

MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION

Project No. 670393 SCH No. 2021100225

SUBJECT:

Via Del Mar CDP SDP: The project requests a Coastal Development Permit (CDP) and Site Development Permit (SDP) to construct a new 6,200-square-foot single-family residence with an attached three car garage and a detached 1,000-square-foot companion unit located at 3821 Via Del Mar, adjacent to the City's Multiple Habitat Planning Area (MHPA), with Environmentally Sensitive Lands located on the project site. The project proposes to conserve Tier I habitat located inside the MHPA via a Covenant of Easement (COE). The 1.00-acre site is designated Spaced-Rural Residential pursuant to the Carmel Valley Community Plan and is subject to the AR-1-2 zoning requirements. The project is also subject to the Coastal (Non-Appealable) Overlay zone, Environmentally Sensitive Lands (Biological Resources and Steep Hillsides), Transit Priority Area, Very High Fire Severity Zone, and Council District 1. (LEGAL DESCRIPTION: Parcel 2 of Map No 10227, City of San Diego, County of San Diego, State of California, July 16, 1980).

APPLICANT: Lalit Dhir

Update November 16, 2021

Minor revisions have been made to the draft Mitigated Negative Declaration (MND). Revisions to the language would appear in strikeout and <u>underline</u> format. Language to clarify the project scope, analysis, and mitigation regarding Biological Resources has been updated. The update to the language would not result in any changes to the environmental impacts associated with the project. As such, no recirculation of the MND is required. In accordance with the California Environmental Quality Act, Section 15073.5 (c)(4), the addition of new information that clarifies, amplifies, or makes insignificant modification does not require recirculation as there are no new impacts and no new mitigation identified. An environmental document need only be recirculated where there is identification of new significant environmental impact or the addition or a new mitigation measure required to avoid a significant environmental impact.

- I. PROJECT DESCRIPTION:
 - See attached Initial Study.
- II. ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING:

See attached Initial Study.

III. DETERMINATION:

The City of San Diego conducted an Initial Study which determined that the proposed project could have a significant environmental effect in the following areas(s): **Biological Resources**. Subsequent revisions in the project proposal create the specific mitigation identified in Section V of this Mitigated Negative Declaration. The project as revised now avoids or mitigates the potentially significant environmental effects previously identified, and the preparation of an Environmental Impact Report will not be required.

IV. DOCUMENTATION:

The attached Initial Study documents the reasons to support the above Determination.

V. MITIGATION, MONITORING AND REPORTING PROGRAM:

A. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS – PART I Plan Check Phase (prior to permit issuance)

- 1. Prior to the issuance of a Notice To Proceed (NTP) for a subdivision, or any construction permits, such as Demolition, Grading or Building, or beginning any construction related activity on-site, the Development Services Department (DSD) Director's Environmental Designee (ED) shall review and approve all Construction Documents (CD), (plans, specification, details, etc.) to ensure the MMRP requirements are incorporated into the design.
- In addition, the ED shall verify that the MMRP Conditions/Notes that apply ONLY to the construction phases of this project are included VERBATIM, under the heading, "ENVIRONMENTAL/MITIGATION REQUIREMENTS."
- 3. These notes must be shown within the first three (3) sheets of the construction documents in the format specified for engineering construction document templates as shown on the City website:
 - https://www.sandiego.gov/development-services/forms-publications/design-guidelines-templates
- 4. The **TITLE INDEX SHEET** must also show on which pages the "Environmental/Mitigation Requirements" notes are provided.
- 5. SURETY AND COST RECOVERY The Development Services Director or City Manager may require appropriate surety instruments or bonds from private Permit Holders to ensure the long-term performance or implementation of required mitigation measures or programs. The City is authorized to recover its cost to offset the salary, overhead, and expenses for City personnel and programs to monitor qualifying projects.

- B. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS PART II

 Post Plan Check (After permit issuance/Prior to start of construction)
 - PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING IS REQUIRED TEN (10) WORKING DAYS PRIOR TO BEGINNING ANY WORK ON THIS PROJECT. The PERMIT HOLDER/OWNER is responsible to arrange and perform this meeting by contacting the CITY RESIDENT ENGINEER (RE) of the Field Engineering Division and City staff from MITIGATION MONITORING COORDINATION (MMC). Attendees must also include the Permit holder's Representative(s), Job Site Superintendent and the following consultants: Not Applicable

Note: Failure of all responsible Permit Holder's representatives and consultants to attend shall require an additional meeting with all parties present.

CONTACT INFORMATION:

- a) The PRIMARY POINT OF CONTACT is the **RE** at the **Field Engineering Division 858-627-3200**
- b) For Clarification of ENVIRONMENTAL REQUIREMENTS, it is also required to call **RE and MMC at 858-627-3360**
- 2. MMRP COMPLIANCE: This Project, Project Tracking System (PTS) #670393 and /or Environmental Document #670393, shall conform to the mitigation requirements contained in the associated Environmental Document and implemented to the satisfaction of the DSD's Environmental Designee (MMC) and the City Engineer (RE). The requirements may not be reduced or changed but may be annotated (i.e. to explain when and how compliance is being met and location of verifying proof, etc.). Additional clarifying information may also be added to other relevant plan sheets and/or specifications as appropriate (i.e., specific locations, times of monitoring, methodology, etc.

Note: Permit Holder's Representatives must alert RE and MMC if there are any discrepancies in the plans or notes, or any changes due to field conditions. All conflicts must be approved by RE and MMC BEFORE the work is performed.

3. OTHER AGENCY REQUIREMENTS: Evidence of compliance with all other agency requirements or permits shall be submitted to the RE and MMC for review and acceptance prior to the beginning of work or within one week of the Permit Holder obtaining documentation of those permits or requirements. Evidence shall include copies of permits, letters of resolution or other documentation issued by the responsible agency.

None Required

4. MONITORING EXHIBITS

All consultants are required to submit, to RE and MMC, a monitoring exhibit on a 11x17 reduction of the appropriate construction plan, such as site plan, grading, landscape, etc., marked to clearly show the specific areas including the LIMIT OF WORK, scope of that discipline's work, and notes indicating when in the construction schedule that work will be

performed. When necessary for clarification, a detailed methodology of how the work will be performed shall be included.

NOTE: Surety and Cost Recovery – When deemed necessary by the Development Services Director or City Manager, additional surety instruments or bonds from the private Permit Holder may be required to ensure the long-term performance or implementation of required mitigation measures or programs. The City is authorized to recover its cost to offset the salary, overhead, and expenses for City personnel and programs to monitor qualifying projects.

5. OTHER SUBMITTALS AND INSPECTIONS:

The Permit Holder/Owner's representative shall submit all required documentation, verification letters, and requests for all associated inspections to the RE and MMC for approval per the following schedule:

Document Submittal/Inspection Checklist			
Issue Area	Document Submittal	Associated Inspection/Approvals/ Notes	
General	Consultant Qualification Letters	Prior to Preconstruction Meeting	
General	Consultant Construction Monitoring Exhibits	Prior to Preconstruction Meeting	
Biological Resources	Monitoring Exhibit	Monitoring Report Approval	
Bond Release	Request for Bond Release Letter	Final MMRP Inspections Prior to Bond Release Letter	

C. SPECIFIC MMRP ISSUE AREA CONDITIONS/REQUIREMENTS

MM-BIO-1

Prior to Notice to Proceed (NTP) for any construction permits, including but not limited to, the first Grading Permit, Demolition Plans/Permits and Building Plans/Permits, the project would shall mitigate for impacts to 0.88-acres of Tier I southern maritime chaparral at a 1:1 ratio in accordance with the City's Biological Guidelines <u>Table 3</u>, off-site through <u>purchase</u> conservation of Tier I habitat located inside the Multiple Habitat Planning Area (MHPA) via of a conservation a covenant of easement per Section 143.0152 of the City Land Development Code. The applicant is working with J. Whelan Associates, Inc. to provide a covenant of easement over 1.04 acres within the MHPA on Assessor's Parcel Number 366-021-09-00, located on Lot 73 of the Rancho Mission San Diego Land Grant.z

MM-BIO-2

Replacement of 19 impacted wart-stemmed ceanothus plants at a minimum 1:1 ratio as described in the project's revegetation plan, conditioned for approval. The revegetation plan,

prepared by SJA Landscape Architecture Land Planning, sheet L-2 in the development plans, describes installation of a minimum 24 wart-stemmed ceanothus container plants in the northern and western portions of the project site, outside the final development footprint. The installed plants would be irrigated and maintained a minimum of 25 months. The plan shows the general planting configuration although final locations would be field-fit and documented in an as-built submittal following installation.

MM-BIO-3

Vegetation removal should occur outside of the Cooper's hawk breeding season (February 1 to August 31). If vegetation removal must occur during the breeding season, the Qualified Biologist shall conduct a pre-construction survey to determine the presence or absence of nesting Cooper's hawks within 300 feet of the proposed area of disturbance. The preconstruction survey shall be conducted within 10 calendar days prior to the start of construction activities (including removal of vegetation). The applicant shall submit the results of the pre-construction survey to City Development Services Department for review and approval prior to initiating any construction activities. If nesting Cooper's hawks are detected, a letter report in conformance with the City's Biology Guidelines and applicable state and federal law (i.e., appropriate follow-up surveys, monitoring schedules, construction, and noise barriers/buffers, etc.) shall be prepared and include proposed measures to be implemented to ensure that take of birds or eggs or disturbance of breeding activities is avoided. The report shall be submitted to the City for review and approval and implemented to the satisfaction of the City. The City's MMC and Qualified Biologist shall verify and approve that all measures identified in the report are in place prior to and/or during construction.

VI. PUBLIC REVIEW DISTRIBUTION:

Draft copies or notice of this Mitigated Negative Declaration were distributed to:

FEDERAL

US Fish and Wildlife Service (23)

STATE

California Department of Fish and Wildlife (32) State Clearinghouse (46)

CITY OF SAN DIEGO

Mayor's Office Councilmember Joe LaCava, Council District 1 Development Services:

> Development Project Manager Engineering Review Environmental Review Geology Landscaping Planning Review

Planning Department:
Plan-MSCP
MMC (77A)
City Attorney's Office (93C)

OTHER ORGANIZATIONS AND INTERESTED PARTIES

Sierra Club
San Diego Audubon Society
Mr. Jim Peugh
California Native Plant Society
Endangered Habitats League
Carmel Valley Community Planning Board
Richard Drury
Stacey Oborne
John Stump

VII. RESULTS OF PUBLIC REVIEW:

- (X) No comments were received during the public input period.
- () Comments were received but did not address the accuracy or completeness of the draft environmental document. No response is necessary and the letters are incorporated herein.
- () Comments addressing the accuracy or completeness of the draft environmental document were received during the public input period. The letters and responses are incorporated herein.

Copies of the draft Mitigated Negative Declaration, the Mitigation, Monitoring and Reporting Program and any Initial Study material are available in the office of the Development Services Department for review, or for purchase at the cost of reproduction.

Sara Osborn

Sara Osborn

Date of Draft Report

Senior Planner

Development Services Department

11-17-2021

Date of Final Report

Analyst: Rachael Ferrell

Attachments: Initial Study Checklist
Figure 1 – Location Map
Figure 2 – Site Plan

INITIAL STUDY CHECKLIST

- 1. Project title/Project number: Via Del Mar CDP SDP / 670393
- 2. Lead agency name and address: City of San Diego, 1222 First Avenue, MS-501, San Diego, California 92101
- 3. Contact person and phone number: Rachael Ferrell / (619) 446-5129
- 4. Project location: 3821 Via Del Mar, San Diego, CA 92130
- 5. Project Applicant/Sponsor's name and address: Lalit Dhir, 11649 Thistle Hill Place, San Diego, CA 92130, (858) 401-0065
- 6. General/Community Plan designation: Residential / Spaced Rural Residential
- 7. Zoning: AR-1-2
- 8. Description of project (Describe the whole action involved, including but not limited to, later phases of the project, and any secondary, support, or off-site features necessary for its implementation.):

The project requests a Coastal Development Permit (CDP) and Site Development Permit (SDP) to construct a new 6,200-square-foot single-family residence with an attached three car garage and a detached 1,000-square-foot companion unit located at 3821 Via Del Mar, adjacent to the City's Multiple Habitat Planning Area (MHPA), with Environmentally Sensitive Lands located on the project site. The project proposes to conserve Tier I habitat located inside the MHPA via a Covenant of Easement (COE). The 1.00-acre site is designated Spaced-Rural Residential pursuant to the Carmel Valley Community Plan and is subject to the AR-1-2 zoning requirements. The project is also subject to the Coastal (Non-Appealable) Overlay zone, Environmentally Sensitive Lands (Biological Resources and Steep Hillsides), Transit Priority Area, Very High Fire Severity Zone, and Council District 1.

The project's landscaping has been reviewed by staff and would comply with all applicable City of San Diego Landscape ordinances and standards. Drainage would be directed into appropriate storm drain systems designated to carry surface runoff, which has been reviewed and accepted by City Engineering staff. Ingress and egress would be via a private driveway with access from Via Del Mar street to the east of the project site.

9. Surrounding land uses and setting:

The project site is bounded by El Camino Real to the west and residential homes to the east. State Route 56 is less than one mile to the north. The site is adjacent to City owned MHPA Open Space. The site contains some developed, but mostly undeveloped features and native vegetation. The site is located in a developed area currently served by existing public services and utilities.

10. Other public agencies whose approval is required (e.g., permits, financing approval, or participation agreement):

None required.

11. Have California Native American tribes traditionally and culturally affiliated with the project area requested consultation pursuant to Public Resources Code section 21080.3.1? If so, has consultation begun?

Note: Conducting consultation early in the CEQA process allows tribal governments, lead agencies, and project proponents to discuss the level of environmental review, identify and address potential adverse impacts to tribal cultural resources, and reduce the potential for delay and conflict in the environmental review process. (See Public Resources Code section 21083.3.2.) Information may also be available from the California Native American Heritage Commission's Sacred Lands File per Public Resources Code section 5097.96 and the California Historical Resources Information System administered by the California Office of Historic Preservation. Please also note that Public Resources Code section 21082.3(c) contains provisions specific to confidentiality.

In accordance with the requirements of Public Resources Code 21080.3.1, the City of San Diego provided formal notifications to the lipay Nation of Santa Ysabel, San Pasqual, and the Jamul Indian Village, traditionally and culturally affiliated with the project area. Consultation took place via email on January 26, 2021 and concluded the same day.

ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:

The environmental factors checked below would be potentially affected by this project, involving at least one impact that is a "Potentially Significant Impact" as indicated by the checklist on the following pages.					
	Aesthetics		Greenhouse Gas Emissions		Population/Housing
	Agriculture and Forestry Resources		Hazards & Hazardous Materials		Public Services
	Air Quality		Hydrology/Water Quality		Recreation
\boxtimes	Biological Resources		Land Use/Planning		Transportation/Traffic
	Cultural Resources		Mineral Resources		Tribal Cultural Resources
	Energy		Noise		Utilities/Service System
	Geology/Soils		Mandatory Findings Significance		Wildfire
DETER	MINATION: (To be com	npleted	by Lead Agency)		
On the b	pasis of this initial evaluation:				
	The proposed project COUL be prepared.	.D NOT ha	ive a significant effect on the	environm	ent, and a NEGATIVE DECLARATION will
		evisions i	n the project have been made		ment, there will not be a significant reed to by the project proponent. A
	The proposed project MAY is required.	have a sig	nificant effect on the environ	ment, and	an ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT
	The proposed project MAY have a "potentially significant impact" or "potentially significant unless mitigated" impact on the environment, but at least one effect (a) has been adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and (b) has been addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis as described on attached sheets. An ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required.				
	Although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, because all potentially significant effects (a) have been analyzed adequately in an earlier EIR or (MITIGATED) NEGATIVE DECLARATION pursuant to applicable standards, and (b) have been avoided or mitigated pursuant to that earlier EIR or (MITIGATED) NEGATIVE DECLARATION, including revisions or mitigation measures that are imposed upon the proposed project, nothing further is required.				

EVALUATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS:

- 1) A brief explanation is required for all answers except "No Impact" answers that are adequately supported by the information sources a lead agency cites in the parentheses following each question. A "No Impact" answer is adequately supported if the referenced information sources show that the impact simply does not apply to projects like the one involved (e.g., the project falls outside a fault rupture zone). A "No Impact answer should be explained where it is based on project specific factors as well as general standards (e.g., the project will not expose sensitive receptors to pollutants, based on a project-specific screening analysis.)
- 2) All answers must take account of the whole action involved, including off-site as well as on-site, cumulative as well as project-level, indirect as well as direct, and construction as well as operational impacts.
- 3) Once the lead agency has determined that a particular physical impact may occur, then the checklist answers must indicate whether the impact is potentially significant, less than significant with mitigation, or less than significant. "Potentially Significant Impact" is appropriate if there is substantial evidence that an effect may be significant. If there are one or more "Potentially Significant Impact" entries when the determination is made, an EIR is required.
- 4) "Negative Declaration: Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated" applies where the incorporation of mitigation measures has reduced an effect from "Potentially Significant Impact" to a "Less Than Significant Impact." The lead agency must describe the mitigation measures, and briefly explain how they reduce the effect to a less than significant level (mitigation measures from "Earlier Analyses", as described in (5) below, may be cross-referenced).
- 5) Earlier analyses may be used where, pursuant to the tiering, program EIR, or other CEQA process, an effect has been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or (mitigated) negative declaration. *Section 15063(c)(3)(D).* In this case, a brief discussion should identify the following:
 - a. Earlier Analysis Used. Identify and state where they are available for review.
 - b. Impacts Adequately Addressed. Identify which effects from the above checklist were within the scope of and adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and state whether such effects were addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis.
 - c. Mitigation Measures. For effects that are "Less Than Significant With Mitigation Measures Incorporated", describe the mitigation measures that were incorporated or refined from the earlier document and the extent to which they address site-specific conditions for the project.
- 6) Lead agencies are encouraged to incorporate into the checklist references to information sources for potential impacts (e.g., general plans, zoning ordinances). Reference to a previously prepared or outside document should, where appropriate, include a reference to the page or pages where the statement is substantiated.
- 7) Supporting Information Sources: A source list should be attached, and other sources used or individuals contacted should be cited in the discussion.
- 8) This is only a suggested form, and lead agencies are free to use different formats; however, lead agencies should normally address the questions from this checklist that are relevant to a project's environmental effects in whatever format is selected.
- 9) The explanation of each issue should identify:
 - a. The significance criteria or threshold, if any, used to evaluate each question; and
 - b. The mitigation measure identified, if any, to reduce the impact to less than significant.

lss	ue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact	
I. AESTH	IETICS – Would the project:					
a)	Have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista?					
The project is not located within, or adjacent to a designated scenic vista or view corridor that is identified in the Carmel Valley Community Plan. The project proposes to construct a single-family residence and would be conditioned to comply with all setback, height, and step back requirements pursuant to the community plan and regulations in the Land Development Code. The project is located in a Space-Rural Residential land use area with similar residential structures. The project would not have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista. No Impact would result.						
b)	Substantially damage scenic resources, including but not limited to, trees, rock outcroppings, and historic buildings within a state scenic highway?				\boxtimes	
develop landmai required	Refer to response I (a) above. The project is situated within a residential neighborhood with similar development. The site is not adjacent to a historic building and is not adjacent to a significant landmark. The project is not located within or adjacent to a state scenic highway and would be required to meet all design requirements pursuant to the Carmel Valley Community Plan. No impact would result.					
c)	Substantially degrade the existing visual character or quality of the site and its surroundings?					
The project site is generally surrounded by residential uses and open space. The project would be conditioned to implement appropriate brush management and would not substantially degrade the existing visual character or quality of the site. The project is compatible with the surrounding development and permitted by the General Plan, community plan land use and zoning designations. No impact would result.						
d)	Create a new source of substantial light or glare that would adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area?			\boxtimes		
The project would comply with the outdoor lighting standards contained in SDMC Section 142.0740 (Outdoor Lighting Regulations) that requires all outdoor lighting be installed, shielded, and adjusted so that the light is directed in a manner that minimizes negative impacts from light pollution.						

The project would comply with the outdoor lighting standards contained in SDMC Section 142.0740 (Outdoor Lighting Regulations) that requires all outdoor lighting be installed, shielded, and adjusted so that the light is directed in a manner that minimizes negative impacts from light pollution, including trespass, glare, and to control light from falling onto surrounding properties. Therefore, lighting installed with the project would not adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area, resulting in a less than significant lighting impact.

The project would comply with SDMC Section 142.0730 (Glare Regulations) that requires exterior materials utilized for proposed structures be limited to specific reflectivity ratings. The project would have a less than significant impact.

II. AGRICULTURAL AND FOREST RESOURCES: In determining whether impacts to agricultural resources are significant environmental effects, lead agencies may refer to the California Agricultural Land Evaluation and Site Assessment

	Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	Model (1997) prepared by the California Departr impacts on agriculture and farmland. In determi significant environmental effects, lead agencies in Forestry and Fire Protection regarding the state's Project and the Forest Legacy Assessment project Protocols adopted by the California Air Resource	ning whether in may refer to info s inventory of fo ct; and forest ca	npacts to forest resour ormation compiled by rest land, including the rbon measurement me	ces, including timl the California Dep e Forest and Rang	berland, are partment of e Assessment
	a) Converts Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance (Farmland), as shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency, to non-agricultural use?				\boxtimes
locat is no Impo Moni the c	project is consistent with the Carmel Valed within a developed residential neight adjacent to, any lands identified as Falertance (Farmland), as show on maps protection of the California Resout onversion of such lands to non-agricult ration measures are required.	nborhood. As rmland, Unic repared purs rce Agency.	such, the project Jue Farmland, or F Juant to the Farml Therefore, the pro	site does not of Farmland of Sta and Mapping a ject would not	contain, and atewide and result in
	b) Conflict with existing zoning for agricultural use, or a Williamson Act Contract?				
the p woul	r to response ll (a), above. There are no project. The project is consistent with th d not conflict with any properties zoned ract. No impacts would result.	e existing lar	nd use and the un	derlying zone.	The project
	c) Conflict with existing zoning for, or cause rezoning of, forest land (as defined in Public Resources Code section 1220(g)), timberland (as defined by Public Resources Code section 4526), or timberland zoned Timberland Production (as defined by Government Code section 51104(g))?				
or tir	project would not conflict with existing and an armonic moduction are project is consistent with the commute.	n. No designa	ited forest land or	timberland od	cur onsite
	d) Result in the loss of forest land or conversion of forest land to non-forest use?				

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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Refer to response II (c) above. Additionally, the project would not contribute to the conversion of any forested land to non-forest use, as surrounding properties are developed, and land uses are generally built out. No impacts would result.

e)	Involve other changes in the existing		
	environment, which, due to their		
	location or nature, could result in conversion of Farmland to non-		\boxtimes
	agricultural use or conversion of forest		
	land to non-forest use?		

Refer to response II (a) and II (c), above. The project and surrounding areas do not contain any farmland or forest land. No changes to any such lands would result from project implementation. No impact would result.

III.	AIR QUALITY – Where available, the significance criteria established by the applicable air quality management or air
	pollution control district may be relied on to make the following determinations – Would the project:

a)	Conflict with or obstruct			
,	implementation of the applicable air		\boxtimes	
	quality plan?			

The project site is located in the San Diego Air Basin (SDAB) and is under the jurisdiction of the San Diego Air Pollution Control District (SDAPCD) and the California Air Resources Board (CARB). Both the State of California and the Federal government have established health-based Ambient Air Quality Standards (AAQS) for the following six criteria pollutants: carbon monoxide (CO); ozone (O3); nitrogen oxides (NOx); sulfur oxides (SOx); particulate matter up to 10 microns in diameter (PM10); and lead (Pb). O₃ (smog) is formed by a photochemical reaction between NOx and reactive organic compounds (ROCs). Thus, impacts from O₃ are assessed by evaluating impacts from NOx and ROCs. A new increase in pollutant emissions determines the impact on regional air quality as a result of a proposed project. The results also allow the local government to determine whether a proposed project would deter the region from achieving the goal of reducing pollutants in accordance with the Air Quality Management Plan (AQMP) in order to comply with Federal and State AAQS.

The SDAPCD and San Diego Association of Governments (SANDAG) are responsible for developing and implementing the clean air plan for attainment and maintenance of the ambient air quality standards in the SDAB. The County Regional Air Quality Strategy (RAQS) was initially adopted in 1991 and is updated on a triennial basis (most recently in 2009). The RAQS outlines the SDAPCD's plans and control measures designed to attain the state air quality standards for ozone (O₃). The RAQS relies on information from the CARB and SANDAG, including mobile and area source emissions, as well as information regarding projected growth in San Diego County and the cities in the county, to project future emissions and then determine the strategies necessary for the reduction of emissions through regulatory controls. CARB mobile source emission projections and SANDAG growth projections are based on population, vehicle trends, and land use plans developed by San Diego County and the cities in the county as part of the development of their general plans.

The RAQS relies on SANDAG growth projections based on population, vehicle trends, and land use plans developed by the cities and by the county as part of the development of their general plans. As

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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such, projects that propose development that is consistent with the growth anticipated by local plans would be consistent with the RAQS. However, if a project proposes development that is greater than that anticipated in the local plan and SANDAG's growth projections, the project might be in conflict with the RAQS and may contribute to a potentially significant cumulative impact on air quality.

The project would construct a single-family dwelling in an area with similar land uses, The project is consistent with the General Plan, community plan, and the underlying zoning. Therefore, the project would be consistent at a sub-regional level with the underlying growth forecasts in the RAQS and would not obstruct implementation of the RAQS. Impacts would be less than significant.

b)	Violate any air quality standard or			
	contribute substantially to an existing		\boxtimes	
	or projected air quality violation?			

Short-Term (Construction) Emissions

Construction-related activities are temporary, short-term sources of air emissions. Sources of construction-related air emissions include fugitive dust from grading activities; construction equipment exhaust; construction-related trips by workers, delivery trucks, and material-hauling trucks; and construction-related power consumption.

Variables that factor into the total construction emissions potentially generated include the level of activity, length of construction period, number of pieces and types of equipment in use, site characteristics, weather conditions, number of construction personnel, and the amount of materials to be transported on or offsite.

Fugitive dust emissions are generally associated with land-clearing and grading operations. Construction operations would include standard measures as required by City of San Diego grading permit to limit potential air quality impacts. Any impacts associated with fugitive dust are considered less than significant and would not violate an air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation. No mitigation measures are required.

Long-Term (Operational) Emissions

Long-term air emission impacts are those associated with stationary sources and mobile sources related to any change caused by a project. Operation of single-family residences would produce minimal stationary sources emissions. The project is compatible with the surrounding development and is permitted by the community plan and zone designation. Based on the residential land use, project emissions over the long-term are not anticipated to violate any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation. Impacts would be less than significant, and no mitigation measures are required.

c)	Result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is nonattainment under an applicable federal or state ambient air quality standard (including releasing emissions which exceed quantitative thresholds for		\boxtimes	
	ozone precursors)?			

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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As described in III (b) above, construction operations could temporarily increase the emissions of dust and other pollutants. However, construction emissions would be temporary and short-term in duration. The project would not result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is a nonattainment under applicable federal or state ambient air quality standards. Impacts would be less than significant.

d)	Create objectionable odors affecting a		\square	
	substantial number of people?	Ш		Ш

Short-term (Construction)

Odors would be generated from vehicles and/or equipment exhaust emissions during construction of the project. Odors produced during construction would be attributable to concentrations of unburned hydrocarbons from tailpipes of construction equipment and architectural coatings. Such odors are temporary and generally occur at magnitudes that would not affect a substantial number of people. Impacts would be less than significant.

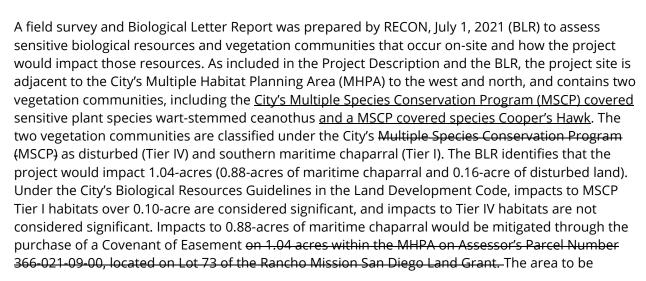
Long-term (Operational)

Typical long-term operational characteristics of the project are not associated with the creation of such odors nor anticipated to generate odors affecting a substantial number of people. Residential units, in the long-term operation, are not typically associated with the creation of such odors nor are they anticipated to generate odors affecting a substantial number or people. Project operations would result in less than significant impacts.

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IV. BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES - Would the project:

a)	Have substantial adverse effects, either
	directly or through habitat
	modifications, on any species identified
	as a candidate, sensitive, or special
	status species in local or regional plans,
	policies, or regulations, or by the
	California Department of Fish and
	Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?



Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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conserved is situated approximately one mile north of Interstate 15 and 1.1 miles west of the Sycamore Landfill. This easement would ensure conservation of 1.04 acre of Tier I native grasslands, which would fully mitigate impacts to the southern maritime chaparral.

The BLR identified that the project would impact 19 wart-stemmed ceanothus, which are a MSCP covered species. According to the City's Biological Guidelines, the wart-stemmed ceanothus should be mitigated at a 1:1 ratio. The project proposes a revegetation plan to replace the impacted wart-stemmed ceanothus on-site. The revegetation plan describes installation of a minimum 24 wart-stemmed ceanothus container plants in the northern and western portions of the project site, outside the final development footprint.

Cooper's Hawk, a MSCP covered species was identified in the BLR to have a moderate to high potential to nest on-site. As such, mitigation measures have been included to avoid any vegetation removal during their breeding season.

A Mitigation Monitoring Reporting Program (MMRP), as detailed within Section V of the Mitigated Negative Declaration (MND), would be implemented. With implementation of the monitoring program, potential impacts on biological resources would be reduced to below a level of significance.

b) Have a substantial adverse effect on

	any riparian habitat or other community identified in local or regional plans, policies, and regulations or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?				
sensitive	Response IV (a), above. Implementation habitat, which would be considered upland impacts would be reduced to	significant	and would require	e mitigation. T	
c)	Have a substantial adverse effect on federally protected wetlands as defined by section 404 of the Clean Water Act (including but not limited to marsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc.) through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, or other means?				

Wetlands or waters do not occur on-site. Wetlands or waters as regulated by the United States Army Corps of Engineers (USACE), the Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB) or the California Department of Fish and Wildlife (CDFW) do not occur on-site and therefore will not be impacted by the project. No impacts would occur, and no mitigation measures are required.

d)	Interfere substantially with the		
	movement of any native resident or		
	migratory fish or wildlife species or with established native resident or		\boxtimes
	migratory wildlife corridors, or impede		
	the use of native wildlife nursery sites?		

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
The project site is surrounded by existinestablished wildlife corridor and would wildlife nursery sites. Therefore, no imp	not impede the m	ovement of any	wildlife or the i	use of any
e) Conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources, such as a tree preservation policy or ordinance?	n 🗆			
The project would not conflict with any resources. No impact would result.	local policies and/	or ordinances pr	otecting biolog	gical
f) Conflict with the provisions of an adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Community Conservation Plat or other approved local, regional, or state habitat conservation plan?	n, 🗌			
The project would conform with the ad Subarea Plan addresses the impacts to Land Use Adjacency Guidelines (LUAGs	preserve areas fro		•	
City MHPA land exists adjacent to the p City's Land Use Adjacency Guidelines to impacted by the project. Land Use Adja drainage, toxics, lighting, noise, barriers strikes. Any impacts would be less than	o protect any habit acency Guidelines a s, invasive species,	at within the MH address indirect i	PA that might l mpacts caused	oe indirectly I by
V. CULTURAL RESOURCES – Would the project:				
a) Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an historical	n 🔲			\boxtimes

The purpose and intent of the Historical Resources Regulations of the Land Development Code (Chapter 14, Division 3, and Article 2) is to protect, preserve and, where damaged, restore the historical resources of San Diego. The regulations apply to all proposed development within the City of San Diego when historical resources are present on the premises. Before approving discretionary projects, CEQA requires the Lead Agency to identify and examine the significant adverse environmental effects which may result from that project. A project that may cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource may have a significant effect on the environment (sections 15064.5(b) and 21084.1). A substantial adverse change is defined as demolition, destruction, relocation, or alteration activities, which would impair historical significance (sections 15064.5(b)(1)). Any historical resource listed in, or eligible to be listed in the California Register of Historical Resources, including archaeological resources, is considered to be historically or culturally significant.

resource as defined in §15064.5?

The City of San Diego criteria for determination of historic significance, pursuant to CEQA, is evaluated based upon age (over 45 years), location, context, association with an important event,

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact	
uniqueness, or structural integrity of the bumodification of structures that are 45 years to a historical resource.					
The project site does not contain a residence evaluation. The site is not historically design result.				•	
b) Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an archaeological resource pursuant to \$15064.5?					
Many areas of San Diego County, including prehistoric occupation and important archainhabited by various cultural groups spanni within an area identified as sensitive on the	neological and ing 10,000 yea	historical resourders or more. The p	es. The region roject area is	n has been located	
A Cultural Resources Survey Report, prepared by RECON, was submitted for the project which concluded that the lack of resources found during the survey, the lack of previously recorded resources on-site, and the disturbed nature of the site would result in a low probability of any impacts to historical resources rising to a level of significance. Due to the results of the survey and lack of any prerecorded resources, impacts would be less than significant.					
c) Directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleontological resource or site or unique geologic feature?					
According to the "Geology of the San Diego Metropolitan Area, California, Del Mar, 7.5 Minute Quadrangle Maps" (Kennedy and Peterson, 1975), the project site is mostly underlain with the highly sensitive rating Torrey sandstone formation, which has a high probability of containing important paleontological resources. The City's Significance Determination Thresholds state paleontological monitoring during grading activities may be required if it is determined that the project's earth movement quantity exceeds the Paleontological threshold (if greater than 1,000 cubic yards and ten feet deep for formations with a high sensitivity rating and if greater than 2,000 cubic yards and ten feet deep for formations with a moderate sensitivity rating). The project proposes to excavate approximately 1,760-Cubic Yards to a depth of 10-feet, which exceeds the City's grading thresholds for sensitive paleontological resources. According to the Land Development Code's 12 th update, paleontological monitoring would be made a condition of approval if the thresholds are exceeded. With the implementation of the monitoring conditioned for the project, impacts would remain less than significant.					
d) Disturb human remains, including those interred outside of dedicated cemeteries?					
Refer to response V (b) above. Impacts wou	ld remain less	than significant.			

VI. ENERGY – Would the project:

			Less Than		
Iss	ue	Potentially Significant Impact	Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a)	Result in potentially significant environmental impact due to wasteful, inefficient, or unnecessary consumption of energy resources, during project construction or operation?				
All projects would be required to meet mandatory energy standards of the current California energy code. The unpermitted grading would have required operation of heavy equipment but would have been temporary and short-term in duration. Additionally, long-term energy usage from the buildings would be reduced through design measures that incorporate energy conservation features in heating, ventilation and air conditioning systems, lighting and window treatments, and insulation and weather stripping. The project would also incorporate cool-roofing materials and solar panels. Development of the project would not result in a significant environmental impact due to wasteful, inefficient, or unnecessary consumption of energy resources. Impacts would remain less than significant.					
b)	Conflict with or obstruct a state or local plan for renewable energy or energy efficiency?				
designation	ject is consistent with the Generation. The project is required in coenting energy reducing design man for renewable energy or energ	emply with the Ci easures, therefo	ity's Climate Action re the project wo	n Plan (CAP) b uld not obstru	у
a)	Expose people or structures to potential involving:	al substantial adverse	e effects, including the	risk of loss, injur	y, or death
	i) Rupture of a known earthquake fault, as delineated on the most recent Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Map issued by the State Geologist for the area or based on other substantial evidence of a known fault? Refer to Division of Mines and Geology Special Publication 42.				
Enginee approxii Zone. No fault rup requirer standard	ng to the Preliminary Geotechnica ring (December 21, 2020), the closuring (December 21, 2020), the closuring (December 21, 2020), the closuring and the site. The active faults are known to under ture is considered low. Additionate the California Building Code construction practices, to be very impacts based on regional geometry. ii) Strong seismic ground shaking?	osest known faul he site is not loca erlie or project to ally, the project v ode, utilize prope erified at the buil	t is Rose Canyon I ated in an Alquist- oward the site. The would be required er engineering des ding permit stage	Fault, located Priolo Earthque Prefore, the profession of the Prof	uake Fault robability of th seismic ation of nsure that
	ii, Strong scisinic ground snaking:	Ш	Ц	KZI	Ш

Potentially Less Than
Potentially Significant with Significant No Impact
Impact Impact Incorporated

According to the Geotechnical Investigation Report, the site could be affected by seismic activity as a result of earthquakes on major active faults located throughout the Southern California area. The project would utilize proper engineering design and utilization of standard construction practices, to be verified at the building permit stage, in order to ensure that potential impacts from regional geologic hazards would remain less than significant. Seismic-related ground failure, П \boxtimes including liquefaction? Liquefaction generally occurs when loose, unconsolidated, water-laden soils are subject to shaking, causing the soils to lose cohesion. According to the Geotechnical Investigation Report, the potential for soil liquefaction at the subject site is low due to the lack of liquefaction prone areas. The project would be required to comply with the California Building Code that would reduce impacts to people or structures to an acceptable level of risk. Implementation of proper engineering design and utilization of standard construction practices, to be verified at the building permit stage, would ensure that the potential for impacts from regional geologic hazards would remain less than significant. X Landslides? iv) According to the Geotechnical Investigation Report, no evidence of landslides or slope instabilities were observed on-site. The report concluded that due to the relatively level terrain of the site, the possibility of deep-seated slope stability problems at the site is low. Implementation of proper engineering design and utilization of standard construction practices, to be verified at the building permit stage, would ensure that the potential for impacts would be reduced to an acceptable level of risk. Impacts would be less than significant. b) Result in substantial soil erosion or the \boxtimes loss of topsoil? Demolition and construction activities would temporarily expose soils to increased erosion potential. The project would be required to comply with the City's Storm Water Standards which requires the implementation of appropriate Best Management Practices (BMPs). Grading activities within the site would be required to comply with the City of San Diego Grading Ordinance as well as the Storm Water Standards, which would ensure soil erosion and topsoil loss is minimized to less than significant levels. Furthermore, permanent storm water BMPs would also be required postconstruction consistent with the City's regulations, along with landscape regulations. Therefore, the project would not result in substantial soils erosion or loss of topsoil. Impacts would be less than significant. Be located on a geologic unit or soil that is unstable, or that would become unstable as a result of the project, and \boxtimes potentially result in on- or off-site

landslide, lateral spreading, subsidence,

liquefaction or collapse?

lss	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact	
As discussed in Section VII (a) and VII (b), the project site is not likely to be subject to landslides, and he potential for liquefaction and subsidence is low. The soils and geologic units underlying the site are considered to have a "low" expansion potential. The project design would be required to comply with the requirements of the California Building Code, ensuring hazards associated with expansive soils would be reduced to an acceptable level of risk. As such, impacts are expected to be less than significant.						
d)	Be located on expansive soil, as defined in Table 18-1-B of the Uniform Building Code (1994), creating substantial risks to life or property?					
expansi Californ events t standar	ng to the Geotechnical Investigation ive soil potential. The project would be lia Building Code that would reduce it an acceptable level of risk. Implement construction practices, to be verifical for impacts from regional geologic	ne required to pentation of at the built	to comply with seisme eople or structures proper engineering Iding permit stage,	mic requirem due to local design and i would ensur	nents of the seismic utilization of e that the	
e)	Have soils incapable of adequately supporting the use of septic tanks or alternative waste water disposal systems where sewers are not available for the disposal of waste water?				\boxtimes	
water a	ject site is located within an area than descent proposed the construction of any new facilities project. No impacts would occur.	se a septic sy	stem. İn addition, tl	ne project do	es not	
VIII CDI	EENHOUSE CAS EMISSIONS - Would the proje	oct:				

VIII. GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS – Would the project:

a) Generate greenhouse gas emissions, either directly or indirectly, that may П П П \boxtimes have a significant impact on the environment?

The City's Climate Action Plan (CAP) outlines the actions that the City will undertake to achieve its proportional share of State greenhouse gas (GHG) emission reductions. A CAP Consistency Checklist is part of the CAP and contains measures that are required to be implemented on a project-byproject basis to ensure that the specified emission targets identified in the CAP are achieved. The project is consistent with the General Plan and the Del Mar Mesa Community Plan's land use and zoning designations. Further, based upon review and evaluation of the completed CAP Consistency Checklist, the project is consistent with the applicable strategies and actions of the CAP.

Based on the project's consistency with the City's CAP Checklist, the project's contribution of GHG's to cumulative statewide emissions would be less than cumulatively considerable. Therefore, the project's direct and cumulative GHG emissions would have a less than significant impact.

Iss	ue	Significant Impact	Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Significant Impact	No Impact
b)	Conflict with an applicable plan, policy, or regulation adopted for the purpose of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gases?			\boxtimes	
of reduc Plan and evaluation the appl assumpt Impacts	ect would not conflict with an applicing the emissions of greenhouse gad Community Plan land use and zonion of the completed CAP Consistence icable strategies and actions of the ctions for relevant CAP strategies toware considered less than significant.	sses. The proing designating Checklist for CAP. Therefore achieving.	oject is consistent of ons. Further based or the project, the re, the project is c	with the existi d upon review project is con onsistent with	ng General and sistent with the
IX. HAZAI	RDS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS – Would the Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials?	he project:		\boxtimes	
be prese	ect would conduct grading activities ent during such activities, they are noted, due to the nature of the projects on or through the subject site is noted.	ot anticipated t, the routine	d to create a signife transport, use, or	icant public h disposal of h	azard. Once azardous
b)	Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment?				
	response IX (a) above. No health ris us materials would result from the i nificant.		•	•	•
c)	Emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste within one-quarter mile of an existing or proposed school?				

Less Than

Refer to response IX (a) above. Future risk of releases of hazardous substances would not occur as a result of project operations because it is anticipated that future on-site operations would not require the routine use or transport of acutely hazardous materials. The project would be required to comply with all federal, state and local requirements associated with hazardous materials. Impacts would be less than significant.

Iss	ue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
d)	Be located on a site which is included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code section 65962.5 and, as a result, would it create a significant hazard to the public or the environment?				
discloses http://ge	dous waste site record search was constant states any type of hazardous clean-up site otracker.waterboards.ca.gov/ The resite or in the surrounding area. No I	te pursuant to ecords searc	o Government Coo h identified that no	le section 659	62.5:
e)	For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two mile of a public airport or public use airport, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?				\boxtimes
	posed project is not located within a or public use airport. No impacts wo	•	d use plan, or with	in two miles o	of a public
f)	For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?				
	ect site is not located within the vici azard for people residing or working		•		
g)	Impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan?				
The project would not impair the implementation of, or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or evacuation plan. No roadway improvements are proposed that would interfere with circulation or access, and all construction would take place on-site. No impacts would result.					
h)	Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires, including where wildlands are adjacent to urbanized areas or where residences are intermixed with wildlands?				

The project is located within a developed urbanized area. The project would not expose people or structures to a significant loss, injury, or death involving wildland fires because the project is not adjacent to any wildlands. The project would implement brush management and be constructed to

Issu	ie	Potentially Significant Impact	Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact		
	vith the City's Fire Code. Further dis e less than significant.	cussion can	be found in Section	n XX below. Ar	y impacts		
X. HYDRO	DLOGY AND WATER QUALITY - Would the pro	ject:					
	Violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements?			\boxtimes			
appropri specific E	ect would be conditioned to comply ate Best Management Practices (BN BMP's would preclude violations of a nents. Impacts would be less than s	MP's) would bany existing v	e utilized. Implem	entation of pr	oject		
	Substantially deplete groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that there would be a net deficit in aquifer volume or a lowering of the local groundwater table level (e.g., the production rate of pre-existing nearby wells would drop to a level which would not support existing land uses or planned uses for which permits have been granted)?						
be condit would no groundw substant The proje	ect does not require the construction tioned to include pervious design for introduce a significant amount of eater recharge. The project as designially deplete groundwater supplies ect is located in a residential neighbornnect to the existing public water supplies.	eatures and a new imperv ned was revi or interfere s orhood whe	appropriate draina ious surfaces that ewed by qualified substantially with § re all infrastructur	ge. Therefore, could interfero City staff and o groundwater r es exist. The p	the project e with would not echarge. roject		
	Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, in a manner, which would result in substantial erosion or siltation on- or off-site?			\boxtimes			
Proper landscaping would prevent substantial erosion onsite. No stream or river is located on or adjacent to the site, all runoff would be routed to the existing storm drain system and would therefore not substantially alter existing drainage patterns. The project would be required to implement BMPs to ensure that substantial erosion or siltation on or off-site during construction activities would not occur. Impacts would be less than significant.							
	Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, or substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner, which would result in flooding on- or off-site?						

ls	sue	Significant Impact	Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Significant Impact	No Impact
Refer to	o response X (c) above. No flooding w	ould occur.	Impacts would be	less than sign	ificant.
e)	Create or contribute runoff water, which would exceed the capacity of existing or planned stormwater drainage systems or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff?				
constru degrade runoff f provide	oject would be required to comply wind to the interior. Appropriate BMPs would be intered; therefore, ensuring that project reform the site is not anticipated to except substantial additional sources of pogation measures are required.	nplemented unoff is directed teed the capa	to ensure that wan cted to appropriate acity of existing sto	ter quality is n e drainage sys orm water syst	ot stems. Any tems or
f)	Otherwise substantially degrade water quality?				
standar	o response X (a) above. The project we ds both during and after construction is not degraded. Impacts would be le	n, using app	ropriate BMP's tha	-	
g)	Place housing within a 100-year flood hazard area as mapped on a federal Flood Hazard Boundary or Flood Insurance Rate Map or other flood hazard delineation map?				
The pro	oject site is not located within a 100-y oject has been reviewed by the prope g construction guidelines to avoid flo ance.	er engineerin	g staff and would	be conditione	d to follow
h)	Place within a 100-year flood hazard area, structures that would impede or redirect flood flows?				
	o X (g) above. The project site is not lo flood area. Impacts would remain be		<u>-</u>	hazard area o	r any other
XI. LAN	O USE AND PLANNING – Would the project:				
a)	Physically divide an established community?				\boxtimes

Less Than

The project site is located within a developed residential neighborhood and surrounded by similar residential development. The project would not substantially change the nature of the surrounding area and would not introduce any barriers or project features that could physically divide the

Iss	sue	Significant Impact	Mitigation Incorporated	Significant Impact	No Impact
	nity. The project is consistent with the ject would meet all regulations outli		-		eneral Plan.
b)	Conflict with any applicable land use plan, policy, or regulation of an agency with jurisdiction over the project (including but not limited to the general plan, specific plan, local coastal program, or zoning ordinance) adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect?				
designat	ject is consistent with the General Pition. There are no conflicts with the less than significant.		-	-	
c)	Conflict with any applicable habitat conservation plan or natural community conservation plan?			\boxtimes	
neighbo commui Habitat to confo	refer to section IV (e) above. The proprious and would not conflict with a nity conservation plan. The project Planning Area (MHPA). However, the promance with the City of San Diego Notes. 1.4.3) as conditions of approval. Im	iny applicable is not located e project is ad MSCP Subare	e habitat conserva I within the City of djacent to the MHI a Plan Land Use A	tion plan or n San Diego's N PA and theref djacency Guic	atural Multiple ore is subject
XII. MINE a)	Result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region and the residents of the state?				
nature c	re no known mineral resources loca of the project site and vicinity would would result.	•	•		•
b)	Result in the loss of availability of a locally important mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan or other land use plan?				

Potentially

Less Than

Significant with

Less Than

See XII (a), above. The project site has not been delineated on a local general, specific or other land use plan as a locally important mineral resource recovery site, and no such resources would be affected with project implementation. Therefore, no impacts were identified.

lss	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact			
XIII. NOI	SE – Would the project result in:							
a)	Generation of, noise levels in excess of standards established in the local general plan or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies?							
Short-te project. levels in recepto constru constru which a Addition Subarea would b Impacts Long-te For the project	hort-term (Construction) hort-term noise impacts would be associated with onsite grading, and construction activities of the roject. Construction-related short-term noise levels would be higher than existing ambient noise evels in the project area but would no longer occur once construction is completed. Sensitive eceptors (e.g. residential uses) occur in the immediate area and may be temporarily affected by construction noise; however, construction activities would be required to comply with the construction hours specified in the City's Municipal Code (Section 59.5.0404, Construction Noise) which are intended to reduce potential adverse effects resulting from construction noise. Inditionally, the proposed project would be in conformance with the City of San Diego MSCP ubarea Plan Land Use Adjacency Guidelines (Section 1.4.3) as a condition of approval. Construction would be avoided during coopers hawk breeding season as mitigation discussed in Section IV above impacts would remain below a level of significance. Ong-term (Operation)							
b)	Generation of, excessive ground borne vibration or ground borne noise levels?							
restricti	A substantial permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the project	l potentially r	esult in ground bo	rne vibration	or ground			
	vicinity above levels existing without the project? ject would not significantly increase	_		ls. The projec				
constru existing	ce a new land use or significantly inc ction noise levels and traffic would b residential use. Therefore, no subst sted. Impacts would be less than sign	oe generally ι antial perma	inchanged as com	pared to nois	e with the			
d)	A substantial temporary or periodic increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above existing without the project?							

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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The project would not expose people to a substantial increase in temporary or periodic ambient noise levels. Construction noise would result during construction activities but would be temporary in nature. Construction-related noise impacts from the project would generally be higher than existing ambient noise levels in the project area but would no longer occur once construction is completed. In addition, the project would be required to comply with the San Diego Municipal Code, Article 9.5 "Noise Abatement and Control." Implementation of these standard measures would reduce potential impacts from an increase in ambient noise level during construction to a less than significant level.

	potential impacts from an increase i ant level.	n ambient no	ise level during c	onstruction to	a less tha
e)	For a project located within an airport land use plan, or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport would the project expose people residing or working in the area to excessive noise levels?				\boxtimes
-	oject site is not located within an airp wo miles of a public airport or public		• •		located
f)	For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?				
The pro	pject site is not located within the vici	nity of a priva	ite airstrip. No im	pacts would r	esult.
XIV. POI	PULATION AND HOUSING – Would the project	::			
a)	Induce substantial population growth in an area, either directly (for example, by proposing new homes and businesses) or indirectly (for example, through extension of roads or other infrastructure)?				\boxtimes
The pro	oject is consistent with the underlying oject site is currently served by existin ntially increase housing or population	ng infrastruct	ure. As such, the	project would	not
b)	Displace substantial numbers of existing housing, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?				
Refer to	o response XIV (a) above. No impacts	would result			
c)	Displace substantial numbers of people, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?				\boxtimes

Potentially Less Than
Potentially Significant with Less Than
Issue Significant Mitigation Impact
Impact Incorporated

Refer to response XIV (a) above. No impacts would result.

XV. PUB	LIC SI	ERVICES					
a)	Would the project result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provisions of new or physically altered governmental facilities, need for new or physically altered governmental facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, in order to maintain acceptable service rations, response times or other performance objectives for any of the public services:						
	i)	Fire protection			\boxtimes		
Plan. Th would n require	e pr ot a the	is consistent with the land use desiroject is for unpermitted grading and dversely affect existing levels of fire construction of new or expansion of the properties of the construction o	d does not prope protection serv	ose any new str vices to the area	ructures. The and would no	project ot	
	ii)	Police protection			\boxtimes		
protecti	on s	ponse XV (a)(i) above. The project we services or create a new significant cansion of existing governmental fac	demand and wo	uld not require	the construct		
	iii)	Schools			\boxtimes		
where p on publ	ubli ic sc	ponse XV (a)(i) above. The project since some services are available. The chools over that which currently exidemand for public educational serv	project would r sts and is not ar	ot significantly i ticipated to resi	increase the dult in a signific	lemand	
	iv)	Parks			\boxtimes		
where C existing	ity-d nei	ponse XV (a)(i) above. The project soperated parks are available. The poghborhood or regional parks or othects would be less than significant.	roject would no	significantly inc	crease the der	mand on	
	v)	Other public facilities					
Refer to	res	ponse XV (a)(i) above. The project s	ite is located in a	an urbanized an	d developed a	area	

where City services are already available. The project would not adversely affect existing levels of public services and not require the construction or expansion of an existing governmental facility.

Impacts would be less than significant.

Iss	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
XVI. REC	REATION				
a)	Would the project increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be accelerated?				
General family d availabil require increase Therefo substan	ject is consistent with the underlying Plan and the Carmel Valley Commulwelling in a location with similar devility of and/or need for new or expanthe construction or expansion of an ethe use of existing neighborhood ore, the project is not anticipated to retial deterioration occurs, or that work to satisfy demand. As such, impacts	inity Plan. The velopment. The ded recreation existing park or regional pa result in the u uld require the	e project proposes ne project would no onal resources. The c facility. The proje rks or other recrease se of available par ne construction or	to construct ot adversely e project wou ct would not ational facilities ks or facilities expansion of	a single- affect the ld not significantly es. s such that
b)	Does the project include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities, which might have an adverse physical effect on the environment?				
	XVI (a) above. The project does not nsion of any such facilities. As such,			•	construction
XVII. TRA	ANSPORTATION/TRAFFIC – Would the project?	?			
a)	Would the project or plan/policy conflict with an adopted program, plan, ordinance or policy addressing the transportation system, including transit, roadways, bicycle and pedestrian facilities?				
designa measur	ject proposes to construct a single-fation pursuant to the Carmel Valley Ces that would conflict with existing praction. No impacts would result.	Community Pl	an. The project wo	ould not resul	t in design
b)	Would the project or plan/policy result in VMT exceeding thresholds identified in the City of San Diego Transportation Study Manual?				

On September 27, 2013, Governor Edmund G. Brown, Jr. signed SB-743 into law, starting a process that fundamentally changes the way transportation impact analysis is conducted under CEQA. Related revisions to the State's CEQA Guidelines include elimination of auto delay, level of service (LOS), and similar measurements of vehicular roadway capacity and traffic congestion as the basis for determining significant impacts.

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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In December 2018, the California Resources Agency certified and adopted revised CEQA Guidelines, including new section 15064.3. Under the new section, vehicle miles traveled (VMT), which includes the amount and distance of automobile traffic attributable to a project, is identified as the "most appropriate measure of transportation impacts." As of July 1, 2020, all CEQA lead agencies must analyze a project's transportation impacts using VMT.

The City of San Diego Transportation Study Manual (TSM) dated September 29, 2020 is consistent with the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) guidelines and utilizes VMT as a metric for evaluating transportation-related impacts. Based on these guidelines, all projects shall go through a screening process to determine the level of transportation analysis that is required.

The project involves the construction of a new single-family residence in a neighborhood which serves similar residential development. A "Small Project" is defined as a project generating less than 300 daily unadjusted driveway trips using the City of San Diego trip generation rates/procedures.

Based upon the screening criteria identified above, the project qualifies as a "Small Project" and is screened out from further VMT analysis. Therefore, as recommended in the City of San Diego TSM, the project would have a less than significant impact.

c)	Would the project or plan/policy substantially increase hazards due to a design feature (e.g., sharp curves or dangerous intersections) or incompatible uses (e.g., farm			\boxtimes
with the	equipment)? ject does not propose any new roace zoning regulations and the land uso impacts would result.	•		•
d)	Result in inadequate emergency access?			

Adequate emergency access would be provided during both short-term construction (with construction operating protocols) and long-term operations of the project. Emergency access to the site would be provided from the driveway entrances on Via Del Mar. The project would not impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan. No impacts would result.

XVIII. TRIBAL CULTURAL RESOURCES – Would the project cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a tribal cultural resource, defined in Public Resources Code section 21074 as either a site, feature, place, cultural landscape that is geographically defined in terms of the size and scope of the landscape, sacred place, or object with cultural value to a California Native American tribe, and that is:

a)	Listed or eligible for listing in the		
	California Register of Historical		\boxtimes
	Resources, or in a local register of		

Potentially Less Than
Issue Significant Mitigation Impact
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historical resources as defined in Public Resources Code section 5020.1(k), or

The project site is not listed nor is it eligible for listing in the California Register of Historical Resources, or in a local register of historical resources as defined in Public Resources Code section 5020.1 (k). In addition, please see section V (b) above. Impacts would not result.

b)	A resource determined by the lead agency, in its discretion and supported by substantial evidence, to be significant pursuant to criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Public Resources		
	Code section 5024.1. In applying the criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of		
	Public Resource Code section 5024.1, the lead agency shall consider the significance of the resource to a California Native American tribe.		

Tribal Cultural Resources include sites, features, places, cultural landscapes, and sacred places or objects that have cultural value or significance to a Native American Tribe. Tribal Cultural Resources include "non-unique archaeological resources" that, instead of being important for "scientific" value as a resource, can also be significant because of the sacred and/or cultural tribal value of the resource. Tribal representatives are considered experts appropriate for providing substantial evidence regarding the locations, types, and significance of tribal cultural resources within their traditionally and cultural affiliated geographic area (PRC § 21080.3.1(a)).

In accordance with the requirements of Assembly Bill (AB) 52, The City of San Diego sent notification to the Native American Tribes traditionally and culturally affiliated with the project area on January 26, 2021. All tribes responded within the 30-day time period requesting consultation. Consultation took place via email and concluded the same day. It was determined that there are no sites, features, places or cultural landscapes that would be substantially adversely impacted by the proposed project. Due to the scope of work, the negative Cultural Resources Survey report, and the lack of recorded resources in the near vicinity, the potential to impact any unknown resources would not rise to a level of significance. Impacts would remain below a level of significance.

Implementation of the project would not interrupt existing sewer service to the project site or other surrounding uses. No significant increase in demand for wastewater disposal or treatment would be created by the project, as compared to current conditions. The project is not anticipated to generate significant amounts of wastewater. Wastewater facilities used by the project would be operated in accordance with the applicable wastewater treatment requirements of the Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB). Additionally, the project site is located in an urbanized and developed area. Adequate services are already available to serve the project. Impacts would remain below a level of significance.

Iss	ue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
b)	Require or result in the construction of new water or wastewater treatment facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?				
Addition	response XIX (a) above. Adequate seally, the project would not significar nt services and thus, would not triggesult.	ntly increase	the demand for w	ater or waste	water
c)	Require or result in the construction of new storm water drainage facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?				
therefor facilities qualified	ect would not exceed the capacity of e, would not require construction of of which could cause significant end I City staff who determined that the cosed development. No impacts wo	f new or exp vironmental existing faci	ansion of existing seffects. The projec	storm water o	lrainage d by
d)	Have sufficient water supplies available to serve the project from existing entitlements and resources, or are new or expanded entitlements needed?				\boxtimes
docume the curre result in consiste allowed generate approxin from the and loca expande	5 City Urban Water Management Plant for the City's residents, businessed ent and future water supply and new or expanded water entitlement with existing demand projections land uses for the project site). The Field from recycled water, local surface mately 20 percent of the total water es San Diego County Water Authority Il supplies (City of San Diego 2015). The defentitlements is No impacts would recommend to the control of the supplies (City of San Diego 2015).	es, interest greats for the Cots from the Co	roups, and public of ity. Implementation water service proving the UWMP (which is Department local groundwater, which its for the City. The the difference between its roundwater.	officials. The L n of the proje der, as the pr h are based o l water supply ich accounts f City purchase ween total wa	IWMP assess ct would not oject is n the v is or es water ter demands
e)	Result in a determination by the wastewater treatment provider which serves or may serve the project that it has adequate capacity to serve the project's projected demand in addition to the provider's existing commitments?				

ls	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
The project would not adversely affect existing wastewater treatment services. Adequate services are available to serve the project site without requiring new or expanded entitlements. No impacts would result.					
f)	Be served by a landfill with sufficient permitted capacity to accommodate the project's solid waste disposal needs?				
All construction waste from the project site would be transported to an appropriate facility, which would have sufficient permitted capacity to accept that generated by the project. Long-term operation of the residential use is anticipated to generate typical amounts of solid waste associated with residential uses. Furthermore, the project would be required to comply with the City's Municipal Code requirement for diversion of both construction waste during the short-term, construction phase and solid waste during the long-term, operational phase. Impacts are considered to be less than significant.					
g)	Comply with federal, state, and local statutes and regulation related to solid waste?				
The project would comply with all Federal, State, and local statutes and regulations related to solid waste. The project would not result in the generation of large amounts of solid waste, nor generate or require the transport of hazardous waste materials, other than minimal amounts generated during the construction phase. All demolition activities would comply with any City of San Diego requirements for diversion of both construction waste during the demolition phase and solid waste during the long-term, operational phase. Impacts would be less than significant.					
XX. WILI	DFIRE – Would the project:				
a)	Substantially impair an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan?				
The City of San Diego participates in the San Diego County Multi-Jurisdictional Hazard Mitigation Plan. The project complies with the General Plan and is consistent with the Carmel Valley Community Plan's land use and the Land Development Code's zoning designation. The project is located in an urbanized area of San Diego and construction of a single-family residence would not disrupt any emergency evacuation routes as identified in the Hazard Mitigation Plan. Therefore, the project would have a less-than-significant impact on an emergency response and evacuation plan during construction and operation. b) Due to slope, prevailing winds, and other factors, exacerbate wildfire risks, and thereby expose project occupants to, pollutant concentrations from a wildfire or the uncontrolled spread of wildfire?					

Less Than

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
The project is located in a Very High F residential development. The project comply with the City's Brush Manager land use designation pursuant to the potential to expose occupants to poll of wildfire. Therefore, impacts would	would construct a n ment regulations. Th Carmel Valley Comn utant concentrations	ew single-family e project is cons nunity Plan. The s from a wildfire	residence and istent with the project would	would zoning and not have the
c) Require the installation or maintend of associated infrastructure (such a roads, fuel breaks, emergency wate sources, power lines or other utilitie that may exacerbate fire risk or that may result in temporary or ongoing impacts to the environment?	s er es)		\boxtimes	
The project is located in a residential serviced by existing infrastructure whenew construction of roads, fuel break would be constructed that would exa	ich would service th s, emergency water	e site after const sources, power	cruction is com lines, or other o	pleted. No utilities
d) Expose people or structures to significant risks, including downslop downstream flooding or landslides, result of runoff, post-fire slope instability, or drainage changes?			\boxtimes	
Refer to response XX (b) above. The p Management Practices (BMP) for drai risks as a result of run-off, post-fire sl significant impact would result.	nage and would not	expose people of	or structures to	significant
XXI. MANDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANC	E –			
a) Does the project have the potential degrade the quality of the environn substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish wildlife population to drop below so sustaining levels, threaten to elimin a plant or animal community, reduct the number or restrict the range of rare or endangered plant or animal eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history of the substantial designs.	nent, a or elf- late c a or a or			

This analysis has determined that there are significant impacts related to Biological Resources. As such, mitigation measures included in this document would reduce these potential impacts to a less than significant level as outlined within the Mitigated Negative Declaration.

prehistory?

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
b) Does the project have impacts that are individually limited but cumulatively considerable ("cumulatively considerable" means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable future projects)?				

As documented in this Initial Study, the project may have the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, notably with respect to Biological Resources, which may have cumulatively considerable impacts. As such, mitigation measures have been incorporated to reduce impacts to less than significant. Other future projects within the surrounding neighborhood or community would be required to comply with applicable local, State, and Federal regulations to reduce the potential impacts to less than significant, or to the extent possible. As such, the project is not anticipated to contribute potentially significant cumulative environmental impacts.

c)	Does the project have environmental			
	effects that will cause substantial		\bowtie	
	adverse effects on human beings,	Ш		Ш
	either directly or indirectly?			

The project is consistent with the environmental setting and with the use as anticipated by the City. Based on the analysis presented above, implementation of the mitigation measures would reduce environmental impacts such that no substantial adverse effects on humans would occur.

INITIAL STUDY CHECKLIST

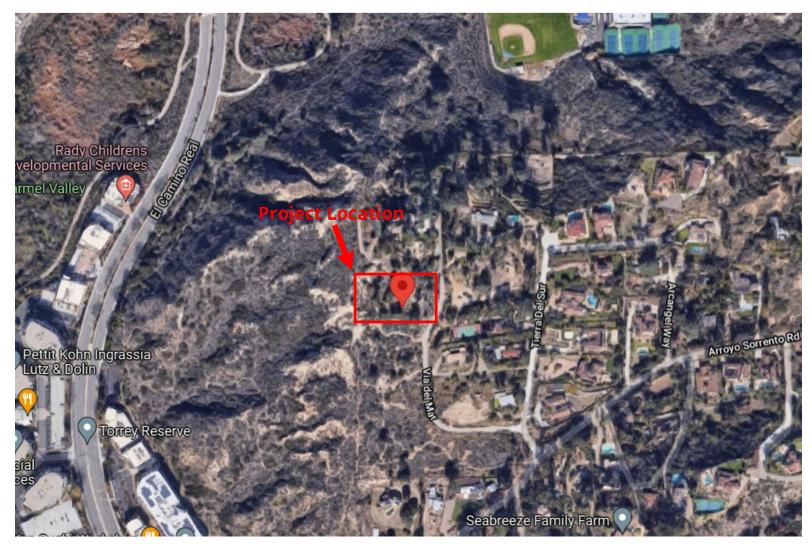
REFERENCES

I. _X _X	Aesthetics / Neighborhood Character City of San Diego General Plan Community Plans: Carmel Valley
II. _X	Agricultural Resources & Forest Resources City of San Diego General Plan U.S. Department of Agriculture, Soil Survey - San Diego Area, California, Part I and II, 1973 California Agricultural Land Evaluation and Site Assessment Model (1997) Site Specific Report:
. <u>X</u>	Air Quality California Clean Air Act Guidelines (Indirect Source Control Programs) 1990 Regional Air Quality Strategies (RAQS) - APCD Site Specific Report:
IV. _X _X	Biology City of San Diego, Multiple Species Conservation Program (MSCP), Subarea Plan, 1997 City of San Diego, MSCP, "Vegetation Communities with Sensitive Species and Vernal Pools' Maps, 1996
<u>X</u>	City of San Diego, MSCP, "Multiple Habitat Planning Area" maps, 1997 Community Plan - Resource Element California Department of Fish and Game, California Natural Diversity Database, "State and Federally-listed Endangered, Threatened, and Rare Plants of California," January 2001 California Department of Fish and Game, California Natural Diversity Database, "State and Federally-listed Endangered and Threatened Animals of California, "January 2001 City of San Diego Land Development Code Biology Guidelines Site Specific Report: <i>Biological Resources Letter</i> , prepared by RECON (July 1, 2021)
V. X X X	Cultural Resources (includes Historical Resources) City of San Diego Historical Resources Guidelines City of San Diego Archaeology Library Historical Resources Board List Community Historical Survey: Site Specific Report: Historical Resources Survey, prepared by RECON (December 21, 2020)
VI. X X	Energy City of San Diego Climate Action Plan (CAP), (City of San Diego 2015) City of San Diego Climate Action Plan Consistency Checklist – Via Del Mar Project
VII. X X	Geology/Soils City of San Diego Seismic Safety Study U.S. Department of Agriculture Soil Survey - San Diego Area, California, Part I and II, December 1973 and Part III, 1975

	Wheeler Engineering (December 21, 2020)
VIII. X	Greenhouse Gas Emissions City of San Diego Climate Action Plan (CAP), (City of San Diego 2015) City of San Diego Climate Action Plan Consistency Checklist – Via Del Mar Project
X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	Hazards and Hazardous Materials San Diego County Hazardous Materials Environmental Assessment Listing San Diego County Hazardous Materials Management Division FAA Determination State Assessment and Mitigation, Unauthorized Release Listing, Public Use Authorized, GeoTracker: https://geotracker.waterboards.ca.gov/ State Assessment and Mitigation, Unauthorized Release Listing, Public Use Authorized Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan Site Specific Report:
x .	Hydrology/Drainage Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA), National Flood Insurance Program-Flood Boundary and Floodway Map Clean Water Act Section 303(b) list, http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/tmdl/303d lists.html Site Specific Report:
XI.	Land Use and Planning City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan: Carmel Valley Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan City of San Diego Zoning Maps FAA Determination Other Plans:
XII.	Mineral Resources City of San Diego General Plan California Department of Conservation - Division of Mines and Geology, Mineral Land Classification Division of Mines and Geology, Special Report 153 - Significant Resources Maps Site Specific Report:
XIII.	Noise City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan: Carmel Valley San Diego International Airport - Lindbergh Field CNEL Maps Brown Field Airport Master Plan CNEL Maps Montgomery Field CNEL Maps San Diego Association of Governments - San Diego Regional Average Weekday Traffic Volumes

<u>X</u>	San Diego Metropolitan Area Average Weekday Traffic Volume Maps, SANDAG Site Specific Report:
XIV. _X _X 	Paleontological Resources City of San Diego Paleontological Guidelines Deméré, Thomas A., and Stephen L. Walsh, "Paleontological Resources City of San Diego," Department of Paleontology San Diego Natural History Museum, 1996 Kennedy, Michael P., and Gary L. Peterson, "Geology of the San Diego Metropolitan Area, California. Del Mar, La Jolla, Point Loma, La Mesa, Poway, and SW 1/4 Escondido 7 1/2 Minute Quadrangles," California Division of Mines and Geology Bulletin 200, Sacramento, 1975 Kennedy, Michael P., and Siang S. Tan, "Geology of National City, Imperial Beach and Otay Mesa Quadrangles, Southern San Diego Metropolitan Area, California," Map Sheet 29, 1977 Site Specific Report:
XV.	Population / Housing City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan: Carmel Valley Series 11/Series 12 Population Forecasts, SANDAG Other:
XVI. <u>X</u> <u>X</u>	Public Services City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan: Carmel Valley
XVII.	Recreational Resources City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan: Carmel Valley Department of Park and Recreation City of San Diego - San Diego Regional Bicycling Map Additional Resources:
XVIII.	Transportation / Circulation City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan: Carmel Valley San Diego Metropolitan Area Average Weekday Traffic Volume Maps, SANDAG San Diego Region Weekday Traffic Volumes, SANDAG City of San Diego Draft Transportation Manual Site Specific Report:
XIX. <u>X</u> <u>X</u>	Utilities City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan: Carmel Valley Site Specific Report:
XX.	Water Conservation Sunset Magazine, New Western Garden Book, Rev. ed. Menlo Park, CA: Sunset Magazine

XXI. **Water Quality** Clean Water Act Section 303(b) list, http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/tmdl/303d_lists.html <u>X</u> Site Specific Report: XXII. Wildfire City of San Diego General Plan Χ <u>X</u> Community Plan: Carmel Valley Χ San Diego County Multi-Jurisdictional Hazard Mitigation Plan X Very High Fire Severity Zone Map, City of San Diego City of San Diego Brush Management Regulations, Landscape Regulations (SDMC 142.0412) X Site Specific Report:







Location Map

<u>Via Del Mar CDP SDP - Project No. 670393</u> <u>3821 Via Del Mar</u> Figure 1

