

Eight Signs of Terrorism/County Employee Video  
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 Shot:

<p>Introduction by Sheriff Gore</p>	<p>I am Sheriff Bill Gore, and I am asking you to join me and every member of the law enforcement and San Diego communities to protect our residents and the nation from terrorism.</p> <p>The daily headlines and ten-year anniversary of the September 11<sup>th</sup> terrorist attack are constant reminders of the devastation that terrorists can cause.</p> <p>Local law enforcement is working in coordination with the Department of Homeland Security’s campaign called: “if you see something, say something,” recognizing that we all play a part in spotting the signs of a possible attack by being aware of our surroundings and reporting suspicious activities.</p> <p>Did you know that there are eight signs you should be aware of – signs that indicate terrorists may be at work?</p> <p>This video will tell you what to look for. Suspicious activities should be reported to local law enforcement, or call 911 if you think there is an imminent danger.</p> <p>You can also make a report by visiting <a href="http://sdlecc.org">sdlecc.org</a> – the website of the San Diego Law Enforcement Coordination Center.</p> <p>Thank you for your commitment.</p>
<p>SOT (Sound on Tape)</p>	<p>-----((VO – Voice Over))-----</p> <p>Residents and visitors are drawn to San Diego for its beauty and diversity. But some of the things that make our region such a great place to live can also put us at risk.</p> <p>We are home to a large military community, an international airport, a busy port, and many venues where</p>

	<p>large crowds gather.</p> <p>That's why we all need to know the eight warning signs of terrorism – signs of suspicious and potentially dangerous activities.</p>
<p>VO #1 Surveillance (would create effect to spell out sign and definition)</p>	<p>-----((VO))-----</p> <p>[Surveillance: close watch kept over someone or something]</p> <p>Terrorists may conduct surveillance to determine a target's strengths and weaknesses. Be aware of somebody who appears to be monitoring security personnel or equipment, or gauging emergency response time.</p> <p>Suspicious activities could include using vision-enhancing devices, acquiring floor plans or blueprints, and showing interest in security and access to facilities.</p>
<p>VO #2: Elicitation</p>	<p>-----((VO))-----</p> <p>[Elicitation: to try to get information or a response]</p> <p>A terrorist may try to gain information about the operations and security of a potential target, possibly an important place such as a power plant, stadium or school.</p> <p>It could be gathered many ways – by phone, e-mail, in person, or even by gaining employment at the location.</p>
<p>VO #3: Testing Security</p>	<p>-----((VO))-----</p> <p>[Testing security: to examine security in a planned way to see if it works properly]</p> <p>Someone may use different methods to test security, such as trespassing into a restricted area or leaving a bag unattended in a public place to see how long it takes for people or security to respond.</p>
<p>VO #4 Funding</p>	<p>-----((VO))-----</p> <p>[Funding: to provide money for something]</p> <p>Terrorists need to raise money for their operations and spend it in a way that doesn't draw attention.</p>

	<p>This could be done many ways – through illegal sales of drugs, counterfeit merchandise...even baby formula and phone cards.</p> <p>Terrorists may also funnel money from legitimate businesses or non-profit organizations.</p> <p>Be aware of unusually large transactions paid with cash or gift cards, or someone soliciting a donation for a charity you've never heard of.</p>
<p>VO #5 Acquiring Supplies</p>	<p>-----((VO))-----</p> <p>[Acquiring supplies: to come into possession of or control of supplies]</p> <p>To conduct an attack, terrorists may need a variety of supplies, such as weapons, transportation and communications systems.</p> <p>Suspicious activities could include a vehicle left in an unusual place; stockpiling fertilizers, weapons, even one-time use cell phones; acquiring or stealing uniforms; and forging personal identification or passports.</p>
<p>VO #6 Impersonation</p>	<p>-----((VO))-----</p> <p>[Impersonation: to assume or act as another person]</p> <p>Terrorists may impersonate law enforcement officers, mail carriers, or company employees to gain information.</p> <p>Someone who seems suspicious in what they say or do on the job could be a red flag.</p>
<p>VO #7 Rehearsal</p>	<p>-----((VO))-----</p> <p>[Rehearsal: a practice exercise]</p> <p>Terrorists often rehearse a planned attack, possibly several times, to make sure their operation runs smoothly. This may include measuring response time by emergency responders, and possibly using police radios.</p>
<p>VO #8 Deployment</p>	<p>-----((VO))-----</p> <p>[Deployment: to move or place in position for some purpose]</p> <p>This is when terrorists are putting</p>

	<p>their plans into place – getting into position, moving equipment and supplies, and launching an attack.</p> <p>If you believe there is imminent danger, call 911 immediately.</p>
<p>SOT Keith Slotter Special Agent in Charge FBI San Diego</p>	<p>-----((SOT))-----</p> <p>I am Keith Slotter, Special Agent in Charge of the FBI's San Diego Division.</p> <p>While these are the eight signs commonly recognized by security experts, it is also important to trust your instincts while being mindful of the civil rights of others.</p> <p>The focus is suspicious <i>behavior</i> - factors such as race, ethnicity, national origin, or religious affiliation alone are not suspicious.</p> <p>To report something, contact local law enforcement, or call 911 if there is serious danger.</p> <p>You can also visit <a href="http://sdlecc.org">sdlecc.org</a>.</p> <p>Together, we can protect our community and our country.</p>