

FINAL

MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION

Project No. 463483 SCH# N/A

SUBJECT: FY16 ALLOCATION UNDERGROUNDING UTILITY DISTRICTS: CITY COUNCIL

APPROVAL to prioritize and construct the FY16 Allocation Undergrounding Utility Districts (UUD). The districts would also create an overlay that would restrict utility companies from installing above-ground utility lines, excluding electric transmission lines which are regulated by the California Public Utilities Commission, in the future. SDG&E will be constructing an underground utility system per the franchise agreement in the public right-of-way. The project proposes to underground the overhead utility lines by excavating approximately 18 miles of trench that is approximately 5 feet deep and 2.5 feet wide along one side of each public right-ofway, installing conduit and substructures such as above ground transformers on concrete pads, installing cable through the conduits, providing individual customer connections, backfilling, removing the existing overhead utility lines and poles, and installing new streetlights where applicable. Curb ramps will be installed where missing to meet the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) requirements, which may result in the loss of a street parking space at some locations. If applicable, street trees will be installed, and streets will be resurfaced, or segments of concrete road replaced. Utility poles may need to be installed or upgraded at the boundary of the district where determined necessary for the transition from the existing aerial system to the new underground system. Locations will be determined during final design.

The project is located within the public right-of-way, as well as several City and San Diego Gas & Electric (SDG&E) easements, in the following areas: **UU602 Sampson Street** from Main Street to Clay Avenue (Southeastern San Diego/Barrio Logan); **UU611 Redwood Street** from Pershing Drive to Boundary Street (Balboa Park/North Park); **UU616 Hilltop Drive Phase II** from 44th Street to Euclid Avenue (Encanto Neighborhoods); **UU628 Fairmount Avenue** from Mission Gorge Road to Sheridan Lane (Navajo); **UU668 Residential Block 8R1** (Otay Mesa-Nestor); **UU789 Residential Block 4Y1** (Skyline-Paradise Hills); **UU875 Residential Block 6H1** (Clairemont Mesa); **UU908 Residential Block 3DD** (Normal Heights); and **UU957 Residential Block 7O** (College Area).

Applicant: City of San Diego, Transportation Department, Right of Way Management Division

- I. PROJECT DESCRIPTION: See attached Initial Study.
- II. ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING: See attached Initial Study.
- III. DETERMINATION:

The City of San Diego conducted an Initial Study which determined that the proposed projects could have a significant environmental effect in the following areas(s): **HISTORICAL (ARCHAEOLOGY) AND TRIBAL CULTURAL RESOURCES**. The project proposal requires the implementation of specific mitigation identified in Section V of this Mitigated Negative Declaration (MND). The project as presented avoids or mitigates the potentially

significant environmental effects identified, and the preparation of an Environmental Impact Report (EIR) would not be required.

IV. DOCUMENTATION:

The attached Initial Study documents the reasons to support the above Determination.

V. MITIGATION, MONITORING AND REPORTING PROGRAM:

A. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS – PART I Plan Check Phase (prior to permit issuance or Notice to Proceed)

- 1. Prior to the issuance Bid Opening/Bid Award or beginning any construction related activity on-site, the Development Services Department (DSD) Director's Environmental Designee (ED) shall review and approve all Construction Documents (CD), (plans, specification, details, etc.) to ensure the MMRP requirements have been incorporated.
- 2. In addition, the ED shall verify that the MMRP Conditions/Notes that apply ONLY to the construction phases of this project are included VERBATIM, under the heading, "ENVIRONMENTAL/MITIGATION REQUIREMENTS."
- **3.** These notes must be shown within the first three (3) sheets of the construction documents in the format specified for engineering construction document templates as shown on the City website:

http://www.sandiego.gov/development-services/industry/information/standtemp.shtml

4. The **TITLE INDEX SHEET** must also show on which pages the "Environmental/Mitigation Requirements" notes are provided.

B. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS – PART II Post Plan Check (After permit issuance/Prior to start of construction)

1. PRE CONSTRUCTION MEETING IS REQUIRED TEN (10) WORKING DAYS PRIOR TO BEGINNING ANY WORK ON THIS PROJECT. The PERMIT HOLDER/OWNER is responsible to arrange and perform this meeting by contacting the CITY RESIDENT ENGINEER (RE) of the Field Engineering Division and City staff from MITIGATION MONITORING COORDINATION (MMC). Attendees must also include the Permit holder's Representative(s), Job Site Superintendent and the following consultants:

Archaeologist and Native American Kumeyaay Monitor

Note: Failure of all responsible Permit Holder's representatives and consultants to attend shall require an additional meeting with all parties present.

CONTACT INFORMATION:

- a) The PRIMARY POINT OF CONTACT is the **RE** at the **Field Engineering Division – 858-627-3200**
- b) For Clarification of ENVIRONMENTAL REQUIREMENTS, it is also required to call **RE and MMC at 858-627-3360**
- **2. MMRP COMPLIANCE:** This Project, Project Tracking System (PTS) 463483, shall conform to the mitigation requirements contained in the associated Environmental Document and implemented to the satisfaction of the DSD's ED, MMC and the City

Engineer (RE). The requirements may not be reduced or changed but may be annotated (i.e. to explain when and how compliance is being met and location of verifying proof, etc.). Additional clarifying information may also be added to other relevant plan sheets and/or specifications as appropriate (i.e., specific locations, times of monitoring, methodology, etc.)

Note: Permit Holder's Representatives must alert RE and MMC if there are any discrepancies in the plans or notes, or any changes due to field conditions. All conflicts must be approved by RE and MMC BEFORE the work is performed.

- **3. OTHER AGENCY REQUIREMENTS:** Evidence that any other agency requirements or permits have been obtained or are in process shall be submitted to the RE and MMC for review and acceptance prior to the beginning of work or within one week of the Permit Holder obtaining documentation of those permits or requirements. Evidence shall include copies of permits, letters of resolution or other documentation issued by the responsible agency. *Not Applicable for this project.*
- **4. MONITORING EXHIBITS:** All consultants are required to submit, to RE and MMC, a monitoring exhibit on a 11x17 reduction of the appropriate construction plan, such as site plan, grading, landscape, etc., marked to clearly show the specific areas including the **LIMIT OF WORK**, scope of that discipline's work, and notes indicating when in the construction schedule that work will be performed. When necessary for clarification, a detailed methodology of how the work will be performed shall be included.
- **5. OTHER SUBMITTALS AND INSPECTIONS:** The Permit Holder/Owner's representative shall submit all required documentation, verification letters, and requests for all associated inspections to the RE and MMC for approval per the following schedule:

Document Submittal/Inspection Checklist

<u>Issue Area</u>	Document submittal	Associated Inspection/Approvals/Note
General	Consultant Qualification Letters	Prior to Preconstruction Meeting
General	Consultant Const. Monitoring	Prior to or at Preconstruction Mtg
Archaeology	Archaeology Reports	Archaeology Observation
Final MMRP		Final MMRP Inspection

C. SPECIFIC ISSUE AREA CONDITIONS/REQUIREMENTS:

HISTORICAL (ARCHAEOLOGY) AND TRIBAL CULTURAL RESOURCES

I. Prior to Permit Issuance or Bid Opening/Bid Award

- A. Entitlements Plan Check
 - 1. Prior to permit issuance or Bid Opening/Bid Award, whichever is applicable, the Assistant Deputy Director (ADD) Environmental designee shall verify that the requirements for Archaeological Monitoring and Native American monitoring have been noted on the applicable construction documents through the plan check process.
- B. Letters of Qualification have been submitted to ADD
 - 1. Prior to Bid Award, the applicant shall submit a letter of verification to Mitigation Monitoring Coordination (MMC) identifying the Principal Investigator (PI) for the project and the names of all persons involved in the archaeological monitoring program, as defined in the City of San Diego Historical Resources Guidelines (HRG). If applicable, individuals involved in the archaeological monitoring program must have completed the 40-hour HAZWOPER training with certification documentation.

- 2. MMC will provide a letter to the applicant confirming the qualifications of the PI and all persons involved in the archaeological monitoring of the project meet the qualifications established in the HRG.
- 3. Prior to the start of work, the applicant must obtain written approval from MMC for any personnel changes associated with the monitoring program.

II. Prior to Start of Construction

- A. Verification of Records Search
 - 1. The PI shall provide verification to MMC that a site specific records search (1/4 mile radius) has been completed. Verification includes, but is not limited to a copy of a confirmation letter from South Coastal Information Center, or, if the search was in-house, a letter of verification from the PI stating that the search was completed.
 - 2. The letter shall introduce any pertinent information concerning expectations and probabilities of discovery during trenching and/or grading activities.
 - 3. The PI may submit a detailed letter to MMC requesting a reduction to the ¹/₄ mile radius.
- B. PI Shall Attend Precon Meetings
 - 1. Prior to beginning any work that requires monitoring; the Applicant shall arrange a Precon Meeting that shall include the PI, Native American consultant/monitor (where Native American resources may be impacted), Construction Manager (CM) and/or Grading Contractor, Resident Engineer (RE), Building Inspector (BI), if appropriate, and MMC. The qualified Archaeologist and Native American Monitor shall attend any grading/excavation related Precon Meetings to make comments and/or suggestions concerning the Archaeological Monitoring program with the Construction Manager and/or Grading Contractor.
 - a. If the PI is unable to attend the Precon Meeting, the Applicant shall schedule a focused Precon Meeting with MMC, the PI, RE, CM or BI, if appropriate, prior to the start of any work that requires monitoring.
 - 2. Acknowledgement of Responsibility for Curation (CIP or Other Public Projects) The applicant shall submit a letter to MMC acknowledging their responsibility for the cost of curation associated with all phases of the archaeological monitoring program.
 - 3. Identify Areas to be Monitored
 - a. Prior to the start of any work that requires monitoring, the PI shall submit an Archaeological Monitoring Exhibit (AME) (with verification that the AME has been reviewed and approved by the Native American consultant/monitor when Native American resources may be impacted) based on the appropriate construction documents (reduced to 11x17) to MMC identifying the areas to be monitored including the delineation of grading/excavation limits.
 - b. The AME shall be based on the results of a site specific records search as well as information regarding the age of existing pipelines, laterals and associated appurtenances and/or any known soil conditions (native or formation).
 - c. MMC shall notify the PI that the AME has been approved.
 - 4. When Monitoring Will Occur
 - a. Prior to the start of any work, the PI shall also submit a construction schedule to MMC through the RE indicating when and where monitoring will occur.
 - b. The PI may submit a detailed letter to MMC prior to the start of work or during construction requesting a modification to the monitoring program. This request shall be based on relevant information such as review of final construction documents which indicate conditions such as age of existing pipe to be replaced, depth of excavation and/or site graded to bedrock, etc., which may reduce or increase the potential for resources to be present.
 - 5. Approval of AME and Construction Schedule

After approval of the AME by MMC, the PI shall submit to MMC written authorization of the AME and Construction Schedule from the CM.

III. During Construction

- A. Monitor Shall be Present During Grading/Excavation/Trenching
 - 1. The Archaeological Monitor shall be present full-time during all soil disturbing and_grading/excavation/trenching activities which could result in impacts to archaeological resources as identified on the AME. The Construction Manager is responsible for notifying the RE, PI, and MMC of changes to any construction activities such as in the case of a potential safety concern within the area being monitored. In certain circumstances OSHA safety requirements may necessitate modification of the AME.
 - 2. The Native American consultant/monitor shall determine the extent of their presence during soil disturbing and grading/excavation/trenching activities based on the AME and provide that information to the PI and MMC. If prehistoric resources are encountered during the Native American consultant/monitor's absence, work shall stop and the Discovery Notification Process detailed in Section III.B-C and IV.A-D shall commence.
 - 3. The PI may submit a detailed letter to MMC during construction requesting a modification to the monitoring program when a field condition such as modern disturbance post-dating the previous grading/trenching activities, presence of fossil formations, or when native soils are encountered <u>that</u> may reduce or increase the potential for resources to be present.
 - 4. The archaeological and Native American consultant/monitor shall document field activity via the Consultant Site Visit Record (CSVR). The CSVR's shall be faxed by the CM to the RE the first day of monitoring, the last day of monitoring, monthly (**Notification of Monitoring Completion**), and in the case of ANY discoveries. The RE shall forward copies to MMC.
- B. Discovery Notification Process
 - 1. In the event of a discovery, the Archaeological Monitor shall direct the contractor to temporarily divert all soil disturbing activities, including but not limited to digging, trenching, excavating or grading activities in the area of discovery and in the area reasonably suspected to overlay adjacent resources and immediately notify the RE or BI, as appropriate.
 - 2. The Monitor shall immediately notify the PI (unless Monitor is the PI) of the discovery.
 - 3. The PI shall immediately notify MMC by phone of the discovery, and shall also submit written documentation to MMC within 24 hours by fax or email with photos of the resource in context, if possible.
 - 4. No soil shall be exported off-site until a determination can be made regarding the significance of the resource specifically if Native American resources are encountered.
- C. Determination of Significance
 - 1. The PI and Native American consultant/monitor, where Native American resources are discovered shall evaluate the significance of the resource. If Human Remains are involved, follow protocol in Section IV below.
 - a. The PI shall immediately notify MMC by phone to discuss significance determination and shall also submit a letter to MMC indicating whether additional mitigation is required.
 - b. If the resource is significant, the PI shall submit an Archaeological Data Recovery Program (ADRP) and obtain written approval of the program from MMC, CM and RE. ADRP and any mitigation must be approved by MMC, RE and/or CM before ground disturbing activities in the area of discovery will be allowed to resume. Note: If a unique archaeological site is also an historical resource as defined in CEQA Section 15064.5, then the limits on the amount(s)

that a project applicant may be required to pay to cover mitigation costs as indicated in CEQA Section 21083.2 shall not apply.

- (1). Note: For pipeline trenching and other linear projects in the public Rightof-Way, the PI shall implement the Discovery Process for Pipeline Trenching projects identified below under "D."
- c. If the resource is not significant, the PI shall submit a letter to MMC indicating that artifacts will be collected, curated, and documented in the Final Monitoring Report. The letter shall also indicate that that no further work is required.
 - (1). Note: For Pipeline Trenching and other linear projects in the public Rightof-Way, if the deposit is limited in size, both in length and depth; the information value is limited and is not associated with any other resource; and there are no unique features/artifacts associated with the deposit, the discovery should be considered not significant.
 - (2). Note, for Pipeline Trenching and other linear projects in the public Rightof-Way, if significance cannot be determined, the Final Monitoring Report and Site Record (DPR Form 523A/B) shall identify the discovery as Potentially Significant.
- D. Discovery Process for Significant Resources Pipeline Trenching and other Linear Projects in the Public Right-of-Way

The following procedure constitutes adequate mitigation of a significant discovery encountered during pipeline trenching activities or for other linear project types within the Public Right-of-Way including but not limited to excavation for jacking pits, receiving pits, laterals, and manholes_to reduce impacts to below a level of significance:

- 1. Procedures for documentation, curation and reporting
 - a. One hundred percent of the artifacts within the trench alignment and width shall be documented in-situ, to include photographic records, plan view of the trench and profiles of side walls, recovered, photographed after cleaning and analyzed and curated. The remainder of the deposit within the limits of excavation (trench walls) shall be left intact.
 - b. The PI shall prepare a Draft Monitoring Report and submit to MMC via the RE as indicated in Section VI-A.
 - c. The PI shall be responsible for recording (on the appropriate State of California Department of Park and Recreation forms-DPR 523 A/B) the resource(s) encountered during the Archaeological Monitoring Program in accordance with the City's Historical Resources Guidelines. The DPR forms shall be submitted to the South Coastal Information Center for either a Primary Record or SDI Number and included in the Final Monitoring Report.
 - d. The Final Monitoring Report shall include a recommendation for monitoring of any future work in the vicinity of the resource.

IV. Discovery of Human Remains

If human remains are discovered, work shall halt in that area and no soil shall be exported off-site until a determination can be made regarding the provenance of the human remains; and the following procedures as set forth in CEQA Section 15064.5(e), the California Public Resources Code (Sec. 5097.98) and State Health and Safety Code (Sec. 7050.5) shall be undertaken:

- A. Notification
 - 1. Archaeological Monitor shall notify the RE or BI as appropriate, MMC, and the PI, if the Monitor is not qualified as a PI. MMC will notify the appropriate Senior Planner in the Environmental Analysis Section (EAS) of the Development Services Department to assist with the discovery notification process.
 - 2. The PI shall notify the Medical Examiner after consultation with the RE, either in person or via telephone.

- B. Isolate discovery site
 - 1. Work shall be directed away from the location of the discovery and any nearby area reasonably suspected to overlay adjacent human remains until a determination can be made by the Medical Examiner in consultation with the PI concerning the provenience of the remains.
 - 2. The Medical Examiner, in consultation with the PI, will determine the need for a field examination to determine the provenience.
 - 3. If a field examination is not warranted, the Medical Examiner will determine with input from the PI, if the remains are or are most likely to be of Native American origin.
- C. If Human Remains **ARE** determined to be Native American
 - 1. The Medical Examiner will notify the Native American Heritage Commission (NAHC) within 24 hours. By law, **ONLY** the Medical Examiner can make this call.
 - 2. NAHC will immediately identify the person or persons determined to be the Most Likely Descendent (MLD) and provide contact information.
 - 3. The MLD will contact the PI within 24 hours or sooner after the Medical Examiner has completed coordination, to begin the consultation process in accordance with CEQA Section 15064.5(e), the California Public Resources and Health & Safety Codes.
 - 4. The MLD will have 48 hours to make recommendations to the property owner or representative, for the treatment or disposition with proper dignity, of the human remains and associated grave goods.
 - 5. Disposition of Native American Human Remains will be determined between the MLD and the PI, and, if:
 - a. The NAHC is unable to identify the MLD, OR the MLD failed to make a recommendation within 48 hours after being notified by the Commission, OR;
 - b. The landowner or authorized representative rejects the recommendation of the MLD and mediation in accordance with PRC 5097.94 (k) by the NAHC fails to provide measures acceptable to the landowner, THEN
 - c. To protect these sites, the landowner shall do one or more of the following: (1) Record the site with the NAHC;
 - (2) Record an open space or conservation easement; or
 - (3) Record a document with the County.
 - d. Upon the discovery of multiple Native American human remains during a ground disturbing land development activity, the landowner may agree that additional conferral with descendants is necessary to consider culturally appropriate treatment of multiple Native American human remains. Culturally appropriate treatment of such a discovery may be ascertained from review of the site utilizing cultural and archaeological standards. Where the parties are unable to agree on the appropriate treatment measures the human remains and buried with Native American human remains shall be reinterred with appropriate dignity, pursuant to Section 5.c., above.
- D. If Human Remains are **NOT** Native American
 - 1. The PI shall contact the Medical Examiner and notify them of the historic era context of the burial.
 - 2. The Medical Examiner will determine the appropriate course of action with the PI and City staff (PRC 5097.98).
 - 3. If the remains are of historic origin, they shall be appropriately removed and conveyed to the San Diego Museum of Man for analysis. The decision for internment of the human remains shall be made in consultation with MMC, EAS, the applicant/landowner, any known descendant group, and the San Diego Museum of Man.

V. Night and/or Weekend Work

A. If night and/or weekend work is included in the contract

- 1. When night and/or weekend work is included in the contract package, the extent and timing shall be presented and discussed at the precon meeting.
- 2. The following procedures shall be followed.
 - a. No Discoveries

In the event that no discoveries were encountered during night and/or weekend work, the PI shall record the information on the CSVR and submit to MMC via fax by 8AM of the next business day.

b. Discoveries

All discoveries shall be processed and documented using the existing procedures detailed in Sections III – During Construction, and IV – Discovery of Human Remains. Discovery of human remains shall always be treated as a significant discovery.

- Potentially Significant Discoveries
 If the PI determines that a potentially significant discovery has been made, the
 procedures detailed under Section III During Construction and IV–Discovery
 of Human Remains shall be followed.
- d. The PI shall immediately contact the RE and MMC, or by 8AM of the next business day to report and discuss the findings as indicated in Section III-B, unless other specific arrangements have been made.
- B. If night and/or weekend work becomes necessary during the course of construction
 - 1. The Construction Manager shall notify the RE, or BI, as appropriate, a minimum of 24 hours before the work is to begin.
 - 2. The RE, or BI, as appropriate, shall notify MMC immediately.
- C. All other procedures described above shall apply, as appropriate.

VI. Post Construction

- A. Submittal of Draft Monitoring Report
 - 1. The PI shall submit two copies of the Draft Monitoring Report (even if negative), prepared in accordance with the Historical Resources Guidelines (Appendix C/D) which describes the results, analysis, and conclusions of all phases of the Archaeological Monitoring Program (with appropriate graphics) to MMC via the RE for review and approval within 90 days following the completion of monitoring. It should be noted that if the PI is unable to submit the Draft Monitoring Report within the allotted 90-day timeframe as a result of delays with analysis, special study results or other complex issues, a schedule shall be submitted to MMC establishing agreed due dates and the provision for submittal of monthly status reports until this measure can be met.
 - a. For significant archaeological resources encountered during monitoring, the Archaeological Data Recovery Program or Pipeline Trenching Discovery Process shall be included in the Draft Monitoring Report.
 - Recording Sites with State of California Department of Parks and Recreation The PI shall be responsible for recording (on the appropriate State of California Department of Park and Recreation forms-DPR 523 A/B) any significant or potentially significant resources encountered during the Archaeological Monitoring Program in accordance with the City's Historical Resources Guidelines, and submittal of such forms to the South Coastal Information Center with the Final Monitoring Report.
 - 2. MMC shall return the Draft Monitoring Report to the PI via the RE for revision or, for preparation of the Final Report.
 - 3. The PI shall submit revised Draft Monitoring Report to MMC via the RE for approval.
 - 4. MMC shall provide written verification to the PI of the approved report.
 - 5. MMC shall notify the RE or BI, as appropriate, of receipt of all Draft Monitoring Report submittals and approvals.
- B. Handling of Artifacts

- 1. The PI shall be responsible for ensuring that all cultural remains collected are cleaned and catalogued
- 2. The PI shall be responsible for ensuring that all artifacts are analyzed to identify function and chronology as they relate to the history of the area; that faunal material is identified as to species; and that specialty studies are completed, as appropriate.
- C. Curation of artifacts: Accession Agreement and Acceptance Verification
 - 1. The PI shall be responsible for ensuring that all artifacts associated with the survey, testing and/or data recovery for this project are permanently curated with an appropriate institution. This shall be completed in consultation with MMC and the Native American representative, as applicable.
 - When applicable to the situation, the PI shall include written verification from the Native American consultant/monitor indicating that Native American resources were treated in accordance with state law and/or applicable agreements. If the resources were reinterred, verification shall be provided to show what protective measures were taken to ensure no further disturbance occurs in accordance with Section IV – Discovery of Human Remains, Subsection C.
 - 3. The PI shall submit the Accession Agreement and catalogue record(s) to the RE or BI, as appropriate for donor signature with a copy submitted to MMC.
 - 4. The RE or BI, as appropriate shall obtain signature on the Accession Agreement and shall return to PI with copy submitted to MMC.
 - 5. The PI shall include the Acceptance Verification from the curation institution in the Final Monitoring Report submitted to the RE or BI and MMC.
- D. Final Monitoring Report(s)
 - 1. The PI shall submit one copy of the approved Final Monitoring Report to the RE or BI as appropriate, and one copy to MMC (even if negative), within 90 days after notification from MMC of the approved report.
 - 2. The RE shall, in no case, issue the Notice of Completion until receiving a copy of the approved Final Monitoring Report from MMC which includes the Acceptance Verification from the curation institution.

PUBLIC REVIEW DISTRIBUTION:

Draft copies or notice of this Revised Mitigated Negative Declaration were distributed to:

City of San Diego: Mayor's Office Council President Sean Elo-Rivera, Council District 9 Councilmember Jennifer Campbell, Council District 2 Councilmember Stephen Whitburn, Council District 3 Councilmember Monica Montgomery, Council District 4 Councilmember Raul Campillo, Council District 7 Councilmember Vivian Moreno, Council District 8 **City Attorney's Office** Transportation & Storm Water Department (Applicant Department) **Planning Department Development Services Department Public Utilities Department Public Works Department** Park and Recreation Department **Real Estate Assets Department** Library Dept.-Gov. Documents (81) Benjamin Branch Library (81D) Carmel Valley Branch Library (81F) Clairemont Branch Library (81H)

Kensington-Normal Heights Branch Library (81K) Logan Heights Branch Library (81N) Malcolm X Library & Performing Arts Center (81O) Mission Hills Branch Library (81Q) Mission Valley Branch Library (81R) Otay Mesa-Nestor Branch Library (81W) Skyline Hills Branch Library (81HH)

Other Groups and Individuals San Diego Gas and Electric (114) San Diego Transit Corporation (112) Community Planners Committee (194) Balboa Park Committee (226 and 226A) Barrio Logan Planning Group (240) Chollas Valley Community Planning Group (449A) Clairemont Community Planning Group (248) College Area Community Planning Board (456) Navajo Community Planners, Inc. (336) Normal Heights Community Planning Group (291) North Park Planning Committee (363) Otay Mesa Nestor Community Planning Group (228) Skyline-Paradise Hills Community Planning Committee (443) Southeastern San Diego Planning Group (449) Barrio Station, Inc. (241) Clairemont Town Council (257) Normal Heights Community Association (292) North Park Community Association (366) Carmen Lucas (206) South Coastal Information Center (210) San Diego Archaeological Center (212) San Diego History Center (211) Save our Heritage Organisation (214) Ron Christman (215) Clint Linton (215b) Frank Brown (216) Margaret McCann Todd Cardiff San Diego County Archaeological Society (218) Kumeyaay Cultural Heritage Preservation (223) Kumeyaay Cultural Repatriation Society (225) Native American Distribution (225 A-S) +FIGURE Barona Group of Capitan Grande Band of Mission Indians (225A) Campo Band of Mission Indians (225B) Ewiiaapaayp Band of Mission Indians (225C) Inaja Band of Mission Indians (225D) Jamul Indian Village (225E) La Posta Band of Mission Indians (225F) Manzanita Band of Mission Indians (225G) Sycuan Band of Mission Indians (225H) Viejas Group of Capitan Grande Band of Mission Indians (225I) Mesa Grande Band of Mission Indians (225J) San Pasqual Band of Mission Indians (225K) Ipai Nation of Santa Ysabel (225L) La Jolla Band of Mission Indians (225M) Pala Band of Mission Indians (225N)

Pauma Band of Mission Indians (2250) Pechanga Band of Mission Indians (225P) Rincon Band of Luiseno Indians (225Q) San Luis Rey Band of Luiseno Indians (225R) Los Coyotes Band of Mission Indians (225S)

RESULTS OF PUBLIC REVIEW:

- () No comments were received during the public input period.
- () Comments were received but did not address the draft Mitigated Negative Declaration finding or the accuracy/completeness of the Initial Study. No response is necessary. The letters are attached.
- (x) Comments addressing the findings of the draft Mitigated Negative Declaration and/or accuracy or completeness of the Initial Study were received during the public input period. The letters and responses follow.

Copies of the draft Mitigated Negative Declaration, the Mitigation, Monitoring and Reporting Program and any Initial Study material are available in the office of the Planning Department for review, or for purchase at the cost of reproduction.

regory Johansen Greg Johansen, Senior Planner

Greg Johańsen, Senior Planner Planning Department

<u>February</u> 10, 2023 Date of Draft Report

April 13, 2023 Date of Final Report

Attachments: Undergrounding Utility Districts Project Boundaries (Figures 1-9) Initial Study Checklist Pursuant to section 15183.5 of the CEQA guidelines, the City may analyze the significance of GHG emissions by considering whether the project is consistent with the Climate Action Plan (CAP). Accordingly, the City has directed that when determining whether a public infrastructure project has a significant impact, the initial study must consider whether the project conflicts with any of the reduction measures identified in the CAP.

The draft MND concludes that the project is consistent with the CAP, but fails to address consistency with the CAP's identified reduction measures. Additionally, a greenhouse gas reduction plan must identify specific measures that substantial evidence demonstrates, if implemented on a project-by-project basis, would collectively achieve the specified emissions level. (Guidelines, section 15183.5(1)(D).). The environmental document that relies on that reduction plan must specifically identify the applicable requirements and, if they are not binding and enforceable, include those requirements as mitigation measures. (Guidelines, section 15183.5(2))

A – 2

A – 1

A – 1 Comment noted. As indicated in the Final MND, a
 Native American (Kumeyaay) monitor will be onsite to monitor any ground disturbing activities during project implementation.

A – 2 Comment noted. This comment states that the MND fails to address consistency with CAP's identified specific measures. CEQA Guidelines Section 15183.5(b)(1)(D) is a requirement for a qualified GHG-reduction plan. The City's qualified GHG-reduction plan is the CAP, which was adopted in December 2015, and updated in August 2022. To fulfill the requirements of CEQA Guidelines Section 15183.5(b)(1)(D), the City's CAP Update included the CAP Consistency Regulations, multiple amendments to the Land Development Code section of the San Diego Municipal Code (SDMC). The CAP Consistency Regulations apply to the following ministerial and discretionary projects:

- Residential development that results in 3 or more total dwelling units on all premises in the development;
- Non-residential development that adds more than 1,000 square feet and results in 5,000 square feet or more of total gross floor area, excluding unoccupied spaces such as mechanical equipment and storage areas; and
- Parking facilities as a primary use.

The draft MND does not identify any specific measures of the CAP, as required by the Guidelines or include any mitigation measures for non-binding measures. Rather than considering each measure, it simply mentions the higher-level strategies. This is insufficient to establish CAP consistency under the requirements of the Guidelines. For example, as it relates to Strategy 3 of the CAP, the draft MND (pp. 28-29) states that after construction, "existing streets are returned to their previous configuration, including restriping of existing bike lanes, and pedestrian curb ramps are added where needed." This statement, however, is not sufficient to establish that the project is consistent with Strategy 3. In a June 17, 2022 memo regarding CAP consistency analysis for public infrastructure projects, the City Planning Department suggested that the environmental documents should highlight improvements that should be made, not simply restoring existing improvements.



A – 2 Continued: As the proposed project does not fall into one of the three categories, above, the MND included a discussion of CAP Consistency as outlined in the memorandum, Climate Action Plan Consistency for Plan- and Policy-Level Environmental Documents and Public Infrastructure Projects. Section VII of the Initial Study, Greenhouse Gas Emissions, includes a discussion of the proposed project's consistency with each of the six strategies of the CAP.

A – 3 Comment noted. CEQA Guidelines 15183.5(b) is comprised of requirements for qualified GHG-reduction plans. The Final Addendum to the Environmental Impact Report for the Climate Action Plan outlines how the Update to the CAP meets each of the requirements of CEQA Guidelines 15183.5(b)(1)(A-F). As the proposed project is a public infrastructure project that would only have temporary construction GHG emissions, the IS/MND merely needed to demonstrate that the proposed project would not hinder the City meeting its CAP goals. Section VII of the Initial Study, Greenhouse Gas Emissions, includes a discussion of the proposed project's consistency with each of the six strategies of the CAP.

A – 4

Several CAP measures are obviously applicable, but the draft MND contains no discussion of consistency and does not include any mitigation measures related to CAP compliance:

Measure 3.1 of the CAP sets a goal of increasing the walk and bike mode share to set levels by 2030 and 2035. This measure is focused on increasing bike mode share, but the draft MND states that no bicycle improvements will be included when the streets are resurfaced. Simply restoring existing improvements will clearly not increase bicycle mode share from current levels. Thus, the draft does not explain how this project is consistent with this measure. This could be done, for example, by implementing the CAP-identified actions of developing safe routes to schools improvements where applicable, identifying pedestrian gaps, integrating micromobility parking stations and other improvements, reducing speed limits, and taking a "class IV first approach" to bike lanes to repurpose right of way. A – 4 Comment noted. This comment states that the MND did not consider bicycle mode share increases as a possibility of the repaving that is done after the undergrounding is finalized and it states that measure 3.1 is "focused on increasing bike mode share". Trenching for undergrounding is generally approximately 2.5 feet wide, and for that reason, undergrounding does not generally include restriping. Section VII of the Initial Study, Greenhouse Gas Emissions, includes a discussion of how the proposed project is consistent with Strategy 3 of the CAP.

As one example, Redwood Street is within the project scope and has a school and high traffic volumes, warranting pedestrian and bike improvements. Other sections, like Samson Street, Hilltop Drive, Fairmount and Morena Blvd., have been designated for pedestrian and bicycle improvements in existing plans and some are next to schools and parks. The draft MND makes no mention of these possible improvements. Each segment should be considered in light of community plans, specific plans, and the Bicycle Master Plan. Although it does not appear that the City currently has a bicycle facility selection guide, Table L.2 in Appendix L to the SANDAG 2021 Regional Plan suggests that protected bike lanes should be installed on any street with an ADT over 1500 or an 85 percentile operating speed over 30 mph. The draft MND should identify street segments meeting these criteria and require the installation of protected or buffered bike lanes as a mitigation measure.

A – 5

As these actions are not currently binding, the draft MND should include mitigation measures, as required by the Guidelines. Possible mitigation measures include the installation of Class IV bikeways on all high volume, high speed streets within the project area and consider additional pedestrian improvements on identified pedestrian corridors, including curb extensions, raised crosswalks, audible signals, etc. A – 5 Comment noted. This comment states that the MND should consider including pedestrian and bike improvements in several segments of this project in its analysis. The MND does discuss how all existing streets are returned to their previous configuration, including re-striping of existing bike lanes, and pedestrian curb ramps are added where needed. As the addition of pedestrian curb ramps will improve current conditions, the activities in this program will not conflict with the applicable CAP measures and actions identified in Strategy 3.

A-6 Comment noted. This comment states that the actions being referenced in the above comments are not currently binding, and thus the draft MND should include mitigation measures involving bikeways. Please see response to comment A-3.

A – 6

Without an analysis showing that the designated bicycle facilities and pedestrian improvements are consistent with the specific mode share targets identified in the CAP, the draft MND fails to establish consistency with the specific measures of the CAP. Unless pedestrian and bicycle facilities are maximized and required as mitigation measures or another method is used to establish a resulting mode share consistent with CAP goals, the draft MND is deficient.

Measure 3.4 specifies that the city must install a specified number of roundabouts. The draft MND includes no analysis of whether any portion of this project would be appropriate for a roundabout. Each major intersection should be considered for a roundabout, including "quick build" roundabouts like the one recently installed on Florida Drive.

A – 8

A – 7

Measure 3.6 requires the management of curb space. The draft MND includes no analysis of whether parking should be limited or metered within any part of the project area. As it relates to Measure 3.1, the draft MND should also consider whether onstreet parking should be eliminated in certain areas to facilitate pedestrian and bicycle improvements. A – 7 Comment noted. This comment states that without an analysis of the designated bicycle facilities and pedestrian improvements that this project would provide, it is not consistent with the CAP. As the proposed project is a public infrastructure project that would only have temporary construction GHG emissions, the IS/MND merely needed to demonstrate that the proposed project would not hinder the City meeting its CAP goals. Construction emissions from undergrounding utilities are not a large source of GHG emissions, and were also accounted for in the CAP GHG inventory. No mitigation for GHG emissions is required.

A – 8 Comment noted. This comment states that the MND did not consider the installation of roundabouts in its analysis. As the installation of roundabouts are not traditionally a part of UUP activities, this comment does not address the adequacy of the document.

A – 9 Comment noted. This comment states that the MND does not include analysis of whether parking should be limited or metered within the project area. See response to comment A-4.

A – 9

Measure 5.2 sets a goal of 28% urban canopy cover. The draft MND does not analyze whether the project will reach this goal. Although it suggests residents will be given an opportunity to plant trees, nothing requires these trees to be planted. To satisfy the requirements of the Guidelines, this must be included as a mitigation measure. If residents are not willing to plant trees, alternative methods, such as placing the trees in the city right of way, must be included.

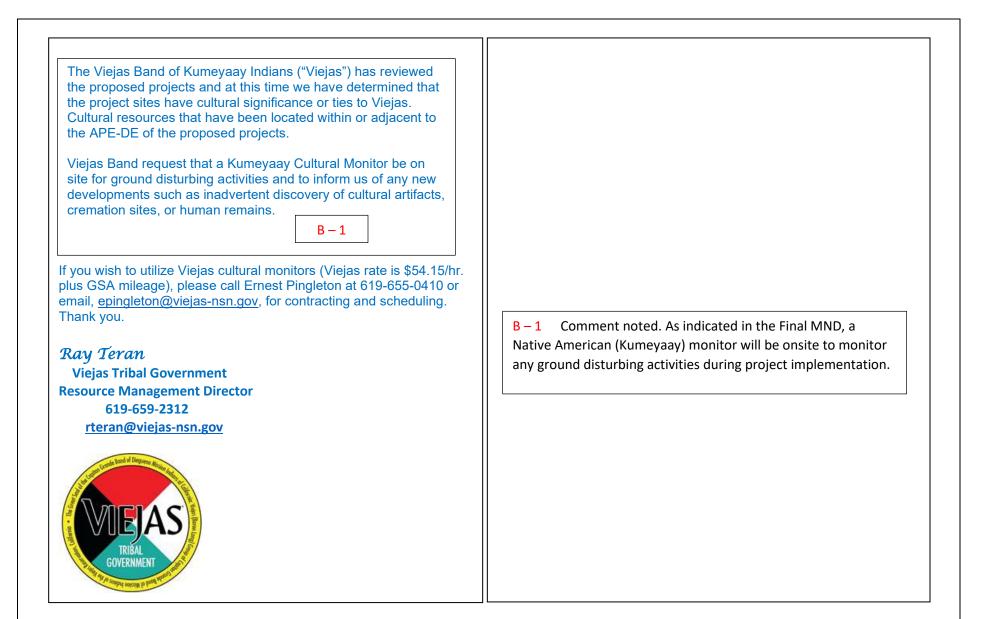
The draft MND also does not consider consistency with the Park Master Plan, which, like the CAP, encourages safe pedestrian and bicycle connections to existing parks within the city's street system. The draft MND does not identify the location of parks and whether any of the streets within the project scope serve as important connections to those parks. To achieve the goals of safe access, Appendix D of the Parks Master Plan states that parks should be awarded "points" for Class I or Cycle Track connections to parks. The draft MND does not analyze whether a Cycle Track can be added to any street within the project scope to increase connectivity as required by the Parks Master Plan. Without analyzing potential connections, the draft MND fails to establish consistency with the goals set forth in the Parks Master Plan. A – 10 Comment noted. This comment states that Measure 5.2 of the CAP sets a goal of 28% urban canopy cover and that this project is merely making trees available to residents that want to plant them. See response to comment A-3. Section VII of the Initial Study, Greenhouse Gas Emissions, includes a discussion of how the proposed project is consistent with Strategy 5 of the CAP.

A – 11 Comment noted. This comment states that the MND did not address consistency with the Parks Master Plan. The proposed project is to underground utilities. This project would have no physical impact on the City's parks, as it would not increase park use.

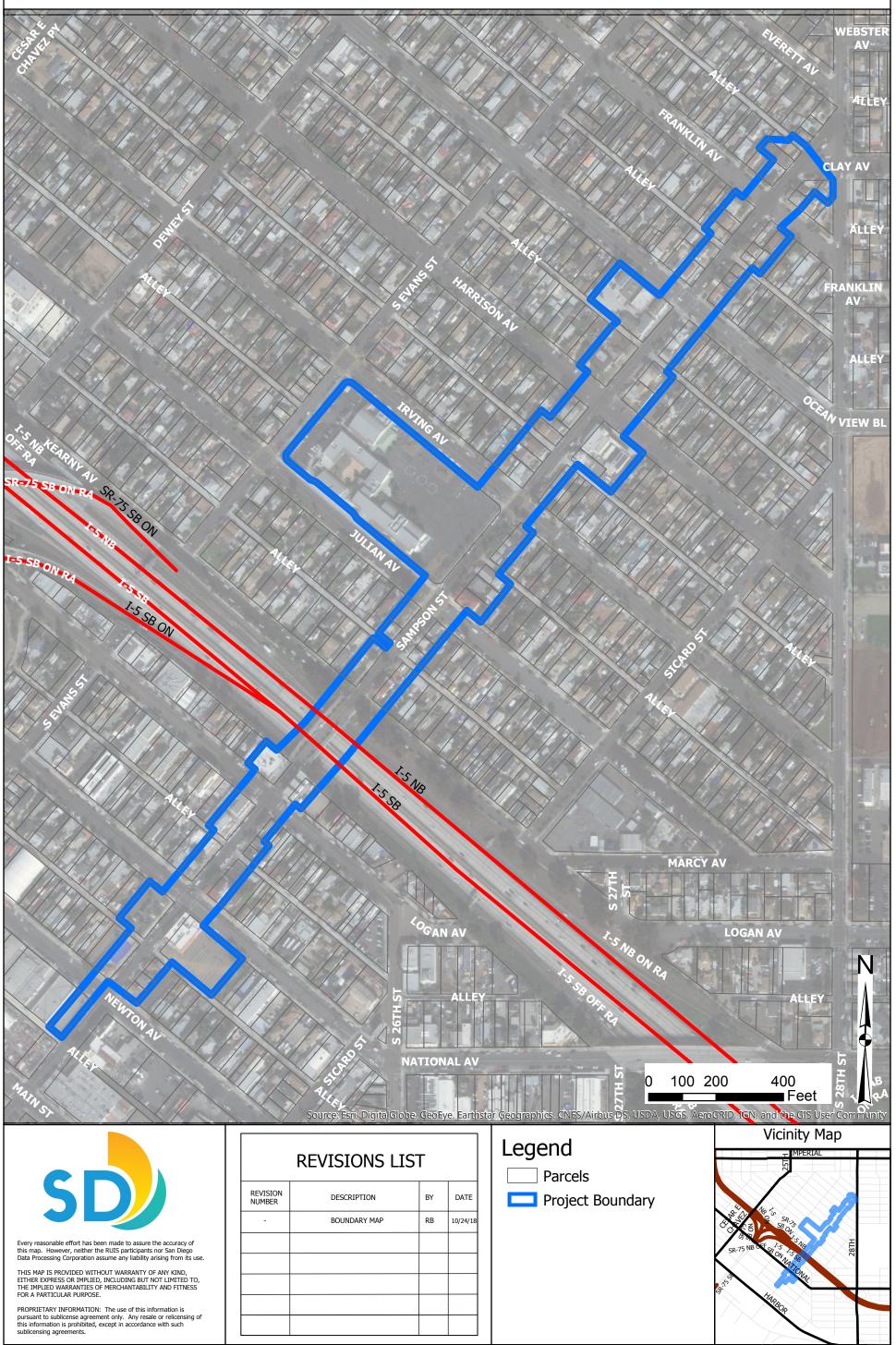
A – 11

A – 10

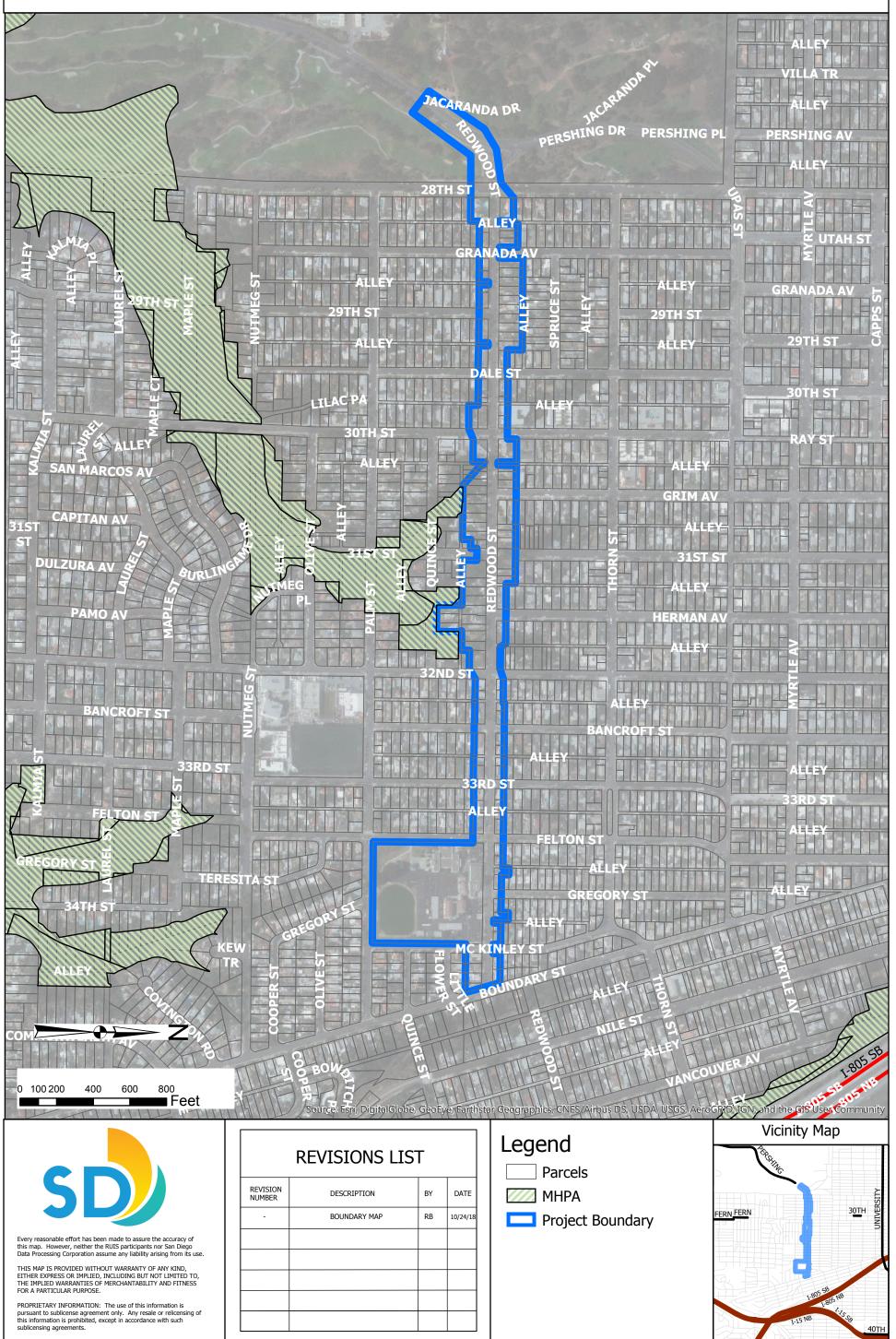
Comments received 2/21/23 Viejas Tribal Government

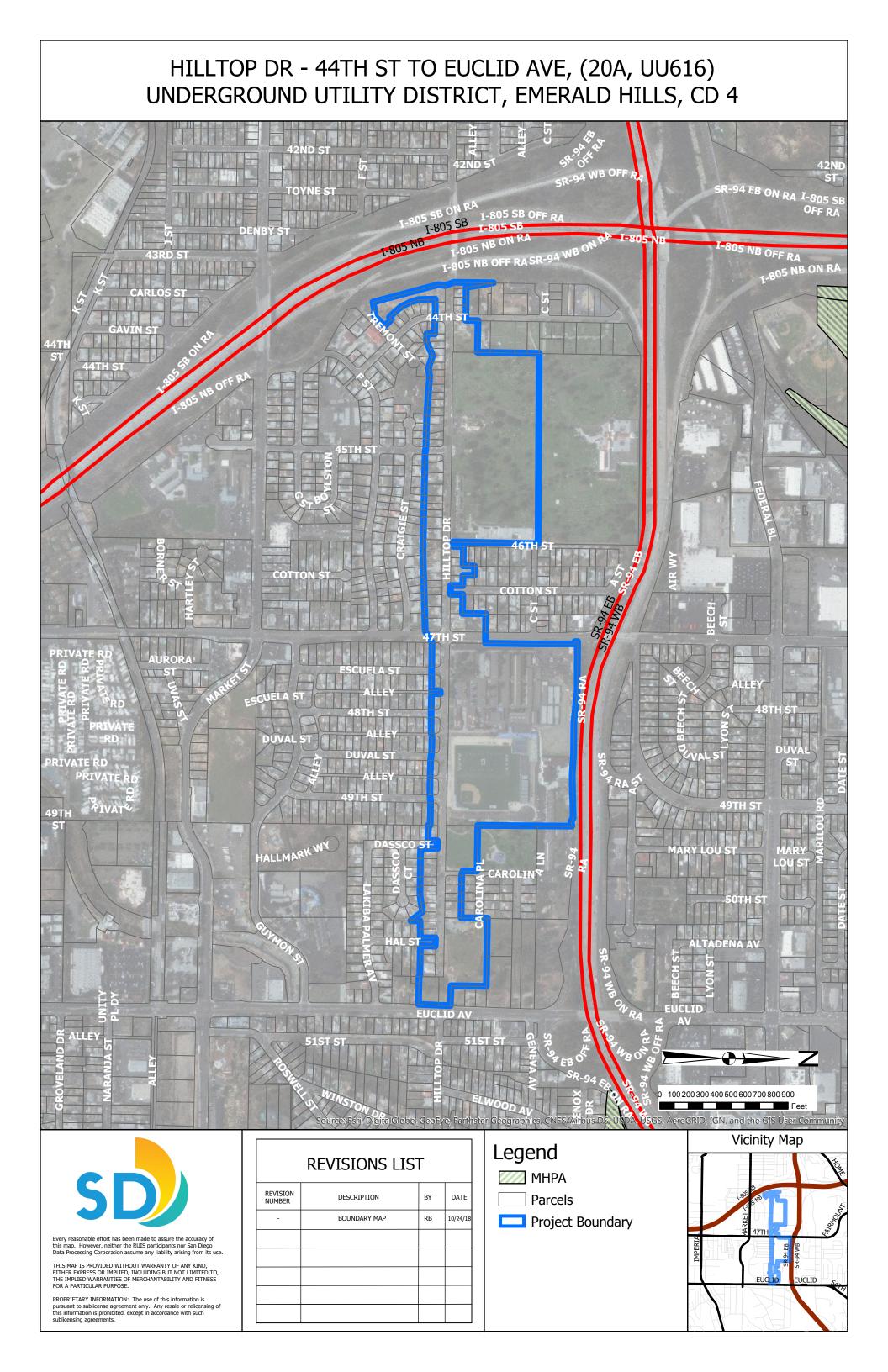


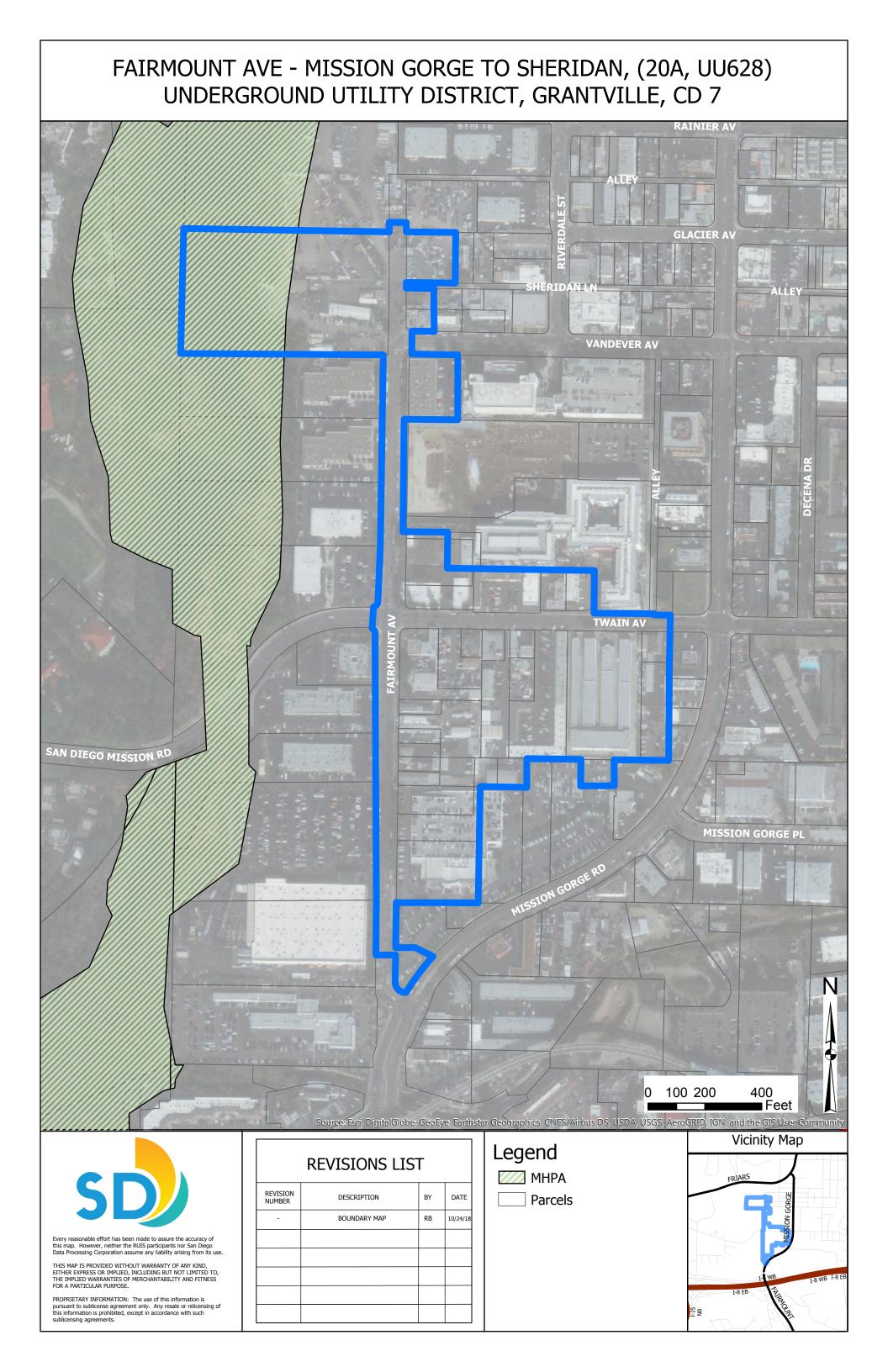
SAMPSON ST - MAIN ST TO CLAY AVE (20A, UU602) UNDERGROUND UTILITY DISTRICT, LOGAN HEIGHTS / BARRIO LOGAN, CD 8



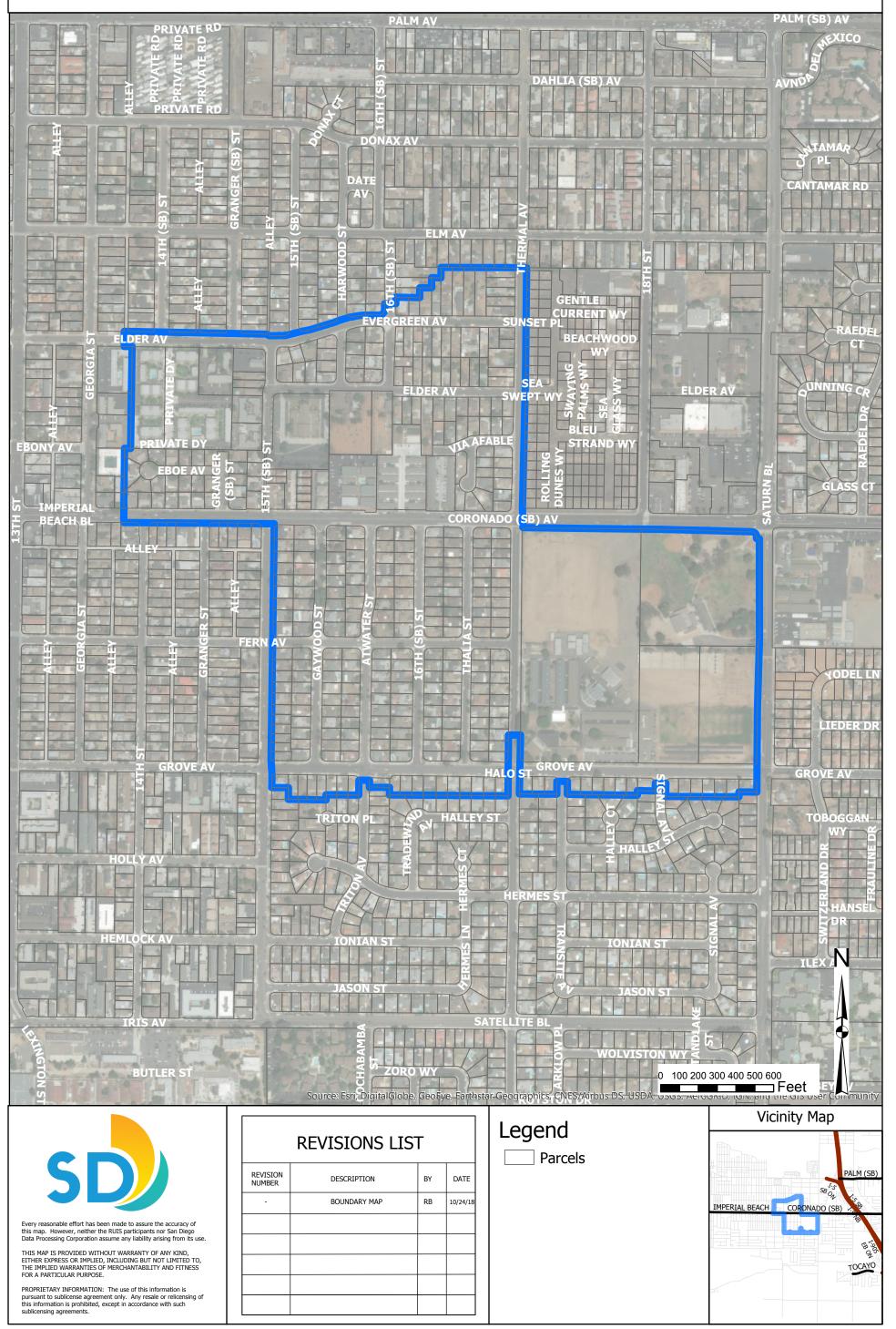
REDWOOD ST - PERSHING TO BOUNDARY ST, (20A, UU611) UNDERGROUND UTILITY DISTRICT, GREATER NORTH PARK, CD 3







RESIDENTIAL PROJECT BLOCK 8R1 (SURCHARGE, UU668) UNDERGROUND UTILITY DISTRICT, EGGER HIGHLANDS, CD 8



<section-header>

BRONTE PL BLACKPOOL RD HUNTHAVEN RD BLOOMFIELD RD GRIBBLE ST

SKYLINE DR

BROOKHAVEN





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REVISIONS LIST					
REVISION NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	BY	DATE		
-	BOUNDARY MAP	RB	10/24/18		

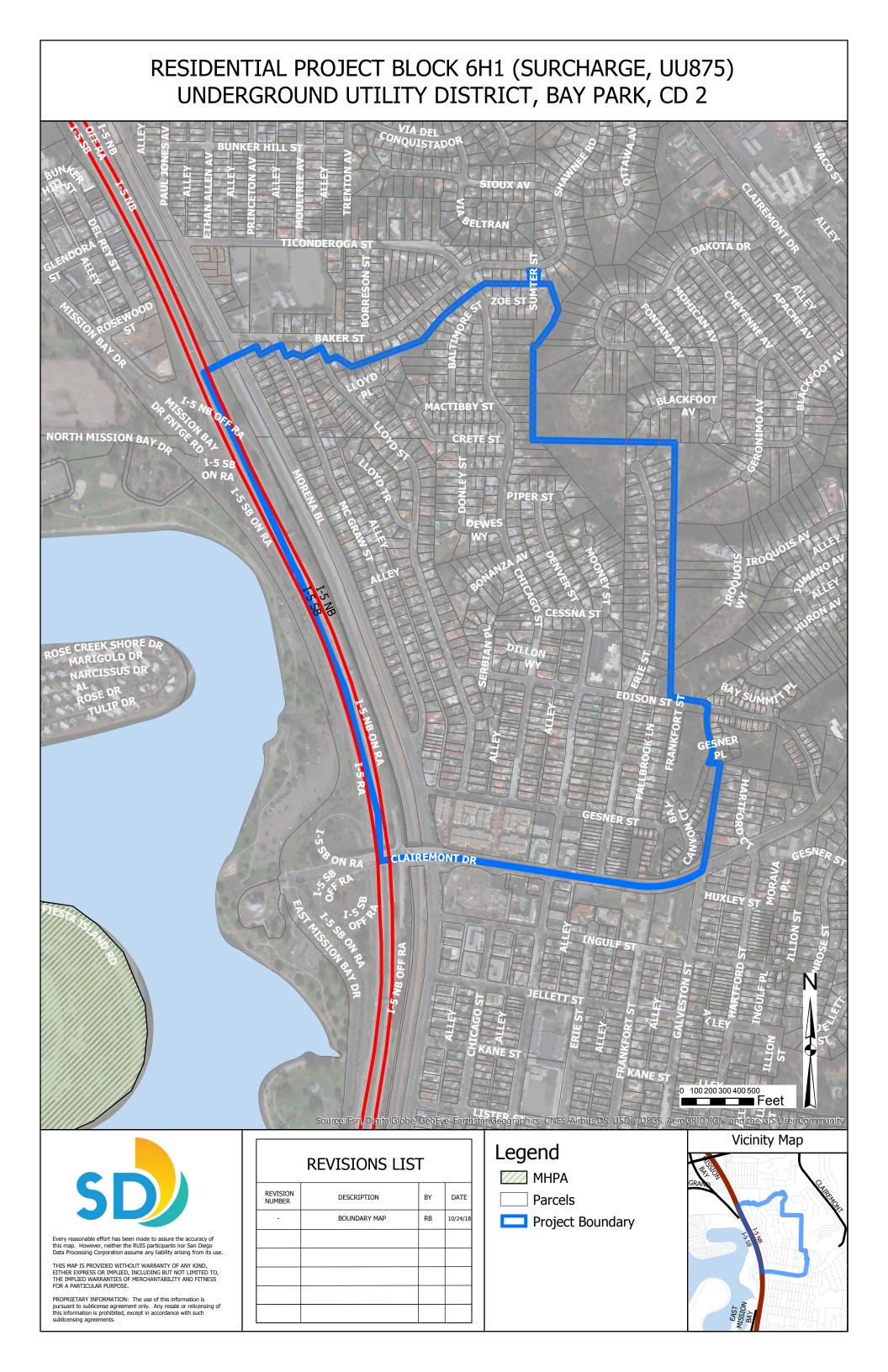




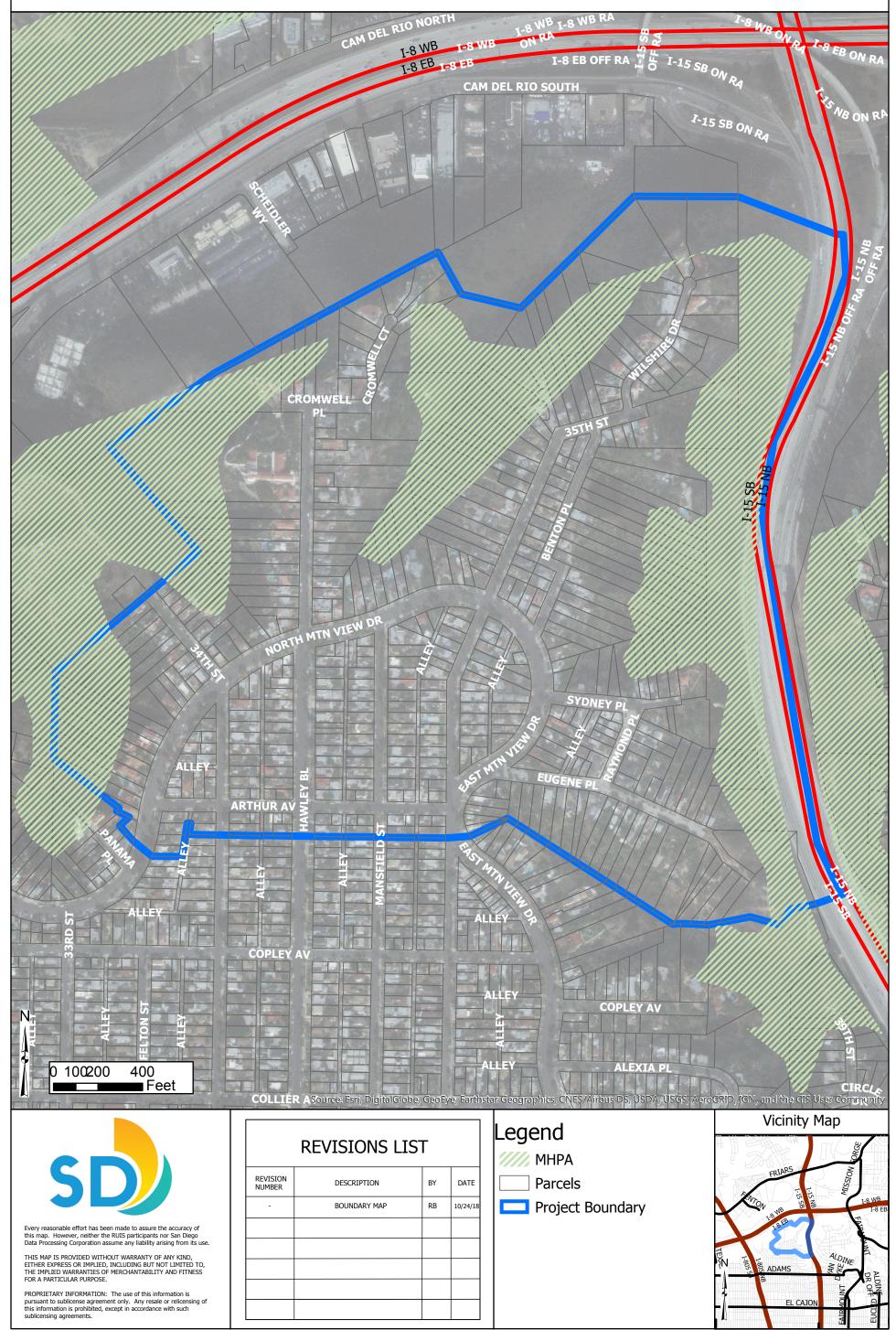
Vicinity Map

N

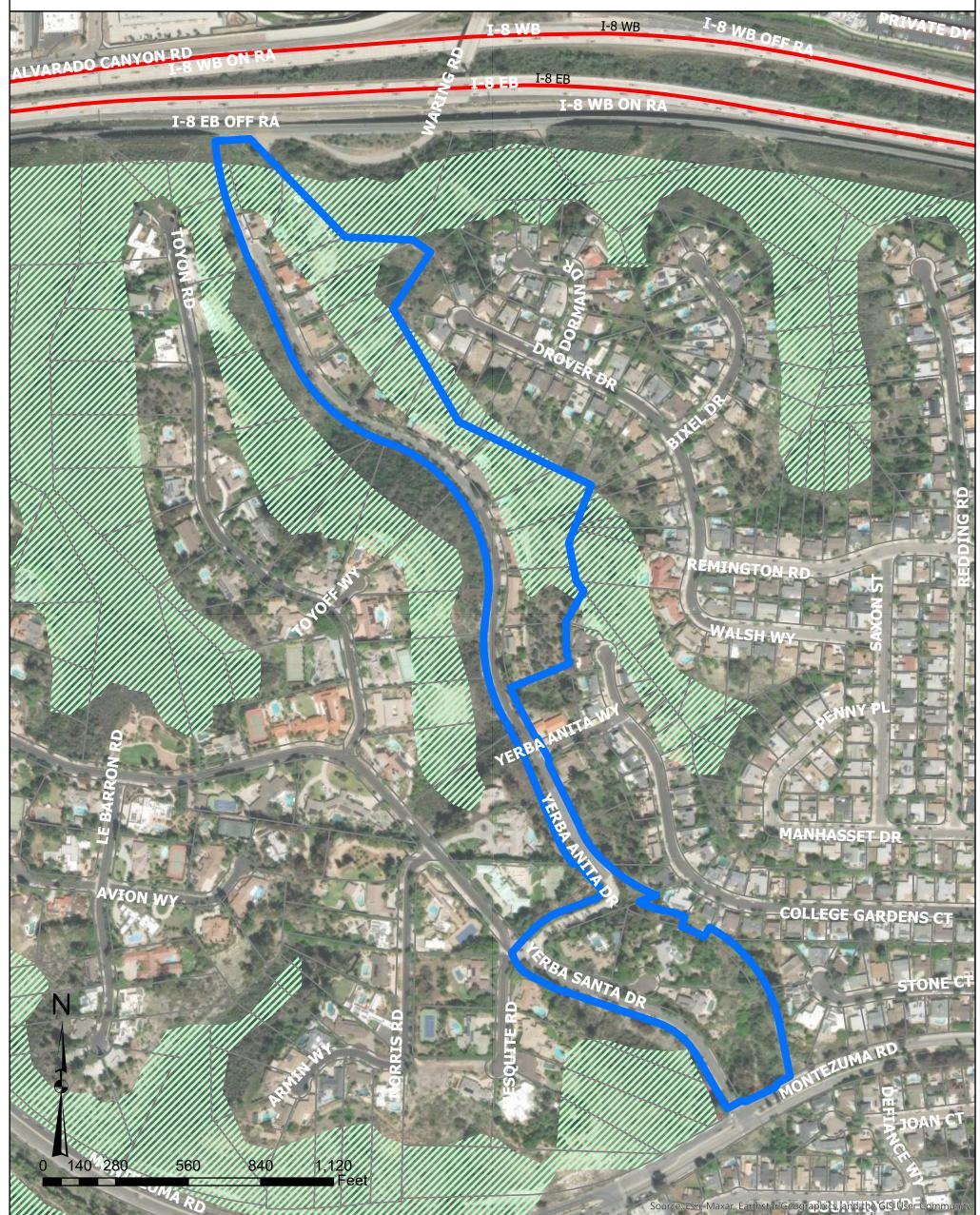




BLOCK 3DD (SURCHARGE, UU908) UNDERGROUND UTILITY DISTRICT, ADAMS NORTH, CD 3



RESIDENTIAL BLOCK 70 (SURCHARGE, UU957) UNDERGROUND UTILITY DISTRICT, COLLEGE WEST, CD 9





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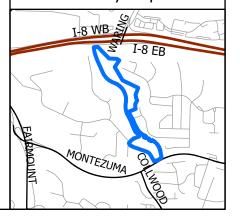
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REVISIONS LIST				
REVISION NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	BY	DATE	
-	ENVIRONMENTAL MAP	RB	8/15/22	



Vicinity Map



- 1. Project Title/Project number: <u>FY16 Allocation Undergrounding Utility Districts /PTS 463483</u>
- 2. Lead agency name and address: <u>City of San Diego, Planning Department, 9485 Aero Drive,</u> <u>MS 413, San Diego, CA 92123-1801</u>
- 3. Contact person and phone number: <u>Greg Johansen, Senior Planner, (619) 446-5372.</u>
- 4. Project location: The project is located within the public right-of-way, as well as several City and San Diego Gas & Electric (SDG&E) easements, in the following areas: UU602 Sampson Street from Main Street to Clay Avenue (Southeastern San Diego/Barrio Logan); UU611 Redwood Street from Pershing Drive to Boundary Street (Balboa Park/North Park); UU616 Hilltop Drive Phase II from 44th Street to Euclid Avenue (Encanto Neighborhoods); UU628 Fairmount Avenue from Mission Gorge Road to Sheridan Lane (Navajo); UU668 Residential Block 8R1 (Otay Mesa-Nestor); UU789 Residential Block 4Y1 (Skyline-Paradise Hills); UU875 Residential Block 6H1 (Clairemont Mesa); UU908 Residential Block 3DD (Normal Heights); and UU957 Residential Block 7O (College Area).
- 5. Project Applicant/Sponsor's name and address: <u>City of San Diego, Transportation</u> <u>Department, Right-of-Way Management / Ana Legy Del Rincon, 9370 Chesapeake Drive,</u> <u>Suite 100, MS 1900, San Diego, CA 92123, 858-541-4330.</u>
- 6. General Plan designation: <u>Right-of-Way (surrounding Residential; Commercial Employment,</u> <u>Retail, & Services; Multiple Use; Institutional & Public and Semi-Public Facilities; and Park,</u> <u>Open Space, & Recreation.</u>
- 7. Zoning: <u>Right-of-Way, Single and Multi-Family Residential, Mixed Use, Commercial, Parks</u> <u>and Open Space, partially within the Coastal Zone.</u>
- Description of project (Describe the whole action involved, including but not limited to, later 8. phases of the project, and any secondary, support, or off-site features necessary for its implementation.): CITY COUNCIL APPROVAL to form the FY16 Allocation Undergrounding Utility Districts (UUD) in accordance with the San Diego Underground Utilities Procedural Ordinance. The districts would obligate utility companies to convert existing overhead lines to underground lines and would restrict utility companies from installing above-ground utility lines in the future, excluding electric transmission lines which are regulated by the California Public Utilities Commission. SDG&E will be constructing an underground utility system per the franchise agreement in the public right-of-way. The project proposes to underground the overhead utility lines by excavating trenches along approximately 18 miles of City streets that are approximately 5 feet deep and 2.5 feet wide along one side of each public right-of-way, installing conduit and substructures such as above ground transformer boxes and pedestals on concrete pads, installing cable through the conduits, backfilling, removing the existing overhead utility lines and poles, and installing new streetlights where applicable. Transformer boxes and pedestals will be installed in the public right of way or a utility easement. Individual customer connections will be made by boring laterally underground, or by open trenching approximately three feet deep and two feet wide, from the main line in the right of way to the location of the customer's electric service box to install conduit and cable. Surfaces will be restored to pre-existing conditions (excluding newly installed above ground transformers and pedestals) when work is complete, depending on the method most suitable for site conditions. Some properties may require electric service box upgrades, relocation, and/or installation of conduit on the exterior of the building. Utility poles may need to be installed or upgraded at the boundary of the district where determined necessary for the transition from the existing aerial system to the new underground system.

Locations of any new poles, streetlights, transformer boxes, and pedestals will be determined during utility system design and a community forum will be held to allow residents to provide input on final designs.

The project may include planting of street trees in the right of way if conditions allow it and property owners sign an agreement to water the tree until it is established. Curb ramps will be installed where necessary to meet the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) requirements, which may result in the loss of a street parking space at some locations. It should also be noted that the project may replace previously conforming curb ramps to meet current City and ADA standards. In addition, sidewalk repairs, preservation of historical stamps, and street resurfacing or replacement of segments of concrete road will be done as needed. The project may include removal, relocation, and/or trimming of street trees under the supervision of the City Arborist, and in conformance with Council Policy 900–19, where necessary for construction operations.

- 9. Surrounding land uses and setting: <u>The surrounding land use is comprised of residential</u>, <u>commercial</u>, <u>multiple use</u>, <u>industrial</u>, <u>parks</u>, <u>open space & recreation</u>, <u>and institutional & public facilities</u>.
- 10. Other public agencies whose approval is required (e.g., permits, financing approval, or participation agreement.): <u>None.</u>
- 11. Have California Native American tribes traditionally and culturally affiliated with the project area requested consultation pursuant to Public Resources Code section 21080.3.1? If so, has consultation begun? <u>Tribal consultation was conducted in May 2017 and updated in October 2022 with the Iipay Nation of Santa Ysabel and resulted in a recommendation for Native American Kumeyaay monitoring during all construction-related trenching activities in the project area.</u>

Note: Conducting consultation early in the CEQA process allows tribal governments, lead agencies, and project proponents to discuss the level of environmental review, identify and address potential adverse impacts to tribal cultural resources, and reduce the potential for delay and conflict in the environmental review process. (See Public Resources Code section 21083.3.2.) Information may also be available from the California Native American Heritage Commission's Sacred Lands File per Public Resources Code section 5097.96 and the California Historical Resources Information System administered by the California Office of Historic Preservation. Please also note that Public Resources Code section 21082.3(c) contains provisions specific to confidentiality.

ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:

The environmental factors checked below would be potentially affected by this project, involving at least one impact that is a "Potentially Significant Impact" as indicated by the checklist on the following pages.

	Aesthetics		Greenhouse Gas Emissions		Population	n/Housing
	Agriculture and Forestry Resources		Hazards & Hazardous Materia	ls		Public Services
	Air Quality		Hydrology/Water Quality		Recrea	ition
\square	Biological Resources	\boxtimes	Land Use/Planning		Transpor	tation/Traffic
\bowtie	Cultural Resources		Mineral Resources	\bowtie	Tribal Cu	ltural Resources

Utilities/Service System Geology/Soils

Noise

Mandatory Findings of Significance

DETERMINATION: (To be completed by Lead Agency)

On the basis of this initial evaluation:

- The proposed project COULD NOT have a significant effect on the environment, and a NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared.
- Although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, there will not be a significant effect in this case because revisions in the project have been made by or agreed to by the project proponent. A MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared.
- The proposed project MAY have a significant effect on the environment, and an ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required.
- The proposed project MAY have a "potentially significant impact" or "potentially significant unless mitigated" impact on the environment, but at least one effect (a) has been adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and (b) has been addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis as described on attached sheets. An ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required.
- Although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, because all potentially significant effects (a) have been analyzed adequately in an earlier EIR or (MITIGATED) NEGATIVE DECLARATION pursuant to applicable standards, and (b) have been avoided or mitigated pursuant to that earlier EIR or (MITIGATED) NEGATIVE DECLARATION, including revisions or mitigation measures that are imposed upon the proposed project, nothing further is required.

	Iss	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
I)	I	AESTHETICS – Would the projec	ct:			
	a)	Have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista?				\boxtimes
	b)	The proposed projects would located primarily under the pu- except for the transformer b projects would improve the v utility poles and lines, exclud California Public Utilities Com Substantially damage scenic resources, including but not limited to, trees, rock outcroppings, and historic buildings within a state scenic highway?	<u>ublic right-of-v</u> oxes placed ab isual quality of ding electric tra	vay and would not be ove ground on conc the area by removin	visible once co crete pads. The ng existing abo	onstructed, e proposed ove ground
	c	Please see I.a. The proposed p and are not located within a s proposed UUDs are subject to street trees, except as require heritage trees, parkway res protection under Council Police) Substantially degrade the	scenic highway. o Council Polic ed because of t ource trees, a	Furthermore, street y 900-19, which pr ree health or public	trees present ovides for prot safety. Landn	within the tection for nark trees,
		existing visual character or quality of the site and its surroundings?				\boxtimes
	Although the projects would enhance the overall community character by removing unsightly overhead lines and poles, it would also require the placement of abovegrou electric transformer boxes, fuse cabinets, and telecommunication pedestals in the pu right of way or an easement. The size, number, and placement of boxes and pedestals depend on several factors including the electric load, distance between customers, an conflicts with existing facilities. In residential neighborhoods, electric transformers a most commonly 3 feet by 3 feet by 3 feet green boxes placed on concrete pads measur 4 feet by 4 feet and several inches tall. Pedestal sizes are more variable between the different telecommunication companies but are often smaller. The number of transformer boxes typically varies between 1 per 8 homes to 1 per 15 homes. The locat of existing overhead lines (e.g., alleys or back lots) does not necessarily dictate where new underground and aboveground facilities will be located. A pre-design communit forum will be held several months prior to construction to present proposed locations equipment and allow property owners and residents to communicate their concerns a preferences to the design teams to help guide decisions about utility box and streetlig locations.					eground he public lestals rs, and ners are leasuring the location where nunity ations for erns and
		<u>Structures receiving the under on the outside of the building</u>				
			16			

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
Come huild	man more mood additional conduit	and/an a inmetion h	and in stallad dam	andina

Some buildings may need additional conduit and/or a junction box installed depending on various factors including distance to the service panel and configuration of the existing electric service feed, among other site-specific factors. The conduit is generally no larger than a few inches in diameter. The placement of exterior equipment on designated historic structures would be reviewed by historic resources staff when electric service conversion permits are issued. In addition, new streetlights installed in the potential Altadena historic district would conform to City standards for the neighborhood.

The addition of the above-ground transformer boxes and pedestals and building attachments would not substantially change the character of the developed areas where they would be installed. Although, some property owners may find the new equipment unattractive, the overall visual impact to the neighborhood would be improved by removing the overhead lines and poles. As such, impacts to neighborhood character would be less than significant.

d) Create a new source of substantial light or glare that would adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area?

The proposed projects would not have the potential to create light or glare impacts. Existing streetlights will be removed and replaced in like and kind. Additional streetlights may be added due to safety concerns if it is determined that a particular location or intersection is made safer with a streetlight.

 \bowtie

 \boxtimes

II) AGRICULTURAL AND FOREST RESOURCES: In determining whether impacts to agricultural resources are significant environmental effects, lead agencies may refer to the California Agricultural Land Evaluation and Site Assessment Model (1997) prepared by the California Department of Conservation as an optional model to use in assessing impacts on agriculture and farmland. In determining whether impacts to forest resources, including timberland, are significant environmental effects, lead agencies may refer to information compiled by the California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection regarding the state's inventory of forest land, including the Forest and Range Assessment Project and the Forest Legacy Assessment project; and forest carbon measurement methodology provided in Forest Protocols adopted by the California Air Resources Board. – Would the project:

a) Converts Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance (Farmland), as shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency, to nonagricultural use?

Iss	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	The proposed projects will be land not classified as farmla (FMMP). Similarly, land surro by the FMMP. Therefore, the agricultural uses.	and by the Fa	<u>rmland Mapping a</u> oposed projects is n	nd Monitoring ot classified as	Program farmland
b)	Conflict with existing zoning for agricultural use, or a Williamson Act Contract?				\boxtimes
	<u>The proposed projects will be a land not zoned for agriculture</u>				<u>way on</u>
c)	Conflict with existing zoning for, or cause rezoning of, forest land (as defined in Public Resources Code section 1220(g)), timberland (as defined by Public Resources Code section 4526), or timberland zoned Timberland Production (as defined by Government Code section 51104(g))?				
	<u>The public right-of-way and l</u> <u>forest land. Therefore, the prop</u> <u>for forest land.</u>				
d)	Result in the loss of forest land or conversion of forest land to non-forest use?				\boxtimes
	The utility project sites are loc surrounding the proposed proj projects would not convert for	<u>ects are not de</u>	signated forest land		
e)	Involve other changes in the existing environment, which, due to their location or nature, could result in conversion of Farmland to non-agricultural use or conversion of forest land to non-forest use?				

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
No existing agricultural use affected by the proposed pro			oject sites that	<u>could be</u>
III. AIR QUALITY – Where availat quality management or air po determinations – Would the p	llution control di			
a) Conflict with or obstruct implementation of the applicable air quality plan?			\boxtimes	
The San Diego Air Pollutic Governments (SANDAG) are plan for attainment and mai Air Basin (SDAB). The Count in 1991 and is updated on a t population, vehicle trends, a a part of the developmen development that is consis consistent with the RAQS. T community plans, and put Furthermore, operation of u thus, would not conflict with	e responsible for intenance of the a ty Regional Air Qu riennial basis. Th and land use plans at of their gene stent with the g The proposed pro plic infrastructur undergrounded ut	developing and im mbient air quality standards (RA e RAQS relies on gro s developed by the c ral plans. As such rowth anticipated b ject would be consi e construction is a ility lines would not	plementing the tandards in the QS) was initial owth projection ities and by the t, projects tha by local plans stent with the inticipated in the generate emis	e clean air San Diego ly adopted s based on County as t propose would be applicable the RAQS. sions, and
 b) Violate any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation? 				
<u>Please see III.a.</u>				
c) Result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is non-attainment under an applicable federal or state ambient air quality standard (including releasing emissions which exceed quantitative thresholds for ozone precursors)?				
<u>Operation of the proposed</u> <u>Construction of the proposed</u> <u>entering the air basin. Howe</u>	<u>ed projects could</u>	increase the amou	nt of harmful	<u>pollutants</u>

entering the air basin. However, for construction air quality impacts, the City of San Diego Significance Determination Thresholds (City of San Diego, 2022) provides project examples for screening purposes. For construction, the example is a project that would result in 100

Iss	ue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	pounds per day of PM10 emit acres per day. The proposed wide along one side of each p require approximately 2.6 r come close to producing eve proposed projects is not of considerable net increase in attainment under an applic construction impacts would	l projects would t public right-of-w niles of trenchin n 0.1-mile (528 f a magnitude tha n any criteria po cable federal or s	00 pounds of PM10 i rench approximately ay. To equal 4 acres g in a day. The prop eet) of trenching in a at would result cont llutant for which th tate ambient air qua	y 5 feet deep an of grading in a posed projects a day. Construc ribute to a cur e project regio	nd 2.5 feet day would would not tion of the mulatively on is non-
d)	Expose sensitive receptors to substantial pollutant concentrations?				\boxtimes
	Construction operations cou which could affect sensitive construction emissions wou construction BMPs would r minimal levels. Therefore, t substantial pollutant concer	<u>e receptors adjac</u> Ild be temporary, educe potential the proposed pro	ent to the proposed and it is anticipated impacts related to d	l project sites. I that impleme construction ac	However, entation of ctivities to
e)	Create objectionable odors affecting a substantial number of people?			\boxtimes	
	Operation of construction e fuel combustion. However, t construction equipment and objectionable odors associat	these odors would d vehicles. After	<u>l only remain tempo</u> construction is com	<u>rarily in proxir</u>	<u>nity to the</u>
IV. E	BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES – W	ould the project:			
a)	Have substantial adverse effects, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special status species in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?				
	<u>All trenching would occur w</u>				

All trenching would occur within the developed public right-of-way, outside of the City's Multi-Habitat Planning Area (MHPA) and wetland, Tier I, II, or IIIA/B habitat. The majority of utility pole removal work would also occur within the developed public right-of-way, except for the removal of five poles in two UUDs that occur within SDG&E access easements.

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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UU957 Block 70 has one pole in coastal sage scrub (Tier II) habitat approximately 30 feet from the road, but not in the MHPA. UU908 Block 3DD has four poles in coastal sage scrub (Tier II) habitat, two of which are in the City's MHPA. A biological survey of Block 3DD was conducted on September 14, 2017 (Dudek 2017). No special status plants species were found; however, one coastal California gnatcatcher was observed within the study area.

Removal of any poles within the MHPA and coastal sage scrub would be conducted outside of the coastal California gnatcatcher breeding season (March 1 to August 15). Poles that cannot be accessed from existing roadways would be cut down to ground level in small sections and carried out on foot. No new access roads would be created. Foot paths to pole removal locations inaccessible from existing roads would not constitute a direct significant impact to vegetation communities or special-status plants because no vegetation will be removed, and measures will be taken to ensure that vegetation can recover from trampling. Because the vegetation communities within and adjacent to both UUDs provide suitable habitat for special-status wildlife species, compliance with the MHPA Land Use Adjacency Guidelines (LUAG) outlined in the City's Multiple Species Conservation Plan (MSCP) Subarea Plan and further described in Land Use and Planning, Section X(c) would ensure potential impacts to special-status wildlife within 300 feet of construction activities would be less than significant.

b) Have a substantial adverse effect on any riparian habitat or other community identified in local or regional plans, policies, and regulations or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?

A portion of UU628 Fairmount Avenue is located within the San Diego River corridor, but there is no riparian habitat within the work limits of the proposed UUD. Existing overhead utility lines would be placed below the paved and/or improved roadway, which would not have an adverse effect on adjacent sensitive habitat. In addition, two utility poles in UU908 Block 3DD would be removed from SDG&E easements located within sensitive habitat in the MHPA. However, foot paths to pole removal locations would not be considered a significant impact since no vegetation would be removed and measures would be taken to ensure that vegetation can recover from trampling. As described in IV.a, pole removal in the MHPA would be performed manually without heavy equipment and would not create a significant impact.

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c) Have a substantial adverse effect on federally protected wetlands as defined by Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (including but not limited to marsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc.) through direct removal, filling,

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact	
hydrological interruption, or other means?		^			
<u>Please see IV.a and b above. T</u> <u>UUDs, and as such no impact</u>			<u>rk limits of the</u>	<u>proposed</u>	
d) Interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or with established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors, or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites?					
The proposed projects would described above in IV.a and b. right-of-way and would not occupied habitat will be kep removal within the MHPA migratory fish or wildlife spe corridors.	, project trench remove any ha pt below 60 dF would not sub	ing will be located wi bitat. Construction r 3(a) during the avia ostantially interfere	ithin the develo noise levels at t n breeding sea with native re	<u>ped public</u> <u>he edge of</u> ason. Pole esident or	
e) Conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources, such as a tree preservation policy or ordinance?					
The proposed projects would not conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources, such as a tree preservation policy or ordinance. As described in IV.a., removal of poles within sensitive habitat and the MHPA would not create a significant impact. Construction work would be conducted in accordance with MHPA LUAG. Reasonable steps will be taken to protect existing trees while work is in progress. Tree removal will be performed only when necessary for undergrounding construction as determined in consultation with the City's arborist. In addition, planting of new street trees will be offered to all property owners after lines are placed underground, provided that property owners sign an agreement to water the tree until it is established.					
Due to the presence of the M with the MHPA LUAG (Section not result in any indirect im from drainage, toxics, lighting project construction and oper Section X(c) for further detail	on 1.4.3) is requi pacts to the MI ng, noise, barri ation must not	ired in order to ensu HPA. Per the MSCP, ers, invasives, and	re that the prop potential indir brush managen	ject would ect effects nent from	

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
 f) Conflict with the provisions of an adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Community Conservation Plan, or other approved local, regional, or state habitat conservation plan? <u>The City's MSCP establishes</u> <u>Although utility lines and ro</u> of the MCSP, the proposed p the MHPA and place them in <u>Section 1.4.2 of the MSCP w</u> minimize intrusion into the P minimize habitat disturbance roads would not be removed foot, cut down to ground le project would be required construction-related activiti 	ads are conside roject would ren n the developed hich states that WHPA by routin re, poles in the using heavy equined vel, cut into so to comply with	Limit activities that red conditionally con move the existing ut public right-of-way t utility lines should g through developed MHPA that are not uipment. They would naller sections, and n the MHPA LUAG	mpatible per Se ility lines and p y. This is consi- l be designed to areas, where po- accessible fror l be accessed by carried out on described belo	ection 1.4.1 poles from stent with o avoid or ossible. To n existing y crews on foot. The ow during
Habitat Conservation Plan or plan would be less than sign	other approved			
V. CULTURAL RESOURCES – Woa) Cause a substantial adverse	uld the project:	\boxtimes		

a) Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an historical resource as defined in §15064.5?

The purpose and intent of the *Historical Resources Regulations of the Land Development Code* (*Chapter 14, Division 3, and Article 2*) is to protect, preserve and, where damaged, restore the historical resources of San Diego. The regulations apply to all proposed development within the City of San Diego when historical resources are present on the premises. CEQA requires that before approving discretionary projects, the Lead Agency must identify and examine the significant adverse environmental effects that may result from that project. A project that may cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource may have a significant effect on the environment (Sections 15064.5(b) and 21084.1). A substantial adverse change is defined as demolition, destruction, relocation, or alteration activities, which would impair historical significance (Section 15064.5(b)(1)).

None of the underground utility districts are located within the boundary of a designated historic district or within the boundary of a potential historic district identified in a historic survey, with the exception of the Redwood Street – Pershing to Boundary Street (20A, UU611) district, which is within the boundary of the potential Altadena historic district. The potential Altadena historic district was identified in the 2016 North Park Community Plan Area Historic Resources Survey and is currently under intensive survey and evaluation by the City to confirm eligibility. If eligible, the Altadena historic district will be brought before the City's Historical Resources Board to consider designation. The undergrounding of utilities is not considered a significant impact to a historic district. Overhead wires are not considered character defining features worthy of preservation, and the installation of modern utility infrastructure such as

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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transformer boxes are not significant intrusions on designated or potential historic districts that would adversely impact their ability to convey their significance as a collective resource. Additionally, impacts to the historic fabric of a designated or potential historic district can be mitigated through project design requirements and City standards, such as:

- <u>Siting any new or relocated electric service boxes on the sides of buildings, rather than the front facade.</u>
- <u>Trimming trees under the guidance of a qualified arborist and removal of trees only when</u> the tree is no longer viable.
- Section 142.0670(b)(1) and (2) of the Land Development Code requires that specific street improvements be constructed to preserve historic design elements in specific neighborhoods; including the location, width, elevation, scoring pattern, texture, color and material to the satisfaction of the City Engineer. In addition, concrete sidewalk stamps must be sawcut and replaced in the same or close location as determined by a qualified historic preservation consultant as required in the contract documents.

Conversion work, including but not limited to trenching, boring, conduit installation, and utility box upgrades, on individual properties that are designated historic resources will be reviewed by City Historic Resources staff at the time when permit applications are submitted to ensure that work would not impact the historical status of the property.

Implementation of these measures, which are consistent with the U.S. Secretary of the Interior's Standards for the Treatment of Historic Properties and are implemented within designated historic districts in the City of San Diego, would ensure that the proposed utility undergrounding project would not adversely impact the potential Altadena Historic District nor preclude possible future designation of the resource.

Implementation of the mitigation measures and contract requirements would reduce potential impacts to cultural resources to below a level of significance and would not result in a substantial adverse change to the significance of an historical resource.

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b) Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an archaeological resource pursuant to §15064.5?

<u>Please see V.a. A records search was conducted for the proposed UUDs which did not</u> <u>result in the identification of recorded sites within the project boundaries; however,</u> <u>resources were identified within ¼ mile of each project area, and as noted above in V.a,</u> <u>there is a potential for resources to be encountered anywhere in the project areas;</u> <u>especially in proximity to the coast or bays. Any historical resource listed in, or eligible</u> <u>to be listed in the California Register of Historical Resources, including archaeological</u> <u>resources, is considered to be historically or culturally significant. As such,</u> <u>archaeological and Native American monitoring would be required during all</u> <u>construction-related activities required to implement the project.</u>

c) Directly or indirectly destroy a unique

	Issu		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
		paleontological resource or site or unique geologic feature?				
		<u>Project plans do not call for Significance thresholds for pa paleontological or unique geo</u>	leontological re	sources. Therefore,		
	-	Disturb any human remains, including those interred outside of dedicated cemeteries?				
		<u>Please refer to section V.a. Are</u> <u>during soil disturbing activiti</u> <u>Mitigation Monitoring and R</u> <u>Code, and the California He</u> <u>appropriate treatment of any</u>	es. If human re eporting Progra alth and Safet	emains are encounte am (MMRP), the Cal y Code will be imp	<u>red, all provisi</u> ifornia Public	ons of the Resources
VI.	GE	COLOGY AND SOILS – Would t	he project:			
	-	Expose people or structures to potential substantial adverse effects, including the risk of loss, injury, or death involving:				
		i) Rupture of a known earthquake fault, as delineated on the most recent Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Map issued by the State Geologist for the area or based on other substantial evidence of a known fault? Refer to Division of Mines and Geology Special Publication 42.				
		Part of UU875 Block 6H1 is UU602 Sampson Street, UI are located in proximity to structures for human occ construction practices. Th	<u>U611 Redwood S</u> <u>5 several fault</u> <u>cupancy and w</u>	<u>reet, UU908 Block 3</u> <u>s. However, the pro</u> ould utilize proper	DD, and UU95 jects do not in engineering d	<u>7 Block 70</u> Iclude any esign and
		fault in this category. ii) Strong seismic ground shaking?				

Iss	ue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact	
	The proposed projects are primarily located on soil classified by the City of San Diego Seismic Safety Study as low to moderate risk. UU602 Sampson Street, UU875 Block 6H1, UU611 Redwood Street, UU908 Block 3DD, and UU957 Block 7O are located in proximity to several faults which could have the potential for strong ground shaking. However, the projects do not include any structures for human occupancy. The proposed projects would utilize proper engineering design and construction practices to ensure the potential for impacts from ground shaking would remain less than significant.					
	iii) Seismic-related ground failure, including liquefaction?			\boxtimes		
	UU628 Fairmount Aven However, none of the pr would all be constructed design and construction failure or liquefaction wo	ojects include an d primarily und practices incor	y structures for hur erground. With the porated, the potenti	nan occupancy appropriate ei	<u>, and they</u> ngineering	
	iv) Landslides?			\boxtimes		
b)	<u>The proposed projects w</u> <u>right-of-way or on priv</u> <u>landslides and is not loca</u> <u>proposed projects would</u> <u>death involving landslid</u> <u>engineering design and w</u> <u>potential for impacts wou</u> Result in substantial soil	vate developed <u>p</u> ated near the bas not expose peop es. The design o Itilization of stan	property that does a be of a slope that is s ble or structures to t f the proposed proje dard construction pr	not have a po subject to lands he risk of loss, ects would util	tential for slides. The injury, or ize proper	
0)	erosion or the loss of topsoil?				\boxtimes	
<u>Construction of the proposed projects would include trenching within the developed public</u> <u>right-of-way and trenching or boring on private property. After the conduit and cable is</u> <u>placed, all disturbed areas would be replaced in kind. During construction, storm water</u> <u>BMPs would minimize erosion. Therefore, the projects would not cause substantial soil</u> <u>erosion or loss of topsoil.</u>						
c)	Be located on a geologic unit or soil that is unstable, or that would become unstable as a result of the project, and potentially result in on- or off-site landslide, lateral spreading, subsidence, liquefaction or collapse?					
	UU628 Fairmount Avenue is	located on soils	with the potential f	or liquefaction.	However,	

<u>UU628 Fairmount Avenue is located on soils with the potential for liquefaction. However, all of the proposed projects would be constructed within the developed public right-of-way mostly below grade at depths no greater than approximately 5 feet deep and 2.5 feet wide</u>

	Iss	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
		and would be backfilled and the utilize appropriate engineering	<mark>g design and sta</mark>	ed. The design of the andard construction	practices that v	
	d)	contribute to unstable soil cond Be located on expansive soil, as defined in Table 18- 1-B of the Uniform Building Code (1994), creating substantial risks to life or property?				
		The proposed projects do not constructed within the develop the proposed projects would practices to ensure that the po	ped public righ utilize approp	<u>it-of-way mostly be</u> priate engineering	<u>low grade. The</u> design and co	<u>design of</u> nstruction
	e)	Have soils incapable of adequately supporting the use of septic tanks or alternative waste water disposal systems where sewers are not available for the disposal of waste water?				
		<u>The proposed projects would n</u> Therefore, no impact would oc		ic tanks or alternativ	<u>e wastewater s</u>	<u>ystems.</u>
VII.		GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS	- Would the pr	oject:		
	a)	Generate greenhouse gas emissions, either directly or indirectly, that may have a significant impact on the environment?			\boxtimes	
		<u>Pursuant to section 15183.5 of the CEQA Guidelines, the City's Climate Action Plan (CAP)</u> was adopted in 2015 and updated in 2022. The CAP quantifies greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions, establishes a threshold for cumulatively considerable emissions, and specifies strategies for emission reductions along with a mechanism to monitor progress.				
		The CAP's first strategy is aim focus on the removal of natura removing fossil fuels from ne methane and other fossil fuel	al gas or metha w building con	ane. The City's goals Instruction, transitio	<u>under Strategy</u> ning away fror	<u>7 1 include</u> n burning

The CAP's first strategy is aimed at removing carbon from the built environment, with a focus on the removal of natural gas or methane. The City's goals under Strategy 1 include removing fossil fuels from new building construction, transitioning away from burning methane and other fossil fuels, and transitioning buildings to cleaner, zero emissions sources or technologies. Actions related to decarbonization of the built environment include developing a comprehensive roadmap to achieve decarbonization of the existing building stock, developing and adopting a building electrification policy, requiring new residential and commercial buildings to eliminate the use of natural gas, increase energy efficiency, increase distributed energy generation and storage, and increase EV charging stations. Strategy 1 actions are directed at City staff and City Council to adopt ordinances,

Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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plans, and supporting City requirements to achieve the City's targets. The proposed projects would not include any new buildings; therefore, the projects would not conflict with the applicable CAP goals and actions identified in Strategy 1. The undergrounding of utility lines will reduce recurring tree trimming and maintenance that occurs throughout the districts prior to undergrounding. This maintenance is required for the safe operation of overhead powerlines and is eliminated when those lines are relocated underground. Chain saws, trimmers and woodchippers are powered by fossil fuels and produce GHG emissions including nitrous oxide, a powerful global-warming gas. Therefore, reducing their use would reduce GHG emissions. During construction, California regulations limit construction equipment and vehicle idling by requiring that equipment be shut off when not in use and that idling not exceed five minutes [California Code of Regulations, Title 13, sections 2449(d)(3) and 2485]. Signs must be posted at entrances to work sites stating this requirement. The California Air Resources Board (CARB) enforces idling limitations and compliance with diesel fleet regulations. CARB also issues certificates of compliance for off-road diesel-powered equipment. In summation, operation of the proposed project would reduce the amount of GHG emissions needed to maintain the utility delivery systems in the City and construction of the proposed project would limit emissions to the extent possible, and, thus, the proposed project is consistent with the goal of CAP Update Strategy 1 to decarbonize the built environment.

Strategy 2 maintains the City's commitment to 100% clean and renewable energy while acknowledging that transitioning towards these sources is key to reducing the City's GHG emissions. It also sets ambitious targets for converting the City's fleet of vehicles to electric. It is set to develop a citywide electric vehicle (EV) strategy to accelerate EV adoption, including flexible fleets, circulators, and electric bicycles, focusing on the barriers to ownership and charging for residents within Communities of Concern. Some of the supporting actions that the City plans to use to achieve this are, update AR 35.80 to include EV vehicles to the list of preferred purchases, to conduct a City fleet electrification study to determine best siting, funding needs, and strategies including specific strategies for the Chollas operations yard. The proposed projects would change the location of electric distribution and telecommunication lines from overhead service to underground service. It would not include any measures that would change the source of energy supplied. increase operational energy demand, or interfere with the City's transition to renewable energy sources. The projects would necessitate that houses or buildings with electrical service panels that do not meet current codes are updated, which could help facilitate the houses' or building's readiness for the installation of renewable energy upgrades such as photovoltaic solar panels. Therefore, the projects would not conflict with the City's ability to implement the actions identified in Strategy 2. Therefore, the proposed projects would support the applicable CAP measures and actions identified in Strategy 2.

Strategy 3 focuses on emissions from transportation, the single largest source of GHG emissions in San Diego, and establishes actions that support shifting trips away from vehicles through mobility and land use actions and policies. It focuses on providing safe and enjoyable routes for pedestrians and cyclists, increasing access to safe, convenient, and enjoyable transit, work from anywhere measures to reduce traffic congestion to improve air quality, and climate-focused land use. The projects would create temporary impacts to streets that are being trenched or repaved, however, Traffic Control Plans are required for construction permits and reroute mass transit, bicycles, and pedestrians during construction. After construction, existing streets are returned to their previous configuration, including re-striping of existing bike lanes, and pedestrian curb ramps are

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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added where needed. Although the projects would remove poles from the right of way, it would add above-ground transformer boxes and pedestals. In rare cases, existing bicycle infrastructure may need to be moved to accommodate the new above-ground equipment, but it would remain accessible in the same general area. Therefore, the proposed projects would not conflict with the applicable CAP measures and actions identified in Strategy 3.

Strategy 4 will expand the City's zero waste goals for gas and waste management by supporting efforts to increase composting, prevent food waste, and develop the local circular economy. The proposed projects would not generate waste or wastewater during operation and would therefore not conflict with the goals and actions identified in Strategy 4. Much of the solid waste generated during construction consists of inert material such as dirt, concrete, and rock which would not generate methane emissions and would be recycled to the extent feasible. Treated wooden utility poles are considered hazardous waste, which cannot be recycled, and would be disposed in accordance with local, state, and federal laws. Additionally, these projects will reduce the amount of tree trimming required by above ground lines, allowing for a larger and healthier urban tree canopy in the locations where overhead lines are removed. In that these projects will reduce tree trimming they will also reduce the amount of green waste produced from this activity. This in turn will reduce GHGs associated with transporting and disposing of that green waste material. Each of these project operations would generally not increase solid waste production, and thus, not impede the achievement of this goal. Therefore, the proposed projects would not conflict with the applicable CAP updates measures and actions identified in Strategy 4.

Strategy 5 will help the City thrive in the face of the impacts of climate change through a greater focus on resilient infrastructure and healthy ecosystems. To accomplish this measure, the City plans to protect and restore urban canyons and wetlands and increase tree planting in Communities of Concern starting with the planting of 40,000 new trees in these communities by 2030. Additionally, the City will create a Street Tree Master Plan with a target of planting 100,000 trees by 2035. These actions will focus on the planting and establishing of trees within urban landscapes. During the construction process, every effort would be made to avoid removal of existing street trees by requiring a consultation with the City's Horticulturalist whenever a tree root greater than two inches in diameter must be pruned or removed. Nonetheless, on very rare occasions a tree may need to be removed for purposes of worker and public safety. However, as part of the post-construction street improvements, new street trees are offered at no cost to each property with a feasible planting location regardless of whether an existing tree was impacted. Additionally, when overhead utility lines are relocated underground, they require very little plant matter removal to maintain. This reduction in the removal of carbon sequestering plant material would protect tree canopy cover and conserve green spaces within the City. Therefore, the proposed projects would not conflict with the City's measures and actions to implement Strategy 5 and would support the City's action to increase tree canopy coverage.

Strategy 6 addresses those GHG emissions that will remain after all currently identified measures and actions have been achieved, which account for roughly 20% of total GHG emissions by 2035. To succeed in our overall goal, the City must continue to identify additional actions, pursue technological innovation, expand partnerships, and support research that reduces GHG emissions in all sectors. In the last decade, extended droughts and regular adverse weather conditions have set the stage for disastrous fires across the Southwestern United states. The strategic undergrounding of overhead utility lines in at

Iss		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact	
	risk (or fire prone) commun during adverse weather ever At risk or fire prone areas car in the vicinity of urban or sul the risk of catastrophic fire in that would be caused by the open space fires occur more larger contributor to GHG en reduction in one of the main updates measures and action The proposed projects would City's ability to implement to targets and associated GHG	nts and thus prot n often occur at a purban settings. A n fire prone areas combustion of p e frequently, the hission in San Die causes of said fin ns identified in S d not conflict wi he actions identi	ects established tree reas where Open Spa As undergrounding h , it can reduce any su plant and housing m y have the potentia go. Therefore, the pr res would not conflic trategy 6. th CAP strategies ar fied in the CAP to ac	canopy cover i ce or Canyon La as the potentia ibsequent GHG aterials. As wil to become a coposed projects t with the appl d would not in hieve the City's	n the City. ands occur l to reduce emissions dland and larger and s potential icable CAP <u>npede the</u> goals and	
b)	Conflict with an applicable plan, policy, or regulation adopted for the purpose of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gases?				\boxtimes	
ЛП.	Please also see VII.a. It is an any applicable plans, polici impact.	es, or regulation	<u>is related to greenh</u>	<u>s would not con</u> nouse gases. Tl	<u>nflict with</u> nere is no	
	HAZARDS AND HAZARDOUS I Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials?					
	Construction of the proposed projects may require the use of hazardous materials (fuels, lubricants, solvents, etc.), which would require proper storage, handling, use and disposal; however, the projects would not routinely transport, use or dispose of hazardous materials. In addition, construction standards shall be implemented for any subsurface discoveries, to meet local, state, and federal standards. Therefore, the projects would not create a significant hazard to the public or environment.					
b)	Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment?					

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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<u>UU875 Block 6H1, UU628 Fairmount Avenue, and UU602 Sampson Street have Leaking</u> <u>Underground Storage Tank (LUST) cleanup sites and permitted USTs, and other cleanup</u> <u>sites located within 1,000 feet of the project alignments. As such, the projects would</u> <u>incorporate project design features, as well as incorporate specifications for construction</u> <u>to meet the local, state, and federal requirements to address such hazardous materials</u> <u>should they be discovered during construction. In the event that construction activities</u> <u>encounter underground contamination, the contractor would be required to implement</u> <u>\$803, "Encountering or Releasing Hazardous Substances or Petroleum Products," of the</u> <u>City of San Diego Standard Specifications for Public Works Construction ("Whitebook") which is</u> <u>included in all construction documents and would ensure the proper handling and disposal</u> <u>of any contaminated soils in accordance with all applicable local, state, and federal</u> <u>regulations. Compliance with these requirements would minimize the risk to the public</u> <u>and the environment; therefore, impacts would remain less than significant.</u>

c) Emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste within one-quarter mile of an existing or proposed school?

There are schools located within a quarter mile of the UUD project boundaries. However, please see VIII.a and VIII.b. Impacts would be less than significant.

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 d) Be located on a site which is included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5 and, as a result, would it create a significant hazard to the public or the environment?

The proposed project sites are not included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5. No impact would occur.

e) For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?

	Iss		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	f)	The proposed projects are not an airport land use plan pend utility lines and poles with r installed, and some new uti boundaries of the districts whe aerial system to the new unde be taller than existing overheat would be a flight hazard. There For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?	ling adoption. New undergrou lity poles may ere determined rground systen Id infrastructur	The proposed proje nd utility systems. y need to be instan necessary for the trans n. New streetlights the and would not int	cts will replace New streetligh lled or upgrade ansition from th or utility poles	overhead ts will be ed at the le existing would not
	g)	The proposed projects are not Impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan?	within the vici	nity of a private airst	trip.	
		Construction of the proposed the project boundaries. Howev during construction which wo be less than significant.	ver, an approve	<u>d Traffic Control Pla</u>	<u>an would be imp</u>	<u>olemented</u>
	h)	Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires, including where wildlands are adjacent to urbanized areas or where residences are intermixed with wildlands?				
		The proposed projects would underground, thereby reducin project does not contain wildle proposed projects would not in because the utilities will be loo	ng the risks as ands that could atroduce any ne	sociated with this c l pose a threat of wi ew features that wou	ategory. In add ildland fires. As	<u>lition, the</u> such, the
IX.		HYDROLOGY AND WATER QUAL	ITY - Would th	e project:		
	a)	Violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements?				\boxtimes

Iss		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	Potential impacts to existing w would include minimal short long-term operational storm Water Pollution Control Plan Standards would prevent or Therefore, the proposed project discharge requirements.	-term construct water dischar (WPCP) and effectively mi	<u>ction-related erosio</u> <u>ge. Conformance to</u> <u>conformance with</u> nimize short-term	n/sedimentatio BMP's outlin the City's Sto water quality	on and no ned in the rm Water impacts.
b)	Substantially deplete groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that there would be a net deficit in aquifer volume or a lowering of the local groundwater table level (e.g., the production rate of pre-existing nearby wells would drop to a level which would not support existing land uses or planned uses for which permits have been granted)?				
	The proposed projects do not would not introduce signific groundwater recharge. Theref groundwater supplies or inter	cant new impe	ervious surfaces the sed projects would r	at could inter 10t substantial	fere with
c)	Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, in a manner, which would result in substantial erosion or siltation on- or off-site?				
	There are no streams or river be located below the surface of would not change drainage p lines, the streets would be retu poles are removed. Therefore drainage patterns.	f the paved road atterns. Upon urned to their p	lway and connected completion of the in reexisting conditions	to private prop nstallation of s, as will the ar	erties and the utility ceas where
d)	Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area,				\boxtimes

Iss	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, or substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner, which would result in flooding on- or off-site?				
	<u>Please see IX.c. Since the product of a see IX.c. Since the product of a surface runoff would not be in the surface runoff would not be in the second secon</u>	not introduce			
e)	Create or contribute runoff water, which would exceed the capacity of existing or planned stormwater drainage systems or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff?				
	<u>Please see IX.c and d. Conform</u> <u>the City's Stormwater Regul</u> <u>construction impacts. Therefo</u> <u>would exceed the capacity of e</u>	ations would re, the utility p	prevent or effective projects would not cor	<u>ly minimize s</u>	<u>hort-term</u>
f)	Otherwise substantially degrade water quality?				\boxtimes
	<u>Conformance to BMPs outline</u> compliance with the City's Sto impacts and would preclude in	ormwater Regu	lations would preven		
g)	Place housing within a 100-year flood hazard area as mapped on a federal Flood Hazard Boundary or Flood Insurance Rate Map or other flood hazard delineation map?				
	<u>The proposed projects do not p</u>	propose constr	<u>uction of any new ho</u>	<u>using.</u>	
h)	Place within a 100-year flood hazard area, structures that would impede or redirect flood flows?				

	Iss		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact	
		UU628 Fairmount Avenue is l					
		<u>AO), while the other eight UUI</u> The proposed projects do not					
		flood flows in the 100-year flo	. Therefore, there w	ould be no imp	act.		
	i)	Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving flooding, including flooding as a result of the failure of a levee or dam?					
		The proposed projects would not include any new features that would increase the associated with flooding beyond those of the existing conditions.					
	j)	Inundation by seiche, tsunami, or mudflow?				\boxtimes	
		The proposed projects would a associated with seiche, tsunar					
2	K. I	LAND USE AND PLANNING – W	ould the projec	t:			
	a)	Physically divide an established community?				\boxtimes	
		Implementation of the propo infrastructure below ground a divide an established commun	and would not				
	b)	Conflict with any applicable land use plan, policy, or regulation of an agency with jurisdiction over the project (including but not limited to the general plan, specific plan, local coastal program, or zoning ordinance) adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect?					
		The proposed projects would the developed public right-of plans, policies, or regulations	-way and wou	<u>ld be consistent wit</u>	th all applicable	<u>e land use</u>	

conflict with any applicable land use plans. The project is exempt from the requirement to obtain a Coastal Development Permit pursuant to the SDMC Section 126.0704 "Exemptions from a Coastal Development Permit: subsection (e) Public utility installation of new or increased service to development approved or exempted in the Municipal Code, and public

	Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	utility repair or mainten Guidelines on Exclusions No. OO-17067-2. Some utility poles that we described in IV f), the pr which establishes guideli with Land Use Adjacene construction and pole ren c) Conflict with any applicable habitat conservation plan or natural community conservation plan?	from Permit Requir ould be removed exi coposed project is co nes that limit activi cy Guidelines would	inder the Coastal Co ements filed with th st within and adjace onsistent with the Co ties that occur withi d ensure potential	<u>e City Clerk as</u> nt to the City's ity's MSCP Sui n the MHPA. C	<u>Document</u> <u>MHPA. As</u> <u>barea Plan</u> <u>compliance</u>
XI.	Construction of all prop therefore, would not conf regional or state habitat IV.a., Biological Resource within the boundaries of included within the City' been determined to prov sustain the unique biodix assess the vegetation con from pole removal in the discussion for further de because the UUD projects MHPA, indirect noise imp the breeding season of th coastal California gnatcat species, can typically be impacts to the MHPA wo Adjacency Guidelines (LU Compliance with, and in indirect impacts are reduc	flict with the adopte conservation plan. es, portions of UU90 f the City's MSCP S s MSCP Subarea Pla ride the necessary h versity of the San D mmunities on site a se areas (Dudek 201' etails. Despite havin s are located within pacts from construct e coastal California s tcher, a federally lis found within the co puld be avoided thro JAG) as outlined in nplementation of th ced to below a level	d MSCP Subarea Plat However, as previous 8 Block 3DD and UL ubarea Plan, MHPA n for habitat conser abitat quality, quar iego region. Field su nd determined that 7). Refer to Section I ag no direct impacts proximity to sensit ion-related activitie gnatcatcher (March ted threatened spect astal sage scrub hat ough implementation the City's MSCP Sub- ie MHPA LUAG wou	n or other appr usly identified U957 Block 70 a . These lands vation because ntity, and conn urveys were con no impacts we V.a., Biological ive upland hab s to biological ive upland hab s must be avoid through Augu ies and an MSG pitat communit n of the MHPA warea Plan (Sec	oved local, in Section are located have been they have ectivity to nducted to ould result Resources resources, pitat in the ded during st 15). The CP covered y. Indirect Land Use tion 1.4.3).
	a) Result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region and the residents of the state?	of			\boxtimes
	<u>The areas surrounding th</u> <u>resources, nor are they de</u> <u>Diego General Plan Land</u> <u>loss of availability of a kr</u>	esignated for the rec Use Map. Therefore,	covery of mineral res the proposed projec	sources on the	<u>City of San</u>
	b) Result in the loss of availability of a locally				\boxtimes

	Iss	ue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
		important mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan or other land use plan?		•		
		<u>Please see XI.a.</u>				
XII.		NOISE – Would the project resu	ult in:			
	a)	Exposure of persons to, or generation of, noise levels in excess of standards established in the local general plan or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies?				\boxtimes
		The proposed projects would would be temporary and trans noise levels in excess of any n	<u>sitory in nature</u>	e. Therefore, people		
	b)	Exposure of persons to, or generation of, excessive ground borne vibration or ground borne noise levels?				
	c)	<u>Please see XII.a.</u> A substantial permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project?				
		<u>Please see XII.a.</u>				
	d)	A substantial temporary or periodic increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above existing without the project?				
		Construction of the proposed p noise levels in the project via utility projects and surroundin along the streets, the increase	<u>cinities. Howev</u> ng noise levels	er, based upon the in the respective are	transitory natures to the transitory natures the transition of transition of the transition of transit	<u>ire of the</u>
	e)	For a project located within an airport land use plan, or, where such a plan has				\boxtimes

	Iss	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
		not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport would the project expose people residing or working in the area to excessive noise levels?		•		
	f)	<u>The proposed projects are no</u> <u>airport.</u> For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project	t within an air	port land use plan o	or two miles o	-
		expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?				
_		The proposed project areas are			<u>airstrip.</u>	
Х	XIII.	POPULATION AND HOUSING -	Would the proj	ect:		
	a)	Induce substantial population growth in an area, either directly (for example, by proposing new homes and businesses) or indirectly (for example, through extension of roads or other infrastructure)?				
	b)	The proposed projects would re- lines underground. The utility overhead system in order to ke any new housing, businesses, Displace substantial	y projects are eep up with c	intended to improvention intended to improvention in the improvention of the improventin of the improventi	<u>e the currentl</u> projects would	<u>y outdated</u> 1 not build
		numbers of existing housing, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?				
		The proposed projects would				
	c)	displace, or otherwise affect construction of replacement h Displace substantial numbers of people, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?		<u>ing in any way tha</u>		<u>ssitate the</u>

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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The proposed projects would underground overhead utilities and would not result in the displacement of people, which would necessitate the construction of replacement housing.

XIV. PUBLIC SERVICES

a)	sub phy with or gov need alto fact of siggimma rat oth obj	ould the project result in ostantial adverse ysical impacts associated th the provisions of new physically altered vernmental facilities, ed for new or physically ered governmental cilities, the construction which could cause mificant environmental pacts, in order to intain acceptable service ions, response times or her performance fectives for any of the blic services:				
	i)	Fire Protection				\boxtimes
	ii)	Since the proposed utility growth, the projects would facilities including fire prote Police Protection	not trigger t	the need to construct		
		The proposed projects wou undergrounding of utilities protection facilities.	ld not physics s would not t	ally alter any police rrigger the need to	protection fac construct or a	<u>ilities. The</u> llter police
	iii)	Schools				\boxtimes
		The proposed projects wou Additionally, the proposed or induce growth that could	projects would	<u>d not include constr</u>	uction of futur	
	v)	Parks				\boxtimes
		The proposed projects woul projects would not create de	<u>d not physica</u>	<u>lly alter any parks. T</u>	<u>Cherefore, the prostional facilit</u>	proposed ios
	vi)	Other public facilities				<u> es.</u>
		The proposed projects wou public facilities.	ıld not increa	se the demand for	<u>electricity, gas</u>	s, or other

Iss	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
XV.	RECREATION -				
a)	Would the project increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be accelerated?				
	Implementation of the prop underground. The improved in recreation areas. The propose existing recreation areas or in these facilities. Therefore, the recreational areas such that su	nfrastructure w ed projects wo nduce future gr e proposed pro	ould not allow for im uld not directly gen owth that would res jects would not incr	proved access erate addition ult in addition cease the use of	to existing al trips to al trips to of existing
b)	or be accelerated. Does the project include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities, which might have an adverse physical effect on the environment?				
	The proposed projects do not construction or expansion of p			onal facilities o	or require
XVI.	TRANSPORTATION/TRAFFIC –	Would the proj	ect?		
a)	Conflict with an applicable plan, ordinance or policy establishing measures of effectiveness for the performance of the circulation system, taking into account all modes of transportation including mass transit and non- motorized travel and relevant components of the circulation system, including but not limited to intersections, streets, highways and freeways,				
		40			

Iss	ue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impa
	pedestrian and bicycle paths, and mass transit? <u>Construction of the proposed</u> <u>the project boundaries in the</u> <u>Plan would be implemented</u> <u>substantially impacted. Ther</u> <u>which is substantial in relation</u>	areas of constr during constru efore, the proje	uction. However, an ction so that traffic cts would not result	approved Traff	fic Cont uld not
b)	Conflict with an applicable congestion management program, including, but not limited to level of service standards and travel demand measures, or other standards established by the county congestion management agency for designated roads or highways?				
	Construction of the proposed the project boundaries. Howe during construction so that service.	ever, an approve	d Traffic Control Pla	<u>an would be imp</u>	<u>olemen</u>
C)	Result in a change in air traffic patterns, including either an increase in traffic levels or a change in location that results in substantial safety risks?				\boxtimes
	traffic patterns, including either an increase in traffic levels or a change in location that results in	es that would	<u>exceed height requi</u>	<u>irements. Ther</u>	∑ t lights efore,

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
Construction of the propos				
<u>the project boundary. How</u> <u>during construction so that</u>				plemented
f) Conflict with adopted policies, plans, or programs regarding public transit, bicycle, or pedestrian facilities, or otherwise decrease the performance or safety of such facilities?				
The proposed projects are zoning and would not res regarding public transit, bi	<u>sult in any confl</u>	icts regarding poli		
XVII. TRIBAL CULTURAL RESOURC	ES			
a) Would the project cause a substantial adverse chang significance of a tribal cul resource, defined in Public Resources Code section 21 either a site, feature, place cultural landscape that is geographically defined in the size and scope of the landscape, sacred place, o with cultural value to a Ca Native American tribe, and	tural c 074 as e, terms of r object ilifornia			
i) Listed or eligible for lis the California Register Historical Resources, o local register of histori resources as defined in Resources Code section 5020.1(k), or	of r in a cal Public			
Although the potential	exists for archae	ological resources t	to be encounter	ced during

Although the potential exists for archaeological resources to be encountered during construction-related activities during project implementation, no tribal cultural resources have been identified within the underground utility district boundaries requiring evaluation in accordance with CEQA the Public Resources Code that meet the criteria for listing on the local, state or federal registers as defined in PRC Section 5020.1(k). As such, the impact is less than significant.

ii)	A resource determined by the lead		
	agency, in its discretion and supported by substantial evidence,	\boxtimes	

Issue		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	to be significant pursuar set forth in subdivision Resources Code Section applying the criteria set subdivision (c) of Public Code Section 5024.1, the shall consider the signif the resource to a Califor American tribe. <u>As stated above under of</u> potential to impact archa tribal cultural resources accordance with AB 52 wa Indian Village to determ areas of human rema considerations during th was provided to tribal additional context relative members made note of areas where local creeks San Diego Bay and the sa American-Kumeyaay mo impacts to Tribal Cultura implementation of the an	(c) of Public 5024.1. In forth in Resource lead agency icance of mia Native <u>Cultural Resource</u> acological resource in accordance as initiated with ine if the project ins which wou e environmental members durin ve to archaeologi this information or rivers once ex- can Diego River, puitoring during a al Resources are	ces, which could als with CEQA. As such the Iipay Nation of S t area contains Trib ild require furthen review process. Con g the consultation cal resources in the n, acknowledging the cisted, or are still ex and a recommendate all trenching activities reduced to below a	o meet the defi n, Tribal Consu- anta Ysabel and bal Cultural Res r evaluation of fidential site in process which surrounding a te cultural imp tant in close pr tion was made es to assure tha level of signific	nition of a ultation in l the Jamul ources, or or special formation included rea. Tribal ortance of oximity to for Native t potential cance with
VIII. U'	TILITIES AND SERVICE SYS	TEMS – Would t	he project:		
tı tl W	xceed wastewater ceatment requirements of ne applicable Regional Vater Quality Control oard?				
	he proposed projects would ot exceed the requirements				and would
b) D	equire or result in the				

b) Require or result in the construction of new water or wastewater treatment facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?				
---	--	--	--	--

<u>Please see XVII a. The construction of new water or wastewater facilities would not be</u> required.

Iss	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
c)	Require or result in the construction of new storm water drainage facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?				
	The proposed projects would not result in substantial qua treatment facilities. Therefore of new storm water drainage f	antities of run e, the proposed	off which would re l projects would not	equire new or require the co	<u>expanded</u>
d)	Have sufficient water supplies available to serve the project from existing entitlements and resources, or are new or expanded entitlements needed?				
	<u>The proposed projects would</u> <u>therefore, would not impact ex</u>			anent water so	<u>urce and,</u>
e)	Result in a determination by the wastewater treatment provided which serves or may serve the project that it has adequate capacity to serve the project's projected demand in addition to the provider's existing commitments?				
f)	The proposed projects would n existing wastewater treatment Be served by a landfill with sufficient permitted capacity to accommodate the project's solid waste disposal needs?		stewater and, theref	ore, would not	impact an
	<u>Construction of the proposed</u> <u>activities. This waste would b</u> <u>state regulations pertaining t</u> <u>serving the project area. Mat</u> <u>regulating such activity. Opera</u> <u>waste and, therefore, would r</u> <u>project areas.</u>	be disposed of o solid waste erials able to ation of the pro	in conformance wit including permittin be recycled shall be pposed projects woul	h all applicable g capacity of t done to local d generate min	local and he landfill standards imal solid

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
g) Comply with federal, state, and local statutes and regulation related to solid waste?				\boxtimes

The proposed projects would not generate solid waste and, therefore, would not affect solid waste statutes and regulations. Any solid waste generated during construction related activities would be recycled or disposed of in accordance with all applicable local, state and federal regulations.

XVIV. MANDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE -

a) Does the proj potential to d quality of the substantially habitat of a fi species, cause wildlife popul below self-su levels, threat eliminate a pl community, r number or rea range of a rar endangered p animal or elir important exa major periods of California history or prehistory?

ect have the legrade the environment, reduce the ish or wildlife e a fish or lation to drop Istaining		
en to lant or animal reduce the strict the		
re or blant or minate amples of the s of California		

As noted above under the discussions for Cultural Resources and Tribal Cultural Resources, the project boundaries are not located within areas where archaeological sites have been recorded; however, archaeological and tribal cultural resources can be encountered anywhere in the City of San Diego, specifically when in proximity to areas where local creeks and rivers (such as Chollas Creek and the San Diego River) extend into San Diego Bay. As such, Tribal Consultation was conducted in accordance with AB52 which concluded that the trenching activities associated with the project have the potential to impact unknown buried archaeological and tribal cultural resources which requires implementation of the mitigation measures outlined in Section V of the MND. Implementation of the mitigation measures would reduce potential impacts to below a level of significance.

 b) Does the project have impacts that are individually limited, but cumulatively considerable? ("Cumulatively considerable" means that the incremental effects of a

∇	
IXI	

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable futures projects)?				
When viewed in connection trenching within the UUDs h resources which could increr resources. However, with imp this incremental impact woul	as the potentian nentally control ementation of	al to impact archaeo ibute to a cumulativ the MMRP identifie	logical and trib re loss of non- d in Section V of	<u>al cultural</u> renewable
c) Does the project have environmental effects, which will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly?				
<u>As proposed, the utility projection of the effects on human beings.</u>	ects do not ha	ve the potential to c	ause substantia	al adverse

INITIAL STUDY CHECKLIST

REFERENCES

I. AESTHETICS / NEIGHBORHOOD CHARACTER

- <u>X</u> City of San Diego General Plan.
- ____ Community Plan.
- _____ Local Coastal Plan.
- II. AGRICULTURAL RESOURCES & FOREST RESOURCES
- <u>X</u> City of San Diego General Plan.
- X U.S. Department of Agriculture, Soil Survey San Diego Area, California, Part I and II, 1973.
- _____ California Agricultural Land Evaluation and Site Assessment Model (1997)
- _____ Site Specific Report:
- III. AIR QUALITY
- _____ California Clean Air Act Guidelines (Indirect Source Control Programs) 1990.
- _____ Regional Air Quality Strategies (RAQS) APCD.
- _____ Site Specific Report:

IV. BIOLOGY

- <u>X</u> City of San Diego, Multiple Species Conservation Program (MSCP), Subarea Plan, 1997
- <u>X</u> City of San Diego, MSCP, "Vegetation Communities with Sensitive Species and Vernal Pools" Maps, 1996.
- <u>X</u> City of San Diego, MSCP, "Multi-Habitat Planning Area" Maps, 1997. Community Plan Resource Element.
- _____ California Department of Fish and Game, California Natural Diversity Database, "State and Federally-listed Endangered, Threatened, and Rare Plants of California," January 2001.
- California Department of Fish & Game, California Natural Diversity Database, "State and Federally-listed Endangered and Threatened Animals of California," January 2001.
- ____ City of San Diego Land Development Code Biology Guidelines.
- X Site Specific Report: <u>Biological Letter Report for UU908 Block 3DD Underground</u> <u>Utility District Project, City of San Diego, California, March 2018.</u>
- V. CULTURAL RESOURCES (INCLUDES HISTORICAL RESOURCES)
- <u>X</u> City of San Diego Historical Resources Guidelines.
- <u>X</u> City of San Diego Archaeology Library.
- Historical Resources Board List.
- _____ Community Historical Survey:
- <u>X</u> Site Specific Report: <u>Record Search and Literature review by qualified City</u> <u>archaeological staff (September/October 2016, updated May 2018 and October 2018);</u> <u>Tribal Consultation (May 2017)</u>
- VI. GEOLOGY/SOILS
- <u>X</u> City of San Diego Seismic Safety Study, 2008.
- X U.S. Department of Agriculture Soil Survey San Diego Area, California, Part I and II, December 1973 and Part III, 1975 via http://websoilsurvey.nrcs.usda.gov/app/HomePage.htm.

- <u>X</u> State of California Department of Conservation, Fault Activity Map of California (2010).
- _____ Site Specific Reports:
- VII. GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS
- <u>X</u> City of San Diego Climate Action Plan Consistency Checklist, July 2016.
- <u>X</u> City of San Diego General Plan.
- <u>X</u> City of San Diego Climate Action Plan Consistency Regulations.
- VIII. HAZARDS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS
- <u>X</u> San Diego County Hazardous Materials Environmental Assessment Listing.
- _____ San Diego County Hazardous Materials Management Division.
- _____ FAA Determination.
- _____ State Assessment and Mitigation, Unauthorized Release Listing, Public Use Authorized.
- _____ Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan.
- _____ Site Specific Report:
- IX. HYDROLOGY/WATER QUALITY
- <u>X</u> Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM).
- ____ Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA), National Flood Insurance Program Flood Boundary and Floodway Map.
- Clean Water Act Section 303(b) list, <u>http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/tmdl/303d_lists.html</u>).
 Site Specific Report:
- X. LAND USE AND PLANNING
- X City of San Diego General Plan.
- <u>X</u> Community Plan.
- <u>X</u> Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan
- <u>X</u> City of San Diego Zoning Maps
- FAA Determination
- XI. MINERAL RESOURCES
- ____ California Department of Conservation Division of Mines and Geology, Mineral Land Classification.
- _____ Division of Mines and Geology, Special Report 153 Significant Resources Maps.
- X California Geological Survey SMARA Mineral Land Classification Maps.
- _____ Site Specific Report:

XII. NOISE

- <u>X</u> City of San Diego General Plan.
- <u>X</u> Community Plan
- _____ San Diego International Airport Master Plan CNEL Maps.
- _____ MCAS Miramar ACLUP
- Brown Field Airport Master Plan CNEL Maps.
- _____ Montgomery Field CNEL Maps.
- _____ San Diego Association of Governments San Diego Regional Average Weekday Traffic Volumes.
- _____ San Diego Metropolitan Area Average Weekday Traffic Volume Maps, SANDAG.
- _____ City of San Diego General Plan.

- _____ Site Specific Report:
- XIII. PALEONTOLOGICAL RESOURCES
- <u>X</u> City of San Diego Paleontological Guidelines.
- _____ Deméré, Thomas A., and Stephen L. Walsh, "Paleontological Resources City of San Diego," <u>Department of Paleontology</u> San Diego Natural History Museum, 1996.
- X Kennedy, Michael P., and Gary L. Peterson, "Geology of the San Diego Metropolitan Area, California. Del Mar, La Jolla, Point Loma, La Mesa, Poway, and SW 1/4 Escondido 7 1/2 Minute Quadrangles," <u>California Division of Mines and Geology</u> <u>Bulletin</u> 200, Sacramento, 1975.
- Kennedy, Michael P., and Siang S. Tan, "Geology of National City, Imperial Beach and Otay Mesa Quadrangles, Southern San Diego Metropolitan Area, California," Map Sheet 29, 1977.
- _____ Site Specific Report:
- XIV. POPULATION / HOUSING
- _____ City of San Diego General Plan.
- _____ Community Plan.
- _____ Series 11 Population Forecasts, SANDAG.
- ____ Other:
- XV. PUBLIC SERVICES
- _____ City of San Diego General Plan.
- ____ Community Plan.
- XVI. RECREATIONAL RESOURCES
- _____ City of San Diego General Plan.
- ____ Community Plan.
- _____ Department of Park and Recreation
- _____ City of San Diego San Diego Regional Bicycling Map
- Additional Resources:
- XVII. TRANSPORTATION / CIRCULATION
- <u>X</u> City of San Diego General Plan.
- <u>X</u> Community Plan.
- _____ San Diego Metropolitan Area Average Weekday Traffic Volume Maps, SANDAG.
- _____ San Diego Region Weekday Traffic Volumes, SANDAG.
- _____ Site Specific Report:
- XVIII. TRIBAL CULTURAL RESOURCES
- <u>X</u> City of San Diego Historical Resources Guidelines.
- <u>X</u> City of San Diego Archaeology Library.
- _____ Historical Resources Board List
- X Site Specific Report: <u>Record Search and Literature review by qualified City</u> <u>archaeological staff (September/October 2016, updated May 2017 and October 2018);</u> <u>Tribal Consultation (May 2017,)</u>
- XVIX. UTILITIES
- ____ City of San Diego General Plan.
- ____ Community Plan.
- _____ Site Specific Report:

- XX. WATER CONSERVATION
- ____
- _____
- City of San Diego General Plan. Community Plan. Sunset Magazine, <u>New Western Garden Book</u>. Rev. ed. Menlo Park, CA: Sunset Magazine.
 - Site Specific Report: ____