in a developed residential neighborhood and is currently developed with a single-family residence. On-site landscaping is non-native, and the project site does not contain any sensitive biological resources nor does it contain any candidate, sensitive or special status species. No impacts would occur, and no mitigation measures are required.

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 \boxtimes

b)	Have a substantial adverse effect on any riparian habitat or other community identified in local or regional plans, policies, and regulations or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife		
	Service?		

The project site is within an urbanized developed residential setting, no such habitats exist on or near the project site. Refer to Response IV (a), above. The project site does not contain any riparian habitat or other identified community, as the site currently supports non-native landscaping. No impacts would occur, and no mitigation measures are required.

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
 c) Have a substantial adverse effect on federally protected wetlands as defined by section 404 of the Clean Water Act (including but not limited to marsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc.) through direct removal, filling, hydrological 				

Wetlands or waters do not occur on-site. Wetlands or waters as regulated by the United States Army Corps of Engineers (USACE), the Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB) or the California Department of Fish and Wildlife (CDFW) do not occur on-site and therefore will not be impacted by the project. No impacts would occur, and no mitigation measures are required.

d)	Interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or with established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors, or impede		\boxtimes
	the use of native wildlife nursery sites?		

The project site is surrounded by existing residential development and is not located adjacent to any established wildlife corridor and would not impede the movement of any wildlife or the use of any wildlife nursery sites. Therefore, no impact would occur, and no mitigation measures are required.

e)	Conflict with any local policies or		
	ordinances protecting biological		\square
	resources, such as a tree preservation		
	policy or ordinance?		

Refer to response IV (a), above. The project site is designated Low Density Residential (5-9 du/ac) pursuant to the La Jolla Community Plan and zoned LJSPD-SF. The project is located on a developed residential site and there are no local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources that apply to the project site. Therefore, no impacts would occur.

f)	Conflict with the provisions of an adopted Habitat Conservation Plan,		
	Natural Community Conservation Plan,		\boxtimes
	or other approved local, regional, or		
	state habitat conservation plan?		

Please refer to IV (e) above. The project is located in a developed urban area and is not within or directly adjacent to the City's Multi-Habitat Planning Area (MHPA) and no other adopted conservation plans affect the subject site. The project does not conflict with any other local, regional, or state habitat conservation plan. No impacts would result.

V. CULTURAL RESOURCES – Would the project:

interruption, or other means?

a)	Cause a substantial adverse change in			
	the significance of an historical		\boxtimes	
	resource as defined in §15064.5?			

The purpose and intent of the Historical Resources Regulations of the Land Development Code

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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(Chapter 14, Division 3, and Article 2) is to protect, preserve and, where damaged, restore the historical resources of San Diego. The regulations apply to all proposed development within the City of San Diego when historical resources are present on the premises. Before approving discretionary projects, CEQA requires the Lead Agency to identify and examine the significant adverse environmental effects which may result from that project. A project that may cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource may have a significant effect on the environment (sections 15064.5(b) and 21084.1). A substantial adverse change is defined as demolition, destruction, relocation, or alteration activities, which would impair historical significance (sections 15064.5(b)(1)). Any historical resource listed in, or eligible to be listed in the California Register of Historical Resources, including archaeological resources, is considered to be historically or culturally significant.

The City of San Diego criteria for determination of historic significance, pursuant to CEQA, is evaluated based upon age (over 45 years), location, context, association with an important event, uniqueness, or structural integrity of the building. Projects requiring the demolition and/or modification of structures that are 45 years or older have the potential to result in potential impacts to a historical resource.

The project site contains a single-family residence over 45 years old. The project site was reviewed by Historic staff and according to their review, the property does not meet the local designation criteria as an individually significant resource under any of the adopted Historical Resource Board criteria. Their determination was made on July 6, 2020 and is good for five years. As such, any impacts would be less than significant.

b) Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an archaeological resource pursuant to \$15064.5?

Many areas of San Diego County, including mesas and the coast, are known for intense and diverse prehistoric occupation and important archaeological and historical resources. The region has been inhabited by various cultural groups spanning 10,000 years or more. The project area is located within an area identified as sensitive on the City of San Diego's Historical Resources Sensitivity Maps.

Therefore, a record search of the California Historic Resources Information System (CHRIS) digital database was reviewed to determine presence or absence of potential resources within the project site by qualified archaeological City staff. Previously recorded historic and prehistoric sites have been identified in the near project vicinity.

The project is located in La Jolla Shores, in an area called Spindrift, that has been known to contain sensitive cultural resources in the soil at shallow depths. The project proposes to demolish an existing single-family residence and construct a new residence in its place. Due to the scope of work in this location of La Jolla, impacts to any unknown resources buried beneath the surface could rise to a level of significance, according to the City of San Diego's Cultural Resources Guidelines. As such, an archaeological and Native American monitor must be present during all grading activities in order to reduce any potential impacts to a level below significance.

A Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program, as detailed within Section V of the Mitigated Negative Declaration would be implemented to reduce impacts related to Historical Resources

Iss	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
(archae	ology) to below a level of significance	e.			
c)	Directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleontological resource or site or			\boxtimes	

According to the "Geology of the San Diego Metropolitan Area, California, La Jolla, 7.5 Minute Quadrangle Maps" (Kennedy and Peterson, 1975), the project site is mostly underlain with the low sensitive rating Young Colluvial formation, which has a low probability of containing important paleontological resources. The City's Significance Determination Thresholds state paleontological monitoring during grading activities may be required if it is determined that the project's earth movement quantity exceeds the Paleontological threshold (if greater than 1,000 cubic yards and ten feet deep for formations with a high sensitivity rating and if greater than 2,000 cubic yards and ten feet deep for formations with a moderate sensitivity rating). The project does not propose any grading activities which would exceed the grading thresholds in a moderate or high sensitive formation. Therefore, impacts would remain less than significant.

d)	Disturb human remains, including		
	those interred outside of dedicated	\boxtimes	
	cemeteries?		

Refer to response V (b) above. Section V of the Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program contains provisions for the discovery of human remains. If human remains are discovered, work shall halt in that area and no soil shall be exported off-site until a determination can be made regarding the provenance of the human remains; and the following procedures as set forth in CEQA Section 15064.5(e), the California Public Resources Code (Sec. 5097.98) and State Health and Safety Code (Sec. 7050.5) shall be undertaken. Based upon the required mitigation measure impacts would be less than significant.

VI. ENERGY – Would the project:

unique geologic feature?

 a) Result in potentially significant environmental impact due to wasteful, inefficient, or unnecessary consumption of energy resources, during project construction or operation?

The project would be required to meet mandatory energy standards of the current California energy code. Construction of the single-family residence would require operation of heavy equipment but would be temporary and short-term in duration. Additionally, long-term energy usage from the building would be reduced through design measures that incorporate energy conservation features in heating, ventilation and air conditioning systems, lighting and window treatments, and insulation and weather stripping. The project would also incorporate cool-roofing materials and solar panels. Development of the project would not result in a significant environmental impact due to wasteful, inefficient, or unnecessary consumption of energy resources. Impacts would remain less than significant.

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Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
 b) Conflict with or obstruct a state or local plan for renewable energy or energy efficiency? 				\boxtimes

The project is consistent with the General Plan and the La Jolla Community Plan's land use designation. The project is required in comply with the City's Climate Action Plan (CAP) by implementing energy reducing design measures, therefore the project would not obstruct a state or local plan for renewable energy or energy efficiency. No impacts would result.

VII. GEOLOGY AND SOILS – Would the project:

- a) Expose people or structures to potential substantial adverse effects, including the risk of loss, injury, or death involving:
 - i) Rupture of a known earthquake fault, as delineated on the most recent Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Map issued by the State Geologist for the area or
 based on other substantial evidence of a known fault? Refer to Division of Mines and Geology Special Publication 42.

According to the Preliminary Geotechnical Investigation Report (March 11, 2020), the closest known active fault is the Rose Canyon fault located 0.6 miles south of the site. The site is not located in an Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zone. No active faults are known to underlie or project toward the site. Therefore, the probability of fault rupture is considered low. Additionally, the project would be required to comply with seismic requirement of the California Building Code, utilize proper engineering design and utilization of standard construction practices, to be verified at the building permit stage, in order to ensure that potential impacts based on regional geologic hazards would remain less than significant.

ii)	Strong seismic ground shaking?			\boxtimes	
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The site could be affected by seismic activity as a result of earthquakes on major active faults located throughout the Southern California area. The project would utilize proper engineering design and utilization of standard construction practices, to be verified at the building permit stage, in order to ensure that potential impacts from regional geologic hazards would remain less than significant.

iii)	Seismic-related ground failure,		\boxtimes	
	including liquefaction?			

Liquefaction generally occurs when loose, unconsolidated, water-laden soils are subject to shaking, causing the soils to lose cohesion. The potential for soil liquefaction at the subject site is low to moderate due to presence of shallow groundwater. The project would be required to comply with the California Building Code that would reduce impacts to people or structures to an acceptable level of risk. Implementation of proper engineering design and utilization of standard construction practices, to be verified at the building permit stage, would ensure that the potential for impacts from regional geologic hazards would remain less than significant.

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
iv) Landslides?			\boxtimes	

According to the Preliminary Geotechnical Investigation Report (March 11, 2020), no evidence of landslides or slope instabilities were observed on-site. The report concluded that due to the relatively level terrain of the site, the possibility of deep-seated slope stability problems at the site is low. Implementation of proper engineering design and utilization of standard construction practices, to be verified at the building permit stage, would ensure that the potential for impacts would be reduced to an acceptable level of risk. Impacts would be less than significant.

b)	Result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil?			\boxtimes	
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Demolition and construction activities would temporarily expose soils to increased erosion potential. The project would be required to comply with the City's Storm Water Standards which requires the implementation of appropriate Best Management Practices (BMPs). Grading activities within the site would be required to comply with the City of San Diego Grading Ordinance as well as the Storm Water Standards, which would ensure soil erosion and topsoil loss is minimized to less than significant levels. Furthermore, permanent storm water BMPs would also be required postconstruction consistent with the City's regulations, along with landscape regulations. Therefore, the project would not result in substantial soils erosion or loss of topsoil. Impacts would be less than significant.



As discussed in Section VII (a) and VII (b), the project site is not likely to be subject to landslides, and the potential for liquefaction and subsidence is low. The soils and geologic units underlying the site are considered to have a "low" expansion potential. The project design would be required to comply with the requirements of the California Building Code, ensuring hazards associated with expansive soils would be reduced to an acceptable level of risk. As such, impacts are expected to be less than significant.

d)	Be located on expansive soil, as defined			
	in Table 18-1-B of the Uniform Building		\boxtimes	
	Code (1994), creating substantial risks			
	to life or property?			

According to the Geotechnical Report, the project site is considered to have low to moderate expansive soil potential. The project would be required to comply with seismic requirements of the California Building Code that would reduce impacts to people or structures due to local seismic events to an acceptable level of risk. Implementation of proper engineering design and utilization of standard construction practices, to be verified at the building permit stage, would ensure that the potential for impacts from regional geologic hazards would remain less than significant.

Is	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
e)	Have soils incapable of adequately supporting the use of septic tanks or alternative waste water disposal systems where sewers are not available for the disposal of waste water?				\boxtimes

The project site is located within an area that is already developed with existing infrastructure (i.e., water and sewer lines) and does not propose any septic system. In addition, the project does not require the construction of any new facilities as it relates to wastewater, as services are available to serve the project. No impact would occur.

VIII. GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS - Would the project:



The City's Climate Action Plan (CAP) outlines the actions that the City will undertake to achieve its proportional share of State greenhouse gas (GHG) emission reductions. A CAP Consistency Checklist is part of the CAP and contains measures that are required to be implemented on a project-by-project basis to ensure that the specified emission targets identified in the CAP are achieved. The project is consistent with the General Plan and the La Jolla Community Plan's land use and zoning designations. Further, based upon review and evaluation of the completed CAP Consistency Checklist, the project is consistent with the applicable strategies and actions of the CAP.

Based on the project's consistency with the City's CAP Checklist, the project's contribution of GHG's to cumulative statewide emissions would be less than cumulatively considerable. Therefore, the projects direct and cumulative GHG emissions would have a less than significant impact.

b)	Conflict with an applicable plan, policy,			
	or regulation adopted for the purpose of reducing the emissions of		\boxtimes	
	greenhouse gases?			

The project would not conflict with an applicable plan, policy, or regulation adopted for the purposes of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gasses. The project is consistent with the existing General Plan and Community Plan land use and zoning designations. Further based upon review and evaluation of the completed CAP Consistency Checklist for the project, the project is consistent with the applicable strategies and actions of the CAP. Therefore, the project is consistent with the assumptions for relevant CAP strategies toward achieving the identified GHG reduction targets. Impacts are considered less than significant.

IX. HAZARDS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS - Would the project:

a)	Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous		\boxtimes	
	materials?			

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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The project would demolish a single-family residence and construct a single-family residence and companion unit in its place. Although minimal amounts of such substances may be present during construction, they are not anticipated to create a significant public hazard. Once constructed, due to the nature of the project, the routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials on or through the subject site is not anticipated. Therefore, impacts would be less than significant.

b)	Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment?			\boxtimes	
Refer to	o response IX (a) above. Impacts wou	ld be less tha	an significant.		

c) Emit hazardous emissions or handle
 hazardous or acutely hazardous
 materials, substances, or waste within
 one-quarter mile of an existing or
 proposed school?

Refer to response IX (a) above. The project site is not within one quarter mile of a school. Future risk of releases of hazardous substances would not occur as a result of project operations because it is anticipated that future on-site operations would not require the routine use or transport of acutely hazardous materials. Construction of the project may require the use of hazardous materials (fuels, lubricants, solvents, etc.), which would require proper storage, handling, use and disposal. Further, the project would be required to comply with all federal, state and local requirements associated with hazardous materials; therefore, impacts would be less than significant.

d)	Be located on a site which is included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code section 65962.5 and, as a result, would it create a significant hazard to the public or the environment?		
	the public of the environment?		

A hazardous waste site record search was completed in May 2020 using Geo Tracker, an online website which discloses any type of hazardous clean-up site pursuant to Government Code section 65962.5: <u>http://geotracker.waterboards.ca.gov/</u> The records search identified that no hazardous waste sites exist onsite or in the surrounding area. No Impacts would result.

e)	For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two mile of a public airport or public use airport, would the project result in a safety		\boxtimes
	hazard for people residing or working		
	in the project area?		

The proposed project is not located within an airport land use plan, or within two miles of a public airport or public use airport. No impacts would result.

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
f) For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?				\boxtimes

The project site is not located within the vicinity of a private airstrip, nor would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area. No impacts would result.

g)	Impair implementation of or physically		
	interfere with an adopted emergency		\square
	response plan or emergency		
	evacuation plan?		

The project would not impair the implementation of, or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or evacuation plan. No roadway improvements are proposed that would interfere with circulation or access, and all construction would take place on-site. No impacts would result.

h) Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires, including where wildlands are adjacent to urbanized areas or where residences are intermixed with wildlands?

The project is located within a developed residential neighborhood, adjacent to the Pacific Ocean, on a lot that is currently developed. The project would not expose people or structures to a significant loss, injury, or death involving wildland fires because the project is not adjacent to any wildlands. Further discussion can be found in Section XX below. Any impacts would be less than significant.

X. HYDROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY - Would the project:

a) Violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements?

The project would comply with the City's Storm Water Regulations during and after construction, and appropriate best management practices (BMP's) would be utilized. Implementation of project specific BMP's would preclude violations of any existing water quality standards or discharge requirements. Impacts would be less than significant.

b) Substantially deplete groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that there would be a net deficit in aquifer volume or a lowering of the local groundwater table level (e.g., the production rate of pre-existing nearby wells would drop to a level which would not support existing land uses or planned uses for which permits have been granted)?

The project does not require the construction of wells or the use of groundwater. Furthermore, the project would include pervious design features and appropriate drainage. Therefore, the project would not introduce a significant amount of new impervious surfaces that could interfere with groundwater recharge. The project as designed was reviewed by qualified City staff and would not substantially deplete groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge. The project is located in a residential neighborhood where all infrastructures exist. The project would connect to the existing public water system. Impacts would be less than significant.

c) Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, in a manner, which would result in substantial erosion or siltation on- or off-site?

Proper landscaping would prevent substantial erosion onsite. No stream or river is located on or adjacent to the site, all runoff would be routed to the existing storm drain system and would therefore not substantially alter existing drainage patterns. The project would be required to implement BMPs to ensure that substantial erosion or siltation on or off-site during construction activities would not occur. Impacts would be less than significant.

d) Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, or substantially
increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner, which would result in flooding on- or off-site?

Refer to response X (c) above. No flooding would occur. Impacts would be less than significant.

e) Create or contribute runoff water, which would exceed the capacity of existing or planned stormwater drainage systems or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff?

The project would be required to comply with all City storm water standards during and after construction. Appropriate BMPs would be implemented to ensure that water quality is not degraded; therefore, ensuring that project runoff is directed to appropriate drainage systems. Any runoff from the site is not anticipated to exceed the capacity of existing storm water systems or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff. Impacts would be less than significant, and no mitigation measures are required.

f)	Otherwise substantially degrade water		\square	
	quality?			

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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Refer to response X (a) above. The project would be required to comply with all City storm water standards both during and after construction, using appropriate BMP's that would ensure that water quality is not degraded. Impacts would be less than significant.

g)	Place housing within a 100-year flood hazard area as mapped on a federal Flood Hazard Boundary or Flood Insurance Rate Map or other flood		\boxtimes	
	hazard delineation map?			

The project site is not located within a 100-year flood hazard area or any other known flood area. The project has been reviewed by the proper engineering staff and would be conditioned to follow building construction guidelines to avoid flooding. Any impacts would remain below a level of significance.

h)	Place within a 100-year flood hazard			
	area, structures that would impede or		\boxtimes	
	redirect flood flows?			

Refer to X (g) above. The project site is not located within a 100-year flood hazard area or any other known flood area. Impacts would remain below a level of significance.

XI. LAND USE AND PLANNING – Would the project:

a)	Physically divide an established		\square
	community?		

The project would construct a new single-family residence and a companion unit in the place of an existing single-family residence. The project is consistent with the General Plan and the La Jolla Community Plan's land use designation (Low Density Residential, 5-9 du/ac) and is within a previously developed lot with access to a public roadway. The project site is located within a developed residential neighborhood and surrounded by similar residential development. The project would not substantially change the nature of the surrounding area and would not introduce any barriers or project features that could physically divide the community. No impacts would result.



The project is consistent with the General Plan and the La Jolla Community Plan's land use designation which allows up to 5-9 dwelling units per acre. The project is located on a 0.12-acre lot and proposes one unit therefore it is consistent. The project also complies with the LJSPD-SF zoning requirements. Since there are no conflicts with the applicable land use plan, policy, or regulations, impacts would remain below a level of significance.

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
c) Conflict with any applicable habitat conservation plan or natural community conservation plan?			\boxtimes	

Please refer to section IV (e) above. The project is located within a developed residential neighborhood and would not conflict with any applicable habitat conservation plan or natural community conservation plan. Impacts would be less than significant.

XII. MINERAL RESOURCES – Would the project:

a)	Result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region and the residents		\boxtimes
	of the state?		

There are no known mineral resources located on the project site. The urbanized and developed nature of the project site and vicinity would preclude the extraction of any such resources. No impacts would result.

b)	Result in the loss of availability of a locally important mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan or other land		\boxtimes
	use plan?		

See XII (a), above. The project site has not been delineated on a local general, specific or other land use plan as a locally important mineral resource recovery site, and no such resources would be affected with project implementation. Therefore, no impacts were identified.

XIII. NOISE – Would the project result in:

,	Generation of, noise levels in excess of standards established in the local general plan or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies?		\boxtimes	
	applicable standards of other agencies:			

Short-term (Construction)

Short-term noise impacts would be associated with onsite grading, and construction activities of the project. Construction-related short-term noise levels would be higher than existing ambient noise levels in the project area but would no longer occur once construction is completed. Sensitive receptors (e.g. residential uses) occur in the immediate area and may be temporarily affected by construction noise; however, construction activities would be required to comply with the construction hours specified in the City's Municipal Code (Section 59.5.0404, Construction Noise) which are intended to reduce potential adverse effects resulting from construction noise. Impacts would remain below a level of significance.

Long-term (Operation)

For the long-term, typical noise levels associated with residential uses are anticipated, and the project would not result in an increase in the existing ambient noise level. The project would not result in noise levels in excess of standards established in the City of San Diego General Plan or Noise Ordinance. Impacts would remain below a level of significance.

Issue		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
b) Generation of, excessive ground borne vibration or ground borne noise levels?			\boxtimes	

Potential effects from construction noise would be reduced through compliance with the City restrictions. Pile driving activities that would potentially result in ground borne vibration or ground borne noise are not anticipated with construction of the project. Impacts would be less than significant.

c)	A substantial permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without		\boxtimes	
	the project?			

The project would not significantly increase long-term (ambient) noise levels. The project would not introduce a new land use or significantly increase the intensity of the allowed land use. Post construction noise levels and traffic would be generally unchanged as compared to noise with the existing residential use. Therefore, no substantial permanent increase in ambient noise levels is anticipated. Impacts would be less than significant.

d)	A substantial temporary or periodic increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above existing without		\boxtimes	
	the project?			

The project would not expose people to a substantial increase in temporary or periodic ambient noise levels. Construction noise would result during construction activities but would be temporary in nature. Construction-related noise impacts from the project would generally be higher than existing ambient noise levels in the project area but would no longer occur once construction is completed. In addition, the project would be required to comply with the San Diego Municipal Code, Article 9.5 "Noise Abatement and Control." Implementation of these standard measures would reduce potential impacts from an increase in ambient noise level during construction to a less than significant level.

e) For a project located within an air land use plan, or, where such a pl has not been adopted, within two of a public airport or public use a would the project expose people residing or working in the area to	an o miles irport 🗌		
residing or working in the area to excessive noise levels?			

The project site is not located within an airport land use plan. The project site is also not located within two miles of a public airport or public use airport. No impacts would result.

f)	For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project expose people residing or working in		\boxtimes
	the project area to excessive noise levels?		

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impa
Issue	Significant	Significant with Mitigation	Significant	No Im

The project site is not located within the vicinity of a private airstrip. No impacts would result.

XIV. POPULATION AND HOUSING – Would the project:

a)	Induce substantial population growth in an area, either directly (for example, by proposing new homes and businesses) or indirectly (for example, through extension of roads or other		\boxtimes
	infrastructure)?		

The project would construct a single-family residence and a companion unit in the place of an existing single-family residence. The project is consistent with the underlying zone and is consistent with the La Jolla Community Plan. The project site is currently developed with the connections to receive water and sewer service from the City, and no extension of infrastructure to new areas is required. As such, the project would not substantially increase housing or population growth in the area. No roadway improvements are proposed as part of the project. No impacts would result.

b)	Displace substantial numbers of		
	existing housing, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?		

The project would construct a new single-family residence and a companion unit in the place of an existing single-family residence, located in a neighborhood of similar residential development; therefore, no such displacement would occur. No impacts would result.

C)	Displace substantial numbers of		
	people, necessitating the construction		\boxtimes
	of replacement housing elsewhere?		

Refer to response XIV (b) above. No impacts would result.

XV. PUBLIC SERVICES

a) Would the project result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provisions of new or physically altered governmental facilities, need for new or physically altered governmental facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, in order to maintain acceptable service rations, response times or other performance objectives for any of the public services:

i)	Fire protection			\boxtimes	
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The project site is located in an urbanized and developed area where fire protection services are already provided. The project proposes to demolish an existing single-family residence and construct a new single-family residence with a companion unit in its place. Therefore, the project would not adversely affect existing levels of fire protection services to the area and would not require the construction of new or expansion of existing governmental facilities. Impacts would be less than significant.

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact			
ii) Police protection			\boxtimes				
The project site is located in an urbanized and developed area within the City of San Diego where police protection services are already provided. The project proposes to demolish an existing single-family residence and construct a new single-family residence with a companion unit in its place. Therefore, the project would not adversely affect existing levels of police protection services or create a new significant demand and would not require the construction of new or expansion of existing governmental facilities. Impacts would be less than significant.							
iii) Schools			\boxtimes				
The project would not affect existing levels of public services and would not require the construction or expansion of a school facility. The project site is located in an urbanized and developed area where public school services are available. The project proposes to demolish an existing single-family residence and construct a new single-family residence with a companion unit in its place. Therefore, the project would not significantly increase the demand on public schools over that which currently exists and is not anticipated to result in a significant increase in demand for public educational services. Impacts would be less than significant.							
iv) Parks			\boxtimes				
available. The project proposes to demolis single-family residence with a companion significantly increase the demand on exist	The project site is located in an urbanized and developed area where City-operated parks are available. The project proposes to demolish an existing single-family residence and construct a new single-family residence with a companion unit in its place. Therefore, the project would not significantly increase the demand on existing neighborhood or regional parks or other recreational facilities over that which presently exists. Impacts would be less than significant.						
v) Other public facilities			\boxtimes				
The project site is located in an urbanized and developed area where City services are already available. The project proposes to demolish an existing single-family residence and construct a new single-family residence with a companion unit in its place. Therefore, the project would not adversely affect existing levels of public services and not require the construction or expansion of an existing governmental facility. Impacts would be less than significant.							
XVI. RECREATION							
 Would the project increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be accelerated? 							

The project proposes to demolish an existing single-family residence and construct a new single-family residence with a companion unit in its place. The project would not adversely affect the availability of and/or need for new or expanded recreational resources. The project would not adversely affect existing levels of public services and would not require the construction or

Issue Significant with Less Inan Issue Significant Significant No Impa Impact Incorrorated Impact	Issue	Significant Significant No Ir	mpact
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expansion of an existing park facility. The project would not significantly increase the use of existing neighborhood or regional parks or other

recreational facilities. Therefore, the project is not anticipated to result in the use of available parks or facilities such that substantial deterioration occurs, or that would require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities to satisfy demand. As such, impacts would remain less than significant.

b)	Does the project include recreational				
	facilities or require the construction or	_	_	N 7	_
	expansion of recreational facilities,			\bowtie	
	which might have an adverse physical				
	effect on the environment?				

Refer to XVI (a) above. The project does not propose recreation facilities nor require the construction or expansion of any such facilities. As such, impacts would remain less than significant.

XVII. TRANSPORTATION/TRAFFIC - Would the project?

with an adopted program, plan, ordinance or policy addressing the transportation system, including transit, roadways, bicycle and pedestrian facilities?	\boxtimes
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The project proposes to construct a single-family residence and a companion unit in the place of an existing single-family residence, in a neighborhood with similar development, therefore, the project would not result in design measures that would conflict with existing policies, plan, or programs supporting alternative transportation. No impacts would result.

b)	Would the project or plan/policy result in VMT exceeding thresholds identified in the City of San Diego Transportation		\boxtimes	
	Study Manual?			

On September 27, 2013, Governor Edmund G. Brown, Jr. signed SB-743 into law, starting a process that fundamentally changes the way transportation impact analysis is conducted under CEQA. Related revisions to the State's CEQA Guidelines include elimination of auto delay, level of service (LOS), and similar measurements of vehicular roadway capacity and traffic congestion as the basis for determining significant impacts.

In December 2018, the California Resources Agency certified and adopted revised CEQA Guidelines, including new section 15064.3. Under the new section, vehicle miles traveled (VMT), which includes the amount and distance of automobile traffic attributable to a project, is identified as the "most appropriate measure of transportation impacts." As of July 1, 2020, all CEQA lead agencies must analyze a project's transportation impacts using VMT.

The Draft City of San Diego Transportation Study Manual (TSM) dated June 10, 2020 is consistent with the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) guidelines and utilizes VMT as a metric for evaluating transportation-related impacts. Based on these guidelines, all projects shall go through a

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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screening process to determine the level of transportation analysis that is required.

The project would construct a single-family residence and a companion unit in the place of an existing single-family residence in a neighborhood which serves similar residential development. A "Small Project" is defined as a project generating less than 300 daily unadjusted driveway trips using the City of San Diego trip generation rates/procedures.

Based upon the screening criteria identified above, the project qualifies as a "Small Project" and is screened out from further VMT analysis. Therefore, as recommended in the City of San Diego Draft TSM, June 10, 2020, the project would have a less than significant impact.

c)	Would the project or plan/policy substantially increase hazards due to a design feature (e.g., sharp curves or dangerous intersections) or incompatible uses (e.g., farm		
	equipment)?		

The project would construct a single-family residence and a companion unit in the place of an existing single-family residence, in a neighborhood with similar residential development. The project complies with the La Jolla Community Plan and is consistent with the land use and underlying zoning, therefore, the project does not include any design features that would substantially increase hazards. No impacts would result.

d)	Result in inadequate emergency access?			\boxtimes	
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Adequate emergency access would be provided during both short-term construction (with construction operating protocols) and long-term operations of the project. Emergency access to the site would be provided from the driveway entrance on El Paseo Grande. As such, the project would not impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan. Impacts would be less than significant.

XVIII. TRIBAL CULTURAL RESOURCES – Would the project cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a tribal cultural resource, defined in Public Resources Code section 21074 as either a site, feature, place, cultural landscape that is geographically defined in terms of the size and scope of the landscape, sacred place, or object with cultural value to a California Native American tribe, and that is:

a)	Listed or eligible for listing in the California Register of Historical		
	Resources, or in a local register of		\boxtimes
	historical resources as defined in Public		
	Resources Code section 5020.1(k), or		

The project site is not listed nor is it eligible for listing in the California Register of Historical Resources, or in a local register of historical resources as defined in Public Resources Code section 5020.1 (k). In addition, please see section V (b) above. Impacts would not result.

b)	A resource determined by the lead			
	agency, in its discretion and supported			
Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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by substantial evidence, to be significant pursuant to criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Public Resources Code section 5024.1. In applying the criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Public Resource Code section 5024.1, the lead agency shall consider the significance of the resource to a				

Tribal Cultural Resources include sites, features, places, cultural landscapes, and sacred places or objects that have cultural value or significance to a Native American Tribe. Tribal Cultural Resources include "non-unique archaeological resources" that, instead of being important for "scientific" value as a resource, can also be significant because of the sacred and/or cultural tribal value of the resource. Tribal representatives are considered experts appropriate for providing substantial evidence regarding the locations, types, and significance of tribal cultural resources within their traditionally and cultural affiliated geographic area (PRC § 21080.3.1(a)).

In accordance with the requirements of Assembly Bill (AB) 52, The City of San Diego sent notification to the Native American Tribes traditionally and culturally affiliated with the project area on May 20, 2020. The Jamul Indian Village and the lipay Nation of Santa Ysabel responded requesting consultation. Consultation took place and concluded via email on June 18, 2020. It was determined that there are no sites, features, places or cultural landscapes that would be substantially adversely impacted by the proposed project. Although no Tribal Cultural Resources were identified within the project site, there is a potential for the construction of the project to impact buried and unknown Tribal Cultural Resources due to its location to known recorded resources in the near vicinity, and location within the Spindrift area of La Jolla Shores. Therefore, it was agreed upon that archaeological and Native American monitoring should be included in the MMRP. The Jamul Indian Village identified that no further evaluation was required and concluded consultation. Mitigation in the form of archaeological and Native American monitoring would reduce all impacts to Tribal Cultural Resources to below a level of significance. See section V of the MND and the Mitigation, Monitoring and Reporting Program (MMRP) for further details.

XIX. UTILITIES AND SERVICE SYSTEMS - Would the project:

California Native American tribe.

a)	Exceed wastewater treatment			
	requirements of the applicable		\boxtimes	
	Regional Water Quality Control Board?			

Implementation of the project would not interrupt existing sewer service to the project site or other surrounding uses. No significant increase in demand for wastewater disposal or treatment would be created by the project, as compared to current conditions. The project is not anticipated to generate significant amounts of wastewater. Wastewater facilities used by the project would be operated in accordance with the applicable wastewater treatment requirements of the Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB). Additionally, the project site is located in an urbanized and developed area. Adequate services are already available to serve the project. Impacts would remain below a level of significance.

b)	Require or result in the construction of new water or wastewater treatment				\boxtimes
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Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?				

Refer to response XIX (a) above. Adequate services are available to serve the project site. Additionally, the project would not significantly increase the demand for water or wastewater treatment services and thus, would not trigger the need for new treatment facilities. No impacts would result.

c)	Require or result in the construction of new storm water drainage facilities or		
	expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause		\boxtimes
	significant environmental effects?		

The project would not exceed the capacity of the existing storm water drainage systems and therefore, would not require construction of new or expansion of existing storm water drainage facilities of which could cause significant environmental effects. The project was reviewed by qualified City staff who determined that the existing facilities are adequately sized to accommodate the proposed development. No impacts would result.

d)	Have sufficient water supplies available		
	to serve the project from existing entitlements and resources, or are new		\boxtimes
	or expanded entitlements needed?		

The 2015 City Urban Water Management Plan (UWMP) serves as the water resources planning document for the City's residents, businesses, interest groups, and public officials. The UWMP assess the current and future water supply and needs for the City. Implementation of the project would not result in new or expanded water entitlements from the water service provider, as the project is consistent with existing demand projections contained in the UWMP (which are based on the allowed land uses for the project site). The Public Utilities Department local water supply is generated from recycled water, local surface supply, and groundwater, which accounts for approximately 20 percent of the total water requirements for the City. The City purchases water from the San Diego County Water Authority to make up the difference between total water demands and local supplies (City of San Diego 2015). Therefore, the project would not require new or expanded entitlements. No impacts would result.

e)	Result in a determination by the wastewater treatment provider which serves or may serve the project that it has adequate capacity to serve the project's projected demand in addition to the provider's existing commitments?		
	communents?		

The project would not adversely affect existing wastewater treatment services. Adequate services are available to serve the project site without requiring new or expanded entitlements. No impacts would result.

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
f) Be served by a landfill with sufficient permitted capacity to accommodate the project's solid waste disposal needs?				

Construction debris and waste would be generated from the construction of the project. All construction waste from the project site would be transported to an appropriate facility, which would have sufficient permitted capacity to accept that generated by the project. Long-term operation of the residential use is anticipated to generate typical amounts of solid waste associated with residential uses. Furthermore, the project would be required to comply with the City's Municipal Code requirement for diversion of both construction waste during the short-term, construction phase and solid waste during the long-term, operational phase. Impacts are considered to be less than significant.

g)	Comply with federal, state, and local			
	statutes and regulation related to solid		\boxtimes	
	waste?			

The project would comply with all Federal, State, and local statutes and regulations related to solid waste. The project would not result in the generation of large amounts of solid waste, nor generate or require the transport of hazardous waste materials, other than minimal amounts generated during the construction phase. All demolition activities would comply with any City of San Diego requirements for diversion of both construction waste during the demolition phase and solid waste during the long-term, operational phase. Impacts would be less than significant.

XX. WILDFIRE – Would the project:

a)	Substantially impair an adopted			
	emergency response plan or		\boxtimes	
	emergency evacuation plan?			

The City of San Diego participates in the San Diego County Multi-Jurisdictional Hazard Mitigation Plan. The project complies with the General Plan and is consistent with the La Jolla Community Plan's land use and the Land Development Code's zoning designation. The project is located in an urbanized area of San Diego and construction of a single-family residence and companion unit in the place of an existing single-family residence would not disrupt any emergency evacuation routes as identified in the Hazard Mitigation Plan. Therefore, the project would have a less-than-significant impact on an emergency response and evacuation plan during construction and operation.

b)	Due to slope, prevailing winds, and other factors, exacerbate wildfire risks, and thereby expose project occupants to, pollutant concentrations from a wildfire or the uncontrolled spread of wildfire2		
	wildfire?		

The project is located in an urbanized neighborhood of similar residential development and is not located in a Very High Fire Severity Zone. Due to the location of the project, the project would not have the potential to expose occupants to pollutant concentrations from a wildfire or the uncontrolled spread of wildfire. Therefore, impacts would remain below a level of significance.

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
c) Require the installation or maintenance of associated infrastructure (such as roads, fuel breaks, emergency water sources, power lines or other utilities) that may exacerbate fire risk or that may result in temporary or ongoing				

The project is located in a residential neighborhood with similar development. The site is currently serviced by existing infrastructure which would service the site after construction is completed. No new construction of roads, fuel breaks, emergency water sources, power lines, or other utilities would be constructed that would exacerbate fire risk, therefore impacts would be less-thansignificant.

d) Expose people or structures to significant risks, including downslope or downstream flooding or landslides, as a result of runoff, post-fire slope instability, or drainage changes?

Refer to response XX (b) above. Additionally, the project would comply with the City's appropriate Best Management Practices (BMP) for drainage and would not expose people or structures to significant risks as a result of run-off, post-fire slope instability, or drainage changes. Therefore, lessthan-significant impact would result.

 \square

XXI. MANDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE -

impacts to the environment?

a) Does the project have the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below selfsustaining levels, threaten to eliminate \boxtimes a plant or animal community, reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory?

This analysis has determined that, although there is the potential of significant impacts related to Cultural Resources (Archaeology) and Tribal Cultural Resources. As such, mitigation measures included in this document would reduce these potential impacts to a less than significant level as outlined within the Mitigated Negative Declaration.

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
 b) Does the project have impacts that are individually limited but cumulatively considerable ("cumulatively considerable" means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable future projects)? 				

As documented in this Initial Study, the project may have the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, notably with respect to Cultural Resources (Archaeology) and Tribal Cultural Resources, which may have cumulatively considerable impacts. As such, mitigation measures have been incorporated to reduce impacts to less than significant. Other future projects within the surrounding neighborhood or community would be required to comply with applicable local, State, and Federal regulations to reduce the potential impacts to less than significant, or to the extent possible. As such, the project is not anticipated to contribute potentially significant cumulative environmental impacts.

c) Does the project have environmental effects that will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly?

The project would demolish an existing single-family residence and construct a new single-family residence and a companion unit in its place. The project is consistent with the environmental setting and with the use as anticipated by the City. Based on the analysis presented above, implementation of the mitigation measures would reduce environmental impacts such that no substantial adverse effects on humans would occur.

INITIAL STUDY CHECKLIST

REFERENCES

I. Aesthetics / Neighborhood Character

- X City of San Diego General Plan
- X Community Plans: La Jolla

II. Agricultural Resources & Forest Resources

- X City of San Diego General Plan
- _____ U.S. Department of Agriculture, Soil Survey San Diego Area, California, Part I and II, 1973
- California Agricultural Land Evaluation and Site Assessment Model (1997)
- _____ Site Specific Report:

III. Air Quality

- ____ California Clean Air Act Guidelines (Indirect Source Control Programs) 1990
- X Regional Air Quality Strategies (RAQS) APCD
- _____ Site Specific Report:

IV. Biology

- X City of San Diego, Multiple Species Conservation Program (MSCP), Subarea Plan, 1997
- <u>X</u> City of San Diego, MSCP, "Vegetation Communities with Sensitive Species and Vernal Pools" Maps, 1996
- X City of San Diego, MSCP, "Multiple Habitat Planning Area" maps, 1997
- ____ Community Plan Resource Element
- California Department of Fish and Game, California Natural Diversity Database, "State and Federally-listed Endangered, Threatened, and Rare Plants of California," January 2001
- California Department of Fish and Game, California Natural Diversity Database, "State and Federally-listed Endangered and Threatened Animals of California, "January 2001
- ____ City of San Diego Land Development Code Biology Guidelines
- _____ Site Specific Report:

V. Cultural Resources (includes Historical Resources)

- X City of San Diego Historical Resources Guidelines
- X City of San Diego Archaeology Library
- <u>X</u> Historical Resources Board List
- ____ Community Historical Survey:
- _____ Site Specific Report:

VI. Energy

- <u>X</u> City of San Diego Climate Action Plan (CAP), (City of San Diego 2015)
- X City of San Diego Climate Action Plan Consistency Checklist 8423 El Paseo Grande Project

VII. Geology/Soils

- X City of San Diego Seismic Safety Study
- X U.S. Department of Agriculture Soil Survey San Diego Area, California, Part I and II, December 1973 and Part III, 1975

<u>X</u> Site Specific Report: *Preliminary Geotechnical Investigation*, prepared by Christian Wheeler Engineering (March 11, 2020)

VIII. Greenhouse Gas Emissions

- <u>X</u> City of San Diego Climate Action Plan (CAP), (City of San Diego 2015)
- X City of San Diego Climate Action Plan Consistency Checklist 8423 El Paseo Grande Project

IX. Hazards and Hazardous Materials

- X San Diego County Hazardous Materials Environmental Assessment Listing
- X San Diego County Hazardous Materials Management Division
- ____ FAA Determination
- <u>X</u> State Assessment and Mitigation, Unauthorized Release Listing, Public Use Authorized, GeoTracker: https://geotracker.waterboards.ca.gov/
- X State Assessment and Mitigation, Unauthorized Release Listing, Public Use Authorized
- _____ Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan
- _____ Site Specific Report:

X. Hydrology/Drainage

- ____ Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM)
- <u>X</u> Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA), National Flood Insurance Program-Flood Boundary and Floodway Map
- ____ Clean Water Act Section 303(b) list, <u>http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/tmdl/303d_lists.html</u>
- _____ Site Specific Report:

XI. Land Use and Planning

- X City of San Diego General Plan
- X Community Plan: La Jolla
- _____ Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan
- X City of San Diego Zoning Maps
- ____ FAA Determination
- ____ Other Plans:

XII. Mineral Resources

- <u>X</u> City of San Diego General Plan
- <u>X</u> California Department of Conservation Division of Mines and Geology, Mineral Land Classification
- ____ Division of Mines and Geology, Special Report 153 Significant Resources Maps
- _____ Site Specific Report:

XIII. Noise

- X City of San Diego General Plan
- X Community Plan: La Jolla
- _____ San Diego International Airport Lindbergh Field CNEL Maps
- _____ Brown Field Airport Master Plan CNEL Maps
- _____ Montgomery Field CNEL Maps
- <u>X</u> San Diego Association of Governments San Diego Regional Average Weekday Traffic Volumes

X San Diego Metropolitan Area Average Weekday Traffic Volume Maps, SANDAG Site Specific Report:

XIV. Paleontological Resources

- X City of San Diego Paleontological Guidelines
- ____ Deméré, Thomas A., and Stephen L. Walsh, "Paleontological Resources City of San Diego," Department of Paleontology San Diego Natural History Museum, 1996
- <u>X</u> Kennedy, Michael P., and Gary L. Peterson, "Geology of the San Diego Metropolitan Area, California. Del Mar, La Jolla, Point Loma, La Mesa, Poway, and SW 1/4 Escondido 7 1/2 Minute Quadrangles," *California Division of Mines and Geology Bulletin* 200, Sacramento, 1975
- Kennedy, Michael P., and Siang S. Tan, "Geology of National City, Imperial Beach and Otay Mesa Quadrangles, Southern San Diego Metropolitan Area, California," Map Sheet 29, 1977
 Site Specific Report:

XV. Population / Housing

- X City of San Diego General Plan
- X Community Plan: La Jolla
- _____ Series 11/Series 12 Population Forecasts, SANDAG
- ____ Other:

XVI. Public Services

- X City of San Diego General Plan
- <u>X</u> Community Plan: La Jolla

XVII. Recreational Resources

- X City of San Diego General Plan
- X Community Plan: La Jolla
- _____ Department of Park and Recreation
- _____ City of San Diego San Diego Regional Bicycling Map
- _____ Additional Resources:

XVIII. Transportation / Circulation

- X City of San Diego General Plan
- X Community Plan: La Jolla
- X San Diego Metropolitan Area Average Weekday Traffic Volume Maps, SANDAG
- X San Diego Region Weekday Traffic Volumes, SANDAG
- X City of San Diego Draft Transportation Manual
- _____ Site Specific Report:

XIX. Utilities

- X City of San Diego General Plan
- X Community Plan: La Jolla
- _____ Site Specific Report:

XX. Water Conservation

_____ Sunset Magazine, New Western Garden Book, Rev. ed. Menlo Park, CA: Sunset Magazine

XXI. Water Quality

- X Clean Water Act Section 303(b) list, <u>http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/tmdl/303d_lists.html</u>
- _____ Site Specific Report:

XXII. Wildfire

- <u>X</u> City of San Diego General Plan
- X Community Plan: La Jolla
- <u>X</u> San Diego County Multi-Jurisdictional Hazard Mitigation Plan
- <u>X</u> Very High Fire Severity Zone Map, City of San Diego
- X City of San Diego Brush Management Regulations, Landscape Regulations (SDMC 142.0412)
- _____ Site Specific Report:





Location Map

8423 El Paseo Grande CDP- Project No. 661815 8423 El Paseo Grande Figure 1



8423 El Paseo Grande

Figure 2

Page 3	City of San Diego · Information Bulletin 620 May 2020			
SD	City of San Diego Development Services	Comn Commit	nunity Planning tee Distribution Form	
Project Name: 8423 El Paseo Gra	nde	Project Numbe 661815	μι.	
Community: La J	olla			
For project scope and contact information (project manager and applicant), log into OpenDSD at <u>https://aca.accela.com/SANDIEGO</u> . Select "Search for Project Status" and input the Project Number to access project information.				
	ve with Canditions Listed Belov ve with Non-Binding Recomme		/	
# of Members Yes 15	# of Member	rs No 0 .	# of Members Abstain 1	
Conditions or Recommendations: See Attachment 1 for reasons for DENIAL				
No Action (Please specify, e.g., Need further information, Split vote, Lack of guorum, etc.)				
NAME: Suzanne W	eissman			
TITLE: DATE: August 12, 2020				
Attach additional pages if necessary (maximum 3 attachments).				

Attachment 1 8423 El Paseo Grande Project # 661815

This project was denied by the La Jolla Shores Planned District Advisory Board 4-0-0

This project was denied by the La Jolla Community Planning Association Subcommittee 6-0-1

The significant reasons for denial by both community groups were:

- The bulk and scale of the structure is significantly greater than the average size of other structures in the vicinity.
- Using Floor Area Ratio as a measurement the structure with a FAR of .96 is greater than the average FAR of .55 of other properties in the area.
- It violates the Design Principal Section §1510.0301(b) states that no structure will be approved that is so different in . . . relationship as to disrupt the architectural unity of the area.
- Insufficient rear yard second story setback only 10 feet from property line.
- Second story on north side yard does not step back from the property line sufficient to provide a transition from older adjacent property.
- Scoutred website data used by applicant for the FAR of structures in the vicinity is incorrect and does not reflect the correct FARs for comparison. It is misleading.

	City of San D	iego			-	FORM
	Developmen 1222 First Ave	., MS 302	Ownershi			DS-318
3	San Diego, CA			Sta	tement	
	(619) 446-500					October 2017
D Neighborhood Deve	lopment Permit 🖾	Site Developme	s) requested: □ Neighborhood ht Permit □ Planned Developn ■ Land Use Plan Amendment	ent Permit	Conditional Use P	
Project Title: <u>B423 El</u> F	aseo Grande Residenc	ç		Project No	. For City Use Only	1
Project Address: <u>8423</u>	El Paseo Grande Resi	dence				
t,a joi	la, CA 92037					
Specify Form of Own	ership/Legal Statu	s (please check)):			
Corporation 🛛 Limi	tedLiability ×or- 🛱	General - What	State? Colorado Corporate	Identificatio	n No. 20191905868	
🗅 Partnership 🗳 Indiv	lelual					
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ATTACHMENT 8

8423 EL PASEO GR RESIDENCE

CDP/ SDP SET



PLAN ANALYSIS

TYPE OF CONSTRUCTION

TYPE VB APPLICABLE CODES

ALL WORK PERFORMED UNDER THIS CONTRACT SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CURRENT EDITIONS OF THE FOLLOWING CODES AND REGULATIONS:

2016 CALIFORNIA BUILDING CODE 2016 CALIFORNIA PLUMBING CODE 2016 CALIFORNIA MECHANICAL CODE 2016 CALIFORNIA ELECTRICAL CODE 2016 CALIFORNIA GREEN BUILDING CODE 2016 CALIFORNIA RESIDENTIAL CODE

THIS PROJECT SHALL COMPLY WITH THE 2016 EDITION OF THE CALIFORNIA BUILDING CODE (TITLE 24), WHICH ADOPTS THE 2015 IBC, 2015 UPC, 2015 UMC, 2014 NEC, 2015 IFC AND IEBC

THE HIGHEST POINT OF THE ROOF EQUIPMENT, OR ANY VENT, PIPE ANTENNA OR OTHER PROJECTION SHALL NOT EXCEED 30' ABOVE GRADE (ORD. 11333 NS)

ALL REQ. PERMITS MUST BE OBTAINED FROM FIRE PLAN CHECK BEFORE THE BUILDING IS OCCUPIED.

THESE PLANS AND ALL WORK SHALL COMPLY WITH THE CALIFORNIA BUILDING STANDARDS CODE FOUND IN THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA TITLE 24 CCR AS AMENDED AND ADOPTED BY THE CITY OF SAN DIEGO



ABBREVIATIONS

GL. GND.	GLASS GROUND
GRD. GR.	GRADE
GYP.	GYPSUM
GYP BD	GYPSUM BOARD
H.B.	HOSE BIB
HDR	HEADER
HDWD.	HARDWOOD
HDWE.	HARDWARE
H.M.	HOLLOW METAL
HORIZ.	HORIZONTAL
HR.	HOUR
HT.	HEIGHT
H.V.A.C	HEATING VENTILATING
	AIR CONDITIONING
HORZ	HORIZONTAL
INSUL.	INSULATION
INT.	INTERIOR
LIN.	LINEN
LAM.	laminate
LAV.	LAVATORY
LT.	LIGHT
L.V.	LOW VOLTAGE
MAX.	MAXIMUM
M.C.	MEDICINE CABINET
M.C. MECH. MEMB.	MECHANICAL MEMBRANE
	MEMBRANE
MFG	MANUFACTURING MANUFACTURER
MFR.	MANUFACTURER
MH.	MANHOLE
MIN.	
MIR. MISC.	MIRROR MISCELLANEOUS
MISC. MTL.	MISCELLANEOUS
MUL.	MULLION
N.	NORTH
N.I.C.	NOT IN CONTRACT
NO. OR 7	
NOM.	NOMINAL
N.T.P.NO	TICE TO PROCEED
n.t.s.	NOT TO SCALE
O/	OVER
O.A.	OVERALL
OBS.	OBSCURE
O.C.	on center
O.D.	OUTSIDE DIAMETER

	OPP. PL. PL/SH	OVERFLOW DRAIN OFFICE OVERHEAD OVERHEAD CABINET OPENING OPPOSITE PROPERTY LINE OR PLATE POLE AND SHELF PLASTIC LAMINATE
	PLSTR. PLEX. PLNTR.	PLASTER PLEXIGLASS PLANTER
١G	PLUMB.	PLUMBING
	PLYWD.	PLYWOOD
	PNL. pntry	PANEL PANTRY
	P.P.	PLANTING POCKET
		PAIR PRECAST
	PREFAB.	PREFABRICATED
	PT. PTN.	POINT PARTITION
	PTD.	PAINTED
	r. Rad.	RISER RADIUS
	R	RADIUS
	R.D. REF.	ROOF DRAIN REFERENCE
	REFR.	REFRIGERATOR
	rev Reinf	REVERSE REINFORCE, REINFORCED
	RGTR.	REGISTER
	req. res.	REQUIRED RESISTANT
	RESIL.	RESILIENT
	RM. R.O.	ROOM ROUGH OPENING
	R.V.	ROOF VENT
	S. S.C.	South Solid core
	SCHED.	SCHEDULE
	S.D. SECT.	storm drain Section
	S.F.	SQUARE FEET
	SH.	SHELF

SHR. SHT. SIM. SKYLT.	SHOWER SHEET SIMILAR SKYLIGHT
SL. SL.DR. SPEC. SQ. S.S.	SLOPE/SLIDER (WINDOW) SLIDING GLASS DOOR SPECIFICATIONS SQUARE STAINLESS STEEL
S.ST. ST. STD. STI	STAINLESS STEEL STONE STANDARD STEEL
SYM.	STORAGE STRUCTURAL STRUCTURE SUSPENDED SYMMETRICAL TREAD
T.B. T.C. TEL. TEMP. T.& G.	TREAD TOWEL BAR TRASH COMPACTOR TELEPHONE TEMPERED GLASS TONGUE AND GROOVE THICK THRESHOLD
T.O.C. T.P.D	THICK THRESHOLD TOP OF CURB TOILET PAPER DISPENSER TELEVISION
T.W. TYP. UNF. U/G	TOP OF WALL TYPICAL UNFINISHED UNDERGROUND UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE
VERT V.P. W	VERTICAL VAPOR PROOF WASHER OR WEST WITH WATER CLOSET
WD. W.H. W/O W.P.	WOOD WATER HEATER WITHOUT WATERPROOF
WT. WTR.	WEIGHT WATER

([∅ (E) EXIST'G ABV. ACOUS. A.D. ADJ. AFF A.F.G. AGGR. ALUM. APPROX. ARCH. BD. BLDG. BLK. BLG. BLK. BLK. BLK. BLK. BLK. BLR. CCAB. CCAB. CCAB. CCAB. CCR. CLG. CLG. CLG. CLG. CLG. CLG. CLG. CONT. CONT. CONT. CONT. CONT. CTR. CONT. CTR. CDBL. DEF. DIA. DIM. CIM. CIM. CIM. CIM. CIM. CONT. CAB. CONT. CONT. CONT. CONT. CONT. CONT. CONT. CONT. CIM. CONT. CIM. CONT. CONT. CIM. CONT. CIM. CONT. CIM. CONT. CIM. CONT. CIM. CIM. CIM. CONT. CIM. C	CENTERLINE DIAMETER OR ROUND EXISTING ABOVE ACOUSTICAL AREA DRAIN ADJUSTABLE AROVF FINISH FI OOR ADJACENT FINISH GRADE AGGREGATE ALUMINUM ALUMINUM ALUMINUM ALUMINUM ALUMINUM ALUMINUM ALUMINUM ALUMINUM BUCK BOARD BUILT - IN BUILDING BLOCK BLOCKING BOLT BEAM BOTTOM CONDUIT CABINET CEMENT CERAMIC CEILING CLOSET CLEAR CONCRETE MASONRY U COUNTER CONNECTION CONSTRUCTION CONSTRUCTION CONSTRUCTION CONSTRUCTION CONTINUOUS CASEMENT WINDOW CENTER COUNTERSUNK DRYER DOUBLE DEPARTMENT DETAIL DIAMETER DIMENSION

DE	DN. D.O. DR. DS. DW DWG'S DWR. E. EA. E.J. EL. ELEC. ENCL. EQ. EQUIP. EXIST. EXP. EXPO. EXT.	DOWN DOOR OPENING DOOR DOWNSPOUT DISH WASHER DRAWINGS DRAWER EAST EACH EXPANSION JOINT ELECTRICAL ENCLOSED EQUAL EQUIPMENT EXISTING EXPANSION EXPOSED EXTERIOR
UNIT	FAU F.D. FDN. F.F. F.G. F.H. FIN. FIXED FL. FLASH.	FORCED AIR UNIT FLOOR DRAIN FOUNDATION FINISH FLOOR FINISH GRADE FIRE HYDRANT FINISH FIXED WINDOW FLOOR FLASHING FACE OF CONCRETE FACE OF FINISH FACE OF MULLION FACE OF STUD FIREPLACE FIREPROOF

	DEVELOPMENT SUMMARY	SCOPE OF WORK
ANDE	 SUMMARY OF REQUEST DEMOLITION OF EXISTING 1,528 SF SINGLE FAMILY RESIDENCE CONSTRUCTION OF NEW 3,528 SF SINGLE FAMILY RESIDENCE CONSTRUCTION OF NEW 1,090 SF ATTACHED COMPANION UNIT CONSTRUCTION OF NEW 461 SF ATTACHED GARAGE RELATED SITE WORK 	 DEMOLITION OF EXISTING 1,528 SF SINGLE FAMILY RESIDENCE CONSTRUCTION OF NEW 3,528 SF SINGLE FAMILY RESIDENCE CONSTRUCTION OF NEW 1,090 SF ATTACHED COMPANION UNIT CONSTRUCTION OF NEW 461 SF ATTACHED GARAGE RELATED SITE WORK
SHEET THAT ELEVATION	CONT. WOOD BLKG., BLKG. BETWEEN MEMBERSTotal number of spaces provided on-site2Total number of spaces provided on-site2	PROJECT INFORMATION OWNER GROSS SITE AREA APPROVALS 8423 BL PASEO GRANDE LLC 5,241 SQ. FL. SITE ADDRESS PARKING REQUIREMENTS 8423 BL PASEO GRANDE, LA JOLLA, CA. 92037 2 A.P.N. YEAR BUILT 344 072 03.00 1950 ZONE BUILDING HEIGHT USD 300.0 40 CHMNEY USD 23.00 80 CHMNEY USD 23.00 80 CHMNEY USD 23.00 80 CHMNEY LOT 3, BLX 38, MAP 2147 2 COMPANION UNIT 1,090 SF RIMARY DWELLING SUMMARY COMPANION UNIT MAIN LEVEL 1,491 SF GRASS FLOOR AREA (GFA) 5,079 SF UPPER LEVEL 2,669 SF STORAGE 82 SF GROSS FLOOR AREA (GFA) 3,289 SF GROSS FLOOR AREA (GFA) 3,299 SF <t< td=""></t<>
Image: Provide the second s	PLATE OR GYRBOARD SOL Processing Planned District (if Applicable): LISPD.SE UIE GUZEDUNGLAZED OR RAVER Base Zone: LISPD Planned District (if Applicable): LISPD.SE Overlays (check all that apply): Residential Tandem Parking Coastal Height Limitation Parking Impact DISTING WALL TO REMAN 2X 6 STUD WALLU NO. COACETE STEEL STUD WALLS Environmentally Sensitive Lands: Does the project site contain or is it adjacent to any site that contains any of the following Environmentally Sensitive Lands as identified in <u>Municipal Code Section 113.0103</u> ? [] Yes [X] No Steep Hillsides DICATOR WSION NUMBER Historic District: [] Yes [X] No (If Yes) Name:	GFA 3,989 SF
CONSULTANTS ARCHITECTS TONY CRISAFI, LISA KRIEDEMAN ISLAND ARCHITECTS 7626 HERSCHEL AVENUE LA JOLLA, CALIFORNIA 92037 PH. (858) 459-9291 FAX (858) 456-0351 PROJECT MANAGER: HALEY DUKE CIVIE ENGINEER/ SURVEYOR NAMDMARK CONSULTING 9555 GENESEE AVE, SUITE 200 SAN DIEGO, CA 92121 PH. (858) 587-8070 FAX (858) 587-8750 CONTACT: DAVID YEH CONTACT: DAVID YEH SAN DIEGO 92105 PH. (19) 550-1746 CONTACT: DAN ADLER	LOT TOTAL: 5,241 SQ. FT. 100% CERTIFICATION STATEMENT I HEREBY ACKNOWLEDGE AND CERTIFY THAT: 1.1 AM ACCOUNTABLE FOR KNOWING AND COMPLYING WITH THE GOVERNING POLICIES, REGULATIONS AND SUBMITTAL REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO THIS PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT; 2.1 HAVE PERFORMED REASONABLE RESEARCH TO DETERMINE THE REQUIRED APPROVALS AND DECISION PROCE FOR THE PROPOSED PROJECT, AND THAT FAILURE TO ACCURATELY IDENTIFY AN APPROVAL OR DECISION PROCE COULD SIGNIFICANTLY DELAY THE PERMITTING PROCESS; 3.1 HAVE TAKEN THE PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATION FOR DEVELOPMENT FORMIT COMPLETENESS REVIEW TRAININ AND AM ON THE APPROVED LIST FOR PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATION; AMININA MON THE APPROVED LIST FOR PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATION FOR DEVELOPMENT PRIMIT COMPLETENESS REVIEW PRIVILEGE REQUIRES ACCURATE SUBMITTALS ON A CONSISTENT BASIS, S. SUBMITTING INCOMPLETE DOCUMENTS AND PLANS ON A CONSISTENT BASIS MAY RESULT IN THE REVOCATION OF MY PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATION FOR DEVELOPMENT PREMIT COMPLETENESS REVIEW 6. IF REQUIRED DOCU	G CITY STANDARD TITLE BLOCK Prepared By: Name: Island Architects Contact: Nick Wilson 7626 Herschel Avenue La Jolla, CA 92037 Revision 06: Phone: (858) 459-9291 Revision 04:
	RESPONSIBLE CERTIFIED PROFESSIONAL NAME: EDWARD SUTTON SIGNATURE: Contraction of the second	Street Address: Revision 04. 8423 El Paseo Grande, La Jolla, CA 92037 Revision 03: Revision 02: 08/13/2020 Project Name: Revision 01: 06/12/2020 8423 EL PASEO GRANDE RESIDENCE Original Date: 03/11/2020 Sheet Title:





SITE PLAN 1" = 10'-0"

<u>SITE NOTES</u>

- THE EXISTING WATER AND SEWER SERVICES WILL REMAIN.
- PER FHPS POLICY P-00-6 (UFC 901.4.4) BUILDING ADDRESS NUMBERS TO BE VISIBLE AND LEGIBLE FROM THE STREET OR ROAD FRONTING THE PROPERTY. THIS PROJECT MUST COMPLY WITH WITH THE MUNICIPAL CODE REQUIREMENTS FOR MAXIMUM HEIGHT OF THE STRUCTURE NOT TO EXCEED 30 FEET (SDMC, SECTIONS
- 131.0444 AND 132.0505.) HIGHEST POINT ON ROOF EQUIPMENT, PIPE, VENT, ANTENNA OR OTHER PROJECTION SHALL NOT EXCEED 30 FEET ABOVE GRADE.
- THE HIGHEST POINT OF ANY ROOF, EQUIPMENT, OR ANY VENT PIPE, ANTENNA, OR OTHER PROJECTION SHALL NOT EXCEED 30'-0" ABOVE GRADE. ALL PROPOSED SITE LIGHTING SHALL BE SHIELDED SUCH THAT THE LIGHT SOURCE
- SHALL BE CONCEALED FROM PUBLIC VIEW.
- FIRE HYDRANTS, 01 @ 110'-0" FROM PROPERTY SEE SITE PLAN.
- REFER TO SEPARATE GRADING PLAN FOR REQUIRED EMRA, PERMANENT BMPs, AND WCPC.
- WATER METERS FOR COMBINED DOMESTIC WATER AND FIRE SPRINKLER SYSTEMS SHALL NOT BE INSTALLED UNTIL THE FIRE SPRINKLER SYSTEM HAS BEEN SUBMITTED
- AND APPROVED BY THE BUILDING OFFICIAL. AUTOMATIC IRRIGATION SYSTEM CONTROLLERS FOR LANDSCAPING PROVIDED BY THE BUILDER AND INSTALLED AT THE TIME OF FINAL INSPECTION SHALL COMPLY WITH THE FOLLOWING:
- Controllers shall be weather or soil moisture-based controllers that automatically i. adjust irrigation in response to changes in plants' needs as weather conditions change ii. Weather-based controllers without integral rain sensors or communication systems

that account for local rainfall shall have a separate wired or wireless rain sensor which connects or communicates with the controller(s). Soil moisture-based controllers are not required to have rain sensor input.

TONY CRISA 7626 Herschel , Tel: 858-459-9291 SL WE'E'D AR'C' Copyright Island Architects JOB #: 7010 DRAWN BY: N. WILSON PROJ. MGR.: H. DUKE DATE: ISSUE: 03/11/2020 CDP 1 06/12/2020 CDP 2 08/13/2020 CDP 3 REVISIONS DESCRIPTION DATE RESIDENCE D GRANDE SEO A Jolla PA Δ Gran \mathfrak{C} 8423 EI Pc

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SITE PLAN

08.13.2020

A KRIEDEMAN, R.A. La Jolla. Ca 92037 Fax: 858-456-0351

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CITY STANDARD TITLE BLOCK

Prepared By: Name: Island Architects

nume:	Isiunu Architecis	
_	Contact: Nick Wilson	Re
_	7626 Herschel Avenue	Re
_	La Jolla, CA 92037	Re
Phone:	(858) 459-9291	Re
Street Ac	ddress:	Re
_	8423 El Paseo Grande, La Jolla, CA 92037	Re
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Project N	Jame:	Re
-	8423 EL PASEO GRANDE RESIDENCE	0

Sheet Title: SITE PLAN

Revision 08:	
Revision 07:	
Revision 06:	
Revision 05:	
Revision 04:	
Revision 03:	
Revision 02:	08/13/2020
Revision 01:	06/12/2020
Original Date:	03/11/2020
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DEP#:	





LOT SQUARE FOOTAGE BUILDING FOOTPRINT LANDSCAPE HARDSCAPE	5,241 SF T 2,580 SF 1,968 SF 693 SF
PRIMARY DWELLING SUMMA	_
MAIN LEVEL	1,491 SF
FIRST FLOOR	948 SF
GARAGE	461 SF
STORAGE	82 SF
UPPER LEVEL	2,669 SF
SECOND FLOOR	
TERRACE	171 SF
exemptions	<171 SF>
TERRACE (113.0234)	<171 SF>
<u>GROSS FLOOR AREA (GFA)</u>	3,989 SF
FLOOR AREA RATIO	.76
SITE AREA	5,241 SF
GFA	3,989 SF
	-,, -,

SITE COVERAGE SUMMARY

COMPANION UNIT	
Companion Unit	1,090 SF
Primary Dwelling	3,989 SF
GROSS FLOOR AREA (GFA)	5,079 SF
<u>TOTAL FLOOR AREA RATIO</u>	.97
SITE AREA	5,241 SF
GFA	5,079 SF

CITY	STANDARD	TITLE	BLOCK

Prepared By: Name: Island Architects

Nume:	
	Contact: Nick Wilson
	7626 Herschel Avenue
	La Jolla, CA 92037
Phone:	(858) 459-9291
Street A	ddress:
	8423 El Paseo Grande, La Jolla, CA 92037
Project	Name:

Project Name: 8423 EL PASEO GRANDE RESIDENCE Sheet Title:

AREA CALCULATIONS

Revision 08:	
Revision 07:	
Revision 06:	
Revision 05:	
Revision 04:	
Revision 03:	
Revision 02:	08/13/2020
Revision 01:	06/12/2020
Original Date:	03/11/2020
Sheet: 4	of 10
DEP#:	



AREA CALCULATIONS 08.13.2020





CITY STANDARD TITLE BLOCK

Prepared By: Name: Island Architects

-	Isidina / Termeels	
_	Contact: Nick Wilson	Revision 0
	7626 Herschel Avenue	Revision 0
-	La Jolla, CA 92037	Revision 0
Phone:	(858) 459-9291	Revision 0
Street A	ddress:	Revision 0
-	8423 El Paseo Grande, La Jolla, CA 92037	Revision 0
-		Revision 0
Project I	Name:	Revision 0
-	8423 EL PASEO GRANDE RESIDENCE	Original E
Sheet Ti	tle:	

MAIN LEVEL PLAN

Revision 08:	
Revision 07:	
Revision 06:	
Revision 05:	
Revision 04:	
Revision 03:	
Revision 02:	08/13/2020
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Sheet: 5	of 10
DEP#:	



08.13.2020

MAIN LEVEL PLAN





UPPER LEVEL PLAN 1/4" = 1'-0"



08.13.2020

CITY STANDARD TITLE BLOCK

Prepared By: Name: Island Architects

ranic.	Isiana / Termeels	
	Contact: Nick Wilson	Revisio
	7626 Herschel Avenue	Revisio
	La Jolla, CA 92037	Revisio
Phone:	(858) 459-9291	Revisio
Street A	ddress:	Revisio
	8423 El Paseo Grande, La Jolla, CA 92037	Revisio
		Revisio
Project	Name:	Revisio
	8423 EL PASEO GRANDE RESIDENCE	Origino

Sheet Title: UPPER LEVEL PLAN

Revision 08:	
Revision 07:	
Revision 06:	
Revision 05:	
Revision 04:	
Revision 03:	
Revision 02:	08/13/2020
Revision 01:	06/12/2020
Original Date:	03/11/2020
Sheet: 6	of 10
DEP#:	





Contact: Nick Wilson 7626 Herschel Avenue La Jolla, CA 92037 Phone: (858) 459-9291 Street Address: 8423 El Paseo Grande, La Jolla, CA 9203 Project Name: 8423 EL PASEO GRANDE RESIDENCE Stheet Title:		
La Jolla, CA 92037 Phone: (858) 459-9291 Street Address: 8423 El Paseo Grande, La Jolla, CA 9203 Project Name: 8423 EL PASEO GRANDE RESIDENCE		Contact: Nick Wilson
Phone: (858) 459-9291 Project Name: 8423 EL PASEO GRANDE RESIDENCE		7626 Herschel Avenue
Project Name: 8423 EL PASEO GRANDE RESIDENCE		La Jolla, CA 92037
Project Name: 8423 EL PASEO GRANDE RESIDENCE	Phone:	(858) 459-9291
Project Name: 8423 EL PASEO GRANDE RESIDENCE	Street A	ddress:
8423 EL PASEO GRANDE RESIDENCE		8423 El Paseo Grande, La Jolla, CA 9203
8423 EL PASEO GRANDE RESIDENCE		
	Project	Name:
iheet Title:		8423 EL PASEO GRANDE RESIDENCE
	Sheet T	itle:

ROOF PLAN

Revision 07:	
Revision 06:	
Revision 05:	
Revision 04:	
Revision 03:	
Revision 02:	08/13/2020
Revision 01:	06/12/2020
Original Date:	03/11/2020
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08.13.2020



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	Contact: Nick Wilson	Revisio
	7626 Herschel Avenue	Revisio
	La Jolla, CA 92037	Revisio
Phone:	(858) 459-9291	Revisio
Street A	ddress:	Revisio
	8423 El Paseo Grande, La Jolla, CA 92037	Revisio
		Revisio
Project	Name:	Revisio
	8423 EL PASEO GRANDE RESIDENCE	Origin

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-	Contact: Nick Wilson	Revisi
-	7626 Herschel Avenue	Revisi
-	La Jolla, CA 92037	Revisi
Phone:	(858) 459-9291	Revisi
Street Address:		Revisi
-	8423 El Paseo Grande, La Jolla, CA 92037	Revisi
-		Revisi
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-	8423 EL PASEO GRANDE RESIDENCE	Origir

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