INDIVIDUAL BIOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT REPORT

Site Name/Facility:	Industrial Court. Channel Section 01 of 01
MSWSMP Map No.:	<u>06a</u>
Date:	9 July 2010
Biologist Name/Cell	
Phone No.:	W. Larry Sward/619.992.4170

Instructions: This form must be completed for each storm water facility identified in the Annual Maintenance Needs Assessment report and prior to commencing any maintenance activity on the facility. The Existing Conditions information shall be collected prior to preparing of the Individual Maintenance Plan (IMP) to assist in developing the IMP. The remaining sections shall be completed after the IMP has been prepared. Attach additional sheets as needed.

EXISTING CONDITIONS

Survey Methods and Date:

Visually inspected entire facility by walking along the north side of channel for the area east of Sorrento Valley Road. Vegetation west of Sorrento Valley Road at the outfall structure was inspected from Sorrento Valley Road. Vegetation was mapped and dominant species were noted. The potential for sensitive species was assessed. Date of survey: 23 June 2010

Biological Resources:

<u>Stream Type</u>: Perennial **I** Intermittent **I** Ephemeral **I**

This storm water facility contains minimal biological resources. The facility is a gunite lined channel east of Sorrento Valley Road and an outfall structure west of Sorrento Valley Road. Native vegetation is limited to 2patches of freshwater marsh (FWM) (0.01 acre) that have become established on sediment that has accumulated in the facility, and 0.04 acre of southern willow scrub (SWS) at the outlet structure. Cattail (Typha sp.) is the dominant plant species within the FWM and arroyo willow (Salix lasiolepis) is the dominant species in the SWS. The landscape position of this FWM on top of concrete, is unnatural. No native upland vegetation is located within the proposed maintenance area. The land adjacent to the facility is developed with industrial uses, roadway, and/or railroad tracks. As a result, the storm water facility has very limited wildlife value. No sensitive plants or animals were observed during the survey nor are any expected occur given the limited vegetation and adjacent development. Similarly, the facility does not serve as an important wildlife corridor.

An updated vegetation map is provided as an attachment to this form.

This site was subject to emergency maintenance on 12 February 2010. A Biology Site Assessment Report (Storm Drains Section Handbook, Section 2.8.3) was filed as part of this maintenance. As documented in that report, 0.05 acre of FWM was removed from the concrete lined channel east of Sorrento Valley Road.

Jurisdictional Areas:

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

Wetland Waters of the U.S. (WUS): 0.01 acre of FWM; 0.04 acre SWS Non-wetland WUS: 0.21 acre of concrete lined channel

California Department of Fish and Game/City of San Diego:

Wetlands: 0.01 acre of FWM; 0.04 acre SWS Streambed/Unvegetated Waters: None

Sensitive Plant Species Observed:	Sensitive Animal Species Observed/Detected:		
Yes 🗆 No 🔳	Yes 🗆 No 🔳		
If yes, what species were observed and where?	If yes, what species were observed/detected and where?		
Is there moderate or high potential for listed animal species to occur in or adjacent to the impact area?			
Yes No			
If yes, which species (check all that apply):			
Least Bell's vireo	□ Riverside fairy shrimp		
□ Southwester willow flycatcher	California least tern		
	□ Light-footed clapper rail		
Coastal California gnatcatcher	□ Western snowy plover		
□ San Diego fairy shrimp	□ Other:		
	season (January 15 – August 31) without the need for		
pre-construction nesting surveys: Yes 🗌 No 🔳			
Pre-construction nesting surveys are necessary to ensure no impacts to avian species occur pursuant to the			
Migratory Bird Treaty Act. If no nesting birds are present, construction may occur in the breeding season.			
If yes, provide justification:			
Is it anticipated that maintenance activities would generate noise in excess of 60 dB(A) Leg:			
Yes \square No \square			
Biological Resource Conditions Relative to Original Survey Conducted for MSWSMP Final Program EIR			
(May 2010) (vegetation communities present, including adjacent uplands; general habitat quality/level of			
<u>disturbance</u>): The biological resources associated with this storm water facility are essentially the same as			
recorded in the original surveys conducted for the Program EIR. At that time, this facility was characterized as a			
concrete channel with scattered patches of FWM located on accumulations of sediment and SWS growing over			
and near outlet structure.			
MAINTENANCE IMPACTS			
Maintenance Methodology (based on IMP)			
Maintenance will reflect Method 1, as described in the Master Plan. A dozer or bobcat will be lowered into the			
channel from a parking area along the east side of the drainage near Sorrento Valley Road. This equipment			
will excavate sediment and associated vegetation starting at the inlet near Sorrento Valley Road and extending			
approximately 900 feet upstream. Sediment and vegetation will be pushed to a centralized location within the			
facility and removed by a Gradall operating from the bank of the facility. Material removed by the Gradall would be placed in a staging area within an adjacent parking lot where it will be loaded onto a dump truck and			
taken to an appropriate disposal site.			
Vegetation Impacts:			
Wetland			
Wetland 0.01 acre of FWM and 0.04 acre of SWS			
$\overline{0.01}$ acre of FWM and 0.04 acre of SWS			
0.01 acre of FWM and 0.04 acre of SWS Upland			
$\overline{0.01}$ acre of FWM and 0.04 acre of SWS			

Jurisdictional Impacts:			
U.S. Army Corps of Engineers			
Wetland Waters of the U.S. (WUS): 0.01 acres of FWM and 0.04acre of SWS			
Non-wetland WUS: 0.21 acres of concrete lined channel.			
California Department of Fish and Game/City of San Diego:			
Wetlands: 0.01 acres of FWM and 0.04 acre of SWS			
Streambed/Unvegetated Waters: None			
Is there moderate or high potential for listed animal species to be impacted? Yes No			
If yes, which species (check all that apply):			
□ Least Bell's vireo □ Riverside fairy shrimp			
□ Southwester willow flycatcher □ California least tern			
□ Arroyo toad □ Light-footed clapper rail			
Coastal California gnatcatcher Western snowy plover			
□ San Diego fairy shrimp □ Other:			
MITIGATION			
Applicable Maintenance Biological Protocols (list the applicable maintenance protocols based on the			
biological resources occurring or likely to occur on siteinclude any special protocols required):			
As all of the vegetation within the storm water facility is to be removed and there are no adjacent resources, no			
biological protocols need be included in the IMP.			
Applicable PEIR mitigation measures:			
The following mitigation measures must be carried out by the City as part of the proposed maintenance: MM 4.3.5 (requires compensation for FWM), MM4 3.8 (requires City approval of monitoring biologist), MM 4			
3.14 (requires a pre-maintenance meeting with contractor and biologist), MM 4 3.15 and 18 (requires a pre-			
maintenance surveys for sensitive birds), MM 4.3.20 (requires removal of invasive plants prior to beginning			
maintenance), and MM 4.3.32 (requires avoidance of nesting birds not covered by MSCP).			
Environmental Mitigation Requirements (including wetland enhancement restoration creation and/or			
Environmental Mitigation Requirements (including wetland enhancement, restoration, creation, and/or purchase of wetland credits in a mitigation bank; off-site upland habitat acquisition/payment into the			
City's habitat acquisition fund):			
Corps Jurisdictional Areas: None required with NWP #43			
None required with NWT #45			
CDFG Jurisdictional Areas			
This IBA is 1 of 2 initial submissions under the City's Storm Water Management Program. Thus there is little			
precedence for what is necessary or appropriate mitigation for impacts to wetland vegetation in an unnatural			
landscape position (i.e., on sediment accumulated within a concrete lined drainage structure). For these reasons,			
the mitigation for these impacts will be determined in consultation with CDFG.			
<u>City Wetlands</u>			
Pursuant to the thresholds in the City's Environmentally Sensitive Lands Ordinance, impacts of 0.01 acre and			
greater requires mitigation. Using the ratio of 1:1 defined in the Master PEIR, the maintenance would require			
enhancement, restoration or creation of 0.05 acre of FWM. It is also noteworthy that the City's Biology			
Guidelines contained within the Land Development Code state that "Areas that contain wetland vegetation,			
soils or hydrology created by human activities in historically non-wetland areas do not qualify as wetlands ." An inspection of historical aerial photos revealed that the parts of this facility may be a historical wetland			
features and thus would be regarded as a wetland by the City. However, for the 2 reasons stated for the			
mitigation requirements for CDFG, mitigation for these impacts will be determined in consultation with the			

City.

<u>Mitigation Description/Location</u>: To be determined. If mitigation is deemed necessary and appropriate, the FWM impacts associated with this maintenance activity would be located within the Peñasquitos Creek watershed.

ADDITIONAL COMMENTS OR RECOMMENDATIONS

None.

SITE PHOTOS Map 6a Industrial Court





PHOTO NOTES:

1. Concrete trapezoidal channel with freshwater marsh and unvegetated channel. Looking northeast from Sorrento Valley Road. 23 June 2010.

PHOTO NOTES:

2. Concrete trapezoidal channel with freshwater marsh and unvegetated channel. Looking southwest from upper end of channel. 23 June 2010.

