

THE CITY OF SAN DIEGO TO THE PARK AND RECREATION BOARD

DATE ISSUED: October 15, 2021 REPORT NO: 103

ATTENTION: Park and Recreation Board

Agenda of October 21, 2021

SUBJECT: Natural History Museum General Development Plan

SUMMARY

<u>Issue</u> – Should the Park and Recreation Board recommend approval of the proposed General Development Plan (GDP) for Balboa Park's Natural History Museum?

<u>Department Recommendation</u> - Recommend approval of the proposed GDP.

<u>Other Recommendations</u> – The Balboa Park Committee (BPC) reviewed and considered the proposed project at various stages of development. Actions taken and recommendations made by the BPC is provided under the Discussion section below.

<u>Fiscal Impact</u> – There is no fiscal impact associated with this action. The Natural History Museum would be responsible for implementation and maintenance of the proposed improvements.

<u>Water and Energy Conservation Status</u> – The proposed project would reduce water use in this portion of Balboa Park by installing drought tolerant native plant materials and is consistent with City water conservation policies.

<u>Environmental</u> – The City of San Diego Development Services Department has advised Parks and Recreation staff that the proposed Project is consistent with the existing Environmental Impact Report (EIR) prepared for the Balboa Park Master Plan (BPMP) and Supplemental Environmental Impact Report (SEIR) prepared for the Central Mesa Precise Plan (CMPP). This includes determination that the proposed Project is consistent with historic preservation standards. The City of San Diego, as lead agency, will provide a consistency memorandum to that effect consistent with California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) guidelines.

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BACKGROUND

Balboa Park is located immediately north of downtown San Diego and is surrounded by the communities of Golden Hill, North Park, Uptown, and Downtown. Balboa Park is one of the City's largest developed parks at 1,172 acres and is host to numerous recreational activities, cultural and educational institutions, and special events. Over 12 million visitors come to Balboa Park each year to enjoy the diversity of activities the Park has to offer.

Development, maintenance, and management of Balboa Park are governed by the BPMP, the CMPP, the East Mesa Precise Plan, and subsequent amendments to those documents. The BPMP is a part of the City's General Plan and implements land use policies for Balboa Park.

The BPMP was adopted by City Council on July 25, 1989 (Resolution No. R-274090). Subsequent amendments to the BPMP have been adopted by City Council on December 9, 1997 (R-289537); on May 4, 1998 (R-290039-1); on April 13, 2004 (R-299084-1); on September 21, 2004 (R299666); and on July 9, 2012 (R-307555-1). The BPMP addresses the entirety of Balboa Park and provides general guidelines for development, maintenance, and management.

The CMPP was adopted by City Council on October 20, 1992 (Resolution R-280920). Subsequent amendments to the CMPP have been adopted by City Council on May 4, 1998 (R-29031-2); on March 19, 1992 (R-296206); on April 13, 2004 (R-299084-2); and on July 9, 2012 (R-307555-2). The CMPP addresses the central portion of Balboa Park in greater detail than does the BPMP.

A large portion of Balboa Park's Central Mesa is included in the federally designated National Historic Landmark District (NHLD). As such, any improvements within the NHLD must meet the Secretary of the Interior's Standards for Rehabilitation. Determination of compliance is made by the City of San Diego Historic Resources staff and the Historic Resources Board.

The Natural History Museum (The NAT) is located in the East Prado area of the Park. The building was originally constructed in 1933 and was expanded to the northeast 2001. The current landscaping around the NAT was installed at the time of the building expansion. The building is a contributing element to the NHLD.

The CMPP speaks extensively to the landscape character of the Central Mesa and more specifically the NHLD. Descriptions of the 1915 and 1935 Exposition landscape theme are described as lush and exotic. More detail on this subject is provided under Discussion below.

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DISCUSSION

Project Description

The NAT would like to expand educational opportunities outdoors into the landscape immediately surrounding the museum. The landscaping would be replanted to highlight San Diego native drought tolerant plant materials as well as provide information on the plants and their many uses beyond simple landscaping. Education would include how the plants contribute to the ecosystem, how they may have been used by Native Americans, medicinal uses, and water savings.

New decomposed granite walkways would be provided to allow tours through the landscapes. The decomposed granite would provide a natural and permeable surface while remaining accessible. Most of the walkways would be geometric in nature to be compatible with the formal design of Balboa Park. The exception would be at the northeast corner of the museum where the walkway and gathering area would be more organically designed to be compatible with the existing pathway and seating area to the north.

The landscaping around the museum would be organized into five sub-gardens: The Boulder Gathering Area, the Pollinator Garden, the Canopy Garden, the Seasonal Sensory Garden, and the North Shade Garden. Each garden presents a different educational opportunity with its own plant palette.

- ❖ The Boulder Gathering Area: this garden is located at the northeast corner of the museum. The garden replaces rarely used turf and provides a gathering space for park users as well as an outdoor classroom. The existing turf would be replaced with natural boulders, decomposed granite paving and customized benches to provide seating. Benches would be made of natural stone and lumber, creating a more natural environment. The gathering area would extend a decomposed granite path and landscaping to the north, connecting to the existing naturalized seating area created by balboa Park staff. Existing trees in this area would be retained. Landscaping for the Boulder Gathering Area would extend to the existing planters located on the east side of the museum.
- ❖ Pollinator Garden: this garden is located at the southwest corner of the museum along El Prado. A new decomposed granite walkway would be provided to allow people to walk through the garden. Additional bench seating would also be provided. Some of the existing turf in this area would be removed to allow for more drought tolerant planting while maintaining the more formal strips of turf along El Prado. The plant palette for this garden would feature flowering plants that are pollinated by and provide habitat to various birds and insects.

- ❖ Canopy Garden: there is a moderately sized Moreton Bay Fig tree located at the southwest corner of the museum as well as several Palm tree species. The Moreton Bay Fig is the same species as the tree in the lawn area north of the museum and has a span of approximately 45-50 feet. To protect this tree, the garden will feature understory plantings only. A new decomposed granite walkway would be provided on the south side, separating the garden from the turf area and allowing a closer view of the plants.
- Seasonal Sensory Garden: the landscaping on the east side of the museum would be a seasonal sensory garden featuring plants to stimulate the senses. Plants will have various colors, flowers, aromas, and textures. These plants would be changed out on a seasonal basis, providing a changing experience. A new decomposed granite walkway with a low concrete accent wall would be provided to allow people to enter the garden. Existing trees would be retained.
- North Shade Garden: the shade garden is located in the planter between the museum's accessible entrance and the Moreton Bay Fig lawn to the north. The small turf area would be removed and replaced with a small decomposed granite space with benches. Plant materials in this garden would feature native plants that can tolerate shade. Existing trees would be retained.

The proposed GDP also includes a new seating space in the Moreton Bay Fig lawn immediately north of the museum's entrance stairs. The seating area would be paved in concrete to match the existing walkway and include four Prado wood and cast-iron benches per the CMPP. The new pad would be approximately five feet wide by thirty-five feet long.

A workshop was held with the Balboa Park Committee on August 2, 2021. As a result of the workshop the following changes were incorporated into the current GDP:

- A small turf area at the northwest corner of the building (Shade Garden) was eliminated and a seating area provided.
- Milkweed was added to the plant palette for the Pollinator Garden.
- Accessible benches were added to the Boulder Gathering Area.

Analysis

The CMPP has several references to the landscape theme of the 1915–16 and 1935–36 Expositions as being lush and exotic. The CMPP supports the lush and exotic appearance but recommends accomplishing that goal using drought tolerant plant materials.

The Landscape goal of the CMPP (page 144) states; "Rehabilitate and modify the Central Mesa's landscape in a manner which preserves its historic significance, accommodates a wide variety of public park activities and increases public enjoyment of the Park

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environment." A proposed garden that provides educational opportunities and introduces a variety of plant materials would meet this goal.

One of the planting guidelines of the CMPP (page 265) states; "Landscape planting should be designed to conserve as much water as possible." Planting guidelines also state: "Lawns that primarily serve a primarily decorative function in small areas such as a street median planting should be phased out and replaced with drought tolerant low shrubs or groundcover." The proposed GDP meets both guidelines by eliminating small patches of decorative turf and by providing a drought tolerant landscape.

The planting guidelines of the CMPP recommend "Existing significant plants and trees should be protected and well cared for" (page 265). The proposed GDP retains all existing trees and protects the Moreton Bay Fig at the southwest corner of the museum.

The landscape guidelines provide additional direction on plant selection (page 273); "Plant materials that possess the following characteristics should be included in these areas: – Exotic plant species that take full advantage of San Diego's climate; – A lush, tropical appearance; – Plants that are particularly associated with San Diego or were popularized because of their appearance in the 1915 Exposition." Native San Diego plant materials take advantage of San Diego's climate and are particularly associated with San Diego.

The NAT proposes to provide and install all necessary improvements indicated on the proposed GDP. The NAT would also provide long-term maintenance of the landscape and irrigation systems. City staff would provide overall supervision of the landscaping and irrigation systems.

Other Recommendations

Historical Resources staff has reviewed the proposed GDP and found it to be consistent with preservation standards.

Development Services Environmental staff has reviewed the proposed GDP and found it to be consistent with the Environmental Impact Report (EIR) prepared for the Balboa Park Master Plan and the Supplemental EIR prepared for the Central Mesa Precise Plan.

On October 7, 2021 the Balboa Park Committee voted unanimously (9-0-0) advising the proposed GDP is consistent with the BPMP and CMPP and recommending approval of the proposed GDP.

CONCLUSION

The proposed GDP provides enhancements to the landscaping around the NAT that appear to be consistent with the goals of the BPMP and CMPP. The GDP also supports the goals of the Natural History Museum by providing educational opportunities to the public.

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The use of drought tolerant native plant materials is consistent with the City's water conservation policies and planting design policies for City parks.

The proposed changes to the landscaping will be open and available to the general public as well as for special educational opportunities administered by the NAT. Free and open park land will not be reduced, and the leasehold boundaries of the NAT will not be changed.

ALTERNATIVES

- 1. Recommend approval of the proposed GDP with conditions; or
- 2. Do not recommend approval of the proposed GDP.

Respectfully submitted,

Christina Chadwick

Assistant Deputy Director

CC/cd

Attachments: A. Presentation

B. Natural History Museum GDP

C. Historical Preservation Memorandum

cc: Council District 3 Office

Balboa Park Natural History Museum General Development Plan

Park and Recreation Board October 21, 2021 Item 103





Requested Action

 Should the Park and Recreation Board recommend approval of the proposed General Development Plan for Balboa Park's Natural History Museum?

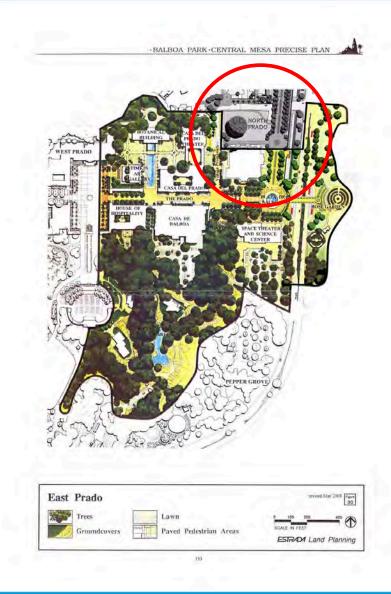




Aerial Photograph













·BALBOA PARK · CENTRAL MESA PRECISE PLAN

Precise Plan - Goals and Plan Summary

GOALS

Land Use

Provide a wide variety of cultural activities within a public parkenvironment.

Circulation

Establish a pedestrian park environment that features public transportation use while providing adequate vehicular access to and within the Central Mesa.

Architecture

Rehabilitate and modify the architecture of the Central Mesa in a manner which preserves its historic and aesthetic significance while providing for functional needs.

Landscape

Rehabilitate and modify the Central Mesa's landscape in a manner which preserves its historic significance, accommodates a wide variety of public park activities and increases public enjoyment of the Park environment.

Management

Develop and implement an effective management program that promotes maximum public use and enjoyment of the Park.

Maintenance

Develop and fund a maintenance program that will protect the public investment in buildings and grounds and facilitate maximum public enjoyment of the Park.

Landscape

Rehabilitate and modify the Central mesa's landscape in a manner which preserves its historic significance, accommodates a wide variety of public park activities, and increases public enjoyment of the Park environment.



· BALBOA PARK · CENTRAL MESA PRECISE PLAN

Precise Plan · Landscape



LANDSCAPE

The goal of this section is to restore, rehabilitate and modify the Central Mesa's landscape in a manner that preserves its historic significance, accommodates a wide variety of public park activities and increases public enjoyment of the Park environment.

The landscape of the Central Mesa includes alloutdoor spaces such as plazas, promenades, arcades, gardens and naturalized areas. There are three generalized park use areas that influence the proposed landscape treatments.

Multiple use and outdoor attraction areas (See Figure 45) - These will be the most heavily used areas of the Central Mesa and will include cultural and park uses, including open air concerts, outdoor exhibits and informal picnic and play areas. Emphasis will be placed on a high level of detail, generous site amenities, qualify materials, comprehensive signage, decorative lighting, and ornamental plant materials. The most prominent landscape features in this area will consist of multiple use plazas that can serve the majority of the time as pleasant, relaxing outdoor public spaces and also facilitate a full spectrum of special public events.

Picnic and Open Play Areas (See Figure 46) - These areas possess the overall landscape character of a traditional public park and include features such as open lawns, children's play equipment and picnic tables. These areas will receive additional lighting, improved restroom facilities and increased site amenities, but will not be developed as intensively as the multiple use and outdoor attraction areas.

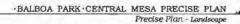
Natural Use Areas (See Figure 47) - These portions of the Central Mesa will remain as a refuge for passive uses such as hiking and observation of plants and wildlife. These areas will form an important link in a regional network of urban buffer corridors that provide habitat for native flora and fauna. An improved trail system with interpretive material are proposed for these areas of the Park.

In all landscaped areas for the Central Mesa, public safety will be emphasized by providing increased lighting, clear sightliness, and an expanded number of well used public spaces that displace undestrable activities.

Landscaped areas in the Central Mesa will allow for maximum public accessibility and flexibility of use. They should offer comfort, security and positive visual stimulation to every visitor.

All landscape design in the Central Mesa is based on historic precedent. Wherever possible, historic conditions are preserved or restored. Wherenew features must be incorporated, they complement, respect and support both the original design intent and the existing historic features that remain. All landscape design in the Central Mesa is based on historic precedent. Wherever possible, historic conditions are preserved or restored. Where new features must be incorporated, they compliment, respect and support both the original design intent and the existing historic features that remain.







Lawn medians can be replaced with ground cover to conserve water.



Laums provide for picnic and playeven in settings that are less than ideal.

 Landscape planting should be designed to conserve water as much as possible.

Lawns that serve a primarily decorative function in small areas such as a street median planting should be phased out and replaced with drought tolerant low shrubs or groundcover. Larger areas of lawn that contribute visually or functionally to the park experience should be retained.

Ornamental plantings with high water requirements should be located in high visual impact areas such as major plazas, promenades, and formal gardens.

- Plants with similar water requirements should be grouped together.
- Exotic plants that have relatively low water requirements should be used as much as possible. For example, Giant Bird of Paradise would be preferable to Banana species because of its similar appearance and lower water requirements.
- Installation of small planting beds surrounded by large paved areas should be discouraged.
- Existing landscape character and historic landscape themes should continue despite periodic drought conditions.

A public park is traditionally a place where people can go to experience a landscape that they cannot afford to individually possess. The Central Mesa is a botanical resource with a long history of displaying to residents and visitors alike the best outdoor environment San Diego has to offer. Even when regional drought conditions occur, Balboa Park should continue to serve as a botanical oasis whose wide lawns and exotic flora can refresh, educate and inspire those who visit. Areas of priority water use in the Central Mesa are shown in Figure 48.

• Existing significant plants and trees should be protected and well cared for. Significant plants and trees which must be moved should be relocated to other Central mesa locations with similar superior growing conditions. They should be moved during the winter months to help insure their survival. The significant plants and trees identified for relocation during the Precise Plan process are listed in the following table. The number preceding the name is the location number as shown in Figure 49. This number also appears in the Plant Inventory List located in the Landscape Analysis section. The number following the name is the documented quantity of frees to be relocated.

Plants to be Relocated:

#7	Alectryon excelsus NCN	(8)
#20	Brahea brandegeeixedulis Brahea Hybrid	(7)
142	Erythrina caffra Kaffirboom Coral Tree	(1)

Planting Design Guidelines

Landscape planting should be designed to conserve water as much as possible.

Lawns that serve a primarily decorative function in small areas such as street median planting should be phased out and replaced with drought tolerant low shrubs or groundcover.





- Landscape planting areas will be divided into three general areas of emphasis.
- Botanical Emphasis Areas (see Figure 50)

Plant materials generally should be arranged formally in major plazas and promenades. They should be arranged informally in other areas such as lawns, canyons, and parking lots.

Plant materials that possess the following characteristics should be included in these areas.

- Exotic plant species that take full advantage of San Diego's mild climate.
- A lush, tropical appearance.
- Plants that are particularly associated with San Diego or were popularized because of their appearance in the 1915 Exposition.

The Park Boulevard Promenade is in the Botanical Emphasis Area, but plants for this area should be selected with care because of the parking structure below. Factors to take in consideration when choosing on-structure plants include: amount of leaf and fruit drop, reaction to acid/alkaline soils, root hardiness, and root growth characteristics. Despite these constraints, the overall impact of the planting on the Park Boulevard Promenade should be a lush, tropical appearance as found in the rest of the Botanical Emphasis areas. Planting should include large, mature-canopy trees, palm trees, accent shrubs, and annual flowers. More detailed information on the planting on Park Boulevard Promenade is included in the Specific Recommendations section.

Representative species for this area: Trees [underlined in original] Phoenix reclinata - Senegalese Date Palm* Brahea brandegeei - San Jose Hesper Palm Arecastrum romansoffianum - Queen Palm* Archontophoenix cunninghanniana - King Palm* Erythrina 'skyesii' - Skyes' Coral Tree Alectryon excelsum - Alectryon* Eucalyptus degulpta - Mindinao Gum Livistona decipiens - Ribbon Fan Palm* Bischofia javanica - Toog Tree Ficus micocarpa - Indian Laurel Fig Ficus macrophylla - Moreton Bay Fig Chorisa speciosa - Floss Silk Tree Stenocarpus sinuatus - Firewheel Tree* Brahea edulis - Guadalupe Fan Palm Dombeya cacuminum - Dombeya Neodypsis decaryi - Triangle Palm* Markhamia hildebrantii - Markhamia*

- Exotic plant species that take full advantage of San Diego's mild climate.
- A lush, tropical appearance.
- Plants that are particularly associated with San Diego or were popularized because of their appearance in the 1915 Exposition.



Other Recommendations

On October 7, 2021 the Balboa Park Committee voted unanimously (9-0-0) advising the proposed GDP is consistent with Balboa Park planning documents and recommending approval of the proposed GDP.



Staff Recommendation

Recommend approval of the proposed General Development Plan

The General Development Plan

Vicki Estrada

Principal

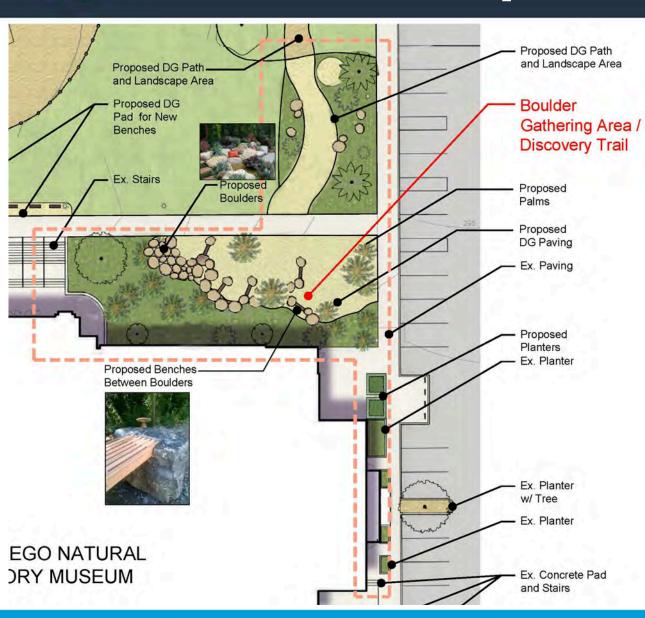
Estrada Land planning



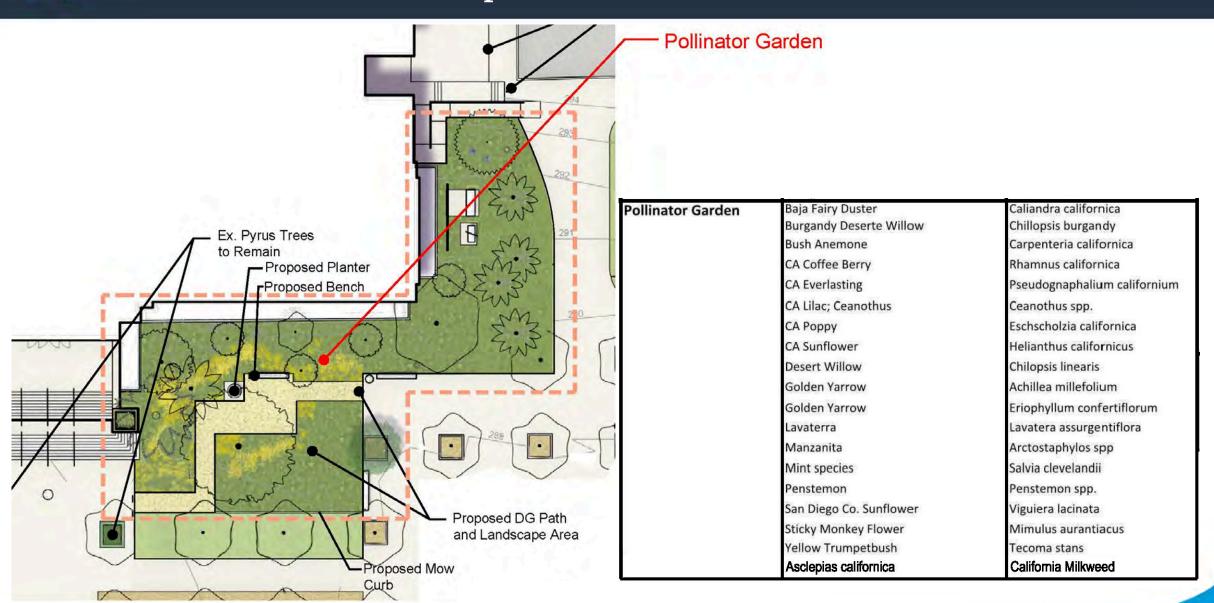


Plants such as	i/				0				
	Common Name	Scientific Name		Common Name	Scientific Name		Common Name	Scientific Name	
oulder Gathering	Bladderpod Blue dicks	Peritoma arborea Dichelostemma capitatum	Canopy Garden	Canyon grey Ceanothus spp.	Artemisia californica 'montara' Ceanothus sp.	Seasonal Sensory	Agave Beardtongues	Agave spp. (Entrance) Penstemon spp	
rea/ Discovery Trail	Blue Eyed Grass	Sisyrinchium angustifolium	7.7	Channel Islands Tree Poppy	Dendramecon harfordii	Garden	Blue Elderberry	Sambucus mexicanus	
	Baojum	Fouquierià columnaris		Coral bells	Heuchera spp		CA Sunflower	Helianthus californicus	
	CA Buckwheat	Eriogonum fasciculatum		Current / Fuschia Flower Gooseberry	Ribes spp.		CA Wildrose	Rosa californica	
	Chuparosa	Justicia californica		Foxtail Agave	Agave attenuata		California Aster	Corethrogyne filaginifolia	
	Datilillo Yucca	Yucca valida		Hummingbird sage	Salvia spathacea		California Sagebrush	Artemisia californica	
	Desert Apricot	Pronus fremontii		Island Bush Poppy	Dendromecon rigida		Cleveland sage hybrids	Salvia 'Pozo Blue'	
	Desert Fan Palm	Washingtonia filifera		Snow berry	Symphoricarpos alba		Deerweed	Acmispon glaber	
	Desert Globernallow	Sphaeralcea ambigua		Western Swordfern	Polystichum munitum		Grape Soda Lupine	Lupinus excubitus	
	Field Sedge	Carex praegracilis		Agave	egave spp. (charance)		Jojoba	Sunmondsia chinensis	
	Giant Cardon Giant Chain Fern	Pachycereus pringlei Woodwardia fimbriata		Baskes rush	Juneus textilis		Lemmon's Marigold	Tagetes lemonii	
	Mexican Blue Palm	Brahea armata		Beardtongues	Penstemon spp		Lemonade Berry	Rhus integrifolia	
	Nodding Needle Grass	Stipa cernua		Buckthorn CA Sunflower	Rhamnus spp Helianthus californicus		Lewis' Mock Orange	Philadelphus lewisii Salvia lucantha	
	Pacific Coast Iris	Iris Sp.		CA Wildrose	Rosa californica		Mexican bush sage Mexican holdback	Service Servic	
	Palo Verde	Parkinsonia sp		California Sagebrush	Artemisia californica		Mint species	Ceasalpinia mexicana Salvia spp	
	Pink Fairy Duster	Calliandra erlophylla		Cleveland sage hybrids	Salvia 'Pozo Blue'		Mock orange	Philadelphus lewisii	
	Pink Hair Grass	Muhlenbergia capillaris		Coyote Brush	Baccharis pilularis		Monkeyflower	Erythranthe sp.	
	Purple Three-awn	Aristida purpurea		Deerweed	Acmispon glaber		Nolina	Nolina sp.	
	Western Swordfern	Polystichum munitum		Grape Soda Lupine	Lupinus excubitus		Parish's Rabbitbrush	Ericameria parishii	
	Britton's Dudleya	Dudleya brittonii		Jojoba	Simmondsia chinensis		Pearly Everlasting	Symphoricarpos alba	
	Coast Chella	Cylindropuntia prolifera		Lernmon's Marigold	Tagetes lemonii		Sages (variety)	Salvia sp.	
	Dahlia Root Cereus	Peniocereus striatus		Mexican holdback	Ceasalpinia mexicana		Showy Snapdragon	Galvezia speciosaii	
	Elephant Tree	Bursera microphylla		Mint species	Salvia spp		Small Leaved Rose	Rosa minutifolia	
	Fingertips	Dudleya edulis		Mock orange	Philadelphus lewisii		Torrey's Hybrid Oak	Quercus acutidens	
	Golden spine cereus Ocotillo	Bergerocactus emeryi Fouquierio splendens		Monkeyflower	Erythranthe sp.		Wild cucumber/ Chilicothe	Marah macrocarpa	
	Plumeria	Plumeria rubra		Nolina	Nolina sp.		Wishbone Bush	Mirabilis sp.	
	Spurge:	Euphorbia xanti		Parish's Rabbitbrush	Ericameria parishii		Yucca	Yucca spp.	
llinator Garden	Baja Fairy Duster	Caliandra californica		Pearly Everlasting	Symphoricarpos alba	North Shade Garden	Bee Plant Catalina Current	Scrophularia californica	
	Burgandy Deserte Willow	Chillopsis burgandy		Sages (variety)	Salvia sp.		Coral Bells	Ribes vibumifolium Heuchera spp	
	Bush Anemone	Carpenteria californica		Showy Snapdragon	Galvezia speciosali		Desert Fan Palm	Washingtonia filifera	
	CA Coffee Berry	Rhamnus californica		Small Leaved Rose	Rosa minutifolia		Desert Wild Grape	Vitis girdiana	
	CA Everlasting	Pseudognaphalium californium		Torrey's Hybrid Oak	Quercus acutidens		Desert Willow	Chilopsis linearis	
	CA Lilac; Ceanothus	Ceanothus spp.		Wild cucumber/ Chilicothe	Marah macrocarpa		Giant Chain Fern	Woodwardia fimbriata	
	СА Рорру	Eschscholzia californica		Wishbone Bush Yucca	Mirabilis sp. Yucca spp.		Gooseberry	Ribes speciciosum	
	CA Sunflower Desert Willow	Helianthus californicus Chilopsis linearis		TUCCA	tucca spp.	-	Guadalupe Island Palm	Brahea edulis	
	Golden Yarraw	Achillea millefolium					Heartleaf penstemon	Keckiella cordifolia	
	Golden Yarrow	Eriophyllum confertiflorum					Honeysuckle	Subspecata denidada	
	Lavaterra	Lavatera assurgentiflora					Mahonia	Mahonia spp	
	Manzanita	Arctostaphylos spp					Mexican Blue Palm	Brahea armata-	
	Mint species	Salvia clevelandii					Mexican Fan Palm	Washingtonia robusta	
	Penstemon	Pensteman spp.					Miner's Lettuce	Claytonia perfoliata	
	San Diego Co. Sunflower	Viguiera lacinata	7 (1)				Mankeyflower	Eryranthe cardinalis	
	Sticky Monkey Flower	Mimulus aurantiacus				2	Narrow Leaved Bedstraw	Galium angustifolium	
	Yellow Trumpetbush	Tecoma stans					Narrow-leaf milkweed	Asclepias fascicularis	
	Asclepias californica	California Milkweed					Scrub Oak	Quercus berberidifolia	
							Spiney Rush Western Swordfern	Juneus acutus Polystichum munitum	
						1	Western Sycamore	Platanus racemosa	
							Yerba Mansa	Anemopsis californica	rcmor.
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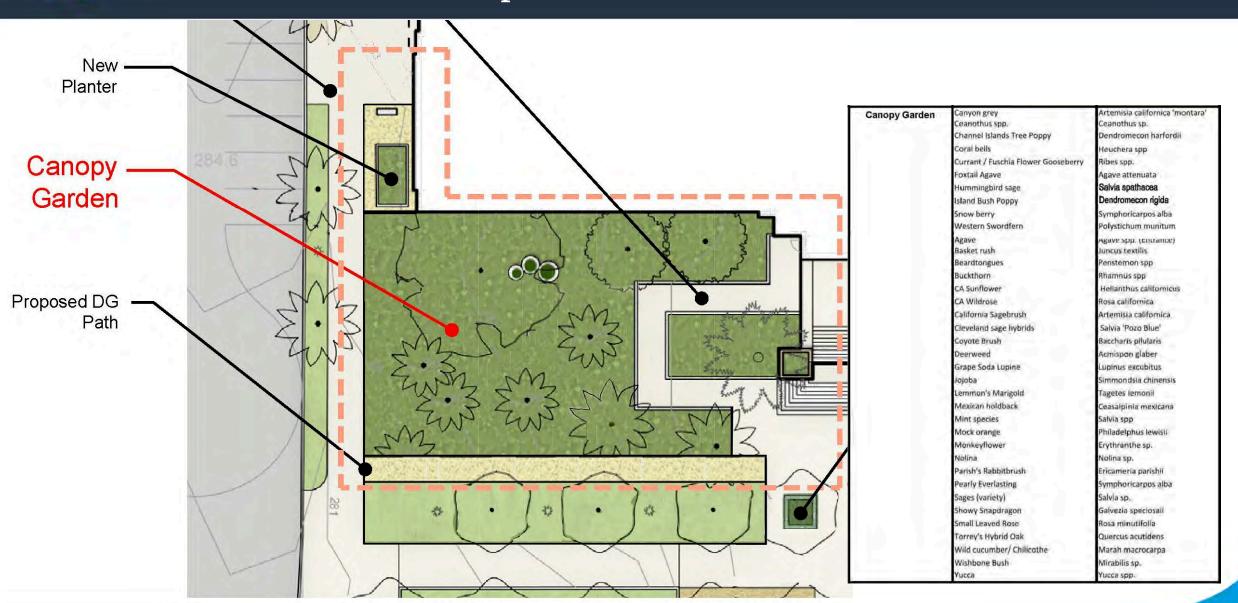


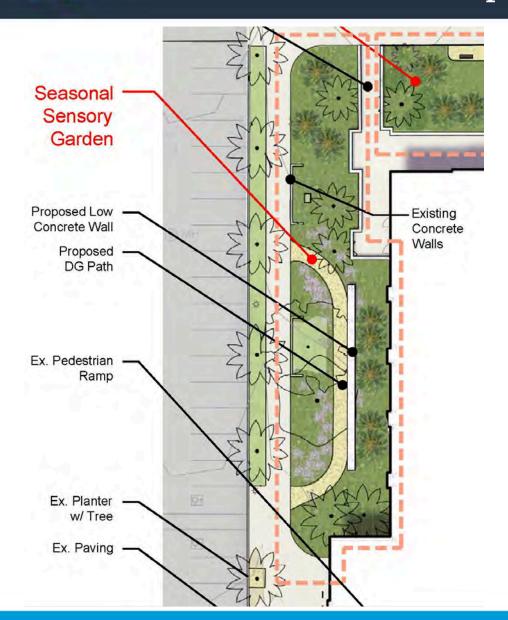


Boulder Gathering	Bladderpod	Peritoma arborea			
Area/ Discovery Trail	Blue dicks	Dichelostemma capitatum			
	Blue Eyed Grass	Sisyrinchium angustifolium			
	Boojum	Fouquieria columnaris			
	CA Buckwheat	Eriogonum fasciculatum			
,	Chuparosa	Justicia californica			
	Datilillo Yucca Desert Apricot	Yucca valida Prunus fremontii Washingtonia filifera Sphaeralcea ambigua Carex praegracilis			
	Desert Fan Palm				
	Desert Globemallow				
	Field Sedge				
1	Giant Cardon	Pachycereus pringlei			
	Giant Chain Fern	Woodwardia fimbriata Brahea armata			
	Mexican Blue Palm				
	Nodding Needle Grass	Stipa cernua			
	Pacific Coast Iris	Iris Sp.			
	Palo Verde	Parkinsonia sp.			
	Pink Fairy Duster	Calliandra eriophylla			
	Pink Hair Grass	Muhlenbergia capillaris			
	Purple Three-awn	Aristida purpurea			
	Western Swordfern	Polystichum munitum			
	Britton's Dudleya	Dudleya brittonii			
	Coast Cholla	Cylindropuntia prolifera			
	Dahlia Root Cereus	Peniocereus striatus			
	Elephant Tree	Bursera microphylla			
	Fingertips	Dudleya edulis			
1 1	Golden spine cereus Ocotillo	Bergerocactus emoryi Fouquieria splendens			
	Plumeria	Plumeria rubra			
	Spurge	Euphorbia xanti			

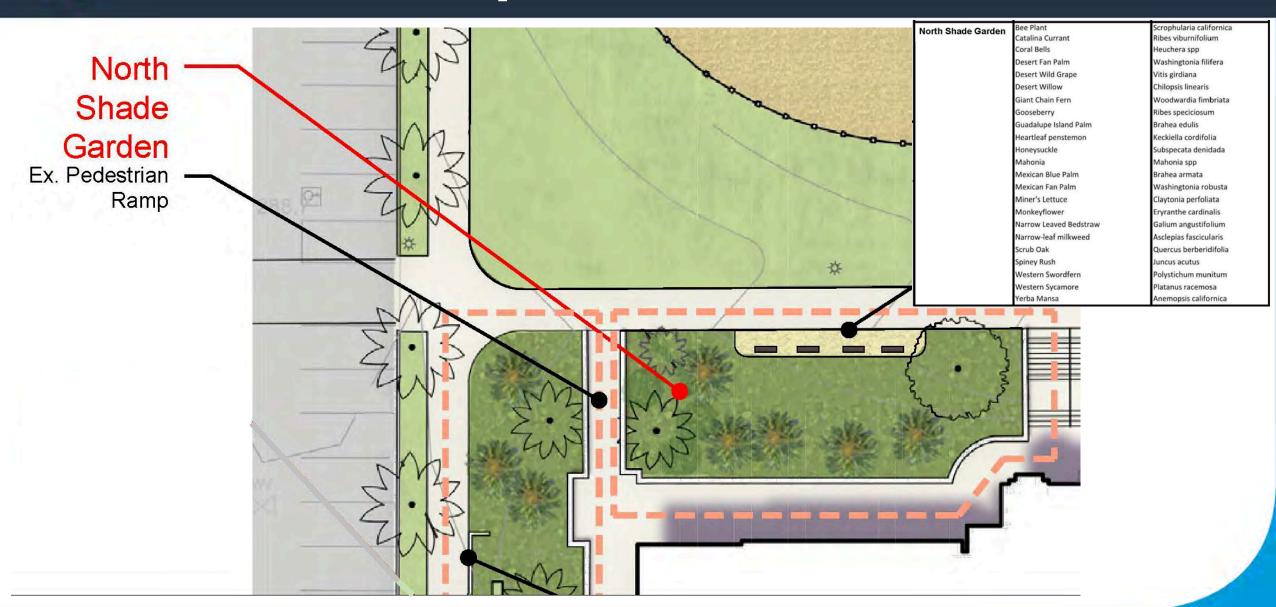








Seasonal Sensory	Agave	Agave spp. (Entrance)			
Garden	Beardtongues	Penstemon spp			
	Blue Elderberry	Sambucus mexicanus			
	CA Sunflower	Helianthus californicus			
	CA Wildrose	Rosa californica			
	California Aster	Corethrogyne filaginifolia			
	California Sagebrush	Artemisia californica			
Þ	Cleveland sage hybrids	Salvia 'Pozo Blue'			
	Deerweed	Acmispon glaber			
	Grape Soda Lupine	Lupinus excubitus			
	Jojoba	Simmondsia chinensis Tagetes lemonii Rhus integrifolia			
	Lemmon's Marigold				
	Lemonade Berry				
	Lewis' Mock Orange	Philadelphus lewisii			
	Mexican bush sage	Salvia lucantha			
	Mexican holdback	Ceasalpinia mexicana Salvia spp			
	Mint species				
	Mock orange	Philadelphus lewisii			
	Monkeyflower	Erythranthe sp.			
	Nolina	Nolina sp.			
	Parish's Rabbitbrush	Ericameria parishii			
	Pearly Everlasting	Symphoricarpos alba			
	Sages (variety)	Salvia sp.			
	Showy Snapdragon	Galvezia speciosali			
	Small Leaved Rose	Rosa minutifolia			
	Torrey's Hybrid Oak	Quercus acutidens			
	Wild cucumber/ Chilicothe	Marah macrocarpa			
10 0 .	Wishbone Bush	Mirabilis sp.			
	Yucca	Yucca spp.			

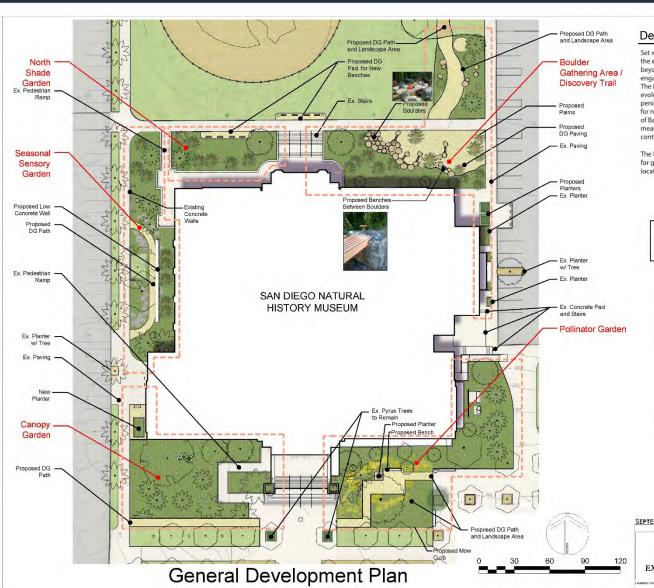


Questions?









Design Concept

Set within the diverse cultural campus of Balboa Park at the eastern end of the Prado with views to Florida Canyon beyond, The Nat's location is uniquely well-suited to engage the wide range of Park visitors and demonstrate The Nat's Mission "... to promote understanding of the evolution and diversity of southern California and the peninsula of Baja California; and to inspire in all a respect for nature and the environment". The formal arrangement of Balboa Park's promenades and buildings among the meandering fingers of canyons and mesas makes a rich context for The Nat's message.

The Landscape Master Plan includes for gardens and outdoor gathering spaces located around The Nat building perimeter.

> All new PAVING will be permeable Decomposed Granite (DG).

All Historically Significant Trees to Remain



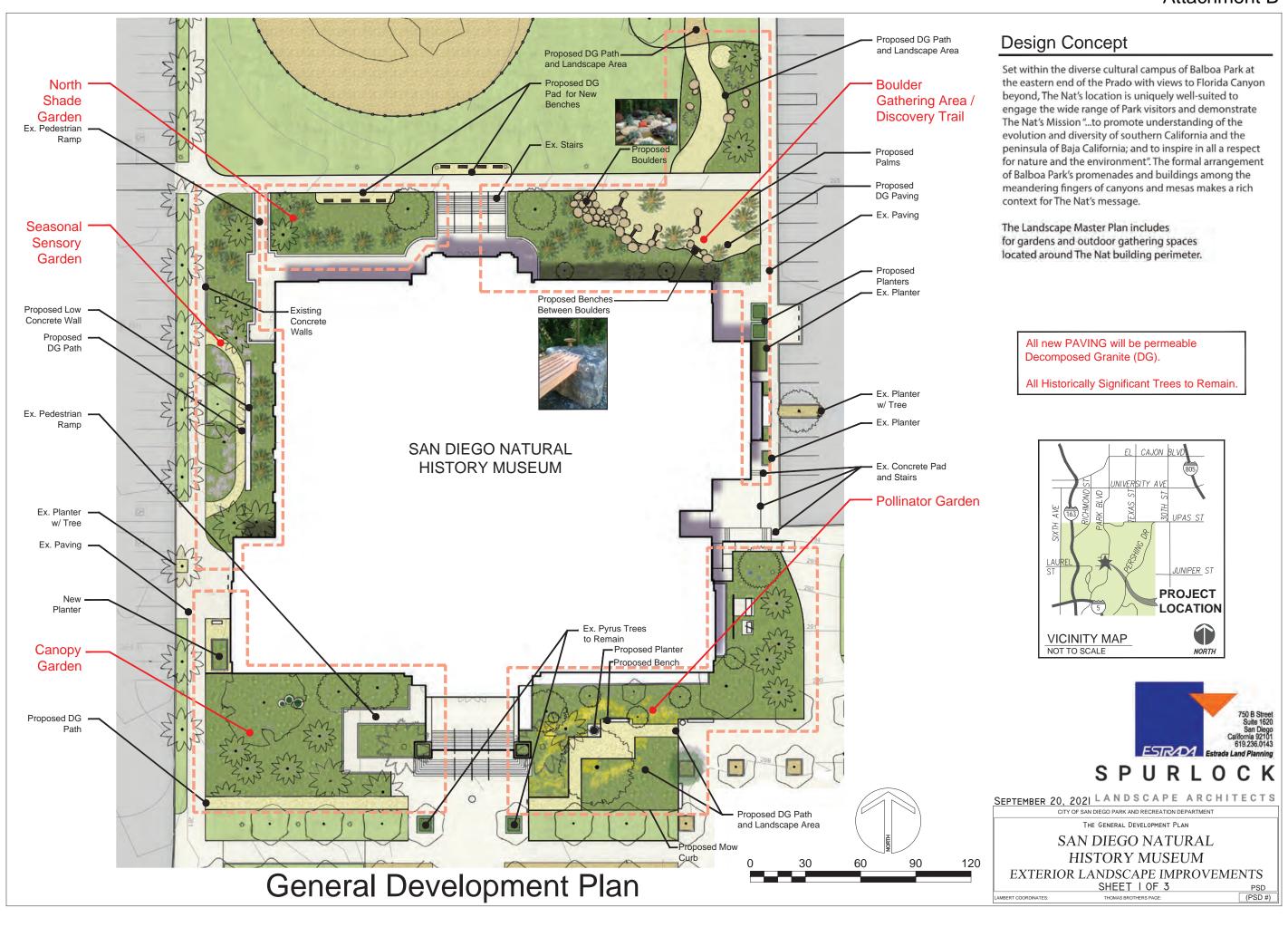


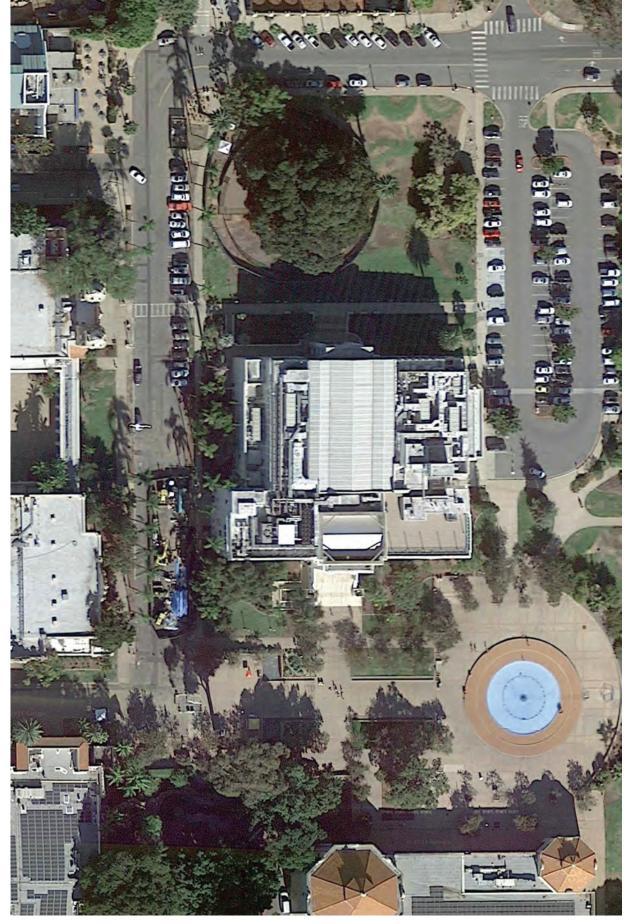
SEPTEMBER 10, 2021 LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTS

SAN DIEGO NATURAL

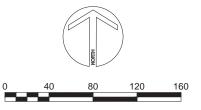
HISTORY MUSEUM

EXTERIOR LANDSCAPE IMPROVEMENTS SHEET | OF 3











SPURLOCK

THE GENERAL DEVELOPMENT PLAN SAN DIEGO NATURAL

HISTORY MUSEUM

EXTERIOR LANDSCAPE IMPROVEMENTS
SHEET 2 OF 3 PSD
BERT COORDINATES: THOMAS BROTHERS PAGE: (PSD #

Plant Legend

Plants such as:

	Common Name	Scientific Name		Common Name	Scientific Name	1	Common Name	Scientific Name
Boulder Gathering	Bladderpod	Peritoma arborea	Canopy Garden	Canyon grey	Artemisia californica 'montara'	Seasonal Sensory	Agave	Agave spp. (Entrance)
Area/ Discovery Trail	Blue dicks	Dichelostemma capitatum		Ceanothus spp.	Ceanothus sp.	Garden	Beardtongues	Penstemon spp
	Blue Eyed Grass	Sisyrinchium angustifolium		Channel Islands Tree Poppy	Dendromecon harfordii		Blue Elderberry	Sambucus mexicanus
	Boojum	Fouquieria columnaris		Coral bells	Heuchera spp		CA Sunflower	Helianthus californicus
	CA Buckwheat	Eriogonum fasciculatum		Currant / Fuschia Flower Gooseberry	Ribes spp.		CA Wildrose	Rosa californica
	Chuparosa	Justicia californica		Foxtail Agave	Agave attenuata		California Aster	Corethrogyne filaginifolia
	Datilillo Yucca	Yucca valida		Hummingbird sage	Salvia spathacea		California Sagebrush	Artemisia californica
	Desert Apricot	Prunus fremontii		Island Bush Poppy	Dendromecon rigida		Cleveland sage hybrids	Salvia 'Pozo Blue'
	Desert Fan Palm	Washingtonia filifera		Snow berry	Symphoricarpos alba		Deerweed	Acmispon glaber
	Desert Globemallow	Sphaeralcea ambigua		Western Swordfern	Polystichum munitum		Grape Soda Lupine	Lupinus excubitus
	Field Sedge	Carex praegracilis		Agave	Agave spp. (Entrance)	ļ	Jojoba	Simmondsia chinensis
	Giant Cardon	Pachycereus pringlei		Basket rush	Juncus textilis		Lemmon's Marigold	Tagetes Iemonii
	Giant Chain Fern Mexican Blue Palm	Woodwardia fimbriata Brahea armata		Beardtongues	Penstemon spp		Lemonade Berry	Rhus integrifolia
				Buckthorn	Rhamnus spp		Lewis' Mock Orange	Philadelphus lewisii
	Nodding Needle Grass	Stipa cernua		CA Sunflower	Helianthus californicus		Mexican bush sage	Salvia lucantha
	Pacific Coast Iris	Iris Sp.		CA Wildrose	Rosa californica		Mexican holdback	Ceasalpinia mexicana
	Palo Verde	Parkinsonia sp.		California Sagebrush	Artemisia californica		Mint species	Salvia spp
	Pink Fairy Duster	Calliandra eriophylla		Cleveland sage hybrids	Salvia 'Pozo Blue'		Mock orange	Philadelphus lewisii
	Pink Hair Grass	Muhlenbergia capillaris		Coyote Brush	Baccharis pilularis		Monkeyflower	Erythranthe sp.
	Purple Three-awn	Aristida purpurea		Deerweed	Acmispon glaber		Nolina	Nolina sp.
	Western Swordfern Britton's Dudleya	Polystichum munitum		Grape Soda Lupine	Lupinus excubitus		Parish's Rabbitbrush	Ericameria parishii
	Coast Cholla	Dudleya brittonii Cylindropuntia prolifera		Jojoba	Simmondsia chinensis		Pearly Everlasting	Symphoricarpos alba
	Dahlia Root Cereus	Peniocereus striatus		Lemmon's Marigold	Tagetes lemonii		Sages (variety)	Salvia sp.
	Elephant Tree	Bursera microphylla		Mexican holdback	Ceasalpinia mexicana		Showy Snapdragon	Galvezia speciosali
	Fingertips	Dudleya edulis		Mint species	Salvia spp		Small Leaved Rose	Rosa minutifolia
	Golden spine cereus	Bergerocactus emoryi		Mock orange	Philadelphus lewisii		Torrey's Hybrid Oak	Quercus acutidens
	Ocotillo	Fouquiería splendens		Monkeyflower	Erythranthe sp.		Wild cucumber/ Chilicothe	Marah macrocarpa
	Plumeria	Plumeria rubra		Nolina	Nolina sp.		Wishbone Bush	Mirabilis sp.
	Spurge	Euphorbia xanti		Parish's Rabbitbrush	Ericameria parishii		Yucca	Yucca spp.
Pollinator Garden	Baja Fairy Duster	Caliandra californica		Pearly Everlasting	Symphoricarpos alba	North Shade Garden	Bee Plant	Scrophularia californica
	Burgandy Deserte Willow	Chillopsis burgandy		Sages (variety)	Salvia sp.		Catalina Currant Coral Bells	Ribes viburnifolium Heuchera spp
	Bush Anemone	Carpenteria californica		Showy Snapdragon	Galvezia speciosaii		Desert Fan Palm	Washingtonia filifera
	CA Coffee Berry	Rhamnus californica		Small Leaved Rose	Rosa minutifolia		Desert Wild Grape	Vitis girdiana
	CA Everlasting	Pseudognaphalium californium		Torrey's Hybrid Oak	Quercus acutidens		Desert Wild Grape	Chilopsis linearis
	CA Lilac; Ceanothus	Ceanothus spp.		Wild cucumber/ Chilicothe	Marah macrocarpa		Giant Chain Fern	Woodwardia fimbriata
	CA Poppy	Eschscholzia californica		Wishbone Bush	Mirabilis sp.		Gooseberry	Ribes speciciosum
	CA Sunflower	Helianthus californicus		Yucca	Yucca spp.		Guadalupe Island Palm	Brahea edulis
	Desert Willow	Chilopsis linearis					Heartleaf penstemon	Keckiella cordifolia
	Golden Yarrow	Achillea millefolium					Honeysuckle	Subspecata denidada
	Golden Yarrow	Eriophyllum confertiflorum					Mahonia	Mahonia spp
	Lavaterra	Lavatera assurgentiflora					Mexican Blue Palm	Brahea armata
	Manzanita	Arctostaphylos spp					Mexican Fan Palm	Washingtonia robusta
	Mint species	Salvia clevelandii					Miner's Lettuce	Claytonia perfoliata
	Penstemon	Penstemon spp.					Monkeyflower	Eryranthe cardinalis
	San Diego Co. Sunflower	Viguiera lacinata					Narrow Leaved Bedstraw	Galium angustifolium
	Sticky Monkey Flower	Mimulus aurantiacus					Narrow-leaf milkweed	Asclepias fascicularis
ė.	Yellow Trumpetbush	Tecoma stans					Scrub Oak	Quercus berberidifolia
	Asclepias californica	California Milkweed					Spiney Rush	Juncus acutus
							Western Swordfern	Polystichum munitum
							Western Sycamore	Platanus racemosa
							Yerba Mansa	Anemopsis californica
							. e. se IVIMIJA	



SPURLOCK

SEPTEMBER 20, 2021 LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTS

CITY OF SAN DIEGO PARK AND RECREATION DEPARTMENT

THE GENERAL DEVELOPMENT PLAN

SAN DIEGO NATURAL HISTORY MUSEUM

EXTERIOR LANDSCAPE IMPROVEMENTS
SHEET 3 OF 3 PSD

MBERT COORDINATES: THOMAS BROTHERS PAGE: (PSD #

LAMBERT COORDINATES:



THE CITY OF SAN DIEGO

MEMORANDUM

DATE: September 10, 2021

TO: Charles Daniels, Parks Planner, Parks and Recreation Department

FROM: Suzanne Segur, Senior Planner, Historical Resources, Development Services

Department

SUBJECT: Natural History Museum General Development Plan

I am in receipt of your email dated September 9, 2021 requesting historic resources staff approval of a landscape improvement project at Balboa Park's Natural History Museum, designated as Historical Resources Board (HRB) Site #1. I have reviewed the email and attachments consisting of improvement plans and a staff report to the Balboa Park Committee and have found the project to be in conformance with the U.S. Secretary of the Interior's Standards for Rehabilitation of a historic property. Specifically, the following scope of work has been reviewed and approved as consistent with the Standards:

- New drought tolerant landscape organized into five new gardens
- New decomposed granite walkways
- Installation of new site furniture including planters and benches
- New low site wall

The September 9 email and related attachments will be included in the designation file, along with a copy of this memo, as a record of our review and approval. Please note that any and all changes to the project scope or any repair or modifications to the structure not anticipated and addressed in your submittal, will need to be reviewed and approved by our staff for consistency with the Standards prior to those changes or work being carried out.

Please let me know if you have any questions. I can be reached at 619.236.6139 or by email at ssegur@sandiego.gov. Thank you.

Suzanne Segur

cc: Designation File for HRB Site #1