# Municipal Secondary Market Disclosure Information Cover Sheet

This cover sheet should be sent with all submissions made to the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board, Nationally Recognized Municipal Securities Information Repositories, and any applicable State Information Depository, whether the filing is voluntary or made pursuant to Securities and Exchange Commission rule 15c2-12 or any analogous state statute.

See www.sec.gov/info/municipal/nrmsir.htm for list of current NRMSIRs and SIDs

IF THIS FILING RELATES TO ALL SECURITIES ISSUED BY THE ISSUER OR ALL SECURITIES OF A SPECIFIC CREDIT or issued under a single indenture:

Issuer's Name (please include name of state where Issuer is located):

THE CITY OF SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA (OBLIGOR, PURSUANT TO CERTIFICATES OF PARTICIPATION);

Certificates of Participation (Balboa Park and Mission Bay Park Capital Improvements Program) Series 1996A

Refunding Certificates of Participation (Balboa Park and Mission Bay Park Capital Improvements Program, Series 1991) Series 1996B

2003 Certificates of Participation (1993 Balboa Park/Mission Bay Park Refunding) Evidencing Undivided Proportionate Interest in Lease Payments to be Made by the City of San Diego Pursuant to a Lease with the San Diego Facilities and Equipment Leasing Corporation

PUBLIC FACILITIES FINANCING AUTHORITY OF THE CITY OF SAN DIEGO (STATE: CALIFORNIA);

Taxable Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 1996A (San Diego Jack Murphy Stadium)

Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2002B (Fire and Life Safety Facilities Project) Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2007A (Ballpark Refunding)

### CONVENTION CENTER EXPANSION FINANCING AUTHORITY (STATE: CALIFORNIA)

Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 1998A (City of San Diego, California, as Lessee)

# CITY OF SAN DIEGO/METROPOLITAN TRANSPORTATION DEVELOPMENT BOARD ("MTDB") AUTHORITY (STATE: CALIFORNIA);

2003 Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds (San Diego Old Town Light Rail Transit Extension Refunding)

Other Obligated Person's Name (if any):\_

(Exactly as it appears on the Official Statement Cover)

Provide six-digit CUSIP\* number(s), if available, of Issuer:

### CITY OF SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA related CUSIP: 797260

PUBLIC FACILITIES FINANCING AUTHORITY OF THE CITY OF SAN DIEGO related CUSIP: 797299

CONVENTION CENTER EXPANSION FINANCING AUTHORITY related CUSIP: 79727L

CITY OF SAN DIEGO/MTDB AUTHORITY related CUSIP: 797448

\*(Contact CUSIP's Municipal Disclosure Assistance Line at 212.438.6518 for assistance with obtaining the proper CUSIP numbers.)

### TYPE OF FILING:

X Electronic <u>34 pages plus attachment</u>

Paper (no. of pages attached)

If information is also available on the Internet, give URL: NOT AVAILABLE\_\_\_\_\_

# WHAT TYPE OF INFORMATION ARE YOU PROVIDING? (Check all that apply)

## A. X Annual Financial Information and Operating Data pursuant to Rule 15c2-12

(Financial information and operating data should not be filed with the MSRB.)

## Annual Report for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007.

#### B. Financial Statements or CAFR pursuant to Rule 15c2-12

#### See the Annual Report.

- C. Notice of a Material Event pursuant to Rule 15c2-12 (Check as appropriate)
  - 1. Principal and interest payment delinquencies
  - 2. Non-payment related defaults
  - 3. Unscheduled draws on debt service reserves reflecting financial difficulties
  - 4. Unscheduled draws on credit enhancements reflecting financial difficulties
  - 5. Substitution of credit or liquidity providers, or their failure to perform
- 6. Adverse tax opinions or events affecting the taxexempt status of the security
- 7. Modifications to the rights of security holders
- 8. Bond calls
- 9. Defeasances
- 10. Release, substitution, or sale of property securing repayment of the securities

Email Address

11. Rating changes

### D. Notice of Failure to Provide Certain Annual Financial Information as Required.

#### E. Other Secondary Market Information (Specify):\_

Telephone\_\_\_\_

I hereby rep	present that I am authorized by the issuer or ob	oligor or its ag	gent to distribute this information publicly:
Issuer Conta	act:		
<b>Issuer Conta</b>	act:		
Name	MARY LEWIS	Title	CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER
Employer	CITY OF SAN DIEGO		
Address	202 C STREET, MAIL STATION 9A	City <u>SA</u>	AN DIEGO_State CA_Zip Code_92101
Dissemination	on Agent Contact, if any:		
Name	MARY LEWIS		CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER
Employer	CITY OF SAN DIEGO		
Address	202 C STREET, MAIL STATION 9A	City <u>SA</u>	AN DIEGO_State <u>CA</u> Zip Code_92101
Relationship	to Issuer: DISCLOSURE REPRESENTAT	IVE	
[Investor Re	elations Contact, if any:		
Name		Title	

#### COMBINED ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 RELATING TO

\$33,430,000 CITY OF SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA Certificates of Participation (Balboa Park and Mission Bay Park Capital Improvements Program) Series 1996A (CUSIP Number 797260)

\$11,720,000 CITY OF SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA Refunding Certificates of Participation (Balboa Park and Mission Bay Park Capital Improvements Program, Series 1991) Series 1996B (CUSIP Number 797260)

\$68,425,000

PUBLIC FACILITIES FINANCING AUTHORITY OF THE CITY OF SAN DIEGO Taxable Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 1996A (San Diego Jack Murphy Stadium) (CUSIP Number 797299)

\$205,000,000 CONVENTION CENTER EXPANSION FINANCING AUTHORITY Lease Revenue Bonds Series 1998A (City of San Diego, California as Lessee) (CUSIP Number 79727L)

\$25,070,000 PUBLIC FACILITIES FINANCING AUTHORITY OF THE CITY OF SAN DIEGO Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2002B (Fire and Life Safety Facilities Project) (CUSIP Number 797299)

> \$15,255,000 CITY OF SAN DIEGO/MTDB AUTHORITY 2003 Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds (San Diego Old Town Light Rail Transit Extension Refunding) (CUSIP Number 797448)

\$17,425,000 CITY OF SAN DIEGO 2003 Certificates of Participation (1993 Balboa Park/Mission Bay Park Refunding) Evidencing Undivided Proportionate Interest in Lease Payments to be Made by the City of San Diego Pursuant to a Lease with the San Diego Facilities and Equipment Leasing Corporation (CUSIP Number 797260)

\$156,560,000 PUBLIC FACILITIES FINANCING AUTHORITY OF THE CITY OF SAN DIEGO Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2007A (Ballpark Refunding) (CUSIP Number 797299

## Introduction

This Annual Report is being provided by the City of San Diego (the "City") on behalf of itself, the San Diego Facilities and Equipment Leasing Corporation (the "Corporation"), the Public Facilities Financing Authority of the City of San Diego (the "PFFA"), the City of San Diego/MTDB Authority (the "MTDB Authority"), and the Convention Center Expansion Financing Authority ("the Convention Center Authority") for the above stated issuances pursuant to Continuing Disclosure Agreements (entered into to allow the respective underwriters to comply with Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c2-12) for the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2007. The City Council received the 2007 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report ("CAFR") on November 10, 2008. To the extent the City previously submitted financial information and operating data for the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2007, this submission replaces that information and data in its entirety.

This Annual Report, including any amendment or supplement hereto, is being transmitted electronically by the City to DisclosureUSA, which in turn will transmit this filing to each of the Nationally Recognized Municipal Securities Information Repositories (the "NRMSIRs") approved by the Securities and Exchange Commission, set forth in Exhibit A.

This Annual Report is provided in accordance with the terms of the Continuing Disclosure Agreements, and does not purport to provide full and complete information on the terms of the above stated issuances. The filing of this Annual Report does not constitute or imply any representation that no changes, circumstances or events have occurred since the end of the Fiscal Year to which this Annual Report relates (other than as contained in this Annual Report), or that no other information exists, which may have a bearing on the security for the above stated issuances or an investor's decision to buy, sell or hold the above-stated issuances. Certain information and data provided herein was obtained from sources other than the City ("Outside Information"), as indicated by the source citations. Although the information contained in this Annual Report has been obtained from sources that are believed to be reliable, the City has not independently verified such Outside Information, and the City cannot guarantee its completion or accuracy. No statement in this Annual Report should be construed as a prediction or representation about future financial performance of the City, the Corporation, the PFFA, the Convention Center Authority, or the MTDB Authority.

The City is acting as the Dissemination Agent for each of the above stated issuances. The City does not have any obligation to update this report other than as expressly provided in the Continuing Disclosure Agreement for each of the above stated issuances.

Any statements regarding the above stated issuances, other than a statement made by the City in an official release or subsequent notice or annual report that is filed with the NRMSIRs, are not authorized by the City. The City shall not be responsible for the accuracy, completeness, or fairness of any such unauthorized statement.

DATED: 1 2008

CITY OF SAN DIEGO

hewis Mary Lewis Chief Financial Officer By:

.

Distribution: Nationally Recognized Municipal Securities Information Repositories Wells Fargo Bank, National Association BNY Western Trust Company Ambac Assurance Corporation MBIA Insurance Corporation

# **EXHIBIT** A

Nationally Recognized Municipal Securities Information Repositories approved by the Securities and Exchange Commission:

## **Bloomberg Municipal Repository**

100 Business Park Drive Skillman, NJ 08558 Phone: (609) 279-3225 Fax: (609) 279-5962 Email: <u>Munis@Bloomberg.com</u>

# **Interactive Data Pricing and Reference Data, Inc.**

Attn: NRMSIR 100 William Street, 15<sup>th</sup> Floor New York, NY 10038 Phone: (212) 771-6999 Fax: (212) 771-7390 Email: <u>NRMSIR@interactivedata.com</u>

# Standard & Poor's Securities Evaluations, Inc.

55 Water Street, 45<sup>th</sup> Floor New York, NY 10041 Phone: (212) 438-4595 Fax: (212) 438-3975 Email: <u>nrmsir\_repository@sandp.com</u>

# DPC Data, Inc.

One Executive Drive Fort Lee, NJ 07024 Phone: (201) 346-0701 Fax: (201) 947-0107 Email: <u>nrmsir@dpcdata.com</u> Balboa Park and Mission Bay Park Capital Improvements Program Certificates of Participation, Series 1996A Balboa Park and Mission Bay Park Capital Improvements Program Refunding Certificates of Participation, Series 1996B San Diego Jack Murphy Stadium Taxable Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 1996A Convention Center Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 1998A Fire and Life Safety Facilities Project Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2002B 2003 Certificates of Participation (1993 Balboa Park/Mission Bay Park Refunding) 2003 Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds (San Diego Old Town Light Rail Transit Extension Refunding) Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2007A (Ballpark Refunding)

## Annual Report for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

As required by the Continuing Disclosure Agreements or Certificates for the issuances covered by this Annual Report, below are updates of the required certain tabular information from the Official Statements and updates of information under the captions "Labor Relations", "Pension Plan", "Public Liability Insurance", and "Investment of Funds."

## **1.** Transient Occupancy Tax

# CITY OF SAN DIEGO TRANSIENT OCCUPANCY TAX (1) Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2003 through 2007 (in thousands)

Fiscal Year	<u>Amount</u> <sup>(2)</sup>
2003	\$ 105,263
2004	\$ 113,209
2005	\$ 120,792
2006	\$ 136,803
2007	\$ 154,810

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes both the General Fund portion of TOT (5.5¢ of 10.5¢) and the balance (5¢ of 10.5¢) allocated to Special Promotional Programs. Special Promotional Programs are intended to: advance the City's economy by promoting the City as a visitor destination; develop, maintain, and enhance visitor-related facilities; and support the City's cultural amenities and natural attractions.

Source: Fiscal Year 2007 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, Comptroller's Office, City of San Diego

<sup>(2)</sup> To be consistent with Fiscal Year 2007, prior year TOT revenues were adjusted to reflect revenues based on full accrual basis of accounting (all TOT revenues earned in the fiscal year, regardless of the timing of receipt of cash).

# 2. Building Permit Valuations and Number of Dwelling Units

	<u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	2008
Valuation (in thousands)					
Residential	\$1,227,388	\$1,321,526	\$1,006,378	\$820,581	\$674,315
Nonresidential	717,693	<u>641,857</u>	<u>953,714</u>	<u>670,497</u>	724,811
Total	<u>\$1,945,081</u>	<u>\$1,963,383</u>	<u>\$1,960,092</u>	<u>\$1,491,078</u>	<u>\$1,399,126</u>
Number of New Dwelling					
Single Family	1,877	1,271	1,290	903	719
Multiple Family	4,005	<u>5,334</u>	<u>3,260</u>	<u>3,004</u>	<u>120</u>
Total	<u>5,882</u>	<u>6,605</u>	<u>4,550</u>	<u>3,907</u>	<u>839</u>

# CITY OF SAN DIEGO BUILDING PERMIT VALUATIONS AND NUMBER OF DWELLING UNITS Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2004 through 2008

Source: Development Services Department, City of San Diego

## 3. Balance Sheet For The General Fund

## CITY OF SAN DIEGO BALANCE SHEET FOR THE GENERAL FUND Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2003 through 2007 (in thousands)

	2003	2004	<u>2005</u>	2006	2007
ASSETS					
Cash or Equity in Pooled Cash & Investments <sup>(1)</sup>	\$29,660	\$23,819	\$32,966	\$23,281	\$97,347
Receivables:					
Taxes – Net	61,319	69,275	65,056	68,568	73,296
Accounts – Net	12,242	36,709	14,823	11,239	11,103
Claims – Net	25	62	31	38	88
Accrued Interest	477	374	891	1,434	3,466
From Other Funds <sup>(2)</sup>	11,880	10,100	16,275	6,060	1,475
From Other Agencies	857	68			
Investment in Joint Venture <sup>(3)</sup>	2,007	1,522	1,542	2,063	2,097
Advances to Other Funds	1,790	1,790	300	300	300
Advances to Other Agencies	352	350		9	9
Prepaid Items	585	207	778	220	81
Cash and Investments for TRANS Repayment <sup>(4)</sup>	<u>96,229</u>				142,000
Total Assets	\$217,423	<u>\$144,276</u>	<u>\$132,662</u>	\$113,212	\$331,262
LIABILITIES					
Accounts Payable <sup>(5)</sup>	\$3,438	\$3,718	\$5,054	\$5,642	9,112
Accrued Wages and Benefits	29,615	36,456	40,960	22,332	23,881
Unearned Revenue <sup>(6)</sup>			1,151	1,032	903
Deferred Revenue	23,212	41,894	23,464	21,580	23,318
Advances from Other Funds	906	986	985	985	
Contracts and Notes Payable <sup>(4)</sup>	<u>93,200</u>			<u></u>	142,000
Total Liabilities	<u>\$150,371</u>	\$83,054	\$71,614	\$51,571	\$199,214
FUND EQUITY					
Reserves:					
Reserved for Encumbrances <sup>(7)</sup>	\$17,333	\$14,888	\$15,659	\$18,916	\$33,452
Reserved for Advances & Deposits	2,142	2,140	300	309	309
Reserved for Investment in Joint Venture <sup>(1)</sup>	2,007	1,522	1,542	2,063	2,097
Unreserved:					
Designated for Unrealized Gains	871				
Designated for Subsequent Years'					
Expenditures	806	1,333	1,954	469	1,159
Undesignated <sup>(8)</sup>	<u>43,893</u>	<u>41,339</u>	<u>41,593</u>	<u>39,884</u>	<u>95,031</u>
Total Fund Equity	<u>\$67,052</u>	<u>\$61,222</u>	<u>\$61,048</u>	<u>\$61,641</u>	<u>\$132,048</u>
Total Liabilities & Fund Equity	<u>\$217,423</u>	<u>\$144,276</u>	<u>\$132,662</u>	<u>\$113,212</u>	\$331,262

(1) Cash increased in the General Fund in Fiscal Year 2007 due to revenues exceeding expenditures by \$70 million for the Fiscal Year. This was primarily due to approximately \$50 million in appropriation savings from various vacancies in Public Safety - Police, Parks & Recreation, Engineering and Capital Projects, and General Government and Support departments.

(2) The decrease in Fiscal Year 2007 is attributable to the Grant Funds not needing cash from the General Fund to cover negative cash balances within their funds at fiscal year end. This is due to grant invoicing being done in a timely manner.

(3) The increase of approximately \$500,000 (in whole dollars) between Fiscal Year 2005 and Fiscal Year 2006 is attributable to the City's portion of equity in the joint venture, San Diego Medical Services Enterprise, LLC.

(4) The Fiscal Year 2003 and Fiscal Year 2007 TRANs were 13 month notes, hence cash was set aside to repay principal and interest due in each of the respective subsequent fiscal years.

(5) The increase to the Accounts Payable balance is due to the timing of expenditures and an increase in year end accruals.

- (6) Prior to Fiscal Year 2005, reported within "Deferred Revenue".
- (7) The increase in Fiscal Year 2007 is mostly attributable to Streets Division becoming part of the General Fund. Streets Division contributed an additional \$7.7 million to Fiscal Year 2007 ending encumbrances. In addition, Storm Water also had an increase to its ending encumbrances over the previous year of approximately \$4 million.
- (8) The increase in Fiscal Year 2007 Undesignated Fund Balance results from revenues exceeding expenditures and encumbrances for the fiscal year.

Source: Fiscal Year 2003 - 2007 Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports, Comptroller's Office, City of San Diego

# 4. Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance For The General Fund

## CITY OF SAN DIEGO STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE GENERAL FUND Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2003 through 2007 (in thousands)

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
REVENUES:					
Property Taxes <sup>(1)</sup>	\$184,641	\$201,133	\$223,500	\$322,087	\$361,062
Sales Taxes <sup>(2)(3)</sup>	129,262	137,360	95,376	110,556	233,385
In-Lieu Sales Taxes <sup>(3) (4)</sup>			48,220	45,433	
Transient Occupancy Taxes <sup>(5)</sup>		59,530	63,910	72,126	80,703
Other Local Taxes <sup>(4)</sup>	109,241	64,977	73,456	72,102	74,069
Licenses and Permits	22,655	23,699	28,459	31,913	31,475
Fines, Forfeitures and Penalties	25,373	31,832	31,857	32,346	40,346
Revenues from Use of Money and Property	30,539	27,758	33,015	35,872	42,157
Revenues from Federal Agencies	1,706	4,055	6,888	3,755	5,066
Revenues from Other Agencies <sup>(1)</sup>	90,355	74,204	74,571	12,594	16,644
Charges for Current Services	97,365	98,956	105,293	91,514	85,026
Other Revenue	2,587	2,870	2,778	2,864	2,730
Total Revenues	<u>\$693,724</u>	\$726,374	\$787,323	<u>\$833,162</u>	<u>\$972,663</u>
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
General Government and Other Support Services	\$138,017	\$134,865	\$164,892	\$183,143	\$189,203
Neighborhood Services	29,196	25,997	25,137	19,702	18,339
Public Safety	399,756	421,584	478,299	509,264	517,522
Parks, Recreation and Culture	93,982	97,380	106,274	108,153	112,967
Transportation <sup>(6)</sup>	20,996	20,219	21,448	23,032	59,516
Sanitation and Health	35,888	39,111	41,024	41,720	39,391
Debt Service:					
Principal Retirement	1,825	2,318	2,381	2,504	2,604
Interest	2,801	<u>5,442</u>	<u>1,811</u>	<u>3,416</u>	<u>6519</u>
Total Expenditures	<u>\$724,461</u>	<u>\$746,916</u>	<u>\$841,266</u>	<u>\$890,934</u>	<u>\$946,061</u>
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(\$28,737)	(\$20,542)	(\$53,943)	(\$57,772)	\$26,602
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers from Proprietary/ Fiduciary Funds	\$5,480	\$2,941	\$7,039	\$2,989	\$4,181
Transfers from Other Funds <sup>(7)</sup>	39,028	37,944	58,913	71,672	86,980
Transfers to Proprietary Funds	(7,080)	(13,707)	(1,185)	(246)	(1,373)
Transfers to Other Funds	(19,011)	(15,665)	(14,276)	(21,946)	(46,018)
Net Income from Joint Venture	870	(485)	20	522	35
Proceeds from Capital Leases <sup>(8)</sup>	7,282	3,634	3,258	5,374	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	<u>\$26,569</u>	<u>\$14,712</u>	\$53,769	<u>\$58,365</u>	<u>\$43,805</u>
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING	(\$2,168)	(\$5,830)	(\$174)	\$593	\$70,407
SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES					
FUND BALANCE AT JULY 1	<u>\$69,220</u>	<u>\$67,052</u>	<u>\$61,222</u>	<u>\$61,048</u>	<u>\$61,641</u>
FUND BALANCE AT FOLLOWING JUNE 30	<u>\$67,052</u>	\$61,222	<u>\$61,048</u>	<u>\$61,641</u>	<u>\$132,048</u>

(1) Beginning in Fiscal Year 2006 the Educational Revenue Augmentation Funds (ERAF) III monies received from the State (\$70,550,958) intended to replace the Motor Vehicle License Fees backfill were classified as property tax revenue. This revenue was previously classified as Motor Vehicle License Fees, under "Revenues from Other Agencies".

(2) Includes Proposition 172 Safety Sales Tax.

<sup>(3)</sup> The increase in Sales Tax in Fiscal Year 2007 is the result of changes in the Sales Tax treatment in the Fiscal Year 2007 CAFR. In previous years, Sales Tax was allocated to other funds as Sales Tax revenue. In Fiscal Year 2007 Sales Tax was recorded entirely in the General Fund and then transferred out, as an expense, to the Sales Tax supported funds. In addition, prior to Fiscal Year 2007, "In-Lieu Sales Tax" was reported separately from Sales Tax because it was received with the Property Tax apportionments. Starting in Fiscal Year 2007, the revenue is based on Sales Tax growth, and is therefore reported with Sales Tax.

<sup>(4)</sup> This is the property tax reimbursement that the City receives as a result of the triple-flip (triple-flip is the shift enacted by the State in Fiscal Year 2005 whereby local governments shift ¼-cent of their Sales and Use Tax to the State in exchange for an equivalent amount of property tax).

- (5) Beginning in Fiscal Year 2004, Transient Occupancy Tax Revenue was recorded separately from Other Local Taxes. Includes only the General Fund portion of TOT (5.5¢ of 10.5¢); the balance (5¢ of 10.5¢) is allocated to Special Promotional Programs.
- (6) The increase in Fiscal Year 2007 is primarily due to Streets Division moving to the General Fund and secondarily due to Parking Management being moved out of the Transportation category and split between Police and City Treasurer. The total increase due to Streets Division's move to the General Fund was \$45 Million. The total decrease due to Parking Management moving out of the Transportation category was \$8.7 million. The net effect is \$36.2 million.
- (7) Increase in Transfers from Other Funds in Fiscal Year 2005 and Fiscal Year 2006 was largely a result of increased budgeted transfers from the TOT Fund and the Environmental Growth Fund to the General Fund. Increased budgeted transfers from the TOT Fund were made to cover public safety costs associated with tourist oriented facilities.
- (8) The General Fund had no new Capital Leases to report in Fiscal Year 2007.

Source: Fiscal Year 2003 - 2007 Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports, Comptroller's Office, City of San Diego

### 5A. Operating Budget Summary

The City's Operating Budgets for Fiscal Years 2007 through 2009 reflect departmental restructures as a result of operational changes due to the January 1, 2006 transition of the City from a City Manager to Strong Mayor form of government, Business Process Reengineering, and department initiated reorganizations. The most significant changes to the Operating Budget due to restructurings and reclassifications to expenditure categories are reflected in Fiscal Year 2007 and Fiscal Year 2009. In Fiscal Year 2007, all City departments were classified under different expenditure categories as compared to the prior fiscal year. A significant number of departments were also either restructured or classified under different expenditure categories in Fiscal Year 2009. The Fiscal Year 2009 Budget includes: the restructuring of the Business and Support Services Department into the Business Office, Administration, and Community Services Departments; the restructuring of the City Auditor and Comptroller (previously under Department of Finance) into the City Comptroller (under the Office of the Chief Financial Officer) and the City Auditor (under Office of the Mayor and COO); and the restructuring of the Engineering and Capital Projects Department. Reclassifications of departments into different categories include: Purchasing & Contracting moved to the Office of the Chief Financial Officer (previously under Business and Support Services); Environmental Services (previously under Public Works) moved to the newly created Community Services business center; the Mayor's Office (previously under Other) moved to Office of the Mayor and COO. In addition, Park and Recreation, Library, and Customer Services also moved under the Community Services business center. Metropolitan Wastewater and Water Departments were moved to the new Public Utilities business center (previously under Public Works), and Storm Water Department became its own stand-alone department under Public Works (previously a division within General Services). Also, the Land Use and Economic Development business center was renamed City Planning and Development. Due to the changes described above, the expenditure trends for Fiscal Years 2007 through 2009 are not comparable. The City's Operating Budgets for Fiscal Year 2007 through 2009 also reflect certain restructures to the Revenue categories. Beginning in Fiscal Year 2007, the General Fund Sales Tax and Safety Sales Tax budgets were restructured to include all Sales Tax and Safety Sales Tax revenue received by the City, and beginning in Fiscal Year 2008, the Interest Earnings revenue was restructured to include all Interest Earnings revenue received for the City's General Fund. Prior to Fiscal Year 2008, only interest earnings related to TRANs issuances were included.

# **CITY OF SAN DIEGO OPERATING BUDGET SUMMARY** Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007 (in thousands)

Actuals on a Budgetary Basis

	Fiscal Year
	2007
<b>REVENUE SOURCES:</b>	
Property Tax	\$361,062
Sales Tax (1)	233,385
Property Transfer Tax	9,307
Transient Occupancy Tax (2)	80,703
Licenses and Permits	31,475
Fines, Forfeitures, and Penalties	40,346
Interest Earnings	6,092
Franchises	64,762
Other Rents and Concessions	36,065
Motor Vehicle License Fees	8,101
Revenue from Other Agencies	13,609
Charges for Current Services	85,026
Transfers from Other Funds	91,161
Other Revenue	2,730
Net Income (Loss) from Joint Venture	35
Total General Fund Revenues	<u>\$1,063,824</u>
EXPENDITURES	
Public Safety	522,369
Parks & Recreation	116,352
Sanitation and Health	40,393
Transportation	68,090
Neighborhood Services	20,276
Operations Support	202,910
Debt Service	9,123
Transfers	47,391
Total General Fund Expenditures	<u>1,026,904</u>

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes Proposition 172 Safety Sales Tax. <sup>(2)</sup> Includes only the General Fund portion of TOT (5.5¢ of 10.5¢); the balance (5¢ of 10.5¢) is allocated to Special Promotional Programs.

Comptroller's Office, City of San Diego Source:

# CITY OF SAN DIEGO OPERATING BUDGET SUMMARY Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008 (in thousands)

, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
	Adopted Budget
	Fiscal Year 2008
<b>REVENUE SOURCES:</b>	
Property Tax (1)	\$385,689
Sales Tax (2)	247,887
Property Transfer Tax	7,571
Transient Occupancy Tax (3)	85,185
Licenses and Permits	34,352
Fines, Forfeitures, and Penalties	35,096
Interest Earnings	7,777
Franchises	69,586
Other Rents and Concessions Motor Vehicle License Fees	40,758
Revenue from Other Agencies	7,938 10,930
Charges for Current Services	81,347
Transfers from Other Funds	91,588
Other Revenue	627
Total General Fund Revenues	<u>\$1,106,331</u>
EXPENDITURES: (4)	
Office of Ethics & Integrity:	\$2,401
Business & Support Services	
Personnel	6,620
Labor Relations	810
Office of the CIO	29,063
Purchasing & Contracting	5,613
Business Operations & Administration	2,383
Library Park & Recreation	37,631 87,520
Customer Services	2,523
Total Business & Support Services	\$172,163
**	¢17 <b>2</b> ,100
Office of the Chief Financial Officer	
City Auditor and Comptroller	11,511
City Treasurer Financial Management	14,442 4,118
Financial Management Debt Management	2,730
Office of the Chief Financial Officer	1,067
Citywide Program Expenditures	47,812
Total Office of the Chief Financial Officer	\$81,680
Public Safety and Homeland Security	
Family Justice Center	537
Police	392,337
Fire-Rescue	179,943
Office of Homeland Security	1,781
Public Safety	3,053
Total Public Safety and Homeland Security	\$577,652
Community & Legislative Services	
Special Events	498
Community & Legislative Services	4,381
Total Community & Legislative Services	\$4,879

# 5B. Operating Budget Summary, cont.

Public Works	
Public Works	855
Engineering and Capital Projects	35,424
Environmental Services	40,793
General Services	108,049
Total Public Works	\$185,122
Land Use & Economic Development	
City Planning and Community Investment	16,716
Real Estate Assets	4,261
Development Services	6,704
Land Use and Economic Development	699
Total Land use & Economic Development	\$28,381
Non-Mayoral	
City Council	9,769
Office of the IBA	1,316
City Clerk	4,408
City Attorney	36,911
Ethics Commission	1,021
Total Non-Mayoral	\$53,426
Other	628
Total General Fund Expenditures	<u>\$1,106,331</u>

(i) The Property Tax budget includes a \$16.9 million repayment of the ERAF III shift.
 (2) Includes Proposition 172 Safety Sales Tax.
 (3) Includes only the General Fund portion of TOT (5.5¢ of 10.5¢); the balance (5¢ of 10.5¢) is allocated to Special Promotional Programs.
 (4) Line items within the subcategories may not add to subtotals due to independent rounding.

Source: Fiscal Year 2008 Annual Budget, Financial Management, City of San Diego

# CITY OF SAN DIEGO OPERATING BUDGET SUMMARY Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

(in thousands)

Adopted Budget

	Fiscal Year 2009
<b>REVENUE SOURCES:</b> Property Tax (1) Sales Tax (2) Property Transfer Tax Transient Occupancy Tax (3) Licenses and Permits Fines, Forfeitures, and Penalties Interest Earnings Franchises Other Rents and Concessions Motor Vehicle License Fees Revenue from Other Agencies (4) Charges for Current Services (5) Transfers from Other Funds Other Revenue	\$411,142 230,196 8,901 90,629 32,633 34,546 9,613 69,636 47,204 6,875 20,349 134,115 95,943 826
Total General Fund Revenues	<u>\$1,192,608</u>
<b>EXPENDITURES:</b> (6) Office of Ethics & Integrity:	\$2,088
Community Services Community Services Library Park & Recreation Environmental Services Customer Services Total Community Services	348 37,013 88,333 40,512 2,329 \$168,535
Office of the Mayor and COO Office of the Mayor and COO City Auditor Labor Relations Office of the CIO Administration Business Office Total Office of the Mayor and COO	776 1,678 964 24,964 1,897 1,949 \$32,227
Office of the Chief Financial Officer City Comptroller City Treasurer Financial Management Debt Management Purchasing & Contracting Office of the Chief Financial Officer Citywide Program Expenditures Total Office of the Chief Financial Officer	12,097 14,918 4,272 2,754 4,440 1,025 67,542 \$107,048
Public Safety and Homeland Security Family Justice Center Police Fire-Rescue Office of Homeland Security Public Safety Total Public Safety and Homeland Security Community & Legislative Services	644 410,671 190,697 1,604 2,421 \$606,037 \$4,187
Community & Legislative Services	ψ <del>-</del> ,107

# 5C. Operating Budget Summary, cont.

Public Works	
Public Works	324
Engineering and Capital Projects (5)	65,160
General Services	69,324
Storm Water	48,820
Total Public Works	\$183,630
City Planning and Development	
City Planning and Community Investment	17,898
Real Estate Assets	4,062
Development Services	6,499
City Planning and Development	534
Total Land use & Economic Development	\$28,993
Non-Mayoral	
City Council	9,895
Office of the IBA	1,615
City Clerk	4,496
City Attorney	36,392
Personnel	6,459
Ethics Commission	1,006
Total Non-Mayoral	\$59,863
Total General Fund Expenditures	<u>\$1,192,608</u>

<sup>(1)</sup> The Property Tax budget includes a \$16.9 million repayment of the ERAF III shift.

<sup>(3)</sup> Includes only the General Fund portion of TOT (5.5¢ of 10.5¢); the balance (5¢ of 10.5¢) is allocated to Special Promotional Programs.

(4) Revenue from Other Agencies had a net increase of approximately \$9.4 million. This was primarily due to a reduction of \$5 million in State Grants and Allocations, an increase in revenue from Proposition 1B funding (\$5.8 million), and FEMA reimbursement related to the October 2007 wildfires & State Agency reimbursements related to the Mt. Soledad landslide (\$7.9 million).

(5) Reflects Business Process Reengineering in Fiscal Year 2009 that will result in positions being transferred from Enterprise and Internal Service Funds to the General Fund. Engineering and Capital Projects department services to Enterprise Funds, will be charged to the Enterprise Funds, and the associated revenue is budgeted under Charges for Current Services.

<sup>(6)</sup> Line items within the subcategories may not add to subtotals due to independent rounding.

Source: Fiscal Year 2009 Annual Budget, Financial Management, City of San Diego

The City's Fiscal Year 2009 budget has been impacted by recent negative economic trends. The City initially projected an overall year-end deficit of \$42.8 million, which upon closer review of all revenue and expenditure trends, was reduced to \$31.1 million. To address the budget deficit, the Mayor proposed a \$41.2 million adjustment to the Fiscal Year 2009 Annual Budget. On November 21, 2008, the City Council approved revisions to the Fiscal Year 2009 Annual Budget, but in doing so did not accept \$5.5 million in expenditure reductions through the end of the fiscal year that had been proposed by the Mayor. Instead, the City Council used \$5.5 million in Transient Occupancy Tax, derived from the Special Promotional Programs Transient Occupancy Tax fund (\$2.4 million), and the Library System Improvements Fund (\$3.1 million), to balance the Fiscal Year 2009 Budget. The City cannot predict the extent of any additional fiscal problems that will be encountered in this or in any future Fiscal Years, and, it is not clear what measures will be taken by the State or federal government to address the current nationwide fiscal crisis. Accordingly, the City cannot predict the final outcome of future State or federal actions or the impact that such actions will have on the City's finances and operations.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(2)</sup> Includes Proposition 172 Safety Sales Tax.

## CITY OF SAN DIEGO ASSESSED VALUATION <sup>(1)(2)</sup> Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 1998 through 2007 (in thousands except for percentages)

<b>T</b> 1 <b>1</b> 7						7 minuai
Fiscal Year	~ .			_		Assessed
Ending	Secured	Unsecured		Less	Net Assessed	Valuation
<u>June 30</u>	Property Property	<u>Property</u>	<u>Gross Total</u>	Exemptions <sup>(3)</sup>	Valuations <sup>(4)(5)</sup>	% Change
1998	\$68,648,609	\$5,337,916	\$73,986,525	\$4,273,887	\$69,712,638	8.32%
1999	\$75,788,751	\$5,852,822	\$81,641,573	\$4,328,931	\$77,312,642	10.90%
2000	\$82,195,239	\$6,347,101	\$88,542,340	\$4,606,047	\$83,936,293	8.57%
2001	\$89,259,317	\$6,838,926	\$96,098,243	\$4,955,424	\$91,142,819	8.59%
2002	\$96,534,652	\$6,959,602	\$103,494,254	\$4,577,069	\$98,917,185	8.53%
2003	\$105,602,893	\$7,230,861	\$112,833,754	\$5,415,535	\$107,418,219	8.59%
2004	\$115,116,772	\$6,842,254	\$121,959,026	\$5,690,654	\$116,268,372	8.24%
$2005^{(6)}$	\$128,611,940	\$7,191,819	\$135,803,759	\$5,967,224	\$129,836,535 <sup>(6)</sup>	11.67%
$2006^{(6)}$	\$124,598,322	\$7,063,201	\$131,661,523	\$5,678,208	\$125,983,315 <sup>(6)</sup>	-2.97%
2007	\$137,387,588	\$7,625,115	\$145,012,703	\$5,861,380	\$139,151,323	10.45%

Annual

(1) The official date of assessment is the first day of January preceding the Fiscal Year during which taxes are levied. For example, January 1, 2003 is the official assessment date for property taxes due during Fiscal Year 2004. The City receives preliminary estimates from the County Assessor in March and final assessment estimates in late June, or early July.

- (2) Includes both locally assessed and State assessed utility property.
- (3) Includes homeowners' exemptions.
- (4) Net assessed valuation for tax rate purposes.

(5) The City recognized a fluctuation in assessed valuation in Fiscal Year 2006 due to a change in the allocation method between the City and the Redevelopment Agency. This methodology change resulted from management's decision to begin using an external source to calculate statistical information in conjunction with the implementation of GASB 44.

(6) Based on the methodology used in Fiscal Year 2006, Net Assessed Valuation for Fiscal Year 2005 would have been \$112,818,838,000 (in whole dollars). This would have resulted in a growth rate of 11.67% in Fiscal Year 2006 compared to Fiscal Year 2005. Also see footnote 5.

Source: Fiscal Year 1999 – 2005, Comptroller's Office

Fiscal Year 2006: Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Statistical Section (unaudited), Comptroller's Office, City of San Diego

Data included in footnote (5): Muni-Services, LLC.

Fiscal Years 2007: Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Statistical Section (unaudited), Comptroller's Office, City of San Diego

## CITY OF SAN DIEGO SECURED TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS (Unaudited) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 1998 through 2007 (in thousands except for percentages)

			Current Year		
			Collections as		Total Collections as
Fiscal Year		Current Year	Percentage of	Total Tax	Percentage of
Ending June 30	Tax Levy	<b>Collections</b>	Current Tax Levy	<b>Collections</b>	Current Tax Levy <sup>(1)</sup>
1998	\$116,912	\$114,311	97.78%	\$117,429	100.44%
1999	\$127,846	\$124,267	97.20%	\$126,923	99.28%
2000	\$141,963	\$137,859	97.11%	\$140,225	98.78%
2001	\$155,060	\$150,900	97.32%	\$153,406	98.93%
2002	\$167,077	\$163,357	97.77%	\$165,446	99.02%
2003	\$181,687	\$175,943	96.84%	\$178,341	98.16%
2004	\$199,630	\$191,224	95.79%	\$194,399	97.38%
2005	\$227,422	\$213,173	93.73%	\$216,325	95.12%
2006	\$255,211	\$240,895	94.39%	\$245,458	96.18%
2007	\$272,983	\$257,034	94.16%	\$262,899	96.31%

(1) Total Collections include unpaid taxes from previous years' tax levies collected in the current Fiscal Year.

Source: Fiscal Year 2007: Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Statistical Section (unaudited), Comptroller's Office, City of San Diego

# PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS IN CITY OF SAN DIEGO<sup>(1)(2)</sup>

June 30, 2007

(in thousands, except for percentages)

Taxpayers	Type of Business	Assessed Valuation <sup>(3)</sup>	Percentage of Net Assessed Valuation <sup>(4)</sup>	Amount of Tax
				<u> </u>
Qualcomm, Inc. (5) (8)	Electronics	\$793,697	0.51%	\$8,733
Kilroy Realty, LP	Real Estate	713,511	0.46	7,850
Fashion Valley Mall, LLC (6) (8)	Developer	423,881	0.27	4,664
Pfizer, Inc.	Pharmaceuticals	420,748	0.27	4,629
San Diego Family Housing, LLC	Real Estate	419,700	0.27	4,618
Irvine Co. <sup>(8)</sup>	Real Estate	379,634	0.24	4,177
Sea World, Inc.	Entertainment	373,447	0.24	4,109
Manchester Resorts, LP	Hotel	348,461	0.22	3,834
Solar Turbines, Inc.	Manufacturing	286,118	0.18	3,148
Pacific Gateway, Ltd. (7) (8)	Real Estate	270,601	<u>0.17</u>	<u>2,977</u>
TOTAL		\$4,429,798	2.83%	\$48,739

(1) Utility Companies excluded.

(2) Includes redevelopment areas (base plus incremental value).

(3) Total assessed valuation includes both secured and unsecured property.

(4) Using total Net Assessed Valuation of \$156,795,425,000 (in whole dollars) for Fiscal Year 2007.

(5) Based on information provided by MuniServices LLC, this assessee has filed an application for assessment appeal on November 29, 2007 for tax roll of 2008 (July 2007-June 2008). The claim is still pending. Applicant is appealing assessed value to be lowered by \$219,157,559 (in whole dollars).

(6) Based on information provided by MuniServices LLC, this assessee has filed an application for assessment appeal on December 3, 2007 for tax roll of 2008 (July 2007-June 2008). The claim is still pending. Applicant is appealing assessed value to be lowered by \$10,724,660 (in whole dollars).

(7) Based on information provided by MuniServices LLC, this assessee has filed an application for assessment appeal on November 20, 2007 for tax roll of 2008 (July 2007-June 2008). The claim is still pending. Applicant is appealing assessed value to be lowered by \$116,808,416 (in whole dollars).

(8) No assurance can be given of the outcome of the appeal.

Source: MuniServices, LLC; and Fiscal Year 2007 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Statistical Section (unaudited), Comptroller's Office, City of San Diego

## 9. Labor Relations

Most City employees are represented by one of five labor organizations. As of October 17, 2008, the American Federation of State and County Municipal Employees Local 127 (AFSCME Local 127) represented approximately 1,870 employees; the Municipal Employees Association (MEA) represented approximately 5,447 employees; the Police Officers Association (POA) represented approximately 1,987 employees; the International Association of Firefighters Local 145 (IAFF Local 145) represented approximately 946 employees; and the Deputy City Attorneys' Association (DCAA) represented approximately 149 employees.

The City currently has one-year contracts for all bargaining units for July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2009. Per the labor agreements, POA received a salary increase of 3% on July 1, 2008, and will receive a 3% increase effective December 27, 2008. The two year net impact of the negotiated salary increase to the pension system is estimated to be a \$900,000 increase to the annual required contribution and a \$7.3 million increase in the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. Members of Local 145 received an increase of 3% effective July 1, 2008, and a 2% increase effective September 1, 2008. The two year net impact of the negotiated salary increase to the pension system is estimated to have an impact of \$60,000 on the annual required contribution and an estimated \$490,000 impact on the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Fiscal Year 2009 agreements for MEA, Local 127, and DCAA, were a carry forward of prior agreements, with no salary increase. In Fiscal Year 2009, for employees represented by Local 127, the salary reduction of 1.9% (from the July 1, 2005 labor agreement) ended and the 1.9% of salary was reinstated as a result of contract language contained in the labor agreement. MEA has settled and Local 127 is negotiating a settlement with the City with respect to the use of negotiated employee pension contribution increases pursuant to their respective labor agreements. The Local 127 settlement could have a one-time impact of \$1-2 million citywide in Fiscal Year 2009.

New Employee Benefits. On July 28, 2008, City Council ratified an agreement regarding the creation of new pension benefits for non-safety City employees with MEA, Local 127 and DCAA. This will impact all non-safety employees hired on or after July 1, 2009. Firefighters, police officers and lifeguards are exempt. The city expects to save on the costs of its pension plan over time as new hires are added under the new pension benefit structure. The new plan lowers the defined benefit factor at age 55 and 60 from 2.50% to 1.00% and from 2.55% to 2.00%, respectively. It also places a cap of 80% on the defined benefit plan and bases retirement pay on the highest three years average of compensation. Employees can presently receive up to 90% from the defined benefit plan based on their highest one year of pay. In addition, the new plan establishes a retiree medical trust that both the City and employees will equally contribute .25% of pay. The new plan also establishes a new defined contribution component in addition to the defined benefit component. The new defined contribution plan includes mandatory employee contributions of 1% of salary, with a City match. Non-safety employees hired on or before June 30, 2009 will not be impacted by this new pension benefit. Refer to Note 11 to Financial Statements of the Fiscal Year 2007 CAFR for additional information on the new pension benefits.

## **10.** Pension Plan and Other Post Employment Benefits

In the June 30, 2007 SDCERS actuarial valuation, dated February 4, 2008, the unfunded actuarial liability was calculated to be \$1.184 billion and plan assets were valued at \$4.41 billion under the EAN funding method which assumes a 20 year amortization schedule with no negative

amortization. As of June 30, 2008, and October 31, 2008, the unaudited market value of the total pension plan assets were approximately \$4.69 billion and \$3.78 billion, respectively (as of September 20, 2008, approximately 94% of the total pension plan assets were attributable to the City).

The City had an actuarial report prepared for its other post-employment benefits, and that report, dated November 24, 2008, showed an UAAL for retiree healthcare as of June 30, 2008 of approximately \$1.28 billion, calculated using a 6.69% discount rate due to the partial prefunding of the retiree health liabilities. The challenges posed by the unfunded pension liability are significant and, together with significant costs related to the post-employment healthcare benefits, could pose a threat to the future fiscal health of the City.

Also refer to the Letter of Transmittal and Notes 11-13 to Financial Statements of the Fiscal Year 2007 CAFR for additional information on Pension Plan and Other Post Employment Benefits. The unfunded actuarial liabilities and funding ratios set forth in the Fiscal Year 2007 CAFR relating to the City's pension system and other post-employment benefits are based upon numerous demographic and economic assumptions, including the investment return rates, inflation rates, salary increase rates, cost of living adjustments, post-retirement mortality, active member mortality, rates of retirement, etc. The reader is cautioned to review, and carefully assess the reasonableness of the assumptions set forth in the documents that are cited as the sources for the information in such CAFRs. In addition, the reader is cautioned that such sources and the underlying assumptions speak as of their respective dates, and are subject to changes, any of which could cause a significant impact in the unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities and funding ratios.

# 11. Public Liability Insurance

The City maintains an excess liability insurance policy in collaboration with a statewide joint powers authority risk pool, the California State Association of Counties-Excess Insurance Authority (CSAC-EIA). Effective July 2003, the City's excess liability insurance coverage was obtained through the California Public Entity Insurance Authority (CPEIA), a subsidiary of the joint powers authority risk pool, for amounts up to \$50,000,000 per occurrence in excess of a \$2,000,000 self-insured retention. As of October 1, 2007, the City's self-insured retention increased to \$5,000,000.

The City is fully self-insured for workers' compensation and long-term disability (LTD). All operating funds of the City participate in both these programs and make payments to the Self Insurance Fund. Each fund contributes an amount equal to a specified rate multiplied by the gross salaries of the fund. These payments are treated as operating expenditures in the contributing funds and operating revenues in the Self Insurance Fund.

Public liability, workers' compensation, and long-term disability estimated liabilities as of June 30, 2007 are determined based on results of independent actuarial evaluations and include amounts for claims Incurred But Not Reported and the Loss Adjustment Expenses. Claims liabilities are calculated considering the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends including frequency and amount of payouts, and other economic and social factors. Estimated liabilities for public liability claims have been recorded in the Self Insurance Fund, Sewer Utility Fund, and Water Utility Fund.

# CITY OF SAN DIEGO LIABILITY CLAIMS<sup>(1)</sup> AND PREMIUMS Fiscal Years ended June 30, 2003 through 2007

	Liability Claims Expenses and	Liability Premium
Fiscal Year	Settlement Costs	Payments <b>Payments</b>
2003	\$11,292,000	\$1,477,094
2004	\$12,267,000	\$1,436,565
2005	\$24,508,000	\$1,699,039
2006	\$28,563,000	\$2,833,457
2007	\$31,832,000	\$5,725,972
$2008^{\scriptscriptstyle (2)}$		\$4,487,500

(1) The City's portion of settlement and investigation expenses for third party public liability claims, and other litigation expenses.

(2) The information called for by this table for the year ended June 30, 2008, will be provided upon release of the Fiscal Year 2008 audited financial statements.

Source: Information under tabular heading "Liability Claims Expenses and Settlement costs" – Fiscal Year 2003 -Fiscal Year 2007: Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports, Comptroller's Office, City of San Diego Information under tabular heading "Liability Premium Payments" - Risk Management Department, City of San Diego

## 12A. INVESTMENT OF FUNDS (As of June 30, 2007)

## **Pool Liquidity and Other Characteristics**

The City Pool (including both the "Liquidity" and the "Core" portfolios) is highly liquid. As of June 30, 2007, approximately 20% of the pool investments mature within 62 days, 22% within 92 days and 32% within 184 days, 51% within 1 year, 78% within 2 years, 94% within 3 years, and 100% within 5 years (on a cumulative basis). As of June 30, 2007, the Pool had a weighted average maturity of 1.27 years (462 days) and its weighted yield was 5.04%. For purposes of calculating weighted average maturity, the City Treasurer treats investments in the State-wide Local Agency Investment Fund (California State Pool) as maturing within one day. The Liquidity portfolio had a duration of 0.32 years and the Core portfolio had a duration of 1.67 years as of June 30, 2007. Duration is a measure of the price volatility of the portfolio and reflects an estimate of the projected increase or decrease in the value of the portfolio based upon a decrease or increase in interest rates. Accordingly, the Liquidity portfolio should decrease in market value by 0.32% for every 1% increase in market interest rates while the Core portfolio should decrease in market value by 1.67% for every 1% increase in market interest rates. The City Pool's composition is designed with a goal of having sufficient liquid funds available to meet disbursement requirements. The composition and value of investments under management in the City Pool will vary from time to time depending on cash flow needs of the City, maturity or sale of investments, purchase of new securities, and fluctuations in interest rates.

# CITY OF SAN DIEGO POOLED OPERATING INVESTMENT FUND<sup>(1)</sup> at June 30, 2007 (In Thousands)

Investment Instrument	Book Value	Market Value	Percent of $\underline{\text{Total}}^{(1)}$
U.S. Treasury Bills and Notes	\$462,954	\$460,993	25.46%
Federal Agency Securities	\$1,008,210	\$1,007,779	50.43%
Medium Term Notes (Corporate) <sup>(2)</sup>	\$155,682	\$155,350	8.56%
Money Market Instruments <sup>(3)</sup>	\$168,863	\$169,580	9.29%
Local Agency Investment Fund	<u>\$22,899</u>	<u>\$22,889</u>	1.26%
NET ASSETS	<u>\$1,818,608</u>	<u>\$1,816,591</u>	100.00%

(1) Based on book value.

(2) These notes consist of both fixed and floating interest rate securities. The notes with floating interest rates are reset at intervals ranging from one day to three months.

(3) These securities consist of commercial paper, negotiable certificates of deposit, term and overnight repurchase agreements, banker's acceptances, bank notes and/or thrift notes.

Source: Fiscal Year 2007 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, Comptroller's Office, City of San Diego

## 12B. INVESTMENT OF FUNDS (As of June 30, 2008)

## **Pool Liquidity and Other Characteristics**

The City Pool (including both the "Liquidity" and the "Core" portfolios) is highly liquid. As of June 30, 2008, approximately 12% of the pool investments mature within 62 days, 18% within 92 days and 32% within 184 days, 48% within 1 year, 85% within 2 years, 99% within 3 years, and 100% within 5 years (on a cumulative basis). As of June 30, 2008, the Pool had a weighted average maturity of 1.09 years (399 days) and its weighted yield was 3.23%. For purposes of calculating weighted average maturity, the City Treasurer treats investments in the State-wide Local Agency Investment Fund (California State Pool) as maturing within one day. The Liquidity portfolio had a duration of 0.29 years and the Core portfolio had a duration of 1.60 years as of June 30, 2008. Duration is a measure of the price volatility of the portfolio and reflects an estimate of the projected increase or decrease in the value of the portfolio based upon a decrease or increase in interest rates. Accordingly, the Liquidity portfolio should decrease in market value by 0.29% for every 1% increase in market interest rates while the Core portfolio should decrease in market value by 1.60% for every 1% increase in market interest rates. The City Pool's composition is designed with a goal of having sufficient liquid funds available to meet disbursement requirements. The composition and value of investments under management in the City Pool will vary from time to time depending on cash flow needs of the City, maturity or sale of investments, purchase of new securities, and fluctuations in interest rates.

# CITY OF SAN DIEGO POOLED OPERATING INVESTMENT FUND<sup>(1)</sup>

at June 30, 2008 (In Thousands)

(Unaudited)

Investment Instrument	Book Value	Market Value	Percent of $\underline{\text{Total}}^{(1)}$
U.S. Treasury Bills and Notes	\$761,968	\$769,094	37.45%
Federal Agency Securities <sup>(2)</sup>	\$925,697	\$929,344	45.50%
Medium Term Notes (Corporate) <sup>(3)</sup>	\$81,556	\$82,076	4.01%
Money Market Instruments <sup>(4)</sup>	\$241,148	\$241,826	11.86%
Local Agency Investment Fund	<u>\$24,041</u>	<u>\$24,041</u>	<u>1.18%</u>
NET ASSETS	\$2,034,410	\$2,046,381	100.00%

(1) Based on book value.

(2) Federal National Mortgage Association (Fannie Mae) represents 29.06% and Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (Freddie Mac) 35.33% of total Federal Agency Securities or 13.22% and 16.08% of the total pool.

(3) These notes consist of both fixed and floating interest rate securities. The notes with floating interest rates are reset at intervals ranging from one day to three months.

(4) These securities consist of commercial paper, negotiable certificates of deposit, CDARS certificate of deposit, term and overnight repurchase agreements, banker's acceptances, bank notes and/or thrift notes.

Source: Office of the City Treasurer, City of San Diego

## CITY OF SAN DIEGO GENERAL OBLIGATION AND GENERAL FUND LEASE OBLIGATIONS<sup>(1)</sup> As of June 30, 2007

(in thousands)

	,		
	General	General	Total
Fiscal Year	Obligation	Fund Lease	Principal and
Ending June 30	Bonds	<b>Obligations</b>	Interest Payable
2008	\$ 2,766	\$ 42,994	\$ 45,760
2009	2,767	42,957	45,724
2010	2,328	41,583	43,911
2011	2,319	38,740	41,059
2012	2,314	35,215	37,530
Thereafter	0	<u>595,603</u>	<u>595,603</u>
Subtotal	\$ 12,494	\$ 797,093	\$ 809,587
Less Interest Portion	(1,789)	(324,548)	(326, 337)
Total Principal Portion	\$ 10,705	\$ 472,545	\$ 483,250

The following provides a summary list of outstanding general obligation bonds and General Fund lease commitments as of June 30, 2007.

	005
1991 – Public Safety Communications \$ 9,9	
	<u>300</u>
Total Principal of General Obligation Bonds $$10$	<u>705</u>
General Fund Lease Commitments	
Certificates of Participation	
1996A – Balboa Park/Mission Bay Park Capital Improvements \$ 12	,675
1996B – Balboa Park/Mission Bay Park Capital Improvements Refunding 8	,825
2003 – Balboa Park/Mission Bay Park Capital Improvements Refunding 12	,270
Lease Revenue Bonds	000
1994 – City/MTDB Authority Refunding - Police CIP and Bayside Extension \$ 7,	880
1996 – San Diego Jack Murphy Stadium 59,	180
1998 – Convention Center Expansion Financing Authority 178,	430
2002 – Fire and Life Safety Facilities Project 23,	305
2003 – City/MTDB Authority for Old Town Trolley Extension Refunding 13,	420
2007 – Ballpark Project <u>156</u> ,	560
Total Principal of General Fund Lease Commitments   \$472.	<u>,545</u>

(1) Unaudited

Source: Debt Management Department, City of San Diego

<sup>(2)</sup> Secured by the two-thirds portion of the City's Environmental Growth Fund. In the event that moneys pledged by the City are not sufficient to make debt service payments, the City can levy on the next tax roll a property tax on behalf of the District to cover the amount of the shortfall

## CITY OF SAN DIEGO GENERAL OBLIGATION AND GENERAL FUND LEASE OBLIGATIONS<sup>(1)</sup> As of June 30, 2008

# (in thousands)

	,		
	General	General	Total
Fiscal Year	Obligation	Fund Lease	Principal and
Ending June 30	Bonds	<b>Obligations</b>	Interest Payable
2009	\$ 2,767	\$ 42,957	\$ 45,725
2010	2,328	41,583	43,911
2011	2,319	38,740	41,059
2012	2,314	35,215	37,530
2013	0	35,210	35,210
Thereafter	0	<u>560,392</u>	<u>560,392</u>
Subtotal	\$ 9,728	\$ 754,099	\$ 763,827
Less Interest Portion	<u>(1,148)</u>	(300,539)	<u>(301,687)</u>
Total Principal Portion	\$ 8,580	\$ 453,560	\$ 462,140

The following provides a summary list of outstanding general obligation bonds and General Fund lease commitments as of June 30, 2008.

General Obligation Bonds	Principal Outstanding <u>(in thousands)</u>
1991 – Public Safety Communications	\$ 8,170
1994 – Open Space Park Facility District Refunding <sup>(2)</sup>	$\frac{410}{0.0500}$
Total Principal of General Obligation Bonds	<u>\$ 8,580</u>
General Fund Lease Commitments	
Certificates of Participation	
1996A – Balboa Park/Mission Bay Park Capital Improvements	\$ 9,760
1996B – Balboa Park/Mission Bay Park Capital Improvements Refunding	8,445
2003 – Balboa Park/Mission Bay Park Capital Improvements Refunding	10,490
<u>Lease Revenue Bonds</u>	
1994 - City/MTDB Authority Refunding - Police CIP and Bayside Extension	\$ 5,390
1996 – San Diego Jack Murphy Stadium	57,775
1998 – Convention Center Expansion Financing Authority	173,355
2002 – Fire and Life Safety Facilities Project	22,805
2003 - City/MTDB Authority for Old Town Trolley Extension Refunding	12,775
2007 – Ballpark Project	152,765
Total Principal of General Fund Lease Commitments	\$453,560

(1) Unaudited

Source: Debt Management Department, City of San Diego

<sup>(2)</sup> Secured by the two-thirds portion of the City's Environmental Growth Fund. In the event that moneys pledged by the City are not sufficient to make debt service payments, the City can levy on the next tax roll a property tax on behalf of the District to cover the amount of the shortfall

# 14. Short-Term Borrowings

# CITY OF SAN DIEGO SHORT-TERM BORROWINGS For Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2000 through 2009

(in thousands)

Fiscal Year Ended	Principal
June 30	Amount <sup>(1)</sup>
2000	\$ 99,500
2001	\$ 77,000
2002	\$ 73,000
2003	\$ 93,200
2004	\$ 110,900
2005	\$ 114,000 <sup>(2)</sup>
2006	\$ 145,000 <sup>(2)</sup>
2007	\$ 142,000 <sup>(2)</sup>
2008	\$116,000 <sup>(2)</sup>
2009	\$135,000 <sup>(2)</sup>

(1) Par amounts issued pursuant to Charter Section 92

(2) Borrowed through a private placement

Source: Debt Management Department, City of San Diego

# **15.** Future Minimum Rental Payments

# CITY OF SAN DIEGO FUTURE MINIMUM RENTAL PAYMENTS GENERAL FUND OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS<sup>(1)</sup> (in thousands) As of June 30, 2007

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Rent Payable
2008	\$6,262
2009	6,315
2010	6,077
2011	5,790
2012	5,873
2013	5,772
2014	3,699
2015	28
2016	26
2017	26
Thereafter	182
Total	\$46,479

(1) Table describes commercial rent payable by the City of San Diego.

Source: Comptroller's Office and Real Estate Assets Department, City of San Diego

## 16. Statement of Direct and Overlapping Bonded Debt

# City of San Diego Direct and Overlapping Debt (Unaudited) June 30, 2007 (In Thousands)

Palomar Community College District       10         San Diego Community College District       22         Poway Unified School District School Facilities Improvement District No. 2002-1       11         San Diego Unified School District       11         San Diego Unified School District       11         San Diego School District       11         San Sigo School District       11         San Diego Special Assessment/Special Tax Bonds (3)       12         City of San Diego Special Assessment/Special Tax Bonds (3)       14         San Diego Open Space Park Facilities District No. 1(3)       10         Del Mar Unified School District Community Facilities District No. 99-1       11         North City West School District Community Facilities Districts       22         San Diego Open Space Park Facilities District Community Facilities Districts       23         San Dieguito Union High School District Community Facilities Districts       24         Suevetwater Union High School District Community Facilities Districts       24         Other Special District 1915 Act Bonds       25         TOTAL GROSS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT       25         Less: San Diego Open Space Park Facilities District No. 1 (100% self-supporting)       10         TOTAL NET DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT       33         DIRE	Debt )/07	% Applicable (1)	City's Share of Debt, 6/30/07
Palomar Community College District       14         San Diego Community College District       21         Poway Unified School District       11         San Diego Unified School District       11         Sweetwater Union High School District       11         Sweetwater Union High School District       11         Sweetwater Union High School and Community College Districts       6         Palomar Pomerado Hospital District       11         City of San Diego       12         City of San Diego Open Space Park Facilities District No. 1 (3)       14         Del Mar Unified School District Community Facilities Districts       22         San Diego Open Space Park Facilities District No. 1 (3)       14         Del Mar Unified School District Community Facilities Districts       22         San Diego County High School District Community Facilities Districts       24         Poway Unified School District Community Facilities Districts       24         San Diego Open Space Park Facilities District No. 1 (00% self-supporting)       17         TOTAL GROSS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT       14         Less: San Diego County General Fund Obligations       33         San Diego County Pension Obligations       13         San Diego County Pension Obligations       14         San Diego County Pe	59,115	8.900%	\$ 31,961
San Diego Community College District       21         Poway Unified School District School Facilities Improvement District No. 2002-1       1         San Diego Unified School District       1,41         Sweetwater Union High School District       1         San Yidro School District       1         San Ysidro School District       1         San Ysidro School District       1         San Diego Special Assessment/Special Tax Bonds (3)       1         Poway Unified School District Community Facilities District No. 1 (3)       1         Del Mar Unified School District Community Facilities District No. 99-1       1         North City West School District Community Facilities Districts       22         San Dieguito Union High School District Community Facilities Districts       22         San Dieguito Union High School District Community Facilities Districts       24         Other Special District 1915 Act Bonds       1         TOTAL GROSS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT       25         Less: San Diego County General Fund Obligations       33         San Diego County General Fund Obligations       33         San Diego County Pension Obligations       1,3         San Diego County General Fund Obligations       1,3         San Diego Superintendent of Schools Certificates of Participation       1,3	60,000	25.098%	40,157
Poway Ünified School District School Facilities Improvement District No. 2002-1 3an Diego Unified School District 3an Vsidro School District 3an Diego Coperate Park Facilities District No. 1(3) 2bel Mar Unified School District Community Facilities District No. 99-1 3an Diego Open Space Park Facilities District No. 99-1 3britter Community Facilities District 3an Diego Open Space Park Facilities District No. 99-1 3britter Community Facilities District 3an Diego Coperate Community Facilities District 3an Diego Unified School District Community Facilities Districts 3an Dieguito Union High School District Community Facilities Districts 3an Dieguito Union High School District Community Facilities Districts 3an Dieguito Union High School District Community Facilities Districts 3an Dieguito Union High School District Community Facilities Districts 3brotter Union High School OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT 3brotter DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT 3brotter Union High School District Centificates of Participation 3can Diego County General Fund Obligations 3can Diego School District Certificates of Participation 3can School District Certificates of Participation 3can School District Certificates of Participation 3can Vsido School District Certificates of Participation 3can Vsido School District Certificates of Participation 3can Vsido School District Certificates of Participation 3cohol District Certificates of Participation 3can	88,465	99.900%	288,177
San Diego Unified School District       1,44         Sweetwater Union High School District       1         San Ysidro School District       1         San Ysidro School District       1         City of San Diego       6         City of San Diego Open Space Park Facilities District No. 1 (3)       1         Del Mar Unified School District Community Facilities District No. 99-1       3         North City West School District Community Facilities District No. 99-1       3         North City West School District Community Facilities District No. 99-1       3         North City West School District Community Facilities District No. 99-1       3         San Diego Union High School District Community Facilities Districts       22         San Diego Space Park Facilities District S       3         Sueetwater Union High School District Community Facilities Districts       3         Other Space Open Space Park Facilities District No. 1 (100% self-supporting)       5         TOTAL GROSS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT       5         Less: San Diego County General Fund Obligations       33         San Diego County General Fund Obligations <td< td=""><td>78,681</td><td>68.233%</td><td>121,901</td></td<>	78,681	68.233%	121,901
Sweetwater Union High School District       1         San Ysidro School District       9         Other School, High School and Community College Districts       66         Palomar Pomerado Hospital District       67         City of San Diego       5         Opter School, High School and Community Facilities District No. 1 (3)       14         San Diego Open Space Park Facilities District No. 1 (3)       14         Del Mar Unified School District Community Facilities District No. 99-1       15         North City West School District Community Facilities Districts       22         San Dieguito Union High School District Community Facilities Districts       23         Sueetwater Union High School District Community Facilities Districts       24         Other Special District 1915 Act Bonds       25         TOTAL GROSS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT       25         Less: San Diego Open Space Park Facilities District No. 1 (100% self-supporting)       13         TOTAL NET DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT       28         Direct AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT:       33         San Diego County General Fund Obligations       33         San Diego Superintendent of Schools Certificates of Participation       34         Poway Unified School District Certificates of Participation       34         San Visid	26,600	99.904%	1,425,230
San Ysidro School District Other School, High School and Community College Districts Palomar Pomerado Hospital District City of San Diego Special Assessment/Special Tax Bonds (3) City of San Diego Open Space Park Facilities District No. 1 (3) Del Mar Unified School District Community Facilities District No. 99-1 North City West School District Community Facilities District No. 99-1 North City West School District Community Facilities Districts City of San Diego Open Space Park Facilities District No. 99-1 Community Facilities District No. 99-1 North City West School District Community Facilities Districts City of San Diego Open Space Park Facilities Districts City of San Diego Special Assessment/Special Assessment/Special District Community Facilities Districts City of San Diego Open Space Park Facilities Districts City of San Diego Open Space Park Facilities Districts City of San Diego Open Space Park Facilities Districts City of San Diego Open Space Park Facilities District No. 1 (100% self-supporting) TOTAL NET DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT Less: San Diego Open Space Park Facilities District No. 1 (100% self-supporting) TOTAL NET DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING Central Fund DeBT: San Diego County General Fund Obligations San Diego County General Fund Obligations San Diego Superintendent of Schools Certificates of Participation Palomar Community College District Certificates of Participation City of San Diego Superint Certificates of Participation City of San Diego Revenue Bonds, Leased Revenue Bonds, and Certificates of Participation City of San Diego Revenue Bonds, Leased Revenue Bonds, and Certificates of Participation City of San Diego Revenue Bonds, Leased Revenue Bonds, and Certificates of Participation City of San Diego Revenue Bonds, Leased Revenue Bonds, and Certificates of Participation City of San Diego NierCT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT Less: Otay Municipal Water District Certificates of Par	78,139	20.773%	37,005
Other School, High School and Community College Districts       66         Palomar Pomerado Hospital District       7         City of San Diego       7         City of San Diego Special Assessment/Special Tax Bonds (3)       1         San Diego Open Space Park Facilities District No. 1 (3)       1         Del Mar Unified School District Community Facilities District No. 99-1       1         North City West School District Community Facilities Districts       22         San Diego Union High School District Community Facilities Districts       24         San Diego Open Space Park Facilities Districts       24         San Diego Union High School District Community Facilities Districts       26         San Diego Open Space Park Facilities District S       26         Other Special District 1915 Act Bonds       27         TOTAL GROSS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT       28         Less: San Diego Open Space Park Facilities District No. 1 (100% self-supporting)       7         TOTAL NET DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT       13         DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT:       33         San Diego County General Fund Obligations       33         San Diego Superintendent of Schools Certificates of Participation       7         Palomar Community College District Certificates of Participation       7	56.994	90.694%	51,691
Palomar Pomerado Hospital District City of San Diego City of San Diego Special Assessment/Special Tax Bonds (3) San Diego Open Space Park Facilities District No. 1 (3) Del Mar Unified School District Community Facilities District No. 99-1 North City West School District Community Facilities District Poway Unified School District Community Facilities District Poway Unified School District Community Facilities Districts San Dieguito Union High School District Community Facilities Districts Sweetwater Union High School District Community Facilities Districts Other Special District 1915 Act Bonds TOTAL GROSS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT Less: San Diego Open Space Park Facilities District No. 1 (100% self-supporting) TOTAL NET DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT: San Diego County General Fund Obligations San Diego County General Fund Obligations San Diego Superintendent of Schools Certificates of Participation Palomar Community College District Certificates of Participation Poway Unified School District Certificates of Participation San Ysidro School District Certificates of Participation San Ysidro School District Certificates of Participation Chula Vista School District Certificates of Participation City of San Diego Revenue Bonds, Leased Revenue Bonds, and Certificates of Participation TOTAL GROSS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT Less: Otay Municipal Water District Certificates of Participation TOTAL GROSS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT Less: Otay Municipal Water District Certificates of Participation TOTAL GROSS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT Less: Otay Municipal Water District Certificates of Participation	68,913	Various	30,188
City of San Diego       14         San Diego Open Space Park Facilities District No. 1 (3)       14         Del Mar Unified School District Community Facilities District No. 99-1       14         North City West School District Community Facilities District       14         Poway Unified School District Community Facilities District       14         Poway Unified School District Community Facilities Districts       22         San Dieguito Union High School District Community Facilities Districts       23         Other Special District 195 Act Bonds       24         TOTAL GROSS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT       25         Less: San Diego Open Space Park Facilities District No. 1 (100% self-supporting)       TOTAL NET DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT         Less: San Diego County General Fund Obligations       33         San Diego County General Fund Obligations       33         San Diego Superintendent of Schools Certificates of Participation       73         Poway Unified School District Certificates of Participation       74         Poway Unified School District Certificates of Participation       73         San Diego Ruencula Fund Obligations       13         San Diego Superintendent of Schools Certificates of Participation       74         Poway Unified School District Certificates of Participation       75         Poway Unifi	73,815	30.851%	22,773
City of San Diego Special Assessment/Special Tax Bonds (3)       1-         San Diego Open Space Park Facilities District No. 1 (3)       1-         Del Mar Unified School District Community Facilities District No. 99-1       1-         North City West School District Community Facilities District       10         Poway Unified School District Community Facilities Districts       21         San Dieguito Union High School District Community Facilities Districts       21         Sweetwater Union High School District Community Facilities Districts       21         Other Special District 1915 Act Bonds       21         TOTAL GROSS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT       Less: San Diego Open Space Park Facilities District No. 1 (100% self-supporting)         TOTAL NET DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT       23         Direct AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT:       33         San Diego County General Fund Obligations       33         San Diego County Pension Obligations       1,3         San Diego County Pension Obligations       1,3         San Diego County College District Certificates of Participation       34         Palomar Community College District Certificates of Participation       34         San Diego County General Fund Obligations       10         Poway Unified School District Certificates of Participation       10         San Sid	9,905	100.000%	9,905
San Diego Open Space Park Facilities District No. 1 (3) Del Mar Unified School District Community Facilities District No. 99-1 North City West School District Community Facilities District Poway Unified School District Community Facilities Districts San Dieguito Union High School District Community Facilities Districts Sweetwater Union High School District Community Facilities Districts Other Special District 1915 Act Bonds TOTAL GROSS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT Less: San Diego Open Space Park Facilities District No. 1 (100% self-supporting) TOTAL NET DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT Less: San Diego Open Space Park Facilities District No. 1 (100% self-supporting) TOTAL NET DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT: San Diego County General Fund Obligations San Diego County General Fund Obligations San Diego County Pension Obligations San Diego Superintendent of Schools Certificates of Participation Palomar Community College District Certificates of Participation Sweetwater Union High School District Certificates of Participation Chula Vista School District Certificates of Participation Chula Vista School District Certificates of Participation Chula Vista School District Certificates of Participation City of San Diego Revenue Bonds, Leased Revenue Bonds, and Certificates of Participation (3) Otay Municipal Water District Certificates of Participation TOTAL GROSS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT Less: Otay Municipal Water District Certificates of Participation	45,625	100.000%	145,625
Del Mar Unified School District Community Facilities District No. 99-1       Image: Community Facilities District No. 99-1         North City West School District Community Facilities Districts       Image: Community Facilities District School District Community Facilities Districts         San Dieguito Union High School District Community Facilities Districts       Image: Community Facilities Districts         Sweetwater Union High School District Community Facilities Districts       Image: Community Facilities Districts         Other Special District 1915 Act Bonds       Image: Community Facilities District No. 1 (100% self-supporting)         TOTAL GROSS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT       Less: San Diego Open Space Park Facilities District No. 1 (100% self-supporting)         TOTAL NET DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT       DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT:         San Diego County General Fund Obligations       33         San Diego County General Fund Obligations       1,33         San Diego Superintendent of Schools Certificates of Participation       Image: Community College District Certificates of Participation         Palomar Community College District Certificates of Participation       Image: County Certificates of Participation         Poway Unified School District Certificates of Participation       Image: County Certificates of Participation         Chula Vista School District Certificates of Participation       Image: County Certificates of Participation         Chula Vista School	800	100.000%	800
North City West School District Community Facilities District       10         Poway Unified School District Community Facilities Districts       21         San Dieguito Union High School District Community Facilities Districts       21         Sweetwater Union High School District Community Facilities Districts       21         Other Special District 1915 Act Bonds       21         TOTAL GROSS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT       21         Less: San Diego Open Space Park Facilities District No. 1 (100% self-supporting)       TOTAL NET DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT         DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT:       33         San Diego County General Fund Obligations       33         San Diego Superintendent of Schools Certificates of Participation       33         Poway Unified School District Certificates of Participation       34         Poway Unified School District Certificates of Participation       35         San Viego School District Certificates of Participation       34         Poway Unified School District Certificates of Participation       35         San Sidro School District General Fund Obligations       31         Poway Unified School District Certificates of Participation       35         San Sidro School District Certificates of Participation       35         San Sidro School District Certificates of Participation       35	30,305	100.000%	30,305
Poway Unified School District Community Facilities Districts       22         San Dieguito Union High School District Community Facilities Districts       23         Sweetwater Union High School District Community Facilities Districts       24         Other Special District 1915 Act Bonds       25         TOTAL GROSS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT       25         Less: San Diego Open Space Park Facilities District No. 1 (100% self-supporting)       TOTAL NET DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT         DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT:       33         San Diego County General Fund Obligations       33         San Diego County General Fund Obligations       1,3         San Diego Superintendent of Schools Certificates of Participation       34         Palomar Community College District Certificates of Participation       35         Poway Unified School District Certificates of Participation       35         San School District Certificates of Participation       35         Poway Unified School District Certificates of Participation       36         San School District General Fund Obligations       36         San Vidro School District Certificates of Participation       36         Chula Vista School District Certificates of Participation       36         Chula Vista School District Certificates of Participation       36         C	00,543	100.000%	100,543
San Dieguito Union High School District Community Facilities Districts       Generative Special District 1915 Act Bonds         Other Special District 1915 Act Bonds       Generative Structure         TOTAL GROSS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT       Less: San Diego Open Space Park Facilities District No. 1 (100% self-supporting)         TOTAL NET DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT         DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT:         San Diego County General Fund Obligations         San Diego Superintendent of Schools Certificates of Participation         Palomar Community College District General Fund Obligations         Poway Unified School District Certificates of Participation         Sweetwater Union High School District Certificates of Participation         San Sidro School District Certificates of Participation         San Sidro School District Certificates of Participation         San Sidro School District Certificates of Participation         Chula Vista School District Certificates of Participation         City of San Diego Revenue Bonds, Leased Revenue Bonds, and Certificates of Participation (3)         City of San Diego Revenue Bonds, Leased Revenue Bonds, and Certificates of Participation (3)         Cotay Municipal Water District Certificates of Participation         City of San Diego Revenue Bonds, Leased Revenue Bonds, and Certificates of Participation (3)         City of San Diego Revenue Bonds, Leased Revenue Bonds, and Certificates of Participa	51,016	99.609-100.000%	250,772
Sweetwater Union High School District Community Facilities Districts       2         Other Special District 1915 Act Bonds       2         TOTAL GROSS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT       2         Less: San Diego Open Space Park Facilities District No. 1 (100% self-supporting)       TOTAL NET DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT         DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT:       3         San Diego County General Fund Obligations       3         San Diego County Pension Obligations       1,3         San Diego County College District General Fund Obligations       1,3         Sweetwater Union High School District Certificates of Participation       1         San Ysidro School District General Fund Obligations       1         San Ysidro School District Certificates of Participation       2         City of San Diego Revenue Bonds, Leased Revenue Bonds, and Certificates	65,623	39.731-81.063%	33,175
Other Special District 1915 Act Bonds       TOTAL GROSS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT         Less: San Diego Open Space Park Facilities District No. 1 (100% self-supporting)       TOTAL NET DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT         DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT:       San Diego County General Fund Obligations       33         San Diego County Pension Obligations       1,33         San Diego County Pension Obligations       1,34         Palomar Community College District General Fund Obligations       1,34         Palomar Community College District General Fund Obligations       1         Sweetwater Union High School District Certificates of Participation       1         Chula Vista School District Certificates of Participation       1         San Ysidro School District Certificates of Participation       1         City of San Diego Revenue Bonds, Leased Revenue Bonds, and Certificates of Participation (3)       52         Otay Municipal Water District Certificates of Participation       2         TOTAL GROSS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT       2         Less: Otay Municipal Water District Certificates of Participation       2	29,634	8.935-100.000%	22,936
TOTAL GROSS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT         Less: San Diego Open Space Park Facilities District No. 1 (100% self-supporting)         TOTAL NET DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT         DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT:         San Diego County General Fund Obligations       33         San Diego County Pension Obligations       1,34         San Diego Superintendent of Schools Certificates of Participation       7         Palomar Community College District General Fund Obligations       7         Poway Unified School District Certificates of Participation       7         San Ysidro School District Certificates of Participation       7         Chula Vista School District Certificates of Participation       7         City of San Diego Revenue Bonds, Leased Revenue Bonds, and Certificates of Participation       7         City of San Diego Revenue Bonds, Leased Revenue Bonds, and Certificates of Participation (3)       57         Otay Municipal Water District Certificates of Participation       7         TOTAL GROSS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT       7         Less: Otay Municipal Water District Certificates of Participation       7	19,310	Various	824
Less: San Diego Open Space Park Facilities District No. 1 (100% self-supporting)         TOTAL NET DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT         DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT:         San Diego County General Fund Obligations       33         San Diego County Pension Obligations       1,33         San Diego Superintendent of Schools Certificates of Participation       1,33         Palomar Community College District General Fund Obligations       1         Poway Unified School District Certificates of Participation       1         Sweetwater Union High School District Certificates of Participation       1         Shydron School District Certificates of Participation       1         San Sidro School District Certificates of Participation       1         Chula Vista School District Certificates of Participation       1         San Sidro School District Certificates of Participation       1         City of San Diego Revenue Bonds, Leased Revenue Bonds, and Certificates of Participation (3)       53         Otay Municipal Water District Certificates of Participation       54         TOTAL GROSS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT       1         Less: Otay Municipal Water District Certificates of Participation       2			2,643,967
TOTAL NET DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT         DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT:         San Diego County General Fund Obligations       33         San Diego County Pension Obligations       1,3         San Diego Superintendent of Schools Certificates of Participation       1,3         Palomar Community College District General Fund Obligations       1,3         Poway Unified School District Certificates of Participation       1         Sweetwater Union High School District Certificates of Participation       1         San Sidro School District General Fund Obligations       1         San Yidro School District Certificates of Participation       1         San Sidro School District General Fund Obligations       1         San Yidro School District Certificates of Participation       1         City of San Diego Revenue Bonds, Leased Revenue Bonds, and Certificates of Participation       2         Otay Municipal Water District Certificates of Participation       2         TOTAL GROSS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT       2         Less: Otay Municipal Water District Certificates of Participation       2			800
San Diego County General Fund Obligations       33         San Diego County Pension Obligations       1,3         San Diego County Pension Obligations       1,3         San Diego Superintendent of Schools Certificates of Participation       1,3         Palomar Community College District General Fund Obligations       1,3         Poway Unified School District Certificates of Participation       1         Sweetwater Union High School District Certificates of Participation       1         Chula Vista School District General Fund Obligations       1         San Ysidro School District Certificates of Participation       1         Chula Vista School District Certificates of Participation       1         Chula Vista School District Certificates of Participation       1         City of San Diego Revenue Bonds, Leased Revenue Bonds, and Certificates of Participation (3)       5         Otay Municipal Water District Certificates of Participation       2         TOTAL GROSS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT       1         Less: Otay Municipal Water District Certificates of Participation       2			2,643,167
San Diego County Pension Obligations       1,3         San Diego Superintendent of Schools Certificates of Participation       1         Palomar Community College District General Fund Obligations       1         Poway Unified School District Certificates of Participation       1         Sweetwater Union High School District Certificates of Participation       1         Chula Vista School District General Fund Obligations       1         San Ysidro School District General Fund Obligations       1         San Ysidro School District General Fund Obligations       1         Other School, High School and Community College District Certificates of Participation       1         Other School, High School and Community College District Certificates of Participation       2         Other School, High School and Community College District Certificates of Participation       2         Otay Municipal Water District Certificates of Participation       3         TOTAL GROSS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT       2         Less: Otay Municipal Water District Certificates of Participation       3			
San Diego SuperIntendent of Schools Certificates of Participation       Palomar Community College District General Fund Obligations         Poway Unified School District Certificates of Participation       Sweetwater Union High School District Certificates of Participation         Sweetwater Union High School District Certificates of Participation       Sweetwater Union High School District Certificates of Participation         Chula Vista School District Certificates of Participation       San Ysidro School District Certificates of Participation         Other School, High School and Community College District Certificates of Participation       School School District Certificates of Participation         City of San Diego Revenue Bonds, Leased Revenue Bonds, and Certificates of Participation (3)       School District Certificates of Participation         TOTAL GROSS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT       Less: Otay Municipal Water District Certificates of Participation	51,215	45.766%	160,737
Palomar Community College District General Fund Obligations         Poway Unified School District Certificates of Participation         Sweetwater Union High School District Certificates of Participation         Chula Vista School District General Fund Obligations         San Ysidro School District Certificates of Participation         Other School, High School and Community College District Certificates of Participation         City of San Diego Revenue Bonds, Leased Revenue Bonds, and Certificates of Participation (3)         Otay Municipal Water District Certificates of Participation         TOTAL GROSS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT         Less: Otay Municipal Water District Certificates of Participation	43,748	45.766%	614,980
Poway Unified School District Certificates of Participation       Sweetwater Union High School District Certificates of Participation         Sweetwater Union High School District Certificates of Participation       State School District General Fund Obligations         San Ysidro School District Certificates of Participation       State School District Certificates of Participation         Other School, High School and Community College District Certificates of Participation       State School Community College District Certificates of Participation         City of San Diego Revenue Bonds, Leased Revenue Bonds, and Certificates of Participation (3)       State District Certificates of Participation         TOTAL GROSS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT       Less: Otay Municipal Water District Certificates of Participation	18,043	45.766%	8,257
Sweetwater Union High School District Certificates of Participation       1         Chula Vista School District General Fund Obligations       1         San Vsidro School District Certificates of Participation       1         Other School, High School and Community College District Certificates of Participation       1         City of San Diego Revenue Bonds, Leased Revenue Bonds, and Certificates of Participation (3)       5         Otay Municipal Water District Certificates of Participation       1         TOTAL GROSS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT       Less: Otay Municipal Water District Certificates of Participation	8,065	25.098%	2,024
Chula Vista School District General Fund Obligations       11         San Ysidro School District Certificates of Participation       12         Other School, High School and Community College District Certificates of Participation       12         City of San Diego Revenue Bonds, Leased Revenue Bonds, and Certificates of Participation (3)       52         Otay Municipal Water District Certificates of Participation       12         TOTAL GROSS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT       Less: Otay Municipal Water District Certificates of Participation	19,300	72.679%	14,027
San Ysidro School District Certificates of Participation       2         Other School, High School and Community College District Certificates of Participation       2         City of San Diego Revenue Bonds, Leased Revenue Bonds, and Certificates of Participation (3)       55         Otay Municipal Water District Certificates of Participation       55         TOTAL GROSS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT       2         Less: Otay Municipal Water District Certificates of Participation       6	12,145	20.773%	2,523
Other School, High School and Community College District Certificates of Participation       4         City of San Diego Revenue Bonds, Leased Revenue Bonds, and Certificates of Participation (3)       55         Otay Municipal Water District Certificates of Participation       55         TOTAL GROSS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT       55         Less: Otay Municipal Water District Certificates of Participation       65	33,905	5.581%	7,473
City of San Diego Revenue Bonds, Leased Revenue Bonds, and Certificates of Participation (3)       52         Otay Municipal Water District Certificates of Participation       64         TOTAL GROSS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT       64         Less: Otay Municipal Water District Certificates of Participation       64	25,910	90.694%	23,499
Otay Municipal Water District Certificates of Participation TOTAL GROSS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT Less: Otay Municipal Water District Certificates of Participation	48,838	Various	3,027
TOTAL GROSS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT Less: Otay Municipal Water District Certificates of Participation	21,210	100.000%	521,210
Less: Otay Municipal Water District Certificates of Participation	66,135	5.980%	3,955
			1,361,712
TOTAL NET DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT			3,955
			1,357,757
GROSS COMBINED TOTAL DEBT (2)			4,005,679
NET COMBINED TOTAL DEBT			\$ 4,000,924

(1) Percentage of overlapping agency's assessed valuation located within boundaries of the city.

(2) Excludes tax and revenue anticipation notes, enterprise revenue, mortgage revenue and tax allocation bonds and non-bonded capital lease obligations.

(3) Amounts for total debt reconcile to Note 5.

Ratios to 2006-07 Assessed Valuation:	
Direct Debt (\$9,905)	0.01%
Total Gross Direct and Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt	2.53%
Total Net Direct and Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt	2.53%
Ratios to Adjusted Assessed Valuation:	
Gross Combined Direct Debt (\$531,915) (1)	0.37%
Net Combined Direct Debt (\$531,115)	0.37%
Gross Combined Total Debt	2.77%
Net Combined Total Debt	2.77%
(1) City of San Diego \$	9,905
City Authorities and Certificates of Participation	521,210
San Diego Open Space Park Facilities District No. 1	800
\$	531,915

#### STATE SCHOOL BUILDING AID REPAYABLE AS OF 6/30/07: \$0

Source: Fiscal Year 2007 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, Comptroller's Office, City of San Diego

# **17.** Other Material Information

Refer to note 18 of the Fiscal Year 2007 CAFR .

On April 7, 2008, the SEC filed securities fraud charges against five former City officials, including the former City Manager, former Auditor and Comptroller, former Assistant Auditor and Comptroller, former Deputy City Manager and former City Treasurer, for allegedly giving false and misleading statements regarding City bond offerings in 2002 and 2003. Investigations by the SEC into entities other than the City, including current and former City officials, may be ongoing. It is uncertain when any such investigations will be completed, and the City can provide no assurance as to whether any new investigations will be initiated.

# 18. CONVENTION CENTER EXPANSION FINANCING AUTHORITY (STATE: CALIFORNIA) Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 1998A (City of San Diego, California, as Lessee)

## SAN DIEGO CONVENTION CENTER

## **Bookings**<sup>(1)</sup>

During each of the five fiscal years ended June 30, 2008, the Convention Center hosted the following types of events, which were attended by the following estimated number of attendees:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30

<u>Fiscal Teal Ended Julie 30</u>						
<u>Type of Event</u>	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	
Conventions with Trade Shows	46	35	53	50	53	
Estimated Attendance	389,091	390,220	412,369	519,078	568,153	
Conventions Only	3	3	2	1	2	
Estimated Attendance	17,200	12,543	8,827	4,968	10,413	
Trade Shows only	3	4	5	5	5	
Estimated Attendance	39,413	38,388	41,566	44,783	50,222	
Incentive Meetings	16	13	11	11	7	
Estimated Attendance	50,291	52,999	49,119	48,260	19,371	
All Others <sup>(2)</sup>	165	169	210	153	167	
Estimated Attendance	399,363	365,908	438,829	366,617	348,067	
Total Events	233	224	281	220	234	
Total Estimated Attendance	895,358	860,058	950,710	983,706	996,226	

(1) The San Diego Convention Center operates in a competitive market; other municipalities could build competing facilities over time. The City is aware of discussions that have occurred between the City of Chula Vista and a developer to construct a facility to host conventions in the City of Chula Vista. The construction of a convention center by the City of Chula Vista may have a negative impact on future bookings at the San Diego Convention Center.

(2) Consumer shows, meetings and seminars, community events, local trade shows, and food and beverage events.

Source: San Diego Convention Center Corporation, unaudited

# Definite Bookings of Conventions and Trade Shows, Conventions Only, Trade Shows Only, and Incentive Meetings Fiscal Year Ending June 30

2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
74	60	53	41	36

Source: San Diego Convention Center Corporation, unaudited

#### **BUDGETING AND FUNDING**

# Convention Center Operating Deficit and Capital Expenditures for the Five Fiscal Years Ended June 30 (unaudited and in thousands)

	2004	2005	2006	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>
Total Revenues	\$24,426	\$24,309	\$29,134 <sup>(3)</sup>	\$33,874 <sup>(3)</sup>	$\frac{2008}{34,883^{(3)}}$
Operating Expenses <sup>(1)</sup>	(23,673)	(24,903)	(26,534)	(27,526)	(29,125)
Inter-Entity Transfer Expense <sup>(5)</sup>				(643)	
Depreciation Expense <sup>(2)</sup>			(2,272)	(2,292)	(2,164)
Capital Expenditures <sup>(1) (2)</sup>	$(2,858)^{(4)}$	$(2,334)^{(4)}$			
Total Expenses and					
Capital/Depr Expenditures	<u>(\$26,531)</u>	<u>(\$27,237)</u>	<u>(\$28,807)</u>	<u>(\$30,461)</u>	<u>(\$31,289)</u>
Net Excess/(Deficit)	(\$2,105)	(\$2,928)	\$327	\$3,413	\$3,594

(1) Operating Expenses and Capital Expenditures are reported in a manner that reflects the method by which these expenditure categories are reflected in the Corporation's Audited Financial Statements, which is different from the method used for the Official Statement and previously published Continuing Disclosure Annual Reports ("Reports"). Specifically, in addition to leasehold improvement capital expenditures (e.g., improvements that are attached to the building, such as the roof and walls), non-leasehold capital expenditures (e.g., equipment, computers, and furniture) are included in Capital Expenditures instead of in Operating Expenses as was the case for the Official Statement and the Reports, previous to the Annual Report ended June 30, 2002.

- (2) Accounting methodology for the San Diego Convention Center Corporation was adjusted for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006 with conversion from modified accrual to full accrual accounting. As a result, capital expenditures are not recognized while depreciation expense (from capital items) is recognized. For the years ended June 30, 2006, June 30, 2007 and June 30, 2008, funds used to pay for capital purchases and principal payments on debt associated with capital projects amounted to \$2,855,330, \$3,206,652, and \$2,532,101, respectively.
- (3) As a result of the change in accounting methodology described in footnote (2) and due to changes in funding from the City as defined in the Third Amended and Restated Management Agreement Between the City of San Diego and the San Diego Convention Center Corporation (effective for fiscal year 2006), funding received from the City is included in Total Revenues. For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2007 and June 30, 2008, funding from the City included in Total Revenues amounted to \$4,339,198 for each year.
- (4) Includes a Capital Expenditure item for a \$1,000,000 payment to the San Diego Unified Port District relating to the Sails Pavilion Enclosure Project loan. The payment ends in fiscal year 2011, at which time a final payment of \$500,000 will be made. Refer to footnote (2) for change in accounting methodology.
- (5) Includes transfer of restricted funds from the San Diego Convention Center Corporation to San Diego Theatres, Inc. (a subsidiary of the San Diego Convention Center Corporation) for use in restoration projects at the San Diego Civic Theatre.

Source: San Diego Convention Center Corporation, unaudited

The San Diego Convention Center Corporation (the "Corporation", the operating entity of the San Diego Convention Center), has been offering discounts from its posted rental rates to maintain or enhance bookings of its primary business (i.e., Conventions with Trade Shows, Conventions Only, Trade Shows Only, and Incentive Meetings), in order to stay competitive with other major convention facilities which, according to the staff of the Corporation, have also been obligated to offer discounts. For example, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, rental revenue received reflected an approximate \$2.5 million discount from the posted rates, and, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2009, it is expected that such discounts will continue.

At the end of Fiscal Year 2005 a restated Management Agreement was executed between the City and the Corporation that specified that funding from the City be used solely for marketing, promotion and/or capital projects for the Convention Center in an amount sufficient to ensure that the Corporation can perform its obligations under the Management Agreement.

# 19. PUBLIC FACILITIES FINANCING AUTHORITY OF THE CITY OF SAN DIEGO (STATE: CALIFORINA)

### **Taxable Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 1996A (San Diego Jack Murphy Stadium)**

As described in the Official Statement published in 1996, the City had entered into agreements with various major users of the Stadium facilities. Among these users was the Chargers Football Company, LLC ("the Chargers"). At that time, the Chargers utilized the Stadium pursuant to the 1995 Partial Use and Occupancy Agreement for San Diego Jack Murphy Stadium (subsequently re-named Qualcomm Stadium), as amended by the First Amendment to 1995 Partial Use and Occupancy Agreement for San Diego Jack Murphy Stadium dated as of December 10, 1996. Since that time, the agreement has been modified from time to time. Pursuant to the Ninth Supplement to the 1995 Agreement for the Partial Use and Occupancy of Qualcomm Stadium ("Ninth Supplement"), between the Chargers and the City, dated May 16, 2006, the Chargers may not relocate prior to the end of the 2008 Regular Football Season. The Ninth Supplement does allow the Chargers the right to terminate the agreement any time after the 2008 National Football League ("NFL") season by tendering a fee which is based on a sliding scale starting at \$56,275,000 after February 1, 2009 and falling to \$3,490,000 after February 1, 2020. Based on published media reports, the City understands that discussions may be occurring between the Chargers and other municipalities regarding relocation of the team.

The Official Statement also described Padres L.P. as a major user of the Stadium. Since the time the Official Statement was written, a new ballpark has been constructed in the East Village neighborhood of downtown San Diego, and Padres L.P. is no longer a major tenant of the Stadium.

# **City of San Diego** State of California

**Comprehensive Annual Financial Report** 



Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

This Page Left Intentionally Blank

CITY OF SAN DIEGO STATE OF CALIFORNIA

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

# FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007



Prepared Under the Supervision of Gregory Levin, CPA Comptroller

# Table of Contents

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

# INTRODUCTORY SECTION

Letter of Transmittal	9
Purpose, Background, and Scope of this Report	21
Profile of the City of San Diego	22
City of San Diego Current Officials	24
City of San Diego Organization Chart	25
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditor's Report	31
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Required Supplementary Information)	33
Basic Financial Statements	. 49
Government-Wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Assets	52
Statement of Activities	54
Governmental Funds Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet	. 56
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	. 58
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	59
Proprietary Funds Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Assets	. 60
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets	61
Statement of Cash Flows	. 62
Fiduciary Funds Financial Statements	
Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets	63
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets	64
Notes to the Financial Statements	
1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies	65

# Table of Contents

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

2. Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements	
3. Cash and Investments	
4. Capital Assets	103
5. Governmental Activities Long-Term Liabilities	106
6. Business-Type Activities Long-Term Liabilities	114
7. Discretely Presented Component Units Long-Term Liabilities	117
8. Short-Term Notes Payable	119
9. Joint Venture and Jointly Governed Organizations	119
10. Lease Commitments	121
11. Deferred Compensation Plan	123
12. Pension Plans	
13. Other Post Employment Benefits	136
14. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers	
15. Risk Management	139
16. Fund Balance/Net Assets (Deficit)	
17. Commitments	
18. Contingencies	
19. Third Party Debt	153
20. Closure and Post Closure Care Cost	
21. Operating Agreements	155
22. Subsequent Events	156
Required Supplementary Information	
Pension Trust Funds Analysis of Funding Progress	159
General Fund Budgetary Information	161
Note to Required Supplementary Information	165
Supplementary Information	
Supplementary Information - General Fund	

# Table of Contents

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

Non-Major Governmental Funds	191
Special Revenue	195
Debt Service	223
Capital Projects	235
Permanent	249
Non-Major Business-Type Funds - Enterprise	257
Internal Service Funds	267
Fiduciary Funds	277

# STATISTICAL SECTION

Table 1: Net Assets by Category	285
Table 2: Changes in Net Assets	286
Table 3: Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	288
Table 4: Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	290
Table 5: Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property	292
Table 6: Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates	294
Table 7: Principal Property Tax Payers	295
Table 8: Property Tax Levies and Collections	296
Table 9: Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type	298
Table 10: Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding	300
Table 11: Direct and Overlapping Debt	302
Table 12: Legal Debt Margin Schedule	304
Table 13-1: Pledged-Revenue Coverage - Water Bonds	306
Table 13-2: Pledged-Revenue Coverage - Sewer Bonds	308
Table 14: Demographic and Economic Statistics	309
Table 15: Principal Employers	310
Table 16: Full-time and Part-time City Employees by Function	311
Table 17: Operating Indicators by Function	312
Table 18: Capital Asset Statistics by Function	314

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

This Page Left Intentionally Blank - Back of Divider Page



# JERRY SANDERS

# October 17, 2008

# **Citizens and Interested Parties,**

The City of San Diego has faced significant financial challenges over the last several years and has made a determined effort to improve its overall financial condition, as well as the quality of its financial disclosures, including its financial statements, its internal controls and its disclosure controls and procedures. The City continues to operate under a cease and desist order ("Order") with the Securities and Exchange Commission as a result of the Commission finding in 2006 that the City had misstated or omitted material information in connection with five bond offerings in 2002 and 2003, and contemporaneous continuing disclosure filings and rating agency presentations, all related to the pension system and retiree health care. City financial disclosures have been improved through the work of the Disclosure Practices Working Group and improvements to the financial reporting processes employed by City financial management.

A few of the City's achievements since the Order include (1) the release within the last eighteen months of audited financial statements for fiscal years 2003-2007; (2) the implementation of an annual five-year financial outlook as a prudent planning tool; (3) the strengthening of the City's General Fund reserves; (4) increased funding of the City's pension system; (5) renegotiating a new pension plan for non-public safety employees hired on or after July 1, 2009; (6) participation in a California Public Employees' Retirement System (CALPERs) trust for pre-funding of post-retirement healthcare benefits for retired City employees and (7) rating upgrades from the national rating agencies, including, in the case of one agency, the reinstatement of the City's credit rating.

The City continues to work through the consequences of many years of financial mismanagement. The City's pension deficit, while significantly smaller than it was just three years ago, is still sizeable at approximately \$1.184 billion (as of June 30, 2007). This deficit is the product of a number of factors, including improvements in benefits to members without corresponding funding, and previously selling service credits at less than the cost to the pension system. In addition, the City has a postemployment healthcare actuarial accrued liability of approximately \$1.028 billion (as of June 30, 2007).

City management and the City's Independent Budget Analyst have identified structural budget deficits for the foreseeable future. These deficits, coupled with the deteriorating national economy, have affected the City's revenues, placing strain on the City's ability to fund all of its spending priorities. Areas of funding priorities include deferred maintenance, retiree healthcare costs, self insurance claims, and various state and federal regulatory requirements.

At the present time, the City is experiencing, as are other state and local governments across the country, extraordinary conditions in both the equity and debt markets and revised negative economic forecasts for the local, national and world economies. The City is responding to a possible prolonged economic downturn by revising downward its General Fund revenue projections that were utilized in developing the fiscal year 2009 budget. The City is reviewing preliminary first quarter data and is forecasting a General Fund budget deficit of approximately \$43 million for fiscal year 2009. This deficit is primarily the result of reduced revenues in the areas of sales tax, property tax, transient occupancy tax, franchise fees, and interest earnings, as well as higher expenditures in booking fees and property tax administrative fees paid to the County. It also reflects approximately \$8 million of projected expenditures in excess of the adopted budget. The \$43 million represents roughly 3% of the General Fund. Management intends to propose a revised fiscal year 2009 budget to City Council in November that will present reductions in discretionary spending to offset the expected decline in revenues and maintain a balanced budget in fiscal year 2009.

Unlike many municipal and state issuers, San Diego has no variable rate or auction rate debt outstanding. The City does not foresee the need to issue additional debt or revenue anticipation notes to meet any General Fund liquidity needs in fiscal year 2009. The City treasury holds approximately \$2 billion that is invested primarily in US Treasuries and agencies, and consistent with the City's investment policy, has sufficient liquidity to meet all currently foreseeable cash demands. The General Fund reserves are approximately \$75 million, which includes \$55 million set aside in an Emergency Reserve Fund that can be accessed by a majority vote of City Council.

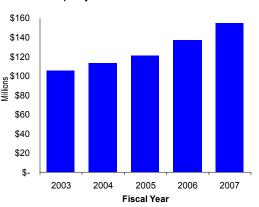
Readers of these financial statements should pay particular attention to Notes 12, 13, 18, and 22, concerning Pension Plans, Other Post Employment Benefits, Contingencies, and Subsequent Events, respectively. These notes address certain issues underlying the City's ongoing financial difficulties, including the under funding of the City's pension system and the November 2006 settlement with the Securities and Exchange Commission for violations of federal securities laws that stemmed from inadequate disclosures of pension liabilities, as well as various investigative reports regarding those matters. The notes, along with the other financial and operational data included in the City's CAFR, must be read in their entirety to obtain a complete understanding of the City's financial position as of June 30, 2007.

#### **Our Underlying Fundamentals**

The City has a diversified economy, with the principal employers being government, hightech industries, particularly biotech and telecommunications, and the tourism industry. The City's economic base is also anchored by higher education and major scientific research institutions, including the University of California, San Diego, San Diego State University, Scripps Research Institute, the Salk Institute for Biological Studies, and the San Diego Computer Center.

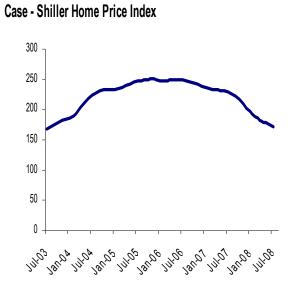
The hospitality industry remains strong and the City projects continued growth in hotel taxes ("Transient Occupancy Tax" or "TOT"). The City's TOT is currently 10.5% and is allocated according to the Municipal Code. As such, the General Fund receives 52% of these revenues to be used for general governmental purposes, and the TOT fund receives the remaining 48% for the purpose of promoting the City as a tourism destination. The General Fund portion of TOT represents approximately 8% of General Fund revenue. In 2007, a total of 31.6 million visitors spent approximately \$7.9 billion in San





Diego, resulting in a 10.7% increase in transient occupancy tax revenue over calendar year 2006. The fiscal year 2009 TOT budget is \$173 million, which represents an approximate 6% growth rate over the fiscal year 2008 budget of \$162.6 million.

The median home price in San Diego increased by 125% from calendar years 2000 to 2005, which also increased City property tax revenues. However, the San Diego market has been one of the hardest hit during the recent national decline in home prices. The Case-Shiller Home Price Index for July 2008 shows the County of San Diego (County) median home price is down 31.2% from its peak in November 2005. There have been 9,275 foreclosures so far in the first half of calendar 2008 (through June). Annualized, this would be approximately double the 8.417 foreclosures in the County during calendar 2007, which was a significant increase when compared to 2,065 foreclosures in 2006 and 559 in 2005. The total number of housing units through June 2008 is 1,140,349; which means foreclosures represent



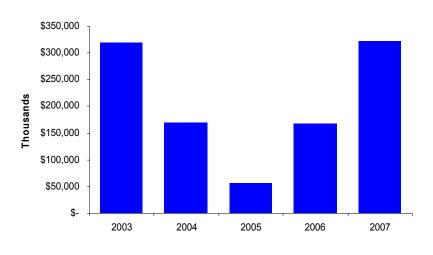
approximately .81% of the total units. In 2007, the total number of housing units was 1,131,749, representing a .74% foreclosure rate. The impact of the deteriorating housing market is widespread, affecting the construction sector, consumer spending on retail goods and automobiles, home improvement purchases and furnishings. The City has reduced property tax growth projections from 6% to 5.75% in the fiscal year 2009 Annual Budget to account for these economic conditions, resulting in a budget of \$411.1 million. Similarly, the City's projected growth in sales tax revenue has been reduced from 1.25% to .75%, which is projected to be \$222.1 million.

As of August 2008, the unemployment rate for the City was 6.4%, and was 6.4%, 7.6% and 6.1% for the County, State of California (State), and nation, respectively. For the period from 2003 to 2007, the City and County have experienced an unemployment rate less than or equal to the national average. For example, for calendar year ended December 31, 2007, the unemployment rates for the City, County and nation were all 4.6%. However, a large decrease in County and City school jobs, approximately 8,000, has caused an increase locally, as compared to the nation.

## **Our Financial Health**

The City's total government-wide revenues, which are generated through a combination of governmental and business-type activities, have increased over the past five years by approximately 28%. This increase was primarily driven by the consistent growth of general revenues such as property taxes and transient occupancy taxes. Over the last five years, the City's expenditures have grown approximately 18%. These expenditures were for providing public services, as well as addressing the significant fiscal challenges of the City, including funding of the City's pension system, post-employment healthcare benefits, and deferred maintenance.

City of San Diego Government-Wide Unrestricted Net Assets



Government-wide revenues have consistently exceeded expenditures over the past five years and this has had a positive impact on the City's Total Net Assets, which have increased by approximately \$676 million since fiscal year 2003. Total Net Assets (assets minus liabilities) are presented in three separate components: (1) Net Assets Invested in Capital Assets, net of Related Debt, (2) Restricted Net Assets, and (3) Unrestricted Net Assets. The increase has been almost

entirely in the Invested in Capital Assets category; however, because the City has not been able to access the public bond markets, a large part of our capital improvements have been funded from cash. This has resulted in a deficit in our Governmental Activities' Unrestricted Net Assets. The City has been able to improve the Governmental Activities' Unrestricted Net Asset balances in fiscal year 2007, primarily due to expenditure savings in the General Fund and increased property tax revenues.

Public safety is a primary government responsibility and the provision of public safety services is the largest component of governmental expenses. During 2007, approximately 37% of total governmental activities expenses were for Public Safety. Spending on the remaining functions is as follows: General Government and Support expenses were 17%; Transportation expenses were 17%; Parks, Recreation, Culture and Leisure were 15%; Neighborhood Services expenses were 6%; Debt Service Interest expense was 5%; and lastly, Sanitation and Health expenses represented 3% of total governmental activities expenses in fiscal year 2007.

The City's unfunded pension liability remains a significant obligation of the City. This liability resulted from the under funding of the pension system, diversion of pension fund investment earnings to pay for contingent benefits and retiree healthcare, and poor investment returns, particularly between 2000 and 2003. At its highest level, the unfunded pension liability was projected at \$1.453 billion in fiscal year 2005. The City has aggressively confronted this deficit, fully funding the City's annual required contribution ("ARC") beginning in fiscal year 2006, as well as making significant additional payments in excess of the ARC into the pension fund. The June 30,

Pension Funding Progress (Thousands)

Actuarial Valuation Date	UAAL	Funded Ratio
6/30/2005	\$ 1,452,937	67.30%
6/30/2006	1,000,768	79.90%
6/30/2007	1,184,242	78.80%

2007 valuation estimated the unfunded pension liability to be approximately \$1.184 billion and the City's net pension obligation has been reduced to \$195 million from a high of \$290 million (fiscal year 2005) on a government-wide basis.

Presently, the global financial markets have experienced significant declines. The effects of the market declines have been wide ranging and impact even the most diversified investment portfolios. The San Diego City Employee Retirement System (SDCERS) investment portfolio is no exception. Upon request of the City, SDCERS has recently reported that as of September 30, 2008 the portfolio had an estimated approximate asset value of \$4.32 billion (unaudited). SDCERS has not yet completed its routine quarterly reporting process and this report did not include the most recent data on real estate valuations which are delayed by one fiscal quarter. Additionally, SDCERS indicates that plan sponsor contributions and benefit payments result in significant cash flows into and out of the fund. SDCERS indicates that making comparison to June 30, 2007 or June 30, 2008 asset valuations may not accurately reflect the performance of the portfolio. However, for the benefit of the reader, SDCERS reported an actuarial valuation of assets of \$4.41 billion for fiscal year ended June 30, 2007. SDCERS Financial Statements for Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2008 have not been completed yet; however, the June 30, 2008 unaudited investment report reported a total portfolio asset valuation of approximately \$4.69 billion.

SDCERS employs a long-term investment strategy. The City's Annual Required Contribution is determined using an asset smoothing technique that spreads the effects of market trends over a period of 4 years. As of the issuance of this report, the extent of the impact of the current market downturn on the City's Annual Required Contribution for fiscal year 2010 and 2011 is unknown.

The City has ceased past practices that resulted in the current pension deficit, and SDCERS is in the process of incorporating more conservative actuarial assumptions and methodology changes into the pension plan. Governance of the pension system has been overhauled and the system has settled all outstanding issues with the Internal Revenue Services regarding retirement system practices that did not comply with the Internal Revenue Code.

In fiscal year 2008, Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 45 ("GASB 45"), went into effect requiring all municipal governments to report on Other Post Employment

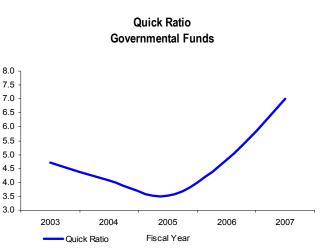
#### **Retiree Healthcare Liabilities (Thousands)**

Valuation fiscal year ended 6/30/2007	Full Funding Method (7.75% Earnings Assumption)		UAAL Partial Funding (blended 6.69% rate)		
Actuarial Accrued Liability Annual Required	\$	819,900	<b>\$</b> 1	1,027,918	
Contribution	\$	87,597	\$	104,475	

Benefits (retiree healthcare costs) in a manner similar to reporting on pension benefits. The City's actuarial valuation for retiree healthcare costs estimated an unfunded actuarial accrued liability of \$1.03 billion as of June 30, 2007, which is the basis for the fiscal year 2009 budget. The City is participating in a trust administered by CalPERS to begin advance-funding this liability and, to date, has contributed \$54 million to the CalPERS trust. The City is not currently fully funding the ARC for retiree healthcare, which is estimated to be \$104 million for fiscal year 2009, the amount budgeted in fiscal year 2009 is \$50 million.

#### Governmental Funds (Tax Supported Operations)

The City established a Reserve Policy in November 2007 to improve the condition of the City's cash reserves. Due to higher than expected revenue and curbed expenditures, the City's liquidity position has improved since 2003. The City's liquid assets (cash + investments + receivables), relative to its current liabilities (governmental quick ratio) have improved from a ratio of 4.81 in 2006 to 7.00 at the end of fiscal year 2007.



The City's General Fund finished fiscal year 2007 with unrestricted cash and investments of approximately \$97 million. In fiscal year 2008, the City established an emergency reserve fund and set aside \$55 million from the General Fund to protect the City against natural disasters or unforeseen events. The General Fund Reserve Policy set a funding goal of 6% of General Fund revenue by the end of fiscal year 2008. Unaudited financials for June 30, 2008 report a General Fund reserve of 6.6% of General Fund revenue, resulting in a total reserve balance of \$72.5 million. This amount is comprised of \$55 million in the emergency reserve, and \$17.5 million in unrestricted General Fund reserves. The emergency reserve can only be accessed for qualifying emergencies as declared by the Mayor and/or City Council and ultimately approved by at least a 2/3 vote of the City Council. The reserves are currently cash funded within the City Treasury's pooled cash portfolio. The goal is to establish General Fund reserves at 8% of revenues by fiscal year 2012.

Strong revenue growth and constrained spending have resulted in an increasing fund balance over the last five years. However, deteriorating regional economic conditions, a continued commitment to addressing structural budget deficit reform, and revenue shortfalls for fiscal year 2008 resulted in an estimated reduction of our General Fund Unreserved, Undesignated Fund Balance of approximately \$20 million (not including the \$55 million transfer to the emergency reserve fund) for the fiscal year 2008 was partially related to expenses incurred as a result of recent natural disasters, including landslides and wildfires. Considered in total, the unaudited financial statements for fiscal year 2008 report a reduction in General Fund equity of approximately \$63 million, which is primarily the result of the \$55 million transfer to the emergency reserve fund balance for function.

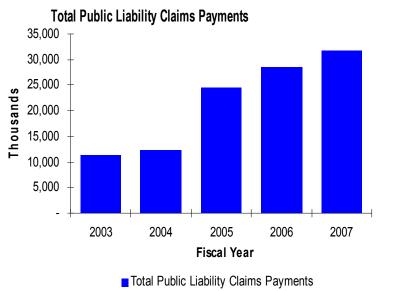
The Fiscal Year 2009 Budget reflects a reduction of personnel expense growth by eliminating budgeted positions and reducing program expenditures. We intend to address the City's budgetary pressures by reducing spending on current services, while mitigating service level reductions when possible. However, the slowing growth of the local economy will test our ability to continue balancing the budget and may require tough decisions. Certain service level reductions may be unavoidable absent increased revenues or significant efficiency gains.

During fiscal year 2007, total liabilities of the City's governmental activities increased by \$112 million. This is largely the result of the decision to extend, beyond the end of the fiscal year, the holding of assets and the associated liability for repayment of Tax Revenue Anticipation Notes. Overall, our annual interest costs for governmental activities were approximately \$85 million in fiscal year 2007, which represents approximately 5% of our total governmental activities revenue (including transfers).

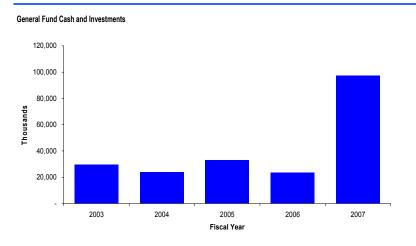
The City's capital assets are essential to providing services to our residents and maintaining the quality of our environment. In recent years, the primary source of capital asset increases has been developer contributions, rather than City funded capital improvements. During 2007, our governmental activities infrastructure balances declined by approximately \$41 million. The decline resulted primarily from a write down of \$40 million in capital asset balances due to internal control weaknesses in operating departments. Specifically, the write down is associated with the administration of the City's Facilities Benefit Assessment Credit program, which is an unusual method of financing infrastructure. The program allows for the City's share of the cost of capital assets jointly financed by the City and private developers to be funded by offering credits to developers for future permit fees. This write down did not result in a restatement of the fiscal year 2006 capital asset balances as it is not material when compared to the total governmental assets of approximately \$5.8 billion in fiscal year 2006.

The City's deferred maintenance backlog is estimated to be approximately \$800 to \$900 million, according to the most recent Five Year Financial Outlook. This includes the cost of repairs of City streets, sidewalks, and facilities that have been deferred because the City does not have necessary funding resources. An assessment of facilities maintenance needs is still ongoing and the results may increase this estimate. That assessment is scheduled to be completed by December 2008.

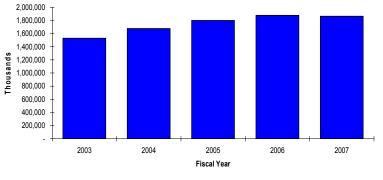
The City's Public Liability Fund has a deficit of approximately \$30 million as of June 30, 2007. This fund has seen significantly higher claims since fiscal year 2005, largely as a result of the legal claims and investigations stemming from the pension fund underpayment and related financial disclosure issues. The Workers' Compensation Fund has a deficit of \$138 million as of June 30, 2007. This is primarily the result of increased healthcare costs. Per the City Reserve Policy, the City intends to establish dedicated cash reserves in both funds equal to 50% of the outstanding claims in each fund. This is expected to be achieved by no later than fiscal year 2014.



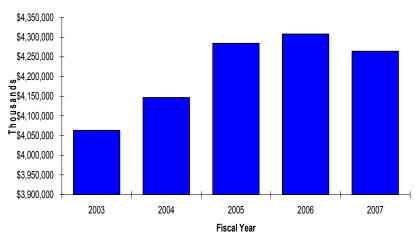
### **Governmental Activities Key Indicators**



#### Total Governmental Activities Long-Term Liabilities



Total Governmental Activities Long-Term Liabilities



# Governmental Activities Capital Assets

## General Fund Cash

Realized expenditure savings and higher than anticipated revenues improved the City's liquidity position.

## Long-term Liabilities

Paying down the outstanding principal on existing debt, and constraints on the City's ability to issue new debt is the reason for a reduction of long-term liabilities in Fiscal Year 2007.

#### **Capital Assets**

Without proceeds from bond financings, our capital expenditures have been primarily funded by operating budgets and developer contributions. This reduced funding for capital projects has caused depreciation to exceed depreciable asset additions. This has caused a decline in capital asset balances in Fiscal Year 2007.

Governmental Activities Capital Assets

## **Business-Type Activities**

The majority of the City's business-type activities are related to utilities that provide water and wastewater services to City residents. Both the Water and Sewer Utility Departments serve several regional agencies outside of the City's boundaries.

The operations of both utilities are supported by fees charged to customers. On May 18, 2007, the San Diego County Superior Court approved the settlement of a class action lawsuit affecting sewer rates for the City. The lawsuit alleged that the City had overcharged single family residential customers, while undercharging other customers, for sewer service up until rates were revised in October 2004. A new rate structure was put into place in November 2007 to satisfy the terms of the settlement, with rate reversals and credits to eligible residential customers to correct past overcharges. Once the settlement amount has been raised and distributed (on or about October 30, 2011); the rate reversals and monthly credits will cease. Additionally, the Independent Rate Oversight Committee was created to monitor utility rates and expenditures.

The City's utilities have been unable to access public financial markets because of the City's suspended bond rating. To compensate, the City has completed several private financing transactions for both the Water and Sewer Utilities. This has resulted in an increase to our Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt component of Net Assets. We intend to return to the public market in the near future in an effort to meet our infrastructure demands.

For the year ended June 30, 2007, the City's business-type activities closed with restricted and unrestricted cash and investment balances totaling \$719 million. The City's fiscal year 2007 ratio of liquid assets to current liabilities for business-type activities is 3.61, an improvement over the fiscal year 2006 ratio of 2.76.

The City's liabilities for business-type activities have increased by \$96 million since fiscal year 2006. This increase is related to the issuance of notes payable, offset partially by a decrease in outstanding revenue bonds. On June 30, 2007 the City's business-type activities reported total liabilities of \$2.072 billion. While the City's capital assets for business-type activities have continued to increase in value, deferred maintenance remains a challenge, as does compliance with environmental regulations.

Engineering standards have changed over time and part of the City's water distribution system consists of outdated cast iron pipes. Aging water pipes can lead to infrastructure failures, and the City has addressed this challenge by replacing water pipes funded through a variety of methods including private placement debt, and loans from state and federal agencies. Future infrastructure projects are expected to be funded by a combination of financing and cash.

Compliance with environmental regulations generally requires infrastructure construction, including the replacement of water distribution systems, the construction of new wastewater collection systems, and improving sewage treatment capacity. The City has agreed to significant infrastructure upgrades and continues to work with regulatory authorities. This includes a December 2007 waiver application to the Environmental Protection Agency to renew a modified permit for the Point Loma Wastewater Treatment Plant.

The City is also facing challenges to the future of its water supplies. A persistent regional drought and judicial decisions regarding management of the State Water Project has put significant pressure on San Diego's regional water supplies. The City of San Diego imports as much as 90% of its water supply. That supply may be reduced in the near future as the

impact of court decisions, the diminishing availability of stored water, and dwindling supplies of new water are addressed by the City's water wholesalers.

The availability of water has legal implications and could potentially affect City Council findings regarding state mandated water supply assessments for future development. These assessments must demonstrate the long-term availability of water for large projects before those projects can be approved by local jurisdictions. At this time, it is unclear what effect limitations to water supplies would have on the City's economy and its revenues.

In an effort to address concerns regarding the City's water supplies, the City has taken a leadership position in advocating water conservation, general water awareness, and efforts to develop a bond measure necessary to fund improvements to the State's water infrastructure. To that extent, the Mayor declared a local water emergency and implemented a Stage 1 Water Watch for the City. The Water Watch is the first formal step under the City's Municipal Code and may lead to increasingly stringent controls on water use in San Diego. Also, at the direction of the City Council, the City is exploring water recycling systems that may reduce the City's reliance on imported water.

#### Focus on Governance

In November 2006, the City entered a cease and desist order with the SEC, settling all claims by that agency against the City. Since then, the City has released audited financial statements for fiscal years 2003-2007 and implemented a number of reforms regarding disclosure and internal controls and governance with the intent of establishing best practices in these areas.

Internal controls requiring improvement were identified in early reports from the City and in management letters received from its independent auditors. Additionally, various consultants hired to investigate the City's financial reporting and sewer rate setting practices recommended actions to ensure greater accuracy in financial reporting. As of June 1, 2008, the City has implemented approximately 82% of the recommendations contained in various investigative reports and we have established a plan to address the remainder. This includes the acquisition of an enterprise resource planning (ERP) system to improve the way the City manages finances and the processes and internal controls involved in the City's accounting, financial reporting and human resources functions.

In 2005, the City changed its structure to a Strong-Mayor form of government. Under this structure, the Mayor has executive and administrative responsibility for the City's day to day operations, and the City Council, as the legislative body of the City, sets policy including approving the City's budget. The transition also created the position of Independent Budget Analyst whose role is to provide budget oversight to the City Council on legislative initiatives that have policy and financial impacts.

The City also changed its financial management structure to enhance accountability. The position of Chief Financial Officer was created and placed in charge of all City financial operations. By voter referendum, the City Charter was amended to split the Office of the Auditor and Comptroller, effective July 2008. The City Comptroller now reports to the Chief Financial Officer and a newly-created position of City Auditor reports to a new, independent Audit Committee composed of two City Council members and three outside members with expertise in audit and accounting practices. The City Comptroller is responsible for financial reporting, and the City Auditor oversees the City's internal audit function with the oversight and direction of the new Audit Committee.

## A Financial Vision for the Future

On January 11, 2008, the City released an updated Five-Year Financial Outlook for fiscal years 2009 through 2013. This document is an examination of the City's long range fiscal condition and financial challenges. The City intends to update the Five-Year Outlook periodically to account for changed circumstances. In addition to other issues, the financial outlook concentrates on eight significant areas that must be addressed in order to restore and preserve the fiscal integrity and/or meet the legal obligations of the City. These eight significant areas are discussed below.

General Fund -Funding for Eight Areas of Focus								
	(Thousands)							
	2009*	2010	2011	2012	2013			
Pension Plan: Annual Required Contribution 1	\$ 161,700	\$ 172,000	\$ 179,300	\$ 186,900	\$ 187,300			
Reserve Contributions	3,700	8,600	9,300	9,900	3,900			
Deferred Maintenance	31,600	53,000	67,100	75,400	69,900			
Post Employment Retiree Health	50,000	75,000	75,000	75,000	75,000			
Storm Water Compliance	27,500	36,600	36,600	36,600	36,600			
ADA Compliance	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000			
Workers' Compensation Fund	4,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000			
Public Liability Fund	10,000	5,000	10,000	10,000	10,000			
Totals	\$ 298,500	\$ 370,200	\$ 397,300	\$ 413,800	\$ 402,700			

1 The Annual Required Contribution assumes a 20 year time horizon to eliminate the unfunded pension liability with no negative amortization \* FY 2009 reflects FY 2009 Annual Budget; FY 2010-2013 reflect the Five Year Financial Outlook projections.

#### **Pension Plan**

In 2005, the City only funded 68% of its annual required contribution (ARC). Commencing in fiscal year 2006, the City has funded 100% of the ARC and our financial forecast assumes the full funding of the ARC into the future. For fiscal year 2009, our Annual Required Contribution is \$161.7 million. We currently anticipate an annual growth rate of 4.25% in our pension costs over the next five years. Current projections indicate that in fiscal year 2013 our annual required contribution will be approximately \$187 million. The City is also currently evaluating financing options as a means to fund our pension liability.

#### General Fund Reserves

The establishment of reserves is essential to minimize service level impacts as a result of emergencies and changes in the local economy. It is the City's goal to achieve a General Fund reserve of 8% of budgeted General Fund revenues by fiscal year 2012.

#### **Deferred Maintenance Backlog**

As previously discussed, the City's deferred maintenance/capital needs are approximately \$800 to \$900 million excluding those related to the City's Water and Sewer Utilities. Since that estimate was produced, the State passed a bond initiative to fund street and road improvements, which has aided the City's efforts to improve infrastructure. However, our goal is to supplement this funding by contributing \$297 million in funding for deferred maintenance over the five year period ending in fiscal year 2013 through a combination of financing and cash funding.

#### Post Employment Retiree Health

In 2008, the City contracted with the CalPERS Employer Trust Fund to pre-fund the retiree health liability and has contributed approximately \$54 million, to date, toward advance funding of the benefits. In addition, the City covered the annual (cash basis) cost out of the City's treasury. The City's unfunded actuarial accrued liability for retiree health is estimated

to be \$1.03 billion in fiscal year 2009. The City's intent is to pay approximately 50% of the ARC over the next 5 years and to fully fund the ARC thereafter. The June 30, 2007 valuation estimates the ARC to be \$104 million for fiscal year ending June 30, 2009.

#### **Obligations Related to Storm Water Runoff Permits**

Efforts to comply with storm water runoff regulations, including public education, maintenance, and monitoring, has had a significant impact on the City's budget. In fiscal year 2008, \$18 million was budgeted. The 2009-2013 Outlook includes \$27.5 million for fiscal year 2009 and \$36.6 million annually for fiscal years 2010-2013 for street sweeping, public education, and monitoring requirements.

### Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) Obligations

The Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) requires public agencies and private companies to make facilities and infrastructure accessible. In fiscal year 2008, a total of \$2.3 million in Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) funds were allocated for ADA improvements and the total citywide allocation for ADA-related purposes was \$12.3 million. The Five-Year Financial Outlook includes \$10 million dollars in ADA improvements annually.

#### Workers' Compensation Fund

The City had approximately \$161 million in outstanding workers' compensation claims, and \$24 million in cash reserves at June 30, 2007. The City's Reserve Policy targets a reserve that is 50% of the value of outstanding claims by fiscal year 2014. While the fiscal year 2008 Annual Budget included \$26.1 million to cover the regular projected annual cash payments, we have allocated an additional \$4 million in the fiscal year 2009 budget. In order to build reserves, we plan on contributing \$10 million for each year thereafter, in addition to the expected annual cash payments.

#### Public Liability Fund

The City has approximately \$38 million in outstanding public liability claims and \$9 million in reserves. Similar to the Workers' Compensation Fund reserve, the City's new Reserve Policy targets a reserve equivalent to 50% of the value of outstanding claims by fiscal year 2014. \$10 million has been allocated to this reserve in fiscal year 2009 and an additional \$5 million will be allocated in 2010. Beginning in fiscal year 2011, our plan is to increase annual allocations to \$10 million per year. All amounts referenced are in addition to the annual budgeted amount to cover the projected annual claims.

## Future Challenges

These are difficult economic times, and we have set challenging goals for the City's future. We believe these goals are achievable with continued fiscal discipline and greater government efficiency. San Diego has relatively low taxes and fees compared to most other large municipalities in the United States. The necessity of correcting past decisions and creating a more fiscally sound city may require tradeoffs. We expect the cumulative annual cost of our future goals to be \$210 million by fiscal year 2010 and rise to \$227 million by fiscal year 2013. When balanced against our expectations of future revenues and expenses, the Outlook currently projects annual budget deficits that range from \$50 million to \$85 million over the next five years, and accordingly, the Mayor and City Council will need to work together to balance the budget of each year.

## Purpose, Background, and Scope of this Report

San Diego City Charter § 111 requires the City to submit an annual report, including a Statement of Net Assets, and requires that all accounts of the City be audited by an independent auditor. Pursuant to this requirement, the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report ("CAFR") of the City of San Diego ("City") for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, is hereby submitted. The audit firm of Macias Gini & O'Connell LLP has issued an unqualified opinion on the City of San Diego's financial statements. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

The CAFR has been prepared in conformance with the principles and standards for reporting as set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the management of the City and its related agencies. Our objective is to provide you with reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements. Additionally, the City continues to construct and improve a comprehensive internal control framework in order to ensure acceptable management of taxpayer funds.

To the best of our knowledge and belief, the data as presented, is accurate in all material respects; it is presented in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the governmental activities, business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining funds of the City and its related agencies; and all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's, as well as its related agencies', financial activities have been included.

A narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the financial statements can be found in Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) which immediately follows the independent auditor's report. The MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it. The CAFR is organized into three sections:

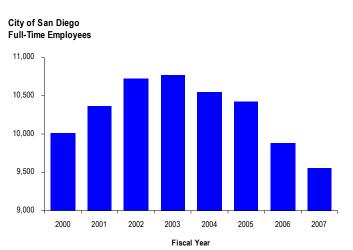
- The introductory section includes information about the organizational structure of the City, the City's economy, and selected other financial information.
- The financial section is prepared in accordance with governmental accounting standards. It includes the MD&A (unaudited), the independent auditor's report, the audited basic financial statements, notes to the basic financial statements, required supplementary information, and supporting statements and schedules.
- The statistical section contains historical statistical data on the City's financial data and debt statistics, as well as miscellaneous physical, demographic, economic, and social data of the City. This section of the CAFR is unaudited.

## Profile of the City of San Diego

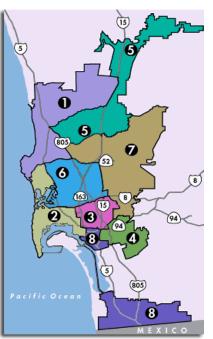
The City of San Diego was incorporated in 1850. The City is comprised of 403 square miles and, as of January 1, 2008, the California Department of Finance estimates the population to be 1,336,865. The City, with approximately 9,600 full-time employees, provides a full range of governmental services which include police and fire protection, sanitation and health services, the construction and maintenance of streets and infrastructure, recreational activities and cultural events, and the maintenance and operation of the water and sewer utilities.

#### **Governing Structure**

The City operates under and is governed by the laws of the State of California and its own Charter, as periodically amended since its adoption by the electorate in 1931. The City is currently operating under a Strong-Mayor form of government. The departure from the City's previous Council-Manager form of government was approved by a vote of the public and became effective January 1, 2006. The Mayor is elected at large to serve a four-year term.



## City of San Diego Council District Map



The charter amendment adopting the Strong-Mayor form of government is in effect for five years, and pending a voter approved extension or modification, sunsets on December 31, 2010. Under the Strong-Mayor form of government, the Mayor is the Chief Executive Officer of the City and has direct oversight over all City functions and services except for the City Council, Personnel, City Clerk, Independent Budget Analyst (IBA), City Attorney, and City Auditor's departments. Under this form of government, the Council is composed of eight members and is presided over by the Council President, who is selected by a majority vote of the Council. The Mayor presides over Council in closed session meetings of the Council. The Council retains its legislative authority; however, all City Council resolutions and ordinances are subject to a veto of the Mayor except for certain ordinances including emergency declarations and the City's annual Salary and Appropriations Ordinances. The City Council may override a Mayoral veto with five votes. The City Attorney, who is elected for a four-year term, serves as the chief legal advisor of and attorney for the City and all departments.

During the County's primary election held on June 3, 2008, voters approved Proposition B which requires Council to place a measure on the June 2010 ballot to allow voters to decide whether the Strong-Mayor form of government should become permanent effective January 1, 2011. Additionally, Proposition B provides for the public to decide whether the number of Council districts should increase from eight to nine,

and therefore, a corresponding increase of Council votes required to override the Mayor's veto from five to six. Additionally, voters approved Proposition C which separated the City Auditor's Office from the Comptroller's Office and made the Office of the IBA permanent. Under this amendment, the City Auditor serves a 10 year term and is supervised by an Audit Committee consisting of two Councilmembers and three members of the public, with auditing expertise who are appointed by the City Council. This amendment also provides that the Mayor will appoint, with Council confirmation, the Chief Financial Officer. In addition, the Mayor's appointment of the City Treasurer no longer requires Council confirmation.

# **Current Elected Officials** (As of the issuance of this report)



Mayor Jerry Sanders

District 1 **Council President Scott Peters** 



District 2 Councilmember Kevin Faulconer

> District 3 Councilmember Toni Atkins



Councilmember Jim Madaffer District 8

District 5

District 6

District 7

District 4 Council President Pro Tem Tony Young



Councilmember Ben Hueso

Councilmember Donna Frye

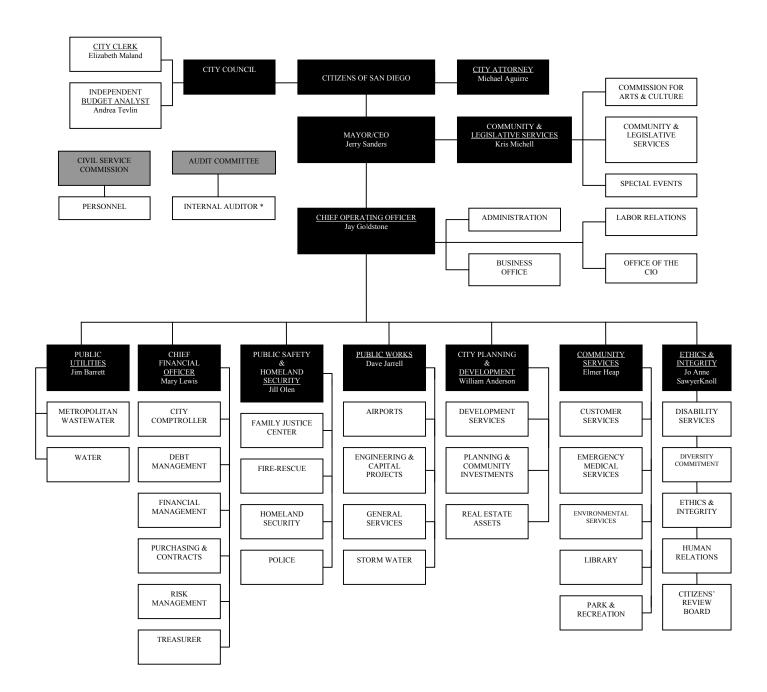
Councilmember Brian Maienschein



City Attorney Michael Aguirre

**Other City Officials** Jay M. Goldstone, Chief Operating Officer Mary Lewis, Chief Financial Officer Greg Levin, Comptroller Gail Granewich, City Treasurer Elizabeth Maland, City Clerk Andrea Tevlin, Independent Budget Analyst Eduardo Luna, Internal Auditor

## City of San Diego Organization Chart (As of the issuance of this Report)



\* Proposition C, passed in June 2008, provides that the City Auditor shall report to and be accountable to the Audit Committee. To complete the enacting measure for Proposition C, the City Auditor must be appointed by the City Manager (Mayor), in consultation with the Audit Committee, and confirmed by the City Council. This organization chart reflects the reporting structure called for in Proposition C, which will be in effect following that Council action.

# Financial Reporting Entity

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 14, the following component units are incorporated into the accompanying financial statements:

- Centre City Development Corporation (CCDC)
- City of San Diego Metropolitan Transit Development Board Authority (MTDB)
- Redevelopment Agency of the City of San Diego (RDA)
- San Diego Data Processing Corporation (SDDPC)
- San Diego Housing Commission (SDHC)
- San Diego Open Space Park Facilities District #1
- Community Facility and Other Special Assessment Districts

- Convention Center Expansion Financing Authority (CCEFA)
- San Diego City Employees' Retirement System (SDCERS)
- Public Facilities Financing Authority (PFFA)
- San Diego Convention Center Corporation (SDCCC)
- San Diego Facilities and Equipment Leasing Corporation (SDFELC)
- San Diego Industrial Development Authority (SDIDA)
- Southeastern Economic Development Corporation (SEDC)
- Tobacco Settlement Revenue Funding Corporation (TSRFC)

Additionally, the City participates in a joint venture operation with a private company to provide for emergency medical and medical transportation services. This joint venture is a limited liability company named San Diego Medical Services Enterprise, LLC. The financial impact of the joint venture is displayed in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance and in the government-wide statement of activities.

## **Budgetary Process**

Pursuant to the City Charter, an annual budget is presented by the Mayor to the City Council for consideration. Set forth in this budget are the anticipated revenues and expenditures of the General Fund, certain special revenue funds, enterprise funds, and certain debt service funds for the ensuing fiscal year. Additionally, project-length financial plans are presented to and adopted by council for the capital projects funds. The level of budgetary control (the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is maintained at the fund, department, and object class level. Object classes are defined as salaries and non-personnel expense (including employee benefits). Copies of the City's Budgets are available at the Financial Management Office located at 202 C Street, MS8A, San Diego, CA 92101.

The City also maintains an encumbrance accounting system as one technique of accomplishing budgetary control. Encumbered amounts are reported as reservations of fund balances since the commitments are expected to be honored in subsequent periods.

We continue to look for ways to improve the effectiveness and efficiency of our operations. Our focus now is on crafting policy that will ensure a continued commitment to strong financial stewardship.

Sincerely,

Jerry Sanders Mayor

Mai V Lew is

Chief Financial Officer

Tay M. Goldstone Chief Operating Officer

This Page Left Intentionally Blank

FINANCIAL SECTION

This Page Left Intentionally Blank - Back of Divider Page



3000 S Street, Suite 300 Sacramento, CA 95816 916.928.4600

2175 N. California Boulevard, Suite 645 Walnut Creek, CA 94596 925.274.0190

> 515 S. Figueroa Street, Suite 325 Los Angeles, CA 90071 213.286.6400

402 West Broadway, Suite 400 San Diego, CA 92101 619.573.1112

#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council of the City of San Diego, California

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of San Diego, California (City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the San Diego Housing Commission, a discretely presented component unit, which statements reflect 90%, 94% and 83% of total assets, total net assets and total revenues, respectively, of the aggregate discretely presented component unit totals. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report thereon has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the San Diego Housing Commission, is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The financial statements of the San Diego Convention Center Corporation were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit and the report of other auditors provide a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of June 30, 2007, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

www.mgocpa.com

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 17, 2008 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis, analysis of funding progress and general fund budgetary information on pages 33 through 47, 159 and 163 through 166, respectively, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, supplementary information, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The supplementary information, except for the budgetary schedules on pages 210 through 217, 220 through 221, 230 through 231 and 233, have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory section and statistical section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied by us in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

marias Jini & O'Connell LLP

Certified Public Accountants

Los Angeles, California October 17, 2008

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited) (In Thousands) June 30, 2007

As management of the City of San Diego (City), we offer readers of the City financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007.

#### OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements; (2) fund financial statements; and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The focus of the government-wide financial statements is on reporting on the operating results and financial position of the government as an economic entity. These statements are intended to report the entity's operational accountability to its readers, giving information about the probable medium and long-term effects of past decisions on the government's financial position.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing changes in the City's net assets during the fiscal year 2007. All changes in net assets are reported when the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. The focus is on both gross and net costs of City functions, which are supported by general revenues. This Statement also distinguishes functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include: General Government and Support; Public Safety - Police; Public Safety - Fire and Life Safety; Parks, Recreation, Culture and Leisure; Transportation; Sanitation and Health; and Neighborhood Services. The business-type activities of the City include: Airports; City Store; Development Services; Environmental Services; Golf Course; Recycling; Sewer Utility; and Water Utility.

The government-wide financial statements include the City (known as the primary government) and the following legally separate, discretely presented component units: San Diego Convention Center Corporation (SDCCC); and San Diego Housing Commission (SDHC). Financial information for these component units is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government. Blended component units, also legally separate entities, are a part of the government's operations and are combined with the primary government.

Included within the primary government as blended component units:

- Centre City Development Corporation (CCDC)
- City of San Diego Metropolitan Transit Development Board Authority (MTDB Authority)
- City of San Diego Tobacco Settlement Revenue Funding Corporation (TSRFC)
- Community Facility and Other Special Assessment Districts
- Convention Center Expansion Financing Authority (CCEFA)
- Public Facilities Financing Authority (PFFA)
- Redevelopment Agency of the City of San Diego (RDA)
- San Diego City Employees' Retirement System (SDCERS)
- San Diego Data Processing Corporation (SDDPC)

- San Diego Facilities and Equipment Leasing Corporation (SDFELC)
- San Diego Industrial Development Authority (SDIDA)
- San Diego Open Space Park Facilities District #1
- Southeastern Economic Development Corporation (SEDC)

The government-wide financial statements can be found beginning on page 52 of this report.

#### FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

#### **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, which is a major fund. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the Supplementary Information section of this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget and is presented as required supplementary information.

The basic governmental funds financial statements can be found beginning on page 56 of this report.

#### PROPRIETARY FUNDS

The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds, enterprise funds and internal service funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses Enterprise Funds to account for its various business-type activities. Internal Service funds, such as Central Garage and Machine Shop, Central Stores, Publishing Services, and Self Insurance, are used to report activities that provide centralized supplies and/or services to the City. All internal service funds, except for the Special Engineering Fund, have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements since they predominantly benefit governmental functions. The Special Engineering Fund, which services exclusively Water and Sewer activities, has been included within business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary funds financial statements provide separate information for the Water and Sewer funds, which are considered to be major funds of the City. Data for the nonmajor proprietary funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation, and the internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation as well. Included in the Supplementary Information section of this report are individual fund data for the nonmajor proprietary funds and the internal service funds financial statements can be found beginning on page 60 of this report.

#### FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's operations. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary funds financial statements can be found beginning on page 63 of this report.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found beginning on page 65 of this report.

#### **O**THER INFORMATION

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found beginning on page 159 of this report.

The individual fund data referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds, nonmajor proprietary funds, internal service funds, and fiduciary funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information on pensions and the General Fund budgetary comparison statement, beginning on page 191 of this report.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

	 Governmental Activities				Business-Type Activities				Total Primary Government			
	2007		2006		2007		2006		2007		2006	
Capital Assets	\$ 4,264,170	\$	4,307,640	\$	4,605,284	\$	4,536,313	\$	8,869,454	\$	8,843,953	
Other Assets	 1,824,547		1,511,124		846,103		650,350		2,670,650		2,161,474	
Total Assets	 6,088,717		5,818,764		5,451,387		5,186,663	_	11,540,104		11,005,427	
Net Long-Term Liabilities	1,863,185		1,876,763		1,967,826		1,866,411		3,831,011		3,743,174	
Other Liabilities	285,709		160,423		103,724		109,123		389,433		269,546	
Total Liabilities	2,148,894	_	2,037,186	_	2,071,550		1,975,534	_	4,220,444	_	4,012,720	
Net Assets:												
Invested in Capital Assets,												
Net of Related Debt	3,461,127		3,472,531		2,998,848		2,867,469		6,459,975		6,340,000	
Restricted	498,695		449,173		37,709		35,085		536,404		484,258	
Unrestricted	(19,999)		(140,126)		343,280		308,575		323,281		168,449	
Total Net Assets	\$ 3,939,823	\$	3,781,578	\$	3,379,837	\$	3,211,129	\$	7,319,660	\$	6,992,707	

# CITY OF SAN DIEGO'S SUMMARY OF NET ASSETS (In Thousands)

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets exceeded liabilities by \$7,319,660 at June 30, 2007, an increase of \$326,953 over fiscal year 2006.

\$6,459,975, or approximately 88%, of total Net Assets represent the City's investment in capital assets (e.g., land, structures and improvements, equipment, distribution and collections systems, infrastructure, and construction-in-progress), less any outstanding debt used to acquire these assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves generally are not used to liquidate these liabilities.

\$536,404, or approximately 7%, of total Net Assets represent resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$323,281, or approximately 5%, is available to finance ongoing services and obligations to the City's citizens and creditors.

Unrestricted Net Assets increased by \$154,832, or approximately 92%, which was caused by several factors. General Fund appropriation savings were approximately \$50,000, as a result of vacant positions in the Police, Parks and Recreation, Engineering, and other General Government departments, including Auditor and Comptroller, City Treasurer, and Purchasing and Contracts. Property taxes increased by approximately \$67,000 due to higher assessed property valuations (\$15,000 of this increase was attributed to RDA tax increment revenue generated from the Centre City project area). Business-type Activities comprised approximately \$35,000 of the increase in Unrestricted Net Assets, which was primarily due to vacant positions and rate increases for both Water and Sewer Utilities.

The deficit balance of (\$19,999) in Unrestricted Net Assets for Governmental Activities reflects the fact that governmental activities raise resources based on when liabilities are expected to be paid, rather than when they are incurred. Most governments normally do not have sufficient current resources on hand to cover current and long-term liabilities. This deficit in and of itself should not be considered an economic or financial difficulty; however, it does measure how far the City has committed the government's future tax revenues for purposes other than capital acquisition.

#### CITY OF SAN DIEGO'S SUMMARY OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS (In Thousands)

	Governmer	Governmental Activities		Type Activities	Total Primary Government		
	2007	2007 2006		2006	2007	2006	
Revenues:							
Program Revenues							
Charges for Current Services	\$ 303,866	\$ 278,881	\$ 742,640	\$ 705,682	\$ 1,046,506	\$ 984,563	
Operating Grants and Contributions	84,745	101,723	1,203	1,909	85,948	103,632	
Capital Grants and Contributions	81,169	100,564	141,419	77,602	222,588	178,166	
General Revenues							
Property Taxes	526,722	459,777	-	-	526,722	459,777	
Transient Occupancy Taxes	154,810	136,803	-	-	154,810	136,803	
Other Local Taxes	157,941	148,001	-	-	157,941	148,001	
Grants and Contributions not Restricted to							
Specific Programs	5,339	64,039	-	-	5,339	64,039	
Sales Taxes	263,399	227,017	-	-	263,399	227,017	
Investment Income	76,292	40,108	30,713	16,938	107,005	57,046	
Other	94,910	75,943	5,384	6,502	100,294	82,445	
Total Revenues	1,749,193	1,632,856	921,359	808,633	2,670,552	2,441,489	
Expenses:							
General Government and Support	270,190	252,295	-	-	270,190	252,295	
Public Safety-Police	376,581	370,990	-	-	376,581	370,990	
Public Safety-Fire, Life Safety, Homeland Security	209,902	194,074	-	-	209,902	194,074	
Parks, Recreation, Culture and Leisure	229,500	237,375	-	-	229,500	237,375	
Transportation	272,780	200,883	-	-	272,780	200,883	
Sanitation and Health	43,780	48,774	-	-	43,780	48,774	
Neighborhood Services	99,870	111,886	-	-	99,870	111,886	
Debt Service:							
Interest on Long-Term Debt	84,920	71,109	-	-	84,920	71,109	
Airports	-	-	3,755	4,100	3,755	4,100	
City Store	-		843	810	843	810	
Development Services	-		53,924	57,893	53,924	57,893	
Environmental Services	-	-	40,138	44,493	40,138	44,493	
Golf Course	-	-	10,690	9,563	10,690	9,563	
Recycling	-	-	19,754	21,853	19,754	21,853	
Sewer Utility	-	-	313,716	319,274	313,716	319,274	
Water Utility	-	-	313,256	302,996	313,256	302,996	
Total Expenses	1,587,523	1,487,386	756,076	760,982	2,343,599	2,248,368	
Change in Net Assets Before Transfers:	161,670	145,470	165,283	47,651	326,953	193,121	
Transfers	(3,425)	4,530	3,425	(4,530)		133,121	
Net Change in Net Assets	158,245	4,550	168,708	43,121	326,953	193,121	
Net Assets - July 1	3,781,578	3,631,578	3,211,129	3,168,008		6,799,586	
				-	6,992,707	-	
Net Assets - June 30	\$ 3,939,823	\$ 3,781,578	\$ 3,379,837	\$ 3,211,129	\$ 7,319,660	\$ 6,992	

#### **GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES**

Governmental activities increased the City's net assets by \$158,245 during fiscal year 2007. Variances from fiscal year 2006 of more than 10% are discussed below.

- Operating Grants and Contributions decreased by \$16,978, or approximately 17%. The administration of the "6 to 6" Extended School Day program was transferred to the San Diego Unified School District as of January 1, 2007, which resulted in a decrease of approximately \$9,000. Special Assessments revenues for the Maintenance Assessment Districts (MAD's) were reclassified from "Operating Grants and Contributions" to "Charges for Services," which caused a decrease of approximately \$13,000, and a similar reclassification of CCDC's services to RDA from "Operating Grants and Contributions" to "Charges for Services" resulted in a decrease of approximately \$7,000. These decreases were partially offset by an increase in tobacco revenues of approximately \$10,000. Effective in fiscal year 2007, all tobacco revenues due to the City were paid directly to the TSRFC, in order to make debt service payments on the outstanding tobacco settlement bonds.
- Capital Grants and Contributions decreased by \$19,395, or approximately 19%. The San Diego Padres advanced money to RDA in prior years, for the purpose of acquiring land surrounding Petco Park. The City recorded these advances as land acquisition credits to be used by the developer against the sales price of the land. In fiscal year 2006, the conveyance of these parcels was substantially completed, which resulted in the recognition of approximately \$35,000 in Capital Grants and Contributions revenue. In fiscal year 2007, the last remaining credits were used, for which only \$1,000 in revenue was recognized, resulting in a revenue decrease of approximately \$34,000. Offsetting this large decrease was approximately \$18,000 due to increases in developer contributed assets in several communities, including Otay Mesa, San Ysidro, Black Mountain Ranch, and Carmel Valley.
- Property Tax revenue increased by \$66,945, or approximately 15%, primarily due to increases in assessed property values, both in the City and Redevelopment project areas, including approximately \$15,000 attributable to the Centre City redevelopment project area.
- Transient Occupancy Tax revenues increased by \$18,007, or approximately 13%, primarily due to continued growth in San Diego's tourism industry. According to data from the San Diego Convention & Visitors Bureau, average occupancy rates remained unchanged at approximately 73%, however, average daily room rates increased by approximately 7.9% over fiscal year 2006.
- Grants and Contributions not Restricted to Specific Programs decreased by \$58,700, or approximately 92%, primarily due to the current year reclassification of In-Lieu Sales Tax, from Grants and Contributions not Restricted, to Sales Taxes.
- Sales Taxes increased by \$36,382, or approximately 16%, primarily due to the reclassification of In-Lieu Sales Tax mentioned above.
- Investment Income increased by \$36,184, or approximately 90%, primarily due to changes in market values of all
  investments. This was primarily attributed to increases in the City's investment pool, due to higher market values and an
  increase in the overall size of the investment pool from fiscal year 2006 to 2007.
- Other Revenue increased by \$18,967, or approximately 25%. Approximately \$15,000 of the increase resulted from the government-wide adjustment reclassifying current year Facilities Benefit Assessment (FBA) credit additions as Developer Contributions revenue, rather than a reduction of expenses as was recorded in previous years. This was partially offset by a net decrease in Developer Contributions revenue at the fund level of approximately \$5,800, which included a \$6,000 increase related to the Torrey Hills Developer Agreement for the Carmel Mountain Road I-5 Interchange project and a \$13,000 decrease caused by declining development within the North University City and Torrey Highlands communities.

A gain of approximately \$5,600 resulted from the sale of several parcels of land. As part of an overall portfolio management plan for the City, the Real Estate Assets department is continuing to review the City's property inventory to determine which properties are no longer needed and may be designated for disposition. In addition, approximately \$6,400 of the increase was attributed to RDA's sale of land held for resale.

- Transportation expense increased by \$71,897, or approximately 36%, primarily due to adjustments for donated capital assets related to FBA credit projects. FBA credit projects are not capitalized until final inspections have taken place, which often occurs after substantial completion. During fiscal year 2007 the adjustment for completed projects funded by FBA credits in prior years resulted in an increase of approximately \$41,000 in transportation expenses. There was also a write off of capital improvement project costs related to the State Route 905 project. The State Route 905 project was originally anticipated to be a City project but was later turned over to the State. When turned over, the write-off of previously capitalized costs resulted in an expense of almost \$5,000. There was an additional increase of approximately \$15,000 as a result of current year FBA additions being reclassified as Developer Contributions revenue, rather than a reduction of expenses as was recorded in previous years.
- Sanitation and Health expense decreased by \$4,994, or approximately 10%, due to the reclassification of the City's Animal Regulation program. Effective in fiscal year 2007, the Animal Regulation Program was taken over by the Police Department. It had previously been included with Citywide Programs and reported as Sanitation and Health.
- Neighborhood Services expense decreased by \$12,016, or approximately 11%, partially due to write-downs in the value of property held for resale in redevelopment project areas of approximately \$8,000 during fiscal year 2006. The amount of write-downs varies from year to year depending on real estate market conditions and disposition and development agreements entered into during the fiscal year. RDA expenses decreased by an additional \$5,300 as a result of a fiscal year 2006 expense for the construction of low and moderate income residential units in the Crossroads project area. The administration of the "6 to 6" Extended School Day program was transferred to the San Diego Unified School District as of January 1, 2007, which resulted in a \$6,500 decrease in expenditures for the City's Grants Funds. These decreases were offset by a \$12,990 liability accrued to reflect the potential reimbursement of federal funds related to ongoing audits.
- Interest expense increased by \$13,811, or approximately 19%, due to Centre City Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2006 A and B, and Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed Bonds, Series 2006, which were issued in fiscal year 2006 and began paying debt service in fiscal year 2007. There was also an additional TRANs interest payment made in fiscal year 2007.

### **BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES**

Business-type activities increased the City's net assets by \$168,708 during fiscal year 2007. Variances from fiscal year 2006 of more than 10% are discussed below.

- Operating Grants and Contributions decreased by \$706, or approximately 37%, primarily due to fewer Water and Sewer Utility revenues received during fiscal year 2007 compared to 2006, associated with grant reimbursement projects, particularly water desalination studies and disaster assistance recoveries.
- Capital Grants and Contributions increased by \$63,817, or approximately 82%, primarily due to additional water and sewer main installations by developers.
- Investment Income increased by \$13,775, or approximately 81%, primarily due to changes in market values of all
  investments. This was primarily attributed to increases in the City's investment pool, due to higher market values and an
  increase in the overall size of the investment pool from fiscal year 2006 to 2007.
- Other revenues decreased by \$1,118, or approximately 17%, primarily due to fewer receipts of permits and fees for the Sewer Utility department.
- Environmental Services expense decreased by \$4,355, or approximately 10%, as a result of a Business Process Reengineering process undergone by the department during fiscal year 2007. Operating inefficiencies were corrected, and it was discovered that the Environmental Services Fund paid for expenditures that should have been charged to the General Fund. As a result, the Environmental Services Fund was reimbursed approximately \$2,000 from the General Fund during fiscal year 2007.
- Golf Course expense increased by \$1,127, or approximately 12%, primarily due to preparation for the U.S. Open held at the Torrey Pines municipal golf course during fiscal year 2008.

## FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

### **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of fiscal year 2007, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$1,365,763, an increase of \$228,524 from fiscal year 2006. Approximately \$825,212 constitutes unreserved fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's direction. The remainder of fund balance is reserved to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed (1) to liquidate contracts and purchase orders of the period, (2) to pay debt service, (3) to generate income to pay for the perpetual funding of various programs, or (4) for a variety of other purposes.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the City. At the end of fiscal year 2007, undesignated fund balance of the General Fund was \$95,031, while total fund balance was \$132,048. This represents a \$70,407 increase from the fiscal year 2006 total fund balance.

### **PROPRIETARY FUNDS**

The City's proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

As of the end of fiscal year 2007, Unrestricted Net Assets of the Sewer Utility Fund are \$152,060. Unrestricted Net Assets increased approximately \$36,457, or approximately 32%, mainly due to decreased administration costs and vacant positions, combined with sewer rate increases and a transfer from the Central Garage and Machine Shop Fund of \$7,000 for savings accumulated in the Sewer vehicle replacement funds.

As of the end of fiscal year 2007, Unrestricted Net Assets of the Water Utility Fund are \$137,704. Unrestricted Net Assets decreased by \$10,473, or approximately 7%.

### **GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

The original budget for expenditures and transfers out was \$36,466 lower than the final budget due to increases (decreases) in appropriations primarily attributed to the following:

- \$4,745 for General Government. This was due to increased Public Liability costs, as well as the addition of Parking Management positions and related costs to the City Treasurer's department. Effective in fiscal year 2007, the Parking Management Department was dissolved and the parking management functions and related positions were split between the Police and City Treasurer's Departments. This change required increases in the Police and General Government budgets, and an offsetting decrease in the Transportation budget.
- \$5,126 for Public Safety-Police. This increase was related to the reclassification of Parking Management mentioned above, in addition to higher than anticipated data processing and energy costs for the Police department.
- \$2,868 for Public Safety-Fire and Life Safety and Homeland Security. This increase was mainly due to retirement contributions, energy, and fuel costs which exceeded anticipated amounts.
- (\$6,521) for Transportation. This decrease is related to the reclassification of Parking Management mentioned in the General Government explanation above.
- \$2,038 for Sanitation and Health. This increase was related to repayments made to the Recycling and Environmental Services Funds for activities that were budgeted and charged to the Enterprise Funds in error.

- \$2,604 for Principal Retirement. This was due to capital lease payments for Police and Parking Enforcement vehicles, as well as equipment, vehicles, and helicopters for the Fire and Life Safety department.
- \$4,529 for Debt Service Interest. The amount of interest expense for the Tax Revenue Anticipation Notes was unknown at the time the original budget was developed.
- \$19,350 for Transfers to Other Funds. This increase was primarily due to a \$10,000 transfer to the Other Construction capital improvements fund for streets resurfacing contracts and roof replacements in Balboa Park. There was an additional increase of approximately \$9,000 for a transfer to the Police Decentralization special revenue fund. In prior years this fund received sales tax revenues directly, but effective in fiscal year 2007, all sales tax was reported in the General Fund and then transferred out to the other funds supported by sales tax revenues.

Actual revenues received for the General Fund were \$15,348 less than budgeted. Property Taxes and Transient Occupancy Taxes were over budget by \$5,714 and \$7,840, respectively, as a result of higher than anticipated growth. Sales Taxes were under budget by \$9,685, which was a result of slower than anticipated growth in local retail sales. Other Local Taxes were under budget by \$5,587 primarily due to decreased Property Transfer Tax revenues, as a result of a downturn in the real estate market. Fines, Forfeitures, and Penalties were over budget by \$2,396, primarily due to litigation awards received related to prior year audits and actuarial valuations. Revenue from Other Agencies was \$8,862 under budget. This was the result of Securitized Tobacco Revenue being budgeted as part of Revenue from Other Agencies, when in fact the actual receipts were recorded as a Transfer from Other Funds. Charges for Current Services were also under budget by \$9,548, primarily due to reductions in service level agreements with other funds.

Actual expenditures for the General Fund were \$52,017 less than budgeted, primarily due to vacant positions in the Police, Parks & Recreation, Engineering, and other General Government departments, including Auditor and Comptroller, City Treasurer, and Purchasing and Contracts.

# CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### Total **Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities** Primary Government 2007 2006 2007 2006 2007 2006 Land, Easements, Rights of Way \$ 1,731,003 \$ 1,711,064 \$ 90,011 \$ 89,769 \$ 1,821,014 \$ 1,800,833 Construction-in-Progress 210,084 223,903 290,161 399,422 500,245 623,325 Structures and Improvements 781,799 785,158 1,332,843 1,272,150 2,114,642 2.057.308 Equipment 106,132 110,971 103,807 115,865 209.939 226,836 **Distribution and Collection Systems** 2,788,462 2,788,462 2,659,107 2,659,107 Infrastructure 1,435,152 1,476,544 1,435,152 1,476,544 \$ 4.605.284 Totals 4.264.170 \$ 4.307.640 \$ 4.536.313 \$ 8.869.454 \$ 8.843.953 \$

## CITY OF SAN DIEGO'S CAPITAL ASSETS (Net of Accumulated Depreciation) (In Thousands)

### **CAPITAL ASSETS**

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, all major infrastructure assets (such as streets, signals, bridges, and drains) are capitalized by the City in the government-wide statements. While capital assets of both governmental and proprietary funds are capitalized at the government-wide level, only proprietary assets are reported at the fund level. Governmental funds will continue to be reported on a modified accrual basis at the fund level. Differences between the fund and government-wide statements reporting for these governmental assets will be explained in both the reconciliation and the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

The City's investment in capital assets (including infrastructure) for governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2007 was \$8,869,454 (net of accumulated depreciation). There was an overall increase in the City's investment in Capital Assets over fiscal year 2006 of approximately \$25,501.

### HIGHLIGHTS OF FISCAL YEAR 2007 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT ACTIVITIES

### **Governmental Activities**

- Construction continues on the Northwestern Area Station. This project will provide for the land development, design, and construction of a new Police Command and Light Vehicle Maintenance Facility. The facility will serve the Northwestern area of the City in the Carmel Valley and adjacent communities. The project is fully funded by Developer Impact Fees and Facilities Benefit Assessments. The City's fiscal year 2007 capital expenditures for this project were \$7,838.
- Construction began on Carmel Valley Road, 300 feet East of Portofino Drive to the Del Mar city limits. This project will
  provide for improvements to curbs, gutters, sidewalks, and drainage, as well as the construction of a class II bicycle lane on
  both sides of Carmel Valley Road. This project is funded by TransNet funds. The City's fiscal year 2007 capital
  expenditures for this project were \$4,551.
- Construction continues on the Mira Sorrento Place project. This project will provide for widening and extending Mira Sorrento Place to a four-lane collector street. Traffic flow on Scranton Road and Vista Sorrento Parkway will improve upon project completion. This project is funded by Facilities Benefit Assessments. The City's fiscal year 2007 capital expenditures for this project were \$1,577.

- Construction continues on Judicial Drive from Golden Haven to Eastgate Mall. This project will provide a new four lane major street and under-crossing at La Jolla Village Drive. The project is funded by the North University City Facilities Benefit Assessment. The City's fiscal year 2007 capital expenditures for this project were \$2,056.
- Construction began on the Nobel Athletic Area. Upon completion, this project will provide an additional twenty-four acres of developed park land. Improvements will include a 10,300 square foot recreation center, sports fields, comfort stations, an off-leash dog area, play, and parking areas in the University City area. The City's fiscal year 2007 capital expenditures for this project were \$5,538. The project is entirely funded by the North University City Facilities Benefit Assessment.
- Construction continues on the Carmel Mountain Road-Interstate 5 Interchange project. This project provides for a diamond interchange at Interstate 5 and Carmel Mountain Road. This interchange will accommodate the increase in vehicular traffic created by development in the communities of Carmel Valley and Sorrento Hills. The City's fiscal year 2007 capital expenditures for this project were \$5,110. This project is funded by Facilities Benefit Assessments.
- Construction began on the Pacific Highlands Ranch Fire Station #47. This project will provide for a new 10,500 square foot fire station to serve the Pacific Highlands Ranch community. The project is part of the Pacific Highlands Ranch Facilities Financing Plan. The City's fiscal year 2007 capital expenditures for this project were \$2,832.
- Construction continues on the North University Community Branch Library. This project will provide for the construction of a 15,000 square-foot library on a City owned park site at Nobel Drive and Judicial Drive to serve the community in North University City. This project is funded by Facilities Benefit Assessments. The City's fiscal year 2007 capital expenditures for this project were \$3,581.
- Construction was completed on Phase 1 of the Black Mountain Ranch Community Park. This first phase of the project
  provided for the acquisition and development of 13 acres of useable park land including athletic fields and a parking lot.
  Phase 2 will provide for the development of an additional 17 acres of park land. This project is funded by Facilities Benefit
  Assessments. The City's fiscal year 2007 capital expenditures for this project were \$2,950.
- Construction continues on the Serra Mesa/Kearny Mesa Branch Library. This project will provide for the construction of a new 15,000 square-foot library on the 8900 Block of Aero Drive. Upon completion the new facility will include additional meeting rooms, computer lab, separate children's area and quiet study areas. Additional parking has also been incorporated into the design of the new facility. Serra Mesa and Kearny Mesa Developer Impact fees are the primary funding sources for this project. The City's fiscal year 2007 capital expenditures for this project were \$1,566.

### **Business-Type Activities**

During fiscal year 2007, the Water Utility Fund added approximately \$35,300 in capital improvement projects (CIP). Upgrades and expansion of the Miramar Water Treatment Plant and the Alvarado Water Treatment Plant continued, along with Water Main Replacements. Capital asset write-offs for fiscal year 2007 were approximately \$5,900, and were primarily related to losses on abandoned projects, and retirements of developer contributed assets.

During fiscal year 2007, the Sewer Utility Fund added approximately \$30,900 in CIP, of which the Metropolitan system CIP increased approximately \$2,200 and included the Point Loma Grit Processing Improvements. Municipal system CIP increased approximately \$28,700 and included the following major projects: Pipeline Rehabilitation Phase C-1, Sorrento Valley Trunk Sewer Relocation, Pump Station Upgrades, and the continued replacement of sewer mains and upgrades to the sewer infrastructure. Capital asset write-offs for fiscal year 2007 were approximately \$9,000, and were primarily related to losses on abandoned projects, and retirements of developer contributed assets.

### HIGHLIGHTS OF APPROVED FISCAL YEAR 2008 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PROJECTS (CIP) BUDGET

The Annual Approved Capital Improvements Budget for Fiscal Year 2008 is \$491,600 which is an increase of \$197,900, or approximately 67% over the fiscal year 2007 budget of \$293,700. The increase in the Fiscal Year 2008 budget is primarily due to an increase in Water and Sewer projects. Water and Sewer projects comprise over 50% of the total CIP budget. Engineering & Capital Projects and General Services projects comprise 27%, and 9% of the total CIP budget, respectively. Funding for governmental projects include TransNet funds, Facilities Benefit Assessments, Developer Impact Fees, developer contributions, and Federal, State, local, and private contributions. Highlights of the key budgets by department are as follows:

### **Governmental Activities**

- Engineering and Capital Projects: \$134,500 (27% of total CIP budget). Key projects include the undergrounding of City utilities to augment the California Public Utilities Commission (CPUC) Rule 20A funds. Funding is also allocated for conversion of City-owned street lighting and resurfacing of roadways associated with the undergrounding of utilities. The \$58,600 annual allocation for these projects is entirely funded by the Underground Surcharge Fund. Other significant projects include: \$7,700 for Palm Avenue/I-805 Improvements, \$6,000 for Camino del Sur-Carmel Mountain Road, and \$4,500 for Carroll Canyon Road–Sorrento Valley to Scranton Road.
- General Services: \$44,000 (9% of total CIP budget). Key budgets include: \$27,400 for deferred maintenance including street resurfacing, storm drain repair, and sidewalk repair; \$12,300 for ADA improvements; and \$5,300 for City facilities improvements which include roof replacements and air conditioning and heating upgrade replacements.
- Parks and Recreation: \$30,700 (6% of total CIP budget). Planned project types for fiscal year 2008 include play area upgrades, joint use fields, roof reconstruction, accessibility improvements, comfort stations, picnic shelters, sports field and security lighting, and new park development.
- Chief Information Officer: \$19,600 (4% of total CIP budget). This allocation includes \$16,300 for the Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) System and \$3,300 for public safety communication upgrade projects.

### Business-Type Activities

The fiscal year 2008 Water Utility CIP budget is \$145,600. There are no phase funded projects budgeted for fiscal year 2008. Significant projects include: \$31,200 for replacing water mains citywide; \$44,600 for the Miramar Water Treatment Plant; \$19,200 for the Otay Water Treatment Plant; and \$13,200 for the Alvarado Water Treatment Plant Expansion.

The fiscal year 2008 Sewer Utility CIP budget is \$100,700. There are no phase funded projects budgeted for fiscal year 2008. Significant projects include: \$42,400 for continued sewer main replacements and upgrades to sewer infrastructure; \$19,800 for repair and upgrade of pump stations; \$18,600 for replacement of trunk sewers; and \$7,600 for repair and upgrade of treatment plants.

Tatal

	0		р. т	A 11 11		otal	
	Governm	ental Activities	Business-1	ype Activities	Primary Government		
	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006	
Capital Lease Obligations	\$ 39,130	\$ 40,541	\$ 1,006	\$ 2,051	\$ 40,136	\$ 42,592	
Contracts Payable	2,615	2,615	-	-	2,615	2,615	
Notes Payable	8,555	7,294	280,830	-	289,385	7,294	
Loans Payable	18,775	14,345	101,316	91,247	120,091	105,592	
Section 108 Loans	39,431	42,499	-	-	39,431	42,499	
SANDAG Loans	2,287	7,355	-	-	2,287	7,355	
General Obligation Bonds	10,705	12,690	-	-	10,705	12,690	
Revenue Bonds/COP's/ Lease Revenue Bonds	521,210	549,850	1,469,060	1,662,705	1,990,270	2,212,555	
Special Assessment/ Special Tax Bonds	145,625	133,605	-	-	145,625	133,605	
Tax Allocation Bonds	502,804	514,845	-	-	502,804	514,845	
Tobacco Settlement							
Asset-Backed Bonds	102,700	105,400			102,700	105,400	
Totals	\$ 1,393,837	\$ 1,431,039	\$ 1,852,212	\$ 1,756,003	\$ 3,246,049	\$ 3,187,042	

### CITY OF SAN DIEGO'S OUTSTANDING DEBT (In Thousands)

### LONG-TERM DEBT

At the end of fiscal year 2007, the City, including blended component units, had total debt outstanding of approximately \$3,246,049. Of this amount, \$10,705 is comprised of debt backed by the full faith and credit of the City. The remainder of the City's debt represents revenue bonds, lease revenue bonds, certificates of participation (COPs), special assessment bonds, tax allocation bonds, contracts payable, notes payable, loans payable, Section 108 loans, SRF loans, capital lease obligations, and San Diego Association of Governments (SANDAG) loans.

### **Governmental Activities**

- The Community Facilities District No. 3 (The District) sold, on a private placement basis, \$16,000 of Communities Facilities District No. 3 (Liberty Station) Special Tax Bonds, Series 2006 A, to finance public improvements required in connection with the district. The 2006 A bonds were issued pursuant to the Mello-Roos Community Facilities Act of 1982 and are limited obligations of the district.
- The Public Facilities Financing Authority of the City of San Diego (PFFA) sold, on a private placement basis, \$156,560 of Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2007A (Ballpark Refunding) to refund the Ballpark Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2002. The Series 2007 A bonds are secured by and payable solely from base rental payments payable under the Ballpark Facility Lease. Such base rental payments are a general fund obligation of the City.
- The Redevelopment Agency of the City of San Diego executed a non-revolving line of credit with Bank of America, N.A. in the amount of \$8,530. The line of credit is to be used to refinance the North Park Theatre, to pay settlements on eminent domain actions related to the North Park Redevelopment Area, and for other redevelopment activities in the North Park Redevelopment Area.

Total principal payments for long-term debt were \$72,690. \$48,176 of this amount was for outstanding bonds, including \$7,555 recorded as a principal payment for the amount transferred to escrow from resources other than the new debt proceeds issued for the purpose of refunding the PFFA Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2002 (Ballpark Project). Payments on loans payable were \$14,529, payments on notes payable were \$919, and payments on capital leases were \$9,066.

### **Business-Type Activities**

- Sewer loans from the State Water Resources Control Board for \$3,858 and \$11,068 were executed in order to construct capital improvement projects.
- PFFA sold, on a private placement basis, \$57,000 of Non-Transferable Subordinated Water Revenue Notes, Series 2007A to finance upgrades to and expansion of the City's water system and to reimburse for costs previously incurred. The Series 2007A Notes are secured by and payable solely from net system revenues of the Water Utility Fund and the final maturity date is January 30, 2009. The 2007A Notes carried a six month call provision with no prepayment penalty after the call date and had no provisions for an extension beyond the final maturity date.
- PFFA sold, on a private placement basis, \$223,830 of Subordinate Sewer Revenue Notes, Series 2007 to finance and reimburse for costs previously incurred from upgrades to the City's sewer system and to refund \$144,400 of outstanding principal balance on the Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2004. The Series 2007 Notes are secured by and payable solely from net system revenues of the Sewer Utility Fund and the final maturity date is May 15, 2009. The 2007 Notes carried a one year call provision with no prepayment penalty after the call date and had no provisions for an extension beyond the final maturity date.
- Total principal payments for long-term debt were \$55,147 which includes \$49,245 for outstanding bonds, \$4,857 for loans payable and \$1,045 for capital leases.

As of the issuance of this report, the credit ratings on the City of San Diego's outstanding General Obligation Bonds, Revenue Bonds, Lease Revenue Bonds, and COPs are as follows:

	Moody's Investors Service	Fitch Ratings	Standard & Poor's
General Obligation Bonds	A2	BBB+	А
General Fund Backed Lease Revenue Obligations Outlook	Baa1/Baa2 Stable	BBB- Positive	A- Positive
Wastewater System Obligations Outlook	A3 Stable	BBB+ Positive	A+ Stable
Water System Obligations Outlook	A2/A3 Stable	BBB+/BBB Positive	AA-/A+ Stable

Standard & Poor's suspended the City's credit rating on September 20, 2004. The rating was reinstated on May 15, 2008. Fitch Ratings placed the City on positive Rating Watch as of March 27, 2008. On August 26, 2008, Moody's upgraded the underlying ratings on the City's general obligation bonds from A3 to A2. Also upgraded from Baa2 to Baa1 were the City's General Fund lease revenue bonds and certificates of participation. The underlying rating on the taxable Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 1996A (San Diego Jack Murphy Stadium) was upgraded from Baa3 to Baa2.

As of January 2008, the City of San Diego Tobacco Settlement Revenue Funding Corporation Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed Bonds, Series 2006, were upgraded by Fitch Ratings from BBB to BBB plus. MBIA Insurance Corporation, AMBAC Assurance Corporation, and FGIC Insurance Company bond insurance policies and surety debt reserve policies support ratings and certain of the City's debt obligations issued on a long term fixed rate basis. As of the date of this report, Fitch has withdrawn its ratings for MBIA and Ambac, and downgraded its rating on FGIC to CCC. Standard & Poor's has lowered its ratings on MBIA and Ambac to AA. Moody's has lowered its ratings on MBIA and Ambac to A2 and Aa3, respectively. None of the underlying ratings, as shown in the tables above, have been changed as a result of the rating agency actions on the insurers.

Section 90 of the City Charter provides that the general obligation bonded indebtedness for the development, conservation and furnishings of water shall not exceed 15% of the last preceding assessed valuation of all real and personal property of the City subject to direct taxation, and that the bonded indebtedness for other municipal improvements shall not exceed 10% of such valuation. The City's current outstanding general obligation balances as of June 30, 2007 are significantly less than the current debt limitations for water and other purposes, which are \$5,218,175 and \$3,478,783, respectively (see Statistical Section, Table 12).

It has been the City's practice, as provided for in Section 90.1 of the City Charter, to issue revenue bonds for the purpose of constructing water facilities. Per Section 90.1, revenue bonds do not constitute an indebtedness of the City, but an obligation payable from the revenues received by the utility. Section 90.2 authorizes the issuance of Revenue Bonds for the purpose of constructing improvements to the City's sewer system.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

### **REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of the City Comptroller, 202 C Street, San Diego, California 92101, or e-mailed to <u>comptroller@sandiego.gov</u>. This financial report is also available on the City's website at <u>www.sandiego.gov</u>, under the Office of the City Comptroller. Additional information intended for the investor community is available on the Investor Information web page also located on the City's website listed above.

This Page Left Intentionally Blank

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This Page Left Intentionally Blank - Back of Divider Page

This Page Left Intentionally Blank

#### STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2007 (In Thousands)

	Primary Government			Component Units		
	Governmental Activities	Business - Type Activities	Total	San Diego Convention Center Corporation	San Diego Housing Commission	
ASSETS						
Cash and Investments	\$ 1,223,834	\$ 505,384	\$ 1,729,218	\$ 15,779	\$ 74,499	
Receivables:						
Taxes - Net	88,809	-	88,809	-	-	
Accounts - Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles						
(Governmental \$7,251, Business-Type \$1,819)	31,707	79,331	111,038	3,003	8,371	
Claims - Net	116	-	116	-	-	
Contributions	251	-	251	-	-	
Special Assessments - Net	1,353	-	1,353	-	-	
Notes	69,999	-	69,999	-	136,673	
Accrued Interest	11,836	6,571	18,407	-	15,105	
Grants	33,569	1,944	35,513	-	-	
Investment in Joint Venture	2,097	-	2,097	-	-	
Advances to Other Agencies	3,458	-	3,458	-	-	
Internal Balances	245	(245)	-	-	-	
Inventories of Water in Storage	-	27,556	27,556	-	-	
Inventories	2,081	527	2,608	16	67	
Land Held for Resale	47,619	-	47,619	-	-	
Prepaid Expenses	4,476	751	5,227	968	46	
Restricted Cash and Investments	285,801	213,144	498,945	-	1,723	
Deferred Charges	17,296	11,140	28,436	-	-	
Capital Assets - Non-Depreciable	1,941,087	380,172	2,321,259	-	40,044	
Capital Assets - Depreciable	2,323,083	4,225,112	6,548,195	16,559_	61,063	
TOTAL ASSETS	6,088,717	5,451,387	11,540,104_	36,325	337,591	

#### STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2007 (In Thousands)

	Primary Government			Component Units		
	Governmental Activities	Business - Type Activities	Total	San Diego Convention Center Corporation	San Diego Housing Commission	
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable	\$ 58,228	\$ 44,120	\$ 102,348	\$ 513	\$ 3,938	
Accrued Wages and Benefits	27,102	8,647	35,749	-	365	
Other Accrued Liabilities	53	-	53	1,898	588	
Interest Accrued on Long-Term Debt	21,339	19,800	41,139	-	95	
Long-Term Liabilities Due Within One Year	125,002	61,446	186,448	2,849	1,787	
Due to Other Agencies	1,561	10,013	11,574	-	-	
Unearned Revenue	32,515	7,304	39,819	7,363	283	
Contract Deposits	-	9,550	9,550	-	-	
Sundry Trust Liabilities	2,911	-	2,911	-	-	
Short-Term Notes Payable	142,000	-	142,000	-	-	
Liabilities Payable from Restricted Assets:						
Customer Deposits Payable	-	4,265	4,265	-	-	
Deposits/Advances from Others	-	25	25	-	991	
Long-Term Liabilities Due After One Year:						
Arbitrage Liability	-	224	224	-	-	
Compensated Absences	43,142	7,849	50,991	-	-	
Liability Claims	190,374	49,257	239,631	-	-	
Capital Lease Obligations	30,949	166	31,115	2,201	-	
Contracts Payable	2,615	-	2,615	-	-	
Notes Payable	8,555	280,830	289,385	2,500	32,052	
Loans Payable	18,714	95,875	114,589	-	-	
Section 108 Loans Payable	35,896	-	35,896	-	-	
Net Bonds Payable	1,249,776	1,418,826	2,668,602	-	-	
Estimated Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care	-	16,935	16,935	-	-	
Net Pension Obligation	158,162	36,418	194,580			
TOTAL LIABILITIES	2,148,894	2,071,550	4,220,444	17,324	40,099	
NET ASSETS						
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	3,461,127	2,998,848	6,459,975	10,102	67,893	
Restricted for:						
Capital Projects	300,288	-	300,288	2,118	-	
Debt Service	-	2,977	2,977	-	-	
Low-Moderate Income Housing	81,739	-	81,739	-	-	
Nonexpendable Permanent Endowments	16,509	-	16,509	-	-	
Other	100,159	34,732	134,891	-	86,944	
Unrestricted	(19,999)	343,280	323,281	6,781	142,655	
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$ 3,939,823	\$ 3,379,837	\$ 7,319,660	\$ 19,001	\$ 297,492	

Program Revenues

## STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2007 (In Thousands)

\_

nctions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	
mary Government:					
Governmental Activities:					
General Government and Support	\$ 270,190	\$ 107,257	\$ 13,764	\$ 3,760	
Public Safety - Police	376,581	27,960	2,227	500	
Public Safety - Fire and Life Safety and Homeland Security	209,902	16,548	39,709		
Parks, Recreation, Culture and Leisure	229,500	52,656	4,567	13,733	
Transportation	272,780	49,809	765	51,633	
Sanitation and Health	43,780	10.224	791	119	
Neighborhood Services	99,870	39,412	22,922	11,424	
Debt Service:		,		,	
Interest	84,920				
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	1,587,523	303,866	84,745	81,169	
Business-Type Activities:					
Airports	3,755	5,635	-	775	
City Store	843	827	-		
Development Services	53,924	48,746	-		
Environmental Services	40,138	36,143	7		
Golf Course	10,690	15,772	-		
Recycling	19,754	20,476	564		
Sewer Utility	313,716	304,749	65	59,785	
Water Utility	313,256	310,292	567	80,859	
TOTAL BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	756,076	742,640	1,203	141,419	
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$ 2,343,599	\$ 1,046,506	\$ 85,948	\$ 222,588	
Component Units:					
San Diego Convention Center Corporation	\$ 33,499	\$ 32,849	\$ 4,339	\$	
San Diego Housing Commission	155,770	14,653	156,165	1,348	

General Revenues:
Property Taxes
Transient Occupancy Taxes
Other Local Taxes
Developer Contributions and Fees
Grants and Contributions not Restricted to Specific Programs
Sales Taxes
Investment Income
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets
Miscellaneous
Transfers
TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES AND TRANSFERS
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS
Net Assets at Beginning of Year
NET ASSETS AT END OF YEAR

Р	rimary Government		Component Units			
Governmental Activities			San Diego Convention Center Corporation	San Diego Housing Commission		
\$ (145,409)	\$-	\$ (145,409)	\$-	\$		
(345,894)	-	(345,894)	-			
(153,645)	-	(153,645)	-			
(158,544)	-	(158,544)	-			
(170,573)		(170,573)				
(32,646)		(32,646)				
	-		-			
(26,112)	-	(26,112)	-			
(84,920)		(84,920)				
(1,117,743)	-	(1,117,743)	-			
-	2,655	2,655	-			
-	(16)	(16)				
_	(5,178)	(5,178)				
	(3,988)	(3,988)				
-			-			
-	5,082	5,082	-			
-	1,286	1,286	-			
-	50,883	50,883	-			
-	78,462	78,462		· · · · ·		
	129,186	129,186				
(1,117,743)	129,186	(988,557)				
			3,689			
-	-	-	5,069	16,396		
-			3,689	16,396		
526 722		526 722				
526,722	-	526,722	-			
154,810	-	154,810	-	-		
157,941	-	157,941	-	-		
62,693	-	62,693	-	-		
5,339	-	5,339	-	-		
263,399	-	263,399	-	-		
76,292	30,713	107,005	754	7,340		
6,546	-	6,546	-	3,560		
25,671	5,384	31,055	124	-		
(3,425)	3,425					
1,275,988	39,522	1,315,510	878	10,900		
158,245	168,708	326,953	4,567	27,296		
3,781,578	3,211,129	6,992,707	14,434	270,196		
3,939,823	\$ 3,379,837	\$ 7,319,660	\$ 19,001	\$ 297,492		

### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2007 (In Thousands)

	General Fund		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
ASSETS						
Cash and Investments	\$	97,347	\$	1,017,656	\$	1,115,003
Receivables:						
Taxes - Net		73,296		15,513		88,809
Accounts - Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles (General Fund \$6,302)		11,103		13,868		24,971
Claims - Net		88		18		106
Special Assessments - Net		-		1,353		1,353
Notes		-		69,999		69,999
Accrued Interest		3,466		8,319		11,785
Grants		-		33,569		33,569
From Other Funds		1,475		6,563		8,038
Advances to Other Funds		300		8,252		8,552
Advances to Other Agencies		9		3,449		3,458
Land Held for Resale		-		47,619		47,619
Prepaid Items		81		1,799		1,880
Investment in Joint Venture		2,097		-		2,097
Restricted Cash and Investments		142,000		143,661		285,661
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	331,262	\$	1,371,638	\$	1,702,900
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable	\$	9,112	\$	35,282	\$	44,394
Accrued Wages and Benefits		23,881		616		24,497
Other Accrued Liabilities		-		53		53
Due to Other Funds		-		9,964		9,964
Due to Other Agencies		-		1,561		1,561
Unearned Revenue		903		31,530		32,433
Deferred Revenue		23,318		43,967		67,285
Sundry Trust Liabilities		-		2,911		2,911
Advances from Other Funds		-		8,552		8,552
Interfund Loan Payable		-		3,487		3,487
Short-Term Notes Payable		142,000				142,000
		199,214		137,923		337,137
				,		

#### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2007 (In Thousands)

	General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
FUND EQUITY:			
Fund Balances:			
Reserved for Land Held for Resale	-	47,619	47,619
Reserved for Notes Receivable	-	69,013	69,013
Reserved for Encumbrances	33,452	217,907	251,359
Reserved for Advances	309	11,701	12,010
Reserved for Low and Moderate Income Housing	-	14,718	14,718
Reserved for Permanent Endowments	-	16,509	16,509
Reserved for Debt Service	-	127,226	127,226
Reserved for Minority Interest in Joint Venture	2,097	-	2,097
Unreserved, Reported in General Fund:			
Designated for Subsequent Years' Expenditures	1,159	-	1,159
Undesignated	95,031	-	95,031
Unreserved, Reported in:			
Special Revenue Funds	-	350,096	350,096
Debt Service Funds	-	29	29
Capital Projects Funds	-	377,648	377,648
Permanent Funds		1,249	1,249
TOTAL FUND EQUITY	132,048	1,233,715	1,365,763
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY	\$ 331,262	\$ 1,371,638	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources, and therefore, are not reported in the fu	nds.		4,196,903
Other assets and liabilities used in governmental activities are not financial resources, and therefore, are either de	ferred or		
not reported in the funds.			84,581

Internal Service funds are used by management to charge the costs of activities such as Central Garage and Machine Shop,
Publishing Services, Self Insurance, Central Stores and others to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of
Internal Service Funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets.
(55,003)
Certain liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore, are not reported
in the funds.
(1.652.421)
Net Assets of governmental activities
(\$3,939.823)

### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (In Thousands)

	General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES	<b>A</b> 001 000	<b>a</b> 100.070	<b>6 501 701</b>
Property Taxes	\$ 361,062	\$ 160,672	\$ 521,734
•	-	36,585 31,202	36,585
Sales Taxes Transient Occupancy Taxes	233,385 80,703	72,871	264,587 153,574
Other Local Taxes	74,069	83,977	158,046
Licenses and Permits	31,475	9,950	41,425
Fines, Forfeitures and Penalties	40,346	2,586	42,932
Revenue from Use of Money and Property	42,157	75,395	117,552
Revenue from Federal Agencies	5,066	74,669	79,735
Revenue from Other Agencies	16,644	45,333	61,977
Revenue from Private Sources	-	59,549	59,549
Charges for Current Services	85,026	74,851	159,877
Other Revenue	2,730	28,297	31,027
TOTAL REVENUES	972,663	755,937	1,728,600
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
General Government and Support	189,203	78,258	267,461
Public Safety - Police	346,405	30,357	376,762
Public Safety - Fire and Life Safety and Homeland Security	171,117	30,914	202,031
Parks, Recreation, Culture and Leisure	112,967	69,230	182,197
Transportation	59,516	79,833	139,349
Sanitation and Health	39,391	5,338	44,729
Neighborhood Services	18,339	67,205	85,544
Capital Projects	10,555	106,518	106,518
Debt Service:		100,010	100,010
Principal Retirement	2,604	65,556	68,160
Interest	6,519	76,409	82,928
Cost of Issuance	-	5,145	5,145
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	946,061	614,763	1,560,824
		014,703	1,500,824
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	26,602	141,174	167,776
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers from Proprietary Funds	4,181	5,328	9,509
Transfers from Other Funds	86,980	204,554	291,534
Transfers to Proprietary Funds	(1,373)	(2,173)	(3,546)
Transfers to Other Funds	(46,018)	(245,516)	(291,534)
Transfers to Escrow Agent for Refunding Bonds	-	(159,690)	(159,690)
Net Income from Joint Venture	35	-	35
Capital Leases	-	6,167	6,167
Notes Issued	-	2,180	2,180
Loans Issued	-	10,823	10,823
Proceeds from Land Sales	-	12,942	12,942
Special Assessment Bonds Issued	-	16,000	16,000
Revenue Refunding Bonds Issued	-	156,560	156,560
Premium on Bonds Issued		9,768	9,768
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	43,805	16,943	60,748
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	70,407	158,117	228,524
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	61,641	1,075,598	1,137,239
FUND BALANCES AT END OF YEAR	\$ 132,048	\$ 1,233,715	\$ 1,365,763

City of San Diego Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2007 (In Thousands)	
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (page 58)	5 228,524
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.	15,668
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., donations, retirements, and transfers) is to decrease net assets.	(66,961)
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	(31,428)
Revenues in the Statement of Activities for the reduction of land acquisition credits do not provide current financial resources and are not reported in the funds.	1,480
The issuance of long-term debt (i.e., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	34,161
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources (i.e., compensated absenses, net pension obligation), and therefore are not accrued as expenses in governmental funds.	(18,546)
Internal Service funds are used by management to charge the costs of activities such as Central Garage and Machine Shop, Publishing Services, Central Stores, Self Insurance, and others to individual funds. The net expense of certain activities of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	(4,653)
Change in net assets of governmental activities (page 55)	5 158,245

#### PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2007 ( In Thousands )

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds				
	Sewer Utility	Water Utility	Other Enterprise Funds	Total	Internal Serv Funds
ASSETS					
Current Assets:					
Cash and Investments	\$ 205,229	\$ 196,510	\$ 100,397	\$ 502,136	\$ 112
Receivables:					
Accounts - Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles (Sewer \$832, Water \$709,					
Other Enterprise \$278, Internal Service \$949)		42,697	888	79,331	6
Claims - Net		-	-	-	
Contributions Accrued Interest		- 2,291	- 1,524	6,548	
Grants	1	1,202	716	1,944	
From Other Funds		1,202	3,326	3,326	
Inventories of Water in Storage		27,556	-	27,556	
Inventories		414	113	527	2
Prepaid Expenses		737	13	751	2
Total Current Assets	243,735	271,407	106,977	622,119	
Total Current Assets	243,735	271,407	100,977	022,119	123
Non-Current Assets:					
Restricted Cash and Investments		77,587	34,389	213,144	
Deferred Charges		4,704	-	11,140	
Interfund Loan Receivable		-	-	3,487	
Capital Assets - Non-Depreciable		216,124	23,787	380,172	1
Capital Assets - Depreciable	2,712,387	1,452,843	59,646	4,224,876	65
Total Non-Current Assets	2,963,739	1,751,258	117,822	4,832,819	67
TOTAL ASSETS	3,207,474	2,022,665	224,799	5,454,938	191
Current Liabilities: Accounts Payable		30,125	2,836	43,761	14,
Accrued Wages and Benefits		1,925	2,198	8,224	3
Interest Accrued on Long-Term Debt		11,772	18	19,800	10
Long-Term Liabilities Due Within One Year		18,776	3,178	61,015	42
Due to Other Funds Due to Other Agencies		4,502	-	- 10.013	1,
Unearned Revenue		1,004	6,300	7,304	
Contract Deposits		5,569	153	9,550	
Current Liabilities Payable from Restricted Assets:					
Customer Deposits Payable		4,265		4,265	
Total Current Liabilities	71,311	77,938	14,683	163,932	61,
Ion-Current Liabilities:					
Deposits/Advances from Others		-	25	25	
Arbitrage Liability	31	193	-	224	
Compensated Absences		2,202	2,511	7,386	4
Liability Claims		5,340	-	49,257	177,
Capital Lease Obligations		-	166	166	4
Loans Payable		19,385	-	95,875	
Notes Payable		57,000	-	280,830 1.418.826	
Net Revenue Bonds Payable		535,470	16 025	,	
Estimated Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Net Pension Obligation		9,789	16,935 11,505	16,935 33,582	6
Total Non-Current Liabilities		629,379	31,142	1,903,106	192
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,313,896	707,317	45,825	2,067,038	254,
IET ASSETS					
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	1,740,801	1,175,384	82,427	2,998,612	59,
Restricted for Debt Service		2,260	-	2,977	
Restricted for Closure/Postclosure Maintenance		-	34,732	34,732	
Unrestricted	152,060	137,704	61,815	351,579	(123,
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$ 1,893,578	\$ 1,315,348	\$ 178,974	3,387,900	\$ (63
				(0.000)	
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fun	d activities related to En	terprise Funds.		(8,063)	

168,708

\$

#### PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (In Thousands)

	B	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds			
	Sewer Utility	Water Utility	Other Enterprise Funds	Total	Internal Service Funds
OPERATING REVENUES					
Sales of Water	\$ -	\$ 289,127	\$ -	\$ 289,127	\$-
Charges for Services	299,736	1,147	69,979	370,862	165,197
Revenue from Use of Property	-	6,162	-	6,162	-
Usage Fees		1,594	55,547	57,141	46,442
Other		12,262	2,073	19,348	3,616
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES		310,292	127,599	742,640	215,255
DPERATING EXPENSES					
Benefit and Claim Payments		-	-	-	68,843
Maintenance and Operations	111,086	97,821	83,529	292,436	46,160
Cost of Materials Issued		-	351	351	28,355
Cost of Purchased Water Used		124,880	-	124,880	-
Taxes		163	-	163	-
Administration		30,964	34,482	144,610	56,022
Depreciation		27,644	9,712	107,052	16,645
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		281,472	128,074	669,492	216,025
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		28,820	(475)	73,148	(770)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Earnings on Investments		11,461	6,617	30,583	4,848
Federal Grant Assistance		283	-	348	-
Other Agency Grant Assistance		284	571	855	-
Gain (Loss) on Sale/Retirement of Capital Assets	(9,004)	(5,076)	(1,263)	(15,343)	943
Debt Service Interest Expense		(26,370)	(69)	(71,174)	(306)
Other	3,093	175	2,114	5,382	49
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		(19,243)	7,970	(49,349)	5,534
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS					
AND TRANSFERS	6,727	9,577	7,495	23,799	4,764
Capital Contributions		80,859	775	141,419	-
Transfers from Other Funds		352	666	8,756	463
Transfers from Governmental Funds		84	1,634	1,798	2,144
Transfers to Other Funds		(234)	-	(454)	(8,765)
Transfers to Governmental Funds	(2,162)	(1,713)	(2,420)	(6,295)	(3,574)
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	71,948	88,925	8,150	169,023	(4,968)
Jet Assets at Beginning of Year		1,226,423	170,824		(58,098)
NET ASSETS AT END OF YEAR	\$ 1,893,578	\$ 1,315,348	\$ 178,974		\$ (63,066)
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal sen	vice fund activities related to	Enterprise Funds		(315)	
,		P			

Change in net assets of Business-Type activities

#### PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (In Thousands)

(	в	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds					
			Other				
	Sewer Utility	Water Utility	Enterprise Funds	Total	Internal Service Funds		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES							
Receipts from Customers and Users	\$ 298,238	\$ 299,676	\$ 110,112	\$ 708,026	\$ 196,677		
Receipts from Interfund Services Provided	3,717 (103,109)	2,612 (169,450)	20,840 (34,686)	27,169 (307,245)	17,155 (85,233)		
Payments to Employees	(68,533)	(68,219)	(75,340)	(212,092)	(103,041)		
Payments for Interfund Services Used	(18,041)	(12,807)	(8,188)	(39,036)	(1,225)		
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	112,272	51,812	12,738	176,822	24,333		
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers from Other Funds	7,738	352	666	8,756	463		
Transfers from Governmental Funds	80	84	1,239	1,403	2,143		
Transfers to Other Funds	(220) (2,162)	(234) (1,365)	(2,409)	(454) (5,936)	(8,765) (3,574)		
Operating Grants Received	39	1,020	561	1,620	-		
Proceeds from Advances and Deposits Payments for Advances and Deposits	341	1,060	(5)	1,401	-		
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	5,816	917	52	6,785	(9,733)		
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
Proceeds from Contracts, Notes and Loans Proceeds from Capital Contributions	94,806 16,628	57,024 21,295	- 735	151,830 38,658	1,488		
Acquisition of Capital Assets	(50,751)	(40,527)	(4,957)	(96,235)	(11,735)		
Proceeds from the Sale of Capital Assets	-	861	-	861	1,571		
Principal Payments on Capital Leases Principal Payments on Contracts, Notes and Loans	- (4,006)	- (851)	(1,045)	(1,045) (4,857)	(4,529)		
Principal Payments on Revenue Bonds	(36,360)	(12,885)	-	(49,245)	-		
Interest Paid on Long-Term Debt	(42,388)	(25,730)	(71)	(68,189)	(360)		
NET CASH USED FOR CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(22,071)	(813)	(5,338)	(28,222)	(13,565)		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES							
Sales of Investments	320,588	146,799	-	467,387	-		
Purchases of Investments	(400,677)	(145,515)		(546,192)			
Interest Received on Investments	11,806	13,400	6,447	31,653	4,860		
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(68,283)	14,684	6,447	(47,152)	4,860		
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	27,734	66,600	13,899	108,233	5,895		
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	177,495	158,738	120,887	457,120	106,324		
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	\$ 205,229	\$ 225,338	\$ 134,786	\$ 565,353	\$ 112,219		
Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year to the Statement							
of Net Assets:							
Cash and Investments	\$ 205,229	\$ 196,510	\$ 100,397	\$ 502,136	\$ 112,079		
Restricted Cash and Investments	101,168	77,587	34,389	213,144	140		
Less Investments not meeting the definition of cash equivalents	(101,168)	(48,759)		(149,927)			
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ 205,229	\$ 225,338	\$ 134,786	\$ 565,353	\$ 112,219		
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used For) Operating Activities:							
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ 44,803	\$ 28,820	\$ (475)	\$ 73,148	\$ (770)		
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to							
Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities:							
Depreciation Changes in Assets and Liabilities:	69,696	27,644	9,712	107,052	16,645		
(Increase) Decrease in Receivables:							
Accounts - Net Claims - Net	(5,706)	(6,312)	1,005	(11,013)	(1,390)		
Contributions	-	-	-	-	(66)		
From Other Funds	-	-	73	73	-		
(Increase) Decrease in Inventories	- 2	(996) (47)	(22) 14	(1,018) (31)	688 (963)		
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable	2,925	1,629	(917)	3,637	(2,392)		
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Wages and Benefits Increase (Decrease) in Other Accrued Liabilities	(124)	2	(344) (60)	(466) (60)	(781)		
Increase (Decrease) in Due to Other Funds	-	-	-	(00)	1,400		
Increase (Decrease) in Due to Other Agencies	(2,752)	565	-	(2,187)	-		
Increase (Decrease) in Unearned Revenue Increase (Decrease) in Contract Deposits	- (181)	(2,285) 418	313 (152)	(1,972) 85	(23)		
Increase (Decrease) in Arbitrage Liability	14	17	-	31	-		
Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences Increase (Decrease) in Liability Claims	(370) 864	(137) 2,312	(654)	(1,161) 3,176	959 11,015		
Increase (Decrease) in Estimated Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care	-	-	2,124	2,124	-		
Increase (Decrease) in Net Pension Obligation Other Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses)	8 3,093	7 175	7 2,114	22 5,382	(45) 49		
Total Adjustments	67,469	22,992	13,213	103,674	25,103		
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ 112,272	\$ 51,812	\$ 12,738	\$ 176,822	\$ 24,333		
Noncash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activites:							
Developer Contributed Assets	\$ 43,157 (2,052)	\$ 59,564	\$ -	\$ 102,721	\$-		
Increase (Decrease) in Capital Assets related Accounts Payable Noncash Retirement of Capital Assets	(3,953) (9,004)	(3,898) (5,937)	1,129	(6,722) (14,941)	51		
Proceeds of Refunding Notes Issued	144,400	-	-	144,400	-		
Repayment of Refunding Bonds to Escrow Change in Fair Value of Investments	(144,400)	(652)	-	(144,400) (652)	-		
onunge ni i un value or miveamenta	-	(052)	-	(052)	-		

### FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS June 30, 2007 (In Thousands)

	Pension & Employee Savings Trust	Investment Trust	Agency	
SSETS				
Cash or Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$ 6,497	\$ 2,323	\$ 32,459	
Cash with Custodian/Fiscal Agent	527,795	-	-	
Investments at Fair Value:				
Short Term Investments	52,999	-	-	
Domestic Fixed Income Securities (Bonds)	810,554	-	-	
International Fixed Income Securities (Bonds)	176,388	-	-	
Domestic Equity Securities (Stocks)	2,021,800	-	-	
International Equity Securities (Stocks)	900,229	-	-	
Mortgages	3	-	-	
Real Estate Equity and Real Estate Securities	440,972	-	-	
Defined Contribution Investments	745,461	-	-	
Receivables:				
Accounts - Net	-	-	76	
Contributions	28,092	-	-	
Accrued Interest	13,742	39	26	
Loans	29,417	-	-	
Securities Sold	79,154	-	-	
Prepaid Expenses	63	-	-	
Securities Lending Collateral	854,631	-	-	
Restricted Cash and Investments	-	-	8,312	
Capital Assets - Depreciable	201			
TOTAL ASSETS	6,687,998	2,362	\$ 40,873	
IABILITIES				
Accounts Payable	7,965	-	\$ 1,523	
Accrued Wages and Benefits	572	-	-	
Deposits/Advances from Others	-	-	13,300	
Trust Liabilities	-	-	26,050	
DROP Liability	271,596	-	-	
Net Pension Obligation	776	-	-	
Securities Lending Obligations	854,631	-	-	
Securities Purchased	88,022			
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,223,562		\$ 40,873	
IET ASSETS				
Held in Trust for Pension Benefits and Other Purposes	\$ 5,464,436	\$ 2,362		

#### FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS Year Ended June 30, 2007 (In Thousands)

	Pension & Employee Savings Trust		Investment Trust		Total	
ADDITIONS						
Employer Contributions	\$	253,271	\$	-	\$	253,271
Employee Contributions		101,708		-		101,708
Retiree Contributions		6,727		-		6,727
Contributions to Pooled Investments		-		4,296		4,296
Earnings on Investments:						
Investment Income		799,542		261		799,803
Investment Expense		(21,682)		-		(21,682)
Net Investment Income		777,860		261		778,121
Securities Lending Income:						
Gross Earnings		35,580		-		35,580
Borrower Rebates		(33,216)		-		(33,216)
Administrative Expenses (Lending Agent)		(633)		-		(633)
Net Securities Lending Income		1,731		-		1,731
Other Income:						
Litigation Proceeds		619		-		619
TOTAL OPERATING ADDITIONS		1,141,916		4,557		1,146,473
DEDUCTIONS						
DROP Interest Expense		20,263		-		20,263
Benefit and Claim Payments		327,401		-		327,401
Distributions from Pooled Investments		-		8,866		8,866
Administration		18,730		-		18,730
TOTAL OPERATING DEDUCTIONS		366,394		8,866		375,260
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS		775,522		(4,309)		771,213
Net Assets at Beginning of Year		4,688,914		6,671		4,695,585
NET ASSETS AT END OF YEAR	\$	5,464,436	\$	2,362	\$	5,466,798

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (In Thousands)

The City of San Diego (the "City") adopted its current charter on April 7, 1931 and operates as a municipality in accordance with State laws. Since adoption, the City Charter has been amended several times. The most recent amendments were added with voter approval of Propositions A, B and C during the June 3, 2008 election. Some of the amendments, which have taken effect immediately, include a more clear separation of the City's internal auditing function from supervision of the Manager (Mayor) by creating the new office of the City Auditor, which is supervised by a restructured Audit Committee. The Audit Committee will be restructured to consist of two Councilmembers, one being chair, and three public members. The public members must have at least 10 years of professional finance experience, and would be appointed from candidates recommended from a screening committee comprised of the Chief Financial Officer (CFO), the Independent Budget Analyst (IBA), a Councilmember, and two outside experts. Proposition C also provides that the Manager (Mayor) would appoint, with Council confirmation, the CFO who would assume the City's accounting responsibilities and oversee the City Treasurer. The measure also makes the Office of the IBA permanent, which would otherwise expire if the strong-mayor form of government does not get approved permanently in the year 2010.

The accounting policies of the City conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the City's significant accounting policies:

### a. Financial Reporting Entity

As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the primary government and its component units, entities for which the primary government is considered to be financially accountable.

Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the primary government's operations and as a result, data from these units are combined with data of the primary government (references within this document to "the City" are referring to the primary government). Component units should be included in the reporting entity financial statements using the blending method if either of the following criteria is met:

- i. The component unit's governing body is substantively the same as the governing body of the primary government (the City).
- ii. The component unit provides services entirely, or almost entirely, to the primary government or otherwise exclusively, or almost exclusively, benefits the primary government even though it does not provide services directly to it.

Included within the reporting entity as blended component units are the following:

- Centre City Development Corporation
- City of San Diego/Metropolitan Transit Development Board Authority
- Community Facility and Other Special Assessment Districts
- Convention Center Expansion Financing Authority
- Public Facilities Financing Authority
- Redevelopment Agency of the City of San Diego
- San Diego Data Processing Corporation
- San Diego Facilities and Equipment Leasing Corporation

- San Diego Industrial Development Authority
- San Diego Open Space Park Facilities District #1
- Southeastern Economic Development Corporation
- San Diego City Employees' Retirement System
- Tobacco Settlement Revenue Funding Corporation

A brief description of each blended component unit follows:

- Centre City Development Corporation, Inc. (CCDC) is a not-for-profit public benefit corporation established in 1975 to administer certain redevelopment projects in downtown San Diego and to provide redevelopment advisory services to the Redevelopment Agency of the City of San Diego. CCDC's budget and governing board are approved by the City Council and services are provided exclusively to the primary government. CCDC is reported as a governmental fund. Financial statements can be requested from Centre City Development Corporation, 225 Broadway, Suite 1100, San Diego, California 92101.
- The City of San Diego/Metropolitan Transit Development Board Authority (MTDB Authority) is a financing authority which
  was established in 1988 and acquires and constructs mass transit guide ways, public transit systems, and related
  transportation facilities primarily benefiting the residents of the City of San Diego. The City appoints two Council members
  to the governing board and the MTDB Authority appoints one. The MTDB Authority primarily provides services to the
  primary government. The MTDB Authority is reported as a governmental fund. Financial statements can be requested
  from the Office of the City Comptroller, 202 C Street, San Diego, California 92101.
- The City maintains various Community Facility, Maintenance Assessment and Business Improvement Districts to pay for the construction, maintenance and improvement of community facilities and infrastructure. The governing body of Special Assessment Districts and Community Facilities Districts (special districts) is the City Council. Among its duties, it approves the budgets of special districts, parcel fees, special assessments, and special taxes. The special districts are reported in governmental fund types.
- The Convention Center Expansion Financing Authority (CCEFA) was established in 1996 to acquire and construct the
  expansion to the existing convention center. During the period reported, the governing board was administered by the
  Mayor, the Port of San Diego Director, and a member of the Board of Commissioners for the Port of San Diego. The
  CCEFA provides services which primarily benefit the primary government. CCEFA is reported as a governmental fund.
  Financial statements can be requested from the Office of the City Comptroller, 202 C Street, San Diego, California 92101.
- The Public Facilities Financing Authority (PFFA) was established in 1991 and currently acquires and constructs public capital improvements. PFFA is governed by a five member board appointed by the primary government. PFFA provides services exclusively to the primary government. Financing for governmental funds is reported as a governmental activity and financing for enterprise funds is reported as a business-type activity. Financial statements can be requested from the Office of the City Comptroller, 202 C Street, San Diego, California 92101.
- The Redevelopment Agency of the City of San Diego (RDA) was established in 1958 in order to provide a method for revitalizing deteriorating and blighted areas of the City and began functioning in 1969 under the authority granted by the community redevelopment law. The City Council is the governing board and the RDA is reported as a governmental fund. Complete stand-alone financial statements can be requested from the Office of the City Comptroller, 202 C Street, San Diego, California 92101.

- San Diego Data Processing Corporation (SDDPC) was formed in 1979 as a not-for-profit public benefit corporation for the
  purpose of providing data processing services. SDDPC's budget and governing board are approved by the City Council.
  SDDPC provides services almost exclusively to the primary government. SDDPC is reported as an Internal Service Fund.
  Financial statements can be requested from San Diego Data Processing Corporation, 5975 Santa Fe Street, San Diego,
  California 92109.
- The San Diego Facilities and Equipment Leasing Corporation (SDFELC) is a not-for-profit public benefit corporation
  established in 1987 for the purpose of acquiring and leasing to the City real and personal property to be used in the
  municipal operations of the City. The City Council appoints two of the three members of the governing board and services
  are exclusively to the primary government. Financing for governmental funds is reported as a governmental activity and
  financing for enterprise funds is reported as a business-type activity. Financial statements can be requested from the
  Office of the City Comptroller, 202 C Street, San Diego, California 92101.
- The San Diego Industrial Development Authority (SDIDA) was established in 1983 by the City for the purpose of providing an alternate method of financing to participating parties for economic development purposes. The City Council is the governing board. SDIDA is reported as a governmental fund. Financial statements can be requested from the Office of the City Comptroller, 202 C Street, San Diego, California 92101.
- The San Diego Open Space Park Facilities District #1 (SDOSPFD) was established in 1978 by the City for the purpose of acquiring open space properties to implement the Open Space Element of the City's General Plan. The boundaries are contiguous with those of the City. The City Council is the governing board. SDOSPFD is reported as a governmental fund. Financial statements can be requested from the Office of the City Comptroller, 202 C Street, San Diego, California 92101.
- Southeastern Economic Development Corporation (SEDC) is a not-for-profit public benefit corporation organized in 1980 by the City to administer certain redevelopment projects in southeast San Diego and to provide redevelopment advisory services to RDA. SEDC's budget and governing board are approved by the City Council and services are provided exclusively to the primary government. SEDC is reported as a governmental fund. Financial statements can be requested from the Southeastern Economic Development Corporation, 995 Gateway Center Way, Suite 300, San Diego, California 92102.
- San Diego City Employees' Retirement System (SDCERS) was established in 1927 by the City and provides retirement, health insurance, disability, and death benefits. Currently, SDCERS also administers the Port of San Diego and the San Diego County Regional Airport Authority defined benefit plans.

SDCERS is a legally separate, blended component unit of the City of San Diego. It is managed by a Board of Administration, the majority of which is appointed by the City of San Diego, and a Pension Administrator who does not report to, or work under the direction of the elected officials or appointed managers of the City of San Diego. SDCERS provides services almost exclusively to the primary government. Additionally, during the period reported, SDCERS utilized legal counsel independent of the City of San Diego. As such, the City does not maintain direct operational oversight of SDCERS or its financial reports.

SDCERS is reported as a pension and employee savings trust fund. Complete stand-alone financial statements can be requested from the San Diego City Employees' Retirement System, 401 West A Street, Suite 400, San Diego, California 92101.

• The Tobacco Settlement Revenue Funding Corporation (TSRFC) is a not-for-profit public benefit corporation established in 2006 for the purpose of acquiring the Tobacco Settlement Revenues allocated to the City from the State of California,

pursuant to the Master Settlement Agreement. TSRFC is governed by the Board of Directors which consists of two officials of the City and one independent director. The independent director shall be appointed by the Mayor or the remaining directors. TSRFC is reported as a governmental fund. Financial statements can be requested from the Office of the City Comptroller, 202 C Street, San Diego, California, 92101.

Discretely presented component units, which are also legally separate entities, have financial data reported in a separate column from the financial data of the primary government to demonstrate they are financially and legally separate from the primary government.

There are two entities which are discretely presented component units:

• San Diego Convention Center Corporation (SDCCC)

SDCCC is a not-for-profit public benefit corporation originally organized to market, operate and maintain the San Diego Convention Center. On August 1, 1993, SDCCC assumed similar responsibility for the Civic Theatre. The City is the sole member of SDCCC and acts through the San Diego City Council in accordance with the City Charter and the City's Municipal Code. The City appoints seven voting members out of the nine-member Board of Directors of SDCCC. The City is liable for any operating deficits and would be secondarily liable for any debt issuances of SDCCC. SDCCC is discretely presented because it provides services directly to the citizens. Complete stand-alone financial statements can be requested from San Diego Convention Center Corporation, 111 West Harbor Drive, San Diego, California 92101.

• San Diego Housing Commission (SDHC)

SDHC is a government agency which was formed by the City under Ordinance No. 2515 on December 5, 1978 in accordance with the Housing Authority Law of the State of California. SDHC primarily serves low-income families by providing rental assistance payments, rental housing, loans and grants to individuals and not-for-profit organizations and other services. Members of the Board of Commissioners are appointed by the Mayor and confirmed by the City Council. SDHC is discretely presented because it provides services directly to the citizens. Complete stand-alone financial statements can be requested from San Diego Housing Commission, 1122 Broadway, Suite 300, San Diego, California 92101.

Each blended and discretely presented component unit has a June 30 fiscal year-end.

### b. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from businesstype activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported discretely from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable as to a specific function or segment. Direct expenses reported include administrative and overhead charges. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues and contributions.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, the latter of which are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

### c. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

**Government-wide financial statements** are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary and fiduciary funds financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements have been met.

The business-type activities and proprietary funds financial statements apply all effective pronouncements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB"). In addition, these statements apply all Accounting Principles Board Opinions ("APBO") and Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, except those that conflict with GASB pronouncements.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the government's water and sewer functions and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

All internal service funds, except for the Special Engineering Fund, have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements since they predominantly benefit governmental functions. The Special Engineering Fund, which services exclusively water and sewer activities, has been included within business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Amounts reported as program revenues include (1) charges to customers for goods, services, or privileges provided, (2) operating grants and contributions, and (3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. General revenues include all taxes and investment income.

**Governmental funds financial statements** are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period.

Revenues which are considered susceptible to accrual include: real and personal property taxes; other local taxes; franchise fees; fines, forfeitures and penalties; motor vehicle license fees; rents and concessions; interest; charges for services; and state and federal grants and subventions, provided they are received within 60 days from the end of the fiscal year.

Licenses and permits, including parking citations, and miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenues when received in cash because they generally are not measurable until actually received.

Expenditures are recognized when the related fund liability is incurred except for (1) principal and interest of general longterm debt which are recognized when due; and (2) employee annual leave and claims and judgments from litigation which are recorded in the period due and payable since such amounts will not currently be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. The governmental funds financial statements do not present long-term debt, but the related debt is shown in the reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Assets. Bond premiums, discounts and issuance costs are recognized during the current period.

**Proprietary funds** distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's proprietary funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

**Fiduciary funds** are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and/or other governmental units, and include pension and employee savings trust, investment trust, and agency funds. Pension and Employee Savings Trust Funds are reported using the same measurement focus and basis of accounting as Proprietary Funds. Agency funds are reported using the accrual basis of accounting.

The following is the City's major governmental fund:

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The following are the City's major Enterprise Funds:

<u>Sewer Utility Fund</u> - The sewer utility fund is used to account for the operation, maintenance and development of the City's sewer system. The City's sewer utility fund includes activities related to the performance of services for Participating Agencies.

<u>Water Utility Fund</u> - The water utility fund is used to account for operating and maintenance costs, replacements, betterments, expansion of facilities, and payments necessary in obtaining water from the Colorado River and the State Water Project.

The following are the City's other fund types:

<u>Internal Service Funds</u> - These funds account for vehicle and transportation, printing, engineering, data processing, and storeroom services provided to City departments on a cost-reimbursement basis. Internal service funds also account for self-insurance activities, including workers' compensation and long-term disability programs, which derive revenues from rates charged to benefiting departments. This fund type also accounts for the public liability reserve, which was established for the purpose of paying liability claims.

<u>Pension and Employee Savings Trust Funds</u> - These funds account for the San Diego City Employees' Retirement System, the Supplemental Pension Savings Plan (SPSP), and the 401(k) Plan.

<u>Investment Trust Fund</u> - This fund was established to account for equity that legally separate entities have in the City Treasurer's investment pool. The Automated Regional Justice Information System (ARJIS), the San Diego Graphic Information Source (SanGIS), and the Abandoned Vehicle Abatement (AVA) are all legally separate entities which have cash invested in the City Treasurer's investment pool.

<u>Agency Funds</u> - These funds account for assets held by the City as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and other governments, including federal and state income taxes withheld from employees, parking citation revenues, and certain employee benefit plans.

# d. Property Taxes

The County of San Diego (the "County") assesses, bills, and collects property taxes on behalf of numerous special districts and incorporated cities, including the City of San Diego. The City's collections of the current year's taxes are received through periodic apportionments from the County.

The County's tax calendar is from July 1 to June 30. Property taxes attach as a lien on property on January 1. Taxes are levied on July 1 and are payable in two equal installments on November 1 and February 1, and become delinquent after December 10 and April 10, respectively. Since the passage of California's Proposition 13, beginning with fiscal year ended 1979, general property taxes are based either on a flat 1% rate applied to the 1975-76 full value of the property or on 1% of the sales price of any property sold or of the cost of any new construction after the 1975-76 valuation. Taxable values of properties (exclusive of increases related to sales and new construction) can increase by a maximum of 2% per year. The Proposition 13 limitation on general property taxes does not apply to taxes levied to pay the debt service on any indebtedness approved by the voters prior to June 6, 1978 (the date of passage of Proposition 13).

At the government-wide level, property tax revenue is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes have been levied. Property taxes received after the fiscal year in which they were levied are not considered available as a resource that can be used to finance the current year operations of the City and, therefore, are recorded as deferred revenue in the governmental funds. The City provides an allowance for uncollected property taxes of 3% of the outstanding balance which reflects historical collections.

As a result of the recent decline in median residential home prices in the City, property owners can appeal the assessment value of their property to the County Assessment Appeals Board. In the event of a successful appeal, the County Assessor may reduce the taxable value of a property and/or provide a refund to affected property owners. Reductions of taxable property value within the City of San Diego will have a negative impact on future tax collections until assessed valuations increase.

### e. Cash and Investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents for Statement of Cash Flows purposes are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, restricted cash, and investments held by the City Treasurer in a cash management investment pool and reported at market value. Cash equivalents reported in the Statement of Cash Flows for the Water and Sewer Utilities do not include restricted investments represented as Restricted Cash and Investments with a maturity date greater than ninety days.

The City's cash resources are combined to form a cash and investment pool managed by the City Treasurer (the pool). The pool is not registered as an investment company with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) nor is it a 2a7–like pool. The investment activities of the Treasurer in managing the pool are governed by California Government Code § 53601 and the City's Investment Policy, which is reviewed by the Investment Advisory Committee and approved annually by the City Council. Interest earned on pooled investments is allocated to participating funds and entities based upon their average daily cash balance during the allocation month. Fair market value adjustments to the pool are recorded annually; however, the City Treasury reports on market values monthly. The value of the shares in the pool is equal to the fair market value of the pool.

The pool participates in the California State Treasurer's Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF). Investments in LAIF are governed by State statutes and overseen by a five member Local Investment Advisory Board. The fair value of the City's position in LAIF may be greater or less than the value of the shares. Investments in LAIF are valued in these financial statements using a fair value factor provided by LAIF applied to the value of the City's shares in the investment pool.

It has been the City's policy to allow the General Fund to receive interest earned by certain governmental funds, internal service funds and agency funds, unless expressly stated in the resolutions creating individual funds. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, approximately \$4,714 interest was assigned from various funds to the General Fund. These transactions caused an increase in the "transfers from" amount for the General Fund and a corresponding increase in the "transfer to" amount for the fund disbursing the interest. In the case of negative interest, these transactions caused an increase in the "transfers from" amount for the negative interest and a corresponding increase in the "transfer to" amount for the General Fund.

Certain governmental funds maintain investments outside of the City's investment pool. These funds are supervised and controlled by a five member Funds Commission which is appointed by the Mayor and confirmed by the City Council. The Funds Commission engages money managers to direct the investments of these funds. Additionally, the City and its component units maintain individual accounts pursuant to bond issuances and major construction contracts which may or may not be related to debt issuances. The investment of these funds is governed by the policies set forth in individual indenture and trustee agreements. Certain component units of the City also participate in LAIF separately from the City Treasurer's investment pool.

All City investments are reported at fair value in accordance with the GASB 31, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and External Investment Pools.* Note 3 of the notes to the financial statements contain additional information on permissible investments per the City investment policy and other policies applicable to the cash and investments reported herein.

The discharge of fiduciary duties by SDCERS' Board is governed by Section 144 of the City Charter and Article XVI, Section 17 of the California State Constitution. Investment decisions are made on a risk versus return basis in a total portfolio context. SDCERS' Board has the authority to delegate investment management duties to outside advisors, to seek the advice of outside investment counsel, and to provide oversight and monitoring of the investment managers it hires. Furthermore, under the California State Constitution and other relevant authorities, SDCERS' Board may, at its discretion, and when prudent in the informed opinion of the Board, invest funds in any form or type of investment, financial instrument, or financial transaction, unless otherwise limited by the San Diego City Council. SDCERS' agents, in SDCERS' name, manage all investments.

SDCERS' investments are reported at fair value in the accompanying Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets. SDCERS' custodian, State Street Bank & Trust Company, provides the market values of exchange traded assets. In the case of debt securities acquired through private placements, SDCERS' contract investment advisors compute fair value based on market yields and average maturity dates of comparable quoted securities. Short-term investments are reported at cost or amortized cost, which approximates fair value. Real estate equity investment fair values are based on either annual valuation estimates provided by SDCERS' contract real estate advisors or by independent certified appraisers. Fair value of investments in commingled funds of publicly traded securities are based on the funds' underlying asset values determined from published market prices and quotations from major investment firms.

### f. Inventories

Inventories reported in the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary funds financial statements, which consist of water in storage and supplies, are valued at the lower of cost or market. Such inventories are expensed when consumed using primarily the first-in, first-out (FIFO) and weighted-average methods, respectively. Inventory supplies of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when purchased.

### g. Land Held for Resale

Land Held for Resale, purchased by RDA, is reported in the government-wide and fund financial statements at the lower of cost or net realizable value.

# h. Deferred Charges

In the government-wide and proprietary funds financial statements, Deferred Charges represent the unamortized portion of bond issuance costs. These costs will be amortized over the life of the related bonds using a method which approximates the effective yield method.

# i. Capital Assets

Non-depreciable Capital Assets, which include land and construction-in-progress, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements, as well as in the Proprietary Fund's financial statements.

Depreciable Capital Assets, which include structures and improvements, equipment, distribution and collection systems, and infrastructure, are reported net of accumulated depreciation in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements, as well as in the Proprietary Fund's financial statements. To meet the criteria for capitalization, an asset must have a useful life in excess of one year and in the case of equipment outlay, must equal or exceed a capitalization threshold of five thousand dollars. All other capital assets such as land, structures, infrastructure, and distribution and collection systems are capitalized regardless of cost. Subsequent improvements are capitalized to the extent that they extend the initial estimated useful life of the capitalized asset, or improve the efficiency or capacity of that asset. Costs for routine maintenance are expensed as incurred. Interest expense incurred during the construction phase of business-type capital assets are reflected in the capitalized value of the asset constructed. During fiscal year 2007, \$14,866 of interest expense incurred was capitalized, which is calculated net of related interest revenue of \$1,132.

Capital assets, when purchased or constructed, are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at the estimated fair market value on the date of donation. Depreciation of capital assets is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of the asset as follows:

Assets	Years
Structures and Improvements	
Buildings	40 - 50
Building Improvements	15 - 40
Equipment	
Automobiles and Light Trucks	5 - 10
Construction and Maintenance Vehicles	5 - 20
General Machinery and Office Equipment	3 - 25
Distribution and Collection Systems	
Sewer Pipes and Water Mains	15 - 150
Reservoirs	100 - 150
Infrastructure	
Pavement and Traffic Signals	12 - 50
Bridges	75
Hardscape	20 - 50
Flood Control Assets	40 - 75

# j. Disposition and Development Agreements

RDA and McMillin-NTC, LLC entered into a Disposition and Development Agreement, dated June 26, 2000, and a Third Implementation Agreement, dated May 6, 2003, which were executed for the purpose of effectuating the Redevelopment Plan at the Naval Training Center Redevelopment Project, in addition to constructing and installing additional infrastructure improvements as required by the City. The developer has agreed to advance the funds needed to pay for infrastructure costs. RDA has consistently reimbursed McMillin-NTC, LLC for eligible costs as they are billed, therefore, this agreement is not treated as a loan, and instead expenditures are recognized as payments are made to the developer and a corresponding capital asset is recorded in the government-wide financial statements.

On March 30, 2004 RDA entered into a Disposition and Development Agreement with Western Pacific Housing for a condominium development project in the North Park Redevelopment Project Area. Under the agreement, RDA promised to pay the maximum aggregate principal amount of \$3,000, of which \$2,100 represents the Affordability component of RDA's Payment Obligation, and \$900 represents the Public Improvement component. The Affordability component is subject to an adjustment based on the actual project sales revenue proceeds received by the Developer. This adjustment amount cannot be computed until all 45 affordable units are sold. The principal amount outstanding bears simple interest at a rate equal to 5% per annum. Solely for the purposes of calculating the amount of interest payable, the developer shall be deemed to have paid an amount equal to 25% of RDA's Payment Obligation as of the date which is 195 days after closing of escrow, 50% as of the date which is 390 days after closing of escrow, 75% as of the date which is 585 days after closing of escrow, and 100% at the completion date, which is the date on which the release of construction covenants under the agreement have been recorded in the official records of the San Diego County. For purposes of calculating the amount of interest payable, the principal amounts stated above will be reduced by a 10% per annum applied on a pro rata basis for the period of time the Developer is not in compliance with the schedule of performance dates stated in the agreement for commencement and completion of construction. All payments shall be made from the site-generated property tax increment. To date, only the \$900, representing the Public Improvement component of RDA's Payment Obligation, has been recognized as a liability since the remaining \$2,100, representing the Affordability component of RDA's Payment Obligation, is subject to adjustment upon final sales of all 45 affordable units, which has yet to occur.

# k. Unearned/Deferred Revenue

In the government-wide and all fund level financial statements, unearned revenue represents amounts received which have not been earned. The government-wide financial statements include revenues earned from developer credits, which are not reported in governmental funds because they are non-monetary transactions. In the governmental funds financial statements, deferred revenue represents revenues which have been earned but have not met the recognition criteria based on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

### I. Interfund Transactions

# The City has the following types of interfund transactions:

Loans – amounts provided with a requirement for repayment. Interfund loans are normally reported as interfund receivables (i.e. Receivables from Other Funds) in lender funds and interfund payables (i.e. Due to Other Funds) in borrower funds. The non-current portions of long-term interfund loans receivable are reported as advances. There is one interfund loan between the Facilities Benefit Assessments (FBA) Fund and the Sewer Utility Fund, for developer fees owed for the Carmel Valley Trunk sewer project, which is reported as an Interfund Loan Receivable/Payable at the fund level and included with Internal Balances on the government-wide Statement of Net Assets.

Services provided and used – sales and purchases of goods and services between funds for a price approximating their external exchange value. Interfund services provided and used are reported as revenues in seller funds and expenditures or expenses in purchaser funds. Unpaid amounts are reported as interfund receivables and payables in the fund balance sheets or fund statements of net assets.

**Reimbursements** – repayments from the funds responsible for particular expenditures or expenses to the funds that initially paid for them. Reimbursement is reported as expenditures or expenses in the reimbursing fund and a reduction of expenditures or expenses in the paying fund.

**Transfers** – flows of assets (such as cash or goods) without equivalent flows of assets in return, and without a requirement for repayment. In governmental funds, transfers are reported as other financing uses in the funds making transfers and as other financing sources in the funds receiving transfers. In proprietary funds, transfers are reported after non-operating revenues and expenses.

### m. Long-Term Liabilities

In the government-wide and proprietary funds financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary funds statements of net assets. Capital appreciation bond accretion, bond premiums and discounts, and bond refunding gains and losses are amortized over the life of the bonds using a method which approximates the effective yield method. Net bonds payable reflects amortized bond accretion and unamortized bond discounts, premiums and refunding gains and losses. Bond accretion is not offset against capital assets as are discounts, premiums and refunding gains and losses.

### n. Sundry Trust Liabilities

Under approval of certain agreements, developers submit to RDA an initial deposit to ensure the Developer proceeds diligently and in good faith to negotiate and perform all of the obligations under the agreement. These deposits can normally be used for administrative costs of RDA. In the government-wide financial statements and in the fund financial statements, the unspent portion of these deposits, called Sundry Trust Liabilities, are reported as liabilities of RDA.

### o. <u>Compensated Absences</u>

The City provides combined annual leave to cover both vacation and sick leave. It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate between 8.75 weeks and 17.5 weeks of earned but unused annual leave, depending on hire date. Accumulation of these earnings will be paid to employees upon separation from service.

The liability for compensated absences reported in the government-wide, proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements consists of unpaid, accumulated vacation and sick leave balances. The liability has been calculated using the vesting method, in which leave amounts for both employees who currently are eligible to receive termination payments and other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments upon termination are included. The liability has been calculated based on the employees' current salary level and includes salary related costs (e.g. Social Security and Medicare Tax). A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

### p. Claims and Judgments

The costs of claims and judgments are accrued when incurred and measurable in the government-wide financial statements and both proprietary and fiduciary funds financial statements. In governmental funds, the costs of claims and judgments are recorded as expenditures when payments are due and payable.

### q. Non-Monetary Transactions

The City, as part of approving new development in the community planning process, requires that certain public facilities be constructed per the provisions of community financing plans. Historically, the City has agreed to pay a pro rata share of these assets. In lieu of providing direct funding for these assets, the City often provides developers with credits (also referred to as FBA credits) for future permit fees. These credits are earned by the developer upon successful completion of construction phases and when City engineers have accepted the work. The credits are recognized as permit revenue upon issuance and a corresponding capital asset is recorded in the government-wide financial statements.

### r. Net Assets

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, net assets are categorized as follows:

- Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding debt attributed to the acquisition of these assets.
- Restricted Net Assets consist of assets with restrictions imposed on them by external creditors, grantors, contributors, laws and regulations of other governments, or law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. It is the City's policy to first apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available. As of June 30, 2007 the amount of restricted net assets due to enabling legislation was approximately \$277,000.
- Unrestricted Net Assets consist of net assets that do not meet the definition of Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt or Restricted Net Assets.
- s. Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, portions of fund equity of governmental funds have been reserved for specific purposes. Reservations are created to either (1) satisfy legal covenants that require a portion of the fund balance to be segregated, or (2) identify the portion of the fund balance that is not appropriable for future expenditures.

Designated fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity for which the City has made tentative plans.

Undesignated fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity which is available for appropriation in future periods.

### t. <u>Reserves</u>

City Charter Section 91 titled "General Reserve Fund" was approved by the voters on November 6, 1962. This section requires Council to create and maintain a General Reserve Fund for the purpose of keeping the payment of running expenses of the City on a cash basis. Section 91 requires the reserve be maintained in an amount sufficient to meet all legal demands against the City Treasury for the first four months or other necessary period of each fiscal year prior to the collection of taxes. This fund may be expended only in the event of a public emergency by the affirmative vote of two-thirds of the City Council. The argument for this charter section given by the Citizens Charter Review Committee, commissioned in 1962, was to "strengthen the financial position of the City through the more efficient utilization of tax monies by reducing the amount of taxes collected and lying idle during a great part of the year, and through focusing responsibility for fiscal policies on the elected City Council."

On February 28, 1984, the City Attorney's Office issued Opinion No. 84-3 which addresses issues in regards to the City's compliance with the funding requirements of Charter Section 91. In the opinion of the City Attorney, "To the extent that the legislative body approves the issuance of short term notes, commonly referred to as Tax or Revenue Anticipation

Notes, pursuant to Section 92 titled "Borrowing Money on Short Term Notes"; or authorizes temporary loans to any taxsupported fund from any other funds in the treasury pursuant to Section 93 titled "Loans and Advances", the General Reserve Fund required under section 91 can be reduced." Therefore, the funding requirements of Charter Section 91 have been satisfied through a combination of the General Fund management reserve of \$95,031 reported within the General Fund column of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet in Undesignated Fund Balance, and the provisions set forth in Charter Sections 92 and 93 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007.

In September 2007, the City Attorney's Office issued a new opinion that supersedes, in part, the opinion issued on February 28, 1984. The revised opinion states that the Charter Section 91 General Reserve must be a separate, legal fund. This fund, separate from the General Fund, must be funded if not at a "four month operating expenditure" level then at a level of such "other necessary funding." The City Attorney's Opinion referenced the guidance of the Government Finance Officer's Association, which recommends a level between 5% and 15% of operating expenditures as the benchmark for interpreting the required funding level that meets the intent of the City's voters. Per the City Attorney's opinion, the City has created a separate General Reserve Fund in fiscal year 2008, and the General Fund reserve monies were transferred to that separate fund and reported therein in all future financial statements. The City Council also approved the Mayor's "City Reserve Policy" with Ordinance 19679 on November 13, 2007. This is a formal fiscal reserve policy that establishes a General Fund Reserve that will be set at a minimum of 8% of annual General Fund Revenues. This adopted policy sets the goal for the City to reach this level of funding by fiscal year 2012.

The City also has an internal reserve policy in relation to certain governmental long term liabilities which are repaid with Transient Occupancy Tax revenues. When the liabilities are incurred by the City, the City creates policy reserves equal to one half of the annually required lease payments in the form of a rate stabilization reserve for each liability. The purpose of the internal reserve is to make the lease payments when they are due; even if there are unanticipated fluctuations in the Transient Occupancy Tax receipts that could potentially impact the timely payment of lease payments for such liabilities. In addition to the internal rate stabilization reserve, the City may also maintain cash funded debt service reserve funds or surety guarantees with trustees in accordance with the bond indentures that exist for these liabilities. As of June 30, 2007, the following is a schedule of all such rate stabilization reserves (in whole dollars) by fund:

Rate Stabilization Reserve	CAFR Section	CAFR Column	Amount
Convention Center Expansion	Special Revenue	Transient Occupancy Tax	\$ 6,850,531
Petco Park (PFFA-Ballpark)	Special Revenue	Transient Occupancy Tax	7,520,345
Balboa Park (SDFELC)	Special Revenue	Transient Occupancy Tax	3,286,878
Trolley (MTDB)	Special Revenue	Public Transportation	2,043,591
			\$ 19,701,345

### u. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of certain assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the related amounts of revenues and expenses. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Management believes that the estimates are reasonable.

### 2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (In Thousands)

Certain adjustments are necessary to reconcile governmental funds to governmental activities (which includes all internal service funds except the Special Engineering Fund). The reconciliation of these adjustments are as follows:

a. Explanation of certain differences between the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and the Government-wide Statement of Net Assets:

The Governmental Funds Balance Sheet includes a reconciliation between Total Fund Balances-Governmental Funds and Total Net Assets-Governmental Activities as reported in the Government-wide Statement of Net Assets. One element of the reconciliation states, "Other assets and liabilities used in governmental activities are not financial resources, and therefore, are either deferred or not reported in the funds." The details of this \$84,581 difference are as follows:

Deferred Charges, net, July 1, 2006	\$ 24,585
Issuance Costs	5,145
Amortization Expense	(12,434)
Deferred Charges, net, June 30, 2007	 17,296
Deferred Revenue:	
Taxes Receivable	17,388
Sales Taxes Receivable	4,523
Motor Vehicle License Receivable	93
Special Assessments Receivable	1,398
Grants and Other Receivables	43,883
Deferred Revenue, net, June 30, 2007	 67,285
Net Adjustment to increase Total Fund Balances - Governmental	
Funds to arrive at Total Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ 84,581

Another element of the reconciliation states, "Certain liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds." The details of this (\$1,652,421) difference are as follows:

Interest Accrued on Long-Term Debt	\$ (21,255)
Compensated Absenses	(65,542)
Liability Claims	(12,990)
Capital Leases Payable	(31,596)
Contracts Payable	(2,615)
Notes Payable	(8,555)
Loans Payable	(18,775)
Section 108 Loans Payable	(39,431)
SANDAG Loans Payable	(2,287)
Net Bonds Payable	(1,283,678)
Accretion of Interest on Capital Appreciation Bonds	(11,015)
Net Pension Obligation	 (154,682)
Net adjustment to decrease Total Fund Balances - Governmental	
Funds to arrive at Total Net Assets - Governmental Activities	\$ (1,652,421)

b. Explanation of certain differences between the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-wide Statement of Activities:

The Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances includes a reconciliation between "Net Change in Fund Balances-Total Governmental Funds" and "Changes in Net Assets of Governmental Activities" as reported in the Government-wide Statement of Activities. One element of that reconciliation explains, "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense." The details of this \$15,668 difference are as follows:

Capital Projects Other Capital Activities Depreciation Expense	\$ 106,518 36,430 (127,280)
Net Adjustment to increase Net Changes in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds to arrive at Changes in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ 15,668

Another element of the reconciliation states "The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., donations, retirements, and transfers) is to decrease net assets." The details of this (\$66,961) are as follows:

In the Statement of Activities, only the net gain on the sale of land is reported. However, in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net assets differs from the change in fund balances by the net book value of land sold/retired.	\$ (7,339)
Donations and transfers of capital assets decrease net assets in the Statement of Activities, but do not appear in the governmental funds because they are not financial resources.	(36)
The Statement of Activities reports losses arising from the retirement of depreciable capital assets. Conversely, governmental funds do not report any gain or loss on retirements of capital assets. Also included in this entry is a write off of approximately \$40,000 for FBA credit project completions	
from prior years.	 (59,586)
Net adjustment to decrease Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds to arrive at Changes in Net Assets of Governmental	
Activities	\$ (66,961)

Another element of the reconciliation states "The issuance of long-term debt (i.e., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets." The details of this \$34,161 difference are as follows:

Debt Issued or Incurred:	
Capital Leases	\$ (6,167)
Loans Payable	(10,823)
Notes Payable	(2,180)
Revenue Bonds	(156,560)
Special Assessment/Special Tax Bonds	(16,000)
Principal Repayments:	
Capital Leases	4,537
Notes Payable	919
Loans Payable	6,393
Section 108 Loans	3,068
SANDAG Loans	5,068
G.O. Bonds	1,985
Revenue Bonds	19,915
Special Assessment Bonds/Special Tax Bonds	3,980
Tax Allocation Bonds	12,041
Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed Bonds	2,700
Refundings:	
Revenue Bonds	 165,285
Net adjustment to increase Net Changes in Fund Balances -	
Total Governmental Funds to arrive at Changes in Net	
Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ 34,161

Another element of the reconciliation states that "Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources (i.e., compensated absences, net pension obligation) and therefore are not accrued as expenses in governmental funds." The details of this (\$18,546) difference are as follows:

Compensated Absences	\$ (197)
Liability Claims	(12,990)
Net Pension Obligation	(129)
Accrued Interest	373
Current Year Premiums/Discounts and Interest Accretion	
Less Amortization of Bond Premiums	1,686
Issuance Costs Less Current Year Amortization	 (7,289)
Net adjustment to decrease Net Changes in Fund Balances -	
Total Governmental Funds to arrive at Changes in Net	
Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ (18,546)

### 3. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (In Thousands)

The following is a summary of the carrying amount of cash and investments:

	Governmental Activities	iness-Type Activities	of	ary Statement Net Assets than SDCERS	Subtotal	Fiduc	SDCERS ciary Statement Net Assets	Grand Total
Cash and Cash or Equity in								
Pooled Cash and Investments	\$ 1,220,942	\$ 545,302	\$	49,101	\$ 1,815,345	\$	490	\$ 1,815,835
Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agent	140,272	70,877		-	211,149		527,795	738,944
Investments at Fair Value	148,421	102,349		745,461	996,231		4,402,945	5,399,176
Securities Lending Collateral	-	-		-	-		854,631	854,631
TOTAL	\$ 1,509,635	\$ 718,528	\$	794,562	\$ 3,022,725	\$	5,785,861	\$ 8,808,586

### a. Cash and Cash or Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments

Cash and Cash or Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments represents petty cash, cash at the bank in demand deposit and/or savings accounts, and cash in escrow for contract retention payables. Furthermore, it represents equity in pooled cash and investments, which is discussed in further detail below.

As provided for by California Government Code, the cash balances of substantially all funds and certain outside entities are pooled and invested by the City Treasurer for the purpose of increasing interest earnings through investment activities. The respective funds' shares of the total pooled cash and investments are included in the table above, under the caption Cash and Cash or Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments.

The following represents a summary of the items included in the Cash and Cash or Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments line item:

Cash on Hand - Petty Cash	\$	204
Deposit - Held in Escrow Accounts		8,312
Deposit - Cash and Cash Equivalents (Not Pooled)		86
Deposit Overdraft - Cash and Cash Equivalents (Pooled)		(9,358)
Pooled Investments in the City Treasury	1	,816,591
Total Cash and Cash or Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$1	,815,835

				Interest Rate		
Investment	F	air Value	Cost	% Range		Maturity Range
U.S. Treasury Bills	\$	61,630	\$ 61,539	3.39%		12/13/2007
U.S. Treasury Notes & Bonds		399,363	401,415	3.25-4.875%		8/15/2008 - 4/30/2012
U.S. Agency Discount Notes		303,599	300,947	4.92-5.11%	*	7/13/2007 - 5/27/2008
U.S. Agency Notes & Bonds		704,180	707,263	3.1-7.25%		7/2/2007 - 9/2/2/2011
Commercial Paper		139,594	138,877	5.14-5.35%		7/2/2007 - 9/17/2007
Corporate Notes & Bonds		155,350	155,682	3.125-6.875%		7/2/2007 - 10/27/2009
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)		22,889	22,899	5.17%	**	7/1/2007 - 11/16/2007
Repurchase Agreement		29,986	 29,986	5.20%		7/2/2007
	\$	1,816,591	\$ 1,818,608			

A summary of the investments held by the City Treasurer's investment pool as of June 30, 2007 is presented in the table below:

\* Discount Rates

\*\* LAIF - Fair Value is adjusted to account for LAIF factor. Maturity range is based on weighted average maturity of 138 days.

The following represents a condensed statement of net assets and changes in net assets for the City Treasurer's cash and investment pool as of June 30, 2007:

Statement of Net Assets Deposit Overdraft - Cash and Cash Equivalents (Pooled)	\$ (9,358)
Investments of Pool Participants	1,816,591
Accrued Interest Receivable of Internal Pool Participants	17,153
Accrued Interest Receivable of External Pool Participants	39
Total Cash, Investments, and Interest Receivable	1,824,425
Equity of Internal Pool Participants	\$ 1,822,063
Equity of External Pool Participants (SanGIS, ARJIS & AVA) **	2,362
Total Equity	\$ 1,824,425
**Voluntary Participation	
Statement of Changes in Net Assets	
Net Assets Held for Pool Participants at July 1, 2006	\$ 1,411,211
Net Change in Investments by Pool Participants	413,214
Total Net Assets Held for Pool Participants at June 30, 2007	\$ 1,824,425

### b. Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agents

Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agents represents cash and investments held by fiscal agents resulting from bond issuances. More specifically, these funds represent reserves held by fiscal agents or trustees as legally required by bond issuances and liquid investments held by fiscal agents or trustees which are used to pay debt service. The San Diego City Employees' Retirement System (SDCERS) portion of Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agents represents funds held as cash collateral from market neutral portfolios (domestic fixed income investment strategy). Furthermore, it represents transaction settlements, held in each investment manager's portfolio, which are invested overnight by SDCERS' custodial bank.

#### c. Investments at Fair Value

Investments at Fair Value represents investments of the City's Supplemental Pension Savings Plan, 401(k) Plan, San Diego City Employees' Retirement System (SDCERS), investments managed by the City Treasurer (which are not part of the pool), investments reported by San Diego Data Processing Corporation (SDDPC), and investments managed by the Funds Commission (e.g. Cemetery Perpetuity, Effie Sergeant, Gladys Edna Peters, Los Penasquitos Canyon, and the Edwin A. Benjamin Library Fund).

### d. Investment Policy

In accordance with City Charter Section 45 and under authority annually approved by the City Council, the City Treasurer is responsible for the safekeeping and investment of the unexpended cash in the City Treasury according to the City's Investment Policy (the "Policy"). This Policy applies to all of the investment activities of the City except for the pension trust funds, the proceeds of certain debt issues, which are managed and invested at the direction of the City Treasurer in accordance with the applicable indenture or by Trustees appointed under indenture agreements or by fiscal agents, and the assets of trust funds, which are placed in the custody of the Funds Commission by Council ordinance.

City staff reviews the Policy annually and may make revisions based upon changes to the California Government Code and the investment environment. These suggested revisions are presented to the Investment Advisory Committee (IAC) for review and comments. The IAC consists of two City representatives and three outside financial professionals with market and portfolio expertise not working for the City of San Diego. The City Council reviews the Policy and considers approval on an annual basis.

The IAC evaluates the horizon returns, risk parameters, security selection, and market assumptions the City's investment staff is using when explaining the City's investment returns. The IAC also meets semi-annually to review the previous two quarters' investment returns and make recommendations to the City Treasurer on proposals presented to the IAC by the Treasurer's staff.

The Policy is governed by the California Government Code (CGC), Sections 53600 et seq. The following table presents the authorized investments, requirements, and restrictions per the CGC and the City Policy:

Investment Type	<u>Maximum</u> Maturity (1)		<u>Maximum %</u> of Portfolio		Maximum % with One Issuer		<u>Minimum</u> Rating	
	CGC	City Policy	CGC	City Policy	CGC	City Policy	CGC	City Policy
U.S. Treasury Obligations (bills, bonds, or notes)	5 years	5 years	None	None	None	None	None	None
U.S. Agencies	5 years	5 years	None	(2)	None	(2)	None	None
Bankers' Acceptances (6)	180 days	180 days	40%	40%	30%	10%	None	(3)
Commercial Paper (6)	270 days	270 days	25%	25%	10%	10%	P1	P1
Negotiable Certificates (6)	5 years	5 years	30%	30%	None	10%	None	(3)
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	1 year	None	None	None	None	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements (4)	92 days	92 days	20%	20%	None	None	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund	N/A	N/A	None	None	None	None	None	None
Non-Negotiable Time Deposits (6)	5 years	5 years	None	25%	None	10%	None	(3)
Medium Term Notes/Bonds (6)	5 years	5 years	30%	30%	None	10%	А	A
Municipal Securities of California Local Agencies (6)	5 years	5 years	None	20%	None	10%	None	А
Mutual Funds	N/A	N/A	20%	5%	10%	None	AAA	AAA
Notes, Bonds, or Other Obligations	5 years	5 years	None	None	None	None	None	AA
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	5 years	20%	20%	None	None	AA	AAA
Financial Futures (5)	N/A	None	None	None	None	None	None	None

Footnotes:

(2) No more than one-third of the cost value of the total portfolio at time of purchase can be invested in the unsecured debt of any one agency.

(3) Credit and maturity criteria must be in accordance per Section X of the City's Investment Policy.

(4) Maximum % of portfolio for Reverse Repurchase Agreements is 20% of base value.

(5) Financial futures transactions would be purchased only to hedge against changes in market conditions for the reinvestment of bond proceeds.

(6) Investment types with a 10% maximum with one issuer are further restricted per the City's Investment Policy: 5% per issuer and an additional 5% with authorization by City Treasurer.

<sup>(1)</sup> In the absence of a specified maximum, the maximum is 5 years.

According to the Policy, the City may enter into repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements only with primary dealers of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York with which the City has entered into a master repurchase agreement.

Additionally, the Policy authorizes investment in other specific types of securities. The City may invest in floating rate notes with coupon resets based upon a single fixed income index (which would be representative of an eligible investment), provided that security is not leveraged. Structured notes issued by U.S. government agencies that contain imbedded calls or options are authorized as long as those securities are not inverse floaters, range notes, or interest only strips derived from a pool of mortgages. A maximum of 8% of the "cost value" of the pooled portfolio may be invested in structured notes.

Ineligible investments prohibited from use in the portfolio include, but are not limited to, common stocks and longterm corporate notes/bonds. A copy of the investment Policy can be requested from the City Treasurer, 1200 3rd Avenue, Suite 1624, San Diego, CA 92101.

### Other Investment Policies

The City currently has a Funds Commission whose role is to supervise and control all trust, perpetuity, and investment funds of the City and such pension funds as shall be placed in its custody. The statutory authority for the Funds Commission is created in the City Charter Article V, Section 41(a). While the duties described in the creation document form broad authority for the Funds Commission, in practice, the Funds Commission only oversees investments related to a small number of permanent endowments. The allowable investments for these funds are different than those as prescribed in the City Treasurer's investment policy. Each permanent endowment fund has its own separate investment policy. Copies of the individual investment policies can be requested from the City Treasurer, 1200 3rd Avenue, Suite 1624, San Diego, CA 92101. Additionally, the City and its component units have funds invested in accordance with various bond indenture and trustee agreements.

### City of San Diego – Disclosures for Specific Risks

e. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Market or interest-rate risk for the City's pooled investments is intended to be mitigated by establishing two portfolios, a liquidity portfolio and a core portfolio. Target durations are based upon the expected short and long-term cash needs of the City. The liquidity portfolio is structured with an adequate mix of highly liquid securities and maturities to meet major cash outflow requirements for at least six months (per CGC Section 53646). The liquidity portfolio uses the Merrill Lynch 3-6 month Treasury Index as a benchmark with a duration of plus or minus 20% of the duration of that benchmark.

The core portfolio uses the Merrill Lynch 1-3 year Treasury Index as a benchmark with a duration of plus or minus 20% of the duration of that benchmark. It consists of high quality liquid securities with a maximum maturity of 5 years and is structured to meet the longer-term cash needs of the City. Information about the sensitivity of the fair value of the City's investments to market interest rate fluctuations is presented in the table on the next page.

# As of June 30, 2007, the City's investments (in thousands) by maturity are as follows:

Bode Investments with City Treasurer:         Under 1         1.3         3.5         Over 5         (In Thous US, Treasury Notes         (In Thous US, Agencies - Foderal Home Loan Bank         (In Thous US, Agencies - Foderal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation         14.3, 419         89.994         45.153         (In Thous US, Agencies - Foderal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation         14.3, 419         89.994         45.153         (In Thous US, Agencies - Foderal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation         14.3, 419         89.994         45.153         (In Thous US, Agencies - Foderal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation         14.3, 419         89.994         45.153         (In Thous US, Agencies - Foderal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation         13.9, 544         (In Thous US, Agencies - Foderal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation         13.0, 55.753         (In Thous US, Agencies - Foderal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation         56.753         (In Thous US, Agencies - Foderal Mort Loan Mortgage Corporation         56.753         (In Thous US, Agencies - Foderal Mort Loan Mortgage Corporation         57.753         (In Thous US, Agencies - Foderal Mort Loan Mortgage Corporation         57.753         (In Thous US, Agencies - Foderal Mort Loan Mortgage Corporation         57.753         (In Corporaten US, Agencies - Foderal Mort Loan Mortgage Corporation		Years						F	air Value		
U.S. Treasury Notes U.S. Agencis - Federal Farm Credit Bank U.S. Agencis - Federal Farm Credit Bank U.S. Agencis - Federal Home Loan Bank U.S. Agencis - Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation U.S. Agencis - Federal Home Loan Mortgage Association U.S. Agencis - Federal Home Loan Bank U.S. Treasury Bils U.S. Treasury Bils U.S. Treasury Bils U.S. Treasury Bils U.S. Agencis - Federal Home Loan Bank U.S. Agencis - Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation U.S. Agencis - Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporat	Pooled Investments with City Treasurer:	U	nder 1				3-5		Over 5		Thousands)
U.S. Agencies - Federal Farm Credit Bank 20,000 14,889	U.S. Treasury Bills	\$	61,630	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	61,630
U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation         142,419         91,490         19,569         -         3           U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Mortgage Association         209,442         145,562         -         -         3           Commercial Paper         139,594         -         -         1         1           Corporate Notes         74,873         80,477         -         1         1           Repurchase Agreement         29,966         -         -         -         1           State Local Agency Investment Fund         22,889         -         -         -         -         -         1           U.S. Agencies - Federal Fam Ched Bank         4,163         -	U.S. Treasury Notes		-		350,346		49,017		-		399,363
U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation U.S. Agencies - Federal Maional Mortgage Association Corporate Notes Commercial Paper State Load Agency Investment Fund 29,966 	U.S. Agencies - Federal Farm Credit Bank		20,000		14,889		-				34,889
U.S. Agencies - Federal National Mortgage Association         209,462         145,562         -         -         -         1           Commercial Paper         138,554         -         -         -         1           Repurchase Agreement         29,966         -         -         1           State Local Agency Investment Fund         22,889         -         -         -         1           State Local Agency Investment Fund         29,366         5,350         -         -         -         1           U.S. Agencies - Federal Farm Credit Bank         4,163         - <td>U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Bank</td> <td></td> <td>228,191</td> <td></td> <td>91,490</td> <td></td> <td>19,569</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>339,250</td>	U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Bank		228,191		91,490		19,569				339,250
Commercial Paper         139 594         -         -         -         1           Corporate Notes         74,873         80,477         -         -         1           State Local Agency Investment Fund         22,889         -         -         -         -           State Local Agency Investment Fund         22,889         -<	U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation		143,419		89,994		45,183				278,596
Commercial Paper         139,594         -         -         -         1           Corporate Notes         74,873         80,477         -         -         1           Repurchase Agreement         29,966         -         -         -         -           State Local Agency Investment Fund         22,889         -         <	U.S. Agencies - Federal National Mortgage Association		209,482		145,562		-		-		355,044
Corporate Notes         74.873         80,477         -         -         11           Repurchase Agreement         29,986         - <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>139,594</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>139,594</td></t<>			139,594		-		-		-		139,594
Repurchase Agreement         29,986         - <td>Corporate Notes</td> <td></td> <td>74,873</td> <td></td> <td>80,477</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>155,350</td>	Corporate Notes		74,873		80,477		-		-		155,350
State Local Agency Investment Fund         22,889         -         -         -         -         -         1           Non-Pooled Investments with City Treasurer.         US. Treasury Notes         29,356         5,350         - <t< td=""><td>•</td><td></td><td>29,986</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>29,986</td></t<>	•		29,986		-		-		-		29,986
Non-Pooled Investments with City Treasurer.         13.769         13.769         13.769           U.S. Treasury Notes         29,366         5,350         -					-		-		-		22,889
U.S. Treasury Notes       29,356       5,350       - <td< td=""><td>0,1</td><td></td><td>930,064</td><td></td><td>772,758</td><td>_</td><td>113,769</td><td>_</td><td>-</td><td></td><td>1,816,591</td></td<>	0,1		930,064		772,758	_	113,769	_	-		1,816,591
U.S. Treasury Notes       29,356       5,350       - <td< td=""><td>Non-Pooled Investments with City Treasurer</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	Non-Pooled Investments with City Treasurer										
U.S. Agencies - Federal Farm Credit Bank       4,163       -       -       -         U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation       56,753       -       -       -         U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Mortgage Association       52,328       -       -       -         Commercical Paper       59,944       -       -       -       -         Repurchase Agreements       11,014       -       -       -       -         Investments with Fiscal Agents, Funds Commission, and Biended Component Units:       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       22         INvestments with Fiscal Agents, Funds Commission, and Biended Component Units:       -			29 356		5 350		-				34,706
U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation       13.051       -<	,		,		3,330						4,163
U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Mortgage Association       56,753       -<			,		-		-		-		13,051
U.S. Agencies - Federal National Mortgage Association       52,328       - </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>56,753</td>					-		-				56,753
Commerical Paper         59,944         -			,		-		-		-		52,328
Repurchase Agreements         11,014         -         -         -         -         22           Investments with Fiscal Agents, Funds Commission, and Blended Component Units:         -         -         2         2           U.S. Treasury Bills         27,948         -         -         -         2           U.S. Treasury Bonds and Notes         16,778         592         65         395         -         <					-		-		-		
Investments with Fiscal Agents, Funds Commission, and Blended Component Units:         -         -         2           U.S. Treasury Bils         27,948         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         2           U.S. Treasury Bils         27,948         -<			-		-		-		-		59,944
Investments with Fiscal Agents, Funds Commission, and Blended Component Units:           U.S. Treasury Bills         27,948         - <td>Repurchase Agreements</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>5 350</td> <td></td> <td><u> </u></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>11,014 231,959</td>	Repurchase Agreements				5 350		<u> </u>				11,014 231,959
U.S. Agencies - Federal Farm Credit Bank       2,585       -       -       -         U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Bank       21,734       1,455       -       -       -         U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation       3,139       -       -       296         U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation       3,139       -       -       296         U.S. Agencies - Federal National Mortgage Association       27,422       84       -       -       202         Corporate Bonds and Notes       199       325       1,075       2,002       202         Guaranteed Investment Contracts       20,507       -       -       13,740       30         Mortgage Backed Securities - Government       52       -       -       -       -       -         Mortgage Backed Securities - Government       52       -			27,948		-		-		-		27,948
U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Bank       21,734       1,455       -       <			16,778		592		65		395		17,830
U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation       3,139       -       -       296         U.S. Agencies - Federal National Mortgage Association       27,422       84       -       -       25         Corporate Bonds and Notes       199       325       1,075       2,002         Guaranteed Investment Contracts       20,507       -       -       13,740       25         Mortgage Backed Securities - Commercial       105       -       -       -       -       -         Mortgage Backed Securities - Government       52       -       -       -       -       -       -         Repurchase Agreements       4,250       - <td>U.S. Agencies - Federal Farm Credit Bank</td> <td></td> <td>2,585</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>2,585</td>	U.S. Agencies - Federal Farm Credit Bank		2,585		-		-		-		2,585
U.S. Agencies - Federal National Mortgage Association       27,422       84       -<			21,734		1,455		-		-		23,189
Corporate Bonds and Notes         199         325         1,075         2,002           Guaranteed Investment Contracts         20,507         -         -         13,740         -           Mortgage Backed Securities - Commercial         105         -         -         -         -           Mortgage Backed Securities - Commercial         105         -         -         -         -           Mortgage Backed Securities - Commercial         105         -         -         -         -           Repurchase Agreements         4,250         -         -         -         -         -           Common Stock         3,817         -         -         -         -         -         -           Mutual Funds - Equity         407,907         -         -         -         -         -           Mutual Funds - Fixed Income         12,263         -         330,006         -         -         -           Money Market Mutual Funds         76,680         -         -         -         -         -           Total Investments         \$ 1,782,059         \$ 780,564         \$ 444,915         \$ 16,433         3,01           Total Deposit Overdraft         Total Cash on Hand         -			3,139		-		-		296		3,435
Guaranteed Investment Contracts         20,507         -         -         13,740         -           Mortgage Backed Securities - Commercial         105         - <td>U.S. Agencies - Federal National Mortgage Association</td> <td></td> <td>27,422</td> <td></td> <td>84</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>27,506</td>	U.S. Agencies - Federal National Mortgage Association		27,422		84		-		-		27,506
Mortgage Backed Securities - Commercial         105         -	Corporate Bonds and Notes		199		325		1,075		2,002		3,601
Mortgage Backed Securities - Government         52         -         -         -           Repurchase Agreements         4,250         -         -         -         -           Common Stock         3,817         -         -         -         -           Mutual Funds - Equity         407,907         -         -         -         44           Mutual Funds - Fixed Income         12,263         -         330,006         -         33           Money Market Mutual Funds         76,680         -         -         -         -         -           Total Investments         2         1,782,059         \$         780,564         \$         444,915         \$         16,433         3,01           Total Deposit Overdraft         Total Cash on Hand         -	Guaranteed Investment Contracts		20,507		-		-		13,740		34,247
Repurchase Agreements         4,250         - <td>Mortgage Backed Securities - Commercial</td> <td></td> <td>105</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>105</td>	Mortgage Backed Securities - Commercial		105		-		-		-		105
Common Stock         3,817         -	Mortgage Backed Securities - Government		52		-		-		-		52
Mutual Funds - Equity         407,907         -         -         -         44           Mutual Funds - Fixed Income         12,263         -         330,006         -         33           Money Market Mutual Funds         76,680         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         44           Money Market Mutual Funds         76,680         - <td< td=""><td>Repurchase Agreements</td><td></td><td>4,250</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>4,250</td></td<>	Repurchase Agreements		4,250		-		-		-		4,250
Mutual Funds - Fixed Income         12,263         -         330,006         -         3           Money Market Mutual Funds         76,680         -	Common Stock		3,817		-		-		-		3,817
Money Market Mutual Funds         76,680         - <th< td=""><td>Mutual Funds - Equity</td><td></td><td>407,907</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>407,907</td></th<>	Mutual Funds - Equity		407,907		-		-		-		407,907
625,386         2,456         331,146         16,433         9           Total Investments         \$ 1,782,059         \$ 780,564         \$ 444,915         \$ 16,433         3,03           Total Deposit Overdraft         Total Cash on Hand         \$ 1,782,059         \$ 780,564         \$ 444,915         \$ 16,433         3,03	Mutual Funds - Fixed Income		12,263		-		330,006				342,269
Total Investments         \$ 1,782,059         \$ 780,564         \$ 444,915         \$ 16,433         3,03           Total Deposit Overdraft         Total Cash on Hand         <	Money Market Mutual Funds		76,680		-		-		-		76,680
Total Deposit Overdraft Total Cash on Hand			625,386	_	2,456	_	331,146	_	16,433		975,421
Total Deposit Overdraft Total Cash on Hand	Total Investments	\$	1,782,059	\$	780,564	\$	444,915	\$	16,433		3,023,971
Total Cash on Hand	Total Deposit Overdraft	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	,	<u> </u>			(960
											204
Total Investments, Deposits, and Cash on Hand (Includes SDCERS Pooled Cash and Investments with the City - \$490) \$ 3,0			Pooled Cash a	nd Invo	stments with th	e Citv -	\$490)			\$	3,023,215

### f. Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. As of June 30, 2007, the City's investments and corresponding credit ratings are as follows:

Pooled Investments with City Treasurer:	Moody's	<u>S&amp;P</u>	Fair Value	Percentage
U.S. Treasury Bills	Exempt	Exempt	\$ 61,630	3.39%
U.S. Treasury Notes	Exempt	Exempt	399,363	21.98%
U.S. Agencies - Federal Farm Credit Bank	Aaa	N/A	34,889	1.92%
U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Bank <sup>1</sup>	Aaa	N/A	289,328	15.93%
U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Bank <sup>1</sup>	P-1	N/A	49,922	2.75%
U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation <sup>1</sup>	Aaa	N/A	190,408	10.48%
U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation <sup>1</sup>	Aa2	N/A	15,324	0.84%
U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation <sup>1</sup>	Not Available	A-1+	72,864	4.01%
U.S. Agencies - Federal National Mortgage Association <sup>1</sup>	Aaa	N/A	200,118	11.02%
U.S. Agencies - Federal National Mortgage Association <sup>1</sup>	P-1	N/A	68,277	3.76%
U.S. Agencies - Federal National Mortgage Association <sup>1</sup>	Not Available	A-1+	86,649	4.77%
Commercial Paper	P-1	N/A	139,594	7.68%
Corporate Notes	Aaa	N/A	44,854	2.47%
Corporate Notes	Aa1	N/A	19,420	1.07%
Corporate Notes	Aa2	N/A	27,211	1.50%
Corporate Notes	Aa3	N/A	63,865	3.52%
Repurchase Agreements	Not Rated	Not Rated	29,986	1.65%
State Local Agency Investment Fund	Not Rated	Not Rated	22,889	1.26%
Subtotal - Pooled Investments			1,816,591	100.00%
Non-Pooled Investments with City Treasurer:				
U.S. Treasury Notes	Exempt	Exempt	34,706	14.96%
U.S. Agencies - Federal Farm Credit Bank	P-1	N/A	4,163	1.79%
U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Bank <sup>1</sup>	Aaa	N/A	8,680	3.74%
U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Bank <sup>1</sup>	P-1	N/A	4,371	1.88%
U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation <sup>1</sup>	Aaa	N/A	12,035	5.19%
U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation <sup>1</sup>	P-1	N/A	25,780	11.12%
U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation <sup>1</sup>	Not Available	A-1+	18,938	8.16%
U.S. Agencies - Federal National Mortgage Association <sup>1</sup>	Aaa	N/A	10,937	4.72%
U.S. Agencies - Federal National Mortgage Association <sup>1</sup>	P-1	N/A	34,438	14.85%
U.S. Agencies - Federal National Mortgage Association <sup>1</sup>	Not Available	A-1+	6,953	3.00%
Commerical Paper	P-1	N/A	59,944	25.84%
Repurchase Agreements	Not Rated	Not Rated	11,014	4.75%
Subtotal - Non-Pooled Investments			231,959	100.00%

"Exempt" - Per GASB 40, US Treasury Obligations do not require disclosure of credit quality.

"N/A" - S&P rating not applicable, Moody's rating provided

"Not Available" - Bloomberg credit history did not have Moody's ratings, only S&P ratings

<sup>1</sup> More than 5% of total investments are with U.S. Agencies whose debt is not guaranteed by the U.S. Government.

(ratings continued on next page)

Investments with Fiscal Agents, Funds Commission, and Blended Component Units:	Moody's	<u>S&amp;P</u>	Fair Value	Percentage
U.S. Treasury Bills	Exempt	Exempt	\$ 27,948	2.87%
U.S. Treasury Bonds and Notes	Exempt	Exempt	17,830	1.83%
U.S. Agencies - Federal Farm Credit Bank	Aaa	N/A	2,585	0.27%
U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Bank	Aaa	N/A	23,189	2.38%
U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	Aaa	N/A	296	0.03%
U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	Not Available	A-1+	3,139	0.32%
U.S. Agencies - Federal National Mortgage Association	Aaa	N/A	1,602	0.16%
U.S. Agencies - Federal National Mortgage Association	Not Available	A-1+	25,904	2.66%
Corporate Bonds and Notes	Aaa	N/A	99	0.01%
Corporate Bonds and Notes	Aa1	N/A	264	0.03%
Corporate Bonds and Notes	Aa2	N/A	650	0.07%
Corporate Bonds and Notes	Aa3	N/A	407	0.04%
Corporate Bonds and Notes	A1	N/A	729	0.07%
Corporate Bonds and Notes	A2	N/A	1,108	0.11%
Corporate Bonds and Notes	A3	N/A	344	0.04%
Guaranteed Investment Contracts	Not Rated	Not Rated	34,247	3.51%
Mortgage Backed Securities - Commercial	Aaa	N/A	105	0.01%
Mortgage Backed Securities - Government	Not Rated	Not Rated	52	0.01%
Repurchase Agreements	Not Rated	Not Rated	4,250	0.44%
Common Stock	Not Rated	Not Rated	3,817	0.39%
Mutual Funds - Equity	Not Rated	Not Rated	407,907	41.82%
Mutual Funds - Fixed Income	Not Rated	Not Rated	342,269	35.09%
Money Market Mutual Funds	Aaa	N/A	76,680	7.86%
Subtotal - Other Investments			975,421	100.00%
Total Investments			3,023,971	
Total Deposit Overdraft			(960)	
Total Cash on Hand			204	
Total Investments, Deposits, and Cash on Hand*			\$ 3,023,215	
*(includes SDCERS Pooled Cash and Investments with the City - \$490)				

"Exempt" - Per GASB 40, US Treasury Obligations do not require disclosure of credit quality.

"N/A" - S&P rating not applicable, Moody's rating provided

"Not Available" - Bloomberg credit history did not have Moody's ratings, only S&P ratings

<sup>1</sup> More than 5% of total investments are with U.S. Agencies whose debt is not guaranteed by the U.S. Government.

#### Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the relative size of an investment in a single issuer. As of June 30, 2007, the City exceeded the 5% limit of total investments for issuers of various U.S. Agencies. Investments exceeding the 5% limit are referenced in the credit ratings table above. Investments issued explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments are exempt.

### g. Custodial Credit Risk

#### Deposits

At June 30, 2007, the carrying amount of the City's cash deposits was an overdraft of approximately \$(9,272), and the bank balance was approximately \$12,666, the difference of which is substantially due to outstanding checks. For the balance of cash deposits in financial institutions, approximately \$481 was covered by federal depository insurance and approximately \$12,185 was uninsured. Pursuant to the California Government Code, California banks and savings and loan associations are required to secure the City's deposits not covered by federal depository insurance by pledging government securities as collateral. As such, \$11,345 of the City's deposits are pledged at 110% and held by a bank acting as the City's agent, in the City's name. The City is exposed to custodial credit risk for the remaining \$840, which is uninsured and uncollateralized. The amount subject to custodial credit risk includes approximately \$753 in deposits relating to San Diego Data Processing Corporation and \$87 in deposits relating to Southeastern Economic Development Corporation, Inc.

The City also has deposits held in escrow accounts with a carrying amount and bank balance of approximately \$8,312. For the balance of deposits in escrow accounts, approximately \$892 was covered by federal depository insurance. The remaining balance of \$7,420 was uninsured. Pursuant to the California Government Code, California banks and savings and loans associations are required to secure the City's deposits in excess of insurance by pledging government securities as collateral. As such, \$7,420 of the City's deposits in escrow accounts are collateralized and pledged at 110%.

### Investments

The City's investments at June 30, 2007 are categorized as described below:

Category 1:	Insured or registered, with securities held by the City or its agent in the City's name.
Category 2:	Uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the City's name.
Category 3:	Uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent but not in the City's name.
Non–Categorized:	Includes investments made directly with another party, real estate, direct investments in mortgages and other loans, open-end mutual funds, pools managed by other governments, annuity contracts, and guaranteed investment contracts.

At June 30, 2007, the City had investments exposed to custodial credit risk. Investments within the Cemetery Perpetuity Fund's portfolio were held by Northern Trust Bank, and were not in the City's name. The following summarizes the investment types and amounts that are exposed to custodial credit risk and are classified Category 3:

Investment Type	Fa	ir Value
U.S. Treasury Bonds and Notes	\$	1,258
U.S. Agencies		380
Corporate Bonds and Notes		3,601
Mortgage Backed Securities - Commercial		105
Mortgage Backed Securities - Government		52
Common Stock		3,817
Total	\$	9,213

## h. Restricted Cash and Investments

Cash and investments at June 30, 2007 that are restricted by legal or contractual requirements are comprised of the following:

General Fund		
TRANS Repayment	\$	142,000
Total General Fund	_	142,000
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
Reserved for Debt Service		127,205
Permanent Endowments		16,456
Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		143,661
Environmental Services Enterprise Fund		
Funds set aside for landfill site closure and maintenance costs		34,389
Total Environmental Services Enterprise Fund	_	34,389
Water Utility Enterprise Fund		
Customer deposits		5,666
Interest and redemption funds		71,921
Total Water Utility Enterprise Fund	_	77,587
Sewer Utility Enterprise Fund		
Interest and redemption funds		101,168
Total Sewer Utility Enterprise Fund		101,168
Internal Service Fund		
San Diego Data Processing Corporation	_	140
Total Internal Service Fund		140
Miscellaneous Agency Funds		
Retention held in escrow		8,312
Total Miscellaneous Agency Funds	_	8,312
Total Restricted Cash and Investments	\$	507,257
Summary of Total Cash and Investments (In Thousands)		
Total Unrestricted Cash and Investments	\$	8,301,329
Total Restricted Cash and Investments		507,257
Total Cash and Investments	\$	8,808,586
Total Governmental Activities	\$	1,509,635
Total Business-Type Activities		718,528
Total Fiduciary Activities		6,580,423
Total Cash and Investments	\$	8,808,586

### San Diego City Employees' Retirement System (SDCERS) – Disclosures for Policy and Specific Risks

Summary of Cash and Investments - San Diego City Employees' Retirement System

U.S. Fixed Income Portfolio (with tactical discretion)	\$ 406,045
U.S. Fixed Income Portfolio	422,766
Non-U.S. Fixed Income Portfolio	180,530
Securities Lending Collateral	854,631
Cash and Investments exempt from GASB 40 disclosure	3,921,399
Total Cash and Investments for SDCERS (excluding Pooled Investments with the City)	\$ 5,785,371

Narratives and tables presented in the following sections (i. through p.) are taken directly from the comprehensive annual financial report of the San Diego City Employees' Retirement System, as of June 30, 2007, issued March 31, 2008.

i. Investment Policy

Investments for the pension trust fund are authorized to be made by the Board of Administration of the SDCERS (Board) in accordance with Section 144 of the City Charter and the California State Constitution Article XVI, Section 17. The Board is authorized to invest in any securities that are allowed by general law for savings banks. The Board may also invest in additional investments as approved by resolution of the San Diego City Council. These investments include, but are not limited to, bonds, notes and other obligations, real estate investments, common stock, preferred stock, and pooled vehicles. Additionally, investment policies permit SDCERS' Board to invest in financial futures contracts provided the contracts do not leverage SDCERS' Trust Fund portfolio. Financial futures contracts will result in the recognition of a gain or loss under GASB Statement No. 25. Investment earnings from the pension trust fund are accounted for in accordance with GASB 25.

A copy of the SDCERS investment policy and additional details on the results of the system's investment activities are available at 401 West A Street, Suite 400, San Diego, CA 92101.

j. Interest Rate Risk

SDCERS' fixed income portfolios use duration to measure how changes in interest rates will affect the value of the portfolios. SDCERS' domestic convertible bond portfolio is not subject to interest rate risk because convertible bonds are usually positively correlated to interest rate movements compared to other fixed income securities.

The following tables display duration analysis for SDCERS' two-core plus domestic fixed income portfolios and single international fixed income portfolio, based on holdings as of June 30, 2007.

#### Domestic Fixed Income Portfolio

(with tactical discretion to invest in non-U.S. fixed income securities) Portfolio Duration Analysis as of June 30, 2007

Type of Security Credit Obligations:	F	air Value housands)	Percentage of Fair Value	Effective Duration (in years)	Effective Duration Contribution to Portfolio (in years)	Percent Duration of Portfolio
Corporate Bonds <sup>2</sup> High Yield Municipal Bonds	\$	(3,241) 7,805 1,877	-0.8% 1.9% 0.5%	(13.29) 1.73 7.90	0.11 0.03 0.04	2.3% 0.6% 0.8%
U.S. Government & Agency Obligations: U.S. Treasuries U.S. Agencies		81,348 6,432	20.0% 1.6%	2.95 5.09	0.59 0.08	12.3% 1.7%
International Government: Sovereign & Yankee Bonds Emerging Markets		39,385 35,573	9.7% 8.8%	(2.71) 4.45	(0.26) 0.40	-5.4% 8.3%
Collateralized Mortgage Obligations: Mortgages <sup>1</sup> Collateralized Mortgage Obligations <sup>1</sup>		149,339 18,841	36.8% 4.6%	4.41 2.67	1.62 0.12	33.8% 2.5%
Short-Term/Other: Miscellaneous Cash/Cash Equivalents		3,820 64,866	0.9% 16.0%	1.58 12.88	0.01 2.06	0.2% 42.9%
Total Portfolio	\$	406,045	100.0%		4.80	100.0%

<sup>1</sup> Mortgages represent agency pass-through securities and Collateralized Mortgage Obligations represent structured products backed by mortgages with this manager holding specific traunches.

<sup>2</sup> The negative fair value and duration for corporate bonds results from the fair value of credit default swaps.

The domestic fixed income strategy is restricted to a duration of +/- 2 years from that of the effective duration of the Lehman Brothers Aggregate Index. Source: SDCERS' CAFR as of June 30, 2007

### Domestic Fixed Income Portfolio Portfolio Duration Anaylsis As of June 30, 2007

As of suite 30, 2007	F	Fair Value (In Thousands)		Benchmark		
Type of Security				Duration	Difference	
Government	\$	148,664	5.75	4.48	1.27	
Corporate		85,046	4.39	6.11	(1.72)	
Mortgage Backed Securities		177,995	3.64	4.24	(0.60)	
Asset-Backed Securities		11,061	3.75	2.85	0.90	
Cash Equivalents <sup>1</sup>		15,996	0.04	0.00	0.04	
Totals	\$	438,762	4.70	4.70	0.00	

<sup>1</sup> Net cash expense is included on this schedule, as cash is a portfolio duration arrangement tool in fixed income investing.

The above strategy is restricted to an average duration of +/- 1 year from that of the effective duration of the the Lehman Brothers Aggregate Index. Source: SDCERS' CAFR as of June 30, 2007

### International Fixed Income Portfolio Portfolio Duration Anaylsis As of June 30, 2007

Type of Security	 air Value Thousands)	Effective Duration	Benchmark Duration	Difference	
Cash and Forward Foreign Exchange	\$ 1,100	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Asset Backed Securities	13,869	7.61	0.00	7.61	
Credit Obligations	22,033	9.02	0.00	9.02	
International Government and Agency	143,528	5.76	6.27	(0.51)	
Totals	\$ 180,530	6.27	6.27	0.00	

The above strategy is restricted to an average duration of between 0.5 and 1.5 times that of the J.P. Morgan Non-U.S. Bond Index. Source: SDCERS' CAFR as of June 30, 2007

### Investments Highly Sensitive to Interest Rate Changes

SDCERS' fixed income investment managers construct portfolios that have attributes of differing price sensitivity (also known as convexity) and interest rate sensitivity. Convexity measures the movement in bond prices in response to interest rate changes. Interest rate sensitivity measures the impact of interest rate changes on the duration of a bond portfolio. SDCERS' managers select securities that when aggregated together create an overall investment strategy and total portfolio duration.

#### Domestic Fixed Income Manager (with tactical discretion to invest in non-U.S. securities)

SDCERS' domestic fixed income portfolio (with tactical discretion to invest in non-U.S. securities) uses two methods to measure interest rate sensitivity. The first measure is Bull Duration, the scenario where interest rates decline by 50 basis points. The second measure is Bear Duration, the scenario where interest rates rise by 50 basis points. The analysis of interest rate change on duration for this portfolio as of June 30, 2007 is shown below.

Total Effective Duration of the fixed income portfolio: 4.80 years

Bull Duration:	4.27 years – portfolio duration shortens by -0.53 during a 50 basis point decline
Bear Duration:	5.18 years – portfolio duration lengthens by +0.38 years during a 50 basis point increase

#### Domestic Fixed Income Manager

SDCERS' core-plus domestic fixed income manager applies multiple value-added strategies in the pursuit to outperform their benchmark, to achieve below average volatility, and to preserve capital. The manager makes shifts in the duration of the portfolio and looks at all sectors of the bond market. In some cases, the manager may select issues which are more highly sensitive to interest rate changes than the average holding but contribute to the overall strategy of the portfolio. As of June 30, 2007, the total values of securities that are more highly sensitive to interest rate changes in this portfolio are shown below.

Holdings (U.S. Treasury and Corporate securities) with greater than 10 years duration totaled \$45,791, or 10.44% of the portfolio.

Holdings with interest only strips and inverse floating rate notes totaled \$7,241, or 1.66% of the portfolio.

#### International Fixed Income Manager

The analysis of high interest rate sensitivity for the international fixed income portfolio is presented below.

Total Effective Duration: 4.70 years. Duration with 50 basis point decrease in interest rates: -0.165 years.

#### k. Credit Risk

SDCERS' fixed income portfolios are sensitive to credit risk. Unless information is available to the contrary, obligations of the U.S. Government or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. Government are not considered to have credit risk and do not require disclosure of credit quality. "NR" represents those securities that are not rated and "NA" represents those securities that are not applicable to the rating disclosure requirements. The tables on the following pages identify the credit quality for SDCERS' two domestic fixed income portfolios, based on holdings as of June 30, 2007.

-

#### **Domestic Fixed Income Portfolio**

(with tactical discretion to invest in non-U.S. fixed income securities) As of June 30, 2007

S&P Quality Rating	Moody's Quality Rating	Total Fair Value _(in thousands)	Credit Obligations	U.S. Government & Agency Obligations	International Government Obligations	Collateralized Mortgage Obligations	Short-Term/ Other
AAA	Aaa	\$ 169,038	\$-	\$ 7,913	\$ 178	\$ 160,947	\$-
AAA	NR	7,233	-	-	-	7,233	-
AA+	Aaa	12,003	-	12,003	-	-	-
AA	Aaa	3,017	-	3,018	(1)	1 -	-
AA	Aa1	8,023	886	9,020	(1,883)	1 -	-
AA	Aa2	(962)	191	-	(1,153)	1 -	-
AA-	Aa1	55,861	-	54,843	1,018	-	-
AA-	Aa2	497	497	-	-	-	-
AA-	Aa3	26,908	-	(5,881)	<sup>1</sup> (4,104)	1 -	36,893
NR	Aa3	700	-	-	-	-	700
A+	A1	15,237	101	(13)	<sup>1</sup> 5,041	-	10,108
A+	Aa3	32,385	309	28,101	-	-	3,975
А	A1	289	289	-	-	-	-
А	A2	5,991	605	-	191	-	5,195
А	Aa3	573	474	-	99	-	-
A-	Aaa	1,701	-	-	-	-	1,701
A-	Aa3	1,145	1,145	-	-	-	-
A-	Baa1	801	-	-	-	-	801
BBB+	Baa2	882	882	-	-	-	-
BBB	A2	191	191	-	-	-	-
BBB	A3	4,603	-	-	-	-	4,603
BBB	Baa1	3,189	-	-	81	-	3,108
BBB	Baa2	202	202	-	-	-	-
BBB	Baa3	1,483	1,483	-	-	-	-
BBB-	Ba1	726	726	-	-	-	-
BBB-	Baa3	1,602	-	-	-	-	1,602
BBB-	NR	488	-	-	488	-	-
BB+	Ba1	4,083	4,083	-	-	-	-
BB+	Ba2	5,461	-	-	5,461	-	-
BB	Ba1	416	416	-	-	-	-
BB-	Ba3	1,780	1,780	-	- 1.005	-	-
BB- B+	B1	1,905	- 11	-	1,905	-	-
B+ B	B1 B1	11 100	100	-	-	-	-
				- 2 (01.004)	- 3 67 627	-	-
NR	NR	38,483	(7,930)	(21,224)	07,037	-	-
Totals		\$ 406,045	\$ 6,441	\$ 87,780	\$ 74,958	\$ 168,180	\$ 68,686

<sup>1</sup> Negative amounts are representative of pay fixed interest rate swaps.

 $^{\rm 2}$  This value represents swaptions that are not rated.

<sup>3</sup> These amounts include short positions in exchange traded futures and options that are not rated.

Concentration guidelines for this portfolio are as follows:

Maximum Exposure (except U.S. Treasury/Agency Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Government Issues)

Issue	3% of portfolio
lssuer	5% of portfolio
Foreign Investments	30% of portfolio
Emerging Market Exposure	10% of portfolio
Foreign Currency Exposure	25% of non-U.S. dollar investments

Source: SCDERS' CAFR as of June 30, 2007

#### Domestic Fixed Income Portfolio Credit Risk Analysis By Rating Agency as of June 30, 2007

S&P Quality Rating	Total air Value thousands)	Governments		nts Corporates		Mortgaged-Backed Securities		et-Backed ecurities
U.S. Treasury	\$ 148,902	\$	148,664	\$	-	\$ 238	\$	-
AAA	135,502		-		2,908	124,026		8,568
AA+	2,260		-		-	-		2,260
AA	1,896		-		1,896	-		-
AA-	3,056		-		3,056	-		-
A+	16,712		-		16,712	-		-
A	459		-		459	-		-
A-	11,670		-		11,670	-		-
BBB+	6,285		-		6,285	-		-
BBB	6,469		-		6,469	-		-
BBB-	13,334		-		13,334	-		-
BB+	6,061		-		6,061	-		-
BB	10,585		-		10,585	-		-
BB-	233		-		-	-		233
В	4,413		-		4,413	-		-
B-	1,198		-		1,198	-		-
NR	8,425		-		-	8,425		-
NR <sup>1</sup>	 45,306		-			 45,306		-
Totals	\$ 422,766	\$	148,664	\$	85,046	\$ 177,995	\$	11,061

Moody's Quality Rating	Total Fair Value thousands)	Go	Governments		orporates	Mortgaged-Backed Securities		et-Backed ecurities
U.S. Treasury	\$ 148,902	\$	148,664	\$	-	\$	238	\$ -
Aaa	71,281		-		3,728		58,985	8,568
Aa1	4,683		-		4,683		-	-
Aa3	8,237		-		8,237		-	-
A1	7,307		-		7,307		-	-
A2	3,219		-		3,219		-	-
A3	4,075		-		4,075		-	-
Baa1	5,646		-		5,646		-	-
Baa2	9,050		-		9,050		-	-
Baa3	8,981		-		8,981		-	-
Ba1	13,177		-		13,177		-	-
Ba2	233		-		-		-	233
Ba3	4,118		-		4,118		-	-
B1	4,413		-		4,413		-	-
B3	1,198		-		1,198		-	-
NR	82,940		-		7,214		73,466	2,260
NR <sup>1</sup>	45,306		-		-		45,306	 -
Totals	\$ 422,766	\$	148,664	\$	85,046	\$	177,995	\$ 11,061

<sup>1</sup> Issued by governmental agencies.

Concentration guidelines for this portfolio are as follows: <u>Maximum Exposure (except U.S. Treasury/Agency)</u>

. 110	asury/Agency/	
	Issue	5% of portfolio
	Issuer	5% of portfolio
	Non-Investment Grade	10% of portfolio
	Mortgage back derivatives	5% of portfolio
	USD Foreign Investments	15% of portfolio
	Foreign Currency Exposure	0% of portfolio

Source: SDCERS' CAFR as of June 30, 2007

SDCERS' international fixed income portfolio has an average credit quality of A (market value weighted) by at least one of the major rating services. Credit ratings refer to the long-term foreign currency rating. The following table identifies the credit quality for SDCERS' international fixed income portfolio, based on holdings as of June 30, 2007.

International Fixed Income Portfolio	
Credit Risk Analysis as of June 30, 2007	

S&P Quality Rating	Total Fair Value (in thousands)		& Forward oreign cchange	Asset Backed ecurities	Credit ligations	Gov	ernational ernment & y Obligations
AAA	\$ 123,782	\$	1,100	\$ 13,869	\$ 13,858	\$	94,955
AA+	7,973		-	-	-		7,973
AA	24,650		-	-	-		24,650
А	3,132		-	-	3,132		-
A-	4,348		-	-	2,481		1,867
BBB+	179		-	-	179		-
BBB	4,070		-	-	1,578		2,492
BBB-	805		-	-	805		-
BB	2,662		-	-	-		2,662
BB-	1,948		-	-	-		1,948
B+	 6,981		-	 -	 -		6,981
Totals	\$ 180,530	\$	1,100	\$ 13,869	\$ 22,033	\$	143,528

Source: SDCERS' CAFR as of June 30, 2007

### Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the relative size of an investment in a single issuer. As of June 30, 2007, no single issuer exceeded 5% of SDCERS' total investments. Investments issued explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments are excluded. While there are no general policies addressing concentration of credit risk, specific investment guidelines with each manager place limitations on the maximum holdings in any one issuer.

### I. Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that if a financial institution or counterparty fails, SDCERS would not be able to recover the value of its deposits, investments, or securities. SDCERS' exposure to custodial credit risk is further discussed in the following paragraphs.

### Deposits

SDCERS' is exposed to custodial credit risk for uncollateralized cash and cash equivalents that are not covered by federal depository insurance. At June 30, 2007, the amount of cash and cash equivalents on deposit with SDCERS' custodial bank totaled \$ 94,380.

#### Investments

As of June 30, 2007, 100% of SDCERS' investments were held in SDCERS' name. SDCERS is not exposed to custodial credit risk related to these investments.

#### Securities Lending Collateral

SDCERS is exposed to custodial credit risk for the securities lending collateral such that certain collateral is received in the form of letters of credit, tri-party collateral or securities collateral. The fair value of securities on loan collateralized by these non-cash vehicles totaled \$29,535 as of June 30, 2007 and are at risk as the collateral for these loaned securities is not held in SDCERS' name and cannot be sold without a borrower default. The cash collateral held by SDCERS' custodian in conjunction with the securities lending program, which totaled \$854,631 as of June 30, 2007, is also at risk as it is invested in a pooled vehicle managed by the custodian.

### m. Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or a deposit. The following table represents SDCERS' securities (in thousands) held in a foreign currency as of June 30, 2007.

### Foreign Currency Risk As of June 30, 2007 (All values in U.S. Dollars)

Local Currency Name	Cash		 Equity		Fixed income			Total		
Australian Dollar	\$	210	\$ 20,319		\$	9,347		\$	29,876	
Brazilian Real		-	911			-			911	
Canadian Dollar		67	13,587			2,561			16,215	
Danish Krone		30	1,058			13,074			14,162	
Euro Currency		616	324,332			71,100			396,048	
Hong Kong Dollar		15	13,083			-			13,098	
Indonesian Rupiah		7	4,384			-			4,391	
Japanese Yen		1,502	149,724			48,860			200,086	
Mexican Peso		-	1,822			-			1,822	
New Zealand Dollar		-	1,331			-			1,331	
Norwegian Krone		3	9,012			-			9,015	
Singapore Dollar		51	9,585			-			9,636	
South Korean Won		1	27,790			1,624			29,415	
Swedish Krona		403	20,556			5,435			26,394	
Swiss Franc		22	35,091			-			35,113	
UK Pound		355	 124,304	_		11,058	_		135,717	
Totals	\$	3,282	\$ 756,889	=	\$	163,059	_	\$	923,230	

The foreign exchange exposure in SDCERS' international equity small cap value portfolio (an institutional mutual fund investment) is not included in this disclosure.

Foreign currency is comprised of international investment proceeds and income to be repatriated into U.S. dollars and funds available to purchase international securities. Foreign currency is not held by SDCERS as an investment. Foreign currency is held temporarily in foreign accounts until it is able to be repatriated or expended to settle trades. A significant component of the diversification benefit of non-domestic investments comes from foreign currency exposure. As such, SDCERS does not have a policy to hedge against fluctuations in foreign exchange rates. SDCERS' investment managers may hedge currencies at their discretion pursuant to specific guidelines included in their investment management agreements.

### n. Derivative Instruments

SDCERS' investment managers, as permitted by specific investment guidelines, may enter into transactions involving derivative financial instruments, consistent with the objectives established by the Board's Investment Policy Statement. These instruments include futures, options and swaps. By Board policy these investment vehicles may not be used to leverage SDCERS' portfolio. These instruments are used primarily to enhance a portfolio's performance and to reduce its risk or volatility. To reduce credit risk exposure, SDCERS enters into derivative transactions with counterparty institutions with a credit rating of at least A-, and to date no losses due to counterparty non-performance on derivative financial instruments have been incurred. Credit risk is also mitigated through the use of exchange traded contracts on exchanges subject to regulatory oversight. SDCERS is exposed to market risk, which is the risk that future changes in market conditions may make an instrument less valuable. Exposure to market risk is managed in accordance with a manager's specific investment guidelines, through buying or selling instruments or entering into offsetting positions.

The notional (underlying) or contractual amounts of derivatives indicate the extent of SDCERS' involvement in the various types and uses of derivative financial instruments and do not measure the exposure to credit or market risks and do not necessarily represent amounts exchanged by the parties. The amounts exchanged are determined by reference to the notional amounts and the other terms of the derivatives.

The aggregate notional or contractual amounts for SDCERS' derivative financial instruments at June 30, 2007 were as follows:

Money Market Futures		\$ 712,881
Government Bond Futures		(27,653)
Options		(177)
Swaps		(2,515)
Total Derivatives		\$ 682,536
	=	

Source: SDCERS' CAFR as of June 30, 2007

Futures contracts are contracts in which the buyer agrees to purchase and the seller agrees to make delivery on a specific financial instrument on a predetermined date and price. Gains and losses on futures contracts are settled daily based on a notional principal value and do not involve an actual transfer of the specific instrument. Futures contracts are standardized and are traded on exchanges. The exchange assumes the risk that counterparty will not pay and generally requires margin payments to minimize such risk.

Option contracts provide the option purchaser with the right, but not the obligation, to buy or sell the underlying security at a set price during a period or at a specified date. The option writer is obligated to buy or sell the underlying security if the option purchaser chooses to exercise the option. SDCERS uses exchange-traded and over-the-counter options. Options are sold and proceeds are received to enhance fixed income portfolio performance. Option contracts sold were predominantly on money market and short-term instruments of less than one-year to maturity. In call option contracts, if interest rates remained steady or declined during the option contract periods, the contracts would expire unexercised. By contrast, on put option contracts, if interest rates rose sufficiently to result in the purchase of the securities on or before the end of the option periods, this would occur at prices attractive to the portfolio manager.

Swap agreements are used to modify investment returns or interest rates on investments. Swap transactions involve the exchange of investment returns or interest rate payments without the exchange of the underlying principal amounts. These swaps could expose investors entering into these types of arrangements to credit risk in the event of non-performance by counterparties.

### o. Real Estate

SDCERS' target allocation to real estate is 11%. The real estate investment program is structured with a target allocation of approximately 30% in stable core real estate and approximately 70% to enhanced, high return and opportunistic real estate opportunities. The 70% target is divided between REIT securities (25%) and limited partnership investments in commingled real estate funds (45%). No more than 40% of SDCERS' real estate portfolio is allocated to non-U.S. real estate investment opportunities pursuant to a policy adopted by the Board in FY 2007. As SDCERS adds non-U.S. investments to its real estate portfolio, new capital commitments will be made to pool funds that target enhanced and high return strategies. As of June 30, 2007, real estate investments totaled \$440,972.

### Subprime Market Activity

The recent events surrounding subprime residential mortgage-backed securities and the housing real estate market have not to date materially affected investment performance of SDCERS. Future investment returns could be adversely impacted due to market liquidity issues or "credit crunch" experienced as a result of the fall out in the collateralized debt obligation markets or forecasts of an economic slow down or recession.

SDCERS invests in a diversified portfolio with allocations to equities, fixed income and real estate, both domestic and international to reduce risk. SDCERS' target allocation to real estate is 11% and is composed of a combination of stable core real estate, REIT securities, and limited partnership investments in commingled real estate funds. SDCERS' portfolio has a neutral market weight to equity securities classified as financial companies. SDCERS is minimally exposed to asset-backed securities that are collateralized by subprime mortgages. SDCERS' domestic fixed income managers invest in agency pass through mortgage securities that are guaranteed by the U.S. Government. Additionally, in any collateralized mortgage obligations or asset-backed securities, SDCERS' managers invest in the most highly-rated, self-liquidating (near to maturity), senior positions.

Management of SDCERS has recently contacted all of SDCERS' publicly-traded investment managers to understand the risks to their portfolios resulting from recent market activity. Management is comfortable that SDCERS' investment managers have positioned their respective portfolios to protect against various market factors. SDCERS' management will continue to monitor manager investment performance in accordance with SDCERS' Investment Policy Statement.

### p. Securities Lending Collateral

SDCERS has entered into an agreement with its custodial bank, State Street Bank & Trust Company, to lend domestic and international equity and fixed income securities to broker-dealers and banks in exchange for pledged collateral. A simultaneous agreement is entered into by which State Street agrees to return the collateral plus a fee to the borrower in the future for return of the same securities originally lent. All securities loans can be terminated on demand by either the lender or the borrower.

State Street manages the securities lending program and receives cash (United States and foreign currency), securities issued or guaranteed by the United States government, sovereign debt rated "A" or better, Canadian provincial debt, convertible bonds, and irrevocable letters of credit as collateral. State Street does not have the ability to pledge or sell collateral securities delivered absent a borrower default. Borrowers are required to deliver collateral for each loan equal to: (i) in the case of loaned securities denominated in United States dollars or whose primary trading market was located in the United States or sovereign debt issued by foreign governments, 101.5% of the market value of the loaned securities; and (ii) in the case of loaned securities not denominated in United States, 104.5% of the market value of the loaned securities.

SDCERS had no credit risk exposure to borrowers because the amounts provided to State Street on behalf of SDCERS, in the form of collateral plus accrued interest, exceeded the amounts broker-dealers and banks owed to the State Street on behalf of SDCERS for securities borrowed. State Street has indemnified SDCERS by agreeing to purchase replacement securities or return cash collateral in the event a borrower fails to return or pay

distributions on a loaned security. Non-cash collateral (securities and letters of credit) cannot be pledged or sold without a borrower default and are therefore not reported as an asset of SDCERS for financial reporting purposes.

The SDCERS securities lending transactions, collateralized by cash as of June 30, 2007 had a fair value of \$831,415 and a collateral value of \$854,631, which were reported in the assets or liabilities in the statements of plan net assets for the City Employees' Retirement System in accordance with GASB Statement No. 28. As of June 30, 2007, the securities lending transactions collateralized by securities, irrevocable letters of credit, or triparty collateral had a fair value of \$29,535 and a collateral value of \$34,075, which were not reported in the assets or liabilities in the accompanying statements of plan net assets for the City Employees' Retirement System per GASB Statement No. 28. The total collateral pledged to SDCERS at fiscal year end for its securities lending activities was \$888,705.

The cash collateral received on lent securities was invested by State Street, together with the cash collateral of other qualified tax-exempt plan lenders, in a collective investment pool. Because the securities loans were terminable at will, their duration did not generally match the duration of the investments made with cash collateral. As of June 30, 2007, the investment pool had an average duration of 68.25 days and an average weighted maturity of 532.81 days for U.S. Dollar (USD) denominated collateral. Beginning in fiscal year 2007, the securities lending program was expanded to allow the acceptance of Euro (EUR) denominated collateral. The Euro collateral pool had an average duration of 49 days and an average weighted maturity of 871 days.

SDCERS may encounter various risks related to securities lending agreements. However, State Street is required to maintain its securities lending program in compliance with applicable laws of the United States and all countries in which lending activities take place, and all rules, regulations, and exemptions from time to time promulgated and issued under the authority of those laws.

### Discretely Presented Component Units – Disclosures for Policy and Specific Risks

Narratives and tables presented in the following sections (q. through r.) are taken directly from the comprehensive annual financial reports of the San Diego Convention Center Corporation and the San Diego Housing Commission, as of June 30, 2007.

### q. San Diego Convention Center Corporation

### Deposits (In Thousands)

On June 30, 2007, the carrying amount of the San Diego Convention Center Corporation's (SDCCC) cash on hand and deposits was \$639 and the bank balance was \$682. Of the bank balance, \$383 was covered by federal depository insurance. The remaining balance was either collateralized with the collateral held by an affiliate of the counterparty's financial institution or is uncollateralized, and therefore exposed to custodial credit risk. SDCCC does not have a formal deposit and investment policy that addresses custodial credit risk.

### Investments (In Thousands)

At June 30, 2007, SDCCC had a total investment balance of \$15,140. The total investment balance includes \$13,858 in several money market funds and \$1,282 maintained in two certificates of deposit, which bear an interest rate of 4.05% and have maturities of less than one year. Neither the money market mutual funds nor the certificates of deposit are rated by credit rating agencies. SDCCC does not have a formal deposit and investment policy that addresses credit quality risk.

Cash deposits and investments for SDCCC were categorized as follows at June 30, 2007:

Cash on hand	\$ 24
Deposits	615
Money market mutual funds	13,858
Certificates of deposit	1,282
Total cash and investments	\$ 15,779

#### r. San Diego Housing Commission

Cash, cash equivalents, and investments at June 30, 2007 consisted of the following:

Deposits	\$ 744
Petty cash	9
Certificates of deposit	35,000
Local agency investment fund	 38,746
Total cash and investments	74,499
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	 1,723
Total	\$ 76,222

#### Deposits (In Thousands)

The carrying amounts of the San Diego Housing Commission's (SDHC) cash deposits were \$1,081 and the bank balance was \$1,640 at June 30, 2007. The bank balances were fully insured and/or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institutions in SDHC's name. The California Government Code requires California banks and savings and loan associations to secure SDHC's deposits by pledging securities as collateral. This Code states that collateral pledged in this manner shall have the effect of perfecting a security interest in such collateral superior to those of a general creditor. Thus, collateral for cash deposits is considered to be held in SDHC's name.

At June 30, 2007, SDHC had a carrying amount and bank balance of \$35,000 in non-negotiable certificates of deposit. The certificates of deposit were not covered by insurance and were collateralized 100% with securities held by pledging financial institutions.

#### Investments (In Thousands)

As of June 30, 2007, SDHC had \$38,746 invested with the California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF). The investment in LAIF represents SDHC's equity in the pooled investments of that fund. LAIF had 3.466% of the pool investment funds in structured notes and asset-backed securities.

#### Policy

In accordance with state statutes and HUD regulations, SDHC has authorized the CFO, the Budget Officer, or their designee to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Government agencies. There are many factors that can affect the value of investments. Some factors, such as credit risk, custodial risk, concentration of credit risk, and interest rate risk, may affect both equity and fixed income securities. It is the investment policy of SDHC to invest substantially all of its funds in fixed income securities which limits SDHC's exposure to most types of risk.

### Interest Rate Risk

In accordance with its investment policy, SDHC manages its interest rate risk by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio. This is accomplished by matching portfolio maturities to projected liabilities and by continuously investing a portion of the portfolio in readily available funds to ensure that appropriate liquidity is maintained in order to meet ongoing operations. At June 30, 2007, SDHC does not have any debt investments that are highly sensitive to changes in interest rates.

#### Credit Risk

SDHC will minimize credit risk by limiting investments to those listed in the investment policy. In addition, SDHC will pre-qualify the financial institutions, broker/dealers, intermediaries, and advisors with which SDHC will do business in accordance with the investment policy. SDHC will diversify the portion of the investment portfolio not invested in U.S. Treasury Bills, Notes, Bonds, and Collateralized Certificates of Deposit to minimize potential losses from any one type of security or issuer.

### Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk associated with a lack of diversification, such as having substantial investments in a few individual issuers. Investments issued or guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in external investment pools such as the California LAIF are not considered subject to concentration of credit risk. SDHC may choose to maintain 100% of its investment portfolio in U.S. Treasury Bills, Notes, Bonds, and Collateralized Certificates of Deposit.

### Custodial Credit Risk

At June 30, 2007, SDHC did not have any investments exposed to custodial risk. All investments are held by the State of California or a pledging financial institution in the name of SDHC.

# 4. CAPITAL ASSETS (In Thousands)

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2007 was as follows:

			I					
	Beginning Balance		Decreases/ Increases Adjustments			1	ransfers	 Ending Balance
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:								
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets:								
Land, Easements, Rights of Way	\$ 1,711,06	4 \$	13,013	\$	(7,340)	\$	14,266	\$ 1,731,003
Construction in Progress	223,90	3	100,460		(9,733)		(104,546)	 210,084
Total Non-Depreciable Capital Assets	1,934,96	7	113,473		(17,073)		(90,280)	 1,941,087
Depreciable Capital Assets:								
Structures and Improvements	1,045,02	9	412		(14,502)		41,084	1,072,023
Equipment	374,24	0	20,229		(13,648)		1,820	382,641
Infrastructure	2,863,31	4	33,888		(39,531)		48,846	 2,906,517
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	4,282,58	3	54,529		(67,681)		91,750	 4,361,181
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:								
Structures and Improvements	(259,87	1)	(33,095)		2,715		27	(290,224)
Equipment	(263,26	9)	(24,323)		12,616		(1,533)	(276,509)
Infrastructure	(1,386,77	0)	(86,464)		1,869		-	 (1,471,365)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(1,909,91	0)	(143,882)		17,200		(1,506)	 (2,038,098)
Total Depreciable Capital Assets - Net of Depreciation	2,372,67	3	(89,353)		(50,481)		90,244	 2,323,083
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 4,307,64	0 \$	24,120	\$	(67,554)	\$	(36)	\$ 4,264,170
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES:								
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets:								
Land, Easements, Rights of Way	\$ 89,76	9 \$	180	\$	-	\$	62	\$ 90,011
Construction in Progress	399,42	2	70,325		(13,139)		(166,447)	 290,161
Total Non-Depreciable Capital Assets	489,19	1	70,505		(13,139)		(166,385)	 380,172
Depreciable Capital Assets:								
Structures and Improvements	1,565,97	3	10,746		(26)		85,871	1,662,564
Equipment	316,11	5	2,230		(149)		8,404	326,600
Distribution & Collection Systems and Other Infrastructure	3,205,49	3	108,753		(4,565)		70,640	 3,380,321
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	5,087,58	1	121,729		(4,740)		164,915	 5,369,485
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:								
Structures and Improvements	(293,82	3)	(35,896)		25		(27)	(329,721)
Equipment	(200,25	0)	(24,224)		148		1,533	(222,793)
Distribution & Collection Systems and Other Infrastructure	(546,38	6)	(46,975)		1,502		-	 (591,859)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(1,040,45	9)	(107,095)		1,675		1,506	 (1,144,373)
	4,047,12	2	14,634		(3,065)		166,421	 4,225,112
Total Depreciable Capital Assets - Net of Depreciation	4,047,12		11,001		(0,000)		100,121	

107,095

\$

Governmental Activities capital assets net of accumulated depreciation at June 30, 2007 are comprised of the following:

Governmental Activities capital assets net of accumulated depreciation at June 30, 2007 are comprised of the following:	
General Capital Assets, Net Internal Service Funds Capital Assets, Net	\$ 4,196,903 67,267
Total	\$ 4,264,170
Business-Type Activities capital assets net of accumulated depreciation at June 30, 2007 are comprised of the following:	
Enterprise Funds Capital Assets, Net Internal Service Funds Capital Assets, Net	\$ 4,605,048 236
Total	\$ 4,605,284
Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:	
Governmental Activities:	
General Government and Support	\$ 1,077
Public Safety - Police	5,157
Public Safety - Fire and Life Safety	5,106
Parks, Recreation, Culture and Leisure	38,844
Transportation	75,015
Sanitation and Health	650
Neighborhood Services	 1,431
Subtotal	127,280
Internal Service (Except Special Engineering)	 16,602
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 143,882
Business-Type Activities:	
Airports	\$ 497
City Store	1
Development Services	247
Environmental Services	7,405
Golf Course	503
Recycling	1,059
Sewer Utility	69,696
Water Utility	 27,644
Subtotal	107,052
Internal Service (Special Engineering)	 43

Total Depreciation Expense

### **Discretely Presented Component Units**

Capital asset activities for the City's Discretely Presented Component Units for the year ended June 30, 2007 are as follows:

	Discretely Presented Component Unit - San Diego Convention Center Corp.									
	Beginning Balance		Decreases/ Increases Adjustments		Transfers			Ending alance		
Depreciable Capital Assets:										
Structures and Improvements	\$	22,236	\$	1,622	\$	(117)	\$	-	\$	23,741
Equipment		8,404		612		(879)		-		8,137
Total Depreciable Capital Assets		30,640		2,234		(996)				31,878
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:										
Structures and Improvements		(7,615)		(1,506)		604		-		(8,517)
Equipment		(6,213)		(936)		347		-		(6,802)
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(13,828)		(2,442)		951		-		(15,319)
Capital Assets, Net	\$	16,812	\$	(208)	\$	(45)	\$		\$	16,559

	Discretely Presented Component Unit - San Diego Housing Commission									
	Beginning Balance		Increases		Decreases/ Adjustments		Transfers			Ending alance
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets:										
Land, Easements, Rights of Way	\$	30,544	\$	-	\$	(1,108)	\$	-	\$	29,436
Construction in Progress		9,943		665						10,608
Total Non-Depreciable Capital Assets		40,487		665		(1,108)		-		40,044
Depreciable Capital Assets:										
Structures and Improvements		83,145		23,175		(2,258)		-		104,062
Equipment		986		2,385		(89)		-		3,282
Total Depreciable Capital Assets		84,131		25,560		(2,347)		-		107,344
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:										
Structures and Improvements		(42,568)		(3,281)		697		-		(45,152)
Equipment		(870)		(348)		89				(1,129)
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(43,438)		(3,629)		786		-		(46,281)
Total Depreciable Capital Assets - Net of Depreciation		40,693		21,931		(1,561)		-		61,063
Capital Assets, Net	\$	81,180	\$	22,596	\$	(2,669)	\$	-	\$	101,107

# 5. GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (IN THOUSANDS)

## a. Long-Term Liabilities

Governmental long-term liabilities as of June 30, 2007 are comprised of the following:

Type of Obligation	Interest Rates (%)	Fiscal Year Maturity Date	Original Amount		Balance Outstanding June 30, 2007	
Compensated Absences					\$	73,050
Liability Claims						226,487
Capital Lease Obligations						39,130
Contracts Payable:						
Contract Payable to SDSU Foundation, dated December 1991	variable*		\$	1,598		1,598
Amendment to Contract Payable to SDSU Foundation, dated January 1995	variable*			117		117
Contract Payable to Western Pacific Housing, Inc., dated April 2004	5.0			900		900
Total Contracts Payable						2,615
Notes Payable:						
Note Payable to Wal-Mart, dated June 1998	10.0	2017		1,308		171
Note Payable to Price Charities, dated April 2001	5.0	2032		5,115		4,104
Note Payable to Price Charities, dated May 2005	8.0	2025		2,100		2,100
Amendment to Note Payable to Price Charities, dated February 2006	8.0	2025		180		180
Note Payable to Price Charities, dated March 2007	7.0	2013		2,000		2,000
Total Notes Payable						8,555
Loans Payable:						
International Gateway Associates, LLC, dated October 2001	10.0	2032		1,876		1,823
PCCP/SB Las America, LLC, dated August 2005	10.0	2036		1,247		1,239
Centerpoint, LLC, dated April 2006	7.0	2021		5,246		5,246
Bank of America, N.A. Line of Credit, dated October 2006	4.25 - 6.57	2009		8,530		8,530
California Energy Resources Conservation and Development Commission, dated March 2007	3.95	2019		2,154		1,937
Total Loans Payable						18,775
San Diego Association of Governments (SANDAG)						
Loans Payable	variable*	2008				2,287
Section 108 Loans Payable	1.21 - 7.958	2025				39,431
General Obligation Bonds:						
Public Safety Communications Project, Series 1991	5.0 - 8.0**	2012		25,500		9,905
Open Space Park Refunding Bonds, Series 1994	5.0 - 6.0**	2009		64,260		800
Total General Obligation Bonds						10,705

(continued on next page)

Type of Obligation	Interest Rates (%)	Fiscal Year Maturity Date	Original Amount	Balance Outstanding June 30, 2007
Revenue Bonds / Lease Revenue Bonds / COPs:				
MTDB Authority Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 1994	4.25 - 5.625**	2010	\$ 66,570	\$ 7,880
Public Facilities Financing Authority Stadium Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 1996 A	6.2 - 7.45**	2027	68,425	59,180
San Diego Facilities and Equipment Leasing Corp. Certificates of Participation, Series 1996 A	4.0 - 5.6**	2011	33,430	12,675
San Diego Facilities and Equipment Leasing Corp. Certificates of Participation Refunding, Series 1996 B	4.0 - 6.0**	2022	11,720	8,825
Convention Center Expansion Financing Authority Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 1998 A	3.8 - 5.25**	2028	205,000	178,430
Centre City Parking Revenue Bonds, Series 1999 A	4.5 - 6.49**	2026	12,105	10,510
Public Facilities Financing Authority Reassessment District Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 1999 A	2.75 - 4.75**	2018	30,515	15,515
Public Facilities Financing Authority Reassessment District Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 1999 B	3.5 - 5.10**	2018	7,630	3,840
Public Facilities Financing Authority Fire and Life Safety Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2002 B	3.55 - 7.0**	2032	25,070	23,305
Centre City Parking Revenue Bonds, Series 2003 B	3.0 - 5.30**	2027	20,515	18,800
MTDB Authority Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2003	2.0 - 4.375**	2023	15,255	13,420
San Diego Facilities Equipment Leasing Corp. Certificates of Participation Refunding, Series 2003	1.0 - 4.0**	2024	17,425	12,270
Public Facilities Financing Authority Ballpark Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2007A	5.0 - 5.25**	2032	156,560	156,560
Total Revenue Bonds / Lease Revenue Bonds / COPs				521,210
Special Assessment / Special Tax Bonds:				
Otay Mesa Industrial Park Limited Obligation Improvement Bonds, Issued May 1992	5.5 - 7.95**	2013	2,235	350
Miramar Ranch North Special Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 1998	3.75 - 5.375**	2021	59,465	44,380
Santaluz Special Tax Bonds, Improvement Area No.1, Series 2000 A	4.75 - 6.375**	2031	56,020	53,820
Santaluz Special Tax Bonds, Improvement Area No.3, Series 2000 B	4.5 - 6.2**	2031	4,350	4,155
City of San Diego Reassessment District No. 2003-1 Limited Obligation Refunding Bonds	4.25 - 5.8**	2018	8,850	7,345
Piper Ranch Limited Obligation Improvement Bonds, Issued January 2004	2.5 - 6.2**	2034	5,430	5,110
Santaluz Special Tax Bonds, Improvement Area No.1, Series 2004 A	1.7 - 5.5**	2031	5,000	4,760
Santaluz Special Tax Bonds, Improvement Area No.4, Series 2004 A	1.65 - 5.5**	2034	9,965	9,705
Liberty Station Special Tax Bonds, Series 2006 A	5.0 - 5.75**	2037	16,000	16,000
Total Special Assessment / Special Tax Bonds				145,625

(continued on next page)

Type of Obligation	Interest Rates (%)	Fiscal Year Maturity Date	Original Amount		alance standing e 30, 2007
Tax Allocation Bonds:					
Gateway Center West Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 1995	7.8 - 9.75**	2014	\$ 1,400	\$	745
Mount Hope Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 1995 A	4.4 - 6.0**	2020	1,200		840
Mount Hope Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 1995 B	6.9 - 8.2**	2021	3,955		3,085
Southcrest Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 1995	4.75 - 6.592**	2020	3,750		2,340
Horton Plaza Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds, Series 1996 A	3.8 - 6.0**	2016	12,970		7,750
Centre City Redevelopment Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 1999 A	3.0 - 5.125**	2019	25,680		25,285
Centre City Redevelopment Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 1999 B	6.25**	2014	11,360		11,360
Centre City Redevelopment Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 1999 C	3.1 - 4.75**	2025	13,610		12,180
City Heights Redevelopment Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 1999 A	4.5 - 5.8**	2029	5,690		5,330
City Heights Redevelopment Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 1999 B	5.75 - 6.4***	2029	10,141		9,604
Central Imperial Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2000	4.45 - 6.69**	2031	3,395		3,100
Centre City Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2000 A	4.0 - 5.6**	2025	6,100		5,175
Centre City Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2000 B	3.95 - 5.35**	2025	21,390		19,195
Horton Plaza Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2000	4.25 - 5.8**	2022	15,025		14,290
North Bay Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2000	4.25 - 5.875**	2031	13,000		11,690
North Park Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2000	4.1 - 5.9**	2031	7,000		6,300
Southcrest Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2000	4.45 - 6.5**	2026	1,860		1,620
Centre City Redevelopment Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2001 A	4.93 - 5.55****	2027	58,425		56,730
Mount Hope Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2002 A	5.0**	2027	3,055		3,055
Centre City Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2003 A	2.5 - 5.0**	2029	31,000		18,575
City Heights Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2003 A	5.875 - 6.5**	2034	4,955		4,955
City Heights Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2003 B	2.5 - 4.25**	2014	865		555
				<i>( r</i>	

(continued on next page)

Type of Obligation	Interest Rates (%)	Fiscal Year Maturity Date	Original Amount	Balance Outstanding June 30, 2007
North Park Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2003 A	1.5 - 6.125**	2028	\$ 7,145	\$ 6,425
North Park Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2003 B	4.75 - 5.0**	2034	5,360	5,360
Horton Plaza Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2003 A	4.65 - 5.1**	2022	6,325	6,325
Horton Plaza Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2003 B	3.25 - 5.45**	2022	4,530	4,530
Horton Plaza Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2003 C	3.49 - 7.74**	2022	8,000	7,175
Centre City Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2004 A	3.5 - 5.25**	2030	101,180	97,655
Centre City Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2004 B	2.26 - 4.58**	2011	9,855	6,565
Centre City Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2004 C	2.26 - 6.18**	2030	27,785	26,520
Centre City Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2004 D	2.26 - 6.28**	2030	8,905	8,505
Centre City Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2006 A	4.25 - 5.25**	2033	76,225	76,225
Centre City Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2006 B	5.66 - 6.2**	2032	33,760	33,760
Total Tax Allocation Bonds				502,804
Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed Bonds:				
Tobacco Settlement Revenue Funding Corporation Asset-Backed Bonds, Series 2006	7.125**	2023	105,400	102,700
Total Bonds Payable				1,283,044
Net Pension Obligation				158,162
Total Governmental Activities Long-Term Liabilities				\$ 1,851,536

\* Additional information on the variable rate contracts payable with the SDSU Foundation and loans payable with SANDAG are discussed further on the following page.

\*\* Interest rates are fixed, and reflect the range of rates for various maturities from the date of issuance to maturity.

\*\*\* The City Heights Redevelopment Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 1999 B, are capital appreciation bonds, which mature from fiscal year 2011 through 2029. The balance outstanding at June 30, 2007 does not include accreted interest of \$6,156.

\*\*\*\* The Centre City Redevelopment Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2001 A, partially include capital appreciation bonds, which mature from fiscal year 2015 through 2027. The balance outstanding at June 30, 2007 does not include accreted interest of \$4,859.

Liability claims are primarily liquidated by the Self Insurance Fund and Enterprise Funds. Compensated absences are paid out of the operating funds and certain internal service funds. Pension liabilities are paid out of the operating funds based on a percentage of payroll.

Public safety general obligation bonds are secured by a pledge of the full faith and credit of the City or by a pledge of the City to levy ad valorem property taxes without limitation. Open space general obligation bonds are backed by Environmental Growth Fund 2/3 franchise fees.

Revenue bonds are secured by a pledge of specific revenue generally derived from fees or service charges related to the operation of the project being financed. Certificates of Participation (COPs) and lease revenue bonds provide long-term financing through a lease agreement, installment sales agreement, or loan agreement that does not constitute indebtedness under the state constitutional debt limitation and is not subject to other statutory requirements applicable to bonds.

Special assessment/special tax bonds are issued by the City to provide funds for public improvements in/and or serving special assessment and Mello-Roos districts created by the City. The bonds are secured by assessments and special taxes levied on the properties located within the assessment districts and the community facilities districts, and are payable solely from the assessments and special taxes collected. The assessments and special taxes, and any bonds payable from them, are secured by a lien on the properties upon which the assessments and special taxes are levied. Neither the faith and credit nor the taxing power of the City is pledged to the payment of the bonds.

Section 108 loans are the loan guarantee provisions of the Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) program. Section 108 loans provide the community with a source of financing for economic development, housing rehabilitation, public facilities, and capital improvement and infrastructure projects.

SANDAG loans are comprised of two components: repayment of debt service on bonds, and repayment of proceeds from commercial paper. The City receives distributions of SANDAG bond proceeds, based on the City's agreement with SANDAG. The annual debt service payments related to these bond issuances are recovered by SANDAG through reductions in TransNet allocations that would otherwise be available for payment to the City. TransNet-Proposition A, was passed in 1987 to enact a ½ percent sales tax increase to fund regional transportation projects. All expenses must first be approved by SANDAG and be included on the Regional Transportation Plan (RTP). The City recognizes repayment of the principal and interest on bonds as an increase in TransNet revenues and an offsetting debt service expenditure. The interest rates on the outstanding bonds range from 4.75 percent to 5.50 percent. In addition to financing from bond issuances, financing for TransNet related projects is available through the issuance of commercial paper notes by SANDAG, at the request of the City. Repayment of proceeds related to the commercial paper is collected in future periods through reductions in TransNet allocations, similar to the repayment of the debt service on bonds. Interest rates on commercial paper notes during the current year have varied from 2.40 percent to 3.58 percent, with maturities from 1 day to 166 days. Interest rates on outstanding commercial paper note amounts at June 30, 2007 ranged from 3.50 percent to 3.58 percent. The maturity date of the current SANDAG loan is June 2008.

San Diego State University Foundation executed an Agreement for Processing a Redevelopment Plan and Land Use Entitlements with RDA, which allows for reimbursement of expenses incurred by the Foundation, in assisting in the preparation and processing of the Redevelopment Plan and Land Use Entitlements in the College Area. The agreement is a variable rate obligation of RDA. The unpaid principal bears interest at the prime rate and is fixed on a quarterly basis, using the prime rate established on the first banking day of each calendar quarter. Interest calculations are made on the quarterly weighted average of the principal balance and are made at the end of the quarter based upon the rate fixed for that quarter. The effective interest rate as of June 30, 2007 is 8.25 percent.

Loans Payable includes a line of credit executed by RDA with Bank of America, N.A. on October 31, 2006. The line of credit is to be used to refinance the North Park Theatre, to pay sums of settlement of eminent domain actions relating to the North Park Redevelopment Area and for other redevelopment activities in the North Park Redevelopment Area. As of June 30, 2007, the tax-exempt portion of the line of credit has an effective interest rate of 4.25 percent and the taxable portion has an effective interest rate will reset on October 31, annually.

Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed Bonds are limited obligations of the Tobacco Settlement Revenue Funding Corporation, which is a separate legal California nonprofit public benefit corporation established by the City of San Diego. The Corporation purchased from the City the rights to receive future tobacco settlement revenues due to the City. The Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed Bonds are payable from and secured solely by pledged tobacco settlement revenues.

General

#### b. Amortization Requirements

The annual requirements to amortize such long-term debt outstanding as of June 30, 2007, including interest payments to maturity, are as follows:

Year	Capital Lease Obligations				Contracts	a Payab	le	Notes Payable				
Ended June 30,	Р	rincipal	li	nterest	Pi	incipal	Inte	erest	Pi	incipal	Ir	iterest
2008	\$	8,181	\$	1,498	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	140
2009		7,580		1,195		-		-		-		140
2010		6,598		899		-		-		-		140
2011		5,247		644		-		-		-		140
2012		5,146		426		-		-		-		141
2013-2017		6,378		280		-		-		-		35
Unscheduled*		-		-		2,615		1,978		8,555		3,282
Total	\$	39,130	\$	4,942	\$	2,615	\$	1,978	\$	8,555	\$	4,018

\* The contracts payable to SDSU Foundation in the amount of \$1,715, the contract payable to Western Pacific Housing, Inc. in the amount of \$900, and the notes payable to Wal-Mart of \$171 and Price Charities of \$8,384, do not have annual repayment schedules. Annual payments on the San Diego State University debt is based on the availability of tax increment net of the low-moderate and taxing agency set-asides as well as project area administration costs. Annual payments to the Wal-Mart, Western Pacific Housing, Inc., and Price Charities debt are based on available tax increment.

Year	L	ans Pa	Payable		SAND AG Loans			Section 108 Loans				Obligation Bonds			
Ended June 30,	Princip	al _	Interest	P	rincipal	Int	erest	P	rincipal		nterest	P	rincipal	In	terest
2008	\$	61	\$ 877	\$	2,287	\$	82	\$	3,535	\$	2,203	\$	2,125	\$	641
2009	6,8	99	575		-		-		2,364		2,046		2,265		502
2010	1	77	369		-		-		2,457		1,920		1,975		353
2011	1	85	360		-		-		2,595		1,783		2,100		219
2012	1	95	351		-		-		2,724		1,633		2,240		74
2013-2017	1,1	40	1,592		-		-		14,635		5,518		-		-
2018-2022	8	05	1,280		-		-		8,395		1,886		-		-
2023-2027	6	39	1,017		-		-		2,726		222		-		-
2028-2032	1,0	28	628		-		-				-		-		-
2033-2037	6	00	128		-		-				-		-		-
Unsche du led*	5,2	46	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total	\$ 18,7	75	\$ 7,177	\$	2,287	\$	82	\$	39,431	\$	17,211	\$	10,705	\$	1,789

\* The loan payable to Centerpoint, LLC in the amount of \$5,246 does not have an annual repayment schedule. Annual payments are based upon future receipts of unallocated tax increment or other available sources.

		Rev	enue			Special As	sessr	nent /			Tax A	llocation			Tob	acco	
Year		Bonds	/ CO	Ps		Special T	ax Bo	onds			В	onds			Asset-Back	ed Bo	nds**
Ended											Un	accreted					
June 30,	P	rincipal		Interest	P	rincipal		nterest	F	Principal	Арр	reciation*	 nterest	Р	rincipal		nterest
2008	\$	22,220	\$	26,354	\$	4,150	\$	7,998	\$	13,371	\$	1,996	\$ 24,746	\$	3,300	\$	7,317
2009		22,315		25,906		4,550		7,798		14,476		2,081	24,208		3,600		7,082
2010		21,975		24,866		4,875		7,575		15,089		2,163	23,555		3,800		6,826
2011		20,040		23,856		5,215		7,327		15,853		2,243	22,808		4,000		6,555
2012		17,465		22,920		5,575		7,055		16,649		2,317	21,996		4,400		6,270
2013-2017		96,845		100,253		32,470		30,395		108,113		12,155	94,452		26,900		26,227
2018-2022		115,405		73,168		33,645		21,044		126,018		10,653	64,779		38,000		15,162
2023-2027		136,025		39,964		22,835		13,442		119,558		4,900	34,443		18,700		1,332
2028-2032		68,920		9,660		25,500		5,440		63,107		154	10,176		-		-
2033-2037		-		-		6,810		837		10,570		-	356		-		-
Subtotal		521,210		346,947	_	145,625	-	108,911		502,804	_	38,662	 321,519		102,700		76,771
Add:																	
Accreted Appreciation																	
through June 30, 2007		-		-		-		-		11,015		-	-		-		-
Total	\$	521,210	\$	346,947	\$	145,625	\$	108,911	\$	513,819	\$	38,662	\$ 321,519	\$	102,700	\$	76,771

\* The unaccreted appreciation reflects future accretion and is not based on when debt service is due on the accretion.

\*\* The Tobacco Asset-Backed Bond Principal Debt Service requirements are based upon expected Turbo Principal payments.

#### c. Change in Long-Term Liabilities

Additions to governmental activities long-term debt for contracts, notes and loans payable may differ from proceeds reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances, due to funding received in prior fiscal years being converted from short-term to long-term debt as a result of developers extending the terms of the obligation.

The following is a summary of changes in governmental activities long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2007. The effect of bond accretion, bond premiums, discounts, and deferred amounts on bond refunds are amortized as adjustments to long-term liabilities.

	Governmental Activities								
	Begin ning Balan œ	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year				
Compensated Absences	\$ 71,820	\$ 50,530	\$ (49,300)	\$ 73,050	\$ 29,908				
Liability Claims	202,482	76,881	(52,876)	226,487	36,113				
Capital Lease Obligations	40,541	7,655	(9,066)	39,130	8,181				
Contracts Payable	2,615	-	-	2,615	-				
Notes Payable	7,294	2,180	(919)	8,555	-				
Loans Payable	14,345	10,823	(6,393)	18,775	61				
SANDAG Loans Payable	7,355	-	(5,068)	2,287	2,287				
Section 108 Loans Payable	42,499	-	(3,068)	39,431	3,535				
General Obligation Bonds	12,690	-	(1,985)	10,705	2,125				
Revenue Bonds / COPs Unamortized Bond Premiums, Discounts	549,850	156,560	(185,200)	521,210	22,220				
and Deferred Amounts on Refunding	(899)	(3,746)	207	(4,438)	(201)				
Net Revenue Bonds/COP's	548,951	152,814	(184,993)	516,772	22,019				
Special Assessment / Special									
Tax Bonds	133,605	16,000	(3,980)	145,625	4,150				
Unamortized Bond Premiums, Discounts and Deferred Amounts on Refunding	(608)		52	(556)	(48)				
Net Special Assestment Bonds	132,997	16,000	(3,928)	145,069	4,102				
Tax Allocation Bonds	514,845	10,000	(12,041)	502,804	13,371				
Interest Accretion	9,219	1,910	(12,041)	11,015	10,071				
Balance with Accretion	524,064	1,910	(12,155)	513,819	13,371				
Una mortized Bon d Premiums, Discounts									
and Deferred Amounts on Refunding	5,623	-	5	5,628	-				
Net Tax Allocation Bonds	529,687	1,910	(12,150)	519,447	13,371				
Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed Bonds	105,400		(2,700)	102,700	3,300				
Net Pension Obligation	158,087	75		158,162	<u> </u>				
Total	\$ 1,876,763	\$ 318,868	\$ (332,446)	\$ 1,863,185	\$ 125,002				

#### d. Redemption of Debt

Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2007A (Ballpark Refunding) for PFFA were issued in the amount of \$156,560. The bond proceeds were used to refund the remaining outstanding PFFA Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2002 (Ballpark Project). The refunded bonds are fully redeemed and the corresponding liability has been removed from the Statement of Net Assets. The refunding transaction resulted in a total economic gain of approximately \$51,572 and a cash flow savings of approximately \$93,017. The refunded bonds were redeemed at a call date prior to the end of the fiscal year, and accordingly, there was no balance outstanding as of June 30, 2007.

# 6. BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (In Thousands)

# a. Long-Term Liabilities

Business-type activities long-term liabilities as of June 30, 2007 are comprised of the following:

Type of Obligation	Interest Rates (%)	Fiscal Year Maturity Date	Original Amount	Ou	Balance tstanding e 30, 2007
Arbitrage Liability				\$	224
Compensated Absences					15,154
Liability Claims					53,555
Capital Lease Obligations					1,006
Revenue Notes Payable:					
Subordinated Sewer Revenue Notes, Series 2007	5.0	2009	\$ 223,830		223,830
Subordinated Water Revenue Notes, Series 2007A	4.06*	2009	57,000		57,000
Total Revenue Notes Payable					280,830
Loans Payable:					
Loans Payable to San Diego County Water Authority	-	-	100		100
Loans Payable to State Water Resources Control Board, issued February 9, 2000	1.80**	2020	10,606		7,320
Loans Payable to State Water Resources Control Board, issued February 9, 2000	1.80**	2022	6,684		5,232
Loans Payable to State Water Resources Control Board, issued March 30, 2001	1.80**	2022	33,720		26,390
Loans Payable to State Water Resources Control Board, issued May 17, 2001	1.80**	2022	7,742		6,057
Loans Payable to State Water Resources Control Board, issued May 17, 2001	1.80**	2021	860		634
Loans Payable to State Water Resources Control Board, issued June 11, 2001	1.80**	2021	2,525		1,861
Loans Payable to State Water Resources Control Board, issued October 3, 2002	1.99**	2020	3,767		2,851
Loans Payable to State Water Resources Control Board, issued October 3, 2002	1.80**	2023	8,068		6,676
Loans Payable to State Water Resources Control Board, issued December 14, 2005	1.89**	2024	10,093		9,192
Loans Payable to Department of Health Services, issued July 6, 2005	2.51**	2026	21,525		20,257
Loans Payable to State Water Resources Control Board, issued October 15, 2006	1.99**	2024	3,858		3,678
Loans Payable to State Water Resources Control Board, issued February 28, 2007	1.89**	2025	11,068		11,068
Total Loans Payable					101,316
Bonds Payable:					
Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 1993	2.8 - 5.25*	2023	250,000		175,330
Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 1995	3.9 - 6.0*	2025	350,000		275,300
Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 1997 A	3.7 - 5.375*	2027	183,000		148,445
Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 1997 B	3.7 - 5.375*	2027	67,000		54,345
			(contin	ued on	next page)

(continued on next page)

Type of Obligation	Interest Rates (%)	Fiscal Year Maturity Date	Original Amount	Ou	Balance Itstanding ne 30, 2007
Water Certificate of Undivided Interest, Series 1998	4.0 - 5.375*	2029	\$ 385,000	\$	262,750
Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 1999 A	3.5 - 5.125*	2029	203,350		174,275
Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 1999 B	3.5 - 5.125*	2029	112,060		96,250
Subordinated Water Revenue Bonds, Series 2002	2.0 - 5.0*	2033	286,945		282,365
Total Bonds Payable					1,469,060
Estimated Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care					16,935
Net Pension Obligation					36,418
Total Business-Type Activities Long-Term Liabilities				\$	1,974,498

\* Interest rates are fixed, and reflect the range of rates for various maturities from the date of issuance to maturity.

\*\* Effective rate

#### b. Amortization Requirements

Annual requirements to amortize long-term debt as of June 30, 2007, including interest payments to maturity, are as follows:

			l Lease ations		Revenue Notes Payable			Loans Payable				Revenue Bonds Payable			
Year Ended June 30	Pr	incipal	Int	erest	Principal		nterest		Principal		nterest		Principal		Interest
2008	\$	840	\$	31	\$-	\$	13,761	\$	5,441	\$	1,995	\$	43,615	\$	72,825
2009		166		4	280,830		13,499		5,547		1,889		45,595		70,851
2010		-		-	-		-		5,655		1,780		47,585		68,850
2011		-		-	-		-		5,765		1,670		49,810		66,621
2012		-		-	-		-		5,878		1,557		52,315		64,120
2013-2017		-		-	-		-		31,154		6,022		304,530		277,876
2018-2022		-		-	-		-		32,309		2,887		388,555		192,212
2023-2027		-		-	-		-		9,467		418		379,290		89,043
2028-2032		-		-	-		-		-		-		144,365		16,076
2033-2037		-		-	-		-		-		-		13,400		335
Unscheduled *		-		-			-		100		-		-		-
Total	\$	1,006	\$	35	\$ 280,830	\$	27,260	\$	101,316	\$	18,218	\$	1,469,060	\$	918,809

\* The loan payable to the San Diego County Water Authority in the amount of \$100 does not have an annual repayment schedule. The payment is due if funding for the projects for which the loan was received

becomes available from other sources.

### c. Change in Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2007. The effect of bond premiums, discounts and deferred amounts on refunding are reflected as adjustments to long-term liabilities.

			Busi	ness-	Type Activitie	s		
	 Beginning Balance	A	dditions	R	eductions		Ending Balance	e Within ne Year
Arbitrage Liability	\$ 193	\$	31	\$	-	\$	224	\$ -
Compensated Absences	16,390		12,868		(14,104)		15,154	7,305
Liability Claims	50,379		5,539		(2,363)		53,555	4,298
Capital Lease Obligations	2,051		-		(1,045)		1,006	840
Revenue Notes Payable Unamortized Bond Premiums, Discounts	-		280,830		-		280,830	-
and Deferred Amounts on Refunding	-		1,035		(518)		517	517
Net Revenue Notes Payable	 -		281,865		(518)		281,347	517
Loans Payable	91,247		14,926		(4,857)		101,316	5,441
Revenue Bonds Payable Unamortized Bond Premiums, Discounts	1,662,705		-		(193,645)		1,469,060	43,615
and Deferred Amounts on Refunding	(7,759)		-		570		(7,189)	(570)
Net Revenue Bonds Payable	1,654,946		-		(193,075)		1,461,871	 43,045
Estimated Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care	14,811		2,124		-		16,935	-
Net Pension Obligation	 36,394		24				36,418	 -
Total	\$ 1,866,411	\$	317,377	\$	(215,962)	\$	1,967,826	\$ 61,446

### d. Redemption of Debt

Subordinate Sewer Revenue Notes, Series 2007 for PFFA were issued on a private placement basis in the amount of \$223,830. \$144,400 of the bond proceeds were used to current refund the remaining outstanding Subordinate Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2004 and \$79,430 of the proceeds were used either to finance or reimburse for previous costs incurred for upgrades to the City's sewer system. The final maturity date for the Series 2007 Notes is May 15, 2009. The refunded Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2004 were issued on a private placement basis and had a final maturity of December 15, 2011. The Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2004 were fully redeemed on May 7, 2007 and the corresponding liability has been removed from the Statement of Net Assets. The refunding transaction resulted in a total economic gain of approximately \$381 and a cash flow savings of approximately \$2,507. The refunded bonds were redeemed prior to the end of the fiscal year, and accordingly, there was no balance outstanding as of June 30, 2007.

### e. Defeasance of Debt

As of June 30, 2007, principal amounts payable from escrow funds established for defeased bonds are as follows:

Defeased Bonds	B	alance
Water Revenue Bonds, Series 1998	\$	77,155
Total Defeased Bonds Outstanding	\$	77,155

# 7. DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (In Thousands)

Discretely presented component units long-term liabilities as of June 30, 2007 are comprised as follows:

# San Diego Convention Center Corporation

Type of Obligation	Interest Rate	Fiscal Year Maturity Date	Origir			Balance Outstanding June 30, 2007		e Within e Year
Compensated Absences					\$	1,094	\$	1,094
Capital Leases			\$	3,942		2,956		755
Note Payable to San Diego Unified Port District, dated 1999	0.00%	2011		10,000		3,500		1,000
Total Long-Term Liabilities					\$	7,550	\$	2,849

Annual requirements to amortize long-term debt as of June 30, 2007, are as follows:

Capital	pital Leases			Note F	ote Payable				
Fiscal Year	Ar	Amount		Fiscal Year	A	mount			
2008	\$	755		2008	\$	1,000			
2009		807		2009		1,000			
2010		863		2010		1,000			
2011		531		2011		500			
Total	\$	2,956		Total	\$	3,500			

# San Diego Housing Commission

Type of Obligation	Interest Rate (%)	Fiscal Year Maturity Date	Original Amount		e Outstanding e 30, 2007	Due Within One Year	
Compensated Absences					\$ 1,320	\$	1,320
Note Payable to Bank of America, dated February 1985	5.0 – 10.2	2025	\$	3,789	2,975		107
Note Payable to Washington Mutual, dated June 1995	Variable*	2012		4,725	3,558		128
Note Payable to State of California (RHCP)	0.0	2013		1,405	1,405		-
Note Payable to State of California (RHCP)	0.0	2015		3,149	3,149		-
Note Payable to State of California (CalHELP)	3.0	2013		704	1,892		-
Note Payable to US Bank, dated November 2006	Variable*	2012		20,550	19,515		207
Note Payable to Wells Fargo Bank	6.38	2008		87	25		25
Total Notes Payable					32,519		467
Total Long-Term Liabilities					\$ 33,839	\$	1,787

\* The effective interest rate as of June 30, 2007 was 4.31% for the Washington Mutual Note Payable and 7.57% for the US Bank Note Payable.

Annual requirements to amortize such long-term debt as of June 30, 2007 to maturity are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	F	Principal	 nterest
2008	\$	467	\$ 1,793
2009		439	1,822
2010		451	1,810
2011		463	1,797
2012		21,678	1,784
2013-2017		7,211	1,772
2018-2022		261	312
2023-2025		1,549	 58
Total	\$	32,519	\$ 11,148

## 8. SHORT-TERM NOTES PAYABLE (In Thousands)

The City issues Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes (TRANs) in advance of property tax collections, depositing the proceeds into the General Fund. These notes are necessary to meet the cash requirements of the City prior to the receipt of property taxes.

Short-term debt activity for the year ended June 30, 2007, was as follows:

	Beginni	ng Balance	A	dditions	Redu	uctions	Ending Balance		
Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes	\$	-	\$	142,000	\$	-	\$	142,000	

The \$142,000 FY07 TRANs issue, which was a 13 month note obligation, had an interest rate of 4.18% and was repaid on August 3, 2007.

## 9. JOINT VENTURE and JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS (In Thousands)

### San Diego Medical Services Enterprise, LLC

A joint venture is a legal entity or other organization that results from a contractual arrangement and that is owned, operated, or governed by two or more participants as a separate and specific activity subject to joint control. San Diego Medical Services Enterprise, LLC (SDMSE) is a joint venture that is reported within the General Fund.

SDMSE was organized on May 2, 1997 to provide emergency medical services and medical transportation services to the citizens of San Diego. Operations began July 1, 1997 under an initial 5 year agreement that was extended on July 1, 2002 and again on July 1, 2005 for an additional three year period. On July 1, 2008 operations were extended until December 31, 2008 under a separate extension agreement while a competitive bidding process is being conducted. The operating agreement will expire on December 31, 2008 unless SDMSE is awarded a new contract after the competitive bidding process.

The SDMSE partners are the City of San Diego and Rural Metro of San Diego, Inc., a wholly owned subsidiary of Rural Metro Corporation (a publicly traded corporation). The SDMSE governing board is comprised of five members, three of whom are appointed by the City. In accordance with GASB 14, the financial impacts of the joint venture are reported in the General Fund.

The maximum funds which the City is required to contribute to the costs of SDMSE operations are limited to an aggregate of \$8,450 during the term of the third amended agreement. This aggregate includes a \$650 annual subsidy and any other amounts to be paid to the City since 1997 under the original contract, and any losses the City is required to cover under the extended contract, excluding any amount the City contributes for Medicare fee reimbursements. Cumulatively, the City has paid annual subsidies totaling \$5,700 as of June 30, 2007. Effective in fiscal year 2006, the City is no longer required to pay the \$650 annual subsidy and the Medicare fee reimbursements shall not exceed \$250 per fiscal year. Net assets of SDMSE are pro-rated to each partner based on a 50/50 split. In accordance with the operating agreement, profit and loss for each fiscal year is allocated equally to the members, subject to an aggregate limitation on loss to the City of \$8,450 (equal to the amount of subsidies discussed above). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, SDMSE reported a net income of \$2,768, a member distribution of \$2,700, and ending net assets of \$4,195.

Under the terms of an operating agreement between Rural/Metro of San Diego, Inc. and SDMSE, Rural/Metro of San Diego, Inc. has made available a line-of-credit in the initial amount of \$3,500 bearing an interest rate of 9.5%. SDMSE did not have an outstanding balance, nor did it borrow on the line-of-credit at June 30, 2007.

Complete financial statements can be requested from San Diego Medical Services Enterprise, LLC, 8401 East Indian School Rd., Scottsdale, Arizona 85251.

### San Diego Workforce Partnership

The City of San Diego and the County of San Diego jointly govern the San Diego Workforce Partnership (Consortium). The Consortium's Board of Directors consists of two members of the City Council, two members from the County Board of Supervisors, and one member of a charitable organization. The purpose of the Consortium is to provide regional employment and training services in order to develop and create job opportunities throughout San Diego County. The Consortium is empowered to make applications for and receive grants from governmental or private sources. The City does not appoint a majority of the Board, is not able to impose its will on the Consortium, and the Consortium is not fiscally dependent on the City. Therefore, it is the City's conclusion that the Consortium is a governmental organization with a jointly appointed board and not a component unit of the City. However, the City and County do share a joint responsibility for any liabilities arising from mismanagement of federal funds. The United States Department of Labor (DOL) issued an audit report in February 2007, finding that the Consortium did not consistently follow Federal cost principles and regulations when managing federal grant funds. A settlement was reached between the Consortium and the DOL in June 2008 which resulted in a liability of approximately \$1,100 payable to the DOL for the disallowed project costs. This liability will be split between the City and County and paid over a four year period. City Council approved the first payment of \$67 (city's share) to the DOL on October 14, 2008 per resolution 304261.

Complete financial statements can be requested from San Diego Workforce Partnership, Inc. 3910 University Avenue, Suite 400, San Diego, CA 92105.

### San Diego Geographic Information Source (SanGIS)

SanGIS was created in July 1997 as a joint powers agreement between the City of San Diego and the County of San Diego. SanGIS objectives are to create and maintain a geographic information system, marketing and licensing compiled digital geographic data and software, providing technical services and publishing geographical and land-related information.

Complete financial statements can be requested from SanGIS, 5469 Kearney Villa Road, Suite 102, San Diego, CA 92123.

# 10. LEASE COMMITMENTS (In Thousands)

The City leases various properties and equipment. Leased property having elements of ownership are recorded as capital leases and reported as capital assets in the government-wide financial statements, along with a corresponding capital lease obligation. Leased property that does not have elements of ownership is reported as an operating lease and is expensed when paid.

# **Operating Leases**

The City's operating leases consist primarily of rental property occupied by City departments. The following is a schedule of future minimum rental payments required under operating leases entered into by the City for property that has initial or remaining non-cancelable lease terms in excess of one year as of June 30, 2007:

Year Ended						
June 30	Amount					
2008	\$	11,815				
2009		11,914				
2010		11,466				
2011		10,924				
2012		11,082				
2013-2017		18,021				
2018-2022		245				
2023-2027		98				
Total	\$	75,565				

Rent expense as related to operating leases was \$12,132 for the year ended June 30, 2007.

### Capital Leases

The City has entered into various capital leases for equipment, vehicles and property. These capital leases have maturity dates ranging from July 1, 2006 through November 30, 2014, and interest rates ranging from 2.59% to 7.94%. A schedule of future minimum lease payments under capital leases as of June 30, 2007 is provided in Notes 5 and 6. The value of all capital leased assets as of June 30, 2007 for governmental assets is \$26,021, net of accumulated depreciation of \$85,803, and business-type assets of \$5,950, net of accumulated depreciation of \$13,556.

### Lease Revenues

The City has operating leases for certain land, buildings, and facilities with tenants and concessionaires. Leased capital asset carrying values of approximately \$65,363, as well as depreciation, are reported in Note 4 and are consolidated with non-leased assets. Minimum annual lease revenues are reported in the following schedule:

Year Ended	
June 30	Amount
2008	\$ 30,764
2009	29,993
2010	29,080
2011	28,630
2012	28,049
2013-2017	131,715
2018-2022	115,031
2023-2027	110,267
2028-2032	103,658
2033-2037	93,155
2038-2042	85,990
2043-2047	71,463
2048-2052	26,203
2053-2057	7,480
2058-2062	 2,200
Total	\$ 893,678

This amount does not include contingent rentals, which may be received under certain leases of property on the basis of percentage returns. Rental income as related to operating leases was \$78,548 for the year ended June 30, 2007, which includes contingent rentals of \$48,447.

# 11. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN (In Thousands)

The City, San Diego Convention Center Corporation (SDCCC), San Diego Data Processing Corporation (SDDPC), and San Diego Housing Commission (SDHC) each offer their employees a deferred compensation plan, created in accordance with Internal Revenue Service Code Section 457, State and Local Government Deferred Compensation Plans. These plans, available to eligible employees, permit them to defer, pre-tax, a portion of their salary until future years. Deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, disability, or an unforeseeable emergency. All assets and income of the deferred compensation plan are held in trust for the exclusive benefit of plan participants and their beneficiaries. The deferred compensation plans are not considered part of the City of San Diego's financial reporting entity.

### 12. PENSION PLANS (In Thousands)

The City has a defined benefit pension plan and various defined contribution pension plans covering substantially all of its employees.

#### DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN

#### a. Plan Description

San Diego City Employees' Retirement System ("SDCERS"), as authorized by Article IX of the City Charter, is a public employee retirement system established in fiscal year 1927 by the City. SDCERS is an agent multipleemployer defined benefit public pension plan (the Plan) and acts as a common investment and administrative agent for the City, the Port of San Diego (the "Port"), and the San Diego County Regional Airport Authority (the "Airport"). It is administered by the SDCERS Board (the "Board") to provide retirement, disability, death and survivor benefits for its members. Amendments to the City's benefit provisions require City Council approval as well as a majority vote by members. As of January 1, 2007, benefit increases also require a majority vote of the public. All approved benefit changes are codified in the City's Municipal Code.

The Plan covers all eligible employees of the City, the Port, and the Airport. All City employees working half-time or greater and full-time employees of the Port and the Airport, are eligible for membership and are required to join SDCERS. The Port and Airport are not component units of the City CAFR, however, and the information herein relates solely to the City's participation in SDCERS. City employment classes participating in the Plan are elected officers, general and safety (including police, fire and lifeguard members). These classes are represented by various unions depending on the type and nature of work performed, except for elected officials, unclassified and unrepresented employees.

	General	Safety	Total by Classification
Active Members	6,072	2,422	8,494
Terminated Members Retirees, Disabled and	2,157	449	2,606
Beneficiaries	4,004	2,675	6,679
Total Members, as of June 30, 2007	12,233	5,546	17,779

#### Plan Membership as of June 30, 2007 (actual member count)

Source: SDCERS-City of San Diego Actuarial Valuation as of June 30, 2007

As a defined benefit plan, retirement benefits are determined primarily by a member's class, age at retirement, number of years of creditable service, and the member's final compensation based on the highest salary earned over a consecutive one-year period. The Plan provides cost of living adjustments of 2% to retirees, which is factored into the actuarial assumptions. Increases in retirement benefits due to cost of living adjustments do not require voter approval. The Plan requires ten years of service at age 62, or 20 years of service at age 55 for general members (50 for safety members), which could include certain service purchased or service earned at a reciprocating government entity, to vest for a benefit. Typically, retirement benefits are awarded at a rate of 2.5% of the employee's one-year high annual salary per year of service at age 55 for general members, and 3% for Safety members starting at the age of 50. The actual percentage of final average salary per year served component of the calculation rises as the employee's retirement age increases and depends on the retirement option selected by the employee. General plan percentage of final average salary per year served is a maximum of 2.8% for general members and 3% for safety members.

On July 28, 2008, the City Council approved R-303977 which presents modified defined contribution and defined benefit plans for all non-safety City employees hired on or after July 1, 2009. The new defined benefit plan

includes modified percentages used to determine annual retirement allowance (depending on employees' age at retirement), a pensionable salary calculation used to determine retirement allowances based on a 3-year average, and a maximum annual retiree benefit of 80% of employees' pensionable salary. Additionally, the new defined contribution plan includes mandatory employee contributions to the Supplemental Pension Savings Plan (SPSP), of 1%, as well as City match, and the introduction of mandatory employee contribution to a retiree medical trust plan (as well as City match) of 0.25%. The modified plans were drafted and agreed upon by the Mayor's Office and related labor unions representing non-safety City employees.

### Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP)

The City also has a Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) where participants continue to work for the City and receive a regular paycheck. SDCERS' members electing to participate in DROP must agree to participate in the program for a specific period, up to a maximum of five years. A DROP participant must agree to end employment with the City on or before the end of the selected DROP participation period. A SDCERS member's decision to enter DROP is irrevocable.

Upon entering the program, the DROP participant stops making contributions to SDCERS and stops earning creditable service. Instead, amounts equivalent to the participant's retirement benefit plus 8% earnings and additional contributions are credited to an interest bearing individual account held in the participant's name. The DROP benefit is the value of a DROP participant's account at the end of the DROP participation period. Participants select the form of the distribution of the DROP account when they leave employment and begin retirement. The distribution is made as a single lump sum or in 240 equal monthly payments, or as otherwise allowed by applicable provisions of the Internal Revenue Code. Outstanding liabilities for DROP are shown on the Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets in the basic financial statements. During the period of participation, the participant continues to receive most of the employer offered benefits available to regular employees with exception to earning creditable service, as previously discussed.

SDCERS' members who were hired on or after July 1, 2005 are ineligible to participate in the DROP program due to the benefit changes negotiated with the July 1, 2005 Memoranda of Understanding (MOU). However, SDCERS has asserted that due to delays in codification of benefit changes into the Municipal Code, the effective cut off date would instead be February 16, 2007, which is when the Ordinance O-19567 was officially codified in the Municipal Code. As of the issuance of this report, the City Attorney and SDCERS legal counsel do not agree on the effective date [refer to Note 18 for additional information]. Notwithstanding amendments to the municipal code, SDCERS' members who were hired prior to July 1, 2005 are eligible to participate in DROP when they are eligible for a service retirement.

#### Purchase of Service Credits

Article 4 Division 13 of the City's Municipal Code allows plan members to purchase years of Creditable Service for use in determining retirement allowances. To purchase Creditable Service, a Member must elect to pay and thereafter pay, in accordance with such election before retirement, into the Retirement Fund an amount, including interest, determined by the Board. No Member will receive Creditable Service under this Division for any service for which payment has not been completed pursuant to this Division before the effective date of the Member's retirement. The City Attorney has opined that in the past, the Purchase of Service Credits were under priced by the Board of Administration. After review of the purchase of service program, SDCERS' actuary concluded that the service credit pricing structure that was in place prior to November 2003 did not reflect the full cost in the price then charged to SDCERS members. The pricing shortfall of approximately \$146,000, which is included in the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL), is reported in the RSI of these financial statements. The service credit pricing structure used after November 2003, however, does cover the full projected cost to the System when members purchased the service credits (this is discussed in Note 18: Contingencies).

SDCERS' members who were hired on or after July 1, 2005 are ineligible to participate in the Purchase of Service Credit program due to the benefit changes negotiated with the July 1, 2005 Memoranda of Understanding (MOU). However, SDCERS has asserted that due to delays in codification of benefit changes into the municipal code, the effective cut off date would instead be February 16, 2007, which is when the Ordinance O-19567 was officially codified in the Municipal Code. As of the issuance of this report, the City Attorney and SDCERS legal counsel do

not agree on the effective date [refer to Note 18 for additional information]. Notwithstanding amendments to the municipal code, SDCERS' members who were hired prior to July 1, 2005 are eligible to participate the Purchase of Service Credit Program.

### Corbett Settlement Benefits and Retirement Factors

In 1998, a lawsuit was filed by retired employees who alleged that the City's definition of compensation subject to the computation of retirement benefits improperly excluded the value of certain earnings. The City and SDCERS settled in May of 2000, which is known as the Corbett Settlement. This settlement provided for a flat increase of 7% in benefits payable to eligible members who retired prior to July 1, 2000, payable annually. The settlement also provided a 10% benefit increase and allows for two options in calculating the service retirement allowance for employees active at the time of the settlement and who joined the Retirement System before July 1, 2000 and who retired after July 1, 2000.

The options for calculating the service retirement allowance are outlined in the San Diego Municipal Code sections 24.0402 and 24.0403 which can be obtained at City of San Diego City Clerks Office, 202 C Street, San Diego, CA 92101 or online at <u>www.sandiego.gov</u>.

On July 1, 2002, the City Council increased the retirement factors used for calculating retirement allowances; this action was related to MP-2 (as discussed later in this note). As a result of the Corbett Settlement and other benefit actions taken by the City Council, the service retirement factors for general members (non-safety and non-legislative) range from 2.0% at age 55 to 2.8% at age 65. The service retirement factors for Safety Members (Fire, Police and Lifeguard) range from 2.2% at age 50 to 3.0% at age 50 depending on the Corbett Settlement option selected. Finally, the City also maintains an Elected Officer's Retirement Plan where members are eligible to receive 3.5% of their final average salary per year of creditable service. Depending on the number of years serviced, participants of the Elected Officer's Retirement plan can retire earlier than the age of 55, however, their retirement allowance is reduced by 2.0% for each year under the age of 55.

#### Preservation of Benefit Plan

On March 19, 2001, the City Council adopted Ordinance O-18930, adding SDMC sections 24,1601 through 24.1608, establishing the Preservation of Benefit Plan (POB Plan). The POB Plan is a gualified governmental excess benefit arrangement (QEBA) under Internal Revenue Code (IRC) section 415(m), which was created by Congress to allow the payment of promised pension benefits that exceed the IRC section 415(b) limits (and therefore cannot be paid from a qualified retirement plan). As provided, in SDMC section 24.1606, and required by federal tax law, the POB Plan is unfunded within the meaning of the federal tax laws. The City may not prefund the POB Plan to cover future liabilities beyond the current year as it can with an IRC section 401(a) pension plan. SDCERS has established procedures to pay for these benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. As of issuance of this report, actuarial liabilities related to retired member benefits that exceeded §415 limits are included in the RSI for the City's core pension plan for valuation years up to and including fiscal year 2005. In the fiscal year 2006 actuarial valuation, the estimated actuarial accrued liability related to excess benefits for eligible active members of the system, amounting to approximately \$22,800, was removed from the plan's Actuarial Liabilities (this liability is estimated to be approximately \$30,400 in the fiscal year 2007 actuarial valuation). Additionally, the liability for retired members of the POB Plan, amounting to approximately \$6,400, has been excluded from the fiscal year 2007 actuarial valuation. Estimates related to the actuarial liability for benefits that exceed IRS §415 limits were calculated using actuarial assumptions consistent with those used to perform actuarial valuations for the City's core pension plan and also pursuant to the Compliance Statement, dated December 20, 2007, and Tax Determination Letter provided by the IRS during Voluntary Correction Program discussions.

The most current estimates related to the Preservation of Benefit plan are that approximately 58 beneficiaries have received benefits of approximately \$2,900 in excess of IRC §415 limits through June 30, 2006; an additional approximate \$900 in benefits were paid in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007 for an estimated cumulative payment in excess of the IRC §415 limit of \$3,800. No additional plan payments or repayments are required as a result of the Compliance Statement. The number of plan participants, in any given year, for the Preservation of Benefit Plan is determined by the number of plan participants who exceed the current year's IRS §415(b) limitations as calculated by SDCERS' actuary. The maximum annual payment for the calendar year 2007 was \$180 (calendar year 2008 maximum annual payment is \$185) and is adjusted downward depending on the age of the participant when benefits began.

## Charter Amendment

On November 7, 2006, the citizens approved an amendment to Article 9, Section 143 of the City's Charter, requiring voter approval of certain increases in retirement system benefits for public employees. Specifically, this amendment requires a majority approval of the public of any ordinance that amends the City's retirement system by increasing the benefits of any employee.

Additional details of retirement benefits can be obtained from SDCERS. SDCERS is considered part of the City of San Diego's financial reporting entity and is reported as a pension and employee savings trust fund. SDCERS issues stand-alone financial statements which are available at its office located at 401 West A Street, Suite 400, San Diego, California 92101 or at <u>www.sdcers.org</u>.

## b. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies – Pension

Basis of Accounting - The pension trust fund uses the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Contributions are recognized as additions in the period in which the contributions are due and a formal commitment to provide the contributions has been made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the Plan.

Method Used to Value Investments - SDCERS investments are stated at fair value. The SDCERS custodial agent provides market values of invested assets with the exception of the fair value of directly owned real estate assets which are provided by the responsible investment manager and independent third party appraisal firms. Investment income is recognized in accordance with GASB 25 and is stated net of investment management fees and related expenses.

### c. Contributions and Reserves - Disclosure Related to Long - Term Contracts and Other Agreements

## Funding Contracts: MP-1 and MP-2

The City employer contributions for fiscal years 1996 - 2003 were not based on the full actuarial rates. Instead, employer contributions were less than the full actuarial rates in accordance with an agreement between the City and SDCERS, commonly referred to as Manager's Proposal 1 (MP-1). MP-1 provided that the City would make annual payments according to a contractually fixed formula of increasing percentages of total payroll instead of annual payments based on the annually required contribution (ARC) rates determined by the actuary. This agreement was subject to an actuarially determined funding ratio ("the trigger") of 82.3%. In the event the trigger was reached, the City would be required to make a lump sum payment to return the system to the funding ratio of 82.3%. The funding provision established by MP-1 was to be effective until fiscal year 2007, at which time, the City's contribution would return to the full ARC rate determined by the actuary. In the opinion of Kroll (a professional consulting firm engaged by the City to act in the capacity of an Audit Committee) and the City Attorney, the funding mechanism of MP-1 was illegal in violation of the City Charter and the State Constitution.

In 2002, a second agreement between the City and SDCERS was ratified; this agreement subsequently became known as Manager's Proposal 2 (MP-2). MP-2 modified MP-1 principally by allowing the City to avoid a balloon payment if the trigger was reached. Instead, MP-2 allowed the City to increase its funding until the full ARC was reached. This provision of MP-2 required that funding be increased over a five year period. In the opinion of Kroll and the City Attorney, the funding mechanism of MP-2 was illegal in violation of the City Charter and the State Constitution.

The actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2002, received in January 2003, which applies to contributions made in fiscal year 2004, reported the funded ratio to be 77.3%, thus the trigger had been breached. As a result, the City paid the increased contribution rates (which were less than the full actuarial rates) as required by MP-2 in the next fiscal year (fiscal year ended June 30, 2004). MP-1 and MP -2 are no longer in effect due to the Gleason settlement (see the section titled "Funding Commitments Related to Legal Settlements" in this Note).

A discussion of funding levels can be found in the Funding Policy and Annual Pension Cost section of this note.

### **Funding Contracts: Union Agreements**

The City has historically picked up a portion of the employee's retirement contributions. The fiscal year 2006 MOUs and the changes to current and future employee benefits therein were introduced to Council in June 2005, and the changes in benefit eligibility were approved by Council Resolution 300600.

The agreement in the MOUs (agreements with the police union were not reached) was to reduce the amount of individual employees' pension contributions which are paid for by the City, effective fiscal year 2006. The agreements with labor unions resulted in the reduction of City offset of the employee pension contribution by 3% for the Municipal Employees' Association (MEA), the International Association of Fire Fighters Local 145, and the Deputy City Attorney Association (DCAA) and a unilaterally imposed reduction of 3.2% for the San Diego Police Officers Association (POA). In addition, the American Federation of State and County Municipal Employees (AFSCME) Local 127 negotiated a 1.9% salary reduction in lieu of a City "pick up" contribution reduction and a benefit freeze.

The agreements with the bargaining units explicitly indicate that savings to the City must be used to help address its UAAL within the timeframe of the respective contracts. The labor contract with Local 127 states that "By June 30, 2008, if the City has not dedicated a total of \$600,000 or more to the UAAL reduction, including the amount received by leveraging employee salary reduction and pension contribution monies, the AFSCME salary reduction monies with interest will revert to SDCERS Employee Contribution Rate Reserve for benefit of Local 127 unit members to defray employee pension contributions."

In June 2006, the City leveraged a portion of the employee pick up savings by contributing \$90,800 from securitization of future tobacco settlement revenues, \$9,200 of current tobacco settlement revenues, and \$8,300 from the remaining balance in the employee "pick-up" amount as part of meeting its negotiated commitment. The \$100,000 payment in excess of the ARC from tobacco settlement revenues is 100% backed by general fund revenues, and therefore, was directly allocated to reduce the Net Pension Obligation (NPO) of the general fund only. The additional contribution of \$8,300 in excess of the ARC, however, was allocated Citywide as a reduction to the NPO. In June 2007, the City contributed approximately \$7,000 in addition to the ARC from the savings of the employee "pick-up" reduction and in July 2007 the City contributed approximately \$27,300 in addition to the ARC. (These agreements are also discussed in the Subsequent Events Note 22). Upon the conclusion of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, the City was not able to meet the outstanding commitment in its entirety. As such, the City is currently in discussions with Local 127 and MEA regarding the plan to return the salary reduction and employee contribution offset monies, with interest, to the bargaining unit memberships. Also after June 30, 2008 MEA filed a grievance against the City, which as of the issuance of this report is under negotiation.

### **Funding Commitments Related to Legal Settlements**

Subsequent to the adoption of MP-2, the City settled a class action lawsuit regarding alleged breaches of fiduciary duty and law regarding the City's underfunding of the pension system resulting from the adoption of MP-1 and MP-2. The Gleason Settlement Agreement addressed the issues raised regarding the City's underfunding of the pension system by imposing the following requirements on the City for fiscal years 2005 through 2008:

- 1. Contribute \$130,000 in fiscal year 2005. \*
- 2. Pay its full ARC beginning fiscal year 2006.
- 3. Repeal Municipal Code Sections that legitimized the City's contribution obligations related to MP-2.
- 4. Provide a total of \$375,000 of real property as collateral for payments required via the Gleason Settlement Agreement.
  - \* The City's Gleason Settlement required contribution of \$130,000 in fiscal year 2005 was paid prior to the execution of the agreement on July 7, 2005, and therefore, was omitted from the final agreement.

The Gleason Settlement also stipulated that certain actuarial assumptions be fixed, notably, that the amortization period was reset to a 29-year closed period commencing with the June 30, 2004 Annual Actuarial Valuation. These assumptions were to remain in place for the duration of the settlement. On July 1, 2004, the City made the Gleason Settlement required contribution of \$130,000 for fiscal year 2005 in addition to providing real property

totaling \$375,000 as collateral to be returned in annual installments of \$125,000. On July 1, 2005, the City made the annually required contribution of \$163,000 for fiscal year 2006. Additionally, the City made a contribution in excess of the ARC in the amount of \$108,300 on June 30, 2006. On July 3, 2006 the City made its full annually required contribution of \$162,000 as well as an additional \$7,000 contribution in excess of the ARC for fiscal year 2007 and on July 2, 2007, the City made its full annually required contribution in excess of the ARC for fiscal year 2008. The final installment of \$125,000 of real property collateral was returned to the City on November 9, 2007.

The annual required contributions for fiscal years 2005, 2006, and 2007 did not include the effects of the Corbett settlement because the SDCERS' Board viewed those benefits as contingent (see section a. for a description of the Corbett Settlement). Subsequent to those payments, the City determined that the Corbett Settlement liabilities are not contingent. As a result, the ARC for financial reporting was restated from the original ARC calculated by SDCERS' actuary to include Corbett Settlement liabilities. As a result, the City's NPO includes the effects of the Corbett Settlement.

In September 2006, the City entered into a settlement of McGuigan v. City of San Diego (the "McGuigan Settlement") related to the underfunding by the City of the pension system. This agreement stipulated that the City pay \$173,000 plus interest on amounts outstanding to SDCERS over a period of 5 years. An additional requirement of the McGuigan Settlement is that the City provides SDCERS real property collateral totaling \$100,000 (Non-Depreciable Capital Assets – Land). These amounts are in addition to those required by the Gleason Settlement and are to be returned upon the full payment of the settlement.

As of the issuance of this report, the City has provided the real property collateral in addition to approximately \$142,600 of additional payments to SDCERS, in an attempt to meet the terms of the McGuigan Settlement. This leaves an outstanding obligation resulting from the McGuigan Settlement of approximately \$35,000, including interest. The McGuigan Settlement was partially funded through the securitization of future tobacco revenue, transfers of actual tobacco revenue receipts, additional employee "pick up" savings, and City contributions made in addition to the ARC. This contribution is further discussed in the Funding Contracts: Union Agreements section above.

In January, 2006, the City reached a settlement on a separate civil action captioned: Newsome v. City of San Diego Retirement System, City of San Diego (the "Newsome Settlement"). As part of this settlement, the plaintiff has agreed to dismiss the lawsuit if the City provides an additional \$100,000 in funding over five years to SDCERS or, the funding ratio of the City's retirement plan returns to 82.3%. The amounts stipulated in the Newsome settlement are in addition to the amount stipulated in the settlement of the McGuigan Settlement. Under the Newsome Settlement, if the City does not provide the additional funding, the plaintiff then has the right to refile the lawsuit after giving the City 60 days notice.

### d. Funding Policy and Contribution Rates

City Charter Article IX Section 143 requires employees and employers to contribute to the retirement plan. The Charter section, which was amended in fiscal year 2005, stipulates that funding obligations of the City shall be determined by the Board of SDCERS and are not subject to modification by the City. The section also stipulates that under no circumstances, may the City and Board enter into any multi-year funding agreements that delay full funding of the retirement plan. The Charter requires that employer contributions be substantially equal to employee contributions (SDCERS' legal counsel has opined that this requirement applies to the normal cost contribution only). Pursuant to the Charter, City employer contribution rates, adjusted for payment at the beginning of the year, are actuarially determined rates and are expressed as a fixed annual required contribution as well as percentages of annual covered payroll. The entire expense of SDCERS' administration is charged against the earnings and plan assets of SDCERS.

The following table shows the City's contribution rates for fiscal year 2007, based on the valuation ended June 30, 2005, expressed as percentages of active payroll:

	Employer Contribution Rates				
	General Members	Safety Members			
Normal Cost*	11.28%	19.74%			
Amortization Payment*	9.91%	20.88%			
Normal Cost Adjusted for Amortization Payment*	21.19%	40.62%			
City Contribution Rates Adjusted for Payment at the Beginning of the Year	20.39%	39.08%			

\* Rates assume that contributions are made uniformly during the Plan year.

Normal Cost = The actuarial present value of pension plan benefits allocated to the current year by the actuarial cost method.

Amortization Payment = That portion of the pension plan contribution which is designed to pay interest on and to amortize the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Members are required to contribute a percentage of their annual salary to the Plan on a biweekly basis. Rates vary according to entry age. For fiscal year 2007, the City employee contribution rates as a percentage of annual covered payroll, averaged 9.86% for general members and 12.07% for safety members. A portion of the employee's share, depending on the employee's member class, is paid by the City. In fiscal year 2007, the amount paid by the City ranges from 2.4% to 5.89% of covered payroll for general members and the rate for safety plan members ranges from 4.1% to 4.3%. Employee contributions paid by the City, amounting to approximately \$18,270 in fiscal year 2007, are made from the City's operating budget. The amount paid on behalf of the employees has been renegotiated through the meet and confer process and reduced the amount of the employee contribution paid for by the City. In accordance with agreements with the labor unions, any and all savings realized by these agreements must be set aside and ultimately leveraged to reduce the pension system's UAAL.

On August 29, 2008, Council approved O-19781 which amended Chapter 2, Article 4, Division 15 of the San Diego Municipal Code. The intent of the amendment was to eliminate the concept of "Surplus Earnings" (earnings in excess of those earned using the assumed actuarial rate of return) which was the historical term for the funds used to pay for supplemental and contingent benefits. In accordance with these revised SDMC sections, annual distributions of these benefits are paid from Plan assets and take place in priority order. The Plan assets are distributed to various SDCERS system reserves, SDCERS budget, and contingent benefits. The order of distribution and a more detailed discussion of each distribution follows: First, Plan assets are used to credit interest, at a rate determined by the SDCERS Board, which is currently 8%, to the Employer and Employee Contribution Reserves and DROP member accounts. Second, Plan assets are used to fund the SDCERS Annual Budget. Third, Plan assets are distributed for supplemental or contingent payments or transfers to reserves. These items include in a priority order: 1) Annual Supplement Benefit Payment ("13th Check") paid to retirees generally equal to approximately \$30 (whole dollars) times the number of years of employment. 2) Corbett Settlement Payment paid to retirees who terminated employment prior to July 1, 2000 (Corbett Settlement payments not paid in any one year accrue to the next year and remain an obligation of SDCERS until paid). 3) Crediting interest to the Reserve for Supplemental Cost of Living Adjustment ("COLA").

Beginning in fiscal year 2005 when the reserve fund for healthcare benefits was depleted, the City funded the remaining retiree health benefits expense for fiscal year 2005 and the expenses for fiscal years 2006 and 2007 by transferring from the general and non-general funds into the retiree healthcare trust fund (discussed further in Note 13).

In November 2004, voters changed the City Charter and the mix of Board members requiring that a majority of the Board be independent of the City. Also, the Charter now requires that a 15-year amortization period be used for the UAAL beginning in fiscal year 2009; however, the SDCERS Board, in conjunction with the actuary, is using a

20-year amortization period with no negative amortization and has taken the position that the Board is legally responsible for establishing the valuation parameters, including the amortization period. City management agrees that the use of a 15-year amortization assumption with negative amortization instead of a 20-year amortization assumption with no negative amortization would increase the ARC if calculated as part of the fiscal year 2007 valuation.

## e. Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligation

#### **Annual Pension Costs**

The normal cost (i.e. the actuarial present value of pension plan benefits allocated to the current year) and the UAAL amortization cost (i.e. the portion of the pension plan payment designed to amortize the UAAL) were determined using the Projected Unit Credit (PUC) actuarial funding method. The following are the principal actuarial assumptions used for the 2005 valuation (additional assumptions were used regarding a variety of other factors):

- (a) An 8.0% investment rate of return, net of administrative expenses.\*\*
- (b) Projected salary increases of at least 4.25% per year.\*\*
- (c) An assumed annual cost-of-living adjustment that is generally 2% per annum and compounded. In addition, there is a closed group of special safety officers whose annual adjustment is equal to inflation (4.25% per year).

\*\*Both (a) and (b) included an inflation rate of 4.25%.

The actuarial value of assets was determined using techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a five-year period. In fiscal year 2007, the SDCERS Board approved a different asset smoothing method by marking the actuarial value of assets to market value in the fiscal year 2006 actuarial valuation. The method used by the actuary in fiscal year 2005 was not a commonly used method. The expected asset value asset smoothing method commenced with the fiscal year 2007 valuation. The UAAL for funding purposes, pursuant to the Gleason Settlement, is being amortized over a fixed 30-year period for the fiscal years 2006, 2007, and 2008. As of June 30, 2005, the valuation year used to compute the fiscal year 2007 annually required contribution, there were 28 years remaining in the amortization period. For valuations effective June 30, 2007, SDCERS' Board of Administration decided to use a 20-year amortization schedule. Beginning with the valuation dated June 30, 2007, the normal cost and UAAL amortization cost will be determined using the Entry Age Normal actuarial method, the result of which will cause the UAAL used in the determination of the fiscal year 2009 ARC to increase by approximately \$252,200.

The following table shows the City's annual pension cost ("APC") and the percentage of APC contributed for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007 and two preceding years (in thousands):

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	APC		Percentage Contributed	Net Pension Obligation				
2005	\$	179,743	67.92%	\$	290,190			
2006		175,879	154.28%		194,720			
2007		169,762	99.63%		195,356			

### Net Pension Obligation

Net Pension Obligation (NPO) is the cumulative difference, since the effective date of GASB 27 (fiscal year 1998), between the annual pension cost and the employer's contributions to the Plan. This includes the pension liability at transition (beginning pension liability) and excludes short term differences and unpaid contributions that have been converted to pension-related debt. As of June 30, 2007, the City's NPO is approximately \$195,356 and is reported in accordance with GASB 27. See table above.

The change to NPO is derived by first calculating the City's Annual Required Contribution ("ARC"). The ARC is

calculated by actuarially determining the cost of pension benefits accrued during the year (normal cost) and adding to that the annual amount needed to amortize the UAAL (amortization cost) as reported by the actuary, in accordance with the amortization period and method selected. The ARC is then increased by interest accruing on any outstanding NPO (NPO Interest) and then reduced by the amortization of the UAAL that is related to the NPO (ARC Adjustment).

The following shows the calculation for NPO based on the actuarial information provided to the City (in thousands):

ARC [Fiscal Year 2007]	\$ 165,222
Contributions [Fiscal Year 2007]	(169,126)
Interest on NPO	15,556
ARC Adjustment	(11,016)
Change in NPO	 636
NPO Beginning of Year [July 1, 2006]	194,720
NPO End of Year [June 30, 2007]	\$ 195,356

#### NPO Components related to Retiree Health

The City's annual contribution to SDCERS pension trust fund, for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2005, 2004, and 2003, included amounts that were contributed to the 401(h) Fund for healthcare benefits and are reported net of this contribution. Annual realized earnings, as determined by the SDMC Sections 24.1501 and 24.1502, in the pension trust fund were withdrawn and used to offset the portion of the City's contribution that went to healthcare benefits instead of being retained in the pension trust fund. This funding mechanism is a violation of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 401(a). SDCERS hired counsel to make a filing to the IRS to correct this operational failure and IRC violation. (See Contingencies Note 18 for additional disclosures). The amounts paid from the pension trust fund for healthcare benefits were approximately \$7,900 in fiscal year 2005, \$12,800 in fiscal year 2004, and \$11,500 in fiscal year 2003. These payments have been removed from the City's NPO related to the diversion of assets to fund retiree health is approximately \$79,000. The City's contribution related to retiree health for the fiscal year 2007 was placed in a Retiree Health Trust Fund which is paid from the City's operating funds. (See Other Post Employment Benefits Note 13 for further details.)

### NPO Components related to Employee Offset Liabilities

In fiscal year 1998, the City set aside \$37,800 in funds from the pension trust fund's undistributed earnings to fund the Employee Contribution Rate Reserve, and in accordance with SDMC §24.1502, annually added 8% interest earnings to this reserve. This employee contribution reserve was to pay for the City's share (offset) of the employee's retirement contribution. The amount of NPO related to the employee offset as of June 30, 2007 is \$34,500. This reserve was depleted in fiscal year 2006. As noted in the Funding Contracts: Union Agreements section above, the agreements with labor unions resulted in the reduction of City "pick-up" of the employee pension contribution, followed by employees paying for the contribution upon depletion of the reserve.

#### NPO Components related to Corbett Settlement and Subsequent Benefit Increases

The City is amortizing the unfunded liability incurred as a result of the benefit increases pursuant to the Corbett Settlement. The City interprets GASB 27 to require that the amortization methods used in calculating funding for the Plan to be consistent with the method used to calculate Plan expense. Thus, the previous amortization method of 40 years open for expensing plan costs was found to be incorrect. The impact on the NPO related to Corbett as of June 30, 2007 is approximately \$32,000.

#### NPO Components related to the Under Funding of Plan Contributions

As a result of the MP-1 and MP-2 funding contracts, the City's contributions for fiscal years 1996-2003 were less than the annual required contribution as determined by the actuary. The impact on the NPO related to the under funding of plan contributions as of June 30, 2007 is approximately \$49,900.

#### f. Actions taken on behalf of the City to address Pension Liability and Net Pension Obligation

As part of the agreements with the labor unions, several benefits were altered or eliminated for all employees hired on or after July 1, 2005, including the Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP), the 13<sup>th</sup> Check, the option to purchase years of service credits ("air-time"), and retiree healthcare benefits; however, the retirement formula generally remains 2.5% at 55 for general members and 3.0% at 50 for safety members. Also for employees hired on or after July 1, 2005, it was agreed to establish a trust vehicle for a defined contribution plan to fund and determine retiree medical benefits. As of the issuance of this report, the employer/employee contributions for such a plan have not been determined. The City has consolidated health care options to help manage the cost of health care for both current and retired employees, and as part of the agreements with the labor unions, the new definition of "health-eligible retiree" states that employees must have 10 years of service with the City to receive 100% of the retiree health benefit.

In fiscal years 2006 and 2007, the City contributed \$115,300 in addition to the ARC through the securitization of future tobacco revenue, transfers of actual tobacco revenue receipts, and additional employee "pick up" savings. In fiscal year 2008, the City contributed approximately \$27,300 in addition to the ARC which resulted in a total cumulative payment in addition to the ARC of approximately \$142,600 for the fiscal years 2006 through 2008. These contributions are the same as those discussed in the Funding Contracts: Union Agreements section discussed previously.

#### DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLANS

#### a. Supplemental Pension Savings Plan - City

Pursuant to the City's withdrawal from the Federal Social Security System effective January 8, 1982, the City established the Supplemental Pension Savings Plan ("SPSP"). Pursuant to the Federal Government's mandate of a Social Security Medicare tax for all employees not covered by Social Security hired on or after April 1, 1986, the City established the Supplemental Pension Savings Plan-Medicare ("SPSP-M"). The SPSP and SPSP-M Plans were merged into a single plan ("SPSP") on November 12, 2004 for administrative simplification, without a change in benefits. Pursuant to the requirements of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1990 ("OBRA-90") requiring employee coverage under a retirement system in lieu of coverage under the Federal Insurance Contributions Act ("FICA") effective July 1, 1991, the City established the Supplemental Pension Savings Plan-Hourly ("SPSP-H"). These supplemental plans are defined contribution plans administered by Wachovia Corporation to provide pension benefits for eligible employees. There are no plan members who belong to an entity other than the City. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings, less investment losses. The City's general retirement members and lifeguard members of the City's safety retirement members participate in the plan. Eligible employees may participate from the date of employment.

The following table details plan participation as of June 30, 2007:

<u>Plan</u>	Participants
SPSP	8,461
SPSP – H	4,181

The SPSP Plan requires that both the employee and the City contribute an amount equal to 3% of the employee's total salary each pay period. Participants in the Plan hired before July 1, 1986 may voluntarily contribute up to an additional 4.5% and participants hired on or after July 1, 1986 may voluntarily contribute up to an additional 3.05% of total salary, with the City matching each. Hourly employees contribute 3.75% on a mandatory basis which is also matched by City contributions.

Under the SPSP Plan, the City's contributions for each employee (and interest allocated to the employee's account) are fully vested after five years of continuous service at a rate of 20% for each year of service. Hourly employees are immediately 100% vested. The unvested portion of City contributions and interest forfeited by employees who leave employment before five years of service are used to reduce the City's cost.

In fiscal year 2007, the City and the covered employees contributed approximately \$23,372 and \$23,360, respectively. As of June 30, 2007, the fair value of plan assets totaled approximately \$542,777. SPSP is considered part of the City of San Diego's financial reporting entity and is reported as a pension and employee savings trust fund.

### b. 401(k) Plan - City

The City established a 401(k) Plan effective July 1, 1985. The 401(k) Plan is a defined contribution plan administered by Wachovia Corporation to provide pension benefits for eligible employees. Employees are eligible to participate from date of employment. Employees make contributions to their 401(k) Plan accounts through payroll deductions, and may also elect to contribute to their 401(k) account through the City's Employees' Flexible Benefits Program.

The employees' 401(k) contributions are based on IRS calendar year limits. Employees contributed approximately \$27,025 during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007. There is no City contribution towards the 401(k) Plan.

As of June 30, 2007, the fair value of plan assets totaled approximately \$234,883. The 401(k) Plan is considered part of the City's financial reporting entity and is reported as a pension and employee savings trust fund.

### c. Pension Plan - Centre City Development Corporation (CCDC)

CCDC has a Money Purchase Pension Plan covering all full-time permanent employees (the "CCDC Plan"). The CCDC Plan is a defined contribution plan under which benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. Employees are eligible to participate on the first day of the month following 90 days after their date of employment. During each year, CCDC contributes semi-monthly an amount equal to 8% of the total quarterly compensation for all employees. CCDC's contributions for each employee are fully vested after six years of continuous service. CCDC's total payroll in fiscal year 2007 was approximately \$3,900. CCDC contributions were calculated using the base salary amount of approximately \$3,544. CCDC made the required 8% contribution amounting to approximately \$284 (net of forfeitures) for fiscal year 2007.

In addition, CCDC has a Tax Deferred Annuity Plan covering all full-time permanent employees. The CCDC Plan is a defined contribution plan under which benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan by the employer and the employees, plus investment earnings. Employees are eligible to participate on the first day of the month following 90 days after their date of employment. During each plan year, CCDC contributes semi-monthly an amount equal to 16% of the total semi-monthly compensation for eligible employees. CCDC's contributions for each employee are fully vested at time of contribution. The Tax Deferred Annuity Plan includes amounts deposited by employees prior to CCDC becoming a contributor to the CCDC Plan. CCDC made the required 16% contribution amounting to approximately \$567 for fiscal year 2007.

The fiduciary responsibilities of CCDC consist of making contributions and remitting deposits collected. The City does not hold these assets in a trustee or agency capacity for CCDC; therefore, these assets are not reported within the City's basic financial statements.

### d. Pension Plan - San Diego Convention Center Corporation (SDCCC)

SDCCC's Money Purchase Pension Plan (the "SDCCC Plan") became effective January 1, 1986. The SDCCC Plan is a qualified defined contribution plan and as such, benefits depend on amounts contributed to the SDCCC Plan plus investment earnings less allowable plan expenses. The SDCCC Plan covers employees not otherwise entitled to a retirement/pension plan provided through a collective bargaining unit agreement. Employees are eligible at the earlier of the date on which they complete six months of continuous full-time service, or the twelve-month period beginning on the hire date (or any subsequent Plan year) during which they complete 1,000 hours of service.

A plan year is defined as a calendar year. SDCCC's balance for each eligible employee is vested gradually over five years of continuing service with an eligible employee becoming fully vested after five years. Forfeitures and

SDCCC Plan expenses are allocated in accordance with Plan provisions. A trustee bank holds the SDCCC Plan assets. The City does not act in a trustee or agency capacity for the SDCCC plan; therefore, these assets are not reported within the City's basic financial statements.

For the year ended June 30, 2007, pension expenditures for the SDCCC Plan amounted to \$1,269. SDCCC records pension expenditures during the fiscal year based upon estimated covered compensation.

### e. Pension Plan - San Diego Data Processing Corporation (SDDPC)

SDDPC has accrued and set aside funds in a money market account to provide employees who transferred from the City to SDDPC with retirement benefits approximately equal to those under the City's retirement plan. As of June 30, 2007, the balance in the account was \$140.

The balance at June 30, 2007 consisted of the total estimated liability plus interest earned on the account since its establishment in fiscal year 1991.

In addition, SDDPC has in effect a Money Purchase Pension Plan (the "SDDPC Plan") covering substantially all employees. The SDDPC Plan is a defined contribution plan, wherein benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. Employees are eligible to participate from the date of employment. During each plan year, SDDPC contributes monthly an amount equal to 20% of the total monthly compensation for all employees. SDDPC contributions for each employee are fully vested after four years of continuing service. The City does not act in a trustee or agency capacity for the SDDPC Plan; therefore, these assets are not reported within the City's basic financial statements. In fiscal year 2007, SDDPC made the required 20% contribution, amounting to approximately \$3,483.

SDDPC also administers a Tax Sheltered Annuity Plan, a voluntary defined contribution plan covering all employees of SDDPC who are eligible for membership as defined by the plan document. There are no employer contributions to this plan.

### f. Pension Plan - San Diego Housing Commission (SDHC)

SDHC provides pension benefits for all its full-time employees through a defined contribution plan (the "SDHC Plan"). In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. Employees are eligible to participate on the first day of their employment. SDHC's contributions for each employee (and interest allocated to the employee's account) are fully vested after four years of continuous service. SDHC's contributions for, and interest forfeited by, employees who leave employment before four years of service are used to reduce the SDHC's current-period contribution requirement. SDHC's covered payroll in fiscal year 2007 was approximately \$11,514. SDHC made the required 14% contribution, amounting to approximately \$1,614 for fiscal year 2007. The City does not act in a trustee or agency capacity for the SDHC Plan; therefore, these assets are not reported within the City's basic financial statements.

### g. Pension Plan - Southeastern Economic Development Corporation (SEDC)

SEDC has an optional Simplified Employee Pension Plan covering all full-time permanent employees (the "SEDC Plan"). The SEDC Plan is a defined contribution plan administered by James Kerr & Associates, Inc and Morgan Stanley Dean Witter is the investment advisor. Under section 212 of the SEDC Employee Handbook, employees are eligible to participate six months after their date of employment, and SEDC contributes a monthly amount equal to 12% of the employees' base salary, or 15% of management employees' base salary. Such contributions are fully vested upon contribution. SEDC's total payroll in fiscal year 2007 was approximately \$1,009. SEDC contributions, amounting to approximately \$118 for fiscal year 2007. SEDC Plan members contributed an additional \$3.6.

# 13. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (In Thousands)

### a. Plan Description

The City provides certain healthcare benefits to a variety of retired employees through SDCERS, as provided for in San Diego Municipal Code (SDMC) Sections 24.1201 through 24.1204. Currently, the benefits are primarily for health eligible retirees who were actively employed on or after October 5, 1980 and were otherwise entitled to retirement allowances. Health eligible retirees can obtain health insurance coverage with the plan of their choice, including any City sponsored, union sponsored, or privately secured health plan. In fiscal year 2007, health eligible retirees who are also eligible for Medicare are entitled to receive reimbursement/payment of healthcare premiums, limited to approximately \$7.8 per year, in addition to reimbursement/payment for Medicare are entitled to receive reimbursement/payment of healthcare premiums, limited to approximately \$1.1 per year. Health eligible retirees who are not eligible for Medicare are entitled to receive reimbursement/payment of healthcare premiums, limited to approximately \$1.1 per year. Health eligible retirees who are otherwise eligible for medicare are entitled to receive reimbursement/payment of healthcare premiums, limited to approximately \$1.1 per year. Health eligible retirees who are not eligible for Medicare are entitled to receive reimbursement/payment of healthcare premiums, limited to approximately \$7.3 per year. Nonhealth eligible employees who retired or terminated prior to October 6, 1980 and who are otherwise eligible for retirement allowances are also eligible for reimbursement/payment of healthcare benefits limited to a total of \$1.2 per year.

# b. Contributions

Expenses for postemployment healthcare benefits were paid for on a pay-as-you-go basis through fiscal year 2007. In fiscal year 2007, approximately 4,400 retirees received either City paid insurance or were reimbursed for other health insurance costs incurred amounting to approximately \$27,100. Approximately \$20,400 was paid by the City and approximately \$6,700 was paid by retirees for beneficiary health benefits. These contributions were placed into a trust fund called the Retiree Health Trust Fund, and all retiree healthcare expenses are paid directly from this fund by SDCERS.

In July 2004, GASB issued GASB 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB), which establishes standards for the measurement, recognition, and display of OPEB expense/expenditures and related liabilities, note disclosures, and, if applicable, required supplementary information in the financial statements. The City will implement GASB 45 in the financial statements for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2008. In preparation to meet the requirements of GASB 45, the City entered into an agreement on January 18, 2008 to pre-fund expenses related to postemployment healthcare benefits. The investment trust, administered by CalPERS, requires the City to pre-fund the trust in an amount not less than \$5 annually. The City has already submitted partial ARC contributions to CalPERS for fiscal year 2008 and 2009, amounting to approximately \$30,129 and \$23,911, respectively. Beginning in fiscal year 2008, the postemployment healthcare actuarial accrued liability of approximately \$882,646, all of which is unfunded, will be reported in the notes to the financial statements as well as in the required supplemental information in a manner similar to pension obligations.

# 14. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS (In Thousands)

Interfund Working Capital Advance (WCA) balances are the result of loans between funds that are expected to be repaid in excess of one year. The majority of the advances, approximately \$7,700, are advances from the Housing and Urban Development (HUD) Section 108 and Naval Training Center Section 108 grant funds to RDA. Interfund WCA balances at June 30, 2007 are as follows:

	Benefiting Fund (Payable)					
Contributing Fund (Reœivable)	Nonmajor Governmental					
General Fund	\$	300				
Nonmajor Governmental		8,252				
Total	\$	8,552				

Interfund receivable and payable balances are the result of loans between funds that are expected to be repaid during the next fiscal year. The majority of these short-term loans, approximately \$6,000, represents Transient Occupancy Tax (TOT) Fund loans to expenditure-driven grant funds that have temporary cash shortfalls pending reimbursement from the Federal Government and the State. Interfund receivable/payable balances at June 30, 2007 are as follows:

	Benefiting Fund (Payable)							
Contributing Fund	No	onmajor	Ir	ntemal				
(Receivable)	Gove	Governmental		Service	Total			
General Fund	\$	75	\$	1,400	\$	1,475		
Nonmajor Governmental		6,563		-		6,563		
Nonmajor Enterprise		3,326		-		3,326		
Total	\$	9,964	\$	1,400	\$	11,364		

The Sewer Utility Fund has an interfund loan receivable of \$3,487, and the Black Mountain Ranch FBA Fund, a capital projects fund, has a corresponding interfund payable of \$3,487 for advanced FBA project funding. The Sewer Fund agreed to finance the Carmel Valley Trunk Sewer project to facilitate earlier construction, of which a portion was deemed the responsibility of the Carmel Valley area developers and is intended to be reimbursed in fiscal year 2010 from FBA Fund assessment revenue.

Interfund transfers result from the transfer of assets without the expectation of repayment. Transfers are most commonly used to (1) move revenues from the fund in which it is legally required to collect them into the fund which is legally required to expend them, including TOT, Storm Drain, and TransNet funds collected in said funds but legally spent within the General Fund, (2) utilize unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds, in accordance with budgetary authorizations, and (3) move tax revenues collected in the special revenue funds to capital projects and debt service funds to pay for the capital projects and debt service needs during the fiscal year. Interfund transfer balances for the year ended June 30, 2007 are as follows:

Contributing Fund		Benefiting Fund														
	Nonmajor General Fund Governmental			Sewer Utility Water Utility			Nonmajor Enterprise		Internal Service		Capital Asset Transfers (Governmental)			Total		
General Fund	\$	-	\$	46,018	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3	\$	1,370	\$	-	\$	47,391
Nonmajor Governmental		86,980		158,536		80		84		1,235		774		-		247,689
Sewer Utility		-		2,161		-		-		-		220		1		2,382
Water Utility		-		1,365				-		-		234		348		1,947
NonMajor Enterprise		1,608		801		-		-		-		-		11		2,420
Internal Service		2,573		1,001		7,738		352		666		9				12,339
Capital Asset Transfers (Gov)		-		-		-		-		396		-		-		396
Total	\$	91,161	\$	209,882	\$	7,818	\$	436	\$	2,300	\$	2,607	\$	360	\$	314,564

# 15. RISK MANAGEMENT (In Thousands)

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City has established various self-insurance programs and maintains contracts with various insurance companies to manage excessive risks.

The City maintains an excess liability insurance policy in collaboration with a statewide joint powers authority risk pool, the California State Association of Counties-Excess Insurance Authority (CSAC-EIA) for amounts up to \$50,000. The City's self-insurance retention amount is \$5,000.

The City offers a cafeteria-style flexible benefits plan. This plan requires employees to choose a health and life insurance plan and also gives employees the option of obtaining dental insurance, vision insurance, or catastrophic care insurance. Employees can place remaining flexible benefit dollars into IRS qualified dental/medical/vision and childcare reimbursement accounts, into their 401(k), and/or take as cash.

The City is self-insured for workers' compensation and long-term disability (LTD). All operating funds of the City participate in both these programs and make payments to the Self Insurance Fund. Each fund contributes an amount equal to a specified rate multiplied by the gross salaries of the fund. These payments are treated as operating expenditures in the contributing funds and operating revenues in the Self Insurance Fund.

Public liability, workers' compensation, and long-term disability estimated liabilities as of June 30, 2007 are determined based on results of independent actuarial evaluations and include amounts for claims incurred but not reported and adjustment expenses. Claims liabilities are calculated considering the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends including frequency and amount of payouts, and other economic and social factors. Estimated liabilities for all public liability claims have been recorded in the Government-wide Statement of Net Assets as well as in the Self Insurance Fund, Sewer Utility Fund, and Water Utility Fund.

	Workers' Comp &							
	Public Liability		Long-T	erm Disability	Total			
Balance, July 1, 2005	\$	102,349	\$	163,406	\$	265,755		
Claims and Changes in Estimates		11,623		28,832		40,455		
Claim Payments		(28,563)		(24,786)		(53,349)		
Balance, June 30, 2006		85,409		167,452		252,861		
Claims and Changes in Estimates		50,667		31,753		82,420		
Claim Payments		(31,832)		(23,407)		(55,239)		
Balance, June 30, 2007	\$	104,244	\$	175,798	\$	280,042		

A reconciliation of total liability claims, for all three funds, showing current and prior year activity is presented below:

The City, in collaboration with CSAC-EIA, maintains an "All Risk" policy which includes flood and earthquake coverage for scheduled locations for amounts up to \$25,000 per occurrence under the primary policy, with a \$25 deductible. Limits include coverage for business interruption losses for designated lease-financed locations. There is no sharing of limits among the City and member counties of the CSAC-EIA pool, unless the City and member are mutually subject to the same loss. Limits and coverage may be adjusted periodically in response to the requirements of bond financed projects, acquisitions, and in response to changes in the insurance marketplace.

Earthquake coverage is provided for designated buildings/structures and certain designated City lease-financed locations in the amount of \$60,000, including coverage for business interruption caused by earthquake at certain designated locations. Earthquake coverage is subject to a deductible of 5% of total values per unit per occurrence, subject to a \$100 minimum. The City's earthquake coverage is purchased jointly and shared with the member counties in the CSAC-EIA pool. Due to the potential for geographically concentrated earthquake losses, the CSAC-EIA pool is geographically diverse to minimize any potential sharing of coverage in the case of an individual earthquake occurrence. Depending upon the availability and affordability of such earthquake insurance, the City may elect not to purchase such coverage in the future, or the City may elect to increase the deductible or reduce the coverage from present levels.

The City is a public agency subject to liability for the dishonest and negligent acts or omissions of its officers and employees acting within the scope of their duty ("employee dishonesty" and "faithful performance"). The City participates in the joint purchase of insurance covering employee dishonesty and faithful performance through the CSAC-EIA pool. Coverage is provided in the amount of \$10,000 per occurrence, subject to a \$25 deductible.

During fiscal year 2007, there were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year. For each of the past three fiscal years, the settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage.

See Contingencies, Note 18, for additional information.

# 16. FUND BALANCE / NET ASSETS (DEFICIT) (In Thousands)

The Grants Fund (Special Revenue) and the Capital Outlay Fund (Capital Projects) have net deficits of approximately (\$8,971) and (\$6,533), respectively, due to the large number of reimbursement grants accounted for within these funds. With reimbursement grants, the resources remain the property of the grantor until allowable costs are incurred. The grants revenues are recognized as soon as all eligibility criteria have been met and the amounts become available. This results in a deficit fund balance in these funds.

The Self Insurance Fund (Internal Service) has a net deficit of approximately (\$178,686), which represents unfunded estimated claims and claim settlements related to Public Liability, Workers' Compensation, and Long-Term Disability. It is anticipated that individual claim settlements will be funded through future user charges subsequent to the filing of a claim and prior to its settlement. In addition to user charges, in January 2008, the Mayor's office presented a five-year financial outlook to the City Council that outlines a proposal to fund the Self Insurance Fund by contributing an additional \$5,000 to the Public Liability Reserves in fiscal year 2008, \$10,000 in fiscal year 2009, and an additional \$5,000 to workers compensation in fiscal year 2009. On November 13, 2007 the City Council also approved the formal City Reserve Policy. This policy contains a "Risk Management Reserve Policy" for the self insurance funds which addresses funding reserves for both the Public Liability and Worker's Compensation funds in the future.

Publishing Services (Internal Service) has a net deficit of (\$944), due to a decline in work production, and outdated pricing for services which are not fully cost recoverable. Publishing services is restructuring their rates to ensure full cost recovery.

Special Engineering (Internal Service) has a net deficit of (\$1,005) which is primarily the result of the net pension costs incurred in the fund. Rates will be restructured to ensure this fund is fully cost recoverable.

## 17. COMMITMENTS (In Thousands)

As of June 30, 2007, the City's business-type activities contractual commitments are as follows:

Airports	\$ 1,864
Environmental Services	15,403
Sewer Utility	59,515
Water Utility	53,373
Other	 5,706
Total Contractual Commitments	\$ 135,861

The contractual commitments are to be financed with existing reserves and future service charges. In addition, the Sewer and Water Utility Funds intend to finance the contractual commitments with existing reserves, future service charges, and financing proceeds secured by system revenues.

#### Consent Decree

On April 2, 2001, two environmental groups filed suit against the City alleging that the Municipal System's collection system was deficient as a result of sewer spills from December 1996 to the time of the filing. The complaint sought injunctive relief to prevent illegal discharges, a compliance schedule to upgrade the Municipal System's collection system, and civil penalties of \$27.5 per day for each day of a violation. The City contested the plaintiffs' claims.

The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and the State also filed suits against the City alleging the same collection system violations, seeking unspecified penalties and injunctive relief for collection system improvements. All three cases were consolidated. On March 16, 2005, the City settled the State lawsuit for \$1,200. Of this total, \$1,000 funded three supplemental environmental projects to benefit the local environment, and \$200 was deposited in the State's Cleanup and Abatement Account.

The EPA, the City and the environmental groups reached an agreement on additional requirements to reduce sewer spills, which are set forth in a Consent Decree (the "Consent Decree"). The Consent Decree requires increased sewer spill response and tracking, increased root control, replacement or rehabilitation of 250 miles of pipeline, a canyon economic and environmental analysis, pump station and force main upgrades, and entails court supervision of these upgrades at least through June 2013. The estimated average annual cost of this commitment is \$108,000 per year in capital projects and \$47,000 per year in operational maintenance to the sewer system through the term of the settlement; however, the costs for bidding, constructing and completing the required work will fluctuate depending on variables such as changes in the cost of materials and labor. No civil penalty payment was required, though stipulated penalties ranging from \$375 (in whole dollars) to \$20,000 (in whole dollars) per occurrence are included for subsequent violations of the Consent Decree. The Consent Decree was approved by the Court on October 9, 2007, settling all remaining issues in the case.

Four sewer rate increases were approved for FY 2007 through FY 2010 to partially fund the obligations of the Consent Decree. However, additional rate increases will be necessary (likely beginning in year 2011) to completely fund the Consent Decree. The City funds the Capital Projects in the Consent Decree through the issuance of notes and bonds which are repaid by the sewer system's revenues.

## California Department of Public Health Compliance Order

In 1994, the City of San Diego entered into a compliance agreement with the State of California Department of Public Health ("DPH") with the approval of City Council, after the DPH Drinking Water Field Operations Branch conducted a sanitary survey of the City's water system. This agreement required the City to correct operational deficiencies and begin necessary capital improvements. The City was notified in January of 1997 that it was not in compliance with this agreement. At that time, the DPH issued a compliance order. The January 1997 Compliance Order was last amended in May of 2007 ("Amendment 11"), and included additional items that were not in the original Compliance Order. The DPH Compliance Order will remain in effect until the required projects are completed.

Presently, the Water Department is meeting all of the requirements of the DPH Compliance Order, including the ongoing obligation to provide DPH with quarterly progress reports. On February 26, 2007, the City authorized an increase in water rates and charges to continue funding projects mandated in the DPH Compliance Order as well as other Capital Improvement Program projects. In addition, on October 8, 2007, the City authorized a "pass-through" rate increase to account for the higher cost of water purchased from the San Diego County Water Authority. The pass-through rate increase took effect on January 1, 2008 and will help preserve the funds previously committed to DPH Compliance Order projects.

DPH has the authority to impose civil penalties if the City fails to meet DPH Compliance Order deadlines, although DPH has not imposed such penalties to date. Violation of the DPH Compliance Order may be subject to judicial action, including civil penalties specified in California Health and Safety Code, Section 116725. Section 116725 penalties for violating a schedule of compliance for a primary drinking water standard can go as high as \$25,000 (in whole dollars) per day for each violation; for violating other standards, such as turbidity, the penalties can reach \$5,000 (in whole dollars) per day. There are a number of additional enforcement tools prescribed by law, including mandatory water conservation, litigation and service connection moratoriums.

The costs for bidding, constructing and completing the required work will fluctuate depending on variables such as changes in the cost of materials and labor. As of 2007, the Water Department's DPH Compliance Order project and DPH related project costs approximate:

Total Projects	FY07		FY08 - FY11		FY12 - FY19		TOTAL	
DPH & EPA Requirements	\$	28,292	\$	345,747	\$	214,877	\$	588,916
DPH Related Projects		4,614		137,191		315,245		457,050

These commitments are to be financed with existing net assets, present and future revenues, and financing proceeds secured by system revenues.

### Convention Center Dewatering

The City is responsible for the disposition and monitoring of the quality of groundwater from the parking structure at the San Diego Convention Center located adjacent to San Diego Bay. The Convention Center includes a subterranean parking garage, which is subject to infiltration of groundwater, much of which originates from the bay. This groundwater must be continually pumped from the parking structure to prevent it from being inundated. Approximately 500,000 gallons of groundwater is pumped daily from the parking structure. Until March 26, 2008 this water was discharged into San Diego Bay. The City held a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System ("NPDES") permit for the discharge, issued by the Regional Water Quality Control Board ("RWQCB"). The discharge had been failing to consistently meet water quality standards set forth in the permit, potentially exposing the City to fines and penalties of

up to \$25,000 (in whole dollars) per day.

Monthly groundwater discharge sample results have not met the standards dictated by the NPDES permit since the end of calendar year 2005. This triggered the implementation of work to cease effluent violations within twenty seven months (from the end of March 2008), pursuant to an order of the RWQCB.

To achieve compliance with groundwater discharge requirements, the City retained an engineering consultant in 2006 to review all previous work and develop the most cost-effective engineering solution to achieve compliance. The consultant's final report was received in August 2007. This report determined that the most cost effective method to comply with the RWQCB Order in the near term was to divert the discharge from the bay to the sewer system. The cost for implementing this solution is estimated to be \$709,488 (in whole dollars) for FY 2009, with subsequent annual increases based on approved sewer rates, for operational and sewer service charges. There is also a one-time sewer capacity charge of \$5,904,930 (in whole dollars) that is due after the first year of diversion to the sewer. The City's General Fund is responsible for the funding, although the San Diego Port District, which owns the Convention Center property, may also be partially responsible.

The City of San Diego established the diversion to the sewer effective March 26, 2008 in compliance with the RWQCB Order. On May 19, 2008, the City requested permission from the EPA to make diversion of the groundwater into the sewer system permanent. As of the issuance of this report, the EPA is considering this request.

# 18. CONTINGENCIES (In Thousands)

## FEDERAL AND STATE GRANTS

Grant monies received as reimbursement for costs incurred in Federal and State programs administered by the City are recognized as revenue. Although the City's Federal grant programs are audited in accordance with the requirements of the Federal Single Audit Act of 1984, the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996, and the related U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, these programs may be subject to financial and compliance audits by the reimbursing agencies. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time. The Single Audits for fiscal years ended June 30, 2004, 2005 and 2006 were completed by Macias Gini & O'Connell LLP and have been received and filed by the City Council.

Additionally, the local unit of the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) has recently conducted an audit survey of the City's Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) program. The overall objective of the audit survey was to determine whether management complied with applicable laws, regulations, and requirements of HUD's CDBG program. After reviewing the program, HUD indicated that the City may not be in compliance with CFR 85.25. Specifically, HUD is concerned with CDBG loans to RDA, "Re-Loans", and other program eligibility issues.

The Office of the Inspector General (OIG) subsequently began an audit which focused on CDBG loans with RDA. As part of the audit process HUD has recommended that the City and RDA ensure timely payments of both principal and interest on CDBG loans made from the City to RDA. The total amount of the loans identified by HUD was \$139,202. These loans are reported as a component of loans payable and accrued interest payable to the City in the long-term liabilities footnote of the Redevelopment Agency Financial Statements with an "unscheduled" maturity date. OIG has indicated a need to establish a repayment schedule; however, did not stipulate a proposed time period for repayment. Depending on the outcome of negotiations with HUD, repayment of the loans by RDA could impact RDA's liquidity. These loans do not appear in the City's CAFR as they represent interfund loans between two governmental funds in which repayment is not expected in a reasonable amount of time. Therefore, these loans are reported as interfund transfers in the fund level statements, and then eliminated as interfund activity in the government wide statements per GASB 34.

It is currently uncertain what, if any, other action HUD will take concerning potential non-compliance regulations over the use of federal funds. HUD also plans to proceed with another audit focusing on other CDBG activities, and this is scheduled to begin in October 2008.

# CONTINUING DISCLOSURE OBLIGATIONS

The City, in connection with all bond offerings since the effective date (July 1995) of the continuing disclosure requirements of SEC Rule 15c2-12, has contractually obligated itself to provide annual financial information, including audited financial statements, within certain specified time periods (generally nine months) after the end of each fiscal year. The City has not been able to satisfy its contractual obligations to provide to the national repositories audited financial statements, or financial information and operating data derived from the financial statements, for fiscal years 2003 through 2007 on a timely basis. At the time of each deadline, the City, as required by its continuing disclosure contractual obligations, provided to the national repositories a notice of the failure to file the audited annual financial statements information.

# REGULATORY AND OTHER INDEPENDENT INVESTIGATIONS

In November 2006, the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) entered an Order sanctioning the City of San Diego for committing securities fraud by failing to disclose, in 2002 and 2003, material information about its pension and retiree health care obligations in connection with disclosures relating to the sale of its municipal bonds. To settle the action, the City

agreed to cease and desist from future securities fraud violations and to retain an independent consultant for three years to foster compliance with its disclosure obligations under the federal securities laws.

The SEC made the following determinations in the Order (figures are as of the date of the Order unless otherwise noted):

- The City failed to disclose that the City's unfunded liability to its pension plan was projected to increase to an estimated \$2 billion at the beginning of fiscal year 2009, and that the City knew and failed to disclose that its health care liability would be in excess of \$1.1 billion. (The information presented in the SDCERS actuarial valuation for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, which will be incorporated in the City's fiscal year 2009 financial statements, reported the unfunded actuarial liability to be \$1.183 billion.)
- The City failed to disclose that it had been intentionally under-funding its pension obligations so that it could increase
  pension benefits but defer the costs, and that it would face severe difficulty funding its future pension and retiree
  healthcare obligations unless new revenues were obtained, pension and healthcare benefits were reduced, or City
  services were reduced.
- The City knew or was reckless in not knowing that its disclosures were materially misleading.
- The City made these misleading statements through three different means:
  - In the offering documents for five municipal offerings in 2002 and 2003 that raised over \$260 million from investors. The offering documents containing the misleading statements included the "official statements," which were intended to disclose material information to investors, and the "preliminary official statements," which were used to gauge investors' interest in a bond issuance.
  - 2. The City made misleading statements to the agencies that gave the City its credit rating for its municipal bonds.
  - 3. The City made misleading statements in its "continuing disclosure statements," which described the City's financial condition and were provided by the City to the municipal securities market with respect to prior City bond offerings.

The City consented to the issuance of the Order without admitting or denying the findings in the Order. The SEC's investigation with respect to the City's misleading disclosures is ongoing as to individuals and other entities that may have violated the federal securities laws.

The SEC Order sanctioning the City of San Diego for committing securities fraud is available at: www.sec.gov

Prior to settlement with the SEC, the City engaged a number of firms to review the City's disclosure practices and to investigate potential illegal acts. In February 2004, the law firm of Vinson & Elkins LLP (V&E) was engaged to conduct a review of the adequacy of the City's financial disclosure relating to the pension fund in bond offerings from 1996 to 2002 and to prepare a report on its findings. In September 2004, V&E released a report that identified a number of disclosure deficiencies and made recommendations on how to remediate their causes. The report did not offer conclusions on the culpability of individual members of the City's government.

Many of the recommendations contained in the V&E report were adopted by the City in October 2004. However, the City's accounting firm, KPMG, advised that the report did not provide a sufficient basis to conclude that all questions necessary to the completion of the audit were sufficiently investigated and resolved in a manner that would permit the issuance of an audit report. In response, the City engaged a professional consulting firm, Kroll Inc. (Kroll) and the law firm Willkie, Farr and Gallagher LLP, to act in the capacity of an audit committee. Kroll took over the investigation. The independent investigations

concluded when Kroll presented its final report to the City on August 8, 2006. The Kroll report concluded that there were numerous failures on the part of City government to conform to law, to adhere to principles of sound governance and financial reporting, and to protect the financial integrity of the City's pension system. The Kroll report was more fully summarized in the City's fiscal year 2003 financial report. The City's fiscal year 2003 financial report, and the entire Kroll report including interview summaries and footnotes, as well as the V&E report, are available at: <a href="http://www.sandiego.gov">www.sandiego.gov</a>.

### REMEDIATION OF CITY DISCLOSURE DEFICIENCIES

The City has taken a variety of remedial actions in the wake of the disclosure deficiencies identified by V&E, Kroll and the SEC. In response to the V&E Report, the City amended the municipal code to address certain control environment issues. The Disclosure Ordinance created the Disclosure Practices Working Group composed of City officials and outside disclosure counsel to review the form and content of all financial disclosures by the City and its related entities and a finance and disclosure unit within the City Attorney's Office. Pursuant to the Ordinance, the Auditor and Comptroller is required to annually review and report on internal controls within the City. In addition, mandatory training is required for City staff and officials, including the City Council and Mayor, regarding their obligations under federal and state securities laws.

Further reforms were proposed by the Mayor to address deficiencies identified in the Kroll Report. A monitor, who also serves as the Independent Consultant pursuant to the Order, was appointed on January 26, 2007, to oversee the implementation of the Mayor's remediation plan. Structural changes were made to the City's Finance Department to enhance accountability to the City's Chief Financial Officer, who also serves as the Auditor and Comptroller. The City Council amended the Municipal Code to create an Audit Committee comprised of three Councilmembers, which provides legislative oversight of the City's accounting and financial reporting processes and internal audit function.

In Fall 2007, an Internal Auditor was appointed by the Mayor, in consultation with the Audit Committee. The Internal Auditor reports to both the Chief Operating Officer and the Audit Committee. The City has also retained an independent actuary to provide periodic analysis of SDCERS' actuarial reporting and of the fiscal impact of pension and benefit related decisions. An Enterprise Resource Planning ("ERP") system has been purchased to enhance the timeliness and accuracy of the City's operational reporting; the first ERP modules are scheduled for activation in October 2008.

Certain recommendations included in the Kroll Report and the Mayor's remediation plan require further action by the City or the voters. An ordinance imposing criminal penalties for City employees who improperly influence the City's outside consultants has not been presented to the City Council for consideration. Changes to the City Charter to enhance the independence of both the Internal Auditor and the Audit Committee were approved with the passage of Proposition C (Prop C) in the June 3, 2008 election and are discussed in more detail below and in Note 22.

## INDEPENDENT CONSULTANT'S ANNUAL REVIEW

The Independent Consultant required by the SEC Order has several specific mandates. Among these are annual reviews, for a three year period, of the City's policies, procedures and internal controls regarding financial disclosures. The Independent Consultant is also required to make recommendations concerning the City's policies, procedures and internal controls and to assess the City's adoption and implementation of these recommendations.

On June 7, 2007, the Independent Consultant issued an interim report to the City and the SEC to provide a preliminary review and assessment of the City's policies, procedures and internal controls over financial reporting. This report was not an annual review, but intended to provide an initial update of the City's progress. The SEC issued a letter acknowledging this initial report on July 23, 2007, recognizing the recommendations outlined and indicating that subsequent reports would provide more complete, specific and concrete recommendations with specific deadlines. The City responded to the SEC

letter on September 25, 2007, citing actions already taken by the City to strengthen internal controls over financial reporting and confirming the City's intent to continue working with the Independent Consultant in the near future.

On March 25, 2008 the Independent Consultant issued his first annual report to the City of San Diego which was received by the City Council on April 1, 2008. This report focused solely on the City's ongoing disclosure efforts and future compliance with disclosure obligations under federal securities laws. His recommendations are summarized below:

- Reconstitute the Audit Committee to be independent from financial management, which has the requisite
  expertise to perform its oversight functions, and has a sufficient relationship with the City Council to engender its
  confidence in view of the Council's role in the City's financial reporting. This recommendation was consistent
  with the June 3, 2008 Prop C charter revision which approved an Audit Committee consisting of two
  Councilmembers, one of whom would be chair, and three public members who must have at least 10 years of
  professional finance experience.
- Creation of an internal audit department separate from the Auditor and Comptroller's Office which directly reports to the Audit Committee. This recommendation was implemented with the approval of Prop C.
- Significantly increase staffing of the internal audit department.
- Involve the Audit Committee with hotline activity involving improper financial conduct and fraud.
- Establish a clear Chief Financial Officer position in the City Charter. This recommendation was implemented with the approval of Prop C.
- Better integrate and coordinate ERP and Internal Controls over Financial Reporting (ICFR) process to align
  objective and maximize resources. Devote additional resources to the ICFR process, and develop period end
  financial reporting routines. Also, report quarterly to the Audit Committee on the progress of these efforts.
- There were also several recommendations regarding the Audit Committee's procedures over CAFR review; consideration of a shelf-like disclosure system with the DPWG; review of the DPWG practices and functions; and others.

The complete report is available at: <u>www.sandiego.gov</u>.

#### GENERAL INVESTIGATIONS

The City Attorney is currently being investigated by the California State Bar. Bar investigations are confidential and the scope, nature, and likely outcome of the investigation are not known.

#### LITIGATION AND REGULATORY ACTIONS

The City is a defendant in lawsuits pertaining to material matters, including claims asserted which are incidental to performing routine governmental and other functions. This litigation includes but is not limited to: actions commenced and claims asserted against the City arising out of alleged torts; alleged breaches of contracts; alleged violations of law; and condemnation proceedings. The City has received approximately 2,300 notices of claims in fiscal year 2007.

The estimate of the liability for unsettled claims has been reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Assets and the Proprietary Funds financial statements. The liability was estimated by categorizing the various claims and supplemented by information provided by the City Attorney with respect to certain large individual claims and proceedings. The recorded liability is the City's best estimate based on available information.

Significant individual lawsuits are described below.

#### SDCERS v. City of San Diego

In 1996 and 2002, SDCERS, the City and various labor unions entered into agreements wherein the City of San Diego contributed less to the pension system than what was actuarially required. SDCERS has filed a complaint claiming the benefits are legal and should continue to be paid by the City. The City Attorney filed a cross-complaint alleging the benefits were not legal; however, that case was dismissed in December 2006. The City Attorney is currently appealing the case before the Court of Appeals.

## San Diego Police Officer's/ABBE v. City of San Diego

On October 25, 2005, the SDPOA (SDPOA #2) filed a lawsuit against the City alleging failure to pay for overtime work under the Fair Labor Standards Act. The likelihood of an unfavorable outcome is reasonably possible and the liability is estimated to be in the range of \$0 - \$15,000.

### Wayne Akeson, et al. v. City of San Diego

On August 6, 2006, a lawsuit arose following a water main break which caused flooding along a private street in the Colony Hills Homeowners Association (HOA) in La Jolla. Claimants allege the water main failure caused soil subsidence, hillside failure, road failure and diminished property values of 40 HOA homes. In the event of an adverse ruling, the liability facing the City is estimated to be in the range of \$0 - \$40,000.

### Ace Properties v. City of San Diego

On October 2, 2006, Ace Properties entered into an inverse condemnation case against the City of San Diego. In the event of an adverse ruling, the liability facing the City is estimated to be in the range of \$0 - \$3,000.

Significant regulatory actions are described below (Other regulatory actions are described in Notes 17 and 22).

## California Regional Water Quality Board Administrative Proceeding

The City is in an on-going administrative proceeding before the California Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB) where it has been alleged that the City, along with eight other entities, have contributed to polluting San Diego Bay, a condition which requires abatement. The allegations relate to current and historic discharges of urban runoff into Chollas Creek, which drains into the San Diego Bay. The City has retained consultants to assess the available data and therefore it is difficult to determine likelihood of an unfavorable outcome. However, the RWQCB has estimated that remediation costs could range between \$900 and \$122,000 depending on the remedy selected, and the City would have a yet-to-be determined share of those remediation costs if an unfavorable outcome were to happen.

#### IRS Voluntary Correction Program Settlement

SDCERS is operated as a qualified governmental defined benefit plan under Internal Revenue Code (IRC) §§ 401(a) and 414(d). In light of various concerns raised in investigative reports regarding practices of SDCERS that could have jeopardized its status as a qualified governmental defined benefit plan, SDCERS requested its outside tax counsel, Ice Miller LLP, to perform a comprehensive document compliance review, prepare submissions in accordance with the IRS Voluntary Correction Program (VCP), and work with the IRS to finalize a compliance statement to resolve SDCERS' compliance issues. A comprehensive settlement was reached between the IRS and SDCERS on December 20, 2007 (Settlement). The Settlement required the City and SCDERS to take certain corrective actions, some of which required Council approval, regarding certain provisions of its retirement plan within 150 days of December 20, 2007. The Settlement

did not require the City to pay any penalty payments or to make any additional contributions to the retirement system. On April 15, 2008, Council approved Ordinance O-2008-133 to comply with the IRS requirements outlined in the Settlement.

The VCP filings identified violations and proposed corrections regarding the City's Presidential Leave Program for presidents of certain labor organizations that represent City employees; compensation limits under IRC § 401(a)(17); minimum distribution requirements under IRC § 401(a)(9); eligible rollover distribution compliance under IRC § 401(a)(31); minimum distribution requirements from the Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP) program; overpayment of disability benefits; conversion of annual leave to purchased service credits; retiree healthcare benefits and health administrative expenses under IRC § 401(h); benefit and compensation limits under IRC §§§ 415(b), 415(c) and 415(n); and remedial plan amendments.

The practice of using pension plan assets, and later a bifurcation of City contributions to the pension plan to fund retirement healthcare benefits, resulted in the most significant plan violation in monetary terms. The compliance statement identified that from 1983 through 1991, retiree health benefits were paid by SDCERS when the plan document did not provide for such benefits. Additionally, the compliance statement states that the plan was not appropriately reimbursed for administrative expenses related to the provision of retiree health benefits from 1993 to 2006. Both of these failures were related to non-compliance with IRC § 401(a)(2). The cumulative value of improper payments associated with this failure was approximately \$34 million. In a separate failure, the compliance statement also identified that from 1998 through 2005, the terms of the Plan did not comply with all of the provisions of IRC §§ 401(a)2 and 401(h) as it relates to the plan's administration of retirement health benefits were funded "made it extremely difficult, if not impossible to resolve that there was no inappropriate use of the Plan Assets." In this regard, and for the purposes of presenting fairly the effect on net assets, the City has estimated that from 1988 through 2006, the cumulative effect of the improper funding and administration of Retiree Health Benefits was approximately \$77.1 million. These amounts will be treated as a reduction to City contributions against its Annually Required Contribution during the year in which the expenditures occurred and instead recorded as part of the City's Net Pension Obligation.

With regard to benefit and compensation limits, in March 2001, the City Council authorized the establishment of a Preservation of Benefit Plan. A preservation of benefit plan (POB) is a qualified governmental excess benefit arrangement (QEBA) under IRC § 415(m), which is a vehicle created by Congress to allow the payment of promised pension benefits that exceed the IRC § 415(b) limits. While the City Council approved the establishment of a POB satisfying the requirements of § 415(m), the City has not received a determination letter from the IRS approving the formation of its POB QEBA. Under the Internal Revenue Code, the City may not pre-fund the POB to cover future liabilities beyond the current year, as with the 401(a) plan. Despite the creation of the POB by the City Council in March 2001, SDCERS continued to treat the excess amounts as payable from the 401(a) plan assets in violation of law. SDCERS did not establish a POB and Trust until February 2007. In future years, SDCERS will determine the amount necessary to fund any pension benefits payable during the calendar year in excess of the amount permitted by IRC § 415(b). This amount will include the projected amount of all excess pension benefits payable for the calendar year as well as the projected cost of administering the POB for the City transferred money into a new POB account in December 2007 to fund POB payments. With the issuance of the Compliance Statement, SDCERS has stopped paying benefits in excess of IRC § 415(b) limits will be paid only from the POB.

The estimated actuarially accrued liability related to excess benefits for eligible active members of the system, amounting to approximately \$22.8 million, has been excluded from the actuarial valuation of the 401(a) retirement plan beginning in fiscal year 2006 (this liability is estimated to be approximately \$30.4 million in the fiscal year 2007 actuarial valuation). Additionally, the liability for retired members of the Preservation of Benefit Plan, amounting to approximately \$6.4 million, has been excluded from the fiscal year 2007 actuarial valuation, has been excluded from the fiscal year 2007 actuarial valuation of the 401(a) retirement plan. Accordingly, the liability related to excess benefits for retired members is reflected in the actuarial liabilities of the 401(a) plan in the actuarial

valuation dated June 30, 2006 as well as in the ARC payable in fiscal year 2008.

In fiscal year 2005, costs related to the Preservation of Benefit Plan for both retired and active members are included in the actuarial liabilities presented in the Required Supplementary Information (RSI) for the City's core pension plan and are valued using the same set of assumptions. In a review of the financial statements of other local governments, the City has noted significant diversity of practice in how governments are accounting for QEBAs. As such, the City is in the process of implementing a plan to account for the QEBA with SDCERS.

### City Attorney Concerns with Pension System

The City Attorney has concluded that, in his opinion, the retirement benefits paid in excess of IRC § 415(b) limits referenced above, require voter approval as such benefits constitute a distinct pension plan not authorized under the City Charter. Therefore, it is also his opinion that the retirement benefits paid in excess of IRC § 415(b) limits are illegal and that the City should immediately discontinue payment. Other members of management believe that this issue has yet to be resolved in court related to lawsuits previously filed by the City Attorney. As such, the City intends to continue to treat these benefits as legal obligations until instructed to do otherwise by a court of law. In the opinion of management, a decision to terminate such benefits would expose the City's residents to unnecessary and costly legal fees.

In addition, the City Attorney has written to the Internal Revenue Service, in letters dated September 13, 2007, October 3, 2007 and November 6, 2007, expressing his concerns that the pension plan in its current form violates various provisions of the City Charter and the Municipal Code, and that such violations could jeopardize the status of SDCERS as a qualified governmental defined benefit plan. In addition to matters identified elsewhere in these notes and the IRS Compliance Statement, set forth below are additional concerns raised in such letters or in other public pronouncements of the City Attorney:

- DROP: The City Attorney has alleged that the DROP program, as discussed in Note 12, is not currently operated on a cost neutral basis. Municipal Code section 24.1401(b) provides that "DROP is intended to be cost neutral." In DROP, the employee's retirement benefit calculation is fixed as of the date of participation and they continue to work for the City up to five years, while their monthly pension benefit is deposited into an individual account held by SDCERS.'
- Purchase of Service Credit Program: Employees hired before July 1, 2005 were permitted to buy creditable years of service below cost; however, such program was also intended to be cost neutral as reflected in a City Manager Memorandum to the Council at the time Council approved such program.<sup>1</sup>
- 3. Term Limit: Elected officials are permitted to buy creditable years of service in excess of the time they are permitted to serve under section 12(f) of the City Charter (two consecutive four-year terms).<sup>2</sup>
- 4. Pension Plan Vesting Requirement: Employees were allowed credit for pension years purchased below cost to satisfy the retirement plan's 10 year vesting requirement. In relation to non-public safety employees, the Charter provides that "No employee shall be retired before reaching the age of 62 years and before completing 10 years of service for which payment has been made, except such employees may be given the option to retire at the age of 55 years after 20 years of service for which payment has been made, except such employees may be given the option to retire at the age of 55 years after 20 years of service for which payment has been made with a proportionally reduced allowance".<sup>1</sup>

<sup>&#</sup>x27; As of issuance of this report, these matters are currently on appeal to the California Court of Appeals, Fourth District, and the parties are presently waiting to be apprised of the briefing schedule by the court.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> As of issuance of this report, this concern has not been involved in any type of litigation.

5. Retirement Age: Non-public safety employees were permitted to use pension years purchased below cost to retire at 55 rather than 62, without regard to whether they have 20 years of service.<sup>1</sup>

Other members of management believe that the legal status of these matters has not been definitively determined and do not raise IRS qualification issues. Furthermore, other members of management note that while the IRS was made aware of these issues prior to issuing the compliance statement and Determination Letter discussed earlier in the note, to date the IRS has not determined to take any action regarding the issues alleged by the City Attorney.

### 19. THIRD PARTY DEBT (In Thousands)

The City has authorized the issuance of certain conduit revenue private activity bonds, in its name, to provide tax exempt status because it believes a substantial public benefit will be achieved through the use of the proceeds. Aside from the fact that these bonds have been issued in the City's name, the City has no legal obligation to make payment on these bonds and has not pledged any City assets as a guarantee to the bondholders. The following describes the various types of such third party debt:

#### Mortgage and Revenue Bonds

Single family mortgage revenue bonds have been issued to provide funds to purchase mortgage loans secured by first trust deeds on newly constructed and existing single-family residences. The purpose of this program is to provide low interest rate home mortgage loans to persons of low or moderate income who are unable to qualify for conventional mortgages at market rates. Multi-family housing revenue bonds are issued to provide construction and permanent financing to developers of multi-family residential rental projects located in the City to be partially occupied by persons of low income.

### Industrial Development Revenue Bonds

Industrial Development Revenue bonds have been issued to provide financial assistance for the acquisition, construction, and installation of privately-owned facilities for industrial, commercial or business purposes to mutually benefit the citizens of the City of San Diego. The final payments on all outstanding Industrial Development Revenue bonds occurred on November 6, 2006, accordingly, there was no balance outstanding as of June 30, 2007.

As of June 30, 2007, the status of all third party bonds issued is as follows (in thousands):

			E	Balance
	Orig	inal Amount	Jun	e 30, 2007
Mortgage Revenue	\$	132,390	\$	32,530
Industrial Development Revenue		345,805		-
Total	\$	478,195	\$	32,530

These bonds do not constitute an indebtedness of the City. The bonds are payable solely from payments made on and secured by a pledge of the acquired mortgage loans, certain funds and other monies held for the benefit of the bondholders pursuant to the bond indentures, property liens and other loans. In reliance upon the opinion of bond counsel, City officials have determined that these bonds are not payable from any revenues or assets of the City, and neither the full faith nor credit for the taxing authority of the City, the state, or any political subdivision thereof is obligated to the payment of principal or interest on the bonds. In essence, the City is acting as a conduit for the private property owners/bondholders in collecting and forwarding the funds. Accordingly, no liability has been recorded in the City's government-wide statement of net assets.

## 20. CLOSURE AND POST CLOSURE CARE COST (In Thousands)

State and federal laws and regulations require that the City of San Diego place a final cover on its Miramar Landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. Although closure and post closure care costs will be paid only near or after the date that the landfill stops accepting waste, the City reports a portion of these closure and post closure care costs as an operating expense in each period based on landfill capacity used as of each financial statement date.

The \$16,935 reported as landfill closure and post closure care liability at June 30, 2007 represents the cumulative amount reported to date based on the use of 84% of the estimated capacity of the landfill.

The City will recognize the remaining estimated cost of closure and post closure care of \$3,216 as the remaining estimated capacity is filled. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and post-closure care at June 30, 2007. The City expects to close the landfill in fiscal year 2012. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations.

The City is required by state and federal laws and regulations to make annual contributions to finance closure and post-closure care. The City is in compliance with these requirements and at June 30, 2007, cash or equity in pooled cash and investments of \$34,389 was held for this purpose. This is reported as restricted assets on the statement of net assets in the Environmental Services Fund. The City expects that future inflation costs will be paid from interest earnings on these annual contributions. However, if interest earnings are inadequate or additional post-closure care requirements are determined (due to changes in technology or applicable laws or regulations, for example), these costs may need to be paid by charges to future landfill users or from other sources.

### 21. OPERATING AGREEMENTS (In Thousands)

#### San Diego Data Processing Corporation and Automated Regional Justice Information System

SDDPC has a yearly information technology services contract agreement with a joint powers agency known as the Automated Regional Justice Information System ("ARJIS") whose main purpose is to pursue development of computerized law enforcement systems in the region.

Under the agreement, SDDPC provides information technology services to ARJIS at rates which, on an annual basis, are equivalent to those charged to other governmental agency clients. Included in SDDPC's services revenue is approximately \$2,833 related to ARJIS for the year ended June 30, 2007.

#### City of San Diego and San Diego Medical Services Enterprise, LLC

On July 1, 1997, the City entered into an operating agreement with Rural/Metro Corporation, a provider of emergency medical transport services, to form San Diego Medical Services Enterprise, LLC (SDMSE) for the purpose of providing the City with emergency medical services and to provide for "911" emergency calls. The operating agreement and related contracts to provide such services were renewed on July 1, 2002 and again on July 1, 2005. On July 1, 2008 operations were extended until December 31, 2008 under a separate extension agreement while a competitive bidding process is being conducted. The operating agreement will expire on December 31, 2008 unless SDMSE is awarded a new contract after the competitive bidding process.

#### City of San Diego and Padres L.P.

On February 1, 2000, the City entered into a Joint Use and Management Agreement (Agreement) with the San Diego Padres baseball team (Padres) governing the rights and duties of the City and Padres with respect to the use and operation of the new Petco Park Ballpark Facility (Facility). The Facility was completed and operational in April 2004. The City and Padres jointly own the facility; the Padres having a 30% divided interest based upon the original Facility cost estimate of \$267,500 (or \$80,250) with the City owning 70% which is capitalized on the City's books. The City and the Padres have agreed upon the schedule of items and components that constitute the Padres' divided ownership, and the value of that divided ownership may vary from (but does not exceed) 30% due to the calculation of cost overruns for the Ballpark. Following termination of any occupancy agreement for the Ballpark, the Padres' ownership interest will automatically transfer to the City. Under the terms of the Agreement, the Padres are responsible for Facility operation and management, including maintenance, repairs and security required to preserve its condition. The City is responsible for paying certain expenses associated with the operation and maintenance of the Facility, up to a maximum of \$3,500 per year, subject to certain inflationary adjustments.

### 22. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS (In Thousands)

On July 2, 2007, the City privately placed a fiscal year 2007-2008 Tax Revenue Anticipation Note in the amount of \$116,000 to meet general fund cash flow needs of the City on a thirteen month term. The fiscal year 2007-2008 Tax Revenue Anticipation Note was repaid on August 1, 2008.

On July 12, 2007, PFFA issued \$17,230 of Series 2007A taxable pooled financing bonds for Southcrest, Central Imperial and Mount Hope Redevelopment Projects and \$17,755 of Series 2007B tax-exempt pooled financing Bonds for Southcrest and Central Imperial Redevelopment Projects. The Series 2007A and Series 2007B bonds were issued to make loans to RDA for financing and refinancing redevelopment activities in the Southcrest, Central Imperial and Mount Hope Redevelopment Project areas. The issuance was through a public offering. The Series 2007A and 2007B bonds are secured by a Loan Agreement, a Second Supplemental Trust Agreement (Central Imperial Redevelopment Project Area), a Third Supplemental Trust Agreement (Southcrest Redevelopment Project Area), and a Fourth Supplemental Trust Agreement (Mount Hope Redevelopment Area), and are payable solely from the tax increment revenues derived from each project area. The fixed rate on the term bonds range from 4.0% to 6.65%, and the final maturity date is October 1, 2037.

On July 17, 2007, a breach of contract lawsuit was filed against the City of San Diego. In the event of an adverse ruling, the liability facing the City is estimated to be in the range of \$0 - \$2,000.

On July 26, 2007, RDA executed six separate non-revolving secured three-year term taxable and tax-exempt lines of credit with San Diego National Bank. Four taxable lines of credit are for affordable housing in North Park, City Heights, North Bay and Naval Training Center (NTC) Redevelopment Project Areas for an aggregate of \$34,000. The two remaining lines of credit are for non-housing or general purposes, one of which is a taxable line of credit in the amount of \$20,000 for City Heights, and the other is for the NTC Redevelopment Project, which is taxable for \$6,000 and tax-exempt for \$10,000. RDA may elect to have the taxable advance bear interest at a fixed rate equal to the United States Three-Year Treasury Constant Maturities Index plus 1.90%, which will remain fixed for the entire period of such advance, or elect to have the interest set at a fixed rate equal to the One-Month LIBOR Rate plus 1.10%. Tax-exempt advances will bear interest at a fixed rate determined by adding .70% to the product of the One-Month LIBOR Rate multiplied by 90%. Interest will be payable quarterly in arrears along with a .45% per annum loan fee on the unused commitment. Principal is due at maturity with no prepayment penalty.

On September 28, 2007, several current firefighters for the City of San Diego filed suit against the City of San Diego Fire Department alleging sexual harassment, failure to prevent harassment, retaliation, emotional distress, and violation of freedom of speech experienced during the 2007 Gay Pride Parade in San Diego. In the event of an adverse ruling, the liability facing the City is estimated to be in the range of \$0 - \$3,000.

On October 21, 2007, multiple wild fires began burning throughout the county of San Diego. Fueled by dry Santa Ana winds, these fires prompted the evacuation of an estimated 500,000 residents. As of the issuance of this report, the City estimates that the fire related costs are approximately \$24,000. The City has received cash advances of \$5,800 to reimburse a portion of these costs and expects to receive additional reimbursements from federal and state agencies and other sources ranging from \$0 - \$16,000.

In December, 2007 the City of San Diego submitted an application to the EPA to request a renewal of a modified permit for the Point Loma Wastewater Treatment Plant. Point Loma successfully received a modified permit (also known as a waiver) in 1995, which was renewed in 2002. This will be the City's second renewal request. The application is currently under review and a tentative decision is expected in late November or December 2008. In the event the waiver is not approved for renewal the current cost estimate is \$1,500,000 to the City, assuming the City cannot access land from the Navy or the United States Park Service. This estimate includes all financing and interest costs. There would also be an estimated increase in operating and maintenance costs of approximately \$40,000 per year.

On January 18, 2008, the City Council approved, by majority vote, to enter into a trust arrangement to pre-fund expenses related to Other Post Employment Benefits. The trust, administered by CalPERS, requires the City to pre-fund the post employment benefits in an amount not less than \$5 annually.

On February 28, 2008, PFFA sold, on a private placement basis, \$150,000 of Subordinated Water Revenue Notes to finance the acquisition and construction of the City's water system and to reimburse for previous costs incurred. The Series 2008A Notes are secured by and payable solely from net system revenues of the Water Utility Fund. The 2008A Notes bear an interest rate of 3.28%, and the maturity date is August 28, 2009.

On April 1, 2008, the City Council approved, by majority vote, the tri-party Compliance Statement between the City of San Diego, SDCERS, and the Internal Revenue Service, which resolves SDCERS' Voluntary Correction Plan submissions. The Compliance Statement requires City Council to adopt certain Technical Tax ordinance amendments in order for SDCERS to maintain their qualified tax exempt status. On April 15, 2008, O-19740 was approved unanimously by City Council to amend the Tax Ordinance Retirement Plan consistent with the Compliance Statement.

On April 10, 2008, the City issued \$3,950 of Community Facilities District No. 3 (Liberty Station) Special Tax Bonds, Series 2008A. Proceeds of the bonds were used to finance various public improvements needed to develop property located within the District. The 2008 bonds were issued pursuant to the Mello-Roos Community Facilities Act of 1982 and are special, limited obligations of the district. The bonds are structured as serial and term bonds and were issued on a fixed rate basis. The interest rate on the bonds range from 3.5% to 6.1%, and the final maturity date is September 1, 2036.

On June 3, 2008, the voters of San Diego approved Proposition C (Prop C). Prop C amends the City Charter to separate the City's internal auditing function from supervision of the Manager (Mayor) by creating the new office of the City Auditor, which will be supervised by a restructured Audit Committee. The Audit Committee will consist of two Council members, one being chair, and three public members. The public members must have at least 10 years of professional finance experience, and will be appointed from candidates recommended from a screening committee comprised of the CFO, the IBA, one Council member, and two outside experts. Prop C also provides that the Manager (Mayor) will appoint, with Council confirmation, the CFO, who will assume the City's accounting responsibilities and oversee the City Treasurer. The measure also makes the Office of the IBA permanent, which would otherwise expire if the strong-mayor form of government does not get approved permanently in the year 2010.

On June 5, 2008, RDA issued \$69,000 of Housing Tax Allocation Bonds for the purpose of financing certain improvements relating to, or increasing the supply of, low and moderate income housing in the Centre City Redevelopment Project and such other areas as authorized by the Redevelopment Law. The Series 2008A bonds are payable from, secured equally and are on parity with, outstanding Centre City Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Housing Bonds, Series 2004C, Series 2004D and 2006B bonds, by a charge and lien on the pledged housing tax revenues derived by RDA from the Redevelopment Project. The bond issuance is structured as serial and term bonds and has an interest rate that ranges from 3.74% to 6.30%, with a final maturity date of September 1, 2020.

On July 1, 2008, the City privately placed a fiscal year 2008-2009 Tax Revenue Anticipation Note in the amount of \$135,000 to meet the general fund cash flow needs of the City on a fifteen month term.

Effective July 1, 2008, the San Diego Transportation Improvement Program Ordinance and Expenditure Plan (TransNet Extension Ordinance) took effect based on the November 4, 2004 ballot approved by voters of San Diego County. The TransNet Extension Ordinance provides that SANDAG, acting as the Regional Transportation Commission, shall approve a multi-year program of projects submitted by local jurisdictions, identifying those transportation projects eligible to use transportation sales tax (TransNet) funds. The five-year period covered by the 2008 Regional Transportation Improvement Program (RTIP) includes fiscal years 2009 through 2013 and requires that annually, the amount of local discretionary funding for streets and roads be budgeted per the most recently established minimum maintenance of effort requirement adopted by SANDAG. The TransNet Extension Ordinance also requires an extraction of two thousand dollars from the private sector for each newly constructed residential housing unit in each jurisdiction to comply with the provisions of the Regional Transportation Congestion Improvement Program (RTCIP). On June 17, 2008, the City Council authorized the Mayor, or his designee, to make a submission for the 2008 RTIP for the City of San Diego.

On July 23, 2008, the President of SEDC was terminated by the Board of SEDC under allegations of misconduct. There currently is litigation over the appropriateness of the severance package awarded and also seeking to recover misappropriated assets. In September, an audit report was released publicly that documented suspected incidences of fraudulent activity related to, among other things, executive compensation. On September 10, 2008, the Mayor

requested that the District Attorney investigate this audit finding to determine if there was any criminal conduct involved.

On July 24, 2008, the President of CCDC resigned. During the months preceding and also subsequent to the resignation, allegations of misconduct stemming from potential violations of City and State of California conflict of interest laws became public. CCDC has since suspended activity on the projects associated with the alleged conflict of interest violations. Depending on the extent to which the counterparty was aware of conflicts of interest, CCDC could potentially be subject to litigation arising from construction delays or project cancellations. The full nature and extent of the misconduct along with the extent of any possible liability to the City or CCDC is currently unknown.

On August 21, 2008, the City issued \$12,365 of Community Facilities District No. 4 (Black Mountain Ranch Villages) Special Tax Bonds to finance public improvements required in connection with the district. The Series 2008A bonds were issued pursuant to the Mello-Roos Community Facilities Act of 1982 and are limited obligations of the district. The bonds were structured as serial and term bonds, and were issued on a fixed rate basis. The fixed rate on the bonds range from 3.125% to 6.0%, and the final maturity date is September 1, 2037.

On September 22, 2008, the State passed its fiscal year 2008-2009 budget. This budget included a one-year, onetime ERAF shift of \$350,000 from all California redevelopment agencies. ERAF is the Educational Revenue Anticipation Fund which is used by the County to accumulate property tax amounts shifted from local governments back to the State. These funds will not be repaid. The negative impact to RDA is projected to be \$11,675 across all project areas.

The recent turmoil in the financial markets has been unprecedented. SDCERS has advised the City that as of June 30, 2008 the fair value of the Retirement System's total portfolio was approximately \$4,687,989 (unaudited), excluding securities lending and transactions in transit. As of September 30, 2008, SDCERS has estimated the fair value to be \$4,320,007 (unaudited), which represents a decrease of \$367,982, or 7.8%, during the first quarter in fiscal year 2009 (all values are based on available unaudited information). Changes in the value of the Retirement System assets are the result of gains and losses in investments and the variability of cash flows. The market continues to be volatile after September 30, 2008, but this cutoff date was chosen because it is the most recently closed period in SDCERS management's monthly investment reporting process and a reasonable cut off period for disclosure of subsequent events to the fiscal year 2007 financial statements.

As is the case with most retirement systems, SDCERS is exposed to general market risk. This general market risk is reflected in asset valuations fluctuating with market volatility. Any impact from market volatility on the Retirement System depends in large measure on how deep the market downturn is, how long it lasts, and how it fits within fiscal year reporting periods. The resulting market risk and associated realized and unrealized gains and losses could impact the financial condition of the Retirement System and the City's required contribution to the Retirement System. The reader of these financial statements is advised that financial markets continue to be volatile and are experiencing significant changes on almost a daily basis.

The City Treasurer's Investment Policy limits the composition of the holdings within the City's Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments held in City Treasury. The City Treasurer's Investment staff continues to focus investment decisions in accordance with Investment Policy primary objectives, which are preservation of principal and liquidity and therefore any potential loss of principal on any of the City's pooled investments is limited.

#### Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Pension Trust Funds Analysis of Funding Progress

The following table shows the funding progress of the full City's portion of SDCERS (excluding the Port and the Airport) for the last three fiscal years (in thousands):

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actu	arial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (b)	UAAL (b - a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b – a)/c)	
6/30/2005 * 6/30/2006 6/30/2007 **	\$	2,983,080 3,981,932 4,413,411	\$ 4,436,017 4,982,700 5,597,653	\$ 1,452,937 1,000,768 1,184,242	67.25% 79.92% 78.84%	\$ 557,631 534,103 512,440	260.56% 187.37% 231.10%	

Source: Cheiron, Inc.

\* For fiscal year 2005, the actuarial accrued liability, UAAL, and funded ratio has been adjusted to reflect the impact of the Corbett contingent benefit. The actuarial valuation provided by the actuary for this year does not include this contingent benefit in the funded ratio. However, the valuations prepared by the actuary for fiscal years 2006 and 2007 do include the impact of the Corbett contingent benefit.

\*\* The actuarial accrued liability was calculated using the Entry Age Normal (EAN) method beginning in fiscal year 2007. Prior to fiscal year 2007, the Projected Unit Credit (PUC) method was used.

This Page Left Intentionally Blank

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - GENERAL FUND

This Page Left Intentionally Blank - Back of Divider Page

# **GENERAL FUND**

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

General fund revenues are derived from such sources as: Taxes; Licenses and Permits; Fines, Forfeitures, and Penalties; Use of Money and Property; Aid from Other Governmental Agencies; Charges for Current Services; and Other Revenue.

Current expenditures and encumbrances are classified by the functions of: General Government and Support; Public Safety–Police; Public Safety–Fire and Life Safety and Homeland Security; Parks, Recreation, Culture and Leisure; Transportation; Sanitation and Health; Neighborhood Services; and Debt Service Principal and Interest. Appropriations are made from the fund annually.

#### GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (In Thousands)

	Original	Budget	Final	Budget	Actua	al Amounts	Fina Po	ance with I Budget ositive egative)
REVENUES								
Property Tax		344,824	\$	355,348	\$	361,062	\$	5,714
Sales Tax	:	243,070		243,070		233,385		(9,685)
Transient Occupancy Tax		72,863		72,863		80,703		7,840
Other Local Taxes		79,655		79,656		74,069		(5,587)
Licenses and Permits		30,808		31,119		31,475		356
Fines, Forfeitures and Penalties		34,548		37,950		40,346		2,396
Revenue from Use of Money and Property		35,435		41,143		42,157		1,014
Revenue from Federal Agencies		3,433		3,433		5,066		1,633
Revenue from Other Agencies		25,506		25,506		16,644		(8,862)
Charges for Current Services		94,209		94,574		85,026		(9,548)
Other Revenue		3,456		3,349		2,730		(619)
TOTAL REVENUES		967,807		988,011		972,663		(15,348)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:				004		000 0 / 0		
General Government and Support		226,412		231,157		202,910		28,247
Public Safety - Police		355,277		360,403		349,364		11,039
Public Safety - Fire and Life Safety and Homeland Security		71,147		174,015		173,005		1,010
Parks, Recreation, Culture and Leisure		21,907		122,534		116,352		6,182
Transportation		76,524		70,003		68,090		1,913
Sanitation and Health		40,670		42,708		40,393		2,315
Neighborhood Services Debt Service:		20,477		21,577		20,276		1,301
Principal Retirement		-		2,604		2,604		-
Interest		2,000		6,529		6,519		10
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,(	)14,414	1	,031,530		979,513		52,017
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(46,607)		(43,519)		(6,850)		36,669
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers from Proprietary Funds		2,215		2,215		4,181		1,966
Transfers from Other Funds		53,310		53,356		86,980		33,624
Transfers to Proprietary Funds		(199)		(1,373)		(1,373)		-
Transfers to Other Funds		(27,842)		(46,018)		(46,018)		-
Net Income from Joint Venture		-		-		35		35
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		27,484		8,180		43,805		35,625
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(19,123)		(35,339)		36,955		72,294
Fund Balance Undesignated at July 1, 2006		39,884		39,884		39,884		-
Reserved for Encumbrances at July 1, 2006		18,916		18,916		18,916		-
Reserved for Minority Interest in Joint Venture at July 1, 2006		-		-		2,063		2,063
Reserved for Minority Interest in Joint Venture at June 30, 2007		-		-		(2,097)		(2,097)
Designated for Subsequent Years' Expenditures at July 1, 2006		469		469		469		-
Designated for Subsequent Years' Expenditures at June 30, 2007		-		-		(1,159)		(1,159)
FUND BALANCE UNDESIGNATED AT JUNE 30, 2007	\$	40,146	\$	23,930	\$	95,031	\$	71,101

The accompanying note is an integral part of the financial statements.

# Note to Required Supplementary Information Year Ended June 30, 2007

# 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

## a. Budgetary Data

On or before the first meeting in May of each year, the City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating and capital improvements budget for the fiscal year commencing July 1. This budget includes annual budgets for the following funds:

- General Fund
- Special Revenue Funds:
  - -City of San Diego:

-Acquisition, Improvement and Operations -Environmental Growth Funds:

-Two-Thirds Requirement

-One-Third Requirement

- -Police Decentralization
- -Public Transportation
- -Qualcomm Stadium Operations
- -Special Gas Tax Street Improvement
- -Street Division Operations
- -Transient Occupancy Tax
- -Underground Surcharge
- -Zoological Exhibits
- -Other Special Revenue

-Centre City Development Corporation -Southeastern Economic Development Corporation

## • Debt Service Funds:

-City of San Diego: -Public Safety Communications Project -San Diego Open Space Park Facilities District #1

Public hearings are then conducted to obtain citizen comments on the proposed budget. During the month of July the budget is legally adopted through passage of an appropriation ordinance by the City Council. Budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting except that (1) encumbrances outstanding at year-end are considered expenditures and (2) the increase/decrease in reserve for advances and deposits to other funds and agencies are considered as additions/deductions of expenditures. The City budget is prepared excluding unrealized gains or losses resulting from the change in fair value of investments, proceeds from capital leases, and net income from joint venture.

The legal level of budgetary control for the City's general fund is exercised at the salaries and wages and nonpersonnel expenditures level. Budgetary control for the other budgeted funds, including those of certain component units, is maintained at the total fund appropriation level. All amendments to the adopted budget require City Council approval except as delegated in the Annual Appropriation Ordinance.

Reported budget figures are as originally adopted or subsequently amended plus prior year continuing appropriations.

Such budget amendments during the year, including those related to supplemental appropriations, did not cause these reported budget amounts to be significantly different than the originally adopted budget amounts. Appropriations lapse at year-end to the extent that they have not been expended or encumbered, except for those of a capital nature, which continue to subsequent years.

The following is a reconciliation of the net change in fund balance prepared on a GAAP basis to that prepared on the budgetary basis for the year ended June 30, 2007 (in thousands):

	General Fund
Net Change in Fund Balances - GAAP Basis	\$ 70,407
Add (Deduct): Encumbrances Outstanding, June 30, 2007	(33,452)
Reserved for Advances, June 30, 2007	(309)
Reserved for Advances, June 30, 2006	309
Net Change in Fund Balances - Budgetary Basis	\$ 36,955

### b. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of funds are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary control in the budgeted governmental funds.

Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as reservations of fund balances, since the commitments will be honored through subsequent years' continuing appropriations. Encumbrances do not constitute expenditures or liabilities for GAAP reporting purposes. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - GENERAL FUND

This Page Left Intentionally Blank - Back of Divider Page

#### GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUE AND TRANSFERS BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (In Thousands)

PROPERTY TAX         S <t< th=""><th>ance with al Budget Positive legative)</th></t<>	ance with al Budget Positive legative)
One Percent Property Tax Allocation         \$	egative)
Current Year Secured         225.927         -         225.927         -           Current Year Unsecured         67.723         -         17.723         -           Current Year Unsecured         67.722         -         8.772         -           Current Year Unsecured         2.732         -         2.732         -           Current Year Unsecured         2.732         -         2.732         -           Homeowners Exemptions - Secured         2.732         -         2         -         2         -         2         -         2         -         2         -         2         -         2         -         2         -         2         -         2         -         2         -         2         -         1.733         -         1.736         -         1.736         -         1.736         -         1.736         -         1.736         -         1.736         -         1.737         -         -         2.733         -         2.733         -         1.736         -         1.736         -         1.736         -         1.736         -         1.736         -         1.736         -         1.737         -         -         - <td>(354,720)</td>	(354,720)
Current Year Supplemental -Secured         17,723         -         17,723         -           Current Year Supplemental Rol         6,722         -         8,722         -           Current Year Supplemental Rol         2,732         -         2,732         -           Homeowners Sumptions - Secured         2,132         -         2,732         -           Prior Year - Secured         6,188         -         6,186         628           Prior Year - Secured         3,244         -         (3,24)         -           Interest and Preatise on Delinquent Taxes         9,22         -         9,22         -           Eccapes - Secured         3,944         -         3,844         -         -           State Secured Unitary         3,844         -         3,844         -         -           State Secured Unitary         3,844         -         3,844         -         -           TOTAL PROPERTY TAX         201,062         -         36,0703         7,2,663         -           OTHER LOCAL TAXES         -         -         -         4,762         -         4,773         -           Franchiese Submerses         2,719         -         7,191         7,312         -<	225,927
Current Year-Unsecured         8,722         -         8,722         -         8,722         -         366         -           Current Veser-Unsecured         2,732         -         2,732         -         2,732         -         2,732         -         2,732         -         2,732         -         2,732         -         2,732         -         2,732         -         1,736         -         1,736         -         1,736         -         1,737         -         2,732         -         -         2,732         -         -         1,736         -         1,736         -         1,736         -         1,737         -         3,73         -         1,736         -         1,736         -         1,736         -         1,736         -         1,736         -         1,736         -         1,736         -         1,736         -         1,736         -         1,736         -         1,736         -         1,736         -         1,736         -         1,736         -         1,736         -         1,736         -         1,737         1,737         1,737         1,737         1,737         1,737         1,737         1,737         1,737         1	17,723
Current Unsecured Supplemental Roll         966         -         366         -           Homeowner's Exemptions - Secured         2,732         -         2,732         -           Homeowner's Exemptions - Unsecured         2         -         2         -         2         -           Prior Year' - Secured         6,198         -         6,198         6,29         -         1,23         -           Interest and Penalise on Delinquent Taxes         922         -         922         -         Escapse - Secured         304         -         334         -         Escapse - Secured         304         -         334         -         Escapse - Secured         304         -         334         -         -         344         -         334         - <td>8,722</td>	8,722
Homeowners' Exemptions - Secured         2,732         -         2,732         -           Homeowners' Exemptions - Unsecured         2         2         2         -           Prior Years' - Secured         (324)         -         (324)         -           In-Lieu Vehic Lorene Fees         82,733         -         1         -           Escapes - Secured         394         -         394         -           Escapes - Secured         394         -         307         -         307           Total PROPERTY Taxes         1436         -         3644         -         -           Sales Scured         3844         -         3644         -         -           Total PROPERTY Tax         361,062         -         361,062         353,385         243,070           TRANSIENT OCCUPANCY TAX         80,703         -         80,703         72,883         -           OTHER LOCAL TAXES         -         -         -         9,072         14,473         -           Total OTHER LOCAL TAXES         -         -         9,072         14,473         -         9,072         14,473         -           Total OTHER LOCAL TAXES         -         -         9,070	386
Homeowners' Exemptions - Unsecured         2         2         -           Prior Years' - Secured         6,198         -         6,198         -           Prior Years' - Secured         6,2733         -         92,793         -           Interest and Penaltes on Delinquent Taxes         622         922         -         2         922         -           Escapes - Secured         394         -         304         -         -         -           State Secured Unitary         3.844         -         3.844         -         -         -           TOTAL PROPERTY TAX         361,062         -         361,062         355,348         -         -           SALES TAX         233,385         -         233,385         243,070         -         -           TRANSIENT OCCUPANCY TAX         80,703         -         80,703         72,863         -           OTHER LOCAL TAXES         -	2,732
Prior Years' - Secured         6,198         -         6,193         628           Prior Years' - Secured         (6,24)         -         -         -           In-Lieu Vehicle License Fees         92,793         -         92,793         -           Interest and Penalties on Delinquent Taxes         922         -         922         -           Escapes - Secured         307         -         307         -         307         -           Chther Property Taxes         1,436         -         3,844         -         3,844         -           Sales Tax         233,385         -         233,385         243,070         7,863           Chter Property Taxes         64,762         -         64,762         64,763         -           Franchises         64,762         -         64,762         64,763         -           Property Tansfer Tax         9,307         -         9,307         14,873         -           TOTAL OTHER LOCAL TAXES         -         74,069         -         74,069         -         74,069         -         14,873         -           TOTAL OTHER LOCAL TAXES         -         74,069         -         74,069         -         64,762         <	2,702
Prior Years' - Unsecured         (324)         -         (324)         -           In-Lieu Vehicle License Fees         92,793         -         92,793         -           Interest and Penalties on Delinquent Taxes         92,273         -         92,293         -           Escapes - Secured         394         -         394         -         394         -           Escapes - Secured         307         -         307         -         307         -           State Secured Unitary         3,844         -         3,844         -         -         -           Sales Tax         233,385         -         233,385         243,070         -         Rescience         -           Sales Tax         233,385         -         233,385         243,070         - <td>5,570</td>	5,570
In-Lieu Vehicle Licenses Fees         92,793         -         92,793         -           Interest and Penalties on Delinquent Taxes         922         -         922         -           Escapes - Secured         394         -         304         -           Other Property Taxes         1,436         -         1,436         -           State Secured Unitary         3,844         -         3,844         -           TOTAL PROPERTY TAX         281,062         -         361,062         361,062         355,348           SALES TAX         233,385         -         233,385         243,070         TRANSIENT OCCUPANCY TAX         80,703         72,863           OTHER LOCAL TAXES         -         -         9,307         -         9,307         14,873           Property Transfer Tax         9,307         -         9,307         14,873         -           TOTAL OTHER LOCAL TAXES         -         -         74,069         79,656         -           LICENESE AND PERMITS         -         -         -         1,071         7,312           Refuse Collection Business Licenses         7,191         -         7,191         7,327         3,360           Other Regulatory Business Licenses <td>(324)</td>	(324)
Interest and Penalties on Delinquent Taxes         922         -         922         -           Escapes - Secured         394         -         394         -           Escapes - Secured         307         -         307         -           Other Property Taxes         1,436         -         1,436         -           State Secured Unlary	
Escapes - Socured         334         -         334         -           Escapes - Unsecured         307         -         307         -           Other Property Taxes         1.436         -         1.436         -           State Secured Unitary         3844         -         3844         -           TOTAL PROPERTY TAX         361,062         361,062         355,348         -           SALES TAX         233,385         -         233,385         243,070           TRANSIENT OCCUPANCY TAX         80,703         -         64,762         64,762         64,763           Princhises         64,762         -         64,762         64,783         -         -           TOTAL OTHER LOCAL TAXES         74,069         -         74,069         79,656         -           LICENSES AND PERMITS         -         7,191         -         7,191         7,312         -           General Business Licenses         7,191         -         7,191         7,312         -         3,326         -         3,327         3,336           Other Requitably business Licenses         7,191         -         7,191         7,312         -         3,327         3,3277         3,3277	92,793
Escapes - Unsecured         307         -         307         -           Other Property Taxes         1,436         -         1,436         -           State Secured Unlary         3,844         -         3,844         -         3,844           TOTAL PROPERTY TAX         361,062         361,062         355,348         -           SALES TAX         233,385         -         233,385         243,070           TRANSIENT OCCUPANCY TAX         80,703         -         80,703         72,863           OTHER LOCAL TAXES         -         -         9,307         -         9,307         14,873           Property Transfer Tax         9,307         -         9,307         14,873         -           TOTAL OTHER LOCAL TAXES         -         -         74,069         -         74,069         79,656           LICENSES AND PERMITS         -         -         -         3,727         -         3,727         3,360           Refuse Collection Business Licenses         2,040         -         2,040         1,700         1,700         1,700         1,701         1,7312         -         3,727         -         3,727         3,360         7,735         7,733         7,735	922
Other Property Taxes         1,436         -         1,436         -           State Secured Unitary         3,844         -         3,844         -         -           TOTAL PROPERTY TAX         361,062         361,062         355,348         -         -           SALES TAX         233,385         -         233,385         243,070         -         -           TRANSIENT OCCUPANCY TAX         80,703         -         80,703         72,863         -           OTHER LOCAL TAXES         -         -         -         -         -         -           Property Transfer Tax         9,307         -         9,307         14,873         -         -           TOTAL OTHER LOCAL TAXES         -	394
State Secured Unitary         3,844         -         3,844         -           TOTAL PROPERTY TAX         361,062         361,062         361,062         355,348           SALES TAX         233,385         233,385         233,385         243,070           TRANSIENT OCCUPANCY TAX         80,703         80,703         72,863           OTHER LOCAL TAXES         64,762         64,762         64,763           Property Transfer Tax         9,307         6,307         14,673           TOTAL OTHER LOCAL TAXES         74,069         -         74,069         79,656           LICENSES AND PERMITS         -         -         3,727         3,360         17,700           Refuse Collection Business Licenses         2,040         -         2,040         1,700           Other Regulatory Business Licenses         2,040         -         3,360         6,758         6,758           Parking Meter Revenue         7,363         -         7,333         7,179         3,360           Street and Curb Permits         99         99         126         1,712         126           Other Licenses and Permits         31,475         31,475         31,119         126           Fittes, FORFEITURES AND PENALTIES	307
TOTAL PROPERTY TAX         361.062         361.062         365.348           SALES TAX         233,385         233,385         233,385         243,070           TRANSIENT OCCUPANCY TAX         80,703         80,703         72,863           OTHER LOCAL TAXES         64,762         64,762         64,763           Property Transfer Tax         9,307         14,873         14,873           TOTAL OTHER LOCAL TAXES         74,069         74,069         79,856           LICENSES AND PERMITS         74,069         74,069         79,856           General Business Licenses         3,727         3,727         3,380           Retulatory Business Licenses         3,727         3,727         3,380           Parking Meter Revenue         7,363         7,179         3,727         3,380           Parking Meter Revenue         7,363         7,179         3,727         3,727           Street and Curb Permits         99         99         126         0         1,712           TOTAL LICENSES AND PERMITS         31,475         31,475         31,475         3,1119           Street and Curb Permits         99         126         0,750         1         -           TOTAL LICENSES AND PERMITS         31,475	1,436
SALES TAX         233,385         -         233,385         243,070           TRANSIENT OCCUPANCY TAX         80,703         -         80,703         72,863           OTHER LOCAL TAXES         -         64,762         -         64,762         64,762           Franchises         -         9,307         -         9,307         14,873           TOTAL OTHER LOCAL TAXES         -         74,069         -         74,069         79,656           LICENSES AND PERMITS         -         -         74,069         -         74,069         73,027         3,300           Refuse Collection Business Licenses         -         7,191         -         7,191         -         7,312           Refuse Collection Business Licenses         -         2,040         -         2,040         1,700           Other Regulatory Business Licenses         -         1,727         3,360         Rental Unit Tax         9         9         126           Other Licenses and Permits         -         -         7,363         -         7,363         7,179           Street and Curb Permits         -         9         -         4,297         -         4,297         4,712           TOTAL LICENSES AND PERMITS	3,844
TRANSIENT OCCUPANCY TAX       80,703       -       80,703       72,863         OTHER LOCAL TAXES       -       64,762       -       64,762       64,763         Property Transfer Tax       9,307       -       9,307       14,873	5,714
OTHER LOCAL TAXES           Franchises         64,762         64,762         64,762         64,763           Property Transfer Tax         9,307         -         9,307         14,873           TOTAL OTHER LOCAL TAXES         74,069         -         74,069         79,656           LICENSES AND PERMITS         -         7,191         7,191         7,312           Refuse Collection Business Licenses         2,040         -         2,040         1,700           Other Regulatory Business Licenses         3,727         -         3,727         3,360           Rental Unit Tax         6,758         -         6,758         6,730           Parking Meter Revenue         7,363         -         7,363         7,179           Street and Curb Permits         99         -         99         126           Other Licenses and Permits         4,297         -         4,297         4,712           TOTAL LICENSES AND PERMITS         31,475         -         31,475         31,475         31,475           California Vehicle Code Violations         1         -         1         -         -         -           TOTAL LICENSES AND PENALTIES         29,780         -         29,780         29,948	(9,685)
Franchises       64,762       -       64,762       64,763         Property Transfer Tax       9,307       -       9,307       14,873         TOTAL OTHER LOCAL TAXES       74,069       -       74,069       79,656         LICENSES AND PERMITS       -       71,91       7,312         General Business Licenses       2,040       -       2,040       1,700         Other Regulatory Business Licenses       3,727       -       3,727       3,360         Rental Unit Tax       6,758       -       6,758       6,758       6,730         Parking Meter Revenue       7,363       -       7,363       7,179         Street and Curb Permits       99       -       99       126         Other Licenses and Permits       4,297       -       4,297       4,712         TOTAL LICENSES AND PERMITS       31,475       -       31,475       31,119         FINES, FORFEITURES AND PENALTIES       29,780       -       29,780       29,948         Other City Ordinance Code Violations       1       -       1       -         TOTAL LICENSES AND PENALTIES       29,780       -       29,780       29,948         Other City Ordinance Code Violations       1	7,840
Franchises       64,762       -       64,762       64,763         Property Transfer Tax       9,307       -       9,307       14,873         TOTAL OTHER LOCAL TAXES       74,069       -       74,069       79,656         LICENSES AND PERMITS       -       71,91       7,312         General Business Licenses       2,040       -       2,040       1,700         Other Regulatory Business Licenses       3,727       -       3,727       3,360         Parking Meter Revenue       7,363       -       7,363       7,179         Street and Curb Permits       99       -       99       126         Other Licenses and Permits       -       31,475       -       31,475       31,119         FINES, FORFEITURES AND PERMITS       31,475       -       31,475       31,119       -         FINES, FORFEITURES AND PENALTIES       29,780       -       29,780       29,948       -         Other City Ordinance Code Violations       1       -       1       -       -         TOTAL LICENSES AND PENALTIES       29,780       -       29,780       29,948       -       -         Other City Ordinance Code Violations       1       -       1       -	
Property Transfer Tax       9,307       -       9,307       14,873         TOTAL OTHER LOCAL TAXES       74,069       -       74,069       79,666         LICENSES AND PERMITS       -       71,91       7,312         General Business Licenses       7,191       -       7,191       7,312         Refuse Collection Business Licenses       2,040       -       2,040       1,700         Other Regulatory Business Licenses       3,727       -       3,727       3,360         Rental Unit Tax       6,758       -       6,758       6,758         Parking Meter Revenue       7,363       -       7,363       7,179         Street and Curb Permits       99       -       99       126         Other Licenses and Permits       4,297       -       4,297       4,712         TOTAL LICENSES AND PENALTIES       31,475       -       31,475       31,119         FINES, FORFEITURES AND PENALTIES       1       -       1       -       -         California Vehicle Code Violations       10,565       -       10,565       8,002       -         Other City Ordinance Code Violations       1       -       1       -       -       -         TOTAL LI	(21)
LICENSES AND PERMITS         General Business Licenses       7,191       -       7,191       7,312         Refuse Collection Business Licenses       2,040       -       2,040       1,700         Other Regulatory Business Licenses       3,727       -       3,727       3,360         Rental Unit Tax       6,758       -       6,758       6,730         Parking Meter Revenue       7,363       -       7,363       7,179         Street and Curb Permits       99       -       99       126         Other Licenses and Permits       4,297       -       4,297       4,712         TOTAL LICENSES AND PERMITS       31,475       -       31,475       31,119         FINES, FORFEITURES AND PENALTIES       29,780       -       29,780       29,948         Other City Ordinance Code Violations       1       -       1       -         TOTAL FINES, FORFEITURES AND PENALTIES       1       -       1       -         California Statutory Violations       1       -       1       -         TOTAL FINES, FORFEITURES AND PENALTIES       40,346       -       40,346       37,950         Other California Statutory Violations       1       -       1       -	(5,566)
General Business Licenses       7,191       -       7,191       7,312         Refuse Collection Business Licenses       2,040       -       2,040       1,700         Other Regulatory Business Licenses       3,727       -       3,727       3,360         Rental Unit Tax       6,758       -       6,758       6,730         Parking Meter Revenue       7,363       -       7,363       7,191         Street and Curb Permits       99       -       99       126         Other Licenses and Permits       4,297       -       4,297       4,712         TOTAL LICENSES AND PERMITS       31,475       -       31,475       31,119         FINES, FORFEITURES AND PENALTIES       29,780       -       29,780       29,948         Other City Ordinance Code Violations       10,565       -       10,565       8,002         Other California Statutory Violations       1       -       -       -       -         TOTAL FINES, FORFEITURES AND PENALTIES       40,346       -       40,346       37,950       -         REVENUE FROM USE OF MONEY AND PENALTIES       40,346       -       40,346       37,950       -         Revenue FROM USE OF MONEY AND PENALTIES       6,092       -	(5,587)
General Business Licenses       7,191       -       7,191       7,312         Refuse Collection Business Licenses       2,040       -       2,040       1,700         Other Regulatory Business Licenses       3,727       -       3,727       3,360         Rental Unit Tax       6,758       -       6,758       6,730         Parking Meter Revenue       7,363       -       7,363       7,191         Street and Curb Permits       99       -       99       126         Other Licenses and Permits       4,297       -       4,297       4,712         TOTAL LICENSES AND PERMITS       31,475       -       31,475       31,119         FINES, FORFEITURES AND PENALTIES       29,780       -       29,780       29,948         Other City Ordinance Code Violations       10,565       -       10,565       8,002         Other California Statutory Violations       1       -       -       -       -         TOTAL FINES, FORFEITURES AND PENALTIES       40,346       -       40,346       37,950       -         REVENUE FROM USE OF MONEY AND PENALTIES       40,346       -       40,346       37,950       -         Revenue FROM USE OF MONEY AND PENALTIES       6,092       -	
Refuse Collection Business Licenses       2,040       -       2,040       1,700         Other Regulatory Business Licenses       3,727       -       3,727       3,360         Rental Unit Tax       6,758       -       6,758       6,730         Parking Meter Revenue       7,363       -       7,363       7,179         Street and Curb Permits       99       -       99       126         Other Licenses and Permits       4,297       -       4,297       4,712         TOTAL LICENSES AND PERMITS       31,475       -       31,475       31,119         FINES, FORFEITURES AND PENALTIES       29,780       -       29,780       29,780       8,002         Other City Ordinance Code Violations       10,565       -       10,565       8,002       -       -       -       -         TOTAL FINES, FORFEITURES AND PENALTIES       40,346       -       1       -	(121)
Other Regulatory Business Licenses       3,727       -       3,727       3,360         Rental Unit Tax       6,758       -       6,758       6,730         Parking Meter Revenue       7,363       -       7,363       7,179         Street and Curb Permits       99       -       99       126         Other Licenses and Permits       4,297       -       4,297       4,712         TOTAL LICENSES AND PERMITS       31,475       -       31,475       31,119         FINES, FORFEITURES AND PERMITES       29,780       -       29,780       29,948         Other City Ordinance Code Violations       10,565       -       10,565       8,002         Other California Statutory Violations       1       -       1       -         TOTAL FINES, FORFEITURES AND PENALTIES       40,346       -       40,346       37,950         Other California Statutory Violations       1       -       1       -       -         TOTAL FINES, FORFEITURES AND PENALTIES       40,346       -       40,346       37,950         REVENUE FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY       -       -       -       -       -         Interest on Investments       6,092       -       6,092       7,152 <td>340</td>	340
Rental Unit Tax       6,758       -       6,758       6,730         Parking Meter Revenue       7,363       -       7,363       7,179         Street and Curb Permits       99       -       99       126         Other Licenses and Permits       4,297       -       4,297       4,712         TOTAL LICENSES AND PERMITS       31,475       -       31,475       31,119         FINES, FORFEITURES AND PENALTIES       31,475       -       29,780       29,948         California Vehicle Code Violations       29,780       -       29,948         Other City Ordinance Code Violations       10,565       -       10,565         Other California Statutory Violations       1       -       -         TOTAL FINES, FORFEITURES AND PENALTIES       40,346       -       40,346       37,950         Other California Statutory Violations       1       -       -       -       -         TOTAL FINES, FORFEITURES AND PENALTIES       40,346       -       40,346       37,950       -         REVENUE FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY       -       -       -       -       -       -         Interest on Investments       6,092       -       6,092       7,152       -	
Parking Meter Revenue       7,363       -       7,363       7,179         Street and Curb Permits       99       -       99       126         Other Licenses and Permits       4,297       -       4,297       4,712         TOTAL LICENSES AND PERMITS       31,475       -       31,475       31,119         FINES, FORFEITURES AND PENALTIES       31,475       -       29,780       29,948         California Vehicle Code Violations       29,780       -       29,780       29,948         Other City Ordinance Code Violations       10,565       -       10,565       8,002         Other California Statutory Violations       1       -       1       -         TOTAL FINES, FORFEITURES AND PENALTIES       40,346       -       40,346       37,950         REVENUE FROM USE OF MONEY AND PENALTIES       40,346       -       40,346       37,950	367
Street and Curb Permits       99       -       99       126         Other Licenses and Permits       4,297       -       4,297       4,712         TOTAL LICENSES AND PERMITS       31,475       -       31,475       31,119         FINES, FORFEITURES AND PENALTIES       31,475       -       29,780       -       29,780       29,948         Other City Ordinance Code Violations       10,565       -       10,565       8,002         Other California Statutory Violations       1       -       -       -         TOTAL FINES, FORFEITURES AND PENALTIES       40,346       -       40,346       37,950	28
Other Licenses and Permits         4,297         -         4,297         4,712           TOTAL LICENSES AND PERMITS         31,475         -         31,475         31,119           FINES, FORFEITURES AND PENALTIES         29,780         -         29,780         29,780           California Vehicle Code Violations         10,565         -         10,565         8,002           Other City Ordinance Code Violations         1         -         1         -           TOTAL FINES, FORFEITURES AND PENALTIES         40,346         -         40,346         37,950           REVENUE FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY         Interest on Investments         6,092         -         6,092         7,152	184
TOTAL LICENSES AND PERMITS         31,475         -         31,475         31,119           FINES, FORFEITURES AND PENALTIES         California Vehicle Code Violations         29,780         -         29,780         29,948           Other City Ordinance Code Violations         10,565         -         10,565         8,002           Other California Statutory Violations         1         -         1         -           TOTAL FINES, FORFEITURES AND PENALTIES         40,346         -         40,346         37,950           REVENUE FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY         Interest on Investments         6,092         -         6,092         7,152	(27)
FINES, FORFEITURES AND PENALTIES           California Vehicle Code Violations           Other City Ordinance Code Violations           10,565           0ther California Statutory Violations           1           -           1           -           1           -           1           -           1           -           1           -           1           -           1           -           1           -           1           -           1           -           1           -           1           -           1           -           1           -           1           -           -           -           -           -           -           -           -           -           -           -           -           -           -	(415)
California Vehicle Code Violations       29,780       -       29,780       29,988         Other City Ordinance Code Violations       10,565       -       10,565       8,002         Other California Statutory Violations       1       -       1       -         TOTAL FINES, FORFEITURES AND PENALTIES       40,346       -       40,346       37,950         REVENUE FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY       1       -       6,092       -       6,092       7,152	356
California Vehicle Code Violations       29,780       -       29,780       29,988         Other City Ordinance Code Violations       10,565       -       10,565       8,002         Other California Statutory Violations       1       -       1       -         TOTAL FINES, FORFEITURES AND PENALTIES       40,346       -       40,346       37,950         REVENUE FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY       1       -       6,092       -       6,092       7,152	
Other City Ordinance Code Violations         10,565         -         10,565         8,002           Other California Statutory Violations         1         -         1         -	(168)
Other California Statutory Violations         1         -         1         -	2,563
REVENUE FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY Interest on Investments	2,503
REVENUE FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY Interest on Investments	
Interest on Investments	2,396
	(1,060)
Balboa Park Rents and Concessions	126
Mission Bay Park Rents and Concessions	1,709
Other Rents and Concessions         7,512         7,512         7,273	239
TOTAL REVENUE FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY         42,157         -         42,157         41,143	1,014
REVENUE FROM FEDERAL AGENCIES         5,066         -         5,066         3,433	1,633

Continued on Next Page

#### GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUE AND TRANSFERS BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (In Thousands)

	Acti	ual	Adjust to Budge Bas	o etary	Bud	ctual on Igetary asis	Final Budget	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
REVENUE FROM OTHER AGENCIES							 		
State Motor Vehicle License Fees	\$	8,101	\$	-	\$	8,101	\$ 9,255	\$	(1,154)
Local Relief		5,416		-		5,416	5,303		113
Tobacco Revenue		76		-		76	9,334		(9,258)
State Grants		3,051		-		3,051	 1,614		1,437
TOTAL REVENUE FROM OTHER AGENCIES	1	6,644				16,644	 25,506		(8,862)
CHARGES FOR CURRENT SERVICES									
Administrative Services to Other Agencies		22		-		22	112		(90)
Cemetery Revenue		715		-		715	911		(196)
Engineering Services		433		-		433	807		(374)
Fire Services	1	0,173		-		10,173	11,992		(1,819)
Library Revenue		1,422		-		1,422	1,366		56
Miscellaneous Recreation Revenue		3,570		_		3,570	2,568		1,002
Other Services		474		-		474	2,508		235
Paramedic Services		474 165		-		474	239		235
		205		-		205	267		
Planning and Miscellaneous Filing Fees				-					(62)
Police Services		5,049		-		5,049	3,828		1,221
Swimming Pools Revenue		1,119		-		1,119	1,575		(456)
Services Rendered to Other Funds for:									
General Government and Financial	2	9,360		-		29,360	40,974		(11,614)
Engineering	1	9,970		-		19,970	20,025		(55)
Park Design		2,664		-		2,664	3,124		(460)
Miscellaneous Services		9,685		-		9,685	 6,655		3,030
TOTAL CHARGES FOR CURRENT SERVICES	8	5,026		-		85,026	 94,574		(9,548)
OTHER REVENUE									
Other Refunds of Prior Years' Expenditures		509		-		509	340		169
Repairs and Damage Recoveries		633		_		633	322		311
Sale of Personal Property		202				202	136		66
Miscellaneous Revenue		1,386				1,386	2,551		(1,165)
Miscellaneous Revenue		1,300				1,300	 2,551		(1,105)
TOTAL OTHER REVENUE		2,730		-		2,730	 3,349		(619)
TOTAL REVENUES	97	2,663		-		972,663	988,011		(15,348)
		,				,	 		( ,,, ,,
TRANSFERS FROM PROPRIETARY FUNDS									
Enterprise Funds:									
City of San Diego:									
Environmental Services		-		-		-	607		(607)
Golf Course		1,608		-		1,608	1,608		-
Internal Service Funds:									
City of San Diego:									
Central Garage and Machine Shop		416		-		416	-		416
Central Stores		24		-		24	-		24
Self Insurance		1,798		-		1,798	-		1,798
Miscellaneous Internal Service		335		-		335	 		335
TOTAL TRANSFERS FROM									
		4 4 6 4				4 4 4 4	0.045		1 000
PROPRIETARY FUNDS		4,181				4,181	 2,215		1,966

#### GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUE AND TRANSFERS BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (In Thousands)

	Actual	Adjustment to Budgetary Basis	Actual on Budgetary Basis	Final Budget	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
TRANSFERS FROM OTHER FUNDS					
Special Revenue Funds:					
City of San Diego:					
Acquisition, Improvement, & Operations	17	-	17	-	17
Environmental Growth Fund	8,570	-	8,570	8,792	(222)
Police Decentralization	182	-	182	-	182
Special Gas Tax Street Improvement	22,714	-	22,714	22,642	72
Street Division Operations	2,878	-	2,878	-	2,878
Transient Occupancy Tax	852	-	852	276	576
Zoological Exhibits	84	-	84	-	84
Other Special Revenue-Budgeted	17,277	-	17,277	5,462	11,815
Grants	128	-	128	-	128
Other Special Revenue-Unbudgeted	13,235	-	13,235	228	13,007
Redevelopment Agency	-	-	-	500	(500)
Capital Projects Funds:					
City of San Diego:					
TransNet	9,353	-	9,353	15,048	(5,695)
Other Construction	11,337	-	11,337	-	11,337
Redevelopment Agency	-	-	-	33	(33)
Permanent Funds:					
Cemetery Perpetuity	353		353	375	(22)
TOTAL TRANSFERS FROM OTHER FUNDS	86,980		86,980	53,356	33,624
NET INCOME FROM JOINT VENTURE	35_		35_		35
TOTAL REVENUE AND TRANSFERS	\$ 1,063,859	<u> </u>	\$ 1,063,859	\$ 1,043,582	\$ 20,277

#### GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND TRANSFERS BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (In Thousands)

				Current	Year				
	Actu	al	Adjustment to Budgetary Basis	Actu on Budge Bas	tary	Fir Bud		Varia with F Budg Posif (Nega	inal get ive
ENERAL GOVERNMENT AND SUPPORT									
epartmental:									
Mayor									
Salaries and Wages	\$	115	\$-	\$	115	\$	115	\$	-
Non-Personnel		114			114		126		12
Total Mayor		229			229		241		12
City Council District 1									
Salaries and Wages		507	-		507		507		-
Non-Personnel		432	12		444		444		-
Total City Council District 1		939	12		951		951		-
City Council District 2									
Salaries and Wages		514	-		514		514		-
Non-Personnel		364			364		364		-
Total City Council District 2		878			878		878		-
City Council District 3									
Salaries and Wages		563	-		563		563		-
Non-Personnel		424	-		424		424		-
Total City Council District 3		987			987		987		-
City Council District 4									
Salaries and Wages		533	-		533		533		-
Non-Personnel		415	-		415		415		-
Total City Council District 4		948			948		948		-
City Council District 5									
Salaries and Wages		470	-		470		470		-
Non-Personnel		373			373	-	373		-
Total City Council District 5		843			843		843		-
City Council District 6									
Salaries and Wages		487	-		487		487		-
Non-Personnel	-	372			372		372		-
Total City Council District 6		859			859		859		-
City Council District 7									
Salaries and Wages		515	-		515		515		-
Non-Personnel		381	1		382		382		-
Total City Council District 7		896	1		897		897		-
City Council District 8									
Salaries and Wages		564	-		564		564		-
Non-Personnel		417			417		417		-
Total City Council District 8		981			981		981		-
Council Administration									
Salaries and Wages		544	-		1,544		1,620		76
Non-Personnel		090	97		1,187		1,202		15
Total Council Administration	2,	634	97_	2	2,731		2,822		91
City Attorney									
Salaries and Wages	,	165	-		2,165		22,431		266
Non-Personnel		424	482		5,906		15,907		1
Total City Attorney	37,	589	482	38	3,071	3	38,338		267

				Prior Ye	ar						То	otal		
Actu	ıal	Adjust to Budge Bas	etary	Actu on Budge Bas	tary	Fina Budg		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	Actual	Adjustment to Budgetary Basis	o Budg	tual on jetary sis	Final Budget	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$-	\$ 115	\$-	\$	115	\$ 115	\$
	6		-		6		6	-	120			120	132	12
	6		-		6		6		235			235	247	12
	-		-		_				507			507	507	
	_		_		-		-	-	432	12		444	444	
	-		-		-		-	-	939	12		951	951	
	-		-		-		-	-	514	-		514	514	
	-		-		-		-		364			364	364	
	-		-		-		-		878			878	878	··
	-		_		_		-	-	563	_		563	563	
	-		-		-		-	-	424	-		424	424	
	-		-		-		-	-	987	-		987	987	
	-		-		-		-	-	533	-		533	533	
	-		2		2		2	-	415	2		417	417	
	-		2		2		2		948	2		950	950	
	-		-		-		-	-	470	-		470	470	
	-		-		-		-	-	373	-		373	373	
	-		-		-		-		843			843	843	
									407			407	407	
	-		-		-		-	-	487 372	-		487 372	487 372	
	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		-		859			859	859	
	-		-		-		-	-	515	-		515	515	
	-		-		-		-	-	381	1		382	382	
	-		-		-		-		896	1		897	897	
									564			564	564	
	2		-		-		2	-	417	-		417	417	
	-		-		-		-		981			981	981	
	-		-		-		-	-	1,544	-		1,544	1,620	7
	-		-		-		-		1,090	97		1,187	1,202	1
	-		-		-		-		2,634	97_		2,731	2,822	9
			-		_		_	-	22,165	-		22,165	22,431	26
	79		11		90		- 94	4	15,503	493		15,996	16,001	20
	79	-	11		90		94	4	37,668	493		38,161	38,432	271

Continued on Next Page

#### GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND TRANSFERS BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (In Thousands)

			Current Year		Vorience
	Actual	Adjustment to Budgetary Basis	Actual on Budgetary Basis	Final Budget	Variance with Fina Budget Positive (Negative
neral Government and Support Departmental (Continued):					
City Auditor and Comptroller					
Salaries and Wages	\$ 5,680	\$ -	\$ 5,680	\$ 6,942	\$ 1,26
Non-Personnel	3,915	183	4,098	4,169	7
Total City Auditor and Comptroller	9,595	183	9,778	11,111	1,33
City Clerk					
Salaries and Wages	2,066	-	2,066	2,245	17
Non-Personnel	1,835	35	1,870	1,871	
Total City Clerk	3,901	35	3,936	4,116	18
City Manager					
Salaries and Wages	1,896	-	1,896	1,921	2
Non-Personnel	1,057	-	1,057	1,057	_
Total City Manager	2,953	-	2,953	2,978	2
Office of the CIO					
Salaries and Wages	-	-	-	-	
Non-Personnel	10,044	156	10,200	11,581	1,38
Total Office of the CIO	10,044	156	10,200	11,581	1,38
Engineering and Capital Draigate Administration					
Engineering and Capital Projects Administration Salaries and Wages	304		304	304	
Non-Personnel	179		179	179	
Total Engineering and Capital Projects Administration	483		483	483	
Field Engineering Salaries and Wages	8,022		8.022	9,197	1.17
Non-Personnel	4,979	77	5,056	5,057	1,17
Total Field Engineering	13,001	77	13,078	14,254	1,17
Public Buildings & Parks					
Salaries and Wages	2,218	_	2,218	3,727	1,50
Non-Personnel	1,319	140	1,459	1,468	1,50
Total Public Buildings & Parks	3,537	140	3,677	5,195	1,51
Dudashard Margaret Oracian					
Budget and Management Services Salaries and Wages	1,484		1,484	1,816	33
Non-Personnel	939	_	939	1,190	25
Total Budget and Management Services	2,423	-	2,423	3,006	58
City Treasurer					
Salaries and Wages	5,119		5,119	6,913	1,79
Non-Personnel	6,322	- 675	6.997	6,913	1,78
Total City Treasurer	11,441	675	12,116	13,910	1,79
Financing Services Salaries and Wages	734		734	1,149	41
Non-Personnel	537	- 15	552	626	7
	1,271	15	1,286	1,775	48
Total Financing Services					
Ĵ					
General Services - Administration	DEF		265	305	
Total Financing Services	265 140	-	265 146	305 146	4
General Services - Administration Salaries and Wages Non-Personnel	265 140 405	- 6 6	265 146 411	305 146 451	
General Services - Administration Salaries and Wages Non-Personnel Total General Services - Administration	140		146	146	4
General Services - Administration Salaries and Wages Non-Personnel Total General Services - Administration Station 38	<u> </u>		<u>146</u> 411	<u>146</u> 451	
General Services - Administration Salaries and Wages Non-Personnel	140		146	146	

			Prie	or Year					Total		
Actual		Adjustment to Budgetary Basis		Actual on udgetary Basis	Final Budget	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	Actual	Adjustment to Budgetary Basis	Actual on Budgetary Basis	Final Budget	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative
		\$			<u>,</u>	<u>_</u>	¢ 5,000	•	¢ 5.000		¢ 1.00
; 7	2	\$ ·	\$	- 72	\$- 76	\$- 4	\$ 5,680 3,987	\$- 183	\$ 5,680 4,170	\$ 6,942 4,245	\$ 1,262 75
	2 -			72	76	4	9,667	183	9,850	11,187	1,33
-						·					
	-			-	-	-	2,066	-	2,066	2,245	17
	1	31		32	33	1	1,836	66	1,902	1,904	
	1	31		32	33	1	3,902	66	3,968	4,149	18
	_			_	_	_	1,896	_	1,896	1,921	2
	-						1,050		1,057	1,057	
			<u> </u>	<u> </u>			2,953		2,953	2,978	2
	<u> </u>						2,333		2,333_	2,370	Z
	-			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	6)	36		-			10,008	192	10,200	11,581	1,38
(3	6)	36		-			10,008	192_	10,200	11,581	1,38
	_			_	-		304	-	304	304	
	-	6		6	6	-	179	6	185	185	
	-	6		6	6	-	483	6	489	489	
	-			-	-	-	8,022	-	8,022	9,197	1,17
	0	8		18	69	51	4,989	85	5,074	5,126	5
1	0	8		18	69	51	13,011	85	13,096	14,323	1,22
	-			-	-	-	2,218	-	2,218	3,727	1,50
13	5	47		182	182	-	1,454	187	1,641	1,650	
13	5	47		182	182	-	3,672	187	3,859	5,377	1,51
	-			-	-	-	1,484 939	-	1,484	1,816	33 25
	<u>-</u> -						2,423		939 2,423	1,190 3,006	25
			<u> </u>				2,423		2,423		
	-			-	-	-	5,119	-	5,119	6,913	1,79
13		1,001		1,133	1,204	71	6,454	1,676	8,130	8,201	7
13	2	1,001		1,133	1,204	71	11,573	1,676	13,249	15,114	1,86
							70 4		734	1,149	41
	2	1		-	- 1	-	734 537	- 16	734 553	627	41
	-	1		1	1		1,271	16	1,287	1,776	48
	-			-	-	-	265	-	265	305	4
	-			-	1	1	140	6	146	147	
			<u> </u>	-	1	1	405	6	411	452	4
				-	-	-	353	-	353	353	
	1			1	1	-	204	-	204	204	
	1 -			1	1		557		557	557	

Continued on Next Page

#### GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND TRANSFERS BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (In Thousands)

			Current Year		
	Actual	Adjustment to Budgetary Basis	Actual on Budgetary Basis	Final Budget	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
neral Government and Support Departmental (Continued):					
Facilities Maintenance	¢ 0.000	•	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	<b>6</b> 0 504	<b>.</b>
Salaries and Wages	\$ 6,096	\$- 398	\$ 6,096 9,704	\$ 6,531 9,902	\$ 435
Non-Personnel Total Facilities Maintenance	9,306	398	15,800	16,433	198
Purchasing					
Salaries and Wages	1,207	-	1,207	1,207	
Non-Personnel	832	4	836	863	27
Total Purchasing	2,039	4	2,043	2,070	2
Storm Water					
Salaries and Wages	1,286	-	1,286	1,517	23
Non-Personnel	2,472	5,642	8,114	8,115	20
Total Storm Water	3,758	5,642	9,400	9,632	232
Governmental Relations Non-Personnel	-	-	-	-	
Human Resources Salaries and Wages	630		630	807	17
Non-Personnel	611	1	612	745	13
Total Human Resources	1,241	1	1,242	1,552	310
Organizational Effectiveness Program					
Non-Personnel				2	2
Personnel					
Salaries and Wages	3,621	-	3,621	4,055	434
Non-Personnel	2,454	248	2,702	2,927	22
Total Personnel	6,075	248	6,323	6,982	65
Real Estate Assets					
Salaries and Wages	1,959	-	1,959	2,881	922
Non-Personnel	1,374	514	1,888	1,888	
Total Real Estate Assets	3,333	514	3,847	4,769	92
Special Projects					
Salaries and Wages	296	-	296	296	
Non-Personnel	407	31	438	438	
Total Special Projects	703	31	734	734	
Ethics Commission					
Salaries and Wages	392	-	392	652	260
Non-Personnel Total Ethics Commission	238 630	10	<u>248</u> 640	355	107
Rusiness and Crant Administration					
Business and Grant Administration	469		469	469	
Salaries and Wages	409	-	409	409	
Non-Personnel	292		292	292	

		Prior Year			Total								
Actual			Final Budget			Adjustment to Budgetary Basis	Actual on Budgetary Basis	Final Budget	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)				
\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 6,096	\$-	\$ 6,096	\$ 6,531	\$ 435				
99	4	103	291	188	9,405	402	9,807	10,193	386				
99	4	103	291	188	15,501	402	15,903	16,724	821				
-	-	-	-	-	1,207	-	1,207	1,207	-				
-					832	4	836	863	27				
-					2,039	4	2,043	2,070	2/				
-	-	-	-	-	1,286	-	1,286	1,517	231				
1,035 1,035	471	1,506	1,593	87	3,507	<u>6,113</u> 6,113	9,620	9,708	88				
1,000	471	1,300_	1,595	0/	4,793	0,113_	10,900	11,223_					
-	43	43	43			43_	43_	43					
-	-	-	-	-	630	-	630	807	177				
-			<u> </u>	1	<u>611</u> 1,241	<u> </u>	612	746	134				
			I	I	1,241	I	1,242	1,553_					
6	4_	10	10		6_	4_	10	12_	2				
-	-	-	-	-	3,621	-	3,621	4,055	434				
200	119	319	476	157	2,654	367	3,021	3,403	382				
200	119	319	476	157	6,275	367	6,642	7,458	816				
-	-	-	-	-	1,959	-	1,959	2,881	922				
45			188	110	1,419	547_	1,966	2,076	110				
45	33	78	188	110	3,378	547	3,925	4,957	1,032				
-	-	-	-	-	296	-	296	296	-				
41 41	5	46 46	48 48	2	448 744	36	484 780	486 782	2				
41		40_	40_	2	/44		/80		2				
-	- 12	- 12	- 12	-	392 238	- 22	392 260	652 367	260 107				
	12	12	12		630	22	652	1,019	367				
		12					002						
-	-	-	-	-	469 292	-	469 292	469 292					
					761		761	761					
							.01		-				

Continued on Next Page

#### GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND TRANSFERS BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (In Thousands)

	Adjustment	Actual		Variance	
	to	on	Final	with Final Budget Positive	
Actual	Basis	Basis	Budget	(Negativ	
\$ 1,325	\$-		\$ 2,090	\$ 76	
				76	
2,250	126	2,376	3,901	1,5	
457	-	457	578	1	
326	147	473	487		
783	147	930	1,065	1	
1.886	-	1.886	2.027	1	
	127			3	
3,811	127	3,938	4,470	5	
403	-	403	541		
	120				
966	120	1,086	1,193		
150	-	150	193		
262	-	262	371		
155		165	165		
	-				
237		237			
207		207	207		
	-				
447		447	447		
200	_	200	574	3	
	17			`	
				;	
	17		935		
250		250	250		
	-				
	-				
1,884	59	1,943	1,944		
152,898	9,323	162,221	177,046	14,8	
-	-	-	7 200	7,2	
			1,200	,2	
500		500	500		
522		522_	522		
522	4	522	<u> </u>		
	\$ 1,325 925 2,250 457 326 1,886 1,925 3,811 493 473 966 150 112 262 155 82 237 297 150 447 200 344 544 250 129 379 977 907 1,884	Actual         Budgetary Basis           \$ 1,325 925         \$ 126           2,250         126           457         -           326         147           783         147           1,886         -           1,925         127           3,811         127           493         -           473         120           966         120           112         -           150         -           1262         -           155         -           262         -           155         -           262         -           262         -           250         -           200         -           2150         -           2200         -           2447         -           200         -           344         17           544         17           250         -           129         -           379         -           9077         59           1,884         59	Budgetary Basis         Budgetary Basis           \$ 1,325 925         \$ 1,325 126           925         126           2,250         126           457         -           457         -           326         147           473         457           783         147           930         -           1,886         -           1,925         127           3,811         127           3,811         127           3,811         127           3,811         127           3,811         127           3,811         127           3,811         127           3,813         120           593         593           966         120           112         -           120         593           966         120           150         -           112         -           262         -           277         -           282         -           297         -           155         -           150         -     <	ActualBudgetary BasisBudgetary BasisFinal Budget $\$$ 1,325 $\$$ $\$$ 1,325 $\$$ 2,0909251262,3763,9014573,9014573261471,8861,8861,9251271,9251271,886493473120966120150152153155155155155200210227155155155155167 <td< td=""></td<>	

			Prior Year						Total								Mariana	
Actual	Bud	Adjustment to Budgetary Basis		Actual on Budgetary Basis		Final Budget		ince Final get tive tive)	Actual		Adjustment to Budgetary Basis		Actual on Budgetary Basis			Final Budget	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
6 -	¢	-	\$	-	¢	-	¢		¢	1 225	¢		¢	1 225	¢	2 000	\$ 765	
5 - 19	\$	- 7	Þ	26	\$	26	\$	-	\$	1,325 944	\$	- 133	\$	1,325 1,077	\$	2,090 1,837	\$ 765 760	
19		7		26		26		-		2,269		133		2,402		3,927	1,525	
																-,		
		_		_		_		_		457		_		457		578	121	
		-		- 1				-		326		- 147		473		487	14	
-		-		-		-		-		783		147		930		1,065	135	
					-						-							
-		-		-		-		-		1,886		-		1,886		2,027	141	
-		-		-		-		-		1,925		127		2,052		2,443	391	
-		-		-		-		-		3,811		127		3,938		4,470	532	
-		-		-		-		-		493		-		493		541	48	
-		-		-		-		-		473		120		593		652	59	
-		-		-		-		-		966		120		1,086		1,193	107	
-		-		-		-		-		150		-		150		193	43	
-		-		-		-		-		112		-		112		178	66	
-		-		-		-		-		262		-		262		371	109	
-		-		-		-		-		155		-		155		155	-	
-		-		-		-		-		82		-		82		83	1	
-		-		-		-		-		237		-		237		238	1	
-		-		-		-		-		297		-		297		297	-	
-		-		-		-		-		150		-		150		150		
-		-		-		-		-		447	-	-		447		447	-	
-		-		-		-		-		200		-		200		574	374	
-		-		-		-		-		344		17		361		361		
-		-		-		-		-		544		17		561		935	374	
-		-		-		-		-		250 129		-		250 129		250 129	-	
-						-				379				379		379		
														515		515		
_		-		-						977		_		977		978	1	
-		-		-		-		-		907		59		966		966	-	
-		-		-		-		-		1,884		59		1,943		1,944	1	
1,845		1,841	3	3,686	4	,363		677	1	54,743		11,164		165,907		181,409	15,502	
										,		,				. ,		
		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		7,200	7,200	
05		25		60		60				E 47		25		500		500		
25		35		00		00		-		547		35		582		582		
-		168		168		170		2		509		172		681		683	2	
								-										

Continued on Next Page

#### GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND TRANSFERS BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (In Thousands)

			Current Year			
	Actual	Adjustment to Budgetary Basis	Actual on Budgetary Basis	Final Budget	Variance with Fina Budget Positive (Negative	
eneral Government and Support Citywide Program (Continued):						
Employee Personal Property Damage Non-Personnel	\$5	s -	\$5	<b>\$</b> 5	\$	
Financing Services	76	7	0.2	02		
Non-Personnel		7	83	83		
Financial Accounting Systems						
Non-Personnel	-					
Independent Audit						
Non-Personnel	-					
Insurance						
Non-Personnel	1,082		1,082	1,082		
Memberships						
Non-Personnel	604		604	606		
Municipal Activities Non-Personnel	-	-	-	-		
Property Tax Administration Non-Personnel	3,017	-	3,017	3,028		
Non-Feisonnei	3,017			3,020		
Public Liability						
Non-Personnel	19,379		19,379	19,380		
Public Works Projects						
Non-Personnel						
Random Drug Testing						
Non-Personnel	-					
Reimbursement to Capital Outlay						
Non-Personnel	14		14	15		
Created Consulting						
Special Consulting Non-Personnel	773	215	988	1,443	4	
San Diego Geographic Information Source Non-Personnel						
Space Rental	0.005	404	7.040	7.040		
Non-Personnel	6,925	121	7,046	7,046		
Other Special Projects						
Non-Personnel	1,008	1,573	2,581	6,361	3,7	
tal Citywide Program	33,914	1,920	35,834	47,284	11,4	
TAL GENERAL GOVERNMENT AND SUPPORT	186,812	11,243	198,055	224,330	26,2	

		Prior Year			Total							
Actual	Adjustment to Budgetary Basis	Actual on Budgetary Basis	Final Budget	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	Actual	Adjustment to Budgetary Basis	Actual on Budgetary Basis	Final Budget	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
	\$	<u>\$ -</u>	<u> </u>	\$	\$ 5	\$	\$ 5	\$ 5	\$ -			
					76	7	83	83				
			19	19				19_	19			
127	1	128	519	391	127	1	128	519_	391			
			76_	76	1,082		1,082	1,158	76			
					604		604	606	2			
	24_	24_	24_			24	24_	24_				
					3,017		3,017	3,028	11			
					19,379		19,379_	19,380	1			
26	170	196_	296_	100	26_	170_	196	296_	100			
25	17	42_	61_	19_	25_	17_	42_	61_	19			
					14		14	15_	1			
					773_	215_	988	1,443	455			
75	11	86	132	46	75	11	86	132	46			
			564	564	6,925	121	7,046	7,610	564			
269	196	465	543	78_	1,277	1,769	3,046	6,904	3,858			
547	622	1,169	2,464	1,295	34,461	2,542	37,003	49,748	12,745			
2,392	2,463	4,855	6,827	1,972	189,204	13,706	202,910	231,157	28,247			

Continued on Next Page

#### GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND TRANSFERS BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (In Thousands)

Adjustment to bot Basis         Actual bot Budgetary Basis         Variance Budgetary				Current Year		
PUBLIC SAFETY - POLICE		Actual	to Budgetary	on Budgetary		with Final Budget Positive
Police         \$ 194,389         \$ 194,389         \$ 194,389         \$ 2,273         151,570         152,491         9,848           Citywide Program:         Police Review Board         32,286         3,273         345,959         355,807         9,848           Citywide Program:         Police Review Board	PUBLIC SAFETY - POLICE					
Salaries and Wages         \$ 194.389         \$ 194.389         \$ 203.316         \$ 8.207           Non-Personnel         192.497         3273         191.570         192.491           Total Police         342.886         3.273         345.959         355.807         9.848           Cityuide Program: Police Review Board Non-Personnel	Departmental:					
Non-Personnel         148.297         3.273         151.570         152.491         92.1           Citywide Program: Police Review Board Non-Personnel         - <t< td=""><td></td><td>¢ 404.200</td><td>¢</td><td>¢ 104.200</td><td>¢ 000.046</td><td>¢ 0.007</td></t<>		¢ 404.200	¢	¢ 104.200	¢ 000.046	¢ 0.007
Total Police         342,886         3.273         345,859         355,807         9,848           Citywide Program: Police Review Board Non-Personnel			÷			
Police Review Board Non-Personnel						
Police Review Board Non-Personnel	Citwide Program:					
TOTAL PUBLIC SAFETY - POLICE         342,686         3.273         345,959         355,807         9,848           PUBLIC SAFETY - FIRE AND LIFE SAFETY AND HOMELAND SECURITY           Departmental: Fire-Rescue         581arles and Wages         100,313         100,313         100,313         100,313         100,313         1           Non-Personnel         69,237         1,116         70,365         70,364         1           Homeland Security         549         -         549         907         358           Non-Personnel         514         -         1,063         1,484         421           Citywide Program:         Emergency Medical Services         -	, ,					
PUBLIC SAFETY - FIRE AND LIFE SAFETY AND HOMELAND SECURITY           Departmental: Fire-Rescue         68,237         1,116         70,353         70,364         1           Non-Personnel         68,237         1,116         70,353         70,364         1           Homeland Security         Salaries and Wages         549         007         358           Non-Personnel         514         514         514         577         63           Total Homeland Security         1,063         1,063         1,464         421           Citywide Program:         Emergency Medical Services         -         -         -         -           Total Citywide Program         - <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>						
Departmental:         Fire-Rescue         100,313         100,314         1	TOTAL PUBLIC SAFETY - POLICE	342,686	3,273	345,959	355,807	9,848
Departmental:         Fire-Rescue         100,313         100,314         1						
Fire-Rescue         100.313         -         100.313         -           Salaries and Wages         69.237         1.116         70.353         70.354         1           Total Fire-Rescue         109.550         1.116         170.666         170.667         1           Homeland Security         Salaries and Wages         549         -         549         907         358           Non-Personnel         514         -         514         577         63           Total Homeland Security         1.063         -         1.063         1.484         421           Citywide Program:         -	PUBLIC SAFETT - FIRE AND LIFE SAFETT AND HOMELAND SECOR					
Salaries and Wages         100.313         - 100.313         116         - 100.313         116         - 100.313         116         - 100.313         116         - 100.313         116         - 100.313         116         - 100.313         116         - 100.313         116         - 100.313         116         - 100.313         116         - 100.313         116         - 100.313         116         - 100.313         116         - 100.313         116         - 100.313         1100.313         - 100.313         100.313						
Non-Personnel         69,237         1,116         70,353         70,354         1           Total Fire-Rescue         169,550         1,116         170,666         170,667         1           Homeland Security         Salaries and Wages         549         -         549         907         358           Non-Personnel         514         -         514         577         63           Total Homeland Security         1,063         -         1,063         1,484         421           Citywide Program:         Emergency Medical Services         -		100.313	-	100.313	100.313	-
Homeland Security         549         549         549         907         358           Non-Personnel         514         -         514         577         63           Total Homeland Security         1,063         -         1,063         1,484         421           Citywide Program:         Emergency Medical Services         -			1,116			1
Salaries and Wages       549       -       549       907       358         Non-Personnel       514       -       514       577       63         Total Homeland Security       1,063       -       1,063       1,484       421         Citywide Program:       -	Total Fire-Rescue	169,550	1,116	170,666	170,667	1
Salaries and Wages       549       -       549       907       358         Non-Personnel       514       -       514       577       63         Total Homeland Security       1,063       -       1,063       1,484       421         Citywide Program:       -	Landond Convitu					
Non-Personnel         514         -         514         -         514         -         63           Total Homeland Security         1,063         -         1,063         1,484         421           Citywide Program: Emergency Medical Services Non-Personnel         -		549	-	549	907	358
Total Homeland Security       1,063       1,063       1,484       421         Citywide Program:       Emergency Medical Services       - <t< td=""><td>5</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	5		-			
Emergency Medical Services       -						
Emergency Medical Services       -	Citwide Brogrom					
Non-Pérsonnel         -         <						
TOTAL PUBLIC SAFETY - FIRE AND LIFE SAFETY AND HOMELAND SECURITY         170,613         1,116         171,729         172,151         422           PARKS, RECREATION, CULTURE AND LEISURE         Departmental: Reservoir Concessions Salaries and Wages         14         14         14         14         14         14         14         1509         1,509         1,509         1,509         1,509         1,509         1,523         -         1,513         1,513         1,513         1,513         1,513         1,513         1,513         1,514         1,514         1,517         1,513         1,517			-		-	
TOTAL PUBLIC SAFETY - FIRE AND LIFE SAFETY AND HOMELAND SECURITY         170,613         1,116         171,729         172,151         422           PARKS, RECREATION, CULTURE AND LEISURE         Departmental: Reservoir Concessions Salaries and Wages         14         14         14         14         14         14         14         1509         1,509         1,509         1,509         1,509         1,509         1,523         -         1,513         1,513         1,513         1,513         1,513         1,513         1,513         1,514         1,514         1,517         1,513         1,517	Tatal City utida Draggan					
AND HOMELAND SECURITY       170,613       1,116       171,729       172,151       422         PARKS, RECREATION, CULTURE AND LEISURE         Departmental:         Reservoir Concessions         Salaries and Wages       14       -       14       14       -         Non-Personnel       1,509       -       1,509       -       -         Total Reservoir Concessions       1,523       -       1,523       -       -         Parks and Recreation-Administrative Services       5alaries and Wages       757       -       757       -         Non-Personnel       497       22       519       519       -       -         Total Parks and Recreation - Administration Services       1,254       22       1,276       -       -         Community Parks I       5,205       -       5,205       5,669       464         Non-Personnel       9,376       470       9,846       9,848       2         Total Community Parks I       14,581       470       15,051       15,517       466         Community Parks II       36,632       -       8,632       -       8,632       8,654       22         Non-Personnel       10,378       441	Total Citywide Program					
PARKS, RECREATION, CULTURE AND LEISURE           Departmental:           Reservoir Concessions           Salaries and Wages           14         -           1509         -           1,509         -           1,509         -           1,523         -           1,523         -           1,523         -           1,523         -           1,523         -           1,523         -           1,523         -           Parks and Recreation-Administrative Services         -           Salaries and Wages         757           Non-Personnel         497           22         519           519         -           Community Parks I         -           Salaries and Wages         5,205           Salaries and Wages         5,205           -         5,205           -         5,205           -         5,205           -         5,205           -         5,205           -         5,205           -         5,205           -         5,205           -         5,669     <						
Departmental:         Reservoir Concessions         Salaries and Wages       14       -       14       14       -         Non-Personnel       1,509       -       1,509       -       -         Total Reservoir Concessions       1,523       -       1,523       -       -         Parks and Recreation-Administrative Services       -       1,523       - <td< td=""><td>AND HOMELAND SECURITY</td><td>170,613</td><td>1,116</td><td>171,729</td><td>172,151</td><td>422</td></td<>	AND HOMELAND SECURITY	170,613	1,116	171,729	172,151	422
Reservoir Concessions         Salaries and Wages       14       -       14       14       -         Non-Personnel       1,509       -       1,509       -       1,509       -         Total Reservoir Concessions       1,523       -       1,523       1,523       -         Parks and Recreation-Administrative Services       -       757       757       -       757       -       757       -	PARKS, RECREATION, CULTURE AND LEISURE					
Reservoir Concessions         Salaries and Wages       14       -       14       14       -         Non-Personnel       1,509       -       1,509       -       1,509       -         Total Reservoir Concessions       1,523       -       1,523       1,523       -         Parks and Recreation-Administrative Services       -       757       757       -       757       -       757       -	Devertmentel					
Salaries and Wages       14       -       14       14       -         Non-Personnel       1,509       -       1,509       1,509       -         Total Reservoir Concessions       1,523       -       1,523       -       1,523       -         Parks and Recreation-Administrative Services       -       757       -       757       -       757       -       757       -       757       -       757       -       1,254       22       519       519       -	•					
Non-Personnel         1,509         -         1,509         -           Total Reservoir Concessions         1,523         -         1,523         -           Parks and Recreation-Administrative Services         -         757         -         757         -           Salaries and Wages         757         -         757         -         757         -           Non-Personnel         497         22         519         519         -           Total Parks and Recreation - Administration Services         1,254         22         1,276         -           Community Parks I         -         5,205         -         5,205         5,669         464           Non-Personnel         9,376         470         9,846         9,848         2           Total Community Parks I         -         14,581         470         15,051         15,517         466           Community Parks II         -         8,632         -         8,632         8,654         22           Non-Personnel         10,378         441         10,819         10,838         19		14	-	14	14	-
Parks and Recreation-Administrative Services         Salaries and Wages         Salaries and Wages         Mon-Personnel         497         22         519         519         Total Parks and Recreation - Administration Services         1,254         22         1,276         1,276         1,276         22         1,276         1,276         -         Community Parks I         Salaries and Wages         5,205       -         5,205       -         5,205       -         5,205       5,669         464         Non-Personnel       9,376         470       9,846         9,848       2         Total Community Parks I       14,581         Salaries and Wages       8,632         8,632       -         8,632       -         8,632       -         8,632       -         8,632       -         8,632       -         8,632       -         8,632       -         8,632       - </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td>			-			-
Salaries and Wages       757       -       757       757       -         Non-Personnel       497       22       519       519       -         Total Parks and Recreation - Administration Services       1,254       22       1,276       1,276       -         Community Parks I       5,205       -       5,205       -       5,205       464         Non-Personnel       9,376       470       9,846       9,848       2         Total Community Parks I       14,581       470       15,051       15,517       466         Community Parks II       3alaries and Wages       8,632       -       8,632       8,654       22         Non-Personnel       10,378       441       10,819       10,838       19	Total Reservoir Concessions	1,523	-	1,523	1,523	-
Salaries and Wages       757       -       757       757       -         Non-Personnel       497       22       519       519       -         Total Parks and Recreation - Administration Services       1,254       22       1,276       1,276       -         Community Parks I       5,205       -       5,205       -       5,205       464         Non-Personnel       9,376       470       9,846       9,848       2         Total Community Parks I       14,581       470       15,051       15,517       466         Community Parks II       3alaries and Wages       8,632       -       8,632       8,654       22         Non-Personnel       10,378       441       10,819       10,838       19	Barka and Baaraction Administrative Sanvison					
Non-Personnel         497         22         519         519         -           Total Parks and Recreation - Administration Services         1.254         22         1.276         1.276         -           Community Parks I         Salaries and Wages         5.205         -         5.205         5.669         464           Non-Personnel         9.376         470         9.846         9.848         2           Total Community Parks I         14.581         470         15.051         15.517         466           Community Parks II         Salaries and Wages         8.632         -         8.632         8.654         22           Non-Personnel         10.378         441         10.819         10.838         19		757	-	757	757	-
Community Parks I         5,205         -         5,205         5,669         464           Non-Personnel         9,376         470         9,846         9,848         2           Total Community Parks I         14,581         470         15,051         15,517         466           Community Parks II         8,632         -         8,632         8,654         22           Non-Personnel         10,378         441         10,819         10,838         19			22			-
Salaries and Wages       5,205       -       5,205       5,669       464         Non-Personnel       9,376       470       9,846       9,848       2         Total Community Parks I       14,581       470       15,051       15,517       466         Community Parks II       Salaries and Wages       8,632       -       8,632       8,654       22         Non-Personnel       10,378       441       10,819       10,838       19	Total Parks and Recreation - Administration Services	1,254	22	1,276	1,276	
Salaries and Wages       5,205       -       5,205       5,669       464         Non-Personnel       9,376       470       9,846       9,848       2         Total Community Parks I       14,581       470       15,051       15,517       466         Community Parks II       Salaries and Wages       8,632       -       8,632       8,654       22         Non-Personnel       10,378       441       10,819       10,838       19	Community Parks I					
Non-Personnel         9,376         470         9,846         9,848         2           Total Community Parks I         14,581         470         15,051         15,517         466           Community Parks II         Salaries and Wages         8,632         -         8,632         8,654         22           Non-Personnel         10,378         441         10,819         10,838         19		5,205	-	5,205	5,669	464
Community Parks II         8,632         8,632         8,632         8,654         22           Non-Personnel         10,378         441         10,819         10,838         19			470			
Salaries and Wages         8,632         -         8,632         8,654         22           Non-Personnel         10,378         441         10,819         10,838         19	Total Community Parks I	14,581	470	15,051	15,517	466
Salaries and Wages         8,632         -         8,632         8,654         22           Non-Personnel         10,378         441         10,819         10,838         19	Community Parks II					
Non-Personnel		8,632	-	8,632	8,654	22
Total Community Parks II         19,451         19,492         41	Non-Personnel	10,378	441	10,819	10,838	19
	Total Community Parks II	19,010	441	19,451	19,492	41

			Prior Year					Total		
4	Actual	Adjustment to Budgetary Basis	Actual on Budgetary Basis	Final Budget	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	Actual	Adjustment to Budgetary Basis	Actual on Budgetary Basis	Final Budget	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
\$	- 3,716	\$ - (314)	\$- 3,402	\$- 4,593	\$- 1,191	\$ 194,389 152,013	\$- 2,959	\$    194,389 154,972	\$    203,316 157,084	\$ 8,927 2,112
	3,716	(314)	3,402	4,593	1,191	346,402	2,959	349,361	360,400	11,039
	3		3	3	-	3	-	3	3	
	3,719	(314)	3,405	4,596	1,191	346,405	2,959	349,364	360,403	11,039
	-	-	-	-	-	100,313	-	100,313	100,313	
	481	771	1,252	1,836	<u>584</u> 584	<u>69,718</u> 170,031	1,887	71,605	72,190	585 585
	-	-	-	-	-	549	-	549	907	358
	-	<u> </u>	1	<u> </u>		<u>514</u> 1,063	1	<u>515</u> 1,064	<u> </u>	<u>63</u> 421
	23		23	27_	4	23_		23_	27_	4
	23		23	27	4	23		23_	27_	4
	504	772_	1,276	1,864	588	171,117	1,888	173,005	174,015	1,010
						14		14	14	
		3	3	3		1,509	3	1,512	1,512	
_	-	3	3	3		1,523	3	1,526	1,526	
	-	-	-	-	-	757	-	757	757	
						497	22	<u>519</u> 1,276	<u>519</u> 1,276	
	-					1,204_		1,210	1,270	
	-	-	-	-	-	5,205	-	5,205	5,669	464
	384 384	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	301 301	9,760	484 484	10,244 15,449	10,547	303
	304	14	398_	099_		14,905	404	10,449	10,210	/0/
		/·	-	46.5	-	8,632	-	8,632	8,654	22
	68 68	(47)	<u>21</u> 21	<u> </u>	<u>143</u> 143	10,446	<u> </u>	<u>10,840</u> 19,472	11,002 19,656	162 184
		(47)	21			10,070		10,472	10,000	

#### GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND TRANSFERS BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (In Thousands)

			Current Year		
	Actual	Adjustment to Budgetary Basis	Actual on Budgetary Basis	Final Budget	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Parks, Recreation, Culture and Leisure Departmental (Continued):	Actual			Dudget	(Negative)
Developed Regional Parks					
Salaries and Wages	\$ 12,622	\$-	\$ 12,622	\$ 12,907	\$ 285
Non-Personnel	19,406	881	20,287	20,341	54
Total Developed Regional Parks	32,028	881_	32,909	33,248	339_
Open Space Division					
Salaries and Wages	1,711	-	1,711	1,711	-
Non-Personnel	3,067	704	3,771	3,771	-
Total Open Space Division	4,778	704	5,482	5,482	-
Park and Planning Development					
Salaries and Wages	2,559	-	2,559	2,559	-
Non-Personnel	1,501		1,501	1,502	1
Total Park and Planning Development	4,060		4,060	4,061	1
Library					
Salaries and Wages	17,890	-	17,890	19,169	1,279
Non-Personnel	16,919	479	17,398	17,561	163
Total Library	34,809	479	35,288	36,730	1,442
Total Departmental	112,043	2,997	115,040	117,329	2,289
Citywide Program:					
Parks and Recreation Programs					
Non-Personnel	15	3	18	2,265	2,247
TOTAL PARKS, RECREATION CULTURE AND LEISURE	112,058	3,000	115,058	119,594	4,536
TRANSPORTATION					
Department					
Streets					
Salaries and Wages	12,819	-	12,819	12,819	-
Non-Personnel	30,556	7,708	38,264	38,645	381
Total Streets	43,375	7,708	51,083	51,464	381
Parking Management					
Non-Personnel	(79)		(79)	(79)	
Transportation Design					
Salaries and Wages	4,291	-	4,291	4,728	437
Non-Personnel	2,530	91	2,621	2,700	79
Total Transportation Design	6,821	91	6,912	7,428	516
Traffic Engineering					
Salaries and Wages	3,507	-	3,507	3,638	131
Non-Personnel	3,402	146	3,548	3,670	122
Total Traffic Engineering	6,909	146	7,055	7,308	253
Total Departmental	57,026	7,945	64,971	66,121	1,150
Citywide Program:					
Transportation					
Non-Personnel	278		278	278	
TOTAL TRANSPORTATION	57,304	7,945	65,249	66,399	1,150

		Prior Year					Total		
Actual	Adjustment to Budgetary Basis	Actual on Budgetary Basis	Final Budget	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	Actual	Adjustment to Budgetary Basis	Actual on Budgetary Basis	Final Budget	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative
	\$-	\$-		\$-	\$ 12,622	\$-	\$ 12,622	\$ 12,907	\$ 285
78	φ - 3	φ - 81	674	φ 593	19,484	¥ 884	20,368	21,015	φ <u>20</u> 64
78	3	81	674	593	32,106	884	32,990	33,922	932
-	-	-	-	-	1,711	-	1,711	1,711	
162	77	239	694	455	3,229	781	4,010	4,465	45
162	77	239_	694	455	4,940	781_	5,721	6,176	455
-	-	-	-	-	2,559	-	2,559	2,559	
14	278	292	327	35	1,515	278	1,793	1,829	36
14	278_	292_	327	35_	4,074	278_	4,352	4,388	36
-		-		-	17,890	-	17,890	19,169	1,279
203	57	260	379	119	17,122	536	17,658	17,940	282
203	57	260	379	119	35,012	536_	35,548	37,109	1,561
909	385	1,294	2,940	1,646	112,952	3,382	116,334	120,269	3,935
-					15	3	18	2,265	2,247
909	385	1,294	2,940	1,646	112,967	3,385	116,352	122,534	6,182
	-	-		-	12,819	-	12,819	12,819	
1,600	510	2,110	2,430	320	32,156	8,218	40,374	41,075	70
1,600	510	2,110	2,430	320	44,975	8,218	53,193	53,894	70*
257	40	297	431	134	178	40	218	352	134
-	-	-	-	-	4,291	-	4,291	4,728	43
1	74	75	75		2,531	165	2,696	2,775	7
1	74	75	75		6,822	165	6,987	7,503	51
-	-	-	-	-	3,507	-	3,507	3,638	13
203	5	208	517	309	3,605	151	3,756	4,187	43
203	5	208	517		7,112	151	7,263	7,825	562
2,061	629	2,690	3,453	763_	59,087	8,574	67,661	69,574	1,913
151		151	151	-	429	-	429	429	
2,212	629	2,841	3,604	763	59,516	8,574	68,090	70,003	1,913

#### GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND TRANSFERS BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (In Thousands)

	Actual		Adjustment to Budgetary Basis	Actual on Budgetary Basis	Final Budget	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
SANITATION AND HEALTH						
Departmental: Collection Services Salaries and Wages	\$ 6,394	. 9		\$ 6,394	\$ 7.862	\$ 1.468
Non-Personnel	28,711		374	29,085	29,085	
Total Collection Services	35,105	5	374	35,479	36,947	1,468
Environmental Protection						
Salaries and Wages Non-Personnel	375 504		-	375 504	392 537	17 33
Total Environmental Protection	879		<u> </u>	879	929	50
					020_	00_
Resource Management						
Salaries and Wages Non-Personnel	731 915		- 30	731 945	731 945	-
Total Resource Management	1,646		30	1,676	1,676	
Mt. Hope Cemetery						107
Salaries and Wages Non-Personnel	369 989		- 156	369 1,145	566 1,251	197 106
Total Mt. Hope Cemetery	1,358		156	1,145	1,817	303
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
Total Departmental	38,988	<u> </u>	560	39,548	41,369	1,821
Citywide Program: Animal Regulation Non-Personnel			-	-	-	-
Health Services Furnished by County Non-Personnel	40	)	-	40	40	
Refuse Container Fund Non-Personnel		<u> </u>	-			
Energy Conservation Fund Non-Personnel		-	-	-	-	-
Total Citywide Program	40	)	-	40	40	
TOTAL SANITATION AND HEALTH	39,028	<u> </u>	560	39,588	41,409	1,821
NEIGHBORHOOD SERVICES:						
Departmental: Community and Economic Development						
Salaries and Wages	2,459	)	-	2,459	2,519	60
Non-Personnel	2,525		1,109	3,634	3,916	282
Total Community and Economic Development	4,984	<u> </u>	1,109	6,093	6,435	342
Family Justice Center						
Salaries and Wages	346		-	346	346	-
Non-Personnel Total Family Justice Center	270 616		<u>17</u> 17	<u>287</u> 633	<u>323</u> 669	<u>36</u> 36
Neighborhood Code Compliance						
Neighborhood Code Compliance Salaries and Wages	3,165	5		3,165	3,756	591
Non-Personnel	2,759		92	2,851	2,930	79
Total Neighborhood Code Compliance	5,924		92	6,016	6,686	670

Prior Year													Total			Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) \$ 1,468 116 1,584 17 33 50
A	ctual	Bud	stment to getary asis	Actual on Budgetary Basis		inal ıdget	with Bu Po:	iance Final dget sitive gative)	Actual		Adjustment to Budgetary Basis	Bu	Actual on dgetary Basis	 Final Budget	wit B Po	th Final udget ositive
\$	-	\$	-	\$	- \$	-	\$		\$ 6,39		\$ -	\$	6,394	\$ 7,862	\$	
	206		<u>319</u> 319	52		<u>641</u> 641		<u>116</u> 116	28,91		<u>    693</u> 693		29,610 36,004	 29,726 37,588		
			010	02.		041			00,01	<u> </u>	000		00,004	 01,000		1,004
	-		-		-	-		-	37 50		-		375 504	392 537		
	-		-			-		-	87		-		879	 929	_	
	-		-		-	-		-	73		-		731	731		
	-		-			-		-	91 1,64		30 30		<u>945</u> 1,676	 945		
									1,04	0			1,070	 1,070		
									36	0			369	566		197
	- 58		- 7	65	5	- 136		71	30 1,04		- 163		1,210	1,387		197
	58		7	6	5	136		71	1,41	6	163		1,579	 1,953		374
	264		326	590	)	777		187	39,25	2	886		40,138	 42,146		2,008
	96		86	182	2	477		295	9	6	86_		182	 477		295
	3		30	33	3	33		-	4	3	30		73	 73		
	-		-			1		1		-			-	 11		
	-		-			11		11		-				 11		1.
	99		116	21	5	522		307	13	9	116		255	 562		307
	363		442	80	5	1,299		494	39,39	1	1,002		40,393	 42,708		2,31
	-		-		-	-		-	2,45		-		2,459	2,519		6
	48 48		527 527	57		626 626		<u>51</u> 51	2,57		1,636		4,209 6,668	 4,542		333 393
					<u> </u>	020			0,00	-	1,000		0,000	 7,001		0.00
								-	34		-		346	346		
	-					-		-	<u></u> 61		<u> </u>		287 633	 <u>323</u> 669		36
			-						01	<u> </u>	17		000	 009		3
	-		-		-	-		-	3,16		-		3,165	3,756		59
	28		2	30		41		11	2,78		94		2,881	 2,971		90
	28		2	30	,	41		11	5,95	2	94		6,046	 6,727		68

#### GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND TRANSFERS BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (In Thousands)

	_				Current Year			
		Actual	Bu	ustment to dgetary Basis	Actual on Budgetary Basis	Final Budget		Variance with Final Budget Positive
Neighborhood Services Departmental (Continued):		Actual		Dasis	Basis	Budget		(Negative)
Planning Salaries and Wages	\$	3,852	\$	-	\$ 3,852	\$ 4,0	32	\$ 180
Non-Personnel		2,884		82	2,966	2,9		-
Total Planning		6,736		82	6,818	6,9	98_	180
Total Departmental		18,260		1,300	19,560	20,7	88	1,228
Citywide Program: Community and Economic Development Special Projects Non-Personnel		-					11	11
Development Services Non-Personnel							_	
Total Citywide Program				-			11	11
TOTAL NEIGHBORHOOD SERVICES		18,260		1,300	19,560	20,7	99	1,239
DEBT SERVICE:								
Principal		2,604		-	2,604	2,6	04	-
Interest		6,519		-	6,519	6,5	29	10
TOTAL DEBT SERVICE		9,123		-	9,123	9,1	33	10
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		935,884		28,437	964,321	1,009,6	22	45,301
TRANSFERS TO PROPRIETARY FUNDS								
Enterprise Funds:								
City of San Diego: Recycling Enterprise Fund		3		_	3		3	_
							<u> </u>	
Internal Service Funds:								
City of San Diego: Central Garage and Machine Shop		1,346		-	1,346	1,3	46	-
Central Stores		24		-	24		24	-
Total Internal Service Funds		1,370		-	1,370	1,3	70	-
TOTAL TRANSFERS TO PROPRIETARY FUNDS		1,373		-	1,373	1,3	73	
TRANSFERS TO OTHER FUNDS								
Special Revenue Funds:								
City of San Diego:		000			000		~	
Acquisition, Improvement and Operations Police Decentralization		829 9,061		-	829 9,061	8. 9,0	29 61	-
Qualcomm Stadium Operations		12			12		12	-
Other Special Revenue - Budgeted		3,422		-	3,422	3,4		-
Grants Other Special Revenue - Unbudgeted		220 13,678		-	220 13,678	2 13,6	20	-
Total Special Revenue Funds	_	27,222		-	27,222	27,2		-
Capital Projects Funds: City of San Diego:								
Capital Outlay		828		-	828		28	-
Other Construction		17,968		-	17,968	17,9		-
Total Capital Projects Funds		18,796		-	18,796	18,7	96	-
TOTAL TRANSFERS TO OTHER FUNDS		46,018		-	46,018	46,0	18	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES AND TRANSFERS	\$	983,275	\$	28,437	\$ 1,011,712	\$ 1,057,0	13	\$ 45,301

			Prior Year						Total		
Actual		Adjustment to Budgetary Basis	Actual on Budgetary Basis	Final Budget	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	Actual	Adjustm to Budget Basis	ary	Actual on Budgetary Basis	Final Budget	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
\$	- \$	-	\$	- \$ -	\$-	\$ 3,852	\$	-	\$ 3,852	\$ 4,032	\$ 180
3	<u> </u>	<u>60</u> 60	63			2,887 6,739		142 142	3,029 6,881	3,029 7,061	- 180
79	)	589	668	3 730	62		1	,889	20,228	21,518	1,290
		-			-			-		11	11
	-	48	48	8 48	-	-		48	48	48	
										11	11
								-			
79	<u> </u>	637	716	<u> </u>	62	18,339	1	,937	20,276	21,577	1,301
	-	-			-	2,604 6,519		-	2,604 6,519	2,604 6,529	- 10
		-			-	9,123		-	9,123	9,133	10
10,178	3	5,014	15,192	2 21,908	6,716		33	,451	979,513	1,031,530	52,017
	<u> </u>			<u> </u>		3_			3_	3	
	-	-			-	1,346		-	1,346	1,346	-
		-				<u>24</u> 1,370		-	24 1,370	24 1,370	
				<u> </u>		1,373		-	1,373	1,373	
	_	-			-	829 9,061		-	829 9,061	829 9,061	-
		-			-	12		-	12	12	-
	-	-	•		-	3,422 220		-	3,422 220	3,422 220	-
				<u> </u>		<u>13,678</u> 27,222		-	<u>13,678</u> 27,222	13,678	
	-	-			-	828		-	828	828	-
				<u> </u>		_ <u>17,968</u> 18,796		-	<u> </u>	17,968	
				· · ·				-	·	46,018	
• 10.170					·						
\$ 10,178	<u> </u>	5,014	\$ 15,192	\$ 21,908	\$ 6,716	\$ 993,453	<u> </u>	,451	\$ 1,026,904	\$ 1,078,921	\$ 52,017

This Page Left Intentionally Blank

Non-major Governmental Funds

This Page Left Intentionally Blank - Back of Divider Page

### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2007 (In Thousands)

	pecial evenue	Deb	t Service	Capital Projects	Per	rmanent	otal Nonmajor overnmental Funds
ASSETS							
Cash and Investments	\$ 482,187	\$	-	\$ 534,229	\$	1,240	\$ 1,017,656
Receivables:							
Taxes - Net	13,840		23	1,650		-	15,513
Accounts	8,166		5,201	486		15	13,868
Claims - Net	18		-	-		-	18
Special Assessments - Net	556		764	33		-	1,353
Notes	61,127		-	8,872		-	69,999
Accrued Interest	4,150		311	3,809		49	8,319
Grants	12,351		-	21,218		-	33,569
From Other Funds	5,963		-	600		-	6,563
Advances to Other Funds	7,652		-	600		-	8,252
Advances to Other Agencies	3,449		-	-		-	3,449
Land Held for Resale	25,309		-	22,310		-	47,619
Prepaid Items	640		-	1,159		-	1,799
Restricted Cash and Investments	 		127,205	 -		16,456	 143,661
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 625,408	\$	133,504	\$ 594,966	\$	17,760	\$ 1,371,638
LIABILITIES							
Accounts Payable	\$ 17,223	\$	417	\$ 17,642	\$	-	\$ 35,282
Accrued Wages and Benefits	616		-	-		-	616
Other Accrued Liabilities	53		-	-		-	53
Due to Other Funds	9,364		-	600		-	9,964
Due to Other Agencies	487		-	1,074		-	1,561
Unearned Revenue	24,348		-	7,182		-	31,530
Deferred Revenue	15,507		5,826	22,634		-	43,967
Interfund Loan Payable	-		-	3,487		-	3,487
Advances from Other Funds	2,550		-	6,002		-	8,552
Sundry Trust Liabilities	 92		-	 2,819		-	 2,911
TOTAL LIABILITIES	 70,240		6,243	 61,440		-	 137,923
FUND EQUITY:							
Fund Balances:							
Reserved for Land Held for Resale	25,309		-	22,310		-	47,619
Reserved for Notes Receivable	60,141		-	8,872		-	69,013
Reserved for Encumbrances	93,803		6	124,096		2	217,907
Reserved for Advances and Deposits	11,101		-	600		-	11,701
Reserved for Low and Moderate Income Housing	14,718		-	-		-	14,718
Reserved for Permanent Endowments	-		-	-		16,509	16,509
Reserved for Debt Service	-		127,226	-		-	127,226
Unreserved:							
Designated for Unrealized Gains	1,003		21	3		1,240	2,267
Designated for Debt Service	164,587		8	-		-	164,595
Designated for Subsequent Years' Expenditures	50,052		-	282,857		3	332,912
Undesignated	 134,454			 94,788		6	 229,248
TOTAL FUND EQUITY	 555,168		127,261	 533,526		17,760	 1,233,715
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY	\$ 625,408	\$	133,504	\$ 594,966	\$	17,760	\$ 1,371,638

### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES Year Ended June 30, 2007 (In Thousands)

	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Permanent	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
REVENUES					
Property Taxes		\$ 2,284	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 160,672
Special Assessments		16,262	759	-	36,585
Sales Taxes		-	31,202	-	31,202
Transient Occupancy Taxes		-	-	-	72,87
Other Local Taxes		-	-	-	83,97
Licenses and Permits		-	8,691	-	9,95
Fines, Forfeitures and Penalties		-	-	-	2,58
Revenue from Use of Money and Property		6,560	29,561	1,798	75,39
Revenue from Federal Agencies		-	4,446	-	74,66
Revenue from Other Agencies		9,770	17,582	-	45,33
Revenue from Private Sources		-	53,435	-	59,54
Charges for Current Services		-	2	72	74,85
Other Revenue			6,383		28,29
TOTAL REVENUES		34,876	152,061	1,870	755,93
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General Government and Support		97	18,220	-	78,25
Public Safety - Police		-	4	-	30,35
Public Safety - Fire and Life Safety		-	1,475	-	30,91
Parks, Recreation, Culture and Leisure		-	925	32	69,23
Transportation		-	15,906	6	79,83
Sanitation and Health		-	1,558	-	5,33
Neighborhood Services		-	17,396	-	67,20
Capital Projects		-	96,184	_	106,51
Debt Service:	10,001		00,101		100,01
Principal Retirement		55,270	5,286		65,55
Interest		73,203	217		76,40
Cost of Issuance		3,621	1,524		5,14
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		132,191	158,695	38	614,76
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
OVER EXPENDITURES		(97,315)	(6,634)	1,832	141,17
THER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers from Proprietary Funds		-	60	-	5,32
Transfers from Other Funds		98,644	56,079	-	204,55
Transfers to Proprietary Funds		-	(512)	-	(2,17
Transfers to Other Funds	(197,671)	(4,297)	(43,037)	(511)	(245,51
Transfers to Escrow Agent		(159,690)	-	-	(159,69
Capital Leases		-	-	-	6,16
Notes Issued		-	2,180	-	2,18
Loans Issued	=	-	10,823	-	10,82
Proceeds from Land Sales		-	5,745	1,215	12,94
Special Assessment Bonds Issued		1,134	14,866	-	16,00
Revenue Refunding Bonds Issued	=	156,560	-	-	156,56
Premium on Bonds Issued		9,768			9,76
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		102,119	46,204	704	16,94
			39,570	2,536	158,11
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	111,207	4,804	66,610		,
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		4,804	493,956	15,224	1,075,59

Non-major Governmental Funds - Special Revenue

This Page Left Intentionally Blank - Back of Divider Page

# **SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS**

Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than those for major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

# CITY OF SAN DIEGO

# ACQUISITION, IMPROVEMENT AND OPERATIONS

This Fund accounts for various operating activities including business improvement areas, lighting and landscape maintenance areas, facilities financing, and the City's public art program. Revenues are derived from business tax surcharges, special assessments on property, various rents, concessions and fees, and interest earnings derived there from.

# ENVIRONMENTAL GROWTH

This Fund was established in accordance with Section 103.1a of the City Charter to receive 25 percent of all monies derived from the revenues accruing to the City from gas, electricity, and steam franchises. One third of the franchise monies and the interest derived there from are used exclusively for the purpose of preserving and enhancing the environment of the City of San Diego. Two thirds of the franchise monies and the interest derived there from are used as matching funds for open space acquisition and for debt service of bonds issued by the San Diego Open Space Facilities District No. 1.

# POLICE DECENTRALIZATION

This Fund accounts for monies allocated for Police department decentralization expenditures for temporary facilities and to devise future capital improvement projects. Revenues are derived from sales tax allocations.

# PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION

This Fund was established to account for funds set aside as reserves to be used for transportation-related purposes. Fund transfers and interest derived there from are the main sources of revenue.

### QUALCOMM STADIUM OPERATIONS

This Fund accounts for the operations of the Stadium. The Stadium hosts various sporting events for its football tenants. Revenues are derived from rents, concessions, parking, and advertising.

# SPECIAL GAS TAX STREET IMPROVEMENT

This Fund was established to account for the receipt of motor vehicle fuel taxes from the State under Sections 2106 and 2107 of the Streets and Highways Code. Expenditures are for the construction, improvement, maintenance, and operation of public streets and highways.

# STREET DIVISION OPERATIONS

This Fund was established to account for the operations of Transportation's Street division. Revenues are derived from sales tax allocations and transfers from Gas Tax and TransNet, as well as services performed by the Streets Division. Expenditures are for maintenance and operation of City streets.

# TRANSIENT OCCUPANCY TAX

This Fund was established to receive and expend transient occupancy taxes. Since 1964, a tax has been imposed on transients of hotel and motel rooms in the City of San Diego. Effective August 1994, the tax was increased from 9% to 10.5%.

# UNDERGROUND SURCHARGE

This fund was established to account primarily for the capital improvement activities related to the undergrounding of utilities. This fund receives and disburses undergrounding surcharge revenue in accordance with the City's franchise agreements with San Diego Gas & Electric.

## ZOOLOGICAL EXHIBITS

This Fund was established to collect monies from a fixed property tax levy authorized by Section 77a of the City Charter for the maintenance of zoological exhibits. These funds are remitted in accordance with a contractual agreement with the San Diego Zoological Society, a not-for-profit corporation independent from the City of San Diego.

# OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE - BUDGETED

This Fund was established to account for revenues derived specifically for a variety of budgeted special programs administered by departments such as Police, Development Services, and General Services. Revenues in this Fund are derived from service charges, revenues from other agencies, and fines.

## GRANTS

This Fund was established to account for revenue received from federal, state and other governmental agencies. Expenditures are made and accounted for as prescribed by appropriate grant provisions/agreements.

## OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - UNBUDGETED

This Fund was established to account for revenues earmarked for a variety of special programs administered by such departments as Engineering and Capital Projects, Libraries, Park and Recreation, and Police. Revenues in this fund are derived from such sources as parking fees, service charges, contributions from other agencies and private sources, and interest earnings.

# **BLENDED COMPONENT UNITS**

# CENTRE CITY DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

This Fund was established to account for the revenues and expenditures of the Centre City Development Corporation (CCDC). CCDC is a non-profit corporation that administers certain redevelopment projects in downtown San Diego and provides redevelopment advisory services to RDA. CCDC is primarily funded by RDA and the City of San Diego.

# PUBLIC FACILITIES FINANCING AUTHORITY

This Fund was established to account for the activities of the Public Facilities Financing Authority (PFFA). PFFA, which was created by the City and RDA, facilitates the financing, acquisition, and construction of public capital facility improvements of RDA and the City. PFFA's special revenue account is generally used to account for revenues from the Reassessment District Bond Fund and investment income used to pay for costs of issuance and administrative expenses related to debt redemption.

## REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY

This Fund was established to account for the activities of the Redevelopment Agency of the City of San Diego (RDA). RDA was established to provide a method for revitalizing deteriorated and blighted areas of the City of San Diego. The special revenue account is used to account for funds restricted for the benefit of low and moderate income housing. Funding is primarily from property tax increment revenues and the City of San Diego.

# SAN DIEGO INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY

This Fund was established to account for revenues and expenditures of the San Diego Industrial Development Authority (SDIDA). SDIDA was formed in 1983 pursuant to the California Industrial Development Financing Act for the purpose of providing an alternative method of financing to participating parties for economic development purposes, through the sale and issuance of revenue bonds. Revenues are derived from fees collected from companies applying for industrial development bond financing. Expenditures are incurred for management and administrative services provided by the City of San Diego.

# SOUTHEASTERN ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

This Fund was established to account for the revenues and expenditures of the Southeastern Economic Development Corporation (SEDC). SEDC is a non-profit corporation that administers economic development projects within the community of Southeast San Diego and provides redevelopment advisory services to RDA. SEDC is primarily funded by RDA and by the City of San Diego pursuant to operating agreements under which SEDC is reimbursed for eligible costs incurred in connection with such activities.

# TOBACCO SETTLEMENT REVENUE FUNDING CORPORATION

This fund was established to account for the activities of the Tobacco Settlement Revenue Funding Corporation (TSRFC). The TSRFC was established for the purpose of acquiring the Tobacco Settlement Revenues allocated to the City from the State of California, pursuant to the Master Settlement Agreement. The TSRFC's special revenue fund is used to account for the expenditures incurred for administrative services provided by the City of San Diego.

### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SPECIAL REVENUE COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2007 (In Thousands)

	s	City of an Diego	Centre City Development Corporation		
ASSETS					
Cash and Investments	\$	243,001	\$	511	
Receivables:					
Taxes - Net		10,141		-	
Accounts		7,251		768	
Claims - Net		18		-	
Special Assessments - Net		556		-	
Notes		986		-	
Accrued Interest		1,846		-	
Grants		12,351		-	
From Other Funds		5,963		-	
Advances to Other Funds		7,652		-	
Advances to Other Agencies		3,449		-	
Land Held for Resale		-		-	
Prepaid Items		629		2	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	293,843	\$	1,281	
LIABILITIES					
Accounts Payable	\$	17,019	\$	28	
Accrued Wages and Benefits		616		-	
Other Accrued Liabilities		-		53	
Due to Other Funds		9,362		-	
Due to Other Agencies		487		-	
Unearned Revenue		24,348			
Deferred Revenue		15,507		-	
Advances from Other Funds		300			
Sundry Trust Liabilities				-	
TOTAL LIABILITIES		67,639		81	
FUND EQUITY:					
Fund Balances:					
Reserved for Land Held for Resale		-		-	
Reserved for Notes Receivable		-		-	
Reserved for Encumbrances		31,523		-	
Reserved for Advances and Deposits		11,101		-	
Reserved for Low and Moderate Income Housing		-		-	
Unreserved:					
Designated for Unrealized Gains		1.003		-	
Designated for Debt Service		.,000		_	
Designated for Subsequent Years' Expenditures		49,876		-	
Undesignated		132,701		1,200	
TOTAL FUND EQUITY		226,204		1,200	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY	\$	293,843	\$	1,281	

Public Facilities Financing Authority		Redevelopment Agency		San Diego Industrial Development Authority		Southeastern Economic Development Corporation		Tobacco Settlement Revenue Funding Corporation		 Total	
\$	184	\$	238,080	\$	58	\$	144	\$	209	\$ 482,187	
	-		3,699		-		-		-	13,840	
	-		-		-		147		-	8,166	
	-		-		-		-		-	18	
	-		-		-		-		-	556	
	-		60,141		-		-		-	61,127	
	1		2,302		-		-		1	4,150	
	-		-		-		-		-	12,351	
	-		-		-		-		-	5,963	
	-		-		-		-		-	7,652	
	-		-		-		-		-	3,449	
	-		25,309		-		-		-	25,309	
					-		9		-	 640	
\$	185	\$	329,531	\$	58	\$	300	\$	210	\$ 625,408	
\$	-	\$	176	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 17,223	
	-		-		-		-		-	616	
	-		-		-		-		-	53	
	2		-		-		-		-	9,364	
	-		-		-		-		-	487	
	-		-		-		-		-	24,348	
	-		-		-		-		-	15,507	
	-		2,250		-		-		-	2,550	
	-		92		-		-		-	 92	
	2		2,518							 70,240	
	-		25,309		-		-		-	25,309	
	-		60,141		-		-		-	60,141	
	22		62,258		-		-		-	93,803	
	-		-		-		-		-	11,101	
	-		14,718		-		-		-	14,718	
	-		-		-		-		-	1,003	
	-		164,587		-		-		-	164,587	
	161		-		15		-		-	50,052	
	-		-		43		300		210	 134,454	
	183		327,013		58		300		210	 555,168	
\$	185	\$	329,531	\$	58	\$	300	\$	210	\$ 625,408	

### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SPECIAL REVENUE COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (In Thousands)

	City of San Diego	Centre City Development Corporation
REVENUES		
Property Taxes	\$ 8,558	\$ -
Special Assessments		-
ransient Occupancy Taxes		-
Other Local Taxes		-
Licenses and Permits		-
Fines, Forfeitures and Penalties		-
Revenue from Use of Money and Property		1
Revenue from Federal Agencies		-
Revenue from Other Agencies		-
Revenue from Private Sources		-
Charges for Current Services		6,976
Other Revenue	,	
		24
TOTAL REVENUES		7,001
EXPENDITURES		
Current:		
General Government and Support		7,001
Public Safety - Police		-
Public Safety - Fire and Life Safety		-
Parks, Recreation, Culture and Leisure		-
Transportation		-
Sanitation and Health		-
Neighborhood Services		-
Capital Projects		-
Debt Service:		
Principal Retirement		-
Interest		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		7,001
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		
Transfers from Proprietary Funds		-
Transfers from Other Funds		- 340
Transfers to Proprietary Funds		340
Transfers to Proprietary Funds		-
	( - / )	-
Proceeds from Land Sales		-
Capital Leases		
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		340
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		340
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		860
	<b>a a a a a a a a a a</b>	<b>A</b>
FUND BALANCES AT END OF YEAR	\$ 226,204	\$ 1,200

Finar	Public Facilities Financing Authority		Redevelopment Agency				Ecc Deve	Southeastern Economic Development Corporation		Tobacco Settlement Revenue Funding Corporation		Total
\$	-	\$	149,830	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	158,388	
	-		-		-		-		-		19,564	
	-		-		-		-		-		72,871	
	-		-		-		-		-		83,977	
	-		-		-		-		-		1,259	
	-		-		-		-		-		2,586	
	5		11,428		2		-		10		37,476	
	-		-		-		-		-		70,223	
	-		-		-		-		-		17,981	
	-		543		-		-		-		6,114	
	-		-		-		1,855		-		74,777	
	-		32		-		-		-		21,914	
	5		161,833		2		1,855		10		567,130	
	146		22,449		-		1,852		-		59,941	
	_		-		-		-		-		30,353	
	-		-		-		-		-		29,439	
	-		-		-		-		-		68,273	
	-		-		-		-				63,921	
	-		-		-		-		-		3,780	
	-		14,547		-		-				49,809	
	-		-		-		-		-		10,334	
											5,000	
	-		-		-		-		-		2,989	
							<u>-</u>				2,303	
	146		36,996		-		1,852		-		323,839	
	(141)		124,837		2		3		10		243,291	
	-		-		-		-		-		5,268	
	265		3,954		-		-		-		49,831	
	-		-		-		-		-		(1,661)	
	-		(68,306)		-		-		-		(197,671)	
	-		5,982		-		-		-		5,982	
	-		-		-		-	. <u> </u>	-		6,167	
	265		(58,370)								(132,084)	
	124		66,467		2		3		10		111,207	
	59		260,546		56_		297		200		443,961	
\$	183	\$	327,013	\$	58	\$	300	\$	210	\$	555,168	

#### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SPECIAL REVENUE COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN UNDESIGNATED FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (In Thousands)

	City of San Diego				
		tual on tary Basis	F	Final Budget	
REVENUES	Duugo	<u>, 20010</u>		raagot	
Property Taxes	\$	8,479	\$	8,423	
Special Assessments		19,564		19,805	
Sales Taxes		-		9,061	
Transient Occupance Taxes		72,871		66,381	
Other Local Taxes		83,851		85,661	
Licenses and Permits		1,259		-	
Fines, Forfeitures and Penalties		1,117		1,165	
Revenue from Use of Money and Property		6.876		12,560	
Revenue from Federal Agencies		1,820		800	
Revenue from Other Agencies		5,850		4.790	
Revenue from Private Sources		305		210	
Charges for Current Services		39,235		30.527	
Other Revenue		2,218		2,025	
TOTAL REVENUES		243,445		241,408	
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General Government and Support		12,500		15,219	
Public Safety - Police		17,806		19,435	
Public Safety - Fire and Life Safety		6,866		8,396	
Parks, Recreation, Culture and Leisure		70,629		86,492	
Transportation		38,715		38,936	
Sanitation and Health		2,827		3,654	
Neighborhood Services		12,027		13,176	
5					
Capital Projects		17,171		24,933	
Debt Service:					
Principal Retirement		777		172	
Interest		262		46	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		179,646		210,459	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
OVER EXPENDITURES		63,799		30,949	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers from Proprietary Funds		1,534		1,129	
Transfers from Other Funds		24,663		64,160	
Transfers to Proprietary Funds		(773)		(773)	
Transfers to Other Funds		(108,145)		(151,715	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		(76,554)		(81,032)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(12,755)		(50,083)	
Fund Balances Undesignated at July 1, 2006		85,952		85,952	
Reserved for Encumbrances at July 1, 2006		13,796		13,796	
Designated for Subsequent Years' Expenditures at July 1, 2006		6,275		6,275	
Designated for Subsequent Years' Expenditures at June 30, 2007		(14,849)			
FUND BALANCES UNDESIGNATED AT JUNE 30, 2007	s	78,419	¢	55 040	
FUND BALANCES UNDESIGNATED AT JUNE 30, 2007	\$	/0,419	\$	55,940	

-	Development		rn Economic					
Corp	oration	Developmen	nt Corporation	Total				
Actual on Budgetary Basis	Final Budget	Actual on Budgetary Basis	Final Budget	Actual on Budgetary Basis	Final Budget	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 8,479	\$ 8,423	\$ 56		
-	-	-	-	19,564	19,805	(241		
-	-	-	-	-	9,061	(9,061		
-	-	-	-	72,871	66,381	6,490		
-	-	-	-	83,851	85,661	(1,810		
-	-	-	-	1,259	-	1,259		
-	-	-	-	1,117	1,165	(48		
1	-	-	-	6,877	12,560	(5,683		
-	-	-	-	1,820	800	1,020		
-	8,102	1,855	1,924	7,705	14,816	(7,111		
-	-	-	-	305	210	95		
6,976		-	-	46,211	30,527	15,684		
24	5			2,242	2,030	212		
7,001	8,107	1,855	1,924	252,301	251,439	862		
7,001	8,107	1,852	1,924	21,353	25,250	3,897		
-	-	-		17,806	19,435	1,629		
-	-	-	-	6,866	8,396	1,530		
-	-	-	-	70,629	86,492	15,863		
-	-	-	-	38,715	38,936	22		
-	-	-	-	2,827	3,654	827		
-	-	-	-	12,093	13,176	1,083		
-	-	-	-	17,171	24,933	7,762		
-	-	-	-	777	172	(605		
				262_	46_	(216		
7,001	8,107	1,852	1,924	188,499	220,490	31,991		
		3_		63,802	30,949	32,853		
-	-	-	-	1,534	1,129	405		
340	-	-	-	25,003	64,160	(39,157		
-	-	-	-	(773) (108,145)	(773) (151,715)	43,570		
340				(82,381)	(87,199)	4,818		
340	-	3	-	(18,579)	(56,250)	37,67		
860	860	297	297	87,109	87,109			
-	-	-	-	13,796	13,796			
-	-	-	-	6,275	6,275			
				(14,849)		(14,849		
\$ 1,200	\$ 860	\$ 300	\$ 297	\$ 73,752	\$ 50,930	\$ 22,822		

#### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SPECIAL REVENUE COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2007 (In Thousands)

				 Budgeted				
	Impr	uisition, ovement perations	ronmental Growth	Police	Public Transportation		St	alcomm adium erations
ASSETS								
Cash and Investments	\$	21,647	\$ 2,786	\$ 1,478	\$	2,701	\$	5,287
Receivables:								
Taxes - Net		-	3,135	-		-		-
Accounts		386	-	-		-		547
Claims - Net		16	-	-		-		-
Special Assessments - Net		464	-	-		-		-
Notes		-	-	-		-		-
Accrued Interest		211	102	-		17		26
Grants		-	-	-		-		-
From Other Funds		-	-	-		-		-
Advances to Other Funds		-	-	-		-		-
Advances to Other Agencies		1,173	-	-		-		-
Prepaid Items		-	 -	 -		-		6
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	23,897	\$ 6,023	\$ 1,478	\$	2,718	\$	5,866
LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable	\$	1,194	\$ 21	\$ 876	\$	-	\$	271
Accrued Wages and Benefits		53	-	-		-		49
Due to Other Funds		-	-	-		-		-
Due to Other Agencies		-	-	-		-		-
Unearned Revenue		-	-	-		-		-
Deferred Revenue		745	-	-		-		344
Advances from Other Funds		-	 -	 -		-		-
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,992	 21	 876				664
FUND EQUITY:								
Fund Balances:								
Reserved for Encumbrances		1,404	427	-		-		593
Reserved for Advances and Deposits		1,173	-	-		-		-
Unreserved:								
Designated for Unrealized Gains		-	-	-		-		-
- Designated for Subsequent Years' Expenditures		1,129	2,414	-		-		2,119
Undesignated		18,199	 3,161	 602		2,718		2,490
TOTAL FUND EQUITY		21,905	 6,002	 602		2,718		5,202
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY	\$	23,897	\$ 6,023	\$ 1,478	\$	2,718	\$	5,866

										Unbudgeted						
SI	I Gas Tax treet ovement	Div	reet rision rations	Transient Occupancy Tax		Unc Si	lerground urcharge	Zoc Ex	logical hibits	S	Other pecial evenue	0	Grants	:	Other Special evenue	 Total
\$	3,589	\$	966	\$	32,314	\$	18,296	\$	1,311	\$	15,302	\$	15,007	\$	122,317	\$ 243,001
	-		-		6,929		-		77		-		-		-	10,141
	2,162		-		1,439		-		-		1,541		48		1,128	7,251
	2		-						-						-	18
	-		-						-						92	556
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		986	986
	136		4		170		181		-		159		63		777	1,846
	-		-						-				12,351		-	12,351
	-		-		5,961		-		-		-		-		2	5,963
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		7,652	7,652
	-		-		1,996		-		-		-		157		123	3,449
	-		-		139		-		-		475		8		1	 629
\$	5,889	\$	970	\$	48,948	\$	18,477	\$	1,388	\$	17,477	\$	27,634	\$	133,078	\$ 293,843
\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,696	\$	8,149	\$	-	\$	252	\$	3,719	\$	841	\$ 17,019
	4		-		18		21		-		451		14		6	616
	-		-		-		-		-		75		5,961		3,326	9,362
	-		-		-		-		-		-		487		-	487
	-		-		-		-		-		-		15,599		8,749	24,348
	42		-		1,439		-		-		175		10,825		1,937	15,507
			-		-		-		-		-		-		300	 300
	46				3,153		8,170				953		36,605		15,159	 67,639
	-		13		5,094		9,273		-		4,015		2		10,702	31,523
	-		-		1,996		-		-		-		157		7,775	11,101
	-		-		-		-		_		-		-		1,003	1,003
	50		554		7,301		1,034		_		248		212		34,815	49,876
	5,793		403		31,404		-		1,388		12,261		(9,342)		63,624	 132,701
	E 942		070		45 705		10 207		1 200		16 504		(9.074)		117 010	226.004
	5,843		970		45,795		10,307		1,388		16,524		(8,971)		117,919	 226,204
\$	5,889	\$	970	\$	48,948	\$	18,477		1,388		17,477		27,634	\$	133,078	\$ 293,843

#### CITY OF SAN DIEGO NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SPECIAL REVENUE COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (In Thousands)

	Budgeted										
	Acquisition, Improvement and Operations		onmental rowth	Police Decentralizat	ion	Public Transportation		Qualcomm Stadium Operations			
REVENUES											
Property Taxes	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-			
Special Assessments	19,564		-		-	-		-			
Transient Occupancy Taxes	-		-		-	-		-			
Other Local Taxes	-		13,105		-	-		-			
Licenses and Permits	1,259		-		-	-		-			
Fines, Forfeitures and Penalties	-		-		-	-		-			
Revenue from Use of Money and Property	948		320		182	128		99			
Revenue from Federal Agencies	-		-		-	-		-			
Revenue from Other Agencies	-		-		-	-		-			
Revenue from Private Sources	-		-		-	-		-			
Charges for Current Services	2,999		-		-	-		11,809			
Other Revenue	139_		-		-			-			
TOTAL REVENUES	24,909		13,425		182	128		11,908			
EXPENDITURES											
Current:											
General Government and Support	1,763		-		-	-		-			
Public Safety - Police	-		-	8	3,863	-		-			
Public Safety - Fire and Life Safety	-		-		-	-		-			
Parks, Recreation, Culture and Leisure	12,315		2,094		-	-		9,765			
Transportation	-		-			24		-			
Sanitation and Health	-		-			-		-			
Neighborhood Services	8,990		-			-		-			
Capital Projects	81		792		-	-		-			
Debt Service:											
Principal Retirement	-		-			-		185			
Interest	-		-		-	-		33			
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	23,149		2,886		8,863	24		9,983			
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES											
OVER EXPENDITURES	1,760		10,539		8,681)	104		1,925			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)											
Transfers from Proprietary Funds	20		12		-	-		-			
Transfers from Other Funds	2,296		-	ç	9,061	4,079		5,512			
Transfers to Proprietary Funds	(19)		-			-		-			
Transfers to Other Funds	(68)		(9,493)		(182)	(3,658)	)	(5,289)			
Capital Leases											
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	2,229		(9,481)	8	8,879	421		223			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	3,989		1,058		198	525		2,148			
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	17,916		4,944		404	2,193		3,054			
FUND BALANCES AT END OF YEAR	\$ 21,905	\$	6,002	\$	602	\$ 2,718	\$	5,202			

Unbudgeted

Special Gas Tax Street Improvement	Street Division Operations	Transient Occupancy Tax	Underground Surcharge	Zoological Exhibits	Other Special Revenue	Grants	Other Special Revenue	Total
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,479	\$-	\$ -	\$ 79	\$ 8,558
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	19,564
-	-	72,871	-	-	-	-	-	72,871
23,842	-	-	46,904	-	-	-	126	83,977
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,259
-	-	-	-	-	1,117	-	1,469	2,586
546	167	2,590	711	84	1,101	(152)	19,306	26,030
-		-	-	-	1,820	68,000	403	70,223
-	-	4,500	-	-	1,350	10,872	1,259	17,981
-	-	305	-	-	-	-	5,266	5,571
15	-	191	-	-	24,221	104	26,607	65,946
		5			2,074	1,794	17,846	21,858
24,403	167	80,462	47,615	8,563	31,683	80,618	72,361	396,424
168	-	281	887	-	9,113	2,378	13,903	28,493
-	-	-	-	-	8,803	12,355	332	30,353
-	-	-	-	-	6,549	22,062	828	29,439
-	-	31,369	-	8,400	195	1,150	2,985	68,273
18	1,215	-	36,749	-	120	-	25,795	63,921
-		167	-	-	2,386	1,142	85	3,780
-	-	-	-	-	3,033	16,387	6,852	35,262
11	362	1,271	1,902	-	-	1,186	4,729	10,334
-		-	-	-	592	1,818	2,405	5,000
	<u> </u>				229	1,420	1,307	2,989
197	1,577	33,088	39,538_	8,400	31,020	59,898	59,221	277,844
24,206	(1,410)	47,374	8,077	163	663	20,720	13,140	118,580
351	-	_	-	-	1,151	-	3,734	5,268
		-	-	-	3,715	700	19,909	45,272
	-	-	-	-	(754)	-	(888)	(1,661)
(23,939	) (2,878)	(43,596)	(8)	(84)	(18,950)	(309)	(20,911)	(129,365)
	<u> </u>				6,167			6,167
(23,588	) (2,878)	(43,596)	(8)	(84)	(8,671)	391	1,844	(74,319)
618	(4,288)	3,778	8,069	79	(8,008)	21,111	14,984	44,261
5,225	5,258	42,017	2,238	1,309	24,532	(30,082)	102,935	181,943
\$ 5,843	\$ 970	\$ 45,795	\$ 10,307	\$ 1,388	\$ 16,524	\$ (8,971)	\$ 117,919	\$ 226,204

### CITY OF SAN DIEGO NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SPECIAL REVENUE COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN UNDESIGNATED FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

(In Thousands)

		Acquisiti	on, Improvement and C	Operations	
	Actual	Adjustment to Budgetary Basis	Actual on Budgetary Basis	Final Budget	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES			•		•
Property Taxes	\$ -	\$-	\$ -	\$-	\$ -
Special Assessments	19,564	-	19,564	19,805	(241)
Sales Taxes	-	-	-	-	-
Transient Occupancy Taxes	-	-	-	-	-
Other Local Taxes	-	-	-	-	-
Licenses and Permits	1,259	-	1,259	-	1,259
Fines, Forfeitures and Penalties	-	-	-	-	-
Revenue from Use of Money and Property	948	-	948	221	727
Revenue from Federal Agencies	-	-	-	-	-
Revenue from Other Agencies	-	-	-	-	-
Revenue from Private Sources	-	-	-	20	(20)
Charges for Current Services	2,999	-	2,999	3,358	(359)
Other Revenue	139	-	139	58	81
TOTAL REVENUES	24,909		24,909	23,462	1,447
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General Government and Support	1,763	2	1,765	2,887	1,122
Public Safety - Police	1,700	-	1,700	2,007	.,
Public Safety - Fire and Life Safety					
Parks, Recreation, Culture and Leisure	10.215	1,434	12 740	26,801	13,052
	12,315	1,434	13,749		
Transportation	-	-	-	2	2
Sanitation and Health	-	-	-	-	-
Neighborhood Services	8,990	70	9,060	9,858	798
Capital Projects	81	-	81	1,230	1,149
Debt Service:					
Principal Retirement	-	-	-	-	-
Interest					
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	23,149	1,506	24,655	40,778	16,123
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
OVER EXPENDITURES	1,760	(1,506)	254	(17,316)	17,570
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers from Proprietary Funds	20	-	20	-	20
Transfers from Other Funds	2,296	-	2,296	6,142	(3,846)
Transfers to Proprietary Funds	(19)	-	(19)	(19)	-
Transfers to Other Funds	(68)	-	(68)	(195)	127
Capital Leases					
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	2,229	-	2,229	5,928	(3,699)
	¢ 2.090	¢ (1.506)	2.492	(11.200)	10.071
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$ 3,989	\$ (1,506)	2,483	(11,388)	13,871
Fund Balances Undesignated at July 1, 2006			15,158	15,158	-
Reserved for Encumbrances at July 1, 2006			949	949	-
Designated for Subsequent Years' Expenditures at July 1, 2006			738	738	-
Designated for Subsequent Years' Expenditures at June 30, 2007			(1,129)	-	(1,129)
FUND BALANCES UNDESIGNATED AT JUNE 30, 2007			\$ 18,199	\$ 5,457	\$ 12,742

		Environmental Grow	<i>r</i> th		Police Decentralization							
Actual	Adjustment to Budgetary Basis	Actual on Budgetary Basis	Final Budget	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	Actual	Adjustment to Budgetary Basis	Actual on Budgetary Basis	Final Budget	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ -			
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 9,061	- (9,061)			
- 13,105	-	- 13,105	- 11,446	- 1,659	-	-	-	-	-			
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
320	-	- 320	- 107	213	- 182	-	- 182	- 182	-			
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
13,425		13,425	11,553	1,872	182		182	9,243	(9,061)			
13,423		13,423	1,555	1,072	102		102	9,243	(9,001)			
-	-	-	-	-	- 8,863	-	- 8,863	- 9,111	- 248			
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 240			
2,094	167	2,261	2,261	-	-	-	-	-	-			
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
- 792	260	- 1,052	- 3,466	- 2,414	-	-	-	-	-			
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
2,886	427	3,313	5,727	2,414	8,863		8,863	9,111	248			
10,539	(427)	10,112	5,826	4,286	(8,681)		(8,681)	132	(8,813)			
12	-	12	-	12	-	-	-	-	-			
-	-	-	-	-	9,061	-	9,061	-	9,061			
(9,493)	-	(9,493)	(9,596)	103	(182)	-	(182)	(182)	-			
(9,481)		(9,481)	(9,596)	115	8,879		8,879	(182)	9,061			
\$ 1,058	\$ (427)	631	(3,770)	4,401	\$ 198	<u>\$ -</u>	198	(50)	248			
		3,899	3,899	-			404	404	-			
		379	379	-			-	-	-			
		666	666	-			-	-	-			
		(2,414)		(2,414)								
		\$ 3,161	\$ 1,174	\$ 1,987			\$ 602	\$ 354	\$ 248			

#### CITY OF SAN DIEGO NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SPECIAL REVENUE COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN UNDESIGNATED FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (In Thousands)

Public Transportation Variance with Final Budget Adjustment to Actual on Budgetary Budgetary Final Positive (Negative) Actual Basis Budget Basis REVENUES Property Taxes \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ Special Assessments ...... Sales Taxes Transient Occupancy Taxes ..... -\_ Other Local Taxes Licenses and Permits --Fines, Forfeitures and Penalties Revenue from Use of Money and Property ..... 128 128 128 Revenue from Federal Agencies . Revenue from Other Agencies .... Revenue from Private Sources ...... Charges for Current Services ... Other Revenue .. TOTAL REVENUES ..... 128 128 128 EXPENDITURES Current: General Government and Support ..... \_ Public Safety - Police ..... Public Safety - Fire and Life Safety ---Parks, Recreation, Culture and Leisure ..... \_ -24 24 455 431 Transportation Sanitation and Health ..... Neighborhood Services ----Capital Projects \_ \_ Debt Service: Principal Retirement Interest . TOTAL EXPENDITURES ...... 24 24 455 431 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES .. 104 104 (455) 559 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers from Proprietary Funds . Transfers from Other Funds .. 4,079 4,079 4,079 -Transfers to Proprietary Funds Transfers to Other Funds (3.658) (3.658) (4,079) 421 Capital Leases TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) ... 421 421 421 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES ...... ..... \$ 525 \$ 525 (455) 980 Fund Balances Undesignated at July 1, 2006 ..... 2,188 2.188 Reserved for Encumbrances at July 1, 2006 ...... 5 5 Designated for Subsequent Years' Expenditures at July 1, 2006 ...... Designated for Subsequent Years' Expenditures at June 30, 2007 ..... FUND BALANCES UNDESIGNATED AT JUNE 30, 2007 ..... 1,738 980 2,718 ..... \$ \$ \$ .....

	Qual	comm Stadium Oper	rations		Special Gas Tax Street Improvement							
Actual	Adjustment to Budgetary Basis	Actual on Budgetary Basis	Final Budget	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	Actual	Adjustment to Budgetary Basis	Actual on Budgetary Basis	Final Budget	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
\$-	\$ -	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ -	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-			
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
-	-	-	-	-	23,842	-	23,842	23,774	68			
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
99	-	99	10,181	(10,082)	546	-	546	344	202			
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
11,809	-	11,809	- 10_	11,809 (10)_	15	-	15	-	15			
11,908_		11,908	10,191	1,717	24,403		24,403	24,118	285			
-	-	-	-	-	168	-	168	170	2			
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
- 9,765	- 593	- 10,358	- 11,491	- 1,133	-	-	-	-	-			
-	-	-	-	-	18	-	18	16	(2)			
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
-	-	-	-	-	11	-	11	16	5			
185	-	185	172	(13)	-	-	-	-	-			
33_		33_	46	13_					-			
9,983	593	10,576	11,709	1,133	197		197	202	5			
1,925_	(593)	1,332_	(1,518)	2,850	24,206		24,206	23,916	290			
-	_	_	-	_	351	-	351	_	351			
5,512	-	5,512	5,500	12	-	-	-	-	-			
- (5,289)	-	- (5,289)	- (6,522)	- 1,233	(23,939)	-	- (23,939)	- (24,001)	- 62			
223_		223_	(1,022)	1,245	(23,588)		(23,588)	(24,001)	413			
\$ 2,148	\$ (593)	1,555	(2,540)	4,095	\$ 618	\$ -	618	(85)	703			
		1,765	1,765	-			5,146	5,146	-			
		451	451	-			28	28	-			
		838	838	-			51	51	-			
		(2,119)		(2,119)			(50)		(50)			
		\$ 2,490	\$ 514	\$ 1,976			\$ 5,793	\$ 5,140	\$ 653			

### CITY OF SAN DIEGO NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SPECIAL REVENUE COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN UNDESIGNATED FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (In Thousands)

		Str	reet Division Operat	ions	
	Actual	Adjustment to Budgetary Basis	Actual on Budgetary Basis	Final Budget	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES					
Property Taxes	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ -
Special Assessments	-	-	-	-	-
Sales Taxes	-	-	-	-	-
Transient Occupancy Taxes	-	-	-	-	-
Other Local Taxes	-	-	-	-	-
Licenses and Permits	-	-	-	-	-
Fines, Forfeitures and Penalties	-	-	-	-	-
Revenue from Use of Money and Property	167	-	167	-	167
Revenue from Federal Agencies	-	-	-	-	-
Revenue from Other Agencies	-	-	-	-	-
Revenue from Private Sources	-	-	-	-	-
Charges for Current Services	-	-	-	-	-
Other Revenue					
TOTAL REVENUES	167		167		167
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General Government and Support	-	-	-	-	-
Public Safety - Police	-	-	-	-	-
Public Safety - Fire and Life Safety	-	-	-	-	-
Parks, Recreation, Culture and Leisure	-	-	-	-	-
Transportation	1,215	-	1,215	1,463	248
Sanitation and Health	-	-	-	95	95
Neighborhood Services	-	-	-	-	-
Capital Projects	362	13	375	437	62
Debt Service:					
Principal Retirement	-	-	-	-	-
Interest					
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,577	13	1,590	1,995	405
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
OVER EXPENDITURES	(1,410)	(13)	(1,423)	(1,995)	572_
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers from Proprietary Funds	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers from Other Funds	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers to Proprietary Funds	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers to Other Funds	(2,878)	-	(2,878)	(2,878)	-
Capital Leases					
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(2,878)		(2,878)	(2,878)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$ (4,288)	\$ (13)	(4,301)	(4,873)	572
Fund Balances Undesignated at July 1, 2006			669	669	-
Reserved for Encumbrances at July 1, 2006					
			3,791	3,791	-
Designated for Subsequent Years' Expenditures at July 1, 2006			798	798	-
Designated for Subsequent Years' Expenditures at June 30, 2007			(554)	<u>-</u>	(554)
FUND BALANCES UNDESIGNATED AT JUNE 30, 2007			\$ 403	\$ 385	\$ 18

	Ira	ansient Occupancy	IdA		Underground Surcharge						
Actual	Adjustment to Budgetary Basis	Actual on Budgetary Basis	Final Budget	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	Actual	Adjustment to Budgetary Basis	Actual on Budgetary Basis	Final Budget	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
; -	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ -	\$-		
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
- 72,871	-	- 72,871	- 66,381	- 6,490	-	-	-	-	-		
- 12,071	-			- 0,490	- 46,904	-	- 46,904	- 50,441	(3,537		
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
2,590	-	2,590	1,319	1,271	711	-	711	-	711		
4,500	-	4,500	4,570	(70)	-	-	-	-			
305	-	305	190	115	-	-	-	-	-		
191	-	191	20	171	-	-	-	-	-		
5_		5_	22	(17)							
80,462		80,462	72,502	7,960	47,615		47,615	50,441	(2,826		
281	16	297	385	88	887	51	938	1,585	647		
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
31,369	4,296	35,665	37,298	1,633	-	-	-	-	-		
-	-	-	-	-	36,749	589	37,338	37,000	(338		
167	47	214	175	(39)	-	-	-	-	-		
1,271	735	2,006	5,757	3,751	1,902	8,633	10,535	10,551	16		
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
33,088	5,094	38,182	43,615	5,433	39,538	9,273	48,811	49,136	325		
47,374	(5,094)	42,280	28,887	13,393	8,077	(9,273)	(1,196)	1,305	(2,501		
-	-	-	- 44,831	- (44,831)	-	-	-	-	-		
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
(43,596)	-	(43,596)	(85,216)	41,620	(8)	-	(8)	(8)	-		
-		<u> </u>		<u>.</u>							
(43,596)		(43,596)	(40,385)	(3,211)	(8)		(8)	(8)			
3,778	\$ (5,094)	(1,316)	(11,498)	10,182	\$ 8,069	\$ (9,273)	(1,204)	1,297	(2,501		
		31,724	31,724	-			-	-	-		
		5,333	5,333	-			2,020	2,020	-		
		2,964	2,964	-			218	218	-		
		(7,301)		(7,301)			(1,034)		(1,034		
		\$ 31,404	\$ 28,523	\$ 2,881			\$ -	\$ 3,535	\$ (3,535		

### CITY OF SAN DIEGO NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SPECIAL REVENUE COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN UNDESIGNATED FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

(In Thousands)

	Zoological Exhibits										
	Actual		Adjustment to Budgetary Basis		Actual on Budgetary Basis			Final Budget		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES											
Property Taxes	\$	8,479	\$	-	\$	8,479	\$	8,423	\$	56	
Special Assessments		-		-		-		-		-	
Sales Taxes		-		-		-		-		-	
Transient Occupancy Taxes		-		-		-		-		-	
Other Local Taxes		-		-		-		-		-	
Licenses and Permits Fines. Forfeitures and Penalties		-		-		-		-		-	
		-		-		-		-		-	
Revenue from Use of Money and Property Revenue from Federal Agencies		84		-		84		84		-	
Revenue from Other Agencies		-		-		-		-		-	
0		-		-		-		-		-	
Revenue from Private Sources		-		-		-		-		-	
Charges for Current Services		-		-		-		-		-	
Other Revenue		-		-		-					
TOTAL REVENUES		8,563		-		8,563		8,507		56	
EXPENDITURES											
Current:											
General Government and Support		-		-		-		-		-	
Public Safety - Police		-		-		-		-		-	
Public Safety - Fire and Life Safety		-		-		-		-		-	
Parks, Recreation, Culture and Leisure		8,400		-		8,400		8,423		23	
Transportation		-		-		-		-		-	
Sanitation and Health		-		-		-		-		-	
Neighborhood Services		-		-		-		-		-	
Capital Projects		-		-		-		-		-	
Debt Service:											
Principal Retirement		-		-		-		-		-	
Interest				-							
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		8,400		-		8,400		8,423		23	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES											
OVER EXPENDITURES		163		-		163		84		79	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)											
Transfers from Proprietary Funds						_					
Transfers from Other Funds		-		-		-		-		-	
Transfers to Proprietary Funds		-		-		-		-		-	
Transfers to Other Funds		(84)		-		(84)		(84)		-	
Capital Leases		-		-		-		-			
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		(84)		-		(84)		(84)		-	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	s	79	\$	_		79				79	
	<u> </u>			_		10				15	
Fund Balances Undesignated at July 1, 2006						1,309		1,309		-	
Reserved for Encumbrances at July 1, 2006						-		-		-	
Designated for Subsequent Years' Expenditures at July 1, 2006						-		-		-	
Designated for Subsequent Years' Expenditures at June 30, 2007											
FUND BALANCES UNDESIGNATED AT JUNE 30, 2007					\$	1,388	\$	1,309	\$	79	

	(	Other Special Reven	ue				Total		
Actual	Adjustment to Budgetary Basis	Actual on Budgetary Basis	Final Budget	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	Actual	Adjustment to Budgetary Basis	Actual on Budgetary Basis	Final Budget	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
\$-	s -	\$ -	\$-	\$-	\$ 8,479	\$-	\$ 8,479	\$ 8,423	\$ 56
-	-	-	-	-	19,564	-	19,564	19,805	(241
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,061	(9,061
-	-	-	-	-	72,871	-	72,871	66,381	6,490
-	-	-	-	-	83,851	-	83,851	85,661	(1,810
-	-	-	-	-	1,259	-	1,259	-	1,259
1,117	-	1,117	1,165	(48)	1,117	-	1,117	1,165	(48
1,101	-	1,101	122	979	6,876	-	6,876	12,560	(5,684
1,820	-	1,820	800	1,020	1,820	-	1,820	800	1,020
1,350	-	1,350	220	1,130	5,850	-	5,850	4,790	1,060
-	-	-	-	-	305	-	305	210	95
24,221	-	24,221	27,149	(2,928)	39,235	-	39,235	30,527	8,708
2,074		2,074	1,935	139	2,218		2,218	2,025	193
31,683		31,683_	31,391	292_	243,445_		243,445	241,408_	2,037
0.440			10,100		10.010		40 500	15.040	0.740
9,113	219	9,332	10,192	860	12,212	288	12,500	15,219	2,719
8,803	140	8,943	10,324	1,381	17,666	140	17,806	19,435	1,629
6,549	317	6,866	8,396	1,530	6,549	317	6,866	8,396	1,530
195	1	196	218	22	64,138	6,491	70,629	86,492	15,863
120	-	120	-	(120)	38,126	589	38,715	38,936	221
2,386	227	2,613	3,384	771	2,553	274	2,827	3,654	827
3,033	- 3,111	3,033 3,111	3,318 3,476	285 365	12,023 4,419	70 12,752	12,093 17,171	13,176 24,933	1,083 7,762
592	-	592	-	(592)	777	-	777	172	(605
229		229_		(229)	262		262_	46_	(216
31,020	4,015	35,035	39,308	4,273	158,725	20,921	179,646	210,459	30,813
663	(4,015)	(3,352)	(7,917)	4,565	84,720	(20,921)	63,799	30,949	32,850
1,151	-	1,151	1,129	22	1,534	-	1,534	1,129	405
3,715	-	3,715	3,608	107	24,663	-	24,663	64,160	(39,497
(754)	-	(754)	(754)	-	(773)	-	(773)	(773)	-
(18,950)	-	(18,950)	(18,954)	4	(108,145)	-	(108,145)	(151,715)	43,570
6,167		6,167	6,167		6,167		6,167	6,167	C
(8,671)		(8,671)	(8,804)	133	(76,554)		(76,554)	(81,032)	4,478
<u>(8,008)</u>	\$ (4,015)	(12,023)	(16,721)	4,698	\$ 8,166	\$ (20,921)	(12,755)	(50,083)	37,328
		23,690	23,690	-			85,952	85,952	-
		840	840	-			13,796	13,796	-
		2	2	-			6,275	6,275	-
		(248)		(248)			(14,849)		(14,849
		\$ 12,261	\$ 7,811	\$ 4,450			\$ 78,419	\$ 55,940	\$ 22,479

This Page Left Intentionally Blank

#### CITY OF SAN DIEGO NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SPECIAL REVENUE ENVIRONMENTAL GROWTH FUND COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2007 (In Thousands)

	Two-Thirds Requirement		One-Third Requirement		Total
ASSETS					
Cash and Investments	\$	1,694	\$	1,092	\$ 2,786
Receivables:					
Taxes - Net		2,090		1,045	3,135
Accrued Interest		76		26	102
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	3,860	\$	2,163	\$ 6,023
LIABILITIES					
Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$	21	\$ 21
FUND EQUITY					
Fund Balances:					
Reserved for Encumbrances		199		228	427
Unreserved:					
Designated for Subsequent Years' Expenditures		1,571		843	2,414
Undesignated		2,090		1,071	3,161
TOTAL FUND EQUITY		3,860		2,142	 6,002
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY	\$	3,860	\$	2,163	\$ 6,023

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES Year Ended June 30, 2007 ( In Thousands )

		Two-Thirds Requirement		One-Third Requirement		Total	
REVENUES							
Other Local Taxes	\$	8,735	\$	4,370	\$	13,105	
Revenue from Use of Money and Property		237		83		320	
TOTAL REVENUES		8,972		4,453		13,425	
EXPENDITURES Current:							
Parks, Recreation, Culture and Leisure		-		2,094		2,094	
Capital Projects		730		62		792	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		730		2,156		2,886	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		8,242		2,297		10,539	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers from Proprietary Funds		8		4		12	
Transfers to Other Funds		(7,815)		(1,678)		(9,493)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		435		623		1,058	
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		3,425		1,519		4,944	
FUND BALANCES AT END OF YEAR	\$	3,860	\$	2,142	\$	6,002	

794 \$

1,296

#### CITY OF SAN DIEGO NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SPECIAL REVENUE ENVIRONMENTAL GROWTH FUND COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN UNDESIGNATED FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (In Thousands)

Two-Thirds Requirement Variance with Adjustment to Actual on Final Budget Positive Budgetary Budgetary Final Actual Basis Basis Budget (Negative) REVENUES 8,735 Other Local Taxes \$ 7,631 1.104 \$ 8,735 \$ \$ \$ Revenue from Use of Money and Property ..... 237 237 53 184 TOTAL REVENUES ..... 8,972 8,972 7,684 1,288 EXPENDITURES Current: Parks, Recreation, Culture and Leisure ..... 730 199 929 Capital Projects ... 2.500 1,571 TOTAL EXPENDITURES ..... 730 199 929 2,500 1,571 EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES ..... 8,043 8,242 (199) 5,184 2,859 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers from Proprietary Funds ..... 8 8 8 Transfers to Other Funds .... (7,815) (7,815) (7,815) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES ...... \$ 435 \$ (199) 236 (2,631) 2,867 Fund Balances Undesignated at July 1, 2006 ..... 3,425 3,425 Reserved for Encumbrances at July 1, 2006..... Designated for Subsequent Years' Expenditures at July 1, 2006 ..... -Designated for Subsequent Years' Expenditures at June 30, 2007 ..... (1,571) (1,571)

#### 220

	One-	Third Require	ment				Total		
Actual	Adjustment to Budgetary Basis	Actual on Budgetary Basis	Final Budget	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	Actual	Adjustment to Budgetary Basis	Actual on Budgetary Basis	Final Budget	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
\$    4,370 83	\$ - 	\$    4,370 83	\$    3,815 54	\$	\$ 13,105 	\$ - 	\$ 13,105 320	\$ 11,446 107	\$ 1,659 213_
4,453		4,453	3,869	584	13,425		13,425	11,553	1,872
2,094	167	2,261	2,261	-	2,094	167	2,261	2,261	
62	61	123	966	843	792	260	1,052	3,466	2,414
2,156	228	2,384	3,227	843	2,886	427	3,313	5,727	2,414
2,297	(228)	2,069	642	1,427	10,539	(427)	10,112	5,826	4,286
4	-	4	-	4	12	-	12	-	12
(1,678)		(1,678)	(1,781)	103	(9,493)		(9,493)	(9,596)	103
<u>\$ 623</u>	\$ (228)	395	(1,139)	1,534	<u>\$ 1,058</u>	\$ (427)	631	(3,770)	4,401
		474	474	-			3,899	3,899	-
		379	379	-			379	379	-
		666	666	-			666	666	-
		(843)		(843)			(2,414)		(2,414)
		\$ 1,071	\$ 380	\$ 691			\$ 3,161	\$ 1,174	\$ 1,987

This Page Left Intentionally Blank

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - DEBT SERVICE

This Page Left Intentionally Blank - Back of Divider Page

# DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

Debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

## **CITY OF SAN DIEGO**

#### PUBLIC SAFETY COMMUNICATIONS PROJECT

This fund was established to account for the payment of principal and interest on general obligation bonds issued in 1991. These bonds are serviced by property taxes.

#### OTHER SPECIAL ASSESSMENTS

This fund was established to account for the payment of principal and interest for bonds issued under the Improvement Bond Act of 1915 and the Mello-Roos Community Facilities Act of 1982. These bonds are serviced by assessments and special taxes levied on property owners within each district.

#### **BLENDED COMPONENT UNITS**

#### CITY OF SAN DIEGO METROPOLITAN TRANSIT DEVELOPMENT BOARD AUTHORITY

This fund was established to account for the debt service activities of the City of San Diego Metropolitan Transit Development Board Authority (MTDB). MTDB was created to acquire and construct mass public transit guideways, systems and related facilities. MTDB's debt service fund is used to account for the payment of long-term debt principal and interest. This fund is serviced by investment income, lease payments from the City of San Diego, and proceeds from lease revenue bonds and certificates of participation.

#### CONVENTION CENTER EXPANSION FINANCING AUTHORITY

This fund was established to account for the debt service activities of the Convention Center Expansion Financing Authority (CCEFA). CCEFA, created by the City of San Diego and the Port of San Diego, facilitates the financing, acquisition and construction of an expansion to the existing convention center. CCEFA's debt service fund is used to account for the payment of long-term debt principal and interest.

#### PUBLIC FACILITIES FINANCING AUTHORITY

This fund was established to account for the debt service activities of the Public Facilities Financing Authority (PFFA). PFFA, which was created by the City of San Diego and RDA, facilitates the financing, acquisition and construction of public capital facility improvements of RDA or the City. PFFA's debt service fund is used to account for the payment of long-term debt principal and interest.

#### REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY

This fund was established to account for the debt service activities of the Redevelopment Agency of the City of San Diego (RDA). RDA was established to provide a method for revitalizing deteriorated and blighted areas of the City of San Diego. This fund is serviced by property tax increments, sale of real estate, and investment income.

#### SAN DIEGO FACILITIES AND EQUIPMENT LEASING CORPORATION

This fund was established to account for the debt service activities of the San Diego Facilities and Equipment Leasing Corporation (SDFELC). SDFELC was established to acquire and lease to the City of San Diego real and personal property to be used in the municipal operations of the City. The City makes lease payments from annual appropriations payable out of any source of legally available funds.

#### SAN DIEGO OPEN SPACE PARK FACILITIES DISTRICT #1

This fund was established for the purpose of acquiring open space properties to implement the Open Space element of the City of San Diego General Plan, and accounts for financial resources accumulated for the payment of long-term debt principal and interest. This fund is serviced by City contributions and investment income.

#### TOBACCO SETTLEMENT REVENUE FUNDING CORPORATION

This fund was established to account for the debt service activities of the Tobacco Settlement Revenue Funding Corporation (TSRFC). The TSRFC was established for the purpose of acquiring the tobacco settlement revenues allocated to the City from the State of California, pursuant to the Master Settlement Agreement. The TSRFC's debt service fund is used to account for the payment of long-term debt principal and interest.

This Page Left Intentionally Blank

# NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - DEBT SERVICE COMBINING BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2007 ( In Thousands )

	City of San City of Diego/MTDB n Diego Authority		Convention Center Expansion Financing Authority		Public Facilities Financing Authority		
ASSETS							
Receivables:							
Taxes - Net	\$ 23	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Accounts	-		-		-		-
Special Assessments - Net	764		-		-		-
Accrued Interest	134		11		-		40
Restricted Cash and Investments	 31,678		5,757		24		12,724
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 32,599	\$	5,768	\$	24	\$	12,764
LIABILITIES							
Accounts Payable	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Deferred Revenue	 625		-	·	-		-
TOTAL LIABILITIES	 625		-				-
FUND EQUITY							
Fund Balances:							
Reserved for Encumbrances	6		-		-		-
Reserved for Debt Service	31.968		5.768		24		12,743
Unreserved:			-,				, .
Designated for Unrealized Gains	-		-		-		21
Designated for Debt Service	 -		-		-		-
TOTAL FUND EQUITY	 31,974		5,768		24		12,764
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY	\$ 32,599	\$	5,768	\$	24	\$	12,764

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES Year Ended June 30, 2007 (In Thousands)

Revenue from Other Agencies         -<	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Revenue from Use of Money and Property       1,299       210       65       1,43         Revenue from Other Agencies       -       -       -       -       -         TOTAL REVENUES       19,845       210       65       1,43         EXPENDITURES       19,845       210       65       1,43         Current:       General Government and Support       96       -       -         Debt Service:       96       -       -       -         Principal Retirement       5,595       2,990       4,870       13,87         Interest       8,567       1,028       8,829       19,27         Cost of Issuance       -       -       3,06         TOTAL EXPENDITURES       14,258       4,018       13,699       36,20         EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES       5,587       (3,808)       (13,634)       (34,76)         OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)       5,587       (3,808)       (13,634)       (34,76)         Transfers from Other Funds       61       3,658       13,646       24,500	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Revenue from Other Agencies         TOTAL REVENUES       -	19,845     210     65     1,438       96     -     -     1
Revenue from Other Agencies         TOTAL REVENUES       -	19,845     210     65     1,438       96     -     -     1
EXPENDITURES           Current:         General Government and Support         96         -         -           Debt Service:         Principal Retirement         5,595         2,990         4,870         13,81           Interest         8,567         1,028         8,829         19,27           Cost of Issuance         -         -         -         3,05           TOTAL EXPENDITURES         14,258         4,018         13,699         36,20           EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES         0VER EXPENDITURES         5,587         (3,808)         (13,634)         (34,76)           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)         5,587         3,658         13,646         24,50	96 1
Current:         96         -         -           Debt Service:         Principal Retirement         5,595         2,990         4,870         13,87           Interest         5,595         2,990         4,870         13,87           Interest         8,567         1,028         8,829         19,27           Cost of Issuance         -         -         -         3,05           TOTAL EXPENDITURES         14,258         4,018         13,699         36,20           EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES         0VER EXPENDITURES         5,587         (3,808)         (13,634)         (34,76)           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)         5,587         (3,808)         13,646         24,50	
General Government and Support         96         -         -           Debt Service:         Principal Retirement         5,595         2,990         4,870         13,83           Interest         5,595         2,990         4,870         13,83         19,23           Cost of Issuance         -         -         -         3,03           TOTAL EXPENDITURES         14,258         4,018         13,699         36,20           EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES         -         -         3,03           OVER EXPENDITURES         5,587         (3,808)         (13,634)         (34,76)           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)         5,587         3,658         13,646         24,500	
Debt Service:	
Principal Retirement         5,595         2,990         4,870         13,87           Interest         8,567         1,028         8,829         19,27           Cost of Issuance         -         -         -         3,06           TOTAL EXPENDITURES         14,258         4,018         13,699         36,20           EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES         0VER EXPENDITURES         5,587         (3,808)         (13,634)         (34,76)           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)         5,587         (3,808)         13,646         24,50	
Interest         8,567         1,028         8,829         19,27           Cost of Issuance         -         -         -         3,05           TOTAL EXPENDITURES         14,258         4,018         13,699         36,20           EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES         5,587         (3,808)         (13,634)         (34,76)           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers from Other Funds         61         3,658         13,646         24,50	
Cost of Issuance         -         -         -         3,03           TOTAL EXPENDITURES         -         -         3,03           EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES         14,258         4,018         13,699         36,20           EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES         5,587         (3,808)         (13,634)         (34,76           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers from Other Funds         61         3,658         13,646         24,50	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES         14,258         4,018         13,699         36,20           EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES         5,587         (3,808)         (13,634)         (34,76)           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers from Other Funds         61         3,658         13,646         24,50	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES         5,587         (3,808)         (13,634)         (34,76)           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)         61         3,658         13,646         24,50	
OVER EXPENDITURES         5,587         (3,808)         (13,634)         (34,76)           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)         Transfers from Other Funds         61         3,658         13,646         24,50	
OVER EXPENDITURES         5,587         (3,808)         (13,634)         (34,76)           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)         Transfers from Other Funds         61         3,658         13,646         24,50	
Transfers from Other Funds         61         3,658         13,646         24,50	
Transfers from Other Funds	
Special Assessment Bonds Issued	
Premium on Bonds Issued	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	SES)
<b>NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES</b>	
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year         29,041         5,918         12         16,44	
FUND BALANCES AT END OF YEAR \$ 31,974 \$ 5,768 \$ 24 \$ 12,76	

San Diego Facilities and Equipment Redevelopment Leasing Agency Corporation			Spac Fac	ego Open ce Park cilities trict #1	Se R F	obacco ttlement evenue unding poration	Total		
\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	23	
-		-		-		5,201		5,201 764	
110		-		2		14		311	
 63,574		4		660		12,784		127,205	
\$ 63,684	\$	4	\$	662	\$	17,999	\$	133,504	
\$ 417	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	417	
 -		-		-		5,201		5,826	
 417		-		-		5,201		6,243	
-		-		-		-		6	
63,259		4		662		12,798		127,226	
 - 8		-		-		-		21 8	
 63,267		4		662		12,798		127,261	
\$ 63,684	\$	4	\$	662	\$	17,999	\$	133,504	
\$ - - 2,921	\$	- - 7	\$	- - 13	\$	- - 607	\$	2,284 16,262 6,560	
 -		-		-		9,770		9,770	
 2,921		7		13		10,377		34,876	
-		-		-		-		97	
20,025		4,850		370		2,700		55,270	
 26,613		1,709		92		7,093 562		73,203 3,621	
 46,638		6,559		462		10,355		132,191	
 (43,717)		(6,552)		(449)		22		(97,315)	
49,509		6,553		715		-		98,644	
(134)		-		-		(222)		(4,297) (159,690)	
-		-		-		-		1,134	
-		-		-		-		156,560 9,768	
 49,375		6,553		715		(222)		102,119	
 5,658		1		266		(200)		4,804	
57.000		<u>^</u>		200		40.000		100 157	

3 396

57,609

<u>\$ 63,267</u> <u>\$ 4</u> <u>\$</u>

12,998

12,798 \$

662 \$

122,457

127,261

#### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - DEBT SERVICE COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN UNDESIGNATED FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (In Thousands)

	City of San Diego			
REVENUES	Actual on Budgetary Basis	Final Budget		
Property Taxes	\$ 2,284	\$ 2,284		
Revenue from Use of Money and Property	73	73		
TOTAL REVENUES	2,357	2,357		
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General Government and Support	1	1		
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	1,615	1,615		
Interest	715	715		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	2,331	2,331		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	26	26		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers from Other Funds				
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	26	26		
Reserved for Debt Service at July 1, 2006	2,405	2,405		
Reserved for Debt Service at June 30, 2007	(2,431)	(2,431)		
FUND BALANCES UNDESIGNATED AT JUNE 30, 2007	\$	\$		

San Diego Open Space Park

Facilities District #1							Total	Variance with Final Budget		
	ual on ary Basis		Final Budget		Actual on Budgetary Basis		Final Budget		Budget sitive gative)	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,284	\$	2,284	\$	-	
	13		54		86		127		(41)	
	13		54		2,370		2,411		(41)	
	-		-		1		1		-	
	370		370		1,985		1,985		-	
	92		68		807		783		(24)	
	462		438		2,793		2,769		(24)	
	(449)		(384)		(423)		(358)		(65)	
	715		715		715		715		-	
	715		715		715		715		-	
	266		331		292		357		(65)	
	396		396		2,801		2,801		-	
	(662)		(662)		(3,093)		(3,093)		-	
\$	-	\$	65	\$	-	\$	65	\$	(65)	

#### CITY OF SAN DIEGO NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - DEBT SERVICE COMBINING BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2007 ( In Thousands )

	Вι	udgeted	Un	budgeted	
	Comn	lic Safety nunications Project	5	Other Special essments	Total
ASSETS					 
Receivables:					
Taxes - Net	\$	23	\$	-	\$ 23
Special Assessments - Net		-		764	764
Accrued Interest		20		114	134
Restricted Cash and Investments		2,388		29,290	 31,678
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	2,431	\$	30,168	\$ 32,599
LIABILITIES					
Deferred Revenue	\$	-	\$	625	\$ 625
TOTAL LIABILITIES		-		625	 625
FUND EQUITY					
Fund Balances:					
Reserved for Encumbrances		-		6	6
Reserved for Debt Service		2,431		29,537	 31,968
TOTAL FUND EQUITY		2,431		29,543	 31,974
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY	\$	2,431	\$	30,168	\$ 32,599

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES Year Ended June 30, 2007 (In Thousands)

REVENUES			
Property Taxes	\$ 2,284	\$ -	\$ 2,284
Special Assessments	-	16,262	16,262
Revenue from Use of Money and Property	 73	 1,226	 1,299
TOTAL REVENUES	 2,357	 17,488	 19,845
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
General Government and Support	1	95	96
Debt Service:			
Principal Retirement	1,615	3,980	5,595
Interest	 715	 7,852	 8,567
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	 2,331	 11,927	 14,258
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES			
OVER EXPENDITURES	 26	 5,561	 5,587
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers from Other Funds	-	61	61
Transfers to Other Funds	-	(3,849)	(3,849)
Special Assessment Bonds Issued	 -	 1,134	 1,134
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	 	 (2,654)	 (2,654)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	26	2,907	2,933
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	 2,405	 26,636	 29,041
FUND BALANCES AT END OF YEAR	\$ 2,431	\$ 29,543	\$ 31,974

#### CITY OF SAN DIEGO NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - DEBT SERVICE COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN UNDESIGNATED FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) Year Ended June 30, 2007 (In Thousands)

		Public	Safety Communications		
REVENUES	Actual	Adjustment to Budgetary Basis	Actual on Budgetary Basis	Final Budget	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Property Taxes	\$ 2,284	\$ -	\$ 2,284	\$ 2,284	\$-
Revenue from Use of Money and Property	73_		73_	73_	
TOTAL REVENUES	2,357		2,357	2,357	<u>-</u>
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General Government and Support	1	-	1	1	-
Debt Service:					
Principal Retirement	1,615	-	1,615	1,615	-
Interest	715_		715_	715_	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	2,331	<u>-</u>	2,331_	2,331	<u>-</u>
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
OVER EXPENDITURES	26		26	26	<u>-</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$ 26	<u>\$                                    </u>	26	26	-
Reserved for Debt Service at July 1, 2006			2,405	2,405	-
Reserved for Debt Service at June 30, 2007			(2,431)	(2,431)	<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCES UNDESIGNATED AT JUNE 30, 2007			<u>\$</u>	\$	\$

This Page Left Intentionally Blank

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - CAPITAL PROJECTS

This Page Left Intentionally Blank - Back of Divider Page

# **CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS**

Capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds and fiduciary funds).

# **CITY OF SAN DIEGO**

#### CAPITAL OUTLAY

This fund was established per Section 77 of the City Charter to account for the acquisition, construction and completion of permanent public improvements and real property. Capital outlay fund revenues are derived from the sale of City-owned real property supplemented by sales tax revenue.

#### PARK & RECREATION DISTRICTS

This fund was established to account for park fees collected at the time of subdivision or permit issuance and is mandated per the City of San Diego Municipal Code. Fee assessments are only to be used for park purposes within a Community Park Service District to purchase land, facilities, or reimburse those who have donated more than their proportionate responsibilities.

#### FACILITIES BENEFIT ASSESSMENTS

This fund was established to account for building permit fees collected at the time of permit issuance and is mandated by the City Charter. Fee assessments are only to be used in the community the assessments are collected and are the primary source of project funding, excluding maintenance costs.

#### IMPACT FEES

This fund was established to account for building permit fees collected at the time of permit issuance and has specific State reporting requirements. Fee assessments are only to be used in the community the assessments are collected and are not the primary source of project funding and exclude maintenance costs.

#### SPECIAL ASSESSMENT/SPECIAL TAX BONDS

This fund was established to account for Community Facilities Districts and Special Assessment Districts, which under various sections of State law, issues limited obligation bonds to finance infrastructure facilities and other public improvements necessary to facilitate development of the properties within each district. The bonds are secured solely by the properties within each district, and are repaid through revenues generated by the annual levy of special taxes or special assessments on the benefiting properties.

#### TRANSNET

This fund was established to account for transportation improvements funded by a local sales tax approved by voters in the County of San Diego. Funds are to help relieve traffic congestion, increase safety, and improve air quality by performing repairs, restorations, and construction of needed facilities within the public rights-of-way.

#### OTHER CONSTRUCTION

This fund was established to account for a variety of capital projects such as park and street improvements and construction of public facilities in new development areas. Revenues in this fund are derived from such sources as contributions from developers, grants from Federal, State and other governmental agencies, special assessments, special taxes, fees, and interest derived there from.

### **BLENDED COMPONENT UNITS**

#### PUBLIC FACILITIES FINANCING AUTHORITY

This fund was established to account for the capital improvement acquisition and construction activities of the Public Facilities Financing Authority (PFFA). PFFA, which was created by the City of San Diego and RDA, facilitates the financing and construction of public capital improvements of the City or RDA. Revenues are derived from the issuance of bonds and interest earnings on investments.

#### REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY

This fund was established to account for the capital improvement activities of the Redevelopment Agency of the City of San Diego (RDA). RDA was established to provide a method for revitalizing deteriorated and blighted areas of the City of San Diego. Funds are derived from the City of San Diego, from the issuance of bonds for specific redevelopment projects, sale of real estate and investment income.

#### SAN DIEGO FACILITIES AND EQUIPMENT LEASING CORPORATION

This fund was established to account for the capital improvement activities of the San Diego Facilities and Equipment Leasing Corporation (SDFELC). SDFELC was established to acquire and lease to the City of San Diego real and personal property to be used in the municipal operations of the City. This fund accounts for proceeds from the issuance of Certificates of Participation used to finance construction projects in Balboa and Mission Bay parks.

This Page Left Intentionally Blank

#### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - CAPITAL PROJECTS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2007 ( In Thousands )

	\$ City of an Diego	Public Facilities Financing Authority	
ASSETS			
Cash and Investments	\$ 319,676	\$	2,506
Receivables:			
Taxes Net	1,650		-
Accounts	486		-
Special Assesments	33		-
Notes	-		-
Accrued Interest	2,904		13
Grants	21,218		-
From Other Funds	600		-
Advances to Other Funds	600		-
Land Held for Resale	-		-
Prepaid Items	 		-
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 347,167	\$	2,519
LIABILITIES			
Accounts Payable	\$ 11,893	\$	6
Due to Other Funds	600		-
Due to Other Agencies	1,074		-
Unearned Revenue	7,182		-
Deferred Revenue	22,634		-
Interfund Loan Payable	3,487		-
Advances from Other Funds	600		-
Sundry Trust Liabilities	 -		-
TOTAL LIABILITIES	 47,470		6
FUND EQUITY			
Fund Balances:			
Reserved for Land Held for Resale	-		-
Reserved for Notes Receivable	-		-
Reserved for Encumbrances	60,790		748
Reserved for Advances and Deposits	600		-
Unreserved:			
Designated for Unrealized Gains	1		2
Designated for Subsequent Years' Expenditures	143,518		1,763
Undesignated	 94,788		-
TOTAL FUND EQUITY	 299,697		2,513
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY	\$ 347,167	\$	2,519

Rede	evelopment	Facilit Equi	Diego ties and pment asing		
Agency			oration	Total	
\$	212,043	\$	4	\$	534,229
	-		-		1,650
	-		-		486
	-		-		33
	8,872		-		8,872
	892		-		3,809
	-		-		21,218
	-		-		600
	-		-		600
	22,310		-		22,310
	1,159		-		1,159
\$	245,276	\$	4	\$	594,966
\$	5,743	\$	-	\$	17,642
	-		-		600
	-		-		1,074
	-		-		7,182
	-		-		22,634
	-		-		3,487
	5,402		-		6,002
	2,819		-		2,819
	13,964		-		61,440
	22,310		-		22,310
	8,872		-		8,872
	62,558		-		124,096
	-		-		600
	-		-		3
	137,572		4		282,857
	- ,				94,788

 -	 -	 94,788
 231,312	 4	 533,526
\$ 245,276	\$ 4	\$ 594,966

#### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - CAPITAL PROJECTS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES Year Ended June 30, 2007 ( In Thousands )

	City of San Diego	Public Facilities Financing Authority
REVENUES		
Special Assessments	\$ 759	\$-
Sales Taxes	31,202	-
Licenses and Permits	8,691	-
Revenue from Use of Money and Property	16,103	156
Revenue from Federal Agencies	4,446	-
Revenue from Other Agencies	17,582	-
Revenue from Private Sources	39,075	-
Charges for Current Services	2	-
Other Revenue	6_	
TOTAL REVENUES	117,866	156
EXPENDITURES		
Current:		
General Government and Support	2,729	-
Public Safety - Police	4	-
Public Safety - Fire & Life Safety	1,475	-
Parks, Recreation, Culture and Leisure	925	-
Transportation	15,906	-
Sanitation and Health	1,558	-
Neighborhood Services	53	-
Capital Projects	75,078	435
Debt Service:		
Principal Retirement	5,286	-
Interest	217	-
Cost of Issuance	1,524	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	104,755	435
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES		
OVER EXPENDITURES	13,111	(279)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		
Transfers from Proprietary Funds	60	-
Transfers from Other Funds	31,017	88
Transfers to Proprietary Funds	(512)	-
Transfers to Other Funds	(28,170)	(1,580)
Proceeds from Land Sales	5,745	-
Notes Issued	-	-
Loans Issued	2,154	-
Special Assessment Bonds Issued	14,866	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	25,160	(1,492)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	38,271	(1,771)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	261,426	4,284
FUND BALANCES AT END OF YEAR	\$ 299,697	\$ 2,513

Redevelopment Agency	Faciliti Equip Lea	Diego es and oment sing oration	 Total
\$-	\$	-	\$ 759
-		-	31,202
-		-	8,691
13,302		-	29,561
-		-	4,446
-		-	17,582
14,360		-	53,435
-		-	2
6,377		-	 6,383
34,039		-	 152,061
15,491 - - - - -		- - - -	18,220 4 1,475 925 15,906 1,558
17,343		-	17,396
20,671		-	96,184
			5 000
-		-	5,286
-		-	217
		-	 1,524
53,505			 158,695
(19,466)		-	 (6,634)
-		-	60
24,974		-	56,079
-		-	(512)
(13,287)		-	(43,037)
(,,			5,745
2,180		-	2,180
8,669		-	10,823
			14,866
			 14,000
22,536			 46,204
3,070		-	39,570
228,242		4	 493,956
\$ 231,312	\$	4	\$ 533,526

#### CITY OF SAN DIEGO NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - CAPITAL PROJECTS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2007 (In Thousands)

	•				ities Benefit sesments	
ASSETS						
Cash and Investments	\$	77	\$	8,279	\$	162,686
Receivables:						
Taxes Net		-		-		-
Accounts		42		-		-
Special Assesments		-		-		-
Accrued Interest		44		84		1,729
Grants		21,088		-		-
From Other Funds		-		-		-
Advances to Other Funds		600				
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	21,851	\$	8,363	\$	164,415
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable	\$	1,797	\$	-	\$	4,612
Due to Other Funds		600		-		-
Due to Other Agencies		288		-		-
Unearned Revenue		5,563		-		-
Deferred Revenue		20,136		-		-
Interfund Loan Payable		-		-		3,487
Advances from Other Funds						
TOTAL LIABILITIES		28,384				8,099
FUND EQUITY						
Fund Balances:						
Reserved for Encumbrances		445		1,995		41,707
Reserved for Advances and Deposits		600		-		-
Unreserved:						
Designated for Unrealized Gains		-		-		-
Designated for Subsequent Years' Expenditures		2,648		2,440		80,803
Undesignated		(10,226)		3,928		33,806
TOTAL FUND EQUITY		(6,533)		8,363		156,316
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY	\$	21,851	\$	8,363	\$	164,415

		Special Assesment / Special Tax		_	TransNet		Other Construction		
Imp	oact Fees		Bonds		ransNet	Other	Construction		Total
\$	41,058	\$	17,886	\$	25,240	\$	64,450	\$	319,676
	-		-		1,650		-		1,650
	-		-		4		440		486
	-		33		-		-		33
	417		99		245		286		2,904
	-		-		-		130		21,218
	-		-		600		-		600
									600
\$	41,475	\$	18,018	\$	27,739	\$	65,306	\$	347,167
\$	172	\$	-	\$	1,251	\$	4,061		11,893
	-		-		-		-		600
	-		-		-		786		1,074
	-		-		-		1,619		7,182
	-		28		1,622		848		22,634
	-		-		-		-		3,487
			-				600		600
	172		28		2,873		7,914		47,470
	3,293		252		6,442		6,656		60,790
	-		-		-		-		600
	-		-		-		1		1
	6,744		119		18,424		32,340		143,518
	31,266		17,619				18,395		94,788
	41,303		17,990		24,866		57,392		299,697
\$	41,475	\$	18,018	\$	27,739	\$	65,306	\$	347,167

#### CITY OF SAN DIEGO NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - CAPITAL PROJECTS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES Year Ended June 30, 2007

(In Thousands)

	Capital Outlay	Park & Recreation Districts	Facilities Benefit Assesments	
REVENUES				
Special Assessments	\$-	\$-	\$-	
Sales Taxes	-	-	-	
Licenses and Permits	-	-	-	
Revenue from Use of Money and Property	(72)	429	8,999	
Revenue from Federal Agencies	4,446	-	-	
Revenue from Other Agencies	14,831	-	-	
Revenue from Private Sources	-	77	25,891	
Charges for Current Services	-	-	· .	
Other Revenue	1			
TOTAL REVENUES	19,206	506	34,890	
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General Government and Support	399	-	1,217	
Public Safety - Police	4	-	-	
Public Safety - Fire & Life Safety	14	-	1,353	
Parks, Recreation, Culture and Leisure	552	3	67	
Transportation	847	-	-	
Sanitation and Health			1,516	
Neighborhood Services	53	-	-	
Capital Projects	13,430	24	39,400	
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	-	-	-	
Interest	-	-	-	
Cost of Issuance				
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	15,299	27	43,553	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER EXPENDITURES	3,907	479	(8,663)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers from Proprietary Funds	-	-	-	
Transfers from Other Funds	5,881	-	3,595	
Transfers to Proprietary Funds	(18)	-	-	
Transfers to Other Funds	(3,595)	-	(3,486)	
Proceeds from Land Sales	5,745	-	-	
Loans Issued	-	-	-	
Special Assessment Bonds Issued				
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	8,013		109	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	11,920	479	(8,554)	
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	(18,453)	7,884	164,870	
FUND BALANCES AT END OF YEAR	\$ (6,533)	\$ 8,363	\$ 156,316	

Impact Fees	Special Assesment / Special Tax Bonds	TransNet	Other Construction	Total		
•		<u>,</u>	•			
\$-	\$ 759	\$-	\$-	\$ 759		
- 8,670	-	31,202	- 21	31,202 8,691		
2,038	- 1,045	- 1,059	2,605	16,103		
2,000	1,040	1,000	2,000	4,446		
-	-	-	2,751	17,582		
-	-	-	13,107	39,075		
-	-	-	2	2		
5				6		
10,713	1,804	32,261	18,486	117,866		
397	76	150	490	2,729		
-	-	-	-	4		
67	-	-	41	1,475		
84	-	31	188	925		
-	11,837	1,827	1,395	15,906		
		-	42	1,558		
-	-	-	-	53		
3,895	19	10,397	7,913	75,078		
-	-	5,068	218	5,286		
-	-	217	-	217		
-	1,524			1,524		
4,443	13,456	17,690	10,287	104,755		
6,270	(11,652)	14,571	8,199	13,111		
-	-	-	60	60		
-	86	3,186	18,269	31,017		
-	-	(494)	-	(512)		
-	(33)	(9,413)	(11,643)	(28,170		
-	-	-	-	5,745		
-	-	-	2,154	2,154		
-	14,866			14,866		
-	14,919	(6,721)	8,840	25,160		
6,270	3,267	7,850	17,039	38,271		
35,033	14,723	17,016	40,353	261,426		
\$ 41,303	\$ 17,990	\$ 24,866	\$ 57,392	\$ 299,697		

This Page Left Intentionally Blank

Non-major Governmental Funds - Permanent

This Page Left Intentionally Blank - Back of Divider Page

# PERMANENT FUNDS

Permanent funds are used to report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the City's programs (i.e., for the benefit of the City or its citizens).

#### CARMEL VALLEY SEWER MAINTENANCE

This fund was established to fund the City's share of maintenance costs for a private sewer system in the Carmel Valley community. The original contribution was received from a developer and interest earnings derived there from will finance a fifty-year maintenance period.

#### CEMETERY PERPETUITY

This fund was established to account for the Mt. Hope Cemetery endowment. Investment earnings derived from the endowment supplement grave sales revenues in order to finance cemetery operations.

#### EFFIE SERGEANT

This fund was established to account for a donation to benefit the North Park Branch Library. Investment earnings are used to finance library services and programs.

#### FIGG ESTATE ENDOWMENT

This fund was established to account for a donation received for the planting and maintenance of jacaranda trees in the public rights of way throughout the City of San Diego. Investment earnings are used for planting and maintenance as well.

#### GLADYS EDNA PETERS

This fund was established to account for a donation to benefit the Rancho Bernardo Branch Library. Investment earnings are used to procure and maintain a collection of large print books and periodicals.

#### JANE CAMERON ESTATE

This fund was established to account for a donation to benefit the La Jolla/Riford Branch Library. Investment earnings are used to finance library services and programs.

#### LOS PENASQUITOS CANYON

This fund was established to account for the Los Penasquitos Canyon Preserve Trust Fund. Investment earnings are used to finance operations, land acquisitions, historical restoration, and maintenance of the Penasquitos Preserve Park.

#### MONTEZUMA ROAD MEDIAN MAINTENANCE

This fund was established to account for an endowment from San Diego State University. Investment earnings derived there from are used to finance the maintenance of medians along Montezuma Road.

#### SOUTHCREST PARK ESTATES II

This fund was established to finance the City's landscape maintenance costs for the Southcrest Park Estates II, a residential development within the Southcrest Redevelopment project area. The original contribution was received from a developer, and investment earnings derived there from will finance the permanent maintenance costs.

#### SYCAMORE ESTATES

This fund was established to account for an endowment agreement between the City and Sycamore Estates, LLC. Investment earnings from the endowment shall be used exclusively for the long-term maintenance of conserved property within Sycamore Estates.

#### ZOOLOGICAL SOCIETY - MISSION TRAILS

This fund was established to account for the Fortuna Mountain Conservation Bank endowment. Investment earnings derived from the endowment shall be used to fund the permanent management of the Fortuna Mountain Conservation Bank within Mission Trails Regional Park.

This Page Left Intentionally Blank

#### CITY OF SAN DIEGO COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - PERMANENT JUNE 30, 2007 (In Thousands)

	Carmel Valley Sewer Maintenance		Cemetery Perpetuity		ffie geant
ASSETS					
Cash and Investments	\$	-	\$	841	\$ 50
Receivables:					
Accounts - Net		-		15	-
Accrued Interest		-		20	-
Restricted Cash and Investments		45		9,591	 500
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	45	\$	10,467	\$ 550
FUND EQUITY:					
Fund Balances:					
Reserved for Encumbrances	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Reserved for Permanent Endowments Unreserved:		45		9,626	500
Designated for Unrealized Gains		-		841	50
Designated for Subsequent Years' Expenditures		-		-	-
Undesignated		-		-	 -
TOTAL FUND EQUITY	\$	45	\$	10,467	\$ 550

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES Year Ended June 30, 2006 (In Thousands)

REVENUES			
Revenue from Use of Money and Property	\$ 2	\$ 1,085	\$ 77
Revenue from Private Sources	-	-	-
Charges for Current Services	 -	 72	 -
TOTAL REVENUES	 2	 1,157	 77
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
Parks, Recreation, Culture and Leisure	-	-	12
Transportation	 -	 -	 -
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	 -	 	 12
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	 2	 1,157	 65
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers to Other Funds	-	(353)	-
Proceeds from Land Sales	-	-	-
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	-	(353)	-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	2	804	65
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	 43	 9,663	 485
FUND BALANCES AT END OF YEAR	\$ 45	\$ 10,467	\$ 550

Figg Estate Endowment		Gladys Edna Peters		Jane Cameron Estate		Los Penasquitos Canyon		Montezuma Road Median Maintenance		Southcrest Park Estates II		Sycamore Estates		Zoological Society - Mission Trails		Total	
\$	-	\$	42	\$	-	\$	307	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,240
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		15
	-		-		27		1		1		-		-		-		49
	319		356		2,507		2,697		110		12		250		69		16,456
\$	319	\$	398	\$	2,534	\$	3,005	\$	111	\$	12	\$	250	\$	69	\$	17,760
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2
	319		356		2,534		2,698		100		12		250		69		16,509
	-		42		-		307		-		-		-		-		1,240
	-		-		-		-		3		-		-		-		3
	-		-		-		-		6		-		-		-		6
\$	319	\$	398	\$	2,534	\$	3,005	\$	111	\$	12	\$	250	\$	69	\$	17,760

\$ 29	\$ 56	\$ 95	\$ 445	\$ 6	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3	\$ 1,798
 -	 	 	 -	 	 -	 	 	 72
 29	 56	 95	 445	 6	 	 	 3	 1,870
-	7	13	-	-	-	-	-	32
 -	 -	 -	 -	 6	 -	 -	 -	 6
 -	 7	 13	 -	 6	 -	 -	 -	 38
 29	 49	 82	 445	 -	 -	 -	 3	 1,832
(27)		-	(128)			-	(3)	(511)
 -	 	 1,215	 -	 	 	 -	 -	 1,215
(27)	-	1,215	(128)	-	-	-	(3)	704
2	49	1,297	317	-	-	-	-	2,536
 317	 349	 1,237	 2,688	 111	 12	 250	 69	 15,224
\$ 319	\$ 398	\$ 2,534	\$ 3,005	\$ 111	\$ 12	\$ 250	\$ 69	\$ 17,760

This Page Left Intentionally Blank

NON-MAJOR BUSINESS-TYPE FUNDS - ENTERPRISE

This Page Left Intentionally Blank - Back of Divider Page

# ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Enterprise funds are used to account for any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. These funds use full accrual accounting.

## **CITY OF SAN DIEGO**

## AIRPORTS

This fund was established to account for the operation, maintenance and development of both City-owned airports--Montgomery and Brown Fields. Airports fund revenues are derived from such sources as rent/lease revenue, usage fees, earnings on investments and aid from other governmental agencies.

### CITY STORE

This fund was established to account for activities of the City's entrepreneurial program. This program operates retail store outlets for the purpose of selling surplus city materials and other items promoting the City of San Diego.

### DEVELOPMENT SERVICES

This fund was established to account for construction management, development project review, permitting, and inspection services for the City.

#### ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

This fund was established to account for refuse disposal, collection, energy conservation, resource management, and other environmental programs.

### GOLF COURSE

This fund was established to operate, maintain, and improve physical conditions and initiate capital improvement programs for Torrey Pines and Balboa golf courses. Revenues are derived from green fees and leases.

#### RECYCLING

This fund was established to account for the planning, implementation, operation and management of City recycling and waste diversion programs. Revenues are derived from the recycling fee on all waste generated in the City or disposed of at the City landfill.

#### NONMAJOR BUSINESS-TYPE FUNDS - ENTERPRISE COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2007 ( In Thousands )

	A	irports	City	Store
ASSETS				
Cash and Investments	\$	8,376	\$	72
Receivables:				
Accounts - Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles (Airports \$278)		562		-
Accrued Interest		85		-
Grants		677		-
From Other Funds		_		-
Inventories		-		112
Prepaid Expenses		-		-
Restricted Cash and Investments		-		-
Capital Assets - Non-Depreciable		3,071		-
Capital Assets - Depreciable		8,396		7
TOTAL ASSETS		21,167		191
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable		292		15
Accrued Wages and Benefits		29		-
Interest Accrued on Long-Term Debt		-		-
Long Term Debt Due Within One Year		51		-
Unearned Revenue		-		-
Contract Deposits		-		-
Deposits/Advances from Others		-		-
Compensated Absences		55		-
Capital Lease Obligations		-		-
Estimated Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care		-		-
Net Pension Obligation		220		-
TOTAL LIABILITIES		647		15
NET ASSETS				
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt		11,467		7
Restricted for Closure/Postclosure maintenance		-		-
Unrestricted		9,053		169
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$	20,520	\$	176

elopment ervices		ironmental services	Go	If Course	Re	cycling		Total	
\$ 14,864	\$	50,240	\$	18,763	\$	8,082	\$	100,397	
48		69		13		196		888	
275		885		195		84		1,524	
-		-		-		39		716	
3,326		-		-		-		3,326	
-	-			1		-		113	
1		-		-		12		13	
-		34,389		-		-		34,389	
177		16,326		4,213		-	23,78		
1,678		37,614		8,367		3,584		59,646	
 20,369		139,523		31,552		11,997		224,799	
249		882		1,186		212		2,836	
1,278		441		147		303		2,198	
-		-		-		18		18	
1,350		502		194		1,081		3,178	
6,273		-		-		27		6,300	
-		-		40		113		153	
-		25		-		-		25	
1,450		538		209		259		2,511	
-		-		-		166		166	
-		16,935		-		-		16,935	
6,838		2,296		662		1,489		11,505	
 17,438		21,619		2,438		3,668		45,825	
1,855		53,940		12,580		2,578		82,427	
-		34,732		-		-		34,732	
1,076		29,232		16,534		5,751		61,815	
\$ 2,931	\$	117,904	\$	29,114	\$	8,329	\$	178,974	

#### NONMAJOR BUSINESS-TYPE FUNDS - ENTERPRISE COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS Year Ended June 30, 2007 (In Thousands)

	A	irports	City	Store
OPERATING REVENUES				
Charges for Services	\$	-	\$	827
Usage Fees		5,538		-
Other		97		
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES		5,635		827
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Maintenance and Operations		1,789		403
Cost of Materials Issued		-		351
Administration		1,119		88
Depreciation		497		1
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		3,405		843
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		2,230		(16)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
Earnings on Investments		375		2
Other Agency Grant Assistance		-		-
Gain (Loss) on Sale/Retirement of Capital Assets		(364)		-
Debt Service Interest Expense		-		-
Other		-		
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		11		2
INCOME BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS		2,241		(14)
Capital Contributions		775		-
Transfers from Other Funds		8		-
Transfers from Governmental Funds		-		-
Transfers to Governmental Funds		(9)		<u> </u>
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS		3,015		(14)
Net Assets at Beginning of Year		17,505		190
NET ASSETS AT END OF YEAR	\$	20,520	\$	176

elopment ervices	ironmental ervices	Gol	f Course	Re	ecycling	 Total
\$ 48,546	\$ 1,076	\$	14,436	\$	5,094	\$ 69,979
-	34,309		1,329		14,371	55,547
200	 758		7		1,011	 2,073
 48,746	 36,143		15,772		20,476	 127,599
26,821	26,582		8,953		18,981	83,529
-	-		-		-	351
25,990	5,509		1,254		522	34,482
247	 7,405		503		1,059	 9,712
53,058	 39,496		10,710		20,562	 128,074
 (4,312)	 (3,353)		5,062		(86)	 (47
741	4,219		945		335	6,61
-	7		-		564	57
-	(899)		-		-	(1,26
-	-		-		(69)	(6
 -	 1,987		-		127	 2,11
741	 5,314		945		957	 7,97
(3,571)	1,961		6,007		871	7,49
-	-		-		-	77
10	165		442		41	66
1,208	28		395		3	1,63
 (410)	 (211)		(1,620)		(170)	 (2,42
(2,763)	1,943		5,224		745	8,150
5,694	 115,961		23,890		7,584	 170,82
\$ 2,931	\$ 117,904	\$	29,114	\$	8,329	\$ 178,97

#### NONMAJOR BUSINESS-TYPE FUNDS - ENTERPRISE COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS Year Ended June 30, 2007 ( In Thousands )

	A	irports	City	Store
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Receipts from Customers and Users	\$	5,619	\$	823
Receipts from Interfund Services Provided		2		4
Payments to Suppliers		(1,232)		(856)
Payments to Employees		(1,044)		-
Payments for Interfund Services Used		(746)		(4)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES		2,599		(33)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Transfers In		8		-
Transfers from Governmental Funds		-		-
Transfers to Governmental Funds		(9)		-
Operating Grants Received		-		-
Payments for Advances and Deposits				-
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR)				
NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(1)		-
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Proceeds from Capital Contributions		735		-
Acquisition of Capital Assets		(928)		-
Principal Payments on Capital Leases		-		-
Interest Paid on Long-Term Debt		-		-
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) CAPITAL				
AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(193)		-
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Interest and Dividends Received on Investments		342		2
NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES		342		2
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		2,747		(31)
		5 000		
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		5,629		103
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	\$	8,376	\$	72
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash				
Provided by (Used For) Operating Activities:				
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	2,230	\$	(16)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to				
Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities:				
Depreciation		497		1
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:				
(Increase) Decrease in Receivables:				
Accounts - Net		(14)		-
From Other Funds		-		-
(Increase) Decrease in Inventories		-		(22)
(Increase) Decrease in in Prepaid Expenses		-		-
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable		(97)		4
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Wages and Benefits		6		-
Increase (Decrease) in Other Accrued Liabilities		(60)		-
Increase (Decrease) in Unearned Revenue		-		-
Increase (Decrease) in Contract Deposits		-		-
Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences		37		-
Increase (Decrease) in Estimated Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care		-		-
Increase (Decrease) in Net Pension Obligation		-		-
Other Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses)		-		-
Total Adjustments		369		(17)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	2,599	\$	(33)

Development Services	Environmental Services	Golf Course	Recycling	Total
\$ 33,017 16,087 (8,970)	\$	\$ 15,752 - (3,286)	\$ 18,908 1,640 (6,693)	\$ 110,112 20,840 (34,686)
(44,204) (602)	(13,899) (3,159)	(5,874) (1,030)	(10,319) (2,647)	(75,340) (8,188)
(4,672)	8,393	5,562	889_	12,738
10 1,208	165 28	442	41 3	666 1,239
(399)	(211) 7	(1,620)	(170) 554	(2,409) 561
	(5)			(5)
819	(16)	(1,178)	428	52
- (217)	- (1,539)	- (2,273)	-	735 (4,957)
-			(1,045)	(1,045)
(217)	(1,539)	(2,273)	(1,116)	(5,338)
784_	4,088	907_	324	6,447
784	4,088	907	324	6,447
(3,286)	10,926	3,018	525	13,899
18,150	73,703	15,745	7,557	120,887
\$ 14,864	\$ 84,629	\$ 18,763	\$ 8,082	\$ 134,786
\$ (4,312)	\$ (3,353)	\$ 5,062	_\$ (86)	\$ (475)
247	7,405	503	1,059	9,712
(28) 73	1,200	-	(153)	1,005 73
-	- 14	-	- - 1	(22)
(1) (240)	(537)	(26)	(21)	14 (917)
(281)	(44)	14	(39)	(344) (60)
313	- (230)	- (20)	- 98	313
(448)	(174)	(20) 29	98 (98)	(152) (654)
- 5	2,124 1	-	- 1	2,124 7
	1,987		127	2,114
(360)	11,746	500	975	13,213
\$ (4,672)	\$ 8,393	\$ 5,562	\$ 889	\$ 12,738

This Page Left Intentionally Blank

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

This Page Left Intentionally Blank - Back of Divider Page

# INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City, or to other governmental units and/or funds.

# **CITY OF SAN DIEGO**

### CENTRAL GARAGE AND MACHINE SHOP

This fund was established to account for the acquisition, replacement, maintenance and fueling of the City's motive equipment (excluding fire and police vehicles).

#### CENTRAL STORES

This fund was established to provide centralized storeroom services to all City departments.

#### PUBLISHING SERVICES

This fund was established to provide printing and reproduction services to all City departments.

#### SELF INSURANCE

This fund was established to account for self insurance activities, including worker's compensation and long-term disability programs for employees. Revenues are derived from rates charged to departments as a percentage of payroll. This fund also accounts for the public liability reserve, which was established for the purpose of paying claims in excess of annual appropriations.

### SPECIAL ENGINEERING

This fund was established to provide project planning, design, engineering systems management and support, and construction management and inspection services for water and wastewater capital improvements.

#### MISCELLANEOUS INTERNAL SERVICE

This fund accounts for various administrative activities including risk management administration, administration and operation of various employee related programs such as unused compensatory time, unused sick leave and unemployment insurance, and citywide training. Revenues are derived from rates or fees charged to the departments for specific services rendered.

## **BLENDED COMPONENT UNIT**

## SAN DIEGO DATA PROCESSING CORPORATION

This fund accounts for the operations of the San Diego Data Processing Corporation, Inc. (SDDPC). SDDPC was formed for the purpose of providing data processing services to public agencies, primarily the City of San Diego, which is the sole member of SDDPC. SDDPC also provides telecommunication services to the City. Rates are charged for the various services provided as per operating agreements and are subject to change each year.

#### INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2007 (In Thousands)

		City of Sa	n Diego	
	Ga	Central rage and hine Shop		entral Stores
ASSETS				
Cash and Investments	\$	50,821	\$	2,586
Receivables:				
Accounts - Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles (Self Insurance \$949)		422		184
Claims - Net		2		
Contributions		-		
Accrued Interest		-		
Inventories		-		2,077
Prepaid Expenses		484		
Restricted Cash and Investments		-		
Capital Assets - Non-Depreciable		-		
Capital Assets - Depreciable		55,950		135
TOTAL ASSETS		107,679		4,983
IABILITIES				
Accounts Payable		4,001		2,50
Accrued Wages and Benefits		446		3
Interest Accrued on Long-Term Debt		84		
Long-Term Debt Due Within One Year		3,491		2
Due to Other Funds		-		
Unearned Revenue		-		
Compensated Absences		915		30
Liability Claims		-		
Capital Lease Obligations		4,660		
Net Pension Obligation		1,955		23
TOTAL LIABILITIES		15,552		2,82
NET ASSETS				
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt		48,416		13
Unrestricted		43,711		2,02
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$	92,127	\$	2,16

Total	 San Diego Data Processing Corporation		Miscellaneous Internal Service		Special Engineering		Self Insurance		Publishing Services	
112,079	\$ 3,511	\$	13,733	\$	3,248	\$	36,997	\$	1,183	\$
6,736	5,957		1		-		162		10	
10	-		-		-		8		-	
251	-		251		-		-		-	
74	-		49		23		-		1	
2,081	4		-		-		-		-	
2,596	2,112		-		-		-		-	
140	140		-		-		-		-	
1,984	1,984		-		-		-		-	
65,519	 8,722		-		236				476	
191,470	 22,430		14,034		3,507		37,167		1,670	
14,193	4,131		218		359		2,228		754	
3,028	586		1,372		423		128		36	
84	-		-		-		-		-	
42,985	1,038		1,846		431		36,113		46	
1,400	-		-		-		-		1,400	
82	82		-		-		-		-	
4,404	181		2,746		463		-		69	
177,384	-		-		-		177,384		-	
4,660	-		-		-		-		-	
6,316	 -		982		2,836		-		309	
254,536	 6,018		7,164		4,512		215,853		2,614	
59,969	10,706		-		236		-		476	
(123,035	 5,706		6,870		(1,241)		(178,686)		(1,420)	
(63,066	\$ 16,412	\$	6,870	\$	(1,005)	\$	(178,686)	\$	(944)	\$

#### INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 ( In Thousands )

		City of S	San Diego	)
	Central Garage and Machine Shu Mach	rage and		Central Stores
OPERATING REVENUES				
Charges for Services	\$	2,412	\$	28,359
Usage Fees		46,442		-
Other		421		213
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES		49,275		28,572
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Benefit and Claim Payments		-		-
Maintenance and Operations		29,060		1,467
Cost of Materials Issued		-		28,355
Administration		1,659		56
Depreciation		13,249		27
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		43,968		29,905
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		5,307		(1,333)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
Earnings on Investments		2,164		25
Gain (Loss) on Sale/Retirement of Capital Assets		945		-
Debt Service Interest Expense		(306)		-
Other		46		-
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		2,849		25
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS		8,156		(1,308)
Transfers from Other Funds		454		3
Transfers from Governmental Funds		1,365		1
Transfers to Other Funds		(8,765)		-
Transfers to Governmental Funds		(926)		(33)
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS		284		(1,337)
Net Assets at Beginning of Year		91,843		3,497
NET ASSETS AT END OF YEAR	\$	92,127	\$	2,160

lishing rvices	In	Self surance	Special gineering	h	cellaneous nternal Service	Pro	n Diego Data ocessing rporation	 Total
\$ 4,400	\$	46,067	\$ 18,327	\$	23,692	\$	41,940	\$ 165,197
-		-	-		-		-	46,442
 11		1,743	 		4		1,234	 3,616
 4,401		47,810	 18,327	. <u> </u>	23,696		43,174	 215,255
-		58,756	-		10,087		-	68,843
4,564		-	11,069		-		-	46,160
-		-	-		-		-	28,355
352		-	8,323		7,774		37,858	56,022
 151		-	 43		-		3,175	 16,645
 5,067		58,756	 19,435		17,861		41,033	 216,025
 (666)		(10,946)	 (1,108)		5,835		2,141	 (770)
(24)		1,798	130		473		282	4,848
-		-	-		-		(2)	943
-		-	-		-		-	(306)
 -			 2		-		11	 49
 (24)		1,798	 132		473		281	 5,534
(690)		(9,148)	(976)		6,308		2,422	4,764
2		-	4		-		-	463
24		754	-		-		-	2,144
-		-	-		-		-	(8,765)
 (31)		(1,798)	 (384)		(402)			 (3,574)
(695)		(10,192)	(1,356)		5,906		2,422	(4,968)
 (249)		(168,494)	 351		964		13,990	 (58,098)
\$ (944)	\$	(178,686)	\$ (1,005)	\$	6,870	\$	16,412	\$ (63,066)

#### INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (In Thousands)

			f San Diego			
	Ga	Central rage and hine Shop		Central Stores		blishing ervices
ASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Receipts from Customers and Users		45,924	\$	29,118	\$	4,336
Receipts from Interfund Services Provided		3,058		35		74
Payments to Suppliers		(14,614)		(26,687)		(1,443)
Payments to Employees		(12,566)		(1,370)		(1,536)
Payments for Interfund Services Used	·	(455)		(146)		(272)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES		21,347		950		1,159
ASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Transfers In		454		3		2
Transfers from Governmental Funds		1,365		-		24
Transfers Out		(8,765)		-		-
Transfers to Governmental Funds		(926)		(33)		(31)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(7,872)		(30)		(5)
ASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Proceeds from Contracts, Notes, and Loans		1,488		-		-
Acquisition of Capital Assets		(9,274)		-		-
Proceeds from the Sale of Capital Assets		1,570		-		-
Principal Payments on Capital Leases		(4,529)		-		-
Interest Paid on Long-Term Debt		(360)		-		-
	·	(000)				
NET CASH USED FOR CAPITAL						
AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(11,105)		-		-
ASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Interest and Dividends Received on Investments		2,164		25		(25)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) INVESTING ACTIVITIES		2,164		25		(25)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		4,534		945		1,129
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		46,287		1,641		54
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	\$	50,821	\$	2,586	\$	1,183
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash						
Provided by (Used For) Operating Activities:						
Operating Income (Loss)	. \$	5,307	\$	(1,333)	\$	(666
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		• •
Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities:						
Depreciation		13,249		27		151
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:						
(Increase) Decrease in Receivables:						
Accounts - Net		(346)		581		9
Claims - Net		7		-		-
Contributions		-		-		-
(Increase) Decrease in Inventories		-		684		-
(Increase) Decrease in Prepaid Expenses		112		-		-
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable		2,436		990		265
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Wages and Benefits		(17)		(2)		(1
Increase (Decrease) in Due to Other Funds		-		-		1,400
Increase (Decrease) in Unearned Revenue		-		-		-
Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences		551		2		1
Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences		-		-		-
Increase (Decrease) in Net Pension Obligation		2		- 1		-
Other Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses)		46		-		-
Total Adjustments		16,040		2,283		1,825
			¢		\$	
IET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	21,347	\$	950	\$	1,159

Self Insurance	Special gineering	1	cellaneous nternal Service	Pre	Diego Data ocessing rporation	 Total
\$ 47,892	\$ 4,342	\$	23,634	\$	41,431	\$ 196,677
(29,470)	13,988 2,880		(69)		- (15,830)	17,155 (85,233)
(23,407)	(22,049)		(18,287)		(23,826)	(103,041)
-	 (352)		-		-	 (1,225)
(4,985)	 (1,191)		5,278		1,775	 24,333
-	4		-		-	463
754	-		-		-	2,143
- (1.709)	- (294)		-		-	(8,765)
(1,798)	 (384)		(402)		<u> </u>	 (3,574)
(1,044)	 (380)		(402)			 (9,733)
_	-		-			1,488
-	-		-		(2,461)	(11,735)
-	-		-		1	1,571
-	-		-		-	(4,529)
-	 -		-		-	 (360)
	 				(2,460)	 (13,565)
1,798	142		474		282	4,860
1,798	 142		474		282	 4,860
(4,231)	 (1,429)		5,350		(403)	 5,895
	4,677		8,383		4,054	106,324
41,228						
\$ 36,997	\$ 3,248	\$	13,733	\$	3,651	\$ 112,219
\$ (10,946)	\$ (1,108)	\$	5,835	\$	2,141	\$ (770)
-	43		-		3,175	16,645
81	1		4		(1,720)	(1,390)
-	-		-		-	7
-	-		(66)		А	(66)
-	- 1		-		4 (1,076)	688 (963)
(5,141)	(3)		(108)		(831)	(2,392)
6	(55)		(711)		(1)	(781)
-	-		-		-	1,400
-					(23)	(23)
-	(74)		381		98	959
11,015	- 2		- (57)		- 7	11,015
-	 2		(57)		1	 (45 49
5,961	 (83)		(557)		(366)	25,103

This Page Left Intentionally Blank

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

This Page Left Intentionally Blank - Back of Divider Page

# FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government.

The resources of fiduciary funds are not available to support the City's programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

# PENSION AND EMPLOYEE SAVINGS TRUST FUNDS

## CITY EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

The City Employees' Retirement System ("CERS") fund is under the control of the Retirement Board of Administration. It is a defined benefit plan, whereby funds are accumulated from contributions from both the City and employees, plus earnings from fund investments. Disbursements are made for retirements, disability and death benefit payments, and refunds.

### RETIREE HEALTH INSURANCE TRUST FUND

Retiree Health Insurance Trust fund is a separate trust fund used solely for providing retiree health benefits. It is maintained by the Retirement Board of Administration to reflect all amounts the City and retirees contribute to pay retiree health benefits.

#### SUPPLEMENTAL PENSION SAVINGS PLAN

The Supplemental Pension Savings Plan Fund is a defined contribution plan, where benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan by both the City and employees, plus investment earnings. Disbursements are made from the fund for terminations, retirements, allowable yearly withdrawals, and loans.

401(k) PLAN

The City's 401(k) Plan Fund is a defined contribution plan, where benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan by City employees, plus investment earnings. Disbursements are made from the fund for terminations, retirements, allowable yearly withdrawals, and loans.

## AGENCY FUNDS

These funds were established to account for assets held by the City as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments and/or funds, including federal and state income taxes withheld from employees, parking citation revenues, and employee benefit plans.

#### FIDUCIARY FUNDS PENSION AND EMPLOYEE SAVINGS TRUST FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS June 30, 2007 (In Thousands)

	City Employees' Retirement System	Post-Employment Healthcare Benefit Plan	Supplemental Pension Savings Plan	401(k) Plan	Total
ASSETS					
Cash or Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$ 490	\$ 5,044	\$ 154	\$ 809	\$ 6,497
Cash with Custodian/Fiscal Agent	527,795	-	-	-	527,795
Investments at Fair Value:					
Short Term Investments	52,999	-	-	-	52,999
Domestic Fixed Income Securities (Bonds)	810,554	-	-	-	810,554
International Fixed Income Securities (Bonds)	176,388	-	-	-	176,388
Domestic Equity Securities (Stocks)	2,021,800	-	-	-	2,021,800
International Equity Securities (Stocks)	900,229	-	-	-	900,229
Mortgages	3	-	-	-	3
Real Estate Equity and Real Estate Securities	440,972	-	-	-	440,972
Defined Contribution Investments	-	-	519,857	225,604	745,461
Receivables:					
Contributions	26,273	-	1,819	-	28,092
Accrued Interest	13,731	11	-	-	13,742
Loans	-	-	20,947	8,470	29,417
Securities Sold	79,154	-	-	-	79,154
Prepaid Expenses	63	-	-	-	63
Securities Lending Collateral	854,631	-	-	-	854,631
Capital Assets - Depreciable	201				201
TOTAL ASSETS	5,905,283	5,055	542,777	234,883	6,687,998
LIABILITIES					
Accounts Payable	7,965	-	-	-	7,965
Accrued Wages and Benefits	572	-	-	-	572
DROP Liabilities	271,596	-	-	-	271,596
Net Pension Obligation	776	-	-	-	776
Securities Lending Obligations	854,631	-	-		854,631
Securities Purchased	88,022				88,022
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,223,562				1,223,562
NET ASSETS					
Held in Trust for Pension Benefits and Other Purposes	\$ 4,681,721	\$ 5,055	\$ 542,777	\$ 234,883	\$ 5,464,436

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS Year Ended June 30, 2007 (In Thousands)

ADDITIONS					
Employer Contributions	\$ 204,117	\$ 25,782	\$ 23,372	\$ -	\$ 253,271
Employee Contributions	51,323	-	23,360	27,025	101,708
Retiree Contributions	-	6,727	-	-	6,727
Earnings on Investments:					
Investment Income	709,811	(55)	60,745	29,041	799,542
Investment Expense		 -	 -	 -	 (21,682)
Net Investment Income	 688,129	 (55)	 60,745	 29,041	 777,860
Securities Lending:					
Gross Earnings	35,580	-	-	-	35,580
Borrower Rebates	(33,216)	-	-	-	(33,216)
Administrative Expenses (Lending Agent)		 -	 <u> </u>	 -	 (633)
Net Securities Lending Income	 1,731	 	 -	 -	 1,731
Other Income:					
Other Income	 619	 -	 -	 -	 619
TOTAL OPERATING ADDITIONS	 945,919	 32,454	 107,477	 56,066	 1,141,916
DEDUCTIONS					
DROP Interest Expense	20,263	-	-	-	20,263
Benefit and Claim Payments	238,657	27,119	44,057	17,568	327,401
Administration	 19,103	 <u> </u>	 (373)	 -	 18,730
TOTAL OPERATING DEDUCTIONS	 278,023	 27,119	 43,684	 17,568	 366,394
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	667,896	5,335	63,793	38,498	775,522
Net Assets at Beginning of Year	 4,013,825	 (280)	 478,984	 196,385	 4,688,914
NET ASSETS AT END OF YEAR	\$ 4,681,721	\$ 5,055	\$ 542,777	\$ 234,883	\$ 5,464,436

# FIDUCIARY FUNDS AGENCY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS June 30, 2007 (In Thousands)

	ployee enefits	Misc	Other ellaneous lgency	Total		
ASSETS						
Cash and Investments	\$ 8,071	\$	24,388	\$	32,459	
Receivables:						
Accounts - Net	74		2		76	
Accrued Interest	11		15		26	
Restricted Cash and Investments	 		8,312		8,312	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 8,156	\$	32,717	\$	40,873	
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable	\$ -	\$	1,523	\$	1,523	
Deposits/Advances from Others	-		13,300		13,300	
Trust Liabilities	 8,156		17,894		26,050	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 8,156	\$	32,717	\$	40,873	

#### FIDUCIARY FUNDS AGENCY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (In Thousands)

		eginning Balance	A	dditions	De	eductions		Inding alance
Employee Benefits								
ASSETS								
Cash or Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	7,241	\$	65,773	\$	64,943	\$	8,071
Receivables:								
Accounts - Net		80		925		931		74
Accrued Interest		77		152		148		11
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	7,328	\$	66,850	\$	66,022	\$	8,156
LIABILITIES	•	7.000		70.040		70.040	•	0.450
Trust Liabilities	\$	7,328	\$	78,840	\$	78,012	\$	8,156
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	7,328	\$	78,840	\$	78,012	\$	8,156
Other Miscellaneous Agency								
ASSETS								
Cash and Investments	\$	29,637	\$	694,931	\$	700,180	\$	24,388
Receivables:								
Accounts - Net		2		1		1		2
Accrued Interest		13		181		179		15
Restricted Cash and Investments		14,273		2,941		8,902		8,312
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	43,925	\$	698,054	\$	709,262	\$	32,717
LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$	1,524	\$	1	\$	1,523
Due to Component Unit		3,578		-		3,578		-
Deposits/Advances from Others		18,224		1,836		6,760		13,300
Trust Liabilities		22,123		675,214		679,443		17,894
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	43,925	\$	678,574	\$	689,782	\$	32,717
TOTAL AGENCY FUNDS								
ASSETS								
Cash and Investments	\$	36,878	\$	760,704	\$	765,123	\$	32,459
Receivables:								
Accounts - Net		82		926		932		76
Accrued Interest		20		333		327		26
Restricted Cash and Investments		14,273		2,941		8,902		8,312
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	51,253	\$	764,904	\$	775,284	\$	40,873
LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$	1,524	\$	1	\$	1,523
Due to Component Unit		3,578		-		3,578		-
Deposits/Advances from Others		18,224		1,836		6,760		13,300
Trust Liabilities		29,451		754,054		757,455		26,050
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	51,253	\$	757,414	\$	767,794	\$	40,873

STATISTICAL SECTION [NOT AUDITED]

This Page Left Intentionally Blank - Back of Divider Page

				Fiscal	Year			
	20	-	 2003	 2004		2005	 2006	 2007
Governmental Activities	(rest	ated)						
Governmental Activities								
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	\$3	,013,292	\$ 3,106,168	\$ 3,200,262	\$	3,600,989	\$ 3,472,531	\$ 3,461,127
Restricted for:								
Capital Projects		231,964	250,452	274,664		90,390	273,575	300,288
Debt Service		70,029	154,926	74,268		37,522	-	-
Low-Moderate Income Housing		-	-	-		-	64,493	81,739
Permanent		15,860	11,857	13,104		13,908	14,568	16,509
Other		137,071	78,743	129,686		104,488	96,537	100,159
Unrestricted		5,450	 (53,988)	 (146,793)		(215,719)	 (140,126)	 (19,999)
Total Governmental Activities Net Assets	3	,473,666	 3,548,158	 3,545,191		3,631,578	 3,781,578	 3,939,823
Business-type Activities								
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	2	,348,754	2,624,846	2,818,690		2,863,136	2,867,469	2,998,848
Restricted for:								
Debt Service		70,011	72,567	3,674		3,517	2,970	2,977
Other		24,385	25,275	26,735		29,412	32,115	34,732
Unrestricted		616,624	 373,143	 317,358		271,943	 308,575	 343,280
Total Business-type Activities Net Assets	3	,059,774	 3,095,831	 3,166,457		3,168,008	 3,211,129	 3,379,837
Primary Government								
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt Restricted for:	5	,362,046	5,731,014	6,018,952		6,464,125	6,340,000	6,459,975
Capital Projects		231,964	250,452	274,664		90,390	273,575	300,288
Debt Service		140,040	230,432	77,942		41,039	2,970	2,977
Low-Moderate Income Housing		140,040	221,495	11,942		41,039	64,493	81,739
Permanent		- 15,860	- 11,857	13,104		13,908	04,493 14,568	16,509
Other		161,456	104,018	156,421		133,900	128,652	134,891
Unrestricted		622,074	319,155	170,565		56,224	120,052	323,281
Onesticled		022,014	 515,100	 170,000		50,224	 100,449	 JZJ,201
Total Primary Government Net Assets	\$ 6	,533,440	\$ 6,643,989	\$ 6,711,648	\$	6,799,586	\$ 6,992,707	\$ 7,319,660

Table 1

Table 2	

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)						
	2002	2003	Fisc 2004	al Year 2005	2006	2007
	(restated)	·		·		
Expenses						
Governmental Activities	<b>A</b> ( <b>A</b> ( <b>B A</b> )	<b>A A A A A A A A A A</b>		<b>•</b> • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	<b>A AFAAAFAAAAAAAAAAAAA</b>	<b>A A A A A A A A A A</b>
General Government and Support	\$ 181,722	\$ 204,072	\$ 221,752	\$ 247,038	\$ 252,295	\$ 270,190
Public Safety - Police	298,176	334,461	361,501	372,230	370,990	376,581
Public Safety - Fire and Life Safety and Homeland Security	139,699	147,897	173,311	186,203	194,074	209,902
Parks, Recreation, Culture and Leisure	181,762	202,567	204,736	218,601	237,375	229,500
Transportation Sanitation and Health	153,002 57,227	154,603 37,615	197,152 44,925	220,095 45,088	200,883 48,774	272,780 43,780
Neighborhood Services	116,397	95,267	100,568	43,000	111,886	99,870
Debt Service:	110,007	55,207	100,000	03,102	111,000	55,070
Interest	59,952	68,410	71,588	73,381	71,109	84,920
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	1,187,937	1,244,892	1,375,533	1,451,798	1,487,386	1,587,523
Business-type Activities						
Airports	3,085	4,281	7,384	3,196	4,100	3,755
City Store	731	731	858	808	810	843
Development Services	46,920	47,278	52,970	60,240	57,893	53,924
Environmental Services	35,684	40,306	40,602	43,711	44,493	40,138
Golf Course	6,433	6,963	7,572	8,585	9,563	10,690
Recycling	16,161	19,141	19,497	21,426	21,853	19,754
Sewer Utility	277,833	352,075	312,929	348,327	319,274	313,716
Water Utility	255,160	267,855	270,940	300,665	302,996	313,256
Total Business-type Activities Expenses	642,007	738,630	712,752	786,958	760,982	756,076
Total Primary Government Expenses	1,829,944	1,983,522	2,088,285	2,238,756	2,248,368	2,343,599
Program Revenues						
Governmental Activities						
Charges for Services:	72,067	80,782	81,167	100,887	96,345	107,257
General Government and Support Public Safety - Police	18.812	21,498	23,699	23,496	24,256	27,960
Public Safety - Fire and Life Safety and Homeland Security	16,492	21,498	19,940	23,490	18,572	16,548
Parks, Recreation, Culture and Leisure	20,136	9,187	12,466	35,314	51,196	52,656
Transportation	35,673	44,020	47,709	30,625	52,375	49,809
Sanitation and Health	7,571	9,009	9,087	8,651	10,697	10,224
Neighborhood Services	21,801	17,748	20,033	48,623	25,440	39,412
Operating Grants and Contributions	99,541	95,882	95,202	109,268	101,723	84,745
Capital Grants and Contributions	136,461	115,748	91,981	134,702	100,564	81,169
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues	428,554	414,888	401,284	512,947	481,167	469,780
Business-type Activities						
Charges for Services:	0.040	0.404	0.007		4.005	E 00E
Airports	3,346	3,461	3,827	4,151	4,385	5,635
City Store Development Services	694 46,860	771 46.656	852 58,412	807 61,299	837 55.011	827 48,746
Environmental Services	33,315	36,889	38,377	41,944	39,850	36,143
Golf Course	10,143	10,311	11,911	12,625	13,119	15,772
Recycling	15,870	17,640	16,169	19,883	21,345	20,476
Sewer Utility	233,980	256,947	267,294	288,972	290,568	304,749
Water Utility	213,577	222,462	239,533	267,649	280,567	310,292
Operating Grants and Contributions	5,981	3,616	1,483	2,028	1,909	1,203
Capital Grants and Contributions	170,943	143,444	133,586	63,830	77,602	141,419
Total Business-type Activities Program Revenues	734,710	742,197	771,444	763,188	785,193	885,262
Total Primary Government Program Revenues	1,163,264	1,157,085	1,172,728	1,276,135	1,266,360	1,355,042
Net (Expense)/Revenue						
Governmental Activities	(759,383)	(830,004)	(974,249)	(938,851)	(1,006,219)	(1,117,743)
Business-type Activities	92,703	3,567	58,692	(23,770)	24,211	129,186
Total Primary Government Net Expense	(666,680)	(826,437)	(915,557)	(962,621)	(982,008)	(988,557)

# City of San Diego Changes in Net Assets (Unaudited) Last Six Fiscal Years (In Thousands) (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)	Fiscal Year											
		2002		2003		2004		2005		2006		2007
		(restated)										
General Revenues and												
Other Changes in Net Assets												
Governmental Activities												
Property Taxes	\$	222,778	\$	248,659	\$	278,804	\$	329,659	\$	459,777	\$	526,722
Transient Occupancy Taxes		95,175		105,263		113,209		120,792		136,803		154,810
Other Local Taxes		106,723		98,783		139,748		152,577		148,001		157,941
Developer Contributions and Fees		36,879		39,577		33,363		47,063		53,502		62,693
Grants and Contributions not Restricted to Specific Programs		93,824		91,556		101,086		141,934		64,039		5,339
Sales Taxes		233,864		223,594		238,616		197,198		227,017		263,399
Investment Income		90,073		84,448		57,537		29,473		40,108		76,292
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets		480		92		467		684		1,214		6,546
Permanent Fund Contributions		280		870		250		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		6,983		6,243		4,396		5,232		21,227		25,671
Transfers		47,953		5,411		3,806		626		4,530		(3,425)
Total Governmental Activities General Revenues, Contributions, and		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>						
Transfers		935,012		904,496		971,282		1,025,238		1,156,218		1,275,988
Business-type Activities												
Investment Income		34,918		31,760		10,289		17,132		16,938		30,713
Gain/(Loss) on Sale of Capital Assets		-		(1,761)		8		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		(1,036)		7,902		5,443		8,815		6,502		5,384
Transfers		(47,953)		(5,411)		(3,806)		(626)		(4,530)		3,425
Total Business-type Activities General Revenues and Transfers		(14,071)		32,490		11,934		25,321		18,910		39,522
Total Primary Government General Revenues, Permanent Fund												
Contributions, and Transfers		920,941		936,986		983,216		1,050,559		1,175,128		1,315,510
Change in Net Assets												
Governmental Activities		175,629		74,492		(2,967)		86,387		150,000		158,245
Business-type Activities		78,632		36.057		70,626		1,551		43,121		168,708
		i						<u>/</u>		<u>,</u>		
Total Primary Government Change in Net Assets	\$	254,261	\$	110,549	\$	67,659	\$	87,938	\$	193,121	\$	326,953

## City of San Diego

## Fund Balances of Governmental Funds (Unaudited)

Last Ten Fiscal Years (In Thousands)

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

			Fis	cal Ye	ar	
		1998	 1999 <sup>1</sup>		2000	 2001 <sup>1</sup>
General Fund:						
Reserved	\$	14,497	\$ 16,663	\$	21,898	\$ 22,128
Unreserved		25,937	 22,988		32,508	 55,579
Total General Fund		40,434	 39,651		54,406	 77,707
All Other Governmental Funds:						
Reserved		311,622	490,696		593,837	445,752
Unreserved, reported in:						
Special Revenue Funds		108,323	142,000		119,272	137,040
Debt Service Funds		-	575		562	1,194
Capital Projects Funds		173,728	653,505		357,522	320,563
Permanent Funds		-	 -		-	 -
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$	593,673	\$ 1,286,776	\$	1,071,193	\$ 904,549

# Footnote:

<sup>1</sup> Amounts have been subsequently restated in future periods.

# Table 3

					Fisca	l Year				
_	2002 <sup>1</sup>	2003		2004		2005		2006		 2007
\$	26,298 43,705	\$	21,482 45,570	\$	18,550 42,672	\$	17,501 43,547	\$	21,288 40,353	\$ 35,858 96,190
	70,003		67,052		61,222		61,048		61,641	 132,048
	574,974		386,652		277,968		372,806		401,019	504,693
	202,651 3,740 283,250 -		185,219 864 275,591 461		305,909 1,650 287,259 879		284,818 13 279,866 1,063		267,576 217 406,130 656	 350,096 29 377,648 1,249
\$	1,064,615	\$	848,787	\$	873,665	\$	938,566	\$	1,075,598	\$ 1,233,715

#### City of San Diego

#### Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds (Unaudited)

Last Ten Fiscal Years (In Thousands)

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

		Fiscal Year								
		1998		1999		2000		2001		2002
Devenues										
Revenues: Property Taxes	\$	150,409	\$	160,658	\$	179,048	\$	201,801	\$	223,100
Special Assessments (1)	φ	17,573	φ	19,630	φ	18,457	φ	18,775	φ	223,100
Sales Taxes (2)		174,615		179,030		198,622		221,724		22,491
In-Lieu Sales Taxes (3)		-		-		-		221,724		- 221,000
Transient Occupancy Taxes (4)				-						
Other Local Taxes		155,587		161,928		171,141		193,177		202,364
Licenses and Permits		30,735		34,854		30,381		34,803		25,194
Fines, Forfeitures and Penalties		17,949		25,541		31,141		32,902		25,854
Revenue from Use of Money and Property		97,996		112,558		120,966		108,345		97,213
Revenue from Federal Agencies		108,131		124,191		52,889		40,136		42,635
Revenue from Other Agencies		126,326		166,334		214,559		222,868		171,681
Revenue from Private Sources		40,906		50,394		82,382		77,583		140,841
Charges for Current Services		78,209		82,427		95,000		101,781		110,418
Other Revenue		23,640		10,544		15,462		11,544		10,074
Total Revenues		1,022,076		1,128,096		1,210,048		1,265,439		1,293,248
Expenditures:										
Current:		70.045				00.054		05 000		400 400
General Government		73,045		77,751		83,351		95,992		189,128
Community and Economic Development (5)		13,967		14,740		16,289		27,830		-
Public Safety - Police (5)		311,844		356,358		395,942		406,580		288,809
Public Safety - Fire and Life Safety and Homeland Security		-		-		-		-		131,974
Libraries (7)		23,000		24,213		26,237		31,364		-
Parks, Recreation, Culture and Leisure		88,687		99,464		106,227		116,195		174,485
Public Works (8)		124,580		136,474		152,409		152,557		-
Housing and Community Development (9)		101,730		100,169		13,535		13,641		-
Public Transportation (6)		41		30		14		8		91,746
Sanitation and Health (6)		-		-		-		-		36,851
Neighborhood Services (6)		-		-		-		-		72,087
Employee Relations and Special Projects		6,908		7,207		7,761		8,426		-
Miscellaneous and Unallocated		2,802		2,505		1,914		1,371		-
Cost of Issuance, Bonds and Notes		34		10,386		360		4,054		-
Capital Projects		288,909		439,885		413,107		467,769		208,083
Debt Service:										
Principal Retirement		42,512		39,470		43,027		54,233		39,831
Interest		81,016		90,717		127,620		125,330		49,140
Arbitrage Rebate		-		-		-		-		-
Cost of Issuance		-		-		-		-		-
Total Expenditures		1,159,075		1,399,369		1,387,793		1,505,350		1,282,134
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		(136,999)		(271,273)		(177,745)		(239,911)		11,114
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Transfers In		8,572		4,424		5,286		7,130		6,338
Transfers Out		(14,911)		(18,932)		(32,476)		(28,013)		(16,749)
Transfer to Escrow Agent		(14,911)		( , ,		(32,470)		(20,013)		(10,749)
•		-		(64,137)		3,711		- 222		-
Contracts, Notes, and Loans Issued Bonds Issued				1 040 020		,		117,229		- 253,181
		-		1,042,238		23,459		117,229		2,622
Other Income Restatements		- 501		-		(23,063)		-		(104,144)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	(5,838)		963,593		(23,083)		96,568		141,248
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	(142,837)	\$	692,320	\$	(200,828)	\$	(143,343)	\$	152,362
Debt Service as a Percentage of Noncapital Expenditures		14.2%		13.6%		17.5%		17.3%		8.3%

Eootnotes:
 O The City began reporting Special Assessments separate from Property Taxes beginning with the fiscal year ended June 30, 1998.
 Phe City began reporting Sales Taxes separate from Other Local Taxes beginning with the fiscal year ended June 30, 1998.

(3) The City began reporting In-Lieu Sales Taxes separate from Sales Taxes beginning with the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005.

(4) The City began reporting Transient Occupancy Taxes separate from Other Local Taxes beginning with the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004.
 (5) Amounts reported as Public Safety - Police prior to the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002 includes Public Safety - Fire & Life Safety.

(6) Multiple classification adjustments were imposed as a result of implementation of GASB Statement No. 34.

Fiscal Year												
	2003	2004		2005		2006		2007				
\$	248 276	\$ 279,	090 \$	305 857	\$	457 008	\$	521 734				
φ	248,276			325,857	φ	457,908	φ	521,734				
	25,748		816	30,263		36,699		36,585				
	223,023	238,	430	197,198		227,017		264,587				
	-	440	-	48,220		45,433		450 574				
	-	113,		121,612		136,801		153,574				
	203,493	140,		152,576		148,001		158,046				
	29,268		592	40,724		42,117		41,425				
	26,679		870	33,906		35,441		42,932				
	86,789		268	77,514		89,438		117,552				
	56,851		493	66,283		43,570		79,735				
	136,359	154,		143,639		58,289		61,977				
	82,410		143	91,354		91,287		59,549				
	123,461	129,	350	138,794		127,121		159,877				
	10,594	10,	462	11,518		25,923		31,027				
	1,252,951	1,332,	298	1,479,458		1,565,045		1,728,600				
	402.000	400	000	000 700		000 550		007 404				
	193,980	198,	020 -	236,706		290,550		267,461				
	301,839	313,	387	347,359		408,474		376,762				
	141,967	152,		178,553		212,069		202,031				
	-		-	-		-		-				
	177,584	170,	163	180,327		216,038		182,197				
	-		-	-		-		-				
	-		-	-		-		-				
	89,653	117,		140,604		147,977		139,349				
	38,031	,	184	44,327		49,094		44,729				
	98,050	104,	205	102,235		112,080		85,544				
	-		-	-		-		-				
	-		-	-		-		-				
	-		-	-		-		-				
	229,496	174,	346	175,493		126,583		106,518				
	40.050	40	110	77.050		F2 202		CO 1CO				
	49,858		118	77,952		53,293		68,160				
	65,216		800	68,201		68,732		82,928				
	-		421	-		-		-				
	-		<u> </u>	-		-		5,145				
	1,385,674	1,391,	142	1,551,757		1,684,890		1,560,824				
	(132,723)	(58,	844)	(72,299)		(119,845)		167,776				
	11 660	-	272	10 634		6 075		0 500				
	11,660		373 474)	10,634		6,975		9,509				
	(8,676)		474) 122)	(2,366)		(1,784)		(3,546)				
	(53,974)		132) 507	(32,011)		-		(159,690)				
	3,891 89,340		507 169	5,435		13,873		13,003				
	,		168	152,056		217,797		182,328				
	8,237 (136,534)	3,	450 -	3,278		20,609		19,144				
	(86,056)	77,	 892	- 137,026		- 257,470	_	60,748				
\$	(218,779)	\$ 19,	048 \$	64,727	\$	137,625	\$	228,524				
	10.0%		9.7%	10.6%		7.8%		10.4%				

#### City of San Diego

Assessed Value and Estimated Value of Taxable Property (Unaudited)
Last Ten Fiscal Years (In Thousands)

			C	ity				_
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Secured	(	Jnsecured		Less: Exemptions (restated) <sup>4</sup>	Taxable Assessed Value (restated) ⁴		
1998	\$ 68,648,609	\$	5,337,916	\$	\$ (4,273,887)		69,712,638	
1999	75,788,751		5,852,822		(4,328,931)		77,312,642	
2000	82,195,239		6,347,101		(4,606,047)		83,936,293	
2001	89,259,317		6,838,926		(4,955,424)		91,142,819	
2002	96,534,652		6,959,602		(4,577,069)		98,917,185	
2003	105,602,893		7,230,861		(5,415,535)		107,418,219	
2004	115,116,772		6,842,254		(5,690,654)		116,268,372	
2005	128,611,940		7,191,819		(5,967,224)		129,836,535	
2006	124,598,322		7,063,201		(5,678,208)		125,983,315	3
2007	137,387,588		7,625,115		(5,861,380)		139,151,323	

#### Footnotes:

<sup>1</sup> Effective July 1, 1988, Assembly Bill 454, Chapter 921 eliminated the reporting of the unitary valuations pertaining to public utilities such as San Diego Gas and Electric and Pacific Telephone. In lieu of the property tax on these previously included assessed valuations, the City will receive from the State (through the County) an amount of unitary revenue based upon the unitary property tax received in the prior year.

<sup>2</sup> In 1978 the voters of the State of California passed Proposition 13, which limited property taxes to a total maximum rate of 1% based upon the assessed value of the property being taxed. Each year, the assessed value of property may be increased by an "inflation factor" (limited to a maximum increase of 2%). With few exceptions, property is only reassessed at the time that it is sold to a new owner. At that point, the new assessed value is reassessed at the purchase price of the property sold. The assessed valuation data shown above represents the only data currently available with respect to the actual market value of taxable property and is subject to the limitations described above.

<sup>3</sup> The City recognized a fluctuation in Taxable Assessed Value in fiscal year 2006 due to a change in the allocation method between the City & the Redevelopment Agency. This methodology change resulted from Management's decision to begin using an external source to calculate statistical information in conjunction with the implementation of GASB 44.

<sup>4</sup> In fiscal year 2006, the method used to calculate Taxable Assessed Value changed to include homeowner's exemptions. Prior to fiscal year 2006, homeowner's exemptions were not included in the calculation. Therefore, amounts for fiscal years 1998 through 2005 have been restated to include homeowner's exemptions.

Source: MuniServices, LLC, County of San Diego

		Redevelop	ment A	gency			-		
 Secured	Unsecured			Less: Exemptions (restated) ⁴		Taxable sessed Value (restated) <sup>4</sup>	Total Direct Tax Rate		
\$ 4,426,121	\$ 283,966		\$	(293,773)	\$	4,416,314		0.203%	
6,064,771		435,459		(346,763)		6,153,467		0.192%	
6,637,895		466,314		(403,072)		6,701,137		0.198%	
7,420,900		482,155		(394,372)		7,508,683		0.205%	
8,287,824		526,423		(456,942)		8,357,305		0.208%	
9,662,606		593,738		(480,455)		9,775,889		0.212%	
9,558,045		483,522		(531,458)		9,510,109		0.222%	
10,222,644		505,380		(573,561)		10,154,463		0.233%	
14,574,228		633,220		(691,376)		14,516,072	3	0.326%	
17,678,580		896,315		(930,793)		17,644,102		0.333%	

#### City of San Diego Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates (Unaudited) (\$1 Per \$100 of Assessed Value) Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Direct Rate	Overla	pping	
Fiscal Year Ended	Basic County/	City of		
June 30	City Rate	San Diego	Education	Total
1998	1.00000%	0.00840%	0.09930%	1.10770%
1999	1.00000%	0.00790%	0.09630%	1.10420%
2000	1.00000%	0.00760%	0.09580%	1.10340%
2001	1.00000%	0.00740%	0.09580%	1.10320%
2002	1.00000%	0.00730%	0.09580%	1.10310%
2003	1.00000%	0.00710%	0.09580%	1.10290%
2004	1.00000%	0.00680%	0.00000%	1.00680%
2005	1.00000%	0.00670%	0.00000%	1.00670%
2006	1.00000%	0.01165%	0.10085%	1.11250%
2007	1.00000%	0.01094%	0.08931%	1.10025%

Source: MuniServices, LLC, County of San Diego

# City of San Diego Principal Property Tax Payers (Unaudited) Current Year and Nine Years Ago (In Thousands)

Taxpayer	Faxable ssessed Value	Percent of Total City Taxable Assessed Value
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007		
Qualcomm, Inc. Kilroy Realty, LP Fashion Valley Mall, LLC Pfizer, Inc. San Diego Family Housing, LLC Irvine Co. Sea World, Inc. Manchester Resorts, LP Solar Turbines, Inc. Pacific Gateway, Ltd.	\$ 793,697 713,511 423,881 420,748 419,700 379,634 373,447 348,461 286,118 270,601	0.51% 0.46% 0.27% 0.27% 0.27% 0.24% 0.24% 0.24% 0.22% 0.18% 0.17%
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 1998		
Equitable Life Assurance Qualcomm, Inc. Hewlett-Packard Sony Corp of America Pacific Gateway, Ltd Sea World, Inc. Solar Turbines Pardee Construction Manchester Resorts, LP Miramar Ranch North	\$ 475,620 410,822 260,980 246,823 231,590 228,549 180,984 168,345 125,644 27,000	0.74% 0.64% 0.41% 0.38% 0.36% 0.26% 0.26% 0.20% 0.04%

Sources: 2006-07 MuniServices, LLC, and Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports

# City of San Diego Property Tax Levies and Collections (Unaudited) Last Ten Fiscal Years (In Thousands)

Fiscal Year	Taxes Levied for the Fiscal Year		Collected within the Fiscal Year of Levy			Coll	ections in	Total Collections to Date			
Ended June 30				Amount	Percent of Levy		Subsequent Years		Amount	Percent of Levy	
1998	\$	116,912	\$	114,311	97.78%	\$	3,118	\$	117,429	100.44%	
1999		127,846		124,267	97.20%		2,656		126,923	99.28%	
2000		141,963		137,859	97.11%		2,366		140,225	98.78%	
2001		155,060		150,900	97.32%		2,506		153,406	98.93%	
2002		167,077		163,357	97.77%		2,089		165,446	99.02%	
2003		181,687		175,943	96.84%		2,398		178,341	98.16%	
2004		199,630		191,224	95.79%		3,175		194,399	97.38%	
2005		227,422		213,173	93.73%		3,152		216,325	95.12%	
2006		255,211		240,895	94.39%		4,563		245,458	96.18%	
2007		272,983		257,034	94.16%		5,865		262,899	96.31%	

Source: County of San Diego

This Page Left Intentionally Blank

#### City of San Diego Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type (Unaudited)

Last Ten Fiscal Years (In Thousands)

	Governmental Activities												
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Arbitrage Liability		Capital Lease Obligations		Contracts Payable		Notes Payable		Loans				
1998	\$	-	\$	17,571	\$	1,013	\$ 107,351		\$	-			
1999		-		17,551		717		99,230		-			
2000		-		14,284		1,697		33,606		5,972			
2001		-		13,233		3,848		37,962		3,250			
2002		-		38,345		3,597		15,521		28,255			
2003		363		37,701		1,882		8,416		46,117			
2004		262		30,619		1,715		5,998		69,084			
2005		-		30,647		1,715		7,924		62,024			
2006		-		40,541		2,615		7,294		64,199			
2007		-		39,130		2,615		8,555		60,493			

	Business-Type Activities											
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Arbitrage Liability		Capital Lease Obligations		Notes Payable			Loans Payable	Line of Credit			
1998	\$	-	\$	10,242	\$	818,760	\$	100	\$	-		
1999		-		18,656		1,118,740		100		-		
2000		-		25,807		1,485,497		17,256		3,569		
2001		-		28,885		1,463,290		60,222		4,169		
2002*		-		7,612		63,786		-		-		
2003		1,812		6,465		-		69,093		-		
2004		221		5,008		-		67,054		-		
2005		213		3,521		-		63,803		-		
2006		193		2,051		-		91,247		-		
2007		224		1,006		280,830		101,316		-		

#### Footnotes:

Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

\*In fiscal year 2002, loans payable were reclassified as notes payable, and notes payable were reclassified as bond payable. (a) Ratio is calculated using assessed property values. Personal income data is not available.

(b) Ratio is calculated using population data.

Source: Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports

	Governmental Activities												
0	General bligation Bonds	Revenue Bonds/ Lease Revenue Bonds/ Certificates of Participation		Special Assessment/ Special Tax Bonds		Tax Allocation Bonds		Settl	acco ement cked Bonds	Total Governmental Activities			
\$	78,600	\$	213,801	\$	113,105	\$	109,445	\$	-	\$	640,886		
	74,255		446,885		72,690		164,215		-		875,543		
	68,700		448,000		70,550		171,101		-		813,910		
	63,595		434,365		128,545		222,751		-		907,549		
	58,095		609,235		125,955		275,471		-		1,154,474		
	52,165		609,785		123,130		283,310		-		1,162,869		
	45,775		591,620		140,545		314,333		-		1,199,951		
	14,530		571,285		137,305		415,778		-		1,241,208		
	12,690		549,850		133,605		514,845		105,400		1,431,039		
	10,705		521,210		145,625		502,804		102,700		1,393,837		

Revenue Bonds Payable		Total Business-Type Activities			Total Primary Government	Percentage of Assessed Value (a)		Debt Per Capita (b)		
\$	-	\$	829,102	\$	1,469,988	2	.07%	\$	1.20	
	-		1,137,496		2,013,039	2	.56%		1.60	
	-		1,532,129		2,346,039	2	.75%		1.84	
	-		1,556,566		2,464,115	2	.66%		1.97	
	1,433,465		1,504,863		2,659,337	2	.65%		2.12	
	1,612,200		1,689,570		2,852,439	2	.62%		2.24	
	1,731,825		1,804,108		3,004,059	2	.55%		2.32	
	1,698,060		1,765,597		3,006,805	2	.29%		2.30	
	1,662,705		1,756,196		3,187,235	2	.53%		2.43	
	1,469,060		1,852,436		3,246,273	2	.33%		2.47	

### City of San Diego Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding (Unaudited) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Oblig	General Obligation Bonds (Thousands)		Assessed Valuation (Thousands)		Percentage of Assessed Value (a)	Population	Debt Per Capita (b)	
1998	\$	78,600	\$	(restated) 69,712,638		0.11%	1,224,848	\$	64.17
1999		74,255		77,312,642		0.10%	1,254,281		59.20
2000		68,700		83,936,293		0.08%	1,277,168		53.79
2001		63,595		91,142,819		0.07%	1,250,700		50.85
2002		58,095		98,917,185		0.06%	1,255,742		46.26
2003		52,165		107,418,219		0.05%	1,275,112		40.91
2004		45,775		116,268,372		0.04%	1,294,000		35.37
2005		14,530		129,836,535		0.01%	1,306,000		11.13
2006		12,690		125,983,315	(C)	0.01%	1,311,162		9.68
2007		10,705		139,151,323		0.01%	1,316,837		8.13

#### Footnotes:

Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

(a) Ratio is calculated using assessed property values. Personal income data is not available.

(b) Ratio is calculated using population data.

(c) The City recognized a fluctuation in Taxable Assessed Value in fiscal year 2006 due to a change in the allocation method between the City & the Redevelopment Agency. This methodology change resulted from Management's decision to begin using an external source to calculate statistical information in conjunction with the implementation of GASB 44.

Source: Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports

This Page Left Intentionally Blank

# City of San Diego

# Direct and Overlapping Debt (Unaudited) June 30, 2007 (In Thousands)

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT:		tal Debt /30/07	% Applicable (1)		y's Share of bt, 6/30/07
Metropolitan Water District	\$	359,115	8.900%	\$	31,961
Palomar Community College District	,	160,000	25.098%	•	40,157
San Diego Community College District		288,465	99.900%		288,177
Poway Unified School District School Facilities Improvement District No. 2002-1		178,681	68.233%		121,901
San Diego Unified School District	-	1,426,600	99.904%		1,425,230
Sweetwater Union High School District		178,139	20.773%		37,005
San Ysidro School District		56,994	90.694%		51,691
Other School, High School and Community College Districts		668,913	Various		30,188
Palomar Pomerado Hospital District		73,815	30.851%		22,773
City of San Diego		9,905	100.000%		9,905
City of San Diego Special Assessment/Special Tax Bonds (3)		145,625	100.000%		145,625
San Diego Open Space Park Facilities District No. 1 (3)		800	100.000%		800
Del Mar Unified School District Community Facilities District No. 99-1		30,305	100.000%		30,305
North City West School District Community Facilities District		100,543	100.000%		100,543
Poway Unified School District Community Facilities Districts		251,016	99.609-100.000%		250,772
San Dieguito Union High School District Community Facilities Districts		65,623	39.731-81.063%		33,175
Sweetwater Union High School District Community Facilities Districts		29,634	8.935-100.000%		22,936
Other Special District 1915 Act Bonds		19,310	Various		824
TOTAL GROSS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT					2,643,967
Less: San Diego Open Space Park Facilities District No. 1 (100% self-supporting)					800
TOTAL NET DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT					2,643,167
DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT:					
San Diego County General Fund Obligations		351,215	45.766%		160,737
San Diego County Pension Obligations		1,343,748	45.766%		614,980
San Diego Superintendent of Schools Certificates of Participation		18,043	45.766%		8,257
Palomar Community College District General Fund Obligations		8,065	25.098%		2,024
Poway Unified School District Certificates of Participation		19,300	72.679%		14,027
Sweetwater Union High School District Certificates of Participation		12,145	20.773%		2,523
Chula Vista School District General Fund Obligations		133,905	5.581%		7,473
San Ysidro School District Certificates of Participation		25,910	90.694%		23,499
Other School, High School and Community College District Certificates of Participation		48,838	Various		3,027
City of San Diego Revenue Bonds, Leased Revenue Bonds, and Certificates of Participation (3)		521,210	100.000%		521,210
Otay Municipal Water District Certificates of Participation		66,135	5.980%		3,955
TOTAL GROSS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT					1,361,712
Less: Otay Municipal Water District Certificates of Participation					3,955
TOTAL NET DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT					1,357,757
GROSS COMBINED TOTAL DEBT (2)					4,005,679
NET COMBINED TOTAL DEBT				\$	4,000,924

(1) Percentage of overlapping agency's assessed valuation located within boundaries of the city.

(2) Excludes tax and revenue anticipation notes, enterprise revenue, mortgage revenue and tax allocation bonds and non-bonded capital lease obligations.

(3) Amounts for total debt reconcile to Note 5.

#### City of San Diego Direct and Overlapping Debt (Unaudited)

# June 30, 2007 (In Thousands)

(Continued)

Ratios to 2006-07 Assessed Valuation:	
Direct Debt (\$9,905)	0.01%
Total Gross Direct and Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt	2.53%
Total Net Direct and Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt	2.53%
Ratios to Adjusted Assessed Valuation:	
Gross Combined Direct Debt (\$531,915) (1)	0.37%
Net Combined Direct Debt (\$531,115)	0.37%
Gross Combined Total Debt	2.77%
Net Combined Total Debt	2.77%
(1) City of San Diego	\$ 9,905
City Authorities and Certificates of Participation	521,210
San Diego Open Space Park Facilities District No. 1	 800
	\$ 531,915

#### STATE SCHOOL BUILDING AID REPAYABLE AS OF 6/30/07: \$0

Source: California Municipal Statistics, Inc. and Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

# City of San Diego

# Legal Debt Margin Schedule (Unaudited)

Last Ten Fiscal Years (In Thousands)

	Fiscal Year								
		1998		1999		2000		2001	
Assessed valuation (restated)	\$	69,712,638	\$	77,312,642	\$	83,936,293	\$	91,142,819	
Conversion percentage *		25%		25%		25%		25%	
Adjusted assessed valuation		17,428,160		19,328,161		20,984,073		22,785,705	
Debt limit percentage **		25%	25%			25%		25%	
Debt limit		4,357,040		4,832,040		5,246,018		5,696,426	
Total net debt applicable to limit: General Obligation Bonds		21,175		20,200		19,170		18,075	
Legal debt margin		4,335,865		4,811,840		5,226,848		5,678,351	
Total debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of the debt limit		0.49%		0.42%		0.37%		0.32%	

#### Footnotes:

<sup>1</sup> The City recognized a fluctuation in Taxable Assessed Value in fiscal year 2006 due to a change in the allocation method between the City & the Redevelopment Agency. This methodology change resulted from Management's decision to begin using an external source to calculate statistical information in conjunction with the implementation of GASB 44.

<sup>2</sup> The current debt limitation for Water is 15% of the Adjusted Assessed Valuation, or \$5,218,175, and the debt limitation for other purposes is 10% of the Adjusted Assessed Valuation, or \$3,478,783.

\* The Government Code of the State of California provides for a legal debt limit of 15% of gross assessed valuation. However, this provision was enacted when assessed valuation was based upon 25% of market value. Effective with the 1981-82 fiscal year, each parcel is now assessed at 100% of market value. The calculations shown above present a conversion of assessed valuation data for each fiscal year from the current 100% valuation to the 25% level that was in effect at the time the legal debt margin was enacted.

\*\* Section 90 of the City Charter provides that the bonded indebtedness for the development, conservation, and furnishings of water shall not exceed 15% of the last preceding assessed valuation of all real and personal property of the City subject to direct taxation, and that the bonded indebtedness for other municipal improvements shall not exceed 10% of such valuation.

Source: Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports

Fiscal Year												
2002	2003			2004		2005		2006	2007			
\$ 98,917,185	\$	107,418,219	\$	116,268,372	\$	129,836,535	\$	125,983,315 1	\$	139,151,323		
25%		25%	25%		25% 25%			25%	)			
24,729,296		26,854,555		29,067,093		32,459,134		31,495,829		34,787,831		
25%		25%		25%		25% 25%		25%		25%		
6,182,324		6,713,639		7,266,773		8,114,783		7,873,957		8,696,958 <sup>2</sup>		
16,920		15,690		14,390		13,010		11,520		9,905		
6,165,404		6,697,949		7,252,383		8,101,773	7,862,437			8,687,053		
0.27%		0.23%		0.20%		0.16%		0.15%		0.11%		

# City of San Diego

## Pledged-Revenue Coverage - Water Bonds (Unaudited) Last Ten Fiscal Years (In Thousands)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Total Income		Total Expenses		Net System Revenue		Less: Interest Earnings on Reserve Fund - Parity Obligations			Adjusted Net System Revenue	
1998 <sup>1</sup>											
1999	\$	210,490	\$	195,407	\$	15,083	\$	(884)	\$	14,199	
2000		255,736		213,358		42,378		-		42,378	
2001		255,974		214,056		41,918		(54)		41,864	
2002		261,333		222,104		39,229		(3,444)		35,785	
2003		256,968		226,058		30,910		(1,305)		29,605	
2004		267,649		232,193		35,456		(1,296)		34,160	
2005		294,904		234,392		60,512		(1,262)		59,250	
2006		303,453		242,180		61,273		(1,228)		60,045	
2007		336,599		255,486		81,113		(1,346)		79,767	

Footnote:

<sup>1</sup>The Water Utility had no bonded debt for fiscal year 1998.

Source: Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports

# Table 13-1

				De	bt Service				
F	Principal	Ir	Interest		Total		s: Parity iterest irnings	djusted Debt Service	Adjusted Debt Service Coverage
\$	-	\$	9,365	\$	9,365	\$	(884)	\$ 8,481	1.67
	-		18,730		18,730		-	18,730	2.26
	-		18,730		18,730		(54)	18,676	2.24
	6,780		18,594		25,374		(3,444)	21,930	1.63
	7,055		16,308		23,363		(1,305)	22,058	1.34
	7,345		14,010		21,355		(1,296)	20,059	1.70
	7,645		13,710		21,355		(1,262)	20,093	2.95
	7,965		13,390		21,355		(1,228)	20,127	2.98
	8,305		13,046		21,351		(1,346)	20,005	3.99

Table 13-2

# City of San Diego

Pledged-Revenue Coverage - Sewer Bonds (Unaudited) Last Ten Fiscal Years (In Thousands)

Fiscal Year						Debt Service						
Ended June 30	 Total Income	E	Total xpenses	Net System Revenue		P	Principal		Interest		Total	Debt Service Coverage
1998	\$ 279,463	\$	162,404	\$	117,059	\$	14,865	\$	41,672	\$	56,537	2.07
1999	256,163		138,880		117,283		15,430		41,108		56,538	2.07
2000	291,238		137,007		154,231		18,300		58,755		77,055	2.00
2001	283,228		168,853		114,375		22,150		54,905		77,055	1.48
2002	310,392		170,022		140,370		23,045		54,009		77,054	1.82
2003	334,551		241,822		92,729		24,000		53,046		77,046	1.20
2004	295,881		196,823		99,058		25,030		52,020		77,050	1.29
2005	322,716		204,163		118,553		26,120		50,935		77,055	1.54
2006	320,151		202,111		118,040		27,390		49,662		77,052	1.53
2007	344,840		202,632		142,208		30,250		46,805		77,055	1.85

Source: Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports

#### City of San Diego Demographic and Economic Statistics (Unaudited) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Personal Per Capita Income<sup>2</sup> Ended **Personal Income** Unemployment June 30 Population<sup>1</sup> (Thousands \$) Rate <sup>3</sup> (\$) 1998 1,224,848 N/A N/A 3.8% 1999 1,254,281 N/A N/A 3.5% 3.2% 2000 1,277,168 N/A N/A 2001 2.3% 1,250,700 N/A N/A 2002 3.7% 1,255,742 31,859,430 25,371 2003 1,275,112 32,794,606 25,719 4.4% 2004 1,294,000 5.0% 35,896,854 27,741 2005 1,306,000 29,497 4.5% 38,523,082 2006 4.3% 1,311,162 37,749,536 28,791 4.0% 2007 1,316,837 39,302,317 29,846

#### Footnotes:

<sup>1</sup> Population projections are provided by the California Department of Finance Projections.

<sup>2</sup> Income data is provided by the United States Census Data and is adjusted for inflation.

<sup>3</sup> Unemployment data is provided by the EDD's Bureau of Labor Statistics Department.

Sources: 2006-07 MuniServices, LLC, and Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports

#### City of San Diego Principal Employers (Unaudited) Fiscal Year-End 2007<sup>1</sup>

Table 15

Employer	Number of Employees	Percentage of Total Employment <sup>2</sup>
United States Navy <sup>3</sup>	71,423	10.54%
Science Applications International Corp	44,000	6.49%
San Diego County <sup>4</sup>	17,040	2.51%
San Diego Unified School District <sup>5</sup>	15,800	2.33%
Scripps Health	11,000	1.62%
City of San Diego <sup>6</sup>	10,685	1.58%
Sempra Energy	5,600	0.83%
Solar Turbines	5,500	0.81%
Kaiser Permanente	4,992	0.74%
San Diego County Community College District	4,778	0.71%
Total Top Employers	190,818	28.16%

## Footnotes:

<sup>1</sup> Past data going back to fiscal year-end 1998 is not available for a 10 year comparison.

<sup>2</sup> Percentage based on total employment of 677,700 provided by the EDD Labor Force Data.

<sup>3</sup> Employee count includes Navy personnel only (civilian/military).

<sup>4</sup> Employee count is county-wide.

<sup>5</sup> Employee count is district-wide.

<sup>6</sup> Employee count is provided by the City of San Diego, Office of the Comptroller - Payroll Division

Source: 2006-07 MuniServices, LLC

#### City of San Diego

Full-time and Part-time City Employees by Function (Unaudited) Last Seven Fiscal Years <sup>1</sup>

	Fiscal Year								
Function	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007		
General Government and Support	1,864	2,015	2,039	1,990	1,944	1,816	1,870		
Public Safety - Police	2,854	2,875	2,836	2,730	2,774	2,628	2,627		
Public Safety - Fire and Life Safety	1,286	1,314	1,355	1,352	1,373	1,322	1,333		
Parks, Recreation, Culture and Leisure	2,041	2,023	2,052	1,822	1,777	1,701	1,663		
Transportation	490	517	513	501	461	447	339		
Sanitation and Health	164	163	161	161	148	144	129		
Neighborhood Services	267	259	260	235	234	177	148		
Airports	19	20	21	19	17	14	14		
Development Services	480	498	463	524	535	482	426		
Environmental Services	209	222	225	219	219	196	188		
Golf Course	69	70	73	82	81	88	95		
Recycling	99	118	120	119	116	121	108		
Sewer Utility	972	1,052	1,108	1,071	1,050	976	906		
Water Utility	967	997	979	975	943	878	839		
Total Employees	11,781	12,143	12,205	11,800	11,672	10,990	10,685		

#### Footnote:

<sup>1</sup> Data only available for the last seven fiscal years.

Source: City of San Diego, Office of the Comptroller - Payroll Division

### City of San Diego Operating Indicators by Function (Unaudited) Last Two Fiscal Years <sup>1</sup>

Tabl	e 17
------	------

Function	2006	2007
Public Safety - Police		
Calls for police services dispatched	626,067	623,940
Calls for 9-1-1 emergencies	471,927	518,291
Public Safety - Fire and Life Safety		
Fire Department:		
Emergency calls - fire	3,579	3,392
Emergency calls - medical/rescue	84,882	87,789
Emergency calls - other	12,918	13,010
Lifeguard:		
Water rescues	5,075	3,696
Other rescues	4,490	3,388
Beach attendance	21,277,945	21,253,050
Parks, Recreation, Culture and Leisure		
Parks and Recreation:		
Number of aquatic users <sup>2</sup>	333,688	293,300
Number of youth served in after school program sites <sup>2</sup>	80,837	57,111
Library:	,	- ,
Circulation	7,003,040	7,167,104
Total attendance - all libraries	6,017,790	6,040,091
Sewer Utility		
Average daily sewage flow (millions of gallons)	180.95	175.13
Water Utility		
Average daily consumption (millions of gallons)	204.74	220.28

# Footnotes:

<sup>1</sup> Historical data for prior years is unavailable.

<sup>2</sup> Estimated figure

Source: Citywide departments

This Page Left Intentionally Blank

#### City of San Diego Capital Asset Statistics by Function (Unaudited) Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year						
Function	1998	1999	2000	2001			
Public Safety - Police Stations	9	9	9	10			
Public Safety - Fire and Life Safety Fire stations	43	43	43	43			
Parks, Recreation, Culture and Leisure Park and recreation sites <sup>1</sup>	345	416	416	416			
Transportation Miles of streets -asphalt,concrete, & dirt <sup>2</sup>	2,974	2,974	3,820	3,820			
<u>Airports</u> Municipal airports	2	2	2	2			
<u>Golf Course</u> Municipal golf courses <sup>3</sup>	9	9	9	9			
<u>Sewer Utility</u> Miles of sewers Sewer service laterals	2,554 259,666	2,554 259,666	2,592 263,107	2,610 265,212			
<u>Water Utility</u> Miles of water distribution mains Fire hydrants	2,729 22,771	3,098 23,035	3,125 23,399	3,139 23,476			

Footnotes:

<sup>1</sup> Statistics for fiscal years 1997-2003 were based on the number of parks, squares, and recreation centers. The department updated the statistics for overall park and recreation sites for fiscal years 2004-2007.

<sup>2</sup> In prior years, miles of streets also included alleys and dirt streets. Since FY 2006, Transportation provided the statistic only for miles of asphalt and concrete streets.

<sup>3</sup> Includes City operated as well as leased golf courses.

Sources: Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports, Citywide departments

Fiscal Year					
2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
10	10	10	10	10	10
43	43	45	45	45	46
444	460	363	367	370	380
3,112	2,985	2,985	2,800	2,685	2,700
2	2	2	2	2	2
9	10	10	10	10	10
2,620 266,342	2,950 268,372	3,028 270,365	3,030 271,284	2,993 271,445	3,018 274,014
3,157 23,844	3,280 24,145	3,317 24,428	3,319 24,600	3,336 24,661	3,381 24,905

# BACK COVER OF BOOK