Manual Sic Biology The tit **Training Program**

Effective: November 25, 2019

GENERAL

The San Diego Police Department Forensic Biology Training Program is based on training Guidelines published by the Scientific Working Group on DNA Analysis Methods (SWGDAM January 17, 2013). The training program is intended to supplement coursework in the fields of biochemistry, genetics, statistics, molecular biology, and further the understanding of the trainee in the underlying scientific principles of forensic biology and DNA testing. To successfully complete the training program, trainees are expected to have a solid understanding of the following foundational topics:

Basic principles of Biochemistry Basic principles of Molecular Biology Basic principles of Genetics Basic principles of Statistics Basic principles of Population Genetics The basic components and structure of DNA The roles of genes and chrombsomes Mitosis and meiosis Homozygosity and heterozygosit Differences between DNA and RUA The basic structures of the nucleotive bases DNA polymerases types and functions PCR theory Standard PCR reaction components and function Factors affecting PCR specificity Properties of Tag DNA Polymerase

The Training Program Manual contains the training program overview and the various training modules required to be considered qualified to perform analyses. The modules cover both conventional serology and DNA analyses.

Training assignments will be performed in accordance with the Crime Laboratory's Quality Manual and the Forensic Biology Unit's Policy and DNA Technical Manuals. Trainees will not perform any analyses related to casework until they have completed all training requirements and been approved and authorized to perform such testing.

COORDINATION OF THE TRAINING PROGRAM

The DNA Technical Manager has responsibilities under The FBI Director's *Quality Assurance Standards Audit for Forensic DNA Testing Laboratories* (QAS) for the oversight of DNA training program and the approval and documentation of analyst qualifications prior to independent casework. At the San Diego Police Department, this oversight also includes training in serological methods. The DNA Technical Manager may delegate certain duties and/or sections of training to other qualified examiners, but is ultimately responsible for the overall training assignment of the individual(s) within the laboratory.

PRIOR TRAINING OR EXPERIENCE

Analysts who have previous forensic experience may submit documentation of their prior training for evaluation by the DNA Technical Manager. If documentation of the analyst's prior training in specific areas is provided and approved, the analyst's training program may be adapted to reflect the prior training. Analysts that are approved for amended training programs will still be required to pass a competency test prior to their approval and authorization for independent casework. Approval for an adapted training program will be documented by the DNA Technical Manager and submitted to the Quality Manager with the completed training record.

TRAINING OF LABORATORY TECHNICIANS INTERMS, OR VOLUNTEERS

Laboratory Technicians, interns, or volunteers will not perform any analyses related to casework (e.g., validations or quality control testing) until they have completed all training requirements determined by the DNA Technical Manager, and been approved and authorized to perform such testing.

The training program presented herein may be adapted to reflect a more narrow scope required to approve and authorize a laboratory technician, intern, or volunteer to perform testing. Approval for an adapted training program will be documented by the DNA Technical Manager and submitted to the Quality Manager with the completed training record.

ANALYST SHADOWING

Analyst shadowing will be accomplished on a module-by-module basis. For instance, the first required analyst shadowing occurs in module 3, which should include viewing of analysts using the File-on-Q software to request evidence from the Property Room, retrieval of evidence from the property Room, the documentation of the evidence in the FB SIMS, as well as any sampling. Subsequent module shadowing requirements will include the elements specific to those modules.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE TRAINEE

The trainee will be expected to follow all policies and requirements contained within the Quality Assurance, Safety, Unit Policy, and Technical manuals. By signing off in PowerDMS on the manuals, the trainee is acknowledging reading and understanding of the contents of the manuals and agreeing to abide by the provision within them. If the trainee has any questions regarding the manuals, those should be clarified prior to performing any training procedures. Despite having signed off on the Forensic Biology Technical Manual in PowerDMS, trainees will be required to review selected parts of this manual throughout the training program to reinforce the learning objectives throughout this manual.

No deviations from any procedure outlined in any manual will be accepted without prior approval from the DNA Technical Manager.

The trainee will address any questions which may arise with the trainee's assigned trainer, or the DNA Technical Manager. Any issues must be resolved prior to independent procedural action taken by the trainee.

The trainee will keep a hardcopy or decitor c record summarizing all work and completed activities related to training received within the Fire sic Biology Unit.

The record must be concise, compiled contemp range sly, accurately depict training activities, and be readily available for review throughout the training

The trainee must submit the training record for review at the completion of the training program prior to approval and authorization for either supervised, or independent observers.

The trainee will shadow an experienced analyst throughout the enterior of the process they are observing.

Where applicable, the trainee will complete a summary of the required readings. The summary will be a brief paragraph that highlights the main points of the required readings. While all items within the reading lists of each module are required, some are in the list for foundational, while others in the list will be used as reference material extensively in casework and court preparation.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE TRAINERS

Although assigned trainers may be specifically assigned training duties, all qualified analysts in the forensic biology unit will be available to assist trainees during their participation in the training program.

Trainers will behave with professionalism and treat trainees with respect at all times.

Trainers will be expected to provide meaningful and detailed instruction to the trainees.

Trainers will bring any issues discovered within the training to the attention of the DNA Technical Manager.

Trainers will be expected to have trainees observe the totality of any process assigned. As an example, if an analyst is having a trainee shadow the quantification step of analysis, it is expected that the analyst will have the trainee shadow every aspect of the analysis. This includes obtaining the reagents from the refrigerator and freezer, worksheer peparation, preparing the samples and required dilutions, sample setup (manual or robotic), data trainfer, and data interpretation.

Trainers will provide the trainees with a comprehensive overview of any process being observed including providing guidance on documentation of the process, instruction on instrumentation, quality control, quality assurance, and interpretation of results

SPECIALIZED MODULES

Y-Chromosome STR testing and legacy kit interpretation represents specialized testing that is not contained within the standard training program. Not every analyst will complete the training to perform these tasks. Trainees must successfully complete the training modules associated with a specialized module prior to being approved and authorized for that testing.

NEW MODULES

Current analysts undergo training and competency testing in all new methods. Training modules for newly validated methods are generally created prior to implementation, and will be added to the training program manual for new analysts as soon as practical.

CASE PACKET REVIEWS

Case packet reviews will be guided in eractive training exercises where trainees and trainers step through the testing, interpretation, and accumentation of case analyses. The review will focus on case approach, testing performed, searching \$60DIS databases, and reporting of the results. The goal of case packet reviews is to provide trainers with an overview of a broad scope of case analyses performed by qualified analysts within the unit.

EVALUATION OF TRAINEES

The trainee will be tested on their knowledge of the theory underlying each methodology through written, oral, and/or practical examinations.

Satisfactory performance in the training program and authorization is equired prior to a trainee being permitted to perform any laboratory function or analysis associated with biology casework.

Trainees are evaluated by their performance on the training assignments, quizzes, adjudicated or mock casework, as well as the results of the written or practical competency test(s).

The assessment of the trainee's readiness for independent analysis will consist of a review of their performance on supervised case assignments.

Successful completion of an oral board or moot court will be required for completion of the training program, but may occur subsequent to the commencement of supervised casework.

QUIZZES AND WRITTEN TESTS

Passing for all quizzes and written tests is 80%. The DNA Technical Manager, or designee, will be responsible for grading all tests. A scoring rubric will guide the grading of all written quizzes and tests.

MOOT COURT OR ORAL BOARDS

Passing for all moot court or oral boards is 80%. The final grade for the moot court or oral boards will be determined based on the average of a panel of evaluators designated by the DNA Technical Manager. A scoring rubric will guide the grading of all moot courts and oral boards.

TARGETED TRAINING

In the event that additional instruction on one or more topics is required, trainees or analysts will be provided targeted training. Targeted training is supplemental instruction, which may be in the form of additional required reading, lectures or research assignment as determined by the DNA Technical Manager. Trainees undergoing targeted training may be required to pass some form of evaluation (i.e., written or oral examination) before movement to subsequent modules within the training program.

TRAINING PROGRAM MODULES

MODULE 1: FORENSIC BIOLOGY QUALITY ASSURANCE

Learning objectives:

Quality assurance and quality control within the forensic biology unit.

Quality control of critical reagents and kits

Riad

Instrument calibrations and verifications

Clean technique.

Policies and procedures regarding clean technique

Use of personal protective equipment

Decontamination of general laboratory and individual work areas

Cleaning and sterilization procedure for laboratory equipment

Sample handling practices

Reading List

- 1. Quality Assurance Standards Audit for Forensic NATY ing Laboratory, September 2011
- 2. Forensic Biology Policy Manual (latest version)
- 3. Review of the Forensic Biology Logs
- 4. J. Butler. Advanced Topics in Forensic DNA Typing: Methodology. Chapter 7. Academic Press. 2011.
- 5. The Evaluation of Forensic DNA Evidence, NRC II, National Academy Press, 1996.

Requirements to complete module:

Review of "Kit QC" folder in the QA-QC Files folder on Forensic Biology network (H:\QA-QC files) Review of the Equipment and Quality Assurance section of the Forensic Biology Unit Policy Manual QA/QC and accreditation related quiz.

Module 2: Forensics Biology Specific Court Training

Learning objectives:

Forensic Biology testimony
Kelly-Frye admissibility of evidence standard
Brady v Maryland disclosure requirements

Minimizing bias

Hierarchy of propositions

Reading List:

- 1. Saferstein. Forensic Science Handbook, Volume I, Chapter 1, Prentice Hall Publishing, 1982.
- 2. J. Butler. Advanced Topics in Forensic DNA Typing: Methodology. Chapter 18. Academic Press. 2011.
- 3. Kelly-Frye Standards Summary from internet
- 4. Brady v Maryland Summary from internet
- 5. Evett IW, Gill PD, Jackson G, Whitaker J, Champod C. Interpreting small quantities of DNA: the hierarchy of propositions and the use of Bayesian networks. J Forensic Sci 2002;47(3):520–530.
- 6. Dror, IE. Subjectivity and bias in forensic DNA mixture interpretation. Science and Justice 51 (2011) 204–208
- 7. Dror, IE. Practical Solutions to Cognitive and Human Factor Challenges in Forensic Science. Forensic Science Policy & Management, 4(3–4):1–9, 2013
- 8. Dror, IE. The ambition to be scientific: Human expert performance and objectivity. Science and Justice 53 (2013) 81–82
- 9. vanOorschot, RG, et al. DNA can fer in forensic science: A review. Forensic Science International: Genetics 38 (2019) 140-166
- 10. Moretti, T, et al. Erratum: Errors to FB 3 STR Population Data Published in 1999 and 2001. J Forensic Sci 2015 Vol 6(4): 1114-1116
- 11. Steffen, C, et al. Corrigendum to 'U.S. Papulation Data for 29 Autosomal STR Loci' [Forensic Sci. Int. Genet. 7 (2013) e82–e83]. Forensic Science International: Genetics http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.fsigen.2017.08.011
- 12. Biedermann, A. et al. Evaluation of Forensic DNA Traces When Propositions of Interest Relate to Activities: Analysis and Discussion of Recurrent Concerns Concerns in Genetics: Review 12 December 2016 doi: 10.3389/fgene.2016.00215

Requirements to complete module:

Summary of readings

Responses to predicate questions for a DNA analyst

Create a list of questions that may come up in DNA testimony to be answered throughout the training Shadowing of analyst testimony

Quiz

MODULE 3: EVIDENCE HANDLING

Learning objectives:

Firearms safety
Chain of Custody

File-on-Q/SART-on-Q

FB SIMS

Forensic Biology Unit case acceptance policy

Chain of Custody: Intra- and Inter-laboratory transfer of evidence

Proper packaging and seals

Evidence storage procedures

Expectations for notetaking with Forensic Biology

Photography of evidentiary items or diagramming of evidence items (when applicable)

Trace evidence collection techniques

Biological Evidence Collection Techniques

Handling evidence, sample collection, and derivative evidence items

Factors affecting deterioration of evidence

Consumption and conservation of evidence

Distinction between evidence and work product

Reading List:

- 1. CA-DOJ Firearms Safety Certific te Guide January 2019, Chapters 1 and 3.
- 2. FB SIMS Training Powerpoint
- 3. Trace Evidence Recovery Guidelines, Scientific Working Group on Materials Analysis (SWGMAT) Evidence Committee, January 1998 Revision, Ferensic Science Communications, October 1999.
- 4. J. Butler. Fundamentals of Forensic DNA Typing. Chapter 4. Academic Press. 2010.
- 5. J. Butler. Advanced Topics in Forensic DNA Typing: Methodology. Chapter 1. Academic Press. 2011.

Requirements to complete module:

Summary of Readings

Answers to possible court question on evidence handling

FB SIMS notetaking

Analyst shadowing

Quiz

MODULE 4: SEROLOGY 1 - BLOOD

Learning objectives:

Foundational information for presumptive and confirmatory serological tests for blood

Blood composition, function, and presumptive test chemistry

Blood identification and collection methods

Immunology and immunological testing for species origin

ABAcard HemaTrace

Theory, application, limitations, and documentation of Luminol

Bloodstain Pattern Interpretation

QA procedures for blood testing

Basic bloodstain patter recognition for screening evidence

Case approach in blood screening

Reading List:

- 1. Richard Li. Forensic Biology. CRC Press 2008 Chapter 7
- 2. R.E. Gaensslen. *Sourcebook in Forensic Serology, Immunology, and Biochemistry*. Unit II. NIJ. 1983 Section 6.
- 3. Saferstein. Forensic Science Handbook. Volume I, Chapters 7 and 10. Prentice Hall Publishing. 1982.
- 4. GW Owen and KW Smalldon. Blood and semen stains on outer clothing and shoes not related to crime: report on a survey using presumptive tests, J. Forensic Sci., 20(2):391-403, 1975.
- 5. A. Ponce *et al.* Critical revision of presumptive tests for bloodstains, Forensic Sci. Comm., Vol. 1 No. 2, July 1999.
- 6. ABAcard HemaTrace package insert.
- 7. AM Gross, KA Harris, GL Kadlun. The effect of luminol on presumptive tests and DNA analysis using the polymerase chain reaction, J Forensic Sci., 44(4), pp. 837-840, 1999.
- 8. DellaManna, A, et al. A novel approach to obtaining reliable results from luminol treated bloodstains. J Forensic Sci 2003/45(4): 886-890
- 9. Bevel and Gardner. Bloodstain at Ern analysis 3rd Edition CRC Press 2008 Chapters 2, 10, 11, and 13

Requirements to complete module:

Summary of readings

Review relevant sections of the Forensic Biology Technical Manual (latest version)

Answers to possible court question on blood testing

Shadowing of analyst blood testing

Presumptive test sensitivity and specificity studies including symmetry of findings

Suggested tests: Sensitivity (neat through 1/10,000 adutions) axied bloodstains on fabric (including luminol) using both swabbing and cutting methods of collection. Specificity of the presumptive blood tests (including luminol).

Confirmatory test sensitivity and specificity studies including summary of findings

Suggested tests: Evaluate the sensitivity and specificity of the ABAcard HemaTrace® test by analyzing the dilution series from above as well as various animal sera and human body fluids other than blood.

Bloodstain pattern exercise

Quiz

Module 5: Serology 2 - Semen

Learning objectives:

Foundational information for presumptive and confirmatory serological tests for blood

Male reproductive system

Composition and function of semen and its components

Alternate light source – theory and application

Presumptive testing - theory and application

Semen stain identification and collection methods

Sperm cell morphology and microscopy staining techniques

Bright field versus phase contrast microscopy

Introduction to p30

Azospermia, oligospermia, and vasectomized males

ABAcard p30 card

QA procedures for seminal fluid/semen testing

Reading List:

- 1. Richard Li. Forensic Biology. CRC Press 2008 Chapter 8
- 2. R.E. Gaensslen. *Sourcebook in Forensic Serology, Immunology, and Biochemistry*. Section 10. NIJ. 1983.
- 3. ABAcard p30 test product inser
- 4. Proceedings of a Forensic Science Symp sium on the Analysis of Sexual Assault Evidence, Section 1 (Anatomy and Physiology) July 6-8, 1987 Forensic Science Research and Training Center, Federal Bureau of Investigation.
- 5. Saferstein. Forensic Science Handbook, Volume V. Chapter 7, Prentice Hall Publishing. 1988.
- 6. GM Willott et al. Spermatozoa Their persistence aftersexual intercourse. Forensic Sci Int 1982, 19:134-154.
- 7. Noel, S, et al. DNA transfer during laundering may yield complete genetic profiles. Forensic Science International: Genetics 23 (2016) 240–247
- 8. Noel, S, et al. Repeatedly washed semen stains Optimal screening and sampling strategies for DNA analysis. Forensic Science International: Genetics 38 (2019) 9–14

Requirements to complete module:

Summary of readings

Review relevant sections of the Forensic Biology Technical Manual (latest version)

Answers to possible court question on semen testing

Shadowing of analyst semen testing

Presumptive test sensitivity and specificity studies including summary of findings

Suggested tests: presumptive testing on a dilution series (neat through 1/80 dilutions) of dried semen on fabric as well as dried mixtures of semen with different biological fluids on fabric. Sample using both swabbing and cutting methods. Conduct AP mapping exercise on at least one stain on fabric.

Confirmatory test sensitivity and specificity studies including summary of findings

Suggested tests: use the sample sets created for presumptive testing for confirmatory testing methods. Evaluate the specificity ABA card p30 test by examining the results for different body fluids. Examine stained sperm slides from different species.

Quiz

MODULE 6: SEROLOGY 3 - ANALYSIS OF SALIVA AND OTHER BIOLOGICALS

Learning objectives:

Physiology, function, components, and identification of saliva, feces, and urine

Reading List:

- 1. Richard Li. Forensic Biology. CRC Press 2008 Chapter 8
- 2. R.E. Gaensslen. Sourcebook in Edrensic Serology, Immunology, and Biochemistry. Sections 11. NIJ. 1983.
- 3. R.E. Gaensslen. *Sourcebook in Forentic Secology, Immunology, and Biochemistry*. Sections 12. NIJ. 1983.
- 4. M. Auvdel. Amylase levels in semen and Salive Stains, J. Forensic Sci., 31:426-430, 1986.
- 5. Phadebas product insert
- 6. Phadebas internal validation summary

Requirements to complete module:

Summary of readings

Review relevant sections of the Forensic Biology Technical Manua (latest version)

Answers to possible court question on saliva and other biological testing

Phadebas presumptive test for saliva including a summary of the results

Suggested tests: Evaluate the variability of amylase levels in saliva from different people and from the same individual from various times during a 24 hour period. Evaluate the specificity of the method using other body fluids and secretions. Evaluate the sensitivity of the method using liquid and dried saliva. Evaluate the stability of amylase by performing the test on saved standards as well as on older dried saliva stains and evidence type samples (e.g. cigarette butts and envelopes).

Quiz

MODULE 7: HISTORICAL PERSPECTIVE OF FORENSIC DNA ANALYSIS

Learning objectives:

History of DNA identification Mitochondrial DNA YSTRs

Reading List:

1. J. Butler. Fundamentals of Forensic DNA Typing. Chapters 1, 3, and 16. Academic Press. 2010.

Requirements to complete module:

Summary of readings Quiz

MODULE 8: DNA EXTRACTION AND PURIFICATION

Learning objectives:

Composition of DNA within cells

DNA stability

DNA extraction and differential extraction method including QiaCube and non-differential extraction with DTT

DNA concentration procedures

Commonly used methods of DNA purification and DNA extraction efficiency

Contamination considerations and quality control in the DNA solution and purification process

Reading List:

- 1. J. Butler. Advanced Topics in Forensic DNA Typing: Methodology. Chapter 2. Academic Press. 2011.
- 2. Montpetit SA, Fitch IT, O'Donnell PT. A simple automated instrument for DNA extraction in forensic casework, J Forensic Sci. 2005 May;50(3):555-63.
- 3. BioRobot EZ1 User's Manual.
- 4. BioRobot EZ1 XL Advanced User's Manual.
- 5. QIASymphony Validation Summary.
- 6. QIASymphony User's Manual.
- 7. QiaCube Validation Summary.
- 8. QiaCube User's Manual.
- 9. Kishore R *et al.* Optimization of DNA extraction from low-yield and degraded samples using the BioRobot EZ1 and BioRobot M48, J Forensic Sci 51(5), pp. 1055-1061, 2006.
- 10. Wiegand P, Schurenkamp M. and Schutte U. DNA extraction from mixtures of body fluid using mild preferential lysis, Int J Leg med (1992) 104: 359-360.
- 11. Montpetit S and O'Donnell P. An optimized procedure for obtaining DNA from fired and unfired ammunition. Forensic Science International: Genetics 17 (2015) 70–74

Summary of readings

Review relevant sections of the Forensic Biology Technical Manual (latest version)

Answers to possible court question on testing for extraction and purification

Analyst shadowing

Quiz

MODULE 9: DNA QUANTIFICATION

Learning objectives:

Methods of DNA quantification

Principles of quantitative PCR DNA quantification including detection of PCR inhibition Interpretation of quantification results including ratio between human and male DNA targets Discontinuation policy and YSTR texting thresholds

Instrumentation and troubleshooting

Reading List:

- 1. J. Butler. Advanced Topics in Forensic DNA Typing: Methodology. Chapter 3. Academic Press. 2011.
- 2. Horsman, KM et al. Development of a human specific real time PCR assay for the simultaneous quantitation of total genomic and male DNA. Journal of Forensic Sciences 51 (2006), 758-765
- 3. Barbisin, M, et al. Developmental Validation of the Quantifier Duo DNA Quantification Kit for Simultaneous Quantification of Total Human and Human Male NNA and Detection of PCR Inhibitors in Biological Samples. Journal of Forensic Sciences 54 (2019), 305-619
- 4. ABI Prism® 7500 Sequence Detection System User Guide.
- 5. SDPD Quantifiler Duo Validation Summary
- 6. Quantifiler Duo Users Manual
- 7. Grgicak, CM, et al. Investigation of reproducibility and error associated with qPCR methods using Quantifiler Duo quantification kit. Journal of Forensic Sciences 55 (2010), 1331-1339
- 8. SDPD NIST External Standard Curve Validation Summary.
- 9. Discontinuation Threshold Validation Study

Requirements to complete module:

Summary of readings

Review relevant sections of the Forensic Biology Technical Manual (latest version)

Answers to court question on testing for DNA quantification

Analyst shadowing

Quiz

MODULE 10: PCR AMPLIFICATION OF DNA

Learning objectives:

PCR amplification (and inhibition)
Fluorescent tagging
Mobility modifiers
Multiplexing

Reading List:

- 1. J. Butler. Advanced Topics in Forensic DNA Typing: Methodology. Chapter 4. Academic Press. 2011.
- 2. Bloch W. A biochemical perspective of the polymerase chain reaction. Biochemistry 30 (1991), 2735-2747
- 3. Gill, P. et al. An investigation into the rigor of interpretation rules for STRs derived from less than 100pg of DNA. Forensic Science International 112 (2000), 17-40.
- 4. Wilson, IG. Inhibition and Facilitation of Nucleic Acid Amplification. Applied and Environmental Microbiology (1997), 3741-375.
- 5. Pionzio, A. et al. Analysis of the Free t of a Variety of PCR inhibitors on the amplification of DNA NCRJS 2018

Requirements to complete module:

Summary of readings

Review relevant sections of the Forensic Biology Technical Manual (latest version)

Answers to court question on testing for DNA amplification

Analyst shadowing

Exercise on determining amplification volume

Quiz

MODULE 11: SHORT TANDEM REPEATS (STRS)

Learning objectives:

Short Tandem Repeats (STR's) – autosomal and Y-chromosome STR testing artifacts

Allelic Variations (off-ladder alleles, tri-alleles, null-alleles, duplications/triplications)

Reading List:

- 1. J. Butler. Advanced Topics in Forensic DNA Typing: Methodology. Chapter 5. Academic Press. 2011.
- 2. Butler JM. Genetics and Genomics of Core Short Tandem Repeat Loci Used in Human Identity Testing. J Forensic Sci, 2006, Vol. 51, No. 2

- 3. Grossman, PD. High-density multiplex detection of nucleic acid sequences: oligonucleotide ligation assay and sequence coded separation. Nucleic Acids Research 22 (1994), 4527-4534.
- 4. Hares, D. Selection and implementation of expanded CODIS core loci in the United States. Forensic Science International: Genetics 17 (2015) 33–34
- 5. GlobalFiler Users Manual. Life Technologies
- 6. SDPD Forensic Biology GlobalFiler validation summaries.

Summary of readings

Answers to court question on testing for short tandem repeats

Analyst shadowing

Quiz

MODULE 12: CAPILLARY ELECTROPHORESIS

Learning objectives:

DNA separation science
3500 Genetic Analyzer maintenance
Capillary electrophoresis
Resolution of alleles
Injection times
Laser induced fluorescence
Spectrals
Spatials

Instrumentation and troubleshooting

Reading List:

- 1. J. Butler. Advanced Topics in Forensic DNA Typing: Methodology. Chapter 6. Academic Press. 2011.
- 2. 3500 Users Manual.

Requirements to complete module:

Summary of readings

Review relevant sections of the Forensic Biology Technical Manual (latest version)

Answers to court question on testing for capillary electrophoresis

Analyst shadowing

Quiz

MODULE 13: DATA ANALYSIS

Learning objectives:

GMID-X

Allelic Ladders

Internal Size Standards

Analytical threshold

GMID-X Analysis Methods

GMID-X Panels and Bins

Reading List:

- 1. J. Butler. Fundamentals of Forensic DNA Typing. Chapters 10. Academic Press. 2010.
- 2. GeneMapper ID-X Analysis Software user guide.
- 3. SDPD GeneMapper ID-X Validation summary.

Requirements to complete module

Summary of readings

Review relevant sections of the Forensic Biology echnical Manual (latest version)

Answers to court question on testing for date analysis

Analyst shadowing

Case packet review

Quiz

MODULE 14: INTERPRETATION PART 1: SINGLE SOURCE SAMPLES

Learning objectives:

STR Interpretation

Stochastic thresholds

Artifacts (minus-A, stutter, pull-up, non-human DNA, spikes, other kit artifacts)

Expected stutter ratios

Dynamic Range of the 3500 instrument

Troubleshooting interpretation issues

Reading List:

- 1. J. Butler. Advanced Topics in Forensic DNA Typing: Methodology. Chapter 10-11. Academic Press. 2011.
- 2. J. Butler. Advanced Topics in Forensic DNA Typing: Interpretation. Chapter 1-5, and 8. Academic Press. 2015.
- 3. Bright, J-A, et al. Investigation into the performance of different models for predicting stutter. Forensic Science International: Genetics 7 (2013), 433-437
- 4. SWGDAM Interpretation Guidelines for Autosomal STR Typing by Forensic Testing Laboratories (2015). Section 1. Available at http://www.fbi.gov/hq/lab/html/codis-swgdam.pdf

Summary of readings

Review relevant sections of the Forensic Biology Technical Manual (latest version)

Answers to court question on testing for interpretation

Interpreting acceptable genotype exercise

Quiz



Learning objectives:

FB SIMS

Sample processing

Documenting analytical processes (analytical batches)

Data transfers between the FB SIMS and instruments

Requirements to complete module:

Analysis of fifteen single source bloodstains

Case packet review (focus on analytical batches and DNA worksheets)

Analytical Batch technical review

MODULE 16: BUCCAL SAMPLE ANALYSIS

Learning objectives:

FB SIMS

Sample processing

Documenting analytical processes

Data transfers between the FB SIMS and instruments

Analysis of five buccal samples

MODULE 17: HAIR ANALYSIS

Learning objectives:

FB SIMS

Sample processing

Documenting analytical processes

Data transfers between the FB SIMS and instruments

Requirements to complete module

Analysis of three hairs

MODULE 18: CICAPETTE BUTT ANALYSIS

Learning objectives:

FB SIMS

Sample processing

Documenting analytical processes

Data transfers between the FB SIMS and instruments

Requirements to complete module:

Analysis of five cigarette butts

MODULE 19: BONE ANALYSIS

Learning objectives:

FB SIMS

Sample processing

Documenting analytical processes

Data transfers between the FB SIMS and instruments

Analysis of bone powder extraction

MODULE 20: INTERPRETATION PART 2: MIXTURES

Learning objectives:

Number of contributor estimations and assumptions

Reading List:

- 1. J. Butler. Advanced Topics in Forensic DNA Typing: Interpretation. Chapter 6-7. Academic Press. 2015.
- 2. Gill, P., et al. (2006). DNA complission of the International Society of Forensic Genetics: Recommendations on the interpretation of mixtures. *Forensic Science International, 160*, 90-101. Available at http://www.isfg.org/Puclic Aton, Gill2006.
- 3. SWGDAM (2015). SWGDAM interpretation guidelines for autosomal STR typing by forensic DNA testing laboratories. Section 2. Available at https://www.fbi.gov/hq/lab/html/codis-swgdam.pdf.
- 4. Budowle, B., et al. (2009). Mixture interpretation defining the relevant features for guidelines for the assessment of mixed DNA profiles in forensic cases lork. *Journal of Forensic Sciences*, *54*, 810-821.
- 5. Coble, Michael & Bright, Jo-Anne & S Buckleton, John & Cy ran, James. (2015). Uncertainty in the number of contributors in the proposed new CODIS set. Torensic Lience international. Genetics. 19. 207-211. 10.1016/j.fsigen.2015.07.005.
- 6. Benschop, CC, et al. The effect of varying the number of contributes on likelihood ratios for complex mixtures. Forensic Science International: Genetics 19 (2015) 92–99
- 7. Bright, JA, et al. The effect of the uncertainty in the number of contributors to mixed DNA profiles on profile interpretation. Forensic Science International: Genetics 12 (2014) 208–214

Requirements to complete module:

Summary of readings

Review relevant sections of the Forensic Biology Technical Manual (latest version)

Answers to court question on testing for interpretation

Interpreting acceptable genotype exercise

Quiz

MODULE 21: MIXED SAMPLE ANALYSIS

Learning objectives:

FB SIMS

Sample processing

Documenting analytical processes

Data transfers between the FB SIMS and instruments

Requirements to complete module:

Analysis of twelve mixed samples (note: mixed samples can be made from purified single source DNA samples)

MODULE 22: DIFFERENTIAL EXTRACTION

Learning objectives:

FB SIMS

Sample processing

Documenting analytical processes

Data transfers between the FB SIMS and in trument

Requirements to complete module:

Analysis of ten semen/vaginal stains

MODULE 23: TOUCH/WEARER ANALYSIS

Learning objectives:

FB SIMS

Sample processing

Documenting analytical processes

Data transfers between the FB SIMS and instruments

Requirements to complete module:

Analysis of five habitual wearer or handler type samples

MODULE 24: CASING ANALYSIS

Learning objectives:

FB SIMS
Sample processing
Documenting analytical processes

Data transfers between the FB SIMS and instruments

Requirements to complete module:

Analysis of at least five casings

MODULE 25: POPULATION GENETICS

Learning objectives:

Population genetics
Population allele frequencies
Population substructure

Reading List:

- 1. J. Butler. Advanced Topics in Forensic DNA Typing. Interpretation. Chapters 9 and 10. Academic Press 2015
- 2. Steffen, C, et al. U.S. population data for 29 autosomal STK loci, Forensic Science International: Genetics 7 (2013) e82-83
- 3. Steffen, et al. Corrigendum to 'U.S. population data for 29 autos my STR loci. [Forensic Science International: Genetics 7 (2013) e82-83], Forensic Science International: Genetics 31 (2017) e36-40 (Note: this publication is also included in the readings for module 2.)
- 4. Buckleton, J, et al. Population-specific F_{ST} values for forensic STR markers: A worldwide survey. Forensic Science International: Genetics 23 (2016) 91–100

Requirements to complete module:

Summary of readings

Answers to court question on testing for population genetics

Quiz

MODULE 26: STATISTICS IN FORENSIC DNA ANALYSIS

Learning objectives:

Review of basic statistics (mean, mode, distributions, variance)

Profile probability versus match probability

Random match probabilities

Combined probability of inclusion (CPI)

Combined probability of exclusion (CPE)

Likelihood Ratios

Population substructure corrections (theta, F_{ST})

Reading List:

- 1. J. Butler. Fundamentals of Forensic DNA Typing. Chapters 11. Academic Press. 2010.
- 2. J. Butler. Advanced Topics in Forensic DNA Typing: Interpretation. Chapter 11-12. Academic Press. 2015.
- 3. STRmix Users Manual (current version) Section 4.3, pages 202-206. ESR
- 4. The Evaluation of Forensic DNA Evidence, Chapters 4-5, NRC II, National Academy Press, 1996.
- 5. Balding, D and Nichols, RA. DNA profile match probability calculation: how to allow for population stratification, relatedness, database selection and single bands. Forensic Science International 64 (1994), 125-140.
 - a. Balding D and Nichols, RA. Pratin: A method for quantifying differentiation between populations at multi-allelic local and its implications for investigating identity and paternity. Genetica (2008) 133:107
- 6. Bright, JA, et al. The variability in likelih ood ratios due to different mechanisms. *Forensic Science International: Genetics* (2014), http://dx.ldi.org/10.1016/j.fsigen.2014.10.013
- 7. SWGDAM Interpretation Guidelines for Autosomo STR Typing by Forensic Testing Laboratories (2015). Sections 3 and 4. Available at http://www.fol.gov/hq/lab/html/codis-swgdam.pdf
- 8. Bright, J-A, et al. The variability in likelihood ratios due to different mechanisms. Forensic Science International: Genetics (2014), http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.fsigen.2014.10.013

Requirements to complete module:

Summary of readings

Answers to court question on Statistics in Forensic Science

Exercises in RMP, CPI, and LRs

Quiz

MODULE 27: STRMIX

Learning objectives:

Review of statistics concepts (e.g., mean, mode, standard deviation, variance) Distributions in statistics (e.g., normal, beta, gamma)

Probability densities

Binary versus continuous models for DNA interpretation

STRmix biological model

Probability of drop-out

Monte Carlo Markov Chain (MCMC) and Metropolis-Hastings

Formulating propositions

STRmix likelihood ratios

Model Maker

STRmix diagnostics

Informed Priors

Variable Number of Contributors

H_d-True Testing

File saving structure

Reading List:

- 1. STRmix Users Manual, latest version
- 2. STRmix Operations Manual, latest version
- 3. STRmix Implementation and Validation Guide, latest version
- 4. Bright, JA, et al. Developmental validation of STRmix[™], expert software for the interpretation of forensic DNA profiles. Forensic Science International: Genetics 23 (2016) 226–239
- 5. Duncan Taylor, Jo-Anne Bright, John Burkleton, The interpretation of single source and mixed DNA profiles. Forensic Science Internation at Genetics 7 (2013) 516–528
- 6. Jo-Anne Bright, Duncan Taylor, James M. Cur an, John S. Buckleton. Developing allelic and stutter peak height models for a continuous method of DNA interpretation. Forensic Science International: Genetics 7 (2013) 296–304
- 7. Jo-Anne Bright, Duncan Taylor, James M. Curran Job S. Buckleton. Degradation of forensic DNA profiles, Australian Journal of Forensic Sciences, 45:4, 45-449
- 8. Duke, KR, Myers, SP. Systematic evaluation of STRmi, Performance on degraded DNA profile data. Forensic Science International: Genetics 44 (2020) 10217/
- 9. Duncan Taylor. Using continuous DNA interpretation methods to revisit likelihood ratio behavior. Forensic Science International: Genetics 11 (2014) 144–153
- 10. John Buckleton, Hannah Kelly, Jo-Anne Bright, Duncan Taylor, Treen Tvedebrink, James M. Curran. Utilising allelic dropout probabilities estimated by logistic regression in casework. Forensic Science International: Genetics 9 (2014) 9–11
- 11. Hannah Kelly, Jo-Anne Bright, James Curran, John Buckleton. The interpretation of low level DNA mixtures. Forensic Science International: Genetics 6 (2012) 191–197
- 12. R.G. Cowell, S.L. Lauritzen, J. Mortera. Probabilistic modelling for DNA mixture analysis. Forensic Science International: Genetics Supplement Series 1 (2008) 640–642
- 13. D. Taylor a,*, J-A. Bright b, J. Buckleton b, J. Curran. An illustration of the effect of various sources of uncertainty on DNA likelihood ratio calculations. Forensic Science International: Genetics 11 (2014) 56–63
- 14. Taylor, D et al. Interpreting forensic DNA profiling evidence without specifying the number of contributors. Forensic Science International: Genetics 13 (2014) 269–280
- 15. Taylor, D, et al. Importance sampling allows H_d true tests of highly discriminating DNA profiles. Forensic Science International: Genetics 27 (2017) 74–81
- 16. Executive Office of the President President's Council of Advisors on Science and Technology. Report to the President: Forensic Science in Criminal Courts: Ensuring Scientific Validity of Feature-Comparison Methods. September 2016

- 17. Executive Office of the President President's Council of Advisors on Science and Technology. An addendum to the PCAST report on forensic science in criminal courts. January 2017
- 18. Bright, J-A, et al. Internal validation of STRmix[™] A multi laboratory response to PCAST. Forensic Science International: Genetics 34 (2018) 11–24

Summary of readings

Review relevant sections of the Forensic Biology Technical Manual (latest version)

Answers to court question on STRmix

Total allelic product calculations

Profile likelihood calculations

STRmix Likelihood Ratio Calculations

Running training samples though STRmix

Quiz

Mypole 28: Kinship

Learning objectives:

Mendelian inheritance

Punnett squares and inheritance patterns

Kinship Statistics (paternity index, combined paternity index, probability of paternity, and probability of exclusion)

Basic paternity formulas

Popstats parentage and kinship modules

Reverse paternity, motherless paternity, and other kinship (i.e., relactions) calculations

Coefficients of relatedness (Θ)

Interpreting and reporting parentage testing results

Mutations and mutation rates

Non-autosomal markers and kinship

Reading List:

- 1. J. Butler. Advanced Topics in Forensic DNA Typing: Interpretation. Chapter 14. Academic Press. 2015.
- 2. J. Buckleton, CM Triggs, and S Walsh. Forensic DNA Interpretation. CRC Press Chapters 4 and 10.
- 3. CODIS (current version) Training Material section 6. Available on the CJIS-WAN at: https://10.64.223.136/CODIS-Programs/CODIS-Training.aspx

Requirements to complete module:

Summary of readings

MODULE 29: CODIS

Learning objectives:

Structure of CODIS

Quality assurance requirements for participation in NDIS

DNA records accepted at NDIS, SDIS, and LDIS

Searches at LDIS, SDIS, and NDIS

Search stringency and match criteria

Hit confirmation, dispositioning, and follow-up communications

COSTaR

Match estimator and profile discrimination

Manually searching DNA profiles

Reading List:

- NDIS Operations Procedures Manual. FBI Laboratory (current version) Sections 1, 2.1, 2.2, 3.1, 3.2, 3.4, 5, 6, and Appendix D. Available on the CJIS-VANVAT:
 <a href="https://10.64.223.136/CMS%20Documents/Policies%70And%20Procedures/NDIS%20Proc
- 2. CODIS (current version) Training Material sections 1, 2, 4, and 7 Available on the CJIS-WAN at: https://10.64.223.136/CODIS-Programs/CODIS-Training.aspx
- 3. CA-DOJ State CODIS Operations Manual
- 4. COSTaR validation and modification summaries up to current version

Requirements to complete module:

Summary of readings

Review relevant sections of the Forensic Biology Policy Manual (latest version)

Answers to court question on CODIS

Searching exercise

COSTaR exercise

Quiz

MODULE 30: REPORT WRITING

Learning objectives:

Report writing at the SDPD

Populating reports in the FB SIMS

Requirements for reporting quantitative versus qualitative support for associations

Reading List:

- 1. FB Style Guide
- 2. Report wording
- 3. Rare report wording

Requirements to complete module:

Case packet review

Report writing exercise

MODULE 31: TECHNICAL REVIEW

Learning objectives:

Technical and administrative review requirements

Reading List:

Analytical batch technical review checklist Case file technical review checklist Administrative review checklist

Requirements to complete module:

Technical review mock case exercise Supervised technical reviews

MODULE 32: YSTRS

Learning objectives:

Evolution of the Y-chromosome in humans

Y-chromosome genetics and inheritance

Y-chromosome recombination

Forensic value of the Y-chromosome

Y-chromosome mutations (deletions, duplications, and triplications)

Y-chromosome mutation rates

Y-chromosome resources

Yfiler Plus kit and loci and internal validation

YSTR Interpretation

YSTR Statistics

YHRD (Y-Chromosome Haplotype Reference Database) and CA-DOJ Y-Mix Tool (current version)

Reading List:

- 1. J. Butler. Fundamentals of Forensic DNA Typing. Chapters 16. Academic Press. 2010.
- 2. J. Butler. Advanced Topics in Forensic DNA Typing: Methodology. Chapter 13. Academic Press. 2012.
- 3. J. Butler. Advanced Topics in Forensic DNA Typing: Interpretation. Chapter 15. Academic Press. 2015.
- 4. Yfiler Plus Users Manual
- 5. Yfiler Plus Validation Summary.
- 6. D Cornacchia and I Fitch. Introducing Y-STR DNA Testing in the Courts, Profiles in DNA, 9(2): 10-13, 2006.
- 7. Scientific Working Group on DNA Analysis Methods Guidelines for Y-Chromosome STR Typing 2014
- 8. Notice to US YSTR Database Users 2018
- 9. SWGDAM Compliant YHRD User Guide 2018
- 10. J Ballantyne *et al.* Creating and planaging Effective Y-STR Databases, Profiles in DNA, 9(2): 10-13, 2006.
- 11. Willuweit, S and Roewer, L. Y chrom some haplotype reference database (YHRD) Update. Forensic Science International: Genetics 1 (2007/83–87
- 12. Gopinath, S. et al. Developmental validation of the Yfiler Plus PCR Amplification Kit: An enhanced Y-STR multiplex for casework and database applications. Forensic Science International: Genetics 24 (2016) 164–175

Requirements to complete module:

Summary of readings
Answers to court question on YSTRs
Case packet review
YSTR Training Samples
Mixture Interpretation Practice Set
Report writing exercise
Written test

Practical competency test

Oral test

MODULE 33: LEGACY KIT INTERPRETATION

Learning objectives:

Binary interpretation requirements for Profiler Plus, COfiler, and MiniFiler data from the 3130 STRmix interpretation for Identifiler and Identifiler Plus

Reading List:

- 1. Validation summary for Profiler Plus and COfiler interpretation thresholds
- 2. Validation Summary for the Identifiler and Identifiler Plus STRmix parameters
- 3. Legacy Kit Interpretation Manual (latest version)

Requirements to complete module:

Written test

Practical competency test



ASSESSMENT OF TRAINEES Module 34: Forensic DNA Final Evaluation WRITTEN EXAM

Trainees will be expected to successfully complete written examinations in serology, DNA, and STRmix, and YSTRs (if applicable) prior to starting supervised casework.

Obtaining 80% or higher will be designated as passing.

MODULE 35: MOCK OR ADJUDICATED CASEWORK

Trainees will be expected to conduct analyses and write reports on a series of mock or adjudicated cases that cover a range of cases and sample types that will be encountered in routine casework.

Trainees performing analysis on adjudicated cases will only perform testing on samples that have previously been tested by a qualified analysis. No malysis will be performed on samples or evidence that have not previously been tested by a qualified analyst.

MODULE 36: PRACTICAL COMPETENCY TEST

Trainees will be expected to successfully complete the examination of a set of samples that cover a range of sample types and extractions that will be encountered in south e casework prior to starting supervised casework.

Selecting the correct analytical methods for each sample type, using the correct quality assurance procedures (e.g., extracting samples separately that require separate time and/or space) and obtaining the expected genotypes for all tested samples will be designated as passing.

MODULE 37: MOOT COURT OR MOCK TRIAL

Trainees will be expected to successfully complete a mock or moot court scenario prior to independent casework analysis.

The final grade for the moot court or oral boards will be determined based on the average of a panel of evaluators designated by the DNA Technical Manager. Obtaining 80% or higher will be designated as passing.

MODULE 38: SUPERVISED CASEWORK

Trainees will be expected to perform analyses on several batches of actual casework under the guidance of a qualified analyst as a mentor. Trainees will be expected to consult with the mentor throughout the analytical, report writing, and technical review processes. Trainees will also be expected to perform supervised technical reviews of other analyst's casework.



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Mo	odule	Date Completed	Trainee Initials	Assigned Trainer Initials
1	FB Quality Assurance			
	Required Reading			
	Analyst Transcripts			
	Lectures			
	<u>Trainee Responsibility</u>			
	Quiz			
2	FB Specific Court Training			
	Required Reading			
	FB specific court issues lecture			
	Trainee Responsibility			
	Summary of real ing	\bigcirc		
	Compose responses to predicate court questions provided			
	Create a list of questions for each topic in the training			
	Shadowing			
	(please indicate case number for testimony observed)			
	Quiz			
3	Evidence Handling			
	Required Reading			
	Lecture			
	Firearms Safety			
	File-on-Q/SART-on-Q Training			
	<u>Trainee Responsibility</u>			
	Summary of readings			
	FB SIMS Training			
	Note taking practice			
	Derivative evidence in File-on-Q			
	Analyst shadowing			
	Quiz			

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Module		Date Completed	Trainee Initials	Assigned Trainer Initials
4	Serology 1: Blood			
	Required Reading			
	Lectures			
	Demonstration of methods			
	Trainee Responsibility			
	Summary of readings			
	Answer court questions on blood ID and BSP ID			
	Analyst shadowing			
	Presumptive blood test sensitivity/specificity			
	Blood confirmation sensitivity/specificity			
	Bloodstain patter rex to e	_		
	Summary of training exercise	$Q_{}$		
	Case packet review 1	10.		
	(please indicate case number for case packet reviewed)			
	Quiz			
5	Serology 2: Semen			
	Required Reading			
	Lecture			
	Demonstration of methods			
	<u>Trainee Responsibility</u>			
	Summary of readings			
	Analyst shadowing			
	ALS sensitivity/specificity			
	Presumptive semen test sensitivity/specificity			
	p30 and Microscopic examination sensitivity/specificity			
	Answer court questions on Semen ID			
	Summary of training exercises			
	Case packet review 2			
	(please indicate case number for case packet reviewed)			
	Quiz			

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Mc	odule	Date Completed	Trainee Initials	Assigned Trainer Initials
6	Serology 3: Saliva and other biologicals			
	Required Reading			
	Lecture			
	Demonstration of methods			
	<u>Trainee Responsibility</u>			
	Summary of readings			
	Phadebas sensitivity/specificity			
	Answer court questions on saliva testing			
	Summary of training exercises			
	Ouis.			
7	Historical perspectives	\Diamond		
	Required Reading			
	Lecture			
	<u>Trainee Responsibility</u>	* ///		
	Summary of readings			
	Quiz		\sim	
8	DNA extraction/purification		·O	
	Required Reading			
	Lecture			
	Demonstration of methods			
	<u>Trainee Responsibility</u>			
	Summary of readings			
	Answer court questions on extraction/purification			
	Analyst shadowing - EZ1			
	Analyst shadowing - QiaSymphony			
	Analyst shadowing - QiaCube			
	Quiz _			

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Module	Date Completed	Trainee Initials	Assigned Trainer Initials
9 DNA quantification			
Required Reading			
Lecture			
Demonstration of methods			
<u>Trainee Responsibility</u>			
Summary of readings			
Answer court questions on quantification			
Analyst shadowing - Manual			
Analyst shadowing - Nimbus			
Quiz			
10 PCR amplification	\Diamond		
Required Reading	10.		
Lecture			
Trainee Responsibility	1//		
Summary of readings			
Answer court questions on amplification			
Analyst shadowing - Manual			
Analyst shadowing - Nimbus			
Analyst shadowing - Concentration/Dilutions			
Exercise on determining amplification volume			
Quiz			
11 Short Tandem Repeats (STR's)			
Required Reading			
Lecture			
Trainee Responsibility			
Summary of readings			
Answer court questions on STRs			
Quiz			

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Mc	odule	Date Completed	Trainee Initials	Assigned Trainer Initials
12	Capillary electrophoresis			
	Required Reading			
	Lecture			
	Demonstration of method			
	<u>Trainee Responsibility</u>			
	Summary of readings			
	Answer court questions on CE			
	Analyst shadowing _			
	Quiz _			
13	Data Analysis			
	Required Reading			
	Lecture	10		
	Demonstration of method			
	<u>Trainee Responsibility</u>			
	Summary of readings			
	Answer court questions on data analysis			
	Analyst shadowing _		· O	
	Case packet review 3			
	(please indicate case number for case packet reviewed) _			
	Quiz _			
14	Interpretation Part 1: SS Samples			
	Required Reading			
	Lecture			
	<u>Trainee Responsibility</u>			
	Summary of readings			
	Answer court questions on SS sample interpretation			
	Exercise on interpreting acceptable genortypes			
	Quiz _			

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Module	Date Completed	Trainee Initials	Assigned Trainer Initials
15 Practical 1: Blood Sample Analysis IMPORTANT NOTE: During analysis of training sam methods can be completed manually or robotically during the training. Analysts should indicate on the was used.	, that each availbale in	ntrument or process is p	erformed at some point
<u>Trainee Responsibility</u>			
Analysis of blood samples (ext through GMID-X)			
Case packet review 4			
Analytical Batch technical review exercise _			
16 Practical 2: Buccal Sample Analysis			
Trainee Responsibility Analysis of buccal samples (ext through an ID-)			
17 Practical 3: Hair Analysis			
<u>Trainee Responsibility</u> Analysis of hair samples (ext though GMID-X)	,C/	, ———	
18 Practical 4: Cigarette butt Analysis		^	
<u>Trainee Responsibility</u> Analysis of cigarette butts (ext through GMID-X)			
19 Practical 5: Bone Analysis			
<u>Trainee Responsibility</u>			
Analysis of hair samples (ext through GMID-X)			

	Forensic Bio	logy Unit Train	ling Check List	
Mc	odule	Date Completed	Trainee Initials	Assigned Trainer Initials
20	Interpretation Part 2: Mixtures			
	Required Reading			
	Lecture			
	Trainee Responsibility			
	Summary of readings			
	Answer court questions on mixture analysis			
	Exercise on interpreting acceptable genortypes			
	Quiz _			
21	Practical 6: Mixed Samples			
	Trainee Responsibility	•		
	Analysis of mixed samples (quantification through GMD-Y			
22	Practical 7: Differential Extraction	10		
	Demonstration of method			
	include non-diff with DTT			
	Trainee Responsibility			
	Analysis of differentials (ext through GMID-X)			
	Manual and QiaCube			
23	Practical 8: Touch/Wearer Sample			
	Demonstration of method			
	<u>Trainee Responsibility</u>			
	Analysis of touch/wearer (ext through GMID-X)			
24	Practical 9: Casing extraction			
	Demonstration of method			
	<u>Trainee Responsibility</u>			
	Analysis of casings (ext through GMID-X)			

Page 8 of 13 **Forensic Biology Unit Training Check List** Module **Date Completed Trainee Initials Assigned Trainer Initials** 25 Population genetics **Required Reading** Lecture **Trainee Responsibility** Summary of readings Answer court questions on population genetics Quiz 26 Statistics in Forensic DNA **Required Reading** Lecture **Trainee Responsibility** Summary of readings Answer court questions on statistics Exercises in RMP, CPI, and LR Quiz 27 STRmix **Required Reading** Lectures Trainee Responsibility

Lectures Trainee Responsibility Summary of readings Answer court questions on STRmix Total allelic product calculations Profile likelihood calculations LR calculations Running training samples (module 14-24) through STRmix Quiz

Forensic Biology Unit Training Check List Module **Date Completed Trainee Initials Assigned Trainer Initials** 28 Kinship **Required Reading** Lecture **Trainee Responsibility** Summary of readings Answer court questions on kinship Kinship exercises Quiz 29 CODIS **Required Reading** Lectures Trainee Responsibility Summary of readings Searching exercise COSTaR exercise with training samples Quiz **30 Report Writing Required Reading** Case Packet Review 5-7 (please indicate case numbers for case packet reviewed)

Trainee Responsibility

Report writing exercise

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Module Date Completed Trainee Initials Assigned Trainer Initials 31 Technical Review Lecture Trainee Responsibility Technical review mock case exercise Supervised technical review Initials and Date: Quality Assurance Manager Review Initials and Date:



Forensic Biology Unit Training Check List

Module	Date Completed	Trainee Initials	Assigned Trainer Initials	
Assessment				
34 Written Examinations				
Serology	у			
DNA				
STRmi	x			
35 Mock/Adjudicated Cases				
Batch 1	:			
	:			
Batch 3				
36 Practical Competency test				
Practical Examination				
37 Mock Trial/Moot Court	CX.			
Moot Cour	t ///			
38 Supervised casework and technical review	W			
Analytical Batch ID	•			
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				
(see memo	o to Quality Manager f	or case identifiers)		
Technical Manager Review	Initials and Date:			
Quality Assurance Manager Review	Initials and Date:			

Forensic Biology Unit Training Check List Module **Date Completed Trainee Initials Assigned Trainer Initials** 32 YSTRs **Required Reading** Lecture **Trainee Responsibility** Summary of readings Answers to court questions on YSTRs Case packet review Yfiler Plus training samples YSTR mixture interpretation practice set Report writing exercise **Written Examination** Written examination **Practical Competency** Practical examination **Oral Examination** Oral examination **Technical Manager Review** Initials and Date: **Quality Assurance Manager Review** Initials and Date:

Forensic Biology Unit Training Check List Module **Date Completed Trainee Initials Assigned Trainer Initials** 33 Legacy Kit Interpretation **Required Reading** Lecture Trainee Responsibility Legacy kit training samples **Written Examination** Written examination **Practical Competency** Practical examina **Technical Manager Review** Initials and Date: **Quality Assurance Manager Review**