



THE CITY OF SAN DIEGO

MEMORANDUM

DATE: October 13, 2025

TO: All City Employees, Applicants, Elected Officials, Interns, Volunteers, and Contract Workers

FROM: Honorable Todd Gloria, Mayor  
Honorable Heather Ferbert, City Attorney  
Alia Khouri, Deputy Chief Operating Officer, Office of the Mayor  
Julie Rasco, Human Resources Director  
David Dalager, Personnel Director  
Diana J.S. Fuentes, City Clerk

SUBJECT: Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) Policy – Annual Statement

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The opportunity to seek, obtain, and hold employment without discrimination is a civil right. Through this Policy, we reaffirm our commitment to the principles of EEO. The City is committed to providing all City employees, applicants, elected officials, interns, volunteers, and contract workers with fair and equal treatment in the workplace, equal opportunities to succeed, and an inclusive, civil, and respectful work environment free of discrimination, harassment, and retaliation. The City will not tolerate discriminatory, harassing, or retaliatory conduct in or affecting the workplace regardless of whether the behavior meets legal thresholds under state and federal law, such as needing to be severe or pervasive. Allegations of conduct contrary to the principles of EEO or the standards of conduct stated in this Policy will be taken seriously and investigated in a prompt, thorough, and objective manner. If misconduct is found, the City will take all appropriate remedial measures. Violations of this Policy will result in disciplinary action proportionate to the severity of the conduct, up to and including termination, even if it is the first time such conduct has occurred.

We are committed to ensuring that the principles of fair and equal treatment are understood, respected, and practiced throughout the workplace. Federal and state laws make it unlawful to discriminate on the basis of any protected classification, including age, ancestry, color, creed, physical or mental disability, gender, gender identity, gender expression, genetic information, marital status, medical condition, veteran or military status, national origin, pregnancy (including childbirth, lactation, or related medical conditions), race, traits associated with race (including hair texture and protective hairstyles such as braids, locs, and twists), religion, religious belief, observance, or practice, religious creed, reproductive health decision making, sex, sex stereotype, sexual orientation, transgender status or transitioning, any combination of the listed classifications, use of medical, family care,

military, or other protected leave, request for reasonable accommodation, communication relating to an alleged violation of this Policy, or any other classification protected by federal, state, or local law, including being perceived or regarded as or perceived to be associated with any protected classification or combination of classifications.

This Policy reflects the City's commitment to preventing discrimination, harassment, and retaliation from occurring, promptly correcting any improper conduct through appropriate remedial measures, and providing a workplace that promotes diversity, inclusion, respect, and the highest level of performance, professionalism, and civility. Conduct may violate this Policy but not rise to the level of unlawful conduct. All City employees, applicants, elected officials, interns, volunteers, and contract workers are expected to support and adhere to the principles of EEO and the standards of conduct stated in this Policy.

Manager and Supervisor Responsibilities. Managers and supervisors must understand the importance of EEO principles and standards, support, adhere to, and enforce them, and work diligently to provide every City employee, applicant, elected official, intern, volunteer, and contract worker with fair and equal treatment in the workplace, equal opportunities to succeed, and a work environment free of discrimination, harassment, and retaliation. Managers and supervisors will be held accountable to ensure that EEO practices and standards are adhered to in their work units.

Managers and supervisors must be mindful of the potential for their comments or actions to have the effect of discouraging employees from coming forward with complaints. Comments or actions calculated to have a chilling effect on employee complaints are prohibited and will not be tolerated.

## **1. FAIR AND EQUAL TREATMENT**

All City employees, applicants, elected officials, interns, volunteers, and contract workers are entitled to equal opportunities and fair and equal treatment in all employment actions (e.g., pre-employment inquiries, hiring and firing, promotions, discipline, transfers, job rotations, work assignments, training, overtime, merit increases, and rewards) and other terms, conditions, and privileges of employment, without regard to age, ancestry, color, creed, physical or mental disability, gender, gender identity, gender expression, genetic information, marital status, medical condition, veteran or military status, national origin, pregnancy (including childbirth, lactation, or related medical conditions), race, traits associated with race (including hair texture and protective hairstyles such as braids, locs, and twists), religion, religious belief, observance, or practice, religious creed, reproductive health decision making, sex, sex stereotype, sexual orientation, transgender status or transitioning, any combination of the listed classifications, use of medical, family care, military, or other protected leave, request for reasonable accommodation, communication relating to an alleged violation of this Policy, or any other classification protected by federal, state, or local law, including being perceived or regarded as or perceived to be associated with any protected classification or combination of classifications. These classifications are the "protected classifications" covered under this Policy.

The City supports the reasonable accommodation of employees with a disability, known limitation related to pregnancy, childbirth, or a related medical condition, or sincerely held religious belief, observance, or practice.

## **2. WORK ENVIRONMENT FREE OF DISCRIMINATION, HARASSMENT, AND RETALIATION**

All City employees, applicants, elected officials, interns, volunteers, and contract workers are entitled to a work environment free of discrimination, harassment, and retaliation. Therefore, discrimination, harassment, and retaliation in any form will not be tolerated.

All City employees, applicants, elected officials, interns, volunteers, and contract workers are strictly prohibited from engaging in discriminatory or harassing conduct in or affecting the workplace based on a protected classification. In addition, all City employees, applicants, elected officials, interns, volunteers, and contract workers are prohibited from engaging in retaliatory conduct against any City employee, applicant, elected official, intern, volunteer, or contract worker who requests or uses protected leave, requests or accepts reasonable accommodation, or reports, opposes, or complains, provides a statement or testimony, or otherwise participates or assists in an investigation or other proceeding regarding alleged conduct in violation of this Policy.

Discrimination is when a person's protected classification is a substantial motivating reason for an adverse employment action. Some examples of adverse employment actions include termination of employment, discipline, a negative performance evaluation, denial of promotion, demotion, or reduction in pay.

Harassment includes any unwelcome, unsolicited, or unwanted conduct because of a protected classification that is offensive, demeaning, derogatory, humiliating, embarrassing, intimidating, or otherwise causes a person distress. Harassment creates a negative work atmosphere, which reduces work productivity and morale, undermines the integrity of the workplace, and destroys professionalism. Harassment can also create a hostile, offensive, oppressive, or intimidating work environment and deprive a person of their right to work in a place free of discrimination. This occurs when the harassing conduct sufficiently offends, humiliates, distresses, or intrudes upon a person so as to disrupt the person's emotional tranquility in the workplace, affect the person's ability to perform the job as usual, or otherwise interfere with and undermine the person's personal sense of well-being. Some examples of harassment include derogatory comments, slurs, demeaning jokes, threats, unwanted touching, offensive pictures, cartoons, or posters, or sexual advances.

Additionally, harassment can include conduct that occurs in a work-related context outside of work (e.g., an off-site party), in a virtual context through work-related communication systems, devices, or technologies, such as email, chat or text messaging, or videoconferencing, or in a non-work-related context or on social media if it affects the workplace. Harassment that amounts to a threat or bullying also violates the City's Threat Management Policy, Administrative Regulation 97.10.

Retaliation includes an adverse employment action or threatening, intimidating, or harassing conduct because a person opposed or reported alleged conduct in violation of this Policy; filed or assisted another with a complaint under this Policy; provided a statement or testimony or otherwise participated or assisted in an investigation or other proceeding arising from a report of an alleged violation of this Policy; requested or used medical, family care, military, or other protected leave; or requested or accepted reasonable accommodation for a disability, known limitation related to pregnancy, childbirth, or a related medical

condition, or religious belief, observance, or practice. Subtle retaliation (e.g., an unwarranted change in work assignment or location, an unreasonable denial of a leave request, or uncooperativeness) is also prohibited and will not be tolerated. Managers and supervisors are reminded that employees have a right to report any conduct or employment action that an employee reasonably believes violates this Policy.

Good faith employment actions do not constitute unlawful discrimination, harassment, or retaliation. Good faith employment actions taken by a manager or supervisor, such as offering constructive feedback or criticism, holding an employee accountable, or providing discipline, where appropriate, do not constitute, and should not be mistaken for, discrimination, harassment, or retaliation. These employment actions are aimed at enhancing workplace productivity or addressing work performance or conduct and are within the responsibilities and obligations of City managers and supervisors.

The City has a 100% Response Policy regarding claims of discrimination, harassment, or retaliation. This means the City will promptly respond to all reports and complaints of potential discrimination, harassment, or retaliation in or affecting the workplace, conduct fair, timely, and thorough investigations, as needed, and take all appropriate action. The City's action may range from training or informal counseling to more severe disciplinary action, proportionate to the severity of the conduct, up to and including termination, even if it is the first time such conduct has occurred. Prior incidents may be considered when assessing the facts and circumstances and determining the appropriate corrective action. Every City employee, applicant, elected official, intern, volunteer, and contract worker is expected to support, adhere to, and enforce the EEO Policy. Reporting a potential violation of this Policy is protected conduct; individuals may report allegedly discriminatory, harassing, or retaliatory conduct they experience, observe, or otherwise become aware of without fear of retribution.

Manager and Supervisor Responsibilities. Managers or supervisors who receive a report or complaint, observe, or otherwise become aware of possible discrimination, harassment, or retaliation against an employee, applicant, elected official, intern, volunteer, or contract worker, including by a third-party (e.g., a member of the public), must immediately report the alleged conduct to their department management and the department's Human Resources Department liaison, and take prompt corrective action, as appropriate. Managers or supervisors who fail to properly report possible misconduct or fail to respond and take prompt corrective action, when appropriate, may be disciplined even if the misconduct did not take place in their work units.

### **3. SEXUAL HARASSMENT PROHIBITED**

All City employees, applicants, elected officials, interns, volunteers, and contract workers are prohibited from engaging in sexual harassment in or affecting the workplace. Sexual harassment is harassing conduct that creates an intimidating, hostile, or offensive working environment on the basis of sex or gender, including gender identity, gender expression, or sexual orientation. Sexual harassment is a form of discrimination based on sex, gender, gender identity, gender expression, or sexual orientation. Sexual harassment is unprofessional and detrimental to the work environment. As with other forms of harassment based on a protected classification, the City has a 100% Response Policy regarding sexual harassment and will not tolerate sexual harassment in or affecting the workplace.

Sexual harassment can be unlawful and includes verbal, physical, or visual harassment, as well as unwanted sexual advances. Sexually harassing conduct need not be motivated by sexual desire. Further, a person alleging sexual harassment is not required to have sustained a loss of tangible job benefits or productivity in order to establish harassment. It suffices that a reasonable person subjected to the conduct would find, as the harassed person did, that the harassment so altered their working conditions as to make it more difficult to do their job.

Sexually harassing conduct may be either "quid pro quo" or "hostile work environment" sexual harassment.

- "Quid pro quo" (Latin for "this for that") sexual harassment is when a person explicitly or implicitly conditions a job, promotion, or other work benefit on submission to sexual advances or other conduct based on sex.
- "Hostile work environment" sexual harassment occurs when unwelcome conduct based on sex, gender, gender identity, gender expression, or sexual orientation unreasonably interferes with a person's work performance or creates an intimidating, hostile, or offensive work environment.

To be unlawful, the harassment must be severe or pervasive. That means that it alters the conditions of employment and creates a hostile or abusive work environment. A single incident of harassing conduct may be sufficiently severe, so as to create an unlawful hostile work environment, if the harassing conduct unreasonably interfered with the person's work performance or created an intimidating, hostile or offensive working environment. To be unlawful, the harassment must also be both subjectively and objectively offensive. Sexually harassing conduct can violate this Policy, however, even if it does not rise to the level of unlawful conduct.

The existence of a hostile work environment depends upon the totality of the circumstances. In determining whether harassing conduct was severe or pervasive, the totality of the circumstances is considered, including any or all of the following:

- The nature of the conduct.
- How often and over what period of time the conduct occurred.
- The circumstances under which the conduct occurred.
- Whether the conduct was physically threatening or humiliating.
- The extent to which the conduct unreasonably interfered with an employee's work performance.

Sexually harassing conduct can be verbal, physical, visual, or written, and can occur between people of the same or opposite sex. Individuals of any gender can be the target of sexual harassment. Sexual harassment may involve harassment of a person of the same gender as the harasser, regardless of either person's sexual orientation or gender identity. Sexual harassment can occur in any working relationship, such as between peers, supervisor to subordinate, subordinate to supervisor, by a member of the public toward an employee, elected official to employee, contract worker to employee, within or across departments, as well as in other situations.

Verbal harassment may include sexual comments, obscene language, or sexually degrading words; insults, slurs, threats, or derogatory or demeaning comments; sexual jokes; graphic comments about a person's appearance or physique; conversations or comments with sexual undertones; recounting one's sexual exploits or inquiring about a person's sex life; starting or spreading rumors about the sex life of another person; or remarks or jokes about a person's ability to do a job because of the person's gender, gender identity, or sexual orientation.

Physical harassment may include unwelcome touching, hugging, kissing, groping, or massaging; sexually suggestive leering or vulgar gestures; physically blocking, cornering, or impeding movement; or revealing parts of the body, when such exposure violates common decency.

Visual or written forms of harassment may include displaying derogatory, sexually suggestive, offensive, or explicit objects or pictures, including cartoons, posters, drawings, or computer graphics; sending letters, notes, emails, text or electronic messages, or social media invitations; or posting on social media, in some circumstances, when it may be perceived as sexually suggestive, demeaning, offensive, or obscene.

Sexually harassing conduct may also include:

- Unwanted sexual advances.
- Job actions taken to pressure a person into accepting sexual advances.
- In some circumstances, repeatedly asking a person for a date after being turned down.

Sexually harassing conduct by managers or supervisors can include offering employment benefits in exchange for sexual favors; sexual advances that condition an employment benefit upon an exchange of sexual favors; or a statement or insinuation that a refusal to provide sexual favors, or a rejection of sexual favors or advances, will cause reprisal, lack of support for appointments, promotions, or transfers, failure of probation, change of assignment, poor performance rating, or some other adverse employment action.

In addition, sexual favoritism can create a hostile work environment under certain circumstances. "Sexual favoritism" means that an employee has received preferential treatment in regard to promotion, work hours, assignments, or other significant employment benefit or opportunity because of a sexual relationship with a manager or supervisor who was in a position to grant or influence the granting of those preferences.

Whether alleged harassing conduct constitutes sexual harassment is determined on a case-by-case basis by assessing the entire situation and the totality of the circumstances. Factors such as the nature of the conduct and the context in which the alleged conduct occurred will be considered in assessing the allegations and in determining the resolution.

It is the impact of the conduct that is determinative, not whether the conduct was intended to cause harm. For example, a person who teases in a sexual manner or tells sexual jokes may create an offensive work environment for another person even though the comments or actions were intended to be merely "in good fun." This applies to all types of job classifications and work environments. If a person's conduct is harassing to an individual or

group of individuals, it does not matter that the person failed to recognize their conduct as unwelcome, offensive, or harassing.

This Policy does not prohibit mutually consensual social relationships between employees.<sup>1</sup> However, persons involved in consensual relationships must exercise caution to prevent the development of harassing conduct or the use of authority inappropriately. For example, if a consensual relationship changes and is no longer mutual, conduct once welcome by both individuals may become offensive and harassing to one. Sexually harassing conduct can occur in relationships that began as reciprocal relationships, but later cease to be reciprocal.

It is unlawful and prohibited under this Policy to retaliate or threaten retaliation against a person for rejecting sexual advances or complaining about harassment.

All City employees, including elected officials, are required to complete the City's Sexual Harassment Prevention Training within the first six months of hire or assuming their positions, and then again once every two years. Interns and volunteers are also required to complete sexual harassment prevention training. The California Civil Rights Department (CRD) has created sexual harassment prevention training courses that are available online at no cost: <https://calcivilrights.ca.gov/shpt/>.

#### **4. DISABILITY ACCOMMODATION**

The Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) and California Fair Employment and Housing Act (FEHA) are the federal and state laws that protect employees with disabilities. Under these laws, the City will provide reasonable accommodation to employees and qualified applicants with a disability, unless doing so would cause undue hardship.

The City determines reasonable accommodations for employees with a disability through timely, good faith interactive processes involving a Human Resources Department Disability Program Coordinator, an appropriate manager, supervisor, or designee, and the employee with a disability.<sup>2</sup> Additionally, the City will engage in timely, good faith interactive processes with qualified job applicants who request accommodation.

#### **5. RELIGIOUS ACCOMMODATION**

Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (Title VII) and the FEHA are the federal and state laws that protect employees from discrimination based on religion. In accordance with these laws, the City will provide reasonable accommodation to employees, interns, and qualified applicants with a sincerely held religious belief, observance, or practice that conflicts with a job requirement or policy, unless doing so would cause undue hardship.

The City determines reasonable accommodations for employees and interns with religious

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<sup>1</sup> Administrative Regulation 95.60, Conflict of Interest and Employee Conduct, prohibits employees from supervising or influencing employment decisions associated with immediate family members or other persons with whom they have a close personal relationship.

<sup>2</sup> Administrative Regulation 96.21, City Policy for People with Disabilities: Employment, describes the disability reasonable accommodation process and consultation provided by the Human Resources Department, Reasonable Accommodations Office, which may be reached at (619) 236-5521.

conflicts through timely, good faith interactive processes involving the Human Resources Department, an appropriate manager, supervisor, or designee, and the employee or intern requesting accommodation. Additionally, the City will engage in timely, good faith interactive processes with qualified applicants who request accommodation.

## **6. PREGNANCY AND LACTATION ACCOMMODATION**

Title VII, including the Pregnant Workers Fairness Act (PWFA), and the FEHA are the federal and state laws that protect employees affected by pregnancy, childbirth, and related medical conditions. In accordance with these laws, the City will provide reasonable accommodation to employees and qualified applicants with a disability or known limitation related to pregnancy, childbirth, or a related medical condition, unless doing so would cause undue hardship. The City will engage in timely, good faith interactive processes with employees and qualified applicants who request accommodation. It is unlawful and a violation of this Policy to deny, interfere with, or restrain an employee's rights to reasonable accommodation, deny employment opportunities based on the need or potential need to make reasonable accommodations, or to take adverse action against an employee because they requested or accepted a reasonable accommodation.

The federal Providing Urgent Maternal Protections for Nursing Mothers Act (PUMP Act), PWFA, and the California Labor Code likewise entitle nursing employees to reasonable break time and a private location to express breast milk while at work. In accordance with these laws and the City's [Lactation Accommodation Policy](#), the City will provide a reasonable amount of break time and an appropriate lactation location to employees desiring to express breast milk at work for the employee's infant child, or when medically advised, each time the employee has need to express milk.

## **7. MEDICAL AND FAMILY CARE LEAVE**

The federal Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA) and the California Family Rights Act (CFRA) allow eligible employees who have been employed with the City for at least a total of 12 months, and have actually worked at least half-time during the previous 12-month period, to request up to 12 workweeks of unpaid, job-protected leave in a 12-month period to care for themselves or a family member (child, parent, grandparent, grandchild, sibling, spouse, domestic partner, or designated person) because of a serious health condition, or to care for the employee's child after birth or placement for adoption or foster care. California law also allows an employee disabled by pregnancy, childbirth, or a related medical condition to request up to four months (the working days in 17 and 1/3 weeks) of additional unpaid, job-protected pregnancy disability leave per pregnancy. An employee's medical leave of absence may be extended as a reasonable accommodation under the ADA, PWFA, and FEHA, depending on the circumstances.

In addition, the FMLA and CFRA provide leave rights related to military service. Eligible employees are entitled to up to 12 workweeks of unpaid, job-protected leave during a 12-month period because of a qualifying exigency related to the covered active duty or call to covered active duty of an employee's covered family member in the Armed Forces. The FMLA further provides for up to 26 workweeks of unpaid, job-protected leave in a single 12-month period for an eligible employee to care for a covered family member recovering from a serious illness or injury sustained in the line of duty.

It is unlawful and a violation of this Policy to deny, interfere with, or restrain an employee's

exercise or attempt to exercise any right provided under these leave laws. An employee who exercises their rights under any of these laws must not be subject to discrimination, harassment, or retaliation.

#### **8. CITY EMPLOYEE RECRUITMENTS**

The Mayor, through the Human Resources Department, and the heads of all independent City departments will ensure that the recruitment methods and strategies for unclassified City recruitments and appointments follow this Policy. The Civil Service Commission, through the Personnel Director, will likewise ensure that the recruitment methods and strategies for all classified City recruitments follow this Policy.

#### **9. INTERVIEWS AND SELECTIONS BY APPOINTING AUTHORITY**

All interviews and selections by an appointing authority must be conducted in a non-discriminatory manner, and for classified employees, in accordance with Personnel Manual, Index Code F-1. Interview questions and selection materials must be based on job-relevant criteria and carefully designed to not discriminate or have an adverse impact on applicants based on age, ancestry, color, creed, physical or mental disability, gender, gender identity, gender expression, genetic information, marital status, medical condition, veteran or military status, national origin, pregnancy (including childbirth, lactation, or related medical conditions), race, traits associated with race (including hair texture and protective hairstyles such as braids, locs, and twists), religion, religious belief, observance, or practice, religious creed, reproductive health decision making, sex, sex stereotype, sexual orientation, transgender status or transitioning, any combination of the listed classifications, or any other classification protected by federal, state, or local law, including being perceived or regarded as or perceived to be associated with any protected classification or combination of classifications.

#### **10. PERFORMANCE EVALUATIONS OF MANAGERS AND SUPERVISORS**

Job performance evaluations of managers and supervisors should include a review of their support of and adherence to this Policy.

#### **11. ENFORCEMENT OF THE EEO POLICY**

The City's procedures for consideration, investigation, and resolution of reports and complaints of potential violations of this Policy are described in Administrative Regulation 96.50 (Equal Employment Opportunity Policy and Complaint Resolution Procedures), Civil Service Rule XVI (Discrimination Complaints), and Personnel Manual, Index Code K-2 (Equal Employment Opportunity Policy and Complaint Procedure), and apply to all City employees, applicants, elected officials, interns, volunteers, and contract workers. To constitute a potential violation of this Policy, the alleged conduct or employment action must be based on a protected classification (e.g., race, gender, age, disability, etc.) or protected conduct under this Policy (e.g., filing an EEO complaint or requesting reasonable accommodation).

#### **12. REPORTING A VIOLATION**

Any City employee, applicant, elected official, intern, volunteer, or contract worker who believes that a violation of this Policy may have occurred or may be occurring should

immediately bring the matter to the attention of any of the individuals or offices listed below:

- Any supervisor (it is not necessary to follow the chain of command).
- Any Department Director, Assistant Director, Deputy Director, or other department appointing authority.
- Any Human Resources staff within a department.
- Any Human Resources Department Liaison: [Human Resources Department Liaison Contact List](#).
- The City's Equal Employment Investigations Office (EEIO) in the Personnel Department, (619) 236-7133 or [EEIO@sandiego.gov](mailto:EEIO@sandiego.gov).

City employees, applicants, elected officials, interns, volunteers, and contract workers may also file a complaint with the following external agencies:

- California Civil Rights Department, (800) 884-1684 or <https://calcivilrights.ca.gov>.
- U.S. Equal Employment Opportunity Commission, (800) 669-4000 or [www.eeoc.gov](http://www.eeoc.gov).

Complaints to the CRD must be filed within three years of the alleged harassment, discrimination, or retaliation. If the CRD finds sufficient evidence, and efforts to resolve the dispute fail, the CRD may file a civil complaint in state or federal court on behalf of the complaining party. Complainants can also pursue a private lawsuit in civil court after the CRD issues a Right-to-Sue Notice. Civil remedies can include damages for emotional distress, backpay, reinstatement, promotion, changes in policy or practice, and attorney's fees and costs.

Manager and Supervisor Responsibilities. Managers or supervisors who receive a report or complaint of a potential violation of this Policy, or observe or otherwise become aware of possible discriminatory, harassing, or retaliatory conduct toward or against an employee, applicant, elected official, intern, volunteer, or contract worker, including by a third-party (e.g., a member of the public), must immediately report the alleged conduct to their department management and the department's Human Resources Department Liaison.

Retaliation Prohibited. It is unlawful and prohibited under this Policy to retaliate against a person for reporting or filing a complaint of alleged conduct in violation of this Policy or participating or assisting in any investigation or other proceeding under this Policy.

Confidentiality. The City will strive to protect the privacy interests of all individuals involved as much as possible when responding to a report or complaint of a potential violation of this Policy. However, anonymity or complete confidentiality cannot be guaranteed once allegedly inappropriate conduct is reported or a complaint is made. The City has a duty to investigate alleged violations of this Policy and take appropriate corrective and preventive action even if a complainant or alleged victim does not want a matter investigated or corrected. Information pertaining to reports or complaints of EEO violations and gathered as part of an investigation will be kept confidential to the fullest extent permitted by law.

Administrative Regulation 96.50 EEO Violation Report Form. Individuals may report any potential violation of this Policy to a City supervisor or manager. When a report is received, the supervisor or manager receiving the report should notify their department management and the department's Human Resources Department Liaison and initiate the A.R. 96.50 EEO


Violation Report Form process by completing the first section of the form and obtaining a reference tracking number from the EEIO at (619) 236-7133. The A.R. 96.50 EEO Violation Report Form may be found on the [Personnel Department's](#) CityNet website as well as attached to [Administrative Regulation 96.50, Equal Employment Opportunity Policy and Complaint Resolution Procedures](#). Departments may also obtain the form through their department management, Human Resources staff, or Payroll Specialist. The department appointing authority, in consultation with the City's EEIO, which tracks and guides the process, will determine appropriate next steps.

EEIO Internal Discrimination Complaint Form. Individuals may report any potential violation of this Policy to the EEIO and may complete and submit the EEIO Internal Discrimination Complaint Form. Upon receiving a report or complaint of a potential violation, the EEIO will follow the processes set forth in Personnel Manual, Index Code K-2. The EEIO Internal Discrimination Complaint Form may be found on the [Personnel Department's](#) CityNet website or by contacting the EEIO at (619) 236-7133 or [EEIO@san Diego.gov](mailto:EEIO@san Diego.gov).

Employee Assistance Program (EAP). City employees have access to confidential emotional support, assistance, and resources to address employees' personal work-life concerns and emotional well-being, at no cost, through the City's EAP. EAP professionals are available 24/7 to discuss employee and household member concerns. For more information about the resources and services available through the EAP, go to [citynet.sandiego.gov/hr/eap](http://citynet.sandiego.gov/hr/eap). The EAP can be reached at (877) 622-4327 or by visiting [myCigna.com](http://myCigna.com) and entering Employer ID: **cosd** (for initial registration) to log in. For emergencies, please call 911.


Through this Policy, the City seeks to ensure that all City employees, applicants, elected officials, interns, volunteers, and contract workers know their rights and responsibilities relating to fair and equal treatment in the workplace, equal opportunities to succeed, and a work environment free of discrimination, harassment, and retaliation. Every City employee, applicant, elected official, intern, volunteer, and contract worker is expected to support and adhere to the principles of EEO and the standards of conduct stated in this Policy. The City is committed to providing a workplace that promotes diversity, inclusion, respect, and the highest levels of performance, professionalism, and civility.

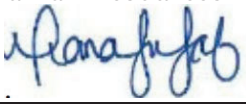
  
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Todd Gloria  
Mayor

  
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Heather Ferbert  
City Attorney

  
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David Dalager  
Personnel Director

  
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Alia Khouri  
Deputy Chief Operating Officer

  
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Julie Rasco  
Human Resources Director

  
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Diana J.S. Fuentes  
City Clerk