#### COMBINED ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 RELATING TO

\$205,000,000 CONVENTION CENTER EXPANSION FINANCING AUTHORITY Lease Revenue Bonds Series 1998A (City of San Diego, California as Lessee) (CUSIP Number 79727L)

\$25,070,000

PUBLIC FACILITIES FINANCING AUTHORITY OF THE CITY OF SAN DIEGO Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2002B (Fire and Life Safety Facilities Project) (CUSIP Number 797299)

\$15,255,000

CITY OF SAN DIEGO/MTDB AUTHORITY 2003 Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds (San Diego Old Town Light Rail Transit Extension Refunding) (CUSIP Number 797448)

\$17,425,000

CITY OF SAN DIEGO 2003 Certificates of Participation (1993 Balboa Park/Mission Bay Park Refunding) Evidencing Undivided Proportionate Interest in Lease Payments to be Made by the City of San Diego Pursuant to a Lease with the San Diego Facilities and Equipment Leasing Corporation (CUSIP Number 797260)

\$156,560,000

PUBLIC FACILITIES FINANCING AUTHORITY OF THE CITY OF SAN DIEGO Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2007A (Ballpark Refunding) (CUSIP Number 797299)

\$167,635,000

PUBLIC FACILITIES FINANCING AUTHORITY OF THE CITY OF SAN DIEGO Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2010A (Master Refunding Project) (CUSIP Number 797299)

#### Introduction

This Annual Report is being provided by the City of San Diego (the "City") on behalf of itself, the San Diego Facilities and Equipment Leasing Corporation (the "Corporation"), the Public Facilities Financing Authority of the City of San Diego (the "PFFA"), the City of San Diego/MTDB Authority (the "MTDB Authority"), and the Convention Center Expansion Financing Authority ("the Convention Center Authority") for the above stated issuances pursuant to Continuing Disclosure Agreements (entered into to allow the respective underwriters to comply with Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c2-12) for the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2010.

Attached is the City's Fiscal Year 2010 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report ("CAFR"), which includes the City's Fiscal Year 2010 audited financial statements. On August 31, 2011, Macias Gini and O'Connell LLP, the City's outside auditor, issued an unqualified opinion of the City's Financial Statements as presented in the CAFR. On September 26, 2011, the City Council Audit Committee forwarded the CAFR to City Council and on October 10, 2011, the City Council received and filed the CAFR.

This Annual Report, including any amendment or supplement hereto, will be electronically transmitted by the Dissemination Agent to the Electronic Municipal Market Access ("EMMA") System of the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board ("MSRB").

This Annual Report is provided in accordance with the terms of the Continuing Disclosure Agreements and Certificates, and does not purport to provide full and complete information on the terms of the above stated issuances. The filing of this Annual Report does not constitute or imply any representation that no changes, circumstances or events have occurred since the end of the Fiscal Year to which this Annual Report relates (other than as contained in this Annual Report), or that no other information exists, which may have a bearing on the security for the above stated issuances or an investor's decision to buy, sell or hold the above-stated issuances. Certain information and data provided herein was obtained from sources other than the City ("Outside Information"), as indicated by the source citations. Although the information contained in this Annual Report has been obtained from sources that are believed to be reliable, the City has not independently verified such Outside Information, and the City cannot guarantee its completion or accuracy. Certain of the information presented in this Annual Report may contain forward-looking statements. Forward looking statements may be indicated by forward-looking words such as "may," "will," "should," "expects," "believes," "anticipates," "estimates," or others. Forward-looking statements are subject to a variety of uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ from the projected results. No statement in this Annual Report should be construed as a prediction or representation about future financial performance of the City, the Corporation, the PFFA, the Convention Center Authority, or the MTDB Authority.

The City is acting as the Dissemination Agent for each of the above stated issuances. The City does not have any obligation to update this report other than as expressly provided in the Continuing Disclosure Agreement for each of the above stated issuances.

Any statements regarding the above-referenced issuances, other than a statement made by the City in an official release that is filed with the MSRB's EMMA system or posted on the City's investor information webpage, are not intended to be the basis of, nor should they be relied upon, in making an investment decision. The City shall not be responsible for the accuracy, completeness, or fairness of any statements other than those obtained in the aforementioned locations.

DATED: 1/1/1, 2011

CITY OF SAN DIEGO

Ву: \_\_ Mary Lewis

Mary Lewis Chief Financial Officer

Distribution: Wells Fargo Bank, National Association BNY Mellon Trust Company Ambac Assurance Corporation National Public Finance Guarantee Corporation

#### Convention Center Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 1998A Fire and Life Safety Facilities Project Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2002B 2003 Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds (San Diego Old Town Light Rail Transit Extension Refunding) 2003 Certificates of Participation (1993 Balboa Park/Mission Bay Park Refunding) Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2007A (Ballpark Refunding) 2010A Master Refunding Bonds

Annual Report for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

As required by the Continuing Disclosure Agreements or Certificates for the issuances covered by this Annual Report, below are updates of the required certain tabular information from the Official Statements and updates of information under the captions "Labor Relations", "Pension Plan", "Public Liability Insurance", and "Investment of Funds."

#### 1. Transient Occupancy Tax

*Refer to the Unaudited Statistical Section, Table 2 "Changes in Net Assets", to the Fiscal Year 2010 CAFR (Attached).* 

#### 2. Building Permit Valuations and Number of Dwelling Units

#### CITY OF SAN DIEGO ASSESSED VALUE AND CONSTRUCTION PERMIT VALUATION Fiscal Years 2007 through 2011 (\$ in thousands) (unaudited)

	Residential <sup>(1)</sup>		Non-Res	idential <sup>(2)</sup>		
Fiscal <u>Year</u>	Dwelling Units	Assessed <u>Value<sup>(3)</sup></u>	<u>Permits</u>	Assessed <u>Value<sup>(3)</sup></u>	Total Permit Assessed Value <u>Estimate<sup>(3)</sup></u>	
2007	3,540	\$ 587,520	217	\$ 1,035,183	\$ 1,622,703	
2008	2,228	\$ 437,934	175	\$ 931,648	\$ 1,369,582	
2009	1,117	\$ 202,268	138	\$ 576,879	\$ 779,147	
2010	1,147	\$ 234,868	76	\$ 368,098	\$ 602,966	
2011	2,024	\$ 342,598	98	\$ 818,627	\$ 1,161,225	

<sup>(1)</sup> Residential reflects construction of new structures.

<sup>(2)</sup> Non-residential reflects construction of new structures whose intended use includes commercial, industrial, and other uses. Each permit is a separate structure.

<sup>(3)</sup> Valuation figures only include valuation of newly created structures. These figures do not include minor modification work such as interior remodels, reroofs, etc. Total Permit Assessed Value is an estimate determined at time of permit issuance; actuals may vary.

Source: Development Services Department, City of San Diego; Permit Tracking System Database

#### 3. Balance Sheet For The General Fund

#### CITY OF SAN DIEGO BALANCE SHEET FOR THE GENERAL FUND Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2006 through 2010 (in thousands) (audited)

2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 ASSETS Cash or Equity in Pooled Cash & Investments \$23,281 \$97,347 \$91,439 \$86,667 \$101,059 Receivables: Taxes – Net 68,568 73,296 76,527 69,438 67,070 Accounts - Net 11,239 11,103 11,195 13,891 8569 Claims - Net 38 88 78 130 214 Accrued Interest 1.434 2.395 906 493 3.466 From Other Funds (1) 6.060 1.475 1.600 1.500 1.000 Investment in Joint Venture 2,063 2,097 1,981 1,824 1,688 Advances to Other Funds 300 300 9 Advances to Other Agencies 9 9 \_\_\_ Prepaid Items (2) 220 81 82 886 --Cash and Investments for TRANS Repayment (3) 142,000 116,383 ------**Total Assets** \$113,212 \$331,262 \$301,689 \$175,242 \$180,093 LIABILITIES Accounts Payable (2) (4) \$5,642 \$9,112 \$8,005 \$3,789 \$15,446 Accrued Wages and Benefits 22.332 23.881 22,265 27,642 27.469 Due to Other Funds (5) 2,479 2,095 220 17 Due to Other Agencies \_\_ --\_\_\_ **Unearned Revenue** 1,032 903 784 663 --**Deferred Revenue** 21.580 23,318 27,375 26,661 21,558 Advances from Other Funds 985 Contracts and Notes Pavable 142,000 116,000 360 **Total Liabilities** <u>\$51,571</u> \$199,214 \$176,908 \$60,850 \$65,070 **FUND EOUITY Reserves**: Reserved for Encumbrances (6) \$18.916 \$33.452 \$43,853 \$32,071 \$6,307 Reserved for Advances & Deposits 309 309 9 Reserved for Investment in Joint Venture 2,063 2,097 1,981 1,824 1,689 Unreserved: Designated for Unrealized Gains (7) 2,737 1,943 1,816 \_\_\_ --Designated for Subsequent Years' 469 1,159 862 207 Undesignated (8) 39,884 95,031 75,339 78,347 105,014 **Total Fund Equity** \$61,641 \$132,048 \$124,781 \$114,392 \$115,023 **Total Liabilities & Fund Equity** \$113,212 \$331,262 \$301,689 \$175,242 \$180,093

<sup>(1)</sup> Advances from the General Fund to Grant Funds to cover negative year end balances decreased beginning in Fiscal Year 2007 due to improvements in the timing of grant invoicing.

<sup>(2)</sup> Fiscal Year 2009 year end Prepaid Items increased due to prepayment of July rents..

<sup>(3)</sup> Fiscal Years 2006, 2009, and 2010 TRANs were issued and repaid within the same fiscal year. Fiscal Years 2007 and 2008 were 13 month notes.

- <sup>(4)</sup> The increase to the Accounts Payable in Fiscal Year 2010 is due to the change in processing Good Receipts/Invoice Receipts documents in the Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) financial system. The ERP financial system was implemented in Fiscal Year 2010.
- <sup>(5)</sup> In Fiscal Year 2010, Due to Other Funds decreased due to a \$2.1 million reversal of a San Diego Data Processing Corporation accrual for Fiscal Year 2009. The SDDPC accrual was recorded as Due to Other Funds in Fiscal Year 2008 and Fiscal Year 2009; however, this accrual was recorded as an Account Payable in Fiscal Year 2010 due to a reconfiguration of the financial statement compilation process resulting from the new ERP implementation.
- <sup>(6)</sup> In Fiscal Years 2009 and 2010, encumbrances decreased as a result of a new financial policy which requires encumbrances greater than two years old to be released. Additionally, encumbrances which are carried forward from a prior fiscal year do not carry forward with budget, insteadthe current year budget is expended.
- (7) Beginning in Fiscal Year 2008, a decrease in interest rates led to an increase in the price of fixed income securities, which resulted in unrealized gains. In Fiscal Year 2009, a significant amount of the City's unrealized gains were realized through the City Pool's normal rebalancing process, resulting in an overall decrease in Designated for Unrealized Gains at year end.
- <sup>(8)</sup> The increase in Fiscal Year 2010 Undesignated Fund Balance results from a one-time decrease in encumbrances resulting from the implementation of the new financial policy. Also see footnote number six above.

Source: Fiscal Year 2006 - 2010: Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports, Comptroller's Office, City of San Diego

## 4. Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance For The General Fund

#### CITY OF SAN DIEGO STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE GENERAL FUND Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2006 through 2010 (in thousands)

(audited)

	<u>2006</u>	2007	2008	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>
REVENUES:					
Property Taxes <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 322,087	\$ 361,062	\$ 384,273	\$ 398,743	\$ 391,382
Sales Taxes <sup>(2)(3)</sup>	110,556	233,385	235,579	212,918	192,650
In-Lieu Sales Taxes <sup>(3)(4)</sup>	45,433				
Transient Occupancy Taxes <sup>(5)</sup>	72,126	80,703	83,730	73,765	65,222
Other Local Taxes	72,102	74,069	71,594	72,432	73,260
Licenses and Permits	31,913	31,475	33,815	31,249	28,024
Fines, Forfeitures and Penalties	32,346	40,346	31,083	32,467	30,179
Revenues from Use of Money and Property	35,872	42,157	44,577	41,461	40,615
Revenues from Federal Agencies <sup>(6)</sup>	3,755	5,066	4,086	4,268	2,859
Revenues from Private Sources					14
Revenues from Other Agencies <sup>(7)</sup>	12,594	16,644	14,236	8,915	6,007
Charges for Current Services	91,514	85,026	87,263	133,117	127,536
Other Revenue <sup>(8)</sup>	2,864	2,730	3,297	5,296	7,859
Total Revenues	\$ 833,162	\$ 972,663	\$ 993,533	\$ 1,014,631	\$ 965,607
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
General Government and Other Support Services <sup>(9)</sup>	\$ 183,143	\$ 189,203	\$ 225,570	\$ 243,057	\$ 230,270
Neighborhood Services	19,702	18,339	18,563	17,255	15,845
Public Safety <sup>(10)</sup>	509,264	517,522	562,975	584,986	563,475
Parks, Recreation and Culture	108,153	112,967	119,125	116,391	121,269
Transportation <sup>(11)</sup>	23,032	59,516	66,162	72,635	62,884
Sanitation and Health	41,720	39,391	48,995	67,867	73,461
Debt Service:					
Principal Retirement <sup>(12)</sup>	2,504	2,604	2,204	818	2,640
Interest <sup>(13)</sup>	3,416	6519	5,720	3,106	2,888
Total Expenditures	\$ 890,934	\$ 946,061	\$ 1,049,314	\$ 1,106,115	\$ 1,072,732
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER				1 <u></u>	
EXPENDITURES	\$ (57,772)	\$ 26,602	\$ (55,781)	\$ (91,484)	<u>\$ (107,125)</u>
<b>OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)</b>	. <u> </u>	-			_ ` ` `
Transfers from Proprietary Funds	\$ 2,989	\$ 4,181	\$ 5,896	\$ 6,267	\$5,723
Transfers from Other Funds <sup>(14)</sup>	71,672	86,980	94,562	105,059	140,595
Transfers to Proprietary Funds	(246)	(1,373)	(5,358)	(4,043)	(10,157)
Transfers to Other Funds (15)	(21,946)	(46,018)	(46,470)	(26,031)	(28,426)
Net Income (Loss) from Joint Venture	522	35	(116)	(157)	
Proceeds from the Sale of Capital Assets					21
Capital Leases (16)	5,374				
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	\$ 58,365	\$ 43,805	\$ 48,514	\$ 81,095	\$ 107,756
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER					
FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND					
OTHER FINANCING USES	\$ 593	\$ 70,407	\$ (7,267)	\$ (10,389)	\$ 631
FUND BALANCE AT JULY 1	61,048	61,641	132,048	124,781	114,392
FUND BALANCE AT FOLLOWING JUNE 30	\$ 61,641		\$ 124,781	\$ 114,392	\$ 115,023

<sup>(1)</sup> Property Tax revenue decreased in Fiscal Year 2010 mainly due to the downturn in the real estate market.

- <sup>(2)</sup> Includes Proposition 172 Safety Sales Tax. Beginning with Fiscal Year 2007, Sales Tax revenue is recorded entirely in the General Fund and then transferred out, to the Sales Tax supported funds. Prior to Fiscal Year 2007, Sales Tax was allocated to the Sales Tax supported funds as Sales Tax revenue.
- <sup>(3)</sup> Beginning in Fiscal Year 2007, "In-Lieu Sales Tax" is reported with Sales Tax revenue. In prior years, it was received with the Property Tax apportionments and reported separately from Sales Tax.
- <sup>(4)</sup> In Lieu Sales Tax is the property tax reimbursement that the City receives as a result of the triple-flip (triple-flip is the shift enacted by the State in Fiscal Year 2005 whereby local governments shift ¼-cent of their Sales and Use Tax to the State in exchange for an equivalent amount of property tax).
- <sup>(5)</sup> Includes the General Fund portion of Transient Occupancy Tax (5.5% of the 10.5% levy) only. Transient Occupancy Tax revenue decreased in Fiscal Years 2009 and 2010 due to the slowdown in the tourism market.
- <sup>(6)</sup> The decrease in Revenues from Federal Agencies for FY2010 was due to the timing of receiving money from the Federal Agencies.
- <sup>(7)</sup> Revenue from Other Agencies decreased from Fiscal Year2008 through Fiscal Year 2010 principally due to a decrease in revenue from California State Grants related to the 2007 October Wildfires.
- <sup>(8)</sup> Other Revenue increased in Fiscal Year 2010 due to a reimbursement from Citizens Options for Public Safety grants for prior year Police expenditures in Fiscal Years 2009.
- <sup>(9)</sup> General Government and Other Support Services decreased in Fiscal Year 2010 due to lower personnel and contract expenditures citywide.
- <sup>(10)</sup> The decrease in Public Safety in Fiscal Year 2010 was due to a reduction in personnel, which was attributed to vacant positions, a decrease in recruits from the Police Academy, and overtime savings.
- <sup>(11)</sup> Transportation increased in Fiscal Year 2009 due to the consolidation of the Engineering & Capital Projects Department into the General Fund. In Fiscal Year 2010, the Streets Division had a decrease of \$11.9 million in non-personnel expenditures.
- (12) The decrease in Principal Retirement in Fiscal Year 2009 was due to the Police Leases being funded from the Seized Asset fund instead of the General Fund. Principal Retirement increased in Fiscal Year 2010 due to Principal Payments for Public Safety Communications Project being paid out of the General Fund, instead of the Seized Asset Fund. Also, the City made its first principal payment on Lease 435 (A lease for the purchase of a fire helicopter) out of the General Fund.
- (13) The majority of the decrease in Interest expense in Fiscal Year 2009 is due to the TRAN note being held for a shorter time; it was issued and repaid within Fiscal Year 2009, while the Fiscal Years 2007 and 2008 TRANs were 13 month notes (Fiscal Years 2005 and 2006 TRANS were issued and repaid within the same Fiscal Year). A second reason for the decrease in Interest is due to Police and Fire Master Leases being moved from the General Fund and funded from the Seized Asset Fund.
- (14) Increase in Transfers from Other Funds in Fiscal Year 2010 is primarily due to the McGuigan Loan Settlement Modification. The City executed an Agreement Regarding Purchase of McGuigan Judgment with Bank of America, N.A. (BANA) that allowed BANA to satisfy the remaining balance of \$32.8 million from the William J. McGuigan Judgment by making a contribution to SDCERS, in the same amount, in excess of the ARC. The City was then obligated to repay BANA starting on July 1, 2011 and for the following three years.
- (15) The majority of the variance between Fiscal Year 2009 and Fiscal Year 2008 in Transfers to Other Funds is due to the transfers in Fiscal Year 2008 to Capital Improvement Funds from the Storm Water Department and Streets Division. These transfers did not reoccur in Fiscal Year 2009.
- <sup>(16)</sup> The General Fund had no new Capital Leases to report in Fiscal Years 2007 through 2010

Source: Fiscal Year 2006 - 2010 Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports, Comptroller's Office, City of San Diego

#### **CITY OF SAN DIEGO OPERATING BUDGET SUMMARY** Fiscal Years 2010-2012 (in thousands)

	Fiscal Year 2010	Fiscal Year 2011	Fiscal Year 2012
	Actuals on a Budgetary Basis <sup>(1)</sup>	Adopted Budget	Adopted Budget
<b>REVENUE SOURCES:</b>			
Property Tax	\$391,382	\$390,060	\$380,909
Sales Tax <sup>(2)</sup>	192,650	193,758	216,611
Property Transfer Tax	5,817	4,686	5,148
Transient Occupancy Tax <sup>(3)</sup>	65,222	66,115	74,787
Licenses and Permits	28,024	31,596	35,220
Fines, Forfeitures, and Penalties	30,179	32,796	37,675
Interest Earnings	(153)	1,656	1,888
Franchises	67,443	67,185	67,809
Other Rents and Concessions	40,897	43,612	39,164
Motor Vehicle License Fees	3,988	3,143	3,264
Revenue from Other Agencies	4,878	2,202	2,584
Reimbursement from Private Sources	14	0	0
Charges for Current Services	127,536	145,459	157,838
Transfers from Other Funds <sup>(3) (4)</sup>	146,318	111,442	100,886
Other Revenue <sup>(5)</sup>	7,859	2,518	2,820
Proceeds from the Sale of Capital Asset	21	0	0
Total General Fund Revenues and Transfers <sup>(6) (8)</sup>	<u>\$1,112,075</u>	<u>\$1,096,228</u>	<u>\$1,126,603</u>
EXPENDITURES:			
Public Safety	\$563,706	\$552,742	\$580,569
Parks, Recreation, Culture and Leisure	121,915	116,295	120,327
Sanitation and Health	75,062	67,791	67,072
Transportation	63,980	65,757	77,008
Neighborhood Services	17,271	18,274	18,564
General Government and Support	231,579	211,397	208,198
Debt Service <sup>(7)</sup>	5,528	9,694	16,973
Transfers	38,583	54,278	39,677
Total General Fund Expenditures and Transfers <sup>(6)(8)</sup>	<u>\$1,117,624</u>	<u>\$1,096,228</u>	<u>\$1,128,388</u>

(1) Actuals on a budgetary basis are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting except that (1) encumbrances outstanding at year-end are considered expenditures, (2) the increase/decrease in reserve for advances and deposits are considered as additions/deductions of expenditures, and (3) unrealized gains/losses resulting from the change in fair value of investments, proceeds from capital leases, and net income from joint ventures are excluded. Includes Proposition 172 Safety Sales Tax and "triple flip" in lieu sales tax amounts. Includes the General Fund portion of Transient Occupancy Tax (5.5% of the 10.5% levy) only. The remaining 5% is budgeted in

(2)

(3) the Transient Occupancy Tax Fund where \$60.3 million was budgeted for Fiscal Year 2011 and \$68.1 million for Fiscal Year 2012 of which, \$22.1 million and \$28.4 million, respectively, are budgeted as transfers to the General Fund under "Transfer from Other Funds".

- <sup>(4)</sup> The decrease in Transfers from Other Funds budgeted in Fiscal Year 2011 and Fiscal Year 2012 is due to one-time revenues to the General Fund in Fiscal Year 2010 which are not recurring revenues in following years.
- <sup>(5)</sup> The decrease in Other Revenue category in Fiscal Year 2011 is due to a decrease in private donations and contributions to the City.
- (6) In Fiscal Year 2010, the excess of budgetary expenditures over revenues is primarily the result of outstanding encumbrances as of June 30, 2010.
- <sup>(7)</sup> The increase in debt service budgeted in Fiscal Year 2012 is primarily due to the addition of \$8.0 million of debt service for the General Fund's portion of the McGuigan settlement payment of.
- (8) The Fiscal Year 2012 Adopted General Fund expenditures budget does not match the General Fund revenue budget primarily due to the use of fund balance for the Community Projects, Programs, and Services appropriations, budgeted in each Council District. These expenditures are included in the appropriations for Fiscal Year 2012.

Source: Fiscal Year 2010: Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, Comptroller's Office, City of San Diego Fiscal Years 2011 and 2012: Financial Management, City of San Diego

#### CITY OF SAN DIEGO ASSESSED VALUATION (1)(2)(3) Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2002 through 2011 (in thousands except for percentages) (unaudited)

Fiscal Year	Secured Property	Unsecured Property	Gross Total	Less Exemptions <sup>(4)</sup>	Net Assessed Valuations <sup>(5)</sup>	Annual Assessed Valuation % Change
2002	\$ 89,480,011	6,747,650	\$ 96,227,660	4,712,944	\$ 91,514,716	
2003	\$ 96,751,483	6,838,410	\$103,589,893	4,336,637	\$ 99,253,256	8.46
2004	\$105,730,848	7,167,011	\$112,897,859	5,171,957	\$107,725,902	8.54
2005	\$115,305,637	6,724,787	\$122,030,424	4,872,423	\$117,158,002	8.76
2006	\$128,935,155	7,067,580	\$136,002,735	5,684,279	\$130,318,456	11.23
2007	\$142,036,802	7,629,006	\$149,665,808	5,867,546	\$143,798,261	10.34
2008	\$154,653,913	7,410,589	\$162,064,502	6,329,714	\$155,734,787	8.30
2009	\$162,580,727	7,880,341	\$170,461,068	6,795,274	\$163,665,794	5.09
2010	\$161,637,831	8,164,394	\$169,802,225	7,157,357	\$162,644,869	-0.62
2011	\$158,803,280	7,873,095	\$166,676,375	7,411,231	\$159,265,145	-2.08

<sup>(1)</sup> The official date of assessment is the first day of January preceding the Fiscal Year during which taxes are levied. For example, January 1, 2010 is the official assessment date for property taxes due during Fiscal Year 2011.

<sup>(2)</sup> Does not include state assessed utility property.

<sup>(3)</sup> The table includes base year valuations for property within redevelopment project areas.

(4) Inclusive of homeowners' exemptions.

<sup>(5)</sup> Net assessed valuation for tax purposes.

Source: MuniServices, LLC

#### 7. Secured Tax Levies and Collections

*Refer to the Unaudited Statistical Section, Table 8 "Property Tax Levies and Collections", to the Fiscal Year 2010 CAFR (Attached).* 

#### 8. Principal Property Taxpayers in City Of San Diego

The Table below indicates the ten largest secured and unsecured property taxpayers in the City for the Tax Roll of Fiscal Year 2011. For the Fiscal Year 2010 Tax Roll, refer to the Unaudited Statistical Section, Table 7 "Principal Property Tax Payers", to the Fiscal Year 2010 CAFR.

#### PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS IN CITY OF SAN DIEGO (1)(2)(3)

#### **Tax Roll for Fiscal Year 2011**

(in thousands, except for percentages)

(unaudited)

Deveryteen of

			Percentage of	
		Assessed	Net Assessed	Amount
Taxpayers	Type of Business	Valuation <sup>(4)</sup>	Valuation <sup>(5)</sup>	of Tax <sup>(6)</sup>
Irvine Co.	Real Estate	\$ 1,617,533	0.92%	\$ 17,817
Kilroy Realty, LP	Real Estate	1,388,039	0.79	15,289
Qualcomm, Inc	Electronics	1,246,601	0.71	13,731
Arden Realty Ltd. Partnership	Real Estate	757,906	0.43	8,348
San Diego Family Housing, LLC	Real Estate	684,612	0.39	7,541
Pfizer, Inc	Pharmaceuticals	475,277	0.27	5,235
Fashion Valley Mall, LLC	Developer	453,886	0.26	5,000
One Park Boulevard LLC	Hotel Management	433,790	0.25	4,778
OCSD Holdings	Real Estate	411,561	0.23	4,534
Manchester Resorts LP	Hotel Management	<u>362,554</u>	0.21	<u>3,994</u>
TOTAL		<u>\$ 7,831,759</u>	<u>4.44%</u>	<u>\$ 86,267</u>

<sup>(1)</sup> The official date of assessment is the first day of January preceding the Fiscal Year during which taxes are levied. For example, January 1, 2010 is the official assessment date for property taxes due during Fiscal Year 2011.

(2) Utility Companies excluded.

<sup>(3)</sup> Includes redevelopment areas (base plus incremental value).

<sup>(4)</sup> Total assessed valuation includes both secured and unsecured property; does not include supplemental assessments.

<sup>(5)</sup> Using total Net Assessed Valuation of \$176,429,349,671 (in whole dollars) for Fiscal Year 2011.

<sup>(6)</sup> A number of the top 10 property taxpayers have filed various assessment appeals that could result in refunds of prior year taxes paid. The amount of any such refunds is unknown.

Source: MuniServices, LLC

#### 9. Labor Relations

**General.** The City has five labor organizations which represent classified employees. They are the Municipal Employees Association (MEA), the American Federation of State, County, and Municipal Employees Local 127 (Local 127), the Police Officers Association (POA), the International Association of Firefighters Local 145 (Local 145), and the California Teamsters Local 911 (Local 911) who represent lifeguards. A sixth labor organization, the Deputy City Attorneys Association (DCAA) represents unclassified deputy city attorneys. Certain City employees are unclassified and unrepresented.

As of October 17, 2011, MEA represented approximately 4,599 employees; Local 127 represented approximately 1,730 employees; POA represented approximately 1,805 employees; Local 145 represented approximately 826 employees; Local 911 represented approximately 331 employees; and DCAA represented approximately 139. The City had approximately 747 unrepresented employees.

**Contracts for Fiscal Year 2010 through 2012.** *MEA:* On April 14, 2009, the City Council approved the terms of a labor agreement with MEA for fiscal years 2010 and 2011. The terms included a general salary freeze and a reduction in overall compensation of approximately 6%. MEA implemented its 6% reduction principally through a 52 hour mandatory furlough and a 3% salary reduction or a waiver of the City's 3% match to the employee's mandatory SPSP contribution. On April 25, 2011, the City Council approved a one year extension that continues the 6% reduction through fiscal year 2012.

*Local 127:* On November 29, 2010 the City Council approved the terms of a labor agreement with Local 127 for fiscal years 2011 and 2012. The terms include the continuation of the general salary freeze and a reduction in overall salary of approximately 6% that was imposed on Local 127 in fiscal year 2010. Local 127 implemented its 6% reduction principally through the elimination of a 5.4% retirement offset contribution.

*POA*: On July 12, 2010, the City Council approved the terms of a labor agreement with POA for fiscal years 2011 and 2012. The terms include the continuation of the general salary freeze and a reduction in overall salary of approximately 6% that was imposed on POA in fiscal year 2010. POA implemented its 6% reduction principally through the elimination of a 4.1% retirement offset contribution and a 1.5% salary reduction. The terms reduce the retirement calculation factor for new hires to 3% at 55 with a proportionally reduced retirement factor of 2.5% at age 50 for all employees hired on or after July 1, 2009. Additionally, final compensation for new hires will be calculated using the highest average base salary earned over three one year periods for employees hired on or after January 1, 2012.

*Local 145:* On April 14, 2009, the City Council approved the terms of a labor agreement with Local 145 for fiscal years 2010 and 2011. The terms include a general salary freeze and a reduction in overall compensation of approximately 6%. Local 145 implemented its 6% reduction principally through the elimination of a 4.3% retirement offset contribution. On October 17, 2011, the City Council approved the terms of a labor agreement with Local 145 for fiscal year 2012. The terms include the continuation of the salary freeze and 6% reduction and a reduction in the retirement calculation factor to 3% at 55 with a proportionally reduced retirement factor of 2.5% at age 50 for all new employees. Additionally, final compensation will be calculated using the highest average base salary earned over three one year periods for employees hired after January 1, 2012.

*Local 911:* On June 21, 2010, the City Council approved the terms of a labor agreement with Local 911 for fiscal year 2011. The terms continued the general salary freeze and a reduction in overall compensation of approximately 6% that was implemented in fiscal year 2010. Local 911 implemented its 6% reduction principally through a 52 hour mandatory furlough and a 3% reduction of the retirement offset contribution. The terms reduce the retirement calculation factor to 3% at 55 with a proportionally reduced retirement factor of 2.5% at age 50 for all new employees. Additionally, final compensation will be calculated using the highest average base salary earned over three one year periods for employees hired after June 30, 2011. The terms also eliminated the SPSP benefit for employees hired after January 1, 2011. On October 17, 2011, the City Council approved a one year extension that continued the 6% reduction through fiscal year 2012.

*DCAA*: On April 14, 2009, the City Council approved the terms of a labor agreement with the DCAA for fiscal years 2010 and 2011. The terms include a general salary freeze and a reduction in overall compensation of approximately 6%. DCAA implemented its 6% reduction principally through a 32 hour mandatory furlough and the elimination of a 3.2% retirement offset contribution. On October 17, 2011, the City Council approved a one year extension that continues the 6% reduction through fiscal year 2012.

*Unrepresented:* Unrepresented employees took the same general salary freeze and overall compensation reduction of approximately 6% as other employees. The 6% reduction was principally implemented through a mix of reduced or eliminated retirement offset contributions, salary reductions, or a waiver of the City's 3% match to the employee's mandatory SPSP contribution.

**Retiree Health Agreements**. On June 27, 2011, the City reached an agreement with all bargaining units regarding reforms to the retiree healthcare benefit for employees hired before July 1, 2005. Employees hired after July 1, 2005 are not entitled to this benefit. The agreement provides multiple options with varying degrees of contributions and final benefit payments and the changes will be implemented on April 1, 2012. Additionally, the agreement is subject to the creation of a 15 year single subject memorandum of understanding with each

labor organization and cannot be changed until fiscal year 2015 at the earliest. The City is required to conduct an actuarial analysis of the impact of these changes after fiscal year 2014 and present such analysis to the City Council. The City Council may only change the benefits after engaging in good faith negotiations and with a 2/3 vote. During this 15 year period the City's contribution is capped at approximately \$58 million for fiscal years 2012 through 2015 and will not increase by more than 2.5% per year after fiscal year 2015.

#### 10. Pension Plan and Other Post Employment Benefits

#### **Pension Plan**

The Table below sets forth the City's portion of SDCERS historical funding progress for Fiscal Years 2006 through 2010. In addition, refer to Note 12, "Pension Plans", to the Fiscal Year 2010 CAFR (Attached).

#### CITY OF SAN DIEGO SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS Fiscal Years 2006 through 2010 (in thousands) (unaudited)

Valuation Date	Valuation			
(June 30)	Assets	$AAL^{(1)}$	<b>Funded Ratio</b>	UAAL
2006	\$ 3,981,932	\$ 4,982,700	79.92	\$ 1,000,768
2007	\$ 4,413,411	\$ 5,597,653	78.84	\$ 1,184,242
2008	\$ 4,660,346	\$ 5,963,550	78.15	\$ 1,303,204
2009	\$ 4,175,229	\$ 6,281,636	66.47	\$ 2,106,407
2010	\$ 4,382,047	\$ 6,527,224	67.13	\$ 2,145,177

<sup>(1)</sup> The actuarial accrued liability was calculated using the Entry Age Normal method beginning in Fiscal Year 2007. Prior to Fiscal Year 2007, the Projected Unit Cost method was used.

Source: Fiscal Year 2006 – Fiscal Year 2010: Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports, Comptroller's Office, City of San Diego

#### **Pension Contribution**

The Table below sets forth the City's ARC and pension payments for Fiscal Years 2008 through 2012 as well as the amounts related specifically to the General Fund. In addition, refer to Note 12, "Pension Plans", to the Fiscal Year 2010 CAFR (Attached).

#### CITY OF SAN DIEGO PENSION CONTRIBUTION Fiscal Years 2008 through 2012 (in millions)

Fiscal Year ending June 30	ARC <sup>(1)</sup>	Total City Pension Contribution <sup>(2)</sup>	General Fund Pension Contribution <sup>(3)</sup>
2008	\$140.1	\$166.6	\$127.7
2009	\$165.7	\$163.6	\$133.8
2010	\$155.2	\$193.9	\$151.4
2011	\$230.9	\$230.4	\$181.4
2012	\$231.2(4)	\$232.8	\$179.9

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes core pension Annual Required Contribution ("ARC") and Preservation of Benefits ("POB") Plan ARC. See Note 12 in the City's Fiscal year 2010 CAFR (Attached) for more information on ARC and POB. Per IRS guidelines, the City may not prefund the POB Plan. Therefore, plan contributions may differ from the ARC in any given year. See footnote 2.

(2) Fiscal Year 2008: Includes \$137.7 million core pension contribution per SDCERS June 30, 2006 Actuarial Valuation, \$1 million POB Plan contribution, and \$27.9 million in additional voluntary contributions. Fiscal Year 2009: Includes \$161.7 million core pension contribution per SDCERS June 30, 2007 Actuarial Valuation, \$1.2 million POB Plan contribution, and \$700,000 in additional voluntary contributions. Fiscal Year 2010: Includes \$154.2 million core pension contribution per SDCERS June 30, 2008 Actuarial Valuation, \$1.4 million POB Plan contribution, and \$38.3 million in additional contributions related to the McGuigan Settlement. Fiscal Year 2011: Includes \$229.1 million core pension contribution per SDCERS June 30, 2009 Actuarial Valuation and a \$1.3 million POB Plan contribution. Fiscal Year 2012: Includes \$231.2 million core pension contribution per SDCERS June 30, 2010 Actuarial Valuation and a budgeted \$1.6 million POB Plan contribution.

<sup>(3)</sup> Fiscal Year 2008 through 2010: Audited. Fiscal Year 2011: Actual (unaudited). Fiscal Year 2012: Budgeted.

<sup>(4)</sup> The POB Plan ARC has not yet been determined for Fiscal Year 2012, and accordingly has not been included.

Source: Fiscal Years 2008 – 2010: Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, Comptroller's Office, City of San Diego Fiscal Year 2011: Comptroller's Office, City of San Diego Fiscal Year 2012: Adopted Budget, Financial Management Department, City of San Diego

#### **Postemployment Healthcare Benefits**

The table below sets forth the retiree healthcare ARC and contributions for Fiscal Years 2008 through 2012. In addition, refer to Note 13, "Other Postemployment Benefits", to the Fiscal Year 2010 CAFR (Attached).

#### CITY OF SAN DIEGO RETIREE HEALTH CONTRIBUTIONS Fiscal Years 2008 through 2012 (in millions)

		Total City	<b>General Fund</b>
<b>Fiscal Year</b>		<b>Retiree Health</b>	<b>Retiree Health</b>
ending June 30	ARC	Contribution <sup>(1)(2)</sup>	Contribution <sup>(1)(2)</sup>
2008	\$ 91.6	\$53.6	\$32.5
2009	\$104.5	\$49.5	\$34.9
2010	\$113.4	\$56.7	\$39.6
2011	\$120.3	\$58.9	\$42.0
2012	\$ 98.5	\$57.8	\$39.1

<sup>(1)</sup> Fiscal Years 2008 through 2010: Audited. Fiscal Year 2011: Actual (unaudited). Fiscal Year 2012: Budgeted.

<sup>(2)</sup> Includes pay-as-you-go expenses, contribution towards the CalPERS Employment Retirement Benefit Trust (CERBT) beginning in Fiscal Year 2008, and contributions to the Retiree Medical Trust (RMT) beginning in Fiscal Year 2010.

Source: Fiscal Years 2008 through 2010: Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, Comptroller's Office, City of San Diego Fiscal Year 2011: Comptroller's Office, City of San Diego Fiscal Year 2012: Adopted Budget, Financial Management Department, City of San Diego

#### 11. Public Liability Insurance

Estimated liabilities for public liability claims have been recorded in the Self Insurance Fund, Sewer Utility Fund, and Water Utility Fund. The table below presents the liability expense of the City for all three funds for the years presented, and the liability premium payments. Amounts charged to the General Fund for claims and premiums vary from year to year based on a variety of factors including distribution of claims among responsible funds. In addition, refer to the Letter of Transmittal and Note 15, "Risk Management", to the Fiscal Year 2010 CAFR (Attached).

riscal Teals ended Julie 30, 2006 through 2010					
Fiscal Year	Liability Claims Payments and Settlement Costs <sup>(1)</sup>	Liability Premium Payments			
2006	\$ 28,563,000	\$ 3,541,053			
2007	\$ 31,832,000	\$ 5,725,972			
2008	\$ 28,043,000	\$ 4,487,500			
2009	\$ 25,588,000	\$ 5,491,130			
2010	\$ 20,498,000	\$ 5,826,611			

#### CITY OF SAN DIEGO LIABILITY CLAIMS AND PREMIUMS Fiscal Years ended June 30, 2006 through 2010

<sup>(1)</sup> The City's portion of settlement and investigation expenses for third party public liability claims, and other litigation expenses.

Source: Information under tabular heading "Liability Claims Payments and Settlement costs" — Fiscal Year 2006 - Fiscal Year 2010: Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports, Comptroller's Office, City of San Diego Information under tabular heading "Liability Premium Payments" - Risk Management Department, City of San Diego

#### 12. Investment of Funds (As of June 30, 2011)

#### **Pool Liquidity and Other Characteristics**

The City Pool (including both the "Liquidity" and the "Core" portfolios) is highly liquid. Based on unaudited month-end data as of June 30, 2011, approximately 12% of the pool investments mature within 62 days, 15% within 92 days and 21% within 184 days, 46% within one year, 81% within two years, 99% within three years, and 100% with four years (on a cumulative basis). As of June 30, 2011, the Pool had a weighted average maturity of 1.30 years (473 days) and its weighted average yield was 0.851%. For purposes of calculating weighted average maturity, the City Treasurer treats investments in the State-wide Local Agency Investment Fund (California State Pool) as maturing within one day. The Liquidity portfolio had a duration of 0.36 years and the Core portfolio had a duration of 1.65 years as of June 30, 2011. Duration is a measure of the price volatility of the portfolio and reflects an estimate of the projected increase or decrease in the value of the portfolio based upon a decrease or increase in interest rates. Accordingly, the Liquidity portfolio should decrease in market value by 0.36% for every 1% increase in market interest rates while the Core portfolio should decrease in market value by 1.65% for every 1% increase in market interest rates. The City Pool's composition is designed with a goal of having sufficient liquid funds available to meet disbursement requirements. The composition and value of investments under management in the City Pool will vary from time to time depending on cash flow needs of the City, maturity or sale of investments, purchase of new securities, and fluctuations in interest rates. In addition, refer to Note 3, "Cash and Investments", to the Fiscal Year 2010 CAFR (Attached).

	at June 30, 201 (in thousands (unaudited)		
Investment Instrument	<b>Book Value</b>	Fair Value	Percent of Total <sup>(1)</sup>
U.S. Treasury Bills and Notes	\$ 995,166	\$ 1,002,272	45.21%
Federal Agency Securities <sup>(2)</sup>	704,653	707,321	32.01
Medium Term Notes (Corporate) <sup>(3)</sup>	222,165	222,798	10.09
Money Market Instruments <sup>(4)</sup>	229,881	229,879	10.45
Local Agency Investment Fund	49,276	49,276	2.24
TOTAL INVESTMENTS	\$2,201,141	\$2,211,546	100.00%

CITY OF SAN DIEGO POOLED INVESTMENT FUND

<sup>(1)</sup> Based on book value.

(2) Federal National Mortgage Association ("Fannie Mae") securities and Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation ("Freddie Mac") securities represent 16.84% and 25.37%, respectively, of total Federal Agency Securities, which is approximately 5.39% and 8.12%, respectively, of the City Pool.

<sup>(3)</sup> These notes consist of both fixed and floating interest rate securities. The notes with floating interest rates are reset at intervals ranging from one day to three months. 45.05% of these notes were issued under the Temporary Liquidity Guarantee Program and are backed by the full faith and credit of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

(4) These securities consist of commercial paper, negotiable certificates of deposit, Certificate of Deposit Account Registry Service certificate of deposit, term and overnight repurchase agreements, money market mutual funds, banker's acceptances, bank notes and/or thrift notes.

Source: Office of the City Treasurer, City of San Diego.

#### 13. General Obligation and General Fund Lease Obligations

As of June 30, 2011, the City had \$2,240,000 aggregate principal amount of long-term general obligation bonded indebtedness outstanding, \$519,297,000 aggregate principal amount of long-term General Fund lease obligations outstanding, and \$29,035,000 of other obligations outstanding.

The table below provides a schedule, by years, of principal and interest payments required to be made by the City or its oversight entities with respect to future obligations, as of June 30, 2011.

#### CITY OF SAN DIEGO GENERAL OBLIGATION AND GENERAL FUND LEASE OBLIGATIONS (1) As of June 30, 2011

(in thousands)

Fiscal Year	General Obligation	General Fund Lease		Total Principal and
Ending June 30	Bonds <sup>(2)</sup>	Obligations <sup>(3) (4)</sup>	Other <sup>(5)</sup>	Interest Payable
2012	\$ 2,314	\$ 40,764	\$ 7,971	\$ 51,049
2013	0	43,064	7,971	51,035
2014	0	43,029	7,971	51,000
2015	0	43,010	7,971	50,980
2016	0	42,976	0	42,976
Thereafter	0	631,822	0	<u>631,822</u>
Subtotal	\$ 2,314	\$ 844,665	\$ 31,883	\$ 878,862
Less Interest Portion	(74)	<u>(325,368)</u>	(2,847)	<u>(328,289)</u>
Total Principal Portion	<u>\$ 2,240</u>	<u>\$ 519,297</u>	\$ 29,035	<u>\$ 550,572</u>

(1) Unaudited

<sup>(2)</sup> The 1991 G.O. Bonds final maturity in Fiscal Year 2012.

<sup>(3)</sup> The 2010A Master Refunding Bonds refunded the outstanding 2009A Deferred CIP Bonds, the 1996B Balboa Park/Mission Bay Park Refunding COPs and the 1996A Qualcomm Stadium Bonds.

<sup>(4)</sup> This category includes the Qualified Energy Conservation Bonds ("QECBs"). The QECB lease payments are partially offset by direct cash subsidy payments from the federal government annually over the life of the bonds. For example, the Fiscal Year 2012 subsidy is \$473,410 resulting in a net lease payment of \$1,052,656 after accounting for the subsidy. The gross lease payment amounts are reflected in the table.

<sup>(5)</sup> Payment on the sale of McGuigan Settlement concerning the court-approved class action settlement in the case of William J. McGuigan v. City of San Diego, et. al. Does not include the additional non-general fund total principal obligation of \$3,276,705 and interest obligation of \$365,476.

Source: Debt Management Department, City of San Diego

The following provides a summary list of outstanding general obligation bonds, General Fund lease commitments and other obligations as of June 30, 2011.

<u>General Obligation Bonds</u> 1991 – Public Safety Communications <sup>(2)</sup>	Principal Outstanding <sup>(1)</sup> (in thousands) <u>\$ 2,240</u>
Total Principal of General Obligation Bonds	<u>\$ 2,240</u> <u>\$ 2,240</u>
Total Timelpar of General Obligation bonds	$\psi$ 2,240
General Fund Lease Commitments	
<u>Certificates of Participation</u>	
2003 – Balboa Park/Mission Bay Park Capital Improvements Refunding	\$7,725
Lease Revenue Bonds	
1998 – Convention Center Expansion Financing Authority	156,785
2002 – Fire and Life Safety Facilities Project	21,150
2003 – City/MTDB Authority for Old Town Trolley Extension Refunding	10,745
2007 – Ballpark Project	142,115
2010A – Master Refunding Bonds <sup>(3)</sup>	167,635
2011 – Qualified Energy Conservation Bonds (Broad Spectrum Street Lightning)	13,142
Total Principal of General Fund Lease Commitments	<u>\$519,297</u>
Other	
McGuigan Settlement Modification	\$29,035(4)
Total Other	<u>\$29,035</u>
Total Principal Outstanding	<u>\$550,572</u>

(1) Unaudited

<sup>(2)</sup> The 1991 G.O. Bonds final maturity in Fiscal Year 2012.

<sup>(3)</sup> The 2010A Master Refunding Bonds refunded the outstanding 2009A Deferred CIP Bonds, the 1996B Balboa Park/Mission Bay Park Refunding COPs and the 1996A Qualcomm Stadium Bonds.

<sup>(4)</sup> Does not include the additional non-general fund total principal obligation of \$3,276,705 related to the McGuigan Settlement Modification.

Source: Debt Management Department, City of San Diego

#### 14. Short-Term Borrowings

The City issued annual tax and revenue anticipation notes in anticipation of the receipt of taxes and other General Fund revenues. The following Table presents a 10-year history of the City's tax and revenue anticipation notes:

#### CITY OF SAN DIEGO GENERAL FUND TAX AND REVENUE ANTICIPATION NOTES For Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2003 through 2012 (in thousands)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Principal Amount <sup>(1)</sup>	
-		
2003	\$ 93,200	
2004	\$ 110,900	
2005	\$ 114,000	
2006	\$ 145,000	
2007	\$ 142,000	
2008	\$ 116,000	
2009	\$ 135,000	
2010	\$ 124,070	
2011	\$ 163,165	
2012	\$ 161,000 (2)	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(1)</sup> Principal amounts issued pursuant to Charter Section 92

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(2)</sup> Consists of three notes, final note matures on May 31, 2012

Source: Debt Management Department, City of San Diego

#### 15. Future Minimum Rental Payments

The City has entered into various General Fund lease arrangements under which the City must make annual payments to occupy facilities necessary for City operations. The table below is a schedule by years of future minimum rental payments required under such leases entered into by the City that have initial or remaining noncancellable lease terms in excess of one year, as of June 30, 2011.

#### CITY OF SAN DIEGO FUTURE MINIMUM RENTAL PAYMENTS GENERAL FUND OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS<sup>(1)</sup> As of June 30, 2011 (in thousands)

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	<u>Rent Payable</u>
2011	\$ 8,244
2012	8,241
2013	8,366
2014	6,248
2015	717
2016	529
2017	553
2018	561
2019	587
2020	596
2021	162
2022	
Total	\$34,804

<sup>(1)</sup> Table describes commercial rent payable by the City of San Diego.

Source: Real Estate Assets Department, City of San Diego

#### 16. Statement of Direct and Overlapping Bonded Debt

*Refer to the Unaudited Statistical Section, Table 11 "Direct and Overlapping Debt", to the Fiscal Year 2010 CAFR (Attached).* 

17.

CONVENTION CENTER EXPANSION FINANCING AUTHORITY

#### (STATE: CALIFORNIA) Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 1998A (City of San Diego, California, as Lessee)

#### SAN DIEGO CONVENTION CENTER

#### **Bookings**

During each of the five fiscal years ended June 30, 2011, the Convention Center hosted the following types of events, which were attended by the following estimated number of attendees:

<u>Fiscal Year Ended June 30 (Unaudited)</u>					
<u>Type of Event</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>
Conventions with Trade Shows	50	53	54	57	61
Estimated Attendance	519,078	568,153	458,485	511,452	514,221
Conventions Only	1	2	2	0	2
Estimated Attendance	4,968	10,413	7,962	0	4,684
Trade Shows only	5	5	5	5	2
Estimated Attendance	44,783	50,222	39,517	34385	16,378
Incentive Meetings	11	7	10	4	4
Estimated Attendance	48,260	19,371	33,626	11,400	22,045
All Others (1)	153	167	177	99	152
Estimated Attendance	366,617	348,067	322,879	229,166	240,536
Total Events	220	234	248	165	221
Total Estimated Attendance	983,706	996,226	862,469	786,403	797,864

<sup>(1)</sup> Consumer shows, meetings and seminars, community events, local trade shows, and food and beverage events.

Source: San Diego Convention Center Corporation

#### DEFINITE BOOKINGS OF CONVENTIONS AND TRADE SHOWS, CONVENTIONS ONLY, TRADE SHOWS ONLY, AND INCENTIVE MEETINGS Fiscal Year Ending June 30<sup>(1)</sup>

2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
70	66	51	39	29

<sup>(1)</sup> The San Diego Convention Center is entitled to collect cancellation fees should any definite bookings cancel.

Source: San Diego Convention Center Corporation, unaudited

#### BUDGETING AND FUNDING CONVENTION CENTER OPERATING RESULTS AND CAPITAL EXPENDITURES FOR THE FIVE FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30 (in thousands) (audited)\*

2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 Total Revenues (1) \$33,874 \$34,874 \$31,121 \$31,700 \$31,168 Operating Expenses (2) (27, 526)(29, 240)(29, 194)(29, 331)(29, 236)Inter-Entity Transfer Expense<sup>(3)</sup> (643)--\_\_ \_\_\_ Phase III Expansion Expenses(4) (2,087)(348)\_\_\_ Depreciation Expense<sup>(5)</sup> (2,292)(2, 164)(2,096)(2, 117)(2,044)Total Expenses and Capital Expenditures (2) (5) Capital/Depr Expenditures (\$30,461)(\$31,404)(\$33,377) (\$31,796)(\$31,280)\$3,413 Net Excess/(Deficit) \$3,470 (\$2,256) (\$96) (\$112)

\*All numbers are audited except for Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2011.

(1) As a result of the change in accounting methodology described in footnote (5) and due to changes in funding from the City as defined in the Third Amended and Restated Management Agreement Between the City of San Diego and the San Diego Convention Center Corporation (effective for fiscal year 2006), funding received from the City is included in Total Revenues. For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2007 and June 30, 2008, funding from the City included in Total Revenues amounted to \$4,339,198 for each year. For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2009, June 30, 2010 and June 30, 2011, funding amounted to \$4,122,238, \$3,905,278 and \$3,405,278, respectively.

<sup>(2)</sup> Operating Expenses and Capital Expenditures are reported in a manner that reflects the method by which these expenditure categories are reflected in the Corporation's Audited Financial Statements, which is different from the method used for the Official Statement and previously published Continuing Disclosure Annual Reports ("Reports"). Specifically, in addition to leasehold improvement capital expenditures (e.g., improvements that are attached to the building, such as the roof and walls), non-leasehold capital expenditures (e.g., equipment, computers, and furniture) are included in Capital Expenditures instead of in Operating Expenses as was the case for the Official Statement and the Reports, previous to the Annual Report ended June 30, 2002.

<sup>(3)</sup> Includes transfer of restricted funds from the San Diego Convention Center Corporation to San Diego Theatres, Inc. (a subsidiary of the San Diego Convention Center Corporation) for use in restoration projects at the San Diego Civic Theatre.

<sup>(4)</sup> Includes expenses related to comprehensive due diligence work analyzing the feasibility of a major expansion of the Convention Center. Amount includes non-refundable option to purchase interest in a ground lease for the Expansion site.

<sup>(5)</sup> Beginning with fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, the accounting methodology for the San Diego Convention Center Corporation was adjusted from modified accrual to full accrual accounting. As a result, capital expenditures are not recognized while depreciation expense (from capital items) is recognized. For the years ended June 30, 2007, June 30, 2008, June 30, 2009, June 30, 2010 and June 30, 2011, funds used to pay for capital purchases and principal payments on debt associated with capital projects amounted to \$3,206,652, \$2,532,101, \$2,847,510, \$3,387,230 and \$4,842,699, respectively.

Source: San Diego Convention Center Corporation, unaudited

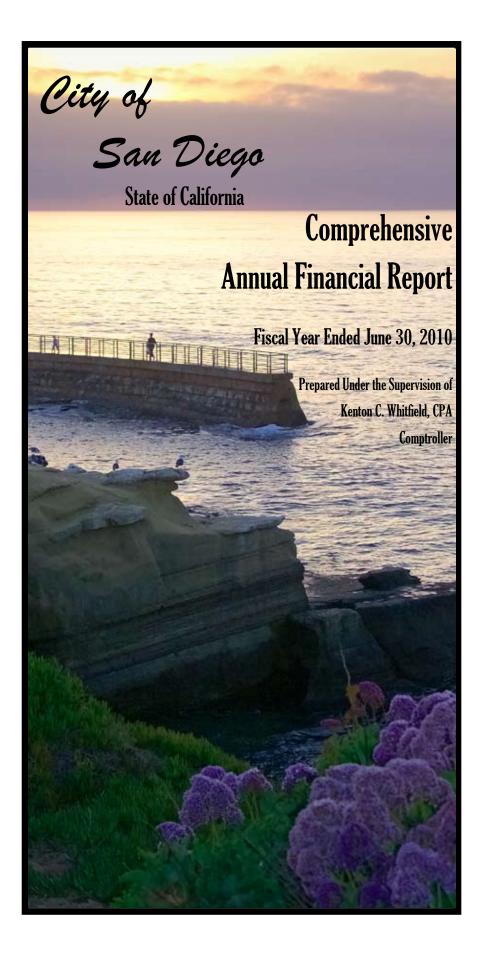
# **Comprehensive** Annual Financial Report

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

HEI

City of San Diego

State of California



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For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

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#### Forward-Looking Statements

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010 (CAFR), including the Letter of Transmittal and the section regarding Management's Discussion and Analysis, contains forward-looking statements regarding the City's business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects. Words such as "expects," "anticipates," "intends," "plans," "believes," "seeks," "estimates" and similar expressions or variations of such words are intended to identify forward-looking statements, but are not the exclusive means of identifying forward-looking statements in the CAFR. Additionally, statements concerning future matters such as City budgets and the financial outlook for future years, the level of City services, California state matters that may impact the City, revenue and expense levels and other statements regarding matters that are not historical are also forward-looking statements.

Although forward-looking statements in the CAFR reflect the City's good faith judgment, such statements can only be based on facts and factors currently known by the City. Consequently, forward-looking statements are inherently subject to risks and uncertainties. The actual results and outcomes may differ materially from the results and outcomes discussed in or anticipated by the forward-looking statements. Readers are urged not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date of the CAFR. The City undertakes no obligation to revise or update any forward-looking statements in order to reflect any event or circumstance that may arise after the date of the CAFR. Readers are urged to carefully review and consider the various disclosures made in the CAFR which attempt to advise interested parties of factors that may affect the business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects of the City.

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION



THE CITY OF SAN DIEGO

## August 31, 2011

## **Citizens and Interested Parties,**

The San Diego economy has shown signs of recovery compared to the low point of the recession; however, economic uncertainties still remain in the San Diego region. Several economic indicators have improved in the past 12 months and some major general revenues such as sales tax and tourism tax have increased. However, concerns about the national economic outlook have destabilized the markets, and as recent events have indicated, the economy has not demonstrated consistent stability. At best, the current national economic projections are for slow growth and limited expansion. State revenues are also coming in lower than projected, adding more pressure on the State's already fragile budget.

In this challenging economic environment, the City has successfully balanced its annual budgets and adopted them on time, by June 30 each year. By close monitoring of revenues and economic trends, the City acted in mid-fiscal year 2010 to make the necessary spending reductions to maintain a balanced budget while at the same time planning for the next fiscal year's challenges. The City's balanced budget was accomplished through the fiscal discipline of the Mayor and the City Council working together to make difficult spending reductions and adopt budgets that balanced expenditures for core services with declining revenues. The City's labor organizations were also partners and participated in the 6% roll back of employee compensation that is still in effect; there were increased employee pension contributions; and long term pension and retiree healthcare reform was achieved that will save the City millions of dollars now and into the future.

The City Council and the Mayor's ability to resolve significant budget issues year after year and adopt annual balanced budgets is an accomplishment that has contributed to the strong results in the General Fund: the fiscal year 2010 results show General Fund reserves in excess of 8%, a policy goal that was accomplished two years earlier than anticipated.

## **Economic Development Activities**

While the national and regional economic recession has adversely affected the City of San Diego's revenues and City services, it has also affected the health of the business community. The unemployment rate in San Diego county remains near historical highs at 10.5% as of July 2011. The City of San Diego remains committed to aid in restoring economic stability and reducing the level of local unemployment. By focusing on its comparative advantages such as its skilled labor force, desirable climate, and its strategic location adjacent to Mexico and the Pacific Rim, San Diego can compete for new job-creating public and private-sector investment. This plan for economic recovery continues to be centered on a four-pronged strategy designed to ensure that investment dollars flow into San Diego:

• A business expansion, attraction, and retention (BEAR) effort designed to highlight

the advantages of doing business in San Diego.

- A regulatory streamlining effort that eliminates duplicative and bureaucratic procedures which do not meaningfully contribute to protecting the public interests.
- A focus on emerging industries, including the implementation of the Mayor's CleanTech Initiative designed to increase demand for renewable energy (e.g. solar), biofuels, energy efficient solutions, and "green" products as well as food and beverage production.
- The completion of critical path infrastructure facilities which will be especially attractive to base sector businesses.

The Mayor's Office of Economic Growth Services (EGS) has ramped up its business retention efforts to ensure that businesses remain fully supported and are able to access State and Federal programs. During the past year, the Mayor has actively engaged with many local manufacturers who have either expanded research & development (R&D) or production operations or are considering expansions. Retaining local businesses and expanding incentives for existing companies is also a focus and part of the Enterprise Zone program and potential expansion of the program.

The attraction, retention and expansion of local companies are vital in the City's efforts to create local jobs. To that end, significant new projects were completed this past year throughout the City in the sectors of manufacturing, retail, clean tech, and medical devices. Those EGS-facilitated projects include the 300,000 square foot Costco Packaging Center in Otay Mesa which will package and distribute Kirkland merchandise to 157 retail outlets in Mexico and the western United States; Emerald Textiles, a \$20 million high-efficiency commercial laundry; the expansion of Chromalloy's aircraft engine test and repair facility; the expansion of Integrated DNA Technologies, a medical device manufacturer; the attraction of a cleantech manufacturer, Energy Efficiency Corp; expansion of Westfield Shopping Town-UTC; expansion of Advanced Bio-Healing, a medical device manufacturer; and a new laboratory for DiscovRx, a drug manufacturer.

Regulatory streamlining efforts are ongoing to encourage new private sector investment. The City recently adopted the 7<sup>th</sup> iteration of the Zoning Code Update which simplifies land use regulations and creates a more predictable approval process for new development.

Emerging industries in San Diego are strongly supported by EGS. Partnering with industry organizations such as CleanTECH San Diego, or working directly with companies on their individual needs, EGS provides government assistance to help local businesses thrive. Local initiatives that encourage private investment in new clean technology are provided technical and regulatory expertise. During the past year, EGS has assisted ECOtality, Inc. in the installation of electric vehicle charging stations throughout the City. The goal is to install 1,000 electric vehicle (EV) charging stations by the end of 2011, significantly improving EV infrastructure in the City.

The City has been actively involved with other local, state, and federal agencies to complete important infrastructure projects which are designed to facilitate the movement of goods, vehicles, and pedestrians to and from commercial and industrial zones. The Carroll Canyon undercrossing, funded in part by the City and Qualcomm, Inc., is now under construction. When completed, this project will connect the industrial parks of Sorrento Valley with the industrial parks of neighboring Sorrento Mesa.

Along the border with Mexico, the City has provided planning, coordination, and advocacy

for three major projects. Phase 2 of the 905 Freeway is now under construction with completion expected in 2012. This freeway will accommodate increased international trade within a large industrial area which spans both sides of the border. Two other border infrastructure projects, improvements to the San Ysidro Port of Entry, and construction of a new Cross Border Facility adjacent to Mexico's Rodriguez International Airport, will facilitate increased tourism between San Diego and Mexico.

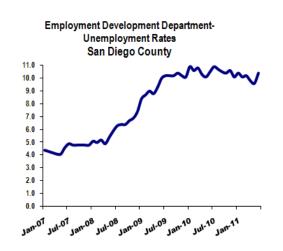
## **Fiscal Challenges**

The City of San Diego has faced significant financial challenges over the last several years. The impact of the national recession was felt locally in the form of a declining housing market, high unemployment, depressed business climate, and less tourism and consumer spending. The City forecasted the financial and budgetary impact of each of these factors and took prudent actions to address them. Annual budgets were balanced through a combination of ongoing service reductions, efficiencies, and some one-time actions. General Fund deficits of \$179 million in fiscal year 2011 and \$56 million in fiscal year 2012 were resolved in each year's budget process.

There are signs of an economic recovery, but most forecasters predict it will be slow. While retail sales and tourism have improved over the past year, unemployment and the housing market continue to be concerns. In addition, the impact of State budgetary actions and ongoing pension obligations continue to be challenges. The City continues to closely monitor these areas. A new Five-Year Financial Forecast will be issued in the fall of 2011 incorporating the latest information for all General Fund revenues and expenditures as the the fiscal year 2013 budget process begins.

The City privately sold \$161 million Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes (TRAN) on July 1, 2011 and does not currently foresee the need to issue additional notes to meet any General Fund liquidity needs for the remainder of fiscal year 2012. The City treasury holds approximately \$2 billion that is invested primarily in US Treasuries and agencies, and consistent with the City's investment policy, has sufficient liquidity to meet all currently foreseeable cash demands.

Readers of these financial statements should pay particular attention to Notes 12, 13, 18, and 22, concerning Pension Plans, Other Post Employment Benefits, Contingencies, and Subsequent Events, respectively. The notes, along with the other financial and operational data included in the City's CAFR, must be read in their entirety to obtain a complete understanding of the City's financial position as of June 30, 2010.



## **Our Underlying Fundamentals**

The City has a diversified economy, with the principal employers being government, military, manufacturing, high-tech industries, particularly biotech and telecommunications, and the tourism industry. The City's economic base is also anchored by higher education and major scientific research institutions, including the University of California, San Diego, San Diego State University, Scripps Research Institute, the Salk Institute for Biological Studies, and the Sanford-Burnham Medical Research Institute.

Like all regions around the country, San Diego County's economy has been impacted by the economic recession. In the past four years unemployment has more than doubled, rising from an average in 2007 of 4.5% to an average of 10.5% in 2010. Unemployment hit its peak in July 2010 at 10.9%. Since then we have seen only modest improvement to the current 10.5% rate (July 2011). The recession has slowed both residential and commercial development within our region.

The City's General Fund property tax revenue, which had grown over the previous four years at a decreasing rate, declined in fiscal year 2010 by \$7.3 million. In fiscal year 2010 General Fund property tax revenues were \$391.4 million compared to \$398.7 million in fiscal year 2009, representing a 1.8% decline. Fiscal year 2011 General Fund property tax revenue is projected to decline to approximately \$384.7 million (unaudited). Property tax revenues for fiscal year 2012 are budgeted to remain about the same over the fiscal year 2011 year-end projection.



San Diego remains a top tourist destination due to the region's natural attractions; however, the tourism industry suffered during the recession. The City's Transient Occupancy Tax (TOT) rate is currently 10.5% and is allocated according to the Municipal Code. As such, the General Fund receives approximately 53% of these revenues to be used for general governmental purposes, and the TOT fund receives the remaining 47% for the purpose of promoting the City as a tourism destination. The General Fund portion of TOT represents approximately 7% of the General Fund's fiscal year 2010 revenue. In fiscal year 2010, San



The impact of lower business and consumer spending has had a significant effect on sales tax revenues. In fiscal year 2010, actual General Fund sales tax revenues (including safety sales tax) were \$192.7 million, a 9.5% decline from 2009 sales tax revenues of \$212.9 million. However, in fiscal year 2011, sales tax revenues are projected to grow to \$213.1 million (unaudited), an increase of \$20.4 million or 10.6% due to improving consumer spending. The City's sales tax revenue budget for fiscal year 2012 is \$216.6 million, which assumed a 4.0% growth in taxable sales over fiscal year 2011 projected sales tax revenues.



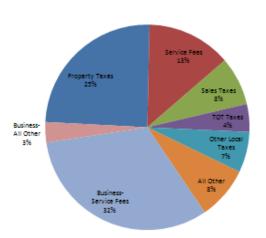
Diego experienced a decline of \$17.3 million, a 12.3% decrease in TOT revenue from fiscal year 2009. However, in fiscal year 2011, TOT revenues are projected to grow to \$137.3 million (unaudited), an increase of \$14.0 million or 11.4%. The City's total TOT revenue

budget for fiscal year 2012 is \$142.8 million, which assumed a 4% growth over fiscal year 2011 projected TOT revenues.

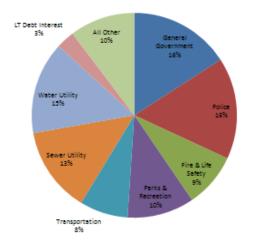
## **Financial Health**

The City's total government-wide revenues, which generated through a combination of are governmental and business-type activities, have remained approximately the same over the prior While business-type services three vears. revenue for water and wastewater services grew during fiscal year 2010, a variety of governmental declined. Total government-wide revenues revenues for fiscal year 2010 were \$2.7 billion; governmental activities were \$1.7 billion and business-type activities were \$1.0 billion, and are illustrated in the chart to the right.





#### Total Government-Wide Expenses



In fiscal year 2010, the City's total governmentwide expenses increased by approximately 4%. These expenses supported all public services and the significant fiscal obligations of the City, including funding of the City's pension system, post-employment healthcare benefits, and capital improvements. Total expenses for fiscal year 2010 were \$2.6 billion. Governmental activities were \$1.8 billion, of which 35% was spent on public safety for police, fire, and life safety services. Business-type activities were \$.8 billion, of which 86% of these expenses were for water and wastewater expenses.

## **Pension Funding**

The City's unfunded pension liability remains a significant obligation of the City. The City has aggressively confronted this deficit, fully funding the City's Annual Required Contribution (ARC) beginning in fiscal year 2006, and has made significant additional payments in excess of the ARC into the pension fund in certain years. In June 2010,

Pension Funding Progress (Thousands)									
Actuarial	Actuarial		Funded						
Valuation Date	Value of Assets	UAAL	Ratio						
6/30/2006	\$3,981,932	\$1,000,768	79.9%						
6/30/2007	\$4,413,411	\$1,184,242	78.8%						
6/30/2008	\$4,660,346	\$1,303,203	78.2%						
6/30/2009	\$4,175,229	\$2,106,364	66.5%						
6/30/2010	\$4,382,047	\$2,145,176	67.1%						

the City contributed in excess of the ARC \$32.8 million as part of the McGuigan settlement obligations. The San Diego City Employees' Retirement System (SDCERS) is the administrator of the City's employee pension funds. On an annual basis, the pension fund portfolio and future pension obligations are evaluated by an independent actuary to determine the full pension liability. The most recent June 30, 2010 valuation calculated the unfunded pension liability to be approximately \$2.145 billion.

In fiscal year 2009, the Mayor proposed and City Council approved a new pension plan for General Members (effective July 1, 2009). In addition, pension reforms have been implemented for Police Officers hired after June 30, 2009, Lifeguards hired after June 30, 2011, and Firefighters hired on or after January 1, 2012. These changes are expected to achieve savings in the City's pension payments in future years.

Beginning in fiscal year 2012 the City eliminated the employee retirement offset contribution for elected officials, unrepresented employees and most of the represented employees. This is the portion of the individual's retirement system contribution that the City previously paid on the employee's behalf.

In fiscal year 2010, SDCERS investment portfolio rebounded strongly with final returns of +13.4%, following a -19.2% decline in fiscal year 2009. Portfolio returns in fiscal year 2011 continued at a strong pace, improving to an annual return of +23.8% as of June 30, 2011. SDCERS employs a long-term investment strategy. The City's ARC is determined using an asset smoothing methodology which dampens the volatility of the market value of assets which occurs from fluctuations in market conditions. The ARC payment for fiscal year 2010 was calculated by SDCERS Actuary to be \$155.2 million. In fiscal year 2011 the calculated ARC payment increased by \$78.3 million to \$233.5 million or 50.5 percent as a result of smoothing the large loss in market value of the portfolio experienced in fiscal year 2009. The dramatic increase of the ARC has put a tremendous strain on City operating expenses, all at the same time that revenues have flattened or declined. The City has responded by adjusting manageable operating expenses through reductions in personnel and supplies costs.

#### **Retiree Healthcare**

The City's actuarial valuation for retiree healthcare costs estimated an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$1.128 billion as of June 30, 2010. The City is participating in a trust administered by CalPERS to fund this long-term liability. The actuarial value of these assets as of June 30,

Retiree Healthcare Liabilities (Thousands)									
Actuarial Actuarial F									
Valuation Date	Value of Assets	UAAL	Ratio						
6/30/2008	\$29,637	\$1,206,070	2.4%						
6/30/2009	\$41,497	\$1,317,880	3.1%						
6/30/2010	\$72,720	\$1,128,190	6.1%						

2010 was \$72.7 million. The City did not fully fund the ARC for retiree healthcare in fiscal years 2010 and 2011 which was \$113.4 million and \$120.3 million, respectively. The fiscal

year 2010 funded amount was \$56.7 million and the City budgeted \$57.8 million for retiree healthcare in fiscal year 2011.

The City has recently reached a tentative agreement with all six bargaining units on reforms to the retiree healthcare benefit for employees hired before July 1, 2005. These new changes, if approved by employees, will be implemented on April 1, 2012. The tentative agreement for retiree healthcare will establish a \$58 million five year maximum cap on the City's pay-go obligation. The actuarial analysis of this tentative agreement indicates that the current UAAL will decrease by approximately \$330 million and the ARC, as of the June 30, 2010 actuarial valuation, will be reduced by approximately \$33 million.

### **Governmental Funds (Tax Supported Operations)**

The City's General Fund finished fiscal year 2010 with unrestricted cash and investments of approximately \$101 million. As a fiscal precaution against natural disasters or unforeseen events, the City maintains an emergency reserve fund that can only be accessed for qualifying emergencies as declared by the Mayor and/or City Council and approved by at least a 2/3 vote of the City Council. The General Fund Reserve Policy set a funding goal of 7.0% of General Fund revenue by the end of fiscal year 2010 and 8% at the end of Fiscal Year 2012. The General Fund reserve was actually 10.9% of General Fund revenue at June 30, 2010, resulting in a total reserve balance of \$105 million. This balance is reported within the General Fund Balance Sheet as Undesignated Fund Balance. The City's goal is to maintain General Fund reserves at 8% of revenues.

The fiscal year 2011 year end projection indicates that general fund expenses will be approximately the same  $(\pm 1\%)$  as compared to fiscal year 2010. This is a result of staff reductions, a general salary freeze on controllable wages, and deep reductions in non-personnel operating expenses. The City managed expenditures so as to absorb the significant increase in the pension ARC payment in fiscal year 2011 while revenues declined.

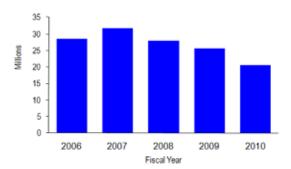
During fiscal year 2010, total long-term liabilities of the City's governmental activities increased by \$54.6 million. Even though the City continued to pay down existing debt obligations, liability claims increased and was primarily related to an audit finding from the Office of the Inspector General which resulted in the accrual of a liability claim related to the City's Redevelopment Agency. Two refunding bond issuances, the \$13.9 million North Park Tax Allocation Bonds and the \$167.6 million Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds (Master Refunding Project), did not significantly add to overall long term debt as they both were primarily used to reduce balances of prior outstanding debt.

The City's capital assets are essential to providing services to its residents and maintaining the quality of its environment. During fiscal year 2010, total capital assets for governmental activities increased by \$31 million. This was funded by a combination of developer contributions, grant monies, and city-funded capital improvement programs.

The City's capital improvement backlog is estimated to be approximately \$840 million according to the most recent assessment and cost estimate reported in March 2011. This amount includes the cost of needed repairs to City facilities, streets and storm drains but does not include alleys, sidewalks or related soft costs. Capital project expenditures have been deferred because the City has not had the necessary funding resources. The City issued \$103 million in bonds during fiscal year 2009 which are currently being used to fund deferred capital improvement projects within the City.

The City's Public Liability Claims Reserve Fund, which does not include \$136 million of liability claims specifically related to the RDA and the Sewer and Water funds, had a deficit of approximately \$34 million as of June 30, 2010. This deficit includes an accrued liability claims for actuarially calculated costs, incurred but not reported claims, and allocated and unallocated losses of approximately \$38 million, offset with the cash reserves collected in the fund. This fund experienced significantly higher claims from fiscal years 2005 - 2008 largely as a result of

City of San Diego Total Public Liability Claims Cash Payments

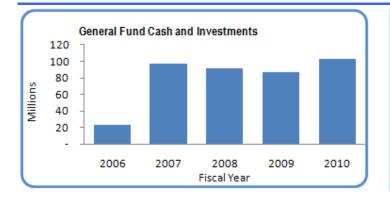


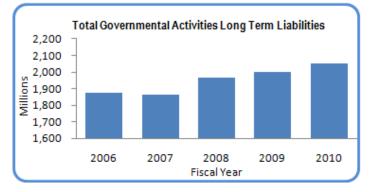
the legal claims and investigations stemming from the pension fund underpayment and related financial disclosure issues. However, most of these unusual claim costs have been settled and paid, and since fiscal year 2008 we have seen declining liability claims payments.

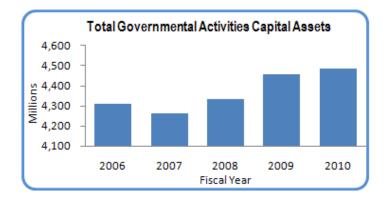
The Workers' Compensation Liability Claims reserve, which accounts for both governmental and business-type claims, had a deficit of \$114 million as of June 30, 2010. This deficit includes an accrued liability for actuarially calculated liabilities, for open and unreported claims, as well as a provision for the allocated loss adjustment expense totaling approximately \$152 million, offset with the cash reserves collected in the fund. The total liability for workers compensation has declined since fiscal year 2007 due to a downward trend in the number of claims and the effect of State legislation regarding workers compensation reform enacted in 2004.

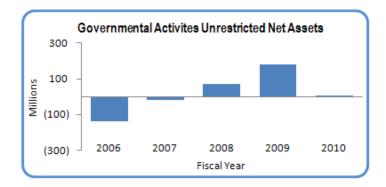
Per the City Reserve Policy, the City will budget funds annually to establish cash reserves to reach the goal of 50% of the estimated outstanding liabilities in each fund. The City suspended funding these reserves in the fiscal year 2011 and 2012 budgets as a result of the significant decline in General Fund revenues and the resulting expenditure reductions enacted by the City to balance the budget. Reserve balances were not used to balance the budget in fiscal years 2011 and 2012; but additional funds were not budgeted to contribute to the reserves for these funds. The City's Reserve Policy, established in 2008, is under revision with goals to maintain an overall 8% General Fund reserve level by 2012 and to change the amounts and the timing of funding in both the Public Liability Claims and the Workers Compensation Liability Claims reserves to achieve 50% funding by 2018.

### **Governmental Activities Key Indicators**









### **General Fund Cash**

Continued expenditure savings due to vacancies and management imposed reductions in discretionary spending have helped the City to maintain and improve its cash position.

### **Total Long Term Liabilities**

The City's balance of long term liabilities increased by approximately 3% over the past year primarily due to an increase in liability claims related to the City's Redevelopment Agency.

#### **Capital Assets**

Capital Assets increased by \$31 million during fiscal year 2010. This included capital expenditures related to the City street overlay program, infrastructure and improvements to Carroll Canyon Road/Sorrento Valley Road to I-805 and the second phase of the new ERP system.

#### **Unrestricted Net Assets**

Unrestricted Net Assets decreased by approximately \$179 million in FY 2010. A majority of this decrease was offset by an increase to Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt. Additionally, an accrued liability claim related to the City's Redevelopment Agency added to this decrease.

## **Business-Type Activities**

The majority of the City's business-type activities are related to utilities that provide water and wastewater services. In fiscal year 2011 the Water and Metropolitan Wastewater Departments were consolidated into a single Public Utilities Department and continue to serve San Diego and several regional agencies outside of the City's boundaries. The utilities operations are mainly supported by fees charged to customers. The Independent Rate Oversight Committee (an independent committee of stakeholders) monitors utility rates and expenditures on behalf of the ratepayers.

The City's Water Utility Fund issued \$123 million of Water Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2010A during fiscal year 2010 to refund outstanding principal of \$141 million of Certificates of Undivided Interest, Series 1998. The publicly offered Water 2010A Revenue Refunding Bonds are secured by and payable solely from net system revenues of the Water Utility Fund. The City's Wastewater Utility Fund issued \$162 million of Senior Sewer Revenue Bonds to fully refund \$179 million in wastewater revenue bonds. The publicly offered Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2010A are secured by and payable solely from wastewater system net revenues.

For the year ended June 30, 2010, the City's business-type activities closed with unrestricted net assets totaling \$643 million, an increase over fiscal year 2009 of approximately \$56 million as a result of Council approved rate increases for Sewer and Water Utilities.

While the City's capital assets for business-type activities have continued to increase in value, the deferred capital backlog remains an ongoing challenge. The City maintains a network of over 3,000 miles of water pipes and over 3,000 miles of wastewater lines.

Compliance with environmental regulations generally requires infrastructure construction, including the replacement of water distribution systems, treatment plant upgrades, the replacement of wastewater collection systems, and improving sewage treatment capacity. The City has agreed with various state and federal regulators to build significant infrastructure upgrades. The City received final approval of its third five-year modified discharge permit from the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and the state Regional Water Quality Control Board that became effective August 1, 2010. This allows the City to continue operating the Point Loma Wastewater Treatment Plant at advanced primary treatment levels, rather than secondary as otherwise required, through July 2015.

The City began implementing mandatory water use restriction in June 2009 as a persistent regional drought and judicial decisions regarding management of the State Water Project has put significant pressure on San Diego's regional water supplies. The City of San Diego imports as much as 90% of its water supply. The mandatory measures were needed to help San Diego stay within water supply allocations established by the water wholesalers. Within the first year of implementation, the City of San Diego achieved an 11.5% reduction when compared to fiscal year 2009 water usage, and a 17% total reduction through June 2011. Due to abundant precipitation this past winter and improved regional and local water supply conditions, the San Diego City Council ended the Drought Response Level 2 restrictions on May 24, 2011.

As part of the long-term effort to increase supply independence, and reduce local demand, the Mayor proposed and the City Council approved in October 2009 a revised Landscape Ordinance in advance of the state's requirement to do so by January 2010. The Water Efficient Landscape Ordinance requires new landscapes to be designed with a watering

demand below a climate based budget, through a combination of plant selection and efficient irrigation devices. The Ordinance also calls for the installation of separate irrigation meters on larger properties and sub-metering for smaller properties.

In FY2010, the City also moved forward with the California Department of Public Health to undertake a demonstration project intended to verify that highly treated municipal wastewater can be placed in a potable water reservoir and thereby augment local water supplies for the City of San Diego. In June 2011, the demonstration project completed construction and is in operation.

### **Best Practice Operating Improvements**

The City took a major leap forward on July 1, 2009 when it went live with its new Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) financial system. After two years of planning, the City successfully transitioned to an integrated financial system which allowed for the elimination of over a dozen legacy software applications. Since then, the City has continued to implement additional functional software modules to its ERP system environment. In December 2009 the Payroll module was activated and in March 2010 the Accounts Receivable module went live. Recently in July 2011, the City converted all of its Utility Customer Billing accounts to the ERP platform. With each new module added to the ERP system, the City is able to eliminate costly legacy software applications and hardware. The addition of the ERP system and a well trained workforce are expected to significantly improve the City's financial operations, reporting capabilities and internal controls for years to come.

Internal controls over financial operations and reporting continue to be a focus issue for the City. As part of the ERP system, the City has invested in an integrated internal controls module called Governance, Risk and Compliance (GRC). The City also has staffed a dedicated Internal Controls section that is responsible for citywide internal controls development and operational oversight. To date, 208 new processes and procedure documents have been developed and published. Employees have been trained on these processes and we are seeing an improvement in the City's internal control environment. Monthly progress to the internal control environment is reviewed by both the Mayor and Audit Committee.

## The Five Year Financial Outlook

The City publishes a Five Year Financial Outlook (Outlook) annually. The City's most recently published Five Year Financial Outlook was released in February 2011. The Outlook incorporated the most recent revenue and expenditure projections based on fiscal year 2011 trends, local and national economic indicators, and known incremental expenditure adjustments over the forecast period. Expenditure projections were adjusted for known increases, including higher legal and fleet costs and revenue projections were updated using more conservative growth assumptions than the fiscal year 2011 budget. Based on these factors, a \$56.7 million deficit was forecast for fiscal year 2012. In June 2011, the City approved a balanced fiscal year 2012 budget through a combination of on-going expense reductions, increased revenue projections for sales tax and TOT tax and some one-time revenue solutions matched to one-time expenditures.

The City's General Fund is the focus of the Outlook. Approximately 65% of the City's major revenues consist of four revenue sources: property tax, sales tax, TOT, and franchise fees. Nearly 72% of the City's General Fund expenditures are personnel expenses. The regional economy has shown signs of economic stabilization after the extended recession. Recent growth in sales tax and TOT revenues may be affected by a persistently high level of

unemployment in addition to a stagnant residential and commercial property market. The extended economic recession, combined with the current slow and uncertain pace of recovery, has continued to place fiscal strain on governments, including the City of San Diego. The Outlook discusses risks and opportunities that affect fiscal decisions and the City's ability to accomplish its strategic financial goals over the next five-year period. These goals include:

- Eliminate the General Fund structural budget deficit
- Meet contractual obligations and fund mandated programs
- Reduce personnel pension and retiree health care liability and annual City cost through the meet and confer process
- Contribute the full payment of the Annual Required Contribution (ARC) for the City's pension system
- Achieve full cost recovery for programs and services that are intended to be fully cost recoverable
- Maintain or enhance General Fund and other reserves according to the City's Reserve Policy
- Preserve City services to the fullest extent possible
- Develop plans to fund deferred capital infrastructure and maintenance needs

In order to achieve and maintain a structurally balanced budget, the Mayor has indicated that cuts to services and programs may continue even when factoring in projected moderate growth in sales tax and TOT tax revenues (and no growth in property tax revenues) budgeted in fiscal year 2012. Resolving the projected budget deficit in fiscal year 2013 may result in additional workforce reductions combined with expenditure savings from reduced or eliminated programs and services. The Mayor's budget plan for fiscal year 2012 does not include contributions to fund reserves; however, the General Fund budget assumes a projected General Fund reserve level of 8% will be maintained.

#### Looking Forward

Although there are some positive signs of economic recovery, these continue to be uncertain economic times and the City has set challenging goals for its future. The City believes these goals are achievable with continued fiscal discipline and greater government efficiency. The diversity of industry, education and tourism well positions the City for an early economic recovery ahead of other peer cities. We are beginning to see the signs of a slow economic rebound even though we have several years of recovery ahead to get to prerecession revenue levels.

San Diego continues to restructure its operations through managed competition and internally reexamining and improving its services and programs so that the City will emerge with a sound, fundamentally sustainable municipal business model. We have addressed the issues that have created prior difficulties for this City, such as pension and retiree health reform, and we are structuring ourselves for long-term stability and flexibility. We will continue to live within our means and balance our annual budgets.

### Purpose, Background, and Scope of this Report

San Diego City Charter § 111 requires the City to submit an annual report, including a Statement of Net Assets, and requires that all accounts of the City be audited by an independent auditor. Pursuant to this requirement, the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report ("CAFR") of the City of San Diego ("City") for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, is hereby submitted. The audit firm of Macias Gini & O'Connell LLP has issued an unqualified opinion on the City of San Diego's financial statements. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

The CAFR has been prepared in conformance with the principles and standards for reporting as set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the management of the City and its related agencies. The City's objective is to provide you with reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements. Additionally, the City continues to improve a comprehensive internal control over financial reporting framework in order to ensure acceptable management of taxpayer funds.

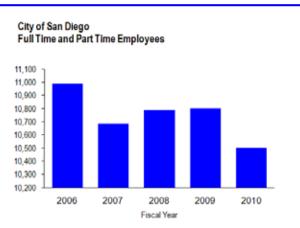
To the best of our knowledge and belief, the data as presented, is accurate in all material respects. It is presented in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the governmental activities, business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining funds of the City and its related agencies; and all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's, as well as its related agencies', financial activities have been included.

A narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the financial statements can be found in Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), which immediately follows the independent auditor's report. The MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it. The CAFR is organized into three sections:

- The introductory section includes information about the organizational structure of the City, the City's economy, and selected other financial information.
- The financial section is prepared in accordance with governmental accounting standards. It includes the MD&A (unaudited), the independent auditor's report, the audited basic financial statements, notes to the basic financial statements, required supplementary information (unaudited), and supplementary information (unaudited).
- The statistical section contains historical statistical data on the City's financial data and debt statistics, as well as miscellaneous physical, demographic, economic, and social data of the City. This section of the CAFR is unaudited.

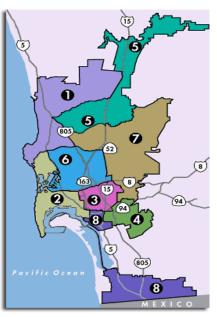
### Profile of the City of San Diego

The City of San Diego was incorporated in 1850. The City comprises 324 square miles and, as of January 1, 2011, the California Department of Finance estimates the population to be 1,311,882. The City, with approximately 10,500 employees, provides a full range of governmental services police protection, including and fire sanitation and health services, the construction and maintenance of streets and infrastructure, recreational activities and cultural events, and the maintenance and operation of the water and sewer utilities.



### **Governing Structure**

The City operates under and is governed by the laws of the State of California and its own Charter, as periodically amended since its adoption by the electorate in 1931. The City has operated under a Strong-Mayor form of government since January 2006. The permanent departure from the City's previous Council-Manager form of government was approved by a vote of the public and became effective January 1, 2011. The Mayor is elected at large to serve a four-year term.



#### Under the Strong-Mayor form of government, the Mayor is the Chief Executive Officer of the City and has direct oversight over all City functions and services except for the City Council, Personnel, City Clerk, Independent Budget Analyst (IBA), City Attorney, Ethics Commission and City Auditor departments. Under this form of government, the City Council is composed of eight members and is presided over by the Council President, who is selected by a majority vote of the City Council. The Mayor presides over City Council in closed session meetings of the Council. The Council retains its legislative authority; however, all City Council resolutions and ordinances are subject to a veto of the Mayor except for certain ordinances including emergency declarations and the City's annual Salary and Appropriations Ordinances. The City Council may override a Mayoral veto with five votes. The City Attorney, who is elected for a four-year term, serves as the chief legal advisor and attorney for the City and all departments.

During the City's primary election held on June 8, 2010, voters approved Measure D which made permanent the Strong-Mayor form of government effective January 1, 2011. Additionally, Measure D increased the number of

City Council districts from eight to nine, and therefore, a corresponding increase of City Council votes required to override the Mayor's veto from five to six. The ninth council district will be added in 2012.

#### City of San Diego Council District Map

## Current Elected Officials (As of the issuance of this report)



Mayor Jerry Sanders

District 1 Councilmember Sherri Lightner

District 2 Council President Pro Tem Kevin Faulconer



District 5 Councilmember Carl DeMaio

District 6 Councilmember Lori Zapf

District 7

District 3 Councilmember Todd Gloria

District 4 Council President Tony Young



District 8 Councilmember David Alvarez

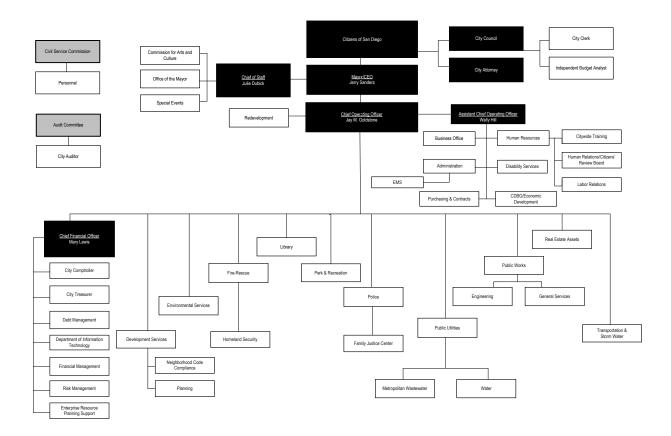
Councilmember Marti Emerald



City Attorney Jan Goldsmith

Other City Officials Jay M. Goldstone, Chief Operating Officer Mary Lewis, Chief Financial Officer Kenton C. Whitfield, City Comptroller Gail R. Granewich, City Treasurer Elizabeth Maland, City Clerk Andrea Tevlin, Independent Budget Analyst Eduardo Luna, City Auditor

## City of San Diego Organization Chart (As of the issuance of this Report)



## **Financial Reporting Entity**

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 14, the following component units are incorporated into the accompanying financial statements:

- Centre City Development Corporation (CCDC)
- City of San Diego Metropolitan Transit Development Board Authority (MTDB)
- Redevelopment Agency of the City of San Diego (RDA)
- San Diego Data Processing Corporation (SDDPC)
- San Diego Housing Commission (SDHC)
- Tourism Marketing District
- Tobacco Settlement Revenue Funding Corporation (TSRFC)

- Convention Center Expansion Financing Authority (CCEFA)
- San Diego Convention Center Corporation (SDCCC)
- San Diego Facilities and Equipment Leasing Corporation (SDFELC)
- San Diego Industrial Development Authority (SDIDA)
- Southeastern Economic Development Corporation (SEDC)
- Public Facilities Financing Authority (PFFA)
- San Diego City Employees' Retirement System (SDCERS)

Additionally, the City in fiscal year 2010 participated in a joint venture operation with a private company to provide for emergency medical and medical transportation services. This joint venture is a limited liability company named San Diego Medical Services Enterprise, LLC. The financial impact of the joint venture is displayed in the General Fund within the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance and in the government-wide statement of activities. This joint venture was mutually dissolved in fiscal year 2011, but is included in this fiscal year 2010 report.

#### **Budgetary Process**

Pursuant to the City Charter, an annual budget is presented by the Mayor to the City Council for consideration. Set forth in this budget are the anticipated revenues and expenditures of the General Fund, certain special revenue funds, enterprise funds, and certain debt service funds for the ensuing fiscal year. Additionally, project-length financial plans are presented to and adopted by the City Council for the capital projects funds. The legal level of budgetary control for the City's general fund is exercised at the salaries and wages and non-personnel expenditures level. Budgetary control for the other budgeted funds, including those of certain component units, is maintained at the total fund appropriation level. Copies of the City's budgets are available at the Financial Management Office located at 202 C Street, MS8A, San Diego, CA 92101 and can be viewed on the City website www.sandiego.gov.

The City continues to implement improvements to the effectiveness and efficiency of its operations and increase transparency to the public.

Sincerely,

Jerry Sanders

Mayor

Mary Lewis Chief Financial Officer

And Coldstone

Jay M. Goldstone Chief Operating Officer

ield Unite 1 011: Kenton C. Whitfield

Kenton C. Whitfield City Comptroller

FINANCIAL SECTION



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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council of the City of San Diego, California

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of San Diego, California (City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the San Diego Housing Commission, a discretely presented component unit, which financial statements reflect 90%, 95%, and 86% of the total assets, total net assets, and total revenues, respectively, of the aggregate discretely presented component units totals. Also, we did not audit the Southeastern Economic Development Corporation, a blended component unit, which financial statements reflect less than 1% in each of the total assets, total net assets, and total revenues, respectively, of the aggregate remaining fund information. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose reports thereon have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the San Diego Housing Commission and the Southeastern Economic Development Corporation for the san Diego Housing Commission and the Southeastern Economic Development Southeastern Economic Development Corporation is based solely on the reports of the other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained *in Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit and the reports of the other auditors provide a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of June 30, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As discussed in Note 1(v) to the basic financial statements, the City adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 51, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Intangible Assets* and GASB Statement No. 53, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments*.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 31, 2011 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

3000 S Street Suite 300 Sacramento CA 95816 2121 N. California Blvd. Suite 750 Walnut Creek CA 94596 505 14th Street Sth Floor Oakland CA 94612 2029 Century Park East Suite 500 Los Angeles CA 90067 4675 MacArthur Ct. Suite 600 Newport Beach CA 92660 225 Broadway Suite 1750 San Diego CA 92101 The management's discussion and analysis, schedules of funding progress and schedule of contributions from employer and other contributing entities, and general fund budgetary information listed as required supplementary information in the table of contents, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquires of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, supplementary information, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The supplementary information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied by us and the other auditors in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied by us and the other audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

macian Jini & O'Connell LLP

San Diego, California August 31, 2011

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited) (In Thousands) June 30, 2010

As management of the City of San Diego (City), we offer readers of the City financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010. We encourage the reader to consider the information presented here in addition to the information presented in the Letter of Transmittal.

#### OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements; (2) fund financial statements; and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

#### GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The focus of the government-wide financial statements is on reporting on the operating results and financial position of the government as an economic entity. These statements are intended to report the entity's operational accountability to its readers, giving information about the probable medium and long-term effects of past decisions on the government's financial position.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing changes in the City's net assets during the fiscal year 2010. All changes in net assets are reported when the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. The focus is on both gross and net costs of City functions, which are supported by general revenues. This Statement also distinguishes functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include: General Government and Support; Public Safety - Police; Public Safety - Fire and Life Safety and Homeland Security; Parks, Recreation, Culture and Leisure; Transportation; Sanitation and Health; and Neighborhood Services. The business-type activities of the City include: Airports; Development Services; Environmental Services; Golf Course; Recycling; Sewer Utility; and Water Utility.

The government-wide financial statements include the City (known as the primary government) and the following legally separate, discretely presented component units: San Diego Convention Center Corporation (SDCCC); and San Diego Housing Commission (SDHC). Financial information for these component units is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government. Blended component units, also legally separate entities, are a part of the government's operations and are combined with the primary government.

Included within the primary government as blended component units:

- Centre City Development Corporation (CCDC)
- City of San Diego/Metropolitan Transit Development Board Authority (MTDB)
- Convention Center Expansion Financing Authority (CCEFA)
- Public Facilities Financing Authority (PFFA)
- Redevelopment Agency of the City of San Diego (RDA)
- San Diego City Employees' Retirement System (SDCERS)
- San Diego Data Processing Corporation (SDDPC)
- San Diego Facilities and Equipment Leasing Corporation (SDFELC)

- San Diego Industrial Development Authority (SDIDA)
- Southeastern Economic Development Corporation (SEDC)
- Tobacco Settlement Revenue Funding Corporation (TSRFC)
- Tourism Marketing District (TMD)

The government-wide financial statements can be found beginning on page 50 of this report.

#### FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

#### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, which is a major fund. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the Supplementary Information section of this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget and is presented as required supplementary information.

The basic governmental funds financial statements can be found beginning on page 54 of this report.

#### **PROPRIETARY FUNDS**

The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds, enterprise funds and internal service funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses Enterprise Funds to account for its various business-type activities, such as Sewer and Water Utilities. Internal Service funds, such as Fleet Services, Central Stores, Publishing Services, and Self Insurance, are used to report activities that provide centralized supplies and/or services to the City. All internal service funds have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements since they predominantly benefit governmental functions.

Proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary funds financial statements provide separate information for the Sewer and Water funds, which are considered to be major funds of the City. Data for the nonmajor proprietary funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation, and the internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation as well. Included in the Supplementary Information section of this report are individual fund data for the nonmajor proprietary funds and the internal service funds. The basic proprietary funds financial statements can be found beginning on page 58 of this report.

#### FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's operations. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary funds financial statements can be found beginning on page 61 of this report.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found beginning on page 63 of this report.

#### **OTHER INFORMATION**

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension and postemployment healthcare benefits to its employees, and the General Fund's budgetary comparison schedule. Required supplementary information can be found beginning on page 166 of this report.

The individual fund data referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds, nonmajor proprietary funds, internal service funds, and fiduciary funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information on pensions and the General Fund budgetary comparison schedule, beginning on page 185 of this report.

#### GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

	 Governmental Activities			Business-Type Activities				Total Primary Government			
	 2010		2009		2010	2009		2010			2009
Capital Assets	\$ 4,486,074	\$	4,455,525	\$	4,904,908		4,766,721	\$	9,390,982	\$	9,222,246
Other Assets	 2,114,026		2,073,989		1,292,984		1,357,070		3,407,010		3,431,059
Total Assets	 6,600,100		6,529,514		6,197,892	6,123,791		12,797,992		12,653,305	
Net Long-Term Liabilities	2,052,459		1,997,836		2,325,652		2,413,033		4,378,111		4,410,869
Other Liabilities	192,596		142,084		140,851		110,479		333,447		252,563
Total Liabilities	 2,245,055		2,139,920		2,466,503	_	2,523,512	_	4,711,558	_	4,663,432
Net Assets:											
Invested in Capital Assets,											
Net of Related Debt	3,780,474		3,673,643		3,035,924		2,970,351		6,816,398		6,643,994
Restricted	572,382		535,030		52,190		42,485		624,572		577,515
Unrestricted	 2,189		180,921		643,275		587,443		645,464		768,364
Total Net Assets	\$ 4,355,045	\$	4,389,594	\$	3,731,389	\$	3,600,279	\$	8,086,434	\$	7,989,873

## CITY OF SAN DIEGO'S SUMMARY OF NET ASSETS (In Thousands)

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets exceeded liabilities by \$8,086,434 at June 30, 2010, an increase of \$96,561 over fiscal year 2009.

\$6,816,398, or approximately 84% of total Net Assets represent the City's investment in capital assets (e.g., land, structures and improvements, equipment, distribution and collections systems, infrastructure, and construction-in-progress), less any outstanding debt used to acquire these assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources since the capital assets themselves generally are not used to liquidate these liabilities.

\$624,572, or approximately 8%, of total Net Assets represent resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$645,464, or approximately 8%, is available to fund ongoing services and obligations to the City's citizens and creditors.

In total, Unrestricted Net Assets experienced a net decrease of \$122,900, or approximately 16%. Unrestricted Net Assets for Governmental activities decreased by \$178,732. This decrease was partially offset by an increase to Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt as a result of an increase in capital assets, a decrease in outstanding bonds payable, and an increase in unspent bond proceeds. Additionally, this decrease was attributed to an accrued liability claim resulting from an audit by the Office of the Inspector General related to the City's Redevelopment Agency. Business-Type activities experienced an increase in Unrestricted Net Assets of \$55,832 which was primarily attributed to Council approved rate increases for Sewer and Water Utilities.

# CITY OF SAN DIEGO'S SUMMARY OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS (In Thousands)

	Governme	ntal Activities	Business	-Type Activities	Total Primary Government			
	2010	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009		
Revenues:								
Program Revenues								
Charges for Current Services	\$ 369,740	\$ 345,532	\$ 859,732	\$ 771,725	\$ 1,229,472	\$ 1,117,257		
Operating Grants and Contributions	71,829	93,244	3,289	1,739	75,118	94,983		
Capital Grants and Contributions	60,139	104,471	45,738	60,863	105,877	165,334		
General Revenues								
Property Taxes	579,410	607,857	-	-	579,410	607,857		
Transient Occupancy Taxes	123,332	140,657	-	-	123,332	140,657		
Sales Taxes	244,406	229,651	-	-	244,406	229,651		
Other Local Taxes	183,694	161,485	-	-	183,694	161,485		
Grants and Contributions not Restricted to								
Specific Programs	18,065	8,488	-	-	18,065	8,488		
Investment Income	30,472	74,615	22,332	31,004	52,804	105,619		
Other	43,334	51,598	13,321	8,257	56,655	59,855		
Total Revenues	1,724,421	1,817,598	944,412	873,588	2,668,833	2,691,186		
Expenses:								
General Government and Support	395,344	302,394	-	-	395,344	302,394		
Public Safety-Police	402,222	418,549	-	-	402,222	418,549		
Public Safety-Fire, Life Safety, Homeland Security	214,975	220,787	-	-	214,975	220,787		
Parks, Recreation, Culture and Leisure	266,343	258,038	-	-	266,343	258,038		
Transportation	190,054	239,305	-	-	190,054	239,305		
Sanitation and Health	78,171	77,447	-	-	78,171	77,447		
Neighborhood Services	137,971	116,735	-	-	137,971	116,735		
Debt Service:								
Interest on Long-Term Debt	72,672	75,059	-	-	72,672	75,059		
Airports	-	-	5,671	5,140	5,671	5,140		
City Store	-		-	321	-	321		
Development Services	-		36,640	47,260	36,640	47,260		
Environmental Services	-		33,955	35,718	33,955	35,718		
Golf Course	-		14,618	11,864	14,618	11,864		
Recycling	-	-	19,265	20,067	19,265	20,067		
Sewer Utility	-		338,688	314,125	338,688	314,125		
Water Utility	-	-	365,683	329,748	365,683	329,748		
Total Expenses	1,757,752	1,708,314	814,520	764,243	2,572,272	2,472,557		
Change in Net Assets Before Transfers:	(33,331)	109,284	129,892	109,345	96,561	218,629		
Transfers	(1,218)	(1,225)	1,218	1,225	-	-		
Net Change in Net Assets	(34,549)	108,059	131,110	110,570	96,561	218,629		
Net Assets - July 1, as Restated	4,389,594	4,281,535	3,600,279	3,489,709	7,989,873	7,771,244		
Net Assets - June 30	\$ 4,355,045	\$ 4,389,594	\$ 3,731,389	\$ 3,600,279	\$ 8,086,434	\$ 7,989,873		

#### **GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES**

Governmental activities decreased the City's net assets by \$34,549 during fiscal year 2010. Variances from fiscal year 2009 of more than 10% are discussed below.

- Operating Grants and Contributions decreased by \$21,415, or approximately 23%, which was primarily due to the
  reclassification of Proposition 42 revenues from Operating Grants to Other Local Taxes (\$10,000) and the reclassification of
  Maintenance Assessment District revenues from Operating Grants to Charges for Services (\$14,000).
- Capital Grants and Contributions decreased by \$44,332, or approximately 42%. The Redevelopment Agency had a
  decrease in Capital Grants of \$6,200, primarily due to one-time transfers of Developer Impact Fees from the City during
  fiscal year 2009. The City had decreases in grant revenues related to Soledad Mountain Road (\$11,800), Homeland
  Security FEMA grants (\$6,800) and Seismic Retrofit grants (\$5,400). The remaining decrease was primarily attributed to a
  decrease in proceeds related to capital asset financing activities.
- Transient Occupancy Taxes decreased by \$17,325, or approximately 12%, primarily due to the downturn in San Diego's tourism industry.
- Other Local Taxes increased by \$22,209, or approximately 14%. The accrual of SDG&E franchise revenues for the Underground Surcharge Program which was not accrued in previous years accounted for approximately \$16,000 of the increase. In addition, there was a \$12,000 increase due to the reclassification of Proposition 42 revenues, from Operating Grants to Other Local Taxes. These increases were partially offset by a decrease in Gas Tax revenues of \$5,600, due to suspended apportionments for fiscal year 2008 which were received during fiscal year 2009.
- Grants and Contributions not Restricted to Specific Programs increased by \$9,577, or approximately 113%, primarily due to
  a reduction of outstanding long-term debt obligations in the amount of \$8,391, as a result of the Redevelopment Agency's
  negotiations with various developers.
- Investment Income decreased by \$44,143, or approximately 59%, primarily due to the prolonged low interest rate environment.
- Other Revenue decreased by \$8,264, or approximately 16%. During fiscal year 2009, a capital asset inventory was completed and a one-time revenue was recorded in Fleet Services for vehicles that were not previously capitalized.
- General Government and Support expense increased by \$92,950, or approximately 31%. On July 1, 2009, the City went live with a new Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) financial system. In preparation for this conversion, the City reconciled the capital asset information that was contained in the legacy system. As a result of this reconciliation, a one-time reduction of approximately \$64,000 was recorded in fiscal year 2009. In addition, the Redevelopment Agency made a payment to the Supplemental Educational Revenue Augmentation Fund (SERAF) required under State Assembly Bill 26 4x, which increased expenses by approximately \$55,000 during fiscal year 2010. These increases were offset with decreases to General Government and Support expenses related to lower staffing levels in the General Fund (\$12,800) and a reduction of the Annual Required Contribution (\$10,500) to the defined benefit pension plan.
- Transportation expense decreased by \$49,251, or approximately 21%. This variance is primarily the result of a reclassification of Subdivision Fund expenditures from Transportation to General Government and Support (\$17,800), a decrease in Underground Surcharge expenses resulting from a decrease in undergrounding receipts (\$13,000), and a decrease in expenses related to General Fund Streets projects (\$10,000).
- Neighborhood Services expense increased by \$21,236, or approximately 18%. This increase was primarily attributed to an increase in accrued liability claims related to the Redevelopment Agency of approximately \$58,500 as a result of an audit by the Office of the Inspector General related to the City's CDBG program (see Note 18 for additional information). This increase was partially offset by a \$39,000 decrease in claims expense due to a settlement with the County of San Diego related to the Grantville Redevelopment Project area.

#### **BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES**

Business-type activities increased the City's net assets by \$131,110 fiscal year 2010. Variances from fiscal year 2009 of more than 10% are discussed below.

- Charges for Services increased by \$88,007, or approximately 11%, primarily due to Council approved rate increases for Sewer and Water Utilities.
- Operating Grants and Contributions increased by \$1,550, or approximately 89%, primarily due to recognition of revenues associated with Oil Recycling and Airports programs.
- Capital Grants and Contributions decreased by \$15,125, or approximately 25%, primarily due to a decline in water and sewer main infrastructure installations by developers and a decline in related capacity fees received.
- Investment Income decreased by \$8,672, or approximately 28%, primarily due to the prolonged low interest rate environment.
- Other Revenues increased by \$5,064, or approximately 61%, as a result of litigation awards received and increases in sewerage system permits and discharge fees.
- Development Services expenses decreased by \$10,620, or approximately 22%, primarily due to the reduction of 43 full time equivalent (FTE) positions.
- Golf Course expenses increased by \$2,754, or approximately 23%, as a result of a reclassification of \$2,100 in rent expense which was recorded as a transfer in prior years.
- Water Utility expenses increased by \$35,935, or approximately 11%, primarily due to increased costs of water purchased and debt service interest expenses.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

#### **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of fiscal year 2010, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$1,639,340, a decrease of \$101,452 from fiscal year 2009. Approximately \$855,020 constitutes unreserved fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's direction. The remainder of fund balance is reserved to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed (1) to liquidate contracts and purchase orders of the period, (2) to pay debt service, (3) to generate income to pay for the perpetual funding of various programs, or (4) for a variety of other purposes.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the City. Total Fund Balance for the General Fund remained stable at \$115,023 compared with \$114,392 in fiscal year 2009. The Undesignated Fund Balance of \$105,014 increased by \$26,667 over fiscal year 2009. This increase was offset by a decrease in Reserve for Encumbrances, resulting from a new encumbrance policy effective in fiscal year 2009 which requires encumbrances created in regular operating funds to be consumed prior to the end of the fiscal year.

#### **PROPRIETARY FUNDS**

The City's proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

As of the end of fiscal year 2010, Unrestricted Net Assets of the Sewer Utility Fund were \$352,341. Unrestricted Net Assets increased approximately \$59,900, or approximately 20%, primarily due to Council approved rate increases.

As of the end of fiscal year 2010, Unrestricted Net Assets of the Water Utility Fund remained stable at \$233,265, an increase of \$366 over fiscal year 2009.

#### GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The original budget for expenditures and transfers out was \$645 lower than the final budget due to increases (decreases) in appropriations primarily attributed to the following:

- \$3,570 for General Governmental and Support. This variance was mostly attributed to contractual obligations of the City Auditor and the General Services Department.
- (\$9,676) for Public Safety-Police. The majority of the budget reduction was in personnel, which was attributed to vacant positions, a decrease in recruits from the Police Academy, and overtime savings.
- \$8,789 for Transportation. This increase was principally due to slurry seal expenditures in the Streets Department.
- \$3,605 for Sanitation and Health. The increase was primarily due to contractual obligations of the Storm Water Department.
- (\$1,871) for Neighborhood Services. The decrease was primarily due to reduced contractual expenditures in the City Planning and Community Investment Department.
- (\$2,844) for Transfers Out. This decrease was primarily due to lower than anticipated transfers to the Mission Bay/Regional Parks Fund.

Actual revenues received for the General Fund were \$74,195 less than budgeted. Property Tax revenue was over budget by \$8,754 primarily due to an increase in collection rates. Sales Tax and Transient Occupancy Tax were under budget by \$24,549 and \$10,685, respectively, due to the downturn in the economy. Other Local Taxes were under budget by \$4,968 mainly due to a shortfall in SDG&E Franchise Fees. Licenses and Permits revenue was under budget by \$4,412 due to lower Business and Rental Unit Taxes. Revenue from Use of Money and Property came in \$5,074 under budget due to declining market values of the City's investment pool. Charges for Current Services came in \$35,807 under budget due to revenue shortfalls in the Parks and Recreation and General Services Departments. Other revenue was \$3,275 over budget which was due to a reimbursement from the COPS Grant for police expenditures incurred in the prior year.

Actual expenditures for the General Fund were \$13,702 under budget. General Government and Support had appropriation savings of \$10,449, primarily due to a reduction of Personnel expenditures. Sanitation and Health had appropriation savings of \$1,811 due to a decrease in lease expenses resulting from an amendment to the lease agreement between the General Fund and the Environmental Services Department.

#### CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### (In Thousands) Total **Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities** Primary Government 2010 2010 2010 2009 2009 2009 Land & Rights of Way \$ 1.798.345 \$ 1.768.968 \$ 95.428 \$ 93.240 \$ 1.893.773 \$ 1.862.208 Easements 5 19 24 Construction-in-Progress 191,743 192,741 288,869 291,283 480,612 484,024 Structures and Improvements 811,904 826,488 1,305,899 1,253,903 2,117,803 2,080,391 Equipment 190,898 169,387 147,086 156,891 337,984 326,278 **Distribution and Collection Systems** 3,067,607 2,971,404 3,067,607 2,971,404 Infrastructure 1,493,179 1,497,941 1,493,179 1,497,941 4.486.074 4,455,525 4,904,908 4,766,721 9,390,982 9,222,246 Totals \$ \$ \$ \$ \$

CITY OF SAN DIEGO'S CAPITAL ASSETS (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)

#### CAPITAL ASSETS

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, all major infrastructure assets (such as streets, signals, bridges, and drains) are capitalized by the City in the government-wide statements. While capital assets of both governmental and proprietary funds are capitalized at the government-wide level, only proprietary assets are reported at the fund level. Governmental funds are reported on a modified accrual basis at the fund level. Differences between reporting at the fund level and government-wide level for these governmental assets will be explained in both the reconciliation and the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

The City's investment in capital assets (including infrastructure) for governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2010 was \$9,390,982 (net of accumulated depreciation). There was an overall increase in the City's investment in capital assets over fiscal year 2009 of approximately \$168,736. Readers interested in more detailed information on capital asset activity should refer to Note 4 - Capital Assets.

#### HIGHLIGHTS OF FISCAL YEAR 2010 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT ACTIVITIES

#### **Governmental Activities**

- Phase 2 of the Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) System Core Project to provide a replacement of the legacy software currently used by the Offices of the Chief Financial Officer (CFO) and Business and Support Services was completed and implemented City-wide on Jan 1, 2010. Phase 2 of the Project focused primarily on the implementation of a new payroll and time entry system. The project was funded primarily through a lease purchase agreement with IBM Credit LLC and cash from SDDPC. The City's fiscal year 2010 capital expenditures for this project were \$8,594.
- The reconstruction of Soledad Mountain Road was completed following the October 2007 landslide that destroyed a large section of the 5700 block of Soledad Mountain Road and Desert View Drive Alley. The project was funded by TransNet as well as state and federal grants. The City's fiscal year 2010 capital expenditures for this project were \$1,052.

- Construction on the North Harbor Drive Bridge over the Navy Estuary was completed in September of 2009. This project
  provided for the seismic retrofitting of the bridge as well as stabilization of the existing piers and joining the paired piers
  together at the waterline to increase support during seismic events. The City's fiscal year 2010 capital expenditures for this
  project were \$3,187.
- Construction began on the Carroll Canyon Road/Sorrento Valley Road improvement project. This project is a joint project with CalTrans that will provide a modified four-lane collector street under Interstate 805 as well as Class II bike lanes and direct access ramps from Carroll Canyon onto the I-805 and I-5 interchanges. The City's fiscal year 2010 capital expenditures for this project were \$10,891.
- The Carmel Valley Road from Street A to Neighborhood Parkway project is a developer built project that will provide for the design and construction of a four lane road to contain enough right of way to accommodate the eventual future expansion to six lanes. Pedestrian undercrossings and landscaped medians are also included in the project plan. The City reimbursed the developer \$6,034 for this project during fiscal year 2010.
- Construction was completed on Phase II of the Logan Heights Branch Library. This project provided for a new 25,000 square foot library at 28<sup>th</sup> Street and Ocean Boulevard to serve the Logan Heights Community. The project was funded by various grants as well as the Library System Improvement Fund. The City's fiscal year 2010 capital expenditures for this project were \$2,244.
- Construction began and was completed on the Murphy Canyon Storm Drain Repair project. This project provided for the replacement of approximately 1,150 linear feet of 54-inch storm drain pipes that had deteriorated and were at risk for continued failure. In fiscal year 2010, \$4,700 was expended to complete the project.
- Construction on the First Avenue Bridge Rehabilitation and Retrofit project was completed in December 2009. This project
  provided for seismic retrofits to the abutments, expansion joints and bracing of the First Ave Bridge as well as extensive
  hardware restoration and replacement. The project is part of the Uptown Community Plan and was funded by Federal and
  State grants as well as Urban Community funding. The City's fiscal year 2010 capital expenditures for this project were
  \$4,318.
- Property acquisition was completed for the Ocean View Hills Community Park Acquisition project. When complete, this
  project will provide for a 15 acre park with an additional 5 acres of joint use facilities that will be used by the neighboring
  Ocean View Hills Elementary School. Park amenities may include tennis courts, lighted ball fields, comfort stations,
  children's play areas and other improvements. Project expenditures towards land acquisition totaled \$2,145 during fiscal
  year 2010.

#### **Business-Type Activities**

During fiscal year 2010, the Water Utility Fund added approximately \$80,895 in capital improvement projects (CIP). Upgrades and expansion of the Miramar Water Treatment Plant, Otay Water Treatment Plant, Rancho Penasquitos Water Pump Station #2, and the Alvarado Water Treatment Plant continued, along with water main replacements. Capital asset write-offs for fiscal year 2010 were approximately \$2,631, and were primarily related to losses on abandoned projects and retirements of developer contributed assets.

During fiscal year 2010, the Sewer Utility Fund added approximately \$45,586 in CIP, of which the Metropolitan system CIP increased approximately \$9,207. Municipal system CIP increased approximately \$36,368 and included the following major projects: South Mission Valley Trunk Sewer, Metro Facilities Control Systems Upgrade, Pipeline Rehabilitation Phase G-1, and the continued replacement of sewer mains and upgrades to the sewer infrastructure. Capital asset write-offs for fiscal year 2010 were approximately \$561 and were primarily related to losses on abandoned projects and retirements of developer contributed assets.

#### HIGHLIGHTS OF THE APPROVED FISCAL YEAR 2011 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PROJECTS (CIP) BUDGET

The Annual Approved Capital Improvements Budget for Fiscal Year 2011 was \$299,600 which was a decrease of \$153,600, or approximately 33.9% from the fiscal year 2010 budget of \$453,200. The decrease in the Fiscal Year 2011 budget was primarily due to a change in budget practices to conform to the City's Budget Policy (Council Policy 000-02). Water and Sewer projects

comprise over 60.5% of the total CIP budget. General Services projects, which include transportation and building improvements, comprise 32.2% of the total CIP budget. Funding for governmental projects include: TransNet funds; Facilities Benefit Assessments; Developer Impact Fees; developer contributions; federal, state, local, and private contributions; land sale proceeds; and deferred capital projects bonds. Highlights of the key budgets by department are as follows:

#### **Governmental Activities**

- General Services: \$31,400. Key projects included the undergrounding of City utilities to augment the California Public Utilities Commission (CPUC) Rule 20A funds, and conversion of City-owned street lighting and resurfacing of roadways associated with the undergrounding of utilities. The estimated \$7,500 annual allocation funding for these projects is entirely funded by the Underground Surcharge Fund. Other significant projects included \$6,100 for Torrey Meadows Overdrive Crossing and \$2,500 for improvements at State Route 163 & Friars Road.
- Storm Water: \$2,600. Projects during the 2011 fiscal year focused on storm drain repair, replacement, and reconstruction. Emphasis was on replacing the corrugated metal pipes in order to mitigate the risk of storm drain failures and increasing storm drain capacities.
- Parks and Recreation: \$16,500. Planned project types for fiscal year 2011 included play area upgrades, joint use fields, accessibility improvements, comfort stations, picnic shelters, sports field and security lighting, new park development, and golf course improvements and upgrades.
- Library: \$133,000. This budget is primarily for the San Diego New Central Library which is planned to be a 500,000 square foot, multi-purpose library building which will have space for a Charter School, 350-seat auditorium, and art gallery, among other amenities.

#### **Business-Type Activities**

The fiscal year 2011 Public Utilities CIP budget is \$240,900. Significant projects include: \$72,600 for water main replacements; \$68,800 for sewer main replacements; \$26,100 for the replacement of trunk sewers; \$10,100 for the repair and upgrade of pump stations; \$7,700 for water pump station restorations; and \$5,200 for the Metro Facilities control system upgrades.

	Governmental Activities			E	Business-Ty	vities	Total Primary Government					
		2010		2009	2010 2009		2010			2009		
Capital Lease Obligations	\$	84,561	\$	89,519	\$-		\$-		\$	84,561	\$	89,519
Contracts Payable		1,018		4,715		-		-		1,018		4,715
Notes Payable		3,301		4,786		-		-		3,301		4,786
Loans Payable		79,395		44,815		84,673		90,326		164,068		135,141
Section 108 Loans		31,496		33,532	-		-		31,496			33,532
General Obligation Bonds		4,340		6,315	-			-		4,340		6,315
Revenue Bonds/COP's/ Lease Revenue Bonds		547,260		579,500	2,	,073,075	2	,166,906		2,620,335		2,746,406
Tax Allocation Bonds		529,423		534,547		-		-		529,423		534,547
Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed Bonds		92,350		95,380		-		-		92,350		95,380
Pooled Financing Bonds		32,780		33,460		-		-		32,780		33,460
Totals	\$	1,405,924	\$	1,426,569	\$2,	,157,748	\$2	,257,232	\$ 3	3,563,672	\$	3,683,801

#### CITY OF SAN DIEGO'S OUTSTANDING DEBT (In Thousands)

#### LONG-TERM DEBT

At the end of fiscal year 2010, the City, including blended component units, had total debt outstanding of approximately \$3,563,672. Of this amount, \$4,340 is comprised of debt backed by the full faith and credit of the City. The remainder of the City's debt represents revenue bonds, lease revenue bonds, certificates of participation (COPs), tax allocation bonds, tobacco settlement asset-backed bonds, pooled financing bonds, contracts payable, notes payable, loans payable, Section 108 loans, SRF loans, and capital lease obligations.

#### **Governmental Activities**

- The City (RDA) issued \$13,930 of Subordinate Tax Allocation Bonds for the purpose of repaying certain outstanding
  obligations and to finance redevelopment activities relating to the North Park Redevelopment Project area. The Series
  2009A bonds are payable solely from and secured by a pledge of tax revenues and are subordinate to the prior liens of
  the outstanding North Park Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2000, Series 2003A and 2003B.
- The City (PFFA) issued \$167,635 of Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2010A (Master Refunding Project) to refund the outstanding Refunding Certificates of Participation (Balboa Park and Mission Bay Park Capital Improvements Program, Series 1991) (Series 1996B), refund the outstanding taxable PFFA Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 1996A (San Diego Jack Murphy Stadium) and refund the outstanding PFFA Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2009A (Various Capital Improvement Projects).

- The City executed an Agreement Regarding Purchase of McGuigan Judgment with Bank of America, N.A. (BANA) that
  allowed the bank to make the unpaid remaining balance of \$32,762 from the William J. McGuigan Judgment. The City
  was then obligated to repay BANA starting on July 1, 2011 and for the following three years, at a fixed rate of 3.79%
  throughout the term of the obligation, unless the City's long-term general obligation indebtedness rating was lowered,
  withdrawn, suspended, or upon the occurrence of an Event of Default.
- Total principal payments or reductions of long-term debt were \$247,254. \$209,834 of this amount was for outstanding bonds, including \$165,295 of bonds refunded or redeemed in advance of scheduled maturity date, and \$44,539 of scheduled bond principal payments. Also included were \$16,166 for loans payable, \$1,485 for notes payable, \$3,697 for contracts payable, and \$16,072 for capital leases. Readers interested in more detailed information regarding Governmental Activities Long Term Liabilities should refer to Note 5.

#### Business-Type Activities

- The City (PFFA) issued \$123,075 of Water Revenue Bonds, Refunding Series 2010A for the following purposes: to fully refund the outstanding \$141,320 Water of Certificates of Undivided Interest, Series 1998; to fund the reserve; and to pay costs of issuance related to the Series 2010A Bonds. The publicly offered Water 2010A Revenue Refunding Bonds are secured by and payable solely from net system revenues of the Water Utility Fund.
- The City (PFFA) issued \$161,930 of Senior Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2010A for the following purposes: to refund the outstanding \$43,850 of Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 1995; to refund the outstanding \$22,565 of Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 1997A and \$8,260 of Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 1997B; to refund the outstanding \$67,020 of Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 1999A and \$37,080 of Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 1999B; to fund the reserve; and to pay costs of issuance related to the Series 2010A Bonds. The publicly offered Sewer 2010A Revenue Refunding Bonds are secured by and payable solely from wastewater system net revenues.
- Total principal payments for long-term debt were \$384,489. \$378,836 of this amount was for outstanding bonds, including \$320,095 of bonds refunded or redeemed in advance of scheduled maturity date, and \$58,741 for scheduled bond principal payments. Principal payments on loans payable were \$5,653. Readers interested in more detailed information regarding Business-Type Activities Long Term Liabilities should refer to Note 6.

As of the issuance of this report, the credit ratings on the City of San Diego's outstanding Lease Revenue Bonds and Revenue Bonds are as follows:

	Moody's Investors	Fitch	
	Service	Ratings	Standard & Poor's
General Fund Backed Lease			
Revenue Bonds	A2	A+	A-
Outlook	Stable	Stable	Positive
Wastewater System Bonds	Aa3	AA	A+
Outlook	Stable	Stable	Stable
Water System Bonds	Aa2/Aa3	AA/AA-	AA-/A+
Outlook	Stable	Stable	Stable

Section 90 of the City Charter provides that the general obligation bonded indebtedness for the development, conservation and furnishings of water shall not exceed 15% of the last preceding assessed valuation of all real and personal property of the City subject to direct taxation, and that the bonded indebtedness for other municipal improvements shall not exceed 10% of such valuation. The City's current outstanding general obligation balances as of June 30, 2010 are significantly less than the current debt limitations for water and other purposes, which are \$6,099,183 and \$4,066,122, respectively (see Statistical Section, Table 12).

It has been the City's practice, as provided for in Section 90.1 of the City Charter, to issue revenue bonds for the purpose of constructing water facilities. Per Section 90.1, revenue bonds do not constitute an indebtedness of the City, but an obligation payable from the revenues received by the utility. Section 90.2 authorizes the issuance of Revenue Bonds for the purpose of constructing improvements to the City's sewer system.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

### **REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be sent to the Office of the City Comptroller at <u>comptroller@sandiego.gov</u>. This financial report is also available on the City's website at <u>www.sandiego.gov</u>, under the Office of the City Comptroller. Additional information intended for the investor community is available on the Investor Information web page also located on the City's website listed above.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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#### STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2010 (In Thousands)

	I	Primary Governme	Component Units			
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	San Diego Convention Center Corporation	San Diego Housing Commission	
SSETS						
Cash and Investments	\$ 1,352,208	\$ 708,794	\$ 2,061,002	\$ 15,877	\$ 114,919	
Receivables:						
Taxes - Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles (Governmental \$2,206)	105,038	-	105,038	-	-	
Accounts - Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles						
(Governmental \$29,234, Business-Type \$4,137)	84,860	111,314	196,174	3,286	10,063	
Claims	249	589	838	-	-	
Special Assessments	592	-	592	-	-	
Notes	158,103	-	158,103	-	203,278	
Accrued Interest	2,792	2,005	4,797	-	21,395	
Grants	48,281	2,044	50,325	-	-	
From Other Agencies	2	-	2	-	-	
Investment in Joint Venture	1,688	-	1,688	-	-	
Advances to Other Agencies	3,076	-	3,076	-	-	
Internal Balances	(11,069)	11,069	-	-	-	
Inventories of Water in Storage	-	38,303	38,303	-	-	
Inventories	2,551	703	3,254	15	148	
Land Held for Resale	36,146	-	36,146	-	-	
Prepaid Expenses	1,684	467	2,151	967	3,230	
Restricted Cash and Investments	310,916	404,225	715,141	-	2,078	
Deferred Charges	16,909	13,471	30,380	-	487	
Capital Assets - Non-Depreciable	1,990,093	384,316	2,374,409	13,661	43,342	
Capital Assets - Depreciable	2,495,981	4,520,592	7,016,573	14,860	63,915	
TOTAL ASSETS	6,600,100	6,197,892	12,797,992	48,666	462,855	

#### STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2010 (In Thousands)

	I	Primary Governme	Component Units		
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	San Diego Convention Center Corporation	San Diego Housing Commission
LIABILITIES					
Accounts Payable	\$ 90,818	\$ 64,871	\$ 155,689	\$ 1,820	\$ 3,415
Accrued Wages and Benefits	30,659	21,344	52,003	-	551
Other Accrued Liabilities	782	-	782	2,500	2,247
Interest Accrued on Long-Term Debt	20,144	23,032	43,176	-	365
Long-Term Liabilities Due Within One Year	167,314	82,671	249,985	2,275	2,230
Due to Other Agencies	3,707	2,220	5,927	-	-
Unearned Revenue	41,072	3,772	44,844	8,657	3,592
Contract Deposits	363	8,726	9,089	-	-
Sundry Trust Liabilities	5,051	-	5,051	-	-
Customer Deposits Payable	-	4,930	4,930	-	-
Deposits/Advances from Others	-	11,956	11,956	-	936
Long-Term Liabilities Due After One Year:					
Arbitrage Liability	3	-	3	-	-
Compensated Absences	44,403	7,545	51,948	-	-
Liability Claims	282,783	19,444	302,227	-	-
Capital Lease Obligations	67,652	-	67,652	-	-
Contracts Payable	1,018	-	1,018	-	-
Notes Payable	3,301	-	3,301	12,500	66,681
Loans Payable	39,355	78,908	118,263	-	-
Section 108 Loans Payable	28,851	-	28,851	-	-
Net Bonds Payable	1,182,930	2,060,529	3,243,459	-	-
Estimated Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care	-	20,126	20,126	-	-
Net Other Post Employment Benefit Obligation	118,431	33,239	151,670	-	-
Net Pension Obligation	116,418	23,190	139,608		
TOTAL LIABILITIES	2,245,055	2,466,503	4,711,558	27,752	80,017
NET ASSETS					
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	3,780,474	3,035,924	6,816,398	14,990	39,788
Restricted for:					
Capital Projects	260,754	-	260,754	-	-
Debt Service	-	8,443	8,443	-	-
Low-Moderate Income Housing	162,514	-	162,514	-	-
Nonexpendable Permanent Endowments	17,514	-	17,514	-	-
Other	131,600	43,747	175,347	1,884	129,063
Unrestricted	2,189	643,275_	645,464	4,040	213,987
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$ 4,355,045	\$ 3,731,389	\$ 8,086,434	\$ 20,914	\$ 382,838

Program Revenues

#### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2010 (In Thousands)

			Operating	Capital
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Grants and Contributions	Grants and Contributions
Primary Government:				
Governmental Activities:				
General Government and Support	\$ 395,344	\$ 179,461	\$ 11,947	\$ 773
Public Safety - Police	402,222	39,636	14,931	-
Public Safety - Fire and Life Safety and Homeland Security	214,975	19,916	12,994	20
Parks, Recreation, Culture and Leisure	266,343	61,495	2,633	25,181
Transportation	190,054	31,485	422	33,540
Sanitation and Health	78,171	11,788	1,171	625
Neighborhood Services	137,971	25,959	27,731	-
Debt Service:				
Interest	72,672			
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	1,757,752	369,740	71,829	60,139
Business-Type Activities:				
Airports	5,671	4,849	477	460
Development Services	36,640	37,338	-	-
Environmental Services	33,955	26,342	-	-
Golf Course	14,618	15,671	-	-
Recycling	19,265	16,946	1,256	-
Sewer Utility	338,688	382,125	340	21,346
Water Utility	365,683	376,461	1,216	23,932
TOTAL BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	814,520	859,732	3,289	45,738
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$ 2,572,272	\$ 1,229,472	\$ 75,118	\$ 105,877
Component Units:				
San Diego Convention Center Corporation	\$ 37,390	\$ 33,169	\$ 3,908	\$ 143
San Diego Housing Commission	192,882	27,787	189,101	
TOTAL COMPONENT UNITS	\$ 230,272	\$ 60,956	\$ 193,009	\$ 143

General Revenues:
Property Taxes
Transient Occupancy Taxes
Sales Taxes
Other Local Taxes
Developer Contributions and Fees
Grants and Contributions not Restricted to Specific Programs
Investment Income
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets
Miscellaneous
Transfers
TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES AND TRANSFERS
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS
Net Assets at Beginning of Year, as Restated

NET ASSETS AT END OF YEAR .....

	Prima	ry Governmen	t	Compoi	nent Units
Government Activities	al	Business- Type Activities	Total	San Diego Convention Center Corporation	San Diego Housing Commission
\$ (203,16	3) \$	<b>5</b> -	\$ (203,163)	\$-	\$-
(347,65	5)	-	(347,655)	-	-
(182,04	5)	-	(182,045)	-	-
(177,03	4)	-	(177,034)	-	-
(124,60	7)	-	(124,607)	-	-
(64,58	7)	-	(64,587)	-	-
(84,28	1)	-	(84,281)	-	-
(72,67	2)		(72,672)		
(1,256,04	4)		(1,256,044)		
		115	115		
	-	698	698	-	-
	-			-	-
	-	(7,613)	(7,613)	-	-
	-	1,053	1,053	-	-
	-	(1,063)	(1,063)	-	-
	-	65,123	65,123	-	-
		35,926	35,926		
		94,239	94,239		
(1,256,04	4)	94,239	(1,161,805)		
				(170)	
	- 	-		(170)	24,006
				(170)	24,006
579,41	0	_	579,410	_	
123,33		_	123,332	_	_
244,40		_	244,406	_	_
183,69		_	183,694	_	_
21,02		_	21,022	_	_
18,06		_	18,065	_	_
30,47		22,332	52,804	- 77	7,772
1,85			1,854	-	
20,45		13,321	33,779	807	_
(1,21		1,218			-
1,221,49	5	36,871	1,258,366	884	7,772
(34,54	9)	131,110	96,561	714	31,778
4,389,59	4	3,600,279	7,989,873	20,200	351,060
\$ 4,355,04	<u>5 </u>	3,731,389	\$ 8,086,434	\$ 20,914	\$ 382,838

#### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2010 (In Thousands)

	General Fund		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds		
ASSETS							
Cash and Investments	\$	101,059	\$	1,090,141	\$	1,191,200	
Receivables:							
Taxes - Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles (General Fund \$1,858, Other Governmental \$348)		67,070		37,968		105,038	
Accounts - Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles (General Fund \$7,977, Other Governmental \$20,375)		8,569		68,187		76,756	
Claims		214		8		222	
Special Assessments		-		592		592	
Notes		-		158,103		158,103	
Accrued Interest		493		2,291		2,784	
Grants		-		48,281		48,281	
From Other Funds		1,000		865		1,865	
From Other Agencies		-		2		2	
Interfund Loan Receivable		-		32,780		32,780	
Advances to Other Funds		-		7,437		7,437	
Advances to Other Agencies		-		3,076		3,076	
Land Held for Resale		-		36,146		36,146	
Prepaid Items		-		144		144	
Investment in Joint Venture		1,688		-		1,688	
Restricted Cash and Investments		<u> </u>		310,916		310,916	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	180,093	\$	1,796,937	\$	1,977,030	
LIABILITIES							
Accounts Payable	\$	15,446	\$	57,636	\$	73,082	
Accrued Wages and Benefits		27,469		1,091		28,560	
Other Accrued Liabilities		-		782		782	
Due to Other Funds		220		6,250		6,470	
Due to Other Agencies		17		3,690		3,707	
Unearned Revenue		-		41,070		41,070	
Deferred Revenue		21,558		113,343		134,901	
Sundry Trust Liabilities		-		5,051		5,051	
Advances from Other Funds		-		7,437		7,437	
Interfund Loan Payable		-		36,267		36,267	
Contract Deposits		360		3		363	
TOTAL LIABILITIES		65,070		272,620		337,690	

#### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2010 (In Thousands)

	General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
FUND EQUITY			
Reserved for Land Held for Resale		36,146	36,146
Reserved for Notes Receivable	-	154,492	154,492
Reserved for Encumbrances	6,307	337,235	343,542
Reserved for Advances and Deposits	-	10,420	10,420
Reserved for Low and Moderate Income Housing	-	61,118	61,118
Reserved for Permanent Endowments	-	17,514	17,514
Reserved for Debt Service	-	159,399	159,399
Reserved for Minority Interest in Joint Venture	1,689	-	1,689
Unreserved, Reported in General Fund:			
Designated for Unrealized Gains	1,816	-	1,816
Designated for Subsequent Years' Expenditures	197	-	197
Undesignated	105,014	-	105,014
Unreserved, Reported in:			
Special Revenue Funds	-	219,394	219,394
Debt Service Funds	-	159,737	159,737
Capital Projects Funds	-	368,860	368,860
Permanent Funds		2	2
TOTAL FUND EQUITY	115,023	1,524,317	1,639,340
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY	\$ 180,093	\$ 1,796,937	

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources, and therefore, are not reported in the funds.	4,365,510
Other assets and liabilities used in governmental activities are not financial resources (uses), and therefore, are either deferred or not reported in the funds.	151,810
Internal Service funds are used by management to charge the costs of activities such as Fleet Services, Central Stores, Publishing Services, and Self Insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of certain Internal Service Funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets.	26,930
Certain liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(1,828,545)
Net Assets of governmental activities	\$ 4,355,045

#### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (In Thousands)

	General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES			
Property Taxes	\$ 391,382	\$ 192,960	\$ 584,342
Special Assessments	-	45,606	45,606
Sales Taxes	192,650	15	192,665
Transient Occupancy Taxes	65,222	58,657	123,879
Other Local Taxes	73,260	110,436	183,696
Licenses and Permits	28,024	5,064	33,088
Fines, Forfeitures and Penalties	30,179	1,657	31,836
Revenue from Use of Money and Property	40,615	50,612	91,227
Revenue from Federal Agencies	2,859	51,197	54,056
Revenue from Other Agencies	6,007	50,129	56,136
Revenue from Private Sources	14	21,675	21,689
Charges for Current Services	127,536	64,233	191,769
Other Revenue	7,859	15,328	23,187
TOTAL REVENUES	965,607	667,569	1,633,176
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
General Government and Support	230,270	161,410	391,680
Public Safety - Police	378,046	21,868	399,914
Public Safety - Fire and Life Safety and Homeland Security	185,429	25,301	210,730
Parks, Recreation, Culture and Leisure	121,269	107,088	228,357
Transportation	62,884	54,661	117,545
Sanitation and Health	73,461	4,890	78,351
Neighborhood Services	15,845	59,927	75,772
	15,645		
Capital Projects	-	134,426	134,426
Debt Service:			
Principal Retirement	2,640	63,288	65,928
Cost of Issuance	-	1,881	1,881
Interest	2,888	71,937	74,825
Refunding Escrow		4,172	4,172
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,072,732	710,849	1,783,581
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES			
UNDER EXPENDITURES	(107,125)	(43,280)	(150,405)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers from Proprietary Funds	5,723	1,983	7,706
Transfers from Other Funds	140,595	365,183	505,778
Transfers to Proprietary Funds	(10,157)	(3,287)	(13,444)
Transfers to Other Funds			(505,778)
	(28,426)	(477,352)	
Transfers to Escrow Agent	-	(161,194)	(161,194)
Proceeds from the Sale of Capital Assets	21	5,106	5,127
Capital Leases	-	10,214	10,214
Loans Issued	-	48,256	48,256
Section 108 Loans Issued	-	454	454
Special Tax Bonds Issued	-	13,930	13,930
Revenue Bonds Issued	-	167,635	167,635
Discount on Bonds Issued	-	(92)	(92)
Premium on Bonds Issued		1,923	1,923
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	107,756	(27,241)	80,515
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	631	(70,521)	(69,890)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year, as Restated	114,392	1,594,838	1,709,230
FUND BALANCES AT END OF YEAR	\$ 115,023	\$ 1,524,317	\$ 1,639,340

#### RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (In Thousands)

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (page 56)	\$ (69,890)
Covernmental funds report conital outlaws as expenditures. However, in the Statement	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement	
of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and	
reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays	
exceeded depreciation in the current period.	40,624
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., donations,	
retirements, and transfers) is to decrease net assets.	(4,685)
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are	
not reported as revenues in the funds.	49,456
The issuance of long-term debt (i.e., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to	
governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the	
current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any	
effect on net assets. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment	()
of long-term debt and related items.	(875)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current	
financial resources (i.e., compensated absences, net pension obligation), and therefore	
are not accrued as expenditures in governmental funds.	(69,283)
Internal Service funds are used by management to charge the costs of activities such as	
Fleet Services, Central Stores, Publishing Services, Self Insurance, and others to individual	
funds. The net revenue of certain internal service activities is reported with governmental	
activities.	 20,104
Change in net assets of governmental activities (page 53)	\$ (34,549)

#### PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2010 ( In Thousands )

	Bu				
	Sewer Utility	Water Utility	Other Enterprise Funds	Total	Internal Servic
ASSETS					
Current Assets:					
Cash and Investments	\$ 380,774	\$ 221,585	\$ 106,435	\$ 708,794	\$ 161,00
Receivables:					
Accounts - Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles (Sewer \$1,556, Water \$2,134,					
Other Enterprise \$447, Internal Service \$882)	48,763	62,048	503	111,314	8,10
Claims	305	284	-	589	2
Accrued Interest	964	761	280	2,005	
Grants	137	1,162	745	2,044	
From Other Funds	-	-	5,385	5,385	37
Inventories of Water in Storage	-	38,303	-	38,303	
Inventories	-	700	3	703	2,55
Prepaid Expenses		467		467	1,54
Total Current Assets	430,943	325,310	113,351	869,604	173,61
Non-Current Assets:					
Restricted Cash and Investments	166,647	189,149	48,429	404,225	
Deferred Charges	6,631	6,840	-	13,471	
Interfund Loan Receivable	3,487		-	3,487	
Capital Assets - Non-Depreciable	138,386	226,299	19,631	384,316	7,62
Capital Assets - Depreciable	2,727,976	1,729,470	63,146	4,520,592	112,94
Total Non-Current Assets	3,043,127	2,151,758	131,206	5,326,091	120,56
TOTAL ASSETS	3,474,070	2,477,068	244,557	6,195,695	294,17
LABILITIES					
Accounts Payable	17,999	43,710	3,162	64,871	17,73
Accrued Wages and Benefits	12,908	6,253	2,183	21,344	2,09
Interest Accrued on Long-Term Debt	7,867	15,165	-	23,032	9
Long-Term Debt Due Within One Year	54,807	26,181	1,683	82,671	46,22
Due to Other Funds	24	99	29	152	1,00
Due to Other Agencies	698	1,522	-	2,220	
Unearned Revenue	-	665	3,107	3,772	
Contract Deposits	3,633	4,670	423	8,726	
Current Liabilities Payable from Restricted Assets:					
Customer Deposits Payable		4,930		4,930	
Total Current Liabilities	97,936	103,195	10,587	211,718	67,15
Non-Current Liabilities:					
Deposits/Advances from Others	530	-	11,426	11,956	
Compensated Absences	2,954	2,394	2,197	7,545	4,18
Liability Claims	16,337	3,107	-	19,444	170,83
Capital Lease Obligations	-	-	-	-	15,50
Loans Payable	62,274	16,634	-	78,908	
Net Revenue Bonds Payable	1,198,845	861,684	-	2,060,529	
Estimated Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care	-	-	20,126	20,126	
Net Other Post Employment Benefit Obligation	11,830	11,215	10,194	33,239	5,23
Net Pension Obligation	8,565_	6,442	8,183	23,190	1,98
Total Non-Current Liabilities	1,301,335	901,476	52,126	2,254,937	197,74
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,399,271	1,004,671	62,713	2,466,655	264,89
IET ASSETS					
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	1,717,312	1,235,835	82,777	3,035,924	98,54
Restricted for Debt Service	5,146	3,297	-	8,443	55,04
Restricted for Closure/Postclosure Maintenance	-		43,747	43,747	
Unrestricted	352,341	233,265	55,320	640,926	(69,26
	\$ 2,074,799	\$ 1,472,397	\$ 181,844	3,729,040	\$ 29,27
TOTAL NET ASSETS	1 12 1 22				
TOTAL NET ASSETS				2,349	

#### PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (In Thousands)

	B				
	Sewer Utility	Water Utility	Other Enterprise Funds	Total	Internal Service Funds
DPERATING REVENUES					
Sales of Water	\$-	\$ 354,543	\$ -	\$ 354,543	\$
Charges for Services	378,640	14,655	56,010	449,305	144,078
Revenue from Use of Property	184	4,431	-	4,615	
Jsage Fees	-	503	43,243	43,746	74,28
)ther	3,301	2,329	1,893	7,523	1,73
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	382,125	376,461	101,146	859,732	220,104
PERATING EXPENSES					
enefit and Claim Payments	-	-	-	-	37,61
laintenance and Operations	136,820	70,568	74,912	282,300	50,29
ost of Materials Issued	-	-	-	-	31,49
ost of Purchased Water Used	-	148,232	-	148,232	
axes	-	1,805	-	1,805	
dministration	80,879	65,169	30,362	176,410	59,95
epreciation	66,523	38,525	5,711	110,759	28,79
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	284,222	324,299	110,985	719,506	208,15
PERATING INCOME (LOSS)	97,903	52,162	(9,839)	140,226	11,95
ONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
arnings on Investments	10,612	8,914	2,806	22,332	3,08
ederal Grant Assistance	175	1,351	-	1,526	
ther Agency Grant Assistance	165	(135)	1,733	1,763	1
ain (Loss) on Sale/Retirement of Capital Assets	(558)	(2,582)	(588)	(3,728)	1,43
ebt Service Interest Expense	(53,348)	(38,240)	1	(91,587)	(72
ther	7,750	3,809	1,762	13,321	12
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	(35,204)	(26,883)	5,714	(56,373)	3,92
ICOME (LOSS) BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS	62,699	25,279	(4,125)	83,853	15,87
apital Contributions	21,346	23,932	460	45,738	
ransfers from Other Funds	316	245	252	813	22
ransfers from Governmental Funds	-	337	2,212	2,549	10,89
ransfers to Other Funds	(119)	(2)	(95)	(216)	(81
ransfers to Governmental Funds	(883)	(612)	(433)	(1,928)	(5,77
HANGE IN NET ASSETS	83,359	49,179	(1,729)	130,809	20,40
et Assets at Beginning of Year	1,991,440	1,423,218	183,573		8,87
IET ASSETS AT END OF YEAR	\$ 2,074,799	\$ 1,472,397	\$ 181,844		\$ 29,27

Change in net assets of Business-Type activities

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

\$ 131,110

#### PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (In Thousands)

	В	usiness-Type Activi	ties - Enterprise Fu	nds	
	0	14/-4	Other		
	Sewer Utility	Water Utility	Enterprise Funds	Total	Internal Serv Funds
ASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Receipts from Customers and Users	\$ 371,797	\$ 347,932	\$ 85,895	\$ 805,624	\$ 45,4
Receipts from Interfund Services Provided Pavments to Suppliers	4,312 (135,581)	13,341 (177,667)	12,056 (42,390)	29,709 (355,638)	173,1 (93,5
Payments to Suppliers	(135,581)	(69,973)	(57,069)	(183,603)	(89,9
Payments for Interfund Services Used	(24,875)	(14,270)	(1,685)	(40,830)	(8
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	159,092	99,363	(3,193)	255,262	34,8
SH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Transfers from Other Funds	316	245	252	813	2
Transfers from Governmental Funds		337 (2)	2,212 (95)	2,549 (216)	10,i
Transfers to Governmental Funds	(883)	(612)	(433)	(1,928)	(5,
Operating Grants Received	203	1,876	1,702	3,781	(··
Proceeds from Advances and Deposits	279	364	8,857	9,500	
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(204)	2,208	12,495	14,499	4,
SH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from Contracts, Notes and Loans					
Proceeds from Revenue Bonds	9,079	7,086	-	16,165	
Repayment of Refunding Bonds to Escrow Agent		(18,245)	-	(35,090)	
Proceeds from Capital Contributions		5,103	1,530	12,169	
Acquisition of Capital Assets	(88,293) 3	(125,916)	(3,746)	(217,955)	(24
Proceeds from the Sale of Capital Assets Principal Payments on Capital Leases		49	6	58	2 (7
Principal Payments on Contracts, Notes and Loans	(4,738)	(915)		(5,653)	(,
Principal Payments on Revenue Bonds	,	(15,421)	-	(58,741)	
Interest Paid on Long-Term Debt	(61,102)	(40,775)	<u> </u>	(101,877)	
NET CASH (USED FOR) CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(199,680)	(189,034)	(2,210)	(390,924)	(29
H FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Sales of Investments	725,558	1,611,891		2,337,449	
Purchases of Investments	(660,742)	(1,538,870)	-	(2,199,612)	
Interest and Dividends Received on Investments	10,550	8,066	3,036	21,652	3
NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES	75,366	81,087	3,036	159,489	3
ncrease (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	34,574	(6,376)	10,128	38,325	12
h and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	345,942	233,351	144,736	724,029	148
SH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	\$ 380,516	\$ 226.975	\$ 154,864	\$ 762.354	\$ 161
of Net Assets:					
	\$ 380,774	\$ 221,585	\$ 106,435	\$ 708,794	\$ 161
of Net Assets:	\$ 380,774 166,647	\$ 221,585 189,149	\$ 106,435 48,429	\$ 708,794 404,225	\$ 161
of Net Assets: Cash and Investments	166,647	. ,			\$ 161 
of Net Assets: Cash and Investments Restricted Cash and Investments Less Investments not meeting the definition of cash equivalents	166,647	189,149		404,225	
of Net Assets: Cash and Investments . Restricted Cash and Investments Less Investments not meeting the definition of cash equivalents	166,647 (166,905)	189,149	48,429	404,225	
of Net Assets: Cash and Investments Restricted Cash and Investments Less Investments not meeting the definition of cash equivalents al Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	166,647 (166,905)	189,149	48,429	404,225	<u>\$ 161</u>
of Net Assets: Cash and Investments Restricted Cash and Investments Less Investments not meeting the definition of cash equivalents al Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year conciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used For Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to	166,647 <u>(166,905)</u> <u>\$ 380,516</u>	189,149 (183,759) \$ 226,975	48,429 \$ 154,864	404,225 (350,664) \$ 762,355	<u>\$ 161</u>
of Net Assets: Cash and Investments Restricted Cash and Investments Less Investments not meeting the definition of cash equivalents al Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year conciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used For) Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities:	166,647 (166,905) <u>\$ 380,516</u> <u>\$ 97,903</u>	189,149 (183,759) <u>\$ 226,975</u> <u>\$ 52,162</u>	48,429 	404,225 (350,664) \$ 762,355 \$ 140,226	<u>\$ 161</u> <u>\$ 11</u>
of Net Assets: Cash and Investments Restricted Cash and Investments Less Investments not meeting the definition of cash equivalents al Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year conciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used For) Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities: Depreciation	166,647 (166,905) <u>\$ 380,516</u> <u>\$ 97,903</u> 66,523	189,149 (183,759) \$ 226,975 \$ 52,162 38,525	48,429 <u>-</u> <u>\$ 154,864</u> <u>\$ (9,839)</u> 5,711	404,225 (350,664) \$ 762,355 \$ 140,226 110,759	<u>\$ 161</u> <u>\$ 11</u>
of Net Assets: Cash and Investments Restricted Cash and Investments Less Investments not meeting the definition of cash equivalents al Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year conciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used For) Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities:	166,647 (166,905) <u>\$ 380,516</u> <u>\$ 97,903</u>	189,149 (183,759) <u>\$ 226,975</u> <u>\$ 52,162</u>	48,429 	404,225 (350,664) \$ 762,355 \$ 140,226	<u>\$ 161</u> <u>\$ 11</u>
of Net Assets: Cash and Investments Restricted Cash and Investments Less Investments not meeting the definition of cash equivalents al Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year al Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year conciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used For) Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities: Deprevation Other Nonoperating Revenue (Increase) Decrease in Assets: Accounts Receivable - Net	166,647 (166,905) <u>\$ 380,516</u> <u>\$ 97,903</u> 66,523 7,750 (13,591)	189,149 (183,759) <u>\$ 226,975</u> <u>\$ 52,162</u> 38,525 3,809 (18,475)	48,429 <u>\$ 154,864</u> <u>\$ (9,839)</u> 5,711 1,762 300	404,225 (350,664) \$ 762,355 \$ 140,226 110,759 13,321 (31,766)	<u>\$ 161</u> <u>\$ 11</u> 28
of Net Assets: Cash and Investments Restricted Cash and Investments Less Investments not meeting the definition of cash equivalents Less Investments not meeting the definition of cash equivalents Less Investments not meeting the definition of cash equivalents al Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year conciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used For) Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities: Depreciation Other Nonoperating Revenue (Increase) Decrease in Assets: Accounts Receivable - Net Claims Receivable - Net	166,647 (166,905) \$ 380,516 \$ 97,903 66,523 7,750	189,149 (183,759) <u>\$ 226,975</u> <u>\$ 52,162</u> 38,525 3,809	48,429 <u>\$ 154,864</u> <u>\$ (9,839)</u> 5,711 1,762	404,225 (350,664) \$ 762,355 \$ 140,226 110,759 13,321	<u>\$ 161</u> <u>\$ 11</u> 28
of Net Assets: Cash and Investments Restricted Cash and Investments Less Investments not meeting the definition of cash equivalents Less Investments not meeting the definition of cash equivalents Lack and Cash Equivalents at End of Year conclilation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used For) Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities: Deprediation Other Noncoerating Revenue (Increase) Decrease in Assets: Accounts Receivable - Net	166,647 (166,905) <u>\$ 380,516</u> <u>\$ 97,903</u> 66,523 7,750 (13,591)	189,149 (183,759) <u>\$ 226,975</u> <u>\$ 52,162</u> 38,525 3,809 (18,475)	48,429 <u>\$ 154,864</u> <u>\$ (9,839)</u> 5,711 1,762 300 2	404,225 (350,664) \$ 762,355 \$ 140,226 110,759 13,321 (31,766) (587)	<u>\$ 161</u> <u>\$ 11</u> 28
of Net Assets: Cash and Investments Restricted Cash and Investments Less Investments not meeting the definition of cash equivalents Less Investments not meeting the definition of cash equivalents al Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year Conciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used For) Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities: Depreciation Other Nonoperating Revenue (Increase) Decrease in Assets: Accounts Receivable - Net Claims Receivable - Net Contributions Receivable	166,647 (166,905) <u>\$ 380,516</u> <u>\$ 97,903</u> 66,523 7,750 (13,591)	189,149 (183,759) <u>\$ 226,975</u> <u>\$ 52,162</u> 38,525 3,809 (18,475)	48,429 <u>\$ 154,864</u> <u>\$ (9,839)</u> 5,711 1,762 300	404,225 (350,664) \$ 762,355 \$ 140,226 110,759 13,321 (31,766)	<u>\$ 161</u> <u>\$ 11</u> 28
of Net Assets: Cash and Investments Restricted Cash and Investments Less Investments not meeting the definition of cash equivalents al Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year al Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year conciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities: Depretation Other Nonoperating Revenue (Increase) Decrease in Assets: Accounts Receivable - Net Claims - Net Claims Receivable - Net Claims - Net Claims - Net	166,647 (166,905) <u>\$ 380,516</u> <u>\$ 97,903</u> 66,523 7,750 (13,591)	188,149 (183,759) <u>\$ 226,975</u> <u>\$ 52,162</u> 38,525 3,809 (18,475) (284)	48,429 <u>\$ 154,864</u> <u>\$ (9,839)</u> 5,711 1,762 300 2 (1,776)	404,225 (350,664) \$ 762,355 \$ 140,226 110,759 13,321 (31,766) (587) (1,776)	<u>\$ 161</u> <u>\$ 11</u> 28
of Net Assets: Cash and Investments Restricted Cash and Investments Less Investments not meeting the definition of cash equivalents al Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year Conciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used For) Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities: Depreciation Other Nonoperating Receivable (Increase) Decrease in Assets: Accounts Receivable - Net Contributions Receivable - Net Contributions Receivable - Net Contributions Receivable - Net Contributions Receivable Due form Other Funds. Inventories Prepaid Expenses Increase (Decrease) In Labilities:	166,647 (166,905) \$ 380,516 \$ 97,903 66,523 7,750 (13,591) (305)  	189,149 (183,759) <u>\$ 228,975</u> <u>\$ 52,162</u> 38,525 3,809 (18,475) (284) (14,436) (11)	48,429 <u>\$ (9,839)</u> 5,711 1,762 300 2 - (1,776) (1) 2	404,225 (350,664) \$ 762,355 \$ 140,226 110,759 13,321 (31,766) (587) (1,776) (1,437) (6)	<u>\$ 161</u> <u>\$ 11</u> 28
of Net Assets: Cash and Investments Restricted Cash and Investments Less Investments not meeting the definition of cash equivalents Less Investments not meeting the definition of cash equivalents La Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year conclliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used For) Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities: Deprediation Other Noncoerating Revenue (Increase) Decrease in Assets: Accounts Receivable - Net Claims Receivable - Net Claims Receivable - Net Claims Receivable - Net Claims Receivable - Net Contributions Receivable Due from Other Funds. Inventories Prepadie Expenses	166,647 (166,905) <u>\$ 380,516</u> <u>\$ 97,903</u> 66,523 7,750 (13,591)	189,149 (183,759) <u>\$ 228,975</u> <u>\$ 52,162</u> 38,525 3,809 (18,475) (284) - (14,349) (14,347)	48,429 <u>\$ 154,864</u> <u>\$ (9,839)</u> 5,711 1,762 300 2 (1,776)	404,225 (350,664) \$ 762,355 \$ 140,226 110,759 13,321 (31,766) (587) (1,776) (1,437) (1,437)	<u>\$ 161</u> <u>\$ 11</u> 28 1
of Net Assets: Cash and Investments Restricted Cash and Investments Less Investments not meeting the definition of cash equivalents Less Investments not meeting the definition of cash equivalents Less Investments not meeting the definition of cash equivalents Less Investments at End of Year Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year Provided by (Used For) Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used For) Operating Activities: Depreciation Other Nonoporating Revenue (Increase) Decrease in Assets: Accounts Receivable - Net Caimars Receivable - Net Caimars Receivable - Net Caimars Receivable - Net Caimars Receivable - Net Contributions Receivable Due from Other Funds. Inventores Prepaid Expenses Increase (Decrease) In Labilities: Accounts Payable Accounds Payable Due to Other Funds.	166,647 (166,905) <u>\$ 380,516</u> <u>\$ 97,903</u> 66,523 7,750 (13,591) (306)  3 3 13,305	189,149 (183,759) <u>\$ 226,975</u> <u>\$ 52,162</u> 38,525 3,809 (18,475) (284) - (14,36) (11) 17,089 4,108 (459)	48,429 <u>\$ (9,839)</u> 5,711 1,762 300 2 (1,776) (1) 2 1,659	404,225 (350,664) \$ 762,355 \$ 140,226 110,759 13,321 (31,766) (587) (1,776) (1,437) (6) 32,053	<u>\$ 161</u> <u>\$ 11</u> 28 1 9
of Net Assets: Cash and Investments Restricted Cash and Investments Less Investments not meeting the definition of cash equivalents Less Investments not meeting the definition of cash equivalents La Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year Conclidation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used For) Operating Activities: Doperating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities: Deprediation Other Nonoperating Revenue (Increase) Decrease in Assets: Accounts Reviewable-Net Claims Receivable-Net Claims Receivable-Net Claims Receivable-Net Claims Receivable-Net Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities: Accounts Pavables Accrued Wages and Benefits Due to Other Funds Due	166,647 (166,905) <u>\$ 380,516</u> <u>\$ 97,903</u> 66,523 7,750 (13,591) 	188,149 (183,759) <u>\$ 226,975</u> <u>\$ 52,162</u> 38,525 3,809 (18,475) (284) (14,475) (284) 17,089 4,108 (459) 476	48,429 <u>\$ 154,864</u> <u>\$ (9,839)</u> 5,711 1,762 300 2 (1,76) (1,	404,225 (350,664) \$ 762,355 \$ 140,226 110,759 13,321 (31,766) (587) (1,437) (6) 22,053 9,341 (1,083) (9,088)	<u>\$ 161</u> <u>\$ 11</u> 28 1 9
of Net Assets: Cash and Investments Restricted Cash and Investments Less Investments not meeting the definition of cash equivalents Less Investments not meeting the definition of cash equivalents Less Investments at End of Year Concludation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used For) Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities: Depreciation Other Nonoperating Revenue (Increase) Decrease in Assets: Accounts Receivable - Net. Contributions Receivable - Net. Conter Funds Due to Other Funds Due to Other Avencies Undersenter Reve	166,647 	189,149 (183,759) <u>\$ 226,975</u> <u>\$ 52,162</u> 38,525 3,809 (18,475) (284) (14,365) (11) 17,089 4,108 4,108 (459) 4,76 (152)	48,429 <u>\$ (9,839)</u> <u>\$ (9,839)</u> <u>\$ (7,76)</u> (1,776) (1,777) (1,776) (1	404,225 (350,664) \$ 762,355 \$ 140,226 110,759 13,321 (31,766) (14,37) (6) 32,053 32,053 32,053 9,341 (1,063) (9,088) (3,722)	<u>\$ 161</u> <u>\$ 11</u> 28 1 9
of Net Assets: Cash and Investments Restricted Cash and Investments Less Investments not meeting the definition of cash equivalents al Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year al Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year conciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used For) Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities: Depretication Other Nonoperating Revenue (Increase) Decrease in Assets: Acounts Receivable - Net Caims Receivable - Net Caims Receivable - Net Caims Receivable - Net Caims Receivable - Net Contributions Receivable - Net Contributions Receivable - Net Contributions Receivable - Net Controlutions Receivable - Net Due to Other Funds. Inventories Due to Other Funds. Du	166,647 	188,149 (183,759) <u>\$ 226,975</u> <u>\$ 52,162</u> 38,525 3,809 (18,475) (284) (14,475) (284) 17,089 4,108 (459) 476	48,429 <u>\$ 154,864</u> <u>\$ (9,839)</u> 5,711 1,762 300 2 (1,76) (1,	404,225 (350,664) \$ 762,355 \$ 140,226 110,759 13,321 (31,766) (587) (1,437) (6) 22,053 9,341 (1,083) (9,088)	<u>\$ 161</u> <u>\$ 11</u> 28 1 5
of Net Assets: Cash and Investments Restricted Cash and Investments Less Investments not meeting the definition of cash equivalents Less Investments not meeting the definition of cash equivalents Less Investments not meeting the definition of cash equivalents Less Investments at End of Year Conclliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used For) Operating Activities: Depending Income (Loss) to Net Cash Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used For) Operating Activities: Dependion Other Noncoertaing Revenue (Increase) Decrease in Assets: Accounts Receivable - Net Contributions Receivable - Net Controlitorions Due from Other Funds. Inventories Prepaid Expenses Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities: Accounts Pavable Accrued Wages and Benefits Due to Other Avence Contract Deposits Compensated Assences Liability Claims	166,647 (166,905) <u>\$ 380,516</u> <u>\$ 97,903</u> 66,523 7,750 	188,149 (183,759) <u>\$ 226,975</u> <u>\$ 52,162</u> 38,525 3,809 (18,475) (284) (14,475) (284) (14,475) (284) (15,10) (17,089 4,108 (459) 476 (152) (82) (82)	48,429 <u>\$ (9,839)</u> <u>\$ (9,839)</u> <u>\$ (7,776)</u> 300 2 (1,776) (1) 2 1,659 7 (118) - (3,570) 87 (101)	404,225 (350,664) \$ 762,355 110,759 13,321 (31,766) (1,776) (1,776) (1,437) (6) 32,053 9,341 (1,063) (9,088) (3,722) 131 665 (9,138)	<u>\$ 161</u> <u>\$ 11</u> 28 1 9
of Net Assets: Cash and Investments Restricted Cash and Investments Less Investments not meeting the definition of cash equivalents al Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year Conclusion of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used For) Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Recorable Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used For) Operating Activities: Depreciation Other Nonoperating Receivable Colarms Receivable Detress in Assets: Accounts Receivable - Net Contributions Receivable - Net Contributions Receivable - Net Contributions Receivable - Net Contributions Receivable Due for Other Funds Increase (Decrease in Liabilities: Accounts Receivable Due to Other Funds Due to Other Fu	166,647 (166,905) <u>\$ 380,516</u> <u>\$ 97,903</u> 66,523 7,750 	189,149 (183,759) <u>\$ 226,975</u> <u>\$ 52,162</u> 38,525 3,809 (18,475) (284) (14,36) (11) 17,089 4,108 (459) 476 (152) (86) (170) 1,945	48,429 <u>\$ 154,864</u> <u>\$ (9,839)</u> 5,711 1,762 300 2 (1,776) (1) 2 1,659 7 (118) - (3,570) 87	404,225 (350,664) \$ 762,355 \$ 140,226 110,759 13,321 (31,766) (587) (1,437) (1,437) (6) 32,053 9,341 (1,068) (9,088) (9,088) (9,138) 789	<u>\$ 161</u> <u>\$ 11</u> 28 1 9
of Net Assets: Cash and Investments Restricted Cash and Investments Less Investments not meeting the definition of cash equivalents al Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year al Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year Contraction of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used For) Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used For) Operating Activities: Depreciation Other Nonoperating Revenue (Increase) Decrease in Assets: Accounts Receivable - Net Caims Receivable - Net Caims Receivable - Net Caims Receivable - Net Caims Receivable - Net Contributions Receivable - Net Control Fore Juds Inventories Prepaid Expenses Increase (Decrease) in Labilities: Accrued Wages and Benefits Due to Other Acencies Uncament Revenue Contract Deposits Compensated Absences Liability Claims Liability L	166,647 	189,149 (183,759) <u>\$ 226,975</u> <u>\$ 52,162</u> 38,525 3,809 (18,475) (284) (14,36) (11) 17,089 4,108 (459) 4,767 (152) (86) 170 1,945 	48,429 <u>\$ (9,839)</u> <u>\$ (9,839)</u> <u>\$ (7,76)</u> (1,776) (1	404,225 (350,664) \$ 762,355 110,759 13,321 (31,766) (1,437) (6) 32,053 9,341 (1,083) (9,088) (3,722) 131 656 (9,138) 790 (620)	<u>\$ 161</u> <u>\$ 11</u> 28 1 9 (14
of Net Assets: Cash and Investments Restricted Cash and Investments Less Investments not meeting the definition of cash equivalents al Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year Conclliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used For) Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used For) Operating Activities: Depreciation Other Nonoperating Revenue (Increase) Decrease in Assets: Accounts Receivable - Net Catimar Receivable - Net Controlicons Receivable Due from Other Funds. Invense(Decrease in Liabilities: Accounts Payable Accrued Wages and Benefits Due to Other Acencies Uncarrent Receivable Companies Compensated Absences Lability Claims Estimated Landfil Closure and Postclosure Care. Polution Receivable Delton Remedication Control Declosals in Compensated Absences Lability Claims	166,647 (166,905) <u>\$ 380,516</u> <u>\$ 97,903</u> 66,523 7,750 	189,149 (183,759) <u>\$ 226,975</u> <u>\$ 52,162</u> 38,525 3,809 (18,475) (284) (14,36) (11) 17,089 4,108 (459) 476 (152) (86) (170) 1,945	48,429 <u>\$ (9,839)</u> <u>\$ (9,839)</u> <u>\$ (7,776)</u> 300 2 (1,776) (1) 2 1,659 7 (118) - (3,570) 87 (101)	404,225 (350,664) \$ 762,355 \$ 140,226 110,759 13,321 (31,766) (587) (1,437) (1,437) (6) 32,053 9,341 (1,068) (9,088) (9,088) (9,138) 789	<u>\$ 161</u> <u>\$ 11</u> 28 1 5 (14
of Net Assets: Cash and Investments Restricted Cash and Investments Less Investments not meeting the definition of cash equivalents al Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year Constraint and Cash Equivalents at End of Year Correling Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities: Depreciation Other Nonceerating Revenue (Increase) Decrease in Assets: Accounts Receivable - Net Caims Receivable - Net Caims Receivable - Net Contributions Receivable - Net Contributions Receivable - Net Contributions Receivable - Net Controling Revenue Inventories Prepad Expenses Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities: Accounts Pavable Accrued Wages and Benefits Due to Other Funds Unearned Revenue Contrat Decosits Compensated Absences Liability Caims Estimated Landiil Closure and Postolosure Care. Polution Renediation Obliaation Net OPEB Obliagation	166,647 (166,905) <u>\$ 380,516</u> <u>\$ 97,903</u> 66,523 7,750 (13,591) (305)  	188,149 (183,759) <u>\$ 226,975</u> <u>\$ 52,162</u> 38,525 3,809 (18,475) (284) (14,475) (284) (14,475) (284) - (1,436) (11) 17,089 4,108 (459) 476 (152) (86) 170 1,945 - (620) 4,637	48,429 <u>\$ 154,864</u> <u>\$ (9,839)</u> 5,711 1,762 300 2 (1,76) (1,776) (1,76) (1,7776) (1,7776) (1,	404,225 (350,664) \$ 762,355 \$ 140,226 110,759 13,321 (31,766) (587) (1,437) (6) 22,053 9,341 (1,083) (9,083) (9,083) (9,138) 790 (620) 13,472	<u>\$ 161</u> <u>\$ 11</u> 28 1 9 (14 2
of Net Assets: Cash and Investments Restricted Cash and Investments Less Investments not meeting the definition of cash equivalents al Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year Contraction of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities: Depreciation Other Nonoperating Revenue (Increase) Decrease in Assets: Accounts Receivable - Net Controlino in Security Control Cont	166,647 (166,905) <u>\$ 380,516</u> <u>\$ 97,903</u> 66,523 7,750 (13,591) (305)   	188,149 (183,759) \$ 226,975 \$ 52,162 38,525 3,809 (18,475) (284) (14,36) (11,436) (11,108) 4,108 (459) 4,76 (152) (86) (19,089 4,108 (459) 4,76 (19,089 4,108 (459) 4,76 (19,089) 4,108 (1	48,429 <u>\$ (9,839)</u> 5,711 1,762 300 2 (1,76) (1,77) (1,76) (1,77) (1,76) (1,77) (1,76) (1,77) (1,77) (1,77) (1,76) (1,77)	404,225 (350,664) \$ 762,355 \$ 140,226 110,759 13,321 (31,766) (587) (1,437) (6) 32,053 9,341 (1,063) (9,083) (9,083) (9,083) (9,083) (9,138) 790 (620) 13,472 (6,284)	<u>\$ 161</u> <u>\$ 11</u> 28 1 9 (14 <u>2</u> 22
of Net Assets: Cash and Investments Restricted Cash and Investments Less Investments not meeting the definition of cash equivalents al Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year Conciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used For) Operating Activities: Decretation Other Nonoperating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities: Decretation Other Nonoperating Revenue (Increase) Decrease in Assets: Accounts Receivable - Net Caims Receivable - Net Contributions Receivable Due to mo Other Funds. Invertiores Prepaid Expenses Increase (Decrease) In Liabilities: Accounts Receivable Contract Decosts Compensated Absences Liability Claims Estimated Landfil Closure and PostClosure Care. Pollution Remediation Oblication Net Pension Oblication Net Pension Oblication Net Pension Oblication Net Pension Oblication Total Adjustments	166,647           (166,905)           \$ 380,516           \$ 97,903           66,523           7,750           (13,591)           (305)           3           13,305           5,226           (486)           (9,564)           13           (11,083)           (11,083)           (11,083)           (2,220)           61,189           \$ 159,092	189,149           (183,759)           \$ 226,975           \$ 52,162           38,525           3,809           (18,475)           (284)           (14,475)           (14,475)           (14,475)           (14,475)           (14,475)           (14,475)           (14,476)           (111)           17,089           4,108           (4,539)           476           (152)           (620)           4,637           (2,035)           47,201           \$ 99,363	48,429 <u>\$ (9,839)</u> 5,711 1,762 300 2 - (1,76) (1) 2 1,659 7 (118) - (3,570) 87 7 (101) - 790 (3,570) 87 (101) - 790 5,211 (101) - 790 5,211 (101) - 790 5,211 - 700 5,211 - 700 5,711 - 700 5,711 - 700 5,711 - 700 - 70 - 700 - 700 - 700 - 70 - 70 - 70 - 70 - 70	404,225 (350,664) \$ 762,355 110,759 13,321 (31,766) (587) (1,437) (1,437) (6) 32,053 9,341 (1,063) 9,088) (9,088) (9,088) (9,138) 790 (620) 13,472 (6,284) 115,036 \$ 255,262	<u>\$ 161</u> <u>\$ 11</u> 28 1 1 9 (14 <u>22</u> <u>\$ 34</u>
of Net Assets: Cash and Investments Restricted Cash and Investments Less Investments not meeting the definition of cash equivalents al Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year al Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year Conciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used For) Operating Activities: Depending Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities: Dependiation Other Noncoparating Revenue (Increase) Decrease in Assets: Accounts Receivable - Net Contributions Receivable - Net Contributions Receivable - Net Contributions Receivable - Net Contributions Receivable - Net Control Control Payable Accounts Payable Accounts Payable Contract Deposits Due to Other Funds. Due to Other Asencies Uneramed Revenue Contract Deposits Compensated Assences Lability Claims Estimated Landfil Closure and Postclosure Care. Pollution Remediation. Net OPES ONGARD ACTIVITIES CCASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	166,647 166,905) <u>\$ 380,516</u> <u>\$ 97,903</u> 66,523 7,750 (13,591) (305)    	189,149 (183,759) <u>\$ 226,975</u> <u>\$ 52,162</u> <u>38,525</u> <u>3,809</u> (18,475) (284) (14,436) (11) 17,089 <u>4,108</u> (14,366) (11) <u>17,089</u> <u>4,108</u> (459) <u>4,108</u> (459) <u>4,108</u> (459) <u>4,108</u> (459) <u>4,108</u> <u>4,108</u> <u>4,108</u> <u>4,108</u> <u>4,108</u> <u>4,108</u> <u>4,108</u> <u>4,108</u> <u>4,108</u> <u>4,108</u> <u>4,108</u> <u>4,108</u> <u>4,108</u> <u>4,108</u> <u>4,108</u> <u>4,108</u> <u>4,108</u> <u>4,108</u> <u>4,108</u> <u>4,108</u> <u>4,108</u> <u>4,108</u> <u>4,108</u> <u>4,108</u> <u>4,108</u> <u>4,108</u> <u>4,108</u> <u>4,108</u> <u>4,108</u> <u>4,108</u> <u>4,108</u> <u>4,108</u> <u>4,108</u> <u>4,108</u> <u>4,108</u> <u>4,108</u> <u>4,108</u> <u>4,108</u> <u>4,108</u> <u>4,108</u> <u>4,108</u> <u>4,108</u> <u>4,108</u> <u>4,108</u> <u>4,108</u> <u>4,108</u> <u>4,108</u> <u>4,108</u> <u>4,108</u> <u>4,108</u> <u>4,108</u> <u>4,108</u> <u>4,108</u> <u>4,108</u> <u>4,108</u> <u>4,108</u> <u>4,108</u> <u>4,108</u> <u>4,108</u> <u>4,108</u> <u>4,108</u> <u>4,108</u> <u>4,108</u> <u>4,108</u> <u>4,108</u> <u>4,108</u> <u>4,2035</u> <u>4,7,201</u> <u>5 99,363</u> <u>5</u>	48,429 <u>\$ 154,864</u> <u>\$ (9,839)</u> 5,711 1,762 300 2 - (1,76) (1) 2 1,659 7 (118) (3,570) (3,570) (3,570) 3,921 (2,029) 6,6466	404.225 (350.664) \$ 762.355 \$ 140.226 110.759 13.321 (31.766) (1.776) (1.776) (1.437) (637) (1.063) (9.088) (3.722) 131 666 (9.138) 790 (6.204) 13.472 (6.284) 115.036 \$ 255.262 \$ -	<u>\$ 161</u> <u>\$ 11</u> 28 1 9 (14 <u>2</u> 22
of Net Assets: Cash and Investments Restricted Cash and Investments Less Investments not meeting the definition of cash equivalents al Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year al Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year Coordination of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used For) Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used For) Operating Activities: Depreciation Other Noncoperating Revenue (Increase) Decrease in Assets: Accounts Receivable - Net Caims Receivable - Net Control Users Due from Other Funds. Inventories Prepaid Expenses Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities: Accounts Payable Due to Other Funds. Due to Other Acencies Uncame Revenue Contract Deposits Compensated Absences Liability Caims Estimated Landfil Closure and Postclosure Care. Polution Receivable Net OPERS Dilation Net OPEB Dollation Net OPEB Collation Total Adjustments	166,647           (166,905)           \$ 380,516           \$ 380,516           \$ 97,903           66,523           7,750           (13,591)           (308)           13,305           5,226           (486)           (9,564)           (11,083)           13,005           5,226           (486)           (11,083)           61,189           \$ 159,092           \$ 159,1092	189,149           (183,759)           \$ 226,975           \$ 52,162           38,525           3,809           (18,475)           (284)           (14,475)           (14,475)           (14,475)           (14,475)           (14,475)           (14,475)           (14,476)           (111)           17,089           4,108           (4,539)           476           (152)           (620)           4,637           (2,035)           47,201           \$ 99,363	48,429 <u>\$ (9,839)</u> 5,711 1,762 300 2 - (1,76) (1) 2 1,659 7 (118) - (3,570) 87 7 (101) - 790 (3,570) 87 (101) - 790 5,211 (101) - 790 5,211 (101) - 790 5,211 - 700 5,211 - 700 5,711 - 700 5,711 - 700 5,711 - 700 - 70 - 700 - 700 - 700 - 70 - 70 - 70 - 70 - 70	404,225 (350,664) \$ 762,355 110,759 13,321 (31,766) (587) (1,437) (1,437) (6) 32,053 9,341 (1,063) 9,088) (9,088) (9,088) (9,138) 790 (620) 13,472 (6,284) 115,036 \$ 255,262	<u>\$ 161</u> <u>\$ 11</u> 28 1 1 9 (14 <u>22</u> <u>\$ 34</u>
of Net Assets: Cash and Investments Restricted Cash and Investments Less Investments not meeting the definition of cash equivalents al Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year al Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year Contract Cash Provided by Used For) Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Used For) Operating Activities: Depreciation Other Noncoperating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Used For) Operating Activities: Depreciation Other Noncoperating Revenue (Increase) Decrease in Assets: Accounts Receivable - Net Calims Receivable - Net Calims Receivable - Net Contributions Receivable Due from Other Funds. Increase (Decrease) in Labilities: Accounts Payable Accrued Wages and Benefits. Due to Other Funds. Uncreased Absences Liability Claims Estimated Landfill Closure and PostClosure Care. Poliution Remediation. Net OPEB Obligation Net OPER ON Obligation Net OPER ON Obligation Net OPER ON Obligation Net OPEB Obligation Net OPEB Obligation Net OPER ON Obligation Net OPEB Obl	166,647 (166,905) <u>\$ 380,516</u> <u>\$ 97,903</u> 66,523 7,750 (13,591) (305)   	188,149 (183,759) <u>\$ 226,975</u> <u>\$ 52,162</u> 38,525 3,809 (18,475) (284) (14,475) (284) (14,475) (284) (14,475) (284) (14,475) (284) (17,089) 4,108 (4,537 (19,455) (20,35) 4,637 (2,035) 4,637 (2,035) 4,637 (2,035) 5 18,829 (5,746) (2,631)	48,429 <u>\$ (9,839)</u> 5,711 1,762 300 2 (1,76) (1,77) (1,76) (1,77) (1,76) (1,77)	404,225 (350,664) \$ 762,355 \$ 140,226 110,759 13,321 (31,766) (587) (1,437) (6) 22,053 9,341 (1,663) (9,088) (3,722) 131 656 (9,138) 760) (62,04) 115,036 \$ 255,262 \$ - 34,639 (13,116) (3,225)	<u>\$ 161</u> <u>\$ 11</u> 28 1 9 (14 <u>2</u> <u>22</u> <u>\$ 34</u> <u>\$</u>
of Net Assets: Cash and Investments Restricted Cash and Investments Less Investments not meeting the definition of cash equivalents al Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year Constraints Coperating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used For) Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used For) Operating Activities: Depreciation Other Nonoperating Revenue (Increase) Decrease in Assets: Accounts Receivable - Net Contributions Receivable Due from Other Funds Invented (Percase) In Liabilities: Accounts Pavable Accounts Receivable Due to Other Funds Due to Other Acencies Uncasence Compensated Absences Liability Claims Estimated Landfil Closure and Postclosure Care. Pollution Remediation Obligation Net OPEB Contributed Assets Compensated Absences Liability Claims Estimated Landfil Closure and Postclosure Care. Pollution Remediation Obligation Net OPEB Obligation Net OPEB Obligation Net OPEB Collication Net OPEB C	166,647           (166,905)           \$ 380,516           \$ 380,516           \$ 97,903           66,523           (13,591)           (305) <tr< td=""><td>189,149 (183,759) <u>\$ 228,975</u> <u>\$ 52,162</u> 38,525 3,809 (18,475) (284) (14,436) (11) 17,089 4,108 4,108 4,108 (459) 4,108 (459) 4,108 (459) 4,108 (459) 4,108 (459) 4,108 (459) 4,108 (459) 4,108 (52) (86) 170 1,945 5 - (2,035) 4,7201 <u>\$ 99,363</u> <b>\$</b> - <b>\$</b> - <b>\$</b></td><td>48,429 <u>\$ (9,839)</u> 5,711 1,762 300 2 - (1,776) (1) 2 1,659 7 (118) 7 (118) 7 (118) 7 (118) 7 (118) 7 (119) 7 (2,029) <u>6,6466</u> <u>\$ (3,193)</u> <b>\$</b> <b>\$</b> (9,839) <b>\$</b> <b>\$</b> <b>\$</b> <b>\$</b> <b>\$</b> <b>\$</b> <b>\$</b> <b>\$</b></td><td>404,225 (350,664) \$ 762,355 \$ 140,226 110,759 13,321 (31,766) (31,766) (1,437) (6) 32,053 9,341 (1,063) (9,088) (9,088) (9,088) (9,088) (9,088) (1,3722) 131 656 (6,138) (9,088) (9,088) (13,722) 131 656 (6,284) 115,036 \$ 255,262 \$ 34,639 (13,116)</td><td><u>\$ 161</u> <u>\$ 11</u> 28 1 9 (14 <u>2</u> <u>22</u> <u>\$ 34</u> <u>\$</u></td></tr<>	189,149 (183,759) <u>\$ 228,975</u> <u>\$ 52,162</u> 38,525 3,809 (18,475) (284) (14,436) (11) 17,089 4,108 4,108 4,108 (459) 4,108 (459) 4,108 (459) 4,108 (459) 4,108 (459) 4,108 (459) 4,108 (459) 4,108 (52) (86) 170 1,945 5 - (2,035) 4,7201 <u>\$ 99,363</u> <b>\$</b> - <b>\$</b>	48,429 <u>\$ (9,839)</u> 5,711 1,762 300 2 - (1,776) (1) 2 1,659 7 (118) 7 (118) 7 (118) 7 (118) 7 (118) 7 (119) 7 (2,029) <u>6,6466</u> <u>\$ (3,193)</u> <b>\$</b> <b>\$</b> (9,839) <b>\$</b> <b>\$</b> <b>\$</b> <b>\$</b> <b>\$</b> <b>\$</b> <b>\$</b> <b>\$</b>	404,225 (350,664) \$ 762,355 \$ 140,226 110,759 13,321 (31,766) (31,766) (1,437) (6) 32,053 9,341 (1,063) (9,088) (9,088) (9,088) (9,088) (9,088) (1,3722) 131 656 (6,138) (9,088) (9,088) (13,722) 131 656 (6,284) 115,036 \$ 255,262 \$ 34,639 (13,116)	<u>\$ 161</u> <u>\$ 11</u> 28 1 9 (14 <u>2</u> <u>22</u> <u>\$ 34</u> <u>\$</u>
of Net Assets: Cash and Investments Restricted Cash and Investments Less Investments not meeting the definition of cash equivalents al Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year al Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year Coordination of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used For) Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities: Depreciation Other Nonoperating Revenue (Increase) Decrease in Assets: Accounts Receivable - Net Colarins Receivable - Net Colarins Receivable - Net Colarins Receivable - Net Colarins Receivable - Net Control Other Funds. Inventories Prepaid Exponeses Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities: Accounts Payable Accrued Wages and Benefits Due to Other Funds. Uncrease (Decrease) Liability Calins Estimated Landfil Cosure and Postclosure Care. Pollution Remedication Net OPEB Dolliqation Total Adjustments	166,647 	188,149           (183,759)           \$ 226,975           \$ 52,162           38,525           3,809           (18,475)           (284)           -           (14,475)           (284)           -           (14,475)           (284)           -           (14,475)           (14,475)           (14,475)           (14,475)           (15,100)           4,108           4,108           (459)           476           (152)           (86)           170           1,945           (620)           (623)           (45,377)           (2,035)           47,201           \$ 99,363           \$ -           18,829           (5,746)           (2,631)           5,593	48,429 <u>\$ (9,839)</u> 5,711 1,762 300 2 - (1,776) (1) 2 1,659 7 (118) 7 (118) 7 (118) 7 (118) 7 (118) 7 (119) 7 (2,029) <u>6,6466</u> <u>\$ (3,193)</u> <b>\$</b> <b>\$</b> (9,839) <b>\$</b> <b>\$</b> <b>\$</b> <b>\$</b> <b>\$</b> <b>\$</b> <b>\$</b> <b>\$</b>	404.225 (350.664) \$ 762.355 110.759 13.321 (31.766) (587) (1.776) (1.437) (637) (1.437) (637) (1.437) (6,088) (3.722) 13.412 (6,284) (6,138) 790 (6,203) (13.166) (525) (3.225) (3	<u>\$ 161</u> <u>\$ 11</u> 28 1 9 (14 <u>2</u> <u>22</u> <u>\$ 34</u> <u>\$</u>
of Net Assets: Cash and Investments Restricted Cash and Investments Less Investments not meeting the definition of cash equivalents Less Investments not meeting the definition of cash equivalents al Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year Comparison of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used For) Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used For) Operating Activities: Depreciation Other Noncoperating Revenue (Increase) Decrease in Assets: Accounts Receivable - Net Caims Receivable - Net Controlitoutions Receivable Due from Other Funds. Inventories Prepaid Expenses Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities: Accounts Payable Due to Other Funds. Due to Other Funds. Due to Other Acencies Unamed Revenue Contract Deposits Compensated Absences Liability Caims Liability Caims Estimated Landfil Closure and Postclosure Care. Pollution Remediation Net OPEB Dollagiton Net OPEB Collagiton Total Adjustments FCASH Provibed BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES Capital Accounts Payable Developer Contributed Assets Capitale And Financing Activities: Capitale Interest Capital Assets from Covenmental Activities Capitale Interest and Related Anounts Capitale Interest of Capital Assets from Covenmental Activities Capitale Interest and Related Anounts Capitale Interest of Capital Assets from Covenmental Activities Capitale Interest and Related Anounts Capitale Interest and Related Anounts Capitale Interest of Capital Assets from Covenmental Activities Capitale Interest of Capital Ass	166,647 	188,149 (183,759) <u>\$ 226,975</u> <u>\$ 52,162</u> 38,525 3,809 (18,475) (284) (14,475) (284) (14,475) (284) (14,475) (284) (14,475) (284) (17,089) 4,108 (4,537 (19,455) (20,35) 4,637 (2,035) 4,637 (2,035) 4,637 (2,035) 5 18,829 (5,746) (2,631)	48,429 <u>\$ (9,839)</u> 5,711 1,762 300 2 - (1,776) (1) 2 1,659 7 (118) 7 (118) 7 (118) 7 (118) 7 (118) 7 (119) 7 (2,029) <u>6,6466</u> <u>\$ (3,193)</u> <b>\$</b> <b>\$</b> (9,839) <b>\$</b> <b>\$</b> <b>\$</b> <b>\$</b> <b>\$</b> <b>\$</b> <b>\$</b> <b>\$</b>	404,225 (350,664) \$ 762,355 \$ 140,226 110,759 13,321 (31,766) (587) (1,437) (6) 22,053 9,341 (1,663) (9,088) (3,722) 131 656 (9,138) 760) (62,04) 115,036 \$ 255,262 \$ - 34,639 (13,116) (3,225)	<u>\$ 161</u> <u>\$ 11</u> 28 1 9 (14 <u>2</u> <u>22</u> <u>\$ 34</u> <u>\$</u>
Cash and Investments		189,149           (183,759)           \$ 226,975           \$ 52,162           38,525           3,809           (18,475)           (284)           (14,475)           (18,475)           (284)           (1,436)           (11)           17,089           4,108           (4,539)           476           (152)           (86)           170           1,945           (620)           4,637           (2,035)           47,201           \$ 99,363           \$ -           18,229           (5,748)           (2,631)           5,593           -           122,075	48,429 <u>\$ (9,839)</u> 5,711 1,762 300 2 - (1,776) (1) 2 1,659 7 (118) 7 (118) 7 (118) 7 (118) 7 (118) 7 (119) 7 (2,029) <u>6,6466</u> <u>\$ (3,193)</u> <b>\$</b> <b>\$</b> (9,839) <b>\$</b> <b>\$</b> <b>\$</b> <b>\$</b> <b>\$</b> <b>\$</b> <b>\$</b> <b>\$</b>	404,225 (350,664) \$ 762,355 110,759 13,321 (31,766) (587) (1,437) (1,437) (6) 32,053 9,341 (1,063) (9,083) (9,083) (9,083) (9,083) (9,083) (9,138) 790 (620) 13,472 (6,284) 115,036 \$ 255,262 \$ - 34,639 (13,116) (3,225) 13,254 - 255,055	<u>\$ 161</u> <u>\$ 111</u> 28, ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( (

#### FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS June 30, 2010 (In Thousands)

	Pension & Employee Savings Trust	Investment Trust	Agency
ASSETS			
Cash or Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$ 1,879	\$ 4,796	\$ 13,011
Cash with Custodian/Fiscal Agent	404,179	-	-
Investments at Fair Value:			
Short Term Investments	36,444	-	-
Domestic Fixed Income Securities (Bonds)	825,895	-	-
International Fixed Income Securities (Bonds)	153,079	-	-
Domestic Equity Securities (Stocks)	1,765,726	-	-
International Equity Securities (Stocks)	655,441	-	-
Real Estate Equity and Real Estate Securities	360,990	-	-
Equity Mutual Funds	329,823	-	-
Fixed Income Mutual Funds	392,733	-	-
Private Equity	37,824	-	-
Receivables:			
Accounts - Net	-	-	1,594
Special Assessments	-	-	1,132
Contributions	14,142	-	
Accrued Interest	12,670	9	18
Loans	35,466	-	-
Securities Sold	58,637	-	-
Prepaid Expenses	378	-	-
Securities Lending Collateral	492,171	-	-
Restricted Cash and Investments	-	-	44,019
Capital Assets - Depreciable	1,262		
TOTAL ASSETS	5,578,739	4,805	\$ 59,774
LIABILITIES			
Accounts Payable	10,538	-	\$ 732
Accrued Wages and Benefits	804	-	-
Deposits/Advances from Others	-	-	676
Sundry Agency Liabilities	-	-	24,059
Due to Bondholders	-	-	34,307
DROP Liability	391,283	-	
Net Other Post Employment Benefit Obligation	961	-	
Net Pension Obligation	625	-	-
Securities Lending Obligations	492,171	-	-
Securities Purchased	136,394		
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,032,776		\$ 59,774
NET ASSETS			
Held in Trust for Pension Benefits and Other Purposes	\$ 4,545,963	\$ 4,805	

#### FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS Year Ended June 30, 2010 (In Thousands)

	E	ension & mployee rings Trust	estment Trust	 Total
ADDITIONS				
Employer Contributions	\$	257,251	\$ -	\$ 257,251
Employee Contributions		109,803	-	109,803
Retiree Contributions		7,569	-	7,569
Contributions to Pooled Investments		-	3,498	3,498
Earnings on Investments:				
Investment Income		578,135	76	578,211
Investment Expense		(22,705)	-	(22,705)
Net Investment Income		555,430	76	555,506
Securities Lending Income:				
Gross Earnings		3,048	-	3,048
Borrower Rebates		(1,274)	-	(1,274)
Net Securities Lending Income		1,774	-	1,774
Other Income:				
Litigation Proceeds		1,107	 	 1,107
TOTAL OPERATING ADDITIONS		932,934	 3,574	 936,508
DEDUCTIONS				
DROP Interest Expense		25,375	-	25,375
Benefit and Claim Payments		410,007	-	410,007
Distributions from Pooled Investments		-	3,444	3,444
Administration		15,311	 	 15,311
TOTAL OPERATING DEDUCTIONS		450,693	 3,444	 454,137
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS		482,241	130	482,371
Net Assets at Beginning of Year		4,063,722	 4,675	 4,068,397
NET ASSETS AT END OF YEAR	\$	4,545,963	\$ 4,805	\$ 4,550,768

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (In Thousands)

The City of San Diego (the "City") adopted its current charter on April 7, 1931 and operates as a municipality in accordance with State laws. Since adoption, the City Charter has been amended several times. Most recently, changes were made to the City Charter in the municipal primary election on June 8, 2010 and the municipal general election on November 2, 2010. During the primary election, voters approved Proposition C, which expanded the eligibility for veterans preference points for City employment to veterans who have served in any war, major military action or peacekeeping mission, and Proposition D, which made permanent the Strong Mayor form of government, created a ninth City Council district and increased number of Council votes needed to override a mayoral veto from five to six. During the general election, voters approved Proposition B, which established a good cause requirement for the termination or suspension of Deputy City Attorneys.

The accounting policies of the City conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the City's significant accounting policies:

### a. Financial Reporting Entity

As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the primary government and its component units, entities for which the primary government is considered to be financially accountable.

Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the primary government's operations and as a result, data from these units are combined with data of the primary government (references within this document to "the City" are referring to the primary government). Component units should be included in the reporting entity financial statements using the blending method if either of the following criteria is met:

- i. The component unit's governing body is substantively the same as the governing body of the primary government (the City).
- ii. The component unit provides services entirely, or almost entirely, to the primary government or otherwise exclusively, or almost exclusively, benefits the primary government even though it does not provide services directly to it.

Included within the reporting entity as blended component units are the following:

- Centre City Development Corporation
- City of San Diego/Metropolitan Transit Development Board Authority
- Convention Center Expansion Financing Authority
- Public Facilities Financing Authority
- Redevelopment Agency of the City of San Diego
- San Diego Data Processing Corporation
- San Diego Facilities and Equipment Leasing Corporation
- San Diego Industrial Development Authority
- Southeastern Economic Development Corporation
- San Diego City Employees' Retirement System
- Tobacco Settlement Revenue Funding Corporation
- Tourism Marketing District

A brief description of each blended component unit follows:

- Centre City Development Corporation, Inc. (CCDC) is a not-for-profit public benefit corporation established in 1975 to administer certain redevelopment projects in downtown San Diego and to provide redevelopment advisory services to the Redevelopment Agency of the City of San Diego. The City Council elects the Board of Directors. CCDC's budget and governing board are approved by the Redevelopment Agency of the City of San Diego and services are provided exclusively to the primary government. CCDC is reported as a governmental fund. Financial statements are available at www.ccdc.com.
- The City of San Diego/Metropolitan Transit Development Board Authority (MTDB Authority) is a financing authority which
  was established in 1988 by the City and the Metropolitan Transit Development Board (now the Metropolitan Transit
  System or MTS) to acquire and construct mass transit guide ways, public transit systems, and related transportation
  facilities primarily benefiting the residents of the City of San Diego. The Mayor appoints, with Council confirmation, two
  public members and the MTS Board appoints one MTS boardmember to the governing board of the MTDB Authority. The
  MTDB Authority primarily provides services to the primary government. The MTDB Authority is reported as a
  governmental fund.
- The Convention Center Expansion Financing Authority (CCEFA) was established in 1996 by the City and the Port of San Diego to acquire and construct the expansion of the existing convention center. The CCEFA is governed by a board consisting of the Mayor, the City Manager, the Director of the Port of San Diego and a member of the Board of Commissioners for the Port of San Diego. Under the strong mayor form of government, the Mayor may appoint a City Manager and the Chief Operating Officer has been confirmed in this position by the City Council. The CCEFA provides services which primarily benefit the primary government. CCEFA is reported as a governmental fund.
- The Public Facilities Financing Authority (PFFA) was established in 1991 by the City and the Redevelopment Agency to
  acquire and construct public capital improvements. PFFA is governed by a board of commissioners composed of the City
  Treasurer, the assistant executive director of the Redevelopment Agency and three members of the public appointed by
  the Mayor and confirmed by the Council. PFFA provides services exclusively to the primary government. Financing for
  governmental funds is reported as a governmental activity and financing for enterprise funds is reported as a businesstype activity.
- The Redevelopment Agency of the City of San Diego (RDA) was established in 1958 in order to provide a method for revitalizing deteriorating and blighted areas of the City and began functioning in 1969 under the authority granted by the community redevelopment law. The City Council is the governing board sitting as the Board of Directors of the RDA, and the RDA is reported as a governmental fund. Complete stand-alone financial statements are available at www.sandiego.gov.
- San Diego Data Processing Corporation (SDDPC) was formed in 1979 as a not-for-profit public benefit corporation for the
  purpose of providing data processing services. SDDPC's budget and governing board are approved by the City Council.
  SDDPC provides services almost exclusively to the primary government. SDDPC is reported as an Internal Service Fund.
  Financial statements are available at <u>www.sddpc.org</u>.
- The San Diego Facilities and Equipment Leasing Corporation (SDFELC) is a not-for-profit public benefit corporation established in 1987 for the purpose of acquiring and leasing to the City real and personal property to be used in the municipal operations of the City. The SDFELC is governed by a three member board consisting of the City Attorney, the Chief Financial Officer and the Mayor (as City Manager) and services are provided exclusively to the primary government. Financing for governmental funds is reported as a governmental activity and financing for enterprise funds is reported as a business-type activity.

- The San Diego Industrial Development Authority (SDIDA) was established in 1983 by the City for the purpose of providing an alternate method of financing to participating parties for economic development purposes. The City Council is the governing board. SDIDA is reported as a governmental fund.
- Southeastern Economic Development Corporation (SEDC) is a not-for-profit public benefit corporation organized in 1980 by the City to administer certain redevelopment projects in southeast San Diego and to perform economic development services in its area of influence. SEDC's budget and governing board are approved by the Redevelopment Agency and services are provided exclusively to the primary government. SEDC is reported as a governmental fund. Financial statements are available at www.sedcinc.org.
- San Diego City Employees' Retirement System (SDCERS) was established in 1927 by the City and administers retirement, post employment healthcare, disability, and death benefits. Currently, SDCERS also administers the San Diego Unified Port District and the San Diego County Regional Airport Authority defined benefit plans.

SDCERS is a legally separate, blended component unit of the City of San Diego. It is managed by a Board of Administration, the majority of which is appointed by the City of San Diego, and a Pension Administrator who does not report to, or work under the direction of the elected officials or appointed managers of the City of San Diego. As such, the City does not maintain direct operational oversight of SDCERS or its financial reports. SDCERS provides services almost exclusively to the primary government.

SDCERS is reported as a pension and employee savings trust fund. Complete stand-alone financial statements are available at <u>www.sdcers.org</u>.

- The Tobacco Settlement Revenue Funding Corporation (TSRFC) is a not-for-profit public benefit corporation established in 2006 for the purpose of acquiring the tobacco settlement revenues allocated to the City from the State of California, pursuant to the Master Settlement Agreement. TSRFC purchased from the City the rights to receive future tobacco settlement revenues due to the City. TSRFC is governed by the Board of Directors which consists of the Chief Operating Officer, the Chief Financial Officer, and one independent director. The independent director shall be appointed by the Mayor or the remaining directors. TSRFC is reported as a governmental fund.
- The Tourism Marketing District (TMD) is an assessment district created, in fiscal year 2008, by the City on behalf of larger hotel and motel operators within the City. The TMD provides for tourism development, including coordinated joint marketing and promotion of San Diego, in order to maintain and expand the tourism industry. The TMD procedural ordinance establishes a method by which benefited businesses may be assessed for the cost of activities associated with tourism development within their respective area. The governing body of the TMD is the City Council. The City Council initiated proceedings to establish a district upon submission of a written petition, signed by the business owners in the proposed district, who would pay more than 50 percent of the assessments proposed to be levied. Additionally, the City Council approved the district management plan which includes an annual budget, the frequency for levying assessments, and the number of years assessments will be levied. The TMD is reported as a governmental fund.

Discretely presented component units, which are also legally separate entities, have financial data reported in a separate column from the financial data of the primary government to demonstrate they are financially and legally separate from the primary government.

There are two entities which are discretely presented component units:

• San Diego Convention Center Corporation (SDCCC)

SDCCC is a not-for-profit public benefit corporation originally organized to market operate and maintain the San Diego

Convention Center. San Diego Theaters Inc. is a non-profit subsidiary of SDCCC created in 2003 to operate the San Diego Civic Theater and the restored Balboa Theater. The City is the sole member of SDCCC and acts through the San Diego City Council in accordance with the City Charter and the City's Municipal Code. The City appoints seven voting members out of the nine-member Board of Directors of SDCCC. The City subsidizes the annual operations of the SDCCC. SDCCC is discretely presented because it provides services directly to the citizens. Complete stand-alone financial statements are available at <a href="http://www.sdccc.org">www.sdccc.org</a>.

• San Diego Housing Commission (SDHC)

SDHC is a government agency which was formed by the City under Ordinance No. 2515 on December 5, 1978 in accordance with the Housing Authority Law of the State of California. SDHC primarily serves low-income families by providing rental assistance payments, rental housing, loans and grants to individuals and not-for-profit organizations and other services. SDHC is discretely presented because it provides services directly to the citizens. The Housing Commission is governed by the San Diego Housing Authority, which is composed of the eight members of the San Diego City Council. The Housing Authority has final authority over the Commission's budget and major policy changes. The Commission has three blended component units which are Belden SDHC FNMA LLC, Central SDHC FNMA LLC and Northern SDHC FNMA LLC together and collectively referred to as the "LLCs". The LLCs were created as a requirement of Fannie Mae to obtain financing on the former public housing units and are wholly owned by San Diego Housing Commission. A portion of the Commission's larger properties were recently leveraged with FNMA and FHA loans and are the obligation of the LLCs, not the Commission. Each one of these loans are nonrecourse obligations of the LLCs. Complete stand-alone financial statements are available at <u>www.sdhc.org</u>.

Each blended and discretely presented component unit has a June 30 fiscal year-end.

### b. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. Governmental activities normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues and are reported separately from businesstype activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported discretely from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable as to a specific function or segment. Direct expenses reported include administrative and overhead charges. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues and contributions.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, the latter of which are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

### c. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

Government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary and fiduciary funds financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are

recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements have been met.

The business-type activities and proprietary funds financial statements apply all effective pronouncements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB"). In addition, these statements apply all Accounting Principles Board Opinions ("APBO") and Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, except those that conflict with GASB pronouncements. The City has elected not to apply all FASB Statements and Interpretations issued after November 30, 1989.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the government's water and sewer functions and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

All internal service funds have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements since they predominantly benefit governmental functions.

Amounts reported as program revenues include (1) charges to customers for goods, services, or privileges provided, (2) operating grants and contributions, and (3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. General revenues include all taxes and investment income.

Governmental funds financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period.

Revenues which are considered susceptible to accrual include: real and personal property taxes; other local taxes; franchise fees; fines, forfeitures and penalties; motor vehicle license fees; rents and concessions; interest; and state and federal grants and subventions, provided they are received within 60 days from the end of the fiscal year.

Licenses and permits, including parking citations and miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenues when received in cash because they generally are not measurable until actually received.

Expenditures are recognized when the related fund liability is incurred except for (1) principal and interest of general longterm debt which are recognized when due; and (2) employee annual leave and claims and judgments from litigation which are recorded in the period due and payable since such amounts will not currently be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

The governmental funds financial statements do not present long-term debt, but the related debt is shown in the reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Assets. Bond premiums, discounts and issuance costs are recognized during the current period.

Permanent Funds, also referred to as Endowment Funds, are governmental funds used to report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support City programs. The City has received endowments for the following programs: Mt. Hope Cemetery; Carmel Valley Sewer Maintenance; North Park Branch Library; Jacaranda Tree planting and maintenance in City rights-of-way; Rancho Bernardo Branch Library; La Jolla/Riford Branch Library; Los Penasquitos Canyon Preserve; Environmental Trust Bankruptcy Endowment; Southcrest Oak Estates II landscape maintenance; Sycamore Estates property maintenance; and, the Fortuna Mountain Conservation Bank management within Mission Trails Regional Park. The amount of investment earnings available for

expenditure is reported as Undesignated Fund Balance in the fund level financial statements. The endowment principal is reported as Restricted for Nonexpendable Permanent Endowments in the Statement of Net Assets. The State law governing the spending of endowment funds investment earnings is California Probate Code Section 18504.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's proprietary funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and/or other governmental units, and include pension and employee savings trust, investment trust, and agency funds. Pension and Employee Savings Trust Funds are reported using the same measurement focus and basis of accounting as Proprietary Funds. Agency funds are reported using the accrual basis of accounting and only report assets and liabilities, and therefore, do not have a measurement focus.

The following is the City's major governmental fund:

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The following are the City's major Enterprise Funds:

<u>Sewer Utility Fund</u> - The sewer utility fund is used to account for the operation, maintenance and development of the City's sewer system. The City's sewer utility fund includes activities related to the performance of services for Participating Agencies.

<u>Water Utility Fund</u> - The water utility fund is used to account for operating and maintenance costs, replacements, betterments, expansion of facilities, and payments necessary in obtaining water from the Colorado River and the State Water Project.

The following are the City's other fund types:

<u>Internal Service Funds</u> - These funds account for vehicle and transportation, printing, engineering, data processing, and storeroom services provided to City departments on a cost-reimbursement basis. Internal service funds also account for self-insurance activities, including workers' compensation and long-term disability programs, which derive revenues from rates charged to benefiting departments. This fund type also accounts for the public liability reserve, which was established for the purpose of paying liability claims.

<u>Pension and Employee Savings Trust Funds</u> - These funds account for the San Diego City Employees' Retirement System, the Supplemental Pension Savings Plan (SPSP), and the 401(k) Plan.

<u>Investment Trust Fund</u> - This fund was established to account for equity that legally separate entities have in the City Treasurer's investment pool. The Automated Regional Justice Information System (ARJIS), the San Diego Graphic Information Source (SanGIS), and the Abandoned Vehicle Abatement (AVA) are all legally separate entities which have cash invested in the City Treasurer's investment pool.

<u>Agency Funds</u> - These funds account for assets held by the City as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and other governments, including federal and state income taxes withheld from employees, parking citation revenues on behalf of other agencies, certain employee benefit plans and special assessments.

### d. Property Taxes

The County of San Diego (the "County") assesses, bills, and collects property taxes on behalf of numerous special districts and incorporated cities, including the City of San Diego. The City's collections of the current year's taxes are received through periodic apportionments from the County.

The County's tax calendar is from July 1 to June 30. Property taxes attach as a lien on property on January 1. Taxes are levied on July 1 and are payable in two equal installments on November 1 and February 1, and become delinquent after December 10 and April 10, respectively. Since the passage of California's Proposition 13, beginning with fiscal year ended 1979, general property taxes are based either on a flat 1% rate applied to the 1975-76 full value of the property or on 1% of the sales price of any property sold or of the cost of any new construction after the 1975-76 valuation. Taxable values of properties (exclusive of increases related to sales and new construction) can increase by a maximum of 2% per year. The Proposition 13 limitation on general property taxes does not apply to taxes levied to pay the debt service on any indebtedness approved by the voters prior to June 6, 1978 (the date of passage of Proposition 13).

At the government-wide level, property tax revenue is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes have been levied. Property taxes received after the fiscal year and which do not meet the 60 day availability criterion are not considered available as a resource that can be used to finance the current year operations of the City and, therefore, are recorded as deferred revenue in the governmental funds. The City provides an allowance for uncollected property taxes of approximately 5% of the outstanding current balance which is analyzed each year against most recent data from the County. For fiscal year 2010, the allowance amount was \$2,206.

Property owners can appeal the assessment value of their property to the County Assessment Appeals Board. If successful, the County Assessor may reduce the taxable value of a property and/or provide a refund to affected property owners. Reductions of taxable property value within the City of San Diego will have a negative impact on future tax collections until assessed valuations increase.

Additionally, under the provisions of Proposition 1A and as part of the 2009-10 budget package passed by the California state legislature on July 28, 2009, the State of California borrowed 8% of the amount of property tax revenue, including those property taxes associated with the in lieu motor vehicle license fee, the triple flip in lieu sales tax, and supplemental property tax, apportioned to cities, counties and special districts (excluding redevelopment agencies). The state is required to repay this borrowing plus interest by June 30, 2013. After repayment of this initial borrowing, the California legislature may consider only one additional borrowing within a ten-year period. The amount of this borrowing pertaining to the City was \$35,800.

Authorized with the 2009-10 State budget package, the Proposition 1A Securitization Program was instituted by the California Statewide Communities Development Authority (California Communities), a joint powers authority sponsored by the California State Association of Counties and the League of California Cities, to enable local governments to sell their Proposition 1A receivables. Under the Securitization Program, California Communities, acting solely as a conduit for the State of California, simultaneously purchased the Proposition 1A receivables and issued bonds (Prop 1A Bonds) to provide local agencies with cash proceeds in two equal installments, on January 15, 2010 and May 3, 2010. The purchase price paid to the local agencies equaled 100% of the amount of the property tax reduction. All transaction costs of issuance and interest were paid by the State of California. Participating local agencies have no obligation on the bonds and no credit exposure to the State. The City participated in the securitization program and accordingly property taxes have been recorded in the same manner as if the State had not exercised its rights under Proposition 1A. The receivable sale proceeds were equal to the book value and, as a result, no gain or loss was recorded.

### e. Cash and Investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents for Statement of Cash Flows purposes are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, restricted cash, and investments held by the City Treasurer in a cash management investment pool and reported at fair value. Cash equivalents reported in the Statement of Cash Flows for the Water and Sewer Utilities do not include restricted investments represented as Restricted Cash and Investments with a maturity date greater than ninety days.

The City's cash resources are combined to form a cash and investment pool managed by the City Treasurer (the pool). The pool is not registered as an investment company with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) nor is it a 2a7–like pool. The investment activities of the Treasurer in managing the pool are governed by California Government Code § 53601 and the City's Investment Policy, which is reviewed by the Investment Advisory Committee and presented annually to the City Council. Interest earned on pooled investments is allocated to participating funds and entities based upon their average daily cash balance during the allocation month. Fair value adjustments to the pool are recorded annually; however, the City Treasury reports on market values monthly. The value of the shares in the pool approximates the fair value of the pool.

The pool participates in the California State Treasurer's Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF). Investments in LAIF are governed by State statutes and overseen by a five member Local Investment Advisory Board. The fair value of the City's position in LAIF may be greater or less than the value of the shares. Investments in LAIF are valued in these financial statements using a fair value factor provided by LAIF applied to the value of the City's shares in the investment pool.

It has been the City's policy to allow the General Fund to receive interest earned by certain governmental funds, internal service funds and agency funds, unless otherwise expressly stated in the resolutions creating individual funds. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, approximately \$4,955 interest was assigned from various funds to the General Fund. These transactions caused an increase to the "transfers from other funds" amount for the General Fund and caused a like increase to the "transfer from other funds" amount for the fund disbursing the interest. In the case of negative interest, these transactions caused an increase to the "transfers from other funds" amount for the fund transferring the negative interest and caused a like increase to the "transfer to other funds" amount for the General Fund.

Certain governmental funds maintain investments outside of the City's investment pool. These funds are supervised and controlled by a five member Funds Commission which is appointed by the Mayor and confirmed by the City Council. The Funds Commission engages money managers to direct the investments of these funds. Additionally, the City and its component units maintain individual accounts pursuant to bond issuances and major construction contracts which may or may not be related to debt issuances. The investment of these funds is governed by the policies set forth in individual indenture and trustee agreements. Certain component units of the City also participate in LAIF separately from the City Treasurer's investment pool.

All City investments are reported at fair value in accordance with the GASB 31, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and External Investment Pools.* Note 3 of the notes to the financial statements contain additional information on permissible investments per the City investment policy and other policies applicable to the cash and investments reported herein.

The discharge of fiduciary duties by SDCERS' Board is governed by Section 144 of the City Charter and Article XVI, Section 17 of the California State Constitution. Investment decisions are made on a risk versus return basis in a total portfolio context. SDCERS' Board has the authority to delegate investment management duties to outside advisors, to seek the advice of outside investment counsel, and to provide oversight and monitoring of the investment managers it hires. Furthermore, under the California State Constitution and other relevant authorities, SDCERS' Board may, at its discretion, and when prudent in the informed opinion of the Board, invest funds in any form or type of investment, financial instrument, or financial transaction, unless otherwise limited by the San Diego City Council. SDCERS' agents, in SDCERS' name, manage all investments.

SDCERS' investments are reported at fair value in the accompanying Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets. SDCERS' custodian, State Street Bank & Trust Company, provides the market values of exchange traded assets. In the case of debt securities acquired through private placements, SDCERS' contract investment advisors compute fair value based on market yields and average maturity dates of comparable quoted securities. Short-term investments are reported at cost or amortized cost, which approximates fair value. Real estate equity investment fair values are based on either annual valuation estimates provided by SDCERS' contract real estate advisors or by independent certified appraisers. Fair value of investments in commingled funds of publicly traded securities are based on the funds' underlying asset values determined from published market prices and quotations from major investment firms.

### f. Inventories

Inventories reported in the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary funds financial statements, which consist of water in storage and supplies, are valued at the lower of cost or market. Such inventories are expensed when consumed using primarily the first-in, first-out (FIFO) and weighted-average methods for inventories of water in storage and supplies, respectively. Inventory supplies of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when purchased.

### g. Land Held for Resale

Land Held for Resale, purchased by RDA, is reported in the government-wide and fund financial statements at the lower of cost or net realizable value.

### h. Deferred Charges

In the government-wide and proprietary funds financial statements, Deferred Charges represent the unamortized portion of bond issuance costs. These costs will be amortized over the life of the related bonds using a method which approximates the effective interest method.

### i. Capital Assets

Non-Depreciable Capital Assets, which include land and construction-in-progress, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements, as well as in the Proprietary Funds financial statements.

Depreciable Capital Assets, which include structures and improvements, equipment, distribution and collection systems, and infrastructure, are reported net of accumulated depreciation in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements, as well as in the proprietary funds financial statements. To meet the

criteria for capitalization, an asset must have a useful life in excess of one year and in the case of equipment outlay, must equal or exceed a capitalization threshold of five thousand dollars. All other capital assets such as land, structures, infrastructure, and distribution and collection systems are capitalized regardless of cost. Subsequent improvements are capitalized to the extent that they extend the initial estimated useful life of the capitalized asset, or improve the efficiency or capacity of that asset. Costs for routine maintenance are expensed as incurred. Interest expense incurred during the construction phase of business-type capital assets are reflected in the capitalized value of the asset constructed. During fiscal year 2010, \$13,254 of interest expense incurred was capitalized which is calculated net of related interest revenue of \$1,751.

Capital assets, when purchased or constructed, are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at the estimated fair value on the date of donation. Depreciation of capital assets is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of the asset as follows:

Assets	Years
Structures and Improvements	
Buildings	40 - 50
Building Improvements	15 - 40
Equipment	
Automobiles and Light Trucks	5 - 10
Construction and Maintenance Vehicles	5 - 20
General Machinery and Office Equipment	3 - 30
Distribution and Collection Systems	
Sewer Pipes and Water Mains	15 - 150
Reservoirs	100 - 150
Infrastructure	
Pavement and Traffic Signals	12 - 50
Bridges	75
Hardscape	20 - 50
Flood Control Assets	40 - 75

### j. <u>Unearned/Deferred Revenue</u>

In the government-wide and all fund level financial statements, unearned revenue represents amounts received which have not been earned. The government-wide financial statements include revenues earned from developer credits, which are not reported in governmental funds because they are non-monetary transactions. In the governmental funds financial statements, deferred revenue represents revenues which have been earned but have not met the recognition criteria based on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

### k. Interfund Transactions

The City has the following types of interfund transactions:

Loans – amounts provided with a requirement for repayment. Interfund loans are normally reported as interfund receivables (i.e. Due from Other Funds) in lender funds and interfund payables (i.e. Due to Other Funds) in borrower funds. The non-current portions of long-term interfund loans receivable are reported as advances.

Services provided and used – sales and purchases of goods and services between funds for a price approximating their external exchange value. Interfund services provided and used are reported as revenues in seller funds and expenditures or expenses in purchaser funds. Unpaid amounts are reported as interfund receivables and payables in the fund balance sheets or fund statements of net assets.

Reimbursements – repayments from the funds responsible for particular expenditures or expenses to the funds that initially paid for them. The reimbursement is reported as expenditures or expenses in the reimbursing fund and a reduction of expenditures or expenses in the fund that initially paid for the expense.

Transfers – flows of assets (such as cash or goods) without equivalent flows of assets in return, and without a requirement for repayment. In governmental funds, transfers are reported as other financing uses in the funds making transfers and as other financing sources in the funds receiving transfers. In proprietary funds, transfers are reported after non-operating revenues and expenses.

### I. Long-Term Liabilities

In the government-wide and proprietary funds financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary funds statements of net assets. Capital appreciation bond accretion, bond premiums and discounts, and bond refunding gains and losses are amortized over the life of the bonds using a method which approximates the effective yield method. Net bonds payable reflects amortized bond accretion and unamortized bond discounts, premiums and refunding gains and losses.

### m. Sundry Trust Liabilities

Under approval of certain agreements, developers submit to RDA an initial deposit to ensure the developer proceeds diligently and in good faith to negotiate and perform all of the obligations under the agreement. These deposits can normally be used for administrative costs of RDA. In the government-wide financial statements and in the fund financial statements, the unspent portion of these deposits, called Sundry Trust Liabilities, are reported as liabilities of RDA.

### n. Compensated Absences

The City provides combined annual leave to cover both vacation and sick leave. It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate between 8.75 weeks and 17.5 weeks of earned but unused annual leave, depending on hire date. Accumulation of these earnings will be paid to employees upon separation from service.

The liability for compensated absences reported in the government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements consists of unpaid, accumulated vacation and sick leave balances. The liability has been calculated using the vesting method, in which leave amounts for both employees who currently are eligible to receive termination payments and other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments upon termination are included. The liability has been calculated based on the employees' current salary level and includes salary related costs (e.g. Medicare Tax). A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

### o. Claims and Judgments

The costs of claims and judgments are accrued when incurred and measurable in the government-wide financial statements and both proprietary and fiduciary funds financial statements. In governmental funds, the costs of claims and judgments are recorded as expenditures when payments are due and payable.

### p. Non-Monetary Transactions

The City, as part of approving new development in the community planning process, requires that certain public facilities be constructed per the provisions of community financing plans. Historically, the City has agreed to pay a pro rata share of these assets. In lieu of providing direct funding for these assets, the City often provides developers with credits (also referred to as FBA credits) for future permit fees. These credits are earned by the developer upon successful completion of construction phases and when City engineers have accepted the work. The credits are recognized as permit revenue upon issuance and a corresponding capital asset is recorded in the government-wide financial statements.

### q. Net Assets

In the government-wide and proprietary funds financial statements, net assets are categorized as follows:

- Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding debt attributed to the acquisition of these assets.
- Restricted Net Assets consist of assets with restrictions imposed on them by external creditors, grantors, contributors, laws and regulations of other governments, or law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. It is the City's policy to first apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available. As of June 30, 2010, the amount of restricted net assets due to enabling legislation was approximately \$136,571.
- Unrestricted Net Assets consist of net assets that do not meet the definition of Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt or Restricted Net Assets.

### r. Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, portions of fund equity of governmental funds have been reserved for specific purposes. Reservations are created to either (1) satisfy legal covenants that require a portion of the fund balance to be segregated, or (2) identify the portion of the fund balance that is not appropriable for future expenditures.

Designated fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity for which the City has made tentative plans. Undesignated fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity which is available for appropriation in future periods.

### s. <u>Reserves</u>

City Charter Section 91 requires the City Council to maintain a General Reserve Fund in an amount sufficient to meet all legal demands against the City Treasury for the first four months or other necessary period of each fiscal year prior to the collection of taxes. This fund may be expended only in the event of a public emergency by the affirmative vote of two-thirds of the City Council.

The City adopted a formal reserve policy in accordance with Charter Section 91 in fiscal year 2008 which defined the General Fund Reserve. The General Fund Reserve includes the General Reserve Fund (or Emergency Reserve), the appropriated reserve and the General Fund undesignated fund balance, all of which are reported as undesignated fund balance in the General Fund financial statements. The reserve policy defines a goal of having a minimum of 8% of annual General Fund revenues held in the General Fund Reserve by fiscal year 2012. This reserve level was achieved in fiscal year 2010.

In addition to the General Reserve Fund, the City had maintained internal policy reserves for certain governmental long term liabilities which are repaid with Transient Occupancy Tax revenues. These policy reserves were equal to one half of

the annually required lease payments for each liability. The purpose of the reserves was to make the lease payments in the event that Transient Occupancy Tax receipts were insufficient. These reserve funds were closed and the balances transferred to the General Fund in fiscal year 2010; however, the City maintains cash funded debt service reserve funds or surety guarantees with trustees in accordance with the bond indentures that exist for these liabilities, as it does with other bonded indebtedness.

### t. Participating Agencies Revenue Recognition

The Regional Wastewater Disposal Agreement between the City of San Diego (City) and the Participating Agencies (PA) in the Metropolitan Sewerage System allow for quarterly invoicing of local area member municipalities and utility districts to collect and process sewage waste using the City's facilities. The invoicing is based on an estimated allocation of costs associated with each PA and may not represent that agency's proportionate allocation of actual maintenance and operating costs of the sewage system, resulting in an overstatement or understatement of revenue reported in the Sewer Utility Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets.

### u. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of certain assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the related amounts of revenues and expenses. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Management believes that the estimates are reasonable.

### v. New Governmental Accounting Standards Implemented During Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

The requirements for the following accounting standards are effective for the purpose of implementation, if applicable for the City, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010.

In June 2007, GASB issued Statement No. 51, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Intangible Assets*, which establishes standard requirements for accounting and financial reporting for intangible assets. The statement generally requires that all intangible assets not specifically excluded by its scope provisions be classified as capital assets. Additionally, this statement establishes a specific-conditions approach to recognizing intangible assets that are internally generated as well as provides specific guidance related to the amortization of intangible assets. Prior to the implementation of this statement, the City capitalized and amortized intangible assets within its Capital Improvement Projects; however, post implementation, the City now records and amortizes intangible assets individually per the requirements of GASB Statement No. 51.

In June 2008, GASB issued Statement No. 53, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments*, which requires governments to measure derivative instruments at fair value. The City's investment portfolio does not include any derivative instruments. However, SDCERS' investment portfolio does include derivative instruments which have been reported in accordance with GASB Statement No. 53. See Note 3 for additional information regarding the City's or SDCERS' investment policies.

In December 2009, GASB issued Statements No. 58, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Chapter 9 Bankruptcies*, which provides accounting and financial reporting guidance for governments that have petitioned for protection from creditors by filing for bankruptcy under Chapter 9 of the United States Bankruptcy Code. Additionally, the statement requires governments to remeasure liabilities that are adjusted in bankruptcy when the bankruptcy court confirms a new payment plan.

### 2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (In Thousands)

Certain adjustments are necessary to reconcile governmental funds to governmental activities (which includes all internal service funds). The reconciliation of these adjustments is as follows:

a. Explanation of certain differences between the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and the Government-wide Statement of Net Assets:

The Governmental Funds Balance Sheet includes a reconciliation between "Total Fund Equity-Governmental Funds" and "Total Net Assets-Governmental Activities" as reported in the Government-wide Statement of Net Assets. One element of the reconciliation states, "Other assets and liabilities used in governmental activities are not financial resources (uses), and therefore, are either deferred or not reported in the funds." The details of this \$151,810 difference are as follows:

Deferred Charges, net, July 1, 2009, as restated Issuance Costs Amortization Expense	\$	16,265 1,881 (1.237)
Deferred Charges, net, June 30, 2010		16,909
		<u> </u>
Deferred Revenue:		
Taxes Receivable		77,655
Notes Receivable		3,611
Motor Vehicle License Receivable		1,020
Special Assessments Receivable		1,137
Grants and Other Receivables		51,478
Deferred Revenue, net, June 30, 2010	_	134,901
Net Adjustment to increase "Total Fund Equity-Governmental		
Funds" to arrive at "Total Net Assets-Governmental Activities"	\$	151,810

Another element of the reconciliation states, "Certain liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds." The details of this (\$1,828,545) difference are as follows:

Interest Accrued on Long-Term Debt	\$	(20,052)
Arbitrage Liability		(3)
Compensated Absences		(65,667)
Liability Claims		(111,949)
Capital Lease Obligations		(62,540)
Contracts Payable		(1,018)
Notes Payable		(3,301)
Loans Payable		(79,395)
Section 108 Loans Payable		(31,496)
Net Bonds Payable		(1,208,956)
Accretion of Interest on Capital Appreciation Bonds		(16,535)
Net Other Post Employment Benefits Obligation		(113,196)
Net Pension Obligation		(114,437)
Net adjustment to decrease "Total Fund Equity-Governmental		
Funds" to arrive at "Total Net Assets-Governmental Activities"	\$	(1,828,545)
	Ψ	(.,==0,010)

Another element of the reconciliation states, "Internal Service Funds are used by management to charge the costs of activities such as Fleet Services, Central Stores, Publishing Services and Self Insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of certain Internal Service Funds are included in the governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets. The details of this \$26,930 difference are as follows:

Assets:	
Capital Assets - Non Depreciable	\$ 7,620
Capital Assets - Depreciable	112,944
Internal Balances	(2,349)
Other Assets	173,610
Liabilities:	
Compensated Absences	(7,764)
Liability Claims	(206,965)
Capital Lease Obligations	(22,021)
Net Other Post Employment Benefits Obligation	(5,235)
Net Pension Obligation	(1,981)
Other Liabilities	(20,929)
Net adjustment to increase "Total Fund Equity-Governmental	
Funds" to arrive at "Total Net Assets-Governmental Activities"	\$ 26,930

b. Explanation of certain differences between the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-wide Statement of Activities:

The Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances includes a reconciliation between "Net Change in Fund Balances-Total Governmental Funds" and "Changes in Net Assets of Governmental Activities" as reported in the Government-wide Statement of Activities. One element of that reconciliation explains, "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense." The details of this \$40,624 difference are as follows:

Capital Projects	\$ 134,426
Other Capital Activities	29,086
Depreciation Expense	(122,888)
Net Adjustment to increase "Net Changes in Fund Equity-	
Total Governmental Funds" to arrive at "Changes in Net	
Assets of Governmental Activities"	\$ 40,624

Another element of the reconciliation states "The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., donations and retirements) is to decrease net assets." The details of this (\$4,685) are as follows:

In the Statement of Activities, only the net gain on the sale of land is reported. However, in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net assets differs from the change in fund balances by the net book value of the capital assets sold/retired.	\$ (333)
The Statement of Activities reports losses arising from the retirement of existing depreciable capital assets. Conversely, governmental funds do not report any gain or loss on retirements of capital assets.	 (4,352)
Net adjustment to decrease "Net Change in Fund Equity-Total Governmental Funds" to arrive at "Changes in Net Assets of Governmental Activities"	\$ (4,685)

Another element of the reconciliation states, "Internal Service Funds are used by management to charge the costs of activities such as Fleet Services, Central Stores, Publishing Services, Self Insurance, and others to individual funds." The net expense of certain Internal Service activities is reported with governmental activities. The details of this \$20,104 are as follows:

Allocated Operating Profit	\$ 11,649	
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):		
Gain on Sale/Retirement of Capital Assets	1,435	
Other Nonoperating Revenues	2,494	
Transfers	4,520	
Capital Contributions	 6	
Net adjustment to increase "Net Changes in Fund Equity-Total Governmental		
Funds" to arrive at "Changes in Net Assets of Governmental Activities"	\$ 20,104	

Another element of the reconciliation states "The issuance of long-term debt (i.e., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets." The details of this (\$875) difference are as follows:

Debt Issued or Incurred: Capital Lease Obligations Loans Payable Section 108 Loans Payable Revenue Bonds Tax Allocation Bonds	\$ (10,214) (48,256) (454) (167,635) (13,930)
Principal Repayments: Capital Lease Obligations Contracts/Notes Payable Loans Payable Section 108 Loans General Obligation Bonds Revenue Bonds Tax Allocation Bonds Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed Bonds Pooled Financing Bonds	8,432 1,760 8,707 2,490 1,975 19,800 19,054 3,030 680
Modifications: Contracts/Notes Payable Loans Payable Refundings:	3,422 4,969
Revenue Bonds Net adjustment to decrease "Net Changes in Fund Equity-Total Governmental Funds" to arrive at "Changes in Net Assets of Governmental Activities"	\$ 165,295 (875)

Another element of the reconciliation states that "Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources (i.e., compensated absences, net pension obligation) and therefore are not accrued as expenditures in governmental funds." The details of this (\$69,283) difference are as follows:

Compensated Absences	\$ 918
Liability Claims	(59,759)
Net Pension Obligation/Net OPEB Obligation	(12,367)
Accrued Interest	4,698
Current Year Premiums/Discounts and Interest Accretion	
Less Amortization of Bond Premiums	(3,418)
Issuance Costs Less Current Year Amortization	 644
Net adjustment to decrease "Net Changes in Fund Equity-Total Governmental Funds" to arrive at "Changes in Net Assets of	
Governmental Activities"	\$ (69,283)

### 3. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (In Thousands)

The following is a summary of the carrying amount of cash and investments:

	Governmental Business-Type Activities Activities		Fiduciary Statement of Net Assets other than SDCERS		SDCERS Fiduciary Stateme Subtotal of Net Assets		ciary Statement	Grand Total	
Cash and Cash or Equity in									
Pooled Cash and Investments	\$ 1,342,641	\$	762,320	\$	33,015	\$ 2,137,976	\$	348	\$ 2,138,324
Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agents	132,310		162,245		30,356	324,911		404,165	729,076
Investments at Fair Value	188,173		188,454		722,556	1,099,183		3,835,399	4,934,582
Securities Lending Collateral	-		-		-	-		492,171	492,171
TOTAL	\$ 1,663,124	\$	1,113,019	\$	785,927	\$ 3,562,070	\$	4,732,083	\$ 8,294,153

### a. Cash and Cash or Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments

Cash and Cash or Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments represents petty cash, cash at the bank in demand deposit and/or savings accounts, and cash in escrow for contract retention payables. Furthermore, it represents equity in pooled cash and investments, which is discussed in further detail below.

As provided for by California Government Code, the cash balances of substantially all funds and certain outside entities are pooled and invested by the City Treasurer for the purpose of increasing interest earnings through investment activities. The respective funds' shares of the total pooled cash and investments are included in the table above, under the caption Cash and Cash or Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments.

The following represents a summary of the items included in the Cash and Cash or Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments line item:

Cash on Hand - Petty Cash	\$	203
Deposits - Held in Escrow Accounts		10,860
Deposits - Cash and Cash Equivalents (Not Pooled)		2,252
Deposits - Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Certificates of Deposit (Pooled)		383
Pooled Investments in the City Treasury	2	,124,626
Total Cash and Cash or Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$2	,138,324

					Interest Rate		
Investment	Fair Value		Book Value		% Range		Maturity Range
U.S. Treasury Notes & Bonds	\$	877,973	\$	870,992	0.625-4.875%		4/30/2011-6/15/2013
U.S. Agency Discount Notes		299,844		299,580	0.15-0.31%	*	7/9/2010-2/4/2011
U.S. Agency Notes & Bonds		634,534		632,227	0.39-4.75%		7/1/2010-6/25/2013
Corporate Notes & Bonds		196,567		194,595	1.25-5.50%		12/23/2010-8/1/2012
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)		49,107		49,026	0.56%	**	1/19/2011
Repurchase Agreement		66,601		66,601	0.01%		7/1/2010
Certificates of Deposit (CDARS)		10,000		10,000	1.40%		2/3/2011
	\$	2,134,626	\$	2,123,021			

A summary of the deposits and investments held by the City Treasurer's investment pool as of June 30, 2010 is presented in the table below:

\* Discount Rates

\*\* LAIF - Fair Value is adjusted to account for LAIF factor. Maturity range is based on weighted average maturity of 203 days.

The following represents a condensed statement of net assets and changes in net assets for the City Treasurer's cash and investment pool as of June 30, 2010:

Statement of Net Assets Deposit - Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Certificates of Deposit (Pooled)	\$ 383
Investments of Pool Participants	2,124,626
Accrued Interest Receivable of Internal Pool Participants	3,620
Accrued Interest Receivable of External Pool Participants	9
Total Cash, Investments, and Interest Receivable	\$ 2,128,638
Equity of Internal Pool Participants	\$ 2,123,833
Equity of External Pool Participants (AVA) **	4,805
Total Equity	\$ 2,128,638
**Voluntary Participation	
Statement of Changes in Net Assets	
Net Assets Held for Pool Participants at July 1, 2009	\$ 2,150,667
Net Change in Investments by Pool Participants	(22,029)
Total Net Assets Held for Pool Participants at June 30, 2010	\$ 2,128,638

### b. Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agents

Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agents include cash and investments held by fiscal agents resulting from bond issuances. More specifically, these funds represent reserves held by fiscal agents or trustees as legally required by bond issuances and liquid investments held by fiscal agents or trustees which are used to pay debt service. Under the Fiduciary Statement of Net Assets, Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agents include the City's balance for the Preservation of Benefit Plan (POB Plan). The POB Plan is a qualified governmental excess benefit arrangement (QEBA) under Internal Revenue Code (IRC) section 415(m) and is discussed in further detail in Note 12. Additionally, Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agents include the San Diego City Employees' Retirement System (SDCERS) portion of funds held as cash collateral from market neutral portfolios (domestic fixed income investment strategy). Furthermore, it represents transaction settlements, held in each investment manager's portfolio, which are invested overnight by SDCERS' custodial bank.

#### c. Investments at Fair Value

Investments at Fair Value represents investments of the City's Supplemental Pension Savings Plan, 401(k) Plan, 401(a) Plan, San Diego City Employees' Retirement System (SDCERS), investments managed by the City Treasurer (which are not part of the pool) and investments managed by the Funds Commission (e.g. Cemetery Perpetuity Fund, Los Penasquitos Canyon Preserve Fund, and the Edwin A. Benjamin, Jane Cameron, Gladys Edna Peters, and Effie Sergeant Library Funds).

#### d. Investment Policy

In accordance with City Charter Section 45, the City Treasurer is responsible for the safekeeping and investment of the unexpended cash in the City Treasury. The City Treasurer is also responsible for maintaining the City of San Diego Investment Policy (Policy) which is presented to Council annually. This Policy applies to all of the investment activities of the City except for the pension trust funds, the proceeds of certain debt issues (which are managed and invested at the direction of the City Treasurer in accordance with the applicable indenture or by Trustees appointed under indenture agreements or by fiscal agents), and the assets of trust funds (which are placed in the custody of the Funds Commission by Council ordinance).

City staff reviews the Policy annually and may make revisions based upon changes to the California Government Code and the investment environment. These suggested revisions are presented to the City Treasurer's Investment Advisory Committee (IAC) for review and comment. The IAC consists of two City representatives and three outside financial professionals with market and portfolio expertise not working for the City of San Diego. The City Council reviews the Policy and considers approval on an annual basis.

The Policy is governed by the California Government Code (CGC), Sections 53600 et seq. The following table presents the authorized investments, requirements, and restrictions per the CGC and the Policy:

Investment Type		<u>Maximum</u> Maturity (1)		mum %_ ortfolio		u <u>m % with</u> Issuer	<u>Minimum</u> Rating	
	CGC	City Policy	CGC	City Policy	CGC	City Policy	CGC	City Polic
U.S. Treasury Obligations (bills, bonds, or notes)	5 years	5 years	None	None	None	None	None	None
U.S. Agencies	5 years	5 years	None	(2)	None	(2)	None	None
Bankers' Acceptances (6)	180 days	180 days	40%	40%	30%	10%	None	(3)
Commercial Paper (6)	270 days	270 days	25%	25%	10%	10%	P1	P1
Negotiable Certificates (6)	5 years	5 years	30%	30%	None	10%	None	(3)
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	1 year	None	None	None	None	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements (4)	92 days	92 days	20%	20%	None	None	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund	N/A	N/A	None	None	None	None	None	None
Non-Negotiable Time Deposits (6)	5 years	5 years	None	25%	None	10%	None	(3)
Medium Term Notes/Bonds (6)	5 years	5 years	30%	30%	None	10%	Α	A
Municipal Securities of California Local Agencies (6)	5 years	5 years	None	20%	None	10%	None	Α
Mutual Funds	N/A	N/A	20%	20%	10%	5%	AAA	AAA
Notes, Bonds, or Other Obligations	5 years	5 years	None	None	None	None	None	AA
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	5 years	20%	20%	None	None	AA	AAA
Financial Futures (5)	N/A	None	None	None	None	None	None	None

Footnotes:

(1) In the absence of a specified maximum, the maximum is 5 years.

(2) No more than one-third of the cost value of the total portfolio at time of purchase can be invested in the unsecured debt of any one agency.

(3) Credit and maturity criteria must be in accordance per Section X of the City's Investment Policy.

(4) Maximum % of portfolio for Reverse Repurchase Agreements is 20% of base value.

(5) Financial futures transactions would be purchased only to hedge against changes in market conditions for the reinvestment of bond proceeds.

(6) Investment types with a 10% maximum with one issuer are further restricted per the City's Investment Policy: 5% per issuer and an additional 5% with authorization by City Treasurer.

According to the Policy, the City may enter into repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements only with primary dealers of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York with which the City has entered into a master repurchase agreement.

Additionally, the Policy authorizes investment in other specific types of securities. The City may invest in floating rate notes with coupon resets based upon a single fixed income index (which would be representative of an eligible investment), provided that security is not leveraged. Structured notes issued by U.S. government agencies that contain imbedded calls or options are authorized as long as those securities are not inverse floaters, range notes, or interest only strips derived from a pool of mortgages. A maximum of 8% of the "cost value" of the pooled portfolio may be invested in structured notes.

Ineligible investments prohibited from use in the portfolio include, but are not limited to, common stocks and longterm corporate notes/bonds. The City of San Diego Investment Policy is available at www.sandiego.gov/treasurer/investments/invpolicy.shtml.

#### Other Investment Policies

The City currently has a Funds Commission whose role is to supervise and control all trust, perpetuity, and investment funds of the City and such pension funds as shall be placed in its custody. The statutory authority for the Funds Commission is created in City Charter Article V, Section 41(a). While the duties described in the creation document form broad authority for the Funds Commission, in practice, the Funds Commission only oversees investments related to a small number of permanent endowments. The allowable investments for these funds are different than those as prescribed in the City of San Diego Investment Policy. Each permanent endowment fund has its own separate investment policy.

The City and its component units have funds invested in accordance with various bond indenture and trustee agreements. The investment of these bond issuances is in accordance with the Permitted Investments section and applicable account restrictions outlined in the Indenture of each bond issuance. The Permitted Investments section in each Indenture will vary based upon the maturity, cash flow demands, and reserve requirements associated with each issuance. In general, the Permitted Investments section of each Indenture will closely resemble the City of San Diego Investment Policy, but may include certain investment options not authorized by applicable law for the City of San Diego Investment Policy (CGC §53601). Individual bond indentures are available at <a href="https://www.sandiego.gov/investorinformation/terms.shtml">www.sandiego.gov/investorinformation/terms.shtml</a>.

# City of San Diego – Disclosures for Specific Risks

#### e. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Market or interest rate risk for the City's pooled investments is intended to be mitigated by establishing two portfolios, a liquidity portfolio and a core portfolio. Target durations are based upon the expected short and long-term cash needs of the City. The liquidity portfolio is structured with an adequate mix of highly liquid securities and maturities to meet major cash outflow requirements for at least six months (per CGC Section 53646). The liquidity portfolio uses the Merrill Lynch 3-6 month Treasury Index as a benchmark with a duration of plus or minus 40% of the duration of that benchmark.

The core portfolio uses the Merrill Lynch 1-3 year Treasury Index as a benchmark with a duration of plus or minus 20% of the duration of that benchmark. It consists of high quality liquid securities with a maximum maturity of 5 years and is structured to meet the longer-term cash needs of the City. Information about the sensitivity of the fair value of the City's investments to market interest rate fluctuations is presented in the table on the next page.

# As of June 30, 2010, the City's investments (in thousands) by maturity are as follows:

		Yea			Fair Value
Pooled Investments with City Treasurer:	Under 1	1-3	3-5	Over 5	(In Thousands)
U.S. Treasury Notes	\$ 110,595	\$ 767,378	\$ -	\$-	\$ 877,973
U.S. Agencies - Federal Farm Credit Bank	105,619	55,715	-	-	161,334
U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Bank	214,287	55,583	-	-	269,87
U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	172,036	60,750	-	-	232,78
U.S. Agencies - Federal National Mortgage Association	174,930	95,458	-	-	270,38
Corporate Notes	48,595	147,972	-	-	196,56
Non-Negotiable Certificate of Deposit (CDARS deposit)	10,000	-	-	-	10,000
Repurchase Agreement	66,601	-	-	-	66,60
State Local Agency Investment Fund	49,107	-	-	-	49,10
	951,770	1,182,856			2,134,62
Non-Pooled Investments with City Treasurer:					
J.S. Treasury Bills	100,703	-	-	-	100,70
U.S. Treasury Notes	47,421	2,052	_	-	49,47
J.S. Agencies - Federal Farm Credit Bank	12,703	2,002	_	-	12,70
J.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Bank	28,706	_	_	_	28,70
U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	47,608	_	_	_	47,60
J.S. Agencies - Federal National Mortgage Association	58,734	_	_	_	58,73
Commerical Paper	12,954	_	_	_	12,95
Repurchase Agreements	50,099	_	_	_	50,09
repurchase Agreements	358,928	2,052			360,98
nvestments with Fiscal Agents, Funds Commission, and Blended Component Units:					
U.S. Treasury Bills	21,244	-	-	-	21,24
J.S. Treasury Bonds and Notes	28,646	41,526	48,938	29,423	148,53
J.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Bank	12,016	-	-	-	12,01
J.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	10,943	-	-	-	10,94
J.S. Agencies - Federal National Mortgage Association	11,504	-	-	-	11,50
Commercial Paper	5,970	-	-	-	5,97
Common Stock <sup>1</sup>	2,813	-	-	-	2,81
Corporate Bonds and Notes	236	67,998	664	3,327	72,22
Guaranteed Investment Contracts		-	-	13,709	13,70
Noney Market Mutual Funds	34,843	-	-	-	34,84
Nortgage Backed Securities - Commercial	-	-	-	38	3
Nortgage Backed Securities - Government	-	-	-	21	2
Autual Funds - Equity <sup>1</sup>	334,014				334,01
Mutual Funds - Equity Mutual Funds - Fixed Income	554,014	392,733	-	2,306	395,03
Cash (with Fiscal Agents)	202	392,733	-	2,300	20
cash (with Fiscal Agents)	462,431	502,257	49,602	48,824	1,063,11
Total Investments	\$ 1,773,129	\$ 1,687,165	\$ 49,602	\$ 48,824	3,558,72
	ψ 1,110,129	ψ 1,007,105	ψ +3,002	ψ +0,024	
Fotal Deposits					3,49
Fotal Cash on Hand			\ \		20 \$ 3,562,41
Total Investments, Deposits, and Cash on Hand (Includes SD	CERS Pooled Cash a	na investments - \$346	)		\$ 3,562,4

<sup>1</sup> Common stock and equity mutual funds do not have maturities.

# f. Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. As of June 30, 2010, the City's investments and corresponding credit ratings are as follows:

U.S. Treasury Notes         Exempt         Exempt         Exempt         \$ 877,973         41.14%           U.S. Agencies - Federal Farm Credit Bank <sup>1</sup> Aaa         N/A         161,334         7.56%           U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Bank <sup>1</sup> Aaa         N/A         269,870         12.64%           U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation <sup>1</sup> Aaa         N/A         107,872         5.05%           U.S. Agencies - Federal National Mortgage Corporation <sup>1</sup> Aaa         N/A         124,914         5.85%           U.S. Agencies - Federal National Mortgage Association <sup>1</sup> Aaa         N/A         195,458         4.47%           U.S. Agencies - Federal National Mortgage Association <sup>1</sup> P-1         N/A         174,930         8.19%           Corporate Notes         Aaa         N/A         139,530         6.54%           Corporate Notes         Aa1         N/A         12,49%         25,405         1.19%           Corporate Notes         Aa3         N/A         15,135         0.71%         6.6601         3.12%           Not Rated         Not Rated         Not Rated         Not Rated         100.000         0.47%           Repurchase Agreements         State Local Agency Investment Fund         Not Rated </th <th>Pooled Investments with City Treasurer:</th> <th>Moody's</th> <th><u>S&amp;P</u></th> <th>Fair Value</th> <th>Percentage</th>	Pooled Investments with City Treasurer:	Moody's	<u>S&amp;P</u>	Fair Value	Percentage
U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Bank <sup>1</sup> Aaa         N/A         269,870         12.64%           U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation <sup>1</sup> Aaa         N/A         107,872         5.05%           U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation <sup>1</sup> P-1         N/A         124,914         5.85%           U.S. Agencies - Federal National Mortgage Association <sup>1</sup> P-1         N/A         95,458         4.47%           U.S. Agencies - Federal National Mortgage Association <sup>1</sup> P-1         N/A         174,930         8.19%           Corporate Notes         Federal National Mortgage Association <sup>1</sup> P-1         N/A         139,530         6.54%           Corporate Notes         Aa1         N/A         5,211         0.24%           Corporate Notes         Aa2         N/A         139,530         6.54%           Corporate Notes         Aa2         N/A         10,14%         0.272           Corporate Notes         Aa3         N/A         10,135         0.71%           Corporate Notes         A2         N/A         1,014         0.05%           Non-Negotiable Certificates of Deposit (CDARS deposit)         Not Rated         Not Rated         Not Rated         100,000         4.7% <td< td=""><td>U.S. Treasury Notes</td><td>Exempt</td><td>Exempt</td><td>\$ 877,973</td><td>41.14%</td></td<>	U.S. Treasury Notes	Exempt	Exempt	\$ 877,973	41.14%
U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation <sup>1</sup> Aaa         N/A         107,872         5.05%           U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation <sup>1</sup> P-1         N/A         124,914         5.85%           U.S. Agencies - Federal National Mortgage Association <sup>1</sup> P-1         N/A         124,914         5.85%           U.S. Agencies - Federal National Mortgage Association <sup>1</sup> P-1         N/A         174,930         8.19%           Corporate Notes         Aaa         N/A         5,211         0.24%           Corporate Notes         Aa1         N/A         5,211         0.24%           Corporate Notes         Aa2         N/A         15,135         0.71%           Corporate Notes         Aa2         N/A         10,14         0.05%           Corporate Notes         A1         N/A         10,212         0.48%           Corporate Notes         A2         N/A         1,014         0.05%           Non-Negotiable Certificates of Deposit (CDARS deposit)         Not Rated         Not Rated         100,00         0.47%           Repurchase Agreements         Not Rated         Not Rated         100,00         0.47%           Subtotal - Pooled Investment Fund         Not Rated         Not Rated	U.S. Agencies - Federal Farm Credit Bank <sup>1</sup>	Aaa	N/A	161,334	7.56%
U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation <sup>1</sup> P-1         N/A         124,914         5.85%           U.S. Agencies - Federal National Mortgage Association <sup>1</sup> Aaa         N/A         95,458         4.47%           U.S. Agencies - Federal National Mortgage Association <sup>1</sup> P-1         N/A         174,930         8.19%           Corporate Notes         Aaa         N/A         139,530         6.54%           Corporate Notes         Aa1         N/A         5,211         0.24%           Corporate Notes         Aa2         N/A         25,405         1.19%           Corporate Notes         Aa2         N/A         10,272         0.48%           Corporate Notes         A2         N/A         10,000         0.47%           Repurchase Agreements         A0t Rated         Not Rated         10,000         0.47%           Repurchase Agreements         Not Rated         Not Rated         100,000         0.47%           Subtotal - Pooled Investment Fund         Not Rated         Not Rated         49,107         2.30%           Subtotal - Pooled Investments         Exempt         Exempt         Exempt         49,473         13,71%           U.S. Treasury Notes         Exempt         Exempt         49,473	U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Bank <sup>1</sup>	Aaa	N/A	269,870	12.64%
U.S. Agencies - Federal National Mortgage Association 1       Aaa       N/A       95,458       4.47%         U.S. Agencies - Federal National Mortgage Association 1       P-1       N/A       174,930       8.19%         Corporate Notes       Aaa       N/A       139,530       6.54%         Corporate Notes       Aa1       N/A       5,211       0.24%         Corporate Notes       Aa2       N/A       25,405       1.19%         Corporate Notes       Aa3       N/A       10,272       0.48%         Corporate Notes       A1       N/A       10,272       0.48%         Corporate Notes       A1       N/A       10,272       0.48%         Corporate Notes       A2       N/A       10,010       0.47%         Repurchase Agreements       Not Rated       Not Rated       10,000       0.47%         Repurchase Agreements       Not Rated       Not Rated       49,107       2.30%         Subtotal - Pooled Investment Fund       Not Rated       Not Rated       49,473       13,71%         U.S. Treasury Bills       Exempt       Exempt       49,473       13,71%         U.S. Agencies - Federal Farm Credit Bank       Aaa       N/A       12,703       3.52%	U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation <sup>1</sup>	Aaa	N/A	107,872	5.05%
U.S. Agencies - Federal National Mortgage Association <sup>1</sup> P-1         N/A         174,930         8.19%           Corporate Notes         Aaa         N/A         139,530         6.54%           Corporate Notes         Aa1         N/A         5,211         0.24%           Corporate Notes         Aa2         N/A         25,405         1.19%           Corporate Notes         Aa3         N/A         15,135         0.71%           Corporate Notes         A1         N/A         10,272         0.48%           Corporate Notes         A1         N/A         10,172         0.48%           Corporate Notes         A2         N/A         1,014         0.05%           Non-Negotiable Certificates of Deposit (CDARS deposit)         Not Rated         Not Rated         Not Rated         10,000         0.47%           Repurchase Agreements         Not Rated         Not Rated         Not Rated         49,107         2.30%           Subtotal - Pooled Investments         Victal - Pooled Investments         2,134,626         100.00%         2,134,626         100.00%           Non-Pooled Investments         Exempt         Exempt         Exempt         49,473         13,71%           U.S. Agencies - Federal Farm Credit Bank <td< td=""><td>U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation <sup>1</sup></td><td>P-1</td><td>N/A</td><td>124,914</td><td>5.85%</td></td<>	U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation <sup>1</sup>	P-1	N/A	124,914	5.85%
Corporate Notes         Aaa         N/A         139,530         6.54%           Corporate Notes         Aa1         N/A         5,211         0.24%           Corporate Notes         Aa2         N/A         25,405         1.19%           Corporate Notes         Aa3         N/A         15,135         0.71%           Corporate Notes         Aa1         N/A         10,272         0.48%           Corporate Notes         A1         N/A         10,272         0.48%           Corporate Notes         A2         N/A         1,014         0.05%           Non-Negotiable Certificates of Deposit (CDARS deposit)         Not Rated         Not Rated         100,000         0.47%           Repurchase Agreements         Not Rated         Not Rated         49,107         2.30%           Subtotal - Pooled Investments         2,134,626         100.00%         100.00%           Nor-Pooled Investments with City Treasurer:         2,134,626         100.00%         100.00%           U.S. Treasury Bills         Exempt         Exempt         49,473         13.71%           U.S. Agencies - Federal Farm Credit Bank         Aaa         N/A         12,703         3.52%           U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Bank <sup>1</sup> P-1	U.S. Agencies - Federal National Mortgage Association <sup>1</sup>	Aaa	N/A	95,458	4.47%
Corporate Notes         Aaa         N/A         139,530         6.54%           Corporate Notes         Aa1         N/A         5,211         0.24%           Corporate Notes         Aa2         N/A         25,405         1.19%           Corporate Notes         Aa3         N/A         15,135         0.71%           Corporate Notes         Aa1         N/A         10,272         0.48%           Corporate Notes         A1         N/A         10,272         0.48%           Corporate Notes         A2         N/A         1,014         0.05%           Non-Negotiable Certificates of Deposit (CDARS deposit)         Not Rated         Not Rated         100,000         0.47%           Repurchase Agreements         Not Rated         Not Rated         49,107         2.30%           Subtotal - Pooled Investments         2,134,626         100.00%         100.00%           Nor-Pooled Investments with City Treasurer:         2,134,626         100.00%         100.00%           U.S. Treasury Bills         Exempt         Exempt         49,473         13.71%           U.S. Agencies - Federal Farm Credit Bank         Aaa         N/A         12,703         3.52%           U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Bank <sup>1</sup> P-1	U.S. Agencies - Federal National Mortgage Association <sup>1</sup>	P-1	N/A	174,930	8.19%
Corporate NotesAa2N/A25,4051.19%Corporate NotesAa3N/A15,1350.71%Corporate NotesA1N/A10,2720.48%Corporate NotesA2N/A1,0140.05%Non-Negotiable Certificates of Deposit (CDARS deposit)Not RatedNot Rated10,0000.47%Repurchase AgreementsNot RatedNot Rated06,6013.12%Subtotal - Pooled Investment FundNot RatedNot Rated49,1072.30%Subtotal - Pooled Investments2,134,626100.00%Non-Pooled InvestmentsExemptExempt49,47313.71%U.S. Treasury BillsExemptExempt49,47313.71%U.S. Treasury NotesExemptExempt49,47313.71%U.S. Agencies - Federal Farm Credit BankAaaN/A9,4672.62%U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Bank <sup>1</sup> P-1N/A19,2395.33%U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Bank <sup>1</sup> P-1N/A47,60813.20%U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation <sup>1</sup> P-1N/A47,60813.20%U.S. Agencies - Federal National Mortgage Association <sup>1</sup> P-1N/A48,72513.50%Commerical PaperP-1N/A12,9543.59%Repurchase AgreementsNot RatedNot Rated50,09913.88%		Aaa	N/A	139,530	6.54%
Corporate NotesAa3N/A15,1350.71%Corporate NotesA1N/A10,2720.48%Corporate NotesA2N/A1,0140.05%Non-Negotiable Certificates of Deposit (CDARS deposit)Not RatedNot Rated10,0000.47%Repurchase AgreementsNot RatedNot Rated66,6013.12%State Local Agency Investment FundNot RatedNot Rated49,1072.30%Subtotal - Pooled Investments2,134,626100.00%Non-Pooled Investments with City Treasurer:ExemptExempt49,47313.71%U.S. Treasury BillsExemptExempt49,47313.71%U.S. Agencies - Federal Farm Credit BankAaaN/A12,7033.52%U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Bank <sup>1</sup> AaaN/A9,4672.62%U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation <sup>1</sup> P-1N/A47,60813.20%U.S. Agencies - Federal National Mortgage Association <sup>1</sup> AaaN/A10,0092.76%U.S. Agencies - Federal National Mortgage Association <sup>1</sup> P-1N/A48,72513.50%Commerical PaperP-1N/A12,9543.59%Repurchase AgreementsNot RatedNot Rated50,09913.88%	Corporate Notes	Aa1	N/A	5,211	0.24%
Corporate NotesA1N/A10,2720.48%Corporate NotesA2N/A1,0140.05%Non-Negotiable Certificates of Deposit (CDARS deposit)Not RatedNot Rated10,0000.47%Repurchase AgreementsNot RatedNot Rated66,6013.12%State Local Agency Investment FundNot RatedNot Rated49,1072.30%Subtotal - Pooled Investments2,134,626100.00%Non-Pooled InvestmentsExemptExempt49,47313.71%U.S. Treasury BillsExemptExempt49,47313.71%U.S. Agencies - Federal Farm Credit BankAaaN/A12,7033.52%U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Bank 1P-1N/A19,2395.33%U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Bank 1P-1N/A47,60813.20%U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation 1P-1N/A47,60813.20%U.S. Agencies - Federal National Mortgage Association 1AaaN/A10,0092.76%U.S. Agencies - Federal National Mortgage Association 1P-1N/A48,72513.50%Commerical PaperP-1N/A12,9543.59%3.59%Repurchase AgreementsNot RatedNot Rated50,09913.88%	1			,	
Corporate NotesA2N/A1,0140.05%Non-Negotiable Certificates of Deposit (CDARS deposit)Not RatedNot Rated10,0000.47%Repurchase AgreementsMot RatedNot RatedNot Rated66,6013.12%State Local Agency Investment FundNot RatedNot Rated49,1072.30%Subtotal - Pooled Investments2,134,626100.00%Non-Pooled InvestmentsExemptExempt2,134,626U.S. Treasury BillsExemptExempt49,473U.S. Treasury NotesExemptExempt49,473U.S. Agencies - Federal Farm Credit BankAaaN/A12,703U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Bank 1P-1N/A19,239U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Bank 1P-1N/A19,239U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation 1P-1N/A47,608U.S. Agencies - Federal National Mortgage Association 1AaaN/A10,009U.S. Agencies - Federal National Mortgage Association 1P-1N/A10,009U.S. Agencies - Federal National Mortgage Association 1P-1N/A10,009U.S. Agencies - Federal National Mortgage Association 1P-1N/A12,954U.S. Agencies - Federal National Mortgage Associa	Corporate Notes			,	
Non-Negotiable Certificates of Deposit (CDARS deposit) Repurchase Agreements Subtotal - Pooled Investment Fund Subtotal - Pooled InvestmentsNot Rated Not RatedNot Rated Not Rated10,000 66,6010.47% 3.12%Non-Pooled InvestmentsSubtotal - Pooled InvestmentsNot RatedNot Rated49,107 2.30%2.30% 2.134,626Non-Pooled Investments with City Treasurer:Subtotal - Pooled Investments with City Treasurer:ExemptExempt100,703 27.89%U.S. Treasury NotesExemptExempt49,473 49,47313.71% 13.71%U.S. Agencies - Federal Farm Credit Bank U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Bank 1Aaa P-1N/A N/A9,467 9,262%U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Bank 1P-1 V/AN/A 47,60813.20% 13.20%U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation 1 U.S. Agencies - Federal National Mortgage Association 1P-1 Aaa AaaN/A 10,0092.76% 13.50%U.S. Agencies - Federal National Mortgage Association 1 Commerical Paper Repurchase AgreementsP-1 N/AN/A 12,95413.50% 3.59%	1			,	
Repurchase AgreementsNot RatedNot RatedNot Rated66,6013.12%State Local Agency Investment FundNot RatedNot Rated49,1072.30%Subtotal - Pooled Investments2,134,626100.00%Non-Pooled Investments with City Treasurer:2100,70327.89%U.S. Treasury BillsExemptExempt49,47313.71%U.S. Treasury NotesExemptExempt49,47313.71%U.S. Agencies - Federal Farm Credit BankAaaN/A12,7033.52%U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Bank 1P-1N/A9,4672.62%U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Bank 1P-1N/A19,2395.33%U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation 1P-1N/A47,60813.20%U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Mortgage Association 1P-1N/A10,0092.76%U.S. Agencies - Federal National Mortgage Association 1P-1N/A12,9543.59%Repurchase AgreementsNot RatedNot RatedNot Rated50,09913.88%	Corporate Notes			,	
State Local Agency Investment Fund Subtotal - Pooled InvestmentsNot RatedNot Rated49,107 2,134,6262.30% 100.00%Non-Pooled InvestmentsCity Treasurer:U.S. Treasury BillsExemptExempt100,703 27.89%U.S. Treasury NotesExemptExempt49,473 49,47313.71% 13.71%U.S. Agencies - Federal Farm Credit BankAaaN/A12,703 9,4673.52%U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Bank 1P-1N/A9,467 9,2392.62% 5.33%U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Bank 1P-1N/A19,239 19,2395.33%U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation 1P-1N/A47,608 13.20%U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Mortgage Association 1P-1N/A10,009 48,7252.76% 13.50% Commerical PaperU.S. AgreenentsNot RatedNot RatedNot Rated50,09913.88%	Non-Negotiable Certificates of Deposit (CDARS deposit)	Not Rated	Not Rated	10,000	0.47%
Subtotal - Pooled Investments2,134,626100.00%Non-Pooled Investments with City Treasurer:U.S. Treasury BillsExemptExempt100,70327.89%U.S. Treasury NotesExemptExempt49,47313.71%U.S. Agencies - Federal Farm Credit BankAaaN/A12,7033.52%U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Bank 1P-1N/A9,4672.62%U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Bank 1P-1N/A19,2395.33%U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation 1P-1N/A47,60813.20%U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Mortgage Association 1P-1N/A48,72513.50%Commerical PaperP-1N/A12,9543.59%Repurchase AgreementsNot RatedNot Rated50,09913.88%	Repurchase Agreements	Not Rated	Not Rated	66,601	3.12%
Non-Pooled Investments with City Treasurer:U.S. Treasury BillsExemptExempt100,70327.89%U.S. Treasury NotesExemptExempt49,47313.71%U.S. Agencies - Federal Farm Credit BankAaaN/A12,7033.52%U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Bank 1AaaN/A9,4672.62%U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Bank 1P-1N/A19,2395.33%U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation 1P-1N/A47,60813.20%U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Mortgage Association 1AaaN/A10,0092.76%U.S. Agencies - Federal National Mortgage Association 1P-1N/A48,72513.50%Commerical PaperP-1N/A12,9543.59%Repurchase AgreementsNot RatedNot Rated50,09913.88%	State Local Agency Investment Fund	Not Rated	Not Rated	49,107	2.30%
U.S. Treasury BillsExemptExempt100,70327.89%U.S. Treasury NotesExemptExemptExempt49,47313.71%U.S. Agencies - Federal Farm Credit BankAaaN/A12,7033.52%U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Bank 1AaaN/A9,4672.62%U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Bank 1P-1N/A19,2395.33%U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation 1P-1N/A47,60813.20%U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Mortgage Association 1P-1N/A48,72513.50%U.S. Agencies - Federal National Mortgage Association 1P-1N/A48,72513.50%Commerical PaperP-1N/A12,9543.59%Repurchase AgreementsNot RatedNot Rated50,09913.88%	Subtotal - Pooled Investments			2,134,626	100.00%
U.S. Treasury NotesExemptExempt49,47313.71%U.S. Agencies - Federal Farm Credit BankAaaN/A12,7033.52%U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Bank 1AaaN/A9,4672.62%U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Bank 1P-1N/A19,2395.33%U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation 1P-1N/A19,2395.33%U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation 1P-1N/A47,60813.20%U.S. Agencies - Federal National Mortgage Association 1AaaN/A10,0092.76%U.S. Agencies - Federal National Mortgage Association 1P-1N/A48,72513.50%Commerical PaperP-1N/A12,9543.59%Repurchase AgreementsNot RatedNot Rated50,09913.88%	Non-Pooled Investments with City Treasurer:				
U.S. Agencies - Federal Farm Credit BankAaaN/A12,7033.52%U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Bank 1AaaN/A9,4672.62%U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Bank 1P-1N/A19,2395.33%U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation 1P-1N/A19,2395.33%U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation 1P-1N/A47,60813.20%U.S. Agencies - Federal National Mortgage Association 1AaaN/A10,0092.76%U.S. Agencies - Federal National Mortgage Association 1P-1N/A48,72513.50%Commerical PaperP-1N/A12,9543.59%Repurchase AgreementsNot RatedNot Rated50,09913.88%	U.S. Treasury Bills	Exempt	Exempt	100,703	27.89%
U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Bank 1AaaN/A9,4672.62%U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Bank 1P-1N/A19,2395.33%U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation 1P-1N/A47,60813.20%U.S. Agencies - Federal National Mortgage Association 1AaaN/A10,0092.76%U.S. Agencies - Federal National Mortgage Association 1P-1N/A48,72513.50%Commerical PaperP-1N/A12,9543.59%Repurchase AgreementsNot RatedNot Rated50,09913.88%	U.S. Treasury Notes	Exempt	Exempt	49,473	13.71%
U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Bank <sup>1</sup> P-1         N/A         19,239         5.33%           U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation <sup>1</sup> P-1         N/A         47,608         13.20%           U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation <sup>1</sup> P-1         N/A         47,608         13.20%           U.S. Agencies - Federal National Mortgage Association <sup>1</sup> Aaa         N/A         10,009         2.76%           U.S. Agencies - Federal National Mortgage Association <sup>1</sup> P-1         N/A         48,725         13.50%           Commerical Paper         P-1         N/A         12,954         3.59%           Repurchase Agreements         Not Rated         Not Rated         50,099         13.88%	U.S. Agencies - Federal Farm Credit Bank	Aaa	N/A	12,703	3.52%
U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation 1P-1N/A47,60813.20%U.S. Agencies - Federal National Mortgage Association 1AaaN/A10,0092.76%U.S. Agencies - Federal National Mortgage Association 1P-1N/A48,72513.50%Commerical PaperP-1N/A12,9543.59%Repurchase AgreementsNot RatedNot Rated50,09913.88%	U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Bank <sup>1</sup>	Aaa	N/A	9,467	2.62%
U.S. Agencies - Federal National Mortgage Association 1AaaN/A10,0092.76%U.S. Agencies - Federal National Mortgage Association 1P-1N/A48,72513.50%Commerical PaperP-1N/A12,9543.59%Repurchase AgreementsNot RatedNot Rated50,09913.88%	U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Bank <sup>1</sup>	P-1	N/A	19,239	5.33%
U.S. Agencies - Federal National Mortgage Association <sup>1</sup> P-1       N/A       48,725       13.50%         Commerical Paper       P-1       N/A       12,954       3.59%         Repurchase Agreements       Not Rated       Not Rated       50,099       13.88%	U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation <sup>1</sup>	P-1	N/A	47,608	13.20%
Commerical PaperP-1N/A12,9543.59%Repurchase AgreementsNot RatedNot Rated50,09913.88%	U.S. Agencies - Federal National Mortgage Association <sup>1</sup>	Aaa	N/A	10,009	2.76%
Repurchase Agreements         Not Rated         Not Rated         50,099         13.88%	U.S. Agencies - Federal National Mortgage Association <sup>1</sup>	P-1	N/A	48,725	13.50%
Repurchase Agreements         Not Rated         Not Rated         50,099         13.88%	Commerical Paper	P-1	N/A	12,954	3.59%
Subtotal - Non-Pooled Investments 360,980 100.00%	Repurchase Agreements	Not Rated	Not Rated	50,099	13.88%
	Subtotal - Non-Pooled Investments			360,980	100.00%

"Exempt" - Per GASB 40, U.S. Treasury Obligations do not require disclosure of credit quality.

"N/A" - S&P rating not applicable, Moody's rating provided.

<sup>1</sup> More than 5% of total investments are with U.S. Agencies whose debt is not backed by full faith and credit of the U.S. Government.

(continued on next page)

Investments with Fiscal Agents, Funds Commission, and Blended Component Units:	Moody's	<u>S&amp;P</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>	Percentage
U.S. Treasury Bills	Exempt	Exempt	\$ 21,244	2.00%
U.S. Treasury Bonds and Notes	Exempt	Exempt	148,533	13.97%
U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Bank	Aaa	N/A	3,800	0.36%
U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Bank	P-1	N/A	8,216	0.77%
U.S. Agencies - Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	P-1	N/A	10,943	1.03%
U.S. Agencies - Federal National Mortgage Association	P-1	N/A	11,504	1.08%
Commercial Paper	P-1	N/A	5,970	0.56%
Common Stock	N/A	N/A	2,813	0.26%
Corporate Bonds and Notes	Aaa	N/A	67,257	6.33%
Corporate Bonds and Notes	Aa1	N/A	207	0.02%
Corporate Bonds and Notes	Aa2	N/A	457	0.04%
Corporate Bonds and Notes	Aa3	N/A	164	0.02%
Corporate Bonds and Notes	A1	N/A	920	0.09%
Corporate Bonds and Notes	A2	N/A	2,944	0.28%
Corporate Bonds and Notes	A3	N/A	170	0.02%
Corporate Bonds and Notes	Baa1	N/A	106	0.01%
Guaranteed Investment Contracts	Not Rated	Not Rated	13,709	1.29%
Money Market Mutual Funds	Aaa	N/A	34,843	3.28%
Mortgage Backed Securities - Commercial	Aaa	N/A	38	0.01%
Mortgage Backed Securities - Government	Not Rated	Not Rated	21	0.01%
Mutual Funds - Equity	N/A	N/A	334,014	31.42%
Mutual Funds - Fixed Income	Not Rated	Not Rated	395,039	37.13%
Cash (with Fiscal Agents)	Not Rated	Not Rated	202	0.02%
Subtotal - Other Investments			1,063,114	100.00%
Total Investments			3,558,720	
Total Deposits			3,495	
Total Cash on Hand			203	
Total Investments, Deposits, and Cash on Hand*			\$ 3,562,418	•
*(includes SDCERS Pooled Cash and Investments - \$348)				

"Exempt" - Per GASB 40, US Treasury Obligations do not require disclosure of credit quality.

"N/A" - S&P rating not applicable, Moody's rating provided.

<sup>1</sup> More than 5% of total investments are with U.S. Agencies whose debt is not backed by full faith and credit of the U.S. Government.

#### Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the relative size of an investment in a single issuer. As of June 30, 2010, the City exceeded the 5% limit of total investments for issuers of various U.S. Agencies. Investments exceeding the 5% limit are referenced in the credit ratings table above. Investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools and other pooled investments are exempt.

# g. Custodial Credit Risk

#### Deposits

At June 30, 2010, the carrying amount of the City's cash deposits was approximately \$2,635, and the bank balance was approximately \$21,800; the difference is substantially due to outstanding checks. For the balance of cash deposits in financial institutions, approximately \$10,845 was covered by federal depository insurance and approximately \$10,955 was uninsured. Pursuant to the California Government Code, California banks and savings and loan associations are required to secure the City's deposits not covered by federal depository insurance by pledging government securities as collateral. As such, \$9,450 of the City's deposits are pledged at 110% and held by a bank acting as the City's agent, in the City's name. The City is exposed to custodial credit risk for the remaining \$1,505, which is uninsured and uncollateralized. The amount subject to custodial credit risk includes approximately \$1,040 in deposits with San Diego Data Processing Corporation and \$465 in deposits with Centre City Development Corporation.

The City also has deposits held in escrow accounts with a carrying amount and bank balance of approximately \$10,860. For the balance of deposits in escrow accounts, approximately \$2,111 was covered by federal depository insurance. The remaining balance of \$8,749 was uninsured. Pursuant to the California Government Code, California banks and savings and loans associations are required to secure the City's deposits in escrow accounts are collateral. As such, \$8,749 of the City's deposits in escrow accounts are collateralized and pledged at 110%.

#### Investments

The City's investments at June 30, 2010 are categorized as described below:

Category 1:	Insured or registered, with securities held by the City or its agent in the City's name.
Category 2:	Uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the City's name.
Category 3:	Uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent but not in the City's name.
Non–Categorized:	Includes investments made directly with another party, real estate, direct investments in mortgages and other loans, open-end mutual funds, pools managed by other governments, annuity contracts, and guaranteed investment contracts.

At June 30, 2010, the City had investments exposed to custodial credit risk. Investments within the Cemetery Perpetuity Fund's portfolio were held by Northern Trust Bank, and were not in the City's name. The following summarizes the investment types and amounts that are exposed to custodial credit risk and are classified as Category 3:

Investment Type	Fai	r Value
Common Stock	\$	2,813
Corporate Bonds and Notes		4,968
Mortgage Backed Securities - Commercial		38
Mortgage Backed Securities - Government		21
U.S. Treasury Bonds and Notes		1,015
Total	\$	8,855

# h. Restricted Cash and Investments

Cash and investments at June 30, 2010 that are restricted by legal or contractual requirements are comprised of the following:

Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Reserved for Debt Service	\$ 294,226
Permanent Endowments	 16,690
Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	 310,916
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	
Environmental Services Fund -Funds set aside for landfill site closure and	
maintenance costs	43,675
Recycling Enterprise Fund - Customer deposits	 4,754
Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	48,429
Water Utility Enterprise Fund	
Customer Deposits	4,956
Interest and Redemption Funds	 184,193
Total Water Utility Enterprise Fund	 189,149
Sewer Utility Enterprise Fund	
Interest and Redemption Funds	166,647
Miscellaneous Agency Funds	
Special Assessment Funds and Retention Held in Escrow Accounts	 44,019
Total Restricted Cash and Investments	\$ 759,160
mmony of Total Cook and Invoctments	

Summary of Total Cash and Investments (In Thousands)

Total Unrestricted Cash and Investments	\$ 7,534,993
Total Restricted Cash and Investments	 759,160
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 8,294,153
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 1,663,124
Total Business-Type Activities	1,113,019
Total Fiduciary Activities	 5,518,010
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 8,294,153

#### San Diego City Employees' Retirement System (SDCERS) – Disclosures for Policy and Specific Risks

Narratives and tables presented in the following sections (i. through s.) are taken directly from the comprehensive annual financial report of the San Diego City Employees' Retirement System, as of June 30, 2010, issued December 8, 2010.

Summary of Cash and Investments - San Diego City Employees' Retirement System

Cash or Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments with Wells Fargo Bank and the City of San Diego	\$	348
Cash and Cash Equivalents on Deposit with Custodial Bank and Fiscal Agents		404,165
Investments at Fair Value:		
Short-Term Investments		36,444
Domestic Fixed Income Securities		825,895
International Fixed Income Securities		153,079
Domestic Equity Securities		1,765,726
International Equity Securities		655,441
Real Estate		360,990
Private Equity		37,824
Securities Lending Collateral		492,171
Total Cash and Investments for SDCERS	\$ 4	4,732,083

# i. Investment Policy and Portfolio Risk

Investments for the pension trust fund are authorized to be made by the Board of Administration of the SDCERS (Board) in accordance with Section 144 of the City Charter and the California State Constitution Article XVI, Section 17. The Board is authorized to invest in any securities that are allowed by general law for savings banks. The Board may also invest in additional investments as approved by resolution of the San Diego City Council. These investments include, but are not limited to, bonds, notes and other obligations, real estate investments, common stock, preferred stock, private equity and pooled vehicles. Additionally, investment policies permit SDCERS' Board to invest in financial futures contracts provided the contracts do not hedge SDCERS' Trust Fund portfolio. Financial futures contracts results in the recognition of a gain or loss under GASB Statement No. 25.

Investment earnings from the pension trust fund are accounted for in accordance with GASB Statement No. 25. Net investment income includes the net appreciation/depreciation in the fair value of investments, interest income, dividend income, and other income not included in the appreciation/depreciation in the fair value of investments, less total investment expenses (including investment management/custodial fees and all other significant investment-related costs). SDCERS had realized gains that totaled \$233,300 for the year ended June 30, 2010. Pursuant to the San Diego Municipal Code, realized gains and losses determine whether contingent benefits will be paid each fiscal year.

SDCERS' investment portfolio includes fixed income strategies to diversify the investment portfolio. The percentage allocated to these strategies is based on efficient model portfolios developed from an annual asset allocation study. The returns of fixed income strategies vary less than equity returns. SDCERS' target asset allocation policy is reviewed each year to reflect changes in capital market assumptions. As of June 30, 2010, SDCERS' target allocation to fixed income strategies was 26%. The fixed income allocation is externally managed and is comprised as follows: 22% to core-plus domestic fixed income (benchmarked to the Barclays Capital Aggregate Bond Index), and 4% to non-U.S. fixed income (benchmarked to the Citigroup Non-U.S. Government Bond Index). A 3% target allocation to convertible bond securities (benchmarked to the Merrill Lynch Convertible Index, All Qualities) is not included in the fixed income allocation. However, given that these

convertible securities have fixed income attributes, the convertible bond allocation is included in the Portfolio Risk analysis. SDCERS' overall portfolio diversification limits the fixed income invested in the debt security of any one issuer to 10% of the portfolio at the time of the initial commitment, except for U.S. Government obligations (or agencies and instruments of the U.S. Government) to minimize overall market and credit risk.

SDCERS also has a 5% target allocation to an unsecuritized equity market neutral strategy which is benchmarked to the Citigroup 90 day Treasury Bills plus 3%. The equity market neutral strategy is no longer considered part of the fixed income allocation. This strategy uses equity securities held long and sold short with the cash proceeds of the short sales held in a cash account invested in U.S. Government Federal Funds. Due to the nature of the securities in this strategy, there is no credit or interest rate risk.

A copy of the SDCERS investment policy and additional details on the results of the system's investment activities are available at 401 West A Street, Suite 400, San Diego, CA 92101.

# j. Interest Rate Risk

SDCERS does not have a general investment policy that addresses interest rate risk. Each investment manager's specific investment guidelines places limits on each portfolio to manage interest rate risk. SDCERS uses duration to measure how changes in interest rates will affect the value of its fixed income portfolios. Convertible bonds are generally less sensitive to changes in interest rates and more sensitive to the profitability of the underlying issuer. Company fundamentals are the overriding factor in the bond's return, while fluctuations in interest rates have significantly less impact.

The following table displays the durations for SDCERS' domestic and international fixed income strategies based on portfolio holdings as of June 30, 2010.

**EG** = 10.00

Fixed Income Portfolios (Domestic and International) Portfolio Duration Analysis as of June 30, 2010

	Effective				
	Duration	Fa	air Value <sup>1</sup>		
Type of Security	(in years)	(in thousands)			
Asset-Backed Securities					
Asset-Backed Securities	2.03	\$	35,407		
Adjustable Rate Mortgages					
Adjustable Rate Mortgages	1.27		5,298		
Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities					
Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities	4.58		38,024		
Collateralized Mortgage Obligations					
Collateralized Mortgage Obligations	4.38		84,448		
Corporate Bonds					
Corporate Bonds <sup>2</sup>	4.07		244,437		
Government & Agency Obligations					
Agency Securities	1.23		28,346		
Municipals	9.93		15,126		
Other Government Securities	3.38		21,300		
Pass-Thru Securities	2.55		122,500		
Sovereign Debt Securities	6.57		105,060		
Supranational Debt Securities	14.79		4,747		
Treasury Securities	6.29		174,213		
Mortgage-Backed Securities					
Mortgage-Backed Securities	6.73		1,389		
Short-Term/Other <sup>3</sup>					
Mutual Funds - Fixed Income <sup>4</sup>	6.92		19,418		
Short Term Instruments	0.02		23,583		
Total	4.61	\$	923,296		

<sup>1</sup> Fair Value does not include convertible bonds, short-term investments, and derivative securities of \$111,540. These securities do not exhibit interest rate risk and duration cannot be calculated.

<sup>2</sup> Corporates do not include convertible securities of \$115,353.

<sup>3</sup> Short Term/Other does not include derivative instruments of (\$3,813).

<sup>4</sup> A Fixed Income Mutual Fund of \$19,418 has been added to this schedule as the duration was avalable.

Source: SDCERS' CAFR as of June 30, 2010

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# k. Investments Highly Sensitive to Interest Rate Changes

Certain terms in fixed income securities may increase the sensitivity of their fair values to changes in interest rates. The Portfolio Duration Analysis table on the previous page discloses the degree to which SDCERS' investments are sensitive to interest rate changes due to the remaining term of maturity. The total value of securities, as of June 30, 2010, that are highly sensitive to interest rate changes due to factors other than term to maturity are presented in the table below.

	Fixed Income Portfolio			
\$ 10,252	1.0%			
14,441	1.4%			
29,838	2.9%			
5,172	0.5%			
3,402	0.3%			
\$ 63,105	6.1%			
(in t	14,441 29,838 5,172 3,402			

Source: SDCERS' CAFR as of June 30, 2010

Although SDCERS does not have an investment policy that pertains directly to investments that are highly sensitive to interest changes, this risk is mitigated by diversification of issuer, credit quality, maturity, and security selection.

# I. Credit Risk

SDCERS employs two core-plus bond managers that invest in a wide variety of fixed income and derivative securities. The investment management agreement between SDCERS and its two core-plus bond managers contain specific investment guidelines that identify permitted fixed income investments. One of SDCERS' domestic core-plus fixed income managers has tactical discretion to invest in non-U.S. fixed income securities while the other domestic core-plus fixed income manager is limited to U.S. fixed income managers include U.S. Government and Agency obligations, collateralized mortgage obligations, U.S. corporate securities, and assetbacked securities. Investment guidelines include minimum average portfolio quality of A rating (market value weighted); and minimum credit quality at time of purchase of 80% Baa or above, and 20% B for a domestic core-plus fixed income strategies.

The permitted securities for SDCERS' domestic convertible bond portfolio include convertible bonds, convertible preferred stocks, common stocks (due to forced conversions), and synthetic convertibles. SDCERS' domestic convertible bond portfolio will generally maintain an average rating of at least B.

The permitted securities and derivatives for SDCERS' international fixed income portfolio include investments in developed and emerging markets and derivatives. In developed markets, investments may be made in sovereign and supranationals, Eurodollar bonds, corporates and mortgages. Emerging market investments are defined as sovereign and corporate debt outside the index of the Citi World Govt. Bond Index ex-US. Derivative instruments may include interest rate futures, options, swaps, Fx forward contracts and spot transactions. SDCERS' international fixed income portfolio has the following credit and market risk parameters: minimum average portfolio quality of A rating (market value weighted); and a minimum credit quality at time of purchase of BBB- or equivalent rating by at least one of the major rating agencies.

The table on the following page identifies the credit quality for SDCERS' fixed income strategies based on portfolio holdings as of June 30, 2010.

S&P Quality Rating	Total Fair Value (in thousands)		Asset-Backed Securities		Adjustable- Rate Mortgages		Rate		Commerical rtgage-Backed Securities	Μ	ateralized ortgage ligations	Co	rporates <sup>1</sup>	8	overnment & Agency oligations <sup>2</sup>	B	rtgage- acked curities	ort-Term/ Other
US Treasury	\$ 174,213	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	174,213	\$	-	\$ -		
AAA	322,754		10,537		5,298		8,233		52,362		29,460		216,102		762	-		
AA+	27,626		1,852		-		1,616		-		9,235		14,923		-	-		
AA	16,117		-		-		-		477		8,309		7,331		-	-		
AA-	19,522		2,100		-		4,393		145		12,774		110		-	-		
A+	41,779		-		-		9,776		-		21,205		10,798		-	-		
А	61,568		-		-		6,415		1,652		49,964		3,537		-	-		
A-	31,889		-		-		4,676		-		24,900		2,313		-	-		
BBB+	12,276		-		-		94		232		11,950		-		-	-		
BBB	11,425		-		-		-		11		11,207		207		-	-		
BBB-	22,543		-		-		-		6,698		14,322		1,523		-	-		
BB+	7,926		-		-		209		646		7,071		-		-	-		
BB	4,399		862		-		-		-		3,371		166		-	-		
BB-	11,349		1,397		-		-		970		8,766		216		-	-		
B+	4,203		-		-		-		-		4,203		-		-	-		
В	4,551		2,700		-		-		298		1,553		-		-	-		
B-	1,487		818		-		-		-		669		-		-	-		
CCC	24,525		5,306		-		-		19,219		-		-		-	-		
CC	424		-		-		-		424		-		-		-	-		
NR	214,842		9,835		-		2,612		1,314		140,831		39,853		627	19,770		
Totals	\$ 1,015,418	\$	35,407	\$	5,298	\$	38,024	\$	84,448	\$	359,790	\$	471,292	\$	1,389	\$ 19,770		

Credit Quality of SDCERS' Fixed Income Strategies (Domestic and International) As of June 30, 2010

<sup>1</sup> Corporates include convertible bonds from SDCERS' convertible bond manager.

<sup>2</sup> Includes international and municipal holdings.

Source: SDCERS' CAFR as of June 30, 2010

#### m. Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the relative size of an investment in a single issuer. As of June 30, 2010, SDCERS had no single issuer that exceeded 5% of total investments, excluding investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. Government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments. With respect to the concentration of credit risk by issue, SDCERS' Investment Policy states that not more than 10% of the fixed income portfolio shall be invested in the debt security of any one issue at the time of initial commitment, except for U.S. Government and Agency obligations. While SDCERS does not have a general investment policy on the concentration of credit risk by issuer, each manager's specific investment guidelines place limitations on the maximum holdings in any one issuer.

#### n. Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that if a financial institution or counterparty fails, SDCERS would not be able to recover the value of its deposits, investments, or securities. SDCERS does not have a specific policy relating to custodial credit risk. SDCERS' exposure to custodial credit risk is further discussed in the following paragraphs.

#### Deposits

SDCERS' is exposed to custodial credit risk for uncollateralized cash and cash equivalents that are not covered by federal depository insurance. At June 30, 2010, the amount of cash and cash equivalents on deposit with SDCERS' custodial bank totaled \$199,800.

### Investments

As of June 30, 2010, 100% of SDCERS' investments were held in SDCERS' name. SDCERS is not exposed to custodial credit risk related to these investments.

#### Securities Lending Collateral

SDCERS is exposed to custodial credit risk for the securities lending collateral such that certain collateral is received in the form of letters of credit, tri-party collateral or securities collateral. The fair value of securities on loan collateralized by these non-cash vehicles totaled \$20,500 as of June 30, 2010 and are at risk as the collateral for these loaned securities is not held in SDCERS' name and cannot be sold without a borrower default. The cash collateral held by SDCERS' custodian in conjunction with the securities lending program, which totaled \$492,171 as of June 30, 2010, is also at risk as it is invested in a pooled vehicle managed by the custodian. The investment characteristics of the collateral pool are disclosed in the Securities Lending Collateral section.

### o. Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or a deposit. The following table represents SDCERS' securities (in thousands) held in a foreign currency as of June 30, 2010.

Foreign Currency Risk <sup>1</sup> As of June 30, 2010 (Dollars in Thousands)

Local Currency Name	C	ash	 Equity		Fixed income			Total
Australian Dollar	\$	149	\$ 17,184		\$	9,125	\$	26,458
Brazilian Real		3	265			33		301
Canadian Dollar		247	23,160			10,606		34,013
Danish Krone		7	6,326			2,884		9,217
Euro Currency		2,604	166,920			94,648		264,172
Hong Kong Dollar		280	19,963			-		20,243
Indonesian Rupiah		-	2,491			-		2,491
Japanese Yen		1,419	127,874			20,821		150,114
Malaysian Ringgit		-	2,338			-		2,338
Mexican Peso		-	-			3,336		3,336
New Zealand Dollar		-	456			-		456
Norwegian Krone		13	3,687			-		3,700
Philippine Peso		-	308			-		308
Pound Sterling		271	113,462			14,051		127,784
Singapore Dollar		144	10,998			-		11,142
South African Rand		-	98			-		98
South Korean Won		-	15,848			2,957		18,805
Swedish Krona		3	14,085			768		14,856
Swiss Franc		142	30,970			-		31,112
Taiwan Dollar		1	6,599			-		6,600
Turkish Lira			 1,003	_		-		1,003
Totals	\$	5,283	\$ 564,035	-	\$	159,229	\$	728,547

<sup>1</sup> The foreign exchange exposure in SDCERS' international equity small cap value portfolio (an institutional mutual fund investment) is not included in this disclosure.

Source: SDCERS' CAFR as of June 30, 2010

Foreign currency is comprised of international investment proceeds and income to be repatriated into U.S. dollars and funds available to purchase international securities. Foreign currency is not held by SDCERS as an investment. Foreign currency is held temporarily in foreign accounts until it is able to be repatriated or expended to settle trades. A significant component of the diversification benefit of non-domestic investments comes from foreign currency exposure. As such, SDCERS does not have a general investment policy to manage foreign currency risk or to hedge against fluctuations in foreign exchange rates. SDCERS' investment managers may hedge currencies at their discretion pursuant to specific guidelines included in each of their investment management agreements.

### p. Derivative Instruments

In June 2008, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued GASB Statement No. 53, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments*, which became effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2009. Pursuant to the requirements of this statement, SDCERS has provided a summary of derivative instrument activities during the reporting period and the related risks. As of June 30, 2010, the derivative instruments held by SDCERS are considered investments and not hedges for accounting purposes. The gains and losses arising from this activity are recognized in the SDCERS' Statement of Changes in Plan Net Assets.

SDCERS' investment managers, as permitted by their specific investment guidelines, may enter into transactions involving derivative financial instruments, consistent with the objectives established by the Board's Investment Policy Statement. These instruments include futures, options, swaps, forwards, warrants and rights. By Board policy these investment vehicles may not be used to leverage SDCERS' portfolio, i.e., use derivatives to increase the portfolio's notional exposure to any given asset class. These instruments are used in an attempt to enhance a portfolio's performance and/or reduce its risk or volatility.

All investment derivatives discussed below are addressed in the Portfolio Risk discussion (section i). Investment derivative instruments are disclosed separately to provide a comprehensive and distinct view of this activity and its impact on the overall investment portfolio.

The following table provides a summary of the derivative instruments outstanding as of June 30, 2010.

Investment Derivative Disclosure (Dollars in Thousands)

	Changes in Fair Va	t June 30, 2010				
Investment Derivative Instrument	Classification	Amount	Classification	Amount	Notional	
Credit Default Swaps	Investment Income / (Loss)	\$ (1,510)	Swaps	\$ (2,744)	\$ 27,970	
Fixed Income Futures	Investment Income / (Loss)	14,836	Futures	-	1,229,850	
Fixed Income Options	Investment Income / (Loss)	(290)	Options	(912)	(163,900)	
Foreign Currency Futures	Investment Income / (Loss)	340	Futures	-	1,500	
Futures Options Written	Investment Income / (Loss)	563	Options	(156)	(1,187)	
Foreign Currency Forwards	Investment Income / (Loss)	5,813	Long Term Instruments	337	-	
Index Futures	Investment Income / (Loss)	29,060	Futures	-	82	
Interest Rate Swaps	Investment Income / (Loss)	7,913	Swaps	2,556	108,500	
Rights	Investment Income / (Loss)	(378)	Common Stock	14	407	
TBA Securities	Investment Income / (Loss)	767	Long Term Instruments	588	35,445	
Warrants	Investment Income / (Loss)	(3)	Common Stock			
Total Derivative Instruments		\$ 57,111		\$ (317)	\$ 1,238,667	

Source: SDCERS' CAFR as of June 30, 2010

The derivatives instruments that are not exchange traded, such as credit default swaps and interest rate swaps, are valued using quoted market prices.

Futures contracts are financial instruments that derive their value from underlying indices or reference rates and are marked-to-market at the end of each trading day. Daily settlement of gains and losses occur on the following business day. As a result, the futures contracts do not have a fair value as of June 30, 2010. Daily settlement of gains and losses is a risk control measure to limit counterparty credit risk. Futures variation margin amounts are settled each trading day and recognized in the financial statements under net appreciation (depreciation) in fair value of investments as they are incurred.

Foreign currency forward contracts are obligations to buy or sell a currency at a specified exchange rate and quantity on a specific future date. To-be-announced securities (TBA) are obligations to buy or sell a mortgage-backed security at a future date to be announced. The fair value of the foreign currency forwards and TBAs is the

unrealized gain or loss calculated based on the difference between the specified exchange rate and the closing exchange rate at June 30, 2010.

#### Counterparty Credit Risk

The following table illustrates the counterparty credit ratings of SDCERS' non-exchange traded investment derivative instruments outstanding and subject to loss at June 30, 2010:

Counterparty Credit Risk (Dollars in Thousands)

Counterparty Name	Fair Value	S&P Rating
Bank of America N.A.	\$ 92	A+
Barclays Bank PLC Wholesale	170	AA-
Barclays Capital	74	AA-
BNP Paribas SA	20	AA
Citibank N.A.	62	A+
Credit Suisse Financial Products	19	A+
Credit Suisse London Branch (GFX)	827	A+
CSFB	202	A+
Deutsche Bank AG London	359	A+
HSBC Bank PLC	4	AA
HSBC Bank USA	3	AA
JPMorgan Chase Bank	63	AA-
JPMorgan Chase Bank N.A.	23	AA-
Mellon Bank N.A.	5	AA-
Merrill Lynch Pierce Fenner & Smith Inc.	5	А
Morgan Stanley and Co. Inc.	3	А
Morgan Stanley and Co. International PLC	700	А
Morgan Stanley Capital Services	523	A
Royal Bank of Scotland PLC	1,645	A+
UBS AG	88	A+
UBS AG London	13	A+
UBS AG Stamford	16	A+
UBS Securities LLC	84	A+
Total	\$ 5,000	

#### Source: SDCERS' CAFR as of June 30, 2010

The aggregate fair value of investment derivative instruments in an asset position subject to counterparty credit risk at June 30, 2010 was \$5,000. This represents the maximum loss that would be recognized at the reporting date if all counterparties failed to perform as contracted. At June 30, 2010, SDCERS did not have any significant exposure to counterparty credit risk with any single party. SDCERS does not have any specific policies relating to the posting of collateral or master netting agreements.

### Custodial Credit Risk

The custodial credit risk disclosure for exchange traded derivative instruments is made in accordance with the disclosure requirements of GASB Statement No. 40. At June 30, 2010, all of SDCERS' investments in derivative instruments were held in SDCERS' name and were not exposed to custodial credit risk.

#### Interest Rate Risk

At June 30, 2010 SDCERS was exposed to interest rate risk on its investments in interest rate swaps, options, credit default swaps, and TBA securities. The table below illustrates the maturity periods of these derivative instruments.

# **Investment Maturities**

(Dollars in Thousands)

			Investment Maturities (in years)							
Investment Type	Fa	ir Value	Less	Than 1	1 - 5	6 - 10	More	Than 10		
Interest Rate Swaps	\$	2,556	\$	46	\$ 2,081	\$ 429	\$	-		
Fixed Income Options		(912)		(631)	(15)	(266)		-		
Futures Options		(156)		(156)	-	-		-		
Credit Defualt Swaps		(2,744)		-	22	3		(2,769)		
TBA Securities		588		-				588		
Total	\$	(668)	\$	(741)	\$ 2,088	\$ 166	\$	(2,181)		

Source: SDCERS' CAFR as of June 30, 2010

#### Investments Highly Sensitive to Interest Rate Changes

Interest rate swaps are highly sensitive to changes in interest rates. The table below details the reference rate, fair value and notional amount of these derivative instruments at June 30, 2010:

# Investments Highly Sensitive to Interest Rate Changes (Dollars in Thousands)

Investment Type	Reference Rate	Fair	Value	Notional
Interest Rate Swaps	Receive Australian Dollar Fixed 4.5%, Pay Australian Dollar Variable 6 month Bank Bill Interest Rate	\$	(2)	\$ 600
Interest Rate Swaps	Receive Australian Dollar Fixed 4.5%, Pay Australian Dollar Variable 3 month LIBOR		(23)	7,900
Interest Rate Swaps	Receive Australian Dollar Fixed 6.0%, Pay Australian Dollar Variable 6 month Bank Bill Interest Rate		84	4,800
Interest Rate Swaps	Receive Brazilian Real Fixed 11.36%, Pay Brazilian Real Variable Brazilian CDI (overnight rate)		16	3,400
Interest Rate Swaps	Receive Brazilian Real Fixed 11.63%, Pay Brazilian Real Variable Brazilian CDI (overnight rate)		-	700
Interest Rate Swaps	Receive Brazilian Real Fixed 11.89%, Pay Brazilian Real Variable Brazilian CDI (overnight rate)		4	1,700
Interest Rate Swaps	Receive Brazilian Real Fixed 11.90%, Pay Brazilian Real Variable Brazilian CDI (overnight rate)		5	3,700
Interest Rate Swaps	Receive Brazilian Real Fixed 12.08%, Pay Brazilian Real Variable Brazilian CDI (overnight rate)		9	3,500
Interest Rate Swaps	Receive Euro Fixed 2.09%, Pay Euro Variable French CPI minus Tobacco		41	1,100
Interest Rate Swaps	Receive Euro Fixed 2.1025%, Pay Euro Variable French CPI minus Tobacco		30	800
Interest Rate Swaps	Receive US Dollar Fixed 2.0%, Pay US Dollar Variable 3 month Libor		399	27,500
Interest Rate Swaps	Receive US Dollar Fixed 3.0%, Pay US Dollar Variable 3 month Libor		1,463	47,100
Interest Rate Swaps	Receive US Dollar Fixed 4.0%, Pay US Dollar Variable 3 month Libor		531	5,700
Total		\$	2,557	\$ 108,500

Source: SDCERS' CAFR as of June 30, 2010

### Foreign Currency Risk

At June 30, 2010, SDCERS was exposed to foreign currency risk on its investments in credit default swaps, interest rate swaps, options and rights denominated in foreign currencies.

#### Foreign Currency Risk (Dollars in Thousands)

(Donais in mousailus)					Forward		
Currency Name	Credit Defualt Swaps	Fixed Income Options	Interest Rate Swaps	Rights	Net Payables	Net Receivables	Total
Australian Dollar	\$-	\$-	\$ 59	\$-	\$ 15	\$ (369)	\$ (295)
Brazilian Real	-	-	33	-	(1)	-	32
Canadian Dollar	-	-	-	-	(217)	137	(80)
Danish Krone	-	-	-	-	(31)	(127)	(158)
Euro Currency	-	(10)	71	14	(4)	224	295
Indian Rupee	-	-	-	-	8	-	8
Japanese Yen	-	-	-	-	1,079	(1)	1,078
Malaysian Ringgit	-	-	-	-	(26)	-	(26)
Mexican Peso	-	-	-	-	-	(2)	(2)
New Russian Ruble	-	-	-	-	(19)	-	(19)
Norwegian Krone	-	-	-	-	89	-	<b>.</b> 89
Philippine Peso	-	-	-	-	8	-	8
Polish Zloty	-	-	-	-	(229)	-	(229)
Pound Sterling	-	-	-	-	4	(248)	(244)
Swedish Krona	-	-	-	-	14	(4)	10
Swiss Franc	-	-	-	-	76	-	76
Yuan Renminbi	-	-	-	-	(39)	-	(39)
Subtotals	-	(10)	163	14	727	(390)	504
Investments Denominated in USD	(16)	-	1,642	-	-	-	1,626
Total	\$ (16)	\$ (10)	\$ 1,805	\$ 14	\$ 727	\$ (390)	\$ 2,130

Source: SDCERS' CAFR as of June 30, 2010

In addition to the investments listed in the above table, SDCERS has investments in foreign futures contracts with a total notional value of \$5.0 million. As indicated above, futures variation margin amounts are settled each trading day and recognized as realized gains / (losses) as they are incurred. As a result, the foreign futures contracts have no fair value at June 30, 2010.

#### Contingent Features

At June 30, 2010, SDCERS did not hold any positions in derivatives containing contingent features.

# q. Private Equity

SDCERS' target allocation to private equity is 5%. The Board has approved an opportunistic portfolio composition with a focus on value and current income-producing strategies. As of June 30, 2010, unfunded capital commitments totaled \$268,900 and private equity investments totaled \$37,824.

# r. Real Estate

SDCERS' target allocation to real estate is 11%. SDCERS' Board established the following portfolio composition targets: 25% in public real estate securities and 75% in private real estate investments. The private portfolio is further diversified with a target of 60% in core real estate and 40% in value-add and opportunistic real estate. No more than 40% of SDCERS' real estate portfolio is allocated to non-U.S. real estate investment opportunities

pursuant to a policy adopted by the Board in FY 2007. As of June 30, 2010, unfunded capital commitments totaled \$225,800 and real estate investments totaled \$360,990.

### s. <u>Securities Lending Collateral</u>

SDCERS has entered into an agreement with its custodian bank, State Street, to lend domestic and international equity and fixed income securities to broker-dealers and banks in exchange for pledged collateral that will be returned for the same securities plus a fee in the future. All securities loans can be terminated on demand by either the lender or the borrower.

State Street manages the securities lending program and receives cash and/or securities as collateral. Borrowers are required to deliver collateral for each loan equal to at least 100% of the market value of the loaned securities. State Street does not have the ability to pledge or sell collateral securities delivered absent a borrower default.

SDCERS had no credit risk exposure to borrowers because the amounts provided to State Street on behalf of SDCERS, in the form of collateral plus accrued interest, exceeded the amounts broker-dealers and banks owed to State Street on behalf of SDCERS for securities borrowed. State Street has indemnified SDCERS by agreeing to purchase replacement securities or return cash collateral in the event a borrower fails to return or pay distributions on a loaned security. SDCERS incurred no losses during the fiscal year resulting from a default of the borrower or State Street. Non-cash collateral (securities and letters of credit) cannot be pledged or sold without a borrower default and are therefore not reported as an asset of SDCERS for financial reporting purposes.

Despite lending securities on a fully collateralized basis, SDCERS may encounter various risks related to securities lending agreements. These risks include operational risk, borrower or counterparty default risk, and collateral reinvestment risk. During the fiscal year, the credit markets became more normalized compared to the prior year as liquidity in the markets and credit spreads improved. The Net Asset Value (NAV) of the collateral pools rebounded and continued to perform without incurring any losses. State Street is required to maintain its securities lending program in compliance with applicable laws of the United States and all countries in which lending activities take place, and all rules, regulations, and exemptions from time to time promulgated and issued under the authority of those laws.

The SDCERS securities on loan, collateralized by cash as of June 30, 2010, had a fair value of \$476,800 and a collateral value of \$492,171, which were reported in the assets and liabilities in the accompanying Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets for the Group Trust in accordance with GASB Statement No. 28. As of June 30, 2010, the securities on loan collateralized by securities, irrevocable letters of credit, or tri-party collateral had a fair value of \$20,500 and a collateral value of \$21,500, which were not reported in the assets or liabilities in the accompanying Statement of Plan Net Assets for the Group Trust per GASB Statement No. 28. The total collateral pledged to SDCERS at fiscal year end for its securities lending activities was \$513,700.

The cash collateral received on lent securities was invested by State Street, together with the cash collateral of other qualified tax-exempt plan lenders, in a collective investment pool. Because the securities loans were terminable at will, their duration did not generally match the duration of the investments made with cash collateral. As of June 30, 2010, SDCERS has \$482,400 invested in domestic (USD) collateral pool, which had an average duration of 29.64 days and an average weighted maturity of 244.18 days. Beginning in fiscal year 2007, the securities lending program was expanded to allow the acceptance of Euro (EUR) denominated collateral. As of June 30, 2010, SDCERS had \$9,700 in the Euro collateral pool, which had an average duration of 29 days and an average weighted maturity of 445 days.

# Discretely Presented Component Units - Disclosures for Policy and Specific Risks

Narratives and tables presented in the following sections (t. through u.) are taken directly from the audited financial statements of the San Diego Convention Center Corporation and the comprehensive annual financial report of the San Diego Housing Commission as of June 30, 2010.

# t. San Diego Convention Center Corporation

Cash deposits and investments for SDCCC were categorized as follows at June 30, 2010:

Cash on hand	\$ 93
Deposits	1,356
Certificates of deposit (non-negotiable)	1,107
Bank money market account deposits	11,729
Government money market mutual funds	1,592
Total cash and investments	\$ 15,877

# Deposits (In Thousands)

On June 30, 2010, the carrying amount of the San Diego Convention Center Corporation's (SDCCC) cash on hand, deposits, non-negotiable certificates of deposit and bank money market account deposits was \$14,285 and the bank balance was \$14,391. The difference is substantially due to outstanding checks. Of the bank balance, \$2,055 was covered by federal depository insurance. The remaining uninsured balance of \$12,336 was collateralized with the collateral held by an affiliate of the counterparty's financial institution. Neither the money market account deposits nor the certificates of deposit are rated by credit rating agencies. The \$1,107 invested in non-negotiable certificates of deposit bear interest rates of 0.75% and have maturities greater than three months and less than one year. SDCCC developed a formal deposit and investment policy that was approved in August 2010 which addresses custodial credit risk.

# Investments (In Thousands)

At June 30, 2010, SDCCC had a total investment balance of \$1,592 which was invested in government money market mutual funds. The government money market mutual funds have a "AAA" rating. The investments are not covered by FDIC insurance nor are collateralized by the bank and therefore are considered uninsured. SDCCC developed a formal deposit and investment policy in August 2010 which addresses credit quality risk. SDCCC places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one account or fund. There were no other invested amounts in any one account or fund in excess of 5% of total investments that were not covered by federal depository insurance or fully collateralized.

# u. San Diego Housing Commission

Cash, cash equivalents, and investments at June 30, 2010 consisted of the following:

Deposits Petty cash	\$ 1,216 14
Cash held in investment account	497
Certificates of deposit (non-negotiable)	2,179
Agency Bonds	61,952
Corporate Bonds	9,081
Local Agency Investment Fund	19,946
San Diego County Investment Pool	 20,034
Total cash and investments	114,919
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	2,078
Total	\$ 116,997

#### Deposits (In Thousands)

The carrying amount of the San Diego Housing Commission's (SDHC) deposits and petty cash was \$1,230 and the bank balance was \$2,127 at June 30, 2010. The bank balances were fully insured and/or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institutions in SDHC's name. The California Government Code requires California banks and savings and loan associations to secure SDHC's deposits by pledging securities as collateral. This Code states that collateral pledged in this manner shall have the effect of perfecting a security interest in such collateral superior to those of a general creditor. Thus, collateral for cash deposits is considered to be held in SDHC's name.

At June 30, 2010, SDHC had a carrying amount and bank balance of \$2,179 in non-negotiable certificates of deposit. The certificates of deposit were either covered by FDIC insurance or 100% collateralized with securities held by pledging financial institutions.

#### Investments (In Thousands)

As of June 30, 2010, SDHC's investments included agency bonds, corporate bonds, California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) and San Diego County Investment Pool (SDCIP). Agency bonds represent SDHC's investment in Government-Sponsored Enterprises (GSE), such as Fannie Mae (FNMA) and Freddie Mac (FDMC), Senior Debt and Mortgage-Backed Security (MBS) bonds traded on an active secondary market. As of June 30, 2010, SDHC had \$61,952 invested in U.S. Government Agency bonds, with \$7,014 invested in GSE Senior Debt and the remaining \$54,938 invested in Agency MBS. The GSE Senior Debt securities hold a Standard & Poor's AAA rating.

SDHC's investment in corporate bonds represent an investment in FDIC-guaranteed floating rate corporate debt securities (floaters) explicitly backed by the U.S. government. Unlike fixed rate instruments, the coupon rate on these floating-rate securities resets every 3 months based on the 90 day London Inter-Bank Offer Rate (LIBOR) index plus a margin or basis points. As of June 30, 2010, SDHC had \$9,081 invested in corporate bonds which were all rated AAA by Standard & Poor's.

SDHC participates in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF). As of June 30, 2010, SDHC had \$19,946 invested with LAIF. The investment in LAIF represents SDHC's equity in the pooled investments of that fund. The average maturity of Pooled Money Investment Account (PMIA) investments was 203 days as of June 30, 2010. LAIF had 5.42% of the pool investment funds in structured notes and asset-backed securities.

In addition to LAIF, SDHC also participates in the San Diego County Investment Pool (SDCIP). SDCIP is a Standard & Poor's AAA rated fund managed by the San Diego County Treasurer-Tax Collector. The market value of SDCIP's investment portfolio at June 30, 2010 was \$5,175,000. The investment portfolio had a weighted average yield to maturity of 1.14%, weighted days to maturity of 425 days and an effective duration of 0.470 years. SDHC is a voluntary participant in the County pool and as of June 30, 2010, SDHC has \$20,034 invested in SDCIP.

Policy

In accordance with state statutes and HUD regulations, SDHC has authorized the CFO or designee to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. Government agencies or other investments as outlined in the Commission Investment Policy. An Investment Committee, consisting of two Commission Board members, monitors the management of funds and compliance with the Commission Investment Policy. There are many factors that can affect the value of investments. Some factors, such as credit risk, custodial risk, concentration of credit risk, and interest rate risk, may affect both equity and fixed income securities. It is the investment policy of SDHC to invest substantially all of its funds in fixed income securities which limits SDHC's exposure to most types of risk.

#### Interest Rate Risk

In accordance with its investment policy, SDHC manages its interest rate risk by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio. This is accomplished by matching portfolio maturities to projected liabilities and by continuously investing a portion of the portfolio in readily available funds to ensure that appropriate liquidity is maintained in order to meet ongoing operations.

#### Credit Risk

SDHC will minimize credit risk by limiting investments to those listed in the investment policy. In addition, SDHC will pre-qualify the financial institutions, broker/dealers, intermediaries, and advisors with which SDHC will do business in accordance with the investment policy. SDHC will diversify the portion of the investment portfolio not invested in U.S. Treasury Bills, Notes, Bonds, and Collateralized Certificates of Deposit to minimize potential losses from any one type of security or issuer.

#### Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk associated with a lack of diversification, such as having substantial investments in a few individual issuers. Investments issued or guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in external investment pools such as LAIF are not considered subject to concentration of credit risk. SDHC may choose to maintain 100% of its investment portfolio in U.S. Treasury Bills, Notes, Bonds, and Collateralized Certificates of Deposit.

#### Custodial Credit Risk

At June 30, 2010, SDHC did not have any investments exposed to custodial risk. Bonds are purchased through a Merrill Lynch account in SDHC's name. All securities are held in safekeeping by Merrill Lynch and are covered by Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC) and a separate Lloyd's of London policy for a combined aggregate limit of \$600 million.

# 4. CAPITAL ASSETS (In Thousands)

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2010 was as follows:

	Pr					rimary Government				
		Beginning Balance	h	ncreases		creases/ ustments	Transfers		Ending Balance	
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:										
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets:										
Land & Rights of Way	\$	1,768,968	\$	29,710	\$	(333)	\$	-	\$	1,798,345
Easements		-		5		-		-		5
Construction in Progress		192,741		76,624		(2,684)		(74,938)		191,743
Total Non-Depreciable Capital Assets		1,961,709		106,339	. <u> </u>	(3,017)		(74,938)		1,990,093
Depreciable Capital Assets:										
Structures and Improvements		1,169,788		5,447		(72)		10,082		1,185,245
Equipment		370,453		20,123		(33,785)		-		356,791
Equipment (Intangible)		-		8,594		-		29,025		37,619
Infrastructure		3,140,551		47,458		(3,007)		35,831		3,220,833
Total Depreciable Capital Assets		4,680,792		81,622		(36,864)		74,938		4,800,488
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:										
Structures and Improvements		(343,300)		(30,057)		65		(49)		(373,341)
Equipment		(201,066)		(35,126)		32,680		-		(203,512)
Equipment (Intangible)		-		-		-		-		-
Infrastructure		(1,642,610)		(86,504)		1,411		49		(1,727,654)
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(2,186,976)		(151,687)		34,156		-		(2,304,507)
Total Depreciable Capital Assets - Net of Depreciation		2,493,816		(70,065)		(2,708)		74,938		2,495,981
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	4,455,525	\$	36,274	\$	(5,725)	\$		\$	4,486,074
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES:										
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets:										
Land & Rights of Way	\$	93,240	\$	2,191	\$	(3)	\$	-	\$	95,428
Easements		-		19		-		-		19
Construction in Progress		291,283		127,058		(1,524)		(127,948)		288,869
Total Non-Depreciable Capital Assets		384,523		129,268		(1,527)		(127,948)		384,316
Depreciable Capital Assets:										
Structures and Improvements		1,610,361		17,069		(1)		70,295		1,697,724
Equipment		403,991		3,387		(1,429)		7,703		413,652
Distribution & Collection Systems and Other Infrastructure	_	3,710,003		103,008		(3,031)		49,950		3,859,930
Total Depreciable Capital Assets		5,724,355		123,464		(4,461)		127,948		5,971,306
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:										
Structures and Improvements		(356,458)		(35,112)		-		(255)		(391,825)
Equipment		(247,100)		(20,532)		1,343		(277)		(266,566)
Distribution & Collection Systems and Other Infrastructure		(738,599)		(55,115)		859		532		(792,323)
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(1,342,157)		(110,759)		2,202		-		(1,450,714)
Total Depreciable Capital Assets - Net of Depreciation		4,382,198		12,705		(2,259)		127,948		4,520,592
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	4,766,721	\$	141,973	\$	(3,786)	\$	-	\$	4,904,908

Governmental Activities capital assets net of accumulated depreciation at June 30, 2010 are comprised of the following:	
General Capital Assets, Net	\$ 4,365,510
Internal Service Funds Capital Assets, Net Total	\$ 120,564 4,486,074
Business-Type Activities capital assets net of accumulated depreciation at June 30, 2010 are comprised of the following:	
Enterprise Funds Capital Assets, Net	\$ 4,904,908
Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:	
Governmental Activities:	
General Government and Support	\$ 3,415
Public Safety - Police	4,496
Public Safety - Fire and Life Safety	3,618
Parks, Recreation, Culture and Leisure	34,733
Transportation	74,160
Sanitation and Health	294
Neighborhood Services	 2,172
Subtotal	122,888
Internal Service	 28,799
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 151,687
Business-Type Activities:	
Airports	\$ 544
Development Services	123
Environmental Services	3,280
Golf Course	954
Recycling	810
Sewer Utility	66,523
Water Utility	 38,525
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 110,759

#### Discretely Presented Component Units

Capital asset activities for the City's Discretely Presented Component Units for the year ended June 30, 2010 are as follows:

	Discretely Presented Component Unit - San Diego Convention Center Corp.									
	Beginning Balance		Incre	eases	Decre Adjust		Ending Balance			
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets:										
Land, Easements, Rights of Way	\$	-	\$	13,661	\$	-	\$	13,661		
Depreciable Capital Assets:										
Structures and Improvements		26,266		832		-		27,098		
Equipment		9,730		101		(261)		9,570		
Total Depreciable Capital Assets		35,996		933		(261)		36,668		
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:										
Structures and Improvements		(12,221)		(1,742)		-		(13,963)		
Equipment		(7,371)		(731)		257		(7,845)		
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(19,592)		(2,473)		257		(21,808)		
Total Depreciable Capital Assets - Net of Depreciation		16,404		(1,540)		(4)		14,860		
Capital Assets, Net	\$	16,404	\$	12,121	\$	(4)	\$	28,521		

	Discretely Presented Component Unit - San Diego Housing Commission										
	Beginning Balance			creases		eases/ stments		Ending Balance			
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets:											
Land, Easements, Rights of Way	\$	29,544	\$	8,041	\$	1,438	\$	39,023			
Construction in Progress		7,001		921		(3,603)		4,319			
Total Non-Depreciable Capital Assets		36,545		8,962		(2,165)		43,342			
Depreciable Capital Assets:											
Structures and Improvements		68,772		3,609		801		73,182			
Equipment		2,845		54		32		2,931			
Total Depreciable Capital Assets		71,617		3,663		833		76,113			
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:											
Structures and Improvements		(9,570)		(2,055)		1,332		(10,293)			
Equipment		(1,364)		(541)		-		(1,905)			
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(10,934)		(2,596)		1,332		(12,198)			
Total Depreciable Capital Assets - Net of Depreciation		60,683		1,067		2,165		63,915			
Capital Assets, Net	\$	97,228	\$	10,029	\$	-	\$	107,257			

# 5. GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (IN THOUSANDS)

# a. Long-Term Liabilities

Governmental long-term liabilities as of June 30, 2010 are comprised of the following:

Type of Obligation	Interest Rates	Fiscal Year Maturity Date	Original Amount	Out	alance standing e 30, 2010
	Hatoo	Duto			
Arbitrage Liability Compensated Absences				\$	3 73,431
Liability Claims					318,914
Capital Lease Obligations					84,561
Contracts Payable:					,
Contract Payable to Western Pacific Housing, Inc., dated April 2004	5.0%		3,000		1,018
Total Contracts Payable					1,018
Notes Payable:					
Note Payable to Price Charities, dated April 2001	5.0	2032	5,115		1,607
Note Payable to Price Charities, dated May 2005	8.0	2025	2,100		1,514
Amendment to Note Payable to Price Charities, dated February 2006	8.0	2025	180		180
Total Notes Payable					3,301
Loans Payable:					
International Gateway Associates, LLC, dated October 2001	10.0	2033	1,876		1,768
PCCP/SB Las America, LLC, dated August 2005	10.0	2036	1,247		1,212
California Housing Finance Agency, dated October 2006	3.0	2017	1,250		1,250
California Energy Resources Conservation and Development Commission, dated January 2007	4.5	2021	935		935
California Energy Resources Conservation and Development Commission, dated March 2007	3.95	2019	2,154		1,613
San Diego National Bank, Line of Credit, dated July 2007 City Heights Housing Area	4.05	2011	4,153		4,153
San Diego National Bank, Line of Credit, dated July 2007 City Heights Non-Housing Area	6.42	2011	2,011		2,011
San Diego National Bank, Line of Credit, dated July 2007 Naval Training Center Housing Area	1.33-2.58	2011	5,600		5,600
San Diego National Bank, Line of Credit, dated July 2007 Naval Training Center Non-Housing Area	1.0 - 5.49	2011	12,211		12,211
San Diego National Bank, Line of Credit, dated July 2007 North Bay Housing Area	1.33-4.05	2011	8,580		8,580
San Diego National Bank, Line of Credit, dated July 2007 North Park Housing Area	1.42 - 4.05	2011	7,300		7,300
Bank of America, N.A. McGuigan Judgment, dated June 2010	3.79*	2015	32,762		32,762
Total Loans Payable					79,395
Section 108 Loans Payable					31,496

(continued on next page)

Type of Obligation	Interest Rates	Fiscal Year Maturity Date	Original Amount		Balance Outstanding June 30, 2010	
General Obligation Bonds:						
Public Safety Communications Project, Series 1991	5.0 - 8.0**	2012	\$	25,500	\$	4,340
Total General Obligation Bonds						4,340
Revenue Bonds / Lease Revenue Bonds / COPs:						
San Diego Facilities and Equipment Leasing Corp. Certificates of Participation, Series 1996 A	4.0 - 5.6**	2011		33,430		3,435
Convention Center Expansion Financing Authority Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 1998 A	3.8 - 5.25**	2028		205,000		162,545
Centre City Parking Revenue Bonds, Series 1999 A	4.5 - 6.49**	2026		12,105		9,510
Public Facilities Financing Authority Fire and Life Safety Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2002 B	3.55 - 7.0**	2032		25,070		21,730
Centre City Parking Revenue Bonds, Series 2003 B	3.0 - 5.30**	2027		20,515		16,925
MTDB Authority Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2003	2.0 - 4.375**	2023		15,255		11,445
San Diego Facilities Equipment Leasing Corp. Certificates of Participation Refunding, Series 2003	1.0 - 4.0**	2024		17,425		8,195
Public Facilities Financing Authority Ballpark Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2007 A	5.0 - 5.25**	2032		156,560		145,840
Public Facilities Financing Authority Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2010 A	3.0-5.25**	2040		167,635		167,635
Total Revenue Bonds / Lease Revenue Bonds / COPs						547,260
Tax Allocation Bonds:						
Gateway Center West Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 1995	7.8 - 9.75**	2014		1,400		485
Mount Hope Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 1995 A	4.4 - 6.0**	2020		1,200		700
Horton Plaza Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds, Series 1996 A	3.8 - 6.0**	2016		12,970		5,600
Centre City Redevelopment Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 1999 A	3.0 - 5.125**	2019		25,680		23,995
Centre City Redevelopment Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 1999 B	6.25**	2014		11,360		8,975
Centre City Redevelopment Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 1999 C	3.1 - 4.75**	2025		13,610		11,450
City Heights Redevelopment Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 1999 A	4.5 - 5.8**	2029		5,690		4,915
City Heights Redevelopment Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 1999 B	5.75 - 6.4***	2029		10,141		8,593

Type of Obligation	Interest Rates	Fiscal Year Maturity Date	Driginal mount	Out	alance standing e 30, 2010
Centre City Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2000 A	4.0 - 5.6**	2025	\$ 6,100	\$	4,615
Centre City Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2000 B	3.95 - 5.35**	2025	21,390		17,655
Horton Plaza Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2000	4.25 - 5.8**	2022	15,025		12,475
North Bay Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2000	4.25 - 5.875**	2031	13,000		10,935
North Park Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2000	4.1 - 5.9**	2031	7,000		5,890
Centre City Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2001 A	4.93 - 5.55****	2027	58,425		55,305
Mount Hope Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2002 A	5.0**	2027	3,055		3,055
Centre City Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2003 A	2.5 - 5.0**	2029	31,000		11,980
City Heights Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2003 A	5.875 - 6.5**	2034	4,955		4,955
City Heights Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2003 B	2.5 - 4.25**	2014	865		335
North Park Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2003 A	1.5 - 6.125**	2028	7,145		5,845
North Park Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2003 B	4.75 - 5.0**	2034	5,360		5,360
Horton Plaza Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2003 A	4.65 - 5.1**	2022	6,325		6,325
Horton Plaza Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2003 B	3.25 - 5.45**	2022	4,530		4,200
Horton Plaza Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2003 C	3.49 - 7.74**	2022	8,000		6,240
Centre City Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2004 A	3.5 - 5.25**	2030	101,180		91,270
Centre City Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2004 B	2.26 - 4.58**	2011	9,855		1,170

(continued on next page)

#### CITY OF SAN DIEGO

Type of Obligation	Interest Rates	Fiscal Year Maturity Date		Original Amount	Ou	Balance tstanding e 30, 2010		
Centre City Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2004 C	2.26 - 6.18**	2030	\$	\$ 27,785		\$ 27,785		24,245
Centre City Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2004 D	2.26 - 6.28**	2030		8,905		7,785		
Centre City Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2006 A	4.25 - 5.25**	2033		76,225		74,295		
Centre City Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2006 B	5.66 - 6.2**	2032		33,760		32,205		
Centre City Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2008 A	3.74 - 6.3**	2021		69,000		64,640		
North Park Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2009 A	6.0-7.0**	2040		13,930		13,930		
Total Tax Allocation Bonds						529,423		
Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed Bonds:								
Tobacco Settlement Revenue Funding Corporation Asset-Backed Bonds, Series 2006	7.125**	2023		105,400		92,350		
Pooled Financing Bonds:								
Public Facilities Financing Authority Pooled Financing Bonds, Series 2007 A	5.95 - 6.65**	2038		17,230		15,965		
Public Facilities Financing Authority Pooled Financing Bonds, Series 2007 B	4.0 - 5.25**	2038		17,755		16,815		
Total Pooled Financing Bonds						32,780		
Total Bonds Payable						1,206,153		
Net Other Postemployment Benefits Obligation						118,431		
Net Pension Obligation						116,418		
Total Governmental Activities Long-Term Liabilities					\$	2,033,121		

\* McGuigan Judgment loan payable has a 3.79% fixed rate for term of borrowing subject to increase if there is a rating downgrade or an event of default.

\*\* Interest rates are fixed, and reflect the range of rates for various maturities from the date of issuance to maturity.

\*\*\* The City Heights Redevelopment Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 1999 B, are capital appreciation bonds, which mature from fiscal year 2011 through 2029. The balance outstanding at June 30, 2010 does not include accreted interest of \$8,395.

\*\*\*\* The Centre City Redevelopment Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2001 A, partially include capital appreciation bonds, which mature from fiscal year 2015 through 2027. The balance outstanding at June 30, 2010 does not include accreted interest of \$8,140.

Arbitrage Rebate Liability is calculated via third party providers in accordance with the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and the United States Treasury Regulations effective as of July 1, 1993, as amended.

Liability claims are primarily liquidated by the Self Insurance (Internal Service) Fund and Enterprise Funds. Compensated absences are generally liquidated by the general fund, enterprise funds, and certain internal service funds. Pension liabilities are paid out of the operating funds based on a percentage of payroll.

A Contract Payable with San Diego State University Foundation (Foundation), based upon an Agreement for Processing a Redevelopment Plan and Land Use Entitlements with RDA, dated December 3rd, 1991 allows for reimbursement of expenses incurred by the Foundation in assisting in the preparation and processing of the Redevelopment and Land Use Entitlements in the College Area. The variable rate agreement carries an interest rate based on the prime rate and is fixed on a quarterly basis using the prime rate established on the first banking day of each calendar quarter. Interest calculations are made on the quarterly weighted average of the principal balance at the end of the quarter, based upon the rate fixed for that quarter. On December 9, 2009, the Foundation approved a settlement agreement with RDA on a complaint for specific performance, alleging that RDA breached an agreement requiring RDA to sell certain property to the plaintiff. Based on the settlement, RDA's Contract Payable to the Foundation of \$1,715 was reduced by \$965 to \$750 and related accrued interest of \$1,613 was eliminated. As part of the agreement, RDA transferred fee title of the property to the Foundation by Grant Deed. The remaining balance was paid in full by the end of the fiscal year.

A Contract Payable to Western Pacific Housing of \$3,000 was reduced in the current fiscal year by \$1,872, pursuant to the Disposition and Development Agreement between RDA and Western Pacific Housing. The Affordability Component of the obligation, which is subject to an adjustment based on the actual project sales revenue proceeds received by Western Pacific Housing, resulted in a reduction of \$972. Additionally, due to the fact that Western Pacific Housing did not comply with prevailing wage requirements of the DDA, the Public Improvement Component of the obligation of \$900 was eliminated.

A Loan Payable, pursuant to the Disposition and Development Agreement (DDA) with Centerpoint, LLC, was eliminated due to a mutual decision with RDA and the developer to terminate the agreement which called for development of a mixed-use project within the Crossroads Project Area. Pursuant to the DDA, RDA's contribution was in the form of a developer loan of \$5,245 to be repaid from the Crossroads Low and Moderate Income Housing Fund to subsidize 47 affordable units. The loan amount was later reduced to \$4,969 pursuant to a third implementation agreement with the developer. Termination of the agreement resulted in the elimination of the loans payable.

A Loan Payable line of credit executed by RDA with Bank of America, N.A. was paid in full during the current fiscal year with proceeds of the North Park Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2009A, and the corresponding liability has been removed.

Loans Payable also includes six separate non-revolving secured three-year term lines of credit executed by RDA with San Diego National Bank, dated July 26, 2007. Four lines of credit are for affordable housing in North Park, City Heights, North Bay and Naval Training Center (NTC) Redevelopment Project Areas. Two lines of credit are for non-housing or general purposes for City Heights and NTC Redevelopment Project Areas. Each advance taken from the lines of credit has a fixed rate that is set on the day of the advance to be equal to either the United States Three-Year Treasury Constant Maturities Index plus one and nine-tenths percentage point or the One-Month LIBOR Rate plus one and one-tenth percentage point and that rate remains constant during the entire period such advance is outstanding.

Under the Original Settlement Agreement and Judgment between William J. McGuigan (Class Representative) and the City of San Diego, the City agreed to pay SDCERS \$173,000 in excess of the ARC no later than June 8, 2011. On June 4, 2010, the City executed a Modification Agreement of the original Settlement Agreement which allowed the City to sell the unpaid balance of \$32,762 to a third party, specifically Bank of America, N.A. (BANA). The City executed an Agreement Regarding Purchase of McGuigan Judgment requiring BANA to satisfy the remaining terms of the McGuigan Judgement and the City to make annual payments to BANA on July 1, 2011 through July 1, 2014 for the balance paid to SDCERS plus interest. The Judgment Installment Payments to BANA are at a fixed rate of 3.79% throughout the term of the obligation unless the City's long-term general obligation indebtedness rating is lowered, withdrawn, suspended or upon the occurrence of an Event of Default.

Section 108 loans are the loan guarantee provisions of the Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) program. Section 108 loans provide the community with a source of financing for economic development, housing rehabilitation, public facilities, and capital improvement and infrastructure projects.

Public safety general obligation bonds are secured by a pledge of the full faith and credit of the City or by a pledge of the City to levy ad valorem property taxes without limitation.

Revenue bonds are secured by a pledge of specific revenue generally derived from fees or service charges related to the operation of the project being financed. Certificates of Participation (COPs) and lease revenue bonds provide long-term financing through a lease agreement, installment sales agreement, or loan agreement that does not constitute indebtedness under the state constitutional debt limitation and is not subject to other statutory requirements applicable to bonds.

Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed Bonds are limited obligations of the Tobacco Settlement Revenue Funding Corporation, which is a separate legal California nonprofit public benefit corporation established by the City of San Diego. TSRFC purchased from the City the rights to receive future tobacco settlement revenues due to the City. The Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed Bonds are payable from and secured solely by pledged tobacco settlement revenues.

#### b. Amortization Requirements

The annual requirements to amortize such long-term debt outstanding as of June 30, 2010, including interest payments to maturity, are as follows:

Year	Capital Lea	ase Obligations	Contracts Payable Notes Payable				Loans Payable			
Ended June 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest		
2011	\$ 16,909	\$ 3,395	\$ -	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 40,040	\$ 679		
2012	17,252	2,465	-	-	-	-	7,927	1,613		
2013	15,881	1,784	-	-	-	-	8,235	1,305		
2014	11,810	1,218	-	-	-	-	8,556	983		
2015	8,435	823	-	-	-	-	8,888	652		
2016-2020	10,848	1,615	-	-	-	-	1,115	1,400		
2021-2025	3,426	335	-	-	-	-	528	1,129		
2026-2030	-	-	-	-	-	-	850	807		
2031-2035	-	-	-	-	-	-	951	308		
2036-2040	-	-	-	-	-	-	120	12		
Unscheduled*	-	-	1,018	12	3,301	1,094	2,185	-		
Total	\$ 84,561	\$ 11,635	\$ 1,018	\$ 12	\$ 3,301	\$ 1,094	\$ 79,395	\$ 8,888		

\* The contracts to Western Pacific Housing, Inc. in the amount of \$1,018, the notes payable to Price Charities of \$3,301, the loan payable to California Housing Finance Agency in the amount of \$1,250, and the loan payable to the California Energy Resources Conservation and Development Commission in the amount of \$935 do not have annual repayment schedules. Annual payments on the Western Pacific Housing, Inc., and Price Charities debt are based on available tax increment. Annual payments on the California Housing Finance Agency are deferred for the term of the loan. Annual payments on the January 2007 California Energy and Resources Conservation and Development Commission Loan will begin during FY 2011.

Year		Section 108 Loans				General Obligation Bonds				Revenue Bonds / COPs			
Ended June 30,	P	rincipal		nterest	Principal Interest		F	Principal		nterest			
2011	\$	2,645	\$	1,586	\$	2,100	\$	219	\$	15,710	\$	25,092	
2012		2,775		1,471		2,240		74		15,330		26,362	
2013		2,881		1,339		-		-		18,400		25,596	
2014		3,036		1,195		-		-		19,260		24,731	
2015		3,174		1,041		-		-		20,180		23,818	
2016-2020		11,426		3,024		-		-		116,370		103,598	
2021-2025		5,559		711		-		-		141,940		72,152	
2026-2030		-		-		-		-		119,660		36,263	
2031-2035		-		-		-		-		48,605		13,923	
2036-2040		-		-		-		-		31,805		4,763	
Total	\$	31,496	\$	10,367	\$	4,340	\$	293	\$	547,260	\$	356,298	

	Tax Allocation					Tol	bacco							
Year				Bonds				Asset-Ba	cked B	onds	F	Pooled Fina	ncing	Bonds
Ended			Ur	accreted										
June 30,	P	rincipal	Арр	preciation*		nterest	Pr	incipal**		nterest	P	rincipal		nterest
2011	\$	19,948	\$	2,243	\$	26,682	\$	4,000	\$	6,580	\$	770	\$	1,846
2012		20,884		2,317		25,703		4,400		6,295		825		1,805
2013		24,143		2,388		24,566		4,600		5,981		860		1,762
2014		25,704		2,455		23,281		5,000		5,654		900		1,718
2015		26,278		2,459		21,959		5,400		5,297		950		1,671
2016-2020		150,829		11,730		87,761		33,100		20,175		5,565		7,533
2021-2025		127,093		7,694		50,590		35,850		5,889		5,710		5,916
2026-2030		90,669		1,136		22,047		-		-		7,290		4,052
2031-2035		34,890		-		6,229		-		-		7,100		1,712
2036-2040		8,985		-		1,658		-		-		2,810		255
Subtotal		529,423	-	32,422		290,476		92,350	_	55,871		32,780		28,270
Add:														
Accreted Appreciation														
through June 30, 2010		16,535		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total	\$	545,958	\$	32,422	\$	290,476	\$	92,350	\$	55,871	\$	32,780	\$	28,270

\* Unaccreted Appreciation represents the amount to be accreted in future years regardless of the timing of cash flows.

\*\* The Tobacco Asset-Backed Bond Principal Debt Service requirements are based upon expected Turbo Principal payments.

### c. Change in Long-Term Liabilities

Additions to governmental activities long-term debt for contracts, notes and loans payable may differ from proceeds reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances, due to funding received in prior fiscal years being converted from short-term to long-term debt as a result of developers extending the terms of the obligation.

The following is a summary of changes in governmental activities long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2010. The effect of bond accretion, bond premiums, discounts, and deferred amounts on bond refunds are amortized as adjustments to long-term liabilities.

			mental Activities							
	Begin	ning Balance,						Ending		Due Within
	as	Restated*	A	Additions Reductions				Balance		One Year
Arbitrage Liability	\$	533	\$	1	\$	(531)	\$	3	\$	-
Compensated Absences		74,446		45,981		(46,996)		73,431		29,028
Liability Claims		273,979		85,584		(40,649)		318,914		36,131
Capital Lease Obligations		89,519		11,114		(16,072)		84,561		16,909
Contracts Payable		4,715		-		(3,697)		1,018		-
Notes Payable		4,786		-		(1,485)		3,301		-
Loans Payable		44,815		48,256		(13,676)		79,395		40,040
Section 108 Loans Payable		33,532		454		(2,490)		31,496		2,645
General Obligation Bonds		6,315		-		(1,975)		4,340		2,100
Revenue Bonds / COPs		564,720		167,635		(185,095)		547,260		15,710
Unamortized Bond Premiums, Discounts										
and Deferred Amounts on Refunding		(4,032)		1,690		164		(2,178)		(164)
Net Revenue Bonds/COP's		560,688		169,325		(184,931)		545,082		15,546
Tax Allocation Bonds		534,547		13,930		(19,054)		529,423		19,948
Interest Accretion		14,682		2,163		(310)		16,535		
Balance with Accretion		549,229		16,093		(19,364)		545,958		19,948
Unamortized Bond Premiums, Discounts										
and Deferred Amounts on Refunding		5,378		(92)		(215)		5,071		215
Net Tax Allocation Bonds		554,607		16,001		(19,579)		551,029		20,163
Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed Bonds		95,380		-		(3,030)		92,350		4,000
Pooled Financing Bonds		33,460		-		(680)		32,780		770
Unamortized Bond Premiums, Discounts										
and Deferred Amounts on Refunding		(108)	-	-	-	18	-	(90)		(18)
Net Pooled Financing Bonds		33,352		-		(662)		32,690		752
Net Other Postemployment Benefits Obligation		73,504		44,927		-		118,431		-
Net Pension Obligation		147,665		<u> </u>		(31,247)		116,418		<u> </u>
Total	\$	1,997,836	\$	421,643	\$	(367,020)	\$	2,052,459	\$	167,314

\* Special Assessment/Special Tax Bonds have been restated due to a change to City policy. Additional information on the restatement is included in Note 23.

# d. Defeasance and Redemption of Debt

Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2010A (Master Refunding Project) were issued to refund outstanding Refunding Certificates of Participation, Series 1996B, refund the outstanding taxable PFFA Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 1996A (Jack Murphy Stadium) and refund the outstanding PFFA Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2009A (Various Capital Improvement Projects). Since all the refunded bonds have been fully redeemed prior to fiscal year end, the liabilities have been removed.

As of June 30, 2010, principal amounts payable from escrow funds established for defeased bonds are as follows:

Defeased Bonds	A	mount
Central Imperial Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2000	\$	2,910
Southcrest Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2000		1,470
Total Defeased Bonds Outstanding	\$	4,380

# e. Long-Term Pledged Liabilities

Governmental long-term pledged liabilities as of June 30, 2010 are comprised of the following:

Type of Pledged Revenue	Fiscal Year Maturity Date	Rev	edged enue to aturity	Pri	Debt incipal erest Paid	Pledged Revenue Recognized	
Pledged CDBG Revenue:							
Section 108 Loans Payable		\$	31,923	\$	3,396	\$	3,396
Total Pledged CDBG Revenue			31,923		3,396		3,396
Pledged Developer Revenue:							
Regional Transportation Center Redevelopment							
Project (Section 108)	2021		2,387		276		276
Total Pledged Developer Revenue			2,387		276		276
Pledged Net Operating Revenue (Parking):							
Centre City Parking Revenue Bonds, Series 1999 A	2026		15,111		954		964
Centre City Parking Revenue Bonds, Series 2003 B	2027		25,375		1,505		1,340
Total Pledged Net Operating Revenue (Parking)			40,486		2,459		2,304
Pledged Tax Increment Revenue:							
Contracts							
Contract Payable to SDSU Foundation, dated December 1991	2010		-		750		750
Contract Payable to Western Pacific Housing, Inc., dated April 2004			1,030		113		113
Notes							
Note Payable to Price Charities, dated April 2001	2032		2,685		1,025		1,025
Note Payable to Price Charities, dated May 2005	2025		1,530		-		-
Amendment to Note Payable to Price Charities, dated February 2006	2025		180		-		-
Loans							
International Gateway Associates, LLC, dated October 2001	2033		4,577		199		199
PCCP/SB Las America, LLC, dated August 2005	2036		3,439		132		132
Bank of America, N.A. Line of Credit, dated October 2006	2010		-		1,012		1,012
San Diego National Bank, Line of Credit, dated July 2007 City Heights Housing Area	2011		4,184		104		104
San Diego National Bank, Line of Credit, dated July 2007 City Heights Non-Housing Area	2011		2,063		212		212
San Diego National Bank, Line of Credit, dated July 2007 Naval Training Center Housing Area	2011		5,629		94		94
San Diego National Bank, Line of Credit, dated July 2007 Naval Training Center Non-Housing Area	2011		12,321		441		441
San Diego National Bank, Line of Credit, dated July 2007 North Bay Housing Area	2011		8,621		135		135
San Diego National Bank, Line of Credit, dated July 2007 North Park Housing Area	2011		7,355		213		213
Naval Training Center Civic, Arts, and Cultural Center (Section 108)	2025		7,554		508		508

Type of Pledged Revenue	Fiscal Year Maturity Date	Pledged Revenue to Maturity	Debt Principal & Interest Paid	Pledged Revenue Recognized
Bonds				
Gateway Center West Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 1995	2014	\$ 585	\$ 147	\$ 109
Mount Hope Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 1995 A	2020	925	93	92
Horton Plaza Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds, Series 1996 A	2016	6,664	1,114	923
Centre City Redevelopment Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 1999 A	2019	30,582	2,405	6,642
Centre City Redevelopment Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 1999 B	2014	10,134	3,020	3,787
Centre City Redevelopment Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 1999 C	2025	16,380	799	329
City Heights Redevelopment Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 1999 A	2029	8,069	428	424
City Heights Redevelopment Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 1999 B	2029	30,431	699	699
Centre City Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2000 A	2025	6,769	446	416
Centre City Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2000 B	2025	25,920	1,456	1,100
Horton Plaza Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2000	2022	17,454	1,352	1,321
North Bay Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2000	2031	18,908	896	807
North Park Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2000	2031	10,194	482	437
Centre City Redevelopment Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2001 A	2027	106,598	2,564	2,552
Mount Hope Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2002 A	2027	5,202	153	153
Centre City Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2003 A	2029	20,521	586	-
City Heights Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2003 A	2034	10,056	316	316
City Heights Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2003 B	2014	363	89	50
North Park Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2003 A	2028	9,432	543	534
North Park Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2003 B	2034	10,930	259	248

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Type of Pledged Revenue	Fiscal Year Maturity Date	Re	Pledged evenue to Maturity	Debt Principal & Interest Paid		Re	ledged evenue cognized
Horton Plaza Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2003 A	2022	\$	9,177	\$	310	\$	445
Horton Plaza Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2003 B	2022		5,822		313		388
Horton Plaza Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2003 C	2022		9,458		794		1,022
Centre City Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2004 A	2030		139,343		6,743		5,496
Centre City Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2004 B	2011		1,197		1,959		1,959
Centre City Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2004 C	2030		39,658		2,233		2,729
Centre City Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2004 D	2030		12,847		723		885
Centre City Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2006 A	2033		121,121		4,356		11,925
Centre City Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2006 B	2032		58,754		2,639		5,927
Public Facilities Financing Authority Pooled Financing Bonds, Series 2007 A	2038		31,087		1,412		1,390
Public Facilities Financing Authority Pooled Financing Bonds, Series 2007 B	2038		29,962		1,151		1,120
Centre City Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2008 A	2021		87,810		8,068		7,811
North Park Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2009 A	2040		37,552		718		473
Total Pledged Tax Increment Revenue			991,073		54,204		67,447
Pledged Tobacco Settlement Revenue:							
Tobacco Settlement Revenue Funding Corporation Asset-Backed Bonds, Series 2006	2023		148,221		9,826		9,530
Total Pledged Tobacco Settlement Revenue			148,221		9,826		9,530
Total Pledged Revenue		\$	1,214,090	\$	70,161	\$	82,953

# 6. BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (In Thousands)

# a. Long-Term Liabilities

Business-type activities long-term liabilities as of June 30, 2010 are comprised of the following:

Type of Obligation	Interest Rates	Fiscal Year Maturity Date	Original Amount	Outsta	ance anding 10, 2010
Compensated Absences				\$	13,327
Liability Claims					23,715
Loans Payable:					
Loans Payable to San Diego County Water Authority	-	-	\$ 100		100
Loans Payable to State Water Resources Control Board, issued February 9, 2000	1.80%**	2020	10,606		5,778
Loans Payable to State Water Resources Control Board, issued February 9, 2000	1.80**	2022	6,684		4,295
Loans Payable to State Water Resources Control Board, issued March 30, 2001	1.80**	2022	33,720		21,660
Loans Payable to State Water Resources Control Board, issued May 17, 2001	1.80**	2022	7,742		4,972
Loans Payable to State Water Resources Control Board, issued May 17, 2001	1.80**	2021	860		511
Loans Payable to State Water Resources Control Board, issued June 11, 2001	1.80**	2021	2,525		1,500
Loans Payable to State Water Resources Control Board, issued October 3, 2002	1.99**	2020	3,767		2,257
Loans Payable to State Water Resources Control Board, issued October 3, 2002	1.80**	2023	8,068		5,565
Loans Payable to State Water Resources Control Board, issued December 14, 2005	1.89**	2024	10,093		7,775
Loans Payable to Department of Health Services, issued July 6, 2005	2.51**	2026	21,525		17,574
Loans Payable to State Water Resources Control Board, issued October 15, 2006	1.99**	2024	3,858		3,115
Loans Payable to State Water Resources Control Board, issued February 28, 2007	1.89**	2026	11,068		9,571
Total Loans Payable					84,673

Type of Obligation	Interest Rates	Fiscal Year Maturity Date	Original Amount		Balance tstanding ne 30, 2010
Bonds Payable:					
Subordinated Water Revenue Bonds,					
Series 2002	2.0 - 5.0*	2033	\$ 286,945	\$	258,460
Senior Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2009 A	2.0-5.375*	2039	453,775		446,965
Senior Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2009 B	3.0-5.5*	2025	634,940		598,430
Water Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2009 A	2.5-5.25*	2039	157,190		156,155
Water Revenue Bonds, Series 2009 B	2.5-5.75*	2040	328,060		328,060
Senior Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2010 A	5.25*	2029	161,930		161,930
Water Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2010 A	5.0-5.25*	2029	123,075		123,075
Total Bonds Payable					2,073,075
Estimated Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care					20,126
Net Other Postemployment Benefits Obligation					33,239
Net Pension Obligation					23,190
Total Business-Type Activities Long-Term Liabilities				\$	2,271,345

\* Interest rates are fixed, and reflect the range of rates for various maturities from the date of issuance to maturity.

\*\* Effective rate

# b. Amortization Requirements

Annual requirements to amortize long-term debt as of June 30, 2010, including interest payments to maturity, are
as follows:

		Loans Payable Revenue E						Bonds Payable			
Year Ended June 30			cipal Interest			Principal		Interest			
2011	\$	5,765	\$	1,670	\$	63,915	\$	99,982			
2012		5,878		1,557		66,420		100,084			
2013		5,992		1,443		69,275		97,235			
2014		6,109		1,326		72,485		94,022			
2015		6,229		1,207		75,895		90,615			
2016-2020		33,017		4,159		437,695		394,780			
2021-2025		20,217		1,171		501,720		277,393			
2026-2030		1,366		21		364,745		158,467			
2031-2035		-		-		217,815		84,896			
2036-2040		-		-		203,110		27,828			
2041-2045		-		-		-		-			
Unscheduled*		100		-		-		-			
Total	\$	84,673	\$	12,554	\$	2,073,075	\$	1,425,302			

\* The loan payable to the San Diego County Water Authority in the amount of \$100 does not have an annual repayment schedule. The payment is due if funding for the projects for which the loan was received becomes available from other sources.

## c. Change in Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2010. The effect of bond premiums, discounts and deferred amounts on refunding are reflected as adjustments to long-term liabilities.

	Business-Type Activities										
-		Beginning Balance		Additions		Reductions		Ending Balance		ue Within ne Year	
Arbitrage Liability	\$	-	\$	288	\$	(288)	\$	-	\$	-	
Compensated Absences		12,671		10,870		(10,214)		13,327		5,782	
Liability Claims		32,853		(5,259)		(3,879)		23,715		4,271	
Loans Payable		90,326		-		(5,653)		84,673		5,765	
Revenue Bonds Payable		2,166,906		285,005		(378,836)		2,073,075		63,915	
Unamortized Bond Premiums, Discounts											
and Deferred Amounts on Refunding		41,080		13,036		191		54,307		2,938	
Net Revenue Bonds Payable		2,207,986		298,041		(378,645)		2,127,382		66,853	
Estimated Landfill Closure/Postclosure Care		19,336		790		-		20,126		-	
Net Other Postemployment Benefits Obligation		19,767		13,472		-		33,239		-	
Net Pension Obligation		29,474		-		(6,284)		23,190		-	
Pollution Remediation Obligation		620		<u> </u>		(620)		<u> </u>			
Totals	\$	2,413,033	\$	318,202	\$	(405,583)	\$	2,325,652	\$	82,671	

### d. Defeasance and Redemption of Debt

PFFA issued Water Revenue Bonds, Refunding Series 2010A in the amount of \$123,075. The bond proceeds were used to fully redeem the outstanding Water Certificates of Undivided Interest, Series 1998. The Water 1998 Certificates have all been redeemed and the corresponding liability has been removed from the Statement of Net Assets. The redemption transaction for the Water 1998 Certificates resulted in a total economic gain of approximately \$4,414 and a cash flow savings of approximately \$26,213. All of the Water 1998 Certificates that were refunded from the Water Revenue Bonds, Refunding Series 2010A were redeemed on June 30, 2010, and accordingly, there is no defeased debt balance outstanding as of June 30, 2010.

PFFA issued Senior Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2010A in the amount of \$161,930. The bond proceeds were used to refund and redeem all outstanding Senior Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 1995, Senior Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series1997A and Series 1997B and Senior Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 1999A and Series 1999B. All liabilities associated with the refunded bonds have been removed from the Statement of Net Assets. The redemption transaction for the Senior Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 1995 resulted in a total economic gain of approximately \$1,678 and a cash flow savings of \$4,931. The redemption transaction for the Senior Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 1997A resulted in a total economic gain of approximately \$1,052 and a cash flow savings of approximately \$3,092. The redemption of the Senior Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 1997B resulted in a total economic gain of approximately \$385 and a cash flow savings of approximately \$1,132. The redemption of the Senior Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 1999A resulted in a total economic gain of approximately \$3,606 and a cash flow savings of approximately \$10,595. The redemption of the Senior Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 1999B resulted in a total economic gain of approximately \$1,995 and a cash flow savings of approximately \$5,862. The Senior Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 1995 and Senior Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 1997A and 1997B were all fully redeemed on April 29, 2010 and the Senior Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 1999 A and Series 199B were all fully redeemed on May 15, 2010 and accordingly, there is no defeased debt balance outstanding as of June 30, 2010.

As of June 30, 2010, there is no defeased debt balance outstanding for Business-type activities.

# e. Long-Term Pledged Liabilities

Business-type activities long-term pledged liabilities as of June 30, 2010 are comprised of the following:

Type of Pledged Revenue	Fiscal Year Maturity Date	Pledged Revenue to Maturity	Debt Principal & Interest Paid	Pledged Revenue Recognized
Pledged Net Sewer Systems Revenue:				
Loans				
Loans Payable to State Water Resources Control Board, issued February 9, 2000	2020	\$ 6,367	\$ 637	\$ 637
Loans Payable to State Water Resources Control Board, issued February 9, 2000	2022	4,815	401	401
Loans Payable to State Water Resources Control Board, issued March 30, 2001	2022	24,296	2,025	2,025
Loans Payable to State Water Resources Control Board, issued May 17, 2001	2022	5,574	464	464
Loans Payable to State Water Resources Control Board, issued May 17, 2001	2021	568	52	52
Loans Payable to State Water Resources Control Board, issued June 11, 2001	2021	1,667	152	152
Loans Payable to State Water Resources Control Board, issued October 3, 2002	2020	2,512	251	251
Loans Payable to State Water Resources Control Board, issued October 3, 2002	2023	6,293	484	484
Loans Payable to State Water Resources Control Board, issued December 14, 2005	2024	8,924	637	637
Loans Payable to State Water Resources Control Board, issued October 15, 2006	2024	3,601	257	257
Loans Payable to State Water Resources Control Board, issued February 28, 2007	2026	11,184	699	699
Bonds and Notes				
Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 1995	2010	-	2,095	2,095
Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 1997 A	2010	-	1,132	1,132
Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 1997 B	2010	-	414	414
Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 1999 A	2010	-	3,351	3,351
Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 1999 B	2010	-	1,854	1,854
Senior Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2009 A	2039	829,531	28,978	28,106
Senior Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2009 B	2025	846,595	65,027	65,023
Senior Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds				
Series 2010 A	2029	298,347	378	1,587
Total Pledged Net Sewer Systems Revenue		2,050,274	109,288	109,621
Pledged Net Water Systems Revenue: Loans				
Loans Payable to Department of Health Services, issued July 6, 2005	2026	21,327	1,376	1,376
Bonds and Notes				
Water Certificate of Undivided Interest, Series 1998	2010	-	9,735	9,735
Subordinated Water Revenue Bonds, Series 2002	2033	396,900	27,299	26,954
Water Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2009 A	2039	253,928	8,679	8,387
Water Revenue Bonds, Series 2009 B	2040	652,089	9,888	9,766
Water Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2010 A	2029	220,986		
Total Pledged Net Water Systems Revenue		1,545,230	56,977	56,218
Total Pledged Revenues		\$ 3,595,504	\$ 166,265	\$ 165,839

# 7. DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS LONG-TERM DEBT (In Thousands)

Narratives and tables presented in the following sections are taken directly from the audited financial statements of the San Diego Convention Center Corporation and the comprehensive annual financial report of the San Diego Housing Commission as of June 30, 2010.

## San Diego Convention Center Corporation

Type of Obligation	Interest Rate	Fiscal Year Maturity Date	Original Amount		Out	alance standing 30, 2010	 e Within ie Year
Compensated Absences					\$	1,244	\$ 1,244
Capital Leases Notes Payable:			\$	3,942		531	531
San Diego Unified Port District	0.00%	2011		10,000		500	500
Fifth Avenue Landing LLC	5.27%	2015		12,500		12,500	 
Total Notes Payable						13,000	 500
Total Long-Term Liabilities					\$	14,775	\$ 2,275

Annual requirements to amortize long-term debt as of June 30, 2010, are as follows:

Capital Lease	Capital Lease			Notes Payable							
Fiscal Year Ended June 30			Amount		Fiscal Year Ended June 30	d Principal		Interest			
2011	\$	543	2011	\$	500	\$	500				
Total minimum lease payments		543	2012		-		500				
Less: amount representing interest		(12)	2013		-		500				
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$	531	2014		-		500				
			2015		12,500		1,297				
			Total	\$	13,000	\$	3,297				

	Interest Maturity Original Outsta		alance standing	tanding Due Within				
Type of Obligation	Rate	Date	A	mount	June	30, 2010	Or	e Year
Compensated Absences					\$	1,442	\$	1,442
Notes Payable:								
Debts of SDHC								
JP Morgan Chase,								
dated June 1995	Variable	2012	\$	4,725		3,116		164
State of California								
(RHCP)	0.00%	2015		3,149		3,149		-
State of California								
(RHCP)	0.00%	2014		1,405		1,405		-
US Bank,								
dated November 2006	Variable	2012		20,550		19,009		258
Redevelopment Agency,								
dated March 1992	0.00%	2022		696		696		-
Redevelopment Agency,	1.00%							
dated March 18, 2010	forgivable	2065		3,099		3,099		-
Debts of the LLCs								
Greystone Servicing Corp, Inc.								
Fannie Mae (Belden)	7.32%	2040		12,320		12,272		121
Greystone Servicing Corp, Inc.								
Fannie Mae (Northern)	7.32%	2040		10,810		10,768		107
Greystone Servicing Corp, Inc.								
Fannie Mae (Central)	7.32%	2040		14,010		13,955		138
Total Notes Payable						67,469		788
Total Long-Term Liabilities					\$	68,911	\$	2,230

# San Diego Housing Commission (SDHC)

The interest rate for the JP Morgan Chase obligation as of June 30, 2010 was 3.14%. The variable rate in accordance with the loan agreement is equal to .65 times the sum of the Variable Index Rate plus 3%. The Variable Index Rate is defined as the most recently available monthly weighted average cost of funds for 11<sup>th</sup> District Savings Institutions published by the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco.

The interest rate for the US Bank obligation as of June 30, 2010 was 7.89%. The variable interest rate in accordance with the loan agreement is 2.6% plus LIBOR.

SDHC entered into an Interest Rate Swap Agreement with US Bank (the Swap Provider) to reduce the impact of changes in interest rates. Under the terms of the Swap Agreement, the Commission has agreed to pay interest to the Swap Provider at a fixed rate of 5.29% plus 2.6% exclusive of any fees, add-ons or other trustee or bank charges, while the Swap Provider has agreed to make SDHC's required monthly mortgage payment. The notional amount of the Swap Agreement is \$19,766. The Swap Agreement expires at maturity of the mortgage in 2011.

Pursuant to GASB No. 53, derivative instruments not meeting the criteria for hedge accounting are recorded at fair value on the Statement of Net Assets with any change in fair value reflected in the Statement of Activities in the period of change. The Commission recorded a liability for the fair value of the interest rate swap as of June 30, 2010 in the amount of \$1,276. During the year ended June 30, 2010, a gain in fair value of \$460 has been realized and is included in the Statement of Activities.

The US Bank loan represents the loan for the Smart Corner Building which houses the administrative offices of SDHC.

SDHC entered into a new loan agreement with RDA as of March 18, 2010, for the acquisition and rehabilitation of the Sanford Hotel. The loan from RDA is a forgivable loan, with a term of 55 years and 1% simple interest. The total approved loan amount is \$6,095 with \$3,099 disbursed during fiscal year 2010.

On December 30, 2009, Belden SDHC FNMA LLC, Central SDHC FNMA LLC and Northern SDHC FNMA LLC entered into debt agreements with Greystone Servicing Corp. Inc. in the amount of \$37 million. The debt agreement is to obtain financing to acquire over 350 affordable housing units in the City of San Diego. The FNMA loans were loans of the LLCs, not of SDHC. Each one of the loans is a nonrecourse obligation of the LLCs. Under the terms of the loan agreements, the LLCs agree to pay a fixed interest rate of 7.32% on the life of the loan through the maturity date January 1, 2040.

The American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 created the new Build America Bond program. State and local governments receive directly from the U.S. Treasury subsidy payments for a portion of their borrowing costs on Build America Bonds (BAB) equal to 35 percent of the total coupon interest paid. The Subsidy stream is paid for the full term of the bonds. The Belden SDHC FNMA LLC loan has been approved as a qualified direct subsidy BAB's loan. SDHC has received \$123 of subsidy payments in fiscal year 2010.

Notes Payable											
Fiscal Year Ended											
June 30	Principal Interest										
2011	\$	788	\$	4,270							
2012		22,096		3,185							
2013		423		2,670							
2014		1,860		2,637							
2015		3,639		2,603							
2016-2020		3,062		12,400							
2021-2025		5,107		11,051							
2026-2030		6,354		9,109							
2031-2035		9,151		6,311							
2036-2040		11,890		2,297							
2065		3,099		766							
Total	\$	67,469	\$	57,299							

The annual requirements to amortize such long-term debt as of June 30, 2010 are as follows:

# 8. SHORT-TERM NOTES PAYABLE (In Thousands)

The City issues Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes (TRANs) in advance of property tax collections, depositing the proceeds into the General Fund. These notes are necessary to meet the cash requirements of the City prior to the receipt of property taxes.

Short-term debt activity for the year ended June 30, 2010, was as follows:

	Beginning Ba	lance	Ac	Iditions	Re	ductions	Ending	Balance
Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes	\$	-	\$	124,070	\$	(124,070)	\$	-

The \$124,070 (FY10) TRANs issue had an interest rate of 2.0% and was repaid on April 30, 2010.

# 9. JOINT VENTURE and JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS (In Thousands)

## San Diego Medical Services Enterprise, LLC

A joint venture is a legal entity or other organization that results from a contractual arrangement and that is owned, operated, or governed by two or more participants as a separate and specific activity subject to joint control. San Diego Medical Services Enterprise, LLC (SDMSE) is a joint venture that is reported within the General Fund, in accordance with GASB 14.

The SDMSE partners are the City of San Diego and Rural Metro of San Diego, Inc., a wholly owned subsidiary of Rural Metro Corporation (a publicly traded corporation). The SDMSE governing board of managers is comprised of five members, three of whom are appointed by the City.

SDMSE was organized on May 2, 1997 to provide emergency medical services and medical transportation services to the citizens of San Diego. Operations began July 1, 1997, and the City currently has an agreement with Rural/Metro of San Diego, Inc. to provide emergency medical services and medical transportation services within the City through June 30, 2013.

The maximum funds which the City is required to contribute to the costs of SDMSE operations are limited to an aggregate of \$8,450 during the term of the third amended agreement. This aggregate includes a \$650 annual subsidy and any other amounts to be paid to the City since 1997 under the original contract, and any losses the City is required to cover under the extended contract, excluding any amount the City contributes for Medicare fee reimbursements. Cumulatively, the City has paid annual subsidies totaling \$5,700 as of June 30, 2010. Effective in fiscal year 2006, the City was no longer required to pay the \$650 annual subsidy and the Medicare fee reimbursements shall not exceed \$250 per fiscal year. In accordance with the operating agreement, profit and loss for each fiscal year is allocated equally to the members, subject to an aggregate limitation on loss to the City of \$8,450 (equal to the amount of subsidies discussed above). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, SDMSE reported a net income of \$4,529, a member distribution of \$4,800, and ending net assets of \$3,377.

Under the terms of an agreement between Rural/Metro of San Diego, Inc. and SDMSE, Rural/Metro of San Diego, Inc. has made available a line-of-credit in the initial amount of \$3,500 bearing an interest rate of 9.5%. SDMSE did not have an outstanding balance, nor did it borrow on the line-of-credit at June 30, 2010.

As described in detail in Note 22, in fiscal year 2011 the City sold to an affiliate of Rural Metro, Rural Metro of Southern California, the City's interest in SDMSE; therefore, the City no longer has any partnership interest in SDMSE.

Complete financial statements can be requested from San Diego Medical Services Enterprise, LLC, 8401 East Indian School Road, Scottsdale, Arizona 85251.

### San Diego Workforce Partnership

The City of San Diego and the County of San Diego jointly govern the San Diego Workforce Partnership (Consortium). The Consortium's Board of Directors consists of two members of the City Council, two members from the County Board of Supervisors, and one member of a charitable organization. The purpose of the Consortium is to provide regional employment and training services in order to develop and create job opportunities throughout San Diego County. The Consortium is empowered to make applications for and receive grants from governmental or private sources. The City does not appoint a majority of the Board, is not able to impose its will on the Consortium, and the Consortium is not fiscally dependent on the City. Therefore, it is the City's conclusion that the Consortium is a

Governmental Organization with a jointly appointed board and not a component unit of the City. However, in the event the Consortium incurs a liability it cannot financially handle, the City and the County have agreed to share in the payment of those obligations.

Complete financial statements can be requested from San Diego Workforce Partnership, Inc. 3910 University Avenue, Suite 400, San Diego, CA 92105.

# San Diego Geographic Information Source (SanGIS)

SanGIS was created in July 1997 as a joint powers agreement between the City of San Diego and the County of San Diego. SanGIS objectives are: to create and maintain a geographic information system; to market and license digital geographic data and software; to provide technical services; and to publish geographical and land-related information.

Complete financial statements can be requested from SanGIS, 5469 Kearny Villa Road, Suite 102, San Diego, CA 92123.

# 10. LEASE COMMITMENTS (In Thousands)

The City leases various properties and equipment. Leased property having elements of ownership are recorded as capital leases and reported as capital assets in the government-wide financial statements, along with a corresponding capital lease obligation. Leased property that does not have elements of ownership is reported as an operating lease and is expensed when paid.

## **Operating Leases**

The City's operating leases consist primarily of rental property occupied by City departments. The following is a schedule of future minimum rental payments required under operating leases entered into by the City for property that has initial or remaining non-cancelable lease terms in excess of one year as of June 30, 2010:

Year Ended	
June 30	 Amount
2011	\$ 11,558
2012	11,856
2013	11,721
2014	7,397
2015	782
2016-2020	2,842
2021-2025	 145
Total	\$ 46,301

Rent expense as related to operating leases was \$12,350 for the year ended June 30, 2010.

### Capital Leases

The City has entered into various capital leases for equipment and structures. These capital leases have maturity dates ranging from July 1 2010 through October 1, 2023 and interest rates ranging from 1.89% to 4.88%. A schedule of future minimum lease payments under capital leases as of June 30, 2010 is provided in Note 5. The value of all capital leased assets as of June 30, 2010 for governmental assets is \$106,032 net of accumulated depreciation of \$105,659. These amounts are categorized by major asset class in the table below.

Values of Capital Leased Assets by Major Asset Class							
		Gross	Net Book				
		Value	De	epreciation	Value		
<u>Governmental</u>							
Equipment	\$	163,464	\$	(60,455)	\$	103,009	
Structures & Improvement		48,227		(45,204)		3,023	
Total Governmental	\$	211,691	\$	(105,659)	\$	106,032	

### Lease Revenues

The City has operating leases for certain land, buildings, and facilities with tenants and concessionaires. Leased capital asset carrying values of approximately \$76,922, as well as depreciation, are reported in Note 4 and are consolidated with non-leased assets. Minimum annual lease revenues are reported in the following schedule:

Year Ended		
June 30	1	Amount
2011	\$	34,479
2012		33,744
2013		32,744
2014		32,046
2015		31,564
2016-2020		143,475
2021-2025		128,589
2026-2030		120,525
2031-2035		110,647
2036-2040		102,672
2041-2045		93,247
2046-2050		57,084
2051-2055		9,717
2056-2060		3,520
2061-2065		550
Total	\$	934,603
	-	

This amount does not include contingent rentals, which may be received under certain leases of property on the basis of percentage returns. Rental income as related to operating leases was \$76,895 for the year ended June 30, 2010, which includes contingent rentals of \$42,632.

# 11. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN (In Thousands)

The City, San Diego Convention Center Corporation (SDCCC), San Diego Data Processing Corporation (SDDPC), and San Diego Housing Commission (SDHC) each offer their employees a deferred compensation plan, created in accordance with Internal Revenue Service Code Section 457, State and Local Government Deferred Compensation Plans. These plans, available to eligible employees, permit them to defer, pre-tax, a portion of their salary until future years. Deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, disability, or an unforeseeable emergency. All assets and income of the deferred compensation plan are held in trust for the exclusive benefit of plan participants and their beneficiaries. The deferred compensation plans are not considered part of the City of San Diego's financial reporting entity.

# 12. PENSION PLANS (In Thousands)

The City has a defined benefit pension plan and various defined contribution pension plans covering substantially all of its employees.

## DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN

a. <u>Plan Description</u>

San Diego City Employees' Retirement System ("SDCERS"), as authorized by Article IX of the City Charter, is a public employee retirement system established in fiscal year 1927 by the City. SDCERS administers independent, qualified, single employer governmental defined benefit plans and trusts for the City, the San Diego Unified Port District (the "Port"), and the San Diego County Regional Airport Authority (the "Airport"). The assets of the three separate plans and trusts are pooled in the SDCERS Group Trust. These plans are administered by the SDCERS Board (the "Board") to provide retirement, disability, death and survivor benefits for its members. Amendments to the City's benefit provisions require City Council approval and amendments to retirement benefits require a majority vote by those SDCERS members who are also City employees or retirees. As of January 1, 2007, benefit increases also require a majority vote of the public. All approved benefit changes are codified in the City's Municipal Code.

The plans cover all eligible employees of the City, the Port, and the Airport. All City employees working half-time or greater and full-time employees of the Port and the Airport are eligible for membership and are required to join SDCERS. The Port and Airport are not component units of the City per GASB Statement No. 14; however, the financial statements of SDCERS Pension Trust do include the Port and the Airport activity and are reported in the trust and agency section of the CAFR.

The information disclosed in this note relates solely to the City's participation in SDCERS. City employment classes participating in the City's defined benefit plan ("Plan") are elected officers, general employees and safety employees (including police, fire and lifeguard members). These classes are represented by various unions depending on the type and nature of work performed, except for elected officials, unclassified and unrepresented employees.

	General	Safety	Total by Classification
Active Members	5,694	2,426	8,120
Terminated Members Retirees, Disabled	2,341	533	2,874
and Beneficiaries	4,555	3,026	7,581
Total Members, as of June 30, 2010	12,590	5,985	18,575

# City of San Diego Plan Membership as of June 30, 2010 (actual member count)

Source: Cheiron Actuarial Valuation as of June 30, 2010

As a defined benefit plan, retirement benefits are determined under the Plan primarily by a member's class, hire date, age at retirement, number of years of creditable service, and the member's final compensation. The Plan provides annual cost of living adjustments not to exceed 2% to retirees, which is factored into the actuarial

assumptions. Increases in retirement benefits due to cost of living adjustments do not require voter approval.

Final compensation is based upon either the highest salary earned over a consecutive twelve month period or the highest average salary earned over three one-year periods, depending on the member's hire date. To qualify for a service retirement benefit, the Plan requires ten years of service at age 62 for general members (55 for safety members) or 20 years of service at age 55 for general members (50 for safety members), which could include certain service purchased or service earned at a reciprocating government entity. Retirement benefits are awarded at various rates ranging from 1.0% to 3.5% of final compensation depending on the member's plan and hiring date; however, the rates for all general and safety members hired after January 1, 2012 have been reduced within this range as a result of negotiations with labor unions. The actual percentage of final compensation per year served component of the calculation rises as the employee's retirement age increases and depends on the retirement option selected by the employee. The maximum percentage of final compensation per year served is 2.8% for general members, 3% for safety members and 3.5% for elected officers. Depending on the number of years of service, participants of the Elected Officer's Retirement Plan can retire earlier than the age of 55; however, their retirement allowance is reduced by 2.0% for each year under the age of 55.

### Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP)

The Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP) is a program designed to allow members an alternate method of accruing additional retirement benefits from the Plan while they continue to work for the City. Only members hired before July 1, 2005 are eligible to participate in DROP. A member must be eligible for a service retirement to enter DROP. In addition, the member must agree to participate in the program for a specific period, up to a maximum of five years. A DROP participant must agree to end employment with the City on or before the end of the selected DROP participation period. The member's decision to enter DROP is irrevocable.

Upon entering DROP, the participant stops making pension contributions to SDCERS and stops earning service credit. Instead, amounts equivalent to the participant's retirement benefit plus additional DROP contributions are credited to an interest bearing individual account held in the participant's name. Effective January 1, 2011, the annual interest credited to DROP participant accounts is 2.3% while the participant is employed by the City. When the participant leaves DROP and retires from City service, the participant's DROP account balance may be paid in a lump sum, rolled over to another plan, or converted to monthly payments over either 240 months or the participant's life expectancy. The DROP annuity factor used to calculate the monthly payments is 4.8% effective January 1, 2011. Outstanding liabilities for DROP are shown on the Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets in the basic financial statements. During the period of participation, the participant continues to receive most of the employer offered benefits available to regular employees with exception to earning service credit, as previously discussed.

#### Purchase of Service Credits

Plan members hired prior to July 1, 2005 are permitted to purchase service credits to be used in determining retirement allowances. The cost of purchased service credits is determined by the Board and must be equal to both the employer and employee cost of the service.

Prior to August 15, 2003, the cost of purchased service credits to employees was priced below actual cost. On August 15, 2003, the Board became aware of and corrected the under-pricing; however, the Board continued to allow employees to purchase service credits at the below-cost rate until November 1, 2003, in violation of the Municipal Code. In November 2007, the City challenged this action in court and in November 2008, the trial court ruled, and in June 2010 an appellate court later affirmed, that the employees had underpaid for the purchased

service credits and that the Board was prohibited from requiring the City make up the underfunded amount by including it in the UAAL. The Board has determined not to further appeal this ruling and the costs associated with the under-priced purchased service credits will not be borne by the City. SDCERS is currently implementing corrections for the under-priced purchased service credits, which include refunding purchased amounts, requiring additional payments from employees, or reducing credits purchased to the amount of the actual payments received. According to the June 30, 2010 actuarial valuation, the City's UAAL has been reduced by approximately \$50,000 as a result of the purchased service credit cost recovery process. This amount may be adjusted in future years to reflect the actual cost of the purchased service credit cost recovery process.

### Preservation of Benefit Plan

The POB Plan is a qualified governmental excess benefit arrangement (QEBA) under Internal Revenue Code (IRC) section 415(m), which was created by Congress to allow the payment of promised pension benefits that exceed the IRC section 415(b) limits (and therefore cannot be paid from a qualified retirement plan). As provided in SDMC section 24.1606 and required by federal tax law, the POB Plan is unfunded within the meaning of the federal tax laws. The City may not pre-fund the POB Plan to cover future liabilities beyond the current year as it can with an IRC section 401(a) pension plan. SDCERS has established procedures to pay for these benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis which is funded by the City.

In Fiscal Year 2010, approximately \$1,400 in benefits above 415(b) limits were paid by the City for the POB Plan. The number of participants in any given year for the POB Plan is determined by the number of Plan participants who exceed the current year's §415(b) limitations as calculated by SDCERS' actuary. The maximum annual participant payment from a defined benefit plan for the calendar year 2010 was \$195 and is adjusted downward depending on the age of the participant when benefits began. In fiscal year 2010, the City's POB ARC was approximately \$1,000; however, the City contributed approximately \$1,400 to the POB Plan, and therefore, the \$400 excess contribution, was offset against the City's prior year Net Pension Obligation (NPO). Additionally, the Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) related to the POB Plan is approximately \$9,144 as of July 1, 2010 which is required to be paid on a pay-as-you-go basis. Financial statements for the Preservation of Benefits Plan are included in the Trust & Agency section of this report.

### b. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies – Pension

*Basis of Accounting* - The pension trust fund uses the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Contributions are recognized as additions in the period in which the contributions are due and a formal commitment to provide the contributions has been made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the Plan.

Method Used to Value Investments - SDCERS' investments are stated at fair value. The SDCERS custodial agent provides market values of invested assets with the exception of the fair value of directly owned real estate assets which are provided by the responsible investment manager and independent third party appraisal firms. Investment income is recognized in accordance with GASB 25 and is stated net of investment management fees and related expenses.

### c. <u>Contributions and Reserves - Disclosure Related to Long - Term Contracts and Other Agreements</u>

#### **Offset Agreements**

The City has historically negotiated employee retirement contribution offsets with certain employee groups meaning the City has paid a portion of the employee's retirement contributions. For instance, in fiscal year 2009,

the City made offset payments of employee retirement contributions ranging from 5.89 percent for elected officials and 1.4 percent for employees represented by the Municipal Employees Association (MEA), which represents white-collar workers. All eligible employees received some level of contribution offset. In recent years, such offsets have been reduced and for fiscal year 2012 the City has only two such arrangements. The City currently pays retirement contribution offsets of 2.3% for members of Teamsters Local 911, which represents employees in the lifeguard service, and 0.4% for members of MEA.

# Funding Commitments Related to Legal Settlements—McGuigan Settlement

The City employer contributions for fiscal years 1996 – 2005 were not based on the full actuarial rates. Instead, employer contributions were less than the full actuarial rates in accordance with agreements between the City and SDCERS, commonly referred to as Manager's Proposal 1 (MP-1) and Manager's Proposal 2 (MP-2). The underfunding of the pension system resulted in numerous lawsuits, most of which have been settled by the City.

In September 2006, the City entered into a settlement of McGuigan v. City of San Diego (the "McGuigan Settlement") related to the underfunding by the City of the pension system. Under the McGuigan Settlement, the City was obligated to pay into SDCERS approximately \$173,000 in excess of its required contributions no later than June 8, 2011. Prior to fiscal year 2010, the City made approximately \$144,000 in additional payments to SDCERS to meet, in part, the terms of the McGuigan Settlement and, on June 30, 2010, entered into an agreement with Bank of America to satisfy the remaining obligation. Under the terms of the agreement, the bank made payment to SDCERS on behalf of the City in an amount of approximately \$32,800. The City is required to repay the bank in four annual payments of approximately \$9.0 commencing July 1, 2011. In addition to the payment made to SDCERS by the bank on behalf of the City, the City contributed an additional \$5,600 of accrued interest to SDCERS. The McGuigan Settlement was fully funded by the arrangement with Bank of America described above, the securitization of future tobacco revenue, transfers of actual tobacco revenue receipts, additional employee "pick up" savings, and City contributions made in excess of the ARC.

### d. Funding Policy and Contribution Rates

City Charter Article IX Section 143 requires employees and employers to contribute to the retirement Plan. The Charter section stipulates that funding obligations of the City shall be determined by the Board of SDCERS and are not subject to modification by the City. The section also stipulates that under no circumstances may the City and Board enter into any multi-year funding agreements that delay full funding of the retirement Plan. The Charter requires that employer contributions for normal retirement allowances be substantially equal to employee contributions. SDCERS' legal counsel has opined that this requirement applies to the current normal cost contribution only and not to changes in unfunded liabilities resulting from market or actuarial gains or losses. This matter is currently being litigated between SDCERS and the City.

Pursuant to the Charter, City employer contribution rates, adjusted for payment at the beginning of the year, are actuarially determined rates and are expressed as a fixed annual required contribution as well as percentages of annual covered payroll. The entire expense of SDCERS' administration is charged against the earnings and Plan assets of SDCERS.

The following table shows the City's contribution rates (weighted average of each employee group) for fiscal year 2010, based on the valuation ended June 30, 2008, expressed as percentages of active payroll:

		Employer Contribution Rates	5
	General Members	Elected Members	Safety Members
Normal Cost*	8.46%	19.81%	14.85%
Amortization Payment*	13.97%	24.96%	21.58%
Normal Cost Adjusted for Amortization Payment*	22.43%	44.77%	36.43%
City Contribution Rates Adjusted for Payment at the Beginning of the Year	21.60%	33.33%	35.06%

\* Rates assume that contributions are made uniformly during the Plan year.

Normal Cost = The actuarial present value of pension plan benefits allocated to the current year by the actuarial cost method.

Amortization Payment = The portion of the pension plan contribution which is designed to pay interest on and to amortize the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Members are required to contribute a percentage of their annual salary to the Plan on a biweekly basis. Rates vary according to entry age. For fiscal year 2010, the City employee contribution rates as a percentage of annual covered payroll averaged 10.01% for general members and 12.46% for safety members. A portion of the employee's share, depending on the employee's member class, may be paid by the City as a retirement offset. In fiscal year 2010, the amount paid by the City ranges from 0.00% to 5.89% of covered payroll for general members and the rate for safety Plan members ranges from 0.00% to 5.30%. Employee contribution offsets paid by the City, amounting to approximately \$7,367 in fiscal year 2010, are made from the City's operating budget. The amount paid on behalf of the employees has been renegotiated through the meet and confer process which reduced the amount of the employee contribution paid by the City.

On September 2, 2008, Council approved O-19781 which amended Chapter 2, Article 4, Division 15 of the San Diego Municipal Code. The intent of the amendment was to eliminate the concept of "Surplus Earnings" (earnings in excess of those earned using the assumed actuarial rate of return) which was the historical term for the funds used to pay for supplemental and contingent benefits. In accordance with these revised SDMC sections, these benefits are distributed to various SDCERS system reserves, SDCERS budget, and contingent benefits. The order of distribution and a more detailed discussion of each distribution follows: First, Plan assets are used to credit interest, at a rate determined by the SDCERS Board, which is currently 7.75%, to the Employer and Employee Contribution Reserves and 2.3% to DROP member accounts. Second, Plan assets are used to fund the SDCERS Annual Budget. Third, Plan assets are distributed for supplemental or contingent payments or transfers to reserves. These items include in a priority order: 1) Annual Supplement Benefit Payment ("13th Check") paid to retirees which ranges from \$30 to \$75 (whole dollars) times the number of years of service credit. 2) Corbett Settlement Payment paid to retirees who terminated employment prior to July 1, 2000 (Corbett Settlement payments not paid in any one year accrue to the next year and remain an obligation of SDCERS until paid). 3) Crediting interest to the Reserve for Supplemental Cost of Living Adjustment ("COLA").

### e. Funded Status and Funding Progress

	Actuarial	Actuarial					UAAL as a Percentage
Actuarial	Value of	Accrued		Funded	(	Covered	of Covered
Valuation	Assets	Liability	UAAL	Ratio		Payroll	Payroll
Date	(a)	(b)	(b - a)	(a/b)		(c)	((b – a)/c)
6/30/2010	\$ 4,382,047	\$ 6,527,224	\$ 2,145,177	67.13%	\$	530,238	404.57%

The following table summarizes the Plan's funding status as of the most recent valuation date:

The required schedule of funding progress immediately following the notes to the financial statements presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of Plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

### f. Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligation

#### **Annual Pension Cost**

The City's annual pension cost for fiscal year 2010 is based on the SDCERS June 30, 2008 Actual Valuation. The following table summarizes the principal actuarial methods and assumptions used to calculate the annual pension cost for the fiscal year 2010:

Description	Method/Assumption
Actuarial Method	Entry Age Normal (EAN) <sup>1</sup>
Amortization Method	Level percent closed
Equivalent single amortization period	19 years <sup>2</sup>
Asset smoothing method	Expected Value Method
Annual Rate of Return on Investments	7.75%, net of administrative expenses
Inflation Rate	4.00% per year, compounded annually
Cost of Living Adjustment	2.00% per year, compounded annually
Projected salary increases due to inflation	4.00% per year

The actuarial value of assets was determined using a methodology that smoothes the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments. The valuations performed prior to Fiscal Year 2008 assumed an 8% annual rate of return. Additionally, the valuations performed prior to Fiscal Year 2007 amortized the UAAL over a fixed 30-year closed period. For valuations effective June 30 2007, the Board adopted a 20-year closed

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The entry age normal actuarial cost method is designed to fund a member's total plan benefit over the course of his or her career and to produce stable employer contributions in amounts that increase at the same rate as the employer's payroll (i.e., level % of payroll). SDCERS adopted this actuarial cost method as of the June 30, 2007 Actuarial Valuation.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> 19 years for the outstanding balance of the 2007 unfunded actuarial liability, 15 years for experience gains and losses, 30 years for changes in methods and assumptions, 5 years for benefit changes.

amortization schedule with no negative amortization and a 15-year closed amortization schedule for gains and losses beginning in fiscal year 2008.

The following table shows the City's annual pension cost ("APC") and the percentage of APC contributed for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010 and two preceding years (in thousands):

Fiscal Year Ended		Percentage	Net	Pension
June 30	APC	Contributed	Ol	oligation
2008	\$ 145,077	114.82%	\$	173,852
2009	167,529	97.66%		177,767
2010	156,346	124.01%		140,233

### **Net Pension Obligation**

Net Pension Obligation (NPO) is the cumulative difference, since the effective date of GASB Statement No. 27 (fiscal year 1998, with a 10-year look back), between the annual pension cost and the employer's contributions to the Plan. This includes the pension liability at transition (beginning pension liability) and excludes short term differences and unpaid contributions that have been converted to pension-related debt. As of June 30, 2010, the City's NPO is approximately \$140,233 and is reported in accordance with GASB 27. See table above.

The change to NPO is derived by first calculating the City's Annual Required Contribution ("ARC"). The ARC is calculated by actuarially determining the cost of pension benefits accrued during the year (normal cost) as well as the annual amount needed to amortize the UAAL (amortization cost) as reported by the actuary, in accordance with the amortization period and method selected. The ARC is then increased by interest accruing on any outstanding NPO (NPO Interest) and then reduced by the amortization of the UAAL that is related to the NPO (ARC Adjustment).

The following shows the calculation for NPO based on the actuarial information provided to the City (in thousands):

ARC [Fiscal Year 2010]	\$ 155,200
Interest on NPO	13,777
ARC Adjustment	 (12,631)
Annual Pension Cost	156,346
Contributions [Fiscal Year 2010]	 (193,880)
Change in NPO	(37,534)
NPO Beginning of Year [July 1, 2009]	 177,767
NPO End of Year [June 30, 2010]	\$ 140,233

#### DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLANS

#### a. Supplemental Pension Savings Plan - City

Pursuant to the City's withdrawal from the Federal Social Security System effective January 8, 1982, the City established the Supplemental Pension Savings Plan ("SPSP"). Pursuant to the Federal Government's mandate of a Social Security Medicare tax for all employees not covered by Social Security hired on or after April 1, 1986, the City established the Supplemental Pension Savings Plan-Medicare ("SPSP-M"). The SPSP and SPSP-M Plans were merged into a single plan ("SPSP") on November 12, 2004 for administrative simplification, without a change in benefits. Pursuant to the requirements of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1990 ("OBRA-90") requiring employee coverage under a retirement system in lieu of coverage under the Federal Insurance

Contributions Act ("FICA") effective July 1, 1991, the City established the Supplemental Pension Savings Plan-Hourly ("SPSP-H"). These supplemental plans are defined contribution plans administered by Wells Fargo to provide pension benefits for eligible employees. There are no plan members who belong to an entity other than the City. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings, less investment losses. The City's general retirement members and lifeguard members of the City's safety retirement members participate in the plan. Eligible employees may participate from the date of employment; however, as of July 1, 2009, the plan is closed to new entrants.

The following table details plan participation as of June 30, 2010:

<u>Plan</u>	Participants
SPSP	7,880
SPSP – H	4,144

The SPSP Plan requires that both the employee and the City contribute an amount equal to 3% of the employee's total salary each pay period. Participants in the Plan hired before July 1, 1986 may voluntarily contribute up to an additional 4.5% and participants hired on or after July 1, 1986 may voluntarily contribute up to an additional 3.05% of total salary, with the City matching each. Hourly employees contribute 3.75% on a mandatory basis which is also matched by City contributions.

Under the SPSP Plan, the City's contributions for each employee (and interest allocated to the employee's account) are fully vested after five years of continuous service at a rate of 20% for each year of service. Hourly employees are immediately 100% vested. The unvested portion of City contributions and interest forfeited by employees who leave employment before five years of service are used to reduce the City's cost.

In fiscal year 2010, the City and the covered employees contributed approximately \$17,283 and \$20,514, respectively. As of June 30, 2010, the fair value of plan assets totaled approximately \$520,618. SPSP is considered part of the City of San Diego's financial reporting entity and is reported as a pension and employee savings trust fund.

# b. 401(a) Plan - City

The City established a 401(a) Plan for all General Member employees hired on or after July 1, 2009. The 401(a) Plan is a defined contribution plan administered by Wells Fargo to provide pension benefits for eligible employees. Employees are eligible to participate from date of employment. Employees contribute 1% on a mandatory basis which is matched by City contributions. Additionally, employees can make voluntary contributions to their 401(a) Plan accounts through payroll deductions not to exceed IRS limits. Voluntary contributions to the plan are not matched by the City.

The City and employees contributed approximately \$43 and \$106, respectively, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010. As of June 30, 2010, the fair value of plan assets totaled approximately \$145. The 401(a) Plan is considered part of the City's financial reporting entity and is reported as a pension and employee savings trust fund.

### c. <u>401(k) Plan - City</u>

The City established a 401(k) Plan effective July 1, 1985. The 401(k) Plan is a defined contribution plan administered by Wells Fargo to provide pension benefits for eligible employees. Employees are eligible to participate from date of employment. Employees make contributions to their 401(k) Plan accounts through payroll

### deductions.

The employees' 401(k) contributions are based on IRS calendar year limits. Employees contributed approximately \$14,156 during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010. There is no City contribution towards the 401(k) Plan.

As of June 30, 2010, the fair value of plan assets totaled approximately \$238,513. The 401(k) Plan is considered part of the City's financial reporting entity and is reported as a pension and employee savings trust fund.

#### a) Pension Plan - Centre City Development Corporation (CCDC)

CCDC has a Money Purchase Pension Plan covering all full-time permanent employees (the "CCDC Plan"). The CCDC Plan is a defined contribution plan under which benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. Employees are eligible to participate on the first day of the month following 90 days after their date of employment. During each year, CCDC contributes semi-monthly an amount equal to 8% of the total quarterly compensation for all employees. CCDC's contributions for each employee are fully vested after six years of continuous service. CCDC's total payroll (excluding benefits) in fiscal year 2010 was approximately \$3,481. CCDC contributions were calculated using the base salary amount of approximately \$3,434. CCDC made the required 8% contribution amounting to approximately \$207 (net of forfeitures) for fiscal year 2010.

In addition, CCDC has a Tax Deferred Annuity Plan covering all full-time permanent employees. The CCDC Plan is a defined contribution plan under which benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan by the employer and the employees, plus investment earnings. Employees are eligible to participate on the first day of the month following 90 days after their date of employment. During each plan year, CCDC contributes semi-monthly an amount equal to 16% of the total semi-monthly compensation for eligible employees. CCDC's contributions for each employee are fully vested at time of contribution. The Tax Deferred Annuity Plan includes amounts deposited by employees prior to CCDC becoming a contributor to the CCDC Plan. CCDC made the required 16% contribution amounting to approximately \$549 for fiscal year 2010.

The fiduciary responsibilities of CCDC consist of making contributions and remitting deposits collected. The City does not hold these assets in a trustee or agency capacity for CCDC; therefore, these assets are not reported within the City's basic financial statements.

#### e. Pension Plan - San Diego Convention Center Corporation (SDCCC)

SDCCC's Money Purchase Pension Plan (the "SDCCC Plan") became effective January 1, 1986. The SDCCC Plan is a qualified defined contribution plan and as such, benefits depend on amounts contributed to the SDCCC Plan plus investment earnings less allowable plan expenses. The SDCCC Plan covers employees not otherwise entitled to a retirement/pension plan provided through a collective bargaining unit agreement. Employees are eligible at the earlier of the date on which they complete six months of continuous full-time service, or the twelve-month period beginning on the hire date (or any subsequent Plan year) during which they complete 1,000 hours of service. Effective January 1, 2009, employees are eligible to participate in the Plan on the first day of the month after completion of 1,000 hours of service during the twelve-month period beginning on hire date (or during any subsequent Plan years).

A plan year is defined as a calendar year. SDCCC's balance for each eligible employee is vested gradually over five years of continuing service with an eligible employee becoming fully vested after five years. Forfeitures and SDCCC Plan expenses are allocated in accordance with Plan provisions. A trustee bank holds the SDCCC Plan assets. The City does not act in a trustee or agency capacity for the SDCCC plan; therefore, these assets are not reported within the City's basic financial statements.

For the year ended June 30, 2010, pension expenses for the SDCCC Plan amounted to \$1,422. SDCCC records pension expenses during the fiscal year based upon estimated covered compensation.

### f. Pension Plan - San Diego Data Processing Corporation (SDDPC)

SDDPC administers a Money Purchase Pension Plan (the "SDDPC Plan") covering substantially all employees. The SDDPC Plan is a defined contribution plan, wherein benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. Employees are eligible to participate from the date of employment. During each plan year, SDDPC contributes monthly an amount equal to 20% of the total monthly compensation for all employees. SDDPC contributions for each employee are fully vested after four years of continuing service. The City does not act in a trustee or agency capacity for the SDDPC Plan; therefore, these assets are not reported within the City's basic financial statements. In fiscal year 2010, SDDPC made the required 20% contribution, amounting to approximately \$3,972.

SDDPC also administers a Tax Sheltered Annuity Plan, a voluntary defined contribution plan covering all employees of SDDPC who are eligible for membership as defined by the plan document. There are no employer contributions to this plan.

# g. Pension Plan - San Diego Housing Commission (SDHC)

SDHC provides pension benefits for all its full-time employees through a defined contribution plan (the "SDHC Plan"). In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. Employees are eligible to participate on the first day of their employment. SDHC's contributions for each employee (and interest allocated to the employee's account) are fully vested after four years of continuous service. SDHC's contributions for, and interest forfeited by, employees who leave employment before four years of service are used to reduce the SDHC's current-period contribution requirement. SDHC's covered payroll in fiscal year 2010 was approximately \$13,616. SDHC made the required 14% contribution, amounting to approximately \$1,906 and plan members contributed \$73 for fiscal year 2010. The City does not act in a trustee or agency capacity for the SDHC Plan; therefore, these assets are not reported within the City's basic financial statements.

### h. Pension Plan - Southeastern Economic Development Corporation (SEDC)

SEDC has a 403(b) Tax Sheltered Annuity Plan (Defined Contribution Plan) covering all employees (the "SEDC Plan"). The plan is currently administered by VLP Corporate Services, LLP with Merrill Lynch as the investment advisor. Employees are eligible on their date of employment, and SEDC contributes an amount equal to 12% of all employees' salaries. SEDC's total payroll in fiscal year 2010 was approximately \$767 and SEDC made the required 403(b) contribution totaling \$108 for fiscal year 2010. SEDC Plan members contributed an additional \$54. The City does not act in a trustee or agency capacity for the SEDC Plan; therefore, these assets are not reported within the City's basic financial statements.

# 13. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (In Thousands)

# a. Plan Description

The City provides postemployment healthcare benefits to gualifying general, safety and elected members, as provided for in San Diego Municipal Code (SDMC) Sections 24.1201 through 24.1204. The Other Postemployment Benefit Plan (the "OPEB Plan") is a single-employer plan, managed by SDCERS, and includes approximately 5,400' retirees, 7,400<sup>1</sup> active employees and 800<sup>1</sup> terminated vested members as of June 30, 2010. Postemployment healthcare benefits are primarily for health eligible retirees, not inclusive of dependents, who were actively employed on or after October 5, 1980 and were otherwise entitled to retirement allowances. Additionally, employees must have 10 years of service with the City to receive 50% of the retiree health benefit and receive an additional 5% per year of service in excess of 10 years, resulting in a maximum benefit of 100% at 20 years of service. Health eligible retirees can obtain health insurance coverage with the plan of their choice, including any City sponsored, union sponsored, or privately secured health plan. Health eligible retirees who are also eligible for Medicare are entitled to receive reimbursement/payment of healthcare premiums, ranging from approximately \$8,400<sup>1</sup> to \$8,800<sup>1</sup> per year depending on retirement date, in addition to reimbursement/payment for Medicare Part B premiums, which is limited to approximately \$1,200<sup>1</sup> per year. Health eligible retirees who are not eligible for Medicare are entitled to receive reimbursement/payment of healthcare premiums, ranging from approximately \$8,9001 to \$9,4001 per year depending on retirement date. Reimbursements for health eligible retirees are adjusted annually based upon the projected increase for National Health Expenditures by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (Annual Inflator). Annual adjustments may not exceed 10% for any plan year. Nonhealth eligible employees who retired or terminated prior to October 6, 1980 and who are otherwise eligible for retirement allowances are also eligible for reimbursement/payment of healthcare benefits limited to a total of \$1,200<sup>1</sup> per year. Reimbursements for non-health eligible retirees are not subject to annual adjustments.

The City's postemployment healthcare benefit plan is closed to employees hired on or after July 1, 2005; however, this is being challenged in court by certain employee groups who contend that due to delays in codification of benefit changes into the Municipal Code, the effective cutoff date would instead be February 16, 2007, which is when the Ordinance O-19567 was officially codified in the Municipal Code. The court ruled in favor of the City but the matter is currently on appeal.

In addition, the Annual Inflator associated with the benefit was frozen for active employees, effective July 1, 2009 and continues until June 30, 2011, pending further negotiation. Employees retiring during that period are not entitled to the Annual Inflator. However, employees retiring after June 30, 2011 are entitled to the inflator with exception to POA and Local 127 members.

In fiscal year 2010, the City established a trust vehicle for a defined contribution plan to fund retiree medical benefits for General member employees hired after July 1, 2009 who are excluded from the OPEB Plan. This defined contribution plan requires a mandatory employee contribution of 0.25% of gross salary with a corresponding 0.25% match by the City. Legislative and Safety members are ineligible for this plan.

# b. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

*Basis of Accounting* - The postemployment healthcare trust fund uses the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Contributions are recognized as additions in the period in which the contributions are due and a formal commitment to provide the contributions has been made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the OPEB Plan.

Method Used to Value Investments - CalPERS, which administers the retirement benefits trust described below, states investments at fair value. Certain construction projects and alternative investments are reported at cost, which

Reported as a whole number.

approximates market value. Mortgages are valued on the basis of their future principal and interest payments discounted at prevailing interest rates for similar instruments. The fair value of real estate investments, principally rental property subject to long-term net leases, is estimated based on independent appraisals.

## c. Contributions and Reserves

In accordance with SDMC Section 24.1204, postemployment healthcare benefits are to be paid by the City, directly, from any source available to it other than the Pension Plan. Members of the OPEB Plan do not have contribution requirements related to their own coverage; however, are required to pay for the benefits of their beneficiaries (amounts vary based on coverage elections). In fiscal year 2010, the City contributed \$31,689 to the Post-Employment Healthcare Benefit Plan.

In addition to current retirees and beneficiaries, the OPEB Plan includes active and terminated vested members, and therefore, the City also pre-funds future expenses related to postemployment healthcare benefits through an investment trust administered by CaIPERS. The CaIPERS Employers Retirement Benefits Trust (CERBT) requires the City to pre-fund in an amount not less than \$5 annually. An ARC for the OPEB Plan is calculated by the City's actuary on an annual basis.

The City plans to continue funding current year postemployment healthcare benefits from the pay-as-you-go trust fund (Post Employment Healthcare Benefit Plan) until it is able to pay the ARC in full. Additionally, the City plans to contribute approximately \$10,000 to \$15,000 per year to the CERBT, not to exceed \$25,000, for Fiscal Years 2012 through 2015 to pre-fund future Other Postemployment Benefits. All contributions to the CERBT become trust assets.

The City contributed approximately \$25,000 to the CERBT in fiscal year 2010. As of June 30, 2010, the balance in the CERBT was approximately \$72,720. This balance is inclusive of all contributions to the plan as well as Fiscal Year 2010 annual investment gains and administrative expenses amounting to approximately \$6,274 and \$50, respectively.

### d. Funded Status and Funding Progress

				Sch	edule	of Funded Statu	JS			
	A	ctuarial		Actuarial						UAAL as % of
	١	/alue of		Accrued			Funded			Covered
Valuation		Assets	Lia	ability (AAL)	Un	funded AAL	Ratio	Cov	ered Payroll	Payroll
Date		(a)		(b)		(b-a)	(a/b)		(C)	((b-a)/c)
06/30/10	\$	72,720	\$	1,200,910	\$	1,128,190	6.06%	\$	472,561	238.74%

The following table summarizes the OPEB Plan's funding status as of the most recent valuation date:

The schedules presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements present information regarding the funding status and employer contributions for the current and preceding fiscal years. The Schedule of Funding Progress is intended to present information about whether the actuarial values of plan assets are increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits. The Schedule of Employer Contributions is intended to present trend information about the amounts contributed to the OPEB Plan by employers in comparison to the ARC determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 43. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost for each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future, and actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Actuarial calculations are based on the benefits provided under the terms of the substantive plan in effect at the time of each valuation. Additionally, actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective and include methods and assumptions that are designed to reduce short-term volatility of

actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets. The following table summarizes the more significant actuarial methods and assumptions used to calculate the ARC for the fiscal year 2010 (actuarial valuation for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008) as well as for the most current actuarial valuation (ended June 30, 2010):

Description	Method/Assumption
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level Dollar
Remaining Amortization Period	30 years, open
Actuarial Asset Valuation Method	Fair Value
Discount Rate	6.69%*
Inflation Rate	N/A**
Projected Payroll Increases	N/A**
Health Care Cost Trend Rate	10% grading down 0.5% each year to 5%

\* Determined as a blended rate based on the City's partial contributions to the Plan.

\*\* Postemployment healthcare benefits are not based on inflation or payroll, but rather are determined based on the Health Care Cost Trend Rate.

Source: Buck Consultants

### e. Other Postemployment Benefit Cost and Net OPEB Obligation (NOPEBO)

The following table presents the annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed during the fiscal year, and the net OPEB obligation at the end of fiscal year 2010 as well as for the two preceding fiscal years:

Fiscal Year Ended	Annual OPEB Cost	Percentage Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation				
06/30/08	\$ 91,346	58.63%	\$	37,793			
06/30/09	105,583	46.88%		93,878			
06/30/10	115,442	49.11%		152,631			

As the administrator of the OPEB Plan, the City implemented GASB Statements 43 and 45 in fiscal year 2008 and elected to report a zero net OPEB obligation at the beginning of the transition year. The following table shows the calculation of the City's net OPEB obligation of the OPEB Plan for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010 (based on the valuation ended June 30, 2008):

ARC [Fiscal Year 2010]	\$ 113,426
Interest on NOPEBO	6,280
ARC Adjustment	 (4,264)
Annual OPEB Cost	 115,442
Contributions [Fiscal Year 2010]	 (56,689)
Change in NOPEBO	58,753
NOPEBO Beginning of Year [July 1, 2009]	93,878
NOPEBO End of Year [June 30, 2010]	\$ 152,631

# 14. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS (In Thousands)

Interfund Working Capital Advance (WCA) balances are the result of loans between funds that are expected to be repaid in excess of one year. The majority of the advances, approximately \$6,837, are advances from the Housing and Urban Development (HUD) Section 108 grant funds to RDA. Interfund WCA balances at June 30, 2010 are as follows:

	Benefitting	Fund (Payable)
Contributing Fund		
(Receivable)	NonMajor	Governmental
NonMajor Governmental	\$	7,437

Interfund receivable and payable balances are the result of loans between funds that are expected to be repaid during the next fiscal year, as well as amounts due for services provided. \$1,000 represents a loan from the General Fund to Publishing Services to cover their cash deficit, and \$5,385 represents a loan from Development Services to cover a deficit in the Subdivision Fund. Interfund receivable/payable balances at June 30, 2010 are as follows:

	Benefitting Fund (Payable)											
Contributing Fund (Receivable)	General Fund		onMajor ernmental	Internal Service		wer tility		ater tility		major rprise		Total
General Fund Nonmajor Governmental Nonmajor Enterprise	\$ - - -	\$	- 865 5,385	\$ 1,000 _	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,000 865 5,385
Internal Service	220		-			24		99		29		372
Total	\$ 220	\$	6,250	\$ 1,000	\$	24	\$	99	\$	29	\$	7,622

The Sewer Utility Fund has an interfund loan receivable of \$3,487, and the Black Mountain Ranch FBA Fund, a capital projects fund, has a corresponding interfund payable for advanced FBA project funding. In order to expedite construction, the Sewer Utility Fund agreed to finance the Carmel Valley Trunk Sewer project. A portion of this project was deemed the responsibility of the Carmel Valley area developers and is intended to be reimbursed during fiscal year 2012 from FBA Fund assessment revenue.

PFFA issued pooled financing bonds, Series 2007 A and B for the purpose of making loans to RDA to be used for financing and refinancing redevelopment activities in the Southcrest, Central Imperial, and Mount Hope Redevelopment Project Areas. The PFFA debt service fund has an interfund loan receivable of \$32,780 and RDA has an aggregate interfund loan payable of \$32,780. Since these loans are between governmental funds, the interfund receivable and payable are eliminated through the government-wide conversion.

Interfund transfers result from the transfer of assets without the expectation of repayment. Transfers are most commonly used to (1) move revenues from the fund in which it is legally required to collect them into the fund which is legally required to expend them, including TOT, Storm Drain, and TransNet funds collected in said funds but legally spent within the General Fund, (2) utilize unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds, in accordance with budgetary authorizations, and (3) move tax revenues collected in the special revenue funds to capital projects and debt service funds to pay for the capital projects and debt service needs during the fiscal year.

# Interfund transfer balances for the year ended June 30, 2010 are as follows:

	Benefiting Fund												
Contributing Fund	Ge	neral Fund		lonmajor vernmental		ewer Itility		Vater Jtility		onmajor Iterprise		nternal Service	Total
General Fund	\$	-	\$	28,426	\$	-	\$	200	\$	-	\$	9,957	\$ 38,583
Nonmajor Governmental		140,595		336,757		-		137		2,212		938	480,639
Sewer Utility		-		883		-		-		-		119	1,002
Water Utility		-		612		-		-		-		2	614
Nonmajor Enterprise		-		433		-		-		30		65	528
Internal Service		5,723		55		316		245		222	_	36	 6,597
Total	\$	146,318	\$	367,166	\$	316	\$	582	\$	2,464	\$	11,117	\$ 527,963

# 15. RISK MANAGEMENT (In Thousands)

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, including theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. The City has established various self-insurance programs and maintains contracts with various insurance companies to manage excessive risks.

The City maintains an excess liability insurance policy in collaboration with a statewide joint powers authority risk pool, the California State Association of Counties-Excess Insurance Authority (CSAC-EIA) for amounts up to \$50,000. The City's self-insurance retention amount is \$4,000.

The City offers a cafeteria-style flexible benefits plan. For Municipal Employees' Association (MEA) and Local-127 represented employees, this plan requires employees to choose a health plan unless covered elsewhere, and also a life insurance plan. It also gives employees the option of obtaining dental and/or vision insurance. For all other employees, the benefits plan is the same, with the exception that \$50 of City-paid life insurance is automatically provided outside of the flexible benefit credit. Employees receive flexible benefit dollars as taxable earnings and may use those dollars for medical/dental/vision and childcare reimbursement accounts.

The City is self-insured for workers' compensation and long-term disability (LTD). All operating funds of the City participate in both these programs and make payments to the Self Insurance Fund. Each fund contributes an amount equal to a specified rate multiplied by the gross salaries of the fund. These payments are treated as operating expenditures in the contributing funds and operating revenues in the Self Insurance Fund.

Public liability, workers' compensation, and long-term disability estimated liabilities as of June 30, 2010 are determined based on results of independent actuarial evaluations and include amounts for claims incurred but not reported and adjustment expenses. Claims liabilities are calculated considering the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends including frequency and amount of payouts, and other economic and social factors. Estimated liabilities for public liability claims have been recorded in the Self Insurance Fund, Sewer Utility Fund, and Water Utility Fund.

	Put	olic Liability	Total				
Balance, July 1, 2008	\$	112,103	\$ 170,584	\$	282,687		
Claims and Changes in Estimates		57,358	13,711		71,069		
Claim Payments		(25,588)	(21,336)		(46,924)		
Balance, June 30, 2009		143,873	 162,959		306,832		
Claims and Changes in Estimates		50,720	29,605		80,325		
Claim Payments		(20,498)	(24,030)		(44,528)		
Balance, June 30, 2010	\$	174,095	\$ 168,534	\$	342,629		

A reconciliation of total liability claims, for all three funds, showing current and prior year activity is presented below:

The City, in collaboration with CSAC-EIA, maintains an "All Risk" policy which includes flood coverage for scheduled locations for amounts up to \$25,000 per occurrence under the primary policy, with a \$25 deductible. Limits include coverage for business interruption losses for designated lease-financed locations. There is no sharing of limits among the City and member counties of the CSAC-EIA pool, unless the City and member are mutually subject to the same loss. Limits and coverage may be adjusted periodically in response to the requirements of bond financed projects, acquisitions, and in response to changes in the insurance marketplace.

Earthquake coverage is provided for designated buildings/structures and, as required, certain designated City leasefinanced locations in the amount of \$60,000, including coverage for business interruption caused by earthquake at certain designated locations. Earthquake coverage is subject to a deductible of 5% of total insured values per unit per occurrence, subject to a \$100 minimum. The City's earthquake coverage is purchased jointly and shared with the member counties in the CSAC-EIA pool. Due to the potential for geographically concentrated earthquake losses, the CSAC-EIA pool is geographically diverse to minimize any potential sharing of coverage in the case of an individual earthquake occurrence. Depending upon the availability and affordability of such earthquake insurance, the City may elect not to purchase such coverage in the future, or the City may elect to increase the deductible or reduce the coverage from present levels.

The City is a public agency subject to liability for the dishonest and negligent acts or omissions of its officers and employees acting within the scope of their duty ("employee dishonesty" and "faithful performance"). The City participates in the joint purchase of insurance covering employee dishonesty and faithful performance through the CSAC-EIA pool. Coverage is provided in the amount of \$10,000 per occurrence, subject to a \$25 deductible.

During fiscal year 2010, there were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year. For each of the past three fiscal years, settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage.

See Contingencies, Note 18, or Subsequent Events, Note 22, for additional information.

# 16. FUND BALANCE / NET ASSETS (DEFICIT) (In Thousands)

Development Services (Enterprise) has a net deficit of approximately (\$7,940), of which a significant portion is carried forward from fiscal year 2009. There was a substantial drop in workload activity resulting from the economic downturn and the slowdown in the construction industry. A fee increase was approved by City Council and became effective mid-way through fiscal year 2010. In addition, 43 full time equivalent (FTE) positions were reduced from the department's budget. This fee increase and reduction in expenses helped the department balance revenues and expenses for the fiscal year. With the leveling of development activity towards the end of the fiscal year, this fee increase has allowed the department to begin reducing the net deficit during fiscal year 2011

Publishing Services (Internal Service) has a net deficit of (\$869) due to a steady decline in offset printing revenue as City Departments make increasing use of digital copier/printers, and rely on the City intranet to disseminate information internally and on the web to communicate with San Diego residents. Publishing Services recently completed a series of expense reduction measures as a result of a managed competition process. Measures completed in fiscal year 2012 include eliminating 14.5 FTE positions out of 25.0 FTE and reducing the amount of floor space used by Print Shop staff with a proportional reduction in rent and utility expenses.

The Self Insurance Fund (Internal Service) has a net deficit of approximately (\$141,559), which represents unfunded estimated claims and claim settlements related to Public Liability, Workers' Compensation, and Long-Term Disability. It is anticipated that individual claim settlements will be funded through future user charges subsequent to the filing of a claim and prior to its settlement. The City suspended funding reserves for Public Liability and Workers' Compensation in fiscal years 2011 and 2012. In fiscal year 2008, the City Council approved the revised formal City Reserve Policy which contains a "Risk Management Reserve Policy" for the self insurance funds. Both the Public Liability and Workers' Compensation funds shall maintain dedicated reserves equal to 50% of the outstanding claims. According to the Reserve Policy, this is to be achieved no later than fiscal year 2014. However, due to the continued decline in the economy and a reduction in General Fund revenues, the City may reassess this reserve policy during fiscal year 2012. The Long-Term Disability fund reserve was set to be \$12,000 by fiscal year 2013 as recommended in the actuarial valuation report.

The Miscellaneous Internal Service Fund has a net deficit of (\$1,560) and is primarily due to unemployment expenses in excess of revenues and an increase in the annual OPEB liability. In fiscal year 2012, the rates for the unemployment insurance reserve were adjusted upward to help mitigate this deficit. Additionally, the Risk Management Department is in the process of identifying a solution to correct future potential deficits resulting from pension and OPEB liabilities.

# 17. COMMITMENTS (In Thousands)

As of June 30, 2010, the City's business-type activities contractual commitments are as follows:

Airports	\$ 1,060
Environmental Services	3,037
Sewer Utility	77,384
Water Utility	56,996
Other	 768
Total Contractual Commitments	\$ 139,245

The Sewer and Water Utility Funds intend to meet their contractual commitments with existing net assets, present and future revenues and financing proceeds secured by system revenues.

### Consent Decree

In October 2007, the City settled litigation filed by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and two environmental groups by agreeing to additional requirements to reduce sewer spills, which are set forth in a court approved Consent Decree (the "Consent Decree"). The Consent Decree requires, among other things, increased maintenance and infrastructure improvements, including the replacement or rehabilitation of 250 miles of pipeline and trunk sewer, pump station and force main upgrades, and entails court supervision of these upgrades at least through June 2013. The estimated average annual cost of this commitment is \$76,600 per year in capital projects and \$42,000 per year in operational maintenance to the sewer system (based on actual expenditures for fiscal year 2010 and projected expenditures for fiscal years 2011-2013); however, the costs for bidding, constructing and completing the required work will fluctuate depending on variables such as changes in the cost of materials and labor. No civil penalty payment was required, though stipulated penalties ranging from \$375 (in whole dollars) to \$20,000 (in whole dollars) per occurrence are included for subsequent violations of the Consent Decree. The City is currently in compliance with all requirements of the Consent Decree.

### Agreement Relative to Modified Permit for the Point Loma Wastewater Treatment

In December 2008, the EPA released its tentative decision to approve the City's request to renew a modified permit for the Point Loma Wastewater Treatment Plant. Point Loma initially received a modified permit (also known as a waiver) in 1995, which was renewed in 2002. The City entered into an agreement with the environmental organizations to support the waiver and the City promised to conduct a study to identify opportunities to maximize recycling wastewater for non-potable and potable uses for an amount not to exceed \$2,000,000 (in whole dollars). This request is the City's second renewal. In June 2009, the State of California's Regional Water Quality Control Board concurred with the EPA and concluded the public hearing process by unanimously approving the modified permit. On October 7, 2009 the California Coastal Commission voted 8 to 4 to approve the modified permit and required the City to come back in 2 years with the Recycled Water Study. The modified permit was issued effective August 1, 2010 and will expire in 5 years. There is no assurance that additional waivers will be approved.

## California Department of Public Health Compliance Order

In January 1997, the State of California Department of Public Health (DPH) issued a compliance order. This Compliance Order was last amended in May of 2007 (Amendment 11), and included additional items that were not in the original Compliance Order. The DPH Compliance Order will remain in effect until the required projects are completed.

Presently, the City is meeting all of the requirements of the DPH Compliance Order, including the progress of mandated projects and the ongoing obligation to provide DPH with quarterly progress reports. The DPH has authority to impose civil penalties if the City fails to meet Compliance Order deadlines, although DPH has not imposed such penalties to date. Violation of the DPH Compliance Order may be subject to judicial action, including civil penalties specified in the California Health and Safety Code, Section 116725. Section 116725 penalties for violating a schedule of compliance for a primary drinking water standard can go as high as \$25,000 (in whole dollars) per day for each violation. For violations of other standards, such as turbidity, the penalties can reach \$5,000 (in whole dollars) per day. There are a number of additional enforcement tools prescribed by law, including mandatory water conservation, litigation and service connection moratoriums.

The costs for bidding, constructing and completing the required work will fluctuate depending on variables such as changes in the cost of materials and labor. For fiscal years 2011 to 2016, the City's DPH Compliance Order project costs are estimated to be a combined total of \$268,130. These commitments are intended to be met with existing net assets, present and future revenues and financing proceeds secured by system revenues.

# 18. CONTINGENCIES (In Thousands)

### FEDERAL AND STATE GRANTS

The City recognizes as revenue grant monies received as reimbursement for costs incurred in certain Federal and State programs it administers. Although the City's Federal grant programs are audited in accordance with the requirements of the Federal Single Audit Act of 1984, the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 and the related U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, these programs may be subject to financial and compliance audits by the reimbursing agencies. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time. The Single Audit for fiscal year 2009 was completed by Macias Gini & O'Connell LLP. The Single Audit for fiscal year 2010 is in process.

The Office of the Inspector General (OIG) audited the City's Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) program, specifically CDBG loans to RDA, and on December 30, 2008, OIG issued its audit report to HUD, Office of Community Planning and Development (OPD). In addition to other findings, OIG determined that the City failed to execute loan agreements and repayment schedules for the CDBG loans issued to RDA that include a principal balance of \$63,000 and an accumulated interest of approximately \$76,000 totaling \$139,202 in loans outstanding. The OIG audit report recommended that HUD require the City to execute written interagency agreements and loan agreements with RDA for these outstanding loan amounts.

After reaching agreement with HUD on appropriate corrective actions with respect to the audit report, on June 30, 2010, the City and RDA executed a repayment agreement in which a total of \$75,153 was scheduled to be repaid by the RDA to the City over a ten year period commencing in fiscal year 2010. Upon receipt from RDA, the City is required to transfer these funds to HUD. Upon receipt, HUD will increase the City CDBG entitlement by the amount of the payment received. These loans are reported as a component of loans payable and accrued interest payable to the City in the long-term liabilities footnote of the Redevelopment Agency Financial Statements. As a result of this agreement, at the government wide level, the City now reports a liability for the amount due to HUD. Payments to HUD are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds and a reduction of a liability in the government wide statements.

### CONTINUING DISCLOSURE OBLIGATIONS

The City, in connection with all bond offerings since the effective date (July 1995) of the continuing disclosure requirements of SEC Rule 15c2-12, has contractually obligated itself to provide annual financial information, including audited financial statements, within certain specified time periods (generally nine months) after the end of each fiscal year. The City met its contractual obligations to provide to the national repositories the audited financial statements for the fiscal years ended 2008 and 2009; however, the audited financial statements for fiscal year 2010 were not completed prior to the required filing date due to a delay in the year-end closing process resulting from the newly implemented ERP system. As a result, the City, as required by its continuing disclosure contractual obligations, provided to the national repositories notices of failure to file the annual reports and the audited financial statements by the filing dates for the fiscal years ended 2003 through 2007. Each required annual report and the audited financial statements by the filing dates for the fiscal years ended 2003 through 2007.

# STATUS OF INTERNAL CONTROLS OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

The City moved forward with its plan to improve the internal controls over financial reporting with the successful implementation of an enterprise resource planning (ERP) system on July 1, 2009. This implementation has improved the City's management of financial information and the processes and internal controls involved in its accounting and human resources functions. The original 18 month internal controls plan to address the remediation of internal control

weaknesses over financial reporting has been extended due to the increased amount of processes that require documentation and subsequent testing and monitoring. As of the issuance of this report, approximately 208 processes have been documented with approximately 202 remaining to be completed. These processes will be incorporated into the Governance, Risk and Compliance (GRC) module within the City's ERP system for testing and monitoring during Fiscal Year 2012.

# LITIGATION AND REGULATORY ACTIONS

The City is a defendant in lawsuits pertaining to material matters, including claims asserted which are incidental to performing routine governmental and other functions. This litigation includes but is not limited to: actions commenced and claims asserted against the City arising out of alleged torts; alleged breaches of contracts; alleged violations of law; and condemnation proceedings. The City has received 2,433 notices of claims in fiscal year 2010.

The estimate of the liability for unsettled claims has been reported in the Government-wide Statement of Net Assets and the proprietary funds financial statements. The liability was estimated by categorizing the various claims and supplemented by information provided by the City Attorney with respect to certain large individual claims and proceedings. The recorded liability is the City's best estimate based on available information.

Significant individual lawsuits are described below.

# Burke, et al. v. City of San Diego

On January 21, 2010, a palm tree fell on the Plaintiff fracturing his pelvis and femur. In the event of an adverse ruling, the liability facing the City is estimated to be in the range of \$0 - \$7,000.

# Janet Wood v. City of San Diego

This case against the City claims that women and unmarried retirees receive fewer benefits than others. In the event of an adverse ruling, the liability facing the City is estimated to be in the range of \$0 - \$2,000.

# Academy of Our Lady of Peace v. City of San Diego

This complaint alleges that the City is in violation of the Religious Land Use and Institutionalized Persons Act, the U.S. Constitution (Free Exercise Religion, Freedom of Speech, Freedom of Association, Equal Protection and Due Process) and the California Constitution by denying the Plaintiffs request for a Planned Development Permit and a Site Development Permit. In the event of an adverse ruling, the liability facing the City is estimated to be in the range of \$0 - \$3,000.

# Border Business Park, Inc., National Enterprises, Inc., Otay Acquisitions, LLC, and Otay Truck Parking, L.P. v. City of San Diego

Plaintiffs allege that the City breached a 1986 development agreement by improperly changing specifications regarding improvements and causing delay during the development of a project. In the event of an adverse ruling, the liability facing the City is estimated to be in the range of \$0 - \$30,000.

# Cathy Lexin, et al. v. City of San Diego

This complaint seeks recovery for defense costs incurred by six former City employees who served on the SDCERS Board of Administration when the Board conditionally approved a pension contribution relief proposal known as "Manager's Proposal II (MP2). In the event of an adverse ruling, the liability facing the City is estimated to be in the range of \$0 - \$5,500.

# Michael Sardina v. City of San Diego

Plaintiff is a current City employee and is suing the City for sexual harassment. In the event of an adverse ruling, the liability facing the City is estimated to be in the range of \$0 - \$2,500.

# San Diego Police Tow operators v. City of San Diego

This case was brought by the towing companies under contract with the City, and alleges that the City is charging them "franchise fees" that exceed the amount permitted to be charged under the California Vehicle Code. In the event of an adverse ruling, the liability facing the City is estimated to be in the range of \$0 - \$24,000.

# Joseph Aglio, etc v. City of San Diego

This complaint was filed by the firm Tatro & Zamoyski, representing residents of the De Anza Mobilehome Park who are alleging violations of the California Mobilehome Residency laws for management abuses and individual tort claims. In the event of an adverse ruling, the liability facing the City is estimated to be in the range of \$0 - \$16,000.

Significant regulatory actions are described below (Other regulatory actions are described in Note 17 Commitments).

# POLLUTION REMEDIATION OBLIGATIONS

In November 2006, GASB issued Statement No. 49, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pollution Remediation Obligations*, which addresses accounting and financial reporting standards for pollution (including contamination) remediation obligations, which are obligations to address the current or potential detrimental effects of existing pollution by participating in pollution remediation activities such as site assessments and clean ups. This Statement was effective beginning in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009.

Significant Pollution Remediation Events are discussed below:

# California Regional Water Quality Board Administrative Proceeding

This matter involves a tentative cleanup and abatement order by the Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB) which when made effective will require remediation of polluted bay sediments near historic shipyards on San Diego Bay. The City has been named as a "Discharger" in the tentative order along with other entities which include shipyard operators, the local electric utility SDG&E, and the U.S. Navy. The basis for the City being named is pollution flowing from its storm water conveyance system into the bay and Chollas Creek, which empties into the bay at the site. The City is also named in the proposed order for its historic ownership of the shipyard properties before 1962 where former operating lessees are no longer extant. The discharges causing the polluted sediment are alleged to have occurred from 1915 to present. The order was originally issued in 2005 and was stayed by the Board in 2006; the stay was lifted in April 2008 after the RWQCB staff revised and reissued the tentative order. The proceeding was then stayed again in June 2008 while the parties pursued mediation. The Board extended the mediation stay several times as the parties continued to actively pursue a settlement in confidential mediation. The RWQCB has divided functions in this matter and has a "Cleanup Team" effectively prosecuting the administrative case and an "Advisory Team" advising the Board members who will preside over the administrative disposition of the case. The Cleanup team participated in mediation with the Dischargers and terms for the proposed cleanup were established and set forth in a revised draft order issued in December 2010. However, mediation on the apportionment of costs was not immediately productive in the absence of litigation so the City initiated the federal Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) litigation in 2009. Cross complaints were filed against the City and the City tendered insurance claims. The litigation remains pending but the court's procedural and discovery orders have recognized that issues of allocation are being confidentially discussed in mediation. In December 2010 the RWQCB released the revised proposed cleanup order which, if adopted, would have a project with an estimated cost of \$50,000 to \$60,000. The RWQCB prepared an environmental impact report for the proposed cleanup level project that is scheduled which has been released for public review and comment. A hearing date with the RWQCB is proposed for November 15 and 16, 2011. Intervening environmental groups have filed testimony and objections to the proposed cleanup levels and will seek a more costly remedial project at the hearings. If the Board agrees with the environmental groups the cleanup project costs could exceed the estimated \$50,000 to \$60,000; however, in that case the Board's decision might be contested by one or more of the Dischargers. Therefore, the cleanup levels and allocation of costs may continue to be the subject of litigation depending largely on the outcome of the administrative hearings. The cost of the cleanup is likely to be between \$50,000 to \$100,000, plus an additional \$6,000 to \$9,000 of costs related to site investigation, assessment and RWQCB oversight. The order will include post-remedial monitoring requirements which, depending on monitoring results and trends, may lead to further cleanup orders. The parties will address allocation of all of these costs in mediation and if it continues to be necessary, in the litigation; however many variables exist which make accurate estimation of the City's likely share of the total costs impossible at this time. Issues of allocation among the parties will be determined using principles established in the CERCLA, as interpreted in existing case law. CERCLA principles will be the basis of discussion in further mediation, and absent a settlement on allocation, those principles will be at issue in litigation. In this case there are a myriad of factual inputs relative to the CERCLA principles of allocation. Disputes over those facts and the weight they should be given, the number of Discharger parties, the confidential nature of the mediation, and the exposure to the possibility of litigation all preclude the City from publishing more a specific projected outcome in this matter at this time.

# County Department of Environmental Health (DEH) Unauthorized Release Cases

The City owns/owned Underground Storage Tank (UST) Systems at various locations, including but not limited to: Airports, Fleet Operations Yards, Police Substations, and Fire-Rescue Facilities. The City has been named as a responsible party by the DEH in 23 cases located at 11 UST sites. The nature of the pollution involves soil and groundwater contamination by the UST's. The City has been able to utilize the State's UST Cleanup Fund to obtain reimbursement for a vast majority of the site assessment and mitigation costs. An estimate of the City's Pollution Liability has been established using a variety of methods and assumptions including but not limited to: soil borings and groundwater monitoring wells to determine lateral and vertical extent of impacts; soil vapor assessment studies; corrective action planning; active soil and groundwater treatment; and attenuation monitoring. The liability for each site ranges from \$0 to \$1,000, all but two estimates are under \$300. Given that the vast majority of all costs are paid out of the State's UST Cleanup Fund, and the majority of the estimates are of relatively small amounts, the estimates are expensed when incurred throughout the year in the responsible fund and no liability is accrued in the financial statements.

# 19. DEBT WITHOUT GOVERNMENT COMMITMENT (In Thousands)

The City has authorized the issuance of certain conduit revenue private activity bonds and special assessment bonds, in its name, to provide tax exempt status because it believes a substantial public benefit will be achieved through the use of the proceeds. Aside from the fact that these bonds have been issued in the City's name, the City has no legal obligation to make payment on these bonds and has not pledged any City assets as a guarantee to the bondholders. These bonds do not constitute an indebtedness of the City. The bonds are payable solely from payments made on and secured by a pledge of the acquired mortgage loans, certain funds and other monies held for the benefit of the bondholders pursuant to the bond indentures, property liens and other loans. In reliance upon the opinion of bond counsel, City officials have determined that these bonds are not payable from any revenues or assets of the City, and neither the full faith nor credit of the taxing authority of the City, the state, or any political subdivision thereof is obligated to the payment of principal or interest on the bonds. In essence, the City is acting as a conduit for the private property owners/bondholders in collecting and forwarding the funds. Accordingly, no liability has been recorded in the City's government-wide statement of net assets.

The following describes the outstanding debt without government commitment:

# Mortgage Revenue Bonds

Single family mortgage revenue bonds have been issued to provide funds to purchase mortgage loans secured by first trust deeds on newly constructed and existing single-family residences. The purpose of this program is to provide low interest rate home mortgage loans to persons of low or moderate income who are unable to qualify for conventional mortgages at market rates. Multi-family housing revenue bonds are issued to provide construction and permanent financing to developers of multi-family residential rental projects located in the City to be partially occupied by persons of low income.

As of June 30, 2010, the status of mortgage revenue bonds issued is as follows (in thousands):

			B	Balance
	Orig	Original Amount		e 30, 2010
Mortgage Revenue	\$	15,700	\$	6,485

# Special Assessment/Special Tax Bonds

The special assessment districts, including Community Facilities Districts, in various parts of the City have issued debt to finance infrastructure improvements and facilities within their respective districts. The special assessment bonds are secured by special tax liens and assessments on the real property within the special assessment district and are not direct liabilities of the City. The City has no obligation beyond the balances in the designated agency funds for any delinquent assessment district bond payments. If delinquencies occur beyond the amounts held in the reserve funds created from bond proceeds, the City has no duty to pay the delinquency out of any available funds of the City. The City acts as the agent in the collection and remittance of the special taxes and assessments for these Districts and initiates foreclosure proceedings as required under the bond covenants.

	Original Amount	Balance June 30, 2010	
Assessment District No.4030 (Otay Mesa Industrial Park), Issued May 1992	\$ 2,235	\$	195
Communities Facilities District No.1 (Miramar Ranch North), Series 1998	59,465		37,130
Reassessment District No. 1999-1, Issued February 1999	38,145		14,516
Communities Facilities District No.2 (Santaluz), Improvement Area No. 1, Series 2000 A	56,020		50,805
Communities Facilities District No.2 (Santaluz), Improvement Area No. 3, Series 2000 B	4,350		3,935
Reassessment District No. 2003-1, Issued August 2003	8,850		5,645
Assessment District No. 4096 (Piper Ranch), Issued December 2003	5,430		4,225
Communities Facilities District No.2 (Santaluz), Improvement Area No. 1, Series 2004 A	5,000		4,355
Communities Facilities District No.4 (Santaluz), Improvement Area No. 4, Series 2004 A	9,965		9,295
Communities Facilities District No.3 (Liberty Station), Series 2006 A	16,000		15,380
Communities Facilities District No.3 (Liberty Station), Series 2008 A	3,950		3,815
Communities Facilities District No.4 (Black Mountain Ranch Villages), Series 2008 A	 12,365		12,165
Total Special Assessment / Special Tax Bonds:	\$ 221,775	\$	161,461

As of June 30, 2010, the status of each of the special assessment bonds issued is as follows (in thousands):

## Refunding Revenue Bonds

The Public Facilities Financing Authority of the City of San Diego issued Refunding Revenue Bonds in February 1999 for the purpose of acquiring the Limited Obligation Refunding Bonds issued by the City of San Diego Reassessment District No.1999-1 and sold to the Authority for the purpose of refunding certain outstanding prior assessment district bonds of the City. The Bonds are special obligations of the Authority payable solely from and secured by amounts received from the acquired Limited Obligations, investment income with respect to any monies held by the Trustee in the funds and accounts established under the indenture and any amounts, including proceeds of the sale of the Bonds, held in any fund or account established pursuant to the Indenture. The City has no obligation beyond the balances in the designated Trustee funds for any delinquent bond payments. If delinquencies occur beyond the amounts held in the Trustee funds, the City has no duty to pay the delinquency out of any available funds of the City.

As of June 30, 2010, the status of each of the refunding revenue bonds issued is as follows (in thousands):

	Driginal Amount	alance 30, 2010
Reassessment District No. 1999-1, Series 1999 A Senior Lien Bonds Reassessment District No. 1999-1, Series 1999 B Subordinate Lien Bonds	\$ 30,515 7,630	\$ 9,990 2,470
Total Revenue Refunding Bonds	\$ 38,145	\$ 12,460

# 20. CLOSURE AND POST CLOSURE CARE COST (In Thousands)

State and federal laws and regulations require that the City of San Diego place a final cover on its Miramar Landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. Although closure and post closure care costs will be paid only near or after the date that the landfill stops accepting waste, the City reports a portion of these closure and post closure care costs as an operating expense in each period based on landfill capacity used as of each financial statement date.

The \$20,126 reported as landfill closure and post closure care liability at June 30, 2010 represents the cumulative amount reported to date based on the use of 78% of the estimated capacity of the landfill.

The City will recognize the remaining estimated cost of closure and post closure care of \$5,628 as the remaining estimated capacity is filled. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and post-closure care at June 30, 2010. The City expects to close the landfill in fiscal year 2022. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations.

The City is required by state and federal laws and regulations to make annual contributions to finance closure and post-closure care. The City is in compliance with these requirements and at June 30, 2010, cash or equity in pooled cash and investments of \$42,154 was held for this purpose. This is reported as restricted assets on the statement of net assets in the Environmental Services Fund. The City expects that future inflation costs will be paid from interest earnings on these annual contributions. However, if interest earnings are inadequate or additional post-closure care requirements are determined (due to changes in technology or applicable laws or regulations, for example), these costs may need to be paid by charges to future landfill users or from other sources.

The City is required by state and federal laws and regulations to demonstrate financial resources sufficient to conduct corrective action for all known or reasonably foreseeable releases from the Miramar Landfill site to meet the current corrective action cost estimate approved by the San Diego Regional Water Quality Control Board. The City is in compliance with these requirements and at June 30, 2010, cash or equity in pooled cash and investments of \$1,521 was held for this purpose. This is reported as restricted assets on the statement of net assets in the Environmental Services Fund. The City expects that future inflation costs will be paid from interest earnings on these annual contributions. However, if interest earnings are inadequate or additional post-closure care requirements are determined (due to changes in technology or applicable laws or regulations, for example), these costs may need to be paid by charges to future landfill users or from other sources.

# 21. OPERATING AGREEMENTS (In Thousands)

## San Diego Data Processing Corporation and Automated Regional Justice Information System

SDDPC has a yearly information technology services contract agreement with a joint powers agency known as the Automated Regional Justice Information System ("ARJIS") whose main purpose is to pursue development of computerized law enforcement systems in the region.

Under the agreement, SDDPC provides information technology services to ARJIS at rates which, on an annual basis, are equivalent to those charged to other governmental agency clients. Included in SDDPC's services revenue is approximately \$4,348 related to ARJIS for the year ended June 30, 2010.

## City of San Diego and Padres L.P.

On February 1, 2000, the City entered into a Joint Use and Management Agreement (Agreement) with the San Diego Padres baseball team (Padres) governing the rights and duties of the City and Padres with respect to the use and operation of the new Petco Park Ballpark Facility (Facility). The Facility was completed and operational in April 2004 and the City and Padres jointly own the facility. The Padres have a 30% divided interest based upon the original Facility cost estimate of \$267,500 (or \$80,250), and the City owns 70%, which is capitalized on the City's books. The City and the Padres have agreed upon the schedule of items and components that constitute the Padres' divided ownership, and the value of that divided ownership may vary from (but does not exceed) 30% due to the calculation of cost overruns for the Facility. The occupancy agreement expires on December 14, 2033 and includes the right to exercise two 5-year extensions. Upon expiration, the Padres' ownership interest will automatically transfer to the City. Under the terms of the Agreement, the Padres are responsible for Facility operation and management, including maintenance, repairs and security required to preserve its condition. The City is responsible for paying certain expenses associated with the operation and maintenance of the Facility, up to a maximum of \$3,500 per year, subject to certain inflationary adjustments. In fiscal year 2010, the City paid approximately \$4,100 related to the operation and maintenance of Petco Park.

For information pertaining to the operating agreement with <u>San Diego Medical Services Enterprises</u>, <u>LLC</u> please refer to Note 9, Joint Ventures and Jointly Governed Organizations.

# 22. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS (In Thousands)

On July 1, 2010, the City issued the fiscal year 2010-2011 Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes as a public offering in the amount of \$163,165 to meet the annual general fund cash flow needs of the City. The final payment for the fiscal year 2010-2011 Tax Revenue Anticipation Notes was paid on May 18, 2011.

In March 2011, the CalPERS Board of Administration authorized the CERBT program to offer three asset allocation strategies which reflect varying degrees of risk and corresponding long-term expected rates of return. The City intends to remain in the current asset allocation strategy; however, the discount rate will be reduced from 7.75% to 7.61%. The adjustment to the discount rate will reduce the interpolated discount rate which will be included in future actuarial valuations after June 30, 2011, thus increasing the UAAL. However, the effect of retiree health benefit changes for eligible active employees adopted by the City and its labor groups in 2011 are expected to reduce the UAAL and the annual required contribution. The effect on the UAAL by the decrease to the discount rate may be offset by these benefit changes.

On July 1, 2011, the City issued the fiscal year 2011-2012 Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes as a private placement in the amount of \$161,000 to meet the annual general fund cash flow needs of the City. The final maturity date of the fiscal year 2011-2012 Tax Revenue Anticipation Notes is May 31, 2012.

# Long-Term Debt Issued

On August 26, 2010, RDA issued \$58,565 of Housing Set-Aside Tax Allocation Bonds for the purpose of repaying long-term debt and to finance a portion of the costs of low and moderate income housing projects within the City Heights, North Bay, North Park, Crossroads, Naval Training Center and San Ysidro Redevelopment Project areas. The Series 2010A taxable bonds are payable solely from, and secured by, a pledge of tax revenues derived from the 20% of tax increment allocated to RDA from the Redevelopment Project Areas that RDA is obligated to deposit into its Low and Moderate Income Housing Fund. The bond issuance is structured as term bonds and has an interest rate that ranges from 4.37% to 7.75% with a final maturity date of September 1, 2040. Bond proceeds were used to repay \$25,633 of the San Diego National Bank line of credit outstanding principal, \$1,018 to repay the Western Pacific Housing Contract Payable and \$1,607 to repay the Price Charities Note Payable dated April 2001.

On August 26, 2010, RDA issued \$19,765 of Tax Allocation Bonds for the purpose of repaying long-term debt and financing a portion of the costs of redevelopment activities within the Naval Training Center Redevelopment Project. The Series A bonds are payable solely from, and secured by, a pledge of tax revenues allocated to RDA from the Naval Training Center Redevelopment Project excluding those moneys that RDA is obligated to deposit into its Low and Moderate Income Housing Fund and monies allocable to other taking agencies under the Redevelopment Law. The bond issuance is structured as both serial and term bonds and has an interest rate that ranges from 3.0% to 5.75% with a final maturity date of September 1, 2040. Bond proceeds were used to repay \$12,211 of the San Diego National Bank line of credit outstanding principal.

On August 26, 2010, RDA issued \$4,915 of Tax Allocation Bonds for the purpose of financing certain redevelopment activities within or of benefit to the Crossroads Redevelopment Project. The Series A bonds are payable solely from, and secured by, a pledge of tax revenues allocated to RDA from the Crossroads Redevelopment Project, excluding those moneys that RDA is obligated to deposit into its Low and Moderate Income Housing Fund and excluding moneys which are allocable to other taking agencies under the Redevelopment Law. The bond issuance is structured as both serial and term bonds and has an interest rate that ranges from 3.0% to 6.0% with a final maturity date of September 1, 2040.

On August 26, 2010, RDA issued \$5,635 of 2010 Series A tax-exempt and \$9,590 of 2010 Series B taxable City Heights Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds. The Series A bonds were issued to fund redevelopment projects within the City Heights Redevelopment Project and the Series B bonds were issued for the purpose of repaying long-term debt and to finance redevelopment activities in the City Heights Redevelopment Project. The 2010 Series A and B bonds are payable solely from, and secured by, pledged tax revenues allocated to RDA from the City Heights Redevelopment Project, excluding amounts payable to RDA's Low and Moderate Income Housing Fund, and amounts payable to other taxing agencies pursuant to tax sharing agreements. The Series A bond issuance was structured as term bonds with a fixed interest rate of 5.62% and a final maturity of September 1, 2040. The Series B bond issuance was structured as a term bonds with a fixed interest rate of 7.37% and a final maturity of September 1, 2037. Bond proceeds were used to repay \$2,010 of the San Diego National Bank line of credit outstanding principal and \$1,694 to repay the Price Charities Note Payable dated May 2005.

On August 26, 2010, RDA issued \$2,900 of 2010 Series A tax-exempt and \$5,030 Series B taxable San Ysidro Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds. The Series A bonds were issued to repay certain redevelopment activities within or of benefit to the San Ysidro Redevelopment Project and the Series B bonds were issued for the purpose of repaying a loan with a developer and fund certain redevelopment activities in the Redevelopment Project. The 2010 Series A and B bonds are payable solely from, and secured by, tax revenues allocated to RDA from the San Ysidro Redevelopment Project, excluding those moneys that RDA is obligated to deposit into its Low and Moderate Income Housing Fund and excluding moneys which are allocable to other taxing agencies under the Redevelopment Law. The Series A bond issuance was structured as term bonds with a fixed interest rate of 5.75% and a final maturity of September 1, 2040. The Series B bond issuance was structured as term bonds with an interest rate that ranges from 4.37% to 7.75% with a final maturity date of September 1, 2035.

On April 15, 2011, the City entered into a Taxable Qualified Energy Conservation Bonds (QECB) Equipment Lease Agreement with Banc of America Leasing and Capital, LLC for \$13,142 for the purpose of replacing light fixtures for approximately 28,700 street lights and related improvements and equipment as part of the City's energy efficient Broad Spectrum Street Lighting program and for paying cost of issuance related to the financing. The QECB financing is eligible for the direct payment subsidy from the United States Department of the Treasury within the meaning of Section 54D(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. The nominal interest rate of the lease financing is 6.16% with a net effective rate of 2.40% including the QECB federal subsidy. The final maturity date is March 30, 2026.

On May 30, 2011, the City received a State Revolving Fund Loan disbursement from the State of California Department of Public Health totaling \$12,000 to assist in financing construction of Alvarado Water Treatment Plant Ozone Improvement project which will enable the City to meet safe drinking water standards. The payback period for the Ioan is 20 years, which begins on January 1, 2012, with an annual interest rate of 2.31%. Any future debt issued may not be senior to this Ioan and may only be issued at parity. Net System Revenue of the Water Utility Fund have been designated as the dedicated source of funds for repayment of the Ioan.

On August 5, 2011, Standard & Poor's lowered the long-term credit rating of U.S. Government debt obligations from AAA to AA+. On August 8, 2011, S&P also downgraded the long-term credit ratings of U.S. government-sponsored enterprises. These credit downgrades may impact the credit risk associated with the City's investments in U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agency securities.

# San Diego Medical Services Enterprise, LLC

On July 1, 2010, the City and SDMSE executed an Emergency Medical Services Agreement (2010 EMS Agreement) to provide emergency medical services to the City for a five year term.

On August 30, 2010, a qui tam lawsuit (lawsuit brought by a private citizen on behalf of a government entity) was filed under seal in San Diego Superior Court alleging that Rural/Metro had violated the California False Claims Act by failing to report or remit payments that were collected for ambulance and/or paramedic services provided by SDMSE. The City Attorney's office had previously reviewed the SDMSE structure and the City was considering changes to its participation in SDMSE. Upon reviewing the qui tam claim, the City determined to renegotiate the agreements between the City and SDMSE.

On April 15, 2011, the City, Rural/Metro Corporation, Rural/Metro of San Diego, SDMSE and the qui tam claimant entered into two interim settlement agreements (Settlement Agreements) setting forth certain requirements in connection with SDMSE, including that: i) the City would forebear from suing Rural/Metro; ii) Rural/Metro agreed that all statute of limitations would be tolled; iii) Rural/Metro would pay all costs for a full forensic accounting of SDMSE, and iv) Rural/Metro would post a surety bond. The Settlement Agreements also called for the parties to renegotiate and enter into new contracts for providing emergency medical services to the City by June 15, 2011.

On July 1, 2011, a new Emergency Medical Services Agreement between the City and Rural/Metro (2011 EMS Agreement) became effective. Under the 2011 EMS Agreement, Rural/Metro provides emergency medical transportation services to the City for an interim two year period through June 2013. The City intends to solicit proposals for an EMS service provider prior to the expiration of the 2011 EMS Agreement.

Also on July 1, 2011 and as a condition to the execution of the 2011 EMS Agreement, the City executed a Unit Purchase Agreement with Rural/Metro of San Diego, Inc. and Rural/Metro of Southern California, Inc. whereby the City sold the City's 50% membership interest in SDMSE for \$5.5 million, plus the undistributed profits of SDMSE as of June 30, 2011. The City no longer has any partnership interest or interest in the revenue or assets of SDMSE.

# Redevelopment Agency

On June 15, 2011, the California State Legislature approved ABx1 26, Dissolution Act and ABx1 27, Voluntary Program Act, which, respectively, eliminates redevelopment agencies and allows their continued existence. The Dissolution Act immediately suspended all new redevelopment activities to incur new debt, obligations and redevelopment activities, dissolving redevelopment agencies effective October 1, 2011. The Voluntary Program Act establishes a voluntary alternative program whereby a redevelopment agency is exempt from the dissolution measures of ABx1 26 if the legislative body of the community enacts an ordinance requiring that the City deposit specified sums of money on an annual basis to the County Auditor and Comptroller for deposit into the Special District Allocation Fund and Educational Revenue Augmentation Fund. The Voluntary Program Act provides a statewide formula to determine each city's proportional share based upon Fiscal Year 2009 statewide redevelopment agency financial data. The estimated proportional share for the San Diego RDA is \$69,255 in Fiscal Year 2012, and \$16,428 in Fiscal Year 2013. The amount of remittances owed in subsequent fiscal years could increase or decrease from the FY2013 estimate, as tax and debt service payments may alter the results of the formula. On July 18, 2011 the City enacted an Ordinance to establish the Voluntary Program. On July 18, 2011, the California Redevelopment Association and the League of Cities filed a claim with the California Supreme Court to overturn ABx1 26 and ABx1 27. The central claim for the challenge is that these bills violate Proposition 22 which prohibits the "seizing, diverting, shifting, borrowing, transferring, suspending, or otherwise taking or interfering with" revenue dedicated to local government, including local redevelopment funds. On August 11, 2011, the California Supreme Court ordered a limited stay on ABx1 26 and ABx1 27. The court allowed the first statute to remain in effect insofar as it precludes existing redevelopment agencies from incurring new indebtedness, transferring assets, acquiring real property, entering into new contracts or modifying existing contracts, entering into new partnerships, adopting or amending redevelopment plans, etc., but it stayed enforcement of both statutes in all other respects. The court established an expedited briefing schedule designed to facilitate oral argument as early as possible in 2011, and a decision before January 15, 2012.

# Retirement Benefits

The City has implemented multiple agreements with various labor unions which have impacted retirement benefits for new employees. The following is a summary of the most significant changes:

- Reduction in retirement calculation factors for various Safety members to 3% at age 55 with a proportionally reduced retirement factor of 2.5% at age 50. Additionally, final compensation will be calculated using the highest average salary earned over three one year periods.
- Elimination of the SPSP benefit for Lifeguard members hired after January 1, 2011.
- Elimination of Employer Retirement Offset Contribution for various General, Safety and Legislative Members.

These changes will be implemented in fiscal years 2011 and 2012 and will result in a lower ARC than would otherwise apply if such changes were not implemented.

# Other Post-Employment Benefits

On June 27, 2011, the City reached a tentative agreement with all bargaining units regarding reforms to the retiree healthcare benefit for employees hired before July 1, 2005. The agreement provides multiple options with varying degrees of contributions and final benefit payments and the changes, if approved by members in September 2011, will be implemented on April 1, 2012. Additionally, the agreement is subject to the creation of a 15 year single subject Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) with each labor organization and cannot be changed until Fiscal Year 2015 at the earliest. The City is required to conduct an actuarial analysis of the impacts of these changes following Fiscal Year 2014 and present it to the City Council. The City Council may only change the benefits after engaging in good faith negotiations and with a 2/3 (6 out of 9 Council Members) vote. During this 15 year period, the City's contribution is capped at \$57,782 for Fiscal Years 2012 through 2015 and will not increase by more than 2.5% per year after Fiscal Year 2015.

# 23. RESTATEMENTS (In Thousands)

# Special Assessment Districts

Special assessment districts, including Community Facilities Districts, have historically been included in the financial statements and notes of the City's CAFR. The City's Debt Policy, which was initially adopted November 6, 2007 and subsequently revised with the final passage of the Debt Policy Report for 2009 adopted on May 11, 2010, included certain provisions of the Special District Policy related to the process for the approval of indebtedness. Historically, the City did not have a legal requirement to make payments from its general revenues in the event of a shortfall in special taxes or assessments due to delinquencies; however, the City did have the discretion to do so. One of the provisions adopted with the revised Debt policy, however, stated that the City will not make payments from its general revenues in the event of such a shortfall. Based on this change in the revised Debt Policy, the City reclassified the outstanding debt as debt without government commitment and accordingly, the financial statements have been adjusted to reflect it as such. The Special Assessments are reported as agency funds in fiscal year 2010 and the outstanding balances of debt obligations are listed under Note 19.

This restatement represents an update to City policy that results in a change to the application of GASB 6 specifically related to Special Assessment Debt for which the government is not obligated. In accordance with GAAP for local governments, the change is treated as a direct adjustment to beginning equity. In the government-wide financial statements, removing the Special Assessment debt from the financial statements results in an increase in Net Assets for governmental activities of approximately \$131,400. There is no need to apply this change to any other previously issued financial statements retrospectively since this policy change was implemented during the current reporting period.

The following table contains a summary of the Special Assessment Debt restatement:

	Primary Government		Gover	Governmental Funds	
		vernmental Activities	Other	Governmental Funds	
Net Assets and Fund Equity as of June 30, 2009,					
as previously reported:	\$	4,258,203	\$	1,626,400	
Adjustments related to Special Assessment Debt restatement					
Removal of fund balances		(31,562)		(31,562)	
Removal of bonds payable		167,050		-	
Removal of cost of issuance		(3,487)		-	
Removal of unamortized premiums, discounts and deferred					
amounts on refunding		(610)		-	
Net Assets/Fund Equity as of June 30, 2009, as Restated	\$	4,389,594	\$	1,594,838	

# Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) June 30, 2010

# PENSION TRUST FUND

Schedule of Funding Progress

The following table shows the funding progress of the City's pension trust funds for the last three fiscal years (in thousands):

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actua	arial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (b)	UAAL (b - a)	F	unded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentag of Covere Payroll ((b – a)/c	le ed
6/30/2008 6/30/2009 6/30/2010	\$	4,660,346 4,175,229 4,382,047	\$ 5,963,550 6,281,636 6,527,224	\$ 1,303,204 2,106,407 2,145,177	66	3.15% 5.47% 7.13%	\$ 535,774 536,591 530,238	243.24% 392.55% 404.57%	0

Source: Cheiron, Inc.

# OPEB TRUST FUND

# Schedule of Funding Progress

The following table shows the funding progress of the City's OPEB trust fund for the last three fiscal years (in thousands):

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (b)	UAAL (b - a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b – a)/c)
6/30/2008 6/30/2009 6/30/2010	\$ 29,63 41,49 72,72	7 1,359,377	\$ 1,206,070 1,317,880 1,128,190	2.40% 3.05% 6.06%	\$	216.59% 240.05% 238.74%

Schedule of Contributions from Employer and Other Contributing Entities The following table shows contributions to the City's OPEB trust fund for the last three fiscal years (in thousands):

Fiscal Year			Actual ntribution	Percentage Contributed
6/30/2008 6/30/2009 6/30/2010	\$	91,645 104,475 113,426	\$ 53,553 49,498 56,689	58.44% 47.38% 49.98%

Source: Buck Consultants

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - GENERAL FUND

# GENERAL FUND

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

General fund revenues are derived from such sources as: Taxes; Licenses and Permits; Fines, Forfeitures, and Penalties; Use of Money and Property; Aid from Other Governmental Agencies; Charges for Current Services; and Other Revenue.

Current expenditures and encumbrances are classified by the functions of: General Government and Support; Public Safety–Police; Public Safety–Fire and Life Safety and Homeland Security; Parks, Recreation, Culture and Leisure; Transportation; Sanitation and Health; Neighborhood Services; and Debt Service Principal and Interest. Appropriations are made from the fund annually.

### GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (In Thousands)

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES				
Property Taxes	\$ 382,628	\$ 382,628	\$ 391,382	\$ 8,754
Sales Taxes	217,199	217,199	192,650	(24,549)
Transient Occupancy Taxes	75,907	75,907	65,222	(10,685)
Other Local Taxes	78,228	78,228	73,260	(4,968)
Licenses and Permits	32,436	32,436	28,024	(4,412)
Fines, Forfeitures and Penalties	32,434	32,384	30,179	(2,205)
Revenue from Use of Money and Property	45,818	45,818	40,744	(5,074)
Revenue from Federal Agencies	2,224	2,224	2,859	635
Revenue from Other Agencies	4,951	5,082	6,007	925
Revenue from Private Sources	98	98	14	(84)
Charges for Current Services	153,599	163,343	127,536	(35,807)
Other Revenue	4,055	4,584	7,859	3,275
TOTAL REVENUES	1,029,577	1,039,931	965,736	(74,195)
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General Government and Support	238,458	242,028	231,579	10,449
Public Safety - Police	388,164	378,488	378,225	263
Public Safety - Fire and Life Safety and Homeland Security	186,156	185,727	185,481	246
Parks, Recreation, Culture and Leisure	123,244	122,676	121,915	761
Transportation	55,192	63,981	63,980	1
Sanitation and Health	73,268	76,873	75,062	1,811
Neighborhod Services Debt Service:	19,313	17,442	17,271	171
Principal Retirement	2,640	2,640	2,640	
Interest	2,818	2,888	2,888	
increat.	2,010	2,000	2,000	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,089,254	1,092,743	1,079,041	13,702
				(00,100)
OVER EXPENDITURES	(59,677)	(52,812)	(113,305)	(60,493)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers from Proprietary Funds	-	-	5,723	5,723
Transfers from Other Funds	100,130	97,272	140,595	43,323
Transfers to Proprietary Funds	-	(10,157)	(10,157)	-
Transfers to Other Funds	(41,427)	(28,426)	(28,426)	-
Proceeds from the Sale of Capital Assets			21_	21
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	58,704	58,689	107,756	49,067
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(973)	5,877	(5,549)	(11,426)
Fund Balance Undesignated at July 1, 2009	78,347	78,347	78,347	-
Reserved for Encumbrances at July 1, 2009	32,071	32,071	32,071	-
Reserved for Minority Interest in Joint Venture at July 1, 2009	1,824	1,824	1,824	-
Reserved for Minority Interest in Joint Venture at June 30, 2010	-	-	(1,689)	(1,689)
Designated for Subsequent Years' Expenditures at July, 2009	207	207	207	-
Designated for Subsequent Years' Expenditures at June 30, 2010			(197)_	(197)
FUND BALANCE UNDESIGNATED AT JUNE 30, 2010	\$ 111,476	\$ 118,326	\$ 105,014	\$ (13,312)

# Note to Required Supplementary Information Year Ended June 30, 2010

# 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

# a. Budgetary Data

On or before the first meeting in May of each year, the City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating and capital improvements budget for the fiscal year commencing July 1. This budget includes annual budgets for the following funds:

- General Fund
- Special Revenue Funds:
  - City of San Diego:
    - -Acquisition, Improvement and Operation
    - -Environmental Growth Funds:
      - -Two-Thirds Requirement
      - -One-Third Requirement
    - -Police Decentralization
    - -Public Transportation
    - -Qualcomm Stadium Operations
    - -Special Gas Tax Street Improvement
    - -Street Division Operations
    - -Transient Occupancy Tax
    - -Underground Surcharge
    - -Zoological Exhibits
    - -Other Special Revenue

Centre City Development Corporation

Southeastern Economic Development Corporation

- Debt Service Funds:
  - City of San Diego:

-Public Safety Communications Project

- Capital Projects Funds:
  - City of San Diego:

-TransNet

Public hearings are then conducted to obtain citizen comments on the proposed budget. A budget resolution legally adopting the budget for the next fiscal year is passed prior to June 30 and during the month of July the appropriation ordinance is passed by the City Council appropriating funds according to the budget resolution. Budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting except that (1) encumbrances outstanding at year-end are considered expenditures and (2) the increase/decrease in reserve for advances and deposits to other funds and agencies are considered as additions/deductions of expenditures. The City budget is prepared excluding unrealized gains or losses resulting from the change in fair value of investments, proceeds from capital leases, and net income from joint venture.

The legal level of budgetary control for the City's general fund is exercised at the salaries and wages and nonpersonnel expenditures level. Budgetary control for the other budgeted funds, including those of certain component units, is maintained at the total fund appropriation level. All amendments to the adopted budget require City Council approval except as delegated in the Annual Appropriation Ordinance.

Reported budget figures are as originally adopted or subsequently amended plus prior year continuing appropriations. Such budget amendments during the year, including those related to supplemental appropriations, did not cause these reported budget amounts to be significantly different than the originally adopted budget amounts. Appropriations lapse at year-end to the extent that they have not been expended or encumbered, except for those of a capital nature, which continue to subsequent years.

The following is a reconciliation of the net change in fund balance prepared on a GAAP basis to that prepared on the budgetary basis for the year ended June 30, 2010 (in thousands):

	General Fund
Net Change in Fund Balances - GAAP Basis	\$ 631
Add (Deduct):	
Encumbrances Outstanding, June 30, 2010	(6,307)
Designated for Unrealized Gains, June 30, 2010	(1,816)
Designated for Unrealized Gains, June 30, 2009	1,943
Net Change in Fund Balances - Budgetary Basis	\$ (5,549)

# b. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of funds are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary control in the budgeted governmental funds.

Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as reservations of fund balances, since the commitments will be honored through subsequent years' continuing appropriations. Encumbrances do not constitute expenditures or liabilities for GAAP reporting purposes.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - GENERAL FUND

	Actual	Adjustment to Budgetary Basis	Actual on Budgetary Basis	Final Budget	Variance with Final Budget
PROPERTY TAXES					
One Percent Property Tax Allocation	\$1	\$-	\$1	\$ 53	\$ (52)
Current Year - Secured	124,391	-	124,391	269,861	(145,470)
Current Year Supplemental - Secured	968	-	968	5,652	(4,684)
Current Year - Unsecured	9,541	-	9,541	9,069	472
Current Unsecured Supplemental Roll	44	-	44	168	(124)
Homeowners' Exemptions - Secured	2,689	-	2,689	2,637	52
Homeowners' Exemptions - Unsecured	2	-	2	2	-
Prior years' - Secured	4,865	-	4,865	1,390	3,475
Prior years' - Unsecured	(86)	-	(86)	68	(154)
In-Lieu Vehicle License Fees	105,981	-	105,981	80,401	25,580
Interest and Penalties on Delinquent Taxes	2,216	-	2,216	7,985	(5,769)
Escapes - Secured	3,063	-	3,063	-	3,063
Escapes - Unsecured	349	-	349	-	349
Other Property Taxes	134,926	-	134,926	1,147	133,779
State Secured Unitary	2,432	-	2,432	4,195	(1,763)
TOTAL PROPERTY TAXES	391,382		391,382	382,628	8,754
SALES TAXES	192,650	-	192,650	217,199	(24,549)
TRANSIENT OCCUPANCY TAXES	65,222	-	65,222	75,907	(10,685)
OTHER LOCAL TAXES					
Franchises	67,443	-	67,443	73,717	(6,274)
Property Transfer Tax	5,817		5,817	4,511	1,306
TOTAL OTHER LOCAL TAXES	73,260		73,260	78,228	(4,968)
LICENSES AND PERMITS					
General Business Licenses	7,545	-	7,545	8,782	(1,237)
Refuse Collection Business Licenses	724	-	724	1,000	(276)
Other Regulatory Business Licenses	2	-	2	-	2
Rental Unit Tax	5,096	-	5,096	6,775	(1,679)
Parking Meter Revenue	6,900	-	6,900	6,900	-
Other Licenses and Permits	7,757		7,757	8,979	(1,222)
TOTAL LICENSES AND PERMITS	28,024		28,024	32,436	(4,412)
FINES, FORFEITURES AND PENALTIES					
California Vehicle Code Violations	27,521	-	27,521	28,018	(497)
Other City Ordinance Code Violations	2,658		2,658	4,366	(1,708)
TOTAL FINES, FORFEITURES AND PENALTIES	30,179		30,179	32,384	(2,205)

	Actual	Adjustment to Budgetary Basis	Actual on Budgetary Basis	Final Budget	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUE FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY					
Interest on Investments	\$ (282)	\$ 129	\$ (153)	\$ 4,091	\$ (4,244)
Balboa Park Rents and Concessions	242	÷	242	-	242
Mission Bay Park Rents and Concessions	23,984	-	23,984	-	23,984
Other Rents and Concessions	16,671	-	16,671	41,727	(25,056)
TOTAL REVENUE FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY	40.615	129	40,744	45,818	(5,074)
REVENUE FROM FEDERAL AGENCIES	2,859		2,859	2,224	635
	<u>.</u>		<u> </u>	<u>,</u>	
REVENUE FROM OTHER AGENCIES					
State Motor Vehicle License Fees	3,988	-	3,988	3,900	88
Local Relief	114	-	114	210	(96)
Tobacco Revenue	-	-	-	701	(701)
State Grants	1,905		1,905	271	1,634
TOTAL REVENUE FROM OTHER AGENCIES	6,007		6,007	5,082	925
REVENUE FROM PRIVATE SOURCES	14	-	14	98	(84)
CHARGES FOR CURRENT SERVICES					
Administrative Services to Other Agencies	645	-	645	302	343
Cemetery Revenue	732	-	732	878	(146)
Engineering Services	381	-	381	657	(276)
Fire Services	7,635	-	7,635	10,247	(2,612)
Library Revenue	1,417	-	1,417	1,527	(110)
Miscellaneous Recreation Revenue	3,822	-	3,822	3,901	(79)
Other Services	272	-	272	239	33
Paramedic Services	178	-	178	167	11
Planning and Miscellaneous Filing Fees	84	_	84	20	64
Police Services	3,998	_	3,998	2,939	1,059
Swimming Pools Revenue	1,055		1,055	1,166	(111)
Services Rendered to Other Funds for:	1,000		1,000	1,100	(111)
General Government and Financial	42,299		42,299	73,494	(31,195)
Engineering	57,143	-	42,233 57,143	58,224	(1,081)
	1,143	-	1,143	1,436	
Park Design	6,732		6,732	8,146	(293) (1,414)
TOTAL CHARGES FOR CURRENT SERVICES	127,536	-	127,536	163,343	(35,807)
OTHER REVENUE					
Other Refunds of Prior Years' Expenditures	3,667	-	3,667	341	3,326
Repairs and Damage Recoveries	457	-	457	245	212
Sale of Personal Property	274	-	274	117	157
Miscellaneous Revenue	3,461		3,461	3,881	(420)
TOTAL OTHER REVENUE	7,859		7,859	4,584	3,275
TOTAL REVENUES	965,607	129_	965,736	1,039,931	(74,195)

	Actual	Adjustment to Budgetary Basis	Actual on Budgetary Basis	Final Budget	Variance with Final Budget
TRANSFERS FROM PROPRIETARY FUNDS					
Internal Service Funds:					
City of San Diego:					
Fleet Services	\$ 1,938	\$-	\$ 1,938	\$-	\$ 1,938
Self Insurance	2,631	-	2,631	-	2,631
Miscellaneous Internal Service	1,154		1,154		1,154
TOTAL TRANSFERS FROM PROPRIETARY FUNDS	5,723		5,723		5,723
TRANSFERS FROM OTHER FUNDS					
Special Revenue Funds:					
City of San Diego:					
Acquisition, Improvement & Operations	3	-	3	-	3
Environmental Growth Fund (Two-Thirds)	7,512	-	7,512	8,897	(1,385)
Environmental Growth Fund (One-Third)	1,587	-	1,587	3,486	(1,899)
Police Decentralization	79	-	79	-	79
Public Transportation	4,891	-	4,891	-	4,891
Qualcomm Stadium Operations	9	-	9	-	9
Special Gas Tax Street Improvement	21,107	-	21,107	17,065	4,042
Street Division Operations	432	-	432	417	15
Transient Occupancy Tax	27,668	-	27,668	13,581	14,087
Zoological Exhibits	62	-	62	-	62
Other Special Revenue - Budgeted	11,526	-	11,526	9,633	1,893
Grants	559	-	559	-	559
Other Special Revenue - Unbudgeted	18,234	-	18,234	37,712	(19,478)
Redevelopment Agency	3,026	-	3,026	-	3,026
Debt Funds:					
City of San Diego:					
McGuigan Loan Fund	29,035	-	29,035	-	29,035
Capital Projects Funds:					
City of San Diego:					
Capital Outlay	579	-	579	-	579
TransNet	6,626	-	6,626	6,266	360
Other Construction	6,420	-	6,420	215	6,205
Redevelopment Agency	815	-	815	-	815
Permanent Funds:					
Cemetery Perpetuity	425		425		425
TOTAL TRANSFERS FROM OTHER FUNDS	140,595		140,595	97,272	43,323_
PROCEEDS FROM THE SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS	21_		21		21
TOTAL REVENUE AND TRANSFERS	\$ 1,111,946	\$ 129	\$ 1,112,075	\$ 1,137,203	\$ (25,128)

	Actual	Adjustment to Budgetary Basis	Actual on Budgetary Basis	Final Budget	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
ENERAL GOVERNMENT AND SUPPORT						
Mayor						
Salaries and Wages	\$ 468	\$-	\$ 468	\$ 468	\$	
Non-Personnel	250		250	251		
Total Mayor	718		718	719		
City Council District 1						
Salaries and Wages	448	-	448	448		
Non-Personnel	393	_	393	393		
Total City Council District 1	841		841	841		
City Council District 2	400		400	400		
Salaries and Wages	466	-	466	466		
Non-Personnel	373		373	373		
Total City Council District 2	839		839	839		
City Council District 3						
Salaries and Wages	485	-	485	485		
Non-Personnel	441	-	441	441		
Total City Council District 3	926	-	926	926		
City Council District 4						
City Council District 4	457		457	457		
Salaries and Wages	457	-	457	457		
Non-Personnel.	446		446	446		
Total City Council District 4	903		903	903		
City Council District 5						
Salaries and Wages	467	-	467	467		
Non-Personnel	397	41	438	438		
Total City Council District 5	864	41	905	905		
City Council District 6						
Salaries and Wages	497	_	497	497		
Non-Personnel	432		432	432		
Total City Council District 6	929		929	929		
	525					
City Council District 7						
Salaries and Wages	515	-	515	515		
Non-Personnel	438		438	438		
Total City Council District 7	953	-	953	953		
City Council District 8						
Salaries and Wages	484	-	484	484		
Non-Personnel	440	-	440	440		
Total City Council District 8	924	-	924	924		
Council Administration	004		004	004		
Salaries and Wages	901	-	901	901		
Non-Personnel	776	25	801	801		
Total Council Administration	1,677	25	1,702	1,702		
City Clerk						
Salaries and Wages	2,201	-	2,201	2,201		
	2 101	-	2,191	2,191		
Non-Personnel	2,191			4 202		
	4,392	-	4,392	4,392		
Total City Clerk		-	4,392	4,392		
Total City Clerk	4,392					
Non-Personnel Total City Clerk Independent Budget Analyst Salaries and Wages Non-Personnel			4,392 984 603	4,392 984 603		

City Autom         S         22,110         S         22,110         S         22,110         S         22,110         S         22,110         S         -           Non-Personnel.         104.03         38         38.581         38.581         38.581         38.581         38.581         38.581         38.581         -         -           Personnel.         2.761         -         2.761         -         2.761         -		Actual	Adjustment to Budgetary Basis	Actual on Budgetary Basis	Final Budget	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Non-Personnel.         16.433         38         16.471         10.471           Vala Cip Altoney.         38.583         38         38.581         38.581         38.581           Personnel         3.517         3.517         3.517         -         3.517         -           Non-Personnel.         6.276         2.761         2.761         2.761         -         -           States and Wages         6.77         5.677         6.77         - <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>						
Total City Attomey.         38         38         38.581         -           Personnel         3.517         3.517         3.517         2.761         -           Non-Personnel         6.278         6.278         6.278         -           States and Wages.         367         557         557         567         -           States and Wages.         369         389         389         -           Total Ethics Commission         356         955         955         -           States and Wages.         1.303         1.305         2         -           States and Wages.         1.94         1.94         241         87           States and Wages.         1.94         1.94         241         87           Total Assistant Chief Operating Officer         284         -         284         290           Total Assistand Wages.	•			, , ,		\$-
Personnel         3,517         3,518         3,518         3,518         3,518         3,518         3,518         3,518         3,518         3,518         3,518         3,518         3,518         3,518         3,518         3,518						-
Salaries and Wages         3.517         -         3.517         3.517           Total Personnel         2.761         -         2.761         -           Salaries and Wages         6278         -         6278         6278           Salaries and Wages         567         -         567         -           Total Ethics Commission         389         -         389         389         -           City Auditor         -         -         966         -         966         2078         2.21         2.3           Assistant Chiel Operating Officer         -         1.805         -         1.805         1.805         2.1         2.3         2.4         2.2         2.2         1.4         2.9         1.4         1.4         1.4         2.4         2.2	Total City Attorney	38,543	38_	38,581	38,581	-
Non-Presonel         2,761         2,765         3,1305         2,321         233         335         23         221         233         1235         2,121         233         233         2321         233         1335         21         233         234         234         234         234         234         234         234         234         234         234         234         234         234         234 <t< td=""><td>Personnel</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Personnel					
Total Personnel.         6.278         6.278         6.278           Ethics Commission         567         667         567         -           Salaries and Wages         567         -         567         -           Total Ethics Commission         956         -         956         -           City Auditor         1,303         -         1,303         -         1,303         1,305         2           Non-Presonnel.         1,005         -         1,005         -         2,005         -         2,005         -         2,005         -         2,005         -         2,005         -         2,005         -         1,005         -         1,005         -         1,005         -         1,005         -         1,005         -         2,005         1,005         -         1,005         -         2,005         -         2,016         -         2,016         2,01         -         0,01,00         0,01,00         0,01,00         0,01,00         0,01,00         0,01,00         0,01,00         0,01,00         0,01,00         0,01,00         0,01,00         0,01,00         0,01,00         0,01,00         0,01,00         0,01,00         0,01,00         0,01,00         0,01,00 </td <td>Salaries and Wages</td> <td>3,517</td> <td>-</td> <td>3,517</td> <td>3,517</td> <td>-</td>	Salaries and Wages	3,517	-	3,517	3,517	-
Ethics Commission         Saleries and Wages         667         -         667         567         -           Non-Personnel.         956         956         956         -         956         -           City Audior         339         -         393         1,393         1,395         2           Salaries and Wages         1,303         -         1,303         1,305         2.3         2.3           Assistant Chief Operating Officer         3198         -         3.198         3.22.1         2.3           Assistant Chief Operating Officer         -         194         -         194         2.61         67           Total City Audion         .         9.0         -         90         168         78           Total Assistant Chief Operating Officer         .         2.244         -         2.244         2.23         1.45           Cityvide Administration         .         1.229         -         1.249         20         Non Personnel.         1.665         70         2.755         3.144         391           Business Office         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         . </td <td>Non-Personnel.</td> <td>2,761</td> <td>-</td> <td>2,761</td> <td>2,761</td> <td>-</td>	Non-Personnel.	2,761	-	2,761	2,761	-
Salaries and Wages         567         -         567         -           Non-Personnel         389         -         399         399         -           City Auditor         -         956         -         956         -         956         -           Salaries and Wages         1.303         -         1.303         1.305         2         -         1.005         1.826         21         23         23           Assistant Chief Operating Officer         -         3.198         -         3.198         3.221         23         3         -         1.303         1.326         21         23         4         421         43         467         -         104         -         104         -         104         104         -         104         426         67         <	Total Personnel	6,278	-	6,278	6,278	-
Salaries and Wages         567         -         567         -           Non-Personnel         389         -         399         399         -           City Auditor         -         956         -         956         -         956         -           Salaries and Wages         1.303         -         1.303         1.305         2         -         1.005         1.826         21         23         23           Assistant Chief Operating Officer         -         3.198         -         3.198         3.221         23         3         -         1.303         1.326         21         23         4         421         43         467         -         104         -         104         -         104         104         -         104         426         67         <	Ethics Commission					
Non-Personnel.         389         -         389         -           City Auditor         3956         -         9566         -           States and Wages         1.303         -         1.303         1.303         1.305         2           Non-Personnet         1.805         -         1.805         1.805         1.802         21           Total City Auditor         3.198         -         3.199         3.221         23           Assistant Chief Operating Officer         3.198         -         3.198         78           Satares and Wages         194         -         194         261         67           Non-Personnet         284         -         284         429         145           Satares and Wages         1.429         -         1229         1.249         20           Non-Personnet         1.456         70         1.526         1.897         3146         391           Business Office         904         -         904         1.295         3146         391           Human Resources         2.555         -         1.453         1.153         1.153         1.153         1.153         1.153         1.153         1.153		567	-	567	567	-
Total Ethics Commission         956         -         956         956         -           City Autitor         Salaries and Wages         1.393         1.393         1.393         21           Salaries and Wages         1.805         -         1.805         21         23           Non-Personnel         90         -         3.198         -         3.198         221         23           Salaries and Wages         90         -         90         168         78         70         700         168         78         70         714         429         145         67         70         1228         1429         145         67         71         714         429         145         67         71         72         72         75         3.146         70         71         71         71         71         7	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		-			-
Salaries and Wages         1.393         -         1.393         1.395         2           Non-Personnel         1.805         -         1.806         1.826         21           Assistant Chief Operating Officer         -         194         -         194         23           Assistant Chief Operating Officer         -         -         00         188         78           Total Assistant Chief Operating Officer         -         284         -         284         429         145           Cityvide Administration         -         284         -         284         29         145           Salaries and Wages         1.229         -         1.229         1.229         1.249         20           Non-Personnel         2.665         70         2.755         3.146         301           Business Office         -         492         612         120           Non-Personnel         -         412         -         412         613         271           Total Rivage Administration         -         -         492         612         120           Non-Personnel         -         1402         -         404         1295         391			-			-
Salaries and Wages         1.393         -         1.393         1.395         2           Non-Personnel         1.805         -         1.806         1.826         21           Assistant Chief Operating Officer         -         194         -         194         23           Assistant Chief Operating Officer         -         -         00         188         78           Total Assistant Chief Operating Officer         -         284         -         284         429         145           Cityvide Administration         -         284         -         284         29         145           Salaries and Wages         1.229         -         1.229         1.229         1.249         20           Non-Personnel         2.665         70         2.755         3.146         301           Business Office         -         492         612         120           Non-Personnel         -         412         -         412         613         271           Total Rivage Administration         -         -         492         612         120           Non-Personnel         -         1402         -         404         1295         391						
Non-Personnel         1.805         1.826         21           Total City Auditor         3.198         -         3.198         3.221         23           Assistant Chef Operating Officer         -         -         194         261         67           Salaries and Wages         -         194         -         194         261         67           Non-Personnel         -         264         -         224         422         145           Citywide Administration         -         1.229         -         1.229         1.249         20           Non-Personnel         1.456         70         1.526         1.897         3146         391           Total Citywide Administration         2.685         70         2.755         3.146         391           Business Office         -         492         -         492         612         120           Non-Personnel         -         -         412         683         271         104           Total Eusiness Office         -         -         412         683         271         104         -         104         1295         391           Human Resources         -         -         -<	•	1.393	-	1.393	1.395	2
Total City Auditor.         3.198         3.198         3.221         23           Assistant Chief Operating Officer         90         90         194         261         67           Salaries and Wages.         90         90         194         261         67           Non-Personnel         90         224         224         429         145           Citywide Administration         224         224         224         224         224           Salaries and Wages.         1.229         1.229         1.229         1.249         20           Non-Personnel         1.456         70         1.526         1.897         3711           Salaries and Wages.         1.429         2         492         612         120           Non-Personnel         1.456         70         2.755         3.146         391           Salaries and Wages.         492         492         612         120         Non-Personnel         1.153         1.141         1402         1.402         1.402         1.402         1.402         -         1.402         -         1.402         -         1.402         -         1.402         -         1.402         -         1.402         -	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		-			
Salaries and Wages       194       -       194       261       67         Non-Personel       90       -       90       168       78         Total Assistant Chief Operating Officer       284       -       284       429       145         Citywide Administration       1229       -       1229       1249       20         Non-Personel       1456       70       1,526       1,897       3711         Total Citywide Administration       2,685       70       2,755       3,146       391         Business Office       -       492       612       120       Non-Personel       212       612       120         Non-Personel       412       -       412       683       271       104       1402       -       412       683       271         Total Business Office       904       -       904       -       904       -       904       -       904       -       904       -       904       -       904       -       904       -       904       -       904       -       904       -       904       -       904       -       904       -       904       -       904       -						
Salaries and Wages       194       -       194       261       67         Non-Personel       90       -       90       168       78         Total Assistant Chief Operating Officer       284       -       284       429       145         Citywide Administration       1229       -       1229       1249       20         Non-Personel       1456       70       1,526       1,897       3711         Total Citywide Administration       2,685       70       2,755       3,146       391         Business Office       -       492       612       120       Non-Personel       212       612       120         Non-Personel       412       -       412       683       271       104       1402       -       412       683       271         Total Business Office       904       -       904       -       904       -       904       -       904       -       904       -       904       -       904       -       904       -       904       -       904       -       904       -       904       -       904       -       904       -       904       -       904       -	Assistant Chief Operating Officer					
Non-Personnel.         90         -         90         188         78           Total Assistant Chief Operating Officer.         284         -         284         429         145           Citywide Administration         stairis and Wages.         1,229         -         1,229         1,229         20           Non-Personnel.         1,456         70         1,526         1,897         3711           Total Citywide Administration         2,685         70         2,755         3,146         391           Business Office          3         <		104	_	104	261	67
Total Assistant Chief Operating Officer.         284         -         284         429         145           Citywide Administration         1229         -         1229         1249         20           Non-Personnel.         1.456         70         1.526         1.897         371           Total Citywide Administration         2.685         70         2.755         3.146         391           Business Office         31         3416         391         314         391           Salaries and Wages         492         -         492         612         120           Non-Personnel         412         -         412         683         271           Total Business Office         304         -         904         1.295         391           Human Resources         3417         3145         1			_			
Salaries and Wages         1,229         -         1,229         1,249         20           Non-Personnel         1,456         70         1,526         1,897         371           Total Citywide Administration         2,685         70         2,755         3,144         391           Business Office         -         492         -         492         612         120           Non-Personnel         412         -         412         683         2711           Total Business Office         904         -         904         1,295         391           Human Resources         -         1,402         1,402         -         402         -           Salaries and Wages         1,402         -         1,402         -         -         -           On-Personnel         1,153         -         1,153         1,154         1         -           Total Human Resources         2,555         -         2,555         2,556         1         -           Office of the CIO         16,355         -         16,355         16,356         1           Community and Legislative Services         2,906         -         2,906         3,055         149 <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>			-			
Salaries and Wages         1,229         -         1,229         1,249         20           Non-Personnel         1,456         70         1,526         1,897         371           Total Citywide Administration         2,685         70         2,755         3,144         391           Business Office         -         492         -         492         612         120           Non-Personnel         412         -         412         683         2711           Total Business Office         904         -         904         1,295         391           Human Resources         -         1,402         1,402         -         402         -           Salaries and Wages         1,402         -         1,402         -         -         -           On-Personnel         1,153         -         1,153         1,154         1         -           Total Human Resources         2,555         -         2,555         2,556         1         -           Office of the CIO         16,355         -         16,355         16,356         1           Community and Legislative Services         2,906         -         2,906         3,055         149 <td>Citarida Administration</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Citarida Administration					
Non-Personnel.         1.456         70         1.526         1.897         371           Total Clywide Administration         2.685         70         2.755         3.146         391           Business Office          31416         391         391           Business Office          492         2.755         3.146         391           Salaries and Wages         492         .492         612         120           Non-Personnel.         412         .412         683         271           Total Business Office         .904         .904         1.295         391           Human Resources		1 229		1 229	1 249	20
Total Citywide Administration         2,685         70         2,755         3,146         391           Business Office         Salaries and Wages         492         492         612         120           Non-Personnel         492         412         412         683         271           Total Business Office         904         -         904         1,295         391           Human Resources         1,402         1,402         1,402         -         1,153         1,154         1           Total Human Resources         2,555         -         2,555         2,555         1 <td< td=""><td>•</td><td></td><td>70</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	•		70			
Salaries and Wages       492       -       492       612       120         Non-Personnel       904       -       904       1.295       391         Human Resources       salaries and Wages       1,402       -       1,402       -       1,402       -       1,402       -       Non-Personnel       1,153       1,153       1,154       1       1       Total Human Resources       2,555       -       2,555       2,556       1						
Salaries and Wages       492       -       492       612       120         Non-Personnel       904       -       904       1.295       391         Human Resources       salaries and Wages       1,402       -       1,402       -       1,402       -       1,402       -       Non-Personnel       1,153       1,153       1,154       1       1       Total Human Resources       2,555       -       2,555       2,556       1						
Non-Personnel.         412         -         412         683         271           Total Business Office         904         -         904         1,295         391           Human Resources         Salaries and Wages         1,402         -         1,402         -         1,402         -           Non-Personnel         1,153         -         1,153         1,154         1         - <td></td> <td>402</td> <td></td> <td>402</td> <td>610</td> <td>120</td>		402		402	610	120
Total Business Office         904         904         904         1,295         391           Human Resources         Salaries and Wages         1,402         1,402         1,402         -           Non-Personnel         1,153         -         1,153         1,154         1           Total Human Resources         2,555         -         2,555         2,556         1           Office of the CIO Salaries and Wages         -	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		-			
Salaries and Wages.       1,402       -       1,402       -         Non-Personnel.       1,153       -       1,153       1,154       1         Total Human Resources.       2,555       -       2,555       2,556       1         Office of the CIO       Salaries and Wages.       - <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td>						-
Salaries and Wages.       1,402       -       1,402       -         Non-Personnel.       1,153       -       1,153       1,154       1         Total Human Resources.       2,555       -       2,555       2,556       1         Office of the CIO       Salaries and Wages.       - <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>						
Non-Personnel         1,153         1,154         1           Total Human Resources         2,555         -         2,555         2,556         1           Office of the CIO Salaries and Wages         - <t< td=""><td></td><td>1 400</td><td></td><td>1 400</td><td>1 400</td><td></td></t<>		1 400		1 400	1 400	
Total Human Resources       2,555       2,555       2,556       1         Office of the CIO Salaries and Wages       -			-			-
Office of the CIO         Salaries and Wages         -						
Salaries and Wages       -						
Non-Personnel.         16,355         -         16,355         16,356         1           Total Office of the CIO.         16,355         -         16,355         16,356         1           Community and Legislative Services         Salaries and Wages.         2,906         -         2,906         3,055         149           Non-Personnel.         2,801         20         2,821         2,821         -           Total Community and Legislative Services.         5,707         20         5,727         5,876         149           Chief Financial Officer         -         319         -         319         319         -           Salaries and Wages.         319         -         319         319         -         -           Chief Financial Officer         -         -         319         319         -         -           Salaries and Wages.         319         -         319         -         -         -           Total Chief Financial Officer         -         768         13         781         878         97           City Comptroller         -         -         5,876         -         5,876         -           Salaries and Wages.         -						
Total Office of the CIO	•	-	-	-	-	-
Community and Legislative Services           Salaries and Wages.         2,906         -         2,906         3,055         149           Non-Personnel.         2,801         20         2,821         2,821         -           Total Community and Legislative Services.         5,707         20         5,727         5,876         149           Chief Financial Officer         5,707         20         5,727         5,876         149           Non-Personnel.         319         -         319         319         -           Total Chief Financial Officer         319         -         319         319         -           Total Chief Financial Officer         319         -         319         319         -           Total Chief Financial Officer         768         13         781         878         97           City Comptroller         5,876         -         5,876         -         5,876         -           Salaries and Wages         5,125         25         5,150         5,150         -						
Salaries and Wages       2,906       -       2,906       3,055       149         Non-Personnel       2,801       20       2,821       2,821       -         Total Community and Legislative Services       5,707       20       5,727       5,876       149         Chief Financial Officer       319       -       319       319       -         Salaries and Wages       319       -       319       319       -         Non-Personnel       449       13       462       559       97         Total Chief Financial Officer       768       13       781       878       97         City Comptroller       Salaries and Wages       5,876       -       5,876       -       5,876       -         Salaries and Wages       5,876       -       5,876       -       5,876       -         Outputpoller       5,125       25       5,150       5,150       -						
Non-Personnel.         2,801         20         2,821         2,821         -           Total Community and Legislative Services.         5,707         20         5,727         5,876         149           Chief Financial Officer Salaries and Wages.         319         -         319         319         -           Non-Personnel.         449         13         462         559         97           Total Chief Financial Officer         768         13         781         878         97           City Comptroller Salaries and Wages.         5,876         -         5,876         -         5,876         -           Salaries and Wages.         5,876         -         5,876         -         5,876         -           Non-Personnel.         5,125         25         5,150         5,150         -						
Total Community and Legislative Services.       5,707       20       5,727       5,876       149         Chief Financial Officer       319       -       319       319       -         Salaries and Wages.       319       -       319       319       -         Non-Personnel.       449       13       462       559       97         Total Chief Financial Officer.       768       13       781       878       97         City Comptroller       5,876       -       5,876       -       5,876       -         Salaries and Wages.       5,876       -       5,876       -       5,876       -         Non-Personnel.       5,125       25       5,150       5,150       -			-			149
Chief Financial Officer       319       -       319       319       -         Salaries and Wages						-
Salaries and Wages	Total Community and Legislative Services	5,707	20_	5,727	5,876	149
Non-Personnel.         449         13         462         559         97           Total Chief Financial Officer.         768         13         781         878         97           City Comptroller Salaries and Wages.         5,876         -         5,876         5,876         -           Non-Personnel.         5,125         25         5,150         5,150         -	Chief Financial Officer					
Total Chief Financial Officer         768         13         781         878         97           City Comptroller Salaries and Wages         5,876         -         5,876         -         -         5,876         -         -         -         5,876         -         -         -         5,876         -<	Salaries and Wages	319	-	319	319	-
City Comptroller           Salaries and Wages	Non-Personnel					
Salaries and Wages         5,876         -         5,876         -           Non-Personnel         5,125         25         5,150         5,150         -	Total Chief Financial Officer	768	13	781	878	97
Salaries and Wages         5,876         -         5,876         -           Non-Personnel         5,125         25         5,150         5,150         -	City Comptroller					
Non-Personnel         5,125         25         5,150         5,150         -		5.876	-	5.876	5.876	-
			25			-
	Total City Comptroller	11,001	25	11,026	11,026	-

	 Actual	t Bude	stment to getary asis	Bu	ctual on dgetary Basis	E	Final 3udget	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
Debt Management									
Salaries and Wages	\$ 1,328	\$	-	\$	1,328	\$	1,446	\$	118
Non-Personnel	 1,013		12		1,025		1,081		56
Total Debt Management	 2,341		12		2,353		2,527		174
Financial Management									
Salaries and Wages	2,278		-		2,278		2,278		-
Non-Personnel	 1,675		-		1,675		1,675		-
Total Financial Management	 3,953		-		3,953		3,953		-
Purchasing and Contracts									
Salaries and Wages	1,975		-		1,975		2,190		215
Non-Personnel	1,626		-		1,626		1,864		238
Total Purchasing and Contracts	 3,601		-		3,601		4,054		453
City Treasurer									
Salaries and Wages	5,741		-		5,741		5,741		-
Non-Personnel.	8,286		162		8,448		8,448		-
Total City Treasurer	 14,027		162		14,189		14,189		-
Real Estate Assets									
Salaries and Wages	2,022		_		2,022		2,026		4
Non-Personnel	1,407		1		1,408		1,645		237
Total Real Estate Assets	 3,429		1		3,430		3,671		241
	 			_		-			
Engineering and Capital Projects									
Salaries and Wages	23,049		-		23,049		23,049		-
Non-Personnel	 19,478		38		19,516		19,517		1
Total Engineering and Capital Projects	 42,527		38		42,565		42,566		1
General Services									
Salaries and Wages	5,418		-		5,418		7,907		2,489
Non-Personnel.	9,911		23		9,934		10,263		329
Total General Services	 15,329		23		15,352		18,170		2,818
Public Works									
Salaries and Wages	204		-		204		204		-
Non-Personnel	120		-		120		132		12
Total Public Works	324		-		324		336		12
Citywide Expenses									
Salaries and Wages	-		-		-		3,628		3,628
Non-Personnel.	39,586		413		39,999		40,001		3,020
Total Citywide Expenses	 39,586		413		39,999		43,629		3,630
Citywide Expenses/Continuing Projects	 								
Salaries and Wages	-		-		-		-		-
Non-Personnel.	366		428		794		1,048		254
Total Citywide Expenses/Continuing Projects	 366		428		794		1,048		254
General Fund Appropriated Reserve									
Salaries and Wages	-		-		-		1,666		1,666
Non-Personnel	-		-		-		1		1
Total General Fund Appropriated Reserve	 -		-		-		1,667		1,667
TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENT AND SUPPORT	230,270		1,309		231,579		242,028		10,449
	 200,210		.,500				2.2,020		.0,110

	Actual	Adjustment to Budgetary Basis	Actual on Budgetary Basis	Final Budget	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
PUBLIC SAFETY-POLICE					
Departmental:					
Police					
Salaries and Wages	\$ 207,997	\$ -	\$ 207,997	\$ 208,259	\$ 262
Non-Personnel	170,049	179	170,228	170,229	1
Total Police	378,046	179	378,225	378,488	263
TOTAL PUBLIC SAFETY - POLICE	378,046	179	378,225	378,488	263
PUBLIC SAFETY - FIRE AND LIFE SAFETY AND HOMELAND SECURITY					
Departmental:					
Fire - Rescue					
Salaries and Wages	104,568	-	104,568	104,568	-
Non-Personnel	79,625	1	79,626	79,626	-
Total Fire - Rescue	184,193	1	184,194	184,194	
Office of Homeland Security					
Salaries and Wages	656	-	656	793	137
Non-Personnel	580	51	631	740	109
Total Office of Homeland Security	1,236	51	1,287	1,533	246
TOTAL PUBLIC SAFETY - FIRE AND LIFE SAFETY AND HOMELAND SECURITY	185,429	52	185,481	185,727	246
		02_			
PARKS, RECREATION, CULTURE AND LEISURE					
Departmental:					
Library					
Salaries and Wages	16,167	-	16,167	16,167	-
Non-Personnel	18,603	7	18,610	18,610	-
Total Library	34,770	7	34,777	34,777	-
Parks and Recreation					
Salaries and Wages	31,063	-	31,063	31,063	-
Non-Personnel.	54,204	638	54,842	54,842	-
Total Parks and Recreation - Administrative Services	85,267	638	85,905	85,905	
Reservoir Concessions				747	747
Salaries and Wages	-	- 1	-	747	747
Non-Personnel Total Reservoir Concessions	1,232	1	1,233	1,247	<u> </u>
	1,232	<u>ı</u>	1,200	1,554	
TOTAL PARKS, RECREATION					
CULTURE AND LEISURE	121,269	646	121,915	122,676	761
TRANSPORTATION					
Departmental:					
Engineering and Capital Projects - Transportation					
Salaries and Wages	12,069	-	12,069	12,069	-
Non-Personnel	8,462	147	8,609	8,609	-
Total Engineering and Capital Projects - Transportation	20,531	147	20,678	20,678	-
Ctracta					
Streets	40.440		40.440	40.440	
Salaries and Wages	12,412	-	12,412	12,413	1
Non-Personnel Total Streets.	<u> </u>	949	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1
					<u> </u>
TOTAL TRANSPORTATION	62,884	1,096	63,980	63,981	1
				_	

	Actual	Adjustment to Budgetary Basis	Actual on Budgetary Basis	Final Budget	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
SANITATION AND HEALTH					
Departmental:					
Environmental Protection					
Salaries and Wages	\$ 7,931	\$ -	\$ 7,931	\$ 9,504	\$ 1,573
Non-Personnel	26,846	283	27,129	27,366	237
Total Environmental Protection	34,777	283	35,060	36,870	1,810
Storm Water					
Salaries and Wages	6,700	-	6,700	6,700	-
Non-Personnel	31,984	1,318	33,302	33,303	1
Total Storm Water	38,684	1,318	40,002	40,003	1
TOTAL SANITATION AND HEALTH	73,461	1,601	75,062	76,873	1,811
NEIGBORHOOD SERVICES:					
Departmental:					
Development Services					
Salaries and Wages	3,036	-	3,036	3,207	171
Non-Personnel	3,025	31	3,056	3,056	-
Total Development Services	6,061	31	6,092	6,263	171
City Planning & City Investment					
Salaries and Wages	4,566	-	4,566	4,566	-
Non-Personnel	5,218	1,395	6,613	6,613	-
Total City Planning & City Investment	9,784	1,395	11,179	11,179	-
TOTAL NEIGHBORHOOD SERVICES	15,845	1,426	17,271	17,442	171
DEBT SERVICE					
Principal	2,640	-	2.640	2,640	-
Interest	2,888	-	2,888	2,888	-
TOTAL DEBT SERVICE	5,528	-	5,528	5,528	-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,072,732	6,309	1,079,041	1,092,743	13,702

	 Actual	ljustment to udgetary Basis	В	Actual on Budgetary Basis	 Final Budget	Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
TRANSFERS TO PROPRIETARY FUNDS							
Enterprise Funds:							
City of San Diego:							
Water Utility	\$ 200	\$ -	\$	200	\$ 200	\$	-
Internal Service Funds:							
City of San Diego:							
Fleet Services	2,804	-		2,804	2,804		-
Print Shop	5	-		5	5		-
Self Insurance	7,071	-		7,071	7,071		-
Central Stores	77	-		77	77		-
Total Internal Service Funds	 9,957	 -		9,957	 9,957		-
TOTAL TRANSFERS TO PROPRIETARY FUNDS	 10,157	 		10,157	 10,157		<u> </u>
TRANSFERS TO OTHER FUNDS							
Special Revenue Funds:							
City of San Diego:							
Acquisition, Improvement and Operations	4,338	-		4,338	4,338		-
Police Decentralization	7,825	-		7,825	7,825		-
Other Special Revenue - Budgeted	2,096	-		2,096	2,096		-
Grants	142	-		142	142		-
Other Special Revenue - Unbudgeted	4,141	-		4,141	4,141		-
Public Facilities Financing Authority	4,821	-		4,821	4,821		-
Total Special Revenue Funds	 23,363	 -		23,363	 23,363		-
Capital Projects Funds:							
City of San Diego:							
Other Construction	 5,063	 -		5,063	 5,063		-
TOTAL TRANSFERS TO OTHER FUNDS	 28,426	 		28,426	 28,426		<u> </u>
TOTAL EXPENDITURES AND TRANSFERS	\$ 1,111,315	\$ 6,309	\$	1,117,624	\$ 1,131,326	\$	13,702

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Non major Governmental Funds

### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2010 (In Thousands)

	Special Revenue	•		_Permanent	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
ASSETS					
Cash and Investments	\$ 422,686	\$-	\$ 667,455	\$-	\$ 1,090,141
Receivables:					
Taxes - Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles (Special Revenue \$348)	30,926	7,042	-	-	37,968
Accounts - Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles (Special Revenue \$20,375)	11,338	5,050	51,783	16	68,187
Claims	8	-	-	-	8
Special Assessments	587	-	5	-	592
Notes	153,321	-	4,782	-	158,103
Accrued Interest	650	951	677	13	2,291
Grants	22,056	-	26,225	-	48,281
From Other Funds	865	-	-	-	865
From Other Agencies	2	-	-	-	2
Interfund Loan Receivable	-	32,780	-	-	32,780
Advances to Other Funds	6,837	-	600	-	7,437
Advances to Other Agencies	3,076	-	-	-	3,076
Land Held for Resale	8,400	-	27,746	-	36,146
Prepaid Items	144	-	-	-	144
Investment in Joint Venture	-	-	-	-	
Restricted Cash and Investments		294,226		16,690	310,916
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 660,896	\$ 340,049	\$ 779,273	\$ 16,719	\$ 1,796,937
IABILITIES					
Accounts Payable	\$ 34,806	\$-	\$ 22,827	\$ 3	\$ 57,636
Accrued Wages and Benefits	1,091	-	-	-	1,091
Other Accrued Liabilities	782	-	-	-	782
Due to Other Funds	5,385	-	865	-	6,250
Due to Other Agencies	3,639	-	51	-	3,690
Unearned Revenue	14,139	-	26,931	-	41,070
Deferred Revenue	26,726	9,499	77,118	-	113,343
Sundry Trust Liabilities	636	-	4,415	-	5,051
Advances from Other Funds	1,767	-	5,670	_	7,437
Interfund Loan Payable	4,273	11,414	20,580	_	36,267
Contract Deposits	3	·			3
TOTAL LIABILITIES	93,247	20,913	158,457	3	272,620
UND EQUITY					
Fund Balances:					
Reserved for Land Held for Resale	8,400	-	27,746	-	36,146
Reserved for Notes Receivable	149,710	-	4,782	-	154,492
Reserved for Encumbrances	118,407	-	218,828	-	337,235
Reserved for Advances and Deposits	9,820	-	600	-	10,420
Reserved for Low and Moderate Income Housing	61,118	-	-	-	61,118
Reserved for Permanent Endowments	800	-	-	16,714	17,514
Reserved for Debt Service	-	159,399	-	-	159,399
Unreserved:					
Designated for Unrealized Gains	934	24	2,587	2	3,547
Designated for Debt Service	-	159,713	-	-	159,713
Designated for Subsequent Years' Expenditures	96,718	-	341,524	-	438,242
Undesignated	121,742	. <u> </u>	24,749		146,491
TOTAL FUND EQUITY	567,649	319,136	620,816	16,716	1,524,317
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY	\$ 660,896	\$ 340,049	\$ 779,273	\$ 16,719	\$ 1,796,937

### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES Year Ended June 30, 2010 (In Thousands)

	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects	_Permanent_	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
REVENUES						
Property Taxes	\$ 45,821	\$ 147,139	\$-	\$-	\$ 192,960	
Special Assessments	45,606	-	-	-	45,606	
Sales Taxes	· -	-	15	-	15	
Transient Occupancy Taxes	58,657	-	-	-	58,657	
Other Local Taxes	110,434	-	2	-	110,436	
Licenses and Permits	553	-	4,511	-	5,064	
Fines, Forfeitures and Penalties	1,657	-	-	-	1,657	
Revenue from Use of Money and Property	30,999	6,512	12,071	1,030	50,612	
Revenue from Federal Agencies	47,886	-	3,311	-	51,197	
Revenue from Other Agencies	13,846	9,530	26,753	-	50,129	
Revenue from Private Sources	1,241	-	19,955	479	21,675	
Charges for Current Services	64,148	-	· -	85	64,233	
Other Revenue	15,219		109		15,328	
TOTAL REVENUES	436,067	163,181	66,727	1,594	667,569	
EXPENDITURES Current:						
General Government and Support	138,849	92	22,469	_	161,410	
Public Safety - Police	21,866	52	22,403		21,868	
Public Safety - Fire, Life Safety and Homeland Security	25,006		295	_	25,301	
		-		- 237		
Parks, Recreation, Culture and Leisure	105,822	-	1,029	231	107,088	
Transportation	38,328	-	16,333	-	54,661	
Sanitation and Health	4,873	-	17	-	4,890	
Neighborhood Services	52,849	3,633	3,445	-	59,927	
Capital Projects Debt Service:	16,231	-	118,195	-	134,426	
Principal Retirement	8,392	54,749	147		63,288	
Cost of Issuance	0,092	1,874	7	_	1,881	
Interest on Long-Term Debt	2,750	69,119	, 68		71,937	
Refunding Escrow	2,750	4,172		-	4,172	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	414,966	133,639	162,007	237	710,849	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	21,101	29,542	(95,280)	1,357	(43,280)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers from Proprietary Funds	1.839	80	64	_	1,983	
Transfers from Other Funds	153,782	77,583	133,818	_	365,183	
Transfers to Proprietary Funds	(352)	(2,935)	100,010	_	(3,287)	
Transfers to Other Funds	(192,034)	(251,531)	(33,241)	(546)	(477,352)	
Transfers to Escrow Agent	(102,004)	(161,194)	(00,241)	(040)	(161,194)	
Proceeds from the Sale of Capital Assets	2	(101,101)	5,104	_	5,106	
Capital Leases	141		10,073		10,214	
Loans Issued	13,749	32,762	1,745		48,256	
Section 108 Loans Issued	454	52,702	1,740		454	
Special Tax Bonds Issued	404	13,930	-	-	13,930	
Revenue Bonds Issued	-	167,635	-	_	167,635	
Discount on Bonds Issued	-		-	_		
Premium on Bonds Issued		(92) 1,923			(92) 1,923	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(22,419)	(121,839)	117,563	(546)	(27,241)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(1,318)	(92,297)	22,283	811	(70,521)	
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year, as Restated	568,967	411,433	598,533	15,905	1,594,838	

Non major Governmental Funds - Special Revenue

# SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than those for major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

# CITY OF SAN DIEGO

# ACQUISITION, IMPROVEMENT AND OPERATIONS

This Fund accounts for various operating activities including business improvement areas, lighting and landscape maintenance areas, facilities financing, and the City's public art program. Revenues are derived from business tax surcharges, special assessments on property, various rents, concessions and fees, and interest earnings derived there from.

# ENVIRONMENTAL GROWTH

This Fund was established in accordance with Section 103.1a of the City Charter to receive 25 percent of all monies derived from the revenues accruing to the City from gas, electricity, and steam franchises. One third of the franchise monies and the interest derived there from are used exclusively for the purpose of preserving and enhancing the environment of the City of San Diego. Two thirds of the franchise monies and the interest derived there from are used as matching funds for open space acquisition and for debt service of bonds issued by the San Diego Open Space Facilities District No. 1.

# POLICE DECENTRALIZATION

This Fund accounts for monies allocated for Police department decentralization expenditures for temporary facilities and to devise future capital improvement projects. Revenues are derived from sales tax allocations.

# PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION

This Fund was established to account for funds set aside as reserves to be used for transportation-related purposes. Fund transfers and interest derived there from are the main sources of revenue.

# QUALCOMM STADIUM OPERATIONS

This Fund accounts for the operations of the Stadium. The Stadium hosts various sporting events for its football tenants. Revenues are derived from rents, concessions, parking, and advertising.

# SPECIAL GAS TAX STREET IMPROVEMENT

This Fund was established to account for the receipt of motor vehicle fuel taxes from the State under Sections 2106 and 2107 of the Streets and Highways Code. Expenditures are for the construction, improvement, maintenance, and operation of public streets and highways.

# STREET DIVISION OPERATIONS

This Fund was established to account for the operations of Transportation's Street division. Revenues are derived from sales tax allocations and transfers from Gas Tax and TransNet, as well as services performed by the Streets Division. Expenditures are for maintenance and operation of City streets.

# TRANSIENT OCCUPANCY TAX

This Fund was established to receive and expend transient occupancy taxes. Since 1964, a tax has been imposed on transients of hotel and motel rooms in the City of San Diego. Effective August 1994, the tax was increased from 9% to 10.5%.

# UNDERGROUND SURCHARGE

This fund was established to account primarily for the capital improvement activities related to the undergrounding of utilities. This fund receives and disburses undergrounding surcharge revenue in accordance with the City's franchise agreements with San Diego Gas & Electric.

# ZOOLOGICAL EXHIBITS

This Fund was established to collect monies from a fixed property tax levy authorized by Section 77a of the City Charter for the maintenance of zoological exhibits. These funds are remitted in accordance with a contractual agreement with the San Diego Zoological Society, a not-for-profit corporation independent from the City of San Diego.

# OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE - BUDGETED

This Fund was established to account for revenues derived specifically for a variety of budgeted special programs administered by departments such as Police, Development Services, and General Services. Revenues in this Fund are derived from service charges, revenues from other agencies, and fines.

# GRANTS

This Fund was established to account for revenue received from federal, state and other governmental agencies. Expenditures are made and accounted for as prescribed by appropriate grant provisions/agreements.

# OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - UNBUDGETED

This Fund was established to account for revenues earmarked for a variety of special programs administered by such departments as Engineering and Capital Projects, Libraries, Park and Recreation, and Police. Revenues in this fund are derived from such sources as parking fees, service charges, contributions from other agencies and private sources, and interest earnings.

# **BLENDED COMPONENT UNITS**

# CENTRE CITY DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

This Fund was established to account for the revenues and expenditures of the Centre City Development Corporation (CCDC). CCDC is a non-profit corporation that administers certain redevelopment projects in downtown San Diego and provides redevelopment advisory services to RDA. CCDC is primarily funded by RDA and the City of San Diego.

# REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY

This Fund was established to account for the activities of the Redevelopment Agency of the City of San Diego (RDA). RDA was established to provide a method for revitalizing deteriorated and blighted areas of the City of San Diego. The special revenue account is used to account for funds restricted for the benefit of low and moderate income housing. Funding is primarily from property tax increment revenues and the City of San Diego.

# SAN DIEGO INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY

This Fund was established to account for revenues and expenditures of the San Diego Industrial Development Authority (SDIDA). SDIDA was formed in 1983 pursuant to the California Industrial Development Financing Act for the purpose of providing an alternative method of financing to participating parties for economic development purposes, through the sale and issuance of revenue bonds. Revenues are derived from fees collected from companies applying for industrial development bond financing. Expenditures are incurred for management and administrative services provided by the City of San Diego.

# SOUTHEASTERN ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

This Fund was established to account for the revenues and expenditures of the Southeastern Economic Development Corporation (SEDC). SEDC is a non-profit corporation that administers economic development projects within the community of Southeast San Diego and provides redevelopment advisory services to RDA. SEDC is primarily funded by RDA and by the City of San Diego pursuant to operating agreements under which SEDC is reimbursed for eligible costs incurred in connection with such activities.

# TOBACCO SETTLEMENT REVENUE FUNDING CORPORATION

This fund was established to account for the activities of the Tobacco Settlement Revenue Funding Corporation (TSRFC). The TSRFC was established for the purpose of acquiring the Tobacco Settlement Revenues allocated to the City from the State of California, pursuant to the Master Settlement Agreement. The TSRFC's special revenue fund is used to account for the expenditures incurred for administrative services provided by the City of San Diego.

#### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SPECIAL REVENUE COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2010 (In Thousands)

	City of an Diego	Deve	tre City lopment poration
ASSETS			
Cash and Investments	\$ 261,556	\$	927
Receivables:			
Taxes - Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles (City of San Diego \$348)	29,169		-
Accounts - Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles (City of San Diego \$20,375)	10,902		-
Claims	8		-
Special Assessments	587		-
Notes	3,611		-
Accrued Interest	409		-
Grants	22,056		-
From Other Funds	-		685
From Other Agencies	2		-
Advances to Other Funds	6,837		-
Advances to Other Agencies	3,076		-
Land Held for Resale	-		-
Prepaid Items	 133		2
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 338,346	\$	1,614
LIABILITIES			
Accounts Payable	\$ 33,861	\$	1
Accrued Wages and Benefits	1,056		-
Other Accrued Liabilities	649		133
Due to Other Funds	5,385		-
Due to Other Agencies	3,639		-
Unearned Revenue	14,139		-
Deferred Revenue	25,178		-
Sundry Trust Liabilities	-		-
Advances from Other Funds	-		-
Interfund Loan Payable	-		-
Contract Deposits	 3		-
TOTAL LIABILITIES	 83,910		134
FUND EQUITY			
Fund Balances:			
Reserved for Land Held for Resale	-		-
Reserved for Notes Receivable	-		-
Reserved for Encumbrances.	24,607		-
Reserved for Advances and Deposits	9,820		-
Reserved for Low and Moderate Income Housing	-		-
Reserved for Permanent Endowments	800		-
Unreserved:			
Designated for Unrealized Gains	934		-
Designated for Subsequent Years' Expenditures	96,703		-
Undesignated	 121,572		1,480
TOTAL FUND EQUITY	 254,436		1,480
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY	\$ 338,346	\$	1,614

	velopment Agency	San Diego Industrial Development Authority		Southeastern Economic Development Corporation		Tobacco Settlement Revenue Funding Corporation		 Total
\$	159,870	\$	65	\$	88	\$	180	\$ 422,686
	1,757		-		-		-	30,926
	436		-		-		-	11,338
	-		-		-		-	8
	-		-		-		-	587
	149,710		-		-		-	153,321
	241		-		-		-	650
	-		-		-		-	22,056
	-		-		180		-	865
	-		-		-		-	2
	-		-		-		-	6,837
	-		-		-		-	3,076
	8,400 -		-		-		9	 8,400 144
6	320,414	\$	65	\$	268	\$	189	\$ 660,896
;	939	\$	-	\$	5	\$	-	\$ 34,806
	-		-		35		-	1,091
	-		-		-		-	782
	-		-		-		-	5,385
	-		-		-		-	3,639
	-		-		-		-	14,139
	1,548		-		-		-	26,726
	636		-		-		-	636
	1,767		-		-		-	1,767
	4,273		-				-	 4,273 3
	9,163				40			 93,247
	8,400		-		_		-	8,400
	149,710		-		-		-	149,710
	93,800		-		-		-	118,407
	-		-		-		-	9,820
	61,118		-		-		-	61,118
	-		-		-		-	800
	-		-		-		-	934
	- (1,777)		15 50		228		189	 96,718 121,742
	311,251		65		228		189	 567,649
5	320,414	\$	65	\$	268	\$	189	\$ 660,896

#### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SPECIAL REVENUE COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES Year Ended June 30, 2010 (In Thousands)

	S	City of an Diego	Devel	opment
REVENUES				
Property Taxes	\$	9,619	\$	-
Special Assessments		45,606		-
Transient Occupancy Taxes		58,657		-
Other Local Taxes		110,434		-
Licenses and Permits		553		-
Fines, Forfeitures and Penalties		1,657		-
Revenue from Use of Money and Property		28,045		-
Revenue from Federal Agencies		47,886		-
Revenue from Other Agencies		13,846		-
Revenue from Private Sources		1,146		-
Charges for Current Services		55,513	6,- 6,- 6,-	6,838
Other Revenue		13,881		32
TOTAL REVENUES		386,843		6,870
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General Government and Support		45,174		6,801
Public Safety - Police		21,866		-
Public Safety - Fire and Life Safety and Homeland Security		25,006		-
Parks, Recreation, Culture and Leisure		105,822		-
Transportation		38,328		-
Sanitation and Health		4,873		-
Neighborhood Services		41,008		-
Capital Projects		16,231		-
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement		8,282		-
Interest on Long-Term Debt		2,746		-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		309,336		6,801
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		77,507		69
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers from Proprietary Funds		1,839		-
Transfers from Other Funds		50,330		-
Transfers to Proprietary Funds		(352)		-
Transfers to Other Funds		(153,756)		(69)
Proceeds from the Sale of Capital Assets		2		-
Capital Leases		141		-
Loans Issued		-		-
Section 108 Loans Issued		454		
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		(101,342)		(69)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(23,835)		-
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year, as Restated		278,271		1,480
FUND BALANCES AT END OF YEAR	\$	254,436	\$	1,480

Total		Tobacco Settlement Revenue Funding Corporation	utheastern conomic velopment prporation	E Dev	San Diego Industrial Development Authority	:	evelopment Agency	
45,821	\$	\$-	_	\$	_		36,202	\$
45,606	Ψ	÷ -	-	Ψ	-			Ψ
58,657		-	-		-		-	
110,434		-	-		-		-	
553		-	-		-		-	
1,657		-	-		-		-	
30,999		-	-		1		2,953	
47,886		-	-		-		-	
13,846		-	-		-		-	
1,241		-	-		-		95	
64,148		-	1,797		-		-	
15,219		<u> </u>	-		-		1,306	
436,067			1,797		1_		40,556	
138,849		61	1,845				84,968	
21,866		01	1,045		-		64,908	
25,006		-	-		_		-	
105,822		-	-		-		-	
38,328		-	-		-		-	
4,873		-	-		-		-	
52,849		-	-		-		11,841	
16,231		-	-		-		-	
8,392		-	-		-		110 4	
2,750		<u>-</u>						
414,966		61	1,845		-		96,923	
21,101		(61)	(48)		1_	)	(56,367)	
1,839		-	-		-		-	
153,782		60	-		-		103,392	
(352)		-	-		-		-	
(192,034)		-	(62)		-	)	(38,147)	
2 141		-	-		-		-	
13,749		-	-		-		- 13,749	
454							-	
(22,419)		60	(62)		-		78,994	
(1,318)		(1)	(110)		1		22,627	
568,967		190	338		64		288,624	
567,649	\$	\$ 189	228	\$	65		311,251	\$

# NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SPECIAL REVENUE COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN UNDESIGNATED FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 5)

(	n	TI	ho	us	an	ds)
---	---	----	----	----	----	-----

	City of S	San Diego
	Actual on Budgetary Basis	Final Budget
REVENUES		
Property Taxes	\$ 9,575	\$ 9,680
Special Assessments	45,607	47,309
Sales Taxes	,	-
Transient Occupancy Taxes	58,657	69,007
Other Local Taxes.	,	103,118
Licenses and Permits	-, -	1,208
Fines, Forfeitures and Penalties		1,165
Revenue from Use of Money and Property	14,899	13,766
		,
Revenue from Federal Agencies	1,553	11,780
Revenue from Other Agencies		5,027
Revenue from Private Sources	881	1,043
Charges for Current Services	43,202	44,005
Other Revenue	765	1,802
TOTAL REVENUES	294,131	308,910
EXPENDITURES		
Current:		
General Government and Support	22,202	27,252
Public Safety - Police	9,062	10,918
Public Safety - Fire and Life Safety and Homeland Security	7,932	8,921
Parks, Recreation, Culture and Leisure	104.884	145,763
Transportation	41,761	41,003
Sanitation and Health		11,368
Neighborhood Services.	13,751	11,646
Capital Projects	8,192	89
Debt Service:	0,132	03
Principal Retirement	F 170	5,731
Interest on Long-Term Debt	5,179 1,056	609
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	217,663	263,300
		200,000
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	76,468	45,609
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	1 000	04
Transfers from Proprietary Funds	,	21
Transfers from Other Funds	,	28,539
Transfers to Proprietary Funds	. ,	(12)
Transfers to Other Funds	( , , ,	(157,075)
Proceeds from the Sale of Capital Assets	2	-
Capital Leases	141	141
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(88,678)	(128,386)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(12,211)	(82,776)
Fund Balances Undesignated at July 1, 2009	81,397	81,397
Reserved for Encumbrances at July 1, 2009	24,321	24,321
Designated for Subsequent Years' Expenditures at July 1, 2009, as Restated	28,090	28,090
Designated for Subsequent Years' Expenditures at June 30, 2010, as Restated	(52,962)	<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCES UNDESIGNATED AT JUNE 30, 2010		\$ 51,031
	<u>φ 00,000</u>	φ 01,001

C	entre City I Corpo	nent		utheaster elopment			 					
	ual on ary Basis	Final Sudget	Actual Budgetary	on	F	inal Idget	ctual on etary Basis	 Total Final Budget	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 9,575	\$ 9,680	\$	(105		
	-	-		-		-	45,607	47,309		(1,702		
	-	-		-		-		- 69,007		- (10.250		
	-	-		-		-	58,657 110,434	103,118		(10,350 7,316		
		_					553	1,208		(655		
	_	_		_		_	1,015	1,165		(150		
	_	-		-		-	14,899	13,766		1,133		
	_	_		_		_	1,553	11,780		(10,227		
	_	-		_		-	6,989	5,027		1,962		
	_	_		-		-	881	1,043		(162		
	6,838	8,900		1,797		2,346	51,837	55,251		(3,414		
	32	 -		-			 797	 1,802		(1,005		
	6,870	 8,900		1,797		2,346	 302,798	 320,155		(17,357		
	6,801	8,900		1,845		2,346	30,848	38,498		(7,650		
	-	-		-		-	9,062	10,918		(1,857		
	-	-		-		-	7,932	8,921		(989		
	-	-		-		-	104,884	145,763		(40,879		
	-	-		-		-	41,761	41,003		758		
	-	-		-		-	3,644	11,368		(7,723		
	-	-		-		-	13,751	11,646		2,106		
	-	-		-		-	8,192	89		8,104		
	-	-		-		-	5,179	5,731		(551		
		 -		-		-	 1,056	 609		448		
	6,801	 8,900		1,845		2,346	 226,310	 274,545		(48,235		
	69	 		(48)		-	 76,487	 45,609		30,878		
	_	_		_		_	1,003	21		982		
	_	-		-		-	38,407	28,539		9,867		
	-	-		-		-	(12)	(12)		-		
	(69)	-		(62)		-	(128,350)	(157,075)		28,725		
	-	-		-		-	2	-		2		
	-	-		-		-	141	141		-		
	(69)	 -		(62)		-	 (88,809)	 (128,386)		39,577		
	-	-		(110)		-	(12,322)	(82,776)		70,455		
	1,480	1,480		338		338	83,215	83,215		-		
	-	-		-		-	24,321	24,321		-		
	-	-		-		-	28,090	28,090		-		
		 					 (52,962)	 		(52,962		
•	1,480	\$ 1,480	\$	228	\$	338	\$ 70,342	\$ 52,850	\$	17,492		

#### CITY OF SAN DIEGO NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SPECIAL REVENUE COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2010 (In Thousands)

				E	Budgeted			
	Imp	quisition, provement Operations	ronmental Growth		Police ntralization	Public sportation	St	alcomm adium erations
ASSETS								
Cash and Investments	\$	32,673	\$ 683	\$	2,314	\$ 1,096	\$	5,840
Receivables:								
Taxes - Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles (Zoological Exhibits \$348)		3,734	3,175		-	-		-
Accounts - Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles								
(Qualcomm \$303, TOT \$18,661, Other-Unbudgeted \$1,411)		706	-		-	-		237
Claims		-	-		-	-		-
Special Assessments		587	-		-	-		-
Notes		-	-		-	-		-
Accrued Interest.		57	17		-	3		9
Grants		-	-		-	-		-
From Other Agencies		-	-		-	-		-
Advances to Other Funds		-	-		-	-		-
Advances to Other Agencies		2,885	-		-	-		-
Prepaid Items		-	 -		-	 -		-
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	40,642	\$ 3,875	\$	2,314	\$ 1,099	\$	6,086
LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable	\$	6,442	\$ 38	\$	361	\$ -	\$	2,704
Accrued Wages and Benefits		153	-		-	-		109
Other Accrued Liabilities		-	-		-	-		-
Due to Other Funds		-	-		-	-		-
Due to Other Agencies		-	-		-	-		-
Unearned Revenue		-	-		-	-		-
Deferred Revenue		1,165	-		-	-		275
Contract Deposits		-	 -			 -		3
TOTAL LIABILITIES		7,760	 38		361	 		3,091
Fund Balances:								
Reserved for Encumbrances		2,875	505		-	-		330
Reserved for Advances and Deposits		2,885	-		-	-		-
Reserved for Permanent Endowments		-	-		-	-		-
Unreserved:								
Designated for Unrealized Gains		178	3		-	6		29
Designated for Subsequent Years' Expenditures		3,004	1,444		-	-		-
Undesignated		23,940	 1,885		1,953	 1,093		2,636
TOTAL FUND EQUITY		32,882	 3,837		1,953	 1,099		2,995
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY	\$	40,642	\$ 3,875	\$	2,314	\$ 1,099	\$	6,086

0 m r - 1 - 1	Cas T		4	-	anala-t								Unbu	dgete	d		
St	l Gas Tax reet ovement	Div	treet vision rations		ansient cupancy Tax		lerground Ircharge	Zoo Ex	ological xhibits		er Special evenue				er Special Revenue		Total
\$	165	\$	350	\$	4,528	\$	46,151	\$	5,906	\$	32,983	\$	2,567	\$	126,300	\$	261,556
	-		-		5,821		12,589		399		3,446		-		5		29,169
	51		-		6,198		-		-		2,951		3		756		10,902
	8		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		8
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		587
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		3,611		3,611
	4		-		10		82		-		52		30		145		409
	-		-		-		-		-		-		22,056		-		22,056
	-		-		-		-		-		-		2		-		2
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		6,837		6,837
	-		-		-		-		-		-		95		96		3,076
	-		-		117		-		-		-		16		-		133
\$	228	\$	350	\$	16,674	\$	58,822	\$	6,305	\$	39,432	\$	24,769	\$	137,750	\$	338,346
\$	_	\$	_	s	2.663	\$	7,330	\$	5,863	\$	1,662	\$	5,463	\$	1,335	\$	33,86
Ψ	5	Ψ	_	Ψ	42	Ψ	22	Ψ	5,005	Ψ	662	Ψ	- 3,403	Ψ	63	Ψ	1,056
	-		-		-				-		649		-		-		649
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		5,385		5,385
	-		-		-		-		-		-		3,639		-		3,639
	-		-		-		-		-		-		4,086		10,053		14,139
	59		-		6,063		-		348		1,335		11,596		4,337		25,178
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-				:
	64				8,768		7,352		6,211		4,308		24,784		21,173		83,910
	-		9		2,425		2,696		-		3,890		-		11,877		24,60
	-		-		-		-		-		-		2		6,933		9,820
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		800		800
	1		-		23		250		-		172		9		263		934
	-		318		85		33,814		-		14,297		-		43,741		96,703
	163		23		5,373		14,710		94		16,765		(26)		52,963		121,572
	164		350		7,906		51,470		94		35,124		(15)		116,577		254,436
\$	228	\$	350	\$	16,674	\$	58,822	\$	6,305	\$	39,432	\$	24,769	\$	137,750	\$	338,346

#### CITY OF SAN DIEGO NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SPECIAL REVENUE COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES Year Ended June 30, 2010 (In Thousands)

			Budgeted		
	Acquisition, Improvement and Operations	Environmental Growth	Police Decentralization	Public Transportation	Qualcomm Stadium Operations
REVENUES					
Property Taxes	\$-	\$ -	\$-	\$-	\$-
Special Assessments	45,606	-	-	-	-
Transient Occupancy Taxes	-	-	-	-	-
Other Local Taxes	-	12,490	-	-	-
Licenses and Permits	-	-		-	7
Fines, Forfeitures and Penalties	-	-	-	-	-
Revenue from Use of Money and Property	551	58	79	77	8,127
Revenue from Federal Agencies	-	-		-	-
Revenue from Other Agencies	-	-	-	-	-
Revenue from Private Sources	32	-	-	-	-
Charges for Current Services	3,566	-		-	94
- Other Revenue	349				122
TOTAL REVENUES	50,104	12,548	79	77	8,350
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General Government and Support	1,353	-	-	-	-
Public Safety - Police	-	-	6,510	-	-
Public Safety - Fire and Life Safety and Homeland Security	-	-	-	-	-
Parks, Recreation, Culture and Leisure	50,629	3,115	-	-	14,376
Transportation	-	-	-	27	-
Sanitation and Health	-	-		-	-
Neighborhood Services	10,355	-	-	-	-
Capital Projects	153	163	-	-	7
Debt Service:					
Principal Retirement	-	-	-	-	-
Interest on Long-Term Debt				<u> </u>	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	62,490	3,278	6,510	27	14,383
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITUR	(12,386)	9,270	(6,431)	50	(6,033)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers from Proprietary Funds	15	-	-	-	4
Transfers from Other Funds	2,850	-	7,825	942	11,764
Transfers to Proprietary Funds	(3)	-	-	-	-
Transfers to Other Funds	(4)	(9,341)	(79)	(5,674)	(5,826)
Proceeds from the Sale of Capital Assets	-	-	-	-	2
Capital Leases	-	-	-	-	-
Section 108 Loans Issued					
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	2,858_	(9,341)	7,746	(4,732)	5,944
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(9,528)	(71)	1,315	(4,682)	(89)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year, as Restated	42,410	3,908	638	5,781	3,084
FUND BALANCES AT END OF YEAR	\$ 32,882	\$ 3,837	\$ 1,953	\$ 1,099	\$ 2,995

64-	reet	Transie	ont					 Unbu	dgeted		
Divi	sion	Occupa		Undergr Surcha		ological xhibits	Special enue	Grants		r Special venue	Total
				Gurcha	aige		 enue			venue	 Total
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 9,575	\$ -	\$ -	\$	44	\$ 9,619
	-		-		-	-	-	-		-	45,606
	-	5	8,657		-	-	-	-		-	58,657
	-		-	(	63,749	-	12,300	-		-	110,434
	-		50		-	-	496	-		-	553
	-		-		-	-	1,015	-		642	1,657
	11		972		791	62	4,001	97		13,057	28,045
	-		-		-	-	1,553	46,432		(99)	47,886
	-		4,500		-	-	2,489	6,199		658	13,846
	-		849		-	-	-	-		265	1,146
	-		61		53	-	39,428	-		12,311	55,513
			-		2	 -	 278	 347		12,769	 13,881
	11	6	5,089	(	64,595	 9,637	 61,560	 53,075		39,647	 386,843
	-		-		1,742	-	18,780	2,793		20,433	45,174
	-		-		-	-	2,552	12,707		97	21,866
	-		-		-	-	6,587	17,231		1,188	25,006
	-	2	3,438		-	9,768	188	366		3,942	105,822
	-		-	:	34,403	-	2,584	590		724	38,328
	-		-		-	-	3,394	1,465		14	4,873
	-		-		-	-	3,380	16,921		10,352	41,008
	10		4		4,548	-	3,306	2,511		5,529	16,231
	-		-		-	-	5,179	2,075		1,028	8,282
			-		-	 	 1,056	 1,286		404	 2,746
	10	2	3,442		40,693	 9,768	 47,006	 57,945		43,711	 309,336
	1_	4	1,647	:	23,902	 (131)	 14,554	 (4,870)		(4,064)	 77,507
	-		-		-	-	984	-		836	1,839
	-	1	1,869		26	75	2,955	143		11,881	50,330
	-		-		-	-	(9)	(138)		(202)	(352
	(432)	(7	0,894)		(6)	(62)	(13,160)	(1,235)		(24,403)	(153,756
	-		-		-	-	-	-		-	2
	-		-		-	 -	 141	 -		- 454	 141 454
	(432)	(5)	9,025)		20	 13	 (9,089)	 (1,230)		(11,434)	 (101,342
	(431)	(1	7,378)	:	23,922	(118)	5,465	(6,100)		(15,498)	(23,835
	781	2	5,284	:	27,548	 212	 29,659	 6,085		132,075	 278,271
\$	350	\$	7,906	\$	51,470	\$ 94	\$ 35,124	\$ (15)	\$	116,577	\$ 254,436

#### CITY OF SAN DIEGO NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SPECIAL REVENUE COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN UNDESIGNATED FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (In Thousands)

		Acquisitio	n, Improvement and	Operations	Variance with
	Actual	Adjustment to Budgetary Basis	Actual on Budgetary Basis	Final Budget	Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES					
Property Taxes	\$-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Special Assessments	45,606	-	45,606	47,309	(1,703
Transient Occupancy Taxes	-	-	-	-	-
Other Local Taxes	-	-	-	-	-
Licenses and Permits	-	-	-	590	(590
Fines, Forfeitures and Penalties	-	-	-	-	-
Revenue from Use of Money and Property	551	21	572	446	126
Revenue from Federal Agencies	-	-	-	-	-
Revenue from Other Agencies	-	-	-	-	-
Revenue from Private Sources	32	-	32	-	32
Charges for Current Services	3,566	-	3,566	731	2,835
Other Revenue	349		349	1,567	(1,218
TOTAL REVENUES	50,104	21_	50,125	50,643	(518
XPENDITURES					
Current:					
General Government and Support	1,353	2	1,355	6,903	5,548
Public Safety - Police	-	-	-	-	-
Public Safety - Fire and Life Safety and Homeland Security	-	-	-	-	
Parks, Recreation, Culture and Leisure	50,629	111	50,740	64,463	13,723
Transportation	-	-	-	-	
Sanitation and Health	-	-	-	-	-
Neighborhood Services	10,355	16	10,371	8,036	(2,335
Capital Projects	153	1	154	-	(154
Debt Service:					
Principal Retirement	-	-	-	-	
Interest on Long-Term Debt					
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	62,490	130	62,620	79,402	16,782
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(12,386)	(109)	(12,495)	(28,759)	16,264
THER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers from Proprietary Funds	15	-	15	-	15
Transfers from Other Funds	2,850	-	2,850	1,251	1,599
Transfers to Proprietary Funds	(3)	-	(3)	(3)	-
Transfers to Other Funds	(4)	-	(4)	(1,740)	1,736
Proceeds from the Sale of Capital Assets	-	-	-	-	· · .
Capital Leases					
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	2,858		2,858	(492)	3,350
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$ (9,528)	\$ (109)	(9,637)	(29,251)	19,614
und Balances Undesignated at July 1, 2009			33,887	33,887	-
eserved for Encumbrances at July 1, 2009, as Restated			2,180	2,180	-
esignated for Subsequent Years' Expenditures at July 1, 2009, as Restated			514	514	-
esignated for Subsequent Years' Expenditures at June 30, 2010			(3,004)		(3,004

	E	Environmental Growt	th	Variance with		F	Police Decentralization	n	Variance with
Actual	Adjustment to Budgetary Basis	Actual on Budgetary Basis	Final Budget	Final Budget Positive (Negative)	Actual	Adjustment to Budgetary Basis	Actual on Budgetary Basis	Final Budget	Final Budget Positive (Negative)
-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
12,490	-	12,490	13,804	(1,314)	-	-	-	-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
58	2	60	- 107	(47)	- 79	-	- 79	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
-						-			
12,548	2	12,550	13,911	(1,361)	79_		79_		7
	-			-	-	-	-	-	
-	-		-	-	6,510	-	6,510	7,825	1,3
- 3,116	- 505	- 3,621	- 16,851	- 13,230	-	-	-	-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
163	-	163	-	(163)	-	-	-	-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
3,279	505	3,784	16,851	13,067	6,510		6,510	7,825	1,3
9,269	(503)	8,766	(2,940)	11,706	(6,431)		(6,431)	(7,825)	1,3
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
100	-	100	-	100	7,825	-	7,825	7,825	
(9,441)	-	(9,441)	(12,383)	2,942	(79)	-	(79)	-	(
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(9,341)		(9,341)	(12,383)	3,042	7,746		7,746	7,825	(
(72)	\$ (503)	(575)	(15,323)	14,748	\$ 1,315	\$	1,315	-	1,3
		834	834	-			638	638	
		809	809	-			-	-	
		2,261	2,261	-			-	-	
		(1,444)		(1,444)				<u> </u>	
		\$ 1,885	\$ (11,419)	\$ 13,304			\$ 1,953	\$ 638	\$ 1,3

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#### CITY OF SAN DIEGO NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SPECIAL REVENUE COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN UNDESIGNATED FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (In Thousands)

		1	Public Transportatio	n	
	Actual	Adjustment to Budgetary Basis	Actual on Budgetary Basis	Final Budget	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES					
Property Taxes	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ -
Special Assessments	-	-	-	-	-
Transient Occupancy Taxes	-	-	-	-	-
Other Local Taxes	-	-	-	-	-
Licenses and Permits	-	-	-	-	-
Fines, Forfeitures and Penalties	-	-	-	-	-
Revenue from Use of Money and Property	77	25	102	-	102
Revenue from Federal Agencies	-	-	-	-	-
Revenue from Other Agencies	-	-	-	-	-
Revenue from Private Sources	-	-	-	-	-
Charges for Current Services	-	-	-	-	-
Other Revenue					
TOTAL REVENUES	77	25_	102		102
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General Government and Support	-	-	-	-	-
Public Safety - Police	-	-	-	-	-
Public Safety - Fire and Life Safety and Homeland Security	-	-	-	-	-
Parks, Recreation, Culture and Leisure	-	-	-	-	-
Transportation	27	-	27	31	4
Sanitation and Health	-	-	-	-	-
Neighborhood Services	-	-	-	-	-
Capital Projects	-	-	-	-	-
Debt Service:					
Principal Retirement	-	-	-	-	-
Interest on Long-Term Debt					
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	27		27	31	4
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	50	25_	75_	(31)	106
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers from Proprietary Funds	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers from Other Funds	942	-	942	942	-
Transfers to Proprietary Funds	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers to Other Funds	(5,674)	-	(5,674)	(6,043)	369
Proceeds from the Sale of Capital Assets	-	-	-	-	-
Capital Leases					
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(4,732)		(4,732)	(5,101)	369
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$ (4,682)	\$ 25	(4,657)	(5,132)	475
Fund Balances Undesignated at July 1, 2009			5,750	5,750	-
Reserved for Encumbrances at July 1, 2009			-	-	-
Designated for Subsequent Years' Expenditures at July 1, 2009			-	-	-
Designated for Subsequent Years' Expenditures at June 30, 2010					
FUND BALANCES UNDESIGNATED AT JUNE 30, 2010			\$ 1,093	\$ 618	\$ 475

	Adjustment to	omm Stadium Opera	Final	Variance with Final Budget Positive		Adjustment to	Gas Tax Street Impr Actual on	Final	Variance with Final Budget Positive
Actual	Budgetary Basis	Budgetary Basis	Budget	(Negative)	Actual	Budgetary Basis	Budgetary Basis	Budget	(Negative)
- S	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(0.40
- 7	-	- 7	- 4	- 3	21,895	-	21,895	24,296	(2,40
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
8,127	(5)	8,122	6,620	1,502	162	3	165	349	(18
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
94	-	94	1,758	(1,664)	-	-	-	-	
122		122	47	75	14		14		1
8,350	(5)	8,345	8,429	(84)	22,071	3	22,074	24,645	(2,57
-	-	-	-	-	73	-	73	73	
-	-	-		-		-	-		
14,376	330	14,706	15,453	747	-	-	-	-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
- 7	-	- 7	-	(7)	-	-	-	-	
-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	
-									
14,383	330	14,713	15,453	740	73_		73_	73_	
(6,033)	(335)	(6,368)	(7,024)	656	21,998	3_	22,001	24,572_	(2,5
4 11,764		4 11,764	- 11,677	4 87	-	-		-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(5,826)	-	(5,826)	(5,835)	9	(22,640)	-	(22,640)	(24,572)	1,9
2	-	2		2	-	-	-		
5,944		5,944	5,842	102	(22,640)		(22,640)	(24,572)	1,9
(89)	\$ (335)	(424)	(1,182)	758	\$ (642)	\$ 3	(639)	-	(6
		1,709	1,709	-			802	802	
		1,351	1,351	-			-	-	
		-	-	-			-	-	
		\$ 2,636							\$ (63

Continued on Next Page

#### CITY OF SAN DIEGO NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SPECIAL REVENUE COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN UNDESIGNATED FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (In Thousands)

		Str	eet Division Operati	ons	Variance with		
	Actual	Adjustment to Budgetary Basis	Actual on Budgetary Basis	Final Budget	Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES							
Property Taxes	s -	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-		
Special Assessments.	· _	· _		· _	-		
Transient Occupancy Taxes	-	-	-	-	-		
Other Local Taxes	-	-	-	-	-		
Licenses and Permits	-	-	-	-	-		
Fines, Forfeitures and Penalties	-	-	-	-	-		
Revenue from Use of Money and Property	11	2	13	-	13		
Revenue from Federal Agencies		-					
Revenue from Other Agencies							
Revenue from Private Sources.							
Charges for Current Services.	-	-	-	-	-		
Other Revenue	-	-	-	-	-		
Other Revenue							
TOTAL REVENUES	11	2	13		13_		
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General Government and Support	-	-	-	-	-		
Public Safety - Police	-	-	-	-	-		
Public Safety - Fire and Life Safety and Homeland Security	-	-	-	-	-		
Parks, Recreation, Culture and Leisure	-	-	-	-	-		
Transportation	-	9	9	337	328		
Sanitation and Health	-	-	-	-	-		
Neighborhood Services	-	-	-	-	-		
Capital Projects	10	-	10	-	(10)		
Debt Service:	-	-	-	-			
Principal Retirement	-	-	-	-	-		
Interest on Long-Term Debt							
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	10	9	19	337	318		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	1	(7)	(6)	(337)	331		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers from Proprietary Funds	-	-	-	-	-		
Transfers from Other Funds							
Transfers to Proprietary Funds							
Transfers to Other Funds	(432)		(432)	(417)	(15)		
Proceeds from the Sale of Capital Assets	(402)		(402)	(417)	(10)		
Capital Leases							
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(432)	-	(432)	(417)	(15)		
		¢ (7)					
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$ (431)	\$ (7)	(438)	(754)	316		
Fund Balances Undesignated at July 1, 2009			25	25	-		
Reserved for Encumbrances at July 1, 2009			426	426	-		
Designated for Subsequent Years' Expenditures at July 1, 2009			328	328	-		
Designated for Subsequent Years' Expenditures at June 30, 2010			(318)		(318)		
FUND BALANCES UNDESIGNATED AT JUNE 30, 2010			\$ 23	\$ 25	\$ (2)		

	Tra	ansient Occupancy 1	ax	Variance with		UI	nderground Surchar	ge	Variance with
Actual	Adjustment to Budgetary Basis	Actual on Budgetary Basis	Final Budget	Final Budget Positive (Negative)	Actual	Adjustment to Budgetary Basis	Actual on Budgetary Basis	Final Budget	Final Budget Positive (Negative)
\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
58,657	-	58,657	69,007	(10,350)	63,749	-	- 63,749	- 49,482	- 14,267
50	-	50	50	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 972	- 70	- 1,042	- 2,357	- (1,315)	- 791	- (63)	- 728	- 450	- 278
	-	- 1,042	10,780	(1,313)		(03)	-	450	270
4,500	-	4,500	4,500	-	-	-	-	-	
849	-	849	1,043	(194)	-	-	-	-	
61	-	61	100	(39)	53	-	53	2,502	(2,449
-					2		2		2
65,089	70	65,159	87,837	(22,678)	64,595	(63)	64,532	52,434	12,098
-	-		-	-	1,742	-	1,742	-	(1,742
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
23,438	2,425	25,863	39,032	13,169	- 34,403	- 2,696	- 37,099	- 19,573	(17,526
-	-	-	-	-	- 54,405	2,090		- 19,575	(17,520
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
4	-	4	89	85	4,548	-	4,548	-	(4,548
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
23,442	2,425	25,867	39,121	13,254	40,693	2,696	43,389	19,573	(23,816
41,647	(2,355)	39,292	48,716	(9,424)	23,902	(2,759)	21,143	32,861	(11,718
- 11,869	-	- 11,869	- 541	- 11,328	- 26	-	- 26	-	- 26
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(70,894)	-	(70,894)	(71,025)	131	(6)	-	(6)	(6)	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(59,025)		(59,025)	(70,484)	11,459	20		20	(6)	26
	\$ (2,355)	(19,733)	(21,768)	2,035		\$ (2,759)	21,163	32,855	(11,692
		20,362	20,362	-			2,431	2,431	
		4,740	4,740	-			4,457	4,457	
		89	89	-			20,473	20,473	
		(85)		(85)_			(33,814)		(33,814
		\$ 5,373	<b>•</b> • • • • •	\$ 1,950				\$ 60,216	\$ (45,506

Continued on Next Page

#### CITY OF SAN DIEGO NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SPECIAL REVENUE COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN UNDESIGNATED FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (In Thousands)

			Zoological Exhibits		Variance with
	Actual	Adjustment to Budgetary Basis	Actual on Budgetary Basis	Final Budget	Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES					
Property Taxes	\$ 9,575	\$-	\$ 9,575	\$ 9,680	\$ (105)
Special Assessments	-	-	-	-	-
Transient Occupancy Taxes	-	-	-	-	-
Other Local Taxes	-	-	-	-	-
Licenses and Permits	-	-	-	-	-
Fines, Forfeitures and Penalties	-	-	-	-	-
Revenue from Use of Money and Property	62	-	62	-	62
Revenue from Federal Agencies	-	-	-	-	-
Revenue from Other Agencies	-	-	-	-	-
Revenue from Private Sources	-	-	-	-	-
Charges for Current Services	-	-	-	-	-
Other Revenue					
TOTAL REVENUES	9,637		9,637	9,680	(43)
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General Government and Support	-	-	-	-	-
Public Safety - Police	-	-	-	-	-
Public Safety - Fire and Life Safety and Homeland Security	-	-	-	-	-
Parks, Recreation, Culture and Leisure	9,768	-	9,768	9,769	1
Transportation	-	-	-	-	-
Sanitation and Health	-	-	-	-	-
Neighborhood Services	-	-	-	-	-
Capital Projects	-	-	-	-	-
Debt Service:					
Principal Retirement	-	-	-	-	-
Interest on Long-Term Debt					
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	9,768		9,768	9,769	1
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(131)		(131)	(89)	(42)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers from Proprietary Funds	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers from Other Funds	75	-	75	-	75
Transfers to Proprietary Funds	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers to Other Funds	(62)	-	(62)	-	(62)
Proceeds from the Sale of Capital Assets	-	-	-	-	-
Capital Leases					
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	13		13_		13
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$ (118)	<u>\$ -</u>	(118)	(89)	(29)
Fund Balances Undesignated at July 1, 2009			212	212	-
Reserved for Encumbrances at July 1, 2009			-	-	-
Designated for Subsequent Years' Expenditures at July 1, 2009			-	-	-
Designated for Subsequent Years' Expenditures at June 30, 2010					
FUND BALANCES UNDESIGNATED AT JUNE 30, 2010			\$ 94	\$ 123	\$ (29)

	0	Other Special Revenu	e	Variance with			Total		Variance with
Actual	Adjustment to Budgetary Basis	Actual on Budgetary Basis	Final Budget	Final Budget Positive (Negative)	Actual	Adjustment to Budgetary Basis	Actual on Budgetary Basis	Final Budget	Final Budget Positive (Negative)
\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 9,575	\$-	\$ 9,575	\$ 9,680	\$ (105)
-	-		-	-	45,606	-	45,606	47,309	(1,703)
-	-	-	-	-	58,657	-	58,657	69,007	(10,350)
12,300	-	12,300	15,536	(3,236)	110,434	-	110,434	103,118	7,316
496	-	496	564	(68)	553	-	553	1,208	(655
1,015	-	1,015	1,165	(150)	1,015	-	1,015	1,165	(150
4,001	(44)	3,957	3,436	521	14,891	11	14,902	13,766	1,137
1,553	-	1,553	1,000	553	1,553	-	1,553	11,780	(10,227
2,489	-	2,489	527	1,962	6,989	-	6,989	5,027	1,962
-	-	-	-	-	881	-	881	1,043	(162)
39,428	-	39,428	38,914	514	43,202	-	43,202	44,005	(803)
278		278	188	90	765_		765	1,802	(1,037
61,560	(44)	61,516	61,330	186	294,121	11_	294,132	308,910	(14,777)
18,780	252	19,032	20,276	1,244	21,948	254	22,202	27,252	5,050
2,552	-	2,552	3,093	541	9,062	-	9,062	10,918	1,856
6,587	1,345	7,932	8,921	989	6,587	1,345	7,932	8,921	989
188	-	188	195	7	101,515	3,371	104,886	145,763	40,877
2,584	2,042	4,626	21,062	16,436	37,014	4,747	41,761	41,003	(758
3,394	250	3,644	11,368	7,724	3,394	250	3,644	11,368	7,724
3,380	-	3,380	3,610	231	13,735	15	13,751	11,646	(2,104
3,306	-	3,306	-	(3,306)	8,191	1	8,192	89	(8,103)
5,179	-	5,179	5,731	552	5,179	-	5,179	5,731	552
1,056	<u> </u>	1,056	609	(447)	1,056		1,056	609	(447
47,006	3,889	50,894	74,865	23,970	207,681	9,983	217,665	263,300	45,635
14,554	(3,933)	10,622	(13,535)	24,157	86,440	(9,972)	76,467	45,610	30,858
984	-	984	21	963	1,003	-	1,003	21	982
2,955	-	2,955	6,303	(3,348)	38,407	-	38,407	28,539	9,867
(9)	-	(9)	(9)	-	(12)	-	(12)	(12)	
(13,160)	-	(13,160)	(35,054)	21,893	(128,219)	-	(128,219)	(157,075)	28.856
(,)	-	-	(,,		2	-	2		2
141		141	141		141_		141	141	
(9,089)		(9,089)	(28,598)	19,508	(88,678)		(88,678)	(128,386)	39,707
\$ 5,465	\$ (3,933)	1,533	(42,133)	43,664	\$ (2,238)	\$ (9,972)	(12,210)	(82,776)	70,565
		14,747	14,747	-			81,397	81,397	-
		10,358	10,358	-			24,321	24,321	-
		4,425	4,425	-			28,090	28,090	-
		(14,297)		(14,297)			(52,962)		(52,962)
		\$ 16,765	\$ (12,603)	\$ 29,368			\$ 68,636	\$ 51,032	\$ 17,603

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#### CITY OF SAN DIEGO NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SPECIAL REVENUE ENVIRONMENTAL GROWTH FUND COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2010 (In Thousands)

	 o-Thirds uirement	 e-Third uirement	 Total
ASSETS			
Cash and Investments	\$ 25	\$ 658	\$ 683
Receivables:			
Taxes - Net	2,117	1,058	3,175
Accrued Interest	 12	 5	 17
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 2,154	\$ 1,721	\$ 3,875
LIABILITIES			
Accounts Payable	\$ 12	\$ 26	\$ 38
FUND EQUITY			
Fund Balances:			
Reserved for Encumbrances	323	182	505
Unreserved:			
Designated for Unrealized Gains	-	3	3
Designated for Subsequent Years' Expenditures	1,103	341	1,444
Undesignated	 716	 1,169	 1,885
TOTAL FUND EQUITY	 2,142	 1,695	 3,837
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY	\$ 2,154	\$ 1,721	\$ 3,875

#### COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES Year Ended June 30, 2010 (In Thousands)

	Requirement	Requirement	Total
REVENUES Other Local Taxes Revenue from Use of Money and Property	\$	\$	\$
TOTAL REVENUES	8,367	4,181	12,548
EXPENDITURES Current: Parks, Recreation, Culture and Leisure Capital Projects	945 102	2,170 61	3,115 163
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,047	2,231	3,278
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	7,320	1,950	9,270
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers to Other Funds TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(7,512) (7,512) (192)	(1,829) (1,829) 121	(9,341) (9,341) (71)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	2,334	1,574	3,908
FUND BALANCES AT END OF YEAR	\$ 2,142	\$ 1,695	\$ 3,837

Two-Thirds

One-Third

#### CITY OF SAN DIEGO NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SPECIAL REVENUE ENVIRONMENTAL GROWTH FUND COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN UNDESIGNATED FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (In Thousands)

		Тм	vo-Thirds Requirem	ient	
	Actual	Adjustment to Budgetary Basis	Actual on	Final Budget	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES					
Other Local Taxes	\$ 8,327	\$-	\$ 8,327	\$ 9,202	\$ (875)
Revenue from Use of Money and Property	40	2	42	54	(12)
TOTAL REVENUES	8,367	2_	8,369	9,256	(887)_
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Parks, Recreation, Culture and Leisure		324	1,269	10,562	9,293
Capital Projects	102		102		(102)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,047_	324	1,371	10,562	9,191
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	7,320	(322)	6,998	(1,306)	8,304
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers from Other Funds	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers to Other Funds	(7,512)		(7,512)	(8,897)	1,385
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(7,512)		(7,512)	(8,897)	1,385
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$ (192)	\$ (322)	(514)	(10,203)	9,689
Fund Balances Undesignated at July 1, 2009			-	-	-
Reserved for Encumbrances at July 1, 2009			484	484	-
Designated for Subsequent Years' Expenditures at July 1, 2009			1,849	1,849	-
Designated for Subsequent Years' Expenditures at June 30, 2010			(1,103)		(1,103)
FUND BALANCES UNDESIGNATED AT JUNE 30, 2010			\$ 716	\$ (7,870)	\$ 8,586

	O	ne-Third Requireme	ent				Total		
 Actual	Adjustment to Budgetary Basis	Actual on Budgetary Basis	Final Budget	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	Actual	Adjustment to Budgetary Basis	Actual on Budgetary Basis	Final Budget	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
\$ 4,163 18	\$ - 	\$	\$     4,601 54_	\$ (438) (36)	\$    12,490 58	\$- 2	\$ 12,490 60	\$    13,803 108	\$ (1,313) (48)
 4,181		4,181	4,655	(474)	12,548	2	12,550	13,911	(1,361)
2,170	182	2,352	6,289	3,937	3,115	506	3,621	16,851	13,230
61	-	61	-	(61)	163	-	163	-	(163)
 2,231	182	2,413	6,289	3,876	3,278	506	3,784	16,851	13,067
 1,950	(182)	1,768	(1,634)	3,402	9,270	(504)	8,766	(2,940)	11,706
100	_	100	_	100	100	_	100	_	100
(1,929)	-	(1,929)	(3,486)	1,557	(9,441)	-	(9,441)	(12,383)	2,942
 (1,020)		(1,020)	(0,+00)_		(0,++1)_		(0,441)	(12,000)	2,042
 (1,829)		(1,829)	(3,486)	1,657	(9,341)		(9,341)	(12,383)	3,042
\$ 121	\$ (182)	(61)	(5,120)	5,059	\$ (71)	\$ (504)	(575)	(15,323)	14,748
		004	004				004	00.4	
		834	834	-			834	834	-
		325	325	-			809	809	-
		412	412	-			2,261	2,261	-
		(341)		(341)			(1,444)		(1,444)
		\$ 1,169	\$ (3,549)	\$ 4,718			\$ 1,885	\$ (11,419)	\$ 13,304

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NON MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - DEBT SERVICE

# DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

Debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

# CITY OF SAN DIEGO

# PUBLIC SAFETY COMMUNICATIONS PROJECT

This fund was established to account for the payment of principal and interest on general obligation bonds issued in 1991. These bonds are serviced by property taxes.

# MCGUIGAN LOAN FUND

This fund was established to account for the initial receipt and principal and interest payments related to a loan from Bank of America; the proceeds of which were used to satisfy the outstanding obligation of the McGuigan Settlement. This loan is serviced by contributions from various operating departments within the City.

# **BLENDED COMPONENT UNITS**

# CITY OF SAN DIEGO METROPOLITAN TRANSIT DEVELOPMENT BOARD (MTDB) AUTHORITY

This fund was established to account for the debt service activities of the City of San Diego Metropolitan Transit Development Board Authority (MTDB). MTDB was created to acquire and construct mass public transit guideways, systems and related facilities. MTDB's debt service fund is used to account for the payment of long-term debt principal and interest. This fund is serviced by investment income, lease payments from the City of San Diego, and proceeds from lease revenue bonds and certificates of participation.

# CONVENTION CENTER EXPANSION FINANCING AUTHORITY

This fund was established to account for the debt service activities of the Convention Center Expansion Financing Authority (CCEFA). CCEFA, created by the City of San Diego and the Port of San Diego, facilitates the financing, acquisition and construction of an expansion to the existing convention center. CCEFA's debt service fund is used to account for the payment of long-term debt principal and interest.

# PUBLIC FACILITIES FINANCING AUTHORITY

This fund was established to account for the debt service activities of the Public Facilities Financing Authority (PFFA). PFFA, which was created by the City of San Diego and RDA, facilitates the financing, acquisition and construction of public capital facility improvements of RDA or the City. PFFA's debt service fund is used to account for the payment of long-term debt principal and interest.

# REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY

This fund was established to account for the debt service activities of the Redevelopment Agency of the City of San Diego (RDA). RDA was established to provide a method for revitalizing deteriorated and blighted areas of the City of San Diego. This fund is serviced by property tax increments, sale of real estate, and investment income.

# SAN DIEGO FACILITIES AND EQUIPMENT LEASING CORPORATION

This fund was established to account for the debt service activities of the San Diego Facilities and Equipment Leasing Corporation (SDFELC). SDFELC was established to acquire and lease to the City of San Diego real and personal property to be used in the municipal operations of the City. The City makes lease payments from annual appropriations payable out of any source of legally available funds.

# TOBACCO SETTLEMENT REVENUE FUNDING CORPORATION

This fund was established to account for the debt service activities of the Tobacco Settlement Revenue Funding Corporation (TSRFC). The TSRFC was established for the purpose of acquiring the tobacco settlement revenues allocated to the City from the State of California, pursuant to the Master Settlement Agreement. The TSRFC's debt service fund is used to account for the payment of long-term debt principal and interest.

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# NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - DEBT SERVICE COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2010 (In Thousands)

	City of San Diego		Diego	of San b/MTDB hority	Convention Center Expansion Financing Authority	
ASSETS						
Receivables:						
Taxes	\$	13	\$	-	\$	-
Accounts - Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles		-		-		-
Accrued Interest		4		-		-
Interfund Loan Receivable		-		-		-
Restricted Cash and Investments		2,611		20		-
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	2,628	\$	20	\$	
LIABILITIES						
Deferred Revenue	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Interfund Loan Payable						
TOTAL LIABILITIES		<u> </u>				
FUND EQUITY						
Fund Balances:						
Reserved for Debt Service		2,614		20		-
Unreserved:						
Designated for Unrealized Gains		14		-		-
Designated for Debt Service		-		-		
TOTAL FUND EQUITY	•	2,628		20		
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY	¢	2,628	\$	20	\$	

$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Public Facilities Financing Authority		Redevelopment Agency		San Diego Facilities and Equipment Leasing Corporation		Tobacco Settlement Revenue Funding Corporation		Total	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	¢		¢	7 020	¢		¢		¢	7,042
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	φ	-	φ	7,029	φ	-	φ	5 050	φ	7,042 5,050
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		-		941		-		5,050		951
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				-		-		-		32,780
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				266,602		189		12,516		294,226
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				<u> </u>						
-         11,414         -         -         11,4           -         15,863         -         5,050         20,5           45,064         98,996         189         12,516         159,5           10         -         -         -         -           -         159,713         -         -         159,7	\$	45,074	\$	274,572	\$	189	\$	17,566	\$	340,049
-         11,414         -         -         11,4           -         15,863         -         5,050         20,5           45,064         98,996         189         12,516         159,5           10         -         -         -         -           -         159,713         -         -         159,7										
-         11,414         -         -         11,4           -         15,863         -         5,050         20,5           45,064         98,996         189         12,516         159,5           10         -         -         -         -           -         159,713         -         -         159,7										
	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	5,050	\$	9,499
45,064 98,996 189 12,516 159,5 10 				11,414						11,414
45,064 98,996 189 12,516 159,5 10 				15 863				5 050		20,913
10 _ <u>159,713 - 159,7</u>				13,005				5,050		20,915
10 										
10 										
159,713 159,7		45,064		98,996		189		12,516		159,399
		10		-		-		-		24
		-		159,713				-		159,713
45,074 258,709 189 12,516 319,1		45,074		258,709		189		12,516		319,136
\$ 45,074 \$ 274,572 \$ 189 \$ 17,566 \$ 340,0	\$	45 074	\$	274 572	\$	189	\$	17 566	\$	340,049

# NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - DEBT SERVICE COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES Year Ended June 30, 2010 (In Thousands)

	City of San Diego	City of San Diego/MTDB Authority	Convention Center Expansion Financing Authority
REVENUES			
Property Taxes	\$ 2,330	\$-	\$-
Revenue from Use of Money and Property	22	-	-
Revenue from Other Agencies			
TOTAL REVENUES	2,352		
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
General Government and Support	1	-	-
Neighborhood Services	-	-	-
Debt Service:			
Principal Retirement	1,975	3,445	5,520
Cost of Issuance	-	-	-
Interest on Long-Term Debt	353	554	8,181
Refunding Escrow			
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	2,329	3,999	13,701
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	23	(3,999)	(13,701)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers from Proprietary Funds	-	-	-
Transfers from Other Funds	-	783	13,701
Transfers to Proprietary Funds	(2,935)	-	-
Transfers to Other Funds	(29,827)	-	-
Transfers to Escrow Agent	-	-	-
Loans Issued	32,762	-	-
Special Tax Bonds Issued	-	-	-
Revenue Bonds Issued	-	-	-
Discount on Bonds Issued	-	-	-
Premium on Bonds Issued			
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		783	13,701
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	23	(3,216)	-
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year, as Restated	2,605	3,236	
FUND BALANCES AT END OF YEAR	\$ 2,628	\$ 20	\$ -

Public Facilities Financing Authority	Redevelopmen Agency	San Diego Facilities and Equipment Leasing Corporation	Tobacco Settlement Revenue Funding Corporation	Total	
\$ -	\$ 144,809	\$-	\$ -	\$ 147,139	
. 42	5,957	· _	. 491	6,512	
		<u> </u>	9,530	9,530	
42	150,766	·	10,021	163,181	
-	91	-		92	
-	3,633	-	-	3,633	
6,385	30,259	4,135	3,030	54,749	
1,635	239	-	-	1,874	
21,361	30,835	1,039	6,796	69,119	
4,172				4,172	
33,553	65,057	5,174	9,826	133,639	
(33,511)	85,709	(5,174)	195	29,542	
80	-	-	-	80	
25,377	24,756	12,966	-	77,583	
-	-	-	-	(2,935)	
(7,825)	(213,819)		(60)	(251,531)	
(153,498)	-	(7,696)	-	(161,194)	
-	-	-	-	32,762	
-	13,930	-	-	13,930	
167,635	-	-	-	167,635	
- 1,923	(92)	-	-	(92)	
1,923				1,923	
33,692	(175,225)	5,270	(60)	(121,839)	
181	(89,516)	96	135	(92,297)	
44,893	348,225	93	12,381	411,433	
\$ 45,074	\$ 258,709	\$ 189	\$ 12,516	\$ 319,136	

#### CITY OF SAN DIEGO NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - DEBT SERVICE COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2010 (In Thousands)

Public SafetyMcGuiganCommunicationsLoanProjectFundTotal	1
ASSETS	
Receivables:	
Taxes \$ 13 \$ - \$	13
Accrued Interest	4
Restricted Cash and Investments	2,611
TOTAL ASSETS \$ 2,628 \$ - \$	2,628
FUND EQUITY	
Fund Balances:	
Reserved for Debt Service	2,614
Unreserved:	
Designated for Unrealized Gains 14 -	14
TOTAL FUND EQUITY	2,628
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY \$ 2,628 \$ - \$	2,628

#### COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES Year Ended June 30, 2010 (In Thousands)

	BudgetedUnbudgetedPublic SafetyMcGuiganCommunicationsLoanProjectFund		Total
REVENUES			
Property Taxes	\$ 2,330	\$ -	\$ 2,330
Revenue from Use of Money and Property	22		22
TOTAL REVENUES	2,352		2,352
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
General Government and Support	1	-	1
Debt Service:			
Principal Retirement.	1,975	-	1,975
Interest on Long-Term Debt	353		353
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	2,329		2,329
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	23		23
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers to Proprietary Funds	-	(2,935)	(2,935)
Transfers to Other Funds	-	(29,827)	(29,827)
Loans Issued		32,762	32,762
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	23	-	23
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year, as Restated	2,605		2,605
FUND BALANCES AT END OF YEAR	\$ 2,628	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 2,628

#### CITY OF SAN DIEGO NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - DEBT SERVICE COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN UNDESIGNATED FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (In Thousands)

	Actual	Adjustment to Budgetary Basis	Actual on Budgetary Basis	Final Budget	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES					
Property Taxes	\$ 2,330	\$-	\$ 2,330	\$ 2,297	\$ 33
Revenue from Use of Money and Property	22		22	54	(32)
TOTAL REVENUES	2,352		2,352	2,351	1
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General Government and Support	1	-	1	-	1
Debt Service:					
Principal Retirement	1,975	-	1,975	1,975	-
Interest on Long-Term Debt	353	<u> </u>	353	353	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	2,329		2,329	2,328	1
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	23		23	23	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$ 23	<u>\$-</u>	23	23	-
Reserved for Debt Service at July 1, 2009			2,591	2,591	-
Reserved for Debt Service at July 1, 2010			(2,614)	(2,614)	
FUND BALANCES UNDESIGNATED AT JUNE 30, 2010			<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$                                    </u>

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Non Major Governmental Funds - Capital Projects

# CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds and fiduciary funds).

# **CITY OF SAN DIEGO**

#### CAPITAL OUTLAY

This fund was established per Section 77 of the City Charter to account for the acquisition, construction and completion of permanent public improvements and real property. Capital outlay fund revenues are derived from the sale of City-owned real property supplemented by sales tax revenue.

#### PARK & RECREATION DISTRICTS

This fund was established to account for park fees collected at the time of subdivision or permit issuance and is mandated per the City of San Diego Municipal Code. Fee assessments are only to be used for park purposes within a Community Park Service District to purchase land, facilities, or reimburse those who have donated more than their proportionate responsibilities.

#### FACILITIES BENEFIT ASSESSMENTS

This fund was established to account for building permit fees collected at the time of permit issuance and is mandated by the City Charter. Fee assessments are only to be used in the community the assessments are collected and are the primary source of project funding, excluding maintenance costs.

#### IMPACT FEES

This fund was established to account for building permit fees collected at the time of permit issuance and has specific State reporting requirements. Fee assessments are only to be used in the community the assessments are collected and are not the primary source of project funding and exclude maintenance costs.

#### SPECIAL ASSESSMENT/SPECIAL TAX BONDS

This fund was established to account for Community Facilities Districts and Special Assessment Districts, which under various sections of State law, issues limited obligation bonds to finance infrastructure facilities and other public improvements necessary to facilitate development of the properties within each district. The bonds are secured solely by the properties within each district, and are repaid through revenues generated by the annual levy of special taxes or special assessments on the benefiting properties.

#### TRANSNET

This fund was established to account for transportation improvements funded by a local sales tax approved by voters in the County of San Diego. Funds are to help relieve traffic congestion, increase safety, and improve air quality by performing repairs, restorations, and construction of needed facilities within the public rights-of-way.

#### OTHER CONSTRUCTION

This fund was established to account for a variety of capital projects such as park and street improvements and construction of public facilities in new development areas. Revenues in this fund are derived from such sources as contributions from developers, grants from Federal, State and other governmental agencies, special assessments, special taxes, fees, and interest derived there from.

# **BLENDED COMPONENT UNITS**

#### PUBLIC FACILITIES FINANCING AUTHORITY

This fund was established to account for the capital improvement acquisition and construction activities of the Public Facilities Financing Authority (PFFA). PFFA, which was created by the City of San Diego and RDA, facilitates the financing and construction of public capital improvements of the City or RDA. Revenues are derived from the issuance of bonds and interest earnings on investments.

#### REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY

This fund was established to account for the capital improvement activities of the Redevelopment Agency of the City of San Diego (RDA). RDA was established to provide a method for revitalizing deteriorated and blighted areas of the City of San Diego. Funds are derived from the City of San Diego, from the issuance of bonds for specific redevelopment projects, sale of real estate and investment income.

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#### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - CAPITAL PROJECTS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2010 (In Thousands)

	City of an Diego	Public Facilities Financing Authority		evelopment Agency	 Total
ASSETS					
Cash and Investments	\$ 299,445	\$	97,908	\$ 270,102	\$ 667,455
Receivables:					
Accounts - Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles	51,767		-	16	51,783
Special Assessments	5		-	-	5
Notes	-		-	4,782	4,782
Accrued Interest	436		75	166	677
Grants	26,225		-	-	26,225
Advances to Other Funds	600		-	-	600
Land Held for Resale	 -		-	 27,746	 27,746
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 378,478	\$	97,983	\$ 302,812	\$ 779,273
LIABILITIES					
Accounts Payable	\$ 14,701	\$	3,157	\$ 4,969	\$ 22,827
Due to Other Funds	-		-	865	865
Due to Other Agencies	51		-	-	51
Unearned Revenue	26,931		-	-	26,931
Deferred Revenue	77,118		-	-	77,118
Sundry Trust Liabilities	-		-	4,415	4,415
Advances from Other Funds	600		-	5,070	5,670
Interfund Loan Payable	 3,487		-	 17,093	 20,580
TOTAL LIABILITIES	 122,888		3,157	 32,412	 158,457
FUND EQUITY					
Fund Balances:					
Reserved for Land Held for Resale	-		-	27,746	27,746
Reserved for Notes Receivable	-		-	4,782	4,782
Reserved for Encumbrances	47,671		18,080	153,077	218,828
Reserved for Advances and Deposits	600		-	-	600
Unreserved:					
Designated for Unrealized Gains	1,274		131	1,182	2,587
Designated for Subsequent Years' Expenditures	182,378		75,533	83,613	341,524
Undesignated	 23,667		1,082	 -	 24,749
TOTAL FUND EQUITY	 255,590		94,826	 270,400	 620,816
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY	\$ 378,478	\$	97,983	\$ 302,812	\$ 779,273

#### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - CAPITAL PROJECTS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES Year Ended June 30, 2010 (In Thousands)

	City of San Diego	Public Facilities Financing Authority	Redevelopment Agency	Total
REVENUES				
Sales Taxes	\$ 15	\$-	\$-	\$ 15
Other Local Taxes	2	-	-	2
Licenses and Permits	4,511	-	-	4,511
Revenue from Use of Money and Property	6,728	531	4,812	12,071
Revenue from Federal Agencies	3,311	-	-	3,311
Revenue from Other Agencies	24,385	-	2,368	26,753
Revenue from Private Sources	17,085	-	2,870	19,955
Other Revenue	(67)		176	109
TOTAL REVENUES	55,970	531_	10,226	66,727
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General Government and Support	3,051	-	19,418	22,469
Public Safety - Police	2	-	-	2
Public Safety - Fire and Life Safety and Homeland Security	55	240	-	295
Parks, Recreation, Culture and Leisure	855	174	-	1,029
Transportation	16,324	9	-	16,333
Sanitation and Health	17	-	-	17
Neighborhood Services	348	-	3,097	3,445
Capital Projects	81,830	10,857	25,508	118,195
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	147	-	-	147
Cost of Issuance	-	-	7	7
Interest on Long-Term Debt	68_			68
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	102,697	11,280	48,030	162,007
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES	(46,727)	(10,749)	(37,804)	(95,280)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers from Proprietary Funds	64	-	-	64
Transfers from Other Funds	7,152	129	126,537	133,818
Transfers to Other Funds	(17,121)	-	(16,120)	(33,241)
Proceeds from the Sale of Capital Assets	5,104	-	-	5,104
Capital Leases	10,073	-	-	10,073
Loans Issued	634		1,111	1,745
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	5,906	129	111,528	117,563
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(40,821)	(10,620)	73,724	22,283
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	296,411	105,446	196,676	598,533
FUND BALANCES AT END OF YEAR	\$ 255,590	\$ 94,826	\$ 270,400	\$ 620,816

#### CITY OF SAN DIEGO NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - CAPITAL PROJECTS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2010 (In Thousands)

	Capital Outlay	Parks & Recreation Districts		
ASSETS				
Cash and Investments	\$ 29,024	\$	6,410	
Receivables:				
Accounts - Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles	423		-	
Special Assessments	-		-	
Accrued Interest	33		11	
Grants	26,210		-	
Advances to Other Funds	 600		-	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 56,290	\$	6,421	
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable	\$ 2,722	\$	-	
Due to Other Agencies	22		-	
Unearned Revenue	25,761		-	
Deferred Revenue	23,955		-	
Advances from Other Funds	-		-	
Interfund Loan Payable	 -		-	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	 52,460		-	
FUND EQUITY				
Fund Balances:				
Reserved for Encumbrances	3,289		485	
Reserved for Advances and Deposits	600		-	
Unreserved:	-		-	
Designated for Unrealized Gains	15		35	
Designated for Subsequent Years' Expenditures	16,516		2,574	
Undesignated	 (16,590)		3,327	
TOTAL FUND EQUITY	 3,830		6,421	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY	\$ 56,290	\$	6,421	

Facilities Benefit Assesments		Impact Fees		Special Assesment/ Special Tax Bonds		TransNet		Other Construction		Total
\$ 138,454	\$	50,210	\$	9,459	\$	8,669	\$	57,219	\$	299,445
-		_		-		49,919		1,425		51,767
-		-		5		-		-		5
233		85		14		18		42		436
-		-		_		-		15		26,225
 -								-		600
\$ 138,687	\$	50,295	\$	9,478	\$	58,606	\$	58,701	\$	378,478
\$ 9,268	\$	352	\$	-	\$	1,119	\$	1,240	\$	14,701
-		-		-		-		29		51
-		-		-		-		1,170		26,931
-		-		-		51,741		1,422		77,118
-		-		-		-		600		600
 3,487								-		3,487
 12,755		352		-		52,860		4,461		122,888
32,369		2,304		96		5,785		3,343		47,671
-		-		-		-		-		600
751		272		25		47		129		1,274
77,239		14,248		72		40,242		31,487		182,378
 15,573		33,119		9,285		(40,328)		19,281		23,667
 125,932		49,943		9,478		5,746		54,240		255,590
\$ 138,687	\$	50,295	\$	9,478	\$	58,606	\$	58,701	\$	378,478

#### CITY OF SAN DIEGO NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - CAPITAL PROJECTS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES Year Ended June 30, 2010 (In Thousands)

	Capital Outlay	Parks & Recreation Districts		
REVENUES				
Sales Taxes	\$-	\$-		
Other Local Taxes	2	-		
Licenses and Permits	-	-		
Revenue from Use of Money and Property	1,022	(17)		
Revenue from Federal Agencies	3,311	-		
Revenue from Other Agencies	23,846	-		
Revenue from Private Sources	-	-		
Other Revenue		(711)		
TOTAL REVENUES	28,181	(728)		
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General Government and Support	265	-		
Public Safety - Police	-	-		
Public Safety - Fire and Life Safety and Homeland Security	1	-		
Parks, Recreation, Culture and Leisure	674	-		
Transportation	410	-		
Sanitation and Health	-	-		
Neighborhood Services	232	-		
Capital Projects	40,402	2		
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	-	-		
Interest on Long-Term Debt				
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	41,984	2		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(13,803)	(730)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers from Proprietary Funds	3	-		
Transfers from Other Funds	1,449	-		
Transfers to Other Funds	(3,440)	-		
Proceeds from the Sale of Capital Assets	5,104	-		
Capital Leases	10,073	-		
Loans Issued				
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	13,189			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(614)	(730)		
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	4,444	7,151		
FUND BALANCES AT END OF YEAR	\$ 3,830	\$ 6,421		

Facilities Benefit Assesments	Impact Fees	Special Assesment/ Special Tax Bonds	TransNet	Other Construction	Total
Assesments	Inpact rees	Bolius	Transiver		Total
\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 15	\$-	\$ 15
-	÷ -	-	-	-	¢ 2
65	3,583	-	863	-	4,511
2,611	1,113	93	297	1,609	6,728
-	-	-	-	-	3,311
-	-	-	-	539	24,385
15,974	-	111	-	1,000	17,085
-	-	-	-	644	(67)
<u>.</u>					(01)
18,650	4,696	204	1,175	3,792	55,970
1 0 2 9	747		60	42	2.051
1,928	747	-	69	42 2	3,051 2
-	-	-	-	2 54	55
	- 1	-	-		
1	1	-		179	855
4,327	-	9,030	1,531	1,026	16,324
-	-	-	-	17	17
25	-	-	-	91	348
15,599	2,831	-	17,550	5,446	81,830
-	-	-	-	147	147
-				68	68
21,880	3,579	9,030	19,150	7,072	102,697
(3,230)	1,117	(8,826)	(17,975)	(3,280)	(46,727)
-	-	-	-	61	64
-	-	-	-	5,703	7,152
(616)	-	-	(6,626)	(6,439)	(17,121)
-	-	-	-	-	5,104
-	-	-	-	-	10,073
-				634	634
(616)			(6,626)	(41)	5,906
(3,846)	1,117	(8,826)	(24,601)	(3,321)	(40,821)
129,778	48,826	18,304	30,347	57,561	296,411
\$ 125,932	\$ 49,943	\$ 9,478	\$ 5,746	\$ 54,240	\$ 255,590

#### CITY OF SAN DIEGO NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - CAPITAL PROJECTS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN UNDESIGNATED FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (In Thousands)

	Actual	to E	justment Budgetary Basis	Actual on Budgetary Basis	 Final Budget	Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
REVENUES							
Sales Taxes	\$ 15	\$	-	\$ 15	\$ 26,300	\$	(26,285)
Licenses and Permits	863		-	863	-		863
Revenue from Use of Money and Property	297		122	419	 -		419
TOTAL REVENUES	1,175		122	1,297	 26,300		(25,003)
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General Government and Support	69		249	318	2,891		2,573
Parks, Recreation, Culture and Leisure	-		-	-	411		411
Transportation	1,531		5,536	7,067	69,647		62,580
Capital Projects	17,550		-	17,550	 		(17,550)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	19,150		5,785	24,935	 72,948		48,013
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES	(17,975)		(5,663)	(23,638)	 (46,649)		23,011
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers to Other Funds	(6,626)		-	(6,626)	 (10,074)		3,448
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$ (24,601)	\$	(5,663)	(30,264)	(56,723)		26,459
Fund Balances Undesignated at July 1, 2009				569	569		-
Reserved for Encumbrances at July 1, 2009				5,884	5,884		-
Designated for Subsequent Years' Expenditures at July 1, 2009				23,725	23,725		-
Designated for Subsequent Years' Expenditures at June 30, 2010				(40,242)	 		(40,242)
FUND BALANCES UNDESIGNATED AT JUNE 30, 2010				\$ (40,328)	\$ (26,545)	\$	(13,783)

Non major Governmental Funds - Permanent

# PERMANENT FUNDS

Permanent funds are used to report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the City's programs (i.e., for the benefit of the City or its citizens).

#### CARMEL VALLEY SEWER MAINTENANCE

This fund was established to fund the City's share of maintenance costs for a private sewer system in the Carmel Valley community. The original contribution was received from a developer and interest earnings derived there from will finance a fifty-year maintenance period.

#### CEMETERY PERPETUITY

This fund was established to account for the Mt. Hope Cemetery endowment. Investment earnings derived from the endowment supplement grave sales revenues in order to finance cemetery operations.

#### EFFIE SERGEANT

This fund was established to account for a donation to benefit the North Park Branch Library. Investment earnings are used to finance library services and programs.

#### FIGG ESTATE ENDOWMENT

This fund was established to account for a donation received for the planting and maintenance of jacaranda trees in the public rights of way throughout the City of San Diego. Investment earnings are used for planting and maintenance as well.

#### GLADYS EDNA PETERS

This fund was established to account for a donation to benefit the Rancho Bernardo Branch Library. Investment earnings are used to procure and maintain a collection of large print books and periodicals.

#### JANE CAMERON ESTATE

This fund was established to account for a donation to benefit the La Jolla/Riford Branch Library. Investment earnings are used to finance library services and programs.

#### LOS PENASQUITOS CANYON

This fund was established to account for the Los Penasquitos Canyon Preserve Trust Fund. Investment earnings are used to finance operations, land acquisitions, historical restoration, and maintenance of the Penasquitos Preserve Park.

#### SOUTHCREST PARK ESTATES II

This fund was established to finance the City's landscape maintenance costs for the Southcrest Park Estates II, a residential development within the Southcrest Redevelopment project area. The original contribution was received from a developer, and investment earnings derived there from will finance the permanent maintenance costs.

#### SYCAMORE ESTATES

This fund was established to account for an endowment agreement between the City and Sycamore Estates, LLC. Investment earnings from the endowment shall be used exclusively for the long-term maintenance of conserved property within Sycamore Estates.

## ZOOLOGICAL SOCIETY - MISSION TRAILS

This fund was established to account for the Fortuna Mountain Conservation Bank endowment. Investment earnings derived from the endowment shall be used to fund the permanent management of the Fortuna Mountain Conservation Bank within Mission Trails Regional Park.

## THE ENVIRONMENTAL TRUST BANKRUPTCY ENDOWMENT

This fund was established to account for funds received to manage nine properties accepted by the City in The Environmental Trust Bankruptcy. The City Parks and Recreation Department Open Space Division is responsible for administering the management, maintenance and monitoring of the nine properties.

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#### CITY OF SAN DIEGO NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - PERMANENT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2010 (In Thousands)

	Carmel Valley Sewer Maintenance		Cemetery Perpetuity		Effie Sergeant		 Estate wment
ASSETS							
Receivables:							
Accounts - Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles	\$	-	\$	16	\$	-	\$ -
Accrued Interest		-		12		-	-
Restricted Cash and Investments		50		9,698		492	 322
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	50	\$	9,726	\$	492	\$ 322
LIABILITIES							
Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
FUND EQUITY Fund Balances:							
Reserved for Permanent Endowments		50		9,726		492	322
Designated for Unrealized Gains							 
TOTAL FUND EQUITY		50		9,726		492	 322
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY	\$	50	\$	9,726	\$	492	\$ 322

## COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

Year Ended June 30, 2010 (In Thousands)

	Carmel Valley Sewer Maintenance	Sewer Cemetery		Sewer Cemetery Effie		Figg Estate Endowment
REVENUES						
Revenue from Use of Money and Property	\$1	\$ 612	\$ 53	\$ 7		
Revenue from Private Sources	-	-	-	-		
Charges for Current Services		85				
TOTAL REVENUES	1	697	53	7_		
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Parks, Recreation, Culture and Leisure		3	2			
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	1	694	51_	7_		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers to Other Funds		(424)		(7)		
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		(424)		(7)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	1	270	51	-		
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	49_	9,456	441	322		
FUND BALANCES AT END OF YEAR	\$ 50	\$ 9,726	\$ 492	\$ 322		

			Gladys Edna Peters				Los ron Penasquitos Southcr Canyon Park Esta			Sycamore I Estates		Zoological Society- Mission Trails		Environmental Trust Bankruptcy Endowment		Total	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- 1	\$	16		
	- 319		- 2,758		- 2,383		- 14		- 250		- 69		335		13 16,690		
\$	319	\$	2,758	\$	2,383	\$	14	\$	250	\$	69	\$	336	\$	16,719		
\$	3	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3		
	316		2,758		2,383		14		250		69		334		16,714		
			-										2		2		
	316		2,758		2,383		14		250		69		336		16,716		
\$	319	\$	2,758	\$	2,383	\$	14	\$	250	\$	69	\$	336	\$	16,719		

Gladys Edna Jane Cameron Peters Estate		Los Penasquitos Canyon		Southcrest Park Estates II		Sycamore Estates		Zoological Society- Mission Trails		Environmental Trust Bankruptcy Endowment		Total		
\$	37 - - 37	\$ 20 147 - 167	\$	289 - - 289	\$	1 - - 1	\$	5 - - 5	\$	1 - - 1	\$	4 332 - 336	\$	1,030 479 85 1,594
	<u>19</u> 18	 207 (40)		<u>6</u> 283		<u>-</u> 1		5		1				2371,357
	<u> </u>	 <u> </u>		(109)		<u> </u>		(5)		(1)				(546)
\$	18 298 316	\$ (40) <u>2,798</u> <u>2,758</u>	\$	174 2,209 2,383	\$	1 <u>13</u> 14	\$	- 250 250	\$	- 69 69	\$	336 	\$	811 <u>15,905</u> <u>16,716</u>

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Non major Business-Type Funds - Enterprise

# **ENTERPRISE FUNDS**

Enterprise funds are used to account for any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. These funds use full accounting.

# CITY OF SAN DIEGO

## AIRPORTS

This fund was established to account for the operation, maintenance and development of both City-owned airports--Montgomery and Brown Fields. Airports fund revenues are derived from such sources as rent/lease revenue, usage fees, earnings on investments and aid from other governmental agencies.

## DEVELOPMENT SERVICES

This fund was established to account for construction management, development project review, permitting, and inspection services for the City.

#### ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

This fund was established to account for refuse disposal, collection, energy conservation, resource management, and other environmental programs.

## GOLF COURSE

This fund was established to operate, maintain, and improve physical conditions and initiate capital improvement programs for Torrey Pines, Mission Bay, and Balboa golf courses. Revenues are derived from green fees and leases.

#### RECYCLING

This fund was established to account for the planning, implementation, operation and management of City recycling and waste diversion programs. Revenues are derived from the recycling fee on all waste generated in the City or disposed of at the City landfill.

## NONMAJOR BUSINESS-TYPE FUNDS - OTHER ENTERPRISE COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2010 ( In Thousands )

	Airports		Development Services		
ASSETS					
Cash and Investments	\$	13,200	\$	8,114	
Receivables:					
Accounts - Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles (Airports \$447)		184		14	
Accrued Interest		20		29	
Grants		490		-	
From Other Funds		-		5,385	
Inventories		-		-	
Restricted Cash and Investments		-		-	
Capital Assets - Non-Depreciable		2,166		177	
Capital Assets - Depreciable		11,268		959	
TOTAL ASSETS		27,328		14,678	
LIABILITIES					
Accounts Payable		393		279	
Accrued Wages and Benefits		55		976	
Long Term Debt Due Within One Year		49		843	
Due to Other Funds		-		-	
Unearned Revenue		-		3,107	
Contract Deposits		-		-	
Deposits/Advances from Others		72		6,600	
Compensated Absences		64		1,101	
Estimated Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care		-		-	
Net Other Post Employment Benefits Obligation		238		4,697	
Net Pension Obligation		148		5,015	
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,019		22,618	
NET ASSETS (DEFICIT)					
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt		13,434		1,136	
Restricted for Closure/Postclosure maintenance		-		-	
Unrestricted (Deficit)		12,875		(9,076)	
TOTAL NET ASSETS (DEFICIT)	\$	26,309	\$	(7,940)	

Environmental Services		Golf Course		ecycling	 Total		
\$ 52,090	\$	23,012	\$	10,019	\$ 106,435		
95		14		196	503		
169		39		23	280		
-		-		255	745		
-		-		-	5,385		
-		3		-	3		
43,675		-		4,754	48,429		
16,077		1,211		-	19,631		
 34,281		15,936		702	 63,146		
 146,387		40,215		15,949	 244,557		

1,480	755	255	3,162
551	224	377	2,183
496	136	159	1,683
29	-	-	29
-	-	-	3,107
-	8	415	423
-	-	4,754	11,426
647	177	208	2,197
20,126	-	-	20,126
2,250	1,316	1,693	10,194
1,675	355	990	8,183
27,254	2,971	8,851	62,713

\$ 119,133	\$ 37,244	\$	7,098	\$	181,844
25,028	20,097		6,396		55,320
43,747	-		-		43,747
50,358	17,147		702		82,777

#### NONMAJOR BUSINESS-TYPE FUNDS - OTHER ENTERPRISE COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS Year Ended June 30, 2010 (In Thousands)

	 Airports	Development Services		
OPERATING REVENUES				
Charges for Services	\$ 119	\$	36,037	
Usage Fees	4,660		-	
Other	 70		1,301	
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	 4,849		37,338	
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Maintenance and Operations	3,900		25,089	
Administration	917		12,496	
Depreciation	 544		123	
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	 5,361		37,708	
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	 (512)		(370)	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
Earnings on Investments	210		40	
Other Agency Grant Assistance	477		-	
Gain (Loss) on Sale/Retirement of Capital Assets	(559)		-	
Debt Service Interest Expense	-		-	
Other	 		5	
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	 128		45	
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS	(384)		(325)	
Capital Contributions	460		-	
Transfers from Other Funds	5		60	
Transfers from Governmental Funds	48		1,261	
Transfers to Other Funds	-		(30)	
Transfers to Governmental Funds	 (1)		(121)	
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	128		845	
Net Assets (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	 26,181		(8,785)	
NET ASSETS (DEFICIT) AT END OF YEAR	\$ 26,309	\$	(7,940)	

Environmental Services		Go	If Course	R	ecycling	 Total		
\$	672	\$	14,185	\$	4,997	\$ 56,010		
	25,206		1,486		11,891	43,243		
	464				58	 1,893		
	26,342		15,671		16,946	 101,146		
	24,137		12,005		9,781	74,912		
	6,490		1,629		8,830	30,362		
	3,280		954		810	 5,711		
	33,907		14,588		19,421	 110,985		
	(7,565)		1,083		(2,475)	 (9,839)		
	1,885		451		220	2,806		
	- 1,005		-		1,256	1,733		
	(5)		(24)		-	(588)		
	-		-		1	1		
	733		57		967	 1,762		
	2,613		484		2,444	 5,714		
	(4,952)		1,567		(31)	(4,125)		
	-		-		-	460		
	121		19		47	252		
	398		190		315	2,212		
	(65)		-		-	(95)		
	(225)		-		(86)	 (433)		
	(4,723)		1,776		245	(1,729)		
	123,856		35,468		6,853	 183,573		
\$	119,133	\$	37,244	\$	7,098	\$ 181,844		

# NONMAJOR BUSINESS-TYPE FUNDS - OTHER ENTERPRISE COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS Year Ended June 30, 2010 ( In Thousands )

	A	irports		elopment ervices
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Receipts from Customers and Users	\$	5,055	\$	21,486
Receipts from Interfund Services Provided		3		10,80
Payments to Suppliers		(2,851)		(8,92
Payments to Employees		(1,442)		(27,92
Payments for Interfund Services Used		(563)		(47
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES		202		(5,04
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Transfers In		5		6
Transfers from Governmental Funds		48		1,26
Transfers Out		-		(3
Transfers to Governmental Funds		(1)		(12
Operating Grants Received		477		
Proceeds from Advances and Deposits		72		6,60
NET CASH PROVIDED BY				
NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		601		7,77
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Proceeds from Capital Contributions		1,530		
Acquisition of Capital Assets		(1,231)		
Proceeds from the Sale of Capital Assets				
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) CAPITAL				
AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		299		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest and Dividends Received on Investments		232		e
NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES		232		6
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		1,334		2,79
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		11,866		5,32
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	\$	13,200	\$	8,11
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash				
Provided by (Used For) Operating Activities:				
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(512)	\$	(37
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities:				
Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities:		544		10
		544		
Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities: Depreciation Other Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses)		544 -		12
Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities: Depreciation		544 - 209		
Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities: Depreciation Other Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses)		-		
Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities:         Depreciation         Other Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses)         (Increase) Decrease in Assets:         Accounts Receivable - Net		-		7
Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities:         Depreciation         Other Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses)         (Increase) Decrease in Assets:         Accounts Receivable - Net         Claims Receivable - Net         Due From Other Funds         Inventories		- 209 - -		7
Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities:         Depreciation         Other Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses)         (Increase) Decrease in Assets:         Accounts Receivable - Net         Claims Receivable - Net         Due From Other Funds         Inventories         Prepaid Expenses		-		7
Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities:         Depreciation         Other Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses)         (Increase) Decrease in Assets:         Accounts Receivable - Net         Claims Receivable - Net         Due From Other Funds         Inventories         Prepaid Expenses         Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities:		- 209 - - - 2		7 (1,78
Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities:         Depreciation         Other Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses)         (Increase) Decrease in Assets:         Accounts Receivable - Net         Claims Receivable - Net         Due From Other Funds         Inventories         Prepaid Expenses         Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities:         Accounts Payable		- 209 - - 2 (85)		7 (1,78 23
Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities:         Depreciation         Other Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses)         (Increase) Decrease in Assets:         Accounts Receivable - Net         Claims Receivable - Net         Due From Other Funds         Inventories         Prepaid Expenses         Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities:         Accounts Payable         Accrued Wages and Benefits		- 209 - - 2 (85) 11		7 (1,78 23 (21
Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities:         Depreciation         Other Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses)         (Increase) Decrease in Assets:         Accounts Receivable - Net         Claims Receivable - Net         Due From Other Funds         Inventories         Prepaid Expenses         Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities:         Accounts Payable         Accrued Wages and Benefits         Due to Other Funds		- 209 - - 2 (85)		7 (1,78 23 (21 (5
Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities:         Depreciation         Other Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses)         (Increase) Decrease in Assets:         Accounts Receivable - Net         Claims Receivable - Net         Due From Other Funds         Inventories         Prepaid Expenses         Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities:         Accounts Payable         Accrued Wages and Benefits         Due to Other Funds         Unearned Revenue		- 209 - - 2 (85) 11		7 (1,78 23 (21 (5
Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities:         Depreciation         Other Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses)         (Increase) Decrease in Assets:         Accounts Receivable - Net         Claims Receivable - Net         Due From Other Funds         Inventories         Prepaid Expenses         Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities:         Accounts Payable         Accrued Wages and Benefits         Due to Other Funds         Unearned Revenue         Contract Deposits		- 209 - - 2 (85) 11 (2) - -		7 (1,78 (21 (5 (3,34
Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities:         Depreciation         Other Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses)         (Increase) Decrease in Assets:         Accounts Receivable - Net         Claims Receivable - Net         Due From Other Funds         Inventories         Prepaid Expenses         Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities:         Accounts Payable         Accrued Wages and Benefits         Due to Other Funds         Unearned Revenue         Contract Deposits         Compensated Absences		- 209 - - 2 (85) 11		7 (1,78 23 (21 (5 (3,34
Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities:         Depreciation         Other Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses)         (Increase) Decrease in Assets:         Accounts Receivable - Net         Claims Receivable - Net         Due From Other Funds         Inventories         Prepaid Expenses         Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities:         Accounts Payable         Accrued Wages and Benefits         Due to Other Funds         Unearned Revenue         Contract Deposits         Compensated Absences         Estimated Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care		- 209 - - 2 (85) 11 (2) - (23) -		7 (1,78 (21 (5 (3,34 (11
Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities:         Depreciation         Other Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses)         (Increase) Decrease in Assets:         Accounts Receivable - Net         Claims Receivable - Net         Due From Other Funds         Inventories         Prepaid Expenses         Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities:         Accounts Payable         Accrued Wages and Benefits         Due to Other Funds         Unearned Revenue         Contract Deposits         Compensated Absences		- 209 - - 2 (85) 11 (2) - -		(1,78 (1,78 (2 (3,34 (11 1,48
Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities:         Depreciation         Other Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses)         (Increase) Decrease in Assets:         Accounts Receivable - Net         Claims Receivable - Net         Due From Other Funds         Inventories         Prepaid Expenses         Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities:         Accounts Payable         Accrued Wages and Benefits         Due to Other Funds         Unearned Revenue         Contract Deposits         Compensated Absences         Estimated Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care         Net OPEB Obligation		- 209 - - 2 (85) 11 (2) - - (23) - 107		7 (1,78 (21 (5 (3,34 (11 1,48 (1,07
Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities:         Depreciation         Other Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses)         (Increase) Decrease in Assets:         Accounts Receivable - Net         Claims Receivable - Net         Due From Other Funds         Inventories         Prepaid Expenses         Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities:         Accounts Payable         Accrued Wages and Benefits         Due to Other Funds         Unearmed Revenue         Contract Deposits         Compensated Absences         Estimated Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care         Net OPEB Obligation         Net Pension Obligation	\$	- 209 - - 2 (85) 11 (2) - (23) - (23) - 107 (49)	\$	12 7 (1,78 23 (21 (5 (3,34 (11) 1,48 (1,07) (4,67) (5,04
Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities:         Depreciation         Other Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses)         (Increase) Decrease in Assets:         Accounts Receivable - Net         Claims Receivable - Net         Due From Other Funds         Inventories         Prepaid Expenses         Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities:         Accounts Rayable         Accrued Wages and Benefits         Due to Other Funds         Unearned Revenue         Contract Deposits         Compensated Absences         Estimated Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care         Net OPEB Obligation         Net Pension Obligation         Total Adjustments	\$	- 209 - - 2 (85) 11 (2) - (23) - (23) - 107 (49) 714	\$	7 (1,78 23 (21 (5 (3,34 (11) 1,48 (1,07 (4,67
Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities:         Depreciation         Other Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses)         (Increase) Decrease in Assets:         Accounts Receivable - Net         Claims Receivable - Net         Due From Other Funds         Inventories         Prepaid Expenses         Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities:         Accounts Payable         Accrued Wages and Benefits         Due to Other Funds         Unearned Revenue         Contract Deposits         Compensated Absences         Estimated Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care         Net OPEB Obligation         Net Pension Obligation	<u>\$</u> \$	- 209 - - 2 (85) 11 (2) - (23) - (23) - 107 (49) 714	<u>\$</u> \$	7 (1,78 (21 (3,34 (11 1,48 (1,07 (4,67

	ronmental ervices	Go	If Course	Re	ecycling	 Total		
\$	26,521	\$	15,743	\$	17,090	\$ 85,895		
	572		1		679	12,056		
	(14,965)		(6,437)		(9,212)	(42,390)		
	(13,092)		(5,987)		(8,619)	(57,069		
	(106)		(379)		(163)	 (1,685		
	(1,070)		2,941		(225)	 (3,193)		
	121		19		47	252		
	398		190		315	2,212		
	(65)		-		-	(95		
	(225)				(86)	(433		
	(220)				1,225	1,702		
	-		-					
	-		-		2,185	 8,857		
	229		209		3,686	 12,495		
	-		-		-	1,530		
	(1,399)		(1,064) 6		(52)	(3,746 6		
	(1,399)		(1,058)		(52)	 (2,210		
	2,012		481		248	 3,036		
	2,012		481		248	 3,036		
	(228)		2,573		3,657	10,128		
	95,993		20,439		11,116	 144,736		
\$	95,765	\$	23,012	\$	14,773	\$ 154,864		
\$	(7,566)	\$	1,084	\$	(2,475)	\$ (9,839		
	3,280		954		810	5,711		
	734		56		967	1,762		
	17		1		2	300		
	-		2		-	2		
	-		5		-	(1,776		
	-		(1)		-	(1		
	-		-		-	2		
	847		433		232	1,659		
	86		42		83	7		
	(31)		-		(27)	(118		
	-				(224)	(3,570		
			9		78	87		
	114		(34)		(48)	(101		
	117		-		-	790		
	790				696	3,921		
	790		582		090			
			582 (192)		(319)			
	790 1,051					 (2,029		
<b>W</b>	790 1,051 (392)	\$	(192)	\$	(319)	\$ (2,029 6,646		
\$	790 1,051 (392) 6,496	\$	(192) 1,857	\$	(319) 2,250	\$ 6,646 (3,193)		

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INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

# INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City, or to other governmental units and/or funds.

# CITY OF SAN DIEGO

## FLEET SERVICES

This fund was established to account for the acquisition, replacement, maintenance and fueling of the City's motive equipment.

## CENTRAL STORES

This fund was established to provide centralized storeroom services to all City departments.

#### PUBLISHING SERVICES

This fund was established to provide printing and reproduction services to all City departments.

#### SELF INSURANCE

This fund was established to account for self insurance activities, including worker's compensation and long-term disability programs for employees. Revenues are derived from rates charged to departments as a percentage of payroll. This fund also accounts for the public liability reserve, which was established for the purpose of paying claims in excess of annual appropriations.

#### MISCELLANEOUS INTERNAL SERVICE

This fund accounts for various administrative activities including risk management administration, administration and operation of various employee related programs such as unused compensatory time, unused sick leave and unemployment insurance, and citywide training. Revenues are derived from rates or fees charged to the departments for specific services rendered.

## **BLENDED COMPONENT UNIT**

#### SAN DIEGO DATA PROCESSING CORPORATION

This fund accounts for the operations of the San Diego Data Processing Corporation, Inc. (SDDPC). SDDPC was formed for the purpose of providing data processing services to public agencies, primarily the City of San Diego, which is the sole member of SDDPC. SDDPC also provides telecommunication services to the City. Rates are charged for the various services provided as per operating agreements and are subject to change each year.

#### INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2010 ( In Thousands )

	 City of S	an Diego	
	\$ Fleet Services		entral tores
ASSETS			
Cash and Investments	\$ 84,483	\$	2,715
Receivables:			
Accounts - Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles (Self Insurance \$896)	421		2
Claims	-		-
Accrued Interest	-		-
From Other Funds	-		372
Inventories	-		2,551
Prepaid Expenses	-		-
Capital Assets - Non-Depreciable	5,636		-
Capital Assets - Depreciable	 104,045		64
TOTAL ASSETS	 194,585		5,704
LIABILITIES			
Accounts Payable	4,082		4,782
Accrued Wages and Benefits	953		52
Interest Accrued on Long-Term Debt	92		-
Long-Term Debt Due Within One Year	7,069		24
Due to Other Funds	-		-
Unearned Revenue	-		-
Compensated Absences	872		39
Liability Claims	-		-
Capital Lease Obligations	15,503		-
Net Other Post Employment Benefits Obligation	3,550		303
Net Pension Obligation	 934		160
TOTAL LIABILITIES	 33,055		5,360
NET ASSETS (DEFICIT)			
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	87,660		64
Unrestricted	 73,870		280
TOTAL NET ASSETS (DEFICIT)	\$ 161,530	\$	344

lishing rvices	In	Self surance	Miscellaneous Internal Service		San Diego Data Processing Corporation		 Total
\$ 1,307	\$	65,335	\$	5,940	\$	1,228	\$ 161,008
9		383		2		7,287	8,104
-		27		-		-	27
-		-		8		-	8
-		-		-		-	372
-		-		-		-	2,551
-		-		-		1,540	1,540
-		-		-		1,984	7,620
 133		-				8,702	 112,944
 1,449		65,745		5,950		20,741	 294,174
675		323		619		7,255	17,736
47		16		237		794	2,099
-		-		-		-	92
37		36,131		1,894		1,071	46,226
1,000		-		-		-	1,000
-		-		-		2	2
58		-		2,992		226	4,187
-		170,834		-		-	170,834
-		-		-		-	15,503
257		-		1,125		-	5,235
244		<u> </u>		643			 1,981
 2,318		207,304		7,510		9,348	 264,895
400						40,000	00 542
133		-		-		10,686	98,543
(1,002)		(141,559)		(1,560)		707	 (69,264
\$ (869)	\$	(141,559)	\$	(1,560)	\$	11,393	\$ 29,279

#### INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 ( In Thousands )

	City of San Diego						
		Fleet ervices		Central Stores			
OPERATING REVENUES							
Charges for Services	\$	2,088	\$	31,128			
Usage Fees		74,287		-			
Other		861		310			
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES		77,236		31,438			
OPERATING EXPENSES							
Benefit and Claim Payments		-		-			
Maintenance and Operations		45,594		1,426			
Cost of Materials Issued		-		31,491			
Administration		4,824		-			
Depreciation		24,317		15			
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		74,735		32,932			
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		2,501		(1,494)			
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)							
Earnings on Investments		1,603		(77)			
Other Agency Grant Assistance		11		-			
Gain on Sale/Retirement of Capital Assets		1,310		-			
Debt Service Interest Expense		(726)		-			
Other		79		43			
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		2,277		(34)			
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS		4,778		(1,528)			
Capital Contributions		6		-			
Transfers from Other Funds		220		1			
Transfers from Governmental Funds		3,446		119			
Transfers to Other Funds		(505)		-			
Transfers to Governmental Funds		(1,949)					
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS		5,996		(1,408)			
Net Assets (Deficit) at Beginning of Year		155,534		1,752			
NET ASSETS (DEFICIT) AT END OF YEAR	\$	161,530	\$	344			

g	San Diego Data Processing Corporation	-	liscellaneous Internal Service	I 	Self surance	In	lishing rvices	
5,032 \$ 1	\$ 45,032		13,407	\$	46,921	\$	5,502	\$
-	-		-		-		-	
		-	275		293			
5,032 2	45,032	-	13,682		47,214		5,502	
			7 207		20.000			
-	-		7,397		30,222		-	
-	-		-		-		3,274	
- 3,072	43,072		- 9,669		-		- 2,386	
	4,393	_		_			74	
7,4652	47,465	-	17,066		30,222		5,734	
2,433)	(2,433)	-	(3,384)		16,992		(232)	
3	3		181		1,381		(5)	
-			-		-		-	
125	125		-		-		-	
-			-		-		-	
	1_	-	-					
129	129	-	181		1,381		(5)	
2,304)	(2,304)		(3,203)		18,373		(237)	
-	-		-		-		-	
-	-		-		-		1	
-	-		213		7,071		46	
-	-		(314)		-		-	
<u> </u>		-	(1,193)		(2,631)		(5)	
2,304)	(2,304)		(4,497)		22,813		(195)	
3,697	13,697	-	2,937		(164,372)		(674)	
1,393 \$	\$ 11,393	-	(1,560)	\$	(141,559)	\$	(869)	\$

City of San Diego

#### INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 ( In Thousands )

		-leet rvices		entral Stores
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Receipts from Customers and Users	\$	-	\$	-
Receipts from Interfund Services Provided		76,992		31,264
Payments to Suppliers		(24,582)		(28,144)
Payments to Employees		(19,984)		(1,252)
Payments for Interfund Services Used		(709)		(53)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES		31,717		1,815
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Transfers In		220		1
Transfers from Governmental Funds Transfers Out		3,446		119
Transfers to Governmental Funds		(505) (1,949)		_
Operating Grants Received		11		-
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR)		4 000		100
NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		1,223		120
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Proceeds from Contracts, Notes, and Loans		900		-
Acquisition of Capital Assets		(21,574)		-
Proceeds from the Sale of Capital Assets		2,336		-
Principal Payments on Capital Leases		(7,639)		-
Interest Paid on Long-Term Debt		(903)		
		(00,000)		
AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(26,880)		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest and Dividends Received on Investments		1,604		(77)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) INVESTING ACTIVITIES		1,604		(77)
Not Insurance (December 2) in Cook and Cook Equivalents		7 664		4 959
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		7,664		1,858
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		76,819		857
	¢	01 102	\$	2,715
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	\$	84,483	Ψ	
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used For) Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss)	<u> </u>	2,501	\$	(1,494)
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used For) Operating Activities:		<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used For) Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities:		2,501		(1,494)
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used For) Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities: Depreciation		2,501 24,317		(1,494)
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used For) Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities:		2,501		(1,494)
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used For) Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities: Depreciation Other Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses)		2,501 24,317		(1,494)
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used For) Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities: Depreciation Other Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses) (Increase) Decrease in Assets:		2,501 24,317 79		(1,494) 15 44
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used For) Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities: Depreciation Other Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses) (Increase) Decrease in Assets: Accounts Receivable - Net Claims Receivable - Net Contributions Receivable		2,501 24,317 79 (324)		(1,494) 15 44 154 -
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used For) Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities: Depreciation Other Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses) (Increase) Decrease in Assets: Accounts Receivable - Net Claims Receivable - Net Contributions Receivable - Net Contributions Receivable - Net Due from Other Funds		2,501 24,317 79 (324)		(1,494) 15 44 154 - (372)
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used For) Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities: Depreciation Other Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses) (Increase) Decrease in Assets: Accounts Receivable - Net Claims Receivable - Net Contributions Receivable - Net Due from Other Funds Inventories		24,317 79 (324) 1 -		(1,494) 15 44 154 - (372) (520)
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used For) Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss)		2,501 24,317 79 (324)		(1,494) 15 44 154 - (372)
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used For) Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss)		24,317 79 (324) 1 - - 931		(1,494) 15 44 154 - - (372) (520) 1
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used For) Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss)		24,317 79 (324) 1 - - 931 3,254		(1,494) 15 44 154 - (372) (520) 1 3,877
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used For) Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss)		24,317 79 (324) 1 - - 931		(1,494) 15 44 154 - - (372) (520) 1
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash         Provided by (Used For) Operating Activities:         Operating Income (Loss)         Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities:         Depreciation         Other Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses)         (Increase) Decrease in Assets:         Accounts Receivable - Net         Claims Receivable - Net         Due from Other Funds         Inventories         Prepaid Expenses         Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities:         Accound Wages and Benefits		2,501 24,317 79 (324) 1 - - 931 3,254 148		(1,494) 15 44 154 - (372) (520) 1 3,877 13
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used For) Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss). Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities: Depreciation Other Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses) (Increase) Decrease in Assets: Accounts Receivable - Net Claims Receivable - Net Claims Receivable - Net Contributions Receivable Due from Other Funds Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities: Accounts Payable Accrued Wages and Benefits Due to Other Funds		2,501 24,317 79 (324) 1 - - 931 3,254 148		(1,494) 15 44 154 - (372) (520) 1 3,877 13
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash         Provided by (Used For) Operating Activities:         Operating Income (Loss)         Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities:         Depreciation         Other Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses)         (Increase) Decrease in Assets:         Accounts Receivable - Net         Claims Receivable - Net         Contributions Receivable - Net         Inventories         Prepaid Expenses         Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities:         Accrued Wages and Benefits         Due to Other Funds         Unearned Revenue         Composited Absences         Liability Claims		24,317 79 (324) 1 - - 931 3,254 148 (91) - 5 -		(1,494) 15 44 154 (372) (520) 1 3,877 13 (4) - 16 -
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used For) Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities: Depreciation Other Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses) (Increase) Decrease in Assets: Accounts Receivable - Net Claims Receivable - Net Claims Receivable - Net Claims Receivable - Net Due from Other Funds. Inventories Prepaid Expenses. Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities: Accounts Payable Accrued Wages and Benefits Due to Other Funds. Unearmed Revenue Compensated Absences Liability Claims Net OPEB Obligation		24,317 79 (324) 1 - - 931 3,254 148 (91) - 5 - 1,541		(1,494) 15 44 154 - (372) (520) 1 3,877 13 (4) - 128
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash         Provided by (Used For) Operating Activities:         Operating Income (Loss)         Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities:         Depreciation         Other Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses)         (Increase) Decrease in Assets:         Accounts Receivable - Net         Claims Receivable - Net         Contributions Receivable - Net         Inventories         Prepaid Expenses         Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities:         Accrued Wages and Benefits         Due to Other Funds         Unearned Revenue         Composited Absences         Liability Claims		24,317 79 (324) 1 - - 931 3,254 148 (91) - 5 - 1,541 (645)		(1,494) 15 44 154 - (372) (520) 1 3,877 13 (4) - 128
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash         Provided by (Used For) Operating Activities:         Operating Income (Loss)         Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities:         Depreciation         Other Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses)         (Increase) Decrease in Assets:         Accounts Receivable - Net         Claims Receivable - Net         Contributions Receivable         Due from Other Funds.         Inventories         Prepaid Expenses.         Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities:         Accounts Payable         Accound Wages and Benefits         Due to Other Funds.         Unearned Revenue         Compensated Absences         Liability Claims         Net OPEB Obligation         Net Pension Obligation		24,317 79 (324) 1 - - 931 3,254 148 (91) - 5 - 1,541		(1,494) 15 44 154 (372) (520) 1 3,877 13 (4) - 16 (4) - 128 (43)
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used For) Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities: Depreciation Other Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses) (Increase) Decrease in Assets: Accounts Receivable - Net Claims Receivable - Net Contributions Receivable Due from Other Funds Inventories Prepaid Expenses Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities: Accounts Payable Accrued Wages and Benefits Due to Other Funds Unearned Revenue Compensated Absences Liability Claims Net OPEB Obligation Net Pension Obligation Total Adjustments NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES Noncash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activites:	<u>\$</u>	24,317 79 (324) 1 - - 931 3,254 148 (91) - 5 1,541 (645) 29,216 31,717	\$	(1,494) 15 44 154 - (372) (520) 1 3,877 13 (4) - 128 (43) 3,309
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used For) Operating Activities:         Operating Income (Loss)         Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities:         Depreciation         Other Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses)         (Increase) Decrease in Assets:         Accounts Receivable - Net         Claims Receivable - Net         Claims Receivable - Net         Claims Receivable - Net         Inventories         Prepaid Expenses         Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities:         Accounts Payable         Accound Wages and Benefits         Due to Other Funds         Unearned Revenue         Compensated Absences         Liability Claims         Net OPEB Obligation         Net Pension Obligation         Net Pension Obligation	\$	24,317 79 (324) 1 - - 931 3,254 148 (91) - 5 1,541 (645) 29,216	\$	(1,494) 15 44 154 - (372) (520) 1 3,877 13 (4) - 128 (43) 3,309

Publishing Services	Self Insurance	Miscellaneous Internal Service	San Diego Data Processing Corporation	Total
\$- 5,503 (4,201) (1,307) (46)	\$ - 47,115 (22,337) (22,902)	\$	\$ 44,258 (14,322) (27,080)	\$ 45,442 173,732 (93,586) (89,906) (808)
(51)	1,876	(3,339)	2,856	34,874
1 46 (5)	7,071 (2,631)	213 (314) (1,193)	- - - -	222 10,895 (819) (5,778) 11
42	4,440	(1,294)		4,531
-	- - -	- - - -	(2,854) 125 	900 (24,428) 2,461 (7,639) (903)
			(2,729)	(29,609)
(5)	1,381	190	3_	3,096
(5)	1,381	190	3_	3,096
(14)	7,697	(4,443)	130	12,892
1,321 \$ 1,307	57,638 \$ 65,335	<u> </u>	1,098 \$1,228	<u>148,116</u> \$ 161,008
\$ (232)	\$ 16,992	\$ (3,384)	\$ (2,433)	\$ 11,950
74	- -	-	4,393 1	28,799 124
1 - - - 1	(80) (19) - - -	- 360 - 39	(699) - - 2 564	(948) (18) 360 (372) (518) 1,536
536 12 (521) - (1) - 120	(118) (75) - - (14,824) -	548 (1,070) (165) - 79 - 469	1,096 204 (75) (197)	9,193 (768) (781) (75) (98) (14,824) 2,258
(41)	(15,116)	(215)	5,289_	(944)
\$ (51)	\$ 1,876	\$ (3,339)	\$ 2,856	\$ 34,874
\$- - -	\$- - -	\$ - - -	\$- - -	\$

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FIDUCIARY FUNDS

# FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government.

The resources of fiduciary funds are not available to support the City's programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

# CITY OF SAN DIEGO

# PENSION AND EMPLOYEE SAVINGS TRUST FUNDS

#### PRESERVATION OF BENEFITS PLAN

The Preservation of Benefits Plan is a qualified governmental excess benefit plan under Internal Revenue Code (IRC) section 415(m), which was created by Congress to allow for the payment of promised pension benefits that exceed the IRC section 415(b) limits (and therefore can't be paid from the City's Pension and Employee Savings Trust Fund). This fund is maintained by the Retirement Board of Administration to reflect all amounts the City contributes for payment of pension benefits that exceed IRC section 415(b) limits.

#### POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFIT PLAN

Retiree Health Insurance Trust fund is a separate trust fund used solely for providing retiree health benefits. It is maintained by the Retirement Board of Administration to reflect all amounts the City and retirees contribute to pay retiree health benefits.

#### SUPPLEMENTAL PENSION SAVINGS PLAN

The Supplemental Pension Savings Plan Fund is a defined contribution plan, where benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan by both the City and employees, plus investment earnings. Disbursements are made from the fund for terminations, retirements, allowable yearly withdrawals, and loans.

#### 401(a) PLAN

The City's 401(a) Plan Fund is a defined contribution plan, where benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan by the City, employees and investment earnings. Disbursements are made from the fund for terminations, retirements, allowable yearly withdrawals, and loans.

#### 401(k) PLAN

The City's 401(k) Plan Fund is a defined contribution plan, where benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan by City employees, plus investment earnings. Disbursements are made from the fund for terminations, retirements, allowable yearly withdrawals, and loans.

### AGENCY FUNDS

These funds were established to account for assets held by the City as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments and/or funds, including federal and state income taxes withheld from employees, parking citation revenues, employee benefit plans and special assessments.

### **BLENDED COMPONENT UNIT**

# PENSION AND EMPLOYEE SAVINGS TRUST FUNDS

### CITY EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

The San Diego City Employees' Retirement System ("CERS") provides retirement, health insurance, disability, and death benefits. SDCERS is a defined benefit plan, whereby funds are accumulated from City and employee contributions, plus earnings from fund investments. Currently SDCERS also administers the Port of San Diego and the San Diego County Regional Airport Authority defined benefit plans.

#### FIDUCIARY FUNDS PENSION AND EMPLOYEE SAVINGS TRUST FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS June 30, 2010 (In Thousands)

		City En	nployees	' Retirement	Systen	n
	City San D			nified t District		Airport Authority
ASSETS						
Cash or Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	325	\$	18	\$	5
Cash with Custodian/Fiscal Agent		377,470		20,465		6,230
Investments at Fair Value:						
Short Term Investments		34,037		1,845		562
Domestic Fixed Income Securities (Bonds)		771,345		41,819		12,731
International Fixed Income Securities (Bonds)		142,968		7,751		2,360
Domestic Equity Securities (Stocks)	1	,649,100		89,407		27,219
International Equity Securities (Stocks)		612,149		33,188		10,104
Real Estate Equity and Real Estate Securities		337,146		18,279		5,565
Equity Mutual Funds		-		-		-
Fixed Income Mutual Funds		-		-		-
Private Equity		35,326		1,915		583
Receivables:						
Contributions		12,123		1,008		590
Accrued Interest		11,833		642		195
Loans		-		-		-
Securities Sold		54,764		2,969		904
Prepaid Expenses		339		18		6
Securities Lending Collateral		459,663		24,921		7,587
Capital Assets - Depreciable		1,179		64		19
TOTAL ASSETS	4	,499,767		244,309		74,660
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable		9,842		533		163
Accrued Wages and Benefits		751		41		12
DROP Liability		382,002		8,417		864
Net Other Post Employment Benefit Obligation		961		-		-
Net Pension Obligation		625		-		-
Securities Lending Obligations		459,663		24,921		7,587
Securities Purchased		127,385		6,906		2,103
TOTAL LIABILITIES		981,229		40,818		10,729
NET ASSETS						
Held in Trust for Pension Benefits and Other Purposes	\$ 3	,518,538	\$	203,491	\$	63,931

Post-

Preservation of Benefits Plan				Pensi	plemental on Savings Plan	01(a) Plan	 401(k) Plan	Total		
\$	244	\$	33	\$	472	\$ 54	\$ 728	\$	1,879	
	14		-		-	-	-		404,179	
	-		-		-	-	-		36,444	
	-		-		-	-	-		825,895	
	-		-		-	-	-		153,079	
	-		-		-	-	-		1,765,726	
	-		-		-	-	-		655,441	
	-		-		-	-	-		360,990	
	-		-		210,046	81	119,696		329,823	
	-		-		281,459	10	111,264		392,733	
	-		-		-	-	-		37,824	
	-		420		1	-	-		14,142	
	-		1		(2)	-	1		12,670	
	-		-		24,488	-	10,978		35,466	
	-		-		-	-	-		58,637	
	-		15		-	-	-		378	
	-		-		-	-	-		492,171	
	-		-		-	 -	 -		1,262	
	258		469		516,464	 145	 242,667		5,578,739	
			_		_		_		10,538	
	_		_		_		_		804	
	-		-		-	-	-		391,283	
	-		-		-	-	-		961	
	-		-		-	-	-		625	
	-		-		-	-	-		492,171	
	-					 	 -		136,394	
						 	 		1,032,776	
\$	258	\$	469	\$	516,464	\$ 145	\$ 242,667	\$	4,545,963	

#### FIDUCIARY FUNDS PENSION AND EMPLOYEE SAVINGS TRUST FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS June 30, 2010 (In Thousands)

	 City Em	City Employees' Retirement System					
	 City of San Diego		Unified ort District		Airport Authority		
ADDITIONS							
Employer Contributions	\$ 192,533	\$	7,201	\$	7,600		
Employee Contributions	65,096		4,477		3,016		
Retiree Contributions	-		-		-		
Earnings on Investments:							
Investment Income	479,907		26,648		6,179		
Investment Expense	 (21,311)		(1,150)		(244)		
Net Investment Income	 458,596		25,498		5,935		
Securities Lending:							
Gross Earnings	2,849		157		42		
Borrower Rebates	 (1,190)		(66)		(18)		
Net Securities Lending Income	 1,659		91		24		
Other Income	 274		15		4		
TOTAL OPERATING ADDITIONS	 718,158		37,282		16,579		
DEDUCTIONS							
DROP Interest Expense	24,884		458		33		
Benefit and Claim Payments	286,945		12,139		948		
Administration	 13,921		758		289		
TOTAL OPERATING DEDUCTIONS	 325,750		13,355		1,270		
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	392,408		23,927		15,309		
Net Assets at Beginning of Year	 3,126,130		179,564		48,622		
NET ASSETS AT END OF YEAR	\$ 3,518,538	\$	203,491	\$	63,931		

Preservation of Benefits Plan		Emp Hea	Post- Noyment Althcare efit Plan	Supplemental Pension Savings Plan		01(a) Plan	 401(k) Plan	Total	
\$	1,604	\$	31,689	\$	16,581	\$ 43	\$ -	\$	257,251
	-		7,569		18,798 -	106 -	18,310 -		109,803 7,569
	1		52		42,985	(3)	22,366		578,135
	- 1		- 52		42,985	 (3)	 - 22,366		(22,705) 555,430
	-		-		-	-	-		3,048
. <u> </u>	-		-		-	 -	 -		(1,274)
			-		-	 	 -		1,774
					814	 -	 		1,107
	1,605		39,310		79,178	 146	 40,676		932,934
	- 1,370		- 38,515		- 52,058	- 1	- 18,031		25,375 410,007
	1,370		336		52,056	-	- 10,031		15,311
	1,377		38,851		52,058	1	18,031		450,693
	228		459		27,120	 145	 22,645		482,241
	220		-55		21,120	175	22,040		702,2 <del>1</del> 1
	30		10		489,344	 -	 220,022		4,063,722
\$	258	\$	469	\$	516,464	\$ 145	\$ 242,667	\$	4,545,963

### FIDUCIARY FUNDS AGENCY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS June 30, 2010 (In Thousands)

	nployee enefits	Misc	Other ellaneous gency	 Total
ASSETS				
Cash and Investments	\$ 6,399	\$	6,612	\$ 13,011
Receivables:				
Accounts - Net	130		1,464	1,594
Special Assessments	-		1,132	1,132
Accrued Interest	-		18	18
Restricted Cash and Investments	 		44,019	 44,019
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 6,529	\$	53,245	\$ 59,774
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable	\$ -	\$	732	\$ 732
Deposits/Advances from Others	-		676	676
Sundry Agency Liabilities	6,529		17,530	24,059
Due to Bondholders	 		34,307	 34,307
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 6,529	\$	53,245	\$ 59,774

#### FIDUCIARY FUNDS AGENCY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (In Thousands)

	в	eginning alance, Restated		Additions	D(	eductions		Ending alance
Employee Benefits								
ASSETS								
Cash or Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	10,189	\$	81,988	\$	85,778	\$	6,399
Receivables:	Ŷ	10,100	Ŷ	01,000	Ŷ	00,110	Ŷ	0,000
Accounts - Net		118		1,976		1,964		130
Accrued Interest		5		4		9		-
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	10,312	\$	83,968	\$	87,751	\$	6,529
LIABILITIES								
Sundry Agency Liabilities	\$	10,312	\$	80,016	\$	83,799	\$	6,529
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	10,312	\$	80,016	\$	83,799	\$	6,529
Other Miscellaneous Agency								
ASSETS								
Cash and Investments	\$	22,414	\$	372,124	\$	387,926	\$	6,612
Receivables:								
Accounts - Net		2,144		18,446		19,126		1,464
Special Assessments		1,322		1,136		1,326		1,132
Accrued Interest		27		18		27		18
Restricted Cash and Investments		41,576		79,046		76,603		44,019
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	67,483	\$	470,770	\$	485,008	\$	53,245
LIABILITIES	¢	E 010	¢	6 050	¢	10 540	¢	732
Accounts Payable Deposits/Advances from Others	\$	5,213 10,977	\$	6,059 4,077	\$	10,540 14,378	\$	676
Sundry Agency Liabilities		18,582		401,446		402,498		17,530
Due to Bondholders		32,711		28,405		26,809		34,307
								• .,• • .
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	67,483	\$	439,987	\$	454,225	\$	53,245
TOTAL AGENCY FUNDS								
ASSETS								
Cash and Investments	\$	32,603	\$	454,112	\$	473,704	\$	13,011
Receivables:								
Accounts - Net		2,262		20,422		21,090		1,594
Special Assessments		1,322		1,136		1,326		1,132
Accrued Interest		32		22		36		18
Restricted Cash and Investments		41,576		79,046		76,603		44,019
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	77,795	\$	554,738	\$	572,759	\$	59,774
LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable	\$	5,213	\$	6,059	\$	10,540	\$	732
Deposits/Advances from Others		10,977		4,077		14,378		676
Sundry Agency Liabilities		28,894		481,462		486,297		24,059
Due to Bondholders		32,711		28,405		26,809		34,307
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	77,795	\$	520,003	\$	538,024	\$	59,774

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STATISTICAL SECTION [UNAUDITED]

# STATISTICAL SECTION

The Statistical Section presents information as required by Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 44. In addition to utilizing the basic financial statements, notes to the financial statements, and required supplementary information, the statistical data presented in this section helps users assess the City's economic condition. Ten-year trend information has been provided when available. The statistical tables are footnoted to indicate sources and when accounting data or other information is unavailable.

# **CONTENTS**

#### FINANCIAL TRENDS

Tables 1 through 4 contain information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

#### REVENUE CAPACITY

Tables 5 through 8 contain information to help the reader assess the City's ability to generate its most significant local revenue source, property tax.

#### DEBT CAPACITY

Tables 9 through 14 present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of certain outstanding debt categories.

#### DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION

Tables 15 through 16 offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place and to provide comparisons over time with other governments.

#### OPERATING INFORMATION

Tables 17 through 19 contain information about the City's resources and operations to help the reader understand how the City's financial report relates to the services provided and activities performed by the City.

\*Additional financial information (audited and statistical) on the Sewer and Water Utilities can be obtained in the Annual Report Disclosure filings submitted to the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board, <u>http://emma.msrb.org</u>, and the City's Investor Webpage, <u>http://www.sandiego.gov/investorinformation</u>.

# City of San Diego Net Assets by Category (Unaudited) Last Nine Fiscal Years (In Thousands)

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	Fiscal Year								
		2002		2003		2004		2005	
		(restated)							
Governmental Activities									
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt Restricted for:	\$	3,013,292	\$	3,106,168	\$	3,200,262	\$	3,600,989	
Capital Projects		231,964		250,452		274,664		90,390	
Debt Service		70,029		154,926		74,268		37,522	
Low-Moderate Income Housing		-		-		-		-	
Permanent		15,860		11,857		13,104		13,908	
Other		137,071		78,743		129,686		104,488	
Unrestricted		5,450		(53,988)		(146,793)		(215,719)	
Total Governmental Activities Net Assets		3,473,666		3,548,158		3,545,191		3,631,578	
Business-type Activities									
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt Restricted for:		2,348,754		2,624,846		2,818,690		2,863,136	
Debt Service		70,011		72,567		3,674		3,517	
Other		24,385		25,275		26,735		29,412	
Unrestricted		616,624		373,143		317,358		271,943	
Total Business-type Activities Net Assets		3,059,774		3,095,831		3,166,457		3,168,008	
Primary Government									
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt Restricted for:		5,362,046		5,731,014		6,018,952		6,464,125	
Capital Projects		231,964		250,452		274,664		90,390	
Debt Service		140,040		227,493		77,942		41,039	
Low-Moderate Income Housing		-		-		-		-	
Permanent		15,860		11,857		13,104		13,908	
Other		161,456		104,018		156,421		133,900	
Unrestricted		622,074		319,155		170,565		56,224	
Total Primary Government Net Assets	\$	6,533,440	\$	6,643,989	\$	6,711,648	\$	6,799,586	

		F	iscal Year		
 2006	 2007		2008	2009	2010
\$ 3,472,531	\$ 3,461,127	\$	3,518,704	\$ 3,530,937	\$ 3,780,474
273,575	300,288		314,931	293,284	260,754
- 64,493 14,568 96,537 (140,126)	- 81,739 16,509 100,159 (19,999)		- 108,026 16,757 124,328 70,635	- 135,581 13,280 122,460 162,661	- 162,514 17,514 131,600 2,189
 3,781,578	 3,939,823		4,153,381	 4,258,203	 4,355,045
2,867,469	2,998,848		2,933,012	2,970,351	3,035,924
2,970 32,115 308,575	2,977 34,732 343,280		2,660 36,776 517,261	4,372 38,113 587,443	8,443 43,747 643,275
3,211,129	 3,379,837		3,489,709	 3,600,279	 3,731,389
6,340,000	6,459,975		6,451,716	6,501,288	6,816,398
273,575 2,970 64,493 14,568 128,652 168,449	300,288 2,977 81,739 16,509 134,891 323,281		314,931 2,660 108,026 16,757 161,104 587,896	293,284 4,372 135,581 13,280 160,573 750,104	260,754 8,443 162,514 17,514 175,347 645,464
\$ 6,992,707	\$ 7,319,660	\$	7,643,090	\$ 7,858,482	\$ 8,086,434

# City of San Diego Changes in Net Assets (Unaudited) Last Eight Fiscal Years (In Thousands) (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)					<b>-</b>				
	2002	2002	2004	2005	Fiscal Year	2007	2000	2000	2010
	(restated)	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Expenses	(residieu)								
Governmental Activities									
General Government and Support	\$ 181,722	\$ 204,072	\$ 221,752	\$ 247,038	\$ 252,295	\$ 270,190	\$ 322,157	\$ 303,581	\$ 395,344
Public Safety - Police	298,176	334,461	361,501	372,230	370,990	376,581	382,907	418,549	402,222
Public Safety - Fire and Life Safety and Homeland Security	139,699	147,897	173,311	186,203	194,074	209,902	204,822	220,787	214,975
Parks, Recreation, Culture and Leisure	181,762	202,567	204,736	218,601	237,375	229,500	231,955	258,038	266,343
Transportation	153,002	154,603	197,152	220,095	200,883	272,780	212,255	239,305	190,054
Sanitation and Health	57,227	37,615	44,925	45,088	48,774	43,780	51,772	77,447	78,171
Neighborhood Services	116,397	95,267	100,568	89,162	111,886	99,870	91,110	116,735	137,971
Debt Service:									
Interest	59,952	68,410	71,588	73,381	71,109	84,920	82,211	84,070	72,672
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	1,187,937	1,244,892	1,375,533	1,451,798	1,487,386	1,587,523	1,579,189	1,718,512	1,757,752
Business-type Activities									
Airports	3,085	4,281	7,384	3,196	4,100	3,755	4,109	5,140	5,671
City Store	731	731	858	808	810	843	788	321	-
Development Services	46,920	47,278	52,970	60,240	57,893	53,924	51,461	47,260	36,640
Environmental Services	35,684	40,306	40,602	43,711	44,493	40,138	37,279	35,718	33,955
Golf Course	6,433	6,963	7,572	8,585	9,563	10,690	11,142	11,864	14,618
Recycling	16,161	19,141	19,497	21,426	21,853	19,754	20,511	20,067	19,265
Sewer Utility	277,833	352,075	312,929	348,327	319,274	313,716	322,552	314,125	338,688
Water Utility Total Business-type Activities Expenses	255,160 642,007	267,855 738,630	270,940 712,752	300,665 786,958	302,996 760,982	313,256 756,076	321,123 768,965	329,748 764,243	365,683 814,520
Total Busiliess-type Activities Expenses	042,007	/ 30,030	/12,752	/00,930	700,902	/30,070	700,903	/04,243	014,320
Total Primary Government Expenses	1,829,944	1,983,522	2,088,285	2,238,756	2,248,368	2,343,599	2,348,154	2,482,755	2,572,272
Program Revenues									
Governmental Activities									
Charges for Services:									170.101
General Government and Support	72,067	80,782	81,167	100,887	96,345	107,257	111,714	152,630	179,461
Public Safety - Police	18,812	21,498	23,699	23,496	24,256	27,960	40,628	42,178	39,636
Public Safety - Fire and Life Safety and Homeland Security	16,492	21,014	19,940	21,381	18,572	16,548	19,156	20,449 80,795	19,916
Parks, Recreation, Culture and Leisure	20,136 35,673	9,187 44,020	12,466 47,709	35,314 30,625	51,196 52,375	52,656 49,809	64,030 21,877	80,795 18,360	61,495 31,485
Transportation Sanitation and Health	35,673 7,571	44,020 9,009	9,087	30,625 8,651	52,375 10,697	49,009	9,832	9,306	31,405 11,788
Neighborhood Services	21,801	17,748	20,033	48,623	25,440	39,412	22,748	21,814	25,959
Operating Grants and Contributions	99,541	95,882	95,202	109,268	101,723	84,745	75,126	93,244	71,829
Capital Grants and Contributions	136,461	115,748	91,981	134,702	100,564	81,169	78,347	110,802	60,139
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues	428,554	414,888	401,284	512,947	481,168	469,780	443,458	549,578	501,708
-									
Business-type Activities									
Charges for Services:	0.040	0.404	0.007		4 005	5 005	5.440	1.000	1.010
Airports	3,346	3,461	3,827	4,151	4,385	5,635	5,140	4,929 242	4,849
City Store Development Services	694 46,860	771 46.656	852 58,412	807 61,299	837 55,011	827 48.746	744 45,945	242 37.310	37,338
Environmental Services	40,000	40,000	38,377	41,944	39,850	46,746 36,143	45,945 35,485	31,726	26.342
Golf Course	10,143	10,311	11,911	12,625	13,119	15,772	15,153	16,201	15,671
Recycling	15,870	17,640	16,169	19,883	21,345	20,476	23,390	16,027	16,946
Sewer Utility	233,980	256,947	267,294	288,972	290,568	304,749	328,119	322,571	382,125
Water Utility	213,577	222,462	239,533	267,649	280,567	310,292	318,626	342,719	376,461
Operating Grants and Contributions	5,981	3,616	1,483	2,028	1,909	1,203	2,312	1,739	3,289
Capital Grants and Contributions	170,943	143,444	133,586	63,830	77,602	141,419	58,400	60,863	45,738
Total Business-type Activities Program Revenues	734,709	742,197	771,444	763,188	785,193	885,262	833,314	834,327	908,759
Total Primary Government Program Revenues	1,163,263	1,157,085	1,172,728	1,276,135	1,266,361	1,355,042	1,276,772	1,383,905	1,410,467
Net (Expense)/Revenue									
Governmental Activities	(759,383)	(830,004)	(974,249)	(938,851)	(1,006,218)	(1,117,743)	(1,135,731)	(1,168,934)	(1,256,044)
Business-type Activities	92,702	3,567	58,692	(23,770)	24,211	129,186	64,349	70,084	94,239
Total Primary Government Net Expense	(666,681)	(826,437)	(915,557)	(962,621)	(982,007)	(988,557)	(1,071,382)	(1,098,850)	(1,161,805)

# City of San Diego Changes in Net Assets (Unaudited) Last Eight Fiscal Years (In Thousands) (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

i j						Fiscal Year				
	2002		2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
	(restated	)								
General Revenues and										
Other Changes in Net Assets										
Governmental Activities										
Property Taxes	\$ 222,		\$ 248,659	\$ 278,804	\$ 329,659	\$ 459,777	\$ 526,722	\$ 576,605	\$ 607,857	\$ 579,410
Transient Occupancy Taxes	50,	495	105,263	113,209	120,792	136,803	154,810	159,348	140,657	123,332
Sales Taxes	233,	864	223,594	238,616	197,198	227,017	263,399	269,757	229,651	244,406
Other Local Taxes	151,	403	98,783	139,748	152,577	148,001	157,941	151,267	161,485	183,694
Developer Contributions and Fees	36,	879	39,577	33,363	47,063	53,502	62,693	38,331	16,148	21,022
Grants and Contributions not Restricted to Specific Programs	93,	824	91,556	101,086	141,934	64,039	5,339	6,251	8,488	18,065
Investment Income	90,	073	84,448	57,537	29,473	40,108	76,292	96,725	75,245	30,472
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets		480	92	467	684	1,214	6,546	17,884	1,922	1,854
Special and Extraordinary Items		280	870	250	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	6.	983	6,243	4,396	5,232	21,227	25,671	29,570	33,528	20,458
Transfers	47.	953	5,411	3,806	626	4,530	(3,425)	3,551	(1,225)	(1,218)
Total Governmental Activities General Revenues, Contributions, and			 	 · · · · ·	 	 	 	 	 	
Transfers	935,	012	 904,496	 971,282	 1,025,238	 1,156,218	 1,275,988	 1,349,289	 1,273,756	 1,221,495
Business-type Activities										
Investment Income	34	918	31,760	10,289	17,132	16,938	30,713	41,224	31,004	22,332
Gain/(Loss) on Sale of Capital Assets	01,	-	(1,761)	.0,200			-			
Miscellaneous	(1	036)	7,902	5,443	8,815	6,502	5.384	7.850	8.257	13,321
Transfers		953)	(5,411)	(3,806)	(626)	(4,530)	3,425	(3,551)	1,225	1,218
Total Business-type Activities General Revenues and Transfers		071)	 32,490	 11,934	 25,321	 18,910	 39,522	 45,523	 40,486	 36,871
Total Primary Government General Revenues, Permanent Fund										
Contributions, and Transfers	920,	941	 936,986	 983,216	 1,050,559	 1,175,128	 1,315,510	 1,394,812	 1,314,242	 1,258,366
Change in Net Assets										
Governmental Activities	175.	629	74,492	(2,967)	86,387	150,001	158,245	213,558	104,822	(34,549)
Business-type Activities		631	36,057	70,626	1,551	43,121	168,708	109,872	110,570	131,110
Daningo (Jo Adamas			 30,037	 10,020	 1,001	 70,121	 100,700	 100,012	 110,010	 101,110
Total Primary Government Change in Net Assets	\$ 254,	260	\$ 110,549	\$ 67,659	\$ 87,938	\$ 193,122	\$ 326,953	\$ 323,430	\$ 215,392	\$ 96,561

#### City of San Diego

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds (Unaudited) Last Ten Fiscal Years (In Thousands)

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	Fiscal Year									
		20011		2002 <sup>1</sup>		2003	2004			
General Fund:										
Reserved Unreserved	\$	22,128 55,579	\$	26,298 43,705	\$	21,482 45,570	\$	18,550 42,672		
Total General Fund	\$	77,707	\$	70,003	\$	67,052	\$	61,222		
All Other Governmental Funds:										
Reserved Unreserved, reported in:	\$	445,752	\$	574,974	\$	386,652	\$	277,968		
Special Revenue Funds		137,040		202,651		185,219		305,909		
Debt Service Funds		1,194		3,740		864		1,650		
Capital Projects Funds		320,563		283,250		275,591		287,259		
Permanent Funds		-				461		879		
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$	904,549	\$	1,064,615	\$	848,787	\$	873,665		

#### Footnote:

<sup>1</sup> Amounts have been subsequently restated in future periods.

					Fisca	l Year					
	2005		2006		2007 20		2008		2009		2010
\$	17,501	\$	21,288	\$	35,858	\$	45,843	\$	33,895	\$	7,996
	43,547		40,353		96,190		78,938		80,497		107,027
\$	61,048	\$	61,641	\$	132,048	\$	124,781	\$	114,392	\$	115,023
•	070.000	•	101.010	<u>^</u>	504.000	•	050.000	<u></u>	700.074	<b>^</b>	770.004
\$	372,806	\$	401,019	\$	504,693	\$	652,222	\$	706,971	\$	776,324
	284,818		267,576		350,096		233,388		221,089		219,394
	13		217		29		221,814		265,236		159,737
	279,866		406,130		377,648		358,550		430,479		368,860
	1,063		656		1,249		549		2,625		2
\$	938,566	\$	1,075,598	\$	1,233,715	\$	1,466,523	\$	1,626,400	\$	1,524,317

#### City of San Diego

#### Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds (Unaudited)

Last Ten Fiscal Years (In Thousands) (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

		Fiscal Year								
		2001		2002		2003		2004		
Revenues:										
Property Taxes	\$	201,801	\$	223,100	\$	248,276	\$	279,090		
Special Assessments	÷	18,775	Ť	22,491	Ŧ	25,748	Ŷ	26,816		
Sales Taxes		221,724		221,383		223,023		238,430		
		-		221,303		223,023		230,430		
In-Lieu Sales Taxes (1)				-		-		-		
Transient Occupancy Taxes (2)		-		-		-		113,209		
Other Local Taxes		193,177		202,364		203,493		140,016		
Licenses and Permits		34,803		25,194		29,268		30,592		
Fines, Forfeitures and Penalties		32,902		25,854		26,679		33,870		
Revenue from Use of Money and Property		108,345		97,213		86,789		63,268		
Revenue from Federal Agencies		40,136		42,635		56,851		50,493		
Revenue from Other Agencies		222,868		171,681		136,359		154,559		
Revenue from Private Sources		77,583		140.841		82,410		62,143		
Charges for Current Services		101,781		110,418		123,461		129,350		
Other Revenue		11,544		10,074		10,594		10,462		
Total Revenues		1,265,439		1,293,248		1,252,951		1,332,298		
xpenditures:										
Current:										
General Government		95,992		189,128		193,980		198,826		
Community and Economic Development (4)		27,830		-		-		-		
Public Safety - Police (3)		406,580		288,809		301,839		313.387		
Public Safety - Fire and Life Safety and Homeland Security		-		131,974		141,967		152,073		
, , , ,				101,074		141,307		152,075		
Libraries (5)		31,364		-		-		-		
Parks, Recreation, Culture and Leisure		116,195		174,485		177,584		170,163		
Public Works (6)		152,557		-		-		-		
Housing and Community Development (7)		13,641		-		-		-		
Public Transportation (4)		8		91,746		89,653		117,619		
Sanitation and Health (4)		-		36,851		38,031		42,184		
Neighborhood Services (4)		-		72,087		98,050		104,205		
Employee Relations and Special Projects		8,426				-				
		,		_		-		-		
Miscellaneous and Unallocated		1,371		-		-		-		
Cost of Issuance, Bonds and Notes		4,054								
Capital Projects		467,769		208,083		229,496		174,346		
Debt Service:										
Principal Retirement		54,233		39,831		49,858		49,118		
Cost of Issuance		-		· -		· -		-		
Interest		125,330		49,140		65,216		68,800		
				45,140		00,210				
Arbitrage Rebate		-		-		-		421		
Refunding Escrow		-		-		-		-		
Total Expenditures		1,505,350		1,282,134		1,385,674		1,391,142		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		(239,911)		11,114		(132,723)		(58,844)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Transfers In		7,130		6,338		11.660		7,373		
Transfers Out		(28,013)		(16,749)		(8,676)		(16,474		
		(20,013)		(10,740)		,				
Transfer to Escrow Agent				-		(53,974)		(10,132		
Contracts, Notes, and Loans Issued		222		-		3,891		27,507		
Bonds Issued		117,229		253,181		89,340		66,168		
Other Income		-		2,622		8,237		3,450		
Restatements		-		(104,144)		(136,534)		-		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		96,568		141,248		(86,056)		77,892		
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	(143,343)	\$	152,362	\$	(218,779)	\$	19,048		
Debt Service as a Percentage of Noncapital Expenditures		17.3%		8.3%		10.0%		9.7%		

Footnotes:

(1) The City began reporting In-Lieu Sales Taxes separate from Sales Taxes beginning with the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005.

(2) The City began reporting Transient Occupancy Taxes separate from Other Local Taxes beginning with the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004.

Amounts reported as Public Safety - Police prior to the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002 includes Public Safety - Fire & Life Safety.
 (4)-(7) Multiple classification adjustments were imposed as a result of implementation of GASB Statement No. 34.

	Fiscal Year										
	2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010
\$	325,857	\$	457,908	\$	521,734	\$	573,311	\$	603,574	\$	584,342
	30,263	•	36,699	·	36,585	•	50,274	·	63,500	•	45,606
	197,198		227,017		264,587		270,791		233,140		192,665
	48,220		45,433		-		-		-		-
	121,612		136,801		153,574		159,348		140,657		123,879
	152,576		148,001		158,046		146,899		171,192		183,696
	40,724		42,117		41,425		50,693		39,349		33,088
	33,906		35,441		42,932		32,785		34,406		31,836
	77,514		89,438		117,552		129,582		107,784		91,227
	66,283		43,570		79,735		40,413		70,386		54,056
	143,639		58,289		61,977		53,370		52,456		56,136
	91,354		91,287		59,549		23,013		21,593		21,689
	138,794		127,121		159,877		165,910		203,432		191,769
	11,518		25,923		31,027		30,824		25,711		23,187
	1,479,458		1,565,045		1,728,600		1,727,213		1,767,180		1,633,176
	236,706		290,550		267,461		310,814		344,930		391,680
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	347,359		408,474		376,762		388,729		406,657		399,914
	178,553		212,069		202,031		205,660		225,696		210,730
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	180,327		216,038		182,197		195,808		211,759		228,357
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	140,604		147,977		139,349		135,404		162,969		117,545
	44,327		49,094		44,729		53,957		78,260		78,351
	102,235		112,080		85,544		88,242		73,785		75,772
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	- 175,493		126,583		106,518		132,432		138,634		- 134,426
	77,952		53,293		68,160		59,228		57,209		65,928
	-		-		5,145		3,618		1,001		1,881
	68,201		68,732		82,928		78,133		78,659		74,825
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		4,172
	1,551,757		1,684,890		1,560,824		1,652,025		1,779,559		1,783,581
	(72,299)		(119,845)		167,776		75,188		(12,379)		(150,405)
	10,634		6,975		0 500		10,373		8,246		7,706
					9,509				,		,
	(2,366)		(1,784)		(3,546)		(9,756)		(6,590)		(13,444)
	(32,011)		- 12 072		(159,690)		(10,676)		10 500		(161,194)
	5,435		13,873		13,003		16,063		12,583		48,710
	152,056		217,797		182,328		108,121		115,236		183,396
	3,278		20,609		19,144		36,228		32,392		15,341
	- 137,026		- 257,470		- 60,748		150,353		- 161,867		- 80,515
¢		¢		¢		¢		¢		¢	
à	64,727	\$	137,625	\$	228,524	\$	225,541	\$	149,488	\$	(69,890)
	10.6%		7.8%		10.7%		9.3%		8.3%		8.6%

### City of San Diego

Assessed Value and Estimated Value of Taxable Property (Unaudited) Last Ten Fiscal Years (In Thousands)

	City											
Fiscal Year Ended June 30		Secured	(	Jnsecured	E	Less: Exemptions	Taxable Assessed Value					
2001	\$	82,311,127	\$	6,120,888	\$	(4,364,856)	\$	84,067,159				
2002		89,480,010		6,747,650		(4,712,944)		91,514,716				
2003		96,751,483		6,838,410		(4,336,637)		99,253,256				
2004		105,730,848		7,167,011		(5,171,957)		107,725,902				
2005		115,305,637		6,724,787		(4,872,423)		117,158,001				
2006		128,935,155		7,067,580		(5,684,279)		130,318,456				
2007		142,036,802		7,629,006		(5,867,546)		143,798,262				
2008		154,653,913		7,410,589		(6,329,714)		155,734,788				
2009		162,580,727		7,880,341		(6,795,274)		163,665,794				
2010		161,637,831		8,164,394		(7,157,357)		162,644,868				

Source: San Diego County Assessor Data, MuniServices, LLC

 Redevelopment Agency											
 Secured	Secured Unsecured				Less: Secured Unsecured Exemptions						Total Direct Tax Rate
\$ 2,597,540	\$	441,523	\$	(396,866)	\$	2,642,197	0.233%				
3,375,962		468,609		(387,226)		3,457,345	0.235%				
4,241,487		514,366		(430,325)		4,325,528	0.240%				
5,590,446		579,229		(477,318)		5,692,357	0.246%				
7,516,745		560,474		(562,460)		7,514,759	0.261%				
10,237,395		628,841		(685,305)		10,180,931	0.326%				
13,029,366		892,425		(924,626)		12,997,165	0.333%				
15,955,610		889,754		(1,064,583)		15,780,781	0.334%				
17,769,284		918,239		(1,139,942)		17,547,581	0.333%				
17,353,633		912,524		(1,289,122)		16,977,035	0.325%				

# City of San Diego Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates (Unaudited) (\$1 Per \$100 of Assessed Value) Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Direct Rate	Overla		
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Basic County/ City Rate	City of San Diego	Education	Total
2001	1.00000%	0.00740%	0.09580%	1.10320%
2002	1.00000%	0.00730%	0.09580%	1.10310%
2003	1.00000%	0.00710%	0.09580%	1.10290%
2004	1.00000%	0.00680%	0.00000%	1.00680%
2005	1.00000%	0.00670%	0.00000%	1.00670%
2006	1.00000%	0.01165%	0.10085%	1.11250%
2007	1.00000%	0.01094%	0.08931%	1.10025%
2008	1.00000%	0.01069%	0.08747%	1.09816%
2009	1.00000%	0.01038%	0.07396%	1.08434%
2010	1.00000%	0.01043%	0.09152%	1.10195%

Sources: MuniServices, LLC and County of San Diego

## City of San Diego Principal Property Tax Payers (Unaudited) Current Year and Nine Years Ago (In Thousands)

Taxpayer	ļ 	Taxable Assessed Value	Percent of Total City Taxable Assessed Value
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010			
Irvine Co. Kilroy Realty, LP Qualcomm, Inc. Arden Realty Ltd. Partnership San Diego Family Housing, LLC One Park Boulevard, LLC Pfizer, Inc. Fashion Valley Mall, LLC O C S D Holdings, LLC Sea World, Inc.	\$	1,719,809 1,424,156 1,349,687 789,658 686,255 532,398 487,054 455,175 439,169 421,064	0.96% 0.79% 0.75% 0.44% 0.38% 0.30% 0.27% 0.25% 0.24% 0.23%
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001			
Qualcomm, Inc. Equitable Life Assurance Kilroy Realty, LP Sea World, Inc. Pacific Gateway, Ltd Sony Corp of America University Towne Center, LLC Solar Turbines Horton Plaza, LLC Pardee Construction	\$	435,799 351,261 330,059 265,000 245,411 227,386 220,291 211,069 188,312 133,376	0.48% 0.38% 0.29% 0.26% 0.24% 0.23% 0.24% 0.20% 0.14%

Sources: 2009-10 MuniServices, LLC and Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports

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# City of San Diego Property Tax Levies and Collections<sup>1</sup> (Unaudited) Last Ten Fiscal Years (In Thousands)

Fiscal Year	Taxes Levied	Collected v Fiscal Yea	Colle	ections in	Total Collections to Date			
Ended June 30	for the Fiscal Year	Amount	Percent of Levy		sequent ⁄ears	Amount		Percent of Levy
2001	\$ 155,060	\$ 148,862	96.00%	\$	5,664	\$	154,526	99.66%
2002	167,077	160,992	96.36%		4,451		165,443	99.02%
2003	181,687	175,943	96.84%		4,093		180,036	99.09%
2004	199,630	191,224	95.79%		6,484		197,708	99.04%
2005	227,422	213,173	93.73%		7,953		221,126	97.23%
2006	255,211	240,895	94.39%		8,152		249,047	97.58%
2007	272,983	257,034	94.16%		9,138		266,172	97.50%
2008	289,235	271,657	93.92%		10,185		281,842	97.44%
2009	299,935	284,212	94.76%		14,988		299,200	99.75%
2010	297,208	284,600	95.76%		13,938		298,538	100.45%

# Footnote:

<sup>1</sup> Property Tax Levies and Collections for the General Fund and Zoological Exhibits Fund

Source: County of San Diego

# City of San Diego Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type (Unaudited) Last Ten Fiscal Years (In Thousands)

	Governmental Activities						
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Arbitrage Liability	Capital Lease Obligations	Contracts Payable	Notes Payable	Loans	General Obligation Bonds	
2001	\$-	\$ 13,233	3 \$ 3,848	\$ 37,962	\$ 3,250	\$ 63,595	
2002	-	38,345	5 3,597	15,521	28,255	58,095	
2003	363	37,701	1 1,882	8,416	46,117	52,165	
2004	262	30,619	9 1,715	5,998	69,084	45,775	
2005	-	30,647	7 1,715	7,924	62,024	14,530	
2006	-	40,541	1 2,615	7,294	64,199	12,690	
2007	-	39,130	) 2,615	8,555	60,493	10,705	
2008	-	61,262	2 2,615	5,662	70,763	8,580	
2009	533	89,519	9 4,715	4,786	78,347	6,315	
2010	3	84,561	1 1,018	3,301	110,891	4,340	

		Business-Type Activities											
_	Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Arbitrage Liability		Capital Lease Obligations		Notes Payable		Loans Payable		Line of Credit		Revenue Bonds Payable	
	2001	\$	-	\$	28,885	\$	1,463,290	\$	60,222	\$	4,169	\$	-
	2002*		-		7,612		63,786		-		-		1,433,465
	2003		1,812		6,465		-		69,093		-		1,612,200
	2004		221		5,008		-		67,054		-		1,731,825
	2005		213		3,521		-		63,803		-		1,698,060
	2006		193		2,051		-		91,247		-		1,662,705
	2007		224		1,006		280,830		101,316		-		1,469,060
	2008		586		166		430,830		95,875		-		1,425,445
	2009		-		-		-		90,326		-		2,166,906
	2010		-		-		-		84,673		-		2,073,075

Footnotes:

Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

\*In fiscal year 2002, loans payable were reclassified as notes payable, and notes payable were reclassified as bond payable.

(a) Ratio is calculated using assessed property values. Personal income data is not available.
 (b) Ratio is calculated using population data.

Amounts for Special Assessment/Special Tax Bonds have been removed to reflect restatement per Note 23.

Source: Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports

	Pooled Financing Bonds	Revenue Bonds/ Lease Revenue Bonds/ Certificates of Participation		Tax Allocation Bonds		Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed Bonds	 Total Governmental Activities		
\$	-	\$ 43	4,365	\$	222,751	\$	\$ 779,004		
	-	60	9,235		275,471		1,028,519		
	-	60	9,785		283,310		1,039,739		
	-	59	1,620		314,333		1,059,406		
	-	57	1,285		415,778		1,103,903		
	-	54	9,850		514,845	105,400	1,297,434		
	-	52	1,210		502,804	102,700	1,248,212		
	34,115	49	8,950		548,643	99,370	1,329,960		
	33,460	57	9,500		534,547	95,380	1,427,102		
	32,780	54	7,260		529,423	92,350	1,405,927		

	Business-Type Activities										
Total Business-Type Activities			Total Primary Government	Percentage of Assessed Value (a)	Debt Per Capita (b)						
\$	1,556,566	\$	2,335,570	2.52%	\$	1.87					
	1,504,863		2,533,382	2.53%		2.02					
	1,689,570		2,729,309	2.51%		2.14					
	1,804,108		2,863,514	2.43%		2.21					
	1,765,597		2,869,500	2.19%		2.20					
	1,756,196		3,053,630	2.42%		2.33					
	1,852,436		3,100,648	2.23%		2.35					
	1,952,902		3,282,862	2.17%		2.46					
	2,257,232		3,684,334	2.25%		2.72					
	2,157,748		3,563,675	2.19%		2.59					

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City of San Diego
Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding (Unaudited)
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	General Obligation Bonds (Thousands)	Assessed Valuation (Thousands)	Percentage of Assessed Value (a)	Population	Debt Per Capita (b)
2001	\$ 63,595	\$ 91,142,819	0.070%	1,250,700	\$ 50.85
2002	58,095	98,917,185	0.059%	1,255,742	46.26
2003	52,165	107,418,219	0.049%	1,275,112	40.91
2004	45,775	116,268,372	0.039%	1,294,000	35.37
2005	14,530	129,836,535	0.011%	1,306,000	11.13
2006	12,690	125,983,315	(c) 0.010%	1,311,162	9.68
2007	10,705	139,151,323	0.008%	1,316,837	8.13
2008	8,580	151,083,767	0.006%	1,336,865	6.42
2009	6,315	163,665,794	0.004%	1,353,993	4.66
2010	4,340	162,644,868	0.003%	1,376,173	3.15

#### Footnotes:

Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

(a) Ratio is calculated using assessed property values. Personal income data is not available.

(b) Ratio is calculated using population data.

(c) The City recognized a fluctuation in Taxable Assessed Value in fiscal year 2006 due to a change in the allocation method between the City & the Redevelopment Agency. This methodology change resulted from Management's decision to begin using an external source to calculate statistical information in conjunction with the implementation of GASB 44.

Source: Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports

City of San Diego Direct and Overlapping Debt (Unaudited) June 30, 2010 (In Thousands)

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT:	Total Debt 6/30/10	% Applicable (1)	City's Share of Debt, 6/30/10
BIREOT AND OVERENT HIRO TARAND ROOLOOMENT BEBT.	0/00/10		2000, 0/00/10
Metropolitan Water District	\$ 264,220	9.011%	\$ 23.809
Palomar Community College District	149,845	26.111%	39,126
San Diego Community College District	623,391	99.923%	622,911
Poway Unified School District School Facilities Improvement District No. 2002-1 & 2007-1	276,831	67.752-68.491%	188,290
San Diego Unified School District	1,527,458	99.926%	1,526,328
Sweetwater Union High School District	343,709	20.702%	71,155
San Ysidro School District	87,392	84.442%	73,796
Other School, High School and Community College Districts	1,026,172	Various	58,174
Grossmont Healthcare District	85,627	8.251%	7,065
Palomar Pomerado Hospital District	417,623	32.014%	133,698
City of San Diego	4,340	100.000%	4,340
City of San Diego Special Assessment/Special Tax Bonds (4)	161,461	100.000%	161,461
Del Mar Unified School District Community Facilities District No. 99-1 & 95-1	29,115	100.000%	29,115
North City West School District Community Facilities District	90,693	100.000%	90,693
Poway Unified School District Community Facilities Districts	305,946	99.609-100.000%	305,770
San Dieguito Union High School District Community Facilities Districts	48,084	39.731-81.063%	32,106
Sweetwater Union High School District Community Facilities Districts	42,631	8.935-100.000%	23,223
Other Special District 1915 Act Bonds	18,331	Various	1,788
TOTAL NET DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT	,		3,392,848
DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT:			
San Diego County General Fund Obligations	415,240	46.840%	194,498
San Diego County Pension Obligations	853,515	46.840%	399,786
San Diego Superintendent of Schools Certificates of Participation	21,188	46.840%	9,924
Palomar Community College District General Fund Obligations	6,890	26.111%	1,799
Poway Unified School District Certificates of Participation	127,465	71.391%	90,999
Sweetwater Union High School District Certificates of Participation	10,480	20.702%	2,170
Chula Vista School District General Fund Obligations	143,025	4.914%	7,028
San Ysidro School District Certificates of Participation	37,025	84.442%	31,265
Other School, High School and Community College District Certificates of Participation	87,712	Various	6,489
City of San Diego Revenue Bonds, Leased Revenue Bonds, and Certificates of Participation (3)	547,260	100.000%	547,260
Otay Municipal Water District Certificates of Participation	61,890	8.183%	5,064
TOTAL GROSS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT			1,296,282
Less: Otay Municipal Water District Certificates of Participation			5,064
TOTAL NET DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT			1,291,218
GROSS COMBINED TOTAL DEBT (2)			4,689,130
NET COMBINED TOTAL DEBT			\$ 4,684,066

(1) Percentage of overlapping agency's assessed valuation located within boundaries of the city

(2) Excludes tax and revenue anticipation notes, enterprise revenue, mortgage revenue and tax allocation bonds and non-bonded capital lease obligations

(3) Amounts for total debt reconcile to Note 5

(4) Amounts reconcile to Note 19 total special assessment/special tax bonds

#### City of San Diego Direct and Overlapping Debt (Unaudited) June 30, 2010 (In Thousands) (Continued)

Ratios to 2009-10 Assessed Valuation:	
Direct Debt (\$4,340)	0.002%
Total Gross Direct and Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt	2.61%
Total Net Direct and Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt	2.61%
Ratios to Adjusted Assessed Valuation:	
Combined Direct Debt (\$551,600) (1)	0.34%
Gross Combined Total Debt	2.88%
Net Combined Total Debt	2.88%
(1) City of San Diego City Authorities and Certificates of Participation	\$ 4,340 547,260
	\$ 551,600

STATE SCHOOL BUILDING AID REPAYABLE AS OF 6/30/10: \$0

Source: California Municipal Statistics, Inc. and Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Legal Debt Margin Schedule (Unaudited)

Last Ten Fiscal Years (In Thousands)

	 2001	 2002	 2003	 2004
Assessed valuation (restated) <sup>1</sup>	\$ 91,142,819	\$ 98,917,185	\$ 107,418,219	\$ 116,268,372
Conversion percentage *	25%	25%	25%	25%
Adjusted assessed valuation	22,785,705	24,729,296	26,854,555	29,067,093
Debt limit percentage **	25%	25%	25%	25%
Debt limit <sup>2</sup>	5,696,426	6,182,324	6,713,639	7,266,773
Total net debt applicable to limit: General Obligation Bonds	18,075	16,920	15,690	14,390
Legal debt margin	5,678,351	6,165,404	6,697,949	7,252,383
Total debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of the debt limit	0.32%	0.27%	0.23%	0.20%

#### Footnotes:

<sup>1</sup> The City recognized a fluctuation in Taxable Assessed Value in fiscal year 2006 due to a change in the allocation method between the City & the Redevelopment Agency. This methodology change resulted from Management's decision to begin using an external source to calculate statistical information in conjunction with the implementation of GASB 44.

<sup>2</sup> The current debt limitation for Water is 15% of the Adjusted Assessed Valuation, or \$6,099,183 and the debt limitation for other purposes is 10% of the Adjusted Assessed Valuation, or \$4,066,122.

\* The Government Code of the State of California provides for a legal debt limit of 15% of gross assessed valuation. However, this provision was enacted when assessed valuation was based upon 25% of market value. Effective with the 1981-82 fiscal year, each parcel is now assessed at 100% of market value. The calculations shown above present a conversion of assessed valuation data for each fiscal year from the current 100% valuation to the 25% level that was in effect at the time the legal debt margin was enacted.

\*\* Section 90 of the City Charter provides that the bonded indebtedness for the development, conservation, and furnishings of water shall not exceed 15% of the last preceding assessed valuation of all real and personal property of the City subject to direct taxation, and that the bonded indebtedness for other municipal improvements shall not exceed 10% of such valuation.

Source: MuniServices, LLC

Fiscal Year												
2005		2006		2007		2007 2008		2008	2009			2010
\$ 129,836,535	\$	125,983,315	\$	139,151,323	\$	151,083,767	\$	163,665,794	\$	162,644,868		
25%		25%		25%		25%		25%		25%		
32,459,134		31,495,829		34,787,831	34,787,831 37,770,942			40,916,449		40,661,217		
25%		25%		25%		25%		25%		25%		
8,114,783	8,114,783		3,957 8,696,958			9,442,735		10,229,112		10,165,304		
13,010	13,010		11,520 9,905			8,170		6,315		4,340		
8,101,773		7,862,437		8,687,053		9,434,565		10,222,797		10,160,964		
0.16%		0.15%		0.11%		0.09%	0.06%			0.04%		

,	5		
Pledged	-Revenue Cov	/erage - Water Bonds (Unaudite	ed)
Last Ter	Fiscal Years	(In Thousands)	

			Total					
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Total System Revenues		intenance Operation is (Excludes preciation)	t System venues <sup>1</sup>	Ear Rese	s: Interest nings on erve Fund - <sup>r</sup> Obligations	Adjusted Net System Revenues <sup>2</sup>	
2001	\$ 255,974	\$	214,056	\$ 41,918	\$	(54)	\$	41,864
2002	261,333		222,104	39,229		(3,444)		35,785
2003	256,968		226,058	30,910		(1,305)		29,605
2004	267,649		232,193	35,456		(1,296)		34,160
2005	294,904		234,392	60,512		(1,262)		59,250
2006	303,453		242,180	61,273		(1,228)		60,045
2007	336,599		255,486	81,113		(1,346)		79,767
2008	350,770		258,813	91,957		(1,481)		90,476
2009	364,413		263,280	101,133		(2,668)		98,465
2010	394,948		287,361	107,587		(1,977)		105,610

<sup>1</sup> Net System Revenues is defined as "System Revenues" less "Maintenance and Operation Costs" of the Water System for the fiscal year.

<sup>2</sup> Adjusted Net System Revenues is the "Net System Revenues" less "an amount equal to earnings from investments in any Reserve Fund or Reserve Account" for the fiscal year.

<sup>3</sup> All Obligations include Senior, Subordinate and State Revolving Fund (SRF) Loans.

Source: Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports

Senior Debt Service								_	All Obl	igations	3							
							: Senior Adjusted terest Debt		Adjuste Debt Serv		Total Debt	Aggre Debt Se						
Pr	Principal		Principal Inter		nterest		Total	Ea	rnings	Service		Service		Coverag	<u>e</u>	 Service	Cove	rage
\$	-	\$	18,730	\$	18,730	\$	(54)	\$	18,676	2	.24	\$ 18,730		2.24				
	6,780		18,594		25,374		(3,444)		21,930	1	.63	25,510		1.54				
	7,055		16,308		23,363		(1,305)		22,058	1.	.34	27,002		1.14				
	7,345		14,010		21,355		(1,296)		20,059	1	.70	34,861		1.02				
	7,645		13,710		21,355		(1,262)		20,093	2	.95	34,861		1.74				
	7,965		13,390		21,355		(1,228)		20,127	2	.98	35,549		1.72				
	8,305		13,046		21,351		(1,346)		20,005	3	.99	40,759		1.99				
	8,675		12,679		21,354		(1,481)		19,873	4	.55	43,082		2.13				
	9,065		12,289		21,354		(2,668)		18,686	5	.27	49,600		2.04				
	1,035		27,268		28,303		(1,977)		26,326	4	.01	56,978		1.89				

Pledged-Revenue Coverage - Sewer Bonds (Unaudited) Last Ten Fiscal Years (In Thousands)

		Main	otal tenance				Se	enior	Debt Servic	e
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	al System evenues <sup>1</sup>	Costs	l Operation ts (Excludes preciation)		t System	Principal		Interest		Total
2001	\$ 283,228	\$	168,853	\$	114,375	\$	22,150	\$	54,905	77,055
2002	310,392		170,022		140,370		23,045		54,009	77,054
2003	334,551		241,822		92,729		24,000		53,046	77,046
2004	296,169		196,823		99,346		25,030		52,020	77,050
2005	322,542		204,163		118,379		26,120		50,935	77,055
2006	320,288		202,111		118,177		27,390		49,662	77,052
2007 4	343,921		202,632		141,289		28,760		48,291	77,051
2008	361,511		211,449		150,062		30,250		46,805	77,055
2009	353,446		197,379		156,067		31,700		45,356	77,056
2010	406,076		220,701		185,375		43,320		59,909	103,229

<sup>1</sup> Beginning in Fiscal Year 2004, the City's methodology for reporting Net System Revenues was changed to exclude interest earnings on Acquisition Bond Proceeds from Total Income. The data presented in this Table has been restated to reflect this change.

<sup>2</sup> Net System Revenues is defined as "System Revenues" less "Maintenance and Operation Costs" of the Wastewater System for the fiscal year. <sup>3</sup> All Obligations include Senior, Subordinate and State Revolving Fund (SRF) Loans.

<sup>4</sup> Senior Debt Service principal and interest amounts for FY 2007 were updated for correct amounts.

Source: Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports

	All Obligations <sup>3</sup>						
Senior Debt Service	Total	Aggregate Debt Service					
Coverage	Debt Service	Coverage					
1.48	\$ 77,688	1.47					
1.82	77,888	1.80					
1.20	80,995	1.14					
1.29	81,516	1.22					
1.54	84,789	1.40					
1.53	86,802	1.36					
1.83	96,408	1.47					
1.95	94,555	1.59					
2.03	94,305	1.65					
1.80	109,288	1.70					

#### City of San Diego Demographic and Economic Statistics (Unaudited) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Per Capita **Fiscal Year** Personal Income<sup>2</sup> Personal Income Ended Unemployment Rate <sup>3</sup> Population<sup>1</sup> (Thousands \$) June 30 (\$) 2001 1,250,700 N/A N/A 2.3% 1,255,742 2002 31,859,430 25,371 3.7% 2003 1,275,112 32,794,606 25,719 4.4% 2004 1,294,000 35,896,854 27,741 5.0% 2005 1,306,000 38,523,082 29,497 4.5% 2006 1,311,162 37,749,536 28,791 4.3% 2007 1,316,837 39,302,317 29,846 4.0% 2008 1,336,865 42,678,078 31,924 4.6% 2009 1,353,993 42,857,116 31,652 6.0% 2010 1,376,173 43,522,125 31,625 9.7%

Footnotes:

<sup>1</sup> Population projections are provided by the California Department of Finance.

<sup>2</sup> Income data is provided by the United States Census Data and is adjusted for inflation.

<sup>3</sup> Unemployment data is an annual percentage provided by the EDD's Bureau of Labor Statistics Department.

Sources: 2009-10 MuniServices, LLC, and CA Dept. of Finance

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#### City of San Diego Principal Employers (Unaudited) Fiscal Year-End 2010

Employer	Number of Employees	Percentage of Total Employment <sup>1</sup>
United States Navy <sup>2</sup>	54,415	7.83%
University of California San Diego	20,408	2.94%
San Diego Unified School District <sup>3</sup>	17,024	2.45%
San Diego County <sup>4</sup>	15,164	2.18%
Sharp Memorial Hospital	14,700	2.11%
City of San Diego <sup>5</sup>	10,499	1.51%
Kaiser Permanente	7,028	1.01%
Qualcomm, Inc. <sup>6</sup>	6,000	0.86%
UC San Diego Medical Center	5,549	0.80%
San Diego Gas & Electric Co.	5,075	0.73%
Total Top Employers	155,862	22.42%

### Footnotes:

<sup>1</sup> Percentage based on total employment of 695,200 provided by the EDD Labor Force Data.

<sup>2</sup> Employee count includes Navy personnel only (civilian/military).

<sup>3</sup> Employee count is district-wide.

<sup>4</sup> Employee count is county-wide and represented in staff years.

<sup>5</sup> Count is provided by the City of San Diego, Office of the Comptroller - Payroll Division (Table 17)

<sup>6</sup> Qualcomm's count is from the 2007-08 year's report. The current year employee count was not available.

Source: MuniServices, LLC

City of San Diego Full-time and Part-time City Employees by Function (Unaudited) Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year									
Function	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
General Government and Support	1,864	2,015	2,039	1,990	1,944	1,816	1,870	1,979	2,248	2,217
Public Safety - Police	2,854	2,875	2,836	2,730	2,774	2,628	2,627	2,712	2,674	2,547
Public Safety - Fire and Life Safety	1,286	1,314	1,355	1,352	1,373	1,322	1,333	1,314	1,304	1,331
Parks, Recreation, Culture and Leisure	2,041	2,023	2,052	1,822	1,777	1,701	1,663	1,705	1,682	1,675
Transportation	490	517	513	501	461	447	339	. 326	279	282
Sanitation and Health	164	163	161	161	148	144	129	150	164	156
Neighborhood Services	267	259	260	235	234	177	148	154	145	132
Airports	19	20	21	19	17	14	14	15	16	16
Development Services	480	498	463	524	535	482	426	392	329	258
Environmental Services	209	222	225	219	219	196	188	164	168	172
Golf Course	69	70	73	82	81	88	95	88	97	93
Recycling	99	118	120	119	116	121	108	98	100	97
Sewer Utility	972	1,052	1,108	1,071	1,050	976	906	863	817	781
Water Utility	967	997	979	975	943	878	839	829	776	742
Total Employees	11,781	12,143	12,205	11,800	11,672	10,990	10,685	10,789	10,799	10,499

Source: City of San Diego, Office of the Comptroller - Payroll Division

#### City of San Diego

#### Operating Indicators by Function (Unaudited) Last Five Fiscal Years<sup>1</sup>

	Fiscal Year				
Function	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Public Safety - Police					
Calls for police services dispatched	626,067	623,940	631,371	668,989	653,086
Calls for 9-1-1 emergencies	471.927	518.291	526.391	506,738	501,094
	411,521	510,251	520,551	500,750	501,054
Public Safety - Fire and Life Safety					
Fire Department:					
Emergency calls - fire	3,579	3,392	4,445	3,868	2,740
Emergency calls - medical/rescue	84,882	87,789	91,932	94,422	97,049
Emergency calls - other	12,918	13,010	13,635	13,671	14,295
Lifeguard:					
Water rescues	5,075	3,696	4,771	5,233	5,066
Other rescues	4,490	3,388	4,334	4,813	5,002
Beach attendance	21,277,945	21,253,050	20,275,495	21,166,884	25,774,465
Parks, Recreation, Culture and Leisure					
Parks and Recreation:					
Number of aquatic users <sup>2</sup>	333,688	293,300	325,080	311,173	303,200
Number of youth served in after school program sites <sup>2</sup>	80,837	57,111	88.032	84,140	89,790
Library:	00,007	•,	00,002	0.,	
Circulation	7,003,040	7,167,104	7,374,378	7,651,619	7,706,431
Total attendance - all libraries	6,017,790	6,040,091	6,234,038	6,601,210	6,143,281
Sewer Utility					
Average daily sewage flow (millions of gallons)	180.95	175.13	175.29	170.78	166.43
Average daily peak - maximum sewage flow <sup>3</sup> (millions of gallons)	224.41	215.67	242.19	268.29	288.17
System daily capacity (millions of gallons)	255.00	255.00	255.00	255.00	255.00
	200.00	200.00	200.00	200.00	200.00
Water Utility					
Average daily consumption (millions of gallons)	204.74	220.28	204.00	194.00	179.00
Maximum daily consumption (millions of gallons)	279.47	291.17	298.00	283.00	243.00
Total water consumption (millions of gallons)	74,730	79,606	74,430	70,893	65,644
Total water deliveries <sup>4</sup> (millions of gallons)	79,486	83,202	80,100	77,014	59,567

Footnotes:

<sup>1</sup> Historical data for prior years is unavailable.

<sup>2</sup> Estimated figure

<sup>3</sup> The National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permitted treatment capacity is the sum of the design Average Annual Daily Flows (AADF) for Point Loma Wastewater Treatment Plant (PLWTP) and South Bay Water Reclamation Plant (SBWRP). There is no permit restriction for Maximum Daily Flow at PLWTP as long as the AADF is not exceeded. The Peak Wet Weather Flow is the hydraulic capacity of the Point Loma Ocean Outfall.

<sup>4</sup> Includes filtered and raw water

Source: Citywide departments

# Capital Asset Statistics by Function (Unaudited)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function	2001	2002	2003	2004
Public Safety - Police Stations	10	10	10	10
Public Safety - Fire and Life Safety Fire stations	43	43	43	45
Parks, Recreation, Culture and Leisure Park and recreation sites <sup>1</sup>	416	444	460	363
Transportation Miles of streets -asphalt,concrete, & dirt <sup>2</sup>	3,820	3,112	2,985	2,985
<u>Airports</u> Municipal airports	2	2	2	2
<u>Golf Course</u> Municipal golf courses <sup>3</sup>	9	9	10	10
<u>Sewer Utility</u> Miles of sewers Sewer service laterals	2,610 265,212	2,620 266,342	2,950 268,372	3,028 270,365
<u>Water Utility</u> Miles of water distribution mains Water meters in service Fire hydrants	3,139 263,468 23,476	3,157 266,627 23,844	3,280 267,845 24,145	3,317 270,022 24,428

Footnotes:

<sup>1</sup> Statistics for fiscal years 2000-2003 were based on the number of parks, squares, and recreation centers. The department updated the statistics for overall park and recreation sites onward from fiscal year 2004.

<sup>2</sup> In prior years, miles of streets also included alleys and dirt streets. Since FY 2006, Transportation provided the statistic only for miles of asphalt and concrete streets.

<sup>3</sup> Includes City operated as well as leased golf courses.

Sources: Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports, Citywide departments

	Fiscal Year								
2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010				
10	10	10	10	10	10				
45	45	46	47	47	47				
367	370	380	380	384	385				
2,800	2,685	2,700	2,721	2,721	2,774				
2	2	2	2	2	2				
10	10	10	10	10	10				
3,030 271,284	2,993 271,445	3,018 274,014	3,076 273,081	3,023 273,438	2,991 273,587				
3,319 271,204 24,600	3,336 272,466 24,661	3,381 273,304 24,905	3,263 278,692 25,003	3,281 274,310 25,023	3,294 276,217 25,044				