APPENDIX E

2016 Focused Coastal California Gnatcatcher Survey Report



31878 CAMINO CAPISTRANO #200 SAN JUAN CAPISTRANO, CALIFORNIA 92675 T 949.450.2525 F 949.450.2626

December 21, 2016

9420-03

Stacey Love Recovery Permit Coordinator U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service 2177 Salk Avenue, Suite 250 Carlsbad, California 92008

Subject: 2016 Focused Coastal California Gnatcatcher Survey Report for the Pure Water San Diego Program North City Project, County of San Diego, California

Dear Ms. Love:

This report documents the results of protocol-level presence/absence surveys for the federally listed threatened coastal California gnatcatcher (*Polioptila californica californica*) (CAGN). The surveys were conducted in support of the Pure Water San Diego Program North City Project (North City Project), located in the County of San Diego, California. The North City Project is the first phase of the City of San Diego's Public Utilities Department (PUD) proposed program to provide a safe, secure, and sustainable local drinking water supply for San Diego. The North City Project consists of the design and construction of a new advanced water treatment facility, expansion of a wastewater treatment facility, pump stations, transmission lines, and pipelines. The Project site contains approximately 575 acres of potentially CAGN-suitable habitat that were surveyed in 2016.

CAGN is a federally listed threatened species and a California Department of Fish and Wildlife (CDFW) Species of Special Concern. It is closely associated with coastal sage scrub habitat, and is thereby threatened primarily by loss, degradation, and fragmentation of this habitat. CAGN typically occurs below 820 feet above mean sea level (amsl) within 22 miles of the coast and 1,640 feet amsl for inland regions (Atwood and Bolsinger 1992). Studies have suggested that CAGN avoid nesting on very steep slopes (greater than 40%) (Bontrager 1991). CAGN is also impacted by brown-headed cowbird (*Molothrus ater*) nest parasitism (Braden et al. 1997).

LOCATION AND EXISTING CONDITIONS

North City Project pipelines extend through the cities of San Diego, Santee, and the community of Lakeside in unincorporated San Diego County, in addition to federal lands within MCAS Miramar (Figure 1, Regional Map). CAGN surveys were being conducted on MCAS Miramar in

2016 as part of their yearly monitoring. Following consultation with the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS), it was determined that additional surveys as part of this project were not required in suitable habitat areas of the project that overlapped with MCAS Miramar. Results of 2016 focused CAGN surveys on MCAS Miramar will be submitted to USFWS separately by MCAS Miramar biologists.

The Project site occupies portions of Township 14 South, Range 1 East, projected Sections 30 and 31; Township 14 South, Range 1 West, projected Sections 25 and 36; Township 14 South, Range 2 West, projected Sections 32, and 33; Township 15 South, Range 1 East, projected Sections 6 and 18; Township 15 South, Range 1 West, projected Sections 1, 23, and 30; Township 15 South, Range 2 West, projected Sections 6, 25, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 35, and 36; Township 15 South, Range 3 West, projected Sections 9, 10, 11, 16, 17, 20, 25, 26, and 28; Township 16 South, Range 2 West, projected Sections 1, 2, 3, and 4; and Township 16 South, Range 3 West, projected Section 9 on the San Vicente Reservoir, El Cajon, La Mesa, Poway, La Jolla, and Del Mar U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 minute quadrangle maps (Figure 2, Vicinity Map).

Elevations range from about 94 feet amsl in the southwestern portion of the Project site to approximately 688 feet amsl.

Soils within the Project site consist of acid igneous rock land; Altamont clay; Carlsbad-Urban Land complex, Chesterton fine sandy loam; Chesterton-Urban Land complex; Cieneba rocky and very rocky coarse sandy loam, Cieneba-Fallbrook rocky sandy loam; Diablo clay; Diablo-Olivenhain complex; Diablo-Urban land complex; Fallbrook sandy loam; Fallbrook-Vista sandy loam; Friant rocky fine sandy loam; Gaviota fine sandy loam; gravel pits; Huerhuero loam; metamorphic rock land; Olivenhain cobbly loam; Ramona sandy loam; Redding cobbly and gravelly loam; Redding-Urban land complex; riverwash; Salinas clay loam; stony land; terrace escarpments; Tujunga sand; and Visalia sandy loam (SanGIS 2016).

VEGETATION COMMUNITIES

Based on species composition and general physiognomy, three vegetation communities with primary constituent element habitats (included restored and disturbed communities) suitable for CAGN were identified on the Project site and off-site mapping areas. Their acreages are presented in Table 1.

The entire project alignment includes approximately 847 acres of CAGN-suitable habitat were mapped on the Project site according to Holland (1986) and Oberbauer (2008). Approximately 517 acres of the CAGN-suitable habitat was surveyed on the Project site (due to exclusions and inaccessible private property).

Vegetation acreages are presented in Table 1, and primary constituent element habitats suitable for CAGN are described following the table.

Table 1 Coastal California Gnatcatcher-Suitable Vegetation Communities on the North City Project Site

Total Vegetation Community/Land Cover	Total Acres*	Total Surveyed Acres*
Diegan Coastal Sage Scrub	638.4	422.3
Diegan Coastal Sage Scrub-Restored	16.0	13.6
Diegan Coastal Sage Scrub-Disturbed	155.8	78.0
Diegan Coastal Sage Scrub: Baccharis-Dominated	32.4	3.5
Diegan Coastal Sage Scrub: Baccharis-Dominated-Disturbed	4.7	0.0
Grand Total	847.3	517.4

Note:

The difference in total acres and surveyed acres is due to restricted access to private property and MCAS Miramar lands.

Diegan Coastal Sage Scrub

Diegan coastal sage scrub is a native vegetation community. According to Oberbauer et al. (2008), coastal sage scrub is composed of a variety of soft, low, aromatic shrubs, characteristically dominated by drought-deciduous species—such as California sagebrush (*Artemisia californica*), California buckwheat (*Eriogonum fasciculatum*), and sages (*Salvia spp.*)—with scattered evergreen shrubs, including laurel sumac (*Malosma laurina*). Diegan coastal sage scrub occupies 638.4acres in many patches within undisturbed areas, and an additional 16.0 acres of restored Diegan coastal sage is located in two portions on site, including south of the San Vicente Reservoir and a small patch south of Miramar Road. In addition, 155.8 acres of disturbed Diegan coastal sage scrub occur in several areas, with the majority located north of Miramar Road and east of Interstate 805 (I-805).

Diegan Coastal Sage Scrub—Baccharis-Dominated

Diegan coastal sage scrub—Baccharis-dominated is similar to Diegan coastal sage scrub but dominated by *Baccharis* species (desert broom (*B. sarothroides*) and/or coyotebrush (*B. pilularis*) (Oberbauer et al. 2008). This community typically occurs on disturbed sites or those with nutrient-poor soils and is often found within other forms of Diegan coastal sage scrub and on upper terraces of river valleys. This community is distributed along coastal and foothills areas in San Diego County. Approximately 32.4 acres of Diegan coastal sage scrub—Baccharis-dominated, and an additional 4.7 acres of disturbed Diegan coastal sage scrub—Baccharis-dominated vegetation throughout the study area.

METHODS

Dudek conducted a desktop CAGN-habitat suitability assessment of all coastal sage scrub habitat within the Project site. A number of areas were excluded from surveys due to the patch size being too small and/or isolated to support CAGN or the patch was buffered from the construction footprint by residential or commercial buildings. A number of areas were also excluded from the surveys as access permission was not provided by the landowner.

Focused surveys for CAGN were performed within the Project site between May 18 and July 7, 2016, by permitted biologists Jeff Priest, Tricia Wotipka, Kam Muri, Brenna Ogg, and Brian Lohstroh (Table 2). Non-permitted biologists Shelly Lawrence and Johanna Page accompanied CAGN-permitted biologists as passive observers, which included sitting quietly with little or no movement for prolonged periods while studying CAGN movements with binoculars and listening carefully to vocalizations. The surveys were conducted following the currently accepted USFWS *Coastal California Gnatcatcher (Polioptila californica californica) Presence/Absence Survey Protocol* (USFWS 1997), using the breeding season survey methods. The majority of the Project alignment overlaps with the City of San Diego's Multiple Species Conservation Program Subarea Plan, with the exception of those portions of the alignment in the City of Santee and community of Lakeside, California. The survey included three visits at a minimum of 7-day intervals. Survey routes are shown in Figure 3.

Survey routes completely covered all accessible areas of suitable CAGN habitat on site. Appropriate birding binoculars (7 x 35 to 10 x 50 power) were used to aid in detecting and identifying bird species. The survey conditions were within protocol limits, as shown in Table 2. A recording of vocalizations was used frequently to elicit a response from the species. The recording was played approximately every 50 to 100 feet, and when a CAGN was detected, the playing of the recording ceased to avoid harassment. Two additional surveys were conducted in August and September to review habitat conditions for CAGN.

Survey Pass	Survey Area	Date	Time	Personnel	Conditions
1	2	05/18/2016	6:00 AM-12:00 PM	JP	60°F–72°F; 20%–100% cc; 0 to 5 mph wind
1	7	05/19/2016	7:00 AM-12:00 PM	JP	62°F–78°F; 0%–100% cc; 0 to 8 mph wind
1	5	05/20/2016	6:10 AM-11:10 AM	BL	59°F–65°F; 50%–70% cc; 0 to 5 mph wind
1	6	05/20/2016	6:00 AM-12:00 PM	JP	60°F–72°F; 50%–90% cc; 0 to 6 mph wind
1	3	05/27/2016	6:30 AM-12:00 PM	TW	63°F–68°F; 100% cc; 0 to 2 mph wind

Table 2Survey Conditions

Ms. Stacey Love

Subject: 2016 Focused Coastal California Gnatcatcher Survey Report for the Pure Water San Diego Program North City Project, County of San Diego, California

Survey	Survey				
Pass	Area	Date	Time	Personnel	Conditions
1	4	05/28/2016	6:00 AM-12:25 PM	BO	64°F–74°F; 90%–100% cc; 0 to 5 mph wind
1	8	05/30/2016	6:05 AM-11:30 AM	BO	61°F–72°F; 100% cc; 0 to 5 mph wind
1	1	06/01/2016	6:45 AM-12:00 PM	TW	62°F–69°F; 100% cc; 0 to 2 mph wind
2	2	05/25/2016	6:00 AM-12:00 PM	JP	56°F–68°F; 70%–50% cc; 0 to 6 mph wind
2	7	05/26/2016	6:10 AM-12:00 PM	JP	55°F–72°F; 90%–100% cc; 0 to 4 mph wind
2	5	05/27/2016	6:00 AM-11:44 AM	BL, SL	61°F–72°F; 70%–100% cc; 0 to 4 mph wind
2	4	06/04/2016	6:00 AM-12:00 PM	BO	60°F–85°F; 0%–100% cc; 0 to 11 mph wind
2	6	06/07/2016	6:00 AM-11:30 AM	JP	58°F–78°F; 10%–100% cc; 1 to 6 mph wind
2	1	06/09/2016	7:45 AM-11:45 AM	KM	64°F–68°F; 100% cc; 2 to 4 mph wind
2	8	06/12/2016	7:05 AM-12:00 PM	BO	61°F–70°F; 50%–100% cc; 0 to 5 mph wind
2	3	06/23/2016	7:40 AM-12:30 PM	KM	72°F–81°F; 10%–80% cc; 2 to 7 mph wind
3	5	06/03/2016	6:00 AM-11:00 AM	BL, JOP	59°F–82°F; 10%–100% cc; 0 to 5 mph wind
3	6	06/14/2016	7:45 AM-12:30 PM	KM	62°F–72°F; 0%–100% cc; 2 to 5 mph wind
3	4	06/18/2016	6:00 AM-12:00 PM	BO	53°F–89°F; 0%–50% cc; 0 to 12 mph wind
3	8	06/19/2016	6:35 AM–9:45 AM	BO	67°F–95°F; 0%–10% cc; 0 to 5 mph wind
3	2	06/20/2016	5:40 AM-11:45 AM	BL	68°F–92°F; 0% cc; 0/3 to 3 to 5 mph wind
3	6, 7	06/27/2016	6:10 AM-11:15 AM	JP	68°F–90°F; 10%–70% cc; 0 to 5 mph wind
3	3	06/30/2016	6:00 AM-12:00 PM	TW	64°F–79°F; 0%–100% cc; 0 to 4 mph wind
3	1	07/07/2016	7:45 AM-12:35 PM	KM	67°F–72°F; 0%–100% cc; 2 to 5 mph wind
3	2, 6	07/07/2016	6:00 AM-11:30 AM	JP	63°F–82°F; 0%–100% cc; 0 to 5 mph wind
3+	6, 7, 8	08/16/2016	9:30 AM-2:00 PM	BAO	73°F–98°F; 0% cc; 0 to 1 mph wind
3+	1, 2, 3, 4, 5	09/28/2016	8:40 AM– 4:10 PM	BAO	67°F–90°F; 30%–0% cc; 0 to 5 mph wind

Table 2Survey Conditions

Notes: BL = Brian Lohstroh; BO = Brenna Ogg; JP = Jeff Priest; JOP = Johanna Page; KM = Kamarul Muri; SL = Shelley Lawrence; TW = Tricia Wotipka; BAO = Brock Ortega; °F = Fahrenheit ; cc = cloud cover; mph = miles per hour.

RESULTS

Approximately 10 CAGN pairs and 45 individuals were observed in the survey area, including approximately 9 juveniles. Table 3 summarizes CAGN observations per survey area. Leg bands were not detected during these survey efforts.

Survey Area	Survey Area Maps	Estimated Total CAGN Individuals In Survey Map	Summarized Observations
1 (79.2 acres)	1, 2, 3, 4, and 5	6	One male individual was observed immediately west of the survey area on Map 2 on 09/06/16. One female individual observed approximately 150 feet east of the survey area on Map 4 on 05/25/16. Two groups of two uncapped individuals were observed adjacent to the survey area on Map 4 on 07/07/16.
2 (66.3 acres)	5, 6, 7, 8, and 9	2	One male was observed within the survey area on 05/27/16 on Map 9, and a pair was observed in the same general area on 07/07/16.
3 (87.5 acres)	10, 11, and 12	8	One pair was observed within middle portion of the survey area on Map 11 on 06/22/16. One unknown uncapped individual was observed on the most eastern portion of Map 11 on 06/30/16. A pair and a male individual were observed on 06/30/16 in the middle portion of Map 11. In the same general area, an unknown individual was observed on 06/22/16 and a juvenile on 06/30/16.
4 (61.6 acres)	12 and 13	17	Two unknown individuals were observed at the southern extent of this survey area on two survey dates – 06/04/16 and 05/28/16. An additional territory was also identified north of this with two unknown individuals observed on 05/28/16 and 06/04/16 and a male observed on 06/16/16. A single unknown individual was observed north of this area on 06/04/16. Three additional territories were observed within this survey area. The most northern territory had observations from all three survey dates (05/28/16, 06/03/16 and 06/18/16) and an observation from a biologist surveying the adjacent survey area on 05/27/16. The next most northern territory also had observations from all three survey dates and had observations of a pair with juveniles and unknown individuals. The next territory also had observations from all three dates and included observations of a male, a pair with juveniles, and unknown individuals.
5 (55.4acres)	12 and 13	5	One male was observed on 05/20/16 in the center of a large contiguous patch of suitable habitat on Map 12. A male individual was observed at the southern extent of this survey area on Map 12 on 05/20/16 and just outside the survey area on 05/27/16. A pair of was also observed in this vicinity on 06/03/16. A pair of was observed on 05/27/16 and 06/03/16 just north of the previous pair; the pair was observed with juveniles on the 05/27/16 survey date.
6 (77.5 acres)	14, 15, 16, and 17	6	A pair was observed on Map 14 of this survey area on 06/07/16 and 06/14/16. This pair was observed with juveniles (approximately two) on 06/14/16. A second pair was observed in the same patch on 06/07/16 and was confirmed as a separate pair.
7 (57.0 acres)	16 and 17	1	There was one juvenile observed on 06/27/16 on Map 17 within this survey area.
8 (25.7 acres)	17 and 18	0	There were no CAGN observations in this survey area.

 Table 3

 Coastal California Gnatcatcher 2016 Survey Observations

Note: "Adult" is defined as an individual known to have hatched the year prior to 2016. Otherwise, exact age unknown.

Ms. Stacey Love Subject: 2016 Focused Coastal California Gnatcatcher Survey Report for the Pure Water San Diego Program North City Project, County of San Diego, California

A total of 105 species of wildlife were observed or detected during the surveys: 72 bird species, 16 invertebrate species, 6 mammals, 1 amphibian species, and 10 reptile species (Attachment A).

We certify that the information in this survey report and attachments fully and accurately represent our work. Please contact Brock Ortega (bortega@dudek.com) with questions or if you require additional information.

Sincerely,

Brock Ortega Permit #TE813545/6

Jeffrey D. Priest Permit #TE840619/5

Kam Muri Permit #TE813545/6

Att: Figures 1–3 Attachment A

cc: Brock Ortega

REFERENCES

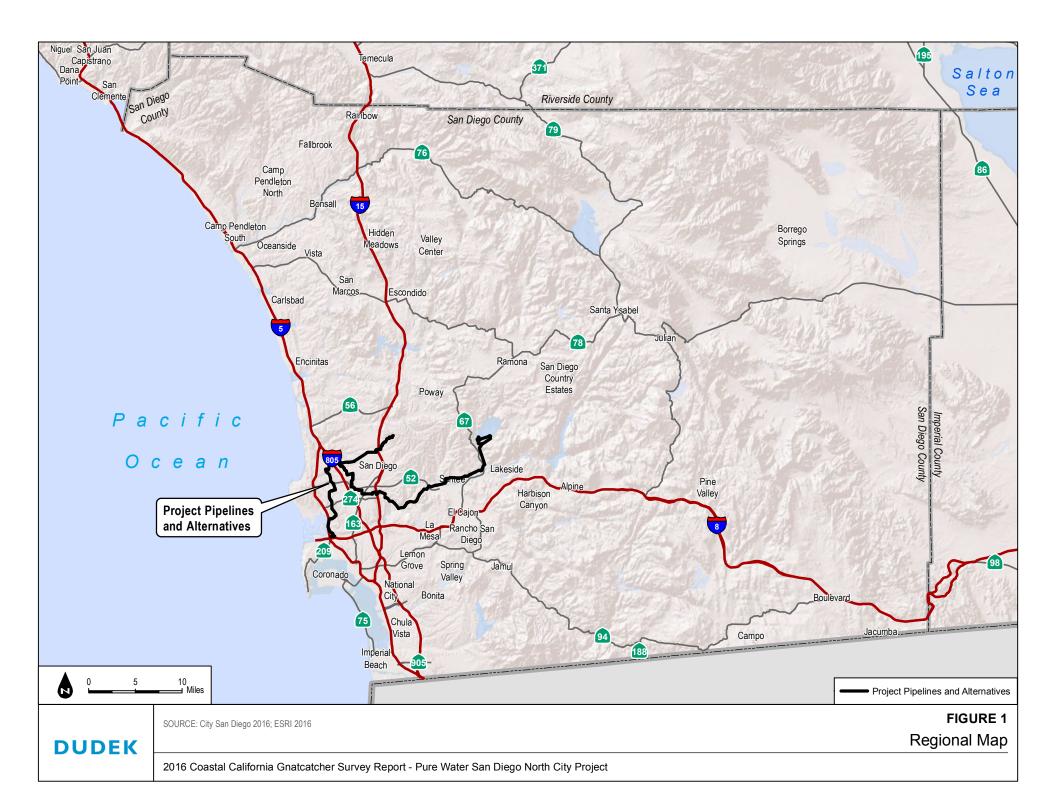
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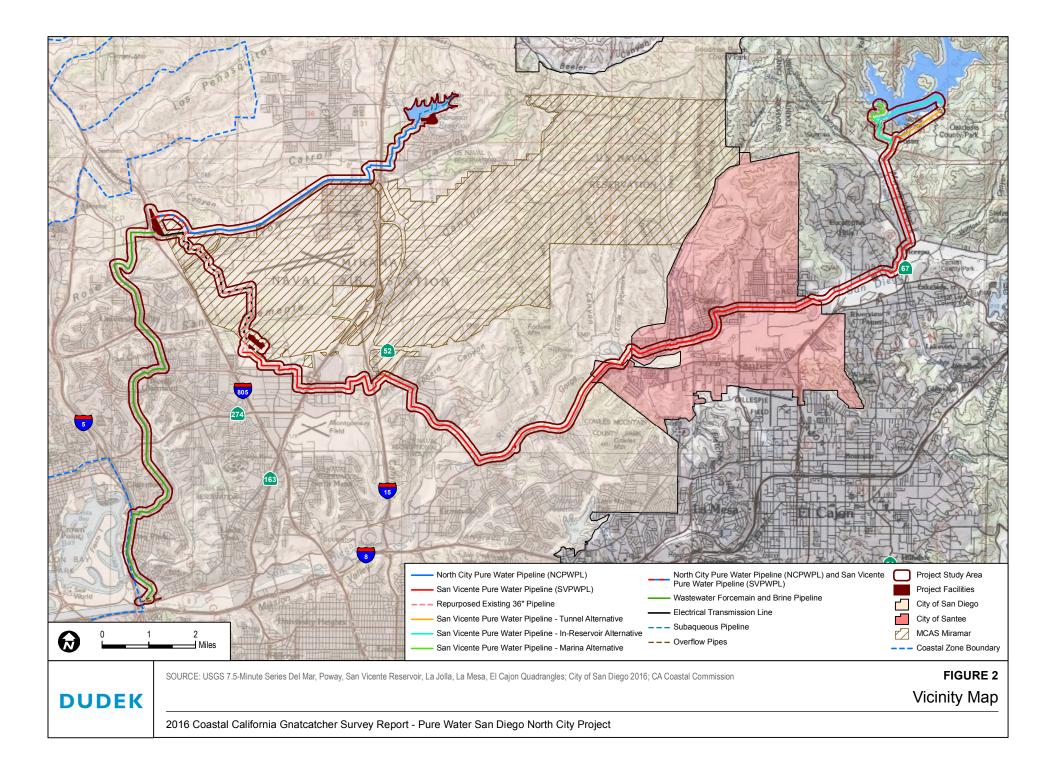
Tricia Wotipka Permit #TE840619/2

Brenna Ogg Permit # TE134338/3

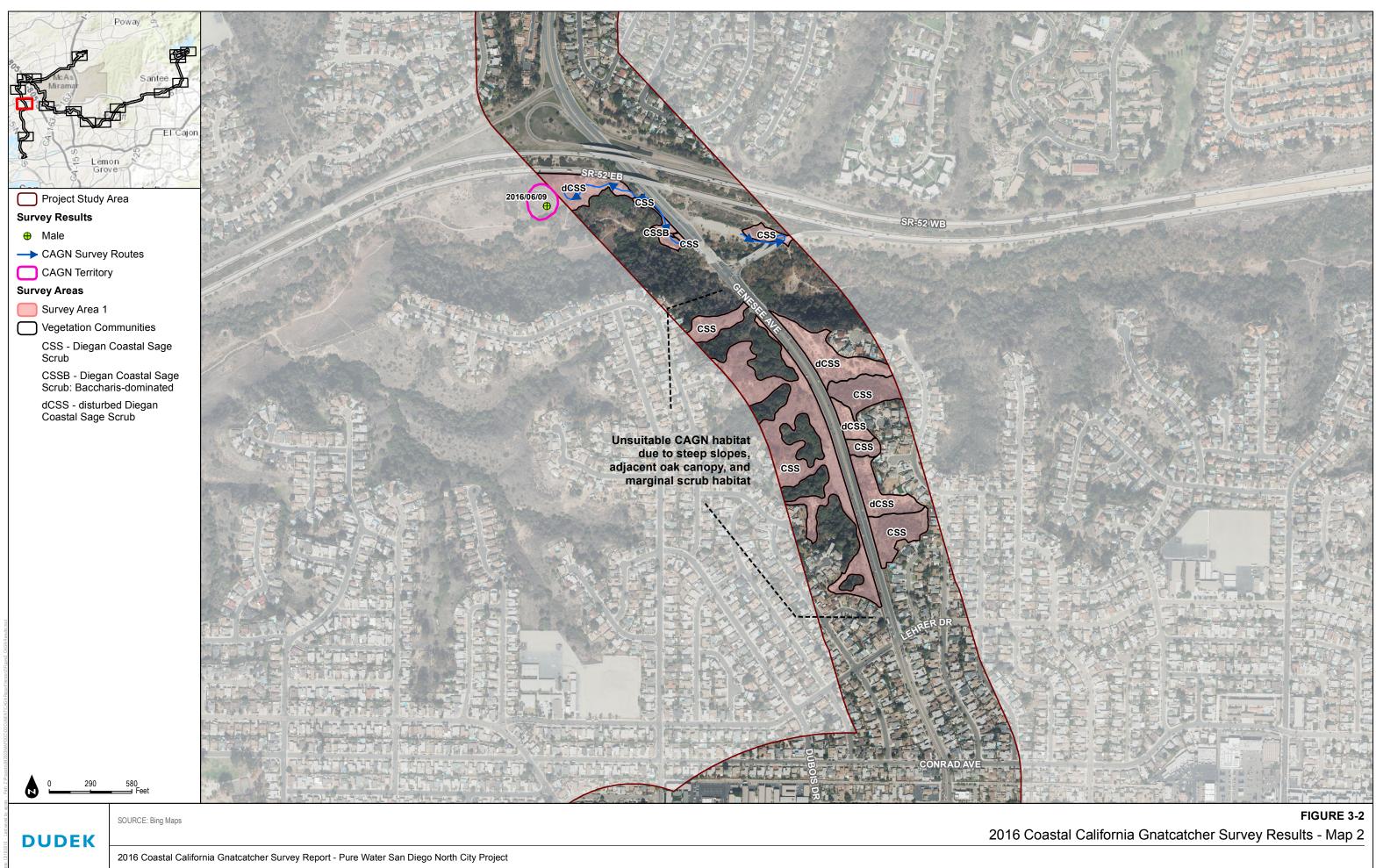
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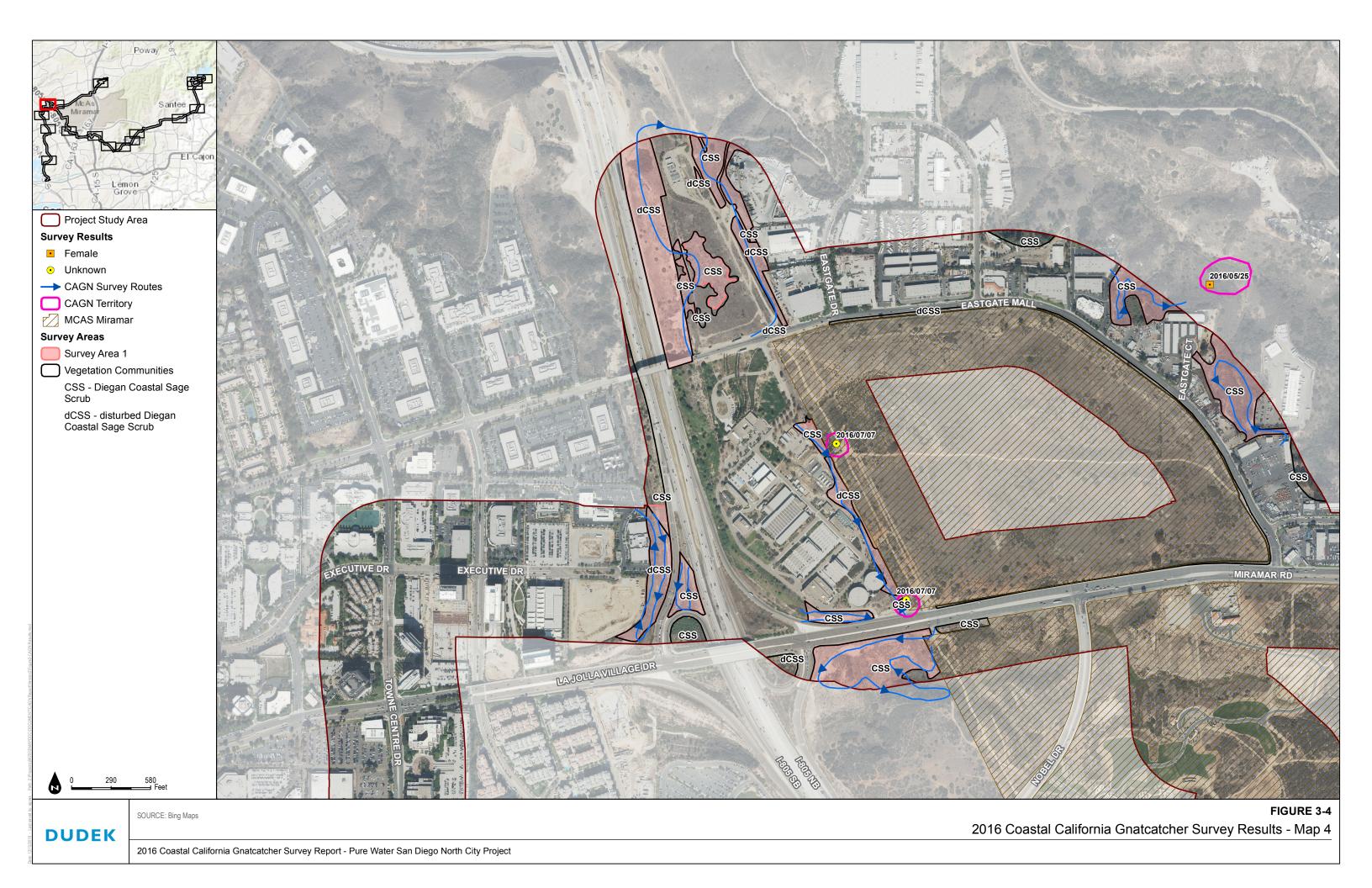


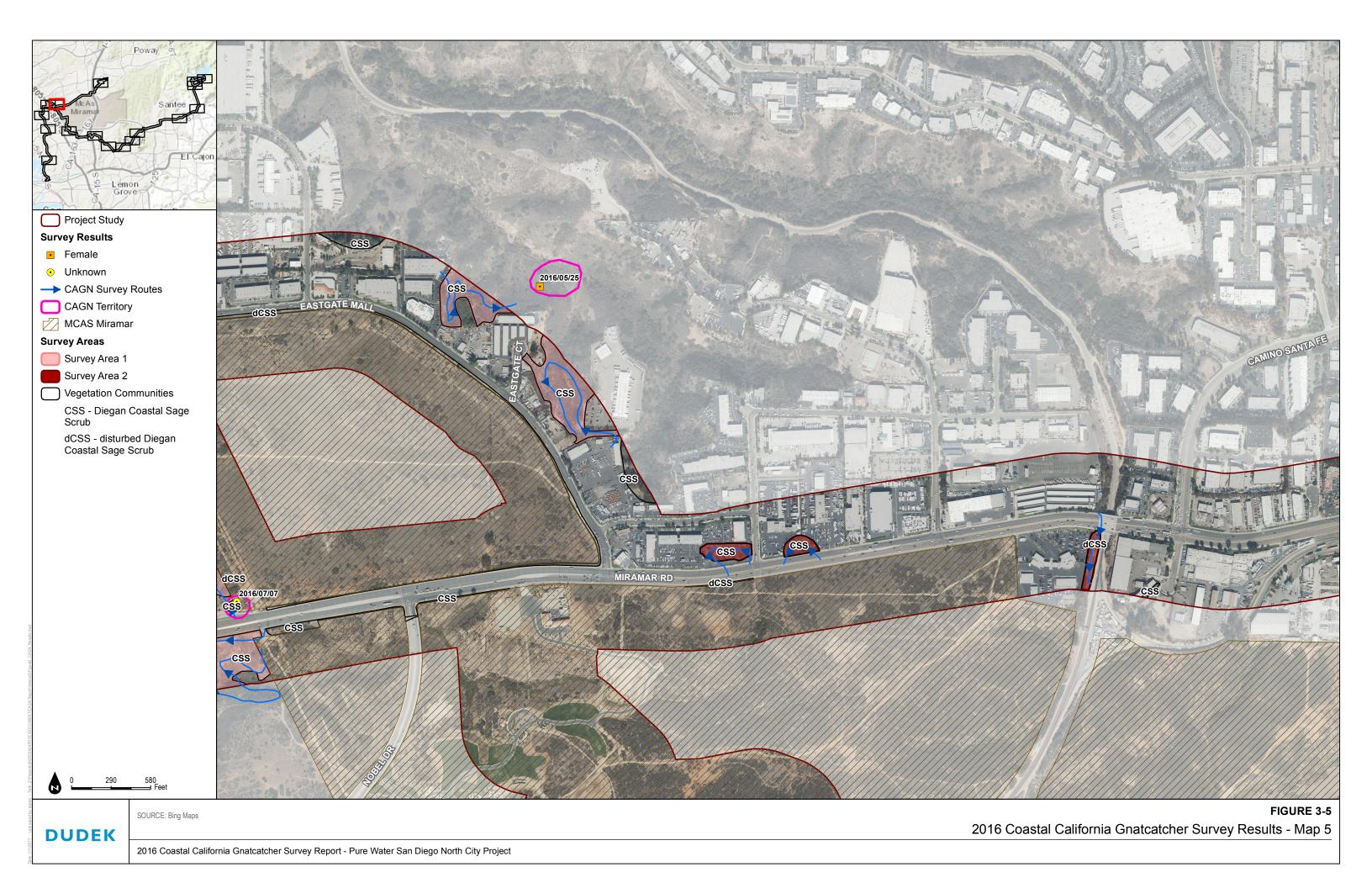


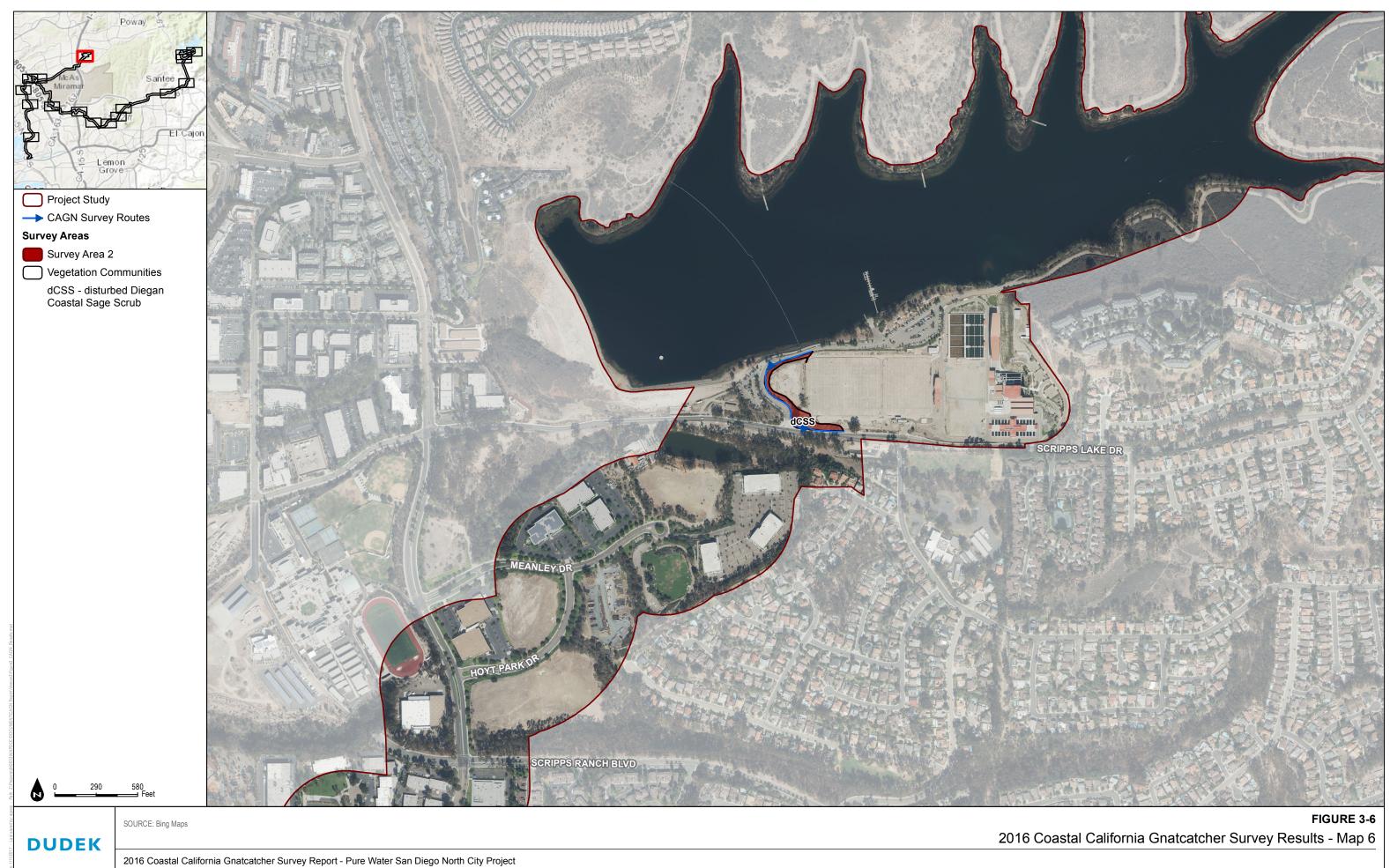
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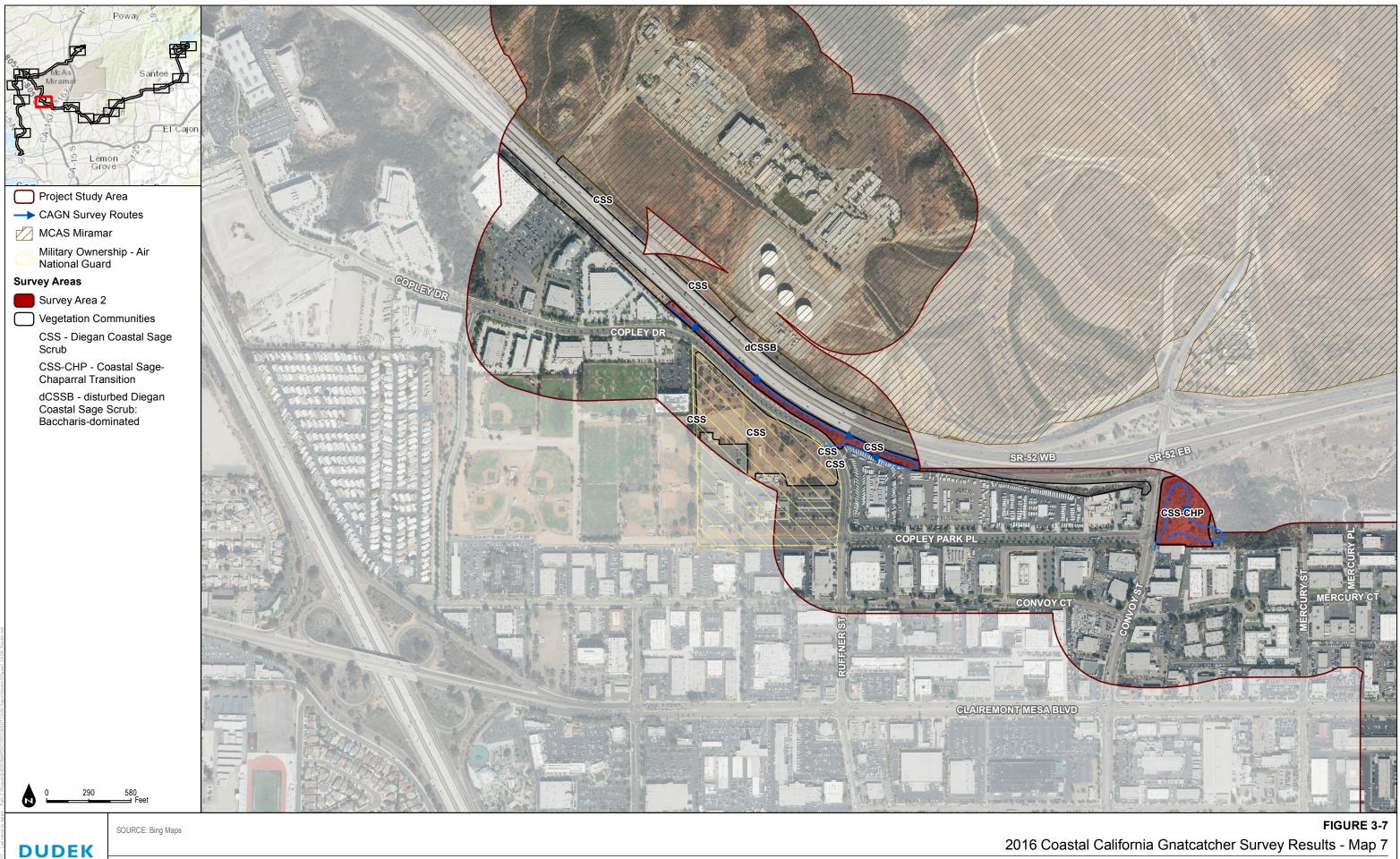


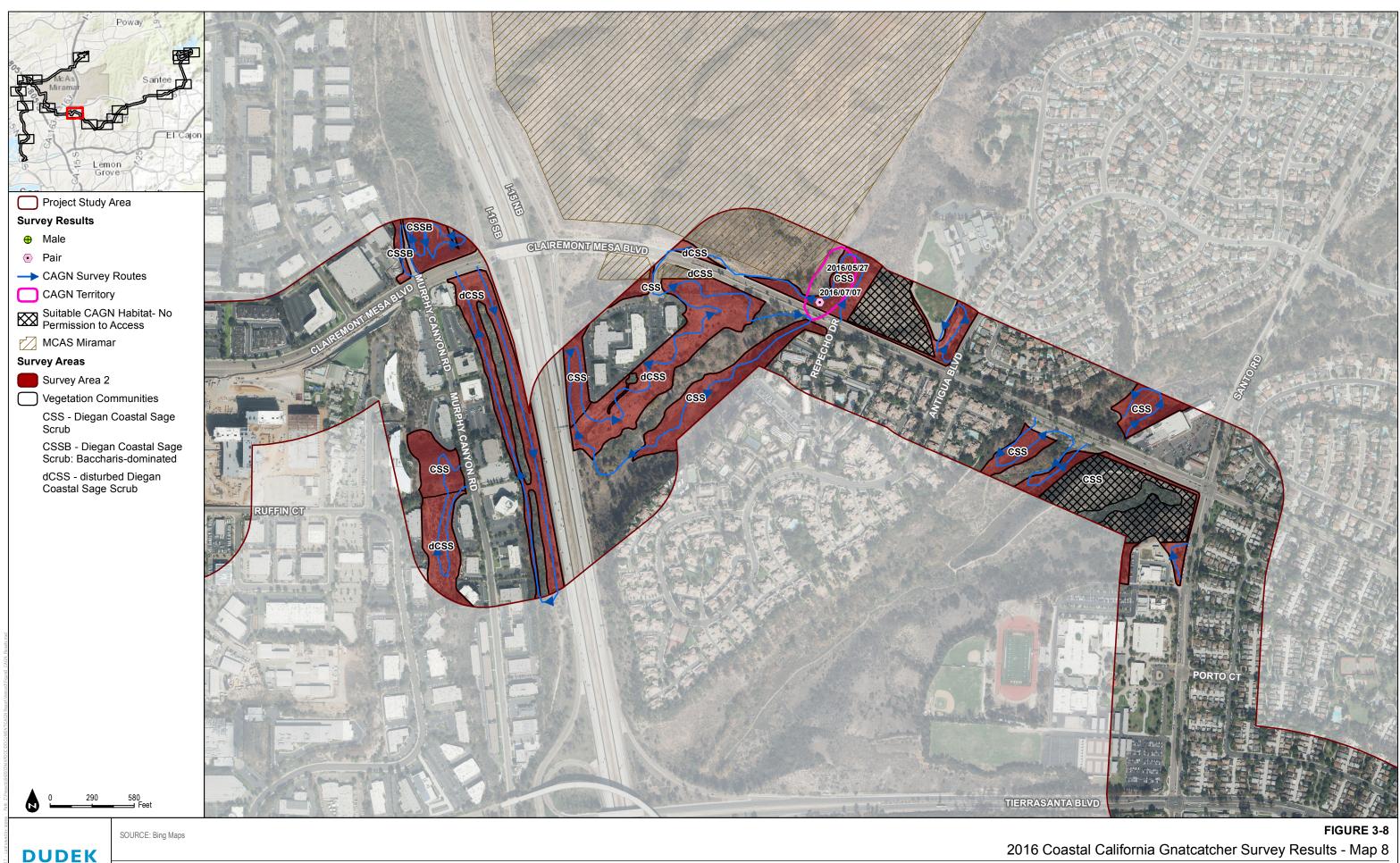
FIGURE 3-3 6 Coastal California Gnatcatcher Survey Results - Map 3

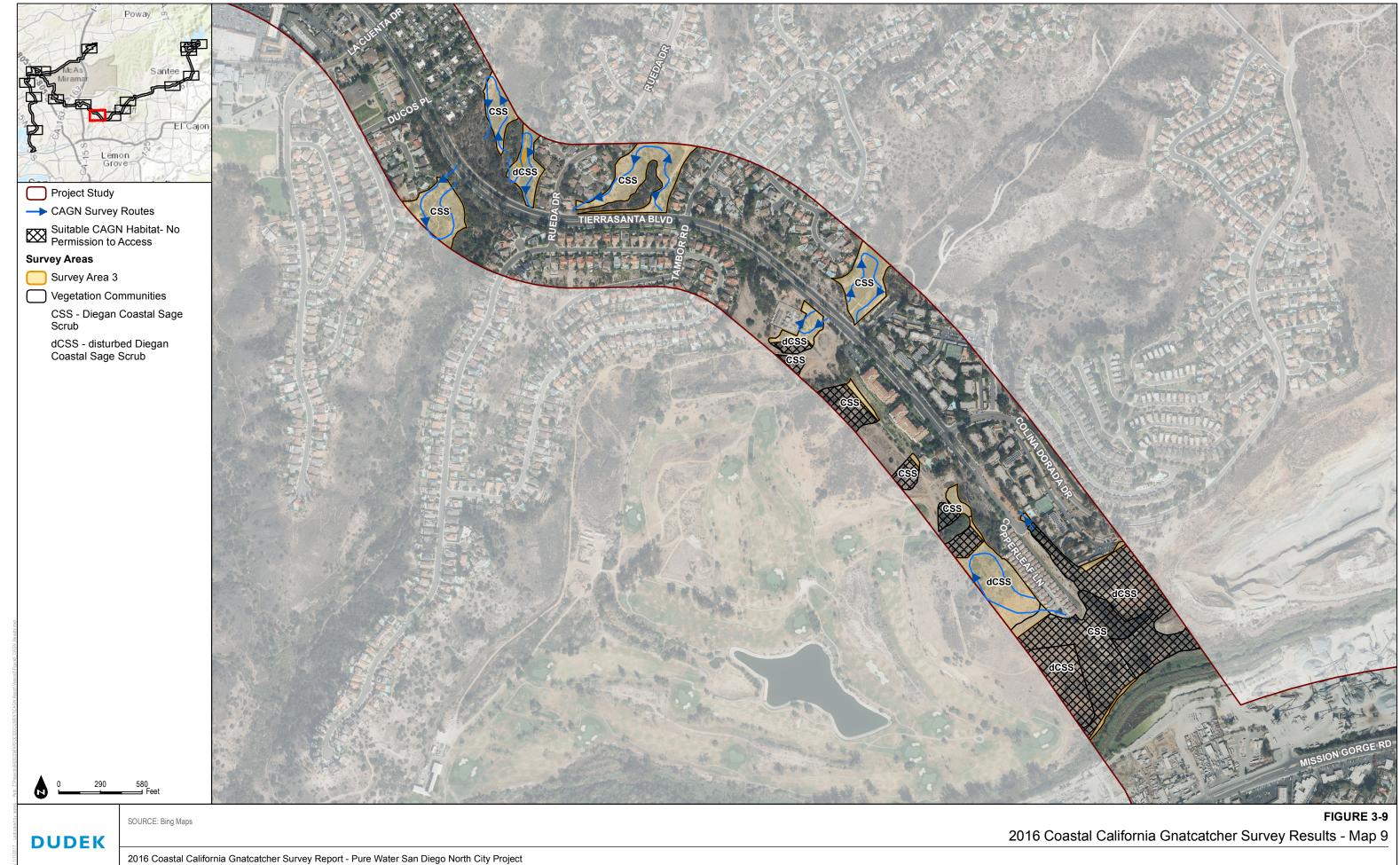


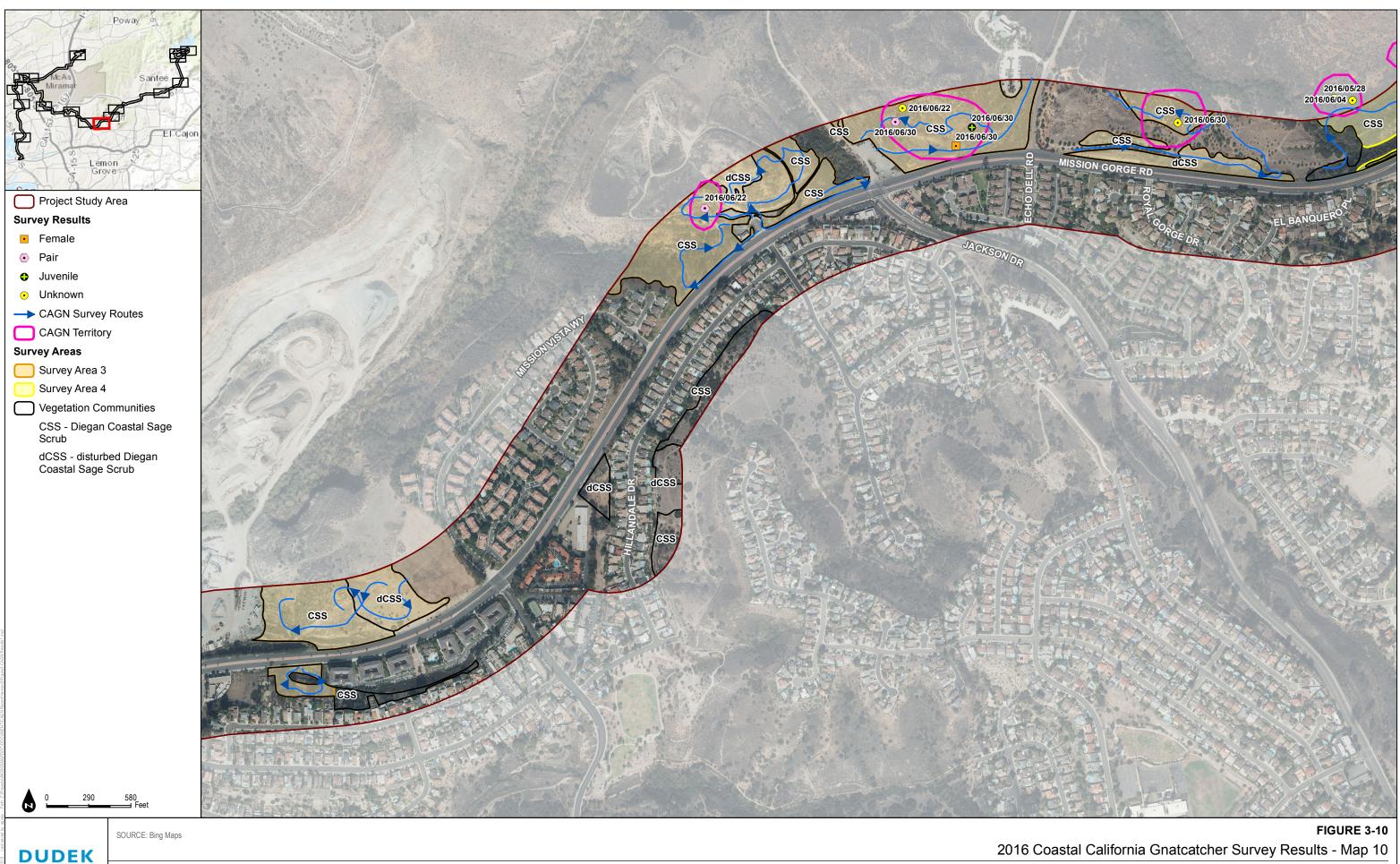


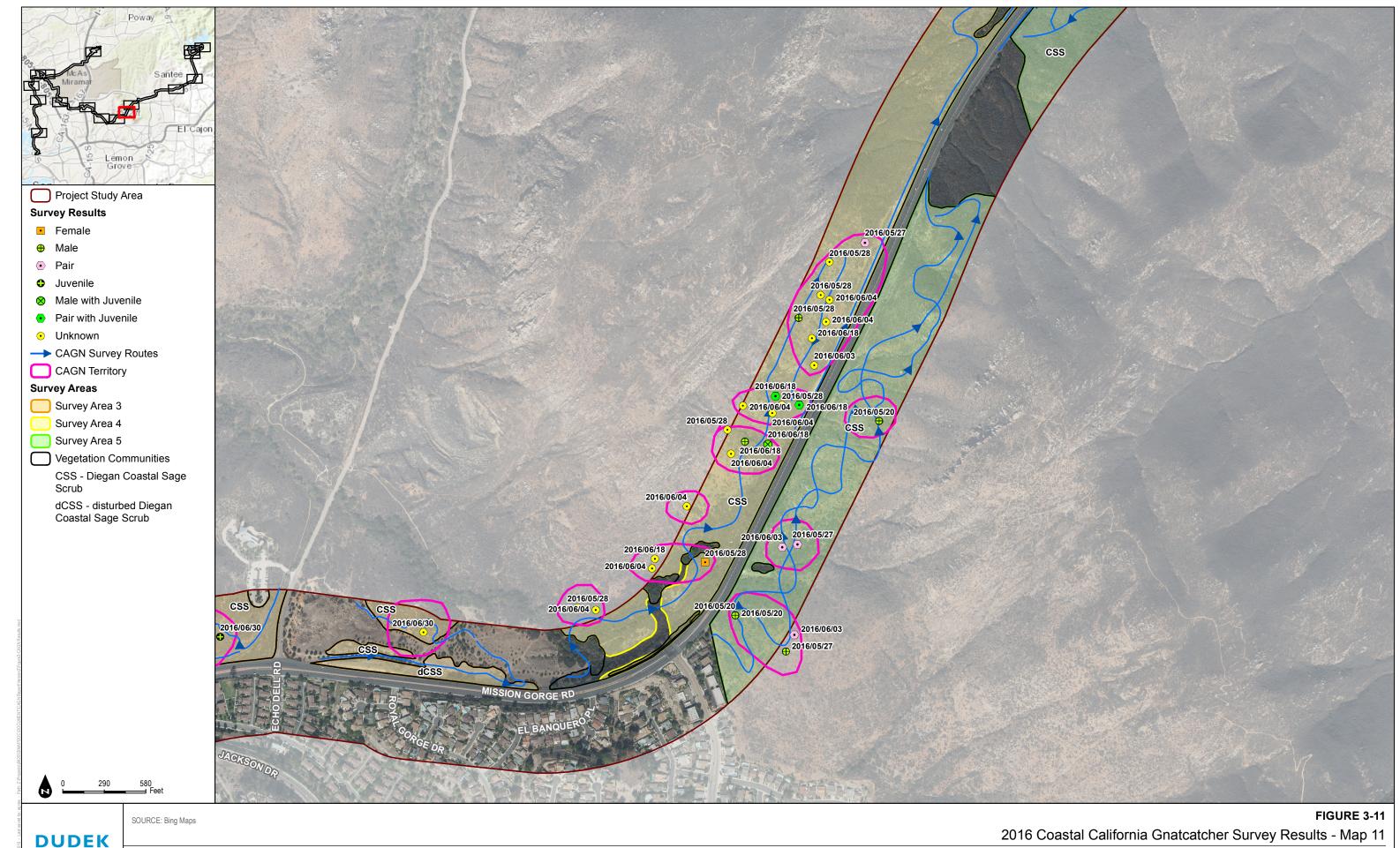


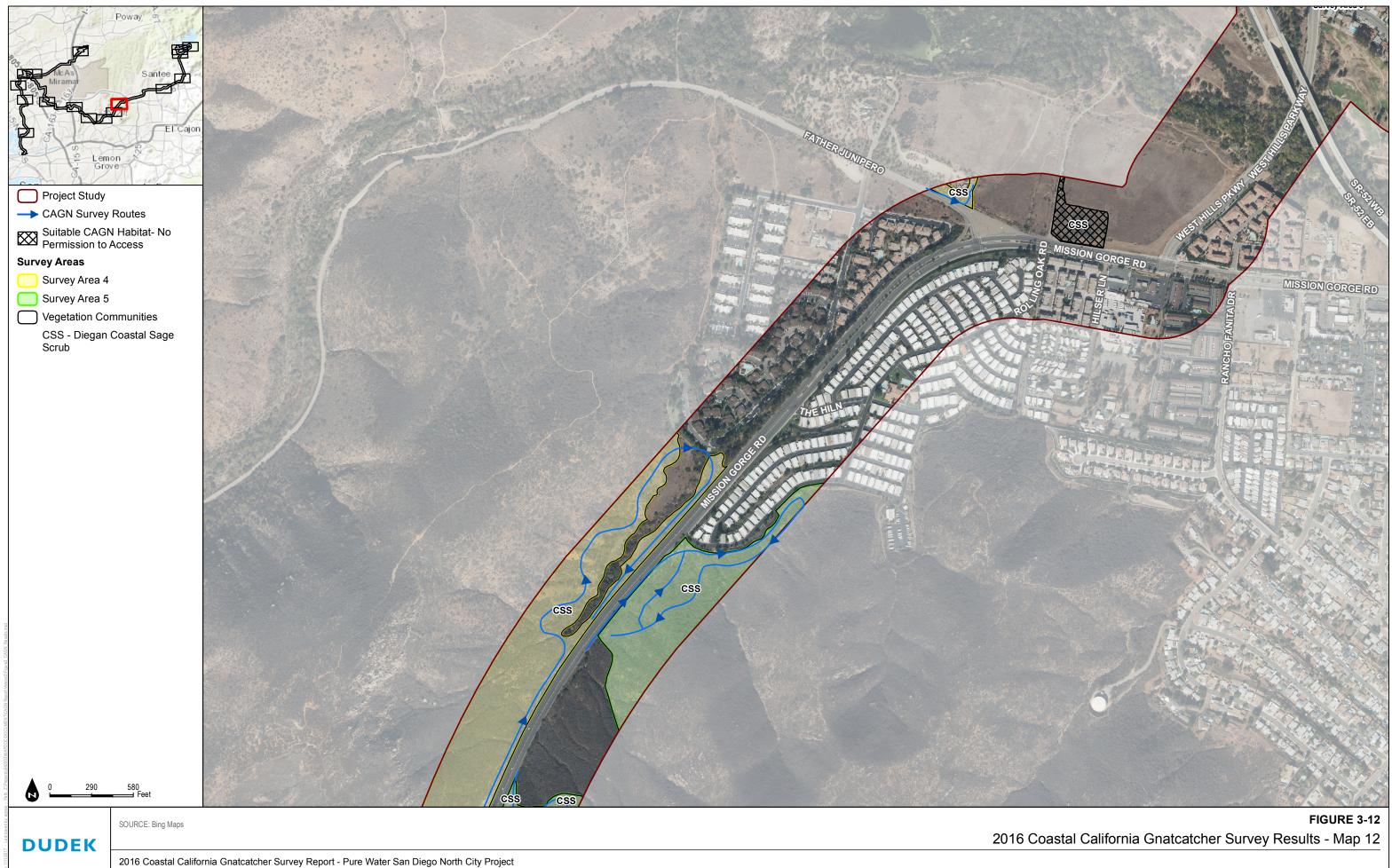


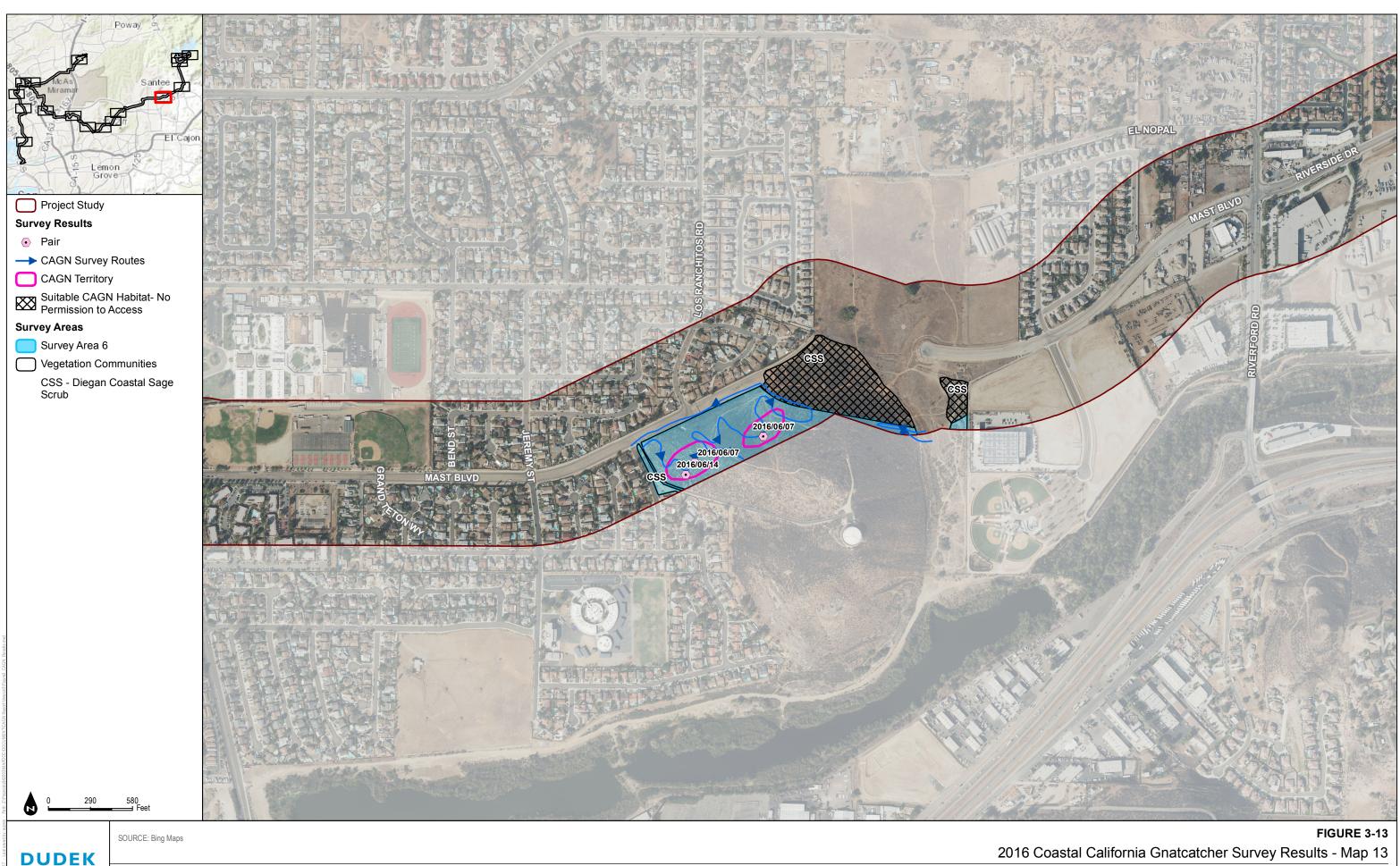


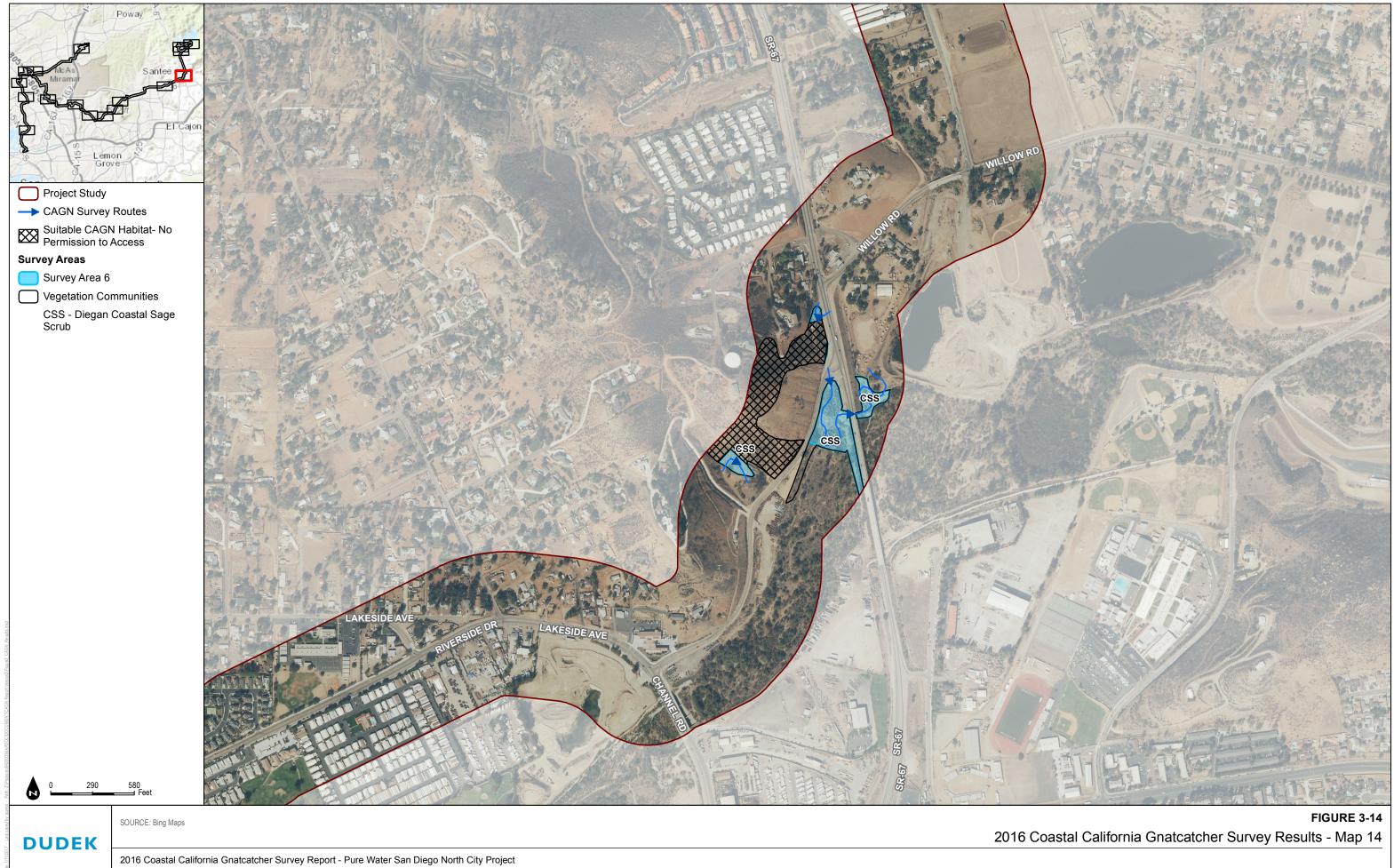


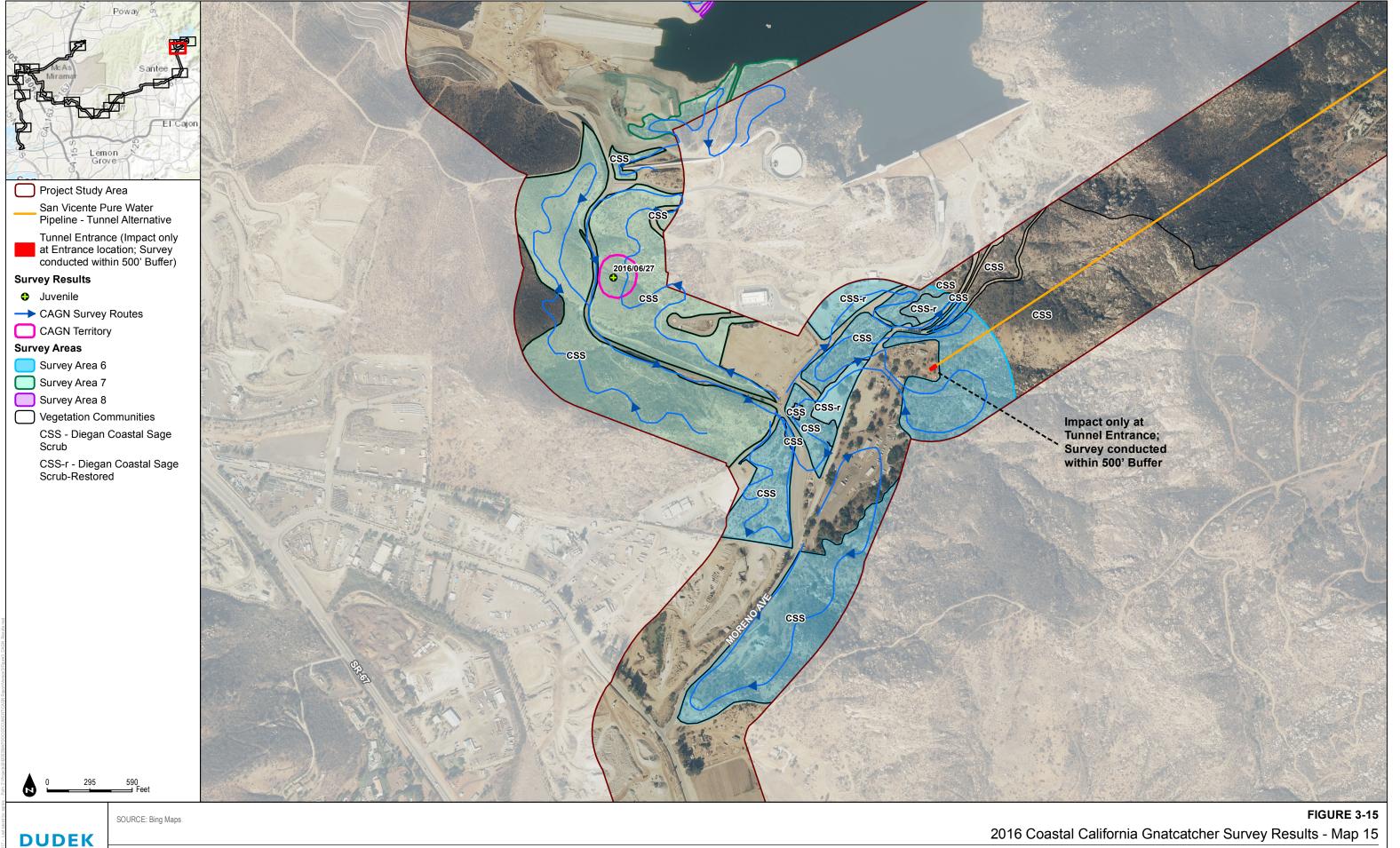
















ATTACHMENT A

Wildlife Species Observed in Study Area

ATTACHMENT A Wildlife Species Observed in Study Area

BIRD

BLACKBIRDS, ORIOLES, AND ALLIES

ICTERIDAE—BLACKBIRDS

Icterus bullockii—Bullock's oriole

* *Molothrus ater*—brown/headed cowbird

BUSHTITS

AEGITHALIDAE—LONG/TAILED TITS AND BUSHTITS

Psaltriparus minimus-bushtit

CARDINALS, GROSBEAKS, AND ALLIES

CARDINALIDAE—CARDINALS AND ALLIES

Pheucticus melanocephalus—black/headed grosbeak

EMBERIZINES

EMBERIZIDAE—EMBERIZIDS

Melospiza melodia—song sparrow Melozone crissalis—California towhee Pipilo maculatus—spotted towhee

FALCONS

FALCONIDAE—CARACARAS AND FALCONS

Falco sparverius—American kestrel

FINCHES

FRINGILLIDAE—FRINGILLINE AND CARDUELINE FINCHES AND ALLIES

Spinus psaltria—lesser goldfinch Haemorhous mexicanus—house finch

FLYCATCHERS

TYRANNIDAE—TYRANT FLYCATCHERS

Contopus sordidulus—western wood/pewee *Myiarchus cinerascens*—ash/throated flycatcher

Sayornis nigricans—black phoebe Sayornis saya—Say's phoebe Tyrannus verticalis—western kingbird Tyrannus vociferans—Cassin's kingbird

HAWKS

ACCIPITRIDAE—HAWKS, KITES, EAGLES, AND ALLIES

Buteo jamaicensis—red/tailed hawk *Buteo lineatus*—red/shouldered hawk

HUMMINGBIRDS

TROCHILIDAE—HUMMINGBIRDS

Calypte anna—Anna's hummingbird Selasphorus sasin—Allen's hummingbird

JAYS, MAGPIES, AND CROWS

CORVIDAE—CROWS AND JAYS

Aphelocoma californica—western scrub/jay Corvus brachyrhynchos—American crow Corvus corax—common raven

MOCKINGBIRDS AND THRASHERS

MIMIDAE—MOCKINGBIRDS AND THRASHERS

Mimus polyglottos—northern mockingbird *Toxostoma redivivum*—California thrasher

NEW WORLD QUAIL

ODONTOPHORIDAE—NEW WORLD QUAIL

Callipepla californica—California quail

NEW WORLD VULTURES

CATHARTIDAE—CARDINALS AND ALLIES

Cathartes aura-turkey vulture

OLD WORLD WARBLERS AND GNATCATCHERS

SYLVIIDAE—SYLVIID WARBLERS

Polioptila caerulea—blue/gray gnatcatcher *Polioptila californica californica*—coastal California gnatcatcher

PIGEONS AND DOVES

COLUMBIDAE—PIGEONS AND DOVES

Zenaida macroura-mourning dove

* Columba livia—rock pigeon (rock dove)

ROADRUNNERS AND CUCKOOS

CUCULIDAE—CUCKOOS, ROADRUNNERS, AND ANIS Geococcyx californianus—greater roadrunner

SILKY FLYCATCHERS

PTILOGONATIDAE—SILKY/FLYCATCHERS

Phainopepla nitens—phainopepla

SWALLOWS

HIRUNDINIDAE—SWALLOWS

Hirundo rustica—barn swallow *Petrochelidon pyrrhonota*—cliff swallow *Stelgidopteryx serripennis*—northern rough/winged swallow

SWIFTS

APODIDAE—SWIFTS

Aeronautes saxatalis-white/throated swift

WOOD WARBLERS AND ALLIES

PARULIDAE—WOOD/WARBLERS

Geothlypis trichas—common yellowthroat *Oreothlypis celata*—orange/crowned warbler

ATTACHMENT A (Continued)

WOODPECKERS

PICIDAE—WOODPECKERS AND ALLIES

Melanerpes formicivorus—Acorn woodpecker Picoides nuttallii—Nuttall's woodpecker Colaptes auratus—northern flicker

WRENS

TROGLODYTIDAE—WRENS

Salpinctes obsoletus—rock wren Thryomanes bewickii—Bewick's wren Troglodytes aedon—house wren Campylorhynchus brunneicapillus—cactus wren

WRENTITS

TIMALIIDAE—BABBLERS

Chamaea fasciata—wrentit

INVERTEBRATE

BUTTERFLIES

NYMPHALIDAE—BRUSH/FOOTED BUTTERFLIES

Junonia coenia—common buckeye Limenitis lorquini—Lorquin's admiral

RIODINIDAE—METALMARKS

Apodemia mormo virgulti—Behr's metalmark

HESPERIIDAE—SKIPPERS

Erynnis funeralis-funereal duskywing

PAPILIONIDAE—SWALLOWTAILS

Papilio zelicaon—anise swallowtail

PIERIDAE—WHITES AND SULFURS

Pieris rapae—cabbage white *Pontia protodice*—checkered white

ATTACHMENT A (Continued)

MAMMAL

CANIDS

CANIDAE—WOLVES AND FOXES

Canis latrans—coyote

HARES AND RABBITS

LEPORIDAE—HARES AND RABBITS

Sylvilagus audubonii—desert cottontail *Sylvilagus bachmani*—brush rabbit

RACCOONS

PROCYONIDAE—RACCOONS AND RELATIVES

Procyon lotor-raccoon

RATS AND MICE

MURIDAE—RATS AND MICE

Neotoma fuscipes—dusky/footed woodrat

SQUIRRELS

SCIURIDAE—SQUIRRELS

Spermophilus (Otospermophilus) beecheyi—California ground squirrel

UNGULATES

CERVIDAE—DEERS

Odocoileus hemionus-mule deer

REPTILE

LIZARDS

PHRYNOSOMATIDAE—IGUANID LIZARDS

Sceloporus occidentalis—western fence lizard *Uta stansburiana*—common side/blotched lizard

DUDEK

SNAKES

VIPERIDAE—VIPERS

Crotalus ruber-red diamondback rattlesnake

* signifies introduced (non/native) species

APPENDIX F

2016 Focused Least Bell's Vireo and Southwestern Willow Flycatcher



MAIN OFFICE 605 THIRD STREET ENCINITAS, CALIFORNIA 92024 T 760.942.5147 T 800.450.1818 F 760.632.0164

October 25, 2016

9420-03

Recovery Permit Coordinator U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service 2177 Salk Avenue, Suite 250 Carlsbad, California 92008

Subject: 2016 Focused Least Bell's Vireo and Southwestern Willow Flycatcher Survey Report for the Pure Water San Diego Program North City Project, County of San Diego, California

Dear Recovery Permit Coordinator:

This report documents the results of protocol-level presence/absence surveys for the state- and federally listed endangered least Bell's Vireo (*Vireo bellii pusillus*; vireo) and the state- and federally listed endangered southwestern willow flycatcher (*Empidonax traillii extimus*; flycatcher). The surveys were conducted in support of the Pure Water San Diego Program North City project (North City Project), located in the County of San Diego, California. The North City Project is the first phase of the City of San Diego's Public Utilities Department (PUD) proposed program to provide a safe, secure, and sustainable local drinking water supply for San Diego. The North City Project consists of the design and construction of a new advanced water treatment facility, expansion of a wastewater treatment facility, pump stations, transmission lines, and pipelines. The North City Project site contains approximately 147.3 acres of potentially suitable vireo and flycatcher habitat that were surveyed in 2016.

The vireo and flycatcher are closely associated with riparian habitats, especially densely vegetated willow scrub and riparian forest vegetation. These species are threatened primarily by loss, degradation, and fragmentation of riparian habitats. They also are impacted by brown-headed cowbird (*Molothrus ater*) nest parasitism.

LOCATION AND EXISTING CONDITIONS

North City Project pipelines extend from the Cities of San Diego, Santee, and the community of Lakeside in unincorporated San Diego County, in addition to federal lands within MCAS Miramar (Figure 1, Regional Map). The site occupies portions of Township 14 South, Range 1 East, projected Sections 30 and 31; Township 14 South, Range 1 West, projected Sections 25 and 36; Township 14 South, Range 2 West, projected Sections 32, and 33; Township 15 South, Range 1 East, projected Sections 6 and 18; Township 15 South, Range 1 West, projected

Subject: 2016 Focused Least Bell's Vireo and Southwestern Willow Flycatcher Survey Report for the Pure Water San Diego Program North City Project, County of San Diego, California

Sections 1, 23 and 30; Township 15 South, Range 2 West, projected Sections 6, 25, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 35 and 36; Township 15 South, Range 3 West, projected Sections 9, 10, 11, 16, 17, 20, 25, 26, and 28; Township 16 South, Range 2 West, projected Sections 1, 2, 3, and 4; and Township 16 South, Range 3 West, projected Section 9 on the San Vicente Reservoir, El Cajon, La Mesa, Poway, La Jolla, and Del Mar U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 minute quadrangle maps (Figure 2, Vicinity Map).

Elevations range from about 94 feet above mean sea level in the southwestern portion of Pure Water Program area to approximately 688-feet above mean sea level.

Soils on site consist of acid igneous rock land; Altamont clay; Carlsbad-Urban Land complex, Chesterton fine sandy loam; Chesterton-Urban Land complex; Cieneba rocky and very rocky coarse sandy loam, Cieneba-Fallbrook rocky sandy loam; Diablo clay; Diablo-Olivenhain complex; Diablo-Urban land complex; Fallbrook sandy loam; Fallbrook-Vista sandy loam; Friant rocky fine sandy loam; Gaviota fine sandy loam; gravel pits; Huerhuero loam; metamorphic rock land; Olivenhain cobbly loam; Ramona sandy loam; Redding cobbly and gravelly loam; Redding-Urban land complex; riverwash; Salinas clay loam; stony land; terrace escarpments; Tujunga sand; and Visalia sandy loam (USDA 2016).

VEGETATION COMMUNITIES

Based on species composition and general physiognomy, 13 vegetation communities were identified on the Pure Water Program site and off-site mapping areas (Figure 3, Vegetation Communities). Their acreages are presented in Table 1. Approximately 147.3 acres of vireo- and flycatcher-suitable habitat were mapped on the Project site according to Oberbauer et al. (2008).

Vegetation acreages are presented in Table 1, and primary constituent element habitats suitable for vireo and flycatcher are described following the table.

Table 1		
Vireo and Flycatcher-Suitable Vegetation Communities on the		
Pure Water Program Site		

Vegetation Community	Acres
Arundo-Dominated Riparian	7.5
disturbed Mulefat Scrub	1.9
disturbed Southern Willow Scrub	4.1
Mulefat Scrub	6.5
Southern Arroyo Willow Riparian Forest	29.1
Southern Coast Live Oak Riparian Forest	3.6

Table 1Vireo and Flycatcher-Suitable Vegetation Communities on the
Pure Water Program Site

Vegetation Community	Acres
Southern Cottonwood-Willow Riparian Forest	26.1
Southern Riparian Forest	6.8
Southern Sycamore-Alder Riparian Woodland	8.1
Southern Willow Scrub	53.6
Total	147.3

Arundo-Dominated Riparian

Arundo-dominated riparian is densely vegetated riparian thickets dominated by giant reed (*Arundo donax*) (Oberbauer et al. 2008). Arundo-dominated riparian primarily occurs along major rivers in coastal Southern California, including Otay River, Sweetwater River, San Diego River, San Dieguito River, and San Luis Rey River.

Mulefat Scrub (including Disturbed forms)

Mulefat scrub is a depauperate, tall, herbaceous riparian scrub strongly dominated by mulefat (*Baccharis salicifolia*). This early seral community is maintained by frequent flooding. Site factors include intermittent stream channels with fairly coarse substrate and moderate depth to the water table (Oberbauer et al. 2008). This community type is widely scattered along intermittent streams and near larger rivers.

Areas mapped as mulefat scrub within the Project Area are dominated by mulefat and are typically found along drainages that receive intermittent water throughout the year.

Disturbed mulefat scrub was mapped where 50% or more of the vegetation cover was dominated by non-native vegetation.

Southern Arroyo Willow Riparian Woodland

Southern arroyo willow riparian woodland is described by Oberbauer et al. (2008) as a dense, low, closed-canopy broad-leaved, winter-deciduous woodland dominated by arroyo willow (*Salix lasiolepis*). Arroyo willow generally grows as a large, tree-like shrub. Characteristic species include white alder (*Alnus rhombifolia*), California wax myrtle (*Myrica californica*), and Pacific willow (*Salix lasiandra*).

Southern Coast Live Oak Riparian Forest

Southern coast live oak riparian forest is a dense riparian forest dominated by coast live oak *(Quercus agrifolia)*, often with an herbaceous understory. This community occurs along the bottom or outer slopes of larger streams (Oberbauer et al. 2008). Areas mapped as oak riparian forest are dominated by coast live oak.

Southern Cottonwood-Willow Riparian Forest

Southern cottonwood-willow riparian forest is dominated by deciduous trees species: Fremont cottonwood (*Populus fremontii*) or balsam poplar (*Populus trichocarpa*), and various willow trees (*Salix* spp.) (Oberbauer et al. 2008). The shrub layer typically includes various willow species (Oberbauer et al. 2008).

Southern Riparian Forest

Southern riparian forest is a dense riparian forest dominated by western sycamore (*Platanus racemose*), *Populus* species, and other wetland plants (Oberbauer et al. 2008). Southern riparian forests are primarily found along streams and rivers.

Southern Sycamore–Alder Riparian Woodland

Southern sycamore–alder riparian woodland is described by Oberbauer et al. (2008) as a tall, open, broad-leaved, winter-deciduous streamside woodland dominated by well-spaced western sycamore and often also white alder. Seldom forming closed canopy forests, these stands may appear as trees scattered in a shrubby thicket of sclerophyllous (i.e., evergreen) and deciduous species and are subject to seasonally high-intensity flooding. Characteristic species of this habitat type include California mugwort (*Artemisia douglasiana*), coast live oak, California blackberry (*Rubus ursinus*), California laurel (*Umbellularia californica*), and giant stinging nettle (*Urtica holosericea*).

Southern Willow Scrub (including Disturbed forms)

Southern willow scrub is a dense, broad-leafed, winter-deciduous riparian thicket dominated by several species of willow (*Salix* spp.) that occurs on loose, large-grained alluvium along stream channels. The closed canopy inhibits the development of a diverse understory. It may contain scattered Fremont's cottonwood and western sycamore trees emerging above the willow canopy and requires repeated flooding to avoid succession to a community dominated by these trees (Oberbauer et al. 2008).

On site, southern willow scrub occurs in patches dominated by arroyo willow (*Salix lasiolepis*) and black willow, with an understory of mulefat (*Baccharis salicifolia*).

Disturbed southern willow scrub was mapped where 50% or more of the vegetation cover was dominated by non-native vegetation.

METHODS

Suitable habitat areas within the study area were surveyed eight times for vireo and five times for flycatcher. Flycatcher-permitted Dudek wildlife biologists Paul M. Lemons (Permit #TE051248), Brock A. Ortega (Permit # TE813545-6), Jeff D. Priest (Permit # TE840619-3), and Anita M. Hayworth (Permit # TE781084-8) conducted all combined flycatcher/vireo surveys, while qualified Dudek biologists Callie J. Ford, Patricia Schuyler, Erin Bergman, and Marshall Paymard conducted vireo surveys on some visits (Table 2). Only flycatcher-permitted biologists used audio-playback techniques to elicit flycatcher responses. Focused surveys for these species were initiated on April 25, 2016, and continued through July 31, 2016.

Survey Pass #/			_	Survey	Conditions (temperature, cloud cover, wind
Focus	Date	Hours	Personnel	Area	speed)
1-LBVI	2016-04-25	6:51 AM–9:52 AM	PS	3	57–61°F; 70–80% cc; 0-2 to 0-1 mph wind
1-LBVI	2016-04-27	6:02 AM-11:00 AM	KS	1A	55–62°F; 10–40% cc; 1-5 mph wind
1-LBVI	2016-04-28	6:02 AM-11:00 AM	KS	1B	55–58°F; 100% cc; 3-5 mph wind
1-LBVI	2016-05-04	6:28 AM-11:06 AM	CF	2	64–69°F; 0–100% cc; 0 mph wind
2-LBVI	2016-05-09	6:00 AM-10:59 AM	KS	1A	64–66°F; 90–100% cc; 2-3 mph wind
2-LBVI	2016-05-09	7:20 AM-10:16 AM	PS	3	63–68°F; 40–80% cc; 0-1 mph wind
2-LBVI	2016-05-10	6:04 AM-11:00 AM	KS	1B	64–70°F; 100% cc; 1 mph wind
2-LBVI 1-SWFL	2016-05-17	4:50 AM-10:35 AM	JP	2	57–65°F; 100% cc; 0-1 to 1-4 mph wind
3-LBVI 1-SWFL	2016-05-19	5:58 AM-10:31 AM	BO	1B	53–64°F; 100% cc; 0-1 mph wind
3-LBVI 1-SWFL	2016-05-19	5:40 AM-11:00 AM	PL	1A	56–67°F; 100% cc; 0 to 1-4 mph wind
1-SWFL	2016-05-19	5:54 AM-11:09 AM	AH	3	61–75°F; 30–100% cc; 2-3 mph wind
3-LBVI 2- SWFL	2016-06-01	5:00 AM-11:00 AM	JP	2	54–65°F; 100% cc; 0-1 to 1-4 mph wind
2- SWFL	2016-06-02	5:04 AM-10:08 AM	AH	3	57–75°F; 0% cc; 2-3 mph wind

 Table 2

 Vireo and Flycatcher Survey Schedule and Conditions

Subject: 2016 Focused Least Bell's Vireo and Southwestern Willow Flycatcher Survey Report for the Pure Water San Diego Program North City Project, County of San Diego, California

Survey Pass #/ Focus	Date	Hours	Personnel	Survey Area	Conditions (temperature, cloud cover, wind speed)
4-LBVI 2- SWFL	2016-06-03	5:50 AM-11:00 AM	PL	1A	58–76°F; 0–100% cc; 0-1 to 2-5 mph wind
4-LBVI 2- SWFL	2016-06-04	6:03 AM-10:50 AM	BO	1B	63–85°F; 70% cc; 0-1 mph wind
3-LBVI	2016-06-06	7:25 AM-10:15 AM	PS	3	64–72°F; 10–100% cc; 0-2 mph wind
5-LBVI 3- SWFL	2016-06-16	5:50 AM-11:00 AM	PL	1A	62–79°F; 0–10% cc; 0-1 to 1-4 mph wind
4-LBVI	2016-06-17	6:57 AM-10:05 AM	PS	3	64–79°F; 0–10% cc; 0-2 mph wind
5-LBVI 3- SWFL	2016-06-17	5:14 AM-10:32 AM	BO	1B	60–75°F; 20% cc; 0 mph wind
4-LBVI 3- SWFL	2016-06-17	5:00 AM-11:00 AM	JP	2	50–85°F; 0–10% cc; 0-2 to 1-3 mph wind
3- SWFL	2016-06-17	5:08 AM-10:09 AM	AH	3	64–75°F; 30–70% cc; 2-3 mph wind
6-LBVI	2016-06-26	6:08 AM-11:02 AM	MP	1A	66–80°F; 0–10% cc; 1-2 mph wind
6-LBVI	2016-06-27	6:00 AM-11:02 AM	MP	1B	67–78°F; 10% cc; 1-2 mph wind
5-LBVI	2016-06-27	6:05 AM-10:46 AM	PS	3	66–82°F; 0–50% cc; 0-2 mph wind
5-LBVI 4- SWFL	2016-06-30	5:00 AM-11:00 AM	JP	2	62–80°F; 0–100% cc; 0-1 to 3-6 mph wind
4- SWFL	2016-07-01	5:33 AM-10:10 AM	AH	3	65–73°F; 0–100% cc; 2 mph wind
7-LBVI 4- SWFL	2016-07-05	5:31 AM-10:48 AM	BO	1B	65–82°F; 0–100% cc; 5 mph wind
7-LBVI 4- SWFL	2016-07-07	5:50 AM-11:00 AM	PL	1A	63–74°F; 0–100% cc; 0 to 1-5 mph wind
6-LBVI	2016-07-08	6:05 AM-10:54 AM	PS	3	64–77°F; 0–100% cc; 0-2 mph wind
6-LBVI 5- SWFL	2016-07-11	5:00 AM-11:00 AM	JP	2	64–76°F; 0–100% cc; 1-4 to 1-5 mph wind
5- SWFL	2016-07-14	5:30 AM-10:15 AM	AH	3	66–70°F; 50–100% cc; 1 mph wind
8-LBVI 5- SWFL	2016-07-15	5:53 AM-11:05 AM	BO	1B	65–77°F; 0–100% cc; 0-3 mph wind
8-LBVI 5- SWFL	2016-07-17	6:00 AM-11:00 AM	PL	1A	64–77°F; 0–100% cc; 0-1 to 2-6 mph wind
7-LBVI	2016-07-20	6:12 AM-10:39 AM	PS	3	64–82°F; 10–100% cc; 0-2 mph wind
7-LBVI	2016-07-21	6:00 AM-11:03 AM	MP	2	65–86°F; 10% cc; 1-2 to 2-3 mph wind
8-LBVI	2016-07-31	5:57 AM-11:57 AM	EB	3	69.3–85.1°F; 0–100% cc; 0-0.6 mph wind
8-LBVI	2016-07-31	6:20 AM-11:25 AM	CF	2	68–86°F; 0–100% cc; 0 mph wind

 Table 2

 Vireo and Flycatcher Survey Schedule and Conditions

Notes: LBVI = least Bell's vireo; SWFL = Southwestern willow flycatcher; AH = Anita Hayworth; BO = Brock Ortega; CF = Callie Ford; EB = Erin Bergman; JP = Jeff Priest; KS = Kevin Shaw; MP = Marshall Paymard; PL = Paul Lemons; PS = Patricia Schuyler; cc = cloud cover; mph = miles per hour; $^{\circ}$ F = degrees Fahrenheit.

Recovery Permit Coordinator

Subject: 2016 Focused Least Bell's Vireo and Southwestern Willow Flycatcher Survey Report for the Pure Water San Diego Program North City Project, County of San Diego, California

As directed by Stacey Love, United States Fish & Wildlife Service (USFWS) Recovery Permit Coordinator (via email sent on April 27, 2016), surveys for vireo and flycatcher were not conducted concurrently. Due to differences in detectability, surveys were conducted sequentially, with surveys for the flycatcher first (i.e., first thing in the morning) and surveys for the vireo conducted afterwards. Additionally, for linear survey routes within a riparian corridor: flycatchers were surveyed from the starting point to the end, and vireos were surveyed on the way back. This route was arranged to cover all suitable habitat on site (depicted on Figure 3). A vegetation map (1:2,400 scale; 1 inch=200 feet) of the study area was available to record any detected vireo or flycatcher. Binoculars (7×50, 10×42, 10×50) were used to aid in detecting and identifying wildlife species.

The five surveys conducted for flycatcher followed the currently accepted protocol (*A Natural History Summary and Survey Protocol for the Southwestern Willow Flycatcher* [Sogge et al. 2010]), which states that a minimum of five survey visits is needed to evaluate project effects on flycatchers. It is recommended that one survey is made between May 15 and 31, two surveys between June 1 and June 24, and two surveys between June 25 and July 17. Surveys during the final period (June 25 and July 17) were separated by at least five days. A tape of recorded flycatcher vocalizations was used, approximately every 50 to 100 feet within suitable habitat, to induce flycatcher responses. If a flycatcher had been detected, playing of the tape would have ceased to avoid harassment.

A Section 10(a)(1)(A) permit is not required to conduct presence/absence surveys for vireo. The eight surveys for vireo followed the currently accepted *Least Bell's Vireo Survey Guidelines* (USFWS, 2001), which states that a minimum of eight survey visits should be made to all riparian areas and any other potential vireo habitats between April 10 and July 31. The site visits are required to be conducted at least 10 days apart to maximize the detection of early and late arrivals, females, non-vocal birds, and nesting pairs. Taped playback of vireo vocalizations were not used during the surveys. Surveys were conducted between dawn and noon and were not conducted during periods of excessive or abnormal cold, heat, wind, rain, or other inclement weather.

Weather conditions, time of day, and season were appropriate for the detection of flycatcher and vireo (Table 2).

RESULTS

Ten (10) vireo Use Areas were observed on several occasions during the 2016 survey effort. Observed vireo use areas are defined as the specific areas of habitat that each vireo was observed

utilizing throughout the 2016 survey effort. All vireos detected within the study area were adult males, either singing or directly observed, and are shown in Figures 3a through 3n. Due to the long linear project alignment and fragmented suitable habitat areas to be accessed throughout the alignment, long periods of time were not spent at each vireo location to determine behavior (i.e., paired, unpaired, breeding status) of each individual vireo.

A one-time observation of willow flycatcher (*Empidonax traillii*) was observed by biologist Brock Ortega on May 19, 2016 (Figure 3f). The flycatcher was vocal, responding to taped playback, with no breeding behavior observed during this observation. According to Sogge (2010), because this flycatcher was observed during Period 1 (May 15 to 31) was not observed again during all remaining survey visits, it is not expected to be a southwestern willow flycatcher breeding within the study area.

Sensitive species observed included coastal California gnatcatcher (*Polioptila californica californica*), a federally listed threatened species; yellow-breasted chat (*Icteria virens*), a California Department of Fish and Wildlife (CDFW) Species of Special Concern; yellow warbler (*Dendroica petechia*), a CDFW Species of Special Concern; southwestern pond turtle (*Actinemys marmorata pallida*), a CDFW Species of Special Concern; Cooper's hawk (*Accipiter cooperii*), a CDFW Watch List species; and Nuttall's woodpecker (*Picoides nuttallii*), a USFWS Bird of Conservation Concern. Sensitive species observation locations are shown in Figures 3a through 3n. Brown-headed cowbird was also detected within the study area (Figure 3m).

One hundred twenty-seven wildlife species were observed during the focused surveys. A full list of wildlife species observed during the survey is provided in Appendix A. Data forms (Sogge et al. 2010) for willow flycatcher are included as Appendix B.

Please feel free to contact me at 760.479.4238 with questions or if you require additional information.

I certify that the information in this survey report and attached exhibits fully and accurately represent my work.

Sincerely,

NIN

Paul Lemons Wildlife Biologist

Brock Ortega Permit #TE813545-6

Recovery Permit Coordinator Subject: 2016 Focused Least Bell's Vireo and Southwestern Willow Flycatcher Survey Report for the Pure Water San Diego Program North City Project, County of San Diego, California

Jeffrey D. Priest

Permit #TE840619

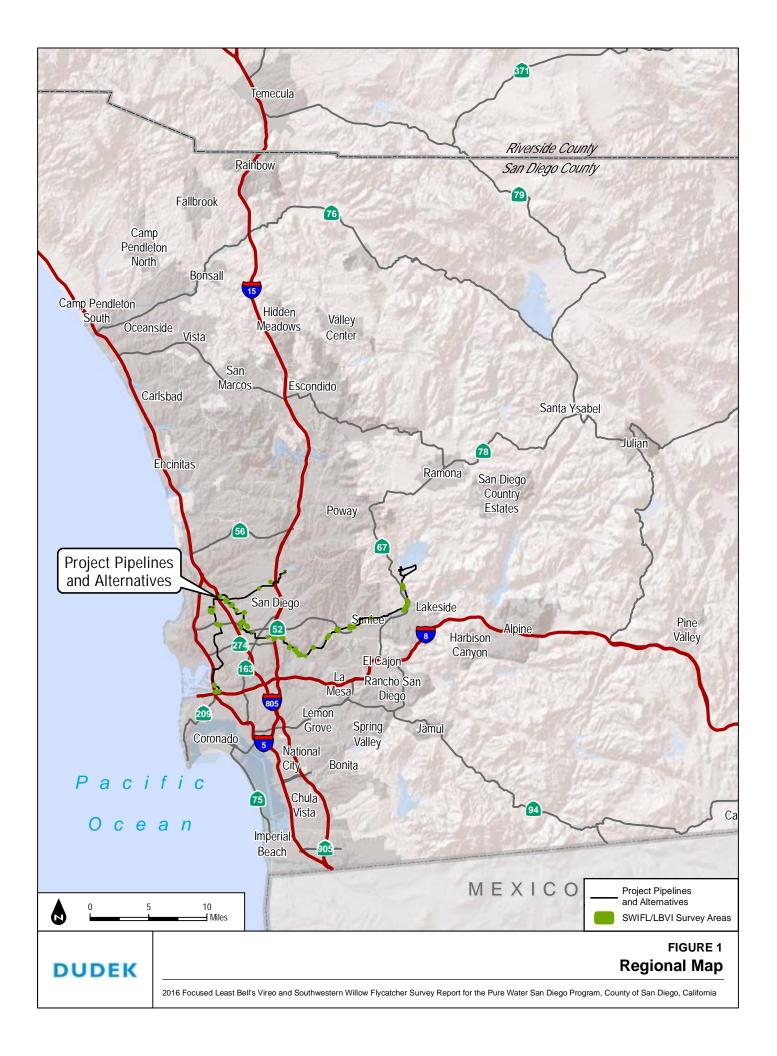
Anita Hayworth Permit #TE781084-8

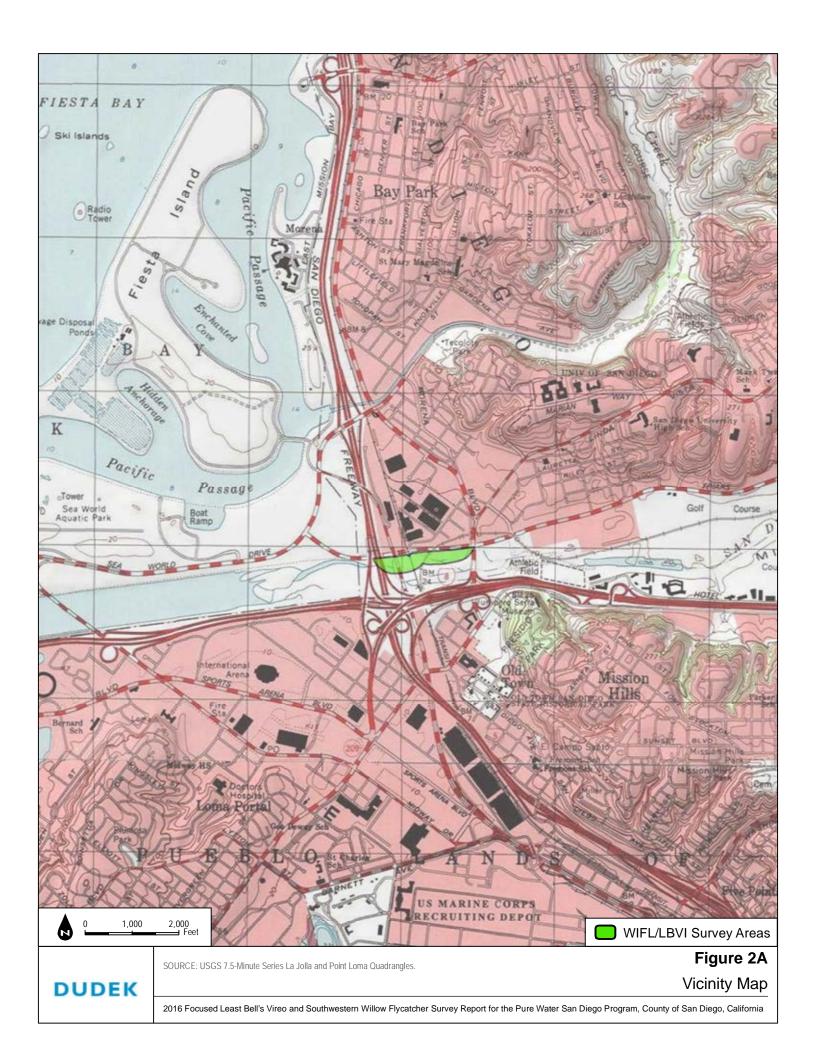
Att: Figures 1–3n Appendix A and B

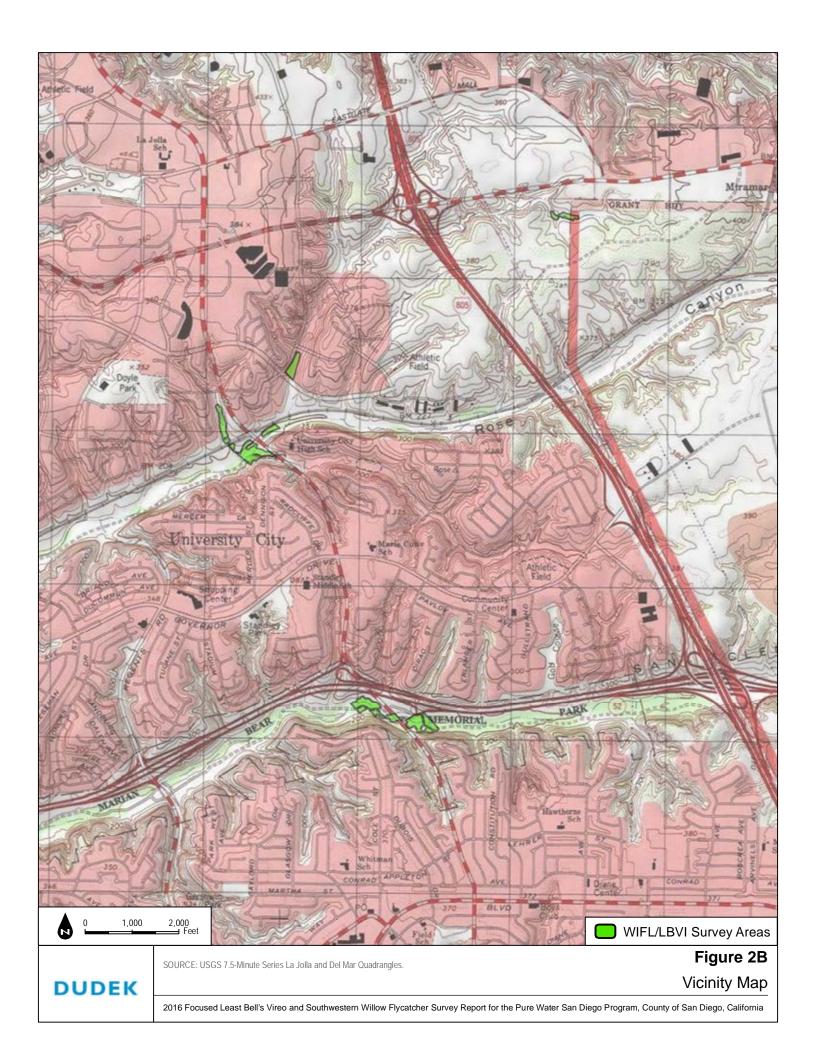
cc: Brock Ortega

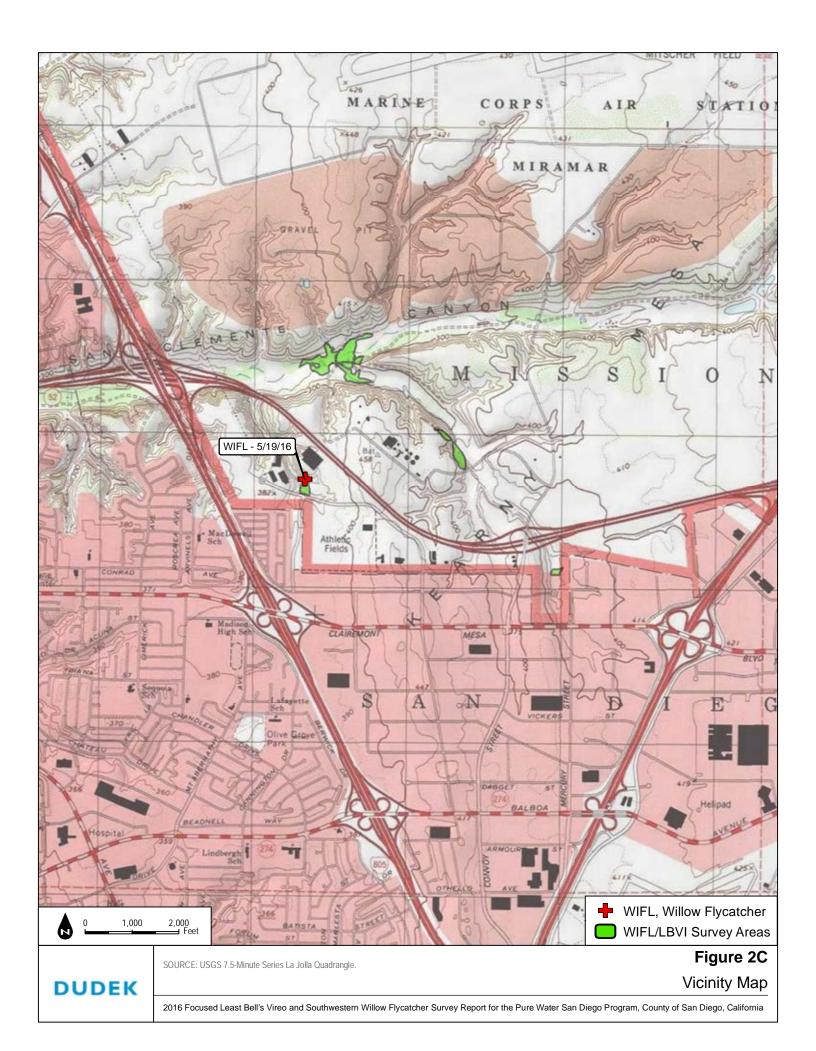
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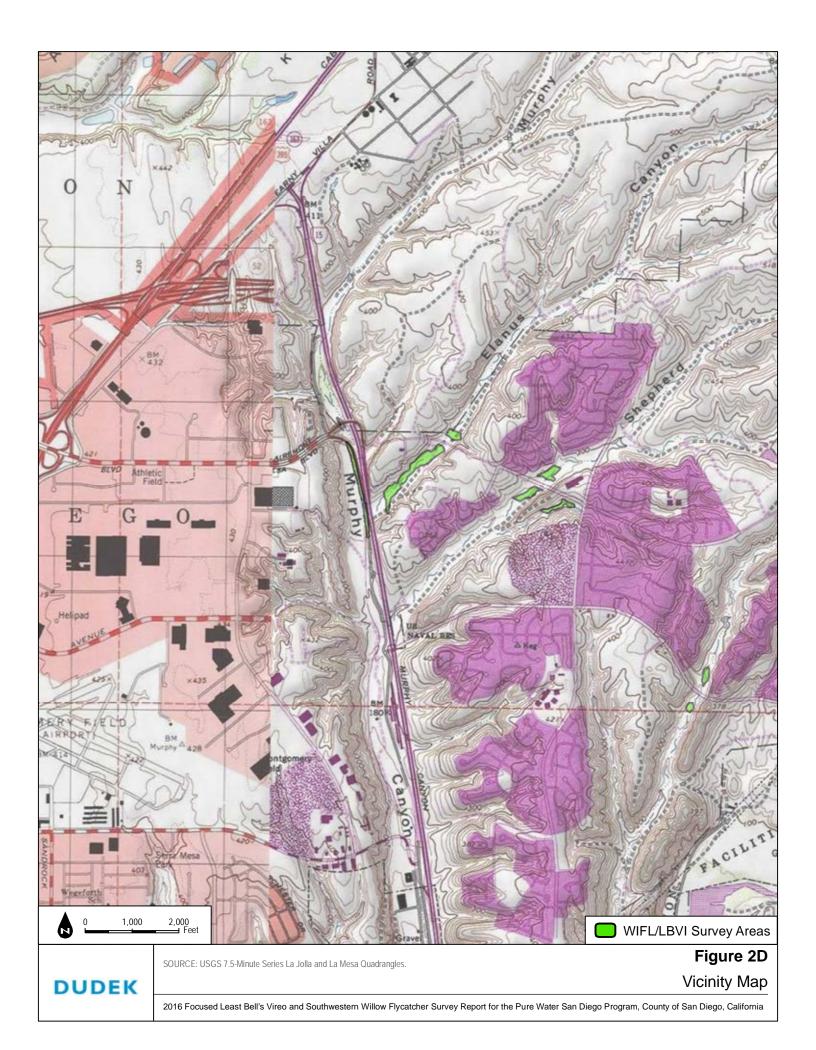
- Oberbauer, Thomas, Meghan Kelly, and Jeremy Buegge. March 2008. Draft Vegetation Communities of San Diego County. Based on "Preliminary Descriptions of the Terrestrial Natural Communities of California", Robert F. Holland, Ph.D., October 1986.
- Sogge, M.K., Ahlers, Darrell, and Sferra, S.J., 2010. *A Natural History Summary and Survey Protocol for the Southwestern Willow Flycatcher*. U.S. Geological Survey Techniques and Methods 2A-10, 38 p.
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- USFWS. 2001. Least Bell's Vireo Survey Guidelines. January 19.

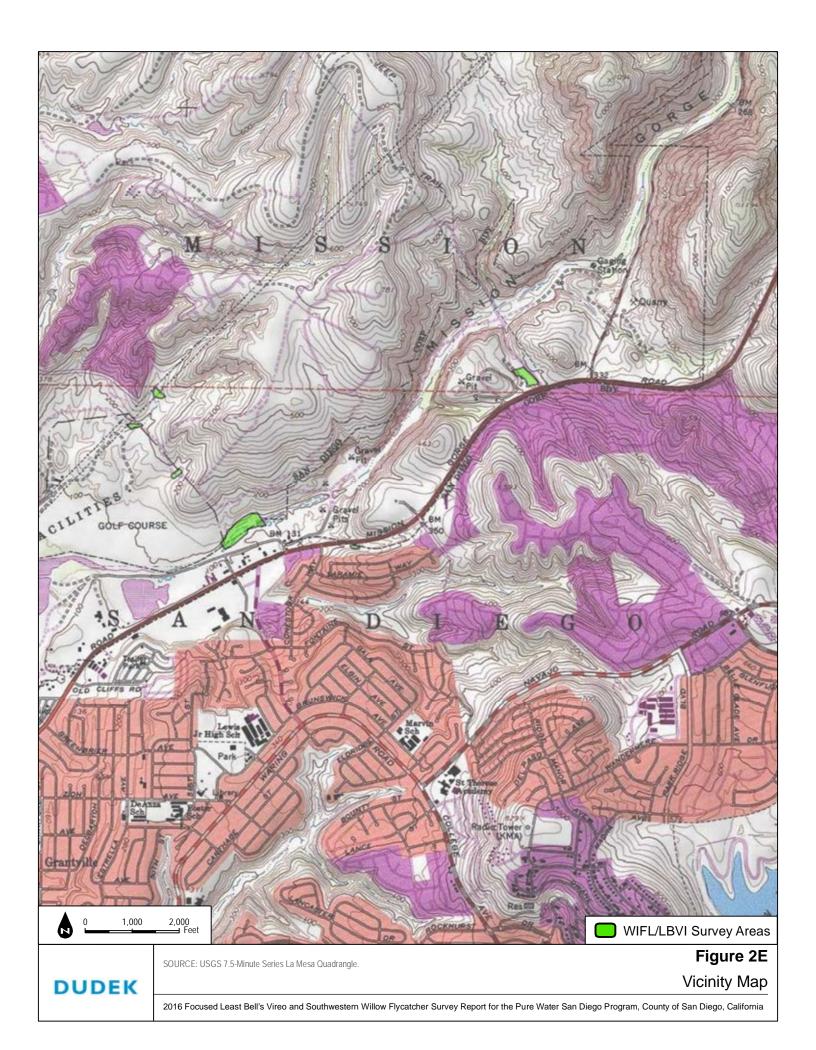


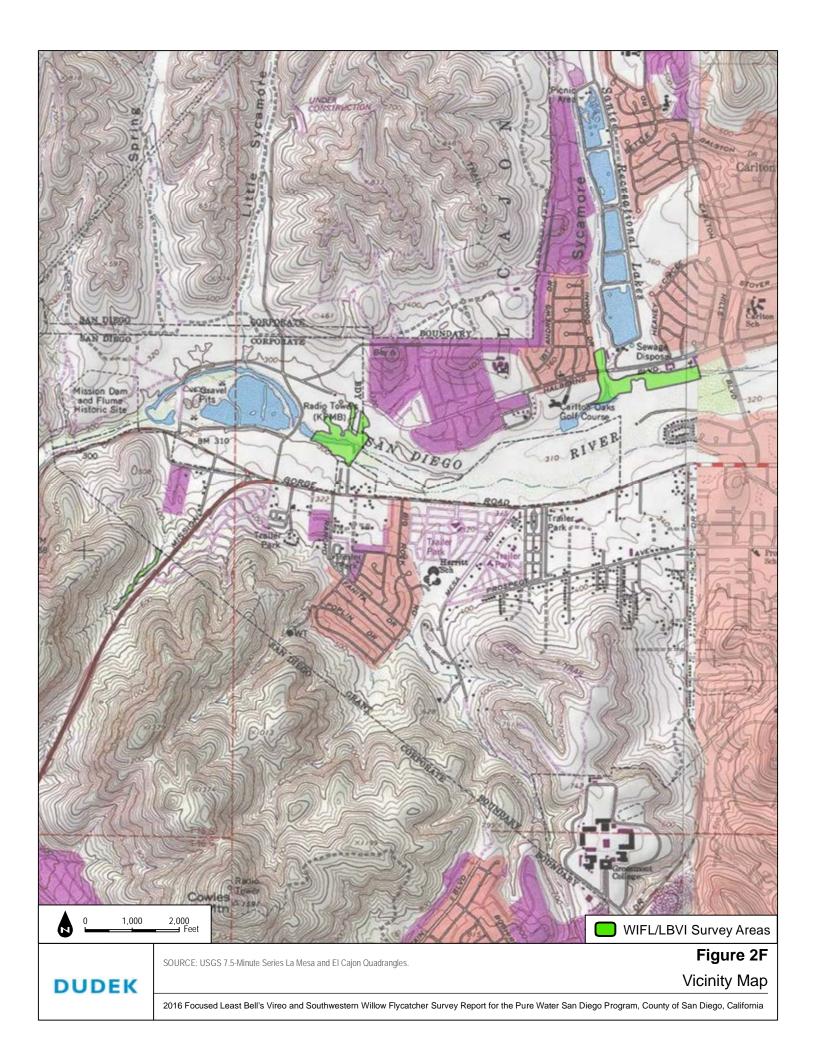


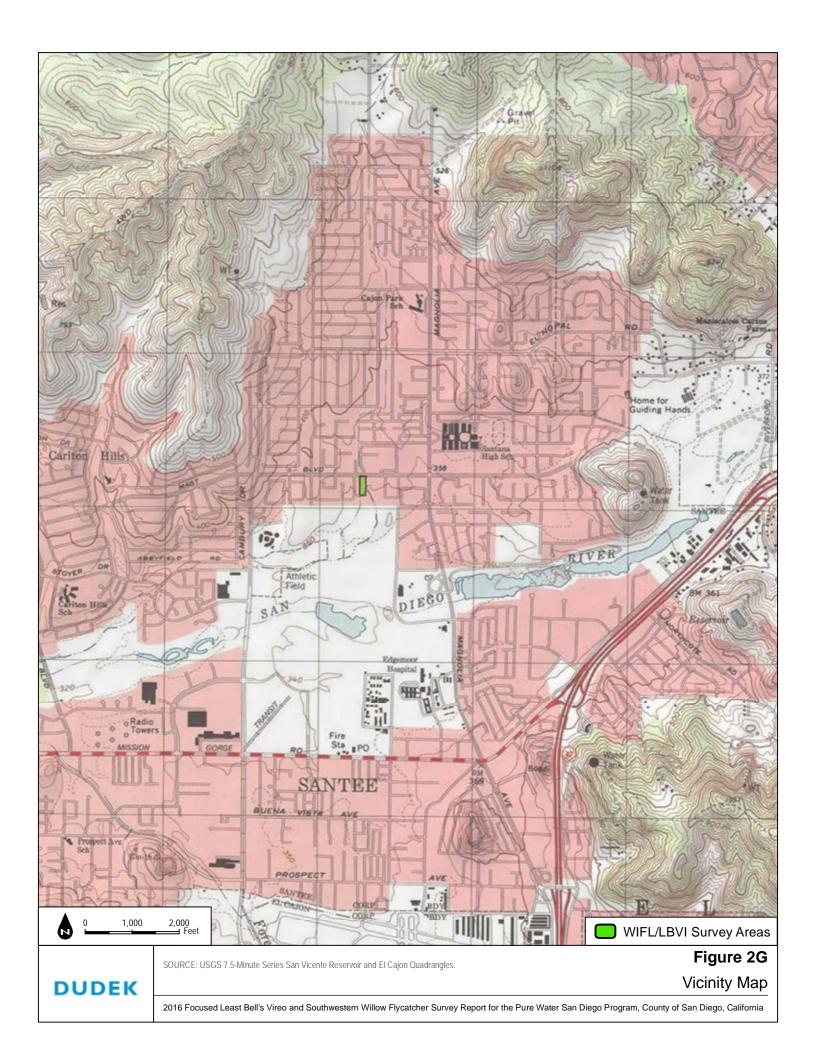


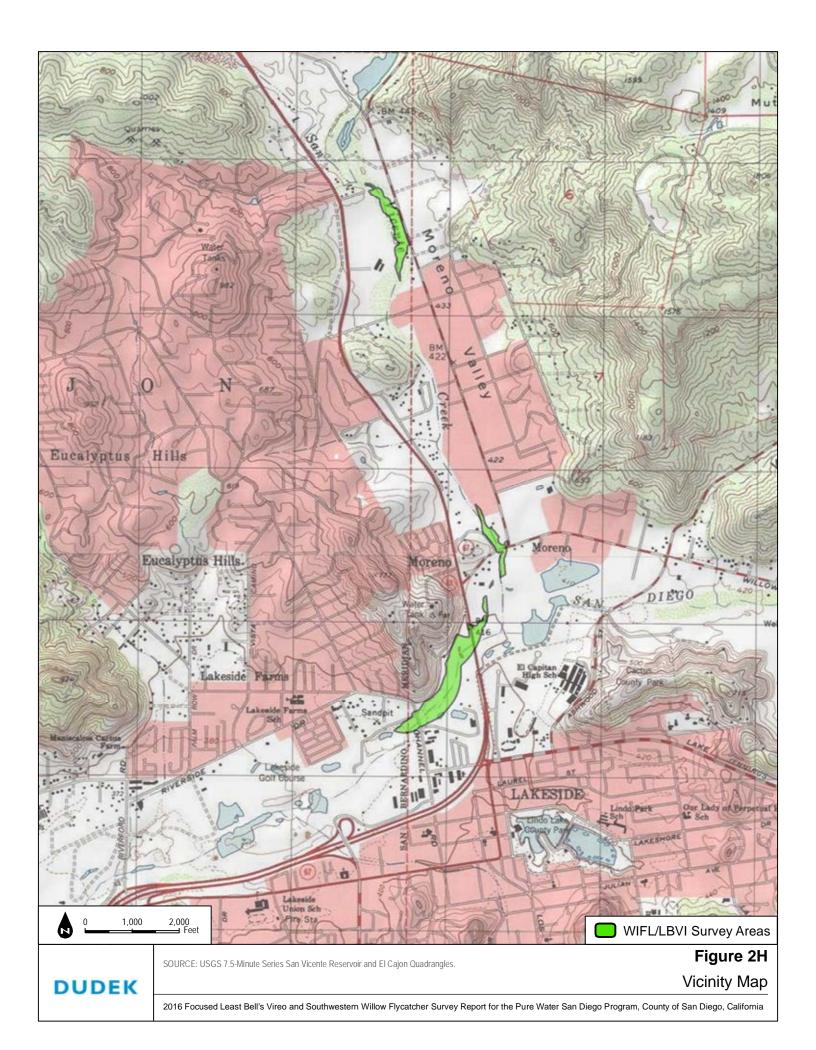


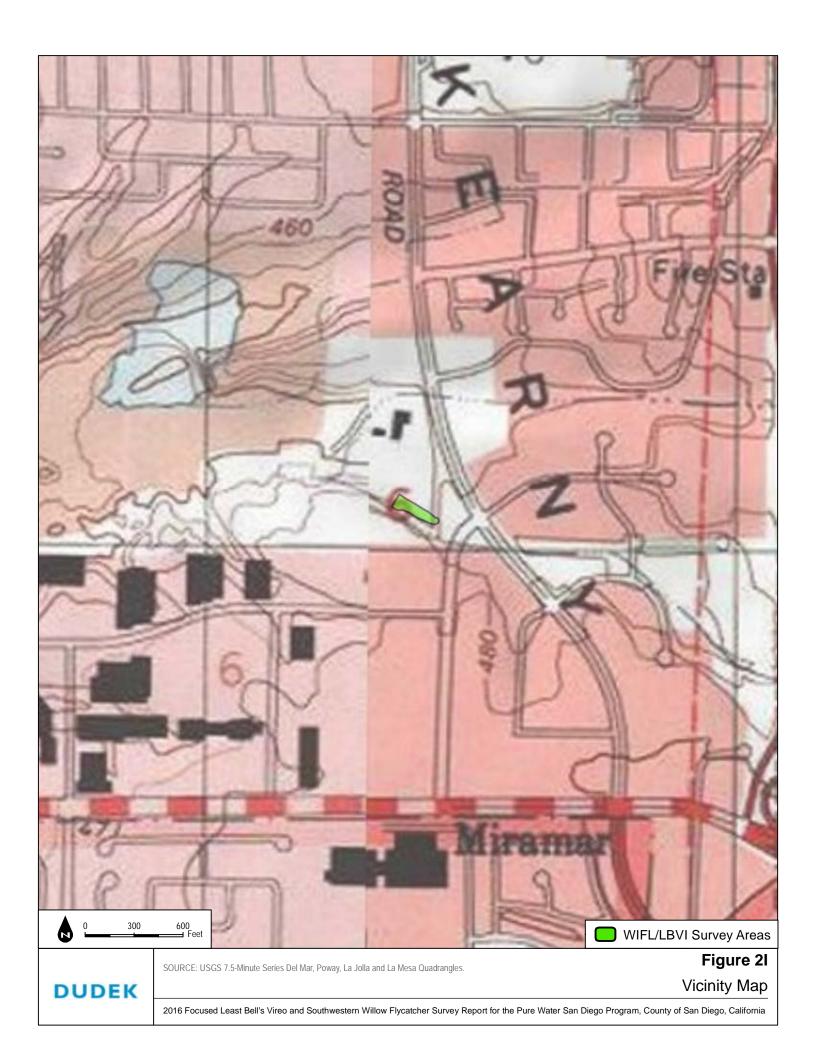


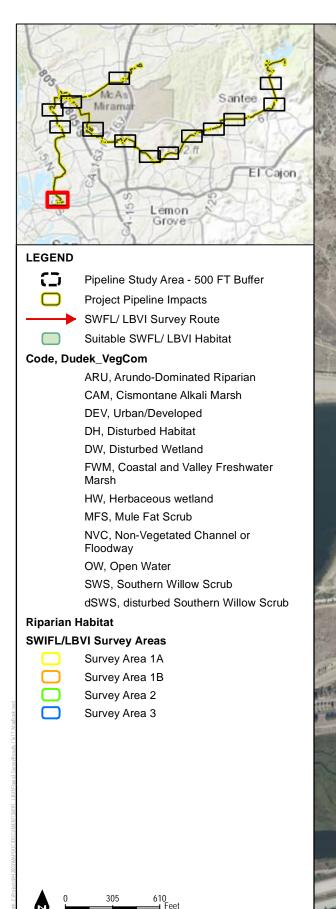














SOURCE: ESRI Word Topographic Basemap, 2016

DUDEK

2016 Focused Least Bell's Vireo and Southwestern Willow Flycatcher Survey Report for the Pure Water San Diego Program, County of San Diego, California

Figure 3a Survey Results Map



 Pipeline Study Area - 500 FT Buffer
 Project Pipeline Impacts
 SWFL/ LBVI Survey Route
 Survey Results
 Species Code, Common Name
 POTU, Southwestern pond turtle
 Suitable SWFL/ LBVI Habitat
 Code, Dudek_VegCom
 MFS, Mule Fat Scrub NVC, Non-Vegetated Channel or Floodway
 SCI O, Southers Coast Line Oals Bin

SCLO, Southern Coast Live Oak Riparian Forest SRF, Southern Riparian Forest

SWRF, Southern Arroyo Willow Riparian Forest

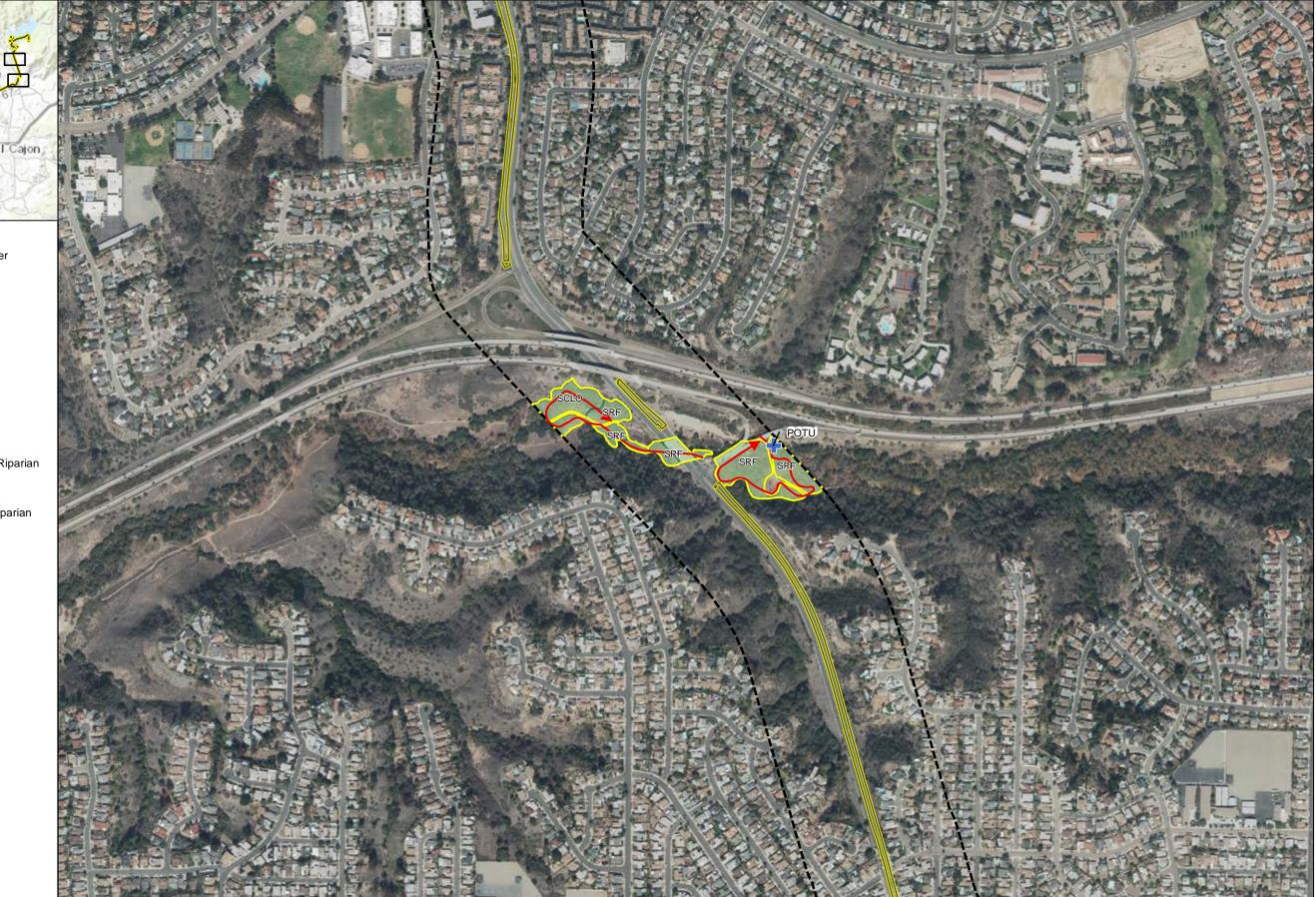
Riparian Habitat

SWIFL/LBVI Survey Areas		
	Survey Area 1A	
	Survey Area 1B	
	Survey Area 2	
	Survey Area 3	

305

DUDEK

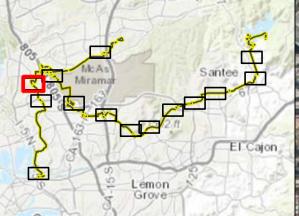
Fee



SOURCE: ESRI Word Topographic Basemap, 2016

2016 Focused Least Bell's Vireo and Southwestern Willow Flycatcher Survey Report for the Pure Water San Diego Program, County of San Diego, California

Figure 3b Survey Results Map



Pipeline Study Area - 500 FT Buffer
 Project Pipeline Impacts
 SWFL/ LBVI Survey Route
 Survey Results
 COHA,Cooper's Hawk
 YEWA,Yellow warbler
 Suitable SWFL/ LBVI Habitat

Code, Dudek_VegCom

 FWM, Coastal and Valley Freshwater

 Marsh

 SCLO, Southern Coast Live Oak Riparian

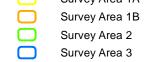
 Forest

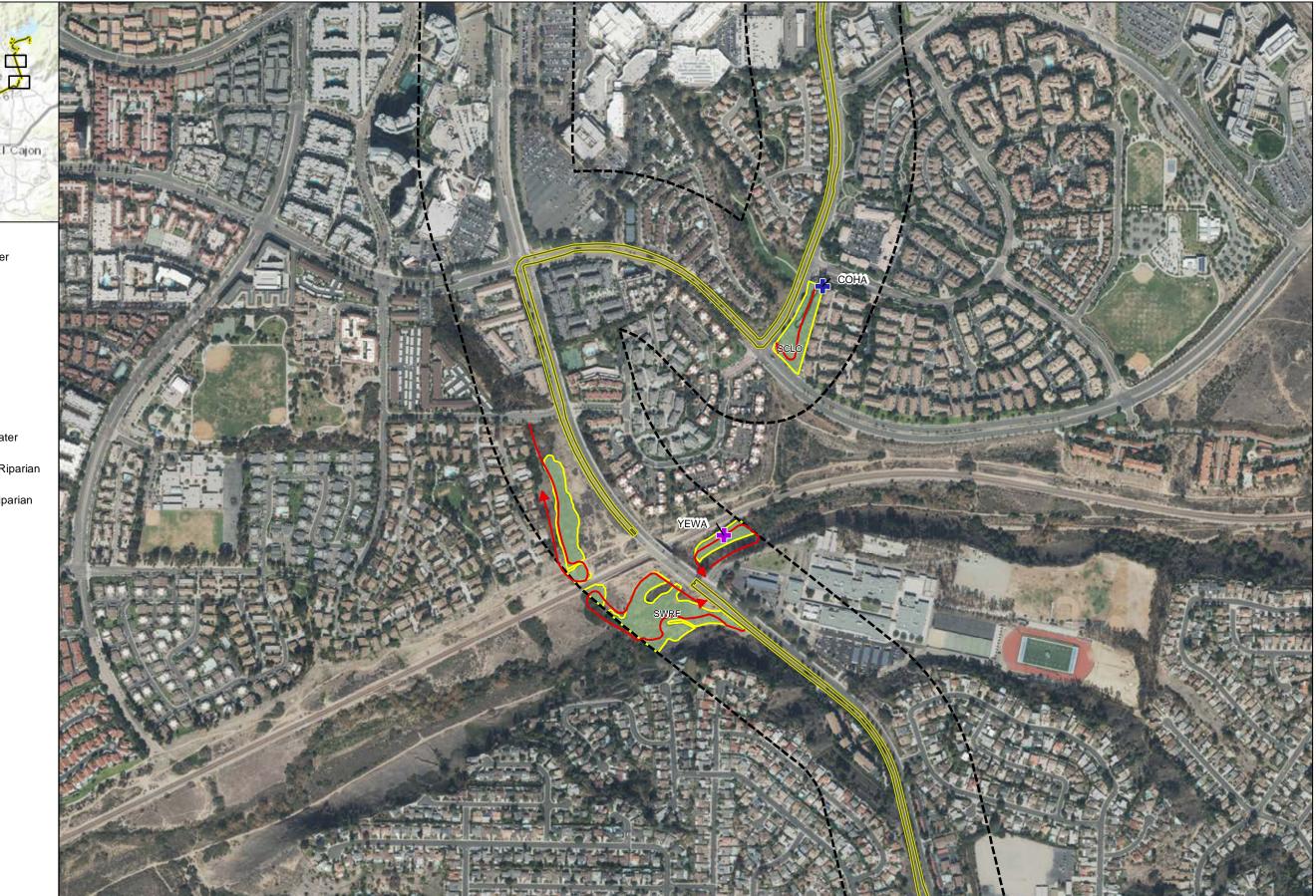
 SWRF, Southern Arroyo Willow Riparian

 Forest

 SWS, Southern Willow Scrub

Riparian Habitat
SWIFL/LBVI Survey Areas
Survey Area 1A





SOURCE: ESRI Word Topographic Basemap, 2016

610 Feet

305

DUDEK

2016 Focused Least Bell's Vireo and Southwestern Willow Flycatcher Survey Report for the Pure Water San Diego Program, County of San Diego, California

Figure 3c Survey Results Map



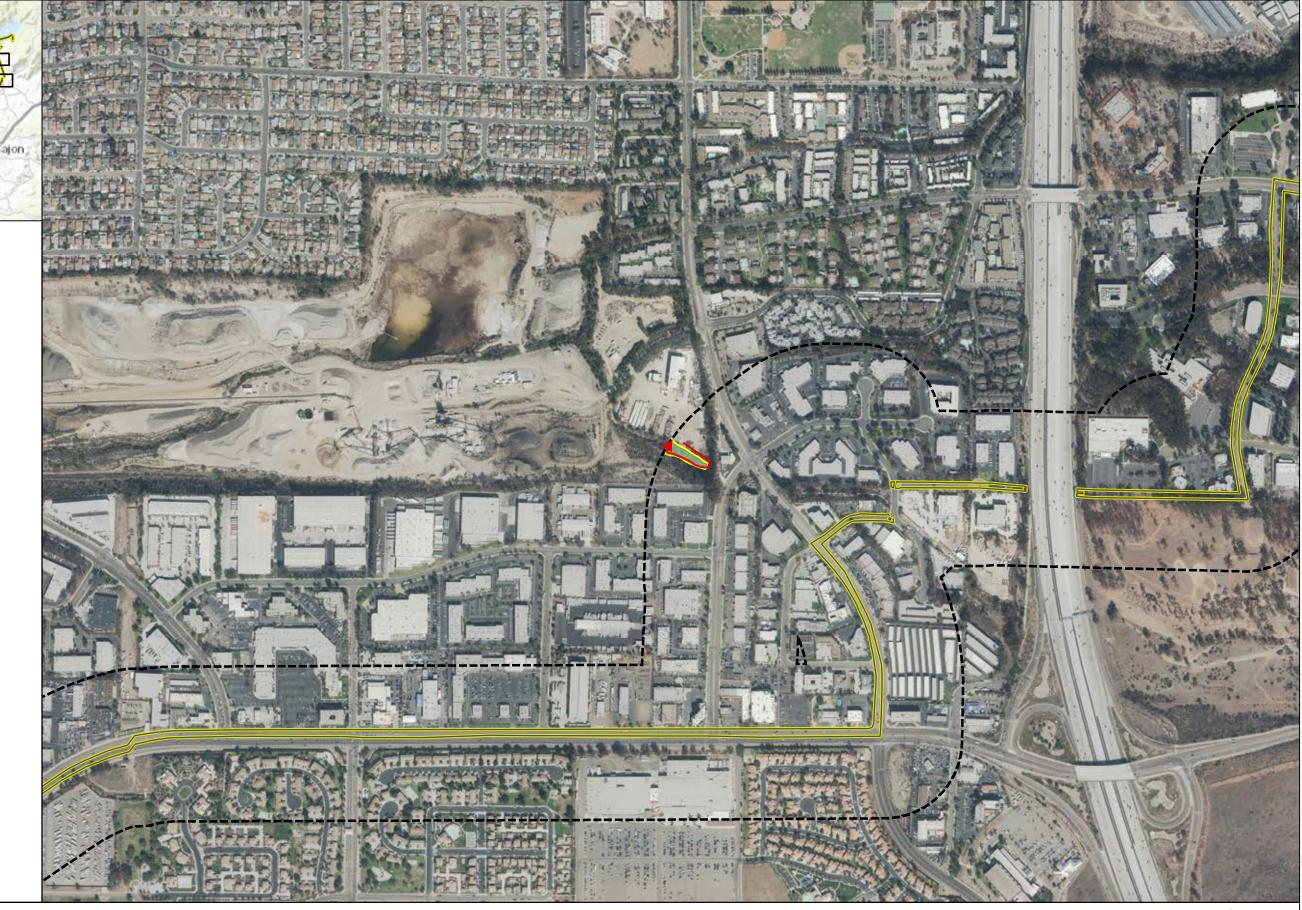


Pipeline Study Area - 500 FT Buffer
 Project Pipeline Impacts
 SWFL/ LBVI Survey Route
 Suitable SWFL/ LBVI Habitat
 Code, Dudek_VegCom
 SWS, Southern Willow Scrub

Riparian Habitat

SWIFL/LBVI Survey Areas		
	Survey Area 1A	

- Survey Area 1BSurvey Area 2
- Survey Area 3



SOURCE: ESRI Word Topographic Basemap, 2016

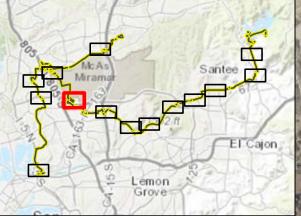
610 Feet

305

DUDEK

2016 Focused Least Bell's Vireo and Southwestern Willow Flycatcher Survey Report for the Pure Water San Diego Program, County of San Diego, California

Figure 3e Survey Results Map



Pipeline Study Area - 500 FT Buffer
 Project Pipeline Impacts
 SWFL/ LBVI Survey Route
 Survey Results
 Species Code, Common Name
 WIFL,Willow Flycatcher
 YBCH,Yellow-breasted chat
 YEWA,Yellow warbler

Suitable SWFL/ LBVI Habitat

Code, Dudek_VegCom

CSS-CHP, Coastal Sage-Chaparral Transition DH, Disturbed Habitat SARW, Southern Sycamore-Alder Riparian Woodland SMX, Southern Mixed Chaparral SRF, Southern Riparian Forest SWS, Southern Willow Scrub dSWS, disturbed Southern Willow Scrub **Riparian Habitat** SWIFL/LBVI Survey Areas Survey Area 1A Survey Area 1B Survey Area 2 Survey Area 3

> 610 Feet

305

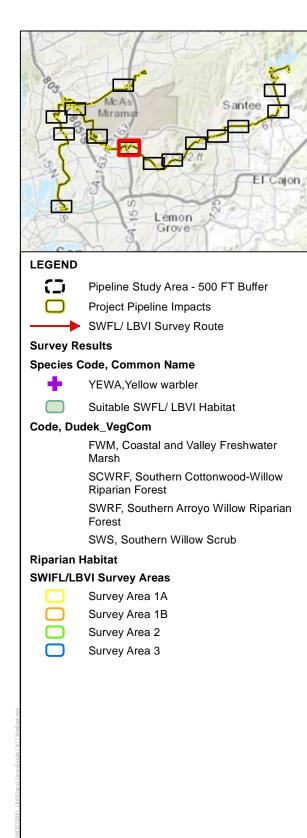
DUDEK



SOURCE: ESRI Word Topographic Basemap, 2016

2016 Focused Least Bell's Vireo and Southwestern Willow Flycatcher Survey Report for the Pure Water San Diego Program, County of San Diego, California

Figure 3f Survey Results Map





SOURCE: ESRI Word Topographic Basemap, 2016

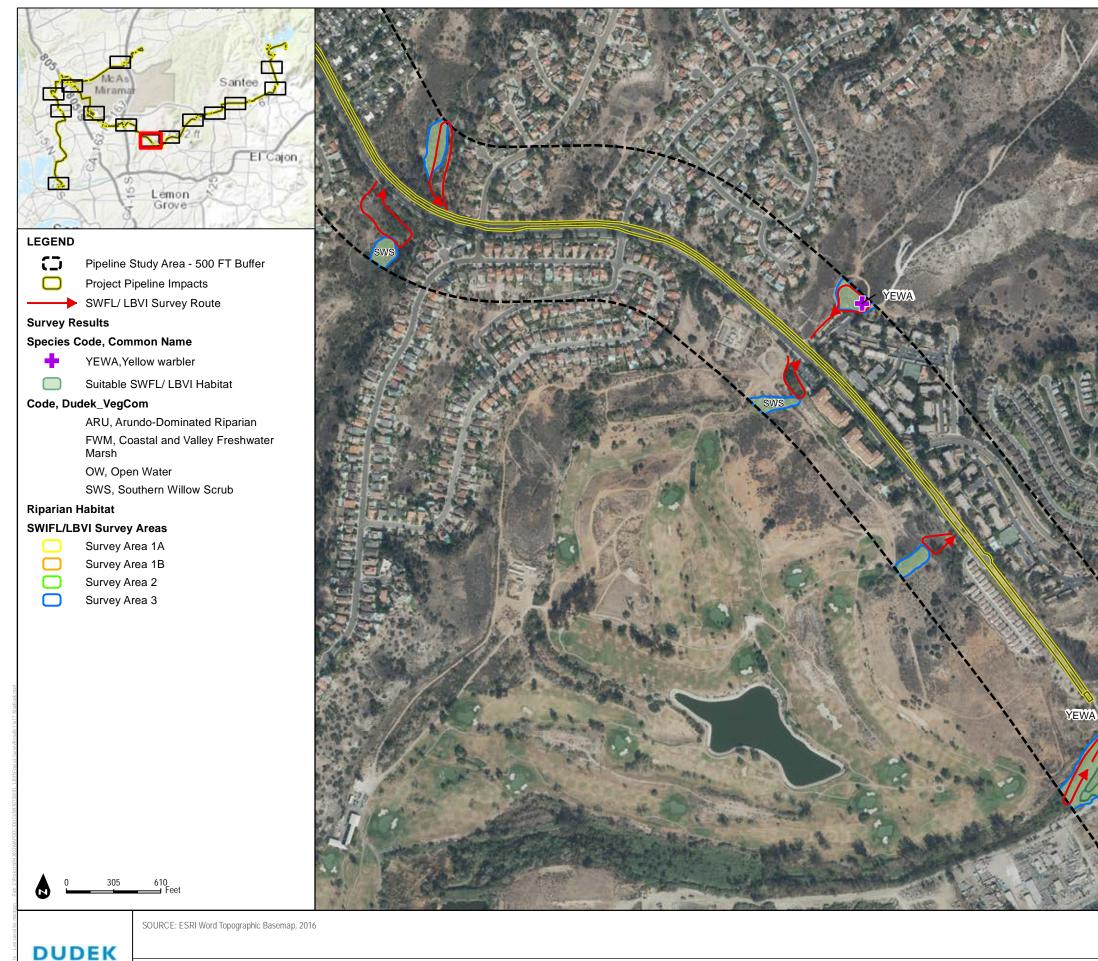
610 Feet

305

DUDEK

2016 Focused Least Bell's Vireo and Southwestern Willow Flycatcher Survey Report for the Pure Water San Diego Program, County of San Diego, California

Figure 3g Survey Results Map



2016 Focused Least Bell's Vireo and Southwestern Willow Flycatcher Survey Report for the Pure Water San Diego Program, County of San Diego, California

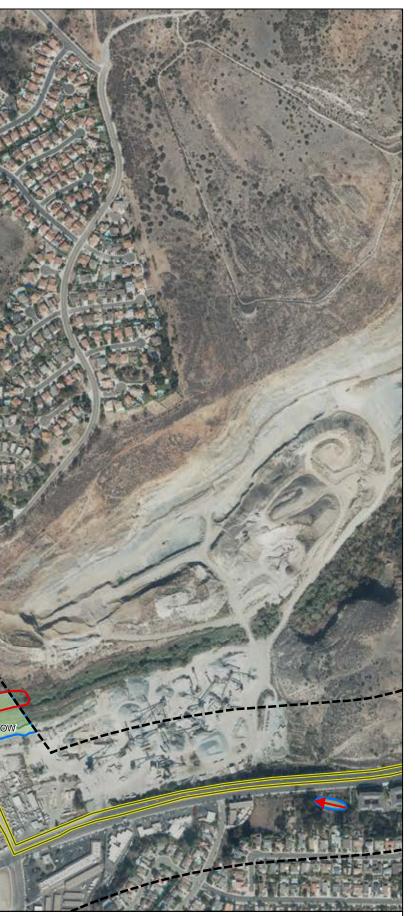
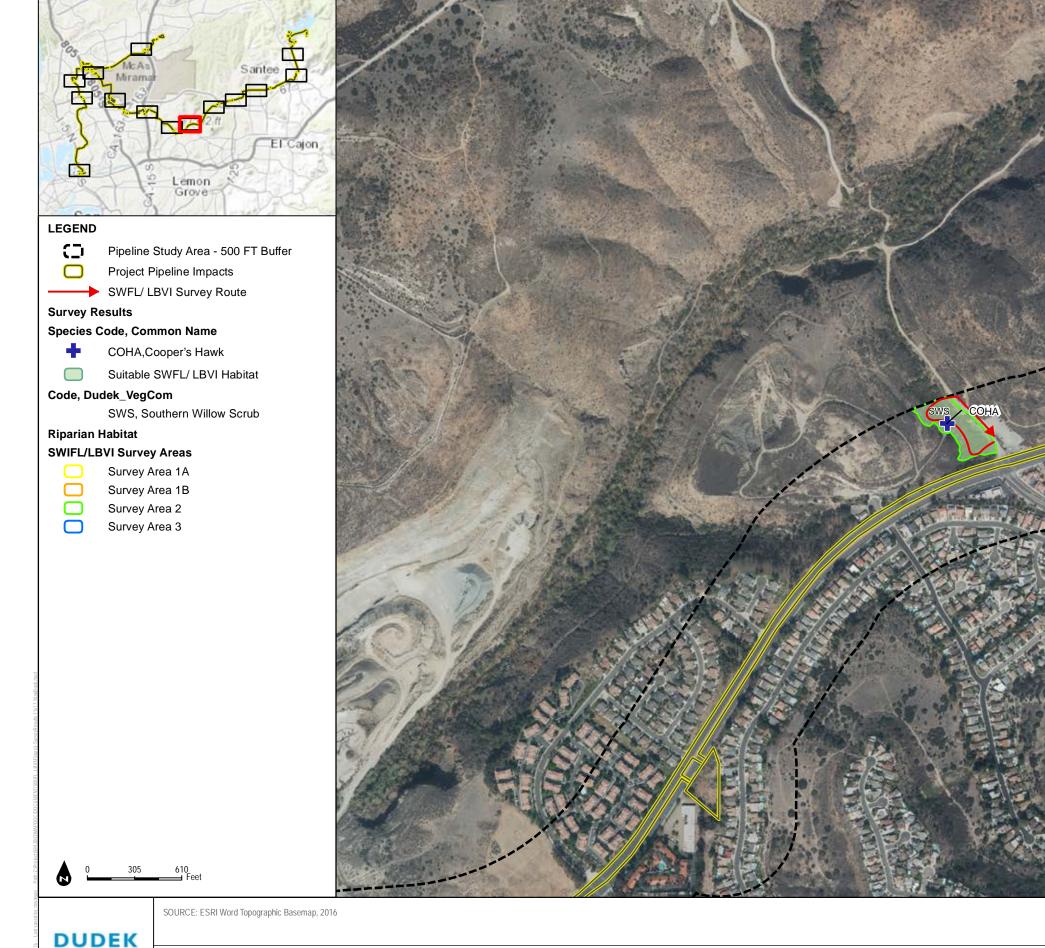


Figure 3h Survey Results Map



2016 Focused Least Bell's Vireo and Southwestern Willow Flycatcher Survey Report for the Pure Water San Diego Program, County of San Diego, California

201

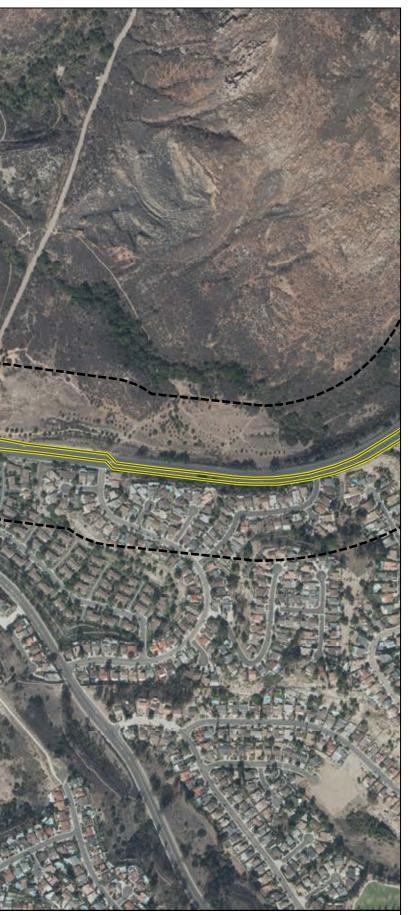
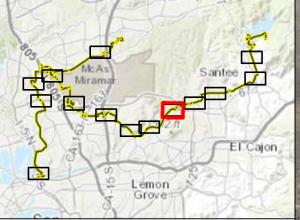


Figure 3i Survey Results Map



Pipeline Study Area - 500 FT Buffer
 Project Pipeline Impacts
 Observed LBVI Use Area
 SWFL/ LBVI Survey Route

Survey Results

Species Code, Common Name

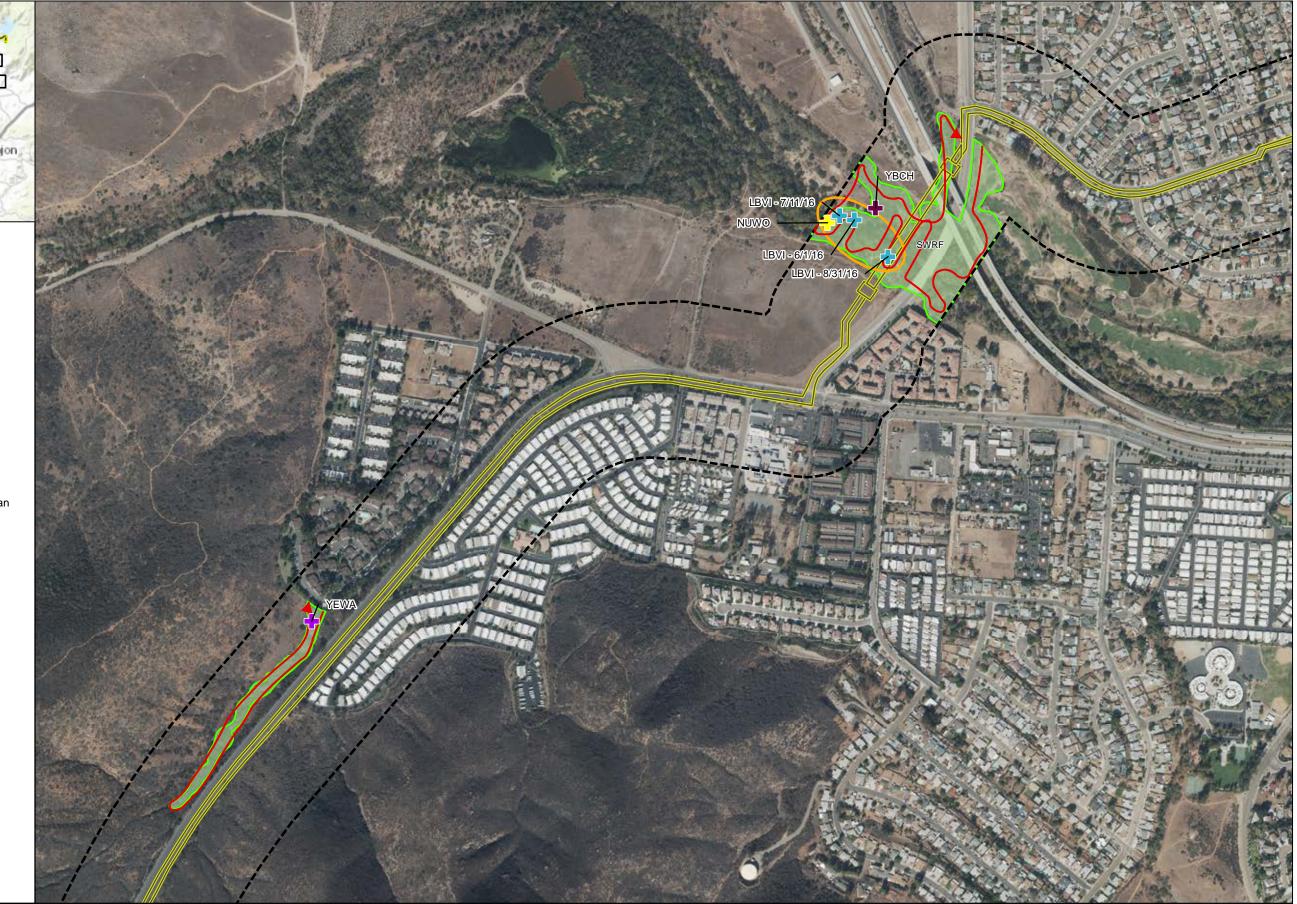
- LBVI-adult male,Least Bell's Vireo
- + NUWO,Nutall's woodpecker
- YBCH, Yellow-breasted chat
- YEWA,Yellow warbler
- Suitable SWFL/ LBVI Habitat

Code, Dudek_VegCom

SWRF, Southern Arroyo Willow Riparian Forest

Riparian Habitat

SWIFL/LBVI Survey Areas		
	Survey Area 1A	
	Survey Area 1B	
	Survey Area 2	
	Survey Area 3	



SOURCE: ESRI Word Topographic Basemap, 2016

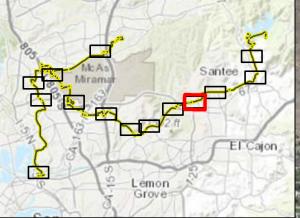
610 ⊣ Feet

305

DUDEK

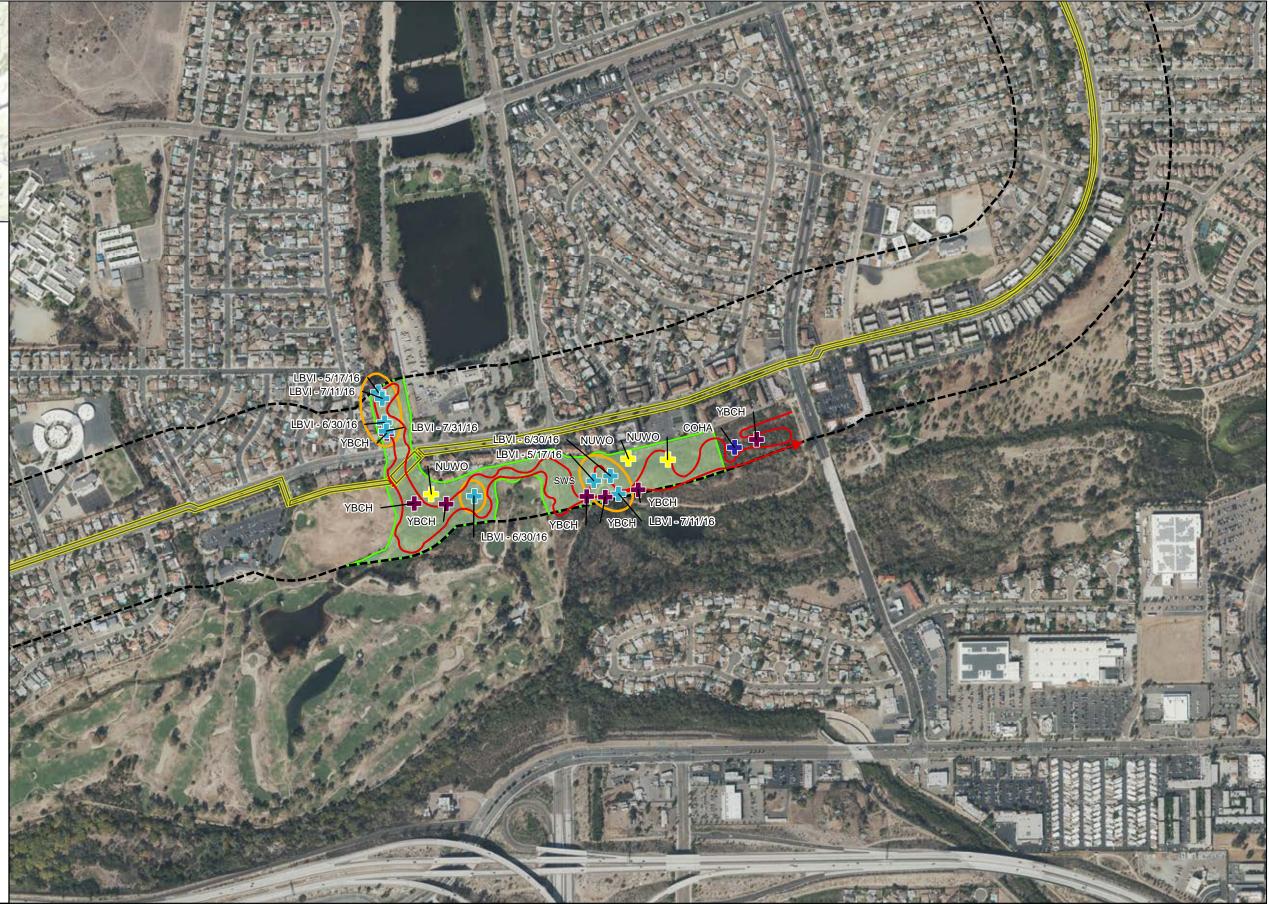
2016 Focused Least Bell's Vireo and Southwestern Willow Flycatcher Survey Report for the Pure Water San Diego Program, County of San Diego, California

Figure 3j Survey Results Map



 \odot Pipeline Study Area - 500 FT Buffer Project Pipeline Impacts Observed LBVI Use Area SWFL/ LBVI Survey Route Survey Results

Species C	ode, Common Name	
+	COHA,Cooper's Hawk	
+	LBVI-adult male,Least Bell's Vireo	
	NUWO,Nutall's woodpecker	
+	YBCH, Yellow-breasted chat	
	Suitable SWFL/ LBVI Habitat	
Code, Dudek_VegCom		
	SWS, Southern Willow Scrub	
Riparian H	labitat	
SWIFL/LB	VI Survey Areas	
	Survey Area 1A	
	Survey Area 1B	
	Survey Area 2	
	Survey Area 3	



SOURCE: ESRI Word Topographic Basemap, 2016

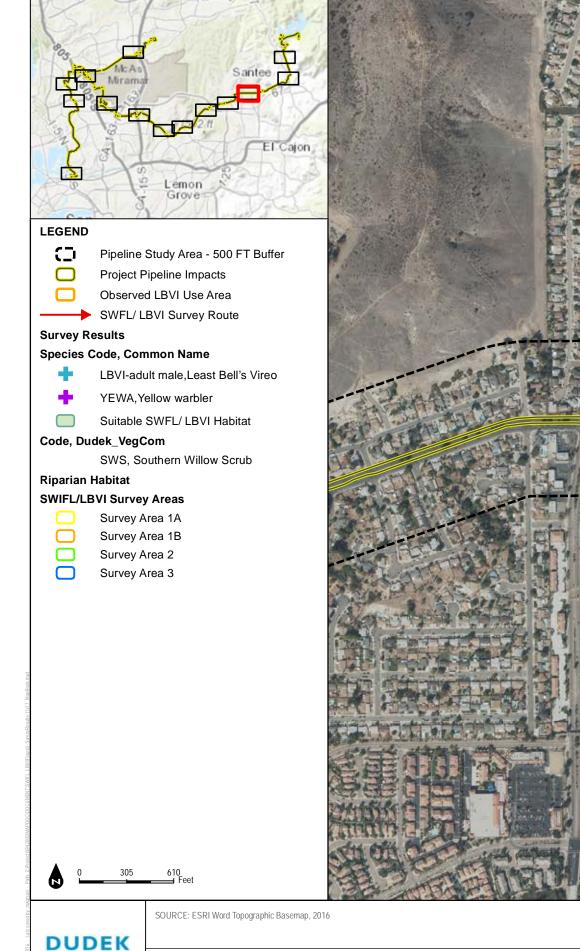
610 ⊣ Feet

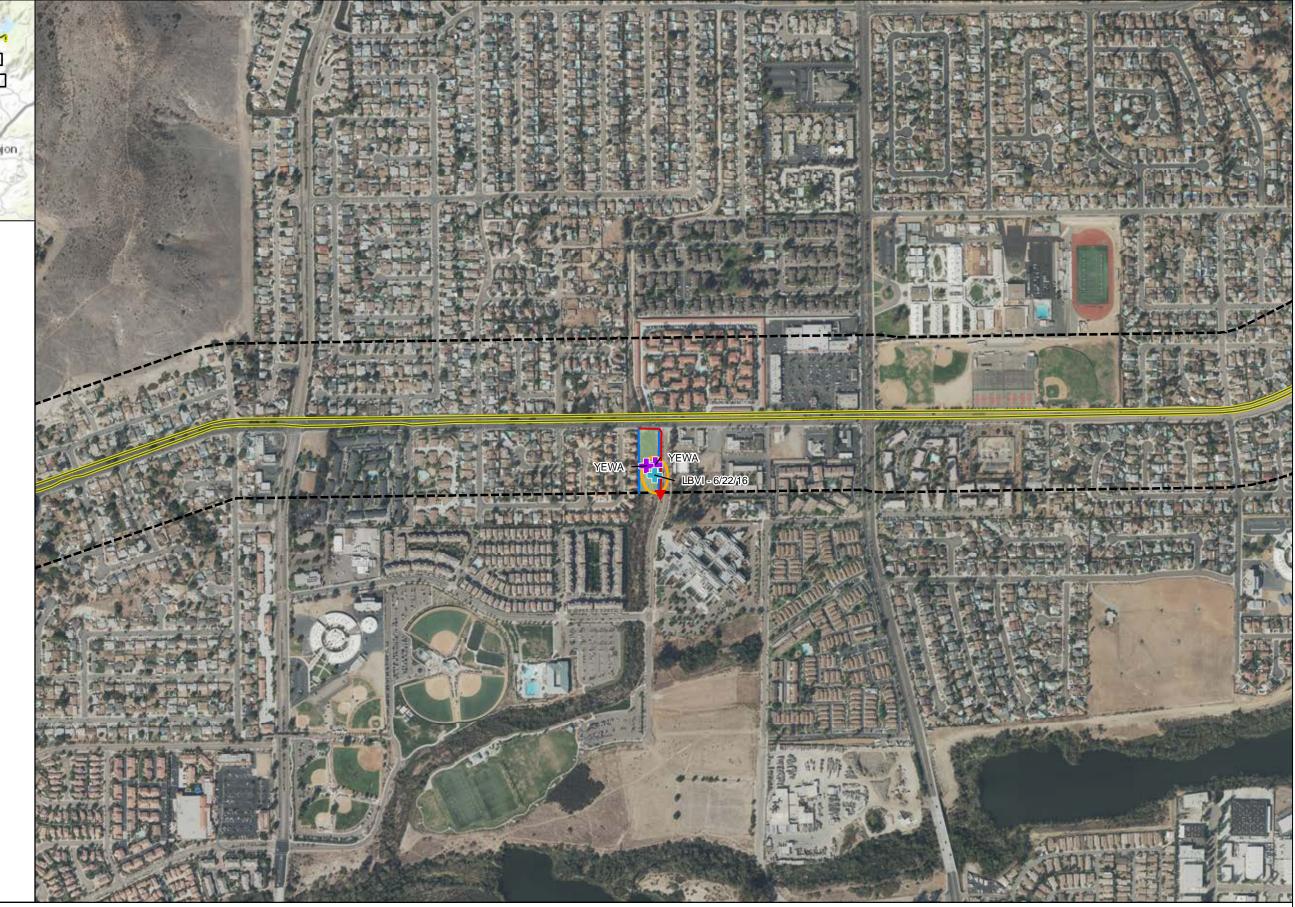
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DUDEK

2016 Focused Least Bell's Vireo and Southwestern Willow Flycatcher Survey Report for the Pure Water San Diego Program, County of San Diego, California

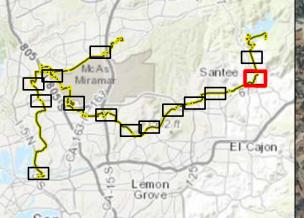
Figure 3k Survey Results Map





2016 Focused Least Bell's Vireo and Southwestern Willow Flycatcher Survey Report for the Pure Water San Diego Program, County of San Diego, California

Figure 3I Survey Results Map



Pipeline Study Area - 500 FT Buffer
 Project Pipeline Impacts
 Observed LBVI Use Area
 SWFL/ LBVI Survey Route

Survey Results

Species Code, Common Name

- BHCO,brown headed cowbird
- CAGN,California Gnatcatcher

COHA,Cooper's Hawk

- LBVI-adult male,Least Bell's Vireo
- NUWO,Nutall's woodpecker

YEWA, Yellow warbler

Suitable SWFL/ LBVI Habitat

Code, Dudek_VegCom

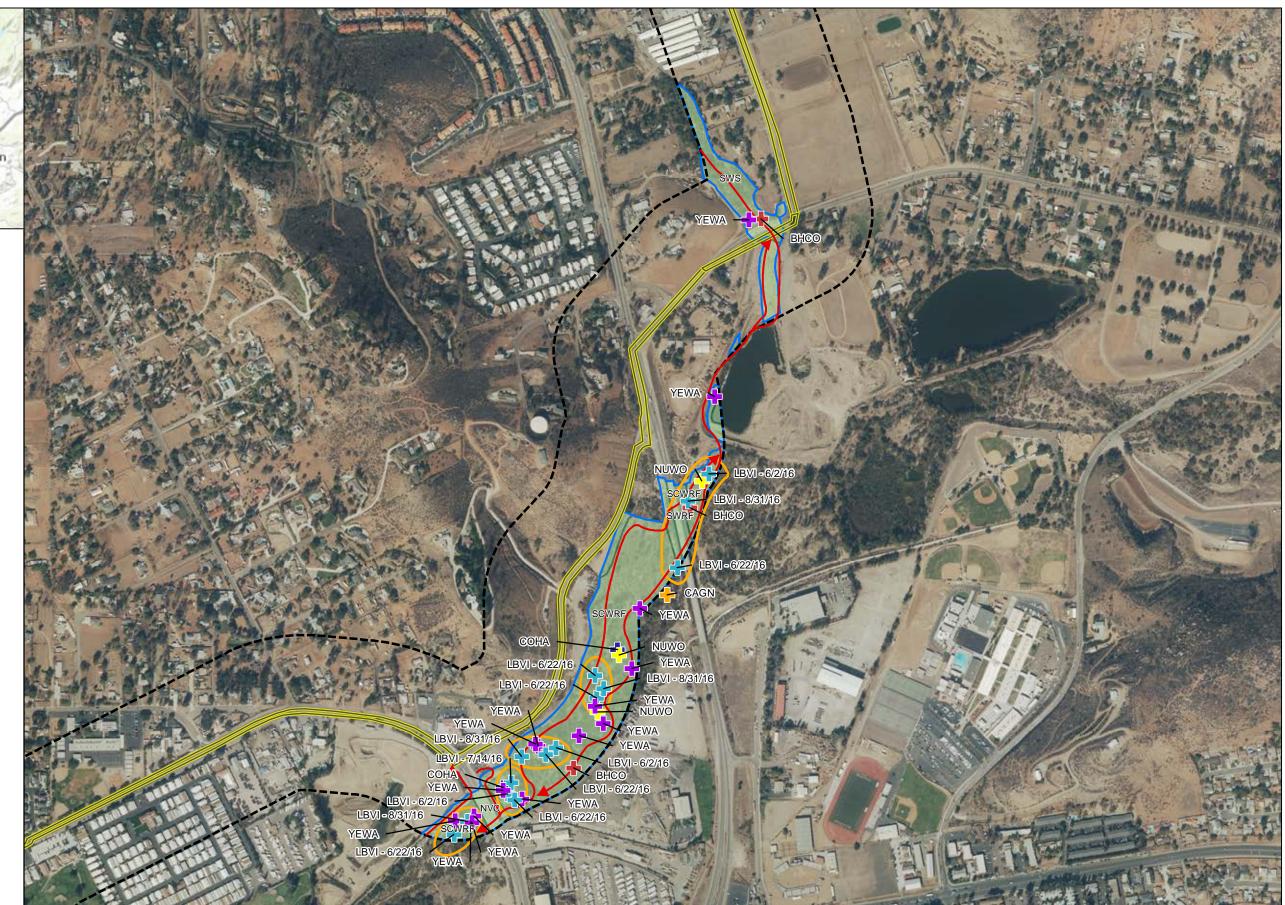
DUDEK

CSS, Diegan Coastal Sage Scrub DEV, Urban/Developed NVC, Non-Vegetated Channel or Floodway OW, Open Water SCWRF, Southern Cottonwood-Willow Riparian Forest SWRF, Southern Arroyo Willow Riparian Forest SWS, Southern Willow Scrub Riparian Habitat SWIFL/LBVI Survey Areas Survey Area 1A Survey Area 1B

305 610

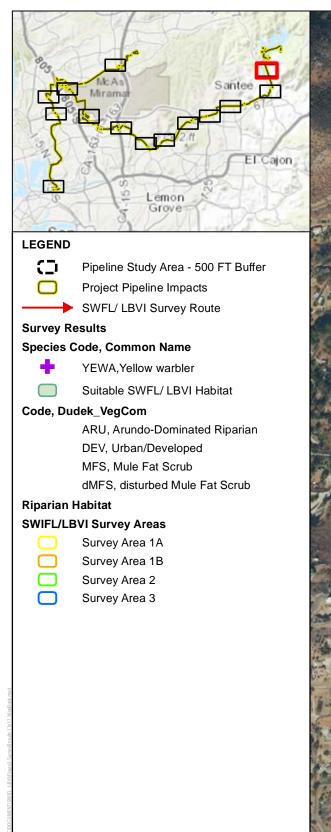
Survey Area 2

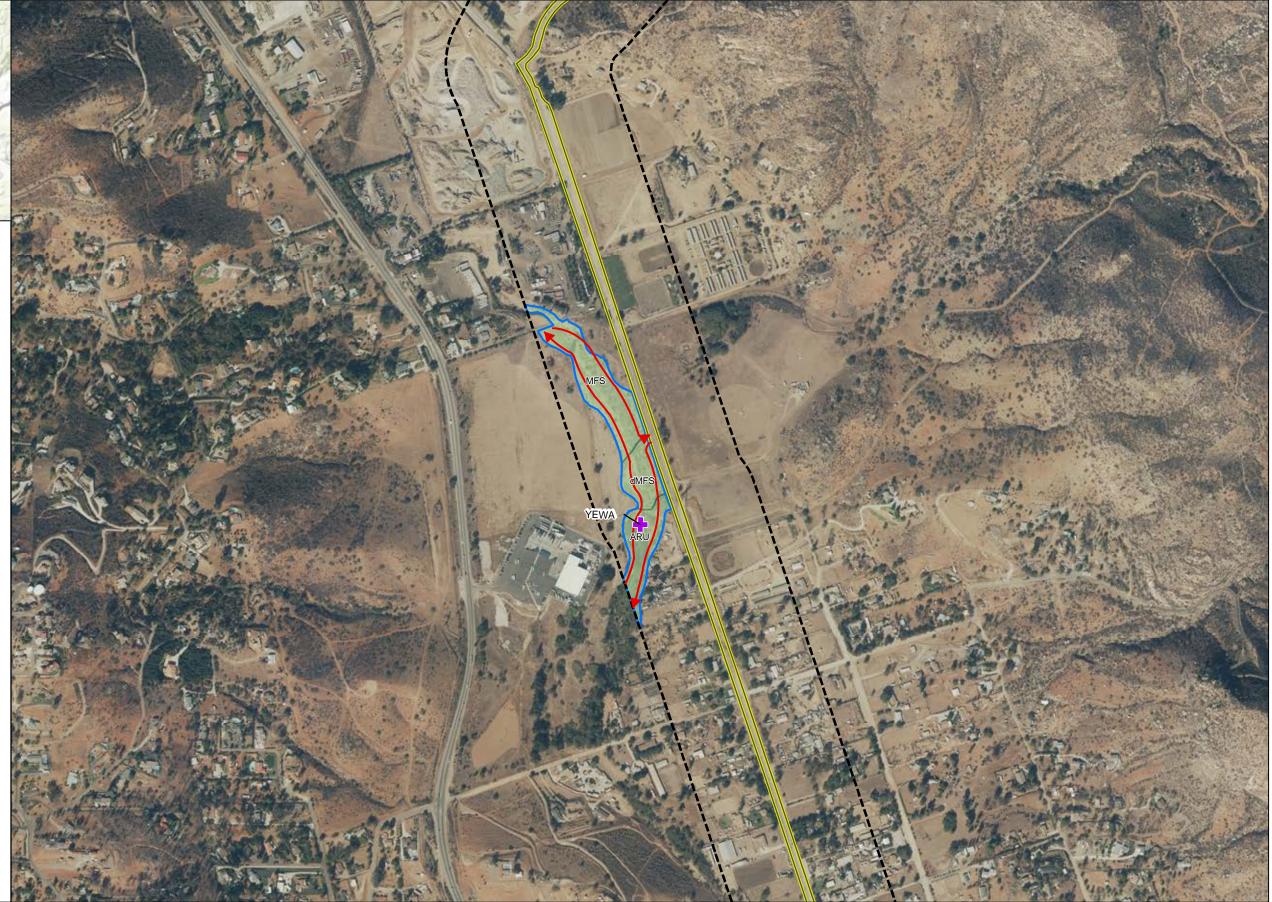
Survey Area 3



SOURCE: ESRI Word Topographic Basemap, 2016

Figure 3m Survey Results Map





SOURCE: ESRI Word Topographic Basemap, 2016

610 Feet

305

DUDEK

2016 Focused Least Bell's Vireo and Southwestern Willow Flycatcher Survey Report for the Pure Water San Diego Program, County of San Diego, California

Figure 3n Survey Results Map

APPENDIX A

Wildlife Species Observed in Study Area

ATTACHMENT A Wildlife Species Observed in Study Area

AMPHIBIANS

FROGS

RANIDAE—TONGUELESS FROGS

* Lithobates catesbeianus—American bullfrog

BIRDS

BLACKBIRDS, ORIOLES, AND ALLIES

ICTERIDAE—BLACKBIRDS

Agelaius phoeniceus—red-winged blackbird Euphagus cyanocephalus—Brewer's blackbird Icterus bullockii—Bullock's oriole Quiscalus mexicanus—great-tailed grackle

* Molothrus ater—brown-headed cowbird Icterus cucullatus—hooded oriole

BUSHTITS

AEGITHALIDAE—LONG-TAILED TITS AND BUSHTITS

Psaltriparus minimus-bushtit

CARDINALS, GROSBEAKS, AND ALLIES

CARDINALIDAE—CARDINALS AND ALLIES

Passerina amoena—Lazuli bunting Piranga ludoviciana—western tanager Passerina caerulea—blue grosbeak Pheucticus melanocephalus—black-headed grosbeak

CORMORANTS

PHALACROCORACIDAE—CORMORANTS

Phalacrocorax auritus-double-crested cormorant

EMBERIZINES

EMBERIZIDAE—EMBERIZIDS

Chondestes grammacus—lark sparrow

Melospiza lincolnii—Lincoln's sparrow Melospiza melodia—song sparrow Melozone crissalis—California towhee Pipilo maculatus—spotted towhee Zonotrichia leucophrys—white-crowned sparrow Aimophila ruficeps—rufous-crowned sparrow Junco hyemalis—dark-eyed junco

FALCONS

FALCONIDAE—CARACARAS AND FALCONS

Falco sparverius—American kestrel

FINCHES

FRINGILLIDAE—FRINGILLINE AND CARDUELINE FINCHES AND ALLIES

Spinus psaltria—lesser goldfinch Spinus tristis—American goldfinch Haemorhous mexicanus—house finch

FLYCATCHERS

TYRANNIDAE—TYRANT FLYCATCHERS

Contopus sordidulus—western wood-pewee Empidonax traillii—willow flycatcher Myiarchus cinerascens—ash-throated flycatcher Sayornis nigricans—black phoebe Sayornis saya—Say's phoebe Tyrannus verticalis—western kingbird Tyrannus vociferans—Cassin's kingbird Empidonax difficilis—Pacific-slope flycatcher

GOATSUCKERS

CAPRIMULGIDAE—GOATSUCKERS

Chordeiles acutipennis—lesser nighthawk

GREBES

PODICIPEDIDAE—GREBES

Podilymbus podiceps—pied-billed grebe

ATTACHMENT A (Continued)

HAWKS

ACCIPITRIDAE—HAWKS, KITES, EAGLES, AND ALLIES

Accipiter cooperii—Cooper's hawk Buteo jamaicensis—red-tailed hawk Buteo lineatus—red-shouldered hawk Circus cyaneus—northern harrier Elanus leucurus—white-tailed kite

HERONS AND BITTERNS

ARDEIDAE—HERONS, BITTERNS, AND ALLIES

Ardea alba—great egret Ardea herodias—great blue heron Butorides virescens—green heron Egretta thula—snowy egret Nycticorax nycticorax—black-crowned night-heron

HUMMINGBIRDS

TROCHILIDAE—HUMMINGBIRDS

Calypte anna—Anna's hummingbird Calypte costae—Costa's hummingbird Selasphorus sasin—Allen's hummingbird

JAYS, MAGPIES, AND CROWS

CORVIDAE—CROWS AND JAYS

Aphelocoma californica—western scrub-jay *Corvus brachyrhynchos*—American crow *Corvus corax*—common raven

KINGLETS

REGULIDAE—KINGLETS

Regulus calendula—ruby-crowned kinglet

MOCKINGBIRDS AND THRASHERS

MIMIDAE—MOCKINGBIRDS AND THRASHERS

Mimus polyglottos—northern mockingbird Toxostoma redivivum—California thrasher

ATTACHMENT A (Continued)

NEW WORLD QUAIL

ODONTOPHORIDAE-NEW WORLD QUAIL

Callipepla californica—California quail

NEW WORLD VULTURES

CATHARTIDAE—CARDINALS AND ALLIES

Cathartes aura-turkey vulture

OLD WORLD SPARROWS

PASSERIDAE—OLD WORLD SPARROWS

* Passer domesticus—house sparrow

OLD WORLD WARBLERS AND GNATCATCHERS

SYLVIIDAE—SYLVIID WARBLERS

Polioptila caerulea—blue-gray gnatcatcher *Polioptila californica californica*—coastal California gnatcatcher

OWLS

TYTONIDAE—BARN OWLS

Tyto alba—barn owl

PIGEONS AND DOVES

COLUMBIDAE—PIGEONS AND DOVES

Zenaida macroura-mourning dove

- * *Columba livia*—rock pigeon (rock dove)
- * Streptopelia decaocto—Eurasian collared-dove

RAILS, GALLINULES, AND COOTS

RALLIDAE—RAILS, GALLINULES, AND COOTS

Fulica americana—American coot

SHOREBIRDS

CHARADRIIDAE—LAPWINGS AND PLOVERS

Charadrius vociferus-killdeer

SILKY FLYCATCHERS

PTILOGONATIDAE—SILKY-FLYCATCHERS

Phainopepla nitens-phainopepla

STARLINGS AND ALLIES

STURNIDAE—STARLINGS

* *Sturnus vulgaris*—European starling

SWALLOWS

HIRUNDINIDAE—SWALLOWS

Hirundo rustica—barn swallow *Petrochelidon pyrrhonota*—cliff swallow *Stelgidopteryx serripennis*—northern rough-winged swallow

SWIFTS

APODIDAE—SWIFTS

Aeronautes saxatalis-white-throated swift

TERNS AND GULLS

LARIDAE—GULLS, TERNS, AND SKIMMERS

Larus occidentalis—western gull *Sterna hirundo*—common tern *Hydroprogne caspia*—Caspian tern

THRUSHES

TURDIDAE—THRUSHES

Catharus guttatus—hermit thrush *Sialia mexicana*—western bluebird *Turdus migratorius*—American robin

TITMICE

PARIDAE—CHICKADEES AND TITMICE

Baeolophus inornatus-oak titmouse

ATTACHMENT A (Continued)

VIREOS

VIREONIDAE—VIREOS

Vireo bellii pusillus—least Bell's vireo Vireo gilvus—warbling vireo Vireo huttoni—Hutton's vireo

WATERFOWL

ANATIDAE—DUCKS, GEESE, AND SWANS

Anas platyrhynchos—mallard Anas strepera—gadwall Lophodytes cucullatus—hooded merganser

WAXWINGS

BOMBYCILLIDAE—WAXWINGS

Bombycilla cedrorum—cedar waxwing

WOOD WARBLERS AND ALLIES

PARULIDAE—WOOD-WARBLERS

Geothlypis trichas—common yellowthroat Icteria virens—yellow-breasted chat Oreothlypis celata—orange-crowned warbler Cardellina pusilla—Wilson's warbler Setophaga petechia—yellow warbler Setophaga townsendi—Townsend's warbler

WOODPECKERS

PICIDAE—WOODPECKERS AND ALLIES

Melanerpes formicivorus—Acorn woodpecker Picoides nuttallii—Nuttall's woodpecker Picoides pubescens—downy woodpecker Colaptes auratus—northern flicker

WRENS

TROGLODYTIDAE—WRENS

Thryomanes bewickii—Bewick's wren *Troglodytes aedon*—house wren

INVERTEBRATES

BUTTERFLIES

LYCAENIDAE—BLUES, HAIRSTREAKS, AND COPPERS

Leptotes marina-marine blue

NYMPHALIDAE—BRUSH-FOOTED BUTTERFLIES

Adelpha bredowii—California sister Danaus gilippus—queen Junonia coenia—common buckeye Nymphalis antiopa—mourning cloak Vanessa annabella—west coast lady Vanessa atalanta—red admiral Vanessa cardui—painted lady Danaus plexippus—monarch

RIODINIDAE—METALMARKS

Apodemia mormo virgulti—Behr's metalmark

PAPILIONIDAE—SWALLOWTAILS

Papilio eurymedon—pale swallowtail Papilio rutulus—western tiger swallowtail Papilio zelicaon—anise swallowtail

PIERIDAE—WHITES AND SULFURS

Phoebis sennae—cloudless sulphur Pieris rapae—cabbage white Pontia protodice—checkered white Pontia sisymbrii—spring white

MAMMAL

CANIDS

CANIDAE—WOLVES AND FOXES

Canis latrans—coyote

CATS

FELIDAE—CATS

Lynx rufus—bobcat

ATTACHMENT A (Continued)

DOMESTIC

CANIDAE—WOLVES AND FOXES

* Canis lupus familiaris—domestic dog

HARES AND RABBITS

LEPORIDAE—HARES AND RABBITS

Sylvilagus audubonii—desert cottontail *Sylvilagus bachmani*—brush rabbit

MUSTELIDS

MEPHITIDAE—SKUNKS

Mephitis mephitis-striped skunk

POCKET GOPHERS

GEOMYIDAE—POCKET GOPHERS

Thomomys bottae-Botta's pocket gopher

RACCOONS

PROCYONIDAE—RACCOONS AND RELATIVES

Procyon lotor—raccoon

SQUIRRELS

SCIURIDAE—SQUIRRELS

Spermophilus (Otospermophilus) beecheyi-California ground squirrel

UNGULATES

CERVIDAE—DEERS

Odocoileus hemionus-mule deer

REPTILES

LIZARDS

PHRYNOSOMATIDAE—IGUANID LIZARDS

Sceloporus occidentalis—western fence lizard *Uta stanburiana*—common side-blotched lizard

TEHDAE—WHIPTAIL LIZARDS

Aspidoscelis hyperythra beldingi-Belding's orange-throated whiptail

SNAKES

VIPERIDAE—VIPERS

Crotalus ruber-red diamondback rattlesnake

TURTLES

EMYDIDAE—BOX AND WATER TURTLES

Actinemys marmorata—western pond turtle

* signifies introduced (non-native) species

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APPENDIX B

Willow Flycatcher Survey and Detection Forms

Appendix 1. Willow Flycatcher Survey and Detection Form

Area

Always check the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Arizona Ecological Services Field Office web site (http://www.fws.gov/southwest/es/arizona/) for the most up-to-date version.

						d Detection Form (revised				
Site Name	Fure	-w	ater	~		State A. County Elevation 29- ightings anached (as requi	5	m	Diego	
USCS Qua Creek, Riv	d Name er, Wetland,	or Lake	Name	Sever	al thea	short Snr Dieje	· Co	int	(met	ers)
Is cop	y of USGS n	nup ntark	ied with st	ervey area	and WIFL s	ightings anached (as requi	ired)?	1	les X N	0
Survey Co	ordinutes. S	lan: E 4	81051.	27	N_362	102.48 UTM 1 151.81 UTM 1 es for each survey in comm	Datum	NAD 2	Cee instruc	tions)
If surv	S cy coordinat	top: E 5	ed between	. (20) n visits, ell	ter coordinate	es for each survey in comm	cone_	ction o	n back of this	s page.
		**	Fill in ac	lditional	site inform	nation on back of this	page	**	_	
Survey# Obsersen(≼) (Ful. Name)	Date (m/d/y) Survey tone ZZNG	Number 18 Adult WIFLS	Estimative Number of Paus	Estimated Number of Territories	Nest(s) Fourd? Y or X If Yes, number of rosts	potential Greats (Invostock, cowbards, (Hankahaba spp.)). IF Drawhabda fugad, contact USEWS and State WHFL	(des as individ	an opsies Jals, paru rvey) i lo	s for WIFL Dete nal column for d s, or groups of b nalinde additions	ocumenting ands found on
Survey # 1	e. cha					coordenator	# Dirds	573	CTM E	UTM: N
Observerts1	Dute 5/19(Start 0340									
Fart	SIOP (102)	0	0	0	0			+		
Fred Lermens (PL) Survey # 2	Total hrs 5.3									
Survey # 2	Date 6/3	_					# Bods	Sex	UTM E	LIEXL N
Observer(s)	Sun OSED				0					
FL	Slop Q(2	0	0	0						
	Tutal las 51									
Survey # 3	Date 6/10		-				# Birds	Sev	טזאו ב	υ ή Μ. Ν
Observer(s)	Start 0750	0	0	0	\sim		-			
PL	Stop (100									
	Total hts 5.1								_	
Survey # 4	Due 7/7						# Hires	Scx	UTM E	C124 P
Observer(s)	Start OFFD	0	\circ	0	0		-			
FL	Stop (1602				U					
·	Total lus 🗐									
Survey # 5	Date 7/17						# Birds	Sex	II TM E	UTMIN
Observe:(s)	Start (XLE)									
PL	SIOD [100	\circ	0	O	\cup					
	Total brs 5									
Overail Site St Totals do not equi each column, ficca resident adults. O migranta, restlinga	l che sum of ide onky a not inclusie	Totač Aduk Rosičents	Tour Pairs	Tors' Territories	Total Neats	Were any Willow Flycatel				_ No
Redglings, De careful noi to d individuals,		0	0	0	0	If yes, report color combin section on back of form un $N/A \rightarrow Nc$	id repo	rt to U	SFWS.	2
Total Survey Hrs	and the	0					-	1		

 Reporting Individual
 Part Learness
 Date Report Completed
 September 2016

 US Fish and Wildlife Service Permit # TE051248-5
 State Wildlife Agency Permit # Service Permit # Service
 State Wildlife Agency Permit # Service

 Submit form to USFWS and State Wildlife Agency by September 1st, Retain a copy for your records.

32 A Natural History Summary and Survey Protocol for the Southwestern Willow Flycatcher

Fill in the following information completely. <u>Submit</u> form by September 1st. Retain a copy for your records.

Reporting Individual Part Lemons Phone # 760-942-5147 Affiliation Consultant - Dudek E-mail plemons Parket.com Site Name Pure Water San Diego Program Date Report Completed Sect 2016
Did you verify that this site name is consistent with that used in previous years? Yes No Not Applicable $\underline{\times}$ tf site name is different, what name(s) was used in the past? N/A. If site was surveyed last year, did you survey the same general area this year? Yes No If no, summarize below, N/A.
Did you survey the same general area during each visit to this site this year? Yes <u>X</u> No <u>If no, summarize below.</u> Management Authority for Survey Area : Federal <u>Municipal/County K</u> State <u>Tribal</u> <u>Private</u> Name of Management Entity or Owner (e.g., Tonto National Forest) <u>Crty of Sam Drego</u>
Longth of area surveyed: ~37,400 (meters) = Approximate length of Entire Project Alignment
Vegetation Characteristics: Mark the category that best describes the predominant tree/shrub foliar layer at this site (check one):
Native broadleaf plants (entirely or almost entirely, > 90% native, includes high-elevation willow)
Mixed native and exotic plants (mostly native, 50 - 90% native)
Mixed native and exotic plants (mostly exotic, 50 - 90% exotic)
Exotic/introduced plants (entirely or almost entirely, > 90% exotic)
Identify the 2-3 predominant tree/strub species in order of dominance. Use scientific name. Salix lasiolepis, Planteness racemess, Popular foremontin
Average height of canopy (Do not include a range):Z
Attach copy of USGS quad/topographical map (REQUIRED) of survey area, outlining survey site and location of WIFL detections. Attach sketch or aerial photo showing site location, patch shape, survey route, location of any WIFLs or WIFL nests detected. Attach photos of the interior of the patch, exterior of the patch, and overall site; describe any unique habitat features.

Comments (attach additional sheets if necessary)

No WIFL detected

Territory Summary Table. Provide the following information for each verified territory at your site.

Territory Number	All Dates Detected	UTM N	UTM E	Pair Confirmed? Y or N	Nest Found? Y or N	Description of How You Confirmed Territory and Breeding Status (e.g., vocalization type, pair interactions, nesting altempts, behavior)

Altach additional sheets if necessary

Appendix 1. Willow Flycatcher Survey and Detection Form

Always check the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Arizona Ecological Services Field Office web site (http://www.fws.gov/ southwest/es/arizona/) for the most up-to-date version.

			Willow	• « Flycatel	er (WIFI	L) Survey an	d Detection Form (revised	8 April	2010)		
	Site Name USGS Qu Creek, Riv Is cop	Pure ad Name per, Wetland, by of USGS /	ur Lake	ater Name	- Seven Seven Wey pred	and WIFLS	State CA_ Count: Elevation 28 when Som Draw ightings attached (as require	5. 22 (e)?	m 10 mt	Drecip (met	ers)
Survey Area 1B	l Survey Co If surv	ordinates: S S vey coordinat	tart: E ⁴ top: E <u>5</u> tes chang	91059. 08963 ed betwee Fill in au	27 .(X) n visits, en Iditional	N 3642 N 3642 ster coordinate	1902-98 1992-98 UTM as for each survey in commution on back of this	Datum Zone ienis se <i>page</i>	<u>NAD 2</u> 115 ction 4		ctions) s page.
1B	Survey 4 Observer(s) (Full Name)	Date (m/d/y) Survey Line 2016	Number of Adult WIFLs	Estimated Number of Pasits	Estimated Number of Ferritories	Nest(s) Found? Y or N If Yes, number of rests	Comments (e.g., bard behavior, rvedence of parts or breeding; potential threads (Investock, condings, Dianbabde spp.)). If Dianbabde found, contact USFWS and State WiFL coordinates	(Cristis) and wide	an epito aala, poi svey),, l	es for WIFL Dete aut columns far d os, or greups of b neliade additional	ocumenting pirds found on
	Survey # 1 Observer(s) Brack Ortegor (34)	Date 5/19 Star (5538 Steep 2031 Touches 45	t	ø	ø	Ν	foraging j not swee	A Hints	Ser	UTM E	
	Survey # 2 Observer(s) BC	Date 6/4 Scient 0603 Scop 1050 Tutal hos 4,9	-	Ŧ	-	-		A Bird's	Ser.	UTM E	UIMN
	Survey # 3 Otserver(s) BO	Date 60/17 Start 0514 Stop 1032- Total hor 5.14	-	-	-	-		4 Hinds	Sça	UTM E	UTM N
	Survey # 4 Observer(s) BO	Dxe 7/5 Star 0531 Stop 1048 Totat htts5.2	1	-	-	-		# Birth	Sex	UTM E	
	Survey # 5 Observer(s) BO	Dute 7/15 Slart 0553 Slop (105 Total hrs 57	1	-	+	-		# Binut	Sex	UTME	א אדט
	Overall Site Si Totals do not equa each column, Incli resident adults. D migrants, nestling	al the sum of ude arily to not include	Total Adult Residents	Yosal Paers	Total Tempiones	Total Nexts	Were any Willow Flycate				_ No 🗹
	Redglings De czreful nat to c individuals Tocal Survey Hrs		ø	ø	ø	ø	If yes, report color combin section on back of form an				
	Reporting		Drai-	KOr	trega		Date Report Completed				

Reporting Individual Drs. Conference Date Report Completed US Fish and Wildlife Service Permit # TCS13545-6 State Wildlife Agency Permit #

Submit farm to USFWS and State Wildlife Agency by September 18. Retain a copy for your records.

32 A Natural History Summary and Survey Protocol for the Southwestern Willow Flycatcher

Fill in the following information completely. <u>Submit</u> form by September 1st. Retain a copy for your records.

Reporting Individual Brak Orfege Phone # 160-942-5147 Adiiliation
Did you verify that this site name is consistent with that used in previous years? Yes No Not Applicable $\underline{\checkmark}$. If site name is different, what name(s) was used in the past? N/A If site was surveyed last year, did you survey the same general area this year? Yes No If no, summarize below. N/A Did you survey the same general area during each visit to this site this year? Yes $\underline{\backsim}$ No If no, summarize below. N/A
Did you survey the same general area during each visit to this site this year? Yes 🔀 No If no, summarize below.
Management Authority for Survey Area : Federal Municipal/County & State Tribal Private Name of Management Entity or Owner (e.g., Tonto National Forest) of Sam Drego
Length of area surveyed: ~37,400 (nuclers) = Approximite length of Entire Frozent Alignment
Vegetation Characteristics: Mark the category that best describes the predominant tree/shrub foliar layer at this site (check one):
Native broadleaf plants (entirely or almost entirely, > 90% native, includes high-elevation willow)
Mixed native and exotic plants (mostly native, 50 - 90% native)
Mixed native and exotic plants (mostly exotic, 50 - 90% exotic)
Exotic/introduced plants (entirely or almost entirely, > 90% exotic)
Identify the 2-3 predominant tree/shrub species in order of dominance. Use scientific name. Salex of . , Bacharis salestotia j flataaus sp.
Average height of canopy (Do not include a range): 20 (meters)
Attach copy of USGS quad/topographical map (REQUIRED) of survey area, outlining survey site and location of WIFL detections.

Attach copy of USGS quad/topographical map (REQUIRED) of survey area, outlining survey site and location of WIFL detections. Attach sketch or aerial photo showing site location, patch shape, survey route, location of any WIFLs or WIFL nests detected. Attach photos of the interior of the patch, exterior of the patch, and overall site; describe any unique habitat features.

Comments (attach additional sheets if necessary)

Territory Summary Table. Provide the following information for each verified territory at your site.

Territory Number	All Dates Detected	UTM N	UTM E	Pair Confirmed? Y or N	Nest Found? Y or N	Description of How You Confirmed Territory and Breeding Status (e.g., vocalization type, pair interactions, nesting attempts, behavior)

Attach additional sheets if necessary

Appendix 1. Willow Flycatcher Survey and Detection Form

Always check the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Arizona Ecological Services Field Office web site (http://www.fws.gov/ southwest/es/arizona/) for the most up-to-date version.

25.000	west/es/arizo	nac) tor the					d Detection Form (revised	i April	2010)	I	
	USGS Qu Creek, Riv	er, Wolland,	or Lake	ater Name_ ked with si	- <u>Sec</u> Seven urvey area	report and thea	State <u>A</u> Count Elevation <u>28</u> ightings attached (as requi	5 - 2- - 2- - 2- - 2- - 2- - 2- - 2- - 2	in 10 mil	Dieco (hiel West A	ers). (a
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	Survey # 3 Observentst	Date 6/17 Start 0500 Stop 11022 Total has 62	0	υ	Ø	N		# Birds	Side .	1) IM E	UTM N
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	Survey # 5 Observer(s)	Date 7/11 Star (750) Stop 1100 Tixal hrs <u>62</u>	0	Ο	0	N	BHCO 28,12	l' Rinks	Sex	UTM E	UTM 4
	Overall Site Si Topis de not eque cach column, ineli resident induits. Di migrania, nestlings fiedglings.	d the sum of side only a nat include	Total Aduk Residents	Total Paus	Tatal Terrisories	Total Nexis	Were any Willow Flycatel				_No
	Be careful not to d undividuals. Total Survey Hrs_ Reporting J	29.75	O	O The	0	0	bate Report Completed				

US Fish and Wildlife Service Permit # <u>TC 34CX316</u> - <u>State Wildlife Agency Permit #</u> <u>3C-2211</u> <u>Submit form to USFWS and State Wildlife Agency by September 1[®]. Retain a copy for your records.</u>

32 A Natural History Summary and Survey Protocol for the Southwestern Willow Elycatcher

1

Fill in the following information completely. <u>Submit form by September 1st. Retain a copy for your records.</u>
Reporting Individual Jeff Priest Phone # 160-942-5147 Alliliation <u>Consultant-Dedek</u> E-mail <u>E-mail</u> Site Name Pure Water San Diego Program Date Report Completed
Did you verify that this site name is consistent with that used in previous years? Yes No Not Applicable \sum If site name is different, what name(s) was used in the past?N/A. If site was surveyed last year, did you survey the same general area this year? Yes No If no, summarize below. N/A Did you survey the same general area during each visit to this site this year? Yes $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} No$ If no, summarize below. N/A
Management Authority for Survey Area : Federal Municipal/County Kate Tribal Private Private Name of Management Entity of Owner (e.g., Tonto National Forest) Coty of Sem Drego
Length of area surveyed: ~37,400 (motors) = Approximatic length of Cutive Project Alignment
Vegetation Characteristics: Mark the category that best describes the predominant tree/shrub fofiar layer at this site (check one);
Native broadleaf plants (entirely or almost entirely, > 90% native, includes high-elevation willow)
Mixed native and exotic plants (mostly native, 50 - 90% native)
Mixed native and exotic plants (mostly exotic, 50 - 90% exotic)
Exotic/introduced plants (entirely or almost entirely, > 90% exotic)
(Will Montify the 2-3 predominant tree/shrub species in order of dominance. Use scientific name. (Will W Salix fasiolepsits, Sugarov Matanus raceword, Mule for Brichard salici Average height of canopy (Do not include a range): 5m (meters)
Attach copy of USGS quad/topographical map (REQUIRED) of survey area, outlining survey site and location of WIFL detections. Attach sketch or aerial photo showing site location, patch shape, survey route, location of any WIFLs or WIFL nests detected. Attach photos of the interior of the patch, exterior of the patch, and overall site; describe any unique habitat features.
Comments (attach additional sheets if necessary)

Territory Summary Table. Provide the following information for each verified territory at your site.

Territory Number	All Dates Detected	VTM N	UTM E	Pair Continned? Y or N	Nest Found? Y or N	Description of How You Confirmed Territory and Breeding Status (e.g., vocalization type, pair interactions, nesting attempts, behavior)

Attach additional sheets if necessary

Appendix 1. Willow Flycatcher Survey and Detection Form

Always check the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Arizona Ecological Services Field Office web site (http://www.fws.gov/ southwest/es/arizona/) for the most up-to-date version.

		Willow	Flycateb	er (WIFL) Survey And	Detection Form (revised	April 7	(910) -	Dura	
Site Name_ USGS Quar	Pure	- Wo	crel-	Sec	report	State CA County Elevation 28- ischart San Diege ightings attached (as reguli	21	0	(mete	rs)
Creek, Rive	a, Wetland, (or Lake N	lame of with su	Server rvey area	and WIFL si	ightings attached (as requi	• (red)?	I	test No	
Survey Coo	ordinates: St St ey coordinate	art: E <u>-1</u> 5 op: E <u>-56</u>	31059. 28963	27 .00	N 3624 N 3642	1902.48 UTM 159.87 UTM is for each survey in comm nation on back of this	Datum Zone ents sec	tion o	Kee instruct n back of this	ions) page.
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AH	stop 105				1		-	-		
	Found hars 4.7	1						-		
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fledglings Be careful not on undersidials.	double count	0	0	0	0	If yes, report color comb section on back of form	and rep	s) in (ort to i	ne contrients ISEWS.	
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US Fish and Wildlife Service Permit # 15:19:1084-8 State Wildlife Agency Permit # 10810 Submit form to USFWS and State Wildlife Agency by September 1". Retain a copy for your records.

Gurray Area 3

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A Natural History Summary and Survey Protocol for the Southwestern Willow Flycatcher 32

Fill in the following information completely. <u>Submit</u> form by September 1 st . Retain a copy for your records.
Reporting Individual Anta Hayworth Phone # 160-942-5147 Affiliation <u>Consultant Dick</u> E-mail <u>abequingethe dick cenn</u> Site Name Pure Water Son Diege Program Date Report Completed Sept 2016
Did you verify that this site name is consistent with that used in previous years? Yes No Not Applicable $\underline{\times}$ If site name is different, what name(s) was used in the past? N/A If site was surveyed last year, did you survey the same general area this year? Yes No If no, summarize below. N/A Did you survey the same general area during each visit to this site this year? Yes $\underline{\times}$ No If no, summarize below.
Management Authority for Survey Area : Federal Municipal/County 🗠 State Tribal Private Name of Management Entity or Owner (e.g., Tonto National Forest) For y of Sam Drego
Longth of area surveyed: ~37,400 (motors) = Approximatic length of Entire Project Alignment
Vegetation Characteristics: Mark the category that best describes the predominant tree/shrub foliar layer at this site (check one):
Native broadleaf plants (entirely or almost entirely, > 90% native, includes high-elevation willow)
Mixed native and exotic plants (mostly native, 50 - 90% native)
Mixed native and exotic plants (mostly exotic, 50 - 90% exotic)
Exotic/introduced plants (entirely or almost entirely, > 90% exotic)
Identify the 2-3 predominant tree/shrub species in order of dominance. Use scientific name. Tawarisk Sp.; Salix auguar Baccharis schafter
Average height of canopy (Do not include a range): 6.1 (meters)
Attach copy of USGS quad/topographical map (REQUIRED) of survey area, outlining survey site and location of WIFL detections.

Attach sketch or aerial photo showing site tocation, patch shape, survey route, location of any WIFLs or WIFL nests detected. Attach photos of the interior of the patch, exterior of the patch, and overall site; describe any unique habitat features.

- <u>d</u>

Comments (attach additional sheets if necessary)

Territory Number	All Dates Detected	UTM N	UTM E	Pair Confirmed? Y or N	Nest Found? Y or N	Description of How You Confirmed Territory and Breeding Status (e.g., vocalization type, pair interactions, nesting attempts, behavior)

Attach additional sheets if necessary

APPENDIX G

2016/2017 Wet Season Fairy Shrimp Survey Report



MAIN OFFICE 605 THIRD STREET ENCINITAS, CALIFORNIA 92024 T 760.942.5147 T 800.450.1818 F 760.632.0164

August 15, 2017

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Attn: Recovery Permit Coordinator 2177 Salk Avenue, Suite 250 Carlsbad, California 92008

Subject: 2016/17 Wet Season Presence/Absence Survey for Vernal Pool Branchiopods, Pure Water San Diego Program North City Project, San Diego County, California

The 2016/17 wet season survey for the presence or absence of two federally listed endangered vernal pool branchiopod species, Riverside fairy shrimp (*Streptocephalus woottoni*) and San Diego fairy shrimp (*Branchinecta sandiegonensis*), was conducted between December 5, 2016, and May 19, 2017. Dudek biologist Paul Lemons (TE-051248-5) conducted the surveys according to the *Survey Guidelines for the Listed Large Branchiopods* (USFWS 2015). This report summarizes the results of the 2016/2017 wet season survey in order to fulfill the report requirements in accordance with the Section 10(a)(1)(A) Recovery Permit for the Pure Water San Diego Program North City Project, located in San Diego County, California.

A total of 19 basins were identified as suitable habitat for vernal pool branchiopods and were surveyed during the 2016/2017 wet survey season. These 19 basins were identified as new in 2016/17 and not previously surveyed.

PROJECT LOCATION AND EXISTING CONDITIONS

Proposed North City Project pipelines extend through the cities of San Diego, Santee, and the community of Lakeside in unincorporated San Diego County, in addition to federal lands within MCAS Miramar (Figure 1, Regional Map). The Project site occupies portions of Township 14 South, Range 1 East, projected Sections 30 and 31; Township 14 South, Range 1 West, projected Sections 25 and 36; Township 14 South, Range 2 West, projected Sections 32, and 33; Township 15 South, Range 1 East, projected Sections 6 and 18; Township 15 South, Range 1 West, projected Sections 1, 23, and 30; Township 15 South, Range 2 West, projected Sections 6, 25, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 35, and 36; Township 15 South, Range 3 West, projected Sections 9, 10, 11, 16, 17, 20, 25, 26, and 28; Township 16 South, Range 2 West, projected Sections 1, 2, 3, and 4; and Township 16 South, Range 3 West, projected Sections 1, 2, 3, and 4; and Township 16 South, Range 3 West, projected Sections 1, 2, 3, and 4; and Township 16 South, Range 3 West, projected Sections 1, 2, 3, and 4; and Township 16 South, Range 3 West, projected Sections 1, 2, 3, and 4; and Township 16 South, Range 3 West, projected Sections 1, 2, 3, and 4; and Township 16 South, Range 3 West, projected Sections 1, 2, 3, and 4; and Township 16 South, Range 3 West, projected Sections 1, 2, 3, and 4; and Township 16 South, Range 3 West, projected Sections 1, 2, 3, and 4; and Township 16 South, Range 3 West, projected Sections 1, 2, 3, and 4; and Township 16 South, Range 3 West, projected Sections 1, 2, 3, and 4; and Township 16 South, Range 3 West, projected Sections 1, 2, 3, and 4; and Township 16 South, Range 3 West, projected Section 9 on the San Vicente Reservoir, El Cajon, La Mesa, Poway, La Jolla, and Del Mar U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 minute quadrangle maps (Figure 2, Vicinity Map).

9420

Elevations range from about 94 feet amsl in the southwestern portion of the Project site to approximately 688 feet amsl.

Soils within the Project site consist of acid igneous rock land; Altamont clay; Carlsbad-Urban Land complex, Chesterton fine sandy loam; Chesterton-Urban Land complex; Cieneba rocky and very rocky coarse sandy loam, Cieneba-Fallbrook rocky sandy loam; Diablo clay; Diablo-Olivenhain complex; Diablo-Urban land complex; Fallbrook sandy loam; Fallbrook-Vista sandy loam; Friant rocky fine sandy loam; Gaviota fine sandy loam; gravel pits; Huerhuero loam; metamorphic rock land; Olivenhain cobbly loam; Ramona sandy loam; Redding cobbly and gravelly loam; Redding-Urban land complex; riverwash; Salinas clay loam; stony land; terrace escarpments; Tujunga sand; and Visalia sandy loam (SanGIS 2016).

VEGETATION COMMUNITIES, LAND COVERS, AND WET FEATURES

A total of 28 vegetation communities and/or land cover types were identified within a 500-foot buffer of the Miramar Reservoir Alternative study area, and 26 vegetation communities and/or land cover types were observed within a 500-foot buffer of the San Vicente Pipeline Alternative study area. Dominate vegetation community/land cover categories within the study areas include disturbed and developed areas, scrub and chaparral, riparian and bottomlands, woodlands, and grasslands.

Suitable and potentially suitable habitat (i.e., ephemerally wet/ponded basins) for vernal pool branchiopods was identified on site and consists primarily of road rut (man-made) depressions, lacking vegetation, located immediately adjacent to roads and driveway access areas along the proposed project alignments; however, one basin (PWP 8) appears to be a naturally occurring pool adjacent to the Metro Biosolids Center (located north of State Route 52 (SR-52), adjacent to the Miramar Landfill). All of the basins surveyed are considered potentially suitable habitat for vernal pool branchiopods. All 19 basins surveyed were found in areas mapped as disturbed habitat.

Disturbed habitats are areas that have been physically disturbed and are no longer recognizable as native or naturalized vegetation associations (Oberbauer et al. 2008). These areas may continue to retail soil substrate. If vegetation is present, it is almost entirely composed of nonnative vegetation, such as ornamentals or ruderal exotic species. Examples of these areas may include graded landscapes or areas, graded firebreaks, graded construction pads, construction staging areas, off-highway vehicle (OHV) trails, areas repeatedly cleared for fuel management, or repeatedly used areas that prevent revegetation (e.g., parking lots, trails that have persisted for years). On site, the dirt roads, dirt trails, and OHV areas are mapped as disturbed habitat.

PREVIOUS BRACHIOPOD STUDIES

To Dudek's knowledge, no previous protocol-level surveys have been conducted within the basins surveyed during the 2016/17 wet season and discussed in this report.

SURVEY METHODS

The surveys methods follow the current USFWS survey guidelines protocol (USFWS 2015). The onset of the 2016/17 wet season survey at the project site began with a significant rain event occurring between November 26 and November 28, 2016. Within 24 hours after this rain event, the entire proposed alignment was visited by biologist Brock Ortega to confirm pooling. Mapping (using a Trimble GeoXT handheld Global Positioning System (GPS) unit) of inundated basins was conducted by Dudek biologist Monique O'Conner on December 1, 2016. The first day of protocol-level sampling (and all surveys thereafter) was conducted by biologist Paul Lemons on December 5, 2016. The protocol states that sampling must be initiated within 7 days of inundation. All suitable habitat basins on site that met the USFWS inundation criteria (i.e., depth of 3 centimeters (1.2 inches) or greater 24 hours after a rain event) to initiate protocol-level surveys were sampled, and USFWS survey forms were completed.

After initial inundation, all wet basins were surveyed at approximately 1-week intervals, according to the survey protocol, until dried up. Basins that dried up and then refilled were surveyed within 7 days of refilling and surveys were reinitiated at the 1-week interval. During the 2016/17 wet season survey, the project site was visited on 24 occasions. A schedule of the 2016/17 wet season survey effort is presented in Table 1. Due to significant rainfall on February 27, 2017 the visit was terminated due to safety concerns from flooding.

The surveys were conducted by Dudek biologist Paul Lemons (TE-051248-5). During each site visit, Mr. Lemons evaluated all basins to document inundation levels and performed sampling when appropriate. Throughout the 2016/17 season, daily precipitation was monitored from multiple weather stations across the proposed project alignment, using Weather Underground Inc. 2016–2017).

Recovery Permit Coordinator

Subject: 2016/17 Wet Season Presence/Absence Survey for Vernal Pool Branchiopods, Pure Water San Diego Program North City Project, San Diego County, California

Visit Number	Biologist	Date	Survey Type	Survey Conditions
1	BAO	November 28, 2016	Ponding check	No conditions recorded
2	МО	December 1, 2016	GPS inundated ponded basins	No conditions recorded
3	PML	December 5, 2016	Survey	0900-1500; 66°F–68°F; 50- 70% cc; 2-6 mph winds
4	PML	December 12, 2016	Survey	0840-1230; 60-70°F; 80-40% cc; 0–7 mph winds
5	PML	December 19, 2016	Survey	0830-1500; 63-67°F; 0% cc; 1-3 mph winds
6	PML	December 26, 2016	Survey	0950-1600; 58-60°F; 20-30% cc; 0-5 mph winds
7	PML	January 2, 2017	Survey	0930–1500; 54-61°F; 100% cc; 0-5 mph winds
8	PML	January 9, 2017	Survey	0820–1500; 60-63°F; 100% cc; 1-4 mph winds
9	PML	January 16, 2017	Survey	0900–1500; 55–66°F; 60-5% cc; 0–5 mph winds
10	PML	January 23, 2017	Survey	0900–1520; 54-56°F; 100- 90% cc; 3-15 mph winds, some rain
11	PML	January 30, 2017	Survey	0800–1440; 59-62°F; 10-20% cc; 0-7 mph winds
12	PML	February 6, 2017	Survey	0900-1520; 56-61°F; 100% cc; 1-10 mph winds
13	PML	February 13, 2017	Survey	0840-1500; 61°F–74°F; 0- 60% cc; 0-4 mph winds
14	PML	February 20, 2017	Survey	0800–1430; 59-71°F; 100– 40% cc; 0–6 mph winds
15	PML	February 27, 2017	Survey	0900–1400; 49–58°F; 100% cc; 4–15 mph winds; Heavy rain
16	PML	March 6, 2017	Survey	0900-1530; 54°F–76°F; 0% cc; 1-10 mph winds
17	PML	March 13, 2017	Survey	0820-1500; 59–75°F; 50-0% cc; 0-5 mph winds
18	PML	March 20, 2017	Survey- All pools dry	No conditions recorded
19	PML	March 23, 2017	Ponding check	No conditions recorded
20	PML	March 27, 2017	Survey- All pools dry	No conditions recorded
21	PML	May 8, 2017	Ponding check	No conditions recorded

Table 12015/16 Schedule of Surveys

Visit Number	Biologist	Date	Survey Type	Survey Conditions
22	PML	May 12, 2017	Survey	0830-1430; 63-72°F; 100-80% cc; 1-5 mph winds
23	PML	May 19, 2017	Survey- All pools dry	No conditions recorded
24	PML	June 12, 2017	Ponding check: All pools dry, wet season concluded	No conditions recorded

Table 12015/16 Schedule of Surveys

Surveyors: BAO = Brock Ortega; MO = Monique O'Conner; PML = Paul Lemons (TE-051248-5) **Survey Conditions:** °F = degrees Fahrenheit, cc = cloud cover, mph = miles per hour

Protocol-level sampling was performed within all basins that were considered potential listed branchiopod habitat by vernal pool branchiopods and any depressions meeting the USFWS 3-centimeter (1.2-inch) inundation criteria. The location of each basin sampled was recorded using a Global Positioning System (GPS) unit with sub-meter accuracy. GPS data were downloaded into an ArcGIS file by Dudek geographic information systems (GIS) specialist Andrew Greis.

During each survey, Mr. Lemons inspected the individual basins for depth, surface area of water, air and water temperature, level of disturbance, and presence of aquatic wildlife. An aquarium dip net was passed through every basin that met the USFWS inundation criteria. All portions of ponded water were surveyed from the bottom to the surface by moving the dip net in a mild zigzag pattern through the basin as directed by the sampling protocol (USFWS 2015). Dip net contents were frequently viewed and discarded of algae, plants, and other debris material when occurring at high concentrations (USFWS 2015). Samples were collected, when needed, using the aquarium net and a 40-milliliter (1.4-ounce) glass vial. Specimens were stored in the vial with water collected where the specimen was found. Specimens were taken to the laboratory within 24 hours of collection and placed in a non-denatured ethyl alcohol (200 proof) solution for preservation. Each specimen was inspected thoroughly using a dissecting microscope and soft-tip forceps. Eriksen and Belk (1999) was used to verify the species of each specimen collected. If any listed vernal pool branchiopods would have been identified during this survey effort, the USFWS would have been notified within 10 days of occupied basins as stated in the protocol.

Survey data sheets (provided in the 2015 survey protocol) were completed for every basin that met the minimum USFWS inundation requirement at the time of sampling (Appendix A). All information was hand recorded in the field using the data sheet, with the most pertinent information (e.g., pool basin data, fairy shrimp presence/absence, and species identification) recorded. Photographs of the pool basins are included in Appendix B.

SURVEY RESULTS

Basin Descriptions

A total of 19 basins were identified as suitable habitat for vernal pool branchiopods and were surveyed during the 2016/17 wet survey season. The basins within the study area are distributed in topographically flat areas primarily along Eastgate Mall Road in the City of San Diego and Moreno Avenue in Lakeside, CA. Seventeen (17) of the basins are considered road ruts. Road ruts are depressions that are typically formed by vehicular traffic within or immediately adjacent to roadways, generally lack aquatic vegetation, and are heavily disturbed by vehicular traffic moderately to highly disturbed, showing evidence of current roadside disturbance (i.e., parked vehicles, trailers, tire tracks, trash). Two basins (PWP 1 and PWP 8) are considered vernal pools. Vernal pools are depressions that retain sufficient water level, support vernal pool indicator plant species, and likely support vernal pool branchiopods (Note that no vernal pool branchiopods were detected within PWP 1 during the 2016/17 wet season surveys).

Fairy Shrimp Presence/Absence

Neither of the two federally listed endangered vernal pool branchiopod species (Riverside fairy shrimp or San Diego fairy shrimp) were identified during the 2016/17 wet season survey effort. During the 16 survey sampling visits, 12 basins (PWP 3, PWP 4, PWP, 5, PWP 6, PWP 8, PWP 9, PWP 11, PWP 12, PWP 13, PWP 14, PWP 15, PWP 17) were found to be occupied by versatile fairy shrimp (*Branchinecta lindahli*). A summary of the survey results is provided in Table 2. The distribution of basins sampled in the study area is presented in Figure 3 attached to this report.

Basin ID	Branchiopod Species Observed
PWP 1	None
PWP 2	None
PWP 3	Fairy shrimp present; Versatile fairy shrimp (Branchinecta lindahli)
PWP 4	Fairy shrimp present; Versatile fairy shrimp (Branchinecta lindahli)
PWP 5	Fairy shrimp present; Versatile fairy shrimp (Branchinecta lindahli)
PWP 6	Fairy shrimp present; Versatile fairy shrimp (Branchinecta lindahli)
PWP 7	None
PWP 8	Fairy shrimp present; Versatile fairy shrimp (Branchinecta lindahli)
PWP 9	Fairy shrimp present; Versatile fairy shrimp (Branchinecta lindahli)
PWP 10	None
PWP 11	Fairy shrimp present; Versatile fairy shrimp (Branchinecta lindahli)

Table 22015/16 Vernal Pool Branchiopods Survey Results*

Basin ID	Branchiopod Species Observed
PWP 12	Fairy shrimp present; Versatile fairy shrimp (Branchinecta lindahli)
PWP 13	Fairy shrimp present; Versatile fairy shrimp (Branchinecta lindahli)
PWP 14	Fairy shrimp present; Versatile fairy shrimp (Branchinecta lindahli)
PWP 15	Fairy shrimp present; Versatile fairy shrimp (Branchinecta lindahli)
PWP 16	None
PWP 17	Fairy shrimp present; Versatile fairy shrimp (Branchinecta lindahli)
PWP 18	None
PWP 19	None

Table 22015/16 Vernal Pool Branchiopods Survey Results*

I certify that the information presented in this survey report and attached exhibits fully and accurately represents my work. Please contact Brock Ortega at bortega@dudek.com, Paul Lemons at plemons@dudek.com, or Danielle Mullen at dmullen@dudek.com if you have any questions regarding the contents of this report.

Sincerely,

Paul Lemons TE051248-5

Att: Figure 1, Regional Map Figure 2A–C, Vicinity Map Figures 3A–F, Aerial Map Appendix A, Survey Data Forms Appendix B, Photographs

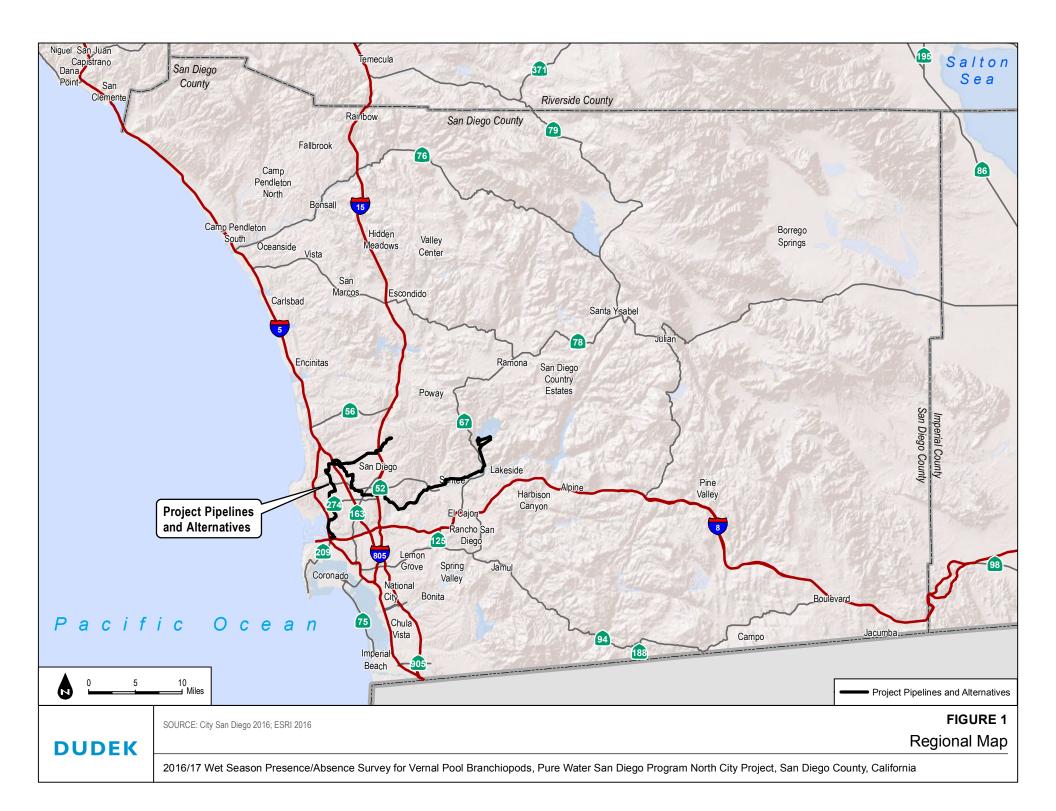
cc: Brock Ortega, Dudek

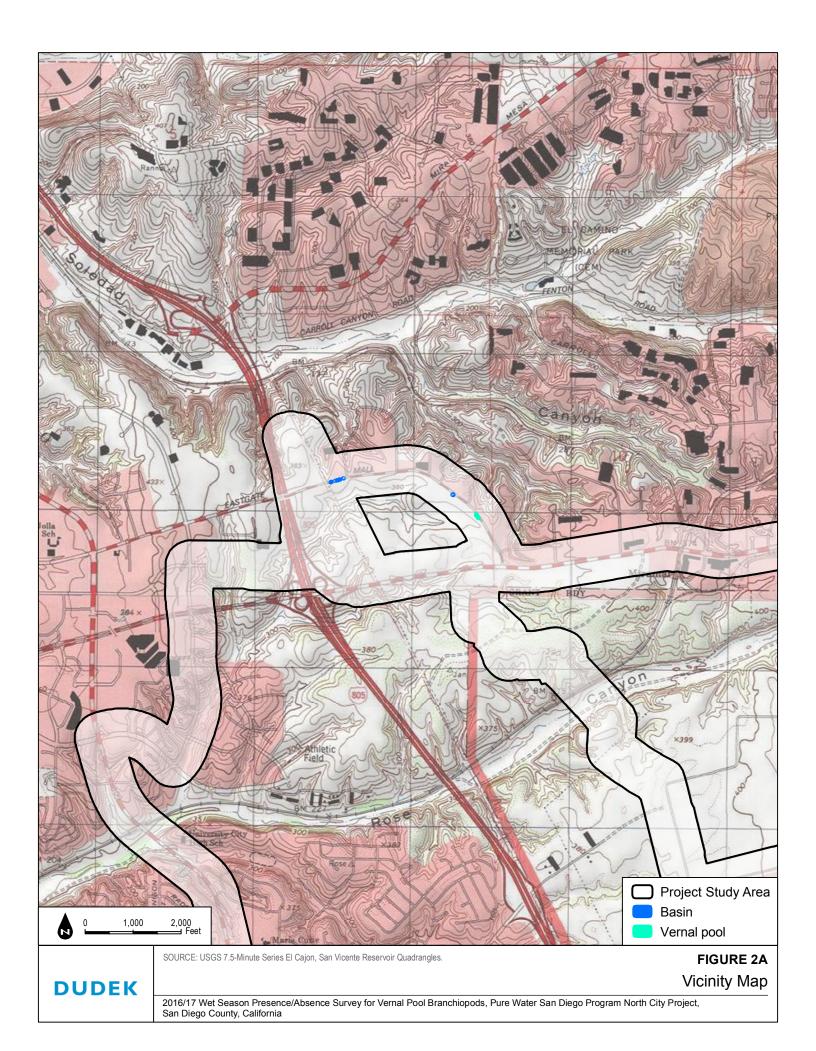
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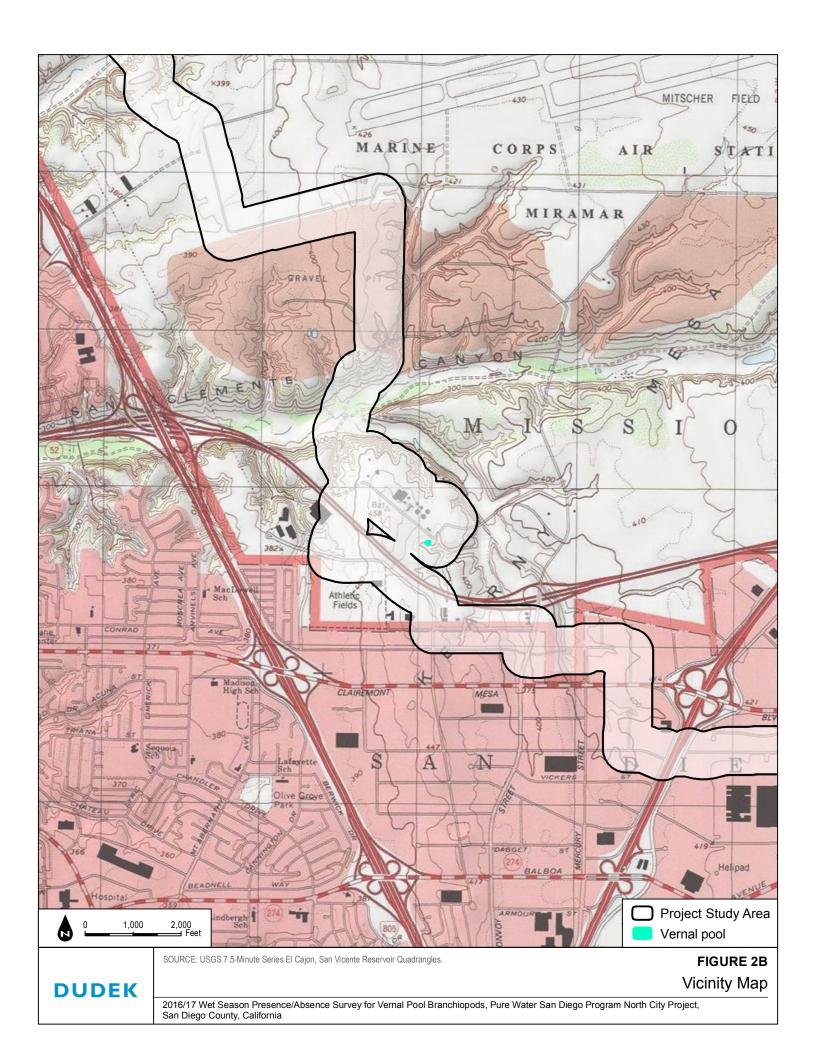
- Eriksen, C., and D. Belk. 1999. *Fairy Shrimps of California's Puddles, Pools, and Playas.* Eureka, California: Mad River Press Inc.
- Holland, R.F. 1986. Preliminary Descriptions of the Terrestrial Natural Communities of California. Nongame-Heritage Program. California Department of Fish and Game. October 1986.

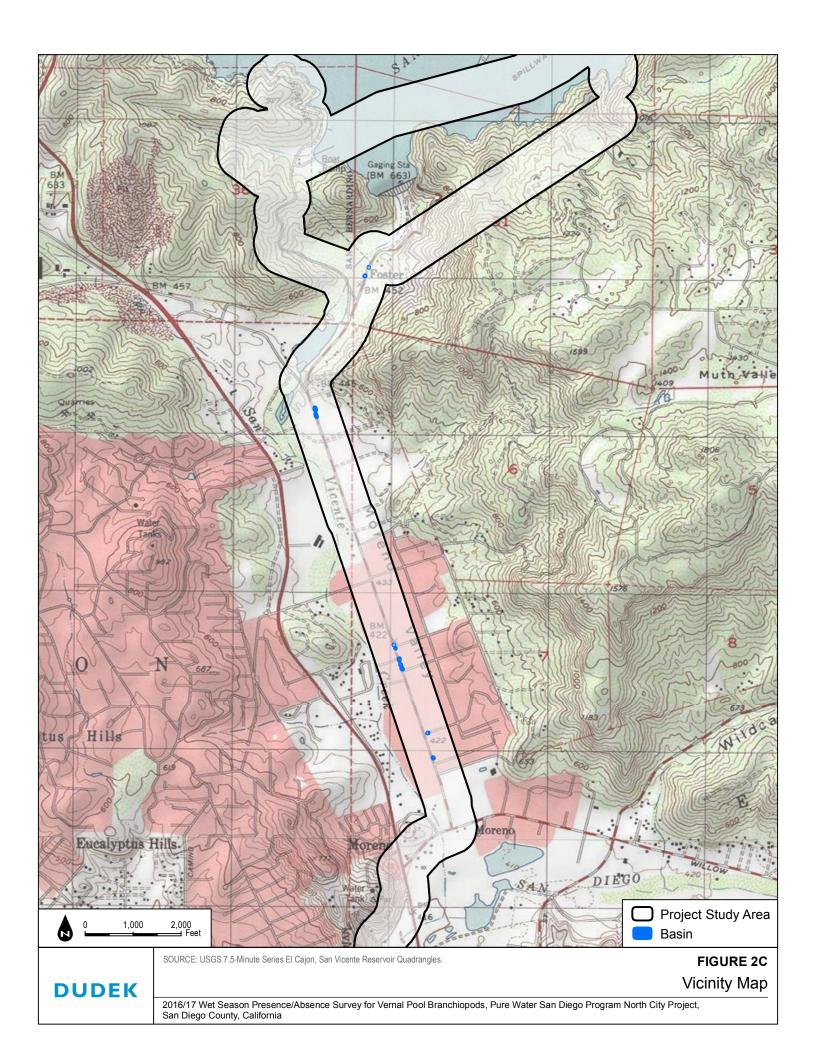
Subject: 2016/17 Wet Season Presence/Absence Survey for Vernal Pool Branchiopods, Pure Water San Diego Program North City Project, San Diego County, California

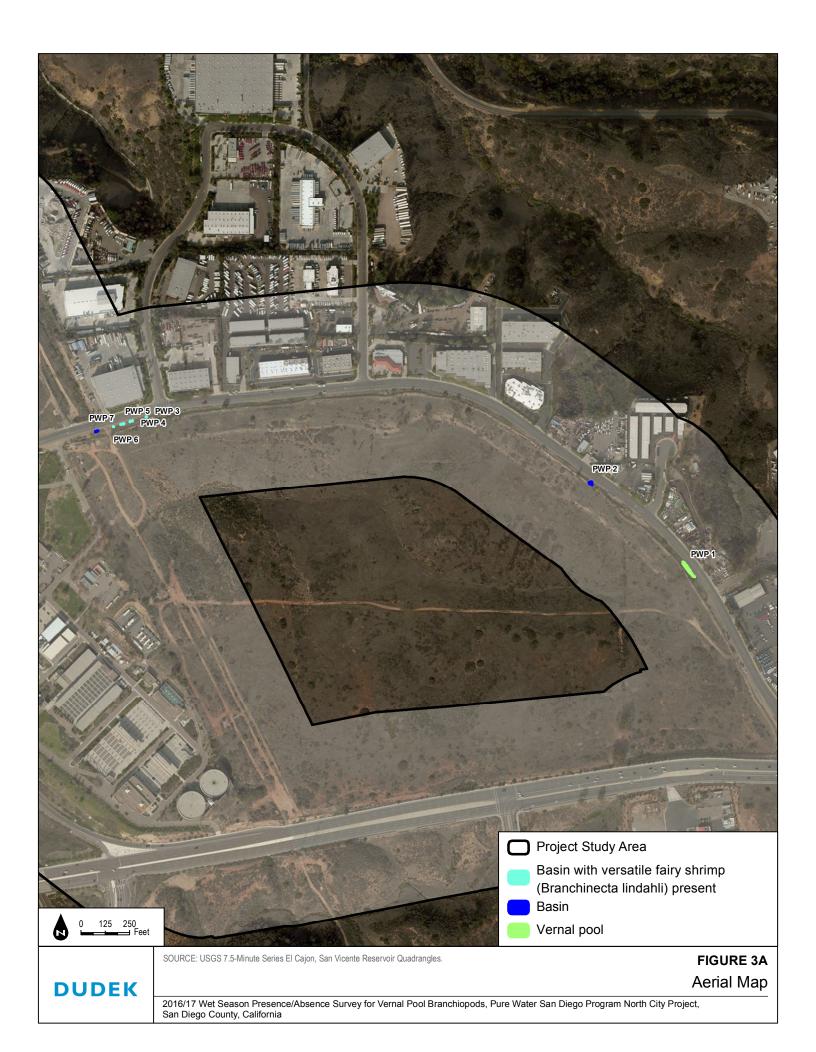
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- USFWS. 2015. Survey Guidelines for the Listed Large Branchiopods. Sacramento, California: USFWS Pacific Southwest Region. May 31, 2015.
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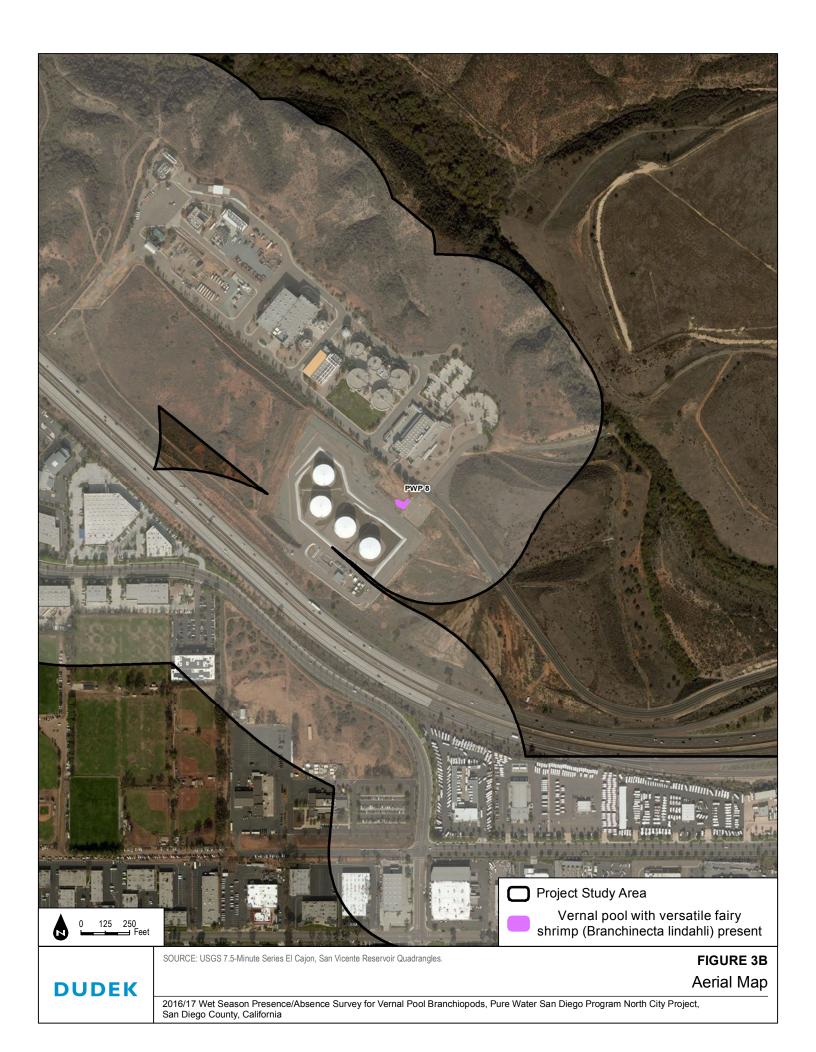


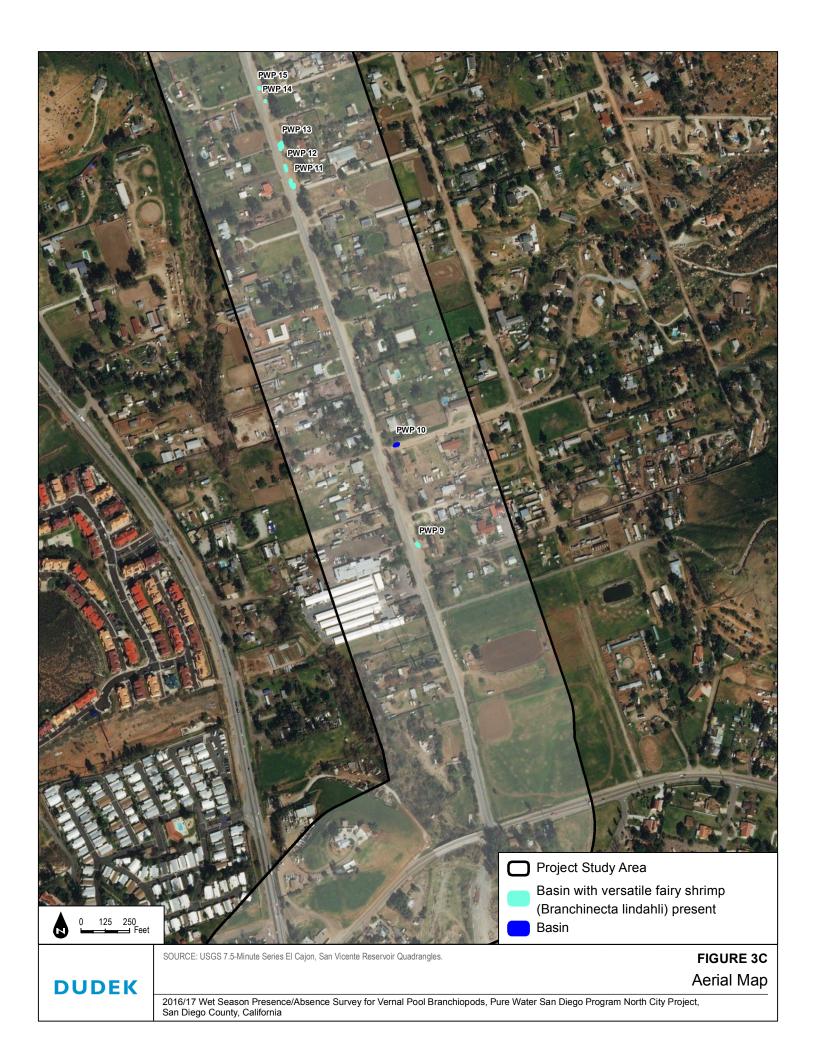


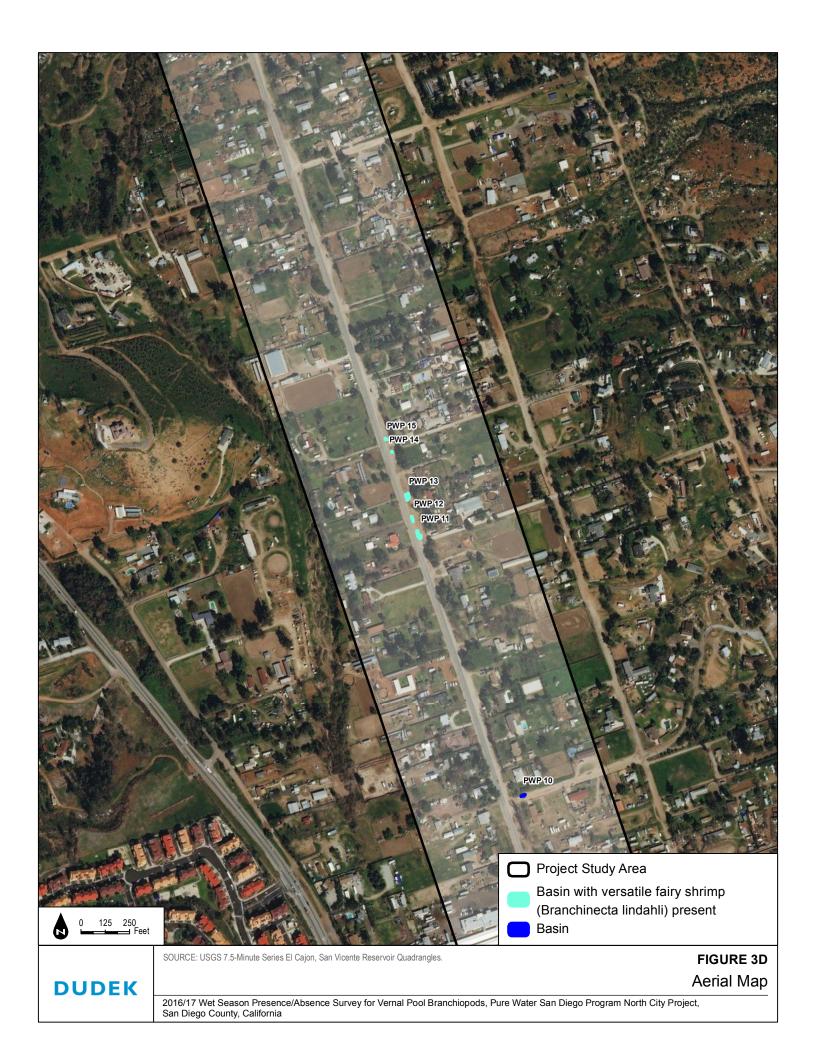
















APPENDIX A

Survey Data Forms

								Quad:				HU	Tow	/nship):		Range	9:	Section:
SURVEYOR / P Date: 12/5/16	ermit Num Time: প্ৰ	1 ber:	We:	ather Co	ndition	0512H	8 -64°	F, i	2-6 .	ngh	wi	uls	, <i>5</i> 0	5-7	0%	cloub	25.		
	UTM	Tem	р (🍞)	Depth	(cm)	Ar	face ea x m)		Crusta	acear	าร			In	sects		inths ns)	dition	Notes / Voucher information
Feature ID #	(Northing, Easting, Datum)	Air	Water	Average	Est. Max.	Present	Est₀ Max.	Anostracans	Notostracans	Copepods	Ostracods	Cladocera	Coleoptera	Hemiptera	Diptera Culicidae	Diptera Chironomidae	Platyhelminths (flatworms)	Habitat Condition	
PWPI		60	58	5	10	1×26	2×30											D,TT, T	N.FS
TWP Z		66	591	3	8	1.5x4	2×8											D,TT	NoFS
PWP 3		66	59	3	8	.5×1	1.5×10											DIT	NoFS
PWP 4		67	59	Ч	10	1×1	INZ.											Dit	NoFS
TWP 5		67	59	3	8	Ixt	1×6											Ditt	NoES
PWPG		67	59	3	10	(x3	126											Dit	NoFS
PWP7		67	60	3	8		246											D,TT	No FS
PWP8 (Brosslike	þ	60	Œ5	7	15	GXIZ	20+25	BRU-V	75									NPUT	FSpresent
PWP8 (Brossling) PWP9. Morriso		67	68	3	6	1×1	3×3											D,T	NoFS
PUTIO		67	68	4	8	2×3	3×8											DI	NoFS
TWP II		67	67	3	8		5×8											D.TT	Nofs
PWPIZ		67	70	3	10	1.5×6	240											Ditt	NOFS
PWP 13		67	66	5	10	GXG	8*8	10-5										D.TT	-Hoff Shem
PWP 14		67	66	3			4×12											J,TT	FS Present.

(Estimate grazing regime by height of grasses and forbs and density of hoof prints) LG = light grazing, MG = moderate grazing, HG = heavy grazing.

-

Site or Project	Name:				ounty:			Quad:					Tov	vnship):)		Rang	Branchic e:		Section:
SURVEYOR / P	ermit Num	ber:															-			
Date: 12/5 Cou	Time		We	ather Co	onditio	าร:									(4))					
-	UTM	Tem	ıp (°C)	Depth	(cm)	Ar	face ea x m)		Crust	acear	าร			In	sects		iinths ns)	Idition		/ Voucher prmation
Feature ID #	(Northing, Easting, Datum)	Air	Water	Average	Est. Max.	Present	Est. Max.	Anostracans	Notostrácans	Copepods	Ostracods	Cladocera	Coleoptera	Hemiptera	Diptera Culicidae	Diptera Chironomidae	Platyhelminths (flatworms)	Habitat Condition		
PWP 15	4	69	Go	6	10	2×2	8×8	BRIT										D,tt	FSP	Fesent 2 5
PWP 16		69	66	4	8	.5×16	1×26											D,TT	Not	3
FWPIZ		69	67	6	12	3×20	5+30											DIT	No f	3
PWP 18		69	686	3	8	Z×3	5×18											D,TT	No	FS
PWP 19		GT	66	3	6	1×2	3×16											D.TT	No	fs
																				*
		ļ		-																
					1															
	· · · · · ·																			
			<u> </u>					-												
Notes: Fill in abbreviated																				

by: C = cattle, H = horses, S = sheep; AB = Algal blooms present. (Estimate grazing regime by height of grasses and forbs and density of hoof prints) LG = light grazing, MG = moderate grazing, HG = heavy grazing.

C. M.

Site or Project	Name: 7	WP		Co	ounty:	Soul	Read	Quad:					Tow	nship):		Rang	Ð:	Section:
SURVEYOR I_P Date: $\frac{12}{12}$			Paul	enon	ۍ - م	TE05	248					- 1	1						
Date: 12/12/16	Time: 08	40-123	0 Wea	ather Co	nditio	ns: 📿	>-70.6	F, 0-'	7 mpl	-, 4	80-	40%	u						1
	UTM	Tèmr Y	o (* 2)	Depth	(cm)	Ar	face ea k m)		Crusta	acean	IS			Ins	sects	7.8	ninths ms)	ldition	Notes / Voucher information
Feature ID #	(Northing, Easting, Datum)	Air	Water	Average	Est. Max.	Present	Est.∿Max.	Anostracans	Notostracans	Copepods	Ostracods	Cladocera	Coleoptera	Hemiptera	Diptera Culicidae	Diptera Chironomidae	Platyhelminths (flatworms)	Habitat Condition	
PWP 1		60'4	59°F	3	10	.5×5	Z×30											RIL	No FS
PWP 2		60	59	3	8	.5×2	Z×8											Dit	No FS FS present called FS present - FS present 7
PWP8		63	71	3	15	1.5×8	20170	BRL!										NF,UD	FS present colle
PWP 13		68	70	4	10	4×6	8×8	BRLL										D'II	FS present-
PWP 15		68	72	1	10	.5×.5	848	BRLI										7,77	FS present 7
PWP10		68	70	3	8	1×1	3×8			1				_				D,tt	NoFS
* All other y pools day y	£			=															
													-						
										8									

Apper	ndix 1. U.	S. Fist	n and V	Vildlife S	Servic	e – Da	ta She	et for	Wet	Seas	son	Surv	veys	For	Liste	d La	rge E	ranchio	pods
Site or Project	Name: Pa	JRE L	JATER	Co	unty:८	SANT	REGÓ	Quad:	SEE	RERE	ORT	-5	TOW	Inship	THEUGH	tar +	Range	nego Col	Section:
SURVEYOR / P	Permit Num	ber:	PAUL	LEMONS) (E	20514	-12-2												
Date: 12/19/16	Time: 083	0-1500	7 Wea	ather Co	ndition	IS:63-	68°1	-	s m	ph	Win	ls,	Ċ) %	'.cc				
	UTM	Temp	o (*0) F	Depth ((cm)	Surl Ar (m)	ea		Crusta		ns		- Under	Ins	ects	ies LeBrudiker Invive	ninths ms)	ndition	Notes / Voucher information
Feature ID #	(Northing, Easting, Datum)	Air	Water	Average	Est. Max.	Present	Est. Max.	Anostracans F5	Notostracans	Copepods	Ostracods	Cladocera	Coleoptera	Hemiptera	Diptera Culicidae	Diptera Fr Chironomidae	Platyhelminths (flatworms)	Habitat Condition	
PWP 1	482406.52	63	51	9	10	2×30	2×30						-					D,TT	NOES
PWP Z	482253.80 3638105.22	63	52	8	8	2×8	Z×8											DT	Nofs
PWP 3	481556,56				8		1.5×10												Dry
PWP 4	481532.83 3638196.63	63	51	6	10	1×1	1×2											ZTT	No ES
PWP 5	481519.59 3638192.16	63	50	7	8	ING	1×6											D.TT	No FS
PWP G	481505.26	63	51	6	10	1×3	126											Dit	NOFS
PWP 7	481478.58		51	6	8	1.5×5	2×6											DIT	No FS
BPWP 8	485061.26	Gle	Ze	13	15	20000	20+20	BRUI			X							NT, UT	FS present
PWP 9	537278.06	68	60	G	6	3×8	3×8	2.19 A										Dπ	NoFS
PWTP 10	507243,771 3638107.35	68	61	8	8	328	3×8											DIT	Nofs
PWP 11	3638515.05		63	8	8	5×18	548											D.TT	No FS
PWP 12	507067.13	68	64	10	10	2410	2×10											DIT	NOFS
PWP 13	507059.25	68	63	10	10	828	8×8	BRLL										DIT	FS present
PWP 14	567034 43	68	65	7	12	3×12	4x1Z											DIT	No FS

Notes: Fill in abbreviated names of Anostracans and Notostracans, for all others indicate presence with a check mark. Anostracan and Notostracan Abbreviations: Use first two letters of genus and species name (e.g., LIOC = Linderiella occidentalis, BRLI = Branchinecta lindahli).

For habitat conditions use two letter abbreviation as follows: NP = Natural Pool, CP = Constructed Pool; UD = undisturbed, D = disturbed: with TT = tire tracks, T = trash, P = plowed; G = grazed, UG = ungrazed by: C = cattle, H = horses, S = sheep; AB = Algal blooms present.

(Estimate grazing regime by height of grasses and forbs and density of hoof prints) LG = light grazing, MG = moderate grazing, HG = heavy grazing.

Appen	dix 1. U.	S. Fish	and V	Nildlife S	Servic	e – Da	ta Sh	eet for	Wet	Seas	son	Sur	veys	For	Liste	d La	rge E	Branchic	pods	3
Site or Project	Name: P	re W	ATER	Co	unty:	SAND	640	Quad:	SE	ver.	6L-	SEE	Tov	ror Ror	: 		Range	e:		Section:
SURVEYOR / P	ermit Num	ber: F	Piur L	ELOUS	- TE	051Z	48-5						***							
Date: 12/19/10	Time:		We	ather Co	nditior	is:	0	F,	v	nph	w	nds	,		%.oc	e				
Date: 12/19/10	UTM (Northing,	Temp	o (°C)	Depth	(cm)	Surl Ar (m)			Crusta	acear	IS			In	sects		ninths ms)	ndition		es / Voucher formation
Feature ID #	Easting, Datum)	Air	Water	Average	Est. Max.	Present	Est. Max.	Anostracans	Notostracans	Copepods	Ostracods	Cladocera	Coleoptera	Hemiptera	Diptera Culicidae	Diptera Chironomidae	Platyhelminths (flatworms)	Habitat Condition		
7WP 15 PWP 16 PWP 17 PWP 18 PWP 19	507024.91 3639664.95	68	66	10	10	8×8	8×8											DIT	No	
PWP 16	506520,27 3640117,92	68	63	5	8	120	1×20											Dit	No	F5
PWP 17	506513.76 3640160.06	69	64	6	12	320	5×30											D,T	No	
PWP 18	506823.36 3641066.23	67	63	8	8	5×18	5×18											D,T	No	FS
PWP 19	5000047.40 3641059.89	67	63	6	6	5×16	8xle										1	Dit	No	·FS
			(1																	
								-												

Notes: Fill in abbreviated names of Anostracans and Notostracans, for all others indicate presence with a check mark. Anostracan and Notostracan Abbreviations: Use first two letters of genus and species name (e.g., LIOC = Linderiella occidentalis, BRLI = Branchinecta lindahli). For habitat conditions use two letter abbreviation as follows: NP = Natural Pool, CP = Constructed Pool; UD = undisturbed, D = disturbed: with TT = tire tracks, T = trash, P = plowed; G = grazed, UG = ungrazed by: C = cattle, H = horses, S = sheep; AB = Algal blooms present. (Estimate grazing regime by height of grasses and forbs and density of hoof prints) LG = light grazing, MG = moderate grazing, HG = heavy grazing.

Appen Site or Project	dix 1. U. Name: ⊋	S. Fish	and V	Vildlife S	Servic unty:4	e – Da	ta She	et fo Quad:	r Wet	Seas	son	Surv	/eys	Foi	r Liste	ed La	Range	Branchio	pods Section:
SURVEYOR / P	ermit Num	ber:	PAUL	EMONS	T	E OF 12	49-5	-	SEE	KERE	ORT	-5	EVER	AL	THRUG	Haut "	San I	NEGO CON	NTY
Date: 12/26/6		30-16	Wea	ather Co	nditior	IS: 58-	6004	10-	5 m	phi	Win	ds,	20-	30°	1.cc				I
	UTM 🗧	Temp		Depth (Sur Ar	face ea x m)	×	Crusta						sects		inths ns)	dition	Notes / Voucher information
Feature ID #	(Northing, Easting, Datum)	Air	Water	Average	Est. Max.	Present	Est. Max.	Anostracans	Notostracans	Copepods	Ostracods	Cladocera	Coleoptera	Hemiptera	Diptera Culicidae	Diptera Chironomidae	Platyhelminths (flatworms)	Habitat Condition	
PWP 1	482406.52	58	57	8	10	2730	2×30						ES.					\mathcal{D}, Π	NoFS
PWP Z	482253.80 3638105.22	58	56	le	8	2:×8	Z×8											DIL	NoFS
FWP 3	481556.56 3638203.82	59	58	5	8	1×8	1.5×10											DT	NoFS
PWP 4	481532.83 3638196.63	59	58	8	10	12	1×2											DIT	NoFS
PWP 5	481519.59. 3638192.16	59	58	6	8	1×6	1×6											DIT	NoFS
PWP G	491505.26	59	58	7	6	1×6	126											D.T	NoFS
PWP 7	481478.58 363181 2 0.53	59	58	6	8	2×6	2×6											DIT	NoFS
BPWP 8	485061.26	61	58	10	15	Z0x20	20+20				k							NP	No FS
PWP 9	507278.06	63	59	5	6	3×8	3×8											P,TT	No FS
Putt 10	507243,77 3638107.35	63	51	7	8	328	3×8											DA	NoFS
PWP 11	507097,48	64	59	7	8	5×18	548											DIT	N.FS
PWP 12	507067.13 3638540.17		59	\$	10	240	2×10											D,TT	NoFS
PWP 13	507059.25	64	59	8	10	8×8	8×8											D,TT	NoFS
PWP 14	507034.43	64	58	9	12	3×12	4x1Z											D.T.	NOFS

by: C = cattle, H = horses, S = sheep; AB = Algal blooms present. (Estimate grazing regime by height of grasses and forbs and density of hoof prints) LG = light grazing, MG = moderate grazing, HG = heavy grazing.

Appen	dix 1. U.	S. Fist	n and \	Nildlife S	Servic	e – Da	ta She	eet fo	r Wet	Seas	son	Sur	veys	For	Liste	d La	rge E	Branchio	pods	j
Site or Project	Name: Por	re W	ATER	Co	unty:	SAND	660	Quad:	SE	VER.	6L-	- SEE	RE	ROR	ж. Т.		Range):		Section:
SURVEYOR / P	ermit Num	ber: 🗐	Paul 1	ELONS	5 - TE	:051Z	48-5													
Date: 12/26/16	Time:		We	ather Co	ndition	IS:	0	f,	v	nph	w	nds	,		º/0 c	e				
Contil		Temp	o (°C)	Depth	(cm)	Sur Ar (m :	face ea	3	Crust						sects		ninths ms)	ndition		es / Voucher formation
Feature ID #	(Northing, Easting, Datum)	Air	Water	Average	Est. Max.	Present	Est. Max.	Anostracans	Notostracans	Copepods	Ostracods	Cladocera	Coleoptera	Hemiptera	Diptera Culicidae	Diptera Chironomidae	Platyhelminths (flatworms)	Habitat Condition		
PWP 15	507024.91 3639664.95		57	8	10	8×8	8×8							n.				D,tt	No	FS
PWP 16 PWP 17 PWP 18 PWP 19	506520.27 3640117.92	64	58	6	8	120	1×20											D,T	No	FS FS
PWP 17	506513,76	64	58	8	12		5×30											D,TT	No	FS
PWP 18	506823.36	64	58	5	8	5218												D,TT	No	FS
PWP 19	5006:47.40 3641059.89	627	58	4	6	5-16	BXC											Pt	N	08
										<u> </u>								8		
					<u></u>					<u> </u>		-								
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																				£
Notes: Fill in abbreviate	d names of Anos	tracans a	nd Notost	racans, for al	i others ir	ndicate pre	esence wi	th a cheo	k mark.	Anostr	acan a	and No	tostrac	an Ab	breviatio	ns: Use	first two	letters of ge	enus and	species name

(e.g., LIOC = Linderiella occidentalis, BRLI = Branchinecta lindahli). For habitat conditions use two letter abbreviation as follows: NP = Natural Pool, CP = Constructed Pool; UD = undisturbed, D = disturbed: with TT = tire tracks, T = trash, P = plowed; G = grazed, UG = ungrazed by: C = cattle, H = horses, S = sheep; AB = Algal blooms present. (Estimate grazing regime by height of grasses and forbs and density of hoof prints) LG = light grazing, MG = moderate grazing, HG = heavy grazing.

Append	dix 1. U.S	S. Fist	1 and V	Nildlife S	ervic	e – Da	ita Sh	eet for	Wet	Seas	son	Sur	veys	s For	r Liste	ed La		3ranchio	pods Section:
Site or Project		JRE L	UNTER		inty.دِ	SANY	IEGO	Quau.	SEE	RERO	RI	5	EVER	AL	THEUG	Har !	SAL I	nego Co.	-NTY
SURVEYOR / Pe		ber:	PAUL!	LEMONS	<i>E</i>	20512	-44-5	; 				<u>^</u>	19						
Date. 1/2/17	Time: 013	10-150	0 VVCC					+,0-0	5 m	phi	U IN	ds,	10	27	1. CC	<u>.</u>			
- X Q	UTM 🗧	Temr	p (°C) 'F	Depth (o	cm)	Surfa Are (m x	rea	:0 6 0	Crusta	acean	IS			In	nsects		inths ns)	dition	Notes / Voucher information
Feature ID #	(Northing, Easting, Datum)	Air	Water	Average	Est. Max.	Present	Est. Max.	Anostracans	Notostracans	Copepods	Ostracods	Cladocera	Coleoptera	Hemiptera	Diptera Culicidae	Diptera Chironomidae	Platyhelminths (flatworms)	Habitat Condition	
PWP 1	482406.52 3637971.61	5H	54	1751A	10	3×40	200	3240					· • ;					P.T	No F.S
PWPZ	482253.80 3638105.22	54	53	8	8	420	2288	6,×30										DIT	No F3
PWI 3	481556.56 3638203.82	. 54	55	Q	8	ZXIC	1.5×10											D,TT	NOES
TWP 4	481532.83 3638196.63	54	55	10	10	[x2	1×2						\Box					DIT	NoFS
TWP 5	481519.59 3638192.16	55	56	8	8	1×6	1×6											D,TT	NoFS
PWP 6	481505.26	55	56	10	6	1×6	126											ZIT	No FS
twt t	481478.58 3631810.53	55	56	8	8	2×6	2×6											DIT	NoFS
BPWP 8	485061.26	55	56	15	15	2020	20+20	BRL										UD, NP	Z 8 Branch .!!
PWP 9	587278.06	56	57	6	6	20328	3×8											DIT	NoFS
PWT 10	507243,77 3638107.35	56	57	4	8	3×8	3×8											RT	No FS
	507097.48 3638515.05	58	56	8	8	4×8	5×8											D.TT	NoFS
PWP 12	507067.13 3638540.17	58	57	10	10	ZXIO	2×10					2						DIT	NoFS
PWP 13	507059.25 3.38574.6	151	56	10	10	818	8×8	11										D,TT	NoFS
PWP 14	507034 43	60	56	12	12	4×12	4x1Z	-										DIT	NoF5

by: C = cattle, H = horses, S = sheep; AB = Algal blooms present. (Estimate grazing regime by height of grasses and forbs and density of hoof prints) LG = light grazing, MG = moderate grazing, HG = heavy grazing.

Apper	ndix 1. U.	S. Fisł	n and N	Wildlife \$	Servic	e – Da	ata She	eet fo	r Wet	Seas	son	Surv	/eys	For	Liste	d La	rge E	Branchio	pods	
Site or Project	Name: Por	REW	ATER	Co	unty:	SAND	AGO I	Quad:	Se	VER.	L-	SEE	Toy	vnship ROR	: T		Range	9:	Section	n:
SURVEYOR / P	Permit Num	ber: 🖙	PAUL	ELON	5 - TE	:051Z	48-5													
Date: 1/2/17	Time:		We	ather Co	nditior	ns:	0	F,	v	nph	w	nds	,		º/00	e				-
Contil	UTM (Northing,	Temp	o (10)	Depth	(cm)	AI	face rea x m)	•	Crusta	acear	IS			Ins	sects		ninths ms)	ndition	Notes / Vou informatic	
Feature ID #	Easting, Datum)	Air	Water	Average	Est. Max.	Present	Est. Max.	Anostracans	Notostracans	Copepods	Ostracods	Cladocera	Coleoptera	Hemiptera	Diptera Culicidae	Diptera Chironomidae	Platyhelminths (flatworms)	Habitat Condition		
PWP 15 PWP 16 PWP 17 PWP 18 PWP 19	507024.91 3639664.95		56	10	10	828	8×8											Ditt	NoFS	
PWP 16	506520.27 3640117.92	61	57	4	8	1×20	1×20											D.TT	NoFS	
PWPIT	506513.76 3640160.06	61	55	12	12	5×30	5×30											DIT	NoFS	
TWP 18	506823.36 3641006.23	61	55	8	8	5×18.	5×18	_									2	カル	NoFS	
PWP 19	506947.90 3641059.89		55	6	6	8×16	BXCe										1	D,TT	NoFS	
																			14	
											_									
				· · · · · ·	1											12				
				1																
Notos: Fill in obbroviete	d nomen of Anon	trooppo of	nd Notoot	reasons for al	athers in	diante ne				A							C			

by: C = cattle, H = horses, S = sheep; AB = Algal blooms present.

(Estimate grazing regime by height of grasses and forbs and density of hoof prints) LG = light grazing, MG = moderate grazing, HG = heavy grazing.

Appen Site or Project	dix 1. $U.s$ Name: \Box	S. Fish	n and V	Vildlife S	ervic	e – Da	ta Sh	eet for Quad	Wet	Seas	son	Sur	/eys	For	Liste	ed La	rge E	Branchio	pods Section:
Site or Project	TL	REL	JATER	- 00		SANY	ILGO T	-	SEE	KERC	RI	-5	EVER	AL	THIEUG	Hart.	San I	nego Con	NTY
SURVEYOR / P Date: 1/2/17									m	phi	Wind	Rs,	100	0	1.cc		Rai	~	
	UTM 🗧	Temp		Depth (Surf Ar (m >	ace ea		Crusta			-			sects		inths ns)		Notes / Voucher information
Feature ID #	(Northing, Easting, Datum)	Air	Water	Average	Est. Max.	Present	Est. Max.	Anostracans	Notostracans	Copepods	Ostracods	Cladocera	Coleoptera	Hemiptera	Diptera Culicidae	Diptera Chironomidae	Platyhelminths (flatworms)	Habitat Condition	
PWP 1	482406.52	60	59	10	10	2×30	2×30						÷.					D,TT	No FS
PWP Z	482253.80	60	61	8	8	Zx8	Z×8											D,T	No F3
FWP 3	481556 56 3638203.82	60	61	8	8	1.5×10	1.5×10	11										D.T	N.FS
PWP 4	481532.83 3638196.63	60	61	10	10	IXZ	1×2											D,TT	NoFS
PWP 5	481519.59 3638192.16	60	61	8	8	146	1×6											DIT	NoFS
PWP G	481505.26	60	61	10	10	1×6	1×6											D,TT	NoFS
PWP 7	481478.58 3631810.53	60	GL	8	8	256	2×6											DIT	NoFS
BPWP 8	485061.26	61	63	15	15	20,20	20+20	BRU										NP	BRL1 - 100,
PWP 9	587278.06	62	63	6	6	3×3	3×3											D.TT	No FS
PWT 10	507243,74 3638107.35	62	64	8	8	3×8	3×8											DI	No FS
PWP 11	507077.48 3638515.05	63	63	8	8	5×8	5×8											DIT	NoFS
PWP 12	507067.13		64	10	10	240	2×10											Dit	NoFS
PWP 13	507059.25	63	63	10	10	848	8×8											DIT	No FS
PWP 14	567034.43	63	63	12	12	4×12	4x1Z											DIT	NoFS

(Estimate grazing regime by height of grasses and forbs and density of hoof prints) LG = light grazing, MG = moderate grazing, HG = heavy grazing.

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Apper	ndix 1. U.S	S. Fisl	n and V	Nildlife S	Servic	e – Da	ta Sh	eet for	r Wet	Seas	son	Surv	/eys	For	Liste	d La	rge E	Branchic	pods	;
Site or Project	ndix 1. U.S Name: Por	xe W	ATER	Co	unty:	SAND	660	Quad:	Se	VER.	6L-	SEE	Tom	vnship POR	<u>ו:</u> ד		Range	9:		Section:
SURVEYOR / P	Permit Num	ber: 🖘	Paul L	ELON	S-TE	:0512	48-5													
Date: 1/1/17	Time:		We	ather Co	nditior	ns:		£`	v	nph	W	nds	,		º/0 c	e				
Contid	UTM . (Northing,	Tem	p (°C)	Depth	(cm)	Surl Ar (m :	ea		Crusta	acear	IS			In	sects		ninths ms)	ndition		es / Voucher formation
Feature ID #	Easting, Datum)	Air	Water	Average	Est. Max.	Present	Est. Max.	Anostracans	Notostracans	Copepods	Ostracods	Cladocera	Coleoptera	Hemiptera	Diptera Culicidae	Diptera Chironomidae	Platyhelminths (flatworms)	Habitat Condition		
PWP 15 PWP 16 PWP 17 PWP 18 PWP 19	507024.91 3639664.95	63	64	10	10	828	8×8											RTT	No	FS
PWP 16	506520.27 3640117.92	63	64	8	8	1×20	1×20											Dit	No	FS
PWP 17	506513.76	63	64	12	12	5×30	5×30											Ditt	No	FS
PWP 18	506823.36 3641006.23	63	63	8	8	5×18	5×18											37T	No	
PWP 19	5006447.90 3641059.89	63	63	6	6	3216	3xle										1	DIL	No	FS
			1																	
				· · · · ·																
				И																

Notes: Fill in abbreviated names of Anostracans and Notostracans, for all others indicate presence with a check mark. Anostracan and Notostracan Abbreviations: Use first two letters of genus and species name (e.g., LIOC = *Linderiella occidentalis*, BRLI = *Branchinecta lindahli*). For habitat conditions use two letter abbreviation as follows: NP = Natural Pool, CP = Constructed Pool; UD = undisturbed, D = disturbed: with TT = tire tracks, T = trash, P = plowed; G = grazed, UG = ungrazed by: C = cattle, H = horses, S = sheep; AB = Algal blooms present. (Estimate grazing regime by height of grasses and forbs and density of hoof prints) LG = light grazing, MG = moderate grazing, HG = heavy grazing.

Site or Project I	dix 1. U.S Name: P	RE L	DATER	Co	unty:	SAND	REGO	Quad:	SEE	Kere	9K T	- 6	Tov	vnship	1: Tulka 20.	Hast .	Rang	e: NEGO CO	Section:
SURVEYOR / P	ermit Num	ber:	PAUL	LEMON	> 12	20514	-18-5	•									par s		
Date: 1/16/17		0-1500	ᠵ Wea	ather Co	nditior	18:55-	60°	F.0-1	5 m	ph i	UIN	Rs ,	60-	5%	l.cc	•			
an th	итм 🗄		o (12) F	Depth			^r ace ea		Crusta						sects		inths ns)	dition	Notes / Voucher information
Feature ID #	(Northing, Easting, Datum)	Air	Water	Average	Est. Max.	Present	Est. Max.	Anostracans	Notostracans	Copepods	Ostracods	Cladocera	Coleoptera	Hemiptera	Diptera Culicidae	Diptera Chironomidae	Platyhelminths (flatworms)	Habitat Condition	
PWP 1	482406.52. 3637971.61	55	55	107	10	2,30	2×30						-					DIT	NO FS
	482253.80 3638105.22	55	55	8	8	2=8	Z×8											DIT	NO FS
	481556 56 3638203.82	55	55	8	8	15×10	1.5×10											D,TT	NaES
	481532.83 3638196.63	55	58	10	10	1×2	1×2											DI	Nofs
PWP 5	481519.59 3638192.16	56	56	8	8	126	1×6											DT	NoFS
PWP G	491505.26	56	58	10	10	126	1×6									1		D.T	NoES
PWP 7	481478.58	56	58	8	8	2.46	2×6												
BPUT 8	485061.26		65	12	15	20x20	20+20	BRLI										NP	NoFS 48,48 Brance to collecter
PWP 9	537278.06	57	58	6	6	828	8×8	BRLI										DIT	1 8 Branch
PWTP 10	507243.77	57	58	7	8	328	3×8	1.41										Ditt	No FS
PWP 11	507077.48	59	58	6	8	5×8	5×8											DIT	No FS
PWP 12	507067.13	58	58	8	10	2×0												DIT	NoFS
PWP 13	507051.25	59	58	10	10		8×8											D,TT	NoFS
PWP 14	507034.43	59	58	10	12		1	BRLL										DIT	1 \$ B. collector

(Estimate grazing regime by height of grasses and forbs and density of hoof prints) LG = light grazing, MG = moderate grazing, HG = heavy grazing.

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Appen	idix 1. U.	S. Fist	n and V	Wildlife	Servic	e – Da	ata Sh	eet foi	r Wet	Sea	son	Sur	veys	; Foi	Liste	d La	rge E	Branchic	pods	j .
Site or Project	Name: P	re W	ATER	Co	ounty:	SAND	IEGO I	Quad:	Se	NER	6L-	SE	Tov	wnship ROR	»: -Т		Rang	e:		Section:
SURVEYOR / P	ermit Num	ber: <	PAUL	ELON	5 - TE	:051Z	48-5													
Date: 1/16/17			We	ather Co	onditior	าร:		۲ <i>۶</i> ,	Ň	nph	-wi	nds	,		°/0 c	e				-
contl	UTM (Northing,	Tem	ი (°C)	Depth	(cm)	Ar	face rea x m)		Crust	acear	ns			In	sects		ninths ms)	ndition		es / Voucher formation
Feature ID #	Easting, Datum)	Air	Water	Average	Est. Max.	Present	Est. Max.	Anostracans	Notostracans	Copepods	Ostracods	Cladocera	Coleoptera	Hemiptera	Diptera Culicidae	Diptera Chironomidae	Platyhelminths (flatworms)	Habitat Condition		Rlinlehli
PWP 15	507024.91 3639664.95	61	59	6	10	3×8	8×8	BRLL IS										DIT	28,1	R linlahli 17 Bramety collected
PWP 16 PWP 17 PWP 18 PWP 19	506520,29		60	8	8	1×Z	1×20											DAT		FS
PWF 17	3640160.06	62	60	10	12	5×30	5×30											DIT		ES
TWP 18	3641006.23	63	60	8	8	5×18	5×18											DIT		.FS
PWP 19	5009:47.90 3641059.89		60	6	6	3×16	3xle										1	D,TT	No	FS
																		-		
																12				
									Ð)											
Notes: Fill in abbreviate	d names of Anos	tracans a	nd Notost	racans for a	Il others in	ndicate on	esence w	ith a chec	k mark	Anostr	acan a	and No	tostra	can Ah	breviatio	ns [.] Lise	first two	letters of a	enus and	species name

by: C = cattle, H = horses, S = sheep; AB = Algal blooms present. (Estimate grazing regime by height of grasses and forbs and density of hoof prints) LG = light grazing, MG = moderate grazing, HG = heavy grazing.

Site or Project	Name: $\mathcal{P}_{\mathcal{C}}$	TRE L	DATER	Co	unty:	SAUT	REGÓ	Quad:	SEE	Rem	RT		Tov	vnship	THEOL	HOUT	Range	es Piego Co	Section:
SURVEYOR / P	ermit Num	ber:	PAUL	LEMONS	T	20512	248-5	5			1-1		- VCAN	201	I THE CA	1001	DAN Y	IEGO W	
Date: 1/23/17		0-152	.o Wea	ather Co	nditior	18:54-	56 0	F,3-1	5 m	ph i	UIN	ds,	100	-98	1. cc		Som	e rain	-
	UTM 🗧		o (**)	Depth (Surf	face ea		Crusta						sects		inths ns)		Notes / Voucher information
Feature ID #	(Northing, Easting, Datum)	Air	Water	Average	Est. Max.	Present	Est. Max.	Anostracans	Notostracans	Copepods	Ostracods	Cladocera	Coleoptera	Hemiptera	Diptera Culicidae	Diptera Chironomidae	Platyhelminths (flatworms)	Habitat Condition	
PWP 1	482406.52 3637971.61	54	56	10	10	2×30	2×30	78×1	O(fi	Red	-)							D.TT	NOFS
PWP Z	482253.80 3638105.22	54	57	Ś	8	2×8	Z×8											7TT	Nofs
FWP 3	481556.56	54	56	Y	R	1.5×10	1.5×10											DIT	NOFS
PWP 4	481532.83 3638196.63	54	58	10	10	122	1×2											DTT	NoFS
PWP 5	481519.59 3638192.16	54	57	¢	8	1.6	1×6											DIT	NoFS
PWP G	481505.26	54	57	10	10	126	126											卫士	NOFS
PWP 7	481478.58	54	5%	Ч К	8	1.546	2×6											RT	NoFS
BPWP 8	485061.26	55	57	5	15	ZOXZO	20+20	BRUI										NP	B. I. aduli
PWP 9	507278.06	55	56	4	6	5×5	3×3											DIT	NoFS-area
PWT 10	507243,777 3638107.35	56	56	10	8	4210	3×8											D.T	No FS- Flood
PWP 11	507077.48	56	56	10	8	10x25	5×8											DH	NoF5
PWP 12	507067.13	56	57	10	10	4×15	2×10											DI	NOES
PWP 13	507059.25		57	10	10		8×8								0			DIT	NOFS
PWP 14	507034.43		56	12	12		4x1Z											DIT	NOF V

by: C = cattle, H = horses, S = sheep; AB = Algal blooms present. (Estimate grazing regime by height of grasses and forbs and density of hoof prints) LG = light grazing, MG = moderate grazing, HG = heavy grazing.

Apper	ndix 1. U.	S. Fist	n and V	Vildlife	Servic	e – Da	ta Sh	eet fo	r Wet	Sea	son	Sur	veys	For	r Liste	ed La	rge E	Branchi	opods	5
Site or Project	Name: Por	e li	ATER	Co	ounty:	SAND	660	Quad	SE	VER	<i>ы</i>	SEE	Tov	vnshij ROR	p: て		Rang	le:		Section:
SURVEYOR / P	ermit Num	ber: 📬	Pus	ELANY	5 - TE	:051Z	48-5													
Date: 1/23/17	Time:0100	-1520	We	ather Co	onditior	IS:	4.56 0	F,3-	15 1	mph	-wi	nds	, 100	7-9c	> % c	E				-
Contra		Tem		Depth		Sur	face ea		Crust						sects		ninths ms)	ndition		es / Voucher formation
Feature ID #	(Northing, Easting, Datum)	Air	Water	Average	Est. Max.	Present	Est. Max.	Anostracans	Notostracans	Copepods	Ostracods	Cladocera	Coleoptera	Hemiptera	Diptera Culicidae	Diptera Chironomidae	Platyhelminths (flatworms)	Habitat Condition		Rain
PWP 15 PWP 16 PWP 17 PWP 18 PWP 19	507024.91 3639664.95		56	10	10	3.20190	8×8							-					No FS	Rain
PWP 16	506520.27 3640117.92	56	56	8	8	F	1×20													1
PWF 17	506513.76 3640160.06	56	56	12	12	00	5×30													
PWP 18	506823.36 3641066.23	56	56	8	8	PE	5×18													NI
PWP 19	5069:47.40 3641059.89	56	57	6	6	D ·	3xKe)			\mathbf{O}
	1					ALL	wet											~		
																ļ				
																14				
Notes: Fill in abbreviate	d names of Anos	tracans a	nd Notostr	acans, for al	Il others in	idicate pro	esence w	th a cheo	ck mark.	Anostr	acan a	and No	tostrac	can Ab	breviatio	ons: Use	e first tw	o letters of g	enus an	d species name

(e.g., LIOC = Linderiella occidentalis, BRLI = Branchinecta lindahli). For habitat conditions use two letter abbreviation as follows: NP = Natural Pool, CP = Constructed Pool; UD = undisturbed, D = disturbed: with TT = tire tracks, T = trash, P = plowed; G = grazed, UG = ungrazed by: C = cattle, H = horses, S = sheep; AB = Algal blooms present. (Estimate grazing regime by height of grasses and forbs and density of hoof prints) LG = light grazing, MG = moderate grazing, HG = heavy grazing.

	dix 1. U.	S. Fish	and V	Vildlife S	ervic	e – Da	ta She	eet for	Wet	Seas	son	Surv	/eys	For	Liste	ed La	rge E	Branchio	pods Section:
Site or Project									SEE	RERE	RT	-5	EVER	AL	THRUG	Har .	SAL D	NEGO CON	NTY
SURVEYOR / P																			
Date: 1/30/17	Time: Out	7-1440	Wea	ather Cor	ndition	IS: SI-1	62°1	F, 0-'	7 m	ph 1	win	ds,	10-2	v°	1.cc				+
	UTM -	Temp		Depth (Surl Ar (m >	ace ea		Crusta						sects		ninths ms)	dition	Notes / Voucher information
Feature ID #	(Northing, Easting, Datum)	Air	Water	Average	Est. Max.	Present	Est. Max.	Anostracans	Notostracans	Copepods	Ostracods	Cladocera	Coleoptera	Hemiptera	Diptera Culicidae	Diptera Chironomidae	Platyhelminths (flatworms)	Habitat Condition	
PWP 1	482406.52	60	50	1.5ft.	ast a	3×30	3×30											DI	No FS.
PWP Z	482253.80 3638105.22	60	46	8	8	Zx8	Z×8			_								DIT	NoFS
FWP 3	481556.56	61	47	3	8	5×3	1.5×10											D,TT	NoFS
PWP 4	481532.83 3638196.63	61	48	6	10	1×2	1.×2	BRLI										DIT	18,103
PWP 5	481519.59	62	49	6	8	126	1×8	BRLI			X	2						DIT	18, 10'5
PWP G	481505.26	62	47	3	10	1×2	1×6	BRLI			X					X		D,TT	18 B. Inlall
PWP 7	481478.58	62	50	3	8	5×5	2×6				X							PT	No FS
BPUP 8	485061.26 3653652.28	66	60	12	15	20420	20+20	BRUI										NP	38 B. Link
PWP 9	537278.06	67	56	4	6	ZXZ	328											DIT	NoFS
PWT 10	507243,74 3638107.35	67	57	4	8	222	3×8											DIT	No ES
PWP 11	507077.48	67	57	5	8	3×8	5×8											7.11	NOFS
PWP 12	507067.13	67	57	Ц	10	2×6	2×10											D,TT	NoF5
PWP 13	507059.25	68	58	5	10	424	8×8											DIT	NOFS
PWP 14	507034.43	68	58	6	12	442	4x1Z											D,TT	NoFS

by: C = cattle, H = horses, S = sheep; AB = Algal blooms present. (Estimate grazing regime by height of grasses and forbs and density of hoof prints) LG = light grazing, MG = moderate grazing, HG = heavy grazing.

Apper	ndix 1. U.	S. Fisl	n and	Wildlife \$	Servic	e – Da	ta Sh	eet fo	r Wet	Sea	son	Sur	veys	For	Liste	d La	rge E	Branchic	pods	5
Site or Project	Name: Por	re Li	ATER	, Co	ounty:	SAND	EGO	Quad:	Se	VER	6L-	- SEE	Tov	ROR	n T		Range	e:		Section:
SURVEYOR / P		ber: <					48.5													
Date:	Time:			eather Co	nditior	ns:	0	F,	v	nph	-wi	nds	,		°/0 c	C				-
Cont's		Tem	p (°C)	Depth	(cm)	Ar	face ea x m)		Crust	acear	າຣ 			In	sects		ninths ms)	ndition		es / Voucher formation
Feature ID #	(Northing, Easting, Datum)	Air	Water	Average	Est. Max.	Present	Est. Max.	Anostracans	Notostracans	Copepods	Ostracods	Cladocera	Coleoptera	Hemiptera	Diptera Culicidae	Diptera Chironomidae	Platyhelminths (flatworms)	Habitat Condition		
PWP 15	507.024.91 3639664.95	69	61	6	10	4×5	8×8											Ditt	No	FS
PWF 16 PWF 17 PWF 18 PWF 19	506520.27 3640117.92	70	60	6	8	120	1×20											D,TT	No	FS
PWPIT	506513.76	70	60	6	12	4x25	5×30											D.TT	No	F3
TWP 18	506823.36 3641006.23		58	6	8	4×16	5×18											D,TT	Nof	FS
PWP 19	506647.40 3641059.89	71	60	3	6	328	3×1Ce										1	DIL	Nof	3
					-											÷				
·																				
Notes: Fill in abbreviate	d names of Anos	tracans a	nd Notos	stracans, for al	l others ir	ndicate pre	esence w	ith a cheo	k mark.	Anostr	acan a	and No	tostrac	can Ab	breviatio	ns: Use	first two	o letters of ge	enus and	d species name

(e.g., LIOC = Linderiella occidentalis, BRLI = Branchinecta lindahli). For habitat conditions use two letter abbreviation as follows: NP = Natural Pool, CP = Constructed Pool; UD = undisturbed, D = disturbed: with TT = tire tracks, T = trash, P = plowed; G = grazed, UG = ungrazed by: C = cattle, H = horses, S = sheep; AB = Algal blooms present. (Estimate grazing regime by height of grasses and forbs and density of hoof prints) LG = light grazing, MG = moderate grazing, HG = heavy grazing.

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Appen	dix 1. U.	S. Fish	and V	Vildlife S	ervic	e – Da	ta Sh	eet for	Wet	Seas	son	Surv	veys	For	Liste	ed La	rge E	Branchio	pods
Site or Project	Name: P	re h	DATER	Co	unty:ح	Saut	REGO	Quad:	SEE	RER	ALT	-5	TOW	vnship みし	THRUG	Hart .	Range	ALGO CON	Section:
SURVEYOR / P	ermit Num	ber: '	PAUL	LEMONS	TE	20512	48-5	_											
Date: 2/6/17	Time: 00	0-152	zo Wea	ather Co	ndition	s: 56.	-61 01	F_ 1-10	0 m	ph	win	ds,	100	2°	locc				
2 A 4	UTM :	Temp	o (°C)	Depth (cm)	Surl Ar (m x			Crusta	acear	าร			In	sects		ninths ms)	dition	Notes / Voucher information
Feature ID #	(Northing, Easting, Datum)	Air	Water	Average	Est. Max.	Present	Est. Max.	Anostracans	Notostracans	Copepods	Ostracods	Cladocera	Coleoptera	Hemiptera	Diptera Culicidae	Diptera Chironomidae	Platyhelminths (flatworms)	Habitat Condition	
PWP 1	482406.52				10		3×30						e,					Dit	Dry.
PWP Z	482253.80 3638105.22	57	51	4	8	124	Z×8											DIT	The NoFS
FWP 3	481556.56				8		1.5×10											D,TT	Dry
PWP 4	481532.83				10	21	1×2											DIT	Dry
PWP 5	481519.59 3638192.16	58	52	4	8	.5×2	1×8											Dit	NoFS
PWP 6	481505.26				10		126											DIT	Dry
PWP 7	481478.58				8	-	2×6											DIT	Dery
BPWP 8	485061.26	59	55	le	15	10~15	20+20	BRLI										NP	BRU 28
PWP 9	507278.06	60	54	3	6	1×Z	3×8											Dit	No FS
PWF 10	507243,74	60	54	3	8	1×1	3×8									1		DIT	N.FS
PWP 11	507097.48		55	3	8	1×.5	5×8											Dit	NES
PWP 12	507067.13				10		2×10											Dit	Dry
PWP 13	507059.25				10		8×8											D,++	Dry
PWP 14	507034.43				12		4x1Z		2									Pit	Dry

by: C = cattle, H = horses, S = sheep; AB = Algal blooms present.

(Estimate grazing regime by height of grasses and forbs and density of hoof prints) LG = light grazing, MG = moderate grazing, HG = heavy grazing.

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Apper	ndix 1. U.:	S. Fist	and	Wildlife S	Servic	e – Da	ata She	eet fo	r Wet	Seas	son	Surv	/eys	Fo	r Liste	ed La	rge E	Branchio	pods	5
Site or Project	Name: P	e W	ATER	Co	unty:	SAND	IEGO	Quad:	SE	.ver.	ы-	SEE	Tov	ROR): -て		Range	e:		Section:
SURVEYOR / P	ermit Num	ber: 🗐	PAUL	LEMOUS	- TE	051Z	48-5													
Date:	Time:		We	eather Co	nditior	ns:	0	f,	v	nph	-w.	nds	,		º/0 c	e				+
2/6/it Contid	UTM (Northing,	Temp ¢		Depth (cm)	Ar	face rea x m)		Crust						sects		ninths ms)	ndition		es / Voucher formation
Feature ID #	Easting, Datum)	Air	Water	Average	Est. Max.	Present	Est. Max.	Anostracans	Notostracans	Copepods	Ostracods	Cladocera	Coleoptera	Hemiptera	Diptera Culicidae	Diptera Chironomidae	Platyhelminths (flatworms)	Habitat Condition		
PWP 15 PWP 16 PWP 17 PWP 18 PWP 19	507024.91 3639664.95	61			10		8×8											Dit	Dry	4-
PWP 16	506520,27 3640117,92	61			8		1×20											D.T.T	カー	7
PWP 17	506513 76 3640160.06	61			12		5×30											DIT	Dr	7
PWP 18	506823.36 3641066.23	61	59	4	8	ZxCe	5×18											D,TT	Nos	F3
PWP 19	5006:47.90	61			6	9 N	3xle										, K	PH	Dr Nos Dr	Y
																		*		/
							25													
						ļ										13				
	1																			
Notes: Fill in abbreviate	d names of Anos	tracans ar	nd Notos	tracans, for all	others in	ndicate pr	esence wi	th a cheo	ck mark.	Anostr	acan a	and No	tostrac	can Ab	breviatio	ns: Use	first two	b letters of ge	enus and	species name

(e.g., LIOC = Linderiella occidentalis, BRLI = Branchinecta lindahli). For habitat conditions use two letter abbreviation as follows: NP = Natural Pool, CP = Constructed Pool; UD = undisturbed, D = disturbed: with TT = tire tracks, T = trash, P = plowed; G = grazed, UG = ungrazed

by: C = cattle, H = horses, S = sheep; AB = Algal blooms present. (Estimate grazing regime by height of grasses and forbs and density of hoof prints) LG = light grazing, MG = moderate grazing, HG = heavy grazing.

Site or Project	dix 1. U.S Name: P	RE L	DATER	Со	unty:	SAUT	REGO C	Quad:	SEE	Renco	RT		TOM	vnship	: Theugh	Haut	Range	e: Nego Con	Section:
SURVEYOR / P	ermit Num	ber:	PAUL	Lenops	, 15		- (8-3										r. •		P
Date: 2/13/17	Time: 084	0-150	0 Wea	ather Cor	ndition	18: 61-	74 04	,0-	4 m	ph i	U.M	Ds,	0-	60°1	1.cc				
200 D	UTM -	Temp	o (°C)	Depth (cm)	Ar	face ea x m)		Crusta	acean	s			Ins	sects		inths ns)	dition	Notes / Voucher information
Feature ID #	(Northing, Easting, Datum)	Air	Water	Average	Est. Max.	Present	Est. Max.	Anostracans	Notostracans	Copepods	Ostracods	Cladocera	Coleoptera	Hemiptera	Diptera Culicidae	Diptera Chironomidae	Platyhelminths (flatworms)	Habitat Condition	
PWP 1	482406.52.	64	66	10	15	3×30	3×30											D,TT	No FS.
PWP Z	482253.80 3638105.22	64	68	8	10	3×8	\$×8											D,TT	No FS
FWP 3	481556.56 3638203.82	63	66	6	Ś	1×6	1.5×10											D,TT	NoFS
PWP 4	481532.83 3638196.63	6Z	68	6	10	1×Z	1×2											DIT	NoFS
PWP 5	481519.59 3638192.16	62	65	4	8	.5×4	1×8									<u>6</u>		D,TT	NOFS
PWP G	481505.26	61	64	6	6	1×5	126											D.TT	No FS
PWP 7	481478.58	61	65	4	8	1.5-6	2×6											D,TT	No FS
BPWP 8	485061.26	65	674	9	15	20020	20+20											NP	NoF3, tadapola
PWP 9	507278.06	72	66	5	6	6×6	B×B											DIT	NOFS
PWTP 10	507243,77 3638107.35	72	67	4	8	2×6	3×8									133		DIT	No FS
PWP 11	507097.48	72	68	6	8	5×8	5×8			-								DIT	NOFS
PWP 12	507067.13		67	63	10	ixl	2×10											DIT	NoFS
PWP 13	507059.25	IC	66	5	10	2×8	8×8											D.TT	NOFS
PWP 14	567634.43	72	70	Be 3	12	4×10	4x1Z											DIT	N.F3

by: C = cattle, H = horses, S = sheep; AB = Algal blooms present. (Estimate grazing regime by height of grasses and forbs and density of hoof prints) LG = light grazing, MG = moderate grazing, HG = heavy grazing.

Site or Project	Name: Por	e (1)	ATER	Co	ounty:	SAND	660	Quad:	SE	VER	6L -	SFF	Tow	Inship	i T		Range		pous	Section:
SURVEYOR / P	ermit Num	ber: F	Pur L	ELON	5 - TE	:051Z	48.5					- CL	1,000	1010	×					
Date: $Z/(3/(7))$				ather Co				F,	١	nph	w	nds	,		%.c	e				
Contid	UTM	Temp	o (°C)	Depth	(cm)	Ar	face ea k m)		Crust						sects		inths ns)	dition		s / Vouc ormation
Feature ID #	(Northing, Easting, Datum)	Air	Water	Average	Est. Max.	Present	Est. Max.	Anostracans	Notòstracans	Copepods	Ostracods	Cladocera	Coleoptera	Hemiptera	Diptera Culicidae	Diptera Chironomidae	Platyhelminths (flatworms)	Habitat Condition		
PWP 15	507024.91 3639664.95	73	70	3	10	Cex8	8×8											DIT	Nof	5
PWP 16	506520.27	73	70	4	8	1.20	1×20											DIT	Not	
PWP 17	506513.76	73	68	5	12	5×20	5×30											DIT	NoF	
PWP 18	506823.36	74	67	3	8	5×12	5×18											DIT	Not	
PWP 15 PWP 16 PWP 17 PWP 18 PWP 18	500447.40 3641059.89	74	70	3	6		3×6										1	DIT	Not	
20																				
			2																	
						1														*
				r																

(e.g., LIOC = Linderiella occidentalis, BRLI = Branchinecta lindahli). For habitat conditions use two letter abbreviation as follows: NP = Natural Pool, CP = Constructed Pool; UD = undisturbed, D = disturbed: with TT = tire tracks, T = trash, P = plowed; G = grazed, UG = ungrazed by: C = cattle, H = horses, S = sheep; AB = Algal blooms present. (Estimate grazing regime by height of grasses and forbs and density of hoof prints) LG = light grazing, MG = moderate grazing, HG = heavy grazing.

Appen Site or Project	dix 1. U.S	S. Fish	n and V	Vildlife S	ervic	e – Da	ta She	et for	Wet	Seas	son	Sur	/eys	For	Liste	ed La	rge E	Branchio	pods Section:
Site or Project		REL	LATER			SANY	1EGO	guau.	SEE	Rene	A	-5	EVER	AL	THRUG	Har	San I	a: Nego Con	UNTY.
SURVEYOR / P				LEMONS	, "LE	20514	-48-2												
Date: $\frac{z}{20}/i7$	1 III Ie. 08	0-143	0 vvea			_		r, 0-0	e m	phi	with	ks,	100.	-40%	loce	•			
44 ×	UTM 🗧	Temp	o (°C)	Depth (cm)	Surl Ar (m)	ea		Crusta	acear	IS			In	sects		ninths ms)	Idition	Notes / Voucher information
Feature ID #	(Northing, Easting, Datum)	Air	Water	Average	Est. Max.	Present	Est. Max.	Anostracans	Notostracans	Copepods	Ostracods	Cladocera	Coleoptera	Hemiptera	Diptera Culicidae	Diptera Chironomidae	Platyhelminths (flatworms)	Habitat Condition	
PWP 1	482406.52.	7(74	10	10	2230	2×30											DIT	N. FS
PWP Z	482253.80 3638105.22	71	74	29	8	2×8	Z×8											D,TT	NoFS
FWP 3	481556 56 3638203.82	71	76	8	8	1.540	1.5×10	10'5										D,TT	The BR Timm
PWP 4	481532.83 3638196.63	71	75	8	10	1xZ	1×2	10'5										Dit	23 BRL
PWP 5	481519.59	71	75	8	8	1×6	1×6	10'5										D,T	23'BRLI
PWP 6	481505.26	71	77	7	10	146	126											DIT	NoFS -
PWP 7	481478.58	\mathcal{I}	75	6	8	ix6	2×6		8									7.11	No ES
BPWP 8	485061.26	71	20	10	15	20120	20+20	BRL(NP	3 BRL1, 10's
PWP 9	507278.06	68	Cole	5	6	4×10	8×8	BRU										\mathcal{D}, \mathcal{T}	17 BRL1, 10
PWT 10	507243,77 3638107.35	68	66	7	8	5×8	8×8											DI	No FS
PWP 11	507097.48		de	7	8	5+8	5×8	BRU										Ditt	15 BRL1, 10
PWP 12	509069.13	69	67	6	10	ZXIC	2×10	BRI										DIT	2 8ª BRL-1, 10
PWP 13	507,059.25	70	Ge	10	10	15×50	8×8		5									ד, ד	NoFS, Floaked
PWP 14	507034.43	70	\$76	7	12	4x1Z	4x1Z	BRL										D.TT	28 BR, 10.

by: C = cattle, H = horses, S = sheep; AB = Algal blooms present. (Estimate grazing regime by height of grasses and forbs and density of hoof prints) LG = light grazing, MG = moderate grazing, HG = heavy grazing.

Appen	dix 1. U.S	S. Fist	n and V	Vildlife S	Servic	e – Da	ta Sh	eet foi	r Wet	Seas	son	Surv	/eys	For	Liste	éd La	rge E	Branchio	pods
Site or Project	Name: Pur	e W	ATER	Co	eunty:	SAND	EGO	Quad:	Se	VER.	6L-	- SEE	Tov	vnship ROR	х Т		Range	e :	Section:
SURVEYOR / P	ermit Num	ber: 🗆	Pur L	ELONS	S-TE	:0512	48.5												
Date: 2/20/17			We	ather Co	nditior	ns:	ć	Ϋ́F,	v	nph	- w	nds	,		º/0 c	e			-
contil	UTM (Northing,	Temp °(Depth	(cm)	Sur Ar (m)	ea		Crusta	acear	ns			In	sects		ninths ms)	ndition	Notes / Voucher information
Feature ID #	Easting, Datum)	Air	Water	Average	Est. Max.	Present	Est. Max.	Anostracans	Notostracans	Copepods	Ostracods	Cladocera	Coleoptera	Hemiptera	Diptera Culicidae	Diptera Chironomidae	Platyhelminths (flatworms)	Habitat Condition	
PWP 15	507024.91 3639664.95	70	68	5	10	8×8	8×8							-				J.T	NOFS
PWP 16 PWP 17 PWP 18 PWP 19	506520.27 3640117.92		70	8	8	4×20	1×20											D.TT	No F3
PWP 17	506513,76 3640160.06	71	70	8	12	5×30	5×30	BRLI										Ditt	48 FR
PWP 18	506823.36 3641006.23		69	8	8	548	5×18											D.T	NOFS
PWP 19	500647.90 3641059.89	71	68	6	6	3×16	3×1Ce										1	DIT	NoFS
									1.12										
																- S.			
											-								383
Notes: Fill in abbreviate	d names of Anos	tracans a	nd Notost	acans, for al	I others in	ndicate pro	esence w	ith a chec	k mark.	Anostr	acan a	and No	tostrac	can Ab	breviatio	ns: Use	first two	letters of ge	enus and species name

(e.g., LIOC = Linderiella occidentalis, BRLI = Branchinecta lindahli). For habitat conditions use two letter abbreviation as follows: NP = Natural Pool, CP = Constructed Pool; UD = undisturbed, D = disturbed: with TT = tire tracks, T = trash, P = plowed; G = grazed, UG = ungrazed

by: C = cattle, H = horses, S = sheep; AB = Algal blooms present. (Estimate grazing regime by height of grasses and forbs and density of hoof prints) LG = light grazing, MG = moderate grazing, HG = heavy grazing.

Site or Project	$\frac{1}{Name} = \frac{1}{P_c}$	RE L	DATER	Vildlife S	unty:	SAUT	REGÓ	Quad	SEE	Rena	RT		Tov	wnship	THEUL	HOUT	Range	rego Co	Section:
SURVEYOR / P	ermit Num	ber:	PAUL	LEMONS	', L	20514	-78-5												A
Date: z/zn/m	Time: 040	0-1400	> We	ather Co	nditior	15: 49-	58°1	- 4-1	5 m	phi	win	ds,	100	7 %	1. cc	ŀ	beary	Raine	Morenof
	UTM 🗧	Temp	o (°C)	Depth (cm)	Ar	face ea k m)		Crust	acean	IS			In	sects		iinths ns)	Idition	Notes / Voucher information
Feature ID #	(Northing, Easting, Datum)	Air	Water	Average	Ēst. Max.	Present	Est. Max.	Anostracans	Notostracans	Copepods	Ostracods	Cladocera	Coleoptera	Hemiptera	Diptera Culicidae	Diptera Chironomidae	Platyhelminths (flatworms)	Habitat Condition	
PWP 1	482406.52	49	59	16	10	Z×30	2×30											Ditt	No FS
PWP Z	482253.80	49	58	8	8	2+8	Z×8											D.TT	NOFS
FWP 3	481556 56 3638203.82	50	61	6	8	1.5×10	1.5×10											DIT	NoFS
PWP 4	481532.83 3638196.63	50	63	10	10	1×2	1×2										1	Dit	No FS
PWP 5	481519.59	52	63	6	8	1.6	1×6											D.TT	NOFS
PWP G	481505.26	53	63	10	10	146	126								14			3.11	NOF3
PWP 7	481478.58	53	63	8	8	246	2×6											Dit	NOFS
BPWP 8	485061.26	58	66	15	15	20+20	20+20											NP	NOFS
PWP 9	537278.06				6		3×3											卫士	Feaded
PWT 10	507243,77				8		3×8											D,TT	
PUTP 11	507077.48				8		5×8											Ditt	
PWP 12	507067.13				10		2×10											D.T	
PWP 13	507059.25				10		8×8											Ditt	ſ
PWP 14	567034.43				12		4x1Z											DIT	V

by: C = cattle, H = horses, S = sheep; AB = Algal blooms present.

(Estimate grazing regime by height of grasses and forbs and density of hoof prints) LG = light grazing, MG = moderate grazing, HG = heavy grazing.

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Apper	UTM Temp (°C) Depth (cm) Area Crustaceans Insects of the formation information																		
Site or Project	Name: Pur	e W	ATER	Co	unty:२	SAND	660	Quad:	SE	VER.	6L-	SEE	Tov	ROR): 		Range	9:	Section:
SURVEYOR / P	ermit Num	ber: 🧃	Pur	EMOUS	- TE	0512	48-5										17		
Date: 2/27/17	Time: 090	D	We	ather Cor	ndition	15:49-	58 °	F,4.	-15 v	nph	w	nds	, 11	00	º/0 c	e	He	avy Ra	in!
Contil	∪тм	Temp		Depth (cm)		Area		Crustaceans									minths rms)		Notes / Voucher
Feature ID #	Easting, Datum)	Air	Water	Average	Est. Max.	Present	Est. Max.	Anostracans	Notostracans	Copepods	Ostracods	Cladocera	Coleoptera	Hemiptera	Diptera Culicidae	Diptera Chironomidae	Platyhelr (flatwor	Habitat Co	
PWP 15	3639664.95				10	D.	8×8											DIT	Movens find
PWP 16	3640117.92				8		1×20											Ditt	
PWP 17	3640160.06				12		5×30											Ditt	
TWP 18	3641006.23				8	N.	5×18											Dit	
PWP 19					6	- 5 - <u>8</u>	3×16											Jat	
																			N and a second
				-															
							1												
														-					

by: C = cattle, H = horses, S = sheep; AB = Algal blooms present.

(Estimate grazing regime by height of grasses and forbs and density of hoof prints) LG = light grazing, MG = moderate grazing, HG = heavy grazing.

Apper Site or Project	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{ndix 1.} & \text{U.s} \\ \text{Name: } \mathcal{P} \end{array}$	S. Fish	and V	Vildlife S	ervic unty:<	e – Da Sant	ita She	eet for Quad:	Wet	Seas	son	Surv	/eys	For		ed La	Range	Branchio	Section:
SURVEYOR / P	Permit Num	ber:	PAUL	LEMONS	TE	20512	248-5	-	SEE	NERG			e ver	AL	I HROG	Haut	dan y	NEGO CON	
Date: 3/6/17	Time: Ao	0-1530	Wea	ather Cor	nditior	is: ૬ય.	-760-	F, 1-1	0 m	ph i	UIN	Rs,	(2°	1. cc				
UTM :		Temp		Depth (cm)		Surface Area (m x m)			Crusta				Insects				iinths ms)	Idition	Notes / Voucher information
Feature ID #	(Northing, Easting, Datum)	Air	Water	Average	Est. Max.	Present	Est. Max.	Anostracans	Notostracans	Copepods	Ostracods	Cladocera	Coleoptera	Hemiptera	Diptera Culicidae	Diptera Chironomidae	Platyhelminths (flatworms)	Habitat Condition	
PWP 1	482406.52	54	66	10	10	4×30	\$x30						- x					D.TT	No FS
PWP Z	482.253.80	55	67	8	8	2×8	Z×8											D,TT	NOFS
FWP 3	481556.56	56	68	F286	S	1×8	1.5×10	BR,10	3									D,tt	BR. too immetere
PWP 4	481532.83 3638196.63	58	69	5	10	1.2	1×2											DIT	NOFS
PWP 5	481519.59	60	68	8	8	1-6	1×6	BRLI										DIT	18 50-10
PWP G	481505.26	60	70	10	6	.5×4	126											Pitt	No FS
PWP 7	481478.58	110	72	5	8	.5×6	2×6											Ditt	NoFS
BPWP 8	485061.26 3653652.28	63	676	8	15	20+20	20+20											NP,AB	No FS - lots of take +algar
PWP 9	3637951.13	70	75	3	6	3×3	8×8											D,TT	No FS
PWTP 10	507243,77		73	4	8	4×4	8×8											DIT	No FS
PWP 11	3638107.35 5070777.48 3639515.05			Icm	8		5×8											D,TT	Dry 3cm
PWP 12	507067.13	72	26	5	10	ZXID	2×10											Dit	No FS
PWP 13	507059.25		77	4	10	1158	8×8											D,TT	NOES
PWP 14	567034.43	73	76	4	12	2×10	4x1Z	BRIL										DIT	48 55- 1, 103

Notes: Fill in abbreviated names of Anostracans and Notostracans, for all others indicate presence with a check mark. Anostracan and Notostracan Abbreviations: Use first two letters of genus and species name (e.g., LIOC = Linderiella occidentalis, BRLI = Branchinecta lindahli). For habitat conditions use two letter abbreviation as follows: NP = Natural Pool, CP = Constructed Pool; UD = undisturbed, D = disturbed: with TT = tire tracks, T = trash, P = plowed; G = grazed, UG = ungrazed by: C = cattle, H = horses, S = sheep; AB = Algal blooms present. (Estimate grazing regime by height of grasses and forbs and density of hoof prints) LG = light grazing, MG = moderate grazing, HG = heavy grazing.

Appen	idix 1. U.S	S. Fisł	n and N	Wildlife S	Servic	e – Da	ta She	et fo	r Wet	Seas	son	Surv	veys	For	' Liste	d La	rge E	Branchio	pods	
Site or Project	Name: Por	REW	ATER	Co	unty:	SAND	EGO (Quad:	Se	VER.	6L-	SEE	Tov	ror Ror): र		Range			Section:
			Paul 1	ELONS	5 - TE	0512	48-5													
Date: 3/6/17	Time: 200	>	We	ather Co	nditior	15:51(.	-760	F, 1-	10 ,	nph	wi	nds	, (2	º/0 c	e				
contil	UTM (Northing,	nber: Paul 10 We Temp (°C) 17 Jan 17 Jan) Depth (cm)		Surface Area (m x m)		Crustaceans						In	sects		ninths ms)	ndition		es / Voucher formation	
Feature ID # -	Easting, Datum)		Water	Average	Est. Max.	Present	Est. Max.	Anostracans	Notostracans	Copepods	Ostracods	Cladocera	Coleoptera	Hemiptera	Diptera Culicidae	Diptera Chironomidae	Platyhelminths (flatworms)	Habitat Condition		
PWP 15	Noshad ()		77	5	10	5×6	8×8					-						D,TT	No	FS
PWF 16 PWF 17 PWF 18 PWF 19	506520,27 3640117,92	75	75	4	8	5×15	1×20											D.T	No	FS
PWPIT	506513.76 3640160.06		76	5	12	4/215	5×30											D,T	No f	
FWP 18	506823.36 3641066.23	lle	21	5	8	5×15	5×18											DIT	No	55
PWP 19	506947.90 3641059.89	Me	71	6	6	3×16	3xle											Ditt	No	FS
																		*		
Notes: Fill in abbreviate	d names of Anos	stracans a	nd Notost	racans, for al	l others ir	ndicate pro	esence wi	th a cheo	k mark.	Anostr	acan a	and No	tostrac	can Ab	breviatio	ns: Use	first two	b letters of ge	enus and	I species name

(e.g., LIOC = Linderiella occidentalis, BRLI = Branchinecta lindahli). For habitat conditions use two letter abbreviation as follows: NP = Natural Pool, CP = Constructed Pool; UD = undisturbed, D = disturbed: with TT = tire tracks, T = trash, P = plowed; G = grazed, UG = ungrazed by: C = cattle, H = horses, S = sheep; AB = Algal blooms present. (Estimate grazing regime by height of grasses and forbs and density of hoof prints) LG = light grazing, MG = moderate grazing, HG = heavy grazing.

Appen Site or Project	dix 1. U.: Name: \mathbb{T}	S. Fish	and V	Vildlife S	iervic unty:<	e – Da Sant	ita Sh	eet for Quad:	r Wet	Seas	son	Surv	Tow	For	Liste	ed La	Range	Branchic e: Nego Co	pods Section:
SURVEYOR / P	ermit Num	ber:	PAUL	Emoris	TF	0512	48-5	-	Ote	NERG	PRI	- 5	quer	AL	l HRUG	Haut .	PARI	NEGO CO	UNTY
Date: 3/13/17	Time: 082	D-150	Wea	ather Cor	ndition	15: 59.	750	F,0-	5 m	ph	win	ds,	50-	0%	1. cc	-			×
UTM		Temp (°C)		Depth (cm)		Surface Area (m x m)		Crustaceans						In	sects		iinths ns)	ndition	Notes / Voucher information
Eature ID #	(Northing, Easting, Datum)	Air	Water	Average	Est. Max.	Present	Est. Max.	Anostracans	Notostracans	Copepods	Ostracods	Cladocera	Coleoptera	Hemiptera	Diptera Culicidae	Diptera Chironomidae	Platyhelminths (flatworms)	Habitat Condition	
PWP 1	482406.52 3637971.61	63	67	10	10	4~20	\$x30					X	-			X		DIT	No FS. Tadpole
PWP Z	482253.80 3638105.22	6Z	J ry	_	8		Z×8											D,TT	Dry
FWP 3	481556.56 3638203.82	61	66	3	8	5+2	1.5×10					X						Ditt	No FS
PWP 4	481532.83 3638196.63	60	Dry	-	10		1×2											DIT	Dry
PWP 5	481519.59 3638192.16	59	60	3	8	.5×3	1×6	BRH				X						D.TT	BRL1, 10.5
PWP G	481505.26	59	60	3	6	.5×3	1×6											D,TT	NOFS
PWP 7	481478.58	52	60	3	8	.5×3	2×6											D,TT	NOFS
BPWP 8	485061.26	63	66	8	15	340	20+20											NP	NoFS. Talpol
PWP 9	507278.06	68	72	3	6	122	3×8											Ditt	No F3
PWT 10	507243,77	68	72	3	8	2×3	3×8	×.										DIT	NOFS
PWP 11	507077.48		Day	<u> </u>	8		5×8											DIT	Dry
PWP 12	507067.13	70	75	Ч	10	2×5	2×10											Ditt	Nofs
PWP 13	507059.25	71	76	3	10		8×8											Dit	NOFS
PWP 14	567034.43		76	3	12	2×5	4x1Z	BRUL										DIT	BRL1, 10"

by: C = cattle, H = horses, S = sheep; AB = Algal blooms present.

(Estimate grazing regime by height of grasses and forbs and density of hoof prints) LG = light grazing, MG = moderate grazing, HG = heavy grazing.

Appendix 1. U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service – Data Sheet for Wet Season Surveys For Listed Large Branchiopods Site or Project Name: Pure Watter County: Saw Deco Quad: Sevenal – See Report Range: Section:														i						
Site or Project	Name: Por	re W	ATER	Co	ounty:	SAND	EGO	Quad:	Se	VER	<i>ы</i>	SE	RE	wnship ROR	2: - T		Range	9:		Section:
SURVEYOR / Permit Number: Puu LEMONS - TEO51248-5																				
Date: 3/13/17																				
contil	UTM (Northing, Easting, Datum)	Temp (°C)		Depth (cm)		Surface Area (m x m)		Crustaceans						Insects			ninths ms)	ndition		es / Voucher formation
Feature ID #		Easting, Datum)	Air	Water	Average	Est. Max.	Present	Est. Max.	Anostracans	Notostracans	Copepods	Ostracods	Cladocera	Coleoptera	Hemiptera	Diptera Culicidae	Diptera Chironomidae	Platyhelminths (flatworms)	Habitat Condition	
PWP 15 PWP 16 PWP 17 PWP 18 PWP 19	507024.91 3639664.95	73	77	3	10	3×4	8×8											Dit	No	FS
PWP 16	506520.27 3640117.92		27	3	8	.5×10	1×20											DIT	No	FS
PWPIT	506513.76 3640160.06		77	3	12	ZXIZ	5×30											Ditt	No	FS
FWP 18	506823.36 3641006.23	15	74	3	8	5×8	5×18										100	Dit	N.	FS
PWP 19	500847.90 3641059.89	75	75	3	6	3×10	3xle											Ditt	No	FS
															5			8		
			5																	
		-																		
Notes: Fill in abbreviate	d names of Anos	tracans a	nd Notost	racans, for al	l others ir	ndicate pre	esence w	ith a cheo	k mark.	Anostr	acan a	and No	tostrac	can Ab	breviatio	ns: Use	first two	letters of a	enus and	species name

(e.g., LIOC = Linderiella occidentalis, BRLI = Branchinecta lindahli). For habitat conditions use two letter abbreviation as follows: NP = Natural Pool, CP = Constructed Pool; UD = undisturbed, D = disturbed: with TT = tire tracks, T = trash, P = plowed; G = grazed, UG = ungrazed by: C = cattle, H = horses, S = sheep; AB = Algal blooms present. (Estimate grazing regime by height of grasses and forbs and density of hoof prints) LG = light grazing, MG = moderate grazing, HG = heavy grazing.

Appen	dix 1. U.	S. Fish	n and V	Vildlife S	ervic	e – Da	ta She	et fo	r Wet	Seas	son	Surv	veys	For	r Liste	ed La	rge E	Branchic	pods
Site or Project	Name: P	ire h	DATER	Co	unty:دِ	Saut	REGO (Quad:	SEE	RER	ORT		TOVER	vnship ふし	o: Theuch	Har .	Range	a: Nego Co	Section:
SURVEYOR / P	ermit Num	hor	P	Chan 16	17	TOTIS	UCI-E												
Date: 5/12/17	Time: 083	0-143	We We	ather Cor	ndition	15:63-	12°F	- 1- 4	5 m	ph	win	ls,	100	> °	1. cc				
	UTM (Northing, Easting, Datum)	. Temp (∕≇) • €		Depth (cm)		Surface Area (m x m)		Crustaceans					Insects				ninths ms)	ndition	Notes / Voucher information
Feature ID #		Air	Water	Average	Est. Max.	Present	Est. Max.	Anostracans	Notostracans	Copepods	Ostracods	Cladocera	Coleoptera	Hemiptera	Diptera Culicidae	Diptera Chironomidae	Platyhelminths (flatworms)	Habitat Condition	
PWP 1	482406.52 3637971.61	60	62	10	10	1×30	2×30						5					DIT	N.F.S
PWP Z	482253.80 3638105.22	60	63	5	8	228	Z×8			- K.								D.T	No FS
PWP 3	481556,56	60	/	Dr.	8	Pry	1.5×10											D.TT	Dry
PWP 4	481532.83 3638196.63	60	65	3	10	.5×1	1×2											加	N.FS
PWP 5	481519.59	60	65	3	8	.5.5	1×6											Ztt	No FS
PWP G	491505.26	60	65	3	10	.5×1	126								5			211	NoFS
PWP 7	481478.58	11	1	Dry	8	Jn	2×6											17.TT	Dry
BPUT 8	485061.26	61	63	6	15	91	20+20											NP	NoFS
PWP 9	507278.06	62	63	6	6	328	3×8											D,TT	NOFS
PWT 10	507243,77		1	Dry	8	Dry	3×8									12		DIT	Dry
PUT 11	507097.48	62	1	Dry	8	Day	5×8											D,TT	Day
PWP 12	507067.13	62	$\left(\right)$	Dry	10	Dry	2×10											D.T	Dry
FWP 13	507059.25	62	1	Dry	10	Dry	8×8											D,TT	Dry
PWP 14	507034.43	62	64	3	12	123	4x1Z											DIT	NoFS

Notes: Fill in abbreviated names of Anostracans and Notostracans, for all others indicate presence with a check mark. Anostracan and Notostracan Abbreviations: Use first two letters of genus and species name (e.g., LIOC = Linderiella occidentalis, BRLI = Branchinecta lindahli). For habitat conditions use two letter abbreviation as follows: NP = Natural Pool, CP = Constructed Pool; UD = undisturbed, D = disturbed: with TT = tire tracks, T = trash, P = plowed; G = grazed, UG = ungrazed

by: C = cattle, H = horses, S = sheep; AB = Algal blooms present. (Estimate grazing regime by height of grasses and forbs and density of hoof prints) LG = light grazing, MG = moderate grazing, HG = heavy grazing.

1

	Section:
Date: $\frac{5}{12}$ Time:Weather Conditions: \circ_{f} mph winds, $?/occ$ Cont'kTemp (°C)Depth (cm)Surface Area (m x m)CrustaceansInsects $\frac{s}{12}$ $\frac{5}{12}$ No	
Date: $\frac{5}{12}$ Time:Weather Conditions: \circ_{f} mph winds, $?/occ$ Cont'kTemp (°C)Depth (cm)Surface Area (m x m)CrustaceansInsects $\frac{s}{12}$ $\frac{5}{12}$ No	
Cont ⁺ k Temp (°C) Depth (cm) Surface Area (m x m) Crustaceans Insects s s s No	
	nformation
PWP 15 3639664.95 63 64 3 10 4x5 8x8 DT N	· F.5
PWF 16 506520.24 63 65 3 8 5x8 1x20 J.T. N.	FS
PWP 17 3040160.06 63 65 3 12 320 520 Dit No	FS
PWP 18 506823.36 65 Dry Pry 8 Dry 5×18 Dit	~
PWP 19 3041059.89 65 66 3 6 1.543 3×6 DTT No	FS
	-
	-
Notes: Fill in abbreviated names of Anostracans and Notostracans, for all others indicate presence with a check mark. Anostracan and Notostracan Abbreviations: Use first two letters of genus and	9

(e.g., LIOC = Linderiella occidentalis, BRLI = Branchinecta lindahli). For habitat conditions use two letter abbreviation as follows: NP = Natural Pool, CP = Constructed Pool; UD = undisturbed, D = disturbed: with TT = tire tracks, T = trash, P = plowed; G = grazed, UG = ungrazed by: C = cattle, H = horses, S = sheep; AB = Algal blooms present. (Estimate grazing regime by height of grasses and forbs and density of hoof prints) LG = light grazing, MG = moderate grazing, HG = heavy grazing.

APPENDIX B

Photographs















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