

MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION

Project No. 501936 SCH No. N/A

SUBJECT:

Murphy Residence: A COASTAL DEVELOPMENT PERMIT and SITE DEVELOPMENT PERMIT to construct a 2,167-square-foot addition, including a guest quarters, and deck and patio areas, to an existing 1,717-square-foot single-family residence. The project would also construct various site improvements, including associated hardscape and landscaping. The project would conform to the criteria of the Affordable/In-Fill Housing and Sustainable Buildings Expedite Program by generating 50 percent or more of the projected total energy consumption on site through renewable energy resources (i.e. photovoltaic). The 6,300-square-foot (0.144-acres) project site is located at 7927 El Paseo Grande. The project site is designated Low Density Residential (5 - 9 dwelling units per acre) and within the Single Family (SF) Zone of the La Jolla Shores Planned District. Additionally, the project site is within the Coastal Height Limitation Overlay Zone, the Coastal Overlay Zone (Non-Appealable, Area 2), the Parking Impact Overlay Zone (Beach and Coastal Impact Areas), the Residential Tandem Parking Overlay Zone, the Transit Area Overlay Zone, the La Jolla Shores Archaeological Study Area, and the La Jolla Community Plan and Local Coastal Program. (LEGAL DESCRIPTION: Lot 3 in Block 5 of La Jolla Shores Unit No. 1 according to Map No. 1913.) Owner: Paul Murphy

- I. PROJECT DESCRIPTION: See attached Initial Study.
- II. ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING: See attached Initial Study.
- III. DETERMINATION: The City of San Diego conducted an Initial Study which determined that the proposed project could have a significant environmental effect in the following areas(s): **Historical Resources (Archaeology)**. Subsequent revisions in the project proposal create the specific mitigation identified in Section V of this Mitigated Negative Declaration. The project as revised now avoids or mitigates the potentially significant environmental effects previously identified, and the preparation of an Environmental Impact Report will not be required.
- IV. DOCUMENTATION: The attached Initial Study documents the reasons to support the above Determination.

- V. MITIGATION, MONITORING AND REPORTING PROGRAM:
- A. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS PART I
 Plan Check Phase (prior to permit issuance)
- 1. Prior to the issuance of a Notice To Proceed (NTP) for a subdivision, or any construction permits, such as Demolition, Grading or Building, or beginning any construction related activity on-site, the Development Services Department (DSD) Director's Environmental Designee (ED) shall review and approve all Construction Documents (CD), (plans, specification, details, etc.) to ensure the MMRP requirements are incorporated into the design.
- 2. In addition, the ED shall verify that the MMRP Conditions/Notes that apply ONLY to the construction phases of this project are included VERBATIM, under the heading, "ENVIRONMENTAL/MITIGATION REQUIREMENTS."
- 3. These notes must be shown within the first three (3) sheets of the construction documents in the format specified for engineering construction document templates as shown on the City website:

http://www.sandiego.gov/development-services/industry/information/standtemp.shtml

- 4. The **TITLE INDEX SHEET** must also show on which pages the "Environmental/Mitigation Requirements" notes are provided.
- 5. **SURETY AND COST RECOVERY** The Development Services Director or City Manager may require appropriate surety instruments or bonds from private Permit Holders to ensure the long term performance or implementation of required mitigation measures or programs. The City is authorized to recover its cost to offset the salary, overhead, and expenses for City personnel and programs to monitor qualifying projects.
- B. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS PART II

 Post Plan Check (After permit issuance/Prior to start of construction)
- 1. PRE CONSTRUCTION MEETING IS REQUIRED TEN (10) WORKING DAYS PRIOR TO BEGINNING ANY WORK ON THIS PROJECT. The PERMIT HOLDER/OWNER is responsible to arrange and perform this meeting by contacting the CITY RESIDENT ENGINEER (RE) of the Field Engineering Division and City staff from MITIGATION MONITORING COORDINATION (MMC). Attendees must also include the Permit holder's Representative(s), Job Site Superintendent and the following consultants:

Qualified Archaeologist Monitor

Note:

Failure of all responsible Permit Holder's representatives and consultants to attend shall require an additional meeting with all parties present.

CONTACT INFORMATION:

a) The PRIMARY POINT OF CONTACT is the **RE** at the **Field Engineering Division – 858-627-3200**

- b) For Clarification of ENVIRONMENTAL REQUIREMENTS, it is also required to call **RE and MMC at 858-627-3360**
- **2. MMRP COMPLIANCE:** This Project, Project Tracking System (PTS) #501936 and /or Environmental Document #501936, shall conform to the mitigation requirements contained in the associated Environmental Document and implemented to the satisfaction of the DSD's Environmental Designee (MMC) and the City Engineer (RE). The requirements may not be reduced or changed but may be annotated (i.e. to explain when and how compliance is being met and location of verifying proof, etc.). Additional clarifying information may also be added to other relevant plan sheets and/or specifications as appropriate (i.e., specific locations, times of monitoring, methodology, etc.

Note:

Permit Holder's Representatives must alert RE and MMC if there are any discrepancies in the plans or notes, or any changes due to field conditions. All conflicts must be approved by RE and MMC BEFORE the work is performed.

3. OTHER AGENCY REQUIREMENTS: Evidence of compliance with all other agency requirements or permits shall be submitted to the RE and MMC for review and acceptance prior to the beginning of work or within one week of the Permit Holder obtaining documentation of those permits or requirements. Evidence shall include copies of permits, letters of resolution or other documentation issued by the responsible agency.

Not Applicable

4. MONITORING EXHIBITS

All consultants are required to submit, to RE and MMC, a monitoring exhibit on a 11x17 reduction of the appropriate construction plan, such as site plan, grading, landscape, etc., marked to clearly show the specific areas including the **LIMIT OF WORK**, scope of that discipline's work, and notes indicating when in the construction schedule that work will be performed. When necessary for clarification, a detailed methodology of how the work will be performed shall be included.

NOTE:

Surety and Cost Recovery – When deemed necessary by the Development Services Director or City Manager, additional surety instruments or bonds from the private Permit Holder may be required to ensure the long term performance or implementation of required mitigation measures or programs. The City is authorized to recover its cost to offset the salary, overhead, and expenses for City personnel and programs to monitor qualifying projects.

5. OTHER SUBMITTALS AND INSPECTIONS:

The Permit Holder/Owner's representative shall submit all required documentation, verification letters, and requests for all associated inspections to the RE and MMC for approval per the following schedule:

DOCUMENT SUBMITTAL/INSPECTION CHECKLIST					
Issue Area	Document Submittal	Associated Inspection/Approvals/Notes			
General	Consultant Qualification Letters	Prior to Preconstruction Meeting			
General	Consultant Construction Monitoring Exhibits	Prior to or at Preconstruction Meeting			
Historical Resources	Archaeology Reports	Archaeology/Historic Site Observation			
Bond Release	Request for Bond Release Letter	Final MMRP Inspections Prior to Bond Release Letter			

C. SPECIFIC MMRP ISSUE AREA CONDITIONS/REQUIREMENTS

HISTORICAL RESOURCES (ARCHAEOLOGY)

I. Prior to Permit Issuance

- A. Entitlements Plan Check
 - Prior to issuance of any construction permits, including but not limited to, the first Grading Permit, Demolition Plans/Permits and Building Plans/Permits or a Notice to Proceed for Subdivisions, but prior to the first preconstruction meeting, whichever is applicable, the Assistant Deputy Director (ADD) Environmental designee shall verify that the requirements for Archaeological Monitoring and Native American monitoring have been noted on the applicable construction documents through the plan check process.
- B. Letters of Qualification have been submitted to ADD
 - 1. The applicant shall submit a letter of verification to Mitigation Monitoring Coordination (MMC) identifying the Principal Investigator (PI) for the project and the names of all persons involved in the archaeological monitoring program, as defined in the City of San Diego Historical Resources Guidelines (HRG). If applicable, individuals involved in the archaeological monitoring program must have completed the 40-hour HAZWOPER training with certification documentation.
 - 2. MMC will provide a letter to the applicant confirming the qualifications of the PI and all persons involved in the archaeological monitoring of the project meet the qualifications established in the HRG.
 - 3. Prior to the start of work, the applicant must obtain written approval from MMC for any personnel changes associated with the monitoring program.

II. Prior to Start of Construction

- A. Verification of Records Search
 - 1. The PI shall provide verification to MMC that a site specific records search (1/4 mile radius) has been completed. Verification includes, but is not limited to a copy of a confirmation letter from South Coastal Information Center, or, if the search was inhouse, a letter of verification from the PI stating that the search was completed.
 - 2. The letter shall introduce any pertinent information concerning expectations and probabilities of discovery during trenching and/or grading activities.

3. The PI may submit a detailed letter to MMC requesting a reduction to the ¼ mile radius.

B. PI Shall Attend Precon Meetings

- 1. Prior to beginning any work that requires monitoring; the Applicant shall arrange a Precon Meeting that shall include the PI, Native American consultant/monitor (where Native American resources may be impacted), Construction Manager (CM) and/or Grading Contractor, Resident Engineer (RE), Building Inspector (BI), if appropriate, and MMC. The qualified Archaeologist and Native American Monitor shall attend any grading/excavation related Precon Meetings to make comments and/or suggestions concerning the Archaeological Monitoring program with the Construction Manager and/or Grading Contractor.
 - a. If the PI is unable to attend the Precon Meeting, the Applicant shall schedule a focused Precon Meeting with MMC, the PI, RE, CM or BI, if appropriate, prior to the start of any work that requires monitoring.

2. Identify Areas to be Monitored

- a. Prior to the start of any work that requires monitoring, the PI shall submit an Archaeological Monitoring Exhibit (AME) (with verification that the AME has been reviewed and approved by the Native American consultant/monitor when Native American resources may be impacted) based on the appropriate construction documents (reduced to 11x17) to MMC identifying the areas to be monitored including the delineation of grading/excavation limits.
- b. The AME shall be based on the results of a site specific records search as well as information regarding existing known soil conditions (native or formation).

3. When Monitoring Will Occur

- a. Prior to the start of any work, the PI shall also submit a construction schedule to MMC through the RE indicating when and where monitoring will occur.
- b. The PI may submit a detailed letter to MMC prior to the start of work or during construction requesting a modification to the monitoring program. This request shall be based on relevant information such as review of final construction documents which indicate site conditions such as depth of excavation and/or site graded to bedrock, etc., which may reduce or increase the potential for resources to be present.

III. During Construction

- A. Monitor(s) Shall be Present During Grading/Excavation/Trenching
 - The Archaeological Monitor shall be present full-time during all soil disturbing and grading/excavation/trenching activities which could result in impacts to archaeological resources as identified on the AME. The Construction Manager is responsible for notifying the RE, PI, and MMC of changes to any construction activities such as in the case of a potential safety concern within the area being monitored. In certain circumstances OSHA safety requirements may necessitate modification of the AME.
 - The Native American consultant/monitor shall determine the extent of their
 presence during soil disturbing and grading/excavation/trenching activities based on
 the AME and provide that information to the PI and MMC. If prehistoric resources are
 encountered during the Native American consultant/monitor's absence, work shall

- stop and the Discovery Notification Process detailed in Section III.B-C and IV.A-D shall commence.
- 3. The PI may submit a detailed letter to MMC during construction requesting a modification to the monitoring program when a field condition such as modern disturbance post-dating the previous grading/trenching activities, presence of fossil formations, or when native soils are encountered that may reduce or increase the potential for resources to be present.
- 4. The archaeological and Native American consultant/monitor shall document field activity via the Consultant Site Visit Record (CSVR). The CSVR's shall be faxed by the CM to the RE the first day of monitoring, the last day of monitoring, monthly (Notification of Monitoring Completion), and in the case of ANY discoveries. The RE shall forward copies to MMC.

B. Discovery Notification Process

- In the event of a discovery, the Archaeological Monitor shall direct the contractor to temporarily divert all soil disturbing activities, including but not limited to digging, trenching, excavating or grading activities in the area of discovery and in the area reasonably suspected to overlay adjacent resources and immediately notify the RE or BI, as appropriate.
- 2. The Monitor shall immediately notify the PI (unless Monitor is the PI) of the discovery.
- 3. The PI shall immediately notify MMC by phone of the discovery, and shall also submit written documentation to MMC within 24 hours by fax or email with photos of the resource in context, if possible.
- 4. No soil shall be exported off-site until a determination can be made regarding the significance of the resource specifically if Native American resources are encountered.

C. Determination of Significance

- 1. The PI and Native American consultant/monitor, where Native American resources are discovered shall evaluate the significance of the resource. If Human Remains are involved, follow protocol in Section IV below.
 - a. The PI shall immediately notify MMC by phone to discuss significance determination and shall also submit a letter to MMC indicating whether additional mitigation is required.
 - b. If the resource is significant, the PI shall submit an Archaeological Data Recovery Program (ADRP) which has been reviewed by the Native American consultant/monitor, and obtain written approval from MMC. Impacts to significant resources must be mitigated before ground disturbing activities in the area of discovery will be allowed to resume. Note: If a unique archaeological site is also an historical resource as defined in CEQA, then the limits on the amount(s) that a project applicant may be required to pay to cover mitigation costs as indicated in CEQA Section 21083.2 shall not apply.
 - c. If the resource is not significant, the PI shall submit a letter to MMC indicating that artifacts will be collected, curated, and documented in the Final Monitoring Report. The letter shall also indicate that that no further work is required.

IV. Discovery of Human Remains

If human remains are discovered, work shall halt in that area and no soil shall be exported off-site until a determination can be made regarding the provenance of the human remains; and the following procedures as set forth in CEQA Section 15064.5(e), the California Public Resources Code (Sec. 5097.98) and State Health and Safety Code (Sec. 7050.5) shall be undertaken:

A. Notification

- 1. Archaeological Monitor shall notify the RE or BI as appropriate, MMC, and the PI, if the Monitor is not qualified as a PI. MMC will notify the appropriate Senior Planner in the Environmental Analysis Section (EAS) of the Development Services Department to assist with the discovery notification process.
- 2. The PI shall notify the Medical Examiner after consultation with the RE, either in person or via telephone.

B. Isolate discovery site

- 1. Work shall be directed away from the location of the discovery and any nearby area reasonably suspected to overlay adjacent human remains until a determination can be made by the Medical Examiner in consultation with the PI concerning the provenance of the remains.
- 2. The Medical Examiner, in consultation with the PI, will determine the need for a field examination to determine the provenance.
- 3. If a field examination is not warranted, the Medical Examiner will determine with input from the PI, if the remains are or are most likely to be of Native American origin.

C. If Human Remains ARE determined to be Native American

- 1. The Medical Examiner will notify the Native American Heritage Commission (NAHC) within 24 hours. By law, **ONLY** the Medical Examiner can make this call.
- 2. NAHC will immediately identify the person or persons determined to be the Most Likely Descendent (MLD) and provide contact information.
- 3. The MLD will contact the PI within 24 hours or sooner after the Medical Examiner has completed coordination, to begin the consultation process in accordance with CEQA Section 15064.5(e), the California Public Resources and Health & Safety Codes.
- 4. The MLD will have 48 hours to make recommendations to the property owner or representative, for the treatment or disposition with proper dignity, of the human remains and associated grave goods.
- 5. Disposition of Native American Human Remains will be determined between the MLD and the PI, and, if:
 - a. The NAHC is unable to identify the MLD, OR the MLD failed to make a recommendation within 48 hours after being notified by the Commission; OR;
 - b. The landowner or authorized representative rejects the recommendation of the MLD and mediation in accordance with PRC 5097.94 (k) by the NAHC fails to provide measures acceptable to the landowner, THEN,
 - c. In order to protect these sites, the Landowner shall do one or more of the following:
 - (1) Record the site with the NAHC;
 - (2) Record an open space or conservation easement on the site;
 - (3) Record a document with the County.

- d. Upon the discovery of multiple Native American human remains during a ground disturbing land development activity, the landowner may agree that additional conferral with descendants is necessary to consider culturally appropriate treatment of multiple Native American human remains. Culturally appropriate treatment of such a discovery may be ascertained from review of the site utilizing cultural and archaeological standards. Where the parties are unable to agree on the appropriate treatment measures the human remains and items associated and buried with Native American human remains shall be reinterred with appropriate dignity, pursuant to Section 5.c., above.
- D. If Human Remains are **NOT** Native American
 - 1. The PI shall contact the Medical Examiner and notify them of the historic era context of the burial.
 - 2. The Medical Examiner will determine the appropriate course of action with the PI and City staff (PRC 5097.98).
 - 3. If the remains are of historic origin, they shall be appropriately removed and conveyed to the San Diego Museum of Man for analysis. The decision for internment of the human remains shall be made in consultation with MMC, EAS, the applicant/landowner, any known descendant group, and the San Diego Museum of Man.

V. Night and/or Weekend Work

- A. If night and/or weekend work is included in the contract
 - 1. When night and/or weekend work is included in the contract package, the extent and timing shall be presented and discussed at the precon meeting.
 - 2. The following procedures shall be followed.
 - a. No Discoveries In the event that no discoveries were encountered during night and/or weekend work, the PI shall record the information on the CSVR and submit to MMC via fax by 8AM of the next business day.
 - Discoveries
 All discoveries shall be processed and documented using the existing procedures detailed in Sections III During Construction, and IV Discovery of Human Remains. Discovery of human remains shall always be treated as a significant discovery.
 - c. Potentially Significant Discoveries
 If the PI determines that a potentially significant discovery has been made, the procedures detailed under Section III During Construction and IV-Discovery of Human Remains shall be followed.
 - d. The PI shall immediately contact MMC, or by 8AM of the next business day to report and discuss the findings as indicated in Section III-B, unless other specific arrangements have been made.
- B. If night and/or weekend work becomes necessary during the course of construction
 - 1. The Construction Manager shall notify the RE, or Bl, as appropriate, a minimum of 24 hours before the work is to begin.
 - 2. The RE, or BI, as appropriate, shall notify MMC immediately.
- C. All other procedures described above shall apply, as appropriate.

VI. Post Construction

- A. Preparation and Submittal of Draft Monitoring Report
 - 1. The PI shall submit two copies of the Draft Monitoring Report (even if negative), prepared in accordance with the Historical Resources Guidelines (Appendix C/D) which describes the results, analysis, and conclusions of all phases of the Archaeological Monitoring Program (with appropriate graphics) to MMC for review and approval within 90 days following the completion of monitoring. It should be noted that if the PI is unable to submit the Draft Monitoring Report within the allotted 90-day timeframe resulting from delays with analysis, special study results or other complex issues, a schedule shall be submitted to MMC establishing agreed due dates and the provision for submittal of monthly status reports until this measure can be met.
 - a. For significant archaeological resources encountered during monitoring, the Archaeological Data Recovery Program shall be included in the Draft Monitoring Report.
 - b. Recording Sites with State of California Department of Parks and Recreation The PI shall be responsible for recording (on the appropriate State of California Department of Park and Recreation forms-DPR 523 A/B) any significant or potentially significant resources encountered during the Archaeological Monitoring Program in accordance with the City's Historical Resources Guidelines, and submittal of such forms to the South Coastal Information Center with the Final Monitoring Report.
 - 2. MMC shall return the Draft Monitoring Report to the PI for revision or, for preparation of the Final Report.
 - 3. The PI shall submit revised Draft Monitoring Report to MMC for approval.
 - 4. MMC shall provide written verification to the PI of the approved report.
 - 5. MMC shall notify the RE or BI, as appropriate, of receipt of all Draft Monitoring Report submittals and approvals.

B. Handling of Artifacts

- 1. The PI shall be responsible for ensuring that all cultural remains collected are cleaned and catalogued
- 2. The PI shall be responsible for ensuring that all artifacts are analyzed to identify function and chronology as they relate to the history of the area; that faunal material is identified as to species; and that specialty studies are completed, as appropriate.
- 3. The cost for curation is the responsibility of the property owner.
- C. Curation of artifacts: Accession Agreement and Acceptance Verification
 - 1. The PI shall be responsible for ensuring that all artifacts associated with the survey, testing and/or data recovery for this project are permanently curated with an appropriate institution. This shall be completed in consultation with MMC and the Native American representative, as applicable.
 - 2. The PI shall include the Acceptance Verification from the curation institution in the Final Monitoring Report submitted to the RE or BI and MMC.
 - 3. When applicable to the situation, the PI shall include written verification from the Native American consultant/monitor indicating that Native American resources were treated in accordance with state law and/or applicable agreements. If the resources were reinterred, verification shall be provided to show what protective measures

were taken to ensure no further disturbance occurs in accordance with Section IV – Discovery of Human Remains, Subsection 5.

- D. Final Monitoring Report(s)
 - 1. The PI shall submit one copy of the approved Final Monitoring Report to the RE or BI as appropriate, and one copy to MMC (even if negative), within 90 days after notification from MMC that the draft report has been approved.
 - 2. The RE shall, in no case, issue the Notice of Completion and/or release of the Performance Bond for grading until receiving a copy of the approved Final Monitoring Report from MMC which includes the Acceptance Verification from the curation institution.
- VI. PUBLIC REVIEW DISTRIBUTION: Draft copies or notice of this Mitigated Negative Declaration were distributed to:

STATE OF CALIFORNIA

Coastal Commission (48)

CITY OF SAN DIEGO

Mayor's Office Councilmember Lightner - District 1 City Attorney's Office (93C)

Development Services

LDR – Engineering Review

LDR - EAS

LDR - Landscaping

LDR - Planning Review

Facilities Financing (93B)

Water Review (86A)

San Diego Central Library (81A)

La Jolla - Riford Library (81L)

Historical Resources Board (87)

OTHER ORGANIZATIONS AND INTERESTED PARTIES

Carmen Lucas (206)

South Coastal Information Center (210)

San Diego Archaeological Center (212)

Save Our Heritage Organisation (214)

Ron Christman (215)

Clint Linton (215B)

Frank Brown, Inter-Tribal Cultural Resources Council (216)

Campo Band of Mission Indians (217)

San Diego County Archaeological Society, Inc. (218)

Kumeyaay Cultural Heritage Preservation (223)

Kumeyaay Cultural Repatriation Committee (225)

Native American Distribution – Public Notice and Location Map Only (225A-S)

La Jolla Village News (271)

La Jolla Shores Association (272)

VII. RESULTS OF PUBLIC REVIEW:

- () No comments were received during the public input period.
- () Comments were received but did not address the accuracy or completeness of the draft environmental document. No response is necessary and the letters are incorporated herein.
- (X) Comments addressing the accuracy or completeness of the draft environmental document were received during the public input period. The letters and responses are incorporated herein.

Copies of the draft Mitigated Negative Declaration, the Mitigation, Monitoring and Reporting Program and any Initial Study material are available in the office of the Entitlements Division for review, or for purchase at the cost of reproduction.

E. Shearer-Nguyen Senior Planner

Development Services Department

April 24, 2017
Date of Draft Report

May 18, 2017

Date of Final Report

Analyst: L. Sebastian

Attachments: Initial Study Checklist

Figure 1 – Location Map Figure 2 – Site Plan



San Diego County Archaeological Society, Inc.

Environmental Review Committee

7 May 2017

To:

Ms. Lindsey Sebastian

Development Services Department

City of San Diego

1222 First Avenue, Mail Station 501 San Diego, California 92101

Subject:

Draft Mitigated Negative Declaration

Murphy Residence Project No. 501936

Dear Ms. Sebastian:

I have reviewed the subject DMND on behalf of this committee of the San Diego County Archaeological Society.

Based on the information contained in the DMND and the cultural resources report for the project, we agree with the impact analysis and mitigation program in the DMND.

Thank you for including SDCAS in the public review of this DMND.

Sincerely,

Environmental Review Committee

Brian F. Smith & Associates

SDCAS President

File

P.O. Box 81106 San Diego, CA 92138-1106 (858) 538-0935

City staff response(s) to the San Diego County Archaeological Society, Inc. comment(s) letter for Murphy Residence, Project No. 501936

Comment noted.

RINCON BAND OF LUISEÑO INDIANS

Cultural Resources Department

1 W. Tribal Road · Valley Center, California 92082 (760) 297-2330 Fax:(760) 297-2339



2.

3.

April 281, 2017

Lindsey Sebastian The City of San Diego Development Services Center 1222 First Avenue, MS 501 San Diego, CA 92101

Re: Murphy Residence Project No. 501936

Dear Ms. Sebastian:

This letter is written on behalf of the Rincon Band of Luiseño Indians. Thank you for inviting us to submit comments on the Murphy Residence Project No. 501936. Rincon is submitting these comments concerning your projects potential impact on Luiseño cultural resources.

The Rincon Band has concerns for the impacts to historic and cultural resources and the finding of items of significant cultural value that could be disturbed or destroyed and are considered culturally significant to the Luiseño people. This is to inform you, your identified location is not within the Luiseño Aboriginal Territory. We recommend that you locate a tribe within the project area to receive direction on how to handle any inadvertent findings according to their customs and traditions.

If you would like information on tribes within your project area, please contact the Native American Heritage Commission and they will assist with a referral.

Thank you for the opportunity to protect and preserve our cultural assets.

Sincerely,

Vincent Whipple

Manager

Rincon Cultural Resources Department

Bo Mazzetti Tribal Chairman Tishmall Turner Vice Chairwoman Steve Stallings Council Member Laurie E. Gonzalez Council Member Alfonso Kolb Council Member



City staff response(s) to the Rincon Band of Luiseño Indians comment(s) letter f	ю
Murphy Residence, Project No. 501936	

- The requirement for Native American monitoring is included in Section V. of the Mitigated Negative Declaration, which identifies the need for the applicant to confer with appropriate persons/organizations when inadvertent discoveries occur during grading activities.
- The City of San Diego provides draft environmental documents to Native American Tribes from San Diego County when a cultural resources report has been prepared and/or archaeological monitoring is required.



P.O Box 908 Alpine, CA 91903 #1 Viejas Grade Road Alpine, CA 91901

Phone: 619445.3810 Fax: 619445.5337 viejas.com

5.

May 5, 2017

Lindsey Sebastian Environmental Planner City of San Diego 1222 First Avenue, MS 501 San Diego, CA 92101

RE: Murphy Residence, #501936

Dear Ms. Sebastian,

The Viejas Band of Kumeyaay Indians ("Viejas") has reviewed the proposed project and at this time we have determined that the project site is has cultural significance or ties to Viejas.

Viejas Band request that a Kumeyaay Cultural Monitor be on site for ground disturbing activities to inform us of any new developments such as inadvertent discovery of cultural artifacts, cremation sites, or human remains.

Please call me at 619-659-2312 or Ernest Pingleton at 619-659-2314, for scheduling or email rteran@viejas-sns.gov or epingleton@Viejas-nsn.gov. Thank you.

Sincerely,

Ray Teran, Resource Management
VIEJAS BAND OF KUMEYAAY INDIANS

City staff response(s) to the Viejas Band of Kumeyaay Indians comment(s) letter for Murphy Residence, Project No. 501936

4. Comment noted.

5. Per the City of San Diego's (City) Historical Resources Guidelines (Guidelines), the applicant must provide verification that a qualified archaeologist and/or monitor has been retained to implement the Mitigation, Monitoring and Reporting Program (MMRP) as identified in Section V of the Initial Study. Further, the City's MMRP requires that a Native American Monitor be present during all ground disturbing activities associated with the project. The Native American Monitor also has specific responsibilities in the event of a discovery, including notifying the appropriate parties, assisting with determining the significance of the discovery, and isolating the discovery site. The City's MMRP is adequately developed with sufficient measures that would substantially lessen or avoid significant environmental impacts associated with Historical Resources (Archaeology). The MMRP does not specifically state that the Native American monitor would be required to be Kumeyaay; however, the common practice in the City is to include Kumeyaay monitors on all projects requiring such measures.

INITIAL STUDY CHECKLIST

- 1. Project title/Project number: Murphy Residence / 501936
- 2. Lead agency name and address: City of San Diego, 1222 First Avenue, MS-501, San Diego, California 92101
- 3. Contact person and phone number: L. Sebastian / (619) 236-5993
- 4. Project location: 7927 El Paseo Grande, San Diego, California 92037
- 5. Project Applicant/Sponsor's name and address: John Ambert, 4635 Santa Cruz Avenue, San Diego, California 92107
- 6. General/Community Plan designation: General Plan: Residential / Community Plan: La Jolla Community Plan and Local Coastal Program: Low Density Residential (5 9 dwelling units per acre)
- 7. Zoning: LJSPD-SF (La Jolla Shores Planned District Single-Family)
- 8. Description of project (Describe the whole action involved, including but not limited to, later phases of the project, and any secondary, support, or off-site features necessary for its implementation.):

A COASTAL DEVELOPMENT PERMIT and SITE DEVELOPMENT PERMIT to construct a 2,167-square-foot addition, including a guest quarters, and deck and patio areas, to an existing 1,717-square-foot single-family residence. The project would also construct various site improvements, including associated hardscape and landscaping. The project would conform to the criteria of the Affordable/In-Fill Housing and Sustainable Buildings Expedite Program by generating 50 percent or more of the projected total energy consumption on site through renewable energy resources (i.e. photovoltaic).

The project landscaping has been reviewed by City Landscape staff and would comply with all applicable City of San Diego Landscape ordinances and standards. Drainage would be directed into appropriate storm drain systems designated to carry surface runoff, which has been reviewed and accepted by City Engineering staff. Ingress to the project site would be via El Paseo Grande. All parking would be provided on-site.

Grading for the project would entail 241.81 cubic yards of cut and 853.26 cubic yards of fill.

9. Surrounding land uses and setting: Briefly describe the project's surroundings:

The 6,300-square-foot (0.144-acres) project site is located at 7927 El Paseo Grande. The project site is designated Low Density Residential (5 - 9 dwelling units per acre) and within the Single Family (SF) Zone of the La Jolla Shores Planned District. Additionally, the project site is within the Coastal Height Limitation Overlay Zone, the Coastal Overlay Zone (Non-Appealable, Area 2), the Parking Impact Overlay Zone (Beach and Coastal Impact Areas), the Residential Tandem Parking Overlay Zone, the Transit Area Overlay Zone, the La Jolla Shores Archaeological Study Area, and the La Jolla Community Plan and Local Coastal Program.

The project site is bordered by developed residential properties to the north, south, east, and west. Vegetation on-site is varied and consists of non-native landscaping flora, including shrubs, trees, and lawn areas. Additionally, the project site is situated in a developed area currently served by existing public services and utilities.

- Other public agencies whose approval is required (e.g., permits, financing approval, or participation agreement.):
 None required.
- 11. Have California Native American tribes traditionally and culturally affiliated with the project area requested consultation pursuant to Public Resources Code section 21080.3.1? If so, has consultation begun?

Note: Conducting consultation early in the CEQA process allows tribal governments, lead agencies, and project proponents to discuss the level of environmental review, identify and address potential adverse impacts to tribal cultural resources, and reduce the potential for delay and conflict in the environmental review process. (See Public Resources Code section 21083.3.2.) Information may also be available from the California Native American Heritage Commission's Sacred Lands File per Public Resources Code section 5097.96 and the California Historical Resources Information System administered by the California Office of Historic Preservation. Please also note that Public Resources Code section 21082.3(c) contains provisions specific to confidentiality.

A Native American Tribe traditionally and culturally affiliated with the project area has requested consultation with the City of San Diego pursuant to Public Resources Code section 21082.3 (c). The City is in consultation with this tribe. The project site is located on the City of San Diego's Historical Resources Sensitivity map. Specifically, the project site is within an area of La Jolla Shores that requires special considerations because of the area's archaeological sensitivity with respect to the Spindrift archaeological site.

The project would include some small disturbance that extends outside of the existing footprint according to review of the site photographs and project plans. Given the project's scope and location in the Spindrift archaeological special study area, a Phase I Cultural Resource Survey (Cultural Resource Survey) was prepared by Brian F. Smith and Associates, Inc. dated December 21, 2016. The Cultural Resource Survey determined the potential exists that buried cultural deposits may be present under the landscaping, hardscape, and structures that cover the property due to the presence of recorded cultural resources within a one-quarter mile radius of the project and the limited visibility encountered during the archaeological survey. Further, archaeological and Native American monitoring of grading or trenching was recommended for the project based upon the potential to encounter buried archaeological deposits or artifacts associated with the prehistoric occupation of SDI-39 and other known sites within the La Jolla neighborhood over the past 8,000 years, and the historic use and development of La Jolla since the late 1800s. Therefore, mitigation measures related to historical resources (archaeology) are required.

ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:

	vironmental factors checked b tially Significant Impact" as inc				t, involving at least one impact that is a
	Aesthetics		Greenhouse Gas Emissions		Population/Housing
	Agriculture and Forestry Resources		Hazards & Hazardous Materials		Public Services
	Air Quality		Hydrology/Water Quality		Recreation
	Biological Resources		Land Use/Planning		Transportation/Traffic
\boxtimes	Cultural Resources		Mineral Resources	\boxtimes	Tribal Cultural Resources
	Geology/Soils		Noise		Utilities/Service System
					Mandatory Findings Significance
DETER	MINATION: (To be completed	by Lead A	Agency)		
On the	basis of this initial evaluation	:			
	The proposed project COULD prepared.	NOT have	e a significant effect on the en	vironmen	t, and a NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be
		in the pro	oject have been made by or ag		ent, there will not be a significant effect y the project proponent. A MITIGATED
	The proposed project MAY harequired.	ave a signi	ficant effect on the environme	ent, and ar	n ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is
The proposed project MAY have a "potentially significant impact" or "potentially significant unless mitigated" impact on the environment, but at least one effect (a) has been adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and (b) has been addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis as described on attached sheets. An ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required.					
	Although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, because all potentially significant effects (a) have been analyzed adequately in an earlier EIR or (MITIGATED) NEGATIVE DECLARATION pursuant to applicable standards, and (b) have been avoided or mitigated pursuant to that earlier EIR or (MITIGATED) NEGATIVE DECLARATION, including revisions or mitigation measures that are imposed upon the proposed project, nothing further is required.				

EVALUATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS:

1) A brief explanation is required for all answers except "No Impact" answers that are adequately supported by the information sources a lead agency cites in the parentheses following each question. A "No Impact" answer is adequately supported if the referenced information sources show that the impact simply does not apply to projects like the one involved (e.g., the project falls outside a fault rupture zone). A "No Impact answer should be explained where it is based on project specific factors as well as general standards (e.g., the project will not expose sensitive receptors to pollutants, based on a project-specific screening analysis.)

- 2) All answers must take account of the whole action involved, including off-site as well as on-site, cumulative as well as project-level, indirect as well as direct, and construction as well as operational impacts.
- 3) Once the lead agency has determined that a particular physical impact may occur, then the checklist answers must indicate whether the impact is potentially significant, less than significant with mitigation, or less than significant. "Potentially Significant Impact" is appropriate if there is substantial evidence that an effect may be significant. If there are one or more "Potentially Significant Impact" entries when the determination is made, an EIR is required.
- 4) "Negative Declaration: Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated" applies where the incorporation of mitigation measures has reduced an effect from "Potentially Significant Impact" to a "Less Than Significant Impact." The lead agency must describe the mitigation measures, and briefly explain how they reduce the effect to a less than significant level (mitigation measures from "Earlier Analyses", as described in (5) below, may be cross-referenced).
- 5) Earlier analyses may be used where, pursuant to the tiering, program EIR, or other CEQA process, an effect has been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or (mitigated) negative declaration. Section 15063(c)(3)(D). In this case, a brief discussion should identify the following:
 - a. Earlier Analysis Used. Identify and state where they are available for review.
 - b. Impacts Adequately Addressed. Identify which effects from the above checklist were within the scope of and adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and state whether such effects were addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis.
 - c. Mitigation Measures. For effects that are "Less Than Significant With Mitigation Measures Incorporated", describe the mitigation measures that were incorporated or refined from the earlier document and the extent to which they address site-specific conditions for the project.
- 6) Lead agencies are encouraged to incorporate into the checklist references to information sources for potential impacts (e.g., general plans, zoning ordinances). Reference to a previously prepared or outside document should, where appropriate, include a reference to the page or pages where the statement is substantiated.
- 7) Supporting Information Sources: A source list should be attached, and other sources used or individuals contacted should be cited in the discussion.
- 8) This is only a suggested form, and lead agencies are free to use different formats; however, lead agencies should normally address the questions from this checklist that are relevant to a project's environmental effects in whatever format is selected.
- 9) The explanation of each issue should identify:
 - a. The significance criteria or threshold, if any, used to evaluate each question; and
 - b. The mitigation measure identified, if any, to reduce the impact to less than significant.

	Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact		
l)	AESTHETICS – Would the project:						
	a) Have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista?				\boxtimes		
No s	cenic vista or view corridor designated w	vithin the La	Jolla Community P	lan and Local	Coastal		
Prog	ram exists on the project site. Therefore	e, the projec	t would not have a	substantial ad	dverse		
effe	ct on a scenic vista. No impacts would re	esult.					
	b) Substantially damage scenic resources, including but not limited to, trees, rock outcroppings, and historic buildings within a state scenic highway?						
state	project is situated within a developed re e scenic highways are located on, near, o ld result.						
	c) Substantially degrade the existing visual character or quality of the site and its surroundings?						
an a com desi	The project site is developed with an existing single-family residence. The project would construct an addition, including a guest quarters, to an existing single-family residence. The project is compatible with the surrounding development, and permitted by the community plan and zoning designation. The project would not substantially degrade the existing visual character or quality of the site or the surrounding area. Also see response I(a) above. No impacts are anticipated.						
	d) Create a new source of substantial light or glare that would adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area?						
	project would not be expected to create						

The project would not be expected to create new and/or cause substantial light or glare. No substantial sources of light would be generated during project construction, as construction activities would occur during daylight hours. All permanent exterior lighting is required to comply with City regulations to reduce potential adverse effects on neighborhood properties. No impacts are anticipated.

II. AGRICULTURAL AND FOREST RESOURCES: In determining whether impacts to agricultural resources are significant environmental effects, lead agencies may refer to the California Agricultural Land Evaluation and Site Assessment Model (1997) prepared by the California Department of Conservation as an optional model to use in assessing impacts on agriculture and farmland. In determining whether impacts to forest resources, including timberland, are significant environmental effects, lead agencies may refer to information compiled by the California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection regarding the state's inventory of forest land, including the Forest and Range Assessment Project and the Forest Legacy Assessment project; and forest carbon measurement methodology provided in Forest Protocols adopted

Iss	ue	Potentially Significant Impact	Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
by t	he California Air Resources Board. – Would the	e project:			
a)	Converts Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance (Farmland), as shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency, to non-agricultural use?				\boxtimes
The pr	oject is consistent with the communit	y plan's land	use designation, ar	nd is located v	vithin a
develo	ped residential neighborhood. As su	ch, the projec	t site does not con	tain, and is no	ot adjacent
to, any	lands identified as Farmland, Unique	Farmland, o	r Farmland of State	wide Importa	nce
	and), as show on maps prepared purs				
	California Resource Agency. Therefor				
require	o non-agricultural use. No significant	impacts wol	lid occur, and no m	litigation mea	sures are
require	eu.				
b)	Conflict with existing zoning for agricultural use, or a Williamson Act Contract?				
Refer t	o response to Il(a) above. There are r	no Williamsor	n Act Contract land:	s on or within	the vicinity
	project site. The project is consistent				_
project	does not conflict with any agricultura	al use. No im	pacts would result	,	
c)	Conflict with existing zoning for, or cause rezoning of, forest land (as defined in Public Resources Code section 1220(g)), timberland (as defined by Public Resources Code section 4526), or timberland zoned Timberland Production (as defined by Government Code section 51104(g))?				\boxtimes
or timb	oject would not conflict with existing a perland zoned Timberland Production project is consistent with the commun	n. No designa	ated forest land or	timberland oc	cur onsite
d)	Result in the loss of forest land or conversion of forest land to non-forest use?				

Refer to response II(c) above. Additionally, the project would not contribute to the conversion of any forested land to non-forest use, as surrounding land uses are built out. No impacts would result.

	Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact		
	e) Involve other changes in the existing environment, which, due to their location or nature, could result in conversion of Farmland to nonagricultural use or conversion of forest land to non-forest use?						
Refer to responses II(a) and (c) above. No impacts would result.							
	III. AIR QUALITY – Where available, the significance criteria established by the applicable air quality management or air pollution control district may be relied on to make the following determinations – Would the project:						
	 a) Conflict with or obstruct implementation of the applicable air quality plan? 				\boxtimes		

The San Diego Air Pollution Control District (SDAPCD) and San Diego Association of Governments (SANDAG) are responsible for developing and implementing the clean air plan for attainment and maintenance of the ambient air quality standards in the San Diego Air Basin (SDAB). The County Regional Air Quality Strategy (RAQS) was initially adopted in 1991, and is updated on a triennial basis (most recently in 2009). The RAQS outlines the SDAPCD's plans and control measures designed to attain the state air quality standards for ozone (O3). The RAQS relies on information from the California Air Resources Board (CARB) and SANDAG, including mobile and area source emissions, as well as information regarding projected growth in San Diego County and the cities in the county, to project future emissions and then determine the strategies necessary for the reduction of emissions through regulatory controls. CARB mobile source emission projections and SANDAG growth projections are based on population, vehicle trends, and land use plans developed by San Diego County and the cities in the county as part of the development of their general plans.

The RAQS relies on SANDAG growth projections based on population, vehicle trends, and land use plans developed by the cities and by the county as part of the development of their general plans. As such, projects that propose development that is consistent with the growth anticipated by local plans would be consistent with the RAQS. However, if a project proposes development that is greater than that anticipated in the local plan and SANDAG's growth projections, the project might be in conflict with the RAQS and may contribute to a potentially significant cumulative impact on air quality.

The project would construct an addition, including a guest quarters, to an existing single-family residence, within a developed neighborhood of similar residential uses. The project is consistent with the General Plan, community plan, and the underlying zoning for residential development. Therefore, the project would be consistent at a sub-regional level with the underlying growth forecasts in the RAQS, and would not obstruct implementation of the RAQS. As such, no impacts would result.

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
b) Violate any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation?			\boxtimes	

Short-term Emissions (Construction)

Project construction activities would potentially generate combustion emissions from on-site heavy-duty construction vehicles and motor vehicles transporting the construction crew and necessary construction materials. Exhaust emissions generated by construction activities would generally result from the use of typical construction equipment that may include excavation equipment, forklift, skip loader, and/or dump truck. Variables that factor into the total construction emissions potentially generated include the level of activity, length of construction period, number of pieces and types of equipment in use, site characteristics, weather conditions, number of construction personnel, and the amount of materials to be transported on or off-site. It is anticipated that construction equipment would be used on-site for four to eight hours a day; however, construction would be short-term and impacts to neighboring uses would be minimal and temporary.

Fugitive dust emissions are generally associated with land clearing and grading operations. Due to the nature and location of the project, construction activities are expected to create minimal fugitive dust, as a result of the disturbance associated with grading. The project would construct an addition, including a guest quarters, to an existing single-family residence. Construction operations would include standard measures as required by the City of San Diego grading permit to reduce potential air quality impacts to less than significant. Therefore, impacts associated with fugitive dust are considered less than significant, and would not violate an air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation. Impacts related to short-term emissions would be less than significant.

Long-term Emissions (Operational)

Long-term air emission impacts are those associated with stationary sources and mobile sources related to any change caused by a project. The project would produce minimal stationary source emissions. Once construction of the project is complete, long-term air emissions would potentially result from such sources as fireplaces, heating, ventilation, and cooling (HVAC) systems, and other motorized equipment typically associated with residential uses. The project is compatible with the surrounding development and is permitted by the community plan and zone designation. Based on the residential land use, project emissions over the long-term are not anticipated to violate any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation. Impacts would be less than significant.

Overall, the project is not expected to generate substantial emissions that would violate any air quality standard or contribute to an existing or projected air quality violation; therefore, impacts would be less than significant.

lss	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact	
c)	Result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is non-attainment under an applicable federal or state ambient air quality standard (including releasing emissions which exceed quantitative thresholds for ozone precursors)?					
As described above in response III(b), construction operations temporarily increase the emissions of dust and other pollutants. However, construction emissions would be temporary and short-term in duration. Implementation of Best Management Practices (BMP's) would reduce potential impacts related to construction activities to a less than significant level. Therefore, the project would not result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is non-attainment under applicable federal or state ambient air quality standards. Impacts would be less than significant.						
d)	Create objectionable odors affecting a substantial number of people?			\boxtimes		
Odors of the unburn odors	Short-term (Construction) Odors would be generated from vehicles and/or equipment exhaust emissions during construction of the project. Odors produced during construction would be attributable to concentrations of unburned hydrocarbons from tailpipes of construction equipment and architectural coatings. Such odors are temporary and generally occur at magnitudes that would not affect a substantial number of people. Therefore, impacts would be less than significant.					
Long-term (Operational) Typical long-term operational characteristics of the project are not associated with the creation of such odors nor anticipated to generate odors affecting a substantial number of people. The project would construct an addition, including a guest quarters, to an existing single-family residence. Residential dwelling units, in the long-term operation, are not typically associated with the creation of such odors nor are they anticipated to generate odors affecting a substantial number or people. Therefore, project operations would result in less than significant impacts.						
IV. BIOL	OGICAL RESOURCES – Would the project:					
a)	Have substantial adverse effects, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special status species in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?				\boxtimes	

Iss	ue	Potentially Significant Impact	Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impac
On-site	landscaping is non-native. The proje	ct site does i	not contain any sen	sitive biologic	al
resour	ces, nor does it contain any candidate,	, sensitive or	special status spec	ies. No impa	cts would
occur, a	and no mitigation measures are requi	red.			
b)	Have a substantial adverse effect on any riparian habitat or other community identified in local or regional plans, policies, and regulations or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?				\boxtimes
	o response IV(a) above. The project si landscaping. Additionally, the project		•		
resider	nce and located within a residential ne	ighborhood	. The project site d	oes not conta	in any
riparia	n habitat or other identified communi	ty. No impa	cts would result.		
c)	Have a substantial adverse effect on federally protected wetlands as defined by Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (including but not limited to marsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc.) through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, or other means?				\boxtimes
The pro	oject site does not contain any federal	ly protected	wetlands as define	d by Section 4	104 of the
•	Vater Act. The project site is located v			-	
	s would result. Also refer to response		•		
d)	Interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or with established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors, or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites?				\boxtimes
	mal and/or informal wildlife corridors				
	l within a developed residential neighl	borhood. Th	erefore, no impact	s would resul	t. Also
refer to	response IV(a) above.				
e)	Conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources, such as a tree preservation policy or ordinance?				

The project would not conflict with any local policies and/or ordinances protecting biological resources, such as a tree preservation policy or ordinance. No impacts would result.

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact		
f) Conflict with the provisions of an adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Community Conservation Plan, or other approved local, regional, or state habitat conservation plan?						
Refer to response IV(e) above. The project site is located within a developed urban neighborhood and is not within, nor adjacent to, the City's Multi-Habitat Planning Area (MHPA). Therefore, no impacts would result.						
V. CULTURAL RESOURCES – Would the project:						
 Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an historical resource as 						

The purpose and intent of the Historical Resources Regulations of the Land Development Code (Chapter 14, Division 3, and Article 2) is to protect, preserve and, where damaged, restore the historical resources of San Diego. The regulations apply to all proposed development within the City of San Diego when historical resources are present on the premises. Before approving discretionary projects, CEQA requires the Lead Agency to identify and examine the significant adverse environmental effects which may result from that project. A project that may cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource may have a significant effect on the environment (Sections 15064.5(b) and 21084.1). A substantial adverse change is defined as demolition, destruction, relocation, or alteration activities, which would impair historical significance (Sections 15064.5(b)(1)). Any historical resource listed in, or eligible to be listed in the California Register of Historical Resources, including archaeological resources, is considered to be historically or culturally significant.

Archaeological Resources

defined in §15064.5?

Many areas of San Diego County, including mesas and the coast, are known for intense and diverse prehistoric occupation and important archaeological resources. The region has been inhabited by various cultural groups spanning 10,000 years or more.

The project site is located on the City of San Diego's Historical Resources Sensitivity map. Specifically, the project site is within an area of La Jolla Shores that requires special considerations because of the area's archaeological sensitivity with respect to the Spindrift archaeological site. The project would include some small disturbance that extends outside of the existing footprint according to review of the site photographs and project plans. Given the project's scope and location in the Spindrift archaeological special study area, a Phase I Cultural Resource Survey (Cultural Resource Survey) was prepared by Brian F. Smith and Associates, Inc. dated December 21, 2016. The Cultural Resource Survey determined the potential exists that buried cultural deposits may be present under the landscaping, hardscape, and structures that cover the property due to the

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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presence of recorded cultural resources within a one-quarter mile radius of the project and the limited visibility encountered during the archaeological survey. Further, archaeological and Native American monitoring of grading or trenching was recommended for the project based upon the potential to encounter buried archaeological deposits or artifacts associated with the prehistoric occupation of SDI-39 and other known sites within the La Jolla neighborhood over the past 8,000 years, and the historic use and development of La Jolla since the late 1800s. Therefore, monitoring during ground-disturbing activities is required.

A Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program, as detailed within Section V of the Mitigated Negative Declaration, would be implemented to reduce impacts related to Historical Resources (archaeology) to below a level of significance.

Built Environment

The City of San Diego reviews projects requiring the demolition of structures 45 years or older for historic significance in compliance with the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA). CEQA Section 21084.1 states that "A project that may cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an historical resource is a project that may cause a significant effect on the environment." Historic property (built environment) surveys are required for properties which are 45 years of age or older and which have integrity of setting, location, design, materials, workmanship, feeling, and association.

The existing structure on the project site was identified as over 45 years old. Therefore, building records and a photographic survey for the project site were submitted and reviewed by Plan-Historic staff under PTS No. 496475. Historical Resources staff determined that the property does not meet local designation criteria as an individually significant resource under any adopted Historical Resources Board Criteria. Therefore, no impacts would result.

b)	Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an archaeological resource pursuant to §15064.5?	\boxtimes	
Refe	r to response V(a) above.		
c)	Directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleontological resource or site or unique geologic feature?		\boxtimes

According to the Geologic Map of the San Diego 30' x 60' Quadrangle, California (Kennedy & Tan, 2005), the project site is underlain by alluvium, which is assigned a low sensitivity rating for paleontological resources.

Paleontological monitoring during grading activities may be required if it is determined that the project's earth movement quantity exceeds the Paleontological threshold (if greater than 1,000 cubic yards and ten feet deep for formations with a high sensitivity rating, and if greater than 2,000 cubic

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact		
yards and ten feet deep for formations with	a moderate :	sensitivity rating).				
Consequently, the project does not have the potential to disturb or destroy paleontological resources because the project is underlain by alluvium, which is assigned a low sensitivity rating. Therefore, the project does not exceed the threshold for paleontological monitoring. No impacts would occur.						
d) Disturb and human remains, including those interred outside of dedicated cemeteries?						
Refer to response V(a) above. No cemeterie project site; therefore, no impacts would res		nformal, have been	identified or	the		
VI. GEOLOGY AND SOILS – Would the project:						
Expose people or structures to potential sub- involving:	stantial adverse	effects, including the risl	c of loss, injury, c	or death		
i) Rupture of a known earthquake fault, as delineated on the most recent Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Map issued by the State Geologist for the area or based on other substantial evidence of a known fault? Refer to Division of Mines and Geology Special Publication 42.						
The project is not located within an Alquist-Priolo Fault Zone. The project is required to comply with the seismic requirements of the California Building Code. Implementation of proper engineering design and utilization of standard construction practices, to be verified at the building permit stage, would ensure that the potential for impacts from regional geologic hazards would remain less than significant.						
ii) Strong seismic ground shaking?			\boxtimes			
The project site is located within a seismically active southern California region, and is potentially subject to moderate to strong seismic ground shaking along major earthquake faults. Seismic shaking at the site could be generated by any number of known active and potentially active faults in the region. Implementation of proper engineering design and utilization of standard construction						

practices, to be verified at the building permit stage, would ensure that the potential for impacts

from regional geologic hazards would remain less than significant.

Issue		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact		
iii	i) Seismic-related ground failure, including liquefaction?						
earthqua occurs w cohesion practices	Refer to response VI(a)(ii) above. The site could be affected by seismic activity as a result of earthquakes and major active faults located throughout the Southern California area. Liquefaction occurs when loose, unconsolidated, water-laden soils are subject to shaking, causing the soils to lose cohesion. Implementation of proper engineering design and utilization of standard construction practices, to be verified at the building permit stage, would ensure that the potential for impacts from regional geologic hazards would remain less than significant.						
iv	y) Landslides?						
Hazard C gently slo engineer permit st remain le	g to the City of San Diego Seismic Sategory 52. Hazard Category 52 is oping to steep terrain, favorable geoing design and utilization of standarage, would ensure that the potentialess than significant.	characterized ologic structu rd constructi	d as "Other Terrain re, low risk." Impl on practices, to be	n – other level a ementation of everified at the	areas, proper building		
	esult in substantial soil erosion or the oss of topsoil?						
Construction of the project would temporarily disturb on-site soils during grading activities, thereby increasing the potential for soil erosion to occur. However, the use of standard erosion control measures and implementation of storm water BMP requirements during construction would reduce potential impacts to a less than a significant level. Additionally, the project site would be landscaped in accordance with City requirements, which would also preclude erosion or topsoil loss, and all storm water requirements would be met. Therefore, impacts would be less than significant, and no mitigation measures are required.							
is u p la	e located on a geologic unit or soil that sunstable, or that would become nstable as a result of the project, and otentially result in on- or off-site and slide, lateral spreading, subsidence, quefaction or collapse?						

Refer to response VI(a) above. As previously discussed, the project site is located in Geologic Hazard Category 52. Geologic Hazard Category 52 is defined as "Other Terrain – other level areas, gently sloping to steep terrain, favorable geologic structure, low risk." Implementation of proper engineering design and utilization of standard construction practices, to be verified at the building permit stage, would ensure that the potential for impacts from regional geologic hazards would remain less than significant.

Iss	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact	
d)	Be located on expansive soil, as defined in Table 18-1-B of the Uniform Building Code (1994), creating substantial risks to life or property?			\boxtimes		
Buildir measu ensure Theref	Refer to response VI(a) above. The project would be constructed in accordance with the California Building Code and appropriate engineering design. Utilization of appropriate engineering design measures and standard construction practices, to be verified at the building permit stage, would ensure that the potential for impacts from geologic hazards would be less than significant. Therefore, impacts related to unstable soils are considered less than significant, and no mitigation measures are required.					
e)	Have soils incapable of adequately supporting the use of septic tanks or alternative waste water disposal systems where sewers are not available for the disposal of waste water?					
No septic system or alternative wastewater systems are proposed. The project site is located within an area that is already developed with existing infrastructure (i.e., water and sewer lines). No impacts would result.						
VII. GRE	ENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS – Would the project:					
a)	Generate greenhouse gas emissions, either directly or indirectly, that may have a significant impact on the environment?					

The City's Climate Action Plan (CAP) outlines the actions that the City will undertake to achieve its proportional share of State greenhouse gas (GHG) emission reductions. A CAP Consistency Checklist (Checklist) is part of the CAP and contains measures that are required to be implemented on a project-by-project basis to ensure that the specified emission targets identified in the CAP are achieved.

The project is consistent with the existing General Plan and Community Plan land use and zoning designations. Further based upon review and evaluation of the completed CAP Consistency Checklist for the project, the project is consistent with the applicable strategies and actions of the CAP. Therefore, the project is consistent with the assumptions for relevant CAP strategies toward achieving the identified GHG reduction targets, and impacts from greenhouse gas emissions are considered less than significant. No mitigation is required.

ls	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact	
b)	Conflict with an applicable plan, policy, or regulation adopted for the purpose of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gases?					
The project would not conflict with an applicable plan, policy, or regulation adopted for the purposes of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gases. The project is consistent with the existing General Plan and Community Plan land use and zoning designations. Further based upon review and evaluation of the completed CAP Consistency Checklist for the project, the project is consistent with the applicable strategies and actions of the CAP. Therefore, the project is consistent with the assumptions for relevant CAP strategies toward achieving the identified GHG reduction targets. Impacts are considered less than significant. No mitigation is required.						
VIII. HAZ	ZARDS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS – Would t	he project:				
a)	Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials?			\boxtimes		
The project would construct an addition, including a guest quarters, to an existing single-family residence. Construction of the project may require the use of hazardous material (fuel, lubricants, solvents, etc.) that would require proper storage, handling, use and disposal. Although minimal amounts of such substances may be present during construction, they are not anticipated to create a significant public hazard. Once constructed, the routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials on or through the project site is not anticipated. Therefore, impacts would be less than significant, and no mitigation is required.						
b)	Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment?					
existin such ir	to response VIII(a) above. Construction is single-family residence within a neimpacts. Therefore, no significant impaction measures are required.	ghborhood o	f similar uses would	d not be asso	ciated with	
c)	Emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste within one-quarter mile of an existing or proposed school?					

ls	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	to responses VIII(a) and VIII (b) above.	_			
	g school, future risk of releases of ha				
	t operations because it is anticipated		-site operations wo	ould not requ	iire the
routin	e use or transport of acutely hazardo	us materials.			
	ruction of the project may require the which would require proper storage, h				
requir	ed to comply with all federal, state an	d local require	ements associated	with hazardo	us
materi	ials; therefore, impacts would be less	than significar	nt.		
d)	Be located on a site which is included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5 and, as a result, would it create a significant hazard to the public or the environment?				\boxtimes
The pr	oject site is not listed as a hazardous	materials site	in public records d	latabases (i.e	.,
	stor, Geotracker). No impacts would		,	()	•,
e)	For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two mile of a public airport or public use airport, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?				
Activities associated with the necessary grading, demolition, and construction would not increase the potential to result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in areas surrounding the project site. Long-term operation of the residential unit would not interfere with the operations of any airport. The project site is not located within any airport land use plan, the airport environs overlay zone, or airport approach overlay zone. The project site is also not located within two miles of any airport. Therefore, no significant impacts would occur, and no mitigation measures are required.					
f)	For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?				

Refer to response VIII(e) above. The project site is not in proximity to any private airstrip. Therefore, no significant impacts would occur, and no mitigation measures are required.

working in the project area?

Iss	ue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
g)	Impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan?				\boxtimes
The pro	oject would not impair the implement	tation of, or p	physically interfere	with, an adop	ted
emerge	ency response plan or evacuation plai	n. No roadw	ay improvements a	re proposed	that would
interfer	re with circulation or access, and all co	onstruction v	vould take place or	n-site. No imp	acts would
occur, a	and no mitigation measures are requi	ired.			
h)	Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires, including where wildlands are adjacent to urbanized areas or where residences are intermixed with wildlands?				
The pro	oject site is located within a developed	d residential	neighborhood. The	ere are no wil	dlands or
other a	reas prone to wildfire within the vicin	nity of the pro	oject site. Therefor	e, the project	would not
expose	people or structures to wildland fires	s. No impact	s would occur, and	no mitigation	n measures
are req	uired.				
D/ 10/55					
IX. HYDR	OLOGY AND WATER QUALITY - Would the proj	ject:			
a)	Violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements?			\boxtimes	
The pro	oject would comply with all storm wat	er quality sta	andards during and	after constru	ıction, and
approp	riate Best Management Practices (BM	/IP's) must be	utilized. Impleme	ntation of the	ses BMP's
would	preclude any violations of existing sta	indards and	discharge regulatio	ns. Impacts v	vould be
	an significant, and no mitigation meas				
b)	Substantially deplete groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that there would be a net deficit in aquifer volume or a lowering of the local groundwater table level (e.g., the production rate of pre-existing nearby wells would drop to a level which would not support existing land uses or planned uses for which permits have been granted)?				

The project does not require the construction of wells. The project is located within a developed residential neighborhood with existing public water supply infrastructure. No impacts would result.

lss	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact		
c)	Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, in a manner, which would result in substantial erosion or siltation on- or off-site?						
are no proposimpler	The project would not substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or the area. There are no streams or rivers located on-site and thus, no such resources would be impacted through the proposed grading activities. Although grading would be required for the project, the project would implement BMPs to ensure that substantial erosion or siltation on or off-site would not occur. Impacts would be less than significant, and no mitigation measures are required.						
d)	Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, or substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner, which would result in flooding on- or off-site?						
increas alterat adjace	The project would implement low impact development principles ensuring that a substantial increase in the rate or amount of surface runoff resulting in flooding on or off-site, or a substantial alteration to the existing drainage pattern would not occur. Streams or rivers do not occur on or adjacent to the project site. Impacts would be less than significant, and no mitigation measures are required.						
e)	Create or contribute runoff water, which would exceed the capacity of existing or planned stormwater drainage systems or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff?			\boxtimes			
The project would comply with all City storm water quality standards during and after construction. Appropriate BMP's would be implemented to ensure that water quality is not degraded; therefore, ensuring that the project runoff is directed to appropriate drainage systems. Due to the nature of the project, any runoff from the site is not anticipated to exceed the capacity of existing storm water systems or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff that would require new or expanded facilities. Impacts would be less than significant, and no mitigation measures are required.							
f)	Otherwise substantially degrade water quality?			\boxtimes			

The project would comply with all City storm water quality standards during and after construction. Appropriate BMP's would be implemented to ensure that water quality is not degraded. Impacts

lss	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact		
would	would be less than significant, and no mitigation measures are required.						
g)	Place housing within a 100-year flood hazard area as mapped on a federal Flood Hazard Boundary or Flood Insurance Rate Map or other flood hazard delineation map?						
The pr	oject site is not located within a 100-ye	ear flood haza	rd area. No impa	cts would res	ult.		
h)	Place within a 100-year flood hazard area, structures that would impede or redirect flood flows?						
•	oject site is not located within a 100-ye pacts would result.	ear flood haza	rd area or any oth	ner known flo	od area.		
X. LAND	USE AND PLANNING – Would the project:						
a)	Physically divide an established community?				\boxtimes		
The project is consistent with the General Plan's and Community Plan's land use designation. The project site is located within a developed residential neighborhood and surrounded by similar residential development. Construction of an addition, including a guest quarters, to an existing single-family residence would not affect adjacent properties and is consistent with surrounding land uses. Therefore, the project would not physically divide an established community. No impacts would result.							
b)	Conflict with any applicable land use plan, policy, or regulation of an agency with jurisdiction over the project (including but not limited to the general plan, specific plan, local coastal program, or zoning ordinance) adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect?				\boxtimes		

See response X(a) above. The project is compatible with the area designated for residential development by the General Plan and Community Plan, and is consistent with the existing underlying zone and surrounding land uses. Construction of the project would occur within an urbanized neighborhood with similar development. Furthermore, the project would not conflict with any applicable land use plan, policy, or regulation of an agency with jurisdiction over the project (including but not limited to the general plan, community plan, or zoning ordinance) adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect. No conflict would occur and thus, no impacts would result.

Iss	ue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact	
c)	Conflict with any applicable habitat conservation plan or natural community conservation plan?				\boxtimes	
The project is located within a developed residential neighborhood and would not conflict with any applicable habitat conservation plan or natural community conservation plan. The project would not conflict with the City's Multiple Species Conservation Plan (MSCP), in that the site is not located within or adjacent to the MHPA. No significant impacts would occur, and no mitigation measures are required.						
XI. MINE	RAL RESOURCES – Would the project?					
a)	Result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region and the residents of the state?					
There a	are no known mineral resources locat	ed on the pro	oject site. The urba	anized and de	veloped	
nature	of the project site and vicinity would p	preclude the	extraction of any s	such resource	s. No	
impact	s would result.					
b)	Result in the loss of availability of a locally important mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan or other land use plan?					
See response XI(a) above. The project site has not been delineated on a local general plan, specific plan, or other land use plan as a locally important mineral resource recovery site, and no such resources would be affected with project implementation. Therefore, no significant impacts were identified, and no mitigation measures are required.						
XII. NOISE – Would the project result in:						
a)	Generation of, noise levels in excess of standards established in the local general plan or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies?			\boxtimes		

Short-term noise impacts would be associated with onsite demolition, grading, and construction activities of the project. Construction-related short-term noise levels would be higher than existing ambient noise levels in the project area, but would no longer occur once construction is completed. Sensitive receptors (e.g. residential uses) occur in the immediate area and may be temporarily affected by construction noise; however, construction activities would be required to comply with the construction hours specified in the City's Municipal Code (Section 59.5.0404, Construction Noise),

Significant with Issue Significant Significant No Impact Mitigation Impact **Impact** Incorporated which are intended to reduce potential adverse effects resulting from construction noise. With compliance to the City's construction noise requirements, project construction noise levels would be reduced to less than significant, and no mitigation measures are required. For the long-term, typical noise levels associated with residential uses are anticipated, and the project would not result in an increase in the existing ambient noise level. The project would not result in noise levels in excess of standards established in the City of San Diego General Plan or Noise Ordinance. No significant long-term impacts would occur, and no mitigation measures are required. Generation of, excessive ground borne \boxtimes П vibration or ground borne noise levels? See response XII(a) above. Potential effects from construction noise would be reduced through compliance with City restrictions. Pile driving activities that would potentially result in ground borne vibration or ground borne noise are not anticipated with construction of the project. No impacts would result. c) A substantial permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the project П \times vicinity above levels existing without the project? The project would not significantly increase long-term noise levels. The project would not introduce a new land use or significantly increase the intensity of the allowed land use. Post-construction noise levels and traffic would be generally unchanged as compared to noise with the existing residential use. Therefore, no substantial permanent increase in ambient noise levels is anticipated. A less than significant impact would result. d) A substantial temporary or periodic increase in ambient noise levels in the \boxtimes П project vicinity above existing without the project?

Potentially

Less Than

Less Than

The project would not expose people to a substantial increase in temporary or periodic ambient noise levels. Construction noise would result during grading, demolition, and construction activities, but would be temporary in nature. Construction-related noise impacts from the project would generally be higher than existing ambient noise levels in the project area, but would no longer occur once construction is completed. In addition, the project would be required to comply with the San Diego Municipal Code, Article 9.5, Noise Abatement and Control. Implementation of these standard measures would reduce potential impacts from an increase in ambient noise level during construction to a less than significant level, and no mitigation measures are required.

Iss	ue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
e)	For a project located within an airport land use plan, or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport would the project expose people residing or working in the area to excessive noise levels?				
The pro	oject site is not located within an airp	ort land use p	olan. The project s	ite is also not	located
within	two miles of a public airport or public	use airport.	No impacts would	l result.	
f)	For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?				
The pro	oject site is not located within the vici	nity of a priva	nte airstrip. No imp	acts would re	esult, and
no miti	gation measures are required.				
XIII. POP	ULATION AND HOUSING – Would the project:				
a)	Induce substantial population growth in an area, either directly (for example, by proposing new homes and businesses) or indirectly (for example, through extension of roads or other infrastructure)?				
The pro	oject site is located in a developed res	sidential neigl	hborhood, and is s	urrounded by	similar
•	ntial development. The project site cu	•		-	
and no	extension of infrastructure to new a	reas is requir	ed. As such, the pr	oject would n	ot
substa	ntially increase housing or populatior	n growth in th	e area. No roadwa	ay improveme	ents are
propos	sed as part of the project. No impacts	would result	- 		
b)	Displace substantial numbers of existing housing, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?				
The pro	oject site is currently developed with	an existing si	ngle-family residen	ce, and no su	ch
displac	ement would occur in that the projec	t would cons	truct an addition, i	ncluding a gue	est
quarte	rs, to an existing single-family resider	nce. No impa	cts would result.		
c)	Displace substantial numbers of people, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?				

See response XIII(b) above. No impacts would result.

lss	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
XIV. PUE	BLIC SERVICES				
a)	Would the project result in substantial advers altered governmental facilities, need for new could cause significant environmental impacts other performance objectives for any of the p	or physically alte s, in order to ma	red governmental faci	lities, the constru	ction of which
	i) Fire Protection				\boxtimes
already Constr the are	oject site is located in an urbanized ar y provided. The project is currently de fuction of the project would not advers ea, and would not require the constructes. No impacts would result.	eveloped with sely affect exi	an existing single sting levels of fire	-family reside protection se	nce. rvices to
	ii) Police Protection				\boxtimes
affect of	protection services are already provid existing levels of police protection servervices. Additionally, the project woul g governmental facilities. No impacts	vices to the a d not require	rea or create signi the construction	ficant new der	mand for
	iii) Schools				\boxtimes
availab curren	oject site is located in an urbanized arole. The project would not significantly tly exists. Construction of the project and for public educational services. No	increase the	e demand on publi ated to result in a	ic schools ove	r that which
	v) Parks				\boxtimes
availab region project	oject site is located in an urbanized ar ole. The project would not significantly al parks, or other recreational facilities t is not anticipated to result in a signifi tional facilities. No impacts would res vi) Other public facilities	increase the s, over that w cant increase	e demand on exist hich presently exis	ing neighborh sts. Construct	ood or ion of the
	·		⊔ :		_
The pr	oject site is located in an urbanized ar	id developed	area where City s	ervices are alr	eady

available. Construction of the project would not require the construction of new, or expansion of,

Issue		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
existing government	al facilities. No impacts	would result.			
XV. RECREATION					
existing neighbo parks or other re	ct increase the use of rhood and regional creational facilities such ohysical deterioration of loccur or be				\boxtimes
The project would construct an addition, including a guest quarters, to an existing single-family residence and therefore, not adversely affect the availability of and/or need for new or expanded recreational resources. The project would not adversely affect existing levels of public services, and would not require the construction or expansion of an existing governmental facility. The project would not significantly increase the use of existing neighborhood or regional parks or other recreational facilities. Therefore, the project is not anticipated to result in the use of available parks or facilities such that substantial deterioration occurs, or that would require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities to satisfy demand. As such, no significant impacts related to recreational facilities have been identified, and no mitigation measures are required.					
facilities or requi expansion of rec	include recreational re the construction or reational facilities, e an adverse physical ironment?				
See response to XIV(a	a) above. The project d	loes not propos	se recreation facil	ities, nor does	s it require
the construction or e	xpansion of any such f	acilities. No im	pacts would resu	lt.	
XVI. TRANSPORTATION/TR	AFFIC – Would the project?				
taking into accou transportation ir and non-motoriz components of t including but not intersections, str	icy establishing ctiveness for the the circulation system, ant all modes of cluding mass transit ed travel and relevant the circulation system, ilimited to eets, highways and rian and bicycle paths,			\boxtimes	

Construction of the project would not change existing circulation patterns on area roadways; however, a temporary minor increase in traffic may occur during construction. The project would not conflict with any applicable plan, ordinance, or policy establishing measures of effectiveness for the performance of the circulation system. The project is not expected to cause a significant short-

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
term or long-term increase in traffic volumes			-	_
service along area roadways. Therefore, imp mitigation measures are required.	oacts are cons	sidered less than s	significant, and	i no
miligation measures are required.				
b) Conflict with an applicable congestion management program, including, but not limited to level of service standards and travel demand measures, or other standards established by the county congestion management agency for designated roads or highways?			\boxtimes	
Refer to response XVI(a) above. Construction	n of the proje	ct would not gene	rate additiona	ıl vehicular
traffic nor would it adversely affect any mode	e of transpor	tation in the area.	Therefore, th	e project
would not conflict with any applicable plan, o	ordinance, or	policy establishing	g measures of	
effectiveness for the performance of the circ	-	m. Impacts are co	nsidered less	than
significant, and no mitigation measures are r	required.			
c) Result in a change in air traffic patterns, including either an increase in traffic levels or a change in location that results in substantial safety risks?				
The project would not result in a change to a	ir traffic patte	erns in that the sti	ructures would	d be less
than 30 feet in height, due to height restriction	ons within the	e Coastal Zone. Tl	nerefore, the p	roject
would not create a safety risk. The project si	te is not loca	ted within any ALC	CUPs or near a	ny private
airstrips. No impacts would result.				
d) Substantially increase hazards due to a design feature (e.g., sharp curves or dangerous intersections) or incompatible uses (e.g., farm equipment)?				\boxtimes
The project would not alter existing circulation incompatible uses that would increase poten	•		_	
emergency access to the project site or adjace	ent propertie	es. Access would	be provided to	the
project site via El Paseo Grande. Driveway de	esign for the	project is consiste	ent with City de	esign
requirements to ensure safe ingress/egress				
located within an existing residential neighbo		not an incompat	ible use that w	ould
create hazardous conditions. No impacts w	ould result.			
e) Result in inadequate emergency access?				\boxtimes
The project is consistent with the underlying	zone and wo	uld not result in ir	nadequate em	ergency

Iss	ue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
access.	. The project design would be subject	t to City review	v and approval for	consistency v	vith all
design result.	requirements to ensure that no impe	ediments to ei	mergency access c	occur. No impo	acts would
f)	Conflict with adopted policies, plans, or programs regarding public transit, bicycle, or pedestrian facilities, or otherwise decrease the performance or safety of such facilities?				
The project would not alter the existing conditions of the project site or adjacent facilities with regard to alternative transportation. Construction of the project would not result in design measures or circulation features that would conflict with existing policies, plan, or programs supporting alternative transportation. No impacts would result.					
XVII. TRIBAL CULTURAL RESOURCES- Would the project cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a tribal cultural resource, defined in Public Resources Code section 21074 as either a site, feature, place, cultural landscape that is geographically defined in terms of the size and scope of the landscape, sacred place, or object with cultural value to a California Native American tribe, and that is:					
a)	Listed or eligible for listing in the California Register of Historical Resources, or in a local register of				\boxtimes

Refer to response V(a) above. The project site is located on the City of San Diego's Historical Resources Sensitivity map. Specifically, the project site is within an area of La Jolla Shores that requires special considerations because of the area's archaeological sensitivity with respect to the Spindrift archaeological site. The project would include some small disturbance that extends outside of the existing footprint according to review of the site photographs and project plans. Given the project's scope and location in the Spindrift archaeological special study area, a Phase I Cultural Resource Survey (Cultural Resource Survey) was prepared by Brian F. Smith and Associates, Inc. dated December 21, 2016. The Cultural Resource Survey determined the potential exists that buried cultural deposits may be present under the landscaping, hardscape, and structures that cover the property due to the presence of recorded cultural resources within a one-quarter mile radius of the project and the limited visibility encountered during the archaeological survey. Further, archaeological and Native American monitoring of grading or trenching was recommended for the project based upon the potential to encounter buried archaeological deposits or artifacts associated with the prehistoric occupation of SDI-39 and other known sites within the La Jolla neighborhood over the past 8,000 years, and the historic use and development of La Jolla since the late 1800s. Therefore, mitigation measures related to historical resources (archaeology) are required.

historical resources as defined in Public Resources Code section 5020.1(k), or

No tribal cultural resources as defined by Public Resources Code section 21074 have been identified

Iss	ue		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
on the	project site.	Furthermore, the project	ct site was not	determined to be	eligible for lis	ting on
either 1	the State or l	ocal register of historica	l resources.			
b)	agency, in its of by substantial pursuant to cresubdivision (c) Section 5024.1 set forth in sul Resource Code agency shall co	dermined by the lead discretion and supported evidence, to be significant diteria set forth in of Public Resources Code . In applying the criteria odivision (c) of Public e Section 5024.1, the lead onsider the significance of o a California Native e.				
Refer t	o response \	/(a) above. The project s	ite is located o	on the City of San	Diego's Histori	cal
Resour require Spindri outside Given to Cultura buried cover tradius Further associaneighb	rces Sensitivies special con ift archaeologe of the exist the project's al Resource Sted December cultural depoints property of the property of the project r, archaeologe project base ated with the corhood over	ty map. Specifically, the insiderations because of gical site. The project we ing footprint according to scope and location in the survey (Cultural Resource et 21, 2016. The Cultural osits may be present undue to the presence of rest and the limited visibility is and the potential to prehistoric occupation of the past 8,000 years, and ore, mitigation measures	project site is the area's archould include so review of the Esurvey) was a Resource Surder the lands of ecorded cultury encountered in monitoring of encounter built of SDI-39 and of the historic	within an area of naeological sensitione small disturb e site photograph haeological special prepared by Briand e determined the saping, hardscape, and resources with a during the archaeological other known sites use and developments.	La Jolla Shores vity with respensance that extensions and project part of the study area, and F. Smith and part of the potential extensions and structure declogical survey thing was record deposits or a within the La Jolla point of La Jolla points with the La Jolla point	that ect to the nds olans. Phase I Associates, kists that es that er mile ey. emmended ertifacts Jolla since the
		urces pursuant to subdiv the project site.	rision (c) of Pul	blic Resources Co	de Section 502	4.1 have
)				
XVIII. UT	ILITIES AND SER	VICE SYSTEMS – Would the pro	oject:			
a)	requirements	vater treatment of the applicable Regional Control Board?				

Implementation of the project would not interrupt existing sewer service to the project site or other surrounding uses. No increase in demand for wastewater disposal or treatment would be created by the project, as compared to current conditions. The project is not anticipated to generate

Iss	ue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
signific	ant amounts of wastewater. V	Vastewater faciliti	es used by the pro	ject would be op	erated in
accord	ance with the applicable waste	water treatment	requirements of th	ne Regional Wate	r Quality
Contro	l Board (RWQCB). Additionally	, the project site i	s located in an urb	anized and deve	loped area
Adequa	ate services are already availab	ole to serve the pr	oject. Impacts wo	uld be less than s	significant,
and no	mitigation measures are requ	ired.			
b)	Require or result in the construction new water or wastewater treatment facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which co cause significant environmental effect	Duld			
See res	sponse XVII(a) above. Adequat	e services are ava	ilable to serve the	project site. Add	litionally,
the pro	pject would not significantly inc	rease the deman	d for water or was	tewater treatmer	nt services
and thi	us, would not trigger the need	for new treatmen	t facilities. Impact	s would be less t	han
signific	ant, and no mitigation measur	es are required.			
c)	Require or result in the construction new storm water drainage facilities of expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?				
The pro	oject would not exceed the cap	acity of the existi	ng storm water dra	ainage systems a	nd
therefo	ore, would not require constru	ction of new or ex	pansion of existing	g storm water dr	ainage
facilitie	es of which could cause signific	ant environmenta	l effects. The proj	ect was reviewed	d by
qualifie	ed City staff who determined th	nat the existing fa	cilities are adequa	tely sized to acco	mmodate
the pro	pposed development. No impa	acts would result.			
d)	Have sufficient water supplies availal to serve the project from existing entitlements and resources, or are no or expanded entitlements needed?			\boxtimes	
The pro	oject does not meet the CEQA	significance thres	hold requiring the	need for the pro	ject to
-	e a water supply assessment.	_		•	_
the City	y, and adequate services are a	vailable to serve t	he proposed resid	ential dwelling ui	nits
_	t requiring new or expanded e			_	
e)	Result in a determination by the wastewater treatment provider which serves or may serve the project that has adequate capacity to serve the project's projected demand in addition to the provider's existing commitment.	on \square			

Construction of the project would not adversely affect existing wastewater treatment services.

Issu	ue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
Adequa	ate services are available to serve the	project site v	•	new or expand	ed
entitlen	entitlements. Impacts would be less than significant, and no mitigation measures are required.				
f)	Be served by a landfill with sufficient permitted capacity to accommodate the project's solid waste disposal needs?			\boxtimes	
Construction debris and waste would be generated from the construction of an addition, including a guest quarters, to an existing single-family residence. All construction waste from the project site would be transported to an appropriate facility, which would have adequate capacity to accept the limited amount of waste that would be generated by the project. Long-term operation of the proposed residential unit is anticipated to generate typical amounts of solid waste associated with residential use. Furthermore, the project would be required to comply with the City's Municipal Code for diversion of both construction waste during the demolition phase and solid waste during the long-term, operational phase. Impacts are considered to be less than significant, and no mitigation measures are required.					
g)	Comply with federal, state, and local statutes and regulation related to solid waste?				
waste. or requireduring	oject would comply with all Federal, Some The project would not result in the going the transport of hazardous wasted the construction phase. All demolitic ments for diversion of both construction the long-term, operational phase. In the sare required.	eneration of lematerials, ot on activities we tion waste du	arge amounts of sher than minimal ould comply with uring the demolition	solid waste, no amounts gene any City of Sar on phase and s	r generate rated n Diego colid waste
XIX. MAN	DATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE –				
a)	Does the project have the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory?				

As documented in this Initial Study, the project may have the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, notably with respect to Historical Resources (Archaeology). As such, mitigation

Iss	ue	Potentially Significant Impact	Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
measu	res have been incorporated to reduce	e impacts to l	ess than significan	t.	
b)	Does the project have impacts that are individually limited, but cumulatively considerable? ("Cumulatively considerable" means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable futures projects)?				
enviror cumula impact commu reduce	umented in this Initial Study, the project ment, notably with respect to Historiatively considerable impacts. As such, is to less than significant. Other future unity would be required to comply with the potential impacts to less than significant to contribute potentially significant.	cal Resource mitigation me projects with applicable nificant, or to	s (Archaeology), wheasures have bee thin the surroundir local, State, and Fee the extent possib	nich may have n incorporate ng neighborho deral regulati le. As such, tl	ed to reduce ood or ons to
c)	Does the project have environmental effects, which will cause substantial				

The construction of an addition, including a guest quarters, to an existing single-family residence is consistent with the setting and with the use anticipated by the City. It is not anticipated that demolition or construction activities would create conditions that would significantly directly or indirectly impact human beings. Impacts would be less than significant.

adverse effects on human beings, either

directly or indirectly?

INITIAL STUDY CHECKLIST

REFERENCES

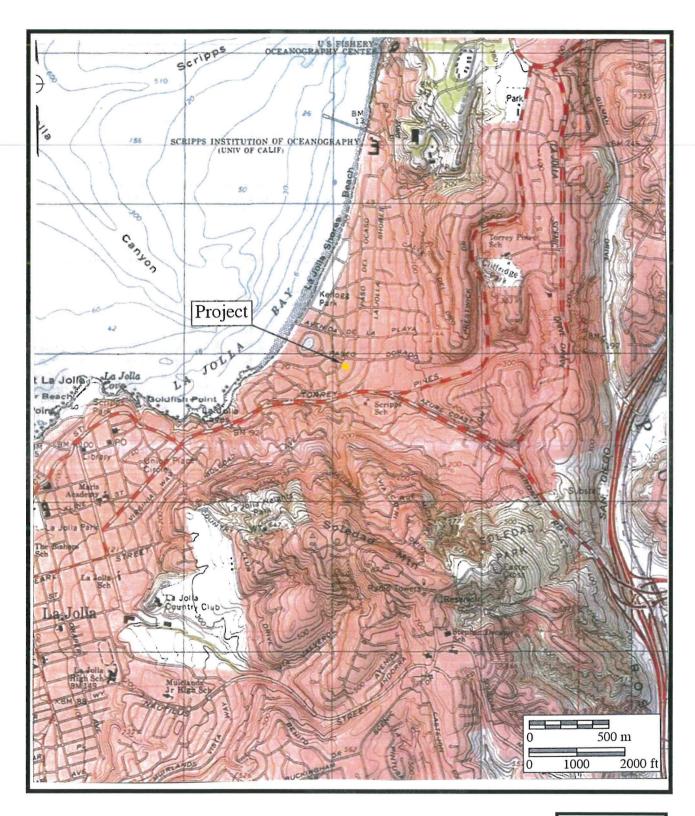
I.	Aesthetics / Neighborhood Character
<u>X</u>	City of San Diego General Plan.
<u>X</u>	Community Plans: La Jolla Community Plan and Local Coastal Program
II.	Agricultural Resources & Forest Resources
	City of San Diego General Plan
	U.S. Department of Agriculture, Soil Survey - San Diego Area, California, Part I and II, 1973
	California Agricultural Land Evaluation and Site Assessment Model (1997)
	Site Specific Report:
III.	Air Quality
	California Clean Air Act Guidelines (Indirect Source Control Programs) 1990
	Regional Air Quality Strategies (RAQS) - APCD
	Site Specific Report:
IV.	Biology
<u>X</u>	City of San Diego, Multiple Species Conservation Program (MSCP), Subarea Plan, 1997
<u>X</u>	City of San Diego, MSCP, "Vegetation Communities with Sensitive Species and Vernal Pools Maps, 1996
<u>X</u>	City of San Diego, MSCP, "Multiple Habitat Planning Area" maps,1997
	Community Plan - Resource Element
—	California Department of Fish and Game, California Natural Diversity Database, "State and Federally-listed Endangered, Threatened, and Rare Plants of California," January 2001
	California Department of Fish & Game, California Natural Diversity Database, "State and Federally-listed Endangered and Threatened Animals of California, "January 2001
	City of San Diego Land Development Code Biology Guidelines
	Site Specific Report:

V.	Cultural Resources (includes Historical Resources)
<u>X</u>	City of San Diego Historical Resources Guidelines
	City of San Diego Archaeology Library
	Historical Resources Board List
	Community Historical Survey:
<u>X</u>	Site Specific Report: Phase I Cultural Resource Survey prepared by Brian F. Smith and Associates, Inc. dated December 21, 2016
VI.	Geology/Soils
<u>X</u>	City of San Diego Seismic Safety Study
	U.S. Department of Agriculture Soil Survey - San Diego Area, California, Part I and II, December 1973 and Part III, 1975
	Site Specific Report:
	Site Specific Report:
VII.	Greenhouse Gas Emissions
<u>X</u>	Site Specific Report: Climate Action Plan Consistency Checklist
VIII.	Hazards and Hazardous Materials
<u>X</u>	San Diego County Hazardous Materials Environmental Assessment Listing
	San Diego County Hazardous Materials Management Division
	FAA Determination
	State Assessment and Mitigation, Unauthorized Release Listing, Public Use Authorized
	Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan
	Site Specific Report:
IX.	Hydrology/Water Quality
	Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM)

<u>X</u>	Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA), National Flood Insurance Program-Flood Boundary and Floodway Map
	Clean Water Act Section 303(b) list, http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/tmdl/303d_lists.html
<u>X</u>	Site Specific Report: Water Quality Study dated January 26, 2017
X.	Land Use and Planning
<u>X</u>	City of San Diego General Plan
<u>X</u>	Community Plan
	Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan
<u>X</u>	City of San Diego Zoning Maps
	FAA Determination
	Other Plans:
XI.	Mineral Resources
	California Department of Conservation - Division of Mines and Geology, Mineral Land Classification
	Division of Mines and Geology, Special Report 153 - Significant Resources Maps
—	Site Specific Report:
XII.	Noise
<u>X</u>	City of San Diego General Plan
	Community Plan
	San Diego International Airport - Lindbergh Field CNEL Maps
	Brown Field Airport Master Plan CNEL Maps
	Montgomery Field CNEL Maps
	San Diego Association of Governments - San Diego Regional Average Weekday Traffic Volumes
	San Diego Metropolitan Area Average Weekday Traffic Volume Maps, SANDAG
	Site Specific Report:

XIII.	Paleontological Resources
<u>X</u>	City of San Diego Paleontological Guidelines
	Deméré, Thomas A., and Stephen L. Walsh, "Paleontological Resources City of San Diego," <u>Department of Paleontology</u> San Diego Natural History Museum, 1996
	Kennedy, Michael P., and Gary L. Peterson, "Geology of the San Diego Metropolitan Area, California. Del Mar, La Jolla, Point Loma, La Mesa, Poway, and SW 1/4 Escondido 7 1/2 Minute Quadrangles," <u>California Division of Mines and Geology Bulletin</u> 200, Sacramento, 1975
<u>X</u>	Kennedy, Michael P., and Siang S. Tan, "Geologic Map of the San Diego 30' \times 60' Quadrangle California" (2005)
	Site Specific Report:
XIV.	Population / Housing
	City of San Diego General Plan
	Community Plan
	Series 11/Series 12 Population Forecasts, SANDAG
	Other:
XV.	Public Services
	City of San Diego General Plan
	Community Plan
XVI.	Recreational Resources
	City of San Diego General Plan
	Community Plan
	Department of Park and Recreation
	City of San Diego - San Diego Regional Bicycling Map
	Additional Resources:

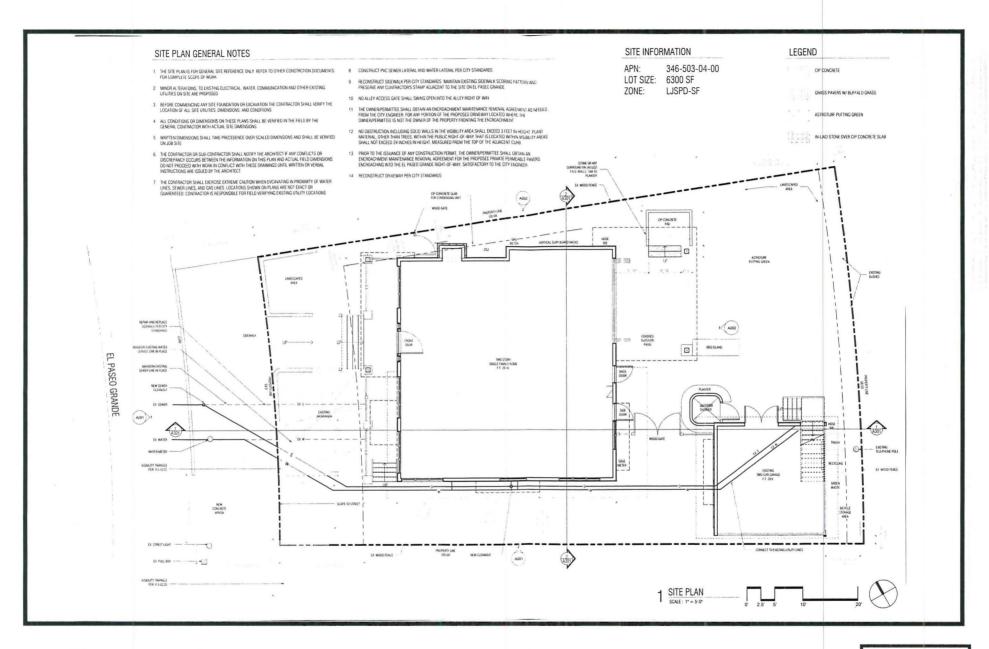
XVII.	Transportation / Circulation
	City of San Diego General Plan
	Community Plan
	San Diego Metropolitan Area Average Weekday Traffic Volume Maps, SANDAG
	San Diego Region Weekday Traffic Volumes, SANDAG
	Site Specific Report:
XVIII.	Utilities
	Site Specific Report:
XIX.	Water Conservation
	Sunset Magazine, New Western Garden Book, Rev. ed. Menlo Park, CA: Sunset Magazine
	Created: REVISED - October 11, 201





Vicinity Map<u>Murphy Residence / Project No. 501936</u> City of San Diego – Development Services Department

FIGURE No. 1





Site Plan Murphy Residence / Project No. 501936 City of San Diego – Development Services Department

FIGURE No. 2