STRIKEOUT ORDINANCE

OLD LANGUAGE: Struck Out NEW LANGUAGE: Double Underline

ORDINANCE NUMBER O	(NEW SERIES)
DATE OF FINAL PASSAGE	

AN ORDINANCE AMENDING CHAPTER 11, ARTICLE 3, DIVISION 1 OF THE SAN DIEGO MUNICIPAL CODE BY AMENDING SECTION 113.0103; AMENDING CHAPTER 12, ARTICLE 7, DIVISION 1 BY AMENDING SECTION 127.0108, ADDING SECTION 127.0112; AMENDING CHAPTER 12, ARTICLE 2, DIVISION 2 BY AMENDING SECTION 129.0211; AMENDING CHAPTER 13, ARTICLE 1, DIVISION 4 BY AMENDING SECTIONS 131.0420, 131.0422, AND 131.0449; AMENDING CHAPTER 13, ARTICLE 1, DIVISION 5 BY AMENDING SECTION 131.0522; AMENDING CHAPTER 13, ARTICLE 1, DIVISION 7 BY AMENDING SECTION 131.0707; AMENDING CHAPTER 14, ARTICLE 1, DIVISION 4 BY RETITLING AND AMENDING SECTIONS 141.0302 AND 141.0305 AND ADDING 141.0319; AMENDING CHAPTER 14, ARTICLE 2, DIVISION 5 BY AMENDING SECTIONS 142.0501, 142.0505, 142.0520, 142.0525, AND 142.0528; AMENDING CHAPTER 14, ARTICLE 2, DIVISION 5 BY RETITLING AND AMENDING SECTIONS 142.0530 AND 142.0531; AMENDING CHAPTER 14, ARTICLE 2, DIVISION 6 BY AMENDING SECTION 142.0640; AMENDING CHAPTER 14, ARTICLE 2, DIVISION 13 BY AMENDING SECTION 142.1304; AMENDING CHAPTER 14, ARTICLE 3, DIVISION 7 BY AMENDING SECTIONS 143.1720, 143.0740, 143.0745, 143.0746, AND 143.0747; AMENDING CHAPTER 14, ARTICLE 3, DIVISION 8 BY AMENDING SECTIONS 143.0810, 143.0815, 143.0820, 143.0830, 143.0840, 143.0850, AND 143.0860; AMENDING CHAPTER 14, ARTICLE 3, DIVISION 10 BY AMENDING SECTIONS 143.1005, 143.1010, 143.1015, AND 143.1025; AMENDING CHAPTER 14. ARTICLE 3, DIVISION 12 BY AMENDING SECTIONS 143.1201 AND 143.1203, REPEALING SECTION 143.1205. AND AMENDING SECTIONS 143.1207, AND 143.1212; AMENDING CHAPTER 14 BY ADDING ARTICLE 3.

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DIVISION 15 AND ADDING SECTIONS 143.1501, 143. 1505, 143.1510, 143.1515, 143.1520, AND 143.1525; AND AMENDING CHAPTER 14, ARTICLE 4, DIVISION 5 BY AMENDING SECTION 144.0505, ALL RELATING TO THE HOMES FOR ALL OF US: HOUSING ACTION PACKAGE 2.0 CODE UPDATE.

§113.0103 Definitions

Abutting property through Net building area through Parking space, off-street (See off-street parking space)

[No change in text.]

Parking standards transit priority area means the area defined in California

Public Resources Code Section 21099, as may be amended, or an area within onehalf mile of a major transit stop that is existing or planned, if the planned major

transit stop is scheduled to be completed within the current San Diego

Association of Governments (SANDAG) Regional Transportation Improvement

Program (RTIP).

Parkway through Yard [No change in text.]

§127.0108 Abandonment of Previously Conforming Uses

- (a) If a *previously conforming* use is discontinued for a period of less than two consecutive years, <u>excepting uses and premises</u> subject to Section

 127.0112, operations may be resumed, or changed to another use in the same category in accordance with Section 127.0107.
- (b) If a *previously conforming* use has been discontinued for a period of two or more consecutive years, excepting uses and *premises* subject to Section
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<u>127.0112</u>, resumption of the use requires a Neighborhood Use Permit.

Discontinuance of the use for a period of two or more consecutive years creates a presumption in favor of abandonment, against which the owner or person asserting the *previously conforming* status may offer evidence sufficient to satisfy the City Manager that one or more of the following has occurred:

- (1) The discontinuance is in accordance with Section 127.0108(d); or
- (2) An active Neighborhood Use Permit approves or conditionally approves resumption of the *previously conforming* use.
- (c) A previously conforming use that is brought into conformance is no longer previously conforming and shall not resume operations or revert to a previously conforming status. A previously conforming use can maintain previously conforming status, excepting uses and premises subject to Section 127.0112, during construction in accordance with Section 127.0108(d) without being considered to have been abandoned.
- (d) If the *previously conforming* use, excepting uses and *premises* subject to Section 127.0112, is temporarily discontinued while repairs, remodeling, or major alterations of the *structure* are under construction, maintenance of an active *construction permit* and the Business Tax Certificate shall mean that the use has not been discontinued during the construction and the use's *previously conforming* status is maintained.

<u>§127.0112</u> Replacing Harmful Previously Conforming Uses

The purpose of this section is to address discontinued harmful land uses near residential uses. Certain existing *previously conforming* uses, such as wrecking and dismantling of motor vehicles, and storage and material scrap yards, are in areas that have been rezoned to allow for residential and mixed-use *development*. These uses can cause adverse impacts and reduce the quality of life in neighborhoods with residential uses. The intent of this section is to disallow harmful uses to continue near residential uses and to encourage land uses that are complies with the applicable *land use plan*.

- The following previously conforming uses, when located within 50 feet to residential areas as of January 1, 2024, are considered harmful uses: Junk Yards, Wrecking and Dismantling of Motor Vehicles, Very Heavy Industrial Uses, and the following types of Recycling Facilities: Large Collection Facilities, Large Construction and Demolition Debris Recycling Facility, Large Processing Facility Accepting at least 98% of Total Annual Weight of Recyclables from Commercial and Industrial Traffic, Large Processing Facility Accepting All Types of Traffic, and Tire Processing Facilities.
- (b) The following requirements apply to previously conforming uses that are considered harmful uses and are located within the San Diego Promise

 Zone:

- (1) If a previously conforming use has been discontinued for 30 or
 more consecutive days, the use is no longer permitted to operate on
 the premises, and operations may not be resumed or changed to
 another use in the same category, except when temporarily
 discontinued due to repairs.
- (2) The previously conforming use will cease to be permitted to

 operate 15 years after notice by certified mail to the record owner

 and tenant(s) by the City of San Diego.

§129.0211 Closing of Building Permit Application

- (a) through (c) [No change in text.]
- previously approved in accordance with Section 129.0211(c), the Building

 Official may extend the time for the Building Permit application one

 additional time, for a period not exceeding 180 days if the Building

 Officials finds the following:
 - (1) There has not been a significant change in the regulations applicable to the site since the Building Permit was issued;
 - (2) The additional extension is in the public interest; and
 - (3) Circumstances beyond the control of the *applicant* prevented the authorized work from proceeding.

§131.0420 Use Regulations of Residential Zones

The regulations of Section 131.0422 apply in the residential zones where indicated in Table 131-04B.

- (a) The uses permitted in any residential zone may be further limited <u>or expanded</u> by the following:
 - (1) through (3) [No change in text.]
 - (4) <u>Chapter 14, Article 3, Division 13 (Multi-Dwelling Unit and Urban</u>
 Lot Split Regulations for Single Family Zones);
 - (5) Chapter 14, Article 3, Division 15 (Missing Middle Housing Regulations);
 - (4<u>6</u>) Any other applicable provision of the San Diego Municipal Code.
- (b) through (f) [No change in text.]

§131.0422 Use Regulations Table for Residential Zones

The uses allowed in the residential zones are shown in Table 131-04B.

Legend for Table 131-04B

[No change in text.]

Table 131-04B

Use Regulations Table for Residential Zones

Use Categories/ Subcategories	Zone Designator													
[See Section 131.0112 for an explanation and	1st & 2nd >>	> RM-												
descriptions of the Use	3rd >>		1-			2-			3-		4	1-	5-	-
Categories, Subcategories, and Separately Regulated Uses]	4th >>	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	2
Open Space through Separately Regulated Residential Uses, Employee Housing: Greater than 12 Employees [No change in text.]							No c	chang	e in 1	text.]				
Fraternities, and Sororitie Dormitories Student House													C <u>(11)</u> C	
Student Housing		$L^{(11)}$	$\underline{L^{(11)}}$	$L^{(1)}$	1) <u>I</u>	_(11)	$L^{(11)}$	$\underline{L^{(11)}}$	<u>L⁽¹¹⁾</u>	<u>L(11)</u>	$L^{(11)}$	<u>L⁽¹¹⁾</u> <u>l</u>	$L^{(11)}$ \underline{I}	_(11)
Separately Regulated Resi Garage, Yard, & Estate Sale Separately Regulated Resi Low Barrier Navigation Cer change in text.]	s through dential Uses,					I	No c	chang	e in 1	text.]			<u>'</u>	

Footnotes for Table 131-04B

Development of multiple dwelling units permitted in accordance with Sections 141.0305 and 141.0319

§131.0449 Garage Regulations in Residential Zones

- (a) [No change in text.]
- (b) Garages in RT Zones
 - (1) Two off-street parking spaces are required, except for residential or commercial development in a transit

 priority area where all or a portion of the premises is located within a transit priority area. Off-street parking spaces that are provided in a transit priority area are -PAGE 7 OF 85-

¹ through ¹⁰ [No change in text.]

exempt from the *unbundled parking* requirement in Section 142.0528(b)(1). An enclosed and detached one-car garage is required except as otherwise provided in this section. The second *off-street parking* may be provided in an enclosed and detached garage or an unenclosed space located consistent with the garage location requirements in Section 131.0449(b)(5).

(2) through (10) [No change in text.]

§131.0522 Use Regulations Table for Commercial Zones

The uses allowed in the commercial zones are shown in Table 131-05B.

Legend for Table 131-05B

[No change in text.]

Table 131-05B
Use Regulations Table for Commercial Zones

Use Categories/Subcategories	Zone Designator				Zones	3			
[See Section 131.0112 for an	1st & 2nd								
explanation and descriptions of	>>	$CN^{(1)}$ -	CR-	-		CO-		CV-	CP-
the Use Categories,	3rd >>	1-	1- 2	2-	1-	2-	3-	1-	1-
Subcategories, and Separately Regulated Uses]	4th >>	1 2 3 4 5 6	1	1	1 2	1 2	1 2 3	1 2	1
Open Space through Separately Re	gulated								
Residential Uses, Greater than 12 E	mployees		[N	o c	hange i	n text.]		
[No change in text.]									
Fraternities and Sororities and	Student							<u>CL</u>	
Dormitories		$\underline{\mathbf{CL}}^{(2)}$	<u>CL</u>	-	<u>CL</u>	-	-	(2)	-
Student Housing									

Use Categories/Subcategories	Zone			Zone	es .		
[See Section 131.0112 for an	Designator						
explanation and descriptions of	1st & 2nd >>			CC-			
the Use Categories,	3rd >>	1-	2-	3-	4-	5-	
Subcategories, and Separately Regulated Uses]	4th >>	1 2 3	1 2 3 4 5	4 5 6 7 8 9	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	
Open Space through Separately Re	egulated						
Residential Uses, Employee Housing	ng, Greater	[No change in text.]					
than 12 Employees [No change in te	ext.]						
Fraternities and Sororities		C	-	C	С	C	
Student Housing		L	-	L	L	L	
Separately Regulated Residential	Uses, Garage,						
Yard, & Estate Sales through Signs, Separately			[No change in text.]				
Regulated Signs Uses, Theater Marquees [No						•	
change in text.]							

Footnotes for Table 131-05B

[No change in text.]

§131.0707 Use Regulations Table for Mixed-Use Zones

The uses allowed in the mixed-use zones are shown in Table 131-07A.

Legend for Table 131-07A

[No change in text.]

Table 131-07A

Use Regulations Table for Mixed-Use Zones

Use Categories/Subcategories	Zone	Zones						
	Designator							
[See Section 131.0112 for an explanation and descriptions of the Use Categories, Subcategories, and	1st >>	RMX			EMX	K		
Separately Regulated Uses]	2nd >>	1	2	3	1	2	3	
Open Space through Separately Regulated Residential Uses, Employee Housing, Greater than 12 Employees [No change in text.]			[No change in text.]					
Fraternities <u>and</u> Sororities and Sta Dormitories	ident	С	C	C	C ⁽¹⁾	C ⁽¹⁾	C ⁽¹⁾	
Student Housing		$\underline{\underline{\mathbf{L}}}$	Ī	<u>L</u>	<u>L</u>	L	<u>L</u>	
Separately Regulated Residential Garage, Yard, & Estate Sales throug Separately Regulated Signs Uses, Marquees [No change in text.]		[N	o change	e in tex	ĸt.]	,		

Footnotes for Table 131-07A

[No change in text.]

§141.0302 Accessory Dwelling Units and Junior Accessory Dwelling Units

Section 141.0302 provides for the construction of *Accessory Dwelling Units* (*ADUs*) and *Junior Accessory Dwelling Units* (*JADUs*), consistent with the requirements of state law, and is intended to encourage the construction of *ADUs* and *JADUs* through several local regulatory provisions, including eliminating parking requirements for *ADUs* and *JADUs*, and providing an affordable housing bonus of one additional *ADU* for every deed-restricted affordable *ADU* constructed on the *premises*, as specified in the regulations below. *ADUs* are permitted in all zones allowing residential uses, and *JADUs* are permitted in all *Single Dwelling Unit* Zones by-right as a limited use decided in accordance with

Process One, indicated with an "L" in the Use Regulations Tables in Chapter 13, Article 1 (Base Zones) subject to the following regulations.

- (a) [No change in text.]
- (b) The following regulations are applicable to both ADUs and JADUs
 - (1) [No change in text.]
 - (2) Development Regulations
 - (A) through (D) [No change in text.]
 - (E) ADU and JADU structures must comply with the front yard and street side yard setbacks of the base zone. Interior side yard and rear yard setbacks for new ADU and JADU structures shall be provided as follows:
 - (i) One story ADUs or JADUs with a structure height

 16 feet or less may observe a zero-foot setback at
 the interior side yard and rear yard.
 - that exceeds 16 feet and multi-story ADU or JADU structures may observe zero-foot interior side yard and rear yard setbacks, unless the side or rear property line abuts another premises that is residentially zoned or developed with exclusively residential uses, in which case a 4-foot setback shall apply.

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- (FE) The following landscape regulations shall apply to the construction of an ADU or JADU:
 - (i) through (ii) [No change in text).
- (GH) ADUs and JADUs shall not be required to provide fire sprinklers if they are not required for the primary dwelling unit. When located on a premises where the primary dwelling unit is protected with an automatic fire sprinkler system in accordance with Section R313 of the California Residential Code, a ADU or JADU shall be protected with an automatic fire sprinkler system.
- (HI) Construction of an ADU or JADU shall not require the correction of previously conforming conditions on the premises.
- (IJ) ADUs and JADUs constructed within Areas of Future Sea Level Rise must comply with the regulations in Section 132.0402.
- (3) through (4) [No change in text.]
- (c) In addition to the requirements in Section 141.0302(a), the following additional regulations are applicable to *ADUs*:
 - (1) [No change in text.]
 - (2) Development Regulations for ADUs
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- (A) through (F) [No change in text.]
- (G) ADU Bonus for Affordable ADUs. One additional ADU shall be permitted for every ADU on the premises that is set aside as affordable to very low income and low income households for a period of not less than 10 years, or as affordable to moderate income households for a period of not less than 15 years, guaranteed through a written agreement and a deed of trust securing the agreement, entered into by the applicant and the President and Chief Executive Officer of the San Diego Housing Commission.
 - (i) through (iii) [No change in text.]
 - households located in an area identified as a Low or
 Lowest Resource California Tax Credit Allocation

 Committee Opportunity Area according to the most

 recent California State Treasurer TCAC/HCD

 Opportunity Area Maps shall receive priority

 preference for new covenant-restricted dwelling units

 created under this Section.

Table 141-03A

Qualifying Criteria for Affordable ADU Bonus

[No change in text.]

- (H) For development utilizing the ADU Bonus for Affordable

 ADUs in accordance with Section 141.0302(c)(2)(G) and
 providing no less than two ADUs on the premises set aside
 as affordable to very low income, low income, or moderate
 income households only one additional ADU shall be
 permitted for one ADU on the premises that meets the
 accessibility requirements in Chapter 11A of the California
 Building Code and includes at least one accessible
 bathroom, at least one accessible kitchen and at least one
 accessible bedroom. The accessible ADU must be is located
 on an accessible route, as defined by the California Building
 Code.
- (I) ADU structures must comply with the front yard and street

 side yard setbacks of the base zone. Interior side yard and

 rear yard setbacks for new ADU structures shall be

 provided as follows:
 - (i) One-story ADUs with a structure height 16 feet or

 less may observe a zero-foot setback at the interior

 side yard and rear yard.
 - (ii) One-story ADUs with a structure height that

 exceeds 16 feet and multi-story ADU structures

 may observe zero-foot interior side yard and rear
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yard setbacks, unless the side or rear property line
abuts another premises that is residentially zoned or
developed with exclusively residential uses, in
which case a 4-foot setback shall apply.

- (d) In addition to the requirements in Section 141.0302(a), *Junior Accessory*Dwelling Units are subject to the following additional regulations:
 - (1) [No change in text.]
 - (2) Development Regulations
 - (A) [No change in text.]
 - (B) A JADU of not less than 150 square feet and not more than 500 square feet is permitted within an existing or proposed single dwelling unit, or an attached or detached garage., or an ADU. A JADU constructed within an existing structure may construct an additional 150 square feet for ingress and egress only.
 - (C) [No change in text.]

§141.0305 Fraternity Houses and Sorority Houses, and Student Dormitories

(a) Fraternity houses, and sorority houses, and student dormitories are facilities that are designed or used as a residence for students that are members of an organized university or college fraternity or sorority and enrolled at an institution of higher learning. Fraternity houses, and sorority houses, and student dormitories may be permitted with a Conditional Use -PAGE 15 OF 85-

Permit decided in accordance with Process Three in the zones indicated with a "C" in the Use Regulations Tables in Chapter 13, Article 1 (Base Zones) subject to the following regulations. Fraternity houses, and sorority houses, and student dormitories may be permitted only in the following locations:

- (1) through (2) [No change in text.]
- (b) If the <u>facility fraternity house or sorority house</u> is not located on a college or university campus, off-street parking shall be provided as follows:
 - (1) At a rate of 1 parking space for each resident <u>if the fraternity house</u> or sorority house is located outside of a *transit priority area*, or
 - (2) Through a parking agreement between the college or university with which the facility fraternity house or sorority house is affiliated and the *applicant*, which will allow the *applicant* to use college or university parking facilities to meet the parking requirement.
- (c) [No change in text.]
- (d) The facility fraternity house or sorority house must be officially recognized by the college or university.
- (e) [No change in text.]

§141.0319 Student Housing

Student housing are facilities that are specifically designed and used as a

student dormitories or student apartments located off-campus. Student housing is permitted as a limited use in the zones indicated with a "L" in the Use Regulations Tables in Chapter 13, Article 1 (Base Zones) subject to the following regulations:

- (a) Student housing may be permitted only in the following locations:
 - (1) Within an area specifically designated for these facilities by the applicable *land use plan*,
 - (2) When the applicable *land use plan* does not contain a designated area, such facilities may be located within a 1-mile radius of the boundary of a college or university campus, in any zone that permits *multiple dwelling unit* development, or
 - (3) Within a *sustainable development area*, in any zone that permits *multiple dwelling unit* development.
 - (b) Automobile and Bicycle Parking regulations
 - (1) The required automobile parking spaces shall be in compliance with Section 142.0525 for a rooming house use, unless the development is located in a transit priority area, in which case, automobile parking shall be provided in accordance with Section 142.0528.
 - (2) If the student housing facility is located within a 1-mile
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radius of the boundary of a college or university campus,

the facility can meet the parking requirement through a

parking agreement between the college or university with

the student housing facility, which allows the student

housing facility to use college or university parking

facilities; and

Within a transit priority area, bicycle parking at a rate of
 0.5 spaces per bed that are located in enclosed and secure
 areas.

(c) Occupancy regulations

- occupied exclusively by undergraduate, graduate, or

 professional students enrolled full time at an institution of
 higher education accredited by the Western Association
 of Schools and Colleges or the Accrediting Commission
 for Community and Junior Colleges; and
- (2) The enrollment of a student shall be verified by

 documentation provided by an institution of higher

 education, as determined by the San Diego Housing

 Commission.

- (d) Onsite management regulations
 - (1) A resident manager is required to live on the *premises*.
 - (2) At least one staff member shall be located on the premises 24 hours per day.
- (e) Student amenity regulations
 - (1) A minimum of 10 percent of the *structures*' ground *floor*gross floor area shall be dedicated to student amenities,
 excluding leasing or manager offices, including one or
 more of the following: gyms, community rooms, shared
 resources, and facilities such as study rooms or co-study
 spaces.
 - (2) Student housing shall include onsite laundry facilities.

§ 142.0501 Purpose of the Parking Regulations

The purpose of these regulations is to provide a unified set of standards for public and private transportation related improvements throughout the City. The standards are designed to work together to accommodate a multi modal transportation system and encourage transportation mode alternatives to the single occupant automobile. The intent is to provide for a safe and efficient transportation system delivering a high degree of personal mobility; to reduce traffic congestion and improve air quality; and to reasonably accommodate the

peak parking needs of *development*, balanced by the needs of pedestrians, bicyclists, and transit users, and by the preservation and enhancement of community character, and to further the City's housing and climate goals.

§142.0505 When Parking Regulations Apply

These regulations apply in all base zones and planned districts, with the exception of those areas specifically identified as being exempt from the regulations, whether or not a permit or other approval is required.

Table 142-05A identifies the applicable regulations and the type of permit required by this division, if any, for the type of *development* shown.

Table 142-05A
Parking Regulations Applicability

Type of Development Proposal	Applicable Regulations	Required Permit Type/ Decision Process
Any single dwelling unit residential development through Any multiple dwelling unit residential development that includes housing that meets the criteria stated in Section 142.0527 (Affordable Housing Parking Regulations) [No change in text.]	Sections 142.0510-, 142.0520 _a and 142.0560	[No change in text.]
Any multiple dwelling unit residential development that meets the criteria in Section 142.0528 (Parking Standards Transit Priority Area Regulations)	[No change in text.]	[No change in text.]
Any nonresidential <i>development</i> through <i>Shared parking</i> for nonspecified uses [No change in text.]	[No change in text.]	[No change in text.]

§142.0520 Single Dwelling Unit Residential Uses — Required Parking Ratios

The required number of *off-street parking spaces* for *single dwelling units* and related uses are shown in Table 142-05B.

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Table 142-05B

Minimum Required Parking Spaces for Single Dwelling Units and Related Uses

Type of Unit and Related Uses	Number of Required Parking Spaces
[No change in text.]	[No change in text.]
[No change in text.]	[No change in text.]
All single dwelling units where all or a portion of the premises is located within a transit priority area	0 spaces per dwelling unit

Footnotes for Table 142-05B [No change in text.]

§142.0525 Multiple Dwelling Unit Residential Uses — Required Parking Ratios

(a) Minimum Required Parking Spaces. The required automobile parking spaces, motorcycle parking spaces, and bicycle parking spaces for *development* of *multiple dwelling units*, whether attached or detached, and related and *accessory uses* are shown in Table 142-05C. Other allowances and requirements, including the requirement for additional common area parking for some projects, are provided in Section 142.0525(b) through (d).

Table 142-05C

Minimum Required Parking Spaces for Multiple Dwelling Units and Related Accessory Uses

Multiple Dwelling Unit Type and Related and Accessory Uses		Automobile S Per Dwe (Unless Other	Motorcycle Spaces Required Per Dwelling Unit ⁽⁹⁾	Bicycle Spaces Required Per Dwelling Unit ⁽⁵⁾		
	Basic (1)	Transit Area (2)	Parking Standards Transit Priority Area Transit Priority Area O (9)	Parking Impact ⁽⁴⁾		
Studio up to 400 square feet through Condominium conversion ⁽⁸⁾ 1 bedroom or studio over 400 Square feet, 2 bedrooms, 3 + bedrooms [No change in text.]			[No chang	ge in text.]		
Rooming house	[No char	ge in text.]	0.75 per tenant	1.75	N/A	N/A ¹⁰
Residential care facility	[No char	ige in text.]	1 per 4 beds or per permit 0	·	[No change in text	.]
(6 or fewer persons) Small lot subdivision in accordance with Section 143.0365		N	[No chang	ge in text.]		
Studio up to 400 square feet	[No chang	ge in text.]	<u>1.0 0</u>		[No change in text.]
1 <i>bedroom</i> or studio over 400 square feet	[No chang	ge in text.]	<u>1.25 0</u>		[No change in text.]
2+ bedrooms	[No chang	ge in text.]	1.75 <u>0</u>		[No change in text.]
Transitional Housing Facilities (6 or fewer persons) through Permanent Supportive Housing [No change in text.]			[No chang	ge in text.]		
Continuing Care Retirement Communities						
Dwelling units	[No chang	ge in text.]	0.75 <u>0</u>		[No change in text.]
Convalescent and memory care rooms	[No chang	ge in text.]	1.0 per 3 beds <u>0</u>		[No change in text.]
Employees	[No chang	ge in text.]	0.75 per peak Shift <u>0</u>		[No change in text.]
Accessory uses (spaces per square feet ⁽⁷⁾)	[No chang	ge in text.]	Retail Sales: 2.5 per 1,000 <u>0</u>		[No change in text.]
			Eating and Drinking Estb.: 5 per 1,000 0			

- ¹ Basic. The basic parking ratio applies to *development* that does not qualify for a reduced parking requirement (in accordance with the *transit area* or *Parking Standards Transit Priority Area <u>transit priority area</u> parking ratio or the <i>very low income* parking ratio), or for an increased parking requirement in accordance with the Parking Impact Area as described in Chapter 13, Article 2, Division 8 (Parking Impact Overlay Zone). *Development* qualifying for both a reduced parking ratio (*transit area* or *very low-income* parking ratio) and an increased parking ratio (Parking Impact Area) shall also use the basic parking ratio.
- ² through ³ [No change in text.]
- ⁴ Parking Impact. The parking impact ratio applies to *development* where all or a portion of the *premises* is located within a designated beach impact area or a campus impact area as described in Chapter 13, Article 2, Division 8 (Parking Impact Overlay Zone), unless otherwise noted, but does not apply to *development* where all or a portion of the *premises* is located within a Parking Standards Transit Priority Area *transit priority area*.
- ⁵ Bicycle. -Bicycle racks are not required for a <u>dwelling unit dwelling unit</u> with a garage accessible only by residents of the *dwelling unit*.
- ⁶ 5+ Bedrooms in Parking Impact Areas. -Beach impact area: 2.5 spaces per dwelling unit dwelling unit. Campus impact area: 1 space per bedroom.
- ⁷ through ⁸ [No change in text.]
- Parking Standards Transit Priority Area. The Parking Standards Transit Priority Area <u>transit priority area</u> parking ratio applies to <u>development</u> where all or a portion of the <u>premises</u> is located within a <u>Parking Standards Transit Priority Area <u>transit priority area</u> as described in Section 142.0528 and supersedes any other applicable parking ratio.</u>
- Student Housing facilities located within a *transit priority area* are required to provide bicycle parking rate at a rate of 0.5 spaces per bed that are located in enclosed and secure areas.
 - (b) through (d) [No change in text.]

§142.0528 Parking Standards Transit Priority Area Parking Regulations

The Parking Standards Transit Priority Area <u>Transit Priority Area</u> Regulations establish the parking requirements for *multiple dwelling unit* residential *development* where all or a portion of the <u>premises</u> is located within a <u>Parking</u> Standards Transit Priority Area <u>transit priority area</u>. For purposes of this section, Parking Standards Transit Priority Area means the area defined in California Public Resources Code Section 21099, as may be amended, or an area within one-

half mile of a major transit stop that is existing or planned, if the planned major transit stop is scheduled to be completed within the San Diego Association of Governments (SANDAG) Regional Transportation Improvement Program (RTIP). The RTIP covers five fiscal years and incrementally implements the longrange Regional Transportation Plan for the San Diego region. Multiple dwelling unit residential development that involves four or fewer dwelling units, or that includes at least 20 percent on-site housing that is affordable to persons with a household income equal to or less than 50 percent of the area median income as determined in accordance with California Health and Safety Code section 50093 and is subject to an affordability restriction for a minimum of 55 years, or multiple dwelling unit residential development where the off-street parking spaces are provided in garages that are attached to and directly accessible from the <u>dwelling unit</u>, is exempt from the <u>unbundled parking</u> requirement in subsection 142.0528(b)(1). Reasonable accommodations to parking requirements shall be granted if necessary to afford people with disabilities equal housing opportunities under state or federal law, in accordance with Section 131.0466. Multiple dwelling unit residential development in the Centre City and Gaslamp Planned Districts is exempt from the transportation amenity requirement in subsection 142.0528(c).

- (a) Parking Requirements. Off street parking spaces are not required.(1) through (4) [No change in text.]
- (b) [No change in text.]
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- (c) Transportation Amenities. All multiple dwelling unit residential development where all or a portion of the premises is located within a Parking Standards Transit Priority Area transit priority area shall provide transportation amenities based on its Transportation Amenity Score.

 Transportation amenity, as used herein, means a feature provided by a development that reduces vehicle trips by informing, educating, and incentivizing transit use, bicycling, walking, and ridesharing. The types of transportation amenities are listed in Land Development Manual Appendix Q.
- (1) through (3) [No change in text.]

§142.0530 Nonresidential Uses — Parking Ratios

(a)

Retail Sales, Commercial Services, and Mixed-Use Development.

Table 142-05E establishes the ratio of required parking spaces to building floor area in the commercial zones, industrial zones, mixed-use zones, and planned districts shown, for retail sales uses and for those commercial service uses that are not covered by Table 142-05F or 142-05G. Table 142-05E also establishes the required parking ratios for mixed-use developments in a single *structure* that include an allowed use from at least two of the following use categories: (1) retail sales, (2) commercial services, and (3) offices.

Table 142-05E

Parking Ratios for Retail Sales, Commercial Services, Offices, and Mixed-Use Development

Zone	_	Required per 1,000 Squar oor Area Includes <i>Gross Flo</i> Excludes <i>Floor</i> Area De	oor Area plus Below Grade								
		Required Automobile Parking Spaces ⁽¹⁾									
	Minimum Required Outside a Transit Area -or Parking Standards-Transit Priority Area	Minimum Required Within a <i>Parking</i> Standards-Transit Priority Area ⁽⁶⁾	Minimum Required Within a <i>Transit Area</i>	Maximum Permitted							
Commercial	Zones										
Commercia I Zones, CC-1-2, CC-2-2, CC-4-2, CC-5-2 through Mixed-Use Zones, EMX-3 [No change in text.]		[No change	in text.]								
Planned Dist			(4)								
Barrio Logan: Subdistrict B	1.0-(4)	0	1.0 (4)	<u>5.5</u>							

Zone	Parking Spaces Required per 1,000 Square Feet of Floor Area Unless Otherwise Noted (Floor Area Includes Gross Floor Area plus Below Grade Floor Area and Excludes Floor Area Devoted to Parking)									
	Required Automobile Parking Spaces ⁽¹⁾									
	Minimum Required Outside a <i>Transit Area</i> -or Parking Standards -Transit Priority Area	Minimum Required Within a Parking Standards Transit Priority Area ⁽⁶⁾	Minimum Required Within a <i>Transit Area</i>	Maximum Permitted						
Barrio Logan: Except Subdistrict B	2.5	0	2.1	6.5						
Planned Districts, Carmel Valley through Planned Districts, La Jolla Shores [No change in text.]	5.0	0	4.3	6.5						
Mid-City: CN-3 and CV-3	1.25	0	1.25	5.5						
Mid-City: Except CN-3, CV-3	2.5	θ	2.1	6.5						
Mount Hope	3.3	θ	2.8	6.5						
Mission Valley: CV	2.5	θ	2.1	6.5						
Mission Valley: Except CV	5.0	θ	4.3	6.5						

Zone	Parking Spaces Required per 1,000 Square Feet of Floor Area Unless Otherwise Noted (Floor Area Includes Gross Floor Area plus Below Grade Floor Area and Excludes Floor Area Devoted to Parking)								
		Required Automobile	Parking Spaces ⁽¹⁾						
	Minimum Required Outside a <i>Transit Area</i> -or Parking Standards-Transit Priority Area	Minimum Required Within a <i>Parking</i> Standards Transit Priority Area ⁽⁶⁾	Minimum Required Within a <i>Transit Area</i>	Maximum Permitted					
Planned Districts, Old Town [No change in text.]		[No change	in text.]						
West Lewis Street	1.0-(4)	θ	1.0-(4)	5.5					

Footnotes for Table 142-05E

- The parking standards transit priority area parking ratio applies to development where all or a portion of the premises is located within a parking standards transit priority area as described in Section 142.0531 and supersedes any other applicable parking ratio. Vehicle Miles Travelled Reduction Measures are applicable as described in Section 143.1103(b)(1).
 - (b) Eating and Drinking Establishments. Table 142-05F establishes the required ratio of parking spaces to building *floor* area in the commercial zones, industrial zones, and planned districts shown, for eating and drinking establishments that are the *primary use* on a *premises*.

¹ through ⁵ [No change in text.]

Table 142-05F Parking Ratios for Eating and Drinking Establishments

Zone	Parking Spaces Required per 1,000 Square Feet of Eating and Drinking Establishment ⁽¹⁾ Floor Area Unless Otherwise Noted (Floor Area Includes Gross Floor Area plus Below Grade Floor Area and Excludes Floor Area Devoted to Parking) Required Automobile Parking Spaces ⁽²⁾								
	Minimum Required Outside a Transit Area or Parking Standards Transit Priority Area	Minimum Required Within a <i>Parking</i> Standards-Transit Priority Area ⁽⁶⁾	Minimum Required Within a <i>Transit Area</i>	Maximum Permitted					
	ones, CC-1-1, CC-2-1, CC-4-1, C	CC-5-1 through Mixed-Us	se Zones, EMX-3 [No cha	inge in text.]					
Industrial Zon	ies								
IH-1-1 IH-2-1	15.0	<u>12.8 0</u>	12.8	25.0					
IL-1-1 IL-2-1	15.0	<u>12.8 Q</u>	12.8	25.0					
Industrial Zones, IL-3-1 through Industrial Zones, IBT- 1-1 Planned Distri	icts	[No change in text.]						
Barrio Logan:	1.0-(5)	θ	1.0 (5)	20.0					
Subdistrict B									
Barrio Logan: Except Subdistrict B	2.5	θ	2.1	20.0					
Planned Districts, Carmel Valley through Planned Districts, La Jolla Shores [No change in text.]		[No change in text.]						

Zone	Parking Spaces Required per 1,000 Square Feet of Eating and Drinking Establishment ⁽¹⁾ Floor Area Unless Otherwise Noted (Floor Area Includes Gross Floor Area plus Below Grade Floor Area and Excludes Floor Area Devoted to Parking) Required Automobile Parking Spaces ⁽²⁾			
	Minimum Required Outside a Transit Area or Parking Standards Transit Priority Area	Minimum Required Within a Parking Standards Transit Priority Area ⁽⁶⁾	Minimum Required Within a <i>Transit Area</i>	Maximum Permitted
Mid-City: CN-3 and CV-3	1.25	0	1.25	20.0
Mid-City: Except CN-3, CV-3	2.5	0	2.1	25.0
Mount Hope	3.3	θ	2.8	25.0
Mission Valley: CV	5.0	0	4.3	25.0
Mission Valley: Except CV	15.0	0	12.8	25.0
Planned Districts, Old Town [No change in text.]		[No change in text.]	
West Lewis Street	1.0 (5)	θ	1.0 ⁽⁵⁾	20.0

Footnotes for Table 142-05F

Eating and Drinking Establishments. The minimum parking ratios apply to eating and drinking establishments that do not have a common parking area with any other uses. There is no minimum parking requirement or maximum permitted parking for outdoor dining. Within Transit Priority Areas, minimum required parking can be replaced by a placemaking project if a Temporary Use Permit is obtained in accordance with Section 123.0402. Within the CN, CO and CV Zones, minimum parking required can also be replaced with bicycle parking at a ratio of 2 bicycle parking spaces provided for every required vehicle parking space. Within the Coastal Overlay Zone, outdoor dining areas such as decks, patios, terraces, etc., are considered part of the eating and drinking establishment's gross floor area and are included in calculating parking requirements.

- The <u>parking standards</u> transit priority area parking ratio applies to development where all or a portion of the <u>premises</u> is located within a <u>parking standards</u> transit priority area as described in Section 142.0531 and supersedes any other applicable parking ratio. Vehicle Miles Travelled Reduction Measures are applicable as described in Section 143.1103(b)(1).
 - (c) Nonresidential Uses. -Table 142-05G establishes the required ratio of parking spaces to building *floor* area for the nonresidential uses shown that are not covered by the parking requirements in Section 142.0530(a) and (b).

Table 142-05G

Parking Ratios for Specified Non-Residential Uses

Use	Parking Spaces Required per 1,000 Square Feet of Floor Area Unless Otherwise Noted (Floor Area Includes Gross Floor Area plus below Grade Floor Area, and Excludes Floor Area Devoted to Parking) Required Automobile Parking Spaces(1)			
	Minimum Required Outside a Transit Area or Parking Standards Transit Priority Area	Minimum Required Within a Parking Standards Transit Priority Area (8)	Minimum Required Within a <i>Transit Area</i> (2)	Maximum Permitted
Institutional				
Separately Regulated Uses				
Botanical Gardens and Arboretums	[No change in text.]			
Educational facilities:	7			
Kindergarten through grade 9	2.0 per classroom if no assembly area or 30 per 1,000 square feet assembly area	85% of Minimum <u>0</u>	85% of Minimum	N/A
Grade 10 through grade 12	1 per 5 students at maximum occupancy	85% of Minimum <u>0</u>	85% of Minimum	N/A

² through ⁵ [No change in text.]

Use	Parking Spaces Required per 1,000 Square Feet of Floor Area Unless Otherwise Noted (Floor Area Includes Gross Floor Area plus below Grade Floor Area, and Excludes Floor Area Devoted to Parking)				
	Required Automobile Parking Spaces ⁽¹⁾				
	Minimum Required Outside a <i>Transit Area</i> or Parking Standards Transit Priority Area	Minimum Required Within a Parking Standards Transit Priority Area (8)	Minimum Required Within a <i>Transit Area</i> (2)	Maximum Permitted	
Vocational/trade schools	1 per student at maximum occupancy	85% of Minimum 0	85% of Minimum	N/A	
Exhibit Halls & Convention Facilities	1 per 3 seats; 30.0 if no fixed seats	85% of Minimum <u>0</u>	85% of Minimum	N/A	
Hospitals	2 per bed	85% of Minimum <u>0</u>	85% of Minimum	N/A	
Intermediate care facilities and nursing facilities	1 per 3 beds	85% of Minimum <u>0</u>	85% of Minimum	N/A	
Interpretive Centers	3.3	<u>2.8 0</u>	2.8	N/A	
Museums	3.3	<u>2.8 0</u>	2.8	N/A	
Radio & Television Broadcasting	3.3	<u>2.9 0</u>	2.9	5.0	
Retail Sales: See Table	e 142-05E [No change in text.]				
Commercial Services					
Eating & Drinking Establishments	[No change in text.]				
Public assembly & entertainment, Theaters through Swimming pools [No change in text.]					
All other assembly and entertainment	1 per 3 seats or 1 per 60 inches of bench or pew seating, whichever is greater; or 30 per 1,000 square feet of assembly area if seating is not fixed	85% of Minimum <u>0</u>	85% of Minimum ⁽⁷⁾	N/A	
Visitor accommodations	[No change in text.]				
Separately Regulated Uses					

Use	Parking Spaces Required per 1,000 Square Feet of Floor Area Unless Otherwise Noted (Floor Area Includes Gross Floor Area plus below Grade Floor Area, and Excludes Floor Area Devoted to Parking)				
		Required Automobile Park	ring Spaces ⁽¹⁾		
	Minimum Required Outside a <i>Transit Area</i> or Parking Standards Transit Priority Area	Minimum Required Within a Parking Standards Transit Priority Area (8)	Minimum Required Within a <i>Transit Area</i> (2)	Maximum Permitted	
Child Care Centers	1 per staff	85% of Minimum <u>0</u>	85% of Minimum	N/A	
Funeral parlors & Mortuaries	1 per 3 seats; 30.0 for assembly area if no fixed seats	85% of Minimum <u>0</u>	85% of minimum	N/A	
Private clubs, lodges, fraternal organizations (except fraternities and sororities) through Single room occupancy hotels (For SRO Hotels that meet the criteria for affordable housing dwelling units stated in Section 142.0527, see Section 142.0527 for parking requirements) [No change in text.]		[No change in tex	t.]		
Veterinary clinics & hospitals	2.5	2.1 <u>0</u>	2.1	N/A	
Offices ⁽⁴⁾				L	
Business & professional/ Government/ Regional & corporate headquarters (except in IS Zone) through All office uses in the IS Zone [No change in text.]	[No change in text.]				
Vehicle & Vehicular Equ	ipment Sales & Service				
Automobile service stations	2 per Station; with Maintenance Facility, 3 per Station Plus 1 per Service Bay	85% of Minimum <u>0</u>	85% of Minimum	N/A	

Use	Parking Spaces Required per 1,000 Square Feet of Floor Area Unless Otherwise Noted (Floor Area Includes Gross Floor Area plus below Grade Floor Area, and Excludes Floor Area Devoted to Parking)			
		ing Spaces ⁽¹⁾		
	Minimum Required Outside a <i>Transit Area</i> or Parking Standards Transit Priority Area	Minimum Required Within a Parking Standards Transit Priority Area (8)	Minimum Required Within a <i>Transit Area</i> (2)	Maximum Permitted
	Retail Sales: 3.0			
Vehicle repair & maintenance	5.0	4 <u>.3</u> <u>0</u>	4.3	N/A
Vehicle sales & rentals	1 per each 10 display cars	85% of Minimum <u>0</u>	85% of Minimum	N/A
Distribution and Storag	e ⁽⁴⁾			
All distribution and storage uses through Self Storage Facilities [No change in text.]	[No change in text.]			
Industrial			,	
Heavy Manufacturing (except in IS Zone)	1.5 (6)	<u>1.5 0</u> ⁽⁶⁾	1.5 (6)	4.0
Light manufacturing (except in IS Zone)	2.5 (6)	<u>2.1 <u>0</u> ⁽⁶⁾</u>	2.1 (6)	4.0
Research & development (except in IS Zone) through All industrial uses in the IS Zone [No change in text.]	[No change in text.]			

Footnotes for Table 142-05G

¹ through ⁷ [No change in text.]

- The <u>parking standards transit priority area</u> parking ratio <u>apply applies</u> to <u>development where all or a portion of the <u>premises</u> is <u>located</u> within a <u>parking standards</u> transit priority area as <u>described in Section 142.0531 and</u> supersedes any other applicable parking ratio. Vehicle Miles Travelled Reduction Measures are applicable as described in Section 143.1103(b)(1).</u>
 - (d) through (h) [No change in text.]

§142.0531 Parking Standards Transit Priority Area Regulations for Non-Residential Uses

- (a) Table 142-05E establishes the ratio of required parking spaces to building floor area within a parking standards transit priority area in the commercial zones, industrial zones, mixed-use zones, and planned districts shown.
- (b) [No change in text.]
- (c) Where no *off-street parking spaces* are provided on a *premises* in a *parking standards transit priority area*:
 - (1) through (2) [No change in text.]
- (d) Where off-street parking spaces are provided on a premises in a parking standards transit priority area, a premises with 11 to 25 off-street parking spaces must provide at least 2 accessible off-street parking spaces. A premises with greater than 25 off-street parking spaces shall be subject to the requirements in the California Building Standards Code.

§142.0640 Development Impact Fees for Public Facilities and Spaces

- (a) [No change in text.]
- (b) Payment of Fees

Development Impact Fees (as defined in California Government Code
Section 66000) for applicable *development* shall be paid prior to
requesting a final inspection. A final inspection shall not occur until the
applicable DIFs are paid in areas where DIFs have been established by
City Council resolution or ordinance. Notwithstanding the above, the City
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Manager may also require the payment of DIFs for development that would increase demand for public facilities and/or result in the need for new public facilities. DIFs shall not be required for inclusionary <u>dwelling</u> <u>units</u> provided pursuant to Chapter 14, Article 2, Division 13 if the applicant has satisfied all the requirements of Division 13 for inclusionary <u>dwelling units</u> on the same premises as the market-rate <u>dwelling units</u>. The DIF amount due shall be based upon the DIF schedule in effect when the <u>development</u> application was submitted, or the DIF schedule in effect when the fees are paid, whichever amount is lower, plus an automatic increase consistent with Section 142.0640(c), if applicable.

Exemptions:

- (1) through (3) [No change in text.]
- (4) For *development* utilizing the Complete Communities: Housing Solutions Regulations in Chapter 14, Article 3, Division 10, all covenant-restricted affordable *dwelling units* and *dwelling units* that contain at least three bedrooms -do not exceed 500 square feet are exempt from DIFs.
- (5) For development utilizing the Complete Communities: Housing

 Solutions Regulations in Chapter 14, Article 3, Division 10, the

 DIF for the residential development shall be scaled in accordance

 with Table 142-06A based upon the dwelling unit size.

- (65) For *development* of a streetary, in accordance with Section 141.0621, the DIFs shall be assessed at a rate of 1/15th of the Development Impact Fees established by City Council resolution or ordinance, and shall be collected every two years with the issuance of the applicable Public Right of Way Permit.
- (7<u>6</u>) Active sidewalks developed in accordance with Section 141.0621 are exempt from DIFs.
- (87) The first two *dwelling units* constructed in accordance with Chapter 14, Article 3, Division 13 shall be exempt from the requirement to pay DIF. The third and fourth *dwelling units* constructed in accordance with Chapter 14, Article 3, Division 13 shall be required to pay DIF, which shall be scaled in accordance with Table 142-06A, based upon the *dwelling unit* size.

Table 142-06A Scaled Development Impact Fee Rate for Specific Residential Development [No change in text.]

(98) Development that designs and constructs an onsite park that satisfies the development's park standard identified in the Parks

Master Plan, shall not be subject to the requirement to pay the

Citywide Park DIF, where the requirements set forth in San Diego

Resolution R-313688 have been satisfied. Development that

designs and constructs an onsite park that satisfies a portion of the

development's parks standards shall be subject to a proportionate share credit of the DIF for the Citywide Park DIF where the requirements set forth in San Diego Resolution R-313688 have been satisfied. To be eligible for any exemption under this subsection, the following additional requirements shall apply:

(A) through (F) [No change in text.]

- (109) Interim residential *development* that obtains a Building Permit in accordance with Section 141.0309 shall be required to pay one-third of the applicable residential DIF. At the end of 10 years from issuance of the Neighborhood Use Permit, if the interim residential use and associated Neighborhood Use Permit is extended beyond the initial term, the remaining two-thirds of the applicable residential DIF in effect at the time of the granting of the initial Building Permit shall be paid.
- (10) For development utilizing the Missing Middle Housing

 Regulations in Chapter 14, Article 3, Division 15, all dwelling

 units are subject to the payment of DIF at the rate for multiple

 dwelling units.
- (c) through (g) [No change in text.]

§142.1304 Inclusionary Affordable Housing Requirements

From July 1, 2020 through June 30, 2024, the requirements of Subsections (a) and (b) of this Section 142.1304 shall be implemented incrementally as set forth in the -PAGE 38 OF 85-

Inclusionary Affordable Housing Implementation and Monitoring Procedures

Manual on file with the San Diego Housing Commission (Procedures Manual).

Effective July 1, 2024, all residential *development* subject to this Division shall include inclusionary *dwelling units* as follows:

- (a) through (d) [No change in text.]
- (e) Development of inclusionary dwelling units shall be subject to the following:
 - (1) through (2) [No change in text.]
 - (3) Sale or lease of the inclusionary dwelling units shall follow the marketing requirements and procedures in the Procedures Manual.

 Very low income, low income and moderate income households

 located in an area identified as a Low Resource or High

 Segregation and Poverty Resource California Tax Credit

 Allocation Committee (CTCAC) Opportunity Area when the development application is deemed complete, shall receive priority preference for new covenant-restricted dwelling units created under this Section.
 - (4) through (5) [No change in text.]
- (f) through (h) [No change in text.]

§143.0720 Density Bonus in Exchange for Affordable Housing Units

(b) If the facility is not located on a college or university, off-street parking

shall be provided as follows:
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- (1) At a rate of one parking space for each resident, or
- (2) Through a parking agreement between the college or university with

 which the facility is affiliated and the *applicant*, which will allow

 the *applicant* to use college or university parking facilities to meet

 the parking requirement.
- (c) A resident manager is required to live on the *premises*.
- (d) The facility must be officially recognized by the college or university.
- (e) The frequency and duration of organized outdoor activities and social

 events shall be limited as needed to minimize adverse impacts on

 neighboring development.

§143.0720 Density Bonus in Exchange for Affordable Housing Units

- (a) through (f) [No change in text.]
- (g) A *lower income student's* housing *density* bonus agreement shall utilize the following qualifying criteria:
 - (1) At least 20 10 percent of the pre-density bonus units in the development shall be affordable to lower income students at a rent that does not exceed 30 percent of 65 percent of the area median income for a single-room occupancy unit type.
 - (A) through (B) [No change in text]
 - (2) All units in the student housing *development* shall be used exclusively for undergraduate, graduate, or professional students enrolled full time at an institution of higher education -PAGE 40 OF 85-

accredited by the Western Association of Schools and Colleges or the Accrediting Commission for Community and Junior Colleges. The applicant shall, as a condition of receiving a certificate of occupancy, provide evidence to the satisfaction of the City Manager that the applicant has entered into an operating agreement or master lease with one or more institutions of higher education for the institution or institutions to occupy all units of the student housing development with students from that institution or institutions.

- (3) [No change in text]
- (4) The *lower income student* units shall be comparable in mix and amenities to the market-rate student units in the *development* and be dispersed throughout the *development*.
- (4)(5) Rental units shall remain available as affordable units for a period of 55 years or longer, as may be required by other laws or covenants.
- (h) through (k) [No change in text]
- (l) A *development* proposal requesting an affordable housing *density* bonus is subject to the following:
 - (1) through (5) [No change in text]
 - (6) For development meeting the criteria for lower income students,
 the density bonus and incentives shall be 35 percent of the total pre-PAGE 41 OF 85-

density bonus units, calculated in accordance with Section 143.0720(g)(1)(B) in accordance with Table 143-07B.

- (7) through (15) [No change in text]
- (m) through (n) [No change in text]
- (o) A residential or mixed-use *development* consistent with all base zone

 requirements may receive a 0.5 *floor area ratio* bonus that may be

 combined with programs and incentives in this Section if the *development*is located on a *premise* that is:
 - (1) Located in a sustainable development area; and
 - (2) Within a commercial base zone that allows for residential or mixed use development; and
 - (3) Has an existing land use that is not residential
- (p) Very low income, low income and moderate income households located in an area identified as a Low Resource or High Segregation and Poverty

 Resource California Tax Credit Allocation Committee (CTCAC)

 Opportunity Area when the development application is deemed complete shall receive priority preference for new covenant-restricted dwelling units created under this Section.

§143.0740 Incentives in Exchange for Affordable Housing Dwelling Units

An *applicant* proposing *density* bonus shall be entitled to incentives as described in this Division for any *development* for which a written agreement and a deed of trust securing the agreement is entered into by the *applicant* and the President and -PAGE 42 OF 85-

Chief Executive Officer of the San Diego Housing Commission. The City shall process an incentive requested by an *applicant* as set forth in this section.

(a) through (e) [No change in text.]

(f) For development meeting the criteria for lower income students in accordance with Section 143.0720(g), two incentives shall be available.

Table 143-07A [No change in text.]

Table 143-07B [No change in text.]

Table 143-07C [No change in text.]

§143.0745 Locating Required Affordable Dwelling Units Off-site

A *development* that complies with the Affordable Housing Regulations may provide all or a portion of the required affordable *dwelling units* off-site in accordance with the following:

- (a) through (e) [No change in text.]
- (f) Off-site affordable *dwelling units* may be located in an existing *structure(s)*, provided the *applicant* provides evidence that the existing *structure* has a remaining useful life of at least 55 years from the issuance of a Certificate of Occupancy pursuant to Section 143.0745(f)(2)(B) and complies with current Building Code standards, to the satisfaction of the City Manager. Off-site affordable *dwelling units* that are occupied at the time the application is *deemed complete* shall comply with the State

Relocation Act pursuant to Government Code Section 7260 or the

Residential Tenant Protection Regulations in accordance with Chapter 9,

Article 8, Division 7, whichever is greater.

(g) [No change in text.]

§143.0746 Affordable Housing in All Communities

- (a) Affordable housing uses not otherwise allowed in High or Highest
 Resource California Tax Credit Allocation Committee (CTCAC) Areas.

 Affordable housing may be permitted in High or Highest Resource
 CTCAC Areas in accordance with Process One on a *premises* located
 within a non-residential base zone that does not otherwise allow *multiple*dwelling unit development, subject to all of the following:
 - (1) The *development* proposes to construct one or more of the following:
 - (A) through (B) [No change in text.]
 - (C) Transitional housing; or
 - (D) An emergency shelter; or
 - (E) SRO *hotel* rooms in an SRO *hotel that* meets the deed restriction requirement in section 143.0746(a)(7).
 - (2) The *premises* is located within all of the following:
 - (A) [No change in text.]
 - (B) An area identified as a High or Highest Resource CTCAC
 Opportunity Area when the development application is

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deemed complete;

- (C) through (D) [No change in text.]
- (3) through (7) [No change in text.]
- (b) Affordable housing may be permitted on a *premises* owned by a public agency or a qualified nonprofit corporation (consistent with Chapter 2 of the Municipal Code) in accordance with Process One on a *premises* located within a base zone that does not allow *multiple dwelling unit development*, subject to all of the following:
 - (1) [No change in text.]
 - (2) The *development* includes one of the following:
 - (A) [No change in text.]
 - (B) <u>Multiple dwelling unit development</u> for use by public agency employees to be constructed by or through a contract with a public agency;
 - (C) <u>Multiple dwelling unit development</u> for use by active or retired military personnel or veterans, to be constructed by or through a contract with the federal government;
 - (D) <u>Multiple dwelling unit development for use by lower</u>

 <u>income students constructed by or through a contract with a community college district or a state operated university;</u>
 - (BE) *Permanent supportive housing*;
 - (C<u>F</u>) Transitional housing; or -PAGE 45 OF 85-

- $(\underline{\mathbf{DG}})$ An emergency shelter.
- (3) The *premises* is located:
 - (A) [No change in text.]
 - (B) Outside of an area identified as designated for Industrial,

 Park, or Open Space in a land use plan.
- (4) The residential *density* maximums for *development* shall be determined for the applicable portion of the *premises* as follows:

 not apply.
 - (A) Within Mobility Zone 1, (the Downtown Community

 Planning Area), the density and floor area ratio shall be unlimited.
 - (B) Within an area as defined in Section 143.1103(a)(2) as

 Mobility Zone 2, density shall be limited by a maximum

 floor area ratio of 6.5.
 - (C) Within an area as defined in Section 143.1103(a)(3) as

 Mobility Zone 3, density shall be limited by a maximum

 floor area ratio of 4.0.
- (5) Residential development shall comply with the development regulations of the RM-2-5 zone with the exception of density, floor area ratio, lot area, and lot dimensions which shall comply with the base zone.

- The residential maximum floor area ratio shall be determined by the
 Mobility Zone as defined in Section 143.1103 and the percentage
 of very low income, low income and moderate income dwelling
 units provided as identified in Table 143-07E.
 - (A) Where a *premises* is located in two or more Mobility

 Zones, the entire *premises* shall be subject to the

 regulations applicable to the Mobility Zone with the

 greatest *floor area ratio* bonus.
 - (B) Development located within the Coastal Overlay Zone and the Coastal Height Limit Overlay Zone as shown on Map

 No. C-380, filed in the office of the City Clerk as

 Document No. 743737, shall be limited to a maximum

 floor area ratio of 2.5, and to a maximum height of 30 feet, with the exception of those areas located within Mobility

 Zone 1.

Table 143-07E

Maximum Floor Area Ratios by Mobility Zone

Mobility Zone ¹	Affordability Level	Percent Affordable Dwelling		
		Units After Applied Bonus		
		<u>25-34%</u>	<u>35-49%</u>	<u>50-100%</u>
<u>1</u> 2	<u>Very Low Income,</u>	<u>Unlimited</u>	<u>Unlimited</u>	<u>Unlimited</u>
	Low Income, and			
	<u>Moderate Income</u>			
2_	Very Low Income or	<u>6.0</u>	7.0 <i>FAR</i>	<u>8.0 <i>FAR</i></u>
	Low Income ³			

	<u>Moderate Income⁴</u>	<u>5.0 <i>FAR</i></u>	<u>6.0 <i>FAR</i></u>	<u>7.0 <i>FAR</i></u>
	Very Low Income or	4.0 <i>FAR</i>	5.0 <i>FAR</i>	<u>6.0 <i>FAR</i></u>
<u>3</u>	Low Income 3			
	Moderate Income 4	3.0 <i>FAR</i>	4.0 <i>FAR</i>	<u>5.0 <i>FAR</i></u>

Footnotes for Table 143-07E

- Mobility Zones as defined in Section 143.1103.
- Within Mobility Zone 1, there shall be no maximum *floor area ratio*.
- For base zones that have a maximum *floor area ratio* equal or greater than the *floor* area ratio specified in Table 143-07E, the *development* shall receive an additional floor area ratio bonus of 3.0 for very low income and low income dwelling units.
- For base zones that have a maximum *floor area ratio* equal or greater than the *floor area ratio* specified in Table 143-07E, the *development* shall receive an additional *floor area ratio* bonus of 1.5 for *moderate income dwelling units*.
- (6) Residential *development* shall comply with the following <u>development</u> regulations:
 - (A) Within Mobility Zone 1, residential *development* shall comply with the underlying base zone, with the exception of the *floor area ratio*.
 - (B) Within Mobility Zones 2 and 3 and 4 residential

 development shall comply with the development

 regulations of the RM-2-5 zone with the exception of density, floor area ratio maximums, lot area, and lot dimensions.
- (7) Development in Mobility Zone 4 shall be required to provide 10

 points of VMT Reduction Measures in accordance with the Land

 Development Manual, Appendix T or the applicant may the Active

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- Transportation In Lieu Fee referenced in Section 143.1103(c) in lieu of providing the VMT Reduction Measures for the development.
- (7) <u>Development consistent with the criteria in this section shall be</u>
 entitled to incentives and waivers in accordance with Sections
 143.0740 through 143.0743.
- (8) Development shall comply with the regulations of the Airport Land

 Use Compatibility Overlay Zone in accordance with Chapter 13,

 Article 2, Division 15.
- (9) Affordable dwelling units within a multiple dwelling unit
 development shall remain available and affordable for a period of
 55 years or longer, as may be required by other laws or covenants

§143.0747 Incentives for Development of a Previously Conforming Use Identified as a Harmful Use

An applicant proposing development to replace a previously confirming use as identified in Section 127.0112 shall be entitled to one of the following incentives:

date of notification in accordance with Section 127.0112 (b)(2)(A), the development may increase its maximum floor area ratio
allowed in the base zone by 0.5. (2) If a development application
is deemed complete within 15 years of the date of notification in
accordance with Section 127.0112 (b)(2) and includes 50 percent
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of its pre-density bonus dwelling units set aside as affordable to very low income, low income, or moderate income households for a period of not less than 55 years guaranteed through a written agreement and a deed of trust securing the agreement, entered into by the applicant and the President and Chief Executive Officer of the San Diego Housing Commission, the development may increase its maximum floor area ratio allowed by the base zone by 1.5. The increased density shall be in addition to any other increase in density allowed in this Division.

§143.0810 Purpose of Coastal Zone Affordable Housing Replacement Regulations

The purpose of these regulations is to preserve existing dwelling units dwelling units dwelling units within the Coastal Overlay Zone that are occupied by very low income, low income, or moderate income families as defined by Government Code Section 65590(b). These regulations are intended to implement Government Code Section 65590 and the City of San Diego's own pro-housing policies, by providing for replacement housing within the Coastal Overlay Zone.

§143.0815 When Coastal Overlay Zone Affordable Housing Replacement Regulations Apply

(a) This division applies to any *development* that proposes the conversion or demolition of dwelling units rental dwelling units within the Coastal Overlay Zone that are occupied by persons or families of very low income, low income, moderate income, except as provided in Section 143.0820.

- (b) The following *development* types shall be reviewed for compliance with the regulations in this division:
 - (1) through (2) [No change in text.]
 - (3) Demolition of a residential *structure* with three or more dwelling units dwelling units or demolition of at least eleven units five dwelling units when two or more structures are involved.
- (c) [No change in text.]

§143.0820 Exemptions from the Coastal Overlay Zone Affordable Housing Replacement Regulations

This division is not applicable to the following:

- (a) through (b) [No change in text.]
- (c) The conversion or demolition of a residential *structure* that contains less than three dwelling units dwelling units; and
- (d) The conversion or demolition of <u>10-4</u> or fewer <u>dwelling units</u> on a *premises* with more than one residential *structure*.

§143.0830 Coastal Overlay Zone Affordable Housing Replacement Requirements

(a) Within the Coastal Overlay Zone, the conversion or demolition of dwelling units dwelling units occupied by households of very low income, low income, or moderate income is prohibited unless provision is made for the replacement of the units on a one-to-one basis.

- (b) The replacement requirements to provide dwelling units dwelling units affordable to, and occupied by, very low income, low income, or moderate income families can be met in any of the following ways:
 - (1) Conversion of existing market-rate dwelling units dwelling units to units affordable to, and occupied by, <u>very low income</u>, low income, or moderate income persons or families;
 - (2) Conversion of existing nonresidential *development* to dwelling units <u>dwelling units</u> affordable to, and occupied by, *very low income*, *low income* or *moderate income* persons or *families*;
 - (3) Development of new dwelling units dwelling units affordable to, and occupied by, very low income, low income, or moderate income persons or families to replace those housing units converted or demolished;
 - (4) Substantial rehabilitation of deteriorated or dilapidated dwelling units dwelling units to units affordable to, and occupied by, very low income, low income, or moderate income persons or families; or
 - (5) [No change in text.]

§143.0840 General Rules for Coastal Overlay Zone Affordable Housing Replacement Regulations

- (a) The Executive Director of the San Diego Housing Commission shall be responsible for determining <u>very low income</u>, low income, and moderate income affordability standards and residents' qualifications.
- (b) through (d) [No change in text.]

§143.0850 Development Review Procedures and Requirements for Coastal Overlay Zone Affordable Housing Replacement

- (a) [No change in text.]
- (b) Within 45 calendar days of receipt of the application for *development*, the Executive Director of the San Diego Housing Commission shall determine whether the dwelling units dwelling units to be converted or demolished are occupied by persons or *families* of very low income, low income, or moderate income. This determination shall be based upon a survey of the residents. Information on tenant income shall be provided under penalty of perjury and shall include income from all sources, including reasonable return on tenant assets. A dwelling units dwelling unit need not be replaced if, based upon a tenant income survey of the residents, the Executive Director determines that the unit is not occupied by persons or families of very low income, low income, or moderate income.
- (c) Where a proposed *development* is required to provide replacement units that are affordable to <u>very low income</u>, low income, or moderate income persons or *families*, the *applicant* shall enter into a Coastal Affordable Housing Compliance Agreement with the San Diego Housing

Commission and shall be issued. -The agreement shall include the following provisions:

- (1) A description of the *coastal development* project, including its location and the number of <u>dwelling units dwelling units</u> to be developed, converted, or demolished;
- (2) [No change in text.]
- (3) A description of the method to be used to insure the affordability of the replacement dwelling units dwelling units. -The term of affordability shall be for at least 5 years. -Affordability shall include the rent or estimated housing cost and, in the case of for-sale units, the applicant shall identify the techniques to be used to limit future resales. -The agreement shall be recorded and shall be an encumbrance upon the applicant's project until the provisions of this section are satisfied.
- (d) If an *applicant* chooses to pay an in-lieu fee instead of providing replacement dwelling units dwelling units, the agreement shall include a provision that the San Diego Housing Commission shall develop, and make available as soon as feasible, the number and type of dwelling units the applicant would otherwise have been required to provide. -The agreement shall also include the amount of the fee and the manner in which the fee shall be paid in accordance with the following:

- (1) In the case of conversions, the fee shall be due upon commencement of sales of dwelling units dwelling units converted to residential ownership status or upon approval of the final permits for change of use to nonresidential use;
- (2) through (4) [No change in text.]
- (e) through (f) [No change in text.]

§143.0860 Standards for Coastal Overlay Zone Affordable Housing Replacement Dwelling Units

- (a) Replacement dwelling units dwelling units shall provide housing opportunities similar to those provided by the dwelling units dwelling units converted or demolished. Replacement dwelling units dwelling units shall be acceptable to the Executive Director of the San Diego Housing Commission in accordance with a Coastal Affordable Housing Compliance Permit. The replacement dwelling units dwelling units need not be identical to those converted or demolished, but should be provided in the same bedroom ratio.
- (b) Priority for location of replacement dwelling units dwelling units shall be as follows and in accordance with Section 143.0860(c):
 - (1) [No change in text.]
 - (2) Elsewhere in the Coastal Overlay Zone within the same community plan area; or
 - (3) Elsewhere in the Coastal Overlay Zone; or.

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- (4) If location on the site or elsewhere within the Coastal Overlay

 Zone is not feasible, the replacement dwelling units shall be
 located within three miles of the Coastal Overlay Zone. However,
 in no case shall the replacement dwelling units be located outside
 the Coastal Overlay Zone within any census tract impacted by an
 over-concentration of persons and families of low income, as
 defined by the Progress Guide and General Plan Housing Element.
- (c) Replacement dwelling units that are not located on the same

 premises as the converted or demolished affordable dwelling units

 shall comply with all of the following:
 - (1) Replacement dwelling units shall not be constructed within

 an area identified as a Low Resource or High Segregation

 and Poverty California Tax Credit Allocation Committee

 (CTCAC) Opportunity Area when the development

 application is deemed complete.
 - Were located on a premises within an area identified as a

 High or Highest Resource CTCAC Opportunity Area when

 the development application is deemed complete, the

 replacement dwelling units shall also be constructed within

 a High or Highest Resource CTCAC Opportunity Area, and

 in no case shall be constructed in a lower Opportunity Area

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than the Opportunity Area in which the subject *premises* is located.

- (ed) Replacement dwelling units dwelling units shall be provided and available for occupancy within three years of the date that a converted unit is offered for sale to the public or that the physical demolition of a demolished unit is substantially complete.
- (e) Very low income, low income and moderate income households located in an area identified as a Low Resource or High Segregation and Poverty

 California Tax Credit Allocation Committee (CTCAC) Opportunity Area when the development application is deemed complete, shall receive priority preference for new affordable dwelling units created under this Division.
 - (1) through (3) [No change in text.]
- (b) through (f) [No change in text.]

§143.1005 Required Replacement of Existing Affordable Units

- (a) [No change in text.]
- (b) The number and type of required replacement affordable *dwelling units* shall be determined as follows:
 - (1) through (3) [No change in text.]
 - (4) All rental replacement affordable *dwelling units* shall be affordable for at least 55 years. <u>Very low income</u>, <u>low income</u> and <u>moderate</u>

 <u>income</u> households located within an area identified as a Low
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Resource or High Segregation and Poverty California Tax Credit

Allocation Committee (CTCAC) Opportunity Area when the

development application is deemed complete, shall receive priority

preference for new covenant-restricted dwelling units created

under this Division.

- (5) [No change in text.]
- (6) The *applicant* agrees to provide relocation benefits to the occupants of those affordable residential *dwelling units*, and the right of first refusal for a comparable *dwelling unit* available in the new housing *development* at a rent affordable to *very low* or *low income* households.
 - (A) [No change in text.]
 - (B) For any *very low*, *low*, or *moderate income* household displaced by conversion, the *applicant* shall pay to such household an amount in accordance with Chapter 16 (commencing with Section 7260) of Division 7 of Title 1 of the California Government Code or the Residential Tenant Protection Regulations located in Chapter 9, Article 8, Division 7, whichever is greater.
- (7) [No change in text.]
- §143.1010 Incentives in Exchange for Sustainable Development Area Affordable Housing and Infrastructure Amenities

An *applicant* proposing *development* that is consistent with the criteria in Section 143.1002 shall be entitled to the following incentives:

(a) Waiver of the existing *floor area ratio* and a new *floor area ratio* based upon whether the *development* is located in FAR Tier 1, FAR Tier 2, FAR Tier 3, or FAR Tier 4. If a mixed-use *development* is proposed, the *floor area ratio* of the non-residential portion of the *development* shall not exceed the maximum *floor area ratio* of the applicable base zone or Planned District.

Development located within the Coastal Overlay Zone and the Coastal Height Limit Overlay Zone as shown on Map No. C-380, filed in the office of the City Clerk as Document No. 743737, shall be limited to a maximum *floor area ratio* of 2.5, and to a maximum height of 30 feet, with the exception of those areas located within the FAR Tier 1.

- (1) through (4) [No change in text.]
- (5) An additional *floor area ratio* bonus of 1.5 shall be added to the maximum *floor area ratio* identified in Section 143.1010(a)(2)-(4)

 <u>if:</u>
 - (A) At least 10 percent of the total dwelling units in the

 development are at least two bedroom dwelling units and at

 least 10 percent of the total dwelling units in the

 development are at least three bedroom dwelling units; and
 - (B) Each *dwelling unit* is under only one lease agreement per -PAGE 59 OF 85-

dwelling unit.

- (b) through (d) [No change in text.]
- (e) Waiver of the private exterior open space requirement in Section 131.0455 for all *dwelling units* in the *development* if at least 10 percent of the total *dwelling units* in the *development* are at least three *bedroom dwelling units*, and each *dwelling unit* in the *development* is under only one lease agreement per *dwelling unit*.
- (f) Scaling of Development Impact Fees based on square footage, rather than number of *dwelling units* in the proposed *development*, in accordance with Section 142.0640(b)(4).
- Waiver of Development Impact Fees for all covenant-restricted affordable dwelling units and all dwelling units that do not exceed 500 square feet contain at least three bedrooms, if the development provides a residential density that is at least 120 percent of the maximum permitted density of the applicable base zone or Planned District.
- (hg) Waiver of the Neighborhood Enhancement Fee for *development* that meets the affordable housing requirements set forth by this Division and restricts 100 percent of the *dwelling units*, not including any managers units, to households earning no more than 50 percent of the area *median income*.
- (ih) Use of up to five Affordable Housing Incentives. An *applicant* utilizing the regulations in this Division shall be entitled to incentives as described in Section 143.1010(h) for any *development* for which a written agreement -PAGE 60 OF 85-

and a deed of trust securing the agreement is entered into by the *applicant* and the President and Chief Executive Officer of the San Diego Housing Commission. The City shall process an incentive requested by an *applicant* in accordance with Section 143.1010(h).

- (1) through (4) [No change in text.]
- (ji) Affordable Housing waivers may be granted, except that waivers cannot be used to deviate from the requirements of this Division. An *applicant* utilizing the regulations in this Division shall be entitled to a waiver as described in Section 143.1010(j) for any *development* for which a written agreement and a deed of trust securing the agreement is entered into by the *applicant* and the President and Chief Executive Officer of the San Diego Housing Commission.
 - (1) through (4) [No change in text.]
- (kj) Compliance with the regulations in this Division shall satisfy compliance with the City's Inclusionary Affordable Housing Regulations in Chapter 14, Article 2, Division 13 and the *applicant's* affordable housing obligations.

§143.1015 Required Provision of Affordable Dwelling Units

(a) In accordance with Section 143.1002(a)(1), an *applicant* requesting application of the regulations in this Division shall provide a written agreement to provide affordable *dwelling units*, entered into by the *applicant* and the President and Chief Executive Officer of the San Diego -PAGE 61 OF 85-

Housing Commission and secured by a deed of trust, that meets the following requirements:

- (1) through (3) [No change in text.]
- (4) As an alternative to the requirements in Sections 143.1015(a) (1)(3) or 1431.1015(a)(4), an applicant may meet one of the following requirements: at least 40 percent of rental dwelling units in the development, excluding any additional dwelling units allowed under a floor area ratio bonus, for rent by low income households at a cost, including an allowance for utilities, that does not exceed 30 percent of 50 percent of the area median income, as adjusted for household size.
 - (A) Provides at least 40 percent of the rental dwelling units in the development, excluding any additional dwelling units allowed under a floor area ratio bonus, for rent by very low income households at a cost, including an allowance for utilities, that does not exceed 30 percent of 50 percent of the area median income, as adjusted for household size; or
 - (B) Provides 100 percent of the total dwelling units, not including any managers units, in the development for rent by low income households, including an allowance for utilities, that does not exceed 30 percent of 60 percent of the area median income, as adjusted for household size; or -PAGE 62 OF 85-

- (C) Provides 100 percent of the rental dwelling units in the development, excluding any additional dwelling units allowed under a floor area ratio bonus, for rent by moderate income households at a cost, including an allowance for utilities, that does not exceed:
 - (i) 30 percent of 80 percent of the area median income,
 as adjusted for household size for at least 50 percent
 of the required rental dwelling units; and
 - (ii) 30 percent of 120 percent of the area median

 income, as adjusted for household size for the

 remainder of the required rental dwelling units.
- (5) through (6) [No change in text.]
- As an alternative to the requirements in Section 143.1015(a) to

 provide the required rental dwelling units onsite, the required rental

 dwelling units may be provided on different premises from the

 development subject to all of the following requirements:
 - (A) The required rental *dwelling units* shall be located on a receiver site that is located within:
 - (i) A Sustainable Development Area; and
 - (ii) An area identified as a Moderate, High, or Highest

 Resource California Tax Credit Allocation

 Committee (CTCAC) Opportunity Area when the
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development application is deemed complete;

- (B) The applicant shall pay a fee to the "Neighborhood

 Enhancement Fund," as established by City Council

 Resolution R-313282, that is calculated based on the square

 feet of lot area for the development premises and the

 premises for the receiver site for the required rental

 dwelling units.
 - i) The fee to the "Neighborhood Enhancement Fund,"

 for the receiver site shall not exceed the amount of
 the fee for the development premises.
- (C) A final inspection shall not occur for the *development* until

 a deed of trust for the affordable *dwelling units* located at

 the receiver site has been entered by the *applicant* and the

 President and the Chief Executive Officer of the San Diego

 Housing Commission.
- (D) The applicant shall record a deed restriction prior to the issuance of the first Building Permit for the development that:
 - (i) Documents the required number of affordable

 dwelling units to be provided; and
 - (ii) Assigns foreclosure rights of the *development*premises to the San Diego Housing Commission as
 -PAGE 64 OF 85-

follows: For new development, if the affordable dwelling units have not received a certificate of occupancy within 54 months of the issuance of the first Building Permit. For an existing structure, if the affordable dwelling units have not received a certificate of occupancy within 36 months of the issuance of the first Building Permit.

- (b) [No change in text.]
- Notwithstanding Section 143.1015(a), as an alternative to the requirements in Section 143.1015(a)(1) (3), an applicant may provide 100 percent of the total dwelling units, not including any managers units, in the development for rent by low income households, including an allowance for utilities, that does not exceed 30 percent of 60 percent of the area median income, as adjusted for household size.

§143.1025 Supplemental Development Regulations

Development utilizing the regulations in this Division must comply with the following Supplemental Development Regulations and may not utilize the waivers provided in Section 143.1010(h) to deviate from the requirements in Section 143.1025.

- (a) Pedestrian Circulation Space. All *development* shall include the following pedestrian circulation improvements:
 - (1) through (3) [No change in text.] -PAGE 65 OF 85-

- (4) Gated entryways and street yard fencing is prohibited.
- (54) Each dwelling unit on the ground floor fronting a public right-of-way or a private drive shall have a separate ground floor entrance or path adjacent to the public right-of-way or a private drive.
- (b) through (c) [No change in text.]
- (d) Buffer from Adjacent Freeways. *Development*, except for *development* within the Centre City Planned District, on a *premises* within 50 feet of a freeway shall comply with the following:
 - (1) [No change in text.]
 - (2) Outdoor areas such as balconies, patios, parks, plazas, and other common_spaces occupied_used_by residents, customers or members of the public shall be oriented away from the freeway.
- (e) through (f) [No change in text.]

§143.1201 Purpose of the Dwelling Unit Protection Regulations

The purpose of these regulations is to specify when and how a residential development that proposes demolition of existing dwelling units and/or protected dwelling units must replace those dwelling units. These regulations are intended to implement California Government Code Section 66300(d) and the City of San Diego's own pro-housing policies by requiring replacement of dwelling units and protected dwelling units for any residential development subject to this Division.

§143.1203 When the Dwelling Unit Protection Regulations Apply

This Division applies to the following *developments* with a complete *development* application between submitted on or after January 1, 2020-and December 31, 2024:

- (a) through (b) [No change in text.]
- (c) Mixed-use *developments* consisting of residential and non-residential uses

 where at least two-thirds of the square footage is designated for residential

 use; and
- (d) Transitional housing facilities and permanent supportive housing-: and
- (e) Commercial development in zones that permit residential development.

§143.1205 Expiration of the *Dwelling Unit* Protection Regulations

Consistent with California Government Code Section 66301, the regulations of this Division shall remain in effect until January 1, 2025, and as of that date are repealed unless a later enacted ordinance deletes or extends that date.

§143.1207 Definitions

The following definitions apply to this Division in addition to the definitions found in Chapter 11, Article 3, Division 1 of the Land Development Code. Each word or phrase that is defined in this Division or in Chapter 11, Article 3, Division 1 of the Land Development Code appears in the text in italicized letters.

- (a) *Protected dwelling unit* means any of the following:
 - (1) Dwelling units located outside of the Barrio Logan Plan Area that are or were subject to a recorded covenant, ordinance, or law that restricts rents to levels affordable to very low income or low -PAGE 67 OF 85-

- *income* households during the five-year period preceding the application.
- (2) Dwelling units <u>located outside of the Barrio Logan Plan Area</u> that are or were <u>occupied rented</u> by very low income or low income households during the five--year period preceding the application.
- Or were subject to a recorded covenant, ordinance, or law that
 restricts rents to levels affordable to very low income or low income
 households during the seven-year period preceding the application.
- (4) <u>Dwelling units located within the Barrio Logan Plan Area that are</u>
 or were rented by <u>very low income</u> or <u>low income</u> households
 during the seven -year period preceding the application.
- (35) SRO hotel rooms or other dwelling units that were withdrawn from rent or lease in accordance with California Government Code Sections 7060 through 7060.7 during the 10--year period preceding the application.

§143.1212 Replacement of Protected Dwelling Units

Development subject to this Division that proposes demolition of vacant or occupied protected dwelling units on the premises shall comply with all the following:

(a) through (c) [No change in text.]

- (d) The *applicant* shall provide existing residents of *protected dwelling units* with all of the following:
 - (1) The ability to occupy their units until six months before the start of construction activities with proper notice, pursuant to California Government Code Sections 7260 through 7277. In the Barrio Logan Community Plan Area, any existing residents shall be allowed to occupy their dwelling units dwelling units until six months before the start of construction activities with proper notice, which shall occur at least 12 months prior to the anticipated termination of residency. The record owner record owner applicant shall deliver a notice of intent to terminate residency to the San Diego Housing Commission and to each resident household.
 - (2) The ability to return at their prior rental rate if the demolition does not proceed and the property is returned to the rental market.
 - (3) To those households that remain in a *protected dwelling unit*, the *applicant* shall provide:
 - (A) Relocation benefits consistent with the requirements of
 California Government Code Sections 7260 through 7277

 for public agencies or the Residential Tenant Protection

 Regulations located in Chapter 9, Article 8, Division 7,

 whichever is greater. The applicant or the applicant's agent

 applicant for development in the Barrio Logan Community
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Plan Area shall engage a qualified third-party contractor or consultant to oversee the provision of the required relocation benefits. The third-party contractor or consultant shall provide a letter to the San Diego Housing Commission certifying compliance with the relocation benefits requirements after completion of the relocation process.

- (B) [No change in text.]
- Community Plan Area, residents living within one mile of the development development at the time of application shall receive priority for 75 percent of the affordable dwelling units dwelling units in the development development that are reserved for very low income very low income, low income low income, or moderate income moderate income households.

Table 143-12A

[No change in text.]

(e) Any protected dwelling units replaced in accordance with this Division may be counted toward compliance with the Inclusionary Affordable

Housing Regulations in Chapter 14, Article 2, Division 13, and the

Affordable Housing Regulations in Chapter 14, Article 3, Division 7, and -PAGE 70 OF 85-

- the Coastal Overlay Zone Affordable Housing Replacement Regulations in Chapter 14, Article 3, Division 8.
- (f) Very low income, low income, and moderate income households located within an area identified as a Low Resource or High Segregation and Poverty California Tax Credit Allocation Committee (CTCAC)
 Opportunity Area when the development application is deemed complete, shall receive priority preference for new covenant-restricted dwelling units created under this Division.

<u>Article 3: Supplemental Development Regulations</u> <u>Division 15: Missing Middle Housing Regulations</u>

§143.1501 Missing Middle Housing Regulations

These regulations are intended to implement California Senate Bill 10 (2021-2022) and California Government Code Sections 65913.5 by allowing the construction of additional dwelling units on residentially-zoned lots, as specified in this Division. These regulations specify when and how additional dwelling units may be permitted in a base zone that allows residential uses and includes supplemental development regulations applicable to development proposed under this Division. These regulations shall not apply if any other density bonuses from Chapter 14, Article 3, Division 7 are being utilized.

<u>§143.1505</u> Applicability of Missing Middle Housing Regulations

- (a) This Division applies to *premises* that do not otherwise allow for at least

 10 dwelling units per base zone density, and that are located within or

 partially within all of the following:
 - (1) Sustainable Development Area; and
 - (2) A RS, RX, RT, RM zone, or a Planned District zone that permits only single dwelling unit or multiple dwelling unit development.
- (b) This Division is not applicable in the following circumstances:
 - (1) When the *premises* is located within any of the following:
 - (A) Wetlands;
 - (B) The Very High Fire Hazard Severity Zone, unless the

 development complies with Chapter 7A of the California

 Building Code, which mitigates wildfire exposure risk

 through materials and construction methods;
 - Government Code Section 65962.5 or a hazardous waste

 site designated by the Department of Toxic Substances

 Control pursuant to Section 25356 of the California Health

 and Safety Code, unless the State Department of Public

 Health, State Water Resources Control Board, or

 Department of Toxic Substances Control has cleared the

 site for residential use or residential mixed uses;

State Geologist in any official maps published by the

California State Geologist, unless the development

complies with applicable seismic protection building code

standards adopted by the California Building Standards

Commission under the California Building Standards Law

(Part 2.5 (commencing with Section 18901) of Division 13

of the Health and Safety Code), and by the Development

Services Department;

- (E) Special Flood Hazard Areas, unless:
 - (i) The premises has been subject to a Letter of Map

 Revision prepared by the Federal Emergency

 Management Agency and issued to the local

 jurisdiction; or
 - Management Agency requirements necessary to

 meet minimum flood plain management criteria of

 the National Flood Insurance Program pursuant to

 Part 59 (commencing with Section 59.1) and Part

 60 (commencing with Section 60.1) of Subchapter

 B of Chapter I of Title 44 of the Code of Federal

 Regulations.

- Emergency Management Agency in any official maps
 published by the Federal Emergency Management Agency,
 unless the development has received a no-rise certification
 in accordance with Section 60.3(d)(3) of Title 44 of the
 Code of Federal Regulations. If an applicant is able to
 satisfy all applicable federal qualifying criteria in order to
 provide that the premises satisfies this subparagraph and is
 otherwise eligible for streamlined approval under this
 section, an application shall not be denied on the basis that
 the applicant did not comply with any additional City
 permit requirement, standard, or action that is applicable to
 that premises;
- (G) The MHPA of the MSCP Subarea Plan;
- (H) Environmentally Sensitive Lands conserved by dedication in fee title, covenant of easement, or conservation easement;
- (I) A historical district that is a designated historical resource, or on a premises that contains a designated historical resource as of January 1, 2023.
- (J) Land designated in a land use plan as open space or public

 park.
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- (K) On premises adjacent to streets that do not meet the requirements for street improvements, including sidewalks, as described in Section 142.0670(a).
- (2) If the *development* requires demolition or alteration of a *dwelling unit* that is subject to a recorded covenant, ordinance, or law that

 restricts rents to levels affordable to persons and families of

 moderate income, low income, or very low income.
- (3) If the premises contains SRO hotel rooms or other dwelling units

 that were withdrawn from rent or lease in accordance with

 California Government Code Sections 7060 through 7060.7 during
 the 15-year period preceding the application.
- (4) If the *development* is located on a *premises* located more than 0.5 miles from a *major transit stop* in which less than 75 percent of the perimeter of the *premises* are developed with urban uses as defined as any residential, commercial, industrial, public institutional, transit, transportation passenger facility, or retail use, or any combination of those uses or as otherwise specified in California Health and Safety Code 53545.12(h) as amended.

§143.1510 Supplemental Development Regulations

An *applicant* seeking to utilize the provisions of this Division shall comply with all of the regulations in this Section.

- (a) The *development* regulations of the RM-1-1 base zone shall apply, except for the following regulations specified in this section.
- (b) <u>Density Regulations. The maximum number of dwelling units on the</u>

 <u>premises shall not exceed the following:</u>
 - (1) <u>Development on a premises within a RM and Planned District</u>

 Zone that permits <u>multiple dwelling unit development</u>, no more than 10 total <u>dwelling units</u> shall be permitted.
 - <u>Development on a premises within a RS, RX, RT and Planned</u>
 <u>District Zones that permits single dwelling unit development, no more than one dwelling unit for every 1,000 square feet of lot area or 10 dwelling units, whichever is less, shall be permitted.</u>
- (c) <u>Lot Regulations.</u>
 - (1) Lot Area. The minimum lot area shall not be less than 1,000 square feet.
 - (2) <u>Lot Dimensions.</u> The minimum lot dimensions shall not be less than the following:
 - (A) Lot Width: 18 feet
 - (B) Lot Width (corner): 20 feet
 - (C) Lot Depth: 50 feet
- (d) <u>Setback Regulations.</u>
 - (1) For development on a premises within a RS Zone, the following

 setback regulations shall apply.

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- (A) Minimum front setback: 5 feet [See section 131.0443(c)(1)]
- (B) Maximum front setback: 15 feet [See section 131.0443(c)(1)]
- (C) Minimum side *setback*: 4 feet
- (D) Minimum sides Street setback: 4 feet
- (E) Minimum rears Setback: 4 feet
- (2) For development on a premises within a RX, RT, RM or Planned

 District Zone, the setback regulations of section 143.1510(d)(1)

 shall apply unless the setback regulations for the base zone are

 less.
- (e) Structure Height Regulations.
 - (1) The maximum *structure height* shall be 35 feet or the maximum *structure height* of the base zone, whichever is greater.
 - (2) Within the Coastal Height Limit Overlay Zone, the maximum structure height shall be 30 feet, which shall be determined in accordance with section 113.0270(a)(4)(D).
- (f) <u>Lot Coverage</u> Regulations. Maximum <u>lot coverage</u> shall not apply to <u>development</u> constructed in accordance with this Division.
- (g) Floor Area Ratio Regulations. The maximum floor area ratio shall not exceed 3.0 or the maximum floor area ratio of the base zone, whichever is greater.

- (i) Private Exterior Open Space Regulations. Private exterior open space
 regulations shall not apply on a *premises* less than 10,000 square feet for
 development within the RM and Planned District Zones.
- (j) Common Open Space Regulations. Common open spaces regulations shall not apply on a *premises* less than 10,000 square feet for *development* on a *premises* within the RM or Planned District Zones.
- (k) <u>Bedroom Regulations. Development</u> with a total of five or more <u>dwelling</u> <u>units shall provide:</u>
 - (1) At least two dwelling units that contain three or more bedrooms, and
 - (2) At least one additional *dwelling unit* that contains two or more bedrooms.
- (1) Parking Regulations.
 - (1) Within a transit priority area, off-street parking spaces shall not be required, except if the premises is located within the Beach Impact

 Area of the Parking Impact Overlay Zone.
 - (2) For premises located within the Beach Impact Area of the Parking

 Impact Overlay Zone, one off-street parking space shall be

 required per dwelling unit.
 - (C) For *development* providing *off-street parking spaces*, the following regulations shall apply:

- (1) The required front *yard* shall be limited to a maximum of 40 percent paving and hardscape.
- (2) Within the required *street yard*, paving and hardscape shall be limited to:
 - (a) A drive aisle consistent with the requirements in §142.0521 with direct vehicular access to off-street parking spaces; and
 - (b) A walkway to facilitate pedestrian access to dwelling units; and
 - (c) Any decorative paving or hardscape that is not designed for vehicular access.
- (m) Pedestrian Access Regulations. The *development* shall include at least one pedestrian walkway from a street frontage other than an alley to provide access to all *dwelling units*.
- (n) Homeownership Opportunity Regulations. The development shall ensure
 that the dwelling units can be subdivided into individual ownership
 through a Subdivision Map Act action without requiring additional
 improvements to the structure. Any Accessory Dwelling Units or Junior
 Accessory Dwelling Units must be located on the premises in a manner
 that would facilitate individual ownership of a dwelling unit with any
 Accessory Dwelling Units or Junior Accessory Dwelling Units.

- (o) Accessory Dwelling Unit and Junior Accessory Dwelling Unit

 Regulations. This Division may be utilized in conjunction with Accessory

 Dwelling Unit and Junior Accessory Dwelling Unit development

 consistent with the following regulations:
 - (1) An applicant may construct no more than two attached or detached

 Accessory Dwelling Units and no more than two Junior Accessory

 Dwelling Units in addition to the dwelling units permitted in

 accordance with this Division.
 - (A) The Accessory Dwelling Units shall comply with the regulations in Section 141.0302, except that no more than two Accessory Dwelling Units shall be permitted on the premises in a Multiple Dwelling Unit Zone, and no more than one Accessory Dwelling Unit shall be permitted on a premises in a Single Dwelling Unit Zone.
 - The Junior Accessory Dwelling Units shall comply with the regulations in Section 141.0302(d), except that no more than two Junior Accessory Dwelling Units shall be permitted on the premises in a Multiple Dwelling Unit Zone, and no more than one Junior Accessory Dwelling

 Unit shall be permitted on a premises in a Single Dwelling
 Unit Zone.

- (C) <u>Development</u> constructed pursuant to this Division may not include bonus <u>Accessory Dwelling Units</u> allowed in section 141.0302(c)(2)(G).
- (E) Any Accessory Dwelling Units or Junior Accessory

 Dwelling Units constructed under this section shall be

 deed-restricted for very low income or low income

 households for a period of at least 55 years.
- (p) The gross floor area occupied by non-residential uses shall not exceed 30 percent of the gross floor area for a mixed-use development proposed under this division..
- (r) <u>Dwelling Units</u> constructed within Areas of Future Sea Level Rise must comply with the regulations in Section 132.0404.
- <u>Rental of Dwelling Units Constructed in Accordance with this Division</u>

 <u>A dwelling unit constructed in accordance with this Division shall not be rented</u>

 <u>for fewer than 31 days.</u>

<u>§143.1520</u> Required Provision of Affordable Dwelling Units

(a) In accordance with Section 143.1505, an applicant requesting application of the regulations in this Division shall provide a written agreement to provide affordable dwelling units, entered into by the applicant and the President and Chief Executive Officer of the San Diego Housing

Commission and secured by a deed of trust, that meets the following requirements:

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(1) Development exceeding a total of four dwelling units shall provide

at least one primary dwelling unit that is set aside as affordable to

very low income, low income, or moderate income households for a

period of not less than 55 years, guaranteed through a written

agreement and a deed of trust securing the agreement.

(2) Developments located in an area identified as a High or Highest

Resource California Tax Credit Allocation Committee (CTCAC)

Opportunity Area when the development application is deemed

complete, exceeding a total of four dwelling units, at least one

Chief Executive Officer of the San Diego Housing Commission.

This affordable *dwelling unit* is in addition to the primary *dwelling unit* required in 143.1520(a)(1).

primary dwelling unit shall be affordable to low income or very

through a written agreement and a deed of trust securing the

agreement, entered into by the applicant and the President and

low-income households for a period of at least 55 years, guaranteed

- (b) An *applicant* may pay the Inclusionary In Lieu Fee in accordance with Section 142.1306 as an alternative method of compliance with section 143.1520(a). The fee amount shall be increased as follows:
 - (1) Development located in an area identified as a High or Highest

 Resource California Tax Credit Allocation Committee (CTCAC)

 Opportunity Area when the development application is deemed

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- complete shall pay 150% of the amount of the Inclusionary In Lieu Fee in accordance with section 142.1306.
- (2) Development located in an area identified as a Moderate Resource
 California Tax Credit Allocation Committee (CTCAC)
 Opportunity Area when the development application is deemed
 complete shall pay 125% of the amount of the Inclusionary In Lieu
 Fee in accordance with Section 142.1306.
- (c) An *applicant* providing affordable *dwelling units* on site in accordance with section 143.1520(a) is eligible for one of the following:
 - (1) A waiver of the payment of a fee for the "Neighborhood Enhancement Fund" requirement in Section 143.1525(a); or
 - (2) A waiver of the requirement to provide a three or more bedroom

 dwelling unit in accordance with section 143.1510(j)(1). This

 requirement shall be replaced with the requirement to provide one

 additional two or more bedroom dwelling unit in accordance with

 Section 143.1510(j)(2); or
 - (3) An incentive consistent with Sections 143.0740(a)(1), 143.0740(b)(1)-(3), and 143.0740(c).

<u>§143.1525</u> Required Provision of Infrastructure Amenities

<u>In accordance with section 143.1505</u>, an *applicant* requesting application of the regulations in this Division shall pay a fee to the "Neighborhood Enhancement

Fund." as established by City Council Resolution R-313282, unless the *applicant* utilizes the waiver established in section 143.1520(c)(1).

§144.0505 Tenant Benefits, Rights and Obligations

- The *subdivider* of a *condominium conversion* project shall provide <u>all of</u> the <u>following</u> benefits specified in section 144.0505(b) to any person whose tenancy in the project the *subdivider* terminates due to the *condominium conversion*:
- Any tenant who lawfully resides in a condominium project, community apartment project, or stock cooperative project pursuant to this section shall be given a right of first refusal by the subdivider or subsequent owner of the project for the purchase of his or her rental unit upon the same terms and conditions that the unit will be initially offered to the general public or terms and conditions more favorable to the tenant. This right to purchase shall run for a period of 90 days from the date of the notice, unless the tenant gives written notice within the 90-day period of his or her intention not to exercise that right(b) The *applicant* shall provide a relocation assistance payment to all tenants of the project. The relocation payment shall be three months' rent based on the current San Diego "fair market rent" for apartment size, as established by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development. The relocation payment shall be paid no later than the day on which the applicant gives notice to the tenant to vacate the premises and shall be based upon the fairmarket -PAGE 84 OF 85-

Residential Tenant Protection Regulations in Chapter 9, Article 8,

Division 7. In the Barrio Logan Community Plan Area, the applicant shall provide relocation benefits to all tenants of the project pursuant to California Government Code Sections 7260 through 7277 or the Residential Tenant Protection Regulations located in Chapter 9, Article 8, Division 7, whichever is greater.

(c) [No change in text.]

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