## Priority Development Project (PDP) Storm Water Quality Management Plan (SWQMP)

Check if electing for offsite alternative compliance

**Engineer of Work:** 

Of white



Provide Wet Signature and Stamp Above Line

**Prepared For:** 

**Prepared By:** 

Date:

Approved by: City of San Diego

Date



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## Acronyms

APN	Assessor's Parcel Number
ASBS	Area of Special Biological Significance
BMP	Best Management Practice
CEQA	California Environmental Ouality Act
CGP	Construction General Permit
DCV	Design Capture Volume
DMA	Drainage Management Areas
ESA	Environmentally Sensitive Area
GLU	Geomorphic Landscape Unit
GW	Ground Water
HMP	Hvdromodification Management Plan
HSG	Hydrologic Soil Group
HU	Harvest and Use
INF	Infiltration
LID	Low Impact Development
LUP	Linear Underground/Overhead Proiects
MS4	Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System
N/A	Not Applicable
NPDES	National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System
NRCS	Natural Resources Conservation Service
PDP	Priority Development Proiect
PE	Professional Engineer
POC	Pollutant of Concern
SC	Source Control
SD	Site Design
SDRWQCB	San Diego Regional Water Ouality Control Board
SIC	Standard Industrial Classification
SWPPP	Stormwater Pollutant Protection Plan
SWQMP	Storm Water Quality Management Plan
TMDL	Total Maximum Dailv Load
WMAA	Watershed Management Area Analysis
WPCP	Water Pollution Control Program
WQIP	Water Quality Improvement Plan



## **Certification Page**

#### Project Name: Permit Application

I hereby declare that I am the Engineer in Responsible Charge of design of storm water BMPs for this project, and that I have exercised responsible charge over the design of the project as defined in Section 6703 of the Business and Professions Code, and that the design is consistent with the requirements of the Storm Water Standards, which is based on the requirements of SDRWQCB Order No. R9-2013-0001 as amended by R9-2015-0001 and R9-2015-0100 (MS4 Permit).

I have read and understand that the City Engineer has adopted minimum requirements for managing urban runoff, including storm water, from land development activities, as described in the Storm Water Standards. I certify that this PDP SWQMP has been completed to the best of my ability and accurately reflects the project being proposed and the applicable source control and site design BMPs proposed to minimize the potentially negative impacts of this project's land development activities on water quality. I understand and acknowledge that the plan check review of this PDP SWQMP by the City Engineer is confined to a review and does not relieve me, as the Engineer in Responsible Charge of design of storm water BMPs for this project, of my responsibilities for project design.

Engineer of Work's Signature

PE#

**Expiration Date** 

Print Name

#### Company

Date





## Submittal Record

Use this Table to keep a record of submittals of this PDP SWQMP. Each time the PDP SWQMP is re-submitted, provide the date and status of the project. In last column indicate changes that have been made or indicate if response to plancheck comments is included. When applicable, insert response to plancheck comments.

Submittal Number	Date	Project Status	Changes
1		Preliminary Design/Planning/CEQA Final Design	Initial Submittal
2		Preliminary Design/Planning/CEQA Final Design	
3		Preliminary Design/Planning/CEQA Final Design	
4		Preliminary Design/Planning/CEQA Final Design	



## **Project Vicinity Map**

#### Project Name: Permit Application





## City of San Diego Form DS-560 Storm Water Requirements Applicability Checklist

Attach DS-560 form.





## **Storm Water Requirements Applicability Checklist**

FORM **DS-560** 

November 2018

Pr	oject Add	ress:	Project Number:
S	ECTION	1. Construction Storm Water BMP Requirements:	
A ir C	ll construe the <u>Stor</u> onstructio	ction sites are required to implement construction BMPs in accordance m Water Standards Manual. Some sites are additionally required to on General Permit (CGP) <sup>1</sup> , which is administered by the State Regiona	e with the performance standards o obtain coverage under the State al Water Quality Control Board.
F P	or all pro ART B.	ojects complete PART A: If project is required to submit a S	SWPPP or WPCP, continue to
		etermine Construction Phase Storm Water Requirements.	
1.	Is the pro with Con land dist	bject subject to California's statewide General NPDES permit for Storr struction Activities, also known as the State Construction General Per urbance greater than or equal to 1 acre.)	n Water Discharges Associated mit (CGP)? (Typically projects with
	🖵 Yes; S	SWPPP required, skip questions 2-4 🛛 🖵 No; next question	
2.	Does the grubbing	project propose construction or demolition activity, including but no , excavation, or any other activity resulting in ground disturbance and	t limited to, clearing, grading, d/or contact with storm water?
		WPCP required, skip questions 3-4 🛛 🖵 No; next question	
3.	Does the nal purpo	project propose routine maintenance to maintain original line and g ose of the facility? (Projects such as pipeline/utility replacement)	rade, hydraulic capacity, or origi-
	🖵 Yes; V	VPCP required, skip question 4 🛛 🖵 No; next question	
4.	Does the	project only include the following Permit types listed below?	
	• Electri Spa Pe	cal Permit, Fire Alarm Permit, Fire Sprinkler Permit, Plumbing Permit, ermit.	Sign Permit, Mechanical Permit,
	<ul> <li>Individual sewer</li> </ul>	lual Right of Way Permits that exclusively include only ONE of the foll lateral, or utility service.	owing activities: water service,
	the fol	of Way Permits with a project footprint less than 150 linear feet that e lowing activities: curb ramp, sidewalk and driveway apron replaceme ement, and retaining wall encroachments.	exclusively include only ONE of ent, pot holing, curb and gutter
	🖵 Ye	s; no document required	
	Check	one of the boxes below, and continue to PART B:	
		lf you checked "Yes" for question 1, a SWPPP is REQUIRED. Continue to PART B	
		If you checked "No" for question 1, and checked "Yes" for question <b>a WPCP is REQUIRED.</b> If the project proposes less than 5,000 squ of ground disturbance AND has less than a 5-foot elevation chang entire project area, a Minor WPCP may be required instead. <b>Cont</b>	uare feet ge over the
		lf you checked "No" for all questions 1-3, and checked "Yes" for qu PART B <b>does not apply and no document is required. Continue</b>	estion 4 e to Section 2.
1.	More infor www.sand	mation on the City's construction BMP requirements as well as CGP requirements interview of the second seco	nts can be found at:
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

Printed on recycled paper. Visit our web site at www.sandiego.gov/development-services. Upon request, this information is available in alternative formats for persons with disabilities.

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#### **PART B: Determine Construction Site Priority**

This prioritization must be completed within this form, noted on the plans, and included in the SWPPP or WPCP. The city reserves the right to adjust the priority of projects both before and after construction. Construction projects are assigned an inspection frequency based on if the project has a "high threat to water quality." The City has aligned the local definition of "high threat to water quality" to the risk determination approach of the State Construction General Permit (CGP). The CGP determines risk level based on project specific sediment risk and receiving water risk. Additional inspection is required for projects within the Areas of Special Biological Significance (ASBS) watershed. **NOTE:** The construction priority does **NOT** change construction BMP requirements that apply to projects; rather, it determines the frequency of inspections that will be conducted by city staff.

Co	mplete	PART B and continued to Section 2	
1.		ASBS	
		a. Projects located in the ASBS watershed.	
2.		High Priority	
		a. Projects that qualify as Risk Level 2 or Risk Level 3 per the Construction General P (CGP) and not located in the ASBS watershed.	ermit
		b. Projects that qualify as LUP Type 2 or LUP Type 3 per the CGP and not located in t watershed.	the ASBS
3.		Medium Priority	
		a. Projects that are not located in an ASBS watershed or designated as a High priori	ty site.
		b. Projects that qualify as Risk Level 1 or LUP Type 1 per the CGP and not located in watershed.	an ASBS
		c. WPCP projects (>5,000sf of ground disturbance) located within the Los Penasquite watershed management area.	os
4.		Low Priority	
		a. Projects not subject to a Medium or High site priority designation and are not loca watershed.	ated in an ASBS
SE	CTION	2. Permanent Storm Water BMP Requirements.	
Ad	ditional	information for determining the requirements is found in the <u>Storm Water Standards N</u>	<u>/lanual</u> .
Pro vel	ojects th	<b>Petermine if Not Subject to Permanent Storm Water Requirements.</b> at are considered maintenance, or otherwise not categorized as "new development pro projects" according to the <u>Storm Water Standards Manual</u> are not subject to Permaner	ejects" or "rede- nt Storm Water
lf ' ne	"yes" is nt Stor	checked for any number in Part C, proceed to Part F and check "Not Subje m Water BMP Requirements".	ect to Perma-
		checked for all of the numbers in Part C continue to Part D.	
1.	Does t existir	he project only include interior remodels and/or is the project entirely within an generation generation of the potential to contact storm water?	🖵 Yes 📮 No
2.	Does t creatir	he project only include the construction of overhead or underground utilities without ng new impervious surfaces?	🛾 Yes 📮 No
3.	roof o lots or	he project fall under routine maintenance? Examples include, but are not limited to: r exterior structure surface replacement, resurfacing or reconfiguring surface parking existing roadways without expanding the impervious footprint, and routine ement of damaged pavement (grinding, overlay, and pothole repair).	Yes 🖣 No

Pag	ge 3 of 4	City of San Diego • Development Services • Storm Water Requirements Applicability Chec	klist
РА	RT D: PD	P Exempt Requirements.	
PC	P Exem	pt projects are required to implement site design and source control BMP	'S.
lf ' "P	"yes" wa DP Exem	s checked for any questions in Part D, continue to Part F and check the bo opt."	ox labeled
lf	"no" was	s checked for all questions in Part D, continue to Part E.	
1.		e project ONLY include new or retrofit sidewalks, bicycle lanes, or trails that:	
		esigned and constructed to direct storm water runoff to adjacent vegetated area prodible permeable areas? Or;	is, or other
		esigned and constructed to be hydraulically disconnected from paved streets an esigned and constructed with permeable pavements or surfaces in accordance w n Streets guidance in the City's Storm Water Standards manual?	
	🖵 Yes;	PDP exempt requirements apply	
2.	Does the and con	e project ONLY include retrofitting or redeveloping existing paved alleys, streets or road structed in accordance with the Green Streets guidance in the <u>City's Storm Water Stand</u>	ds designed <u>lards Manual</u> ?
	🖵 Yes;	PDP exempt requirements apply 🛛 🖵 No; project not exempt.	
or If	ity Deve "no" is cl	checked for any number in PART E, continue to PART F and check the box lopment Project". hecked for every number in PART E, continue to PART F and check the box Development Project".	
1.	collectiv	velopment that creates 10,000 square feet or more of impervious surfaces vely over the project site. This includes commercial, industrial, residential, se, and public development projects on public or private land.	Yes No
2.	impervi surface:	opment project that creates and/or replaces 5,000 square feet or more of ous surfaces on an existing site of 10,000 square feet or more of impervious s. This includes commercial, industrial, residential, mixed-use, and public ment projects on public or private land.	🗋 Yes 📮 No
3.	and drin	<b>velopment or redevelopment of a restaurant.</b> Facilities that sell prepared foods ks for consumption, including stationary lunch counters and refreshment stands sellin d foods and drinks for immediate consumption (SIC 5812), and where the land ment creates and/or replace 5,000 square feet or more of impervious surface.	ng I Yes I No
4.	5,000 sq	<b>velopment or redevelopment on a hillside.</b> The project creates and/or replaces uare feet or more of impervious surface (collectively over the project site) and where elopment will grade on any natural slope that is twenty-five percent or greater.	🖵 Yes 📮 No
5.	New de 5,000 sq	velopment or redevelopment of a parking lot that creates and/or replaces uare feet or more of impervious surface (collectively over the project site).	Yes No
6.	drivewa	velopment or redevelopment of streets, roads, highways, freeways, and ys. The project creates and/or replaces 5,000 square feet or more of impervious collectively over the project site).	Yes 🛛 No

Pa	ge 4 of 4	City of San Diego • Development Services • Storm Water Requirements Applicability Che	cklist
7.	Sensitive (collective) Area (ESA) feet or less	<b>Elopment or redevelopment discharging directly to an Environmentally</b> <b>Area.</b> The project creates and/or replaces 2,500 square feet of impervious surface ly over project site), and discharges directly to an Environmentally Sensitive b. "Discharging directly to" includes flow that is conveyed overland a distance of 200 s from the project to the ESA, or conveyed in a pipe or open channel any distance ated flow from the project to the ESA (i.e. not commingled with flows from adjacent	🖵 Yes 📮 No
8.	create and project me	elopment or redevelopment projects of a retail gasoline outlet (RGO) that d/or replaces 5,000 square feet of impervious surface. The development eets the following criteria: (a) 5,000 square feet or more or (b) has a projected vaily Traffic (ADT) of 100 or more vehicles per day.	Yes No
9.	creates ar projects ca	elopment or redevelopment projects of an automotive repair shops that nd/or replaces 5,000 square feet or more of impervious surfaces. Development ategorized in any one of Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) codes 5013, 5014, 2-7534, or 7536-7539.	Yes No
10.	results in t post const less than 5 use of pesi the square vehicle use	<b>Ilutant Generating Project.</b> The project is not covered in the categories above, the disturbance of one or more acres of land and is expected to generate pollutants truction, such as fertilizers and pesticides. This does not include projects creating 5,000 sf of impervious surface and where added landscaping does not require regula tricides and fertilizers, such as slope stabilization using native plants. Calculation of e footage of impervious surface need not include linear pathways that are for infrequ e, such as emergency maintenance access or bicycle pedestrian use, if they are built ous surfaces of if they sheet flow to surrounding pervious surfaces.	
PA	ART F: Sele	ect the appropriate category based on the outcomes of PART C through <b>F</b>	'ART E.
1.	The proje	ect is NOT SUBJECT TO PERMANENT STORM WATER REQUIREMENTS.	
2.	The proje BMP requ	ct is a <b>STANDARD DEVELOPMENT PROJECT</b> . Site design and source control uirements apply. See the <u>Storm Water Standards Manual</u> for guidance.	
3.	The proje See the <u>St</u>	ct is <b>PDP EXEMPT</b> . Site design and source control BMP requirements apply. torm Water Standards Manual for guidance.	
4.	structural	ct is a <b>PRIORITY DEVELOPMENT PROJECT</b> . Site design, source control, and I pollutant control BMP requirements apply. See the <u>Storm Water Standards Manual</u> nce on determining if project requires a hydromodification plan management	
	me of Own	er er Agent (Diagon Drint)	
Na	ime of Own	er or Agent <i>(Please Print)</i> Title	
Sig	gnature	Date	

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	nt, Post-Con	struction Form I-1
Storm Wate	er BMP Requ	irements
Project lo	lentification	
Project Name:		
Permit Application Number:		Date:
Determination	of Requireme	nts
The purpose of this form is to identify permanent project. This form serves as a short <u>summary</u> of a separate forms that will serve as the backup for t Answer each step below, starting with <b>Step 1</b> and "Stop". Refer to the manual sections and/or sepa	pplicable required to the determinat	uirements, in some cases referencing tion of requirements. hrough each step until reaching
Step	Answer	Progression
Step 1: Is the project a "development		Go to <b>Step 2</b> .
project"? See Section 1.3 of the manual		
(Part 1 of Storm Water Standards) for	🗆 No	Stop. Permanent BMP
guidance.		requirements do not apply. No
		SWQMP will be required. Provide
		discussion below.
	Standard	<b>Stop.</b> Standard Project
PDP Exempt?	□ Standard Project	<b>Stop.</b> Standard Project requirements apply
PDP Exempt? To answer this item, see Section 1.4 of the		requirements apply
PDP Exempt? To answer this item, see Section 1.4 of the manual in its entirety for guidance AND	Project	
PDP Exempt? To answer this item, see Section 1.4 of the manual in its entirety for guidance AND complete Form DS-560, Storm Water	Project	requirements apply PDP requirements apply, including
PDP Exempt? To answer this item, see Section 1.4 of the manual in its entirety for guidance AND complete Form DS-560, Storm Water	Project <ul> <li>PDP</li> <li>PDP</li> </ul>	requirements apply PDP requirements apply, including PDP SWQMP. Go to <b>Step 3</b> .
PDP Exempt? To answer this item, see Section 1.4 of the manual in its entirety for guidance AND complete Form DS-560, Storm Water	Project	requirements apply PDP requirements apply, including PDP SWQMP. Go to <b>Step 3</b> . <b>Stop.</b> Standard Project
PDP Exempt? To answer this item, see Section 1.4 of the manual in its entirety for guidance AND complete Form DS-560, Storm Water Requirements Applicability Checklist.	Project PDP Exempt	requirements apply PDP requirements apply, including PDP SWQMP. Go to <b>Step 3</b> . <b>Stop.</b> Standard Project requirements apply. Provide discussion and list any additional requirements below.
PDP Exempt? To answer this item, see Section 1.4 of the manual in its entirety for guidance AND complete Form DS-560, Storm Water Requirements Applicability Checklist.	Project PDP Exempt	requirements apply PDP requirements apply, including PDP SWQMP. Go to <b>Step 3</b> . <b>Stop.</b> Standard Project requirements apply. Provide discussion and list any additional requirements below.
PDP Exempt? To answer this item, see Section 1.4 of the manual in its entirety for guidance AND complete Form DS-560, Storm Water Requirements Applicability Checklist. Discussion / justification, and additional requirem	Project PDP Exempt	requirements apply PDP requirements apply, including PDP SWQMP. Go to <b>Step 3</b> . <b>Stop.</b> Standard Project requirements apply. Provide discussion and list any additional requirements below.
PDP Exempt? To answer this item, see Section 1.4 of the manual in its entirety for guidance AND complete Form DS-560, Storm Water	Project PDP Exempt	requirements apply PDP requirements apply, including PDP SWQMP. Go to <b>Step 3</b> . <b>Stop.</b> Standard Project requirements apply. Provide discussion and list any additional requirements below.
PDP Exempt? To answer this item, see Section 1.4 of the manual in its entirety for guidance AND complete Form DS-560, Storm Water Requirements Applicability Checklist. Discussion / justification, and additional requirem	Project PDP Exempt	requirements apply PDP requirements apply, including PDP SWQMP. Go to <b>Step 3</b> . <b>Stop.</b> Standard Project requirements apply. Provide discussion and list any additional requirements below.
-	Project PDP Exempt	requirements apply PDP requirements apply, including PDP SWQMP. Go to <b>Step 3</b> . <b>Stop.</b> Standard Project requirements apply. Provide discussion and list any additional requirements below.
PDP Exempt? To answer this item, see Section 1.4 of the manual in its entirety for guidance AND complete Form DS-560, Storm Water Requirements Applicability Checklist. Discussion / justification, and additional requirem	Project PDP Exempt	requirements apply PDP requirements apply, including PDP SWQMP. Go to <b>Step 3</b> . <b>Stop.</b> Standard Project requirements apply. Provide discussion and list any additional requirements below.
PDP Exempt? To answer this item, see Section 1.4 of the manual in its entirety for guidance AND complete Form DS-560, Storm Water Requirements Applicability Checklist. Discussion / justification, and additional requirem	Project PDP Exempt	requirements apply PDP requirements apply, including PDP SWQMP. Go to <b>Step 3</b> . <b>Stop.</b> Standard Project requirements apply. Provide discussion and list any additional requirements below.



Form I-1	Page 2 of 2		
Step	Answer	Progression	
<b>Step 3</b> . Is the project subject to earlier PDP requirements due to a prior lawful approval? See Section 1.10 of the manual (Part 1 of Storm Water Standards) for guidance.	🗆 Yes	Consult the City Engineer to determine requirements. Provide discussion and identify requirements below. Go to <b>Step 4</b> .	
	□ No	BMP Design Manual PDP requirements apply. Go to <b>Step 4</b> .	
Discussion / justification of prior lawful approval lawful approval does not apply):	, and identify r	equirements ( <u>not required if prior</u>	
<b>Step 4.</b> Do hydromodification control requirements apply? See Section 1.6 of the manual (Part 1 of Storm Water Standards) for guidance.	□ Yes	PDP structural BMPs required for pollutant control (Chapter 5) and hydromodification control (Chapter 6). Go to <b>Step 5</b> .	
	□ No	<b>Stop</b> . PDP structural BMPs required for pollutant control (Chapter 5) only. Provide brief discussion of exemption to hydromodification control below.	
Discussion / justification if hydromodification control requirements do not apply:         Step 5. Does protection of critical coarse         sediment yield areas apply?         See Section 6.2 of the manual (Part 1 of			
Storm Water Standards) for guidance.	□ No	Stop.Management measures notrequired for protection of criticalcoarse sediment yield areas.Provide brief discussion below.Stop.	
Discussion / justification if protection of critical o	oarse sedimer	nt yield areas does <u>not</u> apply:	



## **HMP Exemption Exhibit**

Attach a HMP Exemption Exhibit that shows direct storm water runoff discharge from the project site to HMP exempt area. Include project area, applicable underground storm drain line and/or concrete lined channels, outfall information and exempt waterbody. Reference applicable drawing number(s).

Exhibit must be provided on 11"x17" or larger paper.



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Site Information Checklist For PDPs					
Project Summary Information					
Project Name					
Project Address					
Assessor's Parcel Number(s) (APN(s))					
Permit Application Number					
Project Watershed	Select One: San Dieguito River Penasquitos Mission Bay San Diego River San Diego Bay Tijuana River				
Hydrologic subarea name with Numeric Identifier up to two decimal places (9XX.XX)					
Project Area (total area of Assessor's Parcel(s) associated with the project or total area of the right-of- way)	Acres (	Square Feet)			
Area to be disturbed by the project (Project Footprint)	Acres (	Square Feet)			
Project Proposed Impervious Area (subset of Project Footprint)	Acres (	Square Feet)			
Project Proposed Pervious Area (subset of Project Footprint)	Acres (	Square Feet)			
This may be less than the Project Area.	Note: Proposed Impervious Area + Proposed Pervious Area = Area to be Disturbed by the Project. This may be less than the Project Area.				
The proposed increase or decrease in impervious area in the proposed condition as compared to the pre-project condition	% Decreas	se			



Form I-3B Page 2 of 11
Description of Existing Site Condition and Drainage Patterns
Current Status of the Site (select all that apply):
□ Existing development
Previously graded but not built out
□ Agricultural or other non-impervious use
□ Vacant, undeveloped/natural
Description / Additional Information:
Existing Land Cover Includes (select all that apply):
Vegetative Cover
Non-Vegetated Pervious Areas
🗆 Impervious Areas
Description / Additional Information:
Underlying Soil belongs to Hydrologic Soil Group (select all that apply):
🗆 NRCS Type A
🗆 NRCS Type B
🗆 NRCS Type C
🗆 NRCS Type D
Approximate Depth to Groundwater:
□ Groundwater Depth < 5 feet
□ 5 feet < Groundwater Depth < 10 feet
□ 10 feet < Groundwater Depth < 20 feet
□ Groundwater Depth > 20 feet
Existing Natural Hydrologic Features (select all that apply):
Watercourses
Seeps
Springs
Wetlands
None
Description / Additional Information:



	Form I-3B Page 3 of 11
	Description of Existing Site Topography and Drainage
How is s	torm water runoff conveyed from the site? At a minimum, this description should answer:
1.	Whether existing drainage conveyance is natural or urban;
2.	If runoff from offsite is conveyed through the site? If yes, quantification of all offsite
	drainage areas, design flows, and locations where offsite flows enter the project site and
	summarize how such flows are conveyed through the site;
3.	Provide details regarding existing project site drainage conveyance network, including
	storm drains, concrete channels, swales, detention facilities, storm water treatment
	facilities, and natural and constructed channels;
4.	Identify all discharge locations from the existing project along with a summary of the
	conveyance system size and capacity for each of the discharge locations. Provide
	summary of the pre-project drainage areas and design flows to each of the existing runoff
	discharge locations.
	Descriptions/Additional Information
	Summary of flow rates (see Hydrology Report)
	Storm Event 100-yr
	cfs
	Pre-Development 2.9
	Post-Development 2.4



Form I-3B Page 4 of 11
Description of Proposed Site Development and Drainage Patterns
Project Description / Proposed Land Use and/or Activities:
List/describe proposed impervious features of the project (e.g., buildings, roadways, parking lots, courtyards, athletic courts, other impervious features):
List/describe proposed pervious features of the project (e.g., landscape areas):
Does the project include grading and changes to site topography?  Yes No Description / Additional Information:



#### Form I-3B Page 5 of 11

Does the project include changes to site drainage (e.g., installation of new storm water conveyance systems)?

- 🗆 Yes
- 🗆 No

If yes, provide details regarding the proposed project site drainage conveyance network, including storm drains, concrete channels, swales, detention facilities, storm water treatment facilities, natural and constructed channels, and the method for conveying offsite flows through or around the proposed project site. Identify all discharge locations from the proposed project site along with a summary of the conveyance system size and capacity for each of the discharge locations. Provide a summary of pre and post-project drainage areas and design flows to each of the runoff discharge locations. Reference the drainage study for detailed calculations.

Description / Additional Information:

#### Summary of flow rates (see Hydrology Report)

Storm Event	100-yr cfs
Pre-Development	2.9
Post-Development	2.4



#### Form I-3B Page 6 of 11

Identify whether any of the following features, activities, and/or pollutant source areas will be

present (select all that apply):

□ Onsite storm drain inlets

 $\hfill\square$  Interior floor drains and elevator shaft sump pumps

Interior parking garages

 $\hfill\square$  Need for future indoor & structural pest control

 $\hfill\square$  Landscape/outdoor pesticide use

 $\hfill\square$  Pools, spas, ponds, decorative fountains, and other water features

□ Food service

Refuse areas

□ Industrial processes

□ Outdoor storage of equipment or materials

□ Vehicle and equipment cleaning

□ Vehicle/equipment repair and maintenance

□ Fuel dispensing areas

 $\hfill\square$  Loading docks

□ Fire sprinkler test water

□ Miscellaneous drain or wash water

 $\hfill\square$  Plazas, sidewalks, and parking lots

Description/Additional Information:



Form I-3B Page 7 of 11
Identification and Narrative of Receiving Water
Narrative describing flow path from discharge location(s), through urban storm conveyance system, to receiving creeks, rivers, and lagoons and ultimate discharge location to Pacific Ocean (or bay, lagoon, lake or reservoir, as applicable)
Provide a summary of all beneficial uses of receiving waters downstream of the project discharge locations
Identify all ASBS (areas of special biological significance) receiving waters downstream of the project discharge locations
Provide distance from project outfall location to impaired or sensitive receiving waters
Summarize information regarding the proximity of the permanent, post-construction storm water BMPs to the City's Multi-Habitat Planning Area and environmentally sensitive lands



#### Form I-3B Page 8 of 11

#### Identification of Receiving Water Pollutants of Concern

List any 303(d) impaired water bodies within the path of storm water from the project site to the Pacific Ocean (or bay, lagoon, lake or reservoir, as applicable), identify the pollutant(s)/stressor(s) causing impairment, and identify any TMDLs and/or Highest Priority Pollutants from the WQIP for the impaired water bodies:

303(d) Impaired Water Body (Refer to Appendix K)	Pollutant(s)/Stressor(s) (Refer to Appendix K)	TMDLs/WQIP Highest Priority Pollutant (Refer to Table 1-4 in Chapter 1)
Ide	entification of Project Site Pollutant	:S*

\*Identification of project site pollutants is only required if flow-thru treatment BMPs are implemented onsite in lieu of retention or biofiltration BMPs (note the project must also participate in an alternative compliance program unless prior lawful approval to meet earlier PDP requirements is demonstrated)

Identify pollutants anticipated from the project site based on all proposed use(s) of the site (see Appendix B.6):

Pollutant	Not Applicable to the Project Site	Anticipated from the Project Site	Also a Receiving Water Pollutant of Concern
Sediment			
Nutrients			
Heavy Metals			
Organic Compounds			
Trash & Debris			
Oxygen Demanding Substances			
Oil & Grease			
Bacteria & Viruses			
Pesticides			



#### Form I-3B Page 9 of 11

Hydromodification Management Requirements
Do hydromodification management requirements apply (see Section 1.6)?
Yes, hydromodification management flow control structural BMPs required.
$\square$ No, the project will discharge runoff directly to existing underground storm drains discharging
directly to water storage reservoirs, lakes, enclosed embayments, or the Pacific Ocean.
$\square$ No, the project will discharge runoff directly to conveyance channels whose bed and bank are
concrete-lined all the way from the point of discharge to water storage reservoirs, lakes, enclosed
embayments, or the Pacific Ocean.
□ No, the project will discharge runoff directly to an area identified as appropriate for an exemption
by the WMAA for the watershed in which the project resides.
Description / Additional Information (to be provided if a 'No' answer has been selected above):
Note: If "No" are used by a basic solution of the CN/ONAD report is already are sub-ib-it-that above the atoms
Note: If "No" answer has been selected the SWQMP must include an exhibit that shows the storm
water conveyance system from the project site to an exempt water body. The exhibit should include
details about the conveyance system and the outfall to the exempt water body.
Critical Coarse Sediment Yield Areas*
*This Section only required if hydromodification management requirements apply
Based on Section 6.2 and Appendix H does CCSYA exist on the project footprint or in the upstream
area draining through the project footprint?
□ Yes
□ No
Discussion / Additional Information:



Form I-3B Page 10 of 11
Flow Control for Post-Project Runoff*
*This Section only required if hydromodification management requirements apply
List and describe point(s) of compliance (POCs) for flow control for hydromodification management (see Section 6.3.1). For each POC, provide a POC identification name or number correlating to the project's HMP Exhibit and a receiving channel identification name or number correlating to the project's HMP Exhibit.
<ul> <li>Has a geomorphic assessment been performed for the receiving channel(s)?</li> <li>No, the low flow threshold is 0.1Q<sub>2</sub> (default low flow threshold)</li> <li>Yes, the result is the low flow threshold is 0.1Q<sub>2</sub></li> <li>Yes, the result is the low flow threshold is 0.3Q<sub>2</sub></li> <li>Yes, the result is the low flow threshold is 0.5Q<sub>2</sub></li> <li>If a geomorphic assessment has been performed, provide title, date, and preparer:</li> </ul>
Discussion / Additional Information: (optional)



# Form I-3B Page 11 of 11 Other Site Requirements and Constraints When applicable, list other site requirements or constraints that will influence storm water management design, such as zoning requirements including setbacks and open space, or local codes governing minimum street width, sidewalk construction, allowable pavement types, and drainage requirements. Optional Additional Information or Continuation of Previous Sections As Needed This space provided for additional information or continuation of information from previous sections as needed.



Source Control BMP Checklist for PDPs	F	Form I-4	ŀΒ
Source Control BMPs			
All development projects must implement source control B feasible. See Chapter 4 and Appendix E of the BMP Design Manua Standards) for information to implement source control BMPs shown in	l (Part 1 o	of the Sto	
<ul> <li>Answer each category below pursuant to the following.</li> <li>"Yes" means the project will implement the source control BM and/or Appendix E of the BMP Design Manual. Discussion / justifies applicable to the project but it is Discussion / justification must be provided.</li> <li>"N/A" means the BMP is not applicable at the project site be include the feature that is addressed by the BMP (e.g., the project storage areas). Discussion / justification may be provided.</li> </ul>	fication is in not feasi	not requi ble to ir e project	red. mplement.
Source Control Requirement		Applied	?
4.2.1 Prevention of Illicit Discharges into the MS4	□ Yes	□ No	□ N/A
4.2.2 Storm Drain Stenciling or Signage Discussion / justification if 4.2.2 not implemented:	□ Yes	□ No	□ N/A
4.2.3 Protect Outdoor Materials Storage Areas from Rainfall, Run- On, Runoff, and Wind Dispersal Discussion / justification if 4.2.3 not implemented:	□ Yes	□ No	□ N/A
4.2.4 Protect Materials Stored in Outdoor Work Areas from Rainfall, Run-On, Runoff, and Wind Dispersal Discussion / justification if 4.2.4 not implemented:	□ Yes	□ No	□ N/A
4.2.5 Protect Trash Storage Areas from Rainfall, Run-On, Runoff, and Wind Dispersal Discussion / justification if 4.2.5 not implemented:	□ Yes	□ No	□ N/A



Form I-4B Page 2 of 2				
Source Control Requirement	Applied?			
4.2.6 Additional BMPs Based on Potential Sources of Runoff Pollutants (must answer for each				
source listed below)				
On-site storm drain inlets	🗆 Yes	□ No	□ N/A	
Interior floor drains and elevator shaft sump pumps	🗆 Yes	🗆 No	□ N/A	
Interior parking garages	🗆 Yes	🗆 No	□ N/A	
Need for future indoor & structural pest control	🗆 Yes	🗆 No	□ N/A	
Landscape/Outdoor Pesticide Use	🗆 Yes	🗆 No	□ N/A	
Pools, spas, ponds, decorative fountains, and other water features	🗆 Yes	🗆 No	□ N/A	
Food service	🗆 Yes	🗆 No	□ N/A	
Refuse areas	🗆 Yes	🗆 No	□ N/A	
Industrial processes	🗆 Yes	🗆 No	□ N/A	
Outdoor storage of equipment or materials	🗆 Yes	🗆 No	□ N/A	
Vehicle/Equipment Repair and Maintenance	🗆 Yes	🗆 No	□ N/A	
Fuel Dispensing Areas	🗆 Yes	🗆 No	□ N/A	
Loading Docks	🗆 Yes	🗆 No	□ N/A	
Fire Sprinkler Test Water	🗆 Yes	🗆 No	□ N/A	
Miscellaneous Drain or Wash Water	🗆 Yes	🗆 No	□ N/A	
Plazas, sidewalks, and parking lots	🗆 Yes	🗆 No	□ N/A	
SC-6A: Large Trash Generating Facilities	🗆 Yes	🗆 No	□ N/A	
SC-6B: Animal Facilities	□ Yes	🗆 No	□ N/A	
SC-6C: Plant Nurseries and Garden Centers	🗆 Yes	🗆 No	□ N/A	
SC-6D: Automotive Facilities	🗆 Yes	🗆 No	□ N/A	

Discussion / justification if 4.2.6 not implemented. Clearly identify which sources of runoff pollutants are discussed. Justification must be provided for <u>all</u> "No" answers shown above.



Site Design BMP Checklist for PDPs	F	Form I-5	В
Site Design BMPs			
<ul> <li>All development projects must implement site design BMPs where app Chapter 4 and Appendix E of the BMP Design Manual (Part 1 of Storm V information to implement site design BMPs shown in this checklist.</li> <li>Answer each category below pursuant to the following.</li> <li>"Yes" means the project will implement the site design BMP as a Appendix E of the BMP Design Manual. Discussion / justification</li> <li>"No" means the BMP is applicable to the project but it is Discussion / justification must be provided.</li> <li>"N/A" means the BMP is not applicable at the project site b include the feature that is addressed by the BMP (e.g., the project areas to conserve). Discussion / justification may be provided.</li> </ul>	Water Stan described i is not req not feasi ecause th ect site has	dards) for in Chapter uired. ible to in e project no existir	r 4 and/or nplement. does not ng natural
A site map with implemented site design BMPs must be included at the	end of this		
Site Design Requirement		Applied?	
4.3.1 Maintain Natural Drainage Pathways and Hydrologic Features	🗆 Yes	□ No	□ N/A
1-1 Are existing natural drainage pathways and hydrologic	□ Yes	□ No	□ N/A
features mapped on the site map?			
1-2 Are trees implemented? If yes, are they shown on the site map?	□ Yes	□ No	□ N/A
1-3 Implemented trees meet the design criteria in 4.3.1 Fact	□ Yes	□ No	□ N/A
Sheet (e.g. soil volume, maximum credit, etc.)?			
<ul> <li>Sheet (e.g. soil volume, maximum credit, etc.)?</li> <li>1-4 Is tree credit volume calculated using Appendix B.2.2.1 and SD-1 Fact Sheet in Appendix E?</li> </ul>	□ Yes	□ No	□ N/A
1-4 Is tree credit volume calculated using Appendix B.2.2.1 and	□ Yes	□ No □ No	□ N/A □ N/A



Form I-5B Page 2 of 4			
Site Design Requirement		Applied?	
4.3.3 Minimize Impervious Area	🗆 Yes	□ No	□ N/A
Discussion / justification if 4.3.3 not implemented:			
4.3.4 Minimize Soil Compaction	□ Yes	□ No	□ N/A
Discussion / justification if 4.3.4 not implemented:	1	1	
4.3.5 Impervious Area Dispersion	□ Yes	□ No	□ N/A
Discussion / justification if 4.3.5 not implemented:			
5-1 Is the pervious area receiving runon from impervious area identified on the site map?	□ Yes	□ No	□ N/A
5-2 Does the pervious area satisfy the design criteria in 4.3.5 Fact Sheet in Appendix E (e.g. maximum slope, minimum length, etc.)	□ Yes	□ No	□ N/A
5-3 Is impervious area dispersion credit volume calculated using Appendix B.2.1.1 and 4.3.5 Fact Sheet in Appendix E?	□ Yes	□ No	□ N/A



Form I-5B Page 3 of 4			
Site Design Requirement		Applied	)
4.3.6 Runoff Collection	□ Yes	□ No	□ N/A
Discussion / justification if 4.3.6 not implemented:			
6a-1 Are green roofs implemented in accordance with design criteria in 4.3.6A Fact Sheet? If yes, are they shown on the site map?	□ Yes	□ No	□ N/A
6a-2 Is the green roof credit volume calculated using Appendix B.2.1.2 and 4.3.6A Fact Sheet in Appendix E?	□ Yes	🗆 No	□ N/A
6b-1 Are permeable pavements implemented in accordance with design criteria in 4.3.6B Fact Sheet? If yes, are they shown on the site map?	□ Yes	□ No	□ N/A
6b-2 Is the permeable pavement credit volume calculated using Appendix B.2.1.3 and 4.3.6B Fact Sheet in Appendix	□ Yes	□ No	□ N/A
4.3.7 Landscaping with Native or Drought Tolerant Species	🗆 Yes	🗆 No	□ N/A
		1	
4.3.8 Harvest and Use Precipitation	□ Yes	□ No	□ N/A
Discussion / justification if 4.3.8 not implemented:			
8-1 Are rain barrels implemented in accordance with design criteria in 4.3.8 Fact Sheet? If yes, are they shown on the site map?	□ Yes	□ No	□ N/A
8-2 Is the rain barrel credit volume calculated using Appendix B.2.2.2 and 4.3.8 Fact Sheet in Appendix E?	□ Yes	□ No	□ N/A



Form I-5B Page 4 of 4	
Form I-5B Page 4 of 4 Insert Site Map with all site design BMPs identified:	



## Summary of PDP Structural BMPs Form I-6 PDP Structural BMPs

All PDPs must implement structural BMPs for storm water pollutant control (see Chapter 5 of the BMP Design Manual, Part 1 of Storm Water Standards). Selection of PDP structural BMPs for storm water pollutant control must be based on the selection process described in Chapter 5. PDPs subject to hydromodification management requirements must also implement structural BMPs for flow control for hydromodification management (see Chapter 6 of the BMP Design Manual). Both storm water pollutant control and flow control for hydromodification management can be achieved within the same structural BMP(s).

PDP structural BMPs must be verified by the City at the completion of construction. This includes requiring the project owner or project owner's representative to certify construction of the structural BMPs (complete Form DS-563). PDP structural BMPs must be maintained into perpetuity (see Chapter 7 of the BMP Design Manual).

Use this form to provide narrative description of the general strategy for structural BMP implementation at the project site in the box below. Then complete the PDP structural BMP summary information sheet (page 3 of this form) for each structural BMP within the project (copy the BMP summary information page as many times as needed to provide summary information for each individual structural BMP).

Describe the general strategy for structural BMP implementation at the site. This information must describe how the steps for selecting and designing storm water pollutant control BMPs presented in Section 5.1 of the BMP Design Manual were followed, and the results (type of BMPs selected). For projects requiring hydromodification flow control BMPs, indicate whether pollutant control and flow control BMPs are integrated or separate.

(Continue on page 2 as necessary.)


Proi	iect	Nam	e:
110	LCL	Train	

# Form I-6 Page 2 of

(Continued from page 1)



Form I-6 Page of (Copy as many as needed)					
Structural BMP Sur	nmary Information				
Structural BMP ID No.					
Construction Plan Sheet No.					
Type of Structural BMP:					
□ Retention by harvest and use (e.g. HU-1, cistern)					
Retention by infiltration basin (INF-1)					
Retention by bioretention (INF-2)					
Retention by permeable pavement (INF-3)					
Partial retention by biofiltration with partial reter	ntion (PR-1)				
□ Biofiltration (BF-1)					
□ Flow-thru treatment control with prior lawful app					
BMP type/description in discussion section below					
Flow-thru treatment control included as pre-trea	-				
biofiltration BMP (provide BMP type/description					
biofiltration BMP it serves in discussion section b					
□ Flow-thru treatment control with alternative compliance (provide BMP type/description in					
discussion section below)					
Detention pond or vault for hydromodification m     Other (describe in discussion section below)	hanagement				
Other (describe in discussion section below)					
Purpose:					
Pollutant control only					
Hydromodification control only Complete the standard background if the standard background if the standard background if the standard background is the sta					
Combined pollutant control and hydromodificati					
Pre-treatment/forebay for another structural BN     Other (describe in discussion section below)	IP				
Other (describe in discussion section below)					
Who will certify construction of this BMP?					
Provide name and contact information for the party responsible to sign BMP verification form					
DS-563					
Who will be the final owner of this BMP?					
Who will maintain this BMP into perpetuity?					
What is the funding mechanism for					
maintenance?					



Form I-6 Page of (Copy as many as needed)
Structural BMP ID No.
Construction Plan Sheet No.
Discussion (as needed; must include worksheets showing BMP sizing calculations in the SWQMPs):



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# Attachment 1 Backup For PDP Pollutant Control BMPs

This is the cover sheet for Attachment 1.



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#### Indicate which Items are Included:

Attachment Sequence	Contents	Checklist
Attachment 1a	DMA Exhibit (Required) See DMA Exhibit Checklist.	X Included
Attachment 1b	Tabular Summary of DMAs Showing DMA ID matching DMA Exhibit, DMA Area, and DMA Type (Required)*	Included on DMA Exhibit in Attachment 1a
	*Provide table in this Attachment OR on DMA Exhibit in Attachment 1a	Included as Attachment 1b, separate from DMA Exhibit
	Form I-7, Harvest and Use Feasibility Screening Checklist (Required unless the entire project will use infiltration BMPs)	Included Not included because the
Attachment 1c	Refer to Appendix B.3-1 of the BMP Design Manual to complete Form I-7.	entire project will use infiltration BMPs
Attachment 1d	<ul> <li>Infiltration Feasibility Information. Contents of Attachment 1d depend on the infiltration condition: <ul> <li>No Infiltration Condition:</li> <li>Infiltration Feasibility Condition Letter (Note: must be stamped and signed by licensed geotechnical engineer)</li> <li>Form I-8A (optional)</li> <li>Form I-8B (optional)</li> </ul> </li> <li>Partial Infiltration Condition: <ul> <li>Infiltration Feasibility Condition Letter (Note: must be stamped and signed by licensed geotechnical engineer)</li> <li>Form I-8A</li> <li>Form I-8A</li> <li>Form I-8B</li> </ul> </li> <li>Full Infiltration Condition: <ul> <li>Form I-8A</li> <li>Form I-8B</li> </ul> </li> <li>Form I-8B</li> <li>Worksheet C.4-3</li> <li>Form I-9</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Included</li> <li>Not included because the entire project will use harvest and use BMPs</li> </ul>
Attachment 1e	BMP Design Manual for guidance. Pollutant Control BMP Design Worksheets / Calculations (Required) Refer to Appendices B and E of the BMP Design Manual for structural pollutant control BMP design guidelines and site design credit calculations	Included



# Use this checklist to ensure the required information has been included on the DMA Exhibit:

The DMA Exhibit must identify:

Underlying hydrologic soil group Approximate depth to groundwater Existing natural hydrologic features (watercourses, seeps, springs, wetlands) Critical coarse sediment yield areas to be protected Existing topography and impervious areas Existing and proposed site drainage network and connections to drainage offsite Proposed grading Proposed impervious features Proposed design features and surface treatments used to minimize imperviousness Drainage management area (DMA) boundaries, DMA ID numbers, and DMA areas (square footage or acreage), and DMA type (i.e., drains to BMP, selfretaining, or self-mitigating) Potential pollutant source areas and corresponding required source controls (see Chapter 4, Appendix E.1, and Form I-3B) Structural BMPs (identify location, type of BMP, size/detail, and include crosssection)





		Tabular S	ummar	y of DN	IAs				Worksheet B-1	
DMA Unique Identifier	Area (acres)	Impervious Area (acres)	% Imp	HSG	Area Weighted Runoff Coefficient	DCV (cubic feet)	Treate	ed By (BMP ID)	Pollutant Control Type	Drains to (POC ID)
	Sumn	nary of DMA	Informati	ion (Mus	st match proj	ect descript	ion and	SWQMP N	arrative)	
No. of DMAs	Total DMA Area (acres)	Total Impervious Area (acres)	% Imp		Area Weighted Runoff Coefficient	Total DCV (cubic feet)		tal Area ed (acres)		No. of POCs

**Where**: DMA = Drainage Management Area; Imp = Imperviousness; HSG = Hydrologic Soil Group; DCV= Design Capture Volume; BMP = Best Management Practice; POC = Point of Compliance; ID = identifier; No. = Number

Harvest and Use Feasi	ibility Checklist	Worksheet B.3-	-1 : Form I-7
<ul> <li>1. Is there a demand for harve reliably present during the we Toilet and urinal flushing</li> <li>Landscape irrigation</li> <li>Other:</li> </ul>		at apply) at the proje	ct site that is
2. If there is a demand; estima period of 36 hours. Guidance f flushing and landscape irrigat [Provide a summary of calcula	for planning level dema tion is provided in Secti	nd calculations for to	
3. Calculate the DCV using wo DCV = (cubic [Provide a summary of calcula	: feet)		
3a. Is the 36-hour demand greater than or equal to the DCV? Yes / No Ves / No	3b. Is the 36-hour der than 0.25DCV but less DCV? □ Yes / No ↓	than the full	3c. Is the 36- hour demand less than 0.25DCV? Yes
Harvest and use appears to be feasible. Conduct more detailed evaluation and sizing calculations to confirm that DCV can be used at an adequate rate to meet drawdown criteria.	Harvest and use may more detailed evaluat calculations to determ Harvest and use may used for a portion of t (optionally) the stora upsized to meet long while draining in long	ion and sizing nine feasibility. only be able to be he site, or ge may need to be term capture targets	Harvest and use is considered to be infeasible.
Is harvest and use feasible Yes, refer to Appendix E to No, select alternate BMPs.			



# Categorization of Infiltration Feasibility Condition

Form I-8

#### Part 1 - Full Infiltration Feasibility Screening Criteria

Would infiltration of the full design volume be feasible from a physical perspective without any undesirable consequences that cannot be reasonably mitigated?

Criteria	Screening Question	Yes	No
1	Is the estimated reliable infiltration rate below proposed facility locations greater than 0.5 inches per hour? The response to this Screening Question must be based on a comprehensive evaluation of the factors presented in Appendix C.2 and Appendix D.		Х

Provide basis: Per GIS data, the soil is Type D with average infiltration of 0.02 in/hr

Summarize findings of studies; provide reference to studies, calculations, maps, data sources, etc. Provide narrative discussion of study/data source applicability.

2	Can infiltration greater than 0.5 inches per hour be allowed without increasing risk of geotechnical hazards (slope stability, groundwater mounding, utilities, or other factors) that cannot be mitigated to an acceptable level? The response to this Screening Question must be based on a comprehensive evaluation of the factors presented in Appendix C.2.	х	

Provide basis:

There would be potential structural damage to the adjacent public street.

Summarize findings of studies; provide reference to studies, calculations, maps, data sources, etc. Provide narrative discussion of study/data source applicability.

#### Appendix I: Forms and Checklists

	Form I-8 Page 2 of 4		
Criteria	Screening Question	Yes	No
3	Can infiltration greater than 0.5 inches per hour be allowed without increasing risk of groundwater contamination (shallow water table, storm water pollutants or other factors) that cannot be mitigated to an acceptable level? The response to this Screening Question must be based on a comprehensive evaluation of the factors presented in Appendix C.3.	X	
Provide	basis:		
Summari	dwater depth is estimated between 10' to 20' and ze findings of studies; provide reference to studies, calculations, maps, on n of study/data source applicability.		
4	Can infiltration greater than 0.5 inches per hour be allowed without causing potential water balance issues such as change of seasonality of ephemeral streams or increased discharge of contaminated groundwater to surface waters? The response to this Screening Question must be based on a comprehensive evaluation of the factors presented in Appendix C.3.	x	
Provide	basis:		
ephen surfa Summari	tration should not cause water balance issues su meral streams or increased discharge of contamina- ace water ze findings of studies; provide reference to studies, calculations, maps, o n of study/data source applicability.	ated ground	water to
Part 1 Result *	If all answers to rows 1 - 4 are " <b>Yes</b> " a full infiltration design is potentiall feasibility screening category is <b>Full Infiltration</b> If any answer from row 1-4 is " <b>No</b> ", infiltration may be possible to some would not generally be feasible or desirable to achieve a "full infiltration" Proceed to Part 2 ompleted using gathered site information and best professional judgment of	e extent but ' design.	No full Infiltratio

\*To be completed using gathered site information and best professional judgment considering the definition of MEP in the MS4 Permit. Additional testing and/or studies may be required by Agency/Jurisdictions to substantiate findings

	Form I-8 Page 3 of 4		
Would in	artial Infiltration vs. No Infiltration Feasibility Screening Criteria filtration of water in any appreciable amount be physically	feasible without	any negative
conseque	nces that cannot be reasonably mitigated?		
Criteria	Screening Question	Yes	No
5	<b>Do soil and geologic conditions allow for infiltration in any appreciable rate or volume?</b> The response to this Screening Question must be based on a comprehensive evaluation of the factors presented in Appendix C.2 and Appendix D.		Х
Provide ba	sis: The soil is type D with a low infiltration	rate	
	e findings of studies; provide reference to studies, calculations, maps, d of study/data source applicability and why it was not feasible to mitigate		
6	Can Infiltration in any appreciable quantity be allowed without increasing risk of geotechnical hazards (slope stability, groundwater mounding, utilities, or other factors) that cannot be mitigated to an acceptable level? The response to this Screening Question must be based on a comprehensive evaluation of the factors presented in Appendix C.2.		Х
Provide ba	sis:		
There	would be potential structural damage to the adj	acent public	street.
	e findings of studies; provide reference to studies, calculations, maps, d of study/data source applicability and why it was not feasible to mitigate		

#### Appendix I: Forms and Checklists

	Form I-8 Page 4 of 4		
Criteria	Screening Question	Yes	No
7	Can Infiltration in any appreciable quantity be allowed without posing significant risk for groundwater related concerns (shallow water table, storm water pollutants or other factors)? The response to this Screening Question must be based on a comprehensive evaluation of the factors presented in Appendix C.3.	X	
Provide ba	asis:		
Summariz	ter depth is estimated between 10' to 20' and si e findings of studies; provide reference to studies, calculations, maps, c	ata sources, etc. F	Provide narrative
discussion	of study/data source applicability and why it was not feasible to mitigate	low infiltration rate	es.
0	Can infiltration be allowed without violating downstream water		
8	<b>rights</b> ? The response to this Screening Question must be based on a comprehensive evaluation of the factors presented in Appendix C.3.	Х	
8 Provide ba	comprehensive evaluation of the factors presented in Appendix C.3.	x	
Provide ba	comprehensive evaluation of the factors presented in Appendix C.3.		
Provide ba	comprehensive evaluation of the factors presented in Appendix C.3.		
Provide ba No Summariz	comprehensive evaluation of the factors presented in Appendix C.3.	ated. lata sources, etc. I	
Provide ba No Summariz	comprehensive evaluation of the factors presented in Appendix C.3. usis: • downstream water rights violations are anticip • e findings of studies; provide reference to studies, calculations, maps, c	ated. lata sources, etc. I low infiltration rate	

\*To be completed using gathered site information and best professional judgment considering the definition of MEP in the MS4 Permit. Additional testing and/or studies may be required by Agency/Jurisdictions to substantiate findings

#### Appendix I: Forms and Checklists

		r of Safety and Design Infiltr	Worksheet	For	rm I-9
F	actor Category	Factor Description	Assigned Weight (w)	Factor Value (v)	$\begin{array}{c} Product (p) \\ p = w x v \end{array}$
		Soil assessment methods	0.25		
		Predominant soil texture	0.25		
А	Suitability	Site soil variability	0.25		
	Assessment	Depth to groundwater / impervious layer	0.25		
		Suitability Assessment Safety Factor, SA	= Σρ		
		Level of pretreatment/ expected sediment loads	0.5		
В	Design	Redundancy/resiliency	0.25		
		Compaction during construction	0.25		
		Design Safety Factor, $S_B = \Sigma_P$			
Com	bined Safety Facto	or, $S_{total} = S_A \times S_B$		2.0	)
	erved Infiltration I ected for test-spec	Rate, inch/hr, K <sub>observed</sub> cific bias)		0.0	2
Design Infiltration Rate, in/hr, $K_{design} = K_{observed} / S_{total}$			0.0		
Supp	oorting Data				
Brief	ly describe infiltra	tion test and provide reference to test form:	s:		

#### **Runoff Factors**

DMA A	s.f.	(A) acres	(C) Runoff	СхА
Exist Imperv to remain	2340	0.054	0.9	0.05
Roof	3945	0.091	0.9	0.08
Pvmt	14750	0.339	0.9	0.30
Hardscape	1525	0.035	0.9	0.03
Landscape	8448	0.194	0.1	0.02
total	31008	0.712	_	0.44
			Composite C	0.61

Appendix B: Storm Water Pollutant Control Hydrologic Calculations and Sizing Methods Worksheet B.2-1 DCV

#### DMA A

De	sign Capture Volume	Workshe	Worksheet B.2-1		
1	85th percentile 24-hr storm depth from Figure B.1-1	d=	0.52	inches	
2	Area tributary to BMP (s)	A=	0.71	acres	
3	Area weighted runoff factor (estimate using Appendix B.1.1 and	C=	0.61	unitless	
4	Trees Credit Volume	TCV=	0	cubic-feet	
5	Rain barrels Credit Volume	RCV=	0	cubic-feet	
6	$Calculate DCV = (3630 \times C \times d \times A) - TCV - RCV$	DCV=	820	cubic-feet	

T	The City of	Project Name	Supers	star Car Wash	
	SAN DIEGO	BMP ID	·	A	
Sizi	ing Method for Pollutant Removal C	Criteria	Worl	sheet B.5-1	
	Area draining to the BMP			31008	sq. ft.
2	Adjusted runoff factor for drainage area (	0.61			
3	85 <sup>th</sup> percentile 24-hour rainfall depth			0.52	inches
4	Design capture volume [Line 1 x Line 2 x	(Line 3/12)]		820	cu. ft.
BMF	P Parameters	· · ·			
5	Surface ponding [6 inch minimum, 12 inc	ch maximum]		12	inches
6	Media thickness [18 inches minimum], aggregate sand thickness to this line for		ashed ASTM 33 fine	24	inches
7	Aggregate storage (also add ASTM N typical) – use 0 inches if the aggregate is			12	inches
8	Aggregate storage below underdrain ir aggregate is not over the entire bottom s		use 0 inches if the	3	inches
9	Freely drained pore storage of the media	0.2	in/in		
10	Porosity of aggregate storage	0.4	in/in		
11	Media filtration rate to be used for sizing control; if the filtration rate is controlled b infiltration into the soil and flow rate thro in/hr.)	ntrolled rate (includes	1.2	in/hr.	
Bas	eline Calculations				
12	Allowable routing time for sizing			6	hours
13	Depth filtered during storm [Line 11 x Lir	ne 12]		7.2	inches
14	Depth of Detention Storage			22.8	inches
14	[Line 5 + (Line 6 x Line 9) + (Line 7 x Line	e 10) + (Line 8 x Line 10)]		22.0	Inches
15	Total Depth Treated [Line 13 + Line 14]			30	inches
	ion 1 – Biofilter 1.5 times the DCV				
_	Required biofiltered volume [1.5 x Line 4]			1229	cu. ft.
	Required Footprint [Line 16/ Line 15] x 1			492	sq. ft.
	ion 2 - Store 0.75 of remaining DCV in p				
	Required Storage (surface + pores) Volu	615	cu. ft.		
	Required Footprint [Line 18/ Line 14] x 1		324	sq. ft.	
Foo	tprint of the BMP				
20	BMP Footprint Sizing Factor (Default 0.0 from Line 11 in Worksheet B.5-4)	0.03			
21	Minimum BMP Footprint [Line 1 x Line 2		567	sq. ft.	
22	Footprint of the BMP = Maximum(Minimu	ım(Line 17, Line 19), Line 21	)	567	sq. ft.
23	Provided BMP Footprint			1480	sq. ft.
24	Is Line 23 ≥ Line 22?	Yes, Pe	rformance Stand	ard is Met	

The City of		Project Name	Superst	ar Car Wash	
Jr		BMP ID		А	
	Sizing Method for Volume R	etention Criteria	Works	sheet B.5-2	
1	Area draining to the BMP			31008	sq. ft.
2	Adjusted runoff factor for drainage ar	ea (Refer to Appendix B.1 and E	3.2)	0.61	
3	85 <sup>th</sup> percentile 24-hour rainfall depth			0.52	inches
4	Design capture volume [Line 1 x Line	2 x (Line 3/12)]		820	cu. ft.
Volum	e Retention Requirement				!
5	Measured infiltration rate in the DMA Note: When mapped hydrologic soil groups are used enter 0.10 for NRCS Type D soils and for NRCS Type C soils enter 0.30 When in no infiltration condition and the actual measured infiltration rate is unknown enter 0.0 if there are geotechnical and/or groundwater hazards identified in Appendix C or enter 0.05				in/hr.
6	Factor of safety			2	
7	Reliable infiltration rate, for biofiltratio	n BMP sizing [Line 5 / Line 6]		0.05	in/hr.
8	Average annual volume reduction target (Figure B.5-2) When Line 7 > 0.01 in/hr. = Minimum (40, 166.9 x Line 7 +6.62) When Line 7 $\leq$ 0.01 in/hr. = 3.5%				%
9	Fraction of DCV to be retained (Figur When Line 8 > 8% = $0.0000013 \text{ x}$ Line $8^3 - 0.000057 \text{ x}$ Lin When Line 8 ≤ 8% = $0.023$	0.106			
10	Target volume retention [Line 9 x Line	e 4]		87	cu. ft.

The City of		Project Name	Superstar Car	Wash						
SAN										
		BMP ID								
		on for No Infiltration Condition			۷	Vorksheet B.5-6				
1	Area draining to the biofiltra	tion BMP				31008	sq. ft.			
2	Adjusted runoff factor for dr	ainage area (Refer to Appendix B.1 an	d B.2)			0.61				
3	Effective impervious area d		18915	sq. ft.						
4	Required area for Evapotra	nspiration [Line 3 x 0.03]				567	sq. ft.			
5	Biofiltration BMP Footprint					1480	sq. ft.			
Landscape Are	a (must be identified on D	S-3247)		-	-					
		Identification	1	2	3	4	5			
6	Landscape area that meet t Fact Sheet (sq. ft.)	he requirements in SD-B and SD-F								
7	Impervious area draining to	the landscape area (sq. ft.)								
8	Impervious to Pervious Area [Line 7/Line 6]	a ratio	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00			
9	Effective Credit Area	7/4 51	0	0	0	0	0			
10	If (Line 8 >1.5, Line 6, Line Sum of Landscape area [su	•				0	or #			
10		transpiration [Line 5 + Line 10]				1480	sq. ft. sq. ft.			
	ion Performance Standard	· · ·					- 1			
12	Is Line $11 \ge Line 4?$			Volume Retent	tion Perform	nance Standard is Met				
13		standard met through the BMP footpr	int and/or landsc	aping [Line 11/I	Line	2.61				
14	Target Volume Retention [L	ine 10 from Worksheet B.5.2]				87	cu. ft.			
15	Volume retention required f [(1-Line 13) x Line 14]	rom other site design BMPs				-139.8805816	cu. ft.			
Site Design BM	IP									
	Identification	Site Desi	ign Type			Credit				
	1						cu. ft.			
	2						cu. ft.			
	3						cu. ft.			
	4						cu. ft.			
16	5						cu. ft.			
	Sum of volume retention benefits from other site design BMPs (e.g. trees; rain barrels etc.). [sum of Line 16 Credits for Id's 1 to 5]       0         Provide documentation of how the site design credit is calculated in the PDP SWQMP.       0									
17	ls Line 16 ≥ Line 15?			Volume Retent	tion Perform	nance Standard is Met				

# Attachment 2 Backup for PDP Hydromodification Control Measures

This is the cover sheet for Attachment 2.

Mark this box if this attachment is empty because the project is exempt from PDP hydromodification management requirements.



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#### Indicate which Items are Included:

Attachment Sequence	Contents	Checklist
Attachment 2a	Hydromodification Management Exhibit (Required)	Included See Hydromodification Management Exhibit Checklist.
Attachment 2b	Management of Critical Coarse Sediment Yield Areas (WMAA Exhibit is required, additional analyses are optional) See Section 6.2 of the BMP Design Manual.	<ul> <li>Exhibit showing project drainage boundaries marked on WMAA Critical Coarse Sediment Yield Area Map (Required)</li> <li>Optional analyses for Critical Coarse Sediment Yield Area Determination         <ul> <li>6.2.1 Verification of Geomorphic Landscape Units Onsite</li> <li>6.2.2 Downstream Systems Sensitivity to Coarse Sediment</li> <li>6.2.3 Optional Additional Analysis of Potential Critical Coarse Sediment Yield Areas Onsite</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Attachment 2c	Geomorphic Assessment of Receiving Channels (Optional) See Section 6.3.4 of the BMP Design Manual.	<ul> <li>Not Performed</li> <li>Included</li> <li>Submitted as separate stand- alone document</li> </ul>
Attachment 2d	Flow Control Facility Design and Structural BMP Drawdown Calculations (Required) Overflow Design Summary for each structural BMP See Chapter 6 and Appendix G of the BMP Design Manual	<ul> <li>Included</li> <li>Submitted as separate stand- alone document</li> </ul>



### Use this checklist to ensure the required information has been included on the Hydromodification Management Exhibit:

The Hydromodification Management Exhibit must identify:

Underlying hydrologic soil group
Approximate depth to groundwater
Existing natural hydrologic features (watercourses, seeps, springs, wetlands)
Critical coarse sediment yield areas to be protected OR provide a separate map
showing that the project site is outside of any critical coarse sediment yield areas
Existing topography
Existing and proposed site drainage network and connections to drainage offsite
Proposed grading
Proposed impervious features
Proposed design features and surface treatments used to minimize imperviousness
Point(s) of Compliance (POC) for Hydromodification Management
Existing and proposed drainage boundary and drainage area to each POC (when
necessary, create separate exhibits for pre-development and post-project
conditions)
Structural BMPs for hydromodification management (identify location, type of BMP, and
size/detail).







BMP Sizing Spreadsheet V3.0					
Project Name:	Superstar Car Wash				
Project Applicant:	Reza Amirrezvani				
Jurisdiction:	City of San Diego				
Parcel (APN):	343-252-34				
Hydrologic Unit:	Penasquitos				
Rain Gauge:	Oceanside				
Total Project Area (sf):	31,008				
Channel Susceptibility:	High				

BMP Sizing Spreadsheet V3.0

BMP Sizing Spreadsheet V3.0						
Project Name:	Superstar Car Wash	Hydrologic Unit:	Penasquitos			
Project Applicant:	Reza Amirrezvani	Rain Gauge:	Oceanside			
Jurisdiction:	City of San Diego	Total Project Area:	31,008			
Parcel (APN):	343-252-34	Low Flow Threshold:	0.1Q2			
BMP Name:	A	BMP Type:	Biofiltration			
BMP Native Soil Type:	D	BMP Infiltration Rate (in/hr):	0.025			

			Areas Draining to BMP			HMP Sizing Factors	Minimum BMP Size	1
DMA Name	Area (sf)	Pre Project Soil Type	Pre-Project Slope	Post Project Surface Type	Area Weighted Runoff Factor (Table G.2-1) <sup>1</sup>	Surface Area	Surface Area (SF)	
А	2,340	D	Flat	Mixed	0.9	0.07	147	
Α	3,945	D	Flat	Roofs	0.9	0.07	249	
Α	14,750	D	Flat	Mixed	0.9	0.07	929	
Α	1,525	D	Flat	Concrete	0.9	0.07	96	
Α	8,448	D	Flat	Landscape	0.1	0.07	59	
						0	0	
						0	0	
						0	0	
						0	0	
						0	0	
						0	0	
						0	0	
						0	0	
						0	0	
						0	0	
BMP Tributary Area	31,008					Minimum BMP Size	1480	]
		_				Proposed BMP Size*	1480	* Assumes standard configuration
					Surface Ponding Depth	12.00	in	
				Bio	retention Soil Media Depth	18.00	in	
					Filter Coarse	6.00	in	1
				(	Gravel Storage Layer Depth	12	in	1
					Underdrain Offset	3.0	in	
								4
								1

Notes:

1. Runoff factors which are used for hydromodification management flow control (Table G.2-1) are different from the runoff factors used for pollutant control BMP sizing (Table B.1-1). Table references are taken from the San Diego Region Model BMP Design Manual,

Describe the BMP's in sufficient detail in your PDP SWQMP to demonstrate the area, volume, and other criteria can be met within the constraints of the site.

BMP's must be adapted and applied to the conditions specific to the development project such as unstable slopes or the lack of available head. Designated Staff have final review and approval authority over the project design.

This BMP Sizing Spreadsheet has been updated in conformance with the San Diego Region Model BMP Design Manual, April 2018. For questions or concerns please contact the jurisdiction in which your project is located.

	BMP Sizing Spreadsheet V3.0					
Project Name:	Superstar Car Wash	Hydrologic Unit:	Penasquitos			
Project Applicant:	Reza Amirrezvani	Rain Gauge:	Oceanside			
Jurisdiction:	City of San Diego	Total Project Area:	31,008			
Parcel (APN):	343-252-34	Low Flow Threshold:	0.1Q2			
BMP Name	А	BMP Type:	Biofiltration			

DMA Name	Rain Gauge	Pre-deve Soil Type	loped Condition Slope	Unit Runoff Ratio (cfs/ac)	DMA Area (ac)	Orifice Flow - %Q <sub>2</sub> (cfs)	Orifice Area (in <sup>2</sup> )
А	Oceanside	D	Flat	0.571	0.054	0.003	0.04
А	Oceanside	D	Flat	0.571	0.091	0.005	0.07
А	Oceanside	D	Flat	0.571	0.339	0.019	0.28
А	Oceanside	D	Flat	0.571	0.035	0.002	0.03
А	Oceanside	D	Flat	0.571	0.194	0.011	0.16

3.75	0.041	0.58	0.86
Max Orifice Head	Max Tot. Allowable	Max Tot. Allowable	Max Orifice
	Orifice Flow	Orifice Area	Diameter
(feet)	(cfs)	(in²)	(in)

0.038	0.041	0.58	0.860
Average outflow during surface drawdown	Max Orifice Outflow	Actual Orifice Area	Selected Orifice Diameter
(cfs)	(cfs)	(in <sup>2</sup> )	(in)

Drawdown (Hrs)	10.8
Diawuowii (mis)	10.0

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# Attachment 3 Structural BMP Maintenance Information

This is the cover sheet for Attachment 3.



# **OPERATION & MAINTENANCE (O&M) PLAN**

# Indicate which Items are Included:

Attachment Sequence	Contents	Checklist
Attachment 3	Maintenance Agreement (Form DS-3247) (when applicable)	<ul> <li>Included</li> <li>Not applicable</li> </ul>


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# Use this checklist to ensure the required information has been included in the Structural BMP Maintenance Information Attachment:

**Attachment 3**: For private entity operation and maintenance, Attachment 3 must include a Storm Water Management and Discharge Control Maintenance Agreement (Form DS-3247). The following information must be included in the exhibits attached to the maintenance agreement:

- Vicinity map
  - Site design BMPs for which DCV reduction is claimed for meeting the pollutant control obligations.
- BMP and HMP location and dimensions
- BMP and HMP specifications/cross section/model
- Maintenance recommendations and frequency
- LID features such as (permeable paver and LS location, dim, SF).



# **OPERATION & MAINTENANCE (O&M) PLAN**

# **1. Contents**

1.	PROJECT DESCRIPTION	. 1
2.	OPERATION & MAINTENANCE (O&M) PLAN	. 1
3.	Operation & Maintenance of BMP'S	. 1
А	. Training	2
В	Landscaping	2
С	C. Irrigation System	5
D	0. Roof Drains	5
Е	Trash Storage Areas	5
F	Storm Water Conveyance System Stenciling and Signing	6
G		
Н	I. Outlet Structures	8
I.	Vector Control Owner Responsibilities	8

#### ATTACHMENTS

A1. Inspection & Maintenance Schedule

**B1.** Cost Estimate

C1. BMP Training Log

D1. Inspection & Maintenance Log

-i-

# **1. PROJECT DESCRIPTION**

The project will re-develop the site with a car wash facility, parking lot and landscaping. The runoff will be directed to a biofiltration basin for treatment.

# 2. OPERATION & MAINTENANCE (O&M) PLAN

This document has been prepared in compliance with the San Diego Regional Water Quality Control Board requirements and in accordance with requirements set by the City. A Storm Water Quality Management Plan (SWQMP) has been prepared for the project. It identifies the specific Best Management Practices (BMPs) required for the project. Refer to this project's SWQMP for additional information on BMPs. Proper maintenance of the project BMP's is required for their intended and effective function. This O&M Plan provides operation and maintenance procedures for the BMPs designated in the SWQMP. It includes procedures to be followed for inspection and maintenance of the BMPs, instructions for documenting the work performed, record keeping, and outlining the requirement and procedures for training of personnel involved in the process.

# 3. Operation & Maintenance of BMP'S

It shall be the responsibility of the "Owner or Designated Responsible Party" to maintain and to train all employees for the maintenance and operation of all BMPs, to achieve the maximum pollutant reduction they are designed for, as addressed in the approved Project's SWQMP. The following schedule of O&M's must be followed to satisfy the Conditions of Concern and the Pollutants of Concern as addressed in the approved Project's SWQMP. This schedule shall include periodic inspections of all Source Control and Treatment Control BMP's. All maintenance records for training, inspection and maintenance shall be retained and provided to the city upon request.

The owner may also be required to provide to the City, as part of the maintenance and operation agreement an executed access easement that shall be binding on the land throughout the life of the project.

## **Responsible Party for O&M and For Training**

Reza Amirrezvani 14425 W. McDowell Road, Ste F-108, Goodyear, Az 85395 602-421-6717 r.amirrezvanl@superstarcaswash.com

The Designated Responsible Party will be responsible for ensuring that individuals involved in O&M activities, including but not limited to contractors and new owners, will be trained according to the training program herein, Additionally, upon any future sale of the property, the Owner will be responsible for ensuring that the new Designated Responsible Party is familiar with the contents of the plan and the requirements for the routine inspection, routine and non-routine maintenance and

record keeping tasks as described herein. All parties involved in the O&M activities will be required to read this plan.

# A. Training

Personnel training is an important component of the implementation of this O&M Plan. The employee training program may consist of a meeting with any new owners, Designated Responsible Party or contractor/employees involved in the O&M activities to review the contents of this plan and to physically tour the facility to observe the BMPs and describe O&M requirements for each BMP. The Designated Responsible Party will implement the training program. All new contractors involved in landscape and/or facility maintenance at the site shall receive training within 30-days of hire and shall receive updated annual training. Maintenance contractor shall verify staff training annually.

The Designated Responsible Party shall be responsible for documenting all training activities and for maintaining records related to training. Forms for documentation of training are included in Attachment C1 of this plan. Training records must be shall be retained and provided to the city upon request.

## **B.** Landscaping

Operational and maintenance needs include:

- Vegetation management to maintain adequate drainage and to limit habitat for mosquitoes, rodents and other disease-carrying vectors.
- Parking lot sweeping.
- Animal and vector control (any method to limit or eradicate the mammals, birds, insects or other arthropods which transmit disease pathogens).
- Periodic sediment removal to optimize performance.
- Trash, debris, grass trimmings, tree pruning, and leaf collection and removal to prevent obstruction of landscape areas so as not to prohibit their use as a BMP.
- Monitoring irrigation equipment.
- Removal of standing water, which may contribute to the development of aquatic plant communities or mosquito breeding areas.
- Preventive maintenance on sampling, flow measurement, and associated BMP equipment and structures.
- Erosion and structural maintenance to prevent the loss of soil and maintain the performance of all landscaping.

## Inspection Frequency

The facility will be inspected and inspection visits will be completely documented:

- Once a month at a minimum.
- After every large storm (after every storm monitored or these storms with more than 0.50 inch of precipitation.)
- On a weekly basis during extended periods of wet weather.

Inspect for proper irrigation and fertilizer use, and ensure that all landscaped areas have minimum of 80% coverage.

Visual Inspection as part of landscape maintenance

• Inspect before and after the rainy season (Rainy season (Oct. 1 to April 30)).

#### Aesthetic Maintenance

The following activities will be included in the aesthetic maintenance program:

Grass Trimming: Trimming of grass will be done on all landscaped areas, around fences, at the inlet and outlet structures, and sampling structures.

Weed Control. Weeds will be removed through mechanical means. Herbicide shall not be used because these chemicals will impact the water quality monitoring.

#### Functional Maintenance

Functional maintenance has two components:

- Preventive maintenance
- Corrective maintenance

#### Preventive Maintenance

Preventive maintenance activities to be instituted for landscaped areas are:

- Grass Mowing: Vegetation seed, mix within the landscaped areas, are to be designed to be kept short to maintain adequate drainage and to limit the development of faunal habitats.
- Prohibitive dumping placards.
- Trash and Debris: During each inspection and maintenance visit to the site, debris and trash removal will be conducted to reduce the potential for inlet and outlet structures and other components from becoming clogged and inoperable during storm events.
- Sediment Removal: Sediment accumulation, as part of the operation and maintenance program at of landscaped areas, will be monitored once a month during the dry season, after every large storm (0.50 inch), and monthly during the wet season. Specifically, if sediment reaches a level at or near plant height, or could interfere with flow or operation, the sediment will be removed. If accumulation of debris or sediment is determined to be the cause of decline in design performance, prompt action (i.e., within ten working days) will be taken to restore the landscaped areas to design performance standards. Actions will include using additional fill and vegetation and/or removing accumulated sediment to correct channeling or ponding. Characterization and Appropriate disposal of sediment will comply with applicable local, county, state, or federal requirements. The landscaped areas will be re-graded, if the flow gradient has changed, and then replanted with sod.
- Removal of Standing Water: Standing water must be removed if it contributes to the development of aquatic plant communities or mosquito breeding areas.
- Fertilization and Irrigation: The vegetation seed mix is to been designed so that fertilization and irrigation is to be kept at a minimum.

• Elimination of Mosquito Breeding Habitats. The most effective mosquito control program is one that eliminates potential breeding habitats. All mosquitoes require a water source to lay their eggs, which in the hottest part of summer can hatch into larvae within a week.

#### **Corrective Maintenance**

Corrective maintenance is required on an emergency or non-routine basis to correct problems and to restore the intended operation and safe function of all landscaped areas.

#### Corrective maintenance activities include:

Removal of Debris and Sediment: Sediment, debris, and trash, which impede the hydraulic functioning of landscaping and prevent vegetative growth, will be removed and properly disposed. Temporary arrangements will be made for handling the sediments until a permanent arrangement is made. Vegetation will be re-established after sediment removal.

<u>Structural Repairs</u>: Once deemed necessary, repairs to structural components of landscaping will be done within 10 working days. Qualified individuals (i.e., the designers or contractors) will conduct repairs where structural damage has occurred.

<u>Embankment and Slope Repairs</u>: Once deemed necessary, damage to the embankments and slopes of landscaped areas will be repaired as soon as possible, and within 10 working days maximum.

<u>Erosion Repair</u>: Where a reseeding program has been ineffective, or where other factors have created erosive conditions (i.e., pedestrian traffic, concentrated flow, etc.), corrective steps will be taken to prevent loss of soil and any subsequent danger to the performance and use of landscaped areas as BMPs. There are a number of corrective actions than can be taken.

These include erosion control blankets, riprap, sodding, or reduced flow through the area. Designers or contractors will be consulted to address erosion problems if the solution is not evident.

#### **Elimination of Animal Burrows**

Animal burrows will be filled and steps taken to remove the animals if burrowing problems continue to occur (filling and compacting). If the problem persists, vector control specialists will be consulted regarding removal steps. This consulting is necessary as the threat of rabies in some areas may necessitate the animals being destroyed rather than relocated. If the BMP performance is affected, abatement will begin. Otherwise, abatement will be performed annually in September.

General Facility Maintenance: In addition to the above elements of corrective maintenance, general corrective maintenance will address the overall facility and its associated components. If corrective maintenance is being done to one component, other components will be inspected to see if maintenance is needed.

#### **Maintenance Frequency**

The Inspection & Maintenance Schedule included in enclosed Attachment A1 for all BMPs lists the schedule of maintenance activities to be implemented.

#### **Debris and Sediment Disposal**

Waste generated onsite is ultimately the responsibility of the Owner. Disposal of sediments, debris, and trash will comply with applicable local, county, state, and federal waste control programs.

#### Hazardous Waste

Suspected hazardous wastes will be analyzed to determine disposal options. Hazardous wastes generated onsite will be handled and disposed of according to applicable local, state, and federal regulations. A solid or liquid waste is considered a hazardous waste if it exceeds the criteria listed in the CCR, Title 22, Article 11.

#### C. Irrigation System

#### **Inspection Frequency and Procedure**

The Irrigation system shall be checked each week as a minimum. The following items shall be checked to insure that they are functioning properly:

- Shut-off devices
- Pressure drop sensors
- Moisture sensors
- All piping and sprinkler heads to insure there are no leaks and that proper water spread is maintained.
- All flow reducers.
- Check for overspray/runoff

#### **D. Roof Drains**

All roof drains shall be inspected Prior to August 31 of each year to ensure that they are clean and free from trash and in good repair. They shall be flushed and any leaks or damages piping shall be either replaced or repaired. Where roof drains flow onto grass areas splash structures and or rock rip-rap shall be maintained so the flow from the roof drains do not cause erosion or damage to the grass area. During the rain season roof drains shall be inspected weekly and after each rain storm to insure that there is no trash and or silt build up that will restrict the run-off flow from the roof. All trash and/or silt build up shall be removed immediately.

- It is not permissible to directly connect roof drains into a drain system.
- Roof drain downspouts shall discharge runoff to a landscaped area, and to allow the runoff to flow through landscape, prior to entering a private yard drain system.

#### E. Trash Storage Areas

All trash storage areas shall be inspected daily to insure that they are clean from trash. Also the following shall be inspected annually before and after the rainy season (Oct. 1 to April 30).

- Pavement is in good repair.
- Drainage will not run-off onto adjacent areas.
- That they remain screened or walled to prevent off-site transport of trash.
- That all lids are closed and/or awnings are in good repair to minimize direct precipitation.

## F. Storm Water Conveyance System Stenciling and Signing

- Signage/stenciling are to be inspected for legibility and visual obstruction and shall be repaired and cleared of any obstruction within 5 working day of inspection.
- Inspection Frequency: Semi-annually, and monthly during rainy season.

## G. Structural BMP: Biofiltration

## Vegetated Infiltration or Filtration BMP

#### Maintenance Indicators and Actions for Vegetated BMPs

Typical Maintenance Indicator(s) for Vegetated BMPs	Maintenance Actions
Accumulation of sediment, litter, or debris	Remove and properly dispose of accumulated materials, without damage to the vegetation.
Poor vegetation establishment	Re-seed, re-plant, or re-establish vegetation per original plans.
Overgrown vegetation	Mow or trim as appropriate, but not less than the design height of the vegetation per original plans when applicable (e.g. a vegetated swale may require a minimum vegetation height).
Erosion due to concentrated irrigation flow	Repair/re-seed/re-plant eroded areas and adjust the irrigation system.
Erosion due to concentrated storm water runoff flow	Repair/re-seed/re-plant eroded areas, and make appropriate corrective measures such as adding erosion control blankets, adding stone at flow entry points, or minor re-grading to restore proper drainage according to the original plan. If the issue is not corrected by restoring the BMP to the original plan and grade, The City must be contacted prior to any additional repairs or reconstruction.
Standing water in vegetated swales	Make appropriate corrective measures such as adjusting irrigation system, removing obstructions of debris or invasive vegetation, loosening or replacing top soil to allow for better infiltration, or minor re-grading for proper drainage. If the issue is not corrected by restoring the BMP to the original plan and grade, City staff must be contacted prior to any additional repairs or reconstruction.
Standing water in bioretention, biofiltration with partial retention, or biofiltration areas, or flow-through planter boxes for longer than 96 hours following a storm event*	system, removing obstructions of debris or invasive vegetation,
Obstructed inlet or outlet structure	Clear obstructions.
Damage to structural components such as weirs, inlet or outlet structures	Repair or replace as applicable.
*These BMPs typically include a surface drain following a storm event.	ponding layer as part of their function which may take 96 hours to

## **Inspection Frequency**

The facility will be inspected and inspection visits will be completely documented:

- Once a month at a minimum.
- After every large storm (after every storm monitored or these storms with more than 0.50 inch of precipitation.)
- On a weekly basis during extended periods of wet weather.

Maintenance is needed if vegetation height is greater than 5" (height shall be kept between 2" and 5"); if there is standing water; if debris are present or if sedimentation is occurring at the vegetation height; ensure that all landscaped areas have minimum of 80% coverage and that no animal burrows are present.

Visual Inspection as part of landscape maintenance

• Inspect before and after the rainy season (Rainy season (Oct. 1 to April 30)).

## H. Outlet Structures

All outlet structures shall be kept functional at all times. Routine inspection and corrective maintenance shall include removal of trash sediment and debris and repair of any structural damage or clogging of orifice outlets. The minimum maintenance frequency shall be Prior to August 31 each year, weekly during rainy season or within 24 hours prior to rain forecasts.

## I. Vector Control Owner Responsibilities

## VECTOR MANAGEMET CONTROL REQUIREMENTS

Any method to limit or eradicate the mammals, birds, insects or other arthropods which transmit disease pathogens. Management of mosquitoes and other vectors in stormwater management structures, such as Bioretention Facilities and Best Management Practices, is critical for protecting public health.

In order to implement vector controls including minimizing the risk for mosquito-borne disease transmission, It is the responsibility of the Owner to regularly maintain the outlet structures and monitor the site after every storm event to ensure that the system (comprising of above and below ground storage facilities) is dewatered in less than 72 hours. Otherwise the owner will be required to implement a vector control plan in accordance with the county's Department of Public Health.

 Maintain all drainage inlets and outlets trash free; remove silt; make sure to clear any standing water after 72-hours of ponding.

Vector Control Resources:

- 1. F of San Diego vector educational brochures please reference the following website: <u>http://www.sdcounty.ca.gov/deh/pests/vector\_disease.html</u>
- 2. Please contact the County of San Diego vector control program with specific questions or concerns.

## ATTACHMENT "A1" INSPECTION & MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE PREVENTATIVE MAINTENANCE AND ROUTINE INSPECTION

TYPE BMP	Routine Action	Maintenance Indicator	Maintenance Frequency	MAINTENANCE ACTIVITY	SITE-SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS
Landscaping & irrigation	Proper irrigation & Fertilizer.	Less than 80% coverage	Each year as needed and once during rainy season (Oct. 1 to April 30)	Re-plant. Repair Irrigation system within 5-days.	All slopes and landscaped areas are to have a minimum coverage of 80%
Trash storage areas	Trash free and removal of silt	Visual Inspection	Daily inspection	Remove trash and silt Daily.	All trash storage areas to be free from trash and silt at all times. Dry Clean, No Power Wash.
Roof drain	Trash free and removal of silt, sedimentation & Debris	Silt build up of more than 1" no trash	Each year routinely as needed.	Remove all trash and silt and repair any damage to roof drains,	All Roof to be free from trash and silt and in good repair
Bioretention – Biofiltration Facilities	Trash free and removal of silt. Clear Clogged outlets and Standing Water.	Silt build up of more than 2" no trash, Exposed soils, dead vegetation, ponded water, and excessive vegetation (see TC-30)	Monthly during rainy season, and after Storm Event	Remove trash and silt –repair and reseed exposed areas, maintain grass height so as not be shorter than 2" or higher than 5" remove all ponded water weekly inspections, (See TC-30)	All bio-filters to be free from trash and silt at all times, grass area to be free from exposed soil and maintained to proper height, removal of any ponding of water for more than 72 hours.
Storm Water Conveyance system Stenciling & Signing	Must be legible at all times and have a clear view.	Fading of paint or illegible letters or	Semi-annually each year & monthly during rainy season	Repaint stenciling and/or replace signs	Appies to all stenciling and signs
Outlet Structures	Must be kept functional at all times. Clear Clogged outlets and Standing Water.	Silt, debris, trash accumulation, Ponding Water	Weekly during rainy season or within 24 hours prior to rain forecasts.	Silt, debris, trash accumulation and repair any structural damage to the outlet structures.	All outlet structures shall be kept functional at all times.

# ATTACHMENT "B1"

Annual Estimate to Maintain all BMPs	<u>Annual</u>	<u> 10-Year</u>
<u>Landscaping &amp; Biofiltration</u> Maintenance of landscaping and bio-filters is already included in the property management responsibilities. Additional cost:	\$400	\$4,000
Irrigation System: Inspection and maintenance of the irrigation system is already included in the property management responsibilities, Additional cost:	\$100	\$1,000
<u>Roof Drains:</u> Roof drain inspection and maintenance is already included in the property management responsibilities.		
Training:		
Once a year & training of new employees within their first week of employment.	\$100	\$1,000
Stormdrain Signage (As needed or every 2 years)	\$100	\$1,000
<u>Trash Storage Areas:</u> Inspection of trash storage area & maintenance to those areas is already included in the property management responsibilities. Additional cost:	\$50	\$500

Total Estimated Annual Cost to Maintain BMPs

\$750 \$7,500

# ATTACHMENT "C1"

	BMP TRAINING LOG				
Date MO/Day/Yr	Type of Training	Personnel Trained	Trainer		

# ATTACHMENT "D1"

	INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE LOG			
BMP TYP &	DATE	Name of Person	Description of BMP Condition/ Description repair required if	Date Repair made and Description repair made and by
LOCATION	M/D/Y	Inspecting	any	whom

The City of	
SAN	DIEGO

RECORDING REQUESTED BY: THE CITY OF SAN DIEGO AND WHEN RECORDED MAIL TO:

(THIS SPACE IS FOR RECORDER'S USE ONLY)

#### STORM WATER MANAGEMENT AND DISCHARGE CONTROL MAINTENANCE AGREEMENT

APPROVAL NUMBER:

ASSESSORS PARCEL NUMBER:

PROJECT NUMBER:

This agreement is made by and between the City of San Diego, a municipal corporation [City] and \_\_\_\_\_

the owner or duly authorized representative of the owner [Property Owner] of property located at

(PROPERTY ADDRESS)

and more particularly described as: \_\_\_\_\_

(LEGAL DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY)

in the City of San Diego, County of San Diego, State of California.

Property Owner is required pursuant to the City of San Diego Municipal Code, Chapter 4, Article 3, Division 3, Chapter 14, Article 2, Division 2, and the Land Development Manual, Storm Water Standards to enter into a Storm Water Management and Discharge Control Maintenance Agreement [Maintenance Agreement] for the installation and maintenance of Permanent Storm Water Best Management Practices [Permanent Storm Water BMP's] prior to the issuance of construction permits. The Maintenance Agreement is intended to ensure the establishment and maintenance of Permanent Storm Water BMP's onsite, as described in the attached exhibit(s), the project's Storm Water Quality Management Plan [SWQMP] and Grading and/or Improvement Plan Drawing No(s), or Building Plan Project No(s): \_\_\_\_\_\_.

Property Owner wishes to obtain a building or engineering permit according to the Grading and/or Improvement Plan Drawing No(s) or Building Plan Project No(s): \_\_\_\_\_\_.

**Continued on Page 2** 

NOW, THEREFORE, the parties agree as follows:

- 1. Property Owner shall have prepared, or if qualified, shall prepare an Operation and Maintenance Procedure [OMP] for Permanent Storm Water BMP's, satisfactory to the City, according to the attached exhibit(s), consistent with the Grading and/or Improvement Plan Drawing No(s), or Building Plan Project No(s): \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- 2. Property Owner shall install, maintain and repair or replace all Permanent Storm Water BMP's within their property, according to the OMP guidelines as described in the attached exhibit(s), the project's SWQMP and Grading and/or Improvement Plan Drawing No(s), or Building Plan Project No(s) \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- 3. Property Owner shall maintain operation and maintenance records for at least five (5) years. These records shall be made available to the City for inspection upon request at any time.

This Maintenance Agreement shall commence upon execution of this document by all parties named hereon, and shall run with the land.

Executed by the City of San Diego and by Property Owner in San Diego, California.

See Attached Exhibit(s): \_\_\_\_\_

(Owner Signature)

THE CITY OF SAN DIEGO

APPROVED:

(Print Name and Title)

(Company/Organization Name)

(City Control Engineer Signature)

(Print Name)

(Date)

(Date)

NOTE: ALL SIGNATURES MUST INCLUDE NOTARY ACKNOWLEDGMENTS PER CIVIL CODE SEC. 1180 ET.SEQ.

# Attachment 4 Copy of Plan Sheets Showing Permanent Storm Water BMPs

This is the cover sheet for Attachment 4.



## Use this checklist to ensure the required information has been included on the plans:

The plans must identify:

	Structural BMP(s) with ID numbers matching Form I-6 Summary of PDP Structural BMPs
	The grading and drainage design shown on the plans must be consistent with the
_	delineation of DMAs shown on the DMA exhibit
	Details and specifications for construction of structural BMP(s)
	Signage indicating the location and boundary of structural BMP(s) as required by the City Engineer
	How to access the structural BMP(s) to inspect and perform maintenance
	Features that are provided to facilitate inspection (e.g., observation ports, cleanouts, silt
	posts, or other features that allow the inspector to view necessary components of
	the structural BMP and compare to maintenance thresholds)
	Manufacturer and part number for proprietary parts of structural BMP(s) when applicable
	Maintenance thresholds specific to the structural BMP(s), with a location-specific frame
L	of reference (e.g., level of accumulated materials that triggers removal of the
	materials, to be identified based on viewing marks on silt posts or measured with a
	survey rod with respect to a fixed benchmark within the BMP)
	Recommended equipment to perform maintenance
	When applicable, necessary special training or certification requirements for inspection
	and maintenance personnel such as confined space entry or hazardous waste management
	Include landscaping plan sheets showing vegetation requirements for vegetated
	structural BMP(s)
	All BMPs must be fully dimensioned on the plans
	When proprietary BMPs are used, site specific cross section with outflow, inflow
L	
	and model number shall be provided. Broucher photocopies are not allowed.







# Attachment 5 Drainage Report

Attach project's drainage report. Refer to Drainage Design Manual to determine the reporting requirements.



# HYDROLOGY & HYDRAULIC REPORT

DATED: 10/22/20

For

#### Superstar Car Wash

Prepared for: Reza Amirrezvani 14425 W. McDowell Road, Ste F-108, Goodyear, Az 85395 Phone: 602-421-6717 r.amirrezvanl@superstarcaswash.com

> Project Location: 6270 Miramar Road, San Diego, CA 92121 APN 343-252-34

Prepared By: SPEAR & ASSOCIATES, INC. CIVIL ENGINEERING AND LAND SURVEYING 457 Production Street San Marcos, CA 92078 Phone: (760) 736-2040

Danny Abada, PE



#### **DECLARATION OF RESPONSIBLE CHARGE**

I, HEREBY DECLARE THAT I AM THE CIVIL ENGINEER OF WORK FOR THIS PROJECT, THAT I HAVE EXERCISED RESPONSIBLE CHARGE OVER THE DESIGN OF THIS PROJECT AS DEFINED IN SECTION 6703 OF THE BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL CODE AND THAT THE DESIGN IS CONSISTENT WITH CURRENT DESIGN STANDARDS.

I UNDERSTAND THAT THE CHECK OF PROJECT DRAWINGS AND SPECIFICATIONS BY THE CITY OF SAN DIEGO IS CONFINED TO A REVIEW ONLY AND DOES NOT RELIEVE ME, AS ENGINEER OF WORK, OF MY RESPONSIBILITIES FOR PROJECT DESIGN.

Danny Abada REGISTERED CIVIL ENGINEER Spear & Associates Inc.

10/22/20

DATE



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#### I. INTRODUCTION

This hydrology report was prepared for Superstar Car Wash located at 6270 Miramar Road, San Diego, CA 92121. The site encompasses approximately 0.71 acres.

The site is currently developed with a commercial building and parking lot. The project will redevelop the site with a car wash facility, parking lot and landscaping. The runoff will be directed to a biofiltration basin for treatment.

The existing topography slopes in a southerly direction with elevations ranging from approximately 405 to 400. The site drains south towards Miramar Road then continues west, then north to Miramar Mall, then northwest to Carrol Canyon Creek, Los Penasquitos Creek, Los Penasquitos Lagoon and The Pacific Ocean approximately 6.2 miles west.

The development will maintain existing drainage patterns; post development runoff will be directed to biofiltration/Detention basin for stormwater treatment. The outlet flows will be directed to the same drainage system as in pre-development.

We have used the County of San Diego Hydrology Manual to determine the run-off from the site for the 100yr, flow. Based on the soil hydrologic group map of the County Hydrology Manual, the project soil uniformly consists of type D across all sub areas. Peak flow rates were calculated using the rational method. Times of concentrations were calculated using the Manning's equation to obtain velocities using average overland flow rates.

The existing site's impervious area of 24,516 square feet will be reduced to 22,560 square feet. Water quality will be addressed with biofiltration basins to treat the projects anticipated and expected pollutants. Refer to the Storm Water Quality Management Plan for more detailed information.

#### II. DISCUSSION/CONCLUSION

Post development peak flows, flow volumes and velocities for the 100yr event will not exceed pre-development rates with reduced site imperviousness, the use of a detention basin, an efficient site design and maximizing onsite times of concentration. No increased negative impact to any adjacent properties is anticipated from this development.

No increased peak runoff flow into the existing stormdrain system is anticipated as a result of this development.

The project will not conduct activities that would trigger a Clean Water Act Section 401 or 404 Certification.

Storm Event	100-yr cfs
Pre-Development	2.9
Post-Development	2.4

#### Summary of flow rates

# ATTACHMENT A





# ATTACHMENT B
#### Post-Development

Rational Method, 100yr Event

 REACH	тс	С	А	CA	∑CA	$P_6$		Q cfs
Site	7.8	0.75	0.71	0.53	0.53	2.32	4.59	2.4

#### Pre-Development

 REACH	тс	С	А	CA	ΣCA	$P_6$	I	Q cfs
Site	6.4	0.78	0.71	0.55	0.55	2.32	5.21	2.9



#### **Directions for Application:**

- (1) From precipitation maps determine 6 hr and 24 hr amounts for the selected frequency. These maps are included in the County Hydrology Manual (10, 50, and 100 yr maps included in the Design and Procedure Manual).
- (2) Adjust 6 hr precipitation (if necessary) so that it is within the range of 45% to 65% of the 24 hr precipitation (not applicaple to Desert).
- (3) Plot 6 hr precipitation on the right side of the chart.
- (4) Draw a line through the point parallel to the plotted lines.
- (5) This line is the intensity-duration curve for the location being analyzed.

#### **Application Form:**

(a) Selected frequency 100 year

(b)  $P_6 = 2.32$  in.,  $P_{24} = 3.93$ ,  $\frac{P_6}{P_{24}} = 59$  %<sup>(2)</sup> (c) Adjusted  $P_6^{(2)} =$ \_\_\_\_\_ in. (d)  $t_x =$ \_\_\_\_\_ min.





P6	1	1.5	2	2.5	3	3.5	4	4.5	5	5.5	6
Duration	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	. 1
5	2.63	3.95	5.27	6.59	7.90	9.22	10.54	11.86	13.17	14.49	15.81
7	2.12	3.18	4.24	5.30	6.36	7.42	8.48	9.54	10.60	11.66	12.72
10	1.68	2.53	3.37	4.21	5.05	5.90	6.74	7.58	8.42	9.27	10.11
15	1.30	1.95	2.59	3.24	3.89	4.54	5.19	5.84	6.49	7.13	7.78
20	1.08	1.62	2.15	2.69	3.23	3.77	4.31	4.85	5.39	5.93	6.46
25	0.93	1.40	1.87	2.33	2.80	3.27	3.73	4.20	4.67	5.13	5.60
30	0.83	1.24	1.66	2.07	2.49	2.90	3.32	3.73	4.15	4.56	4.98
40	0.69	1.03	1.38	1.72	2.07	2.41	2.76	3.10	3.45	3.79	4.13
50	0.60	0.90	1.19	1.49	1.79	2.09	2.39	2.69	2.98	3.28	3.58
60	0.53	0.80	1.06	1.33	1.59	1.86	2.12	2.39	2.65	2.92	3.18
90	0.41	0.61	0.82	1.02	1.23	1.43	1.63	1.84	2.04	2.25	2,45
120	0.34	0.51	0.68	0.85	1.02	1,19	1.36	1.53	1.70	1.87	2.04
150	0.29	0.44	0.59	0.73	0.88	1.03	1.18	1.32	1.47	1.62	1.76
180	0.26	0.39	0.52	0.65	0.78	0.91	1.04	1.18	1.31	1.44	1.57
240	0.22	0.33	0.43	0.54	0.65	0.76	0.87	0.98	1.08	1.19	1.30
300	0.19	0.28	0.38	0.47	0.56	0.66	0.75	0.85	0.94	1.03	1.13
360	0.17	0.25	0.33	0.42	0.50	0.58	0.67	0.75	0.84	0.92	1.00

Intensity-Duration Design Chart - Template





NOAA Atlas 14, Volume 6, Version 2 Location name: San Diego, California, USA\* Latitude: 32.8781°, Longitude: -117.1792° Elevation: 406.24 ft\*\* \* source: ESRI Maps \*\* source: USGS



#### POINT PRECIPITATION FREQUENCY ESTIMATES

Sanja Perica, Sarah Dietz, Sarah Heim, Lillian Hiner, Kazungu Maitaria, Deborah Martin, Sandra Pavlovic, Ishani Roy, Carl Trypaluk, Dale Unruh, Fenglin Yan, Michael Yekta, Tan Zhao, Geoffrey Bonnin, Daniel Brewer, Li-Chuan Chen, Tye Parzybok, John Yarchoan

NOAA, National Weather Service, Silver Spring, Maryland

PF\_tabular | PF\_graphical | Maps\_&\_aerials

#### **PF** tabular

PD	S-based p	oint preci	ipitation f	requency	estimates	with 90%	confiden	ce interva	als (in inc	hes) <sup>1</sup>	
Duration	Average recurrence interval (years)										
Duration	1	2	5	10	25	50	100	200	500	1000	
5-min	<b>0.110</b> (0.092-0.132)	<b>0.139</b> (0.116-0.167)	<b>0.176</b> (0.147-0.213)	<b>0.207</b> (0.171-0.252)	<b>0.248</b> (0.198-0.313)	<b>0.279</b> (0.219-0.361)	<b>0.311</b> (0.237-0.412)	<b>0.344</b> (0.255-0.469)	<b>0.388</b> (0.275-0.553)	<b>0.422</b> (0.289-0.624)	
10-min	<b>0.158</b> (0.132-0.190)	<b>0.199</b> (0.167-0.240)	<b>0.253</b> (0.211-0.305)	<b>0.296</b> (0.246-0.361)	<b>0.355</b> (0.284-0.449)	<b>0.400</b> (0.313-0.517)	<b>0.446</b> (0.340-0.591)	<b>0.493</b> (0.365-0.673)	<b>0.556</b> (0.394-0.793)	<b>0.605</b> (0.414-0.895)	
15-min	<b>0.191</b> (0.160-0.229)	<b>0.241</b> (0.202-0.290)	<b>0.306</b> (0.255-0.369)	<b>0.358</b> (0.297-0.437)	<b>0.430</b> (0.344-0.543)	<b>0.484</b> (0.379-0.625)	<b>0.540</b> (0.411-0.715)	<b>0.596</b> (0.441-0.814)	<b>0.673</b> (0.477-0.959)	<b>0.732</b> (0.500-1.08)	
30-min	<b>0.263</b> (0.221-0.317)	<b>0.332</b> (0.279-0.401)	<b>0.422</b> (0.353-0.511)	<b>0.495</b> (0.410-0.604)	<b>0.594</b> (0.475-0.750)	<b>0.669</b> (0.524-0.864)	<b>0.746</b> (0.569-0.988)	<b>0.824</b> (0.610-1.13)	<b>0.930</b> (0.659-1.33)	<b>1.01</b> (0.691-1.50)	
60-min	<b>0.373</b> (0.313-0.449)	<b>0.471</b> (0.395-0.568)	<b>0.598</b> (0.500-0.723)	<b>0.702</b> (0.581-0.856)	<b>0.841</b> (0.673-1.06)	<b>0.948</b> (0.742-1.22)	<b>1.06</b> (0.805-1.40)	<b>1.17</b> (0.864-1.59)	<b>1.32</b> (0.933-1.88)	<b>1.43</b> (0.979-2.12)	
2-hr	<b>0.514</b> (0.431-0.619)	<b>0.646</b> (0.542-0.779)	<b>0.818</b> (0.683-0.989)	<b>0.956</b> (0.792-1.17)	<b>1.14</b> (0.913-1.44)	<b>1.28</b> (1.00-1.66)	<b>1.43</b> (1.09-1.89)	<b>1.57</b> (1.16-2.14)	<b>1.77</b> (1.25-2.52)	<b>1.91</b> (1.31-2.83)	
3-hr	<b>0.617</b> (0.518-0.743)	<b>0.776</b> (0.650-0.935)	<b>0.980</b> (0.819-1.19)	<b>1.15</b> (0.949-1.40)	<b>1.37</b> (1.09-1.73)	<b>1.53</b> (1.20-1.98)	<b>1.70</b> (1.30-2.26)	<b>1.87</b> (1.39-2.56)	<b>2.10</b> (1.49-3.00)	<b>2.28</b> (1.56-3.36)	
6-hr	<b>0.840</b> (0.704-1.01)	<b>1.06</b> (0.886-1.27)	<b>1.34</b> (1.12-1.62)	<b>1.56</b> (1.30-1.91)	<b>1.86</b> (1.49-2.35)	<b>2.09</b> (1.63-2.70)	<b>2.32</b> (1.77-3.07)	<b>2.54</b> (1.88-3.47)	<b>2.85</b> (2.02-4.06)	<b>3.08</b> (2.10-4.55)	
12-hr	<b>1.12</b> (0.940-1.35)	<b>1.42</b> (1.19-1.71)	<b>1.81</b> (1.51-2.18)	<b>2.11</b> (1.75-2.58)	<b>2.52</b> (2.02-3.18)	<b>2.83</b> (2.21-3.65)	<b>3.13</b> (2.38-4.14)	<b>3.43</b> (2.54-4.69)	<b>3.84</b> (2.72-5.47)	<b>4.14</b> (2.83-6.12)	
24-hr	<b>1.38</b> (1.21-1.60)	<b>1.77</b> (1.55-2.05)	<b>2.26</b> (1.98-2.63)	<b>2.65</b> (2.30-3.11)	<b>3.16</b> (2.67-3.82)	<b>3.55</b> (2.93-4.37)	<b>3.93</b> (3.17-4.95)	<b>4.31</b> (3.40-5.58)	<b>4.81</b> (3.65-6.48)	<b>5.19</b> (3.81-7.22)	
2-day	<b>1.67</b> (1.47-1.94)	<b>2.16</b> (1.89-2.51)	<b>2.77</b> (2.43-3.23)	<b>3.26</b> (2.84-3.83)	<b>3.91</b> (3.30-4.73)	<b>4.39</b> (3.63-5.42)	<b>4.87</b> (3.94-6.15)	<b>5.36</b> (4.22-6.94)	<b>5.99</b> (4.54-8.07)	<b>6.48</b> (4.75-9.00)	
3-day	<b>1.87</b> (1.64-2.17)	<b>2.42</b> (2.13-2.81)	<b>3.13</b> (2.74-3.64)	<b>3.69</b> (3.21-4.33)	<b>4.43</b> (3.74-5.36)	<b>4.99</b> (4.13-6.16)	<b>5.54</b> (4.48-6.99)	<b>6.10</b> (4.81-7.90)	<b>6.84</b> (5.18-9.20)	<b>7.40</b> (5.43-10.3)	
4-day	<b>2.04</b> (1.80-2.37)	<b>2.66</b> (2.33-3.09)	<b>3.44</b> (3.02-4.01)	<b>4.07</b> (3.54-4.77)	<b>4.90</b> (4.13-5.93)	<b>5.52</b> (4.56-6.81)	<b>6.14</b> (4.96-7.74)	<b>6.76</b> (5.33-8.75)	<b>7.58</b> (5.75-10.2)	<b>8.21</b> (6.03-11.4)	
7-day	<b>2.42</b> (2.13-2.81)	<b>3.17</b> (2.79-3.69)	<b>4.14</b> (3.63-4.82)	<b>4.91</b> (4.27-5.76)	<b>5.93</b> (5.00-7.18)	<b>6.69</b> (5.54-8.26)	<b>7.46</b> (6.03-9.41)	<b>8.23</b> (6.48-10.7)	<b>9.25</b> (7.01-12.4)	<b>10.0</b> (7.36-13.9)	
10-day	<b>2.68</b> (2.35-3.11)	<b>3.53</b> (3.10-4.10)	<b>4.62</b> (4.05-5.39)	<b>5.50</b> (4.78-6.45)	<b>6.66</b> (5.61-8.06)	<b>7.53</b> (6.23-9.29)	<b>8.40</b> (6.79-10.6)	<b>9.28</b> (7.31-12.0)	<b>10.5</b> (7.92-14.1)	<b>11.3</b> (8.32-15.8)	
20-day	<b>3.20</b> (2.81-3.72)	<b>4.27</b> (3.75-4.96)	<b>5.64</b> (4.94-6.57)	<b>6.74</b> (5.86-7.91)	<b>8.21</b> (6.92-9.94)	<b>9.32</b> (7.71-11.5)	<b>10.4</b> (8.44-13.2)	<b>11.6</b> (9.11-15.0)	<b>13.1</b> (9.91-17.6)	<b>14.2</b> (10.4-19.8)	
30-day	<b>3.83</b> (3.37-4.45)	<b>5.13</b> (4.51-5.96)	<b>6.82</b> (5.97-7.94)	<b>8.17</b> (7.11-9.59)	<b>9.99</b> (8.43-12.1)	<b>11.4</b> (9.41-14.0)	<b>12.8</b> (10.3-16.1)	<b>14.2</b> (11.2-18.4)	<b>16.1</b> (12.2-21.6)	<b>17.5</b> (12.9-24.3)	
45-day	<b>4.45</b> (3.91-5.16)	<b>5.97</b> (5.24-6.94)	<b>7.96</b> (6.98-9.28)	<b>9.58</b> (8.33-11.2)	<b>11.8</b> (9.93-14.2)	<b>13.5</b> (11.1-16.6)	<b>15.2</b> (12.3-19.1)	<b>16.9</b> (13.3-21.9)	<b>19.2</b> (14.6-25.9)	<b>21.0</b> (15.4-29.2)	
60-day	<b>5.15</b> (4.52-5.97)	<b>6.89</b> (6.05-8.01)	<b>9.20</b> (8.06-10.7)	<b>11.1</b> (9.64-13.0)	<b>13.7</b> (11.5-16.6)	<b>15.7</b> (13.0-19.4)	<b>17.7</b> (14.3-22.4)	<b>19.9</b> (15.6-25.7)	<b>22.7</b> (17.2-30.6)	<b>25.0</b> (18.3-34.7)	

<sup>1</sup> Precipitation frequency (PF) estimates in this table are based on frequency analysis of partial duration series (PDS).

Numbers in parenthesis are PF estimates at lower and upper bounds of the 90% confidence interval. The probability that precipitation frequency estimates (for a given duration and average recurrence interval) will be greater than the upper bound (or less than the lower bound) is 5%. Estimates at upper bounds are not checked against probable maximum precipitation (PMP) estimates and may be higher than currently valid PMP values. Please refer to NOAA Atlas 14 document for more information.

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#### **PF** graphical



NOAA Atlas 14, Volume 6, Version 2

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#### Maps & aerials







Large scale map





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US Department of Commerce National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration National Weather Service National Water Center 1325 East West Highway Silver Spring, MD 20910 Questions?: <u>HDSC.Questions@noaa.gov</u>

Disclaimer

# MIRAMAR PL

#### **BMP Sizing Calculator**

4157

HYDRO UNIT NAME HYDRO AREA NAME HYDRO SUBAREA NAME HYDRO BASIN NUMBER HYDRO SOIL GROUP RAIN GAUGE BASIN

SAME AS HANAME 906.10

D

PENASQUITOS

Miramar Reservoir

Oceanside Basin

#### Zoom to

MIRAMAR RD

San Diego County Hydrology Manual Date: June 2003

Section: 3 6 of 26 Page:

La	Runoff Coefficient "C"					
	_	Soil Type				
NRCS Elements	County Elements	% IMPER.	А	В	с	D
Undisturbed Natural Terrain (Natural)	Permanent Open Space	0*	0.20	0.25	0.30	0.35
Low Density Residential (LDR)	Residential, 1.0 DU/A or less	10	0.27	0.32	0.36	0.41
Low Density Residential (LDR)	Residential, 2.0 DU/A or less	20	0.34	0.38	0.42	0.46
Low Density Residential (LDR)	Residential, 2.9 DU/A or less	25	0.38	0.41	0.45	0.49
Medium Density Residential (MDR)	Residential, 4.3 DU/A or less	30	0.41	0.45	0.48	0.52
Medium Density Residential (MDR)	Residential, 7.3 DU/A or less	40	0.48	0.51	0.54	0.57
Medium Density Residential (MDR)	Residential, 10.9 DU/A or less	45	0.52	0.54	0.57	0.60
Medium Density Residential (MDR)	Residential, 14.5 DU/A or less	50	0.55	0.58	0.60	0.63
High Density Residential (HDR)	Residential, 24.0 DU/A or less	65	0.66	0.67	0.69	0.71
High Density Residential (HDR)	Residential, 43.0 DU/A or less	80	0.76	0.77	0.78	0.79
Commercial/Industrial (N. Com)	Neighborhood Commercial	80	0.76	0.77	0.78	0.79
Commercial/Industrial (G. Com)	General Commercial	85	0.80	0.80	0.81	0.82
Commercial/Industrial (O.P. Com)	Office Professional/Commercial	90	0.83	0.84	0.84	0.85
Commercial/Industrial (Limited I.)	Limited Industrial	90	0.83	0.84	0.84	0.85
Commercial/Industrial (General I.)	General Industrial	95	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.87

#### Table 3-1 RUNOFF COEFFICIENTS FOR URBAN AREAS

\*The values associated with 0% impervious may be used for direct calculation of the runoff coefficient as described in Section 3.1.2 (representing the pervious runoff coefficient, Cp, for the soil type), or for areas that will remain undisturbed in perpetuity. Justification must be given that the area will remain natural forever (e.g., the area is located in Cleveland National Forest).

DU/A = dwelling units per acre NRCS = National Resources Conservation Service

#### **Runoff Coefficient Adjustment**

#### Post Development Area

Total Area	31008	
Imperviou	22560	72.76%

 $C = 0.90 \times (\% \text{ Impervious}) + Cp \times (1 - \% \text{ Impervious})$ 

% impervious = 72.76%

Cp = 0.35 (Table 3.1, soil type D, 0% impervious, County Hydrology Manual)

C = 0.75

#### **Pre Development Area**

Total Area	31008	
Imperviou	24516	79.06%

 $C = 0.90 \times (\% \text{ Impervious}) + Cp \times (1 - \% \text{ Impervious})$ 

% impervious =	79.06%
// ////////////////////////////////////	10.0070

Cp = 0.35 (Table 3.1, soil type D, 0% impervious, County Hydrology Manual)

C = 0.78

	Initial Average		Initial Travel Time		Average		Average Q Mannings Eq.	Additional TC (travel time)	Total TC
Location	slope %	Initial L (ft)	T (min)	Add'l L (ft)	slope %	Notes	V (ft/s)	T (min)	T (min)
									(5 minutes mir
Pre Dev.									
Site	1.25	50	3.8	190	1.25		1.2	2.6	6.4
Post Dev.									
Site	1	50	4.5	215	0.6		1.1	3.3	7.8

#### Time of Concentration

	Pre-Dev		Post-Dev
	Initial TC	Site	Site
Initial Travel Time	C =	0.78	0.75
(Figure 3-3)	D ft =	50	50
T min= <u>1.8(1.1-C)D<sup>1/2</sup></u>	S % =	1.25	1
S <sup>1/3</sup>	T =	3.78	4.45



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## Pre Dev TC Flow Path Velocity Average Q

Triangular		Highlighted	
Side Slopes (z:1)	= 100.00, 100.00	Depth (ft)	= 0.11
Total Depth (ft)	= 0.12	Q (cfs)	= 1.500
		Area (sqft)	= 1.21
Invert Elev (ft)	= 100.00	Velocity (ft/s)	= 1.24
Slope (%)	= 1.25	Wetted Perim (ft)	= 22.00
N-Value	= 0.016	Crit Depth, Yc (ft)	= 0.11
		Top Width (ft)	= 22.00
Calculations		EGL (ft)	= 0.13
Compute by:	Known Q		
Known Q (cfs)	= 1.50		



Reach (ft)

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## Post Dev TC Flow Path Velocity Average Q

Gutter		Highlighted	
Cross SI, Sx (ft/ft)	= 0.01	Depth (ft)	= 0.15
Cross SI, Sw (ft/ft)	= 0.01	Q (cfs)	= 1.200
Gutter Width (ft)	= 1.50	Area (sqft)	= 1.13
Invert Elev (ft)	= 100.00	Velocity (ft/s)	= 1.07
Slope (%)	= 0.60	Wetted Perim (ft)	= 15.15
N-Value	= 0.016	Crit Depth, Yc (ft)	= 0.13
		Spread Width (ft)	= 15.00
Calculations		EGL (ft)	= 0.17
Compute by:	Known Q		
Known Q (cfs)	= 1.20		



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## **Channel Report**

Hydraflow Express Extension for AutoCAD® Civil 3D® 2009 by Autodesk, Inc.

Friday, Jan 17 2020

### Pre Dev Q100 Outlet Flow

Circular		Highlighted	
Diameter (ft)	= 1.00	Depth (ft)	= 0.64
		Q (cfs)	= 2.900
		Area (sqft)	= 0.53
Invert Elev (ft)	= 100.00	Velocity (ft/s)	= 5.46
Slope (%)	= 0.60	Wetted Perim (ft)	= 1.85
N-Value	= 0.009	Crit Depth, Yc (ft)	= 0.73
		Top Width (ft)	= 0.96
Calculations		EGL (ft)	= 1.10
Compute by:	Known Q		
Known Q (cfs)	= 2.90		



Reach (ft)

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## **Channel Report**

Hydraflow Express Extension for AutoCAD® Civil 3D® 2009 by Autodesk, Inc.

## Q100 (2) 10in Pipes exiting the Biofiltration Basin. 1.2 cfs each (2.4 cfs total)

Circular		Highlighted	
Diameter (ft)	= 0.83	Depth (ft)	= 0.56
		Q (cfs)	= 1.200
		Area (sqft)	= 0.39
Invert Elev (ft)	= 100.00	Velocity (ft/s)	= 3.08
Slope (%)	= 0.50	Wetted Perim (ft)	= 1.60
N-Value	= 0.013	Crit Depth, Yc (ft)	= 0.49
		Top Width (ft)	= 0.78
Calculations		EGL (ft)	= 0.71
Compute by:	Known Q		
Known Q (cfs)	= 1.20		



Reach (ft)

Hydraflow Express Extension for AutoCAD® Civil 3D® 2009 by Autodesk, Inc.

## Post Dev Q100 Outlet Flow (exist 12in pipe)

Circular		Highlighted	
Diameter (ft)	= 1.00	Depth (ft)	= 0.56
		Q (cfs)	= 2.400
		Area (sqft)	= 0.45
Invert Elev (ft)	= 100.00	Velocity (ft/s)	= 5.28
Slope (%)	= 0.60	Wetted Perim (ft)	= 1.69
N-Value	= 0.009	Crit Depth, Yc (ft)	= 0.67
		Top Width (ft)	= 0.99
Calculations		EGL (ft)	= 0.99
Compute by:	Known Q		
Known Q (cfs)	= 2.40		



Reach (ft)

## ATTACHMENT C

**Project Name:** 

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Project Name:

## Attachment 6 Geotechnical and Groundwater Investigation Report

Attach project's geotechnical and groundwater investigation report. Refer to Appendix C.4 to determine the reporting requirements.



Project Name:

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