

SAN YSDIRO HISTORIC RESOURCES SURVEY

Conducted for:

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City of San Diego Planning Department

Conducted by:

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INTRODUCTION

San Ysidro is located in southern San Diego County adjacent to the United States International Border with Tijuana, Mexico (figure 1). With the exception of a slightly hilly terrain along the eastern boundary, San Ysidro's approximate 1800 acre area is moderately level, encompassing much of the Tijuana River flood plain to the south and west. Cohesion of the community is fragmented by a trolley system and three major freeways, I-5, I-805, and State Route 117. This division has resulted in the physical fragmentation of the community into areas of different housing age, type and density. The core area, referred to as "El Pueblito Viejo" was selected by the R/UDAT (Regional/Urban Design Assistance Team) for historic evaluation. This area is characterized by older homes, a defined commercial area, narrow streets, and a linear park area containing a recreation center, library, meeting space and outdoor recreational facilities. With the introduction of low-income multi-unit rental housing much of the original historic character of this area has been compromised:

> ". ...San Ysidro is a collage of many different images. To some San Diegans, San Ysidro is the City's 'stepchild', not connected to it either physically or socially. To others, it is a sleepy, dusty little border town, a low income Hispanic community with little political clout. . . . Perhaps the most significant and most damaging image of San Ysidro is that to many San Diegans, San Ysidro has no real image." (San Ysidro Planning and Development Group- discussion given to the City of San Diego Planning Commission, December 8, 1988).

SCOPE OF THE PROJECT

Over twenty years have elapsed since the initial community plan for San Ysidro was developed. This plan included guidelines from the Model Cities Planning program for addressing the physical, social and economic problems facing the community at that time. Over the ensuing decades, San Ysidro has grown and some positive changes have been put into effect. However, until 1987, its historic core had been all but forgotten. Since that date, the City of San Diego has been revising the San Ysidro Community Plan using relevant suggestions from community members and design assistance teams.

Based on recommendations presented in the 1987 R/UDAT report, the City of San Diego sought assistance from local environmental firms to conduct an historic survey of the area they refer to as "El Pueblito Viejo". Based on their experience with similar type projects, the firm of Roth and Associates was selected. Boundaries of the survey area extended to Beyer Blvd on the north, both sides of San Ysidro Blvd on the south, both sides of Smythe Ave on the west, and to East Beyer Blvd on the east (see project map, Figure 1). Although outside the core area, the El Toreador Motel and the "International" were also included in the study area. Tasks delineated by the City of San Diego Planning Department included:

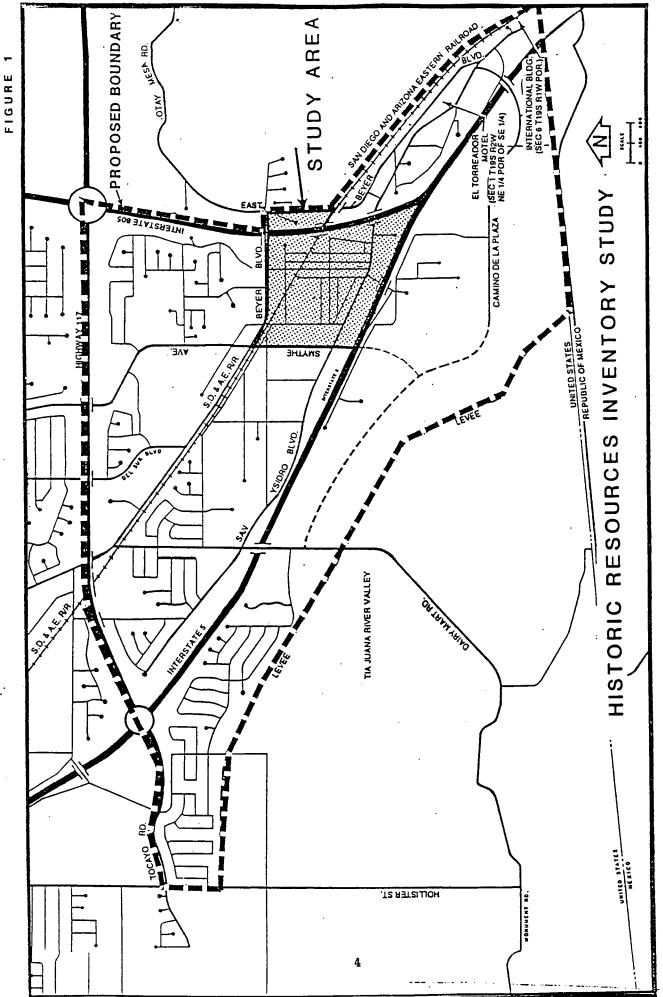
1) Conduct a basic historic survey of approximately one hundred fifty (150) structures;

2) Prepare a comprehensive historical survey report for approximately twenty-five (25) of the structures selected by the City on the basis of either historic or architectural importance;

3) Prepare a historic narrative of the study;

4) Prepare base maps depicting location, architectural styles, building condition and eligibility to national, state or local historic designations (SHB Grades 1-4); 5) Prepare recommendations to preserve/protect the history and character of the area.

The report that follows documents the historic research, field methods and results used in determining the eligibility of the study for inclusion into either national, state or local historic registers. Further, recommendations are offered to protect the historic sense of neighborhood apparent within the study area. Funding for this project was through a Community Development Block Grant Funds (CDBG).



CHRONOLOGY OF EVENTS

The chronology presented below serves to demonstrate that the San Ysidro study area has a rich and varied historical heritage. This outline, when combined with the significance overview presented in Section V, offers a perspective from which the local, state and national significance of this neighborhood is defined. The chronology focuses on events, personalities, and activities that contributed to the development of this neighborhood. The structures and landscape that remain serve to symbolically define the community's past and provide a sense of place and character.

Chronology of Events

- 1542 September 28: Juan Rodriguez Cabrillo, a navigator sailing for Spain in the hopes of finding the Northern Strait and thereby a new route from the Pacific to Europe, set sail from Navidad, Mexico on June 27th, 1542. Three months later he discovered "a port, closed and very good which they named San Miguel" (San Diego) (Bolton 1976:23). The first day the crew landed near Ballast Point taking possession of Upper California in the name of Spain. This landing serves as the first documented coastal contact of Native Americans (Kumeyaay Indians) with Euro-Americans. The Kumeyaay (usually divided into two dialects, the "Ipai" and the "Tipai") practiced a village oriented subsistence pattern with a village chief chosen from various clan leaders.
- 1602 November 10: Sebastian Vizcaino, commanding a Spanish fleet of three vessels that was exploring the coast of California for a suitable port in which galleons traveling between the Philippines and Mexico could be supplied and repaired, landed "at a port, which must be the best to be found in all the South Seas, for, besides being protected on all sides and having good anchorage, it is in latitude 33 1/2 deg. It has very good wood and water, many fish of all kinds . . . on land there is much game . . ." (Bolton 1976:80).
- 1769 April 11: In order to forestall Russian and British encroachment and give fringe protection to the well established Spanish Empire to the south, a decision to advance to the Port of Monterey was put into action, with a planned settlement (a presidio and a mission) in San Diego. (This has been called the "Sacred Expedition").

Franciscans given jurisdiction over the northern area of the California peninsula; Dominicans over the southern portion. The dividing line between these two jurisdictions was in the Tia Juana River Valley approximately where the US/Mexican border is.

Asistencia to Mission San Diego built. This was a branch of the Mission San Diego de Alcala. It was built under the direction of Father Junipero Serra who established the chain of Franciscan missions that reached up the California coast to San Francisco. The Asistencia was destroyed by a flood from the Tia Juana River and never rebuilt. No exact location known.

1830s The ranchos of La Punta, Jesus Maria, Las Palmas, Meliso, Ti Juan (sic) and San Isidro (sic) were granted during the Mexican period. All were near what would become the International Border in both Baja and US; none however, included the study area.

Ranchos south of San Diego subjected to numerous Indian uprisings. Ranchos were sacked and burned.

Possibility that adobe structure later used as stage station and meeting hall for Little Landers built during this era.

1848 Treat of Guadalupe Hidalgo established the Mexican/US border south of present day San Ysidro. The Boundary Commission was composed of 39 men directly involved with the survey, 150 army men for military protection and numerous other men including cooks, doctors, carpenters, draftsmen and interpreters. There was also a Mexican contingency with the group. Due to conflicting instructions and antagonistic personalities, especially between Cave Couts and Lt. A. Whipple, other than establishing the two terminating points, little else was accomplished at this time.

> By the mid 1860s, after the exact location of the border had been decided upon, temporary markers were erected at 258 locations across the 1200 mile expanse between Brownsville, Texas and San Diego, California.

The Mexican-California border remained unfenced until approximately 1910, at which time a barb wire fence with steel posts (approximately 3-5 strands of wire) was installed from the coast to as far as Otay Mountain.

- 1860s Squatters noted living in the area.
- 1871 Officers assigned to patrol US side of the border.
- 1873 First border customs building established on the Mexican side of the border.
- 1874 J. Platt listed as owner of the acreage that includes study area (no mention of structures).
- 1882 Portions of the study area owned by W.B. Spence and M. Dranga.
- 1885 The railroad arrived in San Diego from the north and opened up the area for "boom" development. The population of San Diego increased from its 1880 figure of 2,600 to a high of 40,000 in 1888. This later leveled off to about 16,000 in 1890.

Real estate firm of Hart and Stern developed subdivision of Tia Juana City in the valley. Soon this settlement had drug store, saloon, hotel, custom house and bootshop.

Tia Juana Heights subdivision begun.

Local homesteads along railroad line in what would become San Ysidro.

- 1887 Area owned by J. Quinn.
- 1888 Portions of the area owned by Stern, others by Bowman.
- 1889 In Tia Juana and Tijuana (Mexican side of border) there were 21 buildings, a running spring and a cemetery. It was already a "tourist designation" with both American and Mexican investors seeking to make a profit from the new trade.
- 1891 Tia Juana City had 30-40 homes and business establishments.

Flood of 1891 washed out at least 25 of the structures; town destroyed; those few who remained moved to higher ground.

1901 Land owned by George Belcher family; possible date of construction of their home (later converted into the San Ysidro Hotel).

FIGURE 2

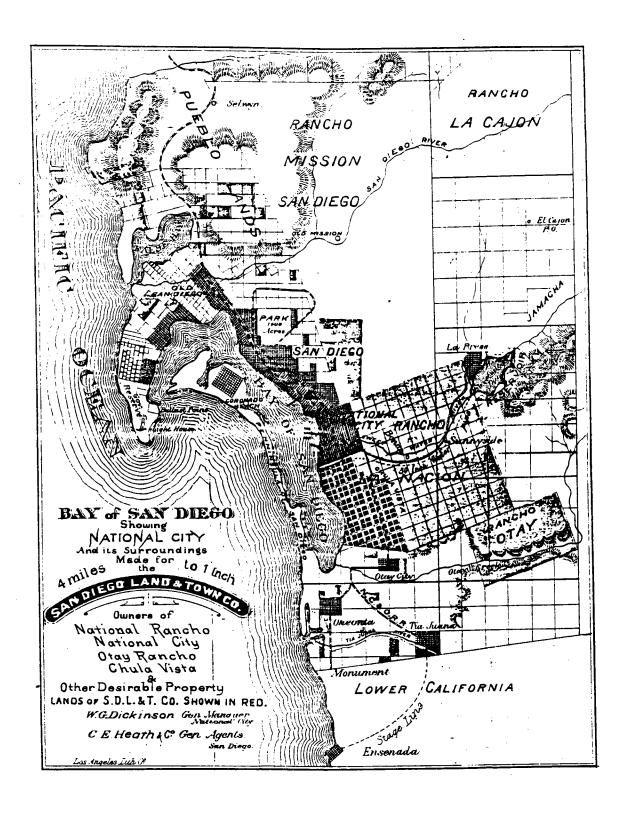
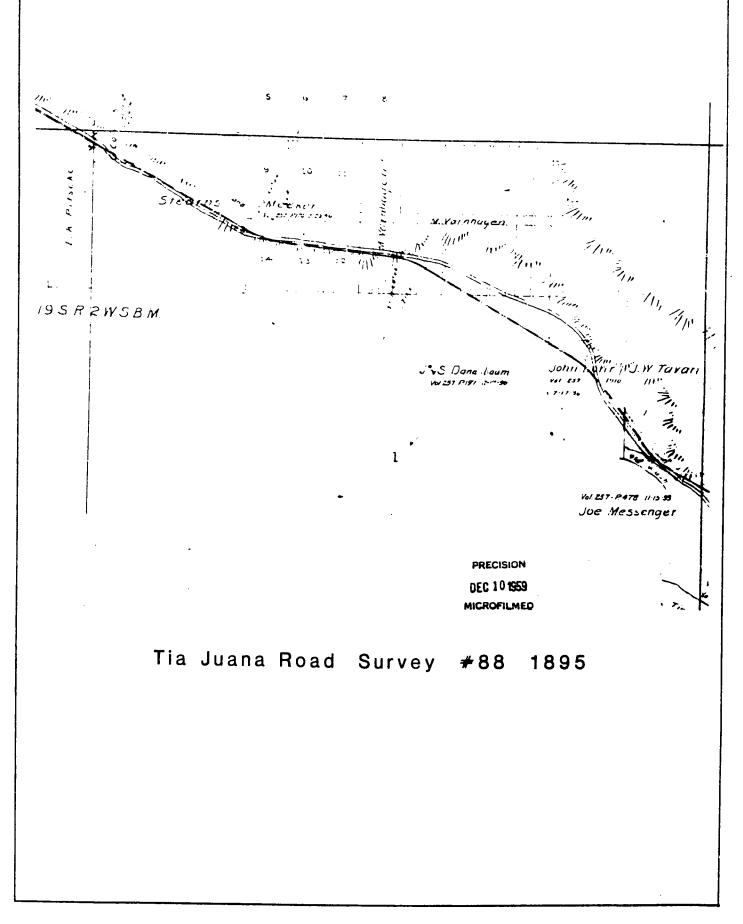


FIGURE 3



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- 1906 With promise of adequate water and rail connection to Imperial Valley, this date marks the beginning of a new population boom in San Diego. In 1900, the population was 19,000; by 1910, it was over 50,000. The growth was largely sparked by Spreckel's interests and concentrated, promotional land speculation.
- 1907 Thousands of tourists and colonists arriving in San Diego take advantage of the cheap train fares to Southern California.
- 1908 Formal incorporation of the Little Landers Corporation. Symbolic of the colonizing activities of William E. Smythe, journalist, public speaker, organizer, writer, land speculator and national reclamation proponent. (A street within the study area retains his name). The San Ysidro colonial venture was initially prompted by a chamber of commerce promotional impulse to divert movement of midwestern immigrants from Los Angeles to San Diego and give them a livelihood on San Diego soil. The settlement, a dream of agrarian utopia was associated with the early 20th century back to the land movements; a response to the industrial revolution that promised a release from the pressures of urban living for even those of limited means. This response was seen in all aspects of life (architecture, writing, health, awareness, environmental awareness, etc.).

Smythe and George P. Hall, a former agricultural commissioner for San Diego, selected the site of the Belcher Ranch as the location of the Little Landers Colony #1. The Belcher home was converted into the San Ysidro Inn.

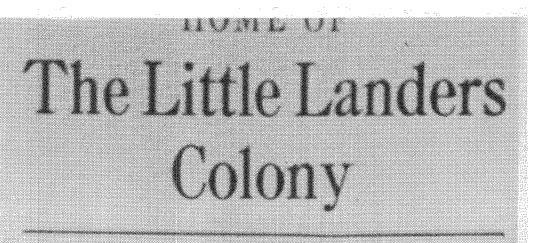
1908 Holdings of the Little Landers Corporation expanded to 550 acres (150 acres in the valley floor).

Little Landers headquarters in the "old adobe building".

Initially, settlers were required to purchase a town lot and an agricultural plot (1 acre) in the valley.

1909 June 11th- Grand Opening: streets, parks and lots marked out. J.W. Lewis appointed contractor and general manager of the settlement. Lots sold for \$250 (50' x 120'); acres, depending of location from \$350-\$550.

> Within a few weeks, 20 families were living in the colony. One of the first homes built was for Harold Champ: a frame cottage with porch and cobblestone chimney.



MOTTO 'A LIUS Land and a Living Surely is Better than Desperate Struggle and Wealth Possibly '

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"The most valuable

of all arts will be

the art of deriving

a comfortable sub-

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smallest area of soil'

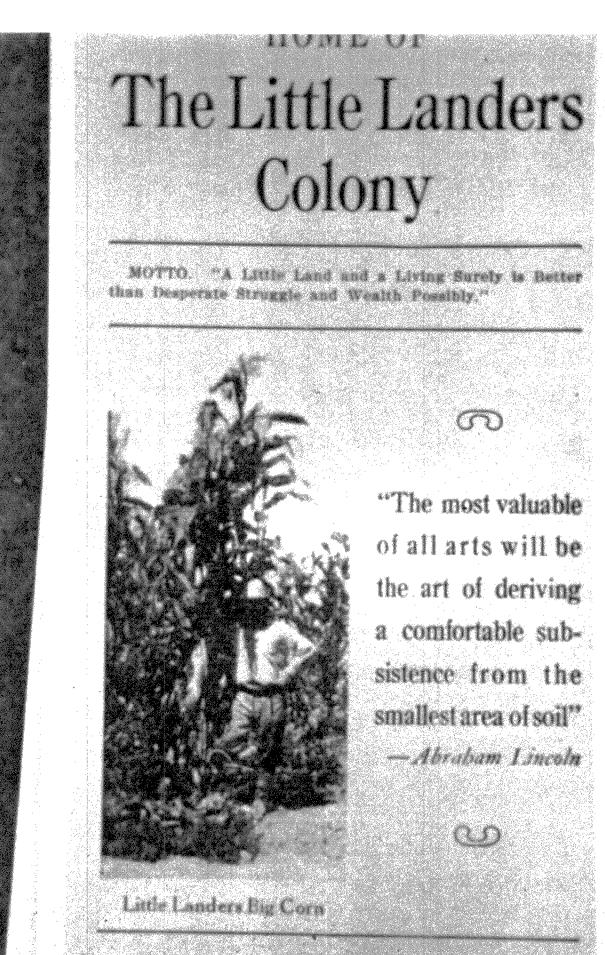
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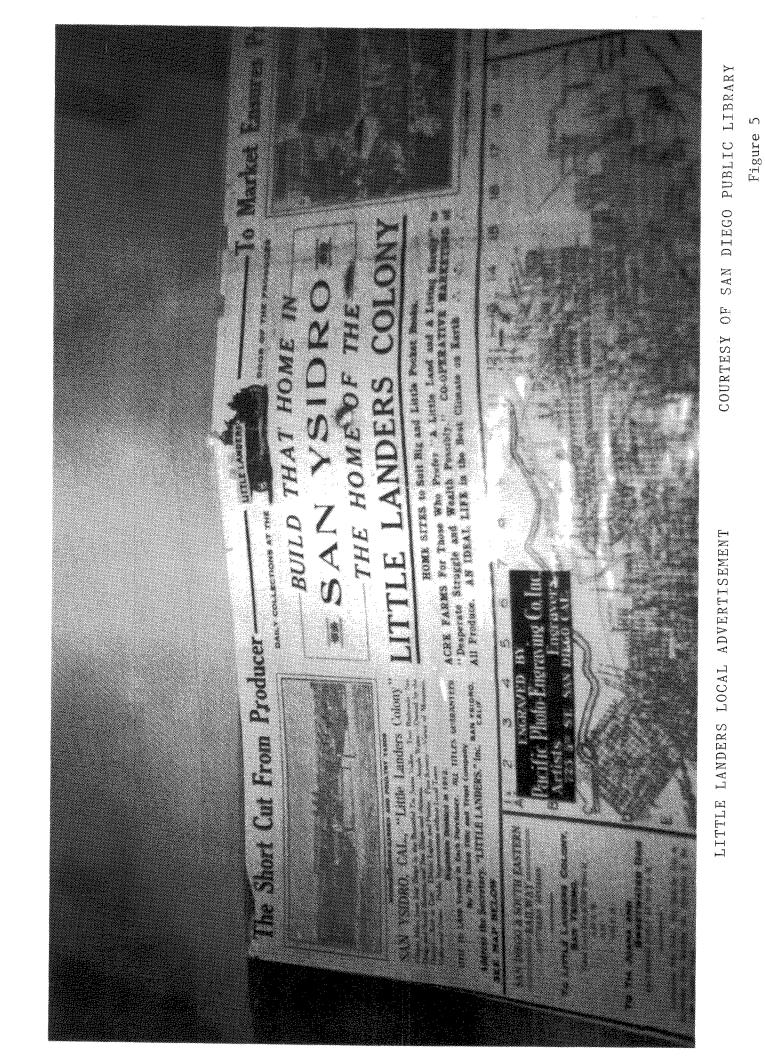


Little Landers Big Corn

The Place You Want to



The Place You Want to Know About



Settlement receiving national press coverage.

1910 Only 38 families of the original 100 buyers are living in the colony. Many of the original buyers were speculators and did not build. Problems with money, lack of adequate irrigation and agricultural experience, arguments over "communal" marketing caused friction. Corporation went bankrupt.

> December- new corporation founded. Bylaws excluded Blacks, Orientals and Mexicans from settling in the community. New law allowed settlers to purchase only a town lot or an agricultural plot if they desired. This action was the first step away from the original agrarian ideal.

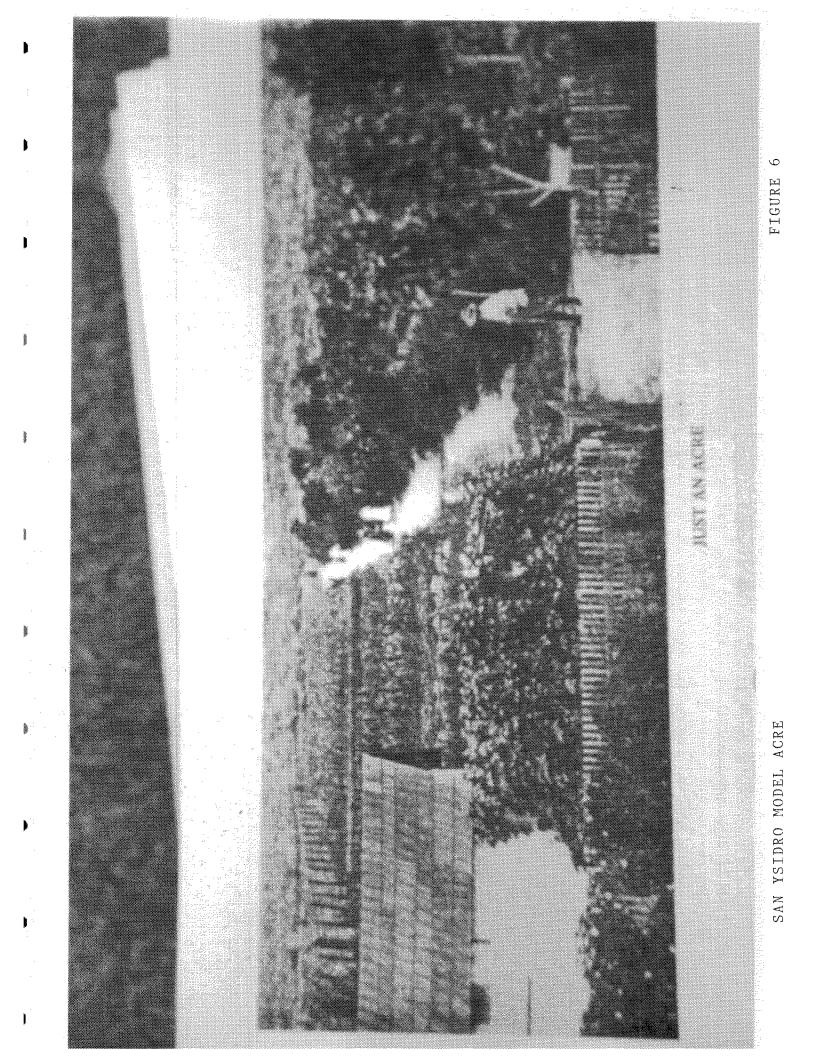
Push to establish the San Ysidro Water District. Need to increase population. New approach taken.

Between 1908-1911, the first years the Little Landers were attempting to make a successful agricultural community, San Diego was in the midst of the worst drought in decades.

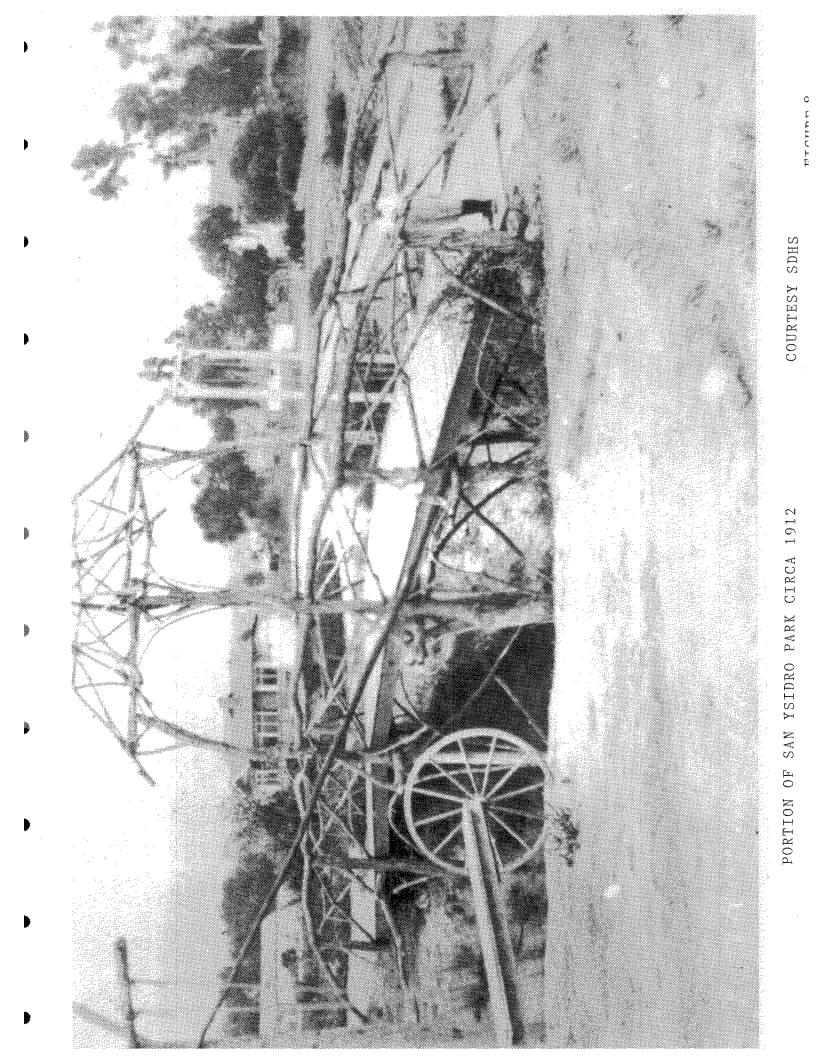
1911 69 families living in the community.

George Hall contributed land for park and landscaped it.

- 1911 Magonistas capture Tijuana. 100 people, mostly American and Mexican merchants across the border fled to San Ysidro. Americans gathered at border to watch "Battle of Tijuana" which lasted 16 hours and resulted in 32 dead and 24 wounded. A tent camp was established for those who fled. Some of the refugees bought town lots and remained in the city.
- 1912 47 new homes built; 116 families or approximately 300 people were now living in San Ysidro.
- 1913 Plan to upgrade community by replacing Redwood Hall with a community center/school was proposed. Much press regarding makeup of community, now consisting of many doctors, lawyers and teachers. The development of a varied cultural and social life stressed. By this time, invalid and elderly were over-represented in the population. Early settlers include: Smythe, Belcher, J. Lewis, H. Champ, McClintock, J. Gottech, G. Hall, J. Poeton, Bawden, Mills, Campbell, E. Hosmer, G. Young, L. Scott and P. Sanger.
- 1914 <u>Little Landers Social Survey of San Ysidro, California: The</u> <u>Mother Colony</u> published to encourage settlement.









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COURTESY SDHS

1915 500 residents living in San Ysidro

600 military men encamped at San Ysidro at what is now the Pan American Apartments.

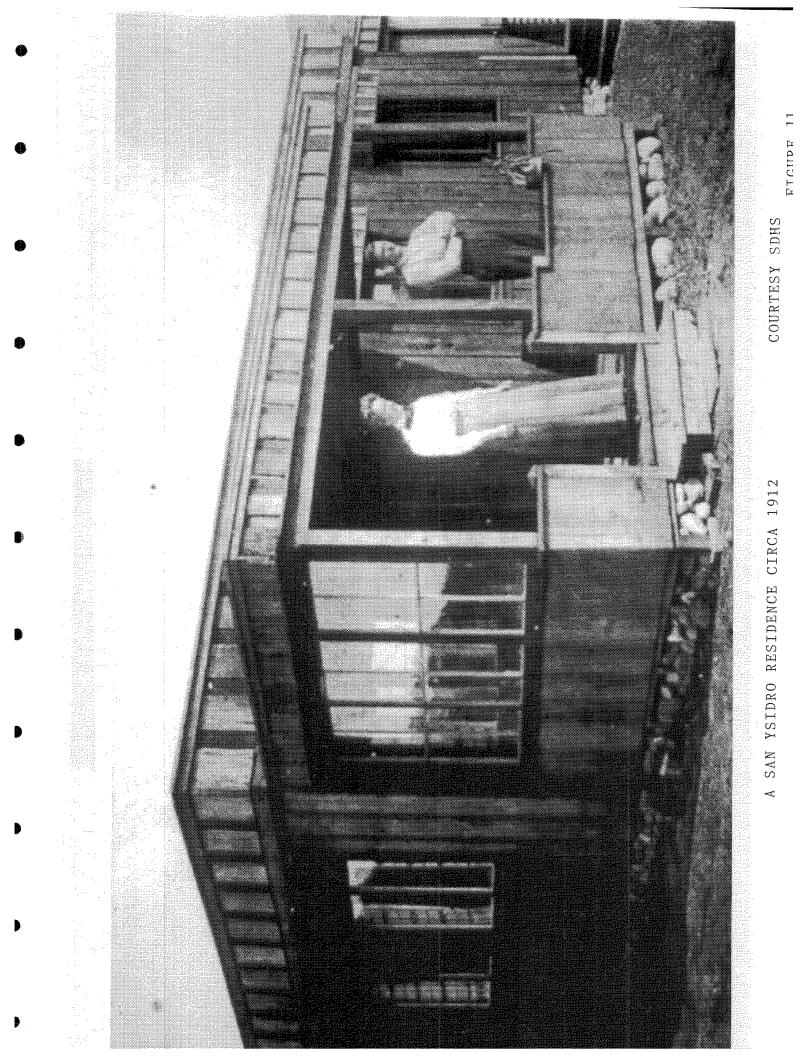
Racing was voted out in California, resulting in a growth of the tourist industry in Tijuana. The railroad increased its trips to the area to three and four a day to carry pleasure-seekers from San Diego to Tijuana.

- 1916 January- Flood: 100 families lost homes in the bottom lands; refugee camp set up. Little Landers community never recovered. This came in the wake of financial hard times for the community and precipitated the sale of some of the land to non-participants in the experiment. Many of these sales were to U.S. citizens who worked at the racetrack and night clubs in Tijuana. The opening in Baja of James Coffroth's Jockey Club Race Track, in particular, brought an influx of residents, many of his 300 employees lived in San Ysidro.
- 1919 San Diego and Arizona Railroad to Tijuana completed.
- 1917-1919 World War I, the shortage of American labor, a flu epidemic and a general shortage of supplies had an effect on the nation as a whole. San Ysidro, as a border town was impacted by a steady increase in immigration populations.
- 1920-1933 Prohibition in the U.S., Tijuana became an even larger tourist attraction. The economy of the area expanded and diversified as the result of the increased activities of the casinos and nightclubs in Tijuana.
- 1920 New lands taken up for poultry raising.
- 1922 20 new homes built. This decade marked the loss of the agrarian character of the community. Gambling enterprises south of the border increased the housing demand in San Ysidro. By this time the homestead ideal and back-to-the-land ideals had been replaced in the American pysche. The community focus gradually changed to cater to the tourist and commercial needs of an increasing resident population.
- 1924 San Ysidro Community Church designed and built by Louis Gill.

San Ysidro Library built from donations by Frank Beyers.

1925 A bank was opened in San Ysidro to provide a legitimate means to transfer the money made in Tijuana to banks in Los Angeles and other cities.





1927 Our Lady of Mt. Carmel Catholic Church built by contractor W.B. Settle.

Commercial building designed and built on San Ysidro Blvd by Louis Gill.

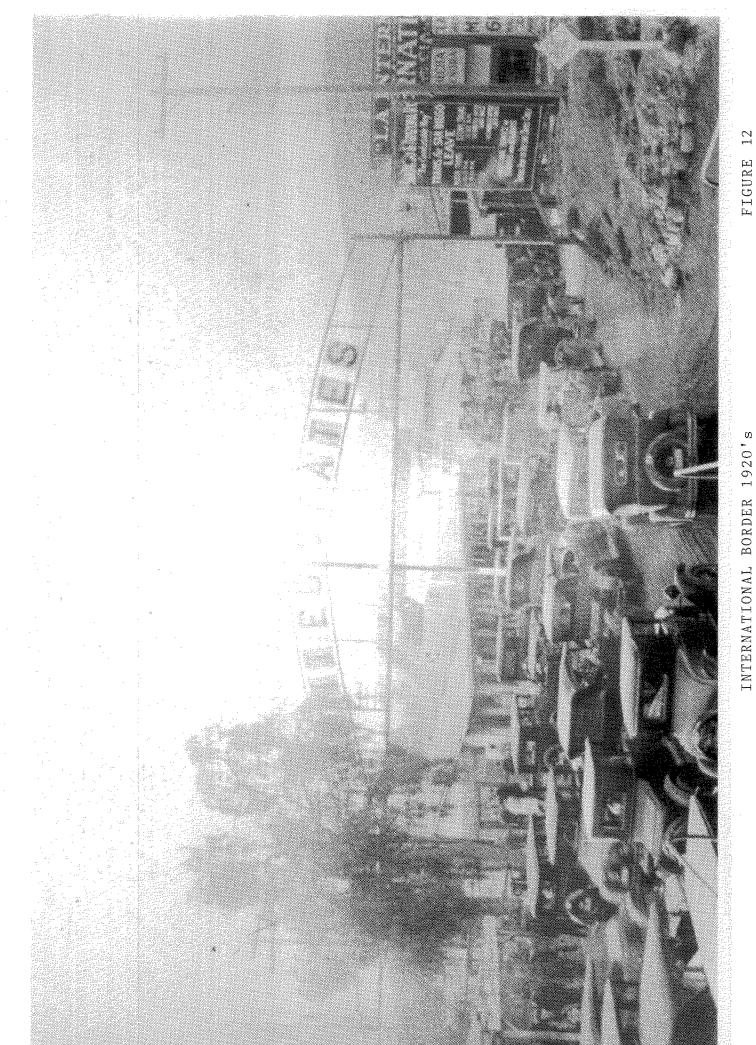
Floods again destroyed bottom lands throughout the county, cutting off communities.

- 1926 Frank Beyers donated a civic center in San Ysidro The community was predominantly Anglo-American at this time.
- 1933 Nationalization of all foreign-owned properties in Mexico. This action severely affected hundreds of Americans who had invested heavily in Tijuana. The economy of San Ysidro suffered as well.
- 1942 Beginning of the Bracero program. This program coincided with the end of World War II, thus the increased Mexican population in San Ysidro and other border towns contributed to a housing shortage for young men returning home from the service. The Bracero program represented an informal agreement between the U.S. and Mexican governments, allowing seasonal importation of workers to help with American harvests.
- early 1950s Mexico passed new laws restricting the employment of Americans in Mexico. At the same time Tijuana began a period of rapid population growth. These two factors changed the composition of the town so that by 1960 a majority of the residents were Mexican nationals or Mexican Americans.

During this period the border crossing at Tijuana became the busiest between the U.S. and another country, surpassing the crossing between Detroit and Toronto.

San Ysidro residents began to question the town's abilities to provide basic municipal services. Community leaders approached the City of San Diego about annexation, primarily, to meet the increased demand for water.

- 1953 San Ysidro Blvd became a six-lane highway; road widenings emphasize the importance of the cross-border traffic.
- 1957 The City of San Diego annexed San Ysidro after a vote by the residents. There was opposition to this in the town. Those in favor of annexation regarded it as necessary to obtain water and other urban services for the town.



Peak year of the Bracero Program. 192,000 workers were brought into the U.S. It is estimated that over 8% remained in San Diego, many in San Ysidro.

- 1963 City of San Diego begins to prepare a development plan for all of South San Diego; at that time San Ysidro was the core of the South San Diego area. The plan, which was prepared in conjunction with an economic study, was presented to the City Council in 1965. The "San Diego Border Area Plan", continued to forecast San Ysidro as the core of South San Diego.
- 1967 In the mid 1960s, San Diego began a decentralized planning program and divided the City into numerous community planning areas; in 1967, the City Council recognized the San Ysidro Planning and Development Group as the citizen planning committee that would work with the City Planning Department in preparing a community plan for San Ysidro.

Traffic was diverted from San Ysidro Blvd to Interstate 5; San Ysidro Blvd no longer serves as an international highway. Beyer Road still carries traffic to the border.

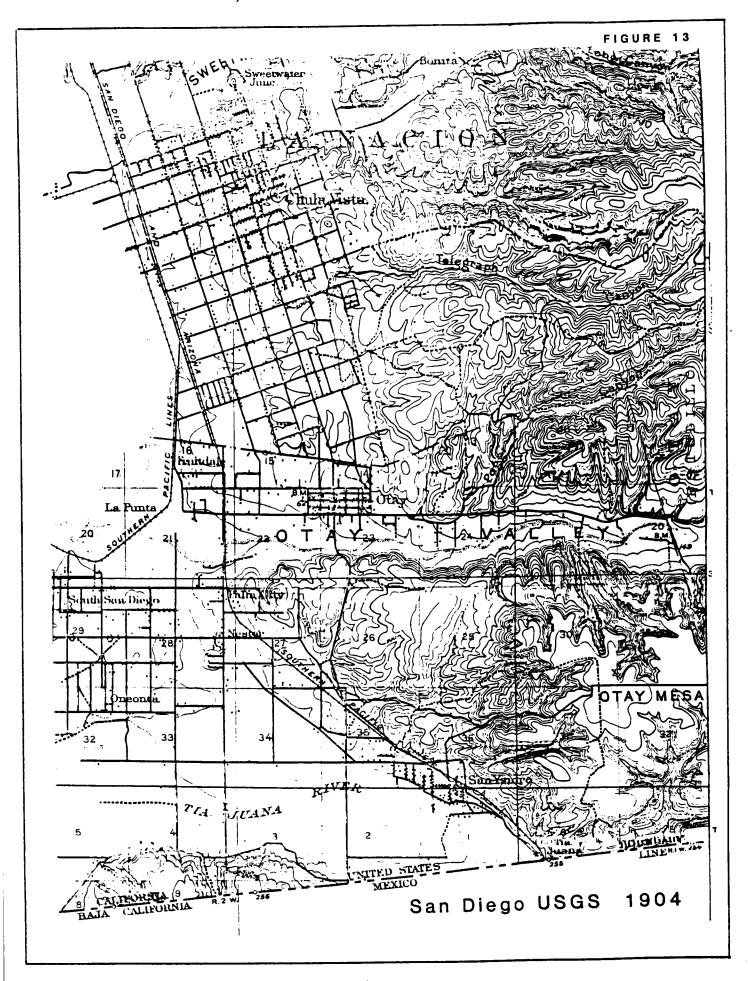
- 1968 San Diego applied for and received a Model Cities planning grant from the Federal Department of Housing and Urban Development. San Ysidro was designated as part of the Model Neighborhood, and guidelines for the Model Cities Planning Program addressing physical, economic and social problems were incorporated into the San Ysidro Community Plan adopted by the City Council in 1974. The community planning area included approximately 1600 acres south of then State Highway 1717 (now I-905), west of I-805, north of Mexico and east of the Tijuana River. The plan proposed a community that would, at buildout, contain a population of approximately 22,500.
- 1973 San Ysidro residents considered deannexation from the City of San Diego; some believed that the community had an adequate tax base to provide its own services. The attempt failed.
- 1974 San Ysidro Community Plan adopted by the City of San Diego.
- 1975 Street system of the town disrupted by the placement of Interstate 805- a large portion of the older residential and commercial areas of the town were removed. Disruption occurred at the break between the original Little Landers

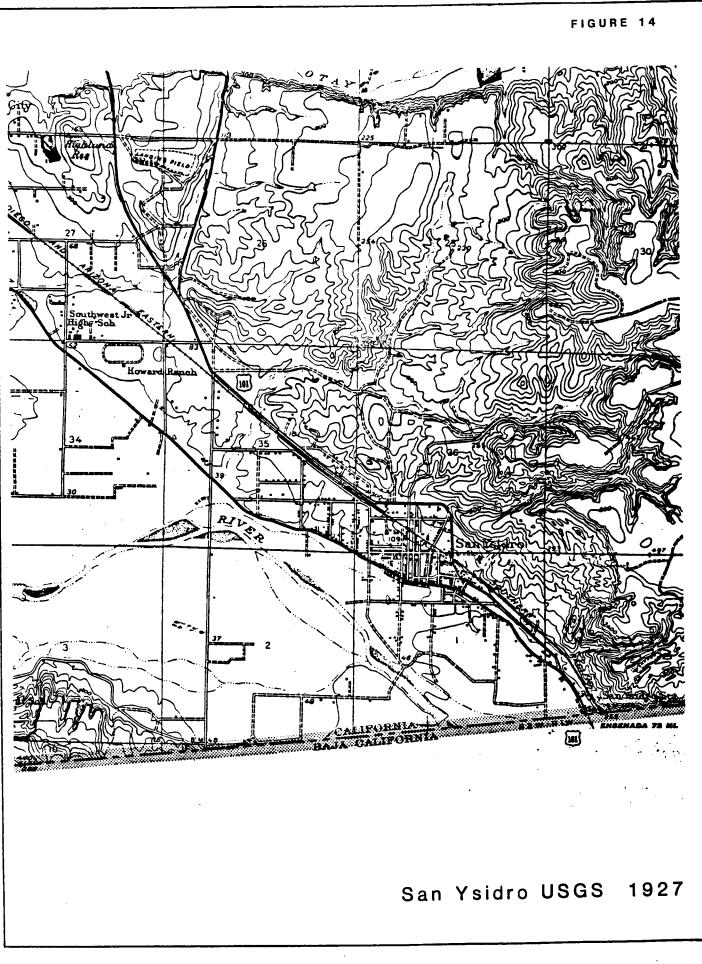
subdivision and a later subdivision. But the freeway took out more than an edge, it created a total break in the street fabric.

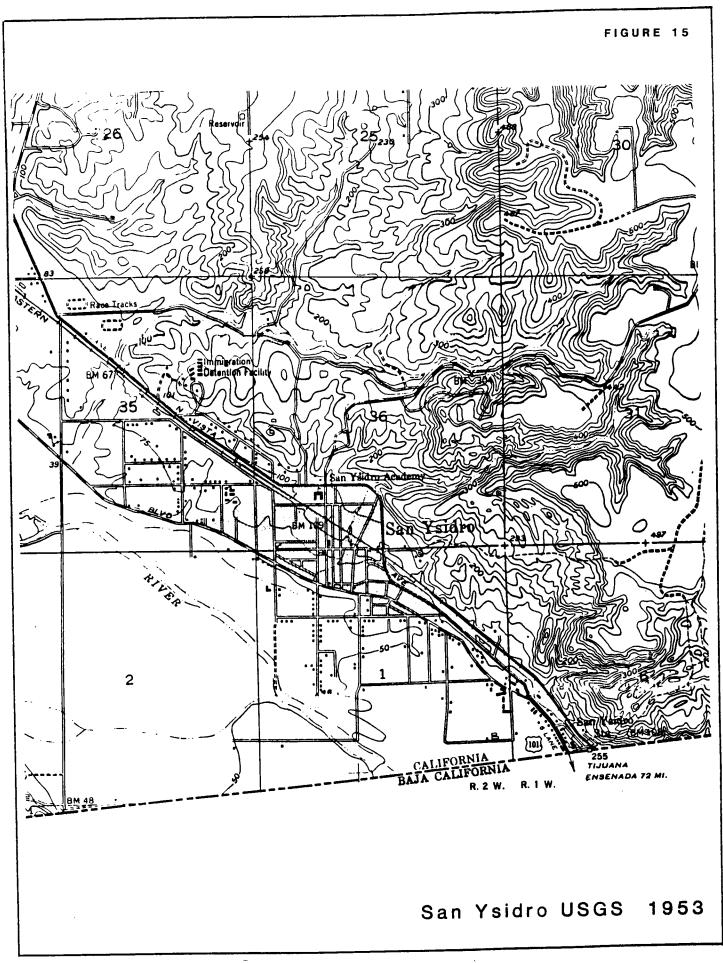
- 1976 Devaluation of the peso. The first devaluation led to a drop in the percentage of business done with Mexican nationals, hurting the retail stores in San Ysidro.
- 1977 As part of the community's continuing efforts to retain a separate identify, community members met with representatives of the U.S. Postal Service to protest the possible loss of San Ysidro's separate zip code.
- 1980s Rapid development of low-income multi-family housing placed strain on the community's facilities and services. Increase in this type of housing brought about a change in the community character- for the most part apartment projects did not blend in or fit with the development that surrounded them.
- 1981 San Diego Trolley completed. With this development it was expected that new tourism would come to the town.
- 1982 Further devaluation of the peso. This led to a decrease in the amount spent in San Ysidro by Mexican Nationals. Many businesses were changed from retail outlets to money exchange houses.
- 1987 March- the American Institute of Architects and City-County Reinvestment Task Force conducted a Regional/Urban Design Assistance Team (R/UDAT) project in San Ysidro.

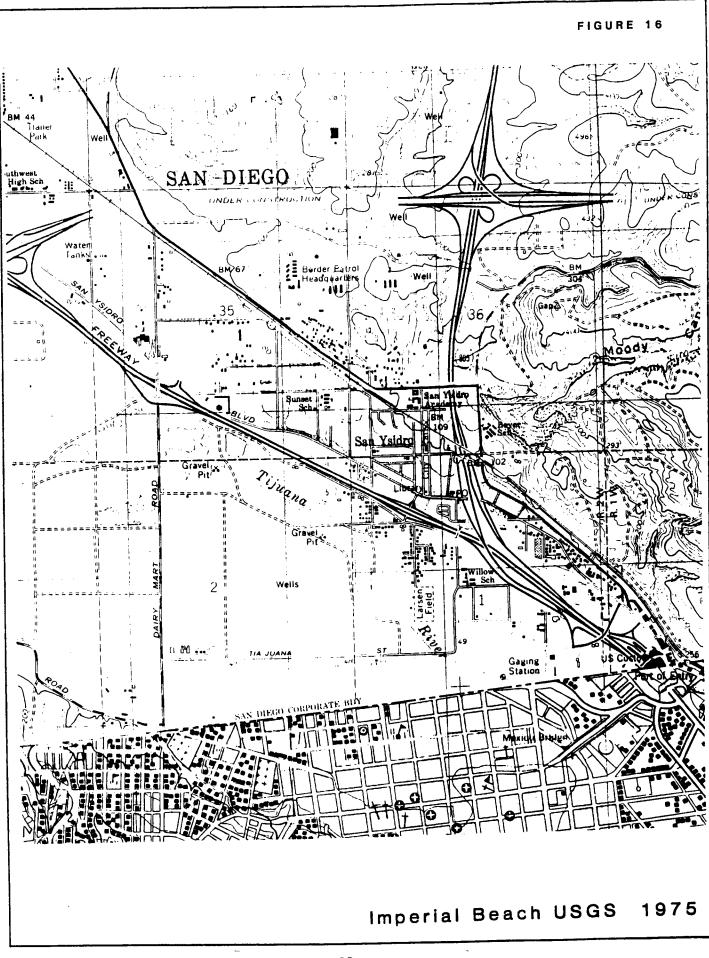
December- based on the R/UDAT recommendations, City of San Diego Planning Department began the community plan revision process.

1988 San Ysidro has become the world's busiest border station. It is the port of entry and temporary place of residence for Mexican immigrants. Over half of the population in San Ysidro are of Mexican descent. A community begun in the early decades of the 20th century as a Euro-American agrarian colony has changed into a multi-ethnic city with a commercial as well as a residential component (see attached vicinity maps and USGS maps).









METHODOLOGY

The primary objective of the San Ysidro Historic Survey was the identification, designation, and preservation of historic and architecturally significant properties within the study area as well as the retention of neighborhood character in the older portion of this community (City of San Diego 1988:1). To adequately assess the study area according to the criteria for evaluation outlined in 36CFR 60 Section 60.6, both field reconnaissance and in-depth research were conducted. Published procedural guidelines for the identification, registration and treatments of cultural resources were carefully followed. These included: How to Apply the National Register Criteria for Evaluation (1982), "Archaeology and Historic Preservation: Secretary of the Interior Standards and Guidelines" (Federal Register September 1983, 36 CFR Part 60-64, 800 and 1210, Appendix b) and "California Historic Resources Inventory Survey Workbook" (1982).

The boundaries of the study area were initially clarified during a tour of the community with Corey Braun of the City of San Diego Planning Department (figure 1). During the on-foot, block by block field portion of the investigation, each structure that appeared to meet the 50 year criteria or was potentially a unique resource was photographed and described. Both color slides and black and white film were used. All structures were photographed from the front. In some cases, where access was possible, side and rear views were taken as well. Prior to field work, a form was created by the consultants that enabled a consistent and thorough description of each structure (figure 2). This form was developed based on attributes of style, form, structure and design elements discussed in McAlester (1984), Blumenson (1981) and The Architectural Supplement to Historical Resources Inventory (State of California Historic Resources Manual). In the field, a form was completed for each structure. Slides were taken so that finished descriptions could

be compared to the actual building and a full and accurate verbal picture would be created on the finished forms. Over the several weeks that were spent in the field many local residents informally talked with the surveyors, supplying information on dates of construction and community lore.

Throughout the course of the investigation primary and secondary archival research and resident interviews were conducted. Over 320 person hours were involved in this phase of the project. For the most part, this research resulted in acquiring little in the way of substantiated site and person-specific information. Major gaps exist in the documentation of San Ysidro's community evolution. As ordinary middle-class and blue collar workers, the majority of San Ysidro inhabitants often left little or no information in the available records.

Over the course of the investigation, Roth and Associates gave two presentations of work in progress. The first was given on February 9, 1989 at the San Ysidro Planning Group Meeting. The second was given in April of 1989 during the R/UDAT revisit to San Ysidro. In both cases, these presentations resulted in community input. Formal interviews were conducted either over the phone or in person. Attempts were made to contact all owners of properties thought to be over 50 years old. One of the interviews was conducted with four long time residents. Photographs and the preliminary forms were viewed by the informants and they were asked about their knowledge of either the building or its occupants. Unfortunately, they offered little in the way of site specific background.

This lack of data is compounded by the paucity of information found in the primary sources. Tax assessors records, extremely useful in understanding construction and addition phases to a property are available. However, they are housed in an area with no public access. Searches are conducted by County personnel and it generally takes one to three months per property to obtain the needed information. Utility records (sewers, water, gas and electric) are incomplete. Sewer records in the County are only kept from 1948 when sanitation districts were

developed; building permits are not kept prior to 1973; San Diego Gas and Electric (SDG&E) saves data for only the past two years; and the San Ysidro Irrigation District files, though available, are not organized in a timely fashion. Further, Directories for San Ysidro do not include street addresses until the 1950s; Sanborn maps of the city are lacking, deeds are often incomplete and difficult to trace for this area; and much of the early newspaper articles regarding the Little Landers community are dramatic, flowery exposes filled with real estate boosterism; exaggeration being the norm.

Aerial photographs and maps were compiled in an effort to understand the settlement patterns of this neighborhood before 1938. Comparison of 1928 and 1929 aerials with a 1954 photograph assisted in separating post World War II in-filling within the study area from potentially older buildings. In addition to the review of these aerials, historical photographs in the archives of the local historic societies and privately held pictures were analyzed as well. To identify potential early settlement owners, the following maps were reviewed: (Note- all maps except the 1909 Little Landers map are on file at the San Diego County Department of Planning and Land Use, Maps and Record Sections. The Little Landers Map is on file at the San Diego History Society (SDHS) Research archives)

MAPS

| 1884 | James Freeman T19SR2W |
|------|--|
| 1858 | John Hayes T18S R2W |
| 1869 | James Pascoe T19S R2W, T18S R2W |
| 1872 | M.C. Wheeler: Official Map of the Western Portion of |
| | San Diego County |
| 1886 | M.C. Wheeler: Old Survey #51, Map of Road in Tia Juana |
| | Road District |
| 1886 | M.C. Wheeler: Survey #259/Field Book 19; 2nd Road District |
| 1896 | George Spencer: Survey #88, Oneonta and Tia Juana Road |
| | Districts and Field Book 13B |
| 1904 | U.S.G.S., San Diego Quadrangle |
| 1909 | Loebenstein, Civil Engineer; Little Landers San Ysidro, |
| | San Diego |
| 1912 | C.S. Alverson: Addition #7 to San Ysidro, Little Landers |
| | Subdivision |

| 1915 | Right-of-way and Track Map San Diego and Arizona Railroad |
|------|---|
| | Station R634-60 to Station R842-137 |
| 1917 | San Diego and Arizona Railroad Station Plan; San Ysidro |
| | Plan, San Diego, California |
| 1928 | C. Buckley: Plat #19, Map of San Ysidro |
| 1943 | U.S.G.S., San Ysidro Quadrangle |
| 1953 | U.S.G.S., San Ysidro Quadrangle |
| nd | Record of Survey Map #9158, San Ysidro Blvd (Sheet 9/9) |

It was not within the scope of work to complete individual chains of title for each of the lots under study. This information, even if completed does not necessarily provide definitive dates of construction. Deed records were researched however from 1909 to 1916 to document the first purchase dates of specific Little Lander parcels. (These data are presented on the Little Landers Subdivision Map; they suggest ownership not necessarily construction dates). Pre-1909 ownership of the original Belcher farm was also traced as well.

In an effort to develop both property specific histories and an overview of San Ysidro as a neighborhood, the following institutions and persons were consulted:

INSTITUTIONS

Academy of Motion Pictures Library, Los Angeles California State Library: California Section, Sacramento Chula Vista Historical Society Mt. Carmel Heights Church, San Ysidro National Trust for Historic Preservation, Washington DC San Diego City Clerks Office, San Diego San Diego City Operations, Mapping Division San Diego County Department of Planning and Land Use: Building Permits Section Maps and Record Division San Diego County Department of Sanitation San Diego County Recorders Office San Diego County Tax Assessor San Diego Gas and Electric- Public Relations Department San Diego Historical Society Photographic Archives Library and Manuscripts Collection

San Diego Public Library: California Room Newspaper Room San Diego Theatre Owners Association San Ysidro Community Church San Ysidro Public Library State of California: The Resources Agency Department of Water Resources, Sacramento University of California San Diego Mandeville Library and Annex University of California Santa Barbara, Art Museum

PERSONAL COMMUNICATIONS

Dixon, Dan: San Ysidro History Francis, Mark: R/UDAT team member/ Historic Fabric of San Ysidro Garcia, Carolyn: Our Lady of Mount Carmel Catholic Church Gebbard, David: Gill architectural drawings on file at UCSB Goldstein, David: MGM/UA Distribution regarding possible movie connection of the International Building Hettich, Joyce: San Ysdiro History Lashler, Margaret: San Ysdiro History Lee, Lawrence: retired professor of history, San Jose State University, Little Landers Colonies in America Pedia, Sam: Breakwater Distributors: regarding possible movie connection of the International Building Poster, Corky, R/UDAT team member- Historic fabric of San Ysidro Reiner, Rev. Hugh M. : San Ysidro Community Church Robinson, Joyce: National Trust for Historic Preservation, Main Street Program Skorepa, Andrea: San Ysidro History Smith Blanch: San Ysidro History Stea, David: R/UDAT team member: social implications of historic element Youmans, Leslie: Youmans family history Valdez, Maria: San Ysidro Hotel Zoley, Teresa: family history Zug, Guy: La Nola Hotel

San Diego City Staff reviewed the initial 128 forms and selected specific structures for additional significance study. The overall lack of data for this area of San Diego, however, resulted in compiling little or no social history for many of the chosen buildings. Where data are available they are presented within the individual evaluations. A detailed significance overview was developed that focuses on the entire neighborhood rather than isolated buildings.

| | <pre>DOURS 21. Placement/location: 22. Design/detail (panels, transems, etc.): 23. Material: 23. Material: PORCHES</pre> | 24. Placement/location: | <pre>INTEGRITY 29. Physical appearance: 30. Degree of change/alterations: 31. Historic significance/representative sample:</pre> | COMMENTS | FIGURE |
|------------|--|---|--|---|--|
| Field Form | HISTORIC EVALUATIONS LOCATION 1. Address: 2. Parcel No.: Owner: Address: | PHYSICAL DESCRIPTION 3. Architectural style: 4. Placement: 6. Roof shape: 7. Additions/alterations: | EXTERIOR TREATMENT 8. Siding material: 9. Design/detail: ROOF | 11. Dormaterial: 12. Eaves: 13. Design/detail: 14. Placement: 16. Material: 16. Design/detail: | WINDOWS 17. Placement/location: 18. Design/detail: 19. Divisions (panes, sathes, transems, etc.): 20. Movement: 20. Movement: |

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17

FIELD RESULTS

During the course of the historic survey, one hundred twenty-eight (128) structures were evaluated as potentially historic structures (see attached Historic Inventory Sheets). The inventory process was both lengthy and time consuming. Inclusion was based on recognized architectural styles, the presence/absence of older vegetation, position on the lot, informant information, and analysis of historic photographs depicting the neighborhood. The one hundred twenty-eight structures recorded represent seven different building uses: 2 churches, 1 library, 1 motel, 1 auto-court, 2 hotels, 13 commercial establishments and 108 residences. After initial review, 27 of these were selected by San Diego City Staff for significance study.

There is no ideal typology for identifying house types. The researchers attempted to select those features of the structure that seem most distinctive (i.e. floor plan, height and roof profile). However, as Rapoport writes:

> "buildings, as all human endeavors, obey varied and often contradictory and conflicting impulses which interfere with the simple and orderly diagrams, models and classifications we love to construct. The complexities of man and his history cannot be encompassed in neat formulas, although the desire to do so characterizes our age" (Rapoport 1969:11).

Between 1890 and 1930, American building types became so fragmented that in the majority of cases, styles cannot "be identified by one or two dominant features (here a pointed window, there a pinnacle, and its Gothic Revival; here a round arch, there a bracket, and its Italiante mansards make it Second Empire. . . . "(Gowans 1987:xiv). As a rule, the homes of the general population, unlike architect-designed houses, did not select decorative elements from a single stylistic

format. <u>The Field Guide to American Houses</u> was used extensively during this investigation to classify the evaluated structures. However, the authors must agree with the criticism of this work expressed by Jakles, Bastian and Meyer: "rather than recognizing basic forms and vernacular origins, the two McAlesters persist in seeing style even where there is little or no style to see" (Jakles et. al. 1989:5).

All the residences within the study area are "common" or "comfortable" homes: small, single-family sized bungalows that offered personal independence for the ordinary person. Evolving at the turn of the century as a result of increased demand for suburban development, the bungalow combined modern conveniences, low maintenance, and ease and economy of construction. Individuality was expressed in the myriad of house choices offered in the dozens of mail-order catalogs. Each catalog company dealt with the population's desire for individual, self-contained space in different ways. As a rule, these homes followed no precise architectural formulas and consequently are of no specific, definable style. They were neither designed by architects no constructed by licensed contractors. In San Ysidro, Elmer and Herbert Youmans, C.J. Young and J.W. Lewis, all non-architects, assisted in the construction of many of the extant structures. Since most of the builders were not professionals in the field, individual homes varied depending on material availability, the carpenter's skill and the available monies and personal domestic needs of the individual home owner.

> "Houses are significant in so far as they reveal the living conditions of a period and the capacity of the people who occupied them. The are a record of human society and of the peculiar genius of a given community". (Helen Reynolds in Jakle et. al. 1989:1)

Based on the definitions presented in Gowans (1987), Blumenson (1981), Harris (1975), Jakle (1989), Longstreet (1987), and various articles found within the <u>Old House Journal</u> (1981-1989), three different

types of bungalow housing were distinguished within the study area: those with accepted craftsman elements; those with Spanish eclectic elements; and vernacular. This catch-all term refers to those homes with simple form, straight lines and a general lack of stylistically distinctive design elements. In addition, two other styles, Art Deco and Mission Revival were used for three non-residential structures. The totals are as follows:

Spanish Eclectic with flat roofs (22), Spanish Eclectic with multiple rooflines (9), Mission Revival (2), craftsman (20), vernacular (74), and art deco (1). Individual style breakdowns as to condition and grade are as follows:

SPANISH ECLECTIC with flat roof (22)

| Condition | | Site Board | Grade |
|--------------|----|------------|-------|
| " | | | |
| Excellent | 1 | Grade 1 | 1 |
| Good | 0 | Grade 2 | 1 |
| Fair | 19 | Grade 3 | 4 |
| Deteriorated | 2 | Grade 4 | 16 |

SPANISH ECLECTIC with multi rooflines (9)

| Condition | | Site Board Grade | |
|--------------|---|------------------|---|
| Excellent | 1 | Grade 1 | 0 |
| Good | 4 | Grade 2 | 0 |
| Fair | 4 | Grade 3 | 1 |
| Deteriorated | 0 | Grade 4 | 8 |

MISSION REVIVAL (2)

| Condition | | Site Board Grade | |
|--------------|---|------------------|--|
| Excellent | 0 | Grade 1 1 | |
| Good | 2 | Grade 2 0 | |
| Fair | 0 | Grade 3 1 | |
| Deteriorated | 0 | Grade 4 0 | |

ART DECO (1)

| Condition | | Site_Board_Grade | |
|-------------|---|------------------|--|
| Excellent | 0 | Grade 1 0 | |
| Good | 0 | Grade 2 1 | |
| Fair | 1 | Grade 3 0 | |
| Deteriorate | 0 | Grade 4 0 | |

CRAFTSMAN (20)

| Condition | | Site Board Gra | Site Board Grade | |
|--------------|---|----------------|------------------|--|
| Excellent | 1 | Grade 1 | 1 | |
| Good | 7 | Grade 2 | 0 | |
| Fair | 9 | Grade 3 | 11 | |
| Deteriorated | 3 | Grade 4 | 7 | |

VERNACULAR (74)

| Condition | | Site Board G | rade |
|--------------|----|--------------|------|
| Excellent | 0 | Grade 1 | 1 |
| Good | 13 | Grade 2 | 0 |
| Fair | 37 | Grade 3 | 7 |
| Deteriorated | 24 | Grade 4 | 66 |

Although "condition" does not alter either the architectural or historical significance of a particular style, it is often used in determining the potential for restoration, rehabilitation or remodeling. Four arbitrary levels of condition were used in this study: "excellent", "good", "fair", and "deteriorated". What could be considered "good" in a middle or lower class neighborhood could be considered "fair" or "deteriorated" in an upper middle-class area. There is no consistent or concise way of measuring condition without an examination of the structural integrity of each house. San Ysidro is reflective of a middle and blue collar working class that often has little time or resources to rehab or maintain older houses that are small, were cheaply constructed and are in need of constant repair.

It is important to note that <u>all</u> evaluations made for this study were based on exterior facades, and in many cases only the front facade. Most, if not all, of the exterior conditions grade into adjoining categories. (i.e. Some buildings have a good front facade but the rear of the structure is rapidly deteriorating. Some buildings have new stucco with associated rotted or unreplaced wood elements; other buildings appear to have a good exterior but the residents report that the house "is ready to fall down"). The listing shown in the following breakdowns for each house represents a blending rather than mutually exclusive categories. For the most part, "fair" and "good" could be interchanged, while "excellent' and "deteriorated" represent the two extremes. The overall results for each structure evaluated for condition are as follows: 3 were rated "excellent", 26 as "good", 70 as "fair" and 29 as "deteriorated".

When studied as individual, isolated buildings, the majority of the structures within the study area do not qualify for federal, state or local historic designation. These homes, generally of no distinctive textbooks style, were dwellings of middle-class and blue collar workers who left little or no record in the local annals. The structures are neither architecturally nor historically unique. Although often in poor or deteriorated condition, the homes selected as of possible local importance were chosen because they were either good examples of the small, single-family home built in the early decades of the 20th century or they are known to have been built or lived in by early inhabitants of this community.

A breakdown by Historic Site Board Grade can be summarized as Grade #1- 4 structures, Grade #2- 2 structures, Grade #3- 24 structures and Grade #4- 98 structures: (see Table 1 for evaluation of all 128 structures)

POTENTIAL NATIONAL REGISTER SIGNIFICANCE (HSB Grade 1)

| Address | Style | Condition | |
|-----------------|--------------------------|--------------|--|
| 260 Mesa | Craftsman | Excellent | |
| 147-149 SY Blvd | Span. Eclec-flat roof | Fair | |
| 133 SY Blvd | Vernacular | Deteriorated | |
| 173 Hall | Mission Revival | Good | |

POTENTIAL STATE LEVEL SIGNIFICANCE (HSB Grade 2)

| Address | Style | <u>Condition</u> |
|---------------|---------------------------|------------------|
| 755 E SY Blvd | Art Deco | Fair |
| 101 W SY Blvd | Span. Eclec- flat roof | Excellent |

POTENTIAL LOCAL LEVEL SIGNIFICANCE (HSB Grade 3)

| Address | Style | <u>Condition</u> |
|--------------------|---------------------------------|------------------|
| 159 W Park | Span. Eclec- flat roof | Fair |
| 125 Cypress | Vernacular | Good |
| 240 Pepper | Craftsman | Fair |
| 213 E Beyer | Span. Eclec- flat roof | Fair |
| 123 Seaward | Craftsman | Deteriorated |
| 117 Seaward | Vernacular | Deteriorated |
| 143 SY Blvd (rear) | Vernacular | Deteriorated |
| 148 SY Blvd | Span. Eclec- flat roof | Fair |
| 631 SY Blvd | Span. Eclec- multi. roofline | Fair |
| 114 Hall | Mission Revival | Good |

| Address | <u>Style</u> | <u>Condition</u> |
|----------------|---------------------------|------------------|
| 109 Hall | Vernacular | Fair |
| 123 Hall | Craftsman | Fair |
| 159 Hall | Span. Eclec- flat roof | Fair |
| 158 E Park | Vernacular | Fair |
| 154 E Park | Vernacular | Fair |
| 218 E Park | Craftsman | Good |
| 251 Cottonwood | Craftsman | Good |
| 207 Cottonwood | Craftsman | Fair |
| 2383 Smythe | Craftsman | Fair |
| 2277 Smythe | Craftsman | Deteriorated |
| 2267 Smythe | Craftsman | Deteriorated |
| 2374 Smythe | Vernacular | Fair |
| 304 W SY Blvd | Craftsman | Good |

POTENTIAL LOCAL LEVEL SIGNIFICANCE (HSB Grade 3)

¢

In assessing the potential significance of the proposed San Ysidro Historic District, the area must be viewed as a single, cohesive entity. The core area was initially designed to function as a neighborhood and although cultural make-up and density has changed, this area still reflects the original intent of providing a sense of place to its citizens. This sense of belonging was best described by Mrs. Nora Youmans:" at the time (1926) it was a community, not just a place to drive through there was no better place to raise a family".

| Table | 1 |
|-------|---|
|-------|---|

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| STREET | STYLE | CONDITION | SHB GRADE |
|-----------|---------------------|--------------|-----------|
| WEST PARK | | | |
| 314 | Span Eclec-flat | Fair | 4 |
| 312 | Vernacular | Deteriorated | 4 |
| 279 | Vernacular | Fair | 4 |
| 233 * | Craftsman | Good | 4 |
| 227 | Vernacular | Fair | 4 |
| 207 | Vernacular | Fair | 4 |
| 159 * | Span Eclec-flat | Fair | 3 |
| 155 | Vernacular | Fair | 4 |
| 147 | Span Eclec-multiple | Fair | 4 |
| 143 | Vernacular | Deteriorated | 4 |
| 139 | Craftsman | Good | 4 |
| 129 | Vernacular | Fair | 4 |
| 121 | Vernacular | Fair | 4 |
| 112 | Vernacular | Fair | 4 |
| CYPRESS | | | |
| 125 * | Vernacular | Good | 3 |
| 122 | Vernacular | Fair | 4 |
| 124 | Vernacular | Fair | 4 |
| PEPPER | | | |
| 130 | Vernacular | Fair | 4 |
| 218 | Vernacular | Good | 4 |
| 240 * | Craftsman | Fair | 3 |
| EAST BEYE | R | | |
| 2313 | Span Eclec-flat | Fair | 3 |
| SANGER | | | |
| 98 | Vernacular | Deteriorated | |
| 97 | Span Eclec-multiple | Good | 4 |
| 93 | Span Eclec-multiple | Fair | 4 |
| BLANCHE | | | |
| 98 | Vernacular | Fair | 4 |

| Table | 1 cont |
|-------|--------|
|-------|--------|

| OLIVE | | | | |
|-------|-----|---------------------|--------------|-----|
| OLIVE | | | | |
| | | | | |
| 136 | | Vernacular | Fair | 4 |
| 159 | | Vernacular | Fair | 4 |
| 151-1 | 155 | Vernacular | Deteriorated | 4 |
| 149 | | Vernacular | Fair | 4 |
| 147 | | Vernacular | Deteriorated | |
| 129 | ¥ | Vernacular | Deteriorated | 4 |
| SELLS | WAY | | | |
| 169 | | Vernacular | Deteriorated | 4 |
| 167 | | Span Eclec-flat | Deteriorated | 4 |
| 149 | | Vernacular | Fair | 4 |
| 145 | | Vernacular | Fair | 4 |
| 139 | | Vernacular | Fair | 4 |
| SEAWA | RD | | | |
| 295 | | Span Eclec-flat | Fair | 4 |
| 285 | | Span Eclec-flat | Fair | 4 |
| 129 | | Span Eclec-multiple | Good | 4 |
| 123 | * | Craftsman | Deteriorated | - |
| 117 | × | Vernacular | Deteriorated | 1 3 |
| 124 | | Vernacular | Good | 4 |
| 163 | | Vernacular | Good | 4 |
| 108 | | Vernacular | Good | 4 |
| MESA | | | | |
| 260 | * | Craftsman | Excellent | 1 |
| 252 | * | Span Eclec-multiple | Good | 4 |

Table 1 cont

| STREET | STYLE | CONDITION | SHB GRADE |
|----------------------|---------------------|--------------|-----------|
| WEST SAN YSIDRO BLVD | | | |
| 171 | Span Eclec-flat | Fair | 4 |
| 165 | Span Eclec-flat | Fair | 4 |
| 159 | Craftsman | Fair | 4 |
| 147-149 * | Span Eclec-flat | Fair | 1 |
| 143 | Span Eclec-flat | Fair | 4 |
| Rear 143 * | Vernacular | Deteriorated | 3 |
| 140 | Span Eclec-flat | Fair | 4 |
| 133 * | Vernacular | Deteriorated | 1 |
| 125 | Span Eclec-flat | Fair | 4 |
| 109 | Vernacular | Fair | 4 |
| 101 * | Span Eclec-flat | Excellent | 2 |
| 64, 73, 83 | Span Eclec-flat | Fair | 4 |
| 150 A | Vernacular | Deteriorated | 4 |
| 150-152 | Span Eclec-flat | Fair | 4 |
| 128-134 | Vernacular | Fair | 4 |
| 148 * | Span Eclec-flat | Fair | 3 |
| 154 | Span Eclec-flat | Fair | 4 |
| 138 | Span Eclec-flat | Fair | 4 |
| 305 | Craftsman | Good | 3 |
| EAST SAN YSIDRO BLVD | | | |
| 631 * | Span Eclec-multiple | Fair | 3 |
| 755 * | Art Deco | Fair | 2 |

| Tab] | .e 1 | cont |
|------|------|------|
|------|------|------|

| STREET | STYLE | CONDITION | SHB GRADE |
|-----------|---------------------|--------------|-----------|
| HALL | | | |
| 172 | Vernacular | Good | 4 |
| 166 | Vernacular | Good | 4 |
| 158 | Span Eclec-multiple | Excellent | 4 |
| 148 * | Vernacular | Fair | 4 |
| 146 | Craftsman | Fair | 4 |
| 144 | Vernacular | Deteriorated | 4 |
| 138 | Vernacular | Good | 4 |
| 122 | Vernacular | Fair | 4 |
| 114 * | Mission Revival | Good | 3 |
| 110 | Vernacular | Fair | 4 |
| 195–197 | Vernacular | Deteriorated | 4 |
| 109 | Vernacular | Fair | 3 |
| 119 | Span Eclec-flat | Fair | 4 |
| 123 | Craftsman | Fair | 3 |
| 127 | Vernacular | Fair | 4 |
| 141 | Vernacular | Fair | 4 |
| 145 | Craftsman | Fair | 4 |
| 159 | Span Eclec-flat | Fair | 3 |
| 167 | Span Eclec-multiple | Good | 4 |
| 173 * | Mission Revival | Good | 1 |
| EAST PARK | | | |
| 106 | Vernacular | Good | 4 |
| 110 | Vernacular | Fair | 4 |
| 130 * | Vernacular | Fair | 4 |
| 134 | Craftsman | Good | 4 |
| 144-146 | Span Eclec-flat | Deteriorated | 4 |
| 154 * | Vernacular | Fair | 3 |
| 158 * | Vernacular | Fair | 3 |
| 206 | Craftsman | Good | 4 |
| 210 | Vernacular | Deteriorated | 1 4 |
| 212 | Vernacular | Deteriorated | 1 4 |
| 216 * | Span Eclec-multiple | Fair | 4 |
| 218 * | Craftsman | Good | 3 |
| 254 | Vernacular | Deteriorated | i 4 |
| 266 | Span Eclec-flat | Fair | 4 |

| Table | 1 | cont |
|-------|---|------|
|-------|---|------|

| STREET | STYLE | CONDITION SHB | GRADE |
|------------------|------------|---------------|-------|
| COTTONWOOD | | | |
| 315 | Vernacular | Deteriorated | 4 |
| 261 | Vernacular | Deteriorated | 4 |
| 257 | Vernacular | Good | 4 |
| 255 | Vernacular | Fair | 4 |
| 253 | Vernacular | Fair | 4 |
| 251 * | Craftsman | Good | 3 |
| 251 1/2 * | Vernacular | Good | 4 |
| 215 | Vernacular | Deteriorated | 4 |
| 211 1/2 | Vernacular | Deteriorated | 4 |
| 209 | Vernacular | Deteriorated | 4 |
| 207 | Craftsman | Fair | 3 |
| 201 | Vernacular | Deteriorated | 4 |
| 220 | Vernacular | Deteriorated | 4 |
| 224 | Vernacular | Good | 4 |
| SMYTHE | | | |
| 2383 | Craftsman | Fair | 3 |
| 2375 | Vernacular | Good | 4 |
| 2371 | Craftsman | Fair | 4 |
| 2367 | Vernacular | Fair | 4 |
| 2311 | Vernacular | Fair | 4 |
| 2303 | Vernacular | Fair | 4 |
| 2285 | Craftsman | Fair | 3 |
| 2277 | Craftsman | Deteriorated | 3 |
| 2267 | Craftsman | Deteriorated | 4 |
| 2362 | Vernacular | Fair | 4 |
| 2374 | Vernacular | Fair | 3 |
| | | | |

(* - structures selected either by the City or the consultant requiring significance statement on the resource form)

SIGNIFICANCE STATEMENT

(NOTE: This significance statement is duplicated within the Appendix and referred to within individual resource sheets; the statement was duplicated in the event that the appendix and the main body of the report became separated during the review process).

Under accepted criteria, few of the individual structures within the study area qualify for federal, state, or local historic designation. Throughout its history, San Ysidro has been the home to few individuals who would qualify as persons important in history. As ordinary middle-class and blue collar workers, the majority of San Ysidro inhabitants often left little or no record in the local annals. Even the local residents interviewed during the course of the investigation offered little in the way of site specific background. This lack of data is compounded by the paucity of information found in the primary sources. Directories for San Ysidro do not include street addresses until the late 1950s; Sanborn maps are lacking; deeds are often incomplete and impossible to trace back to original ownership; irrigation and sewer records are incomplete; and local archives contain only fragments of lore that often lack references. Since it was not part of the scope of work, complete individual chain of titles were not compiled. This information, even if completed, does not necessarily provide a date of construction. The overall lack of data for this area resulted in compiling little or no social history for many of the structures selected by the city for additional study.

The concept of historic preservation, however, has grown beyond the confines of mere architecture to include the landscape itself:

> The single building is but an element in a complex civic or landscape design. Except in the abstraction of drawing or photography, no building exists in a void: it functions as a part of a greater whole and can be seen and felt only through dynamic participation in that whole. (Mumford 1955:ix).

In assessing the potential significance of the proposed San Ysidro historic district, it is imperative that the study area be viewed beyond the mere architectural descriptions of individual structures coupled with sketchy biographical data of earlier inhabitants. This area is more than simply isolated "old houses" that retain certain stylistic elements reflective of an earlier period of San Diego's suburban history. This historical environment is rather the sum of the buildings, and its landscape. The spatial relationship of various buildings to each other, the pattern of the streets and roads, the location of major services and the chosen styles for individual homes combine to reflect both the ideals of the original founders of the colony and the visually apparent transformation of the community and its support institutions. Even as it moved away from its basic agrarian character, the original planned community of San Ysidro had the capacity to absorb change while at the same time retain its historical landscape (see attached 1928 and 1954 historic aerial photographs and the Little Landers site map). These figures visually depict the continuity of the neighborhood plan within the historic survey area. If the area is to be nominated as a local, state of national district, its significance lies in suburban planning rather than in the importance of individual houses or subjective aesthetic values. Unlike other planned communities in the San Diego area such as Rancho Santa Fe where an environment based on picturesque principles was created or districts that contain distinctive, uncompromised architecture such as Balboa Park and Golden Hills, the homes in San Ysidro are as a rule small and of no specific textbook style; no two are the same and most are in fair to poor condition. As a neighborhood, however, cohesion is evident.

In January of 1909, the Little Landers Colony #1 was formally incorporated (A detailed article regarding the Little Landers development was written by Lee (1975). Unless otherwise noted, information regarding the Little Landers was extracted from that source). Five hundred and fifty acres of land had been purchased, with streets, parks, town lots and acre plots marked out for prospective colonists. Prior to 1909, the area surrounding what was to

become San Ysidro, had been the site of farms layed out like a ribbon along the main artery of transportation between San Diego and Baja California. The subdivision of "Tia Juana" had been developed by the real estate firm of Hart and Stern in the valley area south and west nearer the international border. This small, rural community was destroyed by a flood in 1891 and never fully recovered.

William Smythe, a successful back-to-the-land colonizer and George Hall, former chairman of the California State Board of Horticulture, selected the site of the Belcher Ranch in the Tia Juana River Valley as the location for their settlement. As was typical of the suburban development genre that had evolved throughout the United States since the 1820s, the site was selected not only because of its fertile soil and available water, but also because of its access to a city. Since the 1820s, reformers had attempted to combine what was perceived as the best qualities of city and country: modern city conveniences melded with country ambiance. This movement, professing the borderland good life, had by the 1880s built into "a flood of articles, books, and even poetry that nearly overwhelmed publishers in the 1890s and succeeding decades". This literature mirrored and shaped turn of the century middle-class thinking (Stilgoe 1988:168). The 1906 San Francisco earthquake with "the toppling of towers and bridges quickly became a metaphor for the collapse of social and economic order, the end of traditional virtue" (Stilgoe 1988:280). Capitalizing on the fear and insecurities felt by much of the middle class, reformers such as Smythe offered an answer for economic and cultural security: "A little land and a living"; it was perceived by many "that it is the family on the acre of land which improves the national character" (Little Landers advertising, n.d.). The progressive literature glorified the single family home as the proper atmosphere to cement family ties and elevate community spirit. Combined with the preoccupation with health, fresh air and a general move away from the plight of urban industrial cities, many designs for community living had evolved.

In San Ysidro, lots were large enough for gardening yet aligned on streets to avoid the dangers associated with rural isolation. Community life was centered in Redwood Hall, where town meetings, church services, the library and classes in Spanish, gardening and philosophy were conducted. These institutions, established the first summer combined with Mrs. Smythe's Thursday afternoon social gatherings gave promise of cultural advancement, a major feature of the Little Landers design for community living. These events were designed to "prove that gracious living could elevate what otherwise was a drab existence" (Smythe 1909:3-4).

In 1909, the community had been layed out with townsite lots measuring 50 feet by 120 feet selling for \$250.00 and acre tracts selling at \$350- \$500, depending on location and soil. In addition to the townsite lots and acre tracts, linear parks were also planned. The townsite was planned in a traditional grid fashion. Many suburbs of the preceding decades used curved streets and broad areas of rural, landscaped open space to create a sense of picturesque, country tranquility. The Little Landers Plat, however, is a community of rectangular townsites and parks, straight roads intersecting at angles and acre tracts outside the townsite (see attached Little Landers plot map). This general plan could be perceived as an eden based on order. To reformers such as Smythe, the anti-wilderness connotation of straightness and thereby order mattered in a world viewed as chaotic.

The initial Little Landers plan called for each member of the colony to purchase a town lot and an acre away from the core community for agricultural pursuits. Deed restrictions specifically restricted minorities and defined 30 foot set-backs for homes, the mandatory planting of yards, and in the first few deeds, it was specified that house plans had to be approved by the Colony's architect. (This was dropped from the deeds almost immediately). Unlike many of the planned communities that developed during this era where houses were actually built and restrictions much more rigid, Little Landers had realized that this static "scientific" approach to living went against the individualist

grain for many Americans. Though restricted to who could live in the community, individuality was allowed in house design, garden plantings and agricultural pursuits. By the fall of 1910, 38 families were living in San Ysidro. Many of the original purchasers of land had been speculators who refused to carry out the terms of their contracts and actually never lived in the village. The company, by this time, had not made good on all its promises regarding roads, sidewalks, sewers, street lighting and supplying water to the struggling colonists. Further difficulties resulted when many of the settlers used all of their available income to purchase the land and seeds, leaving no cash to build a permanent house or buy other needed supplies. Historic photographs show that rather than the small Craftsman bungalows preferred by the founders, many of the colonists were living in tents and crude lean-to structures.

By 1910, the original rule requiring families to buy a lot and an acre plot was dropped. A family could now buy either a townsite or as many acres as they felt they could successfully plant. This change in ownership resulted in an increase in population of people who simply wanted to live in the community rather than practice agriculture. By 1912, again in order to increase the population so that an irrigation district could be formed. George Hall contributed land for the parks and landscaped them using arbors and bridges in the Downey tradition. Forty-seven new homes were built in 1912, increasing the population of San Ysidro to approximately 300 people.

Smythe's endeavor had gained national attention through a promotional campaign that included brochures, postcards and leaflets filled with personal testimony of the success of the colony. The initial ideals of the community ("a little land and a living") however had been compromised from the beginning. Many of the original settlers were middle class professionals (teachers, doctors, etc.) and single women who had been educated in wanting the better life symbolized by the Little Landers Colony and other suburban developments. Yet many of these early colonists had little experience or training in

agriculture and were unable to make a living on their plots. Consequently, they were forced to commute to the city in order to remain economically secure. In addition to the large number of agricultural novices attracted to San Ysidro, many of the earlier settlers were elderly: "many of the early settlers were white middle class elderly city dwellers with limited personal capital who had a rural childhood or a sentimental attachment for the soil and sought refuge from eastern cities because of retirement, ill health or economic adversity" (Lee 1975:41). In addition to the lack of skills, equipment, and working capital, problems dealing with the equality of the marketing system plagued the Little Landers community.

A different type of population increase occurred when the Jockey Club across the border was opened in 1916, with many of the 300 employees moving into San Ysidro. By this time, the restrictions on minorities had been dropped. The 1916 Hatfield flood completely destroyed any hope of the Little Landers becoming a successful community: 100 families lost their homes and by 1918, the Little Landers Incorporated was extinguished for failure to pay the state franchise tax of 1917. From this date, acre plots began to be subdivided into smaller individual holdings.

Following World War I, both the homestead ideal and back-to-the-land movements that had swept the U.S. had been replaced in the American psyche. The shortage of American labor from World War I and the flu epidemic impacted the nation as a whole. San Ysidro, as a border town, saw a steady increase of immigration populations arriving to fill the void.

It was in the early 1920s that San Ysidro began to completely loose its agricultural character. An engineer's survey of 1922 noted work would be done to provide fire protection for what had become largely a residential community (Lee 1975:47). In 1923: "there was built or under construction in the town more than 100 dwelling house's indicating a growth in population of a least 500" (San Ysidro Irrigation District 212-6, #2, File 1084b). By 1928, the population was estimated at 1200: "many new homes and business buildings having

been constructed recently" (<u>Sun</u> 2-28-28). Laborers and entertainers who worked in Tijuana in the casinos and race tracks lived in San Ysidro, crossing the border daily to work. By the 1920s the urban-industrial transformation that was sweeping the entire nation reached well into the suburbs and outlying communities. San Ysidro was not excluded from this change. The community focus gradually changed to cater to tourists and the commercial and social needs of an ethnically mixed town. The construction of hotels, auto courts, a permanent library, new churches, etc. reflect this change. In addition, the growing change in the ethnicity and economy of San Ysidro becomes apparent when the directories of the 1920s are reviewed; besides noting a wider range of occupations and available services, Spanish surnames begin to become more common.

This growth and change is further documented in the architectural changes that occurred. "In every period, homes reflect changing times and the evolving ambitions of their owners" (Reeves 1988:181). The earliest home (the San Ysidro Inn), which predates the 1909 Little Landers settlement, was constructed as a typical white, vernacular farmstead building, symbolizing the rural ideals of an earlier period of American history. With the Little Landers, the small craftsman type bungalow came into vogue. This structure, projecting an image of deeply rooted security and family unity, had become a sign of up-ward mobility associated with naturalism and Amercanism. This style and variants on the simple vernacular form continued to be built in San Ysidro throughout the 1920s with the addition of a new style, the Spanish Eclectic. The change to Spanish Eclectic style bungalows and the construction of numerous commercial buildings in the same style reflect the move in Southern California to redefine the past based on a Spanish heritage. What had become vogue in the upper class society had, by the mid to late 1920s, filtered down into the communities of the working class. This move to a new style had an economic base as well. Because of the rising cost of lumber, Spanish stucco and frame was cheaper to build than previous styles. As a result, thousands of these small, single family bungalows were built throughout Southern California. These homes, as

before, were for the most part not designed by architects. Individual homeowners purchased and constructed house styles available in dozens of catalogs. These homes were typically inexpensive to construct and maintain.

In San Ysidro, since World War II poorly planned infilling has occurred on a frequent basis. Although severely compromised by the construction of multi-stored apartments, move-on military housing, and poorly built houses, the historic core of the area is still visible.

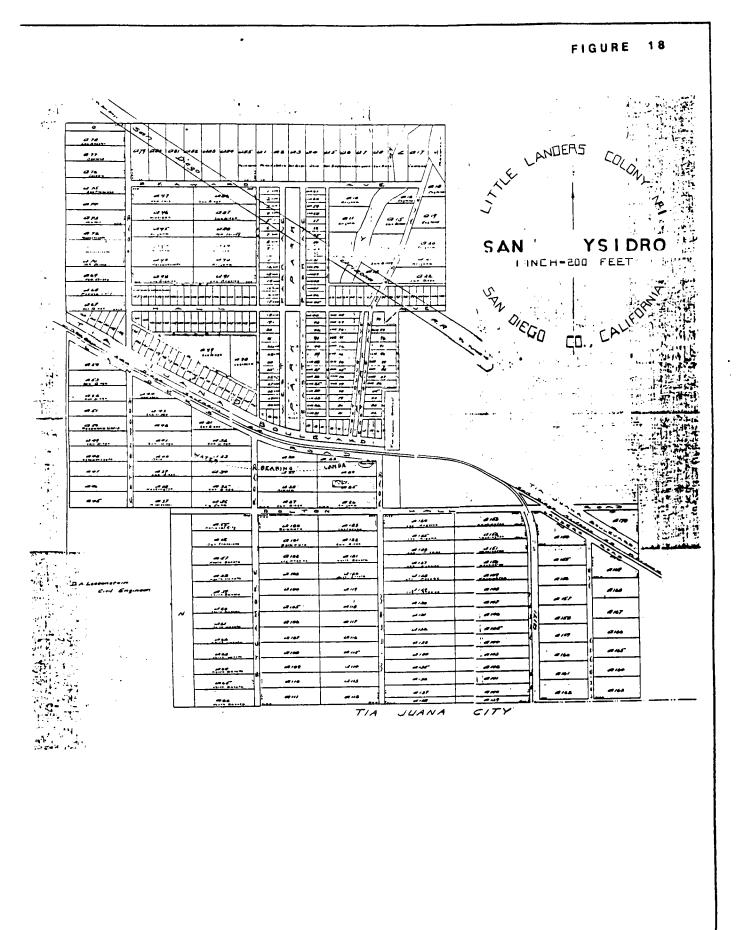
Unlike the suburb developments of post World War II, where individuality seldom was expressed in neighborhood construction, small communities like San Ysidro reflect individual tastes, while at the same time retaining the concept of neighborhood; a concept that is rapidly disappearing in middle and upper-middle class areas where suburbia is often interpreted as row upon row of monotonous, impersonal planned communities. . . "few of them expressing more than conformity to a bland national taste. "(Reeve 1988:147). The core area of San Ysidro was initially designed to function as a neighborhood and although the cultural make-up and density have changed, it still reflects the original intent of providing a sense of place and belonging to its inhabitants. San Ysidro serves as an example of the intertwining of vernacular architecture and man-made landscapes of parks, narrow deep lots and set backs for yards that blended a variety of influences to create a feelings of informal, cozy living with a community cohesiveness.

> "While the history of a town's form is much broader than the history of a single house, one can be reasonably confident that the cultural values that operate in a town's planning in some measure also influences the planning of its homes " (Upton and Vlach 1987:124).

San Ysidro is not a town of static facades frozen in an early 20th century arcadian community. Rather, it is a changing, dynamic neighborhood that retains architectural qualities from different periods of its evolving history. "The significant factor in California history is the interaction of successive immigration waves upon its life and culture. . . . And nowhere is

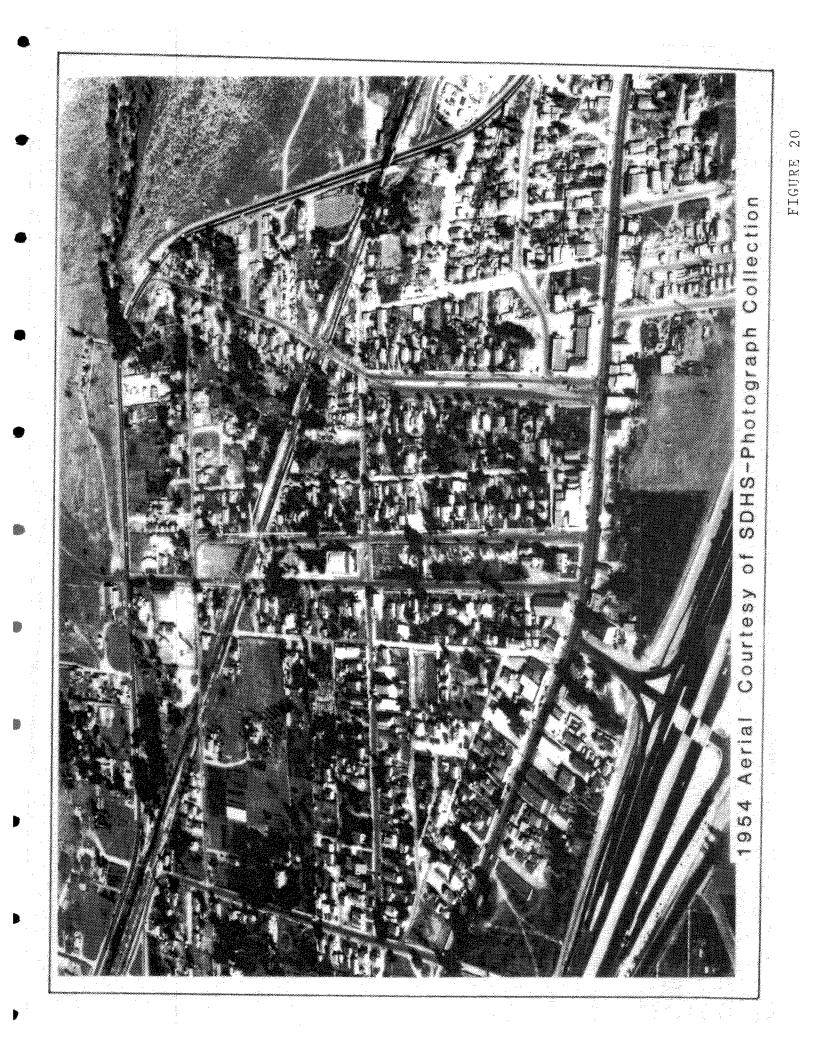
this so evident as in architecture styles: (Kirker 1985: 53). San Ysidro has evolved from primarily a middle-class community with white Protestant roots in the mid-west to a suburb of mixed ethnic backgrounds; over the century of settlement, as styles, densities and cultural heritage changed, the concept of neighborhood has been-maintained.

Commerical, institutional and residential buildings representing vernacular, Spanish Eclectic, Mission Revival, Craftsman and Art Deco architectural genres were detailed in the first phase of the historic inventory for San Ysidro (see attached maps for project boundaries). As stated in the beginning, in terms of historic significance very few of the buildings in San Ysidro could be successfully nominated as outstanding examples of architecture or places associated with important people or historic events. Only three to five of the single family dwellings and seven of the extant non-residential buildings (San Ysidro Hotel, La Nola Hotel, The International, the San Ysidro Library, the Community Congregation Church, Templo de Restauracion and the Ferreteria International Hardware Supply Store) could be realistically considered. The emphasis for each of the evaluations will be one that stresses suburban design and community character, rather than isolated architectural design elements or resident history.



Little Landers Map Loebenstein 1909





RECOMMENDATIONS

There is more to preservation and historic designations than the individual historical ideals that change depending on what special interest group is consulted. Some preservationists, for example, seek accurate restoration to the point of replacing nails, glass and woods with nothing but originals; opting for restoring only the grandest buildings to a frozen moment in time. While this approach is sometimes desirable, for San Ysidro the goal should be to protect and maintain the communal heritage; to enrich the present and future by using remnants of the past in an intelligent and economically feasible way. The approach for appropriate rehabilitation of the San Ysidro neighborhood is to leave the buildings and the landscape functional while at the same time retain those qualities that reflect a sense of time and place. A successful program will allow for preservation, restoration, renovation, revitalization and reuse of the existing resources and allow historically sensitive infilling. An adequately developed plan can renew civic pride by physically involving the people who live in the area in both decision making and the revitalization process. By educating the public as to their options and the availability of various incentive programs, the restrictions placed on the area as a result of an historic designation will not be viewed by the residents as merely another example of beauractic control.

> "El Pueblito historic district is recommended for the protection, preservation and restoration of San Ysidro's principal physical resource. The intent is not to make "El Pueblito" a quaint historical museum. Instead it is to shut down inappropriate and destructive new residential construction, restore dignity to commercial areas along San Ysdiro Blvd, provide an opportunity for a major new village plaza, and put control of development back into the hands of the people". (R/UDAT 1989: Housing)

As clearly discussed in the Significance Overview of the foregoing report, San Ysidro has undergone considerable change over the past one hundred years. However, it still retains a sense of its historic past. In

assessing the potential significance of the proposed San Ysidro Historic District, it is imperative that the study area be viewed beyond the architectural and sketchy biographical data of earlier inhabitants. When studied as isolated buildings, the majority of the 128 evaluated structures do not qualify for federal, state, or local historic designation; they are neither architecturally nor historically significant. The area must be viewed as a single, cohesive entity; a neighborhood. The core area is a community that retains the fabric of narrow streets, deep lots, a linear park and a tightly grouped commercial district reflective of both the original Little Landers subdivision and early 1920s changes.

Many of the concerns addressed in both the 1987 and 1989 R/UDAT reports have direct bearing on whether or not the study area should be nominated as a historic district. These issues include:

> 1) Is it the historic houses of "El Pueblito" that need to be preserved or is it the way of life that it represents which is in need of preservation?

2) Would a Historic District accomplish this preservation of a culture or way of living or will it merely put a new layer of bureaucracy on individual decisions?

3) Are there any financial incentives associated with an Historic District that enable the residents directly and personally to benefit from the designation?

4) Will the community control its own process or will an Historic District remove the ability of San Ysidro residents to control their most important residential neighborhood?

5) How far reaching will the Historic District requirements be? Will it impact all improvement decisions such as painting and landscaping or will it control only block-buster multi-family housing development as it was intended to do? 6) Is there community support for the idea; is there enough support for the idea to make it a reality; is there a community process of discussion and education that can make it a reality? (R/UDAT 1989: Housing)

Communities have a legitimate interest in preserving local historic neighborhoods, however the means towards making such decisions may be traditionally different for each culture. Public hearings conducted for San Ysidro have been unsuccessful in generating enthusiasm for the establishment of an historic district in San Ysidro; few, if any, residents within the study area have attended the two meetings given by Roth and Associates dealing with individual house identification, gathering bibliographic background or designating portions of the area as a historic district. Local residents interviewed during the field portion of this contract where unaware of the legal and planning limits associated with historic designation; their primary concern was: "whether historic nomination would prevent improvements to their property; could they split their parcels into smaller lots so that their sons or daughters could build a house; does historic designation mean the "City" will increase the taxes" (personal communications). Many of the residents interviewed felt that "historic designation" of the older neighborhoods would prevent the infilling by multi-story apartment buildings. In this case their concern was one of preventing or slowing down the increase of density and the number of low income housing, rather than viewing the area as "historically" important.

A Historic District Ordinance would accomplish the goals of preserving the current character of the study area and help to preserve the way of life <u>only</u> if there is community support and financial aid towards maintaining and restoring the older homes. A historic ordinance would focus the intent of a district towards urban planning rather than individual houses. However, the use of a Historic District Ordinance or nomination of the area into a Historic District should not be considered

until the <u>community</u> can successfully address the six issues listed above. If these critical issues can not be solved, a program involving additional rezoning and coordination with the recently adopted City of San Diego Growth Management Policy for the preservation of single family neighborhoods will address the problem of neighborhood disruption via multi-family, low income housing. The success or failure of a Historic District Ordinance will depend on community support and outside financing. Simply designating the area "historic" will not slow down the rate of deterioration found within the study area nor will it regenerate local pride of the older areas of San Ysidro.

Numerous instructions and ordinances are implemented at the time of an historic designation. The historic fabric of the San Ysidro neighborhood would be protected by using the U.S. Department of Interiors Standards for Rehabilitation and forming a community based Historic Architectural Review Board. The ten principals for retaining the design and character of already extant buildings is as follows:

1) Every reasonable effort shall be made to provide a compatible use for a property which requires minimal alteration of the building, structure, or site and its environment, or to use a property for its originally intended purpose.

2) The distinguishing original qualities or character of a building, structure, or site and its environment shall not be destroyed. The removal or alteration of any historic material, or distinctive architectural features should be avoided when possible.

3) All buildings, structures and sites shall be recognized as products of their own time. Alterations that have no historical basis and which seek to create an earlier appearance shall be discouraged.

4) Changes which may have taken place in the course of time are evidence of the history and development of a building, structure of site and its environment. These changes may have acquired significance in their own right, and this significance shall be recognized and respected.

5) Distinctive stylistic features or examples of skilled craftsmanship which characterize a building, structure, or site shall be greater with sensitivity.

6) Deteriorated architectural features shall be repaired rather than replaced, whenever possible. In event replacement is necessary, the new material should match the material being replaced in composition, design, color, texture, and other visual qualities. Repair or replacement of missing architectural features should be based on accurate duplications of features, substantiated by historic, physical, or pictorial evidence rather than on conjectural designs or the availability of different architectural elements from other buildings or structures.,

7) The surface cleaning of structures shall be undertaken with the gentlest means possible. Sandblasting and other cleaning methods that will damage the historic building materials shall not be undertaken.

8) Every reasonable effort shall be made to protect and preserve archaeological resources affected by, or adjacent, to any project.

9) Contemporary design for alterations and additions to existing properties shall not be discouraged when such alterations and additions do not destroy significant historical, architectural or cultural material, and such design is compatible with the size, scale, color, material, and character of the property, neighborhood or environment.

10) Whenever possible, new additions or alterations to structures shall be done in such a manner that if such additions or alterations were to be removed in the future, the essential form and integrity of the structure would be unimpaired.

An Historic Architecture Review Board would insure compatible infilling and the retention of an historic atmosphere in the community. Other historic survey reports have developed exact specifications for allowable changes within the designated historic boundaries; strictly defining and limiting height, yard and facade articulations, set back, yard and street scapes, building materials and design elements. As demonstrated in the overview, individuality and variety predominated in this community with the exception that the majority of houses were one story bungalows. Design and maintenance guidelines for alterations and improvements should be created that are loosely defined. San Ysidro was never a "quaint" community; rather it was varied and functional. A continuum of options, rather than narrowly defined design selections, eliminate the possibility of a board approving again and again a "sameness" of architecturally pure styles; something the homes in San Ysidro were not. These criteria should be developed drawing from newspaper ads, mail order catalogs of the era, and existing treatments depicting the myriad of choices. The choices though broad would serve to limit the types of buildings allowed. The guidelines must be developed and made available to owner and the board at the same time historic designation is established. By illustrating the appropriate possibilities, the board can encourage construction of housing types compatible with the historic character of the neighborhood. Members of the Historic Architectural Review Board should be drawn from the local government, landowners, residents and experts in the field of history and planning.

The establishment of a Historic District Overlay Zone will allow the community some control over future development and the types of restoration programs needed to keep the district viable. An overlay zone retains the underlying zones that currently exist in an area; it does not change allowable uses. However, by its requirements, it may make some <u>de</u> <u>facto</u> changes in uses. For example, although, theoretically, multi-family housing might be an allowable use, it cannot be accomplished while meeting the specific design requirements for height, site utilization and setbacks.

Historic resources belong to the people and ordinances and regulations are passed "for the benefit of the public good". Ordinances alone, however, can and do cause antagonism. Individuals generally opt

for preservation if they either have a deep sense of appreciation for architectural quality and history or are offered economic incentives. Property owners must be presented with clear reasons why an historic designation within their community could be of a personal benefit. It is imperative that funding sources and incentive programs be clearly defined for the occupants of the core area. Throughout the U.S. many preservation projects are successful only because they have been able to defray costs by using a number of preservation incentives. These programs include RITC, preservation easements, property tax deferrals, restoration grants and community and economic developments programs. Possibilities include offering below market rate financing for restoration if the result contributes to the economic viability of the community, improves deteriorating neighborhoods or relieves housing needs. HUD's programs include urban homestead, CDBG Grants, UDA grants and Federal section 8 subsidies.

With a Historic District in place, the community and neighborhood could request that the City institute a number of programs to promote the revitalization of the area including:

- 1) Both owner and renter-occupied housing rehabilitation assistance.
- 2) Investment tax credits for the rehabilitation of single and multi-family units.
- 3) Tax abatement or other economic incentives.

4) Development of programs which discourage displacement of current and lower-income residents.

5) Use of Conditional Use Permits for alternative use of historic structures.

6) Use of Historic Building Code.

Perhaps the most important aspect determining the success or failure of an historic designation is community involvement. Through

various programs focusing on neighborhood involvement, the residents of San Ysidro can take an active role in the future course of their town. The following activities should be considered:

- Initiation of an amendment; a signed petition of 51% of the owners/occupants by area or a signed petition of 65% of the owners/occupants by number. The petition would measure the communities interest in historic rehabilitation.

- Community participation on the Design Review Board is essential. Residients need to be a valid part of decision making as it applies to their community.

- Retain the commercial strip within the core area; encourage commercial owners to return facades and uses to the historic period through tax incentives and main street programs.

- Keep the residential feeling of the neighborhood by discouraging mixed use north of San Ysidro Blvd and educating the landowners of viable development programs.

- Local community groups in conjunction with SOHO or other organizations should purchase at least one of the historic buildings to be used as a community rehabilitation project as well as an interpretive center and focus of community events. In conjunction with this purchase, a youth program through the local high school and college should be developed. Much like the mechanics classes offered in schools, the students would learn hands-on job training, receive school credit and at the same time develop a sense of community awareness by actually taking an active part in restoration.

- Through block parties and community picnics organize members into co-op work groups. Community work days where streets, yards, etc. can be cleaned could serve to restore community pride because the individuals will have directly invested in their community.

- Educational programs should be developed for both adults and children. If San Ysidro is to contain an historic district, an active education program needs to be instituted to generate community support and understanding of restoration, rehabilitation and various preservation programs needed to insure that the district remains intact. Further, the history of the area should be incorporated into the educational system of the area, including the 4th grade history of California cirriculum. Because the resident turn over in this area is high, it is suggested that a history of the neighborhood be offered at the Jr. High and High school level as well.

- Offer seminars and classes throughout the community showing painting, plasters, floor refinishing, wiring and plumbing techniques.

- Obtain a grant to develop both a home repair library and a tool library. Home improvements books, old house journals, etc. could be purchased and translated. A tool library could be housed in the community restored building and made available for free to residents actively involved in a particular restoration.

- Develop a skills and supplies bank in conjunction with hands-on training. This would be a neighborhood association composed of members having particular building skills or access to needed building supplies, thus reducing the cost of rehabilitation.

The viability of an Historic District in San Ysidro depends on community involvement, the availability of monies for rehabilitation, and whether or not the City of San Diego will offer substantial support beyond mere ordinance implementation. San Ysidro needs assistance in preserving those parts of its past that give it meaning while at the same time encouraging growth and development in ways that will ensure economic viability and a continuum of neighborhood cohesiveness. An historic designation without a detailed, implementation program for complete neighborhood rehabilitation including funding and revitalization programs and the coordinated efforts of all government and community groups will benefit neither the residents of San Ysidro nor the rapidly decaying historic element. If the program is to be successful, San Ysidro must no longer be viewed as San Diego's "step child". It must be symbiotically connected to the city so that its historic fabric and cultural heritage can survive.

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APPENDIX

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SIGNIFICANCE STATEMENT

REFERS TO ALL SPECIFIC PARCELS; WHERE APPLICABLE ADDITIONAL SIGNIFICANCE STATEMENTS ARE GIVEN ON A STREET BY STREET BASIS

HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY

SIGNIFICANCE GENERAL OVERVIEW

SAN YSIDRO STUDY AREA- LITTLE LANDERS COMMUNITY

Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

Under accepted criteria, few of the individual structures within the study area qualify for federal, state, or local historic designation. Throughout its history, San Ysidro has been the home to few individuals who would qualify as persons important in history. As ordinary middle-class and blue collar workers, the majority of San Ysidro inhabitants often left little or no record in the local annals. Even the local residents interviewed during the course of the investigation offered little in the way of site specific background. This lack of data is compounded by the paucity of information found in the primary sources. Directories for San Ysidro do not include street addresses until the late 1950s; Sanborn maps are lacking; deeds are often incomplete and impossible to trace back to original ownership; irrigation and sewer records are incomplete; and local archives contain only fragments of lore that often lack references. Since it was not part of the scope of work, complete individual chain of titles were not compiled. This information, even if completed, does not necessarily provide a date of construction. The overall lack of data for this area resulted in compiling little or no social history for many of the structures selected by the city for additional study.

The concept of historic preservation, however, has grown beyond the confines of mere architecture to include the landscape itself:

The single building is but an element in a complex civic or landscape design. Except in the abstraction of drawing or photography, no building exists in a void: it functions as a part of a greater whole and can be seen and felt only through dynamic participation in that whole. (Mumford 1955:ix).

In assessing the potential significance of the proposed San Ysidro historic district, it is imperative that the study area be viewed beyond the mere architectural descriptions of individual structures coupled with sketchy biographical data of earlier inhabitants. This area is more than simply isolated "old houses" that retain certain stylistic elements reflective of an earlier period of San Diego's suburban history. This historical environment is rather the sum of the buildings, and its landscape. The spatial relationship of various buildings to each other, the pattern of the streets and roads, the location of major services and the chosen styles for individual homes combine to reflect both the ideals of the original founders of the colony and the visually apparent transformation of the community and its support institutions. Even as it moved away from its basic agrarian character, the original planned community of San Ysidro had the capacity to absorb change while at the same time retain its historical landscape (see attached 1928 and 1954 historic aerial photographs and the Little Landers site map). These figures visually depict the continuity of the neighborhood plan within the historic survey area. If the area is to be nominated as a local, state of national district, its significance lies in suburban planning rather than in the importance of individual houses or subjective aesthetic values. Unlike other planned communities in the San Diego area such as Rancho Santa Fe where an environment based on picturesque principles was created or districts that contain distinctive, uncompromised architecture such as Balboa Park and Golden Hills, the homes in San Ysidro are as a rule small and of no specific textbook style; no two are the same and most are in fair to poor condition. As a neighborhood, however, cohesion is evident.

In January of 1909, the Little Landers Colony #1 was formally incorporated (A detailed article regarding the Little Landers development was written by Lee (1975). Unless otherwise noted, information regarding the Little Landers was extracted from that source). Five hundred and fifty acres of land had been purchased, with streets, parks, town lots and acre plots marked out for prospective colonists. Prior to 1909, the area surrounding what was to become San Ysidro, had been the site of farms layed out like a ribbon along the

main artery of transportation between San Diego and Baja California. The subdivision of "Tia Juana" had been developed by the real estate firm of Hart and Stern in the valley area south and west nearer the international border. This small, rural community was destroyed by a flood in 1891 and never fully recovered.

William Smythe, a successful back-to-the-land colonizer and George Hall, former chairman of the California State Board of Horticulture, selected the site of the Belcher Ranch in the Tia Juana River Valley as the location for their settlement. As was typical of the suburban development genre that had evolved throughout the United States since the 1820s, the site was selected not only because of its fertile soil and available water, but also because of its access to a city. Since the 1820s, reformers had attempted to combine what was perceived as the best qualities of city and country: modern city conveniences melded with country ambiance. This movement, professing the borderland good life, had by the 1880s built into "a flood of articles, books, and even poetry that nearly overwhelmed publishers in the 1890s and succeeding decades". This literature mirrored and shaped turn of the century middle-class thinking (Stilgoe 1988:168). The 1906 San Francisco earthquake with "the toppling of towers and bridges quickly became a metaphor for the collapse of social and economic order, the end of traditional virtue" (Stilgoe 1988:280). Capitalizing on the fear and insecurities felt by much of the middle class, reformers such as Smythe offered an answer for economic and cultural security: "A little land and a living"; it was perceived by many "that it is the family on the acre of land which improves the national character" (Little Landers advertising, n.d.). The progressive literature glorified the single family home as the proper atmosphere to cement family ties and elevate community spirit. Combined with the preoccupation with health, fresh air and a general move away from the plight of urban industrial cities, many designs for community living had evolved.

In San Ysidro, lots were large enough for gardening yet aligned on streets to avoid the dangers associated with rural isolation. Community life

was centered in Redwood Hall, where town meetings, church services, the library and classes in Spanish, gardening and philosophy were conducted. These institutions, established the first summer combined with Mrs. Smythe's Thursday afternoon social gatherings gave promise of cultural advancement, a major feature of the Little Landers design for community living. These events were designed to "prove that gracious living could elevate what otherwise was a drab existence" (Smythe 1909:3-4).

In 1909, the community had been layed out with townsite lots measuring 50 feet by 120 feet selling for \$250.00 and acre tracts selling at \$350- \$500, depending on location and soil. In addition to the townsite lots and acre tracts, linear parks were also planned. The townsite was planned in a traditional grid fashion. Many suburbs of the preceding decades used curved streets and broad areas of rural, landscaped open space to create a sense of picturesque, country tranquility. The Little Landers Plat, however, is a community of rectangular townsites and parks, straight roads intersecting at angles and acre tracts outside the townsite (see attached Little Landers plot map). This general plan could be perceived as an eden based on order. To reformers such as Smythe, the anti-wilderness connotation of straightness and thereby order mattered in a world viewed as chaotic.

The initial Little Landers plan called for each member of the colony to purchase a town lot and an acre away from the core community for agricultural pursuits. Deed restrictions specifically restricted minorities and defined 30 foot set-backs for homes, the mandatory planting of yards, and in the first few deeds, it was specified that house plans had to be approved by the Colony's architect. (This was dropped from the deeds almost immediately). Unlike many of the planned communities that developed during this era where houses were actually built and restrictions much more rigid, Little Landers had realized that this static "scientific" approach to living went against the individualist grain for many Americans. Though restricted to who could live in the community, individuality was allowed in house design, garden plantings and agricultural pursuits. By the fall of 1910, 38 families were living in San Ysidro. Many of the original purchasers of land had been speculators who

refused to carry out the terms of their contracts and actually never lived in the village. The company, by this time, had not made good on all its promises regarding roads, sidewalks, sewers, street lighting and supplying water to the struggling colonists. Further difficulties resulted when many of the settlers used all of their available income to purchase the land and seeds, leaving no cash to build a permanent house or buy other needed supplies. Historic photographs show that rather than the small Craftsman bungalows preferred by the founders, many of the colonists were living in tents and crude lean-to structures.

By 1910, the original rule requiring families to buy a lot and an acre plot was dropped. A family could now buy either a townsite or as many acres as they felt they could successfully plant. This change in ownership resulted in an increase in population of people who simply wanted to live in the community rather than practice agriculture. By 1912, again in order to increase the population so that an irrigation district could be formed. George Hall contributed land for the parks and landscaped them using arbors and bridges in the Downey tradition. Forty-seven new homes were built in 1912, increasing the population of San Ysidro to approximately 300 people.

Smythe's endeavor had gained national attention through a promotional campaign that included brochures, postcards and leaflets filled with personal testimony of the success of the colony. The initial ideals of the community ("a little land and a living") however had been compromised from the beginning. Many of the original settlers were middle class professionals (teachers, doctors, etc.) and single women who had been educated in wanting the better life symbolized by the Little Landers Colony and other suburban developments. Yet many of these early colonists had little experience or training in agriculture and were unable to make a living on their plots. Consequently, they were forced to commute to the city in order to remain economically secure. In addition to the large number of agricultural novices attracted to San Ysidro, many of the earlier settlers were elderly: "many of the early settlers were white middle class elderly city dwellers with limited personal capital who had a rural childhood or a sentimental attachment for the soil and

sought refuge from eastern cities because of retirement, ill health or economic adversity" (Lee 1975:41). In addition to the lack of skills, equipment, and working capital, problems dealing with the equality of the marketing system plagued the Little Landers community.

A different type of population increase occurred when the Jockey Club across the border was opened in 1916, with many of the 300 employees moving into San Ysidro. By this time, the restrictions on minorities had been dropped. The 1916 Hatfield flood completely destroyed any hope of the Little Landers becoming a successful community: 100 families lost their homes and by 1918, the Little Landers Incorporated was extinguished for failure to pay the state franchise tax of 1917. From this date, acre plots began to be subdivided into smaller individual holdings.

Following World War I, both the homestead ideal and back-to-the-land movements that had swept the U.S. had been replaced in the American psyche. The shortage of American labor from World War I and the flu epidemic impacted the nation as a whole. San Ysidro, as a border town, saw a steady increase of immigration populations arriving to fill the void.

It was in the early 1920s that San Ysidro began to completely loose its agricultural character. An engineer's survey of 1922 noted work would be done to provide fire protection for what had become largely a residential community (Lee 1975:47). In 1923:"there was built or under construction in the town more than 100 dwelling house's indicating a growth in population of a least 500" (San Ysidro Irrigation District 212-6, #2, File 1084b). By 1928, the population was estimated at 1200: "many new homes and business buildings having been constructed recently" (<u>Sun</u> 2-28-28). Laborers and entertainers who worked in Tijuana in the casinos and race tracks lived in San Ysidro, crossing the border daily to work. By the 1920s the urban-industrial transformation that was sweeping the entire nation reached well into the suburbs and outlying communities. San Ysidro was not excluded from this change. The community focus gradually changed to cater to tourists and the commercial and social

needs of an ethnically mixed town. The construction of hotels, auto courts, a permanent library, new churches, etc. reflect this change. In addition, the growing change in the ethnicity and economy of San Ysidro becomes apparent when the directories of the 1920s are reviewed; besides noting a wider range of occupations and available services, Spanish surnames begin to become more common.

This growth and change is further documented in the architectural changes that occurred. "In every period, homes reflect changing times and the evolving ambitions of their owners" (Reeves 1988:181). The earliest home (the San Ysidro Inn), which predates the 1909 Little Landers settlement, was constructed as a typical white, vernacular farmstead building, symbolizing the rural ideals of an earlier period of American history. With the Little Landers, the small craftsman type bungalow came into vogue. This structure, projecting an image of deeply rooted security and family unity, had become a sign of up-ward mobility associated with naturalism and Amercanism. This style and variants on the simple vernacular form continued to be built in San Ysidro throughout the 1920s with the addition of a new style, the Spanish Eclectic. The change to Spanish Eclectic style bungalows and the construction of numerous commercial buildings in the same style reflect the move in Southern California to redefine the past based on a Spanish heritage. What had become vogue in the upper class society had, by the mid to late 1920s, filtered down into the communities of the working class. This move to a new style had an economic base as well. Because of the rising cost of lumber, Spanish stucco and frame was cheaper to build than previous styles. As a result, thousands of these small, single family bungalows were built throughout Southern California. These homes, as before, were for the most part not designed by architects. Individual homeowners purchased and constructed house styles available in dozens of catalogs. These homes were typically inexpensive to construct and maintain.

In San Ysidro, since World War II poorly planned infilling has occurred on a frequent basis. Although severely compromised by the construction of

multi-stored apartments, move-on military housing, and poorly built houses, the historic core of the area is still visible.

Unlike the suburb developments of post World War II, where individuality seldom was expressed in neighborhood construction, small communities like San Ysidro reflect individual tastes, while at the same time retaining the concept of neighborhood; a concept that is rapidly disappearing in middle and upper-middle class areas where suburbia is often interpreted as row upon row of monotonous, impersonal planned communities. . . "few of them expressing more than conformity to a bland national taste. "(Reeve 1988:147). The core area of San Ysidro was initially designed to function as a neighborhood and although the cultural make-up and density have changed, it still reflects the original intent of providing a sense of place and belonging to its inhabitants. San Ysidro serves as an example of the intertwining of vernacular architecture and man-made landscapes of parks, narrow deep lots and set backs for yards that blended a variety of influences to create a feelings of informal, cozy living with a community cohesiveness.

> "While the history of a town's form is much broader than the history of a single house, one can be reasonably confident that the cultural values that operate in a town's planning in some measure also influences the planning of its homes " (Upton and Vlach 1987:124).

San Ysidro is not a town of static facades frozen in an early 20th century arcadian community. Rather, it is a changing, dynamic neighborhood that retains architectural qualities from different periods of its evolving history. "The significant factor in California history is the interaction of successive immigration waves upon its life and culture. . . . And nowhere is this so evident as in architecture styles: (Kirker 1985: 53). San Ysidro has evolved from primarily a middle-class community with white Protestant roots in the mid-west to a suburb of mixed ethnic backgrounds; over the century of settlement, as styles, densities and cultural heritage changed, the concept of neighborhood has been maintained.

At the structure specific level, much of the area is in drastic need of repair. As such, San Ysidro needs assistance in preserving those parts of its past that give it meaning while at the same time encouraging growth and development in ways that will ensure economic viability and a continuum of neighborhood cohesiveness. An historic designation of the study area without a plan for complete neighborhood rehabilitation will benefit neither the current residents nor the rapidly decaying historical element.

Commerical, institutional and residential buildings representing vernacular, Spanish Eclectic, Mission Revival, Craftsman and Art Deco architectural genres were detailed in the first phase of the historic inventory for San Ysidro (see attached maps for project boundaries). What follows is the historic evaluation and significance statements selected by the City Planning Department. As stated in the beginning, in terms of historic significance very few of the buildings in San Ysidro could be successfully nominated as outstanding examples of architecture or places associated with important people or historic events. Only three to five of the single family dwellings and seven of the extant non-residential buildings (San Ysidro Hotel, La Nola Hotel, The International, the San Ysidro Library, the Community Congregation Church, Templo de Restauracion and the Ferreteria International Hardware Supply Store) could be realistically considered. The emphasis for each of the evaluations will be one that stresses suburban design and community character, rather than isolated architectural design elements or resident history.

THE FOLLOWING INVENTORY FORMS ARE ARRANGED BY STREET. THOSE STRUCTURES SELECTED FOR SIGNIFICANCE ARE EACH MARKED IN THE UPPER RIGHT HAND CORNER. BLANCHE

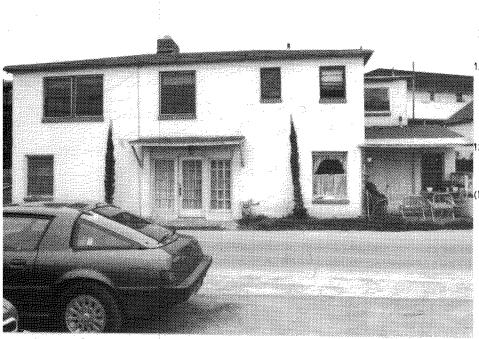
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| IDENTIFICATION | | | | | |
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| 2. Historic name: | | | ********* | | |
| 3. Street/rural address:98_ | | | | | 110 ⁻¹⁰⁰ |
| City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: 9 | 2073 Count | ty: s | San Diego |) | |
| 4. Parcel number: <u>666-02-1</u> | Lot A99 | | ni yakatingana ang kanang k | 57871-777-5787-778-778-7887-88-14-14-5 | alityan (1913) bili oleh bili yana dalaman kana aji |
| 5. Present Owner: <u>Michael Flemin</u> | g | Address: | 98 S | Sanger | |
| City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: | 92073 Co | ounty: | San Die | ego | |
| 6. Present Use:residence | Orig | ginal Use: | resi | ldence | |

DESCRIPTION

7a. Architectural style:

7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

2 story stucco apartment with hip roof; possible side additions. Asymmetrical front facade. <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS</u>: <u>WALL TREATMENT</u>: stucco with one stucco bracket under side roof; no coping or other detail on wall. <u>ROOF</u>: composition shingle with slight overhang; plain narrow eaves fascia. <u>CHIMNEY</u>: central brick with 2 circular ceramic vents. <u>WINDOWS</u>: 1st story front: 2 double hung single panes at either end of building; 2nd story front: 5 double hung, single pane windows (4 different shapes); windows are inset with brick sills; windows in the back and sides include narrow vertical double hung, cube glass and a small 3 light arched window. <u>DOOR</u>: front facing, glazed with 15 lights with inset 15 light side panels. <u>PORCH</u>: none; shed roof overhang with stick braces over door.



8. Construction date:

Estimated: post 1930

9. Architect: _____

10. Builder:

- 11. Approx. property size (in feet):
 Frontage: 265'
 depth: 365'
 or approx. acreage: ______
- Date of enclosed photo(s): 2/89 b/w photo Roll 8, Frame #3,6,7

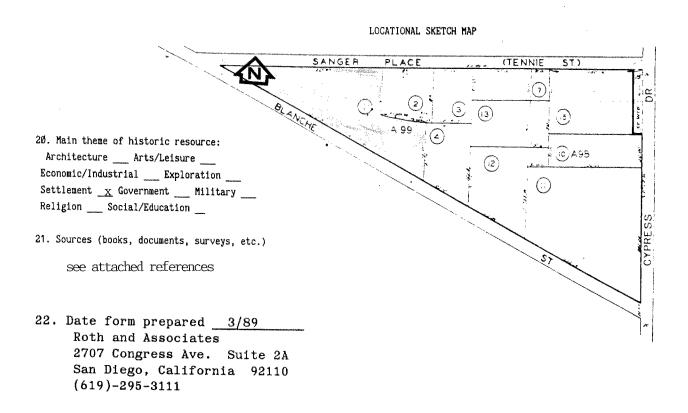
(MODIFIED DPR 523 Rev. 4/79)

| 13. Condition: Excellent Good Fair _x _ Deteriorated No longer in existence |
|---|
| 14. Alterations: window replacements; side additions |
| 15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land Scattered buildings Densely built-up Residential Industrial Commercial Other: |
| 16. Threats to site: None known Private Development _x_Zoning _x_Vandalism Public Works Project Other: |
| 17. Is the structure: On its original site?: Moved? Unknown ? |
| 18. Related features: |

SIGNIFICANCE

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

see preceding significance overview



HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY



BACK SIDE



BACK SIDE (SIDE VIEW)

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| | IFICATION Common name: | | |
| | Historic name: | | |
| 3. | Street/rural address: <u>201 Cottonv</u> City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: <u>92073</u> | | go |
| 4. | Parcel number:638-11-17 Lot | z A67 | un set and the set of |
| 5. | Present Owner: <u>Dolores/Juan Silva</u> City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: <u>920</u> | | 03 Cottonwood |
| 6. | Present Use: <u>residence</u> | Original Use:re | sidence |
| DESCRI | PTION | | |
| 7a. | Architectural style: FOLK VERNACULAR w/ SIMPLE COLONIAL | REVIVAL PORCH ELEMENTS | |
| | Describe present physical description of site or structu | | m |
| | original condition: | | |
| | (* Vegetation obscures house). One story house with n | nultiple roof elements including a | low |
| | pitch side gable roof, a dropped, offset low pitch g | | , low |
| | pitch front facing gable over porch entry. Asymmetric | | |
| | STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS: WALL TREATMENT: lap : | | |
| | boxed lattice vent under side gables. <u>ROOF</u> : composit: | | |
| | eaves fascia and gableboard. <u>CHIMNEY</u> : side, exterior replaced with metal sliders; in front- fixed with sa | | |
| | larger single light below; slightly flared lentil; or | | cob/ |
| | others have plain board surrounding trim with some st | | |
| | front facing, plywood; no surrounding trim. PORCH: of | | ch |
| | gable roof; 2 squared columns with molded base and ca | | |
| | front wood steps to wood porch; no railing system. | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | - |
| | and a second | | |

8. Construction date: Estimated: <u>1915-1928</u> 9. Architect: _____

10. Builder:

12. Date of enclosed photo(s): <u>2/89</u> b/w photo Roll 2 Frame #3 Roll 6 Frame #12

(MODIFIED DPR 523 Rev. 4/79)

13. Condition: Excellent _____ Good _____ Fair ____ Deteriorated ____ No longer in existence _____

14. Alterations:

15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land _____ Scattered buildings ____ Densely built-up _____ Residential ____ Industrial _____ Commercial _____ Other: ______

16. Threats to site: None known ____ Private Development ___ Zoning ___ Vandalism _____ Public Works Project ____ Other: _____

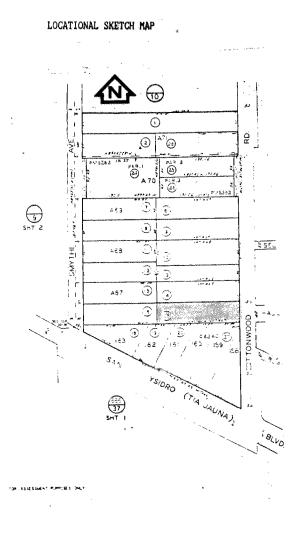
17. Is the structure: On its original site?: _____ Moved? _____ Unknown ? _____

18. Related features:

SIGNIFICANCE

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

see preceding significance overview



20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture _____Arts/Leisure _____ Economic/Industrial _____Exploration _____ Settlement __X___Government _____Military _____ Religion _____Social/Education _____

21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.)

see attached references

22. Date form prepared <u>3/89</u> Roth and Associates 2707 Congress Ave. Suite 2A San Diego, California 92110 (619)-295-3111

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| 3. Street/rural address:2 City:San YsidroZip: | | | San Dieg | 0 | |
| 4. Parcel number:638-11-10 | | | | | |
| 5. Present Owner: <u>Vera/Will Horn</u> City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: | sby 92073 | Address County: | : <u>209</u> San Di | Cottonwo ego | bod |
| 6. Present Use:residence | 0r | iginal Use | : <u>res</u> | idence | |

DESCRIPTION

- 7a. Architectural style: FOLK VERNACULAR
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

One story house with extremely low pitch side gable and corrugated metal awning extending out beyond 1/2 porch. Asymmetrical front facade. <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS</u>: <u>WALL</u> <u>TREATMENT</u>: stucco (a wooden structure is to the rear of the house, but we had no access to it). <u>ROOF</u>: composition sheeting; plain eaves fascia and gableboard. <u>CHIMNEY</u>: none. <u>WINDOWS</u>: metal sliding glass. <u>DOOR</u>: inset, front facing; plain board surrounding trim; covered by screen door. <u>PORCH</u>: inset, under principal roof with corrugated awning; wrought iron supports; no steps.



| 8. Construction date: |
|---|
| ••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••• |
| Estimated: |
| 9. Architect: |
| 1Ø. Builder: |
| 11. Approx. property size (in feet): |
| Frontage: <u>65'</u> |
| depth:210' |
| or approx. acreage: |
| 12. Date of enclosed photo(s): 2/89 |
| b/w photo Roll 1 Frame #36 |
| |
| (MODIFIED DPR 523 Rev. 4/79) |
| |

13. Condition: Excellent _____ Good _____ Fair ____ Deteriorated __x No longer in existence _____

14. Alterations: ______rear added to; metal siding on additions; detached garage; front altered

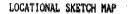
- 15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land _____ Scattered buildings ____ Densely built-up _____ Residential ____ Industrial _____ Commercial ____ Other: ______
- 16. Threats to site: None known ____ Private Development _x Zoning _x Vandalism _____ Public Works Project ____ Other: _____
- 17. Is the structure: On its original site?: ____ Moved? _____ Unknown ? _____

18. Related features: _____

SIGNIFICANCE

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

see preceding significance overview

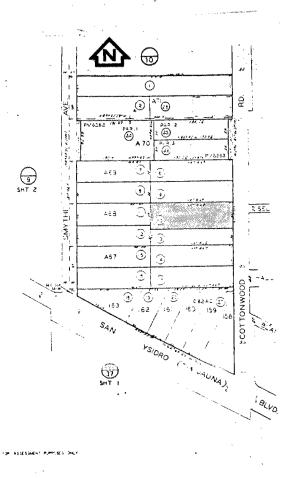


20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture _____Arts/Leisure _____ Economic/Industrial ____ Exploration _____ Settlement X____ Government _____ Military _____ Religion ____ Social/Education _____

21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.)

see attached references

22. Date form prepared <u>3/89</u> Roth and Associates 2707 Congress Ave. Suite 2A San Diego, California 92110 (619)-295-3111

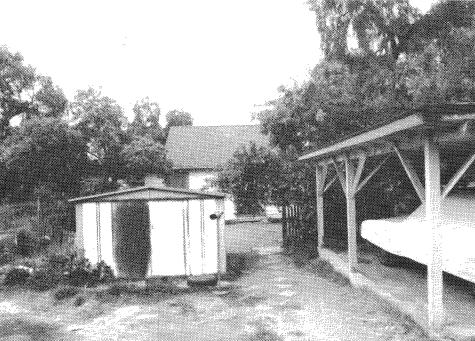


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| HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY | | | | |
| IDENTIFICATION 1. Common name: | | | and a first section of a state of the state of the state of the state | |
| 2. Historic name: | | | | |
| 3. Street/rural address: 21 City: San Ysidro Zip: 92 | | | |) |
| 4. Parcel number:638-11-09 | Lot A69 | | | |
| 5. Present Owner: <u>Max Smith</u> City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: | 92073 | Address: County: | 211 (San Die | Cottonwood ego |
| 6. Present Use: <u>residence</u> | 0r | iginal Use: | resi | dence |

DESCRIPTION

- 7a. Architectural style: FOLK VERNACULAR
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

One story house with a medium pitch side facing gable roof and a hip extension along the front (house set deep on lot; behind 211 Cottonwood- clear description of building difficult to impossible). Asymmetrical front facade. <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS</u>: <u>WALL TREATMENT</u>: wide lap siding with board and batten under gable. <u>ROOF</u>: composition shingles; exposed eaves; plain gableboard. <u>CHIMNEY</u>: none. <u>WINDOWS</u>: double hung with single light panes, both horizontal and vertical orientations; most have small plywood hoods over them; plain surrounding board trim. <u>DOOR</u>: center front, screen door with wood panel <u>PORCH</u>: inset entry porch with small shed roof; no steps.



8. Construction date:

Estimated: ______post_1915____

9. Architect: _____

| Ø. | Bui | 1 | der | : |
|----|-----|---|-----|---|
|----|-----|---|-----|---|

- 11. Approx. property size (in feet):
 Frontage: _____50'
 depth: _____10'
 or approx. acreage: ______
- 12. Date of enclosed photo(s): ____2/89 b/w photo Roll 6 Frame #9

(MODIFIED DPR 523 Rev. 4/79)

13. Condition: Excellent _____ Good _____ Fair ____ Deteriorated _x__No longer in existence _____

- 14. Alterations: _____
- 15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land _____ Scattered buildings _____ Densely built-up _____ Residential _____ Industrial _____ Commercial _____ Other: ______
- 16. Threats to site: None known ____ Private Development _x Zoning _x Vandalism _____ Public Works Project ____ Other: _____

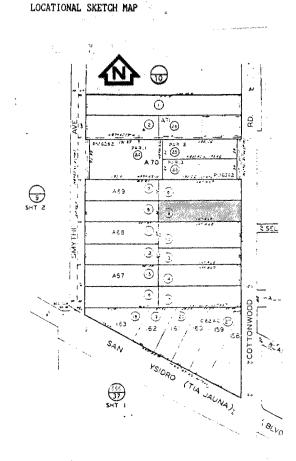
17. Is the structure: On its original site?: ____ Moved? _____ Unknown ? _____

18. Related features:

SIGNIFICANCE

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

see preceding significance overview



ION ASSESSMENT PUPPLISES DALY

- 20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture _____Arts/Leisure _____ Economic/Industrial _____Exploration _____ Settlement __X Government _____Military _____ Religion _____Social/Education _____
- 21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.)

see attached references

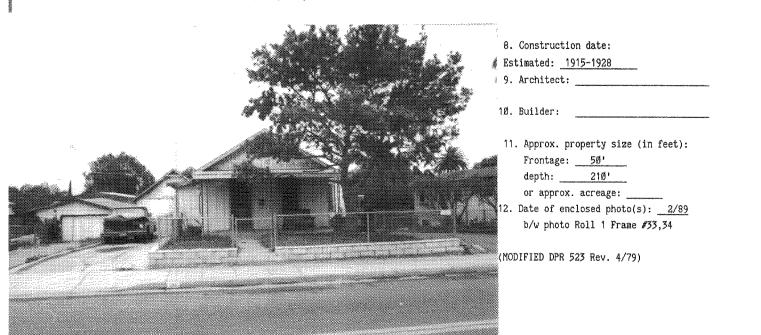
22. Date form prepared <u>3/89</u> Roth and Associates 2707 Congress Ave. Suite 2A San Diego, California 92110 (619)-295-3111

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| HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY | | | |
| IDENTIFICATION 1. Common name: | | | |
| 2. Historic name: | t et and has the band in high ministrative evaluation and any large and and any large and and an and an and an | ann agus a fara far shu an | ne Ruch (- ging a grand and a ging a grand and a grand |
| 3. Street/rural address: 211 Co City: San Ysidro Zip: 92 | | San Diego | |
| 4. Parcel number:638-11-09 1 | Lot A69 | | |
| 5. Present Owner: <u>Max Smith</u> City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: | Addr 92073 County: | ess: 211 San Diego | Cottonwood |
| 6. Present Use:residence | 0riginal | Use: <u>reside</u> | ence |

DESCRIPTION

- 7a. Architectural style: FOLK VERNACULAR
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

Narrow one story house located on a slope; house has a medium pitch front facing gable roof with slightly dropped shed extension to the sides, a dropped flat roof over a full front porch and at least 1 gabled roof addition to the rear ("shot-gun w/ additions"). Asymmetrical front facade. <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS</u>: WALL TREATMENT: board and batten; rear has lap siding; large louvered, rectangularly shaped boxed vent with slight sill under gable (in rear same element on 1 gable, screened horizontal boxed vent under other); partial concrete foundation. <u>ROOF</u>: composition shingles; slight overhang; exposed eaves; plain gableboard; front gable has plain cornice board as well. <u>CHIMNEY</u>: none. <u>WINDOWS</u>: single window in front (right of door); single light double hung covered with security screens; plain surrounding board trim; side windows combination wood sliders, double hung and louvered. <u>DOOR</u>: front facing, off-set to left, partially glazed with 1 large rectangular pane and 3 wood panes; security screen; plain surrounding board trim. <u>PORCH</u>: full width, open, flat roof overhang with wrought iron supports; 1 front facing step to porch.



| 13. Condition: Excellent Good Fair Deterioratedx No longer in existence |
|---|
| 14. Alterations:shed extensions to the sides |
| 15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land Scattered buildings Densely built-up Residential Industrial Commercial Other: |
| 16. Threats to site: None known Private Development _x_Zoning _x Vandalism Public Works Project Other: |
| 17. Is the structure: On its original site?: Moved? Unknown ? |
| 18. Related features: |

SIGNIFICANCE

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

The one acre lot A69 (see attached Little Landers Map) was purchased by Thoustrap in 1915 As a representative for the Little Landers Corporation Thoustrap's name appears of over 87 parcels within the colony. The house does appear on the 1928 aerial. Thus, the construction date falls between 1915 and 1928. An intensive review of primary sources (i.e.: Little Landers Log Books, Irrigation Records, Directories, etc.), and secondary sources (personal interviews and newspapers) failed to uncover any evidence that this house was associated with any important event or person within the community, associated with local lore, or that the building itself is architecturally significant.

In terms of historic significance, most of the selected individual houses in the study area do not qualify for either federal, state or local historic designation. This structure is neither architecturally nor historically distinctive (see attached discussion dealing with historic significance of the study area)

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LOCATIONAL SKETCH MAP

20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture _____Arts/Leisure _____ Economic/Industrial ____Exploration _____ Settlement _x___Government _____Military _____ Religion ____Social/Education _____

21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.)

see attached references and general discussion dealing with historic determination of individual houses in the study area

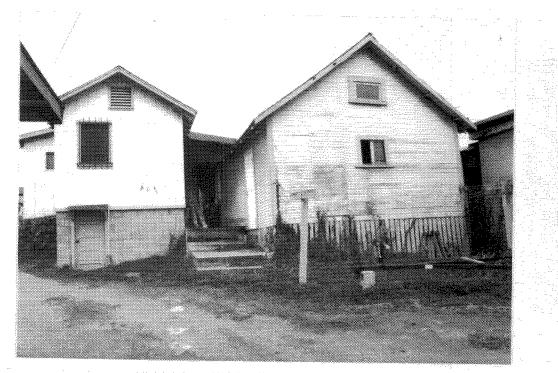
22. Date form prepared <u>5/89</u> Roth and Associates 2707 Congress Ave. Suite 2A San Diego, California 92110 (619)-295-3111

HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY

PHOTO CONTINUATION SHEET

211 COTTONWOOD

638-11-09 Lot A69 FOLK VERNACULAR



BACK VIEW (NOTE DIFFERENCE IN GROUND ELEVATIONS)

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| HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY | | | | | | |
| IDENTIFICATION 1. Common name: | | Nile for so the interpreter in the interpreter in the interpreter interpreter interpreter interpreter interpret | | | | |
| 2. Historic name: | | | | | | |
| 3. Street/rural address: 215 City: San Ysidro Zip: 2 | 5 Cotto | nwood | | | | an ang mang ang ang ang ang ang ang ang ang ang |
| 4. Parcel number: <u>638-11-06</u> I | | | | | | |
| 5. Present Owner: <u>Rudolph Estrac</u> City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: | da920' | 7 <u>3</u> Ce | Address ounty: | : <u>21</u> San Die | 5 Cottony ego | vood |
| 6. Present Use: <u>residence</u> | de de la companya de | Ori | ginal Use: | res | idence | and a state of the |

DESCRIPTION

- 7a. Architectural style: FOLK VERNACULAR w/ SIMPLE FOLK VICTORIAN PORCH ELEMENT
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

One story rectangularly shaped house with a low pitch front facing gable roof and a dropped shed roof over a full front porch (additions to house in rear). Symmetrical front facade. <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS</u>: <u>WALL TREATMENT</u>: lap siding in front; sides have lap siding with shingle skirt; widely boxed metal grill vent under gable small jig-saw cut triangle placed below vent as accent. <u>ROOF</u>: composition shingle; exposed eaves; moderate overhang; plain gableboard. <u>CHIMNEY</u>: none. <u>WINDOWS</u>: 2 front facing- 1 on each side of door; rectangular with single light, double hung; plain surrounding board trim. Side windows are fixed; some have been replaced with metal sliders. <u>DOOR</u>: front, centered; covered with screen; plain surrounding board trim. <u>PORCH</u>: open, full porch; dropped shed roof over entire expanse; exposed eaves; stick supportsno braces; lattice work from ground level to approximately 3'; no stairs.



- 8. Construction date:
- Estimated: <u>1915-1928</u> 9. Architect:
- 10. Builder:
- 12. Date of enclosed photo(s): 2/89
 b/w photo Roll 1 Frame #32

(MODIFIED DPR 523 Rev. 4/79)

| Condition: Excellent Good | Fair x | Deteriorated x | No longer | r in existence |
|---|--------|----------------|-----------|----------------|
|---|--------|----------------|-----------|----------------|

- 15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land _____ Scattered buildings ____ Densely built-up _____ Residential _____ Industrial _____ Commercial _____ Other: ______
- 16. Threats to site: None known ____ Private Development _x Zoning _x Vandalism _____ Public Works Project ____ Other: _____

17. Is the structure: On its original site?: x Moved? Unknown ?

18. Related features:

SIGNIFICANCE

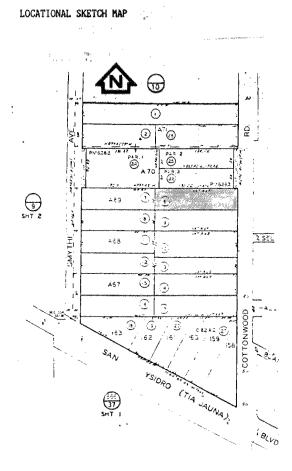
19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

see preceding significance overview

- 20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture _____Arts/Leisure _____ Economic/Industrial _____Exploration _____ Settlement _____Government _____Military _____ Religion _____Social/Education
- 21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.)

see attached references

22. Date form prepared <u>3/89</u> Roth and Associates 2707 Congress Ave. Suite 2A San Diego, California 92110 (619)-295-3111



ASSESSMENT PUPPINES DUTY

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| HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY | | | | | | | |
| IDENTIFICATION | | | | | | | |
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| 2. Historic name: | | | | | | | 1897-1997-1997 - John Hannes (1971-1997) - 1997 |
| 3. Street/rural address:220 0 | otton | wood | | | | | |
| City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: <u>92</u> | 2073 | Cour | ty: | S | an Dieg | 0 | |
| 4. Parcel number:638-12-07 | Lot | A92 | | | an and the second state and | 901 101 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 | and before the set of |
| 5. Present Owner: <u>H.W. Hurtado</u> | | | Addr | ess: | P.0 | . Box 16 | 52 |
| City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: | 920 | 7 <u>3</u> C | County: | | San Di | ego | |
| 6. Present Use:residence | | 0ri | ginal | Use: | res | idence | and the first first of the second |

- 7a. Architectural style: FOLK VERNACULAR (EXTREMELY ALTERED)
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

One story house with low pitch side facing gable roof and shed extension in rear (Hall and Parlor configuration); extended shed roof over front door; attached side shed gives aysmmetrical front appearance. <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS</u>: <u>WALL TREATMENT</u>: stucco. ROOF: composition; slight overhang; plain eaves fascia and gableboard. WINDOWS: all replaced with metal sliders; no surrounding board trim. DOOR: front facing centered; glazed panel on top 1/3, wood inset panel below. PORCH: extended shed roof over door; series of 2 by 2 roof supports.



| 8. | Constructio | on date: |
|-----|-------------|--|
| Est | timated: | 1930-1954 |
| 9. | Architect: | 444Am304d310d99mm340mm4494mm4m4pstana-bases aanaassaan forsamaassaan qoona basaa |
| | | |

| 11. | Approx. pr | operty | size | (in | feet): |
|-----|------------|--------|---------------------------|-----|--------|
| | Frontage: | 4Ø' | landin di ser Tanak-andré | | |
| | depth: | 140' | • | | |
| | or approx. | acreas | e: | | |

12. Date of enclosed photo(s): ______2/89 b/w photo Roll 1 Frame #26

| 5. Condition: Excellent Good Fair | Deteriorated x No longer in existence |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|

14. Alterations: alterations to all sides; window replacements

- 15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land _____ Scattered buildings _____ Densely built-up _____ Residential _____ Industrial _____ Commercial _____ Other: ______
- 16. Threats to site: None known ____ Private Development ___ Zoning ___ Vandalism _____ Public Works Project ____ Other: _____

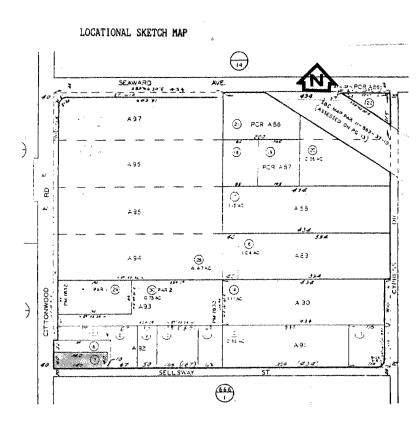
17. Is the structure: On its original site?: ____ Moved? _____ Unknown ? _____

18. Related features:

SIGNIFICANCE

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

see preceding significance overview



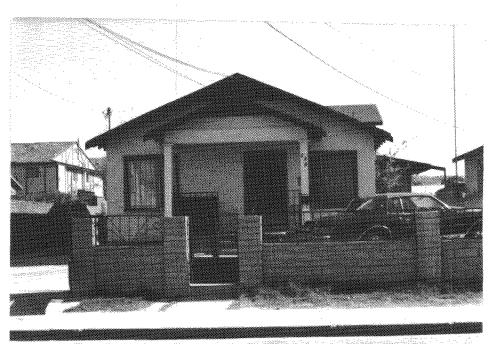
- 20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture _____Arts/Leisure _____ Economic/Industrial _____Exploration _____ Settlement X____Government _____Military _____ Religion _____Social/Education _____
- 21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.)

see attached references

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| 3. | Street/rural address: <u>224 Cotta</u> City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: <u>920</u> | onwood | | 001010.00.0000000000000000000000000000 | 0 | |
| 4. | Parcel number:638-12-05 [| Lot A92 | | | | |
| 5. | Present Owner: <u>Rubeo Valadez</u> City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: | 92073 | Address County: | : <u>1525</u> San Die | Arliss C ego | ourt |
| 6. | Present Use: | 0r | iginal Use | : res: | idence | |

- 7a. Architectural style: FOLK VERNACULAR
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

One story bungalow with medium pitch front facing gable roof and a dropped, centered medium pitch gable over partial porch and a pitched dormier on each side of the house. Door is slightly off-set to the right giving the exterior an asymmetrical appearance. <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS: WALL TREATMENT</u>: lap siding; triangular wood banded pediment under each gable (same lap siding painted a contrasting color for accent). <u>ROOF</u>: composition shingle; moderate overhang; exposed eaves; plain gableboard. <u>CHIMNEY</u>: none. <u>WINDOWS</u>: metal bars on all; front 2 windows appear to be one fixed pane with a single, fixed thin vertical 2 pane side light; plain surrounding board trim. <u>DOOR</u>: front, slightly off-set with metal security screen; plain surrounding board trim. <u>PORCH</u>: open, 1/2 porch; pitch roof over porch with 2 square column supports; simple molded capitals and bases; columns sitting on wide wood block pillars; 3 cement steps to porch; no railing system.



8. Construction date: Estimated: <u>1930-1954</u>

9. Architect:

10. Builder:

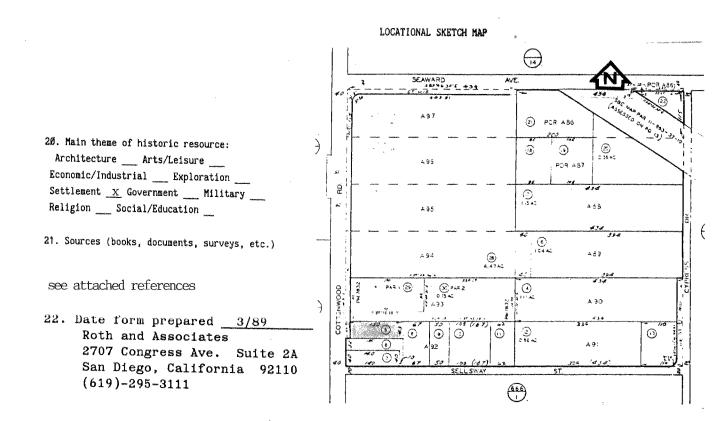
11. Approx. property size (in feet):
 Frontage: ______
 depth: _____140'
 or approx. acreage: ______

12. Date of enclosed photo(s): 2/89 b/w photo Roll 2 Frame #8

| 13. | Condition: Excellent Good Fair Deteriorated No longer in existence |
|-----|--|
| 14. | Alterations: _alterations to back and side |
| | Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land Scattered buildings Densely built-up Residentialx Industrial Commercial Other: |
| 16. | Threats to site: None known Private Developmentx Zoningx Vandalism Public Works Project Other: |
| 17. | Is the structure: On its original site?: Moved? Unknown ? |
| 18. | Related features: |

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

see preceding significance overview



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| HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY | | |
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| 2. Historic name: | | Markan Lang and a consequence and any second sec |
| 3. Street/rural address: 251 City: San Ysidro Zip: 9 | | |
| 4. Parcel number:638-10- | 11 Lot A72 | na baran mana mana mana mana mana mana mana |
| 5. Present Owner: <u>Ortiz Policarpo</u> City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: | | |
| 6. Present Use: <u>residence</u> | Original Use | : residence |

- 7a. Architectural style: FOLK VERNACULAR
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

One story house located to the rear of the lot; has a hip roof and a dropped shed roof over offset front door. Asymmetrical front facade. <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS</u>: <u>WALL TREATMENT</u>: concrete block foundation; lap siding. <u>ROOF</u>: new composition shingle; boxed eaves; plain eaves fascia. <u>CHIMNEY</u>: none. <u>WINDOWS</u>: 3 front facing windows, all to the right of the door: 2 are rectangular, double hung with 4 lights on each pane; 3rd window is smaller, double hung, single light in each pane; plain surrounding board trim. <u>DOOR</u>: located at front left corner; screen and plywood; plain surrounding board trim. <u>PORCH</u>: entry porch, dropped shed roof over door and small entry area; 2 stick supports; stick railing system resting on decorative cement/rock wall; 5 side steps to entry.



8. Construction date:

- Estimated: <u>pre 1954</u>
- 9. Architect: _____ 10. Builder:
- 11. Approx. property size (in feet):
 Frontage: 50'
 depth: 220'
 - or approx. acreage:
- 12. Date of enclosed photo(s): _____2/89 b/w photo Roll 1 Frame #29

| 13. Condition: Excellent Goodx Fair Deteriorated No longer in existence |
|---|
| 14. Alterations: |
| 15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land Scattered buildings Densely built-up Residential Industrial Commercial Other: |
| 16. Threats to site: None known Private Developmentx Zoningx Vandalism Public Works Project Other: |
| 17. Is the structure: On its original site?: Moved? Unknown ? |
| 18. Related features: |

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

The original acre lot A72 (see attached Little Landers Map) was purchased by M.L. Bridge in 1914. The house does not appear on the 1928 aerial and therefore was not constructed during the Little Lander's period. No biographical data was obtained from either a review of the City Directories or available Little Landers Property Books for a M.L. Bridge.

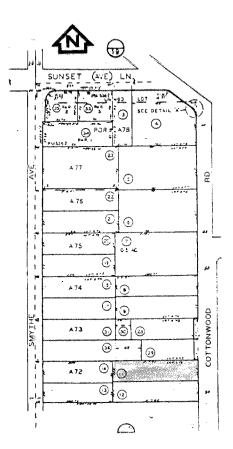
In terms of historic significance, most of the selected individual houses in the study area do not qualify for federal, state or local historic designation. This structure is neither architecturally nor historically distinctive (see attached discussion dealing with historic significance of the study area)

LOCATIONAL SKETCH MAP

20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture _____Arts/Leisure _____ Economic/Industrial ____Exploration _____ Settlement _x___Government _____Military ____ Religion _____Social/Education _____

21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.)

see attached references and general discussion dealing with historic determination of individual houses in the study area



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| 3. Street/rural address: City: <u>San Ysidro</u> | | | San Diego | NAMES OF THE OWNER O |
| 4. Parcel number: <u>638</u> | | | | |
| 5. Present Owner: <u>Ortiz</u> City: <u>San Ysidro</u> | Policarpo Zin: 92073 | Address: | 251 Cotto | nwood |
| 6. Present Use: <u>reside</u> | | | | |

- 7a. Architectural style: CRAFTSMAN BUNGALOW WITH PRAIRRE ELEMENTS
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

One story, roughly rectangularly shaped house with a flat widely overhanging roof, subtle details and wall/roof recesses emphasizing low linear nature of this house (Only house in study area with this outline). Asymmetrical front facade. <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS</u>: <u>WALL TREATMENT</u>: stucco with cement foundation; angular recesses at corners; squared bays; simple molded band around entire perimeter of house below brackets; rear and side 1/3 of house covered with plywood. <u>ROOF</u>: composition sheeting; wide boxed overhang; numerous wood brackets at irregular intervals; extremely wide fascia board. <u>CHIMNEY</u>: none. <u>WINDOWS</u>: front 2 sets of windows: to the left 3 small casement windows with 3 small vertical lights on top/ single light below; to the right- set of 3 larger casement windows, 6 lights in each (side windows vary in size and sash pattern); plain, wide surrounding board trim. <u>DOOR</u>: side entrance, glazed with 6 square lights on top/ 3 vertical lights on bottom; plain surrounding board trim. <u>PORCH</u>: entry only; no covering; principal roof extends only slightly; 2 cement steps with plain round metal and board railing.



8. Construction date: Estimated: <u>1928-1954</u> 9. Architect: _____

11. Approx. property size (in feet): Frontage: <u>50'</u> depth: <u>220'</u> or approx. acreage: _____

12. Date of enclosed photo(s): _____2/89 b/w photo Roll 6 Frame #6,7

| 13. Condition: Excellent Good Fair _x Deteriorated No longer in existence |
|---|
| 14. Alterations: |
| 15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land Scattered buildings Densely built-up Residential Industrial Commercial Other: |
| 16. Threats to site: None known Private Development _x_ Zoning _x_ Vandalism Public Works Project Other: |
| 17. Is the structure: On its original site?: Moved? Unknown ? |
| 18. Related features: |

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

The original acre parcel A72 (see attached Little Landers Map) was purchased by M.L. Bridge in 1914. The house does not appear on the 1928 aerial, therefore was not constructed during the Little Lander's period. No biographical data was obtained from either a review of the City Directories or available Little Landers Property Books for a M.L. Bridge.

In terms of historic significance, most of the selected individual houses in the study area do not qualify for federal, state or local historic designation. This structure is not considered historically distinctive (see attached discussion dealing with historic significance of the study area). Architectually, it is the only house in the area with the specific design elements discussed on the previous page.

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LOCATIONAL SKETCH MAP

20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture <u>x</u> Arts/Leisure ______ Economic/Industrial _____ Exploration ______ Settlement <u>x</u> Government ______ Religion ______ Social/Education ______

21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.)

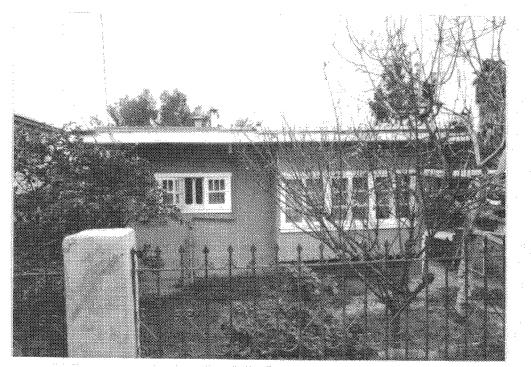
see attached references and general discussion dealing with historic determination of individual houses in the study area

HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY

PHOTO CONTINUATION SHEET

251 COTTONWOOD

638-10-11 Lot A72



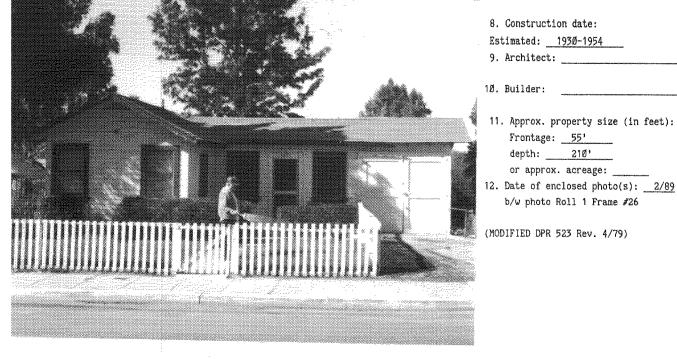
FRONT VIEW

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| 2. | Historic name: | | | | |
| 3. | Street/rural address: 257 (City: San Ysidro Zip: 92) | | | | 30 |
| 4. | Parcel number: 638-10-09 | Lot A74 | 11999 1 de 1991 - 1992 - 1992 - 1992 - 1992 - 1992 - 1992 - 1992 - 1992 - 1992 - 1992 - 1992 - 1992 - 1992 - 1 | | |
| 5. | Present Owner: <u>Marlene/Bernard Ma</u> City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: | ange 92073 | Addre County: | ss: 257 San Di | 7 Cottonwood Lego |
| 6. | Present Use:residence | 0: | riginal U | se: <u>res</u> | sidence |
| DESCRI | PTION | | | | |

7a. Architectural style: FOLK VERNACULAR

7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

One story "L-shaped" house with medium pitch cross gables and attached single car garage. House is on a slope; asymmetrical front facade. <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS</u>: WALL TREATMENT: lap siding; plain cornerboards; patching indicative of front wall alterations; small vertical slat vent pediment under gable. ROOF: composition shingle; plain eaves fascia and gableboard. CHIMNEY: none. WINDOWS: double hung- single pane (2 in front; 2 on either side of door); wide surrounding board trim, sill extends slightly beyond window. DOOR: front facing, covered with screen; unglazed; plain surrounding board trim. <u>PORCH</u>: none.



| • | Constructi | on date: |
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| 51 | timated: | 1930-1954 |
| • | Architect: | NW - The California and a final data and a strain competence of the California of the California and a strain contains and a |
| | Builder: | •••\$******* |

- 11. Approx. property size (in feet):
- b/w photo Roll 1 Frame #26

13. Condition: Excellent _____ Good _____ Fair _x __ Deteriorated _____ No longer in existence _____

15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land _____ Scattered buildings ____ Densely built-up _____ Residential _____ Industrial _____ Commercial _____ Other: ______

16. Threats to site: None known ____ Private Development _x Zoning _x Vandalism _____ Public Works Project ____ Other: _____

17. Is the structure: On its original site?: _____ Moved? _____ Unknowm ? _____

SIGNIFICANCE

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

see preceding significance overview

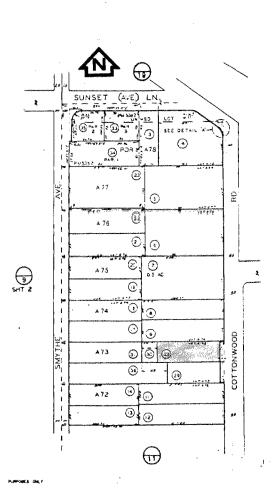
LOCATIONAL SKETCH MAP

20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture _____Arts/Leisure _____ Economic/Industrial _____Exploration _____ Settlement __X_Government _____Military _____ Religion _____Social/Education _____

21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.)

see attached references

22. Date form prepared <u>3/89</u> Roth and Associates 2707 Congress Ave. Suite 2A San Diego, California 92110 (619)-295-3111



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| HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY | | | | |
| IDENTIFICATION 1. Common name: | | | | |
| 2. Historic name: | | | NK | |
| 3. Street/rural Address: 255 Co City: San Ysidro Zip: 92 | ottonwood 2073 Coun | ity: | San Diego | |
| 4. Parcel number:638-10-28 | Lot A73 | 103-101-101-101-101-101-101-101-101-101- | | . Mar man Market Mar |
| 5. Present Owner: <u>Elena/Hector Con</u> City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: | ronel 92073 C | Address: | 255 C San Die | ottonwood go |
| 6. Present Use: <u>residence</u> | 0ri | ginal Use: | resi | dence |

- 7a. Architectural style: FOLK VERNACULAR w/ SIMPLE CRAFTSMAN ELEMENTS
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

One story house with a medium pitch front facing gable and a trellis porte cochre roof extending from the left of the house. The lot slopes down to the rear. Asymmetrical front facade. <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS</u>: <u>WALL TREATMENT</u>: stucco; small vertical slat vent pediment under gable. ROOF: composition shingle; slight overhang; plain eaves fascia and gableboard. CHIMNEY: none. WINDOWS: front window appears to be a pair of 12 light, fixed with top of surrounding board slightly curved (windows are covered with security grills); side windows are combination metal sliders and fixed single pane. DOOR: side entrance; can not see. PORCH: none; trellis porte cochere extends from left of house, rests on thin stucco arches and small square piers (2 arches: 1st one at entrance; wider arch for car); no stairs.

Detached garage immediately to right of house- lap siding and a steeper pitch to the roof.



8. Construction date:

9. Architect:

- 10. Builder:
- 11. Approx. property size (in feet): Frontage: 50' depth: <u>160'</u> or approx. acreage:
- 12. Date of enclosed photo(s): _____2/89 b/w photo Roll 11 Frame #27

| 13. Condition: Excellent Good Fairx Deteriorated No longer in existence |
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| 14 Alleraltona, <u>numerous withulidings to the rea</u> r |
| 15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land Scattered buildings Densely built-up Residential Industrial Commercial Other: |
| 16. Threats to site: None known Private Developmentx_ Zoningx_ Vandalism Public Works Project Other: |
| 17. Is the structure: On its original site?: Moved? Unknown ? |
| 18. Related features: |

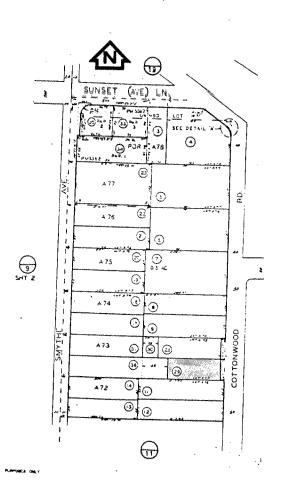
19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

see preceding significance overview

LOCATIONAL SKETCH MAP

- 20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture _____Arts/Leisure _____ Economic/Industrial ____Exploration _____ Settlement X___Government _____Military _____ Religion _____Social/Education _____
- 21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.)

see attached references

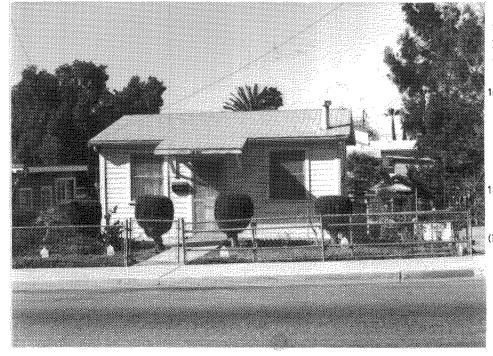


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| HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY | | | | | |
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| 2. Historic name: | | | | | |
| 3. Street/rural address:253 City:San YsidroZip:9 | Cottonwood 22073 Cour | nty: | San Diego |) | alus Incomponé |
| 4. Parcel number: 638-10-29 | Lot A73 | a han an a | y - tanan ta fi ya a ka a ta a ta a ta | a | er, a. marka |
| 5. Present Owner: <u>Maria Roach/ C</u> City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: | | | | | |
| 6. Present Use: <u>residence</u> | 0r: | iginal Use: | res | ldence | |

7a. Architectural style: FOLK VERNACULAR

7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

One story house with a medium pitch side facing gable roof and an extended shed roof over front door entry. Asymmetrical front facade. <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS</u>: <u>WALL TREATMENT</u>: dropped siding with wide corner boards. <u>ROOF</u>: composition shingle; plain eaves fascia and gableboard; rain gutters along roof line. <u>CHIMNEY</u>: none. <u>WINDOWS</u>: 1 double hung window on either side of front door; not evenly spaced; single light in each pane; plain surrounding board trim. <u>DOOR</u>: front facing; single rectangular glass pane on top half, solid wood panel below; covered with screen door. <u>PORCH</u>: none; extended shed roof over door; simple triangular knee braces as support; single step to entry.



| 8. Construction date: |
|--|
| Estimated: |
| 9. Architect: |
| |
| 10. Builder: |
| |
| 11. Approx. property size (in feet): |
| Frontage: <u>50'</u> |
| depth:135' |
| or approx. acreage: |
| 12. Date of enclosed photo(s): <u>2/89</u> |
| b/w photo Roll 1 Frame #28 |
| |
| (MODIFIED DPR 523 Rev. 4/79) |

13. Condition: Excellent _____ Good __x Fair ____ Deteriorated _____ No longer in existence _____

14. Alterations: <u>new siding</u>

15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land _____ Scattered buildings ____ Densely built-up _____ Residential _____ Industrial _____ Commercial _____ Other: ______

16. Threats to site: None known _____ Private Development _x__Zoning _x___Vandalism ______

17. Is the structure: On its original site?: ____ Moved? _____ Unknown ? _____

SIGNIFICANCE

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

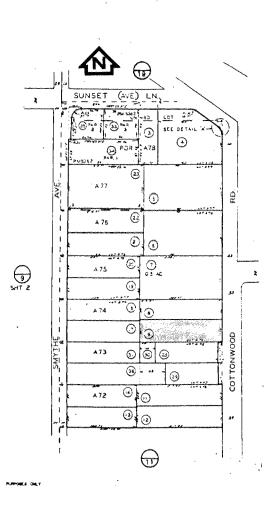
see preceding significance overview

LOCATIONAL SKETCH MAP

20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture _____Arts/Leisure _____ Economic/Industrial ____Exploration _____ Settlement _____Government _____Military _____ Religion _____Social/Education _____

21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.)

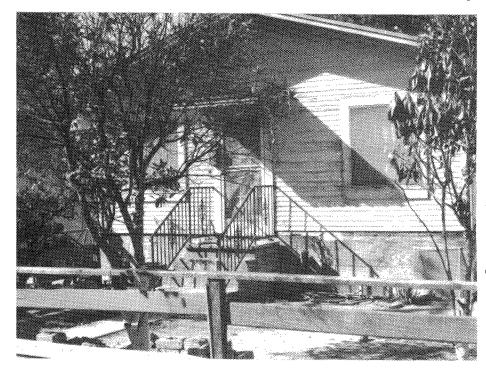
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| HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY | | | | | |
| IDENTIFICATION 1. Common name: | 111 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 | | n Marina da Marina de Santa d | | 4mbm10000.0001/sama/sama/sama/sama/sama/sama/sama/sam |
| 2. Historic name: | | | | | |
| 3. Street/rural address: 261 C City: San Ysidro Zip: 92 | ottonwood | | | | |
| 4. Parcel number:638-10-07 | Lot A75 | 1914 - 1444 - 1444 - 1444 - 1444 - 1444 - 1444 - 1444 - 1444 - 1444 - 1444 - 1444 - 1444 - 1444 - 1444 - 1444 - | | Mary house the second | |
| 5. Present Owner: <u>Amando/Sally Alm</u> City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: _ | lanza 92073 C | _ Address: ounty: | 259_C San Die | Cottonwoo go | d |
| 6. Present Use:residence | Ori | ginal Use: | resi | dence | **** |

- 7a. Architectural style: FOLK VERNACULAR
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

One story house with low pitch front facing gable roof and a dropped shed roof bracketed hood over front door. Asymmetrical front facade (front windows are not evenly spaced).<u>STRUCTURAL</u> <u>AND DESIGN ELEMENTS: WALL TREATMENT</u>: lap with plywood siding along bottom 3-5'. <u>ROOF</u>: composition sheeting; moderate overhang; exposed eaves; plain gableboard; 2 plain knee braces under gable edges. <u>CHIMNEY</u>: none. <u>WINDOWS</u>: 2 front facing double hung- single light in each pane; side windows are same with some replaced by metal sliders; windows covered with screens; plain surrounding board trim. <u>DOOR</u>: front centered, 15 lights covered by screen. <u>PORCH</u>: none; bracketed shed roof hood over door; brackets are single stick braces; jig-saw cut trim fascia along hood; 3 front facing steps with wrought iron railing system to stoop.



| 8. Construction date: |
|---|
| Estimated:1915-1928 |
| 9. Architect: |
| Ø. Builder: |
| Approx. property size (in feet): Frontage: <u>110</u>' depth: <u>210</u>' or approx. acreage: <u>2</u>. Date of enclosed photo(s): <u>2/89</u> b/w photo Roll 1 Frame #24,25 |
| Roll 2 Frame #9 |
| |

| 13. | Condition: | Excellent | Good | Fair | Deteriorate | d x | No | longer | in | existence | |
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|-----|------------|-----------|------|------|-------------|-----|----|--------|----|-----------|--|

14. Alterations: <u>house is on slope-lower basement-like room in the rear</u>

15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land _____ Scattered buildings _____ Densely built-up _____ Residential _____ Industrial _____ Commercial _____ Other: ______

16. Threats to site: None known ____ Private Development ___ Zoning ___ Vandalism _____ Public Works Project ____ Other: _____

17. Is the structure: On its original site?: x Moved? Unknown ?

18. Related features: <u>potential for out buildings in back but lot is filled with trash;</u> <u>detached stucco garage;</u>

SIGNIFICANCE

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

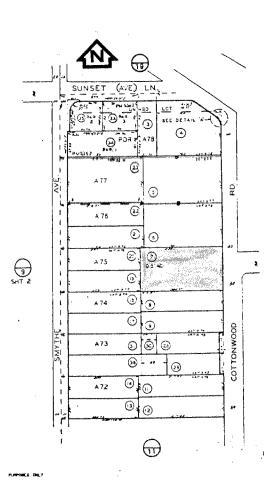
see preceding significance overview

LOCATIONAL SKETCH MAP

20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture _____Arts/Leisure _____ Economic/Industrial _____Exploration _____ Settlement _____ Government _____ Military _____ Religion _____ Social/Education _____

21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.)

see attached references



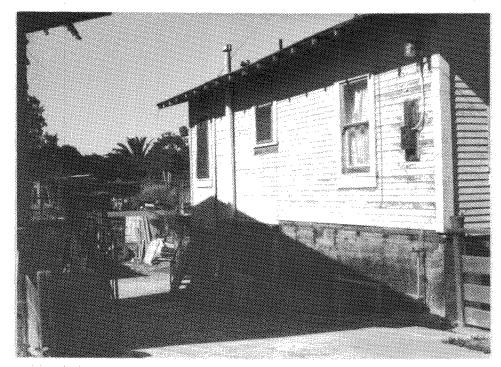
HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY

PHOTO CONTINUATION SHEET

261 COTTONWOOD

638-10-07 Lot A75

FOLK VERNACULAR

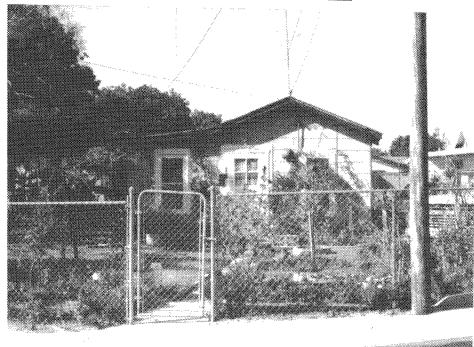


SIDE VIEW

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| HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY | | | | | | | |
| IDENTIFICATION | | | | | | | |
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| 3. Street/rural address: 315 | Cotto | nwood | | | | | |
| City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: 92 | 2073 | Coun | ty: | S | an Diego | 2 | |
| 4. Parcel number:638-10-04 L | ot A78 | 3 | | | and an address of the second | an a | 1 |
| 5. Present Owner: Adelina/Frank R | losa | | Addr | ess: | 31 | L5 Cotto | nwood |
| City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: _ | 9201 | <u>73</u> Co | ounty: | | San Die | ego | |
| 6. Present Use: <u>residence</u> | | Oriį | ginal | Use: | resi | dence | Mith Approximation and provide and |

- 7a. Architectural style: FOLK VERNACULAR
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

Small, "Hall and Parlor" house with a medium pitch front facing gable roof and a shed extension on the right. Asymmetrical front facade. <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS</u>: <u>WALL</u> <u>TREATMENT</u>: composition siding. <u>ROOF</u> composition shingle; slight overhang; exposed eaves; plain narrow gableboard. <u>CHIMNEY</u>: none. <u>WINDOWS</u>: one on either side of front door, rectangular in shape; vertical; appear to be 2 light awning over windows, curved with screen; wide surrounding plain board. <u>DOOR</u>: front facing; partially glazed with 4 square lights above; lintel slightly flared; plain surrounding board trim. <u>PORCH</u>: none.



| 8. Construction date: | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Estimated: <u>1915-1928</u> | | | | | |
| 9. Architect: | | | | | |
| 10. Builder: | | | | | |
| 11. Approx. property size (in feet): | | | | | |

or approx. acreage: _____

12. Date of enclosed photo(s): _____2/89 b/w photo Roll 1 Frame #23

| 13. Condition: Excellent Good Fair Deteriorated No longer in existence |
|---|
| 14. Alterations: corrugated metal shed in rear; alterations along sides |
| 15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land Scattered buildings Densely built-up Residential Industrial Commercial Other: |
| 16. Threats to site: None known Private Development _x_Zoning _x_Vandalism Public Works Project Other: |
| 17. Is the structure: On its original site?: Moved? Unknown ? |
| 18. Related features: |

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

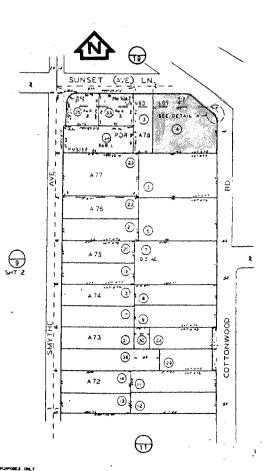
see preceding significance overview

LOCATIONAL SKETCH MAP

20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture _____Arts/Leisure _____ Economic/Industrial ____Exploration _____ Settlement _____ Military _____ Religion _____Social/Education _____

21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.)

see attached references

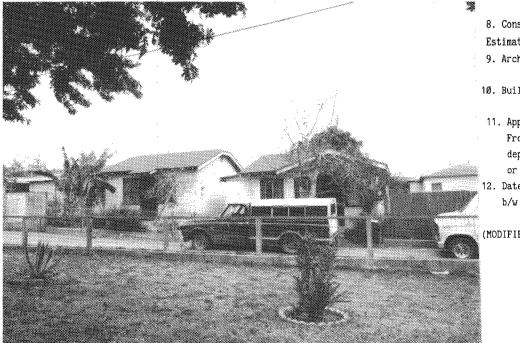


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| | Street/rural address:12 Sity:San YsidroZip:9 | | s | San Die | go | |
| 4. P | Parcel number:666-05-09 | Lot 27 | ang dan galang gana gana gana galang kang galang kang dan | | • | ang di kana mang di kana di kana di kana mang |
| | Present Owner: <u>Gilda/Jaime Pe</u> City: <u>San Diego</u> Zip: | ena 92113(| | | | |
| 6. P | Present Use: <u>residence</u> | 0ri | ginal Use | : <u>re</u> | sidence | anguna mangang mangang tao (a. 1914). Sa |
| DESCRIPT | TON | | | | | |
| | rchitectural style: FOLK VERNACULAR COTTAGES | | | | | |
| | escribe present physical description of site o | or structure; desci | ribe major alte | rations fro | m | |
| | original condition: | | · | | | |
| | Two small cottages: | | | | | |
| | 124 Cypress- 1 story low pitch side hipped g | gable; asymmetrical | l front facade. | | | |
| | 122 Cypress- 1 story low pitch cross gable; | - | | | | |
| | STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS: WALL TREATME | | | | | |
| | some places; louvered unboxed vent under sid | | | | ner | |
| | boards. ROOF: composition shingles; exposed | | | | | |
| | WINDOWS: (124 Cypress) metal sliders with se | | | | | |
| | windows on either side of door; sash bar pat | tern of 2 lights/ | 2 lights; plai | n board tri | m. | |

<u>DOOR</u>: (124 Cypress) wood door with four glass panes, covered with security bars; (122 Cypress) can not see, covered with security bars and screen. <u>PORCH</u>: no porch; 124 Cypress has slight shed extension over front door; 122 Cypress entry is located under principal roof.



8. Construction date: Estimated: <u>post 1914</u> 9. Architect: _____

10. Builder:

11. Approx. property size (in feet): Frontage: <u>50'</u> depth: <u>68'</u>

or approx. acreage:

12. Date of enclosed photo(s): 2/89 b/w photo Roll 7 Frame #34

| 13. | . Condition: Excellent Good Fair _x _ Deteriorated No longer in existence |
|-----|---|
| 14. | Alterations: |
| 15. | . Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land Scattered buildings Densely built-up Residential Industrial Commercial Other: |
| 16. | Threats to site: None known Private Development _x Zoning _x Vandalism Public Works Project Other: |
| 17. | Is the structure: On its original site?: Moved? Unknown ? |
| 18. | Related features: |

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

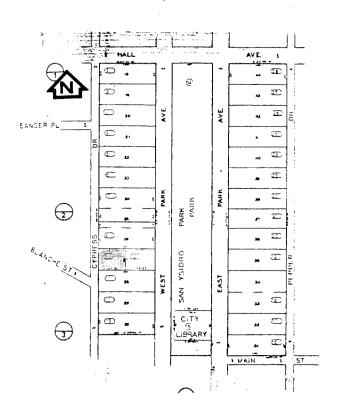
see preceding significance overview

LOCATIONAL SKETCH MAP

20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture _____Arts/Leisure _____ Economic/Industrial _____Exploration _____ Settlement _____Government _____Military _____ Religion _____Social/Education _____

21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.)

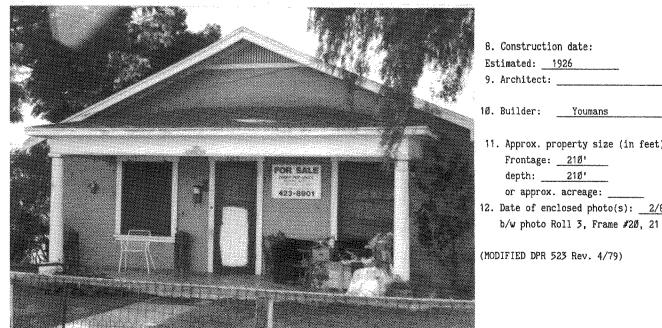
see attached references



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| HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY | | | | | |
| 1. Common name: | | | Mine and a second s | | Name and a second second second |
| 2. Historic name: | an a | 11100 1934 milan kanalasi kata sa kasa kasa sa sa kasa | n ja mana manga mana ang kang kang kang kang kang kang ka | | 199 1), |
| 3. Street/rural address:125 City:San YsidroZip:9 | | | San Diego | 0 | معادمات المحالي المحالي محالي المحالي ا |
| 4. Parcel number:666-02-11 L | Lot A98 | | 111-111-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1- | | an search and a state of a stream state based and state |
| 5. Present Owner: <u>Nora Youmans</u> City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: | | | | | |
| 6. Present Use: <u>residence</u> | 0ri | ginal Use: | res | idence | ana panganan kana panganan kana kana kana kana kana kana ka |

- 7a. Architectural style: FOLK VERNACULAR WITH CLASSICAL PORCH ELEMENTS
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

One story house with medium pitch front facing gable roof and front facing dropped hip porch roof. Asymmetrical front facade. STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS: WALL TREATMENT: lap siding with no corner boards; cement foundation; small boxed loft-like opening under rear gable. ROOF: composition shingles; boxed eaves along porch roof; two 4 by 4 brackers under gable at wall junction; exposed rafters; plain undecorated gableboard; series of vertical strips and horizontal plain board form triangular decorative pediment under the front gable. CHIMNEY: none. WINDOWS: one on either side of door: double hung with 4 vertical lights on top/ 1 on the bottom; windows covered with screen; simple plain board trim with sill and lentils extended slightly beyond window opening. DOOR: front facing, centered; partially glazed with 5 vertical lights on top/ wood panel on the bottom; wood screen door. PORCH: open, front facing with 2 doric support columns; simple molded capitals and bases; plain boxed cornice and frieze along roof; slat finishing under porch roof; 1 front cement step to entry.



11. Approx. property size (in feet):

12. Date of enclosed photo(s): _____2/89

| 13. Condition: Excellent Good Fair Deteriorated No longer in existence |
|---|
| 14. Alterations: shed additions to the rear; lower pitched offset gable extension to the rear |
| 15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land Scattered buildings Densely built-up Residential Industrial Commercial Other: |
| 16. Threats to site: None known Private Development _xZoning _xVandalism Public Works Project Other:house currently for sale |
| 17. Is the structure: On its original site?: Moved? Unknown ? |
| 18. Related features: <u>detached garage across alley; good exterior condition; older vegetation</u> <u>includes pepper trees.</u> |

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

The original lot (Parcel A98, see attached Little Landers map) was purchased in 1910 by Sarah Youmans. The Youmans owned other land in the community including town lot 28 and acre lot 6. The lot has been owned continuously by the Youmans family since 1910. In 1926 Elmer Sarah's son) and Nora Youmans arrived in San Ysidro: "at that time it was a community, not just a place to drive through. . . . there was no better place to raise a family..." (SWC 12/22/55). The Elmer Youmans family built this house and raised turkeys, goats, rabbits, ducks, and had a perennial garden on their land. The City Directories list Elmer and his father, Herbert, as carpenters. They were responsible for building many of the homes in the area. Elmer Youman was postmaster for San Ysidro in 1938.

The historic importance of this structure lies in its early construction date (associated with the original Little Landers settlement) and its association with the Youmans family.

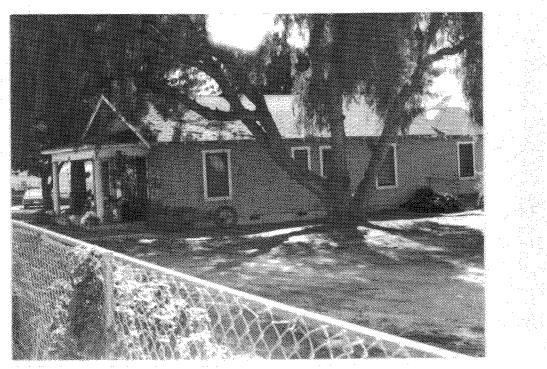
| | LOCATIONAL SKETCH MAP | |
|--|-----------------------|--------------|
| | SANGER PLACE | (TENNIE ST.) |
| <pre>20. Main theme of historic resource: ArchitectureArts/Leisure Economic/IndustrialExploration Settlement _xGovernmentMilitary ReligionSocial/Education 21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.) see attached references and general discussion dealing with historic determination of individual houses in the study area</pre> | A 99 C | |
| 22. Date form prepared <u>5/89</u> Roth and Associates 2707 Congress Ave. Suite 2A San Diego, California 92110 (619)-295-3111 | | * |

HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY

PHOTO CONTINUATION SHEET

125 CYPRESS

666-02-11 Lot A98 FOLK VERNACULAR



SIDE VIEW

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| HABS | HAER N | R SHL LOC |
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| HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY | | |
| IDENTIFICATION | | |
| 1. Common name: Pan American Ap | artments | - A general a construction of the Market and States in the States and a characterization of the States and the S |
| 2. Historic name: | | |
| 3. Street/rural address: 2313 East | | Diana |
| City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: <u>92073</u> | county: <u>Se</u> | in Diego |
| 4. Parcel number:638-162-19 Lot | A20 | |
| 5. Present Owner: <u>D. Zachay</u> City: <u>San Diego</u> Zip: 920 | Address: | 6788 Madrone San Diego |
| 6. Present Use:apartment building | Original Use: | commercial building |

7a. Architectural style: SPANISH ECLECTIC IN OVER ALL STYLE with Art Moderne Elements (porch hood,cube glass); Auto Court

7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

Six stucco flat-roofed, box-like units clustered around a large open court; stark surroundings. Asymmetrical front facades (apparent alterations to main facade). <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS</u>: <u>WALL TREATMENT</u>: stucco with circular drains aligned horizontally below roof line; squared wall junctions, no coping; fake brick skirt along front bottom 3' of several units. <u>ROOF</u>: flat, covering unknown. <u>CHIMNEY</u>: none. <u>WINDOWS</u>: combination glass cube side panels and both paired narrow and single wide double hung with horizontal sash bar pattern; wood lintel on some, open board shutters along sides of most. <u>DOORS</u>: main office door glazed with 5 horizontal lights and surrounding cube glass, other doors are screen covered; most units have a softly curved stucco hood over door. <u>PORCH</u>: none; several units have a low brick capped curved stucco wall around entry.

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8. Construction date:

| Estimated: | 193Øs |
|------------|-------|
|------------|-------|

| rchitect: | |
|-----------|----------|
| | chitect: |

1Ø. Builder:

11. Approx. property size (in feet):
 Frontage: 169'
 depth: 230'
 or approx. acreage:

12. Date of enclosed photo(s): 2/89

b/w photo Roll 7, Frames #9,10,11

| 13. | Condition: Excellent Good Fair Deteriorated No longer in existence |
|----------------|---|
| 14. | Alterations: individual units have slightly different architectural elements |
| 15. | Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land Scattered buildings Densely built-up Residential Industrial Commercial Other: |
| 16. | Threats to site: None known Private Development _x_ Zoning _x_ Vandalism Public Works Project Other: |
| 17. | Is the structure: On its original site?: Moved? Unknown ? |
| 18. | Related features: |
| SIGNIF: 19. | ICANCE Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.) |

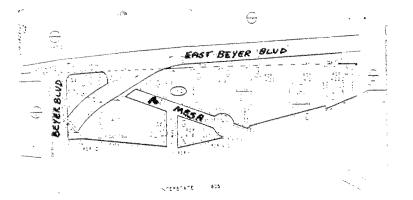
see preceding significance overview

LOCATIONAL SKETCH MAP

20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture _____Arts/Leisure _____ Economic/Industrial _____Exploration _____ Settlement _____ Government _____ Military _____ Religion _____ Social/Education _____

21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.)

see attached references



HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY

PHOTO CONTINUATION SHEET

2313 EAST BEYER 638-162-19 10T A20 AUTO COURT



UNITS TO THE REAR OF THE LOT



SIDE UNITS

E PARK

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| | | ark |
| iginal Use: _ | residence | andre also ball and a second secon |
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| ttended, low pitch f <u>IRAL AND DESIGN ELEP</u> ttension covered wit yide eave overhang of the sace overhang of the surrounding trim. full porch with mas 8. Construction da Estimated: 9. Architect: 10. Builder: 11. Approx. proper Frontage:50 depth:4 or approx. acr 12. Date of enclose b/w photo Roll Roll | <pre>Tront facing IENTS: h rock; vertical on shed aboard. ssive rock piers; te: 1928</pre> | |
| | Address: County: iginal Use: TS ribe major alterati tended, low pitch f <u>RAL AND DESIGN ELEP</u> tension covered wit ide eave overhang c es fascia and gable surrounding trim. full porch with mas 8. Construction da Estimated: 10. Builder: 10. Builder: 11. Approx. proper Frontage: depth: 12. Date of enclose b/w photo Roll Roll | nty: San Diego |

| Alterations, wall transport out the descent |
|---|
| Alterations: _wall treatment; window/door replacement |
| Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land Scattered buildings Densely built-up Residential Industrial Commercial Other: |
| hreats to site: None known Private Developmentx_ Zoningx_ Vandalism Public Works Project Other: |
| s the structure: On its original site?: Moved? Unknown ? |
| elated features: |
| |

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

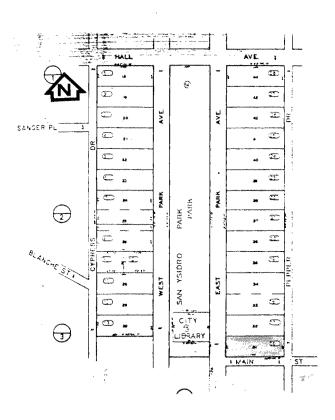
see preceding significance overview

LOCATIONAL SKETCH MAP

20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture _____Arts/Leisure _____ Economic/Industrial _____Exploration _____ Settlement X_____Government _____Military _____ Religion _____Social/Education _____

21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.)

see attached references



| | HABS HAER NR | SHL LOC |
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| HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY | | |
| IDENTIFICATION 1. Common name: | | |
| 2. Historic name: | | |
| 3. Street/rural address: <u>110 Ea</u> City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: <u>920</u> | ast Park | go |
| 4. Parcel number:666-05-17 | Lot 32 | |
| 5. Present Owner: <u>Lucy Tomboulian</u> City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: _ | et.al. Address: 92073 County: San D | 110 East Park iego |
| 6. Present Use: residence | Original Use:r | esidence |

- 7a. Architectural style: FOLK VERNACULAR
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

One story cottage with two low pitch front facing gables: lower gable is offset to the left with an extended shed roof over side porch entrance. Asymmetrical front facade. <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS</u> <u>WALL TREATMENT</u>: white stucco exterior with rounded corners; 3-holed metal boxed vent under each gable. <u>ROOF</u>: composition shingles; moderate eave overhang; undecorated fascia gableboard. <u>CHIMNEY</u>: none. <u>WINDOWS</u>: double hung, horizontal sash bar arrangement with 2 lights in each; plain surrounding board trim; sill extend slightly beyond window opening. <u>DOOR</u>: side entrance; wood panel with 2 square inset panels on top/ 4 rectangular panels on the bottom; attached screen door; plain wood trim around door. <u>PORCH</u>: partial, open porch with wrought iron railing system; 3 front facing cement stairs to entry; roof extension covers only the door.

Detached garage to the rear identical in shape and design to main building.



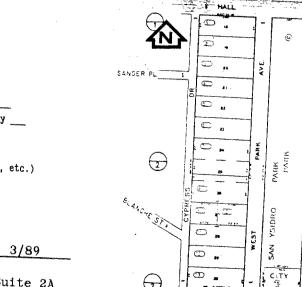
| | 8. | Construction date: | | | | |
|---|-----|--------------------|------|---------|--|--|
| | Est | imated: | late | 1920-30 | | |
| | 9. | Architect: | | | | |
| 1 | ø. | Builder: | | | | |

- 12. Date of enclosed photo(s): _____2/89
 b/w photo Roll 3 Frame #5

| 13. Condition: Excellent Good Fair _x Deteriorated No longer in existence |
|---|
| 14. Alterations: |
| 15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land Scattered buildings Densely built-up Residential Industrial Commercial Other: |
| 16. Threats to site: None known Private Development _x Zoning Vandalism Public Works Project Other: |
| 17. Is the structure: On its original site?:x Moved? Unknown ? |
| 18. Related features:cracked foundation; chain-link fence along perimeter. |
| SIGNIFICANCE |

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

see preceding significance overview



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LOCATIONAL SKETCH MAP

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20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture ____ Arts/Leisure ____ Economic/Industrial ____ Exploration ____ Settlement X Government Military Religion _____ Social/Education _____

21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.)

see attached references

| HABS NR UTM: A | |
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| HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY | |
| 1. Common name: | |
| 2. Historic name: | |
| 3. Street/rural address: 130 East Park City: San Ysidro Zip: 92073 County: San Diego | |
| 4. Parcel number: 666-05-21 Lot 37 | |
| 5. Present Owner: <u>Dorothy Kelly</u> Address: <u>130</u> City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: <u>92073</u> County: <u>San Die</u> | East Park go |
| 6. Present Use: <u>residence</u> Original Use: <u>res</u> | sidence |

- 7a. Architectural style: VERNACULAR
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

One story house with a flat-topped,hip roof. Asymmetrical front facade. <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS:</u> <u>WALL TREATMENT</u>: white stucco. <u>ROOF</u>: composition shingle; hip roof with irregular hipped extension on one side; no exposed rafters or beams. <u>CHIMNEY</u>: none. <u>WINDOWS</u>: fixed, inset, rectangular main window with center sash bar arrangement of 6 lights on top/ 3 on bottom; adjacent windows to the side have sash bar arrangement of 4 lights on top/ 2 on bottom; side window is bell shaped with similar sash treatment as the door; windows along sides of the house are combination double hung and multi-light casements. <u>DOOR</u>: surrounding treatment is an inverted bell; glazed door with 6 lights on top/3 vertical panes on bottom; irregularly shaped fixed lights surround the door- panes are cut to fit into the curvature of the inverted bell. <u>PORCH</u>: none; no overhang; 3 front facing cement steps to entry.

Detached garage has pyramidal roof. Detached house to the back (132 East Park) has stucco exterior; roof line is front facing medium gable with two lower hip roofs; no exposed rafters. Porch treatment elements include slender round doric porch supports. The front and rear house appear to have similar construction and were built at the same time.



| 8. Constructio | n date: |
|----------------|------------------------|
| Estimated: | 1911-1928 |
| 9. Architect: | |
| | |
| lØ. Builder: | |
| 4.4 b | |
| 11. Approx. pr | operty size (in feet): |
| Frontage: | <u>50'</u> |
| depth: | 140' |
| or approx. | acreage: |
| 2. Date of enc | losed photo(s): |
| b∕w photo i | Roll 3 Frame #6 |

| 13. Condition: Excellent Good Fairx Deteriorated No longer in existence |
|--|
| 14. Alterations: detached house in the back |
| 15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land Scattered buildings Densely built-up Residential _x Industrial Commercial Other: |
| 16. Threats to site: None known Private Developmentx_ Zoningx_ Vandalism Public Works Project Other: |
| 17. Is the structure: On its original site?: Moved? Unknown ? |
| 18. Related features: combination picket and low brick fence along perimeter |

SIGNIFICANCE

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

The original town lot 37 (see attached Little Landers Map) was purchased by Maria Wakefield in 1913. Apparently many of the original colonists were single, unattached women who bought undeveloped lots, stayed for an undetermined time and then moved away. (They appear in the directories for one or two years. Some perhaps married which would account for the names no longer appearing in the directories). Extensive archival research coupled with interviews failed to document the date of construction, biographical data of the original inhabitants or any associated local lore.

A review of the 1928 aerial indicates that a structure was on this lot. It is unclear however whether or not this is the same structure. By 1928 most of East Park and Olive had been filled in by building activity.

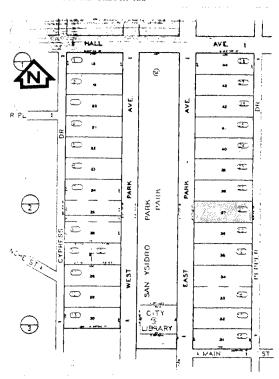
In terms of historic significance, most of the selected individual houses in the study area do not qualify for either federal, state or local historic designation. This structure is neither architecturally nor historically distinctive (see attached discussion dealing with historic significance of the study area)

20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture _____Arts/Leisure _____ Economic/Industrial _____Exploration _____ Settlement _x___Government _____Military _____ Religion _____Social/Education

21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.)

see attached references and general discussion dealing with historic determination of individual houses in the study area

22. Date form prepared 5/89 Roth and Associates 2707 Congress Ave. Suite 2A San Diego, California 92110 (619)-295-3111



LOCATIONAL SKETCH MAP

| | | HABS | HAI | ER | NR | SHL | LOC |
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| 2. | Historic name: | la miyata ya shu ya shu ya da ya shu ya s | open hjild met tilde men som en statiske som beser det som at som | | ngana dan Wang di Sang di Sang Karapatén Karapatén Karapatén Karapatén Karapatén Karapatén Karapatén Karapatén | la ang sa | |
| 3. | Street/rural address: 134 Ea City: San Ysidro Zip: 92 | | | | San Diego |) | eelaidiintiinta ahaan ahaa ahaa ahaa ahaa ahaa ahaa |
| 4. | Parcel number: 666-05-22 | Lot 38 | 8 | | | a managa na | |
| 5. | Present Owner: <u>June Thompson</u> City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: _ | 9203 | Ac 73 Count | ddress: ty: | <u> </u> | East Parl ego | C |
| 6. | Present Use: <u>residence</u> | andrasti, kin de dana andras | Origina | al Use: | resi | ldence | ang ng mang ng |
| DESCRI | PTION | | | | | | |
| 7a. | Architectural style: | | | | | | |

7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

One story house with low pitched cross gable roof. Asymmetrical front facade. <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS</u>: <u>WALL TREATMENT</u>: lap siding; cement foundation; broad triangular, vertical slat vent under each gable. <u>ROOF</u>: composition shingle; wide overhang; boxed eaves; plain eaves fascia and gableboard. <u>CHIMNEY</u>: side, brick painted white. <u>WINDOWS</u>: front focal window is fixed pane with 5 lights on top/ 1 on bottom; 2 narrow double hung on each side; plain surrounding broad trim; arched side treatment on windows with 4 lights on top/ 2 vertical lights on bottom; all windows covered with security screen. <u>DOOR</u>: glazed with 6 lights on top/ 2 on bottom; covered with security grill. <u>PORCH</u>: none; 2 steps to entry.

8. Construction date:

| Estimated: | 1910-1928 |
|------------|------------|
| A 8 | . . |

| 9. | Architect: | |
|----|------------|--|
|----|------------|--|

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|-----|------|------|--|

- 11. Approx. property size (in feet):
 Frontage: <u>50'
 depth: 140'
 or approx. acreage: _____</u>
- 12. Date of enclosed photo(s): <u>2/89</u> b/w photo Roll 3 Frame #7 Roll 7 Frame #21

13. Condition: Excellent _____ Good ____ Fair ____ Deteriorated _____ No longer in existence _____

14. Alterations: window/door treatment; wall treatment; converted detached garage

15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land _____ Scattered buildings _____ Densely built-up _____ Residential _____ Industrial _____ Commercial _____ Other: _____

16. Threats to site: None known ____ Private Development ___ Zoning ___ Vandalism ____ Public Works Project ____ Other: _____

17. Is the structure: On its original site?: _____x Moved? _____ Unknown ? _____

18. Related features: <u>little associated older vegetation</u>

SIGNIFICANCE

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

see preceding significance overview

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LOCATIONAL SKETCH MAP

20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture _____ Arts/Leisure _____ Economic/Industrial _____ Exploration _____ Settlement _X___ Government _____ Military _____ Religion _____ Social/Education _____

21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.)

see attached references

| | HABS HAER | NR SHL LOC |
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| HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY | | |
| IDENTIFICATION 1. Common name: | | |
| 2. Historic name: | | |
| 3. Street/rural address: 144-1 City: San Ysidro Zip: 92 | 46 East Park | |
| 4. Parcel number:666-05-25 | | |
| 5. Present Owner: <u>Barbara/Katherin</u> | | 148 East Park San Diego |
| 6. Present Use: <u>residence</u> | Original Use: | residence |
| DESCRIPTION | | |
| 7a. Architectural style: SPANISH ECLECTIC w/ FLAT RC 7b. Describe present physical description of site or original condition: (* House difficult to see because of dense veg One story rectangular shaped house with flat r <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS: WALL TREATMENT</u> entire front wall (1- 6" below roof, other app see covering. <u>CHIMNEY</u>: none. <u>WINDOWS</u>: 2 sets o surrounding detail. <u>DOOR</u>: side entry; can not | structure; describe major alter (etation) oof; asymmetrical front facade. : stucco with 2 horizontal, mole roximately 3' below roof). <u>ROOF</u> f double-hung visible: narrow s | ded bands along : can not |
| | 8. Construction Estimated:oog 9. Architect: 10. Builder: | |

- 11. Approx. property size (in feet):
 Frontage: _______
 depth: _____140'
 or approx. acreage: ______
- 12. Date of enclosed photo(s): 2/89 b/w photo Roll 7 Frame #22

| 13. Condition: Excellent Good Fair Deterioratedx No longer in existence | |
|---|------|
| 14. Alterations:poor-deteriorated exterior | |
| 15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land Scattered buildings Densely built-up Residential Industrial Commercial Other: | **= |
| 16. Threats to site: None known Private Developmentx_Zoningx_Vandalism Public Works Project Other: | |
| 17. Is the structure: On its original site?: Moved? Unknown ? | |
| 18. Related features: | **** |

SIGNIFICANCE

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

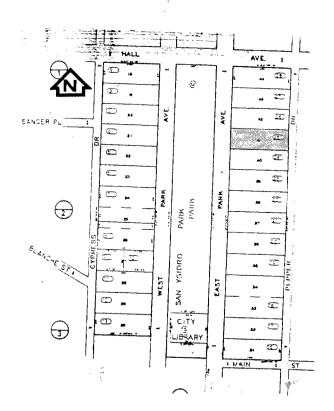
see preceding significance overview

LOCATIONAL SKETCH MAP

20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture _____Arts/Leisure _____ Economic/Industrial _____Exploration _____ Settlement _X____Government _____Military _____ Religion _____Social/Education _____

21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.)

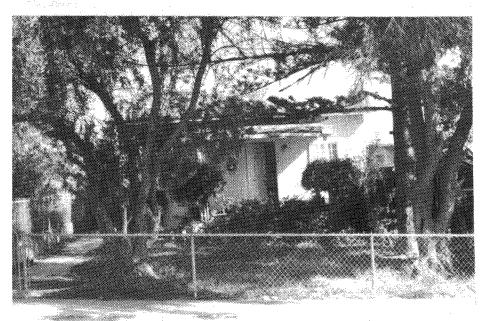
see attached references



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| HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY | | | | |
| IDENTIFICATION | | | | |
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| 2. Historic name: | | ann an | 1400000-000000-0000000-0000000000000000 | |
| 3. Street/rural address: <u>154</u> | East Park | | | <u></u> |
| City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: | <u>92073</u> Coun | ity: <u>San</u> | Diego | al de la companya de |
| 4. Parcel number:666-05-27 | Lot 43 | | | |
| 5. Present Owner: <u>James Sanchez</u> | | | | |
| City: <u>Chula Vista</u> Zip: | <u>92011</u> C | ounty: | San Diego | |
| 6. Present Use: residence | <u> </u> | ginal Use: | resi | dence |

- 7a. Architectural style: FOLK VERNACULAR
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

One story structure with medium pitch side gable and shed extension to the rear. ("Hall and Parlor" configuration). Asymmetrical front facade. <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS</u>: <u>WALL TREATMENT</u>: yellow stucco exterior. <u>ROOF</u>: composition shingles; moderate eave overhang with undecorated eaves fasica and gableboard. <u>CHIMNEY</u>: none. <u>WINDOWS</u>: on either side of entrance: window to the left of the door is fixed with 9 lights on top/ 1 on the bottom; to the right of the door is a small double hung window with 9 lights on top/ 1 on the bottom. plain surrounding flat broad trim; slat-shutter treatment on some of the windows. <u>DOOR</u>: front facing; 6 paneled unglazed wooden door with simple undecorated flat board trim. <u>PORCH</u>: half porch with shed extension roof; porch supports are plain 2 by 2 boards; no trim nor bracing; porch is completely open; 3 cement, side entry steps to cement porch. New structure to the back.



| 8. | Construc | tion | date: | |
|-----|----------|------|---------------------------|--|
| Est | imated: | pre | 1915 | |
| 9. | Architec | :t: | ana alimatan da katala an | |
| 1Ø. | Builder: | | | |

- 11. Approx. property size (in feet): Frontage: ____50' depth: ____140' or approx. acreage: _____
- 12. Date of enclosed photo(s): 2/89 b/w photo Roll 3 Frame #9

| 13. Condition: Excellent Good Fair Deteriorated No longer in existence |
|---|
| 14. Alterations: _original lapped siding now has stucco exterior; new roof; shutter treatment on windows |
| 15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land Scattered buildings Densely built-up Residential Industrial Commercial Other: |
| 16. Threats to site: None known Private Development _x Zoning _x Vandalism Public Works Project Other: |
| 17. Is the structure: On its original site?: Moved? Unknown ? |
| 18. Related features: <u>new structure (apartment) in back; chain-link fence perimeter</u> |

SIGNIFICANCE

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

The original town lot 43 (see attached Little Landers Map) was purchased by Alex Schwabe as an improved lot in 1915. This implies a pre-1915 date of construction. Extensive archival research coupled with lengthy informant interviews, howver, failed to document the actual date of construction, biographical data of the original inhabitants or any associated local lore.

In terms of historic significance, most of the selected individual houses in the study area do not qualify for federal, state or local historic designation. This structure is neither architecturally nor historically distinctive (see attached discussion dealing with historic significance of the study area)

HALL AVE ÷ Œ 9 uð. ** $\langle \mathcal{Q} \rangle$ N: $\overline{\Sigma}$ -EVE. ليا ج 25 **8**6 Ľ. 4 21 œ. \square ** 22 E C 23 MHAR PARK <u>...</u> PARK PARK $\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$ $\overline{\mathbf{T}}$ r -page--34 YSIDRO Ŧ ∣≃ 36 \bigcirc WE3T EAST м SAN E \odot 24 33 \square Ð CITY . ** 3 50 ж

20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture ____ Arts/Leisure ____ Economic/Industrial ____ Exploration ____ Settlement _x Government ____ Military ____

Religion ____ Social/Education ___

21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.)

see attached references and general discussion dealing with historic determination of individual houses in the study area

22. Date form prepared <u>5/89</u> Roth and Associates 2707 Congress Ave. Suite 2A San Diego, California 92110 (619)-295-3111

LOCATIONAL SKETCH MAP

| | | HABS | HAER | NR | SHI | LOC |
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| HISTOR | IC RESOURCES INVENT | ORY | | | | |
| | FICATION Common name: | ayar balana katang saya ang dagan dagan saya | | market water and the second | | |
| 2. 1 | Historic name: | hiteatistean an a | | | | entry succession and a succession of the |
| | Street/rural address: City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip | | | | Diego | |
| 4. | Parcel number:666- | 05-28 Lot | 44 | ang san san banda dalam dalam daga dalam | -2 | an fall on shy the second reserve and spectra in the second spectra and spectra and |
| | Present Owner: <u>Beatrice</u> City: <u>La Mesa</u> | | | | | |
| 6. | Present Use:residence | Na an a tha an ann an a | 0riginal | Use: | resider | ice |

- 7a. Architectural style: FOLK VERNACULAR w/ SIMPLE COLONIAL REVIVAL DOOR ELEMENTS
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

One story structure with medium pitch side facing gable roof and shed roof extension along rear ("Hall and Parlor" configuration). Asymmetrical front facade. <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS</u>: <u>WALL TREATMENT</u>: lap siding; plain undecorated corner boards and cornice boards (original siding was board and batten). <u>ROOF</u>: composition shingle; moderate overhang; boxed eaves and rafters; plain eaves fascia and gableboard. <u>CHIMNEY</u>: none. <u>WINDOWS</u>: 2 front double hung single pane, unevenly spaced on either side of front door; windows covered with security bars; batten shutters; lentil over windows slightly flared at both ends. <u>DOOR</u>: can not see, security screen; flat column pilasters on each side of door (only house in survey area with this type of door surrounding treatment); narrow bracketed hood tops door. <u>PORCH</u>: none; 3 front facing cement steps to front door; attached lattice covered porch in rear.

Additional structures: single car garage and sheds in rear.



8. Construction date:

Estimated: <u>circa 1912</u>

9. Architect: ____

1Ø. Builder:

11. Approx. property size (in feet):
 Frontage: 50'
 depth: 140'
 or approx. acreage: ______
12. Date of enclosed photo(s): 2/89

b/w photo Roll 3 Frame #10, 11 Roll 7 Frame #23, 24

| 13. Condition: Excellent Good Fairx_ Deteriorated No longer in existence |
|---|
| 14. Alterations: window/door treatment; wall treatment; shutters; new foundation |
| 15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land Scattered buildings Densely built-up Residential Industrial Commercial Other: |
| 16. Threats to site: None known Private Developmentx Zoningx Vandalism Public Works Project Other: |
| 17. Is the structure: On its original site?: Moved? Unknown ? |
| 18. Related features: |

SIGNIFICANCE

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

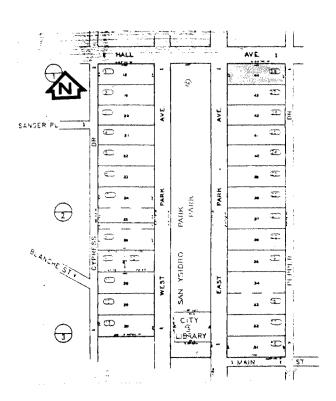
The original town lot 4 (see attached Little Landers Map) was purchased by a Mr. Stokes in 1912. According to the current howners, this house dates to the original Little Landers occupation. When it was originally built, it had a redwood board and bat exterior. Interviews and archival research failed to document any information regarding Mr. Stokes and his activities during the Little Landers period.

LOCATIONAL SKETCH MAP

20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture _____Arts/Leisure _____ Economic/Industrial ____Exploration _____ Settlement _x___Government _____Military _____ Religion _____Social/Education _____

21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.)

see attached references and general discussion dealing with historic determination of individual houses in the study area

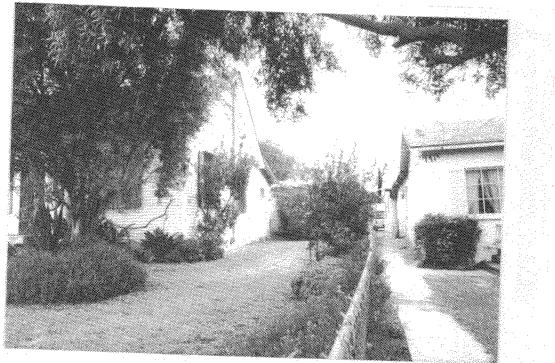


HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY

PHOTO CONTINUATION SHEET

158 EAST PARK

666-05-28 Lot 44 FOLK VERNACULAR



SIDE VIEW SHOWING SHED EXTENSION TO REAR

HALL

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| HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY | | | | | | | |
| IDENTIFICATION 1. Common name: | | | | age, agaad, aagaa ah a | | ng mga | |
| 2. Historic name: | -11121-11111-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11- | | iya ya aya da canadama a sha ya ma an ana ana ana a | | an a | an de la calega de l | |
| 3. Street/rural address:10 City:San Ysidro _ Zip:9 | 9 Hall 2073 | Co | unty: | San D: | lego | | |
| 4. Parcel number:666-06-01 | . Lot | 62 | | | an a | | |
| 5. Present Owner: <u>Joyce Hettich/ E</u> City: <u>Lakeside</u> Zip: | | | | | | | |
| 6. Present Use:residence | | C | riginal U | se: | residence | penni ki penni ki ki ki ma sakt në tak de të së të së së së së | |
| | | | | | | | |

- 7a. Architectural style: CRAFTSMAN (ALTERED)
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

Single story bungalow with a low pitch front facing gable and a slightly dropped, centered gable roof over totally enclosed 3/4 porch. Asymmetrical front facade. <u>STRUCTURAL AND</u> <u>DESIGN ELEMENTS</u>: WALL TREATMENT: composition shingle siding and wide lap siding; possible boxed vent under porch gable. <u>ROOF</u>: moderate overhang, plain eaves fascia and gableboard; decorative wood braces under gable; composition shingle roof. <u>CHIMNEY</u>: none. <u>WINDOWS</u>: front windows are part of fully enclosed porch, can not see elements; plain wood surround with continuous sill lapping around corner. <u>DOOR</u>: side of porch, covered by screen. <u>PORCH</u>: totally enclosed with solid wood from ground level to 3-3 1/2' above floorline; 9 steps to porch entry.



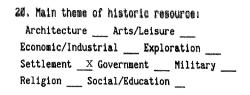
| 8. Construction date: | |
|--------------------------------|--|
| | |
| Estimated: <u>1916-1928</u> | |
| 9. Architect: | a jara da aya ya waxaa da d |
| 1Ø. Builder: | |
| 11. Approx. property size (in | feet): |
| Frontage: <u>50'</u> | |
| depth: 140' | |
| or approx. acreage: | |
| 12. Date of enclosed photo(s): | 2/89 |
| b/w photo Roll 4 Frame #12 | |
| 2, 2 procession | , |
| (MODIFIED DPR 523 Rev. 4/79) | |
| | |
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| | |

| 14. | Alterations: |
|-----|---|
| 15. | Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land Scattered buildings Densely built-up Residential Industrial Commercial Other: |
| 16. | Threats to site: None known Private Development _x Zoning _x Vandalism Public Works Project Other: |
| 17. | Is the structure: On its original site?: Moved? Unknown ? |
| 18 | Related features: |

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

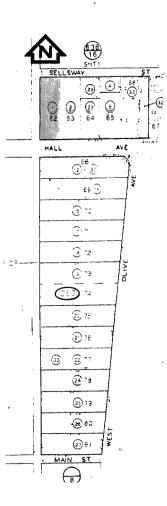
see preceding significance overview

LOCATIONAL SKETCH MAP



21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.)

see attached references

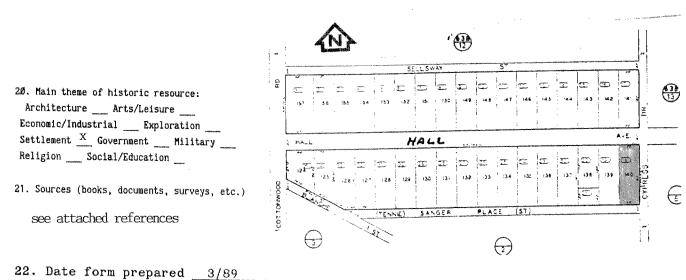


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| HISTORIC RESOURCES INVEN | TORY | | | | |
| IDENTIFICATION 1. Common name: | | | | | |
| 2. Historic name: | | | | | |
| 3. Street/rural address: City:San Ysidro Zi | 110 Hall | ounty: | | | |
| 4. Parcel number: <u>666-01-18</u> | Lot 140 | | | | ange over the state of the state over the state over |
| 5. Present Owner: <u>Gloria Ort</u> City: <u>San Ysidro</u> | ega et al Zip: <u>92073</u> | Address County: | s: <u>122</u> San Die | | |
| 6. Present Use: <u>residence</u> | 0 | riginal Use | e: resi | Idence | and a standard standard and so and |
| 7a. Architectural style: Vernacular 7b. Describe present physical description original condition: One story house with low pitch, sid Asymmetrical front facade. <u>STRUCTUR</u> ceramic tile along side of house an vent under gable. <u>ROOF</u>: composition <u>CHIMNEY</u>: none. <u>WINDOWS</u>: pair of met; trim. <u>DOOR</u>: can not see; screen door wrought iron porch supports. | e gable and extended cen AL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS: d at wall junctions; hor shingle; moderate overh al sliders on either sid | tered front faci WALL TREATMENT: izontal slat, tr ang; exposed eav e of door; no su | ing porch gable. stucco with iangularly boxe ves; plain gable grounding board | d board. | |
| | | 8. Constructi Estimated: 9. Architect: | post 1920 | | |
| | | Frontage: depth: or approx 12. Date of en b/w photo b | 140' . acreage: closed photo(s): Roll 4 Frame #2 Roll 6 Frame #24 | : 2/89 | |

| 13. Condition: Excellent Good Fair _x Deteriorated No longer in existence | |
|---|--|
| 14. Alterations: | |
| 15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land Scattered buildings Densely built-up Residential Industrial Commercial Other: | |
| 16. Threats to site: None known Private Developmentx_ZoningxVandalism Public Works Project Other: | |
| 17. Is the structure: On its original site?: Moved? Unknown ? | |
| 18. Related features: | |
| SIGNIFICANCE | |

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

see preceding significance overview



LOCATIONAL SKETCH MAP

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| HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY | | | | | | | |
| IDENTIFICATION | | | | | | | |
| 1. Common name: _Templo de Restauracion (Roca-refugio) | | | | | | | |
| Historic name: <u>(originally Our Lady of Mount Carmel; Catholic Church)</u> Street/rural address: <u>114 Hall</u> City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: <u>92073</u> County: <u>San Diego</u> | | | | | | | |
| 4. Parcel number: <u>666-01-20</u> Lot 138 | | | | | | | |
| 5. Present Owner: <u>Hermanos Lopez Inc.</u> Address: <u>114 West Hall</u> City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: <u>92073</u> County: <u>San Diego</u> | | | | | | | |
| 6. Present Use: <u>Church</u> Original Use: <u>Catholic Church</u> | | | | | | | |
| DESCRIPTION | | | | | | | |
| 7a. Architectural style: MISSION REVIVAL | | | | | | | |

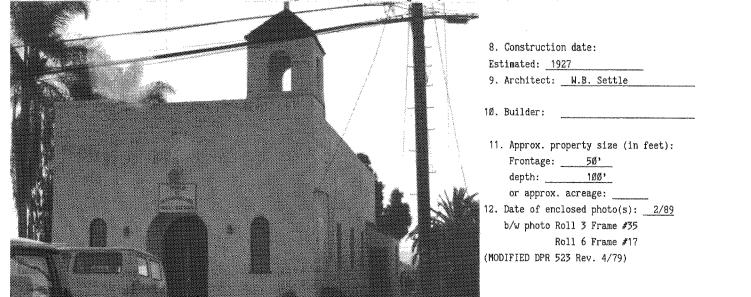
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7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

Simple two story building with flat roof; the positioning of the bell tower at the right side results in an asymmetrical front facade. <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS</u>: <u>WALL TREATMENT</u>: stucco; simple stucco coping at roof line, stucco relief on wall face midway between roof and entry arch (possibly contained glass elements in the past) <u>ROOF</u>: bell towewr has pyramidal tile roof; square bell tower with cross at top, openings in tower are 4 semi-elliptical arches. <u>WINDOWS</u>: all have been altered; front narrow arched recessed windows on either side of door; thin undecorated board trim; sill extends slightly beyond window opening; windows on side of building are rectangular insets. <u>DOOR</u>: recessed double door with arched fan light.

Overall appearance of building is stark with little or no design elements; little vegetation. Residents indicate that building was severely altered when the Catholic diocese sold the building. Original building could have been designed by Louis Gill (informant).



| 13. Condition: Excellent Good Fairx_ Deteriorated No longer in existence |
|---|
| 14. Alterations:window_replacements; possible additions |
| 15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land Scattered buildings Densely built-up Residential Industrial Commercial Other: |
| 16. Threats to site: None known Private Development _x _ Zoning _x _ Vandalism Public Works Project Other: |
| 17. Is the structure: On its original site?: Moved? Unknown ? |
| 18. Related features: <u>former rectory on adjoining parcel</u> |

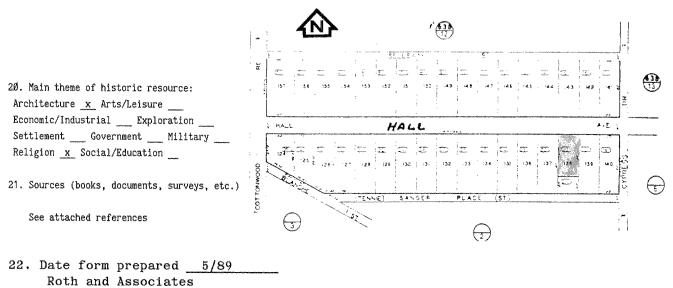
SIGNIFICANCE

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

This simple Mission Revival building was originally Our Lady of Mount Carmel, the first Catholic Church in San Ysidro. Father Seville Alloero provided the dedication and blessing at the first service on Easter Sunday, 1927. The church was built by Mr. W.B. Settle, a San Diego carpenter and contracter for the sum of \$5,100.00 (personal communications: Carolyn Garcia, Mt. Carmel Heights Church, 1989). The money for the construction of Mount Carmel was donated by Mr. Frank Beyers, described as a "capitalist of San Ysidro and Tijuana, Mexico, with a long list of benefactions in his community" (News Notes of California Libraries: Vol 20, #1:pg 28). In addition to owning a large diary, known as Rancho Lechuza located west of the study area, Mr. Beyers built and owned a home on Hall, donated money for the construction of the community church, the Catholic church, the library, and quit claimed title to the Civic Center located in the park. A major street in San Ysidro is named after Frank Beyers.

SEE CONTINUATION SHEET

LOCATIONAL SKETCH MAP



2707 Congress Ave. Suite 2A San Diego, California 92110 (619)-295-3111

HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY

114 Hall "Templo de Restauracion (Roca-refugio)"

19. SIGNIFICANCE CONT.

The significance of this Church does not lie in its Mission Revival style nor in its association with an individual important in the post 1916 development of San Ysidro. Rather, as the first Catholic Church in San Ysidro, the original site of Our Lady of Mount Carmel, the building reflects the social and cultural changes that were beginning to occur in this town in the early 1920s. "The significant factor in California history is the interaction of successive immigrant waves upon its life and culture" (Kirker 1986:53).

It was in the early years of the 1920s that San Ysidro began to lose its agricultural character. An engineer's survey of 1922 noted work should be done to provide fire protection for what had become largely a residential community (Lee 1975:47). In 1923 "there was built or under construction in the town more than 100 dwelling houses, indicating a growth in population of at least 500: (San Ysidro Irrigation District 212-6, #2 File 1084b).

Following World War I, both the homestead ideal and back-to-the-land movements that had swept the U.S. had been replaced in the American psyche. The shortage of American labor from World War I and the flu epidemic impacted the nation as a whole. San Ysidro, as a border town saw a steady increase of immigration populations arriving to fill the void. In addition, may laborers and entertainers who worked in Tijuana in the casinos and race tracks lived in San Ysidro, crossing the border on a daily basis to and from work. An urban-industrial transformation was sweeping the nation, reaching well into the suburbs and outlying communities. San Ysidro was no exception. The community focus gradually changed to cater to tourists and the commercial and social needs of an ethnically mixed town. The growing change in the ethnicity of San Ysidro becomes apparent when the directories of the 1920s are reviewed; besides noting a wider range of occupations and available resources, Spanish surnames begin to frequently appear.

The Little Landers, like other planned communities of the era, explicitly restricted minority groups in an effort to create a totally homogenous place grounded in the moral ideals of white, middle-class Protestants; a place "where families 'knew' who their future neighbors would be" (Stilgoe 1988:232).

Our Lady of Mount Carmel (now Templo de Resaurection) serves as a symbol of the changing cultural make-up of San Ysidro; a moving away from a predominately Protestant, mid-Western Little Landers community toward an ethnically mixed community where many of the permanent residents were and are of a Catholic-Hispanic background.

HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY

PHOTO CONTINUATION SHEET

114 Hall

666-01-20 Lot 138 CHURCH

SIDE VIEW

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| HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY | | | | | | |
| IDENTIFICATION | | | | | | |
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| 2. Historic name: | on Marine and a sector of the sector | | | una antici a tanàna dia kaominina minina dia kaominina dia kaominina dia kaominina dia kaominina dia kaominina | ****** | |
| 3. Street/rural address:11 | | | *** | | 141,70 ^{,000} ,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000, | |
| City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: | 92073 | Coun | ty: | San Dieg | 0 | |
| 4. Parcel number:666-01-1 | <u>5 Lo</u> | t 143 | ta dige i gentere og a tro-sje att syder og for Deletere | y a state - star state - star state - sta te - state | n de fan de f an de fan de | |
| 5. Present Owner: <u>Maida/Robert S</u> | | | | | | |
| City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: | 920 | <u>73</u> C | ounty: | San Di | ego | |
| 6. Present Use: <u>community agen</u> | су | Ori | ginal Use | : <u>res</u> | idence | ydrawd a boyningarawl yn ag ywraigiou r ag er y cymu |

- 7a. Architectural style: SPANISH ECLECTIC w/ FLAT ROOF
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

One story box-like bungalow with a flat roof and partial porch inset under principal roof. Asymmetrical front facade. STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS: WALL TREATMENT: stucco with wide stucco band coping along roof line; tiles set in a diamond pattern at either side of front wall; 4 circular drains aligned midway between top of window/porch arch and roof. ROOF: flat; can not see covering; no parapet. CHIMNEY: none. WINDOWS: front right window- metal slider, wood sill extends slightly beyond window edge; front window in porch (left of door) fixed, with 4 small lights on top/ single pane on bottom; long vertical, fixed sidelight with small light on top, larger on bottom on each side of main pane; plain board surrounding trim. DOOR: can not see; screen door. PORCH: partial, inset under principal roof; flattened arch entry; no porch railing system; 6 front facing cement steps with metal railing to porch.

> 8. Construction date: Estimated: 1916-1928 9. Architect: 10. Builder:

> > 11. Approx. property size (in feet): Frontage: 50' depth: 140' or approx. acreage: 12. Date of enclosed photo(s): ______2/89

b/w photo Roll 4 Frame #14 Roll 6 Frame #18

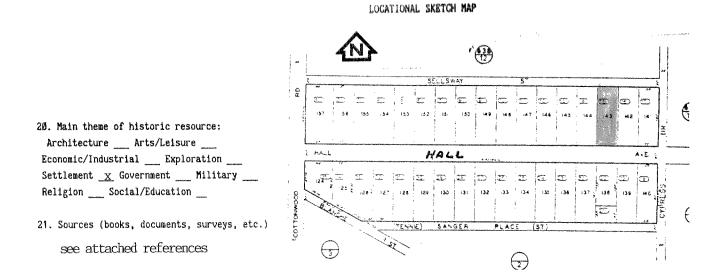
(MODIFIED DPR 523 Rev. 4/79)

Currently used as Casa Familia (community agency)

| 13. Condition: Excellent Good Fair _x Deteriorated No longer in existence |
|---|
| 14. Alterations: |
| 15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land Scattered buildings Densely built-up Residential Industrial Commercial Other: |
| 16. Threats to site: None known Private Development _x_ Zoning _x Vandalism Public Works Project Other: |
| 17. Is the structure: On its original site?: Moved? Unknown ? |
| 18. Related features: |
| SIGNIFICANCE |

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

see preceding significance overview

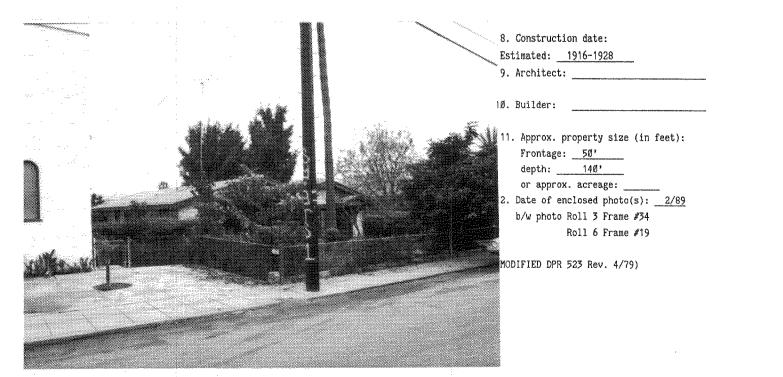


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| HISTORIC RES | SOURCES INV | ENTORY | | | | | | |
| IDENTIFICAT 1. Common m | ON ame: | | | | | | | |
| | name: | | | | | | 99999999999999999999999999999999999999 | 1999 - 1990 - 1999 - 19 |
| 3. Street/r City: | ural address: San Ysidro | <u>122</u> Zip: | Hall 92073 | Count | ty: | San Dieg | 0 | |
| 4. Parcel n | umber: <u>66</u> | 6-01-22 | Lot 1 | 137 | | | -shime dite de actives management sous que se | n de la de la comunicación de la co |
| 5. Present City: | Owner: <u>Espera</u> San Ysidro | nza Manz Zip: | 0 9207 | 7 <u>3</u> Co | Address | : <u>122</u> San Di | Hall ego | |
| 6. Present | Use: <u>reside</u> | nce | any and a subsection of the su | 0riį | ginal Use | : <u>res</u> | idence | |

- 7a. Architectural style: FOLK VERNACULAR
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

In the 1920s served as rectory for Catholic priest (next door to church); *dense plant growth prohibits good photo/or detailed description of building.

Long narrow house with 2 low pitch front facing gables and a small gable over front door. Asymmetrical front facade. <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS</u>: <u>WALL TREATMENT</u>: metal lap siding (over wood lap); decorative rock skirt around bottom 1/3 of structure. <u>ROOF</u>: composition shingle; moderate overhang; plain eaves fascia and gableboard. <u>CHIMNEY</u>: none. <u>WINDOWS</u>: 1 main front focal window: fixed with a narrow 3 vertical light casement abutting on either side; plain surrounding board trim. <u>DOOR</u>: plywood. <u>PORCH</u>: low pitch gable roof over front door entry; 2 stick, open triangle knee braces; no porch supports; 2 cement steps to door.



| | volution of the second se | Excellent | | Good | - | Fair | <u>x</u> | Deteriorated | | No | longer | in ex | istence | | |
|--|--|-----------|--|------|---|------|----------|--------------|--|----|--------|-------|---------|--|--|
|--|--|-----------|--|------|---|------|----------|--------------|--|----|--------|-------|---------|--|--|

- 15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land _____ Scattered buildings _____ Densely built-up _____ Residential _____ Industrial _____ Commercial _____ Other: ______
- 16. Threats to site: None known ____ Private Development _x Zoning _x Vandalism _____ Public Works Project ____ Other: _____

17. Is the structure: On its original site?: _____ Moved? _____ Unknown ? _____

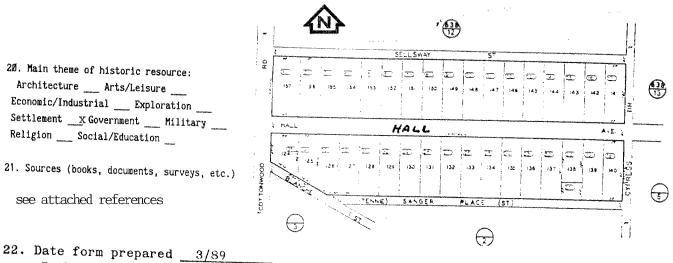
18. Related features:

SIGNIFICANCE

13 Condition n.

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

see preceding significance overview



LOCATIONAL SKETCH MAP

Roth and Associates 2707 Congress Ave. Suite 2A San Diego, California 92110 (619)-295-3111

| | | HABS | HAER | NR | SHL LOC |
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| HISTO | RIC RESOURCES INVE | ENTORY | | | |
| IDENT | IFICATION | | | | |
| 1. | Common name: | | | | an fair is fine a man coloring strangenet for constant statement with the statement of the statement |
| 2. | Historic name: | | | na may na Silana at an | |
| 3. | Street/rural address: | 123 Hall | | | |
| | City: <u>San Ysidro</u> | Zip: <u>92073</u> | County: | San Dieg | 0 |
| 4. | Parcel number: | 666-01-14 | Lot 144 | - to, i.e., j.m.; i.e., i.e | |
| 5. | Present Owner: Oralia/ | Romero Ralph | Addres | s: <u>138</u> | Sellsway |
| | City: <u>San Ysidro</u> | | | | |
| 6. | Present Use:reside | nce | Original Us | e: <u>res</u> | idence |

- 7a. Architectural style: CRAFTSMAN
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:
 - * dense vegetation- photograph/building description difficult to obtain
- One story bungalow with a low pitch front facing gable and a dropped low pitch front facing gable over a full porch (possible shed extension in rear). Asymmetrical front facade (door and porch steps at far right).<u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS</u>: WALL TREATMENT</u>: lap siding; pediment under porch gable: triangularly shaped, boxed lattice with a jig-saw decorative element placed' over it. <u>ROOF</u>: composition shingle; moderate overhang; plain eaves fascia and gableboards. <u>CHIMNEY</u>: none. <u>WINDOWS</u>: 1 main front window (left of door) - appears to be double hung (covered with security screen); plain surrounding board trim; double hung side windows. <u>DOOR</u>: right front, inside porch; plywood, covered by screen. <u>PORCH</u>: full porch with tapered wooden pillars resting on massive piers; solid lap siding railing system from ground level to approximately 2-3' above porch floor; 4 front facing cement stairs to porch

3 cobble/cement pier remnants at front sides of house; pond remnants in front yard.

| | 8. Construction date: |
|--------|--|
| . 4 | Estimated: <u>1916-1928</u> |
| | 9. Architect: |
| _ ; 1 | Ø. Builder: |
| | Approx. property size (in feet): Frontage: 50' |
| | depth: 140' |
| | or approx. acreage: |
| •1 | 12. Date of enclosed photo(s): 2/89 |
| * | b/w photo Roll 4 Frame #15 |
| | Roll 6 Frame #20 (MODIFIED DPR 523 Rev. 4/79) |
| 544(54 | |

13. Condition: Excellent _____ Good _____ Fair __x Deteriorated _____ No longer in existence _____

14. Alterations: _____double car garage moved onto property in 1930s

15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land _____ Scattered buildings ____ Densely built-up _____ Residential _____ Industrial _____ Commercial _____ Other: ______

16. Threats to site: None known ____ Private Development _x Zoning _x Vandalism _____ Public Works Project ____ Other: _____

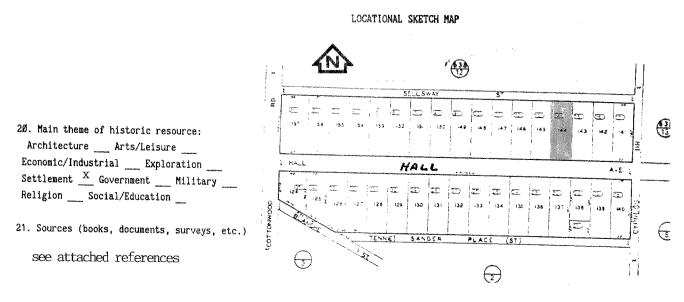
17. Is the structure: On its original site?: ____ Moved? _____ Unknown ? _____

18. Related features: _remnants cobble/cement piers; remnant of pond; older vegetation

SIGNIFICANCE

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

see preceding significance overview



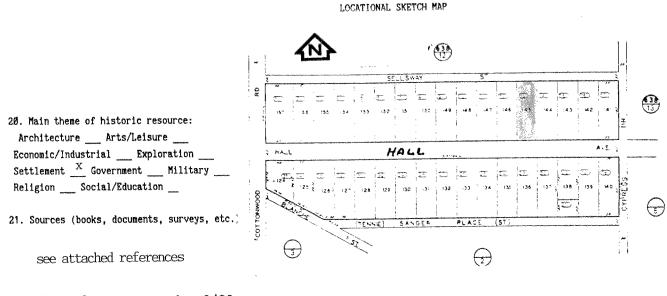
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| | Street/rural address: City:San YsidroZi | | unty: <u>Sa</u> | n Diego | مر ه من مراقع المراقع المراقع المراقع المراقع | anna a tha an |
| 4.] | Parcel number:6 | 66-01-13 Lot | 145 | 4.#14.4#.0.4.4%.http://///////////////////////////////// | | and and the second s |
| | Present Owner: <u>Guadalupe/</u> City: <u>San Ysidro</u> | | o Addres County: | | | |
| 6.] | Present Use: <u>reside</u> | ence0 | riginal Us | e: <u>res</u> t | ldence | |
| DESCRIP | TION | | | | | |
| | rchitectural style: FOLK VERNACULAR Describe present physical description original condition: One story structure with medium pit right of the original; roof shed ex Asymmetrical front facade. <u>STRUCTUR</u> undecorated wood cornerboards. <u>ROOD</u> gableboard. <u>CHIMNEY</u> : side, brick. <u>I</u> trim; metal awnings around windows main portion of door). <u>PORCH</u> : no por Detached wood structure to the side | Sch side gable roof; simi Atension in rear ("Hall an AL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS: 1 2: composition shingles; 6 <u>VINDOWS</u> : metal sliders with DOOR: side entrance with DOCR: 2 front facing cemen | lar roof type a nd Parlor" effe WALL TREATMENT: exposed eaves w th thin board s h wood shed ove | ddition to the ct). lap siding; p ith plain unde urrounding rhang (can't s | lain corated | |
| | | | ** | | | |
| • | | | | ion date: : <u>1916-1928</u> : | | |
| | | | 10. Builder: | ***** | an maada ka sa | |
| | | | Frontage depth: or appro 12. Date of e b/w photo | property size : 140' x. acreage: nclosed photo(: Roll 4 Frame , 523 Rev. 4/79 | s): <u>2/89</u> #16 | |
| | | | | | | |

| 13. | Condition: Excellent Good Fair _x Deteriorated No longer in existence |
|-------|---|
| - 14. | Alterations: window/door replacement; side, front and back alterations |
| 15 | . Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land Scattered buildings Densely built-up Residential Industrial Commercial Other: |
| . 16 | . Threats to site: None known Private Development _x _ Zoning _x _ Vandalism Public Works Project Other: |
| 17 | . Is the structure: On its original site?: Moved? Unknown ? |
| 18 | . Related features: |

SIGNIFICANCE

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

see preceding significance overview



| HABS NR SHL LOC |
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| HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY |
| IDENTIFICATION |
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| 1. Common name: |
| 2. Historic name: |
| |
| 3. Street/rural address:138 Hall |
| City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: <u>92073</u> County: <u>San Diego</u> |
| 4. Parcel number:666-01-23 Lot 136 |
| 5. Present Owner: <u>Bertha Sidwell/Ana Urias</u> Address: <u>138 Hall</u> |
| City: San Ysidro Zip: 92073 County: San Diego |
| |
| 6. Present Use:Original Use:residence |
| |
| DESCRIPTION |
| 7a. Architectural style: FOLK VERNARCULAR w/ FOLK VICTORIAN ELEMENTS |
| 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition: |
| One story cottage with medium pitch front facing gable and dropped, off-set front facing |
| medium pitch roof over 3/4 porch. Asymmetrical front facade. STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS: |

medium pitch roof over 3/4 porch. Asymmetrical front facade. <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS</u>: <u>WALL TREATMENT</u>: lap siding; cement foundation; large pediment feature under gable, includes lattice work directly under gable, shingles and a 2 by 2 cornice with evenly spaced horizontally aligned blocks. <u>ROOF</u>: composition shingle; moderate overhang; exposed eaves; plain gableboard. <u>CHIMNEY</u>: none. <u>WINDOWS</u>: 2 small rectangular front metal sliders (on either side of door). <u>DOOR</u>: can not see; covered by security screen. <u>PORCH</u>: 3/4 open porch; 4 slender tapered pillars sitting on 4 by 4 piers; open, jig-saw railing system and piers setting on cement foundation; 2 front facing cement steps to slightly off-centered front door.

Detached garage in back with identical elements; open porch in back.

| 8. Constructi | on date: |
|---------------|-----------|
| Estimated: | 1916-1928 |
| 9. Architect: | |

10. Builder:

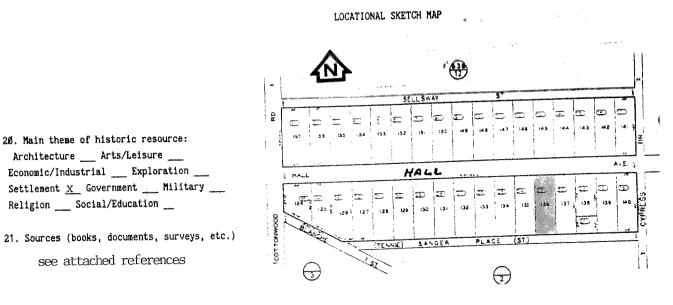
11. Approx. property size (in feet):
 Frontage: _______
 depth: ______40'
 or approx. acreage: ______

12. Date of enclosed photo(s): 2/89 b/w photo Roll 3 Frame #33 Roll 6 Frame #21

| | Alterations: |
|----|---|
| 5. | Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land Scattered buildings Densely built-up Residential Industrial Commercial Other: |
| 6. | Threats to site: None known Private Development Zoning Vandalism Public Works Project Other: |
| 7. | Is the structure: On its original site?: Moved? Unknown ? |
| 10 | Related features: |

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

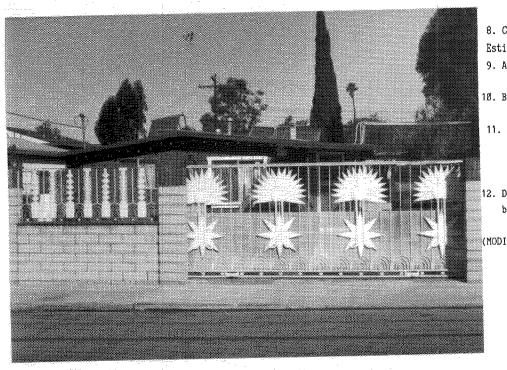
see preceding significance overview



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| 0 | Nistania nome. | | | | | | |
| 4. | Historic name: | | | | | | |
| 3. | Street/rural address:1 | 41 Hall | 1 | | | | |
| | City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: 9 | 2073 | County: | San | Diego | | 20 |
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| 4. | Parcel number: <u>666-01-10</u> | Lot : | 148 | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| 5. | Present Owner: Jesus Huert | and the second | | | | | |
| | City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: | 92073 | County | * | San Die | go | |
| , | Ψ% | | | ••• | | a | |
| ю. | Present Use: residence | | Uriginal | use: | resi | dence | |
| DESCRI | ΡΤΤΟΝ | | | | | | |
| | Architectural style: VERNACULAR (INFORMANT ST | ATES STRIK | THRE WAS A | | | | |
| | CHICKEN COOP CONVERTED INTO | | | | | | |
| 7b. | Describe present physical description of site o | | | or altera | tions from | | |
| | original condition: | | · | | | | |
| | One story bungalow with front facing, extrem | ely low pi | itch gable. Asymm | netrical | front facad | le. | |
| | | | | | | | |

<u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS</u>: WALL TREATMENT: wide flush siding painted green along the front of the house and what appears to be painted shingles along the side. <u>ROOF</u>: composition sheeting; plain board eaves fascia and gableboard. <u>CHIMNEY</u>: none. <u>WINDOWS</u>: all visible windows are metal sliders with plain board surround or with no trim. <u>DOOR</u>: not visible (covered with screening). <u>PORCH</u>: entry porch has two thin metal pipes for roof support.

Structure has at least one detached garage and two associated sheds.



| 8. Construction date: |
|---|
| Estimated: |
| 9. Architect: |
| 10. Builder: |
| <pre>11. Approx. property size (in feet): Frontage: <u>50'</u> depth: <u>140'</u></pre> |
| or approx. acreage: |
| 12. Date of enclosed photo(s): <u>2/89</u> |
| b/w photo Roll 4 Frame #17 |
| (MODIFIED DPR 523 Rev. 4/79) |

| 13. | Condition: | Excellent | Good | Fair x | Deteriorated | No longer | in existence |
|-----|------------|-----------|------|--------|--------------|-----------|--------------|
| | | | | | | | |

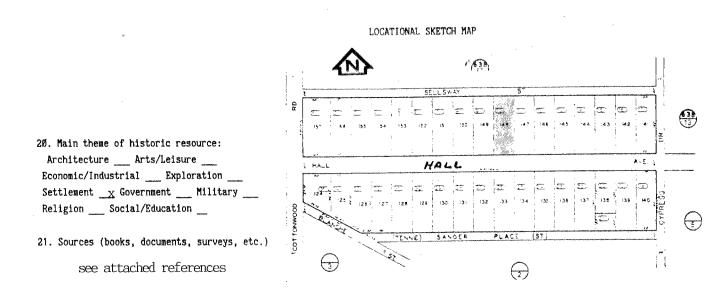
14. Alterations: difficult to determine if structure was originally built as a residence

- 15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land _____ Scattered buildings ____ Densely built-up _____ Residential _____ Industrial _____ Commercial _____ Other: ______
- 16. Threats to site: None known ____ Private Development _x Zoning _x Vandalism _____ Public Works Project ____ Other: _____
- 17. Is the structure: On its original site?: ____ Moved? ____ Unknown ? ____
- 18. Related features: <u>sheds/ detached garage; little/no vegetation. Decorative element for the property</u> is a iron perimeter fence.

SIGNIFICANCE

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

see preceding significance overview



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| 3 | . Street/rural address: | 144 Hall | an and a subject of the subject of t | | | |
| | City: San Ysidro Z | ip: <u>92073</u> | County: | San Dieg | zo | an a |
| 4 | . Parcel number: <u>6</u> | 66-01-24 Lot | 135 | a a statistic a statistica a stat | | anday mariya — 10. X kinesi wa por |
| 5 | . Present Owner: <u>Rose Bus</u> | tamente et al | Addre | ess: | 144 Hall | Apt. D |
| | City: <u>San Ysidro</u> | Zip: 920' | 73 County: | San D: | iego | alan ya shiyo - ya dagila da wa ana anta anya manaka |
| 6 | . Present Use: <u>residenc</u> | e | Original | Use: <u>re</u> : | sidence | an bar construction of the design of the |

7a. Architectural style: Vernacular

7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

Series of 5 small, identical detached units with medium pitch front facing gable and side entrance; units are set on the lot in a rectangle/narrow side fronting street (each is approximately 50 by 20' in size). Asymmetrical front face. <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS</u>: <u>WALL TREATMENT</u>: wide lap siding; exposed concrete block foundation; horizontal louvered vent, boxed and silled under gable. <u>ROOF</u>: composition sheeting; exposed eaves; plain gableboard; moderate overhang. <u>CHIMNEY</u>: none. <u>WINDOWS</u>: paired and single; double hung with one light in each; sill and lentils extend beyond windows; lentils have slight flare; the two sets of front windows have a narrow shelf above each lentil. <u>DOOR</u>: large oval glazed with molded trim along base; door in past had shelf; most likely similar to windows. <u>PORCH</u>: none; 2 cement steps to stoop; metal railing on one side. UNITS MOVED ONTO PROPERTY.

| 8. Construction | date: |
|-----------------|--|
| Estimated: | Name - Spinster and a state of the state of the state of the |
| 9. Architect: | |

10. Builder:

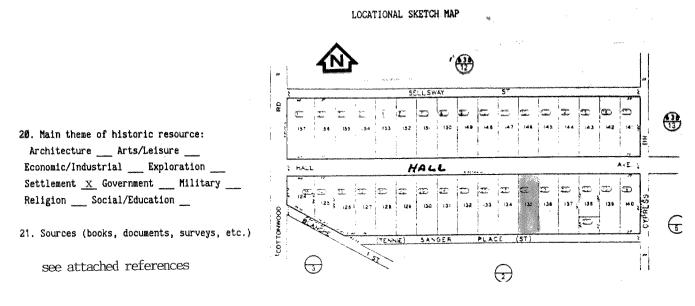
11. Approx. property size (in feet):
 Frontage: 50'
 depth: 140'

| | or approx | k. acre | age: | |
|-----|------------|---------|-------------|------|
| 12. | Date of en | nclosed | { photo(s): | 2/89 |
| | b/w photo | Roll 3 | Frame #2, | 3 |
| | | Roll (| 5 Frame #27 | |

| 12. | Condition: Excellent Good Fair Deterioratedx No longer in existence |
|-----|---|
| 14. | Alterations: |
| 15. | Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land Scattered buildings Densely built-up Residential Industrial Commercial Other: |
| 16. | Threats to site: None known Private Development _x Zoning _x Vandalism Public Works Project Other: |
| 17. | Is the structure: On its original site?: Moved? Unknown ? |
| 18. | Related features: |
| NIF | ICANCE |

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

see preceding significance overview



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| 2. Historic name: | a ya ha waxaya waxaa da ahaa ahaa ahaa ahaa ahaa ahaa ah | | | ele-el-gale francische filletich (die state auf die st | an a |
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| 4. Parcel number:666-01- | 09 Lot 149 | anan (na mang) u dan sa sa pangan da kata kata kata kata kata kata kata k | árangarása agusta an an Cannan an an - 11 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 1 | | an a |
| 5. Present Owner: <u>Rafael Gayton/</u> City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: | | | | | |
| 6. Present Use: <u>residence</u> | 0r | iginal Use: | res | idence | an a |

?a. Architectural style: CRAFTSMAN (ALTERED)

7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

One story bungalow with low pitch front facing gable and dropped, low pitch front facing gable roof over full porch. Asymmetrical front facade. STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS: WALL TREATMENT: stucco; no decorative elements under gable. <u>ROOF</u>: composition sheeting; slight overhang; plain eaves fascia and gableboard; exposed beams under gable. CHIMNEY: none. WINDOWS: 2 sets of double hung on either side of door; sill extends at least 2' beyond window (only house with continuous sill; all others have been either slip or lug sills); other surrounds, plain board trim; windows covered with security screens. DOOR: slightly left of center; plywood with metal security screen. PORCH: full porch; massive stuccoed tapered pillars atop massive piers that extend from ground level to approximately 3 1/2' above porch floor; 2 narrow stuccoed beams at steps; simple wood railing system.

| | | | timated: |
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| ~ | | 9. | Archite |
| | | 10. | Builder |
| | A second second second | 11 | . Approx |
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| | | | |

8. Construction date: 1916-1928 ect:

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. property size (in feet): .ge: 50' 140' rox. acreage: enclosed photo(s): 2/89 to Roll 4 Frame #18 Roll 6 Frame #24

13. Condition: Excellent _____ Good _____ Fair _x __ Deteriorated _____ No longer in existence _____

14. Alterations:

15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land _____ Scattered buildings ____ Densely built-up _____ Residential _____ Industrial _____ Commercial _____ Other: ______

16. Threats to site: None known _____ Private Development _____ Zoning _____ Vandalism ______ Public Works Project _____ Other: ______

17. Is the structure: On its original site?: _____ Moved? _____ Unknown ? _____

18. Related features: _____concrete block/wrought iron wall along perimeter_____

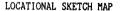
SIGNIFICANCE

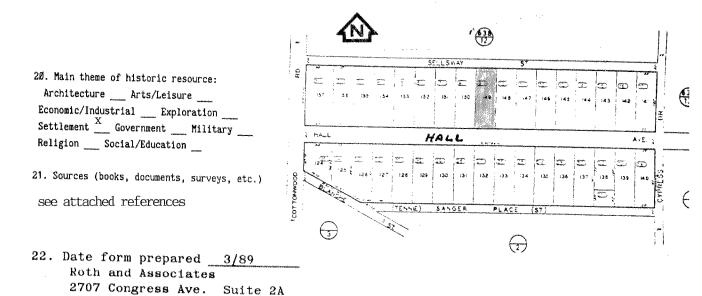
19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

see preceding significance overview

San Diego, California 92110

(619) - 295 - 3111





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| HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY | | | | | |
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| 3. Street/rural address:146 | Hall | | | an y dag ya a ya a ya a ya a ya a ya a ya | |
| City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: | 92073 | County: | San Diego |) | |
| 4. Parcel number: 666-01-25 | Lot 13 | 4 | ana ing mangang di panang na pangang na pang | an a | and and a state of the state of |
| 5. Present Owner: <u>Andrew/Maria Lo</u> | operena | Address | s: <u>146</u> | 6 Hall | a na ana amin'ny tanàna mandritry dia kaominina dia kaominina dia kaominina dia kaominina dia kaominina dia kao |
| City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: | 92073 | County: | San Dieg | 20 | an a |
| 6. Present Use: residence | | Original Use | e: <u>res</u> : | idence | |

- 7a. Architectural style: CRAFTSMAN BUNGALOW- ALTERED
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

One story bungalow with low pitch, cross-gable roof and semi-enclosed porch. Asymmetrical, "L-shaped" front facade. STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS: WALL TREATMENT: lap siding; no corner boards; louvered square vent under gable; exposed undersurface of the gable is open rake, resulting in a "ladder" effect. ROOF: composition shingle; plain undecorated eaves fascia and gableboard; 2 square knee braces at side of gable edges. CHIMNEY: none. WINDOWS: all front facing windows have been replaced with metal sliders; side windows are 2 sets of double hung with 4 small lights on top/ 1 rectangular pane on bottom; surrounding trim is very wide undecorated board. DOOR: front facing, plywood with no decorative trim. PORCH: inset, open porch (modified- original porch would have been side entranced; existing porch is likely recent addition); entry has tapered wood pillars with simple molded capitals; pillars rest on large wooden pier that are covered with lap siding and plain undecorated corner boards; porch roof is part of the side gable; 2 cement steps to porch.

Detached garage (converted to apartment) to the back and side of main structure: unit contains 12 light windows and glazed door- likely taken from front structure during remodeling.



8. Construction date:

Estimated: 1916-1928

9. Architect:

Ø. Builder:

11. Approx. property size (in feet): Frontage: _____50' depth: 140'

- or approx. acreage:
- 12. Date of enclosed photo(s): 2/89 b/w photo Roll 3 Frame #31 Roll 6 Frame #22

13. Condition: Excellent _____ Good _____ Fair _x Deteriorated _____ No longer in existence _____

14. Alterations: window replacement; possible addition of porch; multi-roof line suggests room additions

15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land _____ Scattered buildings ____ Densely built-up _____ Residential _____ Industrial _____ Commercial _____ Other: ______

16. Threats to site: None known ____ Private Development _x Zoning _x Vandalism _____ Public Works Project ____ Other: _____

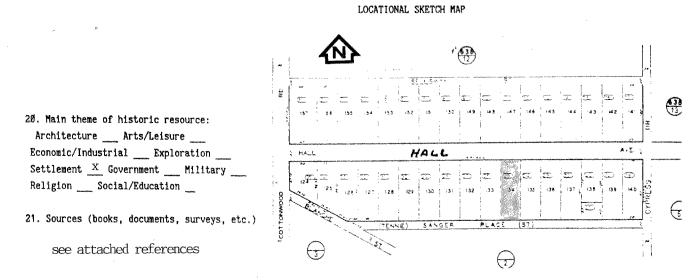
17. Is the structure: On its original site?: x Moved? Unknown ?

18. Related features: detached garage; chain-link fence along perimeter

SIGNIFICANCE

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

see preceding significance overview



22. Date form prepared <u>3/89</u> Roth and Associates 2707 Congress Ave. Suite 2A San Diego, California 92110 (619)-295-3111

HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY

PHOTO CONTINUATION SHEET

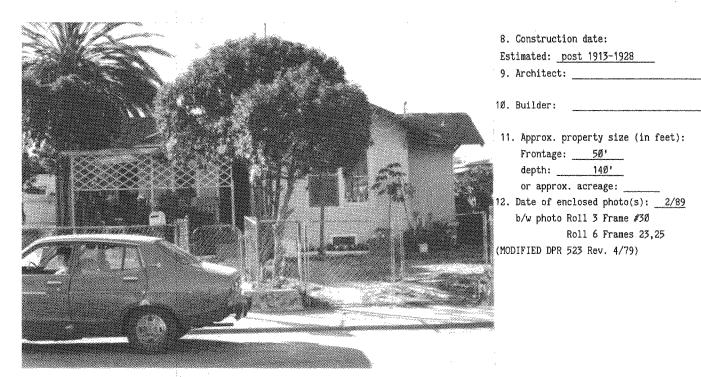
146 Hall



SIDE VIEW SHOWING PORCH ELEMENTS

| | HABS | HAE | Κ | NR | _ SHL | LOC |
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| 2. Historic name: | | | | | | |
| 3. Street/rural address:148 Hall City:San YsidroZip: | | | Si | | | e da Maria Mundo Natara de Canada da Santa da Sa Natara da Santa da San |
| 4. Parcel number:666-01-26 | Lot 133 | <u> </u> | | | disaisaniya - Joriyan korina Ko-ota Yola Joyali yina | Angland Manual State of the Online State State of the State |
| 5. Present Owner: <u>Marcelino/Guada</u> City: <u>Chula Vista</u> Zip: | | | | A DESCRIPTION OF THE OWNER OWNER OF THE OWNER OWNER OF THE OWNER O | | |
| 6. Present Use:residence | | 0rigina | l Use: | res | idence | |
| DESCRIPTION | | | | | | |
| 7a. Architectural style: FOLK VERNACULAR | | | | | | |
| | | | | tions from | | |

numerous alterations and additions to the main structure). Asymmetrical front facade. <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS</u>: WALL TREATMENT: stucco siding. <u>ROOF</u>: composition shingles with exposed eaves; plain wood knee braces at gable edges; two front gables are accented with two narrow strips forming an upside down "T" directly under the gable; plain undecorated gableboard. <u>WINDOWS</u>: double hung with single light; plain board trim on three sides, no board trim along bottom of the window. <u>DOOR</u>: two front doors, both have iron security screens; plain surrounding board trim. <u>PORCH</u>: 3/4 wrap-around porch with 1 by 1 porch supports; open metal rail system; lattice work extends from plastic awning roof to approximately 3' above porch floor (porch system is a recent addition to main structure); 3 front entry cement steps to door.



| 13. Condition: Excellent Good Fair _ x _ Deteriorated No longer in existence | |
|---|--|
| 14. Alterations:existing roof line suggests numerous alterations/additions to mains structure | |
| 15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land Scattered buildings Densely built-up Residential Industrial Commercial Other: | |
| 16. Threats to site: None known Private Development _x Zoning Vandalism Public Works Project Other: | |
| 17. Is the structure: On its original site?: Moved? Unknown ? | |
| 18. Related features: One foot high cement berm w/ chain-link fence perimeter | |

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

The original town lot 133 (see attached Little Landers Map) was purchased by M. Johnson in 1913 as one of many properties he bought between 1912-1915. Extensive archival research coupled with interviews failed to document the date of construction, biographical data of the original inhabitants or any associated local lore.

By 1928, this side of Hall Ave had at least 10 structures and a church. The 1928 aerieal shows a house on this particular lot, however it is unclear whether or not this is the same building that currently occupied the site.

In terms of historic significance, most of the selected individual houses in the study area do not qualify for either federal, state or local historic designation. This structure is neither architecturally nor historically distinctive (see attached discussion dealing with historic significance of the study area)

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20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture _____Arts/Leisure _____ Economic/Industrial _____Exploration _____ Settlement _x___Government _____Military _____ Religion _____Social/Education

21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.)

see attached references and general discussion dealing with historic determination of individual houses in the study area

22. Date form prepared <u>5/89</u> Roth and Associates 2707 Congress Ave. Suite 2A San Diego, California 92110 (619)-295-3111

HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY

PHOTO CONTINUATION SHEET

148 Hall



SIDE VIEW SHOWING PORCH ELEMENTS



SIDE VIEW SHOWING ROOFLINE

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| 3. Street/rural address:15 City:San YsidroZip: | 8 Hall | County: | San Dieg | 0 | |
| 4. Parcel number:666-01-30 | Lot 129 | an film for the film of the second | Magazata para di para sa sa di kacamata da sa | | |
| 5. Present Owner: <u>Laura Sando</u> City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip | val : 92073 | Addr County: | ess: <u>15</u> San D | 8 Hall iego | |
| 6. Present Use: residence | | Original | Use: re | sidence | |

- 7a. Architectural style: SPANISH ECLECTIC: MULTIPLE ROOF PLANES
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

One story Spanish eclectic bungalow with multiple roof planes that include (from right to left): a medium pitch front facing gable, a flat roof and a shed roof extension over an attached, slightly arched wing wall. Multiple roof lines form asymmetrical front facade. <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS: WALL TREATMENT</u>: stucco exterior. <u>ROOF</u>: red tile on gable and shed roof; composition shingle on flat roof; decorative scroll tile work along the rake a scrolled tile element extends above the roof at gable peak; circular stuccoed-relief vent under gable; 2 tile drains on wall of flat roof portion. <u>CHIMNEY</u>: side chimney (stucco exterior) with 2 exhaust vents on top. <u>WINDOWS</u>: two palladium, center of each is fixed; side panels are double hung with 9 lights on top/ 1 on the bottom. <u>DOOR</u>: main door detail not visible; side entrance; front door is covered with heavy security screen. <u>PORCH</u>: unroofed with 3' high stucco wall with simple curved relief; 1 side entry cement step to cement porch.

Attached stucco garage has arched entry way to rear of house.



8. Construction date:

Estimated: 1916-1928 9. Architect:

10. Builder:

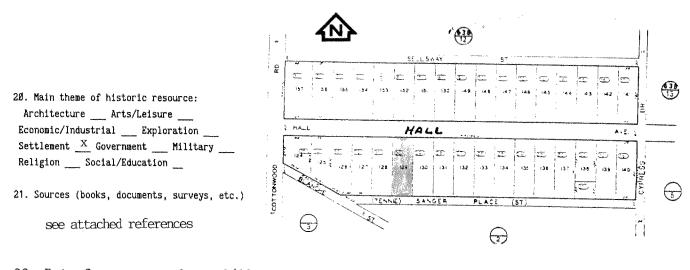
- 11. Approx. property size (in feet):
 Frontage: 50'
 depth: 140'
 or approx. acreage: _____
- 12. Date of enclosed photo(s): <u>2/89</u> b/w Photo Roll 3 Frame #29

| 13. Condition: Excellent X Good Fair Deteriorated No longer in existence |
|--|
| 14. Alterations: _security screens, multiple roof line may indicate additions to main structure |
| 15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land Scattered buildings Densely built-up Residential _x Industrial Commercial Other: |
| 16. Threats to site: None known Private Development _x_ Zoning _x_ Vandalism Public Works Project Other: |
| 17. Is the structure: On its original site?: Moved? Unknown ? |
| 18. Related features: _attached stucco garage; cement block w/iron fence around perimeter |
| |

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

see preceding significance overview

LOCATIONAL SKETCH MAP



22. Date form prepared <u>3/89</u> Roth and Associates 2707 Congress Ave. Suite 2A San Diego, California 92110 (619)-295-3111

| | | HABS | HAER | NR | SHL | LOC |
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| з. С | Street/rural address: ity:San YsidroZip | 159 Hall : 92073 | County: S | an Diego | | |
| 4. P | arcel number:666-0 |)1-06 Lot | 152 | | an a | |
| | resent Owner: <u>Ben Meye</u> ity: <u>San Ysidro</u> | | | | | |
| 6. P | Present Use: resid | lence | Original Use: | reside | nce | |

- 7a. Architectural style: SPANISH ECLECTIC, FLAT ROOF
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

One story front facing house with flat roof. "L-shaped" yet box-like appearance; asymmetrical front facade. <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS</u>: <u>WALL TREATMENT</u>: stucco with cement foundation. <u>ROOF</u>: decorative tile pattern over flattened arch entry; 3 sets of 3 ceramic drains below roof line; roof corners are slightly parapeted. <u>CHIMNEY</u>: none. <u>WINDOWS</u>: front focal window is 3 sections: center window is fixed with 8 small lights on top/ 1 light on bottom; side panels are double hung with single panes; an additional fixed window is located to the right of the door. Windows along the side of the house are double hung with the same sash bar pattern as the front focal windows. All windows have stucco sills; the 2 front windows have bracketed shed roofs (covered with roofing tile and supported by massive stucco braces). <u>DOOR</u>: glazed with 2 glazed side panels; glaze pattern is 3 square lights on top/ 3 rectangular lights on the bottom; side panel has 1 square light on top/ 1 rectangular light on the bottom; glass sash bar placement emphasizes vertical lines of the door. <u>PORCH</u>: four cement steps to open front facing half porch; entry is accented by a wide flattened arch and stucco wall. No detached structures.



8. Construction date: Estimated: 1916-1928

- 9. Architect:
- 10. Builder:
- 11. Approx. property size (in feet):
 Frontage: _______
 depth: ______40'
 or approx. acreage: ______
- 12. Date of enclosed photo(s): _____2/89
 b/w photo Roll 4 Frame #19

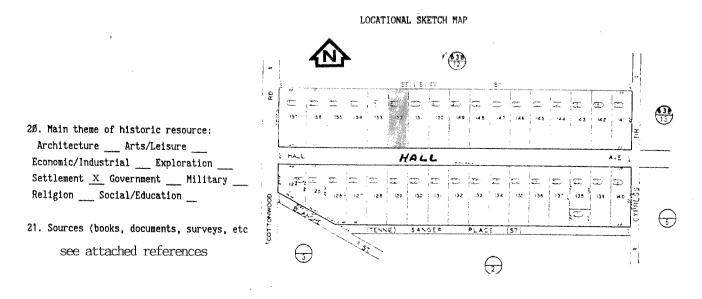
13. Condition: Excellent ____ Good ____ Fair _x Deteriorated ____ No longer in existence ____

- 14. Alterations: ______building has cracked foundation; peeling stucco, needs window repair
- 15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land _____ Scattered buildings ____ Densely built-up _____ Residential _____ Industrial _____ Commercial _____ Other: ______
- 16. Threats to site: None known ____ Private Development _x _ Zoning _x _ Vandalism _____ Public Works Project ____ Other: _____
- 17. Is the structure: On its original site?: _____ Moved? _____ Unknown ? _____
- 18. Related features: <u>older vegetation includes large pepper trees; associated out buildings have been</u><u>removed</u>

SIGNIFICANCE

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

In-town home of Frank Beyers: See preceding significance overview



22. Date form prepared <u>3/89</u> Roth and Associates 2707 Congress Ave. Suite 2A San Diego, California 92110 (619)-295-3111

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| 4. | Parcel number: <u>666-01-32</u> Lot | A-127 | 7 | | l ^a manus Talansakin Moreko olikinarriki (1911-eko | 1 | and the second |
| | Present Owner: <u>Elena Macedo</u> City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: | | | | | | |
| 6. | Present Use: residence | | 0ri, | ginal Use | : re | sidence | |

- 7a. Architectural style: VERNACULAR
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

One story bungalow with a front facing, low pitch gable roof and a dropped, off-set, low pitch front facing gable over a 3/4 porch. The off-set roof line gives the house an asymmetrical front facade. <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS</u>: WALL TREATMENT: lap siding, plain cornerboards, open vertical strips with a thin, molded and toothed horizontal board along cornice create a wide pediment under the gable of the porch roof (the same element appears under the main roof line, but not as large). <u>ROOF</u>: composition shingle; moderate eave overhang with plain board eaves fascia and gableboard. <u>CHIMNEY</u>: none. <u>WINDOWS</u>: 2 sets of 2 vertical double hung windows; 1 set on each side of the front door (sash bar pattern on upper window is a diamond shape; single pane on the bottom; plain board surrounding detail with sills extended slightly beyond window opening. <u>DOOR</u>: partially glazed with window treatment covered with an "x" strip pattern; 4 vertical wooden panels on the bottom; door covered with metal screen; plain undecorated board trim around door opening. <u>PORCH</u>: 3/4 open porch with plain 2 by 2 porch supports; 1 front entry cement step to a cement porch.



- 8. Construction date:
 - Estimated: post 1929
- 9. Architect:

10. Builder:

- 11. Approx. property size (in feet):
 Frontage: 50'
 depth: 140'
- or approx. acreage: ______ 12. Date of enclosed photo(s): ______ b/w photo Roll 3 Frames 27,28

13. Condition: Excellent _____ Good __x Fair _____ Deteriorated _____ No longer in existence _____

14. Alterations: screen door; extensions to side and rear of structure

15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land _____ Scattered buildings ____ Densely built-up _____ Residential _____ Industrial _____ Commercial _____ Other: ______

16. Threats to site: None known ____ Private Development _x Zoning _x Vandalism _____ Public Works Project ____ Other:

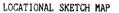
17. Is the structure: On its original site?: ____ Moved? _____ Unknown ? _____

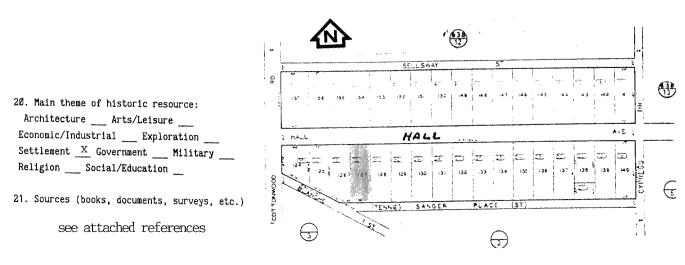
18. Related features: block concrete wall and fence along perimeter

SIGNIFICANCE

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

see preceding significance overview





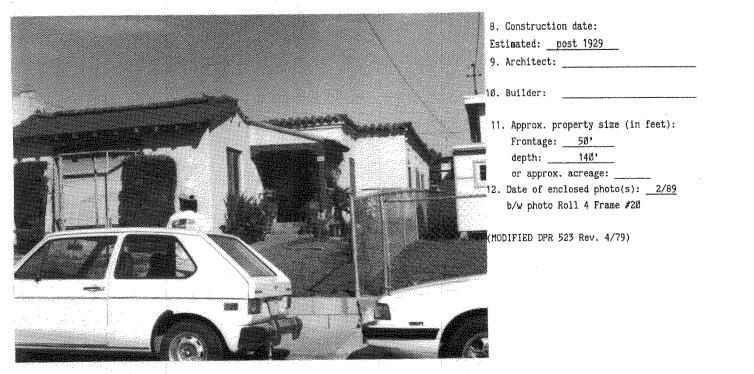
22. Date form prepared <u>3/89</u> Roth and Associates 2707 Congress Ave. Suite 2A San Diego, California 92110 (619)-295-3111

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| HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY | | |
| IDENTIFICATION 1. Common name: | | |
| 2. Historic name: | | |
| 3. Street/rural address: 167 City: San Ysidro Zip: 92 | | Diego |
| 4. Parcel number:666-01-03 | Lot 155 | n - San ann an San an San Ann an S |
| 5. Present Owner: <u>Rafael/Sanjvanna</u> City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: | Palacios Address: 92073 County: | 167 Hall San Diego |
| 6. Present Use: <u>residence</u> | Original Use: | residence |

- 7a. Architectural style: SPANISH ECLECTIC, COMBINATION ROOF LINES
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

One story bungalow with multiple roof planes. Roofline includes low pitch side gable with extended shed extension over side porch and flat roof on rear of structure. "Stepped" layout gives house an asymmetrical front facade; angular appearance with no arches. <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS: WALL TREATMENT</u>: stucco. <u>ROOF</u>: composition sheeting on gable roof with red tile along top; 3 circular drains set in a triangular pattern located under gable; flat roof has red tile decorative red tile trim extending beyond roof line; serving as a cap of the flat roof. 2 plain molded horizontal coping immediately below flat roof. <u>CHIMNEY</u>: side stucco chimney with two angular exhaust vents. <u>WINDOWS</u>: majority have been replaced with metal sliders; remaining ones are casement with 3 lights on top/ 3 on bottom. <u>DOOR</u>: side entry with metal screen. <u>PORCH</u>: side entry, open porch with single 4 by 4 porch supports; redwood decorate braces at corners; 3 front facing cement steps to entry.

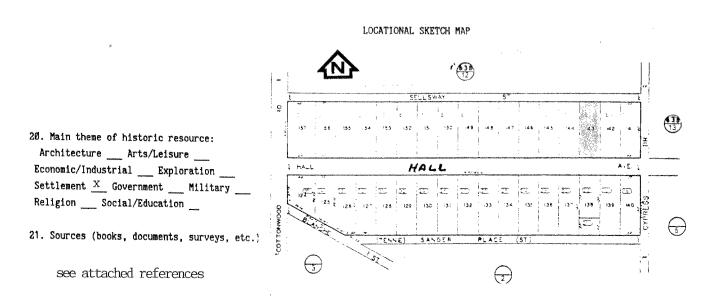
House currently being remodeled: front bay window added; new stucco siding; new roof



| 13. Condition: Excellent Good Fair Deteriorated No longer in existence |
|---|
| 14. Alterations: front bay window; new roof; new exterior treatment; room additions |
| 15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land Scattered buildings Densely built-up Residentialx_ Industrial Commercial Other: |
| 16. Threats to site: None known Private Development Zoning Vandalism Public Works Project Other: |
| 17. Is the structure: On its original site?: Moved? Unknown ? |
| 18. Related features: Detached garage to the rear |

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

see preceding significance overview

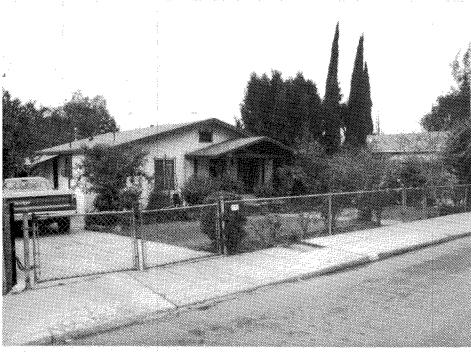


22. Date form prepared 3/89 Roth and Associates 2707 Congress Ave. Suite 2A San Diego, California 92110 (619)-295-3111

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| HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENT | ORY | | |
| IDENTIFICATION 1. Common name: | | | 1990-1990 (1990-1990-1990-1990-1990-1990-1990-1990 |
| 2. Historic name: | | | |
| 3. Street/rural address: City:San YsidroZip | | San Diego | مى دەر يەر مەر يەر يەر يەر يەر يەر يەر يەر يەر يەر ي |
| 4. Parcel number:666 | -01-34 Lot 125 | | antara antara mata mana mana mana ma |
| 5. Present Owner: <u>Carmen/Enr</u> City: <u>San Ysidro</u> | | | |
| 6. Present Use:residence | Original | Use: <u>residence</u> | an banya da ang mga pang pang pang banya bany |

- 7a. Architectural style: FOLK VERNACULAR
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

One story structure with low pitch front facing gable and dropped, off-set low pitch roof over 1/2 porch. Asymmetrical front facade. <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS</u>: <u>WALL TREATMENT</u>: stucco; rectangularly shaped horizontal louvre vent, boxed and covered with decorative grill (design same as security grill covered windows). <u>ROOF</u>: composition shingle; slight overhang; plain eaves fascia and gableboard; 3 plain board knee braces under porch gable. <u>CHIMNEY</u>: none. <u>WINDOWS</u>: vertical metal sliders on either side of door; no surrounding board trim; security grills. <u>DOOR</u>: front facing, can not see; security metal screen door. <u>PORCH</u>: open, 1/2 porch; area under gable open down to crossbeam with single vertical board extending from gable to beam- forming an open yet accented pediment; 2- 4 by 4 porch supports; no steps.



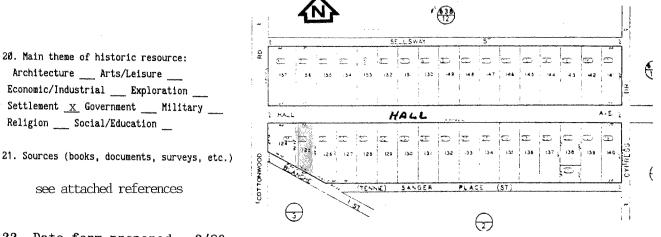
12. Date of enclosed photo(s): 2/89 b/w photo Roll 3 Frame #26 Roll 6 Frame #26

| 13. | Condition: Excellent Good Fair Deteriorated No longer in existence |
|-----|---|
| 14. | Alterations: |
| 15. | Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land Scattered buildings Densely built-up Residential Industrial Commercial Other: |
| 16. | Threats to site: None known Private Development _x Zoning _x Vandalism Public Works Project Other: |
| 17. | Is the structure: On its original site?: Moved? Unknown ? |
| 18. | Related features: |

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

see preceding significance overview

LOCATIONAL SKETCH MAP



22. Date form prepared <u>3/89</u> Roth and Associates 2707 Congress Ave. Suite 2A San Diego, California 92110 (619)-295-3111

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| | IDENTIFICATION | | | | | | | | |
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| 2. | Historic name: | | | | | 11, 1913, que , 1 pin 12 10, 1916 | | | |
| 3. | Street/rural address: <u>173 Hal</u> | to make the second s | | | | | | | |
| | City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: <u>92</u> | 073 | C | ounty: | San Die | go | | | |
| 4. Parcel number: 666-01-01 Lot 157 | | | | | | | | | |
| 5. | Present Owner: <u>First Congr. Chur</u> City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: _ | | | | | | | | |
| 6. | Present Use:residence | | (| Original | Use: <u>re</u> | sidence | anny denning by the second second second | | |

- 7a. Architectural style: MISSION REVIVAL
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

One story church with slight triangular parapet at left front and tiled low pitch gable roof over a shaped one-dimensional bell tower. Asymmetrical front facade. <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN</u> <u>ELEMENTS</u>: <u>WALL TREATMENT</u>: stucco; no coping along roof; stucco relief arch treatment over arched entry. <u>ROOF</u>: covering can not be seen. <u>CHIMNEY</u>: none. <u>WINDOWS</u>: originals appear to have been replaced; main focal window fixed segmental arch with plywood panels on top, 4 vertical panes below; window to right of entry fixed with 3 vertical lights; all windows are deep inset; side of building as 2- 30 light windows. <u>DOOR</u>: side entry inside arched entry; glazed 6 square lights on top/ 3 vertical panels on bottom. <u>PORCH</u>: arched inset entry; one front step.

> 8. Construction date: Estimated: <u>1924</u>

4

9. Architect: Louis Gill

10. Builder:

| 11. | Approx. pr | operty s | size | (in | feet): |
|-----|------------|----------|------|-----|--------|
| | Frontage: | 68' | - | | |
| | depth: | 140' | | | |
| | or approx. | acreage | 9: | | |

12. Date of enclosed photo(s): _____2/89 b/w photo Roll 6 Frame #13

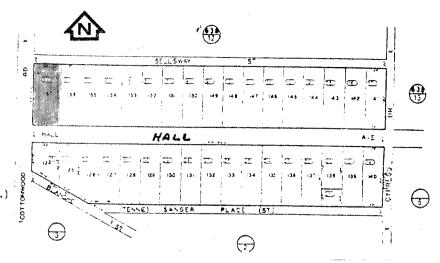
| 13. Condition: Excellent Goodx Fair Deteriorated No longer in existence |
|---|
| 14. Alterations: |
| 15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land Scattered buildings Densely built-up Residential Industrial Commercial Other: |
| 16. Threats to site: None known Frivate Development _x Zoning _x Vandalism Public Works Project Other: |
| 17. Is the structure: On its original site?: Moved? Unknown ? |
| 18. Related features: <u>The original cross was lit so it could be seen on both sides of the border</u> (Hettich 1988:4) |

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

The first church in the San Ysidro area used by the Little Landers was a tent dubbed "the north annex". It had been added to the rustic Redwood Hall, a structure located in the park that served as the focus of community activities. On Sundays, Reverend Josiah Poeton, one of the original Little Landers organizers and other visiting ministers conducted Protestant church services for the Federated Church, Sunday School for the fifty children in the settlement and Christian Science services for the members of that faith (Lee 1975:40). Though not a religious settlement per se, the 1909 Little Landers planned community attracted primarily middle-class, white Protestants with roots in the mid-west. They had immigrated from areas that were typically homogeneous communities whose values and virtues, suggested by the Protestant ethic were quite similar (Russo 1974:40).

SEE CONTINUATION SHEET

LOCATIONAL SKETCH MAP



20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture <u>x</u> Arts/Leisure _____ Economic/Industrial _____ Exploration _____ Settlement _____ Government _____ Military _____ Religion <u>x</u> Social/Education _____

21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.)

See attached references.

22. Date form prepared 5/89 Roth and Associates 2707 Congress Ave. Suite 2A San Diego, California 92110 (619)-295-3111

HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY

173 HALL Community Congregation Church

19. SIGNIFICANCE CONT.

Although church services were conducted from the beginning of the settlement, the Community Church was not formally founded until June 8, 1913. The constitution was approved on October 12, 1913. The Church had 21 members; rent for the Little Landers Hall was \$6.50 per month (Hettich 1988:4). In November of 1916, a committee was appointed to select and acquire a site on which to build a permanent house of worship. However the flood of 1916, World War I, a flu epidemic and a dwindling population between 1916 and 1920 held up the project for eight years. By acquiring community-wide donations, San Ysidro's first permanent structure for a church was dedicated on June 29, 1924. The corner lot, purchased in 1913 by Sarah Rust, was donated to the church. She and her daughter donated the money for the stairs and windows. Mr. Frank Beyers donated money and provided supervision for the installation of the drainage and gutter systems. Since 1909 twenty-six ministers have served the community, delivering the Gospel and performing weddings, christenings and funeral services (Rev. Reinger 1989 p.c.).

In addition to being the first Protestant Church in San Ysidro, this structure is significant because it was designed by Louis Gill, the nephew of Irving Gill. Gill (born in New York in 1895, a graduate of the Architectural University of Syracuse in 1911) was associated with his uncle from 1911 until 1919. Between 1911-1914 he worked first as a draftsman and then as a partner with his uncle (McCambridge 1973: n.p.). Between 1920 to the late 1930s, Gill drew plans for numerous churches, hospitals, commercial buildings, apartments and parking garages. Other churches in the San Diego area built by Gill include the Sacred Heart Church in Coronado, Mission Hills Congregational, St. James by the Sea, and various Congregational Churches in San Diego, La Mesa, and Del Mar. He was associated with other San Diego architects in major public building construction including the County Adminstration Building. After 1945, Gill was active in civic activities in San Diego and in the AIA (Gebbard 1983:n.p.)

Gill had extensive knowledge of traditional Mexican architecture and many of his buildings were of this style. He was also an advocate of the Aikon Lift Method, whereby walls with windows and doors were made before the entire frame was lifted up thereby radically reducing the overall cost of construction (McCambridge 1973: n.p.).

Gill designed the Congregational Church in 1924 for the community of San Ysidro. In 1927, he designed a commercial and apartment building on San Ysidro Blvd for R.W. Smith (see significance evaluation for 147-149 San Ysidro Blvd). The Architectural Drawing Collections at U.C.S.B. has plans for both these structures. Only the front elevations were requested for the current investigations.

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| | Historic name: | | | | n an far a far | |
| 3. | Street/rural address: 195-197 City: San Ysidro Zip: 92 | Hall 073 | County: S | San Dieg | 0 | en da se anna an a |
| 4. | Parcel number:666-06-33 | | | | | |
| 5. | Present Owner: <u>Darrel Larks</u> | ***** | Address: | <u>195 H</u> | all | |
| | City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: | 92073 | 3 County: | San Die | ego | |
| 6. | Present Use:residence | | _Original Use: | res | idence | 1996 |
| DOGO | D#7-01 | | | | | |

7a. Architectural style: VERNACULAR

7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

Series of 1 story wood frame/stucco apartments located on the corner of Hall and Pepper; all have low to medium pitch roofs with plain eaves fascia and gableboard. Combination stucco and vertical board siding. Double hung single pane windows with plain board surround. No chimney; no porches.



| | 8. Construction date: |
|---------|--------------------------------------|
| | Estimated: <u>post 1929</u> |
| | 9. Architect: |
| | 10. Builder: |
| | 11. Approx. property size (in feet): |
| | Frontage: <u>50</u> ' |
| Ţ. | depth: <u>140'</u> |
| | or approx. acreage: |
| | 12. Date of enclosed photo(s): 2/89 |
| | b/w photo Roll 4 Frame #11 |
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| 13. C | Condition: Excellent Good Fair Deteriorated _x. No longer in existence |
|----------|--|
| 14. A | lterations: |
| | urroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land Scattered buildings Densely built-up Residential Industrial Commercial Other: |
| 16. Tł | hreats to site: None known Private Developmentx_Zoningx_ Vandalism Public Works Project Other: |
| 17. Is | s the structure: On its original site?: Moved? Unknown ? |
| 18. Re | elated features: |
| SIGNIFIC | |

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

see preceding significance overview

LOCATIONAL SKETCH MAP

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20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture _____ Arts/Leisure _____ Economic/Industrial ____ Exploration _____ Settlement ____ Government ____ Military ____ Religion ____ Social/Education _____

21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.)

see attached references

22. Date form prepared <u>3/89</u> Roth and Associates 2707 Congress Ave. Suite 2A San Diego, California 92110 (619)-295-3111

MESA , 1

| | | HABS | | HAER | | NR | SHL | LO | C |
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| | Historic name: | | | | | | | 2014-2014 - 4-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1 | |
| 3. | Street/rural address: 252 Me City: San Ysidro Zip: 92 | | | | S | an Dieg | <u>so</u> | eriena a constante a constante a constante a sua constante a constante | alisety, displaticly, without |
| 4. | Parcel number:638 | -162-2 | 2 <u>3 Lo</u> | t A19 | | u na anna an a | | | |
| 5. | Present Owner: <u>Joseph/Grace Caba</u> City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: _ | والمشاذلة بالالتا مسرعت بالبني الشمرات والشرائية | | enerer | | | | | |
| 6. | Present Use: residence | alinan sinisi mina mina mina mina kabila | 0ri | ginal | Use: | res | iden | <u>e</u> | |
| DESCRI | PTION | | | | | | | | |

7a. Architectural style: SPANISH ECLECTIC

| 7b. | Describe | present | physical | description | of | site | or | structure; | describe | major | alterations | from |
|-----|----------|----------|----------|-------------|----|------|----|------------|----------|-------|-------------|------|
| | origina | l condit | tion: | | | | | | | | | |

One story bungalow with a medium pitch stuccoed gable hood over front door and a flat roof addition to left side of house. Asymmetrical front facade. <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN</u> <u>ELEMENTS</u>: <u>WALL TREATMENT</u>: stucco; no decorative elements. <u>ROOF</u>: composition shingle with red tile along hips; slight overhang; no exposed beams or rafters; plain fascia board. <u>CHIMNEY</u>: none. <u>WINDOWS</u>: 3 sets of vertical, inset casements; 2 sets right of door- each have 2 vertical panes; window set left of door has 2 larger rectangular panes on top/ 2 narrow lights on bottom; sills extend slightly beyond window; no other surrounding board trim. <u>DOOR</u>: front facing, partially glazed (single pane) covered with security door; stuccoed gable hood over door. <u>PORCH</u>: open porch with no overhang; cement and low wrought iron railing system; side entry- 1 step.



| , interest | 8. | Construction date: |
|------------|-----|--------------------------|
| | Est | imated: <u>1929-1954</u> |
| 1 | 9. | Architect: |
| | | Builder: |

| 11. | Approx. pr | operty | size | (in | feet): |
|-----|------------|--------|---------------------|-----|--------|
| | Frontage: | 102' | Sandardar 19 Martin | | |
| | depth: | 147' | | | |
| | or approx. | acrea | ge: | | |

12. Date of enclosed photo(s): _____2/89
b/w photo Roll 7 Frame #4

| 13. Condition: Excellent Goodx Fair Deteriorated No longer in existence |
|---|
| 14. Alterations: |
| 15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land Scattered buildings Densely built-up Residential Industrial Commercial Other: |
| 16. Threats to site: None known Private Developmentx Zoningx Vandalism Public Works Project Other: |
| 17. Is the structure: On its original site?: Moved? Unknown ? |
| 18. Related features:detached garage |

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

An intensive review of both primary sources (i.e.: deed books, Little Lander log books, Irrigation records, City directories, etc.), and secondary sources (personal interviews and newspaper articles) failed to uncover any evidence that this house was associated with an important person of the community, that an important event occurred here or that the building itself is considered architecturally significant.

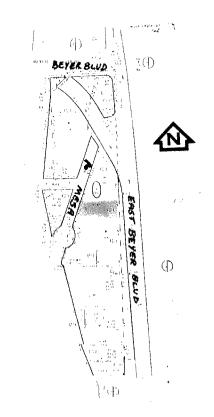
Construction date is estimated between 1929 (lot is empty on the 1928 aerial) and 1954 (structure is present on the 1954 aerial); builder is unknown. In terms of historic significance, most individual houses in the study do not qualify for either federal, state or local historic designation. This structure is neither architecturally or historically distinctive (see discussion dealing with historic significance of the study area)

20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture _____Arts/Leisure _____ Economic/Industrial ____ Exploration _____ Settlement ____ Government ____ Military ____ Religion ____ Social/Education ____

21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.)

see attached references and general discussion dealing with historic determination of individual houses in the study area

22. Date form prepared <u>5/89</u> Roth and Associates 2707 Congress Ave. Suite 2A San Diego, California 92110 (619)-295-3111



LOCATIONAL SKETCH MAP

| | | HABS | | HAER | NR | SHL | LOC | | |
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| HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY | | | | | | | | | |
| IDENT: | IFICATION | | | | | | | | |
| 1. | Common name: | | | | | | | | |
| 2. | Historic name: | and the state of the state of the | <u></u> | | | | annan afan dhalan dhalan ya bara | | |
| 3. | Street/rural address:260 Me | esa Ave | ÷. | | | | | | |
| | City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: <u>92</u> | | | | | 0 | | | |
| 4. | Parcel number:638-162-24 | Lot | A18 | | | 2 <u>1 1 1 1 1 1 1 </u> | | | |
| 5. | Present Owner: Donald/Marta Cl | ark | | Address: _ | 325 Me | sa Ave | | | |
| | City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: _ | | | | | | | | |
| 6. | Present Use: residence | | Ori | ginal Use: | res | idence | na felanska se konstanter a se | | |

7a. Architectural style: CRAFTSMAN

7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

One story bungalow with multiple roof lines including a medium pitch cross gable roof, a medium pitch side gable, a partial hip (in rear) and an extended shed roof over front facing porch (a separate structure adjoins house in rear). Asymmetrical front facade. <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS</u>: WALL TREATMENT: lap siding (new); louvered vent, boxed and silled under side and back gable roof; cobblestone skirt along foundation. <u>ROOF</u>: composition shingles; exposed eaves, plain gableboard; moderate to wide overhang. <u>CHIMNEY</u>: massive, exterior cobblestone chimney along right side of house <u>WINDOWS</u>: front windows are combination fixed and casement with vertical panes below/ Queen Anne "x" lights above; plain surrounding board trim with sill. <u>DOOR</u>: solid, unglazed with plain surrounding board trim. <u>PORCH</u>: partial front facing porch covered by shed roof that extends as part of principal roof; decorative angular stick work; 2 stick porch supports; totally open- no railing system; 2 brick steps to porch.



8. Construction date: Estimated: 1909

9. Architect: _____

10. Builder: Lewis

11. Approx. property size (in feet):
 Frontage: _______
 depth: ______230'
 or approx. acreage: ______

12. Date of enclosed photo(s): 2/89 b/w photo Roll 7 Frame #3, 4, 8

| 13. Condition: Excellent Goodx Fair Deteriorated No longer in existence | |
|---|---|
| 14. Alterations: wall treatment; window replacements; new roof | |
| 15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land Scattered buildings Densely built-up Residential Industrial Commercial Other: | • |
| 16. Threats to site: None known Private Development _x_ Zoning _x_ Vandalism Public Works Project Other: | |
| 17. Is the structure: On its original site?: Moved? Unknown ? | |
| 18. Related features: | |

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

Uncertainty exists as to who actually lived in this house during the initial years of the Little Landers colonization. Joyce Hettich believes that it was the William Smythe home. However, research indicates that it could actually have been the home of Harold Champ, Smythe's son-in-law. Champ's house, according to newspaper articles, was one of the first homes constructed within the settlement. Harriet and William Smythe, founders of Little Landers Colony #1, purchased Parcels A18 and A19 for the site of their home and agricultural endeavors. According to early deeds, Harold Champ did not own an acre parcel nor a townsite in the community. However, since he was a relative of Smythe's, it is highly likely that he built on the family acreage. In either case, the extant structure was built on land owned by Smythe and is one of only 6 remaining houses within the Historic Survey area definitively associated with the original Little Landers colony.

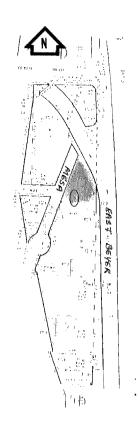
SEE CONTINUATION SHEET

LOCATIONAL SKETCH MAP

20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture <u>x</u> Arts/Leisure _____ Economic/Industrial ____ Exploration _____ Settlement <u>x</u> Government ____ Military ____ Religion ____ Social/Education _____

 Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.) see attached references

22. Date form prepared <u>5/89</u> Roth and Associates 2707 Congress Ave. Suite 2A San Diego, California 92110 (619)-295-3111



260 MESA

19. SIGNIFICANCE CONT.

As of May 16, 1909, Harold Champ's house had been completed. It was built by J.W. Lewis, the general manager and contractor for the colony. The Champ house was a frame cottage with a massive cobblestone fireplace and chimney, overhanging eaves, a long hall and a front porch (<u>San Diego Union</u>, May 16, 1909). From the description, it is clear that Champ's home was an informal, straightforward Craftsman bungalow; a style of house that was being constructed in suburban developments throughout the country. It had become a sign of upward mobility and had become associated with naturalism and Americanism, projecting images of deeply rooted security and family stability (Gowans 1987:75). The placement and shape of windows, doors, porches and even the structure itself on the lot emphasized a tie with nature, while offering privacy and seclusion. Windows became larger to let in light and fresh air; the result of nearly a century of concern for health. Porches opened the house into its surroundings "as somehow combining the coziness of indoors with the freedom of outdoors" (Stilgoe 1988:102). Doors were often off-set under the porch to provide a family with a sense of privacy.

"Successful mass-produced suburban house design depended upon creating illusions of a spacious lot no matter how cramped the actual one might be . . . On three sides at least, such a house should imply yard space- front, back and sides" (Gowans 1986:31).

Numerous catalogs available to the suburban owner dealt with this desire for space in different ways. Basic rectangular homes had wrap around porches and back porches accessible from the side Frequently side gables repeating front gables were used to create a yard facade. Homes sat on their individual lot, perpetuating the rural tradition. Yet because of street alignments, they related to other structure on the street like older urban homes. Individuality was expressed in the selected treatment of house style and the creation of gardens within both rear and front yards. Dozen of magazine writers wrote of the merits of this relatively new style of building, emphasizing its open and natural, yet modern and efficient form that combined city convenience with country-like ambiance. Floor plans and even materials were easily accessible through the mail order catalogs.

The Smythe house was a craftsman home as well. At the July 4, 1909 house warming. The house, not yet completed consisted of a single room with adjoining tents serving as sleeping and cooking quarters. When completed, it "served as a model San Ysdiro residence" (Lee 1975:44). Mrs. Smythe held regular Thursday social gatherings at the house: ". . . It was her earnest endeavor to level social barriers and with music, conversation, games, flowers, and refreshments meant to prove that gracious living could elevate what otherwise appeared to be a drab existence" (Smythe in <u>City Homes on County Lanes</u>, #3).

In an article written in 1911, the Smythe house is described as:

". . . In the big fireplace at one end of the room, blaze big logs. There are books aplenty and pictures one loves. There are bunches of holly given us by a child, and the big generous writing table and (blessed thought) time to write. East and north of the bungalow rise the foothills of the Coast Range- a mile and a half south lies Mexico, and, silvering the sunset gleams, the great ocean sparkles five miles west. Little farms dot the lovely valley. Little acres compose the town. The acres, of which each true Little Lander possesses one or two are laid out in narrow strips 100

HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY

260 MESA

19. SIGNIFICANCE CONT.

by 400 feet. One acre brings the modest homes near to each other and prevents loneliness. The kind friend who built this room provided windows north, south and west where we sit and view the kingdoms of this world and the glory of them." (L. Judd 1956 "Once Upon A Time")

William Smythe was the founder of the Little Landers Colony #1, existing in San Ysidro between 1909 to 1916. He was known throughout the United States as a journalist, public-speaker, organizer and promoter of the popular progressive back-to-the-land movements. He was the leader of the National Reclamation movement, editor of Irrigation Age, founder of the National Irrigation Congress in the 1890s, founder of three successful colonies prior to the establishment of the San Ysidro colony, (and several after San Ysidro), editor of the San Diego Sun, and author of a history of San Diego. Smythe was influenced by a 60 year tradition that sought to combine the best of city and country life; a movement to rectify the perceived collapse of the social, moral and economic order by developing a new form of living, the suburbs. An entire generation of educated middle class people had been raised with the idea that the borderlands offered the answer to society's ills. By the 1880s, the genre had built "into a flood of articles, books and even poetry that nearly overwhelmed publishers in the 1890s. The literature of the borderland good life mirrored and shaped turn of the century middle class thinking" (Stilgoe 1987:168). Smythe, like other reformers of the day, attempted to establish communities that created family and community ties yet still allowed individual expressions. His promotional brochures, phamplets and articles were distributed as part of a national campaign to promote his ideals that "it is the family on an acre of land which improves national character". His writing, typical of the day, is dramatic and flowery: exposing the virtues of :"a Little land and a living". He believed that a family could gain a livelihood from cultivating an acre of land and that to avoid rural isolation and perpetuate cultural ideals, colonists should live in townsites, separate from their cultivated plots. Neither the idea of separate agricultural plots nor small lot gardening was a new idea. Since at least 1820 these ideas had been generated by numerous reformers. As early as 1857 "half acre" lots were sold demonstrating the adoption of traditional gardening practices to a new sort of settlement arrangement (Stilgoe 1988:89).

Though not as economically successful as Smythe's prose suggest, the colony did have approximately 100 families prior to the devastating flood of 1916. Many families however, rather than being involved in purely agricultural pursuits, owned only residential lots and commuted to the city to earn a living. By 1916, San Ysidro had become a small suburb rather than the Arcadian colony first envisioned by Smythe.

Following the 1918 death of his wife, Smythe left California to promote the Soldier Homestead Program. He also launched another settlement program in the east through the American Homesteaders Society, an organization designed to help working men secure homes in garden city suburbs. Smythe died in 1922 in New York City. (According to Professor L. Lee, a retired historian from San Jose State and an expert on the Little Land movements in the U.S., all of Smythe's personal papers and memorabilia were destroyed in a fire shortly after his death).

The significance of this particular structure lies in the probable historic association with Wm. Smythe, the founder of the Little Landers Colony #1, as well as with its chosen architectural style. It still retains integrity as an example of the Craftsman Bungalow built throughout the county during the early decades of the 20th century.

HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY

PHOTO CONTINUATION SHEET

260 MESA

638-162-24 Lot A18 CRAFTSMAN



BACK VIEW (NOTE DIFFERENT ROOF LINES)

OLIVE

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| 2. | Historic name: | | 0),01, | agang salawasa di daga kata daga daga daga daga daga daga daga d | ana an | | |
| 3. | Street/rural address: 129 | West | Olive | • | | | |
| | City: San Ysidro Zip: 92 | | | | San Dieg | 0 | |
| 4. | Parcel number:666-06-21 | Lot | 76 | | directored and the state of the Landscore | | |
| 5. | Present Owner: Rachael/Robert Ca | stell | anos | Address: | 129 | West 01 | ive |
| | City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: | | | | | | |
| 6. | Present Use: residence | un an | 0ri | ginal Use: | res | idence | 19-19-19-19-19-19-19-19-19-19-19-19-19-1 |
| DESCRIE | PTION | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |

- 7a. Architectural style: FOLK VERNACULAR
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

One story bungalow with mansard roof and a dropped mansard roof over full porch; slightly off-center door makes an asymmetrical front facade. <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS</u>: <u>WALL TREATMENT</u>: lap siding. <u>ROOF</u>: combination wood, corrugated metal and composition sheeting; diamond pattern wood shingles along sides of roof; roof elements partially clasper; boxed eaves. <u>CHIMNEY</u>: none. <u>WINDOWS</u>: front are very wide double hung, single pane with plain surrounding board trim. <u>DOOR</u>: glazed with 6 irregularly spaced lights. <u>PORCH</u>: dropped mansard roof over full open porch; porch roof has same diamond pattern shingles as principal roof; 4- 2 by 2 porch supports; 3 front facing wood steps to wood porch; lap siding extends from ground level to porch ground level.

8. Construction date:
 Estimated: <u>unknown</u>
 9. Architect: _____

Frontage: <u>50'</u> depth: <u>175'</u> or approx. acreage: <u>____</u> 12. Date of enclosed photo(s): <u>2/89</u> b/w photo Roll 7 Frame #13, 14

(MODIFIED DPR 523 Rev. 4/79)

11. Approx. property size (in feet):

Ø. Builder:

| 13. Condition: Excellent Good Fair Deterioratedx No longer in existence | |
|---|--|
| 14. Alterations: | |
| 15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land Scattered buildings Densely built-up Residential Industrial Commercial Other: | |
| 16. Threats to site: None known Private Development _x_ Zoning _x_ Vandalism Public Works Project Other: | |
| 17. Is the structure: On its original site?: Moved? Unknown ? | |
| 18. Related features: <u>apartment building to rear and side; older vegetation in yard; house is close</u> to falling down | |

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

The orignal lot 76 (see attached Little Landers Map) was purchased by a Mr. Miller in 1912 An Elmer Miller is listed in the 1930s City Directory, occupation carpenter, it could not be determined however whether this was the same Miller. A review of the 1928 aerial shows that a structure with a pitched roofline was located on this particular parcel; the 1954 aerial shows a structure with what appears to be a Mansard roofline. Based on the overall condition of the house and comparison of the 1928 and 1954 aerials, it is difficult to determine whether or not this particular house is the one seen on the earlier aerial. A review of the City Directories fail to list specific addresses or occupations, thus severely hampering any type of biographical reconstruction for the Millers.

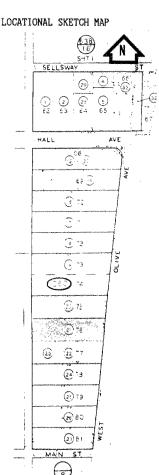
In terms of historic significance, most of the selected individual houses in the study area do not qualify for either federal, state or local historic designation; this structure is neither architecturally nor historically distinctive (see attached discussion dealing with historic significance of the study area)

20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture ____ Arts/Leisure ____ Economic/Industrial ____ Exploration ____ Settlement _x_ Government ____ Military ____ Religion ____ Social/Education ___

21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.)

see attached references and general discussion dealing with historic determination of individual houses in the study area

22. Date form prepared <u>5/89</u> Roth and Associates 2707 Congress Ave. Suite 2A San Diego, California 92110 (619)-295-3111



HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY

PHOTO CONTINUATION SHEET

129 WEST OLIVE

666-06-21 Lot 76 FOLK VERNACULAR

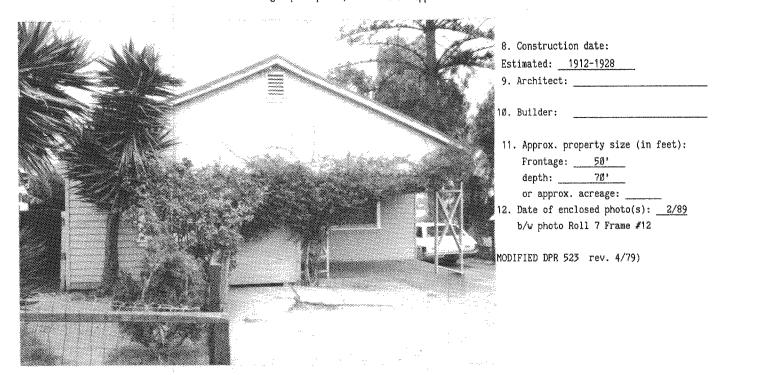


SIDE VIEW SHOWING ROOF LINE

| | | HABS | HAER | NR | SHL | LOC |
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| HISTORIC RE | SOURCES INV | ENTORY | | | | |
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| | | <u>136 East</u> Zip: 92073 | | | ego | tégatés atombé a telefoné a telefon |
| | | -07-34 Lot 89 | | | | |
| | | ornado Amparo Zip: 920 | | | | |
| 6. Present | Use: <u>reside</u> | ence | 0riginal | Use: <u>r</u> | esidence | and the second |

- 7a. Architectural style: FOLK VERNACULAR
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

One story house with medium pitch front facing gable, open, 1/2 porch under principal roof. Asymmetrical front facade. <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS</u>: <u>WALL TREATMENT</u>: board and batten under gable; lap siding in the front, narrower lap siding on the side; plain corner boards; boxed and silled, rectangular louver under gable. <u>ROOF</u>: composition sheeting; extremely slight overhang; plain undecorated eaves fasica and gableboard. <u>CHIMNEY</u>: none. <u>WINDOWS</u>: two sets of front windows, sash bar pattern of 12 panes; side window double hung; all have plain surrounding board trim with sills extending slightly beyond window opening. <u>DOOR</u>: front inset; can not see door. <u>PORCH</u>: offset to the right, front facing, open porch under principal roof; simple scallop design used as trim along top of porch; stick work supports.



- 13. Condition: Excellent _____ Good _____ Fair _x Deteriorated _____ No longer in existence _____
- 14. Alterations: major alterations to the front and at least 1 side of the structure
- 15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land _____ Scattered buildings ____ Densely built-up _____ Residential _____ Industrial _____ Commercial _____ Other: ______
- 16. Threats to site: None known ____ Private Development ___ Zoning ___ Vandalism _____ Public Works Project ____ Other: ______
- 17. Is the structure: On its original site?: _____ Moved? _____ Unknown ? _____
- 18. Related features: _detached one car garage to side rear; older vegetation in yard; on 1929 aerial

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

see preceding significance overview

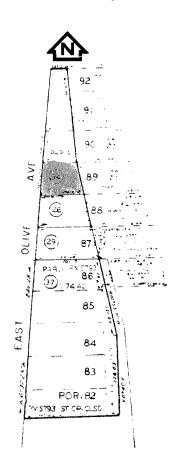
LOCATIONAL SKETCH MAP

20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture _____Arts/Leisure _____ Economic/Industrial _____Exploration _____ Settlement X____Government _____Military _____ Religion _____Social/Education _____

21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.)

see attached references

22. Date form prepared <u>3/89</u> Roth and Associates 2707 Congress Ave. Suite 2A San Diego, California 92110 (619)-295-3111



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| 3. 5 | Street/rural address: 147 We City: SAN YSIDRO Zip: 920 | est 01 073 | live Coun | ty:S | an Diego | | 569550550745550000000000000000000000000000 |
| 4. H | Parcel number:666-06-18 | Lot 7 | 72 | | un and an | 1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1. | anana ana amin'ny fisiana amin'ny fisiana amin'ny fisiana amin'ny fisiana amin'ny fisiana amin'ny fisiana amin' |
| 5. H (| Present Owner: <u>Guadalupe/Marco F</u> City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: | Perale 92073 | <u>es et a</u> 3 Co | alAddres: ounty: | s: <u>1850</u> San Dieg | 6 Blanda go | Lane |
| 6. F | Present Use:residence | | Oriį | ginal Use: | res | idence | ang ang ang kanalang |

- 7a. Architectural style: FOLK VERNACULAR
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

One story "L-shape" house with low pitch cross gable roof and an open porch under principal roof. Asymmetrical front facade. STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS: WALL TREATMENT: lap siding with plain, narrow corner boards; horizontal boxed and silled slat vent under front gable; fish scale shingle trim under side gable. ROOF: composition shingles; exposed undersurface of the gable is open rake, giving a "laddered" appearance; plain eaves fascia and gableboard. CHIMNEY: none. WINDOWS: combination metal sliders and double hung with single lights; plain undecorated surrounding board trim. DOOR: offset side entrance, partially glazed with single upper glass panel/ 3 bottom wood panels; plain undecorated surrounding board trim. $\underline{PORCH}:$ located under principal roof with slight shed extension; totally open; two 2 by 2 open triangular knee braces; one front entry cement step to cement porch; porch roof is collapsing

Shed in back; possible shed extension at back of house.



8. Construction date:

11. Approx. property size (in feet): Frontage: 50' depth: 200'

| | or approx. ac | rea | ige: | |
|-----|-----------------|-----|------------|------|
| 12. | Date of enclose | ed | photo(s): | 2/89 |
| | b/w photo Roll | 4 | Frame #7.8 | |

13. Condition: Excellent _____ Good _____ Fair ____ Deteriorated _x__ No longer in existence _____

14. Alterations: window replacements; roof replacement; shed extension; exterior trim

15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land ____ Scattered buildings ___ Densely built-up ____ Residential ____ Industrial ____ Commercial ____ Other: _____

16. Threats to site: None known ____ Private Development ____ Zoning ____ Vandalism _____ Public Works Project ____ Other: _____

17. Is the structure: On its original site?: ____ Moved? ____ Unknown ? ____

18. Related features: _____older vegetation in years (including old palm)

SIGNIFICANCE

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

see preceding significance overview

LOCATIONAL SKETCH MAP

20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture _____Arts/Leisure _____ Economic/Industrial ____ Exploration _____ Settlement X_____ Government _____ Military _____ Religion _____ Social/Education _____

21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.)

see attached references

22. Date form prepared <u>3/89</u> Roth and Associates 2707 Congress Ave. Suite 2A San Diego, California 92110 (619)-295-3111

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| HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY | | | | | |
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| 2. Historic name: | | | | | |
| 3. Street/rural address: 149 City: San Ysidro Zip: 9 | | | San Diego | 0 | Server and a state of the server server and the |
| 4. Parcel number:666-06-17 | | | 1999) - Anno (Brank, Standard Brank) - Anno (Brank) - Anno (Brank) - Anno (Brank) | | n fan Sen se fan en fan skrie fan skrie New skrie fan skrie f |
| 5. Present Owner: <u>Ned/Antonia El</u> City: <u>Chula Vista</u> Zip: | more 92011 | Address: | 934 San Die | Nolan Wa ego | <u>y</u> |
| 6. Present Use: residence | 0r | iginal Use: | rest | Idence | Managana ana amin'ny fisiana |

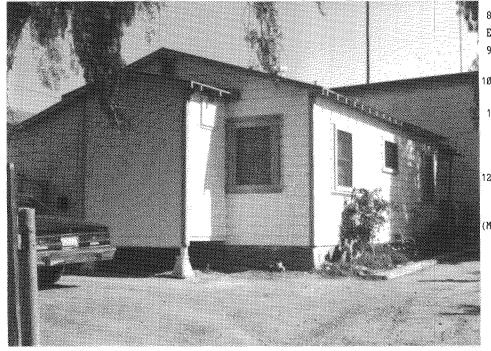
7a. Architectural style: FOLK VERNACULAR

(house backs on Pepper; can not see from Olive; modern apartment complex fronts building)

7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

One story house with low pitch front facing gable and dropped shed extension roof over a full porch; shed extensions to the side and rear. Symmetrical front facade.

<u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS: WALL TREATMENT</u>: drop siding; plain corner boards; boxed horizontal slat vent under gable. <u>ROOF</u>: composition roof; exposed rafters; plain gableboard; slight overhang. <u>CHIMNEY</u>: none. <u>WINDOWS</u>: combination metal sliders and double hung with removable storm shutters; all have plain surrounding board trim. <u>DOOR</u>: can not see. <u>PORCH</u>: open porch; four 2 by 2 roof supports; 2 side cement steps to entry.



8. Construction date: Estimated: <u>1910-1928</u> 9. Architect:

| 1Ø. | Builder: | |
|-----|----------|--|

- 12. Date of enclosed photo(s): ____2/89 b/w photo Roll 4, Frame #32,33

| 9 | 13. | Condition: | Excellent | Good | Fair | х | Deteriorated | N | o longer | in existence | e |
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|---|-----|------------|-----------|------|------|---|--------------|---|----------|--------------|---|

- 15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land ____ Scattered buildings ____ Densely built-up _____ Residential ____ Industrial ____ Commercial ____ Other: _____
- 16. Threats to site: None known ____ Private Development ____ Zoning ____ Vandalism _____ Public Works Project ____ Other: _____
- 17. Is the structure: On its original site?: ____ Moved? ____ Unknown ? ____

18. Related features: older vegetation includes pepper tree and palms

SIGNIFICANCE

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

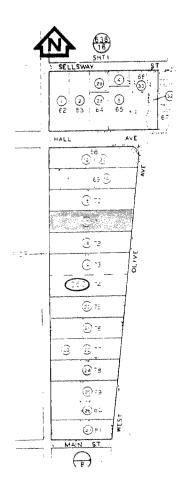
see preceding significance overview

LOCATIONAL SKETCH MAP

- 20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture _____ Arts/Leisure _____ Economic/Industrial ____ Exploration _____ Settlement _____ Government _____ Military _____ Religion ____ Social/Education _____
- 21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.)

see attached references

22. Date form prepared <u>3/89</u> Roth and Associates 2707 Congress Ave. Suite 2A San Diego, California 92110 (619)-295-3111



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| | Historic name: | | | | an san jan sa | u ya manga katala k |
| 3. | Street/rural address: <u>151</u> City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: <u>920</u> | | | | | |
| 4. | Parcel number: 666-06-16 Lo | | · • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • | | | androm de addres e en afrik process de server processes |
| 5. | Present Owner: <u>Maria/Robert Mar</u> City: <u>La Mesa</u> Zip: | | | | | |
| 6. | Present Use: residence | | Original Use | re | sidence | nan managana kana kana kana sa kana s |

- 7a. Architectural style: FOLK VERNACULAR
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

One story, long and narrow house with medium pitch front facing gable and an off set dropped front facing gable over door entry ("shot-gun"). Back of house has a lower gable attachment, suggesting had least one addition to the main structure. Asymmetrical front facade. <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS: WALL TREATMENT</u>: board and batten exterior with horizontal board cornice; wood or cement pier foundation; small,louvered boxed vent under gable. <u>ROOF</u>: composition sheeting; porch roof has "original" wood shingles; undecorated gableboard; exposed rafters. <u>WINDOWS</u>: front window is double hung with single pane in each; plain undecorated surrounding board treatment; side windows are a combination of fixed and double hung. <u>DOOR</u>: plywood and screen; plain undecorated surrounding board treatment. <u>PORCH</u>: open entry porch; roof supports are four 2 by 2 beams; simple molding at capital; three cement front steps to entry; no railing system.



| | 8. | Constructi | on date: |
|---|-----|------------|-----------|
| | Est | timated: | 1915-1928 |
| Ï | 9. | Architect: | - |
| | 1Ø. | Builder: | |

- 11. Approx. property size (in feet):
 Frontage: 50'
 depth: 120'
- or approx. acreage: ______ 12. Date of enclosed photo(s): _2/89__
- b/w photo Roll 4 Frame #5,6

13. Condition: Excellent _____ Good _____ Fair ____ Deteriorated _x No longer in existence _____

- 14. Alterations: window replacements; roof replacement; shed extension; exterior trim
- 15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land _____ Scattered buildings ____ Densely built-up _____ Residential x Industrial _____ Commercial _____ Other: ______
- 16. Threats to site: None known ____ Private Development _x Zoning _x Vandalism _____ Public Works Project ____ Other: _____
- 17. Is the structure: On its original site?: _____ Moved? _____ Unknown ? _____
- 18. Related features: older vegetation includes palm trees

SIGNIFICANCE

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

see preceding significance overview

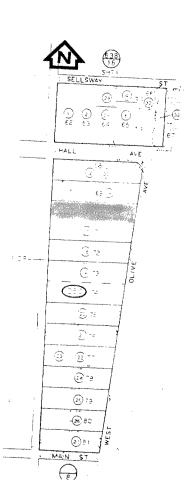
LOCATIONAL SKETCH MAP

20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture _____Arts/Leisure _____ Economic/Industrial _____Exploration _____ Settlement _X___Government _____Military _____ Religion _____Social/Education _____

21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.)

see attached references

22. Date form prepared <u>2/89</u> Roth and Associates 2707 Congress Ave. Suite 2A San Diego, California 92110 (619)-295-3111

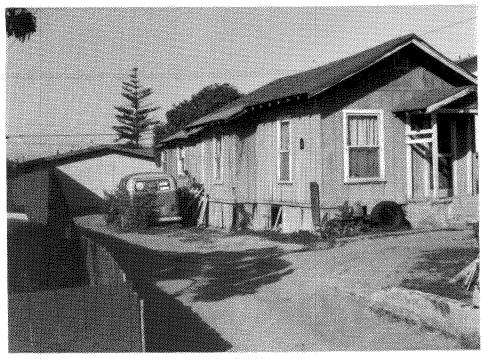


HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY

PHOTO CONTINUATION SHEET

151-155 WEST OLIVE

666-06-16 Lot 70 FOLK VERNACULAR



SIDE VIEW

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| | Common name: | | | | | | |
| | Historic name: | | | | 9999 | | |
| | Street/rural address: <u>159 We</u> City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: <u>92</u> | | | | | 3 | |
| | Parcel number:666-06-30 L | | | | <u></u> | | NATORI (M. 1997) |
| 5. | Present Owner: <u>Ramona/Juan Jaur</u> City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: | equi 9207 | 7 <u>3</u> C | _ Address: ounty: | 159 V San Die | West Oliv ego | ve |
| | Present Use:residence | | | | | | |

- 7a. Architectural style: FOLK VERNACULAR WITH POSSIBLE COLONIAL Revival ELEMENTS
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

(Possibly not the original structure on the lot; informant states that this house contains elements of previously owned house destroyed by freeway construction; informant states that some salvage occurred on the first house during construction of the existing one- possible that some of the elements are older than current construction). One story cottage with side facing low pitch hipped gable and an extended hip gable over front porch entry ("hall and parlor configuration"). Symmetrical front facade. <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS: WALL</u> <u>TREATMENT</u>: lap siding; louvered box vent under hipped gable. <u>ROOF</u>: composition shingle; exposed rafters; plain undecorated gableboards; two decorative beams at hips. <u>CHIMNEY</u>: side, new brick. <u>WINDOWS</u>: set of windows on either side of door, horizontal fixed; plain surrounding board trim; security bars over windows/door; side windows double hung. <u>DOOR</u>: front facing center, glazed with 10 lights; plain surrounding board trim. <u>PORCH</u>: open entry porch with four hollow metal doric columns as porch supports; portico has curved boxed underside; 2 front facing cement steps.



8. Construction date:

Estimated: post 1929

9. Architect:

1Ø. Builder:

11. Approx. property size (in feet):
 Frontage: _______
 depth: ________
 or approx. acreage: _______

12. Date of enclosed photo(s): 2/89 b/w photo Roll 7 Frame !5,16

13. Condition: Excellent _____ Good _____ Fair _X _ Deteriorated _____ No longer in existence _____

14. Alterations: <u>difficult to determine what parts of structure could be historic</u>

15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land _____ Scattered buildings ____ Densely built-up _____ Residential _____ Industrial _____ Commercial _____ Other: ______

16. Threats to site: None known ____ Private Development _x Zoning _x Vandalism _____ Public Works Project ____ Other: _____

17. Is the structure: On its original site?: x Moved? Unknown ?

18. Related features: awning car port off to the rear

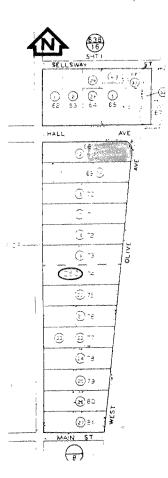
SIGNIFICANCE

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

see preceding significance overview

LOCATIONAL SKETCH MAP

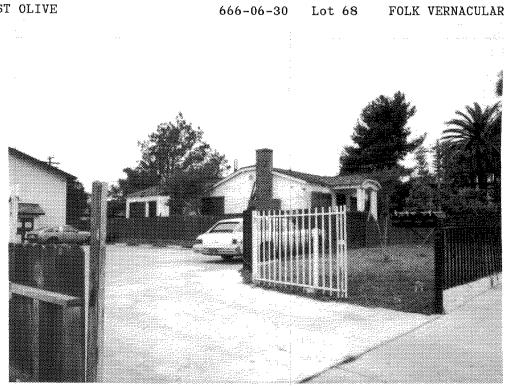
- 20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture _____Arts/Leisure _____ Economic/Industrial _____Exploration _____ Settlement __X___Government _____Military _____ Religion _____Social/Education _____
- 21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.) see attached references
- 22. Date form prepared <u>3/89</u> Roth and Associates 2707 Congress Ave. Suite 2A San Diego, California 92110 (619)-295-3111



HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY

PHOTO CONTINUATION SHEET

159 WEST OLIVE



SIDE VIEW SHOWING ROOF LINE

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| 3. | Street/rural address: 130 P City: San Ysidro Zip: 92 | | | San Diego | 5 | 9) |
| 4. | Parcel number: 666-06-23 | Lot 77 | | an an the participant of the second secon | | |
| 5. | Present Owner: <u>Carmen/Celestin</u> City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: | | and a | | | |
| 6. | Present Use: <u>residence</u> | Ori | ginal Use: | res | idence | |

- 7a. Architectural style: FOLK VERNACULAR
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

One story house with low pitch front faacing gable and shed extension roof to one side ("Hall and Parlor"). A separate, dropped shed roof extension has been added to the rear of the house. Below the main structural gable is a drop low pitch gable roof covering the entry. <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS: WALL TREATMENT</u>: aluminium lap siding with aluminum corner boards. <u>ROOF</u>: composition shingles; exposed eaves, plain gableboard (roof appears to be collapsing). <u>CHIMNEY</u>: none. <u>WINDOWS</u>: 2, unevenly placed on either side of front door metal sliders with security bars; narrow plain board surrounding trim. <u>DOOR</u>: front facing central door under gable; glazed with 2 rectangular lights on top/ 1 large wood inset panel on bottom. <u>PORCH</u>: open entry: 4 stick supports, stick cross beam; dropped, low pitch gable roof over door entry; 2 by 2 open railing; 3 wood side steps to wood stoop area.

- 10. Builder: 11. Approx. property size (in feet): Frontage: <u>50'</u> depth: <u>55'</u> or approx. acreage: _____
- Date of enclosed photo(s): <u>2/89</u>
 b/w photo Roll 7 Frame #19

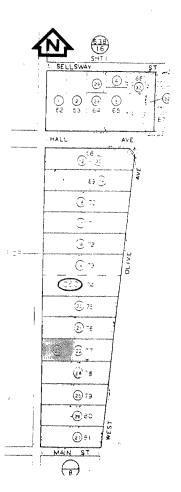
| 13. | Condition: Excellent Good Fair _x _ Deteriorated No longer in existence |
|-----|---|
| 14. | Alterations: |
| 15. | Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land Scattered buildings Densely built-up Residential Industrial Commercial Other: |
| 16. | Threats to site: None known Private Developmentx_ Zoningx_ Vandalism Public Works Project Other: |
| 7. | Is the structure: On its original site?: Moved? Unknown ? |
| 8. | Related features: |

SIGNIFICANCE

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

see preceding significance overview

LOCATIONAL SKETCH MAP



20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture _____Arts/Leisure _____ Economic/Industrial ____ Exploration _____ Settlement ____ Government ____ Military ____ Religion ____ Social/Education ____

21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.)

see attached references

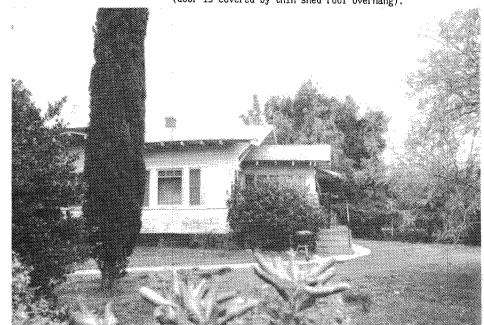
22. Date form prepared <u>3/89</u> Roth and Associates 2707 Congress Ave. Suite 2A San Diego, California 92110 (619)-295-3111

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| HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY | | | | | |
| IDENTIFICATION | | | | | |
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| 2. Historic name: | elangkoomonaalanaasaa ayaa | | | | 1 |
| 3. Street/rural address:240 F | Pepper | | | | |
| City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: 92 | | | San Diego |) | ****** |
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| 5. Present Owner: <u>Geraldine Sever</u> | rance | Address: | P.0 | . Box 555 | 5 |
| City: Jacumba Zip: | | | | | |
| 6. Present Use: residence | 0r | iginal Use: | res | idence | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , |

- 7a. Architectural style: CRAFTSMAN BUNGALOW
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

One story bungalow with multiple roof lines including a low pitch front facing gable, shed roof extensions and gables over enclosed porch and above at least 1 side window. Asymmetrical front facade. Extremely dense vegetation/foliage made viewing of house difficult to impossible (front photo was impossible to take). <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS: WALL TREATMENT</u>: combination lap and flush siding; shingle skirt around entire house from foundation to approximately 3' above ground; boxed lattice vent under main gables. <u>ROOF</u>: composition shingle; ends of gable slightly flared; exposed rafters, plain gableboard; simple, long stick knee braces at gable ends. <u>CHIMNEY</u>: central brick with thin brick cap. <u>WINDOWS</u>: combination of long fixed panes with sash bar arrangement of 3 small lights on top/ 1 large light on bottom, long narrow double hung, and long, narrow fixed with vertical lights; all have wide surrounding board trim with lintels slightly flared. <u>DOOR</u>: can't see. <u>PORCH</u>: totally enclosed, full extension under dropped, low pitch gable roof; solid walling system from ground level to above porch floor is shingled; tapered wood piers at each end; 3 side facing cement stairs with iron rail to door (door is covered by thin shed roof overhang).



8. Construction date:

Estimated: <u>circa 1915</u>

10. Builder:

9. Architect:

Date of enclosed photo(s): <u>2/89</u>
 b/w photo Roll 7 Frame #30,31,32

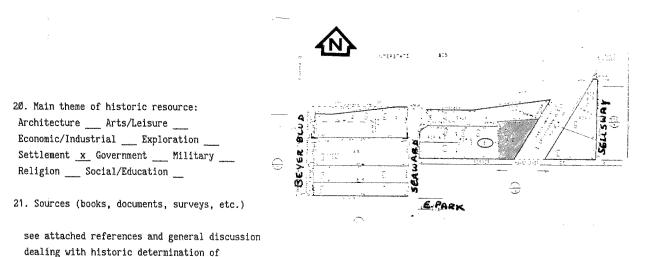
| 13. Condition: Excellent Good Fair _x Deteriorated No longer in existence |
|---|
| 14. Alterations:additions; window alterations; total enclosure of porch |
| 15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land Scattered buildings Densely built-up Residential Industrial Commercial Other: |
| 16. Threats to site: None known Private Development _x_ Zoning _x_ Vandalism Public Works Project Other: |
| 17. Is the structure: On its original site?: Moved? Unknown ? |
| 18. Related features: |

SIGNIFICANCE

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

The original acre lot A12 (see attached Little Landers Map) was purchased by a Mr. McIntosh in 1910 who also owned Parcel 63 at 109 Hall. According to Joyce Hettich (1989: p.c.) this particular house was built by a Mr. Cruthers around 1915. When the Cruthers divorced, Mrs. Cruthers was given the house and associated acreage. She ran a nursery on the site until she was killed crossing the railroad tracks (no date for her death). The Cruthers also owned the Hettich property and several others within the study area. A review of the City Directories list a Alva Cruthers as a school teacher in 1911 and 1912. There is no listing for a Mr. Cruthers.

LOCATIONAL SKETCH MAP



22. Date form prepared <u>5/89</u> Roth and Associates 2707 Congress Ave. Suite 2A San Diego, California 92110

(619)-295-3111

individual houses in the study area

HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY

PHOTO CONTINUATION SHEET

240 PEPPER

638-161-27 Lot A12 CRAFTSMAN



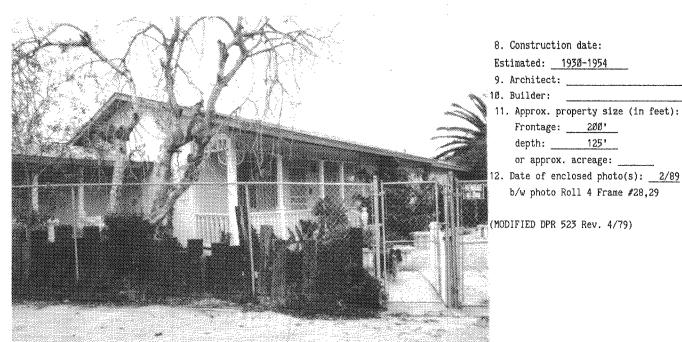
BACK OF HOUSE

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| HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY | | | | | |
| IDENTIFICATION 1. Common name: | | | an sharan kura na fala na kura kura kura kura kura kura kura kur | ann an | ana nga salay da sa ang mga nga nga nga nga nga nga nga nga nga n |
| 2. Historic name: | | 2012-2014-1-2 for for all to be a summarial statements | 9111104 1121-21-21-21-21-21-21-21-21-21-21-21-21 | ed toda é la menora constata constata actor | a da managa a da managa da mana |
| 3. Street/rural address:218 P City:San YsidroZip:9 | | | |) | |
| 4. Parcel number:638-161-21 | A12 | an a | | | |
| 5. Present Owner: <u>Imogene Husk/ Jo</u> City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: | | | | | |
| 6. Present Use: <u>residence</u> | 0ri | ginal Use: | resi | ldence | |

- 7a. Architectural style: FOLK VERNACULAR
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

COMPLETELY REDONE/IMPOSSIBLE TO TELL WHAT THE ORIGINAL STRUCTURE LOOKED LIKE. One story rectangularly-shaped house with a front facing low to medium pitch gable and a dropped, off-set low pitch gable addition on the front; side entrance porch under principal roof. <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS</u>: WALL TREATMENT: stucco. <u>ROOF</u>: composition shingle; undecorated eaves fascia and gableboard. <u>CHIMNEY</u>: none. <u>WINDOWS</u>: metal sliders with security bars. <u>DOOR</u>: side entrance, door covered with security bars. <u>PORCH</u>: partial side porch under principal roof with a second smaller side porch off front addition; porch supports consist of 4 square 4 by 4 posts with simple molded base and capital; 3'high open vertical board railing system; same decorative open-slat system (on a smaller scale) used along top of porch; tops of columns rest on bottom of this element; knee braces are spindle-work, 3/4 wheels; 2 cement steps to porch.

Associated out structures, garden lattice work, large wood planter boxes, and brick walk-way are likely recent additions.



| 12. | condition: | Excellent | 10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-1 | Good | <u> </u> | air | Deteriorate | i | No : | longer | in | existence | ange Thiring Igna |
|-----|-------------|-------------------|--|-------|----------|----------|--------------|--------|------|--------|-----|-----------|-------------------|
| 14. | Alterations | : <u>associ</u> a | ated out | t str | ructures | ; window | replacement; | garden | ;sid | ing; r | oof | | |

15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land _____ Scattered buildings ____ Densely built-up _____ Residential ____ Industrial _____ Commercial ____ Other: ______

16. Threats to site: None known ____ Private Development ____ Zoning ____ Vandalism _____ Public Works Project ____ Other:

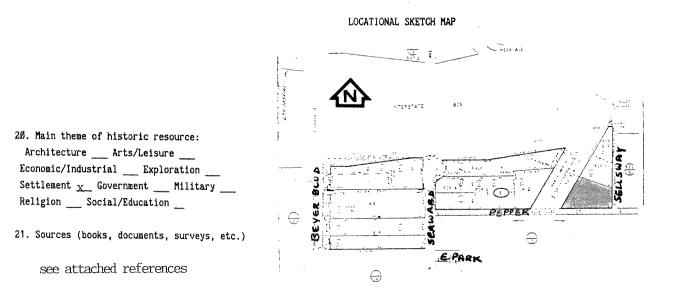
17. Is the structure: On its original site?: ____ Moved? ____ Unknown ? _____

18. Related features: chain-link fencing around perimeter

SIGNIFICANCE

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

see preceding significance overview



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and the second s

SAN YSIDRO BLVD

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| | HABS | 1. 1. 1 | HAER | N | R | SHL | LOC |
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| HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY | , | | | | | | |
| IDENTIFICATION | | | | | | | |
| 1. Common name: <u>FARMER'S MEXICO INS</u> TV SERVICE/ MANCILL | | | | | Z INCON | ME TAX/ | |
| 2. Historic name: | | | | | | | ****** |
| 3. Street/rural address:65, 73 | | | | | | | |
| City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: 92 | 073 | Cour | 1ty: | Sa | n Diego | 2 | **** |
| 4. Parcel number: <u>666-08-31</u> L | .ots I | ,E,F | | | | | allululanist, chatter of chatterings |
| 5. Present Owner: Orelas Munoz | | | | | | | |
| City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: _ | 920 | 73 (| County: | | San Die | ego | an 1 mini palanganganganganganganganganganganganganga |
| 6. Present Use: <u>commercial</u> | | 0r | iginal | Use: _ | com | nercial | NJA A - Oli A - Jack - dalami ja canal |

- 7a. Architectural style: COMMERCIAL, SPANISH ECLECTIC w/ FLAT ROOF
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

Long rectangularly shaped, 1 story commercial building complex (currently used as 5 separate businesses) has a flat roof with simple angular parapet extensions and a very plain appearance It is possibly three separate buildings abutting each other. From left to right they are described as follows: corner building is smooth stucco box, flat roof with front entry, slightly inset under main wall system. Large inset plate glass window covered with awning at street level. What appears to have been a fixed horizontal window half way up between roof and focal window is now boarded up. Second building to the right is boxlike with a low, centered, angular parapet: inset, front facing glazed door under main front wall, front facade includes 2 inset windows with 3 fixed panes above/ a boxed horizontal window half way between wall and entrance is boarded up. The largest of the 3 continuous buildings is stucco with a simple stepped parapet extension at the center and ends. Windows are large plate glass with thin stucco sills; doors are front facing and inset under principal wall.

NONE OF THESE BUILDINGS HAVE ANY HISTORIC ELEMENTS.

| | | 8. Construct Estimated: _ 9. Architect | 1930-1954 |
|-----------------|---|--|--|
| | | 10. Builder: | |
| MEX-PESOS | | C & | property size (in feet): |
| FARMED AND ANCE | | INSURAN depth: | : <u>150'</u> 100' |
| | | | x. acreage: nclosed photo(s): <u>2/89</u> |
| | | | Roll 5 Frame #16,17 |
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| | 0 | | |

13. Condition: Excellent _____ Good _____ Fair __x Deteriorated _____ No longer in existence _____

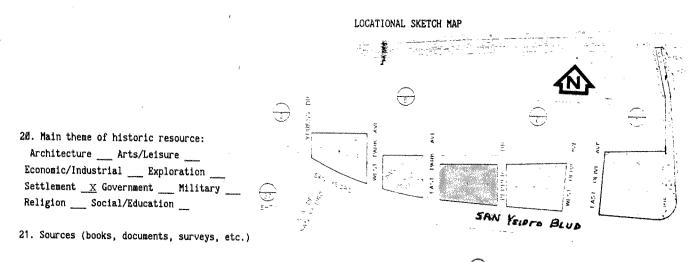
14. Alterations: window/door treatment

- 15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land _____ Scattered buildings ____ Densely built-up _____ Residential ____ Industrial ____ Commercial _x__ Other: ______
- 16. Threats to site: None known ____ Private Development ___ Zoning ___ Vandalism ____ Public Works Project ____ Other: ____
- 17. is the structure: On its original site?: _____ Moved? _____ Unknown ? _____
- 18. Related features: _

SIGNIFICANCE

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

see preceding significance overview



see attached references

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HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY

PHOTO CONTINUATION SHEET

65/73/83 SAN YSDIRO 666-08-31 COMMERCIAL BUILDINGS



CONTINUATION OF BUILDING

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| HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY | | | | |
| IDENTIFICATION | | | | |
| 1. Common name: <u>Biblioteca Publica</u> | (San Ysidro Li | ibrary) | ***** | |
| 2. Historic name: <u>San Ysidro Free I</u> | Public Library | 7 | | ana siya a shiki a saya sa fa ƙasar sa ƙasar sa |
| 3. Street/rural address: 101-105 Sa | an Ysidro Blvo | 1 | | |
| City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: <u>92073</u> | _ County: | San Dieg | <u>'0</u> | |
| 4. Parcel number: <u>666-08-03 Part of</u> | San Ysidro Pa | ırk | under ein welten die die die die die die ein die eine ein | 1977)) 1989)) () o alta alta da anta que income |
| 5. Present Owner: <u>City of San Diego</u> City: <u>San Diego</u> Zip: <u>92</u> 3 | Addre 101 County: | ess: 202 San Di | "C" Stree .ego | t |
| 6. Present Use:library | | | | |

- 7a. Architectural style: Spanish Eclectic
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

One story rectangularly shaped, flat roof library building. Symmetrical front facade with arched front focal windows on either side of a recessed, central entry. Plain in overall appearance. <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS</u>: WALL TREATMENT: stucco with sets of 3 tiles placed at corners at top of wall extension; small vertically shaped vents centered above each window. <u>ROOF</u>: flat with slightly parpated walls and gentle curve at centers; roof tile slopes from roof at either side of curved parapet; wall corners extend above roof line and are blocked and stucco capped (identical to chimney). <u>CHIMNEY</u>: exterior, side; stucco, blocked with thin stucco cap; no extending chimney vents or decorative emblishments. <u>WINDOWS</u>: 2 inset, front facing focal windows; semi-elliptical arches with stucco band surrounding trim; top half is small multi-light (19), bottom contains 4 vertical casement windows; side windows are smaller but contain some theme. <u>DOOR</u>: front facing, ressessed; semif-glazed with large single pane on top 2/3's; similar side lights. <u>PORCH</u>: centered entry porch with dropped medium pitch tiled roof; arched, stuccoed entry; low stucco wall has been added to fron to enclose entry way (originally entry was open with 3 front facing cement stairs to door).



| 3. | Construction | date: |
|----|---------------|----------------------|
| | Estimated: _ | 1924 |
|). | Architect: _ | unknown |
| ۶. | Builder: _ | |
| | Approx. prop | erty size (in feet): |
| | Frontage: | |
| | depth: | |
| | or approx. a | creage: |
| 2. | . Date of enc | losed photo(s): |
| | | |

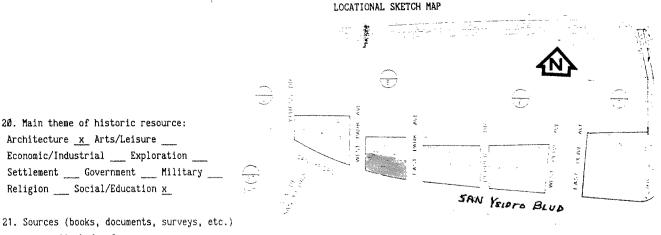
| 13. Condition: Excellent <u>x</u> Good <u>Fair</u> Deteriorated <u>No longer in existence</u> |
|---|
| 14. Alterations:modifications to entry; exterior wall treatment (see historic photos) |
| 15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land Scattered buildings Densely built-up Residential Industrial Commercial _x_ Other:park |
| 16. Threats to site: None known Private Development _x Zoning _x Vandalism Public Works Project Other: |
| 17. Is the structure: On its original site?: Moved? Unknown ? |
| 18. Related features: |

SIGNIFICANCE

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

From 1909 until 1924 as part of the original Little Landers settlement, a church and library had been housed in a building within the designated park area. In May of 1924, Frank Beyers, described as "a capitalist of San Ysidro and Tijuana, Mexico with a long list of benefactions in his community, offered to give \$8,000.00 for the construction of a permanent library branch (New Notes of California Libraries Vol 20:#1:28). Mr. Beyers owned considerable property in San Ysidro and the Gold Room Casino and Restaurant in Tijuana. In addition to owning a large dairy, Rancho Lechuza located west of the study area, Beyers built and owned a home on Hall, donated money for the construction of the community church, and quit claimed title to the civic center, located in the park. A major street in San Ysidro is currently named after this man. Local residents nicknamed him "Booze Beyers"; lore has him associated with both the glamorous and seamy side of 1920s gambling and bootlegging.

SEE CONTINUATION SHEET



Architecture <u>x</u> Arts/Leisure ____ Economic/Industrial ____ Exploration Settlement ____ Government ____ Military Religion ____ Social/Education x

21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.) see attached references

22. Date form prepared 5/89 Roth and Associates 2707 Congress Ave. Suite 2A San Diego, California 92110 (619) - 295 - 3111

HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY

SAN YSIDRO LIBRARY

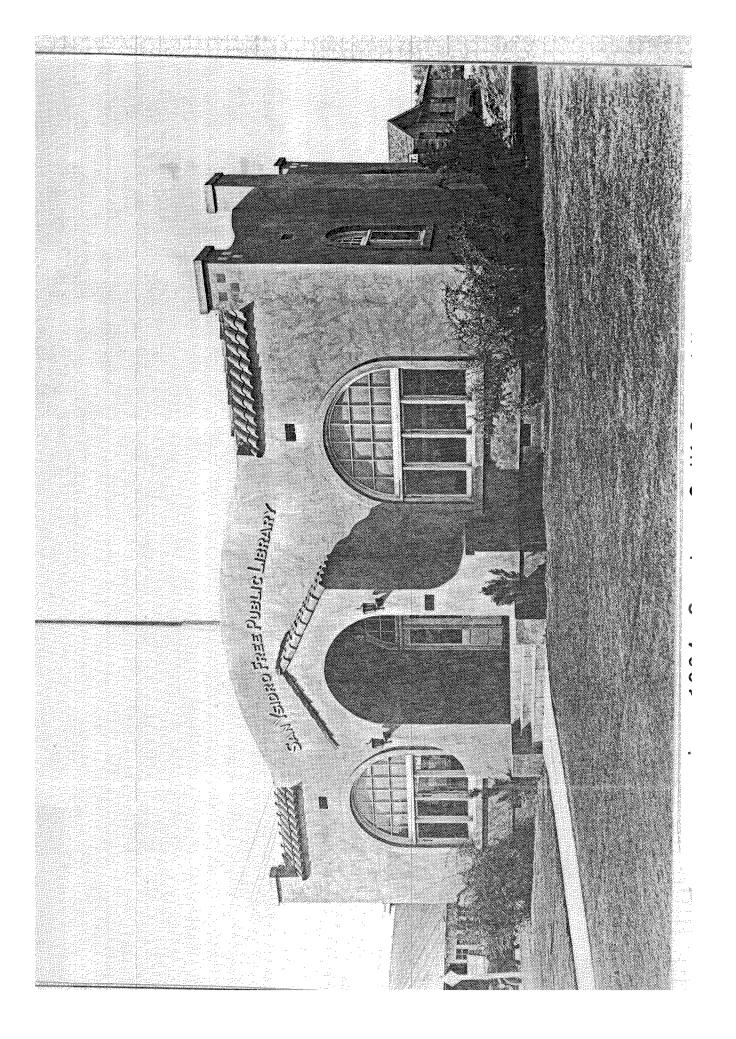
19. SIGNIFICANCE CONT.

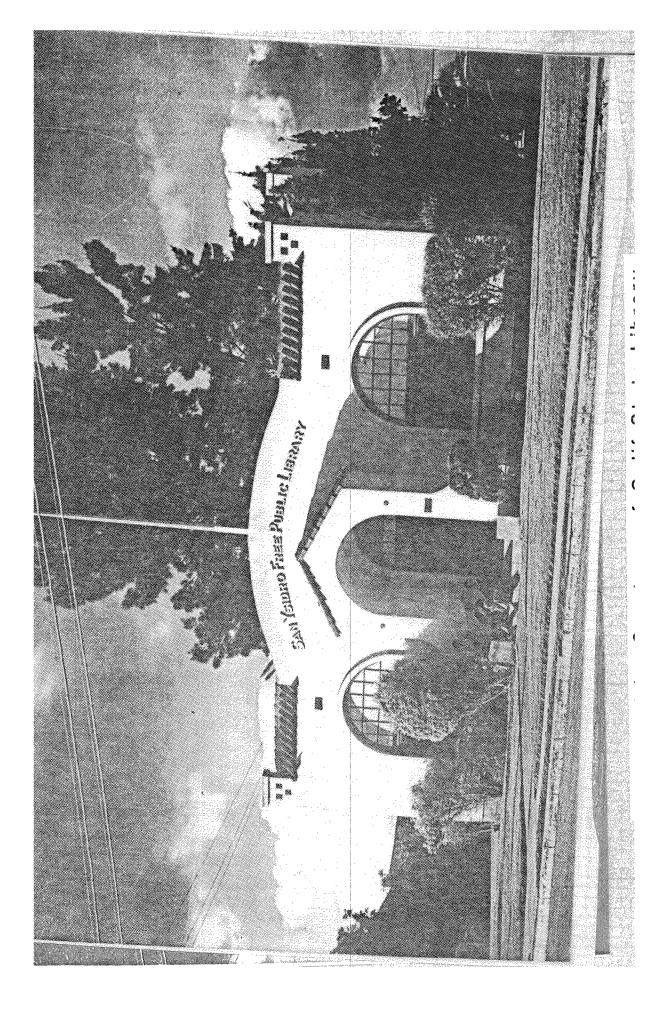
In making the offer to fund the construction of a library, Beyers stipulated that the building had to be located on the Boulevard, that it have a smoking room for men, that no gambling occurred inside its wall, and that his name would appear on the building (<u>NNOCL</u> Vol 19 #3:211). A library board headed by Mr. Goetz of the San Ysidro Irrigation District was formed with the idea that once completed, the building would be deeded over to the county. Mrs. Eleanor Hitt, County Librarian, wrote to Milton Ferguson, State Libraries, in May of 1924 requesting:" pictures and plans of some of the branch buildings costing \$7-8,000 . . . including furniture " (letter on file, County Library). (Note: The California State Library was contacted in an effort to locate the original plans for this building; only the three photographs included herein showing the completed building were found). The library was formally opened on October 16, 1924; the building had the unique distinction of being the first branch building owned by the county and the only library in the country to have a smoking room for men; Beyers insisting:"that most men wish to smoke while they read" (<u>NNOCL</u> Vol 19 #4:403). Though lengthy, the following passage describes the results of Beyer's "public spirited generosity":

. . . "On the evening of October 16, the new library at San Ysidro was formerly opened with a delightful reception given by the people of the community in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Beyers, the donor of the building. . .. The library which was erected and finished by Mr. and Mrs. Beyers at a cost of about \$12,000 has several unique features. Besides the usual library furniture are 8 or so large upholstered chairs and an attractive floor lamp. When these comfortable chairs are drawn up by the readers around the fireplace in the evenings the atmosphere is more like that of a home in which the custodian is hasten than like that of a public library. The gift of Mr. Beyer was wholly unsolicited and was most graciously bestowed. In addition to the building and furniture, Mr. Beyer bought over \$500 worth of books selected by the County Library to form a permanent reference collection for the library. He has also provided for the upkeep of the grounds for a long period of years The only requests made by Mr. Beyer in connection with his gift are that the library shall be open every evening except Sundays and holidays, that smoking shall be allowed in the room provided for that purpose, and that the Police Gazette be kept on the reading table" (New Notes of California Libraries Vol 20 #1 Jan 1925:28)

Final clarification of the title to the library building was achieved as a result of a title suit against the San Ysidro Irrigation District by the County of San Diego. The county's title to the building was finalized on May 22, 1957. In 1983, the library was closed for remodeling and expansion, including the addition of an atrium. However, the exterior of the original structure was only slightly altered (see attached 1924 and 1989 photographs).







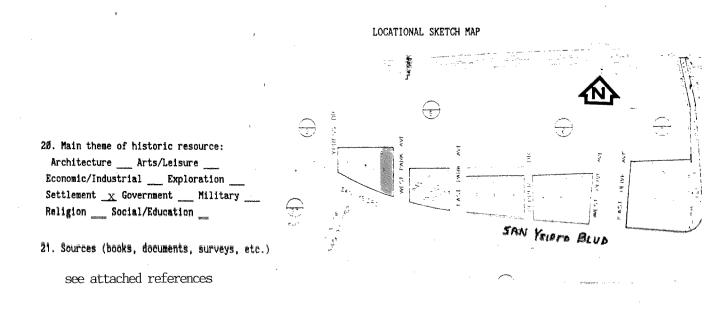
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| HIST | ORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY | | |
| | TIFICATION | | |
| 1 | . Common name: <u>SAN YSDIRO FEED AND S</u> | SUPPLY | n - yn affinit - a bywliaet og nife ganet fogenet fod genet fod genet an an sy met fod y fod genet an affinite |
| 2 | . Historic name: | | an na mana ana ana ana ana ana ana ana a |
| 3 | . Street/rural address: <u>109 San Ys</u> : City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: <u>92073</u> | dro Blvd County: <u>San Die</u> | go |
| 4 | . Parcel number: <u>666-08-02</u> Lot C | | |
| 5 | . Present Owner: Joseph/Virginia Cuen City: San Ysidro Zip: 920 | | 4 East Park Diego |
| 6 | . Present Use: commercial-feed store | original Use: | mmercial/barn? |
| | A. Architectural style: COMMERCIAL- CONVERTED BARN? Describe present physical description of site or structur original condition: Large rectangularly shaped, 1 1/2 story barn-like st: facing gable roof. Symmetrical front facade. <u>STRUCTU</u> stucco and wood frame. <u>ROOF</u> : composition sheeting; m <u>CHIMNEY</u> : none. <u>DOOR</u> : large truck size opening with s board trim. <u>WINDOWS</u> : none. Attached shed in front. SAN YSIDRO FEED & SUPPLY FEED & SUPPLY PARENTIAL STREET MILLING LO | ructure with a wide low pitch front RAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS: WALL TREAT oderate overhang; plain gableboard. | <pre>MENT: g (in feet): ((s): _ 2/89</pre> |
| | | (MODIFIED DPR 523 Rev. 4/7 | 9) |
| | 4 | | |

| 13. Condition: Excellent Good Fair _x Deteriorated No longer in existence | |
|---|---|
| 14. Alterations: | 1 |
| 15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land Scattered buildings Densely built-up Residential Industrial Commercial _x_ Other: | - |
| 16. Threats to site: None known Private Development _x Zoning _x Vandalism Public Works Project Other: | |
| 17. Is the structure: On its original site?: Moved? Unknown ? | |
| 18. Related features: | |

SIGNIFICANCE

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

see preceding significance overview

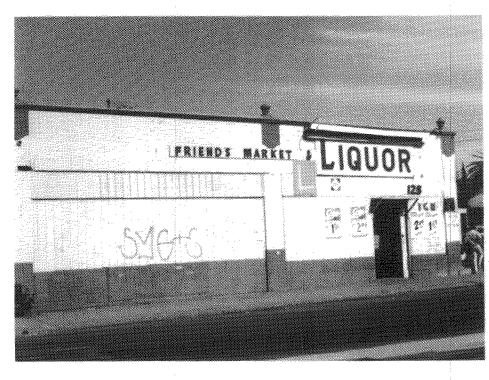


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| HISTORIC | RESOURCES INV | ENTORY | | | | |
| IDENTIFIC | ATION | | | | | |
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| 2. Hist | oric name: | 184141-011-011-01-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0- | nijan kan ministra yang kan pina pina kan manang kan pina kan kan kan kan kan kan kan kan kan k | ang ng kang sang sa kalang sa kalang sa kang sa | | |
| 3. Stre | et/rural address: | 125 San Ys: | idro Blvd | | | |
| | :San Ysidro | Contraction of the second s | | | ego | |
| 4. Parc | el number:6 | 566-03-23 Lot 1 | 05 | annin aisrig d-agu start agus an airte | an a | |
| 5. Pres | ent Owner: <u>Cesar</u> | /Richard Sota | Add | ress: 4365 | Mt. Helix | Highland |
| | : <u>La Mesa</u> | | | | | |
| 6. Pres | ent Use: | Market/Liquor | 0riginal | Use: | - Na waa ka k | |
| DECODEDETAN | | | | | | |

- 7a. Architectural style: COMMERCIAL/ONE STORY
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

One story rectangular shaped building now used for commercial purposes. Appears to have been a garage. Structural details include flat roof, stucco over brick siding, wide garage entry, front windows and garage entry now boarded up with flush siding. Building has molded "Moorish" design knob-like elements spaced along roof with corresponding shield on wall face below each design elements.



8. Construction date:

Estimated: <u>1930-1954</u> 9. Architect: _____

10. Builder:

12. Date of enclosed photo: <u>2/89</u> b/w photo Roll 5 Frame #12

| 4. | Alterations: |
|----|--|
| 5. | Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land Scattered buildings Densely built-up Residential Industrial Commercial _x Other: |
| 6. | Threats to site: None known Private Developmentx Zoningx Vandalism Public Works Project Other: |
| 7. | Is the structure: On its original site?: Moved? Unknown ? |
| 9 | Related features: |

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

see preceding significance overview

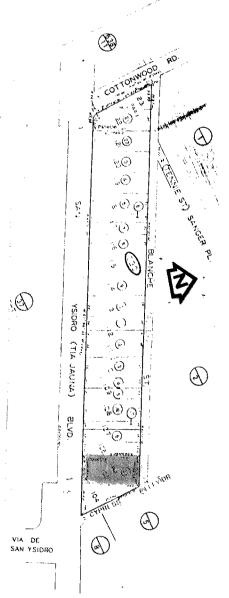
LOCATIONAL SKETCH MAP

20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture _____Arts/Leisure _____ Economic/Industrial _____Exploration _____ Settlement _____Government _____Military _____ Religion _____Social/Education _____

21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.)

see attached references

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| | HABS HAER | NR SHL LOC |
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| HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY | | |
| IDENTIFICATION 1. Common name: <u>BEST MONEY EXCHANO</u> | GE/ LEES PRINTING/ GR | ADY'S KEYS |
| 2. Historic name: | | |
| 3. Street/rural address: 128- City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: 92 | | |
| 4. Parcel number: <u>666-037-32</u> I | Lot A31 | |
| 5. Present Owner: <u>Richard Palaci</u> City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: _ | os Address 92073 County: | : <u>128 San Ysidro Blvd</u> San Diego |
| 6. Present Use: commercial | Original Use | : <u>commercial</u> |

- 7a. Architectural style: COMMERCIAL w/ FLAT ROOF; BRICK BUILDING
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

Long rectangularly shaped one story painted brick building; asymmetrical front facade. Design elements include: flat roof (no parapets or coping), 5 brick pilasters with plain caps along front (serving as corner blocks and store divisions), glazed tile skirting along front facade, inset windows (plate glass covered with security bars) and partially glazed entry door.

2nd story has been added over the center half of the building.



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|-------------|--|
| - T | 8. Construction date: |
| Ja | Estimated: <u>1930-1954</u> |
| | 9. Architect: |
| | |
| | 10. Builder: |
| | |
| | 11. Approx. property size (in feet): |
| | Frontage: <u>100'</u> |
| 1 N | depth:200' |
| | or approx. acreage: |
| | Date of enclosed photo(s): <u>2/89</u> |
| 60 1 | b∕w photo Roll 5 Frame #19, 2Ø |
| | |
| | |
| | (MODIFIED DPR 523 Rev. 4/79) |
| | |

| 13. | . Condition: Excellent Good Fair _x Deteriorated No longer in existence |
|-----|---|
| 14. | Alterations:2nd floor addition; window replacements |
| 15. | Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land Scattered buildings Densely built-up Residential Industrial Gummercial Bther: |
| 16. | Threats to site: None known Private Developmentx Zoningx Vandalism Public Works Project Other: |
| 17. | Is the structure: On its original site?: Moved? Unknown ? |
| 18. | Related features: |

SIGNIFICANCE

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

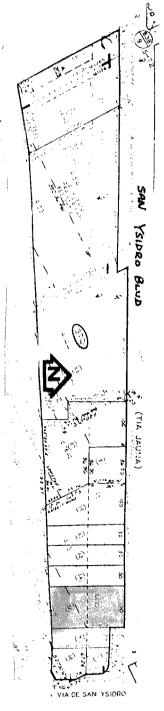
see preceding significance overview

LOCATIONAL SKETCH MAP

20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture _____Arts/Leisure _____ Economic/Industrial _____Exploration _____ Settlement _____ Government _____ Military _____ Religion _____ Social/Education _____

21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.) see attached references

22. Date form prepared <u>3/89</u> Roth and Associates 2707 Congress Ave. Suite 2A San Diego, California 92110 (619)-295-3111



HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY

PHOTO CONTINUATION SHEET

128-134 SAN YSIDRO

666-037-32 10T A31 COMMERCIAL



CONTINUATION OF BUILDING

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| HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY | | | | |
| IDENTIFICATION | | | | |
| 1. Common name: SAN YSIDRO HOTH | IL . | | | |
| 2. Historic name:SAN YSIDRO HOTH | L | | | |
| 3. Street/rural address: 133 San Ys | idro | | | |
| City: San Ysidro Zip: 92073 | | San Dieg | 0 | alalan yundu dan di kingka yaya ngapatangi |
| 4. Parcel number: 666-03-1 | | | organi britan kator da na kator ya mana kator ya kator 2 - ana kator ya kator ya kator ya kator ya kator ya kator | |
| 5. Present Owner: <u>Silvian/Maria Valde</u> City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: <u>C</u> | | | | |
| 6. Present Use: <u>San Ysidro Hotel</u> | Original Use | : private | home (p | <u>re 1909)</u> |

- 7a. Architectural style: FOLK VERNACULAR
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

Two story rectangularly shaped structure with medium pitch side gable roof and a dropped single story flat roof over centered partial porch. Symmetrical front facade. <u>STRUCTURAL AND</u> <u>DESIGN ELEMENTS</u>: <u>WALL TREATMENT</u>: vertical board siding. <u>ROOF</u>: composition shingles; plain eaves fascia and gableboard; slight overhang (roof collapsing). <u>CHIMNEY</u>: 2, one on each side (interior) brick with brick cap. <u>WINDOWS</u>: all front windows are narrow, vertical; 2nd story- 2 sets of double hung multi paned at each side; center is single double hung; plain board surround (added). 1st floor: set of double hung multi-glazed on each side of door (directly below 2nd story windows), plain board surround with narrow classical molded lintel (added). Rear windows same- some boarded up. <u>DOOR</u>: front center. <u>PORCH</u>: front, centered, partial porch with flat roof; 2 simple stick supports resting on wood porch (enclosure to ground level added); picket fence railing system; side entrance steps to porch (added). THIS IS THE OLDEST STRUCTURE IN THE SAN YSIDRO STUDY AREA; PRE-DATES 1909 LITTLE LANDERS SETTLEMENT



- 8. Construction date:
- Estimated: pre 1909
- 9. Architect:
- 10. Builder:
- 11. Approx. property size (in feet):
 Frontage: 85'
 depth: 140'
 or approx. acreage: _____
- 12. Date of enclosed photo(s): _____2/89
 b/w photo Roll 5 Frame #12,13

| 13. Condition: Excellent Good Fair Deteriorated _x No longer in existence |
|--|
| 14. Alterations:window treatments; porch alterations; full width 1 story shed roof addition in rear |
| 15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land Scattered buildings Densely built-up Residential Industrial Commercial _x Other: |
| 16. Threats to site: None known Private Developmentx Zoningx Vandalism Public Works Project Other: |
| 17. Is the structure: On its original site?: Moved? Unknown ? |
| 18. Related features: |

SIGNIFICANCE

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

This two story building, currently used as a residence hotel for men, is the oldest extant structure in San Ysidro, and as such, is perhaps the most significant building within the study area.

From 1909 to the present the building has served as a hotel; housing at first prospective settlers of the Little Landers community and the growing tourist market. Prior to 1909, it was the private home of the George Belcher family; owners of the property from 1901-1909 (Deed Book 463:1). Between 1874 and 1901 this area was owned by L. Judkins (1901), Stern/Bowman (1888), J. Quinn (1887), W.B. Spence (1882), Dranga (1882) and J. Platt (1874) (Deed Books 1874-1905).

Although no mention of an existing structure is mentioned on any of the earlier deeds and no buildings are shown on early maps, there exists the possibility that the house predates the 1901 Belcher purchase of the acreage. The building may have originally been associated with the 1888 settlement

SEE CONTINUATION SHEET

LOCATIONAL SKETCH MAP

20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture <u>x</u> Arts/Leisure ______ Economic/Industrial <u>x</u> Exploration ______ Settlement <u>x</u> Government ______ Religion ______ Social/Education ______

21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.)

see attached references

22. Date form prepared <u>5/89</u> Roth and Associates 2707 Congress Ave. Suite 2A San Diego, California 92110 (619)-295-3111

133 SAN YSIDRO BLVD SAN YSIDRO HOTEL

19. SIGNIFICANCE CONT.

of Tia Juana, a community of at least 21 buildings promoted by the real estate firm of Hart and Stern. Although the town of Tia Juana, destroyed in the flood of 1891, was located further south than the Little Landers Subdivision, local homesteads are noted as occurring along the railroad line that passed directly in front of this building. A recent article the <u>L.A. Times</u> (November 12, 1987) suggests that the hotel is possibly a pre-fab and a twin of the Heath-Davis House in San Diego (documentation was not located to verify this statement).

By 1907, there was a concentrated effort to bring people to southern California, resulting in thousands of tourists and colonists taking advantage of low fares into the area (<u>Sun</u> November 1907). The promoters of the Little Landers Colony #1 selected the Belcher farmstead as the site of their development. An "ideal location had been selected at the site of the old Belcher Ranch in Tia Juana River Valley where fertile soil was combined with ample sources of water and proximity to the city" (Lee 1975:31). At the time only two families were living on the tract. "The old ranch adobe was converted to headquarters and the Belcher homestead became the San Ysidro Inn. Five floored tents were erected to serve as dormitories while homes were built" (<u>San Diego Union</u> June 18, 1909)(see attached historic photograph). During the early teens, J. Thomas and M. Dalley served as the hotel keepers for the Little Landers Corporation. By the 1920s, C.A.Schultz had taken over the hotel (San Diego Directory).

Like other reformers of the era, the Little Landers founders sought to meld what was perceived as the best qualities of town and country into their new community. The Belcher home was a typical rural vernacular building. "The traditional American farmhouse represents plenty, simplicity, virtue, and beauty; qualities some reformers suddenly found lacking in the homes of urban dwellers" (Gowan 1987:31). Converting the home into an inn did not alter this visual effect. To the prospective colonist arriving by train, the building maintained its rural character, reflecting a traditional value system, the re-establishment of pre-industrial values.

> "Pioneer and farm families had long built symmetrical, white painted houses as soon as circumstances permitted. Such houses announced the triumph of humanity over forest and prairie wilderness . . . The attachment to such stand-out buildings survived long after the pioneers. . . ." (Stigoe 1988:196).

Pictorial evidence of the structure suggests that although the exterior is deteriorated and in need of immediate care, the facade of the Hotel has changed little since 1909. The only known historic photograph shows the building alone, facing the railroad tracks. The structure represents San Ysidro's rural past; over time, infilling as occurred has the commercial strip of San Ysidro Blvd developed in response to the growing population of the town. Immediate stabilization or restoration of this structure is highly recommended.

PHOTO CONTINUATION SHEET

133 SAN YSIDRO

666-03-18 LOT 106/107 FOLK VERNACULAR



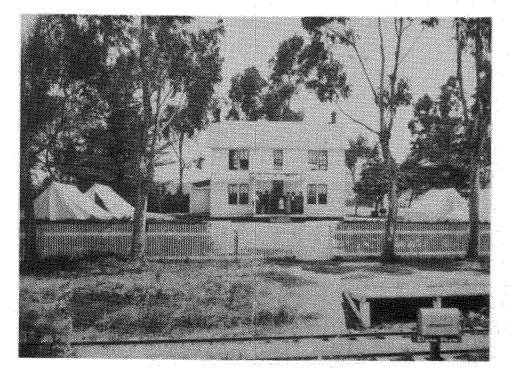
FRONT VIEW



PHOTO CONTINUATION SHEET

133 SAN YSIDRO

666-03-18 LOT 106/107 FOLK VERNACULAR



HISTORIC PHOTO; NOTE ALTERATIONS IN MODERN PHOTO

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| HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY | | | | | | |
| IDENTIFICATION | | | | ^ | | |
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| 2. Historic name: | | | an de la constant de la se de la constant de la con | an an a sha a s A sha a s | and a second | المَوْتَ الْمَوْتَ الْمَوْتَ الْمَوْتَ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ مَنْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ مَنْ الل المَوْتَ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ م |
| 3. Street/rural address:138 S | San Ysi | dro Bl | vd | | | |
| City: San Ysidro Zip: 92 | 073 | Count | y: | San Die | go | Name and the state of the state |
| 4. Parcel number:666-370-4 | | | | | 99 | ann a sharan a sharan a sharan a sharan a sharan a sharan a |
| 5. Present Owner: <u>George Ellis</u> City: <u>Bonita</u> Zip: _ | 9200 | 2 60 | Addres | s: <u>2955</u> | Plaza Le | onardo |
| 6. Present Use: commercial | | | | | | |

- 7a. Architectural style: COMMERCIAL w/ SIMPLE SPANISH ECLECTIC ELEMENTS
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

One and a-half story commercial building with flat roof and tile coping along roof. Entry door set slightly to the left giving the building an asymmetrical front facade. <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS</u>: WALL TREATMENT: stucco; corner and central block pilaster; relief with no caps extends several inches above roof line center block extends from roof to 1st story ceiling line. <u>ROOF</u>: can not see covering; tile copping along front of the building. <u>CHIMNEY</u>: none. <u>WINDOWS</u>: set of 5 rectangularly fixed, inset windows above 1st floor covered with security bars; no surrounding trim; front 1st floor windows at side edge and inset under principal wall; large plate glass covered with security bars. <u>DOOR</u>: double hung multi-paned off set to left of center.



8. Construction date:

Estimated: <u>1930-1954</u>

9. Architect:

1Ø. Builder:

- 12. Date of enclosed photo(s): 2/89 b/w photo Roll 5 Frame #21

| Condition: Excellent Good | Fair x Deteriorated | No longer in existence |
|---|---------------------|------------------------|
|---|---------------------|------------------------|

14. Alterations: ______vindow/door_treatment; wall treatment

- 15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land _____ Scattered buildings ____ Densely built-up _____ Residential ____ Industrial _____ Commercial _____ Other: ______
- 16. Threats to site: None known ____ Private Development ____ Zoning ___ Vandalism _____ Public Works Project ____ Other: _____
- 17. Is the structure: On its original site?: ____x Moved? _____ Unknown ? _____

18. Related features: ____

SIGNIFICANCE

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

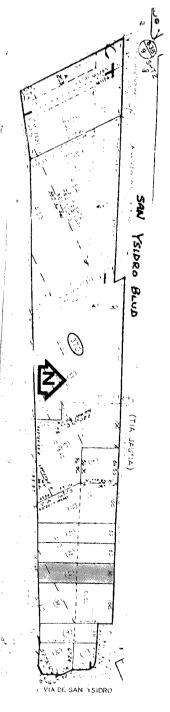
see preceding significance overview

LOCATIONAL SKETCH MAP

20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture _____Arts/Leisure _____ Economic/Industrial ____ Exploration _____ Settlement _____ Government _____ Military _____ Religion ____ Social/Education _____

21 Sources (houks, documents, surveys, sto.)

see attached references



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| | IDENTIFICATION | | | | | | | | |
| 1. | Common name:JULIANS | | | - | | | | | |
| 2. | Historic name: | u | | | an a chuire bhire bhire bhire an chuire bhire | nonimetrika na mangara ana sing kang kang kang kang kang kang kang ka | | | |
| з. | Street/rural address:140 | San Ysidro | | | | | | | |
| | City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: <u>92</u> | <u>073</u> Coun | ty:§ | San Diego | 0 | | | | |
| 4. | Parcel number:666-03- | 15 Lot 10 | 9 | an fa | | 10-11-14-1- 1 | | | |
| 5. | Present Owner: <u>Silvano/Maria Va</u> | | | | | | | | |
| | City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: | <u>92073</u> C | ounty: | San Die | ego | | | | |
| 6. | Present Use: commercial "Juli: | an's"_Ori | ginal Use: | Mandado da Balance de palación de la defensión y construir y con | | | | | |

- 7a. Architectural style: COMMERCIAL, SPANISH ECLECTIC
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

Simple two story rectangularly shaped stucco building (short side, street facing) with flat roof. <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS</u>: <u>WALL TREATMENT</u>: stucco; several circular vents below roof line; small centered front facing drain surrounded by small stucco arch; 2 sets of 3 molded arrow shaped elements on front wall immediately below coping. <u>ROOF</u>: flat with angled tile coping along roofline. <u>CHIMNEY</u>: none. <u>WINDOWS</u>: 2nd floor- front facing 2 sets; to left is a rectangular fixed window with 2 thin vertical slider side lights. Windows to right are 2 vertical sliders. 1st floor street frontage- inset, large plate glass, subtle stucco relief frames square store front openings (possible long narrow expanse of windows between floors- now boarded up). <u>DOORS</u>: inset under front wall. <u>PORCHES</u>: none.



| 8. 1 | Constructio | n date: | |
|------|-------------|---|--|
| Es | timated: | 930-1954 | |
| 9. | Architect: | an ser an | |
| 1Ø. | Builder: | | |

| 11. | Approx. pr | operty | size | (in | feet): |
|-----|------------|--------|------|-----|--------|
| | Frontage: | 25' | - | | |
| | depth: | 140' | l | | |
| | or approx. | acreas | e: | | |

| 12. | Date | of e | nclose | ed | photo | (s): | 2/89 |
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| | b/w | photo | Roll | 5 | Frame | #10, | . 11 |

| 13. Condition: Excellent Good Fair _x Deteriorated No longer in existence | |
|---|--|
| 14. Alterations: | |
| 15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land Scattered buildings Densely built-up Residential Industrial Commercialx_ Other: | |
| 16. Threats to site: None known Private Development _x Zoning _x Vandalism Public Works Project Other: | |
| 17. Is the structure: On its original site?: Moved? Unknown ? | |
| 18. Related features: | |

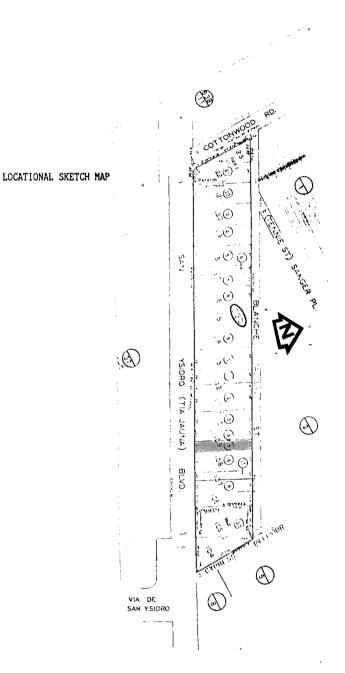
19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

see preceding significance overview

20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture _____Arts/Leisure _____ Economic/Industrial _____Exploration _____ Settlement X____Government _____Military _____ Religion _____Social/Education _____

21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.)

see attached references



| | | HABS | HAER | _ NR | SHL | _ LOC |
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| | FICATION Common name: | | | | | and for your front and a first suggestion was and because |
| 2. 1 | Historic name: | | | | | |
| 3. 9 | Street/rural address: | Rear of 143 San | | 1994 - 1994 - 1994 - 1994 - 1995 - 1995 - 1995 - 1995 - 1995 - 1995 - 1995 - 1995 - 1995 - 1995 - 1995 - 1995 - | | |
| 4.] | Parcel number:666- | 03-14 Lot 109 | n a na an | | 1111 H 111 H 111 H 111 H 11 H 11 H 11 | 1997) - 1997) - 1997) - 1997) - 1 9 |
| | Present Owner: <u>Silvano/</u> City: <u>San Ysidro</u> | | Address County: | | verson | |
| 6.] | Present Use: <u>residenc</u> | <u>e (</u> | Driginal Use | : resi | dence | n (1). Manual and an an an an |
| 76. 0 | escribe present physical description original condition: (ENTRANCE to house is immediately building is visible; pre-dates dev One story rectangularly shaped hou full width shed roof addition to i <u>ELEMENTS: WALL TREATMENT</u> : combinat shingles; slight overhang; plain g pane; plain board surrounding, cov | to the right of Juan Fel velopment of commercial s use with medium pitch from the rear. Front facade no tion vertical and horizon gableboard. <u>CHIMNEY</u> : none | ix Cafe; only the trip along San Ysd nt facing gable ro t visible. <u>STRUCTU</u> tal flush boards. . <u>WINDOWS</u> : double | rear of this liro). Dof and dropped IRAL AND DESIGN ROOF: composit hung, single | ion | |
| · · · | | | | | | |
| | | | Frontage: depth: or approx. 12. Date of end | 140' acreage: losed photo(s) coll 7 Frame #39 | : 2/89 | |

| 13. Condition: Excellent Good Fair Deterioratedx No longer in existence |
|---|
| 14. Alterations: |
| 15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land Scattered buildings Densely built-up Residential Industrial Commercial _x_ Other: |
| 16. Threats to site: None known Private Development _x_Zoning _x_Vandalism Public Works Project Other: |
| 17. Is the structure: On its original site?: Moved? Unknown ? |
| 18. Related features: |

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

The original parcel (Lot 109, see attached Little Landers Map) was purchased by H.W. Hamilton in 1909. Because this particular house is set back off of San Ysidro Blvd, it pre-dates the commercial development that occurred between 1920-1928; the style of this house is very similar to the San Ysidro Hotel, implying that it could have been built at the same time. However, research suggests it is most likely one of several extant vernacular structures built during the early years of the Little Landers Colony. Hamilton moved from Hemet in 1909 and opened up a small store and watch repair near the <u>old hotel</u>. In 1911 the City Directories list him as a shoe repairman and the postmaster; in 1925 Ruth Hamilton is listed as postmaster.

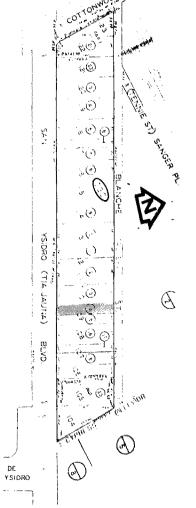
In terms of historic significance, this house is most probably associated with the Little Landers. However, extensive archival research coupled with interviews failed to document the actual date of construction, biographical data of the Hamiltons or any additional local lore associated with this building.

LOCATIONAL SKETCH MAP

20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture _____Arts/Leisure _____ Economic/Industrial ____ Exploration _____ Settlement _x___Government _____Military _____ Religion _____Social/Education _____

21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.)

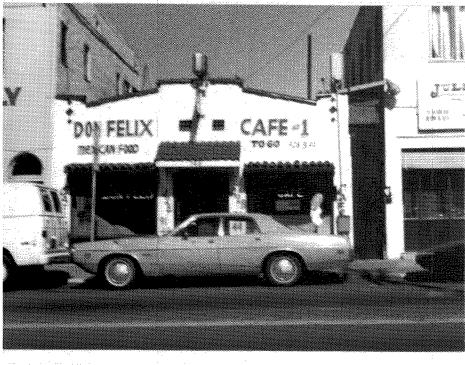
see attached references and general discussion dealing with historic determination of individual houses in the study area



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| HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY | | | | | | | | | |
| IDENTIFICATION | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. Common name: DON FELIX CA | FE | | | **** | | | | | |
| 2. Historic name: | 2017261663-201-41-17-27-261-41-47-47-493-2649 | | Manuan and an | | | , | | | |
| 3. Street/rural address:1 | 43 San | Ysidro | Blvd | - 1944 - Franklinder - Hallmarker and Antonia Marine | | -to-yora toosaa ayaa ayaa ahaa ahaa ayaa | | | |
| City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: <u></u> | 92073 | Coun | ty: | San Diego | 0 | **** | | | |
| 4. Parcel number:666-03-14 Lot 109 | | | | | | | | | |
| 5. Present Owner: <u>Silviano/Maria</u> | Valdez | 70 0 | Address | 136 Al | verson | aležna na platatovi sporovano s <u>me dovi na ko</u> p | | | |
| City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: | 920 | <u>73</u> 00 | ounty: | San Die | ego | | | | |
| 6. Present Use: <u>Don Felix Cafe</u> | #1 | Ori | ginal Use | | an Marine and State of State | and for a magnetic strategy of | | | |

- 7a. Architectural style: SPANISH ECLECTIC/ RESTAURANT
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

Single story rectangular shaped commercial building with a flat roof having a slight angular parapet stepped and tile coping. <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS</u>: <u>WALL TREATMENT</u>: stucco; 3 diamond tiles placed vertically at either corner; 2 sets of 6 small circular drains boxed at center front. <u>ROOF</u>: flat roof (can not see covering); stucco and tile bracketed shed roof over entry. <u>CHIMNEY</u>: none. <u>WINDOWS</u>: 2 front inset fixed windows; tiled hoods over windows. <u>DOOR</u>:centered, glazed, front facing. <u>PORCH</u>: none.



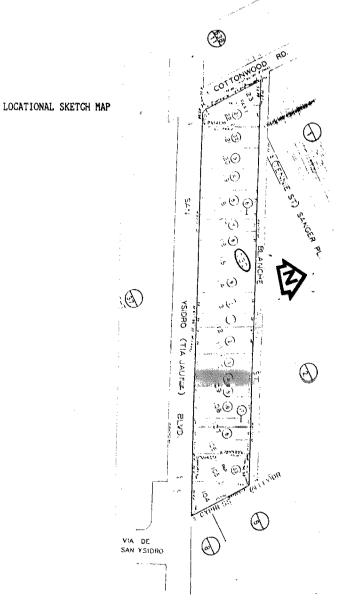
| 8. Construction date: |
|--------------------------------------|
| Estimated: 1930-1954 |
| 9. Architect: |
| 10. Builder: |
| 11. Approx. property size (in feet): |
| Frontage: <u>25'</u> |
| depth:140' |

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|---|------|------|-------|-------|--------------|--------|--------|------|
| | 12. | Date | e of | encl | lose | d phoi | to(s): | 2/89 |
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| | (MOI | DIFI | ED DE | R 52 | 23 R | ev. 4. | /791 | |

| 13. | Condition: Excellent Good Fairx Deteriorated No longer in existence |
|-----|---|
| 14. | Alterations: |
| 15. | Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land Scattered buildings Densely built-up Residential Industrial Commercial _x_ Other: |
| 16. | Threats to site: None known Private Development _xZoning _xVandalism Public Works Project Other: |
| 17. | Is the structure: On its original site?: Moved? Unknown ? |
| 18 | Dulutud funtime. |

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

see preceding significance overview



20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture _____Arts/Leisure _____ Economic/Industrial _____Exploration _____ Settlement __X___Government _____Military _____ Religion _____Social/Education _____

21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.)

see attached references

| HABS | B HAER NR SHL LOC |
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| UTM: | B |
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| HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY | |
| IDENTIFICATION 1. Common name:FERRETERIA INTERNATION | JAL HARDWARE SUPPLY |
| 2. Historic name: <u>SAN YSIDRO COMMERCIA</u> | AL COMPANY |
| 3. Street/rural address: <u>145-147-149</u> City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: <u>92073</u> | San Ysidro Blvd County: San Diego |
| 4. Parcel number: 666-03-13 Lo | ot 110 |
| 5. Present Owner: <u>Carmen/Vizcarra Moral</u> City: <u>Tijuanna</u> Zip: | es Address: <u>Calle Santa Maria</u> County: <u>Baja California</u> |

6. Present Use: commercial/hardware store Original Use: general merchandise store

DESCRIPTION

- 7a. Architectural style: COMMERCIAL/SPANISH ECLECTIC
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

Two story rectangular stucco commercial building with molded coping and tile along flat roof line and 3- 1 story flattened arches along front. Symmetrical front facade. <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN</u> <u>ELEMENTS</u>: <u>WALL TREATMENT</u>: combination stucco over brick and plain brick side wall. <u>ROOF</u>: flat roof line (can not see covering); tile coping along front; drains along either side of building. <u>CHIMNEY</u>: none. <u>WINDOWS</u>: original second story- inset multi-paned casement windows have been replaced with metal sliders, louvers and fixed windows. <u>DOOR</u>: 1st floor consists of partially glazed doors with fan lights at each end of building and 3 arched areas evenly spaced between the doors; top of arches have fixed multi-light panes; plate glass below. Main entry door inset front facing under front wall; glazed. <u>PORCH</u>: none.



| 8. Construction date: |
|--------------------------------------|
| Estimated: <u>1927</u> |
| 9. Architect: Louis Gill |
| 10. Builder: |
| 11. Approx. property size (in feet): |
| Frontage: <u>50'</u> |
| depth: 140' |
| or approx. acreage: |

12. Date of enclosed photo(s): 2/89 b/w photo Roll 5 Frame #8, 9

| 13. Condition: Excellent Good Fair _x Deteriorated No longer in existence |
|---|
| 14. Alterations: _window treatment (see historic photo); wall treatment- stucco over brick |
| 15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land Scattered buildings Densely built-up Residential Industrial Commercial _x_ Other: |
| 16. Threats to site: None known Private Development _x_Zoning _x_Vandalism Public Works Project Other: |
| 17. Is the structure: On its original site?: Moved? Unknown ? |
| 18. Related features: |

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

Historically known as the San Ysidro Commercial Company (see attached historic photograph), this two story Spanish Eclectic structure was designed in 1927 by Louis Gill, the nephew of Irving Gill. Gill, born in New York in 1895, graduated from the Architectural University of Syracuse in 1911. Between the years 1911-1914 he worked as a draftsman and later (1914-1919) became a partner with his uncle, Irving Gill (McCambridge 1973: n.p.). Between 1920 to the late 1930s, Gill drew plans for numerous churches, hospitals, commercial buildings, apartments and parking garages in the San Diego area. Gill was also associated with other San Diego architects in major public building construction, including the County Administration Building. After 1945, he became active in civic activities in San Diego and in the AIA (Gebbard 1983: n.p.).

> SEE CONTINUATION SHEET OUDISA NYS DO VIA LOCATIONAL SKETCH MAP BUVD (A) B 14,72,46 (TE (ی) **YS:DRO** () e^{2i} (\mathfrak{G}) 2 (.) " $(\mathbf{G})^{\prime}$ $(\bullet)_{e^{i}}$ (G)ri

20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture <u>x</u> Arts/Leisure Economic/Industrial <u>x</u> Exploration Settlement <u>Government</u> Military Religion Social/Education

21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.)

See attached references.

145-147-149 SAN YSIDRO BLVD FERRETERIA INTERNATIONAL HARDWARE SUPPLY

19. SIGNIFICANCE CONT.

Gill had extensive knowledge of traditional Mexican architecture. He was also an early advocate of the Aikon Lift Method, whereby walls with windows and doors in place were lifted up with the super structure. This was a quick and cheap form of construction (McCambridge 1973:n.p.).

Gill also designed the Congregational Church on Hall in 1924 for the community of San Ysidro. In 1927, he designed this structure, planned as an apartment building and store for Mr. R. W. Smith (see attached historic plans; Architectural Drawing Collections, U.C.S.B.).

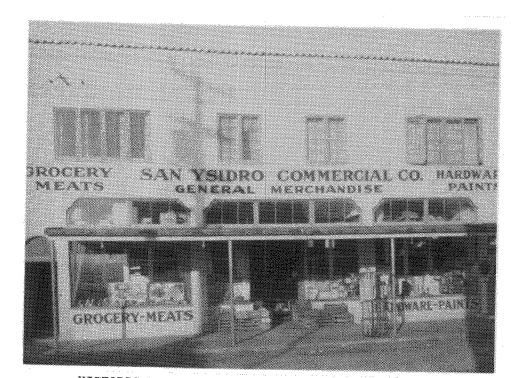
Following World War I, both the homestead ideal and back-to-the-land movements that had swept the U.S. had been replaced in the American psyche. The shortage of American labor from World War I and the flu epidemic impacted the nation as a whole. San Ysidro, as a border town saw a steady increase of immigration populations arriving to fill the void. In addition many laborers and entertainers who worked in Tijuana in the casinos and race tracks lived in San Ysidro, crossing the border daily to and from work. An urban-industrial transformation was sweeping the nation, reaching well into the suburbs and outlying communities. San Ysidro was no exception. It was in the early 1920s that San Ysidro definately began to loose its agricultural character. An engineer's survey of 1922 noted work would be done to provide fire protection for what had become largely a residential community (Lee 1975:47). In 1923 "there was built or under construction in the town more than 100 dwelling houses, indicating a growth in population of at least 500" (San Ysidro Irrigation District 212:6 #2) During this decade of growth, community focus gradually changed to cater to the tourists and commercial needs of an expanding population. The economy of the area expanded and diversified.

In addition to its importance as a Gill designed structure (one of two remaining in San Ysidro), the Commercial Company, located in what by 1927 was becoming the tightly grouped commercial core of San Ysidro, symbolizes the expanding economic needs of the community. Restoration of this structure to its 1927 form is highly recommended.

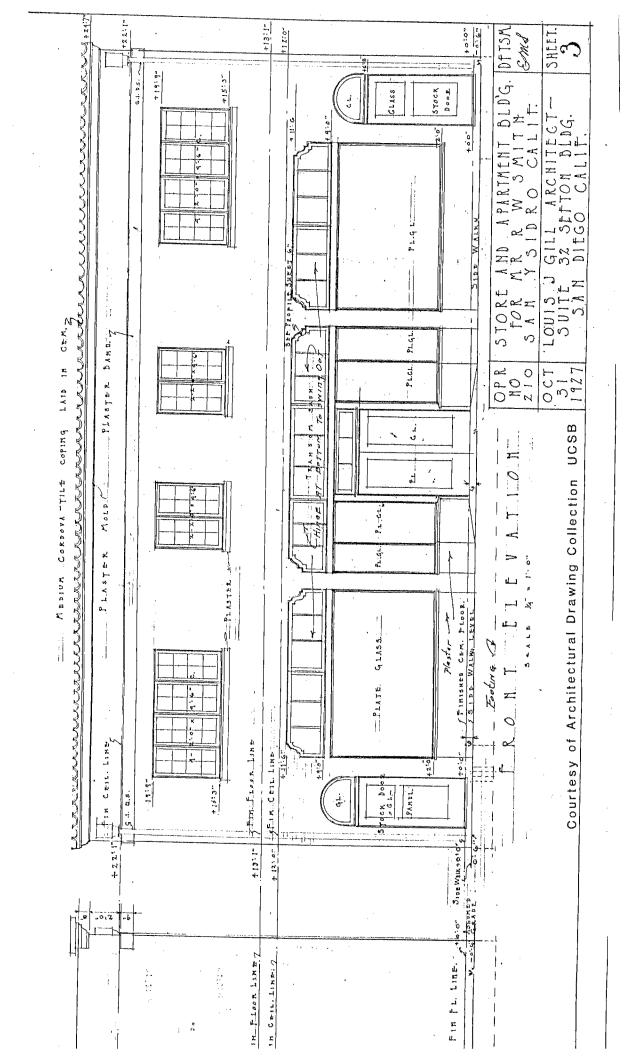
PHOTO CONTINUATION SHEET

147-149 SAN YSIDRO

666-03-13 LOT 110 COMMERCIAL SPANISH ECLECTIC



HISTORIC PHOTO- NOTE ALTERATIONS IN MODERN PHOTO



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| HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY | | | | |
| IDENTIFICATION | | | | |
| 1. Common name: LA NOLA HOTEL | esendennen følj verelekerjonandreterderlange men | átan ménya magana makénanika di Karakan ana na kalan kananin di | an ya in sai an pinya ya nga manang an mangang an mangang an | |
| 2. Historic name: | | | | |
| 3. Street/rural address: <u>148 San M</u> City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: <u>92073</u> | | | | |
| 4. Parcel number:666-370-38 I | Lot A31 | | | ann an |
| 5. Present Owner: <u>Guy Zug</u> City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: 9 | <u>)2073</u> (| Address: County: | 148 San San Dieg | Ysidro Blvd |
| 6. Present Use: <u>commercial</u> DESCRIPTION 7a. Architectural style: COMMERCIAL- SPANISH ECLECTIC W | | ginal Use: | hotel | |

- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from
 - original condition:

Large two story rectangularly shaped building, flat roof, originally used as a hotel; currently used as shops and apartments. Front facade has been entirely redone with a Spanish motif. Symmetrical front facade. <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS</u>: <u>WALL TREATMENT</u>: stucco front, narrow irregular length channel siding along sides; large stucco corner blocks with slight angular relief extend slightly beyond roof line; concrete block skirt along bottom 2 1/2' of front. <u>ROOF</u>: flat, can not see covering; no eaves; front facade roof line slants in toward roof top (shed-like appearance), tile covered. Side roofline flat with plain board along top. <u>CHIMNEY</u>: side, stucco. <u>WINDOWS</u>: 2nd story front- double hung on either side of balcony, 12 lights on top/ single pane below; inset with narrow board surround; iron grill work railing. 1st floor front- large horizontal plate glass with extremely wide stucco lintel. Side windows- irregularly spaced, all appear to have been replaced. <u>DOOR</u> main door set under front wall with flattened arch entry surrounded by extremely wide flattened arch stucco relief. 2nd story center balcony with grill work railing, massive stucco brace relief; opening into balcony is segmental arch with wide molded arched detail serving as surround (edges of arch flared).



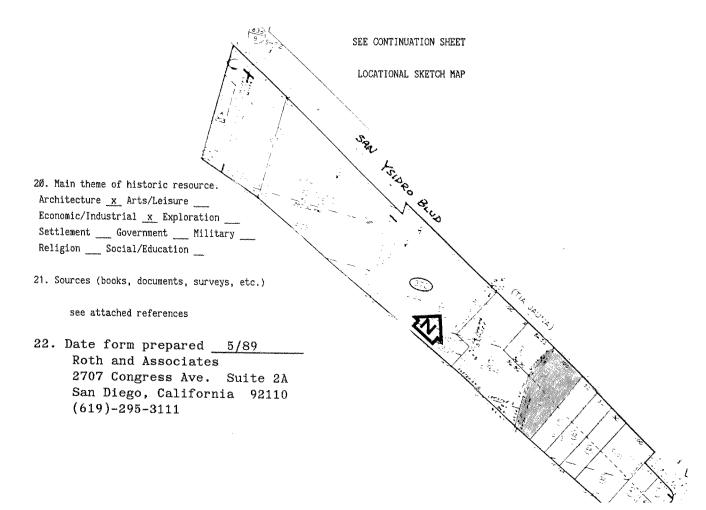
- 8. Construction date: Estimated: <u>1922-1928</u> 9. Architect:
- 10. Builder:
- 11. Approx. property size (in feet):
 Frontage: 100'
 depth: 200'
 or approx. acreage:
- Date of enclosed photo(s): <u>2/89</u>
 b/w photo Roll 5 Frame #23,24,31

| 13. Condition: Excellent Good Fairx Deteriorated No longer in existence |
|--|
| 14. Alterations: |
| 15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land Scattered buildings Densely built-up Residential Industrial Commercial _x Other: |
| 16. Threats to site: None known Private Developmentx_Zoningx_Vandalism Public Works ProjectOther: |
| 17. Is the structure: On its original site?: Moved? Unknown ? |
| 18. Related features: |

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

This two story hotel is located within what historically was the small, tightly grouped commercial district of San Ysidro. This structure does appear on the 1928 Erickson aerial, but does not appear in the San Diego Directories until 1935 (when E.J. Herbert is listed as the manager). No records of the contractor or the architects were located.

As of 1928, the original one acre lot (A31), owned during the Little Landers period by Parker, had been divided into nine smaller lots (Buckley Map, 1928). Several of the lots remained empty as of that date (1928 aerial). When first constructed, the La Nola was adjacent to the Bijoi Theatre, a building that no longer exists and directly across the street from the extant Commercial Building constructed in 1927 (Dixon 1989, p.c.). It is highly likely that both these structures and others along San Ysidro Blvd correspond in time to the construction of Aqua Caliente in Tijauna and residents anticipating a further increase in visitor traffic in the area.



148 SAN YSDIRO BLVD LA NOLA HOTEL

19. SIGNIFICANCE CONT

A brief article from the San Diego Sun supports this idea:

San Ysidro Port of Entry . . . Poultry is a thriving industry here as in Chula Vista. Truck gardening is likewise profitable and is cultivated year round. Its permanent population is estimated at 1200. Many new homes and business buildings have been constructed recently . . .

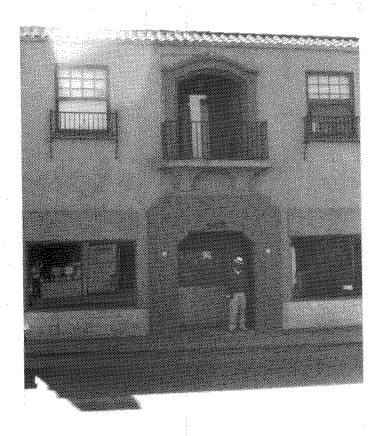
(<u>Sun</u> 2-28-28)

As was typical of main street development in general, the La Nola abuts the sidewalk and the current 60° alignment of San Ysidro Blvd. (Prior to commercial construction along this side of the boulevard, San Ysidro Blvd (40°), San Diego Southern Railroad easement (50°) and the Little Landers Road (40°) encompassed 130° from the north side of the street). Only the front facade of the building contains decorative, stylistic elements. Side walls on linear developed main streets "are almost always treated in an elementary, utilitarian manner" (Langstreth 1987:17). In the case of the La Nola, the sides and rear are simple, lapped siding. According to the current owner the front facade has not been altered (Zug 1989: p.c.). Like the El Toredor Motel, constructed almost two decades later, the La Nola was built in the Spanish Revival genre. Although two stories and blocky in appearance, Spanish Revival elements were used on the front. The selected elements are more elaborate than those used on the Spanish Eclectic commercial buildings in the area.

The significance of this building lies in its use as a hotel for at least the past 60+ years; its style and location catering to increased traffic in the city of San Ysidro and the thriving gabbing industry in Tijuana, Mexico. (At least two "auto camps" or "motor courts" were constructed in the 1920s to serve the same tourist population during the decades preceding World War II).

PHOTO CONTINUATION SHEET

148 SAN YSIDRO 666-370-38 LOT A31 COMMERCIAL SPANISH ECLECTIC



CLOSE OF FRONT- BALCONY/WINDOW TREATMENT

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| HISTORIC RESOURCES | S INVENTORY | | | | | |
| IDENTIFICATION 1. Common name: | | | | | | |
| 2. Historic name: | | nyalamanya ya kutoka | | ada a alfanda - dan manana ana ana ana ana ana ana ana an | and music of the same stands of the same | n na se |
| 3. Street/rural add City: <u>San Ys</u> | dress: 150A idro Zip: 9 | | | | | an ya Cakiya da suya ji maa ka maa aa |
| 4. Parcel number: | 666-37-38 | Lot A31 | and the second | an water op in a superior of the superior of th | | <u>yan mangangan ang sana ang sa</u> |
| 5. Present Owner: City: <u>San Ysi</u> c | | | | | | |
| 6. Present Use: | residence | Ori | ginal Use: | resid | lence | |

- 7a. Architectural style: FOLK VERNACULAR
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

One story "L-shaped" house with medium pitched cross gables and shed extension roof covering inset partial porch. House is set to the rear of San Ysidro frontage buildings. Asymmetrical front facade. <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS</u>: <u>WALL TREATMENT</u>: lap siding; plain corner boards. <u>ROOF</u>: composition sheeting; moderate overhang; boxed eaves, plain eaves fascia and gableboards (roof appears to be collapsing). <u>CHIMNEY</u>: none. <u>WINDOWS</u>: 2 pane double hung; plain board surround; sill extends slightly beyond window; covered by screens. <u>DOOR</u>: inset in "L"; can not see details. <u>PORCH</u>: extended shed roof over inset porch; solid lap siding railing system; 2 stick column supports with simple molded capital; one step to entry.



| 8. | Constructi | on di | ate: | |
|-----|------------|-------|------|--|
| Est | imated: | pre | 1925 | |

10. Builder:

- 11. Approx. property size (in feet):
 Frontage: 100'
 depth: 200'
- or approx. acreage: ______ 12. Date of enclosed photo(s): _____2/89 b/w photo Roll 5 Frame #30

13. Condition: Excellent _____ Good _____ Fair _____ Deteriorated __x__ No longer in existence _____

- 14. Alterations:
- 15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land _____ Scattered buildings ____ Densely built-up _____ Residential _____ Industrial _____ Commercial _____ Other:

16. Threats to site: None known ____ Private Development ____ Zoning ____ Vandalism _____ Public Works Project ____ Other: _____

17. Is the structure: On its original site?: _____ Moved? _____ Unknown ? _____

18. Related features:

SIGNIFICANCE

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

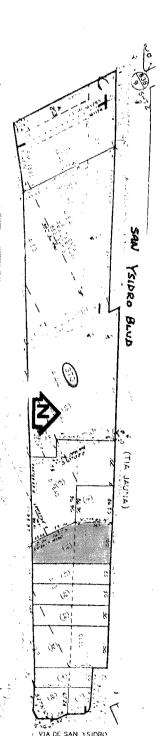
see preceding significance overview

LOCATIONAL SKETCH MAP

20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture _____Arts/Leisure _____ Economic/Industrial ____ Exploration _____ Settlement _____ Government _____ Military _____ Religion ____ Social/Education _____

21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.)

see attached references



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| HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY | |
| IDENTIFICATION | |
| 1. Common name: | - |
| 2. Historic name: | işa |
| 3. Street/rural address: <u>150-152 San Ysidro Blvd</u> | B D p _ |
| City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: <u>92073</u> County: <u>San Diego</u> | • |
| 4. Parcel number:666-370-38 Lot A31 | • |
| 5. Present Owner: <u>Guy Zug</u> Address: <u>148 West San Ysidro</u> City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: <u>92073</u> County: San Diego | |
| 6. Present Use: Original Use: | • |
| DESCRIPTION | - |
| 7a. Architectural style: SPANISH ECLECTIC | |
| 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from | |
| original condition: | |
| Single story duplex with a flat roof; extremely stark appearance; asymmetrical front | |
| facade. <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS</u> : <u>WALL TREATMENT</u> : smooth stucco; 2 diamond shaped tiles below center of roof line; single circular drain over door to the left; walls | |
| slightly parapeted at corners and center; center roof line is slightly pitched. <u>ROOF</u> : flat, | |
| composition sheeting. CHIMNEY: none. WINDOWS: 3 sets of metal sliders along front; plain | |
| surrounding board trim. DOOR: 2 front facing, unglazed; no surrounding trim. PORCH: none; | |
| no entry overhang. | |
| | |
| 8. Construction date: | |
| Estimated: <u>1930-1954</u> | |
| 9. Architect: | |
| 10. Builder: | |
| | |
| 11. Approx. property size (in feet): | |
| Frontage: <u>100'</u> depth: <u>200'</u> | |
| or approx. acreage: | |
| 12. Date of enclosed photo(s):2/89 | |
| b/w photo Roll 5 Frame #26 | |
| (MODIFIED DPR 523 Rev. 4/79) | |
| | |
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| | |
| | |

13. Condition: Excellent _____ Good _____ Fair 🗶 Deteriorated _____ No longer in existence _____

- 14. Alterations:
- 15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land _____ Scattered buildings ____ Densely built-up _____ Residential ____ Industrial _____ Commercial __x Other: ______

16. The sale bu site: Nune brown _____Private Development _____Zoning _X___Vandalism _____ Public Works Project ____Other: ______

- 17. Is the structure: On its original site?: _____ Moved? _____ Unknown ? _____
- 18. Related features:

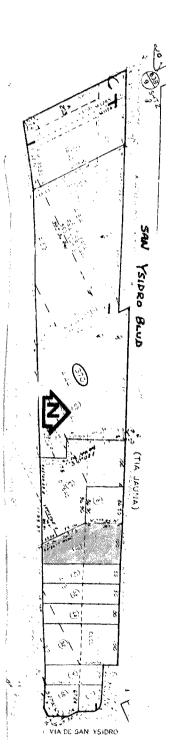
SIGNIFICANCE

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

see preceding significance overview

LOCATIONAL SKETCH MAP

- 20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture _____Arts/Leisure _____ Economic/Industrial _____Exploration _____ Settlement X_____Government _____Military _____ Religion _____Social/Education _____
- 21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.) see attached references
- 22. Date form prepared <u>3/89</u> Roth and Associates 2707 Congress Ave. Suite 2A San Diego, California 92110 (619)-295-3111



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| 2. | Historic name: | | | | | ro Blvd |
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| 4, | Parcel number:666- | 037-08 Lot A31 | ngi ni ni kanda kanta mata ni ni kata kata kata kata kata kata kata kat | and the second | | Provide March 1 and a first subscript of the second |
| 5. | | | and an international states of the second states of | | | ro Blvd |
| 6. | Present Use: appears t | o be apartments 0 | riginal Use | 9: | <u></u> | alan alan da ang kanang kang kang kang kang kang ka |
| | Stark, one story apartment build roof corners. Asymmetrical front smooth stucco; no bands, coping, stepped corners; can not see cow <u>WINDOWS</u> : front facing large slid board trim. <u>DOORS</u> : 2 front facing | : facade. <u>STRUCTURAL AND DES</u> , drains or other decorative vering; may have had tile co ding glass door at left, hor ng; glazed with 2 small rect | GIGN ELEMENTS: W/ e elements. ROOF oping at roof lin cizontal, inset f cangular lights o | ALL TREATMENT : flat with an ne. <u>CHIMNEY</u> : n fixed at right | ngular none. t; no surrou | nding |
| | | | Estimated: 9. Architect 10. Builder: 11. Approx. p Frontage depth: or approx 12. Date of e b/w photo | 1930-1954 : property size : 90' 100' x. acreage: nclosed photo Roll 5 Frame | (in feet): (s): <u>2/89</u> e #21 | |

| 4. | Alterations:window/door alteration; possible alteration in wall treatment |
|-------------|---|
| 5. : | Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land Scattered buildings Densely built-up Residential Industrial Commercial _xOther: |
| 6. 1 | Threats to site: None known Private Developmentx Zoningx Vandalism Public Works Project Other: |
| 7. 3 | Is the structure: On its original site?:x Moved? Unknown ? |

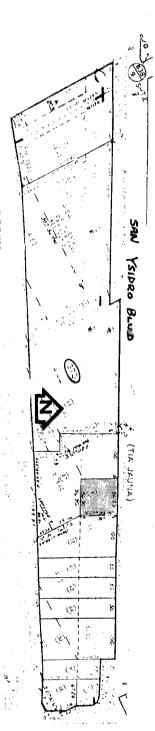
19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

see preceding significance overview

LOCATIONAL SKETCH MAP

20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture _____Arts/Leisure _____ Economic/Industrial _____Exploration _____ Settlement _____Military _____ Religion _____Social/Education _____

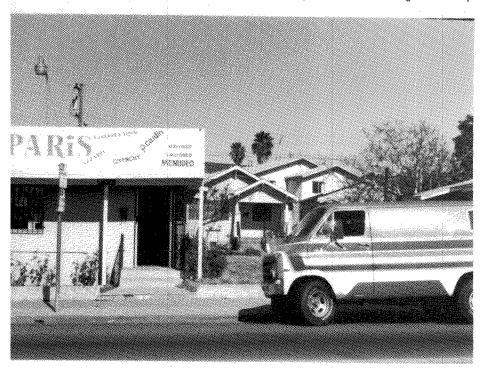
21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.) see attached references



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| HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY | | | | | |
| IDENTIFICATION 1. Common name: | | | | | |
| 2. Historic name: | | | | | |
| 3. Street/rural address: 159 Sa City: San Ysidro Zip: 92 | an Ysidro Bl | .vd | | | Strander and State |
| 4. Parcel number:666-03-10 | Lot 113 | alter etc. Anne and the transmission of the transmission of the transmission of the transmission of the transmis | | | |
| 5. Present Owner: <u>Refugio/Elsie Zu</u> City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: | niga 92073 0 | Address: | 452 Bla San Die | ackshaw l ego | ane |
| 6. Present Use:residence | 0ri | ginal Use: | resi | ldence | |

- 7a. Architectural style: CRAFTSMAN
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

One story bungalow set back off San Ysidro Blvd with a medium pitch front facing gable and a dropped off-set medium pitch gable over 1/2 porch. Asymmetrical front facade. <u>STRUCTURAL</u> <u>AND DESIGN ELEMENTS: WALL TREATMENT</u>: lap siding with shingle siding under main gable; triangularly framed vent under each front facing gable. <u>ROOF</u>: composition sheeting; moderate overhang; plain eaves fascia and gableboard. <u>CHIMNEY</u>: none. <u>WINDOWS</u>: front facing appear to be double hung with surrounding fixed pane; covered with security screens- can not see details from street; plain surrounding board trim. <u>DOOR</u>: left, side entrance under 1/2 off-set porch. <u>PORCH</u>: 1/2 porch, front facing, open; thin tapered wood pillars with plain molded capital sitting on cement porch; 4 front facing cement steps with wrought iron railing system.



- 8. Construction date: Estimated: <u>pre 1928</u>
- 9. Architect:

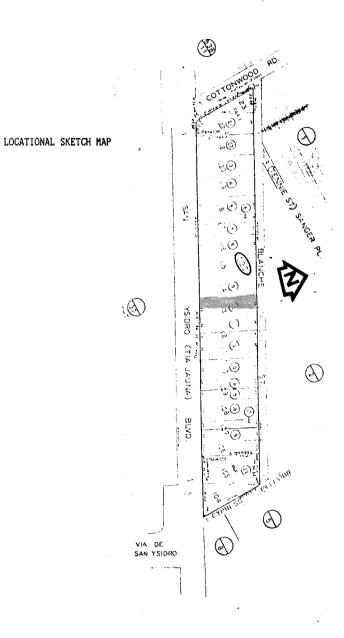
10. Builder:

- 11. Approx. property size (in feet):
 Frontage: 50'
 depth: 140'
 or approx. acreage:
- 12. Date of enclosed photo(s): 2/89 b/w photo Roll 5 Frame #5, 6

| 13. Condition: Excellent Good Fair _x Deteriorated No longer in existence |
|---|
| 14. Alterations: |
| 15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land Scattered buildings Densely built-up Residential Industrial Commercial _x_ Other: |
| 16. Threats to site: None known Private Development _x_ Zoning _x_ Vandalism Public Works Project Other: |
| 17. Is the structure: On its original site?: Moved? Unknown ? |
| 18. Related features: |

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

see preceding significance overview



20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture _____Arts/Leisure _____ Economic/Industrial _____Exploration _____ Settlement _X___Government _____Military _____ Religion _____Social/Education _____

21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.)
 see attached references

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| IDENTIFICATION 1. Common name: | | | | | |
| 2. Historic name: | | | | | |
| 3. Street/rural address: <u>16</u> | 5 San Ysidro I | Blvd | | and a subscription of the | |
| City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: | <u>92073</u> Cou | inty: | San Diego | 2 | |
| 4. Parcel number:666-0 | 03-08 Lot 115 | ý | and and the second s | an manana mangan kanan ang kang kang kang kang kang | |
| 5. Present Owner: <u>Ramzi Garmo</u> City: <u>El Cajon</u> Zi | | | | | |
| 6. Present Use: commercial/1 | | | | | |
| | | | | | |

- 7a. Architectural style: COMMERCIAL- SPANISH ECLECTIC
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

One story rectangularly shaped commercial building with a flat roof. Asymmetrical front facade with front off-set entry. <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS</u>: <u>WALL TREATMENT</u>: combination stucco over brick with wide horizontal and vertical molded bands along side wall; wide stucco hood over entrance and street window. <u>ROOF</u>: can not see covering. <u>CHIMNEY</u>: none. <u>DOOR</u>: off-set entry; heavy glass with metal framing



| 8. | Constructio | n date: | | |
|-----|---------------------------|---------|----------|-----|
| Es | timated: <u>19</u> | 30-1954 | | |
| 9. | Architect: | ***** | | |
| 1Ø. | Builder: | | | |
| 11 | . Approx. pr Frontage: | | (in feet | t): |
| | denth: | 150" | | |

- Frontage: <u>50'</u> depth: <u>150'</u> or approx. acreage: _____
- 12. Date of enclosed photo(s): 2/89 b/w photo Roll 5 Frame #2, 3

13. Condition: Excellent _____ Good _____ Fair ___ Deteriorated _____ No longer in existence _____

14. Alterations:

15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land _____ Scattered buildings ____ Densely built-up _____ Residential ____ Industrial _____ Commercial __x_ Other: ______

16. Threats to site: None known ____ Private Development _x Zoning _x Vandalism _____ Public Works Project ____ Other: _____

17. Is the structure: On its original site?: _____ Moved? _____ Unknown ? _____

18. Related features:

SIGNIFICANCE

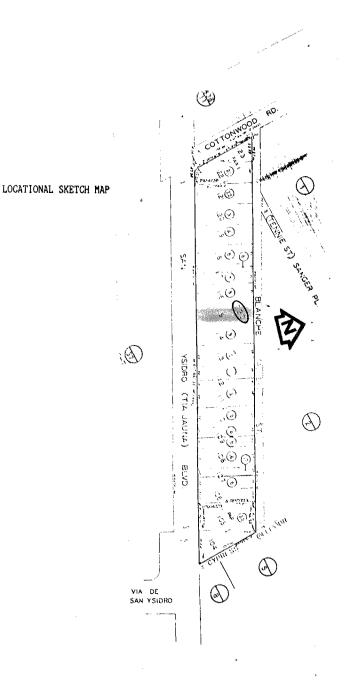
19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

see preceding significance overview

20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture _____Arts/Leisure _____ Economic/Industrial _____Exploration _____ Settlement _____ Government _____ Military _____ Religion _____ Social/Education _____

21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.)

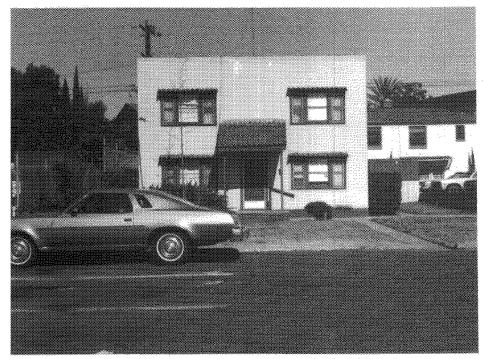
see attached references



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| HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY | | |
| IDENTIFICATION 1. Common name: | | |
| 2. Historic name: | | |
| 3. Street/rural address: City:San YsidroZip:9 | | San Diego |
| 4. Parcel number:666-03-0 | | |
| 5. Present Owner: <u>Garmo Ramzi et a</u> City: <u>El Cajon</u> Zip: | al Addre <u>92019</u> County: | ss: <u>1358 Craigmont</u> San Diego |
| 6. Present Use: <u>residence</u> | Original U | se: residence |

- 7a. Architectural style: COMBINATION: SPANISH ECLECTIC (FRONT) w/ FOLK VERNACULAR (REAR)
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

Simple two story apartment building with flat roof; symmetrical front facade. <u>STRUCTURAL</u> <u>AND DESIGN ELEMENTS</u>: <u>WALL TREATMENT</u>: stucco in the front; lap siding in the rear. <u>ROOF</u>: flat, composition sheeting; no coping, parapets or roofline detail. <u>CHIMNEY</u>: none. <u>WINDOWS</u>: front facing, 2nd story 2 evenly spaced sets of single pane double hang with narrow vertical double hung sidelights; plain board surrounding; simple tile hoods over each set. 1st floor- same windows- aligned directly below 2nd floor windows; same hoods. <u>DOOR</u>: centered, front facing, partially glazed with screen covering. <u>PORCH</u>: entry only, open with dropped, wood and tile covered shed roof; 2 stick supports; no railing system; one step to front entry; rear has 2 sets of steps to 2nd floor entry/ wood railing with plywood and metal awning over entry.



8. Construction date: Estimated: <u>1922-23</u> 9. Architect: _____

10. Builder:

- 11. Approx. property size (in feet):
 Frontage: ____50'
 depth: ____50'
 or approx. acreage: _____
- 12. Date of enclosed photo(s): _____2/89 b/w photo Roll 5 Frame #3

| 15. | Condition: | Excellent | Good | Fair | х | Deteriorated | No | longer | in existence | |
|-----|------------|-----------|------|------|---|--------------|----|--------|--------------|--|
|-----|------------|-----------|------|------|---|--------------|----|--------|--------------|--|

14. Alterations: <u>front/back facades totally different</u>

15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land _____ Scattered buildings ____ Densely built-up _____ Residential ____ Industrial _____ Commercial __x Other: ______

16. Threats to site: None known ____ Private Development ___ Zoning ___ Vandalism ____ Public Works Project ____ Other: _____

17. Is the structure: On its original site?: _____ Moved? _____ Unknown ? _____

18. Related features:

SIGNIFICANCE

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

see preceding significance overview

20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture _____Arts/Leisure _____ Economic/Industrial _____Exploration _____ Settlement _____ Government _____ Military _____ Religion _____ Social/Education _____

21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.)
see attached references

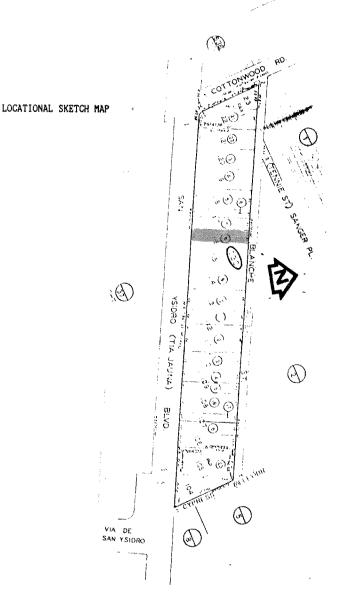


PHOTO CONTINUATION SHEET

171 SAN YSIDRO

666-03-08 LOT 116 SPANISH ECLECTIC/FOLK VERNACULAR



REAR VIEW- VERNACULAR ELEMENTS

| | : | | HABS | | HAER | NR | SHL | LOC |
|--------|------------------------|-----------------------|----------|---------------|---------------------------|--|---|--------|
| | | | UTM: | Α | | an a chur a chuir a chur an bhann an bhann | В | |
| | | | | с | | 40-42 | D | |
| HISTO | RIC RESOURCES | INVENTORY | | | | | | |
| IDENT | IFICATION | | | | | | | |
| 1. | Common name: | EL TOREADOR | MOTEL | | | | | |
| 2. | Historic name: | EL TOREADOR | MOTEL | | | | na di da familia di chi di tana anges | ****** |
| з. | Street/rural addr | ess:63 | 1 East S | San Ysi | dro Blvd | | | |
| | City: <u>San Ysid</u> | | | | | |) | |
| 4. | Parcel number: | 666-200- 30 | 0 | | 6-88 000 74 | | ana an | |
| 5. | Present Owner: | Mondana Corp | | | Address: | 658 \$ | San Ysidro | Blvd |
| | City: <u>San Ysidr</u> | D Zip: | 920' | 7 <u>3</u> Co | unty: | San Die | ego | |
| 6. | Present Use: <u>El</u> | <u> Foreador Mote</u> | 1 | _0rigi | nal Use: | <u> </u> | oredor Mo | tel |
| NESCOT | δητον | | | | | | | |

- 7a. Architectural style: MOTEL- SPANISH ECLECTIC
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

Combination single story motorcourt with multi-stored main building. Single story units are long rectangular buildings with low pitch side facing gables, stucco facades and tiled roofs; "main" building has multiple roof lines including a 2 story low pitch front facing gable, 1 and 2 story flat roof with curving parapet and tiled shed roof extensions; tile extends well over wall edge. Asymmetrical front facade. STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS: WALL TREATMENT: stucco. ROOF: composition sheeting and tile covering over shed extensions. CHIMNEY: none. WINDOWS: front windows are deep set with stucco molded trim and protruding stucco side walls and tiled hoods; side has multi-light casement windows covered with tiled hoods. DOORS: unglazed, covered by tiled shed roofs. PORCH: exterior stairs with stucco railing system.

Front of building has large neon signs and new lighting along roof line.



| 8. | Construction | date |
|----|--------------|------|
| | Estimated: | 1948 |
| 9. | Architect: | |

| 10 | Ruilder. | | |
|----|----------|--|--|

| 11. | Approx. | property | size | (in | feet): |
|-----|----------|----------|------|-----|--------|
| | Frontage | 31 | | | |
| | depth: | | | | |

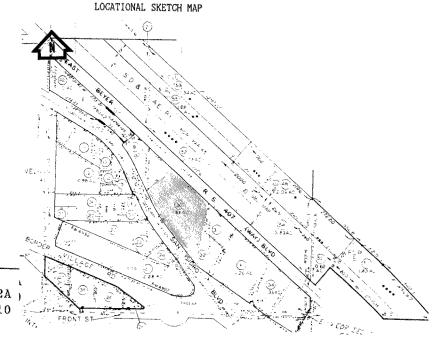
| or approx. | acreage: | 1.66 |
|------------|----------|------|
|------------|----------|------|

12. Date of enclosed photo(s): _____2/89 b/w photo Roll 5 Frame #33-35

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

The site of this Spanish Eclectic, 30-unit motel complex was originally part of a large tract of land owned in the late 1880s by the Tavan family, early settlers of Tia Juana and merchants on both sides of the border. In 1920, the parcel was sold to a W. Christoferson (Deed Bock 1719:408). However, as of 1929, the lot remained empty (San Diego County 1929 aerial). On January 28, 1948, the 1.66 acre lot was purchased by Mr. Tony M. Silva from O.K. Campbell (Deed Bock 2646:52). The motel was constructed the same year. Shortly after completion, fire destroyed the main building (Hettich, p.c. 1989). It was subsequently rebuilt. On June 6, 1949, Mr. Silva (DBA El Toredor) purchased a liquor vendor license from Milton and Ruth Hall for \$125.00 (Deed Bock 3219:244). Advertised in various issues of Hotels and Motels of San Diego brochures of the 1960s and 1970s, El Toreador offered daily, weekly and month rates for its rooms, suites and kitchenette units, TV, radio, a heated pool and a restaurant/bar for its patrons.

SEE CONTINUATION SHEET



20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture ____Arts/Leisure _x Economic/Industrial _x_Exploration _____ Settlement ____Government _____Military ____ Religion ____Social/Education _____

21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.)

see attached references

631 EAST SAN YSIDRO BLVD "EL TOREADOR" MOTEL COMPLEX

19. SIGNIFICANCE CONT.

This motel does not meet the 50 year criteria for potential National Register nomination. Further, as discussed below, it is not unique as a resort architectural style nor is it reflective of either the original Little Landers community intent nor the post World War I Hispanic growth in the area. Rather, it was built to cater to the tourist market. From the early 1950s, the border crossing has become the busiest between the U.S. and another country.

As early as the late 1800s, corresponding with California's mythical creation of its quaint, romantic Hispanic roots, tourists made visits to the Mexican side of the border. Tijuana at this time and until 1933 with the naturalization of all foreign owned properties in Mexico, was dominated by American capitalists. Tourism increased with the 1916 opening of the race track and was further stimulated by the 1928 opening of Aqua Caliente. Being located adjacent to the International Border, San Ysidro in the twenties and thirties had a few "auto camps" and "motor courts" and two small hotels that catered to the day visitor and thriving gambling industry in Tijuana, Mexico (San Diego Directories). Hollywood stars, for the most part unaffected by the Depression, comprised a good deal of the visiting public. Once casino gambling was outlawed and alcohol again legalized in the U.S., dog and horse racing, bull fights and shopping continued to attract tourists across the border.

From an economic point of view, Spanish stucco and frame as a style, became increasingly popular in Southern California after World War I. Because of the rising cost of lumber, it was simply cheaper to build. In Southern California thousands of small single family homes and commercial buildings were built in this style.

However, it was not purely economic reasons that perpetuated the popularity of this style for buildings associated with leisure activities. Architecturally, Spanish architecture was (and still is) a favored style for resorts because it creates a visual metaphor of an "easy going, relaxed, fun-loving style of a semi-tropical people" (Gowans 1987:108). Exteriors were intentionally designed to reflect a "holiday or foreign atmosphere". From the early 1800s, when Americans began trading and moving into Mexican occupied territory, "Mexican" was used derogatorily to connote laziness, corruption and frivolity. This is expressed time and again in early correspondences. However, for the past 100 years, even during the Spanish Civil War for purposes of promoting real estate, in Florida, California, New Mexico and Hawaii, Spanish Eclectic building styles became associated with the exotic, with "fun, sun and leisure".

In California, the missions had been forgotten until the last decade of the 19th century, "when they were discovered as a native source for the Colonial Revival which swept the nation following the Philadelphia Centennial exposition" (Kirker 1986:7). As early as the 1890s, Spanish Revival (Mission) became part of a romantically and falsely viewed past of a pastoral existence that was expressed in the arts and literature of the period. "The western romanticists had far greater freedom in their dedicating task of fabricating the legend of Southern California than was enjoyed by either the northeast or southern myth makers: (Kirker 1986:7).

The Spanish style received further impetus when the Santa Fe and Southern Pacific Railroads adopted this architectural genre for stations and railroad-owned resort hotels (MacAlester 1984:410). The achieved effect created a contrast of the mythical, dreamy, romantic Latin and the hard working, stern Anglo (Gowans 1987:108). Spanish Eclectic became a perfect style to promote leisure activities.

HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY

631 EAST SAN YSIDRO "EL TOREADOR MOTEL"

19. SIGNIFICANCE CONT.

The disparity between the realities of provincial architecture and the myth of a splendid Adalusian manorial building tradition has become more obvious in the past few decades as historical research and archaeological investigations as well as social sciences focus on separating fact from historical fantasy. However, by the 1920s, the Spanish Revivalists set about creating a past even more legendary than the one manufactured by the earlier Mission Revivalists (Kirker 1986:126).

Decorative elements were freely taken from Moorish, Byzantine, Gothic and Renaissance Spanish inspirations as well as a board area labelled "Mediterranean" which even included North African styles. The resulting style was meant to symbolize California's heritage. Following World War I, fear and insecurity swept the nation. "Tradition" again was in vogue. In California, this was reflected in the popularity of the style for homes, as well as businesses, places of worship and recreation areas.

By the 1920s, Hollywood's association with fantasy and luxury and the adoption of the style for movie sets and private homes reinforced the romantic ideal. Through the 1920s and into the 1930s, Spanish Revival was the ideal style for resorts and to a degree movie theatres.

The construction of El Toreador Motel, in 1948 (well passed the "hey-day" of Spanish Revival) and the re-revial of Mediterranean styles in the 1980's exemplify the lingering power of romanticism. However, typically built and run by persons whose social and cultural upbringing was antithetical to everything Spanish, perhaps it even exemplifies subtle stereotypical overtones . . . the Spanish Revival architecture used for resorts reflecting what Americans perceive Hispanic culture to be rather than understanding its heritage.

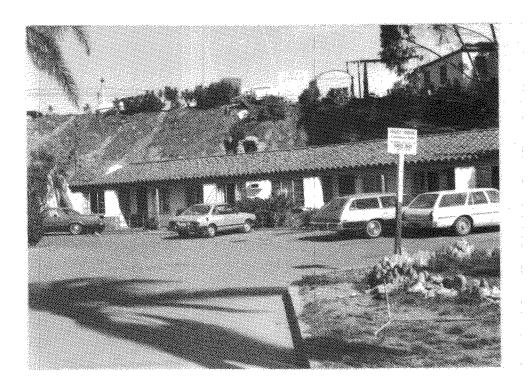
Older members of the San Ysidro community were interviewed to determine whether or not the El Toreador was considered by them as "historic". Its only significance is perhaps at the local level. Located on the main boulevard, El Toreador became a well-known landmark for post World War II residents in San Ysidro. At the time of construction it was the largest and most visible motel in the area. It was the first place in the community to have a swimming pool; the tiled toreador on the pool bottom became a local curiosity (the pool has recently been filled in); it was the first motel in San Ysidro to use neon signage extensively; and according to local lore, Hollywood movie stars, including Jay Silverheel and Buster Keaton frequently stayed here. None of these reasons, nor the mere opinion that as a style it is visually appealing are considered strong arguments for preservation and inclusion on San Diego's Historic Sites Board list of locally significant properties. Within the study area, there are at least two simple, flat topped, Spanish Eclectic auto courts built in the 1920s and early 1930s and two hotels which predate the El Toreador. El Toreador, however, is the only motel in San Ysidro dating from post World War II built with the decorative details described in the previous section of this form.

PHOTO CONTINUATION SHEET

631 EAST SAN YSDIRO EL TOREDOR MOTEL SPANISH ECLECTIC



SIDE VIEW OF FRONT BUILDING



UNITS IN REAR

| HABS NR NR LOC |
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| UTM: A B |
| C D |
| HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY |
| IDENTIFICATION 1. Common name:INTERNATIONAL BUILDING |
| 2. Historic name: |
| 3. Street/rural address: 751-755 East San Ysidro Blvd City: San Ysidro Zip: 92073 County: San Diego |
| 4. Parcel number: 667-020-24 |
| 5. Present Owner: <u>James/Melinda Lim et al</u> Address: <u>P.O. Box 41-h</u> City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: <u>92073</u> County: <u>San Diego</u> |
| 6. Present Use: <u>commercial</u> Original Use: <u>commercial</u> |
| DESCRIPTION |
| 7a. Architectural style: ART DECO (ZIGZAG MODERNISTIC) |
| 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition: |

- Two story commercial building with Art Deco stylistic elements. Asymmetrical front facade. <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS: WALL TREATMENT:</u> smooth stucco wall surface with simple
- horizontal projections emphasizing the vertical along roofline and front facade. <u>ROOF</u>: flat roof with central parapet type projections. <u>CHIMNEY</u>: none. <u>WINDOWS</u>: large plate glass windows inset along 2nd floor; 1st floor converted into 2 stores (signs obscure detail), plate glass windows. <u>DOORS</u>: 2 doors, front facing, not evenly spaced.



- 8. Construction date:
- Estimated: <u>late 1920-30s</u>
- 9. Architect: _____

| Ø. Builder: | |
|-------------|--|
|-------------|--|

- 11. Approx. property size (in feet):
 Frontage: ______
 depth: ______
 or approx. acreage: ______

| 13. Condition: Excellent Good Fairx Deteriorated No longer in existence |
|---|
| 14. Alterations: |
| 15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land Scattered buildings Densely built-up Residential Industrial Commercial _x_ Other: |
| 16. Threats to site: None known Private Development _x_ Zoning _x_ Vandalism Public Works Project Other: |
| 17. Is the structure: On its original site?: Moved? Unknown ? |
| 18. Related features: |

SIGNIFICANCE

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

Art Deco became common in public and commercial buildings in the late 1920s and -30s; many of the movie houses and theatres built during this time period used Art Deco styles to make the buildings stand out: ". . . at the end of the 1920s, both the baroque and the exotic gave way to the simplified lines and colors of Art Deco" (Naylor 1955:25). Many structures in the 1925 Paris Exposition were Art Deco. By the 1933 Chicago Exposition the form had evolved into an American form. In Southern California, particularly in Los Angeles, the style was strongly influenced by the Mission style and Hollywood's attraction to the new and different. By the late 30s the style changed from vertical and zig-zag to more streamline effects.

SEE CONTINUATION SHEET

LOCATIONAL SKETCH MAP

20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture <u>x</u> Arts/Leisure <u>x</u> Economic/Industrial <u>Exploration</u> Settlement <u>Government</u> Military Religion Social/Education

21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.)

see attached references

22. Date form prepared <u>5/89</u> Roth and Associates 2707 Congress Ave. Suite 2A San Diego, California 92110 (619)-295-3111

HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY

755 SAN YSIDRO BLVD "THE INTERNATIONAL BUILDING"

19. SIGNIFICANCE CONT.

The original use of the building is unknown, although a single informant stated that prior to World War II a theatre was located there. In an effort to trace its possible use as a theatre, newspapers, directories and film libraries were checked (including the San Diego Theatre Owners Association, Academy of Motion Pictures Library, the Goldberg Film Transport, and the Breakwater Film Distributors); no records were found to indicate that films were sent to this location.

The lack of definitive information regarding the original use of this building is compounded by the possible confusion in the City Directories for San Ysidro. The 1930 Directory lists "International Commercial Co- J.N. Llanos manager" and an "International Garage". By 1934 neither is listed. 1920/1925 photographs for the border area however show a wood frame building with "International" written across the side wall. The 1932 Sensor photos of the custom house under construction show a wood frame as the "International". (Based on Directory research the use of the word "International" in part of a company name is not unique to this particular building).

The historic significance of this structure lies in the architectural style. It is the only "art deco" building in San Ysidro, and one of the few remaining in the entire City.

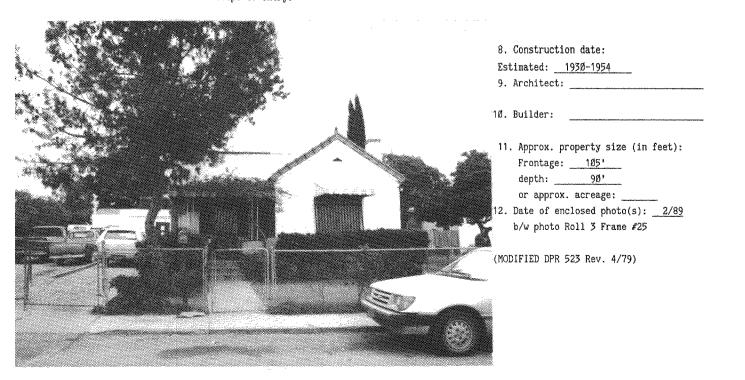
SANGER

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| HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY | | | | | | |
| IDENTIFICATION | | | | | | |
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| 2. Historic name: | | | | | ndaşı dir. Un və İngana Şandarları — Məşzin Jançadan | |
| 3. Street/rural address: 93 S City: San Ysidro Zip: 92 | Sanger | | nan al-haasi amada - shi kika 11-shi bib ya e sha ka | | | yan bahara ya kuto ya k |
| 4. Parcel number:66 | | | | | in a faith an | an mar an |
| 5. Present Owner: <u>Thomasa/Rosendo</u> City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: _ | | | | | | |
| 6. Present Use: <u>residence</u> | of subjects in the set of subjects and the subjects of subjects and the subjects of | Ori | ginal Use: | res | idence | |

- 7a. Architectural style: SPANISH ECLECTIC WITH MULTIPLE ROOF PLANE
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

One story, "L-shaped" bungalow with combination flat roof and medium pitch front facing gable. Asymmetrical front facade. <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS</u>: <u>WALL TREATMENT</u>: stucco. <u>ROOF</u>: tile roofing; decorative scroll-like coping along gable; set of 3 decorative drains under gable. <u>CHIMNEY</u>: side stucco with brick cap. <u>WINDOWS</u>: main focal window is curved (semi-elliptical), covered with metal awning and security bars; windows under porch are double hung; side windows are a combination double hung and metal sliders; wood sill extends slightly beyond window inset. <u>DOOR</u>: offset, partially glazed with small arched window in center, faced with spindle work, bottom portion of door is wood panels. <u>PORCH</u>: inset into "L", covered with metal awning, wrought iron supports; low stucco wall along porch perimeter; 3 front facing cement steps to entry.



13. Condition: Excellent _____ Good _____ Fair __x Deteriorated _____ No longer in existence _____

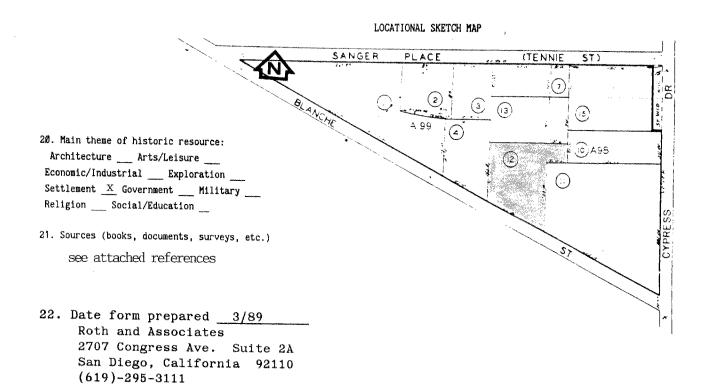
14. Alterations: window replacements; porch treatment; addition security bars/screens

- 15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land ____ Scattered buildings ____ Densely built-up ____ Residential ____ Industrial ____ Commercial ____ Other: _____
- 16. Threats to site: None known ____ Private Development ___ Zoning ___ Vandalism ____ Public Works Project ____ Other: _____
- 17. Is the structure: On its original site?: _____ Moved? _____ Unknown ? _____
- 18. Related features: detached single car garage; chain-link fencing along perimeter

SIGNIFICANCE

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

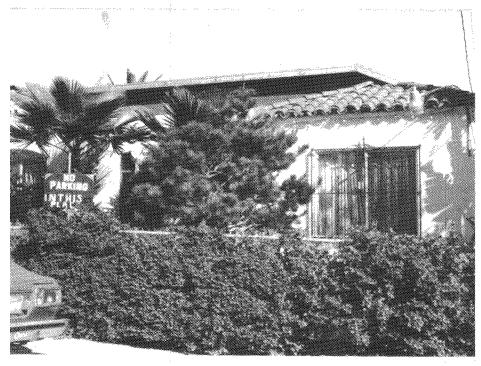
see preceding significance overview



| | | HABS | HAER | NR | SHL | LOC |
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| | | с | | | D | |
| HISTORIC RESOURC | ES INVENTORY | | | | | |
| IDENTIFICATION 1. Common name: | | ومواجع المعارفة والمعارفة والمعارفة والمعارفة والمعارفة والمعارفة والمعارفة والمعارفة والمعارفة والمعارفة والم | n - Loga Alexandra Amerikanan | | angalasanganan secara ang setu mu secara setu mu | Microphysical distances in the second se |
| 2. Historic name | na n | | un autor (anterna da anterna da an | ant and a start of the start of t | | n t - Synthesis - 11 - Synthesis - 100 - |
| 3. Street/rural a | address: <u>97</u> | Sanger | | | | |
| City: San | <u>Ysidro</u> Zip: 920' | <u>73</u> Coun | ty: <u>San</u> | Diego | | |
| 4. Parcel number | 666-02-13 | Lot 99 | - 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1. | | | érre dativitor se coducernitores. |
| 5. Present Owner | Maria Jurado | | Address: | 97 | 7 Sanger | |
| | <u>Ysidro</u> Zip: | | | | | |
| 6. Present Use: | residence | 0ri | ginal Use: | resi | dence | gent al - tradit a sur en |

- 7a. Architectural style: SPANISH ECLECTIC WITH MULTIPLE ROOF PLANES
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

One story bungalow; roof lines include low pitch front gable, hip and flat. Asymmetrical front facade. <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS</u>: <u>WALL TREATMENT</u>: stucco siding with slanted side walls. <u>ROOF</u>: red tile with the rear of the building currently undergoing alterations. <u>CHIMNEY</u>: placed at side, stucco with brick cap on the side. <u>WINDOWS</u>: main focal window deep set with arched stucco relief design element; security bars over other windows. <u>DOOR</u>: can not see entry door; arched entry with wrought iron security screen; two long narrow inset windows are on either side of entry, each with 5 lights. <u>PORCH</u>: none.



| 8. | Constructio | on date: |
|-----|-------------|----------|
| Est | imated: | 930-1954 |
| 9. | Architect: | |
| | | |

10. Builder:

| 11. | Approx. pro | operty si: | ze (in | feet): |
|-----|-------------|------------|--------|--------|
| | Frontage: | 75' | _ | |
| | depth: | 130' | | |
| | or approx. | acreage: | | |

12. Date of enclosed photo(s): ____2/89 b/w photo Roll 3 Frame #24

13. Condition: Excellent _____ Good __x Fair _____ Deteriorated _____ No longer in existence _____

14. Alterations: _possible rear additions-front does not appear original; windows altered

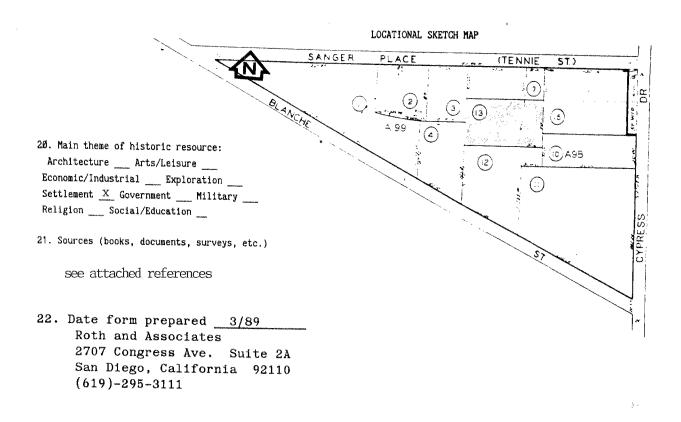
- 15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land _____ Scattered buildings ____ Densely built-up _____ Residential ____ Industrial _____ Commercial ____ Other: ______
- 16. Threats to site: None known ____ Private Development ___ Zoning ___ Vandalism ____ Public Works Project ____ Other: _____

17. Is the structure: On its original site?: _____ Moved? _____ Unknown ? _____

SIGNIFICANCE

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

see preceding significance overview



| HABS NR SHL LOC | | | | | |
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| UTM: A B | | | | | |
| C D | | | | | |
| HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY | | | | | |
| HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORI | | | | | |
| IDENTIFICATION 1. Common name: | | | | | |
| 2. Historic name: | | | | | |
| 3. Street/rural address: 98 Sanger (backs onto Blanch) City: San Ysidro Zip: 92073 County: San Diego | | | | | |
| 4. Parcel number: 666-02-01 A99 | | | | | |
| 5. Present Owner: <u>Michael Fleming</u> Address: <u>98 Sanger</u> City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: <u>92073</u> County: <u>San Diego</u> | | | | | |
| 6. Present Use: <u>residence</u> Original Use: <u>residence</u> | | | | | |
| DESCRIPTION | | | | | |
| 7a. Architectural style: FOLK VERNACULAR | | | | | |
| 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from | | | | | |
| original condition: One story shack with combination of uneven, medium pitch parallel gables with cross- | | | | | |
| gable at one side. Hodge-podge shape implies multiple additions. | | | | | |
| Asymmetrical front facade. STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS: WALL TREATMENT: combination flush siding, | | | | | |
| shingles, stucco, board-batten and channel with scalloped ends; small triangular vent, | | | | | |
| unboxed under gable. <u>ROOF</u> : composition shingle; exposed eaves; undecorated gableboard. <u>CHIMNEY</u> : stucco with narrow brick cap. WINDOWS: metal sliders; some have plain board trim, | | | | | |
| others have no surrounding trim. DOORS: 3 doors along the front, irregularly placed; one has hooded | | | | | |
| bracket over entry; other two are under principal roof; two are plywood, one is partially glazed | | | | | |
| with square panel on top/ 2 wood panels on bottom. <u>PORCH</u> : none. | | | | | |
| an a | | | | | |
| 8. Construction date: | | | | | |

(11) 202-854-0-2

| Est | | 1930-1954 | |
|-----|------------|-----------|--|
| 9. | Architect: | | |

| 1Ø. | Builder: | |
|-----|----------|--|

11. Approx. property size (in feet):
 Frontage: _____65'
 depth: _____65'
 or approx. acreage: _____

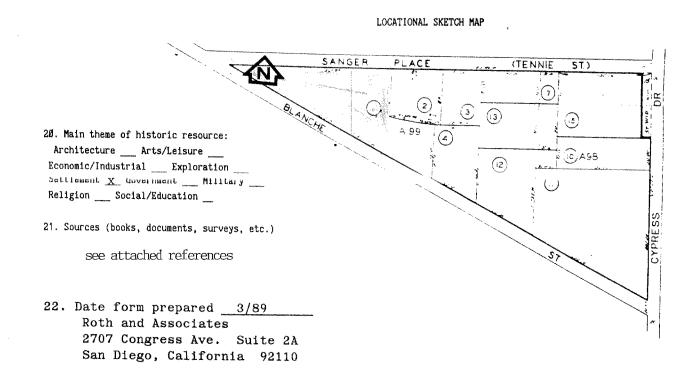
| 12. | Date | of er | nclose | ٤d | photo | (s): | 2/89 |
|-----|-------|-------|--------|----|-------|------|------|
| | b/w j | ohoto | Roll | 8 | Frame | #3,4 | |

- 13. Condition: Excellent _____ Good _____ Fair ____ Deteriorated ____ No longer in existence _____
- 14. Alterations: multiple additions to structure difficult to determine original configuration
- 15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land _____ Scattered buildings ____ Densely built-up _____ Residential _____ Industrial _____ Commercial _____ Other: ______
- 16. Threats to site: None known ____ Private Development _x Zoning _x Vandalism _____ Public Works Project ____ Other: _____
- 17. Is the structure: On its original site?: ____x Moved? ____Unknown ? ____
- 18. Related features: partial picket fence around perimeter

SIGNIFICANCE

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

see preceding significance overview

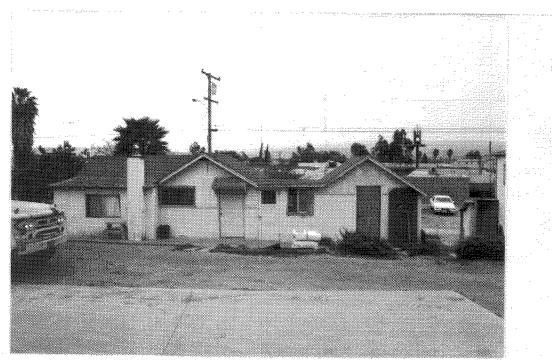


HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY

PHOTO CONTINUATION SHEET

98 SANGER

666-02-01 Lot 68 FOLK VERNACULAR



BACK VIEW (NOTE DIFFERENT ROOF LINES)

SEAWARD

| | HABS HAER | NR | SHL LOC |
|--|-----------|---|--|
| | UTM: A | | B |
| | C | | D |
| HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY | | | |
| IDENTIFICATION 1. Common name: | | nokszół kieget Frankszinie (m. 1910). Ober | |
| 2. Historic name: | | | ala na mangana sa kata na mangana |
| 3. Street/rural address: 108 City: San Ysidro Zip: 92 | | San Diego | |
| 4. Parcel number:638-13-1 | . Lot 1 | ىنىي - 15-2011-2011-2011-2011-2011-2011-2011-20 | n fi den sy mar fage in ywer fagdan a syn gant gan |
| 5. Present Owner: <u>Antonia/Ned Elmo</u> City: <u>Chula Vista</u> Zip: | | | |
| 6. Present Use: residence | Original | Use: <u>resi</u> | dence |

- 7a. Architectural style: FOLK VERNACULAR
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

One story bungalow with medium pitch side gable and shed extension in back ("hall and parlor"). Added carport to left side results in an asymmetrical front facade. STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS: WALL TREATMENT: lap siding; plain wood corner boards; louvered vent under gable. ROOF: composition sheeting; exposed eaves; undecorated gableboard with small square wood decoration at gable apex (keystone). CHIMNEY : none. WINDOWS: two square fixed windows on either side of door; plain board surrounding trim; double hung side windows with attached screening. DOOR: center door; unglazed with 3 wood inset panels; plain board trim. PORCH: no porch; 1 front facing cement step to entry; no roof overhang.



8. Construction date: 9. Architect:

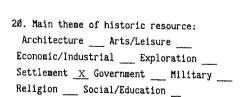
10. Builder:

- 11. Approx. property size (in feet): Frontage: _______ depth: <u>140'</u> or approx. acreage: ____
- 12. Date of enclosed photo(s): 2/89 b/w photo Roll 2 Frame #20

| 13. Condition: Excellent Good Fair Deteriorated No longer in existence |
|---|
| 14. Alterations: additions- metal carport to the side; additional side entrance to house |
| 15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land Scattered buildings Densely built-up Residential Industrial Commercial Other: |
| 16. Threats to site: None known Private Development _x_Zoning _xVandalism Public Works Project Other: |
| 17. Is the structure: On its original site?: Moved? Unknown ? |
| 18. Related features: |
| SIGNIFICANCE |

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

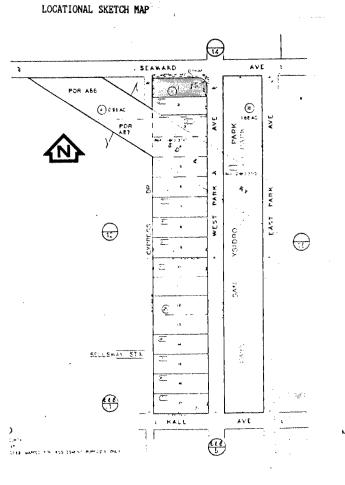
see preceding significance overview



21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.)

see attached references

22. Date form prepared <u>3/89</u> Roth and Associates 2707 Congress Ave. Suite 2A San Diego, California 92110 (619)-295-3111



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| HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY | | |
| IDENTIFICATION 1. Common name: | | |
| 2. Historic name: | vanne-skonner-speck. 1961/197- 58155-197-1985-197-197-197-197-197-197-197-197-197-197 | |
| 3. Street/rural address: 117 | Seaward | |
| City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: | | an Diego |
| 4. Parcel number:638-14-2 | 0 Lot A3 | |
| 5. Present Owner: <u>Lamya Hourani</u> | Address: | P.O. Box 375 |
| City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: | | |
| 6. Present Use: <u>residence</u> | Original Use: | residence |

- 7a. Architectural style: FOLK VERNACULAR w/VICTORIAN ELEMENTS (bays, classic columns, Queen Anne window design)
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

One story cottage with medium pitch cross gables; numerous additions to both the side and rear of the structure; dropped medium pitch gable roof over door entry. Asymmetrical front facade. <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS</u>: WALL TREATMENT: lap siding. ROOF: composition sheet; exposed rafters; plain undecorated gableboard; at the apex of both front facing gables, a jig-saw design element has been added for accent (keystone). <u>CHIMNEY</u>: cement/cobblestone extending from the current center of the house. <u>WINDOWS</u>: each side of the house has different sash bar arrangements reflecting constant change/alterations to the structure; elements include double hung with transom, double hung with no transom, diamond pane, clear and colored glass; all windows have undecorated plain board trim. The three main front windows (left of the door) are fixed with 4 lights on one side, single pane on other side (Queen Anne element put in sideways); to the right of the door is a set of casement windows with an irregular sash bar division and a set of ribbon windows. <u>DOOR</u>: front center, partially glazed with 4 decorative panels on top/ 4 rectangular wood panels on the bottom. <u>PORCH</u>: front entry porch; open boxed under gable; 2 slender wood doric-like columns serve as porch support; two front facing cement steps to entry.



| 8. Construction date: |
|--------------------------------------|
| Estimated: 1910 |
| 9. Architect: |
| <pre>10. Builder:</pre> |
| Frontage: 114' |
| |
| depth:211' |
| or approx. acreage: |
| 12. Date of enclosed photo(s): _2/89 |
| b/w photo Roll 2, Frames #14,15 |
| |

13. Condition: Excellent _____ Good _____ Fair _____ Deteriorated __x__ No longer in existence _____

- 15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land _____ Scattered buildings ____ Densely built-up _____ Residential ____ Industrial _____ Commercial ____ Other: _____

16. Threats to site: None known ____ Private Development _x Zoning _x Vandalism _____ Public Works Project ____ Other: _____

17. Is the structure: On its original site?: ____ Moved? _____ Unknown ? _____

18. Related features: <u>lots of older vegetation on lot</u>

SIGNIFICANCE

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

The original lot, designated as acre lot A3 (see attached Little Landers Map) was purchased by C.J. Young in 1910. Young had originally lived in San Francisco, importing Irish linen. However the 1906 earthquake killed his wife and destroyed his business. Young was typical of many of the Little Lander colonists, elderly and with limited available cash. After the death of his wife, at the age of 70, Mr. Young moved to San Ysdiro with a total of \$350 in cash. After five years, by doing carpentry work in the area, he was out of debt; his land and personal property assessed at \$2,500.00 (Lee 1975:42). Young became Director of the Irrigation District and for a time managed the Colony's market in San Diego.

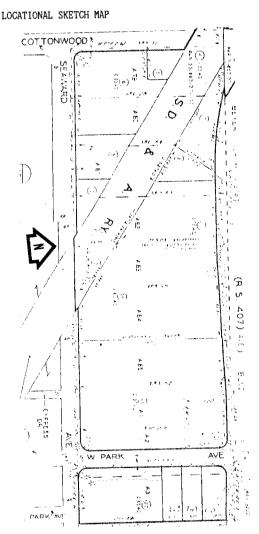
SEE CONTINUATION SHEET

20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture ____Arts/Leisure ____ Economic/Industrial ____Exploration ____ Settlement _x__Government ____Military ___ Religion ____Social/Education ___

21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.)

see attached references and general discussion dealing with historic determination of individual houses in the study area

22. Date form prepared <u>5/89</u> Roth and Associates 2707 Congress Ave. Suite 2A San Diego, California 92110 (619)-295-3111



HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY

117 SEAWARD "YOUNG'S HOUSE"

19. SIGNIFICANCE CONT.

C.J. Young was one of the original incorporators of the Little Landers Colony; at the colony he married Dr. Blackshaw's daughter. In 1912 the statue of General Grant stood on Young's porch until a pedestal could be built for it:

". . . . George P. Hall, our Horticulturist asked for General Grant and two lady statues to be set up in our Park. They were brought out, the two ladies were set up in the Park near where the Irrigation District office now is, and General Grant was laid on the front porch of Youngs home at the head of Park on Seaward Ave. until a pedestal was a built to set it on Later when a pedestal was ready a ceremony was held to dedicate Grants statue which was set up with his arm pointing to Mexico and stood there until 1918 when during the War came a great scarcity of copper came about, so the residents got together and tore down General Grant and sold the copper for the war effort. The two ladies known as Mrs. Eddy and Lydia Pinkham were taken down later." (L. Judd September 30, 1955).

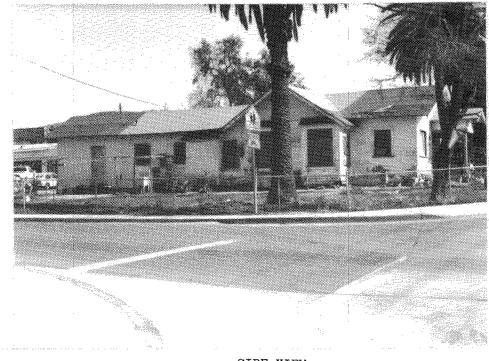
The potential historic importance of this structure lies in its early construction date (associated with the original Little Landers settlement) and its association with C.J. Young, one of the incorporators of the Colony and head of the Irrigation District.

HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY

PHOTO CONTINUATION SHEET

117 SEAWARD

638-14-20 Lot A3 FOLK VERNACULAR



SIDE VIEW

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| HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY | | | | | |
| IDENTIFICATION 1. Common name: | | | | | |
| 2. Historic name: | nterreterinkan diamonta anterinkan terret-etti. 1880 | and a factor of the statement of the | | | |
| 3. Street/rural address: 12 | | | | | n de fan de fan sjel en skreve sjel de skreve sjel |
| City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: | <u>92073</u> Cou | nty: | San Die | go | |
| 4. Parcel number:638-161-38 | Lot A5 | | | | nen fyr 1999 yw dda a Rodan a Malanad a canar awn |
| 5. Present Owner: <u>San Ysidro In</u> City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: | | | | | |
| 6. Present Use: residence | 0r: | iginal Use: | res | idence | n face-of-of-model-barge-contribution-come |

- 7a. Architectural style: CRAFTSMAN
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

Two story bungalow with medium pitch side facing gable,a front facing, full width, medium pitch gabled dormier, and a full extension porch. Porch entry is off-set, giving the structure an asymmetrical front facade. Principal roof extends over porch to give a side "salt-box" appearance. <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS:</u> <u>WALL TREATMENT</u>: lap siding. <u>DORMIER</u>: boxed lattice vent under dormier gable; windows are 2 sets of 2 double hung, rectangularly shaped panes; plain board trim with lentils slightly flared. <u>ROOF</u>: composition sheeting and shingles; large decorative knee braces at 3 points under gables; exposed rafters; undecorated plain gableboard. <u>CHIMNEY</u>: 2 brick chimneys on either side of house. <u>WINDOWS</u>: metal sliders and 1 single pane, double hung window to the left of the door; tall thin double hung window with flared lentils to the right of the door; rectangular side windows; two small high windows on either side of chimney. <u>DOOR</u>: off center, partially glazed with oval glass panel inset. <u>PORCH</u>: full porch contained under principal roof; solid lap-sided porch balustrade to approximately 3' above ground level; 2 massive, tapered wood supports set on wood piers; 3 front facing wood steps to entry; wrought iron railing system along stairs.



8. Construction date:
 Estimated: <u>circa 1912</u>
 9. Architect:

10. Builder:

11. Approx. property size (in feet):
 Frontage: 114'
 depth: 391'
 or approx. acreage: ______

12. Date of enclosed photo(s): _____2/89 b/w photo, Roll 2 Frames #16,17

- 13. Condition: Excellent _____ Good _____ Fair ____ Deteriorated ____ No longer in existence _____
- 14. Alterations: additions to the back; attached converted garage
- 15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land _____ Scattered buildings ____ Densely built-up _____ Residential _____ Industrial _____ Commercial _____ Other: ______
- 16. Threats to site: None known ____ Private Development _x Zoning _x Vandalism _____ Public Works Project ____ Other:
- 17. Is the structure: On its original site?: ____ Moved? ____ Unknown ? ____
- 18. Related features: <u>older vegetation (palms)</u>

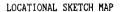
SIGNIFICANCE

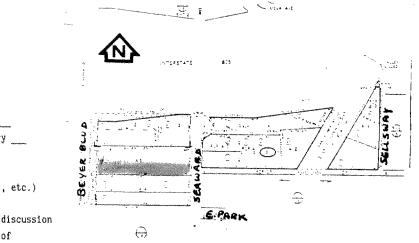
19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

The original lot designated as acre Lot A5 (see attached Little Landers Map) was purchased by Mrs. Rundell in 1911. She was one of two sisters who moved into the Little Landers colony (Little Landers Record Books). Construction of the house was started in 1911 and completed in 1912 (builder unknown). Mrs. Rundell left San Ysidro and returned to Indiana when her son committed suicide. A Roy Haigler owned the house in 1955.

A review of the City Directories fail to list specific addresses or occupations, thus severely hampering any type of biographical reconstruction for the Rundells.

The historic importance of this structure lies in its early construction date (associated with the original Little Landers settlement) and its architectural style (it is the only remaining 2 story Craftsman in the study area).





20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture <u>x</u> Arts/Leisure _____ Economic/Industrial ____ Exploration _____ Settlement <u>x</u> Government _____ Military _____ Religion _____ Social/Education _____

21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.)

see attached references and general discussion dealing with historic determination of individual houses in the study area

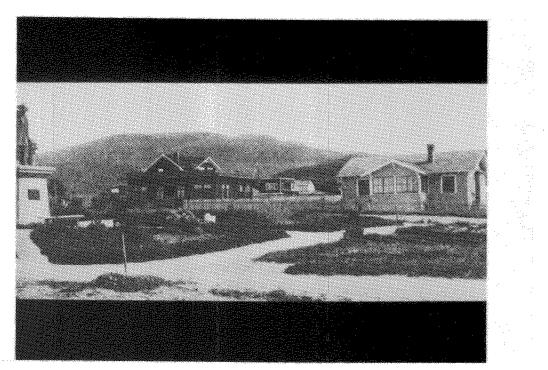
22. Date form prepared <u>5/89</u> Roth and Associates 2707 Congress Ave. Suite 2A San Diego, California 92110 (619)-295-3111

HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY

PHOTO CONTINUATION SHEET

123 SEAWARD

638-161-38 Lot A5 CRAFTSMAN



HISTORIC PHOTO NOTE ROOF LINE IN BACKGROUND

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| HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY | | |
| IDENTIFICATION 1. Common name: | | |
| 2. Historic name: | | |
| 3. Street/rural address: <u>124 Seaward</u> | unty: <u>San Diego</u> | |
| 4. Parcel number:638-161-28 Lot A10 | 0 | |
| 5. Present Owner: <u>Gloria/Jesus Lopel</u> City: <u>Chula Vista</u> Zip: <u>92011</u> | County: <u>San Die</u> | go |
| 6. Present Use: residence0 | riginal Use: <u>res</u> | idence |
| 7a. Architectural style: FOLK VERNACULAR 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; des original condition: One story cottage with hip roof and extended flat roof over placement gives the house an asymmetrical front facade. STRL WALL TREATMENT: dropped siding; narrow corner boards. ROOF: along hips, undecorated plain board fascia around entire per MINDOWS: right of door- double hung with 2 horizontal lights (at far corner of front wall)- 4 horizontally set panes with with black iron screen (can not see actual door). PORCH: par 1 by 1 and two-2 by 2 boards; low open board railing system steps to entry. | partial porch. Front window <u>JCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS</u> : composition shingle with red imeter. <u>CHIMNEY</u> : none. s on each pane; left of door n 1 batten shutter. <u>DOOR</u> : cover tial porch; roof supports inc | red ludes 2 |
| ner for teatra programmente de la construcción de la construcción de la construcción de la construcción de la c Internet de la construcción de la co Transfer de la construcción de la c | 8. Construction date: | |
| | Estimated: _post 1929 9. Architect: 10. Builder: 11. Approx. property size (Frontage: _50' depth:50' or approx. acreage: 12. Date of enclosed photo(s b/w photo Roll 2 Frame # | in feet):):2/89 |
| | (MODIFIED DPR 523 Rev. 4/79) | |

13. Condition: Excellent _____ Good _x Fair ____ Deteriorated _____ No longer in existence _____

14. Alterations: attached garage; window alterations; new siding

15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land ____ Scattered buildings ____ Densely built-up _____ Residential ____ Industrial ____ Commercial ____ Other: _____

16. Threats to site: None known ____ Private Development _x Zoning _x Vandalism _____ Public Works Project ____ Other: _____

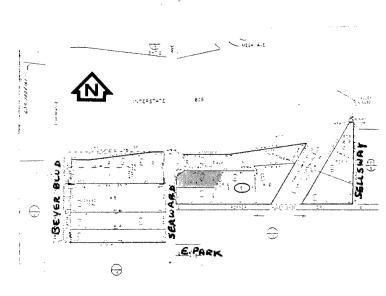
17. Is the structure: On its original site?: ____ Moved? _____ Unknown ? _____

18. Related features:

SIGNIFICANCE

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

see preceding significance overview



LOCATIONAL SKETCH MAP

20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture _____Arts/Leisure _____ Economic/Industrial _____Exploration _____ Settlement _____K Government _____Military _____ Religion _____Social/Education _____

21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.)

see attached references

22. Date form prepared <u>3/89</u> Roth and Associates 2707 Congress Ave. Suite 2A San Diego, California 92110 (619)-295-3111

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| HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY | | | | | | | |
| IDENTIFICATION | | | | | | | |
| 1. Common name: | 0-1000-0-10-2000-0-000000 | | | | | | n jejeme karana manifestari malak paner (dari 1941 yan) ana manyo ^d ar-ya |
| 2. Historic name: | 1999,100 200 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 | | | | | | |
| 3. Street/rural address: <u>129 Sea</u> City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: 92 | | | | S | an Diego |) | |
| 4. Parcel number:638-161-40 | | | | | | | |
| 5. Present Owner: <u>Gloria/Leopoldo</u> City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: | | | | | | | |
| 6. Present Use: residence | al "Latoro de La Pola Carlo de Carlos de Carlos | 0rt | iginal | Use: | res | idence | uniquique a galancia de la compansión de la |

- 7a. Architectural style: MISSION REVIVAL, MULTIPLE ROOF PLANE
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

One story bungalow with multiple roof planes, including low pitch front facing gable, flat roof over open porch and pyramidal roof over attached garage. <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS</u>: <u>NALL TREATMENT</u>: stucco; 2 circular drains under gable; wide band of stucco coping along flat roof line and gable line. <u>ROOF</u>: composition shingle (garage roof has roof along hips and exposed eaves); undecorated eaves fascia and gableboard on rear portion of house; front gable has no overhang. <u>CHIMNEY</u>: none. <u>WINDOWS</u>: front focal is inset rectangular metal slider; no surrounding board trim; windows in porch area and along side house are fixed, double hung with 4 lights on top/ 2 on bottom. <u>DOOR</u>: offset; can not see door. <u>PORCH</u>: open, 3/4 front facing with 3 stuccoed, segmental arches; horizontal stucco trim makes the sides of the arches appear as massive columns; attached garage has same arched elements.



8. Construction date:
 Estimated: <u>1916-1928</u>
 9. Architect: _______
 10. Builder:

- 11. Approx. property size (in feet): Frontage: <u>114'</u> depth: <u>127'</u>
- or approx. acreage: ______ 12. Date of enclosed photo(s): ______ b/w photo Roll 7 Frame #29

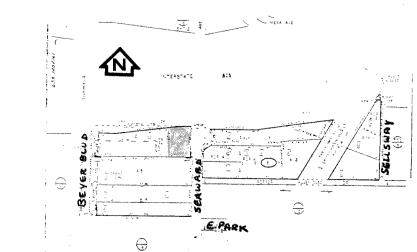
| 13. Condition: Excellent Goodx Fair Deteriorated No longer in existence |
|---|
| 14. Alterations: window treatment |
| 15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land Scattered buildings Densely built-up Residential Industrial Commercial Other: |
| 16. Threats to site: None known Private Developmentx_Zoningx_Vandalism Public Works Project Other: |
| 17. Is the structure: On its original site?: Moved? Unknown ? |

18. Related features: combination block and wrought iron fence along perimeter; post 1928s construction

SIGNIFICANCE

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

see preceding significance overview



LOCATIONAL SKETCH MAP

22. Date form prepared <u>3/89</u> Roth and Associates 2707 Congress Ave. Suite 2A San Diego, California 92110 (619)-295-3111

20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture _____Arts/Leisure _____ Economic/Industrial ____ Exploration

Religion ____ Social/Education ____

Settlement X Government Military

21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.)

see attached references

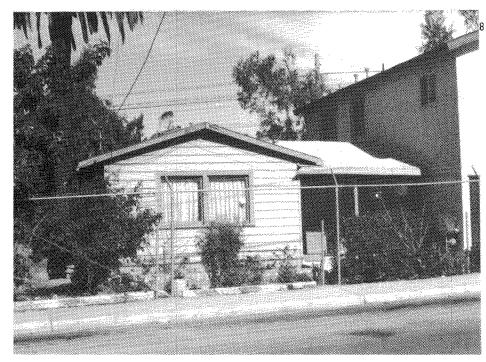
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| HISTO | RIC RESOURCES INVENTORY | | | | | | |
| IDENT | IFICATION | | | | | | |
| 1. | Common name: | | na f ny te ny tetadosta ana ana ana ana ana ana ana ana ana a | | | | |
| 2. | Historic name: | | ang sa malana katang sa katang | and a state of the | an a | <u>ي مېر د مېر مېر مېر مېر مېر مېر مېر مېر مېر مېر</u> | un ana ang ang ang ang ang ang ang ang an |
| 3. | Street/rural address:163_ | Seaward | | | | | |
| | City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: <u>92</u> | 073 | County: | San D | iego | | |
| 4. | Parcel number: 638-14-10 | Lot | <u>A81</u> | | | an a | lay-an barra antique a constraire anna an star de chaine. |
| 5. | Present Owner: <u>Rosa/Ofelia Lara</u> | L. | Addr | ess: _ | 163 | Seaward | |
| | City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: | 92073 | _ County: | <u>S</u> | an Dieg | 0 | |
| 6. | Present Use:residence | 914 - 115 - 11 - 11 - 11 - 11 - 11 - 11 - | _Original | Use: _ | resi | dence | |

- 7a. Architectural style: FOLK VERNACULAR
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

"L-shape", one story structure with low pitch cross gable. Asymmetrical front facade. <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS</u>: WALL TREATMENT: one story portion of structure has new lap siding with thin corner boards; square metal vent under gable. <u>ROOF</u>: composition shingle with exposed rafters; plain, undecorated gable board. <u>CHIMNEY</u>: none. <u>WINDOWS</u>: front (left) set of 2 single panes in wooden slider with plain board surrounding detail; window in porch is a fixed, single pane. <u>DOOR</u>: side entrance; wrought iron screen obscures door. <u>PORCH</u>: located under principal roof; single 2 by 2 porch support; 1 front facing cement step to entry.

Additions to original structure include modern 2 story stucco apartment (garage with upper apartment). Original structure contains little/no remaining historic integrity.



8. Construction date: Estimated: <u>1913-1928</u>

9. Architect:

10. Builder:

11. Approx. property size (in feet):
 Frontage: ______
 depth: ______
 or approx. acreage: ______

12. Date of enclosed photo(s): 2/89 b/w photo Roll 2 Frame #13

13. Condition: Excellent _____ Good ____ Fair ____ Deteriorated _____ No longer in existence _____

14. Alterations: _attached 2 story stucco garage/apartment; window replacement; new siding ______

- 15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land _____ Scattered buildings ____ Densely built-up _____ Residential _____ Industrial _____ Commercial _____ Other: ______
- 16. Threats to site: None known ____ Private Development _x Zoning _x Vandalism _____ Public Works Project ____ Other: _____
- 17. Is the structure: On its original site?: ____ Moved? ____ Unknown ? ____
- 18. Related features: <u>older vegetation (palm trees) in yard suggesting older structure may have been on lot</u> or that a portion of this house is old

SIGNIFICANCE

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

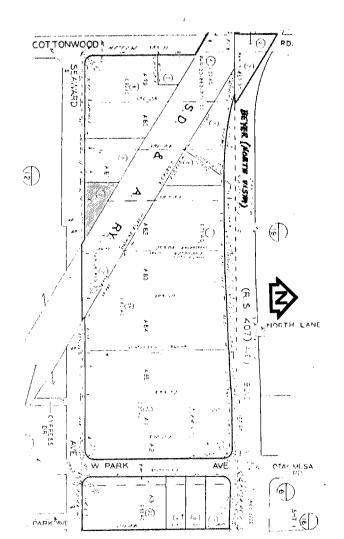
see preceding significance overview

20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture _____Arts/Leisure _____ Economic/Industrial _____Exploration _____ Settlement X_____Government _____Military _____ Religion _____Social/Education _____

21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.)

see attached references

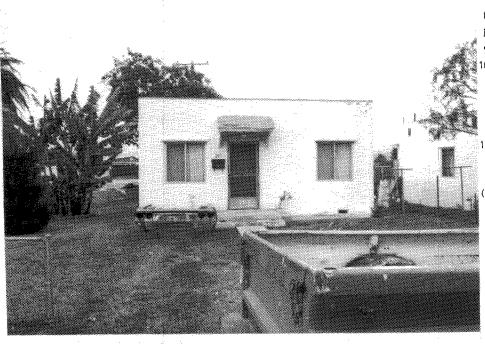
22. Date form prepared <u>3/89</u> Roth and Associates 2707 Congress Ave. Suite 2A San Diego, California 92110 (619)-295-3111



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| HISTOR | RIC RESOURCES INVENTORY | | | | | |
| IDENTI | IFICATION | | | | | |
| 1. | Common name: | | | | | |
| 2. | Historic name: | n si kan sa kana sa ka | Galanta Marya, Saya Jajara (galanta da Marya), da kata da Marya da Marya da Marya da Marya da Marya da Marya d | ng bang bang bang bang bang bang bang ba | annan ferina (1971-1972) | and delaying the start of the star |
| 3. | Street/rural address:28 | 5 Seaward | | | | |
| | City: San Ysidro Zip: 92 | 073 Cou | aty: | San Dieg | 0 | |
| 4. | Parcel number:638-162-28 | Lot A16 | | an a | | de un de la de la compañía de la deficiencia de la de la de |
| 5. | Present Owner: D. Clark | | Address: | 325 M | lesa Ave. | and the state of the |
| | City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: | 92073 | County: | San Di | ego | |
| | Present Use: residence | | | | | |

- 7a. Architectural style: SPANISH ECLECTIC with FLAT ROOF
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

One story bungalow with flat roof; box-like shape with stucco bracketed hood over door. House sits on same lot as 285 Seaward. Asymmetrical front facade (unevenly spaced front windows). <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS: WALL TREATMENT</u>: white stucco. <u>ROOF</u>: flat, no relief at roof/ wall junction; can not see roof covering. <u>CHIMNEY</u>: none. <u>WINDOWS</u>: 2 front facing metal sliders with thick molded stucco lentils above each. <u>DOOR</u>: front facing, glazed with 8 lights; braced stucco hood over door covered with composition sheeting. <u>PORCH</u>: none; one front facing cement step to stoop area.



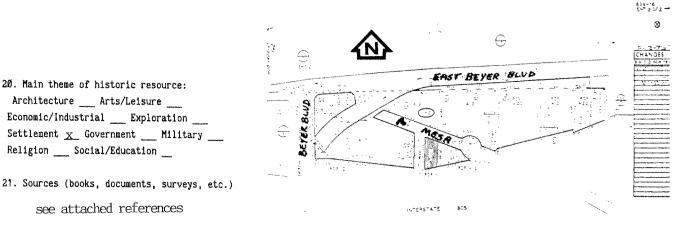
| | 8. | Construction date: |
|---|-----|------------------------------------|
| | Est | timated: 1916-1928 |
| 6 | 9. | Architect: |
| ١ | ø. | Builder: |
| | 11 | . Approx. property size (in feet): |
| × | | Frontage: <u>109'</u> |
| | | depth: <u>105</u> * |
| 2 | | or approx. acreage: |
| | 12. | Date of enclosed photo(s):2/89 |
| | | b/w photo Roll 7 Frame #6 |
| | | |

| 13. | Condition: Excellent Good Fair _x Deteriorated No longer in existence |
|-----|---|
| 14. | Alterations: |
| 15. | Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land Scattered buildings Densely built-up Residential Industrial Commercial Other: |
| 16. | Threats to site: None known Private Developmentx_ Zoningx_ Vandalism Public Works Project Other: |
| 17. | Is the structure: On its original site?: Moved? Unknown ? |
| 18. | Related features: |
| IF | ICANCE |

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

see preceding significance overview

LOCATIONAL SKETCH MAP



22. Date form prepared <u>3/89</u> Roth and Associates 2707 Congress Ave. Suite 2A San Diego, California 92110 (619)-295-3111

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| HISTO | RIC RESOURCES INVENT | ORY | | | | |
| | IFICATION | | | | | |
| 1. | Common name: | | an the system of a given of the state of t | | | 6)// |
| 2. | Historic name: | an managan sa kana sa sa sa sa kana kana kana ka | n ya ya kuta kuta kuta kuta kuta kuta kuta kut | | anna - 111 1110 - 1120 - 1120 - 1120 - 1120 - 1120 - 1120 - 1120 - 1120 - 1120 - 1120 - 1120 - 1120 - 1120 - | 1992 - 1994 - 1994 - 1994 - 1994 - 1994 - 1994 - 1994 - 1994 - 1994 - 1994 - 1994 - 1994 - 1994 - 1994 - 1994 |
| 3. | Street/rural address: | 295 Seawar | ٠d | | | |
| | City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip | 92073 | County: | San Die | go | |
| 4. | Parcel number:638-1 | 62-28 Lot | A16 | ny agalahanan terdekin di katalah mining sa menyahan menyahan men | aan amin'n yn syfeithaf yn Yn Henderson af amerikaan en staath | Names and a state of the state |
| 5. | Present Owner: <u>D. Clark</u> | | Addre | ss: 325 | Mesa Ave. | , |
| | City: <u>San Ysidro</u> | Zip: 9207 | 73 County: | San D | iego | ***** |
| 6. | Present Use: residence | n ya a dinana ing kanjinana a ta ana na daja ga kasa na aka ji ga | Original U | se: <u>re</u> | sidence | navýš dryvena vranovno v vranav kajakatok. |
| DESCRI | PTION | | | | | |

- 7a. Architectural style: SPANISH ECLECTIC with FLAT ROOF
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

One story bungalow with flat roof, box-like shape with stucco bracketed hood over door. Asymmetrical front facade (2 front windows are not evenly spaced). <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS</u>: <u>WALL TREATMENT</u>: stucco. <u>ROOF</u>: flat, no relief at roof and wall junction; can not see covering. <u>CHIMNEY</u>: none. <u>WINDOWS</u>: 2 front facing metal sliders with thick molded stucco lentils above each. <u>DOOR</u>: front facing, glazed with 8 lights; braced stucco hood over door. <u>PORCH</u>: none; one front facing cement step to stoop.



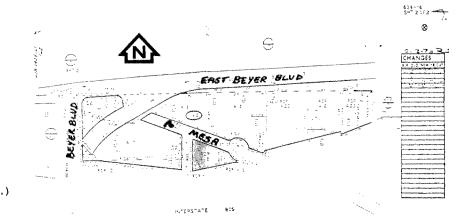
- 8. Construction date: Estimated: <u>1916-1928</u>
- 9. Architect: ______ 10. Builder:
- 11. Approx. property size (in feet): Frontage: <u>109</u>'
 - depth: 105'
 - or approx. acreage:
- 12. Date of enclosed photo(s): ____2/89 b/w photo Roll 7 Frame #7

| 13. | Condition: Excellent Good Fairx Deteriorated No longer in existence |
|-----|---|
| 14. | Alterations: |
| 15. | Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land Scattered buildings Densely built-up Residential Industrial Commercial Other: |
| 16. | Threats to site: None known Private Development _x Zoning _x Vandalism Public Works Project Other: |
| 17. | Is the structure: On its original site?: Moved? Unknown ? |
| | Related features: <u>chain-link fencing along perimeter</u> |

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

see preceding significance overview

LOCATIONAL SKETCH MAP



20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture _____Arts/Leisure _____ Economic/Industrial _____Exploration _____ Settlement _____ Government _____ Military ____ Religion _____ Social/Education _____

21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.)

see attached references

22. Date form prepared <u>3/89</u> Roth and Associates 2707 Congress Ave. Suite 2A San Diego, California 92110 (619)-295-3111

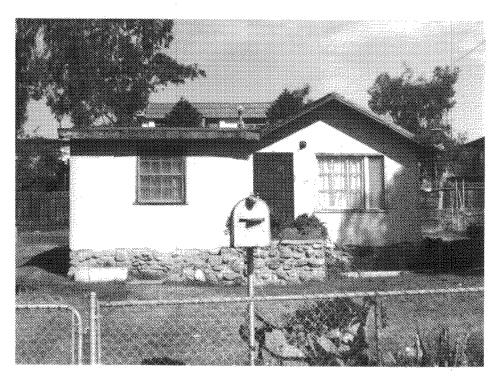
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| HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY | | | | | | | |
| 1. Common name: | | | | | | | |
| 2. Historic name: | | | | | | | |
| 3. Street/rural address: City:San YsidroZ | 139 Sellsway | | | | | | |
| 4. Parcel number: | | | | | | | |
| 5. Present Owner: <u>Juanita</u> City: <u>San Ysidro</u> | | | | | | | |
| 6. Present Use:residenc | <u>e</u> 0 | riginal Use: | resider | nce | | | |

- 7a. Architectural style: FOLK VERNACULAR
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

One story house with cross gable (medium pitch front gable; extremely low pitch side gable). Asymmetrical front facade. <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS</u>: WALL TREATMENT: stucco with decorative cobble/cement skirting along bottom 2' of structure; small horizontal vent under side gable. <u>ROOF</u>: combination wood shingles, composition sheeting and composition shingles; undecorated fascia and gable boards; exposed rafters along one side of building. <u>CHIMNEY</u> : none. <u>WINDOWS</u>: left of door- double hung with 8 lights on top and bottom; right of door- fixed window with 9 lights on top/tall narrow louvered window along right outer edge; plain board surrounding trim; side windows are double hung with same light pattern as front. <u>DOOR</u>: plywood with metal security screen. <u>PORCH</u>: open porch with no roof overhang; side approach with 5 cement steps; low cement/cobble wall accents perimeter of porch.



8. Construction date:

Estimated: 9. Architect:

| <i>.</i> . | montocco. | |
|------------|-----------|--|
| | | |

10. Builder:

- 11. Approx. property size (in feet):
 Frontage: 321'
 depth: 120'
 or approx. acreage: ______
- 12. Date of enclosed photo(s): ____2/89
 b/w photo Roll 4 Frame #26, 27 ·

13. Condition: Excellent _____ Good _____ Fair _x __ Deteriorated _____ No longer in existence _____

14. Alterations: at least 2 associated out buildings

15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land _____ Scattered buildings ____ Densely built-up _____ Residential _____ Industrial _____ Commercial _____ Other: ______

16. Threats to site: None known ____ Private Development ___ Zoning ___ Vandalism ____ Public Works Project ____ Other: ____

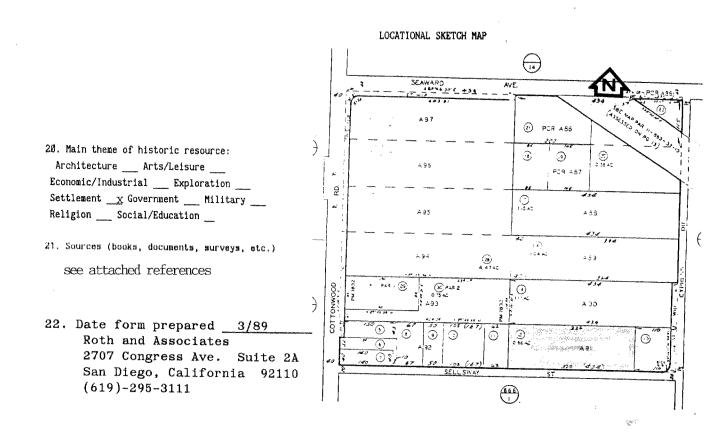
17. Is the structure: On its original site?: ____ Moved? _____ Unknown ? _____

18. Related features: chain-link fence along perimeter; older vegetation includes large pepper trees

SIGNIFICANCE

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

see preceding significance overview



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| HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTOR | Y | | | |
| IDENTIFICATION 1. Common name: | | | | |
| 2. Historic name: | | | an and a state of the | |
| 3. Street/rural address: | 145 Sellsway | 9749956545655555555555555555555555555555 | na ferrar a faith an | 9999999994 - 3000 () |
| City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: | <u>92073</u> Coun | ty: <u>Sa</u> | an Diego | and and a second state of the state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second s |
| 4. Parcel number: 638- | 12-12 Lot A91 | 14 | | 19-1-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-1 |
| 5. Present Owner: <u>Juanita Cell/J</u> City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zij | | | | |
| 6. Present Use: residence | 0ri | ginal Use: _ | residenc | e |

- 7a. Architectural style: FOLK VERNACULAR (neighbor states house was built in 1956)
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

One story house with low pitch side gable and slight principal roof extension over porch. Asymmetrical front facade. <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS</u>: <u>WALL TREATMENT</u>: composition shingles as siding; dropped vertical siding under gable which extends to wall line; horizontal louvered and boxed vent under gable; cement foundations. <u>ROOF</u>: composition shingle; no exposed eaves or rafters; extension over porch is boxed; plain eaves fascia and gableboard. <u>CHIMNEY</u>: none. <u>WINDOWS</u>: (to the right of door) center window fixed, 6 light panel with double hung 2 light/2 light pattern on each side; to the right side is a double hung (2 vertical lights on top and bottom); side windows appear to have same treatment; sill extends slightly beyond window opening; narrow surrounding board trim. <u>DOOR</u>: can not see; front facing- set at left side of house. <u>PORCH</u>: no porch; roof extension over door and main focal window; rear porch under principal roof that is now enclosed with plywood.

8. Construction date:
 Estimated: ______post_1929____
 9. Architect:

| <i>'</i> . | Archited | :1: | |
|------------|----------|-----|--|
|------------|----------|-----|--|

10. Builder:

| 11 | . Approx. pro | perty | size | (in | feet): |
|-----|---------------|---------|-------|-----|--------|
| | Frontage: | 120' | | | |
| | depth: | 324' | | | |
| | or approx. | acreag | ge: | | unione |
| 12. | Date of encl | osed p | hoto(| s): | 2/89 |
| | b/w photo Ro | 011 4 P | rame | #24 | |

Roll 6 Frame #15

13. Condition: Excellent ____ Good ____ Fair _x _ Deteriorated ____ No longer in existence

14. Alterations: window treatment; wall treatment

15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land _____ Scattered buildings ____ Densely built-up _____ Residential _____ Industrial _____ Commercial _____ Other: ______

16. Threats to site: None known ____ Private Development ___ Zoning ___ Vandalism _____ Public Works Project ____ Other: _____

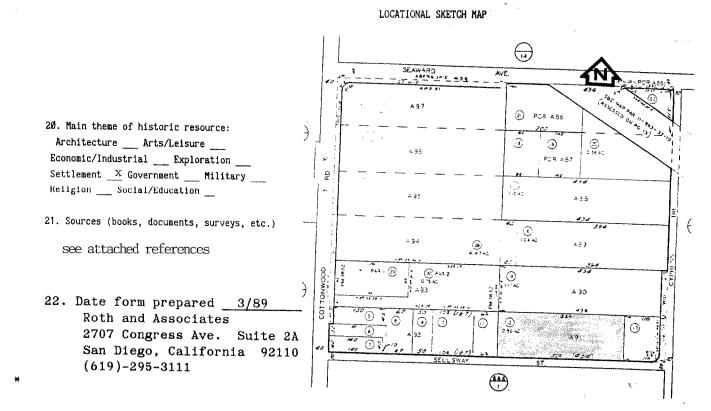
17. Is the structure: On its original site?: _____ Moved? _____ Unknown ? _____

18. Related features: block wall and chain-link fencing along perimeter

SIGNIFICANCE

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

see preceding significance overview



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| HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY | | | | | | |
| 1. Common name: | ****** | | | | | the statement of the statement |
| 2. Historic name: | | | | | 4 | |
| 3. Street/rural address: 149 City: San Ysidro Zip: 92 | Sells | way | | |) | |
| 4. Parcel number:638-12 | 2-11 | Lot A | 92 | | | |
| 5. Present Owner: <u>V. Lopez</u> City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: | 920 | 7 <u>3</u> Co | _ Address: ounty: | 153 San Die | 3 Sellswa ego | <u>y</u> |
| 6. Present Use: <u>residence</u> | ta na anti-anti-anti-anti-anti-anti-anti-anti- | Ori | ginal Use: | resi | ldence | |

- 7a. Architectural style: FOLK VERNACULAR
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

One story bungalow with front facing medium pitch gable and dropped medium pitch porch entry roof. Symmetrical front facade. <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS</u>: <u>WALL TREATMENT</u>: stucco; horizontal louvered vent under gable (partially boxed). <u>ROOF</u>: composition shingles; exposed rafters; plain undecorated gableboard on both house and porch. <u>CHIMNEY</u>: none. <u>WINDOWS</u>: 2 front inset windows, fixed with 3 horizontal panes; window sill extends slightly beyond opening. <u>DOOR</u>: front facing, unglazed with 3 square wood panels. <u>PORCH</u>: open, entry porch; boxed pediment under porch gable; 2 stick supports; 1 front facing cement step to stoop inset



| 8. | Constructi | on | da | te: | |
|-----|------------|-----|----|------|--|
| Est | imated: | pos | t | 1929 | |
| 9. | Architect: | | | | |

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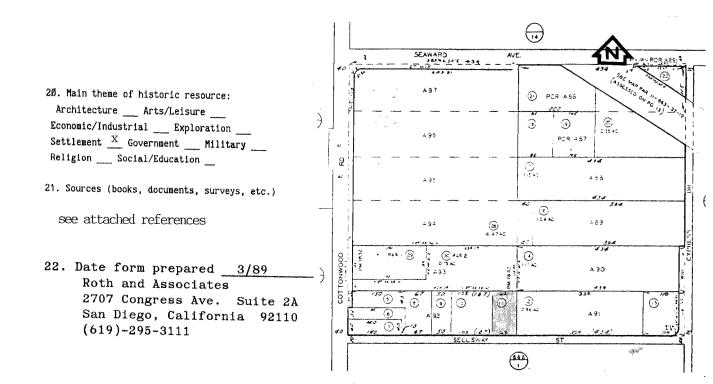
- 11. Approx. property size (in feet):
 Frontage: 62'
 depth: 115'
 or approx. acreage:
 - or approx. acreage:
- 12. Date of enclosed photo(s): 2/89 b/w photo Roll 6 Frame #15

- 13. Condition: Excellent _____ Good _____ Fair _x __ Deteriorated _____ No longer in existence _____
- 14. Alterations: shed additions in the back
- 15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land _____ Scattered buildings _____ Densely built-up _____ Residential _____ Industrial _____ Commercial _____ Other: ______
- 16. Threats to site: None known ____ Private Development _x Zoning _x Vandalism _____ Public Works Project ____ Other: _____
- 17. Is the structure: On its original site?: _____ Moved? _____ Unknown ? _____
- 18. Related features: detached garage; chain link and open board fencing along perimeter

SIGNIFICANCE

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

see preceding significance overview



LOCATIONAL SKETCH MAP

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| HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY | Z | | | |
| IDENTIFICATION 1. Common name: | | | | Augustania and a start and a start |
| 2. Historic name: | | | | an a she was the state of the |
| 3. Street/rural address:1 | | | Diogo | 1999-9999 (1999-1999) |
| City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip:4. Parcel number: <u>638-12</u> | | | Diego | |
| 5. Present Owner: <u>George Ell</u> City: <u>Bonita</u> Zip | | | | |
| 6. Present Use: residenc | eOrig | inal Use: _ | residence | • |

- 7a. Architectural style: SPANISH ECLECTIC, FLAT ROOF BOX
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

side steps to open wooden porch; one horizontal board serves as railing system.

One story bungalow with flat roof; symmetrical facade. <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS</u>: <u>WALL TREATMENT</u>: white stucco; diamond shaped tile below roof line in a decorative pattern. Initials on tile include "LYJ, CYM<, SYJ". <u>CHIMNEY</u>: none. <u>WINDOWS</u>: double hung windows on either side of door; window to left has 1 double light on top/1 on bottom; other window has 2 horizontal lights on top/ 6 lights on the bottom. <u>DOOR</u>: plywood; undecorated. <u>PORCH</u>: hipped roof over entry porch; porch roof supported with 2 by 2's; roof covered with composition sheet; exposed eaves; 3



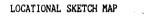
| 8. Construction date: Estimated: post 1929 |
|--|
| 9. Architect: |
| |
| 10. Builder: |
| |
| Approx. property size (in feet): |
| Frontage: <u>50'</u> |
| depth:115' |
| or approx. acreage: |
| 12. Date of enclosed photo(s): |
| b/w photo Roll 4 Frame #23 |
| |
| (MODIFIED DPR 523 Rev. 4/79) |
| ······································ |

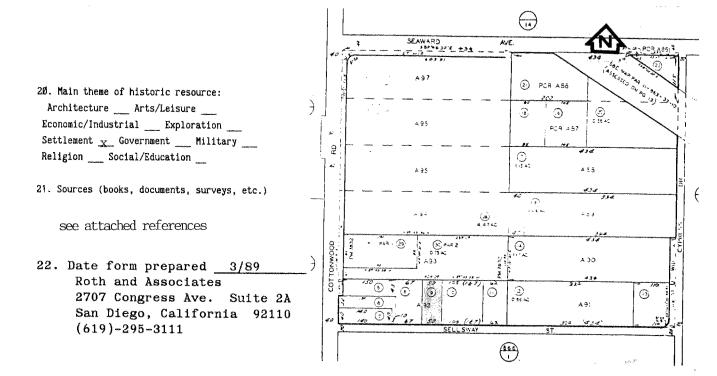
| 13. Condition: Excellent Good Fair Deteriorated No longer in existence |
|---|
| 14. Alterations:(cracked foundation; stucco falling off; window repair needed; poor exterior) |
| 15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land Scattered buildings Densely built-up Residential Industrial Commercial Other: |
| 16. Threats to site: None known Private Development _x_ Zoning _x_ Vandalism Public Works Project Other: |
| 17. Is the structure: On its original site?: Moved? Unknown ? |
| 18. Related features: |

SIGNIFICANCE

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

see preceding significance overview





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| HISTO | RIC RESOURCES INVENTORY | | | | | |
| IDENT | IFICATION | | | | | |
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| 2. | Historic name: | | | galagyapasa karakarakarakara ara ara ara da karakara | | |
| 3. | Street/rural address: City:San YsidroZip: | <u>169 Sell</u> 92073 | County: | San D | iego | |
| 4. | Parcel number: 638-12-8 | <u>8 Lot</u> | 92 | | | |
| 5. | Present Owner: <u>George Ellis</u> City: <u>Bonita</u> Zip: | 1 | Ad Count | dress: y: <u>San</u> | 2955 Plaza Le Diego | eonardo |
| 6. | Present Use:residence | al pai an tao | Origina | 1 Use: | residence | <u>y 102 109 109 109 109 109 109 109 109 109 109</u> |
| DESCRI | TTION | | | | | |
| | Architectural style: FOLK VERNACULAR | | | | | |
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7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

Two-one story structures, each with side facing parallel medium pitched gables. Asymmetrical front facade (door under one gable, window under the other).

STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS: WALL TREATMENT: vertical flushed siding on one; combination of horizontal and vertical flushed siding on the other; both buildings are sitting on concrete piers; triangular framed vent under gable. <u>ROOF</u>: composition sheeting. <u>CHIMNEY</u>: none. <u>WINDOWS</u>: single double hung. <u>DOOR</u>: can not see. <u>PORCH</u>: no porch; small shed extension over door supported by 2 by 2's; no steps to entry.



| 8. Const | ruction da | ate: | |
|----------|----------------|---------|--|
| Estimate | d: <u>post</u> | 1929 | |
| 9. Archi | tect: | <u></u> | alexandra a constant da constante da constante da constante da constante da constante da constante da constant |

| 1Ø. | Builder: | |
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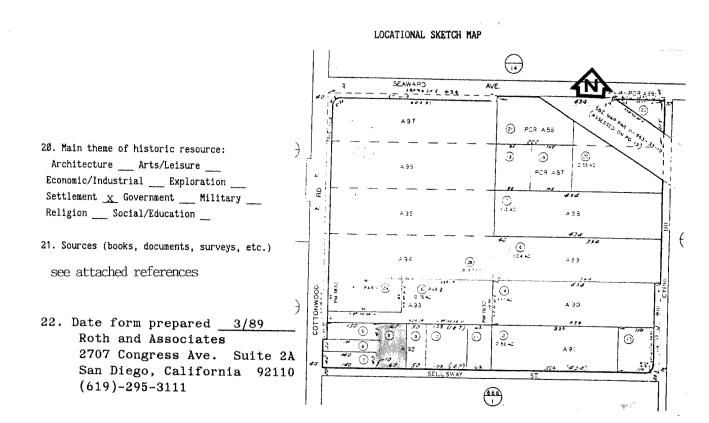
- 11. Approx. property size (in feet):
 Frontage: ______
 depth: ______115'
 or approx. acreage: ______
- 12. Date of enclosed photo(s): _____2/89
 b/w photo Roll 4 Frames #21,22

| 13. | Condition: Excellent Good Fair Deteriorated _ x No longer in existence |
|-----|---|
| 14. | Alterations: NO THEMATIC ELEMENTS/NO STRUCTURAL INTEGRITY |
| 15. | Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land Scattered buildings Densely built-up Residential Industrial Commercial Other: |
| 16. | Threats to site: None known Private Developmentx_Zoningx_ Vandalism Public Works Project Other: |
| 17. | Is the structure: On its original site?: Moved? Unknown ? |
| 18. | Related features: |

SIGNIFICANCE

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

see preceding significance overview



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| 2. | Historic name: | land man bland bland all an an air ain air air air bha bha righ ann an bhair | | | | 1994 (1999) - 1994 (1994 - 1994 - 1994 (1994) |
| | Street/rural address: City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: | | | San Diego |) | an construction of the state of |
| 4. | Parcel number: 638-10 | 0-18 Lot A | 74 | | - Anti Marina - Maria and an independent of the second | |
| | Present Owner: Lorenzo Gonza City: San Ysidro Zip: | | | | | |
| 6. | Present Use: residence | | Original Use: | resi | ldence | n fan ferske fan de skriver oan de skriver fan de skriver fan de skriver oan de skriver oan de skriver oan de s |

- 7a. Architectural style: CRAFTSMAN
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

One story bungalow with 2 low pitch front facing gables (one is dropped and off-set from the principal roof. Asymmetrical front facade. STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS: WALL TREATMENT: lap siding; vertical slat vent, triangularly framed under gables. ROOF: composition sheeting; wide overhang; exposed eaves, plain gableboard; 2 simple beam braces under sides of gable. CHIMNEY: has been removed, was on side of house. WINDOWS: front window- fixed with sash bar of 4 lights along top/ larger pane below; shutters on each side (possible that they cover 2 sidelights); plain surrounding board trim with sills extending slightly beyond window. On either side of front door are 2 narrow, vertical fixed windows with sash bar pattern of 4 square lights on top third/ 2 vertical lights on bottom. DOOR: front facing, plywood (this door and sidelights were added when porch was totally enclosed. PORCH: totally inclosed; 2 front facing steps to door.



- 11. Approx. property size (in feet): Frontage: 50' depth: <u>140'</u> or approx. acreage:
- 2. Date of enclosed photo(s): 2/89 b/w photo Roll 1 Frame #11, 12

| 3. | Condition: | Excellent | | Good |] | Fair | | Deteriorated | x | No | longer in | existence | |
|----|------------|-----------|--|------|---|------|--|--------------|---|----|-----------|-----------|--|
|----|------------|-----------|--|------|---|------|--|--------------|---|----|-----------|-----------|--|

- 14. Alterations: chimney removed; porch enclosed
- 15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land _____ Scattered buildings _____ Densely built-up _____ Residential _____ Industrial _____ Commercial _____ Other: ______
- 16. Threats to site: None known ____ Private Development ___ Zoning ___ Vandalism _____ Public Works Project ____ Other: _____

17. Is the structure: On its original site?: _____ Moved? _____ Unknown ? _____

18. Related features:

SIGNIFICANCE

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

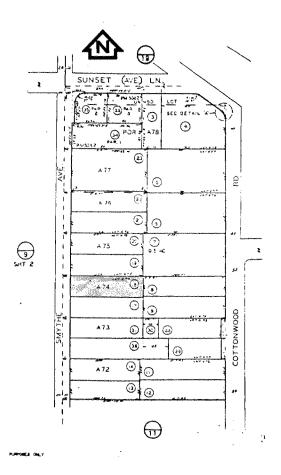
see preceding significance overview

LOCATIONAL SKETCH MAP

20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture _____ Arts/Leisure _____ Economic/Industrial _____ Exploration _____ Settlement _____ Government _____ Military _____ Religion _____ Social/Education _____

21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.)

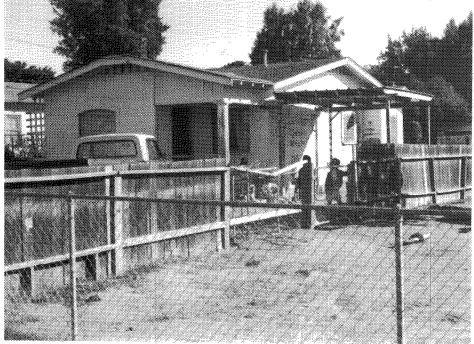
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| 5. | Present City: | Owner: <u>G</u> San Ysid | abriel ro | Rodriquez Zip: | 920' | 73 | Addr County: | ess: | 17 H San Die | E. Seawa | rd |
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- 7a. Architectural style: CRAFTSMAN
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

One story bungalow with multiple roof lines including a low pitch front facing hip gable and 2 different sized medium pitch gables along the sides; porch is inset under principal front facing gable; stick trellis extends to right of house. Asymmetrical front facade. <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS</u>: WALL TREATMENT: lap siding, alternating with thin and wide vertical slats framed as a triangular vent under gables. <u>ROOF</u>: composition shingle; moderate overhang; exposed eaves; plain gableboard. <u>CHIMNEY</u>:exterior side, brick with narrow brick cap. <u>WINDOWS</u>: main front window- large fixed pane with segmental arch, plain surrounding board trim; front facing window at porch rear are square, single pane, fixed with no surrounding detail. <u>DOOR</u>: plywood. <u>PORCH</u>: open, partial inset under principal roof; single wood column with molded base and capital serves as porch support; single horizontal stick serves as railing; 1 side step to porch



8. Construction date: Estimated: <u>1916-1928</u> 9. Architect: _____

10. Builder:

- 12. Date of enclosed photo(s): <u>2/89</u> b/w photo Roll 1 Frame #9, 10

| 3. | Condition: | Excellent | Good | Fair | Deteriorated | х | No | longer | in existence | |
|----|------------|-----------|------|------|--------------|---|----|--------|--------------|--|
|----|------------|-----------|------|------|--------------|---|----|--------|--------------|--|

14. Alterations: deteriorated detached garage to rear

- 15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land _____ Scattered buildings ____ Densely built-up _____ Residential _____ Industrial _____ Commercial _____ Other: ______
- 16. Threats to site: None known ____ Private Development __x Zoning __x Vandalism _____ Public Works Project ____ Other: _____

17. Is the structure: On its original site?: ____ Moved? ____ Unknown ? _____

18. Related features:

SIGNIFICANCE

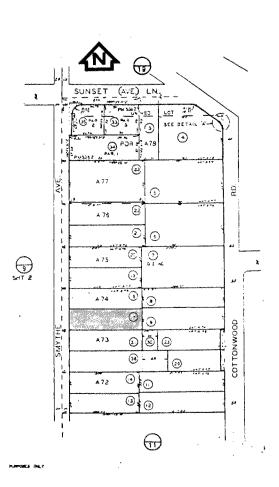
19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

see preceding significance overview

LOCATIONAL SKETCH MAP

- 20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture _____Arts/Leisure _____ Economic/Industrial _____Exploration _____ Settlement _____Government _____Military _____ Religion _____Social/Education _____
- 21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.)

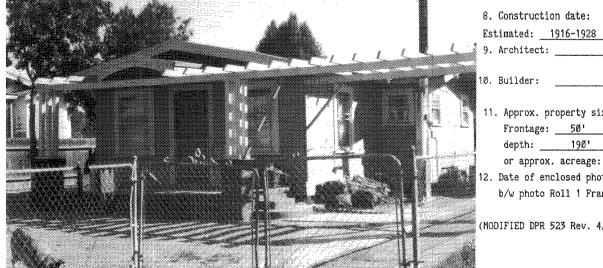
see attached references



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- 7a. Architectural style: CRAFTSMAN
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

One story "L-shaped" bungalow has a low pitch cross gable roof line with a dropped low pitch front facing gable roof and trellis work over full front porch; a trellised porte cocherre roof extends to the right of the house-giving an asymmetrical front facade. STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS: WALL TREATMENT: alternate width lap siding; boxed slat vent under gables. ROOF: composition shingles; moderate to wide eave overhang; plain eaves fascia and gableboard on main house; gableboard along porch roof rake is arched. CHIMNEY: side, exterior brick. WINDOWS: 1 window on either side of centered door; doublehung- top pane has 9 light pattern (sash division at edges emphasizes horizontal lines)/single pane below; plain wide surrounding board trim; sill extends slightly beyond opening. Side windows are smaller than front windows but are double hung with same sash pattern and surrounding trim; all windows appear to be original DOOR: center front partially glazed, plain surrounding board trim; screen door. PORCH: full, open front facing porch; porch covering is a centered low pitch front facing gable roof with a trellised roof extending on both sides; roof gableboard is arched and rests on trellis; two brick piers located at each end of porch extend from ground level to approximately 2' above porch level; a third pier is located at the end of the porte cochere; 4 clustered 2 by 2 sits on each pier and connect with trellis; 3 cement side stairs to porch.



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| | Ës | timated: <u>1916-1928</u> | |
| | 9. | Architect: | |
| | 1Ø. | Builder: | |
| 2 | 11 | . Approx. property size (in feet): Frontage:50' | |
| | | depth:190' | |
| | | | |

12. Date of enclosed photo(s): 2/89 b/w photo Roll 1 Frame #8

- 13. Condition: Excellent _____ Good _____ Fair ___x Deteriorated _____ No longer in existence _____
- 14. Alterations: <u>detached garage converted to apartment</u>
- 15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land _____ Scattered buildings _____ Densely built-up _____ Residential _____ Industrial _____ Commercial _____ Other: ______
- 16. Threats to site: None known ____ Private Development ___ Zoning ___ Vandalism ____ Public Works Project ____ Other: _____
- 17. Is the structure: On its original site?: ____ Moved? ____ Unknown ? _____

18. Related features:

SIGNIFICANCE

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

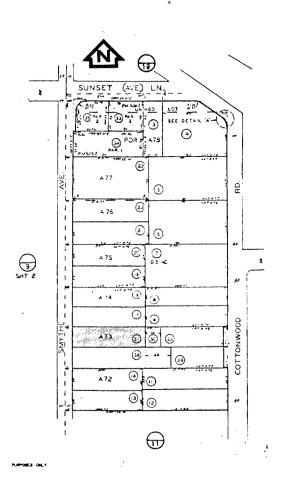
see preceding significance overview

LOCATIONAL SKETCH MAP

20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture _____Arts/Leisure _____ Economic/Industrial _____Exploration _____ Settlement _____Government _____Military ____ Religion _____Social/Education _____

21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.)

see attached references



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| 4. | Parcel number: 638-10-36 | Lot A73 | aan aa sha aha aha ahaa ahaa ahaa ahaa a | | | |
| 5. | Present Owner: J. Dolores/E. Cl | havarria | Address: | 23 | 03 Smythe | > |
| | City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: | | | | | |
| 6. | Present Use: <u>residence</u> | | _Original Use: | res | idence | 1 |

7a. Architectural style: Vernacular

7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

House has undergone so many alterations and additions original style and structural elements difficult if not impossible to determine. Original house was positioned toward the rear of the lot, backing onto Cottonwood. It was a one story cottage with parallel gables. A portion of the original structure has been incorporated into the newer 2 story house; the older portion of the house can not be seen from the street.



| 8. Construction date: |
|--|
| Estimated: <u>post 1916</u> |
| 9. Architect: |
| 10. Builder: |
| Approx. property size (in feet): |
| Frontage: <u>50'</u> |
| depth: 250' |
| or approx. acreage: |
| 12. Date of enclosed photo(s): <u>2/89</u> |
| b/w photo Roll 1 Frame #7 |
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| 13. | Condition: | Excellent | Good | Fair | х | Deteriorated | No | longer | in | existence | |
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| | | | | | | | | | | | |

14. Alterations: original structure incorporated/altered into 2 story modern building

15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land _____ Scattered buildings ____ Densely built-up _____ Residential _____ Industrial _____ Commercial _____ Other: ______

16. Threats to site: None known ____ Private Development ____ Zoning ____ Vandalism _____ Public Works Project ____ Other: _____

17. Is the structure: On its original site?: ____ Moved? _____ Unknown ? _____

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18. Related features:

SIGNIFICANCE

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

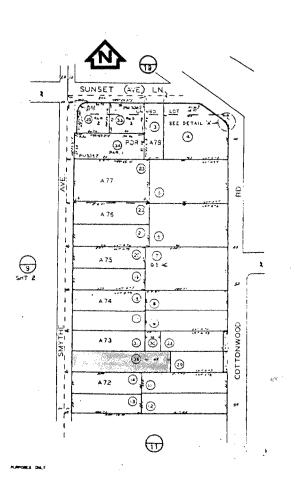
see preceding significance overview

LOCATIONAL SKETCH MAP

20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture ____ Arts/Leisure ____ Economic/Industrial ____ Exploration ____ Settlement _X Government ____ Military ____ Religion ____ Social/Education ____

21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.)

see attached references



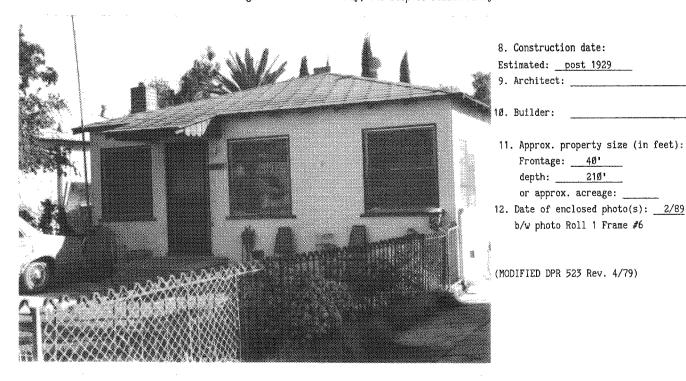
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| 4. Parcel | number: <u>63</u> | 38-10-13 Lot A7 | 72 | a proposition and the sector and an and the sector and the sector of the s | | <u></u> |
| | | es/Francisco Gonz Zip: 9207 | | | | |
| 6. Present | Use: <u>reside</u> | ence | Original | Use: <u>re</u> | sidence | |

- 7a. Architectural style: FOLK VERNACULAR
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

Design element similar to apartments directly across the street (apartments are likely post WWII housing moved onto property)

One story house with a hip roof and shed extension roof over front door; stark and simple appearance. Asymmetrical front facade. <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS</u>: <u>WALL TREATMENT</u>: stucco. ROOF: composition shingles; exposed eaves; slight overhang. CHIMNEY: left side brick with circular ceramic vent. WINDOWS: 3 front facing (1 on one side of door/ 2 on other side), wide, double hung with 2 horizontal lights on each pane; no surrounding detail except for sill that extends slightly beyond window; covered with screens. DOOR: left of center; 6 panel wood; covered with screen. PORCH: none; shed roof extension, boxed on sides with scalloped edged channel siding over front door only; one step to cement entry.

210'



13. Condition: Excellent _____ Good ____ Fair _x Deteriorated _____ No longer in existence _____

| 14. | Alterations: | |
|-----|--------------|--|
| | | |

- 15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land _____ Scattered buildings ____ Densely built-up _____ Residential _____ Industrial _____ Commercial _____ Other: ______
- 16. Threats to site: None known ____ Private Development ___ Zoning ___ Vandalism _____ Public Works Project ____ Other: _____

17. Is the structure: On its original site?: _____ Moved? _____ Unknown ? _____

18. Related features: _____

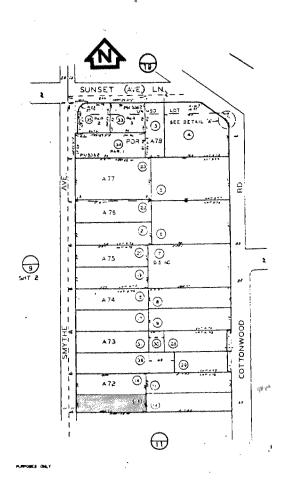
SIGNIFICANCE

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

see preceding significance overview

LOCATIONAL SKETCH MAP

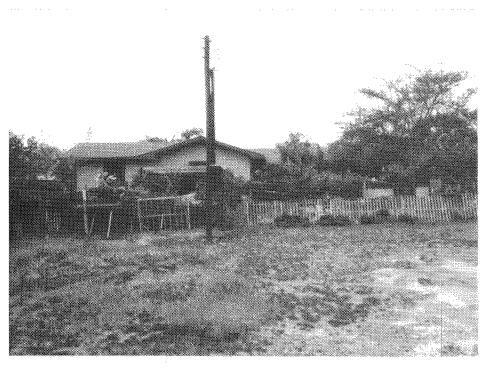
- 20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture _____Arts/Leisure _____ Economic/Industrial _____Exploration _____ Settlement __X___Government _____Military _____ Religion _____Social/Education _____
- 21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.) see attached references
- 22. Date form prepared <u>3/89</u> Roth and Associates 2707 Congress Ave. Suite 2A San Diego, California 92110 (619)-295-3111



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| | Parcel number:638-92-23 | | | | | 19 - 19 - 19 - 19 - 19 - 19 - 19 - 19 - |
| | Present Owner: <u>Pete/Marta Sa</u> City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip | | | | | |
| 6. | Present Use:residence | Ori | ginal Use: | resi | ldence | ndere alderaalse efterse stare stare stare terressaar |

- 7a. Architectural style: FOLK VERNACULAR
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

One story "L-shaped" house set back on the lot; house has a low pitch cross gable roof with a shed extension over porch. Asymmetrical front facade. Dense surrounding vegetation and trash made it difficult to describe details. <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS</u>: <u>WALL TREATMENT</u>: lap siding; moderate overhang; boxed eaves; plain eaves fascia and gableboard. <u>CHIMNEY</u>: none. <u>WINDOWS</u>: casement covered with screens and security bars; can not see detail; plain surrounding board trim. <u>DOOR</u>: can not see; likely inset in "L". <u>PORCH</u>: two cement stairs, wrought iron railing; shed overhang; partial (set into "L").



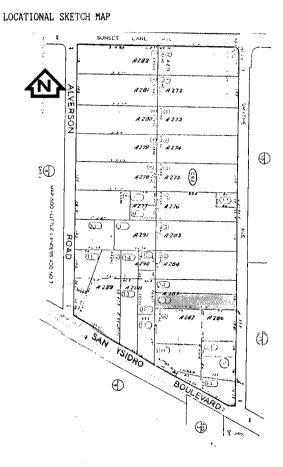
| 8. | Construction date: |
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| Es | timated: <u>1916-1928</u> |
| 9. | Architect: |
| 1Ø. | Builder: |
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| 11 | . Approx. property size (in feet): |
| | Frontage: <u>53'</u> |
| | depth:314' |
| | or approx. acreage: |
| 12. | Date of enclosed photo(s):2/89 |
| | b/w photo Roll 1 Frame #19 |
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| 13. Condition: Excellent Good Fair _x Deteriorated No longer in existence |
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| 14. Alterations: |
| 15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land Scattered buildings Densely built-up Residential Industrial Commercial Other: |
| 16. Threats to site: None known Private Development _x Zoning _x Vandalism Public Works Project Other: |
| 17. Is the structure: On its original site?: Moved? Unknown ? |
| 18. Related features: |

SIGNIFICANCE

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persuns, etc.)

see preceding significance overview



20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture _____Arts/Leisure _____ Economic/Industrial _____Exploration _____ Settlement X_____Government _____Military _____ Religion _____Social/Education _____

- 21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.) see attached references
- 22. Date form prepared <u>3/89</u> Roth and Associates 2707 Congress Ave. Suite 2A San Diego, California 92110 (619)-295-3111

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| 3. Street/rural address: 2367 Sn City: San Ysidro Zip: 92 | ythe | | |) | |
| 4. Parcel number:638-11-0 | 8 Lot A69 | | 1990 - 1990 - 1990 - 1990 - 1990 - 1990 - 1990 - 1990 - 1990 - 1990 - 1990 - 1990 - 1990 - 1990 - 1990 - 1990 - | | ana kangan sa |
| 5. Present Owner: <u>Linda/Gregory Fi</u> City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: _ | lgo 92073 | Address: County: | 2367 | 7 Smythe ego | 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - |
| 6. Present Use: <u>residence</u> | 0r | iginal Use: | resi | ldence | |

- 7a. Architectural style: FOLK VERNACULAR w/ COLONIAL REVIVAL ENTRY PORCH ELEMENTS
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

One story house with low pitch side gable roof and extended arched roof over front door. Symmetrical front facade. <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS</u>: <u>WALL TREATMENT</u>: stucco. <u>ROOF</u>: composition, moderate overhang; boxed eaves; plain eaves fascia and gableboard. <u>CHIMNEY</u>: right side, stucco. <u>WINDOWS</u>: front set on either side of door: center fixed with sash bar pattern of 9 lights in upper 1/3 of each side windows are double hung with 9 lights on top/ 1 on bottom; sash bars emphasize horizontal lines; thin strip surrounding trim. <u>DOOR</u>: center, front; partially glazed; screen obscures pattern. <u>PORCH</u>: open entry porch only; covered by arched roof with curved underside supported by doric columns (porch roof and columns extremely out of proportion with house); 1 front facing step to entry.



8. Construction date: Estimated: <u>1916-1928</u> 9. Architect:

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| | | | |

10. Builder:

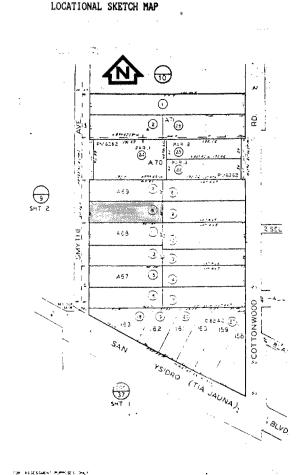
- 11. Approx. property size (in feet):
 Frontage: _________
 depth: ________
 or approx. acreage: _______
- 12. Date of enclosed photo(s): <u>2/89</u> b/w photo Roll 6 Frame #1

- 13. Condition: Excellent _____ Good _____ Fair __x Deteriorated _____ No longer in existence _____
- 14. Alterations: <u>window/door treatment; wall treatment</u>
- 15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land _____ Scattered buildings ____ Densely built-up _____ Residential ____ Industrial _____ Commercial ____ Other: _____
- 16. Threats to site: None known ____ Private Development ___ Zoning ___ Vandalism _____ Public Works Project ____ Other: _____
- 17. Is the structure: On its original site?: _____ Moved? _____ Unknown ? _____
- 18. Related features: carport to left of house; extensive alterations

SIGNIFICANCE

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

see preceding significance overview



- 20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture _____Arts/Leisure _____ Economic/Industrial _____Exploration _____ Settlement __X Government _____Military _____ Religion _____Social/Education _____
- 21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.)

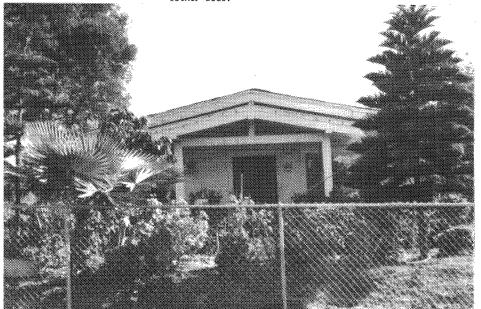
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| 3. | | ural address: San Ysidro | | | | | | |) | |
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| 5. | | Owner: <u>Imeld</u> San Ysidro | | | | | | | | |
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- 7a. Architectural style: CRAFTSMAN
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

One story bungalow with multiple roof lines including a low pitch front facing gable roof, parallel gables (can not see from street) and a dropped, low pitch front facing gable over full porch. Asymmetrical front facade. <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS</u>: <u>WALL TREATMENT</u>: shingle skirt with lap siding; decorated corner boards. <u>ROOF</u>: composition shingle; **3** plain beam braces under front porch gable; wide overhang; exposed eaves; plain gableboard. <u>CHINNEY</u>: exterior, side brick. <u>WINDOWS</u>: 1 set to right of door has large center fixed with a 2 light horizontal sash bar pattern; upper light smaller than bottom; long, narrow 2 light double hung window on each side with surrounding plain board trim and molded lentil. <u>DOOR</u>: front, wood with **3** small square lights angularly descending down door; plain surrounding board trim with molded trim at top. <u>PORCH</u>: front, full open porch under gable roof; cross beams and 2 porch supports- simple cut beam; supports sit on brick piers that begin at ground level and continue to slightly above porch floor; **3** front facing cement steps to porch.

House also has side entrance between parallel gables; entry is door with 2 vertical windows on either side.



8. Construction date: Estimated: 1916-1928

| 9. | Architect: | |
|-----|------------|--|
| 1Ø. | Builder: | |

11. Approx. property size (in feet): Frontage: <u>50'</u> depth: <u>190'</u> or approx. acreage:

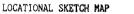
12. Date of enclosed photo(s): 2/89 b/w photo Roll 1 Frame #4

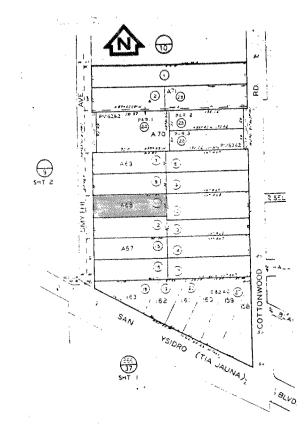
| 13. Condition: Excellent Good Fair _x Deteriorated No longer in existence |
|---|
| 14. Alterations: shed addition in rear; window alterations; second entry |
| 15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land Scattered buildings Densely built-up Residential Industrial Commercial Other: |
| 16. Threats to site: None known Private Developmentx_Zoningx_Vandalism Public Works ProjectOther: |
| 17. Is the structure: On its original site?: Moved? Unknown ? |
| 18. Related features: |

SIGNIFICANCE

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

see preceding overview





THE ASSESSMENT MINING SET MAN

20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture _____Arts/Leisure _____ Economic/Industrial _____Exploration _____ Settlement _____ Government _____Military _____ Religion _____Social/Education _____

21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.)

see attached references

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| HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY | | | | | |
| IDENTIFICATION 1. Common name: | No watadaga kuta shara kuja da kuta kuta kuta kuta kuta kuta kuta kut | | | | |
| 2. Historic name: | | | | | |
| 3. Street/rural address:2374 City:San YsidroZip:92 | Smythe | | San Diego | 0 | (19 - 19 - 19 - 19 - 19 - 19 - 19 - 19 - |
| 4. Parcel number:638-092-21 | Lot A 28 | 6 | | | |
| 5. Present Owner: <u>Jesus Perez/ Te</u> City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: _ | eresa Zoldy 92073 | Address: | 23' San Die | 74 Smythe ego | |
| 6. Present Use:residence | Or | iginal Use: | res | idence | an yana maya a ta a ta ana ma |

- 7a. Architectural style: FOLK VERNACULAR w/ MODEST FOLK VICTORIAN PORCH ELEMENTS
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

One story house has a medium pitch front facing gable roof with a dropped off-set shed roof extension over an open porch . House deep set on lot; there is at least 1 gable roof addition in rear and a rear wrap around porch. Asymmetrical front facade. <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENT</u>: <u>WALL TREATMENT</u>: lap siding, plain corner boards; boxed and silled louvered vent under gables; cement foundation (high in rear of building to compensate for slope). <u>ROOF</u>: composition shingle; exposed eaves; moderate overhang; plain gableboard. <u>CHIMNEY</u>: none. <u>WINDOWS</u>: front windows are all replaced; to left of door is a sliding glass door and a metal sliding glass window; to right of door a single pane, fixed. Side of house combination sliders and casements; plain surrounding board trim. <u>DOOR</u>: front facing, covered with security door. <u>PORCH</u>: ground level, 3/4 offset porch covered by extended shed roof; stick porch supports with solid triangular braces on each side; no steps.

> 8. Construction date: Estimated: <u>1913-1928</u> 9. Architect: _____

10. Builder:

b/w photo Roll 1 Frame #20 Roll 6 Frames #2,3,

- 13. Condition: Excellent _____ Good _____ Fair __x Deteriorated _____ No longer in existence _____
- 15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land _____ Scattered buildings _____ Densely built-up _____ Residential _____ Industrial _____ Commercial _____ Other: ______
- 16. Threats to site: None known ____ Private Development ___ Zoning ___ Vandalism ____ Public Works Project ____ Other: _____

17. Is the structure: On its original site?: _____ Moved? _____ Unknown ? _____

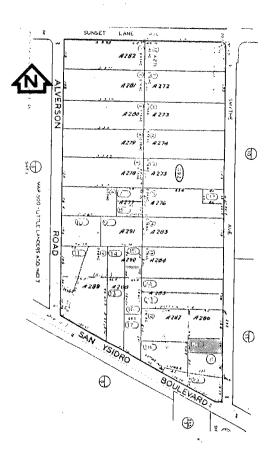
18 Related features:

SIGNIFICANCE

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

see preceding significance overview

LOCATIONAL SKETCH MAP



20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture _____Arts/Leisure _____ Economic/Industrial _____Exploration _____ Settlement _____ Government _____Military _____ Religion _____Social/Education _____

21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.)

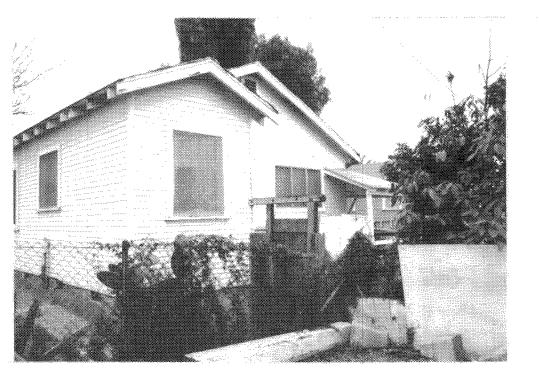
see attached references

HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY

PHOTO CONTINUATION SHEET

2374 SMYTHE

638-092-21 Lot 286 FOLK VERNACULAR



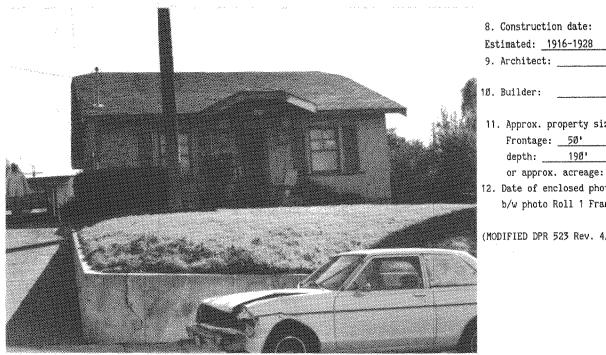
SIDE VIEW

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| HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY | | | | | |
| IDENTIFICATION 1. Common name: | | | | | |
| 2. Historic name: | | | | | |
| 3. Street/rural address:2375 City:San YsidroZip:92 | | | San Dieg | 0 | مەر بەر بىرىكى بىرى بىرىكى بىرىكى |
| 4. Parcel number:638-1 | | | | | |
| 5. Present Owner: <u>Zoraldad Smith</u> City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: | | | | | |
| 6. Present Use: <u>residence</u> | Or | iginal Use: | res | idence | |

7a. Architectural style:

7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

One story house with medium pitch side facing hip-gable and centered, extended front facing low pitch hip gable roof over entry door. Symmetrical front facade. <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS</u>: WALL TREATMENT: stucco; boxed, lattice vent under side hip- gable. ROOF: composition shingles; plain eaves fascia and gableboard; moderate overhang; boxed eaves. CHIMNEY: none. WINDOWS: front, evenly spaced on either side of front door; each set is a central fixed with 4 lights on top/ 1 light below; 2 narrow, double hung side lights on either side of central window with 4 lights on top/ 1 on bottom; sill extends beyond window; no surrounding board trim. DOOR: center, front facing; wood covered with screen door. PORCH: none; entry only; extended hip-gable roof with massive stucco supports and lattice work pediment; one side step to cement entry area.



| | Construct | ion date: |
|----|-----------|-----------|
| st | timated: | 1916-1928 |
| | Architect | |
| , | » | |

| 11. | Approx. | property | size | (in | feet): |
|-----|----------|--------------|---|-----|--------|
| | Frontage | : <u>50'</u> | ana | | |
| | depth: | 190' | - | | |
| | | | | | |

| 12. | Date | of e | nclose | ed | photo | (s): | 2/89 |
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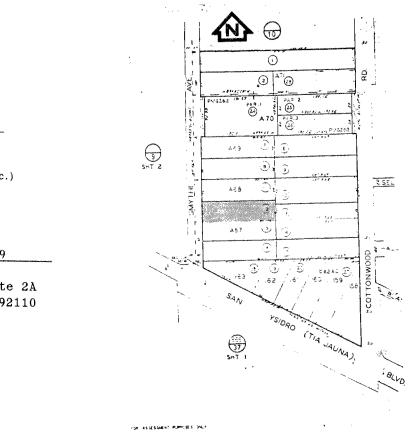
| 13. Condition: Excellent Good Fair Deteriorated No longer in existence |
|---|
| 14. Alterations: shed extension in rear; window replacements; converted garage in rear |
| 15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land Scattered buildings Densely built-up Residential Industrial Commercial Other: |
| 16. Threats to site: None known Private Development Zoning Vandalism Public Works Project Other: |
| 17. Is the structure: On its original site?:x Moved? Unknown ? |
| 18. Related features: |
| |

SIGNIFICANCE

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

see preceding significance overview

LOCATIONAL SKETCH MAP



20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture _____Arts/Leisure _____ Economic/Industrial _____Exploration _____ Settlement _X____Government _____Military _____ Religion _____Social/Education _____

21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.)

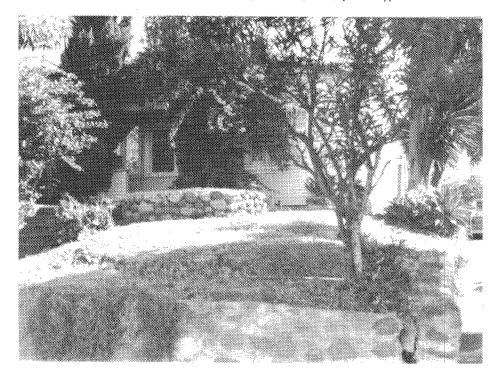
see attached references

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| HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY | | | | | |
| IDENTIFICATION 1. Common name: | adamantanya sarawa gata masika da sarawa sa sa | | | antersonante a segurar a segur | |
| 2. Historic name: | | | | | an and the state of the |
| 3. Street/rural address: 2383 City: San Ysidro Zip: 9 | Smythe 2073 Cou | nty: Sa | n Diego | nin a Maran Maran Maran a sa kata a Maran Mar Mana Maniferina da Mana Mana Mana Mana Mana Mana Mana | 99999939999999999999999999999999999999 |
| 4. Parcel number:638-11 | -15 Lot | A-67 | al a () ay ny dia amin'ny dia kao | in de se fan de fan | |
| 5. Present Owner: <u>Rio Felician</u> City: <u>Bonita</u> Zip: 92002 | oCounty | Address | s: 948 Diego | 3 Surey 1 | Drive |
| 6. Present Use:residence | 0r | iginal Use | e: res | sidence | |

- 7a. Architectural style: CRAFTSMAN BUNGALOW
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

Structure is a one story bungalow with a front facing, low pitch gable roof and a dropped, offset roof over the porch entry. Asymmetrical front facade. <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS: WALL TREATMENT</u>: lap siding with channel siding under porch gable; small lattice vent under main front facing gable. <u>ROOF</u>: composition shingle; undecorated gableboard. <u>CHIMNEY</u>: none.

<u>WINDOWS</u>: window treatment difficult to observe; main front window has a fixed, single pane with a sash bar pattern of 2 lights on top/ a single pane on the bottom. Two narrow, vertical fixed windows are located on either side of the door (sash bar pattern of 2 lights on top/ 1 on the bottom). Window to the left of the door is fixed (sash bar pattern of 4 lights on top/ 1 on the bottom). Surrounding window treatment consists of plain undecorated board. <u>DOOR</u>: slightly off-set; partially glazed with 4 vertical panes at the top/ 3 wood panels on the bottom; screen door has been added to original configuration. <u>PORCH</u>: semi-enclosed, recessed half porch with lap siding along solid railing system; two cement steps to entry door; porch supports consist of untapered 2 by 2 beams.



| | 8. Constru | ction date: |
|----|------------|-------------|
| | Estimated: | 1916-1928 |
| э. | Architect: | |
| | | |

| 11. | Approx. | property | size | (in | feet): |
|-----|----------|--------------|--|-----|--------|
| | Frontage | : <u>50'</u> | lið við felst sam sem sem sem sem sem sem sem sem sem se | | |
| | depth: | 190' | - | | |
| | or appro | x. acrea | ge: | | |

| | | ••• | | | *** | | | * |
|----|-------|-------|-------|------|------|-------|----|------|
| 2. | Date | of e | enclo | sed | phot | :o(s) | : | 2/89 |
| | b/w j | photo | o: Ro | 11 1 | , Fr | ame | #2 | |

(MODIFIED DPR 523 Rev. 4/79)

10. Builder:

13. Condition: Excellent _____ Good ____ Fair _x Deteriorated _____ No longer in existence _____

14. Alterations:

15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land _____ Scattered buildings ____ Densely built-up _____ Residential _____ Industrial _____ Commercial _____ Other: ______

16. Threats to site: None known ____ Private Development _x Zoning ____ Vandalism _____ Public Works Project ____ Other: _____

17. Is the structure: On its original site?: _____ Moved? _____ Unknown ? _____

18. Related features: rock retaining wall around perimeter/ stone planters

SIGNIFICANCE

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

see preceding significance overview

LOCATIONAL SKETCH MAP

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20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture Arts/Leisure _____ Economic/Industrial ____ Exploration _____ Settlement X Government _____ Military _____ Religion ____ Social/Education

21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.)

see attached references

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| HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY | | | | | | |
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| 2. Historic name: | | | | | and the second state of th | |
| 3. Street/rural address: <u>305 W S</u> City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: 92 | San Ys 2073 | <u>idro B</u> Coun | lvd (corne ty: | r Smythe, San Diego | /San Ysi | dro) |
| 4. Parcel number: 638-092 | 2-19 | Lot A | 286 | n de companya de la c | | n de faise par la compansi de compansi |
| 5. Present Owner: <u>Mary Serrano</u> City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: _ | | | Address: | 305 | 5 W. San | Ysidro |
| 6. Present Use:residence | desperielen son and a second so a | Ori | ginal Use: | resi | ldence | www.colonecontext.gov.co.co.co.co.gov.go |

- 7a. Architectural style: SPANISH ECLECTIC w/ CONSIDERABLE ALTERATIONS
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

One story rectangularly shaped house located on a large corner lot; house has a low pitch side facing gable with a centered low pitch front, centered gable extension and a wrap around porch. Asymmetrical front facade. <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS</u>: <u>WALL TREATMENT</u>: stucco; vertical slat pediment under gables; Mexican code-of-arms painted over main focal windows. <u>ROOF</u>: composition sheeting; very slight eave overhang; plain eaves fascia and gableboard. <u>CHIMNEY</u>: back, stucco, double width with 2 squared stucco vents. <u>WINDOWS</u>: side windows are inset, fixed with 4 small lights on top/ large single light below. Other windows include casement and sliders; plain surrounding board trim. <u>DOOR</u>: sliding glass door front center; can not see main door. <u>PORCH</u>: 2 porches: a small front facing, unroofed balcony porch with open wood slat railing and a wrap around porch under principal roof with broad flattened arches; wrought iron railing system; 13 steps to front entry.



- 8. Construction date:
- Estimated: 1916-1928

| 9. | Architect: | |
|----|------------|--|
|----|------------|--|

10. Builder:

- 11. Approx. property size (in feet): Frontage: <u>106'</u> depth: <u>260'</u> or approx. acreage: _____
- 12. Date of enclosed photo(s): 2/89 b/w photo Roll 1 Frame #21, 22

13. Condition: Excellent _____ Good ____ Fair ____ Deteriorated _____ No longer in existence _____

- 15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land _____ Scattered buildings ____ Densely built-up _____ Residential _____ Industrial _____ Commercial _____ Other: ______
- 16. Threats to site: None known ____ Private Development ___ Zoning ___ Vandalism _____

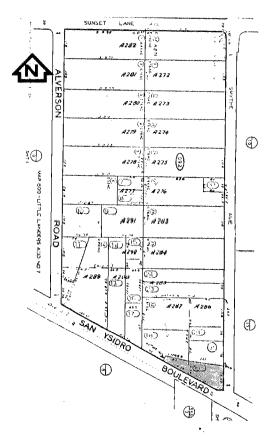
 Public Works Project ____ Other: _____
- 18. Related features: <u>cement wall with urns, lions around property; numerous statues of Virgin</u> <u>Mary, cherubs, lions, etc.</u>

SIGNIFICANCE

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

see preceding significance overview

LOCATIONAL SKETCH MAP



20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture _____Arts/Leisure _____ Economic/Industrial _____Exploration _____ Settlement X____Government _____Military _____ Religion _____Social/Education _____

21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.)

see attached references

HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY

PHOTO CONTINUATION SHEET



SIDE VIEW (ON SMYTHE)

W PARK

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| HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY | | | | | |
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| 2. Historic name: | | 999 - 999 - 980 - 980 - 980 - 980 - 980 - 980 - 980 - 980 - 980 - 980 - 980 - 980 - 980 - 980 - 980 - 980 - 980 | | | nden stand an die der State ander state einer state ander state ander state ander state ander state ander state |
| 3. Street/rural address:112 V City:San YsidroZip:92 | | | |) | nyaénakangképelanakakikanéng |
| 4. Parcel number:666-05-13] | Lot 30 | | n by bligen by factory on group Designa do an an an de an an de an | a Marine Marine States and a state of the st | |
| 5. Present Owner: <u>Virginia/Joseph</u> City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: | | | | | |
| 6. Present Use: <u>residence</u> | 0ri | lginal Use: | res | idence | had a second day in the second second second second |

7a. Architectural style:

7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

One story cottage with multiple roof types including a medium pitch side gable, a partially hipped, front facing roof and a hip gable roof over a front porch entry. Asymmetrical front facade. STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS: WALL TREATMENT: stucco over wood; horizontal louvered boxed vent under side gable. ROOF: composition sheeting; exposed eaves; undecorated gableboard; open, triangular knee braces under side and front gables; moderate overhang. CHIMNEY: none. WINDOWS: 3 front facing: main focal window (left of door) is fixed, tall semi-ellipitical with plain surrounding board trim, window right of door is shorter and wider than one to the left of the door (semi-elleptical in shape, fixed pane in middle with 2 narrow fixed side lights arched at corners), window at right front corner is single, narrow double hung; all windows have wide surrounding board trim with attached security bars. DOOR: can't see; covered by security bars. PORCH: totally open, partial stucco under roof; 2 wrought iron lattice-like porch supports; 1 front facing cement step to entry.



8. Construction date:

Estimated: post 1914

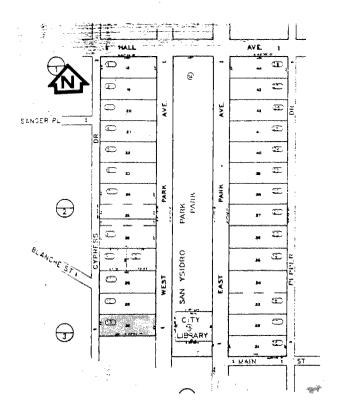
- 11. Approx. property size (in feet): Frontage: 50' depth: <u>140'</u>
- or approx. acreage: 12. Date of enclosed photo(s): 2/89 b/w photo Roll 2 Frame #36

Roll 6 Frame #31

| 13. Condition: Excellent Good Fairx Deteriorated No longer in existence |
|--|
| 14. Alterations:window/door treatment; wall treatment |
| 15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land Scattered buildings Densely built-up Residentialx Industrial Commercial Other: |
| 16. Threats to site: None known Private Development _x Zoning _x Vandalism Public Works Project Other: |
| 17. Is the structure: On its original site?: Moved? Unknown ? |
| 18. Related features: <u>detached stucco garage</u> |

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

see preceding significance overview



LOCATIONAL SKETCH MAP

- 20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture _____Arts/Leisure _____ Economic/Industrial _____Exploration _____ Settlement _X___Government _____Military ____ Religion _____Social/Education ____
- 21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.)

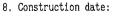
See attached references

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| HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY | | | | | |
| 1. Common name: | | | | en gant hillinge and segant spin - 6 d - 5 | |
| 2. Historic name: | | | one and a company of | -i | |
| 3. Street/rural address:121 W City:San YsidroZip:9 | | | San Diego |) | |
| 4. Parcel number:666-05-10 | Lot 27 | | | | |
| 5. Present Owner: <u>Nelly/Bernardin</u> City: <u>Santa Ana</u> Zip: | | | | | |
| 6. Present Use:residence | 0ri | ginal Use: | res | idence | |

7a. Architectural style:

7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

One story structure with a cross hip-gable roof. Symmetrical front facade. <u>STRUCTURAL AND</u> <u>DESIGN ELEMENTS</u>: <u>WALL TREATMENT</u>: stucco with brick skirting along bottom 2'; wide plywood and batten pediment under front facing roof; both sides of the front-facing wall are stepped down and extend several feet beyond wall junction; metal vertical grill under front hip gable. <u>ROOF</u>: composition shingle; moderate overhang; plain eaves fascia and gableboards. <u>CHIMNEY</u>: none. <u>WINDOWS</u>: 2 front facing tall rectangular sliders. <u>DOOR</u>: security grill, can not see. <u>PORCH</u>: totally open, centered partial porch under front facing hip gable; 2 stucco 4 by 4 supports, 1 front facing cement step to entry.



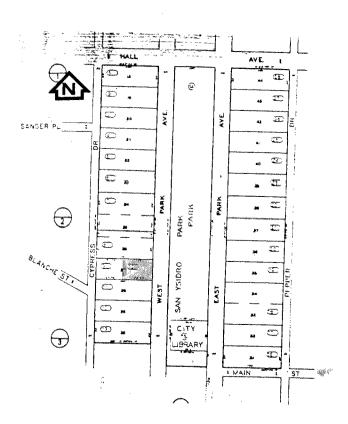
Estimated: post 1914

- 9. Architect: ______
 1Ø. Builder:
- 11. Approx. property size (in feet):
 Frontage: _______
 depth: ______72'____
- or approx. acreage: ____
- 12. Date of enclosed photo(s): <u>2/89</u> b/w photo Roll @ Frame #35 Roll 6 Frame #31

| 13. | Condition: Excellent Good Fair _x Deteriorated No longer in existence |
|-----|---|
| 14. | Alterations:door/window_alterations; wall_treatment |
| 15. | Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land Scattered buildings Densely built-up Residential Industrial Commercial Other: |
| 16. | Threats to site: None known Private Developmentx Zoningx Vandalism Public Works Project Other: |
| 17. | Is the structure: On its original site?: Moved? Unknown ? |
| 18. | Related features: stucco with brick cap and wrought iron fence along perimeter no older vegetation |

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

see preceding significance overview



LOCATIONAL SKETCH MAP

20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture _____Arts/Leisure _____ Economic/Industrial ____Exploration _____ Settlement _X___Government _____Military _____ Religion _____Social/Education _____

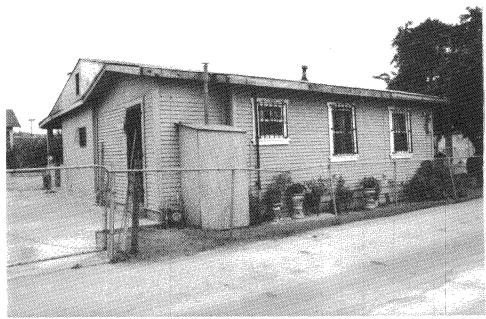
21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.)

see attached references

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| HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY | | | | | |
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| 2. Historic name: | | | | and a state of the | |
| 3. Street/rural address: <u>127 We</u> City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: <u>9</u> 2 | | | |) | 9.000.000.000.000.000.000.000.000.000.0 |
| 4. Parcel number:666-05-07 | Lot 24 | n fa a sui ann ann ann ann an tha an an ann an tha an an ann an tha a | | wa ¹ - 10 - 0 - 0 ¹⁰ - 10 - 10 - 00 - 0 | |
| 5. Present Owner: <u>Rogelio Briceno</u> City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: | | | | | |
| 6. Present Use: residence | an a | Original Use: | resi | dence | |

- 7a. Architectural style: NO DESIGN ELEMENTS/ NO HISTORIC INTEGRITY
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

Structure is to the rear of 129 West Park, backs onto Cypress. The older part of this one story structure contains a low pitch side facing gable (an entire new front with higher roofline is currently under construction). <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS</u>: <u>WALL TREATMENT</u>: lap siding in back; cement block and stucco in front. <u>ROOF</u>: composition shingle; undecorated eaves fascia and gableboard. <u>CHIMNEY</u>: none. <u>WINDOWS</u>: (3 visible) double hung with single light; plain surrounding board trim with lentils slightly flared; sill extends slightly beyond window opening. <u>DOOR</u>: side entry; can not see (covered by security screen); plain surrounding board trim. <u>PORCH</u>: none.



8. Construction date:

| Estimated: | post 1910 | |
|----------------------|-----------|--|
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| 9. | Architect: | |
|-----|------------|--|
| 1Ø. | Builder: | |

- 12. Date of enclosed photo(s): ____2/89 b/w photo Roll 2 Frame #33

| 13. Condition: Excellent Good Fair _x Deteriorated No longer in existence |
|---|
| 14. Alterations: complete alteration; no apparent design elements |
| 15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land Scattered buildings Densely built-up Residential Industrial Commercial Other: |
| 16. Threats to site: None known Private Development _x_Zoning _xVandalism Public Works ProjectOther: |
| 17. Is the structure: On its original site?: Moved? Unknown ? |
| 18. Related features: |

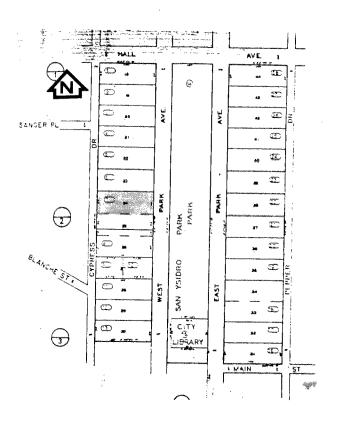
19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

see preceding significance overview

LOCATIONAL SKETCH MAP

- 20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture _____Arts/Leisure _____ Economic/Industrial _____Exploration _____ Settlement _____ Government _____Military _____ Religion _____Social/Education _____
- 21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.)

see attached references



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| 4. | Parcel n | number: | 666-05-7 | 7 Lot | 24 | | ulaul-unterseije șt și sufficie ș | an a | | nordan andre an indication of the state of the |
| 5. | Present | Owner:Roge | elio Bricer | o et : | al | Addr | ess: | 129 | West P | ark |
| | | San Ysidro | | Personal and a second | | | | | | |
| 6. | Present | Use: <u>reside</u> | ence | | 0ri | ginal | Use: _ | res | idence | ar - 19-19 Carlo da Africa antició - 19-11 - 19-19-19-19-19- |

- 7a. Architectural style: VERNACULAR (MAY NOT MEET 1938 CUT OFF)
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

One story structure with low pitch cross gable roof and an off-set, dropped low pitch roof over partial porch; shed roof extension has been added to the right side. Asymmetrical front facade. <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS</u>: <u>WALL TREATMENT</u>: stucco; cement block foundation; small boxed and silled lattice vent under main gable. <u>ROOF</u>: composition shingles; undecorated eaves fascia and gableboard. <u>CHIMNEY</u>: none. <u>WINDOWS</u>: metal sliders left of the door; vertical double hung with 2 long fixed sidelights; security grill over windows; no surrounding trim. <u>DOOR</u>: can not see, covered with security screen. <u>PORCH</u>: stuccoed partial porch; solid to 3' height, flattened arch opening, low pitch gable roof over porch; 1 cement front facing step to cement porch.



8. Construction date:

- Estimated: unknown
- 9. Architect: _____ 1Ø. Builder: ____
- 11. Approx. property size (in feet):
 Frontage: _______
 depth: _______
 or approx. acreage: ______
- 12. Date of enclosed photo(s): 2/89 b/w photo Roll 2 Frame #33

| 13. Condition: Excellent Good Fairx Deteriorated No longer in existence |
|---|
| 14. Alterations: window/door treatment; wall treatment to stucco |
| 15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land Scattered buildings Densely built-up Residential Industrial Commercial Other: |
| 16. Threats to site: None known Private Development _x_Zoning _x_Vandalism Public Works Project Other: |
| 17. Is the structure: On its original site?: Moved? Unknown ? |

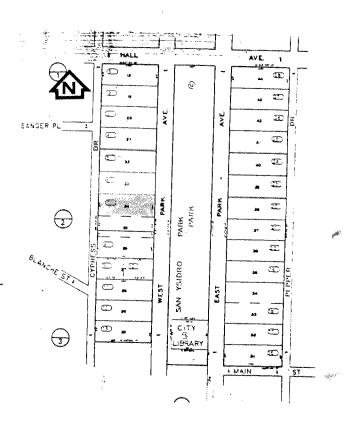
18. Related features:

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

see preceding significance overview

LOCATIONAL SKETCH MAP

- 20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture ____ Arts/Leisure ____ Economic/Industrial ____ Exploration ____ Settlement ____ Government ____ Military ____ Religion ____ Social/Education ____
- 21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.) see attached references
- 22. Date form prepared <u>3/89</u> Roth and Associates 2707 Congress Ave. Suite 2A San Diego, California 92110 (619)-295-3111



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| 2. | Historic | name: | 1946-1944 of 1974 by a model of | | | | | | R. 411 (1998) 2014 - 101 - 100 | | |
| 3. | | | | 139 Zip: 92 | | | | | an Diego | • | nin anto gi fatta il di schafatti di ta dagi anto da fatta con |
| 4. | | | | 56-05-06 | | | - | | | | |
| 5. | | | | a Soria Zip: | | | | | | | |
| 6. | Present | Use: | reside | nce | | Ori | ginal | Use: | res | idence | |

7a. Architectural style: Craftsman

7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

One story structure with multi-gabled roof including low pitch cross gable with dropped, low pitch front facing porch gable and a low pitch off-set front facing gable over room addition. Asymmetrical front facade. <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS</u>: <u>WALL TREATMENT</u>: pink and black stucco with a pink fake rock skirt along bottom 4' of the wall; boxed and silled louvered vents under each gable. <u>ROOF</u>: wood shingles covered with composition shingles; exposed rafters; open rake, jig-saw cut plywood diamond at apex of each gable; plain board fascia along gables. <u>CHIMNEY</u>: none. <u>WINDOWS</u>: multiple sets of front facing metal sliders with iron grill work coverings; plain surrounding board trim. <u>DOOR</u>: can not see; grilled security screen. <u>PORCH</u>: 1/2 open porch offset to the left with slender post supports, plain molded capitals; boxed roof; pediment under porch roof; 2 front facing entry steps to cement porch.

| | 3. | Construction | date |
|--|----|--------------|------|
|--|----|--------------|------|

| Estimated: | post | 1915 | |
|------------|------|------|--|
| | | | |

| 9. | Architect: | |
|-----|------------|--|
| 1Ø. | Builder: | |

| 11. | Approx. pr | operty si | ze (in | feet): |
|-----|------------|-----------|--------|--------|
| | Frontage: | 5Ø' | | |
| | depth: | 14Ø' | | |
| | or approx. | acreage: | | |

12. Date of enclosed photo(s): 2/89 b/w photo Roll 2 Frame #32

13. Condition: Excellent _____ Good _X___ Fair _____ Deteriorated _____ No longer in existence _____

14. Alterations: window/door treatment; adjoining unit (139 1/2 converted to apartment)

15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land Scattered buildings ____ Densely built-up Residential ____ Industrial ____ Commercial ____ Other: _____

16. Threats to site: None known ____ Private Development ___ Zoning ___ Vandalism _____ Public Works Project ____ Other: _____

17. Is the structure: On its original site?: ____ Moved? _____ Unknown ? _____

18. Related features: security lighting; brick retaining wall along perimeter

SIGNIFICANCE

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

see preceding significance overview

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LOCATIONAL SKETCH MAP

20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture _____Arts/Leisure _____ Economic/Industrial _____Exploration _____ Settlement _____ Military _____ Religion _____ Social/Education _____

21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.)

see attached references

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| HISTOR | RIC RESOURCES INVENTORY | | | | | |
| | IFICATION Common name: | | | | | |
| | Historic name: | 1 | | | | |
| 3. | Street/rural address:143 W | est Park | | | | |
| | City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: <u>92</u> | <u>073</u> Co | unty: | San Diego | > | |
| 4. | Parcel number: 666-05-05 Lo | t 22 | a na - ind with the state of the | | | |
| 5. | Present Owner: <u>Silvia/Maria Vald</u> City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: | ez 92073 | Address: | San Die | 8 West Pa ego | ark |
| 6. | Present Use: residence | 0 | riginal Use: | resi | dence | 95-95-96 (10-10-10-20-00-00) (1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1- |
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- 7a. Architectural style: FOLK VERNACULAR
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

One story cottage with a low pitch front facing gable and dropped, low pitch front facing gable over porch. Symmetrical front facade. <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS</u>: <u>WALL TREATMENT</u>: lap siding with plain corner boards; slat grill pattern boxed by narrow boards under both gables (only "decorative element"). <u>ROOF</u>: composition shingle; wide eave overhang; undecorated fascia board under gable. <u>CHIMNEY</u>: none. <u>WINDOWS</u>: wide pair on either side of door, sliding glass with plain surrounding board trim. <u>DOORS</u>: plywood with 1 square broken window; plain board trim. <u>PORCH</u>: totally open, full extension; 2 by 2 porch supports (2 clusters of 3).



8. Construction date:

Estimated: 1915-1928

| 9. Architect: |
|---------------|
| |

- 10. Builder:
- 11. Approx. property size (in feet):
 Frontage: _____50'
 depth: _____140'
 or approx. acreage: _____
- 12. Date of enclosed photo(s): 2/89 b/w photo Roll 2 Frame #31

|)*. Condition: Excellent Good Father Deteriorated x No longer in existence | |
|---|------|
| 14. Alterations: <u>window treatment; shack addition in back; converted car garage</u> | **** |
| 15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land Scattered buildings Densely built-up Residential Industrial Commercial Other: | |
| 16. Threats to site: None known Private Development _x Zoning _x Vandalism Public Works Project Other: | |
| 17. Is the structure: On its original site?: Moved? Unknown ? | |
| 18. Related features: | |

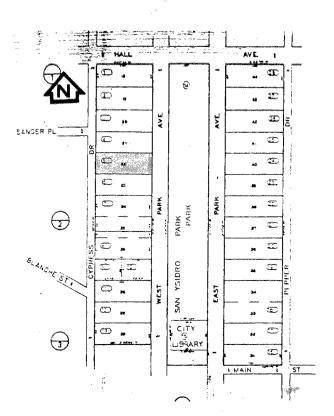
19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

see preceding significance overview

LOCATIONAL SKETCH MAP

- 20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture _____Arts/Leisure _____ Economic/Industrial _____Exploration _____ Settlement __X Government _____Military _____ Religion _____Social/Education _____
- 21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.)

see attached references



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| HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY | |
| 1. Common name: | |
| 2. Historic name: | |
| 3. Street/rural address: City:San YsidroZip:92073 | |
| 4. Parcel number:666-05-04 Lo | pt_21 |
| 5. Present Owner: <u>Olga Wright</u> City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: <u>San Ysidro</u> | Address: <u>147 West Park</u> 2073 County: <u>San Diego</u> |
| 6. Present Use: <u>residence</u> | Original Use: <u>residence</u> |

- 7a. Architectural style: SPANISH ECLECTIC WITH MULTIPLE ROOF PLANES
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

Combination one and two story building with multiple roof planes including: a low pitch, front facing gable, a flat roof, and a hip roof on the rear second story. Asymmetrical front facade. <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS: WALL TREATMENT</u>: cream stucco with fake rock skirt around bottom 3' of the house's front; clusters of three drains midway below gable and directly under flat roof edge. <u>ROOF</u>: composition shingles with tile along hips and ridge; front of flat roof is slightly parapeted; exposed rafters; no overhang at gable; stucco rake relief. <u>CHIMNEY</u>: none. <u>WINDOWS</u>: inset, fixed parabolic shaped main focal window; rock facade used as wallskirting frames window; other two front facing windows (associated with the flat roof portion of the house) are inset rectangular with fixed panes, sash bar arrangement 4 horizontal lights on one, 2 irregularly spaced horizontal lights on the other. <u>DOOR</u>: offset to side of gable; solid wood. <u>PORCH</u> no porch per se; dropped stucco/tile shed extension over door.



8. Construction date:

- Estimated: 1930-1954
- 9. Architect:
- 10. Builder:
- 11. Approx. property size (in feet):
 Frontage: ______
 depth: _____140'____
- or approx. acreage: ______ 12. Date of enclosed photo(s): _____2/89 b/w photo Roll 2 Frame #30

- 13. Condition: Excellent _____ Good _____ Fair _x Deteriorated _____ No longer in existence _____
- 14. Alterations: window/door treatment; multiple roofs; exterior treatment
- 15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land _____ Scattered buildings ____ Densely built-up _____ Residential ____ Industrial _____ Commercial _____ Other: ______
- 16. Threats to site: None known ____ Private Development ___ Zoning ___ Vandalism ____ Public Works Project ____ Other: _____
- 17. Is the structure: On its original site?: _____ Moved? _____ Unknown ? _____
- 18. Related features: wrought iron fence along perimeter

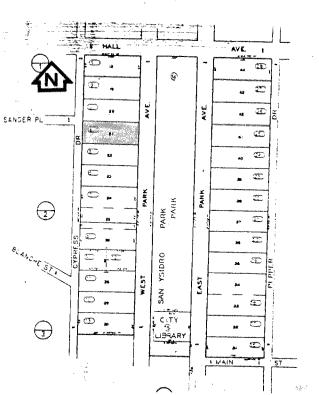
19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

see preceding significance overview

LOCATIONAL SKETCH MAP

- 20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture _____Arts/Leisure _____ Economic/Industrial ____ Exploration _____ Settlement _____ Government _____ Military _____ Religion _____ Social/Education _____
- 21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.)

see attached references



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| 2. Historic name: | | | 50 - a 10 - 00 - 00 - 00 - 00 - 00 - 00 - | | |
| 3. Street/rural address: City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zij | 155 West I p: 92073 | Park County: | San Die | go | al for a constant of the state |
| 4. Parcel number:666 | -05-3 Lot | 20 | ayu ayunang da sebun sena a dagata ya ayu ayu a da ana | 14 Maryon ya Andy Cangadan di Andriwa ya angang yangan | |
| 5. Present Owner: <u>Ceclia Lope</u> City: <u>San Ysidro</u> | | | | | |
| 6. Present Use: <u>residence</u> | | 0riginal | Use: <u>re</u> | sidence | and the spectra of the spectra of the state of the |

- 7a. Architectural style: FOLK VERNACULAR
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

One story structure with low pitch side gable. Currently symmetrical front facade; original door was off-set and front facing. <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS</u>: <u>MALL TREATMENT</u>: lap siding with plain corner boards; pier foundation, <u>ROOF</u>: very slight overhang; composition sheeting, no exposed rafters; plain, undecorated eaves fascia and gableboard. <u>CHIMNEY</u>: none. <u>WINDOWS</u>: (facing street) 2 pairs of double hung- single light; plain board surrounding trim. <u>DOOR</u>: side door; covered with screen. <u>PORCH</u>: none; 2 wood steps to side door.



| 8, | Construction | date: | |
|----|--------------|-------|--|
|----|--------------|-------|--|

Estimated: <u>1910-1928</u>

9. Architect: _

- 10. Builder:
- or approx. acreage: ______ 12. Date of enclosed photo(s): _____2/89 b/w photo Roll 2 Frame #29

| 13. | Condition: | Excellent | water of the second states | Good | ****** | Fair | <u> </u> | Deteriorated | - | No | longer | in | existence | - | |
|-----|------------|-----------|----------------------------|------|--------|------|----------|--------------|---|----|--------|----|-----------|---|--|
|-----|------------|-----------|----------------------------|------|--------|------|----------|--------------|---|----|--------|----|-----------|---|--|

14. Alterations: _additions to the back (both flat and shed roofs); window/door alterations

15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land _____ Scattered buildings _____ Densely built-up ______ Residential _____ Industrial _____ Commercial _____ Other:

16. Threats to site: None known ____ Private Development _x Zoning _x Vandalism _____ Public Works Project ____ Other: ______

17. Is the structure: On its original site?: ____ Moved? _____ Unknown ? _____

18. Related features:

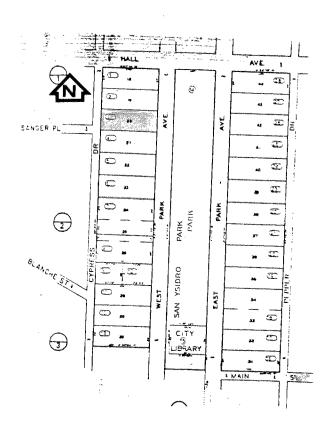
SIGNIFICANCE

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

see preceding significance overview

LOCATIONAL SKETCH MAP

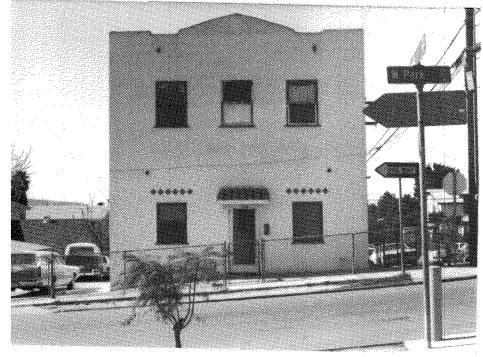
- 20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture _____Arts/Leisure _____ Economic/Industrial _____Exploration _____ Settlement _____Government _____Military _____ Religion _____Social/Education _____
- 21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.) see attached references
- 22. Date form prepared <u>3/89</u> Roth and Associates 2707 Congress Ave. Suite 2A San Diego, California 92110 (619)-295-3111



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| 3. Street/rural address: 159 W City: San Ysidro Zip: 92073 | | |
| 4. Parcel number:666-05-01 Lot 18 | n - yn general wer yn arwer ar ar weren ar feren ar feren ar feren ar fer fan ar feren ar feren ar feren ar fer | |
| 5. Present Owner: <u>Felicia Lacy</u> City: <u>Chula Vista</u> Zip: 920 | | |
| 6. Present Use: <u>residence</u> | Original Use: | residence |

- 7a. Architectural style: SPANISH ECLECTIC WITH FLAT ROOF
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

2 story rectangularly shaped, flat roof apartment building. Symmetrical front facade. <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS</u>: <u>WALL TREATMENT</u>: white stucco with 6 diamond-shaped tiles aligned above each of the bottom 2 windows; 4 circular drains at 2nd floor line and below roof. <u>ROOF</u>: flat with slight parapet at corners and higher low pitch triangular central parapet. <u>CHIMNEY</u>: none. <u>WINDOWS</u>: (3 on 2nd floor, 2 on 1st floor, 1 on each side of door) inset double hung with single pane; wood sills extend slightly beyond window opening; awnings over side windows. <u>DOOR</u>: center, front facing partially glazed with 1 rectangular pane on top/ 1 inset wood panel on the bottom; doors covered with screening. <u>PORCH</u>: none; tile and stucco bracketed hoods over each door.



Construction date:
 Estimated: <u>post 1928-pre 1954</u>
 Architect: _______

10. Builder:

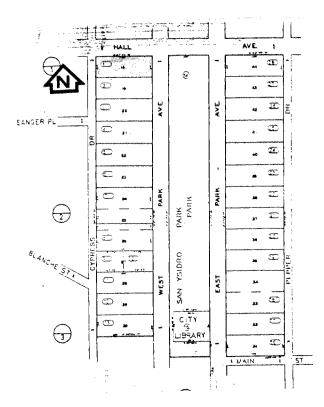
- 11. Approx. property size (in feet): Frontage: <u>50'</u> depth: <u>140'</u>
- or approx. acreage: ______ 12. Date of enclosed photo(s): _____2/89 b/w photo Roll 2 Frame #28

| 13. Condition: Excellent Good Fair _x Deteriorated No longer in existence |
|---|
| 14. Alterations: _window/door alterations; additions to the rear |
| 15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land Scattered buildings Densely built-up Residential Industrial Commercial Other: |
| 16. Threats to site: None known Private Developmentx_Zoningx_ Vandalism Public Works Project Other: |
| 17. Is the structure: On its original site?: Moved? Unknown ? |
| 18. Related features: |
| |

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

The original town lot 18 was purchased by White in 1913 (a White is listed in the 1909 City Directory as a "farmer"). A review of the 1928 aerial shows that this lot was empty when the photograph was taken. Interviews with Hettich (1989: p.c.) suggest that the building was constructed in the late 1920s-early 1930s as a doctor's clinic and apartment building. The building was never used by the doctor.

In terms of historic significance, most of the selected individual houses in the study area do not qualify for either federal, state or local historic designation. The potential historical significance lies in the fact that this building represents the 1st apartment building in San Ysidro (built after 1928) area)



LOCATIONAL SKETCH MAP

20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture _____Arts/Leisure _____ Economic/Industrial _____Exploration _____ Settlement _x___Government _____Military _____ Religion _____Social/Education

21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.)

see attached references and general discussion dealing with historic determination of individual houses in the study area

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| | Street/rural address: City: <u>San Ysidro</u> | | | San Di | iego | anna an |
| 4. | Parcel number: 638 | -15-17 Lot 46 | | | | av-santan lahi aki asar daharangkan |
| 5. | Present Owner: <u>Genove</u> City: <u>San Ysidro</u> | | | | | |
| 6. | Present Use:reside | nce | 0riginal | Use: | residence | ng dipantahan kalan kalan kana kana pananya kara kana ana pa |

- 7a. Architectural style: CRAFTSMAN
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

One story "L-shape" bungalow with three off-set, low pitch front facing gables. Asymmetrical front facade. <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS</u>: <u>WALL TREATMENT</u>: new stucco. <u>ROOF</u>: composition sheeting; moderate overhang; exposed rafters; 3 large knee braces under each gable; pediment elements under gables most detailed in study area: triangularly boxed, vertical slat directly under gable, 2 layers of fake brick aligned below slat, horizontal blocks aligned approximately every 2-3" along cornice board. <u>CHINNEY</u>: none. <u>WINDOWS</u>: frontmost section has series of 4 large single pane casements (same window pattern around side); single board surrounding trim; window under porch has 2 narrow 2 light casements; plain surrounding board trim; sill extends beyond opening. <u>DOOR</u>;: can not see- metal screen; entrance off-set within "L" of porch. <u>PORCH</u>: open partial porch; tapered wood columns of new massive, cement block piers; 2 cement side steps to porch



8. Construction date:

Estimated: 1910-1928

| 9 | Architect: | |
|---|------------|--|
| | | |

10. Builder:

- 11. Approx. property size (in feet):
 Frontage: _____50'
 depth: _____140'
 or approx. acreage:
- 12. Date of enclosed photo(s): <u>2/89</u> b/w photo Roll 3 Frame #12 Roll 7 Frame #25

13. Condition: Excellent _____ Good ____ Fair ____ Deteriorated _____ No longer in existence _____

14. Alterations: house currently being renovated- windows, wall treatment, etc.

15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land ____ Scattered buildings ____ Densely built-up ____ Residential ____ Industrial ____ Commercial ____ Other: _____

16. Threats to site: None known ____ Private Development _x Zoning _x Vandalism _____ Public Works Project ____ Other: _____

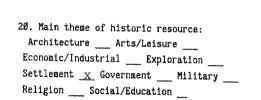
17. Is the structure: On its original site?: _____ Moved? _____ Unknown ? _____

18. Related features: older vegetation in yard (palm)

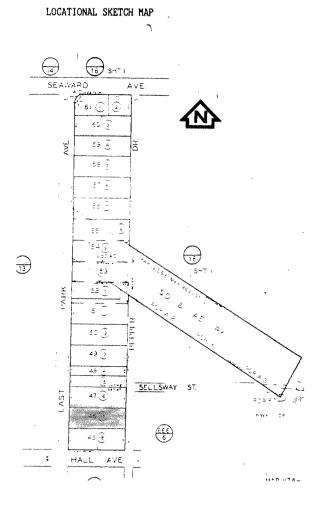
SIGNIFICANCE

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

see preceding significance overview



- 21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.) see attached references
- 22. Date form prepared <u>3/89</u> Roth and Associates 2707 Congress Ave. Suite 2A San Diego, California 92110 (619)-295-3111



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| HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY | | | | | |
| IDENTIFICATION 1. Common name: | | | 1997 - 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 | Classifier de la compaña de la cidada companya en com | |
| 2. Historic name: | | (Diran (Tank - Carl (Dir) - Dira - Diran (Di | | | |
| 3. Street/rural address:207 W City:San Ysidro _Zip Code: _9 | | | Diego | | Representation (Section 2019) and in the section 2019 |
| 4. Parcel number:638-13-20 | 0 Lot 17 | . | Moder de la comune de datas | | 9 |
| 5. Present Owner: <u>Pauline/Robert</u> City: <u>Imperial Beach</u> Zip: | | | | | |
| 6. Present Use: residence | | riginal Use | : res | idence | Teach ann an teach ann an teach ann an teach |

- 7a. Architectural style: FOLK VERNACULAR WITH SIMPLE FOLK VICTORIAN PORCH ELEMENTS
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

One story house with combination roof lines that include low pitched front facing gable, off-set hip gable and a shed-like roof over wrap-around porch. Asymmetrical front facade. <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS</u> : <u>WALL TREATMENT</u>: combination of irregular width lap siding, flush siding under gable, gold painted fake bricks (also serves as skirting above cement foundation) <u>ROOF</u>: composition shingles; exposed rafters along porch and under hip; plain fascia and gable board; horizontal boxed and silled louvered vent under gable. <u>CHIMNEY</u>: none. <u>WINDOWS</u>: main focal window is fixed with 30 panes; wood hood with jig-saw decorative board capped with Spanish tile; windows along porch are double hung with sash bar pattern of 2 lights in each window; side windows are covered with wood hood element. <u>DOOR</u>: partially glazed with one rectangular glass on top, 3 wood panels on bottom; attached screen door. <u>PORCH</u>: wrap-around porch; porch supports are combination 2 by 2 beams and wrought iron with triangular support braces at the top; simple jig saw design pattern along top of the porch railing and under porch roof; open strip vertical board railing; no stairs to front entry- four steps to side entry.



8. Construction date:
 Estimated: ________
 9. Architect: _______
 10. Builder:

11. Approx. property size (in feet):
 Frontage: _____50'
 depth: _____140'
 or approx. acreage:

12. Date of enclosed photo(s): <u>2/89</u> b/w photo Roll 2 Frame #27

| er in existence |
|-----------------|
| |

14. Alterations: window/porch treatment; multiple roof lines

15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land ____ Scattered buildings ____ Densely built-up _____ Residential ____ Industrial ____ Commercial ____ Other: _____

16. Threats to site: None known ____ Private Development _x Zoning _x Vandalism _____ Public Works Project ____ Other: _____

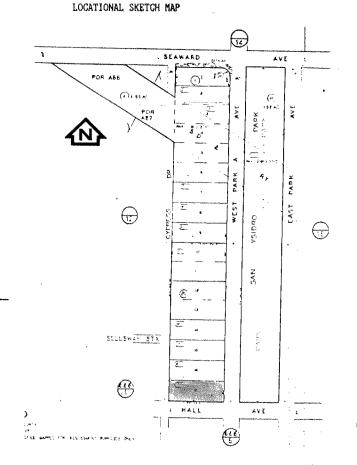
17. Is the structure: On its original site?: ____ Moved? ____ Unknown ? _____

18. Related features: chain-link fence along perimeter

SIGNIFICANCE

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

see preceding significance overview



20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture _____ Arts/Leisure _____ Economic/Industrial ____ Exploration _____ Settlement __X Government _____ Military _____ Religion ____ Social/Education

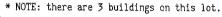
21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.)

see attached references

| | | HABS | HAI | ER | NR | SHL | roc |
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| | | UTM: | Α | | | В | |
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| HISTO | RIC RESOURCES INVE | | edica ci il la programa da su construir de la c | <u>, an </u> | <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u> | | |
| IDENT | IFICATION | | | | | | |
| 1. | Common name: | | | | | nyansi kana kana kana kana kana kana kana | |
| 2. | Historic name: | | | | an a | | alexy and the second |
| з. | Street/rural address: | 210 East Par | rk | | | | |
| | City: <u>San Ysidro</u> | Zip: <u>92073</u> | County: | S | an Dieg | 0 | an fan y de fan de fan skriefer s |
| 4. | Parcel number: | 638-15-16 Lo | t 47 | | y Carlon and an | ntol et all all all and a second second | ali w na kulovanský po po nakla kale krytel k kuloviteľka |
| 5. | Present Owner: Josephir | ie/Fernando Ada | ne | Address: | 2 | 08 East | Park |
| | City: <u>San Ysidro</u> | | | | | | |
| 6. | Present Use:resider | lce | Origin | al Use: | res | idence | |

- 7a. Architectural style: FOLK VERNACULAR
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

Structure is set off street at least 50'. One story house with a medium pitch front facing gable and a dropped, off-set medium pitch shed extension in front. Asymmetrical front facade with slightly dropped flat roof over side entry porch. STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS: WALL TREATMENT: lap siding with plain corner boards; small screened vent under house gable. ROOF: scalloped composition sheeting; exposed rafters; undecorated gableboard. CHIMNEY: none. WINDOWS: all sliding glass with plain board surrounding trim. DOOR: can not see; side entrance. PORCH: semi-open entry porch covered by slightly dropped flat roof; stick porch supports with triangular knee braces; one side enclosed by lattice work; 1 cement step to entry.



| | | 8. Construction date: Estimated: <u>1910-1928</u> 9. Architect: 10. Builder: |
|--|--|---|
| | | 11. Approx. property size (in feet): Frontage: |
| | | (MODIFIED DPR 523 Rev. 4/79) |

| 13. | . Condition: Excellent Good Fair Deteriorated _xNo longer in existence |
|-----|---|
| 14. | Alterations:window/door treatment; additions to main structure; original door faced street |
| 15. | Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land Scattered buildings Densely built-up Residential Industrial Commercial Other: |
| 16. | Threats to site: None known Private Developmentx Zoning _x Vandalism Public Works Project Other: |
| 17. | Is the structure: On its original site?: Moved? Unknown ? |
| 18. | |

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

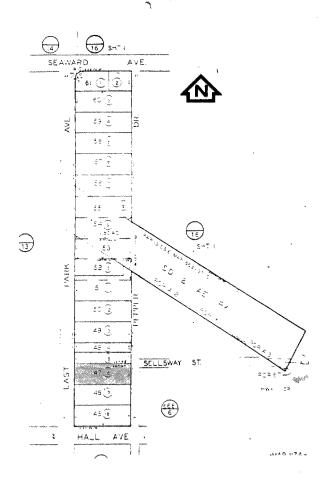
see preceding significance overview

LOCATIONAL SKETCH MAP

20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture _____Arts/Leisure _____ Economic/Industrial _____Exploration _____ Settlement _____ Government _____Military _____ Religion _____ Social/Education _____

21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.)

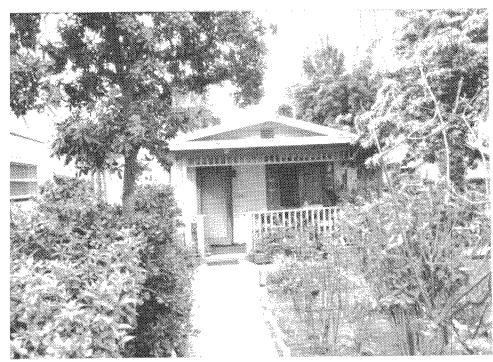
see attached references



| | | | HABS | | HAER | _ NR | SHL | LOC | |
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| HISTORI | C RESOURCES IN | VENTORY | : | | | | | | |
| IDENTIF 1. Co | ICATION mmon name: | antana marzakatako arranzo dantekatako katako dantekatako da | | name and in a little black in the set | alla million and a supervised standard at | and a the principal and a state of the state | an fan de skriver oan de fan stere fan s | na de como de c | |
| 2. Hi | storic name: | y ang Kanta yaka kata ang katalan katal | Maharan da kata kata kata kata kata kata kata k | an sa an | anna an tha a | | | | |
| 3. St Ci | treet/rural address ty: <u>San Ysidro</u> | Zip: | 212 East 92073 | Park Count | ty: | San Di | ego | المراجع br>مراجع المراجع ال | nyaja kaka |
| 4. Pa | arcel number: <u>63</u> | 8-15-15 | Lot 48 | <u></u> | | ulalaning of the state of the | an a | | |
| 5. Pr Ci | resent Owner: <u>Jo</u> ity: <u>San Ysidro</u> | yce Hettic Zip: | h 9207 | <u>3</u> Co | _ Addres: ounty: | s: <u>21</u> San | <u>6 East F</u> Diego | Park | alaanta ayaa ya |
| 6. Pr | resent Use: <u>resi</u> | dence | | Ori | ginal Use | e: <u>r</u> | esidence |) | |

- 7a. Architectural style: FOLK VERNACULAR w/ SIMPLE FOLK VICTORIAN PORCH ELEMENTS
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

Narrow, one story house with a low pitch front facing gable and a dropped flat roof over a full front porch. Asymmetrical front facade. <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS</u>: <u>WALL TREATMENT</u>: vertical board and batten with horizontal board and batten under roof gable; rectangular, boxed louvre vent under gable. <u>ROOF</u>: composition shingles; plain gableboard; moderate overhang; exposed eaves; flat porch roof with plain fascia board. <u>CHIMNEY</u>: none. <u>WINDOWS</u>: front window (left of door) metal slider with narrow solid board shutters painted in blue/white floral pattern. <u>DOOR</u>: left, front facing; unglazed; plain surrounding board trim. <u>PORCH</u>: full porch with vertical, open stick railing (approximately 3' high) and corresponding open-stick trim inset along porch roof at railing line (roof of porch extends beyond actual porch); one front facing step to porch.



- 8. Construction date: Estimated: <u>1911-1928</u>____
- 9. Architect:
- 10. Builder:
- 11. Approx. property size (in feet):
 Frontage: ______
 depth: ______140'
 or approx. acreage: ______
 12. Date of enclosed photo(s): _____2/89
- b/w photo Roll 3 Frame #15 Roll 7 Frame #27

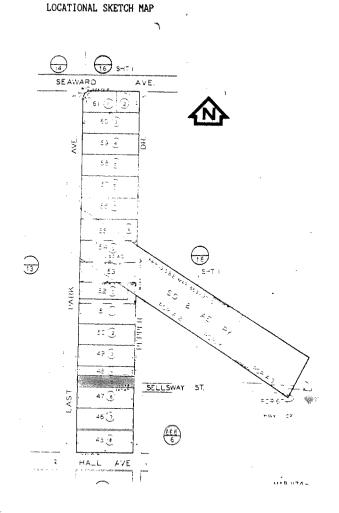
| 5. Condition: Excellent Good Fair | Deteriorated x No longer in existence |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|

- 14. Alterations: likely additions to rear
- 15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land _____ Scattered buildings ____ Densely built-up _____ Residential ____ Industrial _____ Commercial _____ Other: ______
- 16. Threats to site: None known _____ Private Development ____ Zoning ____ Vandalism _____ Public Works Project ____ Other: ______
- 17. Is the structure: On its original site?: _____ Moved? _____ Unknown ? _____
- 18. Related features: surrounded by older vegetation

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

see preceding significance overview

- 20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture _____Arts/Leisure _____ Economic/Industrial ____ Exploration _____ Settlement _X___Government _____Military _____ Religion _____Social/Education _____
- 21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.)
 see attached references
- 22. Date form prepared <u>3/89</u> Roth and Associates 2707 Congress Ave. Suite 2A San Diego, California 92110 (619)-295-3111



| | HABS | HAE | R | NR | SHL | LOC |
|--|---|--|--------|-------|---|--|
| | UTM: | Α | | | В | Anto |
| | | с | | | D | |
| HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTOR | Y | | | | | |
| IDENTIFICATION 1. Common name: | | | | | | |
| 2. Historic name: | n tara kana kana da ana ang kana kana kana kana kana kana | an a | | | - 1000-91 (1920-1920) - 1000-91 (1920-1920) | |
| 3. Street/rural address:2 City:San YsidroZip: | | | | Diego | nan kapatan di kabalan dan sebut da kabalan dan sebut da kabalan da kabalan da kabalan da kabalan da kabalan da | had a star a second and a second and a second a |
| 4. Parcel number:638-15-13 | Lot 49 | | | | | na an a |
| 5. Present Owner: <u>Joyce Hettic</u> City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip | | | | | | |
| 6. Present Use: <u>residence</u> | | Original | l Use: | resi | dence | Siniti manin Sini pani mangani mangan |

- 7a. Architectural style: SPANISH ECLECTIC: MULTIPLE ROOF PLANES
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

This is at least the second house on the property. Heavy vegetation coupled with a massive wood fence and block wall around the perimeter makes house evaluation difficult to impossible. Elements visible over the fence include multi-roof lines (possible second story addition); stucco exterior (owner says house is adobe); decorative ceramic chimney with high pitch roof-like element at the cap. Some of the visible windows have extended wood lentils and sills; others are metal sliders. Redwood lattice work within the garden area. Back of the structure has western motif with multilevel roof line; red tile gable roof, wooden parapet and iron work along the fence facing the alley.

Owner didn't want her house viewed at this time.

| | | 8. Construction date: Estimated: <u>192Øs</u> 9. Architect: |
|--|-----|---|
| | M/s | <pre>10. Builder: 11. Approx. property size (in feet):</pre> |
| | | Frontage: <u>50'</u> depth: <u>140'</u> or approx. acreage: <u>2/80</u> |
| | | <pre>12. Date of enclosed photo(s): 2/89 b/w photo Roll 4 Frame #30 Roll 3 Frame #17 Roll 7 Frame #17</pre> |
| | | (MODIFIED DPR 523 Rev. 4/79) |
| | | |

| 13. Condition: Excellent Good Fair _x Deteriorated No longer in existence | |
|---|--|
| 14. Alterations: main structure obscured with thick vegetation/security fences | |
| 15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land Scattered buildings Densely built-up Residential Industrial Commercial Other: | |
| 16. Threats to site: None known Private Development _x Zoning _x Vandalism Public Works Project Other: | |
| 17. Is the structure: On its original site?: Moved? Unknown ? | |
| 18. Related features:decorate gate/ western motif security fence facing the alley; lots of older vegetation | |

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

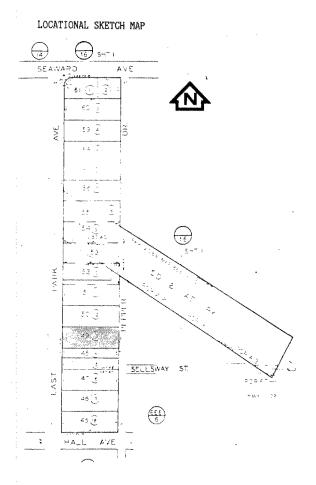
This is at least the second house built on the property; the original parcel (town lot 49, see attached Little Landers Map) was purchased by Margaret Story in 1911. The current house is a post Little Landers structure (Hettich 1989: p.c.). The first house was moved off the parcel by Mr. Cruthers (location or deposition of the original structure unknown). Although she did not move into the area until after World War II, Ms. Hettich is considered to be the "unofficial" historian for San Ysidro. Historic assessment of her house was not possible at the time of the study (Hettich's house has recently been broken in and "ransacked" for the 5th time, she was unwilling to let anyone see her house).

In terms of historic significance, most of the selected individual houses in the study area do not qualify for either federal, state or local historic designation. This structure is neither architecturally nor historically distinctive (see attached discussion dealing with historic significance of the study area)

20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture _____Arts/Leisure _____ Economic/Industrial ____Exploration _____ Settlement _x___Government _____Military ____ Religion ____ Social/Education _____

21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.)

see attached references and general discussion dealing with historic determination of individual houses in the study area



HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY

PHOTO CONTINUATION SHEET

216 EAST PARK

638-15-13 Lot 49 SPANISH ECLECTIC



REAR VIEW FROM PEPPER

| | | HABS | HAER | NR | SHL LOC |
|--|--|--|---|---------|--|
| | | UTM: A | 1993 an 1994 an | | В |
| | | С | | | D |
| HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY IDENTIFICATION | | | | | |
| 1. | Common name: | | a kayana ang kanang | | |
| 2. | Historic name: | an a | | 4 | |
| 3. | Street/rural address:218 Eas | | | ~ * 1 | under an |
| | City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: <u>9</u> | 2073 | County: | San Die | go |
| 4. | Parcel number: 638-15-12 | Lot 5 | 0 | | |
| 5. | Present Owner: <u>A. Alcaraz</u> | | Address: | 218 | East Park |
| | City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: | | | | |
| 6. DESCRI | Present Use: <u>residence</u> P TION | | _Original Use: | re | sidence |
| 7a. | Architectural style: CRAFTSMAN | | | | |
| | | | | | |

7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

One story bungalow with hipped roof, totally enclosed porch and a front facing dormier. Asymmetrical front facade. STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS: WALL TREATMENT: combination stucco and lap siding with no corner boards. ROOF: shed extension roof in the back; composition shingles; undecorated fascia boards along main roof perimeter. DORMIER: faces the front with a slightly flared hip roof; double paned horizontal window in front; with surrounding plain board trim and lap siding; decorative braces under dormier roof. CHIMNEY: stucco side chimney. WINDOWS: main front window situated to the left of the entrance- double hung with Queen Anne detail in the upper panes/ single pane on the bottom; plain board trim around windows; lentils and sills extend slightly beyond window opening. DOOR: front facing (replacement door); above the door is an unglazed wood transem; the enclosed porch has a partially glazed door with 4 panes on top/ 3 wood panels on the bottom. PORCH: fully enclosed 1/2 porch under principal roof. The front facing side has 2 square 4 by 4 columns with simple molded capital and bases; the columns rest on a solid lap wall that extends from ground level to several feet above the porch ground level. The porch now has 3 front facing fixed windows with a sash bar pattern of 4 lights (inside windows of the porch may have been original exterior windows with Queen Anne sash bar pattern). There is 4 front facing cement stairs to stoop; stoop covered by a thin dropped shed roof that are exposed rafters and composition shingles. Wrought iron railing system along the stairs completes the exterior treatment of the porch.



| 8. Construction date: |
|--------------------------------------|
| Estimated: <u>circa 1909</u> |
| 9. Architect: |
| Ø. Builder: |
| 11. Approx. property size (in feet): |
| Frontage: <u>50'</u> |
| depth:14Ø' |
| or approx. acreage: |
| 12. Date of enclosed photo(s): 2/29 |

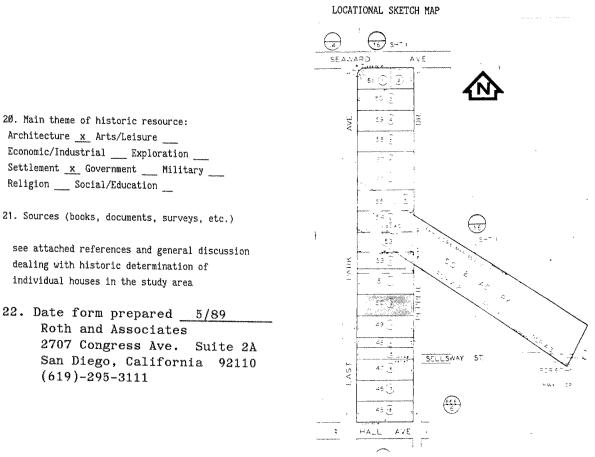
b/w photo Roll 3 Frame #18 (MODIFIED DPR 523 Rev. 4/79)

| 13. Condition: Excellent Good Fair _x Deteriorated No longer in existence |
|---|
| 14. Alterations: fully enclosed porch; new siding/ new roof; new exterior wall treatment |
| 15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land Scattered buildings Densely built-up Residential Industrial Commercial Other: |
| 16. Threats to site: None known Private Development _x Zoning _x Vandalism Public Works Project Other: |
| 17. Is the structure: On its original site?: Moved? Unknown ? |
| 18. Related features: _only 1 story Craftsman w/ dormier in area; cement block wall along perimeter; security |
| bars on windows |

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

The original town lot 50 (see attached Little Landers Map) was purchased by Margaret Story in 1909 and later bought by Cruthers in 1912. Story also owned parcels 49 (216 East Park) and 50 (218 E Park). This house appears in a 1912 historic photograph taken from the park and is therefore definately associated with the Little Landers Colony #1. Margaret Story was no longer listed in the Directories after 1911. Apparently many of the original colonists were single, unattached women who bought undeveloped lots, stayed for an undetermined time and then moved out of the area. (They appear in the directories for one or two years. Some perhaps married which would account for the names no longer appearing in the directories).

Although nothing could be found regarding Margaret Story, this house is significant in that it is one of the oldest houses within the study area. It is a good example of the Craftsman bungalows built during the beginning of San Ysidro.



Architecture <u>x</u> Arts/Leisure ____ Economic/Industrial ____ Exploration Settlement x Government ____ Military ____ Religion ____ Social/Education ____

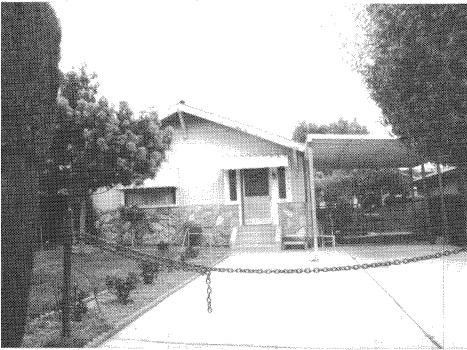
dealing with historic determination of individual houses in the study area

Roth and Associates 2707 Congress Ave. San Diego, California 92110 (619)-295-3111

| HABS | S HAER NR | SHL LOC |
|--|---|-------------------------|
| UTM | Α | B |
| | с | D |
| HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY | | |
| 1. Common name: | | |
| 2. Historic name: | | |
| 3. Street/rural address:254 East Pa City:San YsidroZip:92073 | | Diego |
| 4. Parcel number: <u>638-15-5</u> Lot 58 | e e construire de la defensione de la construire de la construire de la construire de la construire de la const | |
| 5. Present Owner: <u>Zenaida/Juan Vargas</u> City: <u>Imperial Beach</u> Zip: 920 | Address: 23 County:S | 534 10th St an Diego |
| 6. Present Use: <u>residence</u> | Original Use: | residence |

- 7a. Architectural style: FOLK VERNACULAR
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

One story house with medium pitch front facing gable (numerous additions to the rear). Asymmetrical front facade. <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS</u>: WALL TREATMENT: board and batten in rear; probable aluminum "board and batten" siding in the front; 3-3 1/2' decorative rock skirting; vertical stick vent, boxed in a triangular shape under gable. <u>ROOF</u>: composition sheeting with red tile along ridgeline; plain, wide gableboard; moderate overhang; exposed eaves; 3 large open triangular knee braces along gable. <u>CHIMNEY</u>: none. <u>WINDOWS</u>: main focal window (left of door) horizontal fixed, single pane covered with metal awning; plain surrounding board trim. <u>DOOR</u>: plywood and screen; 2 fixed long narrow single pane sidelights on either side of door; wide, undecorated surrounding board trim. <u>PORCH</u>: none; metal awning over door entry; 3 front facing stairs to door.



| β. | Construc | tion date: | |
|-----|----------|------------|--|
| Est | imated: | post 1912 | |
| 9. | Architec | t: | |
| | | | |

10. Builder:

- 11. Approx. property size (in feet):
 Frontage: ______
 depth: _____140'
 or approx. acreage: ______
- 12. Date of enclosed photo(s): _____2/89 b/w photo Roll 7 Frame #28

13. Condition: Excellent ____ Good ____ Fair ___ Deteriorated ____ No longer in existence _____

14. Alterations: alterations to the rear; detached garage in rear (board and batten siding)

15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land _____ Scattered buildings ____ Densely built-up _____ Residential _____ Industrial _____ Commercial _____ Other: ______

16. Threats to site: None known ____ Private Development _x Zoning _x Vandalism _____ Public Works Project ____ Other: _____

17. Is the structure: On its original site?: ____ Moved? ____ Unknown ? _____

18. Related features:

SIGNIFICANCE

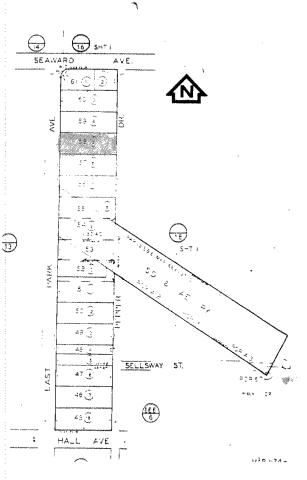
19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

see preceding significance overview

LOCATIONAL SKETCH MAP

- 20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture _____Arts/Leisure _____ Economic/Industrial _____Exploration _____ Settlement X____Government _____Military ____ Religion _____Social/Education _____
- 21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.)

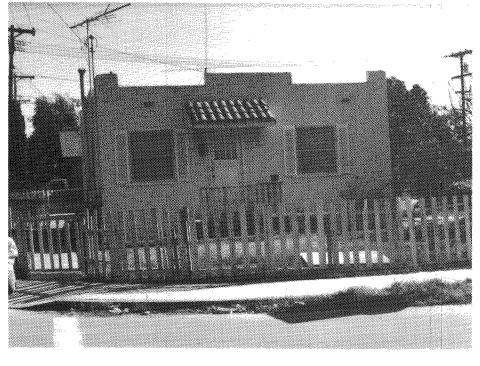
see attached references



| HABS | HAER NR SHL LOC |
|--|---|
| UTM: | A B |
| | C D |
| HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY | |
| IDENTIFICATION 1. Common name: | |
| 2. Historic name: | |
| 3. Street/rural address: <u>266 East</u> City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: 92073 | Park County: San Diego |
| 4. Parcel number:638-15-1 Lot 61 | |
| 5. Present Owner: <u>Dorothy Lee Green</u> City: <u>Coronado</u> Zip: 921 | Address: <u>708 B. Ave</u> 18 County: <u>San Diego</u> |
| 6. Present Use: residence | Original Use:residence |

- 7a. Architectural style: SPANISH ECLECTIC, FLAT ROOF
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

One story bungalow; symmetrical front facade. <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS</u>: <u>WALL</u> <u>TREATMENT</u>: stucco; diamond pattern tile decoration at corners and over door entry; two sets of drains below roof line; semi-parapet (raised at corners and center); stucco bracketed shed roof over front door covered with red tile. <u>CHIMNEY</u>: none. <u>WINDOWS</u>: double hung windows on either side of door; sash bar pattern of 6 lights on top/ single pane on bottom; narrow sill extends slightly beyond window opening; narrow slat shutters along each side of window. <u>DOOR</u>: center front facing; partially glazed with 4 vertical lights on top/ 1 lower rectangular panel. Glazed portion of door boxed with wood trim, sill-like base has 3 square wood blocks as sub-base decoration. <u>PORCH</u>: door entry rather than a porch; slat wood railing on 2 sides; 3 side cement steps to entry..



| 8. Construction date: Estimated: <u>1920-1928</u> | | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| 9. Architect: | | | |
| 1Ø. Builder: | | | |
| 11. Approx. property size (in feet): Frontage:50' | | | |
| depth:80' | | | |
| or approx. acreage: | | | |
| <pre>12. Date of enclosed photo(s): <u>2/89</u></pre> | | | |
| b/w photo Roll 2 Frame #19 | | | |
| (MODIFIED DPR 523 Rev. 4/79) | | | |

| 13. Condition: Excellent Good Fa | ir _ x _ Deteriorated No longer in existence |
|---|--|
| 14. Alterations: | |
| | pen land Scattered buildings Densely built-up Commercial Other: |
| | Development <u>x</u> Zoning <u>x</u> Vandalism Other: |
| 17. Is the structure: On its original site?: | x Moved? Unknown ? |
| 18. Related features: <u>little/no older vegeta</u> | tion; wood slat fencing along perimeter- austere setting |
| SIGNIFICANCE 19. Briefly state historical and/or architec | tural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.) |
| see preceding significant | ce overview |
| 28. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture Arts/Leisure Economic/Industrial Exploration Settlement X_ Government Military Religion Social/Education 21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc. see attached references 22. Date form prepared3/89 Roth and Associates 2707 Congress Ave. Suit San Diego, California 9 (619)-295-3111 | e 2A |

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| HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY | | |
| IDENTIFICATION 1. Common name: | | |
| 2. Historic name: | | |
| 3. Street/rural address: 279 West City: San Ysidro Zip: 92073 | | |
| 4. Parcel number: <u>638-13-1 Lot 1</u> | | |
| 5. Present Owner: <u>Antonia/Ned Elmore</u> City: <u>Chula Vista</u> Zip: <u>920</u> | | |
| 6. Present Use: residence | Original Use: | residence |
| DESCRIPTION | | |

- 7a. Architectural style: FOLK VERNACULAR (possibly post 1938)
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

One story cottage with extremely low pitch side facing gable, shed roof extension to the rear. Asymmetrical front facade. <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS</u>: WALL TREATMENT: aluminum siding; lattice around base of house. <u>ROOF</u>: composition sheeting; exposed eaves; simple triangular knee braces under gable and along eave line, plain gableboard. <u>CHIMNEY</u>: none. <u>WINDOWS</u>: metal sliders; plain surrounding board trim. <u>DOOR</u>: front left; plywood; plain surrounding board trim. <u>PORCH</u>: none; 1 cement step to open wood platform which extends slightly to either side of door; no overhang, no railing system.

Additional structure includes detached plywood shed with new siding and new windows.



8. Construction date:

- Estimated: post 1910
- 9. Architect: _____
- 10. Builder:
- 11. Approx. property size (in feet):
 Frontage: 50'
 depth: 140'
- or approx. acreage: ______ 12. Date of enclosed photo(s): _____2/89 b/w photo Roll 2 Frame #23

| 13. Condition: Excellent Good Fair _x _ Deteriorated No longer in existence | |
|---|--|
| 14. Alterations: | |
| 15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land Scattered buildings Densely built-up Residential Industrial Commercial Other: | |
| 16. Threats to site: None known Private Development <u>x</u> Zoning <u>x</u> Vandalism Public Works Project Other: | |
| 17. Is the structure: On its original site?: Moved? Unknown ? | |
| 18. Related features: | |
| | |

SIGNIFICANCE

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

3

see preceding significance overview

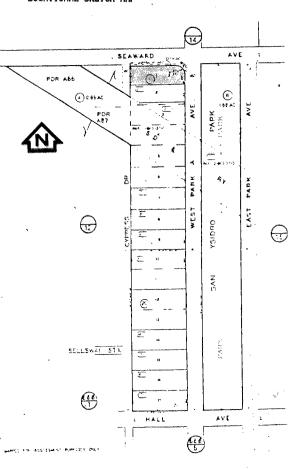
LOCATIONAL SKETCH MAP

20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture _____Arts/Leisure _____ Economic/Industrial _____Exploration _____ Settlement _____Government _____Military _____ Religion _____Social/Education _____

21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.)

see attached references

22. Date form prepared <u>3/89</u> Roth and Associates 2707 Congress Ave. Suite 2A San Diego, California 92110 (619)-295-3111



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| HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY | |
| IDENTIFICATION 1. Common name: | |
| 2. Historic name: | |
| 3. Street/rural address: 233 West City: San Ysidro Zip: 92073 | |
| 4. Parcel number:638-13-19 Lot | 9 |
| 5. Present Owner: <u>Pauline/Robert Acer</u> City: <u>Imperial Beach</u> Zip: <u>92023</u> | Address: <u>347 Bonito Ave</u> County: <u>San Diego</u> |
| 6. Present Use: <u>residence</u> | Original Use: <u>residence</u> |

DESCRIPTION

- 7a. Architectural style: CRAFTSMAN BUNGALOW
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

One story bungalow with medium pitch cross gable and low gable bay on one side. Asymmetrical front facade. <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS</u>: <u>WALL TREATMENT</u>: multiple siding with lap siding under gable, stucco on main walls, decorative rock skirt along foundation; side of the house has a combination of shingle and lap siding. <u>ROOF</u>: composition shingle; very wide overhangs; 3 decorative beams under gable; plaingable board, exposed eaves; underside of the gable is an open rake giving a "laddered" effect. Side wall has 3 vent openings under gable; 3 off-set decorative beams extend several inches out from front wall at cornice line. <u>CHIMNEY</u>: interior brick chimney. <u>WINDOWS</u>: windows facing the street are fixed (two placed to the right of the door, 1 to the left of the door); sash bar pattern of 2 smaller lights on top/2 vertical lights on bottom. Windows inside porch (original main house windows) are double hung with sash bar pattern of 3 vertical lights on top/ 1 vertical light on bottom; plain board trim surrounds each windows. <u>DOOR</u>: can't see main door (inside porch); exterior door is plywood with single diamond shaped glass pane. <u>PORCH</u>:fully enclosed (incorporated into the house); has 2 thinly tapered square wooden pillars (now stucco) at either end of porch, they sit on top of solid decorative rock railing system; 2 cement steps to entry, bordered on either side by a low solid cement wall.



8. Construction date:

Estimated: <u>1913-1928</u>

9. Architect: _____

1Ø. Builder:

12. Date of enclosed photo(s): 2/89 b/w photo Roll 2 Frame #24,26

(MODIFIED DPR 523 Rev. 4/79)

| 5. Condition: Excellent Good Fair | Deteriorated | No longer in exister | ice |
|-----------------------------------|--------------|----------------------|-----|
|-----------------------------------|--------------|----------------------|-----|

- 14. Alterations: <u>full enclosure of porch; window alterations; shed roof extension in back</u> <u>exposed wood tex-coated, original porch had lapped siding; recent fire place; numerous</u> <u>roof lines make determination of original configuration difficult to impossible.</u>
- 15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land _____ Scattered buildings ____ Densely built-up _____ Residential _____ Industrial _____ Commercial _____ Other: ______

16. Threats to site: None known ____ Private Development _x Zoning _x Vandalism _____ Public Works Project ____ Other:

17. Is the structure: On its original site?: x Moved? Unknown ?

18. Related features: no older vegetation; wire fencing along perimeter;

SIGNIFICANCE

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

The original Town Lot 9 was purchased by George Hall in 1912. Hall at the age of 70 was one of the original officers for the Little Landers Colony and served as the 1st President of the 2nd Little Landers Corporation in 1912. As the horticultural commissioner for San Diego County, Hall advocated agricultural tracts of 10 acres or less as the best adaptation to county conditions. Based on the topographic considerations and soil conditions he suggested that the Little Landers Colony be established at San Ysidro. Hall and Smythe edited the one and only periodical for the settlement: Little Landers Library (1908). Hall bought the statue of General Grant in 1912 to "maintain good relationships with the city fathers of San Diego" (L. Judd September 30, 1955).

SEE CONTINUATION SHEET

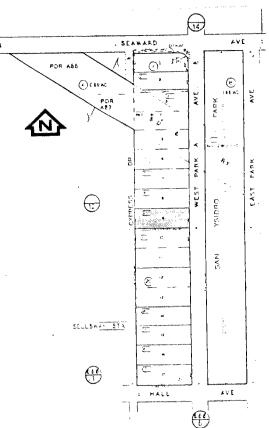
LOCATIONAL SKETCH MAP

20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture _____Arts/Leisure _____ Economic/Industrial ____Exploration _____ Settlement _____Government _____Military _____ Religion _____Social/Education

21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.)

see attached references and general discussion dealing with historic determination of individual houses in the study area

22. Date form prepared <u>5/89</u> Roth and Associates 2707 Congress Ave. Suite 2A San Diego, California 92110 (619)-295-3111



HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY

233 WEST PARK

19. SIGNIFICANCE CONT.

Hall also owned Lots 2 and 3 in 1910; Parcels A86, 87, 88, 257 and 233 in 1913. Although he advocated agricultural tracts of 10 acres lots, he never bought an acre lot- all of his holdings were town sites (see attached Little Lander Map).

Although this particular parcel was originally owned by Hall, there is no evidence that this particular residence was occupied by him. Based on a review of the 1928 aerial, it is apparent that the house was built prior to 1928 and therefore could have been associated with the early Little Landers occupation. Further, the Craftsman bungalow style suggests an early date as well.

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| IDENT | IFICATION | | | | |
| 1. | Common name: | | | | |
| 2. | Historic name: | en en angeste pagantin dan pananan mananan anger dan an sa baba | and a second | an we are an | an a |
| 3. | Street/rural address:227 West Pa | rk | | an a | |
| | City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: <u>92073</u> | County: | San Diego |) | |
| 4. | Parcel number: <u>638-13-19</u> Lot | 10 | | waran waa ahaa ahaa ahaa ahaa ahaa ahaa aha | manta akari da sa |
| 5. | Present Owner: Pauline/Robert Acero | Add | ress: | 347 Bonito | Ave |
| | City: <u>Imperial Beach</u> Zip: <u>92023</u> | County | : <u>Sa</u> | an Diego | |
| 6. | Present Use: residence | 0riginal | Use: | residence | |

DESCRIPTION

- 7a. Architectural style: FORK VERNACULAR WITH DIVERSE THEMATIC ELEMENTS
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from

original condition:

One story house with medium pitch side gable and shed extension ("hall and parlor") Asymmetrical front facade; extremely deep set on property, set-off main street at least 50'. <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS</u>: WALL TREATMENT: scalloped shingle siding with more prominent relief under gable. <u>ROOF</u>: tile with thin pole as coping along gable; exposed eaves; slighty dropped roof over front, off-set porch, covered with composition sheeting. <u>CHIMNEY</u>: none. <u>WINDOWS</u>: 2 sets to the right of door- one grouping contains fixed pane with double hung on either side (single pane); other set contains double hung windows; metal awnings over windows; plain board surrounding trim. <u>DOOR</u>: metal screen. <u>PORCH</u>: open entry, off-set at front left; cross beam and supports gives "pagoda-like" feeling; exposed roof rafters, cross-beam extends beyond roof on either side; ends are carved to emphasize horizontal plane. Two 4 by 4 wood support columns; simple molded square capitals; additional side entrance has 3 cement steps with wrought iron railing system. Other details include lattice-like archway attached to the house; associated lattice work throughout yard; at least 2 associated out buildings.



8. Construction date:
 Estimated: post 1915
 9. Architect: ______

1Ø. Builder:

11. Approx. property size (in feet): Frontage: <u>410'</u> depth: <u>140'</u> or approx. acreage: _____

12. Date of enclosed photo(s): 2/89 b/w photo 2 Frame #25

(MODIFIED DPR 523 Rev. 4/79)

13. Condition: Excellent _____ Good ____ Fair _x Deteriorated _____ No longer in existence _____

14. Alterations: <u>difficult to ascertain original configuration of main structure; extensive yard work</u> minimal changes include new door; siding, porch configuration

- 15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land _____ Scattered buildings ____ Densely built-up _____ Residential _____ Industrial _____ Commercial _____ Other: ______
- 16. Threats to site: None known ____ Private Development _x Zoning _x Vandalism _____ Public Works Project ____ Other: _____
- 17. Is the structure: On its original site?: ____ Moved? ____ Unknown ? ____
- 18. Related features: <u>at least 2 out buildings; chain-link and board picket fence along perimeter; older</u> palms in the yard

SIGNIFICANCE

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

see preceding significance overview

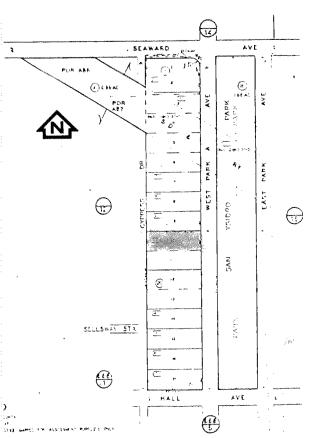
LOCATIONAL SKETCH MAP

20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture Arts/Leisure Economic/Industrial Exploration Settlement X Government Military Religion Social/Education

21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.)

see attached references

22. Date form prepared <u>3/89</u> Roth and Associates 2707 Congress Ave. Suite 2A San Diego, California 92110 (619)-295-3111



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| HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY | |
| IDENTIFICATION 1. Common name: | |
| 2. Historic name: | |
| 3. Street/rural address:312 West Pa | ark (rear structure) |
| City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: <u>92073</u> | County: <u>San Diego</u> |
| 4. Parcel number:638-14-20 | Lot A3 |
| 5. Present Owner: <u>Hourani Lamya</u> City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: 920 | Address: P.O. Box 375 073 County: San Diego |
| 6. Present Use: <u>residence</u> | Original Use: <u>residence</u> |

DESCRIPTION

- 7a. Architectural style: NONE
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

Elongated one story structure appears to be 4 apartments with connected garages; placed back off the street. Unit has a low pitch side gable roof with extended shed roofs of varied lengths protruding along the long side. Asymmetrical front facade. <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS</u>: WALL TREATMENT: lap siding. <u>ROOF</u>: composition sheeting; exposed eaves. <u>CHIMNEY</u>: NONE. <u>WINDOWS</u>: majority are long, double hung with simple light in each; plain surrounding board trim; windows arranged in panes and as singles. <u>DOORS</u>: wood with 6 panels. <u>PORCH</u>: cement walk runs entire length of building- no railing system; roof extension over 2 right units with stick supports; 2 doors on left have shed overhang over door only with no supports.



8. Construction date:

Estimated: <u>1910-1928</u>

9. Architect: ______
10. Builder:

11. Approx. property size (in feet):
 Frontage: 211'
 depth: 114'

or approx. acreage: ____

12. Date of enclosed photo(s): _____2/89 b/w photo Roll 2 Frame #22

(MODIFIED DPR 523 Rev. 4/79)

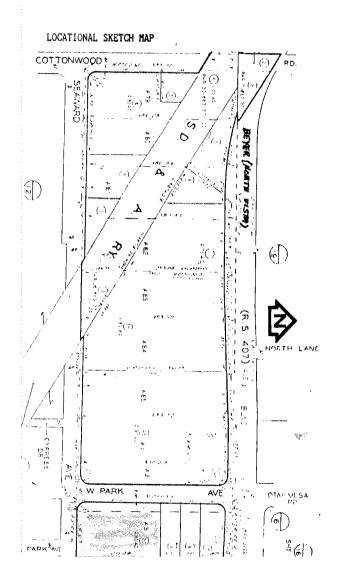
| 13. Condition: Excellent Good Fair Deteriorated No longer in existence |
|---|
| 14. Alterations: no thematic style; units are close to total disrepair |
| 15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land Scattered buildings Densely built-up Residential Industrial Commercial Other: |
| 16. Threats to site: None known Private Development _x_Zoning _x_ Vandalism Public Works Project Other: |
| 17. Is the structure: On its original site?: Moved? Unknown ? |
| 18. Related features: |
| |

SIGNIFICANCE

19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

see preceding significance overview

- 20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture _____Arts/Leisure _____ Economic/Industrial ____ Exploration _____ Settlement _____ Government _____ Military _____ Religion _____ Social/Education _____
- 21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.) see attached references
- 22. Date form prepared <u>3/89</u> Roth and Associates 2707 Congress Ave. Suite 2A San Diego, California 92110 (619)-295-3111



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| HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY | |
| IDENTIFICATION | |
| 1. Common name: | |
| 2. Historic name: | |
| 3. Street/rural address:314 West Pa | rk |
| City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: <u>92073</u> | County: <u>San Diego</u> |
| 4. Parcel number: <u>638-14-20</u> Lot | A3 |
| 5. Present Owner: <u>Lamya Hourani</u> | Address: P.O. Box 375 |
| City: <u>San Ysidro</u> Zip: <u>92073</u> | County: <u>San Diego</u> |
| 6. Present Use: residence | Original Use:residence |
| DESCRIPTION | |

- 7a. Architectural style: SPANISH ECLECTIC WITH FLAT ROOF
- 7b. Describe present physical description of site or structure; describe major alterations from original condition:

One story bungalow with flat roof and a boxed porch extension. Asymmetrical front facade <u>STRUCTURAL AND DESIGN ELEMENTS:</u> WALL TREATMENT: stucco. <u>ROOF</u>: composition sheets extends beyond roof line; two drain pipes situated below roof; flat roof has squared, slightly elevated parapet at corner and center. <u>CHIMNEY</u>: none. <u>WINDOWS</u>: 1 window on either side of porch- inset double hung with single light in each pane narrow wood sills. <u>DOOR</u>: plywood with screening <u>PORCH</u>: stucco, boxed with flattened arch opening on two sides, flattened arch entry; two side cement steps to entry; roof over porch is tiled.



| 8. Construction date: Estimated: <u>1930-1954</u> |
|--|
| 9. Architect: |
| 10. Builder: |
| <pre>11. Approx. property size (in feet): Frontage: 211' depth: 114'</pre> |
| or approx. acreage: |
| <pre>12. Date of enclosed photo(s):2/89 b/w photo Roll 2 Frame #21</pre> |
| (MODIFIED DPR 523 Rev. 4/79) |

- 13. Condition: Excellent _____ Good _____ Fair _x Deteriorated _____ No longer in existence _____
- 14. Alterations: window/door treatment; exterior needs repair (stucco)
- 15. Surroundings:(check appropriate boxes) Open land _____ Scattered buildings ____ Densely built-up _____ Residential _____ Industrial _____ Commercial _____ Other: ______
- 16. Threats to site: None known ____ Private Development ____ Zoning ____ Vandalism _____ Public Works Project ____ Other: _____
- 17. Is the structure: On its original site?: _____ Moved? _____ Unknown ? _____
- 18. Related features: older vegetation includes palm trees; chain-link fencing along perimeter

SIGNIFICANCE

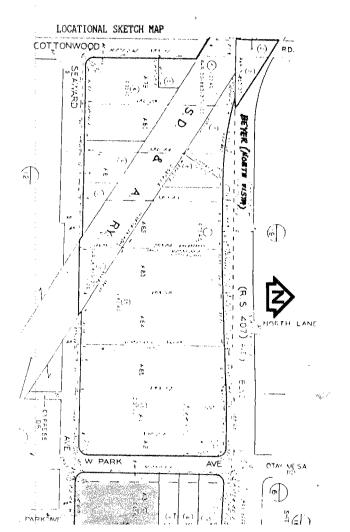
19. Briefly state historical and/or architectural importance (include dates, events, persons, etc.)

see preceding significance overview

- 20. Main theme of historic resource: Architecture _____Arts/Leisure _____ Economic/Industrial _____Exploration _____ Settlement __X Government _____Military ____ Religion _____Social/Education _____
- 21. Sources (books, documents, surveys, etc.)

see attached references

22. Date form prepared <u>3/89</u> Roth and Associates 2707 Congress Ave. Suite 2A San Diego, California 92110 (619)-295-3111



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