NEGATIVE DECLARATION



THE CITY OF SAN DIEGO

Project No. 686049 SCH No. 2022020599

SUBJECT: Villas By The Sea CDP: A COASTAL DEVELOPMENT PERMIT to demolish an existing commercial structure and construct a three-story mixed-use building, totaling 35,878 square feet. The ground level would consist of four commercial tenant spaces totaling 3,003 square feet, a 287-square-foot lobby, and on-grade enclosed parking area. The second and third levels would consist of 20 units each, for a total of 40 units. The project is requesting an affordable housing density bonus based on providing 15 percent (4 very low-income units) consistent with the affordable housing density. In addition, various site improvements would also be constructed including associated hardscape and landscape. The project is requesting allowable incentives in the form of deviations from development regulations to allow parking in the front 50-percent of the ground floor. The 0.56-acre project site is located at 1011 Grand Avenue. The project site is designated Commercial and zoned CC-4-2 (Community-Commercial) per the Pacific Beach Community Plan. The project site is also within the Coastal Height Limitation Overlay Zone, Coastal Overlay Zone (Non-Appealable 2 Area), Parking Impact Overlay Zone (Coastal and Beach Impact), Parking Standards Transit Priority Area, Transit Area Overlay Zone, and the Transit Priority Area. (LEGAL DESCRIPTION: Lots 1 through 8, in Block 257 of Pacific Beach, in the City of San Diego, County of San Diego According to Maps thereof Nos. 697 and 854 excepting from said lot 2 south 15 feet of the westerly 15 feet thereof.) APPLICANT: Mike Turk.

I. PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

See attached Initial Study.

II. ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING:

See attached Initial Study.

III. DETERMINATION:

The City of San Diego has conducted an Initial Study and determined that the proposed project will not have a significant environmental effect and the preparation of an Environmental Impact Report will not be required.

IV. DOCUMENTATION:

The attached Initial Study documents the reasons to support the above Determination.

V. MITIGATION, MONITORING AND REPORTING PROGRAM:

None required.

VI. PUBLIC REVIEW DISTRIBUTION:

Draft copies or notice of this Negative Declaration were distributed to:

City of San Diego Mayor's Office (91) Councilmember Campbell, District 2 **Development Services Department** DPM EAS **Fire-Plan Review** Engineering Geology Landscaping **Planning Review** Transportation Park and Recreation PUD Water & Sewer Library Department - Government Documents (81) San Diego Central Library (81A) Pacific Beach/Taylor Branch Library (81X) City Attorney's Office (93C)

Other Organizations, Groups, and Interested Individuals Public Notice Journal (144) Beach and Bay Press (372) Pacific Beach Town Council (374) Pacific Beach Planning Group (375) Crown Point Association (376) Pacific Beach Historical Society (377) Richard Drury Stacey Oborne Lozeau Drury LLP John Stump

VII. RESULTS OF PUBLIC REVIEW:

- (X) No comments were received during the public input period.
- () Comments were received but did not address the accuracy or completeness of the draft environmental document. No response is necessary and the letters are incorporated herein.
- () Comments addressing the accuracy or completeness of the draft environmental document were received during the public input period. The letters and responses are incorporated herein.

Copies of the draft Negative Declaration and any Initial Study material are available in the office of the Development Services Department for review, or for purchase at the cost of reproduction.

E. Shearer-Nguyen Senior Planner Development Services Department February 28, 2022

Date of Draft Report

March 22, 2022

Date of Final Report

Analyst: M. Dresser

Attachments: Initial Study Checklist Figure 1: Location Map Figure 2: Site Plan

INITIAL STUDY CHECKLIST

- 1. Project title/Project number: Villas By The Sea CDP / 686049
- 2. Lead agency name and address: City of San Diego, 1222 First Avenue, MS-501, San Diego, California 92101
- 3. Contact person and phone number: Morgan Dresser / (619) 446-5404
- 4. Project location: 1011 Grand Avenue, San Diego, California 92109
- 5. Project Applicant/Sponsor's name and address: Mike Turk, 4641 Ingraham Street, San Diego, California 92109
- 6. General/Community Plan designation: Multiple Use / Community Commercial
- 7. Zoning: CC-4-2
- 8. Description of project (Describe the whole action involved, including but not limited to, later phases of the project, and any secondary, support, or off-site features necessary for its implementation.):

A COASTAL DEVELOPMENT PERMIT to demolish an existing commercial structure and construct a three-story mixed-use building, totaling 35,878 square feet. The ground level would consist of four commercial tenant spaces totaling 3,003 square feet, a 287-square-foot lobby, and on-grade enclosed parking area. The second and third levels would consist of 20 units for a total of 40 units. The project is requesting an affordable housing density bonus based on providing 15 percent (4 very low-income units) consistent with the affordable housing density. In addition, various site improvements would also be constructed including associated hardscape and landscape. The project is requesting allowable incentives in the form of deviations from development regulations to allow parking in the front 50-percent of the ground floor.

The project landscaping has been reviewed by City Landscape staff and would comply with all applicable City Landscape ordinances and standards. Drainage would be directed into appropriate storm drain systems designated to carry surface runoff, which has been reviewed and accepted by City Engineering staff.

Grading would entail approximately 1,160 cubic yards of cut to a depth of approximately 3 feet. Ingress and egress would be via a private driveway with access from the alley south of the project site. All parking would be provided on-site.

9. Surrounding land uses and setting:

The 0.56-acre project site is located at 1011 Grand Avenue. The project site is bounded by residential development to the south and west, and commercial development to the north and east. The site contains a commercial building and associated hardscape and landscape.

Vegetation on-site consists of ornamental landscaping. Site topography is relatively flat, and at approximately 28 feet above mean sea level.

The project site is designated Commercial and zoned CC-4-2 (Community-Commercial) per the Pacific Beach Community Plan. The project site is also within the Coastal Height Limitation Overlay Zone, Coastal Overlay Zone (Non-Appealable 2 Area), Parking Impact Overlay Zone (Coastal and Beach Impact), Parking Standards Transit Priority Area, Transit Area Overlay Zone, and the Transit Priority Area.

10. Other public agencies whose approval is required (e.g., permits, financing approval, or participation agreement):

None required.

11. Have California Native American tribes traditionally and culturally affiliated with the project area requested consultation pursuant to Public Resources Code section 21080.3.1? If so, has consultation begun?

In accordance with the requirements of Public Resources Code 21080.3.1, the City of San Diego provided formal notifications to the lipay Nation of Santa Ysabel, the Jamul Indian Village, and the San Pasqual Band of Mission Indians which are traditionally and culturally affiliated with the project area; requesting consultation on September 16, 2021. No requests for project consultation were received from any of the Native American Tribes within the notification period, and therefore consultation was concluded.

Note: Conducting consultation early in the CEQA process allows tribal governments, lead agencies, and project proponents to discuss the level of environmental review, identify and address potential adverse impacts to tribal cultural resources, and reduce the potential for delay and conflict in the environmental review process. (See Public Resources Code section 21083.3.2.) Information may also be available from the California Native American Heritage Commission's Sacred Lands File per Public Resources Code section 5097.96 and the California Historical Resources Information System administered by the California Office of Historic Preservation. Please also note that Public Resources Code section 21082.3(c) contains provisions specific to confidentiality.

ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:

The environmental factors checked below would be potentially affected by this project, involving at least one impact that is a "Potentially Significant Impact" as indicated by the checklist on the following pages.

Aesthetics	Greenhouse Gas Emissions	Public Services
Agriculture and Forestry Resources	Hazards & Hazardous Materials	Recreation
Air Quality	Hydrology/Water Quality	Transportation
Biological Resources	Land Use/Planning	Tribal Cultural Resources
Cultural Resources	Mineral Resources	Utilities/Service System
Energy	Noise	Wildfire
Geology/Soils	Population/Housing	Mandatory Findings Significance

DETERMINATION: (To be completed by Lead Agency)

On the basis of this initial evaluation:

- The proposed project COULD NOT have a significant effect on the environment, and a NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared.
- Although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, there will not be a significant effect in this case because revisions in the project have been made by or agreed to by the project proponent. A MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared.
- The proposed project MAY have a significant effect on the environment, and an ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required.
- The proposed project MAY have a "potentially significant impact" or "potentially significant unless mitigated" impact on the environment, but at least one effect (a) has been adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and (b) has been addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis as described on attached sheets. An ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required, but must analyze only the effects that remain to be addressed.
- Although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, because all potentially significant effects (a) have been analyzed adequately in an earlier EIR or (MITIGATED) NEGATIVE DECLARATION pursuant to applicable standards, and (b) have been avoided or mitigated pursuant to that earlier EIR or (MITIGATED) NEGATIVE DECLARATION, including revisions or mitigation measures that are imposed upon the proposed project, nothing further is required.

EVALUATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS:

- 1) A brief explanation is required for all answers except "No Impact" answers that are adequately supported by the information sources a lead agency cites in the parentheses following each question. A "No Impact" answer is adequately supported if the referenced information sources show that the impact simply does not apply to projects like the one involved (e.g., the project falls outside a fault rupture zone). A "No Impact answer should be explained where it is based on project specific factors as well as general standards (e.g., the project will not expose sensitive receptors to pollutants, based on a project-specific screening analysis.)
- 2) All answers must take account of the whole action involved, including off-site as well as on-site, cumulative as well as project-level, indirect as well as direct, and construction as well as operational impacts.
- Once the lead agency has determined that a particular physical impact may occur, then the checklist answers must indicate whether the impact is potentially significant, less than significant with mitigation, or less than significant.
 "Potentially Significant Impact" is appropriate if there is substantial evidence that an effect may be significant. If there are one or more "Potentially Significant Impact" entries when the determination is made, an EIR is required.
- 4) "Negative Declaration: Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated" applies where the incorporation of mitigation measures has reduced an effect from "Potentially Significant Impact" to a "Less Than Significant Impact." The lead agency must describe the mitigation measures, and briefly explain how they reduce the effect to a less than significant level (mitigation measures from "Earlier Analyses", as described in (5) below, may be cross-referenced).
- 5) Earlier analyses may be used where, pursuant to the tiering, program EIR, or other CEQA process, an effect has been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or (mitigated) negative declaration. Section 15063(c)(3)(D). In this case, a brief discussion should identify the following:
 - a. Earlier Analysis Used. Identify and state where they are available for review.
 - b. Impacts Adequately Addressed. Identify which effects from the above checklist were within the scope of and adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and state whether such effects were addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis.
 - c. Mitigation Measures. For effects that are "Less Than Significant With Mitigation Measures Incorporated", describe the mitigation measures that were incorporated or refined from the earlier document and the extent to which they address site-specific conditions for the project.
- 6) Lead agencies are encouraged to incorporate into the checklist references to information sources for potential impacts (e.g., general plans, zoning ordinances). Reference to a previously prepared or outside document should, where appropriate, include a reference to the page or pages where the statement is substantiated.
- 7) Supporting Information Sources: A source list should be attached, and other sources used or individuals contacted should be cited in the discussion.
- 8) This is only a suggested form, and lead agencies are free to use different formats; however, lead agencies should normally address the questions from this checklist that are relevant to a project's environmental effects in whatever format is selected.
- 9) The explanation of each issue should identify:
 - a. The significance criteria or threshold, if any, used to evaluate each question; and
 - b. The mitigation measure identified, if any, to reduce the impact to less than significant.

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
 AESTHETICS – Except as provided in Public Resources Code Section 21099, would the project: 				
a) Have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista?				\boxtimes

The project site is not located within, or adjacent to a designated scenic vista or view corridor that is identified in the Pacific Beach Community Plan. Therefore, the project would not have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista. No impact would result.

b)	Substantially damage scenic resources, including but not limited to, trees, rock outcroppings, and historic buildings within a state scenic highway?				\boxtimes
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The project is situated within a developed neighborhood comprised of residential and commercial uses. There are no scenic resources (trees, rock outcroppings, or historic buildings) located on the project site. The project would not result in the physical loss, isolation, or degradation of a community identification symbol or landmark, as none are identified by the General Plan or community plan as occurring in the project vicinity. Therefore, no impact would result.

c) In non-urbanized areas, substantially degrade the existing visual character or quality of public views of the site and its surroundings? (Public views are those that are experienced from publicly accessible vantage point). If the project is in an urbanized area, would the project conflict with applicable zoning and other regulations governing scenic quality?

The project site is located within a neighborhood surrounded by residential and commercial uses. The project would be consistent with the General Plan, community plan land use and zoning designations. Overall, the project would be compatible with the surrounding development and would not substantially degrade the existing visual character or quality of the site and its surroundings. Therefore, no impact would result.

d)	Create a new source of substantial light			
	or glare which would adversely affect		\boxtimes	
	day or nighttime views in the area?			

Lighting

The project would comply with the outdoor lighting standards in Municipal Code Section 142.0740 (Outdoor Lighting Regulations) that require all outdoor lighting be installed, shielded, and adjusted so that the light is directed in a manner that minimizes negative impacts from light pollution, including trespass, glare, and to control light from falling onto surrounding properties. Therefore, lighting installed with the project would not adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area, resulting in a less than significant lighting impact.

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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Glare

The project would comply with Municipal Code Section 142.0730 (Glare Regulations) that require exterior materials utilized for proposed structures be limited to specific reflectivity ratings. The structures would consist of wood siding, wood shingles, adobe and concrete blocks, brick, stucco, concrete, or natural stone. The project would have a less than significant glare impact.

As such, the project would not create a new source of substantial light or glare that would adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area; impacts would be less than significant.

- II. AGRICULTURAL AND FOREST RESOURCES: In determining whether impacts to agricultural resources are significant environmental effects, lead agencies may refer to the California Agricultural Land Evaluation and Site Assessment Model (1997) prepared by the California Department of Conservation as an optional model to use in assessing impacts on agriculture and farmland. In determining whether impacts to forest resources, including timberland, are significant environmental effects, lead agencies may refer to information compiled by the California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection regarding the state's inventory of forest land, including the Forest and Range Assessment Project and the Forest Legacy Assessment project; and forest carbon measurement methodology provided in Forest Protocols adopted by the California Air Resources Board. – Would the project::

The project site is located within a developed residential neighborhood. As such, the project site does not contain nor is it adjacent to any lands identified as Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance (Farmland) as show on maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resource Agency. Therefore, the project would not result in the conversion of such lands to non-agricultural use. No impact would result.

b)	Conflict with existing zoning for		
	agricultural use, or a Williamson Act		\boxtimes
	Contract?		

Refer to response II (a), above. There are no Williamson Act Contract Lands on or within the vicinity of the site. Furthermore, the project would not affect any properties zoned for agricultural use or affected by a Williamson Act Contract, as there are none within the project vicinity. Agricultural land is not present on the site or in the general vicinity of the site; therefore, no conflict with the Williamson Act Contract would result. No impact would result.

c) Conflict with existing zoning for, or cause rezoning of, forest land (as defined in Public Resources Code section 1220(g)), timberland (as defined by Public Resources Code section 4526), or timberland zoned Timberland Production (as defined by Government Code section 51104(g))?

ith Less Than ith Significant No Impact d Impact
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The project would not conflict with existing zoning for, or cause rezoning of, forest land, timberland, or timberland zoned Timberland Production. No designated forest land or timberland occur onsite. No impacts would result.

d)	Result in the loss of forest land or		
	conversion of forest land to non-forest		\boxtimes
	use?		

Refer to response II (c) above. Additionally, the project would not contribute to the conversion of any forested land to non-forest use, as surrounding land uses are built out. No impacts would result.

e)	Involve other changes in the existing environment, which, due to their location or nature, could result in conversion of Farmland to non-		\boxtimes
	agricultural use or conversion of forest		
	land to non-forest use?		

Refer to response II (a) and II (c), above. The project and surrounding areas do not contain any farmland or forest land. No changes to any such lands would result from project implementation. Therefore, no impact would result.

- III. AIR QUALITY Where available, the significance criteria established by the applicable air quality management district or air pollution control district may be relied on to make the following determinations Would the project:

The SDAPCD and the San Diego Association of Governments (SANDAG) are responsible for developing and implementing the clean air plan for attainment and maintenance of the ambient air quality standards in the SDAB. The RAQS for the SDAB was initially adopted in 1991 and is updated on a triennial basis, most recently in 2020 (SDAPCD 2020). Approved by the District Board on October 14, 2020, and the California Air Resources Board on November 19, 2020, the plan was submitted by CARB on January 8, 2021 for EPA's consideration as a revision to the California State Implementation Plan (SIP) for attaining the ozone standards. The RAQS outlines SDAPCD's plans and control measures designed to attain the state air quality standards for O₃. The RAQS relies on information regarding projected growth in the County and the cities in the County, to forecast future emissions and then determine from that the strategies necessary for the reduction of emissions through regulatory controls. CARB mobile source emission projections and SANDAG growth projections are based on population, vehicle trends, and land use plans developed by the County and the cities in the County as part of the development of their general plans (SANDAG 2017a, 2017b).

The project would be consistent with the General Plan, Community Plan, and the underlying zone designations. Therefore, the project would be consistent with the RAQS and would not obstruct its implementation. As such, no impact would occur.

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
 Result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is non- attainment under an applicable federal 			\boxtimes	

Short-Term (Construction) Emissions. Construction-related activities are temporary, short-term sources of air emissions. Sources of construction-related air emissions include fugitive dust from grading activities; construction equipment exhaust; construction-related trips by workers, delivery trucks, and material-hauling trucks; and construction-related power consumption.

Variables that factor into the total construction emissions potentially generated include the level of activity, length of construction period, number of pieces and types of equipment in use, site characteristics, weather conditions, number of construction personnel, and the amount of materials to be transported on or offsite.

Fugitive dust emissions are generally associated with land-clearing and grading operations. Construction operations would include standard measures as required by the City of San Diego to limit potential air quality impacts. Construction activities will be required to comply with the City's Best Management Practices (BMPs) which are enforceable under San Diego Municipal Code (SDMC) Section 142.0710. Therefore, impacts associated with fugitive dust are considered less than significant and would not violate an air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation.

Long-Term (Operational) Emissions.

or state ambient air quality standard?

Operational emissions include emissions from natural gas combustion, vehicle trips, area sources and landscape equipment. Based on the estimated operational emissions, the project would not exceed any screening-level criteria. Therefore, project operation would not violate any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation, nor would the project result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the region is in non-attainment.

Construction emissions would be temporary and short-term in duration; implementation of Best Management Practices (BMPs) would reduce potential impacts related to construction activities to a less than significant level. Therefore, the project would not result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is a non-attainment under applicable federal or state ambient air quality standards. Impacts would be less than significant.

C)	Expose sensitive receptors to		\square	
	substantial pollutant concentrations?			

As described above, construction operations could temporarily increase the emissions of dust and other pollutants. However, construction emissions would be temporary and short-term in duration; implementation of Best Management Practices (BMPs) would reduce potential impacts related to construction activities to a less than significant level. Based on the estimated operational emissions, the project would not exceed any screening-level criteria. Therefore, the project would not result in

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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the exposure of sensitive receptors to substantial pollutant concentrations. Impacts would be less than significant.

d)	Result in other emissions (such as			
	those leading to odors) adversely affecting a substantial number of		\boxtimes	
	people?			

Short-term (Construction)

Odors would be generated from vehicles and/or equipment exhaust emissions during construction of the project. Odors produced during construction would be attributable to concentrations of unburned hydrocarbons from tailpipes of construction equipment and architectural coatings. Such odors are temporary and generally occur at magnitudes that would not affect a substantial number of people. Therefore, impacts would be less than significant.

Long-term (Operational)

Residential dwelling units, in the long-term operation, are not uses typically associated with the creation of such odors nor are they anticipated to generate odors affecting a substantial number or people. Additionally, the commercial units would allow for certain commercial uses which are not typically associated with the creation of odors. Therefore, project operations would result in less than significant impacts.

IV. BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES – Would the project:



The project site is surrounded by residential and commercial development. The project site does not contain sensitive biological resources on site or adjacent to the site. Onsite vegetation is non-native, and the project site does not contain any sensitive biological resources on site, nor does it contain any candidate, sensitive or special status species. No impacts would occur.

b)	Have a substantial adverse effect on any riparian habitat or other sensitive natural community identified in local or regional plans, policies, and regulations or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife		
	Service?		

The project site is developed within an urban area. No such habitats exist on or near the project site. Refer to Response IV (a), above. The project site does not contain any riparian habitat or other identified community, as the site currently supports non-native vegetation. No impacts would occur.

	Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	Have a substantial adverse effect on federally protected wetlands (including but not limited to marsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc.) through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, or other means?				
There	are no wetlands or water of the Unit	ed States on (or near the site. N	o impacts wou	ld occur

There are no wetlands or water of the United States on or near the site. No impacts would occur.

d)	Interfere substantially with the		
	movement of any native resident or		
	migratory fish or wildlife species or with established native resident or		\boxtimes
	migratory wildlife corridors, or impede		
	the use of native wildlife nursery sites?		

The project site is developed within an urban area. The project would not impede the movement of any wildlife or the use of any wildlife nursery sites. Therefore, no impacts would occur.

e)	Conflict with any local policies or		
	ordinances protecting biological		
	resources, such as a tree preservation		
	policy or ordinance?		

Refer to response IV (a), above. The project site is designated Community Commercial. The site is developed and within a residential setting. The project would not conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources. Therefore, no impacts would occur.

f)	Conflict with the provisions of an		
	adopted Habitat Conservation Plan,		
	Natural Community Conservation Plan,		\boxtimes
	or other approved local, regional, or		
	state habitat conservation plan?		

The project is located in a developed urban area and is not adjacent to the City's Multi-Habitat Planning Area (MHPA). The project would not conflict with the provisions of an adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Community Conservation Plan or other approved local, regional, or state habitat conservation plan. Therefore, no impacts would occur.

V. CULTURAL RESOURCES – Would the project:

a)	Cause a substantial adverse change in		
	the significance of an historical		\boxtimes
	resource as defined in §15064.5?		

The purpose and intent of the Historical Resources Regulations of the Land Development Code (Chapter 14, Division 3, and Article 2) is to protect, preserve and, where damaged, restore the historical resources of San Diego. The regulations apply to all proposed development within the City of San Diego when historical resources are present on the premises. Before approving discretionary projects, CEQA requires the Lead Agency to identify and examine the significant adverse environmental effects which may result from that project. A project that may cause a substantial

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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adverse change in the significance of a historical resource may have a significant effect on the environment (sections 15064.5(b) and 21084.1). A substantial adverse change is defined as demolition, destruction, relocation, or alteration activities, which would impair historical significance (sections 15064.5(b)(1)). Any historical resource listed in, or eligible to be listed in the California Register of Historical Resources, including archaeological resources, is considered to be historically or culturally significant.

The City of San Diego criteria for determination of historic significance, pursuant to CEQA, is evaluated based upon age (over 45 years), location, context, association with an important event, uniqueness, or structural integrity of the building. Projects requiring the demolition and/or modification of structures that are 45 years or older can result in potential impacts to a historical resource. The existing structure was identified as being over 45 years in age. Photographic documentation, Assessor's Building Records, description of property, and water and sewer records for the project site were submitted and reviewed by Plan-Historic staff. City staff determined that the property and/or structure are not individually designated resources and are not located within a designated historic district. In addition, the property does not meet designation criteria as a significant resource under any adopted criteria. No impact would result.

b) Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an archaeological resource pursuant to §15064.5?

Many areas of San Diego County, including mesas and the coast, are known for intense and diverse prehistoric occupation and important archaeological and historical resources. The region has been inhabited by various cultural groups spanning 10,000 years or more. The project area is located within an area identified as sensitive on the City of San Diego Historical Resources Sensitivity Maps. Therefore, a record search of the California Historic Resources Information System (CHRIS) digital database was reviewed to determined presence or absence of potential resources within and/or adjacent to the project site by qualified archaeological City staff. Based on the CHRIS records search, recorded historical resources were not identified within or adjacent to the project site. Furthermore, the project site has been previously graded to allow for the existing development. Therefore, it was determined there is no potential to impact any unique or non-unique historical resources and no further work would be required. No impact would result.



The area to be impacted by the project has been disturbed by grading for the original construction, and the potential for subsurface deposits to remain in these areas is extremely low. While there is a very low possibility of encountering human remains during subsequent project construction activities, it is noted that activities would be required to comply with state regulations that are intended to preclude impacts to human remains. Per CEQA Section 15064.5(e), the California Public Resources Code (Section 5097.98) and State Health and Safety Code (Section 7050.5), if human remains are discovered during construction, work would be required to halt in that area, and no soil would be exported off-site until a determination could be made regarding the provenance of the human remains via the County Coroner and other authorities as required.

Is	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
VI. ENERGY – Would the project:					
a)	Result in potentially significant environmental impact due to wasteful, inefficient, or unnecessary consumption of energy resources, during project construction or operation?				

The project would be required to meet mandatory energy standards of the current California energy code. Construction of the project would require operation of heavy equipment but would be temporary and short-term in duration. Additionally, long-term energy usage from the building would be reduced through design measures that incorporate energy conservation features in heating, ventilation and air conditioning systems, lighting and window treatments, and insulation and weather stripping. The project would also incorporate cool-roofing materials and solar panels. Development of the project would not result in a significant environmental impact due to wasteful, inefficient, or unnecessary consumption of energy resources. Impacts would remain less than significant.

b)	Conflict with or obstruct a state or local		
	plan for renewable energy or energy		\boxtimes
	efficiency?		

Refer to IV. a. above. The project is consistent with the General Plan and the Pacific Beach Community Plan's land use designation. The project is also required in comply with the City's Climate Action Plan (CAP) by implementing energy reducing design measures, therefore the project would not obstruct a state or local plan for renewable energy or energy efficiency. No impacts would result.

VII. GEOLOGY AND SOILS – Would the project:

a) Directly or indirectly cause potential substantial adverse effects, including the risk of loss, injury, or death involving:



According to the site-specific Geotechnical Investigation prepared by TerraPacific Consultants, Inc. dated September 1, 2020 the closest known active fault, the Rose Canyon Fault Zone is located approximately 2.2 miles northeast of the project site. The site is not traversed by an active, potentially active, or inactive fault and is not within an Alquist-Priolo Fault Zone. Earthquakes that generate from these faults or from other faults within southern California are potential generators of significant ground motion at the project site. However, the project would be required to comply with seismic requirement of the California Building Code, utilize proper engineering design and standard construction practices, to be verified at the building permit stage, in order to ensure that

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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would reduce impacts to people or structures to an acceptable level of risk. Therefore, impacts would be less than significant.

ii)	Strong seismic ground shaking?		\boxtimes	
Refer to VII	(a)(i).			
iii)	Seismic-related ground failure, including liquefaction?		\boxtimes	

Liquefaction generally occurs when loose, unconsolidated, water-laden soils are subject to shaking, causing the soils to lose cohesion. According to the site-specific geotechnical investigation, the site would have a negligible risk for liquefaction due to the shallow depth to dense formational soils. As such, the likelihood of the proposed project exposing people to seismic related ground failure or liquefaction is considered to be low, resulting in a less than significant impact.

iv)	Landslides?		\boxtimes	
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According to the site-specific geotechnical investigation, evidence of landslides or slope instability was not observed on or in the vicinity of the project site. Due to the shallow topographic relief of the site and surrounding area, the possibility for landsliding is negligible. Implementation of proper engineering design and utilization of standard construction practices, to be verified at the building permit stage, would ensure that the potential for impacts would be reduced to an acceptable level of risk. Impacts would be less than significant.

b)	Result in substantial soil erosion or the		\square	
	loss of topsoil?			

Demolition and construction activities would temporarily expose soils to increase erosion potential. The project would be required to comply with the City's Storm Water Standards, which requires the implementation of appropriate best management practices (BMPs). Grading activities would be required to comply with the City of San Diego Grading Ordinance as well as the Storm Water Standards, which would ensure soil erosion and topsoil loss is minimized to less than significant levels. Furthermore, permanent storm water BMPs would also be required post-construction consistent with the City's regulations. Therefore, the project would not result in substantial soils erosion or loss of topsoil; therefore, impacts would be less than significant.

c)	Be located on a geologic unit or soil that is unstable, or that would become unstable as a result of the project, and potentially result in on- or off-site landslide, lateral spreading, subsidence,		\boxtimes	
	liquefaction or collapse?			

As discussed in Section VI(a) and VI(b), the project site has a negligible potential to be subject to landslides, and the potential for liquefaction and subsidence is negligible. The soils and geologic units underlying the site are considered to have a "low" expansion potential. The project design would be required to comply with the requirements of the California Building Code ensuring

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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hazards associated with expansive soils would be reduced to an acceptable level of risk. As such, impacts due to expansive soils are expected to be less than significant.

d)	Be located on expansive soil, as defined			
	in Table 18-1-B of the Uniform Building		\boxtimes	
	Code (1994), creating substantial direct			
	or indirect risks to life or property?			

The project site is considered to have low expansive soil potential. The project would be required to comply with seismic requirements of the California Building Code that would reduce impacts to people or structures due to local seismic events to an acceptable level of risk. Implementation of proper engineering design and utilization of standard construction practices, to be verified at the building permit stage, would ensure that the potential for impacts from regional geologic hazards would remain less than significant.

e)	Have soils incapable of adequately supporting the use of septic tanks or		
	alternative waste water disposal		\boxtimes
	systems where sewers are not available		
	for the disposal of waste water?		

The project site is located within an area that is already developed with existing infrastructure (i.e., water and sewer lines) and does not propose any septic system. In addition, the project does not require the construction of any new facilities as it relates to wastewater, as services are available to serve the project. No impact would occur.

f)	Directly or indirectly destroy a unique		
	paleontological resource or site or		\boxtimes
	unique geologic feature?		

According to the site-specific Geotechnical Investigation prepared by SB Consultants, Inc. dated July 27, 2021, the project site is underlain by undocumented fill, and Old Paralic Deposits Currently fill layers across the site ranging from approximately 5.3 to 5.6 feet in depth. Old Paralic Deposits have a high sensitivity and undocumented fill has a low sensitivity for paleontological resources.

According to the City of San Diego's Significance Determination Thresholds, more than 1,000 cubic yards of grading at depths of greater than 10 feet (less than 10 feet if the site has been graded) into formations with a high resource sensitivity rating could result in a significant impact to paleontological resources, and mitigation would be required.

Grading operations would entail approximately 1,160 cubic yards of cut to a depth of approximately three feet. Therefore, the project would not exceed the City's Significance Determination Thresholds. No impact would result.

Issue		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact			
VIII. GREEM	VIII. GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS – Would the project:							
e	Generate greenhouse gas emissions, hther directly or indirectly, that may have a significant impact on the			\boxtimes				

environment?

The CAP Consistency Checklist is utilized to ensure project-by-project consistency with the underlying assumptions in the CAP and to ensure that the City would achieve its emission reduction targets identified in the CAP. The CAP Consistency Checklist includes a three-step process to determine project if the project would result in a GHG impact. Step 1 consists of an evaluation to determine the project's consistency with existing General Plan, Community Plan, and zoning designations for the site. Step 2 consists of an evaluation of the project's design features compliance with the CAP strategies. Step 3 is only applicable if a project is not consistent with the land use and/or zone, but is also in a transit priority area to allow for more intensive development than assumed in the CAP.

Under Step 1 of the CAP Consistency Checklist, the project is consistent with the existing General Plan and Pacific Beach Community Plan land use designations and zoning for the site. Therefore, the project is consistent with the growth projections and land use assumptions used in the CAP. Furthermore, completion of Step 2 of the CAP Consistency Checklist demonstrates that the project would be consistent with applicable strategies and actions for reducing GHG emissions. This includes project features consistent with the energy and water efficient buildings strategy, as well as bicycling, walking, transit, and land use strategy. These project features would be assured as a condition of project approval. Step 3 of the CAP Consistency Checklist would not be applicable, as the project is not proposing a land use amendment or a rezone. Thus, the project is consistent with the CAP.

Based on the project's consistency with the City's CAP Consistency Checklist, the project's contribution of GHGs to cumulative statewide emissions would be less than cumulatively considerable. Therefore, the project's direct and cumulative GHG emissions would be less than significant.

b)	Conflict with an applicable plan, policy, or regulation adopted for the purpose of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gases?			
Refer to	Section VII (a). Impacts would be less	than significant.		
IX. HAZA	ARDS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS – Would the	project:		
a)	Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials?		\boxtimes	

Materials and waste are generally considered hazardous if they are poisonous (toxicity), can be ignited by open flame (ignitability), corrode other materials (corrosivity), or react violently, explode, or generate vapors when mixed with water (reactivity). The term "hazardous material" is defined in

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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the State Health and Safety Code (Chapter 6.95, Section 25501[o]) as any material that, because of quantity, concentration, or physical or chemical characteristics, poses a significant present or potential hazard to human health and safety or to the environment. Hazardous waste is defined as any hazardous material that is abandoned, discarded, or recycled, as defined in the State Health and Safety Code (Chapter 6.95, Section 25125). The transportation, use, and disposal of hazardous materials, as well as the potential releases of hazardous materials to the environment, are closely regulated through many state and federal laws.

Project construction activities may involve the use and transport of hazardous materials. These materials may include fuels, oils, mechanical fluids, and other chemicals used during construction. Transportation, storage, use, and disposal of hazardous materials during construction activities would be required to comply with applicable federal, state, and local statutes and regulations. Compliance would ensure that human health and the environment are not exposed to hazardous materials. Therefore, no significant impacts would occur during construction activities.

The operational phase of the project would occur after construction is completed. The project includes residential and commercial uses that are compatible with surrounding uses. The proposed residential and commercial uses would not routinely transport, use, or dispose of hazardous materials, or present a reasonably foreseeable release of hazardous materials, with the potential exception of common commercial grade hazardous materials such as household and commercial cleaners, paint, etc. The project would not create a significant hazard through the routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials, nor would a significant hazard to the public or to the environment through the reasonably foreseeable upset and accidental conditions involving the likely release of hazardous materials into the environment occur. Therefore, the proposed project would not create a significant.

b) Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment?

Redevelopment of the site is being proposed and would result in a change in use (currently a tire and auto center, with a proposed mixed-use project consisting of residential and commercial uses) and in ground conditions. As part of the environmental review process, steps need to be taken in order to disclose and address the safe removal, disposal and/or remediation of hazardous materials. Therefore, a Phase I Environmental Site Assessment (ESA) was prepared by Environmental Sciences and Inspection Services (August 5, 2020) for the project site to identify recognized environmental conditions (REC), controlled recognized environmental conditions (CRECs), and historical recognized environmental conditions (HRECs) associated with the project site. The Phase I consists of historical property use research, a regulatory agency records search, and site reconnaissance in accordance with the American Society of Testing Materials (ASTM) 1527-13 standards.

A search of historical records was conducted, which identified the project site was vacant land not used for any discernible purpose as early as 1928. From 1948 through 1970 businesses listed as

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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tenants at the site address included automotive repair services, newspaper, van and storage, drycleaners and laundry and restaurant among others. Of significance is the listing of a Mobil Service Station from 1975 – 1980. The site was redeveloped into its current configuration in 1981. From its redevelopment in 1981, the site appeared to have been occupied by various auto tire sales and automotive services and repair businesses including Dormans Tire & Auto Supply, Goodyear Tire Center, EXPRESS TIRE and the current tenant Firestone Complete Auto Care.

According to the County of San Diego Department of Environmental Health (DEH), a 500-gallon waste oil tank on the Site was closed by removal in 1986. In 2001 a "baseline assessment was conducted in accordance with DEH's Site Assessment/Mitigation (SAM) Manual. During the site visit, seven in-ground hoists one capped excavation the was interpreted to be a former hoist location, a mechanic's pit, a sink and drain system that was interpreted to be a likely location for a Safety-Kleen unit, and a clarifier unit directly in front of the bay doors were observed. Additionally, a compressor and aboveground storage tank for waste oil was observed in an outdoor storage area. There were no obvious indications of any potential recognized environmental conditions within the adjacent store. The seven in-ground hoists were removed on February 5, 2002, and 13 locations were sampled. Elevated Total Recoverable Petroleum Hydrocarbons (TRPH) levels were noted at several sample sites, however the boring KB3 was noted as the highest. Groundwater sample collected from the borehole did not contain detectable TRPH levels. No further assessment was recommended, however should the property be sold it was recommended that further assessment of the release at boring KB3 be conducted. The additional assessment was submitted to the DEH's Voluntary Assistance Program (VAP) for a request of a "No Further Action" decision. On January 6, 2003, the DEH VAP issued a "No Further Action Required" letter and the site was closed.

A site reconnaissance was conducted on July 29, 2020 to identify potential recognized environmental conditions (REC). Hazardous substances and/or petroleum products; above ground and underground hazardous substances or petroleum product storage tanks (ASTs/USTs); drains and sumps; and Controlled Recognized Environmental Conditions (CREC) were observed. Based on information reviewed it was identified that no actual remediation was previously conducted, therefore the status of the site is considered to be a CREC due to some contamination remaining in place that has only partially been addressed through remediation.

Based on the historical and current use of the site for automotive services and repair, it was recommended that a Phase II Environmental Site Assessment be conducted in the form of a soil vapor survey to determine if soil vapor intrusion has impacted the site.

A Phase II Environmental Site Assessment was conducted on September 30, 2020, which entailed subsurface investigation including soil gas sampling in targeted locations across the property including areas with the highest concentrations of soil contamination by TRPH, the clarifier, the former underground storage tank, and the former hydraulic lifts. The results from soil gas sampling indicated each sample had detectable levels of styrene, and seven of the eight had perchloroethylene and toluene. No other volatile organic compounds were detected in any of the samples. The detected concentrations of styrene, perchloroethylene and toluene (maximums of 0.20 ug/L, 1.0 ug/L, and 0.15 ug/L, respectively), do not exceed current DTSC screening levels for commercial development, however the perchloroethylene level was above the residential environmental screening level. Based on these factors, no further testing is recommended; however,

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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the proposed development would be required to incorporate vapor intrusion protection such as a liquid boot barrier to ensure there are no remaining residual vapor intrusion concerns.

The Soil Management Plan (SMP) and Community Health and Safety Plan (CHSP) associated with the Phase II Environmental Site Assessment were submitted to the DEH's VAP for review. The CHSP was accepted and the SMP was accepted with two modifications as outlined in the concurrence letter dated December 17, 2021.

Due to the age of the existing structures on the site and the proposed demolition, the likelihood of these buildings containing asbestos and lead based paint materials is high. The presence of these substances would have the potential to significantly impact human health and safety during the demolition phase of the project. During demolition activities, proper precautions are required during the removal and disposal of asbestos containing materials, as regulated by state agencies (Cal OSHA and Cal EPA), and the San Diego Air Pollution Control District and the County of San Diego Department of Health Services, to ensure that no hazards to the demolition crew, adjacent residents, or other individuals are created by toxic materials. The issuance of demolition/removal permits by the City of San Diego requires the completion of a General Application (DS-3032) and a Hazardous Materials Questionnaire (DS-3163) when a commercial structure or building is proposed to be demolished. Overall, implementation of the conditions associated with the demolition/removal permits, which are required by State, County and local agencies, would preclude the potential human health/public safety impacts to the residential development and no mitigation would be required.

Overall, implementation of the conditions associated with the demolition/removal permits, which are required by State, County and local agencies, as well as the requirements of the County of San Diego DEH Voluntary Assistance Program would preclude potential impacts. Therefore, impacts would be less than significant.

c)	Emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste within		\boxtimes	
	one-quarter mile of an existing or			
	proposed school?			

As outlined in VII (a) and (b) above, the project would not store, transport, use or dispose of hazardous materials. The Audeo Charter School is located within one-quarter mile of the site. Based on the described conditions no impacts related to emitting or handling hazardous materials waste or substances within one-quarter mile of a school site would occur. Impact would be less than significant.

 d) Be located on a site which is included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code section 65962.5 and, as a result, would it create a significant hazard to the public or the environment?

See response IX (a), above.

Is	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
e)	For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two mile of a public airport or public use airport, would the project result in a safety hazard or excessive noise for people residing or working in the project area?				

The project is not located within an airport land use plan, or within two miles of a public airport or public use airport. No impact would result.

f)	Impair implementation of or physically		
	interfere with an adopted emergency		
	response plan or emergency		
	evacuation plan?		

The project would not impair the implementation of, or physically interfere with, an adopted emergency response plan or evacuation plan. No roadway improvements are proposed that would interfere with circulation or access, and all construction would take place on-site. No impacts would occur.

g)	Expose people or structures, either directly or indirectly, to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving		\boxtimes
	wildland fires?		

The project is located within a developed urban area. There are no wildlands or other areas prone to wildfire within the vicinity of the project site. Therefore, the project would not expose people or structures to wildland fires. No impacts would occur.

X. HYDROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY - Would the project:

a)	Violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements or otherwise substantially degrade surface		\boxtimes	
	or groundwater quality?			

The project would comply with the City's Stormwater Management and Discharge Control Ordinance (Municipal Code Chapter 4, Article 3, Division 3), Storm Water Runoff and Drainage Regulations (LDC Section 142.02 et al.), and other applicable storm water quality standards during and after construction. Treatment control best management practices (BMPs) have been selected that would ensure pollutants are not discharged to receiving waters. Proposed BMPs as fully described in the project specific Priority Development Project Storm Water Quality Management Plan prepared by Christensen Engineering and Surveying, dated April 25, 2021 are summarized below.

The project would employ site design, source control and structural BMPs. Site design BMPs include minimizing impervious areas, minimizing soil compaction, dispersing the impervious areas, and use of native or drought-tolerant species for landscaping purposes, and runoff collection via biofiltration basins. Source control BMPs include the placement of trash and storage areas in unit garages to prevent dispersion by rain, run-on, run-off, and wind.

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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These requirements have been reviewed by qualified City staff and would be re-verified during the ministerial building permit process. Adherence to applicable water quality standards would ensure adverse impacts associated with compliance with quality standards and waste discharge requirements are avoided. Impacts would be less than significant.

b)	Substantially deplete groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that the project may impede sustainable groundwater management of the basin?		
	basin?		

The project does not require the construction of wells or the use of groundwater. Therefore, the project would not substantially deplete groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge. The project is located in an urban neighborhood where all infrastructures exist. The project would connect to the existing public water system. No impact would result.

Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, or through the addition of impervious surfaces, in a manner which would:				
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A site-specific Preliminary Drainage Study was prepared by Christensen Engineering and Surveying dated April 2021, which identified the following. Under the existing conditions, site drainage flows westerly onto Cass Street at 1.90 cubic feet per second (cfs) for the 100-year storm. The site has no drainage conveyance system or runoff treatment. Following construction, site runoff would flow to Grand Avenue from a curb outlet, westerly to Cass Street and joins runoff from Cass Street to the alley to the south at 1.85 cfs for the 100-year storm. Impervious area runoff will be treated by two raised standard Filterra units. There are no streams or rivers located on-site and thus, no such resources would be impacted through the proposed grading activities.

Although grading would be required for the project, the project would implement BMPs to ensure that substantial erosion or siltation on or off-site would not occur. Impacts would be less than significant.

i)	result in substantial erosion or		\square	
	siltation on- or off-site;			

Refer to XI(c), the project would not substantially alter the drainage pattern for the site and it would not alter the drainage pattern in the surrounding area or substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner that would result in flooding on- or off-site. The drainage flow would be directed towards the existing public storm drain system and would comply with San Diego Municipal Code Section 143.0142(f). Impacts would be less than significant.

ii)	substantially increase the rate or			
	amount of surface runoff in a		\boxtimes	
	manner which would result in			
	flooding on- or off-site;			

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact

Refer to XI(c), the project would not substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff which would result in flooding on or off site. Impacts would be less than significant.

polluted runoff; or	iii)	create or contribute runoff water which would exceed the capacity of existing or planned stormwater drainage systems or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff: or			\boxtimes	
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The project would be required to comply with all City storm water standards during and after construction. Appropriate best management practices would be implemented to ensure that water quality is not degraded; therefore, ensuring that project runoff is directed to appropriate drainage systems. Any runoff from the site is not anticipated to exceed the capacity of existing storm water systems or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff. Impacts would be less than significant.

iv) impede or redirect flood flows?			\boxtimes	
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The project construction would occur within a developed site surrounded by residential and commercial development. The project would not impede or redirect flood flows. The project would be required to comply with all City storm water standards during and after construction ensuring that project runoff is directed to appropriate drainage systems. Impacts would be less than significant.

d)	In flood hazard, tsunami, or seiche			
	zones, risk release of pollutants due to		\boxtimes	
	project inundation?			

The project site is not located within a flood hazard zone, and according to the site-specific geotechnical investigation, it is not likely that a tsunami or seiche could impact the site due to the site elevation. Therefore, impacts would be less than significant.

e)	Conflict with or obstruct			
	implementation of a water quality control plan or sustainable		\boxtimes	
	groundwater management plan?			

The project would be required to comply with all City storm water standards during and after construction. Appropriate best management practices would be implemented to ensure that water quality is not degraded; therefore, ensuring that project runoff is directed to appropriate drainage systems. Any runoff from the site is not anticipated to exceed the capacity of existing storm water systems or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff. Additionally, the project does not require the construction of wells or the use of groundwater. Therefore, the project would not conflict with or obstruct implementation of a sustainable groundwater management plan. Impacts would be less than significant.

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
XI. LAND USE AND PLANNING – Would the project:				
a) Physically divide an established community?				\boxtimes

The project is compatible with the surrounding development and permitted by the General Plan, community plan land use and zoning designations with allowable deviations. The project would not substantially change the nature of the surrounding area and would not introduce any barriers or project features that could physically divide the community. Thus, the project would result in no impact related to physically dividing an established community. No impact would occur.



The project site is designated Community Commercial and zoned CC-4-2 per the Pacific Beach Community Plan. The project is consistent with the underlying zone and the land use designation with . The project would not conflict with any applicable land use plan, policy, or regulation of an agency with jurisdiction over the project (including but not limited to the general plan, community plan, or zoning ordinance) adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect. No impact would result.

XII. MINERAL RESOURCES - Would the project:

a)	Result in the loss of availability of a		
	known mineral resource that would be of value to the region and the residents		\boxtimes
	of value to the region and the residents of the state?	_	

There are no known mineral resources located on the project site. The urbanized and developed nature of the project site and vicinity would preclude the extraction of any such resources. No impact would result.

b)	Result in the loss of availability of a		
	locally important mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan or other land use plan?		\boxtimes

See XI (a), above. The project site has not been delineated on a local general, specific, or other land use plan as a locally important mineral resource recovery site, and no such resources would be affected with project implementation. Therefore, no impacts were identified.

Is	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
XIII. NO	ISE – Would the project result in:				
a)	Generation of a substantial temporary or permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the vicinity of the project in excess of standards established in the local general plan or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies?			\boxtimes	

Short-term noise impacts would be associated with onsite grading, and construction activities of the project. Construction-related short-term noise levels would be higher than existing ambient noise levels in the project area but would no longer occur once construction is completed. Sensitive receptors (e.g. residential uses) occur in the immediate area and may be temporarily affected by construction noise; however, construction activities would be required to comply with the construction hours specified in the City's Municipal Code (Section 59.5.0404, Construction Noise) which are intended to reduce potential adverse effects resulting from construction noise. With compliance to the City's noise ordinance, project construction noise levels would be reduced to less than significant.

For the long-term, typical noise levels associated with residential and commercial uses are anticipated, and the project would not result in an increase in the existing ambient noise level. The project would not result in noise levels in excess of standards established in the City of San Diego General Plan or Noise Ordinance. No significant long-term impacts would occur, therefore impacts would be less than significant.

b)	Generation of, excessive groundborne		
	vibration or groundborne noise levels?		

Pile driving activities that would potentially result in ground borne vibration or ground borne noise are not anticipated with construction of the project. As described in Response to XII (a) above, potential effects from construction noise would be reduced through compliance with the City's Noise Ordinance. Impacts would be less than significant.

C)	For a project located within the vicinity of a private airstrip or an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area		\boxtimes
	residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?		

The project site is not located in an Airport Influence Area. As such, the project would not expose people to working in the area to excessive aircraft noise levels. No impact would result.

lssue		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
XIV. POPULATION AND HOUSI	NG – Would the project:				
a) Induce substantial un population growth in directly (for example homes and business (for example, throug	, an area, either , by proposing new es) or indirectly				

The project is located within a developed neighborhood and is surrounded by similar development. The project site currently receives services from the City, and no extension of infrastructure to new areas is required. As such, the project would not induce substantial population growth in the area. Impacts would be less than significant.

b)	Displace substantial numbers of		
	existing people or housing,		\boxtimes
	necessitating the construction of		
	replacement housing elsewhere?		

No such displacement would result. The project would demolish an existing commercial structure and construct a three-story mixed-use building with residential and commercial development. No such impacts would occur

XV. PUBLIC SERVICES

roads or other infrastructure)?

- a) Would the project result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provisions of new or physically altered governmental facilities, need for new or physically altered governmental facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, in order to maintain acceptable service rations, response times or other performance objectives for any of the public services:
 - i) Fire protection;

The project site is located in an urbanized area where fire protection services are provided. The site would continue to be served by the City. The project would not adversely affect existing levels of fire protection services to the area and would not require the construction of new or expanded governmental facilities. Impacts to fire protection would be less than significant.

ii)	Police protection;			\boxtimes	
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The project site is located in an urbanized area where police protection services are provided. The site would continue to be served by the City. The project would not adversely affect existing levels of police protection services to the area and would not require the construction of new or expanded governmental facilities. Impacts to fire protection would be less than significant.

iii)	Schools;			\boxtimes	
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The project would not affect existing levels of public services and would not require the construction or expansion of a school facility. The project site is located in an urbanized and developed area where public school services are available. The project would not significantly increase the demand

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
on public schools over that which curre	ently exists and is	not anticipated to	result in a sig	nificant

increase in demand for public educational services. Impacts would be less than significant.

iv) Parks;

The project site is located in an urbanized and developed area where City-operated parks are available. The project would not significantly increase the demand on existing neighborhood or regional parks or other recreational facilities over that which presently exists and is not anticipated to result in a significant increase in demand for parks or other offsite recreational facilities. Impacts would be less than significant.

v) Other public facilities?

The project site is located in an urbanized and developed area where City services are already available. The project would not adversely affect existing levels of other public facilities and not require the construction or expansion of an existing governmental facility. Impacts would be less than significant.

XVI. RECREATION

a) Would the project increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be accelerated?

The project would not adversely affect the availability of and/or need for new or expanded recreational resources. The project would not adversely affect existing levels of public services and would not require the construction or expansion of an existing governmental facility. The project would not significantly increase the use of existing neighborhood or regional parks or other recreational facilities. Therefore, the project is not anticipated to result in the use of available parks or facilities such that substantial deterioration occurs, or that would require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities to satisfy demand. Impacts would be less than significant.

b)	Does the project include recreational			
	facilities or require the construction or			
	expansion of recreational facilities,		\boxtimes	
	which might have an adverse physical			
	effect on the environment?			

Refer to XV (a) above. The project does not propose recreation facilities nor require the construction or expansion of any such facilities. Impacts would be less than significant.

XVII. TR/	ANSPORTATION- Would the project?			
a)	Conflict with an adopted program, plan, ordinance or policy addressing the transportation system, including transit, roadways, bicycle and pedestrian facilities?		\boxtimes	

lssue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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The project would not change existing circulation patterns on area roadways. The project would not conflict with any applicable plan, ordinance, or policy establishing measures of effectiveness for the performance of the circulation system. Therefore, no impact would occur.

b)	Would the project or plan/policy result in VMT exceeding thresholds identified in the City of San Diego Transportation Study Manual? Conflict or be inconsistent with CEQA Guidelines		\boxtimes	
	section 15064.3, subdivision (b)?			

The project would construct a three-story mixed-use building with four commercial spaces and 40 residential units in a neighborhood with similar residential development. A "Small Project" is defined as a project generating less than 300 daily unadjusted driveway trips using the City of San Diego trip generation rates/procedures. Based upon the screening criteria, the commercial portion of the project qualifies as a "Small Project" and is screened out from further VMT analysis. The residential portion of the project would not require VMT analysis since the project would provide affordable residential units. The project is presumed to have a less than significant impact on Vehicle Miles Traveled (VMT). Impacts would be less than significant.

C)	Substantially increase hazards due to a				
	geometric design feature (e.g., sharp	_	_	_	
	curves or dangerous intersections) or				\bowtie
	incompatible uses (e.g., farm				
	equipment)?				

The project would construct a three-story building with 18 residential units and two commercial units in a neighborhood with similar development. Overall, the project complies with the Pacific Beach Community Plan and is consistent with the land use and underlying zoning. Additionally, the project does not include any design features that would substantially increase hazards. No impacts would result.

d)	Result in inadequate emergency		
	access?		

Adequate emergency access would be provided during both short-term construction (with construction operating protocols) and long-term operations of the project. Emergency access to the site would be provided from Lamont Street. As such, the project would not impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan. Impacts would be less than significant.

XVIII. TRIBAL CULTURAL RESOURCES – Would the project cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a tribal cultural resource, defined in Public Resources Code section 21074 as either a site, feature, place, cultural landscape that is geographically defined in terms of the size and scope of the landscape, sacred place, or object with cultural value to a California Native American tribe, and that is:

a)	Listed or eligible for listing in the		
	California Register of Historical		\boxtimes
	Resources, or in a local register of		

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
historical resources as defined in Public Resources Code section 5020.1(k), or				

The project would not cause a substantial adverse effect to tribal cultural resources, as there are no recorded sites listed or sites eligible for listing in the California Register of Historical Resources, or in a local register of historical resources as defined by the Public Resources Code. No impact would result.

b) A resource determined by the lead agency, in its discretion and supported by substantial evidence, to be significant pursuant to criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Public Resources Code section 5024.1. In applying the
criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Public Resource Code section 5024.1, the lead agency shall consider the significance of the resource to a California Native American tribe.

Tribal Cultural Resources include sites, features, places, cultural landscapes, and sacred places or objects that have cultural value or significance to a Native American Tribe. Tribal Cultural Resources include "non-unique archaeological resources" that, instead of being important for "scientific" value as a resource, can also be significant because of the sacred and/or cultural tribal value of the resource. Tribal representatives are considered experts appropriate for providing substantial evidence regarding the locations, types, and significance of tribal cultural resources within their traditionally and cultural affiliated geographic area (PRC § 21080.3.1(a)).

In accordance with the requirements of PRC Section 21080.3.1, Assembly Bill (AB) 52, the City notified Native American tribes that are traditionally and culturally affiliated with the project area. The tribes were sent notification letters on September 16, 2021. No requests for project consultation were received from any of the Native American Tribes within the notification period, and therefore consultation was concluded. Therefore, impacts no impacts would result.

XIX. UTILITIES AND SERVICE SYSTEMS - Would the project:

a) Require or result in the relocation or construction of new or expanded water, wastewater treatment or storm water drainage, electric power, natural gas, or telecommunications facilities, the construction or relocation of which would cause significant environmental effects?

The project is not anticipated to generate significant amount of wastewater or stormwater. As discussed in VI (a), the project would not result in a significant environmental impact due to wasteful, inefficient, or unnecessary consumption of energy resources. Wastewater facilities used by the project would be operated in accordance with the applicable wastewater treatment requirements of the Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB). Existing sewer infrastructure

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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exists within roadways surrounding the project site and adequate services are available to serve the project. Thus, impacts would be less than significant.

b)	Have sufficient water supplies available		
	to serve the project and reasonably		\bowtie
	foreseeable future development during		
	normal, dry and multiple dry years?		

The project does not meet the CEQA significance thresholds requiring the need for the project to prepare a water supply assessment. The existing project site currently receives water service from the City, and adequate services are available to serve the site without requiring new or expanded entitlements. No impact would result.

c) Result in a determination by the wastewater treatment provider which serves or may serve the project that it has adequate capacity to serve the project's demand in addition to the provider's existing commitments?

The project would not exceed the capacity of the existing storm water system and require the construction of new or expanded treatment facilities of which would cause significant environmental effects. The project was reviewed by qualified City staff who determined that the existing facilities are adequately sized to accommodate the proposed development. No impacts would result.

 d) Generate solid waste in excess of State or local standards, or in excess of the capacity of local infrastructure, or otherwise impair the attainment of solid waste reduction goals? 				
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See XVII (a) above. Adequate services are available to serve the site and the project would not require the construction or expansion of existing facilities. No impact would result.

e)	Comply with federal, state, and local			
	management and reduction statutes		\boxtimes	
	and regulations related to solid waste?			

The project would be served by a landfill with sufficient permitted capacity to accommodate the project's disposal needs. Construction debris and waste would be generated from the construction of the new commercial building. All construction waste from the project site would be transported to an appropriate facility, which would have adequate capacity to accept the limited amount of waste that would be generated by the project. Long-term operation of the project would be anticipated to generate typical amounts of solid waste associated with commercial use. Furthermore, the project would be required to comply with the City's Municipal Code (including the Refuse and Recyclable Materials Storage Regulations (Municipal Code Chapter 14, Article 2, Division 8), Recycling Ordinance (Municipal Code Chapter 6, Article 6, Division 7), and the Construction and Demolition (C&D) Debris Deposit Ordinance (Municipal Code Chapter 6, Article 6, Division 6)) for diversion of both construction waste during the demolition phase and solid waste during the long-term, operational phase. Impacts are considered to be less than significant.

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact

XX. WILDFIRE – If located in or near state responsibility area or lands classified as very high fire hazard severity zones, would the project:

a)	Substantially impair an adopted		
	emergency response plan or		\boxtimes
	emergency evacuation plan?		

The 2017 San Diego County Multi-Jurisdictional Hazard Mitigation Plan (SDHMP) is the San Diego region's plan toward greater disaster resilience in accordance with section 322 of the Disaster Mitigation Act of 2000. The project would not conflict with the goals, objectives, and actions of the SDHMP. Per Action 1.D.6, High fire hazard areas shall have adequate access for emergency vehicles. The project site is located in a previously developed area with existing infrastructure and facilities currently serving the site. Additionally, the project would provide adequate access for emergency vehicles. Therefore, the project would not conflict with emergency response and would not substantially impair an adopted emergency response plan. No impacts would result.

b) Due to slope, prevailing winds, and other factors, exacerbate wildfire risks, and thereby expose project occupants to, pollutant concentrations from a wildfire or the uncontrolled spread of wildfire?

The project site is generally flat, located within an existing urban neighborhood surrounded by residential uses and is not located in a Very High Fire Severity Zone. Due to the location of the project, the project would not have the potential to expose occupants to pollutant concentrations from a wildfire or the uncontrolled spread of wildfire. Therefore, no impacts would result.

C)	Require the installation or maintenance of associated infrastructure (such as roads, fuel breaks, emergency water sources, power lines or other utilities) that may exacerbate fire risk or that may result in temporary or ongoing		
	impacts to the environment?		

The project is currently served by existing infrastructure which would service the site during and after construction. The project area has adequate fire hydrant services and street access. No new infrastructure is proposed to support the project that may exacerbate fire risk. No impacts would result.

d)	Expose people or structures to significant risks, including downslope or downstream flooding or landslides, as a result of runoff, post-fire slope		\boxtimes
	instability, or drainage changes?		

The project area is within developed urban neighborhood. The project would comply with the City's Landscape Regulations and Land Development Code. The project would not expose people or structures to significant risk from flooding or landslide as a result of runoff, post-fire instability, or drainage changes. Therefore, no impacts would occur.

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
 XXI. MANDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE – a) Does the project have the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory? 				

As documented in this Initial Study, the project would not have the potential to degrade the quality of the environment. As such, no mitigation measures would be incorporated as all impacts would be less than significant.

b) Does the project have impacts that are individually limited but cumulatively considerable ("cumulatively considerable" means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable future projects)?

As documented in this Initial Study, the project would not have the potential to degrade the quality of the environment. As such, no mitigation measures would be required. Other future project within the surrounding neighborhood or community would be required to comply with applicable local, state and Federal regulations to reduce the potential impacts to less than significant, or to the extent possible. Therefore, the project would not contribute potentially significant cumulative environmental impacts.

C)	Does the project have environmental		
	effects that will cause substantial		
	adverse effects on human beings,		
	either directly or indirectly?		

As discussed throughout this document, it is not anticipated that implementation of the project would create conditions that would significantly directly or indirectly impact human beings. Mitigation measures are not required. For this reason, environmental effects fall below the thresholds established by CEQA and the City and therefore, would not result in impacts.

INITIAL STUDY CHECKLIST REFERENCES

I. Aesthetics / Neighborhood Character

- City of San Diego General Plan
- Community Plans: Pacific Beach Community Plan

II. Agricultural Resources & Forest Resources

- City of San Diego General Plan
- U.S. Department of Agriculture, Soil Survey San Diego Area, California, Part I and II, 1973
- California Agricultural Land Evaluation and Site Assessment Model (1997)
- Site Specific Report:

III. Air Quality

- California Clean Air Act Guidelines (Indirect Source Control Programs) 1990
- Regional Air Quality Strategies (RAQS) APCD
- Site Specific Report:

IV. Biology

- City of San Diego, Multiple Species Conservation Program (MSCP), Subarea Plan, 1997
- City of San Diego, MSCP, "Vegetation Communities with Sensitive Species and Vernal Pools" Maps, 1996
- City of San Diego, MSCP, "Multiple Habitat Planning Area" maps, 1997
- Community Plan Resource Element
- California Department of Fish and Game, California Natural Diversity Database, "State and Federally-listed Endangered, Threatened, and Rare Plants of California," January 2001
- California Department of Fish and Game, California Natural Diversity Database, "State and Federally-listed Endangered and Threatened Animals of California, "January 2001
- City of San Diego Land Development Code Biology Guidelines
- Site Specific Report:

V. Cultural Resources (includes Historical Resources and Built Environment)

- City of San Diego Historical Resources Guidelines
- City of San Diego Archaeology Library
- Historical Resources Board List
- Community Historical Survey:
- Site Specific Report:

VI. Geology/Soils

- City of San Diego Seismic Safety Study
- U.S. Department of Agriculture Soil Survey San Diego Area, California, Part I and II, December 1973 and Part III, 1975
- Site Specific Report:
 Geotechnical Investigation, Grand Avenue Units, prepared by TerraPacific Consultants, Inc., dated September 1, 2020

VII. Greenhouse Gas Emissions

Site Specific Report:

Climate Action Plan Consistency Checklist

VIII. Hazards and Hazardous Materials

- San Diego County Hazardous Materials Environmental Assessment Listing
- San Diego County Hazardous Materials Management Division
- FAA Determination
- State Assessment and Mitigation, Unauthorized Release Listing, Public Use Authorized
- Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan
- Site Specific Report:

Phase I Environmental Site Assessment Report, 1011 Grand Avenue, prepared by DMG, Inc. Environmental Sciences and Inspection Services, dated August 5 2019

Phase II Environmental Site Assessment, Limited Subsurface Investigation Report, 1011 Grand Avenue, prepared by DMG, Inc. Environmental Sciences and Inspection Services, dated October 5, 2020

IX. Hydrology/Drainage

Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM)

Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA), National Flood Insurance Program-Flood Boundary and Floodway Map

- Clean Water Act Section 303(b) list, http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/tmdl/303d_lists.html
- Site Specific Report:

Preliminary Drainage Study, "Villas by the Sea", prepared by Christensen Engineering and Surveying, dated April 25, 2021

X. Land Use and Planning

- City of San Diego General Plan
- Community Plan
- Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan
- City of San Diego Zoning Maps
- FAA Determination:
- Other Plans:

XI. Mineral Resources

- California Department of Conservation Division of Mines and Geology, Mineral Land Classification
- Division of Mines and Geology, Special Report 153 Significant Resources Maps
- City of San Diego General Plan: Conservation Element
- Site Specific Report:

XII. Noise

- City of San Diego General Plan
- Community Plan
- San Diego International Airport Lindbergh Field CNEL Maps
- Brown Field Airport Master Plan CNEL Maps

- Montgomery Field CNEL Maps
- San Diego Association of Governments San Diego Regional Average Weekday Traffic Volumes
- San Diego Metropolitan Area Average Weekday Traffic Volume Maps, SANDAG
- Site Specific Report:

XIII. Paleontological Resources

- City of San Diego Paleontological Guidelines
- Deméré, Thomas A., and Stephen L. Walsh, "Paleontological Resources City of San Diego,"
 Department of Paleontology San Diego Natural History Museum, 1996
- Kennedy, Michael P., and Gary L. Peterson, "Geology of the San Diego Metropolitan Area, California. Del Mar, La Jolla, Point Loma, La Mesa, Poway, and SW 1/4 Escondido 7 1/2 Minute Quadrangles," California Division of Mines and Geology Bulletin 200, Sacramento, 1975
- Kennedy, Michael P., and Siang S. Tan, "Geology of National City, Imperial Beach and Otay
 Mesa Quadrangles, Southern San Diego Metropolitan Area, California," Map Sheet 29, 1977
- Site Specific Report:

XIV. Population / Housing

- City of San Diego General Plan
- Community Plan
- Series 11/Series 12 Population Forecasts, SANDAG
- Other:

XV. Public Services

- City of San Diego General Plan
- Community Plan

XVI. Recreational Resources

- City of San Diego General Plan
- Community Plan
- Department of Park and Recreation
- City of San Diego San Diego Regional Bicycling Map
- Additional Resources:

XVII. Transportation / Circulation

- City of San Diego General Plan
- Community Plan:
- San Diego Metropolitan Area Average Weekday Traffic Volume Maps, SANDAG
- San Diego Region Weekday Traffic Volumes, SANDAG
- City of San Diego Transportation Study Manual (TSM)
- Site Specific Report:

XVIII. Utilities

Site Specific Report:

XIX. Water Conservation

Sunset Magazine, New Western Garden Book, Rev. ed. Menlo Park, CA: Sunset Magazine

XX. Water Quality

- Clean Water Act Section 303(b) list, http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/tmdl/303d_lists.html
- Site Specific Report:

Priority Development Project (PDP) Storm Water Quality Management Plan, Villas by the Sea", prepared by Christensen Engineering and Surveying, dated April 54, 2021

Revised: April 2021





Project Location Map

Villas By The Sea– 1011 Grand Avenue PROJECT NO. 686049









Villas By The Sea CDP- 1011 Grand Avenue PROJECT NO. 686049

